TEST REPORT

Reference No......	:	WTX20X05029967W
FCC ID.....	:	RVU-ZJ-6000
Applicant	:	Shenzhen Zijiang Electronics Co.,Ltd
Address	:	Fourth Floor of No.2 Building of Donglongxing Science Park, Huaning Road, Xinshi Community, Dalang Street, Longhua District, Shenzhen
Product Name	:	Handheld POS Terminal
Test Model.	:	ZJ-6000
Standards	:	FCC Part 2.1093 ANSI / IEEE C95.1 : 2005+A1:2010 ANSI / IEEE C95.3 : 2002(R2008) IEEE 1528 :2013
Date of Receipt sample	:	May.25, 2020
Date of Test.....	:	May.25, 2020 to Jun.18, 2020
Date of Issue	:	Jun.19, 2020
Test Result.....	:	**Pass**

Remarks:

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested, this test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the company. The report would be invalid without specific stamp of test institute and the signatures of compiler and approver.

Prepared By:

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1. General Information

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Client Information

Applicant:	Shenzhen Zijiang Electronics Co.,Ltd
Address of applicant:	Fourth Floor of No.2 Building of Donglongxing Science Park, Huaning Road, Xinshi Community, Dalang Street, Longhua District, Shenzhen
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Zijiang Electronics Co.,Ltd
Address of manufacturer:	Fourth Floor of No.2 Building of Donglongxing Science Park, Huaning Road, Xinshi Community, Dalang Street, Longhua District, Shenzhen

General Description of EUT	
Product Name:	Handheld POS Terminal
Brand Name:	/
Model No.:	ZJ-6000
Adding Model(s):	POS-6000
Rated Voltage:	3.7V
Battery Capacity:	5000mAh
Note: POS-6000 and main test model: ZJ-6000 There is no change in gas structure, electrical components, PCB board, and the difference only involves one or more of the following situations: 1. Differences in model naming methods 2. Brand name differences 3. Appearance color difference 4.Shell shape difference (non-metallic and does not affect electrical structure),declared by the manufacturer.	

Technical Characteristics of EUT	
2G	
Support Networks:	GSM, GPRS,EDGE
Support Band:	GSM850/PCS1900
Uplink Frequency:	GSM/GPRS 850: 824~849MHz GSM/GPRS 1900: 1850~1910MHz
Downlink Frequency:	GSM/GPRS 850: 869~894MHz GSM/GPRS 1900: 1930~1990MHz
RF Output Power:	GSM850: 32.71dBm, GSM1900: 29.62dBm EDGE850: 26.98dBm, EDGE1900: 29.91dBm
Type of Modulation:	GMSK,8PSK
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	GSM850: 0.05dBi, GSM1900: 0.8dBi
GPRS/EDGE Class:	Class 12
3G	
Support Networks:	WCDMA, HSDPA, HSUPA
Support Band:	WCDMA Band 2, WCDMA Band 5
Uplink Frequency:	WCDMA Band 2: 1850~1910MHz WCDMA Band 5: 824~849MHz
Downlink Frequency:	WCDMA Band 2: 1930~1990MHz WCDMA Band 5: 869~894MHz
RF Output Power:	WCDMA Band 2: 22.17dBm, WCDMA Band 5: 22.43dBm
Type of Modulation:	QPSK
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	WCDMA Band 2: 0.8dBi, WCDMA Band 5: 0.05dBi,
WIFI(2.4G)	
Support Standards:	802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n
Frequency Range:	2412-2462MHz for 802.11b/g/n(HT20) 2422-2452MHz for 11n(HT40)
AV Output Power:	9.56dBm (Conducted)
Type of Modulation:	CCK, OFDM, QPSK, BPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Data Rate:	1-11Mbps, 6-54Mbps, up to 150Mbps
Quantity of Channels:	11/7
Channel Separation:	5MHz
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	0.8dBi
Bluetooth	
Bluetooth Version:	V4.1
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
AV Output Power:	5.39dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 QDPSK, 8DPSK

Quantity of Channels:	79/40
Channel Separation:	1MHz/2MHz
Antenna Type:	Integral Antenna
Antenna Gain:	0.8dBi

1.2 Test Standards

The following report is prepared on behalf of the Shenzhen Zijiang Electronics Co.,Ltd in accordance with FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093, ANSI / IEEE C95.1 ::2005+A1:2010, ANSI / IEEE C95.3 : 2002(R2008) and KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, KDB 941225 D01 v03r01,KDB 616217 D04 v01r02 and KDB 248227 D01 v02r02.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 2.1093 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02. The public notice KDB 447498 D01 v06 for Mobile and Portable Devices RF Exposure Procedure also.

1.4 Test Facility

Address of the test laboratory
Laboratory: Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
Address: 1/F., Room 101, Building 1, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road,Block 70 Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

FCC – Registration No.: 125990
Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. The Designation Number is CN5010.Test Firm Registration Number is 125990.

Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A
The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A.

2. Summary of Test Results

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) have found during testing are as follows:

Frequency Band	Body (0mm Gap) Maximum SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	SAR_{1g} Limit (W/kg)
GSM	0.095	1.6
WCDMA	**1.415**	1.6
WLAN 2.4GHz	0.425	1.6
Simultaneous Transmission	**1.564**	1.6

Remark:

*The highest reported SAR values for body, and simultaneous transmission conditions are**1.415W/kg, and 1.564W/kg** respectively.*

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093 and ANSI / IEEE C95.1 ::2005+A1:2010, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedure specified in KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 and KDB 865664 D02 v01r02

3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techiques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)
SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{C}\left(\frac{\boldsymbol{\delta}\mathbf{T}}{\boldsymbol{\delta}\mathbf{t}}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δ T is the temperature rise and δ t is the exposure duration, or related to the
electrical field in the tissue by

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}|\mathbf{E}|^2}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

4. SAR Measurement System

4.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:
- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.

The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

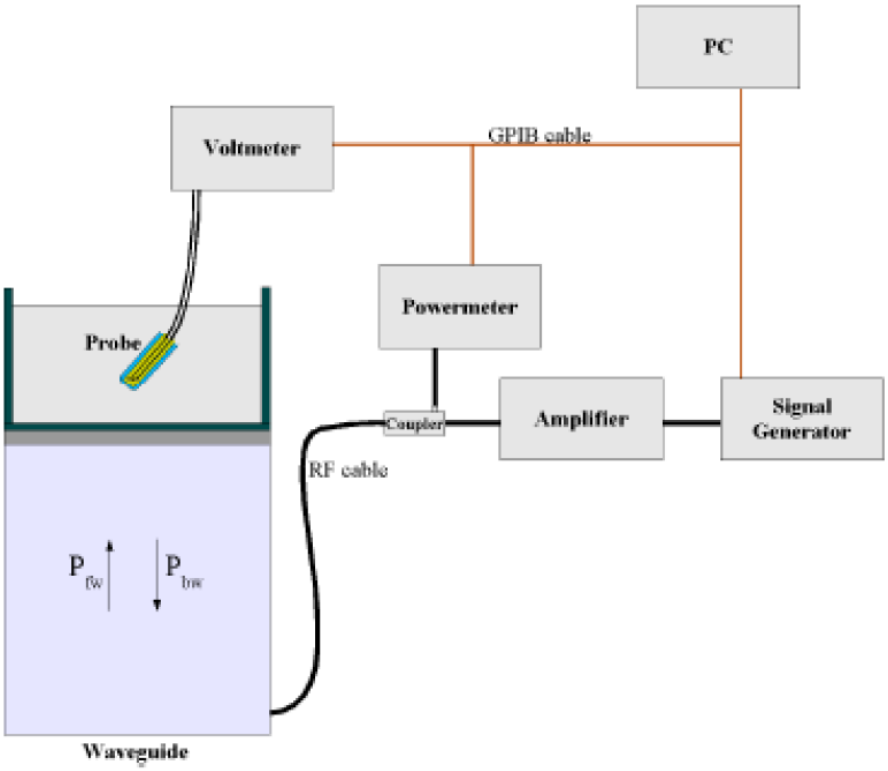
4.2 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE2 SN 45/15 EPGO280 with following specifications is used
- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Probe Length: 330 mm
- Length of Individual Dipoles: 4.5 mm
- Maximum external diameter: 8 mm
- Probe Tip External Diameter : 5 mm

- Distance between dipoles / probe extremity: 2.7mm
- Probe linearity: ＜0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: ＜0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: ＜0.50 dB
- Calibration range: 700 to 3000MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:1ess than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with EN 62209-1 and IEEE 1528 STD, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4\left(P_{fw} - P_{bw}\right)}{ab\delta} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) e^{-(2z/\delta)}$$

Where :

Pfw = Forward Power

Pbw = Backward Power

a and b =Waveguide dimensions

I = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter = ON; RDGS = 10; Filter type = Moving Average; Range auto after each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/Vlin(N)\ (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

$$Vlin(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N))\ (N=1,2,3)$$

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

4.3 Probe Calibration Process

Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm2) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1mW/cm2.

Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

$$SAR = C\frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Where:

Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T/\Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

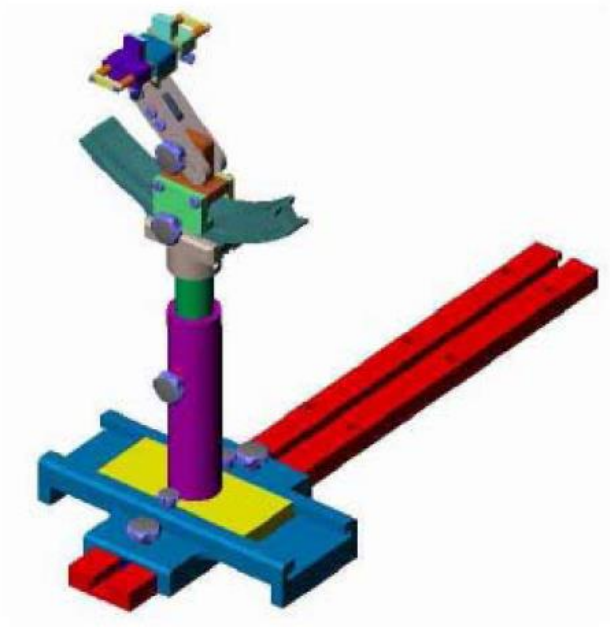
Where:
σ = simulated tissue conductivity,
ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm3 for brain tissue)

4.4 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

4.5 Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1 °.



System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

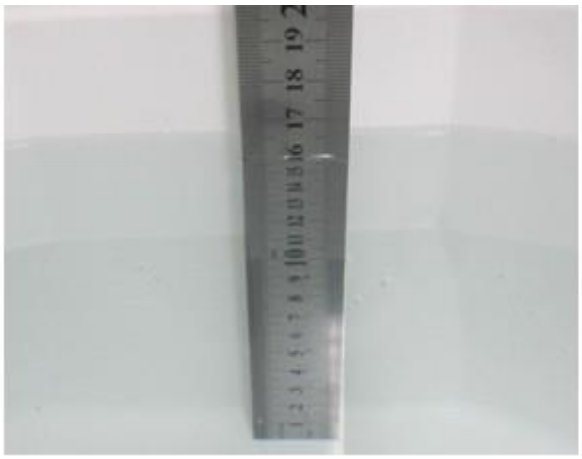
4.6 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Date	Due. Date
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE5	SN 45/15 EPGO280	2019-07-08	2020-07-07
835MHz Dipole	MVG	SID835	SN 47/12 DIP 0G835-204	2020-03-11	2021-03-10
1900MHz Dipole	MVG	SID1900	SN 47/12 DIP 1G900-207	2020-03-11	2021-03-10
2450MHz Dipole	MVG	SID2450	SN 13/15 DIP 2G450-364	2020-03-11	2021-03-10
Dielectric Probe Kit	SATIMO	SCLMP	SN 47/12 OCPG49	2020-03-11	2021-03-10
SAM Phantom	SATIMO	SAM	SN/ 47/12 SAM95	N/A	N/A
MULTIMETER	KEITHLEY	Keithley 2000	4006367	2020-04-28	2021-04-27
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz	SMR20	100047	2020-04-28	2021-04-27
Universal Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMU200	112012	2020-04-28	2021-04-27
Communications Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	148650	2020-04-28	2021-04-27
Network Analyzer	HP	8753C	2901A00831	2020-04-28	2021-04-27
Directional Couplers	Agilent	778D	20160	2020-04-28	2021-04-27
Power meter	Keithley	3500	JC-2017-09-001	2020-04-28	2021-04-27
Power meter	Keithley	3500	JC-2017-09-001	2020-04-28	2021-04-27
Power Divider	HP	11636B	JC-2017-10-002	2020-04-28	2021-04-27

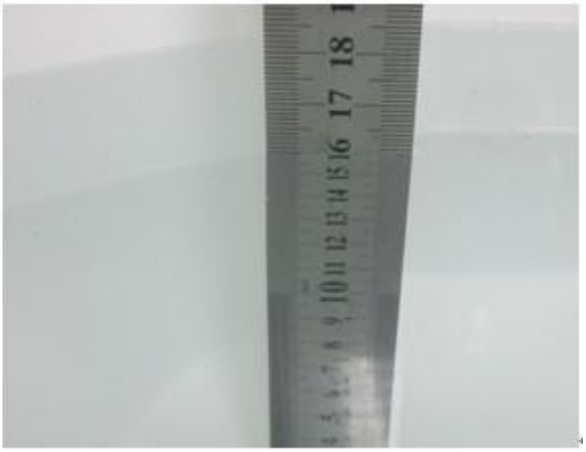
5. Tissue Simulating Liquids

5.1 Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with SMTIMO, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. Please see the following photos for the liquid height.



