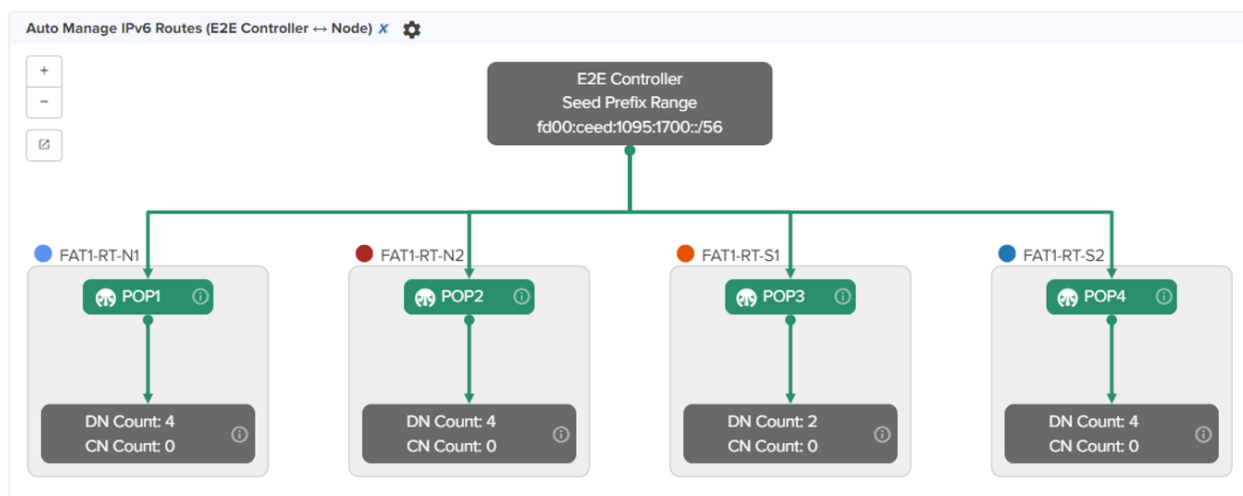


Figure 236: Diagrammatic representation of IPv6 routes and traffic control



Unconnected PoPs

In a multi-PoP network, PoPs must be able to exchange openR packets either on wired or wireless path. Otherwise, DNs might not receive the IPv6 address allocation and do not onboard to E2E Controller. This is due to when Controller sends the Prefix Allocation message to one of the PoPs and expects the message to reach other PoPs through openR.

In some cases, PoPs might be isolated temporarily, especially while building the network. Figure 237 is an example that shows two unconnected zones.

Figure 237: Unconnected zones due to isolated PoPs



To facilitate such a scenario, a new configuration parameter **flags.enable_pop_prefix_broadcast** has been introduced in this release. This parameter supports the following Boolean values:

- true - When the value of this parameter is set to true, E2E Controller sends the prefix allocation message to all PoPs individually.
- false -When the value of this parameter is set to false, E2E Controller sends the prefix allocation message to one of the PoPs.

The default value of this parameter is false (default setting).



Note

You must set this parameter's flag to false when there is a wired or wireless path between PoPs.

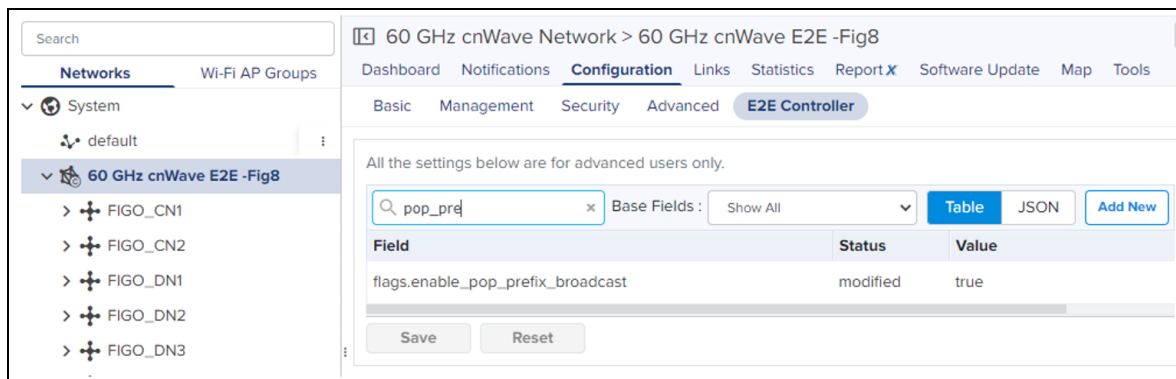
You can modify the **flags.enable_pop_prefix_broadcast** parameter in the UI of 60 GHz cnWave.

To configure the parameter, perform the following steps:

1. From the landing page of the device UI, navigate to **Configuration > E2E Controller**.

The E2E Controller page appears. The **flags.enable_pop_prefix_broadcast** parameter is available in the E2E Controller page, as shown in [Figure 238](#).

Figure 238: The *flags.enable_pop_prefix_broadcast* parameter



2. Modify the value of the parameter.
3. Click **Save** to save the configuration changes.

Regulatory Information

This chapter provides regulatory notifications.



Caution

Intentional or unintentional changes or modifications to the equipment must not be made unless under the express consent of the party responsible for compliance. Any such modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment and will void the manufacturer's warranty.



Attention

Les changements ou modifications intentionnels ou non intentionnels à l'équipement ne doivent pas être effectués sauf avec le consentement exprès de la partie responsable de la conformité. De telles modifications pourraient annuler l'autorisation de l'utilisateur à faire fonctionner l'équipement et annulera la garantie du fabricant.

The following topics are described in this chapter:

- Compliance with safety standards lists the safety specifications against which the 60 GHz cnWave family of ODUs has been tested and certified. It also describes how to keep RF exposure within safe limits.
- Compliance with radio regulations describes how the 60 GHz cnWave family of ODUs complies with the radio regulations that are in force in various countries.

Compliance with safety standards

This section lists the safety specifications against which the 60 GHz cnWave™ platform family is tested and certified. It also describes how to keep RF exposure within safe limits.

Electrical safety compliance

The 60 GHz cnWave platform family hardware is tested for compliance to the electrical safety specifications listed in following [Safety compliance specifications](#) table.

Table 52: Safety compliance specifications

Region	Specification
USA	UL 62368-1, UL 60950-22
Canada	CSA C22.2 No.62368-1, CSA C22.2 No. 60950-22
Europe	EN 62368-1, EN 60950-22
International	CB certified IEC 62368-1 Edition 2 IEC 60950 -22

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) compliance

The EMC specification type approvals that are granted for 60 GHz cnWave platform family are listed in following table.

