

SAR Compliance Test Report

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Measurements made by:	Leif Funch Klysner		
Tested device:	RH-68		
FCC ID:	QVVRH-68	IC:	661AE-RH68
Supplement reports:	-		
Testing has been carried out in accordance with:	47CFR §2.1093 Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01) Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields RSS-102 Evaluation Procedure for Mobile and Portable Radio Transmitters with Respect to Health Canada's Safety Code 6 for Exposure of Humans to Radio Frequency Fields IEEE 1528 - 2003 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques		
Documentation:	The documentation of the testing performed on the tested devices is archived for 15 years at TCC Copenhagen.		
Test results:	The tested device complies with the requirements in respect of all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the items tested. The test report shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval of the laboratory.		
Date and signatures:	Oktober 1, 2004		
For the contents:			



Leif Funch Klysner
Test Engineer

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1. SUMMARY OF SAR TEST REPORT

1.1 Test Details

Period of test	August 18, 2004 – September 30, 2004
SN, HW and SW numbers of tested device	IMEI: 004400/51/174051/4 HW: 2010 SW: 3.0431.0 DUT#234445
Batteries used in testing	BL-5C, DUT#232750, DUT#232579, DUT#232748
Headsets used in testing	HS-5, DUT#232798
Other accessories used in testing	MMC Card DTS-32, DUT#233526
State of sample	Prototype unit
Notes	

1.2 Maximum Results

The maximum measured SAR values for Head configuration and Body Worn configuration are given in section 1.2.1 and 1.2.2 respectively. The device conforms to the requirements of the standard(s) when the maximum measured SAR value is less than or equal to the limit.

1.2.1 Head Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	ERP/EIRP	Position	SAR limit (1g avg)	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Result
GSM850	251 / 848.8	32.15 dBm	Right, Cheek + MMC Card	1.6 W/kg	0.73 W/kg	PASSED
GSM1900	661 / 1880.0	29.41 dBm	Left, Cheek + MMC Card	1.6 W/kg	0.58 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

Mode	Ch / f (MHz)	ERP	Separation distance	SAR limit (1g avg)	Measured SAR value (1g avg)	Result
GSM850	190 / 836.6	31.88 dBm	2.2 cm	1.6 W/kg	0.60 W/kg	PASSED
GPRS1900	661 / 1880.0	28.80 dBm	2.2 cm	1.6 W/kg	0.59 W/kg	PASSED

1.2.3 Maximum Drift

Maximum drift during measurements	0.33 dB
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1.2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Extended Uncertainty (k=2) 95%	± 29.8 %
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2. DESCRIPTION OF THE DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device category	Portable
Exposure environment	General population/uncontrolled

Modes and Bands of Operation	GSM 850	GSM 1900	GPRS (GSM)	BT
Modulation Mode	GMSK	GMSK	GMSK	GFSK
Duty Cycle	1/8	1/8	1/8 or 2/8	
Transmitter Frequency Range (MHz)	824.2 – 848.8	1850.2 - 1909.8	824.2 – 848.8 / 1850.2 - 1909.8	2400.0 – 2483.5

Outside of USA and Canada, the transmitter of the device is capable of operating also in GSM1800, which is not part of this filing.

2.1 Picture of the Device



2.2 Description of the Antenna

The device has an internal patch antenna.

3. TEST CONDITIONS

3.1 Temperature and Humidity

Period of measurement (dd.mm.yyyy):	18.08.2004 – 30.09.2004
Ambient temperature (°C):	22 ±1
Ambient humidity (RH %):	45 ±10

3.2 Test Signal, Frequencies, and Output Power

The device was put into operation by using a call tester. Communication between the device and the call tester was established by air link.

The device output power was set to maximum power level for all tests; a fully charged battery was used for every test sequence.

In all operating bands the measurements were performed on lowest, middle and highest channels.

The power output was measured by a separate test laboratory on the same unit as used for SAR testing.

4. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST EQUIPMENT

4.1 Measurement System and Components

The measurements were performed using an automated near-field scanning system, DASY 4 software versions 4.2 and 4.3, manufactured by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Switzerland. The SAR extrapolation algorithm used in all measurements on the device was the 'worst-case extrapolation' algorithm.

The following table lists calibration dates of SPEAG components:

Test Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
DAE3	388	12 months	05/2005
DAE3	501	12 months	01/2005
E-field Probe ET3DV6	1396	12 months	01/2005
E-field Probe ET3DV6R	1429	12 months	01/2005
Dipole Validation Kit, D835V2	476	24 months	02/2005
Dipole Validation Kit, D1900V2	5d026	24 months	02/2005

Additional test equipment used in testing:

Test Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration interval	Calibration expiry
Signal Generator	SMIQ03B	826046/034	36 months	02/2007
Amplifier	ZHL-42W	E012903	-	-
Power Meter	NRVD	840297/008	24 months	11/2005
Power Sensor	NRV-Z51	100184	24 months	11/2005
Call Tester	4400M	0411216	-	-
Vector Network Analyzer	AT8753ES	MY40001091	12 months	08/2005
Dielectric Probe Kit	HP85070B	US33020403	-	-

4.1.1 Isotropic E-field Probe 1429

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Optical Surface Detection	Not Available
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm
Application	Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.1.2 Isotropic E-field Probe 1396

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in optical fiber for surface detection system Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., butyl diglycol)
Calibration	Calibration certificate in Appendix C
Frequency	10 MHz to 3 GHz (dosimetry); Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 3 GHz)
Optical Surface Detection	± 0.2 mm repeatability in air and clear liquids over diffuse reflecting surfaces
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in HSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm Tip length: 16 mm Body diameter: 12 mm Tip diameter: 6.8 mm Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.7 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 3 GHz Compliance tests of mobile phones Fast automatic scanning in arbitrary phantoms

4.2 Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both validation testing and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The phantom conforms to the requirements of IEEE 1528 - 2003.

Validation tests were performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.

The SPEAG device holder (see Section 5.1) was used to position the device in all tests whilst a tripod was used to position the validation dipoles against the flat section of phantom.

4.3 Simulating Liquids

Recommended values for the dielectric parameters of the simulating liquids are given in IEEE 1528 - 2003 and FCC Supplement C to OET Bulletin 65. All tests were carried out using liquids whose dielectric parameters were within $\pm 5\%$ of the recommended values. All tests were carried out within 24 hours of measuring the dielectric parameters.

The depth of the liquid was 15.0 ± 0.5 cm measured from the ear reference point during validation and device measurements.

4.3.1 Liquid Recipes

The following recipes were used for Head and Body liquids:

800MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	39.74	55.97
HEC	0.25	1.21
Sugar	58.31	41.76
Preservative	0.15	0.27
Salt	1.55	0.79

1900MHz band

Ingredient	Head (% by weight)	Body (% by weight)
Deionised Water	54.88	69.02
Butyl Diglycol	44.91	30.76
Salt	0.21	0.22

4.3.2 Verification of the System

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the simulating liquids were measured every day using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyser. A SAR measurement was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the liquids, using the dipole validation kit. A power level of 250 mW was supplied to the dipole antenna, which was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom. The validation results (dielectric parameters and SAR values) are given in the table below.

System verification, head tissue simulant

<i>f</i> [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.41	41.5	0.89	N/A
	± 10% window	2.17 – 2.65			
	August 18, 2004	2.46	41.6	0.91	22 ±1
	August 31, 2004	2.44	41.3	0.90	22 ±1
1900	Reference result	10.4	38.6	1.46	N/A
	± 10% window	9.36 – 11.44			
	August 27, 2004	9.63	39.0	1.48	22 ±1
	September 30, 2004	9.59	38.5	1.47	22 ±1

System verification, body tissue simulant

<i>f</i> [MHz]	Description	SAR [W/kg], 1g	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
			ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
835	Reference result	2.53	54.0	0.96	N/A
	± 10% window	2.28 – 2.78			
	September 1, 2004	2.54	53.4	0.94	22 ±1
1900	Reference result	10.6	51.2	1.59	N/A
	± 10% window	9.54 – 11.66			
	September 3, 2004	10.0	50.9	1.61	22 ±1
	September 6, 2004	10.4	50.8	1.62	22 ±1

Plots of the Verification scans are given in Appendix A.

4.3.3 Tissue Simulants used in the Measurements

Head tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	41.5	0.90	N/A
	$\pm 5\%$ window	39.4 – 43.6	0.86 – 0.95	
	August 18, 2004	41.5	0.91	22 $\pm$ 1
	August 31, 2004	41.3	0.90	22 $\pm$ 1
1880	Recommended value	40.0	1.40	N/A
	$\pm 5\%$ window	38.0 – 42.0	1.33 – 1.47	
	August 27, 2004	39.0	1.46	22 $\pm$ 1
	September 30, 2004	38.6	1.45	22 $\pm$ 1

Body tissue simulant measurements

f [MHz]	Description	Dielectric Parameters		Temp [°C]
		ϵ_r	σ [S/m]	
836	Recommended value	55.2	0.97	N/A
	$\pm 5\%$ window	52.4 – 58.0	0.92 – 1.02	
	September 1, 2004	53.4	0.95	22 $\pm$ 1
1880	Recommended value	53.3	1.52	N/A
	$\pm 5\%$ window	50.6 – 56.0	1.44 – 1.60	
	September 3, 2004	51.0	1.58	22 $\pm$ 1
	September 6, 2004	50.9	1.60	22 $\pm$ 1

5. DESCRIPTION OF THE TEST PROCEDURE

5.1 Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the Dasy system.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

A Nokia designed spacer (illustrated below) was used to position the device within the SPEAG holder. The spacer positions the device so that the holder has minimal effect on the test results but still holds the device securely. The spacer was removed before the tests.



Nokia spacer

5.2 Test Positions

5.2.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2003 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".



Photo of the device in “cheek” position



Photo of the device in “tilt” position

5.2.2 Body Worn Configuration

The device was placed in the SPEAG holder using the Nokia spacer and placed below the flat section of the phantom. The distance between the device and the phantom was kept at the separation distance indicated in the photo below using a separate flat spacer that was removed before the start of the measurements. The device was oriented with its antenna facing the phantom since this orientation gave higher results.



Photo of the device positioned for Body SAR measurement. The spacer was removed for the tests.

5.3 Scan Procedures

First coarse scans were used for determination of the field distribution. Next a cube scan, 7x7x7 points covering a volume of 30x30x30mm was performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR value. Drift was determined by measuring the same point at the start of the coarse scan and again at the end of the cube scan.

5.4 SAR Averaging Methods

The maximum SAR value was averaged over a cube of tissue using interpolation and extrapolation.

The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines within Dasy4 are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method (Robert J. Renka, "Multivariate Interpolation Of Large Sets Of Scattered Data", University of North Texas ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software, vol. 14, no. 2, June 1988, pp. 139-148).

The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method with a weighted average method. A trivariate 3-D / bivariate 2-D quadratic function is computed for each measurement point and fitted to neighbouring points by a least-square method. For the cube scan, inverse distance weighting is incorporated to fit distant points more accurately. The interpolating function is finally calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

In the cube scan, the interpolation function is used to extrapolate the Peak SAR from the deepest measurement points to the inner surface of the phantom.

6. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Table 6.1 – Measurement uncertainty evaluation

Uncertainty Component	Section in IEEE 1528	Tol. (%)	Prob Dist	Div	G_i	$G_i \cdot U_i$ (%)	V_i
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	E2.1	± 5.8	N	1	1	± 5.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	E2.2	± 4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1 - c_p)^{1/2}$	± 1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E2.2	± 9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(c_p)^{1/2}$	± 3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	E2.3	± 8.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 4.8	∞
Linearity	E2.4	± 4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	E2.5	± 1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6	∞
Readout Electronics	E2.6	± 1.0	N	1	1	± 1.0	∞
Response Time	E2.7	± 0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.5	∞
Integration Time	E2.8	± 2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	E6.1	± 3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	E6.1	± 3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E6.2	± 0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E6.3	± 2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E5.2	± 3.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.3	∞
Test sample Related							
Test Sample Positioning	E4.2.1	± 6.0	N	1	1	± 6.0	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	E4.1.1	± 5.0	N	1	1	± 5.0	7
Output Power Variation - SAR drift measurement	6.6.3	± 10.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 5.8	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters							
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E3.1	± 4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.3	∞
Liquid Conductivity Target - tolerance	E3.2	± 5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	± 1.8	∞
Liquid Conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	± 5.5	N	1	0.64	± 3.5	5
Liquid Permittivity Target tolerance	E3.2	± 5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	± 1.7	∞
Liquid Permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E3.3	± 2.9	N	1	0.6	± 1.7	5
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS			± 14.9	206
Coverage Factor for 95%			k=2				
Expanded Standard Uncertainty						± 29.8	

7. RESULTS

The measured Head SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

GSM850 Head SAR results

Position		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
Power level		31.22 dBm	31.88 dBm	32.15 dBm
Left	Cheek		0.57	
	Tilt		0.33	
Right	Cheek	0.44	0.63	0.71
	Tilt		0.34	
Highest SAR configuration repeated with MMC card		0.43	0.59	0.73
Highest SAR value measurement repeated with BT active				0.72

GSM1900 Head SAR results

Position		SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
		Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
Power level		29.56 dBm	29.41 dBm	29.57 dBm
Left	Cheek	0.44	0.53	0.54
	Tilt		0.52	
Right	Cheek		0.40	
	Tilt		0.47	
Highest SAR configuration repeated with MMC card		0.52	0.58	0.54
Highest SAR value measurement repeated with BT active				0.53

The measured Body SAR values for the test device are tabulated below:

GSM850 Body SAR results

Body-worn location setup	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
	Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
Power level	31.22 dBm	31.88 dBm	32.15 dBm
Without headset	0.58	0.60	0.54
Headset HS-5	0.27	0.37	0.41
Highest SAR configuration repeated with MMC card	0.56	0.60	0.53
Highest SAR value measurement repeated with BT active		0.60	

GPRS850 Body SAR results

Body-worn location setup	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
	Ch 128 824.2 MHz	Ch 190 836.6 MHz	Ch 251 848.8 MHz
Power level	27.54 dBm	28.09 dBm	28.78 dBm
Highest SAR value measurement in GSM mode repeated in dual-slot GPRS mode.		0.55	

Single slot (GSM) mode has higher peak and average power levels than dual slot GPRS mode. Therefore the device was fully tested in single slot GSM mode with an additional single confirmation test in GPRS mode.

GPRS1900 Body SAR results

Body-worn location setup	SAR, averaged over 1g (W/kg)		
	Ch 512 1850.2 MHz	Ch 661 1880.0 MHz	Ch 810 1909.8 MHz
Power level	28.95 dBm	28.8 dBm	29.35 dBm
Without headset	0.44	0.55	0.52
Headset HS-5	0.45	0.54	0.53
Highest SAR configuration repeated with MMC card	0.52	0.56	0.54
Highest SAR value measurement repeated with BT active		0.59	

Plots of the Measurement scans are given in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: VALIDATION SCANS

See the following pages.

TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 476

Communication System: Continuous Wave; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 850 Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.909 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.6$; $\rho =$

1000 kg/m^3

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ [}^\circ\text{C]}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM Low band; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1037
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm,

dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.66 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

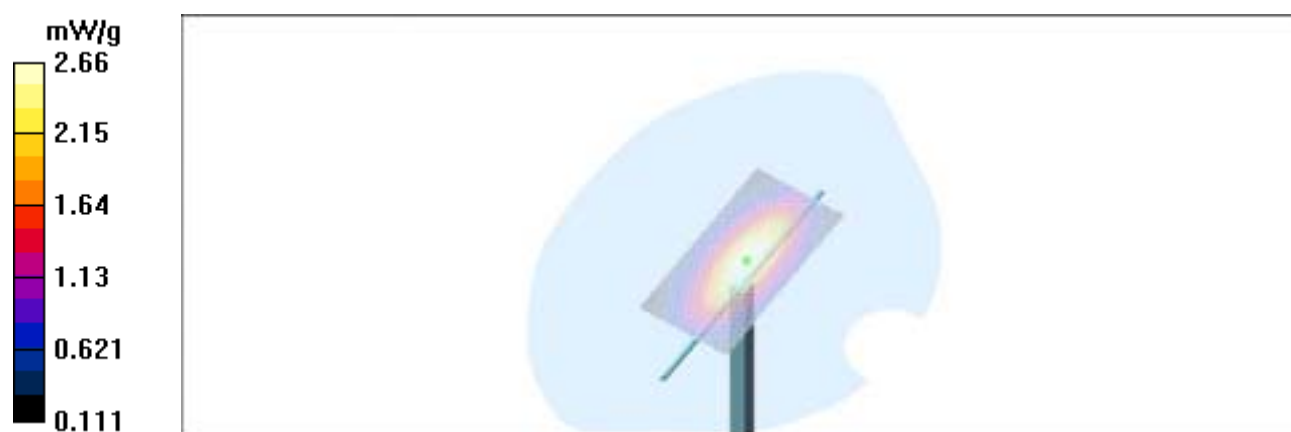
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.69 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.46 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.6 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.66 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 476

Communication System: Continuous Wave; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 850 Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.902 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho =$

1000 kg/m^3

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ [}^\circ\text{C]}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM Low band; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1037
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm,

dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.63 mW/g

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

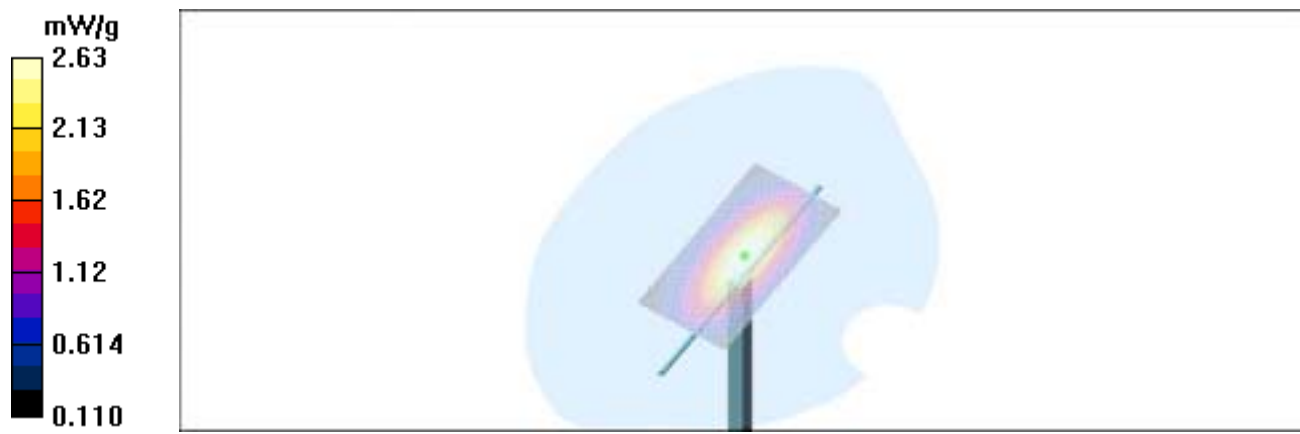
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.8 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.66 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.44 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.63 mW/g



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DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 476

Communication System: Continuous Wave; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 850 Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.943 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 53.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ [}^\circ\text{C]}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.73 mW/g

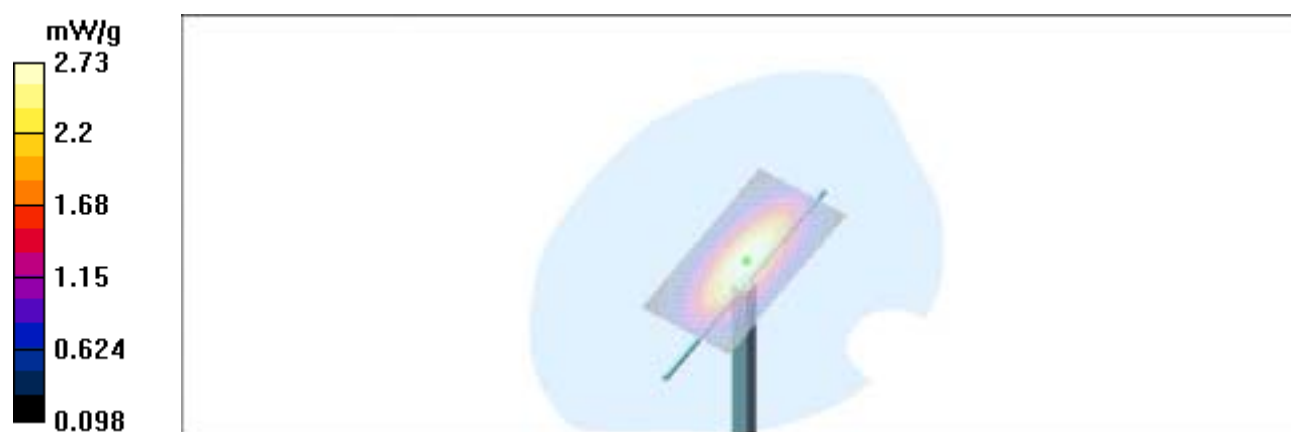
d=15mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.007 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.67 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.54 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.68 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.75 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d026

Communication System: Continuous Wave; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient temperature: 22 ± 1 [°C]

Ambient humidity: 45 ± 10 [RH %]

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396; ConvF(5.37, 5.37, 5.37); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn388; Calibrated: 24.05.2004
- Phantom: SAM High Band; Type: QD000P40CB; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

d=10mm, Pin=250mW 2/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW 2/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.63 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.07 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d026

Communication System: Continuous Wave; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Head 1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.47$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.5$; ρ

$= 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient temperature: 22 ± 1 [°C]

Ambient humidity: 45 ± 10 [RH %]

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM High Band; Type: QD000P40CB; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 22; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 127

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.6 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

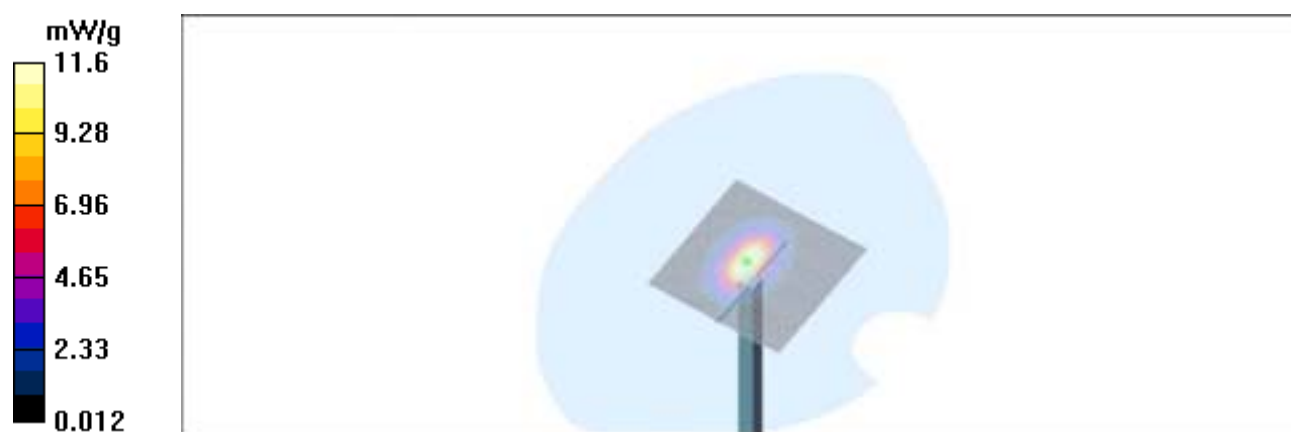
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.7 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.59 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.98 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 10.9 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d026

Communication System: Continuous Wave; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.61 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; ρ

$= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ [}^\circ\text{C]}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM High band; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1274
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.6 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

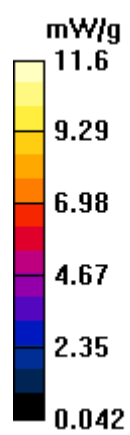
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.2 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.25 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d026

Communication System: Continuous Wave; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Body 1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.62$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 50.8$; ρ

$= 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient temperature: 22 ± 1 [°C]

Ambient humidity: 45 ± 10 [RH %]

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM High band; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1274
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 123

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.2 mW/g

d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 91.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0001 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.47 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 mW/g



APPENDIX B: MEASUREMENT SCANS

See the following pages.

TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: 234445; Type: RH-68; Serial: 004400/51/174051/4

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.913$

mho/m ; $\epsilon_r = 41.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429 - WCE; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM Low band; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1037
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 127

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.599 mW/g

Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

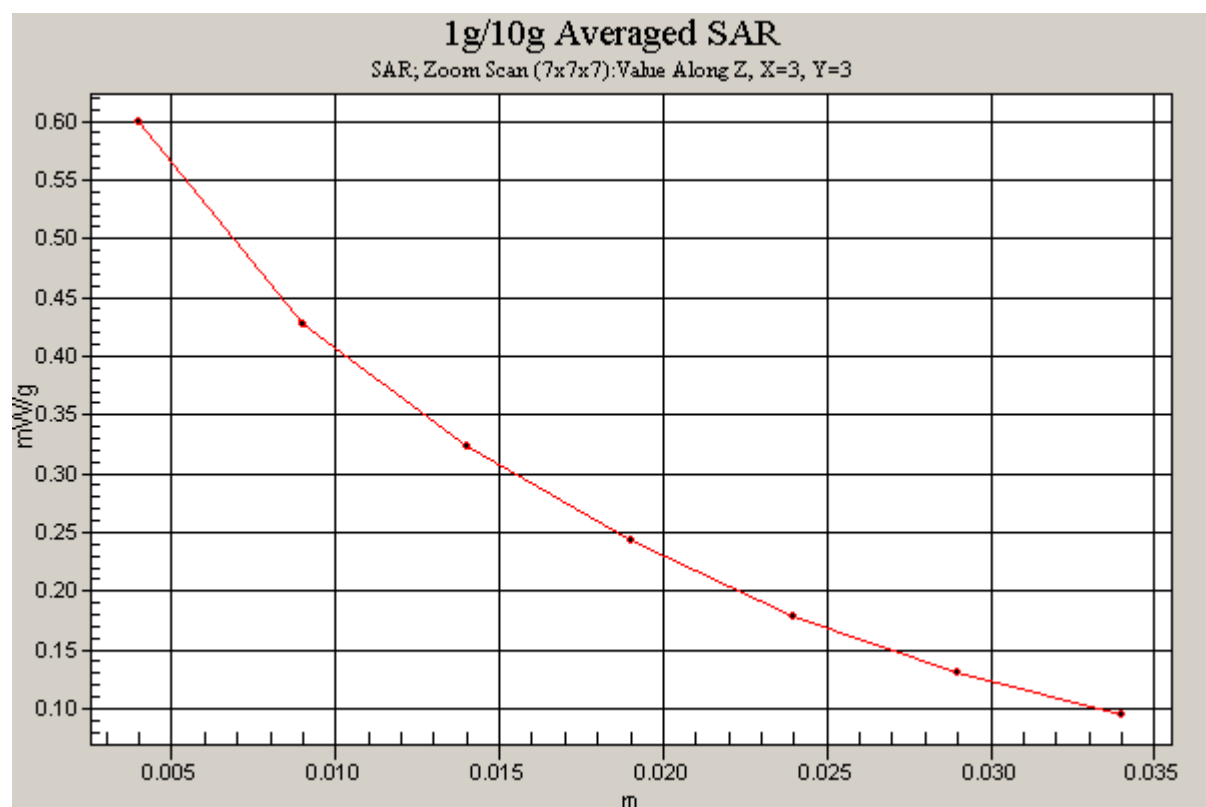
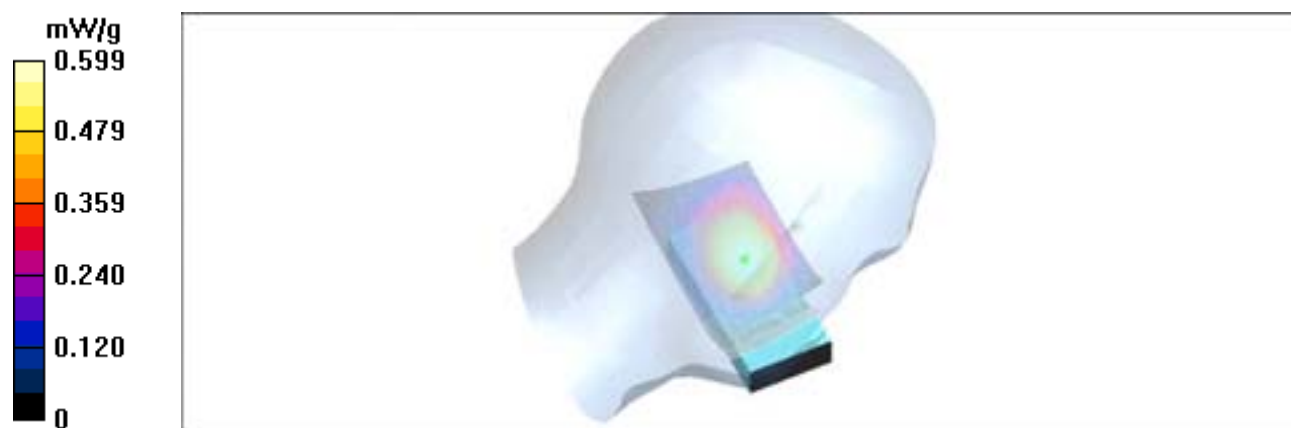
Reference Value = 19.7 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.828 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.570 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.397 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.599 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: 234445; Type: RH-68; Serial: 004400/51/174051/4

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.913$

mho/m ; $\epsilon_r = 41.5$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429 - WCE; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM Low band; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1037
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.2 Build 44; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 127

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.341 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

$dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

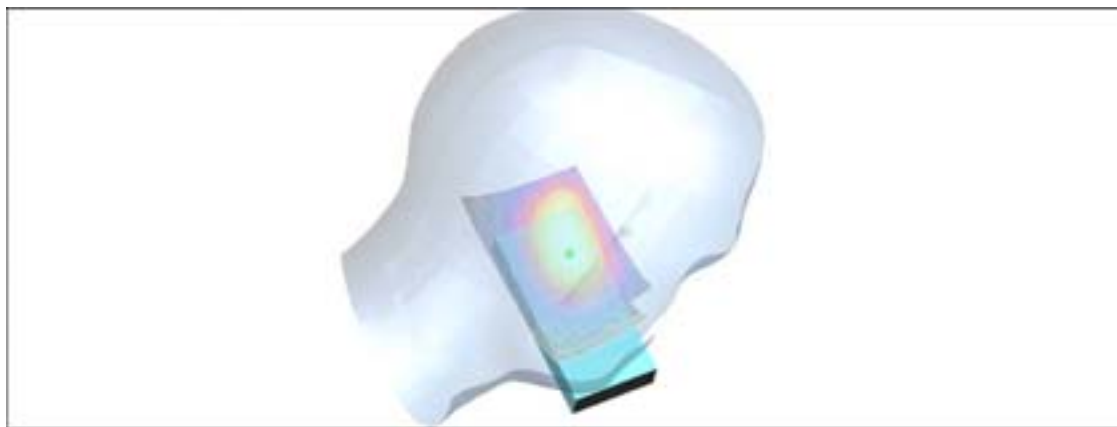
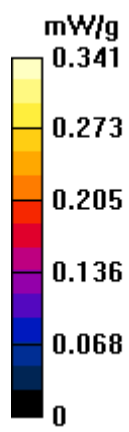
Reference Value = 17.4 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.489 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.330 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.227 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.345 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: 234445; Type: RH-68; Serial: 004400/51/174051/4

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.914$

mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient temperature: 22 ± 1 [°C]

Ambient humidity: 45 ± 10 [RH %]

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429 - WCE; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM Low band; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1037
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 127

Touch position - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.762 mW/g

Touch position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

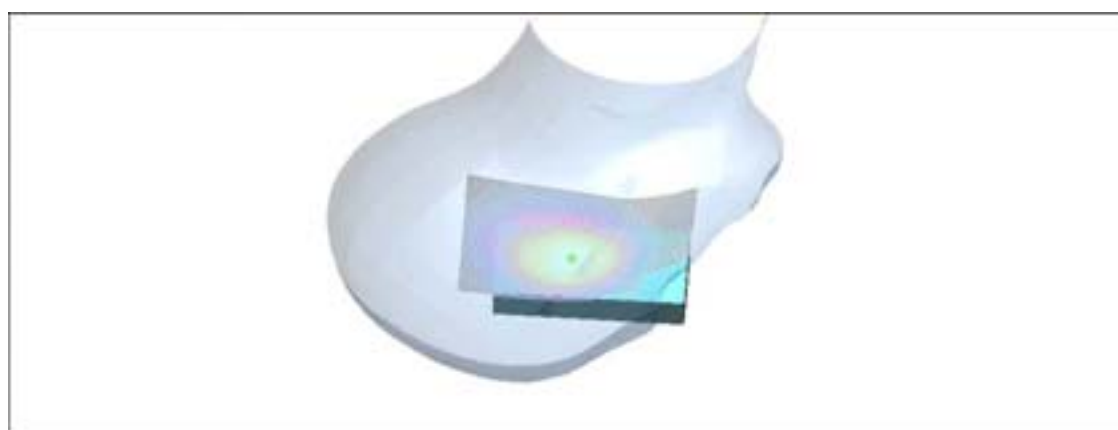
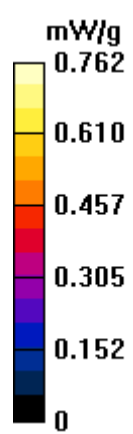
Reference Value = 21.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.711 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.499 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.753 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: 234445; Type: RH-68; Serial: 004400/51/174051/4

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.902$

mho/m ; $\epsilon_r = 41.3$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429 - WCE; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM Low band; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1037
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 127

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.359 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

$dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

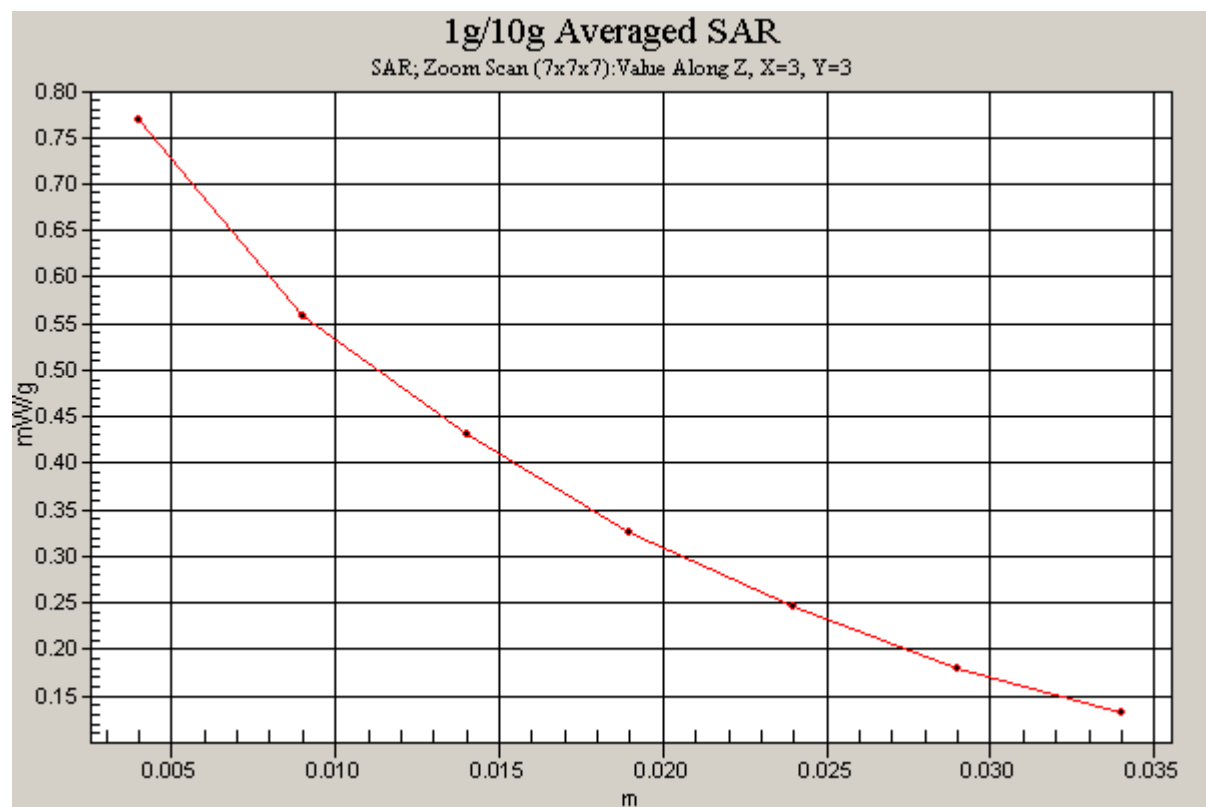
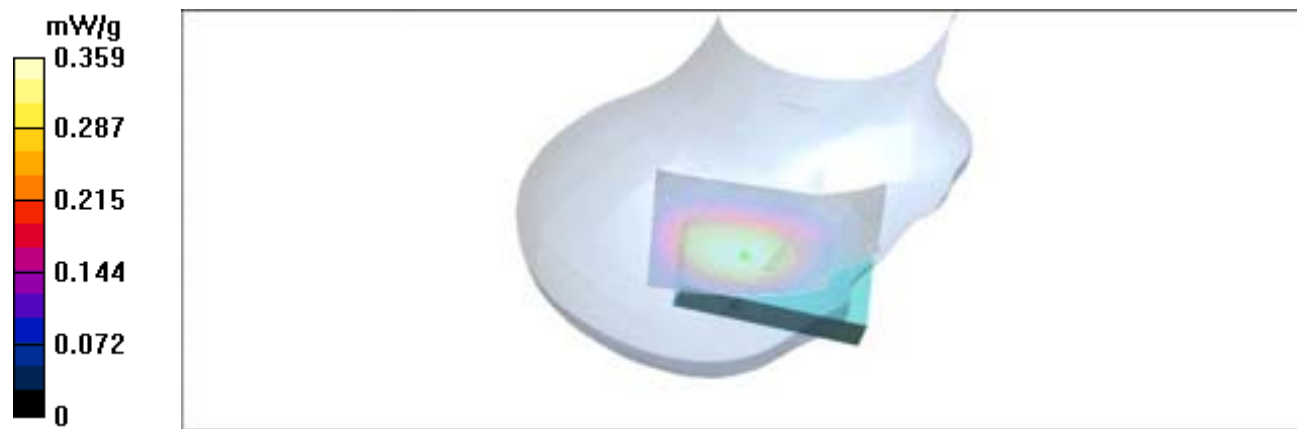
Reference Value = 18.3 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.488 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.340 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.240 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.359 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: 234445; Type: RH-68; Serial: 004400/51/174051/4

