TEST REPORT

No.I19N02705-HAC T-coil

For

Yulong Computer Telecommunication Scientific (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

Smartphone

Model Name: CP3706AS

With

Hardware Version: P1

Software Version: 3706AS.SPRINT.191220.2D

FCC ID: R38YLCP3706AS

Results Summary: T Category = T4

Issued Date: 2020-01-10

Designation Number: CN1210

Note:

The test results in this test report relate only to the devices specified in this report. This report shall not be reproduced except in full without the written approval of SAICT.

Test Laboratory:

Shenzhen Academy of Information and Communications Technology

Building G, Shenzhen International Innovation Center, No.1006 Shennan Road, Futian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China 518026.

Tel: +86(0)755-33322000, Fax: +86(0)755-33322001

Email: yewu@caict.ac.cn, website: www.cszit.com

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

REPORT HISTORY

Report Number	Revision	Issue Date	Description
I19N02705-HAC T-coil	Rev.0	2020-01-10	Initial creation of test report

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

TABLE OF CONTENT

1 SUMMARY OF TEST REPORT 5

1.1 TEST ITEMS 5
1.2 TEST STANDARDS 5
1.3 TEST RESULT 5
1.4 TESTING LOCATION 5
1.5 PROJECT DATA 5
1.6 SIGNATURE 5

2 CLIENT INFORMATION 6

2.1 APPLICANT INFORMATION 6
2.2 MANUFACTURER INFORMATION 6

3 EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) AND ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT (AE) 7

3.1 ABOUT EUT 7
3.2 INTERNAL IDENTIFICATION OF EUT USED DURING THE TEST 7
3.3 INTERNAL IDENTIFICATION OF AE USED DURING THE TEST 7
3.4 AIR INTERFACES AND OPERATING MODES 8

4. REFERENCE DOCUMENTS 9

5 OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS DURING TEST 10

5.1 HAC MEASUREMENT SET-UP 10
5.2 AM1D PROBE 12
5.3 AMCC 12
5.4 AMMI 12
5.5 TEST ARCH PHANTOM & PHONE POSITIONER 13
5.6 ROBOTIC SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS 14
5.7 T-COIL MEASUREMENT POINTS AND REFERENCE PLANE 14

6 T-COIL TEST PROCEDURES 16

7 T-COIL PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS 17

7.1 T-COIL COUPLING FIELD INTENSITY 17
7.2 FREQUENCY RESPONSE 17
7.3 SIGNAL QUALITY 18

8 T-COIL TESTING FOR CMRS VOICE 19

8.1 GSM TESTS RESULTS 19
8.2 CDMA TESTS RESULTS 19
8.3 WCDMA TESTS RESULTS 20

9 T-COIL TESTING FOR VOLTE 21

9.1 TEST SYSTEM SETUP FOR VOLTE OVER IMS T-COIL TESTING 21
9.2 CODEC CONFIGURATION 22
9.3 RADIO CONFIGURATION 22
9.4 VOLTE TESTS RESULTS 24

10 T-COIL TESTING FOR VOWIFI 25

10.1 TEST SYSTEM SETUP FOR VOWIFI OVER IMS T-COIL TESTING 25

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

10.2 CODEC CONFIGURATION 26
10.3 RADIO CONFIGURATION 27
10.4 VOWIFI TESTS RESULTS 27

11 T-COIL TESTING FOR OTT VOIP CALLING 28

11.1 TEST SYSTEM SETUP FOR OTT VOIP T-COIL TESTING 28
11.2 TEST DATA SUMMARY 29

12 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY 35

13 MAIN TEST INSTRUMENTS 36

ANNEX A TEST PLOTS 37

ANNEX B FREQUENCY RESPONSE CURVES 229

ANNEX C PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE 253

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

1 Summary of Test Report

1.1 Test Items

Description:	Smartphone
Model Name:	CP3706AS
Applicant's name:	Yulong Computer Telecommunication Scientific (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
Manufacturer's Name:	Yulong Computer Telecommunication Scientific (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

1.2 Test Standards

ANSI C63.19-2011

1.3 Test Result

Please refer to "8. T-Coil testing for CMRS Voice", "9.T-Coil testing for VoLTE", "10. T-Coil testing for VoWIFI", "11. T-Coil testing for OTT VoIP Calling"

1.4 Testing Location

Address: Building G, Shenzhen International Innovation Center, No.1006 Shennan Road, Futian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China

1.5 Project Data

Testing Start Date:	December 25, 2019
Testing End Date:	January 03, 2020

1.6 Signature

李用富

Li yongfu
(Prepared this test report)

张运桂

Zhang Yunzhuan
(Reviewed this test report)

曹涛飞

Cao Junfei
Deputy Director of the laboratory
(Approved this test report)

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

2 Client Information

2.1 Applicant Information

Company Name:	Yulong Computer Telecommunication Scientific (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
Address /Post:	Building B, Boton Science Park, Chaguang Road, Xili Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen
Contact:	Emily zhang
Email:	zhangxuzhu@yulong.com
Telephone:	+86 15089742056
Fax:	/

2.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	Yulong Computer Telecommunication Scientific (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
Address /Post:	Building B, Boton Science Park, Chaguang Road, Xili Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen
Contact:	Emily zhang
Email:	zhangxuzhu@yulong.com
Telephone:	+86 15089742056
Fax:	/

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

3 Equipment Under Test (EUT) and Ancillary Equipment (AE)

3.1 About EUT

Description:	Smartphone
Mode Name:	CP3706AS
Operating mode(s):	GSM 850/1900, CDMA BC0/BC1/BC10, WCDMA Band 2/4/5 LTE Band 2/4/5/7/12/13/25/26/41/66/71, BT, Wi-Fi 2.4G/5G
Condition of EUT as received	No obvious damage in appearance

3.2 Internal Identification of EUT used during the test

EUT ID*	IMEI	HW Version	SW Version
EUT1	990015570002444	P1	3706AS.SPRINT.191220.2D
EUT2	990015570002378	P1	3706AS.SPRINT.191220.2D
EUT3	990015570010413	P1	3706AS.SPRINT.191220.2D

*EUT ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

Note: It is performed to test HAC with the EUT 1 & 2 & 3.

3.3 Internal Identification of AE used during the test

AE ID*	Description	Model	Manufacturer
AE1	Battery	3706AS_CA406787G	CosMX

*AE ID: is used to identify the test sample in the lab internally.

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

3.4 Air Interfaces and Operating Modes

Air-interface	Band(MHz)	Type	C63.19 / tested	Simultaneous Transmissions	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
GSM	850 /1900	VO	Yes	BT,WLAN	CMRS Voice[1]	No
EGPRS	850 /1900	DT	Yes	BT,WLAN	Google Duo[2]	
WCDMA	B2 / B4/ B5	VO	Yes	BT,WLAN	CMRS Voice[1]	No
	HSPA	DT	Yes	BT,WLAN	Google Duo[2]	
CDMA	BC0 / BC1 / BC10	VO	Yes	BT,WLAN	CMRS Voice[1]	No
	1XRTT / EVDO	DT	Yes	BT,WLAN	Google Duo[2]	
LTE (FDD)	2/4/5/7/12/13/ 25/26/66/71	VD	Yes	BT,WLAN	VoLTE[1] Google Duo[2]	No
LTE (TDD)	41	VD	Yes	BT,WLAN	VoLTE[1] Google Duo[2]	
WLAN	2.4G	VD	Yes	WWAN	Google Duo[2]	No
WLAN	5G	VD	Yes	WWAN	Google Duo[2]	No
BT	2.4G	DT	No	WWAN	NA	No
Note: 1.Ref Lev in accordance with 7.4.2.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011. 2.Ref Lev -20dBm0						

VO: Voice Only

DT: Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD: CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

* HAC Rating was not based on concurrent voice and data modes; Non-current mode was found to represent worst case rating for both M and T rating

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

4. Reference Documents

ANSI C63.19-2011: American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids

FCC KDB 285076 D01v05: Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility

FCC KDB 285076 D02v03: Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

5 Operational Conditions during Test

5.1 HAC Measurement Set-up

These measurements are performed using the DASY5 NEO automated dosimetric assessment system. It is made by Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) in Zurich, Switzerland. It consists of high precision robotics system (Stäubli), robot controller, Intel Core2 computer, near-field probe, probe alignment sensor. The robot is a six-axis industrial robot performing precise movements. A cell controller system contains the power supply, robot controller, teach pendant (Joystick), and remote control, is used to drive the robot motors. The PC consists of the HP Intel Core2 1.86 GHz computer with Windows XP system and HAC Measurement Software DASY5 NEO, A/D interface card, monitor, mouse, and keyboard. The Stäubli Robot is connected to the cell controller to allow software manipulation of the robot. A data acquisition electronic (DAE) circuit performs the signal amplification; signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (EOC). The EOC performs the conversion from the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC plug-in card.

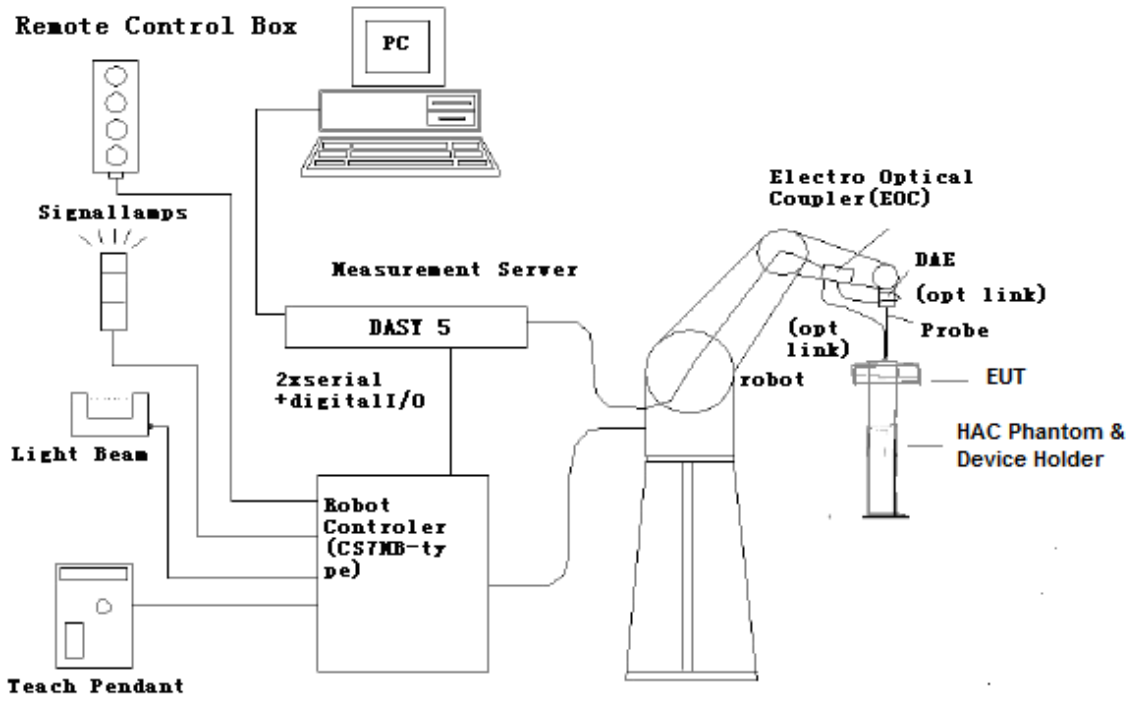


Figure 5.1 HAC Test Measurement Set-up

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

The DAE4 consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the PC-card is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information and an optical uplink for commands and clock lines. The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sidewise probe contacts. They are also used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection. The robot uses its own controller with a built in VME-bus computer.

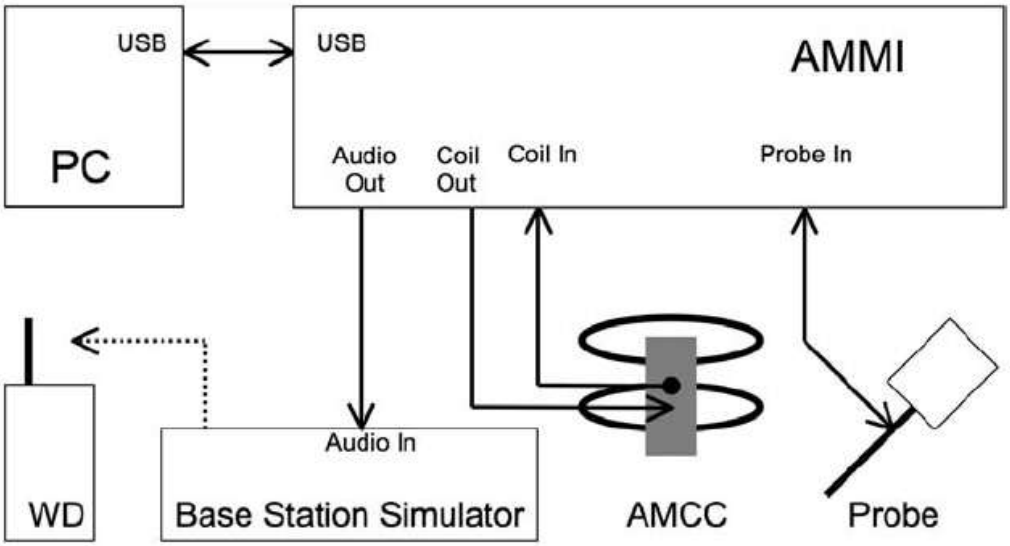


Figure 5.2 T-Coil setup with HAC Test Arch and AMCC

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

5.2 AM1D probe

The AM1D probe is an active probe with a single sensor. It is fully RF-shielded and has a rounded tip 6mm in diameter incorporating a pickup coil with its center offset 3mm from the tip and the sides. The symmetric signal preamplifier in the probe is fed via the shielded symmetric output cable from the AMMI with a 48V ”phantom” voltage supply. The 7-pin connector on the back in the axis of the probe does not carry any signals. It is mounted to the DAE for the correct orientation of the sensor. If the probe axis is tilted 54.7 degree from the vertical, the sensor is approximately vertical when the signal connector is at the underside of the probe (cable hanging downwards).

Specification:

Frequency range	0.1~20kHz (RF sensitivity < -100dB, fully RF shielded)
Sensitivity	< -50dB A/m @ 1kHz
Pre-amplifier	40dB, symmetric
Dimensions	Tip diameter/length: 6/290mm, sensor according to ANSI-C63.19

5.3 AMCC

The Audio Magnetic Calibration coil is a Helmholtz Coil designed for calibration of the AM1D probe. The two horizontal coils generate a homogeneous magnetic field in the z direction. The DC input resistance is adjusted by a series resistor to approximately 50Ohm, and a shunt resistor of 10Ohm permits monitoring the current with a scale of 1:10

Port description:

Signal	**Connector**	**Resistance**
Coil In	BNC	Typically 50Ohm
Coil Monitor	BNO	10Ohm±1% (100mV corresponding to 1 A/m)

Specification:

Dimensions	370 x 370 x 196 mm, according to ANSI-C63.19

5.4 AMMI

Figure 5.3 AMMI front panel

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

The Audio Magnetic Measuring Instrument (AMMI) is a desktop 19-inch unit containing a sampling unit, a waveform generator for test and calibration signals, and a USB interface.
Specification:

Sampling rate	48 kHz / 24 bit
Dynamic range	85 dB
Test signal generation	User selectable and predefined (vis PC)
Calibration	Auto-calibration / full system calibration using AMCC with monitor output
Dimensions	482 x 65 x 270 mm

5.5 Test Arch Phantom & Phone Positioner

The Test Arch phantom should be positioned horizontally on a stable surface. Reference markings on the Phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by manually teaching three points in the robot. It enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot (Dimensions: 370 x 370 x 370 mm).
The Phone Positioner supports accurate and reliable positioning of any phone with effect on near field <±0.5 dB.

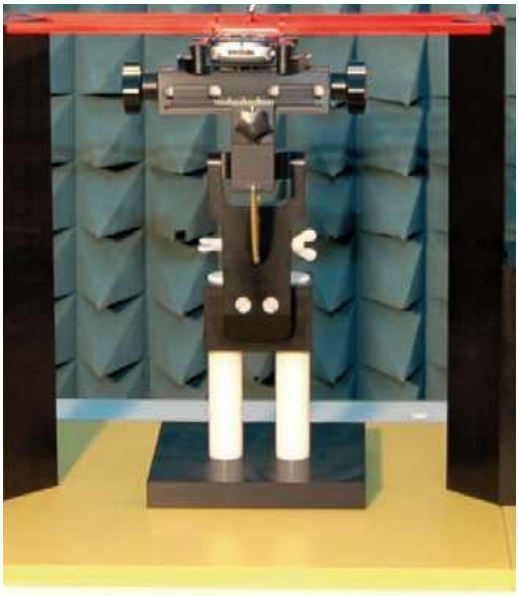


Figure 5.4 HAC Phantom & Device Holder

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

5.6 Robotic System Specifications

Specifications

Positioner: Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: RX160L
Repeatability: ±0.02 mm
No. of Axis: 6

Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System

Cell Controller
Processor: Intel Core2
Clock Speed: 1.86 GHz
Operating System: Windows XP
Data Converter
Features: Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter, and control logic
Software: DASY5 software
Connecting Lines: Optical downlink for data and status info.
Optical uplink for commands and clock

5.7 T-Coil measurement points and reference plane

Figure 6.5 illustrates the standard probe orientations. Position 1 is the perpendicular orientation of the probe coil; orientation 2 is the transverse orientations. The space between the measurement positions is not fixed. It is recommended that a scan of the WD be done for each probe coil orientation and that the maximum level recorded be used as the reading for that orientation of the probe coil.

1) The reference plane is the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the WD handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.

2) The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

3) The reference axis is normal to the reference plane and passes through the center of the receiver speaker section (or the center of the hole array); or may be centered on a secondary inductive source. The actual location of the measurement point shall be noted in the test report as the measurement reference point.

4) The measurement points may be located where the axial and radial field intensity measurements are optimum with regard to the requirements. However, the measurement points should be near the acoustic output of the WD and shall be located in the same half of the phone as the WD receiver. In a WD handset with a centered receiver and a circularly symmetrical magnetic field, the measurement axis and the reference axis would coincide.

5) The relative spacing of each measurement orientation is not fixed. The axial and two radial orientations should be chosen to select the optimal position.

6) The measurement point for the axial position is located 10 mm from the reference plane on the measurement axis. The actual location of the measurement point shall be noted in test reports and designated as the measurement reference point.

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

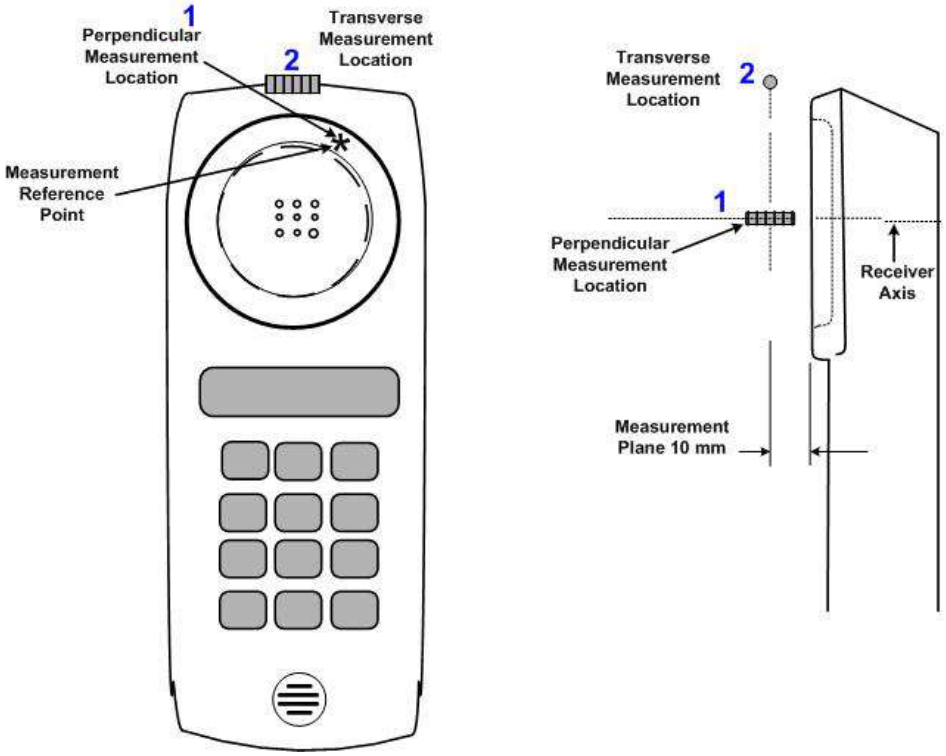


Figure 5.5 Axis and planes for WD audio frequency magnetic field measurements

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

6 T-Coil Test Procedures

The following illustrate a typical test scan over a wireless communications device:

1) Geometry and signal check: system probe alignment, proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, other instrumentation, and the positioning system was confirmed. A surface calibration was performed before each setup change to ensure repeatable spacing and proper maintenance of the measurement plane using the test Arch.

2) Set the reference drive level of signal voice defined in C63.19 per 7.4.2.1.

3) The ambient and test system background noise (dB A/m) was measured as well as ABM2 over the full measurement. The maximum noise level must be at least 10dB below the limit.

4) The DUT was positioned in its intended test position, acoustic output point of the device perpendicular to the field probe.

5) The DUT operation for maximum rated RF output power was configured and connected by using of coaxial cable connection to the base station simulator at the test channel and other normal operating parameters as intended for the test. The battery was ensured to be fully charged before each test. The center sub-grid was centered over the center of the acoustic output (also audio band magnetic output, if applicable). The DUT audio output was positioned tangent (as physically possible) to the measurement plane.

6) The DUT's RF emission field was eliminated from T-coil results by using a well RF-shielding of the probe, AM1D, and by using of coaxial cable connection to a Base Station Simulator. One test channel was pre-measurement to avoid this possibility.

7) Determined the optimal measurement locations for the DUT by following the three steps, coarse resolution scan, fine resolution scans, and point measurement, as described in C63.19 per 7.4.4.2. At each measurement locations, samples in the measurement window duration were evaluated to get ABM1 and the signal spectrum. The noise measurement was performed after the scan with the signal, the same happened, just with the voice signal switched off. The ABM2 was calculated from this second scan.

8) All results resulting from a measurement point in a T-Coil job were calculated from the signal samples during this window interval. ABM values were averaged over the sequence of there samples.

9) At an optimal point measurement, the SNR (ABM1/ABM2) was calculated for perpendicular and transverse orientation, and the frequency response was measured for perpendicular.

10) Corrected for the frequency response after the DUT measurement since the DASY5 system had known the spectrum of the input signal by using a reference job.

11) In SEMCAD post processing, the spectral points are in addition scaled with the high-pass (half-band) and the A-weighting, bandwidth compensated factor (BWC) and those results are final as shown in this report.

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

7 T-Coil Performance Requirements

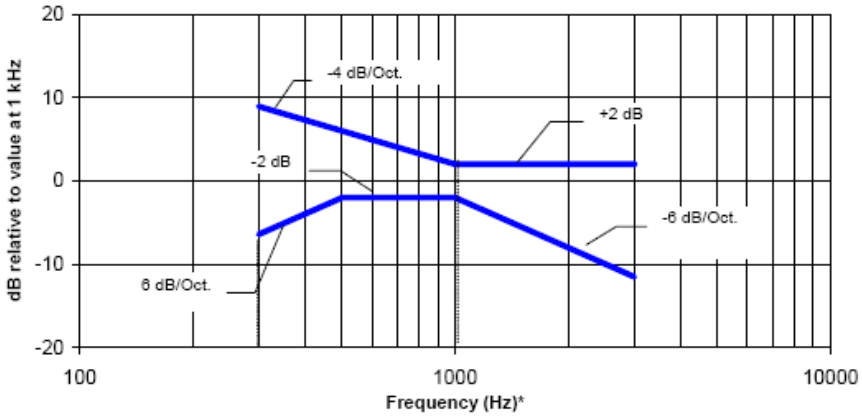
In order to be rated for T-Coil use, a WD shall meet the requirements for signal level and signal quality contained in this part.

7.1 T-Coil coupling field intensity

When measured as specified in ANSI C63.19, the T-Coil signal shall be ≥ –18 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz, in a 1/3 octave band filter for all orientations.

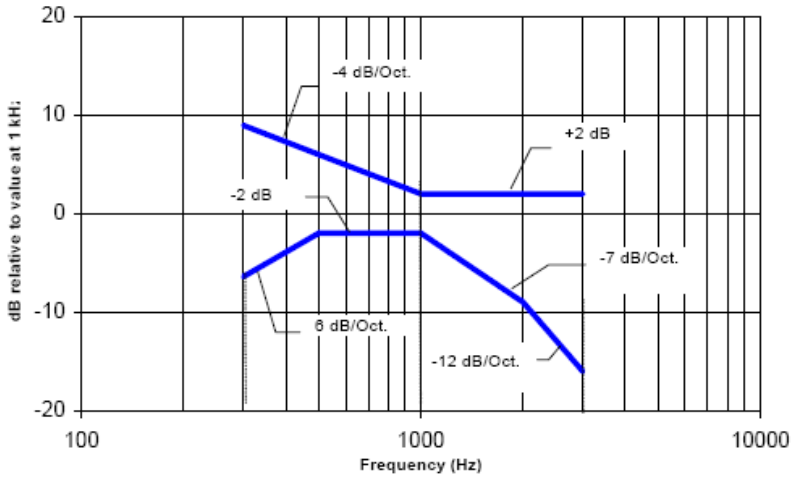
7.2 Frequency response

The frequency response of the axial component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz. Figure 7.1 and Figure 7.2 provide the boundaries for the specified frequency. These response curves are for true field strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE—Frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Figure 7.1—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field ≤ –15 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz



NOTE—Frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Figure 7.2—Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds –15dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

7.3 Signal quality

This part provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. So, the only criteria that can be measured is the RF immunity in T-Coil mode. This is measured using the same procedure as for the audio coupling mode and at the same levels.
The worst signal quality of the three T-Coil signal measurements shall be used to determine the T-Coil mode category per Table 1

Table 1: T-Coil signal quality categories

Category	**Telephone parameters** **WD signal quality** **[(signal + noise) – to – noise ratio in decibels]**
Category T1	0 dB to 10 dB
Category T2	10 dB to 20 dB
Category T3	20 dB to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

8 T-Coil testing for CMRS Voice

General Note:

1. The middle channel of each frequency band is used for T-Coil testing according ANSI C63.19 2011.
2. Choose worst case from radio configuration investigation. After investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

8.1 GSM Tests Results

<Codec Investigation>

codec	FR VR	HR V1	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	22.97	21.45	Axial	GSM850 / 190
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-16.35	-15.62		
SNR (dB)	**49.68**	50.12		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass		

<Summary Tests Results>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB(A/m)	ABM2 dB(A/m)	SNR (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response
1	GSM850	CMRS Voice	190	Axial (Z)	22.97	-16.35	49.68	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	13.38	-18.03	60.02	T4	
2	GSM1900	CMRS Voice	661	Axial (Z)	22.44	-18.73	54.51	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	13.82	-20.25	60.73	T4	

8.2 CDMA Tests Results

<Codec Investigation>

codec	RC1 / SO3	RC3 / SO3	RC4 / SO3	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	23.01	24.42	24.59	Axial	BC0 / 384
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-28.18	-29.45	-30.02		
SNR (dB)	**63.40**	63.78	64.01		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

<Summary Tests Results>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB(A/m)	ABM2 dB(A/m)	SNR (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response
3	CDMA BC0	RC1 / SO3	384	Axial (Z)	23.01	-28.18	63.40	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	13.46	-31.96	61.70	T4	
4	CDMA BC1	RC1 / SO3	600	Axial (Z)	23.51	-28.38	65.88	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	13.90	-32.08	62.09	T4	
5	CDMA BC10	RC1 / SO3	580	Axial (Z)	22.21	-25.78	63.71	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	13.94	-31.67	62.79	T4	

8.3 WCDMA Tests Results

<Codec Investigation>

codec	AMR 12.2Kbps	AMR 7.95Kbps	AMR 4.75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	16.82	17.13	17.45	Axial	Band 2 / 9400
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-26.94	-27.36	-27.62		
SNR (dB)	**61.50**	61.83	62.34		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

<Summary Tests Results>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB(A/m)	ABM2 dB(A/m)	SNR (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response
6	WCDMA B2	AMR 12.2Kbps	9400	Axial (Z)	16.82	-26.94	61.50	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	14.98	-28.13	63.09	T4	
7	WCDMA B4	AMR 12.2Kbps	1413	Axial (Z)	17.23	-27.70	61.81	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	16.02	-29.98	60.96	T4	
8	WCDMA B5	AMR 12.2Kbps	4182	Axial (Z)	23.11	-27.17	62.20	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	15.71	-30.47	61.69	T4	

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

9 T-Coil testing for VoLTE

9.1 Test System Setup for VoLTE over IMS T-coil Testing

The general test setup used for VoLTE over IMS is shown below. The callbox used when performing VoLTE over IMS T-coil measurements is a CMW500. The Data Application Unit (DAU) of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) server. According to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03, VoLTE input level is -20dBm0.

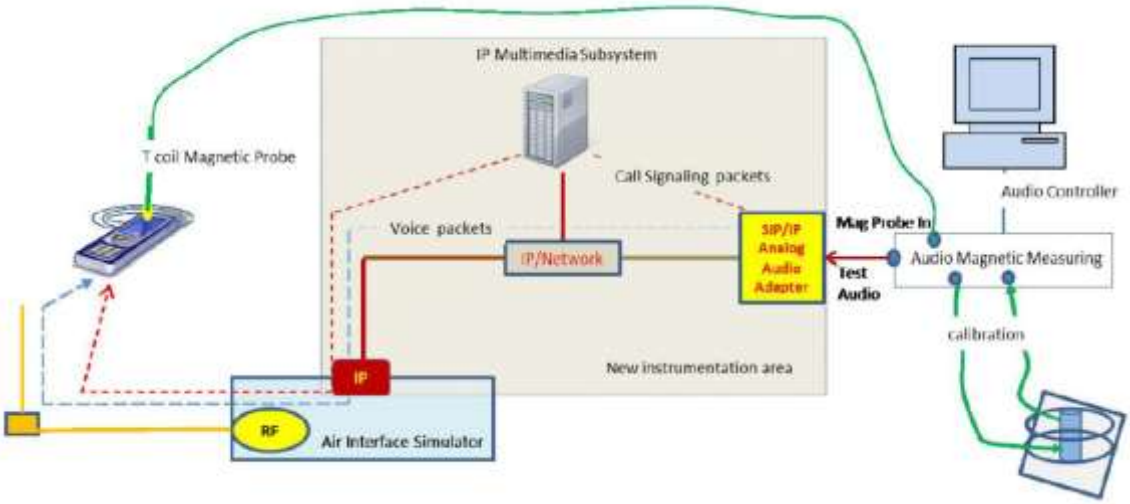


Figure 9.1 Test Setup for VoLTE over IMS T-coil Measurements

No correction gain factors were measured for VoLTE due to the Rohde & Schwarz CMW500, hosting a calibrated audio board. The gains used to measure VoLTE are set to 100.
The following software/firmware was used to simulate the VoLTE server for testing:

Firmware	License Keys	Software Name
V3.7.50 for LTE	KS500	LTE FDD R8 SIG BASIC
	KS550	LTE TDD R8 SIG BASIC
	KA100	IP APPL ENABLING IPv4
	KA150	IP APPL ENABLING IPv6
V3.7.20 for Audio	KAA20	IP APPL IMS BASIC
	KM050	DATA APPL MEAS
	KS104	EVS SPEECH CODEC

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

9.2 Codec Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing. NB AMR 4.75Kbps setting was used for the audio codec on the CMW500 for VoLTE over IMS T-coil testing. See below table for comparisons between different codecs and codec data rates:

<AMR Codec Investigation>-FDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	21.47	21.96	21.89	21.11	Axial	B2 / 20M / 18900
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-23.68	-24.05	-21.77	-23.85		
Signal Quality (dB)	62.96	65.37	**59.17**	66.20		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

<EVS Codec Investigation>-FDD

Codec	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 13.2Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 13.2Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 13.2Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	21.88	22.04	21.93	22.25	22.49	21.96	Axial	B2 / 20M / 18900
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-22.59	-23.62	-21.85	-22.13	-22.51	-23.24		
Signal Quality (dB)	60.15	60.26	59.78	63.20	64.81	63.54		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

<AMR Codec Investigation>-TDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	22.05	22.13	21.98	22.19	Axial	B41 / 20M / 40620
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-22.64	-22.92	-22.35	-22.77		
Signal Quality (dB)	58.79	58.84	**58.42**	58.68		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

<EVS Codec Investigation>-TDD

Codec	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 13.2Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 13.2Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 13.2Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	22.37	22.65	22.81	22.72	22.44	22.62	Axial	B41 / 20M / 40620
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-22.51	-22.74	-23.16	-22.83	-22.55	-22.79		
Signal Quality (dB)	59.12	59.42	59.57	59.18	59.26	59.34		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

9.3 Radio Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the modulation, the bandwidth configuration and RB configuration to be used for testing. For LTE-FDD bands, 10MHz BW，QPSK, 25RB, 0RB offset was used for the testing as the worst-case configuration for the handset. For TDD-LTE bands, 20MHz BW，QPSK, 1RB, 0RB offset was used for the testing as the worst-case configuration for the handset. See below table for comparisons between different radio configurations:

<Radio Configuration Investigation>-FDD

Air Interface	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	channel	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB(A/m)	SNR (dB)
LTE B2	20	QPSK	1	0	18900	21.41	-29.12	60.83
LTE B2	20	QPSK	50	0	18900	20.68	-28.95	60.78
LTE B2	20	QPSK	100	0	18900	20.55	-29.06	61.20
LTE B2	20	16QAM	50	0	18900	21.19	-30.27	61.38
LTE B2	20	64QAM	50	0	18900	21.47	-29.88	60.75
LTE B2	15	QPSK	36	0	18900	20.68	-28.74	60.46
LTE B2	10	QPSK	25	0	18900	20.42	-28.46	**60.11**
LTE B2	5	QPSK	12	0	18900	21.22	-29.33	60.68
LTE B2	3	QPSK	8	0	18900	20.95	-28.98	60.72
LTE B2	1.4	QPSK	3	0	18900	21.13	-29.01	61.25

<Radio Configuration Investigation>-TDD

Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	channel	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	UL-DL Configuration	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB(A/m)	SNR (dB)
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	1	0	0	21.62	-26.82	**58.32**
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	50	0	0	21.84	-27.41	58.74
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	100	0	0	21.96	-27.63	58.65
LTE B41	20	40620	16QAM	1	0	0	21.45	-28.01	59.01
LTE B41	20	40620	64QAM	1	0	0	21.57	-28.46	58.88
LTE B41	15	40620	QPSK	1	0	0	21.82	-28.77	59.29
LTE B41	10	40620	QPSK	1	0	0	22.43	-29.53	58.73
LTE B41	5	40620	QPSK	1	0	0	21.97	-27.86	58.45
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	1	0	1	21.81	-28.58	58.69
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	1	0	2	22.05	-26.84	59.14
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	1	0	3	21.86	-26.79	59.26
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	1	0	4	21.98	-27.62	59.31
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	1	0	5	21.76	-28.23	58.97
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	1	0	6	22.03	-28.48	59.78

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

9.4 VoLTE Tests Results

<Summary Tests Results>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	SNR (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response
9	LTE B2	10M_QPSK_25RB_0 NB AMR 12.2Kbps	18900	Axial (Z)	20.36	-24.79	60.08	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	13.78	-28.10	58.93	T4	
10	LTE B4	10M_QPSK_25RB_0 NB AMR 12.2Kbps	20175	Axial (Z)	18.07	-24.31	59.89	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	14.43	-27.28	59.21	T4	
11	LTE B5	10M_QPSK_25RB_0 NB AMR 12.2Kbps	20525	Axial (Z)	20.62	-24.91	58.15	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	15.15	-28.05	57.79	T4	
12	LTE B7	10M_QPSK_25RB_0 NB AMR 12.2Kbps	21100	Axial (Z)	19.00	-22.89	57.15	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	13.23	-26.20	57.04	T4	
13	LTE B12	10M_QPSK_25RB_0 NB AMR 12.2Kbps	23095	Axial (Z)	17.03	-23.31	58.14	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	14.94	-26.40	57.79	T4	
14	LTE B13	10M_QPSK_25RB_0 NB AMR 12.2Kbps	23230	Axial (Z)	23.04	-23.19	57.94	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	14.48	-27.35	57.77	T4	
15	LTE B25	10M_QPSK_25RB_0 NB AMR 12.2Kbps	26365	Axial (Z)	20.71	-24.42	58.20	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	14.42	-27.89	57.17	T4	
16	LTE B26	10M_QPSK_25RB_0 NB AMR 12.2Kbps	26865	Axial (Z)	19.25	-23.58	57.77	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	14.91	-27.48	57.78	T4	
17	LTE B66	10M_QPSK_25RB_0 NB AMR 12.2Kbps	132322	Axial (Z)	20.19	-23.65	58.29	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	13.83	-27.76	57.70	T4	
18	LTE B71	10M_QPSK_25RB_0 NB AMR 12.2Kbps	133297	Axial (Z)	20.25	-23.79	57.27	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	12.77	-28.02	57.66	T4	
19	LTE B41	10M_QPSK_25RB_0 NB AMR 12.2Kbps	40620	Axial (Z)	21.57	-22.75	58.27	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	14.66	-26.61	57.24	T4	

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

10 T-Coil testing for VoWIFI

10.1 Test System Setup for VoWIFI over IMS T-coil Testing

General Note:
Regards the protocols, the highlighting section of the test set up, reference levels used, will be re-used in future.

The general test setup used for VoWiFi over IMS, or CMRS WiFi Calling, is shown below. The callbox used when performing VoWiFi over IMS T-coil measurements is a CMW500. The Data Application Unit (DAU) of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) server.
According to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03, VoWiFi input level is -20dBm0.

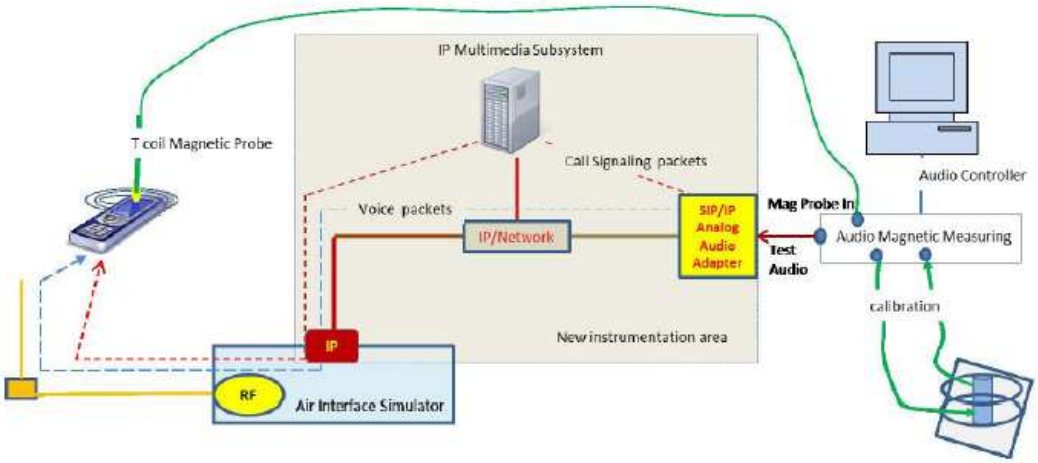


Figure 10.1 Test Setup for VoWiFi over IMS T-coil Measurements

No correction gain factors were measured for VoWiFi due to the Rohde & Schwarz CMW500, hosting a calibrated audio board. The gains used to measure VoWiFi are set to 100.

Firmware	License Keys	Software Name
V3.7.40 for WLAN	KS650	WLAN A/B/G SIG BASIC
	KS651	WLAN N SIG BASIC
	KA100	IP APPL ENABLING IPv4
	KA150	IP APPL ENABLING IPv6
V3.7.20 for Audio	KAA20	IP APPL IMS BASIC
	KM050	DATA APPL MEAS
	KS104	EVS SPEECH CODEC

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

10.2 Codec Configuration

An investigation was performed to determine the audio codec configuration to be used for testing. NB AMR 4.75Kbps setting was used for the audio codec on the CMW500 for VoWIFI over IMS T-coil testing. See below table for comparisons between different codecs and codec data rates:

<AMR Codec Investigation>

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	5.48	5.77	5.15	5.61	Axial	WIFI2.4G / 20 / 6
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-13.18	-14.84	-13.65	-14.52		
Signal Quality (dB)	50.52	51.63	**49.92**	51.46		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

<EVS Codec Investigation>

Codec	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 13.2Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 13.2Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 13.2Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	5.84	5.72	5.96	6.18	5.77	5.86	Axial	WIFI2.4G / 20 / 6
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-15.24	-15.06	-14.68	-15.12	-14.43	-14.62		
Signal Quality (dB)	50.93	51.25	50.81	51.29	51.08	51.24		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

10.3 Radio Configuration

An investigation was performed on all applicable data rates and modulations to determine the radio configuration to be used for testing. See below table for comparisons between different radios configurations in each 802.11 standard:

Mode	Bandwidth	Data rate	channel	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 B (A/m)	SNR (dB)
802.11b	20	1M	6	5.16	-15.18	**50.14**
802.11b	20	11M	6	5.55	-15.42	50.62
802.11g	20	6M	6	5.94	-16.81	50.55
802.11g	20	54M	6	6.09	-16.63	50.87
802.11n-HT20	20	MCS0	6	5.99	-17.41	50.91
802.11n-HT20	20	MCS7	6	5.84	-16.54	50.74
802.11n-HT40	40	MCS0	6	5.69	-15.87	50.55
802.11n-HT40	40	MCS7	6	5.76	-16.12	50.49
802.11a	20	6M	40	5.58	-22.41	**53.23**
802.11a	20	54M	40	5.87	-22.78	54.14
802.11n-HT20	20	MCS0	40	6.15	-22.94	53.72
802.11n-HT20	20	MCS7	40	6.38	-23.23	54.25
802.11n-HT40	40	MCS0	38	6.55	-23.41	53.87
802.11n-HT40	40	MCS7	38	6.49	-23.28	54.93
802.11ac	20	MCS0	40	6.78	-24.44	54.02
802.11ac	20	MCS8	40	7.11	-24.52	54.75
802.11ac	40	MCS0	38	6.96	-25.12	53.96
802.11ac	40	MCS9	38	7.68	-24.85	54.48
802.11ac	80	MCS0	42	7.45	-24.78	53.59
802.11ac	80	MCS9	42	7.35	-24.82	53.86

10.4 VoWIFI Tests Results

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	SNR (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response
20	WIFI 2.4G	80211b -1Mbps NB AMR 12.2Kbps	6	Axial (Z)	4.97	-14.05	49.80	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-9.61	-17.67	36.70	T4	
21	WIFI 5.2G	80211a -6Mbps NB AMR 12.2Kbps	40	Axial (Z)	5.34	-21.03	53.07	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-3.51	-27.20	41.45	T4	
22	WIFI 5.3G	80211a -6Mbps NB AMR 12.2Kbps	56	Axial (Z)	4.91	-21.64	52.89	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-3.59	-26.64	40.79	T4	
23	WIFI 5.5G	80211a -6Mbps NB AMR 12.2Kbps	116	Axial (Z)	5.19	-25.11	53.38	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-2.77	-29.00	45.45	T4	
24	WIFI 5.8G	80211a -6Mbps NB AMR 12.2Kbps	157	Axial (Z)	5.31	-26.07	54.80	T4	Pass
				Transversal (Y)	-3.56	-29.86	45.45	T4	

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

11 T-Coil testing for OTT VoIP Calling

11.1 Test System Setup for OTT VoIP T-coil Testing

General Note:

The yellow highlight section has been approved for reuse. Regards the protocols, Google Duo, the highlighting section of the test set up, reference levels used, codec(s) and the fact that an investigation was done to determine the worst-case codec/rate documented in the test results below.

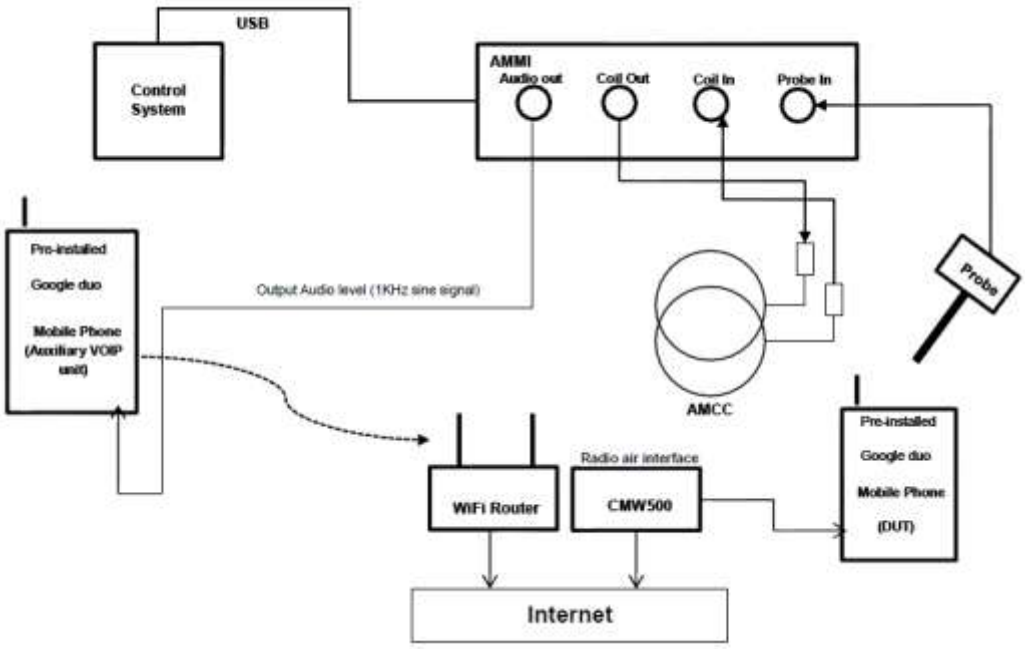
OTT VoIP Application

Google Duo is a pre-installed application on the DUT which allows for VoIP calls in a head-to-ear scenario. Duo uses the OPUS audio codec and supports a bitrate range of 6kbps to 75kbps. All air interfaces capable of a data connection were evaluated with Google Duo. When HAC testing we are using the Google Duo version is 26.0.179825522.alpha.DEV and the bitrate configuration can find at settings → Voice call parameters settings → Audio codec bitrate(6-75kbps).

Test Procedure and Equipment Setup

The test procedure for OTT testing is identical to the section above, except for how the signal is sent to the DUT, as outlined in the diagram below.

The AMMI is connected to the support device's Mic via Audio Data Line. The support device is connected to the Internet via Wi-Fi and the DUT is connected to the mobile base station via the technology under test. Using the DUT's OTT application, a VoIP call is established with the support device. The test signal is sent from the DASY PC to the AMMI, from the AMMI to the support device, and finally to the DUT. To exercise the license antenna, the DUT was simultaneously connected to an external AP and to a mobile base station.



©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

Audio Level Settings

According to KDB 285076 D02, the average speech level of -20dBm0 shall be used for protocols not specifically listed in Table 7.1 of ANSI C63.19-2001.

Determine Input Audio level is based on the Added additional dBFS level readout by Google Duo customize application and three steps need to do.

1. Input a gain value to readout the -23dBFS level as reference. (0dBFS = 3.14 dBm0)
2. Adjust gain level to readout the dBFS level until it changes to -24dBFS.
3. Based on the step 1 and 2, and then calculate the gain value(dB) by interpolation to get the -20dBm0 corresponding gain value.

Codec Bit-rate Investigation

An investigation between the various bit-rate configurations (Low/Mid/High bit rates for Narrowband, Wideband, and EVS) are documented (ABM1, ABM2, SNNR, frequency response) to determine the worst case bit-rate for each voice service type. The tables below compare the varying bit-rate configurations

Air Interface Investigation

Using the worst-case bit-rate and Radio Configuration found in §9.2, a limited set of bands/channel/ bandwidths were then tested to confirm that there is no effect to the T-rating when changing the band/channel/bandwidth, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.

11.2 Test Data Summary

<Codec Investigation> - EDGE

codec	Bitrate 6Kbps	Bitrate 40Kbps	Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	7.48	7.59	8.15	Axial	GSM850 / 190
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-12.24	-12.86	-13.12		
SNR (dB)	**41.24**	41.39	42.26		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

For GSM, it is observed that 6Kbps is the worst case.

< Codec Investigation> - EVDO

codec	Bitrate 6Kbps	Bitrate 40Kbps	Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	3.21	4.06	4.45	Axial	BC0 / 384
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-23.27	-24.49	-25.41		
SNR (dB)	**51.29**	51.84	52.04		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

For CDMA2000, it is observed that 75Kbps is the worst case.

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

< Codec Investigation> -HSPA

codec	Bitrate 6Kbps	Bitrate 40Kbps	Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	6.11	6.85	7.16	Axial	Band 2 / 9400
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-14.67	-15.24	-15.63		
SNR (dB)	**49.85**	50.41	50.86		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

For WCDMA, it is observed that 75Kbps is the worst case.

< Codec Investigation> - LTE FDD

codec	Bitrate 6Kbps	Bitrate 40Kbps	Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	11.34	11.94	11.60	Axial	B2 / 18900
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-13.20	-13.15	-13.22		
SNR (dB)	**55.93**	57.20	56.92		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

For FDD-LTE, it is observed that 6Kbps is the worst case.

< Codec Investigation> - LTE TDD

codec	Bitrate 6Kbps	Bitrate 40Kbps	Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	10.93	11.46	11.88	Axial	B41 / 40620
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-19.10	-20.41	-20.63		
SNR (dB)	**53.87**	54.19	54.62		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

For TDD-LTE, it is observed that 75Kbps is the worst case.

< Codec Investigation> - WIFI 2.4G

codec	Bitrate 6Kbps	Bitrate 40Kbps	Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	10.46	11.19	11.57	Axial	WIFI 2.4G / 6
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-17.82	-18.26	-18.72		
SNR (dB)	**51.13**	51.59	52.18		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

For WIFI 2.4G, it is observed that 75Kbps is the worst case.

< Codec Investigation> - WIFI 5G

codec	Bitrate 6Kbps	Bitrate 40Kbps	Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	11.88	12.23	12.79	Axial	WIFI 5.2G / 40
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-18.55	-19.35	-20.31		
SNR (dB)	**52.90**	53.72	54.03		
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

For WIFI 5G, it is observed that 75Kbps is the worst case.