Liquid Height for Head SAR



Liquid Height for Body SAR

The Composition of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	HEC (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)
Body						
835	50.8	0.9	48.1	0.1	0.1	0
1700-1900	70.2	0.4	0	0	0	29.4
2450	68.6	0.1	0	0	0	31.3

5.2 Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The IEEE Std. 1528, FCC KDBs and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

Target Frequency (MHz)	**Head**		**Body**	
	Conductivity (σ)	**Permittivity (ε_r)**	**Conductivity (σ)**	**Permittivity (ε_r)**
150	0.76	52.3	0.80	61.9
300	0.87	45.3	0.92	58.2
450	0.87	43.5	0.94	56.7
750	0.89	41.9	0.96	55.5
835	0.90	41.5	**0.97**	**55.2**
900	0.97	41.5	1.05	55.0
915	0.98	41.5	1.06	55.0
1450	1.20	40.5	1.30	54.0
1610	1.29	40.3	1.40	53.8
1750	1.37	40.1	1.49	53.4
1800-2000	1.40	40.0	**1.52**	**53.3**
2450	1.80	39.2	**1.95**	**52.7**
3000	2.40	38.5	2.73	52.0
5200	4.66	36.0	5.30	49.0
5800	5.27	35.3	6.00	48.2

5.3 Tissue Calibration Result

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using COMOSAR Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Calibration Result for Dielectric Parameters of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Body Tissue Simulating Liquid									
Freq. MHz.	Temp. (℃)	Conductivity			Permittivity			Limit (%)	Date
		Reading (σ)	Target (σ)	Delta (%)	Reading (ε r)	Target (ε r)	Delta (%)		
835	21.2	0.95	0.97	-2.06	54.85	55.20	-0.63	±5	2020-06-05
1900	21.3	1.50	1.52	-1.32	52.42	53.30	-1.65	±5	2020-06-08
2450	21.3	1.91	1.95	-2.05	52.01	52.70	-1.31	±5	2020-06-08

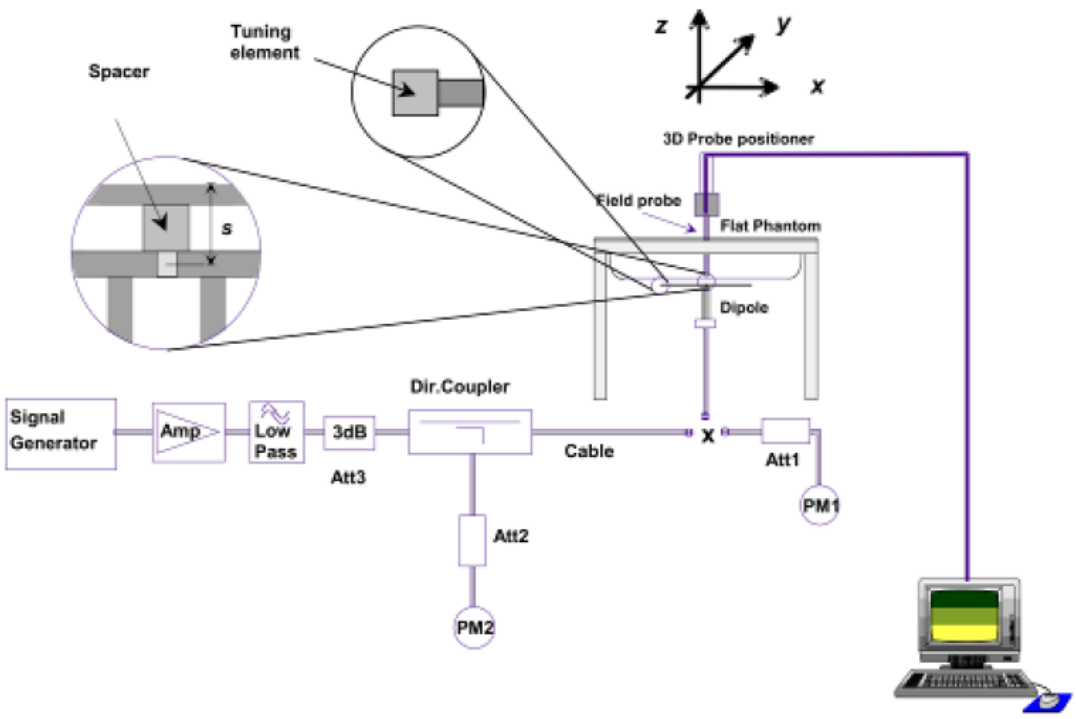
6. SAR Measurement Evaluation

6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

6.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 835 MHz,1900MHz, 2450MHz and 2600MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.



System Verification Setup Block Diagram

Setup Photo of Dipole Antenna

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24dBm (250mW) before dipole is connected.

6.3 Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 6.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion.

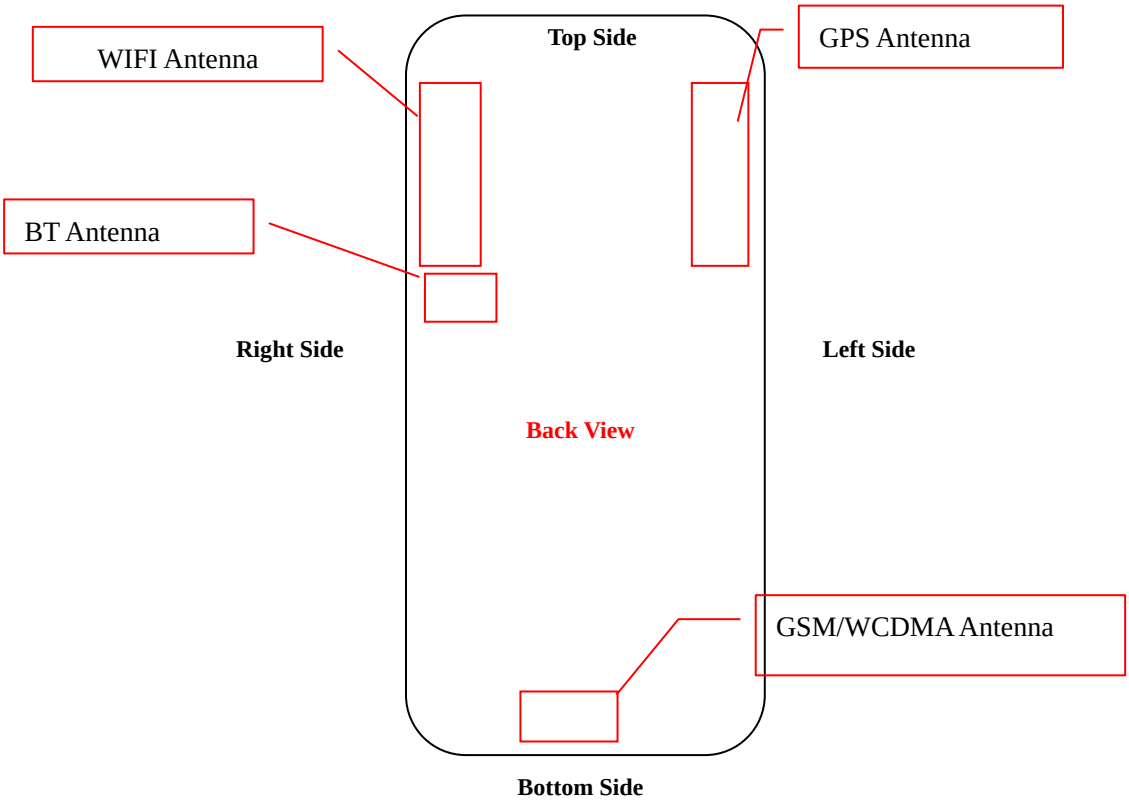
Frequency	Targeted SAR_{1g}	Measured SAR_{1g}	Normalized SAR_{1g}	Tolerance
MHz	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(W/kg)	(%)
Body				
835	9.38	2.35	9.4	0.21
1900	39.10	9.78	39.12	0.05
2450	50.41	12.59	50.36	-0.10

Targeted and Measurement SAR

Please refer to Annex A for the plots of system performance check.

7. EUT Testing Position

7.1 EUT Antenna Position



7.2 EUT Testing Position

Exclusion Distance Calculation				
Frequency Bands	Service	Maximum Tune-up Power	Average Power	Exclusion Distance
GSM850	GSM	33.0dBm	32.71dBm	200mm
GSM1900	GSM	30.0dBm	29.62dBm	140mm
WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2k	22.5dBm	22.17dBm	60mm
WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2k	22.5dBm	22.43dBm	60mm
WLAN(2.4G)	802.11b	10.0dBm	9.56dBm	5mm
Note: Refer to Chapter 9.1 Conducted RF Output Power				

Remark:

1. Referring to KDB 447498 D01v06, the distance of the antennas to all adjacent edges SAR test exclusion for adjacent edges.

Body mode SAR assessments are required for this device. This EUT was tested in different positions for different SAR test modes, more information as below:

Body SAR tests, Test distance: 0mm						
Antennas	**Front**	**Back**	**Right Side**	**Left Side**	**Top Side**	**Bottom**
WWAN_GPRS850	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
WWAN_GPRS1900	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
WWAN_WCDMA Band II	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
WWAN_WCDMA Band V	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
WLAN(2.4G)	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

Remark:

1. Referring to KDB 616217 D04 v01r02, KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 and KDB 447498 D01 v06, this device is overall diagonal dimension(>20cm) tablet, tested in direct contact (no gap) with flat phantom.

Please refer to Annex D for the EUT test setup photos.

8. SAR Measurement Procedures

8.1 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:
(a) Use base station simulator (if applicable) or engineering software to transmit RF power continuously (continuous Tx) in the highest power channel.
(b) Keep EUT to radiate maximum output power or 100% factor (if applicable)
(c) Measure output power through RF cable and power meter.
(d) Place the EUT in the positions as Annex D demonstrates.
(e) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the SATIMO software.
(f) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
(g) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
(h) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:
(a) Power reference measurement
(b) Area scan
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

8.2 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The SATIMO software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.
The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.
The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine. The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:
(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data
(c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(e) Extrapolation of the entire 3D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan measures 5x5x7 points with step size 8, 8 and 5 mm for 300 MHz to 3 GHz, and 8x8x8 points with step size 4, 4 and 2.5 mm for 3 GHz to 6 GHz. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

8.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing (step-size is 4, 4 and 2.5 mm). When all volume scan were completed, the software can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.5 SAR Averaged Methods

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10g and 1 g requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In SATIMO measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. SAR Test Result

9.1 Conducted RF Output Power

GSM - Burst Average Power (dBm)								
Band	**GSM850**			**Tune-up power (dBm)**	**PCS1900**			**Tune-up power (dBm)**
Channel	**128**	**190**	**251**		**512**	**661**	**810**	
Frequency (MHz)	**824.2**	**836.6**	**848.8**		**1850.2**	**1880**	**1909.8**	
GSM	32.71	32.67	32.53	33.0	29.31	29.34	29.62	30.0
GPRS (1 slot)	32.64	32.64	32.53	33.0	29.55	29.51	29.63	30.0
GPRS (2 slots)	31.96	31.88	31.75	32.0	28.75	28.74	29.05	29.5
GPRS (3 slots)	30.19	30.12	29.91	30.5	26.93	26.99	27.46	27.5
GPRS (4 slots)	29.02	28.95	28.65	29.5	26.32	25.82	25.71	26.5
EDGE (1 slot)	26.96	26.87	26.92	27.0	26.01	26.05	25.85	26.5
EDGE (2 slots)	26.98	26.83	26.87	27.0	26.07	26.11	25.72	26.5
EDGE (3 slots)	26.89	26.85	26.75	27.0	26.05	26.09	25.88	26.5
EDGE (4 slots)	26.88	26.91	26.89	27.0	29.91	26.05	25.93	30.0

GSM - Source-Based Time-Average Power (dBm)								
Band	**GSM850**			**Tune-up power (dBm)**	**PCS1900**			**Tune-up power (dBm)**
Channel	**128**	**190**	**251**		**512**	**661**	**810**	
Frequency (MHz)	**824.2**	**836.6**	**848.8**		**1850.2**	**1880**	**1909.8**	
GSM	23.71	23.67	23.53	24.0	20.31	20.34	20.62	21.0
GPRS (1 slot)	23.64	23.64	23.53	24.0	20.55	20.51	20.63	21.0
GPRS (2 slots)	25.96	25.88	25.75	26.0	22.75	22.74	23.05	23.0
GPRS (3 slots)	25.94	25.87	25.66	26.0	22.68	22.74	23.21	23.5
GPRS (4 slots)	26.02	25.95	25.65	26.5	23.32	22.82	22.71	23.5
EDGE (1 slot)	17.96	17.87	17.92	18.0	17.01	17.05	16.85	17.5
EDGE (2 slots)	20.98	20.83	20.87	21.0	20.07	20.11	19.72	20.5
EDGE (3 slots)	22.64	22.60	22.50	23.0	21.80	21.84	21.63	22.0
EDGE (4 slots)	23.88	23.91	23.89	24.0	26.91	23.05	22.93	27.0
Note: The source-based time-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method are shown as below: Source based time-average power = Burst averaged power - Duty cycle factor in dB Duty cycle factor = 9 dB for 1 Tx slot, 6 dB for 2 Tx slots, 4.25 dB for 3 Tx slots, 3 dB for 4 Tx slots								

Remark:

1. For Body SAR testing, GPRS should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM1900 due to its highest source-based time-average power.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01 v06 , the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

