



SAR Compliance Test Report

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Measurements made by:	Julian Kim		
Tested device:	RH-89		
FCC ID:	QMNRH-89	IC:	661X-RH89
Supplement reports:	-		
Testing has been carried out in accordance with:	47CFR §2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields RSS-102 Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields IEEE 1528 - 2003 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques		
Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC San Diego.		
Test results:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.		

Date and signatures:

2005-12-19

For the contents:

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CONTENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT.....	3
1.1 TEST DETAILS.....	3
1.2 MAXIMUM RESULTS.....	3
1.2.1 Head Configuration.....	3
1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration	3
1.2.3 Maximum Drift	4
1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty	4
2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST.....	4
2.1 PICTURE OF THE DEVICE.....	5
2.2 DESCRIPTION OF THE ANTENNA	5
3. TEST CONDITIONS	6
3.1 TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY	6
3.2 TEST SIGNAL, FREQUENCIES, AND OUTPUT POWER.....	6
4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT	7
4.1 MEASUREMENT SYSTEM AND COMPONENTS	7
4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe SN1739.....	8
4.2 PHANTOMS	8
4.3 TISSUE SIMULANTS	9
4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes	9
4.3.2 System Checking	10
4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements.....	11
5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE	12
5.1 DEVICE HOLDER.....	12
5.2 TEST POSITIONS.....	12
5.2.1 Against Phantom Head.....	12
5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration	13
5.3 SCAN PROCEDURES.....	14
5.4 SAR AVERAGING METHODS.....	14
6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	15
7. RESULTS	16
APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS.....	17
APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS.....	21
APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)	31
APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)	34

1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	2005-12-12 to 2005-12-14
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	SN: 044/08616678 HW: 7000 SW: R101V1100.nep
Batteries used in testing	BL-6C
Headsets used in testing	HS-3
Other accessories used in testing	-
State of sample	Prototype Unit
Notes	-

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Position	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
CDMA 1900	25 / 1851.25	23.8 dBm	Left Tilt	1.00 W/kg	1.12 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	Conducted power	Separation distance	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Scaled* SAR value (1g avg)	SAR limit (1g avg)	Result
CDMA 1900	25 / 1851.25	23.8 dBm	2.2 cm	0.50 W/kg	0.56 W/kg	1.6 W/kg	PASSED

*SAR values are scaled up by 12% to cover measurement drift.

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift covered by 12% scaling up of the SAR values	Maximum drift during measurements
0.5dB	-0.17 dB

1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Expanded Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 25.8%
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2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population / Uncontrolled

Modes and Bands of Operation	CDMA 1900
Modulation Mode	QPSK
Duty Cycle	1
Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)	1850 – 1910

2.1 Picture of the Device



2.2 Description of the Antenna

The device has an internal patch antenna.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature (°C):	21.6 to 22.0
Ambient humidity (RH %):	34 to 59

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies, and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY 4 software, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements on the device was the 'advanced extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE V1	308	12 months	2006-01
E-field Probe ET3DV6	1805	12 months	2006-04
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	534	24 months	2006-10
DASY Software	Version 4.5	-	-

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	Agilent E4436B	US 39260114	24 months	2006-05
Amplifier	Milmega AS0825-20L	1009777	-	-
Power Meter	Agilent E4417A	GB41290918	12 months	2006-10
Power Sensor	Agilent E9327A	US 40440897	12 months	2006-03
Power Sensor	Agilent E9327A	US 40440896	12 months	2006-03
Call Tester	Agilent 8960/E5515C	US 40440173	24 months	2006-07
Vector Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40002861	12 months	2006-06
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent 85070D	US 01440165	-	-



4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe Type ET3DV6

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Optical Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checking and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Tissue Simulants

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the simulating liquids are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using simulants whose dielectric parameters were within $\pm 5\%$ of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the tissue simulant was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during system checking and device measurements.

4.3.1 Tissue Simulant Recipes

The following recipes were used for Head and Body tissue simulants:

1900MHz band		
Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.88	69.02
Butyl Diglycol	44.91	30.76
Salt	0.21	0.22

4.3.2 System Checking

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulants were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A system check measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the simulant, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The system checking results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System checking, head tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
1900	Reference result	9.91	39.4	1.44	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	8.92 – 10.90			
	2005-12-12	9.78	38.8	1.43	22.0
	2005-12-13	9.91	38.5	1.45	21.8

System checking, body tissue simulant

f [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
1900	Reference result	9.85	51.3	1.59	
	$\pm 10\%$ window	8.87 – 10.83			
	2005-12-14	9.90	50.8	1.58	21.6

Plots of the system checking scans are given in Appendix A.



4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
	2005-12-12	38.9	1.41	22.0
	2005-12-13	38.7	1.43	21.8

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
1880	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	
	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
	2005-12-14	50.9	1.56	21.6

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".