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

<Radio Configuration Investigation>-FDD

Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	channel	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB(A/m)	SNR (dB)
LTE B2	20	18900	QPSK	1	0	11.25	-20.84	54.86
LTE B2	20	18900	QPSK	50	0	11.84	-20.63	54.24
LTE B2	20	18900	QPSK	100	0	12.63	-20.87	55.41
LTE B2	20	18900	16QAM	1	0	12.19	-21.45	54.93
LTE B2	15	18900	QPSK	1	0	12.31	-21.36	54.82
LTE B2	10	18900	QPSK	1	0	11.13	--20.12	**53.92**
LTE B2	5	18900	QPSK	1	0	12.52	-20.98	55.53
LTE B2	3	18900	QPSK	1	0	11.85	-20.76	54.87
LTE B2	1.4	18900	QPSK	1	0	11.93	-20.65	54.66

<Radio Configuration Investigation>-TDD

Mode	Bandwidth (MHz)	channel	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	UL-DL Configuration	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB(A/m)	SNR (dB)
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	1	0	0	11.21	-18.64	**51.46**
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	50	0	0	11.63	-18.98	52.48
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	100	0	0	11.78	-19.41	51.96
LTE B41	20	40620	16QAM	1	0	0	12.02	-18.65	51.87
LTE B41	15	40620	QPSK	1	0	0	12.26	-19.44	52.32
LTE B41	10	40620	QPSK	1	0	0	11.93	-19.38	51.68
LTE B41	5	40620	QPSK	1	0	0	11.88	-19.69	52.04
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	1	0	1	12.59	-18.78	52.25
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	1	0	2	12.45	-19.25	52.34
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	1	0	3	12.06	-18.86	52.49
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	1	0	4	12.24	-18.99	51.82
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	1	0	5	12.32	-19.21	52.43
LTE B41	20	40620	QPSK	1	0	6	12.49	-19.36	52.30

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

<Radio Configuration Investigation>-WIFI

Mode	Bandwidth	Data rate	channel	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 B (A/m)	SNR (dB)
802.11b	20	1M	6	10.59	-18.24	**51.26**
802.11b	20	11M	6	10.86	-18.69	51.65
802.11g	20	6M	6	11.23	-19.44	52.06
802.11g	20	54M	6	11.15	-19.86	51.98
802.11n-HT20	20	MCS0	6	11.63	-19.73	52.04
802.11n-HT20	20	MCS7	6	11.68	-20.15	52.42
802.11n-HT40	40	MCS0	6	11.47	-18.84	51.63
802.11n-HT40	40	MCS7	6	11.33	-19.57	51.87
802.11a	20	6M	40	12.04	-19.21	**53.05**
802.11a	20	54M	40	12.59	-20.14	53.46
802.11n-HT20	20	MCS0	40	12.45	-19.56	53.59
802.11n-HT20	20	MCS7	40	12.66	-20.11	54.41
802.11n-HT40	40	MCS0	38	13.08	-20.26	54.96
802.11n-HT40	40	MCS7	38	12.69	-19.89	55.24
802.11ac	20	MCS0	40	12.54	-20.32	54.36
802.11ac	20	MCS8	40	11.96	-20.45	53.94
802.11ac	40	MCS0	38	12.46	-20.68	53.68
802.11ac	40	MCS9	38	12.87	-20.57	53.49
802.11ac	80	MCS0	42	13.11	-20.84	54.08
802.11ac	80	MCS9	42	13.45	-21.06	54.21

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

<Summary Tests Results>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	SNR (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response
25	GSM850	EDGE	190	Axial (Z)	7.48	-12.24	41.24	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	2.94	-17.51	48.45	T4	
26	GSM1900	EDGE	661	Axial (Z)	4.62	-14.36	43.63	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	1.73	-18.69	48.22	T4	
27	BC0	EVDO	384	Axial (Z)	3.21	-23.27	51.29	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	2.85	-28.40	50.86	T4	
28	BC1	EVDO	600	Axial (Z)	3.98	-24.52	52.64	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	2.96	-28.71	50.74	T4	
29	BC10	EVDO	580	Axial (Z)	5.48	-21.95	52.34	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	4.84	-26.48	51.18	T4	
30	WCDMA Band 2	HSPA	9400	Axial (Z)	6.11	-14.67	49.85	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	3.74	-17.55	52.26	T4	
31	WCDMA Band 4	HSPA	1413	Axial (Z)	6.53	-13.78	51.62	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	5.16	-16.83	50.41	T4	
32	WCDMA Band 5	HSPA	4082	Axial (Z)	4.45	-20.42	49.86	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	4.84	-23.54	49.52	T4	
33	LTE B2	QPSK	18900	Axial (Z)	10.93	-19.10	53.87	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	2.03	-24.20	46.61	T4	
34	LTE B4	QPSK	20175	Axial (Z)	10.19	-19.24	52.79	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	2.86	-23.86	46.44	T4	
35	LTE B5	QPSK	20525	Axial (Z)	9.70	-18.94	51.50	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	4.10	-23.54	46.61	T4	
36	LTE B7	QPSK	21100	Axial (Z)	8.77	-18.99	50.60	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	3.71	-22.35	46.04	T4	
37	LTE B12	QPSK	23095	Axial (Z)	9.14	-19.24	51.64	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	5.45	-24.15	47.71	T4	
38	LTE B13	QPSK	23230	Axial (Z)	9.33	-19.19	51.32	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	2.24	-23.93	46.31	T4	
39	LTE B25	QPSK	26365	Axial (Z)	10.10	-18.72	52.98	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	3.86	-24.02	46.12	T4	
40	LTE B26	QPSK	26865	Axial (Z)	10.30	-18.73	52.78	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	5.90	-24.05	48.13	T4	
41	LTE B41	QPSK	40620	Axial (Z)	10.89	-18.25	51.01	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	4.47	-23.12	45.90	T4	
42	LTE B66	QPSK	132322	Axial (Z)	10.52	-18.80	53.27	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	4.45	-23.26	46.87	T4	
43	LTE B71	QPSK	133322	Axial (Z)	6.01	-18.73	49.64	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	4.20	-23.08	46.71	T4	

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

44	WIFI 2.4GHz	80211b	6	Axial (Z)	10.46	-17.82	51.13	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	2.56	-21.49	44.80	T4	
45	WIFI 5.2GHz	80211a	40	Axial (Z)	11.88	-18.55	52.90	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	5.45	-17.97	45.82	T4	
46	WIFI 5.3GHz	80211a	56	Axial (Z)	11.60	-18.90	53.88	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	5.41	-19.77	44.65	T4	
47	WIFI 5.5GHz	80211a	116	Axial (Z)	11.60	-18.46	54.31	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	0.16	-18.48	44.70	T4	
48	WIFI 5.8GHz	80211a	157	Axial (Z)	11.82	-17.94	53.51	T4	Pass
				Transverse (Y)	0.58	-21.16	44.89	T4	

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

12 Measurement Uncertainty

No.	Error source	Type	Uncertainty Value a_i（%）	Prob. Dist.	Div.	ABM1 ci	ABM2 ci	Std. Unc. ABM1 $u_i^{'}$ (%)	Std. Unc. ABM2 $u_i^{'}$ (%)
1	System Repeatability	A	0.016	N	1	1	1	0.016	0.016
Probe Sensitivity									
2	Reference Level	B	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.0	3.0
3	AMCC Geometry	B	0.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
4	AMCC Current	B	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.4	0.4
5	Probe Positioning during Calibration	B	0.1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.1	0.1
6	Noise Contribution	B	0.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.0143	1	0.0	0.4
7	Frequency Slope	B	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.1	1	0.3	3.5
Probe System									
8	Repeatability / Drift	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
9	Linearity / Dynamic Range	B	0.6	N	1	1	1	0.4	0.4
10	Acoustic Noise	B	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.1	1	0.1	0.6
11	Probe Angle	B	2.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.4	1.4
12	Spectral Processing	B	0.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
13	Integration Time	B	0.6	N	1	1	5	0.6	3.0
14	Field Distribution	B	0.2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.1	0.1
Test Signal									
15	Ref. Signal Spectral Response	B	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	1	0.0	0.4
Positioning									
16	Probe Positioning	B	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.1	1.1
17	Phantom Thickness	B	0.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
18	DUT Positioning	B	1.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.1	1.1
External Contributions									
19	RF Interference	B	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.3	0.0	0.0
20	Test Signal Variation	B	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
Combined Std. Uncertainty (ABM Field)		$u_c^{'} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{20} c_i^2 u_i^2}$						4.1	6.1
Expanded Std. Uncertainty		$u_e = 2u_c$		N	$k = 2$			**8.2**	**12.2**

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

13 Main Test Instruments

Table 13-1: List of Main Instruments

No.	Name	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Valid Period
01	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3086	2018-02-22	Three year
02	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1105	/	/
03	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1121	/	/
04	HAC Test Arch	N/A	1150	/	/
05	DAE	DAE4	1527	2019-11-11	One year
06	BTS	CMU200	114544	2019-09-02	One year
07	BTS	CMU500	152499	2019-07-18	One year

END OF REPORT BODY

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

ANNEX A Test Plots

T-Coil GSM 850 Axial

Date: 2019-12-25
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: GSM Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.20 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 49.68 dB
ABM1 comp = 22.97 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 8.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

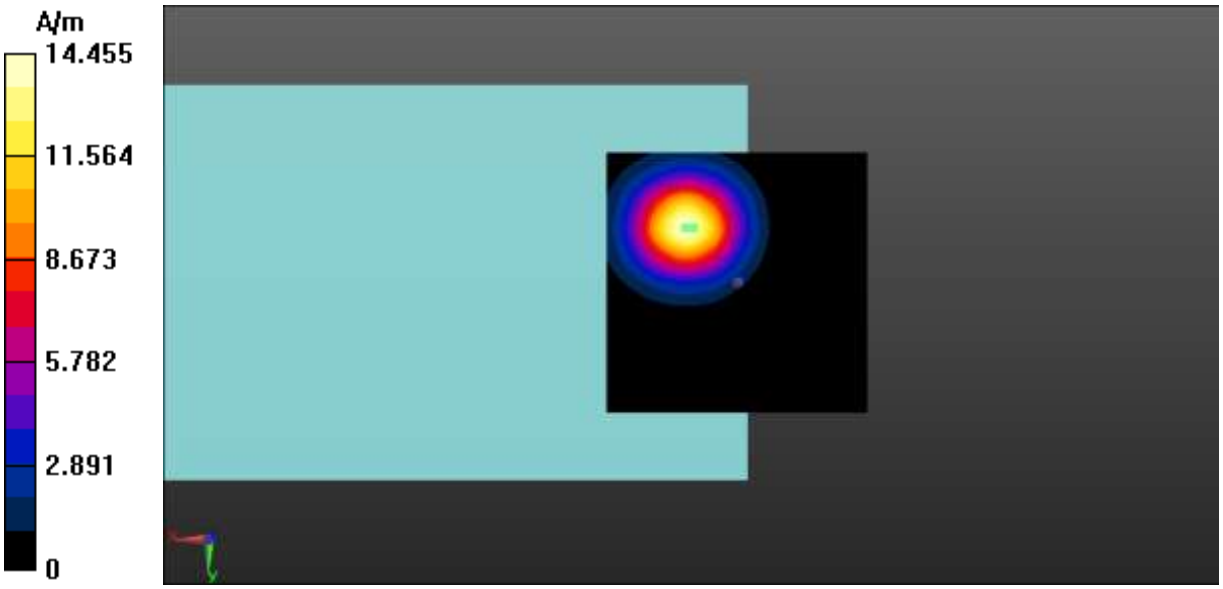


Fig A.1 T-Coil GSM 850-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil GSM 850 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-25
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: GSM Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 16.55 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -4, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 60.02 dB
ABM1 comp = 13.38 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 2.5, -4.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

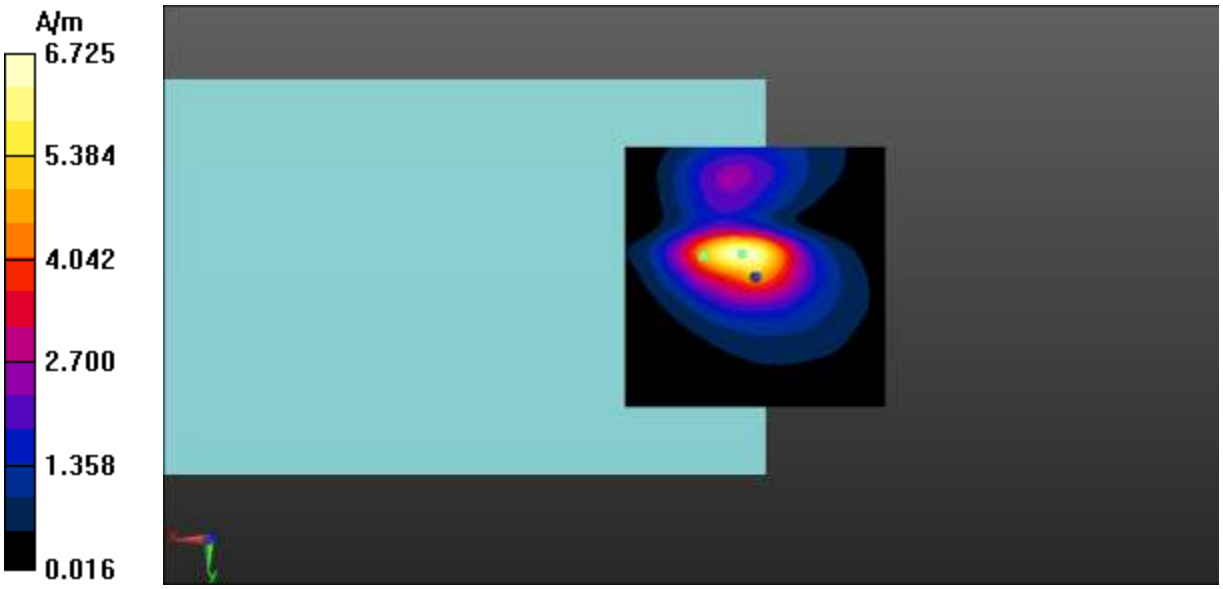


Fig A.1 T-Coil GSM 850-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil GSM 1900 Axial
Date: 2019-12-25
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: GSM Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.28 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 54.51 dB
ABM1 comp = 22.44 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 7, -10.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

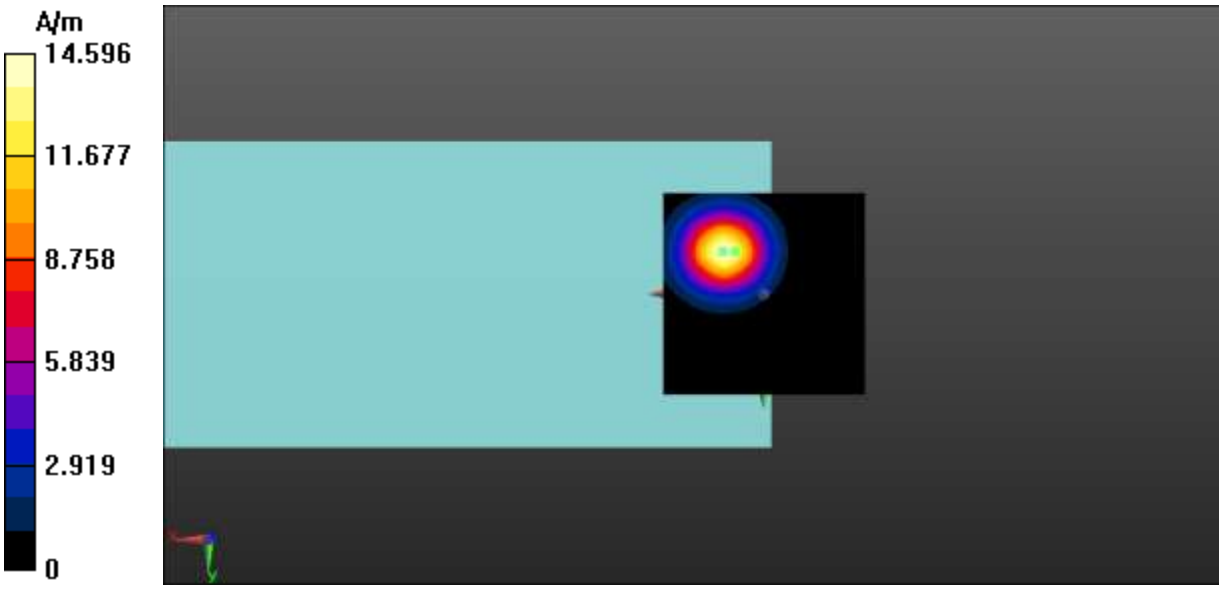


Fig A.2 T-Coil GSM 1900-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil GSM 1900 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-25
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: GSM Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 16.47 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -4, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 60.73 dB
ABM1 comp = 13.82 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 3, -3.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

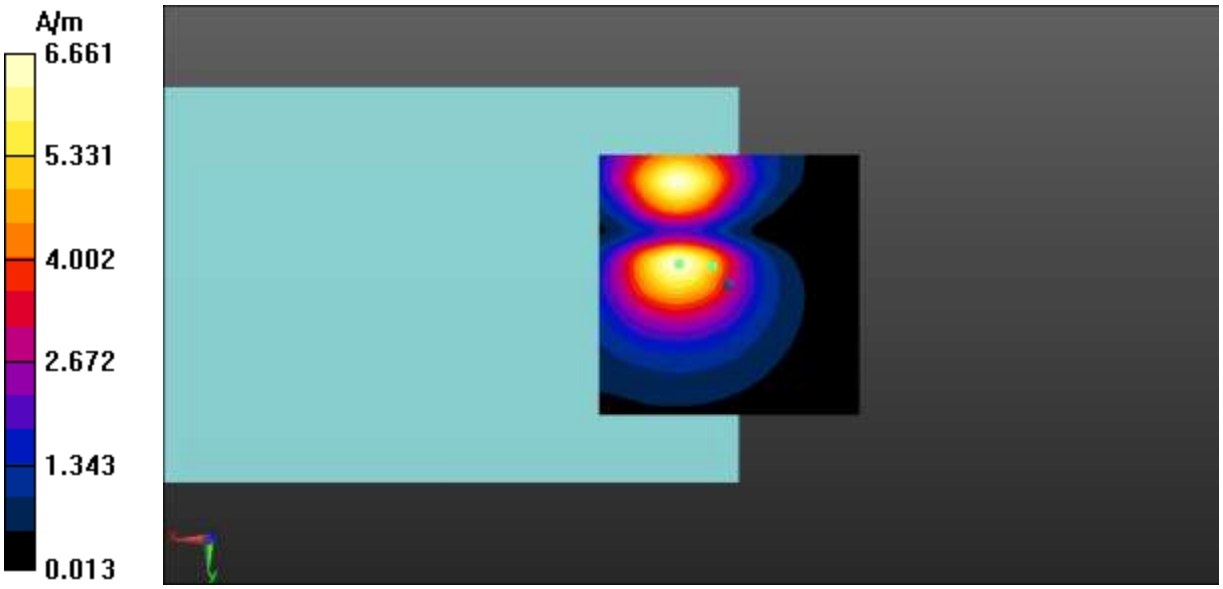


Fig A.2 T-Coil GSM 1900-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil CDMA BC0 Axial
Date: 2019-12-25
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 836.52 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.29 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -10, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 63.40 dB
ABM1 comp = 23.01 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 8.5, -10, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

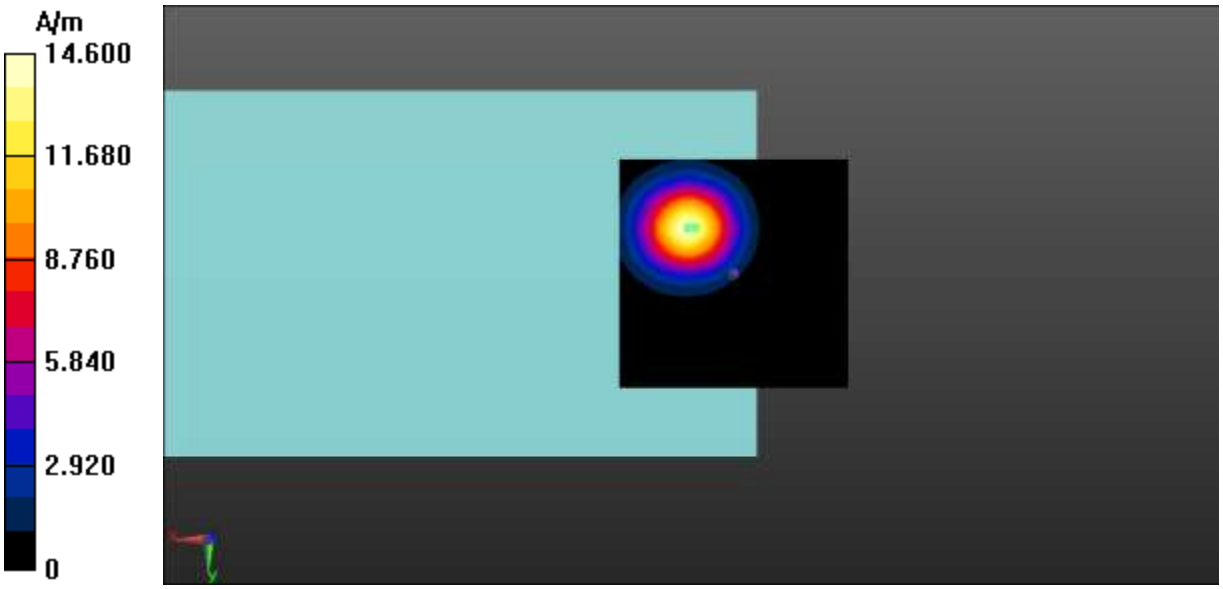


Fig A.3 T-Coil CDMA BC0-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil CDMA BC0 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-25
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 836.52 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 15.03 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -3.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 61.70 dB
ABM1 comp = 13.46 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -16.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

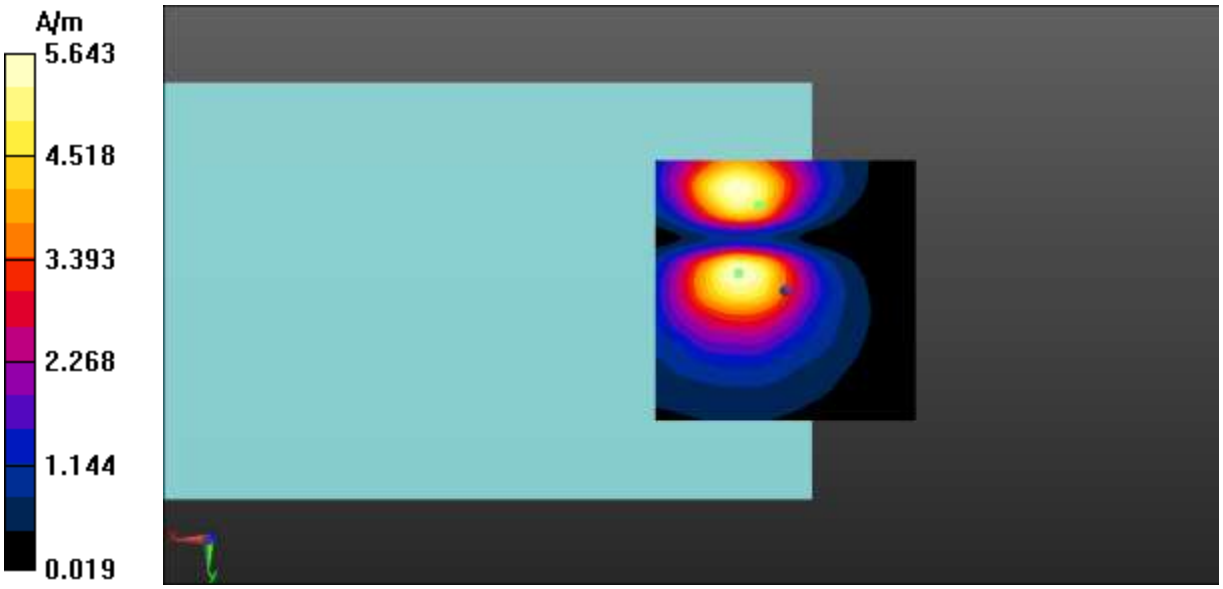


Fig A.3 T-Coil CDMA BC0-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil CDMA BC1 Axial
Date: 2019-12-25
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.53 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -10, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 65.88 dB
ABM1 comp = 23.51 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -10, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

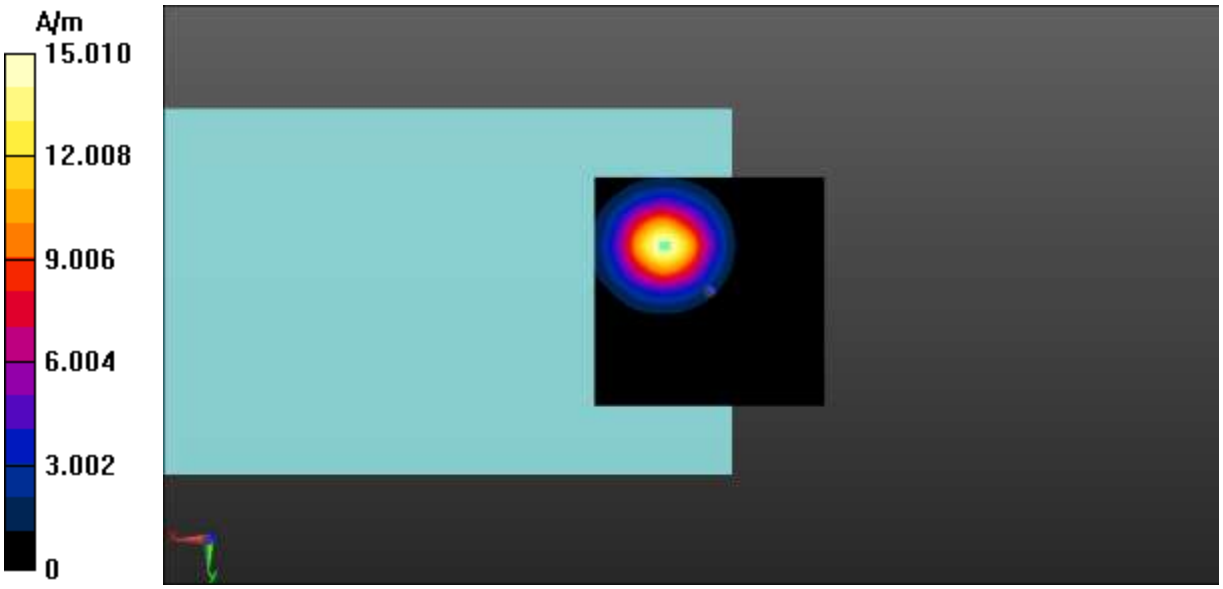


Fig A.4 T-Coil CDMA BC1-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil CDMA BC1 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-25
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 15.13 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -3.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 62.09 dB
ABM1 comp = 13.90 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -19, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

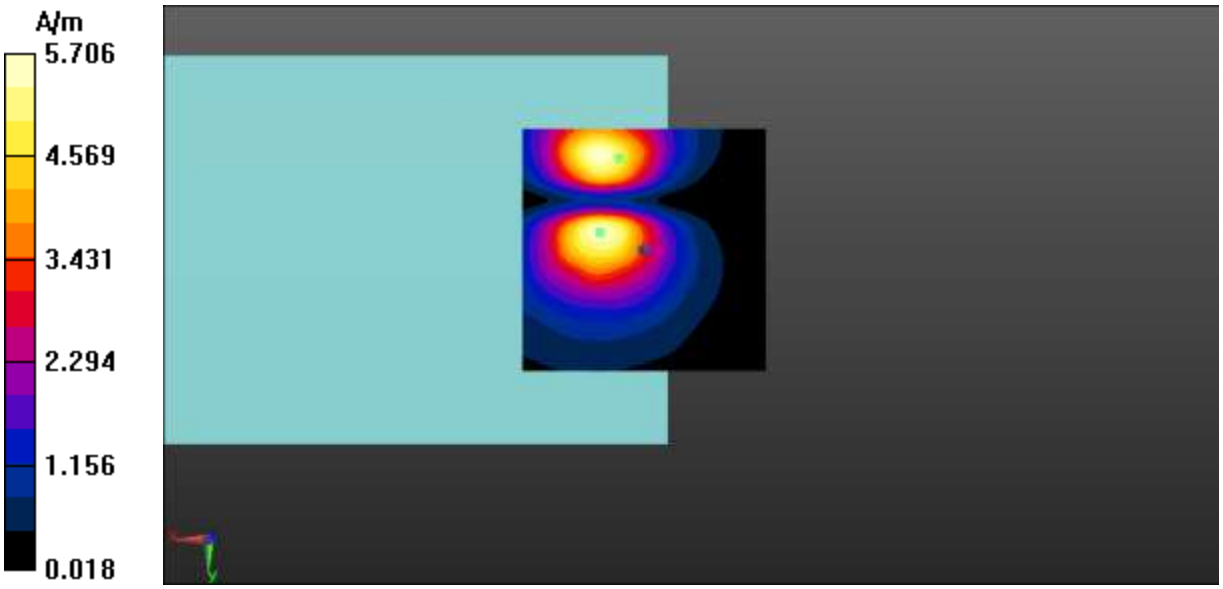


Fig A.4 T-Coil CDMA BC1-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil CDMA BC10 Axial
Date: 2019-12-25
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 820.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.69 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -10, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 63.71 dB
ABM1 comp = 22.21 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 6.5, -10, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

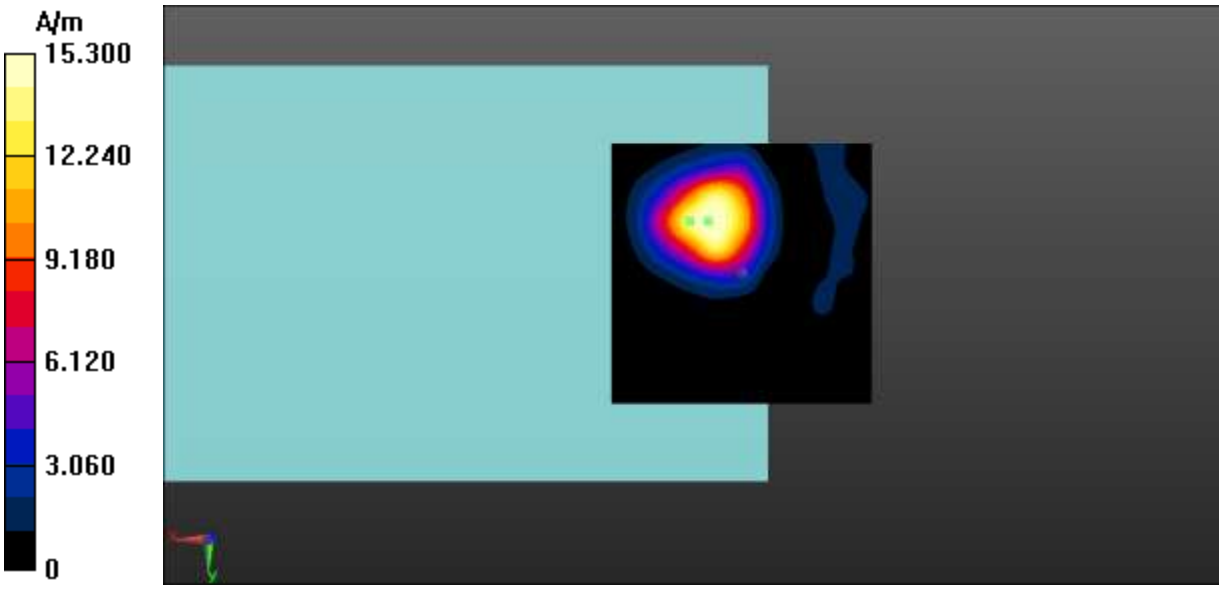


Fig A.5 T-Coil CDMA BC10-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil CDMA BC10 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-25
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 820.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 14.97 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -3.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 62.79 dB
ABM1 comp = 13.94 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5.5, -18, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

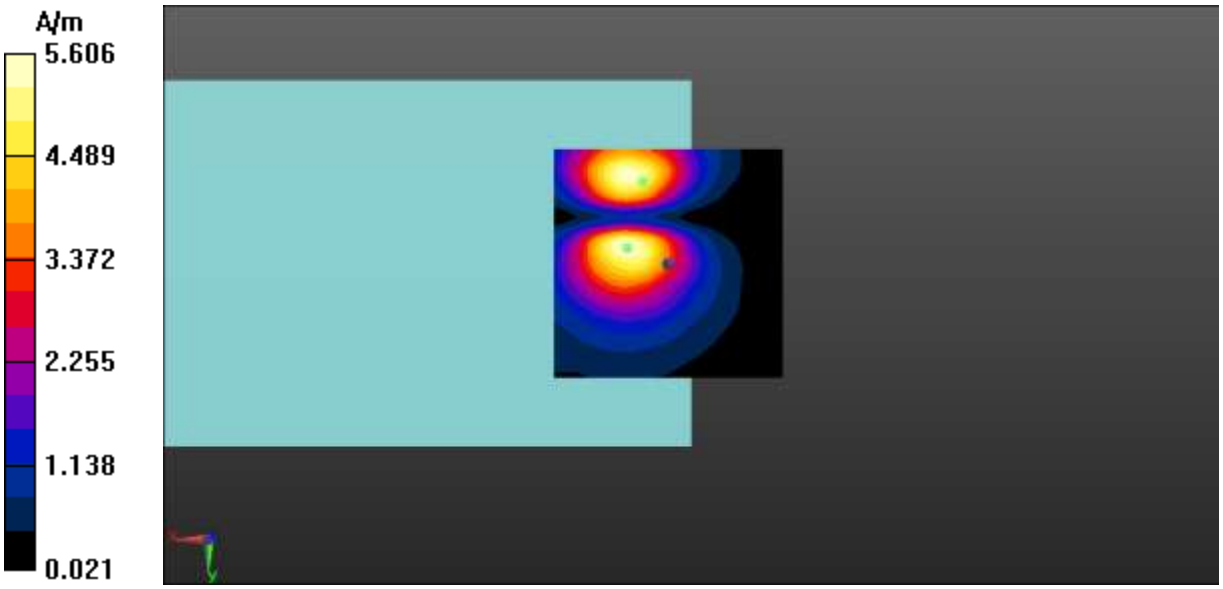


Fig A.5 T-Coil CDMA BC10-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil WCDMA B2 Axial
Date: 2019-12-25
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.23 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 61.50 dB
ABM1 comp = 16.82 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 1.5, -11.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

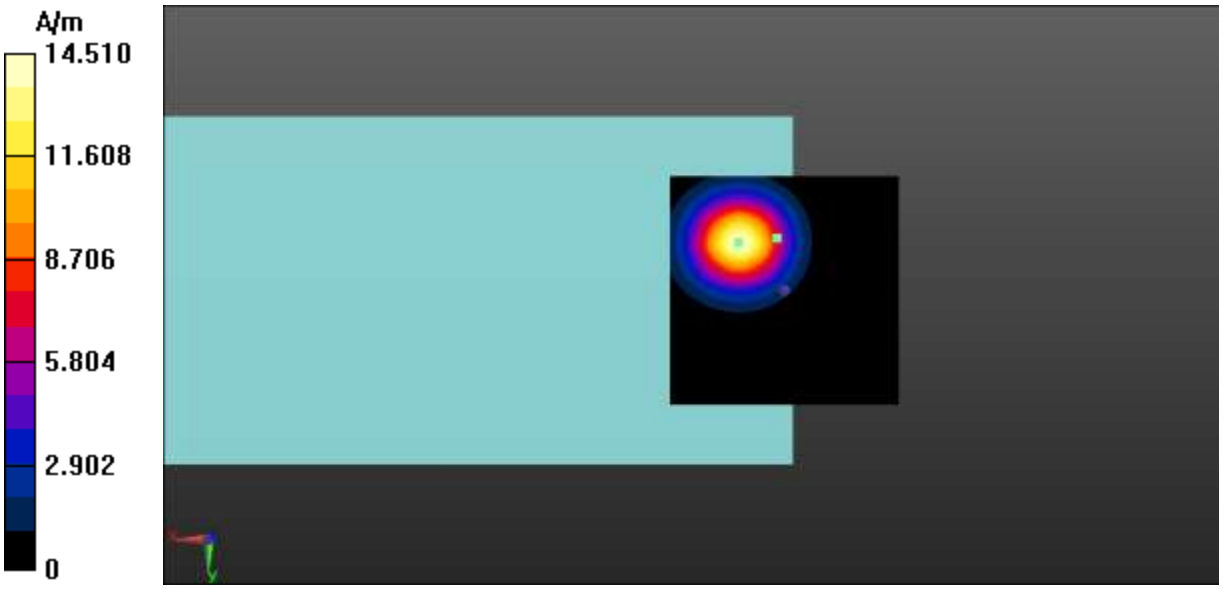


Fig A.6 T-Coil WCDMA B2-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil WCDMA B2 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-25
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 16.66 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -4, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 63.09 dB
ABM1 comp = 14.98 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -19, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

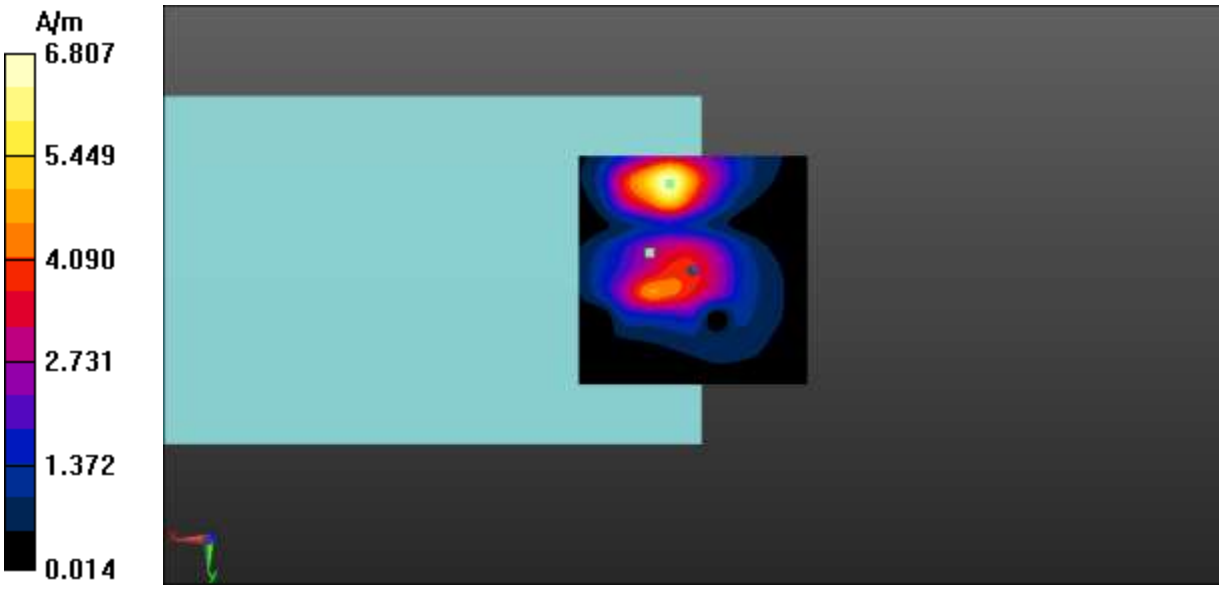


Fig A.6 T-Coil WCDMA B2-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil WCDMA B4 Axial
Date: 2019-12-25
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 1732.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.37 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 61.81 dB
ABM1 comp = 17.23 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 2, -13, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

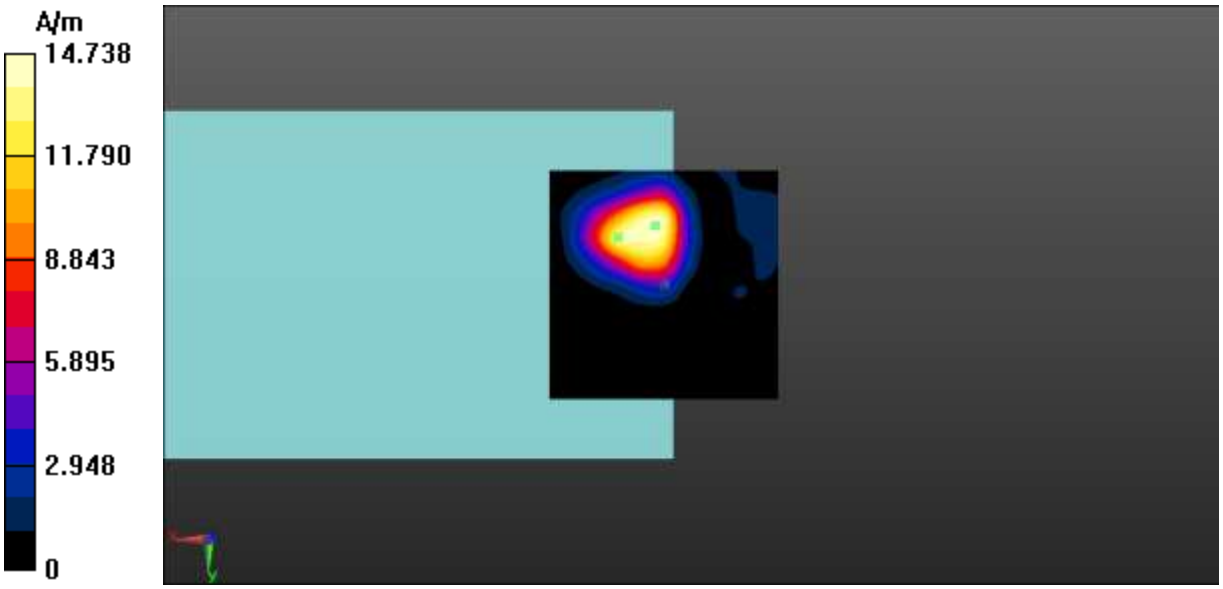


Fig A.7 T-Coil WCDMA B4-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil WCDMA B4 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-25
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 1732.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 16.67 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -4, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 60.96 dB
ABM1 comp = 16.02 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 8.5, -18.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

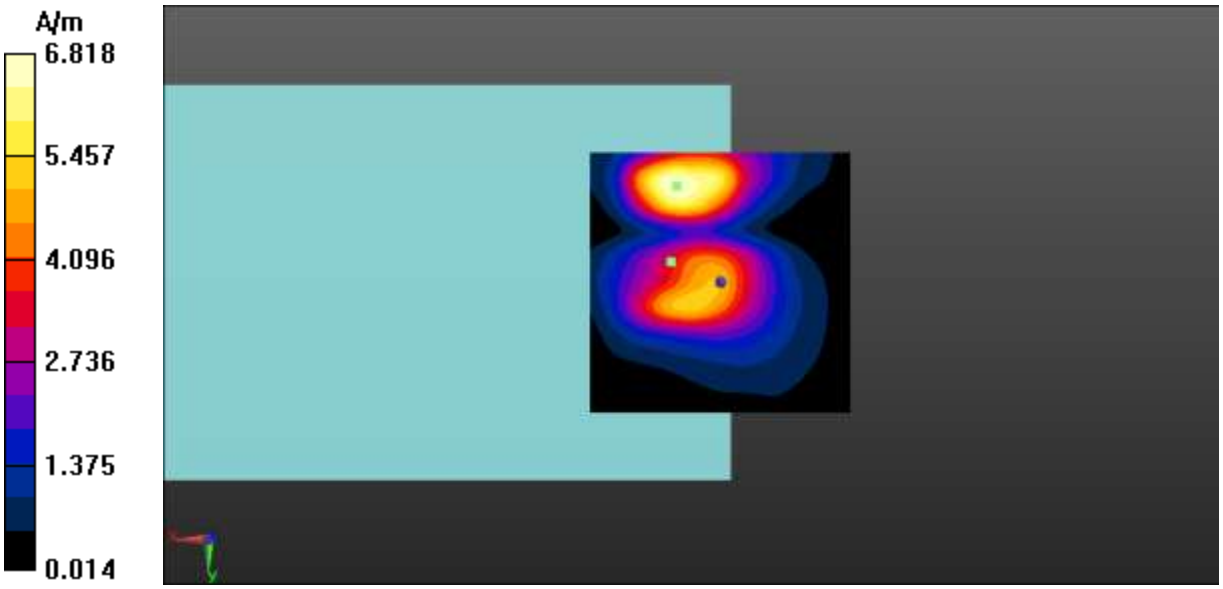


Fig A.7 T-Coil WCDMA B4-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil WCDMA B5 Axial
Date: 2019-12-25
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 836.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.29 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 62.20 dB
ABM1 comp = 23.11 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 8.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

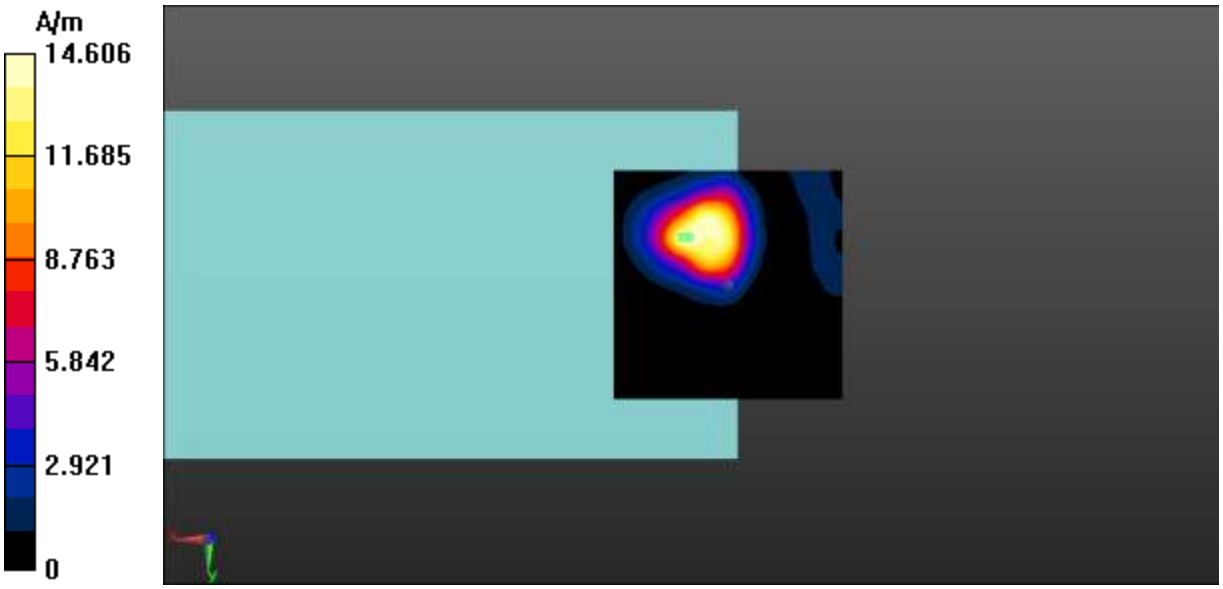


Fig A.8 T-Coil WCDMA B5-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil WCDMA B5 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-25
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 836.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 16.72 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -4, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 37.15
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 61.69 dB
ABM1 comp = 15.71 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 6.5, -19, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

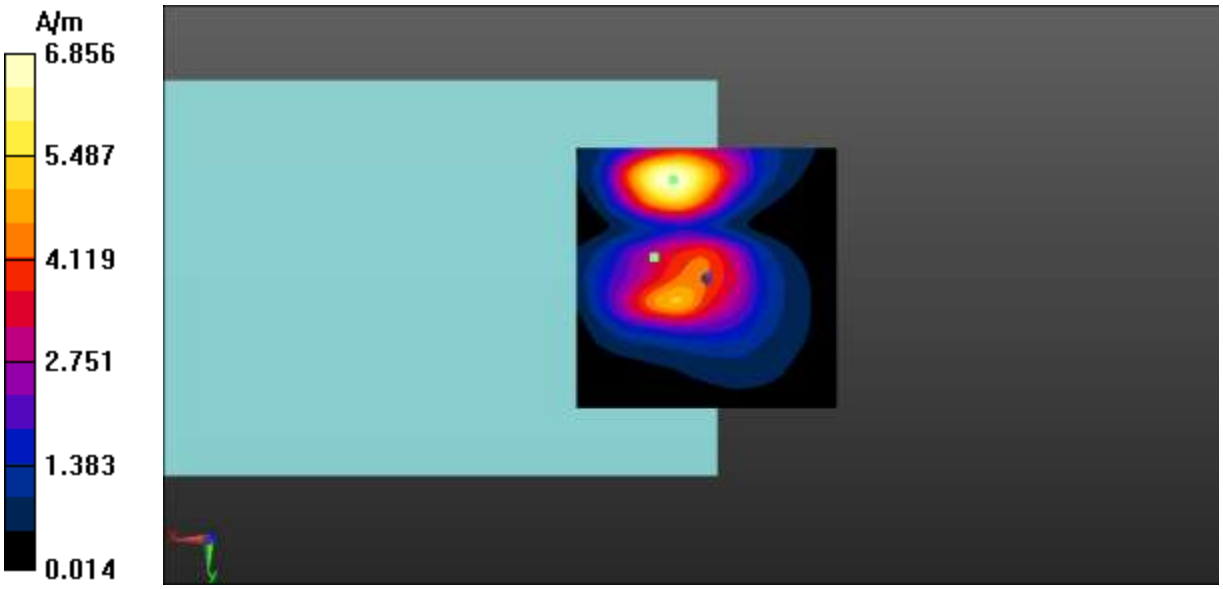


Fig A.8 T-Coil WCDMA B5-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 2 Axial
Date: 2019-12-26
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.19 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 60.08 dB
ABM1 comp = 20.36 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 4.5, -13, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