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 850 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 848.8 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.914$

mho/m ; $\epsilon_r = 41.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ [}^\circ\text{C]}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429 - WCE; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM Low band; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1037
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 127

Touch position - High - MMC Card/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.787 mW/g

Touch position - High - MMC Card/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

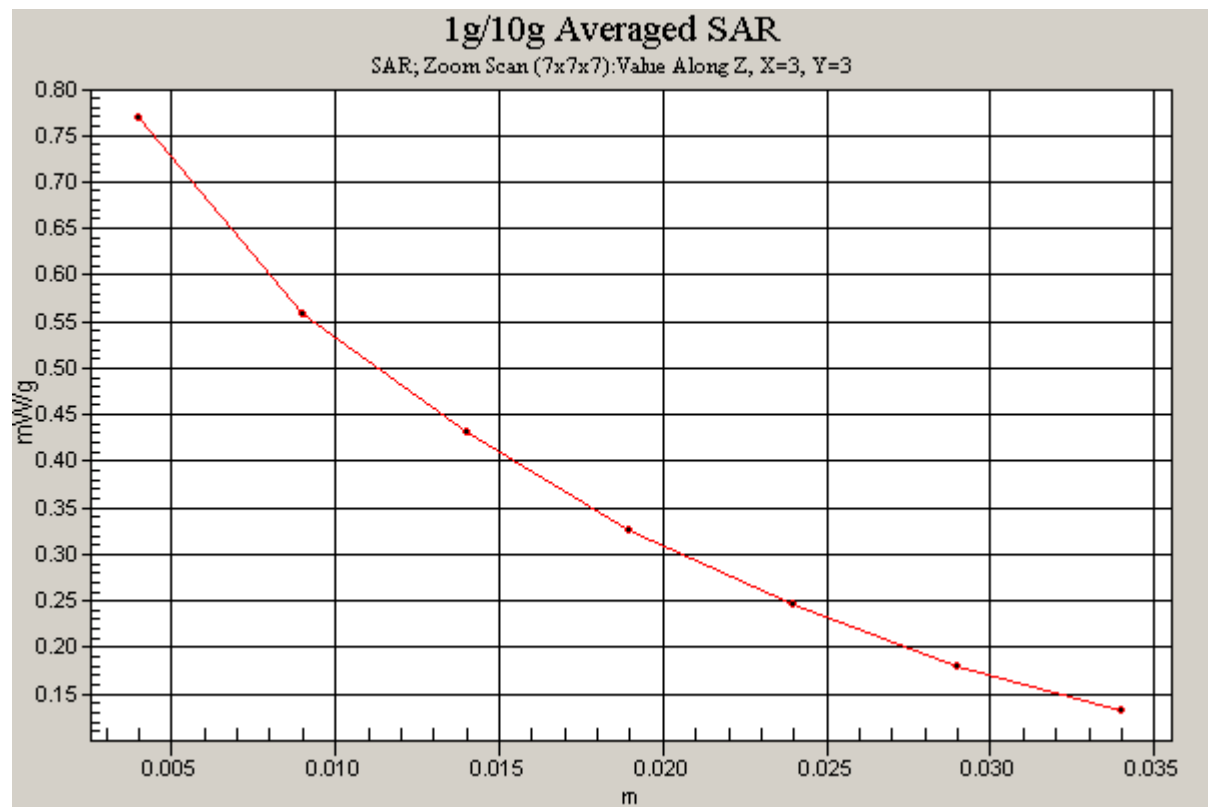
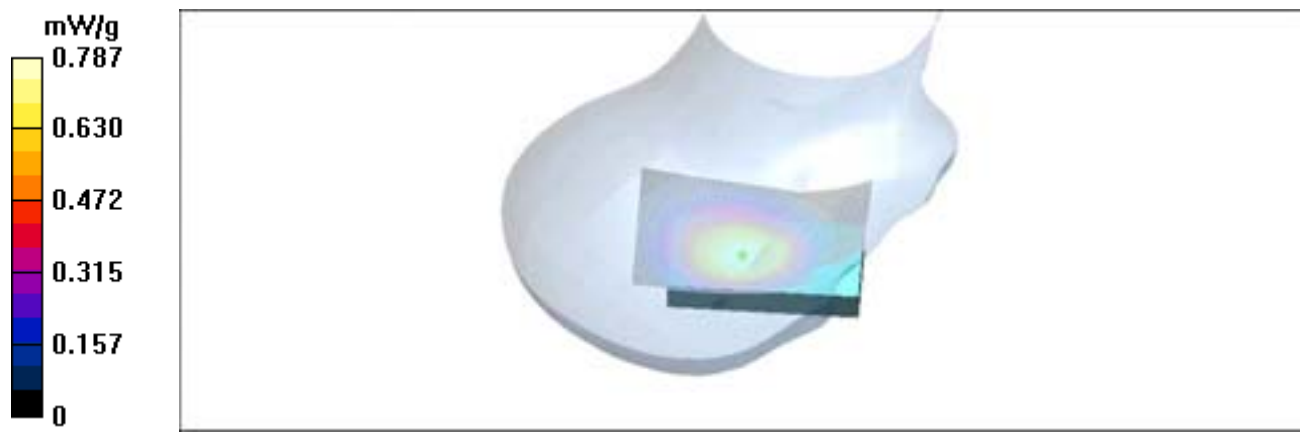
Reference Value = 21.5 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.733 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.518 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.768 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: 234445; Type: RH-68; Serial: 004400/51/174051/4

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Body 850 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.946$

mho/m ; $\epsilon_r = 53.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ [}^\circ\text{C]}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429 - WCE; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 127

Body - Middle - No Accessory/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.634 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

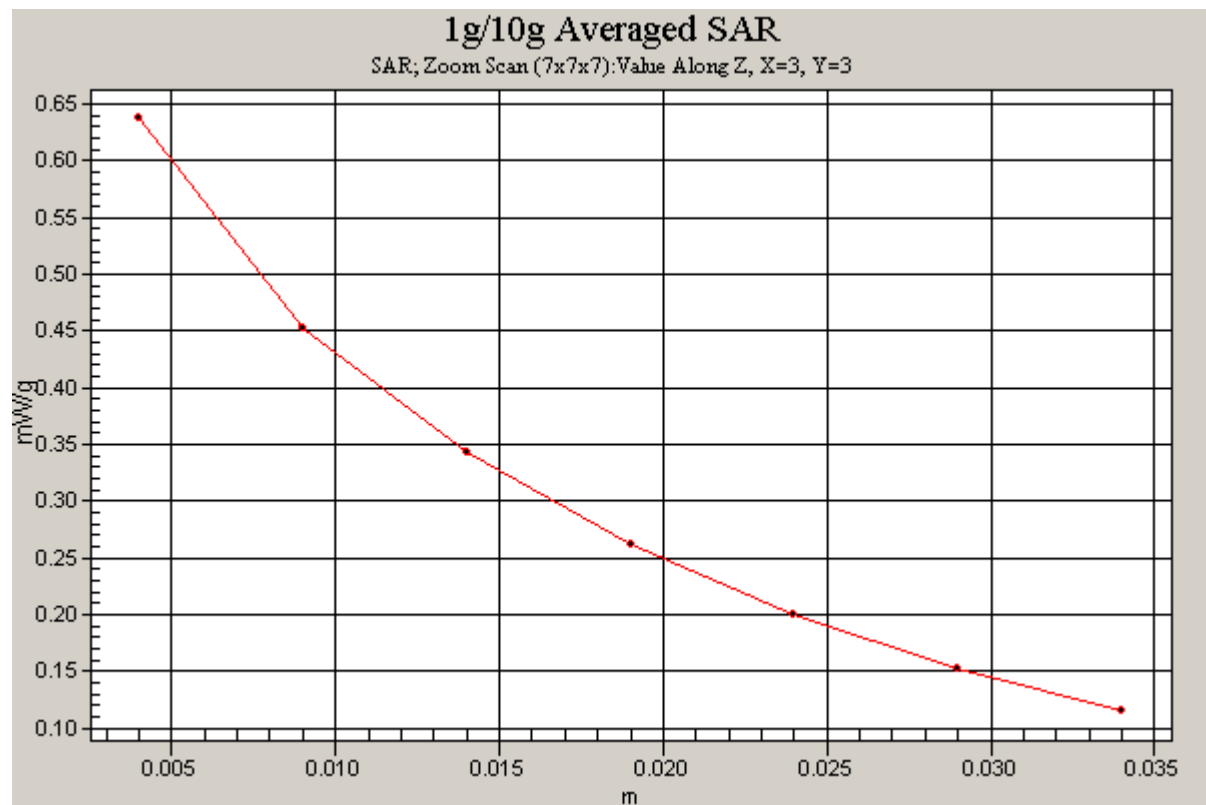
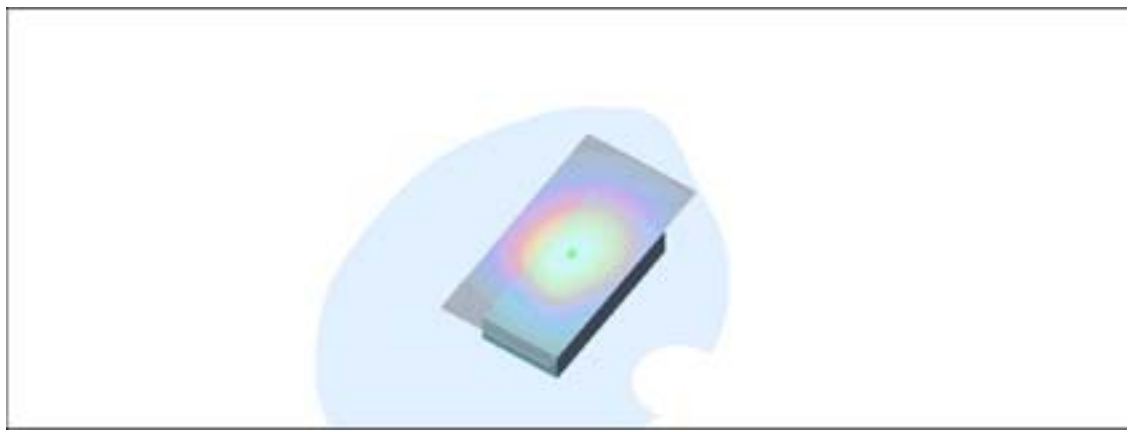
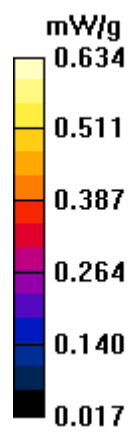
Reference Value = 16 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.897 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.604 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.430 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.634 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: 234445; Type: RH-68; Serial: 004400/51/174051/4

Communication System: GSM 850; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Body 850 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.946$

mho/m ; $\epsilon_r = 53.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429 - WCE; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 127

