



Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-21375-01-00



BNetzA-CAB-21/21-21

Test Report

Test report no.: 21116626-31210-1

Date of issue: 2023-11-29

Test result: The test item - **passed** - and **complies** with below listed standards.

Applicant

TeraTron GmbH

Manufacturer

TeraTron GmbH

Test Item

KRP0320

RF-Spectrum Testing according to:

FCC 47 CFR Part 15

Radio Frequency Devices (Subpart C)

RSS-Gen, Issue 5 (2019-03)

General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

Tested by
(name, function, signature)

Piotr Sardyko
Deputy Head of Laboratory RF

p.o. Geraldys
signature

Approved by
(name, function, signature)

Andreas Bender
Deputy Managing Director

A. Bender
signature

Applicant and Test item details	
Applicant	TeraTron GmbH Gewerbegebiet Sonnenberg Martin-Siebert-Str. 5 51647 Gummersbach Germany
Manufacturer	TeraTron GmbH Gewerbegebiet Sonnenberg Martin-Siebert-Str. 5 51647 Gummersbach Germany
Test item description	BMW Mobile Key Reader Plus 2
Model/Type reference	KRP0320
FCC ID	QLXKRP0320
IC	4430A-KRP0320
HMN	-/-
PMN	BMW Mobile Key Reader Plus 2
HVIN	KRP0320
FVIN	-/-
Frequency	125 kHz
Antenna	integrated antenna (ferrite coil)
Power supply (function)	3.6 VDC Internal Li-Ion Battery
Temperature range	-20 °C – +55 °C

Disclaimer and Notes

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Within this test report, a ☒ point / ☐ comma is used as a decimal separator.
If otherwise, a detailed note is added adjoined to its use.

Decision rule: Binary Statement for Simple Acceptance Rule according ILAC-G8:09/2019

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2 GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1 Administrative details

Testing laboratory	IBL-Lab GmbH Heinrich-Hertz-Allee 7 66386 St. Ingbert / Germany Fon: +49 6894 38938-0 Fax: +49 6894 38938-99 URL: www.ib-lenhardt.de E-Mail: info@ib-lenhardt.de
Accreditation	The testing laboratory is accredited by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkKS) in compliance with DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2018. Scope of testing and registration number: - Attachment to the accreditation certificate D-PL-21375-01-00 - Electronics - Electromagnetic Compatibility - Radio - Electromagnetic Compatibility and Telecommunication (FCC requirements) - Telecommunication (TC) and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) for Canadian Standards - Automotive EMC Website DAkKS: https://www.dakks.de/ The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkKS) is also a signatory to the ILAC Mutual Recognition Arrangement. - Designations - FCC Testing Laboratory Designation Number DE0024 - ISED ISED Company Number 27156 Testing Laboratory CAB Identifier DE0020 - Kraftfahrt-Bundesamt KBA-P 00120-23
Testing location	IBL-Lab GmbH Heinrich-Hertz-Allee 7 66386 St. Ingbert / Germany
Date of receipt of test samples	2023-02-09
Start – End of tests	2023-02-09 – 2023-04-11

2.2 Possible test case verdicts

Test sample meets the requirements	P (PASS)
Test sample does not meet the requirements	F (FAIL)
Test case does not apply to the test sample	N/A (Not applicable)
Test case not performed	N/P (Not performed)

2.3 Observations

No additional observations other than the reported observations within this test report have been made.

2.4 Opinions and interpretations

No appropriate opinions or interpretations according ISO/IEC 17025:2017 clause 7.8.7 are within this test report.

2.5 Revision history

-0: Initial Version

-1:

- antenna information changed according to applicant's remark (page 2 and 7)

This test report 21116626-31210-1 replaces the previous test report 21116626-31210-0.

Utilisation, publication and control of previous report editions is under responsibility of the applicant.

2.6 Further documents

List of further applicable documents belonging to the present test report:

– no additional documents –

3 ENVIRONMENTAL & TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Environmental conditions

Temperature	20°C ± 5°C
Relative humidity	25-75% r.H.
Barometric Pressure	860-1060 mbar
Power supply	3.6 VDC Internal Li-Ion Battery/ External power supply

3.2 Normal and extreme test conditions

	minimum	normal	maximum
Temperature	-20 °C	20 °C	+55 °C
Relative humidity	-/-	45 % r.h.	-/-
Power supply	3.0 V DC	3.6 V DC	4.2 V DC

4 TEST STANDARDS AND REFERENCES

Test standard (accredited)	Description
FCC 47 CFR Part 15	Radio Frequency Devices (Subpart C)
RSS-Gen, Issue 5 (2019-03)	General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

Reference	Description
ANSI C63.4-2014	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

5 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)

5.1 Product description

The Mobile KeyReader Plus 2 is a mobile device for reading out the vehicle data saved in the vehicle key. After successful reading, the data is transmitted to a target system (KAI server). Data can be transmitted via USB or via an RF interface.

*: as declared by applicant

5.2 Description of test item

Model name*	KRP0320
Serial number*	EUT A: 00009
Hardware status*	02
Software status*	01.64

*: as declared by applicant

5.3 Technical data of test item

Operational frequency*	125 kHz
Operational frequency band*	125 kHz band
Modulation type*	ASK
Number of channels*	1
Channel bandwidth*	-/-
Channel spacing*	-/-
Antenna*	integrated antenna (ferrite coil)
Power supply*	3.6 VDC Internal Li-Ion Battery
Temperature range*	-20 °C – +55 °C

*: as declared by applicant

5.4 Additional information

EUT Variations	none
Ancillaries tested with	none
Additional equipment used for testing	none

6 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Test specification

FCC 47 CFR Part 15
RSS-Gen, Issue 5 (2019-03)

Clause	Requirement / Test case	Test Conditions	Result / Remark	Verdict
§15.207 RSS-Gen	Conducted limits	Normal	< limit	P
§15.209 RSS-Gen	Radiated emission limits	Normal	< limit	P
RSS-Gen, 6.7	Occupied bandwidth	Normal	< limit	P

Notes

– none –

Comments and observations

– none –

7 TEST RESULTS

7.1 Conducted emissions

Description / Limits

§15.207 (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency of emission [MHz]	Conducted limit [dB μ V]	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 – 5.0	56	46
5.0 – 30	60	50

*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

§15.207 (c) Measurements to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits are not required for devices which only employ battery power for operation and which do not operate from the AC power lines or contain provisions for operation while connected to the AC power lines. Devices that include, or make provisions for, the use of battery chargers which permit operating while charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators or that connect to the AC power lines indirectly, obtaining their power through another device which is connected to the AC power lines, shall be tested to demonstrate compliance with the conducted limits.

