FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT	: ZTE Corporation
EQUIPMENT	: GSM / WCDMA / LTE Mobile Phone
BRAND NAME	: ZTE
MODEL NAME	: Z828
FCC ID	: SRQ-Z828
STANDARD	: FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA592107	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Oct. 16, 2015

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **ZTE Corporation, GSM / WCDMA / LTE Mobile Phone, Z828** are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary			Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
		Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	Wireless Router (Separation 10mm)	
		1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	
PCE	GSM850	0.78	1.17	1.17	1.57
	GSM1900	0.31	0.70	1.12	
	WCDMA Band V	0.46	0.66	0.66	
	WCDMA Band IV	0.34	1.09	1.17	
	WCDMA Band II	0.39	0.88	1.18	
	LTE Band 12	0.31	0.53	0.53	
	LTE Band 4	0.39	**1.18**	**1.19**	
	LTE Band 2	0.36	0.76	1.15	
DTS	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	**1.04**	0.39	0.39	1.57
Date of Testing:		Sep. 24, 2015 ~ Sep. 30, 2015			

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (XI'AN) INC.
Test Site Location	1F, Building A3, No. 39 Chuangye Rd., Xi'an Hi-tech Zone, Shanxi Province, P. R. China TEL: +86-029-8860-8767 FAX: +86-029-8860-8791

Applicant	
Company Name	ZTE Corporation
Address	ZTE Plaza,#55 Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District,Shenzhen,Guangdong,518057,P.R.China

Manufacturer	
Company Name	ZTE Corporation
Address	ZTE Plaza,#55 Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District,Shenzhen,Guangdong,518057,P.R.China

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	GSM / WCDMA / LTE Mobile Phone
Brand Name	ZTE
Model Name	Z828
FCC ID	SRQ-Z828
IMEI Code	868622020004828
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	· GSM/GPRS/EGPRS · RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps · HSDPA · HSUPA · DC-HSDPA · HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is not supported) · LTE: QPSK, 16QAM · 802.11b/g/n HT20 · Bluetooth v2.1+EDR, Bluetooth v4.0 LE
HW Version	u06A
SW Version	P890T09V1.0.0B02
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Production Unit

Remark:
1. 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN.
2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports Hotspot operation.
3. This device supports GRPS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12.
4. This device does not support DTM operation.

4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r03	
FCC ID	SRQ-Z828
Equipment Name	GSM / WCDMA / LTE Mobile Phone
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 4:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 12:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz
uplink modulations used	QPSK, and 16QAM
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voice and Data
LTE Release Version	R10,Cat 4
CA Support	NO
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 12												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)				
L	23017	699.7	23025	700.5	23035	701.5	23060	704				
M	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5	23095	707.5				
H	23173	715.3	23165	714.5	23155	713.5	23130	711				

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

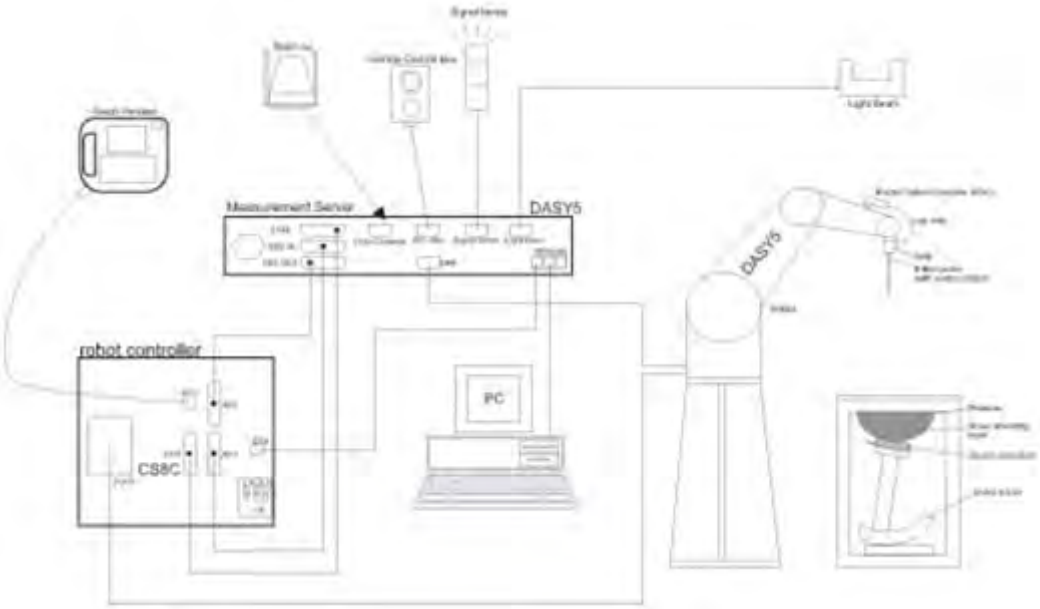
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}|\mathbf{E}|^{\mathbf{2}}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
(b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
(c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
(d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

(a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
(b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
(c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
(d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
(e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
(f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

(a) Power reference measurement
(b) Area scan
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
(c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1065	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1069	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	840	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	679	Apr. 13, 2015	Apr. 12, 2016
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3898	Aug. 06, 2015	Aug. 05, 2016
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1753	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1754	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102600	Dec. 09, 2014	Dec. 08, 2015
Anritus	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201091028	Dec. 09, 2014	Dec. 08, 2015
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46317418	Dec. 09, 2014	Dec. 08, 2015
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	MY44300751	NCR	NCR
R&S	Signal Generator	SMBV100A	258305	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	MY44300751	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	0917070	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1005002	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207253	Jan. 28, 2015	Jan. 27, 2016
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218010	Jan. 28, 2015	Jan. 27, 2016
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP7	101045	Dec. 09, 2014	Dec. 08, 2015
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note1	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	Note1	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	Note1	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	13440021344	Note1	

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
For Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.6	0.882	40.803	0.89	41.90	-0.90	-2.62	±5	Sep. 29, 2015
835	Head	22.4	0.899	41.750	0.90	41.50	-0.11	0.60	±5	Sep. 28, 2015
1750	Head	22.7	1.362	40.160	1.37	40.10	-0.58	0.15	±5	Sep. 29, 2015
1900	Head	22.5	1.422	39.349	1.40	40.00	1.57	-1.63	±5	Sep. 28, 2015
2450	Head	22.4	1.843	37.677	1.80	39.20	2.39	-3.89	±5	Sep. 29, 2015
750	Body	22.7	0.966	53.934	0.96	55.50	0.63	-2.82	±5	Sep. 26, 2015
835	Body	22.3	0.959	57.227	0.97	55.20	-1.13	3.67	±5	Sep. 28, 2015
1750	Body	22.5	1.498	53.247	1.49	53.40	0.54	-0.29	±5	Sep. 24, 2015
1900	Body	22.6	1.558	55.398	1.52	53.30	2.50	3.94	±5	Sep. 24, 2015
2450	Body	22.6	1.949	53.894	1.95	52.70	-0.05	2.27	±5	Sep. 30, 2015

10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
Sep. 29, 2015	750	Head	250	1065	3898	679	2.02	8.14	8.08	-0.74
Sep. 28, 2015	835	Head	250	4d091	3898	679	2.36	9.11	9.44	3.62
Sep. 29, 2015	1750	Head	250	1069	3898	679	9.18	37.10	36.72	-1.02
Sep. 28, 2015	1900	Head	250	5d118	3898	679	9.85	40.10	39.4	-1.75
Sep. 29, 2015	2450	Head	250	840	3898	679	13.50	52.30	54	3.25
Sep. 26, 2015	750	Body	250	1065	3898	679	2.18	8.64	8.72	0.93
Sep. 28, 2015	835	Body	250	4d091	3898	679	2.27	9.60	9.08	-5.42
Sep. 24, 2015	1750	Body	250	1069	3898	679	9.22	38.10	36.88	-3.20
Sep. 24, 2015	1900	Body	250	5d118	3898	679	10.30	40.00	41.2	3.00
Sep. 30, 2015	2450	Body	250	840	3898	679	12.80	51.00	51.2	0.39

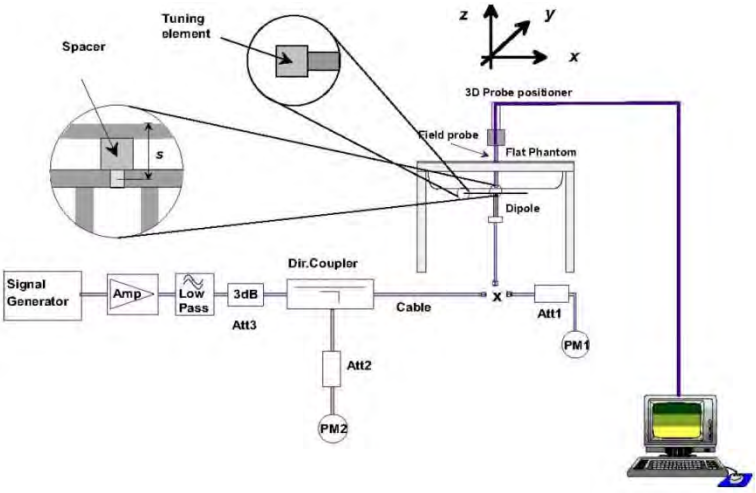


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

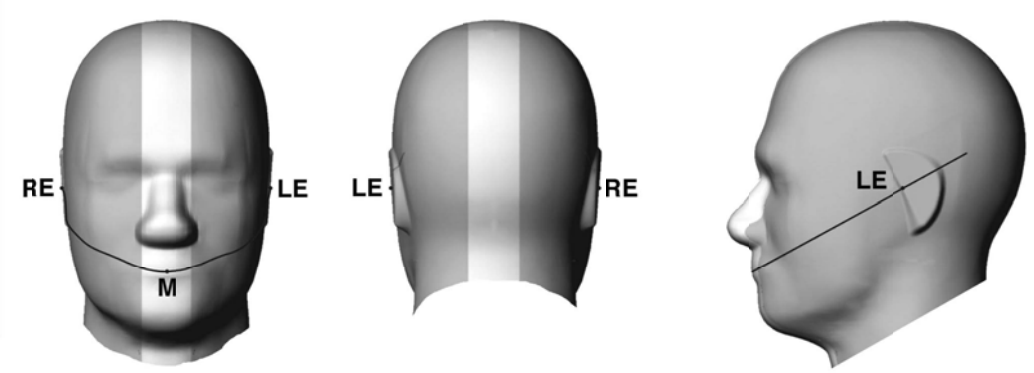


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

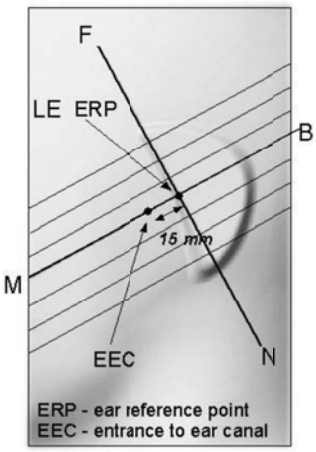


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

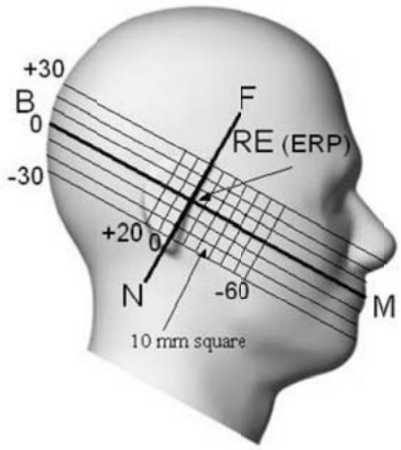


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

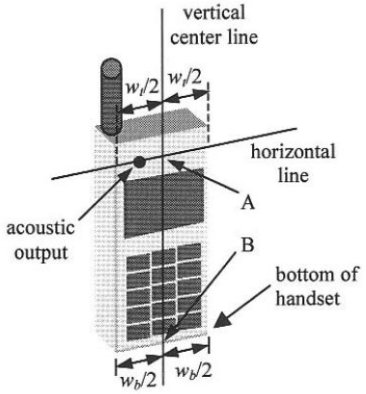


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

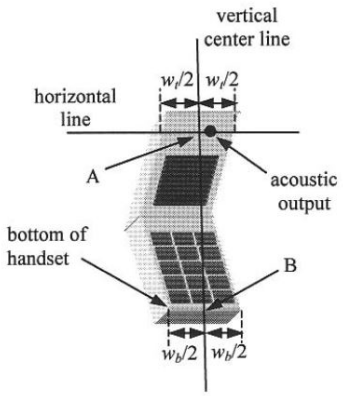


Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

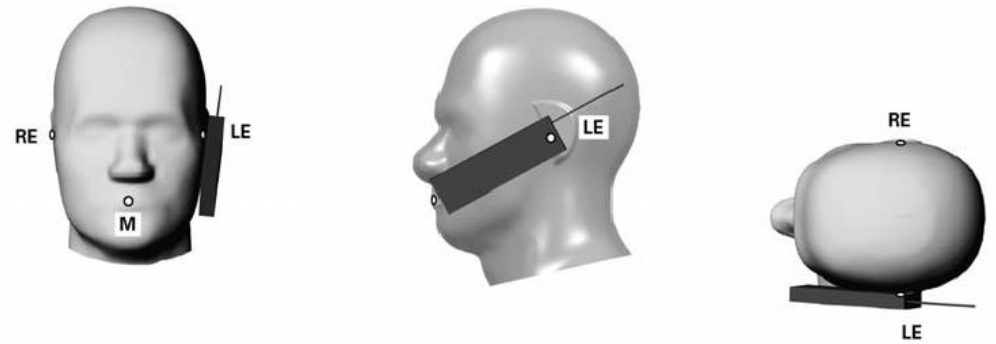


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

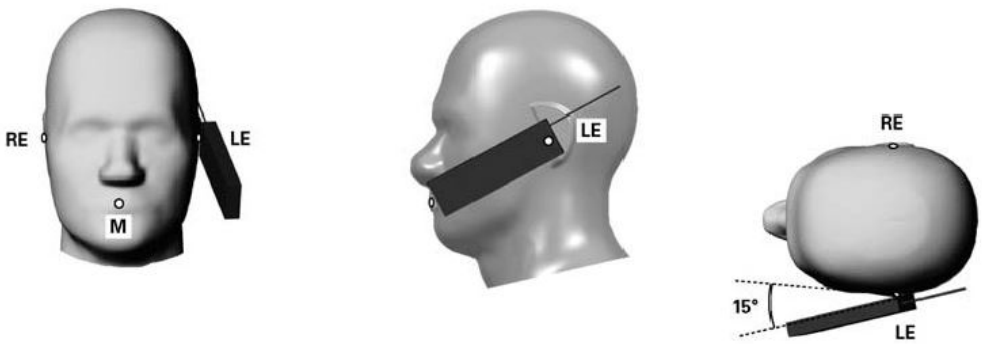


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

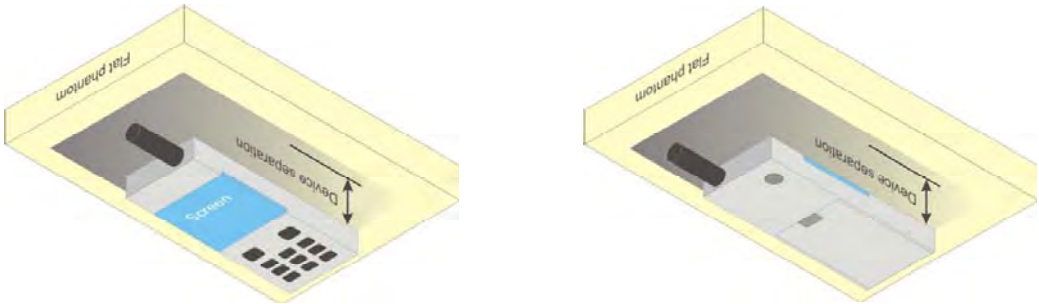


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The “Portable Hotspot” feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

Band GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	128	189	251		128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8		824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	**33.60**	33.58	33.48	34.00	24.60	24.58	24.48	25.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	33.59	33.55	33.45	34.00	24.59	24.55	24.45	25.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	32.02	31.74	31.73	32.50	26.02	25.74	25.73	26.50
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	30.81	30.84	30.56	31.00	26.55	26.58	26.30	26.74
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	29.52	29.52	29.62	30.00	26.52	26.52	**26.62**	27.00
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	26.84	26.76	26.75	27.50	17.84	17.76	17.75	18.50
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	25.32	25.24	25.24	26.00	19.32	19.24	19.24	20.00
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5	24.20	24.08	24.05	25.00	19.94	19.82	19.79	20.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5	22.82	22.77	22.71	23.50	19.82	19.77	19.71	20.50
Band GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.60	29.57	**29.87**	31.00	20.60	20.57	20.87	22.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	29.63	29.62	29.83	31.00	20.63	20.62	20.83	22.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	28.23	28.16	28.56	29.00	22.23	22.16	22.56	23.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	27.33	27.27	27.45	27.50	23.07	23.01	23.19	23.24
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	26.41	26.39	26.32	26.50	**23.41**	23.39	23.32	23.50
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	25.17	25.17	25.19	26.00	16.17	16.17	16.19	17.00
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	23.70	23.67	23.68	24.50	17.70	17.67	17.68	18.50
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5	22.63	22.56	22.55	23.00	18.37	18.30	18.29	18.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5	22.31	22.25	22.36	23.00	19.31	19.25	19.36	20.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.
The calculated method are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
   i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
   ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
   iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
   vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
   vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
   viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
   ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
   x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
   xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c, and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c.

