FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT	: ZTE CORPORATION
EQUIPMENT	: LTE/CDMA Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone
BRAND NAME	: ZTE
MODEL NAME	: Z799VL
FCC ID	: SRQ-Z799VL
STANDARD	: FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA692605	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Dec. 22, 2016

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **ZTE CORPORATION, LTE/CDMA Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone, Z799VL** are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band		Highest SAR Summary			Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
			Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 15mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	
			1g SAR (W/kg)			
Licensed	CDMA	CDMA2000 BC0	**0.95**	**1.04**	1.14	1.36
		CDMA2000 BC1	0.61	0.93	**1.19**	
	LTE	Band 13	0.49	0.63	0.69	
		Band 4	0.75	0.76	1.18	
		Band 2	0.56	0.78	1.06	
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	<0.10	<0.10	0.17	1.36
Date of Testing:			2016/11/7 ~ 2016/11/16			

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

2. Administration Data

Testing Site	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.
Test Site Location	No. 39 Building A3, Entrepreneurship Avenue, New industrial park, High-tech district, Xi'an City, Shaanxi Province, P. R. China TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791

Applicant	
Company Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P. R. China

Manufacturer	
Company Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P. R. China

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	LTE/CDMA Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone
Brand Name	ZTE
Model Name	Z799VL
FCC ID	SRQ-Z799VL
IMEI Code	99000689000284
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	CDMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	· CDMA2000 : 1xRTT/1xEv-Do(Rev.0)/1xEv-Do(Rev.A) · LTE: QPSK, 16QAM · 802.11b/g/n HT20 · Bluetooth v3.0+EDR, Bluetooth v4.0 LE, Bluetooth v4.2 LE
HW Version	uq6A
SW Version	Z799VLV1.0.0B01
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Remark:
1. 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN.
2. This device supports VoIP in CDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), and LTE supports VoLTE operation.
3. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports hotspot operation.
4. Power reduction which is triggered by hotspot mode is implemented in CDMA 2000 BC1/LTE Band 2 and 4.

4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05	
FCC ID	SRQ-Z799VL
Equipment Name	LTE/CDMA Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 4:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 13: 5MHz, 10MHz
uplink modulations used	QPSK, and 16QAM
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.
Power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance	Yes, when operating in hotspot mode that CDMA 2000 BC1, LTE B2 / B4 power reduction applied to satisfy SAR compliance.
LTE Release Version	R10, Cat 4
CA Support	NO

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band

LTE Band 2

	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900

LTE Band 4

	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745

LTE Band 13

	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz	
	Channel #	Freq.(MHz)	Channel #	Freq.(MHz)
L	23205	779.5	23230	782
M	23230	782		
H	23255	784.5		

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

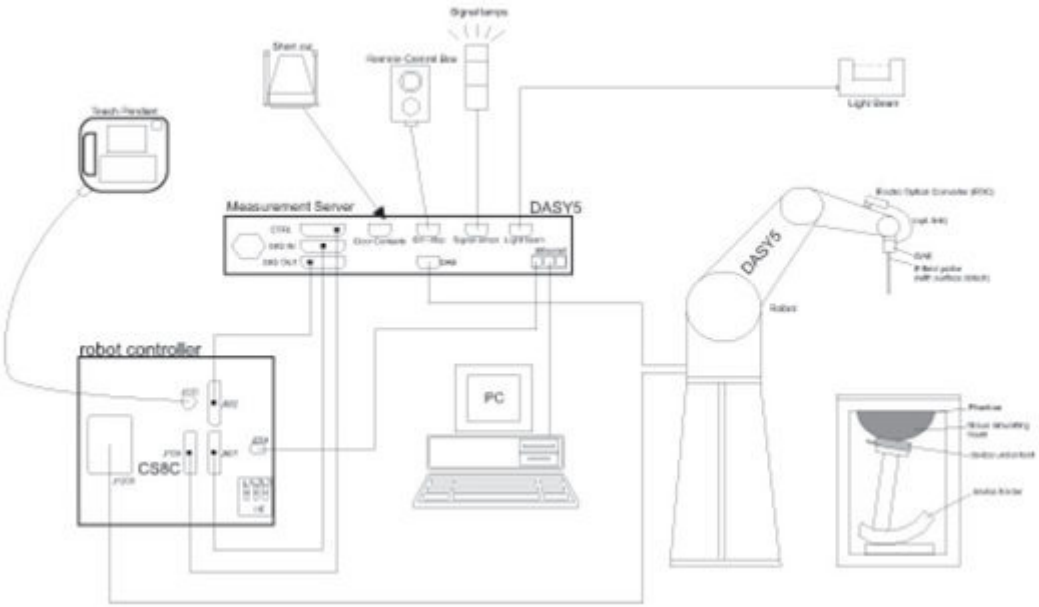
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}|\mathbf{E}|^2}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG).The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)	
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)	
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g – >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

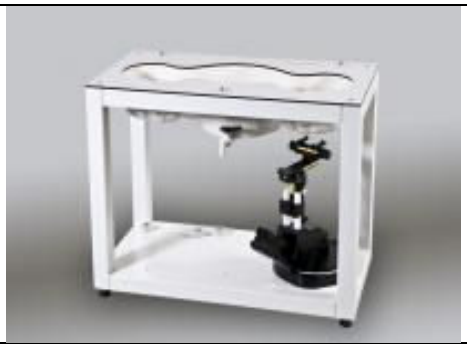
The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

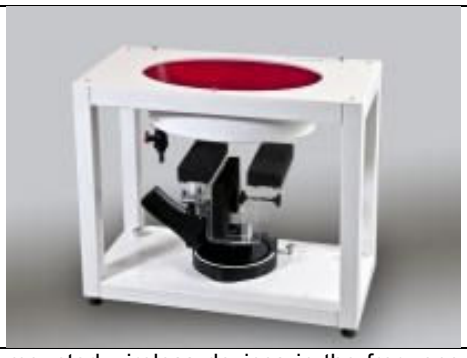
7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.

Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.

Mounting Device for Laptops

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
(b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
(c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
(d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

(a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
(b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
(c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
(d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
(e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
(f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

(a) Power reference measurement
(b) Area scan
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
(c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1087	2016/3/16	2017/3/15
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d151	2016/3/16	2017/3/15
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	2016/3/22	2017/3/21
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	2016/3/21	2017/3/20
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	908	2016/3/18	2017/3/17
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1358	2016/9/5	2017/9/4
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3935	2015/11/27	2016/11/26
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1753	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1754	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102600	2015/12/8	2016/12/7
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201563900	2016/5/4	2017/5/3
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46317418	2015/12/8	2016/12/7
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	MY44300751	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	0917070	2016/1/20	2017/1/19
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1005002	2016/1/20	2017/1/19
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339206	2016/1/20	2017/1/19
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1438004	2016/1/20	2017/1/19
R&S	Signal Generator	N5182A	MY50145381	2016/1/12	2017/1/11
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV 7	101632	2015/12/8	2016/12/7
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	NA	Note1	
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note1	
Woken	Attenuation1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note1	
PE	Attenuation2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note1	
PE	Attenuation3	PE7005-3	N/A	Note1	
AR	Amplifier	5S1G4	342137	Note1	

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.

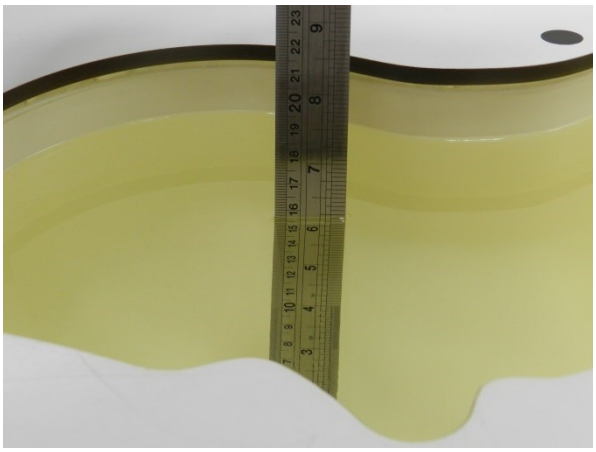


Fig 10.1Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

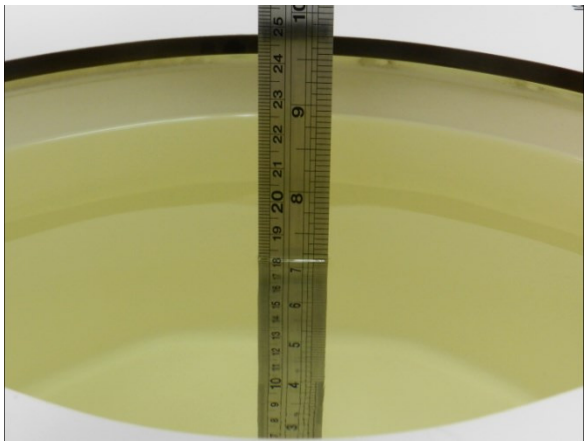


Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
For Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.4	0.920	43.311	0.89	41.90	3.37	3.37	±5	2016/11/8
835	Head	22.6	0.906	42.204	0.90	41.50	0.67	1.70	±5	2016/11/8
1750	Head	22.3	1.359	40.991	1.37	40.10	-0.80	2.22	±5	2016/11/9
1900	Head	22.5	1.460	39.724	1.40	40.00	4.29	-0.69	±5	2016/11/9
2450	Head	22.5	1.824	37.744	1.80	39.20	1.33	-3.71	±5	2016/11/16
750	Body	22.5	0.963	55.276	0.96	55.50	0.31	-0.40	±5	2016/11/7
835	Body	22.4	0.983	55.056	0.97	55.20	1.34	-0.26	±5	2016/11/7
1750	Body	22.7	1.513	55.500	1.49	53.40	1.54	3.93	±5	2016/11/10
1900	Body	22.4	1.532	52.397	1.52	53.30	0.79	-1.69	±5	2016/11/10
2450	Body	22.6	2.015	53.057	1.95	52.70	3.33	0.68	±5	2016/11/16

10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2016/11/8	750	Head	250	D750V3-1087	EX3DV4 - SN3935	DAE4 Sn1358	2.16	8.30	8.64	4.10
2016/11/8	835	Head	250	D835V2-4d151	EX3DV4 - SN3935	DAE4 Sn1358	2.47	9.26	9.88	6.70
2016/11/9	1750	Head	250	D1750V2-1090	EX3DV4 - SN3935	DAE4 Sn1358	8.92	35.10	35.68	1.65
2016/11/9	1900	Head	250	D1900V2-5d170	EX3DV4 - SN3935	DAE4 Sn1358	10.10	38.10	40.4	6.04
2016/11/16	2450	Head	250	D2450V2-908	EX3DV4 - SN3935	DAE4 Sn1358	13.40	51.10	53.6	4.89
2016/11/7	750	Body	250	D750V3-1087	EX3DV4 - SN3935	DAE4 Sn1358	2.21	8.64	8.84	2.31
2016/11/7	835	Body	250	D835V2-4d151	EX3DV4 - SN3935	DAE4 Sn1358	2.49	9.52	9.96	4.62
2016/11/10	1750	Body	250	D1750V2-1090	EX3DV4 - SN3935	DAE4 Sn1358	9.00	35.90	36	0.28
2016/11/10	1900	Body	250	D1900V2-5d170	EX3DV4 - SN3935	DAE4 Sn1358	10.30	38.90	41.2	5.91
2016/11/16	2450	Body	250	D2450V2-908	EX3DV4 - SN3935	DAE4 Sn1358	13.00	50.40	52	3.17

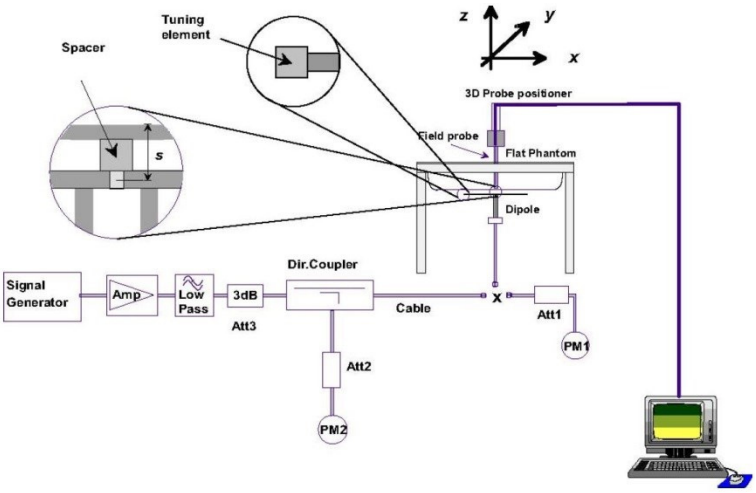


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

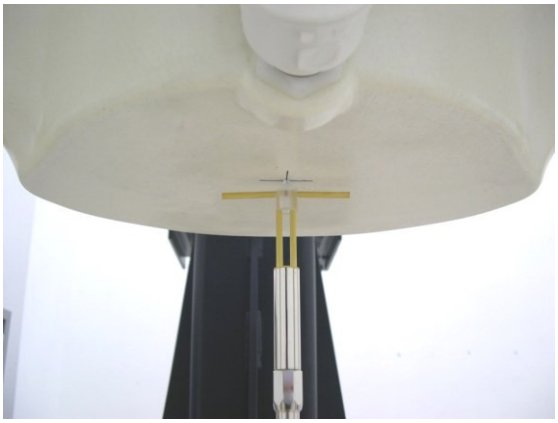


Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled “M,” the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked “LE,” and the right ERP is marked “RE.” Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

