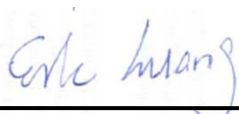


FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : ZTE CORPORATION
EQUIPMENT : LTE/WCDMA HOTSPOT
BRAND NAME : ZTE
MODEL NAME : Z289L
FCC ID : SRQ-Z289L
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE 1528-2003

The product was completely tested on Nov. 18, 2013. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager



Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.

1F, Building A3, No. 39 Chuangye Rd., Xi'an Hi-tech Zone, Shanxi Province, P.R.C.



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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA3O1008	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Dec. 09, 2013

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **ZTE CORPORATION**

DUT: LTE/WCDMA HOTSPOT, Brand Name: ZTE, Model Name: Z289L are as follows.

<Highest SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)
Body (Separation 1cm)	WCDMA Band V	0.42	PCB	1.44
	WCDMA Band IV	1.09		
	WCDMA Band II	1.34		
	LTE Band 2	1.44		
	LTE Band 4	1.14		
	LTE Band 5	0.59		
	LTE Band 17	0.60		
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.30	DTS	0.30

<Highest Simultaneous transmission SAR>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Equipment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1g-SAR (W/kg)
Body (Separation 1cm)	WCDMA Band II	PCB	1.56
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	DTS	

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

2. Administration Data

2.1 Testing Laboratory

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.
Test Site Location	1F, Building A3, No. 39 Chuangye Rd., Xi'an Hi-tech Zone, Shanxi Province, P. R. C. TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791

2.2 Applicant

Company Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P. R. China

2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P. R. China

2.4 Application Details

Date of Start during the Test	Nov. 13, 2013
Date of End during the Test	Nov. 18, 2013

3. General Information

3.1 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Feature & Specification	
EUT	LTE/WCDMA HOTSPOT
Brand Name	ZTE
Model Name	Z289L
FCC ID	SRQ-Z289L
IMEI Code	359528030001744
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz
Mode	• RMC 12.2Kbps Rel 99 • HSDPA Rel 7, Cat18 • HSUPA Rel 6, Cat6 • HSPA+ Rel 7, Cat 18 (Downlink Only) • LTE: QPSK, 16QAM • 802.11b/g/n HT20
Antenna Type	WWAN: LDS Antenna WLAN: Monopole Antenna
HW Version	Z289LHWV1.0
SW Version	TF_US_Z289LV0.0.0B01
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark: 1. The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description. 2. Voice call is not supported. 3. 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz frequency band. 4. This device, WLAN 2.4GHz supports hotspot operation.	

3.2 Maximum RF output power among production units

Mode	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band IV
	average power(dBm)		
RMC 12.2K	23.0	22.8	22.8
HSDPA Subtest-1	21.5	21.5	21.5
HSDPA Subtest-2	21.5	21.5	21.5
HSDPA Subtest-3	21.5	21.5	21.5
HSDPA Subtest-4	21.5	21.5	21.5
HSUPA Subtest-1	21.5	21.5	21.5
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.0	21.0	21.5
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.0	21.0	21.0
HSUPA Subtest-4	21.5	21.5	21.5
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.0	21.0	21.0

Mode	IEEE 802.11 Average Power (dBm)		
	b	g	n-HT20
WLAN 2.4GHz	18.5	17	18

LTE Band 17				
average power(dBm)				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	Target MPR	Target Power
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	24
QPSK	10	> 12	1	23
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	23
16QAM	10	> 12	2	22
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	24
QPSK	5	> 8	1	23
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	23
16QAM	5	> 8	2	22

LTE Band 5				
average power(dBm)				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	Target MPR	Target Power
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	23.5
QPSK	10	> 12	1	22.5
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	22.5
16QAM	10	> 12	2	21.5
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	23.5
QPSK	5	> 8	1	22.5
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	22.5
16QAM	5	> 8	2	21.5
QPSK	3	≤ 4	0	23.5
QPSK	3	> 4	1	22.5
16QAM	3	≤ 4	1	22.5
16QAM	3	> 4	2	21.5
QPSK	1.4	≤ 5	0	23.5
QPSK	1.4	> 5	1	22.5
16QAM	1.4	≤ 5	1	22.5
16QAM	1.4	> 5	2	21.5

LTE Band 4				
average power(dBm)				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	Target MPR	Target Power
QPSK	20	≤ 18	0	23
QPSK	20	> 18	1	22
16QAM	20	≤ 18	1	22
16QAM	20	> 18	2	21
QPSK	15	≤ 16	0	23
QPSK	15	> 16	1	22
16QAM	15	≤ 16	1	22
16QAM	15	> 16	2	21
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	23
QPSK	10	> 12	1	22
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	22
16QAM	10	> 12	2	21
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	23
QPSK	5	> 8	1	22
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	22
16QAM	5	> 8	2	21
QPSK	3	≤ 4	0	23
QPSK	3	> 4	1	22
16QAM	3	≤ 4	1	22
16QAM	3	> 4	2	21
QPSK	1.4	≤ 5	0	23
QPSK	1.4	> 5	1	22
16QAM	1.4	≤ 5	1	22
16QAM	1.4	> 5	2	21

LTE Band 2				
average power(dBm)				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	Target MPR	Target Power
QPSK	20	≤ 18	0	22.8
QPSK	20	> 18	1	21.8
16QAM	20	≤ 18	1	21.8
16QAM	20	> 18	2	20.8
QPSK	15	≤ 16	0	22.8
QPSK	15	> 16	1	21.8
16QAM	15	≤ 16	1	21.8
16QAM	15	> 16	2	20.8
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	22.8
QPSK	10	> 12	1	21.8
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	21.8
16QAM	10	> 12	2	20.8
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	22.8
QPSK	5	> 8	1	21.8
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	21.8
16QAM	5	> 8	2	20.8
QPSK	3	≤ 4	0	22.8
QPSK	3	> 4	1	21.8
16QAM	3	≤ 4	1	21.8
16QAM	3	> 4	2	20.8
QPSK	1.4	≤ 5	0	22.8
QPSK	1.4	> 5	1	21.8
16QAM	1.4	≤ 5	1	21.8
16QAM	1.4	> 5	2	20.8

Remark:

1. By design, maximum LTE RF power of smaller supported bandwidth does not exceed the RF power of largest supported bandwidth; the information is included in "tune-up procedure" exhibit
2. LTE MPR implementation is the same for normal mode and power reduction mode.

The table below summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02.

FCC ID				SRQ-Z289L								
EUT				LTE/WCDMA HOTSPOT								
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band				LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz								
				LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz								
				LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz								
				LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz								
Channel Bandwidth				1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz								
Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
Band 17												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz					Bandwidth 10 MHz						
	Channel #		Frequency (MHz)			Channel #			Frequency (MHz)			
L	23755		706.5			23780			709			
M	23790		710			23790			710			
H	23825		713.5			23800			711			
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)		
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829				
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5				
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844				
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900



LTE category, uplink modulations used	Category 3, QPSK, and 16QAM																																						
LTE transmitter and antenna implementation (standalone or sharing hardware components / antennas)	LTE and WCDMA share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.																																						
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Data only																																						
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Yes, per 3GPP TS 36.101 v11.0.0 Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3 <table><tr><th rowspan="2">Modulation</th><th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)</th><th rowspan="2">MPR (dB)</th></tr><tr><th>1.4 MHz</th><th>3.0 MHz</th><th>5 MHz</th><th>10 MHz</th><th>15 MHz</th><th>20 MHz</th></tr><tr><td>QPSK</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 1</td></tr><tr><td>16 QAM</td><td>≤ 5</td><td>≤ 4</td><td>≤ 8</td><td>≤ 12</td><td>≤ 16</td><td>≤ 18</td><td>≤ 1</td></tr><tr><td>16 QAM</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 2</td></tr></table>	Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)																																
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz																																	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1																																
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1																																
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2																																
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing.																																						
Base station simulator used for Testing	Anritsu MT8820C																																						
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	No, The EUT doesn't support power reduction.																																						

3.3 Applied Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r01
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r01
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02
- FCC KDB 941225 D02 v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01r01

3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

3.5 Test Conditions

3.5.1 Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 24 °C
Humidity	< 60 %

3.5.2 Test Configuration

For WWAN SAR testing, the device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT.

During WLAN SAR testing EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool, and the transmission duty factor was monitored on the spectrum analyzer with zero-span setting

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

5. SAR Measurement System

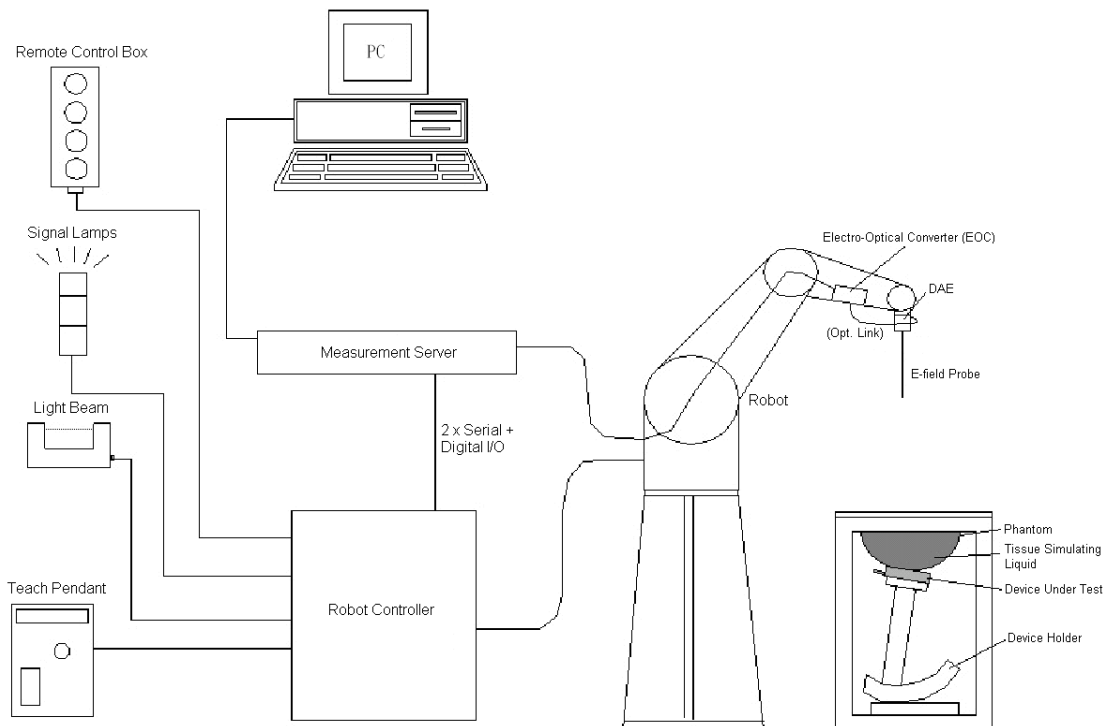


Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Component details are described in in the following sub-sections.

5.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm

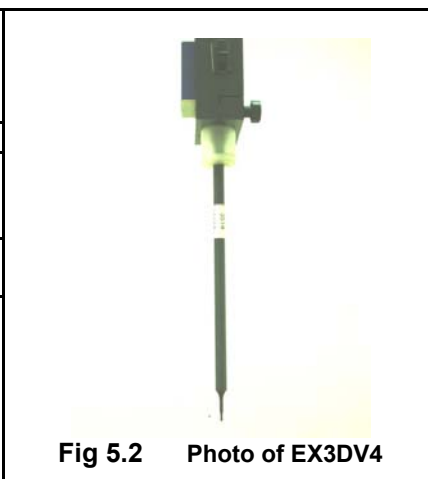


Fig 5.2 Photo of EX3DV4

5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

5.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.3 Photo of DAE

5.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ± 0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



Fig 5.4 Photo of DASY5

5.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Fig 5.5 Photo of Server for DASY5

5.5 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	 Fig 5.6 Photo of SAM Phantom
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

5.6 Device Holder

<Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig 5.7 Device Holder

5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

5.7.2 Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software :

Probe parameters :	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	dcp _i
Device parameters :	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters :	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated :

$$\text{E-field Probes : } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

$$\text{H-field Probes : } H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$ for E-field Probes
 ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
 a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
 f = carrier frequency [GHz]
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
 H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude) :

$$E_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$\text{SAR} = E_{\text{tot}}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
 ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm^3

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

5.8 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	735MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1087	Apr. 09, 2013	Apr. 08, 2014
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d151	Mar. 25, 2013	Mar. 24, 2014
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	Mar. 27, 2013	Mar. 26, 2014
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	Mar. 27, 2013	Mar. 26, 2014
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	Mar. 26, 2013	Mar. 25, 2014
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1358	Apr. 08, 2013	Apr. 07, 2014
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3911	Apr. 11, 2013	Apr. 10, 2014
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	MY44300751	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1753	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1754	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201107506	Apr. 01, 2013	Mar. 31, 2014
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102600	Nov.17, 2013	Nov.16, 2014
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	Apr. 22, 2013	Apr. 21, 2014
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218010	Mar. 28, 2013	Mar. 27, 2014
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207253	Mar. 28, 2013	Mar. 27, 2014
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201107506	Apr. 01, 2013	Mar. 31, 2014
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note 2	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note 2	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note 2	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note 2	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	328767	Note 3	
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	101230	Jun. 13, 2013	Jun. 12, 2014

Table 5.1 Test Equipment List

Note:

1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
2. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
3. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it
4. Attenuator 1 insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.

6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1.



Fig 6.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

Table 6.1 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an SPEAG 85070E Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Body	22.7	0.97	54.642	0.96	55.5	1.04	-1.55	±5	Nov. 15, 2013
835	Body	22.6	0.994	55.57	0.97	55.2	2.47	0.67	±5	Nov. 15, 2013
1750	Body	22.5	1.522	54.345	1.49	53.4	2.15	1.77	±5	Nov. 14, 2013
1900	Body	22.8	1.552	53.476	1.52	53.3	2.11	0.33	±5	Nov. 13, 2013
2450	Body	22.7	1.927	51.138	1.95	52.7	-1.18	-2.96	±5	Nov. 18, 2013

Table 6.2 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

7. System Verification Procedures

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

7.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

7.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

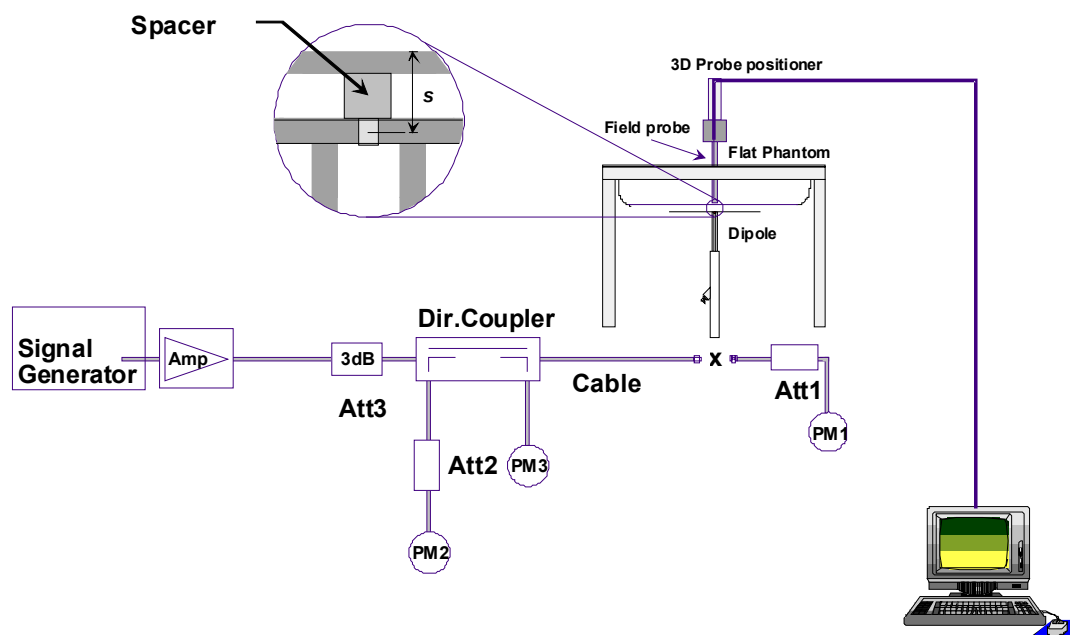


Fig 7.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

1. Signal Generator
2. Amplifier
3. Directional Coupler
4. Power Meter
5. Calibrated Dipole


Fig 7.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

7.3 SAR System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 7.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
Nov. 15, 2013	750	Body	250	2.09	8.58	8.36	-2.56
Nov. 15, 2013	835	Body	250	2.50	9.43	10	6.04
Nov. 14, 2013	1750	Body	250	9.03	38.1	36.12	-5.20
Nov. 13, 2013	1900	Body	250	10.1	41.2	40.4	-1.94
Nov. 18, 2013	2450	Body	250	13.4	50.4	53.6	6.35

Table 7.1 Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized

8. EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in six different positions. They are Front/Back/Left Side/Right Side/Bottom Side//Top Side of EUT. In these positions, the surface of EUT is touching with phantom 1 cm, Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

8.1 Hotspot Position

- (a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with all sides and either keypad up or down.
- (b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- (c) To adjust the distance between the device and the flat phantom to 1 cm.

9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

9.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \delta \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

9.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

9.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASy, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASy measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

10. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5
Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$. Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.							

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>
Note:

1. Applying the subtest setup in Table C10.1.4 and Table C.11.1.3 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 V9.1.0 to Rel. 6 HSPA.
2. Per KDB 941225 D02v02r02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/HSUPA output power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC, or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is $\leq 1.2\text{W/kg}$, HSDPA/HSUPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
3. By design, HSDPA/HSUPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.
4. It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSDPA/HSUPA subtests may differ from the specification of 3GPP, according to the chipset implementation in this model. The implementation and expected deviation are detailed in tune-up procedure exhibit.

Band			WCDMA Band V			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA Band II			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA Band IV			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel			4132	4182	4233		9262	9400	9538		1312	1413	1513	
Frequency (MHz)			826.4	836.4	846.6		1852.4	1880	1907.6		1712.4	1732.6	1752.6	
3GPP MPR (dB)	3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.80	22.84	22.71	23.0	22.51	22.71	22.77	22.8	22.65	22.71	22.58	22.8
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.40	21.43	21.29	21.5	21.24	21.42	21.45	21.5	21.24	21.27	21.11	21.5
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.32	21.33	21.27	21.5	21.21	21.32	21.44	21.5	21.22	21.23	21.10	21.5
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.30	21.33	21.23	21.5	21.20	21.36	21.38	21.5	21.22	21.16	21.07	21.5
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.29	21.32	21.22	21.5	21.22	21.36	21.37	21.5	21.20	21.15	21.09	21.5
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	21.27	21.31	21.19	21.5	20.89	21.07	21.09	21.5	21.33	21.40	21.29	21.5
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.70	20.77	20.60	21.0	20.59	20.80	20.82	21.0	21.21	21.33	21.12	21.5
1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.65	20.70	20.59	21.0	20.28	20.43	20.44	21.0	20.39	20.55	20.39	21.0
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.33	21.40	21.31	21.5	20.81	21.05	21.10	21.5	21.00	21.12	20.80	21.5
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	20.60	20.63	20.57	21.0	20.70	20.91	20.93	21.0	20.59	20.70	20.49	21.0

<LTE Conducted Power>**Note:**

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r02, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r02, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r02, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r02, when reported SAR of 1RB and 50%RB allocation for QPSK $\leq 0.8\text{W/kg}$, and 100%RB with QPSK output power is less than 1RB and 50%RB, 100%RB allocation for QPSK is not required.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r02, when reported SAR of 1RB or 50%RB allocation for QPSK $> 0.8\text{W/kg}$ for any exposure position, SAR testing of 100%RB allocation for QPSK is performed at the highest power channel.
7. 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $> \text{not } \frac{1}{2} \text{ dB}$ higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is $\leq 1.45 \text{ W/kg}$; Per KDB 941225 D05v02, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
8. Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $> \text{not } \frac{1}{2} \text{ dB}$ higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is $\leq 1.45 \text{ W/kg}$; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r02, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.

<LTE Band 17 Conducted Power>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Channel				23780	23790	23800	24	0
Frequency (MHz)				709	710	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.18	23.14	23.22		
10	QPSK	1	24	23.32	23.33	23.26	23	1
10	QPSK	1	49	23.31	23.26	23.06		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.24	22.15	22.26		
10	QPSK	25	12	22.29	22.38	22.29	23	1
10	QPSK	25	24	22.27	22.34	22.27		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.11	22.10	22.07		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.13	22.41	22.35	23	1
10	16QAM	1	24	22.49	22.12	22.43		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.49	22.25	21.96		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.30	21.37	21.26	22	2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.32	21.17	21.25		
10	16QAM	25	24	21.32	21.30	21.26		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.09	21.07	21.10	23	1
Channel				23755	23790	23825		
Frequency (MHz)				706.5	710	713.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.34	23.28	23.20	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.11	23.15	23.32		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.35	23.27	23.01		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.28	22.34	22.24	23	1
5	QPSK	12	6	22.36	22.35	22.34		
5	QPSK	12	11	22.42	22.27	22.32		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.30	22.21	22.29	23	1
5	16QAM	1	0	22.43	21.84	22.17		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.90	22.51	22.11		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.44	22.38	21.78	22	2
5	16QAM	12	0	21.31	21.40	21.22		
5	16QAM	12	6	21.37	21.43	21.35		
5	16QAM	12	11	21.37	21.28	21.27	22	2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.34	21.23	21.17		

<LTE Band 5 Conducted Power>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Channel				20450	20525	20600		
Frequency (MHz)				829	836.5	844		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.83	22.77	22.83	23.5	0
10	QPSK	1	24	22.94	22.89	22.88		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.78	22.87	22.79		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.84	21.85	21.80	22.5	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.96	21.90	21.84		
10	QPSK	25	24	21.81	21.86	21.79		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.73	21.81	21.84	22.5	1
10	16QAM	1	0	21.72	22.01	22.09		
10	16QAM	1	24	22.01	22.02	21.99		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.94	21.95	21.86	21.5	2
10	16QAM	25	0	20.80	20.69	20.98		
10	16QAM	25	12	20.90	20.75	20.75		
10	16QAM	25	24	20.91	20.76	20.86	21.5	2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.74	20.75	20.77		
Channel				20425	20525	20625		
Frequency (MHz)				826.5	836.5	846.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.88	22.85	22.62	23.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.85	22.82	22.96		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.81	22.86	22.77		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.84	21.96	21.83	22.5	1
5	QPSK	12	6	21.98	21.97	21.89		
5	QPSK	12	11	21.93	21.96	21.96		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.85	21.96	21.83	22.5	1
5	16QAM	1	0	21.76	21.57	21.64		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.03	22.10	21.59		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.63	21.85	21.66	21.5	2
5	16QAM	12	0	20.96	21.11	20.78		
5	16QAM	12	6	20.82	21.08	20.97		
5	16QAM	12	11	20.91	20.89	20.87	21.5	2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.76	20.91	20.82		
Channel				20415	20525	20635		
Frequency (MHz)				825.5	836.5	847.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.92	22.75	22.85	23.5	0
3	QPSK	1	7	22.91	22.84	23.02		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.85	22.83	22.80		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.98	22.03	21.92	22.5	1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.97	21.83	21.95		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.93	21.86	21.87		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.93	21.94	21.95	22.5	1
3	16QAM	1	0	21.47	21.89	21.65		
3	16QAM	1	7	21.70	21.82	21.77		
3	16QAM	1	14	22.13	21.48	21.84	21.5	2
3	16QAM	8	0	20.87	20.82	20.82		
3	16QAM	8	4	20.84	20.80	20.87		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.97	20.77	20.85	21.5	2
3	16QAM	15	0	20.89	20.83	20.87		



Channel				20407	20525	20643	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				824.7	836.5	848.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.85	22.79	22.86	23.5	0
1.4	QPSK	1	2	22.88	22.83	22.85		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.83	22.85	22.82		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.90	22.84	22.85		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.93	22.83	22.87		
1.4	QPSK	3	2	22.97	22.82	22.84		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.94	21.94	21.93	22.5	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.74	21.91	21.56	22.5	1
1.4	16QAM	1	2	22.14	21.72	21.96		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.79	21.67	21.70		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.87	22.00	21.93		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.97	21.91	21.93		
1.4	16QAM	3	2	21.97	21.99	21.81		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.10	20.94	20.75	21.5	2

<LTE Band 4 Conducted Power>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Channel				20050	20175	20300		
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.56	22.39	22.37	23	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.47	22.33	22.29		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.34	22.12	22.12		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.37	21.25	21.26	22	1
20	QPSK	50	24	21.30	21.16	21.10		
20	QPSK	50	49	21.23	21.06	21.13		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.34	21.22	21.20		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.63	21.46	21.34	22	1
20	16QAM	1	49	21.55	21.48	21.60		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.19	21.05	20.95		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.36	20.23	20.07	21	2
20	16QAM	50	24	20.37	20.22	20.10		
20	16QAM	50	49	20.29	20.16	20.27		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.27	20.24	20.16		
Channel				20025	20175	20325	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.48	22.33	22.26	23	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.39	22.40	22.23		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.25	22.13	22.24		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.45	21.24	21.23	22	1
15	QPSK	36	18	21.40	21.19	21.30		
15	QPSK	36	37	21.31	21.18	21.21		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.37	21.17	21.25		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.25	21.04	20.89	22	1
15	16QAM	1	37	21.55	20.98	21.29		
15	16QAM	1	74	20.97	20.76	21.28		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.38	20.28	20.11	21	2
15	16QAM	36	18	20.37	20.15	20.28		
15	16QAM	36	37	20.36	20.19	20.17		
15	16QAM	75	0	20.28	20.22	20.23		
Channel				20000	20175	20350	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.48	22.38	22.19	23	0
10	QPSK	1	24	22.44	22.34	22.39		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.36	22.12	22.28		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.46	21.25	21.26	22	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.42	21.15	21.31		
10	QPSK	25	24	21.37	21.21	21.23		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.32	21.16	21.22		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.70	21.55	21.40	22	1
10	16QAM	1	24	21.68	21.06	21.58		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.12	21.14	21.55		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.42	20.32	20.24	21	2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.54	20.22	20.35		
10	16QAM	25	24	20.41	20.29	20.26		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.27	20.08	20.24		



Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.59	22.21	22.35	23	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.44	22.31	22.26		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.52	22.17	22.26		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.49	21.25	21.35	22	1
5	QPSK	12	6	21.54	21.22	21.32		
5	QPSK	12	11	21.52	21.24	21.29		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.47	21.18	21.30	22	1
5	16QAM	1	0	21.74	21.56	21.17		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.39	21.08	21.41		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.35	21.57	21.36	21	2
5	16QAM	12	0	20.49	20.30	20.37		
5	16QAM	12	6	20.55	20.31	20.36		
5	16QAM	12	11	20.53	20.42	20.23	21	2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.43	20.26	20.23		
Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.57	22.29	22.30	23	0
3	QPSK	1	7	22.50	22.27	22.43		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.40	22.26	22.34		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.52	21.25	21.35	22	1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.49	21.22	21.27		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.55	21.26	21.37		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.51	21.24	21.29	22	1
3	16QAM	1	0	21.44	21.37	20.92		
3	16QAM	1	7	21.74	20.93	21.65		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.42	21.34	21.32	21	2
3	16QAM	8	0	20.47	20.28	20.24		
3	16QAM	8	4	20.42	20.28	20.23		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.45	20.21	20.31	21	2
3	16QAM	15	0	20.54	20.20	20.27		
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.56	22.18	22.36	23	0
1.4	QPSK	1	2	22.60	22.31	22.42		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.50	22.36	22.41		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.45	22.26	22.36	22	1
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.52	22.29	22.35		
1.4	QPSK	3	2	22.53	22.26	22.34		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.56	21.27	21.37	22	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.44	21.12	21.50		
1.4	16QAM	1	2	21.69	21.23	21.04		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.41	21.59	21.56	22	1
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.54	21.10	21.39		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.57	21.31	21.50		
1.4	16QAM	3	2	21.49	21.32	21.39	21	2
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.52	20.28	20.37		

<LTE Band 2 Conducted Power>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Channel				18700	18900	19100		
Frequency (MHz)				1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.19	22.39	22.17	22.8	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.31	22.52	22.36		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.13	22.41	22.18		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.05	21.32	21.21	21.8	1
20	QPSK	50	24	21.07	21.38	21.25		
20	QPSK	50	49	21.06	21.17	21.17		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.20	21.28	21.11	21.8	1
20	16QAM	1	0	21.57	21.26	21.39		
20	16QAM	1	49	21.49	21.18	21.68		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.59	21.33	20.82	20.8	2
20	16QAM	50	0	20.17	20.33	20.05		
20	16QAM	50	24	19.97	20.21	20.18		
20	16QAM	50	49	20.05	20.07	20.19	20.8	2
20	16QAM	100	0	20.16	20.22	20.18		
Channel				18675	18900	19125	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1857.5	1880	1902.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.33	22.30	22.54	22.8	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.14	22.40	22.25		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.12	22.42	22.25		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.28	21.46	21.29	21.8	1
15	QPSK	36	18	21.17	21.38	21.22		
15	QPSK	36	37	21.09	21.28	21.22		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.14	21.24	21.32	21.8	1
15	16QAM	1	0	21.50	21.25	21.40		
15	16QAM	1	37	21.44	21.42	21.22		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.40	21.14	21.50	20.8	2
15	16QAM	36	0	20.26	20.32	20.27		
15	16QAM	36	18	20.11	20.33	20.31		
15	16QAM	36	37	20.08	20.26	20.31	20.8	2
15	16QAM	75	0	20.08	20.22	20.32		
Channel				18650	18900	19150	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.28	22.39	22.53	22.8	0
10	QPSK	1	24	22.35	22.37	22.36		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.16	22.10	22.22		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.38	21.44	21.27	21.8	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.24	21.35	21.44		
10	QPSK	25	24	21.34	21.25	21.41		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.20	21.27	21.22	21.8	1
10	16QAM	1	0	21.17	21.05	21.24		
10	16QAM	1	24	21.29	21.58	21.29		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.35	21.07	21.22	20.8	2
10	16QAM	25	0	20.33	20.46	20.25		
10	16QAM	25	12	20.21	20.35	20.28		
10	16QAM	25	24	20.20	20.23	20.21	20.8	2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.10	20.23	20.20		



Channel				18625	18900	19175	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.15	22.32	22.54	22.8	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.20	22.52	22.58		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.27	22.30	22.33		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.24	21.39	21.49	21.8	1
5	QPSK	12	6	21.34	21.39	21.42		
5	QPSK	12	11	21.32	21.49	21.35		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.32	21.35	21.36	21.8	1
5	16QAM	1	0	21.16	21.20	21.35		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.46	21.53	21.25		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.02	21.18	21.54	20.8	2
5	16QAM	12	0	20.25	20.54	20.25		
5	16QAM	12	6	20.33	20.41	20.36		
5	16QAM	12	11	20.23	20.31	20.23	20.8	2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.28	20.38	20.23		
Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.23	22.34	22.26	22.8	0
3	QPSK	1	7	22.22	22.39	22.26		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.22	22.31	22.35		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.31	21.35	21.27	21.8	1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.30	21.45	21.20		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.39	21.34	21.25		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.32	21.34	21.28	21.8	1
3	16QAM	1	0	21.12	21.35	21.48		
3	16QAM	1	7	21.51	21.62	21.33		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.19	21.03	21.06	20.8	2
3	16QAM	8	0	20.15	20.37	20.16		
3	16QAM	8	4	20.23	20.39	20.26		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.23	20.39	20.29	20.8	2
3	16QAM	15	0	20.35	20.35	20.31		
Channel				18607	18900	19193	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.04	22.34	22.29	22.8	0
1.4	QPSK	1	2	22.30	22.41	22.33		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.22	22.42	22.32		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.09	22.41	22.43	21.8	1
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.18	22.47	22.40		
1.4	QPSK	3	2	22.17	22.47	22.39		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.24	21.50	21.38	21.8	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.33	21.58	21.33		
1.4	16QAM	1	2	21.17	21.34	21.22		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.39	21.37	21.56	21.8	1
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.20	21.31	21.41		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.08	21.28	21.50		
1.4	16QAM	3	2	21.25	21.42	21.57	20.8	2
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.20	20.39	20.55		

<WLAN 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

WLAN 2.4GHz Band 802.11b Average Power (dBm)					
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (bps)			
		1M	2M	5.5M	11M
CH 01	2412	17.39	17.76	17.62	17.62
CH 06	2437	17.82	17.64	17.55	18.36
CH 11	2462	18.04	17.94	17.92	18.42

WLAN 2.4GHz Band 802.11g Average Power (dBm)									
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (bps)							
		6M	9M	12M	18M	24M	36M	48M	54M
CH 01	2412	16.22	16.29	16.27	16.39	16.23	16.24	16.27	16.34
CH 06	2437	16.37	16.51	16.51	16.53	16.79	16.67	16.50	16.40
CH 11	2462	16.90	16.77	16.82	16.87	16.66	16.75	16.86	16.78

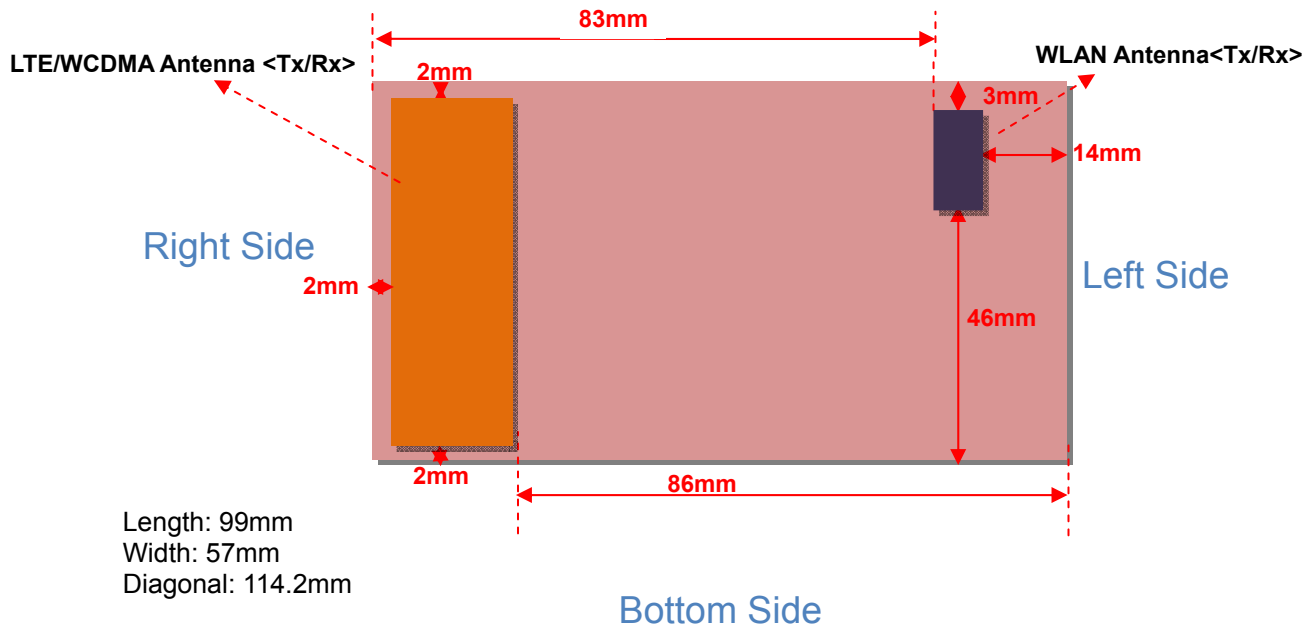
WLAN 2.4GHz Band 802.11n (HT 20) Average Power (dBm)									
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index							
		MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
CH 01	2412	17.66	17.53	17.61	17.64	17.71	16.22	16.32	16.32
CH 06	2437	17.55	17.56	17.7	17.68	17.55	16.2	16.32	16.30
CH 11	2462	17.77	17.64	17.71	17.68	17.73	16.19	16.34	16.31

Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
2. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.
3. Apply the test exclusion rule in KDB 248227 D01 v01r02 11g and 11n-HT20 output power is less than 1/4dB higher than 11b mode, thus the SAR can be excluded.