Table 53: EMC compliance

Region	Specification
USA	FCC Part 15 Class B
Canada	RSS Gen
Europe/International	EN 301 489-1 V2.2.3, EN 301 489-17 V3.2.4

Human exposure to radio frequency energy

Relevant standards (USA and EC) applicable when working with RF equipment are:

- ANSI IEEE C95.1-2005, IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz
- Council recommendation of 12 July 1999 on the limitation of exposure of the general public to electromagnetic fields (0 Hz to 300 GHz) (1999/519/EC) and respective national regulations
- *Directive 2013/35/EU - electromagnetic fields* of 26 June 2013 on the minimum health and safety requirements regarding the exposure of workers to the risks arising from physical agents (electromagnetic fields) (20th individual Directive within the meaning of Article 16(1) of Directive 89/391/EEC) and repealing Directive 2004/40/EC.
- US FCC limits for the general population. See the FCC web site at <http://www.fcc.gov>, and the policies, guidelines, and requirements in Part 1 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as well as the guidelines and suggestions for evaluating compliance in FCC OET Bulletin 65
- Health Canada limits for the general population. See the Health Canada web site at <https://www.canada.ca/en.html>.
- EN 62232: 2017 Determination of RF field strength, power density and SAR in the vicinity of radiocommunication base stations for the purpose of evaluating human exposure (IEC 62232:2017)
- EN 50385:2017 Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of base station equipment with radiofrequency electromagnetic field exposure limits (110 MHz - 100 GHz), when placed on the market
- ICNIRP (International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection) guidelines for the general public. See the ICNIRP web site at <https://www.icnirp.org/cms/upload/publications/ICNIRPemfgdl.pdf> and Guidelines for Limiting Exposure to Time-Varying Electric, Magnetic, and Electromagnetic Fields.

Power density exposure limit

Install the radios for the 60 GHz cnWave platform family of wireless solutions to provide and maintain the minimum separation distances from all persons.

The applicable FCC power density exposure limit for RF energy in the 57 – 66 GHz frequency bands is 10 W/m². For more information, see [Human exposure to radio frequency energy](#).

Calculation of power density

The following calculation is based on the ANSI IEEE C95.1-1991 method, as that provides a worst-case analysis.

Peak power density in the far field of a radio frequency point source is calculated as follows:

$$S = \frac{P \cdot G}{4\pi d^2}$$

Where:

S: power density in W/m²

p: maximum average transmit power capability of the radio, in W

G: total Tx gain as a factor, converted from dB

d: distance from point source, in m

Rearranging terms to solve for distance yields:

$$d = \sqrt{P \cdot G / 4\pi S}$$

Calculated distances and power compliance margins

The following table displays recommended calculated separation distances, for the 60 GHz cnWave™ for Europe the USA and Canada. These are conservative distances that include compliance margins.



Note

Les tableaux suivants indiquent les distances de séparation recommandées calculées pour le cnWave™ 60 GHz pour l'Europe, les États-Unis et le Canada. Ce sont des distances prudentes qui incluent des marges de conformité.

At these and greater separation distances, the power density from the RF field is below generally accepted limits for the general population.



Note

À ces distances de séparation et à des distances supérieures, la densité de puissance du champ RF est inférieure aux limites généralement acceptées pour la population générale.

60 GHz cnWave™ Platform Family ODU adheres to all applicable EIRP limits for transmit power when operating in MIMO mode. Separation distances and compliance margins include compensation for the antenna configuration of each product.



Note

L'ODU de la famille de plates-formes cnWave™ 60 GHz respecte toutes les limites EIRP applicables pour la puissance de transmission lors d'un fonctionnement en mode MIMO. Les distances de séparation et les marges de conformité incluent la compensation de la configuration d'antenne de chaque produit.

Table 54: Calculated distances and power compliance margins

Product	Countries	EIRP (dBm)	EIRP (W)	Maximum power density (W/m ²)	Compliance distance (m)
V1000	USA, Canada, EU	38	6.3	10	0.22
V2000	USA, Canada, EU	49	79.4	10	0.9
V3000	USA, Canada	60.5	1122	10	3.0
V3000	EU	55	316.2	10	1.6
V5000	USA, Canada, EU	38	6.3	10	0.22



Note

The regulations require that the power used for the calculations is the maximum power in the transmit burst subject to allowance for source-based time-averaging.

The calculations above are based upon platform maximum EIRP and worst case 100% duty cycle.



Remarque

Les réglementations exigent que la puissance utilisée pour les calculs soit la puissance maximale de la rafale d'émission sous réserve de la moyenne temporelle basée sur la source.

Les calculs ci-dessus sont basés sur la PIRE maximale de la plate-forme et le pire des cas, un cycle de service de 100%.

Compliance with radio regulations

This section describes how the 60 GHz cnWave platform family complies with the radio regulations that are in force in various countries.



Caution

Where necessary, the end user is responsible for obtaining any national licenses required to operate this product and these must be obtained before using the product in any particular country. Contact the appropriate national administrations for details of the conditions of use for the bands in question and any exceptions that might apply.



Attention

Le cas échéant, l'utilisateur final est responsable de l'obtention des licences nationales nécessaires pour faire fonctionner ce produit. Celles-ci doivent être obtenus avant d'utiliser le produit dans un pays particulier. Contactez les administrations nationales concernées pour les détails des conditions d'utilisation des bandes en question, et toutes les exceptions qui pourraient s'appliquer.



Caution

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Cambium Networks could void the user's authority to operate the system.



Attention

Les changements ou modifications non expressément approuvés par les réseaux de Cambium pourraient annuler l'autorité de l'utilisateur à faire fonctionner le système.

Type approvals

The system is tested against various local technical regulations and found to comply. The [Radio specifications](#) section lists the radio specification type approvals that is granted for the 60GHz cnWave products.

Some of the frequency bands in which the system operates are "license exempt" and the system is allowed to be used provided it does not cause interference. In these bands, the licensing authority does not guarantee protection against interference from other products and installations.

Region	Regulatory approvals	FCC ID	IC ID
USA	Part 15C	QWP-60V1000 QWP-60V2000 QWP-60V3000 QWP-60V5000	-
Canada	ISED RSS-210	-	109AO-60V1000 109AO-60V2000 109AO-60V3000 109AO-60V5000

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) compliance

The 60 GHz cnWave V1000, V2000, V3000 and V5000 comply with the regulations that are in force in the USA.



Caution

If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception.

FCC Notification

This device complies with part 15C of the US FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada (ISED) compliance

The 60 GHz cnWave V1000, V2000, V3000 and V5000 comply with the regulations that are in force in Canada.



Caution

If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception.



Attention

Si cet équipement cause des interférences à la réception radio ou télévision.

60 GHz cnWave example product labels

Figure 239: 60 GHz cnWave™ V5000 Distribution Node

Model No/HVIN:V5000 Part No:C600500A004A SERIAL NO (MSN):##### MAC (ESN):##### This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation IMPORTANT: See the System User Guide before connecting to AC Power. The Guide is available online at www.cambiumnetworks.com/guides MADE IN CHINA X-SZHO-H	 Cambium Networks™ Ashburton, TQ13 7UP, UK 60GHz cnWave V5000 Distribution Node VIN: 42.5-57V IMAX: 1.41A E112443 COMPLIES WITH UL62368-1 / CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1-14 UL60950-22 / CSA C22.2 No. 60950-22-17 FCC ID: QWP-60V5000 IC: 109AO-60V5000	IP66/67
	   	