Note 3: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
   i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
   ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
   v. Set UE Target Power
   vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
   vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
   viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed}1$: 47/15 $\beta_{ed}2$: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .

Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
   i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
   ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
   iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
   iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
   v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
      a). Subtest 1: β_c/β_d=2/15
      b). Subtest 2: β_c/β_d=12/15
      c). Subtest 3: β_c/β_d=15/8
      d). Subtest 4: β_c/β_d=15/4
   vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
   vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
   viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
   ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
   x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.		
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		

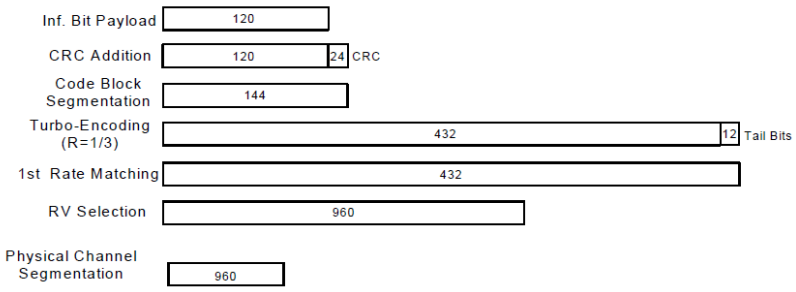


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

Band		WCDMA Band V			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA Band II			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		4132	4182	4233		9262	9400	9538	
Rx Channel		4357	4407	4458		9662	9800	9938	
Frequency (MHz)		826.4	836.4	846.6		1852.4	1880	1907.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.90	22.92	22.95	24.00	22.18	22.35	22.41	22.50
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.92	22.95	**23.00**	24.00	22.28	**22.44**	22.42	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.94	22.11	22.13	22.50	21.22	21.54	21.46	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.96	22.10	22.19	22.50	21.20	21.58	21.50	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.41	21.50	21.53	22.00	20.70	21.05	21.00	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.42	21.66	21.75	22.00	20.69	21.09	21.03	21.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	21.91	21.99	21.94	22.50	21.24	21.47	21.44	22.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	21.88	21.98	21.95	22.50	21.23	21.48	21.41	22.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	21.32	21.35	21.36	22.00	20.64	21.00	20.95	21.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	21.39	21.46	21.68	22.00	20.64	21.01	20.97	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	21.03	21.05	21.16	21.50	21.30	21.33	21.46	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.44	20.46	20.52	21.00	20.49	20.57	20.50	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.33	20.41	20.55	21.00	20.31	20.41	20.47	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.31	21.39	21.57	22.00	21.10	21.15	21.25	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.20	21.26	21.35	21.50	21.34	21.48	21.39	22.00

Band		WCDMA Band IV			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		1312	1413	1513	
Rx Channel		1537	1638	1738	
Frequency (MHz)		1712.4	1732.6	1752.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.33	22.39	22.42	23.00
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	22.35	22.41	**22.44**	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.48	21.50	21.60	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.52	21.53	21.59	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.16	21.09	21.13	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.10	21.14	21.16	21.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	21.47	21.51	21.53	22.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	21.48	21.49	21.52	22.00
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	21.15	21.18	21.15	21.50
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	21.13	21.17	21.18	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	20.66	20.72	20.93	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.13	20.22	20.35	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.44	20.50	20.74	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.92	21.11	21.16	21.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	20.75	20.86	21.09	21.50

<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B4 / B12 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

<LTE Band 12>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				23060	23095	23130		
Frequency (MHz)				704	707.5	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.41	22.35	22.66	23.50	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.59	22.37	22.56		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.63	22.44	**22.68**		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.56	21.49	21.68	22.50	0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.49	21.49	21.55		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.56	21.44	21.61		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.47	21.40	21.66		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.77	21.68	21.97	22.50	0-1
10	16QAM	1	25	21.91	21.94	22.01		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.88	21.72	22.08		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.62	20.68	20.59	21.50	0-2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.65	20.48	20.56		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.53	20.42	20.61		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.46	20.29	20.56		
Channel				23035	23095	23155	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				701.5	707.5	713.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.57	22.46	22.46	23.50	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.61	22.73	22.65		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.56	22.32	22.43		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.52	21.62	21.46	22.50	0-1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.69	21.54	21.67		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.62	21.48	21.72		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.50	21.51	21.63		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.75	21.77	21.85	22.50	0-1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.72	21.82	21.76		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.88	21.72	21.84		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.43	20.38	20.47	21.50	0-2
5	16QAM	12	7	20.56	20.53	20.59		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.79	20.49	20.55		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.53	20.53	20.64		
Channel				23025	23095	23165	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				700.5	707.5	714.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.49	22.36	22.34	23.50	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.67	22.26	22.43		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.58	22.29	22.65		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.53	21.56	21.54	22.50	0-1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.51	21.58	21.67		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.58	21.53	21.68		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.41	21.47	21.57		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.75	21.83	21.62	22.50	0-1
3	16QAM	1	8	21.81	21.72	21.88		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.87	21.74	21.87		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.50	20.68	20.49	21.50	0-2
3	16QAM	8	4	20.75	20.64	20.53		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.74	20.39	20.59		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.37	20.30	20.49		

Channel				23017	23095	23173	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				699.7	707.5	715.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.25	22.44	22.50	23.50	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.37	22.46	22.44		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.45	22.34	22.40		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.61	22.43	22.53		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.51	22.51	22.57		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.40	22.49	22.48		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.61	21.58	21.58	22.50	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.70	22.05	21.85	22.50	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.85	21.94	21.81		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.87	21.83	21.84		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.67	21.86	21.78		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.76	21.81	21.60		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.90	21.84	21.60		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.38	20.33	20.45	21.50	0-2

<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20050	20175	20300		
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.49	22.55	22.66	23.00	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.48	22.39	22.32		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.31	22.17	22.14		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.48	21.50	21.51	22.00	0-1
20	QPSK	50	24	21.43	21.39	21.30		
20	QPSK	50	50	21.34	21.38	21.17		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.45	21.37	21.38		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.82	21.83	21.77	22.00	0-1
20	16QAM	1	49	21.81	21.70	21.73		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.21	21.88	21.64		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.44	20.50	20.51	21.00	0-2
20	16QAM	50	24	20.42	20.42	20.34		
20	16QAM	50	50	20.22	20.34	20.14		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.32	20.43	20.37		
Channel				20025	20175	20325	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.63	22.65	22.52	23.00	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.49	22.42	22.48		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.28	22.31	22.18		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.42	21.55	21.39	22.00	0-1
15	QPSK	36	20	21.33	21.36	21.23		
15	QPSK	36	39	21.44	21.40	21.19		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.41	21.41	21.23		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.96	21.81	21.85	22.00	0-1
15	16QAM	1	37	21.76	21.29	21.59		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.20	21.65	21.39		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.39	20.40	20.42	21.00	0-2
15	16QAM	36	20	20.40	20.43	20.22		
15	16QAM	36	39	20.43	20.37	20.16		
15	16QAM	75	0	20.38	20.38	20.20		
Channel				20000	20175	20350	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.48	22.45	22.22	23.00	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.45	22.44	22.38		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.29	22.32	22.17		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.44	21.49	21.25	22.00	0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.44	21.45	21.17		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.36	21.41	21.17		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.40	21.44	21.29		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.75	21.86	21.51	22.00	0-1
10	16QAM	1	25	21.74	21.72	21.60		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.65	21.61	21.42		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.18	20.49	20.38	21.00	0-2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.28	20.44	20.48		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.13	20.45	20.29		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.28	20.40	20.24		

Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.42	22.32	22.11	23.00	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.57	22.50	22.32		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.22	22.38	22.06		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.35	21.35	21.20	22.00	0-1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.29	21.39	21.21		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.28	21.30	21.08		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.25	21.37	21.17		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.62	21.62	21.37	22.00	0-1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.47	21.57	21.41		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.43	21.63	21.34		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.32	20.33	20.24	21.00	0-2
5	16QAM	12	7	20.25	20.27	20.09		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.26	20.39	20.18		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.24	20.31	20.14		
Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.41	22.46	22.02	23.00	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.23	22.47	22.09		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.17	22.33	22.08		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.44	21.46	21.26	22.00	0-1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.32	21.46	21.29		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.34	21.49	21.12		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.31	21.35	21.20		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.78	21.74	21.59	22.00	0-1
3	16QAM	1	8	21.64	21.64	21.38		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.68	21.70	21.54		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.34	20.36	20.19	21.00	0-2
3	16QAM	8	4	20.21	20.36	20.10		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.55	20.31	20.07		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.40	20.05	19.77		
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.44	22.31	22.15	23.00	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.40	22.37	22.19		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.44	22.33	22.08		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.53	22.31	22.23		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.46	22.52	22.11		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.44	22.41	22.22		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.37	21.49	21.27	22.00	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.82	21.67	21.51	22.00	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.84	21.74	21.47		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.80	21.70	21.45		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.74	21.64	21.45		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.78	21.69	21.36		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.75	21.65	21.26		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.31	20.32	20.07	21.00	0-2

<LTE Band 2>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				18700	18900	19100		
Frequency (MHz)				1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	21.43	21.55	21.64	22.50	0
20	QPSK	1	49	21.56	21.76	**21.84**		
20	QPSK	1	99	21.55	21.63	21.51		
20	QPSK	50	0	20.44	20.60	20.62	21.50	0-1
20	QPSK	50	24	20.35	20.58	20.53		
20	QPSK	50	50	20.47	20.51	20.46		
20	QPSK	100	0	20.40	20.56	20.48		
20	16QAM	1	0	20.78	20.98	20.99	21.50	0-1
20	16QAM	1	49	20.49	20.77	20.71		
20	16QAM	1	99	20.64	20.73	20.74		
20	16QAM	50	0	19.51	19.56	19.62	20.50	0-2
20	16QAM	50	24	19.41	19.63	19.41		
20	16QAM	50	50	19.52	19.66	19.33		
20	16QAM	100	0	19.51	19.62	19.45		
Channel				18675	18900	19125	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1857.5	1880	1902.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	21.57	21.66	21.59	22.50	0
15	QPSK	1	37	21.54	21.68	21.44		
15	QPSK	1	74	21.48	21.57	21.36		
15	QPSK	36	0	20.55	20.64	20.58	21.50	0-1
15	QPSK	36	20	20.47	20.61	20.43		
15	QPSK	36	39	20.36	20.60	20.49		
15	QPSK	75	0	20.54	20.65	20.48		
15	16QAM	1	0	20.85	20.95	20.92	21.50	0-1
15	16QAM	1	37	20.79	20.85	20.69		
15	16QAM	1	74	20.69	20.73	20.76		
15	16QAM	36	0	19.37	19.74	19.54	20.50	0-2
15	16QAM	36	20	19.61	19.56	19.39		
15	16QAM	36	39	19.45	19.78	19.47		
15	16QAM	75	0	19.59	19.55	19.43		
Channel				18650	18900	19150	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905		
10	QPSK	1	0	21.44	21.56	21.49	22.50	0
10	QPSK	1	25	21.64	21.85	21.66		
10	QPSK	1	49	21.52	21.58	21.32		
10	QPSK	25	0	20.45	20.58	20.40	21.50	0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	20.48	20.63	20.45		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.39	20.55	20.44		
10	QPSK	50	0	20.42	20.62	20.47		
10	16QAM	1	0	20.74	20.71	20.53	21.50	0-1
10	16QAM	1	25	20.72	20.94	20.56		
10	16QAM	1	49	20.58	20.62	20.43		
10	16QAM	25	0	19.53	19.60	19.46	20.50	0-2
10	16QAM	25	12	19.53	19.79	19.38		
10	16QAM	25	25	19.70	19.53	19.29		
10	16QAM	50	0	19.59	19.51	19.37		

Channel				18625	18900	19175	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	21.50	21.70	21.49	22.50	0
5	QPSK	1	12	21.41	21.77	21.64		
5	QPSK	1	24	21.23	21.64	21.37		
5	QPSK	12	0	20.36	20.51	20.52	21.50	0-1
5	QPSK	12	7	20.33	20.50	20.44		
5	QPSK	12	13	20.44	20.59	20.42		
5	QPSK	25	0	20.38	20.57	20.39		
5	16QAM	1	0	20.52	21.04	20.97	21.50	0-1
5	16QAM	1	12	20.51	20.65	20.98		
5	16QAM	1	24	20.70	20.71	20.91		
5	16QAM	12	0	19.46	19.59	19.41	20.50	0-2
5	16QAM	12	7	19.37	19.48	19.46		
5	16QAM	12	13	19.48	19.60	19.44		
5	16QAM	25	0	19.57	19.49	19.27		
Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	21.49	21.51	21.51	22.50	0
3	QPSK	1	8	21.42	21.46	21.32		
3	QPSK	1	14	21.36	21.55	21.28		
3	QPSK	8	0	20.46	20.57	20.43	21.50	0-1
3	QPSK	8	4	20.49	20.66	20.58		
3	QPSK	8	7	20.48	20.56	20.49		
3	QPSK	15	0	20.38	20.57	20.45		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.07	20.89	20.90	21.50	0-1
3	16QAM	1	8	20.85	20.78	20.66		
3	16QAM	1	14	20.66	20.99	20.91		
3	16QAM	8	0	19.59	19.45	19.57	20.50	0-2
3	16QAM	8	4	19.57	19.35	19.52		
3	16QAM	8	7	19.32	19.47	19.32		
3	16QAM	15	0	19.36	19.46	19.07		
Channel				18607	18900	19193	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	21.38	21.54	21.42	22.50	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	21.52	21.55	21.33		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	21.40	21.48	21.26		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	21.44	21.59	21.47		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	21.60	21.61	21.46		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	21.51	21.58	21.51		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	20.42	20.68	20.56	21.50	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	20.60	21.14	20.64	21.50	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	20.97	21.19	20.69		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	20.96	21.07	20.39		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	20.65	20.91	20.71		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	20.77	20.97	20.69		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	20.68	20.90	20.79		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	19.39	19.53	19.27	20.50	0-2