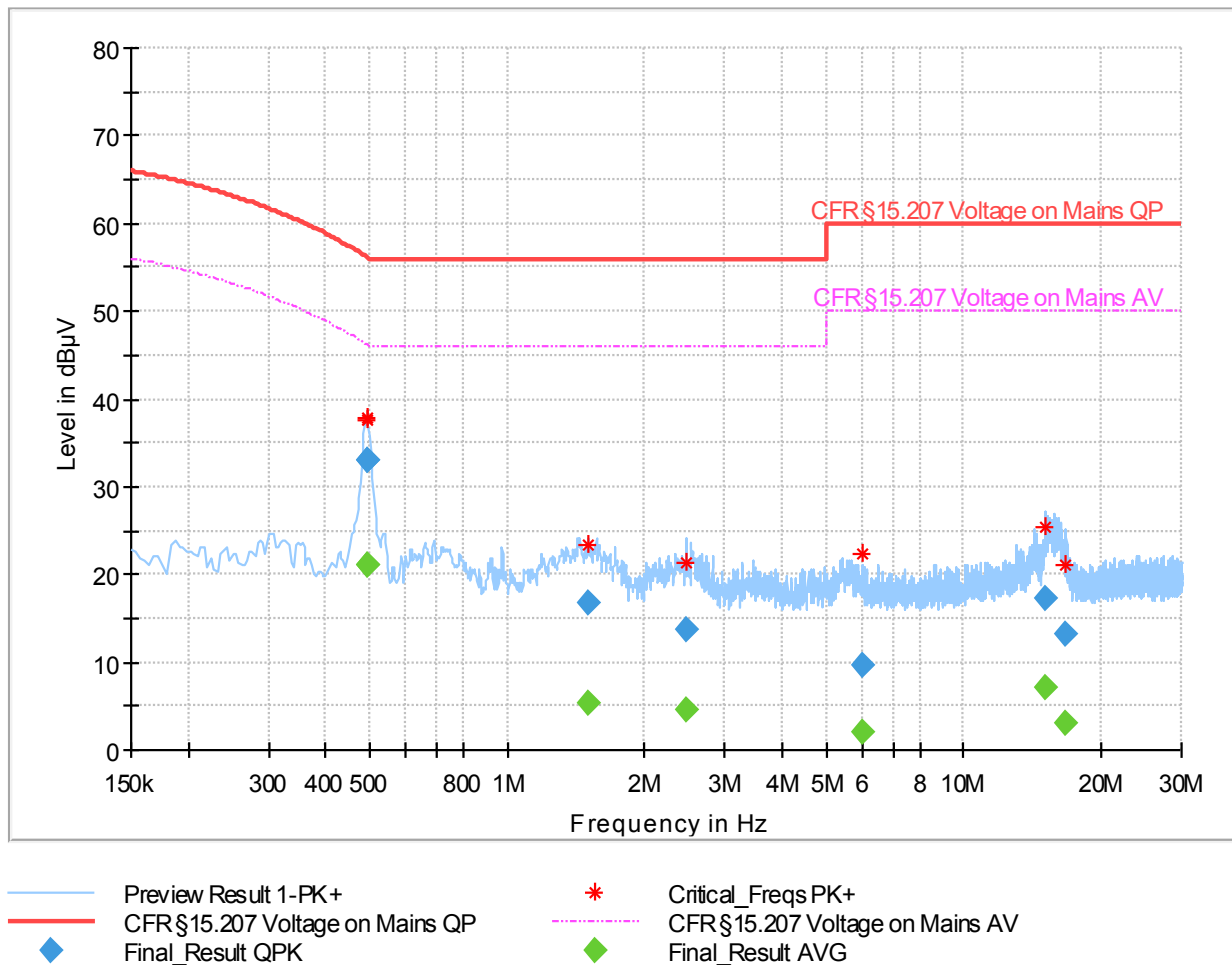
Test setup: see 8.3

Measurement procedure: 9.3

Test results

See next pages!

Plot no. 1: conducted emissions, charging device + EUT A, line L1



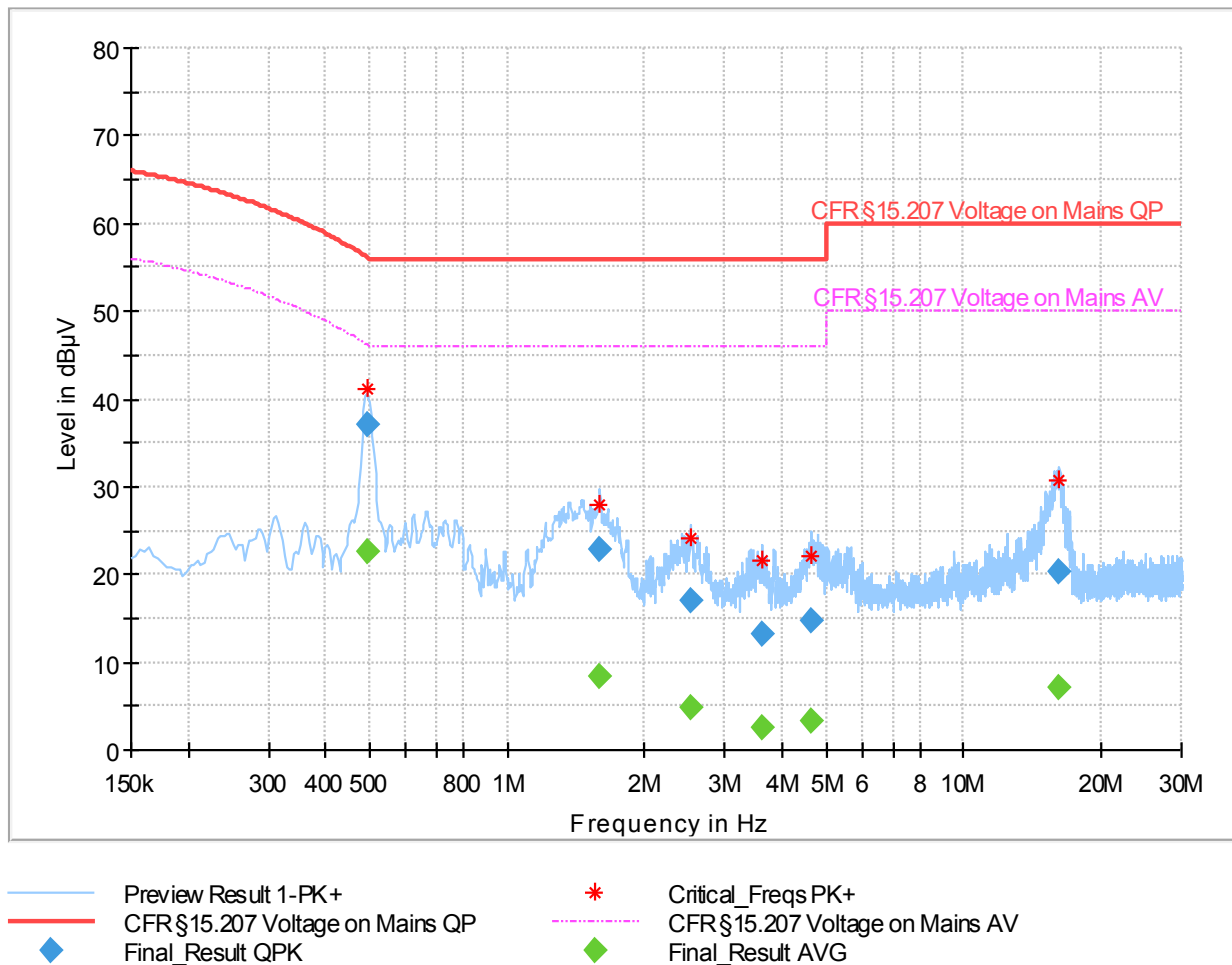
Final_Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Average (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Filter
0.493235	---	21.18	46.19	25.01	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
0.493235	32.97	---	56.19	23.22	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
0.493403	---	21.19	46.19	25.00	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
0.493403	32.99	---	56.19	23.20	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
1.503768	---	5.37	46.00	40.63	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
1.503768	16.68	---	56.00	39.32	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
2.467694	---	4.50	46.00	41.50	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
2.467694	13.84	---	56.00	42.16	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
5.986767	---	2.00	50.00	48.00	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
5.986767	9.74	---	60.00	50.26	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
15.161146	---	6.99	50.00	43.01	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
15.161146	17.31	---	60.00	42.69	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
16.761859	---	3.01	50.00	46.99	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
16.761859	13.26	---	60.00	46.74	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF