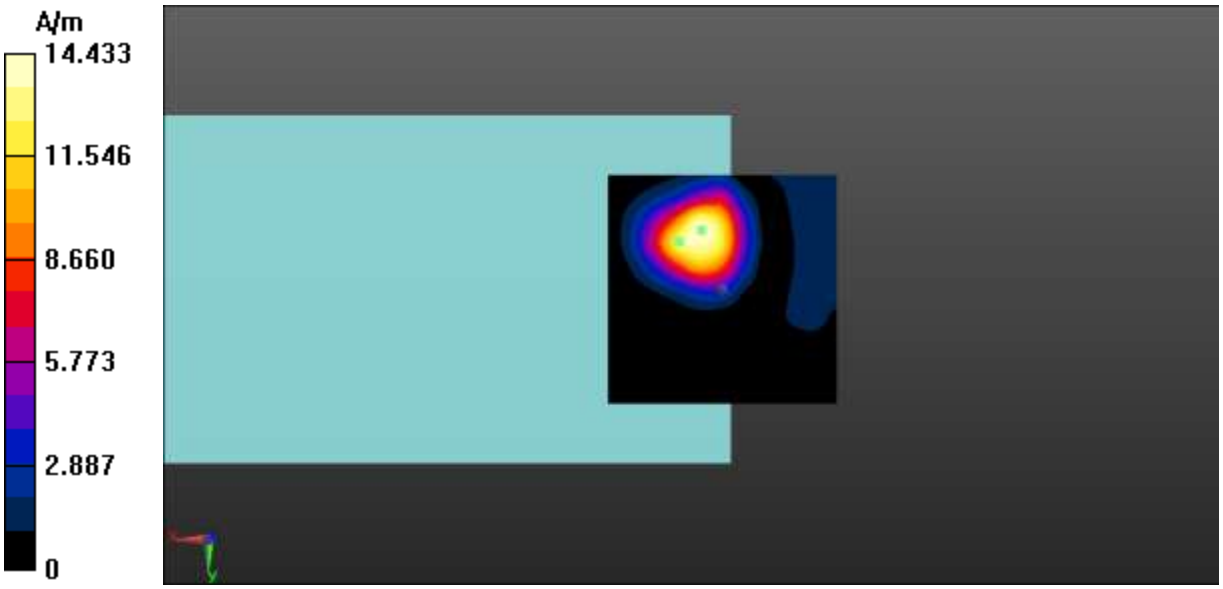


Fig A.9 T-Coil LTE-Band 2-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 2 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-26
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 15.76 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -3, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 58.93 dB
ABM1 comp = 13.78 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -17, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

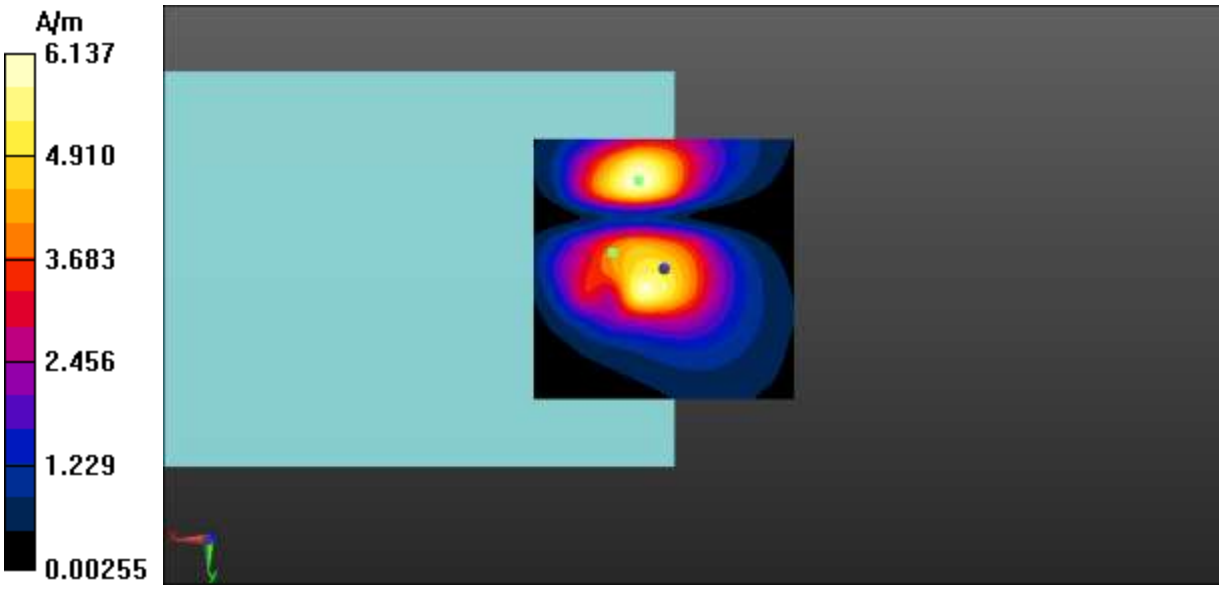


Fig A.9 T-Coil LTE-Band 2-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 4 Axial
Date: 2019-12-26
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 1732.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.25 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 59.89 dB
ABM1 comp = 18.07 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 2, -11, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

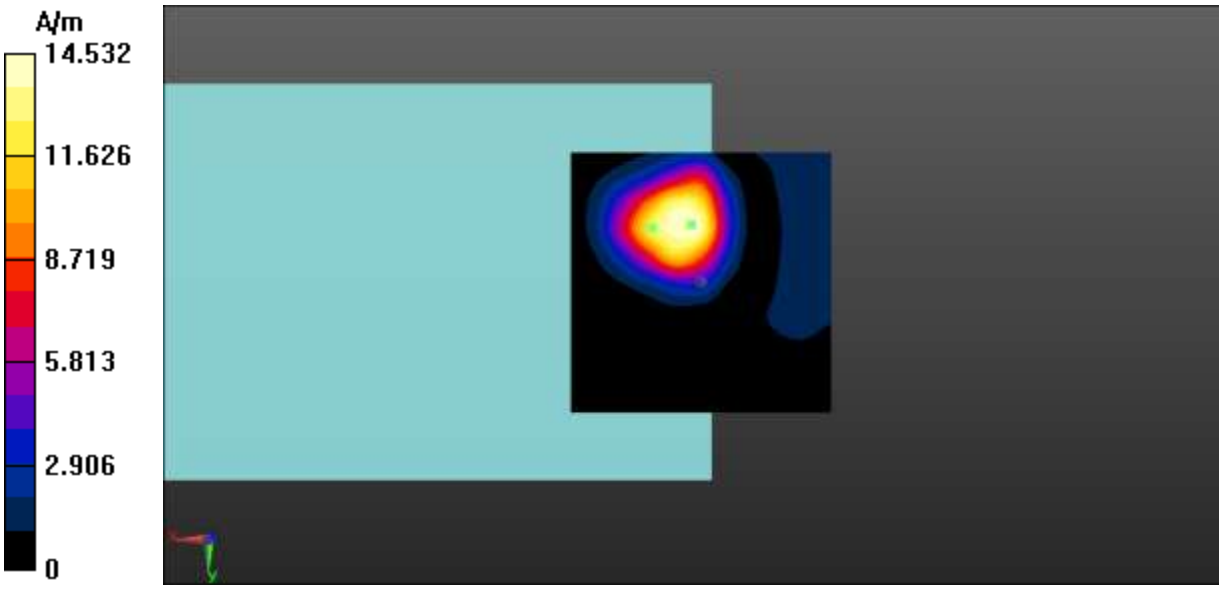


Fig A.10 T-Coil LTE-Band 4-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 4 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-26
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 1732.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 15.75 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -3, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 59.21 dB
ABM1 comp = 14.43 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 6, -17.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

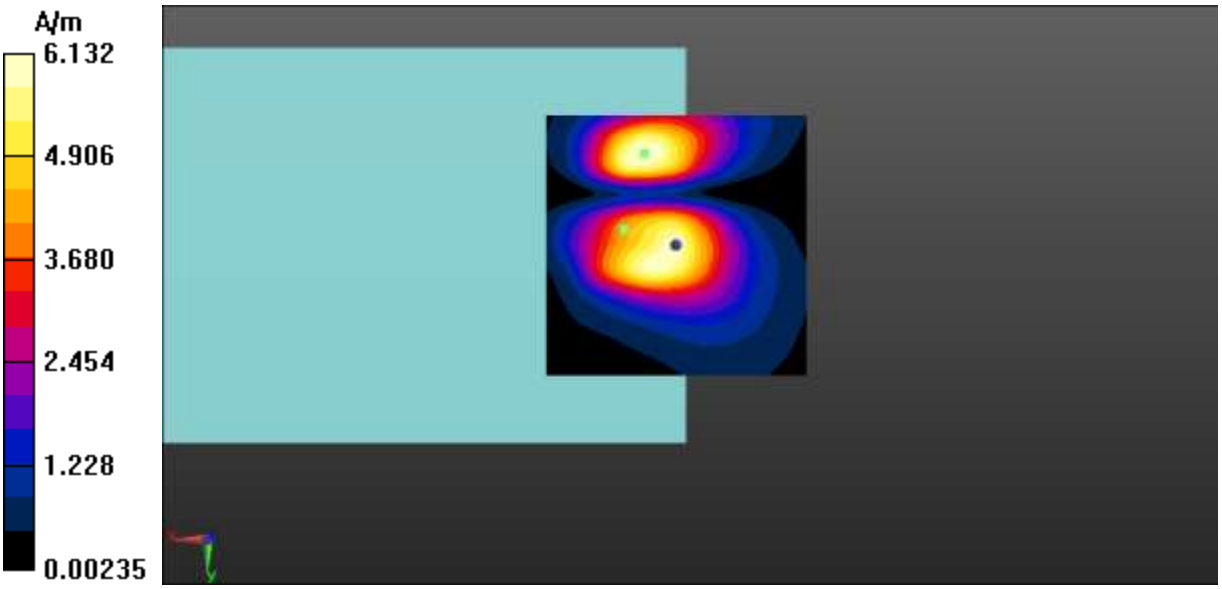


Fig A.10 T-Coil LTE-Band 4-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 5 Axial
Date: 2019-12-26
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 836.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.15 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 58.15 dB
ABM1 comp = 20.62 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 4.5, -13, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

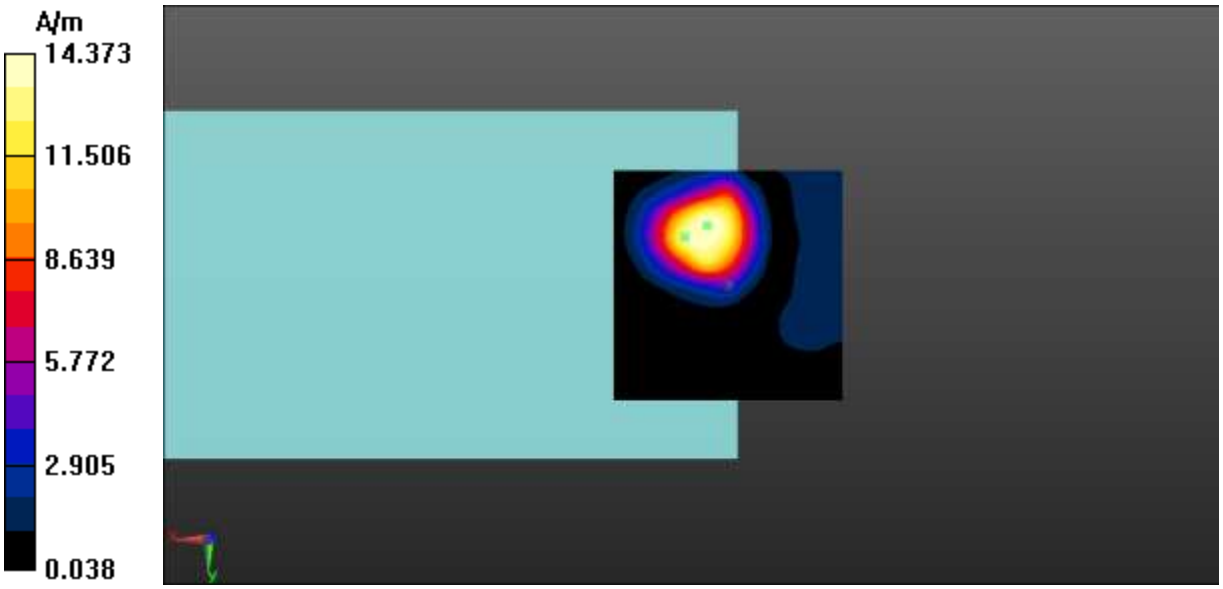


Fig A.11 T-Coil LTE-Band 5-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 5 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-26
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 836.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 15.64 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9.5, -3, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 57.79 dB
ABM1 comp = 15.05 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 8.5, -17.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

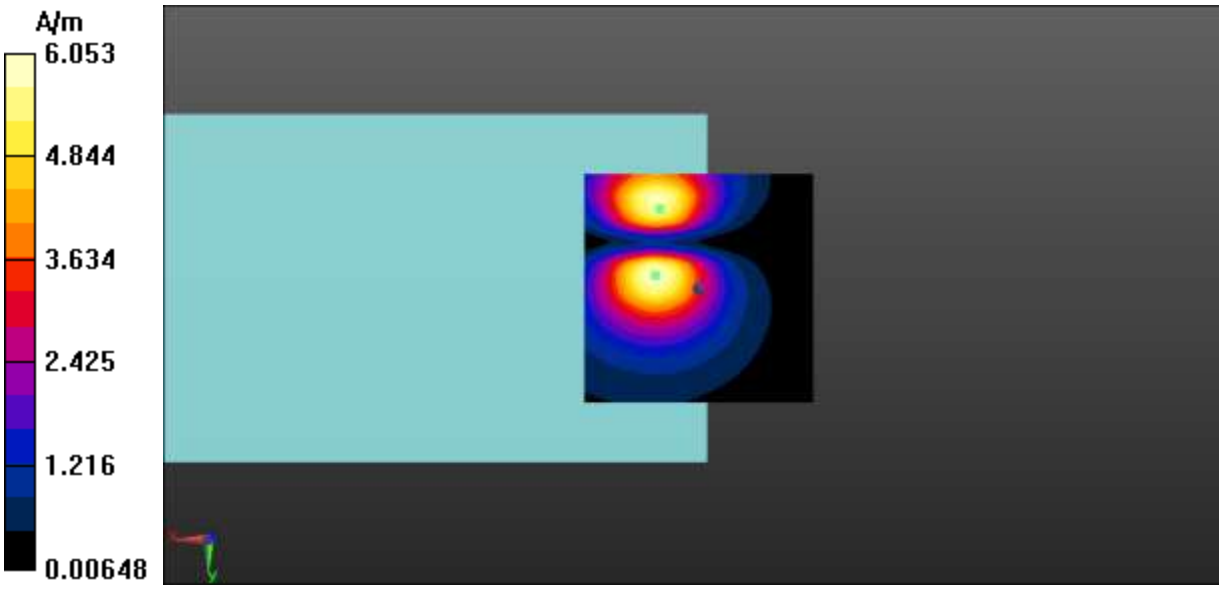


Fig A.11 T-Coil LTE-Band 5-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 7 Axial
Date: 2019-12-26
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 2535 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.03 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 57.15 dB
ABM1 comp = 19.00 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 3, -13.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

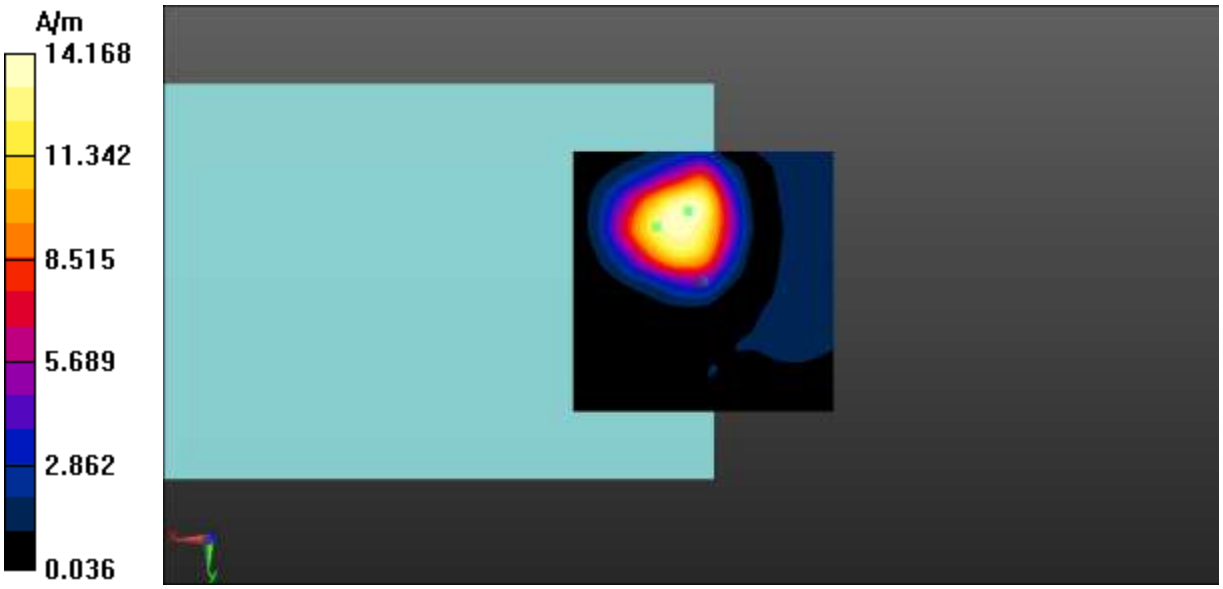


Fig A.12 T-Coil LTE-Band 7-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 7 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-26
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 2535 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 15.73 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9.5, -3.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 57.04 dB
ABM1 comp = 13.23 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 3.5, -17.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

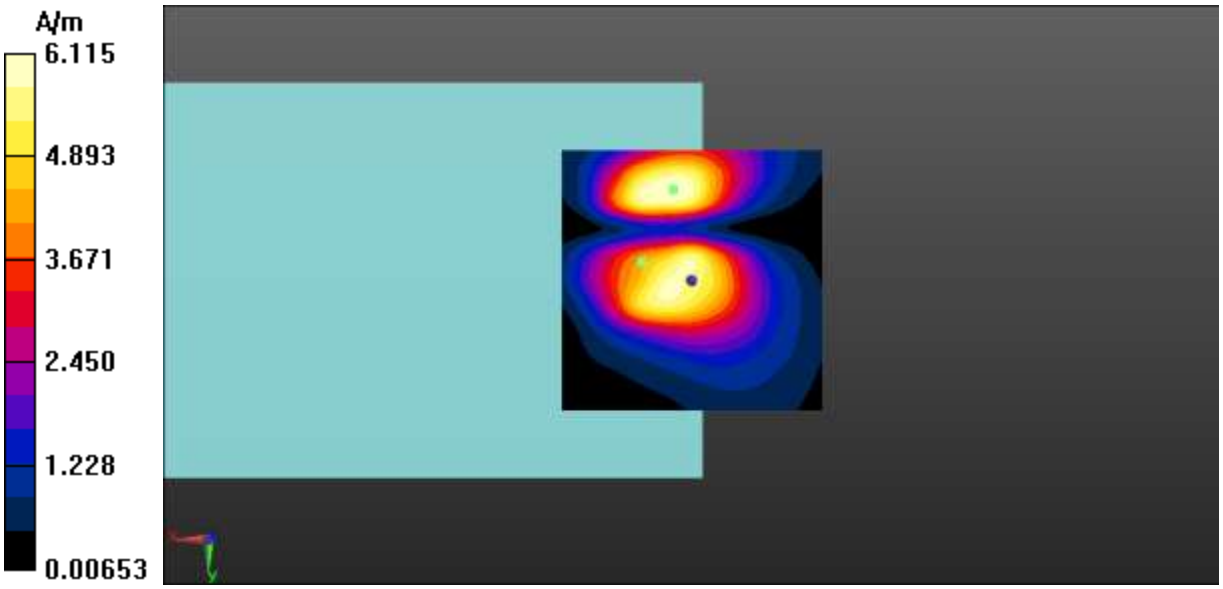


Fig A.12 T-Coil LTE-Band 7-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 12 Axial
Date: 2019-12-26
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 707.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.01 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 58.14 dB
ABM1 comp = 17.03 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 1, -11.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

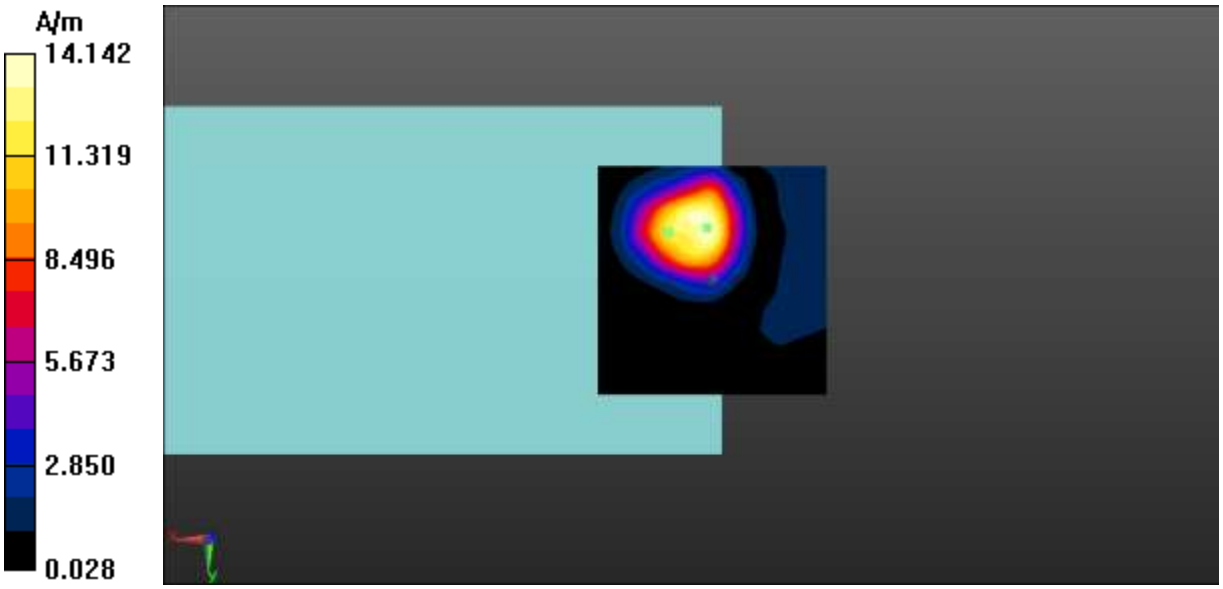


Fig A.13 T-Coil LTE-Band 12-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 12 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-26
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 707.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 15.91 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9.5, -3.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 57.79 dB
ABM1 comp = 14.94 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 8.5, -17, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

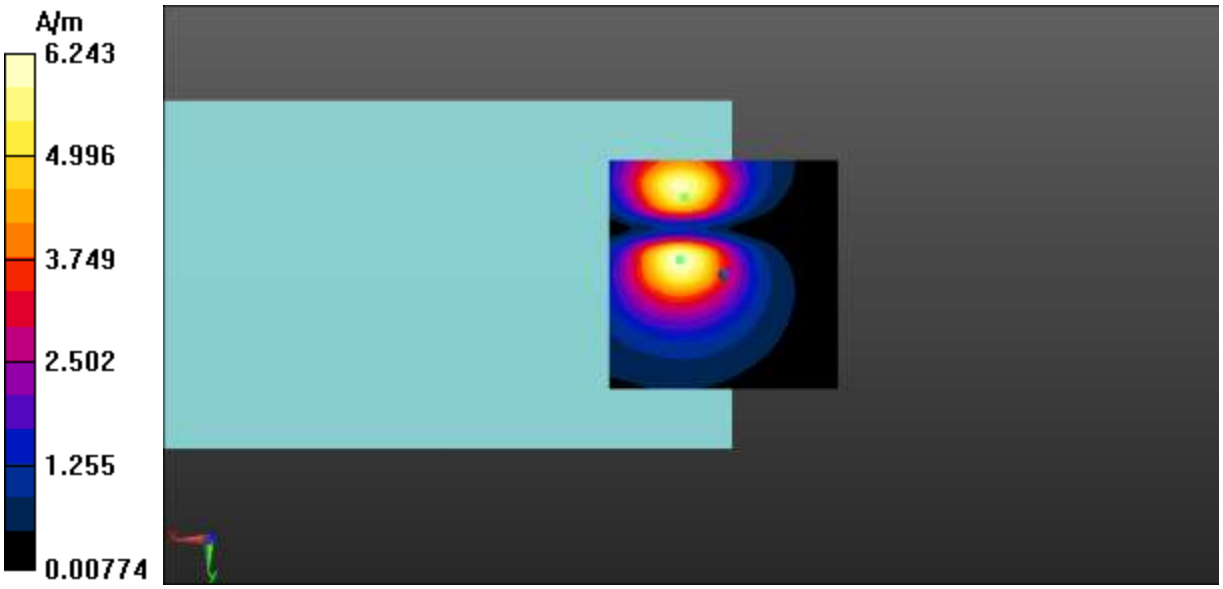


Fig A.13 T-Coil LTE-Band 12-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 13 Axial
Date: 2019-12-26
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 782 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.12 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 57.94 dB
ABM1 comp = 23.04 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 8.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

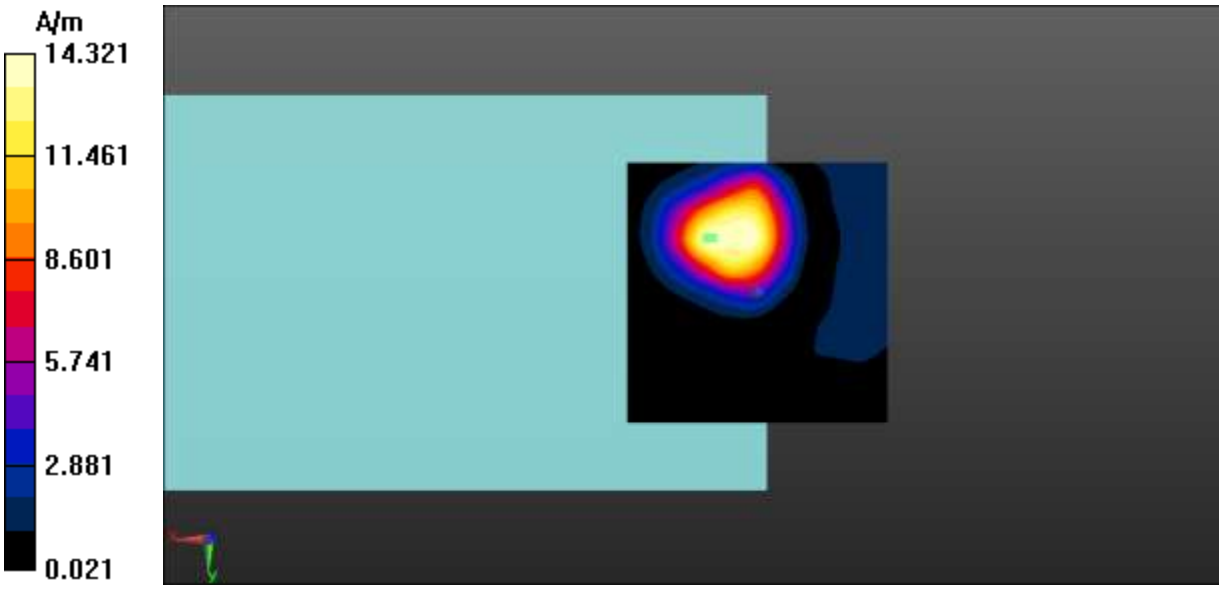


Fig A.14 T-Coil LTE-Band 13-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 13 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-26
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 782 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 15.81 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9.5, -3, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 57.77 dB
ABM1 comp = 14.48 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 5, -18.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

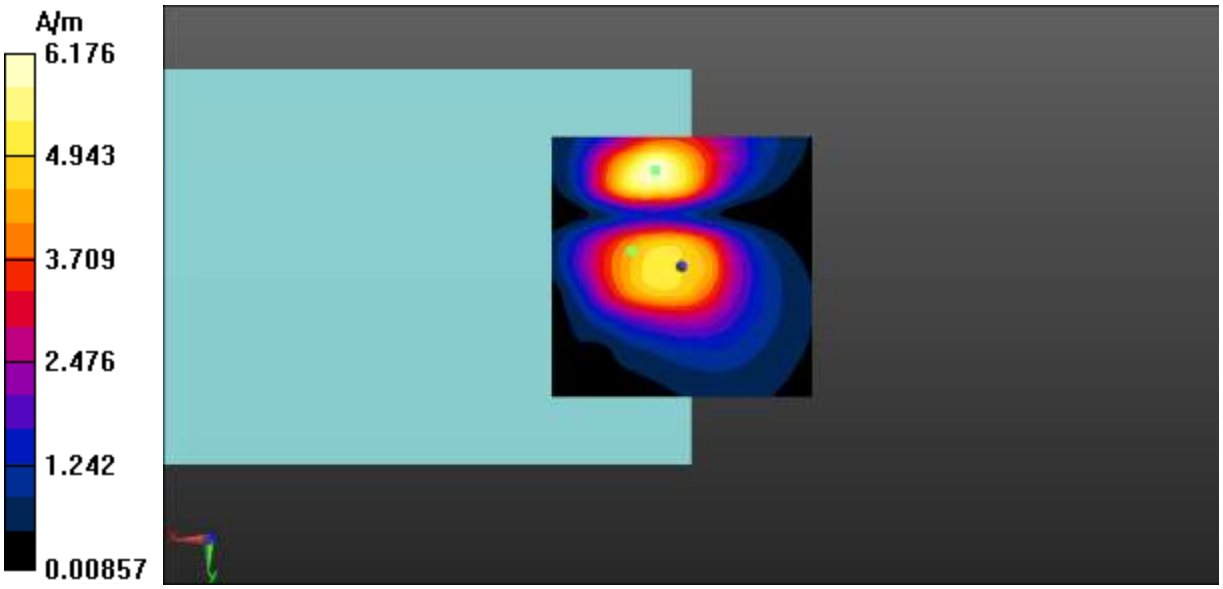


Fig A.14 T-Coil LTE-Band 13-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 25 Axial
Date: 2019-12-27
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 1882.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.04 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 58.20 dB
ABM1 comp = 20.71 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 5, -13.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

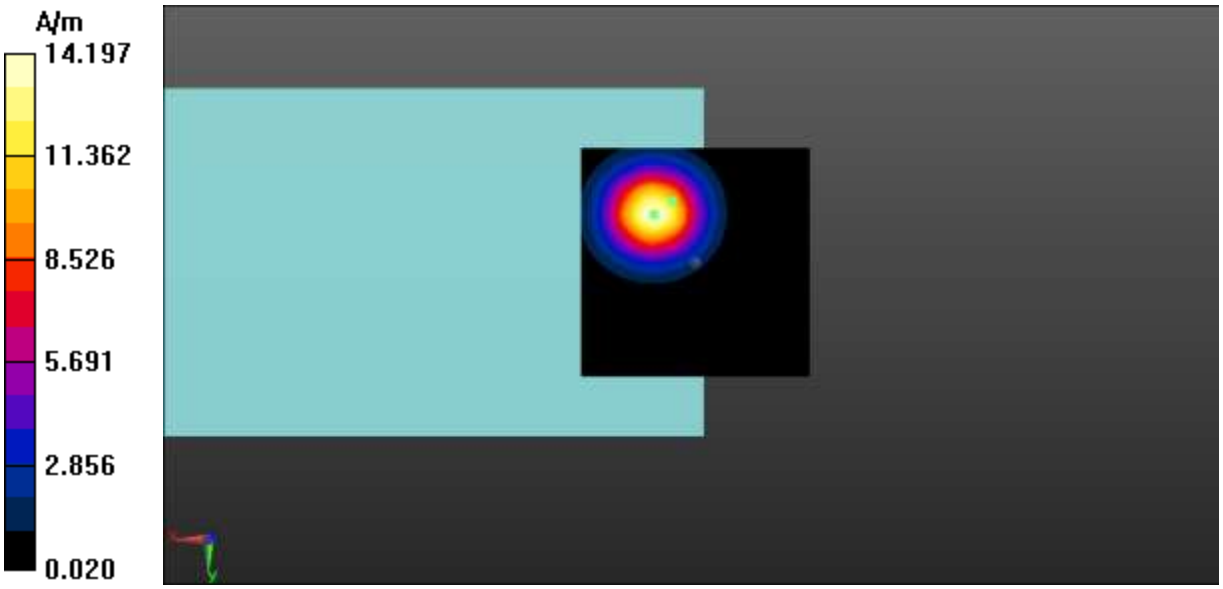


Fig A.15 T-Coil LTE-Band 25-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 25 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-27
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 1882.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 15.77 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9.5, -3.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 58.17 dB
ABM1 comp = 14.42 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 5, -18.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

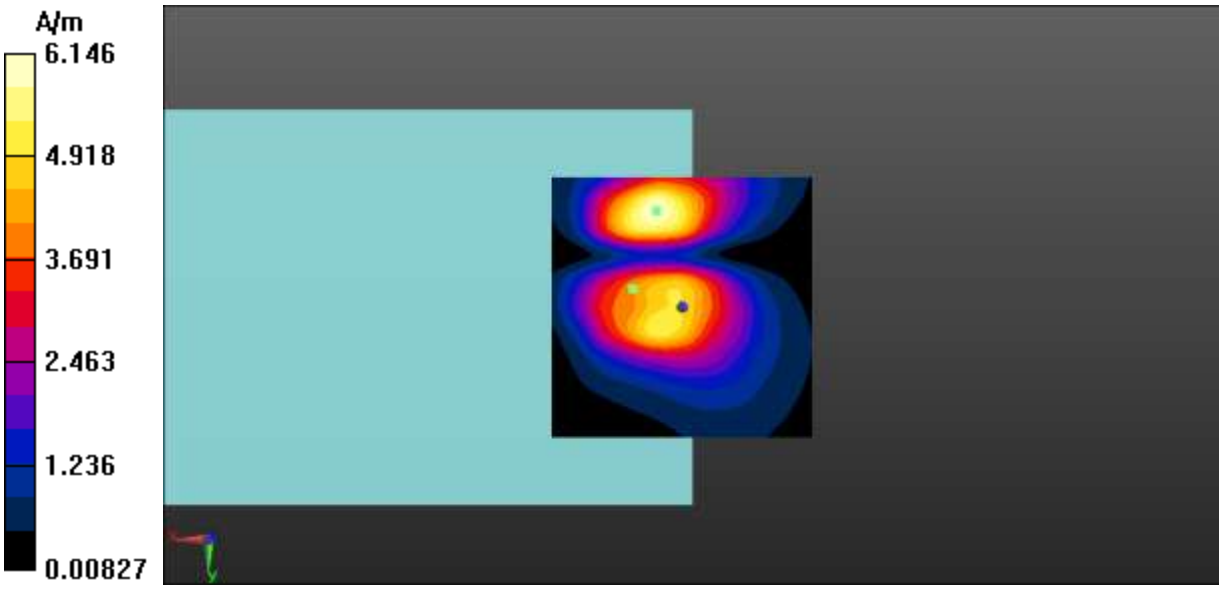


Fig A.15 T-Coil LTE-Band 25-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 26 Axial
Date: 2019-12-27
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 831.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.05 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 57.77 dB
ABM1 comp = 19.25 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 2.5, -11.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

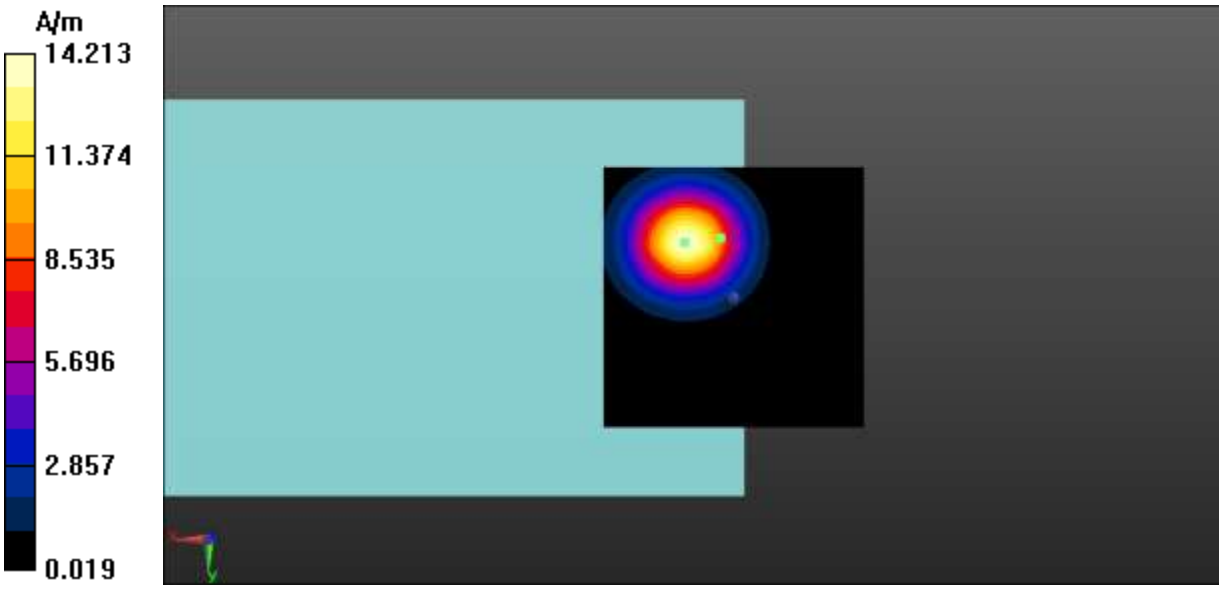


Fig A.16 T-Coil LTE-Band 26-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 26 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-27
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 831.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 15.90 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -3.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 57.78 dB
ABM1 comp = 14.91 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 8.5, -17, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

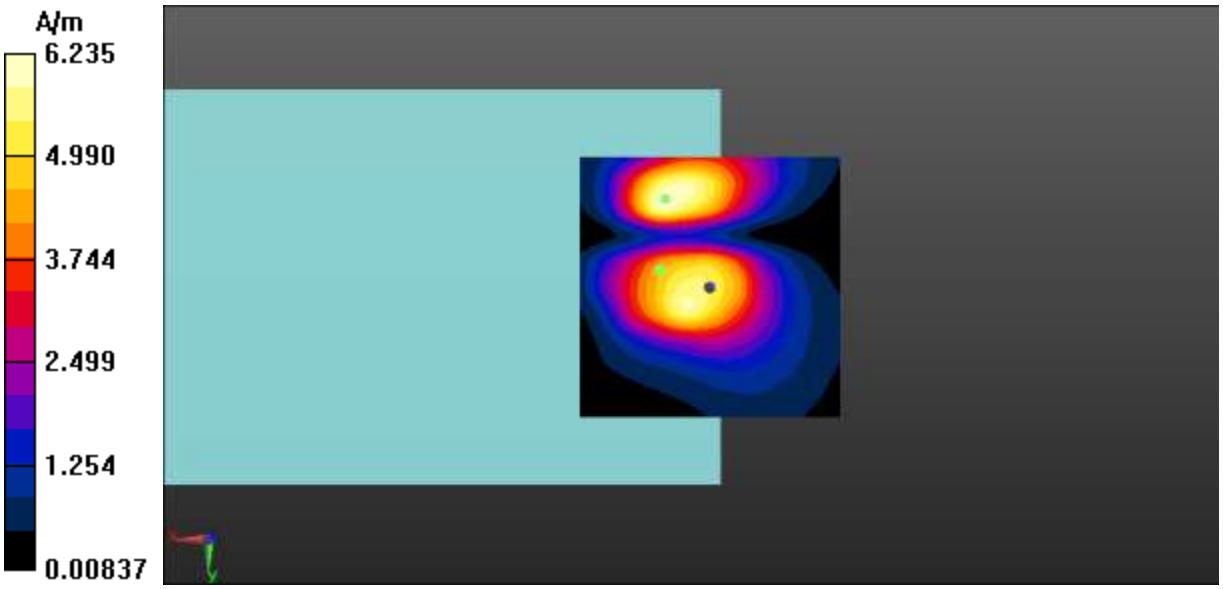


Fig A.16 T-Coil LTE-Band 26-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 66 Axial
Date: 2019-12-27
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 1745 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 22.87 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 58.29 dB
ABM1 comp = 20.19 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 3.5, -12, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

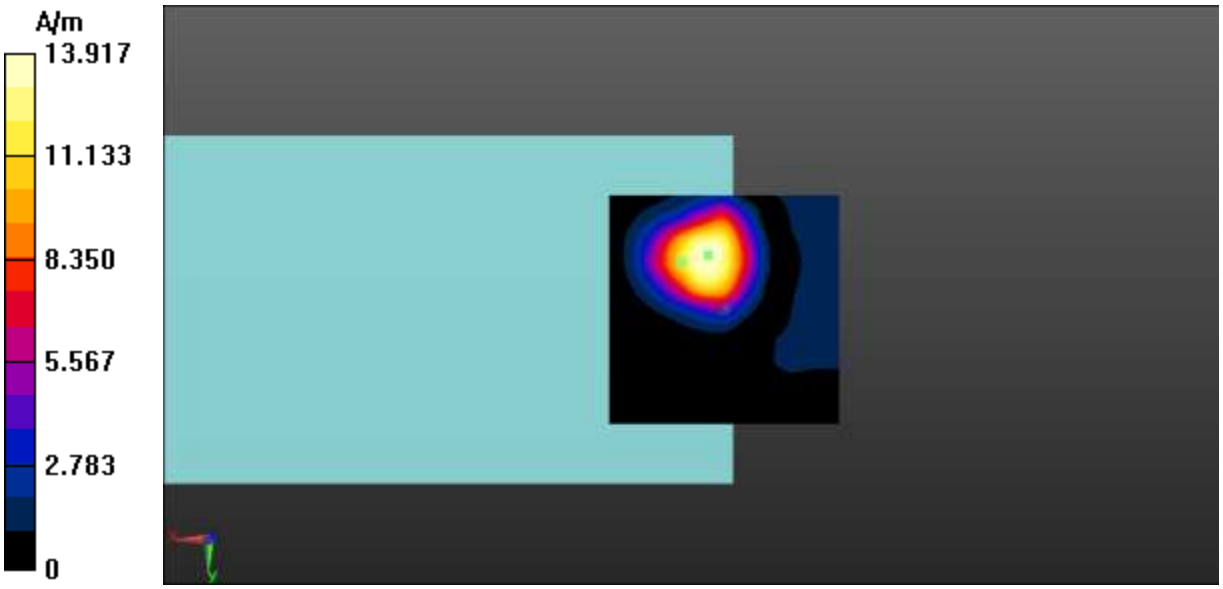


Fig A.17 T-Coil LTE-Band 66-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 66 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-27
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 1745 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 15.67 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -3.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 57.70 dB
ABM1 comp = 13.83 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5.5, -17, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

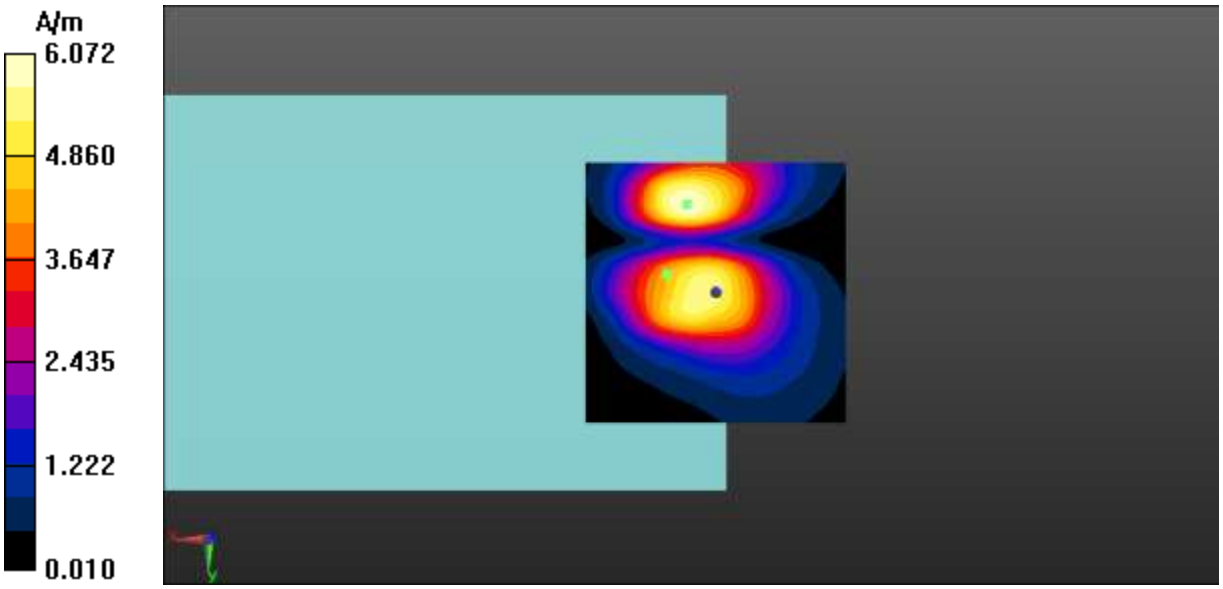


Fig A.17 T-Coil LTE-Band 66-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 71 Axial
Date: 2019-12-27
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 683 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 21.96 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 57.27 dB
ABM1 comp = 20.25 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 4.5, -11, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

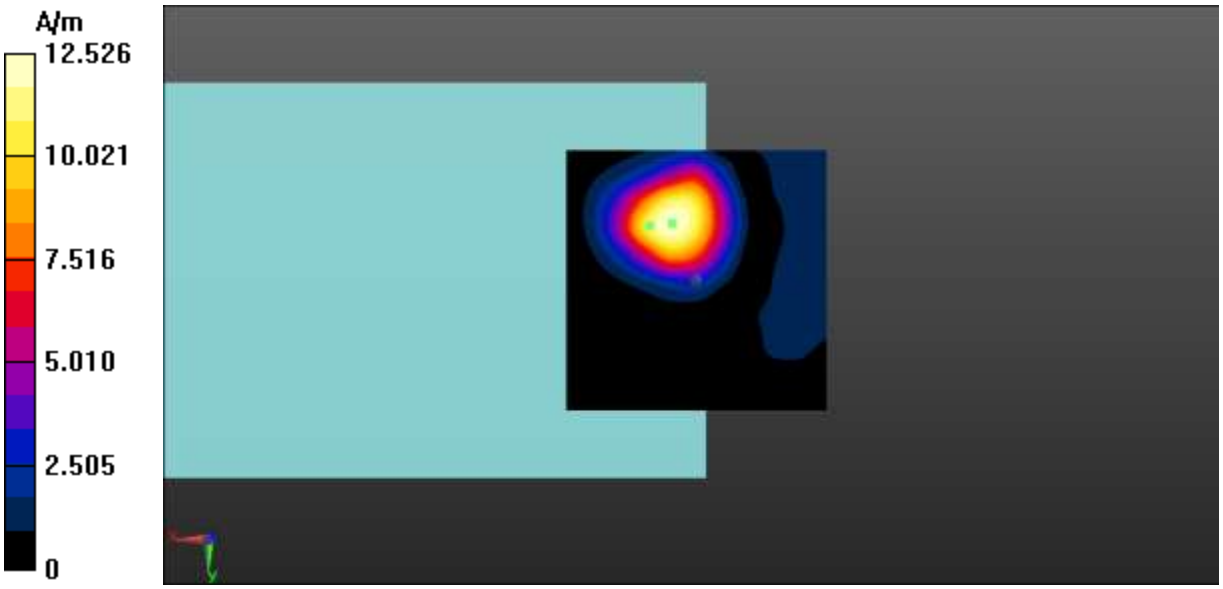


Fig A.18 T-Coil LTE-Band 71-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 71 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-27
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_FDD (0) Frequency: 683 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 14.77 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9.5, -3.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 57.66 dB
ABM1 comp = 12.77 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 5.5, -16.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

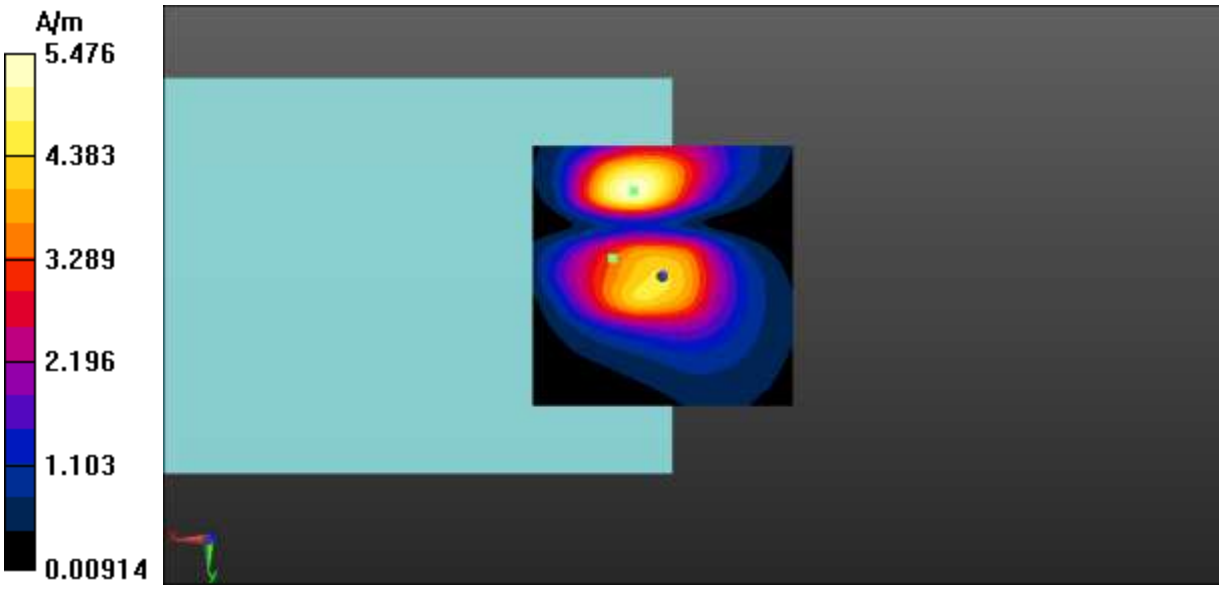


Fig A.18 T-Coil LTE-Band 71-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 41 Axial
Date: 2019-12-27
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_TDD (0) Frequency: 2593 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.5787
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 23.00 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 58.27 dB
ABM1 comp = 21.57 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 4.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