11. Antenna Location

Top Side



Back View

Antennas	Wireless Interface
LTE Antenna <Tx / Rx>	LTE Band 2 / Band 4 / Band 5 / Band 17
WCDMA Antenna <Tx / Rx>	WCDMA Band II / Band IV / Band V
WLAN Antenna <Tx / Rx>	WLAN 2.4GHz

Note:

1. This product has two antenna paths, one for LTE/ WCDMA, and one for WLAN.
2. The LTE and WCDMA share the same antenna path and cannot transmit simultaneously.

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	86mm
WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	46mm	83mm	≤ 25mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

Note:

- Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
- Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

12. SAR Test Results

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel reported SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- For Hotspot SAR testing, per KDB 941225 D06v01r01, for EUT dimension ≥ 9 cm*5cm, the test distance is 1cm. SAR must be measured for all surfaces and sides with a transmitting antenna located within 2.5cm from that surface or edge.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r02, when reported SAR of 1RB and 50%RB allocation for QPSK > 0.8 W/kg for any exposure position, SAR testing of 100%RB allocation for QPSK is performed at the highest power channel.
- 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg.
- SAR testing of 100%RB allocation for QPSK, if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

12.1 Body SAR

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
67	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	4182	836.4	22.84	23.0	1.038	-0.12	0.383	0.397
68	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4182	836.4	22.84	23.0	1.038	-0.07	0.400	0.415
69	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	4182	836.4	22.84	23.0	1.038	-0.13	0.085	0.088
70	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	4182	836.4	22.84	23.0	1.038	-0.13	0.255	0.265
71	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Top Side	1	4182	836.4	22.84	23.0	1.038	-0.16	0.257	0.267
34	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	1413	1732.6	22.71	22.8	1.021	-0.08	0.576	0.588
35	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	1413	1732.6	22.71	22.8	1.021	-0.05	0.831	0.848
36	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	1413	1732.6	22.71	22.8	1.021	-0.03	0.976	0.996
37	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	1413	1732.6	22.71	22.8	1.021	-0.13	0.375	0.383
38	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Top Side	1	1413	1732.6	22.71	22.8	1.021	-0.02	0.141	0.144
39	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	1312	1712.4	22.65	22.8	1.035	-0.08	0.753	0.779
40	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	1513	1752.6	22.58	22.8	1.052	-0.09	0.861	0.906
41	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	1312	1712.4	22.65	22.8	1.035	-0.06	0.883	0.914
42	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	1513	1752.6	22.58	22.8	1.052	-0.05	1.040	1.094
01	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	9538	1907.6	22.77	22.8	1.007	-0.09	0.626	0.630
02	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9538	1907.6	22.77	22.8	1.007	-0.16	1.240	1.249
03	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	9538	1907.6	22.77	22.8	1.007	-0.02	1.110	1.118
04	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	9538	1907.6	22.77	22.8	1.007	-0.04	0.624	0.628
05	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Top Side	1	9538	1907.6	22.77	22.8	1.007	-0.04	0.089	0.090
06	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9262	1852.4	22.51	22.8	1.069	-0.02	1.200	1.283
07	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9400	1880	22.71	22.8	1.021	-0.05	1.310	1.337
08	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	9262	1852.4	22.51	22.8	1.069	-0.01	0.993	1.062
09	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	9400	1880	22.71	22.8	1.021	0.07	1.080	1.103

**<LTE SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
10	LTE Band 2	20	1	49	QPSK	Front	1	18900	1880	22.52	22.8	1.067	-0.02	0.694	0.740
11	LTE Band 2	20	1	49	QPSK	Back	1	18900	1880	22.52	22.8	1.067	-0.04	1.350	1.440
12	LTE Band 2	20	1	49	QPSK	Right Side	1	18900	1880	22.52	22.8	1.067	-0.07	1.220	1.301
13	LTE Band 2	20	1	49	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	18900	1880	22.52	22.8	1.067	-0.18	0.674	0.719
14	LTE Band 2	20	1	49	QPSK	Top Side	1	18900	1880	22.52	22.8	1.067	-0.04	0.115	0.123
15	LTE Band 2	20	1	49	QPSK	Back	1	18700	1860	22.31	22.8	1.119	-0.02	1.010	1.131
16	LTE Band 2	20	1	49	QPSK	Back	1	19100	1900	22.36	22.8	1.107	0.02	1.150	1.273
17	LTE Band 2	20	1	49	QPSK	Right Side	1	18700	1860	22.31	22.8	1.119	-0.06	0.877	0.982
18	LTE Band 2	20	1	49	QPSK	Right Side	1	19100	1900	22.36	22.8	1.107	-0.06	1.080	1.195
19	LTE Band 2	20	50	24	QPSK	Front	1	18900	1880	21.38	21.8	1.102	-0.09	0.519	0.572
20	LTE Band 2	20	50	24	QPSK	Back	1	18900	1880	21.38	21.8	1.102	-0.02	1.100	1.212
21	LTE Band 2	20	50	24	QPSK	Right Side	1	18900	1880	21.38	21.8	1.102	-0.06	0.882	0.972
22	LTE Band 2	20	50	24	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	18900	1880	21.38	21.8	1.102	-0.14	0.510	0.562
23	LTE Band 2	20	50	24	QPSK	Top Side	1	18900	1880	21.38	21.8	1.102	-0.01	0.085	0.094
31	LTE Band 2	20	50	24	QPSK	Back	1	18700	1860	21.07	21.8	1.183	-0.09	0.824	0.975
32	LTE Band 2	20	50	24	QPSK	Back	1	19100	1900	21.25	21.8	1.135	0.08	0.883	1.002
24	LTE Band 2	20	50	24	QPSK	Right Side	1	18700	1860	21.07	21.8	1.183	-0.05	0.692	0.819
25	LTE Band 2	20	50	24	QPSK	Right Side	1	19100	1900	21.25	21.8	1.135	-0.02	0.822	0.933
26	LTE Band 2	20	100	0	QPSK	Front	1	18900	1880	21.28	21.8	1.127	-0.08	0.500	0.564
27	LTE Band 2	20	100	0	QPSK	Back	1	18900	1880	21.28	21.8	1.127	-0.07	1.040	1.172
28	LTE Band 2	20	100	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	18900	1880	21.28	21.8	1.127	-0.09	0.882	0.994
29	LTE Band 2	20	100	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	18900	1880	21.28	21.8	1.127	-0.16	0.501	0.565
30	LTE Band 2	20	100	0	QPSK	Top Side	1	18900	1880	21.28	21.8	1.127	-0.09	0.084	0.095



FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : FA3O1008

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
43	LTE Band 4	20	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	20050	1720	22.56	23	1.107	-0.18	0.485	0.537
44	LTE Band 4	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20050	1720	22.56	23	1.107	-0.07	0.944	1.045
45	LTE Band 4	20	1	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20050	1720	22.56	23	1.107	-0.08	0.948	1.049
46	LTE Band 4	20	1	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	20050	1720	22.56	23	1.107	0.01	0.304	0.336
47	LTE Band 4	20	1	0	QPSK	Top Side	1	20050	1720	22.56	23	1.107	-0.07	0.145	0.160
48	LTE Band 4	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	22.39	23	1.151	-0.02	0.992	1.142
49	LTE Band 4	20	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20300	1745	22.37	23	1.156	-0.13	0.918	1.061
50	LTE Band 4	20	1	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20175	1732.5	22.39	23	1.151	-0.13	0.979	1.127
51	LTE Band 4	20	1	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20300	1745	22.37	23	1.156	-0.15	0.972	1.124
52	LTE Band 4	20	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	20050	1720	21.37	22	1.156	-0.04	0.428	0.495
53	LTE Band 4	20	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20050	1720	21.37	22	1.156	-0.02	0.747	0.864
54	LTE Band 4	20	50	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20050	1720	21.37	22	1.156	-0.01	0.747	0.864
55	LTE Band 4	20	50	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	20050	1720	21.37	22	1.156	-0.01	0.258	0.298
56	LTE Band 4	20	50	0	QPSK	Top Side	1	20050	1720	21.37	22	1.156	-0.02	0.117	0.135
57	LTE Band 4	20	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	21.25	22	1.189	-0.03	0.701	0.833
58	LTE Band 4	20	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20300	1745	21.26	22	1.186	-0.12	0.695	0.824
59	LTE Band 4	20	50	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20175	1732.5	21.25	22	1.189	-0.03	0.738	0.877
60	LTE Band 4	20	50	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20300	1745	21.26	22	1.186	-0.01	0.762	0.904
61	LTE Band 4	20	100	0	QPSK	Front	1	20050	1720	21.34	22	1.164	-0.02	0.455	0.530
62	LTE Band 4	20	100	0	QPSK	Back	1	20050	1720	21.34	22	1.164	-0.17	0.749	0.872
63	LTE Band 4	20	100	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20050	1720	21.34	22	1.164	-0.05	0.743	0.865
64	LTE Band 4	20	100	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	20050	1720	21.34	22	1.164	-0.10	0.278	0.324
65	LTE Band 4	20	100	0	QPSK	Top Side	1	20050	1720	21.34	22	1.164	-0.01	0.119	0.139

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
72	LTE Band 5	10	1	24	QPSK	Front	1	20450	829	22.94	23.5	1.138	-0.15	0.496	0.564
73	LTE Band 5	10	1	24	QPSK	Back	1	20450	829	22.94	23.5	1.138	-0.17	0.519	0.590
74	LTE Band 5	10	1	24	QPSK	Right Side	1	20450	829	22.94	23.5	1.138	-0.12	0.099	0.113
75	LTE Band 5	10	1	24	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	20450	829	22.94	23.5	1.138	-0.02	0.299	0.340
76	LTE Band 5	10	1	24	QPSK	Top Side	1	20450	829	22.94	23.5	1.138	-0.11	0.336	0.382
77	LTE Band 5	10	25	12	QPSK	Front	1	20450	829	21.96	22.5	1.132	-0.01	0.401	0.454
78	LTE Band 5	10	25	12	QPSK	Back	1	20450	829	21.96	22.5	1.132	-0.04	0.405	0.459
79	LTE Band 5	10	25	12	QPSK	Right Side	1	20450	829	21.96	22.5	1.132	-0.07	0.076	0.086
80	LTE Band 5	10	25	12	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	20450	829	21.96	22.5	1.132	-0.13	0.229	0.259
81	LTE Band 5	10	25	12	QPSK	Top Side	1	20450	829	21.96	22.5	1.132	-0.09	0.257	0.291
82	LTE Band 17	10	1	24	QPSK	Front	1	23790	710	23.33	24	1.167	-0.08	0.496	0.579
83	LTE Band 17	10	1	24	QPSK	Back	1	23790	710	23.33	24	1.167	-0.10	0.511	0.596
84	LTE Band 17	10	1	24	QPSK	Right Side	1	23790	710	23.33	24	1.167	-0.06	0.138	0.161
85	LTE Band 17	10	1	24	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	23790	710	23.33	24	1.167	-0.02	0.197	0.230
86	LTE Band 17	10	1	24	QPSK	Top Side	1	23790	710	23.33	24	1.167	-0.16	0.256	0.299
87	LTE Band 17	10	25	12	QPSK	Front	1	23790	710	22.38	23	1.153	-0.02	0.415	0.479
88	LTE Band 17	10	25	12	QPSK	Back	1	23790	710	22.38	23	1.153	-0.16	0.434	0.501
89	LTE Band 17	10	25	12	QPSK	Right Side	1	23790	710	22.38	23	1.153	-0.16	0.110	0.127
90	LTE Band 17	10	25	12	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	23790	710	22.38	23	1.153	-0.04	0.162	0.187
91	LTE Band 17	10	25	12	QPSK	Top Side	1	23790	710	22.38	23	1.153	-0.17	0.207	0.239

<WLAN2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
92	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Front	1	11	2462	18.04	18.5	1.112	0.03	0.140	0.156
93	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Back	1	11	2462	18.04	18.5	1.112	-0.05	0.198	0.220
94	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Left Side	1	11	2462	18.04	18.5	1.112	-0.04	0.179	0.199
95	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Top Side	1	11	2462	18.04	18.5	1.112	0.04	0.272	0.302
96	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 11Mbps	Top Side	1	11	2462	18.42	18.5	1.019	-0.03	0.250	0.255

12.2 Repeated SAR Measurement

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
42	WCDMA Band IV	-	-	-	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	1513	1752.6	22.58	22.8	1.052	-0.05	1.040	1	1.094
66	WCDMA Band IV	-	-	-	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	1513	1752.6	22.58	22.8	1.052	-0.03	1.030	1.010	1.084
11	LTE Band 2	20	1	49	QPSK	Back	1	18900	1880	22.52	22.8	1.067	-0.04	1.350	1	1.440
33	LTE Band 2	20	1	49	QPSK	Back	1	18900	1880	22.52	22.8	1.067	-0.03	1.250	1.080	1.333

Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r01, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r01, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR < 1.45 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the largest SAR to the smallest SAR among original and repeated measurement.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

12.3 Highest SAR Plot

TestLaboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC TestingLab

Date: 2013.11.15

68 WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch4182

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.56$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch4182/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.474 W/kg

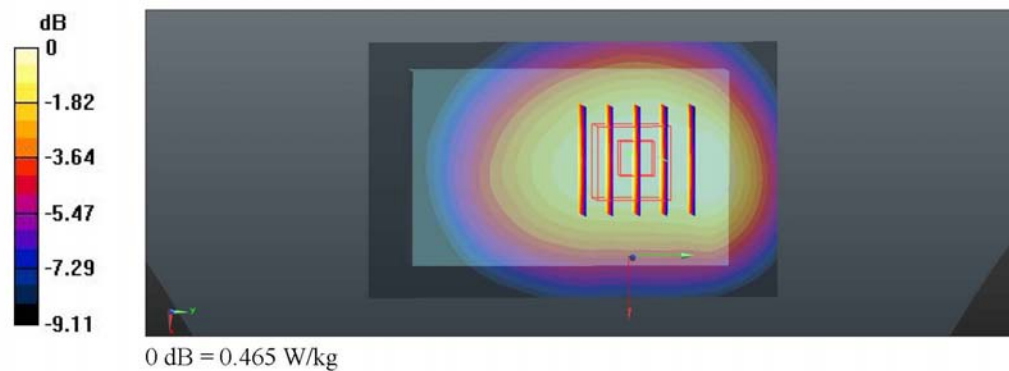
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.799 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.519 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.400 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.294 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.465 W/kg



TestLaboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC TestingLab

Date: 2013.11.14

42 WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2K_Right Side_1cm_Ch1513

Communication System: WCDMA;Frequency: 1752.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.526$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.343$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch1513/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.43 W/kg

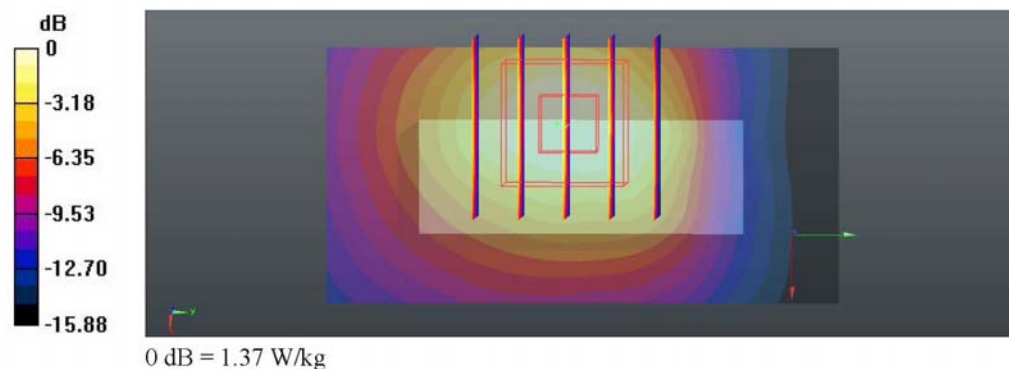
Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.458 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.040 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.599 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.37 W/kg



TestLaboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC TestingLab

Date: 2013.11.13

07 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch9400

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch9400/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.70 W/kg

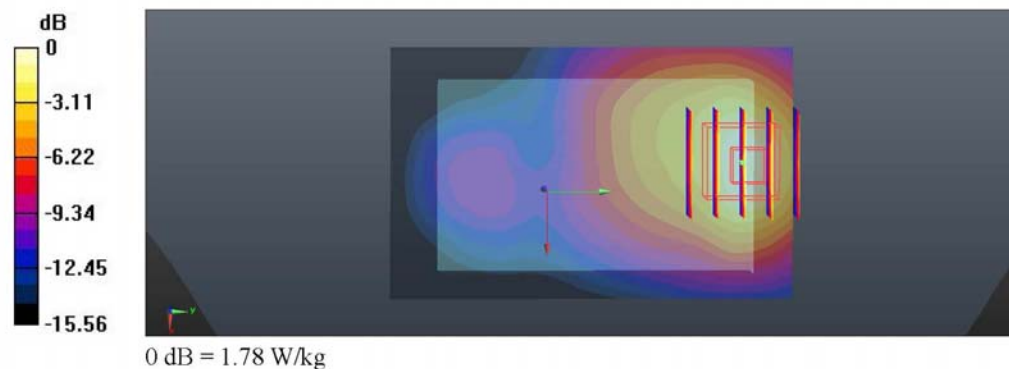
Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.772 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.310 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.749 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.78 W/kg



TestLaboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC TestingLab

Date: 2013.11.13

11 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(1,49)_Back_1cm_Ch18900

Communication System: LTE;Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.74 W/kg

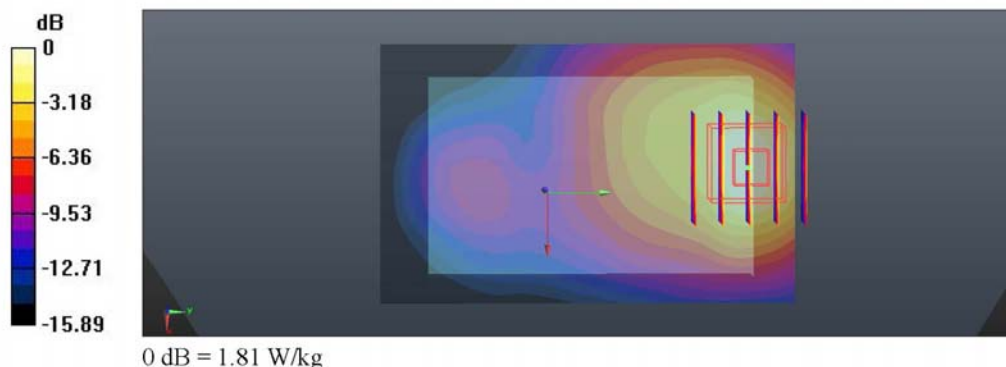
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.860 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.350 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.772 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.81 W/kg



TestLaboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC TestingLab

Date: 2013.11.14

48 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Back_1cm_Ch20175

Communication System: LTE;Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.5 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.502 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 54.365$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.4°C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5°C

DASY5 Configuration:

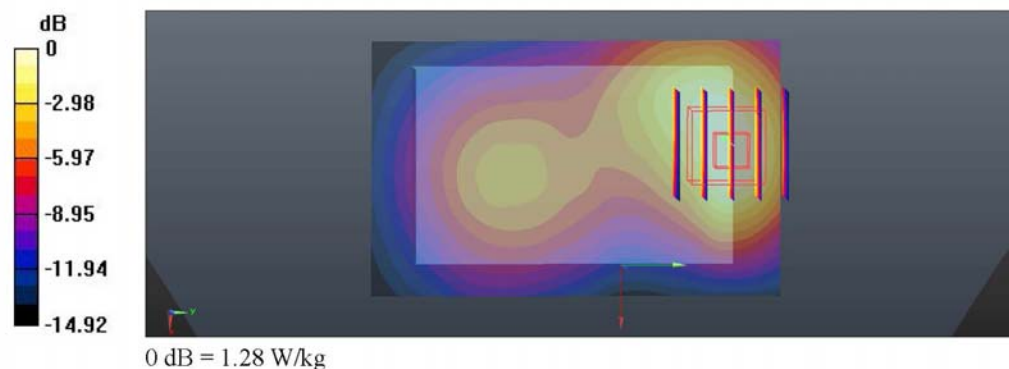
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20175/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.31 W/kg
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 14.190 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.992 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.594 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg


TestLaboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC TestingLab

Date: 2013.11.15

73 LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK(1,24)_Back_1cm_Ch20450

Communication System: LTE;Frequency: 829 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 829 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.989 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.617$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.5°C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20450/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.624 W/kg

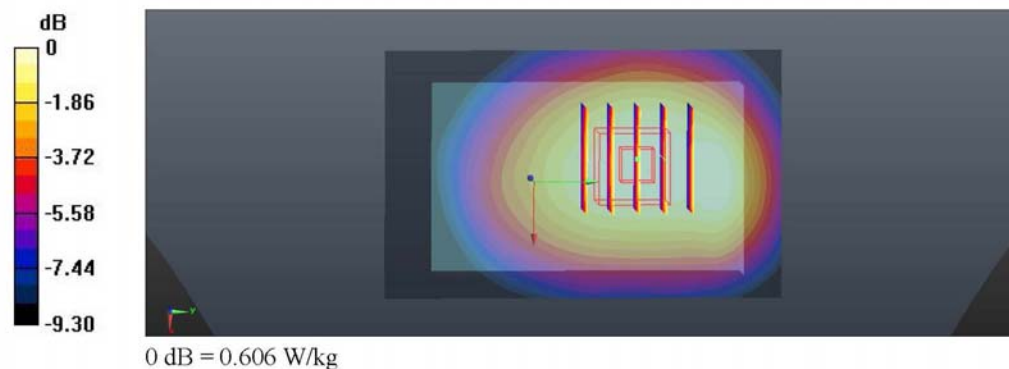
Ch20450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 21.786 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.676 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.519 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.387 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.606 W/kg



TestLaboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC TestingLab

Date: 2013.11.15

83 LTE Band 17_10M_QPSK(1,24)_Back_1cm_Ch23790

Communication System: LTE;Frequency: 710 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 710 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.943 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.574$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature: 23.6°C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch23790/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.629 W/kg

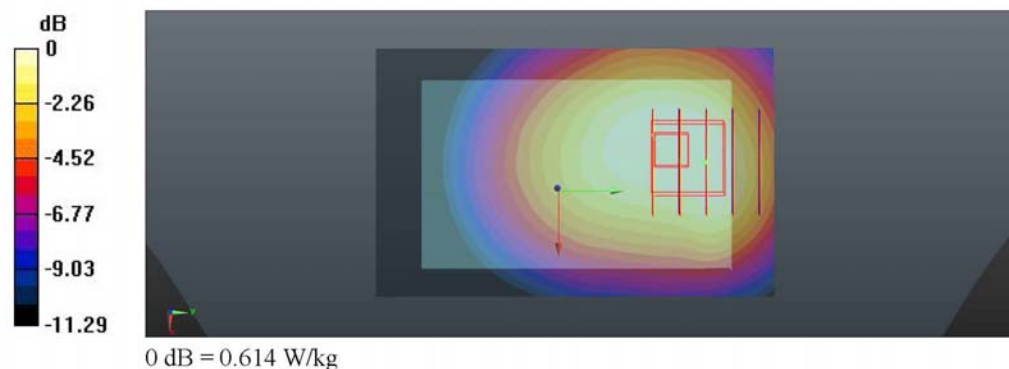
Ch23790/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 19.946 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.693 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.511 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.362 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.614 W/kg



TestLaboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC TestingLab

Date: 2013.11.18

95 WLAN 2.4GHz_802.11b_1M_Top Side_1cm_Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b ;Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium: MSL_2450_131118 Medium parameters used: $f = 2462 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.945 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 51.094$;
 $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Ambient Temperature: $23.5 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$; Liquid Temperature : $22.7 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch11/Area Scan (91x31x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.405 W/kg

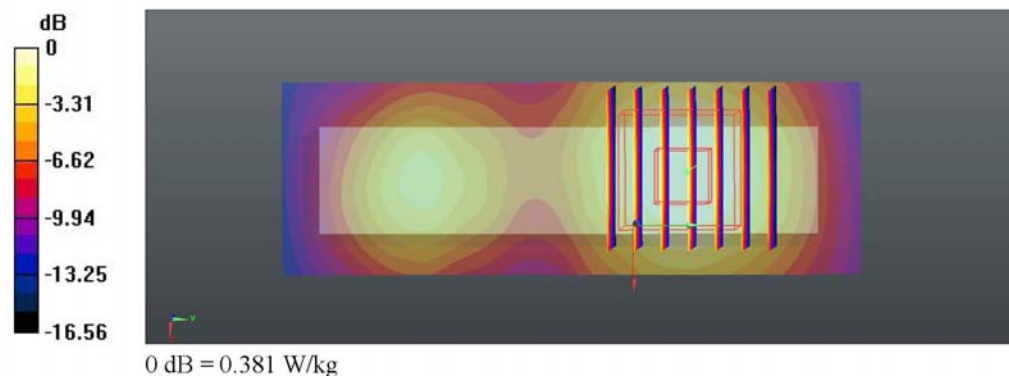
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 7.191 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.490 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.272 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.148 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.381 W/kg



13. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Hotspot	Note
1.	WCDMA(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
2.	LTE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot

Note:

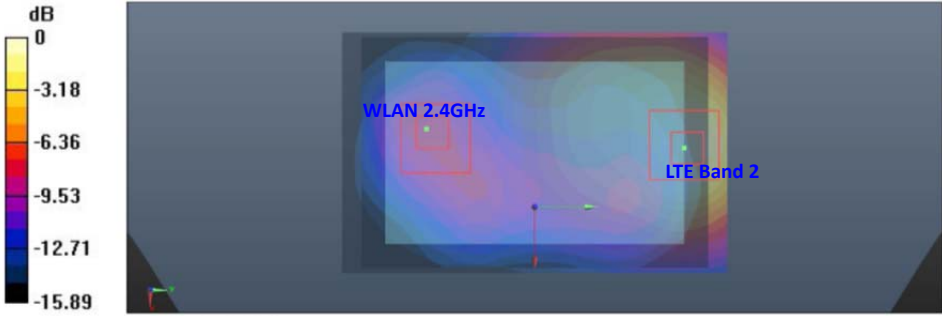
1. EUT will choose either WCDMA/LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, WCDMA/LTE cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation $< 1.6\text{W/kg}$.
 - ii) $\text{SPLSR} = (\text{SAR}_1 + \text{SAR}_2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan
If $\text{SPLSR} \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
 - iii) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR $< 1.6\text{W/kg}$.

13.1 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

Position	WWAN			WLAN		Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR ≤ 0.04	Case No
	WWAN Band	Plot No	SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	SAR (W/kg)			
Front	WCDMA Band V	67	0.397	92	0.156	0.55		
	WCDMA Band IV	34	0.588	92	0.156	0.74		
	WCDMA Band II	01	0.630	92	0.156	0.79		
	LTE Band 2	10	0.740	92	0.156	0.90		
	LTE Band 4	43	0.537	92	0.156	0.69		
	LTE Band 5	72	0.564	92	0.156	0.72		
	LTE Band 17	82	0.579	92	0.156	0.74		
Back	WCDMA Band V	68	0.415	93	0.220	0.64		
	WCDMA Band IV	40	0.906	93	0.220	1.13		
	WCDMA Band II	07	1.337	93	0.220	1.56		
	LTE Band 2	11	1.440	93	0.220	1.66	0.03	1
	LTE Band 4	48	1.142	93	0.220	1.36		
	LTE Band 5	73	0.590	93	0.220	0.81		
	LTE Band 17	83	0.596	93	0.220	0.82		
Left Side	WCDMA Band V			94	0.199	0.20		
	WCDMA Band IV			94	0.199	0.20		
	WCDMA Band II			94	0.199	0.20		
	LTE Band 2			94	0.199	0.20		
	LTE Band 4			94	0.199	0.20		
	LTE Band 5			94	0.199	0.20		
	LTE Band 17			94	0.199	0.20		
Right Side	WCDMA Band V	69	0.088			0.09		
	WCDMA Band IV	42	1.094			1.09		
	WCDMA Band II	03	1.118			1.12		
	LTE Band 2	12	1.301			1.30		
	LTE Band 4	50	1.127			1.13		
	LTE Band 5	74	0.113			0.11		
	LTE Band 17	84	0.161			0.16		
Bottom Side	WCDMA Band V	70	0.265			0.27		
	WCDMA Band IV	37	0.383			0.38		
	WCDMA Band II	04	0.628			0.63		
	LTE Band 2	13	0.719			0.72		
	LTE Band 4	46	0.336			0.34		
	LTE Band 5	75	0.340			0.34		
	LTE Band 17	85	0.230			0.23		
Top Side	WCDMA Band V	71	0.267	95	0.302	0.57		
	WCDMA Band IV	38	0.144	95	0.302	0.45		
	WCDMA Band II	05	0.090	95	0.302	0.39		
	LTE Band 2	14	0.123	95	0.302	0.43		
	LTE Band 4	47	0.160	95	0.302	0.46		
	LTE Band 5	76	0.382	95	0.302	0.68		
	LTE Band 17	86	0.299	95	0.302	0.60		

13.2 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

Plot No. 1	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (cm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Pair SAR sum (W/kg)	SPLSR	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
11	LTE Band 2	Back	1.440	1	-0.0175	0.0475	-0.205	81.1	1.66	0.03	Not required
93	WLAN 2.4GHz		0.220	1	-0.0192	-0.0336	-0.204				



0 dB = 1.81 W/kg

Remark: Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, if SPLSR ≤ 0.04 , further evaluation is not required.