TR no.: 21116626-31210-1

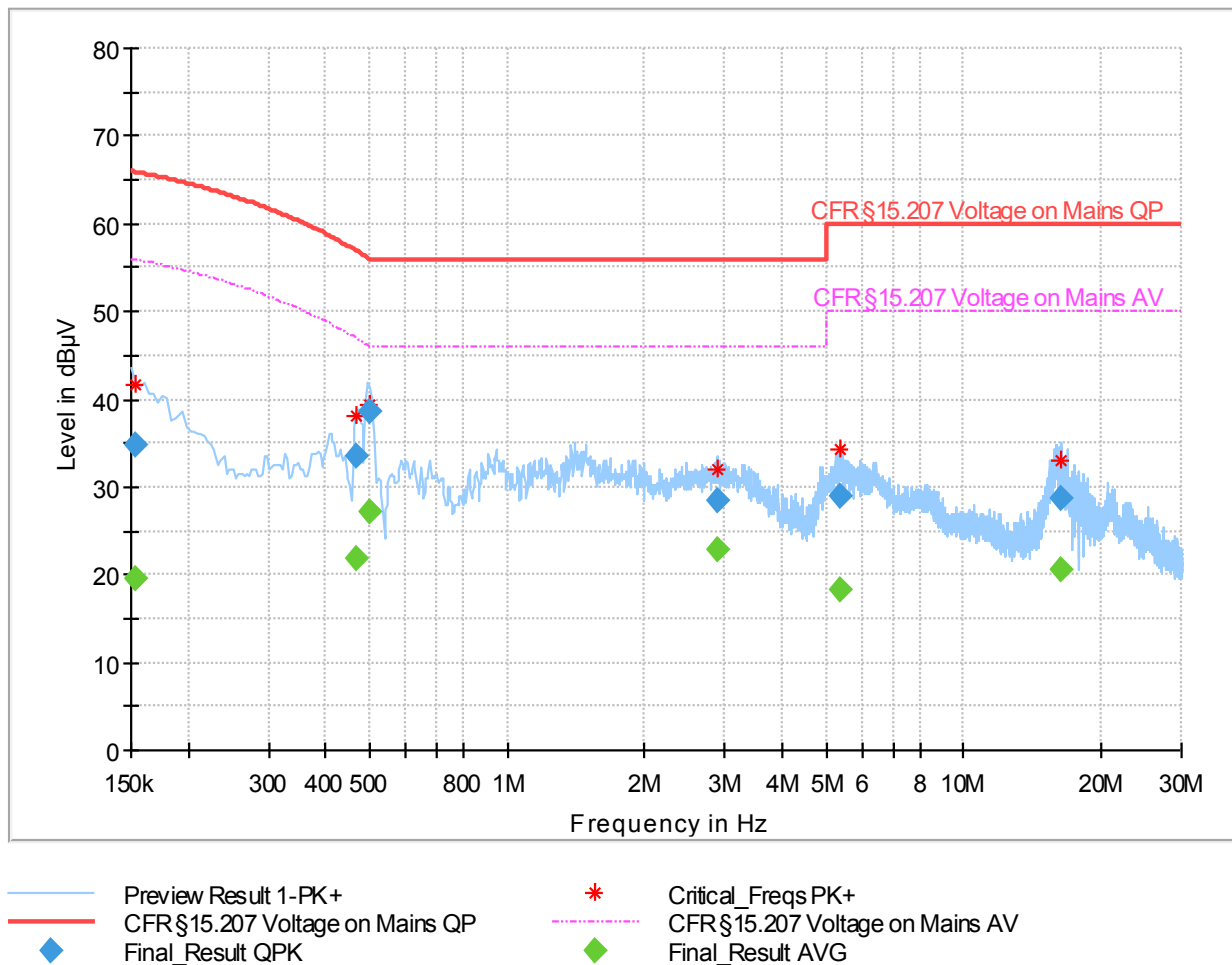
2023-11-29

Plot no. 2: conducted emissions, charging device + EUT A, neutral N



Final_Result

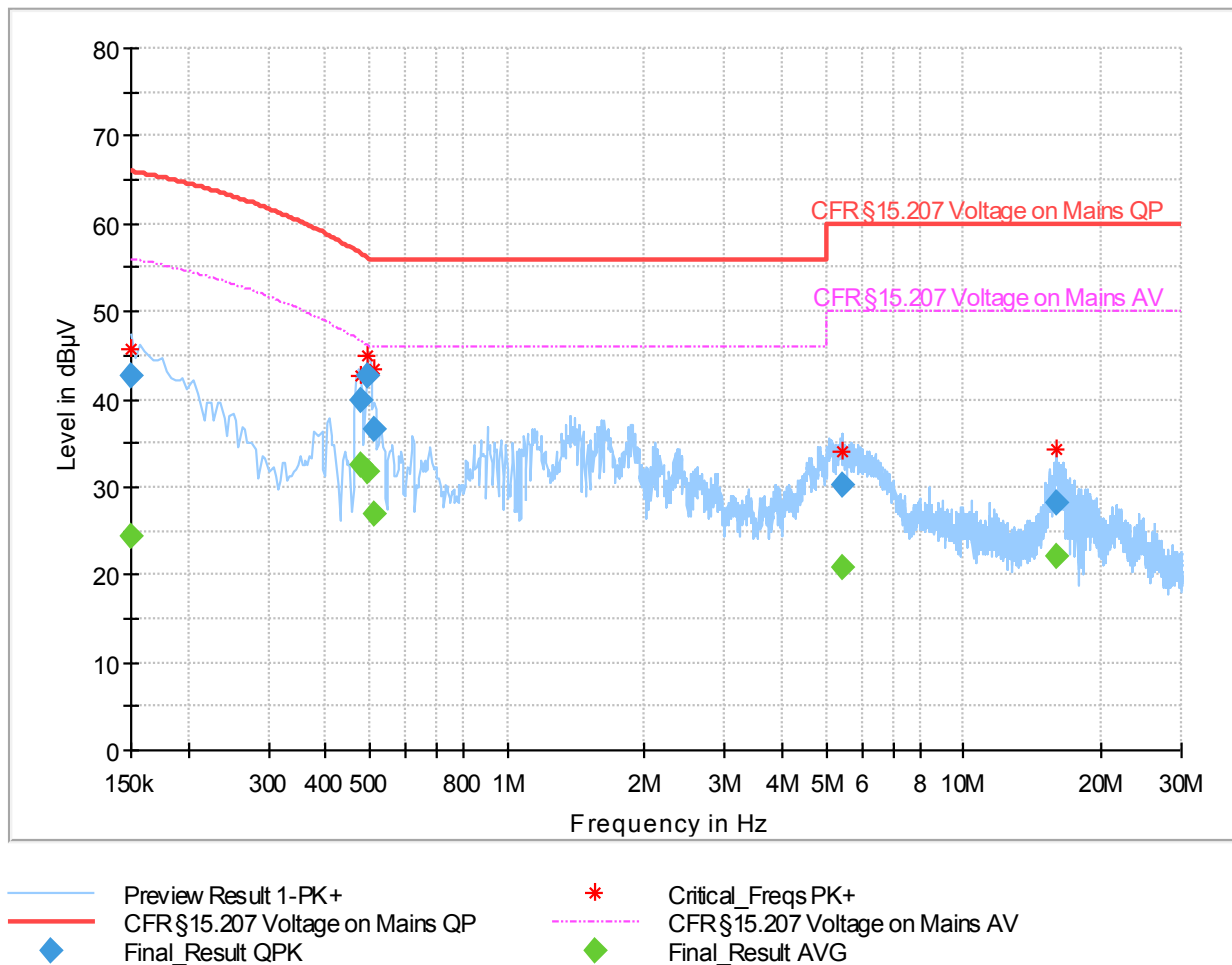
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Average (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Filter
0.496199	---	22.64	46.11	23.47	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
0.496199	37.00	---	56.11	19.10	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
1.592561	---	8.41	46.00	37.59	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
1.592561	22.80	---	56.00	33.20	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
2.523945	---	4.81	46.00	41.19	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
2.523945	16.99	---	56.00	39.01	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
3.637396	---	2.45	46.00	43.55	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
3.637396	13.31	---	56.00	42.69	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
4.626238	---	3.43	46.00	42.57	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
4.626238	14.69	---	56.00	41.31	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
16.249014	---	7.17	50.00	42.83	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
16.249014	20.42	---	60.00	39.58	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF



Final_Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Average (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Filter
0.152905	---	19.60	55.92	36.32	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
0.152905	34.77	---	65.92	31.15	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
0.467641	---	21.84	46.93	25.09	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
0.467641	33.57	---	56.93	23.35	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
0.497189	---	27.25	46.08	18.83	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
0.497189	38.66	---	56.08	17.42	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
2.880906	---	22.91	46.00	23.09	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
2.880906	28.54	---	56.00	27.46	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
5.388066	---	18.32	50.00	31.68	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
5.388066	28.91	---	60.00	31.09	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
16.312277	---	20.65	50.00	29.35	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF
16.312277	28.72	---	60.00	31.28	15000.0	9.000	L1	OFF

Plot no. 4: conducted emissions, USB port EUT A, neutral N



Final_Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV)	Average (dBµV)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Filter
0.150500	---	24.26	55.99	31.73	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
0.150500	42.76	---	65.99	23.23	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
0.478301	---	32.54	46.62	14.08	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
0.478301	39.95	---	56.62	16.67	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
0.496878	---	31.81	46.09	14.28	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
0.496878	42.71	---	56.09	13.38	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
0.508529	---	26.80	46.00	19.20	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
0.508529	36.58	---	56.00	19.42	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
5.425427	---	20.77	50.00	29.23	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
5.425427	30.13	---	60.00	29.87	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
16.048364	---	22.05	50.00	27.95	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF
16.048364	28.09	---	60.00	31.91	15000.0	9.000	N	OFF

7.2 Field strength of emissions

Description / Limits

§15.209 (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency	Field Strength	Measurement distance
0.009 – 0.490 MHz	2400/F[kHz] $\mu\text{V/m}$	300 m
0.490 – 1.705 MHz	24000/F[kHz] $\mu\text{V/m}$	30 m
1.705 – 30.0 MHz	30.0 $\mu\text{V/m}$ / 29.5 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$	30 m
30 – 88 MHz	100 $\mu\text{V/m}$ / 40.0 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$	3 m
88 – 216 MHz	150 $\mu\text{V/m}$ / 43.5 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$	3 m
216 – 960 MHz	200 $\mu\text{V/m}$ / 46.0 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$	3 m
960 – 100 000 MHz	500 $\mu\text{V/m}$ / 54.0 dB $\mu\text{V/m}$	3 m

§15.209 (b) In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.

§15.209 (c) The level of any unwanted emissions from an intentional radiator operating under these general provisions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental emission. For intentional radiators which operate under the provisions of other sections within this part and which are required to reduce their unwanted emissions to the limits specified in this table, the limits in this table are based on the frequency of the unwanted emission and not the fundamental frequency. However, the level of any unwanted emissions shall not exceed the level of the fundamental frequency.

§15.209 (d) The emission limits shown in the above table are based on measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

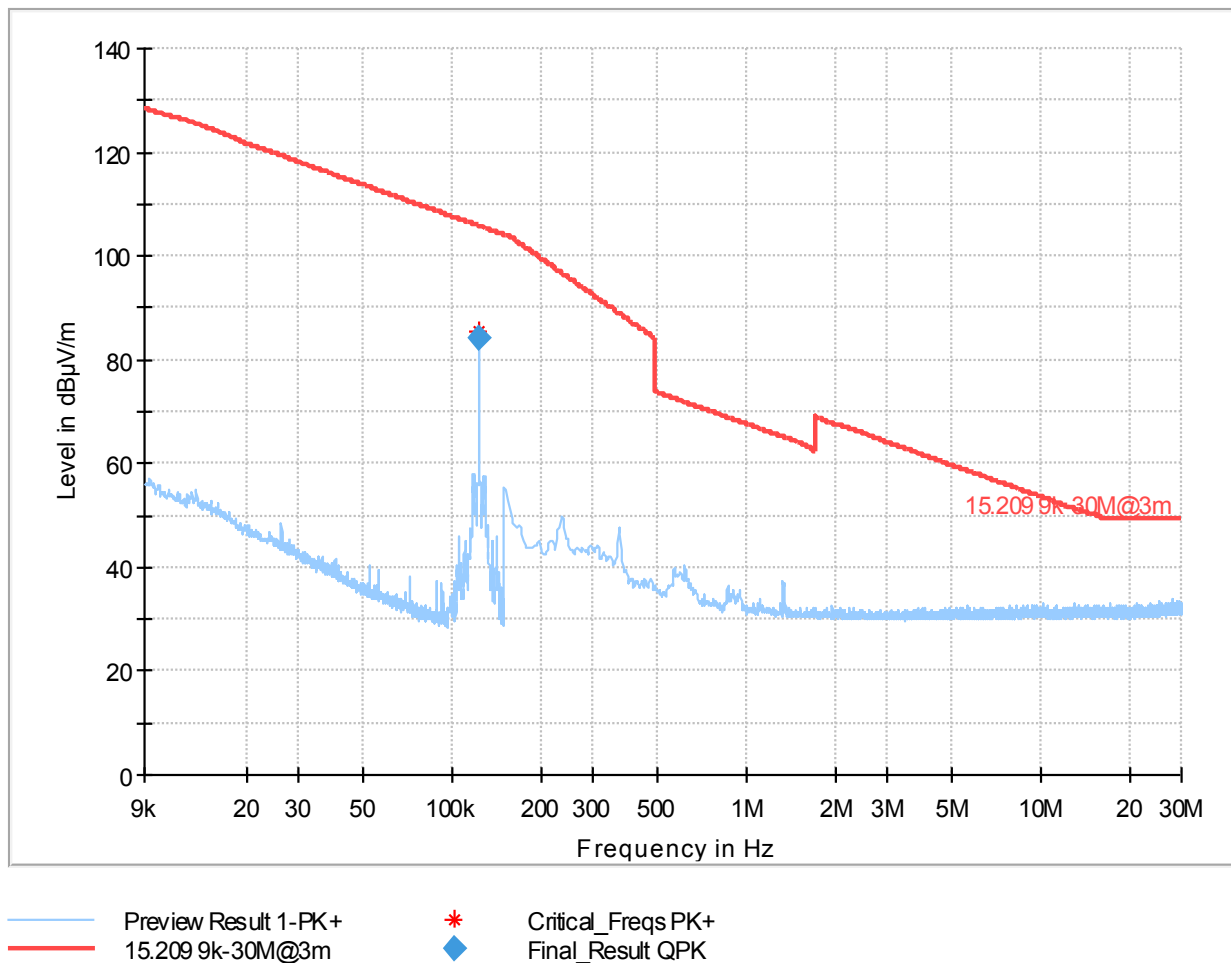
Test procedure

§15.31 (m) Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers, other than TV broadcast receivers, shall be performed and, if required, reported for each band in which the device can be operated with the device operating at the number of frequencies in each band specified in the following table:

Frequency range	Number of frequencies	Location
< 1MHz bandwidth	1	middle
1 – 10 MHz bandwidth	2	1 near bottom and 1 near top
> 10 MHz bandwidth	3	1 near bottom / middle / top

§15.35 (a) On any frequency or frequencies below or equal to 1000 MHz, the limits shown are based on measuring equipment employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector function and related measurement bandwidths, unless otherwise specified. The specifications for the measuring instrumentation using the CISPR quasi-peak detector can be found in ANSI C63.4-2014, clause 4 (incorporated by reference, see §15.38). As an alternative to CISPR quasi-peak measurements, the responsible party, at its option, may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits using measuring equipment employing a peak detector function as long as the same bandwidth as indicated for CISPR quasi-peak measurements are employed.

Typical test distances						
Up to 18 GHz: 3.00 m						
Test setup: see 8.2						
Test results:						
Channel frequency [kHz]	Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Test distance [m]	Level [dBμV/m]	Limit [dBμV/m]	Margin [dB]
125	See plots	QP	3	See plots	See plots	See plots
Note: Testing was performed with a test mode comparable to normal operation mode.						