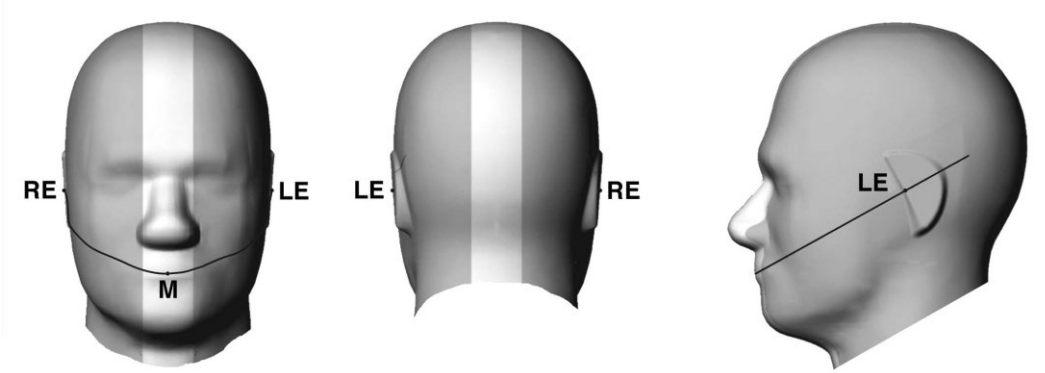


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

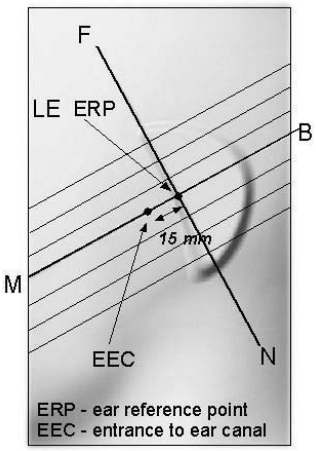


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

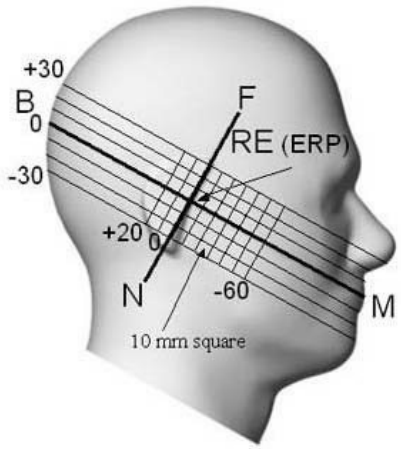


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

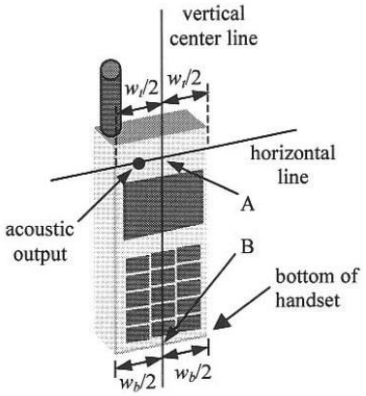


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

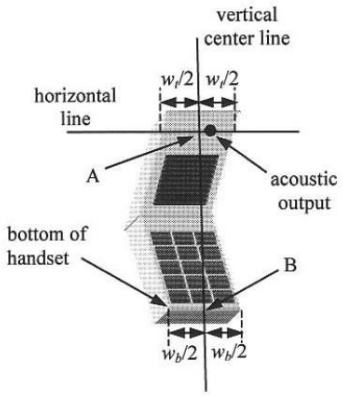


Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

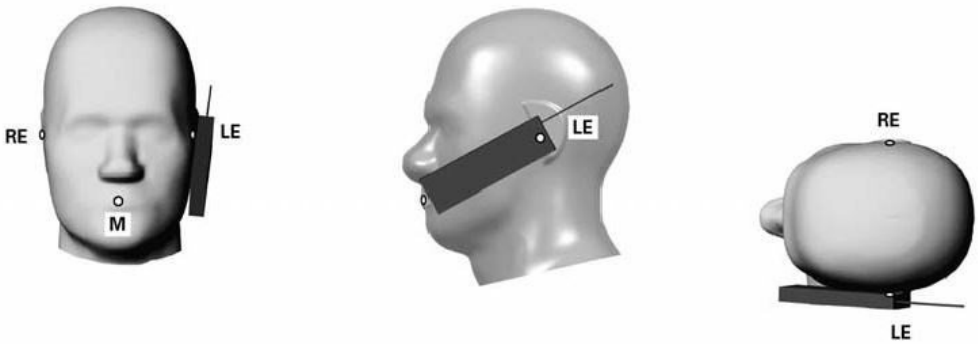


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

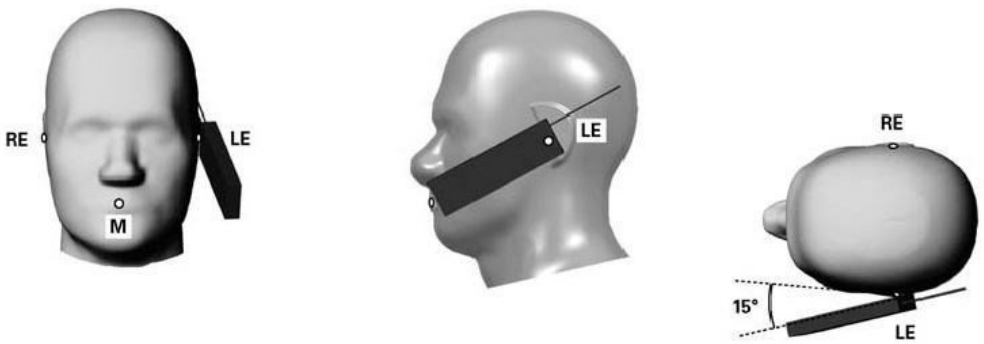


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

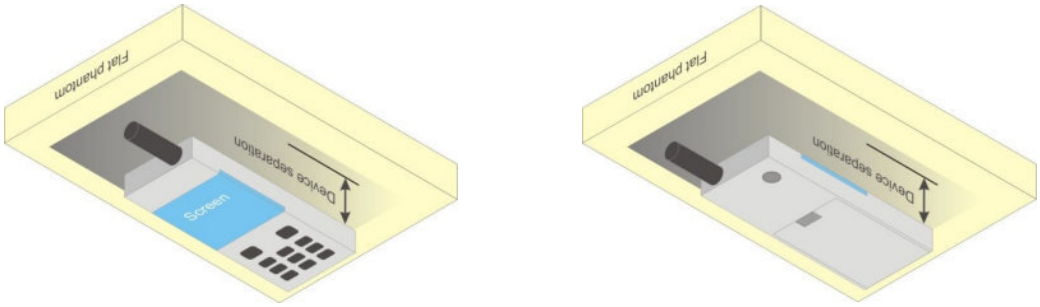


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The “Portable Hotspot” feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<CDMA2000 Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, SAR for head exposure is measured in RC3 with the handset configured to transmit at full rate in SO55.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, in Hotspot mode EUT is treated as data device and SAR is tested with Ev-Do Rev 0 (RTAP 153.6kbps) as the primary mode.
3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for Body-worn accessory SAR is measured in RC3 with the handset configured in TDSO/SO32 to transmit at full rate on FCH only with all other code channels disabled. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 are applied. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to the multiple code channel configuration (FCH+SCH), with FCH only as the primary mode.

<Full Power Mode>

Band	CDMA2000 BC0			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	CDMA2000 BC1			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	1013	384	777		25	600	1175	
Frequency (MHz)	824.7	836.52	848.31		1851.25	1880	1908.75	
RC1 SO55	23.13	23.22	23.10	24.00	23.34	23.21	23.27	24.00
RC3 SO55	23.14	23.24	23.12	24.00	23.36	23.14	23.29	24.00
RC3 SO32(F+SCH)	23.12	23.23	23.10	24.00	23.30	23.13	23.24	24.00
RC3 SO32(+SCH)	23.11	23.20	23.11	24.00	23.28	23.17	23.25	24.00
RTAP 153.6Kbps	23.08	23.17	23.11	24.00	23.31	23.22	23.28	24.00
RETAP 4096Bits	23.06	23.14	23.09	24.00	23.29	23.21	23.26	24.00

<Hotspot Reduced Power Mode>

Band	CDMA2000 BC1			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	25	600	1175	
Frequency (MHz)	1851.25	1880	1908.75	
RC1 SO55	21.87	21.75	21.81	22.50
RC3 SO55	21.89	21.79	21.83	22.50
RC3 SO32(F+SCH)	21.85	21.77	21.80	22.50
RC3 SO32(+SCH)	21.84	21.76	21.77	22.50
RTAP 153.6Kbps	21.86	21.78	21.80	22.50
RETAP 4096Bits	21.83	21.74	21.76	22.50

<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B4 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

<Full Power Mode>

<LTE Band 2>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				18700	18900	19100		
Frequency (MHz)				1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.71	22.83	22.77	23.50	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.77	22.84	22.92		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.50	22.75	22.68		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.81	21.80	21.83	22.50	1
20	QPSK	50	24	21.70	21.70	21.77		
20	QPSK	50	50	21.74	21.72	21.65		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.78	21.66	21.87		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.08	21.73	21.94	22.50	1
20	16QAM	1	49	21.92	22.10	22.08		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.92	22.18	22.14		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.82	20.89	20.79	21.50	2
20	16QAM	50	24	20.78	20.67	20.78		
20	16QAM	50	50	20.74	20.68	20.62		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.77	20.65	20.74		
Channel				18675	18900	19125	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1857.5	1880	1902.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.57	22.82	22.38	23.50	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.55	22.53	22.75		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.57	22.34	22.68		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.62	21.64	21.74	22.50	1
15	QPSK	36	20	21.69	21.57	21.75		
15	QPSK	36	39	21.64	21.65	21.60		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.64	21.55	21.67		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.64	22.03	21.86	22.50	1
15	16QAM	1	37	21.70	21.64	21.77		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.87	21.74	21.86		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.66	20.38	20.75	21.50	2
15	16QAM	36	20	20.52	20.47	20.67		
15	16QAM	36	39	20.55	20.66	20.61		
15	16QAM	75	0	20.60	20.48	20.69		

Channel				18650	18900	19150	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.68	22.52	22.81	23.50	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.64	22.75	22.84		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.65	22.68	22.82		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.64	21.51	21.71	22.50	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.53	21.64	21.63		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.48	21.57	21.65		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.64	21.55	21.61		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.93	21.48	21.98	22.50	1
10	16QAM	1	25	22.09	21.77	22.05		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.93	21.84	22.10		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.65	20.62	21.06	21.50	2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.70	20.55	20.98		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.64	20.75	20.96		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.47	20.37	20.55		
Channel				18625	18900	19175	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.60	22.39	22.64	23.50	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.58	22.63	22.84		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.31	22.54	22.48		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.49	21.52	21.52	22.50	1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.57	21.46	21.56		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.56	21.56	21.61		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.51	21.44	21.66		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.78	21.79	22.08	22.50	1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.56	21.67	21.74		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.70	21.83	21.83		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.48	20.46	20.52	21.50	2
5	16QAM	12	7	20.51	20.38	20.50		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.53	20.47	20.55		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.59	20.49	20.55		

Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.35	22.55	22.66	23.50	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.30	22.26	22.51		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.34	22.71	22.47		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.64	21.55	21.54	22.50	1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.58	21.55	21.54		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.66	21.51	21.58		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.55	21.48	21.51		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.88	21.78	21.83	22.50	1
3	16QAM	1	8	21.79	21.68	21.72		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.76	21.86	21.83		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.53	20.37	20.48	21.50	2
3	16QAM	8	4	20.68	20.45	20.49		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.53	20.39	20.52		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.46	20.28	20.34		
Channel				18607	18900	19193	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.38	22.29	22.20	23.50	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.42	22.32	22.42		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.33	22.30	22.36		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.37	22.41	22.52		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.40	22.44	22.46		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.49	22.48	22.48		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.41	21.45	21.53	22.50	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.60	21.58	21.79	22.50	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.53	21.41	21.82		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.79	21.14	21.83		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.38	21.65	21.71		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.78	21.59	21.71		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.74	21.21	21.74		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.37	20.25	20.19	21.50	2

<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20050	20175	20300		
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.10	23.09	23.06	23.50	0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.15	23.12	23.23		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.87	22.76	22.84		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.10	22.00	22.13	22.50	1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.02	21.80	21.89		
20	QPSK	50	50	21.89	21.84	21.91		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.96	21.82	21.97		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.45	22.38	22.31	22.50	1
20	16QAM	1	49	22.35	22.38	22.29		
20	16QAM	1	99	22.09	22.18	22.14		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.04	20.87	21.00	21.50	2
20	16QAM	50	24	20.99	20.82	20.83		
20	16QAM	50	50	20.75	20.86	20.86		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.81	20.85	20.99		
Channel				20025	20175	20325	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.99	22.83	23.08	23.50	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.81	22.73	22.87		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.73	22.82	22.88		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.03	21.90	22.00	22.50	1
15	QPSK	36	20	21.91	21.82	21.91		
15	QPSK	36	39	21.79	21.79	21.90		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.88	21.83	21.91		
15	16QAM	1	0	22.37	22.45	22.27	22.50	1
15	16QAM	1	37	22.05	22.02	22.00		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.75	22.15	22.08		
15	16QAM	36	0	21.00	20.84	20.74	21.50	2
15	16QAM	36	20	20.89	20.76	20.72		
15	16QAM	36	39	20.77	20.70	20.74		
15	16QAM	75	0	20.80	20.82	20.86		

Channel				20000	20175	20350	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.06	22.95	22.96	23.50	0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.05	22.96	23.03		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.92	22.83	22.89		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.85	21.92	21.97	22.50	1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.86	21.85	21.98		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.85	21.85	21.93		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.95	21.89	21.89		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.87	22.25	21.87	22.50	1
10	16QAM	1	25	21.85	22.16	22.16		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.71	22.18	22.17		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.97	20.88	20.96	21.50	2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.98	21.05	21.08		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.83	20.92	20.87		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.88	20.76	20.86		
Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.80	22.61	22.97	23.50	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.87	22.93	23.00		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.98	22.74	22.93		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.87	21.79	21.98	22.50	1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.80	21.77	21.93		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.77	21.80	21.88		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.77	21.78	21.94		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.04	21.98	22.24	22.50	1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.90	21.55	22.18		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.98	21.99	22.19		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.75	20.73	21.02	21.50	2
5	16QAM	12	7	20.58	20.70	20.90		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.65	20.76	20.81		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.72	20.60	20.95		

Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.92	22.81	23.11	23.50	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.70	22.70	22.92		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.56	22.81	22.92		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.90	21.77	22.04	22.50	1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.99	21.75	21.96		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.91	21.77	21.91		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.81	21.75	21.82		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.32	22.14	22.34	22.50	1
3	16QAM	1	8	22.16	22.09	22.07		
3	16QAM	1	14	22.08	22.15	22.22		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.62	20.96	20.79	21.50	2
3	16QAM	8	4	20.63	20.82	20.69		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.72	20.98	20.76		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.69	20.64	21.03		
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.92	22.64	22.76	23.50	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.92	22.77	22.86		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.86	22.64	22.74		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.01	22.80	22.86		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.05	22.94	22.87		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.84	22.84	22.94		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.90	21.85	21.97	22.50	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.78	22.09	21.85	22.50	1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.92	22.13	21.96		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.63	22.11	21.71		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.76	22.07	21.94		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.72	22.11	22.04		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.97	22.12	22.15		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.83	20.36	20.69	21.50	2

<LTE Band 13>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel					23230			
Frequency (MHz)					782			
10	QPSK	1	0		22.94		24.00	0
10	QPSK	1	25		23.18			
10	QPSK	1	49		23.10			
10	QPSK	25	0		21.98		23.00	1
10	QPSK	25	12		21.89			
10	QPSK	25	25		21.88			
10	QPSK	50	0		22.00			
10	16QAM	1	0		21.95		23.00	1
10	16QAM	1	25		21.85			
10	16QAM	1	49		22.07			
10	16QAM	25	0		21.11		22.00	2
10	16QAM	25	12		21.09			
10	16QAM	25	25		20.78			
10	16QAM	50	0		20.76			
Channel				23205	23230	23255	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				779.5	782	784.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.01	23.00	22.93	24.00	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.17	23.04	22.99		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.88	23.07	22.90		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.17	22.03	22.00	23.00	1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.07	21.93	22.01		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.11	21.87	21.95		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.17	22.05	21.92		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.15	22.24	22.22	23.00	1
5	16QAM	1	12	22.16	22.17	21.75		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.15	22.08	22.03		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.91	20.98	20.87	22.00	2
5	16QAM	12	7	21.07	20.77	21.04		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.95	20.88	21.03		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.32	21.09	21.06		

<Hotspot Reduced Power Mode>

<LTE Band 2>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				18700	18900	19100		
Frequency (MHz)				1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	21.65	21.75	21.44	22.50	0
20	QPSK	1	49	21.83	21.77	21.85		
20	QPSK	1	99	21.49	21.40	21.51		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.65	21.56	21.56	22.00	0.5
20	QPSK	50	24	21.67	21.58	21.68		
20	QPSK	50	50	21.58	21.44	21.51		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.59	21.50	21.60		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.92	21.52	21.90	22.00	0.5
20	16QAM	1	49	21.73	21.68	21.70		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.28	21.73	21.76		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.62	20.55	20.57	21.50	1
20	16QAM	50	24	20.47	20.39	20.56		
20	16QAM	50	50	20.53	20.40	20.54		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.49	20.50	20.61		
Channel				18675	18900	19125	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1857.5	1880	1902.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	21.58	21.70	21.53	22.50	0
15	QPSK	1	37	21.39	21.46	21.43		
15	QPSK	1	74	21.56	21.46	21.50		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.44	21.47	21.60	22.00	0.5
15	QPSK	36	20	21.58	21.49	21.63		
15	QPSK	36	39	21.53	21.53	21.55		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.52	21.54	21.61		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.54	21.85	21.93	22.00	0.5
15	16QAM	1	37	21.57	21.57	21.38		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.95	21.75	21.70		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.54	20.60	20.60	21.50	1
15	16QAM	36	20	20.50	20.50	20.65		
15	16QAM	36	39	20.61	20.55	20.45		
15	16QAM	75	0	20.53	20.46	20.63		

Channel				18650	18900	19150	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905		
10	QPSK	1	0	21.45	21.64	21.68	22.50	0
10	QPSK	1	25	21.53	21.74	21.76		
10	QPSK	1	49	21.46	21.59	21.64		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.57	21.52	21.68	22.00	0.5
10	QPSK	25	12	21.53	21.54	21.62		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.42	21.50	21.55		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.55	21.57	21.60		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.87	21.34	21.92	22.00	0.5
10	16QAM	1	25	21.83	21.95	21.96		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.79	21.66	21.81		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.70	20.68	20.80	21.50	1
10	16QAM	25	12	20.48	20.71	20.57		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.66	20.67	20.59		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.59	20.44	20.64		
Channel				18625	18900	19175	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	21.25	21.70	21.65	22.50	0
5	QPSK	1	12	21.69	21.56	21.71		
5	QPSK	1	24	21.37	21.61	21.59		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.49	21.46	21.44	22.00	0.5
5	QPSK	12	7	21.57	21.41	21.53		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.58	21.40	21.58		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.49	21.40	21.61		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.72	21.78	21.97	22.00	0.5
5	16QAM	1	12	21.71	21.73	21.78		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.61	21.80	21.83		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.47	20.37	20.30	21.50	1
5	16QAM	12	7	20.53	20.40	20.66		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.52	20.43	20.48		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.49	20.47	20.58		

Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	21.62	21.45	21.47	22.50	0
3	QPSK	1	8	21.66	21.44	21.38		
3	QPSK	1	14	21.65	21.39	21.58		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.51	21.37	21.59	22.00	0.5
3	QPSK	8	4	21.58	21.48	21.57		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.52	21.45	21.53		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.51	21.49	21.57		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.78	21.71	21.75	22.00	0.5
3	16QAM	1	8	21.67	21.58	21.44		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.83	21.79	21.52		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.40	20.62	20.53	21.50	1
3	16QAM	8	4	20.53	20.44	20.53		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.67	20.56	20.58		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.54	20.42	20.61		
Channel				18607	18900	19193	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	21.51	21.31	21.40	22.50	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	21.57	21.37	21.41		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	21.53	21.33	21.42		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	21.50	21.33	21.44		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	21.74	21.37	21.49		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	21.61	21.43	21.53		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.60	21.44	21.55	22.00	0.5
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.28	21.56	21.81	22.00	0.5
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.55	21.71	21.74		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.22	21.54	21.54		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.73	21.59	21.86		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.66	21.68	21.74		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.77	21.42	21.88		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.48	20.25	20.23	21.50	1

<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20050	20175	20300		
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.07	22.13	22.13	22.50	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.08	22.15	22.19		
20	QPSK	1	99	21.84	21.93	21.92		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.91	21.93	21.98	22.00	0.5
20	QPSK	50	24	21.85	21.80	21.94		
20	QPSK	50	50	21.89	21.89	21.89		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.93	21.93	21.94		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.95	21.98	21.97	22.00	0.5
20	16QAM	1	49	21.80	21.78	21.82		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.81	21.78	21.69		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.98	20.93	20.98	21.50	1
20	16QAM	50	24	20.97	20.83	20.89		
20	16QAM	50	50	20.82	20.91	20.87		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.83	20.82	20.95		
Channel				20025	20175	20325	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	21.88	22.09	22.04	22.50	0
15	QPSK	1	37	21.94	21.80	21.87		
15	QPSK	1	74	21.77	21.93	21.87		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.95	21.99	21.97	22.00	0.5
15	QPSK	36	20	21.93	21.93	21.97		
15	QPSK	36	39	21.86	21.89	21.94		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.83	21.87	21.97		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.85	21.91	21.94	22.00	0.5
15	16QAM	1	37	21.87	21.88	21.93		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.76	21.91	21.90		
15	16QAM	36	0	21.00	20.91	20.82	21.50	1
15	16QAM	36	20	20.90	20.83	20.90		
15	16QAM	36	39	20.90	20.80	20.98		
15	16QAM	75	0	20.71	20.90	20.90		

Channel				20000	20175	20350	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.14	21.98	22.13	22.50	0
10	QPSK	1	25	21.96	22.06	22.21		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.01	21.88	21.84		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.93	21.90	22.00	22.00	0.5
10	QPSK	25	12	21.96	21.90	21.95		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.98	21.88	21.99		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.96	21.92	21.97		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.98	21.93	21.84	22.00	0.5
10	16QAM	1	25	21.95	21.81	21.93		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.74	21.81	21.94		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.94	20.92	20.93	21.50	1
10	16QAM	25	12	20.96	20.92	21.00		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.91	20.99	20.95		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.89	20.93	21.09		
Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.07	21.96	22.01	22.50	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.00	21.93	22.00		
5	QPSK	1	24	21.84	21.78	21.96		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.91	21.79	21.98	22.00	0.5
5	QPSK	12	7	21.76	21.79	21.98		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.81	21.81	21.92		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.81	21.85	21.97		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.97	21.80	21.99	22.00	0.5
5	16QAM	1	12	21.70	21.82	21.92		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.81	21.96	21.95		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.86	20.64	20.86	21.50	1
5	16QAM	12	7	20.77	20.74	20.98		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.76	20.73	20.91		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.75	20.97	20.96		

Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.15	21.87	22.08	22.50	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.05	21.87	21.94		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.02	21.87	21.87		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.94	21.90	21.95	22.00	0.5
3	QPSK	8	4	21.91	21.87	21.96		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.95	21.89	21.93		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.87	21.89	21.88		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.98	21.99	21.95	22.00	0.5
3	16QAM	1	8	21.71	21.78	21.77		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.61	21.96	21.71		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.75	20.82	20.89	21.50	1
3	16QAM	8	4	20.66	20.99	20.77		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.77	20.98	20.87		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.63	20.98	20.84		
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	21.92	21.72	21.98	22.50	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	21.87	21.74	21.96		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	21.73	21.71	21.90		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	21.98	21.72	21.98		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.04	21.75	22.11		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	21.95	21.85	21.95		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.97	21.81	21.98	22.00	0.5
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.98	21.80	21.84	22.00	0.5
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.96	21.82	22.00		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.73	21.84	21.78		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.78	21.70	21.81		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.92	21.78	21.95		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.62	21.82	21.92		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.71	20.42	20.89	21.50	1

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
   a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
   b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
   c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b	CH 1	2412	1Mbps	14.62	15.50	97.59
		CH 6	2437		14.26	15.50	
		CH 11	2462		**15.12**	15.50	
	802.11g	CH 1	2412	6Mbps	12.85	13.50	87.04
		CH 6	2437		12.54	13.50	
		CH 11	2462		13.35	13.50	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 1	2412	MCS0	10.82	11.50	86.97
		CH 6	2437		10.52	11.50	
		CH 11	2462		11.39	11.50	

13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)	
	Bluetooth v3.0+EDR	Bluetooth v4.0/4.2 LE
2.4GHz Bluetooth	9.5	10.0

Note:

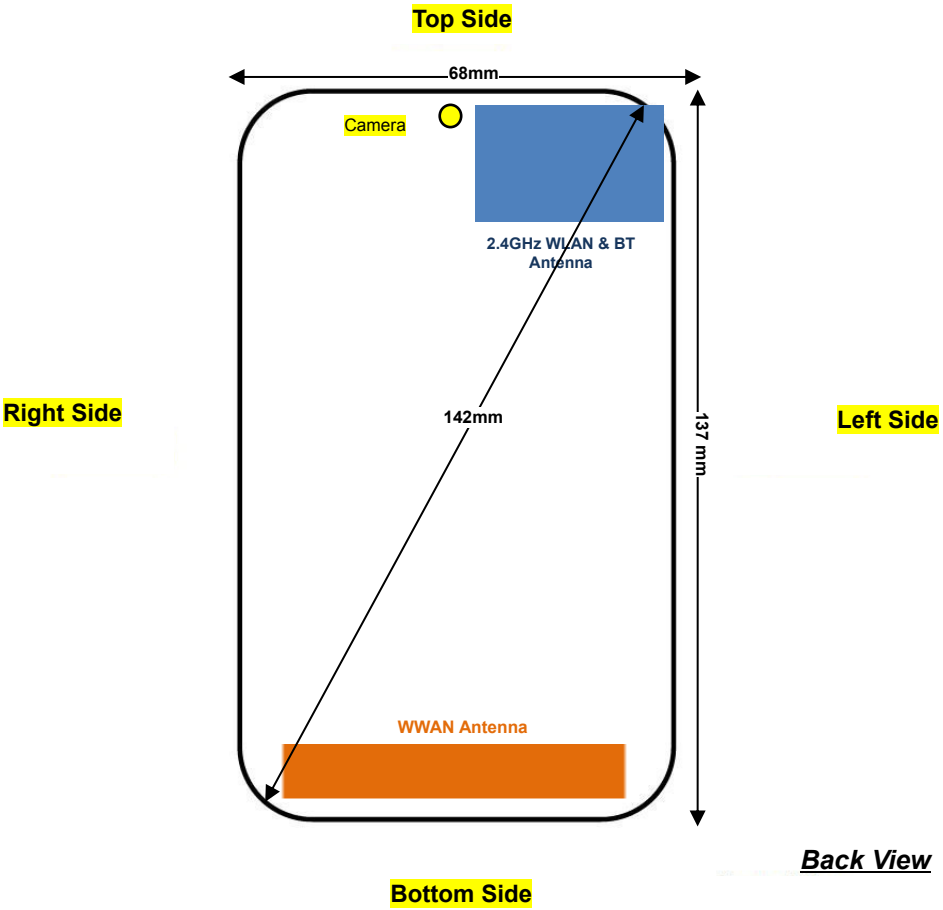
1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
   [(*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance, mm*)] ·[√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
   - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
   - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
   - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
10	15	2.48	1.1

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the test exclusion threshold is 1.1 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

14. Antenna Location



Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

General Note:
Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
   a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
   b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
   c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
   d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
   - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
   - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
   - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
4. When hotspot mode is enabled, power reduction will be activated to limit the maximum power of CDMA 2000 BC1, LTE band 2 and 4.
5. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

CMDA Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured in RC3 with the handset configured to transmit at full rate in SO55.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, in Hotspot mode EUT is treated as data device and SAR is tested with Ev-Do Rev 0 (RTAP 153.6kbps) as the primary mode.
3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for Body-worn accessory SAR is measured in RC3 with the handset configured in TDSO/SO32 to transmit at full rate on FCH only with all other code channels disabled. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB Publication 447498 are applied. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to the multiple code channel configuration (FCH+SCH), with FCH only as the primary mode.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B4 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
3. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
4. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

15.1 Head SAR

<CDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3 SO55	Right Cheek	Off	384	836.52	23.24	24.00	1.191	0.13	0.733	0.873
	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3 SO55	Right Tilted	Off	384	836.52	23.24	24.00	1.191	0.02	0.541	0.644
	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3 SO55	Left Cheek	Off	384	836.52	23.24	24.00	1.191	0.01	0.756	0.901
	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3 SO55	Left Tilted	Off	384	836.52	23.24	24.00	1.191	-0.02	0.587	0.699
	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3 SO55	Right Cheek	Off	1013	824.7	23.14	24.00	1.219	0.02	0.690	0.841
	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3 SO55	Right Cheek	Off	777	848.31	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.1	0.700	0.857
	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3 SO55	Left Cheek	Off	1013	824.7	23.14	24.00	1.219	0.1	0.730	0.890
01	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3 SO55	Left Cheek	Off	777	848.31	23.12	24.00	1.225	0.03	0.774	**0.948**
	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3 SO55	Right Cheek	Off	25	1851.25	23.36	24.00	1.159	0.04	0.363	0.421
	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3 SO55	Right Tilted	Off	25	1851.25	23.36	24.00	1.159	-0.11	0.224	0.260
02	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3 SO55	Left Cheek	Off	25	1851.25	23.36	24.00	1.159	0.1	0.524	**0.607**
	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3 SO55	Left Tilted	Off	25	1851.25	23.36	24.00	1.159	-0.02	0.191	0.221

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1RB	25offset	Right Cheek	Off	23230	782	23.18	24	1.208	0.02	0.348	0.420
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1RB	25offset	Right Tilted	Off	23230	782	23.18	24	1.208	-0.04	0.305	0.368
03	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1RB	25offset	Left Cheek	Off	23230	782	23.18	24	1.208	0.02	0.402	**0.486**
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1RB	25offset	Left Tilted	Off	23230	782	23.18	24	1.208	0.13	0.279	0.337
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25RB	0offset	Right Cheek	Off	23230	782	21.98	23	1.265	0.08	0.313	0.396
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25RB	0offset	Right Tilted	Off	23230	782	21.98	23	1.265	0.05	0.246	0.311
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25RB	0offset	Left Cheek	Off	23230	782	21.98	23	1.265	0.06	0.350	0.443
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25RB	0offset	Left Tilted	Off	23230	782	21.98	23	1.265	-0.04	0.236	0.298
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Right Cheek	Off	20175	1732.5	23.12	23.5	1.091	0.12	0.403	0.440
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Right Tilted	Off	20175	1732.5	23.12	23.5	1.091	-0.02	0.258	0.282
04	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Left Cheek	Off	20175	1732.5	23.12	23.5	1.091	0.03	0.688	**0.751**
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Left Tilted	Off	20175	1732.5	23.12	23.5	1.091	-0.07	0.203	0.222
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Right Cheek	Off	20175	1732.5	22	22.5	1.122	0.09	0.331	0.371
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Right Tilted	Off	20175	1732.5	22	22.5	1.122	-0.07	0.21	0.236
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Left Cheek	Off	20175	1732.5	22	22.5	1.122	0.08	0.564	0.633
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Left Tilted	Off	20175	1732.5	22	22.5	1.122	-0.09	0.166	0.186
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Right Cheek	Off	19100	1900	22.92	23.5	1.143	-0.02	0.340	0.389
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Right Tilted	Off	19100	1900	22.92	23.5	1.143	-0.04	0.172	0.197
05	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Left Cheek	Off	19100	1900	22.92	23.5	1.143	0.09	0.490	**0.560**
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Left Tilted	Off	19100	1900	22.92	23.5	1.143	0.17	0.151	0.173
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Right Cheek	Off	19100	1900	21.83	22.5	1.167	0.1	0.259	0.302
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Right Tilted	Off	19100	1900	21.83	22.5	1.167	-0.03	0.133	0.155
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Left Cheek	Off	19100	1900	21.83	22.5	1.167	0.05	0.362	0.422
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Left Tilted	Off	19100	1900	21.83	22.5	1.167	-0.04	0.114	0.133

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	MAX Area Scan SAR	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
06	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	11	2462	15.12	15.50	1.091	97.59	1.025	-0.06	0.0538	0.032	**0.036**
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	11	2462	15.12	15.50	1.091	97.59	1.025		0.0424		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	11	2462	15.12	15.50	1.091	97.59	1.025		0.0518		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	11	2462	15.12	15.50	1.091	97.59	1.025		0.0255		

15.2 Hotspot SAR

<CDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Front	10	Off	384	836.52	23.17	24	1.211	-0.05	0.803	0.972
	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Back	10	Off	384	836.52	23.17	24	1.211	-0.01	0.928	1.123
	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Left side	10	Off	384	836.52	23.17	24	1.211	0.03	0.905	1.096
	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Right side	10	Off	384	836.52	23.17	24	1.211	-0.06	0.810	0.981
	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Bottom side	10	Off	384	836.52	23.17	24	1.211	0.06	0.150	0.182
	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Front	10	Off	1013	824.7	23.08	24	1.236	0.02	0.792	0.979
	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Front	10	Off	777	848.31	23.11	24	1.227	-0.06	0.746	0.916
07	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Back	10	Off	1013	824.7	23.08	24	1.236	0.02	0.926	**1.144**
	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Back	10	Off	777	848.31	23.11	24	1.227	0.01	0.859	1.054
	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Left side	10	Off	1013	824.7	23.08	24	1.236	-0.07	0.894	1.105
	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Left side	10	Off	777	848.31	23.11	24	1.227	0.01	0.897	1.101
	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Right side	10	Off	1013	824.7	23.08	24	1.236	0.03	0.775	0.958
	CDMA2000 BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Right side	10	Off	777	848.31	23.11	24	1.227	0.06	0.795	0.976
	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Front	10	On	25	1851.25	21.86	22.5	1.159	-0.07	0.581	0.673
	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Back	10	On	25	1851.25	21.86	22.5	1.159	0.05	0.939	1.088
	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Left side	10	On	25	1851.25	21.86	22.5	1.159	-0.1	0.224	0.260
	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Right side	10	On	25	1851.25	21.86	22.5	1.159	-0.05	0.171	0.198
	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Bottom side	10	On	25	1851.25	21.86	22.5	1.159	-0.04	0.834	0.966
	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Back	10	On	600	1880	21.78	22.5	1.180	0.08	0.967	1.141
08	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Back	10	On	1175	1908.75	21.80	22.5	1.175	0.04	1.010	**1.187**
	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Bottom side	10	On	600	1880	21.78	22.5	1.180	-0.12	0.845	0.997
	CDMA2000 BC1	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Bottom side	10	On	1175	1908.75	21.80	22.5	1.175	0.03	0.957	1.124

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1RB	25offset	Front	10	Off	23230	782	23.18	24	1.208	-0.14	0.522	0.630
09	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1RB	25offset	Back	10	Off	23230	782	23.18	24	1.208	0.19	0.567	0.685
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1RB	25offset	Left side	10	Off	23230	782	23.18	24	1.208	-0.07	0.476	0.575
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1RB	25offset	Right side	10	Off	23230	782	23.18	24	1.208	0.01	0.332	0.401
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1RB	25offset	Bottom side	10	Off	23230	782	23.18	24	1.208	-0.03	0.088	0.106
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25RB	0offset	Front	10	Off	23230	782	21.98	23	1.265	0.01	0.423	0.535
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25RB	0offset	Back	10	Off	23230	782	21.98	23	1.265	0.01	0.465	0.588
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25RB	0offset	Left side	10	Off	23230	782	21.98	23	1.265	0.11	0.386	0.488
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25RB	0offset	Right side	10	Off	23230	782	21.98	23	1.265	-0.05	0.270	0.341
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25RB	0offset	Bottom side	10	Off	23230	782	21.98	23	1.265	0.07	0.073	0.092
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Front	10	On	20175	1732.5	22.15	22.5	1.084	-0.11	0.717	0.777
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Back	10	On	20175	1732.5	22.15	22.5	1.084	-0.07	0.922	0.999
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Left side	10	On	20175	1732.5	22.15	22.5	1.084	-0.01	0.181	0.196
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Right side	10	On	20175	1732.5	22.15	22.5	1.084	-0.07	0.205	0.222
10	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Bottom side	10	On	20175	1732.5	22.15	22.5	1.084	0.05	1.090	1.181
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Front	10	On	20175	1732.5	21.93	22	1.016	0.04	0.698	0.709
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Back	10	On	20175	1732.5	21.93	22	1.016	0.07	0.920	0.935
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Left side	10	On	20175	1732.5	21.93	22	1.016	-0.07	0.181	0.184
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Right side	10	On	20175	1732.5	21.93	22	1.016	0.06	0.205	0.208
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Bottom side	10	On	20175	1732.5	21.93	22	1.016	0.06	1.090	1.108
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100RB	0offset	Back	10	On	20175	1732.5	21.93	22	1.016	0.03	0.848	0.862
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100RB	0offset	Bottom side	10	On	20175	1732.5	21.93	22	1.016	-0.03	1.080	1.098