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r01, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
   a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
   b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
   c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b	CH 1	2412	1Mbps	**19.05**	19.50	97.63
		CH 6	2437		17.98	18.50	
		CH 11	2462		17.13	18.00	
	802.11g	CH 1	2412	6Mbps	15.40	15.50	87.26
		CH 6	2437		14.22	15.00	
		CH 11	2462		13.45	14.50	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 1	2412	MCS0	13.31	13.50	86.62
		CH 6	2437		12.22	13.00	
		CH 11	2462		11.42	12.50	

13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)	
	Bluetooth v2.1+EDR	Bluetooth v4.0 LE
2.4GHz Bluetooth	10.0	10.0

Note:

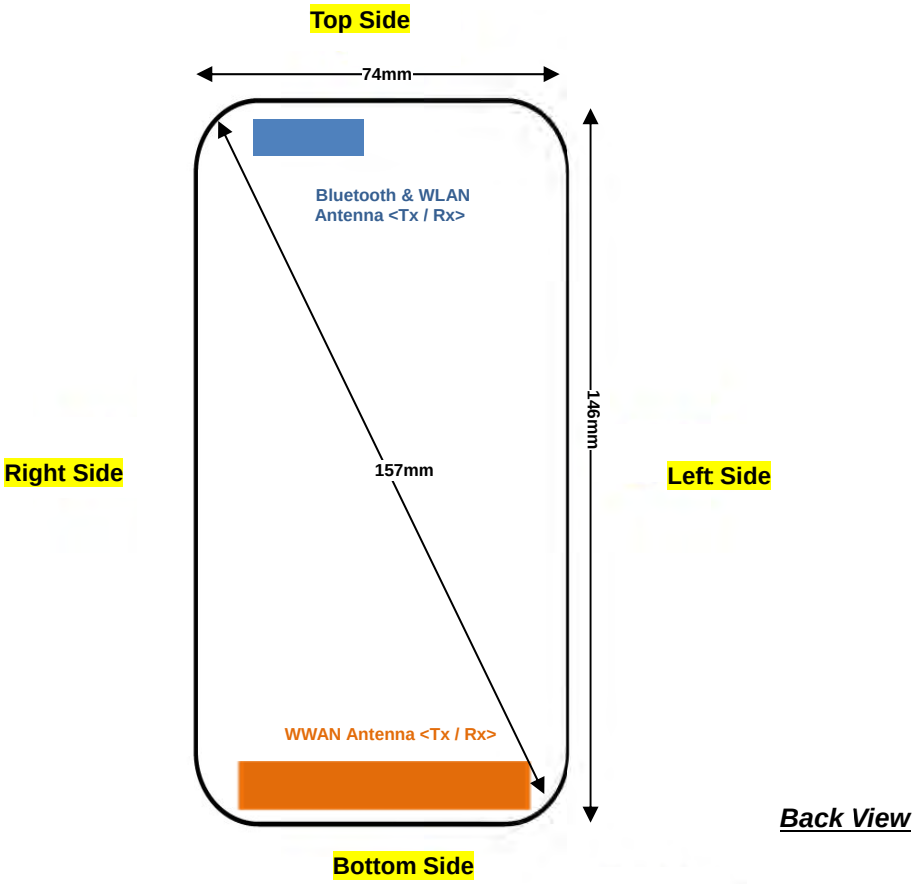
1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
   [(*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance, mm*)] ·[√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR
   - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
   - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
   - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
10.0	10	2.48	1.6

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.6 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

14. Antenna Location



Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	129mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	136mm	≤ 25mm	44mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

General Note:
Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
   a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
   b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
   c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
   d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
   - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
   - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
   - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

GSM Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

UMTS Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B4 / B12 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r01, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
3. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
4. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

15.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	0.12	#1	0.442	0.482
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	0.03	#1	0.371	0.405
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	0.18	#1	0.625	0.682
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	0.01	#1	0.419	0.457
#01	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	0.04	#2	0.714	**0.779**
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	512	1850.2	26.41	26.50	1.021	0.09	#1	0.226	0.231
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	512	1850.2	26.41	26.50	1.021	0.03	#1	0.116	0.118
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	26.41	26.50	1.021	0.17	#1	0.264	0.270
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	512	1850.2	26.41	26.50	1.021	0.06	#1	0.120	0.123
#02	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	26.41	26.50	1.021	0.02	#2	0.303	**0.309**

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	23.00	24.00	1.259	0.16	#1	0.281	0.354
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	23.00	24.00	1.259	0.09	#1	0.236	0.297
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	23.00	24.00	1.259	0.12	#1	0.336	0.423
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	4233	846.6	23.00	24.00	1.259	0.07	#1	0.292	0.368
#03	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	23.00	24.00	1.259	0.1	#2	0.365	**0.460**
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.02	#1	0.223	0.254
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.09	#1	0.110	0.125
#04	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.12	#1	0.299	**0.340**
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.11	#1	0.109	0.124
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.15	#2	0.254	0.289
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9400	1880	22.44	22.50	1.014	0.05	#1	0.271	0.275
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	9400	1880	22.44	22.50	1.014	0.04	#1	0.157	0.159
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9400	1880	22.44	22.50	1.014	0.08	#1	0.367	0.372
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	9400	1880	22.44	22.50	1.014	0.05	#1	0.152	0.154
#05	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9400	1880	22.44	22.50	1.014	0.07	#2	0.384	**0.389**

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	23095	707.5	22.44	23.50	1.276	0.04	#1	0.210	0.268
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	23095	707.5	22.44	23.50	1.276	0.02	#1	0.125	0.160
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	23095	707.5	22.44	23.50	1.276	0.04	#1	0.242	0.309
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	23095	707.5	22.44	23.50	1.276	0.11	#1	0.132	0.168
#06	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	23095	707.5	22.44	23.50	1.276	0.04	#2	0.245	**0.313**
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	23095	707.5	21.49	22.50	1.262	0.08	#1	0.149	0.188
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted	23095	707.5	21.49	22.50	1.262	0.1	#1	0.093	0.117
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	23095	707.5	21.49	22.50	1.262	0.03	#1	0.180	0.227
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	23095	707.5	21.49	22.50	1.262	0.02	#1	0.101	0.127
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.17	#1	0.159	0.176
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.15	#1	0.098	0.109
#07	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.05	#1	0.347	**0.385**
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.1	#1	0.145	0.161
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.14	#2	0.305	0.338
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	21.50	22.00	1.122	0.18	#1	0.139	0.156
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	21.50	22.00	1.122	0.11	#1	0.067	0.075
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	21.50	22.00	1.122	0.16	#1	0.266	0.298
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	21.50	22.00	1.122	0.1	#1	0.110	0.123
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	19100	1900	21.84	22.50	1.164	0.17	#1	0.257	0.299
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	19100	1900	21.84	22.50	1.164	-0.06	#1	0.154	0.179
#08	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	19100	1900	21.84	22.50	1.164	0.1	#1	0.308	**0.359**
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	19100	1900	21.84	22.50	1.164	-0.01	#1	0.136	0.158
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	19100	1900	21.84	22.50	1.164	0.07	#2	0.303	0.353
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	19100	1900	20.62	21.50	1.225	0.13	#1	0.203	0.249
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	19100	1900	20.62	21.50	1.225	0.09	#1	0.117	0.143
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	19100	1900	20.62	21.50	1.225	0.04	#1	0.240	0.294
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	19100	1900	20.62	21.50	1.225	0.05	#1	0.101	0.124

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Area Scan Max. SAR (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Right Cheek	1	2412	19.05	19.50	1.109	97.63	1.024	0.618		#1		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Right Tilted	1	2412	19.05	19.50	1.109	97.63	1.024	0.669		#1		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Left Cheek	1	2412	19.05	19.50	1.109	97.63	1.024	1.380	-0.01	#1	0.910	1.034
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Left Tilted	1	2412	19.05	19.50	1.109	97.63	1.024	1.050	0.01	#1	0.660	0.750
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Left Cheek	6	2437	17.98	18.50	1.127	97.63	1.024		0.09	#1	0.746	0.861
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Left Cheek	11	2462	17.13	18.00	1.222	97.63	1.024		0.14	#1	0.716	0.896
#09	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Left Cheek	1	2412	19.05	19.50	1.109	97.63	1.024		0.04	#2	0.912	**1.036**

15.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	0.02	#1	0.497	0.542
#10	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	-0.02	#1	1.070	**1.168**
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left side	10	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	0.04	#1	0.977	1.066
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right side	10	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	0.04	#1	0.405	0.442
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom side	10	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	0.16	#1	0.673	0.735
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10	128	824.2	29.52	30.00	1.117	-0.01	#1	0.861	0.962
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10	189	836.4	29.52	30.00	1.117	-0.03	#1	0.974	1.088
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left side	10	128	824.2	29.52	30.00	1.117	0.04	#1	0.948	1.059
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left side	10	189	836.4	29.52	30.00	1.117	0.01	#1	0.967	1.080
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	0.01	#2	0.994	1.085
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10	512	1850.2	26.41	26.50	1.021	-0.08	#1	0.422	0.431
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10	512	1850.2	26.41	26.50	1.021	0.07	#1	0.690	0.704
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left side	10	512	1850.2	26.41	26.50	1.021	0.11	#1	0.136	0.139
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Right side	10	512	1850.2	26.41	26.50	1.021	0.09	#1	0.230	0.235
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom side	10	512	1850.2	26.41	26.50	1.021	0.01	#1	0.907	0.926
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom side	10	661	1880	26.39	26.50	1.026	-0.02	#1	0.980	1.005
#11	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom side	10	810	1909.8	26.32	26.50	1.042	-0.01	#1	1.070	**1.115**
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Bottom side	10	810	1909.8	26.32	26.50	1.042	-0.1	#2	1.070	1.115

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	4233	846.6	23.00	24.00	1.259	0.02	#1	0.258	0.325
#12	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	4233	846.6	23.00	24.00	1.259	-0.04	#1	0.521	**0.656**
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left side	10	4233	846.6	23.00	24.00	1.259	-0.14	#1	0.513	0.646
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right side	10	4233	846.6	23.00	24.00	1.259	0.05	#1	0.212	0.267
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom side	10	4233	846.6	23.00	24.00	1.259	0.14	#1	0.353	0.444
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	4233	846.6	23.00	24.00	1.259	-0.01	#2	0.499	0.628
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.05	#1	0.500	0.569
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.03	#1	0.825	0.939
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Left side	10	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.1	#1	0.158	0.180
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Right side	10	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.02	#1	0.206	0.234
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom side	10	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.02	#1	1.030	1.172
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	1312	1712.4	22.35	23.00	1.161	0.05	#1	0.937	1.088
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	1413	1732.6	22.41	23.00	1.146	0.04	#1	0.912	1.045
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom side	10	1312	1712.4	22.35	23.00	1.161	-0.14	#1	1.000	1.161
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom side	10	1413	1732.6	22.41	23.00	1.146	-0.05	#1	0.987	1.131
#13	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom side	10	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.02	#2	1.030	**1.172**
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	9400	1880	22.44	22.50	1.014	-0.06	#1	0.561	0.569
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	9400	1880	22.44	22.50	1.014	0.07	#1	0.793	0.804
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left side	10	9400	1880	22.44	22.50	1.014	0.05	#1	0.209	0.212
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right side	10	9400	1880	22.44	22.50	1.014	0.17	#1	0.337	0.342
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom side	10	9400	1880	22.44	22.50	1.014	-0.05	#1	1.130	1.146
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	9262	1852.4	22.28	22.50	1.052	-0.05	#1	0.726	0.764
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	9538	1907.6	22.42	22.50	1.019	-0.03	#1	0.862	0.878
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom side	10	9262	1852.4	22.28	22.50	1.052	-0.01	#1	1.060	1.115
#14	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom side	10	9538	1907.6	22.42	22.50	1.019	0.04	#1	1.160	**1.182**
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom side	10	9538	1907.6	22.42	22.50	1.019	0.02	#2	1.100	1.120

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	23095	707.5	22.44	23.50	1.276	0.06	#1	0.300	0.383
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	23095	707.5	22.44	23.50	1.276	0.06	#1	0.399	0.509
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Left side	10	23095	707.5	22.44	23.50	1.276	0.03	#1	0.256	0.327
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Right side	10	23095	707.5	22.44	23.50	1.276	0.12	#1	0.239	0.305
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom side	10	23095	707.5	22.44	23.50	1.276	0.17	#1	0.149	0.190
#15	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	23095	707.5	22.44	23.50	1.276	0.07	#2	0.412	**0.526**
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10	23095	707.5	21.49	22.50	1.262	-0.01	#1	0.240	0.303
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10	23095	707.5	21.49	22.50	1.262	0.02	#1	0.285	0.360
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left side	10	23095	707.5	21.49	22.50	1.262	-0.03	#1	0.225	0.284
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right side	10	23095	707.5	21.49	22.50	1.262	0.09	#1	0.190	0.240
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom side	10	23095	707.5	21.49	22.50	1.262	0.09	#1	0.109	0.138
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.01	#1	0.641	0.711
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.05	#1	1.060	1.176
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left side	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	-0.18	#1	0.167	0.185
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right side	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.06	#1	0.206	0.228
#16	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom side	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	-0.03	#1	1.070	**1.187**
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom side	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	-0.12	#2	1.070	1.187
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	20175	1732.5	21.50	22.00	1.122	-0.03	#1	0.499	0.560
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	20175	1732.5	21.50	22.00	1.122	-0.01	#1	0.804	0.902
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left side	10	20175	1732.5	21.50	22.00	1.122	-0.03	#1	0.128	0.144
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right side	10	20175	1732.5	21.50	22.00	1.122	0.04	#1	0.159	0.178
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom side	10	20175	1732.5	21.50	22.00	1.122	-0.04	#1	0.846	0.949
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10	20175	1732.5	21.37	22.00	1.156	0.01	#1	0.773	0.894
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom side	10	20175	1732.5	21.37	22.00	1.156	0.11	#1	0.779	0.901
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	19100	1900	21.84	22.50	1.164	0.15	#1	0.436	0.508
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	19100	1900	21.84	22.50	1.164	0.02	#1	0.655	0.763
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left side	10	19100	1900	21.84	22.50	1.164	0.04	#1	0.187	0.218
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right side	10	19100	1900	21.84	22.50	1.164	0.04	#1	0.304	0.354
#17	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom side	10	19100	1900	21.84	22.50	1.164	0.03	#1	0.987	**1.149**
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom side	10	18700	1860	21.56	22.50	1.242	-0.17	#1	0.871	1.081
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom side	10	18900	1880	21.76	22.50	1.186	0.06	#1	0.947	1.123
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom side	10	19100	1900	21.84	22.50	1.164	-0.08	#2	0.901	1.049
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	19100	1900	20.62	21.50	1.225	-0.05	#1	0.363	0.445
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	19100	1900	20.62	21.50	1.225	-0.01	#1	0.528	0.647
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left side	10	19100	1900	20.62	21.50	1.225	0.11	#1	0.14	0.171
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right side	10	19100	1900	20.62	21.50	1.225	0.15	#1	0.227	0.278
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom side	10	19100	1900	20.62	21.50	1.225	-0.01	#1	0.757	0.927
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom side	10	18700	1860	20.44	21.50	1.276	0.01	#1	0.687	0.877
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom side	10	18900	1880	20.60	21.50	1.230	0.06	#1	0.733	0.902
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom side	10	18900	1880	20.56	21.50	1.242	0.01	#1	0.722	0.896