3. The DUT do not support DTM function.

WCDMA - Average Power (dBm)								
Band	**WCDMA Band II**				**WCDMA Band V**			
Channel	**9262**	**9400**	**9538**	**Tune-up power (dBm)**	**4132**	**4183**	**4233**	**Tune-up power (dBm)**
Frequency (MHz)	**1852.4**	**1880.0**	**1907.6**		**826.4**	**836.6**	**846.6**	
RMC 12.2k	22.11	22.17	22.14	22.5	22.43	22.39	22.14	22.5
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.11	21.18	21.26	21.5	21.42	21.46	21.11	21.5
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.08	21.12	21.03	21.5	21.45	21.12	21.15	21.5
HSDPA Subtest-3	20.13	21.11	21.06	21.5	21.42	21.17	21.18	21.5
HSDPA Subtest-4	20.19	21.16	21.08	21.5	21.36	21.25	21.22	21.5
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.07	21.16	21.18	21.5	20.9	21.4	21.18	21.5
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.01	21.16	21.01	21.5	20.43	20.43	20.21	20.5
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.03	21.28	21.05	21.5	20.33	20.36	20.16	20.5
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.14	21.33	21.13	21.5	20.28	20.25	20.33	20.5
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.13	21.15	21.02	21.5	20.41	20.46	20.17	20.5

Remark:

1. per KDB 941225 D01 v03, The 12.2kbps RMC mode was selected for SAR testing(the primary mode).
2. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤1/4 dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

WLAN(2.4G) - Maximum Average Power					
Test Mode	**Data Rate**	**Channel**	**Frequency (MHz)**	**Average Power (dBm)**	**Tune-up power (dBm)**
802.11b	1Mbps	CH 01	2412	9.46	10.0
		CH 06	2437	9.52	10.0
		CH 11	2462	9.56	10.0
802.11g	6Mbps	CH 01	2412	8.52	9.0
		CH 06	2437	8.34	9.0
		CH 11	2462	8.65	9.0
802.11n (20MHz)	MCS0	CH 01	2412	7.84	8.5
		CH 06	2437	8.09	8.5
		CH 11	2462	8.23	8.5
802.11n (40MHz)	MCS0	CH 03	2422	6.61	7.5
		CH 06	2437	6.96	7.5
		CH 09	2452	7.26	7.5

Remark:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements, DSSS SAR procedure applies to fixed exposure test position and initial test position procedure applies to multiple exposure test positions.

2. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, For 802.11b DSSS SAR measurements ,when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel (see 3.1) for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

3 .For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2W/kg.

Bluetooth - Maximum Average Power			
Test Mode	**Data Rate**	**Average Power(dBm)**	**Tune-up power (dBm)**
GFSK	1Mbps	5.39	5.5
Pi/4 QDPSK	2Mbps	5.19	5.5
8DPSK	3Mbps	5.33	5.5

Bluetooth - Maximum Average Power					
Test Mode	**Data Rate**	**Channel**	**Frequency (MHz)**	**Average Power (dBm)**	**Tune-up power (dBm)**
BLE	1Mbps	CH 00	2402	4.99	5.5
		CH 19	2440	4.62	5.5
		CH 39	2480	5.27	5.5

Remark:

Bluetooth maximum output power is5.39dBm, and Tune-Up output power is 5.5dBm. Per KDB 447498 D01 V06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by: [(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] · [√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,16 where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation17
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	Result	Limit
5.5	3.55	5	2.480	1.12	3

The exclusion thresholds is 1.12< 3, therefore, the RF exposure evaluation is not required.

9.2 Test Results for Standalone SAR Test

Body SAR

GSM850 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
1.	GSM	Back Face	128	824.2	32.71	33.0	1.069	0.068	0.073
2.	GSM	Front Face	128	824.2	32.71	33.0	1.069	0.011	0.012

GSM1900 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
3.	GSM	Back Face	810	1909.8	29.62	30.0	1.091	0.033	0.036
4.	GSM	Front Face	810	1909.8	29.62	30.0	1.091	0.014	0.015

GSM850 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
5.	GPRS_4TX	Back Face	128	824.2	29.02	29.5	1.117	0.062	0.069
6.	GPRS_4TX	Front Face	128	824.2	29.02	29.5	1.117	0.015	0.017
7.	GPRS_4TX	Right Side	128	824.2	29.02	29.5	1.117	0.007	0.008
8.	GPRS_4TX	Bottom Side	128	824.2	29.02	29.5	1.117	0.085	0.095

GSM1900 – Body SAR Test (Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
9.	GPRS_4TX	Back Face	512	1850.2	26.32	26.5	1.042	0.023	0.024
10.	GPRS_4TX	Front Face	512	1850.2	26.32	26.5	1.042	0.014	0.015
11.	GPRS_4TX	Right Side	512	1850.2	26.32	26.5	1.042	0.014	0.015
12.	GPRS_4TX	Bottom Side	512	1850.2	26.32	26.5	1.042	0.016	0.017

WCDMA Band V – Body SAR Test (Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
13.	RMC 12.2k	Back Face	4132	826.4	22.43	22.5	1.016	0.700	0.711
14.	RMC 12.2k	Front Face	4132	826.4	22.43	22.5	1.016	1.392	1.415

15.	RMC 12.2k	Right Side	4132	826.4	22.43	22.5	1.016	0.571	0.580
16.	RMC 12.2k	Left Side	4132	826.4	22.43	22.5	1.016	0.482	0.490
17.	RMC 12.2k	Bottom Side	4132	826.4	22.43	22.5	1.016	0.894	0.909
18.	RMC 12.2k	Front Face	4183	836.6	22.39	22.5	1.026	0.93	0.954
19.	RMC 12.2k	Front Face	4233	846.6	22.14	22.5	1.086	0.87	0.945
20.	RMC 12.2k	Bottom Side	4183	836.6	22.39	22.5	1.026	1.012	1.038
21.	RMC 12.2k	Bottom Side	4233	846.6	22.14	22.5	1.086	1.074	1.167

WCDMA Band II – Body SAR Test (Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	**Mode**	**Test Position Body**	**Frequency**		**Output Power (dBm)**	**Rated Limit (dBm)**	**Scaling Factor**	**SAR1g (W/kg)**	**Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)**
			CH.	**MHz**					
22.	RMC 12.2k	Back Face	9400	1880.0	22.17	22.5	1.079	0.121	0.131
23.	RMC 12.2k	Front Face	9400	1880.0	22.17	22.5	1.079	0.177	0.191
24.	RMC 12.2k	Right Side	9400	1880.0	22.17	22.5	1.079	0.053	0.057
25.	RMC 12.2k	Left Side	9400	1880.0	22.17	22.5	1.079	0.025	0.027
26.	RMC 12.2k	Bottom Side	9400	1880.0	22.17	22.5	1.079	0.648	0.699

WLAN 2.4GHz –Body SAR Test(Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	**Mode**	**Test Position Body**	**Frequency**		**Output Power (dBm)**	**Rated Limit (dBm)**	**Scaling Factor**	**SAR1g (W/kg)**	**Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)**
			CH.	**MHz**					
27.	802.11b	Back Face	11	2462	9.56	10.0	1.107	0.109	0.121
28.	802.11b	Front Face	11	2462	9.56	10.0	1.107	0.200	0.221
29.	802.11b	Right Side	11	2462	9.56	10.0	1.107	0.384	0.425
30.	802.11b	Top Side	11	2462	9.56	10.0	1.107	0.286	0.316

Remark: Per KDB 447498 D01 v06 , if the highest output channel SAR for each exposure position ≤ 0.8 W/kg other channels SAR tests are not necessary.

Repeated SAR

WCDMA Band V – Body SAR Test (Gap: 0mm)									
Plot No.	Mode	Test Position Body	Frequency		Output Power (dBm)	Rated Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	SAR1g (W/kg)	Scaled SAR1g (W/kg)
			CH.	MHz					
31.	RMC 12.2k	Front Face	4132	826.4	22.43	22.5	1.016	1.271	1.292

Remark:

1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

9.3 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission SAR Analysis

List of Mode for Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission

No.	Configurations	Body SAR
1	GSM(Voice/ Data) + WLAN(Data)	Yes
2	WCDMA(Voice/ Data) + WLAN(Data)	Yes
3	GSM(Voice/ Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes
4	WCDMA(Voice/ Data) + Bluetooth(Data)	Yes

Remark:

1. GSM ,WCDMA and LTE share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
3. According to the KDB 447498 D01v06, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 as below:

Bluetooth:

Tune-Up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	X	SAR(1g) 5mm
5.5	3.55	5	2.480	7.5	0.149

4. The maximum SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.

Body SAR

WWAN and WLAN

	WWAN		WLAN(2.4G)	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	**Band**	**Scaled SAR (W/kg)**	**Scaled SAR (W/kg)**	
Back Face	GSM850	0.069	0.121	0.190
Front Face	GSM850	0.017	0.221	0.238
Right Side	GSM850	0.008	--	0.008
Bottom Side	GSM850	0.095	0.316	0.411
Back Face	GSM1900	0.024	0.121	0.145
Front Face	GSM1900	0.015	0.221	0.236
Right Side	GSM1900	0.015	--	0.015
Bottom Side	GSM1900	0.017	0.316	0.333
Back Face	WCDMA Band V	1.415	0.121	1.536
Front Face	WCDMA Band V	0.711	0.221	0.932
Right Side	WCDMA Band V	0.580	0.425	1.005
Left Side	WCDMA Band V	0.490	--	0.49
Bottom Side	WCDMA Band V	0.909	--	0.909
Back Face	WCDMA Band II	0.131	0.121	0.252
Front Face	WCDMA Band II	0.191	0.221	0.412
Right Side	WCDMA Band II	0.057	0.425	0.482
Left Side	WCDMA Band II	0.027	--	0.027
Bottom Side	WCDMA Band II	0.699	--	0.699

WLAN and Bluetooth

	WWAN		Bluetooth	Summed SAR (W/kg)
Position	**Band**	**Scaled SAR (W/kg)**	**Scaled SAR (W/kg)**	
Back Face	GSM850	0.069	0.149	0.218
Front Face	GSM850	0.017	0.149	0.166
Right Side	GSM850	0.008	--	0.008
Bottom Side	GSM850	0.095	0.149	0.244
Back Face	GSM850	0.024	0.149	0.173
Front Face	GSM850	0.015	0.149	0.164
Right Side	GSM1900	0.015	--	0.015
Bottom Side	GSM1900	0.017	0.149	0.166
Back Face	GSM1900	1.415	0.149	1.564
Front Face	GSM1900	0.711	0.149	0.86
Right Side	GSM1900	0.580	0.149	0.729
Left Side	GSM1900	0.490	--	0.490
Bottom Side	WCDMA Band V	0.909	--	0.909
Back Face	WCDMA Band V	0.131	0.149	0.280
Front Face	WCDMA Band V	0.191	0.149	0.340
Right Side	WCDMA Band V	0.057	0.149	0.206
Left Side	WCDMA Band V	0.027	--	0.027
Bottom Side	WCDMA Band V	0.699	--	0.699

10. Measurement Uncertainty

10.1 Uncertainty for EUT SAR Test

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	**Sec.**	**Tol (+- %)**	**Prob. Dist.**	**Div.**	**Ci (1g)**	**Ci (10g)**	**1g Ui (+-%)**	**10g Ui (+-%)**	**Vi**
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N		1	1	7.00	7.00	
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R		(1_Cp)^1/2	(1_Cp)^1/2	1.02	1.02	
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R		(Cp)^1/2	(Cp)^1/2	1.63	1.63	
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R		1	1	0.58	0.58	
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R		1	1	2.89	2.89	
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R		1	1	0.58	0.58	
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N		1	1	0.02	0.02	
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R		1	1	1.15	1.15	
RF ambient Conditions – Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
RF ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R		1	1	1.15	1.15	
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R		1	1	0.03	0.03	
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5	5.0	R		1	1	2.89	2.89	
Test Sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	0.03	N		1	1	0.03	0.03	
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1	5.00	N		1	1	5.00	5.00	
Output power Variation - SAR drift measurement	E.2.9	12.02	R		1	1	6.94	6.94	
SAR scaling	E6.5	0.0	R		1	1	0.0	0.0	
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R		1	1	0.03	0.03	

Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E3.2	1.9	R		1	0.84	1.10	0.90	
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	5.00	R		0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N		0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	0.37	R		0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N		0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				12.98	12.53	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				25.32	24.43	

10.2 Uncertainty for System Performance Check

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	**Sec.**	**Tol (+- %)**	**Prob. Dist.**	**Div.**	**Ci (1g)**	**Ci (10g)**	**1g Ui (+-%)**	**10g Ui (+-%)**	**Vi**
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	7.0	N		1	1	7.00	7.00	
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R		(1_Cp)^1/2	(1_Cp)^1/2	1.02	1.02	
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R		(Cp)^1/2	(Cp)^1/2	1.63	1.63	
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R		1	1	0.58	0.58	
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R		1	1	2.89	2.89	
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R		1	1	0.58	0.58	
Modulation response	E.2.5	0	R		0	0	0.0	0.0	
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N		1	1	0.02	0.02	
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R		1	1	1.15	1.15	
RF ambient Conditions – Noise	E.6.1	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	
RF ambient Conditions - Reflections	E.6.1	3.0	R		1	1	1.73	1.73	

Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R		1	1	1.15	1.15	
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R		1	1	0.03	0.03	
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R		1	1	2.89	2.89	
Dipole									
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N		1	1	0.58	0.58	
Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.2	12.02	R		1	1	6.94	6.94	
Deviation of experimental dipole from numerical dipole	E.6.4	5.5	R		1	1	3.20	3.20	
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R		1	1	0.03	0.03	
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	E3.2	2.0	R		1	0.84	1.10	1.10	
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	5.00	R		0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N		0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	0.37	R		0.6	0.49	0.13	0.10	
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N		0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				12.00	11.50	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				23.39	22.43	

Annex A. Plots of System Performance Check

MEASUREMENT 1

For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

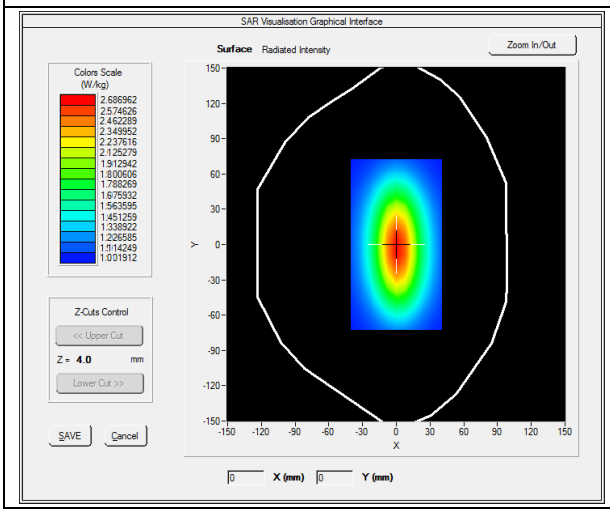
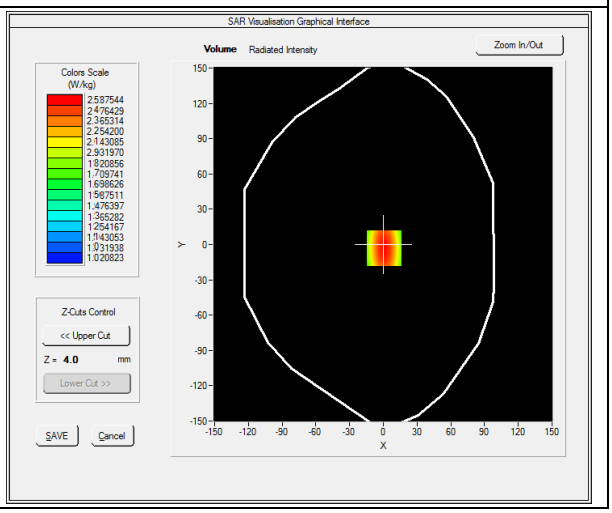
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW835
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.901472
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

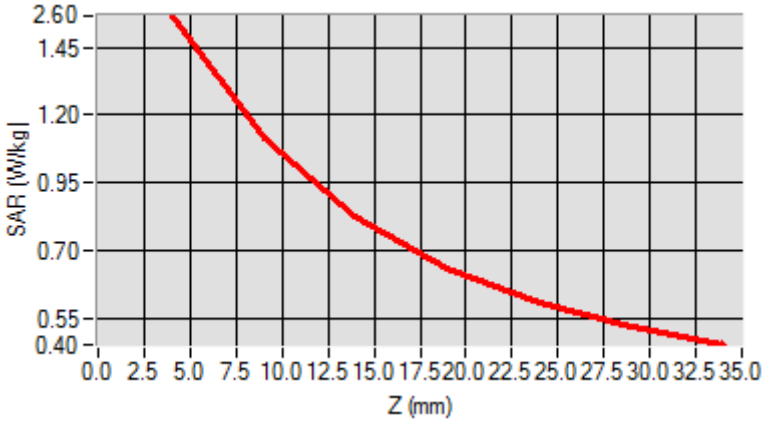
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

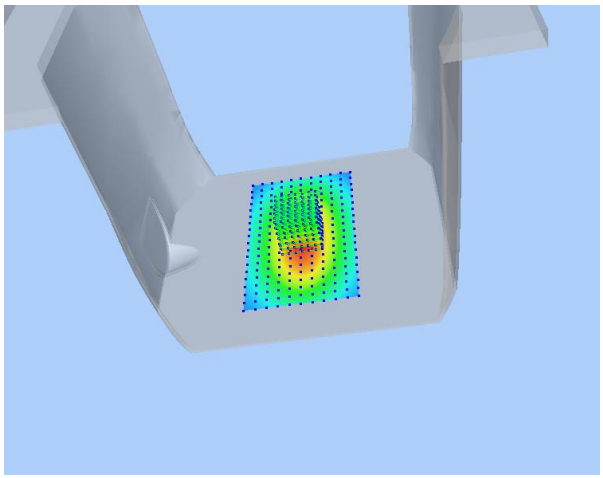
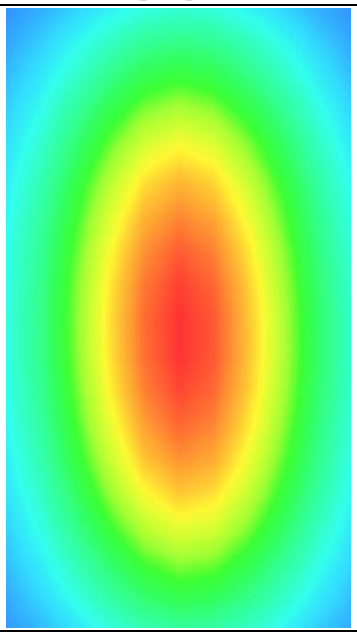
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	**1.028956**
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	**2.354211**

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	**0.00**	**4.00**	**9.00**	**14.00**	**19.00**	**24.00**	**29.00**
SAR (W/Kg)	**0.0000**	**2.5789**	**1.1300**	**0.8795**	**0.5940**	**0.5011**	**0.5100**



3D screen shot	**Hot spot position**
	

MEASUREMENT 2

For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

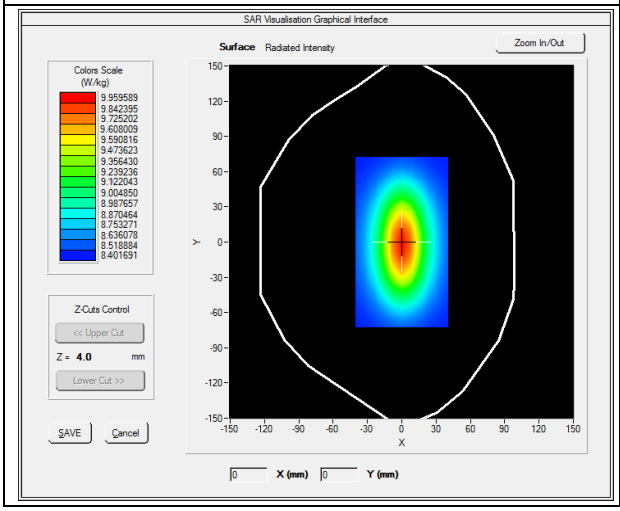
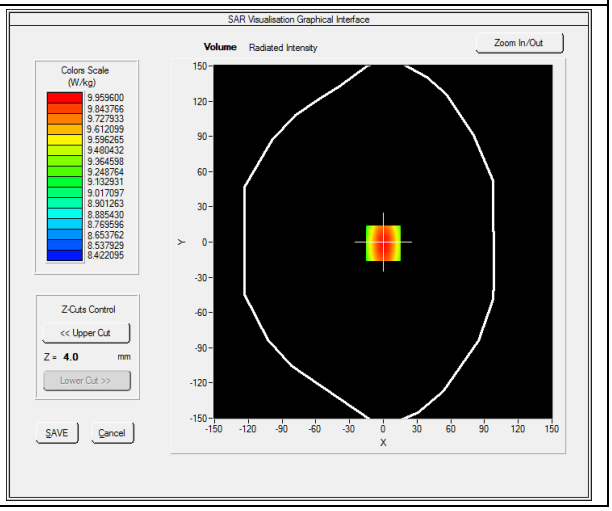
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW1900
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	0.541872
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

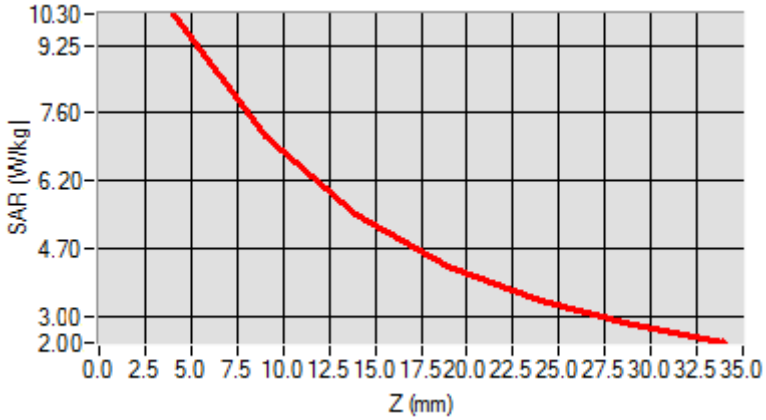
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

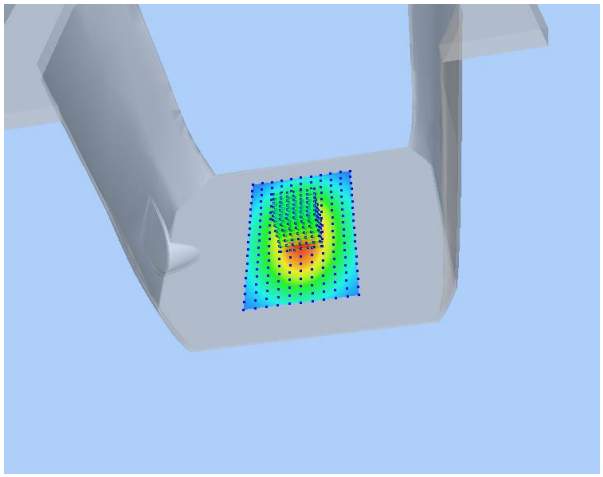
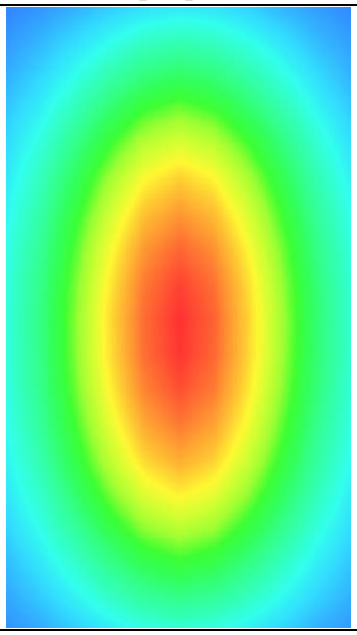
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	**5.134651**
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	**9.781550**

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	**0.00**	**4.00**	**9.00**	**14.00**	**19.00**	**24.00**	**29.00**
SAR (W/Kg)	**0.0000**	**10.2031**	**6.43001**	**4.9011**	**4.5325**	**3.1201**	**2.5024**



3D screen shot	**Hot spot position**
	

MEASUREMENT 3

For Body Liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Fast, 75.00 %)

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 21 seconds

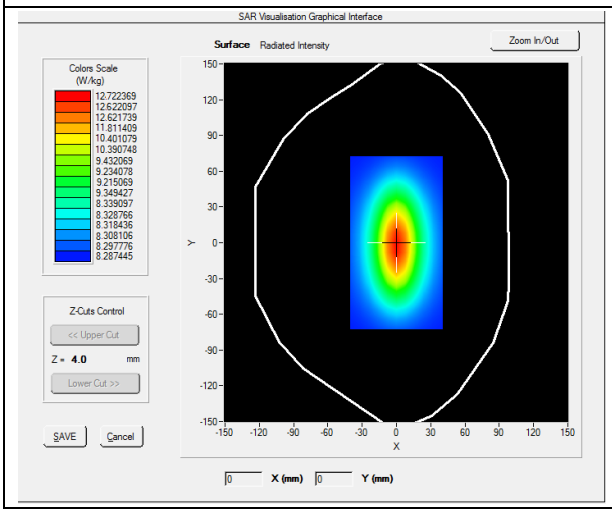
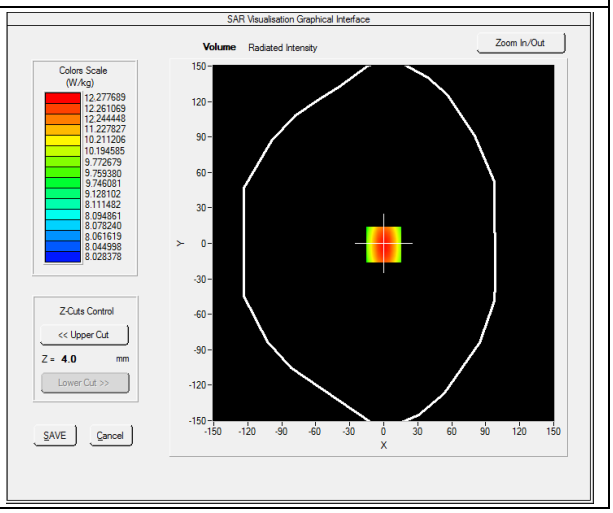
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW2450
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2450.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.010212
Conductivity (S/m)	1.910255
Power Variation (%)	1.369745
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