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Front	10	On	19100	1900	21.85	22.5	1.161	0.03	0.590	0.685
11	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Back	10	On	19100	1900	21.85	22.5	1.161	0.02	0.909	1.056
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Left side	10	On	19100	1900	21.85	22.5	1.161	-0.03	0.141	0.164
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Right side	10	On	19100	1900	21.85	22.5	1.161	0.06	0.157	0.182
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Bottom side	10	On	19100	1900	21.85	22.5	1.161	0.02	0.894	1.038
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Back	10	On	18700	1860	21.83	22.5	1.167	-0.04	0.860	1.003
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Back	10	On	18900	1880	21.77	22.5	1.183	0.01	0.862	1.020
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Bottom side	10	On	18700	1860	21.83	22.5	1.167	0.15	0.789	0.921
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Bottom side	10	On	18900	1880	21.77	22.5	1.183	-0.19	0.784	0.928
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	24offset	Front	10	On	19100	1900	21.68	22	1.076	-0.06	0.569	0.613
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	24offset	Back	10	On	19100	1900	21.68	22	1.076	0.17	0.903	0.972
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	24offset	Left side	10	On	19100	1900	21.68	22	1.076	-0.09	0.137	0.147
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	24offset	Right side	10	On	19100	1900	21.68	22	1.076	0.03	0.150	0.161
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	24offset	Bottom side	10	On	19100	1900	21.68	22	1.076	-0.01	0.880	0.947
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	24offset	Back	10	On	18700	1860	21.67	22	1.079	0.12	0.838	0.904
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	24offset	Back	10	On	18900	1880	21.58	22	1.102	0.14	0.874	0.963
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	24offset	Bottom side	10	On	18700	1860	21.67	22	1.079	-0.04	0.753	0.812
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	24offset	Bottom side	10	On	18900	1880	21.58	22	1.102	-0.13	0.791	0.871
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100RB	0offset	Back	10	On	19100	1900	21.6	22	1.096	0.07	0.882	0.967
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100RB	0offset	Bottom side	10	On	19100	1900	21.6	22	1.096	0.09	0.867	0.951

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	MAX Area Scan SAR	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	Front	10	11	2462	15.12	15.50	1.091	97.59	1.025		0.0142		
12	WLAN2.4GHz	Back	10	11	2462	15.12	15.50	1.091	97.59	1.025	0.09	0.287	0.151	0.169
	WLAN2.4GHz	Left side	10	11	2462	15.12	15.50	1.091	97.59	1.025		0.0642		
	WLAN2.4GHz	Top side	10	11	2462	15.12	15.50	1.091	97.59	1.025		0.0240		

15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<CDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3 SO32 (F+SCH)	Front	15	Off	384	836.52	23.23	24	1.194	-0.03	0.768	0.917
	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3 SO32 (F+SCH)	Back	15	Off	384	836.52	23.23	24	1.194	-0.08	0.853	1.018
	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3 SO32 (F+SCH)	Front	15	Off	1013	824.7	23.12	24	1.225	-0.06	0.763	0.934
	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3 SO32 (F+SCH)	Front	15	Off	777	848.31	23.1	24	1.230	0.03	0.726	0.893
13	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3 SO32 (F+SCH)	Back	15	Off	1013	824.7	23.12	24	1.225	-0.07	0.847	**1.037**
	CDMA2000 BC0	RC3 SO32 (F+SCH)	Back	15	Off	777	848.31	23.1	24	1.230	-0.05	0.804	0.989
	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3 SO32 (F+SCH)	Front	15	Off	25	1851.25	23.30	24	1.175	-0.02	0.522	0.613
	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3 SO32 (F+SCH)	Back	15	Off	25	1851.25	23.30	24	1.175	0.07	0.743	0.873
14	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3 SO32 (F+SCH)	Back	15	Off	600	1880	23.13	24	1.222	0.08	0.763	**0.932**
	CDMA2000 BC1	RC3 SO32 (F+SCH)	Back	15	Off	1175	1908.75	23.24	24	1.191	-0.15	0.736	0.877

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1RB	25offset	Front	15	Off	23230	782	23.18	24	1.208	-0.01	0.460	0.556
15	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1RB	25offset	Back	15	Off	23230	782	23.18	24	1.208	-0.02	0.524	**0.633**
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25RB	0offset	Front	15	Off	23230	782	21.98	23	1.265	-0.06	0.376	0.476
	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	25RB	0offset	Back	15	Off	23230	782	21.98	23	1.265	-0.04	0.438	0.554
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Front	15	Off	20175	1732.5	23.12	23.5	1.091	0.03	0.539	0.588
16	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Back	15	Off	20175	1732.5	23.12	23.5	1.091	0.03	0.699	**0.763**
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Front	15	Off	20175	1732.5	22	22.5	1.122	-0.08	0.429	0.481
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Back	15	Off	20175	1732.5	22	22.5	1.122	0.04	0.569	0.638
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Front	15	Off	19100	1900	22.92	23.5	1.143	0.08	0.431	0.493
17	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49offset	Back	15	Off	19100	1900	22.92	23.5	1.143	0.02	0.686	**0.784**
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Front	15	Off	19100	1900	21.83	22.5	1.167	-0.11	0.359	0.419
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	0offset	Back	15	Off	19100	1900	21.83	22.5	1.167	-0.06	0.527	0.615

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	MAX Area Scan SAR	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	15	11	2462	15.12	15.50	1.091	97.59	1.025		0.0089		
18	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	15	11	2462	15.12	15.50	1.091	97.59	1.025	0.1	0.110	0.060	**0.067**

15.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Power Reduction	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	CDMA2000 BC0	-	-	-	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Back	10	Off	384	836.52	23.17	24	1.211	-0.01	0.928	1	1.123
2nd	CDMA2000 BC0	-	-	-	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Back	10	Off	384	836.52	23.17	24	1.211	0.07	0.914	1.015	1.106
1st	CDMA2000 BC1	-	-	-	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Back	10	On	1175	1908.75	21.8	22.5	1.175	0.04	1.010	1	1.187
2nd	CDMA2000 BC1	-	-	-	RTAP 153.6Kbps	Back	10	On	1175	1908.75	21.8	22.5	1.175	-0.02	0.958	1.054	1.126
1st	LTE Band 4	20M	1RB	49Offset	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	On	20175	1732.5	22.15	22.5	1.084	0.05	1.090	1	1.181
2nd	LTE Band 4	20M	1RB	49Offset	QPSK	Bottom Side	10	On	20175	1732.5	22.15	22.5	1.084	0.06	1.070	1.019	1.160

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset			Note
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	
1.	CDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
2.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
3.	CDMA+ Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP
4.	LTE + Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP

General Note:

1. This device supported VoIP in CDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN support hotspot operation.
3. EUT will choose either CDMA or LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
4. Bluetooth and WLAN 2.4GHz share the same antenna and cannot transmit simultaneously.
5. Chose the worst zoom scan SAR of WLAN2.4GHz SAR correspondingly for co-located with WWAN analysis.
6. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
7. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
   i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
   ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
   iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
   iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
8. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
   i) (*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance, mm*)]·[√f(GHz)/*x*] W/kg for *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm; where *x* = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and *x* = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
   ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
   iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the *test separation distances* is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth Max Power	Exposure Position	Body worn
	Test separation	15 mm
10 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.140 W/kg

16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
CDMA	CDMA2000 BC0	Right Cheek	0.873	0.036	0.91
		Right Tilted	0.644	0.036	0.68
		Left Cheek	0.948	0.036	0.98
		Left Tilted	0.699	0.036	0.74
	CDMA2000 BC1	Right Cheek	0.421	0.036	0.46
		Right Tilted	0.260	0.036	0.30
		Left Cheek	0.607	0.036	0.64
		Left Tilted	0.221	0.036	0.26
LTE	Band 13	Right Cheek	0.420	0.036	0.46
		Right Tilted	0.368	0.036	0.40
		Left Cheek	0.486	0.036	0.52
		Left Tilted	0.337	0.036	0.37
	Band 4	Right Cheek	0.440	0.036	0.48
		Right Tilted	0.282	0.036	0.32
		Left Cheek	0.751	0.036	0.79
		Left Tilted	0.222	0.036	0.26
	Band 2	Right Cheek	0.389	0.036	0.43
		Right Tilted	0.197	0.036	0.23
		Left Cheek	0.560	0.036	0.60
		Left Tilted	0.173	0.036	0.21

16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
CDMA	CDMA2000 BC0	Front	0.979	0.169	1.15
		Back	1.144	0.169	1.31
		Left side	1.105	0.169	1.27
		Right side	0.981		0.98
		Top side		0.169	0.17
		Bottom side	0.182		0.18
	CDMA2000 BC1	Front	0.673	0.169	0.84
		Back	1.187	0.169	**1.36**
		Left side	0.260	0.169	0.43
		Right side	0.198		0.20
		Top side		0.169	0.17
		Bottom side	1.124		1.12
LTE	Band 13	Front	0.630	0.169	0.80
		Back	0.685	0.169	0.85
		Left side	0.575	0.169	0.74
		Right side	0.401		0.40
		Top side		0.169	0.17
		Bottom side	0.106		0.11
	Band 4	Front	0.777	0.169	0.95
		Back	0.999	0.169	1.17
		Left side	0.196	0.169	0.37
		Right side	0.222		0.22
		Top side		0.169	0.17
		Bottom side	1.181		1.18
	Band 2	Front	0.685	0.169	0.85
		Back	1.056	0.169	1.23
		Left side	0.164	0.169	0.33
		Right side	0.182		0.18
		Top side		0.169	0.17
		Bottom side	1.038		1.04

16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth		
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)		
CDMA	CDMA2000 BC0	Front	0.934	0.067	0.140	1.00	1.07
		Back	1.037	0.067	0.140	1.10	1.18
	CDMA2000 BC1	Front	0.613	0.067	0.140	0.68	0.75
		Back	0.932	0.067	0.140	1.00	1.07
LTE	Band 13	Front	0.556	0.067	0.140	0.62	0.70
		Back	0.633	0.067	0.140	0.70	0.77
	Band 4	Front	0.588	0.067	0.140	0.66	0.73
		Back	0.763	0.067	0.140	0.83	0.90
	Band 2	Front	0.493	0.067	0.140	0.56	0.63
		Back	0.784	0.067	0.140	0.85	0.92

Test Engineer：Kat Yin

17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor[(a)]	1/k[(b)]	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 17.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty						11.4%	11.4%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						22.9%	22.7%

Table 17.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”

[2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992

[3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, “IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, Sep 2013

[4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

[5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, “SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters”, Oct 2015.

[6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, Oct 2015

[7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets”, Oct 2015.

[8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, “3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES”, Oct 2015

[9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices”, Dec 2015

[10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.

[11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.

[12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, “RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations” Oct 2015.

Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/8

System Check_Head_750MHz_20161108

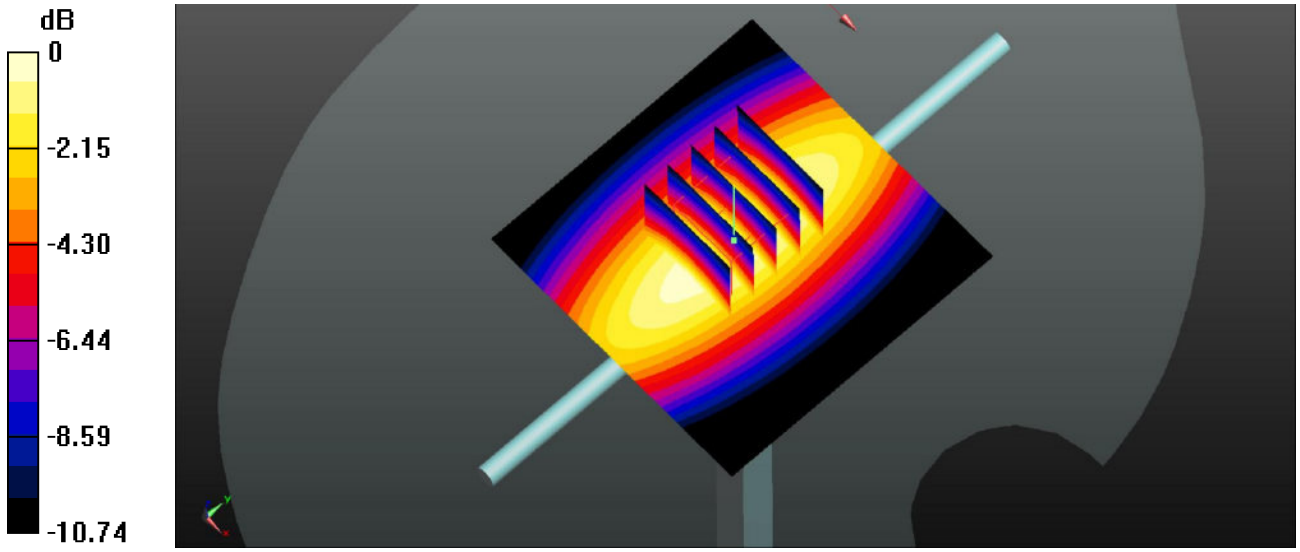
DUT: D750V3-SN:1087

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750_2016/11/08 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.92 S/m; ε_r = 43.311; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(10.72, 10.72, 10.72); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.90 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 54.81 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.32 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.41 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.92 W/kg



0 dB = 2.92 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/8

System Check_Head_835MHz_20161108

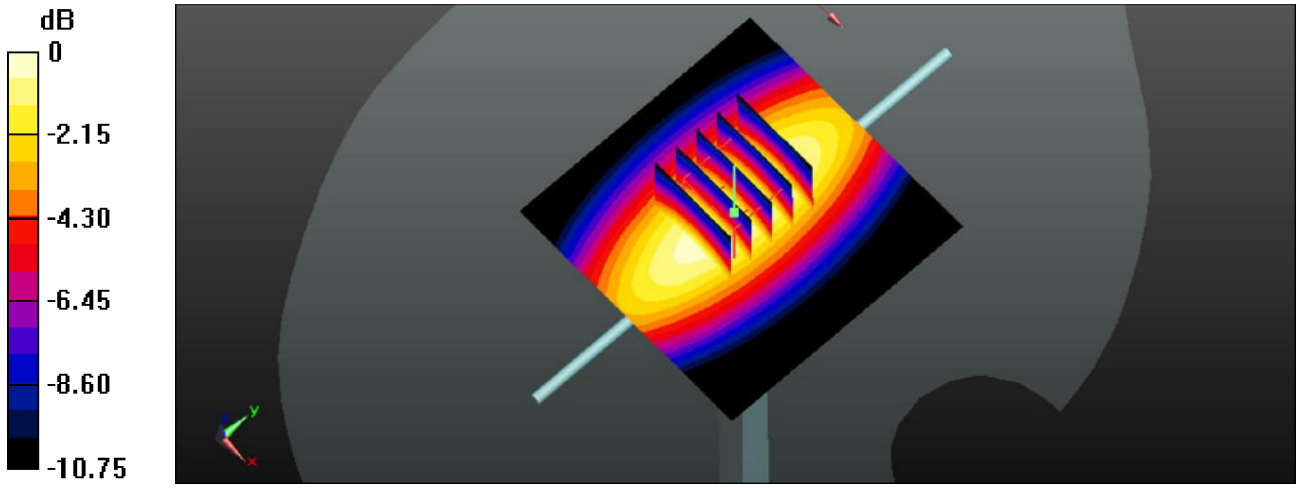
DUT: D835V2-SN:4d151

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_2016/11/08 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.906 S/m; ε_r = 42.204; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(10.15, 10.15, 10.15); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.34 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 55.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.80 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.47 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.61 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.34 W/kg