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Area Scan Max. SAR (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Front	10	1	2412	19.05	19.50	1.109	97.63	1.024	0.240		#1		
#18	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Back	10	1	2412	19.05	19.50	1.109	97.63	1.024	0.501	0.04	#1	0.347	**0.394**
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Right side	10	1	2412	19.05	19.50	1.109	97.63	1.024	0.109		#1		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Top side	10	1	2412	19.05	19.50	1.109	97.63	1.024	0.341		#1		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Back	10	1	2412	19.05	19.50	1.109	97.63	1.024		0.07	#2	0.333	0.378

15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	0.02	#1	0.497	0.542
#10	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	-0.02	#1	1.070	**1.168**
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10	128	824.2	29.52	30.00	1.117	-0.01	#1	0.861	0.962
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10	189	836.4	29.52	30.00	1.117	-0.03	#1	0.974	1.088
	GSM850	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	0.01	#2	0.994	1.085
	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Front	10	512	1850.2	26.41	26.50	1.021	-0.08	#1	0.422	0.431
#19	GSM1900	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10	512	1850.2	26.41	26.50	1.021	0.07	#1	0.690	**0.704**

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	4233	846.6	23.00	24.00	1.259	0.02	#1	0.258	0.325
#12	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	4233	846.6	23.00	24.00	1.259	-0.04	#1	0.521	**0.656**
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	4233	846.6	23.00	24.00	1.259	-0.01	#2	0.499	0.628
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.05	#1	0.500	0.569
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	1513	1752.6	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.03	#1	0.825	0.939
#20	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	1312	1712.4	22.35	23.00	1.161	0.05	#1	0.937	**1.088**
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	1413	1732.6	22.41	23.00	1.146	0.04	#1	0.912	1.045
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10	9400	1880	22.44	22.50	1.014	-0.06	#1	0.561	0.569
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	9400	1880	22.44	22.50	1.014	0.07	#1	0.793	0.804
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	9262	1852.4	22.28	22.50	1.052	-0.05	#1	0.726	0.764
#21	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10	9538	1907.6	22.42	22.50	1.019	-0.03	#1	0.862	**0.878**

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	23095	707.5	22.44	23.50	1.276	0.06	#1	0.300	0.383
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	23095	707.5	22.44	23.50	1.276	0.06	#1	0.399	0.509
#15	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	23095	707.5	22.44	23.50	1.276	0.07	#2	0.412	**0.526**
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10	23095	707.5	21.49	22.50	1.262	-0.01	#1	0.240	0.303
	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10	23095	707.5	21.49	22.50	1.262	0.02	#1	0.285	0.360
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.01	#1	0.641	0.711
#22	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	0.05	#1	1.060	**1.176**
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	20175	1732.5	21.50	22.00	1.122	-0.03	#1	0.499	0.560
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	20175	1732.5	21.50	22.00	1.122	-0.01	#1	0.804	0.902
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10	20175	1732.5	21.37	22.00	1.156	0.01	#1	0.773	0.894
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	19100	1900	21.84	22.50	1.164	0.15	#1	0.436	0.508
#23	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	19100	1900	21.84	22.50	1.164	0.02	#1	0.655	**0.763**
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	19100	1900	20.62	21.50	1.225	-0.05	#1	0.363	0.445
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	19100	1900	20.62	21.50	1.225	-0.01	#1	0.528	0.647

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Area Scan Max. SAR (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Front	10	1	2412	19.05	19.50	1.109	97.63	1.024	0.240		#1		
#18	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Back	10	1	2412	19.05	19.50	1.109	97.63	1.024	0.501	0.04	#1	0.347	**0.394**
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b_1Mbps	Back	10	1	2412	19.05	19.50	1.109	97.63	1.024		0.07	#2	0.333	0.378

15.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB Offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Battery	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	GSM850	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	-	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	100	1.000	0.18	#1	0.625	1	0.682
2nd	GSM850	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	-	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	100	1.000	0.04	#2	0.714	0.875	0.779
1st	WLAN 2.4GHz	-	-	-	802.11b_1Mbps	Left Cheek		1	2412	19.05	19.50	1.109	97.63	1.024	0.04	#2	0.912	1	1.036
2nd	WLAN 2.4GHz	-	-	-	802.11b_1Mbps	Left Cheek		1	2412	19.05	19.50	1.109	97.63	1.024	0.06	#2	0.909	1.004	1.032
1st	GSM850	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	100	1.000	-0.02	#1	1.070	1	1.168
2nd	GSM850	-	-	-	GPRS (4 Tx slots)	Back	10	251	848.8	29.62	30.00	1.091	100	1.000	0.03	#1	1.020	1.049	1.113
1st	WCDMA Band II	-	-	-	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom side	10	9538	1907.6	22.42	22.50	1.019	100	1.000	0.04	#1	1.160	1	1.182
2nd	WCDMA Band II	-	-	-	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom side	10	9538	1907.6	22.42	22.50	1.019	100	1.000	0.06	#1	1.100	1.055	1.120
1st	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Bottom side	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	100	1.000	-0.03	#1	1.070	1	1.187
2nd	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Bottom side	10	20175	1732.5	22.55	23.00	1.109	100	1.000	-0.08	#1	1.060	1.009	1.176

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset			Note
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes		
2.	LTE Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes		
3.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
4.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
5.	LTE Data + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Hotspot
6.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth		Yes		
7.	LTE Voice + Bluetooth		Yes		
8.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP
9.	WCDMA+ Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP
10.	LTE Data + Bluetooth		Yes		WWAN VoIP

General Note:

1. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports Hotspot operation.
3. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
4. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
5. The Reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
6. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
   i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
   ii) SPLSR = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}$ / (*min. separation distance, mm*), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
   iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
   iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
7. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r02 based on the formula below.
   i) (*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance, mm*)]·[$\sqrt{f}$(GHz)/*x*] W/kg for *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm; where *x* = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and *x* = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
   ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.

Bluetooth Max Power	Exposure Position	Body worn
	Test separation	10 mm
10.0dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.210W/kg

16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN 2.4GHz>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	WLAN 2.4GHz SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.482	1.036	1.52		
		Right Tilted	0.405	1.036	1.44		
		Left Cheek	0.779	1.036	**1.82**	**0.03**	**#01**
		Left Tilted	0.457	0.750	1.21		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.231	1.036	1.27		
		Right Tilted	0.118	1.036	1.15		
		Left Cheek	0.309	1.036	1.35		
		Left Tilted	0.123	0.750	0.87		
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.354	1.036	1.39		
		Right Tilted	0.297	1.036	1.33		
		Left Cheek	0.460	1.036	1.50		
		Left Tilted	0.368	0.750	1.12		
	Band IV	Right Cheek	0.254	1.036	1.29		
		Right Tilted	0.125	1.036	1.16		
		Left Cheek	0.340	1.036	1.38		
		Left Tilted	0.124	0.750	0.87		
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.275	1.036	1.31		
		Right Tilted	0.159	1.036	1.20		
		Left Cheek	0.389	1.036	1.43		
		Left Tilted	0.154	0.750	0.90		
LTE	Band 12	Right Cheek	0.268	1.036	1.30		
		Right Tilted	0.160	1.036	1.20		
		Left Cheek	0.313	1.036	1.35		
		Left Tilted	0.168	0.750	0.92		
	Band 4	Right Cheek	0.176	1.036	1.21		
		Right Tilted	0.109	1.036	1.15		
		Left Cheek	0.385	1.036	1.42		
		Left Tilted	0.161	0.750	0.91		
	Band 2	Right Cheek	0.299	1.036	1.34		
		Right Tilted	0.179	1.036	1.22		
		Left Cheek	0.359	1.036	1.40		
		Left Tilted	0.158	0.750	0.91		

16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN 2.4GHz>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	WLAN 2.4GHz SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.542	0.394	0.94		
		Back	1.168	0.394	1.56		
		Left Side	1.080		1.08		
		Right Side	0.442	0.394	0.84		
		Top Side		0.394	0.39		
		Bottom Side	0.735		0.74		
	GSM1900	Front	0.431	0.394	0.83		
		Back	0.704	0.394	1.10		
		Left Side	0.139		0.14		
		Right Side	0.235	0.394	0.63		
		Top Side		0.394	0.39		
		Bottom Side	1.115		1.12		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.325	0.394	0.72		
		Back	0.656	0.394	1.05		
		Left Side	0.646		0.65		
		Right Side	0.267	0.394	0.66		
		Top Side		0.394	0.39		
		Bottom Side	0.444		0.44		
	Band IV	Front	0.569	0.394	0.96		
		Back	1.088	0.394	1.48		
		Left Side	0.180		0.18		
		Right Side	0.234	0.394	0.63		
		Top Side		0.394	0.39		
		Bottom Side	1.172		1.17		
	Band II	Front	0.569	0.394	0.96		
		Back	0.878	0.394	1.27		
		Left Side	0.212		0.21		
		Right Side	0.342	0.394	0.74		
		Top Side		0.394	0.39		
		Bottom Side	1.182		1.18		

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	WLAN 2.4GHz SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
LTE	Band 12	Front	0.383	0.394	0.78		
		Back	0.526	0.394	0.92		
		Left Side	0.327		0.33		
		Right Side	0.305	0.394	0.70		
		Top Side		0.394	0.39		
		Bottom Side	0.190		0.19		
	Band 4	Front	0.711	0.394	1.11		
		Back	1.176	0.394	**1.57**		
		Left Side	0.185		0.19		
		Right Side	0.228	0.394	0.62		
		Top Side		0.394	0.39		
		Bottom Side	1.187		1.19		
	Band 2	Front	0.508	0.394	0.90		
		Back	0.763	0.394	1.16		
		Left Side	0.218		0.22		
		Right Side	0.354	0.394	0.75		
		Top Side		0.394	0.39		
		Bottom Side	1.149		1.15		

16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN 2.4GHz>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	WLAN 2.4GHz SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.542	0.394	0.94		
		Back	1.168	0.394	1.56		
	GSM1900	Front	0.431	0.394	0.83		
		Back	0.704	0.394	1.10		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.325	0.394	0.72		
		Back	0.656	0.394	1.05		
	Band IV	Front	0.569	0.394	0.96		
		Back	1.088	0.394	1.48		
	Band II	Front	0.569	0.394	0.96		
		Back	0.878	0.394	1.27		
LTE	Band 12	Front	0.383	0.394	0.78		
		Back	0.526	0.394	0.92		
	Band 4	Front	0.711	0.394	1.11		
		Back	1.176	0.394	1.57		
	Band 2	Front	0.508	0.394	0.90		
		Back	0.763	0.394	1.16		

<WWAN + Bluetooth>

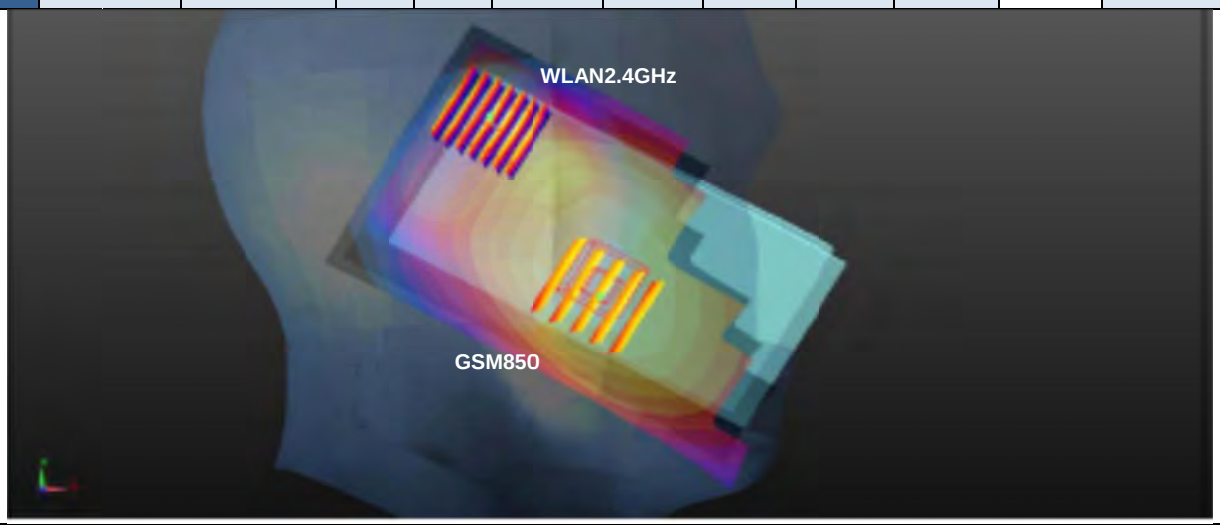
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.542	0.210	0.75		
		Back	1.168	0.210	1.38		
	GSM1900	Front	0.431	0.210	0.64		
		Back	0.704	0.210	0.91		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.325	0.210	0.54		
		Back	0.656	0.210	0.87		
	Band IV	Front	0.569	0.210	0.78		
		Back	1.088	0.210	1.30		
	Band II	Front	0.569	0.210	0.78		
		Back	0.878	0.210	1.09		
LTE	Band 12	Front	0.383	0.210	0.59		
		Back	0.526	0.210	0.74		
	Band 4	Front	0.711	0.210	0.92		
		Back	1.176	0.210	1.39		
	Band 2	Front	0.508	0.210	0.72		
		Back	0.763	0.210	0.97		

16.4 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

General Note:

SPLSR = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}$ / (*min. separation distance, mm*). If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary

Case 1	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (cm)	SAR peak location (m) X	Y	Z	3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
	GSM850	Left Cheek	0.779	0	0.0685	0.26	-0.173	81.3	1.82	0.03	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		1.036	0	0.0271	0.33	-0.173				



Test Engineer： Kat Yin

17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor[(a)]	1/k[(b)]	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 17.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty						11.4%	11.4%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						22.9%	22.7%

Table 17.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”

[2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992

[3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, “IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, Sep 2013

[4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

[5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r01, “SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters”, Jun 2015.

[6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, Feb 2014

[7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets”, Dec 2013.

[8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03, “3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES”, Oct 2014

[9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r03, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices”, Dec 2013

[10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2014.

[11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.

[12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, “RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations” May 2013.

Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/29

System Check_Head_750MHz_150929

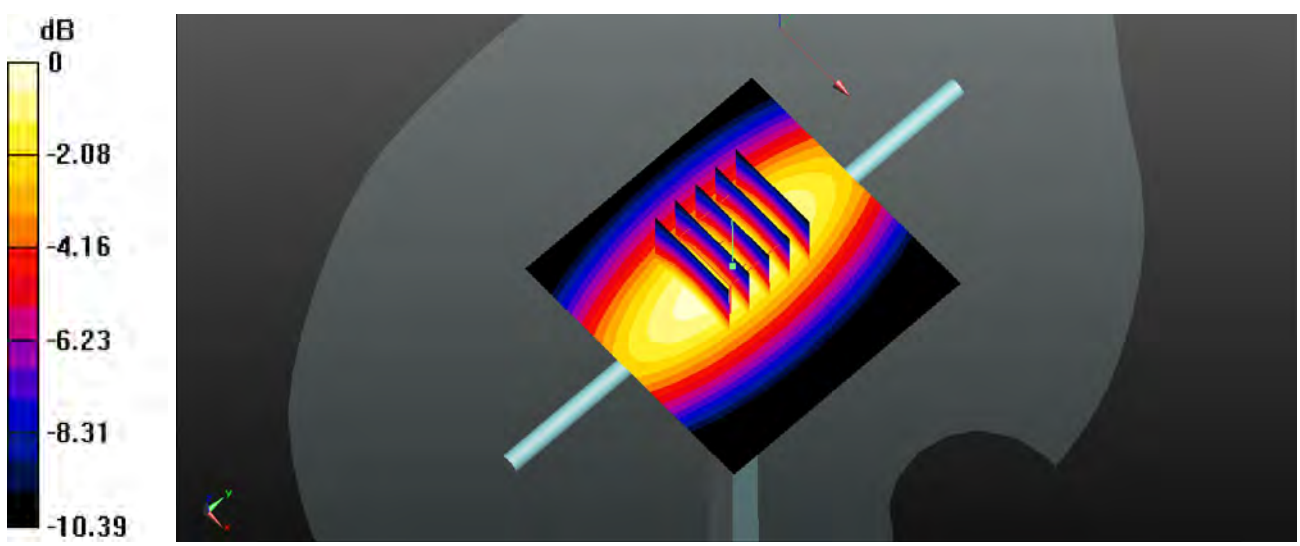
DUT: D750V3-SN:1065

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750_150929 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.882 S/m; ε_r = 40.803; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(10.2, 10.2, 10.2); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.53 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 53.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.03 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.02 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.33 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.56 W/kg



0 dB = 2.56 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/28

System Check_Head_835MHz_150928

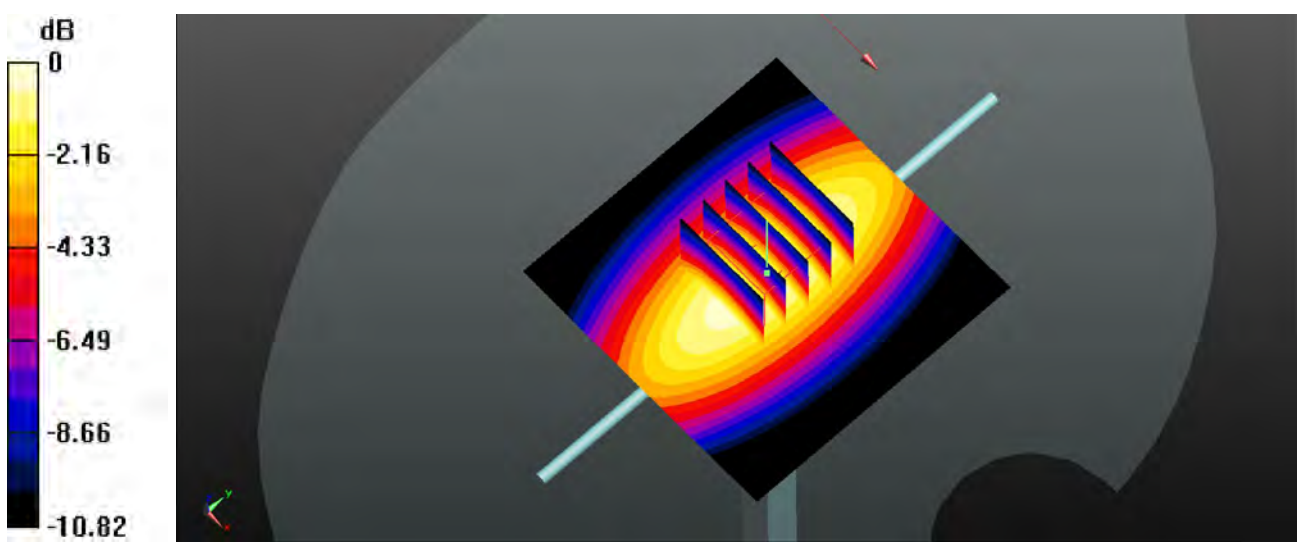
DUT: D835V2-SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_150928 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.899 S/m; ε_r = 41.75; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(9.81, 9.81, 9.81); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.98 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 55.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.50 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.98 W/kg



0 dB = 2.98 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/29

System Check_Head_1750MHz_150929

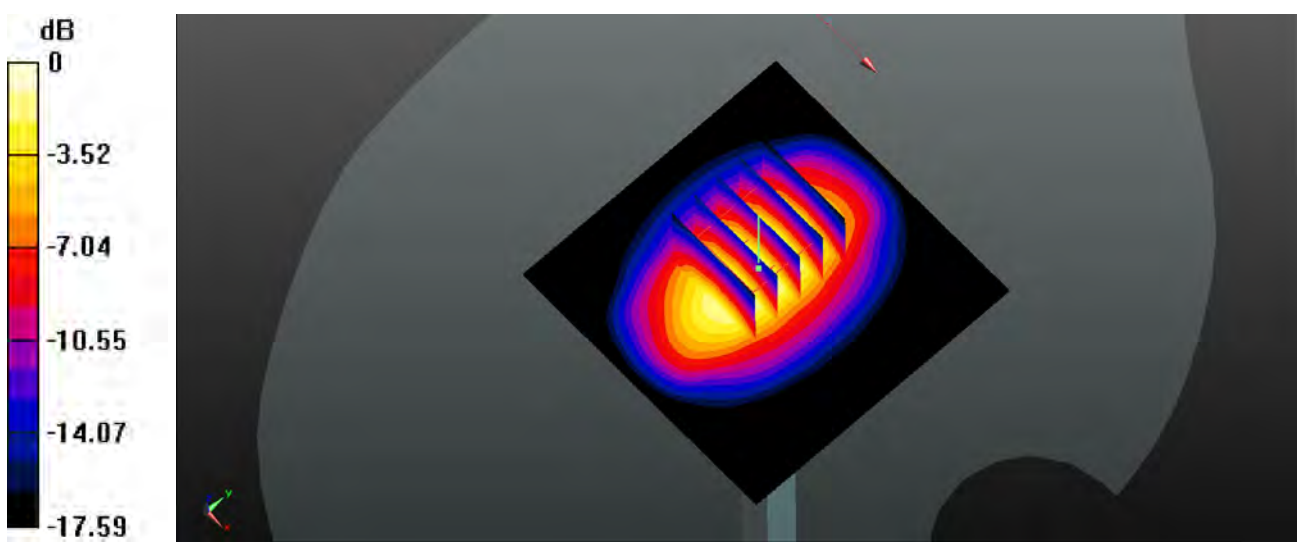
DUT: D1750V2-SN:1069

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750_150929 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.362 S/m; ε_r = 40.16; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.8 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(8.27, 8.27, 8.27); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.9 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 92.64 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.85 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.0 W/kg



0 dB = 13.0 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/28

System Check_Head_1900MHz_150928

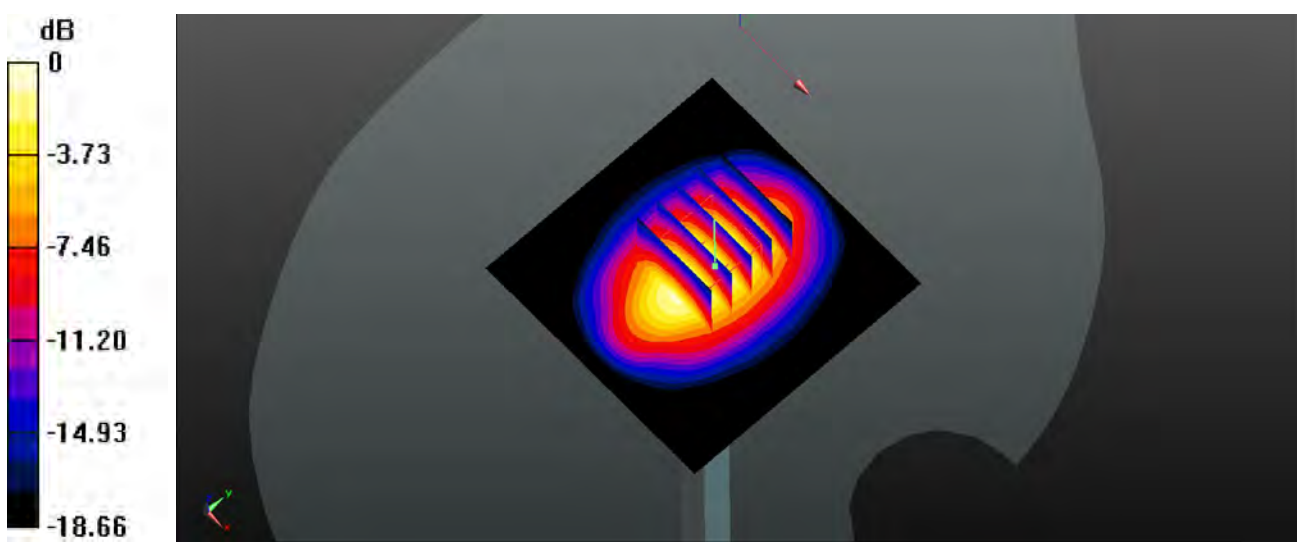
DUT: D1900V2-SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_150928 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.422 S/m; ε_r = 39.349; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.5 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 101.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.09 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 W/kg



0 dB = 14.0 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/29

System Check_Head_2450MHz_150929

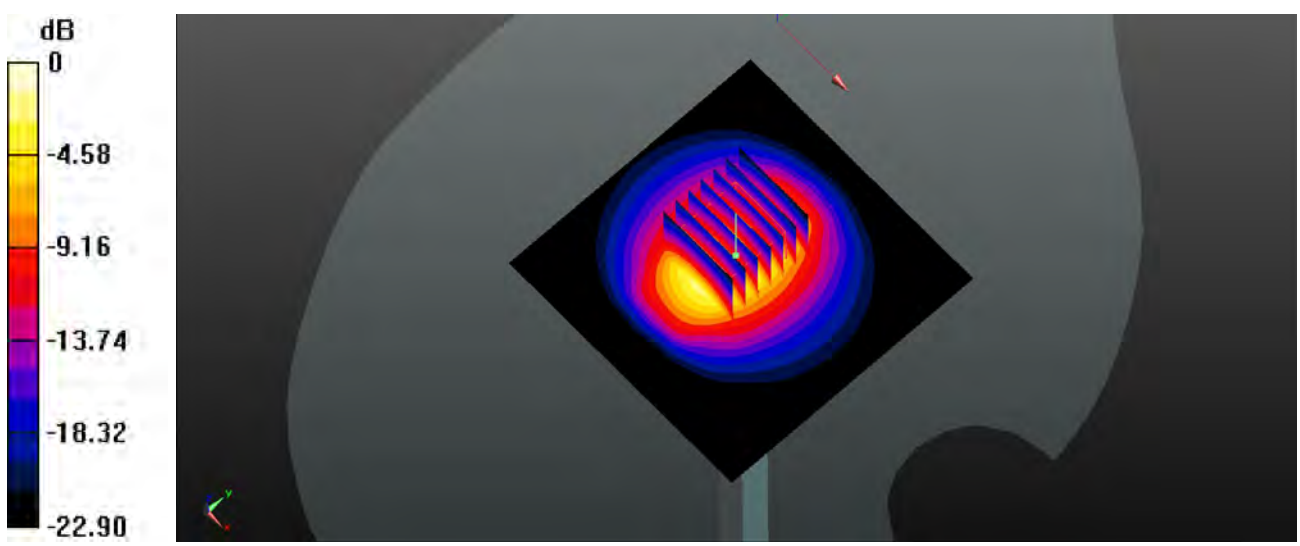
DUT: D2450V2-SN:840

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_150929 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.843 S/m; ε_r = 37.677; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.24, 7.24, 7.24); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.7 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 82.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.19 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



0 dB = 20.8 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/26

System Check_Body_750MHz_150926

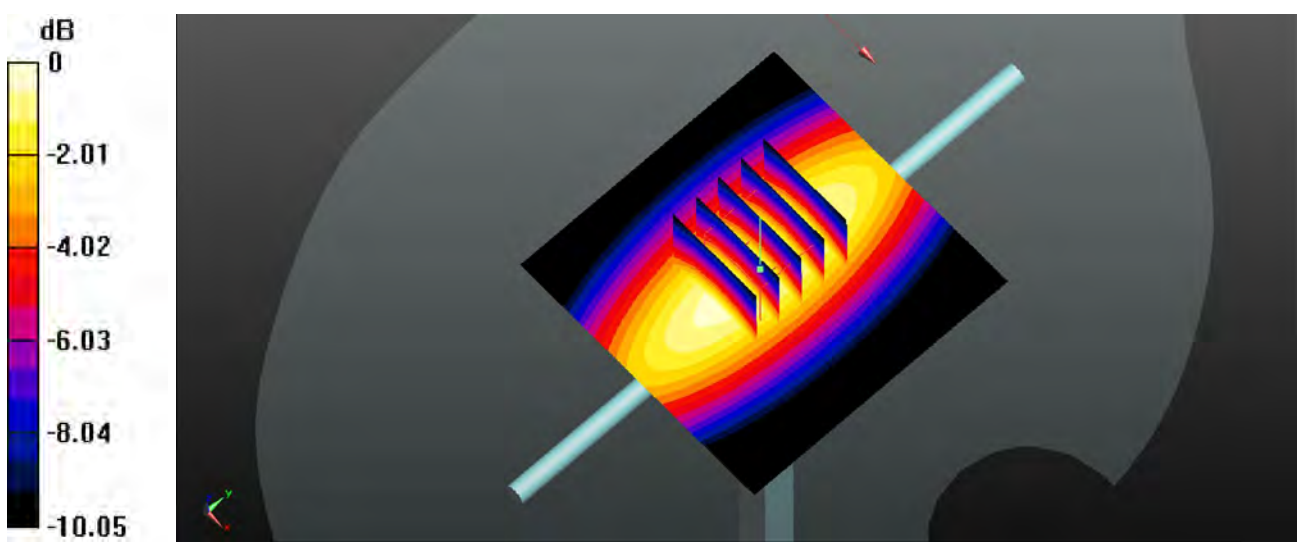
DUT: D750V3-SN:1065

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_750_150926 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.966 S/m; ε_r = 53.934; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.73 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 49.37 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.17 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.45 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.74 W/kg



0 dB = 2.74 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/28

System Check_Body_835MHz_150928

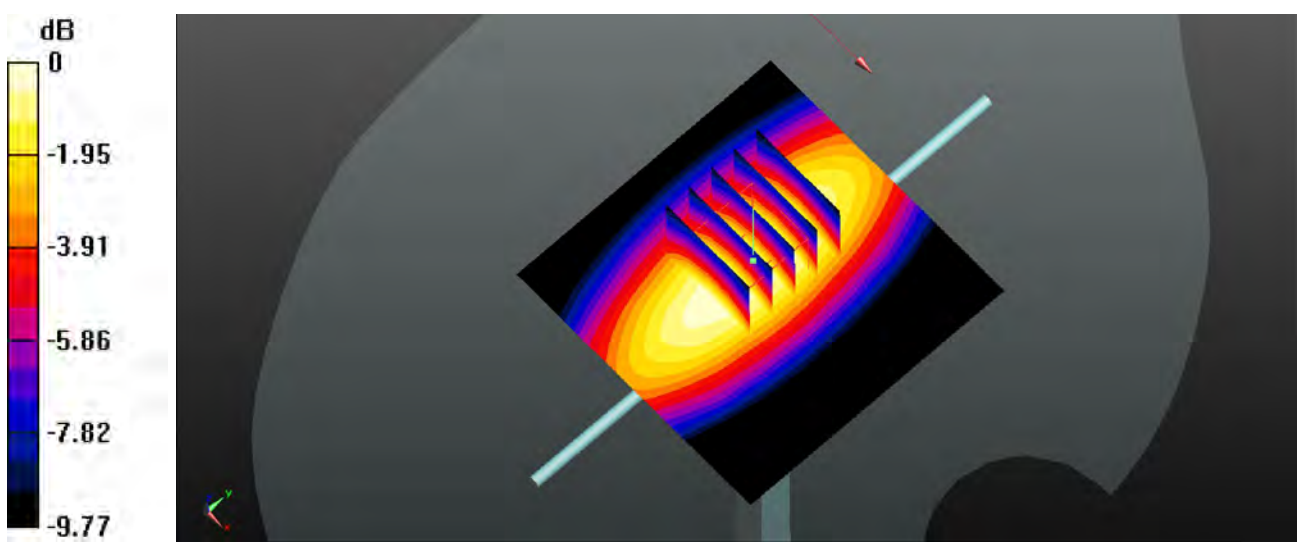
DUT: D835V2-SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_835_150928 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.959 S/m; ε_r = 57.227; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(9.97, 9.97, 9.97); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.86 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 48.45 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.25 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.81 W/kg