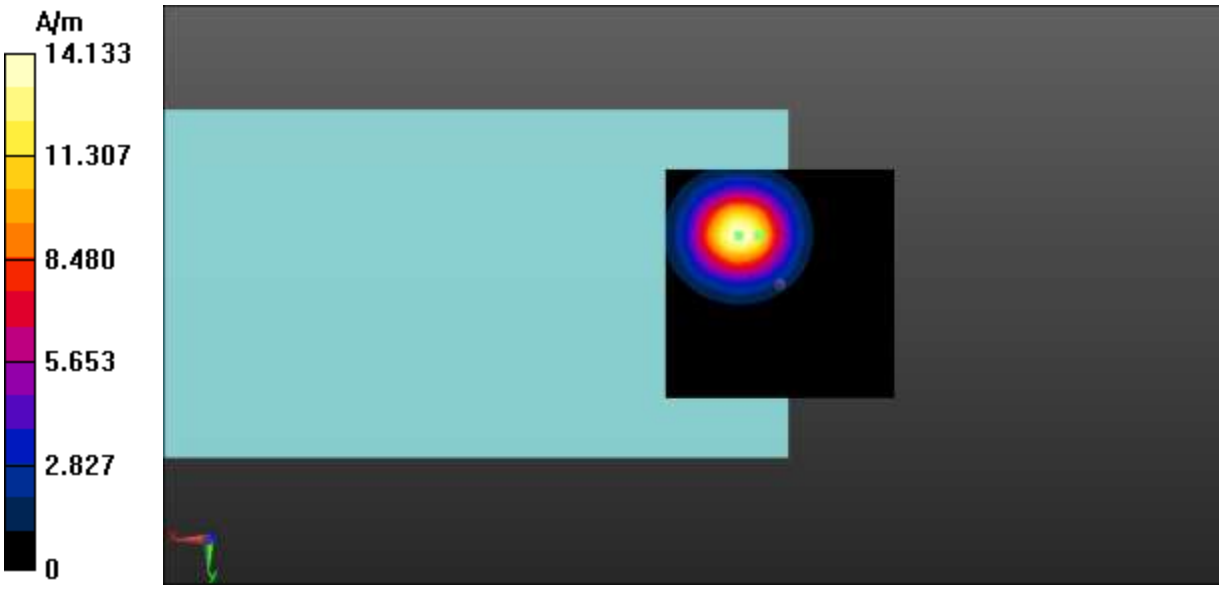


Fig A.19 T-Coil LTE-Band 41-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil LTE-Band 41 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-27
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, LTE_TDD (0) Frequency: 2593 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.5787
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 15.84 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9, -3.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 57.24 dB
ABM1 comp = 14.66 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 5, -18.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

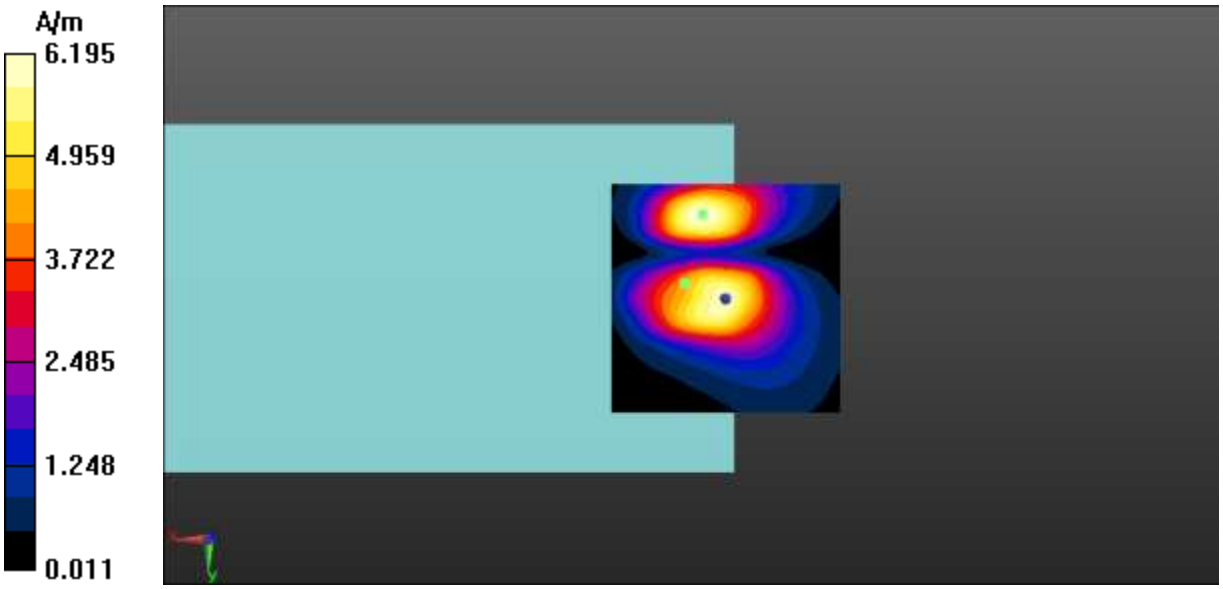


Fig A.19 T-Coil LTE-Band 41-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil WIFI 2.4G Axial
Date: 2019-12-28
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WiFi (0) Frequency: 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 6.29 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 49.80 dB
ABM1 comp = 4.97 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -9.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

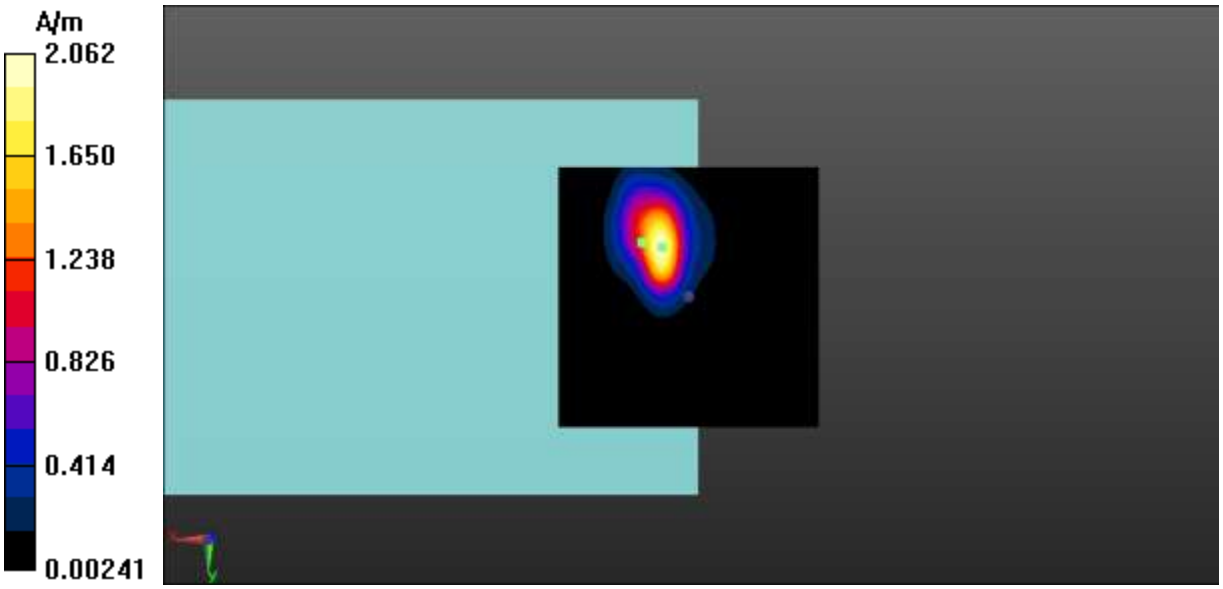


Fig A.20 T-Coil WIFI 2.4G-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil WIFI 2.4G Transverse
Date: 2019-12-28
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WiFi (0) Frequency: 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -1.38 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -3, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 36.70 dB
ABM1 comp = -9.61 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -1.5, 4.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

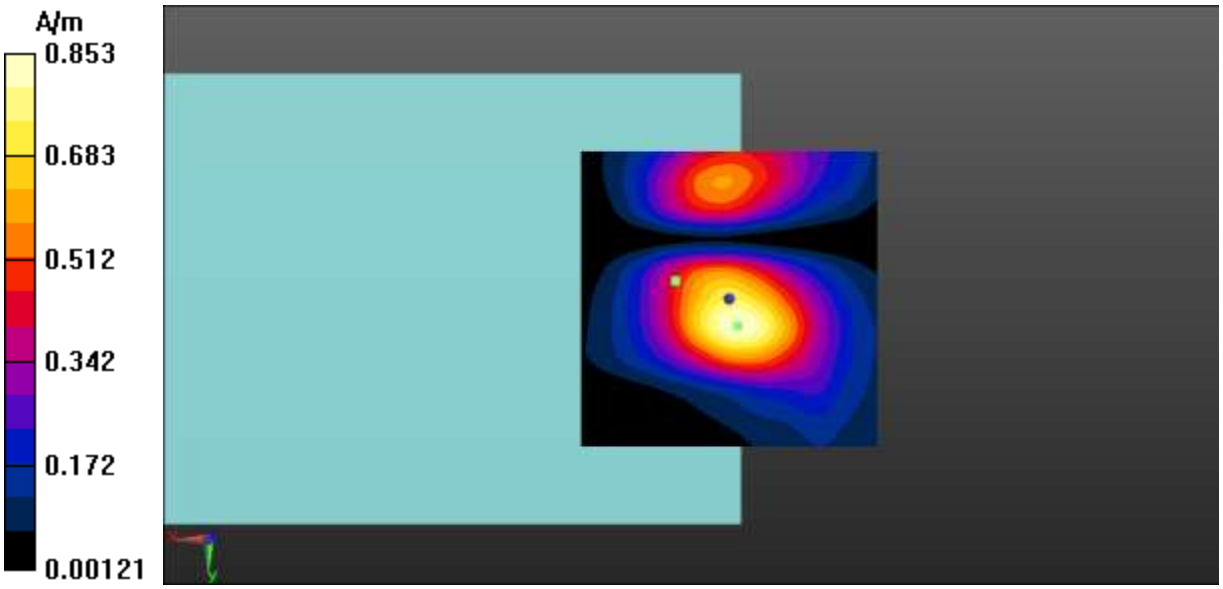


Fig A.20 T-Coil WIFI 2.4G-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil WIFI 5.2G Axial
Date: 2019-12-28
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0) Frequency: 5200 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 6.34 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 53.07 dB
ABM1 comp = 5.34 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

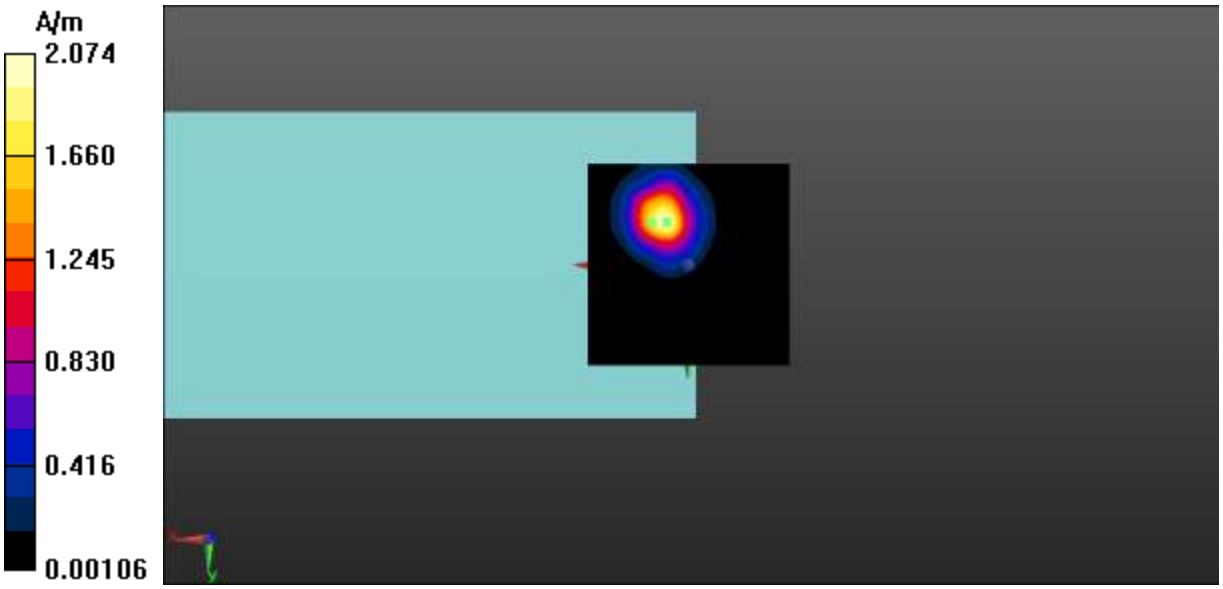


Fig A.21 T-Coil WIFI 5.2G-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil WIFI 5.2G Transverse
Date: 2019-12-28
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0) Frequency: 5200 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -1.44 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -3, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 41.45 dB
ABM1 comp = -3.51 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 3, -20, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

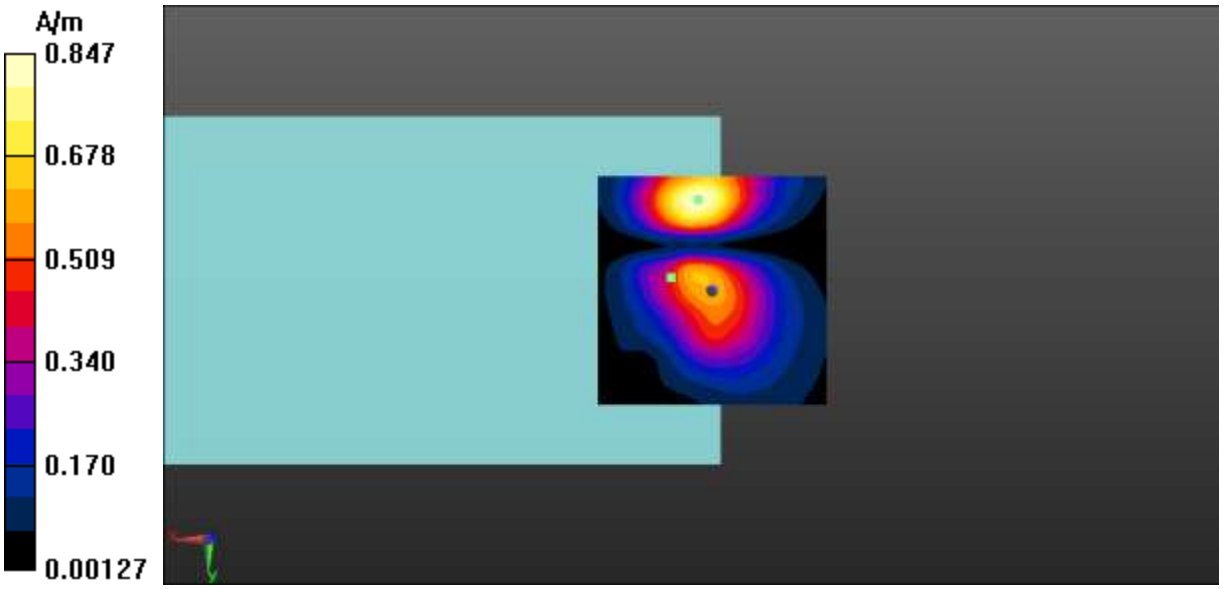


Fig A.21 T-Coil WIFI 5.2G-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil WIFI 5.3G Axial
Date: 2019-12-28
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0) Frequency: 5280 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 5.88 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 52.89 dB
ABM1 comp = 4.91 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

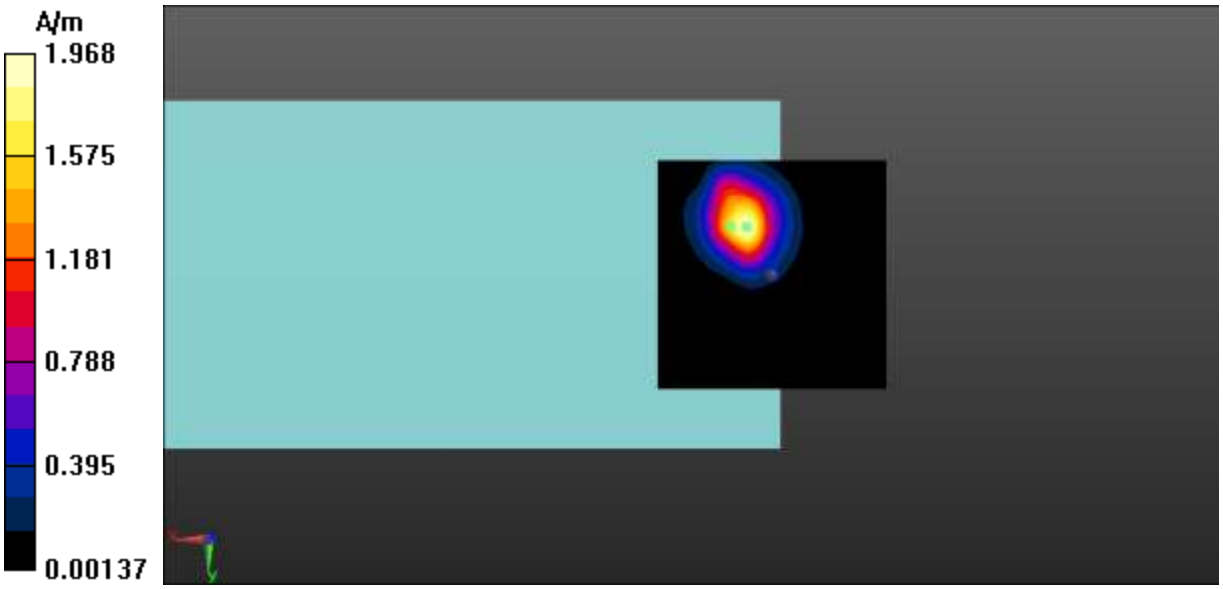


Fig A.22 T-Coil WIFI 5.3G-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil WIFI 5.3G Transverse
Date: 2019-12-28
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0) Frequency: 5280 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -1.91 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -3, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 40.79 dB
ABM1 comp = -3.59 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 3.5, -20, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

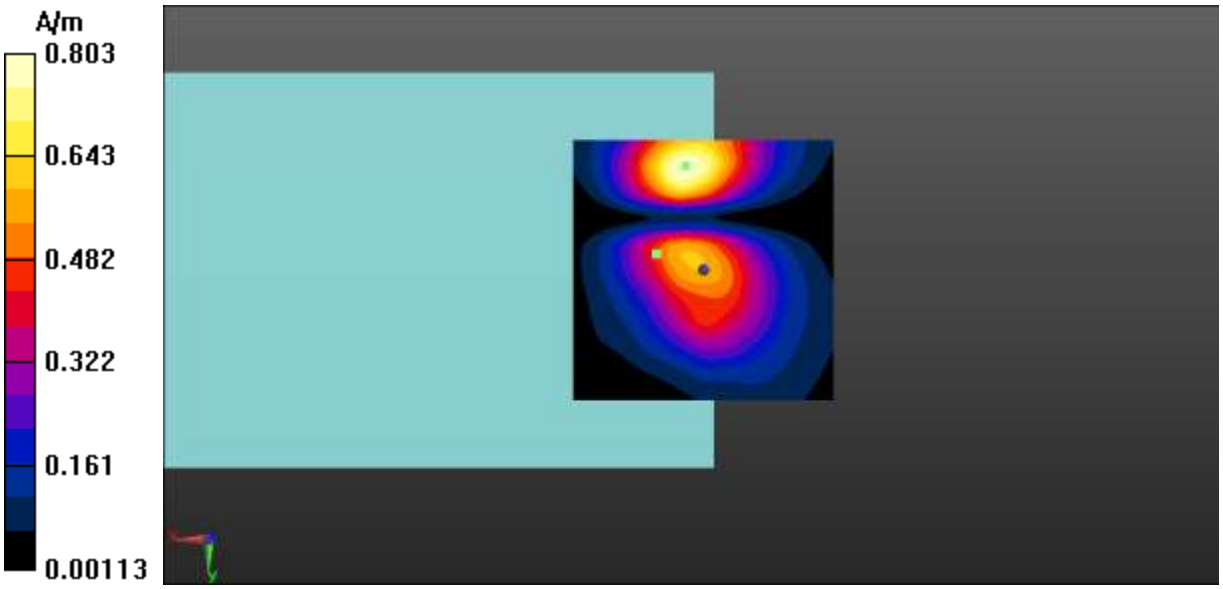


Fig A.22 T-Coil WIFI 5.3G-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil WIFI 5.5G Axial
Date: 2019-12-28
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0) Frequency: 5580 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 6.07 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 53.38 dB
ABM1 comp = 5.19 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 6, -10.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

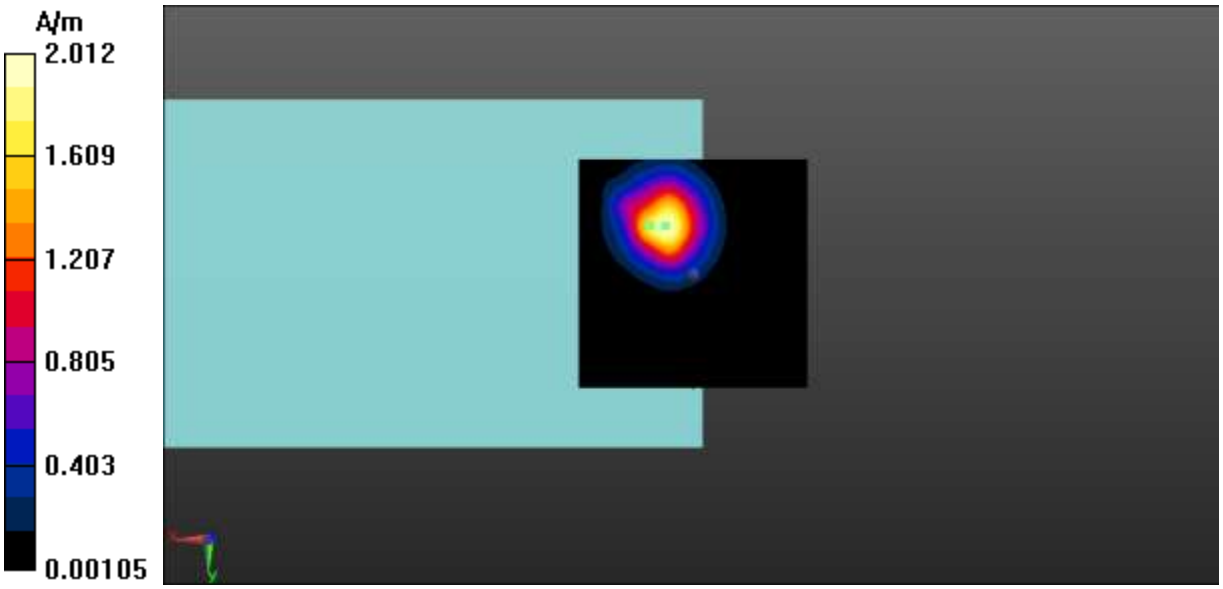


Fig A.23 T-Coil WIFI 5.5G-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil WIFI 5.5G Transverse
Date: 2019-12-28
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0) Frequency: 5580 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -1.49 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -3, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 45.45 dB
ABM1 comp = -2.77 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 4.5, -2, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

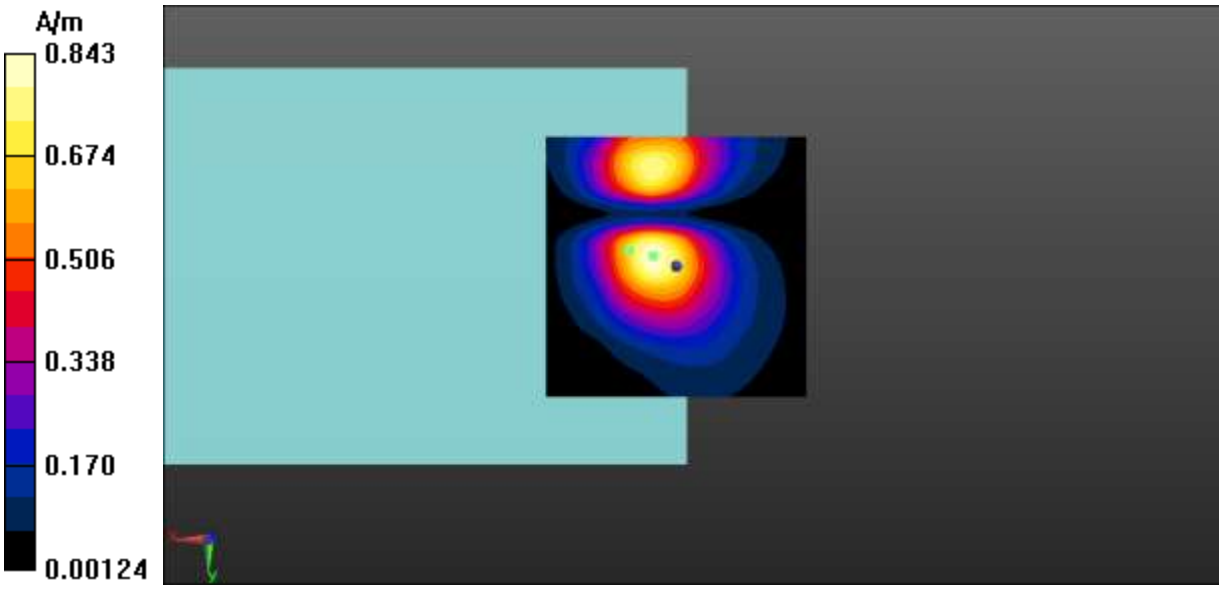


Fig A.23 T-Coil WIFI 5.5G-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil WIFI 5.8G Axial
Date: 2019-12-28
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0) Frequency: 5785 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 6.20 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 54.80 dB
ABM1 comp = 5.31 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 6, -11, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

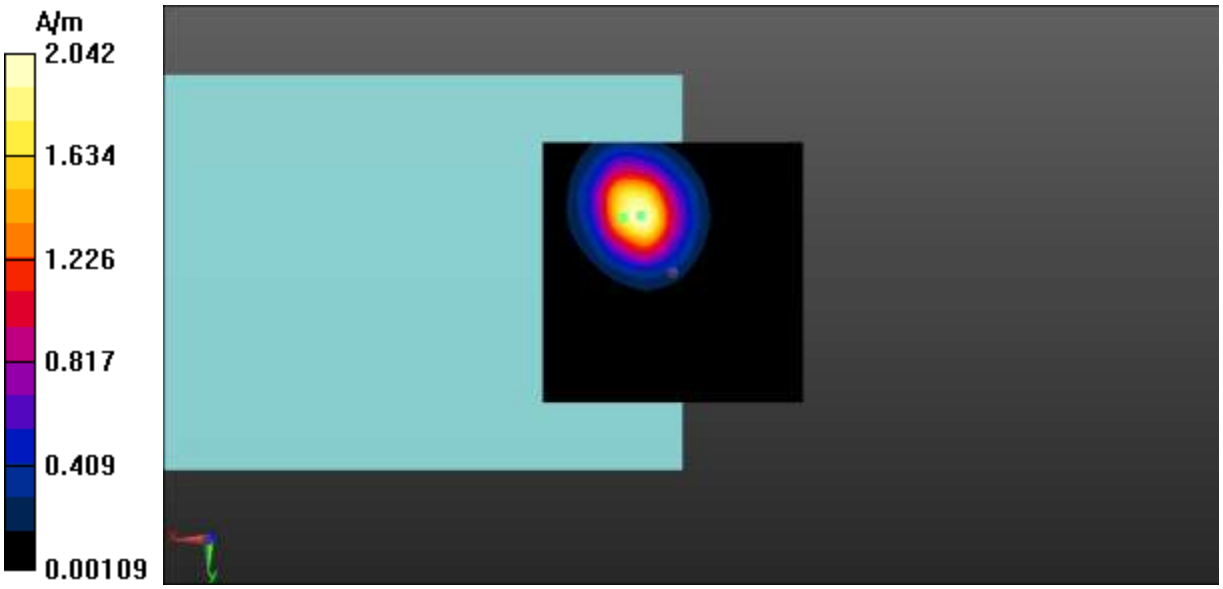


Fig A.24 T-Coil WIFI 5.8G-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil WIFI 5.8G Transverse
Date: 2019-12-28
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0) Frequency: 5785 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = -1.52 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -3, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 45.45 dB
ABM1 comp = -3.56 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 3.5, -1, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

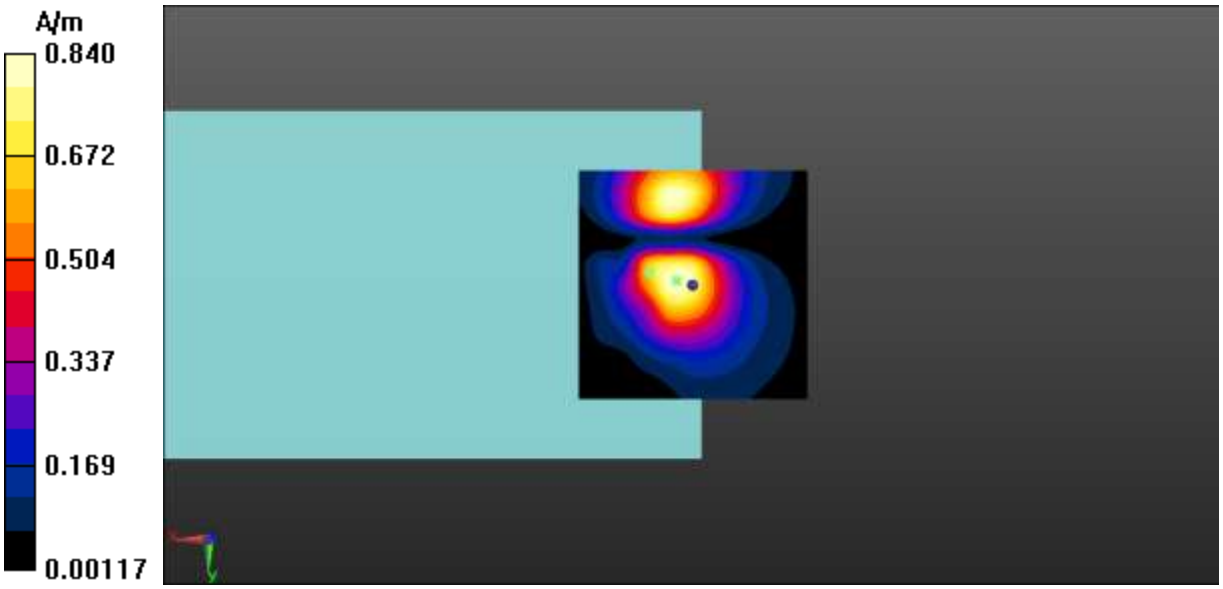


Fig A.24 T-Coil WIFI 5.8G-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) GSM 850 Axial
Date: 2020-1-2
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: GSM Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 5.58 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, 1, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 41.24 dB
ABM1 comp = 7.48 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 8.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

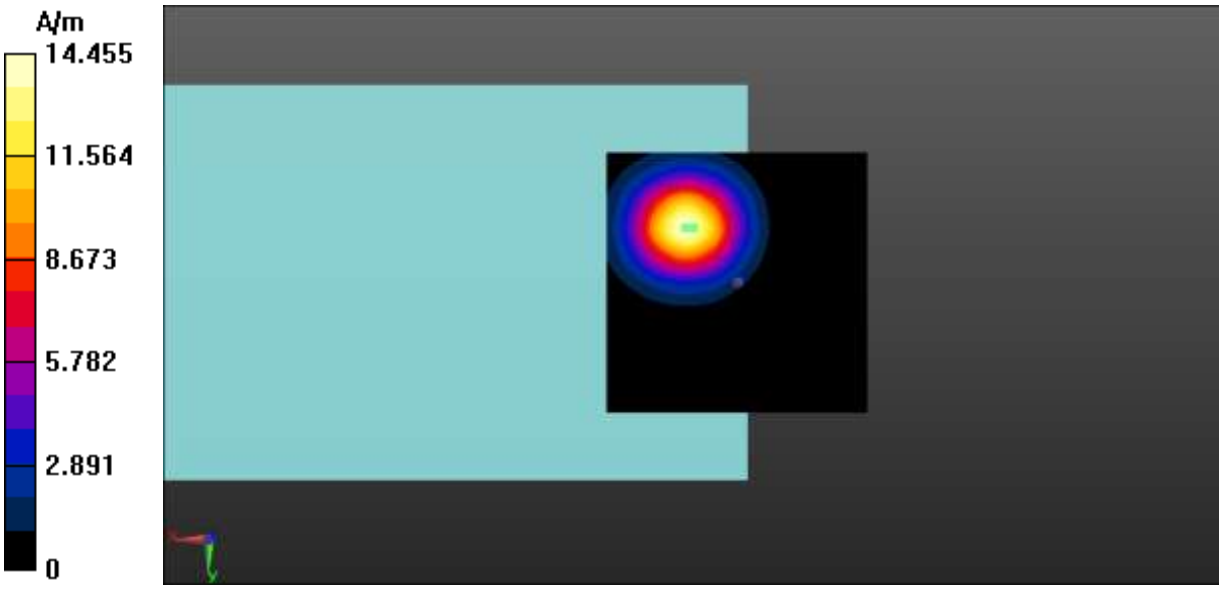


Fig A.25 T-Coil GSM 850-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) GSM 850 Transverse
Date: 2020-1-2
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: GSM Frequency: 836.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 5.35 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -6, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 48.45 dB
ABM1 comp = 2.94 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -6, -9.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

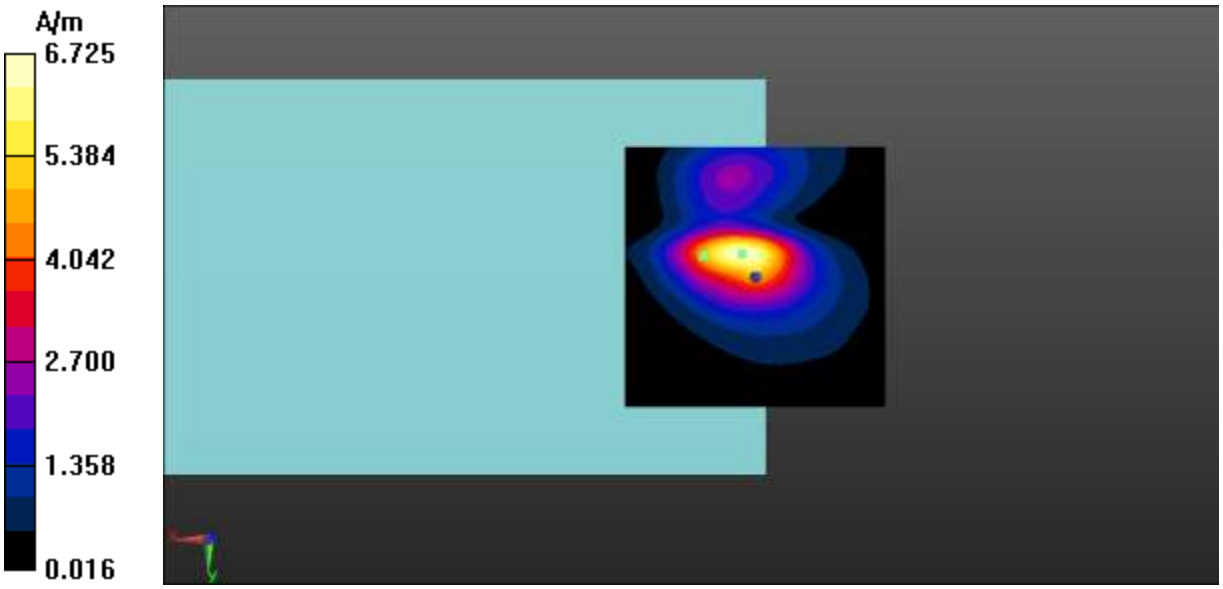


Fig A.25 T-Coil GSM 850-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) GSM 1900 Axial
Date: 2020-1-2
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: GSM Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 11.46 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, 2, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 43.63 dB
ABM1 comp = 4.62 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -2, 2.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

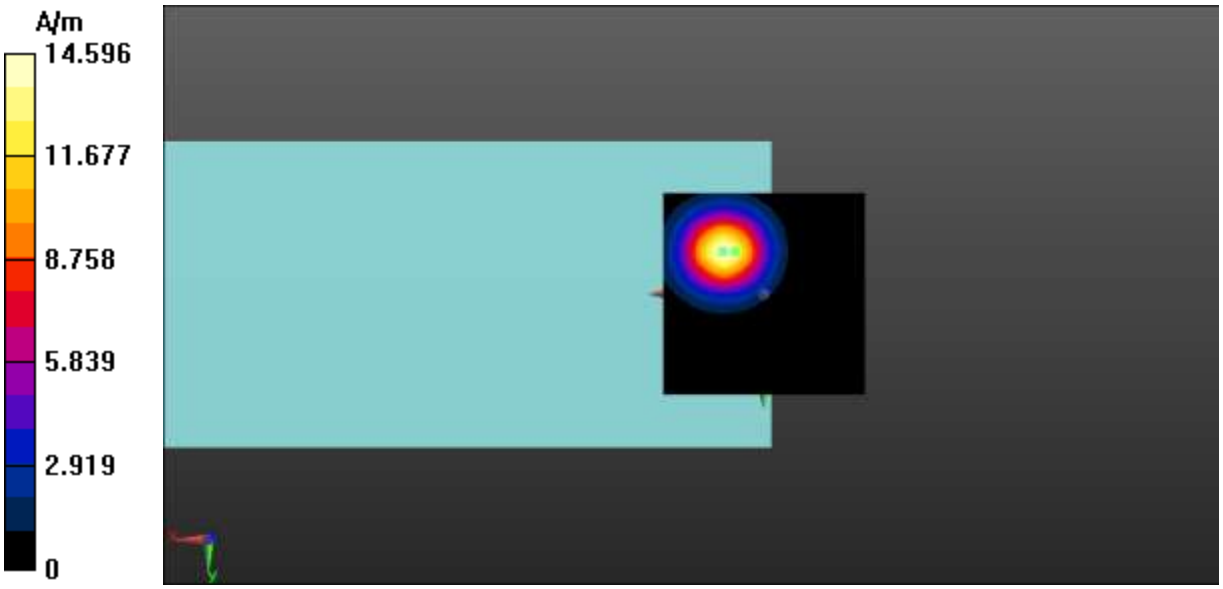


Fig A.26 T-Coil GSM 1900-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) GSM 1900 Transverse
Date: 2020-1-2
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: GSM Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 5.85 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, 10.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 48.22 dB
ABM1 comp = 1.73 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -6, -7, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

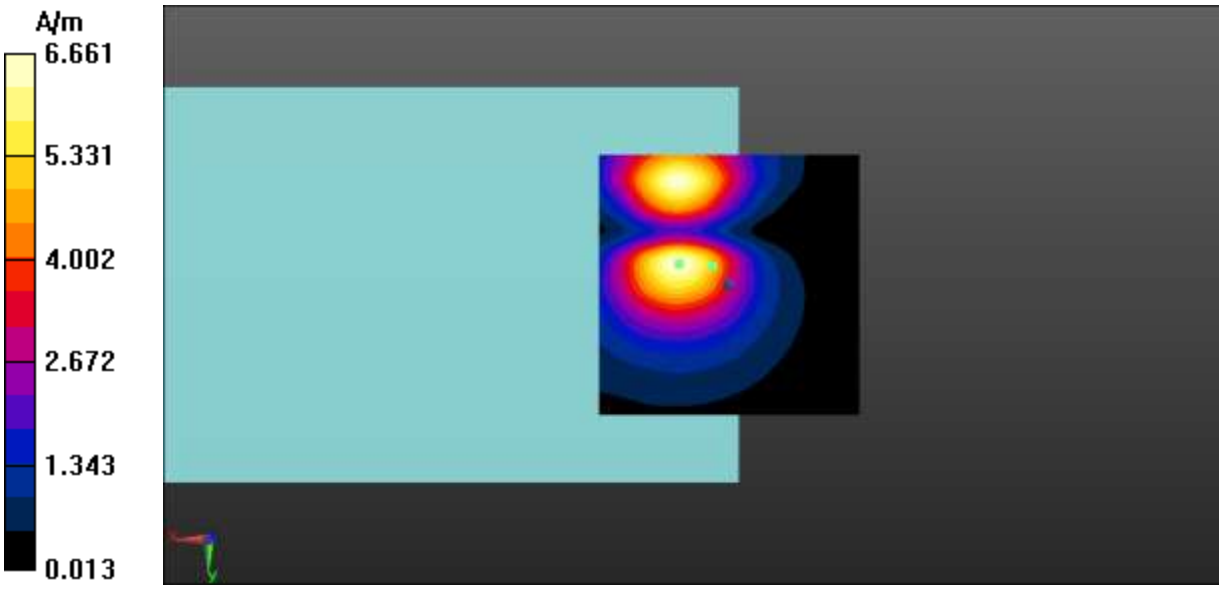


Fig A.26 T-Coil GSM 1900-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) CDMA BC0 Axial
Date: 2020-1-2
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 836.52 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 7.11 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, 3, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 51.29 dB
ABM1 comp = 3.21 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4.5, 2, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

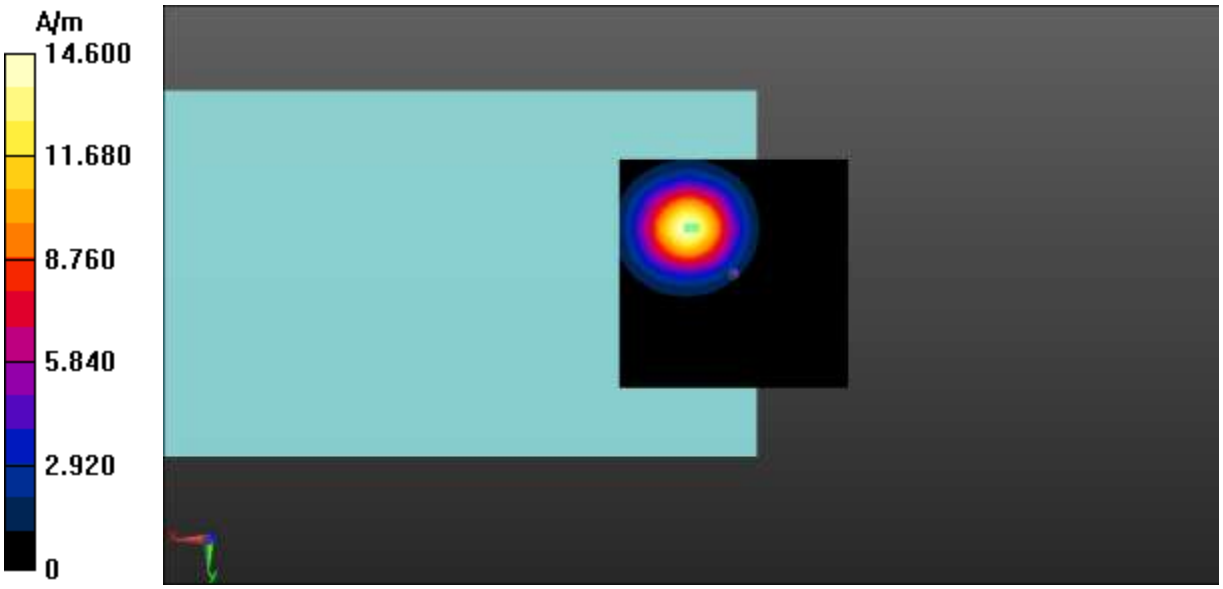


Fig A.27 T-Coil CDMA BC0-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) CDMA BC0 Transverse
Date: 2020-1-2
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 836.52 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 4.26 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, 10.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 50.86 dB
ABM1 comp = 2.85 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -5.5, -6, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

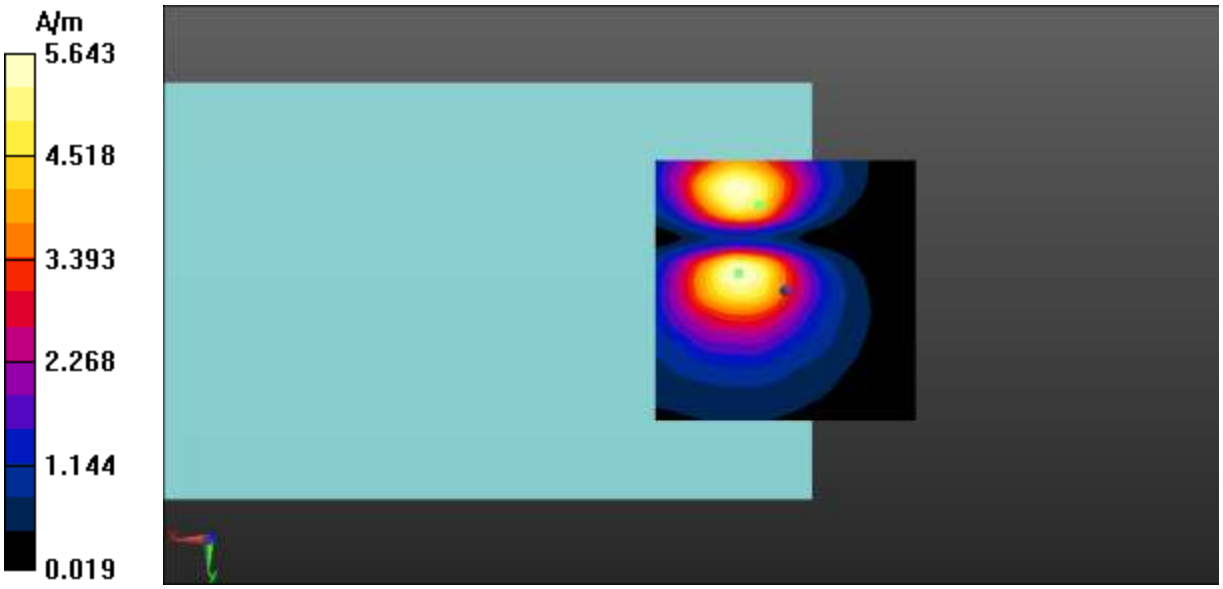


Fig A.27 T-Coil CDMA BC0-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) CDMA BC1 Axial
Date: 2020-1-2
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 4.39 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, 2.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 52.64 dB
ABM1 comp = 3.98 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4.5, 2.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

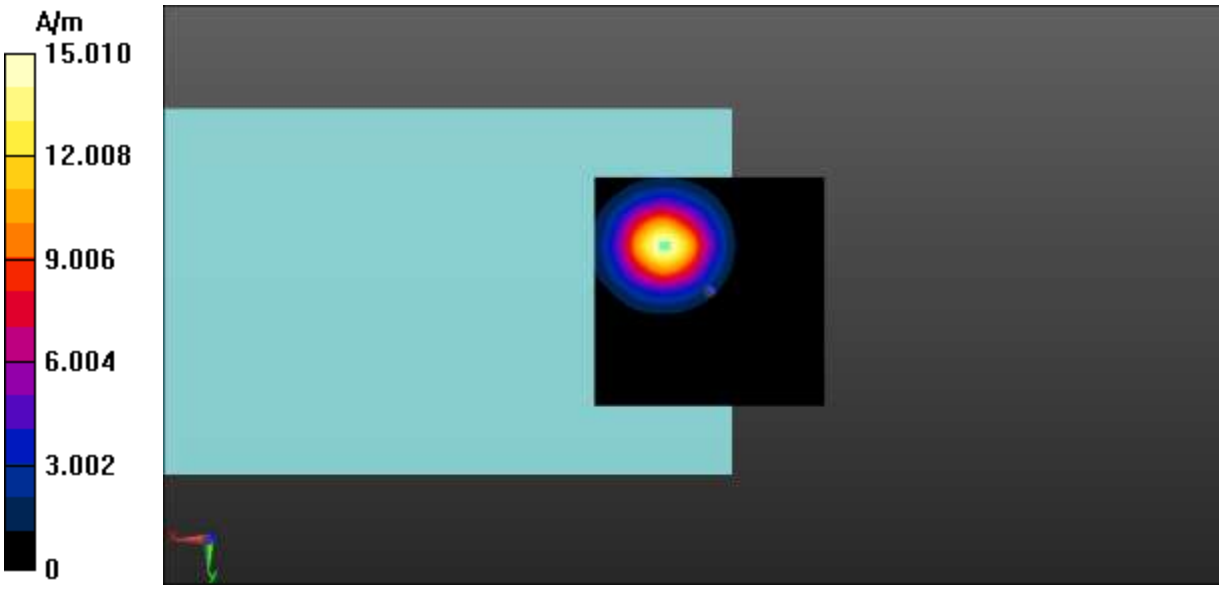


Fig A.28 T-Coil CDMA BC1-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) CDMA BC1 Transverse
Date: 2020-1-2
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 4.88 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, 10.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 50.74 dB
ABM1 comp = 2.96 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -7, -6.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

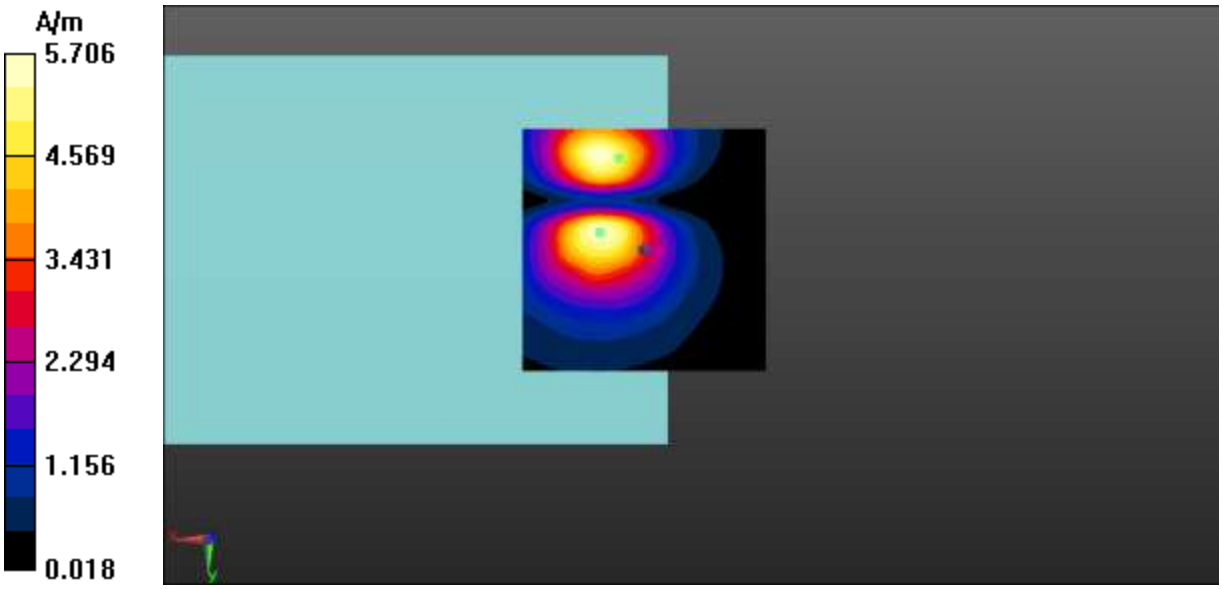


Fig A.28 T-Coil CDMA BC1-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) CDMA BC10 Axial
Date: 2020-1-2
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 820.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 6.52 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, 3, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 52.34 dB
ABM1 comp = 5.48 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4.5, 1.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