Figure 240: 60 GHz cnWave™ V3000 Client Node Radio only

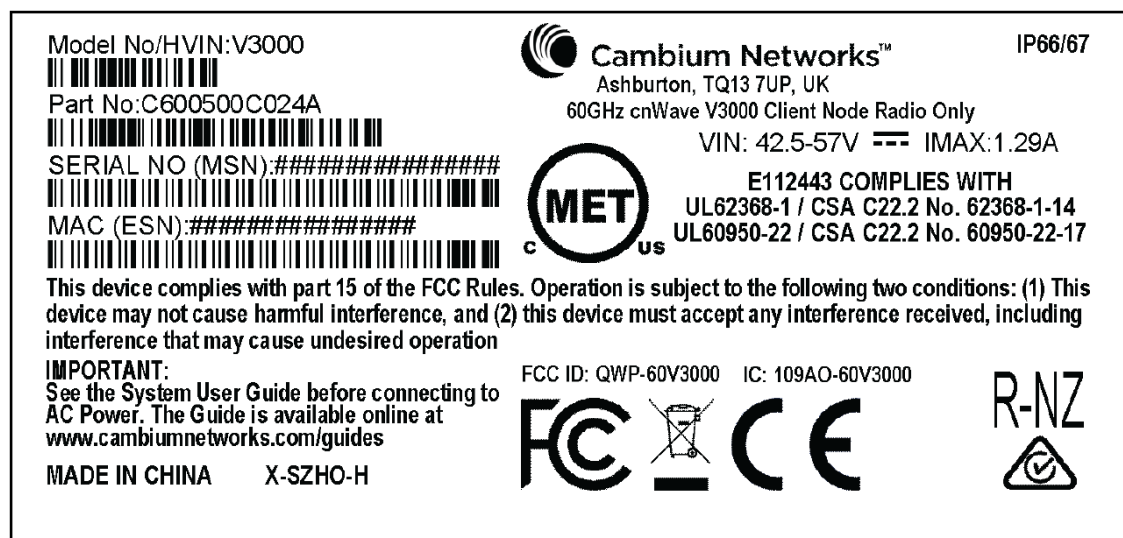


Figure 241: 60 GHz cnWave™ V2000 Client Node with no power cord

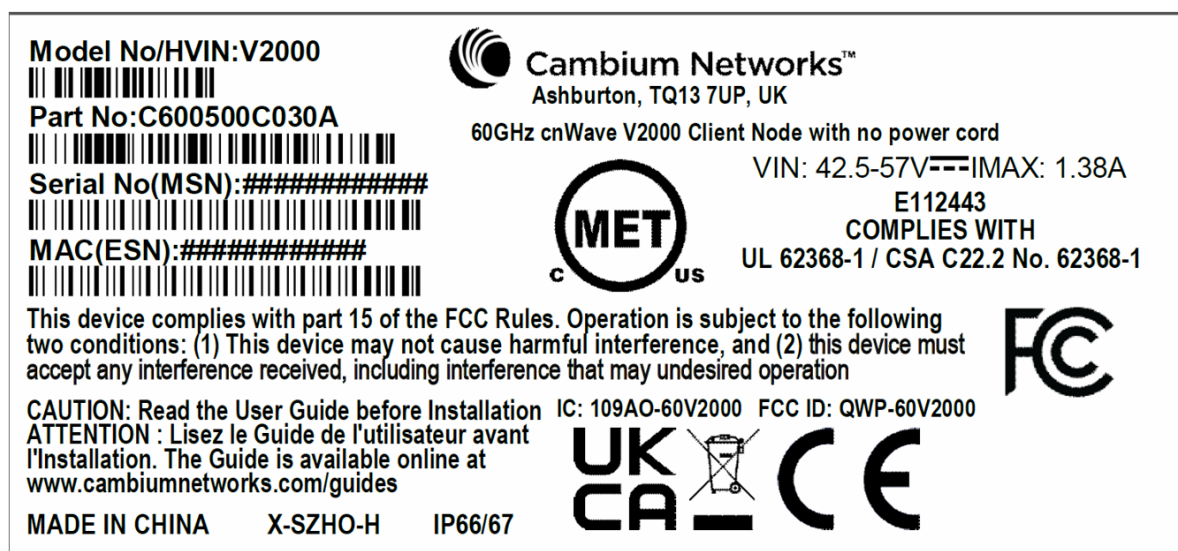


Figure 242: 60 GHz cnWave™ V1000 Client Node with no cord

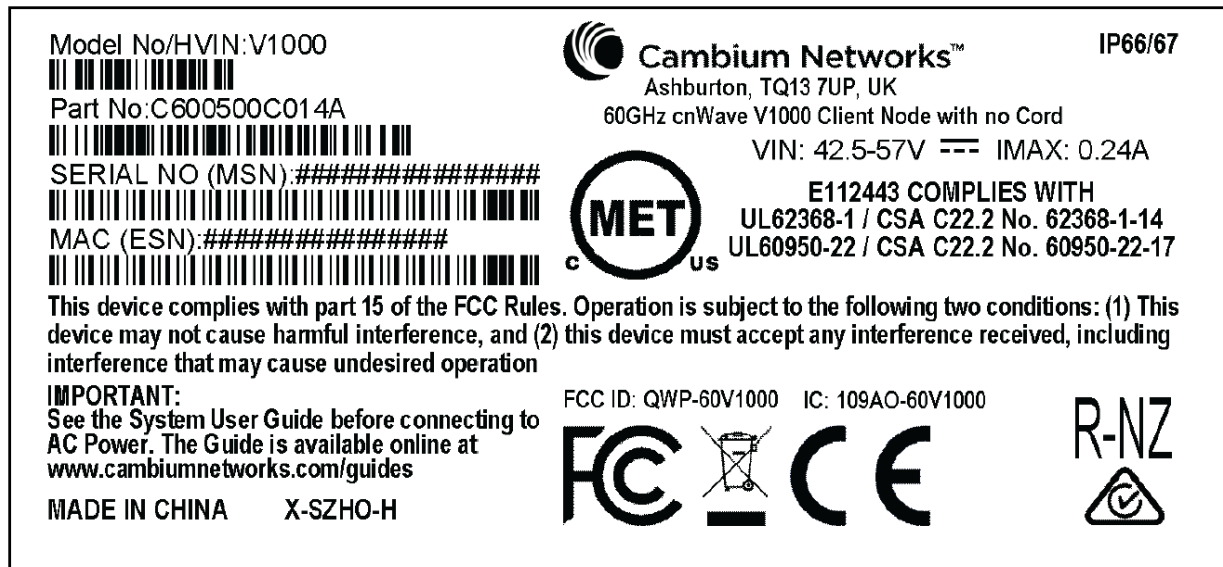


Figure 243: 60 GHz cnWave™ V1000 with US cord

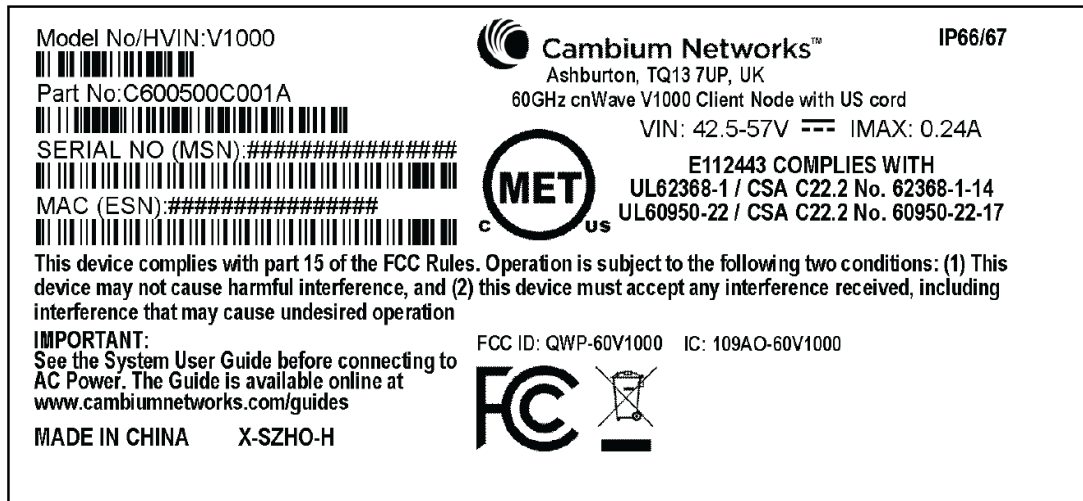


Table 55: Details of accessories, radio nodes, and part numbers

Accessories	Radio nodes	Cambium Part Number
60 GHz cnWave™ V5000 Distribution Node	V5000	C6000500A004A
60 GHz cnWave™ V3000 Client Node radio only	V3000	C600500C024A
60GHz cnWave V2000 Client Node no power supply, no power cord	V2000	C600500C030A
60 GHz cnWave™ V1000 Client Node with no cord	V1000	C600500C14A
60 GHz cnWave™ V1000 with US cord	V1000	C600500C001A