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Bluetooth Active/Area Scan (51x101x1):

Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.635 mW/g

Body - Middle - No Accessory - Bluetooth Active/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)

(7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

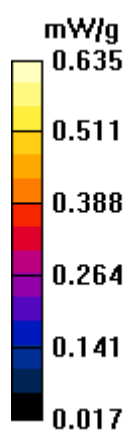
Reference Value = 16.1 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.890 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.604 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.430 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.635 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: 234445; Type: RH-68; Serial: 004400/51/174051/4

Communication System: GSM 850 (GPRS) 2UL; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 850 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.6 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.946$

mho/m ; $\epsilon_r = 53.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429 - WCE; ConvF(5.91, 5.91, 5.91); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM Body; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1302
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 127

Body - Middle - GPRS Mode/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.583 mW/g

Body - Middle - GPRS Mode/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

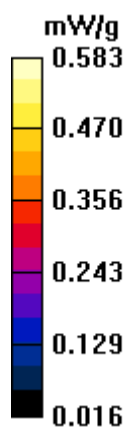
Reference Value = 15.6 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.887 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.546 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.390 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.575 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: 234445; Type: RH-68; Serial: 004400/51/174051/4

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.49$

mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient temperature: 22 ± 1 [°C]

Ambient humidity: 45 ± 10 [RH %]

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396 - WCE; ConvF(5.37, 5.37, 5.37); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn388; Calibrated: 24.05.2004
- Phantom: SAM High Band; Type: QD000P40CB; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 127

Touch position - High/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.577 mW/g

Touch position - High/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

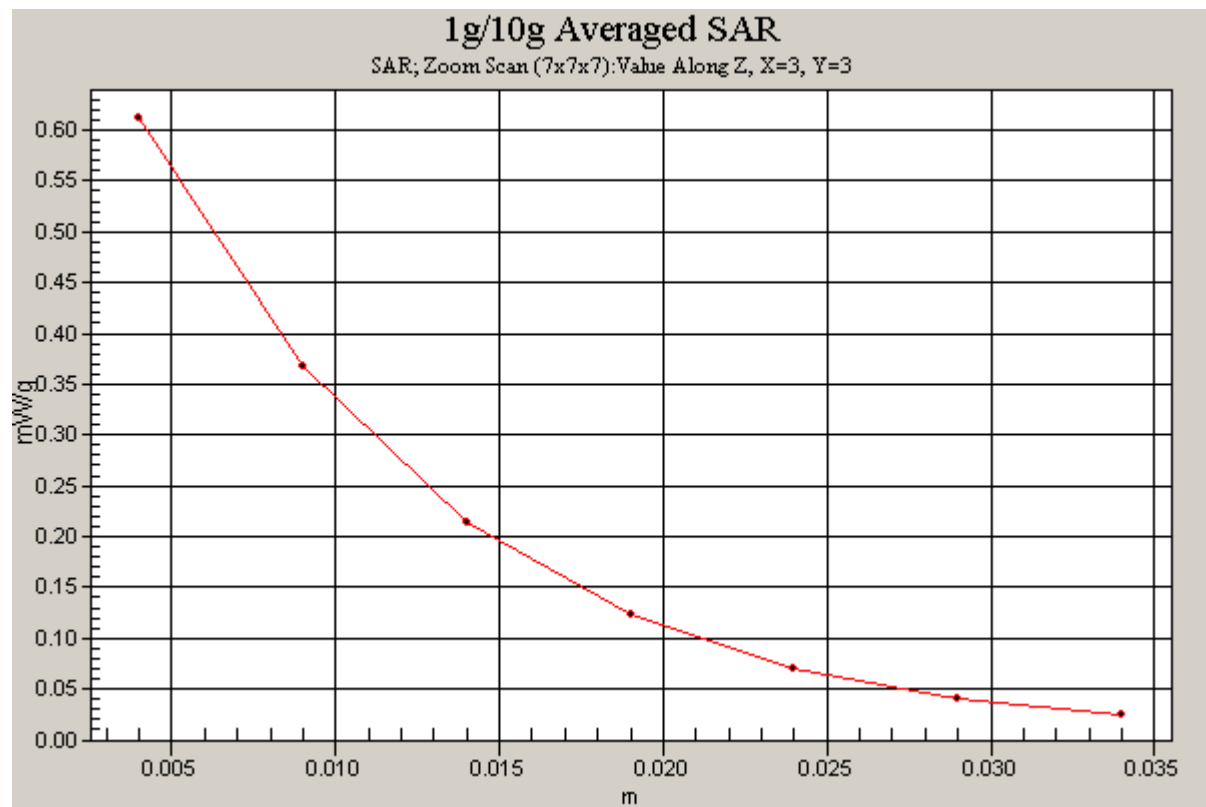
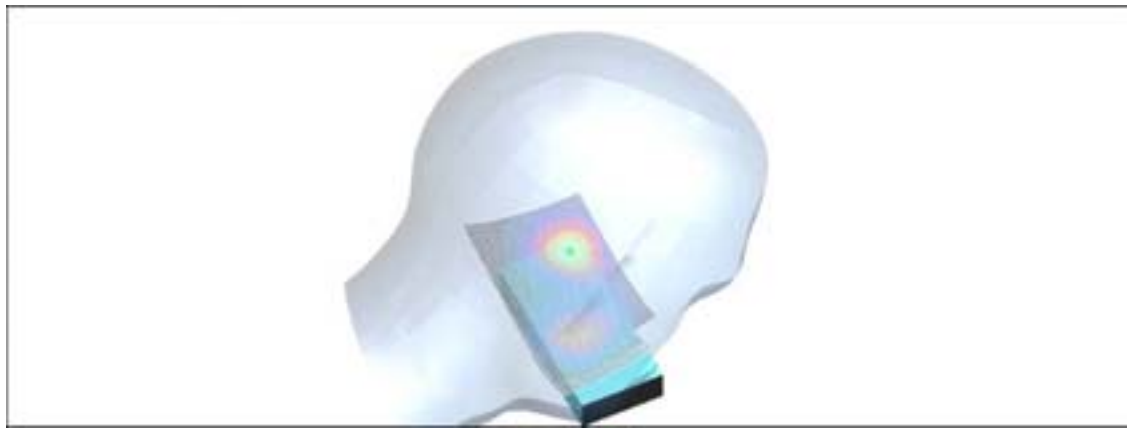
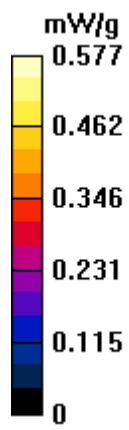
Reference Value = 16.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.916 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.544 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.292 mW/g

[Info: Interpolated medium parameters used for SAR evaluation!](#)

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.611 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: 234445; Type: RH-68; Serial: 004400/51/174051/4

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ [}^\circ\text{C]}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396 - WCE; ConvF(5.37, 5.37, 5.37); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn388; Calibrated: 24.05.2004
- Phantom: SAM High Band; Type: QD000P40CB; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 127

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.566 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

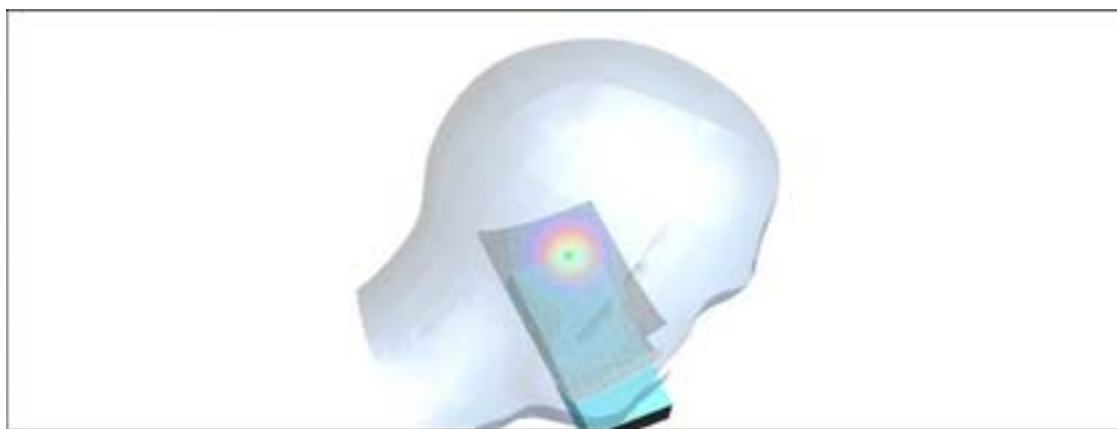
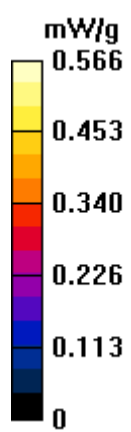
$dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 19.3 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.870 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.519 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.286 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.570 mW/g



Date/Time: 08/27/04 12:39:41

TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: 234445; Type: RH-68; Serial: 004400/51/174051/4

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ [}^\circ\text{C]}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396 - WCE; ConvF(5.37, 5.37, 5.37); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn388; Calibrated: 24.05.2004
- Phantom: SAM High Band; Type: QD000P40CB; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 127

Touch position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.432 mW/g

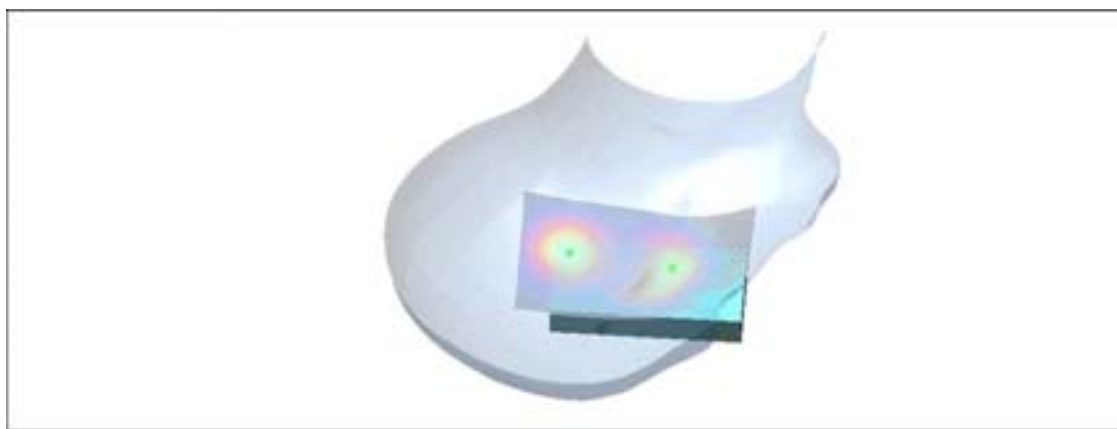
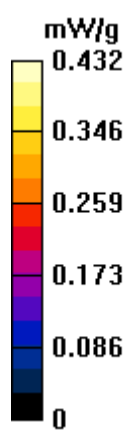
Touch position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 15.2 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.0 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.786 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.396 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.218 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.418 mW/g



Date/Time: 08/27/04 12:39:41

TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: 234445; Type: RH-68; Serial: 004400/51/174051/4

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ [}^\circ\text{C]}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1396 - WCE; ConvF(5.37, 5.37, 5.37); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical And Optical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn388; Calibrated: 24.05.2004
- Phantom: SAM High Band; Type: QD000P40CB; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 127

Tilt position - Middle/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.509 mW/g

Tilt position - Middle/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

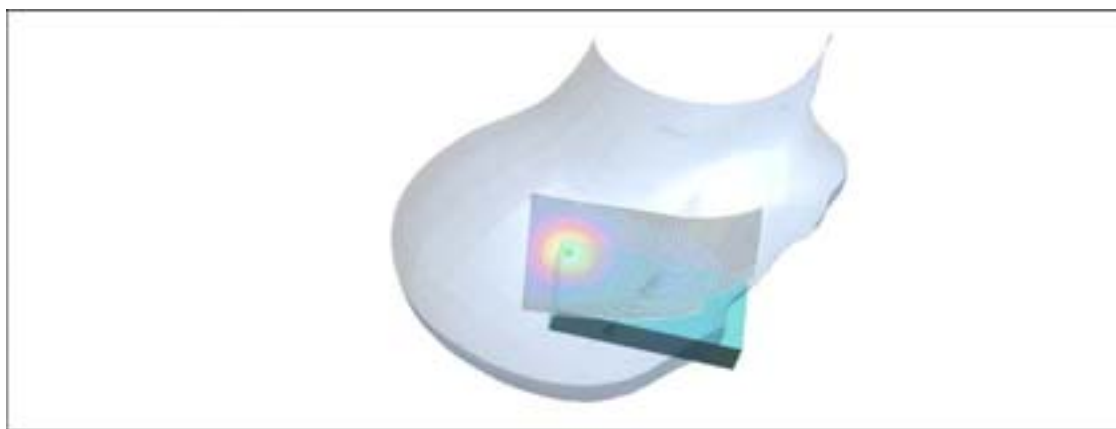
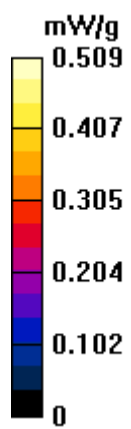
$dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 16.2 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.927 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.466 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.256 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.499 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: 234445; Type: RH-68; Serial: 004400/51/174051/4

