

Certification Exhibit

**FCC ID: R7PEG1R1S5
IC: 5294A-EG1R1S5**

**FCC Rule Part: 15.247
IC Radio Standards Specification: RSS-210**

ACS Project Number: 14-0179

**Manufacturer: Landis+Gyr Technology, Inc.
Model: G5 26-1905**

Manual

Draft 10.8.14

**Gridstream RF
Generation 5 (G5)
FOCUS AXe Endpoint
Quick Start Guide**

Publication: 98-1482 Rev AA



Draft 10.8.14

Limitation on Warranties and Liability

Information in this document is subject to change without notice. This manual or any part of it thereof may not be reproduced in any form unless permitted by contract or by written permission of Landis+Gyr.

In no event will Landis+Gyr be liable for any incidental, indirect, special, or consequential damages (including lost profits) arising out of or relating to this publication or the information contained in it, even if Landis+Gyr has been advised, knew, or should have known of the possibility of such damages.

© 2014 Landis+Gyr, Inc. All Rights Reserved

Gridstream RF Generation 5 (G5) FOCUS AXe Endpoint Quick Start Guide			
Publication: 98-1482 Rev AA			
Revision History			
Modification Date	Revision	Description	Author
10/08/2014	AA	Pending	Kim Utesch
© 2014 Landis+Gyr • All rights reserved.			