0 dB = 2.81 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/24

System Check_Body_1750MHz_150924

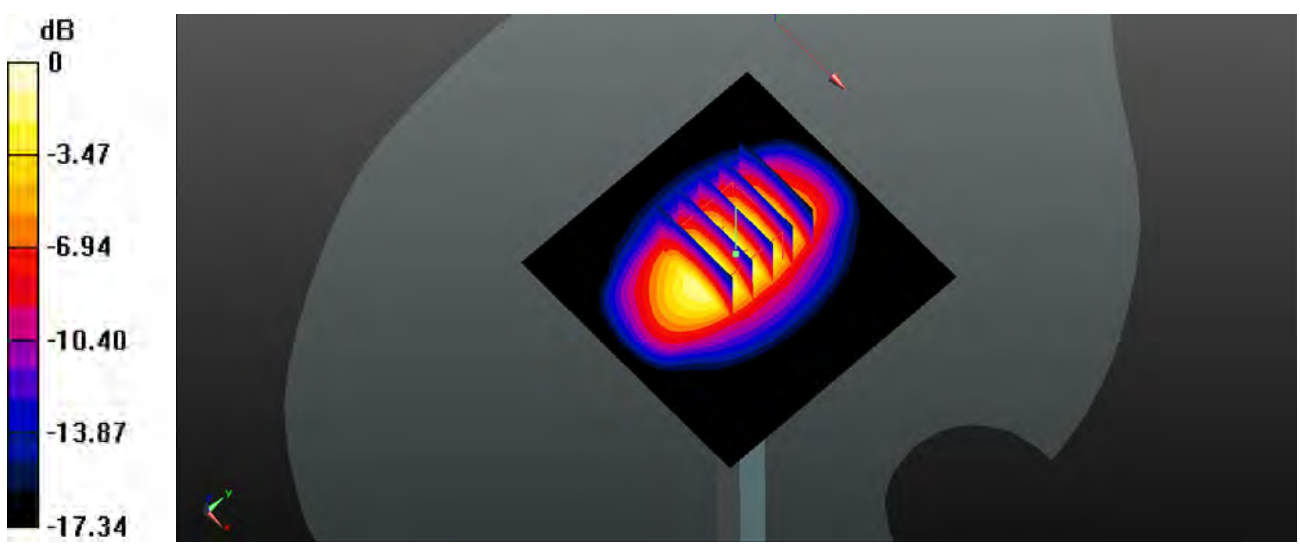
DUT: D1750V2-SN:1069

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_150924 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.498 S/m; ε_r = 53.247; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.7 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 85.84 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 W/kg



0 dB = 12.9 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/24

System Check_Body_1900MHz_150924

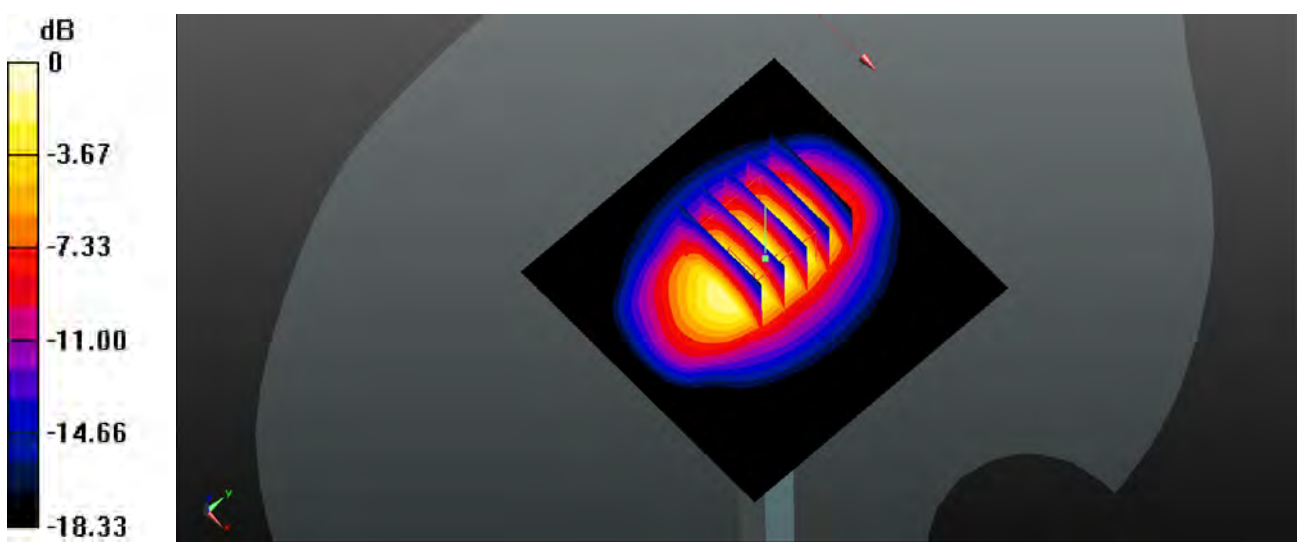
DUT: D1900V2 -SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_150924 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.558 S/m; ε_r = 55.398; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.4 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 78.84 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.35 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



0 dB = 14.5 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/30

System Check_Body_2450MHz_150930

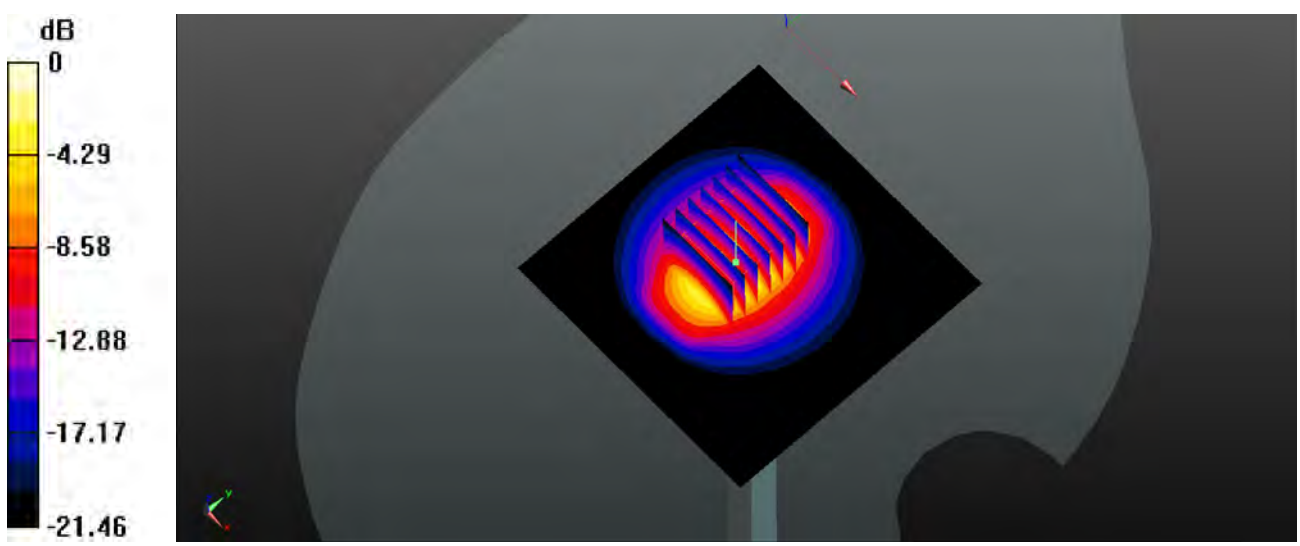
DUT: D2450V2-SN:840

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_150930 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.949 S/m; ε_r = 53.894; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.3 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 75.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.95 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg



0 dB = 19.5 W/kg

Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/28

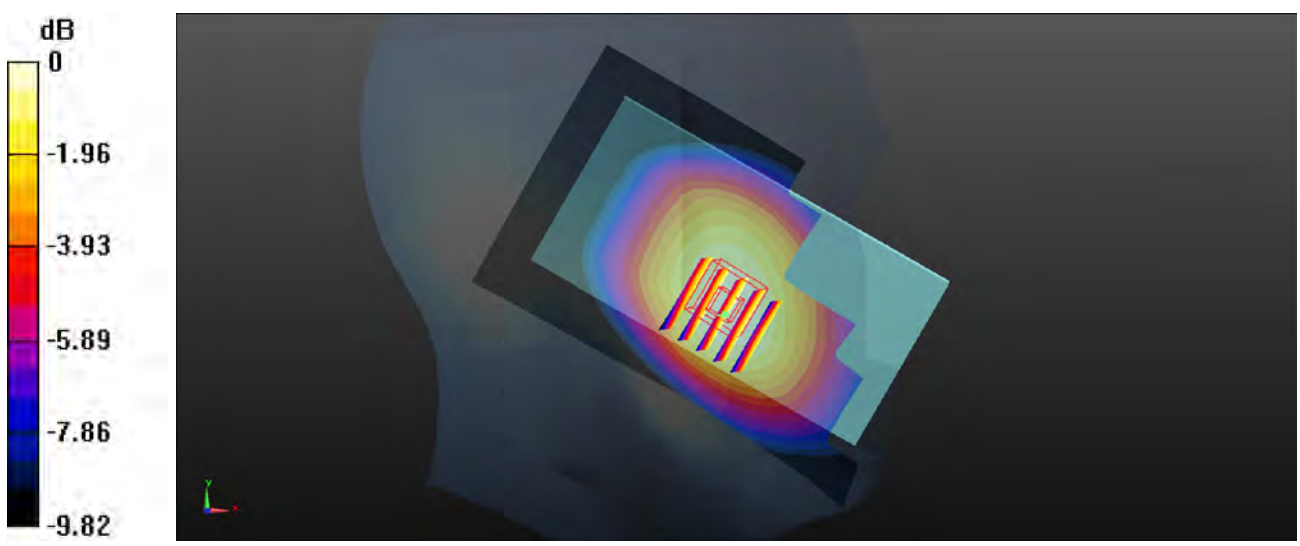
#01_GSM850_GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Left Cheek_Ch251_Battery 2

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot) (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
Medium: HSL_835_150928 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.913 S/m; ε_r = 41.583; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(9.81, 9.81, 9.81); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.842 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.511 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.892 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.714 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.546 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.817 W/kg



0 dB = 0.817 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/28

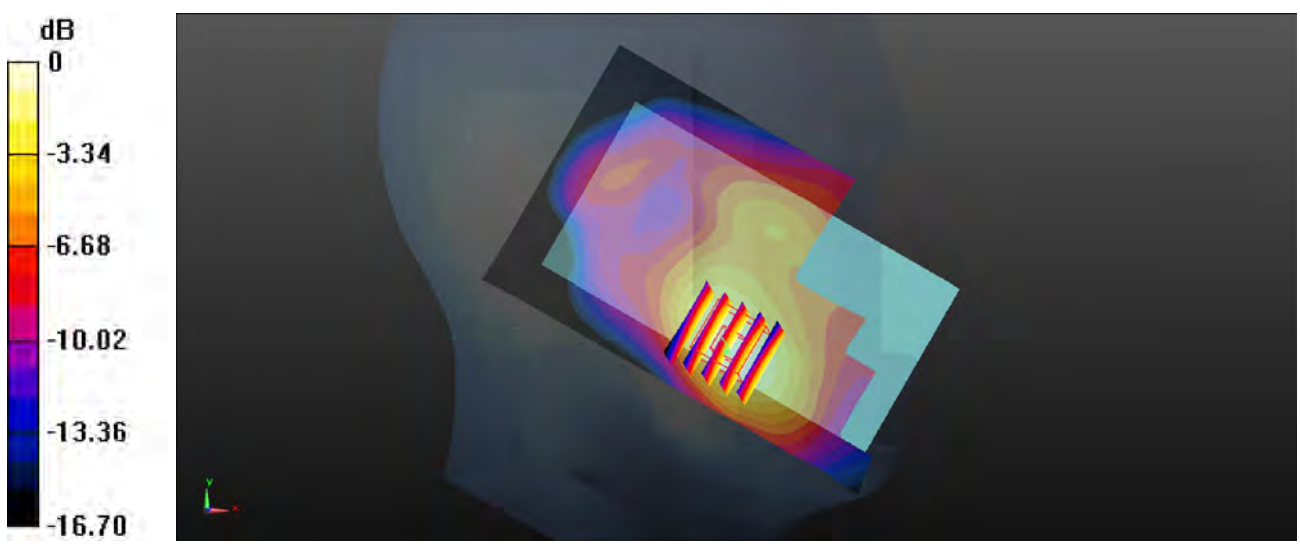
#02_GSM1900_GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Left Cheek_Ch512_Battery 2

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot) (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
Medium: HSL_1900_150928 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.372 S/m; ε_r = 39.575; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch512/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.381 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.817 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.464 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.303 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.186 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.390 W/kg



0 dB = 0.390 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/28

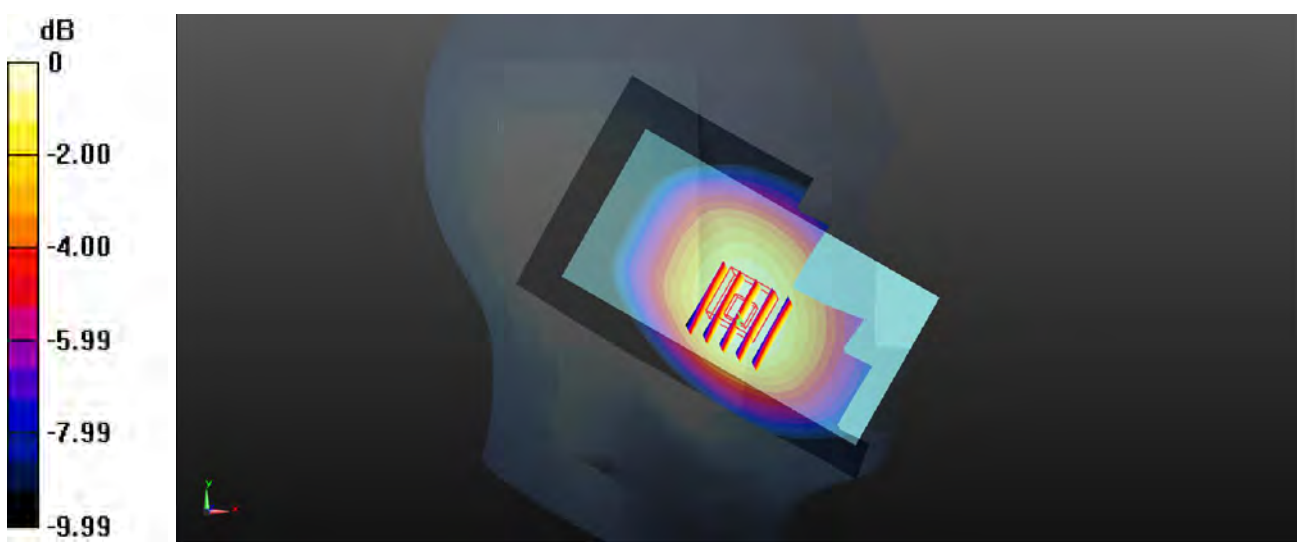
#03_WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_Ch4233_Battery 2

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_150928 Medium parameters used: f = 846.6 MHz; σ = 0.911 S/m; ε_r = 41.608; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(9.81, 9.81, 9.81); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4233/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.428 W/kg