Communication System: DCS 1900; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.3

Medium: Head 1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.45 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.6$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ [}^\circ\text{C]}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429 - WCE; ConvF(4.87, 4.87, 4.87); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM High Band; Type: QD000P40CB; Serial: TP-1301
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 22; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 127

Touch position - Middle - MMC Card/Area Scan (51x91x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.583 mW/g

Touch position - Middle - MMC Card/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

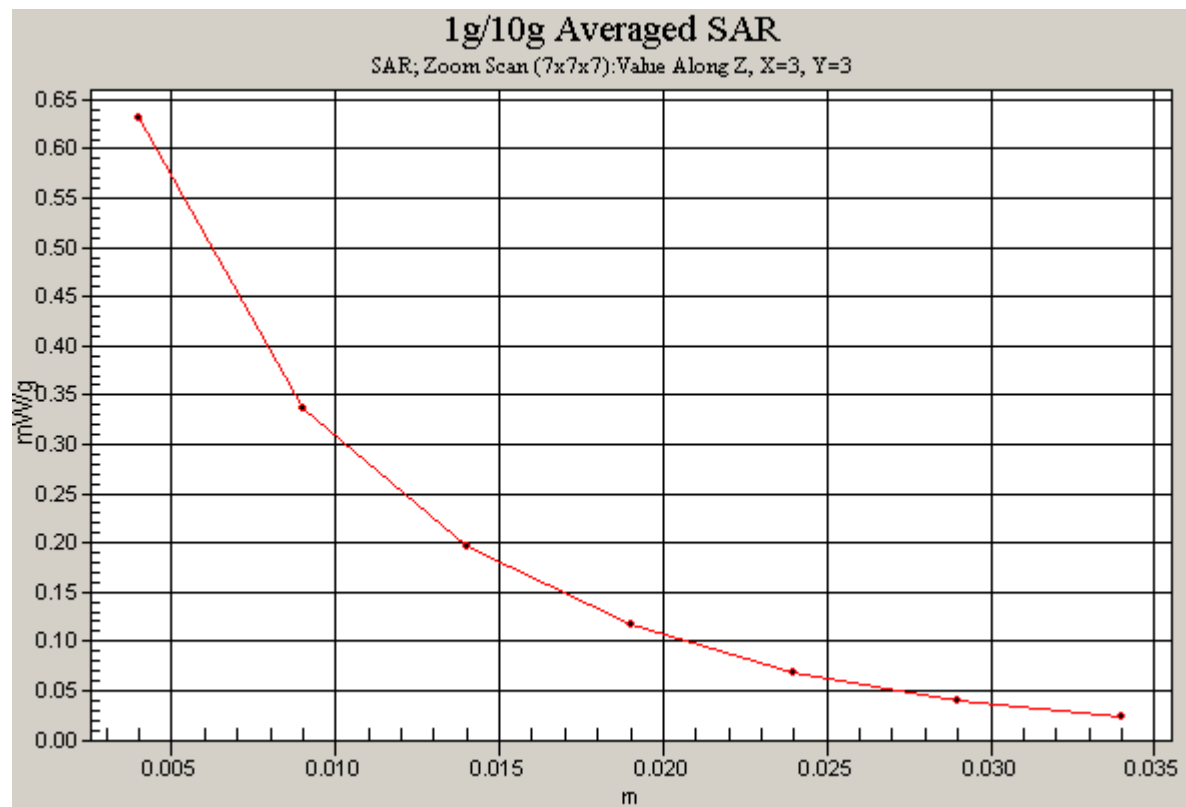
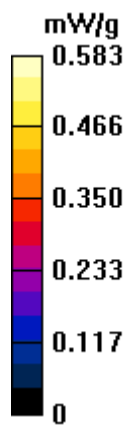
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 16.8 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.2 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.580 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.631 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: 234445; Type: RH-68; Serial: 004400/51/174051/4

Communication System: GPRS 1900 - 2UL; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.58 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51$; $\rho =$

1000 kg/m^3

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ [}^\circ\text{C]}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429 - WCE; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM High band; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1274
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 127

Body - Middle - No Accessory/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.567 mW/g

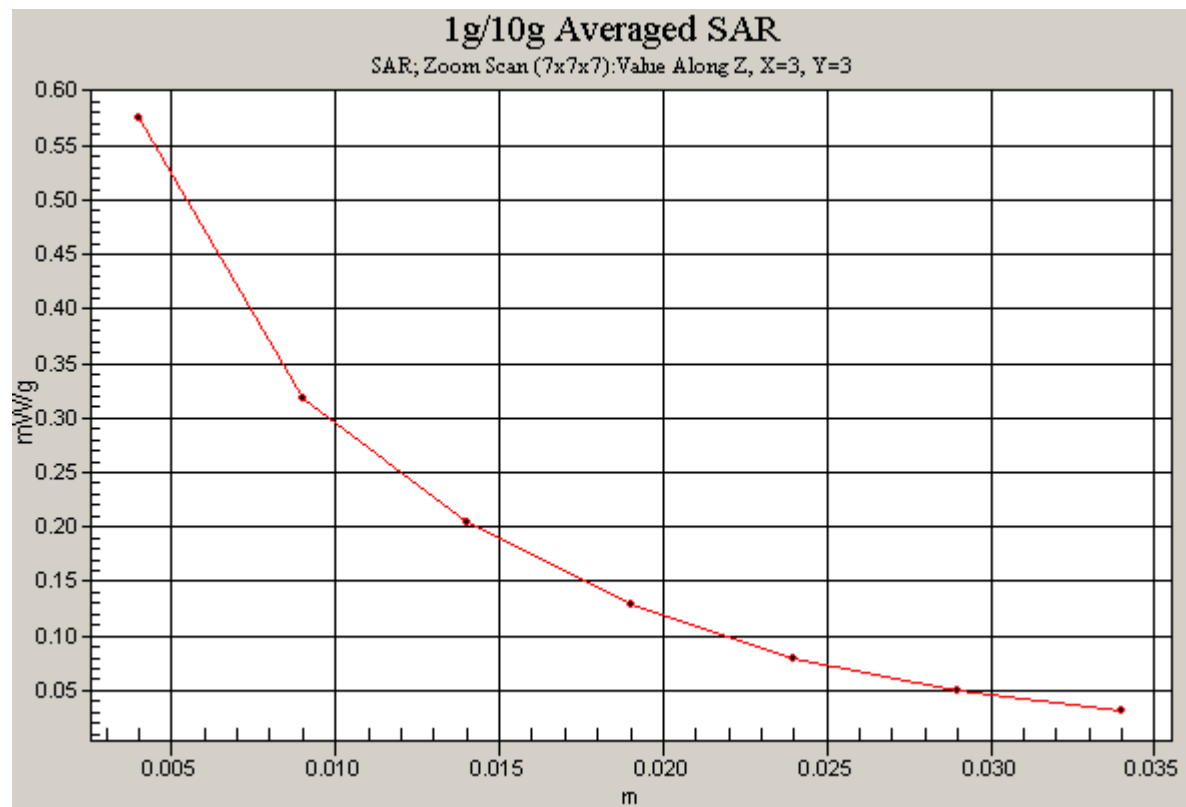
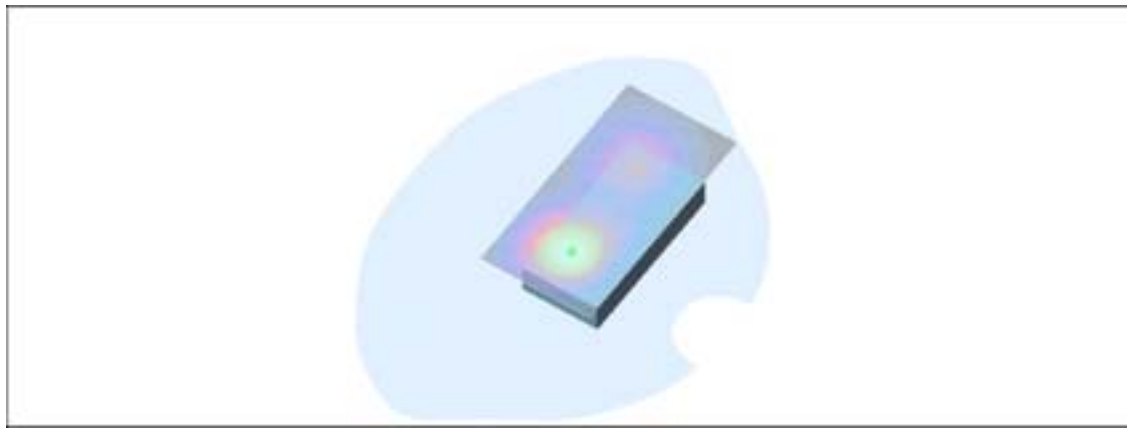
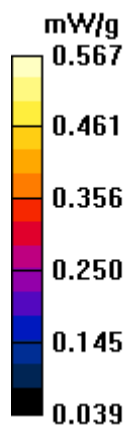
Body - Middle - No Accessory/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 18.7 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.12 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.549 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.321 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.575 mW/g



TCC

Copenhagen

DUT: 234445; Type: RH-68; Serial: 004400/51/174051/4

Communication System: GPRS 1900 - 2UL; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.2

Medium: Body 1900 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.6 \text{ mho/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 50.9$; $\rho =$

1000 kg/m^3

Ambient temperature: $22 \pm 1 \text{ [}^\circ\text{C]}$

Ambient humidity: $45 \pm 10 \text{ [RH \%]}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6R - SN1429 - WCE; ConvF(4.33, 4.33, 4.33); Calibrated: 21.01.2004
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn501; Calibrated: 15.01.2004
- Phantom: SAM High band; Type: Twin Phantom; Serial: TP-1274
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.3 Build 16; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.8 Build 127

Body - Middle - Bluetooth Active/Area Scan (51x101x1): Measurement grid:

$dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.646 mW/g

Body - Middle - Bluetooth Active/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