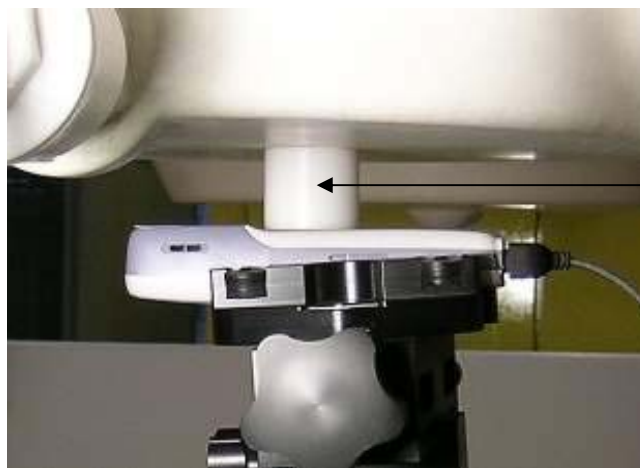
Photo of the device in "cheek" position



Photo of the device in "tilt" position

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in the photo below using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with its antenna facing the phantom since this orientation gives higher results.



2.2cm Spacer

Photo of the device positioned for Body SAR measurement. The spacer was removed for the tests.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First, area scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next a zoom scan, a minimum of 5x5x7 points covering a volume of at least 30x30x30mm was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the area scan and again at the end of the zoom scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the zoom scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the zoom scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.



6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	G_i	$G_i \cdot U_i$ (%)	V_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	± 5.9	N	1	1	± 5.9	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	± 4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-c_p)^{1/2}$	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	± 9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	± 3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	± 1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6	∞
Linearity	E2.4	± 4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	± 1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	± 1.0	N	1	1	± 1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	± 0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	± 2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	± 3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	± 3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	± 0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	± 2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5	± 3.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2	± 6.0	N	1	1	± 6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1	± 5.0	N	1	1	± 5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	± 0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.0	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	± 4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.3	∞
Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	± 5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	± 1.8	∞
Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	± 5.5	N	1	0.64	± 3.5	5
Permittivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	± 5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	± 2.9	N	1	0.6	± 1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			± 12.9	116
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Uncertainty						± 25.8	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

CDMA1900 Head SAR Results

Test Configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 25 1851.25 MHz	Ch 600 1880.00 MHz	Ch 1175 1908.75 MHz
Power		23.8 dBm	23.5 dBm	23.2 dBm
Left	Cheek	0.84	0.80	0.61
	Tilt	1.00	0.99	0.73
Right	Cheek	0.62	0.60	0.49
	Tilt	-	0.71	-

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

CDMA1900 Body SAR Results

Test Configuration		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 25 1851.25 MHz	Ch 600 1880.00 MHz	Ch 1175 1908.75 MHz
Power		23.8 dBm	23.5 dBm	23.2 dBm
Without headset		-	0.44	-
Headset HS-3		0.50	0.47	0.37

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: SYSTEM CHECKING SCANS

Date: 2005-12-12; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Dipole 1900 MHz; Serial No. 534; Head System Check

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.43 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Temperature (liq.) = $22.0 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Flat Section; **Advanced Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1805; ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn308; Calibrated: 1/24/2005
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

1900MHz validation/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.2 mW/g

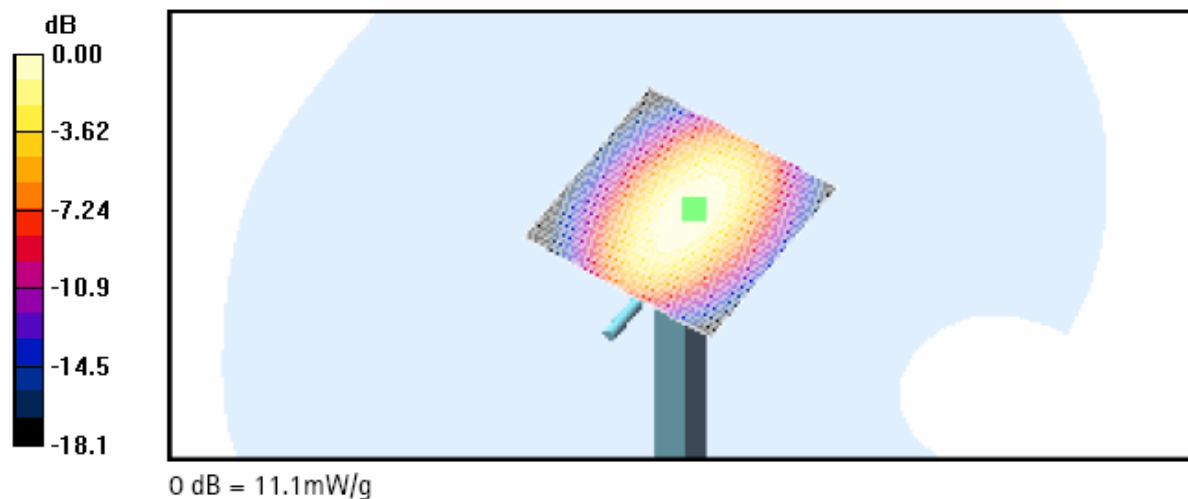
1900MHz validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 91.7 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.033 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.78 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 5.09 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.1 mW/g



Date: 2005-12-13; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Dipole 1900 MHz; Serial No. 534; Head System Check

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Temperature (liq.) = $21.8 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Flat Section; **Advanced Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1805; ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn308; Calibrated: 1/24/2005
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