Troubleshooting

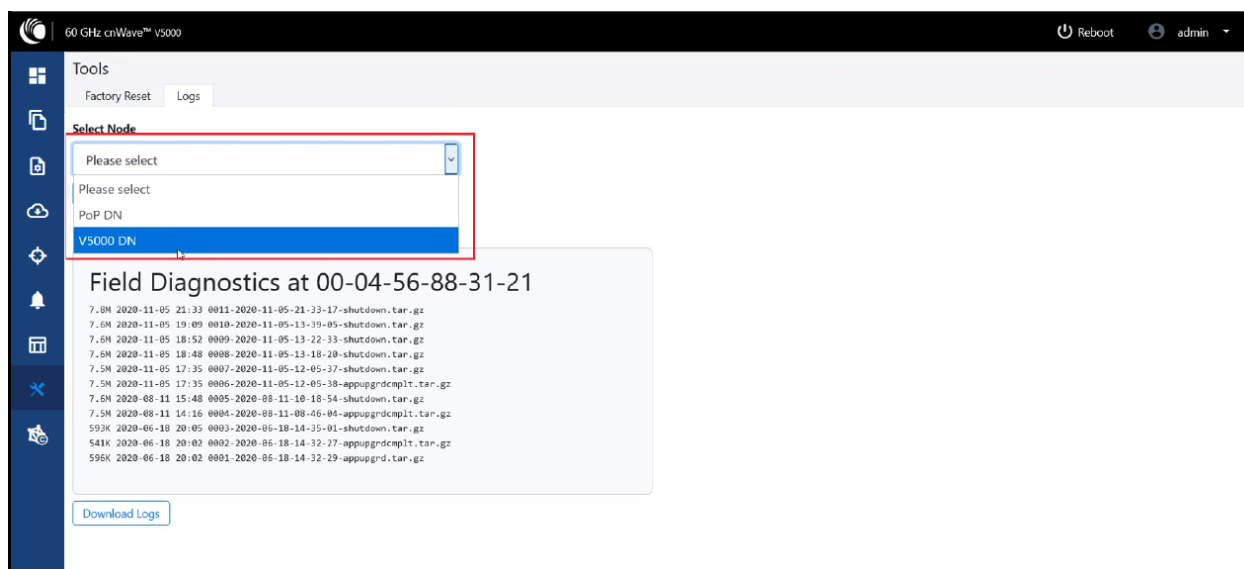
This section describes the troubleshooting steps and addresses frequently asked questions related to 60 GHz cnWave product deployment.

- [Field diagnostics logs](#)
- [Setup issues in IPv4 tunneling](#)
- [Link is not established](#)
- [PoP not online](#)
- [Link is not coming up](#)
- [Link is not having expected throughput performance](#)
- [Factory reset](#)

Field diagnostics logs

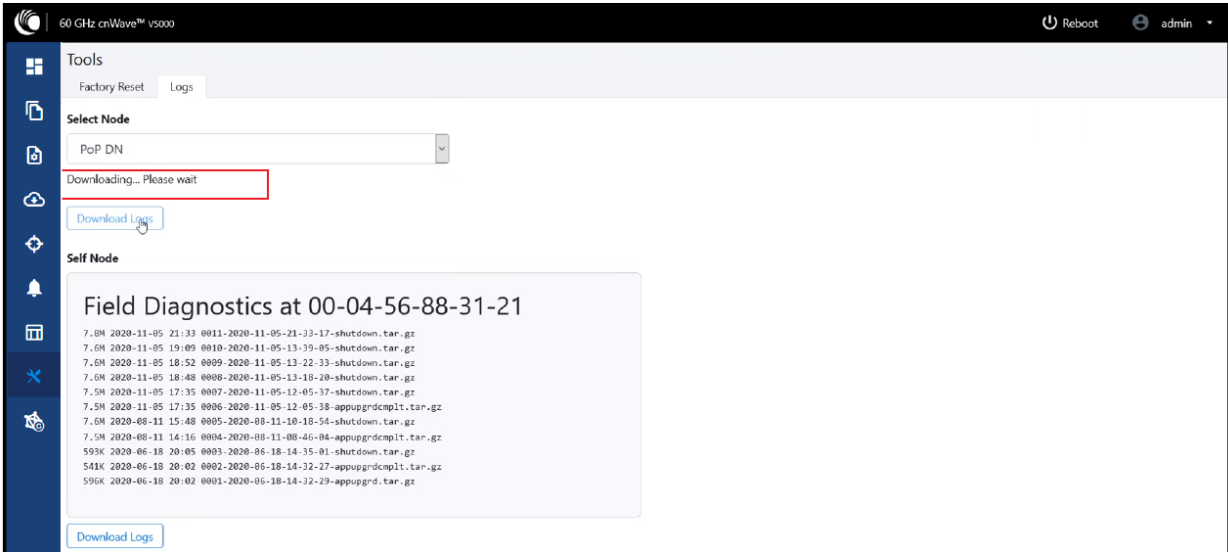
Download the logs to view more information about the error. To download the error logs select the node from the drop-down and click **Download Logs**.

Figure 244: The Logs tab in the Tools page



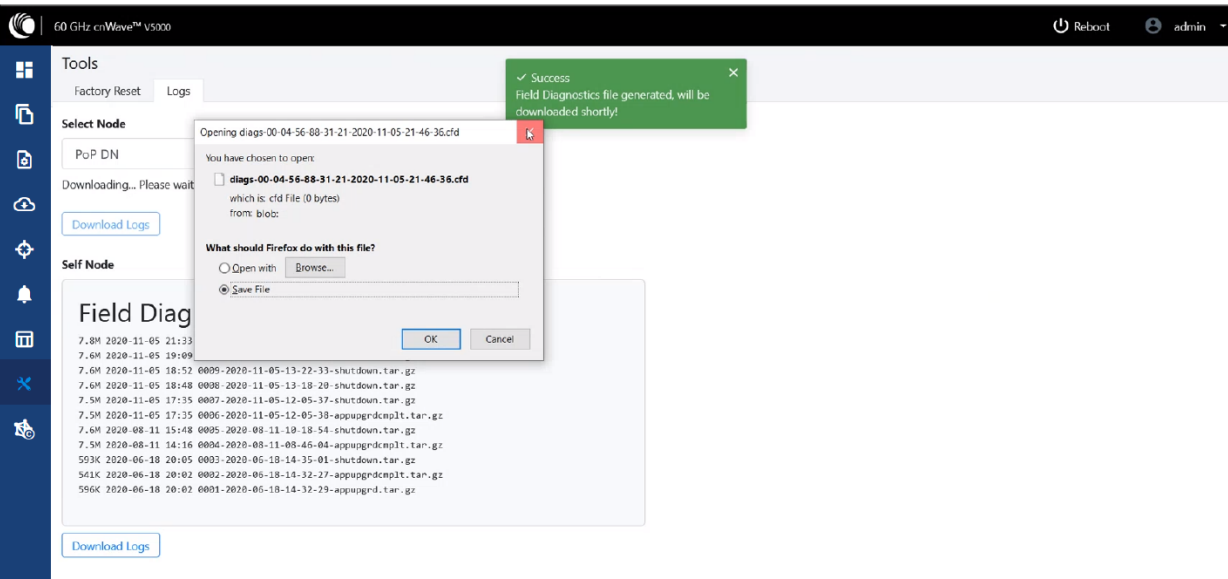
After clicking **Download Logs**, downloading status is displayed.