Test Engineer : Kat Yin

14. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 14.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/ κ ^(b)	1/ $\sqrt{3}$	1/ $\sqrt{6}$	1/ $\sqrt{2}$

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 14.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.0 %	± 10.8 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	
Expanded Uncertainty						± 22.0 %	± 21.5 %

Table 14.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

15. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, "SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters", May 2007
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r01, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", May 2013
- [7] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02, "SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices – CDMA 2000 / Ev-Do / WCDMA / HSDPA / HSPA", October 2007
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D02 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for HSPA, HSPA+, DC-HSDPA and 1x-Advanced", May 2013.
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", May 2013
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", May 2013
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r01, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", May 2013.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations", May 2013.



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Body_750MHz_131115**DUT: D750V3-SN:1087**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 750$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.642$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.64 W/kg

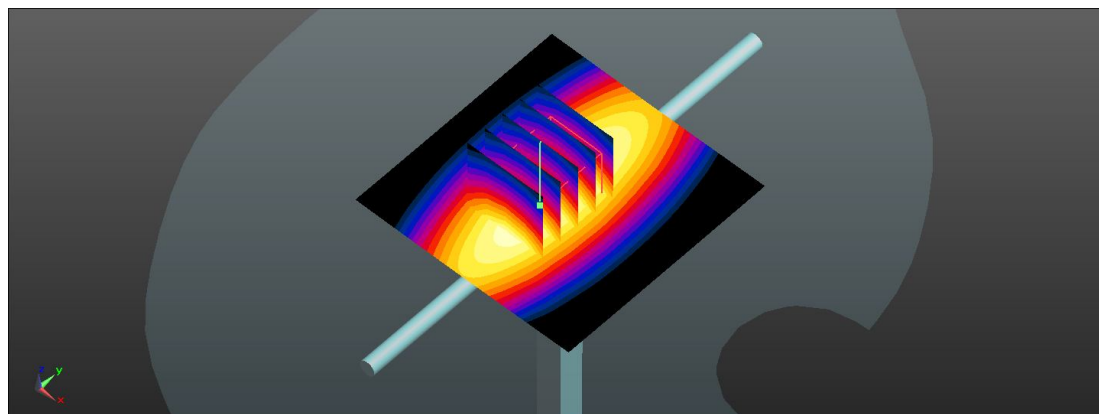
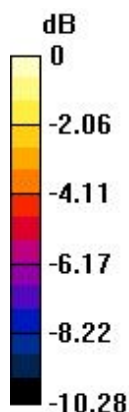
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.676 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.4 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.60 W/kg



0 dB = 2.60 W/kg

System Check_Body_835MHz_131115**DUT: D835V2-SN:4d151**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.994$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.57$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.16 W/kg

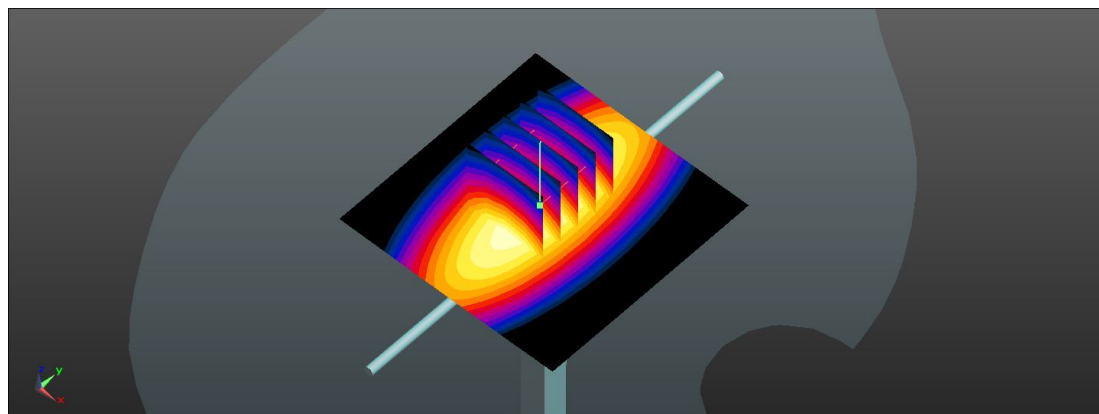
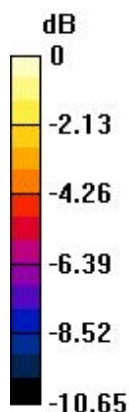
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 56.712 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.72 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.50 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.64 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.15 W/kg



0 dB = 3.15 W/kg

System Check_Body_1750MHz_131114**DUT: D1750V2-SN:1090**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.522$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.345$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.5 W/kg

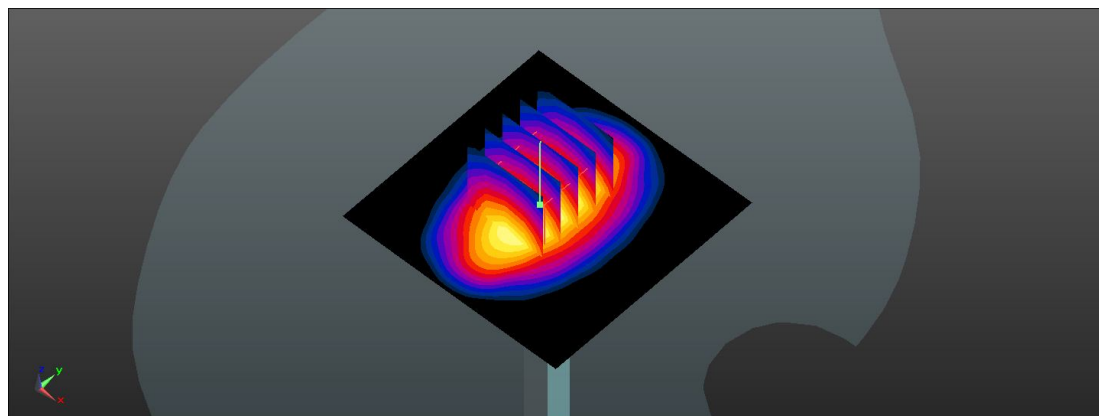
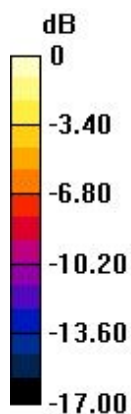
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 90.733 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.82 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.4 W/kg



0 dB = 12.4 W/kg

System Check_Body_1900MHz_131113**DUT: D1900V2-SN:5d170**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.552$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.476$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.2 W/kg

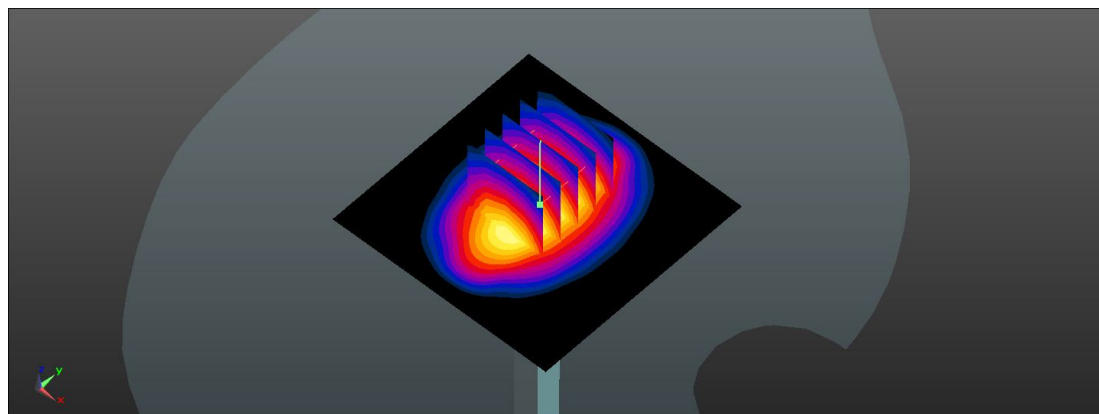
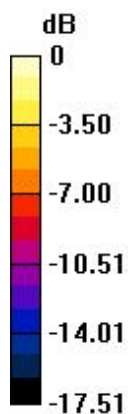
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 96.012 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.32 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.1 W/kg



0 dB = 14.1 W/kg

System Check_Body_2450MHz_131118**DUT: D2450V2-SN:908**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_131118 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.927$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.138$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.1 W/kg

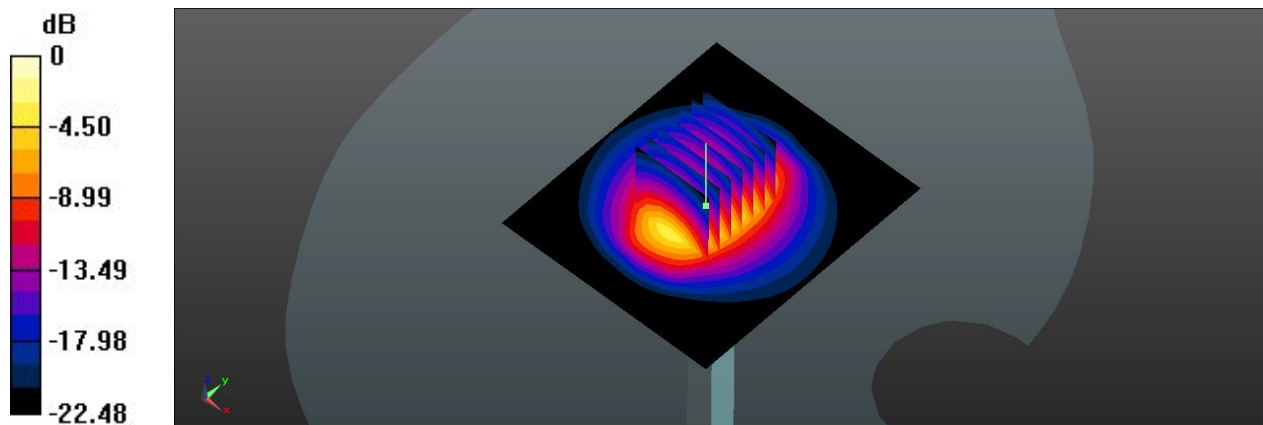
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 103.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.12 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



0 dB = 20.8 W/kg



Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

67 WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2K_Front_1cm_Ch4182

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.56$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch4182/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm.

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.449 W/kg

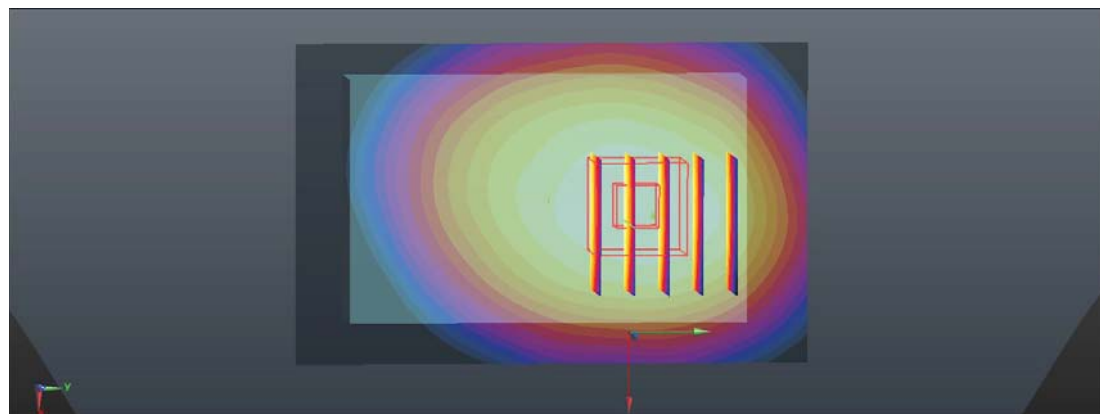
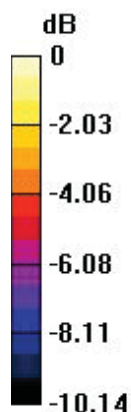
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.164 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.493 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.383 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.441 W/kg



0 dB = 0.441 W/kg

68 WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch4182

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.56$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch4182/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.474 W/kg

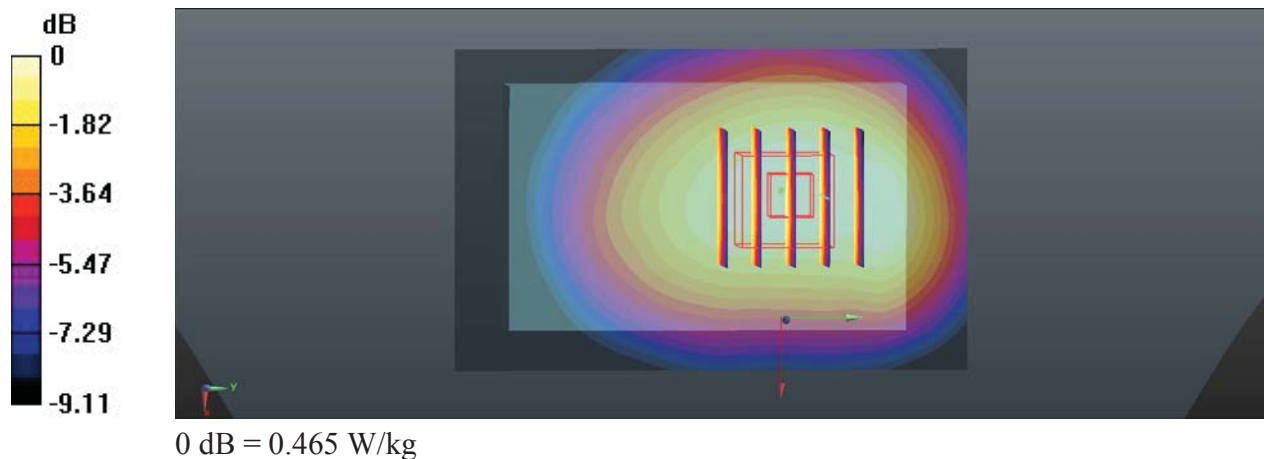
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.799 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.519 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.400 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.294 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.465 W/kg



69 WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2K_Right Side_1cm_Ch4182

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.56$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch4182/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.107 W/kg

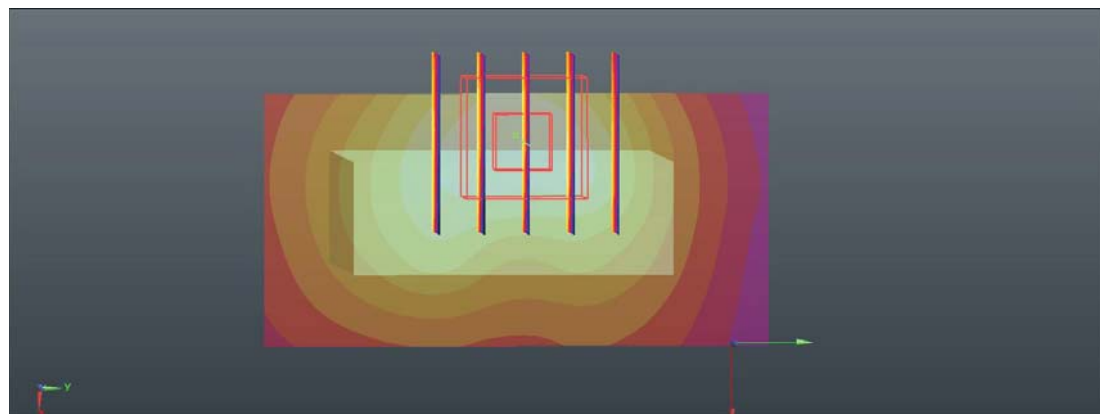
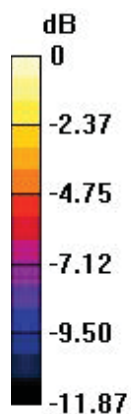
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.299 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.127 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.085 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.108 W/kg



0 dB = 0.108 W/kg

70 WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2K_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch4182

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.56$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch4182/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.307 W/kg

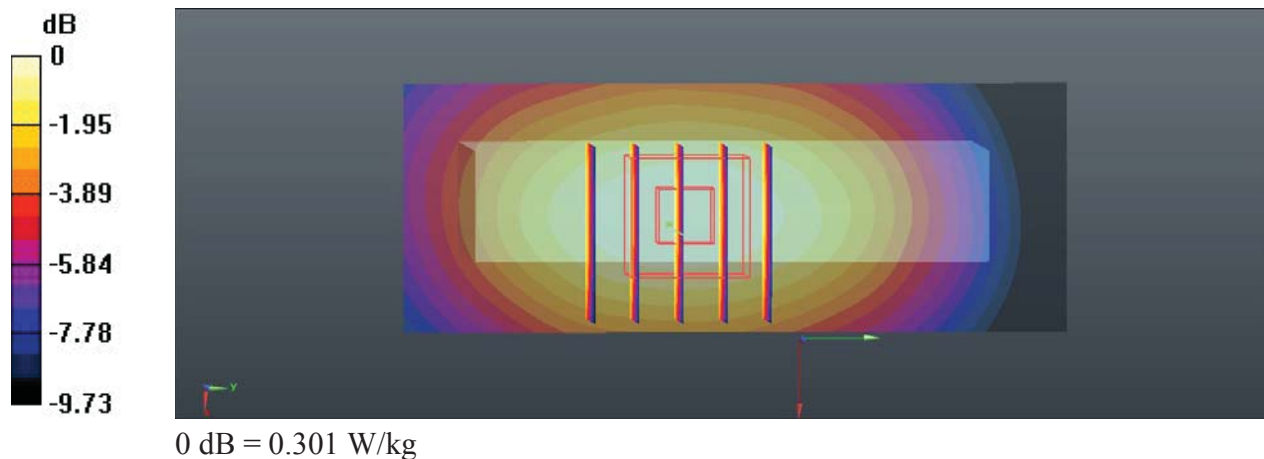
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.156 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.346 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.255 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.180 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.301 W/kg



71 WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2K_Top Side_1cm_Ch4182

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.995$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.56$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch4182/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.312 W/kg

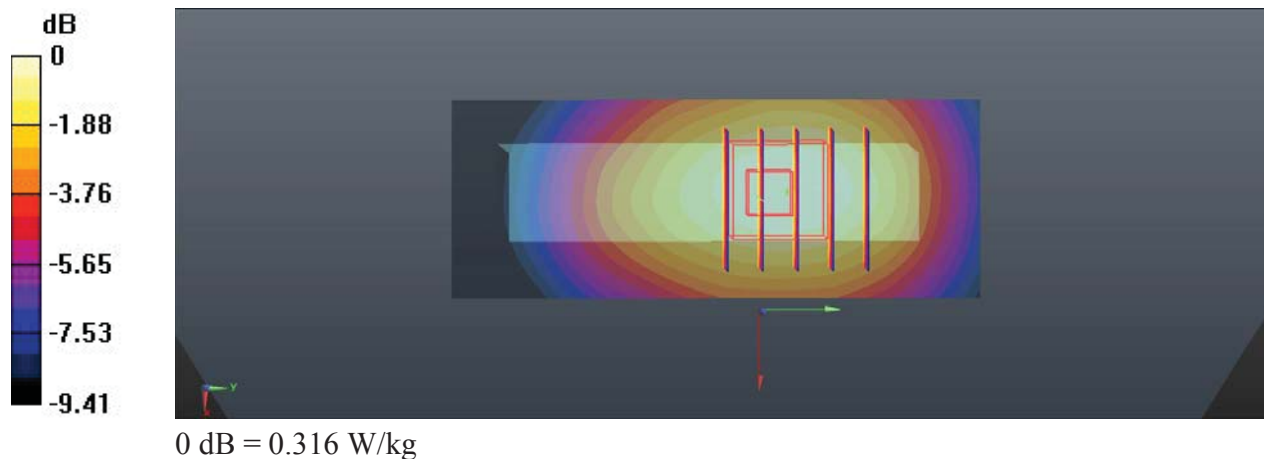
Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.581 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.358 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.257 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.184 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.316 W/kg



34 WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2K_Front_1cm_Ch1413

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.363$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch1413/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.775 W/kg

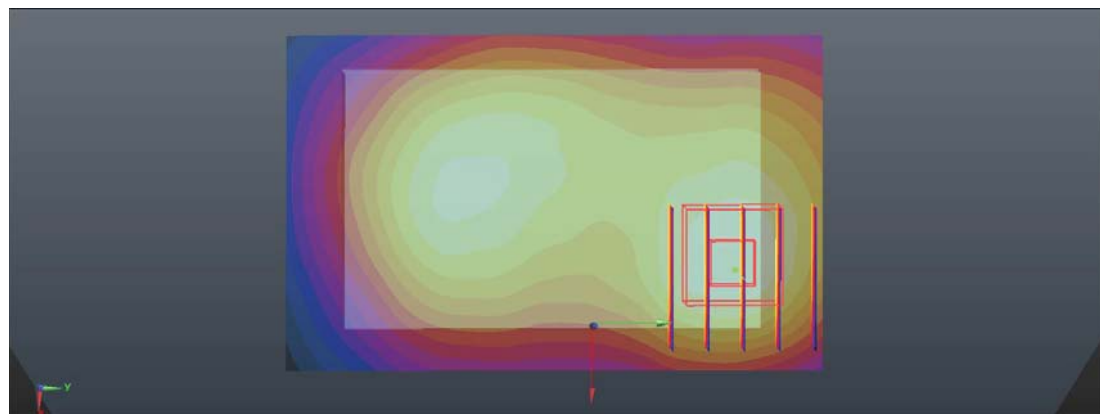
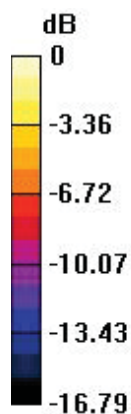
Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.574 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.973 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.576 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.337 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.769 W/kg



0 dB = 0.769 W/kg

35 WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch1413

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.363$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch1413/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 W/kg

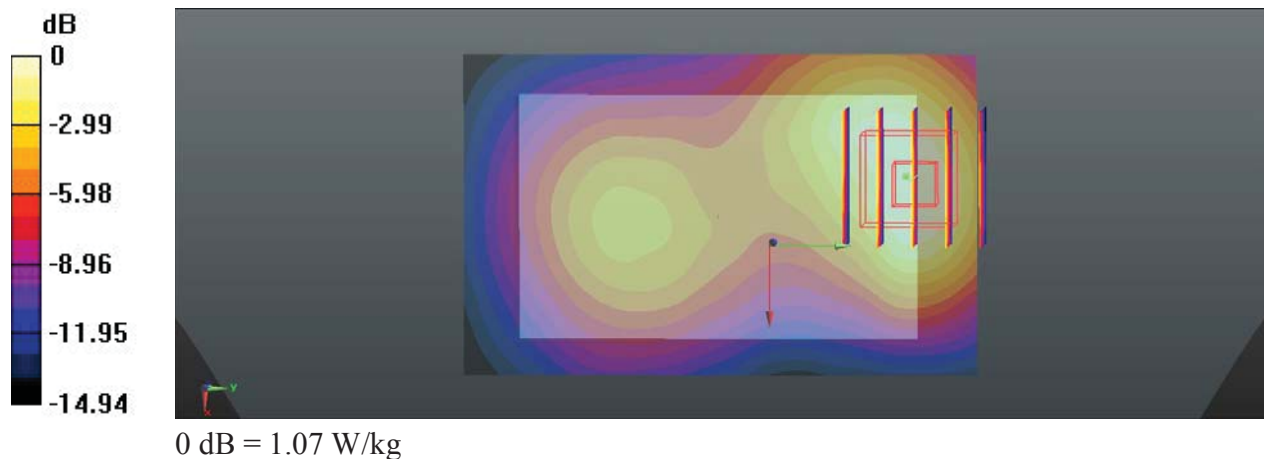
Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.684 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.831 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.502 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 W/kg



36 WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2K_Right Side_1cm_Ch1413

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.363$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch1413/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.35 W/kg

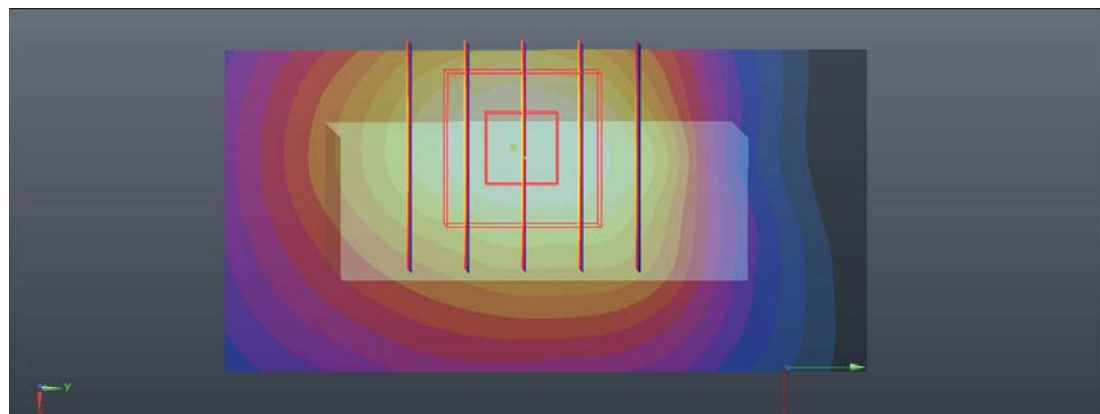
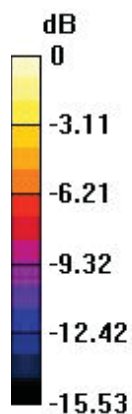
Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.808 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.976 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.569 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg



0 dB = 1.28 W/kg

37 WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2K_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch1413

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.363$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch1413/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.523 W/kg

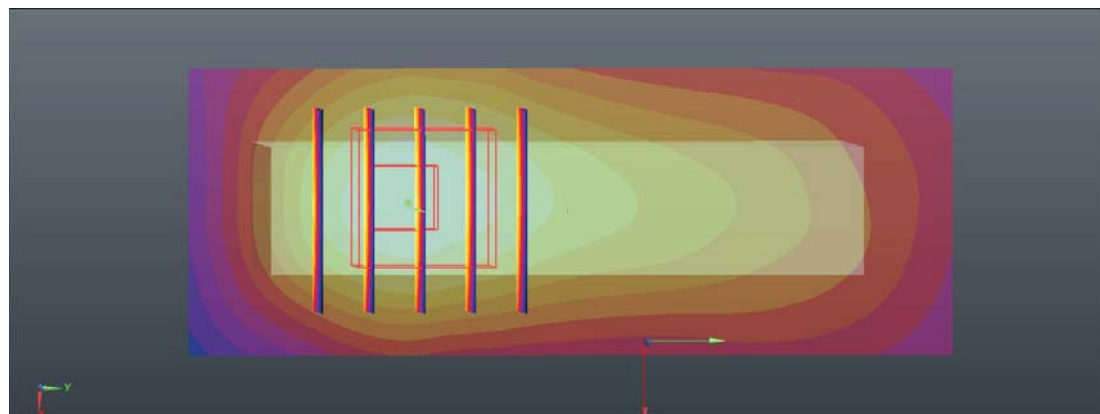
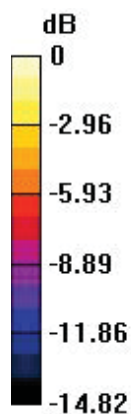
Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.860 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.603 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.375 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.223 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.483 W/kg



0 dB = 0.483 W/kg

38 WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2K_Top Side_1cm_Ch1413

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.363$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch1413/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.187 W/kg

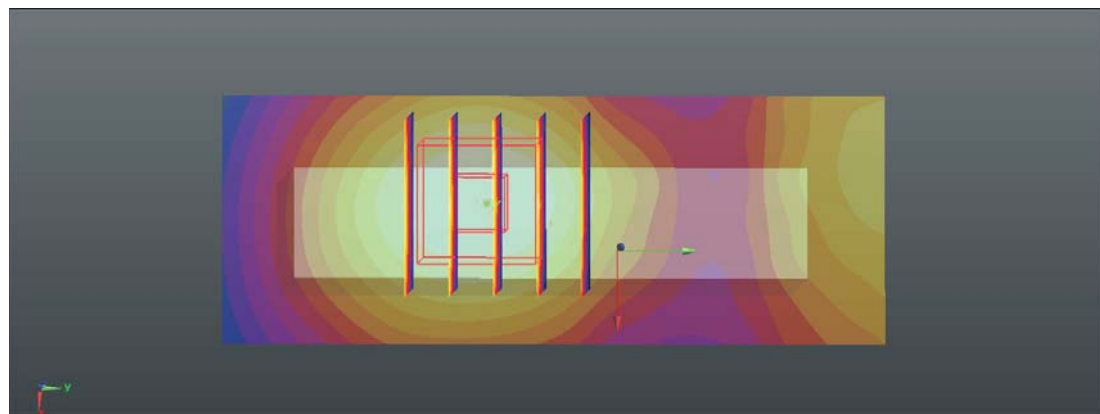
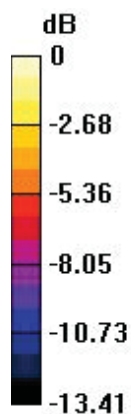
Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.958 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.215 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.141 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.088 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.178 W/kg



0 dB = 0.178 W/kg

39 WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch1312

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1712.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.419$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch1312/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.00 W/kg

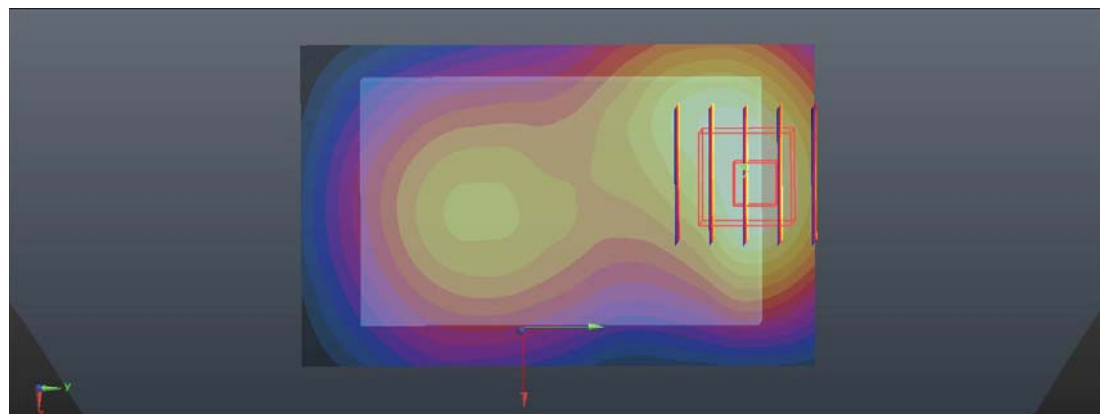
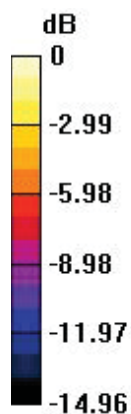
Ch1312/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.822 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.753 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.454 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.965 W/kg



0 dB = 0.965 W/kg

40 WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch1513

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.526$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.343$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch1513/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 W/kg