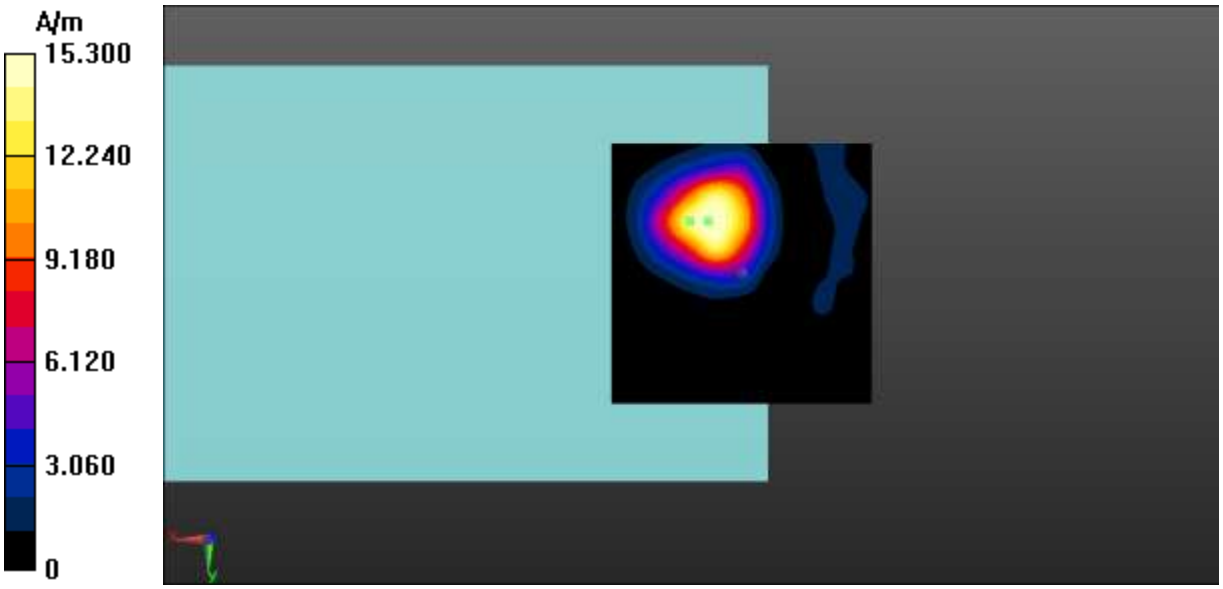


Fig A.29 T-Coil CDMA BC10-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) CDMA BC10 Transverse
Date: 2020-1-2
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: CDMA Frequency: 820.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 3.86 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, 10.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 51.18 dB
ABM1 comp = 4.84 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -6.5, -6.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

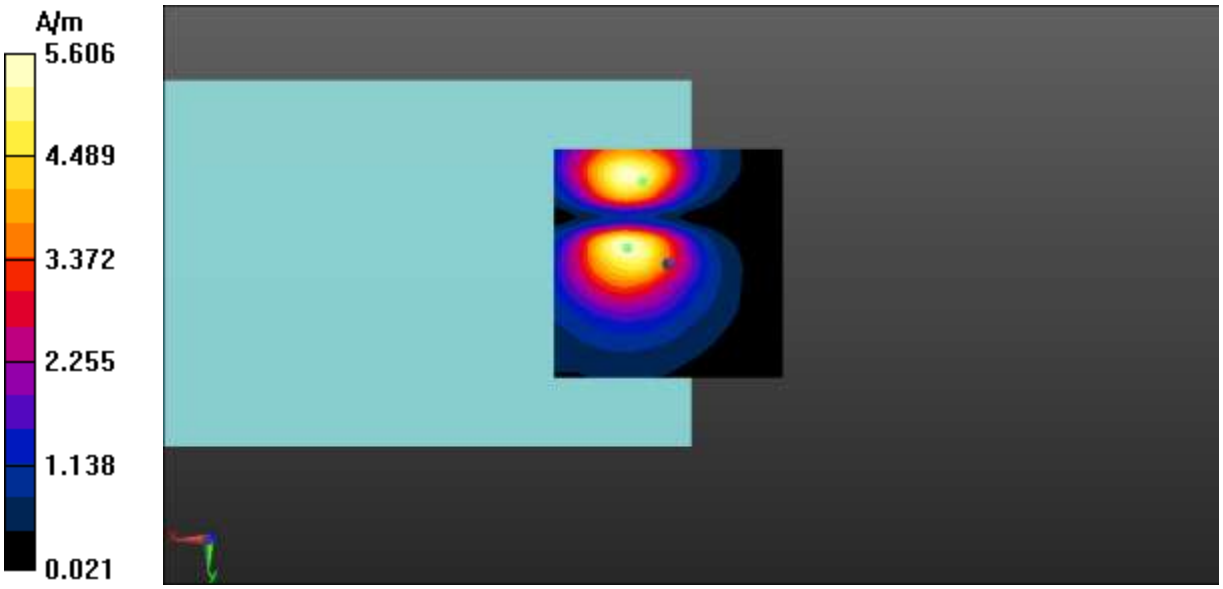


Fig A.29 T-Coil CDMA BC10-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) WCDMA B2 Axial
Date: 2020-1-2
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 5.82 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, 2.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 49.85 dB
ABM1 comp = 6.11 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -3, 2, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

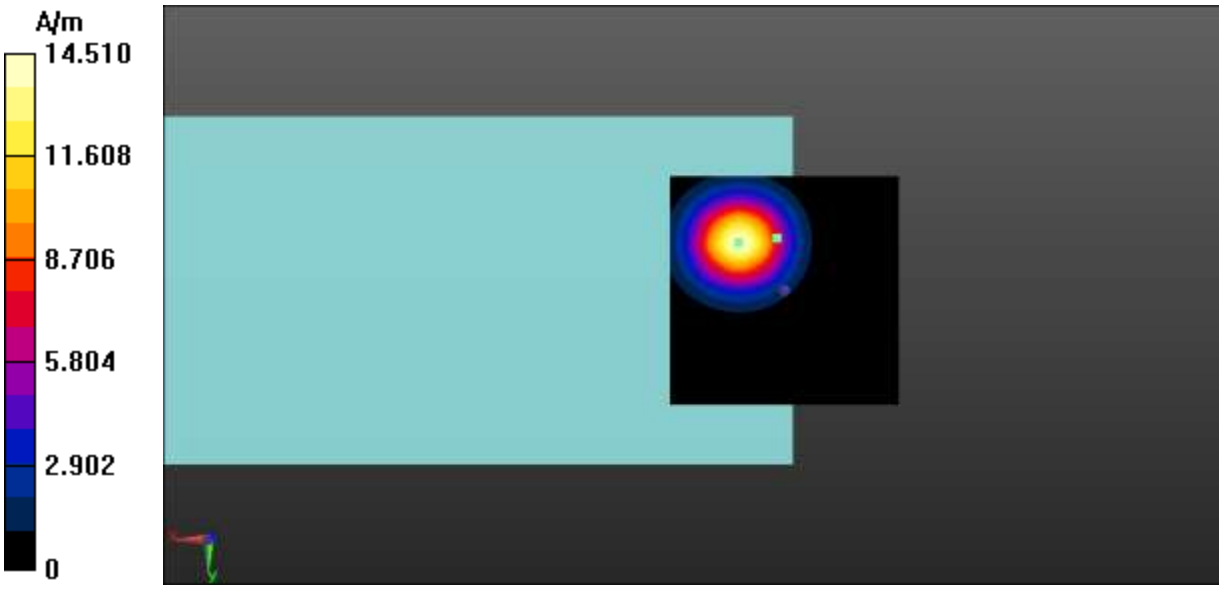


Fig A.30 T-Coil WCDMA B2-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) WCDMA B2 Transverse
Date: 2020-1-2
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 5.43 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5.5, 11, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 52.26 dB
ABM1 comp = 3.74 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4.5, -6, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

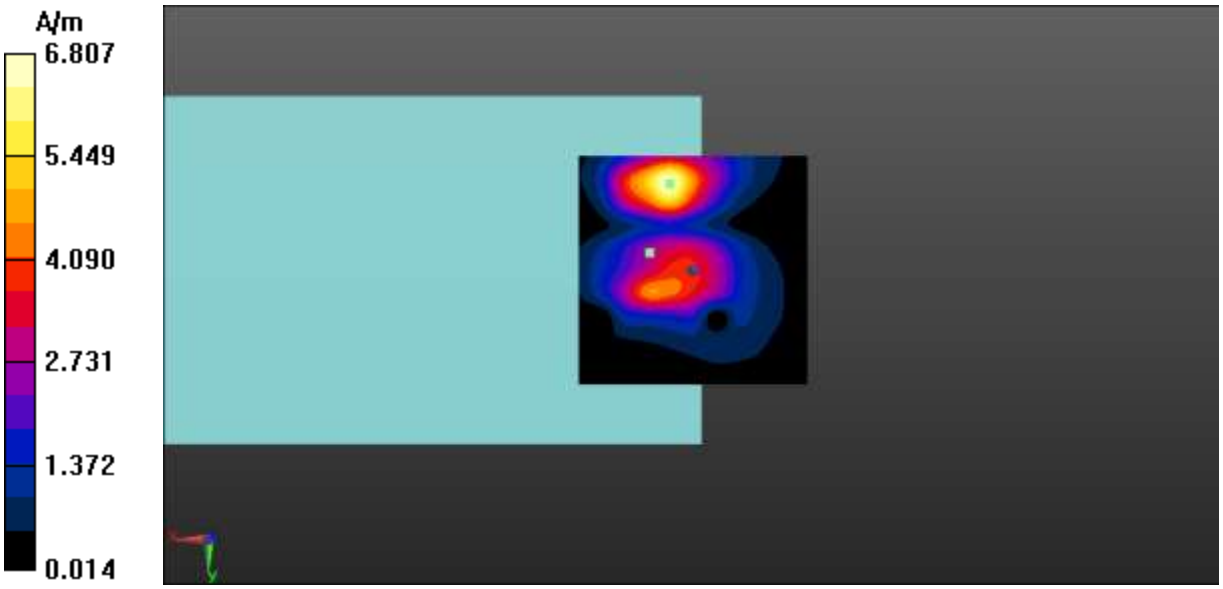


Fig A.30 T-Coil WCDMA B2-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) WCDMA B4 Axial
Date: 2020-1-2
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 1732.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 4.64 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, 2.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 51.62 dB
ABM1 comp = 6.53 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -3, 1.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

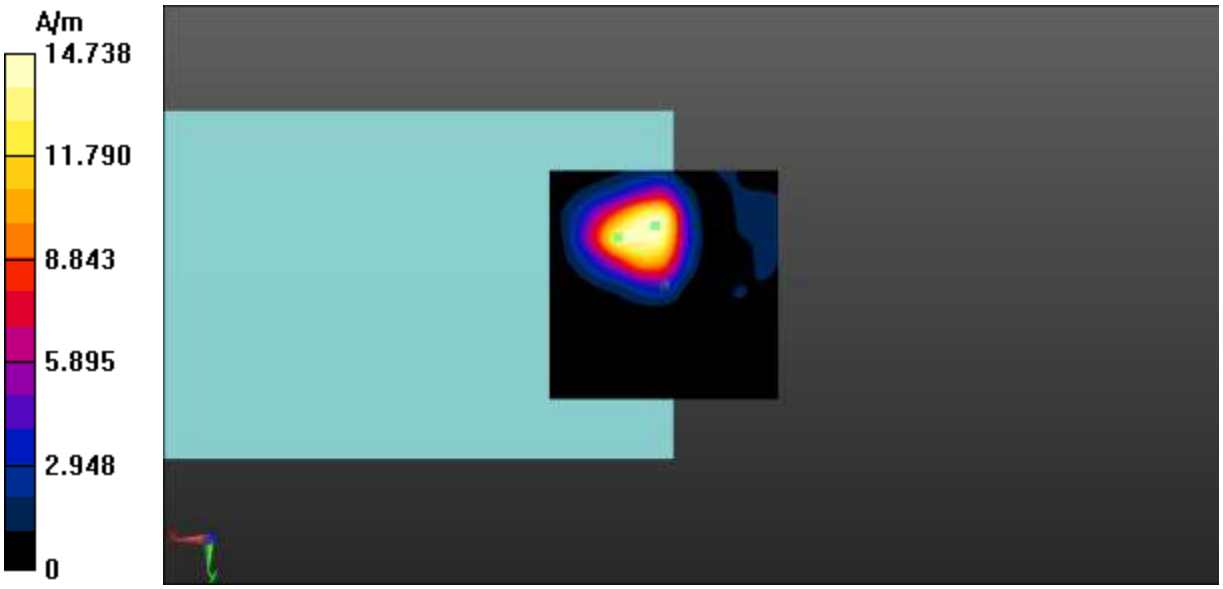


Fig A.31 T-Coil WCDMA B4-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) WCDMA B4 Transverse
Date: 2020-1-2
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 1732.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 5.98 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5.5, 10.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 50.41 dB
ABM1 comp = 5.16 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4, -6.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

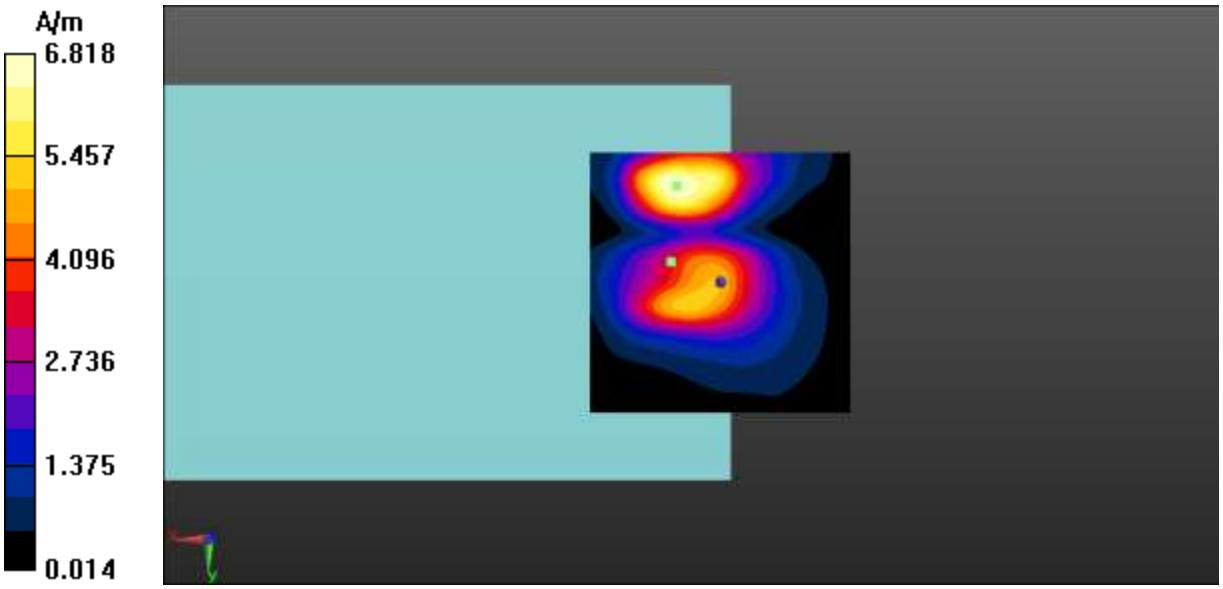


Fig A.31 T-Coil WCDMA B4-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) WCDMA B5 Axial
Date: 2020-1-2
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 836.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 5.42 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, 2.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 49.86 dB
ABM1 comp = 4.45 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4, 2, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

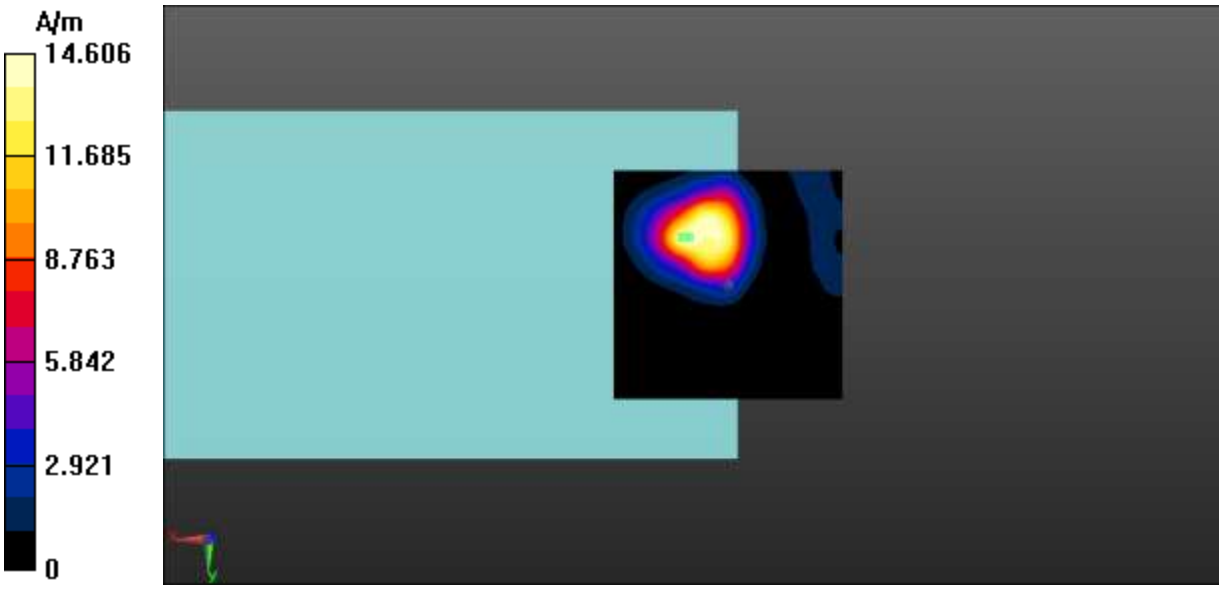


Fig A.32 T-Coil WCDMA B5-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) WCDMA B5 Transverse
Date: 2020-1-2
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: WCDMA Frequency: 836.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 5.87 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, 10.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 49.52 dB
ABM1 comp = 4.84 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: -4.5, -6, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

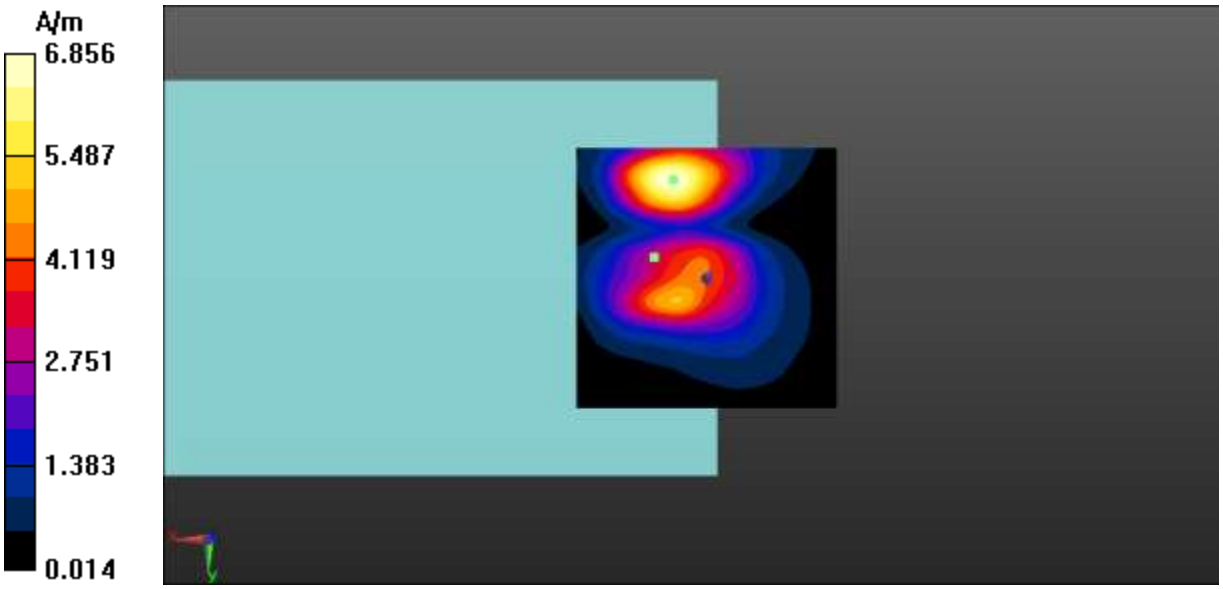


Fig A.32 T-Coil WCDMA B5-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 2 Axial
Date: 2019-12-30
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 12.33 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -10, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 53.87 dB
ABM1 comp = 10.93 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -10, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

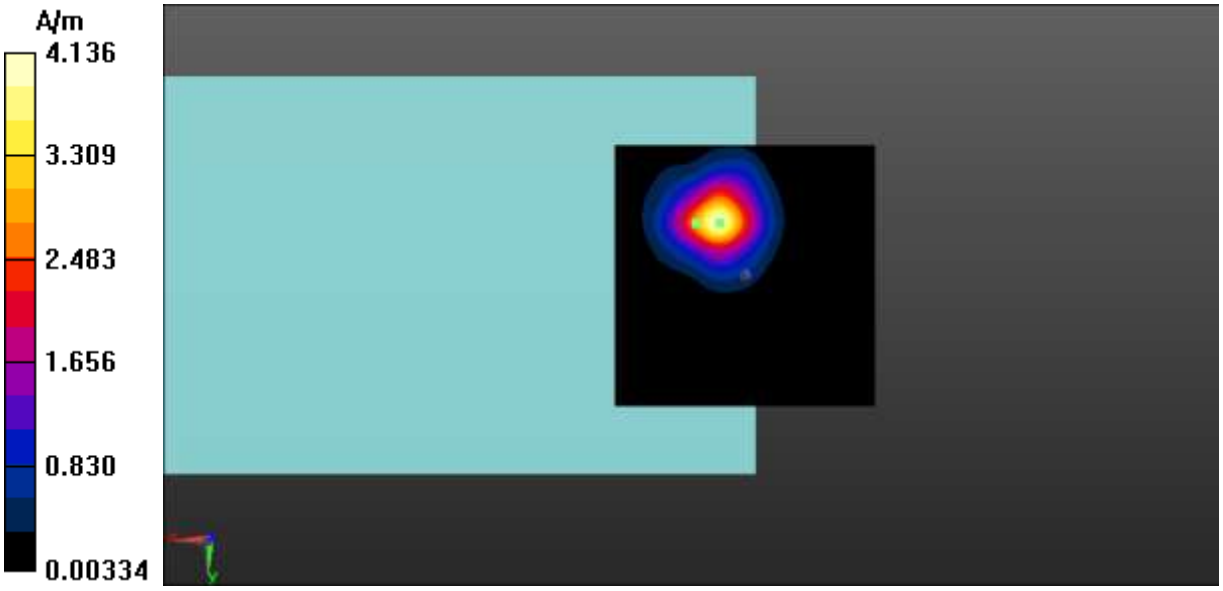


Fig A.33 T-Coil LTE-Band 2-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 2 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-30
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 1880 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 6.21 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -4, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 46.61 dB
ABM1 comp = 2.03 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 1, -19.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

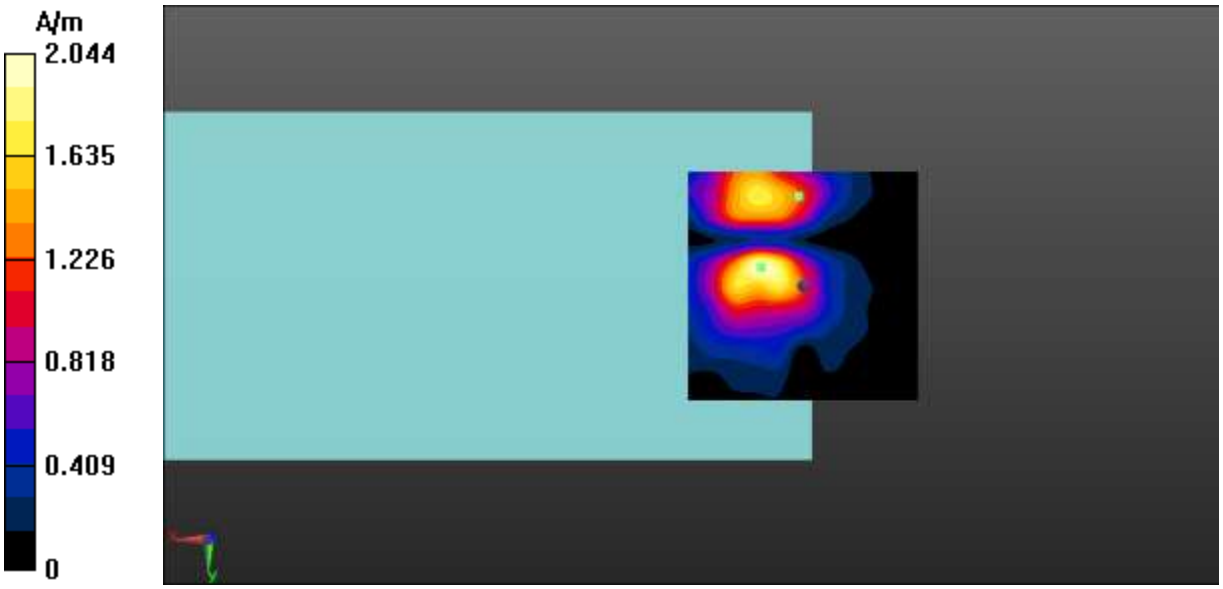


Fig A.33 T-Coil LTE-Band 2-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 4 Axial
Date: 2019-12-30
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 1732.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 11.51 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 11, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 52.79 dB
ABM1 comp = 10.19 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -10, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

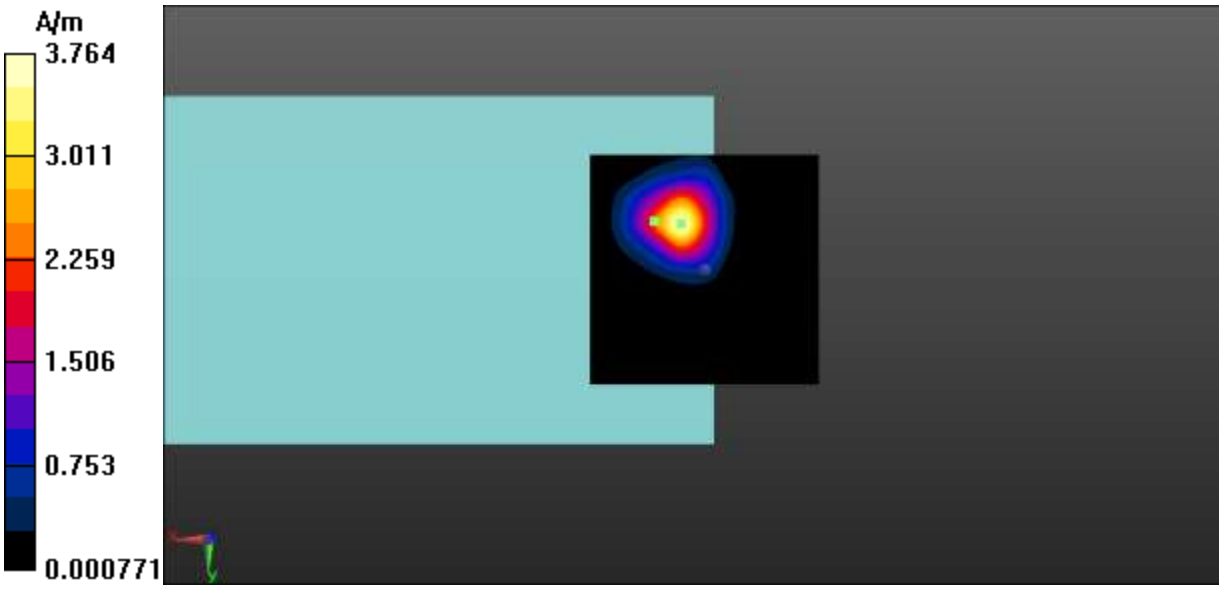


Fig A.34 T-Coil LTE-Band 4-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 4 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-30
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 1732.6 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 6.30 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -4, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 46.44 dB
ABM1 comp = 2.86 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 2.5, -19.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

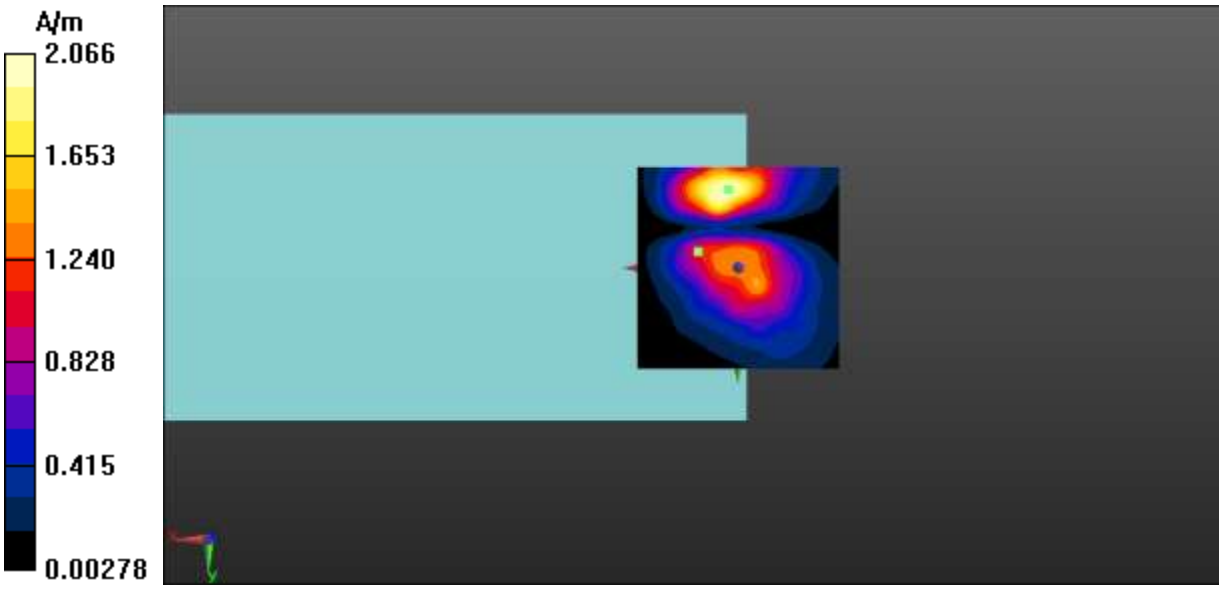


Fig A.34 T-Coil LTE-Band 4-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 5 Axial
Date: 2019-12-30
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 836.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 11.54 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -10, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 51.50 dB
ABM1 comp = 9.70 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

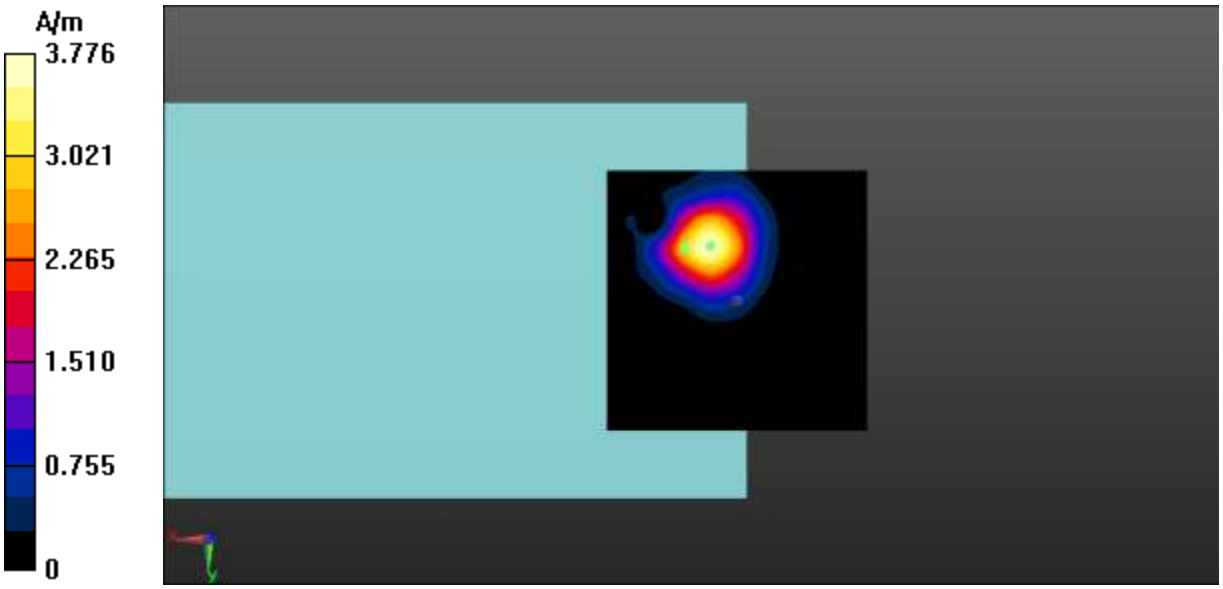


Fig A.35 T-Coil LTE-Band 5-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 5 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-30
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 836.4 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 6.50 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -4, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 46.61 dB
ABM1 comp = 4.10 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 4.5, -19.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

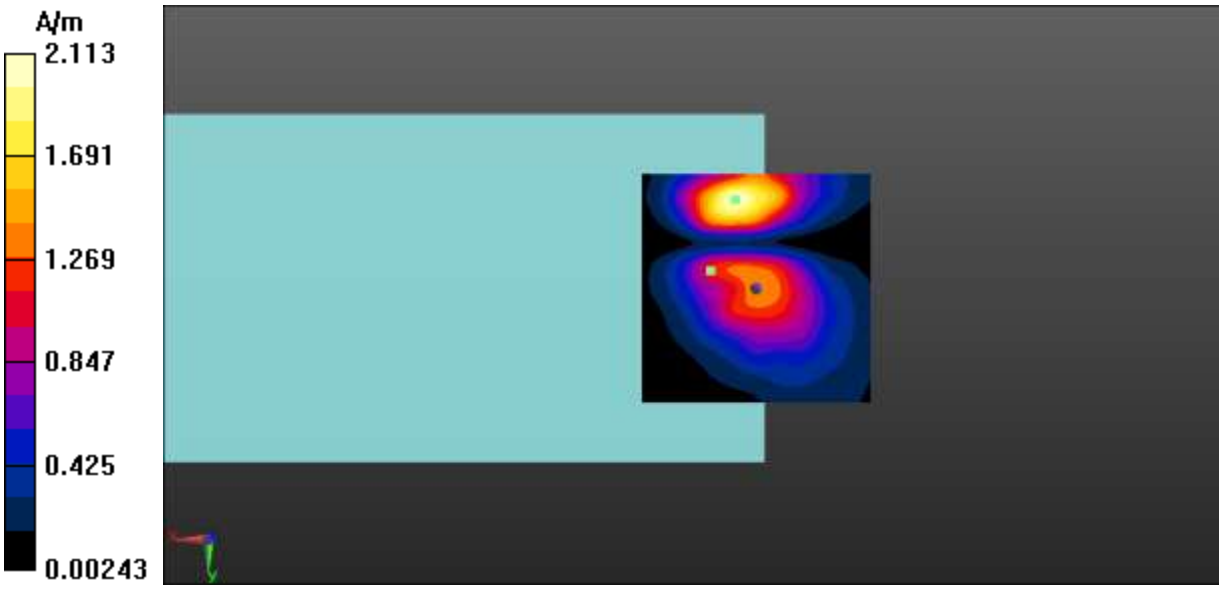


Fig A.35 T-Coil LTE-Band 5-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 7 Axial
Date: 2019-12-30
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 2535 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 10.15 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 12.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 50.60 dB
ABM1 comp = 8.77 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

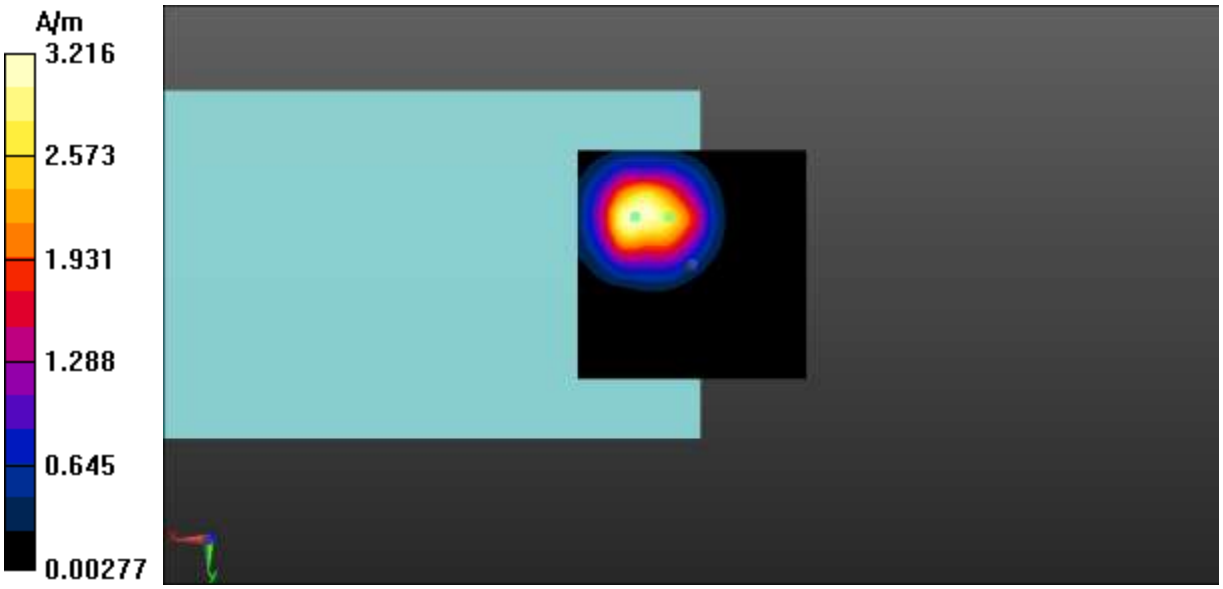


Fig A.36 T-Coil LTE-Band 7-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 7 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-30
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 2535 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 5.48 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -3, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 46.04 dB
ABM1 comp = 3.71 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 4, -19.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

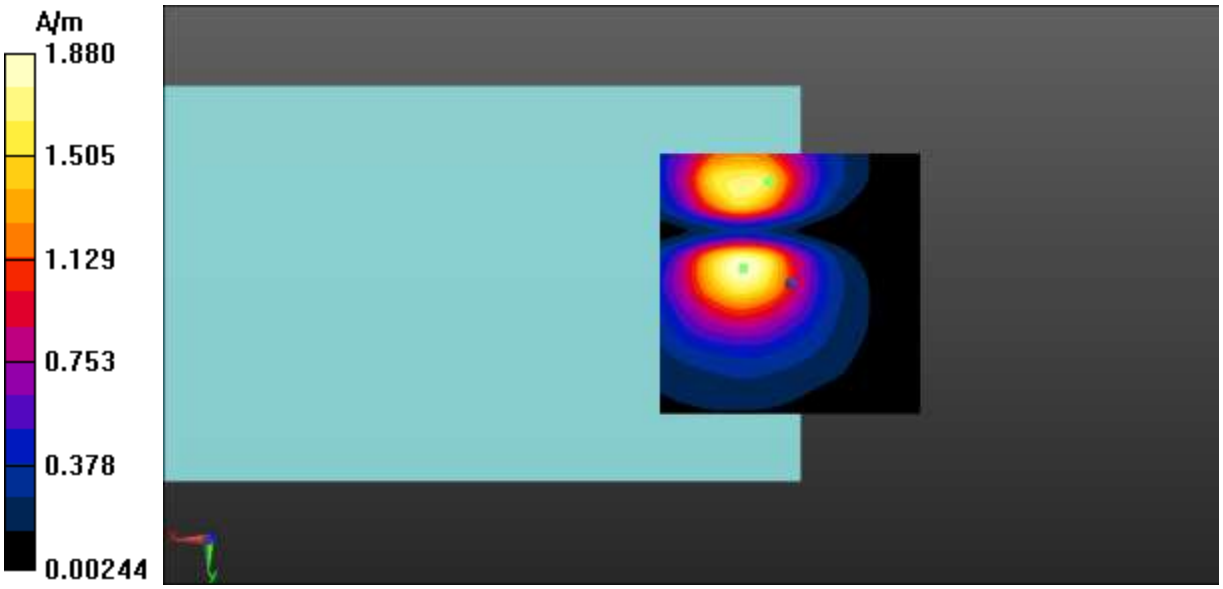


Fig A.36 T-Coil LTE-Band 7-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 12 Axial
Date: 2019-12-30
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 707.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 12.03 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -10, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 51.64 dB
ABM1 comp = 9.14 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5.5, -11.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

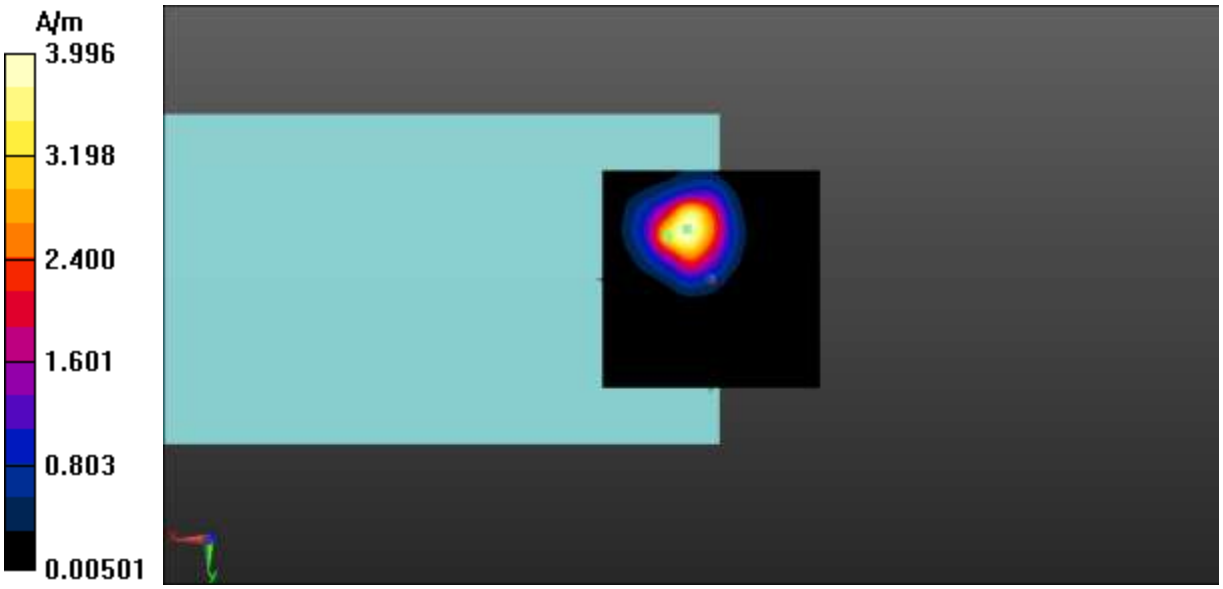


Fig A.37 T-Coil LTE-Band 12-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 12 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-30
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 707.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 5.62 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 6, -20, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 47.71 dB
ABM1 comp = 5.45 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -20, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

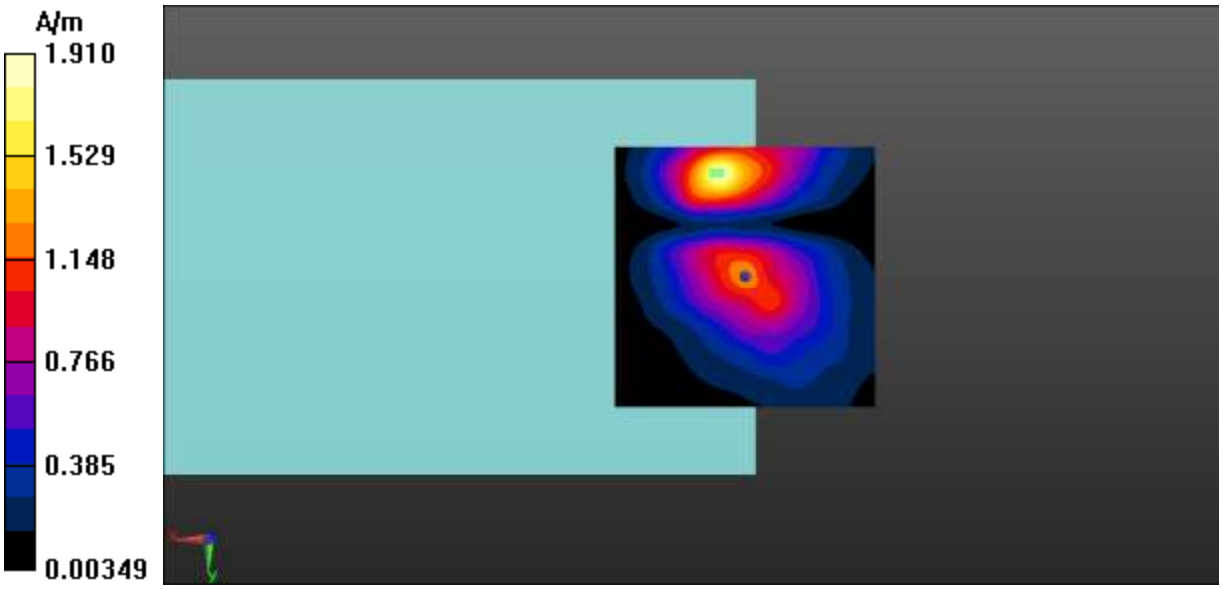


Fig A.37 T-Coil LTE-Band 12-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 13 Axial
Date: 2019-12-30
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 782 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 11.70 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10.5, -12, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 51.32 dB
ABM1 comp = 9.33 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -11, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

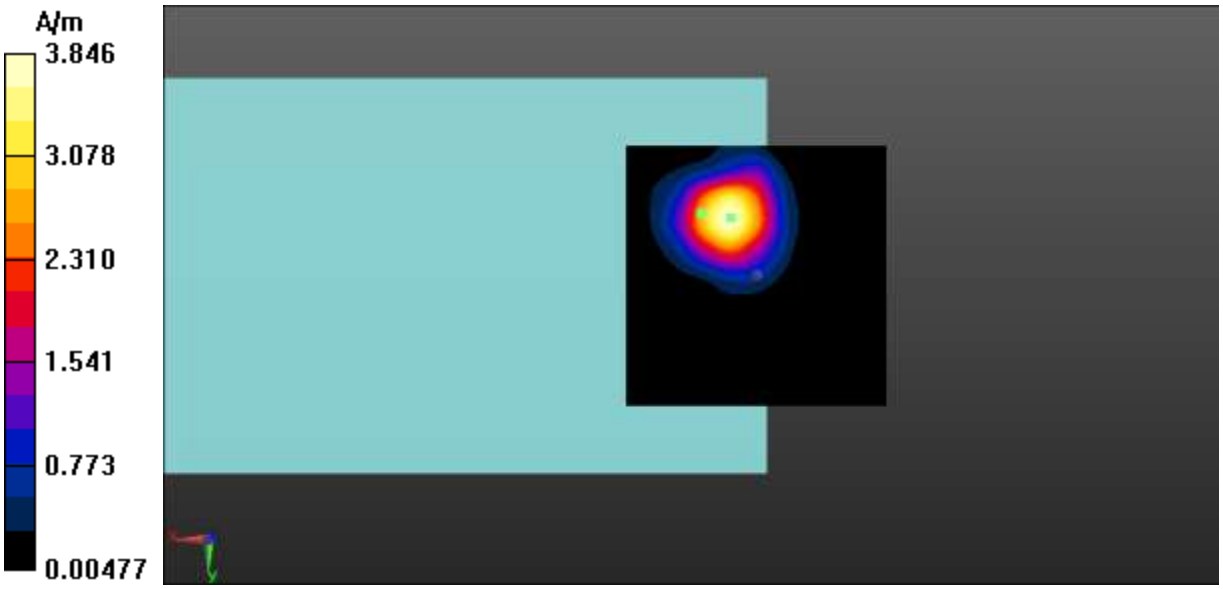


Fig A.38 T-Coil LTE-Band 13-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 13 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-30
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 782 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 6.92 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 10, -20, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 46.31 dB
ABM1 comp = 2.24 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 2, -19.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

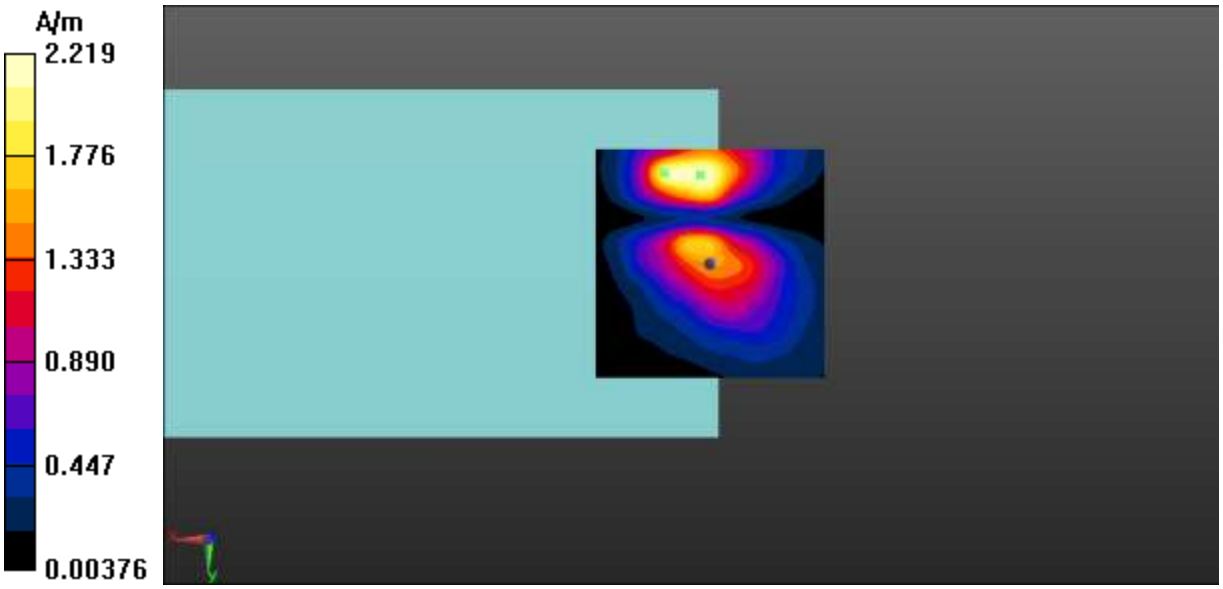


Fig A.38 T-Coil LTE-Band 13-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 25 Axial
Date: 2019-12-31
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 1882.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 12.03 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -10, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 52.98 dB
ABM1 comp = 10.10 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -10, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