Figure 245: Downloading the logs



To download the logs for a self node, click **Download Logs** at the bottom and save the log file.

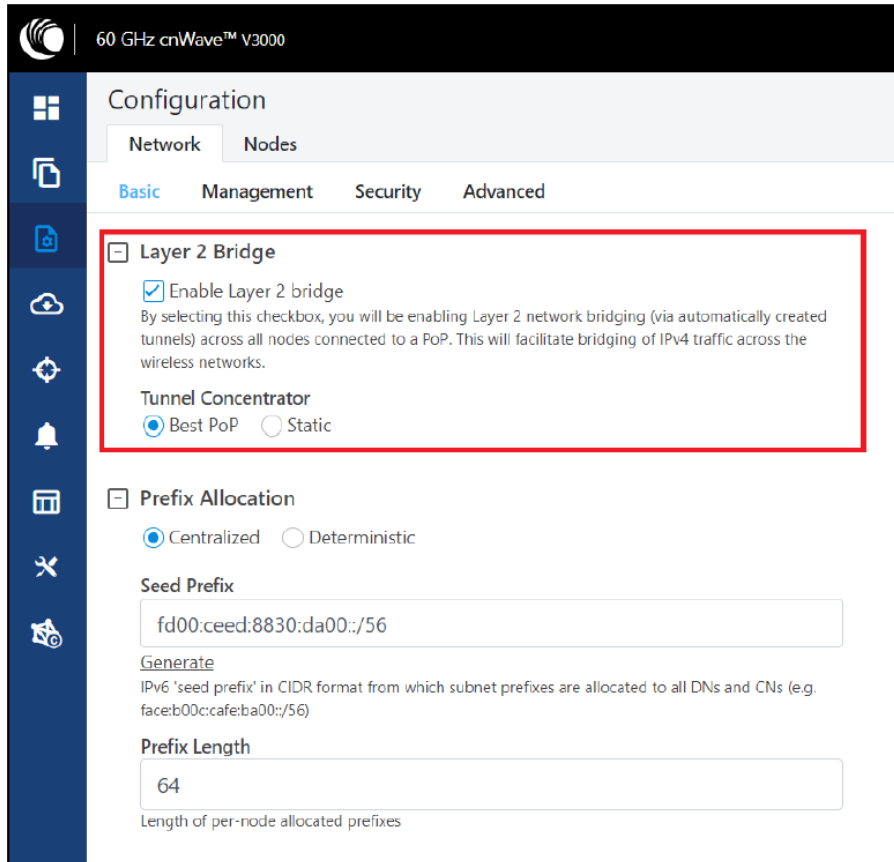
Figure 246: Saving the log files



Setup issues in IPv4 tunneling

In IPv4 tunneling, if setup issues occurs then perform the below steps:

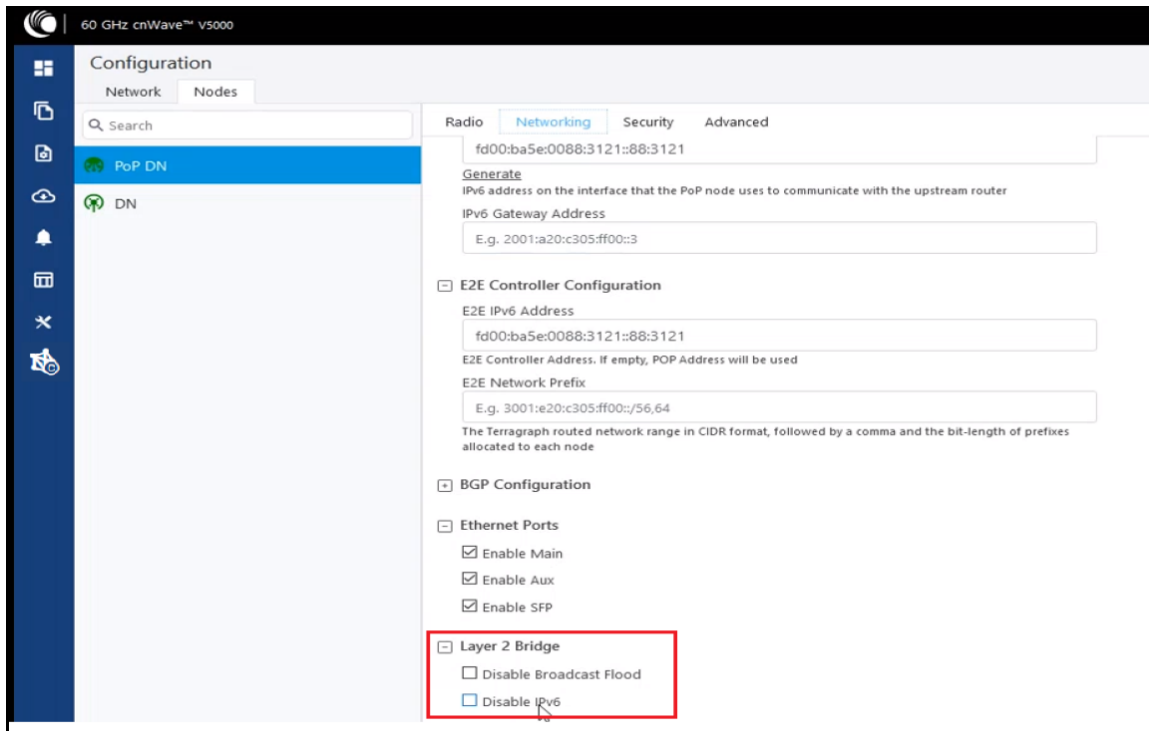
1. Click **Configuration** on the left pane, navigate to **Network > Basic > Layer 2 Bridge** and verify **Enable Layer 2 bridge** is selected.



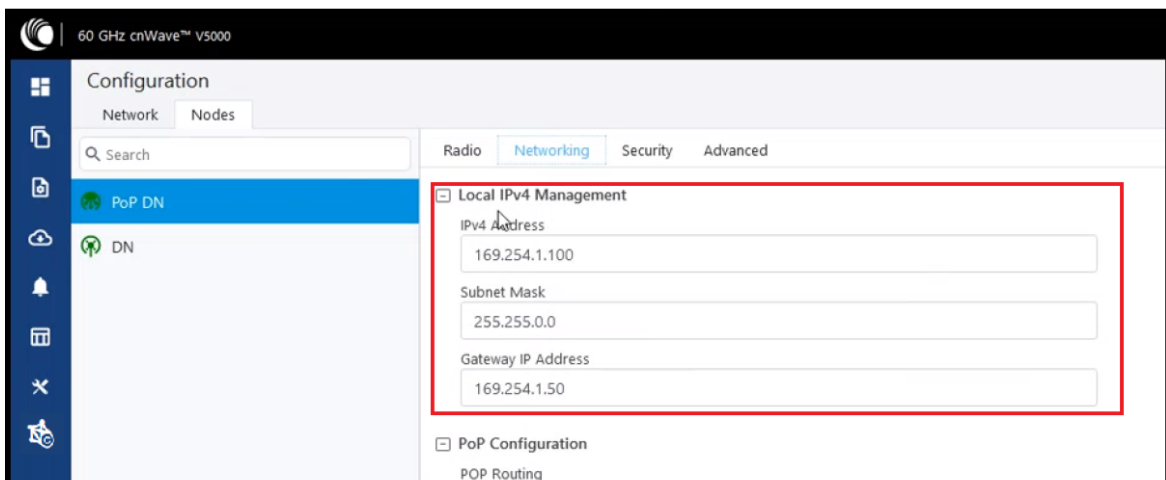
2. On the same page under **Configuration Management**, verify **E2E Managed Config** is selected.