0 dB = 3.34 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/9

System Check_Head_1750MHz_20161109

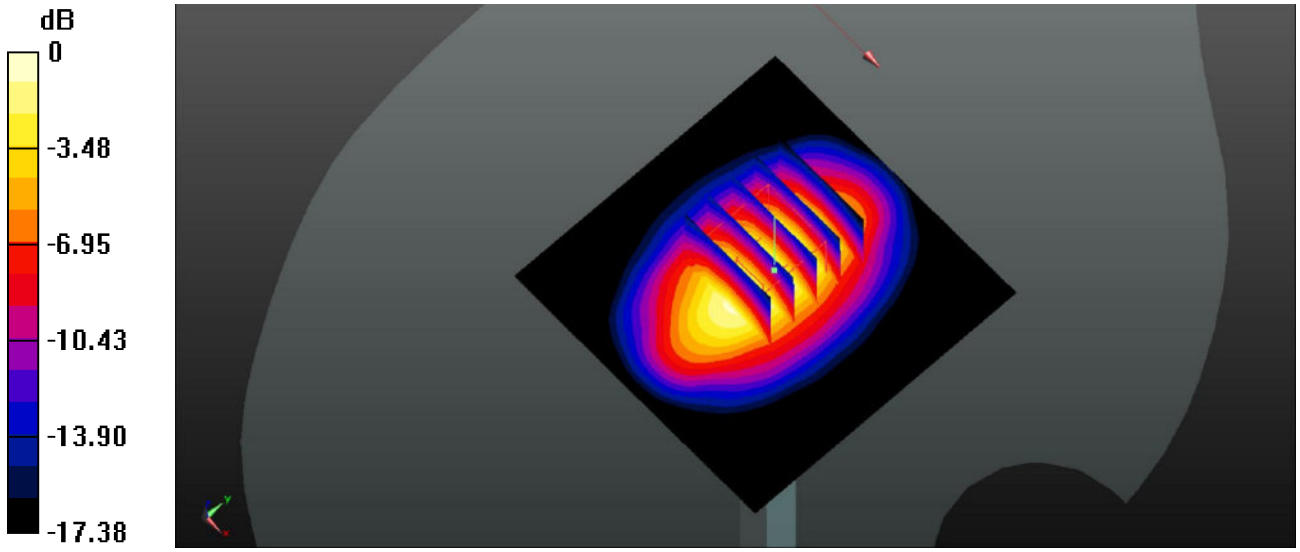
DUT: D1750V2-SN:1090

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750_2016/11/09 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.359 S/m; ε_r = 40.991; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(8.69, 8.69, 8.69); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 94.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 8.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.74 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.6 W/kg



0 dB = 13.6 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/9

System Check_Head_1900MHz_20161109

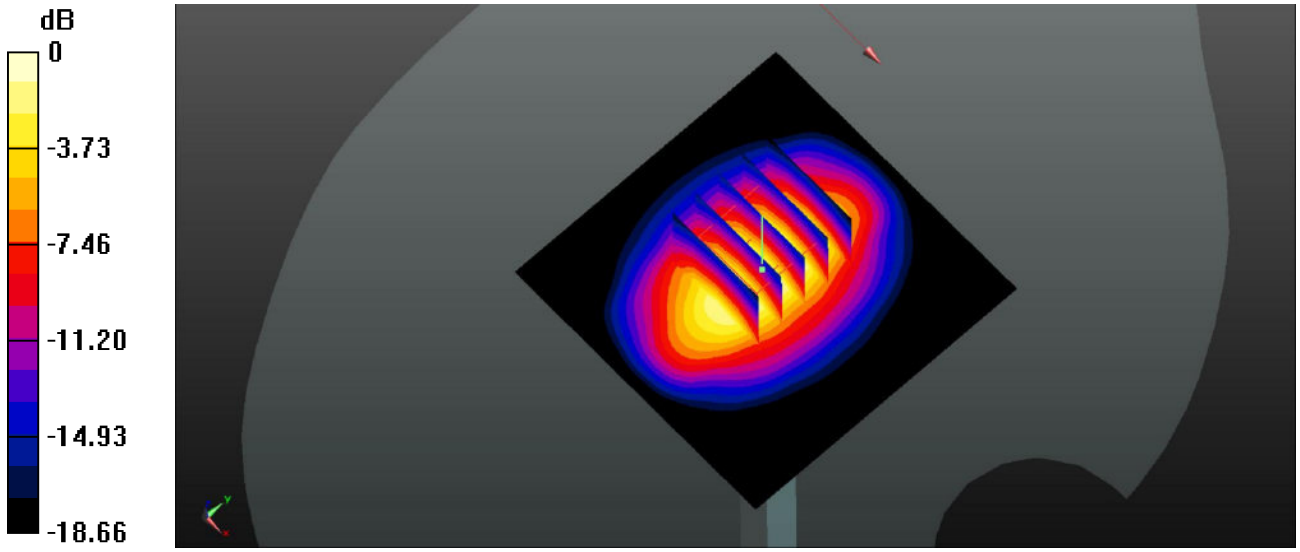
DUT: D1900V2-SN:5d170

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_2016/11/09 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.46 S/m; ε_r = 39.724; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 97.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.2 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 W/kg



0 dB = 15.9 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/16

System Check_Head_2450MHz_20161116

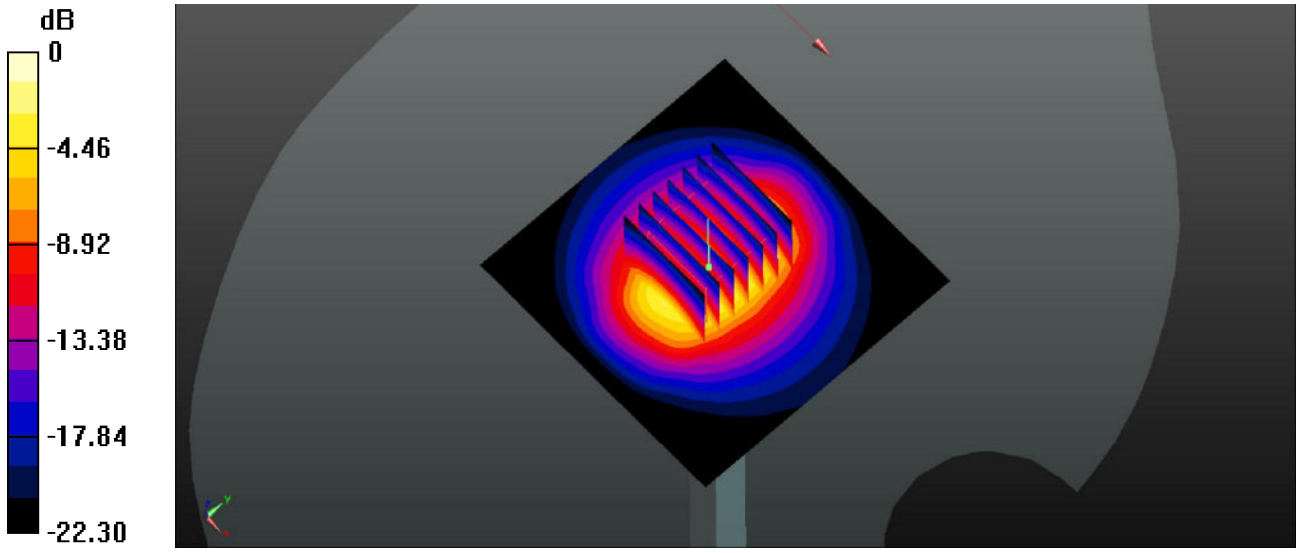
DUT: D2450V2-SN:908

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_2016/11/16 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.824 S/m; ε_r = 37.744; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 23.4 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 89.99 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.9 W/kg



0 dB = 22.9 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/7

System Check_Body_750MHz_20161107

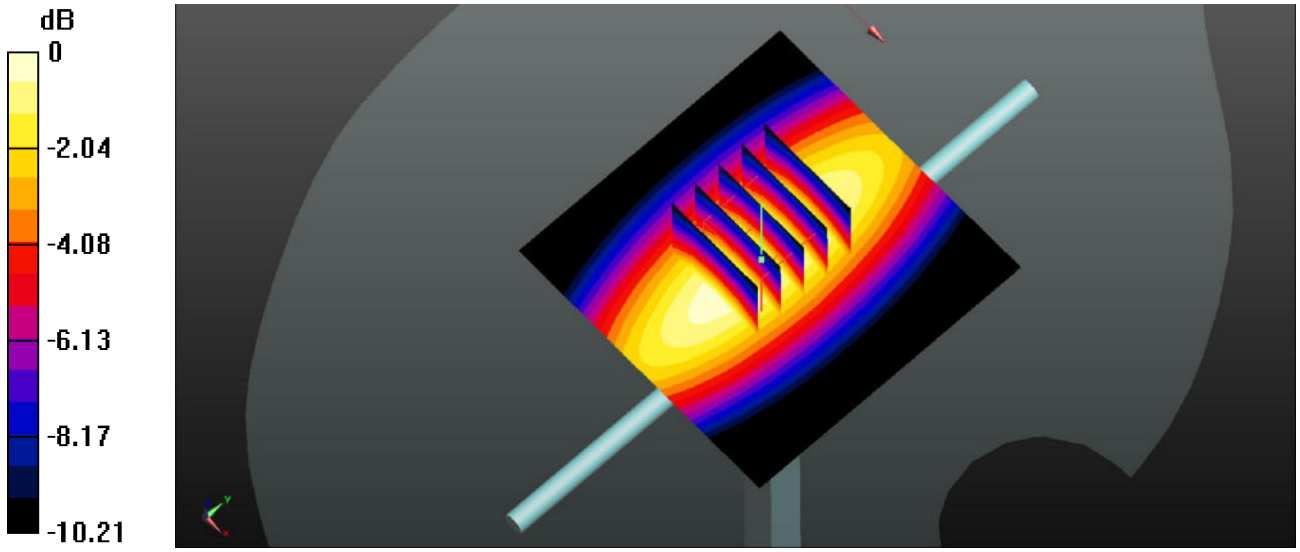
DUT: D750V3-SN:1087

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_750_2016/11/07 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.963 S/m; ε_r = 55.276; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(10.59, 10.59, 10.59); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.96 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 49.04 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.37 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.46 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.96 W/kg



0 dB = 2.96 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/7

System Check_Body_835MHz_20161107

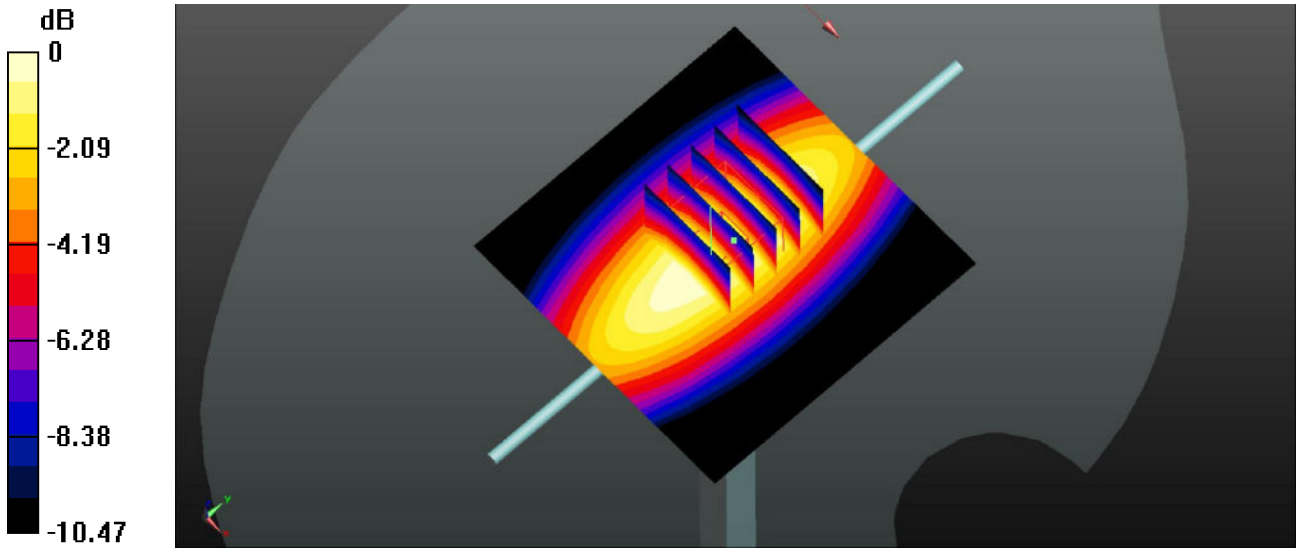
DUT: D835V2-SN:4d151

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_835_2016/11/07 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.983 S/m; ε_r = 55.056; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(10.3, 10.3, 10.3); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.50 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 53.00 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.95 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.49 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.73 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.49 W/kg



0 dB = 3.49 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/10

System Check_Body_1750MHz_20161110

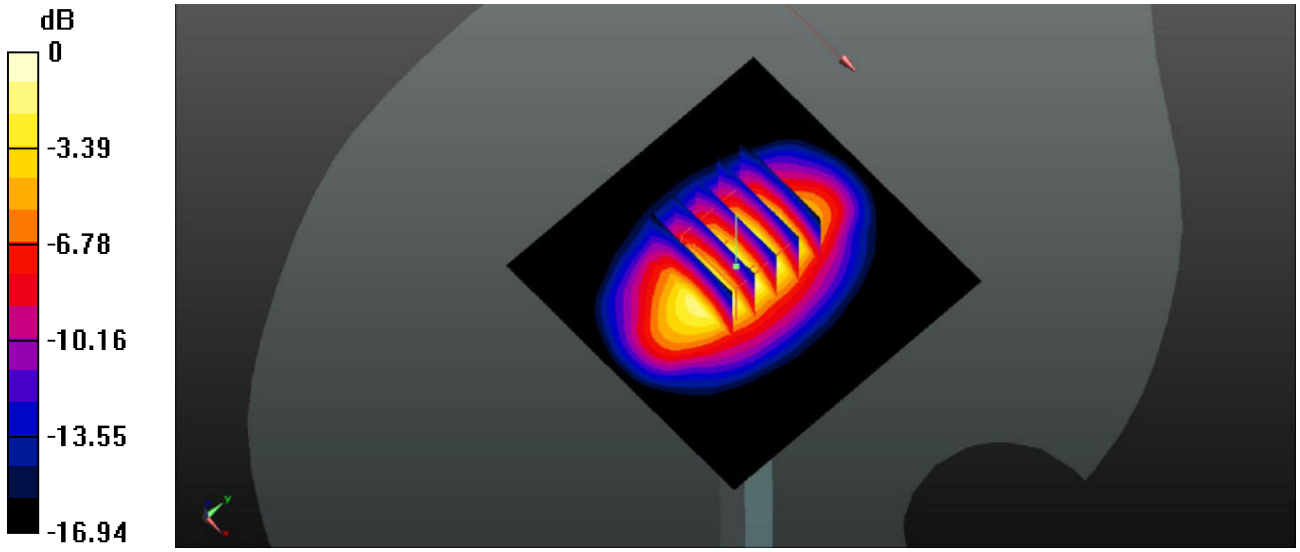
DUT: D1750V2-SN:1090

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_2016/11/10 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.513 S/m; ε_r = 55.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(8.24, 8.24, 8.24); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 90.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.79 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.6 W/kg



0 dB = 13.6 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/10

System Check_Body_1900MHz_20161110

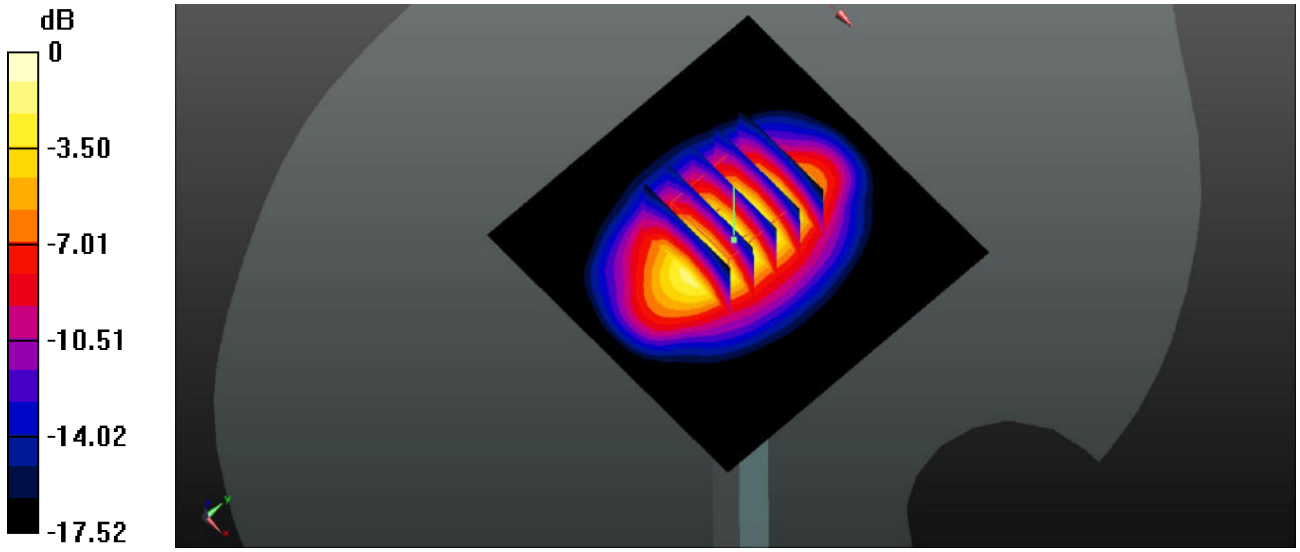
DUT: D1900V2-SN:5d170

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_2016/11/10 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.532 S/m; ε_r = 52.397; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.7 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 85.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.35 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.0 W/kg