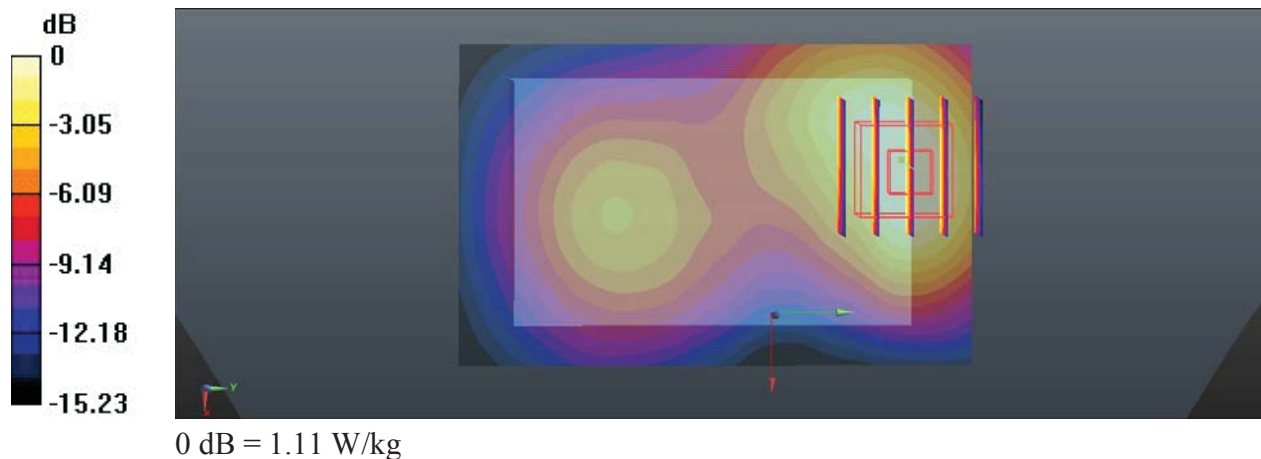
Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.244 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.35 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.861 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.520 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 W/kg



41 WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2K_Right Side_1cm_Ch1312

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1712.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.477$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.419$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch1312/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg

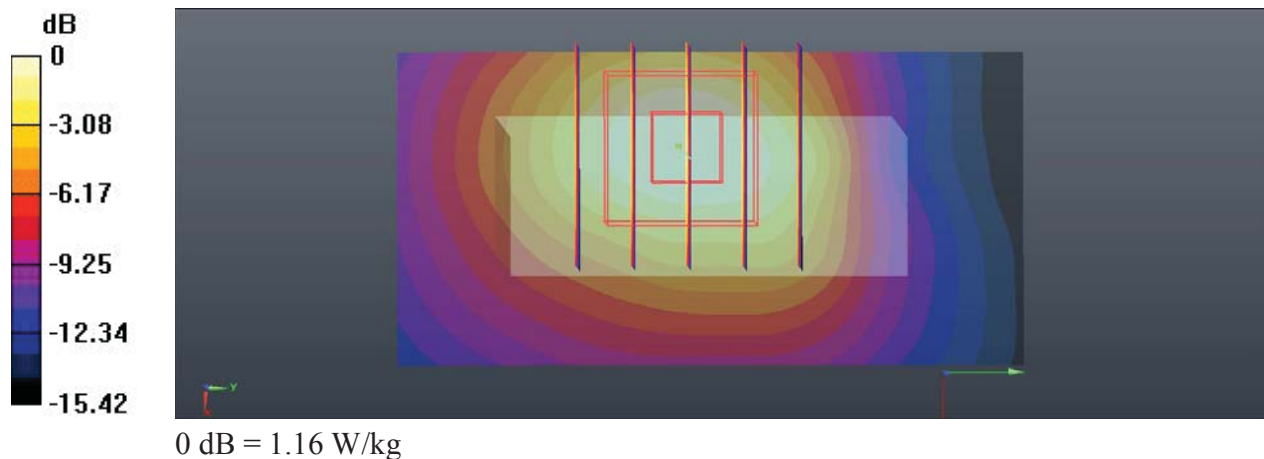
Ch1312/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.990 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.883 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.515 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 W/kg



42 WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2K_Right Side_1cm_Ch1513

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.526$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.343$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch1513/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.43 W/kg

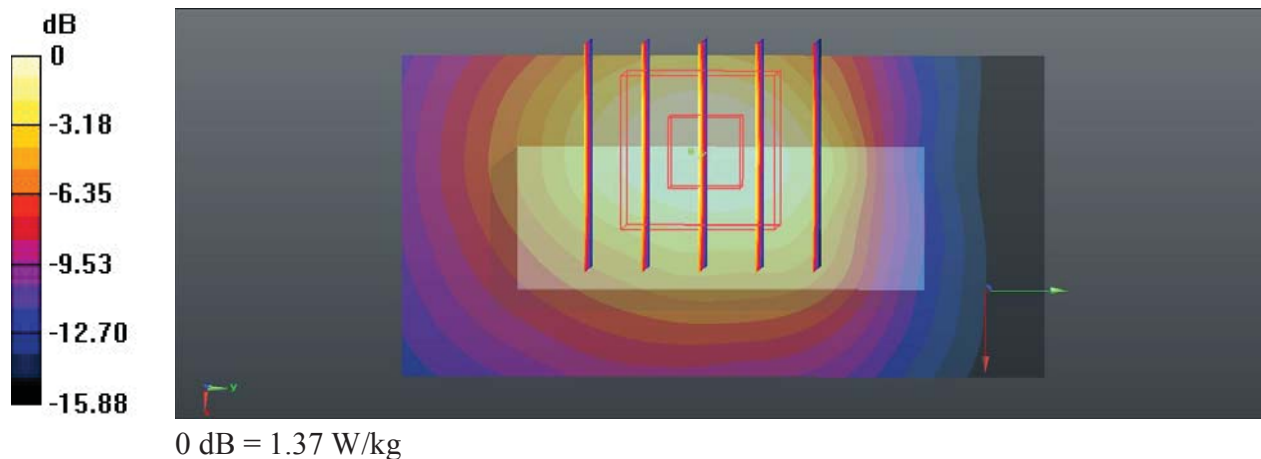
Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.458 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.65 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.040 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.599 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.37 W/kg



66 WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2K_Right Side_1cm_Ch1513_Repeat SAR

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.526$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.343$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch1513/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.49 W/kg

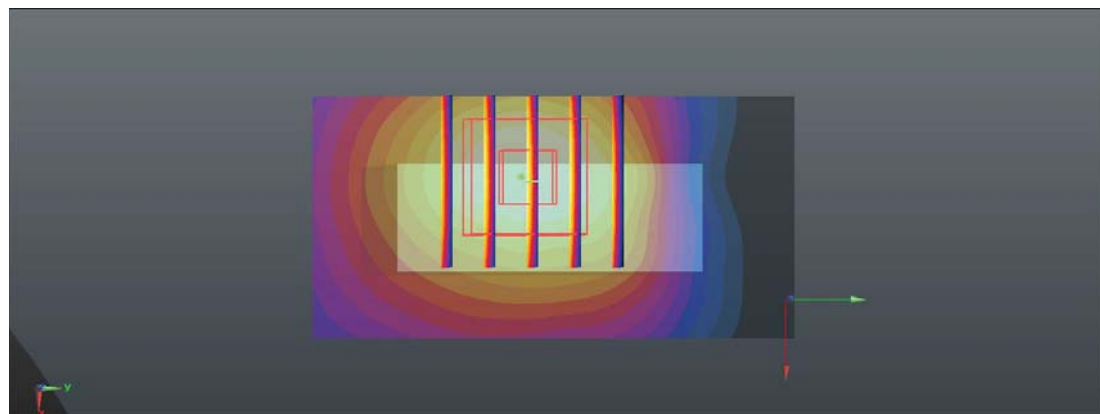
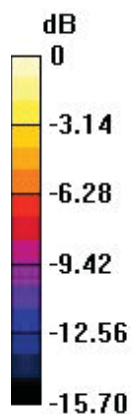
Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.126 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.030 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.592 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 W/kg



0 dB = 1.35 W/kg

01 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Front_1cm_Ch9538

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.561$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.471$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch9538/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.815 W/kg

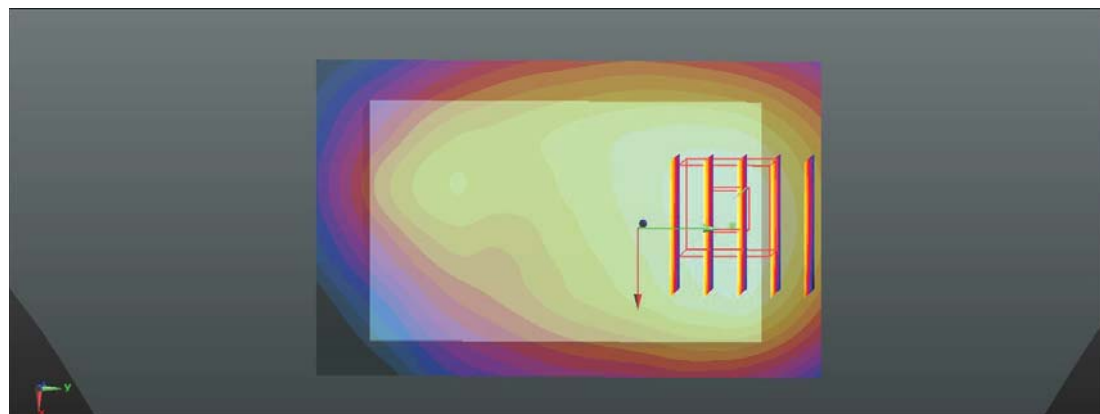
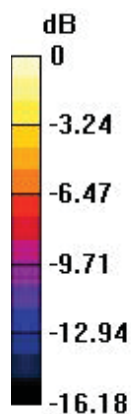
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.369 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.982 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.626 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.391 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.798 W/kg



0 dB = 0.798 W/kg

02 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch9538

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.561$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.471$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch9538/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.65 W/kg

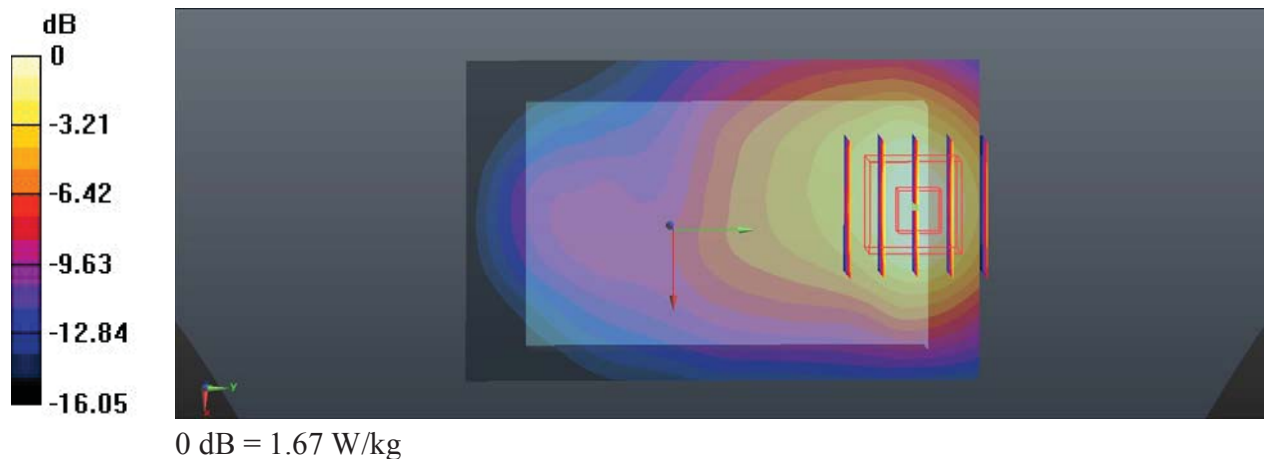
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.708 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.05 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.240 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.708 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.67 W/kg



03 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Right Side_1cm_Ch9538

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.561$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.471$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch9538/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.57 W/kg

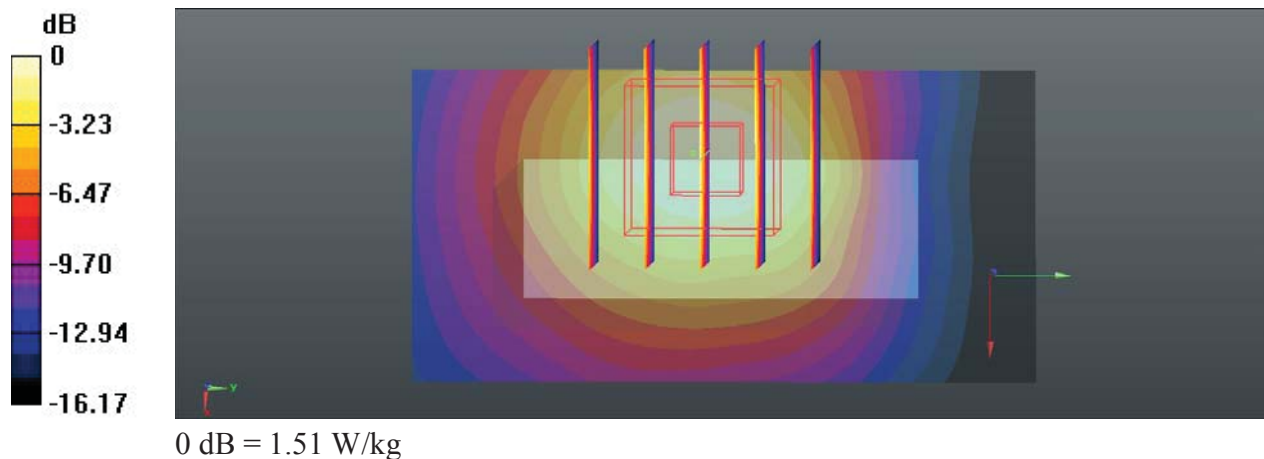
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.888 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.83 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.110 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.631 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.51 W/kg



04 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch9538

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.561$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.471$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch9538/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.908 W/kg

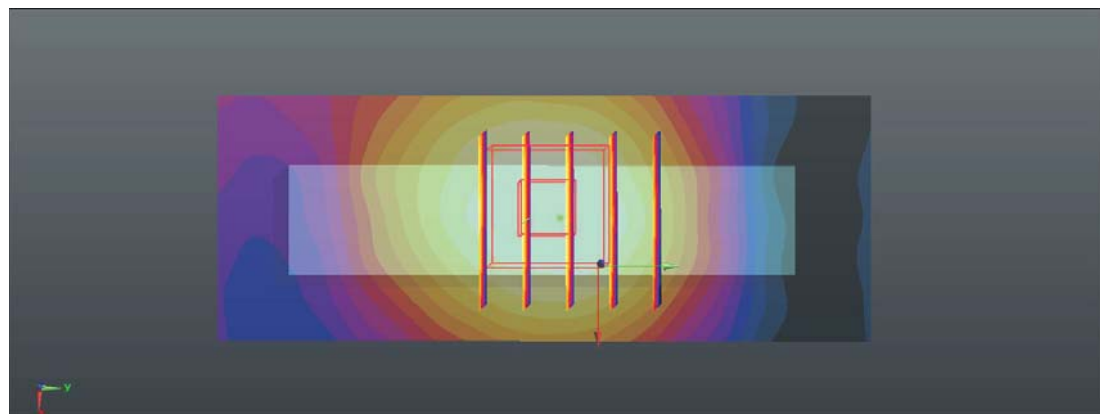
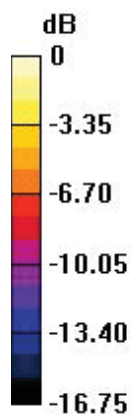
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.676 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.975 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.624 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.378 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.789 W/kg



0 dB = 0.789 W/kg

05 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Top Side_1cm_Ch9538

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.561$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.471$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch9538/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.116 W/kg

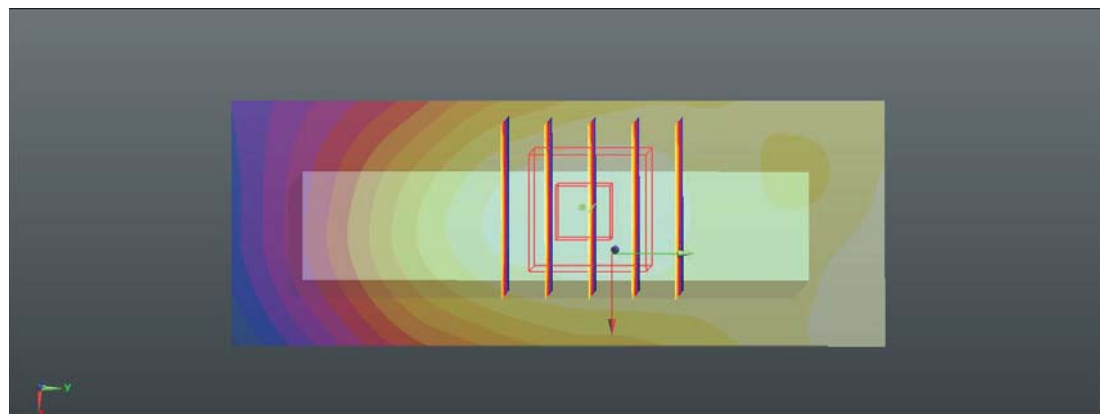
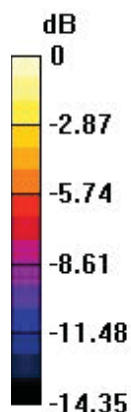
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.920 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.136 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.089 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.056 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.113 W/kg



0 dB = 0.113 W/kg

06 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch9262

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.493$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.663$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch9262/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.54 W/kg

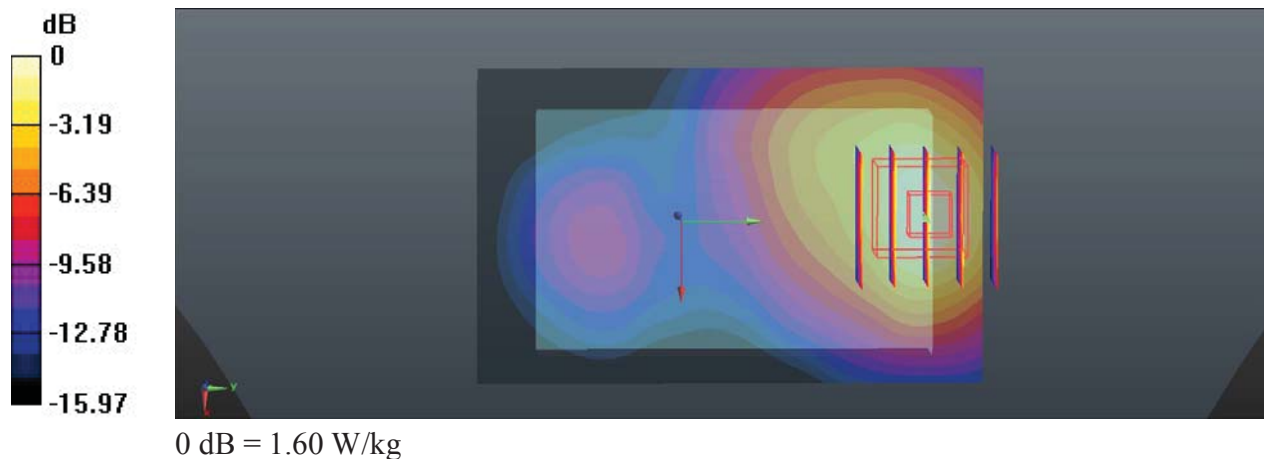
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.195 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.94 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.200 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.688 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.60 W/kg



07 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch9400

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch9400/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.70 W/kg

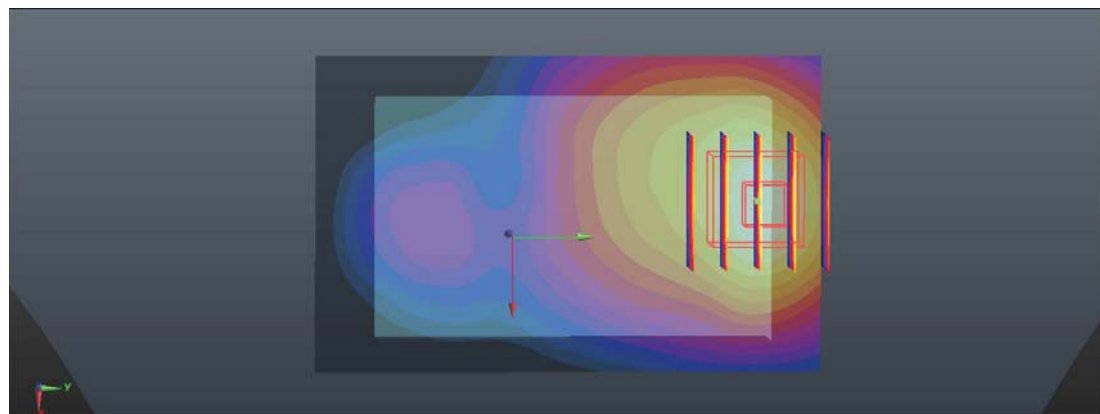
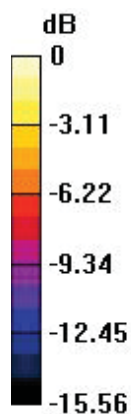
Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.772 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.15 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.310 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.749 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.78 W/kg



0 dB = 1.78 W/kg

08 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Right Side_1cm_Ch9262

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1852.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.493$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.663$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch9262/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.33 W/kg

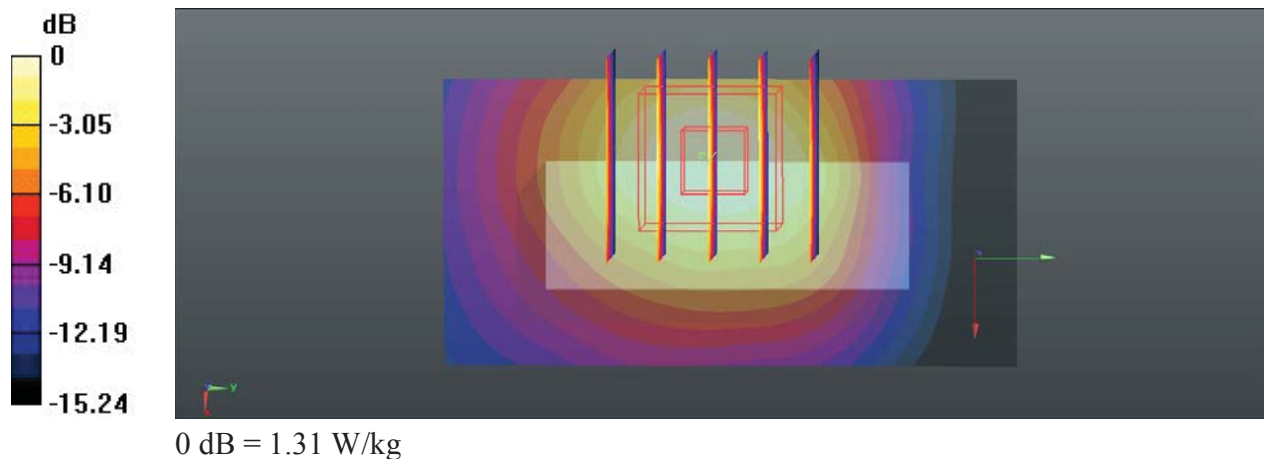
Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.602 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.58 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.993 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.575 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.31 W/kg



09 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Right Side_1cm_Ch9400

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch9400/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.49 W/kg

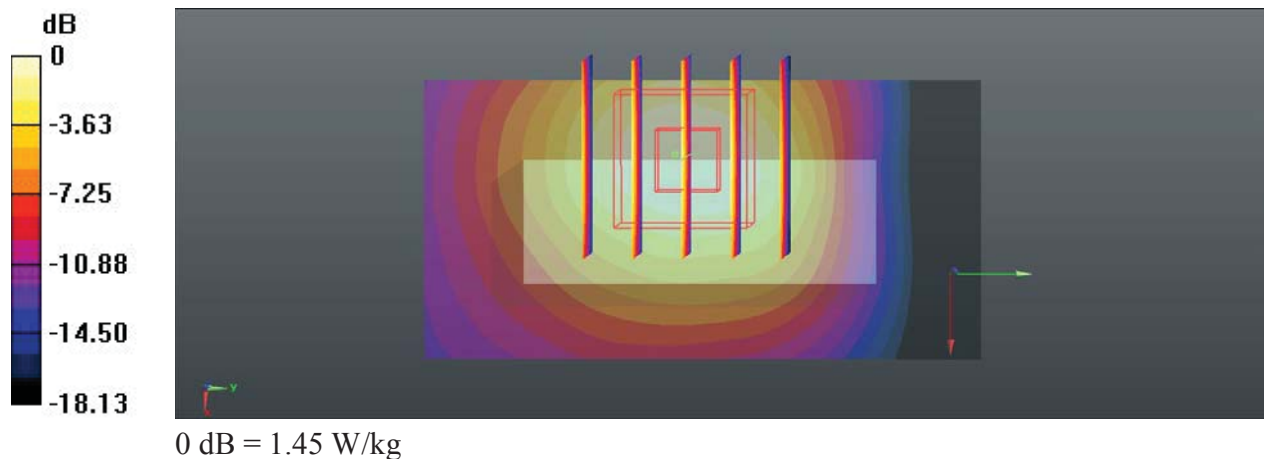
Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.115 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.76 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.080 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.614 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.45 W/kg



10 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(1,49)_Front_1cm_Ch18900

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.925 W/kg

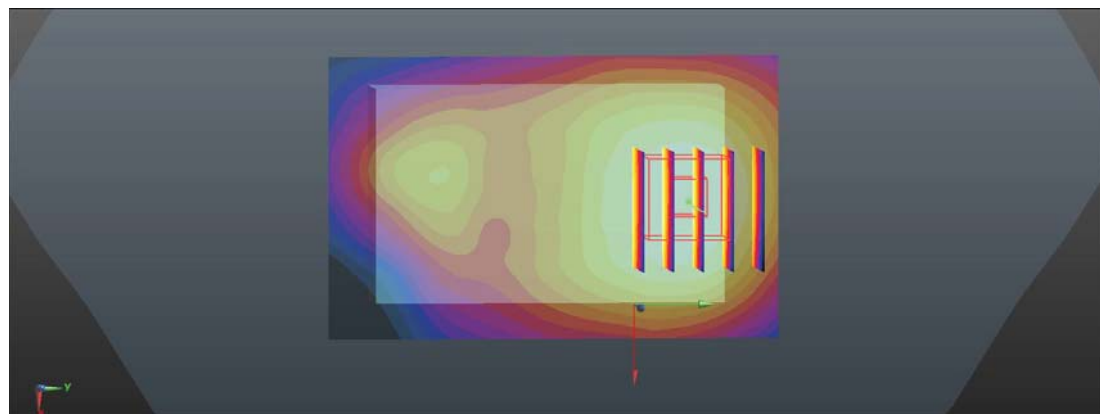
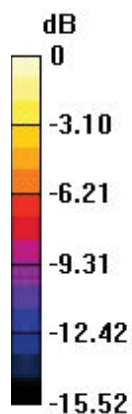
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.218 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.694 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.439 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.905 W/kg



0 dB = 0.905 W/kg

11 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(1,49)_Back_1cm_Ch18900

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.74 W/kg

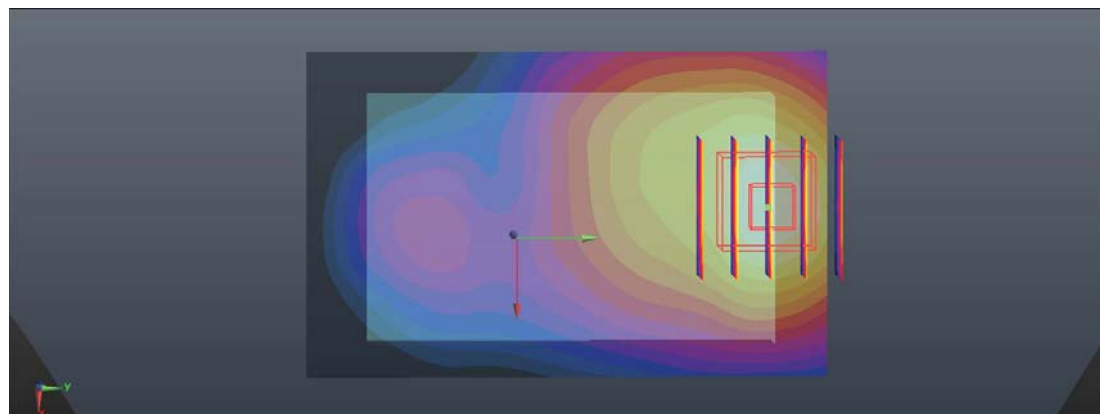
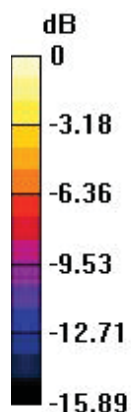
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.860 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.350 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.772 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.81 W/kg



0 dB = 1.81 W/kg

33 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(1,49)_Back_1cm_Ch18900_Repeat SAR

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.64 W/kg

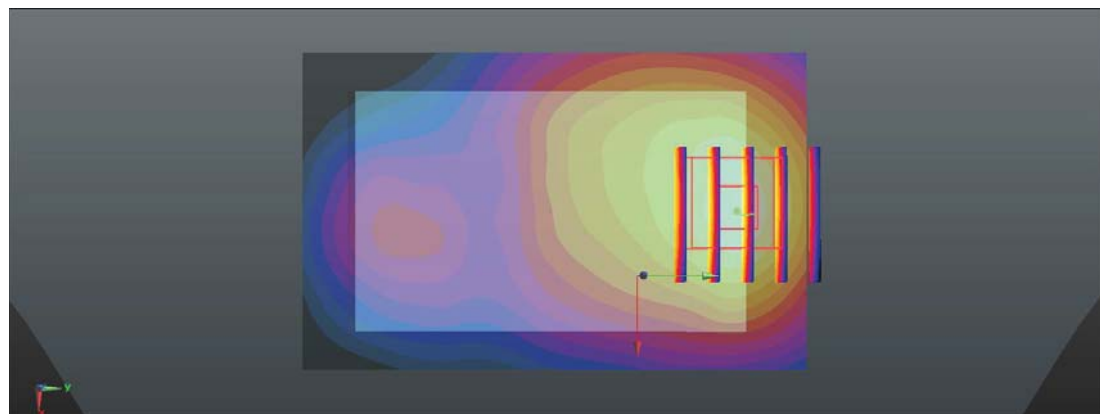
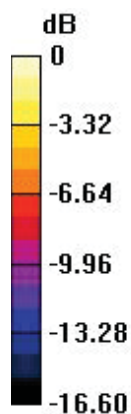
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.142 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.250 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.717 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.65 W/kg



0 dB = 1.65 W/kg

12 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(1,49)_Right Side_1cm_Ch18900

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.61 W/kg

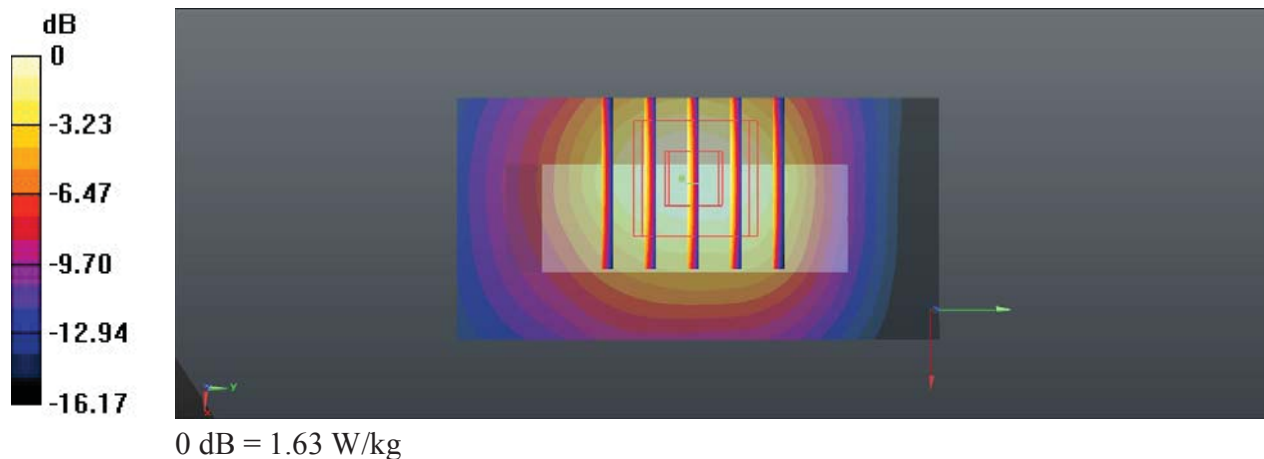
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.977 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.98 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.220 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.693 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.63 W/kg