Final_Result

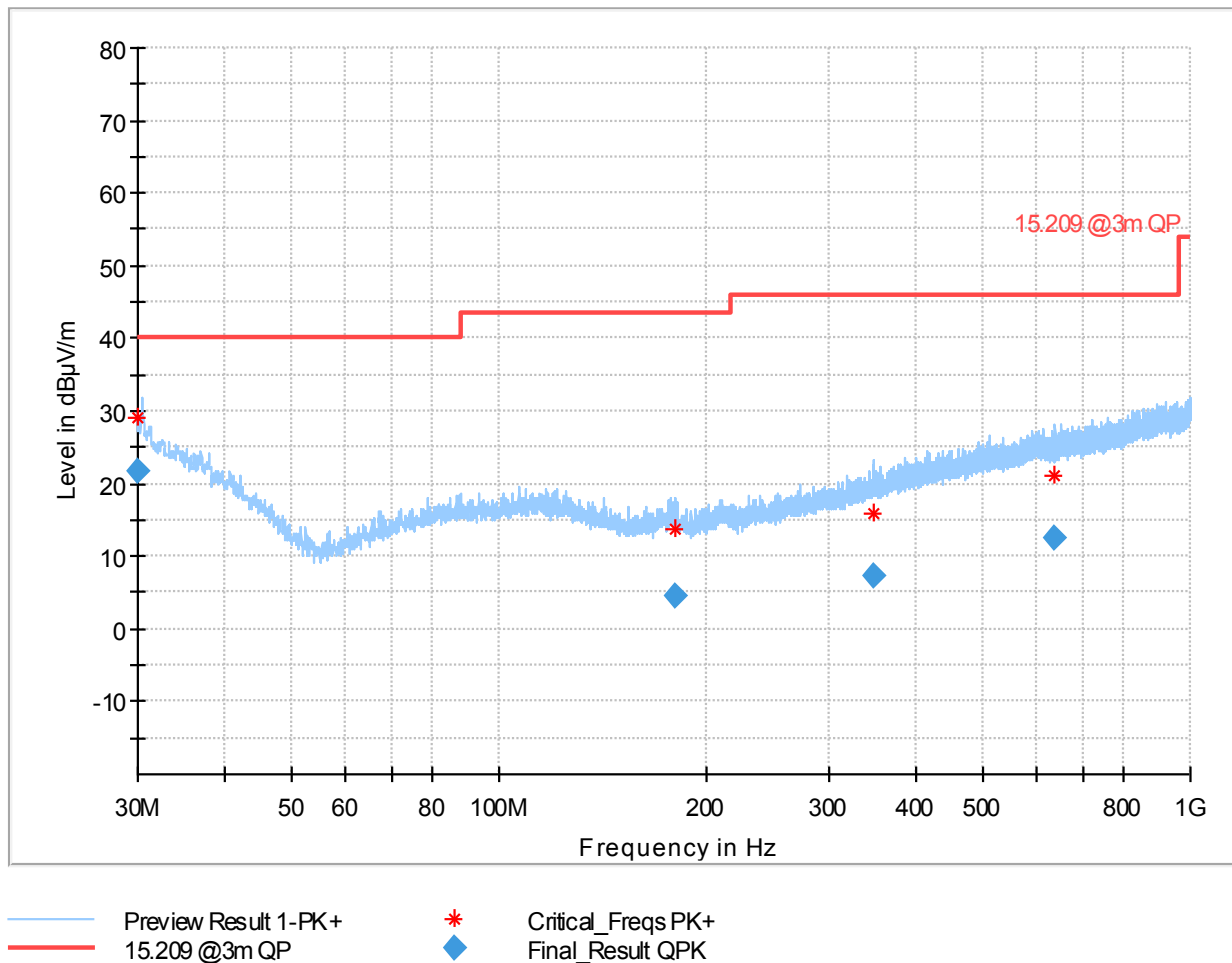
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
0.123300	84.22	105.82	21.60	100.0	0.200	V	156.0	20.5

(continuation of the "Final_Result" table from column 15 ...)

Frequency (MHz)	Comment
0.123300	14:47:06 - 09.02.2023

Note:

The limits in CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C, paragraph 15.209(a), are identical to those in RSS-GEN Section 8.9, Table 6, since the measurements are performed in terms of magnetic field strength and converted to electric field strength levels (as reported in the table) using the free space impedance of 377Ω. For example, the measurement frequency X kHz resulted in a level of Y dBµV/m, which is equivalent to $Y - 51.5 = Z$ dBµA/m, which has the same margin, W dB, to the corresponding RSS-GEN Table 6 limit as it has to the 15.209(a) limit.



Final_Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)
30.075000	21.57	40.00	18.43	100.0	120.000	100.0	V	244.0
179.449000	4.49	43.50	39.01	100.0	120.000	150.0	H	156.0
347.293000	7.35	46.00	38.65	100.0	120.000	103.0	V	141.0
637.674000	12.45	46.00	33.55	100.0	120.000	153.0	V	219.0

(continuation of the "Final_Result" table from column 15 ...)

Frequency (MHz)	Corr. (dB/m)	Comment
30.075000	20.4	15:08:51 - 09.02.2023
179.449000	11.3	15:05:07 - 09.02.2023
347.293000	14.5	15:07:02 - 09.02.2023
637.674000	19.9	15:10:56 - 09.02.2023

7.3 Occupied bandwidth

Description

The occupied bandwidth or the “99% emission bandwidth” is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.

In some cases, the “x dB bandwidth” is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum in-band power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and x dB bandwidth:

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.
- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to “Sample”. However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or “Max Hold”) may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

Note: It may be necessary to repeat the measurement a few times until the RBW and VBW are in compliance with the above requirement.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

Test procedure

ANSI C63.10, 6.9.3

The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission.

The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

- a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW.
- b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $10 \log(\text{OBW/RBW})$ below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
- d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.
- e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.
- g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.
- h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

Note

Measurements with the peak detector are also suitable to demonstrate compliance of an EUT, as long as the required resolution bandwidth is used, because peak detection will yield amplitudes equal to or greater than amplitudes measured with RMS detector. The measurement data from a spectrum analyser peak detector will represent the worst-case results (see ANSI C63.10).

Test setup: see 8.3

Test Results:

Channel	Min. Frequency F_L [kHz]	Max. frequency F_H [kHz]	20 dB bandwidth [kHz]
1	121.25	133.8	12.55

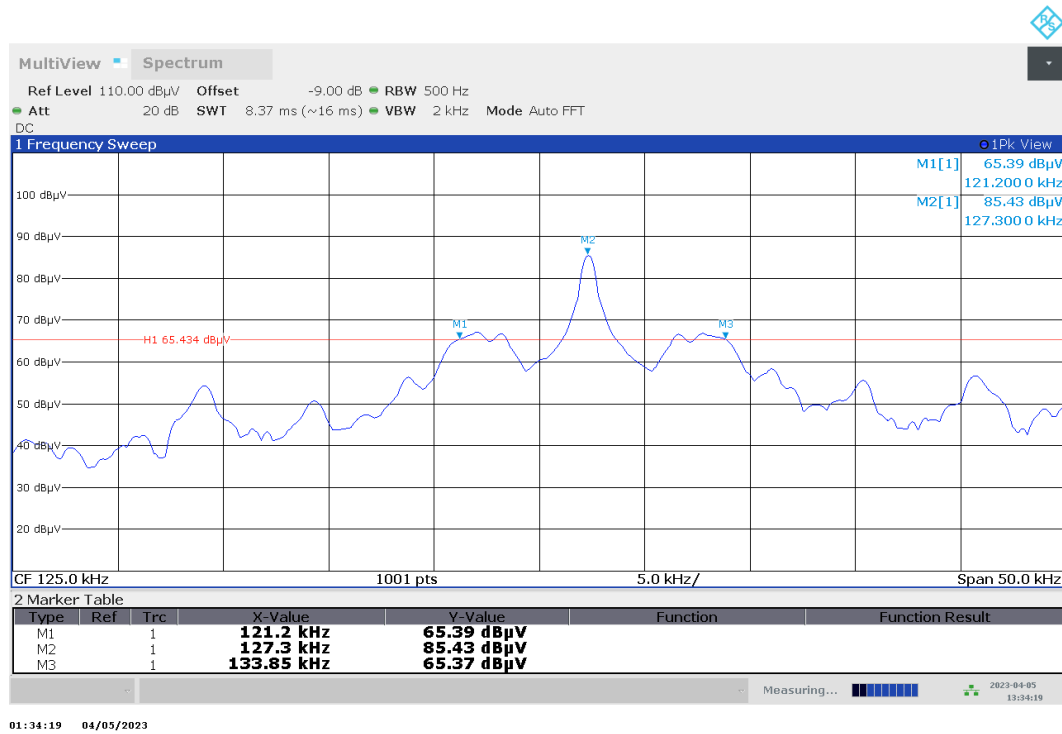
Channel	Min. Frequency F_L [kHz]	Max. frequency F_H [kHz]	Occupied bandwidth (99%) [kHz]
1	120.10	139.06	18.96