1900MHz validation/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.3 mW/g

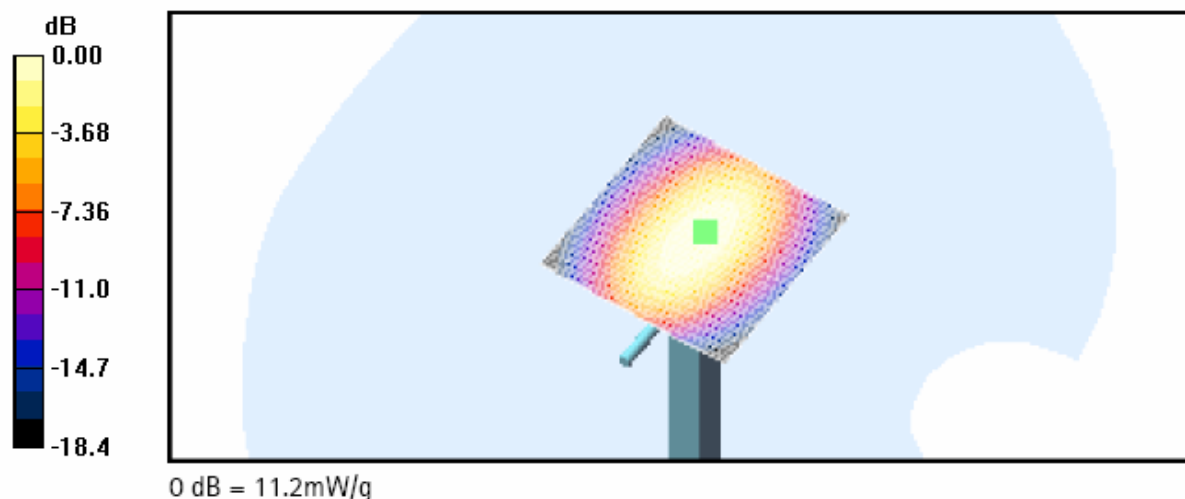
1900MHz validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 93.0 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.016 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.91 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 5.15 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 mW/g



Date: 2005-12-14; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Dipole 1900 MHz; Serial No. 534; Body System Check

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.58 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$; Temperature (liq.) = 21.6°C

Phantom section: Flat Section; **Advanced Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1805; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn308; Calibrated: 1/24/2005
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

1900MHz validation/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.8 mW/g

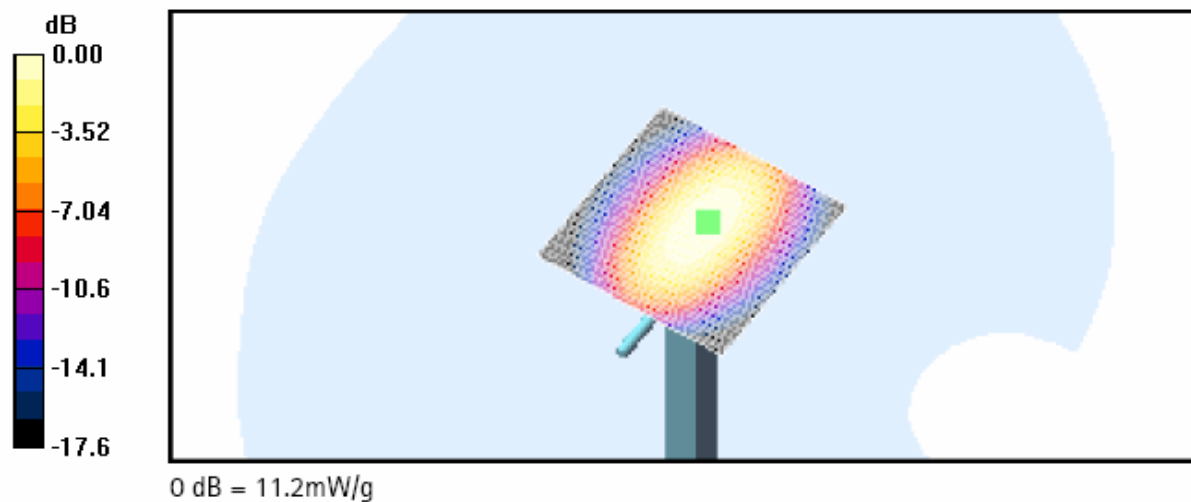
1900MHz validation/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 90.0 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.015 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.9 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 5.23 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 mW/g





APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

Date: 2005-12-12; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RH-89; HWID: 7000; Serial No: 044/08616678

Communication System: CDMA1900 ; Channel: 25; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1851.25$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Temperature (liq.) = 22.0 °C

Phantom section: Left Section; **Advanced Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1805; ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn308; Calibrated: 1/24/2005
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Left cheek/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.914 mW/g