Gridstream RF Generation 5 Landis+Gyr⁺ (G5) FOCUS AXe Endpoint Quick Start Guide

Gridstream RF Generation 5 (G5) FOCUS AXe Endpoint

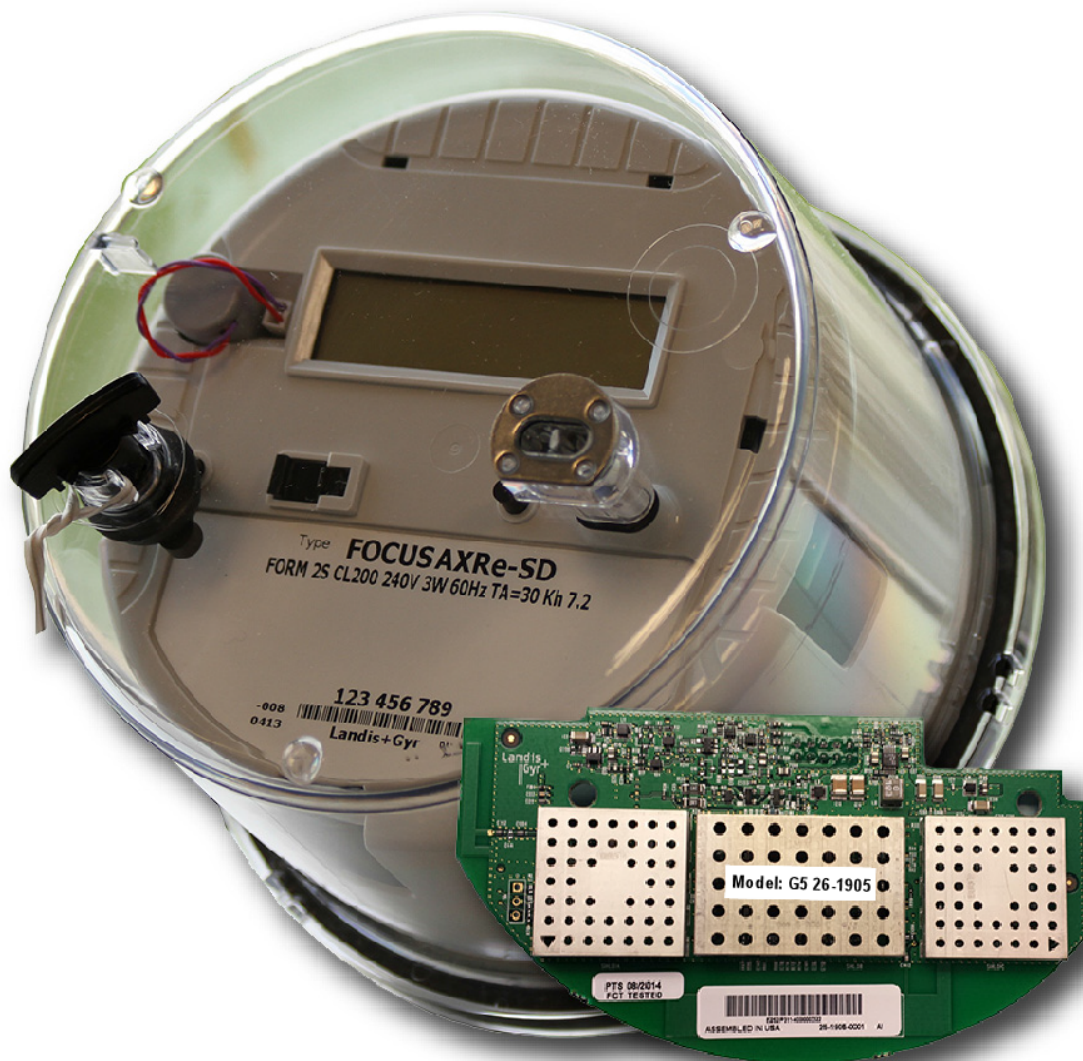


Figure 1. FOCUS AXe Meter with a G5 FOCUS AXe Endpoint

G5 FOCUS AXe Endpoint Overview

Landis+Gyr FOCUS AXe meters are designed for use in residential and light commercial services. The FOCUS AXe Advanced Function meter is an Active Energy kWh/kW/TOU Meter. The meter features Digital Multiplication Measurement Technique, meets ANSI standards for performance and utilizes ANSI C12.19 protocol.

Contact your Landis+Gyr distributors for documentation and details on programming the FOCUS AXe meter.

About the LAN ID

The LAN ID is a unique identifier for each Landis+Gyr endpoint and it is always displayed in hex values. Landis+Gyr provides the LAN address. You cannot change the LAN ID of an endpoint.

Labels

The endpoint includes the following labels:

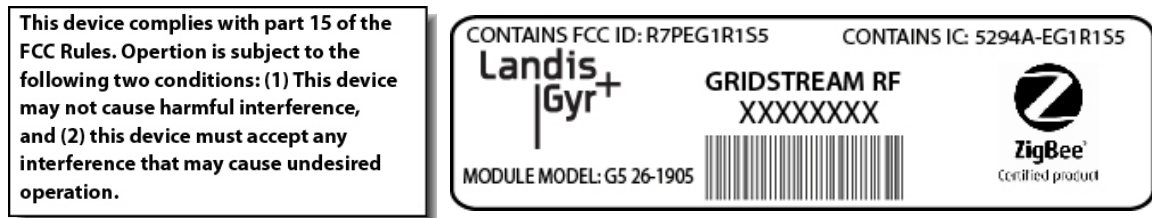


Figure 2. Label Identification

Demand (TOU Capable)

- Peak demand
- kWh, and kW demand (TOU capable)
- Bi-directional measurement
- Remote disconnect and reconnect capabilities on the FOCUS AXe Service Disconnect meter
- Display and registers powered with disconnect switch in the open position
- Detects, logs and reports program or memory failure
- Module, ZigBee and Metrology firmware can be upgraded via the network
- Metrology firmware can also be upgraded over the optical port
- Normal operation during upgrades (displays blanks momentarily during F/W Flash)
- Meter software remotely and locally readable
- Remote or local load side voltage test
- Self-reads occur at midnight for each register
- Support for 12 self reads

TOU/Recorder

- 8-channels of load profile
- Interval data of 1, 5, 15, 30 and 60 minutes
- Interval data collection for energy consumption
- Meter distinguishes between missing interval and zero consumption
- Meter distinguishes between power outage and zero consumption
- 5-minute interval data is available for a maximum of 45 days for two channels

- Over-the-air-flashable firmware
- Module, ZigBee and Metrology firmware can be upgraded via the network

Meter Configuration Support

Consult Landis+Gyr 1132COM/1132Prog documentation or contact your Landis+Gyr distributor for details on programming the Landis+Gyr meter.

Net Metering

Gridstream RF G5 FOCUS AXe endpoints also support the use of the Landis+Gyr meter for net metering usage in metrology values with 5-dial reads or greater. Net metering allows the endpoint to report the net power flow of energy in both directions when power is generated locally at a customer's site (wind, solar, etc.).