Where: F_L = is the lower edge of the OBW
 F_H = is the upper edge of the OBW

Verdict	- PASS -	<i>Measurement plot(s) see next page(s).</i>
----------------	-----------------	--

Comment	
----------------	--

Plot No. 7: 20 dB Bandwidth



Plot No. 8: 99% Occupied Bandwidth



8 Test Setup Description

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Cyclic chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signalling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analysers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

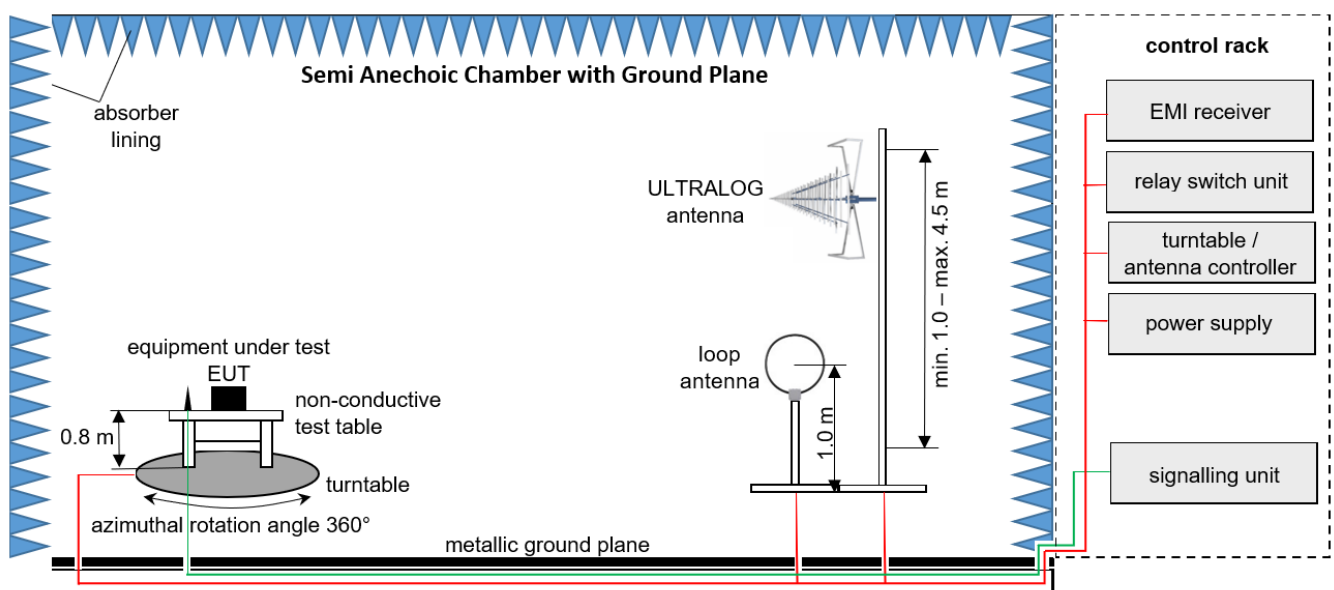
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

Kind of calibration (abbreviations):

- C = calibrated
- CM = cyclic maintenance
- NR = not required
- L = locked

8.1 Semi anechoic chamber with ground plane

Radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range 30 MHz to 1 GHz in a Semi Anechoic Chamber with a metallic ground plane. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive test table with a height of 0.80 m above the metallic ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas conform to specification ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.5 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from the EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by a spectrum analyzer where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: ULTRALOG antenna at 3 m; loop antenna at 3 m

EMC32 software version: 11.20.00

$$FS = UR + CL + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:

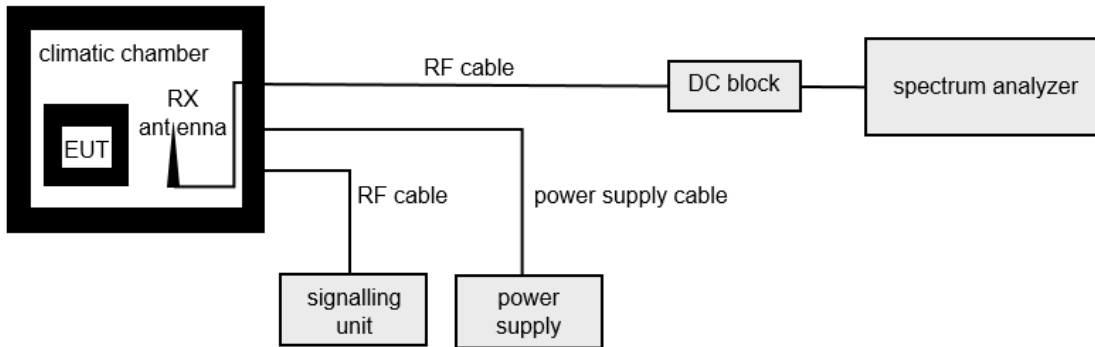
$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 12.35 [dB\mu V/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dB\mu V/m] \quad (35.69 \mu V/m)$$

List of test equipment used:

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Serial No.	IBL No.	Kind of Calibration	Last / Next Calibration
1	Power Supply	Elektro-Automatik GmbH & Co. KG	EA-PSI 9080-40 T	2000230001	LAB000313	NR	–
2	Test table	innco systems GmbH	PT1208-080-RH	-	LAB000306	NR	–
3	Power Supply	Chroma	61604	616040005416	LAB000285	NR	–
4	Positioner	matur GmbH	TD 1.5-10KG		LAB000258	NR	–
5	Compressed Air	Implotex	1-850-30	-	LAB000256	NR	–
6	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESW26	101481	LAB000236	C	2022-07-07 → 12M → 2023-07-07
7	Semi/Fully Anechoic Chamber (SFAC)	Albatross Projects GmbH	Babylon 5 (SAC 5)	20168.PR.B	LAB000235	NR	–
8	Measurement Software	Rohde & Schwarz	EMC32 V11.20		LAB000226	NR	–
9	Turntable	matur GmbH	TT2.0-2t	TT2.0-2t/921	LAB000225	NR	–
10	Antenna Mast	matur GmbH	CAM4.0-P	CAM4.0-P/316	LAB000224	NR	–
11	Antenna Mast	matur GmbH	BAM4.5-P	BAM4.5-P/272	LAB000223	NR	–
12	Controller	matur GmbH	FCU 3.0	10082	LAB000222	NR	–
13	Power Supply	Elektro-Automatik GmbH & Co. KG	EA-PS 2042-10 B	2878350292	LAB000191	NR	–
14	Pre-Amplifier	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik OHG	BBV 9718 C	84	LAB000169	NR	–
15	Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HF907	102899	LAB000151	C	2020-04-23 → 36M → 2023-04-23
16	Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HL562E	102005	LAB000150	C	2020-07-05 → 36M → 2023-07-05
17	Open Switch and Control Platform	Rohde & Schwarz	OSP200 Base Unit 2HU	101748	LAB000149	NR	–
18	Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HF907	102898	LAB000124	C	2020-04-23 → 36M → 2023-04-23
19	Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HL562E	102001	LAB000123	C	2020-07-05 → 36M → 2023-07-05
20	Antenna	Rohde & Schwarz	HFH2-Z2E - Active Loop Antenna	100954	LAB000108	C	2023-03-26 → 36M → 2026-03-25