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.783 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.457 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.365 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.279 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.418 W/kg



0 dB = 0.418 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/29

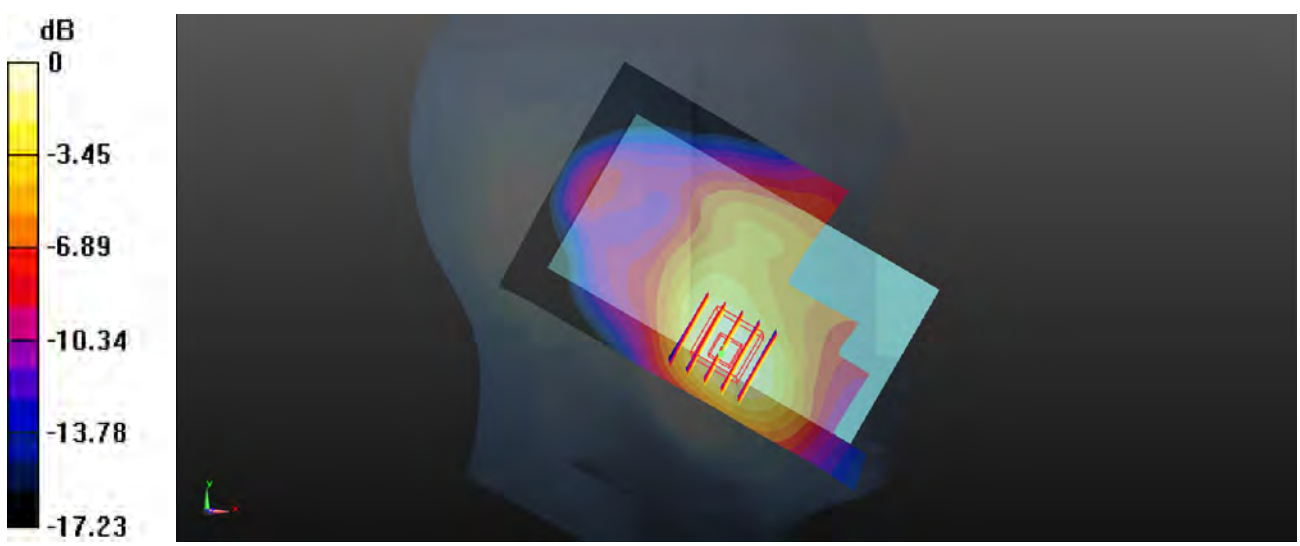
#04_WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_Ch1513_Battery 1

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750_150929 Medium parameters used: f = 1752.6 MHz; σ = 1.365 S/m; ε_r = 40.147; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.8 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(8.27, 8.27, 8.27); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1513/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.390 W/kg

Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.032 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.440 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.299 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.191 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.378 W/kg



0 dB = 0.378 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/28

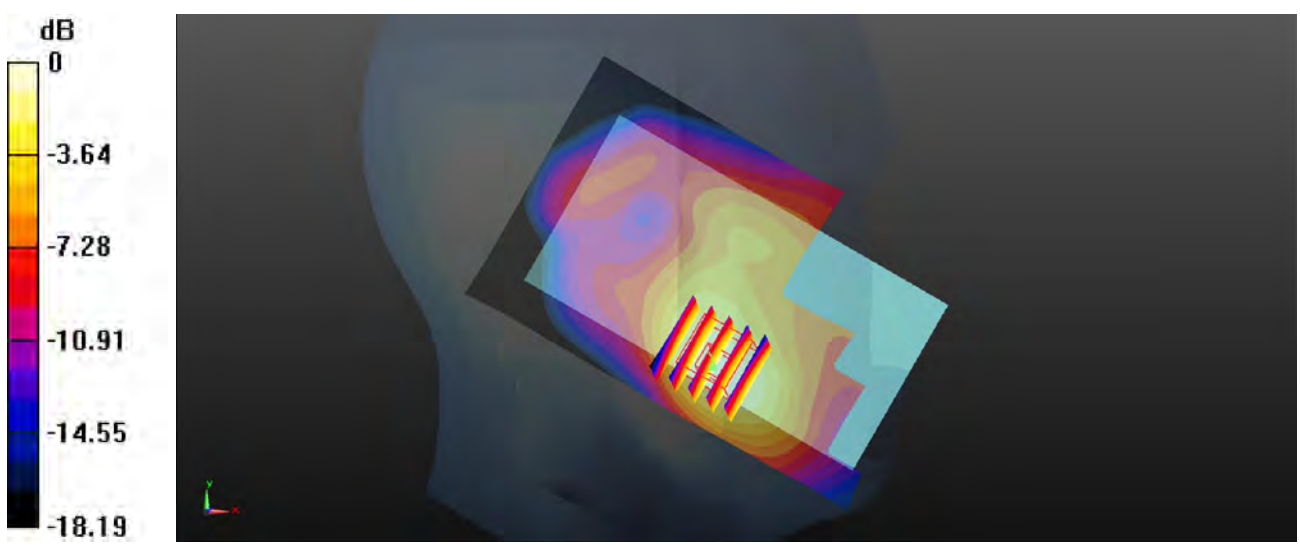
#05_WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_Ch9400_Battery 2

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_150928 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.403 S/m; ε_r = 39.444; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9400/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.501 W/kg

Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.973 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.588 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.384 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.235 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.495 W/kg



0 dB = 0.495 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/29

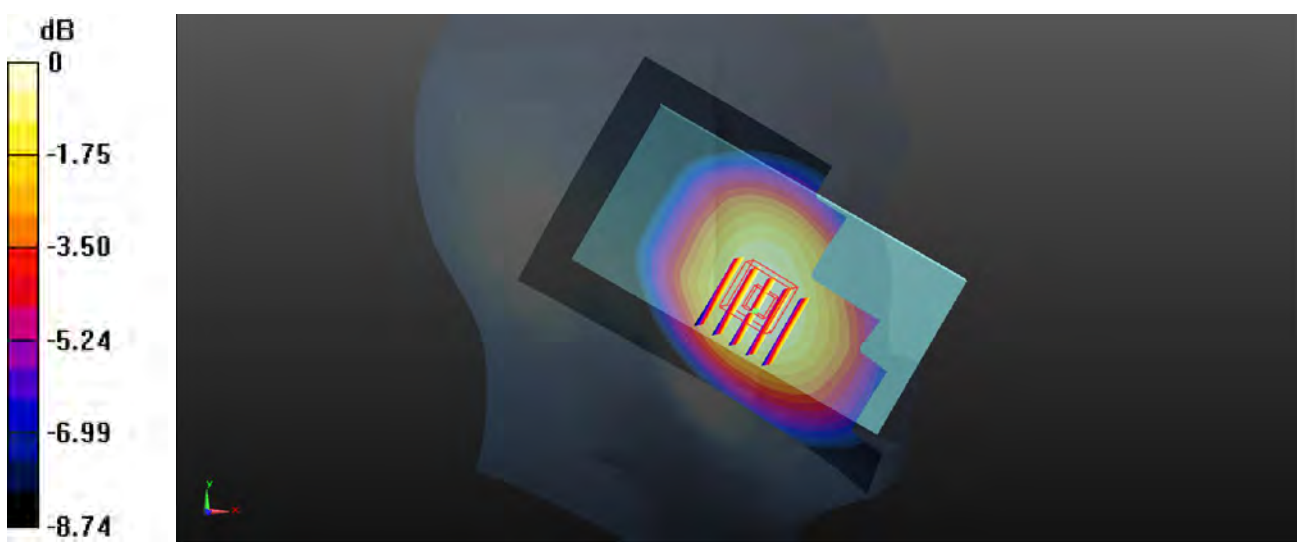
#06_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1RB_49offset_Left Cheek_Ch23095_Battery 2

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750_150928 Medium parameters used: f = 707.5 MHz; σ = 0.859 S/m; ε_r = 41.717; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(10.2, 10.2, 10.2); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch23095/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.278 W/kg

Ch23095/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.535 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.300 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.245 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.193 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.278 W/kg



0 dB = 0.278 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/29

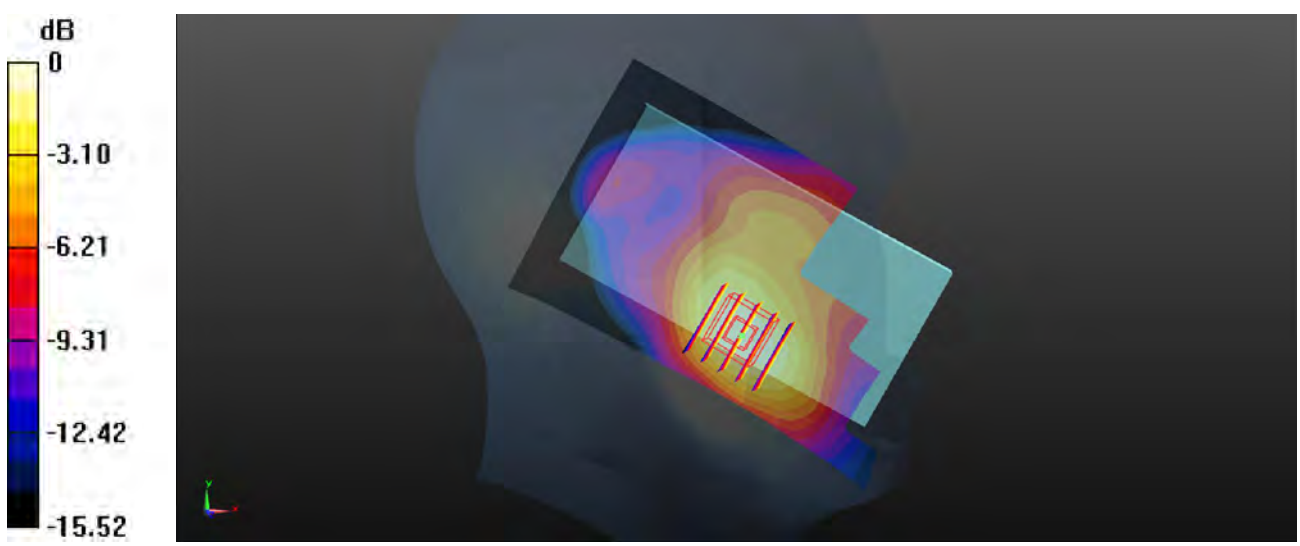
#07_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Left Cheek_Ch20175_Battery 1

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750_150929 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.344 S/m; ε_r = 40.238; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.8 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(8.27, 8.27, 8.27); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.429 W/kg

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.924 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.518 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.347 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.220 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.439 W/kg



0 dB = 0.439 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/28

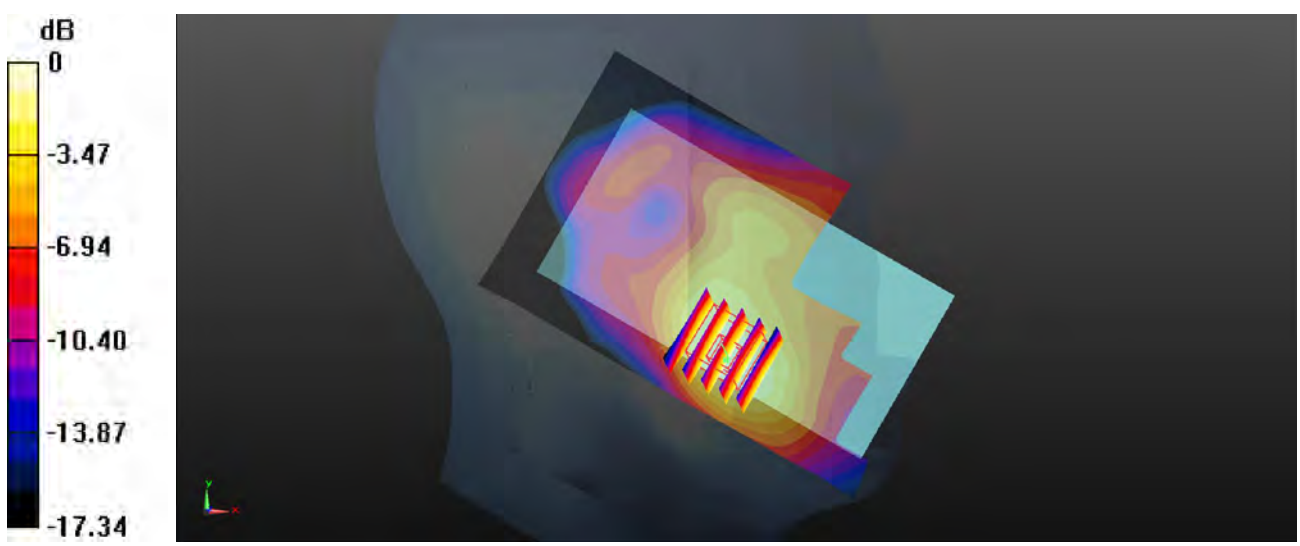
#08_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_49 offset_Left Cheek_Ch19100_Battery 1

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_150928 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.422 S/m; ε_r = 39.349; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch19100/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.394 W/kg

Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.559 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.471 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.308 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.190 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.396 W/kg



0 dB = 0.396 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/29

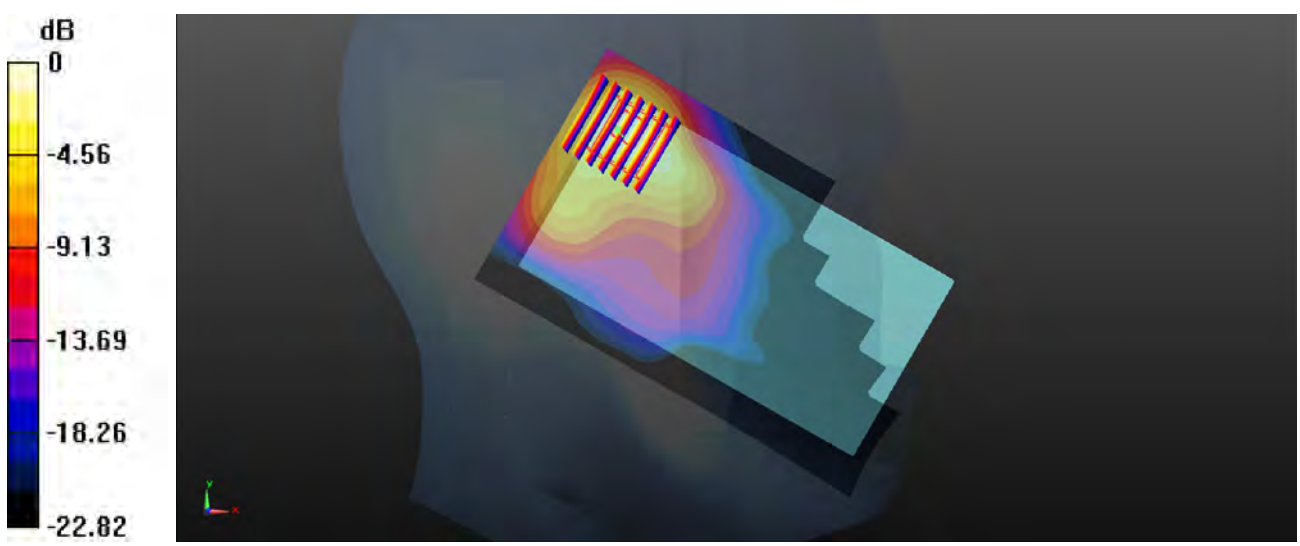
#09_WLAN 2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Left Cheek_Ch1_Battery 2

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.024
Medium: HSL_2450_150929 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.801 S/m; ε_r = 37.835; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.24, 7.24, 7.24); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.41 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.01 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.912 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.420 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 W/kg