0 dB = 16.0 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/16

System Check_Body_2450MHz_20161116

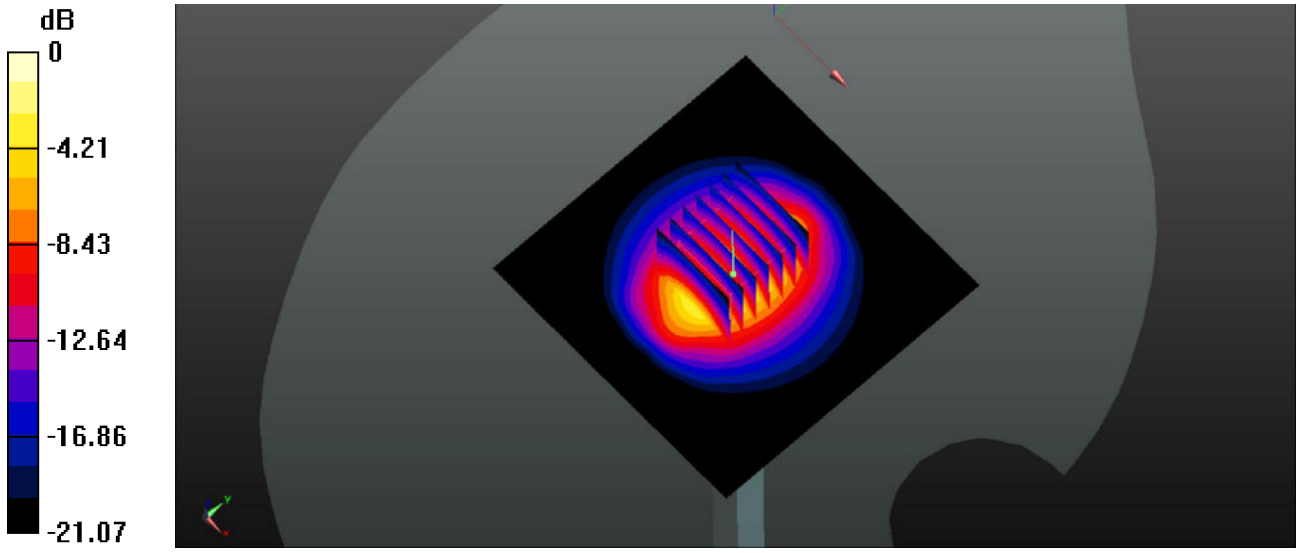
DUT: D2450V2-SN:908

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_2016/11/16 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.015 S/m; ε_r = 53.057; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.7 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 84.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.03 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 W/kg



0 dB = 21.9 W/kg

Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/8

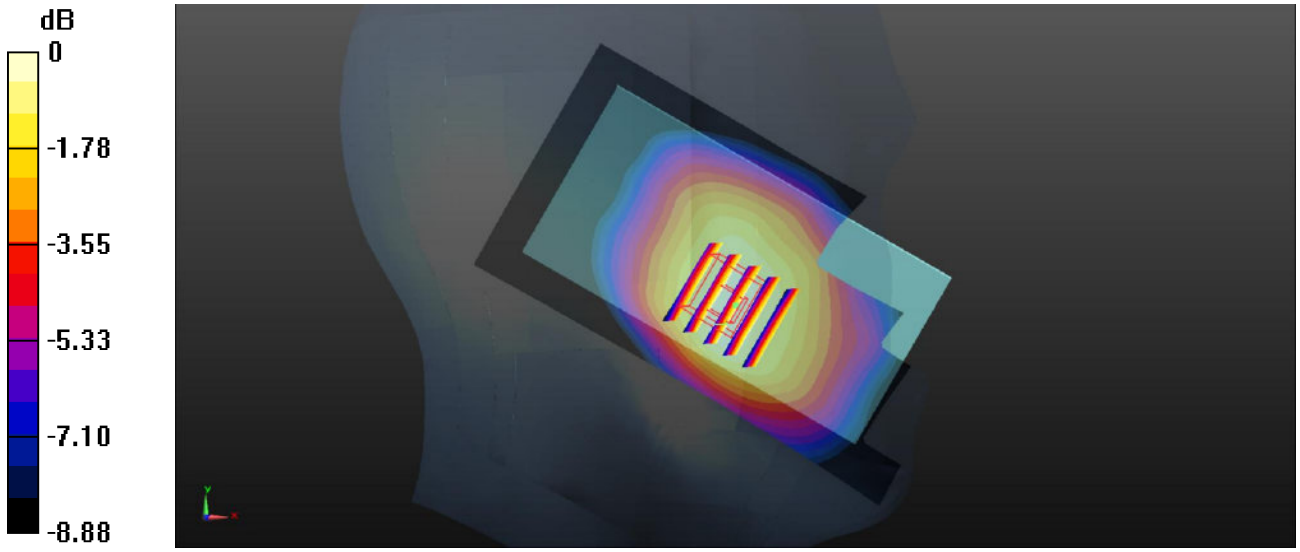
01_CDMA2000 BC0_RC3 SO55_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch777_off

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA2000 (0); Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_2016/11/08 Medium parameters used: f = 848.31 MHz; σ = 0.951 S/m; ε_r = 42.795; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(10.15, 10.15, 10.15); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch777/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.881 W/kg

Ch777/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.265 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.02 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.774 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.579 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.919 W/kg



0 dB = 0.919 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/9

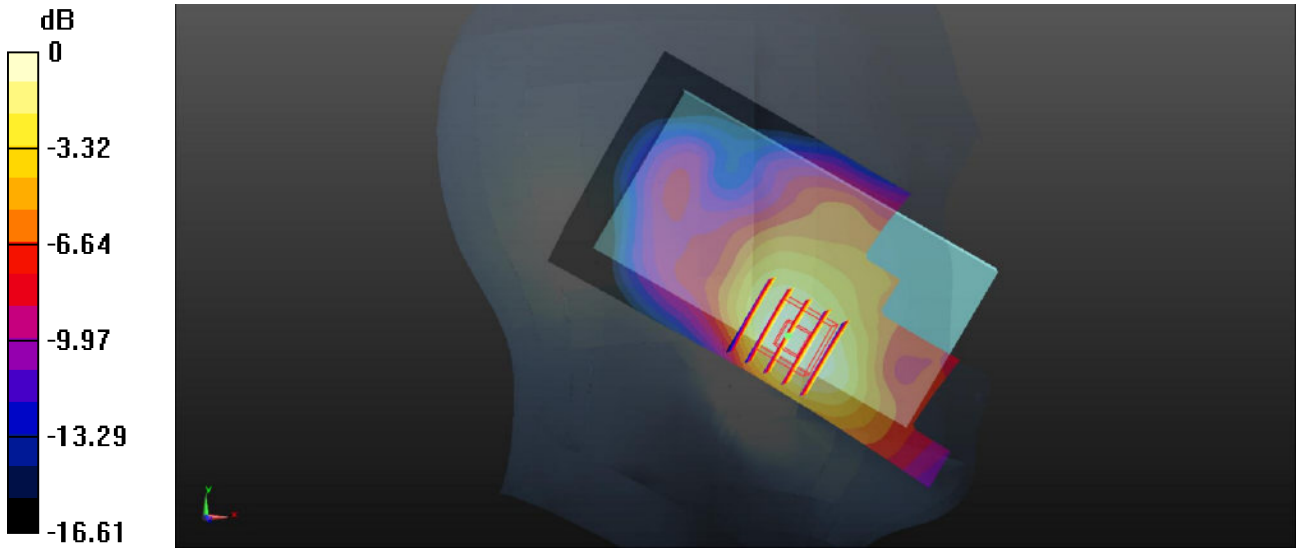
02_CDMA2000 BC1_RC3 SO55_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch25_off

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA2000 (0); Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_2016/11/09 Medium parameters used: f = 1851.25 MHz; σ = 1.414 S/m; ε_r = 39.917; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch25/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.768 W/kg

Ch25/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.679 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.805 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.524 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.331 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.700 W/kg



0 dB = 0.700 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/8

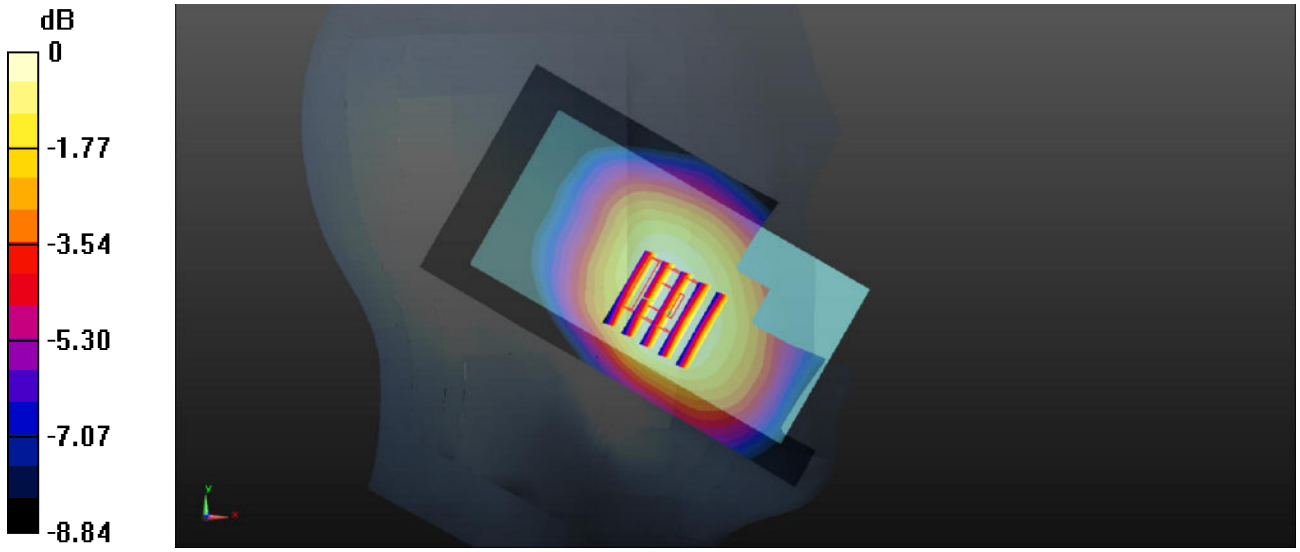
03_LTE Band 13_10M_QPSK_1RB_25offset_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch23230_off

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 782 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750_2016/11/08 Medium parameters used: f = 782 MHz; σ = 0.948 S/m; ε_r = 42.85; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(10.72, 10.72, 10.72); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch23230/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.485 W/kg

Ch23230/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.217 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.522 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.402 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.304 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.478 W/kg



0 dB = 0.478 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/9

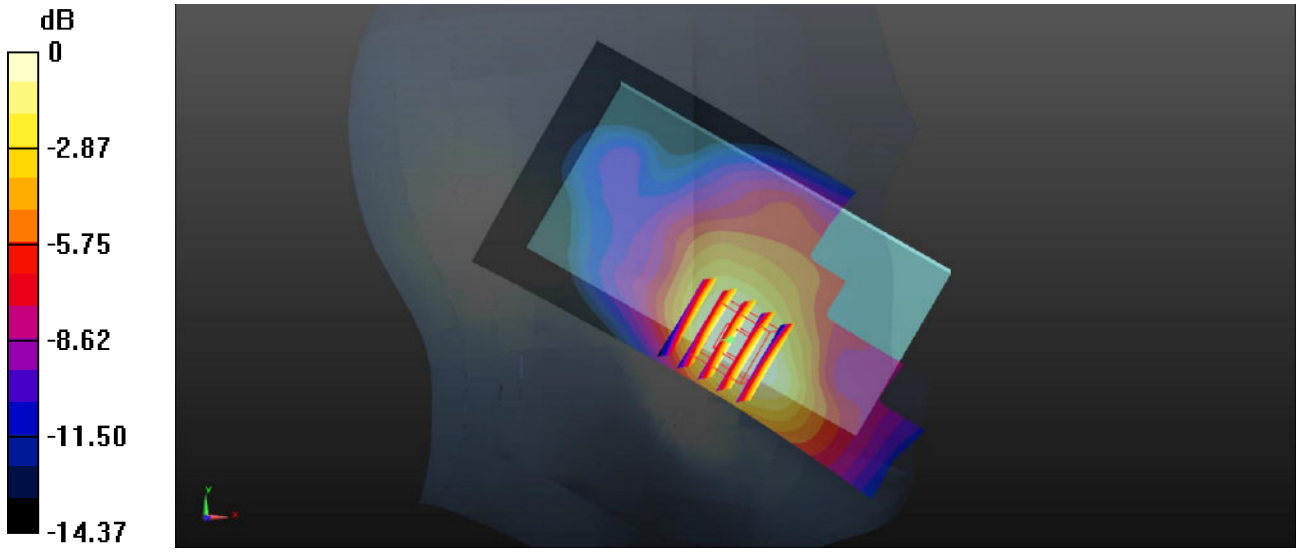
04_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_49offset_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch20175_off

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750_2016/11/09 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.342 S/m; ε_r = 41.064; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(8.69, 8.69, 8.69); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.968 W/kg

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.576 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.981 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.688 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.459 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.863 W/kg



0 dB = 0.863 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/9

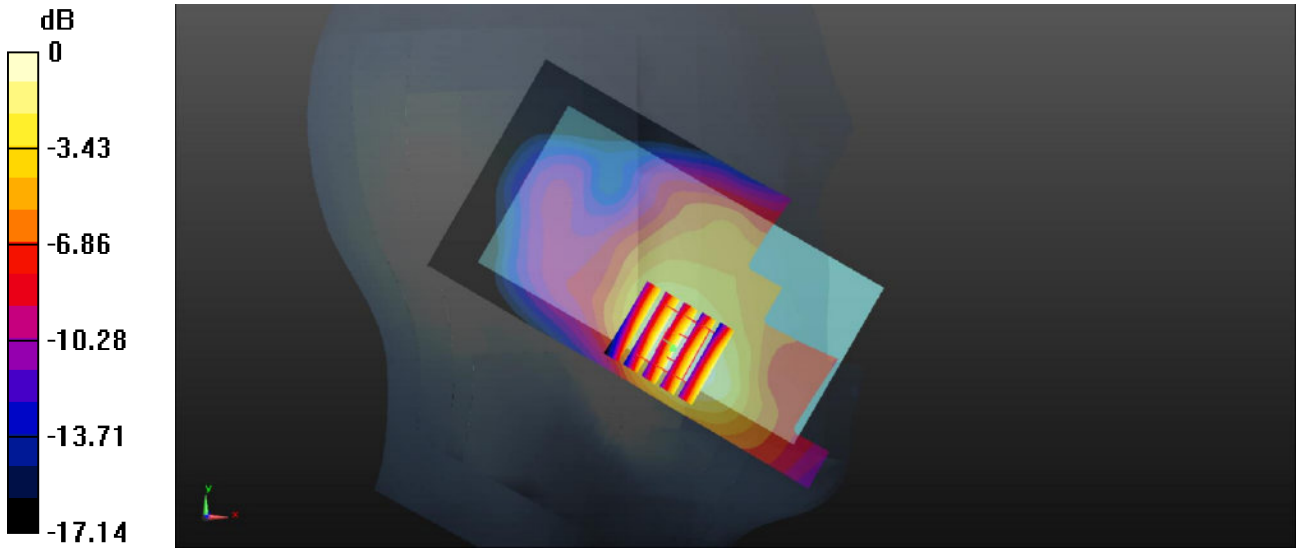
05_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_49offset_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch19100_off

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_2016/11/09 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.46 S/m; ε_r = 39.724; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(8.37, 8.37, 8.37); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch19100/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.707 W/kg

Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.550 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.755 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.490 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.304 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.656 W/kg