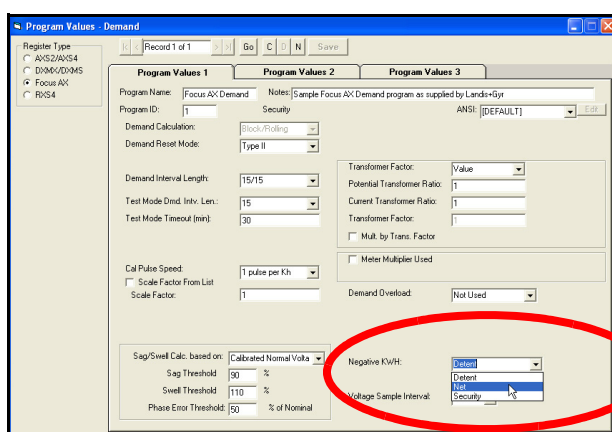


Figure 3. Enabling Net Metering

Time of Use (Battery-free)

Landis+Gyr offers the capability of the endpoint to remotely control up to four TOU schedules. The Meter requires Network Time to keep TOU. The endpoint keeps time once acquired from the Network. The meter must be enabled for TOU.

ZigBee/Home Area Network (HAN) Functionality

With the Gridstream RF G5 FOCUS AXe module, Landis+Gyr has the ZigBee radio platform for Gridstream RF which gives a utility the ability to increase consumer awareness of energy consumption and encourage personal responsibility for curbing the energy load. ZigBee released a Smart Energy Profile (SEP) application in early 2008 and it is quickly becoming a standard for communicating between energy management devices as part of a home area network (HAN). The ZigBee radio is located on the Gridstream RF AXe module creating an Energy Service Interface (ESI) that manages the bi-directional communication with ZigBee radio-based devices such as in-home displays, smart thermostats and direct load control devices. See the figure below for a demonstration of the communication flow between Command Center and the devices in the home.

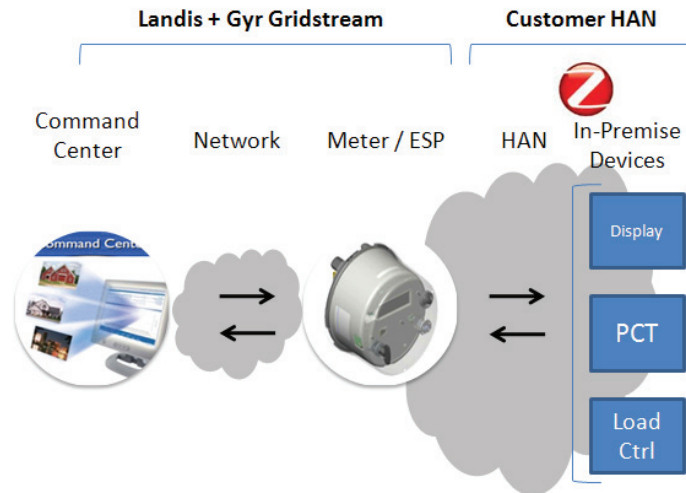


Figure 4. ZigBee Communication

Using Command Center, the utility sets up the HAN remotely via RF network via a provisioning process. The utility registers each device and a security handshake occurs to ensure protected and closed communication between the meter, endpoint and energy devices in the home.

The utility sends downstream pricing information and text messages via Command Center (or 3rd party integrated application) to the module, which uses the ZigBee radio to push down the information to the devices. Because the solution is bi-directional, the devices are also pulling meter data and accurate time that is maintained at the endpoint.

The Gridstream RF G5 FOCUS AXe module refreshes data from the meter every 30 seconds and makes it available to all the devices. The endpoint makes available kWh values (delivered only) up to five dial resolution and instantaneous kW up to 99.999 for display. It supports up to five provisioned devices and makes available five tiers for pricing events to align with the meter's number of rates. Text messaging is limited to 80 characters.



NOTE: ZigBee radio devices are consumer products and should not be considered part of a mandatory load control program, nor a replacement for viewing energy consumption with the same accuracy found on the meter display. The utility will need to conduct some training of both internal personnel and consumers of the capabilities and limitations of HAN technology.

ZigBee radio devices will need to be programmed to respond correctly to each pricing event or Time of Use rate from the meter. An in-home display like the ecoMeter, for instance, will request energy and instantaneous demand data every 7 seconds. It will also request price, which will be provided as flat or Time of Use (TOU) depending on how the meter is programmed. When it sees the meter has changed to Rate B, for instance, it may respond by changing the back lighting to indicate to the consumer that the price of energy has increased.

Gridstream RF Network Indicator

This feature provides a 'communications health' view of a Gridstream RF enabled electric metering endpoint on the LCD display of the meter. This health check information can be utilized during field installation or troubleshooting activities to validate status of the Gridstream RF electric endpoint, and provide key inputs to any communications issues that may be encountered from time to time.

The network indicator feature will display two key elements of communications health characteristics.