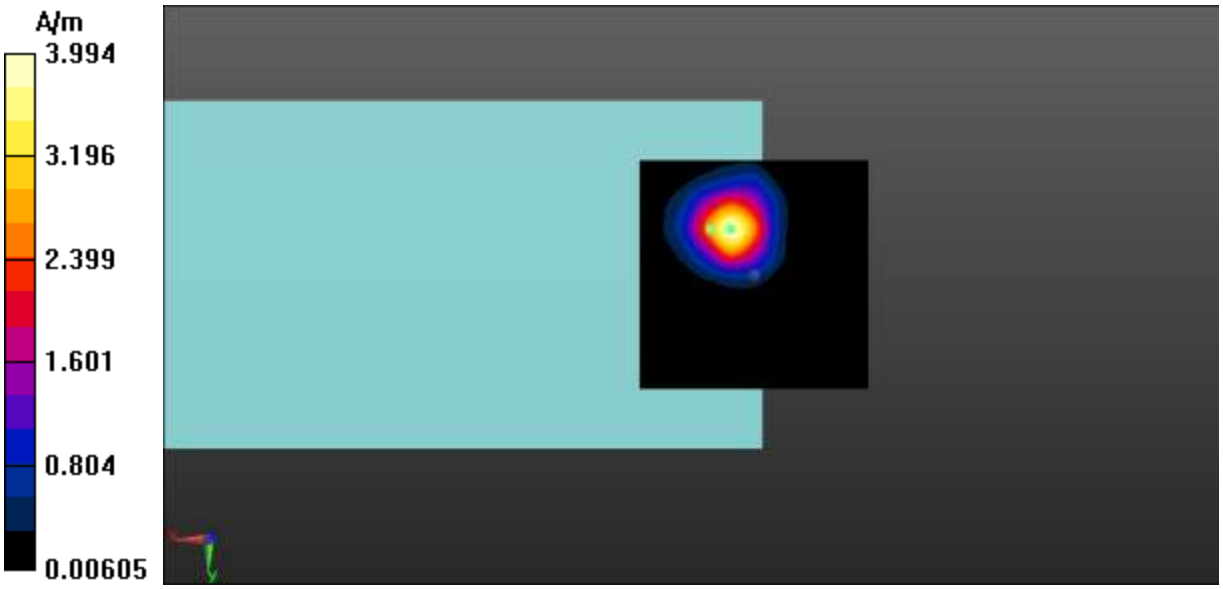


Fig A.39 T-Coil LTE-Band 25-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 25 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-31
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 1882.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 6.69 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -4, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 46.12 dB
ABM1 comp = 3.86 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 4.5, -20, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

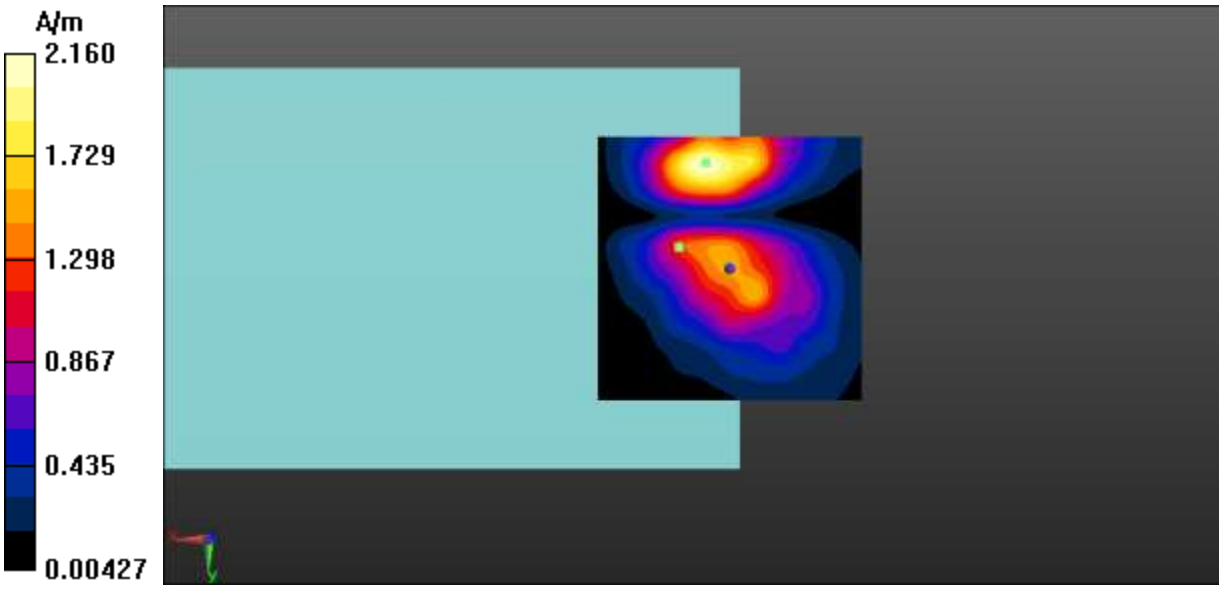


Fig A.39 T-Coil LTE-Band 25-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 26 Axial
Date: 2019-12-31
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 831.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 12.91 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 52.78 dB
ABM1 comp = 10.30 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

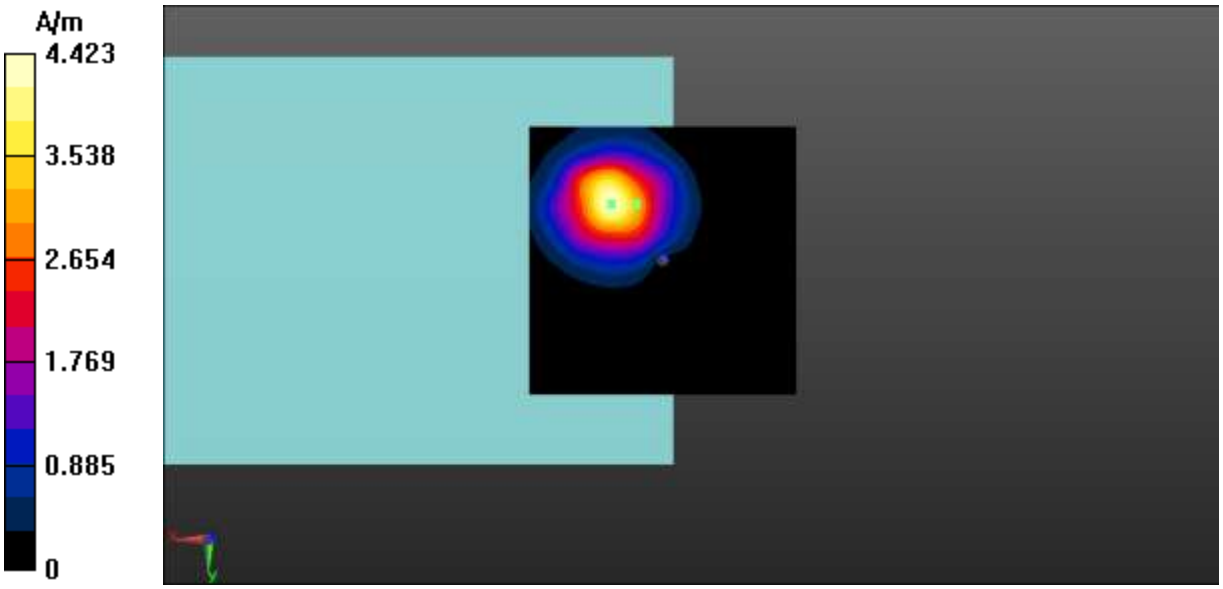


Fig A.40 T-Coil LTE-Band 26-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 26 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-31
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 831.5 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 6.12 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 6.5, -19.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 48.13 dB
ABM1 comp = 5.90 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -19.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

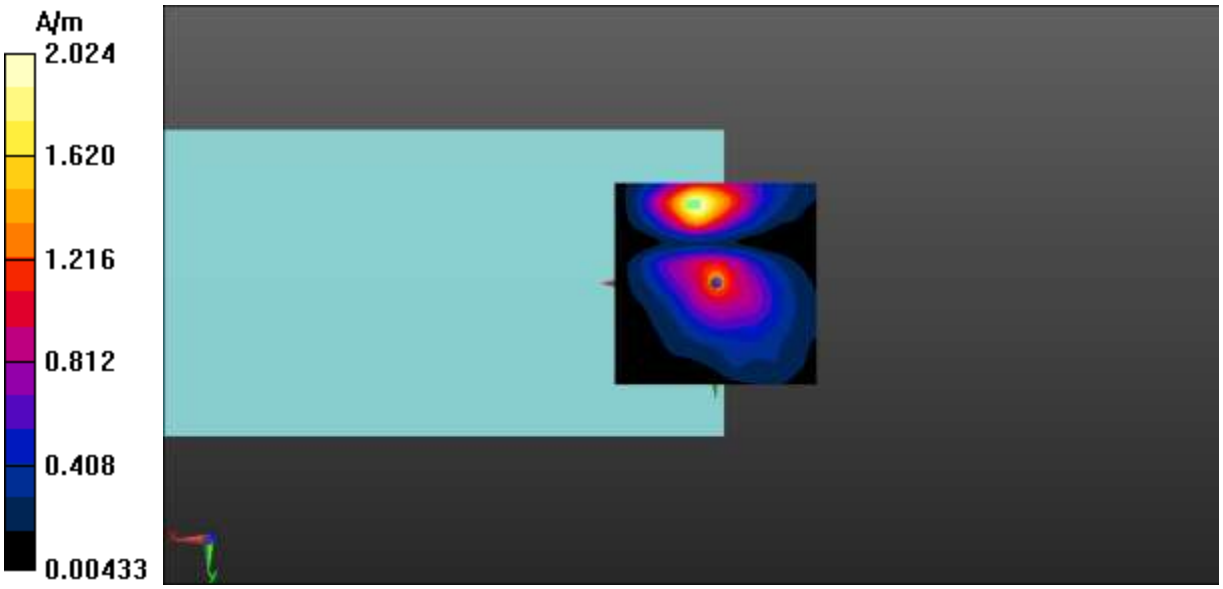


Fig A.40 T-Coil LTE-Band 26-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 41 Axial
Date: 2019-12-31
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-TDD Frequency: 2593 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1.58
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 12.02 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -10, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 51.01 dB
ABM1 comp = 10.89 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -10, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

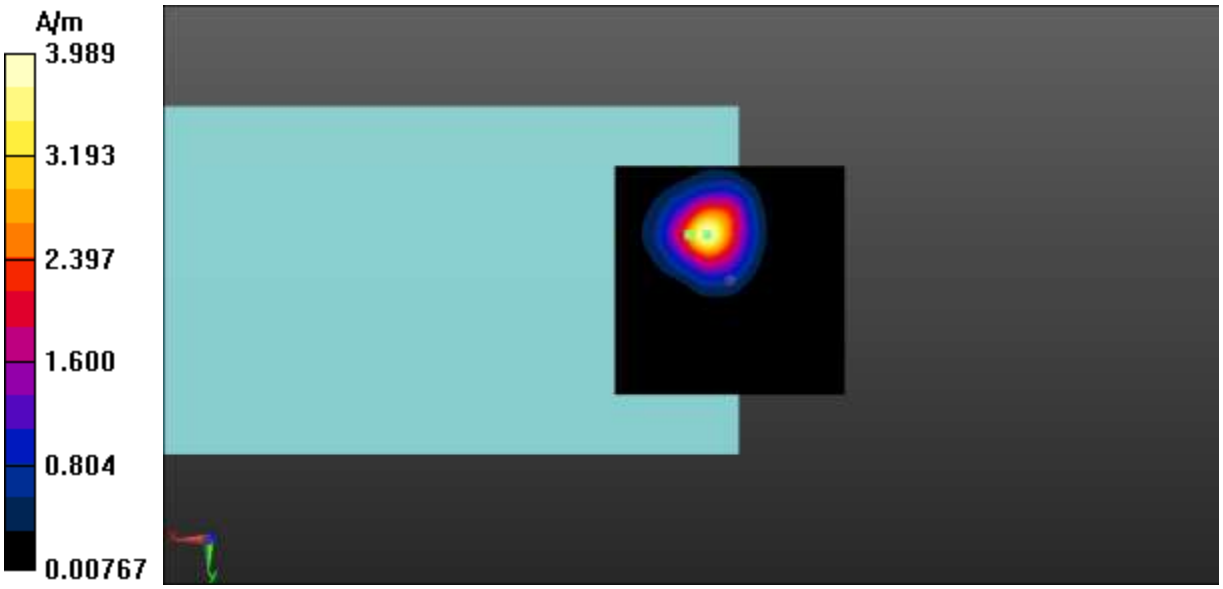


Fig A.41 T-Coil LTE-Band 41-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 41 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-31
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-TDD Frequency: 2593 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 5.72 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -20, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 45.90 dB
ABM1 comp = 4.47 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 4.5, -19.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

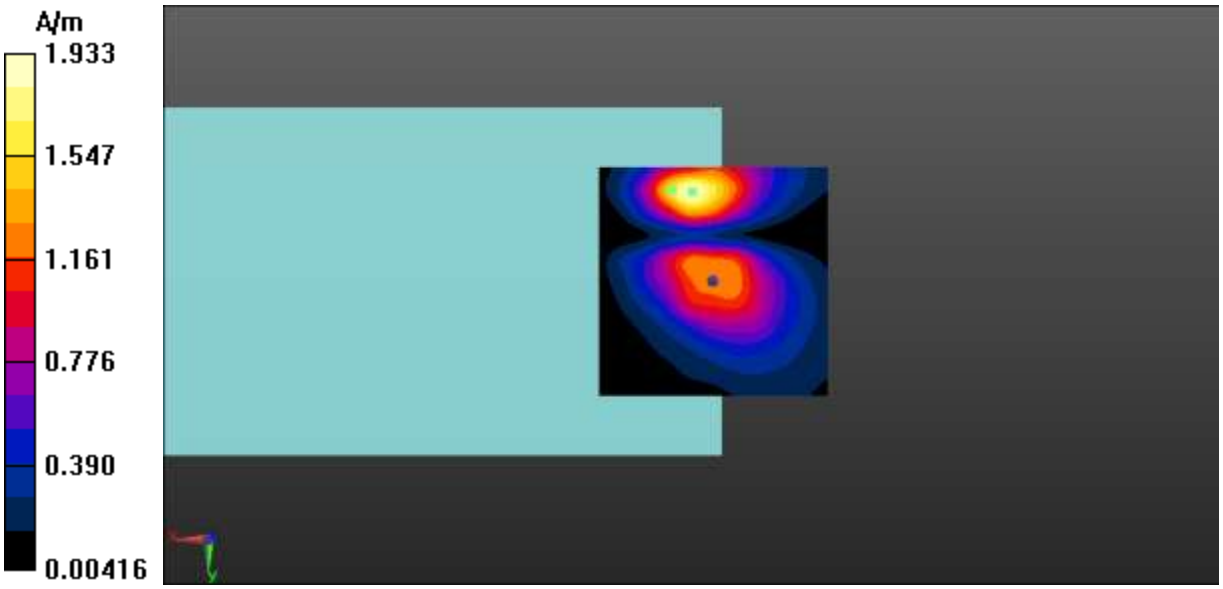


Fig A.41 T-Coil LTE-Band 41-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 66 Axial
Date: 2019-12-31
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 1745 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 11.92 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

(axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 53.27 dB
ABM1 comp = 10.52 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

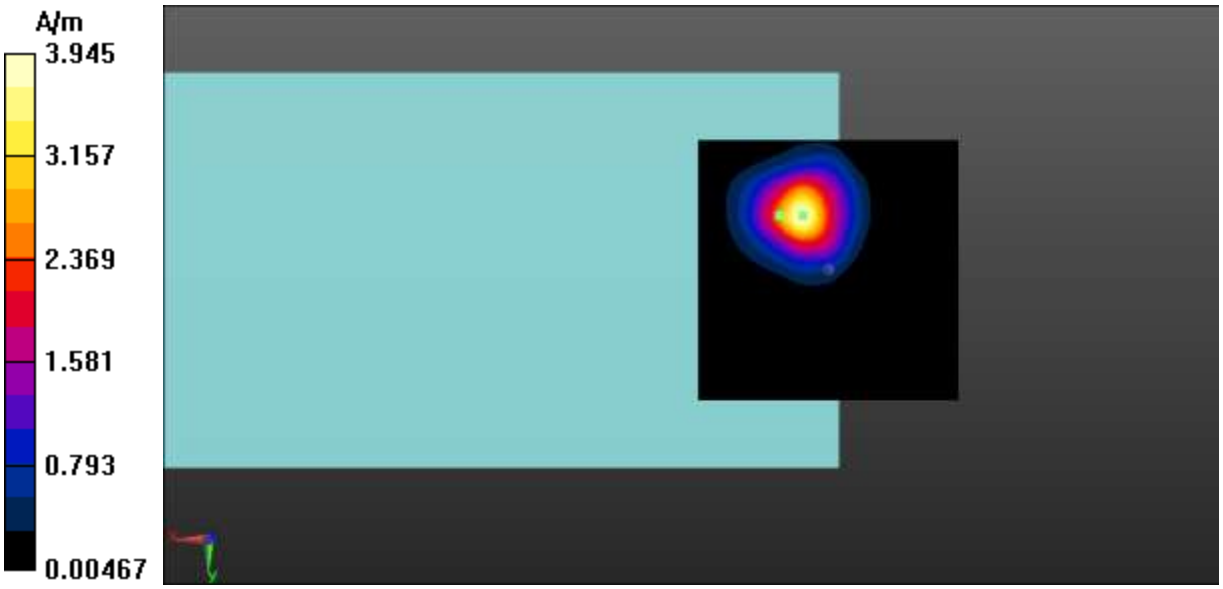


Fig A.42 T-Coil LTE-Band 66-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 66 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-31
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 1745 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 5.39 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -17.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 46.87 dB
ABM1 comp = 4.45 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 4.5, -19.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

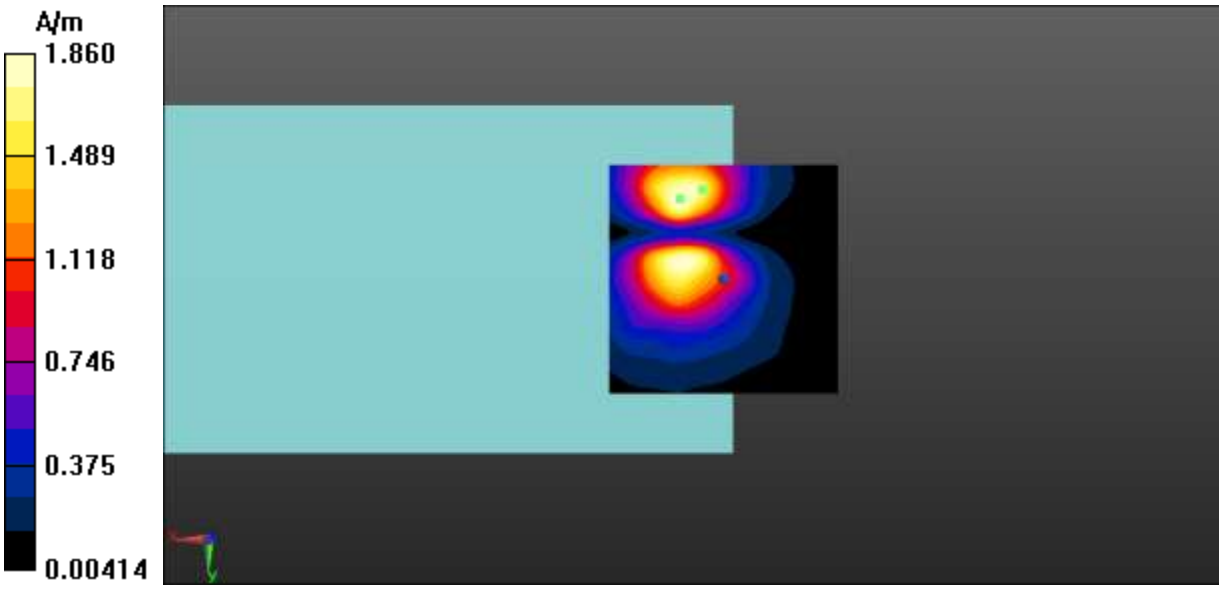


Fig A.42 T-Coil LTE-Band 66-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 71 Axial
Date: 2019-12-31
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 683 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 12.51 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 11, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 49.64 dB
ABM1 comp = 6.01 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, -10.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

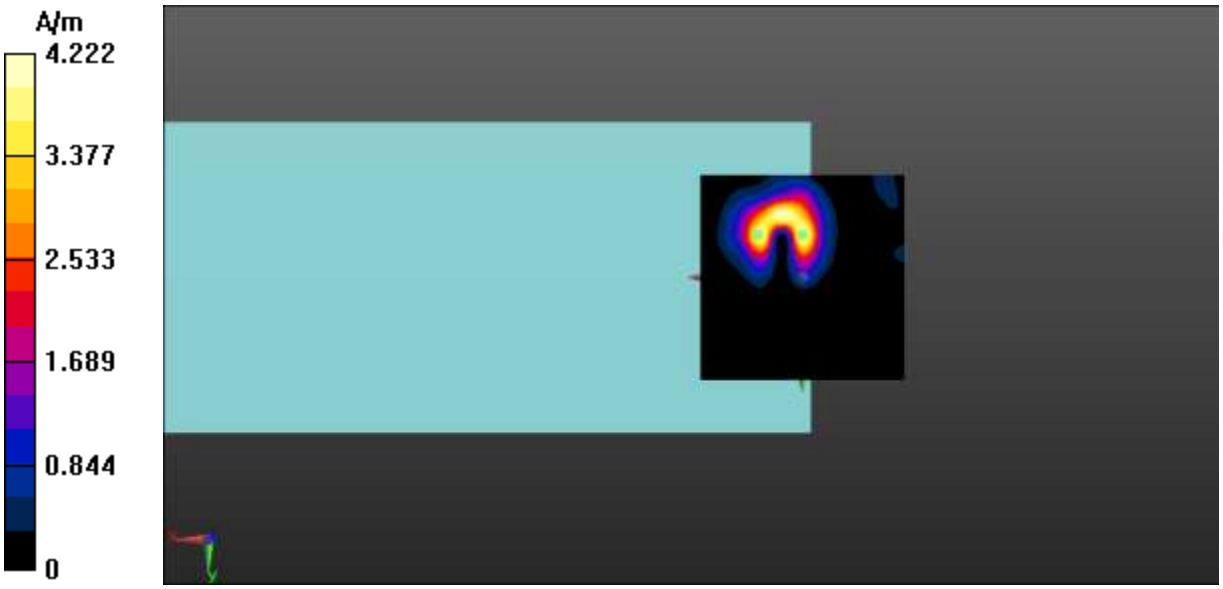


Fig A.43 T-Coil LTE-Band 71-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) LTE-Band 71 Transverse
Date: 2019-12-31
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: LTE-FDD Frequency: 683 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 5.55 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -3.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 46.71 dB
ABM1 comp = 4.20 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 4.5, -19.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

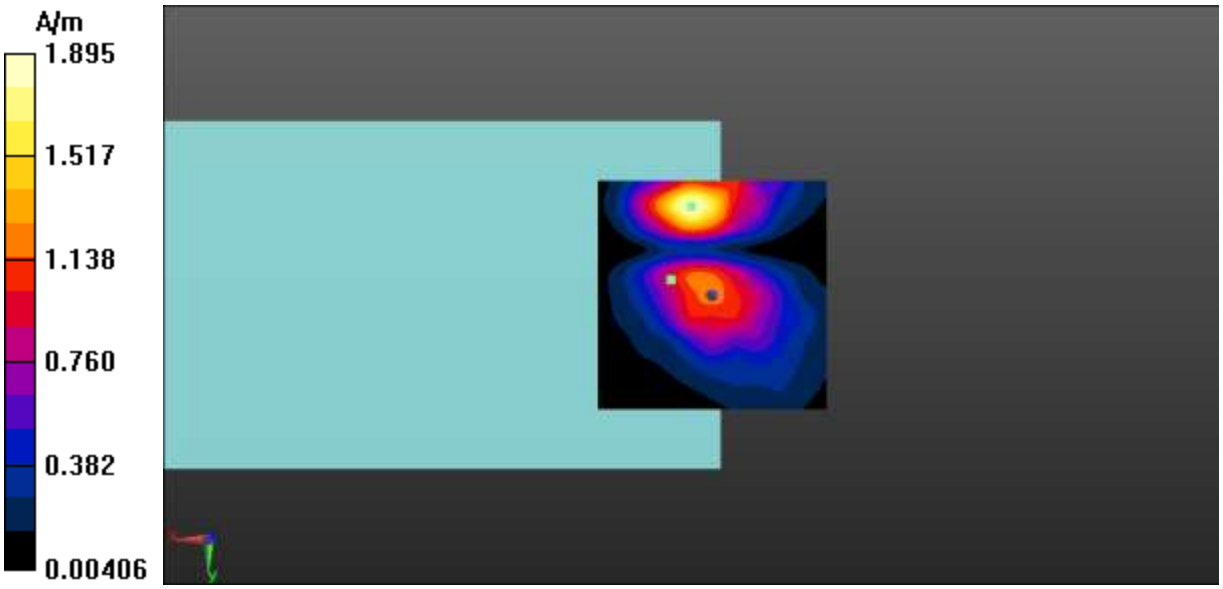


Fig A.43 T-Coil LTE-Band 71-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) WIFI 2.4G Axial
Date: 2020-1-3
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: WIFI Frequency: 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 12.64 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9.5, -10, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 51.13 dB
ABM1 comp = 10.46 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 6, -14, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

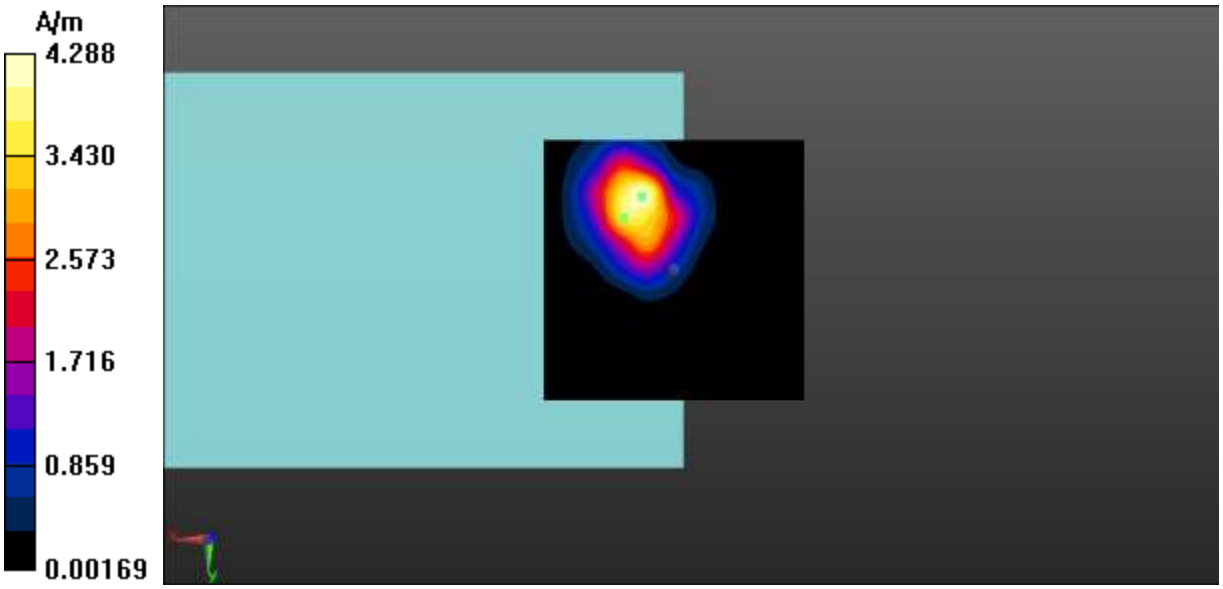


Fig A.44 T-Coil WIFI 2.4G-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) WIFI 2.4G Transverse
Date: 2020-1-3
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 22.0^{o}C
Communication System: WIFI Frequency: 2437 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 6.28 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9.5, -4, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 44.80 dB
ABM1 comp = 2.56 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 0.5, -17, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

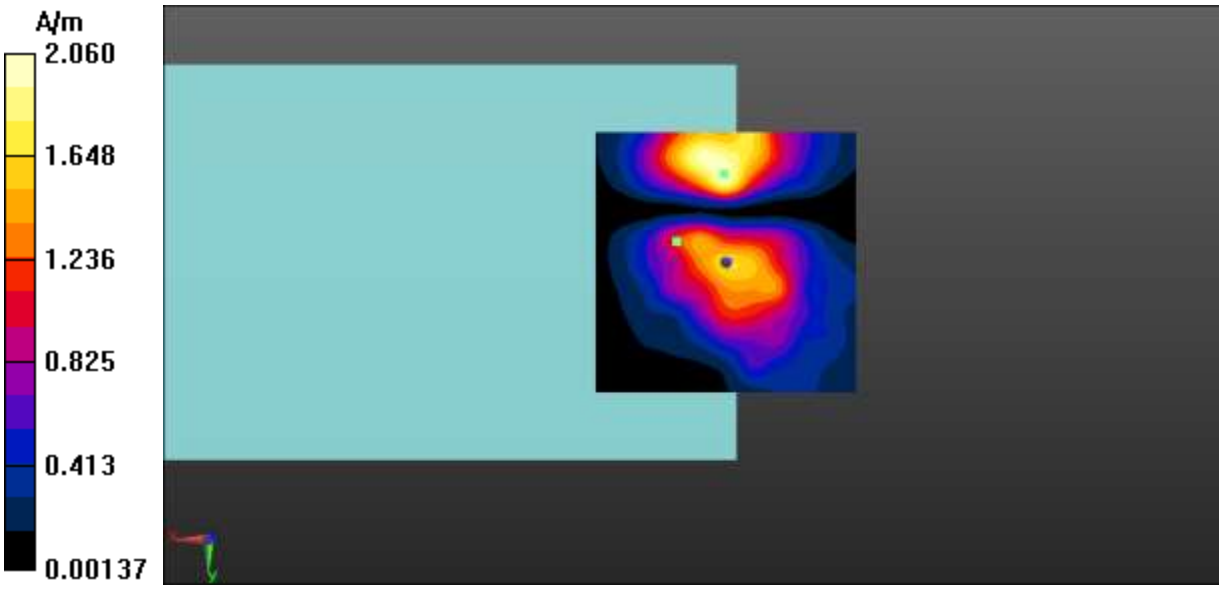


Fig A.44 T-Coil WIFI 2.4G-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) WIFI 5.2G Axial
Date: 2020-1-3
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0) Frequency: 5200 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 12.57 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9, -10, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 52.90 dB
ABM1 comp = 11.88 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9, -12, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

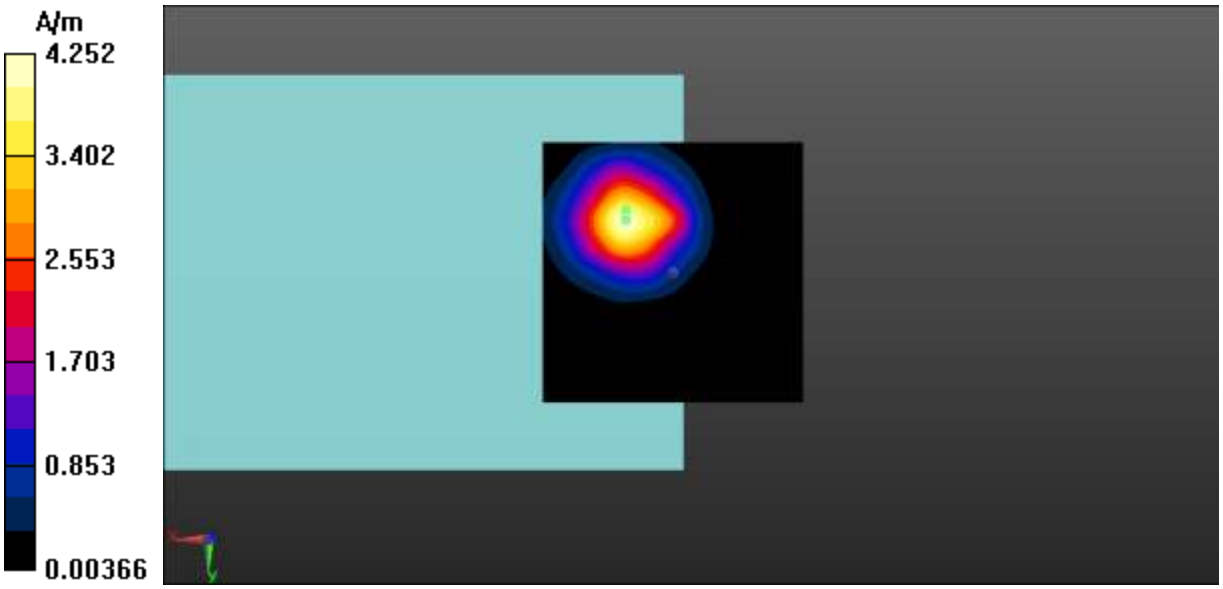


Fig A.45 T-Coil WIFI 5.2G-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) WIFI 5.2G Transverse
Date: 2020-1-3
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0) Frequency: 5200 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 6.24 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 6, -17.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 45.82 dB
ABM1 comp = 5.45 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 3.5, -17.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

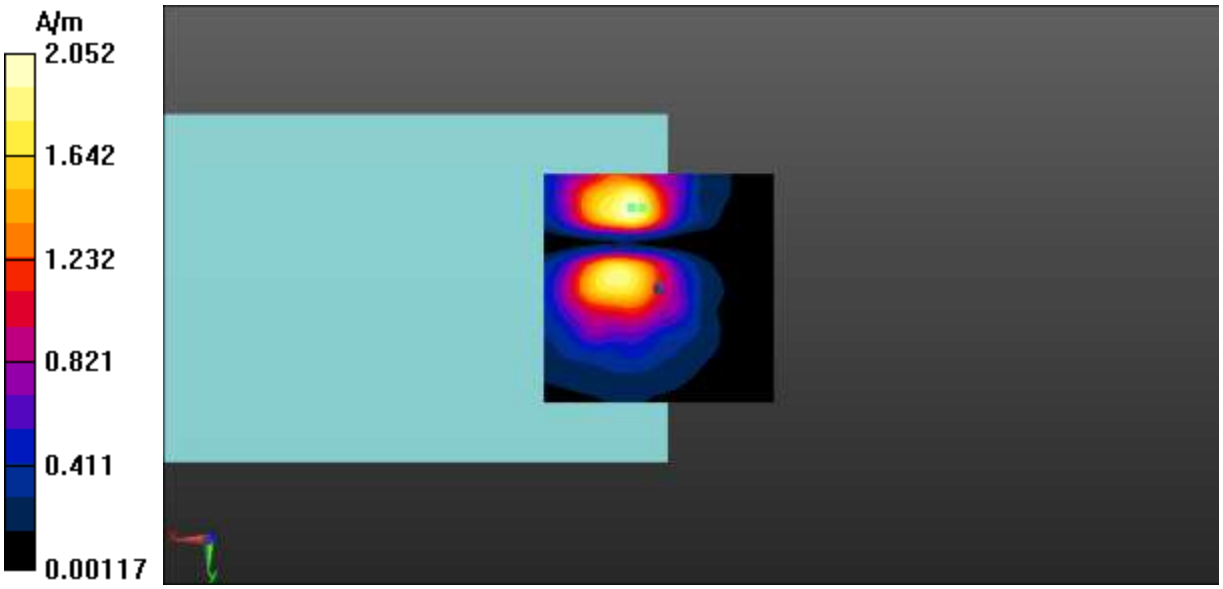


Fig A.45 T-Coil WIFI 5.2G-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) WIFI 5.3G Axial
Date: 2020-1-3
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0) Frequency: 5280 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 12.12 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 7.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 53.88 dB
ABM1 comp = 11.60 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 5.5, -12.5, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

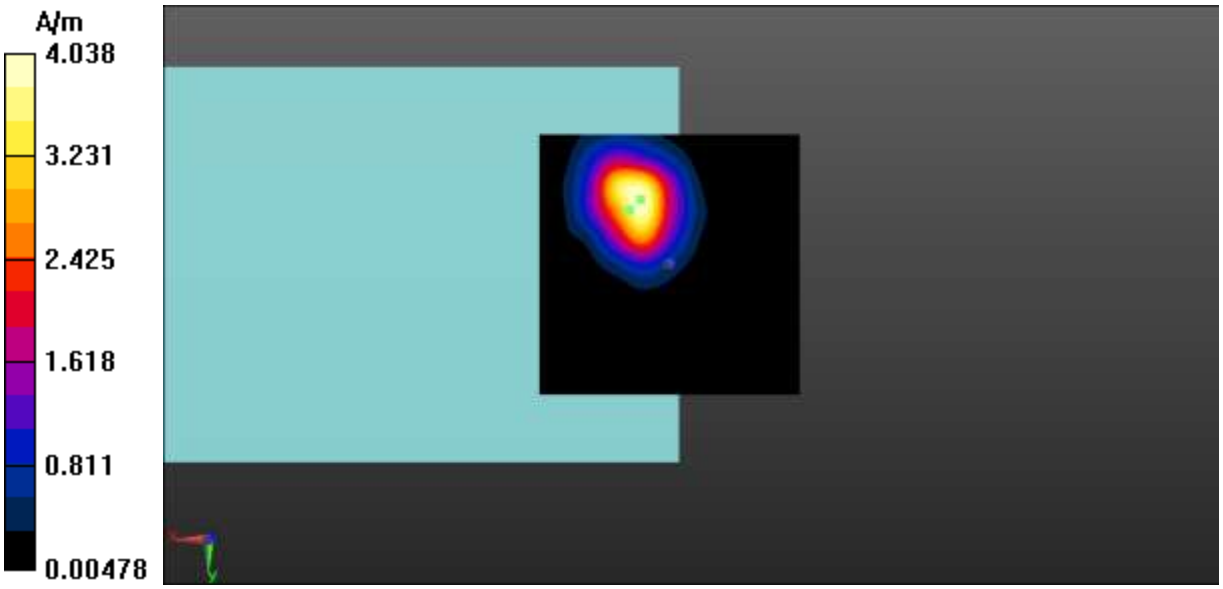


Fig A.46 T-Coil WIFI 5.3G-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) WIFI 5.3G Transverse
Date: 2020-1-3
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0) Frequency: 5280 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 6.59 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 9.5, -19.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.15 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 44.65 dB
ABM1 comp = 5.41 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.15 dB
Location: 5, -17, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

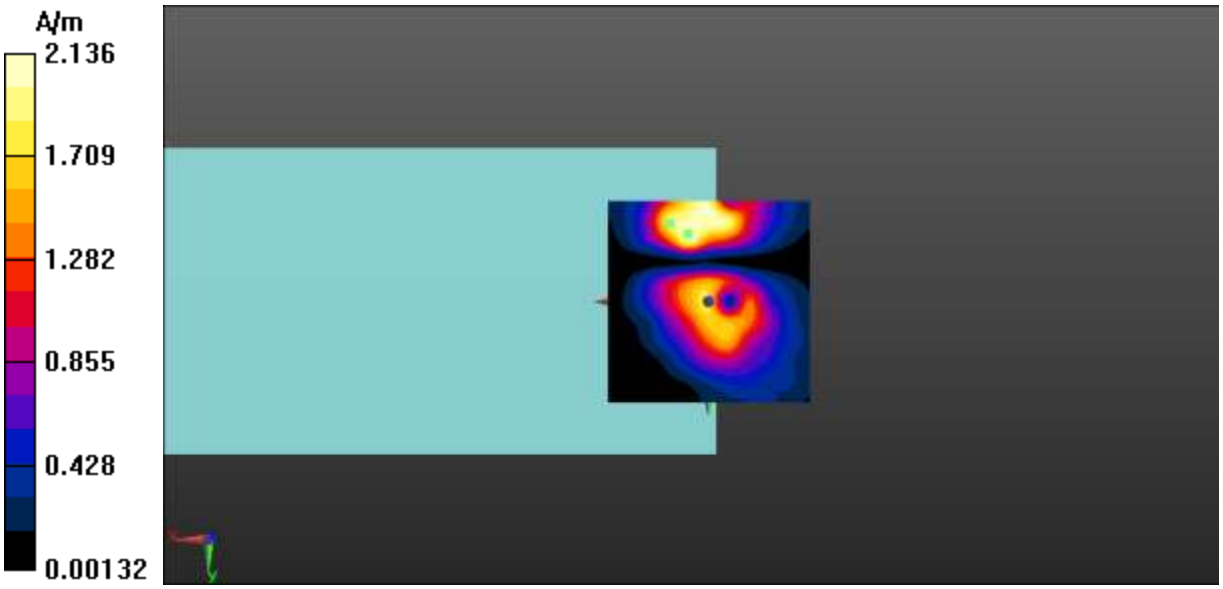


Fig A.46 T-Coil WIFI 5.3G-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) WIFI 5.5G Axial
Date: 2020-1-3
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0) Frequency: 5580 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 12.32 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 8.5, -10.5, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 54.31 dB
ABM1 comp = 11.60 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9, -14, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

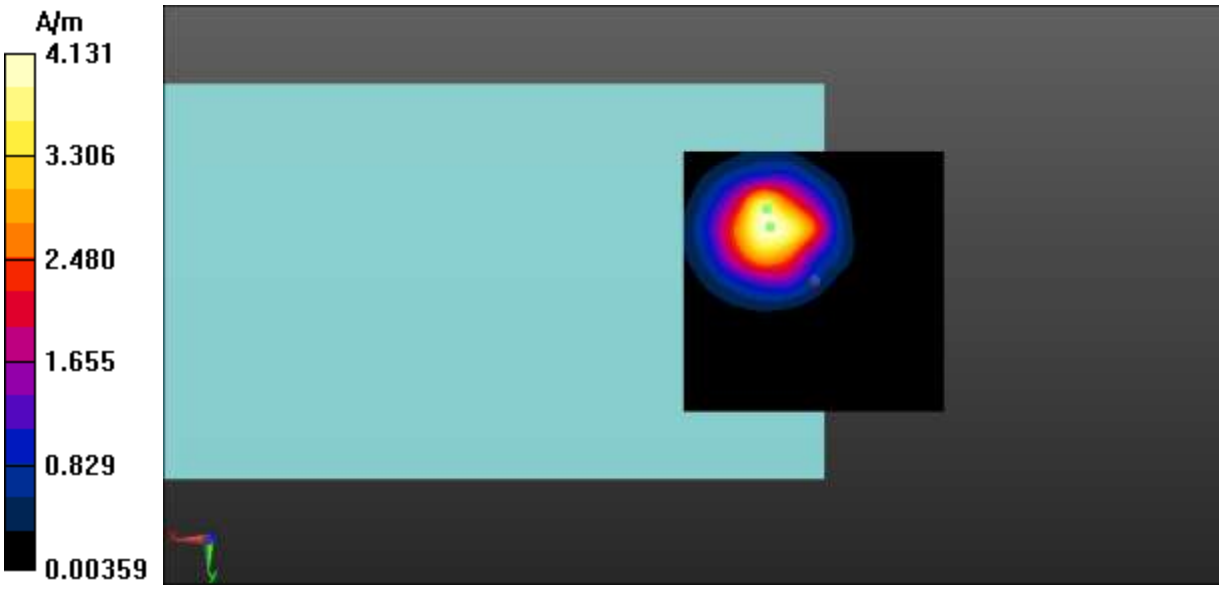


Fig A.47 T-Coil WIFI 5.5G-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) WIFI 5.5G Transverse
Date: 2020-1-3
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0) Frequency: 5580 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 5.59 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 5.5, -1, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 44.70 dB
ABM1 comp = 0.16 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, -25, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

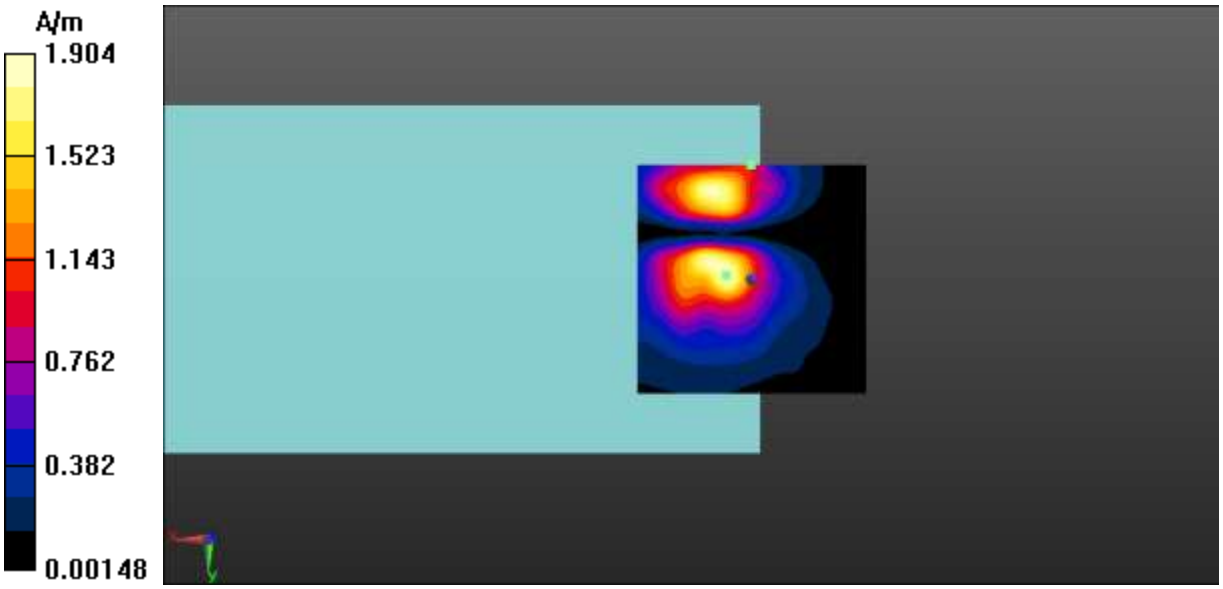


Fig A.47 T-Coil WIFI 5.5G-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) WIFI 5.8G Axial
Date: 2020-1-3
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0) Frequency: 5785 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 12.90 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -9, 3.7 mm

z (axial) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 53.51 dB
ABM1 comp = 11.82 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 6.5, -11, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

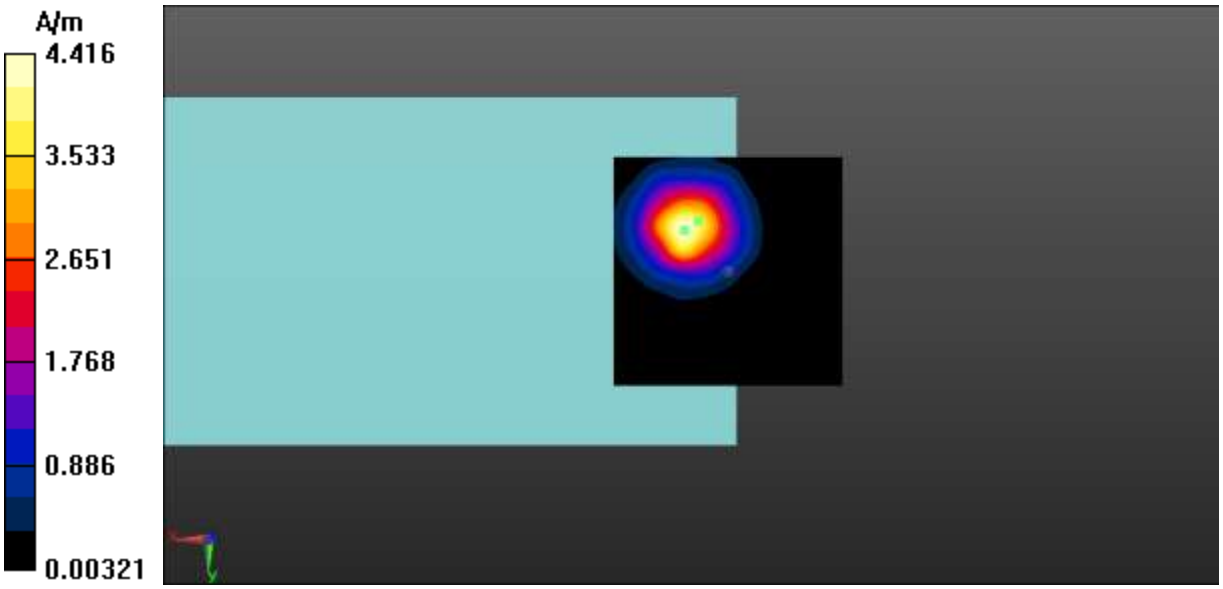


Fig A.48 T-Coil WIFI 5.8G-Z

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

T-Coil (Google Duo) WIFI 5.8G Transverse
Date: 2020-1-3
Electronics: DAE4 Sn1527
Medium: Air
Medium parameters used: σ = 0 S/m, ε_r = 1; ρ = 1 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature:22.0^{o}C
Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5G (0) Frequency: 5785 MHz Duty Cycle: 1:1
Probe: AM1DV3 - 3086

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated Signal(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1 = 6.21 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 9.5, -16.5, 3.7 mm

y (transversal) 4.2mm 50 x 50/ABM Interpolated SNR(x,y,z) (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Signal Type: Audio File (.wav) 48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav
Output Gain: 100
Measure Window Start: 300ms
Measure Window Length: 1000ms
BWC applied: 0.16 dB
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm

Cursor:
ABM1/ABM2 = 44.89 dB
ABM1 comp = 0.58 dBA/m
BWC Factor = 0.16 dB
Location: 0, -25, 3.7 mm

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

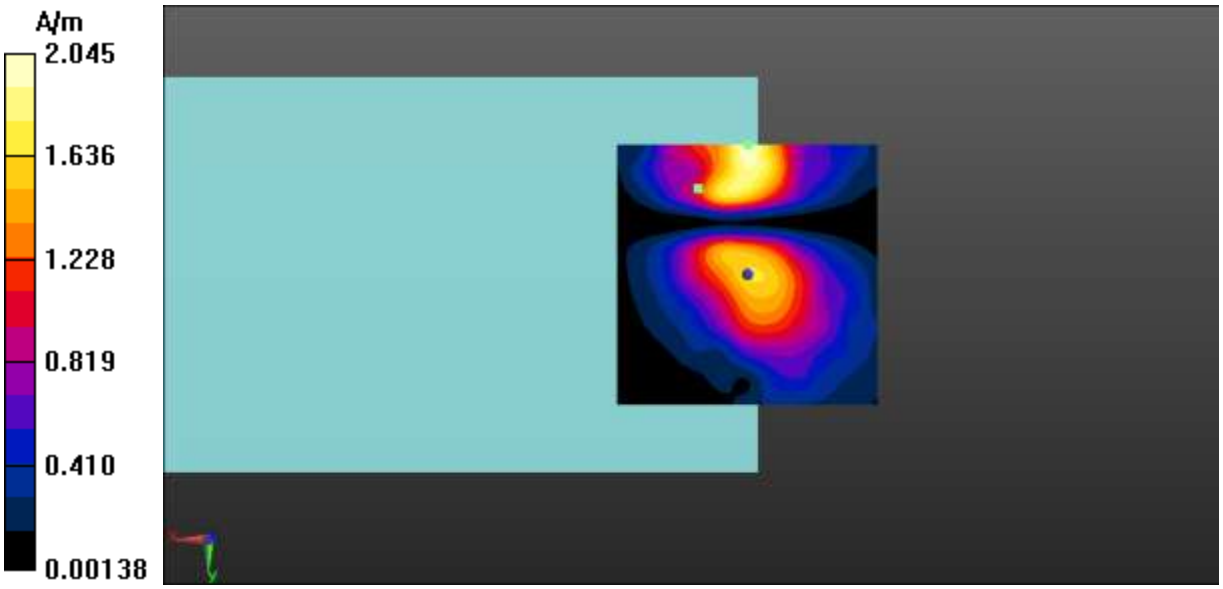


Fig A.48 T-Coil WIFI 5.8G-Y

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

ANNEX B Frequency Response Curves

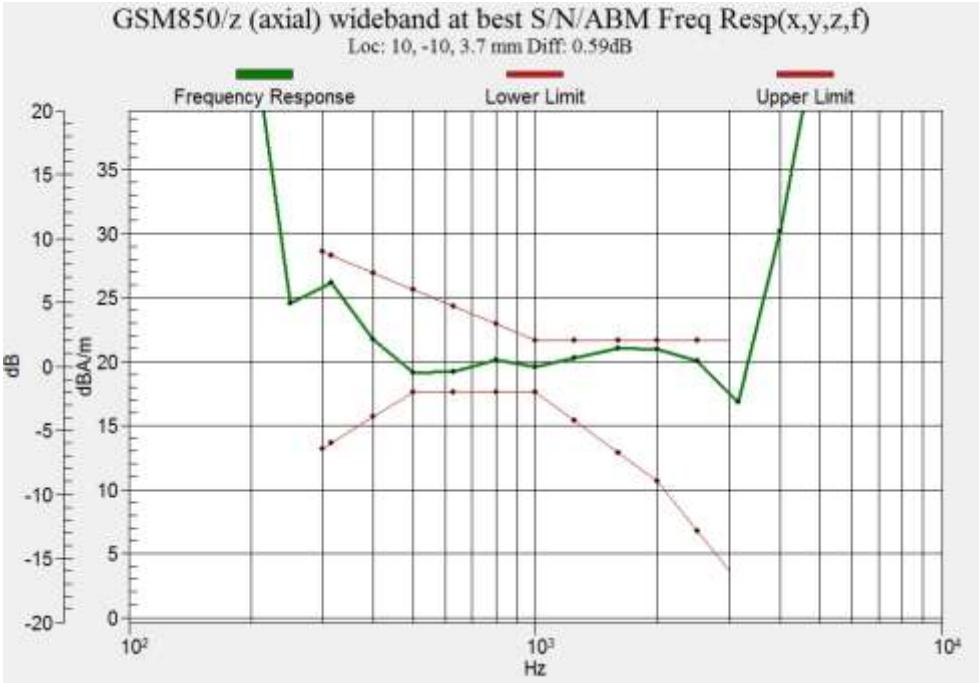


Figure B.1 Frequency Response of GSM 850

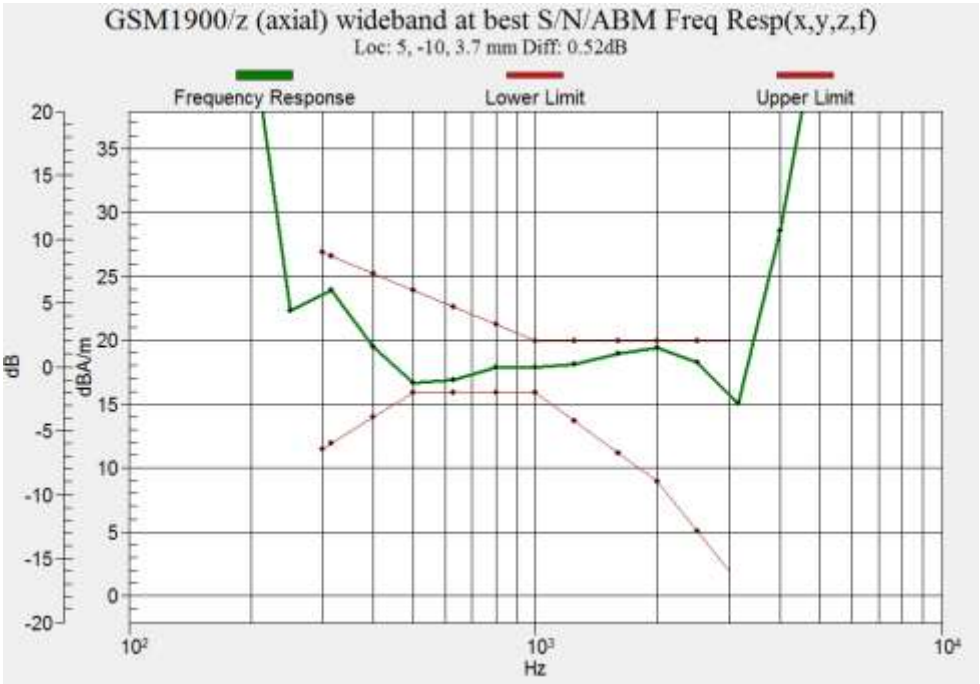


Figure B.2 Frequency Response of GSM 1900

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

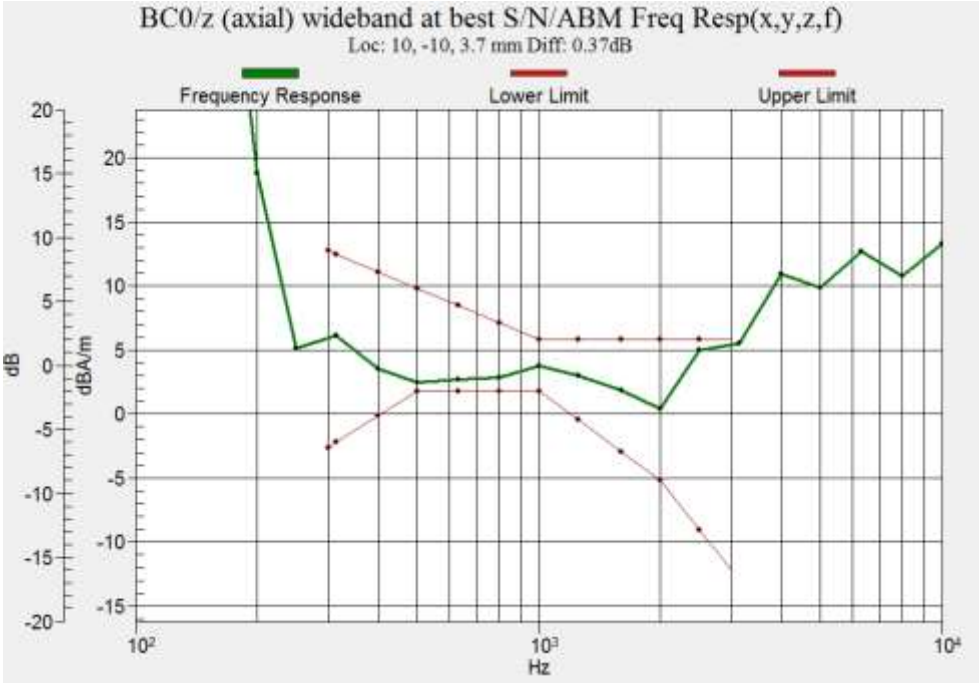


Figure B.3 Frequency Response of CDMA BC0

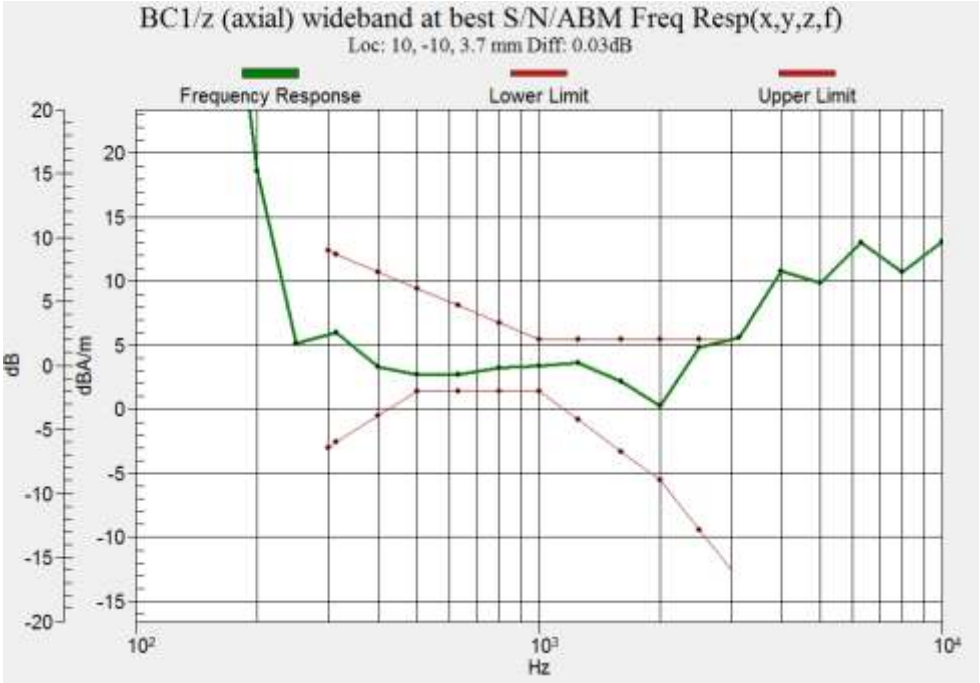


Figure B.4 Frequency Response of CDMA BC1

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

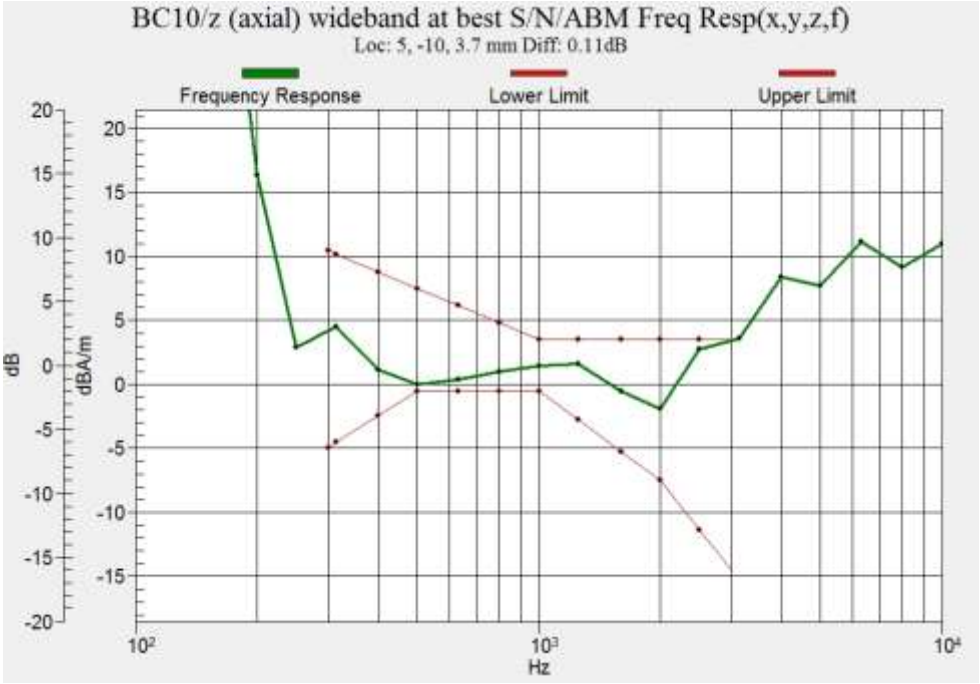


Figure B.5 Frequency Response of CDMA BC10

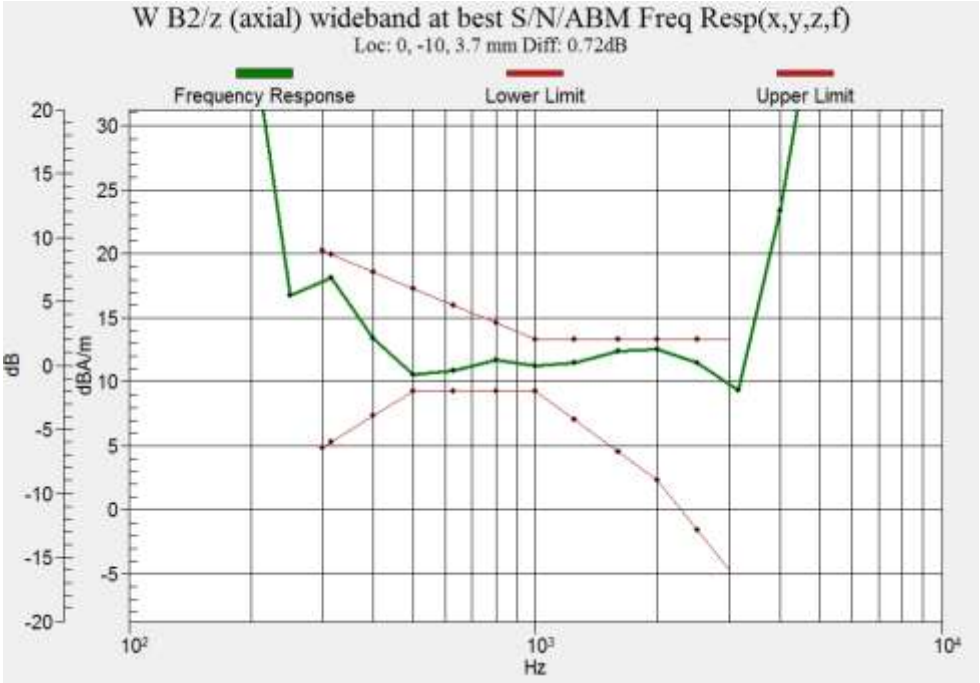


Figure B.6 Frequency Response of WCDMA B2

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

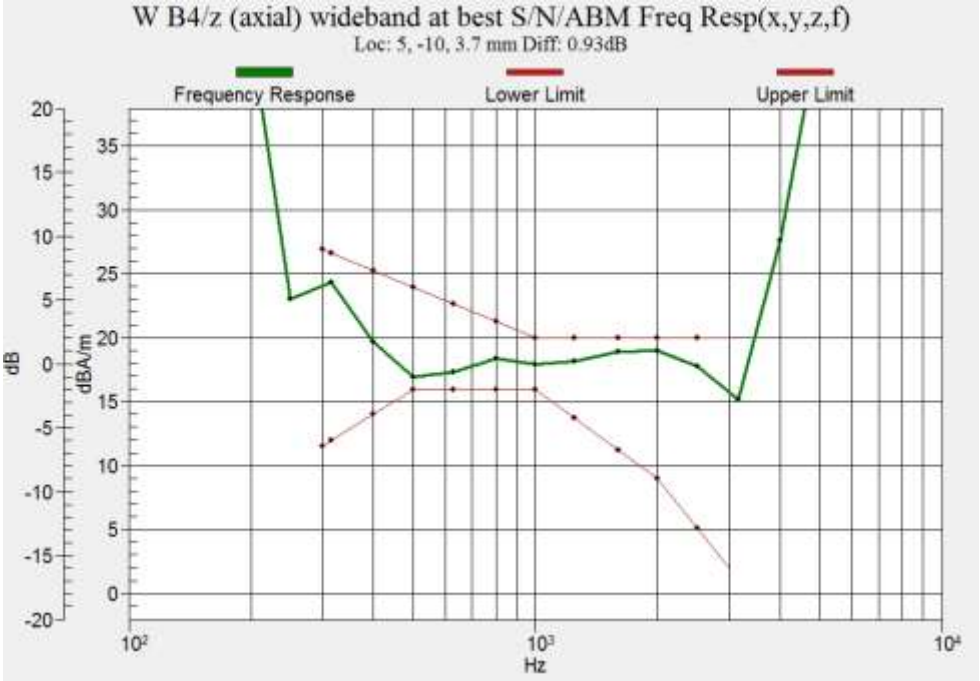


Figure B.7 Frequency Response of WCDMA B4

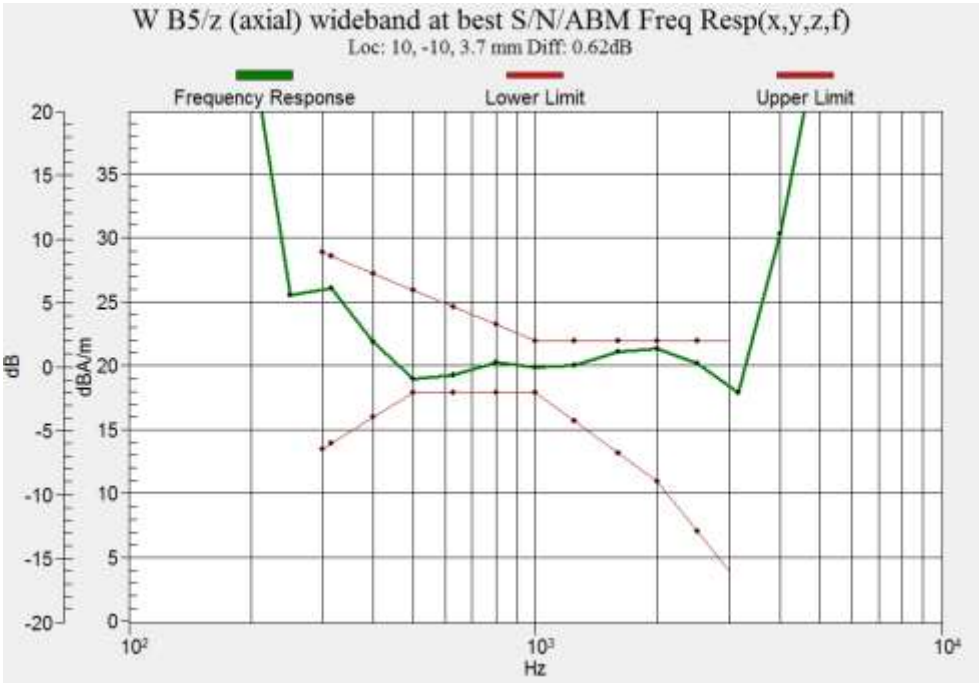


Figure B.8 Frequency Response of L WCDMA B5

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

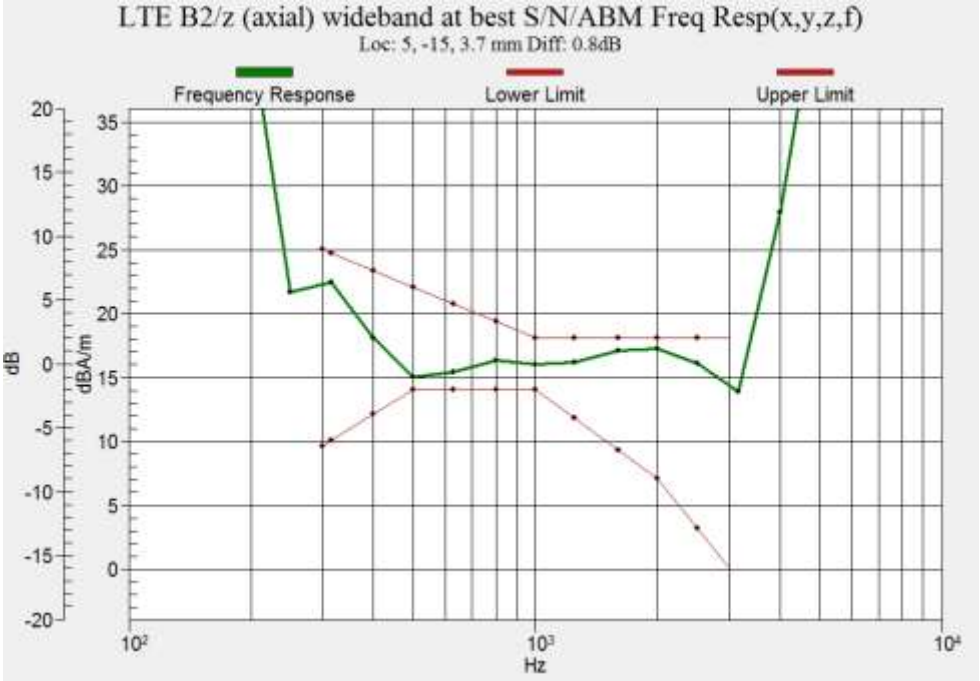


Figure B.9 Frequency Response of LTE B2

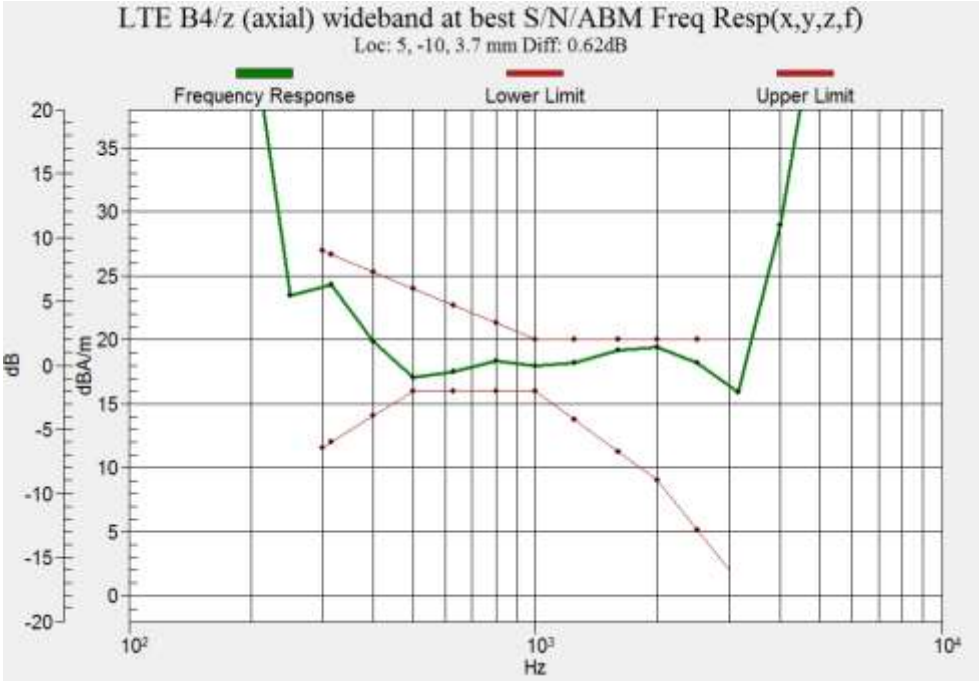


Figure B.10 Frequency Response of LTE B4

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

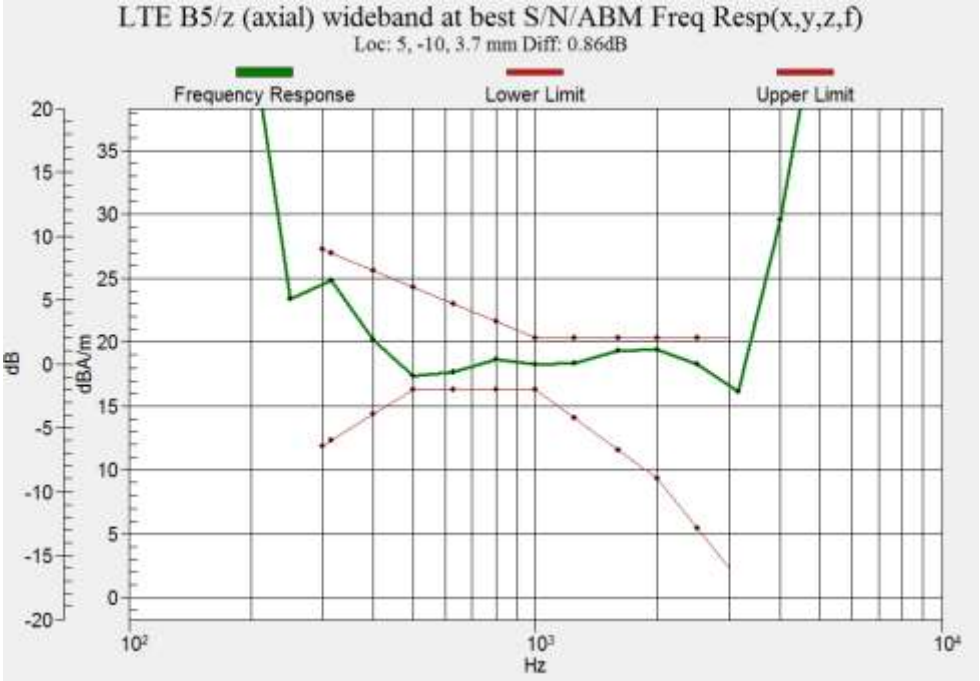


Figure B.11 Frequency Response of LTE B5

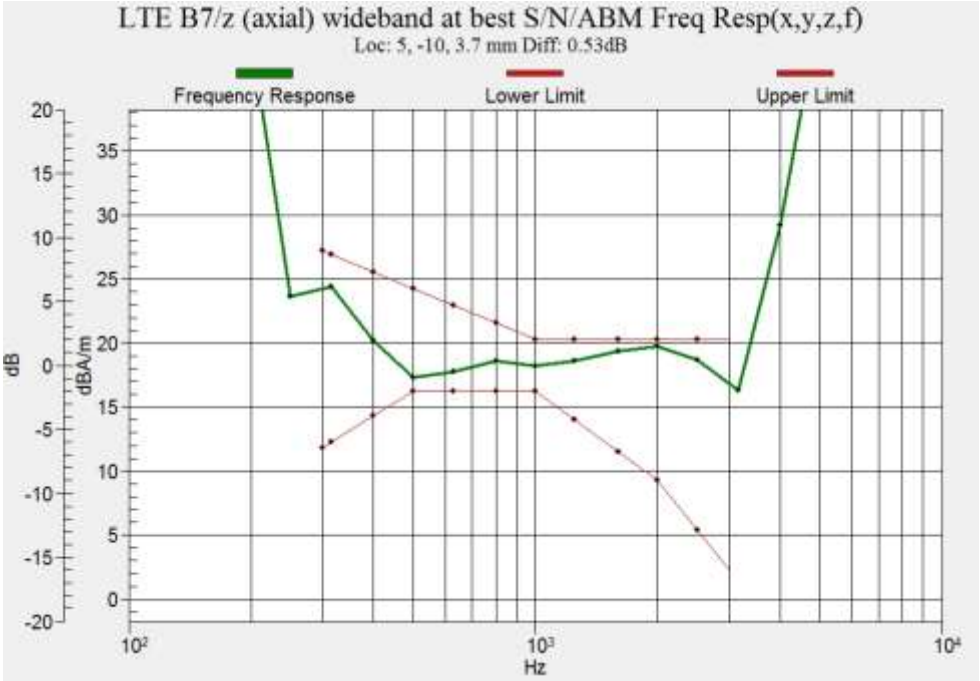


Figure B.12 Frequency Response of LTE B7

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

Figure B.13 Frequency Response of W LTE B12

Figure B.14 Frequency Response of LTE B13

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

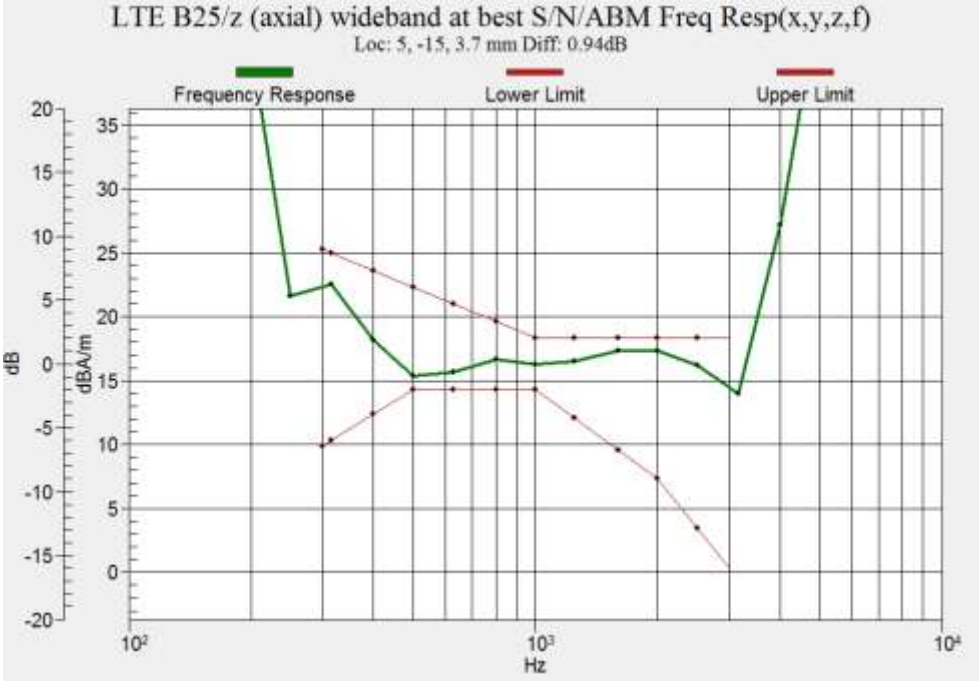


Figure B.15 Frequency Response of LTE B25

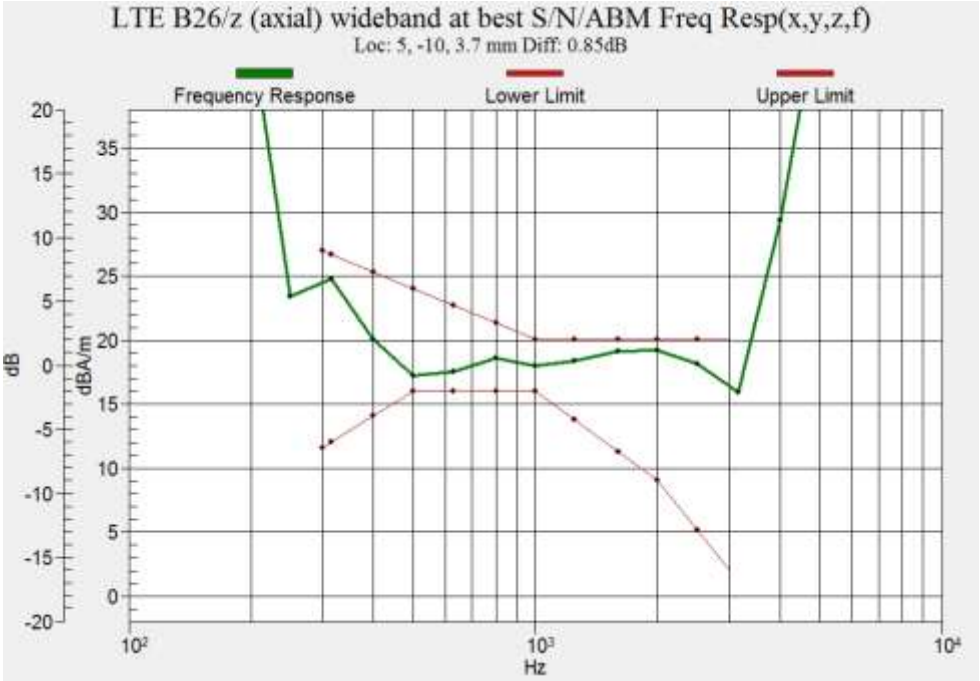


Figure B.16 Frequency Response of LTE B26

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

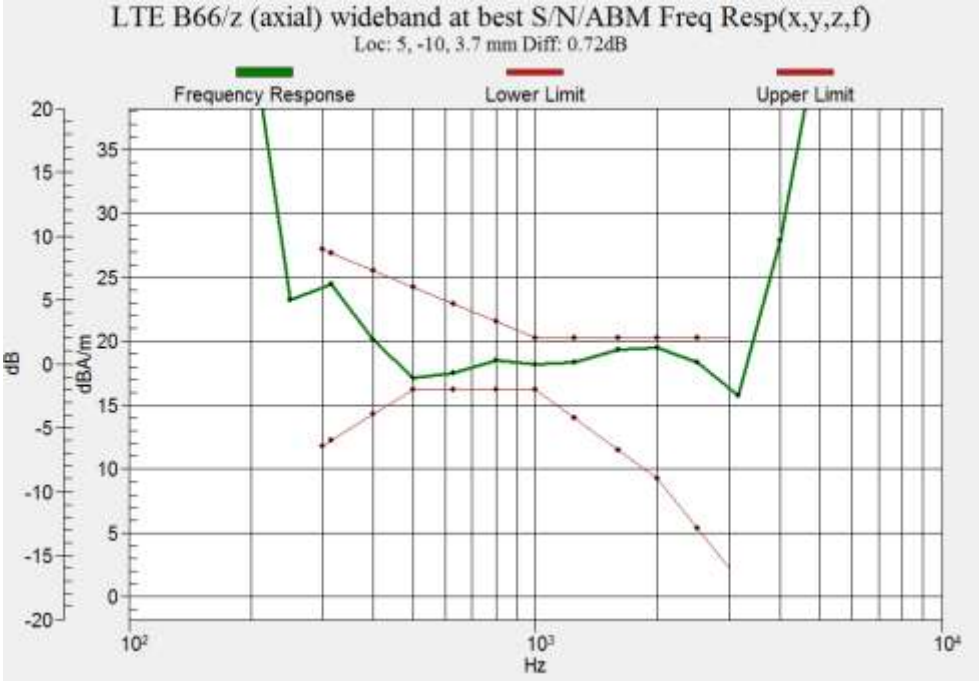


Figure B.17 Frequency Response of LTE B66

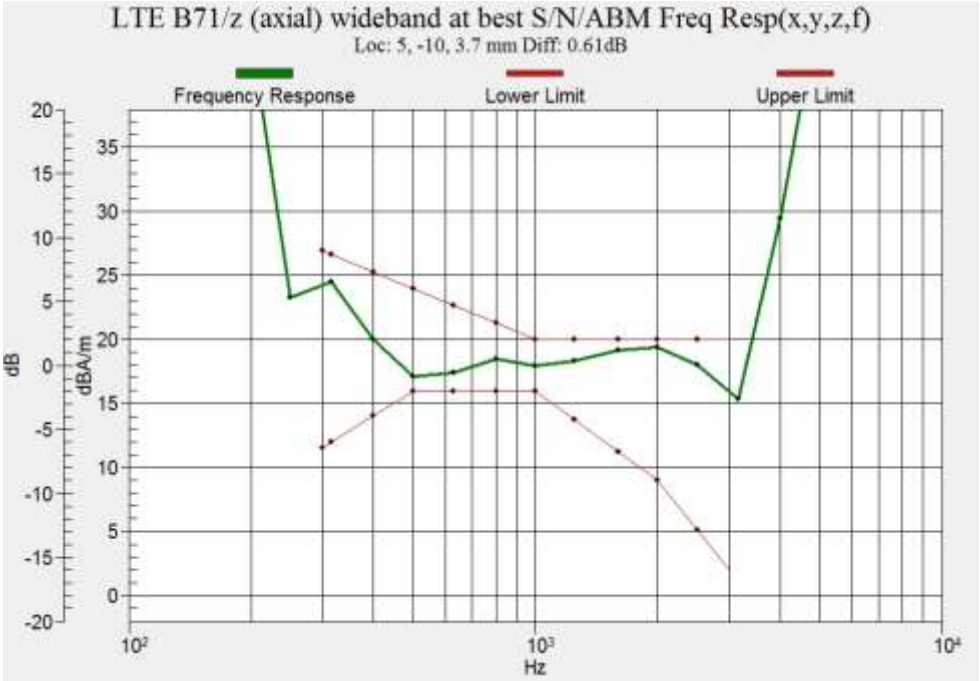


Figure B.18 Frequency Response of LTE B71

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

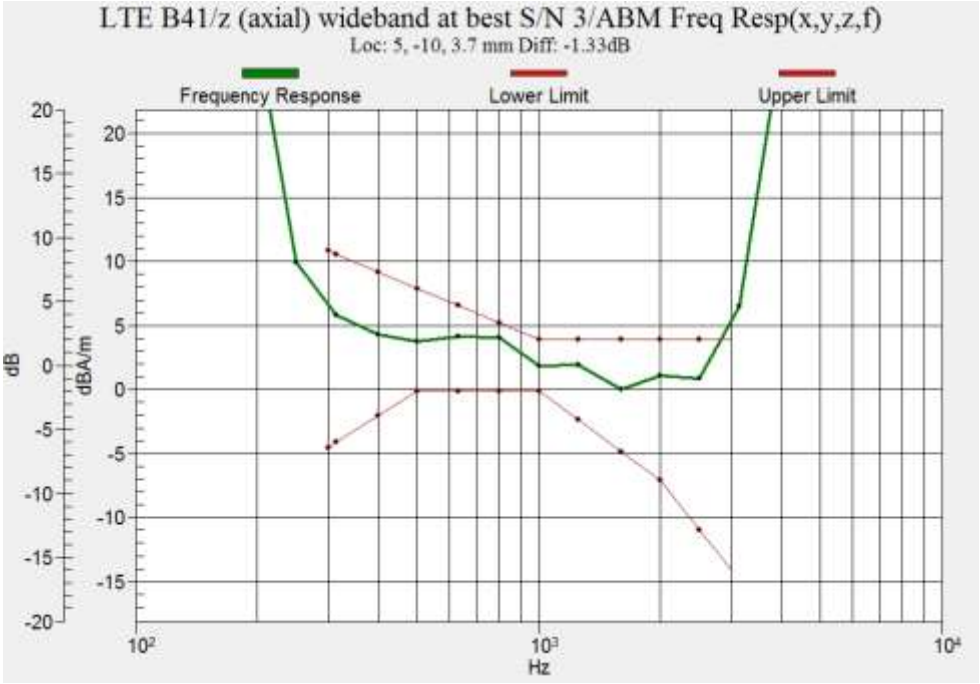


Figure B.19 Frequency Response of LTE B41

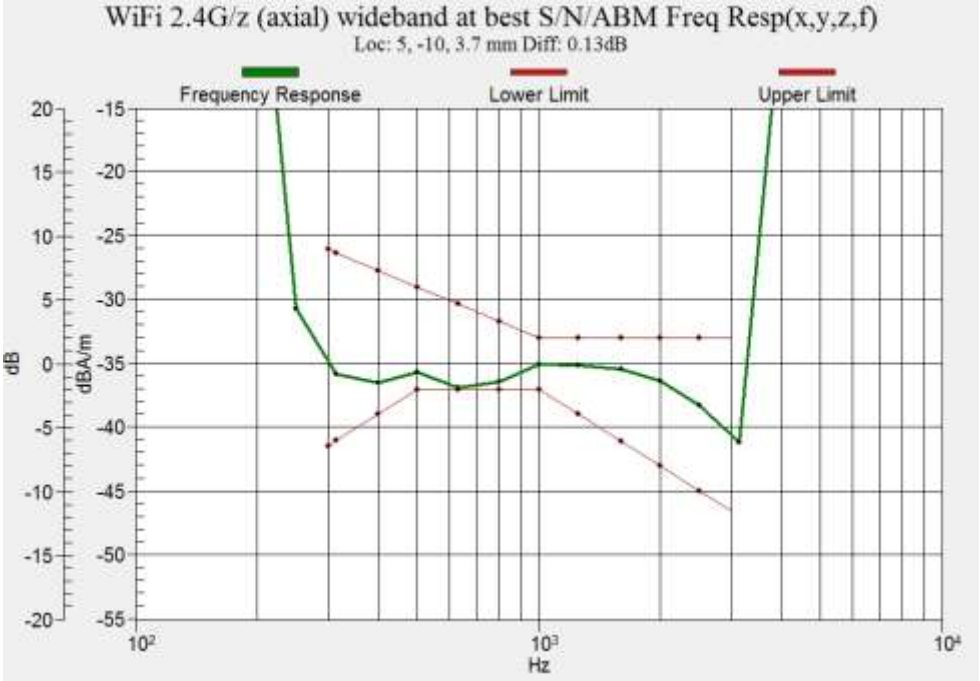


Figure B.20 Frequency Response of WIFI 2.4G

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

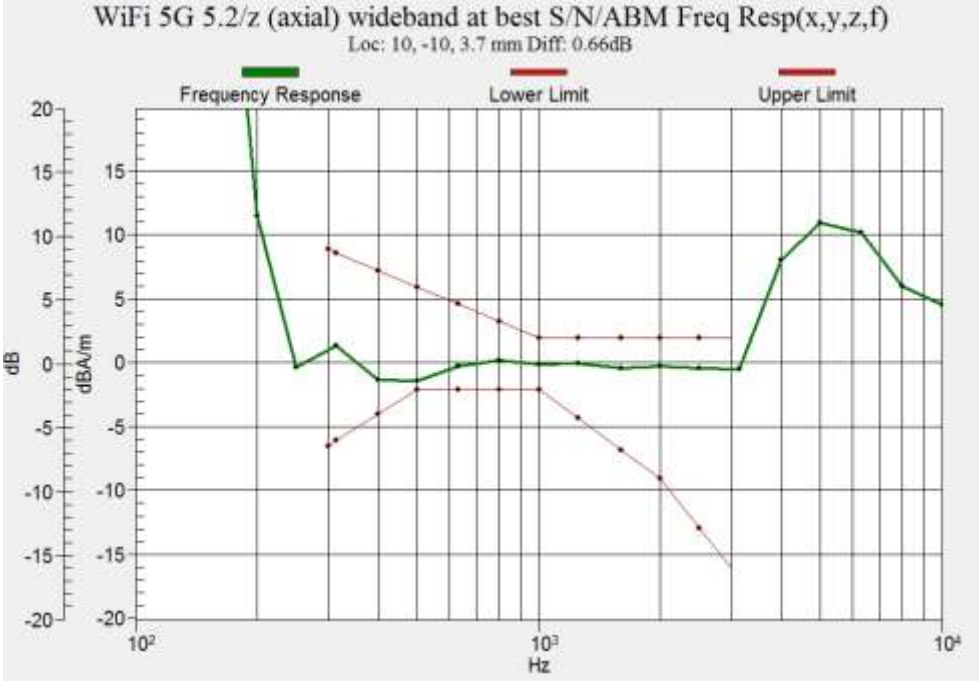


Figure B.21 Frequency Response of WIFI 5.2G

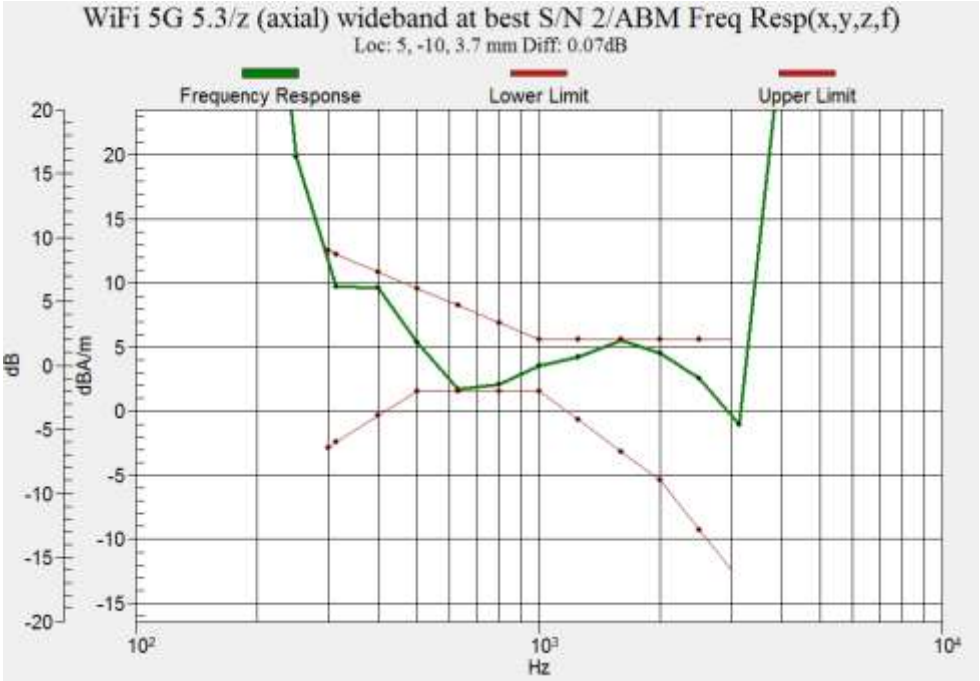


Figure B.22 Frequency Response of WIFI 5.3G

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

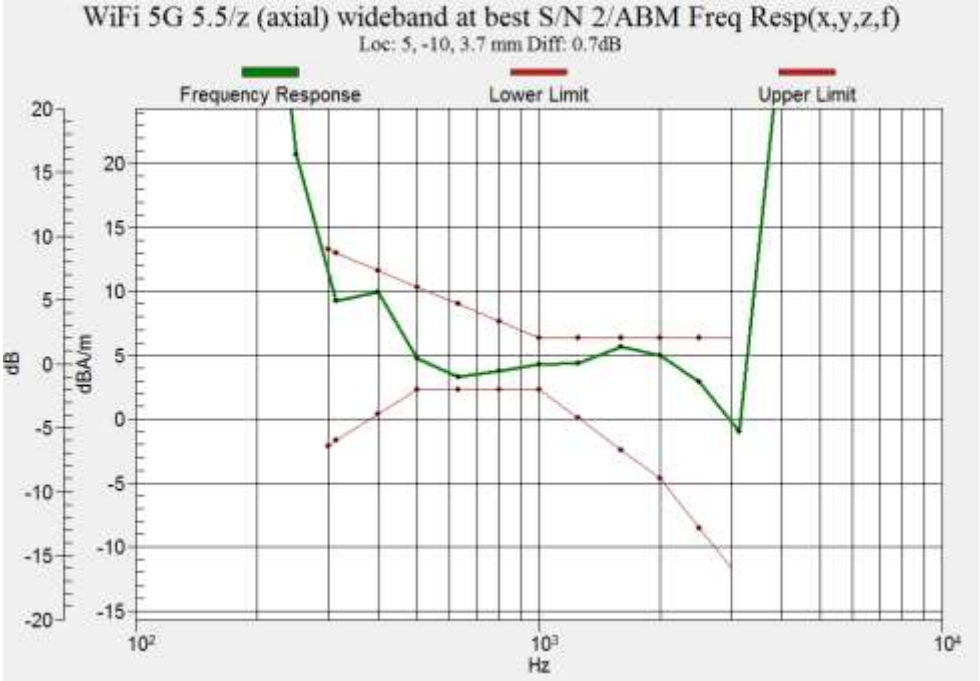


Figure B.23 Frequency Response of WIFI 5.5G

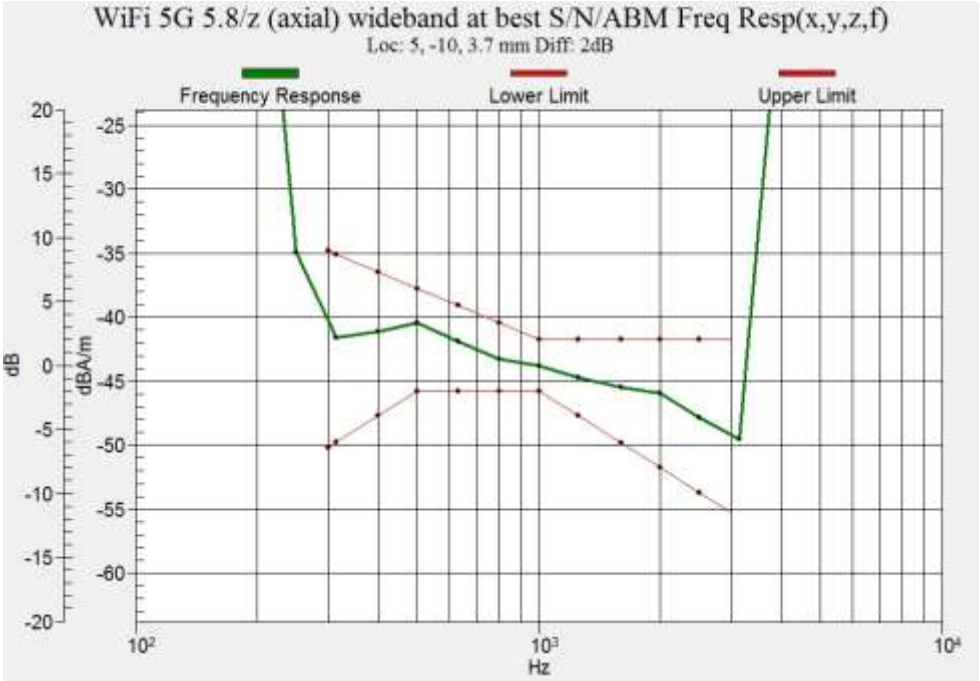


Figure B.24 Frequency Response of WIFI 5.8G

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

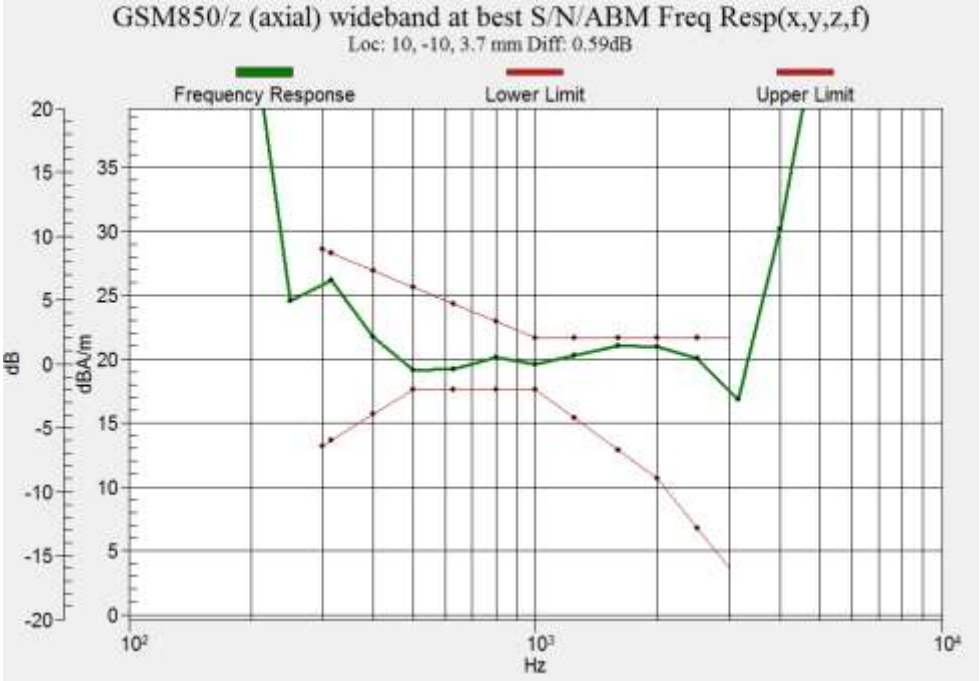


Figure B.25 Frequency Response of GSM 850 (Google Duo)