Left cheek/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

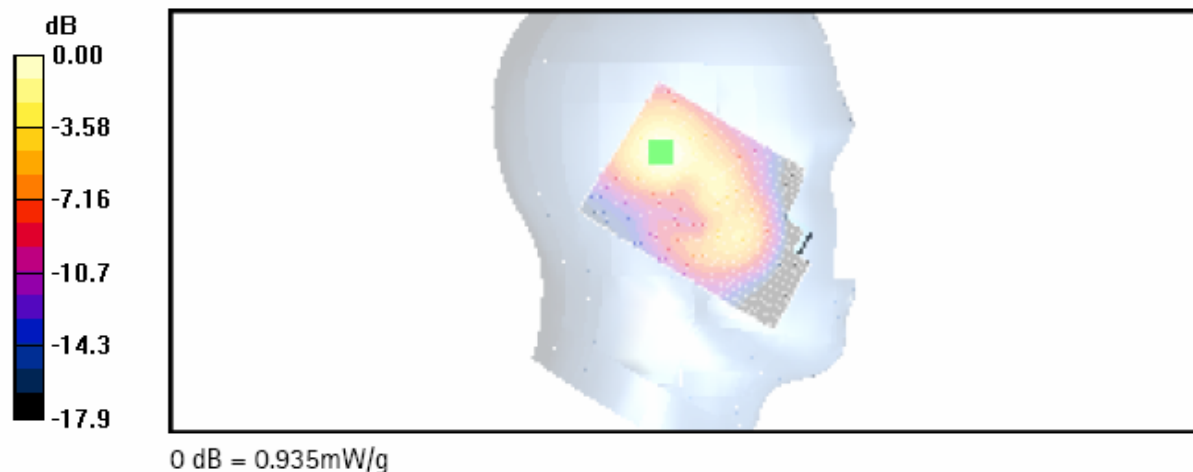
Reference Value = 20.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.935 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.839 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.465 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)



Date: 2005-12-12; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RH-89; HWID: 7000; Serial No: 044/08616678

Communication System: CDMA1900 ; Channel: 25; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1851.25$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.39$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Temperature (liq.) = 22.0 °C

Phantom section: Left Section; **Advanced Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1805; ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn308; Calibrated: 1/24/2005
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Left tilt/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.11 mW/g

Left tilt/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

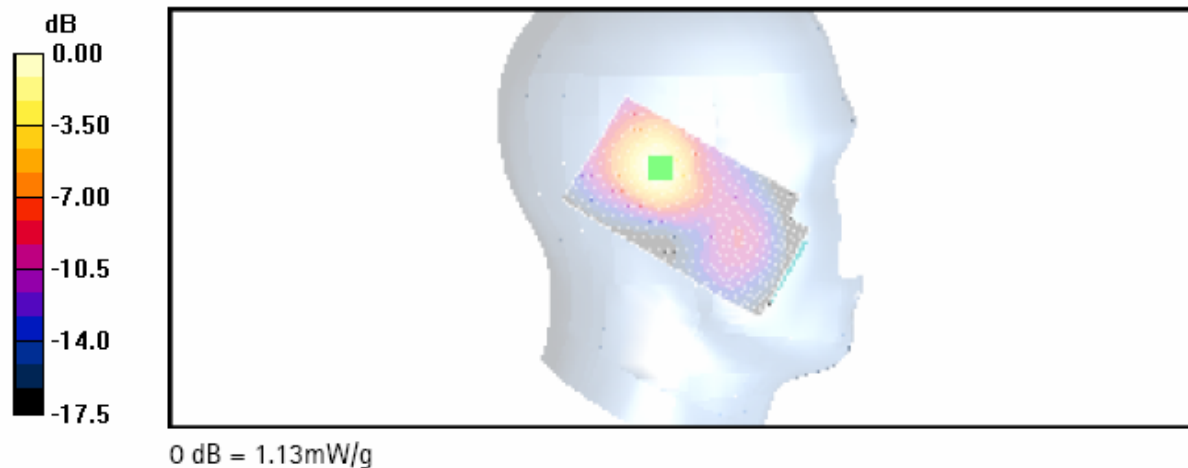
Reference Value = 25.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.167 dB