- Communication Hardware Status: Information about AMI radio communications, HAN (ZigBee) radio communications, and the interactions between the two
- RF Mesh Neighbor Status: Information about the number of RF mesh neighbors available for network communications

For more information on this feature see *Appendix E: "Gridstream RF Network Indicator"* on page -109.

Power Outage/Restoration

When an outage occurs, the meter uses an early power failure signal to alert the communication module to disconnect from the meter's power immediately. The communication module saves critical module data to non-volatile memory and creates and sends a power outage message. This message includes the following information:

- LAN ID
- Outage time
- Reboot count

The communication module sends the message, then assists with routing other packets until the back-up energy source can no longer keep the radio alive.

When power is restored, the communication module connects with the network. With network communications restored, the communication module sends a power restoration message that includes details such as:

- LAN ID
- Outage time
- Restoration time
- Reboot count

The communication module stores a history of up to the last five power outage and restoration event pairs in the event log. The Host can request this data.



NOTE: The module is designed with a high temperature protection feature in which the firmware automatically starts draining the super capacitor responsible for outage notification at 65 degrees Celsius.

Standards Compliance

The Gridstream RF G5 FOCUS AXe module has Smart Utility Network (SUN) 802.15 4G ready hardware.

Flash Memory Options

The standard hardware configuration for the Gridstream RF G5 FOCUS AXe modules has 4MB flash memory. An 8MB flash memory option is also available.

Gridstream RF G5 FOCUS AXe Specifications

Table 1. Specifications

Category	Specification	Value or Range			
Compatible Meters	Landis+Gyr FOCUS AXe Supported Meter Forms	FOCUS AXe		FOCUS AXe-SD	
		Form	Class	Form	Class
		1S	100	1S	200
		1S	200	2S	200
		2S	200	12S	200
		2SE	320	25S	200
		2K	480		
		3S 120V	10/20		
		3S 240V	10/20		
		4S	10/20		
Electrical	Voltage	3.8 V-4.2 V DC (from the meter's power supply)			
	Power	Max: 5.6 W; Typical: 0.5W			
RF 900 MHz RF	Output Power	+27 dBm Typical			
	Adjacent Channel Power	40 dBc Typical (9.6 kbps)			
	Transmit Frequency	902.2 to 927.9 MHz ISM unlicensed (FCC Part 15)			
	Receive Sensitivity	-114 dBm Typical (9.6 kbps) -105 dBm Typical (115.2 kbps) -99 dBm Typical (300 kbps)			
	RF Baud Rates Supported	9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 50, 115.2, 150, 200, 300 kbps			
RF ZigBee	Output Power	+20 dBm Typical			
	Error Vector Magnitude %	5% Typical			
	Transmit Frequency	2.405 to 2.475 GHz			
	Communication Protocol	ZigBee Protocol			
	Receive Sensitivity	-104 dBm Typical			
Standards Compliance	FCC Title 47 CFR Part 15	Radiated and Conducted Emissions (incl. intentional radiators)			
	IEC 61000 4-2,3,4,5,11,12	Electromagnetic Compatibility			
	ANSI C12.19	Compatible with Utility Industry End Device Tables			
	ANSI C12.20	National Standard for Electricity Meters - 0.2 and 0.5 Accuracy Classes			
	ANSI C12.21	Code for Electricity Metering			
	ANSI C37.90.1 (1989)	Standard Surge Withstand Capability (SWC) Tests			

Table 1. Specifications (Continued)

Category	Specification	Value or Range
Environmental	General Environmental	Outdoor, rain-protected, sunlight-exposed
	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +85 C (under meter cover)
	Humidity	0 to 95% relative humidity, non-condensing

FCC and Industry Canada Compliance

FCC Class B

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and
2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the Instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Consult Landis+Gyr or an experienced radio technician for help



WARNING: Changes or modifications to this device not expressly approved by Landis+Gyr could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

RF Exposure

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20 cm between the radiator and your body. This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Industry Canada

This device complies with Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Under Industry Canada regulations, this radio transmitter may only operate using an antenna of a type and maximum (or lesser) gain approved for the transmitter by Industry Canada. To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that necessary for successful communication.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Conformément à la réglementation d'Industrie Canada, le présent émetteur radio peut fonctionner avec une antenne d'un type et d'un gain maximal (ou inférieur) approuvé pour l'émetteur par Industrie Canada. Dans le but de réduire les risques de brouillage radioélectrique à l'intention des autres utilisateurs, il faut choisir le type d'antenne et son gain de sorte que la puissance isotrope rayonnée équivalente (p.i.r.e.) ne dépasse pas l'intensité nécessaire à l'établissement d'une communication satisfaisante.