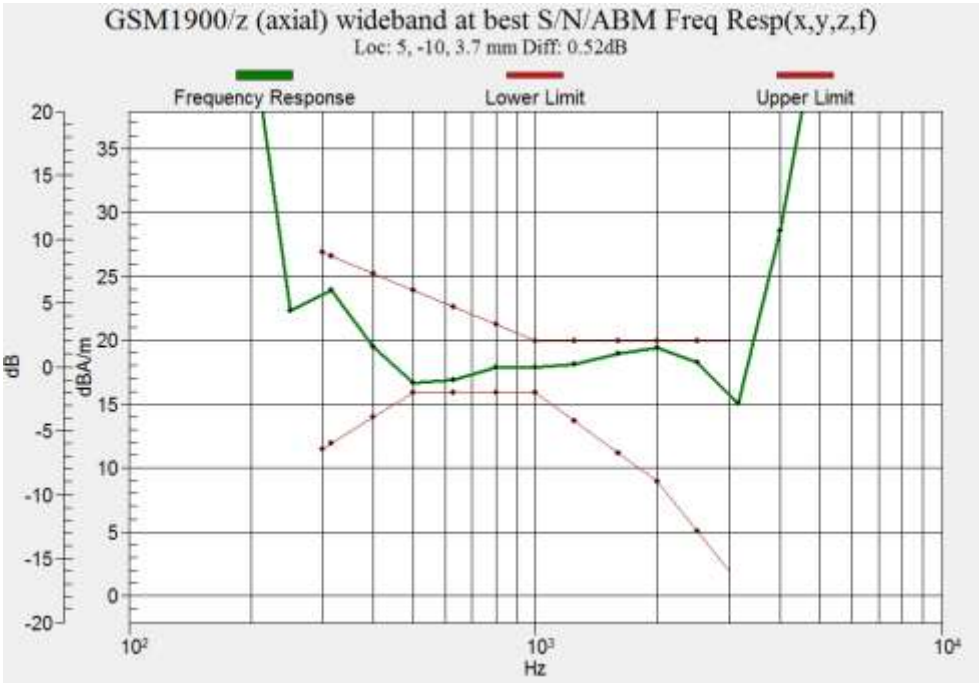


Figure B.26 Frequency Response of GSM 1900 (Google Duo)

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

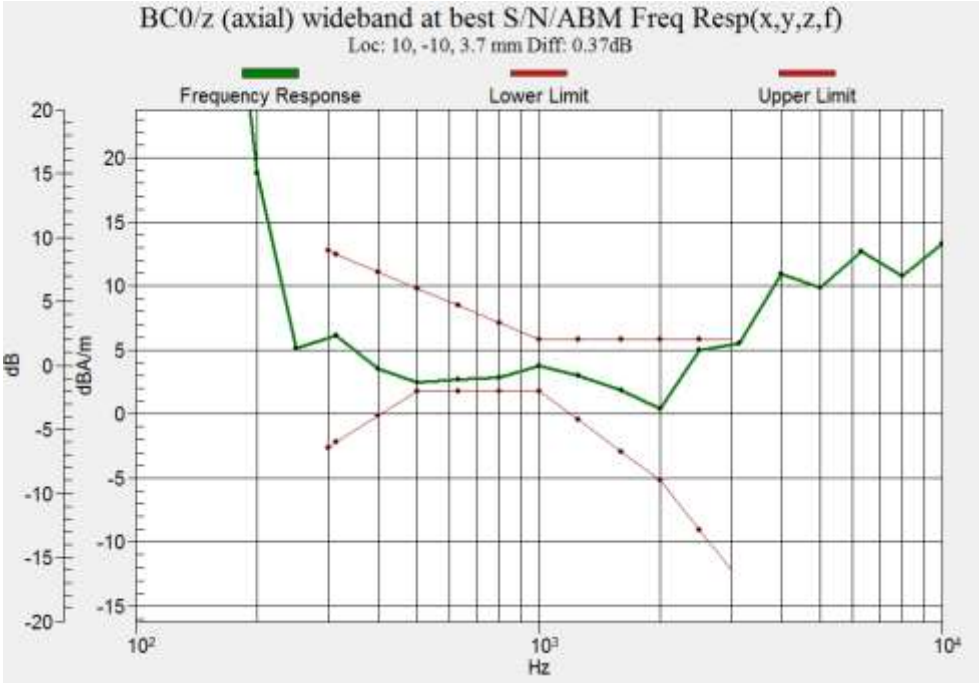


Figure B.27 Frequency Response of CDMA BC0 (Google Duo)

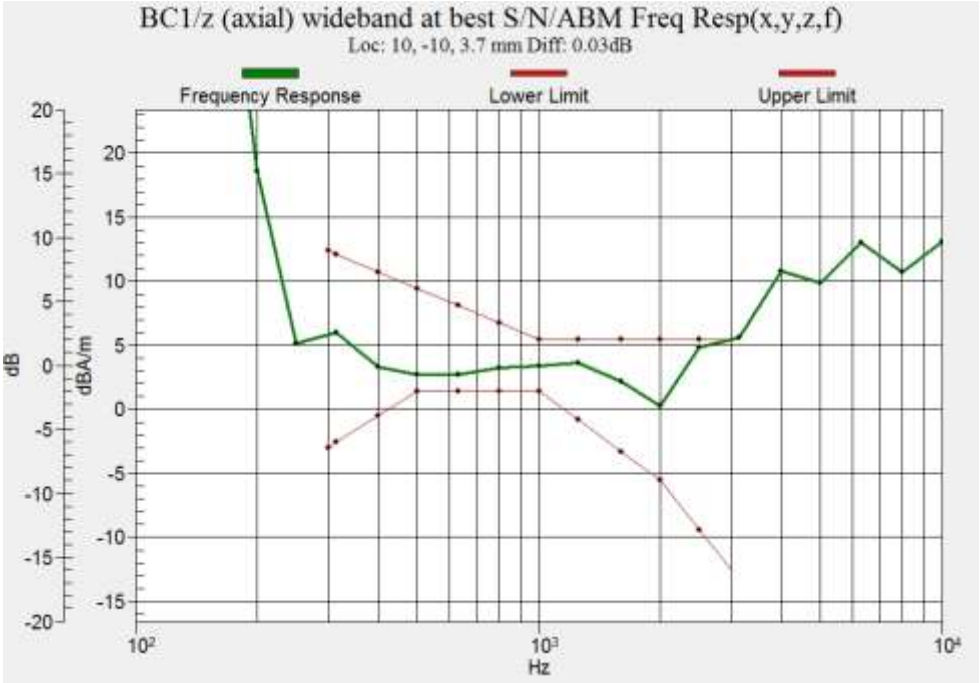


Figure B.28 Frequency Response of CDMA BC1 (Google Duo)

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

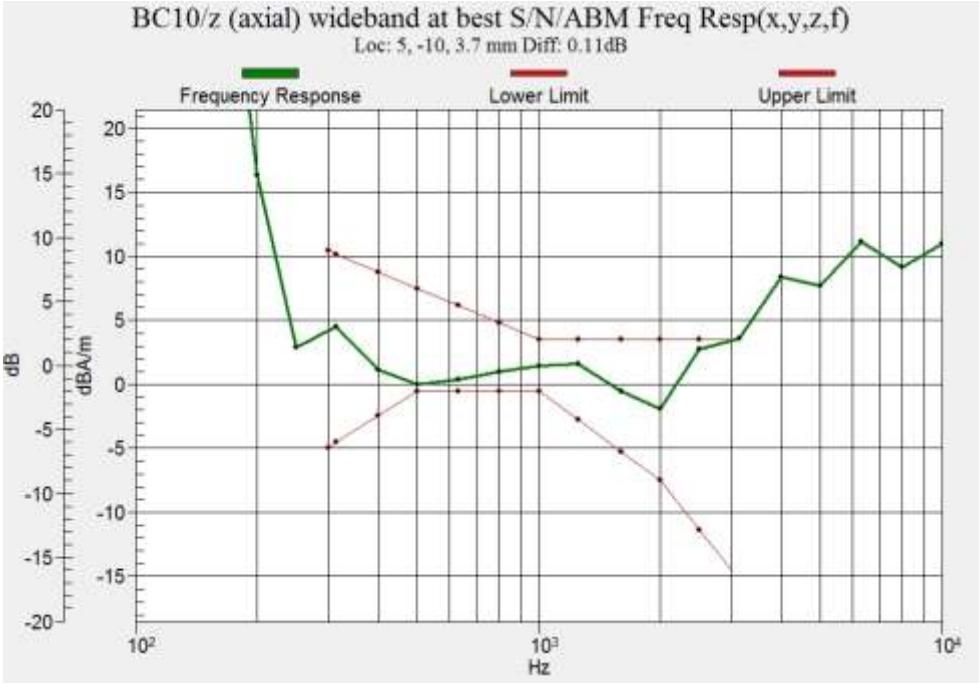


Figure B.29 Frequency Response of CDMA BC10 (Google Duo)

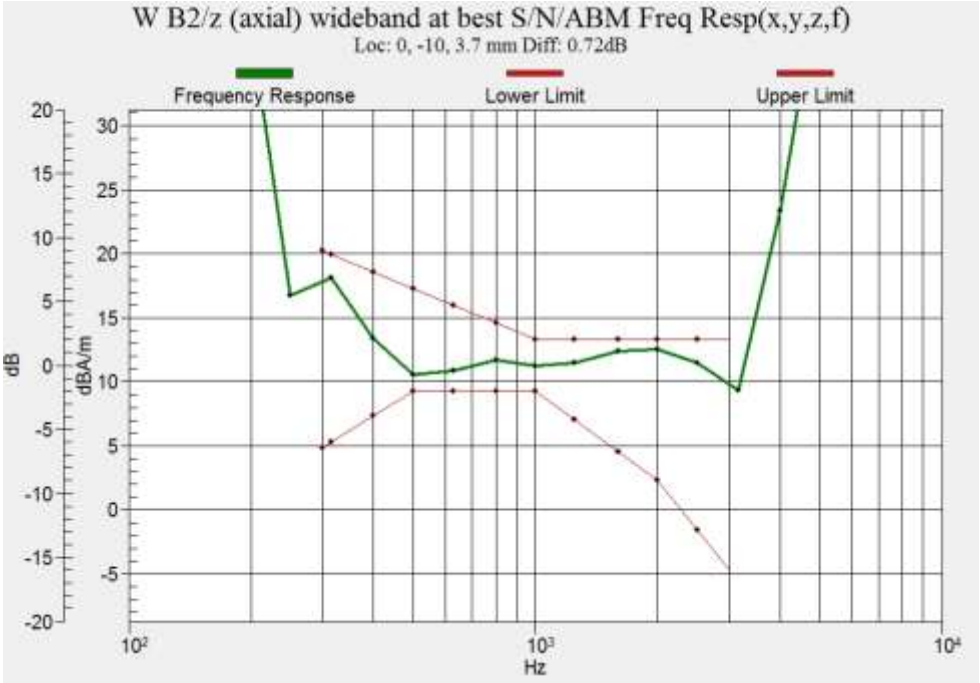


Figure B.30 Frequency Response of WCDMA B2 (Google Duo)

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

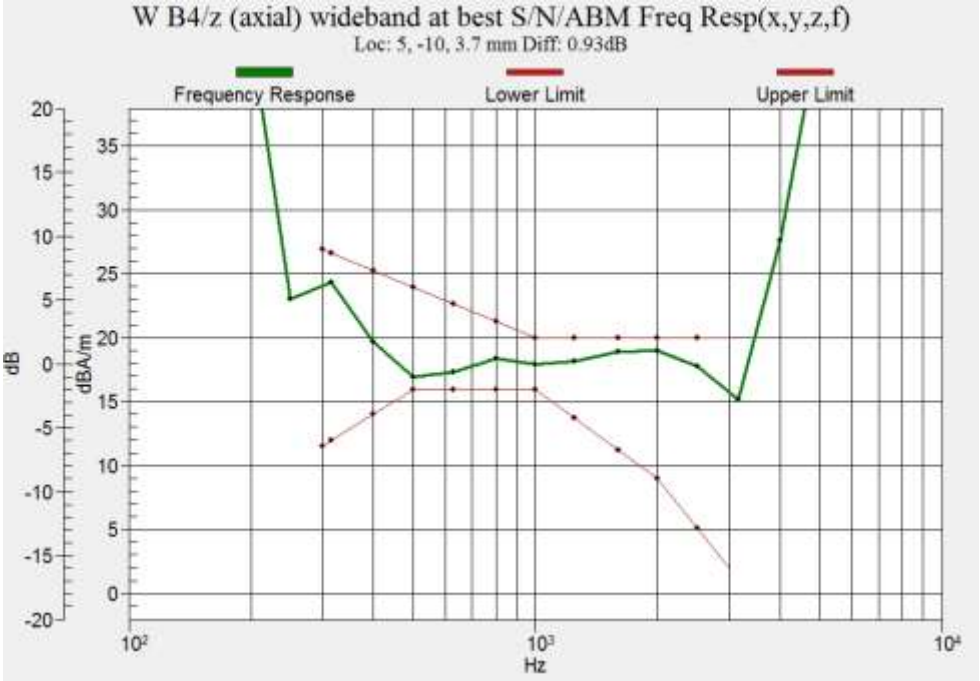


Figure B.31 Frequency Response of WCDMA B4 (Google Duo)

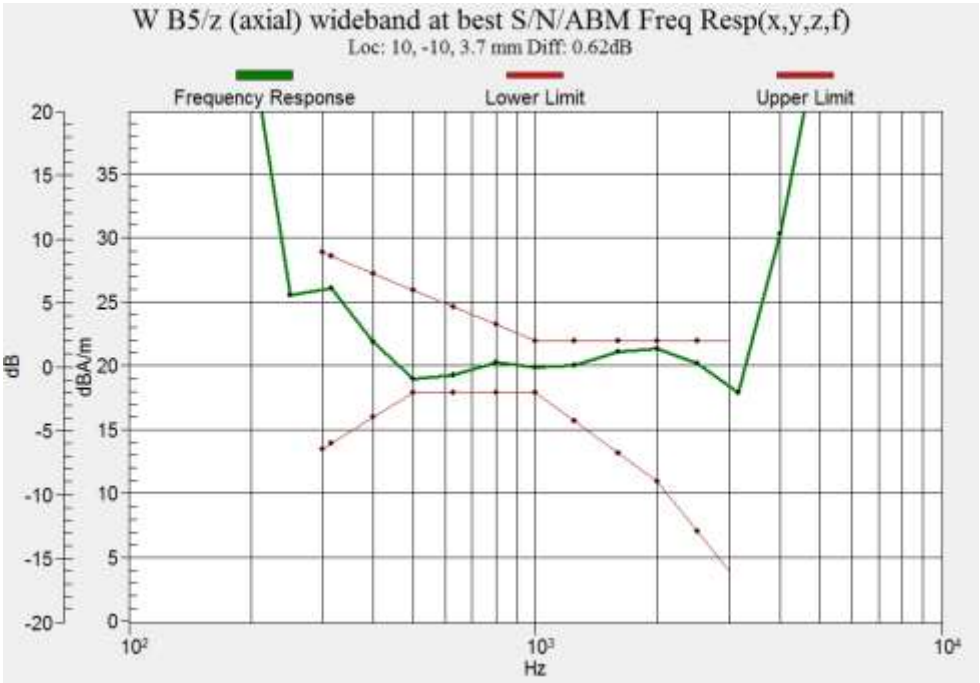


Figure B.32 Frequency Response of L WCDMA B5 (Google Duo)

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

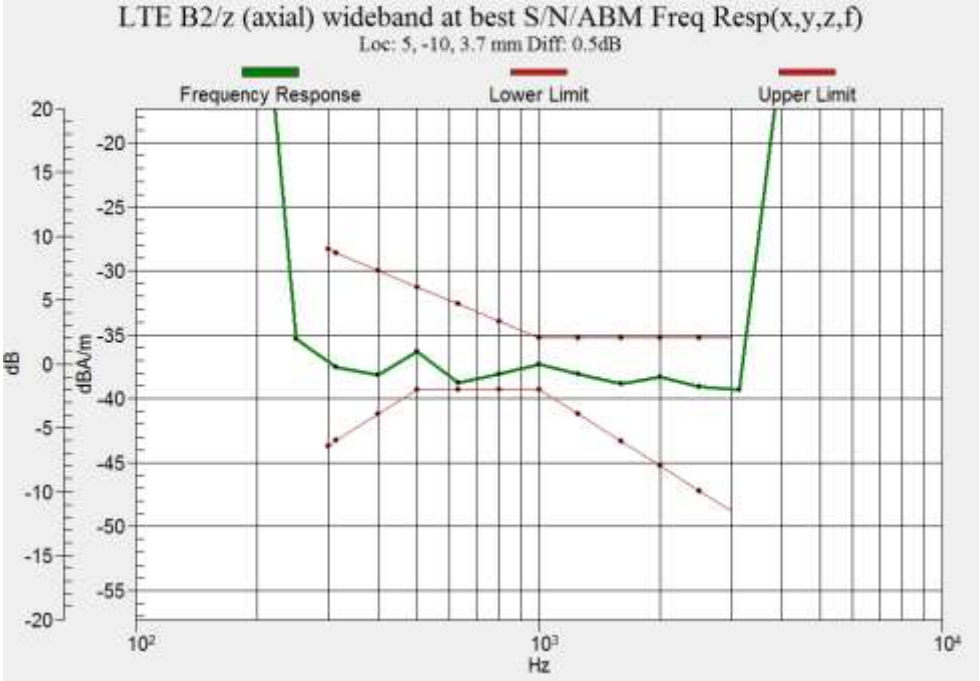


Figure B.33 Frequency Response of LTE B2 (Google Duo)

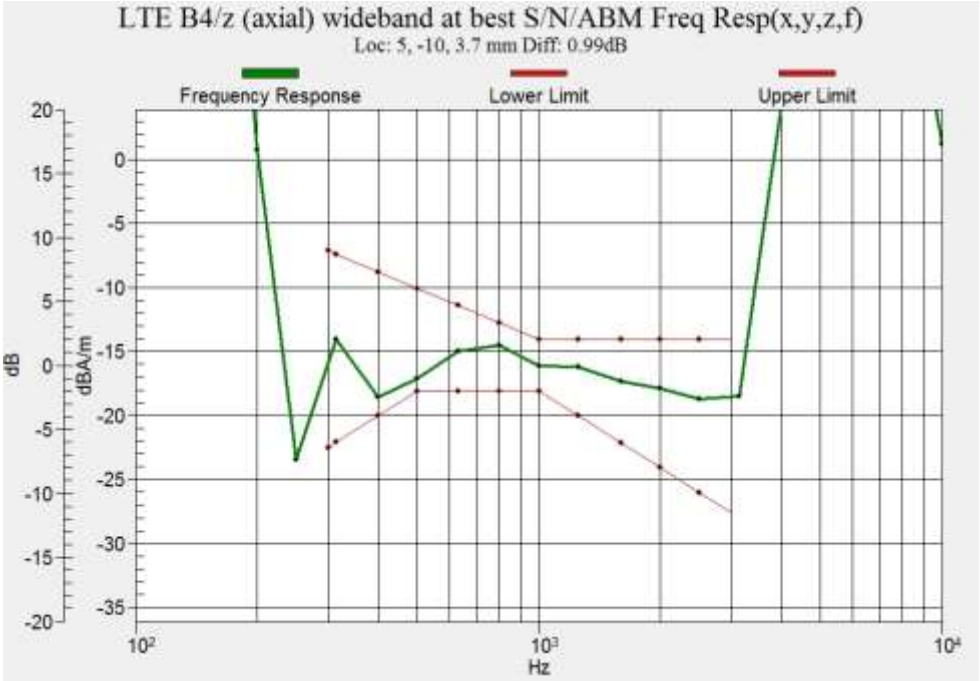


Figure B.34 Frequency Response of LTE B4 (Google Duo)

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

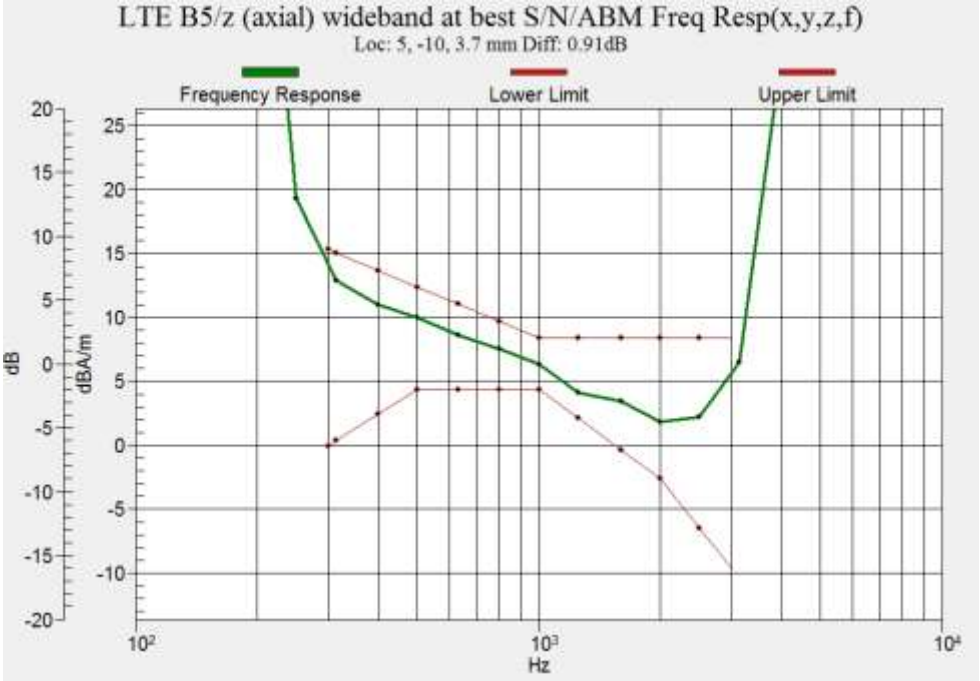


Figure B.35 Frequency Response of LTE B5 (Google Duo)

Figure B.36 Frequency Response of LTE B7 (Google Duo)

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

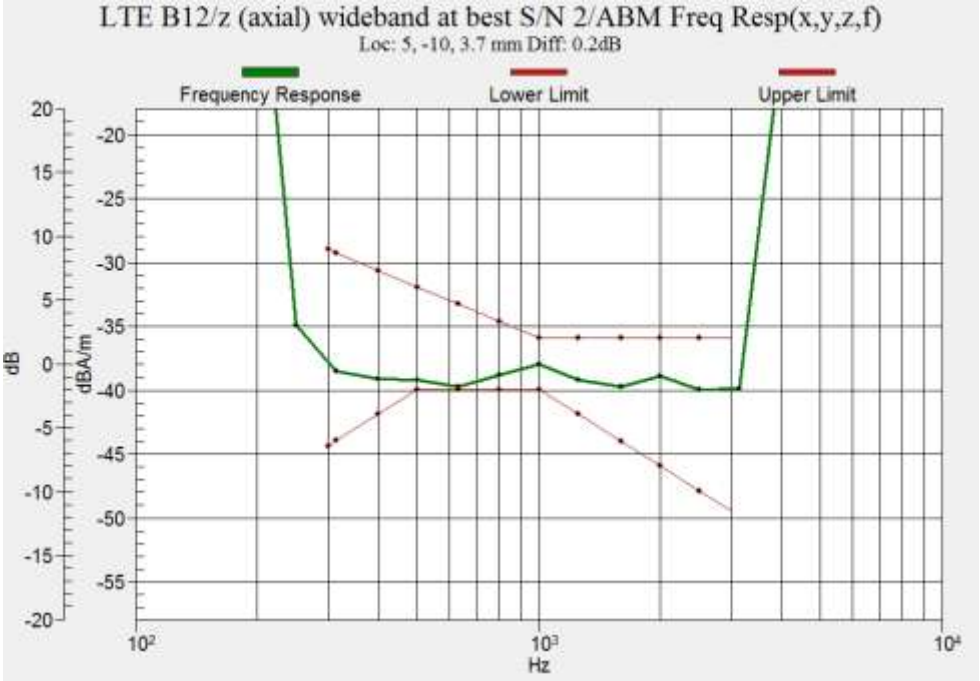


Figure B.37 Frequency Response of W LTE B12 (Google Duo)

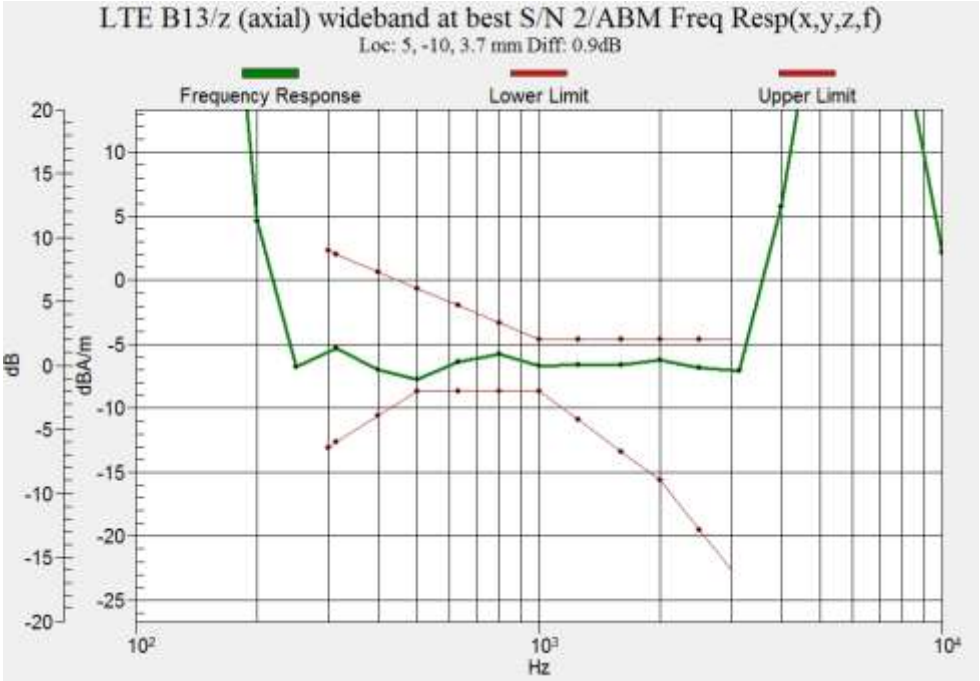


Figure B.38 Frequency Response of LTE B13 (Google Duo)

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

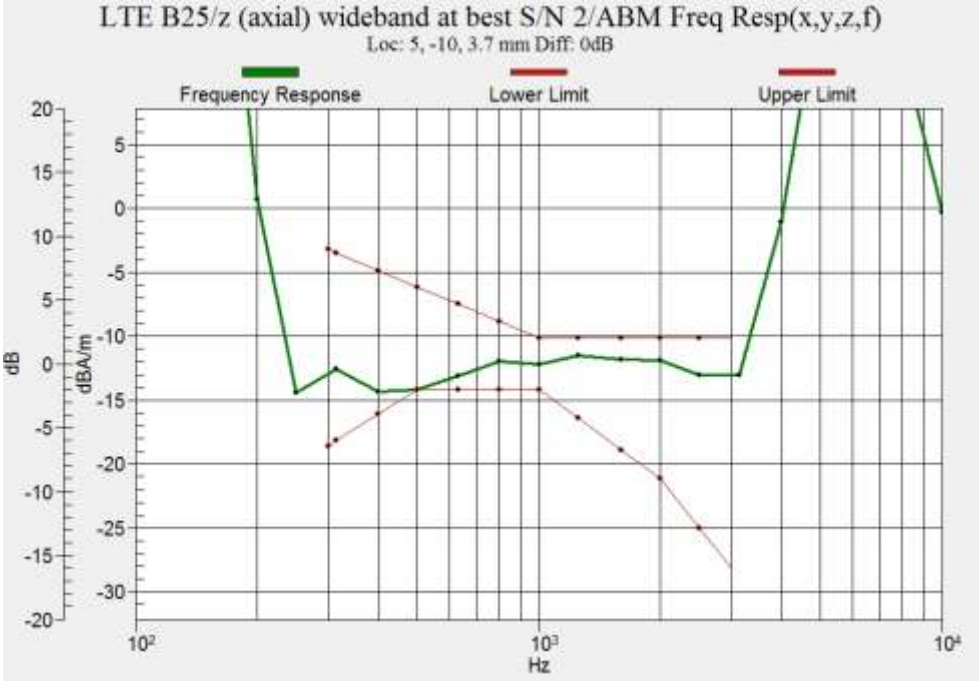


Figure B.39 Frequency Response of LTE B25 (Google Duo)

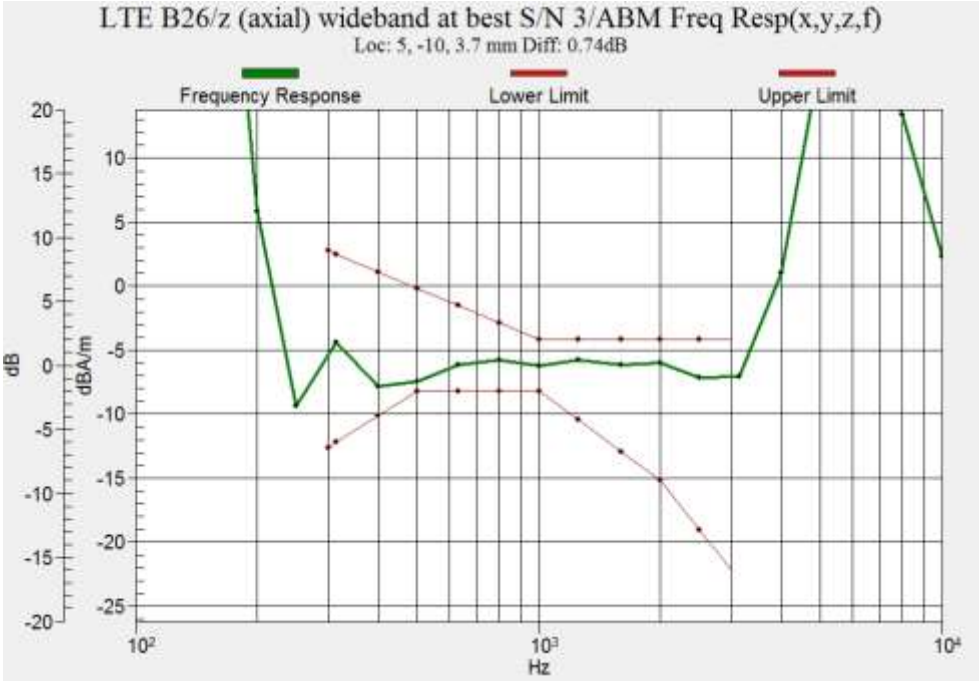


Figure B.40 Frequency Response of LTE B26 (Google Duo)

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

Figure B.41 Frequency Response of LTE B41 (Google Duo)

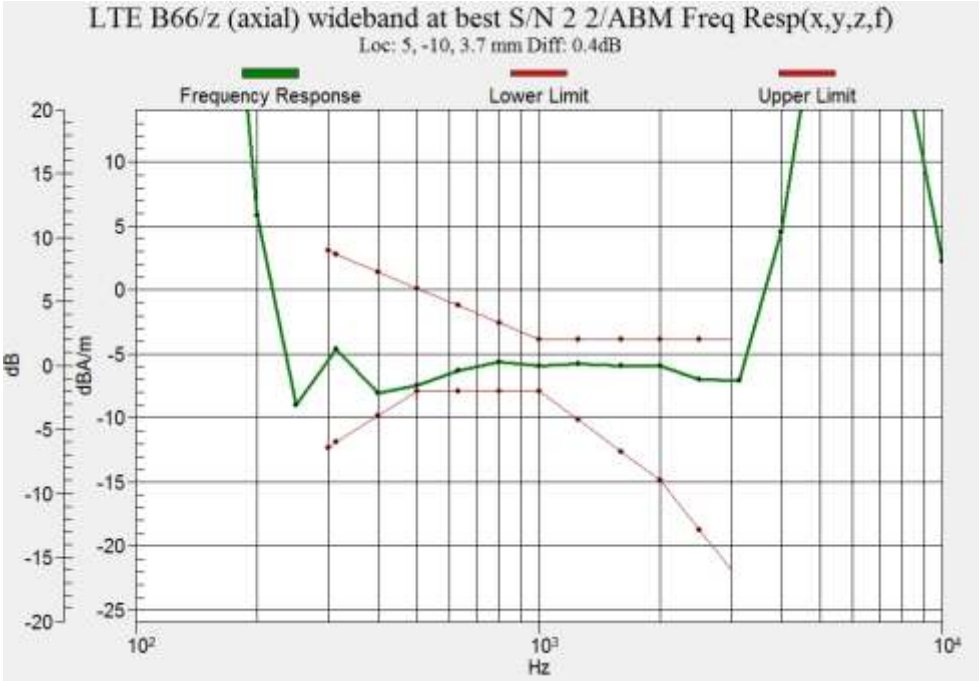


Figure B.42 Frequency Response of LTE B66 (Google Duo)

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

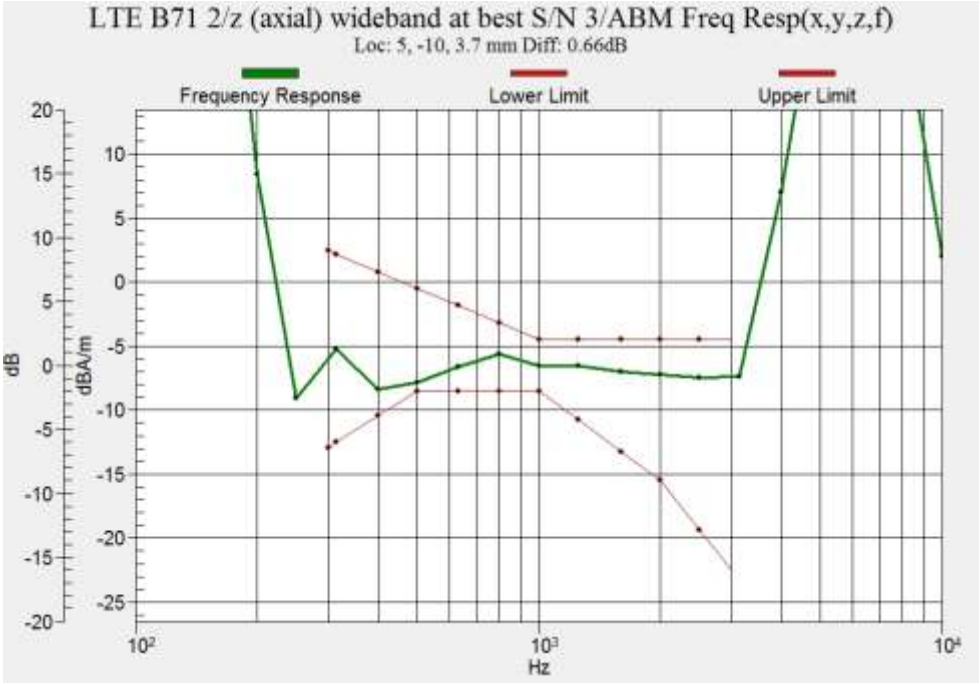


Figure B.43 Frequency Response of LTE B71 (Google Duo)

Figure B.44 Frequency Response of WIFI 2.4G (Google Duo)

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

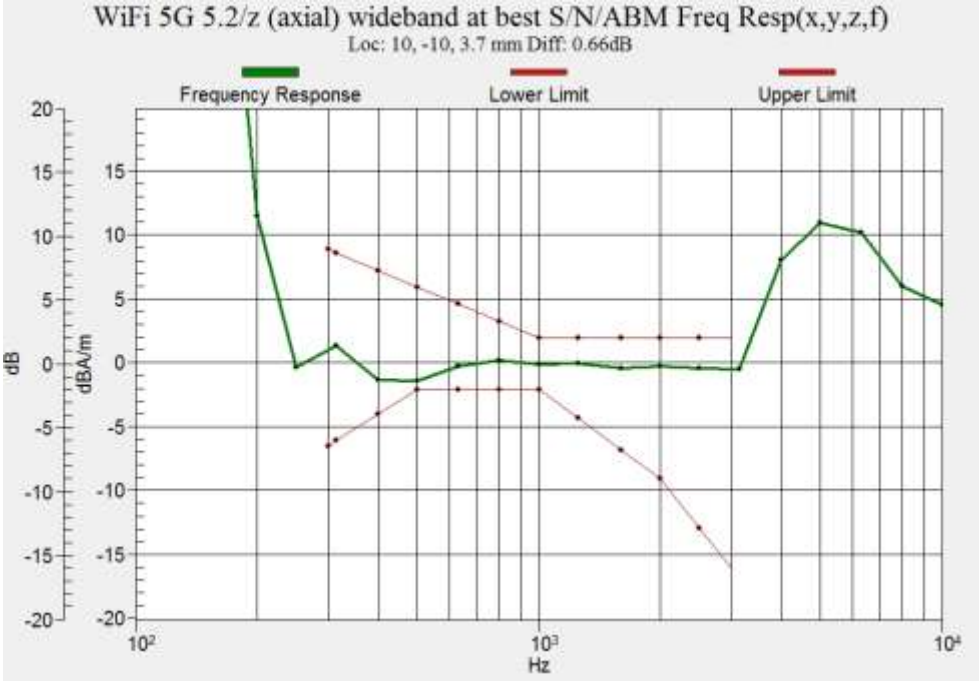


Figure B.45 Frequency Response of WIFI 5.2G (Google Duo)

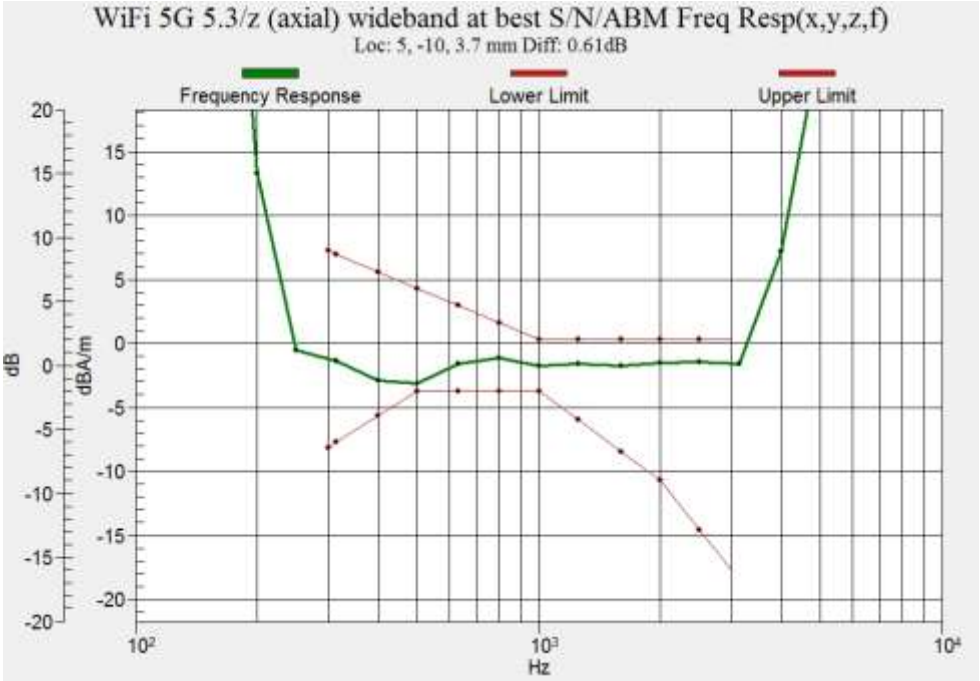


Figure B.46 Frequency Response of WIFI 5.3G (Google Duo)

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

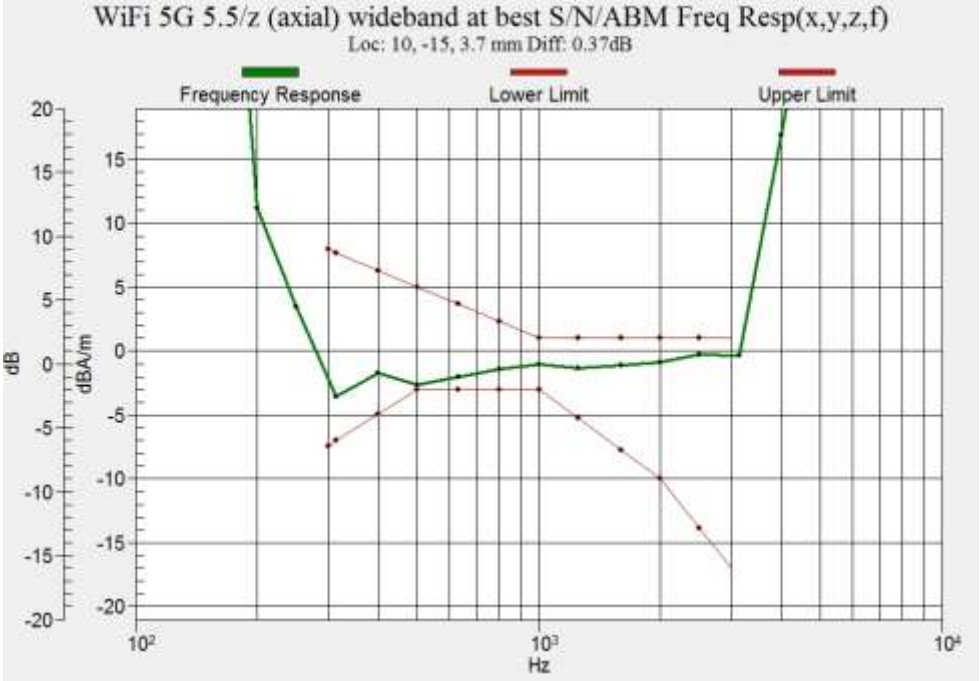


Figure B.47 Frequency Response of WIFI 5.5G (Google Duo)

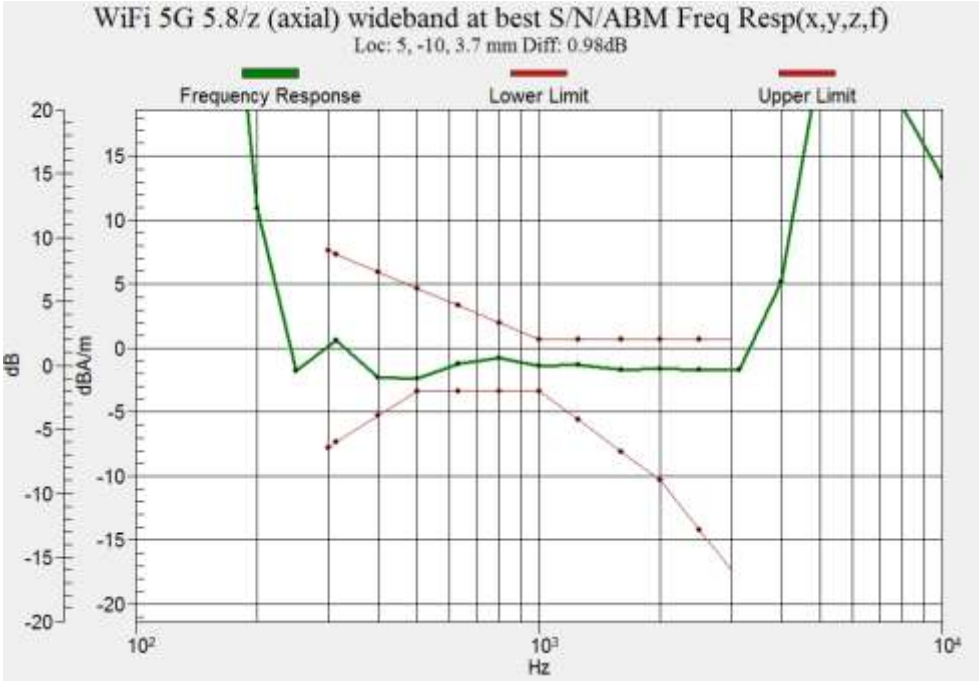


Figure B.48 Frequency Response of WIFI 5.8G (Google Duo)

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

ANNEX C Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **CTTL-SZ (Auden)**

Certificate No: **AM1DV3-3086_Feb18**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	AM1DV3 - SN: 3086
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-24.v4 Calibration procedure for AM1D magnetic field probes and TMFS in the audio range
Calibration date:	February 22, 2018

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	31-Aug-17 (No. 21092)	Aug-18
Reference Probe AM1DV2	SN: 1008	03-Jan-18 (No. AM1DV2-1008_Jan18)	Jan-19
DAE4	SN: 781	17-Jan-18 (No. DAE4-781_Jan18)	Jan-19

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
AMCC	SN: 1050	01-Oct-13 (in house check Oct-17)	Oct-19
AMMI Audio Measuring Instrument	SN: 1062	26-Sep-12 (in house check Oct-17)	Oct-19

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: February 23, 2018

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: AM1DV3-3086_Feb18 Page 1 of 3

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2007
American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

[2] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

[3] DASY5 manual, Chapter: Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) T-Coil Extension

Description of the AM1D probe

The AM1D Audio Magnetic Field Probe is a fully shielded magnetic field probe for the frequency range from 100 Hz to 20 kHz. The pickup coil is compliant with the dimensional requirements of [1+2]. The probe includes a symmetric low noise amplifier for the signal available at the shielded 3 pin connector at the side. Power is supplied via the same connector (phantom power supply) and monitored via the LED near the connector. The 7 pin connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals, but determines the angle of the sensor when mounted on the DAE. The probe supports mechanical detection of the surface.
The single sensor in the probe is arranged in a tilt angle allowing measurement of 3 orthogonal field components when rotating the probe by 120° around its axis. It is aligned with the perpendicular component of the field, if the probe axis is tilted nominally 35.3° above the measurement plane, using the connector rotation and sensor angle stated below.
The probe is fully RF shielded when operated with the matching signal cable (shielded) and allows measurement of audio magnetic fields in the close vicinity of RF emitting wireless devices according to [1+2] without additional shielding.

Handling of the item

The probe is manufactured from stainless steel. In order to maintain the performance and calibration of the probe, it must not be opened. The probe is designed for operation in air and shall not be exposed to humidity or liquids. For proper operation of the surface detection and emergency stop functions in a DASY system, the probe must be operated with the special probe cup provided (larger diameter).

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *Coordinate System:* The AM1D probe is mounted in the DASY system for operation with a HAC Test Arch phantom with AMCC Helmholtz calibration coil according to [3], with the tip pointing to "southwest" orientation.
- *Functional Test:* The functional test preceding calibration includes test of
  Noise level
  RF immunity (1kHz AM modulated signal). The shield of the probe cable must be well connected.
  Frequency response verification from 100 Hz to 10 kHz.
- *Connector Rotation:* The connector at the end of the probe does not carry any signals and is used for fixation to the DAE only. The probe is operated in the center of the AMCC Helmholtz coil using a 1 kHz magnetic field signal. Its angle is determined from the two minima at nominally +120° and –120° rotation, so the sensor in the tip of the probe is aligned to the vertical plane in z-direction, corresponding to the field maximum in the AMCC Helmholtz calibration coil.
- *Sensor Angle:* The sensor tilting in the vertical plane from the ideal vertical direction is determined from the two minima at nominally +120° and –120°. DASY system uses this angle to align the sensor for radial measurements to the x and y axis in the horizontal plane.

Sensitivity: With the probe sensor aligned to the z-field in the AMCC, the output of the probe is compared to the magnetic field in the AMCC at 1 kHz. The field in the AMCC Helmholtz coil is given by the geometry and the current through the coil, which is monitored on the precision shunt resistor of the coil.

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.

AM1D probe identification and configuration data

Item	**AM1DV3** Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe
Type No	SP AM1 001 BA
Serial No	**3086**

Overall length	296 mm
Tip diameter	6.0 mm (at the tip)
Sensor offset	3.0 mm (centre of sensor from tip)
Internal Amplifier	20 dB

Manufacturer / Origin	Schmid & Partner Engineering AG, Zurich, Switzerland
Manufacturing date	May 28, 2010

Calibration data

Connector rotation angle	(in DASY system)	**204.7°**	+/- 3.6 ° (k=2)
Sensor angle	(in DASY system)	**0.95 °**	+/- 0.5 ° (k=2)
Sensitivity at 1 kHz	(in DASY system)	**0.00743 V / (A/m)**	+/- 2.2 % (k=2)

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

©Copyright. All rights reserved by SAICT.