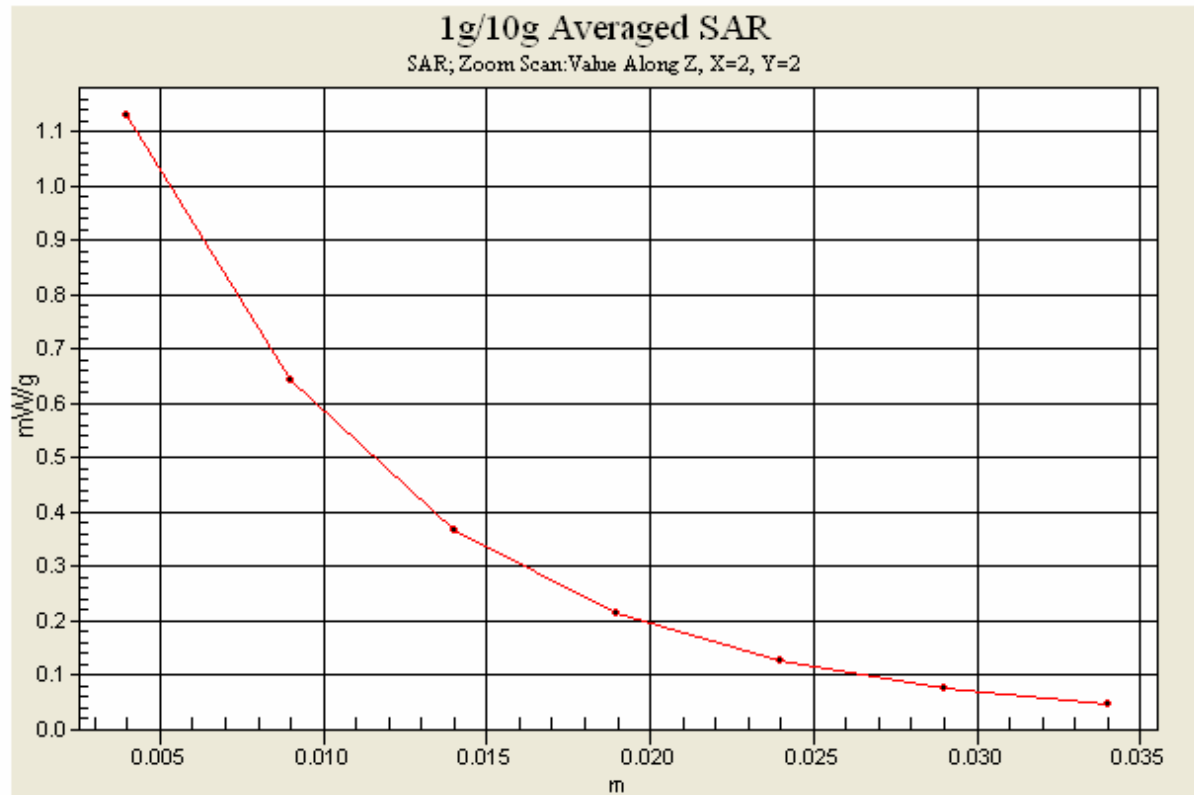
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.13 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.75 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.996 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.523 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)







Date: 2005-12-13; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RH-89; HWID: 7000; Serial No: 044/08616678

Communication System: CDMA1900; Channel: 25; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1851.25$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.4$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.8$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Temperature (liq.) = 21.8 °C

Phantom section: Right Section; **Advanced Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1805; ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn308; Calibrated: 1/24/2005
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Right cheek/Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.682 mW/g

Right cheek/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.686 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.03 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.619 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.353 mW/g

Right cheek/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

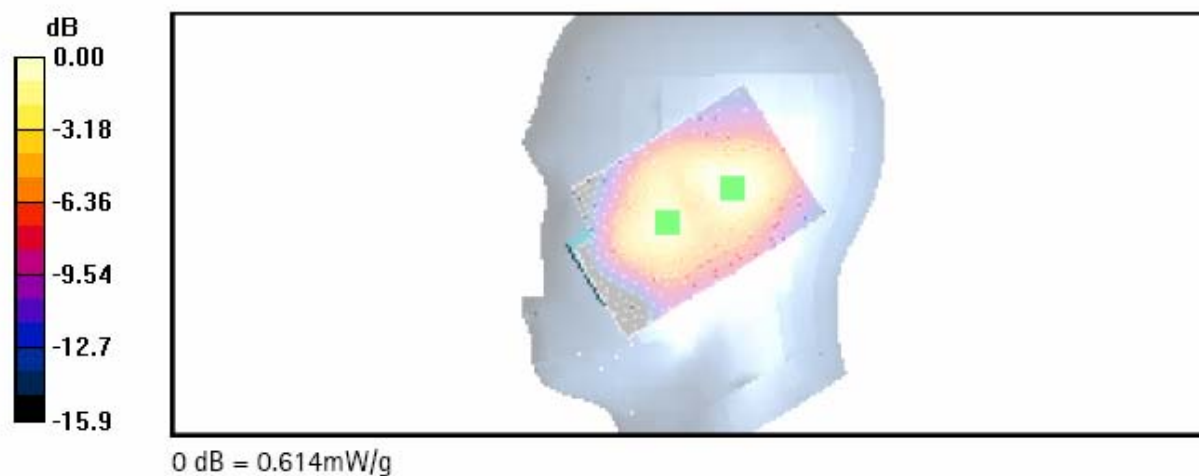
Reference Value = 22.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.035 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.614 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.788 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.529 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.309 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)



Date: 2005-12-13; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RH-89; HWID: 7000; Serial No: 044/08616678

Communication System: CDMA1900; Channel: 600; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.43$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.7$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Temperature (liq.) = 21.8 °C

Phantom section: Right Section; **Advanced Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1805; ConvF(4.97, 4.97, 4.97); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn308; Calibrated: 1/24/2005
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Right tilt/Area Scan (61x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.818 mW/g