13 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(1,49)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch18900

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.964 W/kg

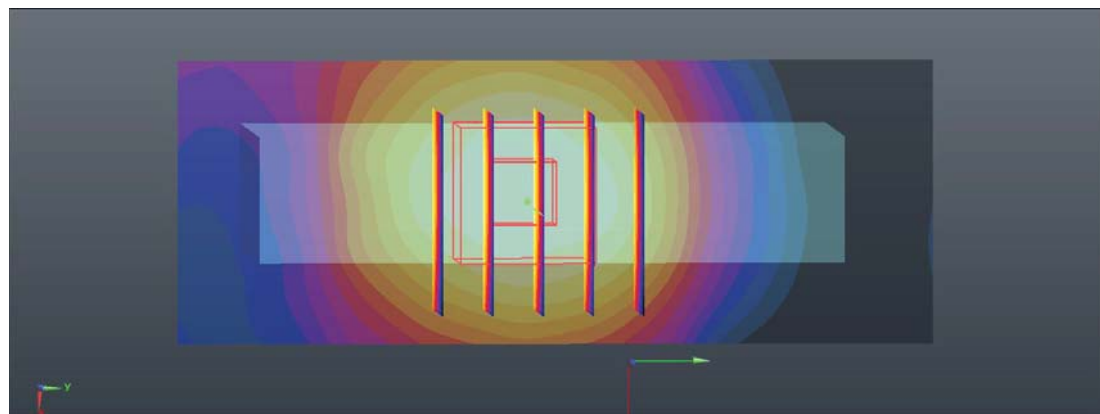
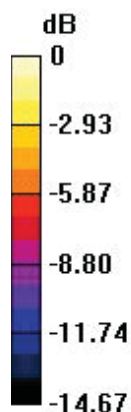
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.685 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.674 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.415 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.862 W/kg



0 dB = 0.862 W/kg

14 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(1,49)_Top Side_1cm_Ch18900

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.148 W/kg

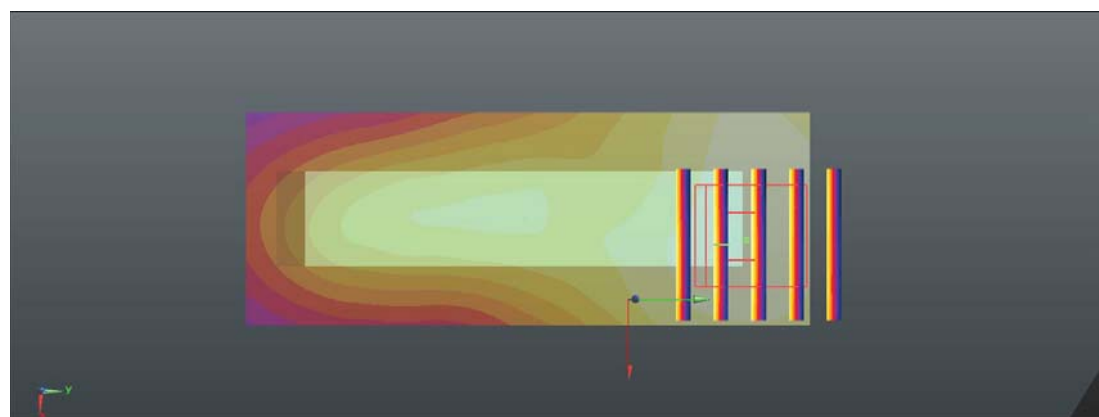
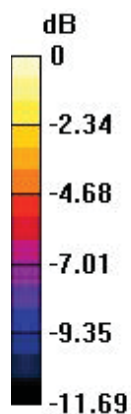
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.755 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.175 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.115 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.146 W/kg



0 dB = 0.146 W/kg

15 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(1,49)_Back_1cm_Ch18700

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.501$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.611$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18700/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.28 W/kg

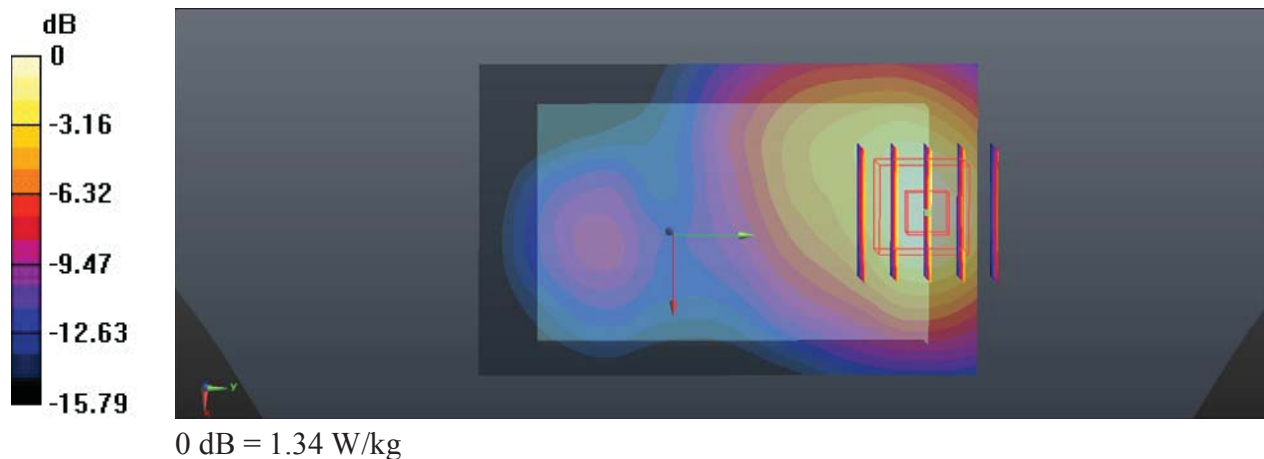
Ch18700/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.865 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.62 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.010 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.580 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.34 W/kg



16 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(1,49)_Back_1cm_Ch19100

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.552$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.476$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch19100/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.60 W/kg

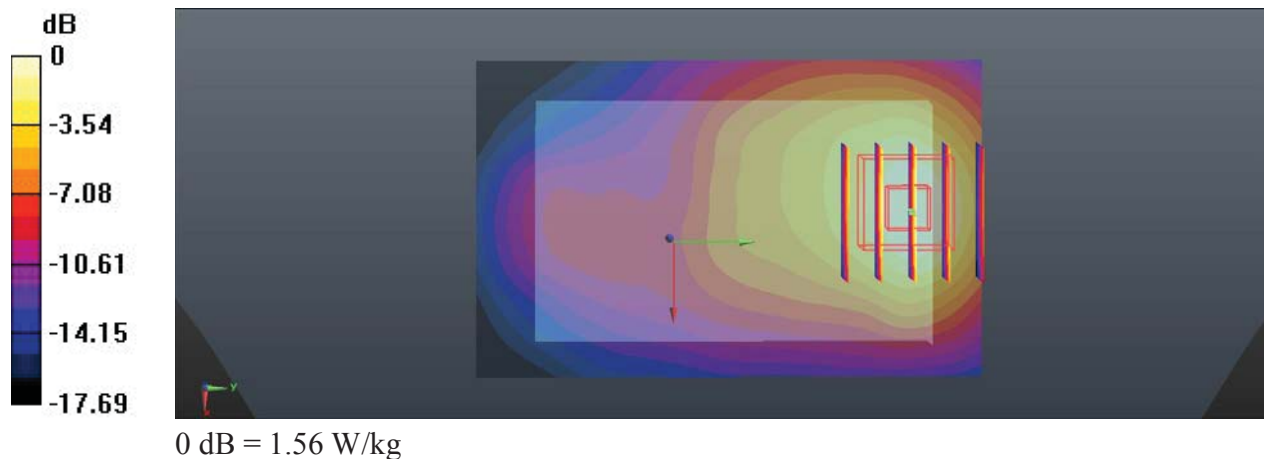
Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.007 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.94 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.150 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.637 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.56 W/kg



17 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(1,49)_Right Side_1cm_Ch18700

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.501$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.611$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18700/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.16 W/kg

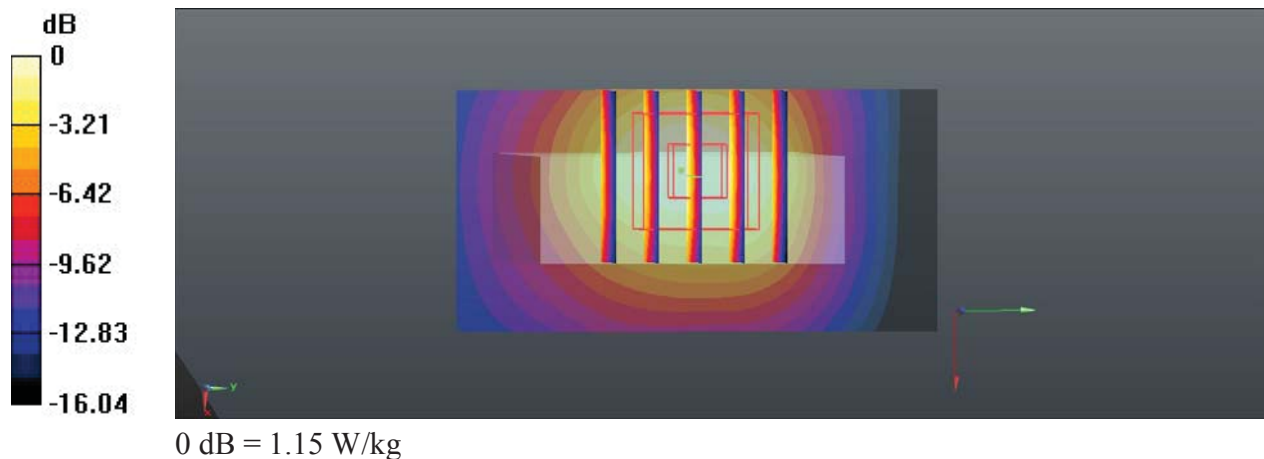
Ch18700/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.853 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.877 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.503 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.15 W/kg



18 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(1,49)_Right Side_1cm_Ch19100

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.552$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.476$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch19100/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.44 W/kg

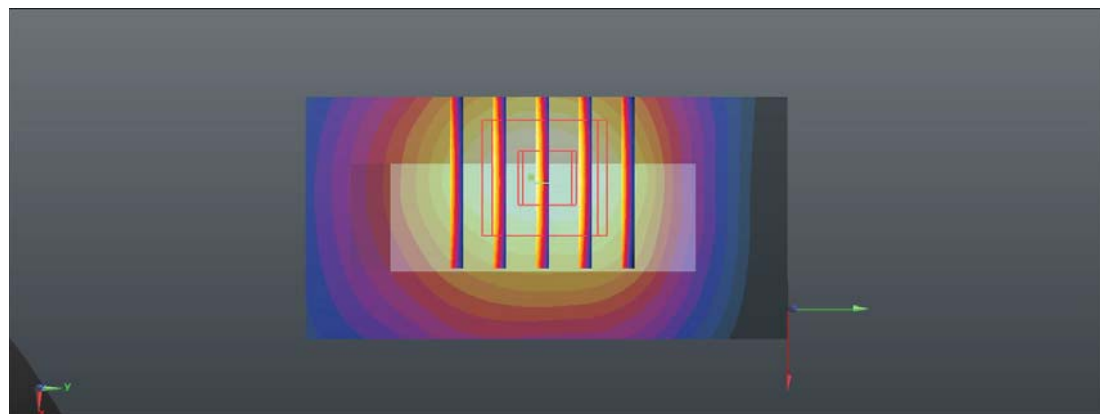
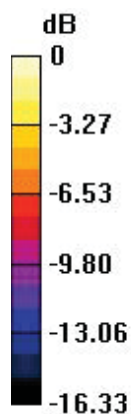
Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.142 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.73 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.080 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.614 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.41 W/kg



0 dB = 1.41 W/kg

19 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(50,24)_Front_1cm_Ch18900

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.675 W/kg

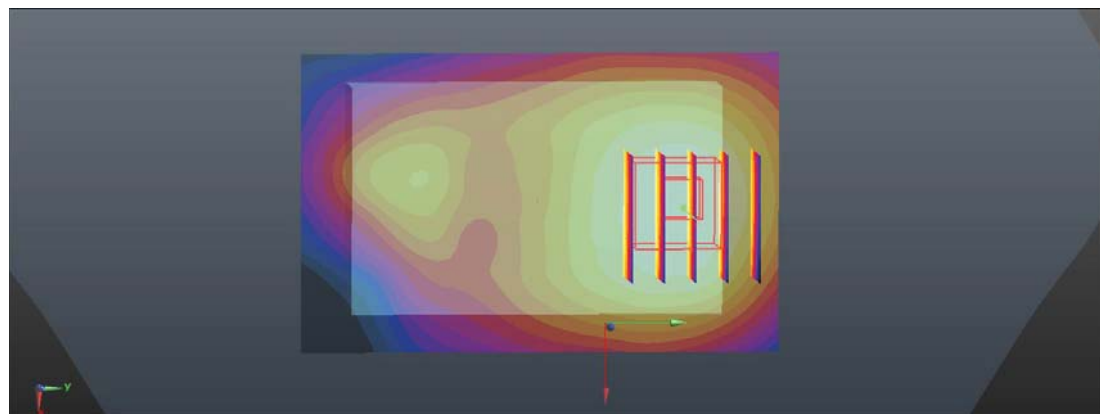
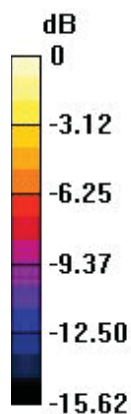
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.236 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.801 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.519 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.329 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.658 W/kg



0 dB = 0.658 W/kg

20 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(50,24)_Back_1cm_Ch18900

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.46 W/kg

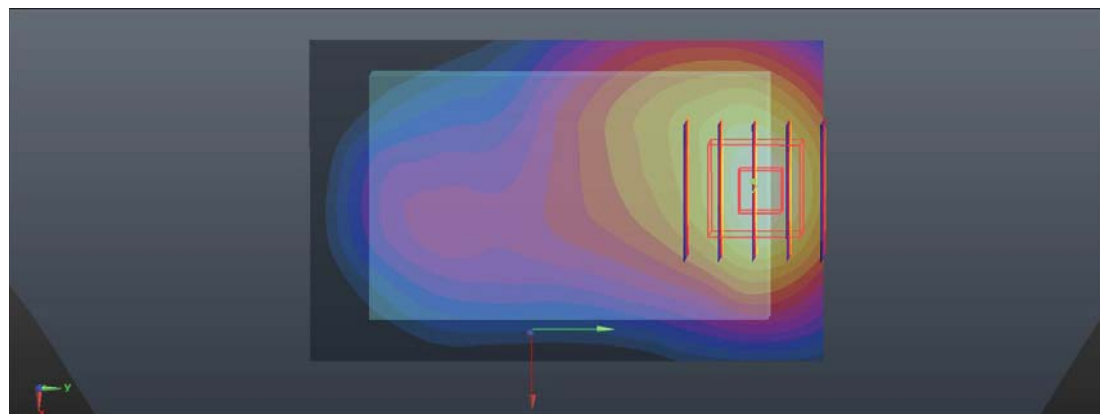
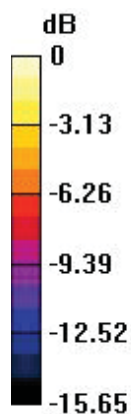
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.050 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.100 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.620 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.49 W/kg



0 dB = 1.49 W/kg

21 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(50,24)_Right Side_1cm_Ch18900

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg

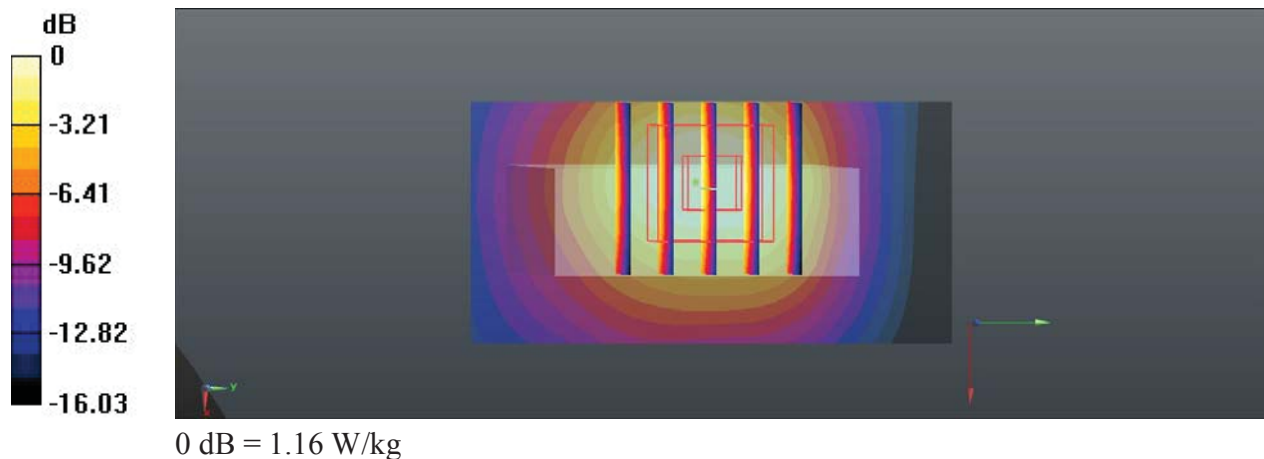
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.826 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.43 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.882 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.498 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.16 W/kg



22 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(50,24)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch18900

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.719 W/kg

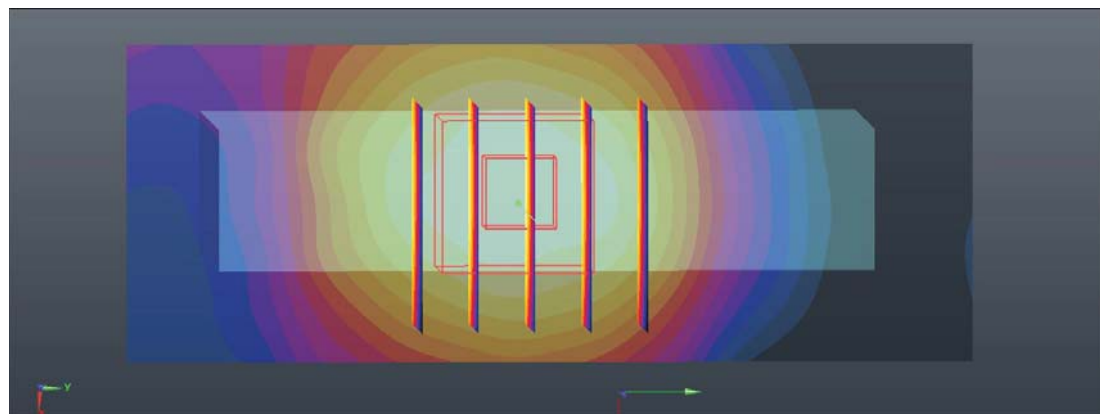
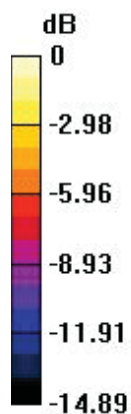
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.661 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.788 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.510 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.313 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.653 W/kg



0 dB = 0.653 W/kg

23 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(50,24)_Top Side_1cm_Ch18900

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.108 W/kg

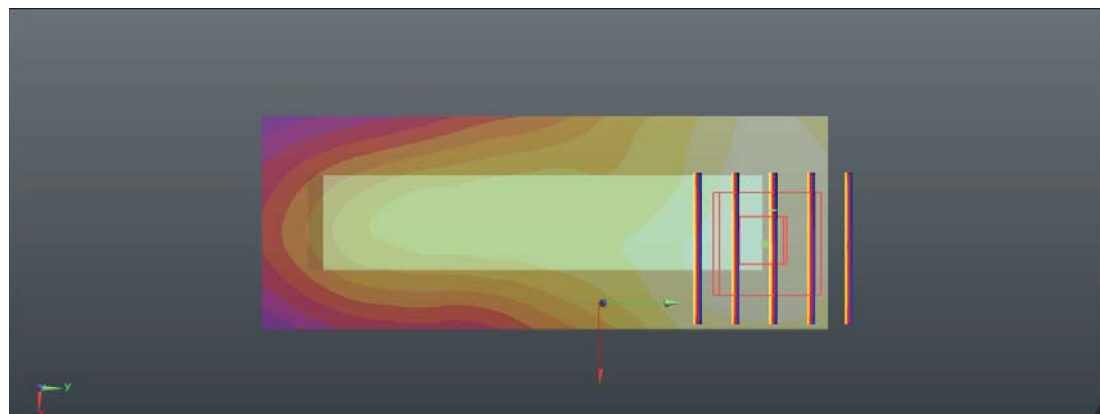
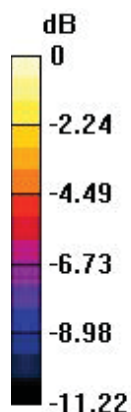
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.643 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.127 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.085 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.056 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.107 W/kg



0 dB = 0.107 W/kg

31 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(50,24)_Back_1cm_Ch18700

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.501$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.611$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18700/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.10 W/kg

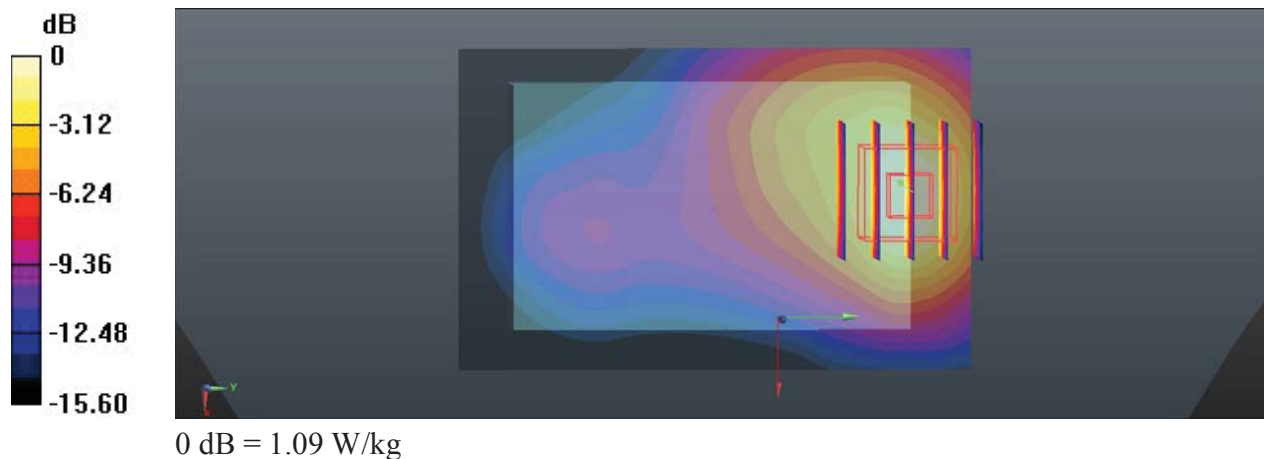
Ch18700/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.925 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.35 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.824 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.468 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 W/kg



32 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(50,24)_Back_1cm_Ch19100

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.552$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.476$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch19100/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg

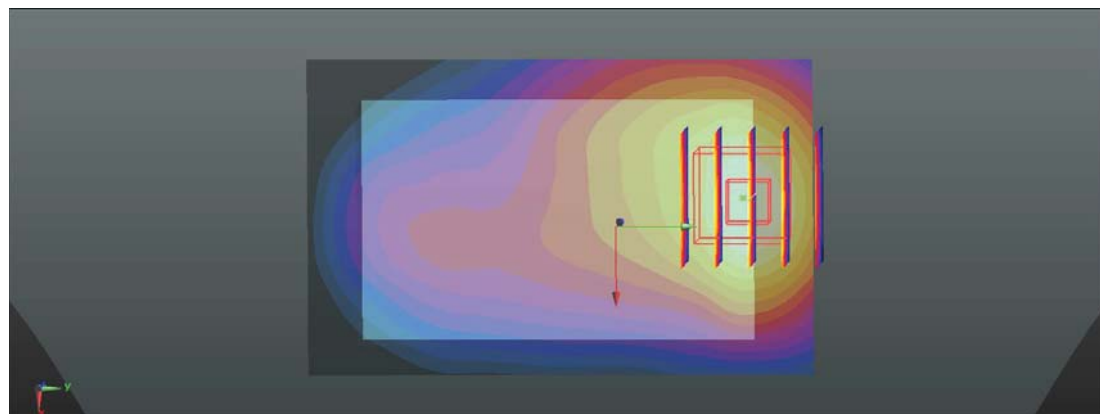
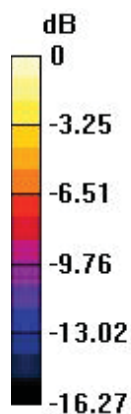
Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.519 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.50 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.883 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.499 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 W/kg



0 dB = 1.23 W/kg

24 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(50,24)_Right Side_1cm_Ch18700

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.501$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.611$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18700/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.946 W/kg

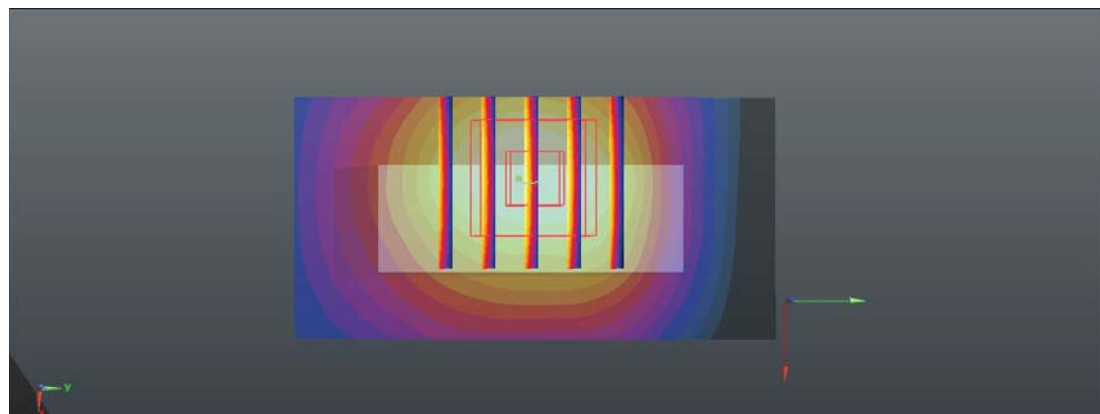
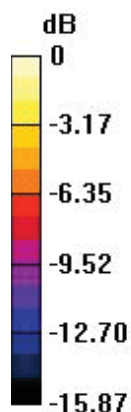
Ch18700/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.966 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.692 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.397 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.906 W/kg



0 dB = 0.906 W/kg

25 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(50,24)_Right Side_1cm_Ch19100

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.552$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.476$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch19100/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.11 W/kg

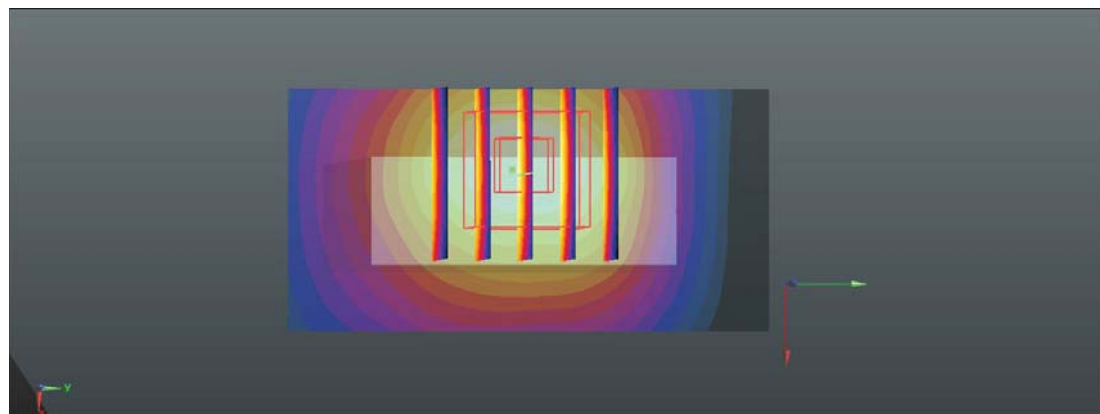
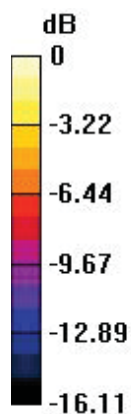
Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.123 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.822 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.467 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg



0 dB = 1.08 W/kg

26 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(100,0)_Front_1cm_Ch18900

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.654 W/kg

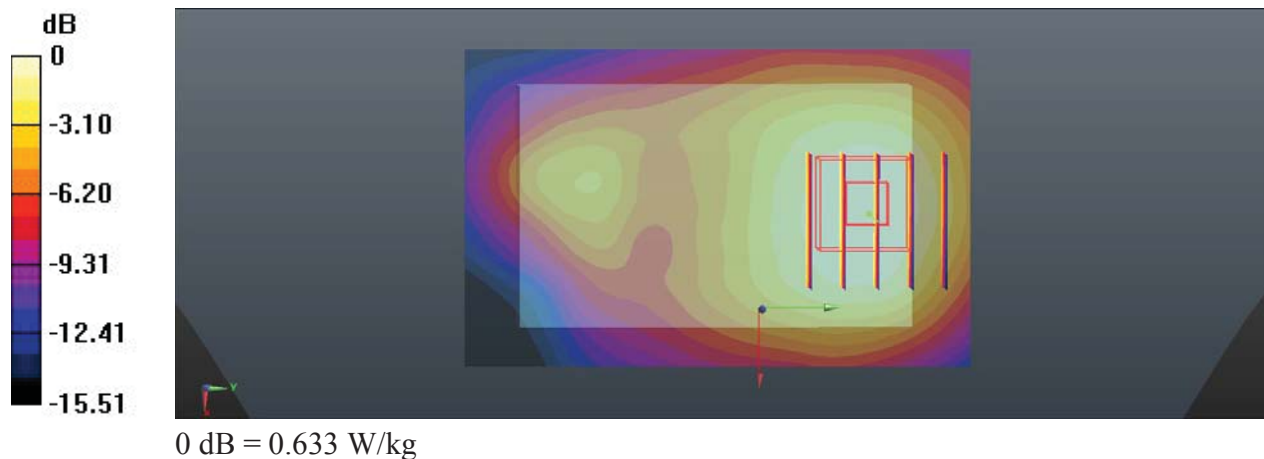
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.053 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.770 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.500 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.316 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.633 W/kg



27 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(100,0)_Back_1cm_Ch18900

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.40 W/kg

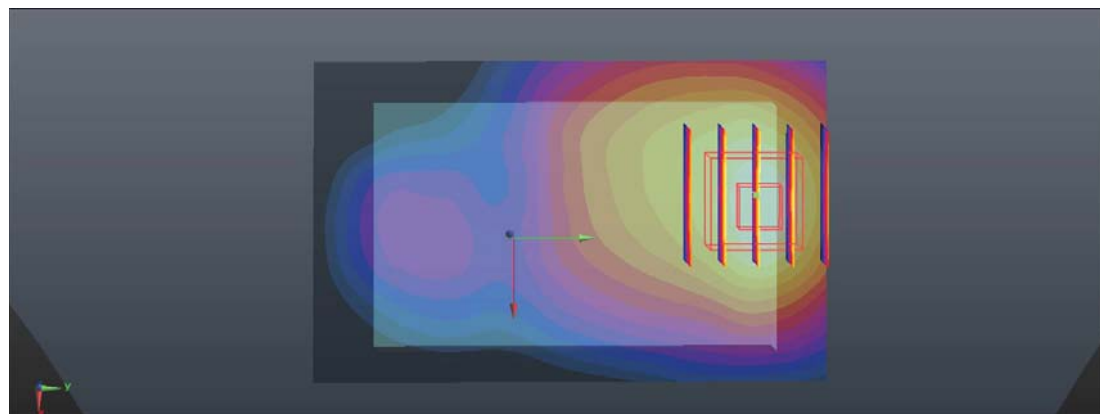
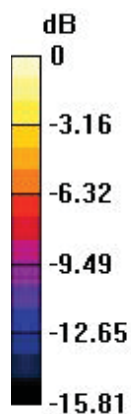
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.353 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.71 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.040 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.590 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.40 W/kg