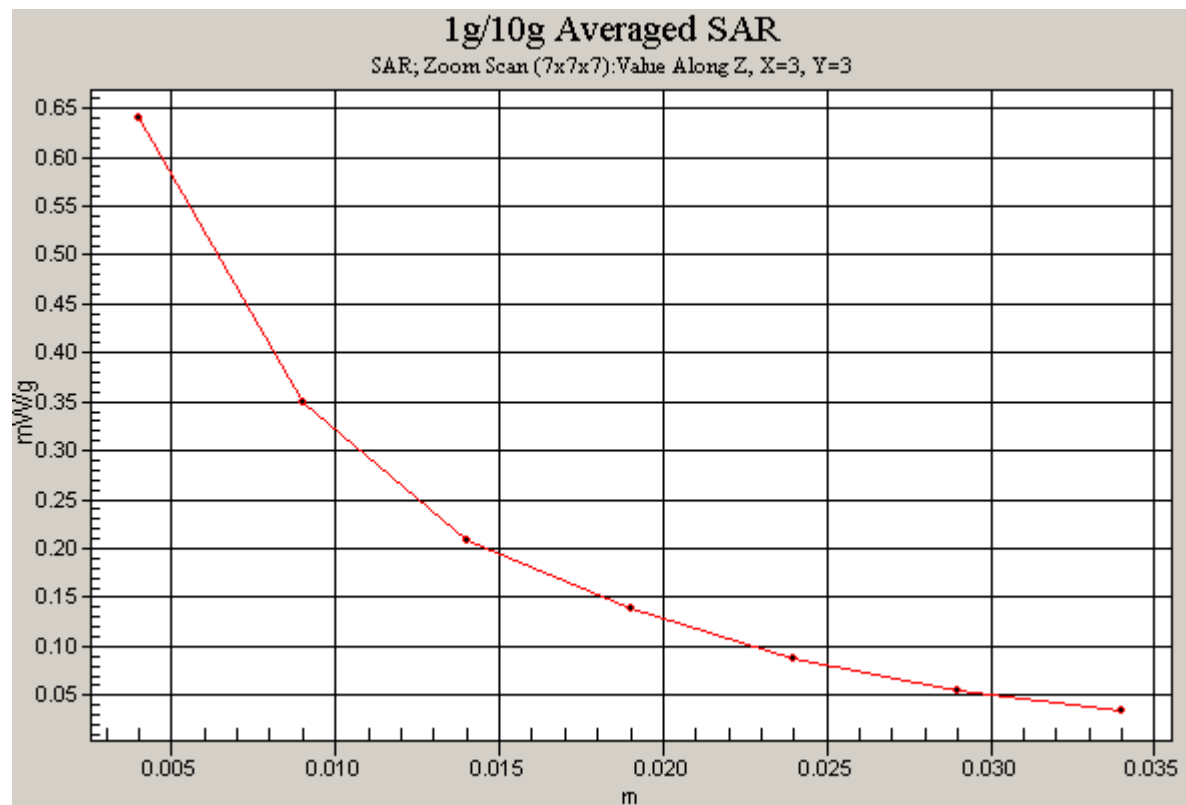
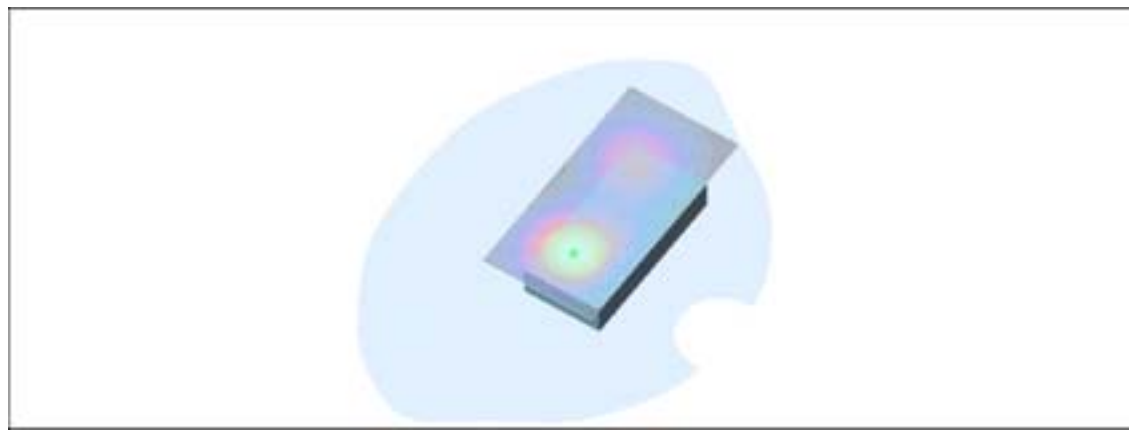
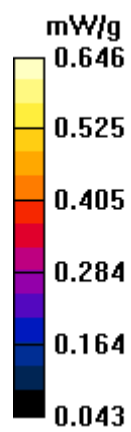
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 19.8 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.1 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.591 mW/g ; SAR(10 g) = 0.349 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.639 mW/g



See the following pages.

Client **Nokia TCC Salo**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s) **ET3DV6 - SN:1396**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v2
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **January 21, 2004**

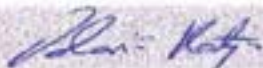
Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 ± 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

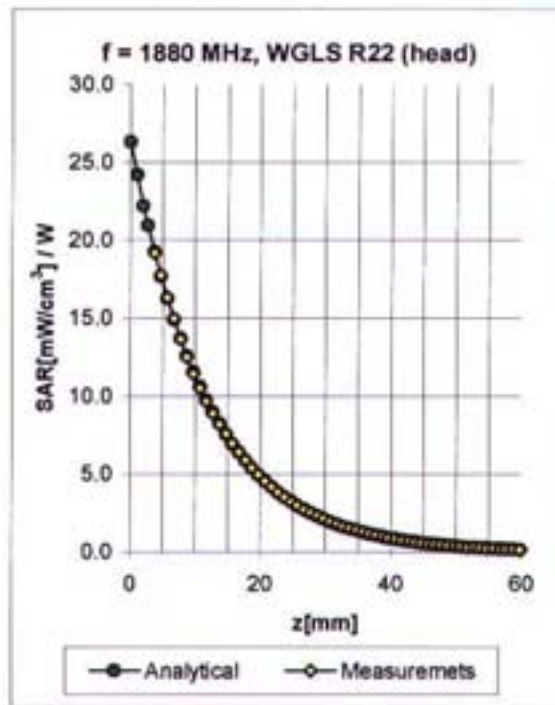
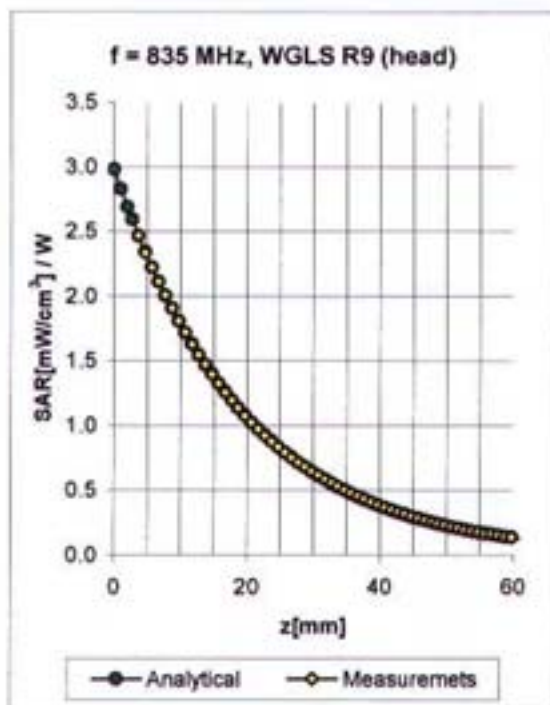
Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Apr-04
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Apr-04
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20b)	3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-0340)	Apr-04
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	8-Sep-03 (Sintrel SCS No. E-030020)	Sep-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct 05
RF generator HP 8684C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct 05

Calibrated by:	Name Nico Vetterli	Function Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	

Date issued: January 22, 2004

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] [®]	Tissue	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
835	750-950	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.90 ± 5%	0.52	1.86	6.98 ± 11.9% (k=2)
1880	1800-2000	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.49	2.69	5.37 ± 11.3% (k=2)
835	750-950	Body	55.2 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.44	2.09	6.80 ± 11.9% (k=2)
1880	1800-2000	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.55	2.88	4.79 ± 11.3% (k=2)

[®] The total standard uncertainty is calculated as root-sum-square of standard uncertainty of the Conversion Factor at calibration frequency and the standard uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

Client **Nokia DK**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s) **ET3DV6R - SN:1429**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v2**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **January 21, 2004**

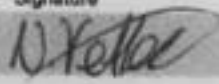
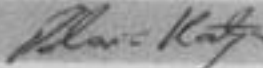
Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 +/- 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

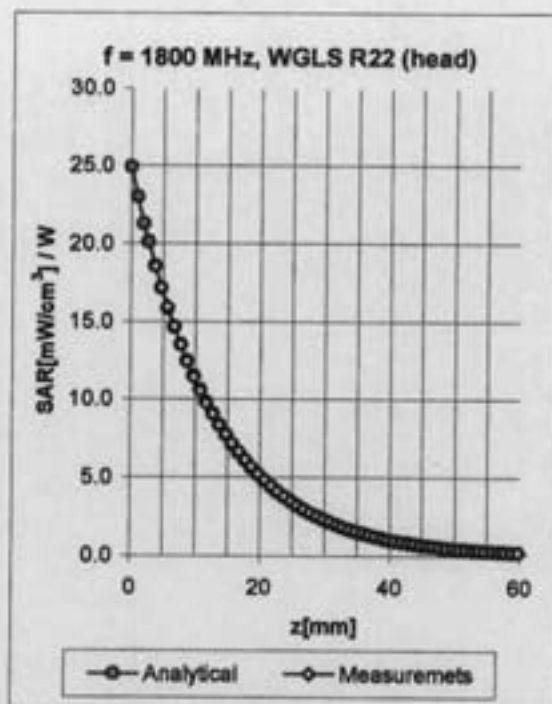
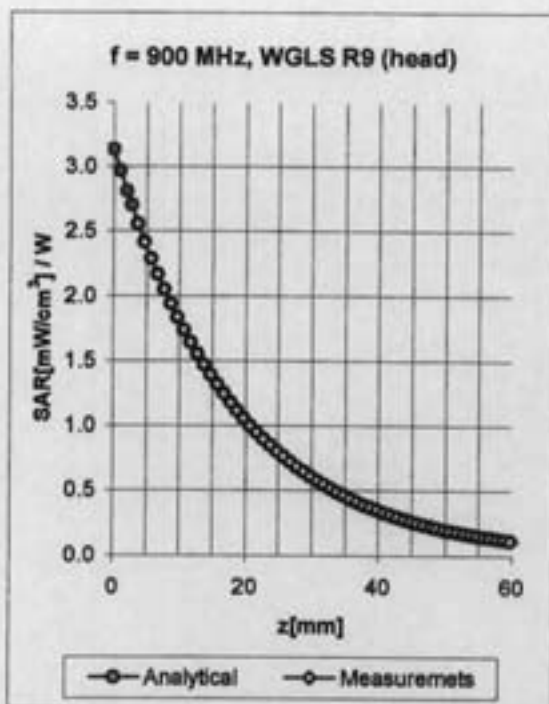
Model Type	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM E4419B	GB41293874	2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Apr-04
Power sensor E4412A	MY41495277	2-Apr-03 (METAS, No 252-0250)	Apr-04
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5086 (20b)	3-Apr-03 (METAS, No. 251-0340)	Apr-04
Fluke Process Calibrator Type 702	SN: 6295803	8-Sep-03 (Sintrel SCS No. E-030020)	Sep-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092180	18-Sep-02 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct 05
RF generator HP 8684C	US3642UD1700	4-Aug-99 (SPEAG, in house check Aug-02)	In house check: Aug-05
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (SPEAG, in house check Oct-03)	In house check: Oct 05

Calibrated by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Nico Vetterli	Technician	
Approved by:	Name	Function	Signature
	Katja Pokovic	Laboratory Director	

Date issued: January 22, 2004

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

Conversion Factor Assessment



f [MHz]	Validity [MHz] ^a	Tissue	Permittivity	Conductivity	Alpha	Depth	ConvF Uncertainty
900	800-1000	Head	41.5 ± 5%	0.97 ± 5%	0.51	1.96	6.09 ± 11.3% (k=2)
1800	1710-1910	Head	40.0 ± 5%	1.40 ± 5%	0.47	2.60	4.87 ± 11.7% (k=2)
900	800-1000	Body	55.0 ± 5%	1.05 ± 5%	0.48	2.10	5.91 ± 11.3% (k=2)
1800	1710-1910	Body	53.3 ± 5%	1.52 ± 5%	0.55	2.70	4.33 ± 11.7% (k=2)

^a The total standard uncertainty is calculated as root-sum-square of standard uncertainty of the Conversion Factor at calibration frequency and the standard uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT PAGES FROM DIPOLE VALIDATION KIT REPORT(S)

See the following pages.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client **Nokia Denmark A/S**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s) **D835V2 - SN:476**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-06-V2
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date **February 25, 2003**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)**

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility, environment temperature 22 ± 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-2002	In house check: Mar-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02	Oct-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	30-Oct-02	Oct-03
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	30-Oct-02	Oct-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432426	3-May-01	In house check: May-03

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by	Kaja Polovic	Laboratory Director	
Approved by	Markus Kuster	Quality Manager	

Date issued: February 26, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed

Date/Time: 02/25/03 17:45:15

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland
 File Name: SN476_SN1507_HSL835_250203.da4

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Serial: D835V2 - SN476
Program: Dipole Calibration

Communication System: CW-835, Frequency: 835 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium: HSL 835 MHz, ($\sigma = 0.89 \text{ mho}\cdot\text{m}$, $\epsilon_r = 41.5$, $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507; ConvF(6.7, 6.7, 6.7); Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 23, Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 105

$P_{in} = 250 \text{ mW}$; $d = 15 \text{ mm}$ /Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: $dx = 15 \text{ mm}$, $dy = 15 \text{ mm}$