8.2 Measurements under normal and extreme climatic conditions

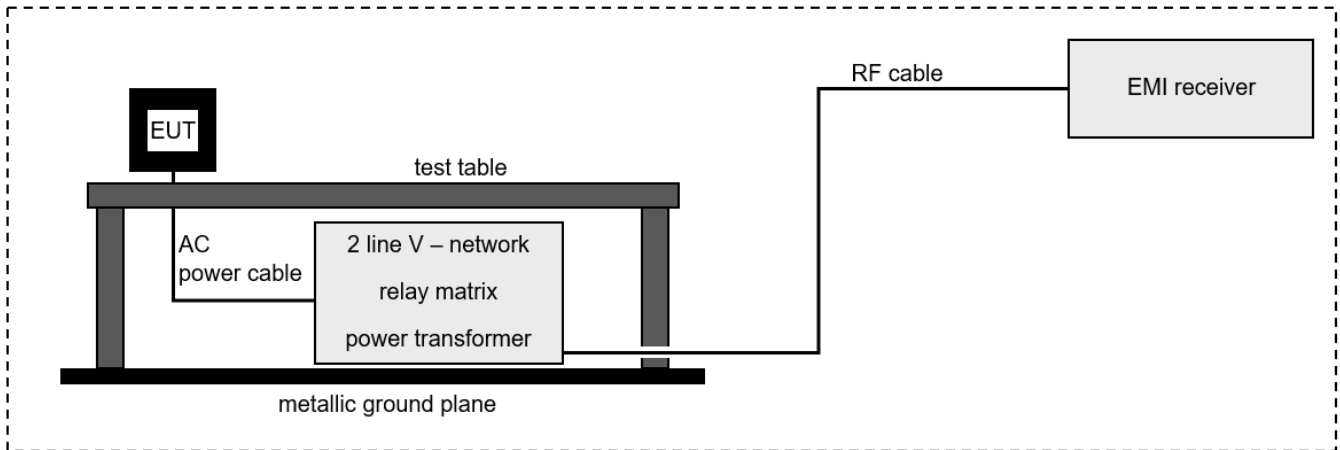
Frequency error



List of test equipment used:

No.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Serial No.	IBL No.	Kind of Calibration	Last / Next Calibration
1	Power Supply	PS 2042-10 B	Elektro-Automatic GmbH	2878350263	LAB000190	NR	–
2	Coaxial Cable	Huber & Suhner	ST18/72"	2575556	LAB000395	CM	2022-05-31 → 12M → 2023-05-31
3	Spectrum Analyser	Rohde & Schwarz	FSW50	101450	LAB000111	C	2022-07-28 → 12M → 2023-07-28
4	Climatic Chamber	T65/50	CTS GmbH	204002	LAB000110	CM	2022-05-11 → 12M → 2023-05-11
5	Loop antenna	IBL	–	–	–	NR	–

8.3 Conducted emission



EMC32 software version: 11.10.00

$FS = UR + CL + AF$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:

$FS [dB\mu V] = 12.35 [dB\mu V] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB] = 31.05 [dB\mu V] (35.69 \mu V)$

List of test equipment used:

#	Equipment	Type	Serial number	Internal number	Calibrated until	Used for test
1	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz ESW 26	101481	LAB000236	2023-07-07	☒
2	Open Switch and Control Platform	Rohde & Schwarz OSP-B200S2	101443	LAB000239	n/a	☒
3	Two-line V-Network	Rohde & Schwarz ENV216	102598	LAB000217	2023-05-27	☐
4	Two-line V-Network	Rohde & Schwarz ENV216	102597	LAB000220	2023-09-27	☒
5	LISN	Schwarzbeck NNBM 8124	6723	LAB000172	2023-05-10	☐
6	LISN	Schwarzbeck NNBM 8124	6724	LAB000173	2023-05-10	☐
7	CDN	TESEQ ST08	57420	LAB000241	n/a	☐
8	CDN	Rohde & Schwarz ENY81	100373	LAB000121	2023-05-26	☐

9 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

9.1 Radiated spurious emissions from 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Test setup

- The EUT is set up according to its intended use, as described in the user manual or as defined by the manufacturer.
- In case of floor standing equipment, it is placed in the middle of the turn table.
In case of tabletop equipment it is placed on a non-conductive table with a height of 80 cm.
- Additional equipment, cables, ... necessary for testing, are positioned like under normal operation.
- Interface cables, e.g. power supply, network, ... are connected to the connection box in the turn table.
- EUT is powered on and set into operation.

Pre-scan

- Turntable performs an azimuthal rotation from 0° to 315° in 45° steps.
- For each turntable step the EMI-receiver/spectrum analyser performs a positive-peak/max-hold sweep (=worst-case). Data is transferred to EMI-software and recorded. EMI-software will show the maximum level of all single sweeps as the final result for the pre-scan.

Final measurement

- Significant emissions found during the pre-scan will be maximized by the EMI-software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°.
- Loop antenna is rotated with special 3D adapter set to find maximum level of emissions.
- Plot of the pre-scan with frequencies of identified emissions including levels, correction factors, turn table position and settings of measuring equipment is recorded.

Distance correction (extrapolation)

- When performing measurements on test distances other than defined in the rules, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance by conservatively presuming that the field strength decays at 40 dB/decade of distance in the region closer than λ in m divided by 2π (i.e., $\lambda/2\pi$), and at 20 dB/decade of distance beyond that, using the measurement of a single point at the radial angle that produces the maximum emission.
This correction is already included in the limit line of corresponding measurement plots.

Detailed requirements can be found in e.g. ANSI C63.4 / C63.10

9.2 Radiated spurious emissions from 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Test setup

- The EUT is set up according to its intended use, as described in the user manual or as defined by the manufacturer.
- In case of floor standing equipment, it is placed in the middle of the turn table.
In case of tabletop equipment it is placed on a non-conductive table with a height of 80 cm.
- Additional equipment, cables, ... necessary for testing, are positioned like under normal operation.
- Interface cables, e.g. power supply, network, ... are connected to the connection box in the turn table.
- EUT is powered on and set into operation.

Pre-scan

- Turntable performs an azimuthal rotation from 0° to 315° in 45° steps.
- Antenna polarisation is changed (H-V / V-H) and antenna height is changed from 1 meter to 4 meters.
- For each turntable step / antenna polarisation / antenna height the EMI-receiver/spectrum analyser performs a positive-peak/max-hold sweep (=worst-case). Data is transferred to EMI-software and recorded. EMI-software will show the maximum level of all single sweeps as the final result for the pre-scan.

Final measurement

- Significant emissions found during the pre-scan will be maximized by the EMI-software based on evaluated data during the pre-scan by rotating the turntable and changing antenna height and polarisation.
- Final measurement will be performed with measuring equipment settings as defined in the applicable test standards (e.g. ANSI C6.4).
- Plot of the pre-scan with frequencies of identified emissions including levels, correction factors, turn table position, antenna polarisation and settings of measuring equipment is recorded.

Distance correction (extrapolation)

- When performing measurements on test distances other than defined in the rules, the results shall be extrapolated to the specified distance by conservatively presuming that the field strength decays at 20 dB/decade of distance beyond the region λ in m divided by 2π (i.e., $\lambda/2\pi$), using the measurement of a single point at the radial angle that produces the maximum emission.
This correction is already included in the corresponding measurement plots.