0 dB = 1.40 W/kg

28 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(100,0)_Right Side_1cm_Ch18900

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.19 W/kg

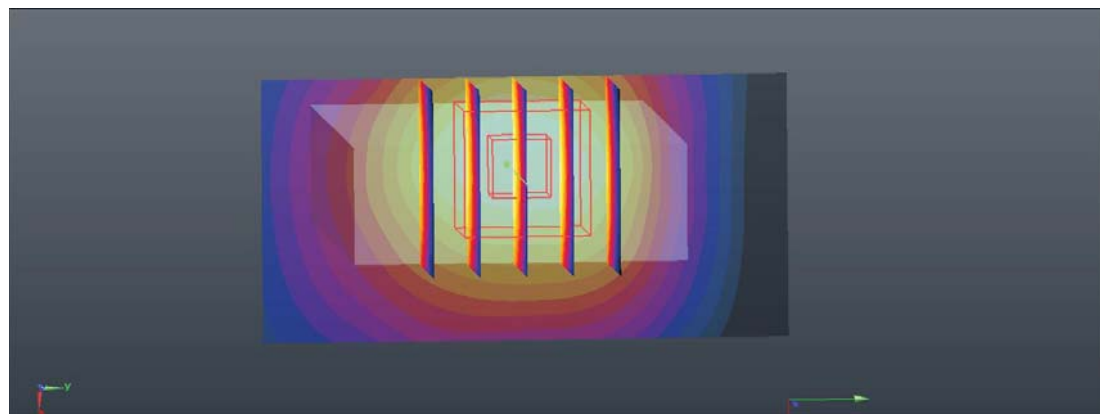
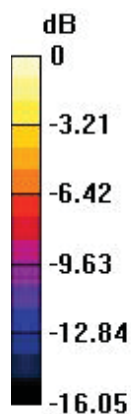
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.635 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.45 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.882 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.504 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 W/kg



0 dB = 1.18 W/kg

29 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(100,0)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch18900

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.715 W/kg

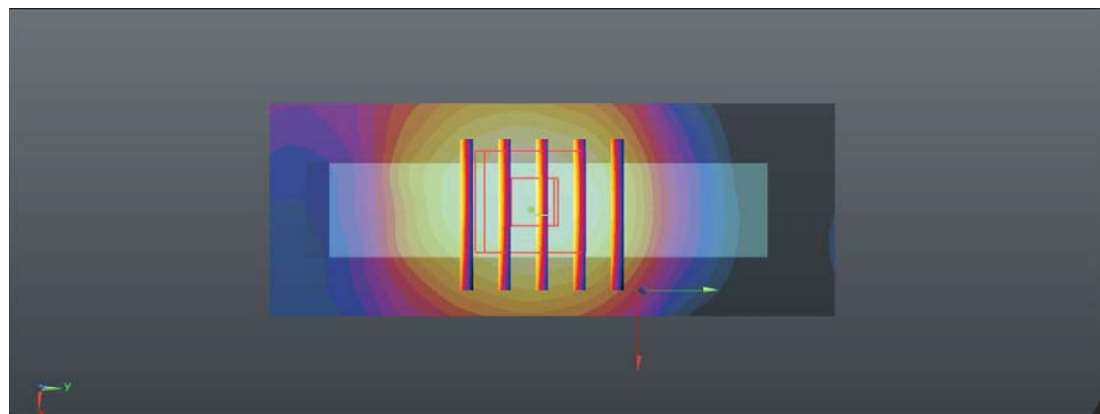
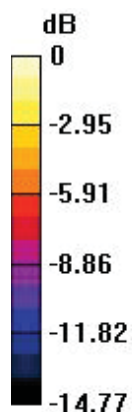
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.534 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.764 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.501 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.307 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.628 W/kg



0 dB = 0.628 W/kg

30 LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(100,0)_Top Side_1cm_Ch18900

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_131113 Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.525$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.504$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.7, 7.7, 7.7); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch18900/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.107 W/kg

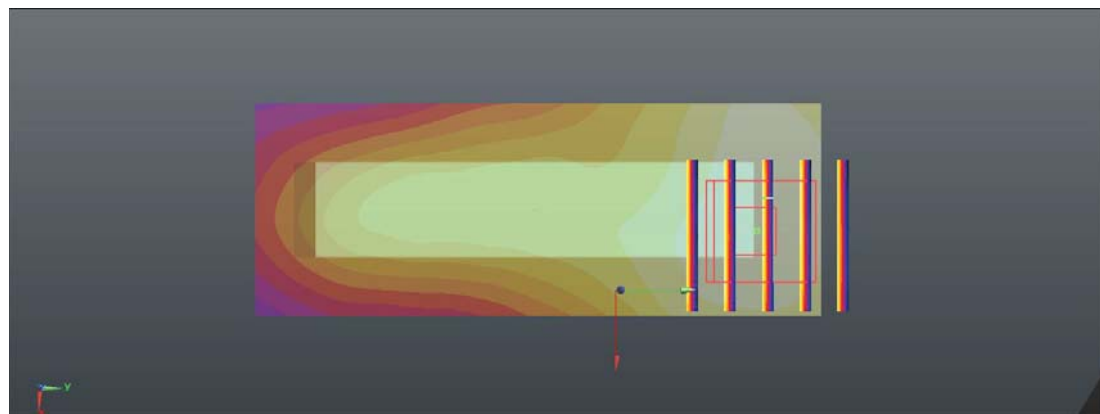
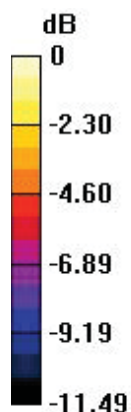
Ch18900/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.500 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.128 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.084 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.056 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.106 W/kg



0 dB = 0.106 W/kg

43 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Front_1cm_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.391$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20050/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.623 W/kg

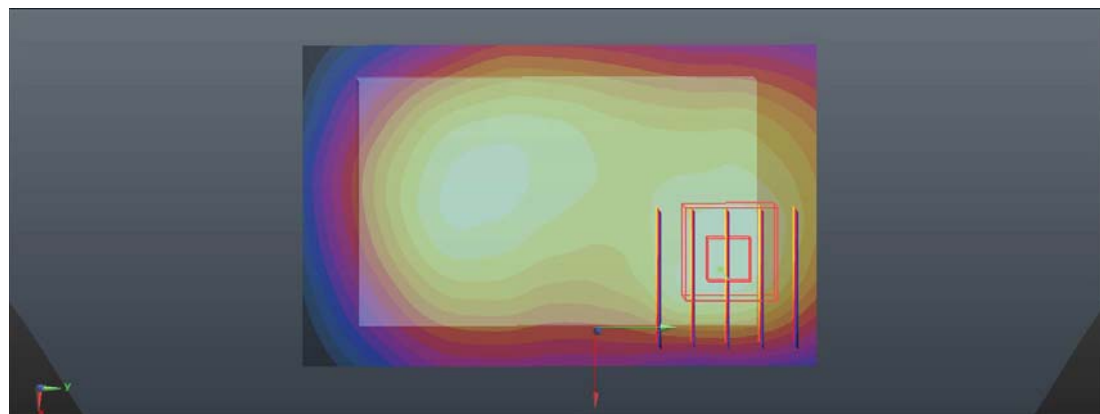
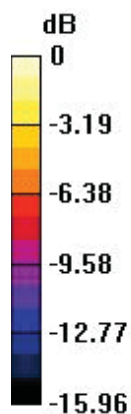
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.248 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.810 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.485 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.286 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.639 W/kg



0 dB = 0.639 W/kg

44 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Back_1cm_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.391$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20050/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.27 W/kg

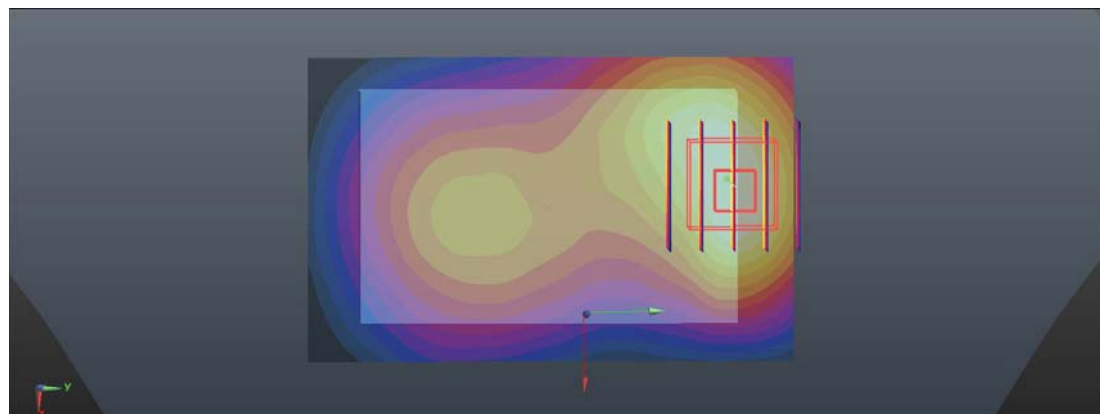
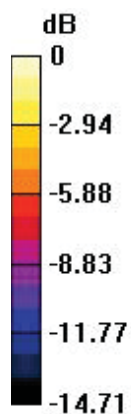
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.795 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.944 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.564 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg



0 dB = 1.21 W/kg

45 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Right Side_1cm_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.391$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20050/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg

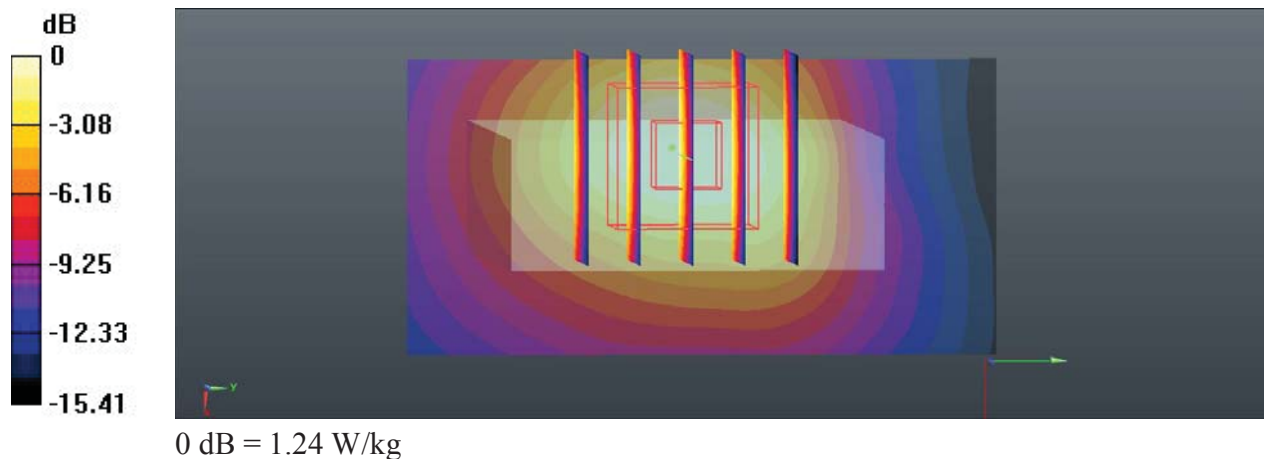
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.431 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.948 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.556 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg



46 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.391$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20050/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.431 W/kg

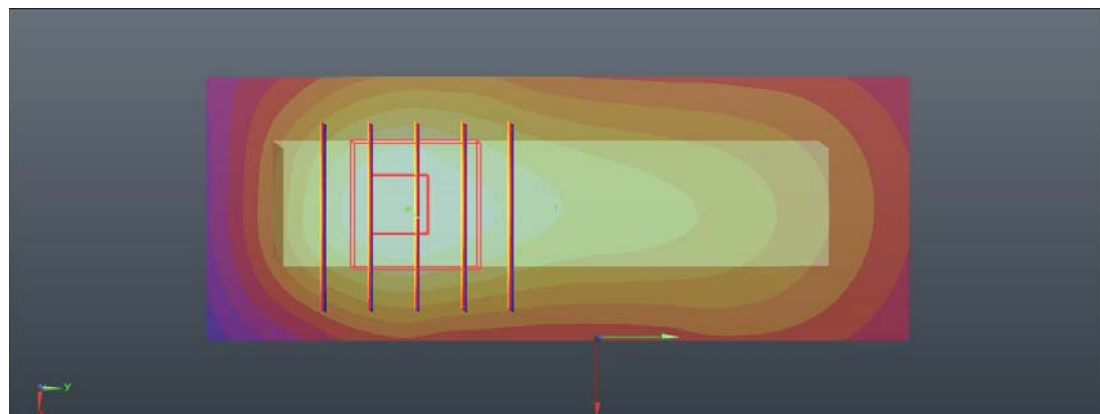
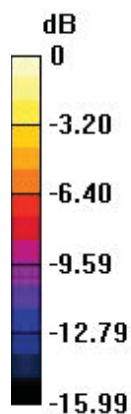
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.603 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.487 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.304 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.179 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.387 W/kg



0 dB = 0.387 W/kg

47 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Top Side_1cm_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.391$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20050/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.195 W/kg

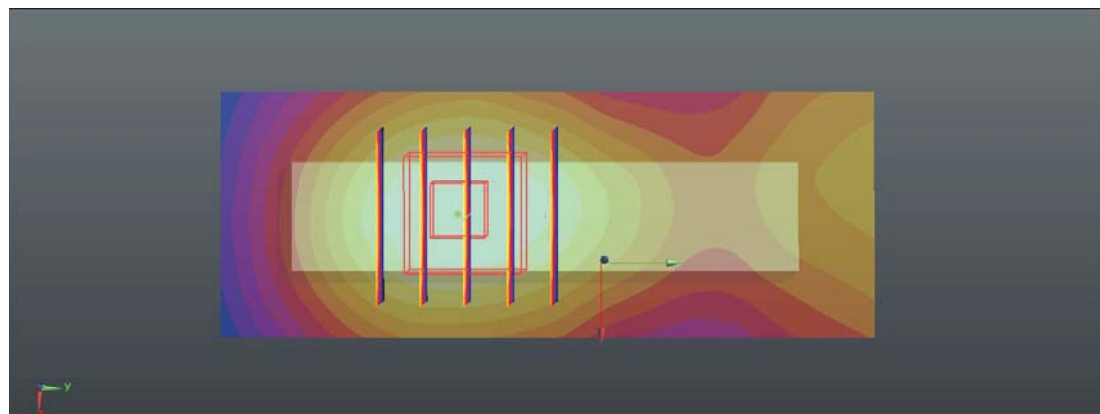
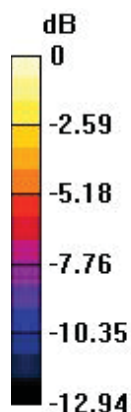
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.436 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.222 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.145 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.092 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.183 W/kg



0 dB = 0.183 W/kg

48 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Back_1cm_Ch20175

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.365$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20175/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.31 W/kg

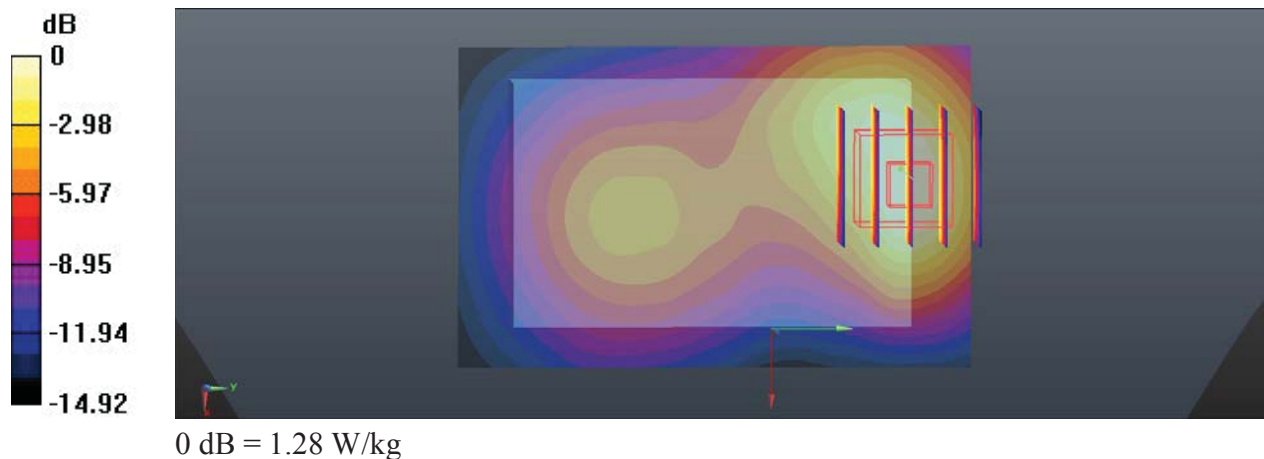
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.190 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.56 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.992 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.594 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg



49 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Back_1cm_Ch20300

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1745$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.517$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.35$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20300/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.21 W/kg

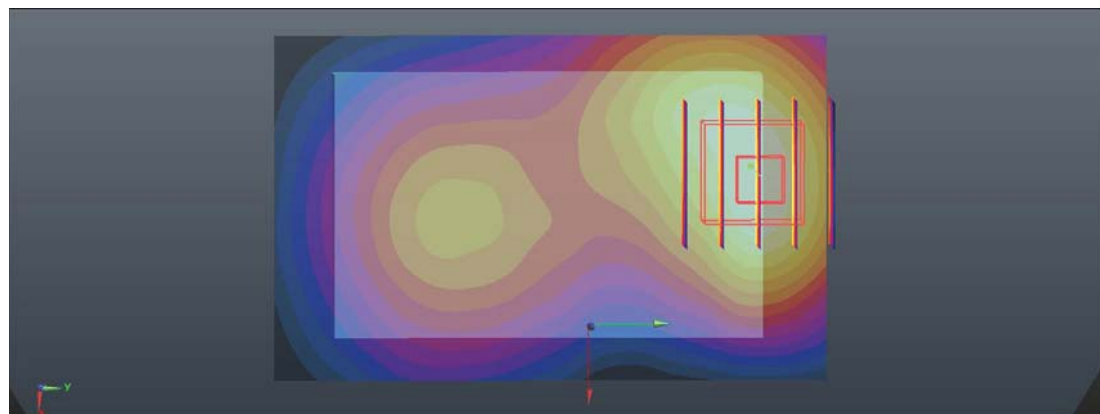
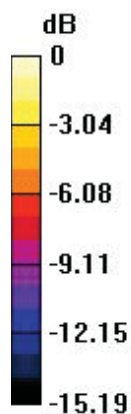
Ch20300/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.917 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.42 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.918 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.549 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.19 W/kg



0 dB = 1.19 W/kg

50 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Right Side_1cm_Ch20175

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$

S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.365$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20175/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.34 W/kg

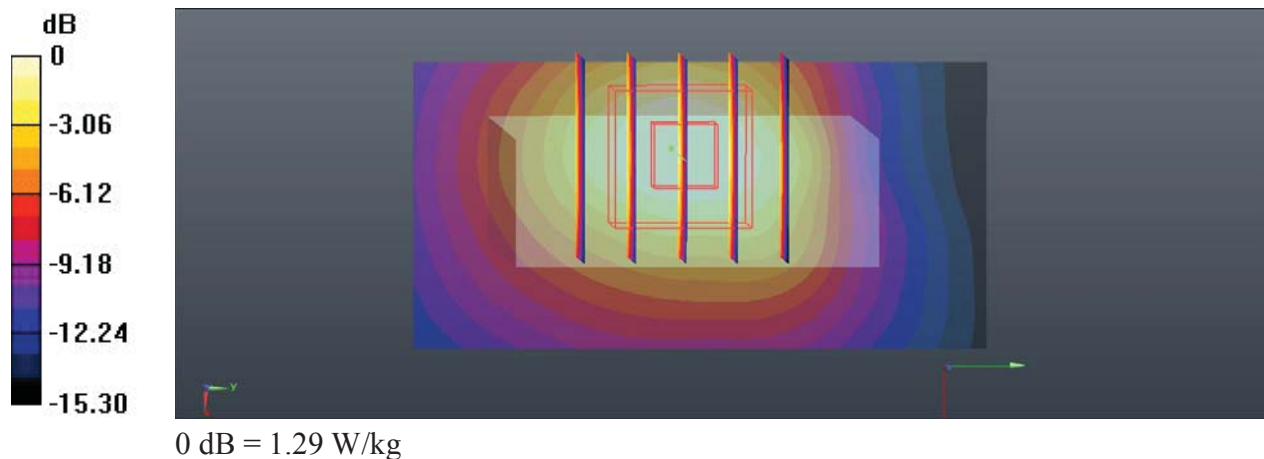
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.087 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.979 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.568 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 W/kg



51 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Right Side_1cm_Ch20300

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1745$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.517$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.35$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20300/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.31 W/kg

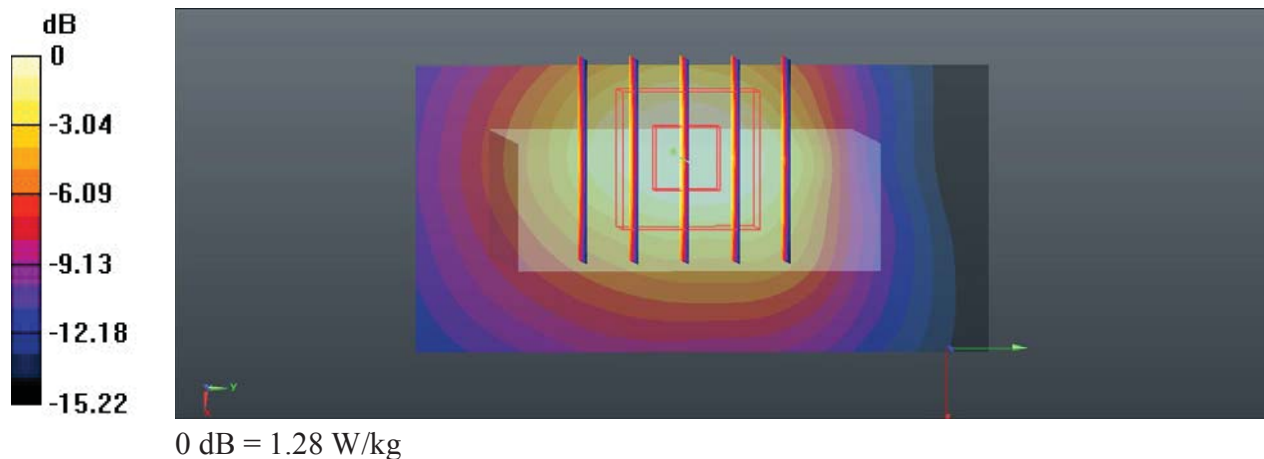
Ch20300/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.687 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.972 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.565 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg



52 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(50,0)_Front_1cm_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.391$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20050/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.558 W/kg

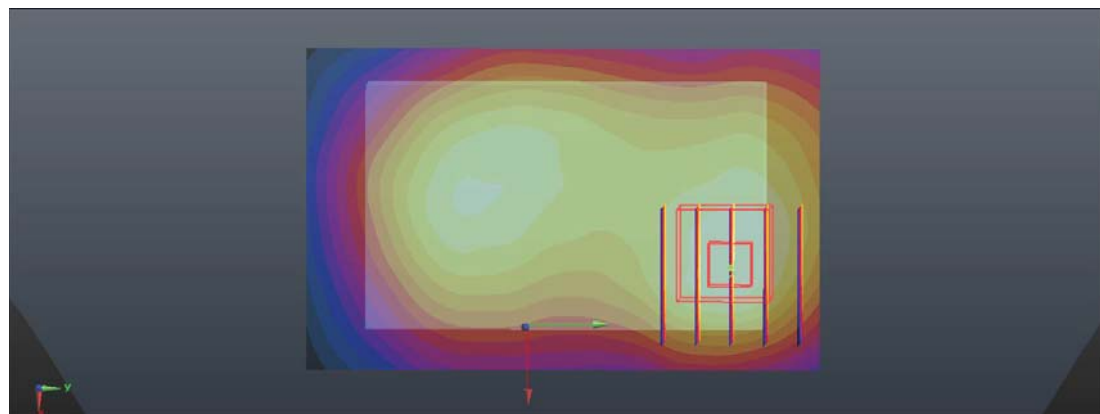
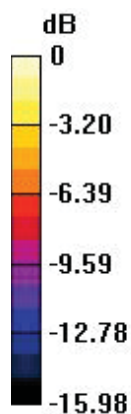
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.719 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.717 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.428 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.252 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.572 W/kg



0 dB = 0.572 W/kg

53 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(50,0)_Back_1cm_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.391$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20050/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.998 W/kg

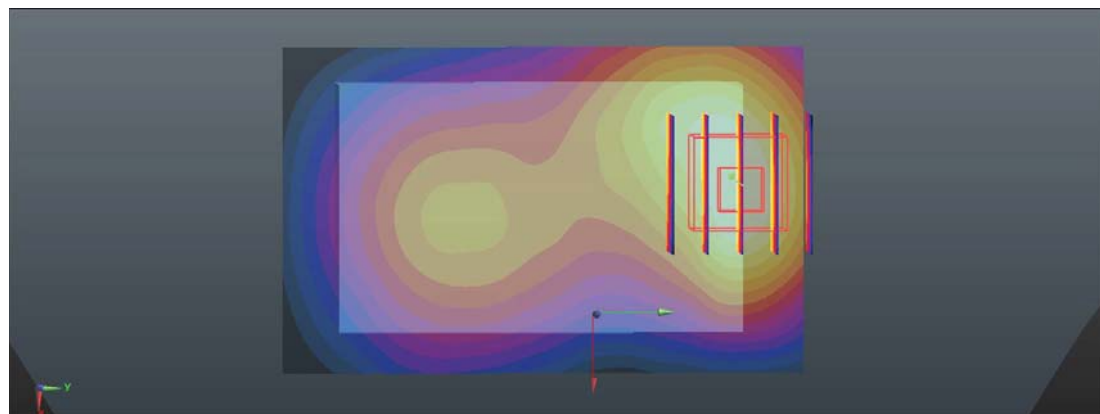
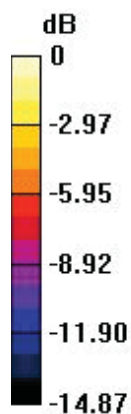
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.714 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.747 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.446 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.966 W/kg



0 dB = 0.966 W/kg

54 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(50,0)_Right Side_1cm_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.391$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20050/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 W/kg

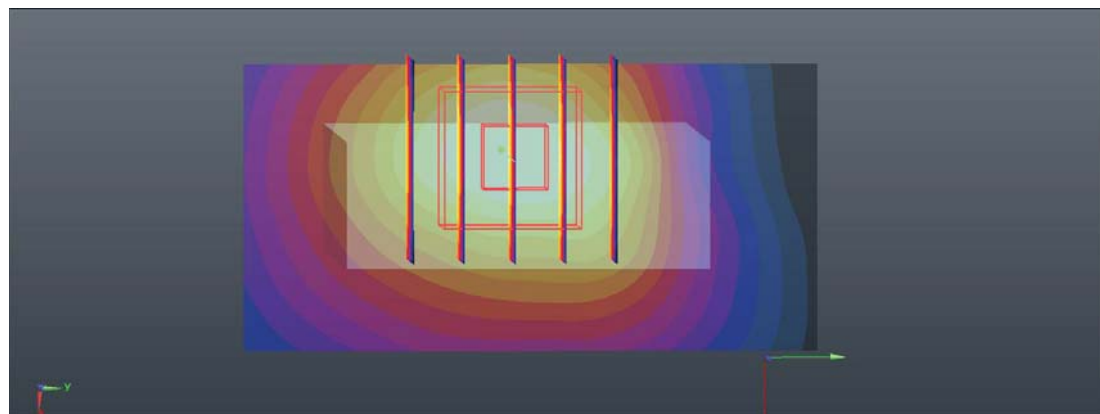
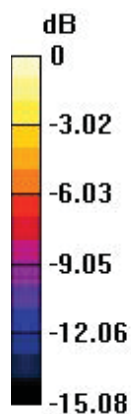
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.189 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.747 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.435 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.978 W/kg



0 dB = 0.978 W/kg

55 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(50,0)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.391$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20050/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.374 W/kg

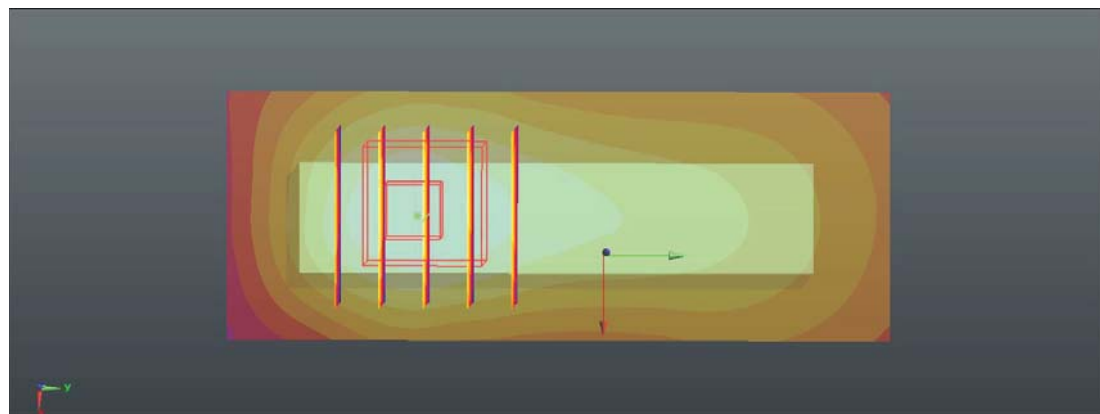
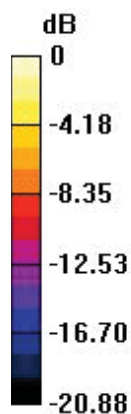
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.772 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.415 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.258 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.151 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.333 W/kg



0 dB = 0.333 W/kg

56 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(50,0)_Top Side_1cm_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.391$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20050/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.154 W/kg

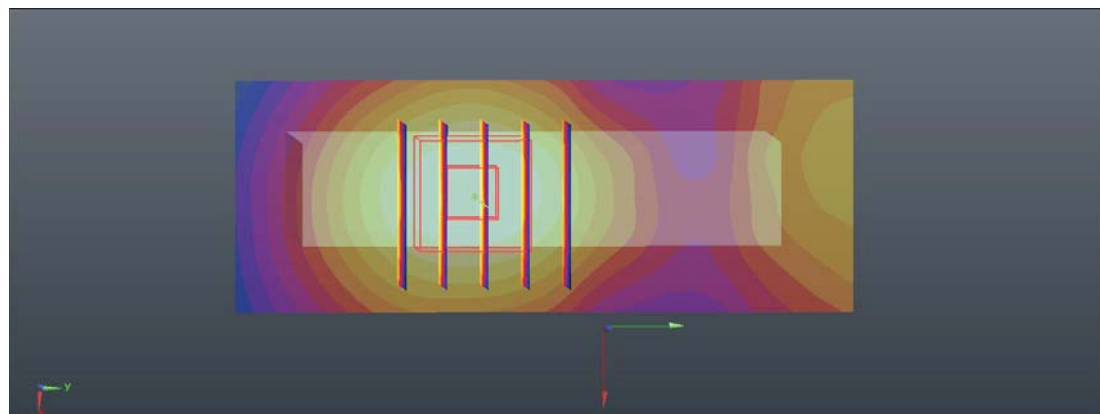
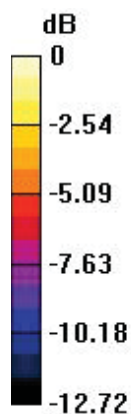
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.314 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.173 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.117 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.146 W/kg