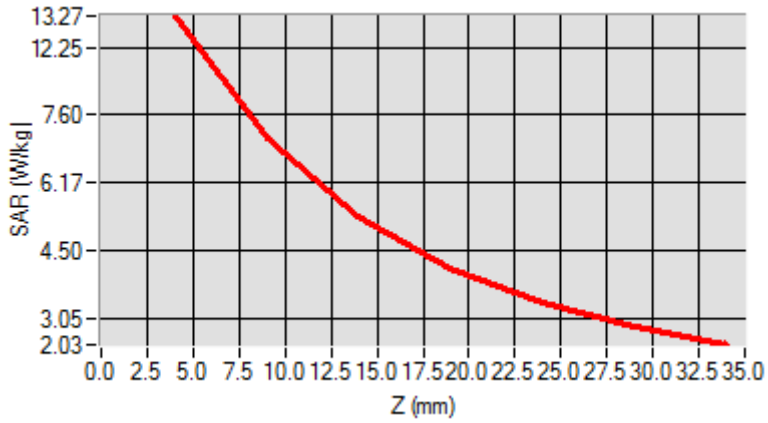
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

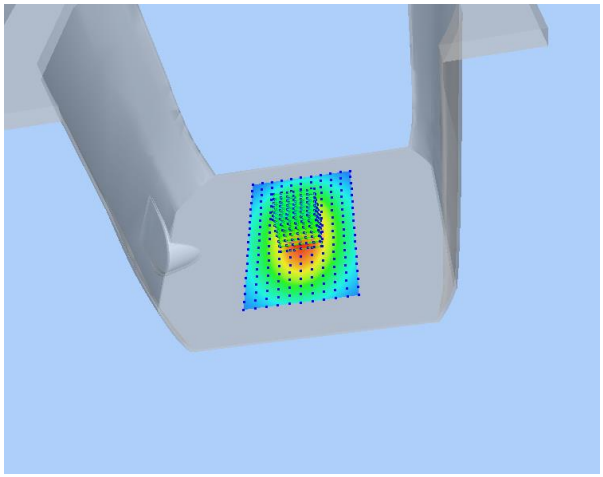
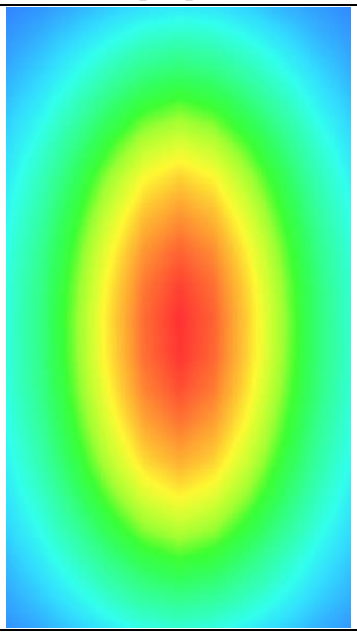
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	**6.119522**
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	**12.592360**

Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	**0.00**	**4.00**	**9.00**	**14.00**	**19.00**	**24.00**	**29.00**
SAR (W/Kg)	**0.0000**	**13.3911**	**11.7951**	**9.2945**	**8.5400**	**6.3712**	**4.6225**



3D screen shot	**Hot spot position**
	

Annex B. Plots of SAR Measurement

BAND	PARAMETERS
GSM850	Measurement 1: Flat Plane with Back side device position on Low Channel in GSM mode
GSM1900	Measurement 3: Flat Plane with Back side device position on High Channel in GSM mode
GPRS850_4TX	Measurement 8: Flat Plane with Top device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
GPRS1900_4TX	Measurement 9: Flat Plane with Back device position on Low Channel in GPRS mode
WCDMA850_RMC	Measurement 14: Flat Plane with Front device position on Low Channel in WCDMA mode
WCDMA1900_RMC	Measurement 26: Flat Plane with Bottom device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode
WiFi(2.4G)_802.11b	Measurement 29: Flat Plane with Right side device position on High Channel in 802.11b mode
Remark: SAR plot is showed the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.	

MEASUREMENT 1

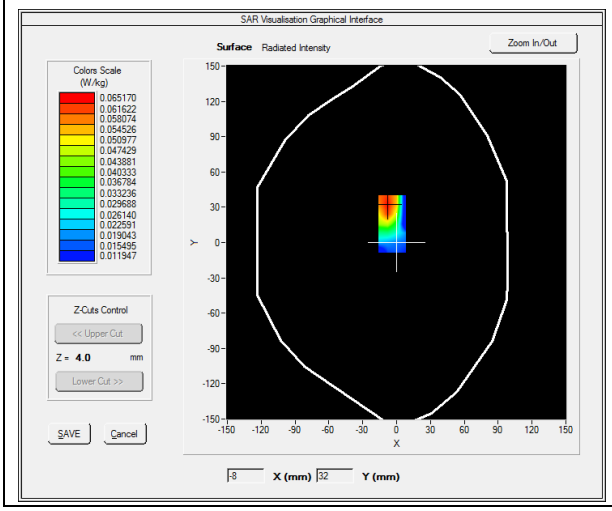
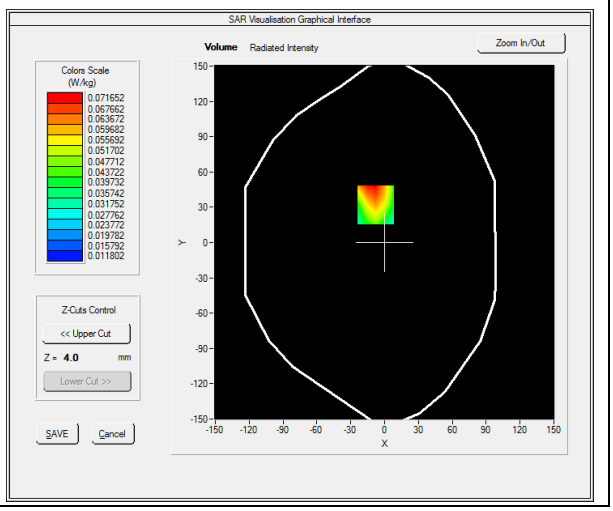
Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 2020-06-05
Measurement duration: 11 minutes 48 seconds
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Back
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	41.110245
Conductivity (S/m)	0.871245
Power Variation (%)	1.144536
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

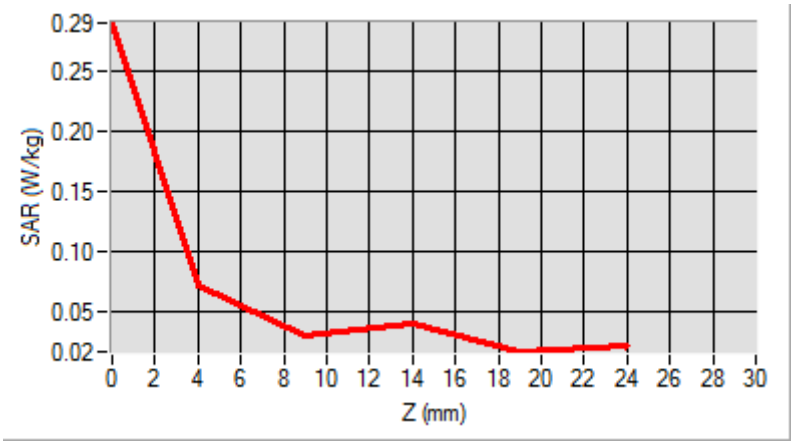
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

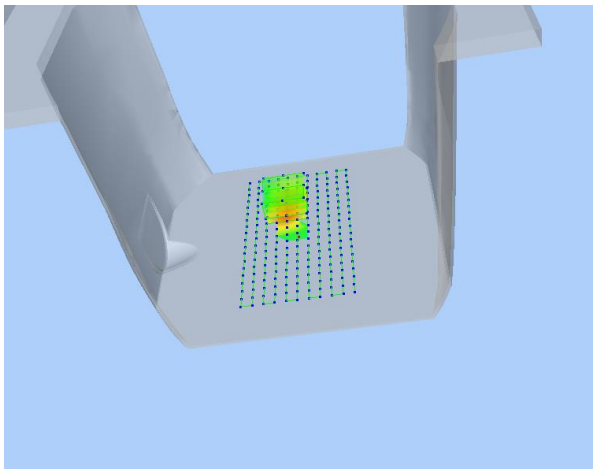
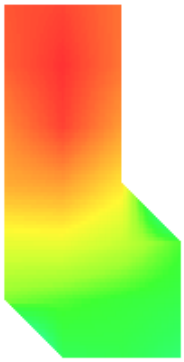
Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=32.00

SAR Peak: 0.09 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	**0.047023**
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	**0.067968**

Z (mm)	**0.00**	**4.00**	**9.00**	**14.00**	**19.00**
SAR (W/Kg)	**0.2907**	**0.0717**	**0.0309**	**0.0406**	**0.0170**



3D screen shot	**Hot spot position**
	

MEASUREMENT 3

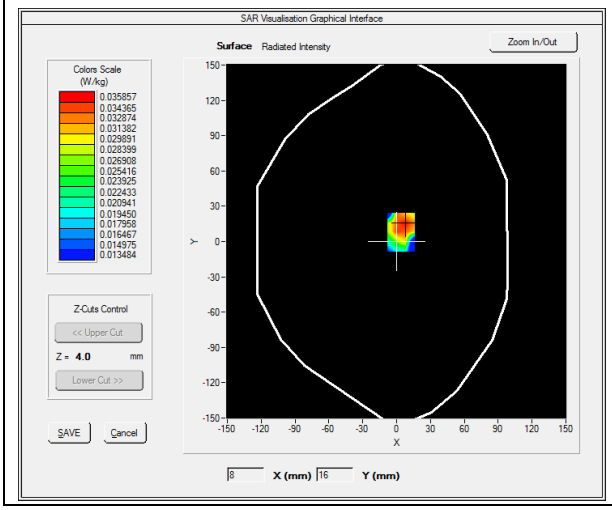
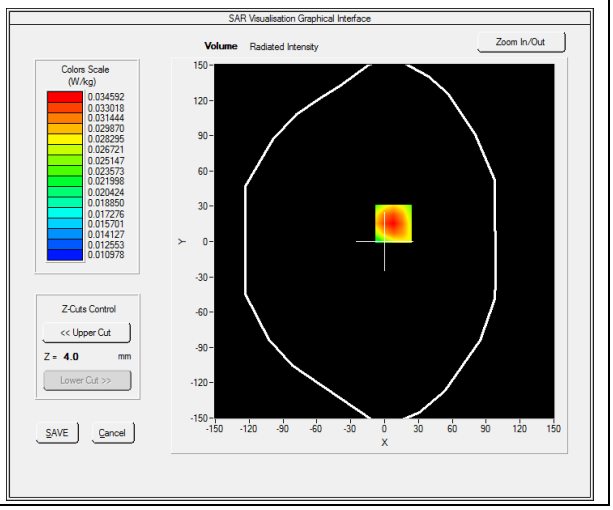
Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 2020-06-08
Measurement duration: 11 minutes 48 seconds
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Back
Band	GSM1900
Channels	High
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	38.560124
Conductivity (S/m)	1.380369
Power Variation (%)	1.442440
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

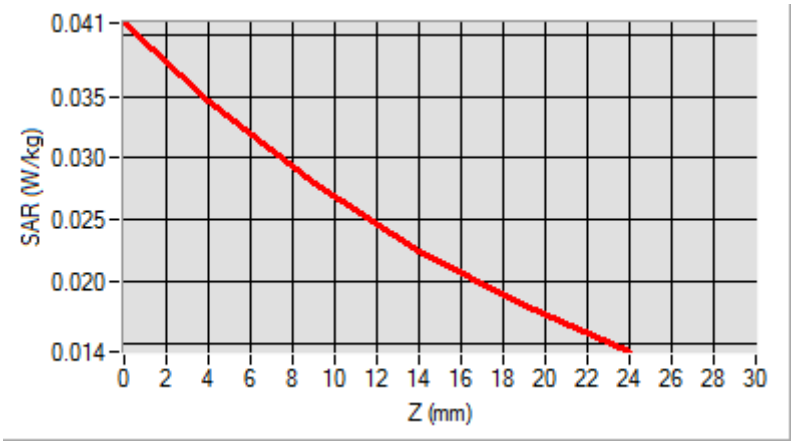
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

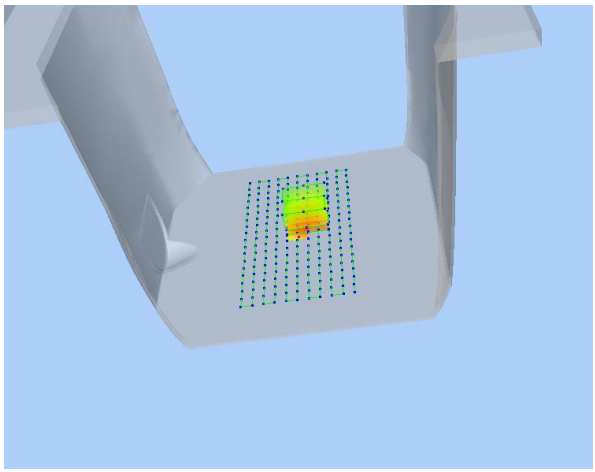
Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=15.00

SAR Peak: 0.04 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	**0.024802**
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	**0.033349**

Z (mm)	**0.00**	**4.00**	**9.00**	**14.00**	**19.00**
SAR (W/Kg)	**0.0410**	**0.0346**	**0.0279**	**0.0225**	**0.0180**