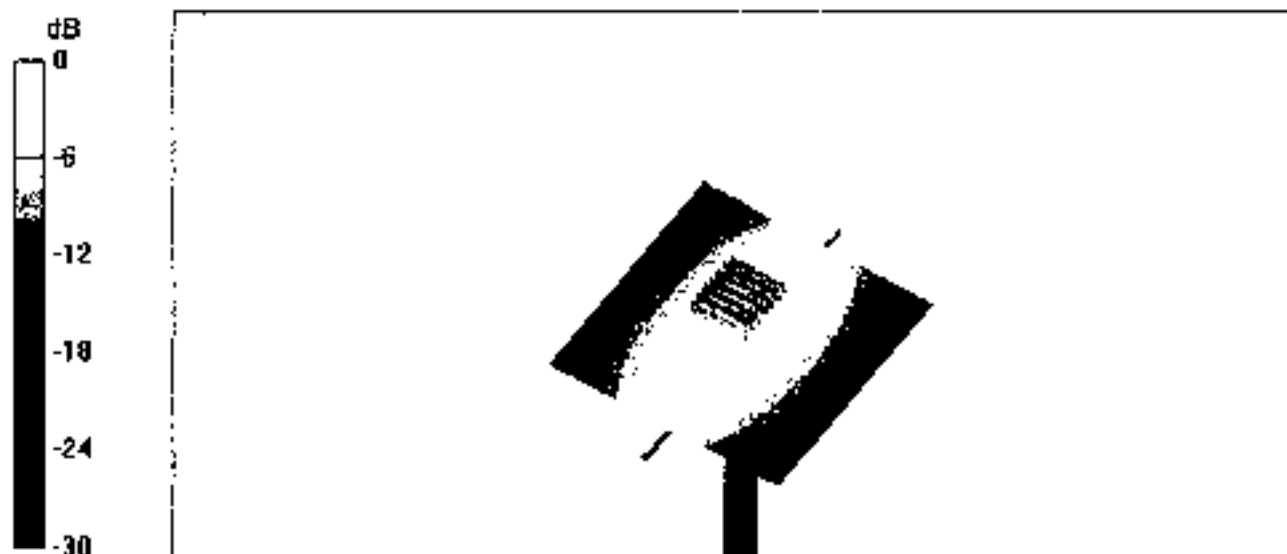
$P_{in} = 250 \text{ mW}$; $d = 15 \text{ mm}$ /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx = 5 \text{ mm}$, $dy = 5 \text{ mm}$, $dz = 5 \text{ mm}$

Reference Value = 56.2 V/m

Peak SAR = 3.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.41 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.03 dB



Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client **Nokia Denmark A/S**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s) **D835V2 - SN:476**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v2
Calibration procedure for dipole variation kits**

Calibration date **April 7, 2003**

Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)**

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 ± 2 degrees Celsius and humidity $< 75\%$

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-2002	In house check: Mar-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02	Oct-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	30-Oct-02	Oct-03
Power meter EPM E442	GB37460704	30-Oct-02	Oct-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432425	3-May-00	In house check: May 03

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Johannes Muehle	Technician	
Approved by:	Karin P. Schmid	Laboratory Director	

Date issued: April 11, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed.

25/04-07
JK

Date/Time: 04/07/03 13:58:59

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland
 File Name: SN476_SN1507_M835_070403.da4

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Serial: D835V2 - SN476
Program: Dipole Calibration

Communication System: CW-835; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium: Muscle 835 MHz; ($\sigma = 0.96$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 54.03$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DV6 - SN1507, ConvF(6.3, 6.3, 6.3), Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 33; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 109

Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

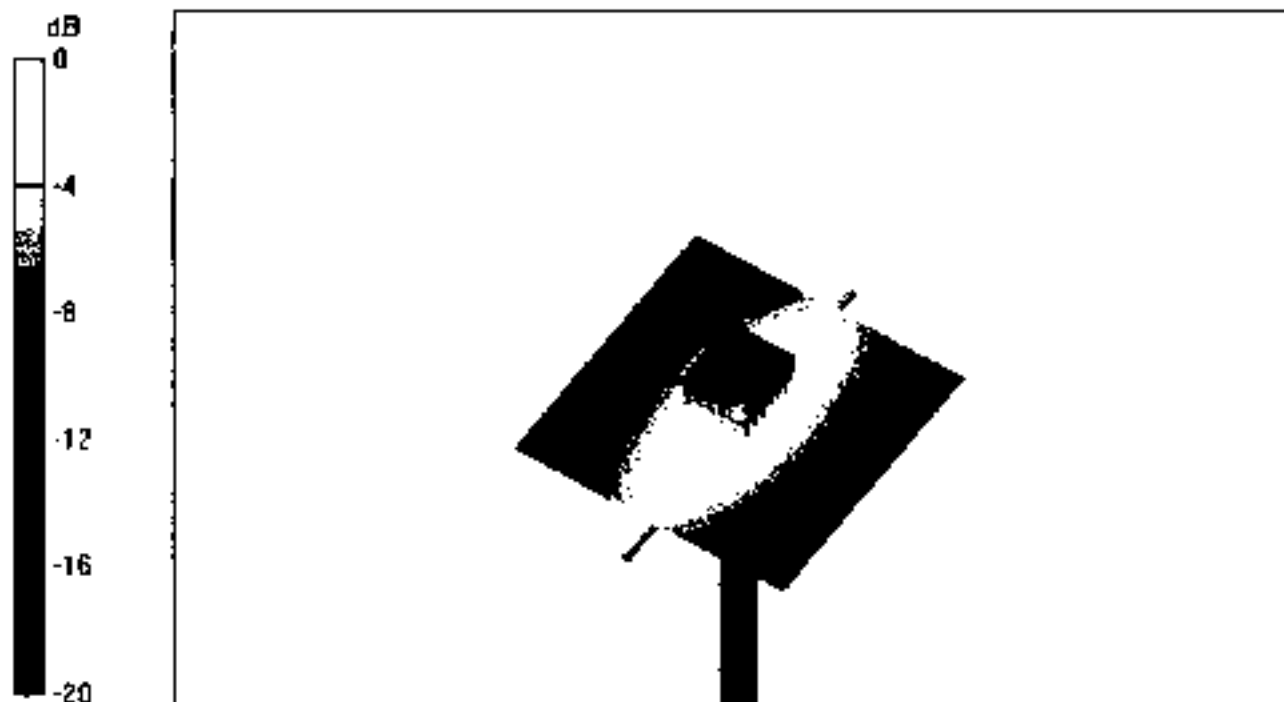
Pin = 250 mW; d = 15 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 55.4 V/m

Peak SAR = 3.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.53 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.67 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.02 dB



Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client **Nokia Denmark A/S**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s) **D1900V2 - SN:5d026**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA-CAL-05.v2
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date **February 26, 2003**

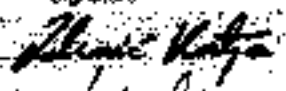
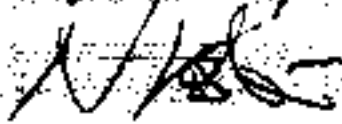
Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)**

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility environment temperature 22 ± 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-2002	In house check: Mar-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	16-Oct-02	Oct-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	30-Oct-02	Oct-03
Power meter EPM E442	GB37480704	30-Oct-02	Oct-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432428	3-May-00	In house check: May-03

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Katja Poterko	Laboratory Director	
Approved by:	Hilke Kuster	Quality Manager	

Date issued: February 28, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed

Date/Time: 02.26.03 17:17:26

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

File Name: SNSd026_SN1507_IISL1900_260203.da4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Serial: D1900V2 - SNSd026

Program: Dipole Calibration

Communication System: CW-1900, Frequency: 1900 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: IISL 1900 MHz; ($\sigma = 1.46 \text{ mho/m}$, $\epsilon_r = 38.6$, $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: ET3DM6 - SN1507; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2), Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 25, Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 105

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Arca Scan (81x81x1); Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

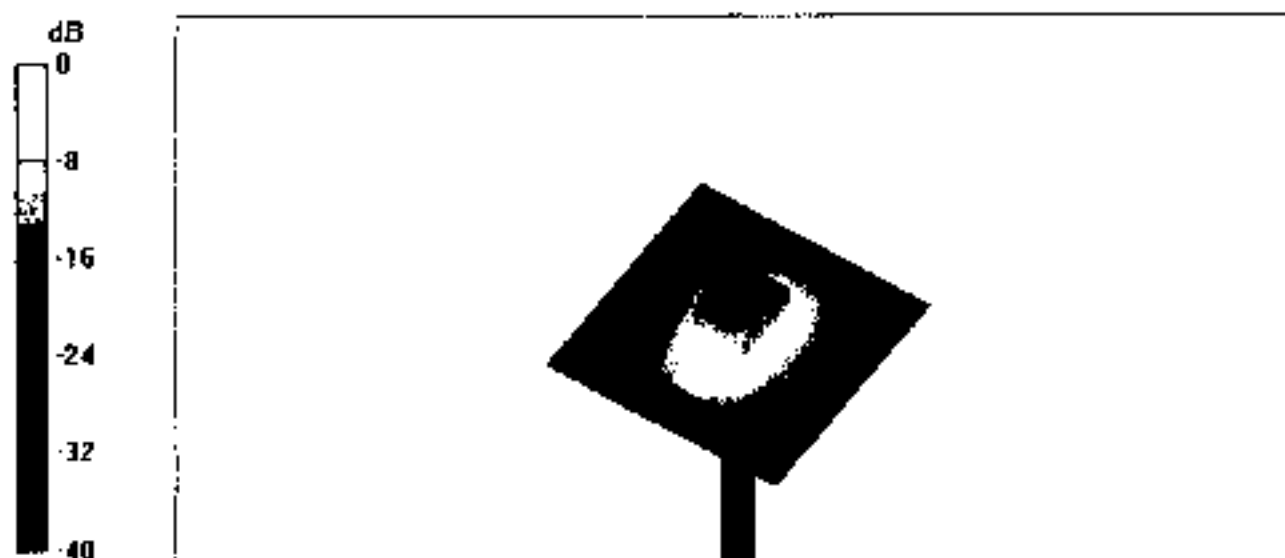
Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0; Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 95.2 V/m

Peak SAR = 18.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g, SAR(10 g) = 5.31 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.04 dB



Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

Client **Nokia Denmark A/S**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object(s) **01900V2 - SN:50926**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05 V2
Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits**

Calibration date **April 8, 2003**

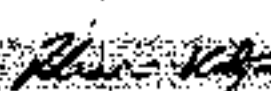
Condition of the calibrated item **In Tolerance (according to the specific calibration document)**

This calibration statement documents traceability of M&TE used in the calibration procedures and conformity of the procedures with the ISO/IEC 17025 international standard

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature 22 ± 2 degrees Celsius and humidity < 75%

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Model Type	ID #	Cal Date	Scheduled Calibration
RF generator R&S SML-03	100698	27-Mar-2002	In house check Mar-05
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	18-Oct-02	Oct-04
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	30-Oct-02	Oct-03
Power meter EPM E442	GB37489704	30-Oct-02	Oct-03
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US38432426	3-May-00	In house check May-03

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	JOHN T. SMITH	Technician	
Approved by:	Klaus P. Schmid	Laboratory Director	

Date issued April 12, 2003

This calibration certificate is issued as an intermediate solution until the accreditation process (based on ISO/IEC 17025 International Standard) for Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG is completed

25/4-03
JH

Date/Time: 04:08:03 13:41:14

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

File Name: SN5d026_SN1507_M1900_080403.da4

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Serial: D1900V2 - SN5d026**Program: Dipole Calibration**

Communication System: CW-1900, Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: Muscle 1900 MHz; ($\sigma = 1.59$ mho/m, $\epsilon_r = 51.2$, $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³)

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY4 Configuration:

- Probe: 1/T3DV6 - SN1507, ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8), Calibrated: 1/18/2003
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 - SN411; Calibrated: 1/16/2003
- Phantom: SAM with CRP - TP1006; Type: SAM 4.0; Serial: TP1006
- Measurement SW: DASY4, V4.1 Build 33; Postprocessing SW: SEMCAD, V1.6 Build 109

Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Area Scan (81x81x1); Measurement grid: dx = 15mm, dy = 15mm**Pin = 250 mW; d = 10 mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0; Measurement grid: dx = 5mm, dy = 5mm, dz = 5mm**

Reference Value = 91.2 V/m

Peak SAR = 18.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.6 mW/g, SAR(10 g) = 5.51 mW/g

Power Drift = 0.09 dB