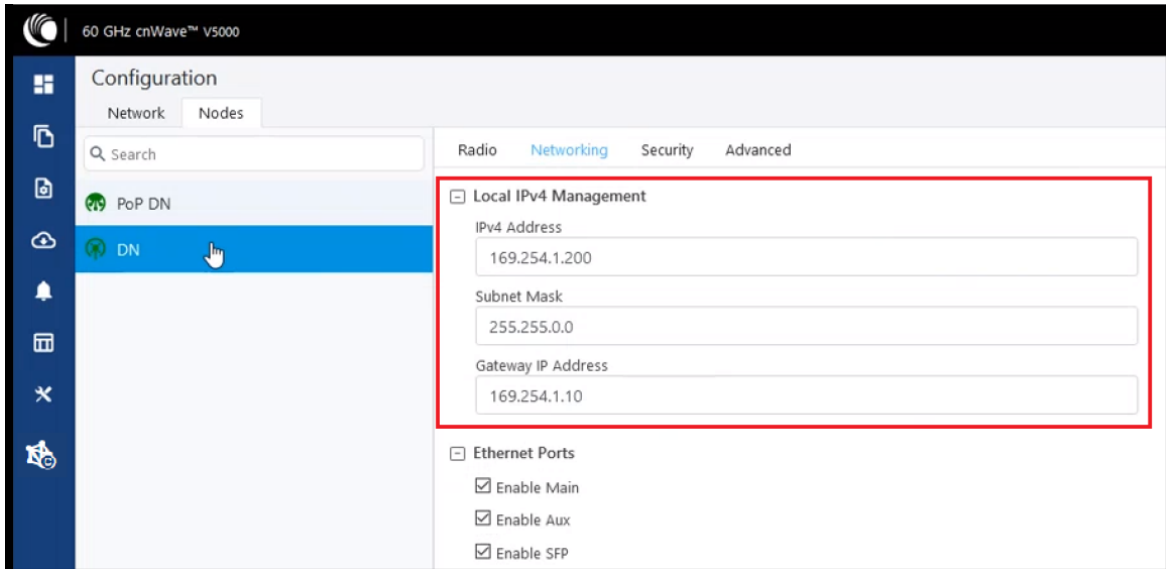
The screenshot shows the configuration interface for a 60 GHz cnWave™ V3000 device. The left sidebar contains navigation icons. The main panel is titled 'Configuration' and has tabs for 'Network' and 'Nodes'. Under 'Nodes', there are sub-tabs: 'Basic', 'Management', 'Security', and 'Advanced'. The 'Management' tab is selected. A note states: 'This configuration is used by the controller for auto config override. Channels set manually ignore this configuration.' Below this, there are sections for 'DNS', 'Time', and 'Configuration Management'. The 'Configuration Management' section is highlighted with a red box and contains a checked checkbox for 'E2E Managed Config' with the description: 'Determines whether the controller should manage the node's configuration.'

3. Click **Configuration > Nodes > PoP DN > Networking > Layer 2 Bridge** and verify **Disable Broadcast Flood** and **Disable IPv6** are disabled.



4. Ensure that PoP DN and DNs are in the same subnet and verify gateway is correct.



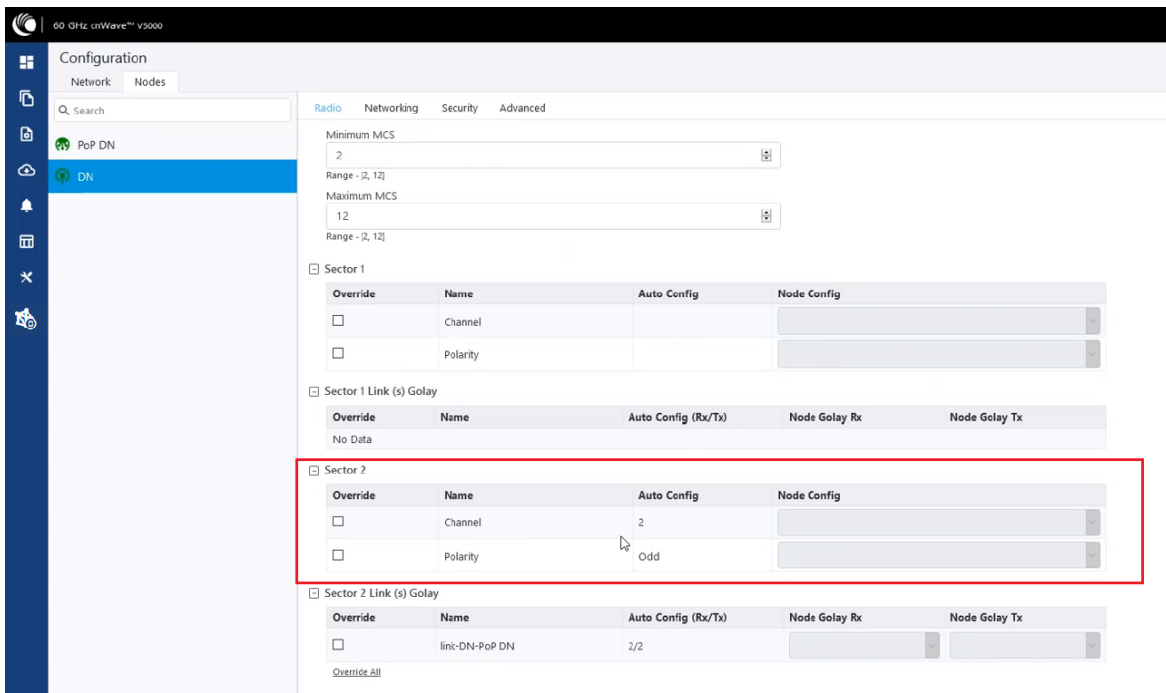


Link is not established

If link is not established between the nodes, then verify the below options:

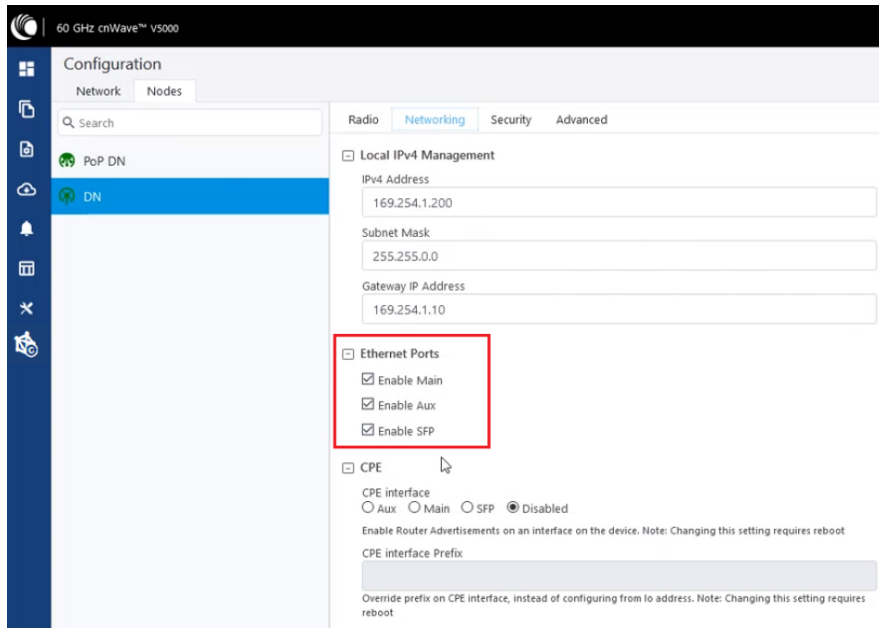
1. Click **Configuration** on the left panel.
2. Navigate to **Nodes > Radio** and verify Sector 2 PoP DN and DN's polarities, frequency and Golay codes.