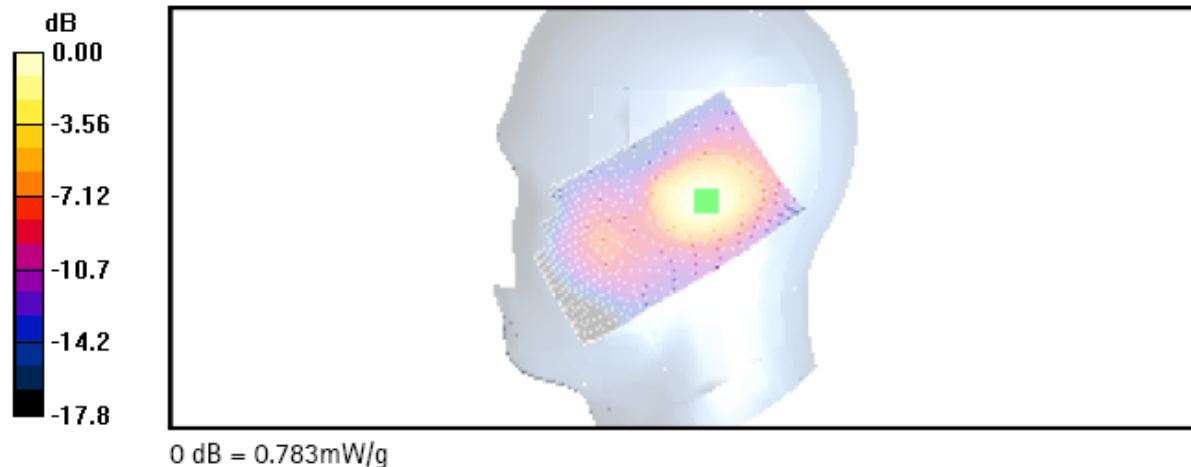
Right tilt/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.011 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.783 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.710 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.399 mW/g



Date: 2005-12-14; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RH-89; HWID: 7000; Serial No: 044/08616678; without headset

Communication System: CDMA1900; Channel: 600; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.56$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³; Temperature (liq.) = 21.6 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section; **Advanced Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1805; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn308; Calibrated: 1/24/2005
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.476 mW/g

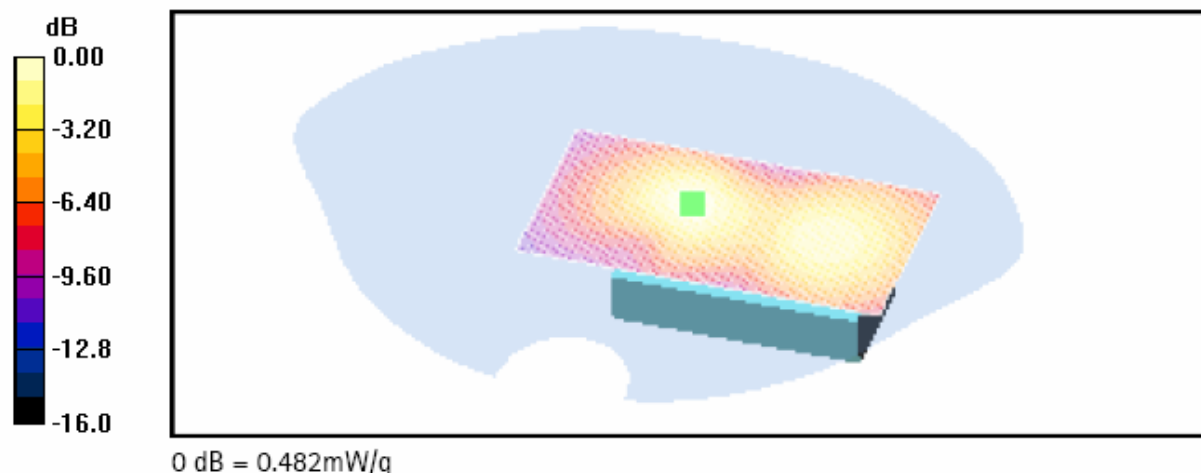
Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.0 V/m; Power Drift = -0.114 dB

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.482 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.724 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.436 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.253 mW/g



Date: 2005-12-14; Test Laboratory: TCC San Diego

Type: RH-89; HWID: 7000; Serial No: 044/08616678; with headset HS-3

Communication System: CDMA1900; Channel: 25; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1851.25$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.53$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³;

Temperature (liq.) = 21.6 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section; **Advanced Extrapolation**

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1805; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 4/22/2005
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn308; Calibrated: 1/24/2005
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1279
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.5 Build 19; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 146

Body/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.551 mW/g

Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

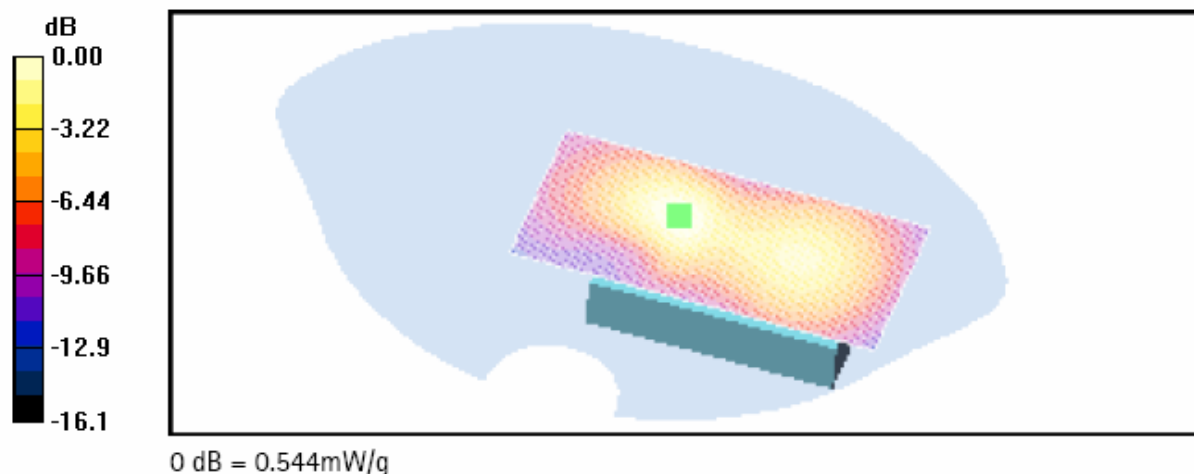
Reference Value = 14.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.033 dB