Detailed requirements can be found in e.g. ANSI C63.4 / C63.10

9.3 Conducted emission

Test setup

- The EUT is set up according to its intended use, as described in the user manual or as defined by the manufacturer.
- In case of floor standing equipment, it is placed in the middle of the turn table.
In case of tabletop equipment it is placed on a non-conductive table with a height of 80 cm.
- Additional equipment, cables, ... necessary for testing, are positioned like under normal operation.
- Interface cables, e.g. power supply, network, ... are connected to the connection box in the turn table.
- EUT is powered on and set into operation.

Pre-scan

- The EMI-receiver/spectrum analyser performs a positive-peak/max-hold sweep (=worst-case). Data is transferred to EMI-software and recorded. EMI-software will show the maximum level of all single sweeps as the final result for the pre-scan.

Final measurement

- Significant emissions found during the pre-scan will be maximized by the EMI-software based on evaluated data during the pre-scan.
- Final measurement will be performed with measuring equipment settings as defined in the applicable test standards (e.g. ANSI C63.4).
- Plot of the pre-scan with frequencies of identified emissions including levels, correction factors, and settings of measuring equipment is recorded.

Detailed requirements can be found in e.g. ANSI C63.4

10 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

Radio frequency	$\leq \pm 10$ ppm
Radiated emission	$\leq \pm 6$ dB
Temperature	$\leq \pm 1$ °C
Humidity	$\leq \pm 5$ %
DC and low frequency voltages	$\leq \pm 3$ %
Conducted emissions	2.21 dB

The indicated expanded measurement uncertainty corresponds to the standard measurement uncertainty for the measurement results multiplied by the coverage factor $k = 2$. It was determined in accordance with EA-4/01 m:2013. The true value is located in the corresponding interval with a probability of 95 %.

Annex A EUT Photographs, external

Photo No. 1: EUT A



Photo No. 2: EUT A



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Photo No. 3: EUT A

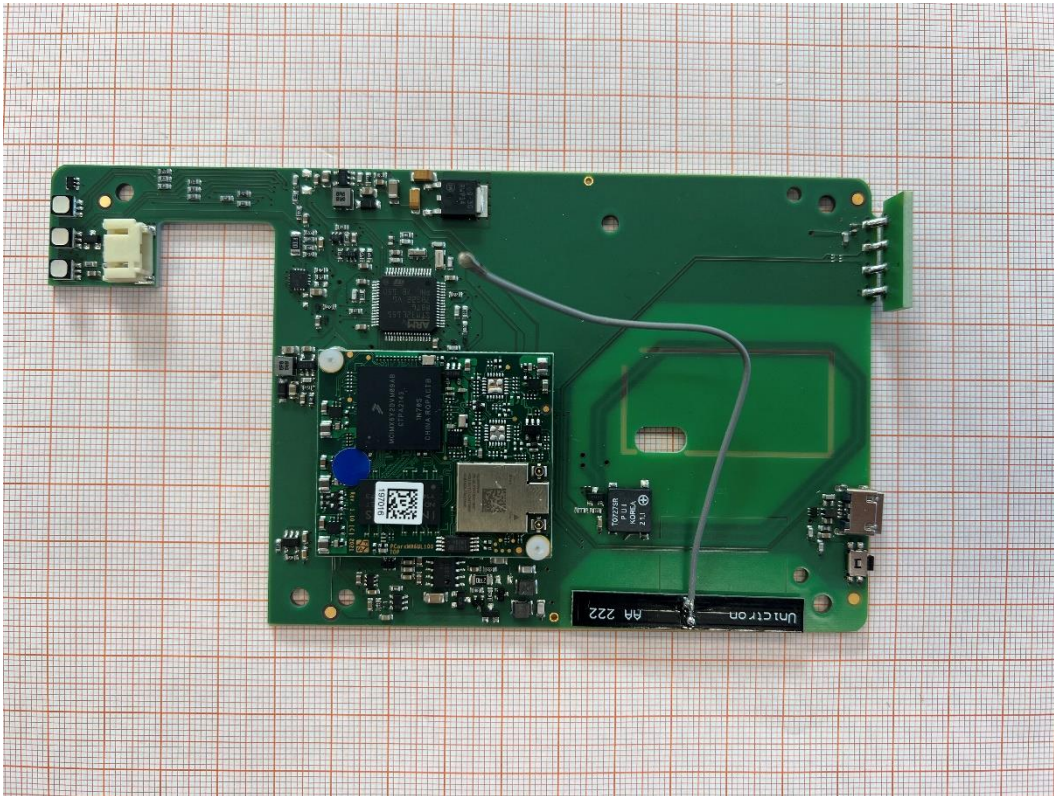
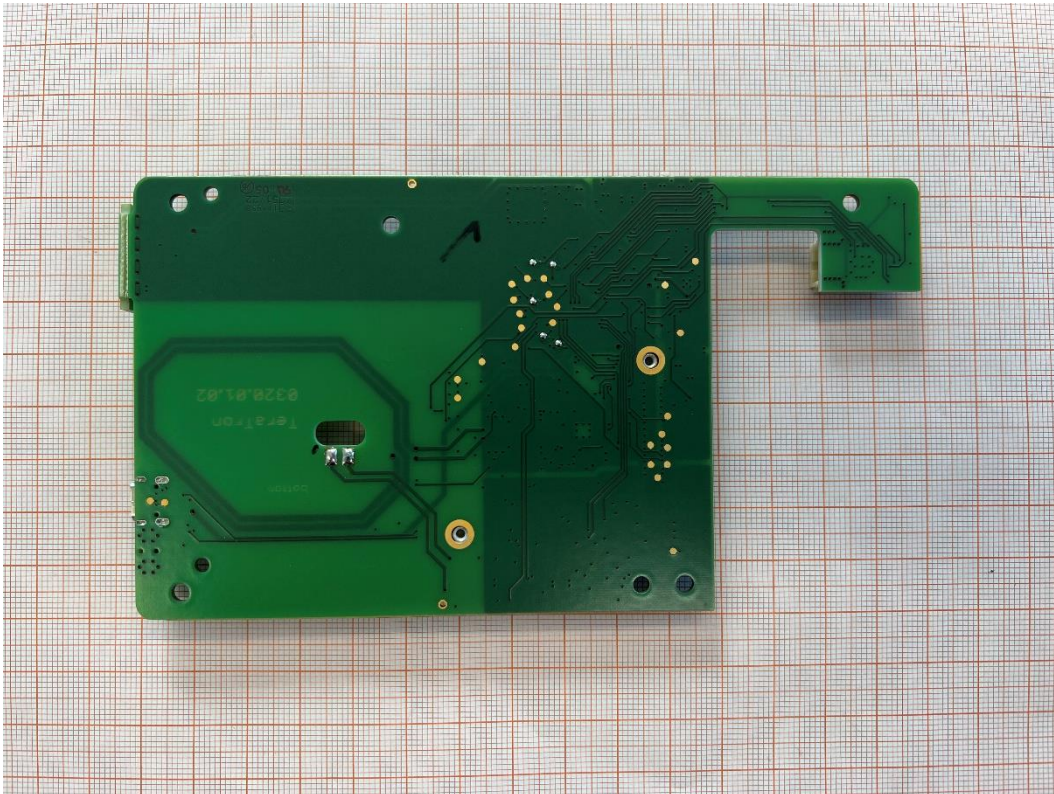


Photo No. 4: EUT A



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Photo No. 5: AE



Annex B Test Setup Photographs

Photo No. 6, measurement in SAC, 9 kHz – 30 MHz, overall view:



Photo No. 7, measurement in SAC, 9 kHz – 30 MHz, close view:



Photo No. 8, measurement in SAC, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, overall view:



Photo No. 9, OBW measurement, overall view:



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Photo No. 10, OBW measurement, close view:



Photo No. 11, conducted emissions measurement, overall view:



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Photo No. 12, conducted emissions measurement, close view 1:



Photo No. 13, conducted emissions measurement, close view 2:



End of Test Report