0 dB = 0.146 W/kg

57 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(50,0)_Back_1cm_Ch20175

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.365$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20175/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.964 W/kg

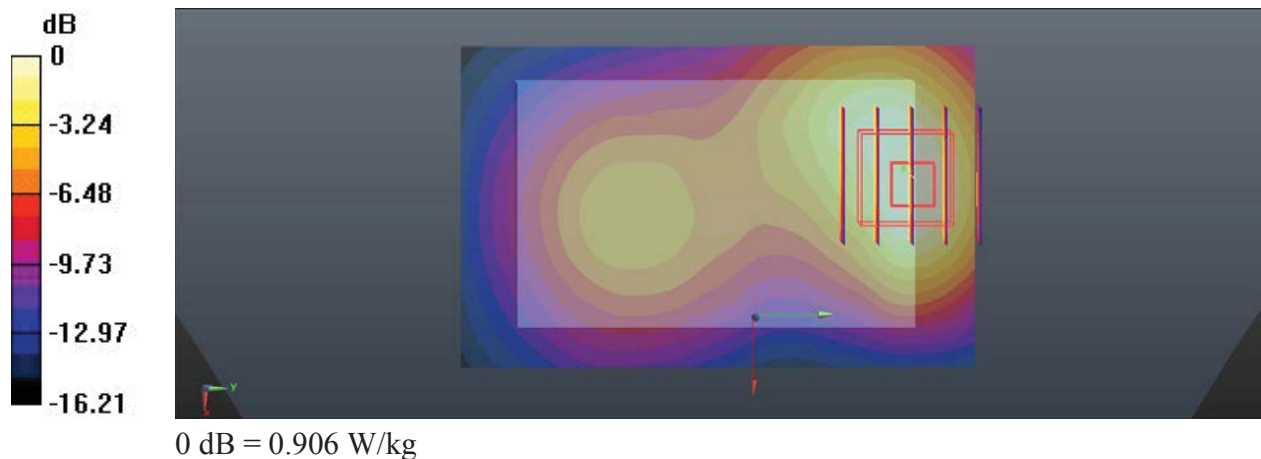
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.999 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.701 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.418 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.906 W/kg



58 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(50,0)_Back_1cm_Ch20300

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1745$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.517$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.35$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20300/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.936 W/kg

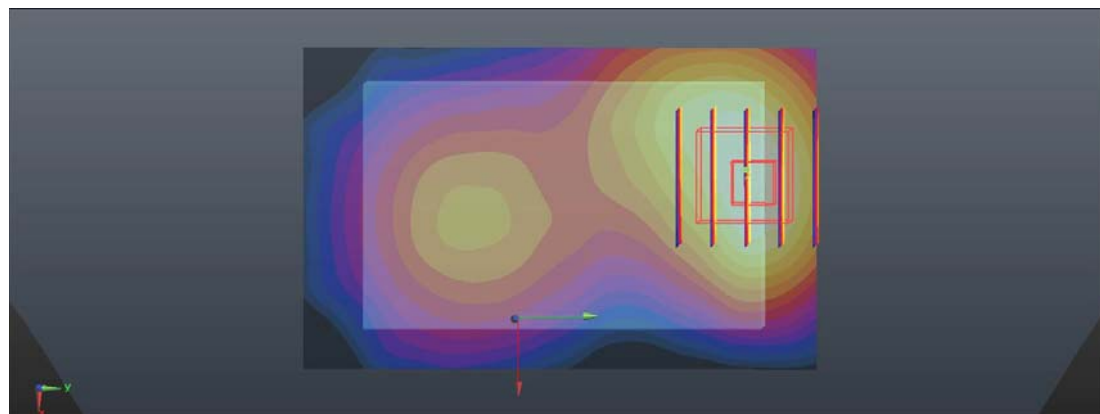
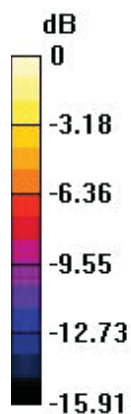
Ch20300/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.861 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.695 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.412 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.901 W/kg



0 dB = 0.901 W/kg

59 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(50,0)_Right Side_1cm_Ch20175

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.365$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20175/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.00 W/kg

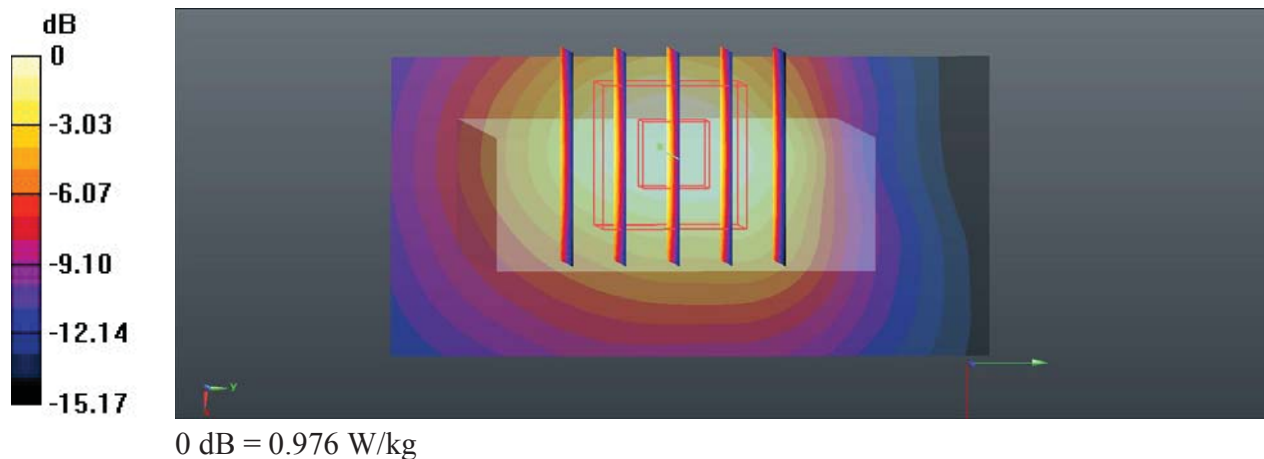
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.868 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.738 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.428 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.976 W/kg



60 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(50,0)_Right Side_1cm_Ch20300

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1745$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.517$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.35$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20300/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 W/kg

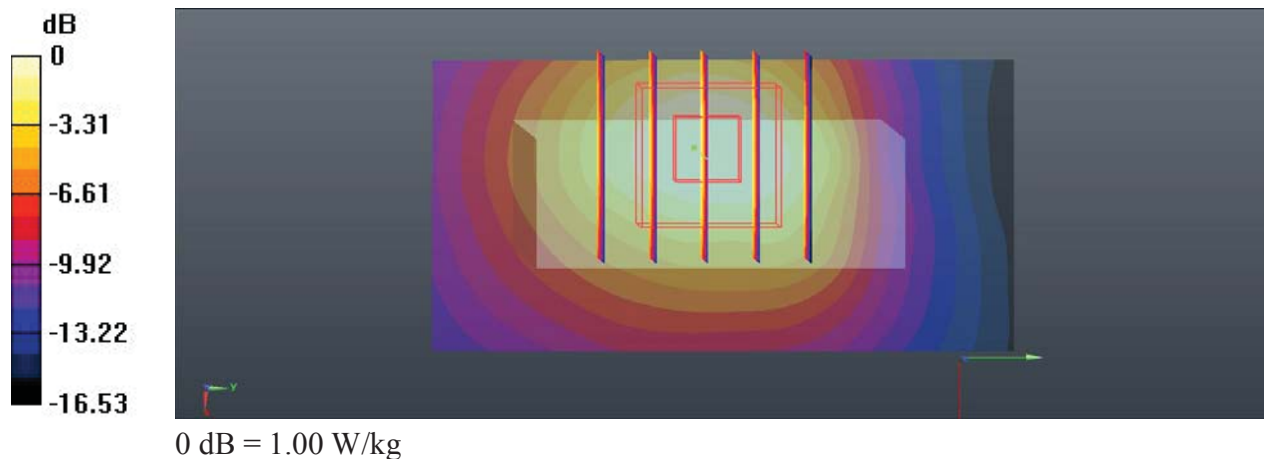
Ch20300/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.697 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.21 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.762 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.441 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 W/kg



61 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(100,0)_Front_1cm_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.391$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20050/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.597 W/kg

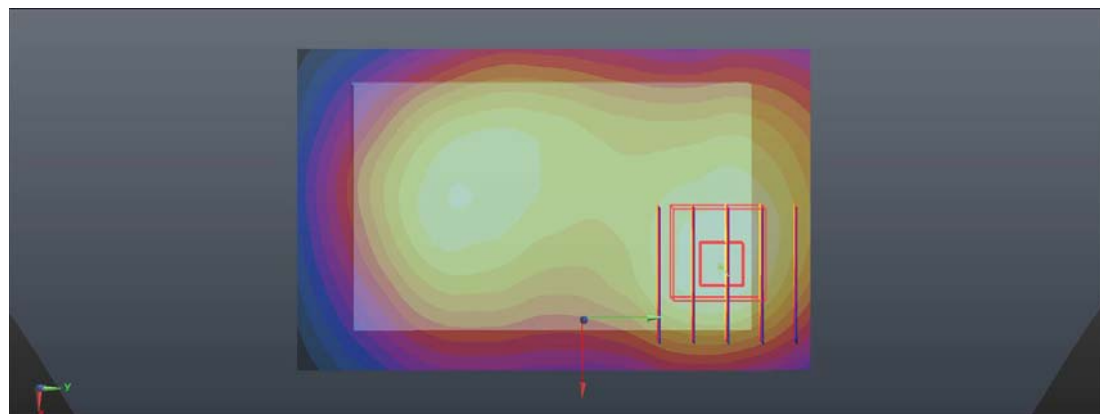
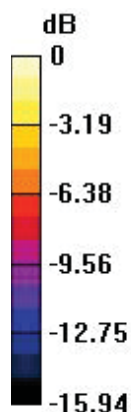
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.828 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.766 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.455 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.268 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.611 W/kg



0 dB = 0.611 W/kg

62 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(100,0)_Back_1cm_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.391$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20050/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.992 W/kg

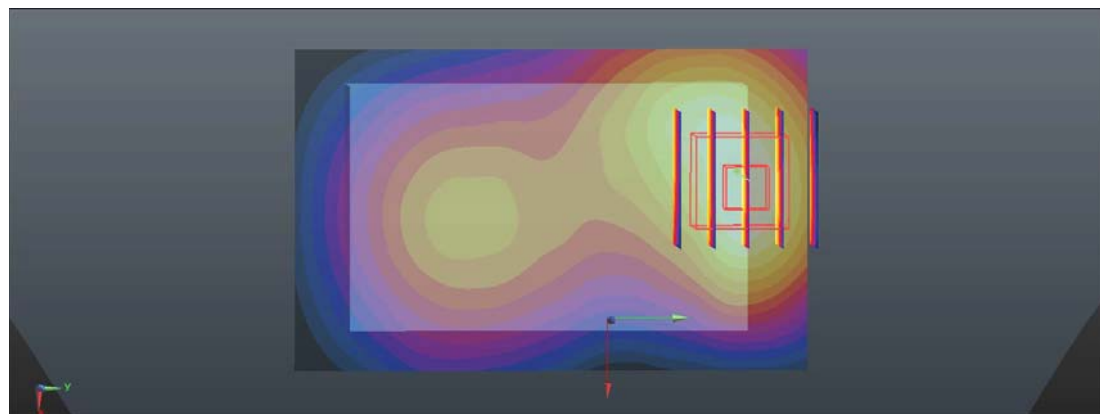
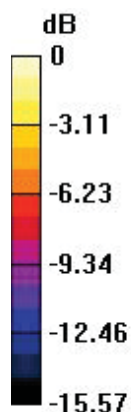
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.398 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.749 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.445 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.965 W/kg



0 dB = 0.965 W/kg

63 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(100,0)_Right Side_1cm_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.391$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20050/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 W/kg

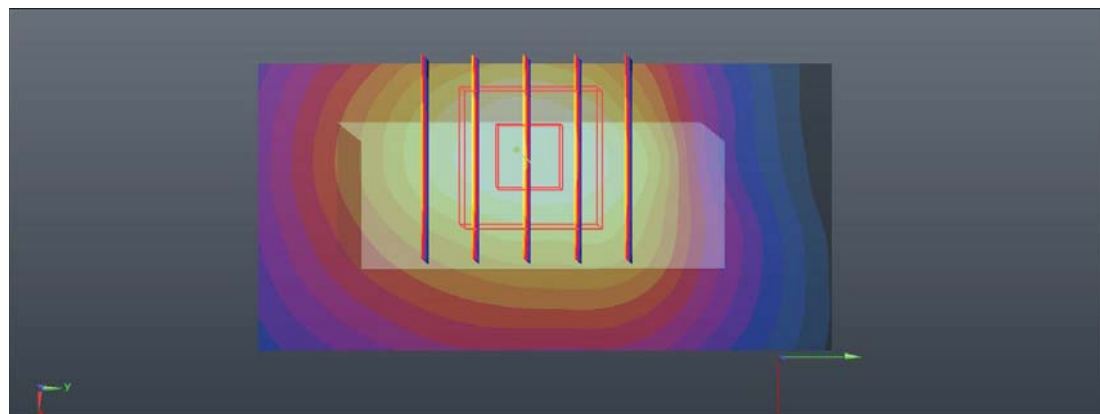
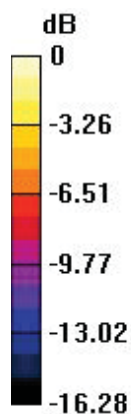
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.683 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.743 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.428 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.978 W/kg



0 dB = 0.978 W/kg

64 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(100,0)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.391$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20050/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.390 W/kg

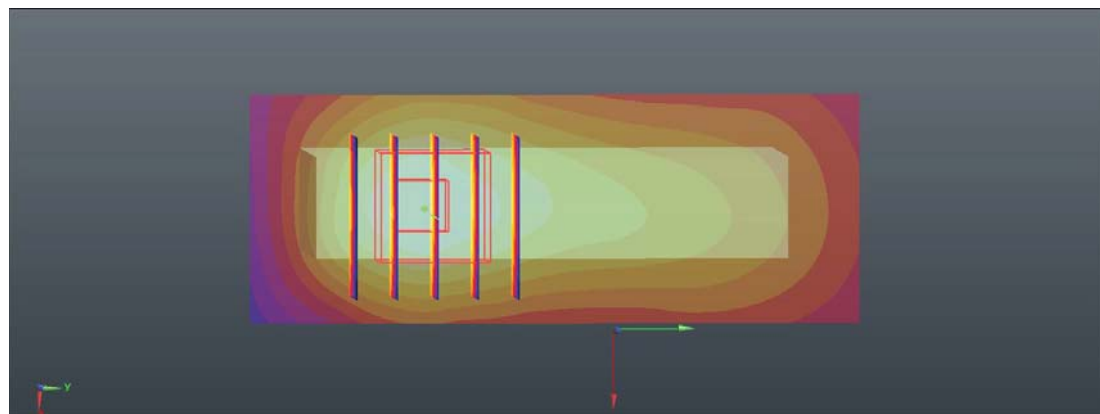
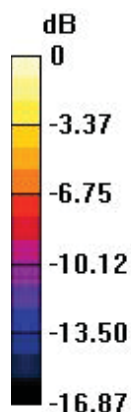
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.124 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.442 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.278 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.163 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.356 W/kg



0 dB = 0.356 W/kg

65 LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(100,0)_Top Side_1cm_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_131114 Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.391$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20050/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.160 W/kg

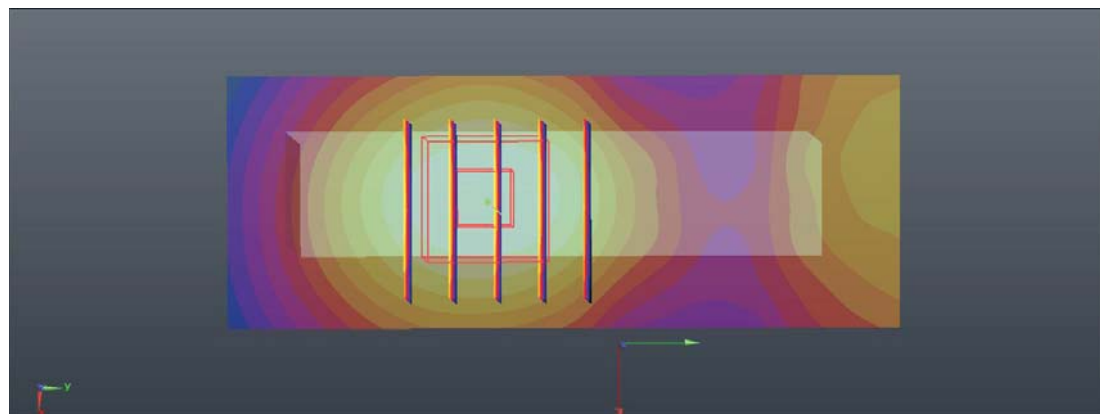
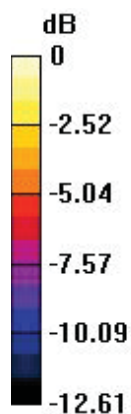
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.403 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.180 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.119 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.075 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.150 W/kg



0 dB = 0.150 W/kg

72 LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK(1,24)_Front_1cm_Ch20450

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.989$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.617$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20450/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.586 W/kg

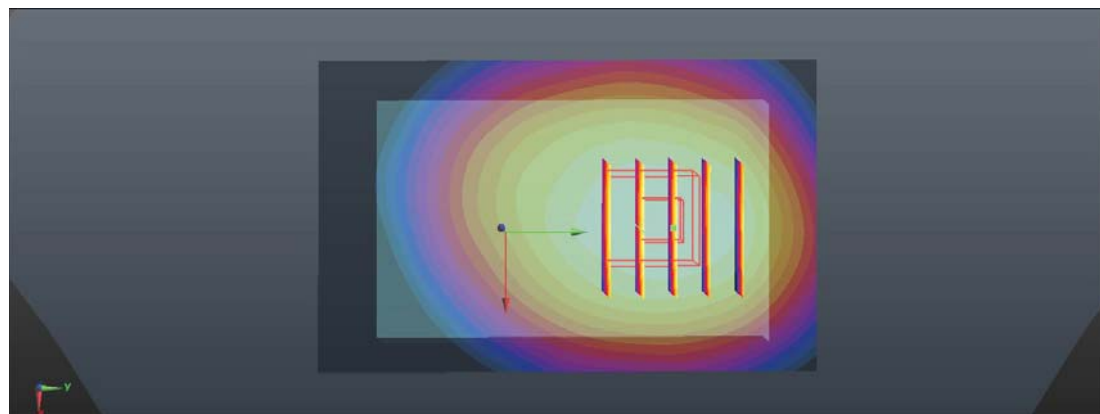
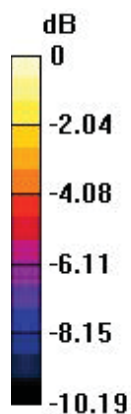
Ch20450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.369 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.641 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.496 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.369 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.573 W/kg



0 dB = 0.573 W/kg

73 LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK(1,24)_Back_1cm_Ch20450

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.989$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.617$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20450/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.624 W/kg

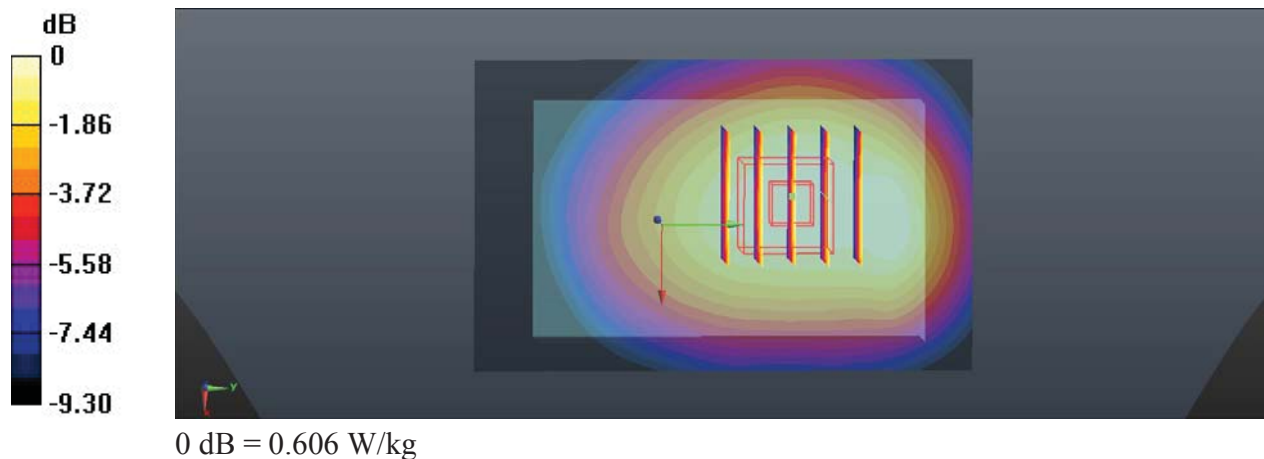
Ch20450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.786 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.676 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.519 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.387 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.606 W/kg



74 LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK(1,24)_Right Side_1cm_Ch20450

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.989$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.617$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20450/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.123 W/kg

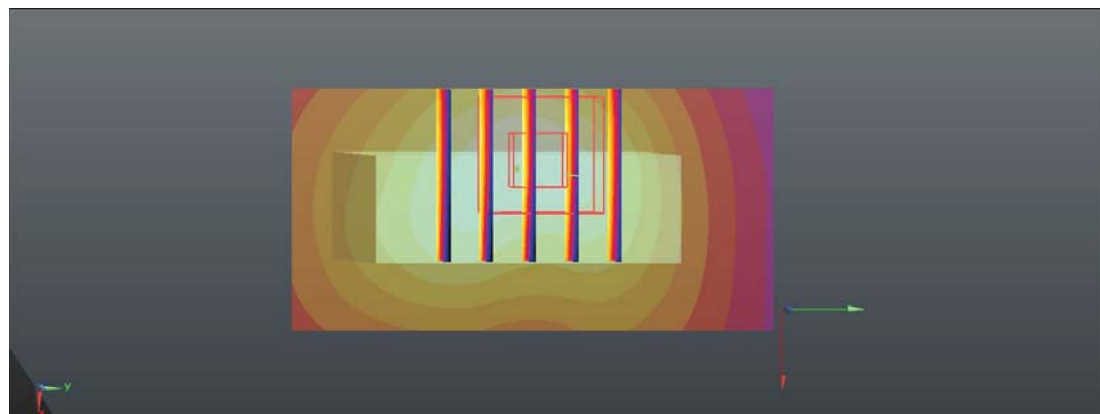
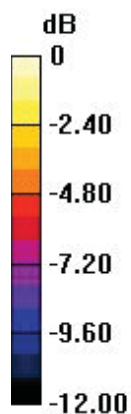
Ch20450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.885 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.147 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.099 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.123 W/kg



0 dB = 0.123 W/kg

75 LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK(1,24)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch20450

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.989$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.617$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20450/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.353 W/kg

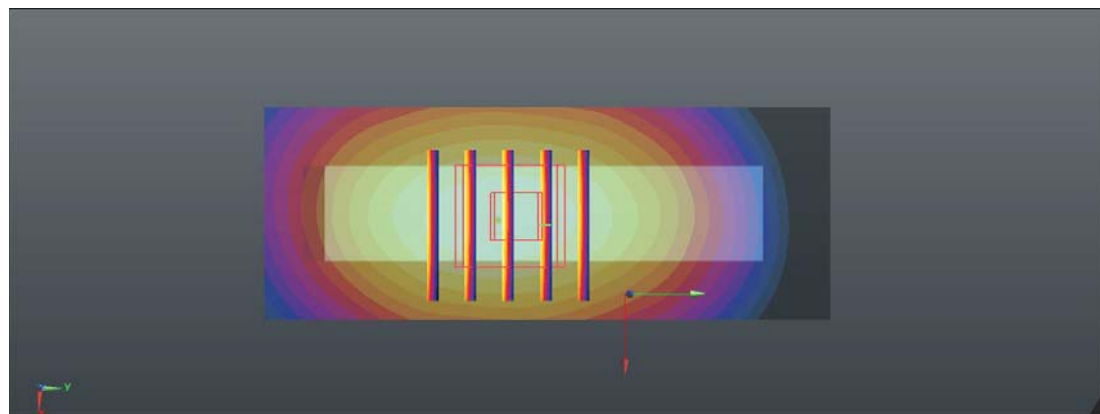
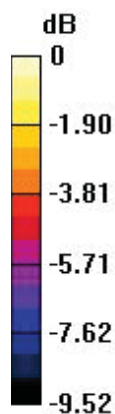
Ch20450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 17.217 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.408 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.299 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.212 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.356 W/kg



0 dB = 0.356 W/kg

76 LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK(1,24)_Top Side_1cm_Ch20450

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.989$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.617$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20450/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.400 W/kg

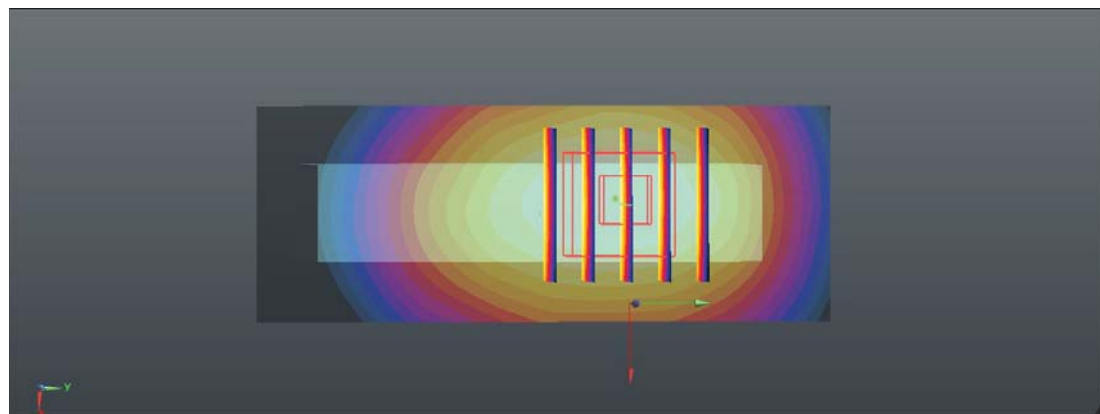
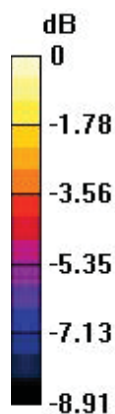
Ch20450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.019 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.441 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.336 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.242 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.393 W/kg



0 dB = 0.393 W/kg

77 LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK(25,12)_Front_1cm_Ch20450

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.989$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.617$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20450/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.494 W/kg

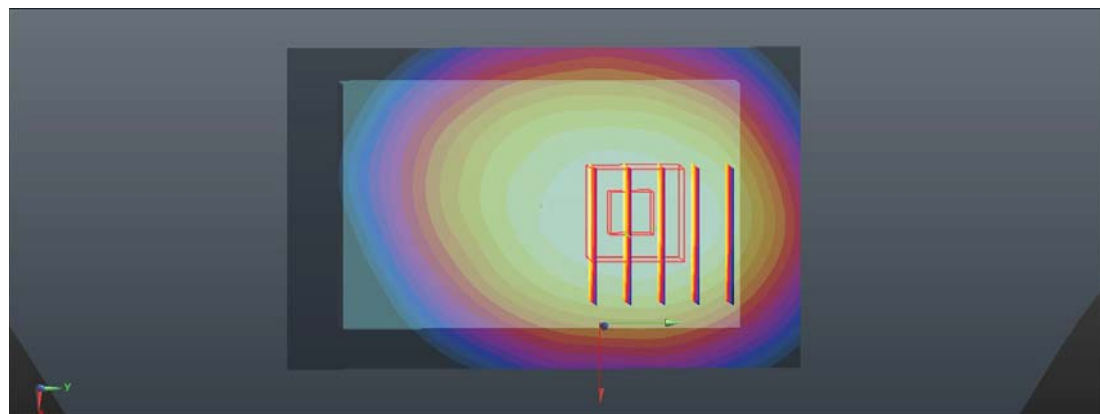
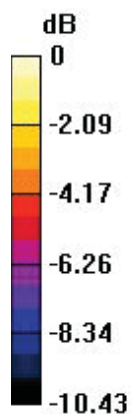
Ch20450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.607 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.518 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.401 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.299 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.462 W/kg



0 dB = 0.462 W/kg

78 LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK(25,12)_Back_1cm_Ch20450

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.989$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.617$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20450/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.474 W/kg

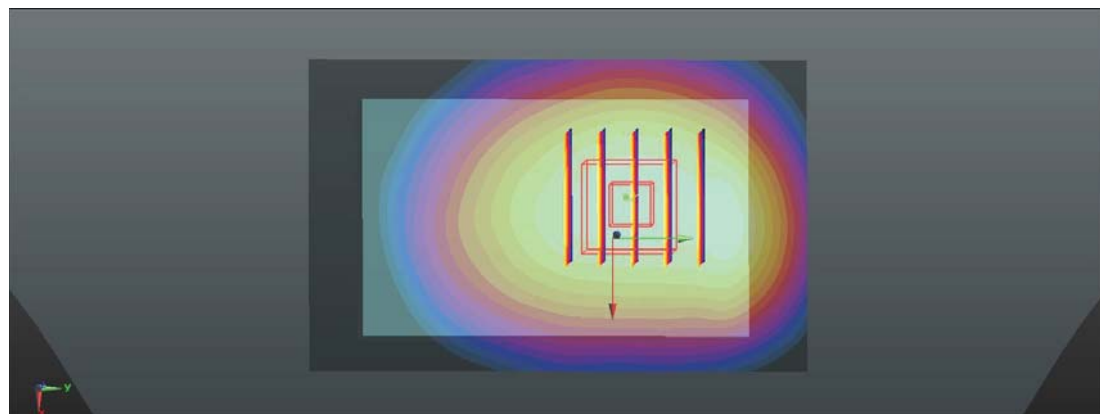
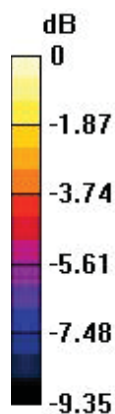
Ch20450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.901 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.524 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.405 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.298 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.470 W/kg



0 dB = 0.470 W/kg

79 LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK(25,12)_Right Side_1cm_Ch20450

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.989$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.617$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20450/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0961 W/kg

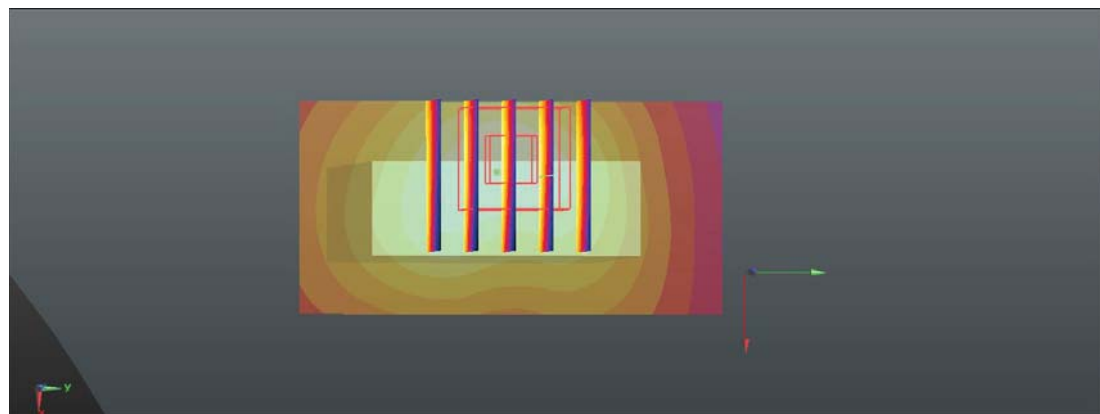
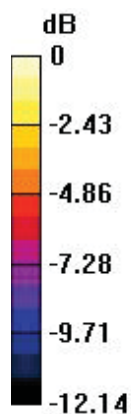
Ch20450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.048 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.114 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.076 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.050 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0941 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0941 W/kg

80 LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK(25,12)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch20450

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.989$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.617$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20450/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.279 W/kg