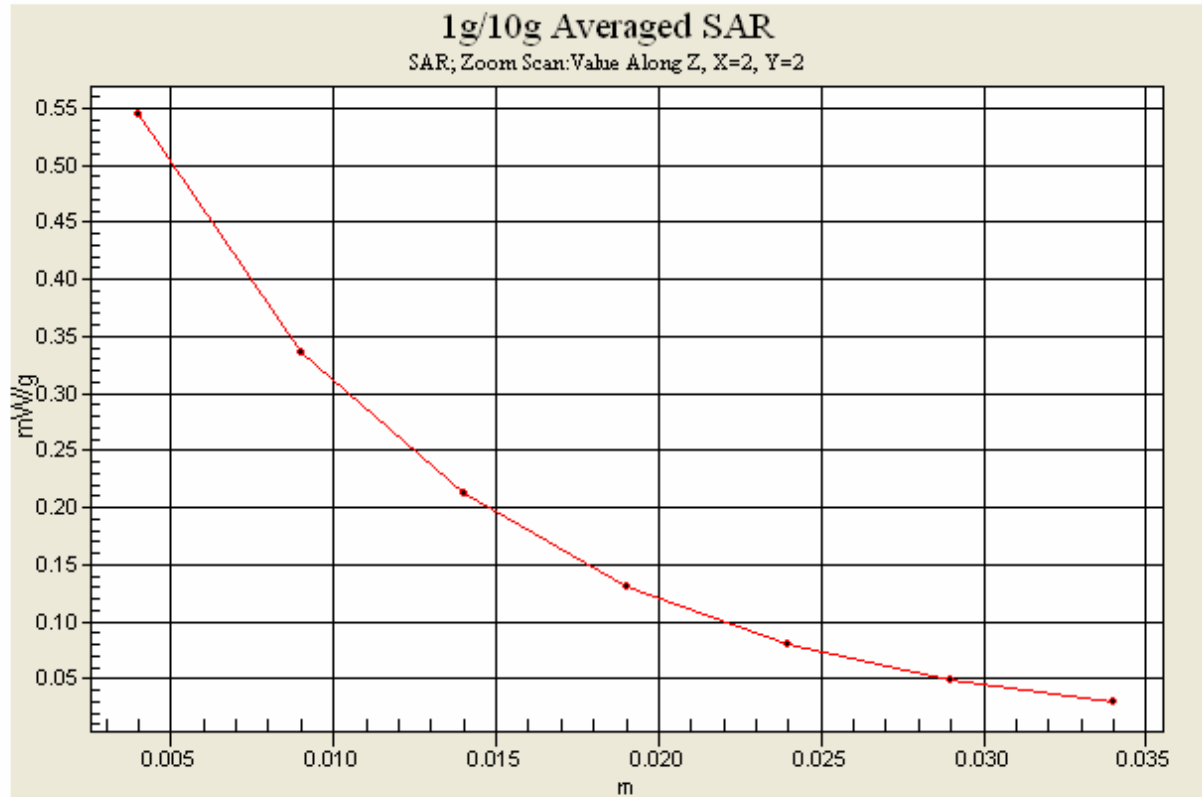
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.544 mW/g

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.821 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.495 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.286 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)







APPENDIX C: RELEVANT PAGES FROM PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT(S)



**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia SD**

Certificate No: **ET3-1805_Apr05**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **ET3DV6 - SN:1805**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v5
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **April 22, 2005**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

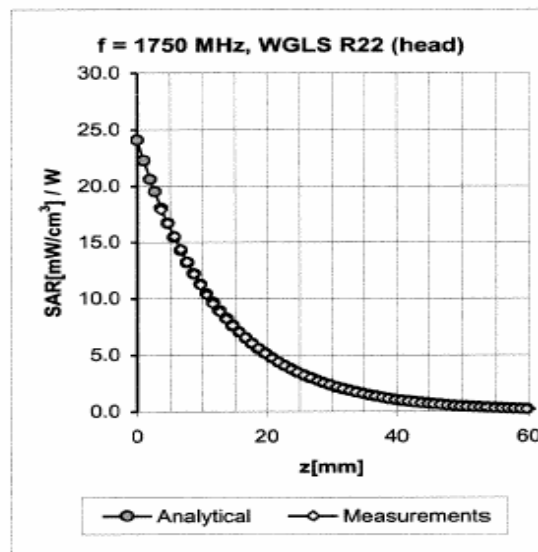
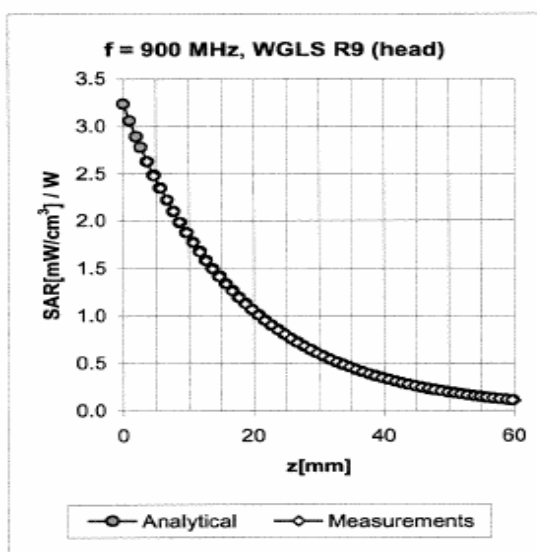
Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	5-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00388)	May-05
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No. 251-00403)	Aug-05
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5086 (20b)	3-May-04 (METAS, No. 251-00389)	May-05
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No. 251-00404)	Aug-05
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	7-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. ES3-3013_Jan05)	Jan-06
DAE4	SN: 617	19-Jan-05 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-617_Jan05)	Jan-06
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct 05
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-04)	In house check: Nov 05