3D screen shot	**Hot spot position**
	

MEASUREMENT 8

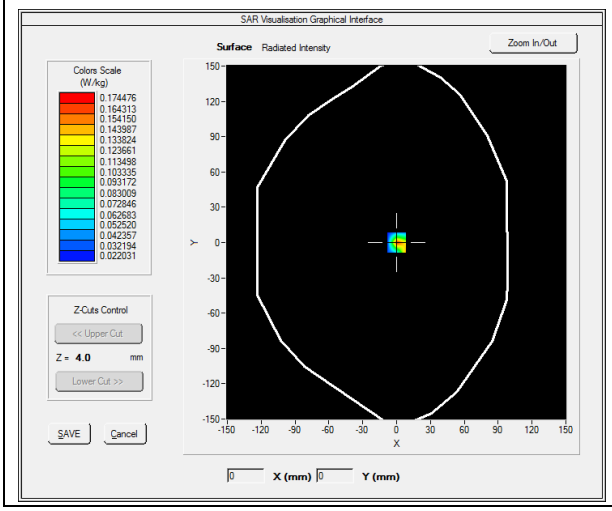
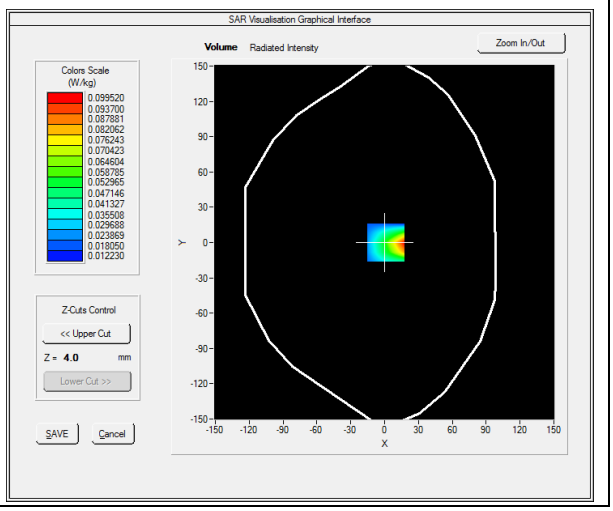
Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 2020-06-05
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Top
Band	GPRS850_4TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:2

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	824.200000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.903892
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

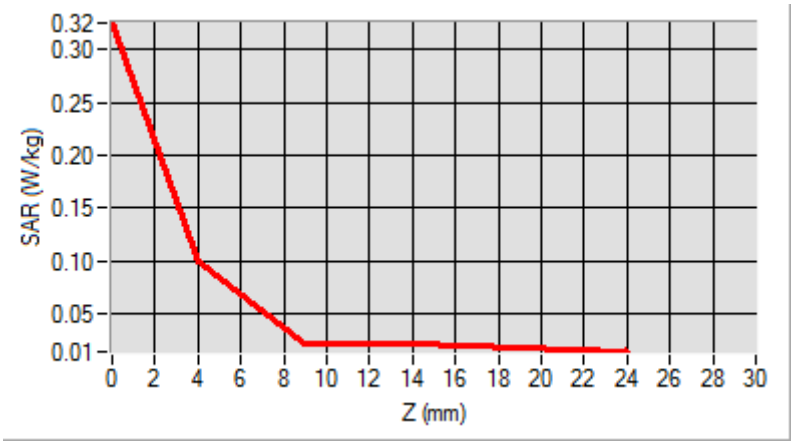
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

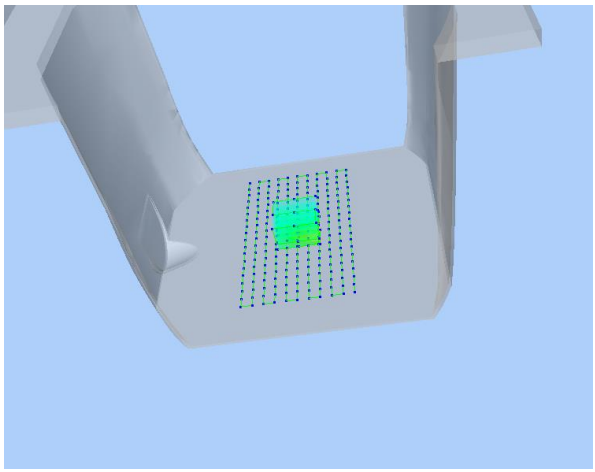
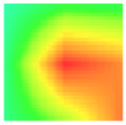
Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 0.19 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	**0.040960**
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	**0.085486**

Z (mm)	**0.00**	**4.00**	**9.00**	**14.00**	**19.00**
SAR (W/Kg)	**0.3250**	**0.0995**	**0.0217**	**0.0208**	**0.0167**



3D screen shot	**Hot spot position**
	

MEASUREMENT 9

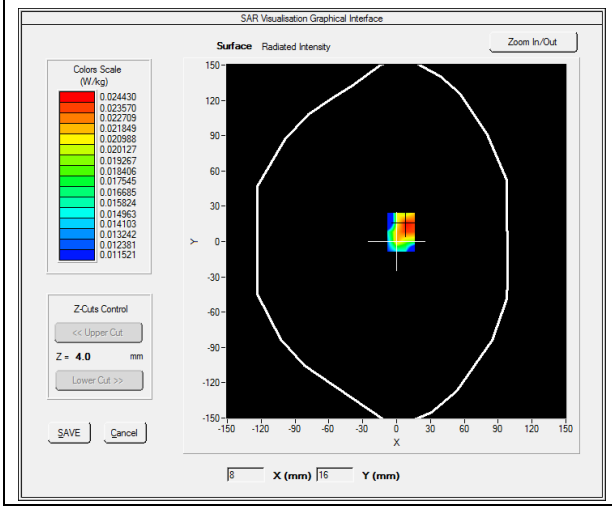
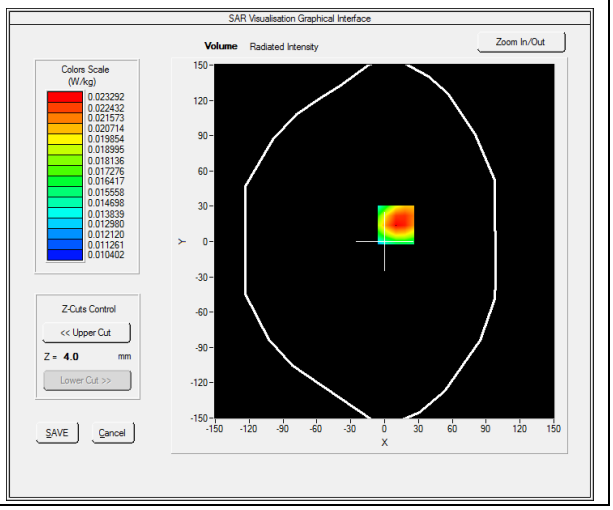
Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 2020-06-08
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Flat plane
Device Position	Right
Band	GPRS1900_4TX
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:2

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	0.642662
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

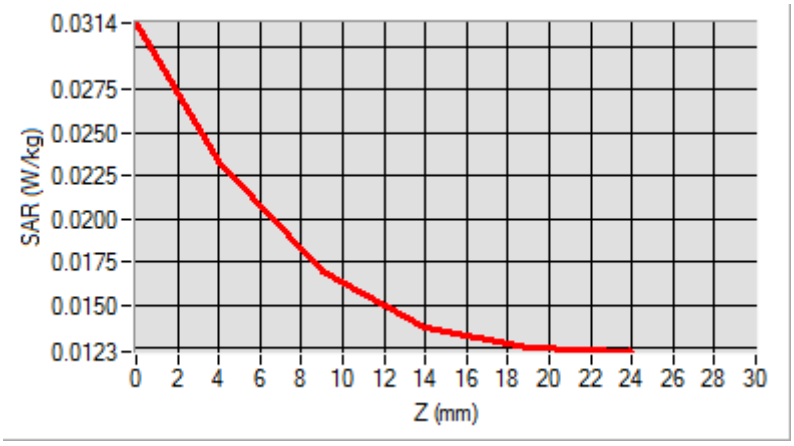
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

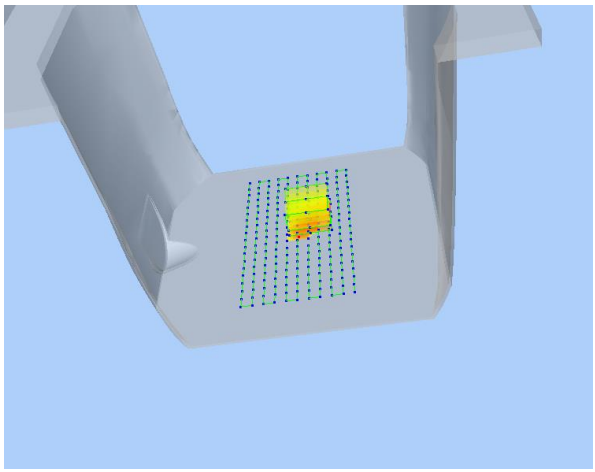
Maximum location: X=10.00, Y=14.00

SAR Peak: 0.03 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	**0.017191**
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	**0.022818**

Z (mm)	**0.00**	**4.00**	**9.00**	**14.00**	**19.00**
SAR (W/Kg)	**0.0314**	**0.0233**	**0.0169**	**0.0136**	**0.0125**



3D screen shot	**Hot spot position**
	

MEASUREMENT 14

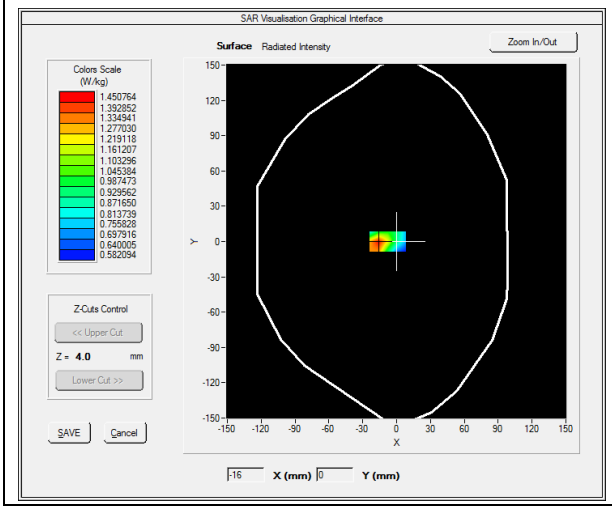
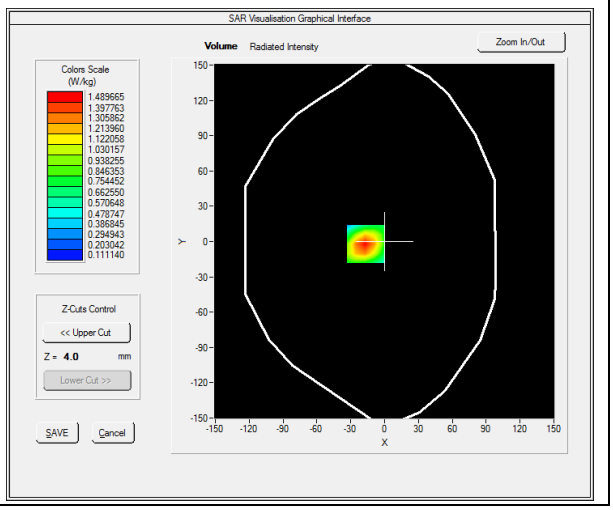
Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 2020-06-05
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Front
Band	WCDMA850_RMC
Channels	Low
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	826.400000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	54.851214
Conductivity (S/m)	0.951454
Power Variation (%)	0.707382
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

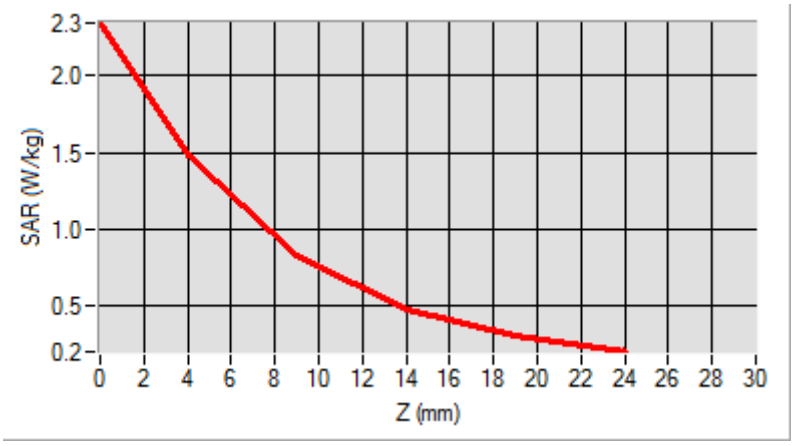
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

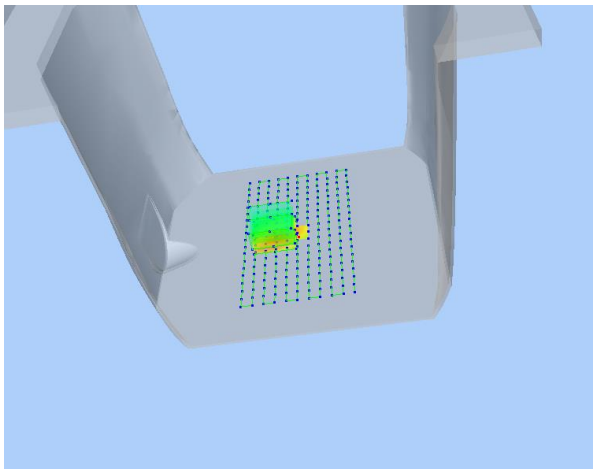
Maximum location: X=-17.00, Y=-2.00

SAR Peak: 2.35 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	**0.770893**
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	**1.392294**