0 dB = 0.656 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/16

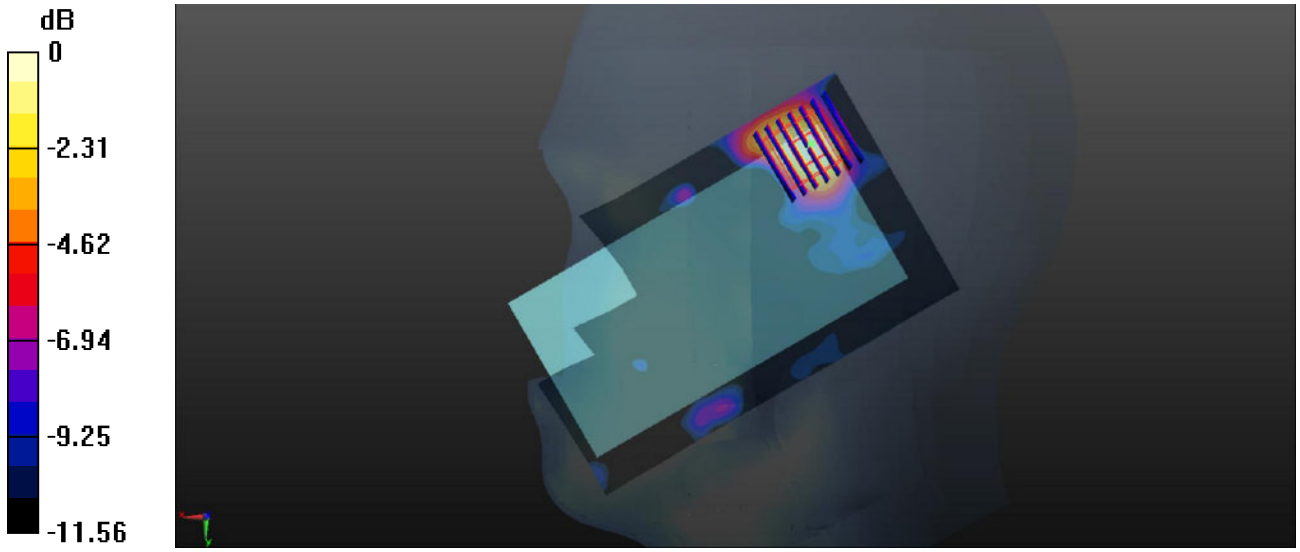
06_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Right Cheek_0mm_Ch11

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.025
Medium: HSL_2450_2016/11/16 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.839 S/m; ε_r = 37.695; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(7.49, 7.49, 7.49); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0538 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.931 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0660 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.032 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0513 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0513 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/7

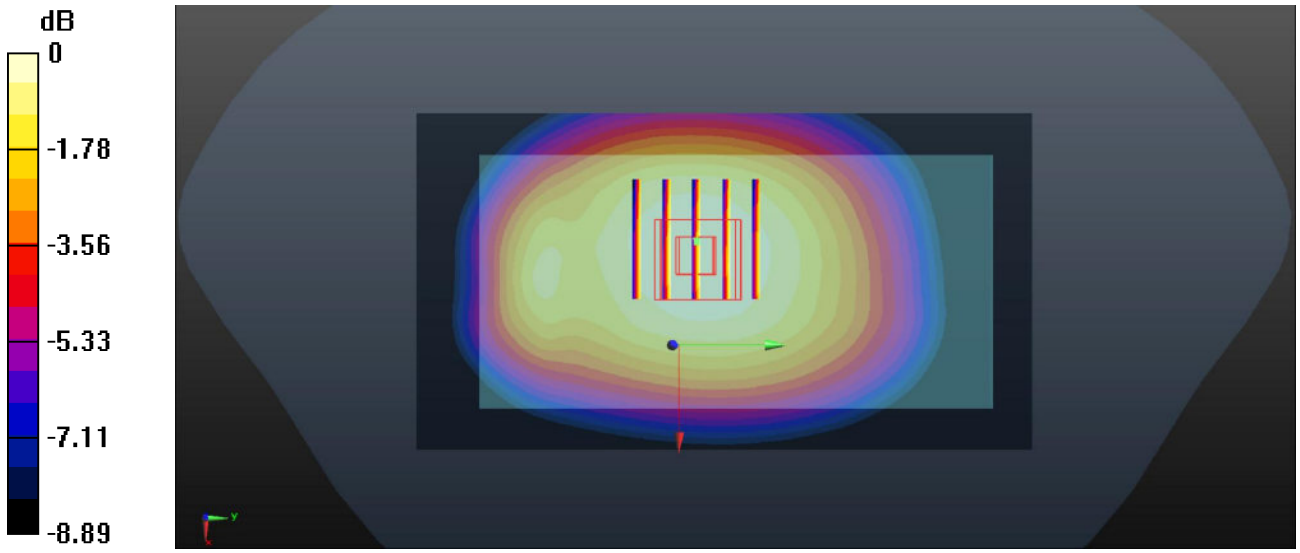
07_CDMA2000 BC0_RTAP 153.6Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch1013_off

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA2000 (0); Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_835_2016/11/07 Medium parameters used: f = 824.7 MHz; σ = 0.982 S/m; ε_r = 54.483;ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(10.3, 10.3, 10.3); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1013/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 W/kg

Ch1013/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 30.22 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.926 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.704 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 W/kg



0 dB = 1.11 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/10

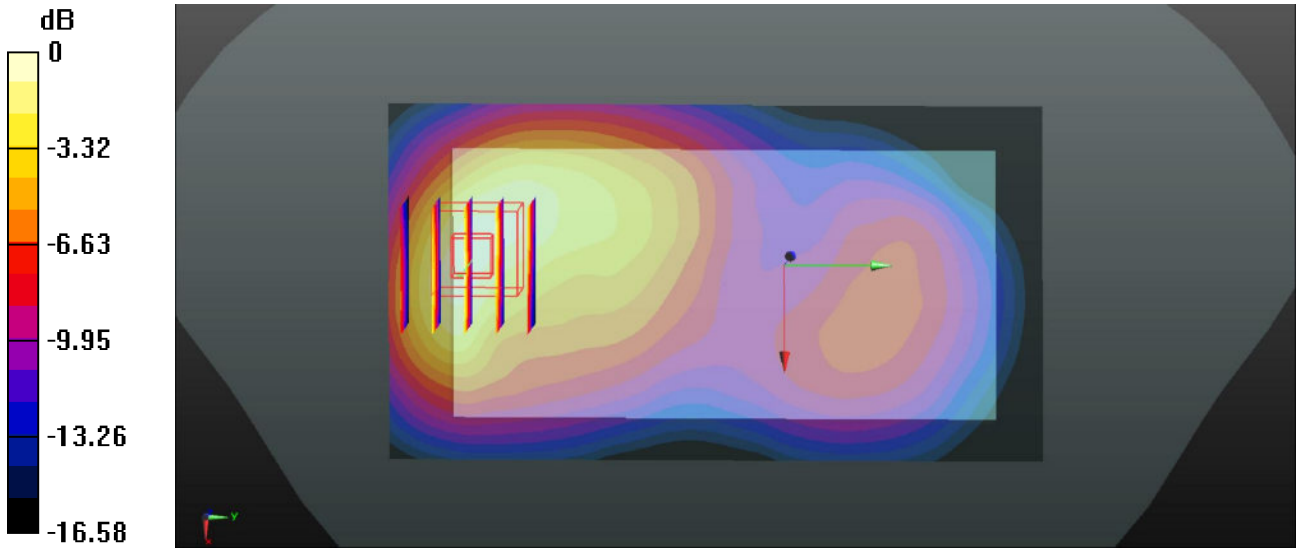
08_CDMA2000 BC1_RTAP 153.6Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch1175_on

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA2000 (0); Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_2016/11/10 Medium parameters used: f = 1908.75 MHz; σ = 1.542 S/m; ε_r =52.376; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1175/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.39 W/kg

Ch1175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.749 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.73 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.569 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.46 W/kg



0 dB = 1.46 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/7

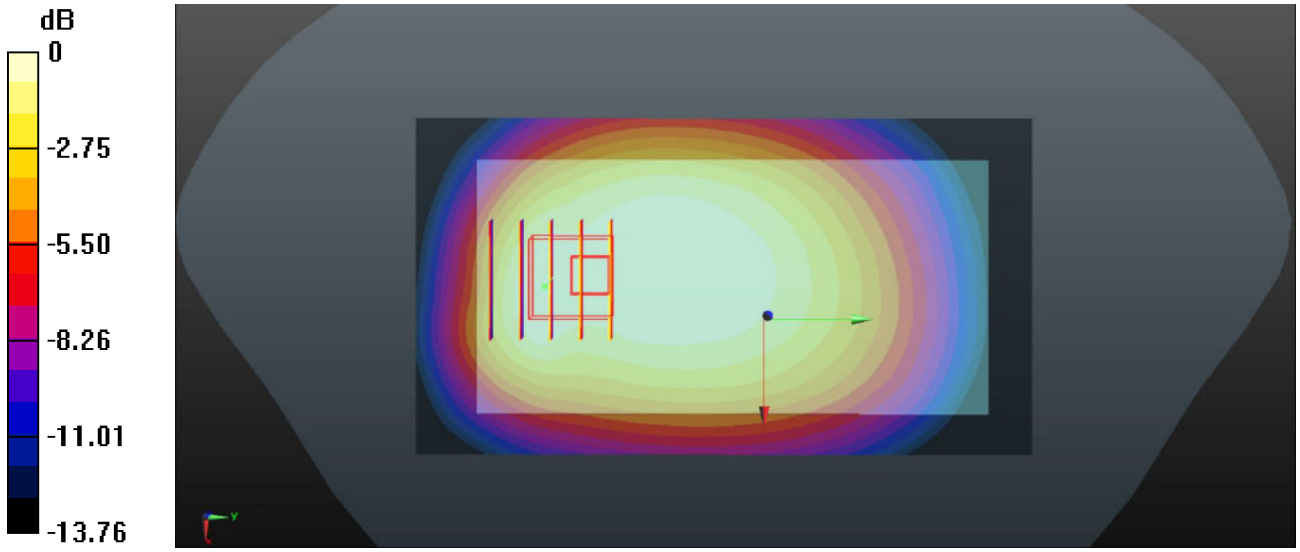
09_LTE Band 13_10M_QPSK_1RB_25offset_Back_10mm_Ch23230_off

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 782 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_750_2016/11/07 Medium parameters used: f = 782 MHz; σ = 0.992 S/m; ε_r = 54.955; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(10.59, 10.59, 10.59); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch23230/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.828 W/kg

Ch23230/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 24.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.902 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.567 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.401 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.754 W/kg



0 dB = 0.754 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/10

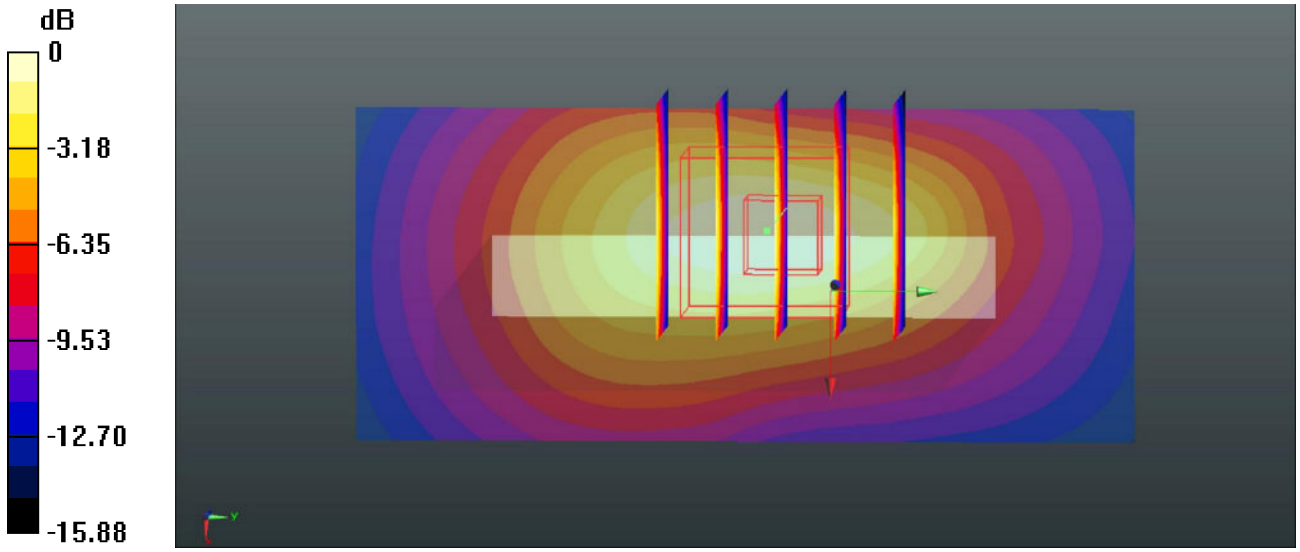
10_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_49offset_Bottom side_10mm_Ch20175_on

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_2016/11/10 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.494 S/m; ε_r = 55.527; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(8.24, 8.24, 8.24); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (31x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.54 W/kg

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 25.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.79 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.607 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.52 W/kg



0 dB = 1.52 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/10

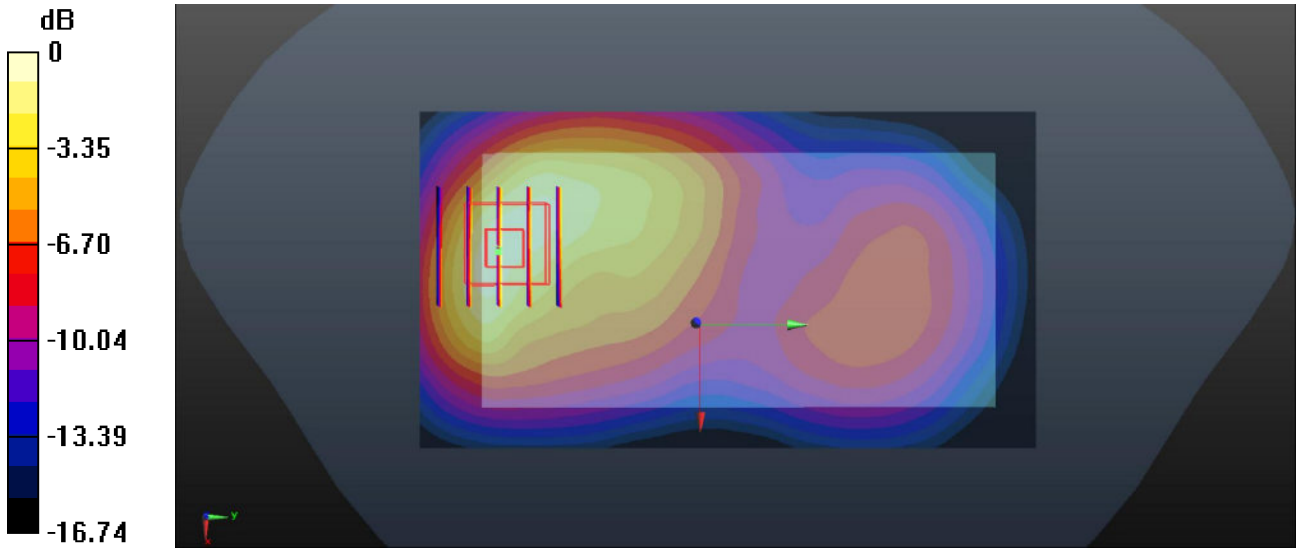
11_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_49offset_Back_10mm_Ch19100_on

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_2016/11/10 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.532 S/m; ε_r = 52.397; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch19100/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.21 W/kg

Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.431 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.51 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.909 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.517 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.29 W/kg



0 dB = 1.29 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/16

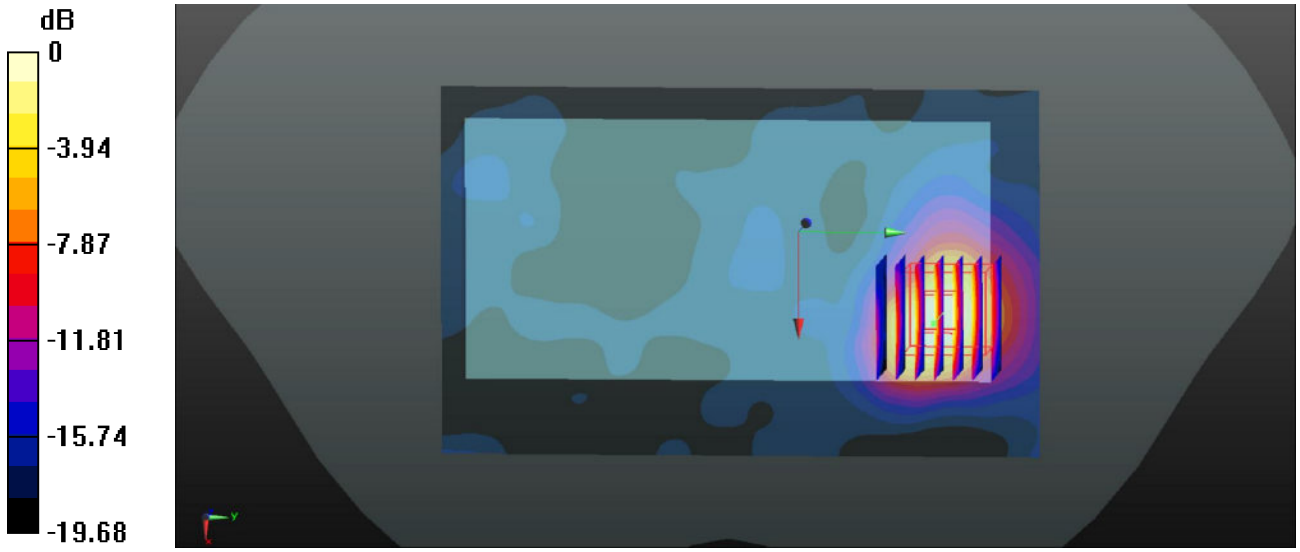
12_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch11