Figure 247: The Sector 2 section in the Radio page



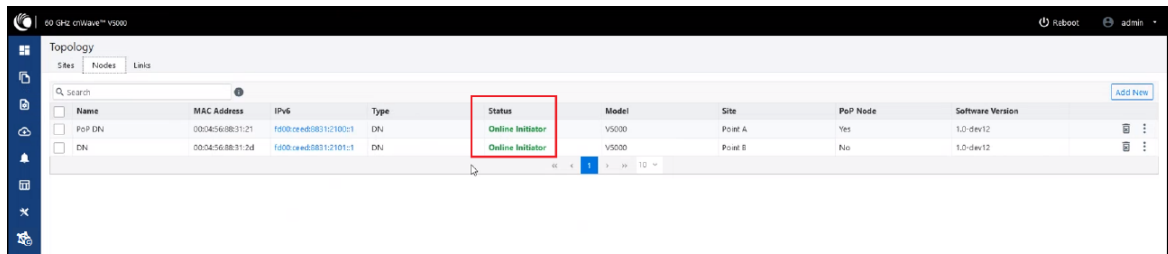
3. Select **DN > Networking > Ethernet Ports** and ensure that specific Ethernet ports are enabled.

Figure 248: The Ethernet Ports section in the Networking page



4. Click **Topology** on left pane, go to **Nodes** and verify Status is **Online Initiator**.

Figure 249: Status of nodes in the Topology page



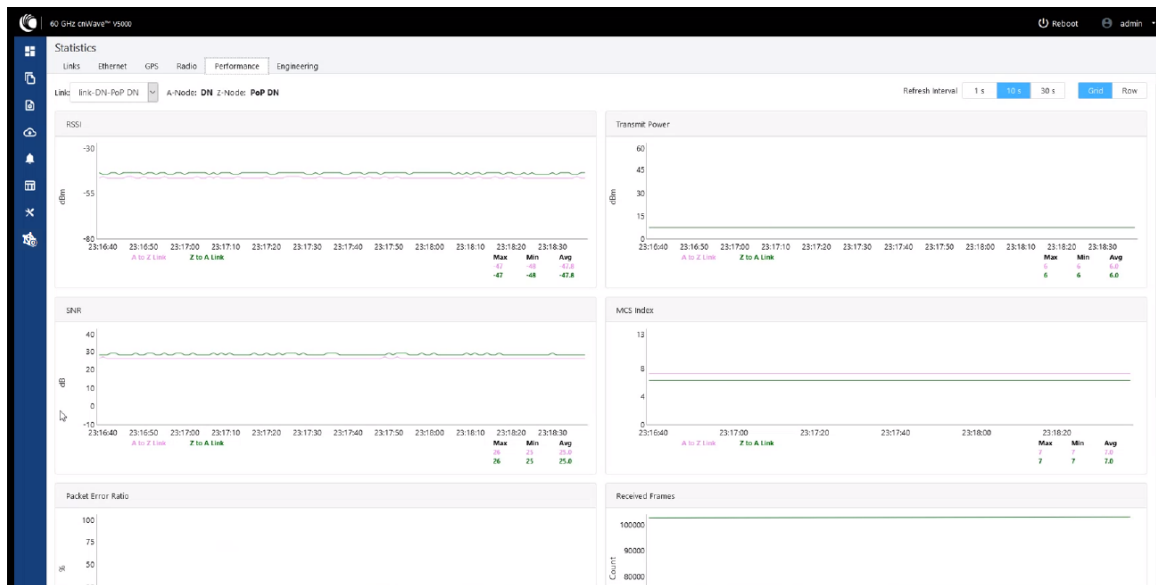
5. Click **Statistics** on left pane, go to **Links** and verify **RSSI, MCS, TX Power Index**.

Figure 250: Link details in the Statistics page

Link Name	A-Node	Z-Node	RSSI	SNR	MCS	TX Power Index	RX Frames	RX Errors	RX PER	RX Beam Index	TX Frames	TX Errors	TX PER	TX Beam Index
Link-DN-PoP-DN	120456883121	22045688312d	-46	27	6	6	102240	27	0	16	66996	0	0	16
Link-DN-PoP-DN	22045688312d	120456883121	-48	25	7	6	67035	38	0	17	102198	0	0	17

- Go to **Performance** and verify the graphs.

Figure 251: Graphs in the Performance page



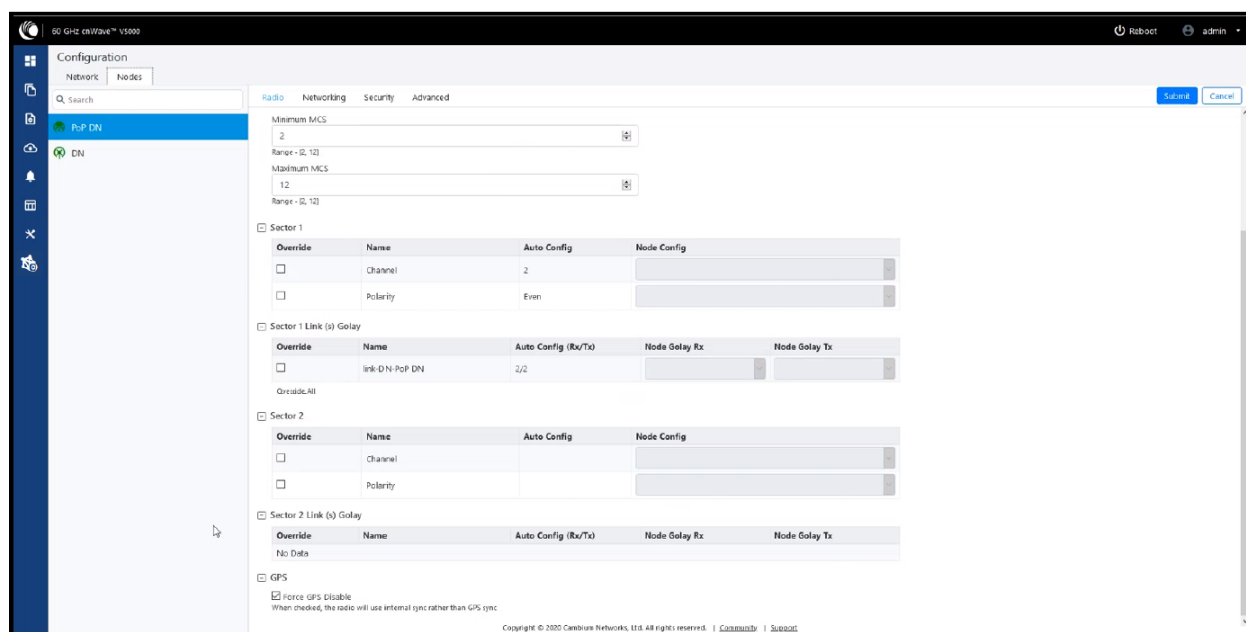
- Go to **Radio** and monitor the throughput capacity.