Z (mm)	**0.00**	**4.00**	**9.00**	**14.00**	**19.00**
SAR (W/Kg)	**2.3455**	**1.4897**	**0.8323**	**0.4822**	**0.3068**



3D screen shot	**Hot spot position**
	

MEASUREMENT 26

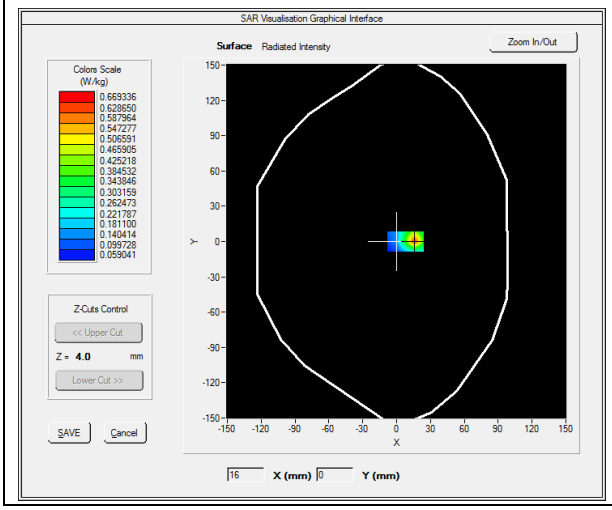
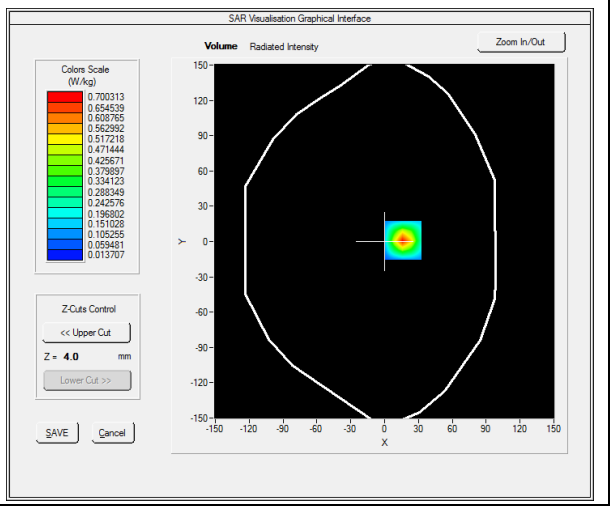
Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 2020-06-08
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Bottom
Band	WCDMA1900_RMC
Channels	Middle
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.420415
Conductivity (S/m)	1.501966
Power Variation (%)	0.706372
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.3

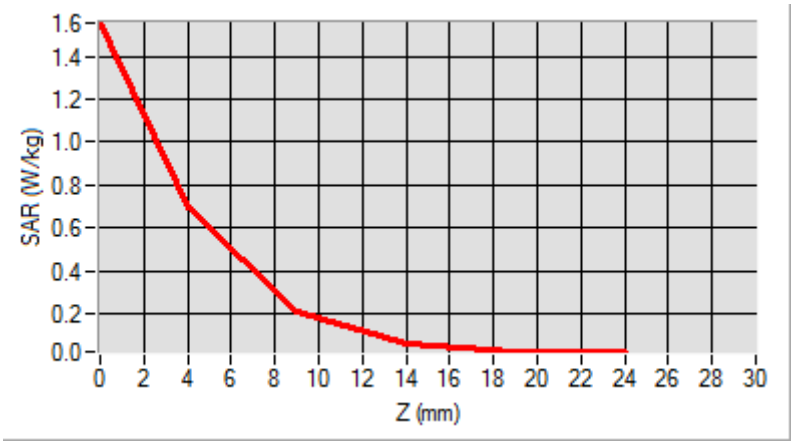
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

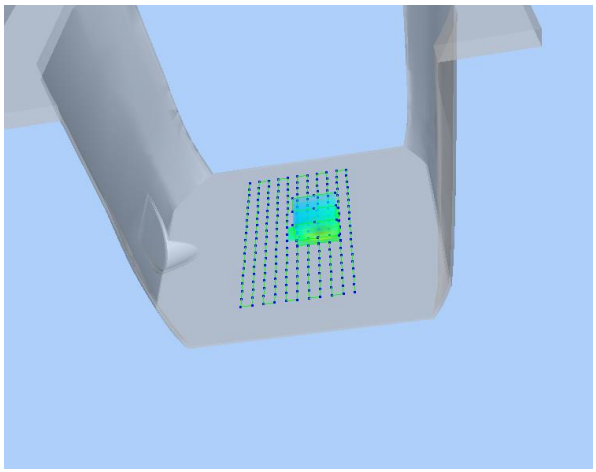
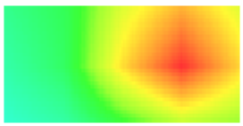
Maximum location: X=16.00, Y=1.00

SAR Peak: 1.54 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	**0.255547**
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	**0.647805**

Z (mm)	**0.00**	**4.00**	**9.00**	**14.00**	**19.00**
SAR (W/Kg)	**1.5537**	**0.7003**	**0.2137**	**0.0616**	**0.0294**



3D screen shot	**Hot spot position**
	

MEASUREMENT 29

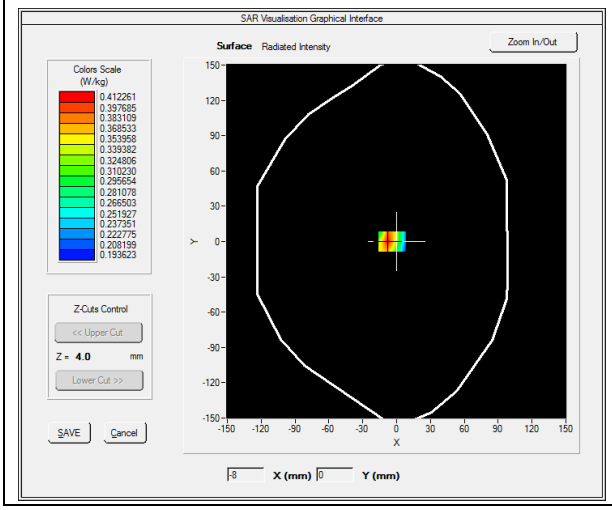
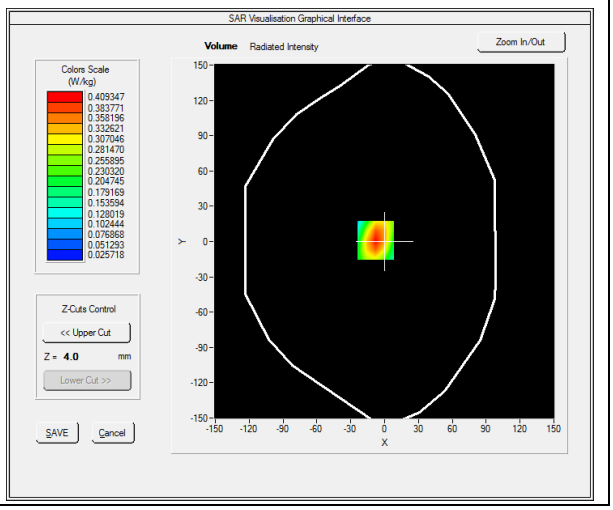
Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Date of measurement: 2020-06-08
Measurement duration: 12 minutes 3 seconds
E-field Probe: SSE2 - SN 45/15 EPGO280; ConvF: Refer to the Calibration Certificate; Calibrated: 2019/07/08

A. Experimental conditions

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm
Zoom Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Flat Plane
Device Position	Right
Band	WiFi_802.11b
Channels	High
Signal	Duty Cycle 1:1

B. SAR Measurement Results

Frequency (MHz)	2462.000000
Relative Permittivity (real part)	52.010212
Conductivity (S/m)	1.910255
Power Variation (%)	0.462345
Ambient Temperature	21.1
Liquid Temperature	21.2

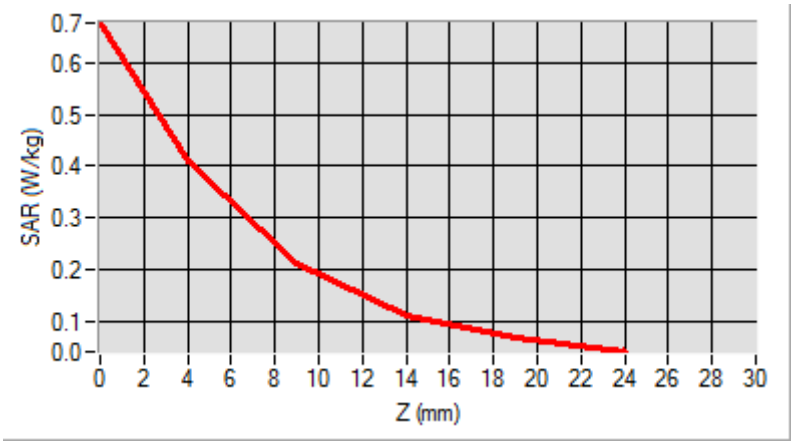
SURFACE SAR	VOLUME SAR
	

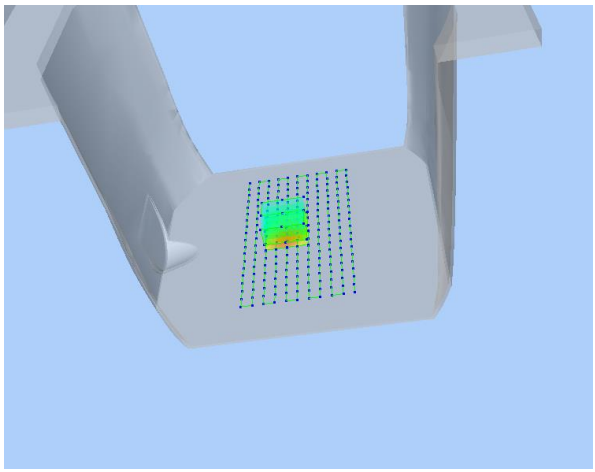
Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=1.00

SAR Peak: 0.68 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	**0.204920**
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	**0.383691**

Z (mm)	**0.00**	**4.00**	**9.00**	**14.00**	**19.00**
SAR (W/Kg)	**0.6770**	**0.4093**	**0.2114**	**0.1118**	**0.0652**