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.025
Medium: MSL_2450_2016/11/16 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 2.032 S/m; ε_r = 53.011; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.287 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 0.6400 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.311 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.151 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.063 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.242 W/kg



0 dB = 0.242 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/7

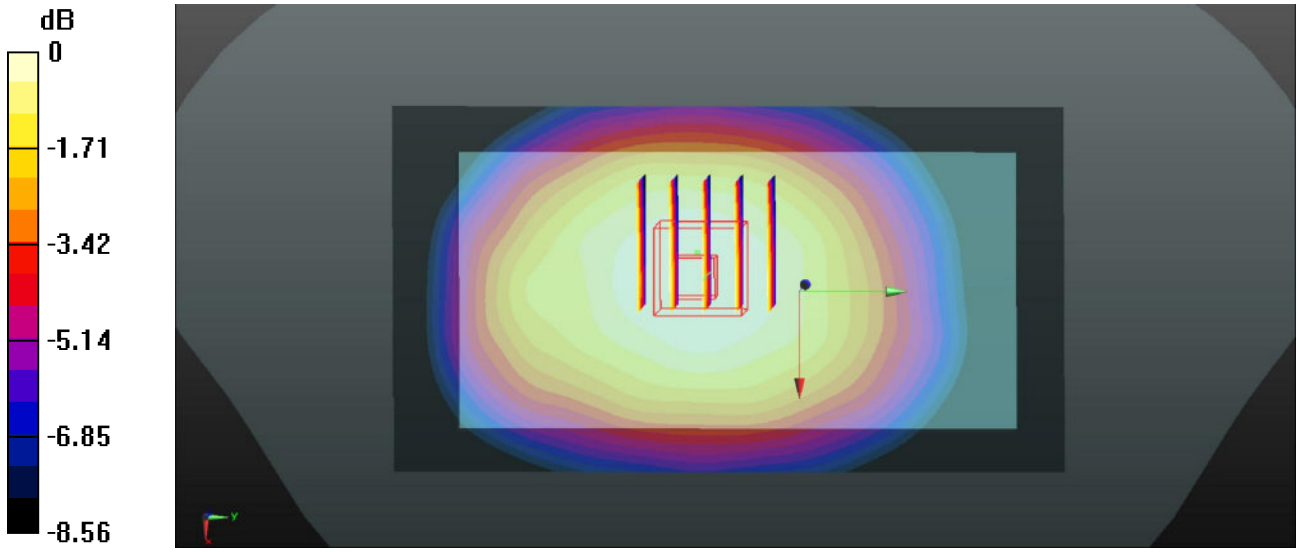
13_CDMA2000 BC0_RC3 SO32(F+SCH)_Back_15mm_Ch1013_off

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA2000 (0); Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_835_2016/11/07 Medium parameters used: f = 824.7 MHz; σ = 0.982 S/m; ε_r = 54.483;ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(10.3, 10.3, 10.3); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1013/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 W/kg

Ch1013/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 28.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.06 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.847 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.647 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.991 W/kg



0 dB = 0.991 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/10

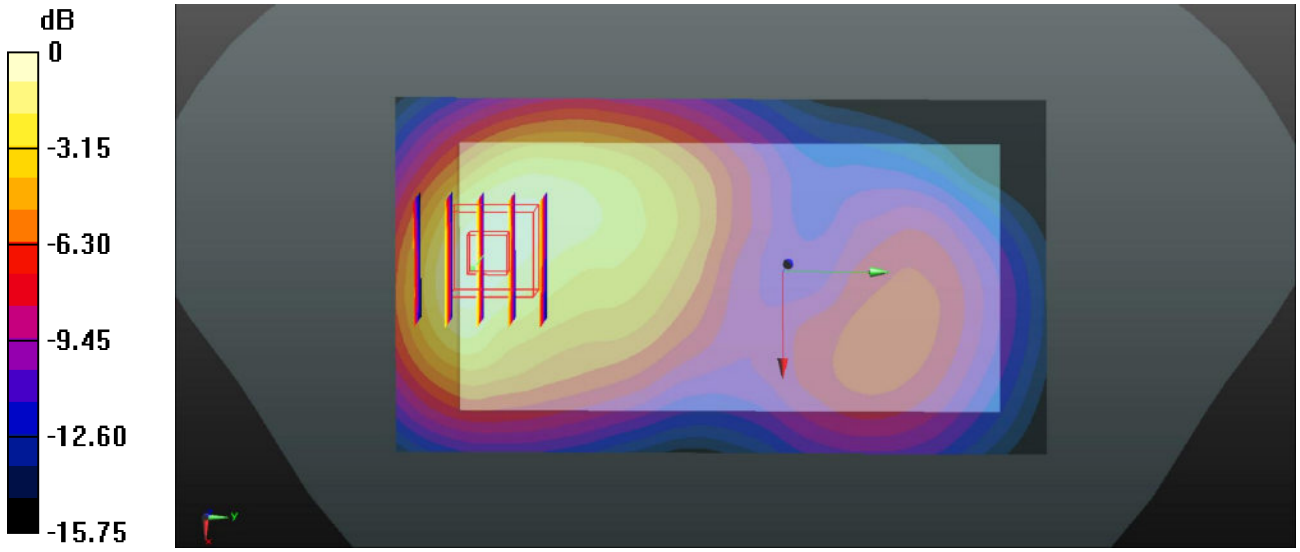
14_CDMA2000 BC1_RC3 SO32(F+SCH)_Back_15mm_Ch600_off

Communication System: UID 0, CDMA2000 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_2016/11/10 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.509 S/m; ε_r = 52.468; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch600/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 W/kg

Ch600/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.327 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.763 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.455 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg



0 dB = 1.06 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/7

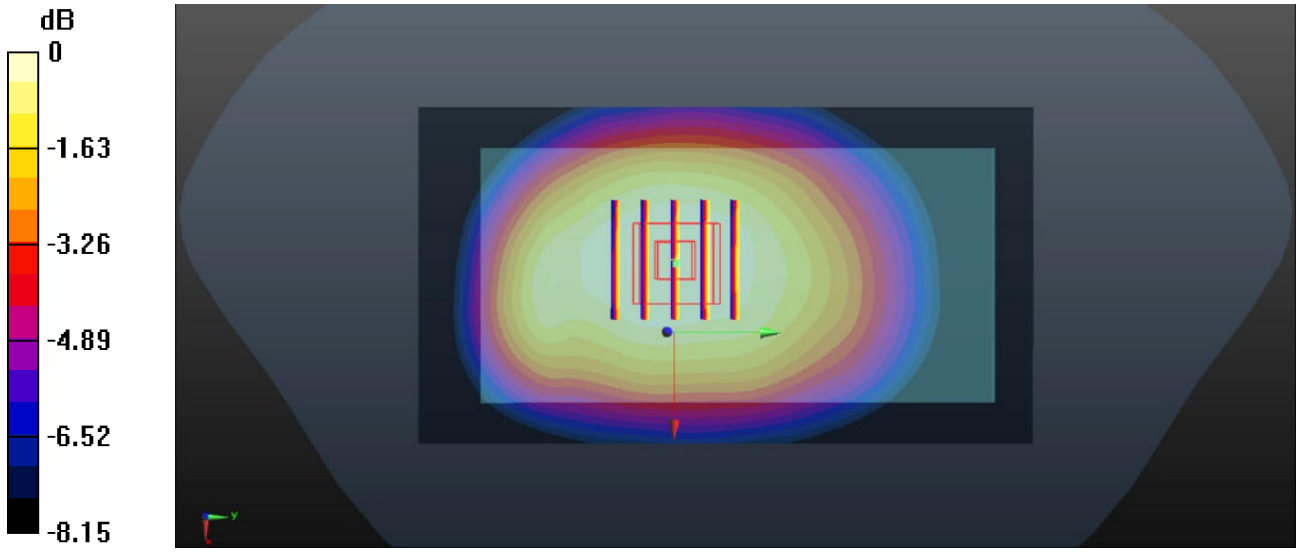
15_LTE Band 13_10M_QPSK_1RB_25offset_Back_15mm_Ch23230_off

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 782 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_750_2016/11/07 Medium parameters used: f = 782 MHz; σ = 0.992 S/m; ε_r = 54.955; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(10.59, 10.59, 10.59); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch23230/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.664 W/kg

Ch23230/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 22.17 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.660 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.524 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.398 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.623 W/kg



0 dB = 0.623 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/10

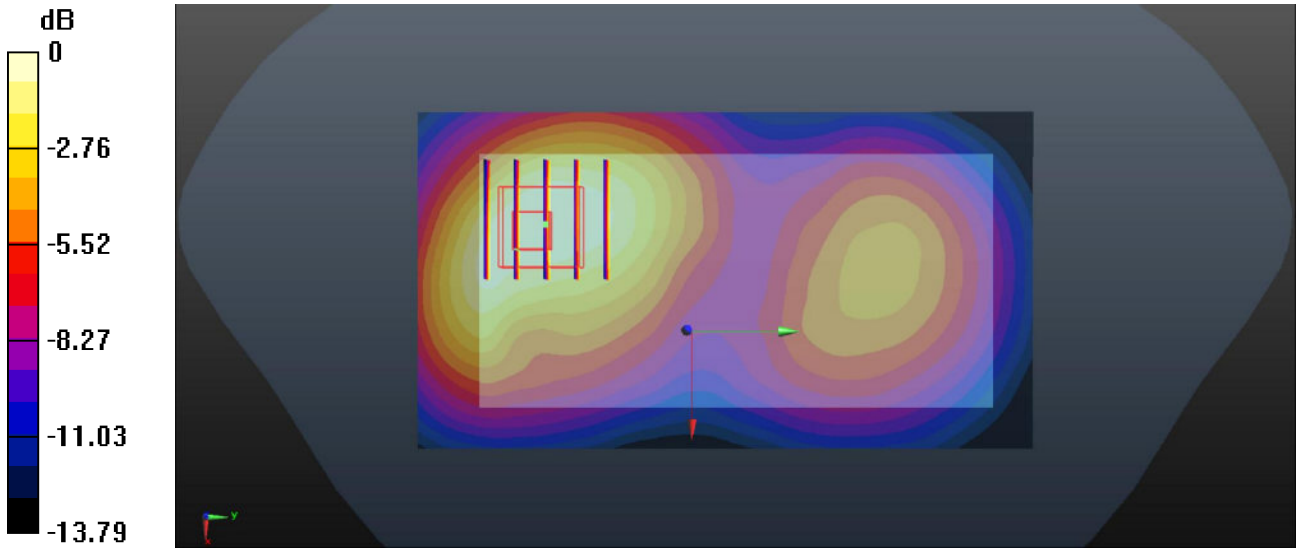
16_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_49offset_Back_15mm_Ch20175_Hotspot off

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_2016/11/10 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.494 S/m; ε_r = 55.527; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(8.24, 8.24, 8.24); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 W/kg

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.007 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.699 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.438 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.946 W/kg



0 dB = 0.946 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/10

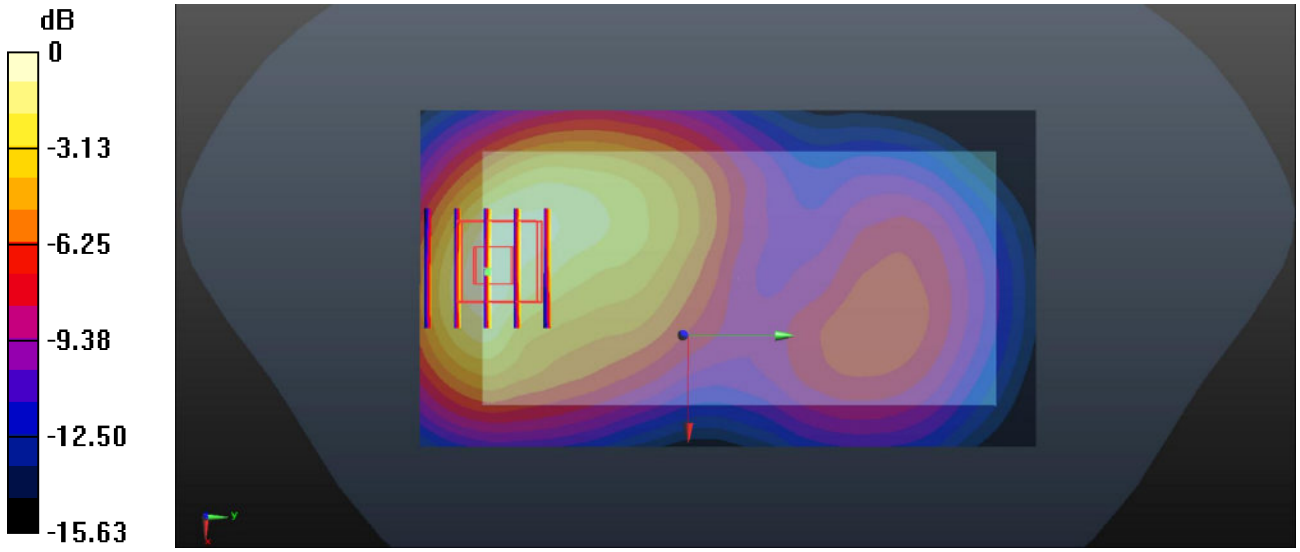
17_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_49offset_Back_15mm_Ch19100_off

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_2016/11/10 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.532 S/m; ε_r = 52.397; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch19100/Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.964 W/kg

Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.294 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.686 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.408 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.962 W/kg



0 dB = 0.962 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/11/16

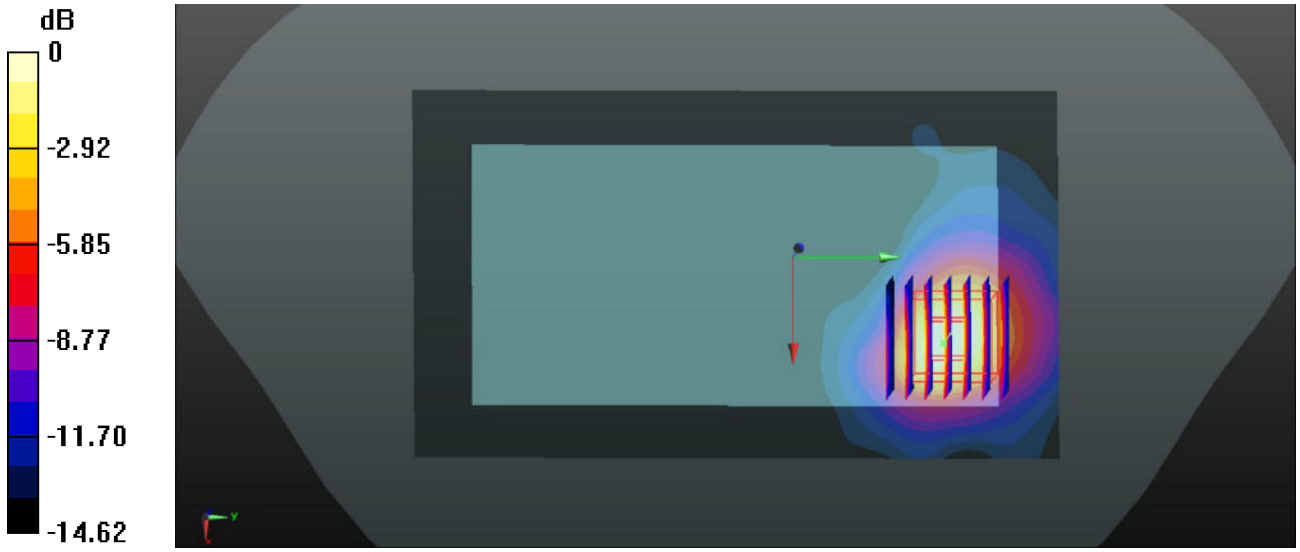
18_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Back_15mm_Ch11

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.025
Medium: MSL_2450_2016/11/16 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 2.032 S/m; ε_r = 53.011; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3935; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2015/11/27;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1358; Calibrated: 2016/9/5
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.110 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.375 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.111 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.060 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.029 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0939 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0939 W/kg