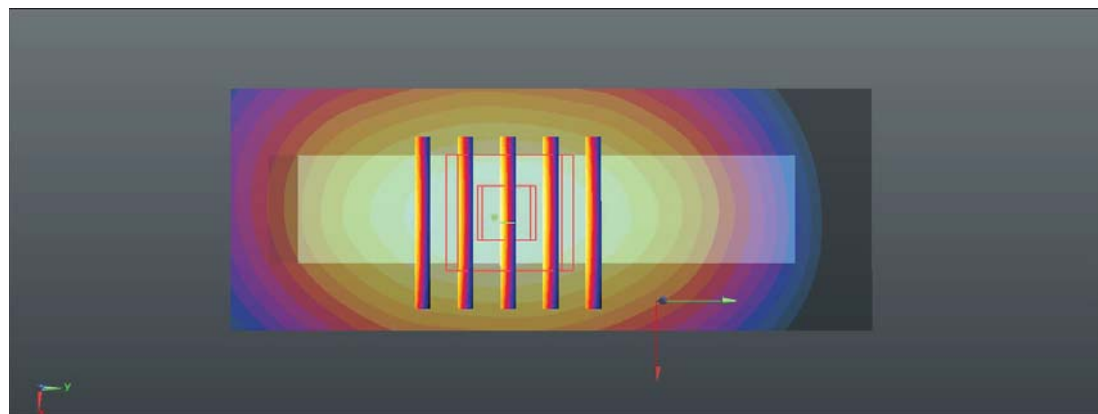
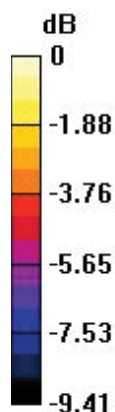
Ch20450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.371 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.312 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.229 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.162 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.273 W/kg



0 dB = 0.273 W/kg

81 LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK(25,12)_Top Side_1cm_Ch20450

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.989$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.617$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(9.93, 9.93, 9.93); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch20450/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.302 W/kg

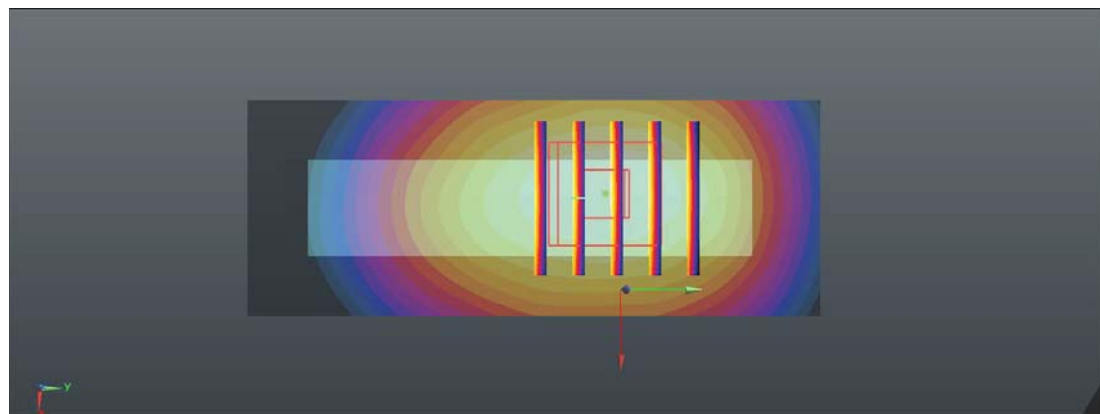
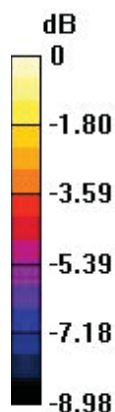
Ch20450/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.680 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.343 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.257 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.185 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.303 W/kg



0 dB = 0.303 W/kg

82 LTE Band 17_10M_QPSK(1,24)_Front_1cm_Ch23790

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 710$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.943$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.574$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch23790/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.605 W/kg

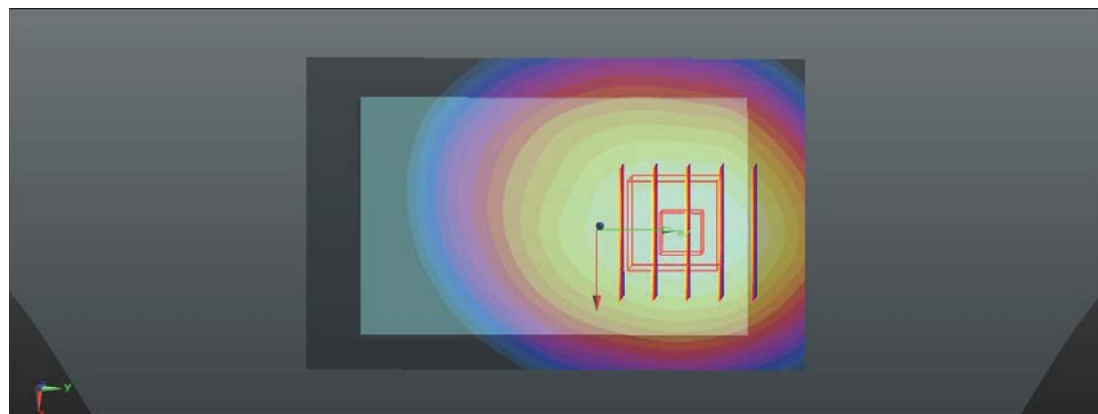
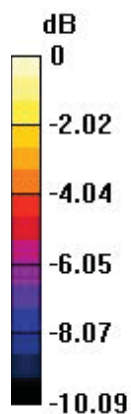
Ch23790/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.324 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.665 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.496 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.358 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.586 W/kg



0 dB = 0.586 W/kg

83 LTE Band 17_10M_QPSK(1,24)_Back_1cm_Ch23790

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 710$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.943$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.574$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch23790/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.629 W/kg

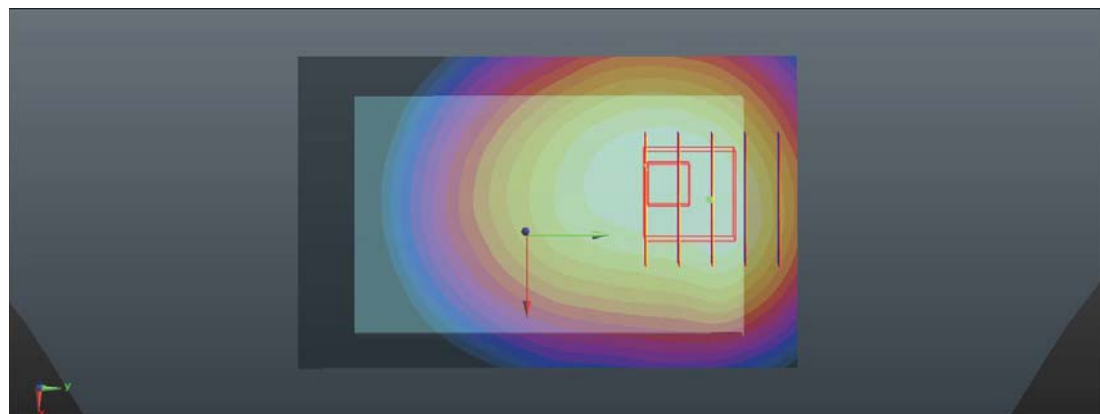
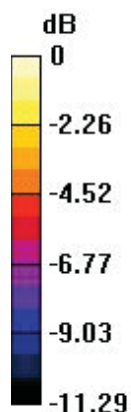
Ch23790/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.946 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.693 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.511 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.362 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.614 W/kg



0 dB = 0.614 W/kg

84 LTE Band 17_10M_QPSK(1,24)_Right Side_1cm_Ch23790

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 710$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.943$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.574$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch23790/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.180 W/kg

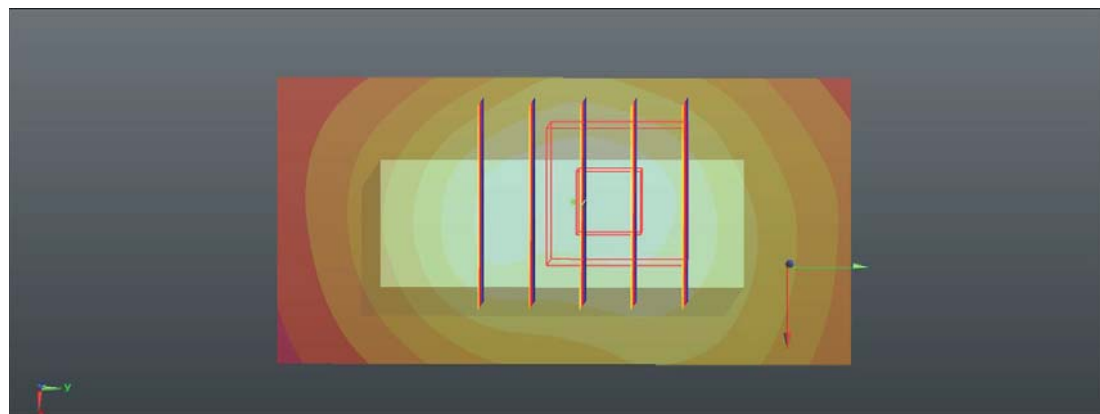
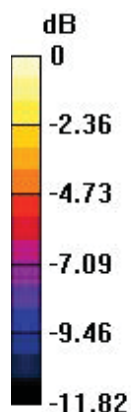
Ch23790/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.231 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.230 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.138 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.182 W/kg



0 dB = 0.182 W/kg

85 LTE Band 17_10M_QPSK(1,24)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch23790

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 710$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.943$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.574$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch23790/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.231 W/kg

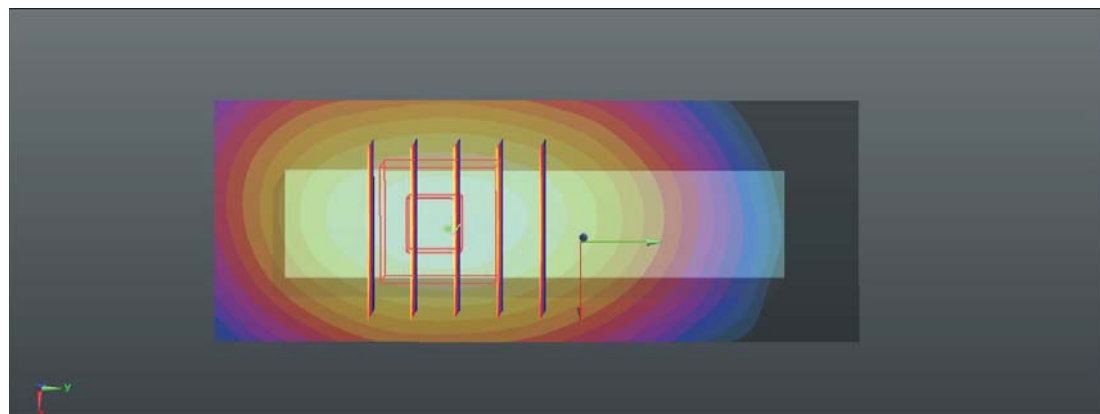
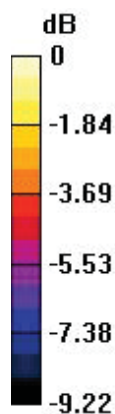
Ch23790/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.481 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.272 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.197 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.138 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.235 W/kg



0 dB = 0.235 W/kg

86 LTE Band 17_10M_QPSK(1,24)_Top Side_1cm_Ch23790

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 710$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.943$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.574$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch23790/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.304 W/kg

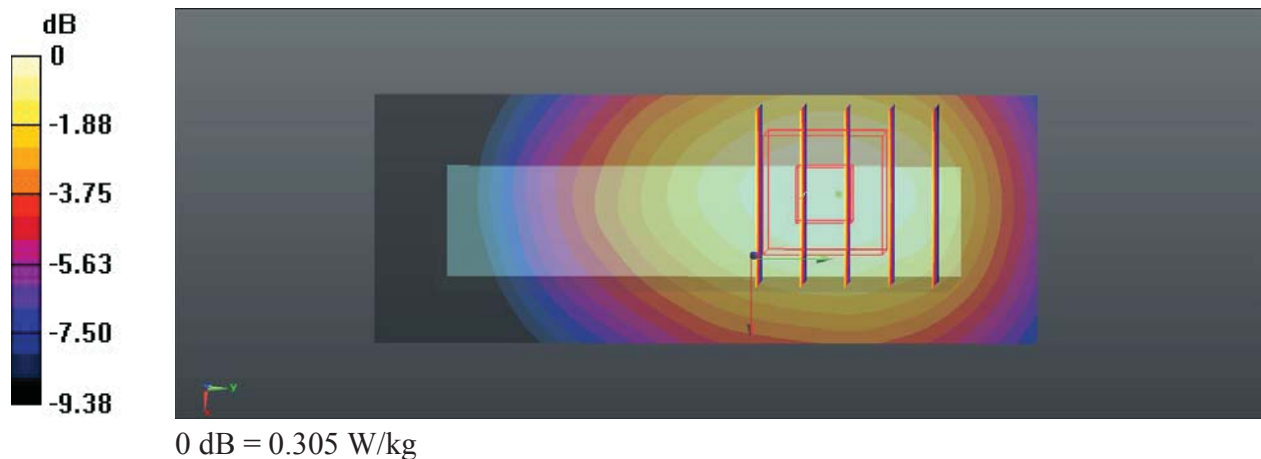
Ch23790/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.760 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.345 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.256 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.183 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.305 W/kg



87 LTE Band 17_10M_QPSK(25,12)_Front_1cm_Ch23790

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 710$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.943$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.574$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch23790/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.504 W/kg

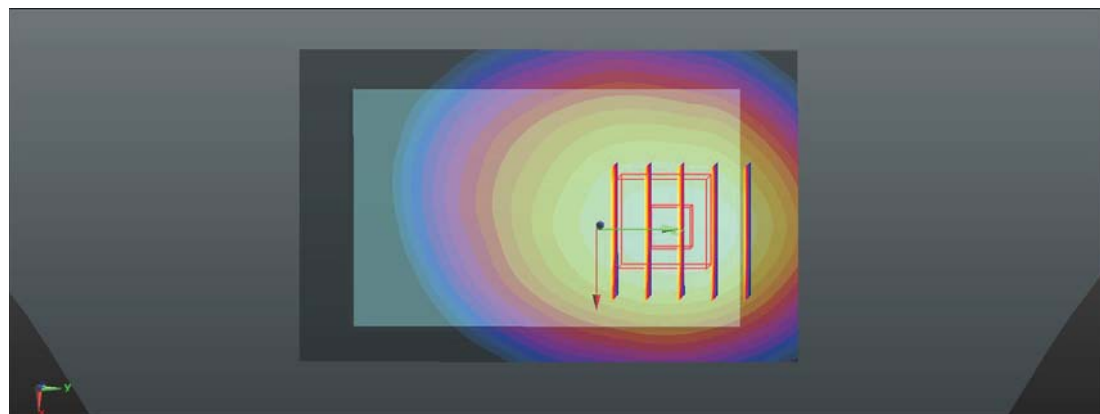
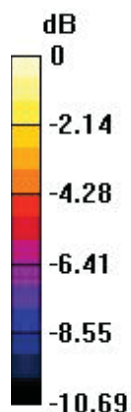
Ch23790/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.530 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.567 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.415 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.296 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.496 W/kg



0 dB = 0.496 W/kg

88 LTE Band 17_10M_QPSK(25,12)_Back_1cm_Ch23790

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 710$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.943$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.574$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch23790/Area Scan (81x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.536 W/kg

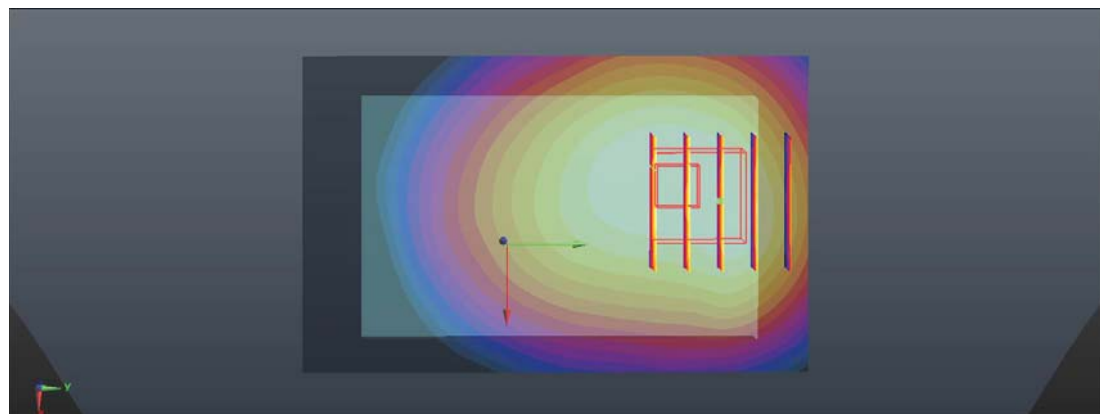
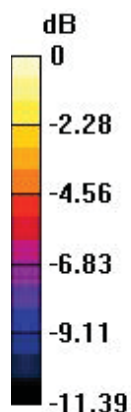
Ch23790/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.335 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.588 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.434 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.307 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.518 W/kg



0 dB = 0.518 W/kg

89 LTE Band 17_10M_QPSK(25,12)_Right Side_1cm_Ch23790

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 710$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.943$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.574$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch23790/Area Scan (61x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.141 W/kg

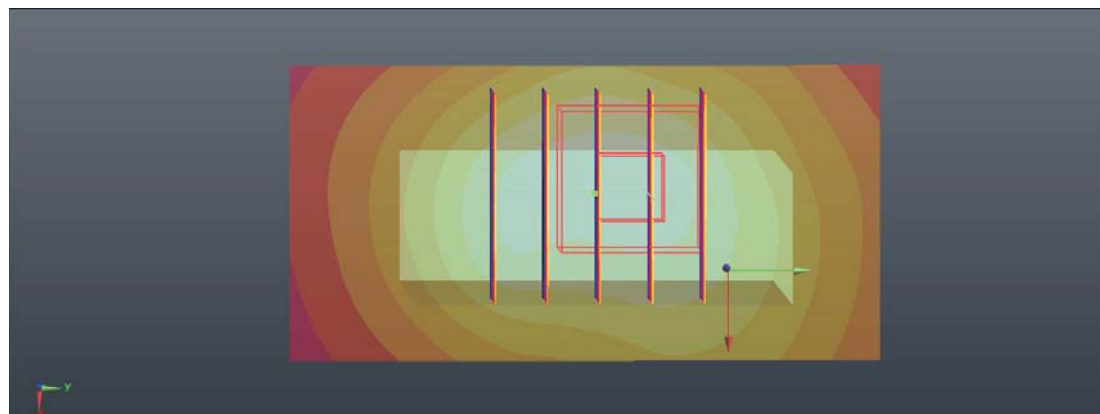
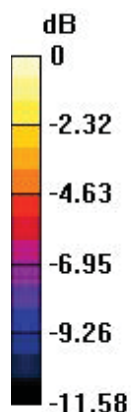
Ch23790/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.170 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.180 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.110 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.072 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.145 W/kg



0 dB = 0.145 W/kg

90 LTE Band 17_10M_QPSK(25,12)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch23790

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 710$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.943$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.574$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch23790/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.189 W/kg

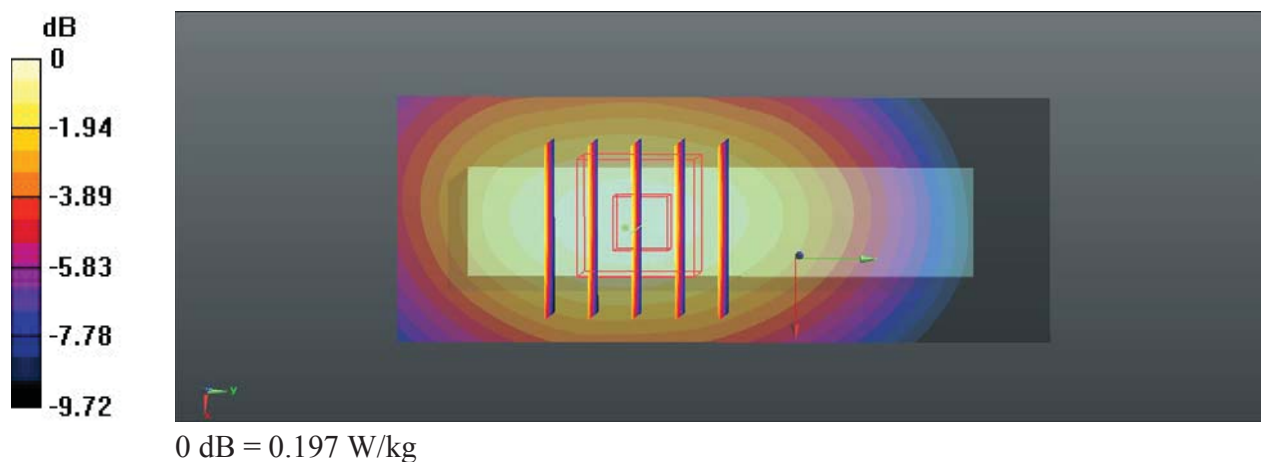
Ch23790/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.447 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.228 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.162 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.113 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.197 W/kg



91 LTE Band 17_10M_QPSK(25,12)_Top Side_1cm_Ch23790

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_131115 Medium parameters used: $f = 710$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.943$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.574$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(10.21, 10.21, 10.21); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch23790/Area Scan (81x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.253 W/kg

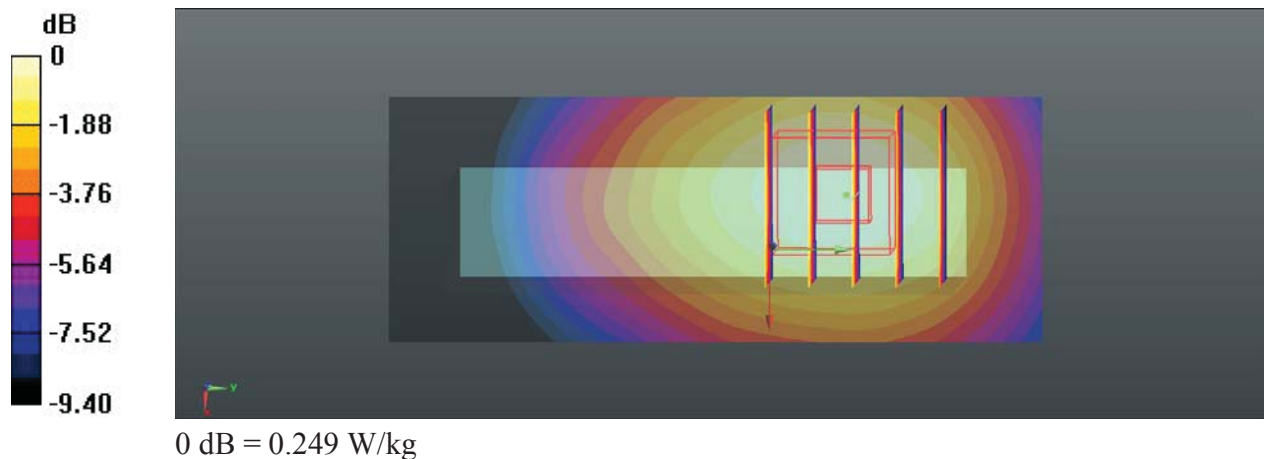
Ch23790/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.301 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.280 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.207 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.148 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.249 W/kg



92 WLAN 2.4GHz_802.11b_1M_Front_1cm_Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b ;Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_131118 Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.945$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.094$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch11/Area Scan (91x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.188 W/kg

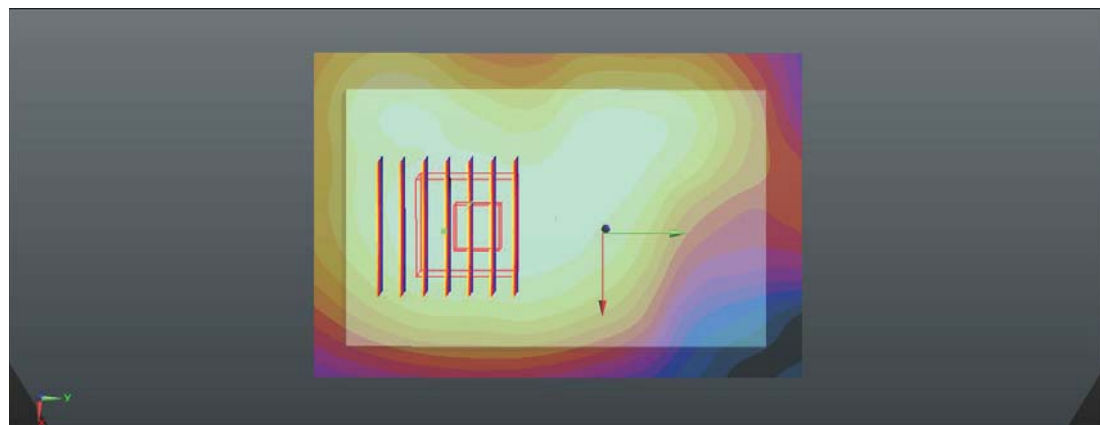
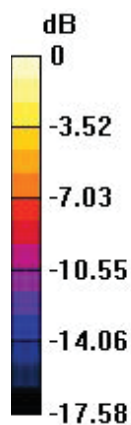
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.513 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.243 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.140 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.082 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.193 W/kg



0 dB = 0.193 W/kg

93 WLAN 2.4GHz_802.11b_1M_Back_1cm_Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b ;Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_131118 Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.945$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.094$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch11/Area Scan (91x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.300 W/kg

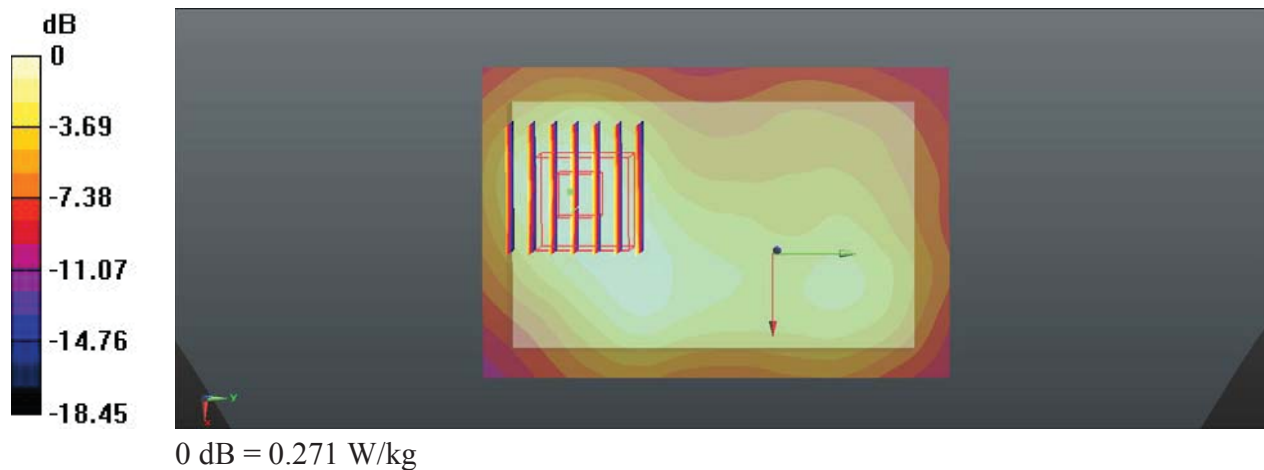
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.853 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.376 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.198 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.114 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.271 W/kg



94 WLAN 2.4GHz_802.11b_1M_Left Side_1cm_Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b ;Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_131118 Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.945$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.094$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch11/Area Scan (71x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.231 W/kg

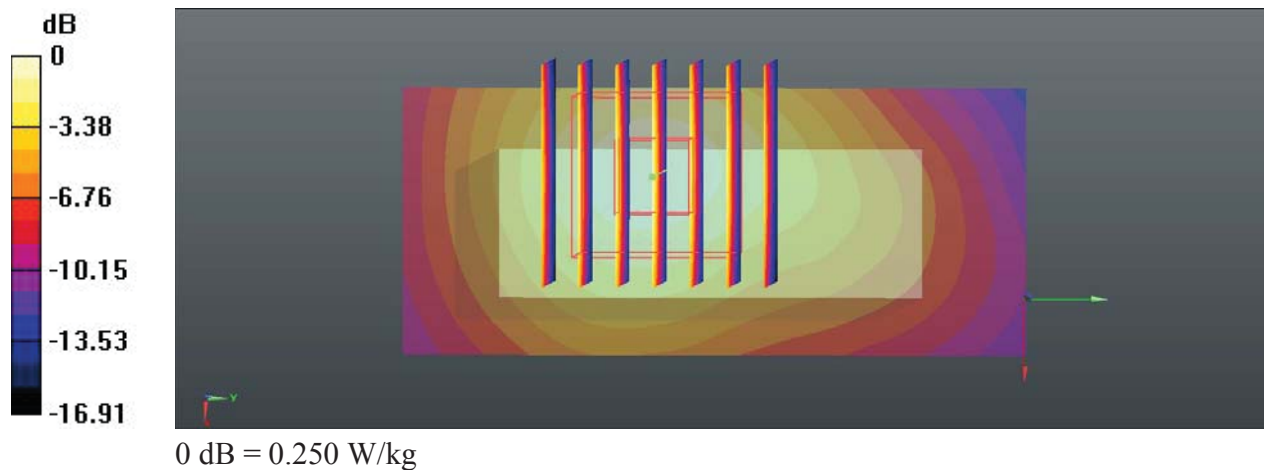
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.732 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.321 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.179 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.096 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 W/kg



95 WLAN 2.4GHz_802.11b_1M_Top Side_1cm_Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b ;Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_131118 Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.945$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.094$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch11/Area Scan (91x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.405 W/kg

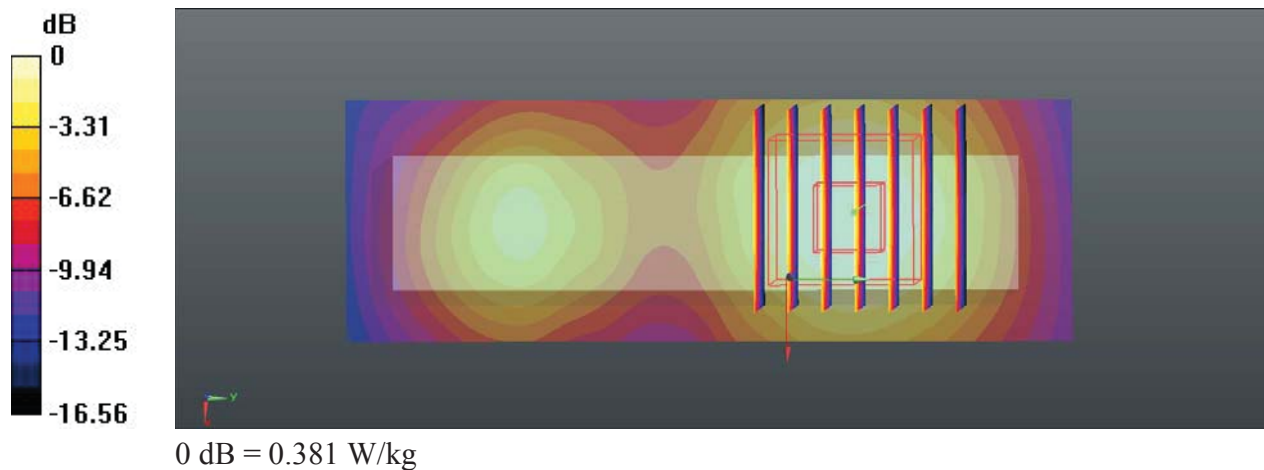
Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.191 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.490 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.272 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.148 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.381 W/kg



96 WLAN 2.4GHz_802.11b_11M_Top Side_1cm_Ch11

Communication System: 802.11b ;Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_131118 Medium parameters used: $f = 2462$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.945$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.094$;
 $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature: 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3911; ConvF(7.34, 7.34, 7.34); Calibrated: 2013.04.11;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2013.04.08
- Phantom: SAM 2; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (6); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.9 (7117)

Ch11/Area Scan (91x31x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.352 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.704 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.447 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.250 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.133 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.347 W/kg