Calibrated by:	Name Nico Vetterli	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Name Katja Pokovic	Function Technical Manager	Signature

Issued: April 27, 2005

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^c	TSL	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
835	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.68	1.70	6.37 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.61	1.81	6.27 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.1 ± 5%	1.37 ± 5%	0.60	2.28	5.24 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.59	2.38	4.97 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Head	39.2 ± 5%	1.80 ± 5%	0.68	2.19	4.50 ± 11.8% (k=2)
835	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.58	1.90	6.34 ± 11.0% (k=2)
900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.54	2.06	6.23 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1750	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.4 ± 5%	1.49 ± 5%	0.57	2.75	4.64 ± 11.0% (k=2)
1900	± 50 / ± 100	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.57	2.77	4.54 ± 11.0% (k=2)
2450	± 50 / ± 100	Body	52.7 ± 5%	1.95 ± 5%	0.71	2.08	4.21 ± 11.8% (k=2)

^c The validity of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2). The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.



APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)



**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Federal Office of Metrology and Accreditation
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 108**

Client **Nokia SD**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-534_Oct04/2**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE (Replacement of No: D1900V2-534_Oct04)

Object **D1900V2 - SN: 534**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v6
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date: **October 22, 2004**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412)	Oct-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	12-Oct-04 (METAS, No. 251-00412)	Oct-05
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20g)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No 251-00402)	Aug-05
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 (10r)	10-Aug-04 (METAS, No 251-00402)	Aug-05
Reference Probe ET3DV6	SN 1680	23-Feb-04 (SPEAG, No. ET3-1680_Feb04)	Feb-05
DAE4	SN 601	22-Jul-04 (SPEAG, No. DAE4-601_Jul04)	Jul-05
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct-05
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-02 (SPEAG, in house check Dec-03)	In house check: Dec-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Nov-03)	In house check: Nov 04

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Mike Meili	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 15, 2004

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D1900V2-534_Oct04/2

Page 1 of 9

DASY4 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date/Time: 11/15/04 16:09:12

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zürich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:534

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL 1800 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.44$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.4$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1680; ConvF(5.02, 5.02, 5.02); Calibrated: 23.02.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 22.07.2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom quarter size -SN:1001; Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: SN:1001;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.4 mW/g

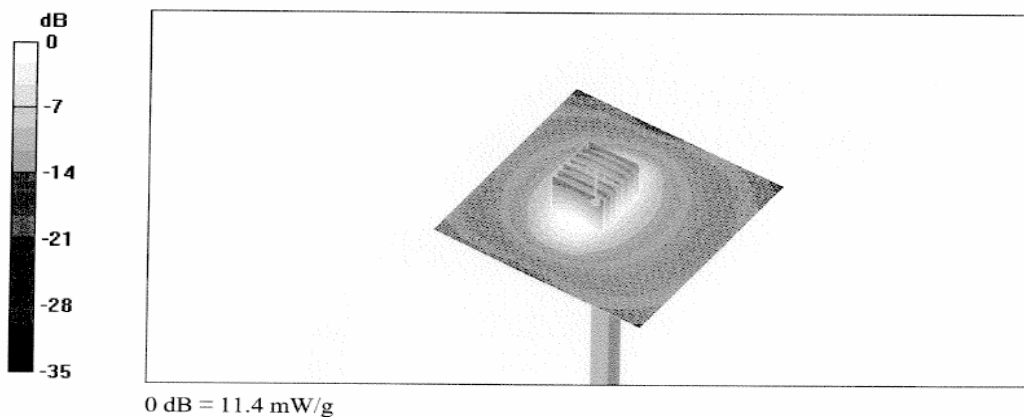
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 77.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.91 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.18 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.4 mW/g



DASY4 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date/Time: 11/15/04 16:09:27

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Z^{ür}ich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 – SN:534

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Muscle 1900 MHz;

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.59$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.3$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY4 (High Precision Assessment)

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1680; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 23.02.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 22.07.2004
- Phantom: Flat Phantom quarter size -SN:1001; Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: SN:1001;
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.4 Build 3; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 130

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.8 mW/g

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 74.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.85 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.28 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.3 mW/g