Figure 252: Monitoring the throughput in the Radio page

Device Name	MAC Address	Sync Mode	Channel	Security	Error Association	Channel Last State	RX Throughput	TX Throughput
PoP-DN	120456883121	RF	2	None	0	0	7.86 kbps	1.63 kbps
PoP-DN	220456883121	RF	1	None	0	0	0 kbps	0 kbps
DN	12045688312d	RF	1	None	0	0	0 kbps	0 kbps
DN	22045688312d	RF	2	None	0	0	0.69 kbps	4.66 kbps

- If internal GPS is used, then verify **Configuration > Nodes > Radio > GPS > Force GPS Disable** is enabled.

Figure 253: Verifying the Force GPS Disable check box



PoP not online from E2E/cnMaestro GUI

This usually means that the PoP node is not able to talk to the E2E controller. Ensure that the PoP node has the E2E IPv6 configured properly. Also ensure that there is a route between the E2E controller and the PoP node, if they are not in the same VLAN. Try to ping the E2E from the PoP node (login to ssh).

Link is not coming up

1. Ensure that the two ends of the radios can see each other (clear line of sight in between). If the link is using V3000, ensure that they are properly aligned.
2. Ensure that MAC address of the radios is configured correctly in the E2E Controller.
3. Ensure that GPS sync is not enabled if indoor and ensure that GPS sync is enabled if outdoor.
4. Ensure that both ends of the link has the same software version.
5. Ensure to configure country code on the E2E GUI.
6. Ensure that the two ends of the link use opposite polarity and Golay codes that matches each other.
7. Ensure that the remote ends can reach the E2E Controller - IPv6 configuration (if beamforming is successful but the remote end cannot reach back to the E2E Controller, the E2E Controller/cnMaestro GUI displays link status as up, but the remote radio is offline).
8. If you already have experience setting up a link and you are trying to setup a daisy chain, ensure that there is not any interference caused by the existing link. For example, make sure that the two neighboring link use different Golay code.

Link does not come up after some configuration change

There is a possibility that the remote unit could be in a state that it uses different channel/Golay code/polarity from the near-end unit. Try to factory default the remote radio if possible.

On the E2E Controller/cnMaestro, it shows that the link is up, but the remote radio is NOT online - This means that link is established but the remote end radio cannot reply to the E2E Controller. Check the E2E configuration to make sure that the IPv6 default gateway is configured correctly to allow a route between the E2E controller and the remote radio.

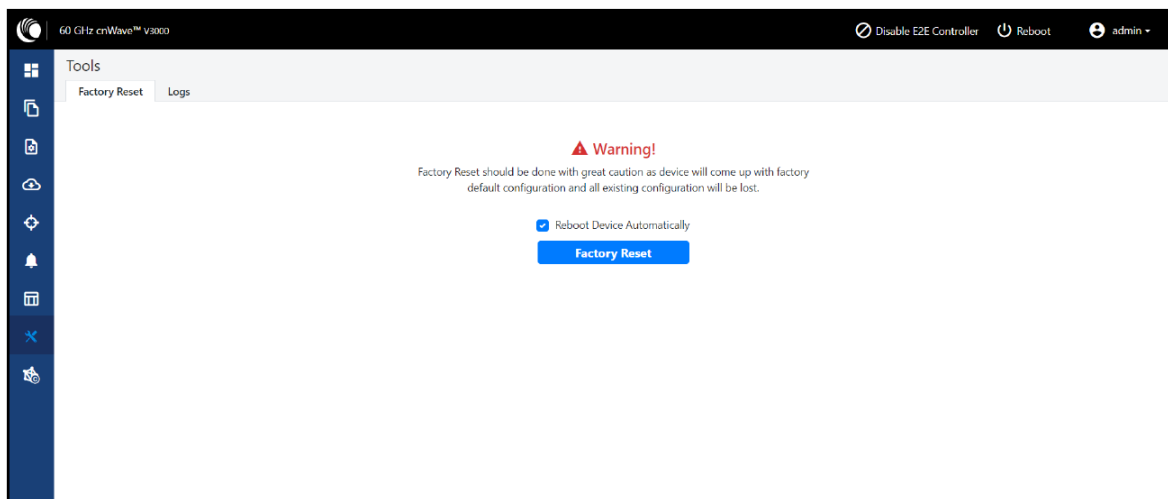
Link is not having expected throughput performance

- Check the radio GUI to ensure that the link is running as the expected MCS mode when user data is passing through.
- Check to ensure that the Ethernet ports of the radios and the testing devices are negotiated to expected data rate (10Gbps).
- Ensure that your testing devices are capable of handling the throughput – run data throughput test by bypassing the radio link.
- Do not use radio internal iperf tool to test throughput.

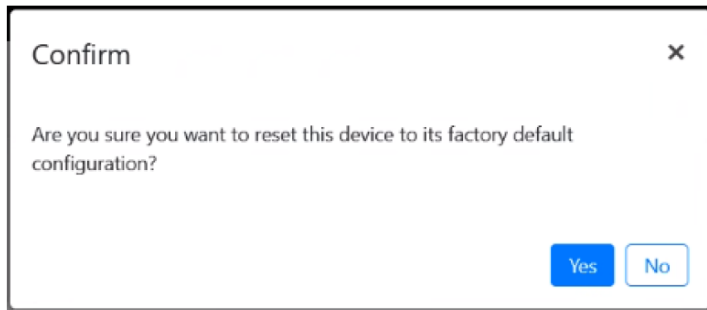
Factory reset

Recovery mode is used to reset the configuration to the factory settings. To reset the configuration, perform the following steps:

1. Go to **Tools** menu and click **Factory Reset**.



Pop-up appears. Confirm to reset the device to factory reset



2. Click **Yes** to reboot.
3. After the reboot, access the device using IP address **169.254.1.1**.



Note

After factory reset, all configuration set to default mode.

Cambium Networks

Cambium Networks delivers wireless communications that work for businesses, communities, and cities worldwide. Millions of our radios are deployed to connect people, places and things with a unified wireless fabric that spans multiple standards and frequencies of fixed wireless and Wi-Fi, all managed centrally via the cloud. Our multi-gigabit wireless fabric offers a compelling value proposition over traditional fiber and alternative wireless solutions. We work with our Cambium certified ConnectedPartners to deliver purpose built networks for service provider, enterprise, industrial, and government connectivity solutions in urban, suburban, and rural environments, with wireless that just works.

Installation and Configuration Guides	http://www.cambiumnetworks.com/guides
Technical training	https://learning.cambiumnetworks.com/learn
Support website (enquiries)	https://support.cambiumnetworks.com
Main website	http://www.cambiumnetworks.com
Sales enquiries	solutions@cambiumnetworks.com
Warranty	https://www.cambiumnetworks.com/support/standard-warranty/
Telephone number list to contact	http://www.cambiumnetworks.com/contact-us/
Address	Cambium Networks Limited, Unit B2, Linhay Business Park, Eastern Road, Ashburton, Devon, TQ13 7UP United Kingdom



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