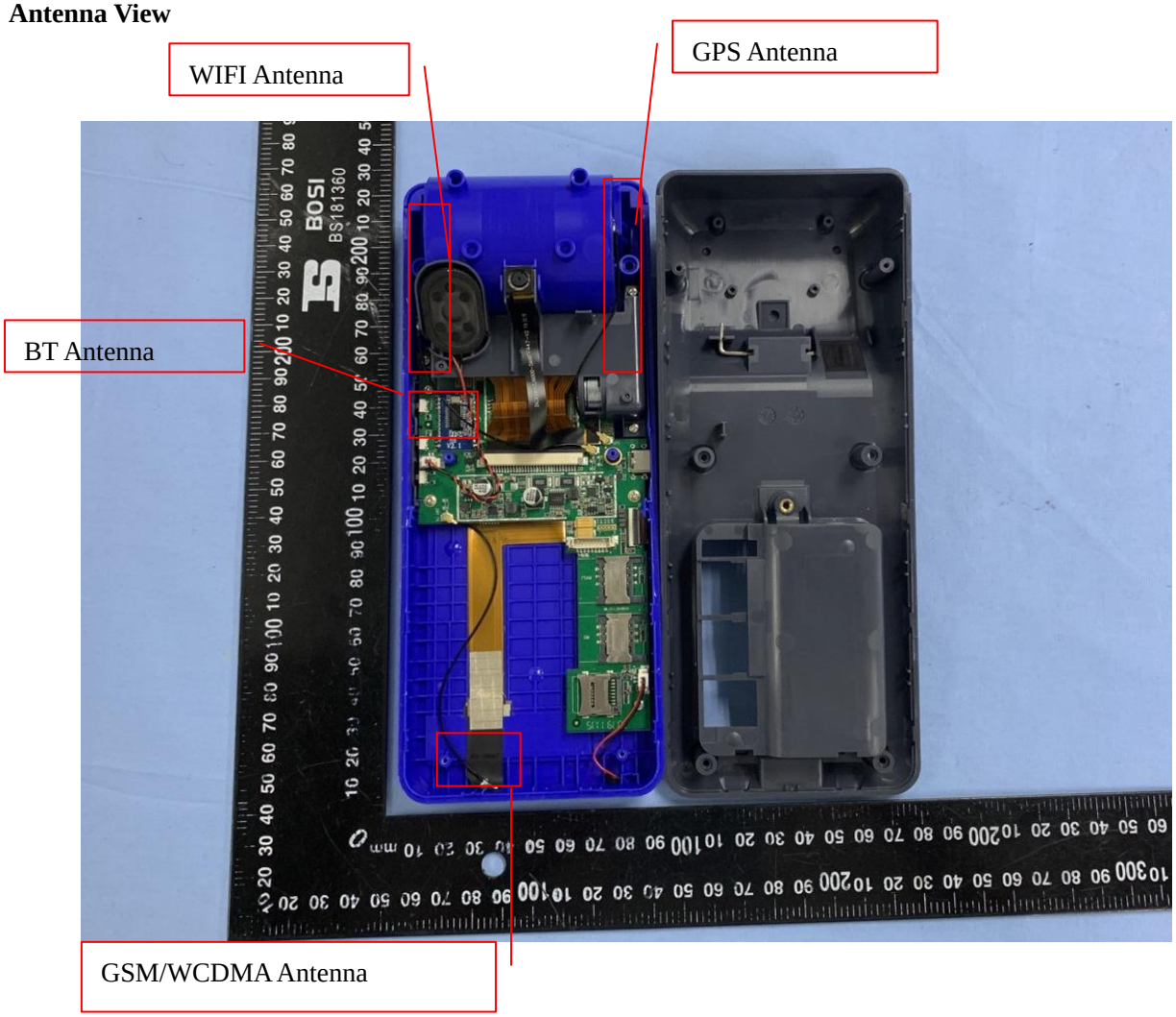
3D screen shot	**Hot spot position**
	

Annex C. EUT Photos

EUT View Front

EUT View Back

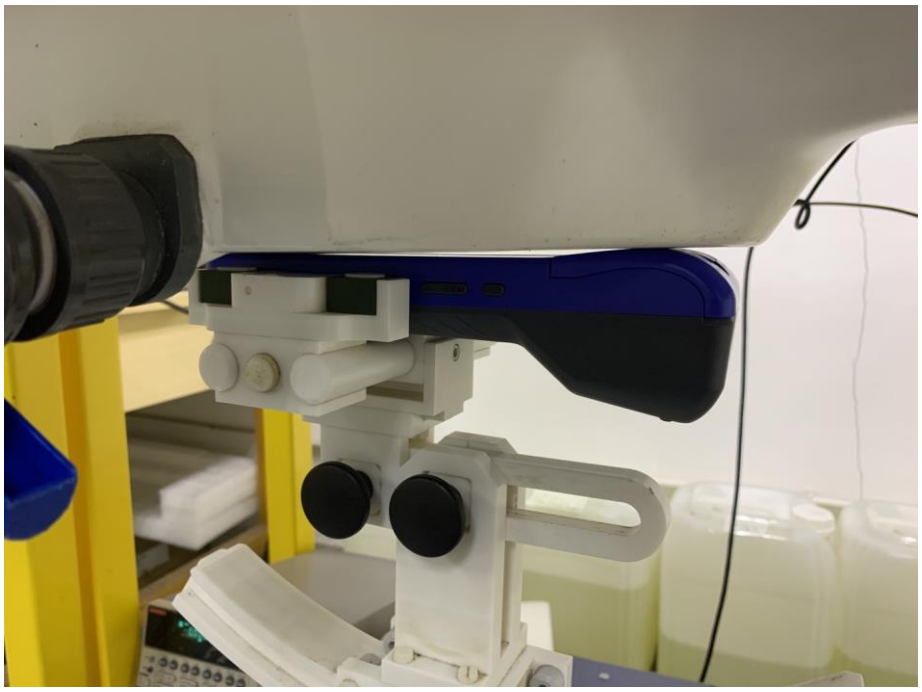
Antenna View



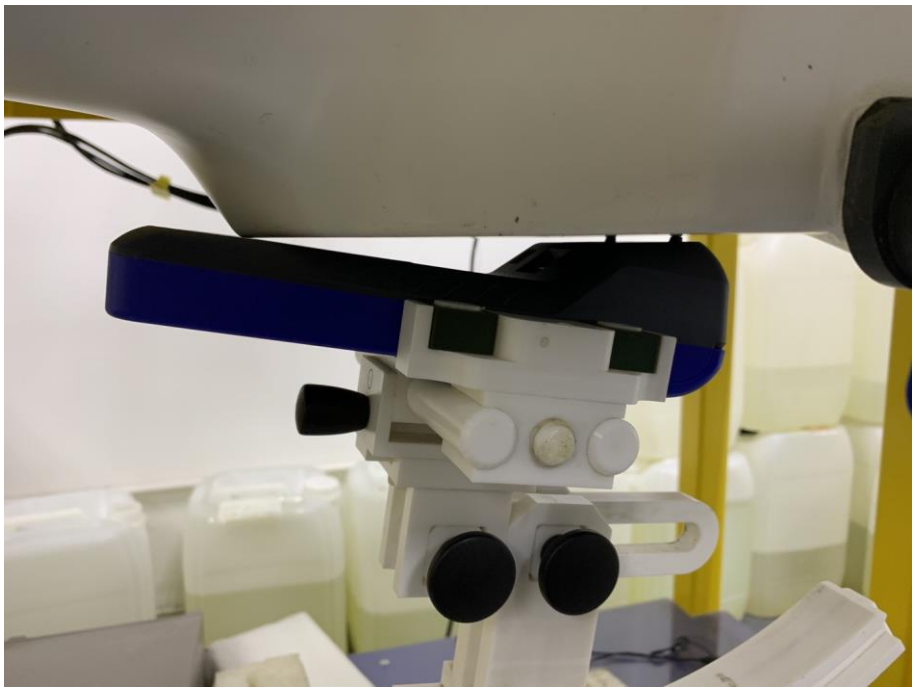
Annex D. Test Setup Photos

Body Exposure Conditions

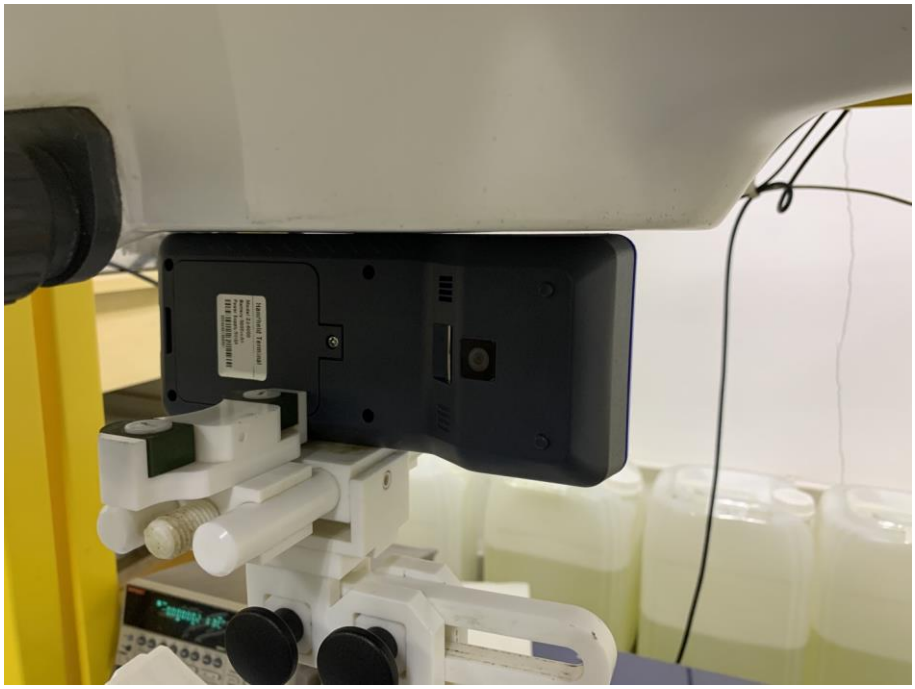
Body Front



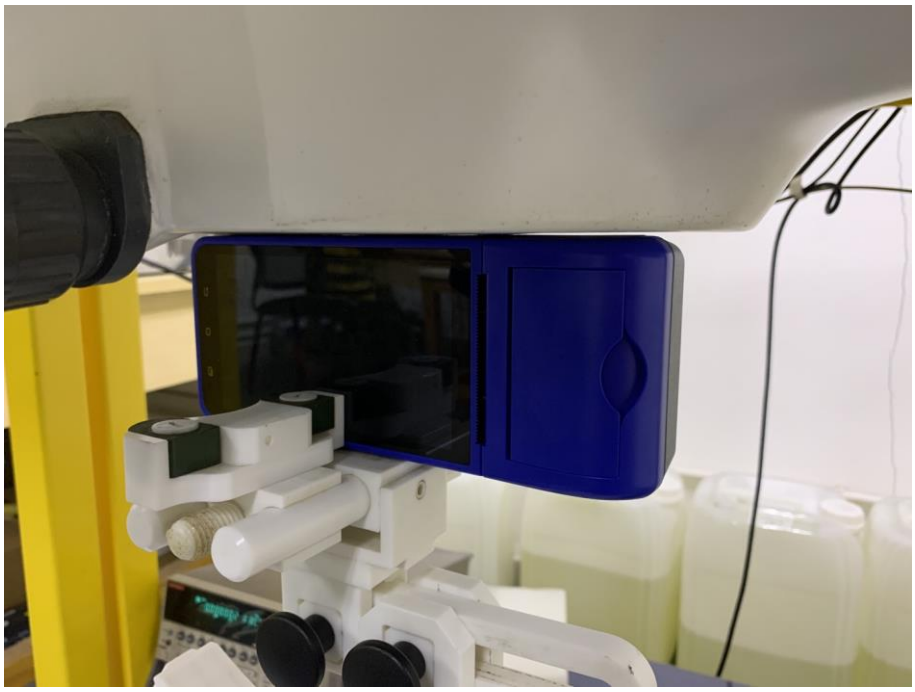
Body Back



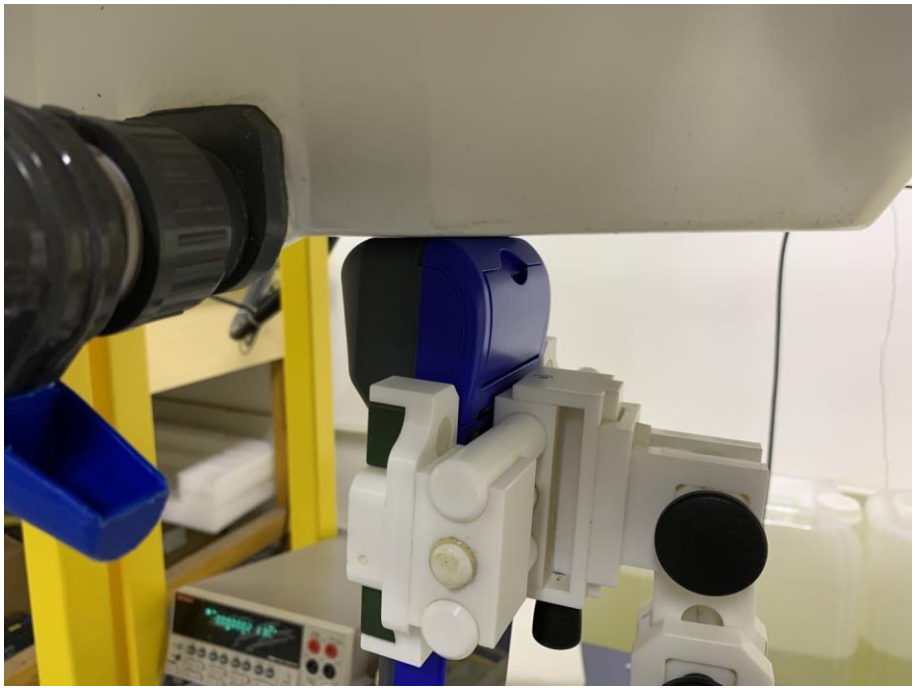
Body Right



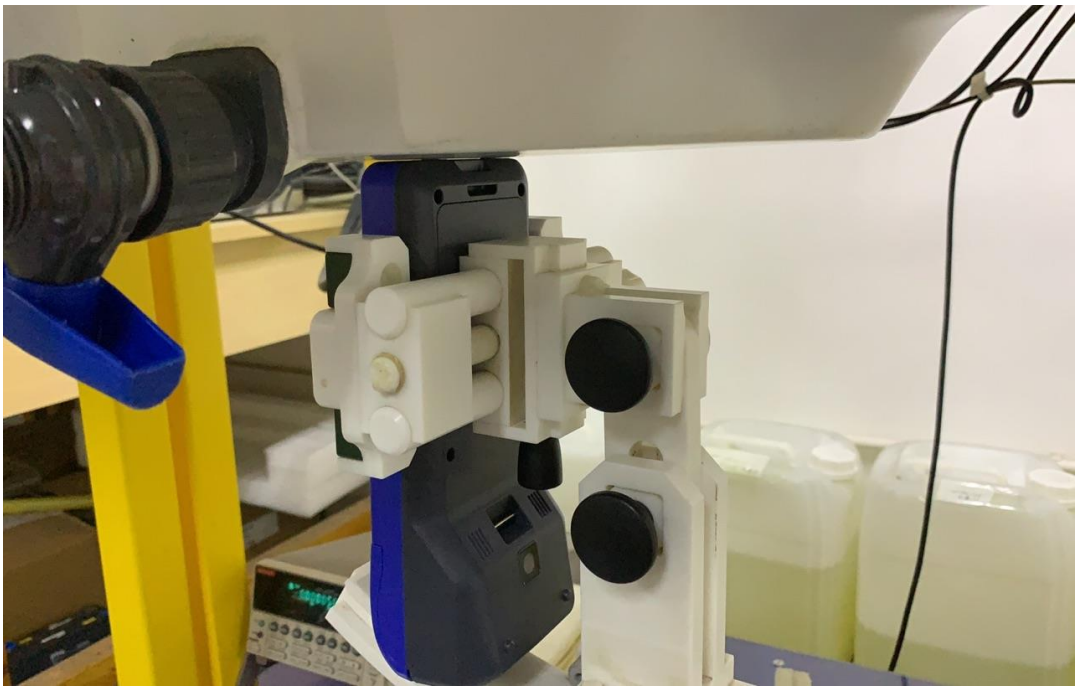
Body Left



Body Top



Body Bottom



Annex E. Calibration Certificate

Please refer to the Exhibit for the Calibration Certificate

******* END OF REPORT *******