0 dB = 1.35 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/28

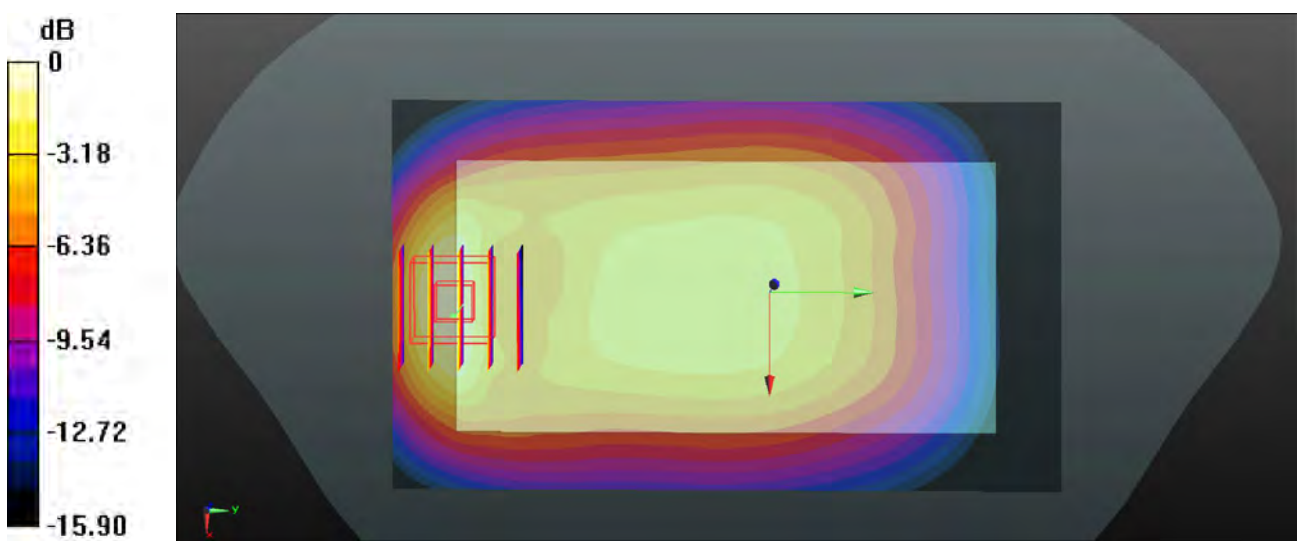
#10_GSM850_GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch251_Battery 1

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot) (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
Medium: MSL_835_150928 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.976 S/m; ε_r = 57.064; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(9.97, 9.97, 9.97); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.34 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.81 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.76 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.613 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.43 W/kg



0 dB = 1.43 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/24

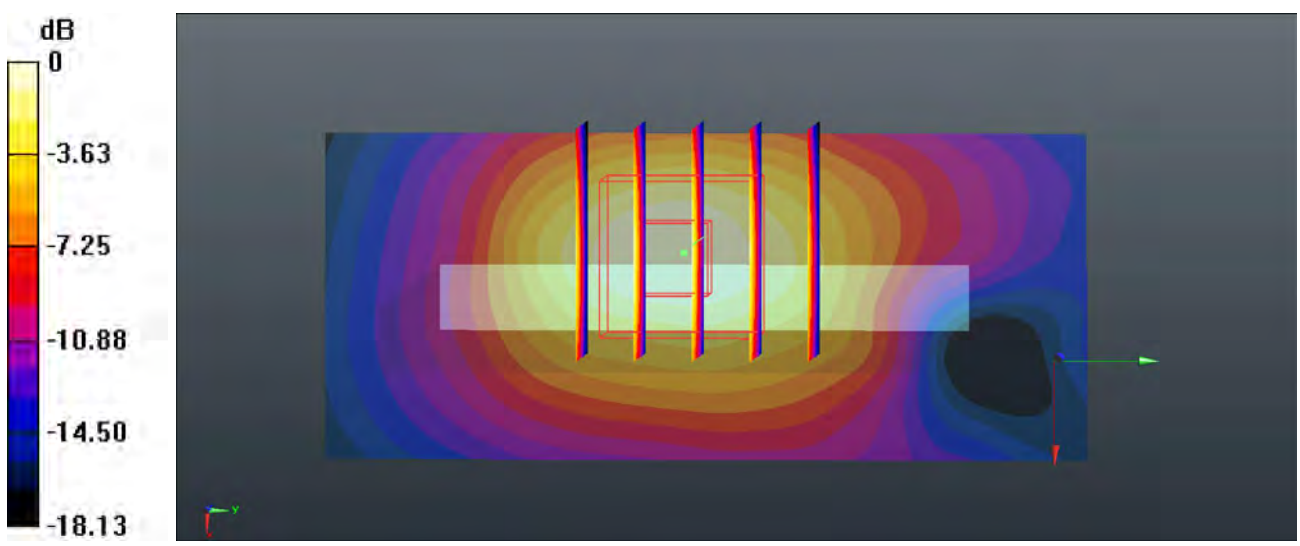
#11_GSM1900_GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Bottom side_10mm_Ch810_Battery 1

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
Medium: MSL_1900_150924 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.571 S/m; ε_r = 55.316; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch810/Area Scan (31x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.55 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.919 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.87 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.562 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.44 W/kg



0 dB = 1.44 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/28

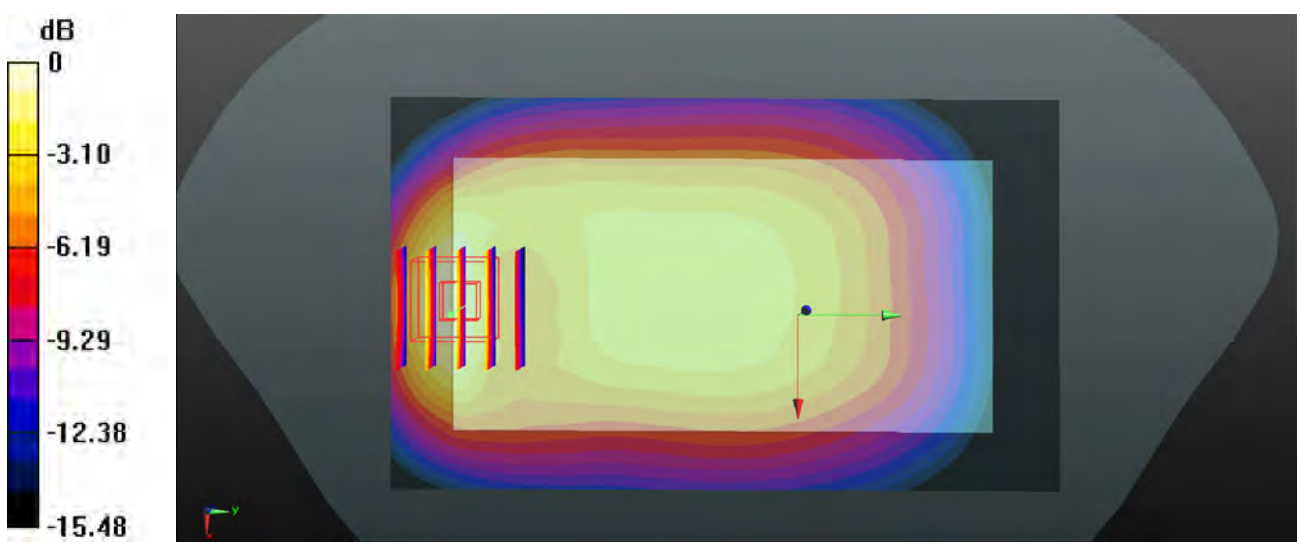
#12_WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4233_Battery 1

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_835_150928 Medium parameters used: f = 846.6 MHz; σ = 0.973 S/m; ε_r = 57.082; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(9.97, 9.97, 9.97); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4233/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.646 W/kg

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 19.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.875 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.521 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.296 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.694 W/kg



0 dB = 0.694 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/24

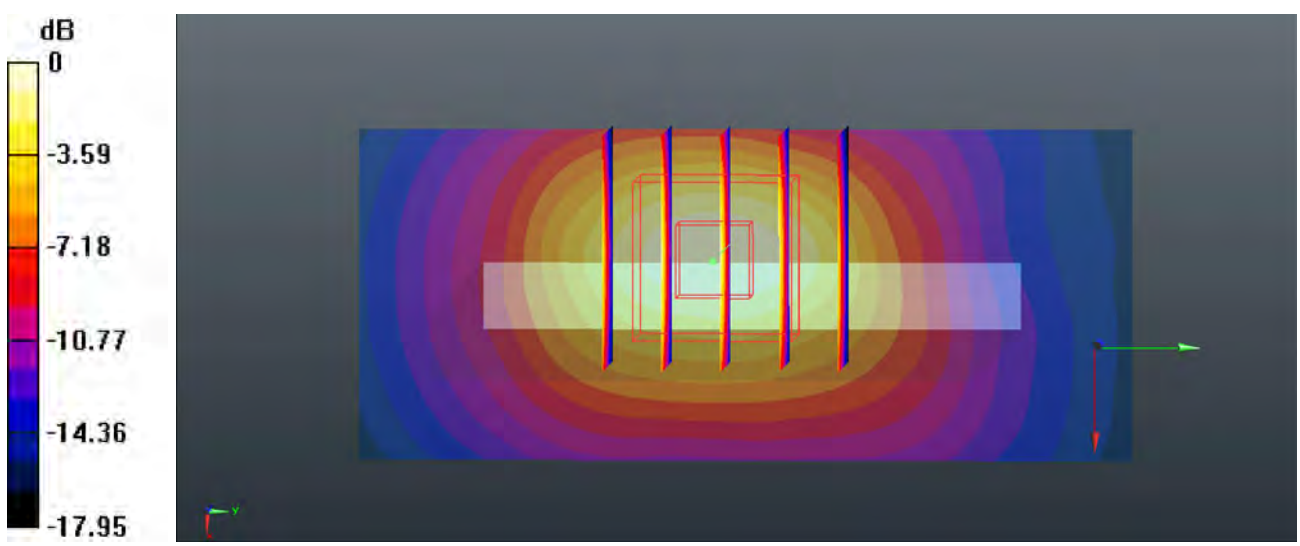
#13_WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Bottom side_10mm_Ch1513_Battery 2

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_150924 Medium parameters used: f = 1752.6 MHz; σ = 1.501 S/m; ε_r = 53.259; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1513/Area Scan (31x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.47 W/kg

Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.382 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.76 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.544 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.44 W/kg



0 dB = 1.44 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/24

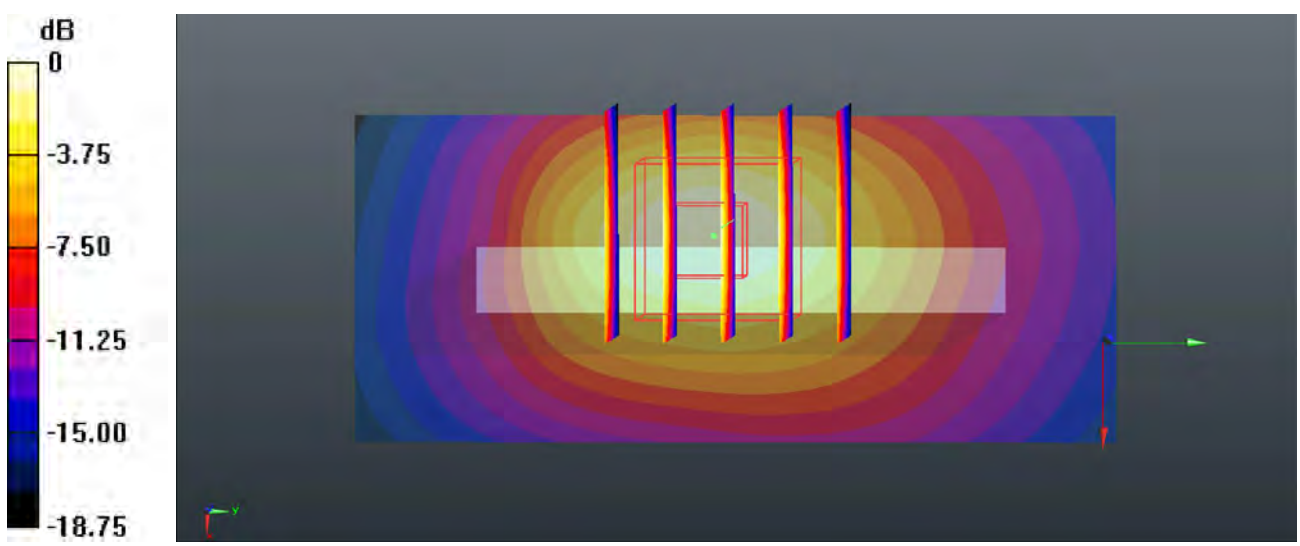
#14_WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Bottom side_10mm_Ch9538_Battery 1

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_150924 Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz; σ = 1.568 S/m; ε_r = 55.333; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9538/Area Scan (31x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.67 W/kg

Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.242 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.04 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.611 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.59 W/kg



0 dB = 1.59 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/26

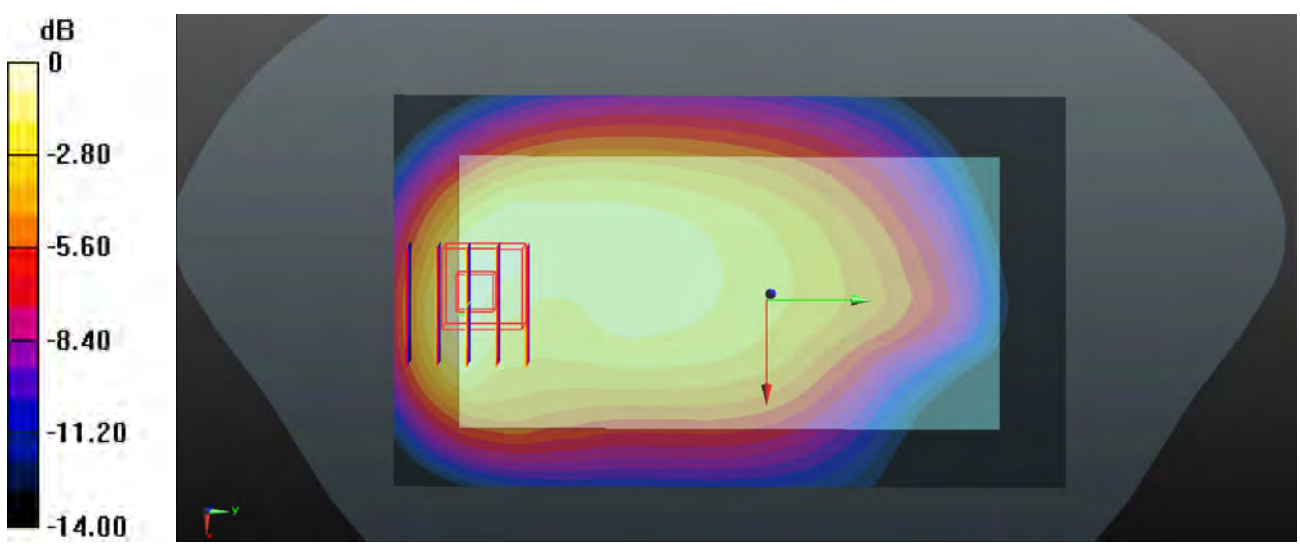
#15_LTE Band 12_10M_QPSK_1RB_49offset_Back_10mm_Ch23095_Battery 2

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_750_150926 Medium parameters used: f = 707.5 MHz; σ = 0.931 S/m; ε_r = 54.862; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(10.05, 10.05, 10.05); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch23095/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.512 W/kg

Ch23095/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.74 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.701 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.412 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.248 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.549 W/kg



0 dB = 0.549 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/24

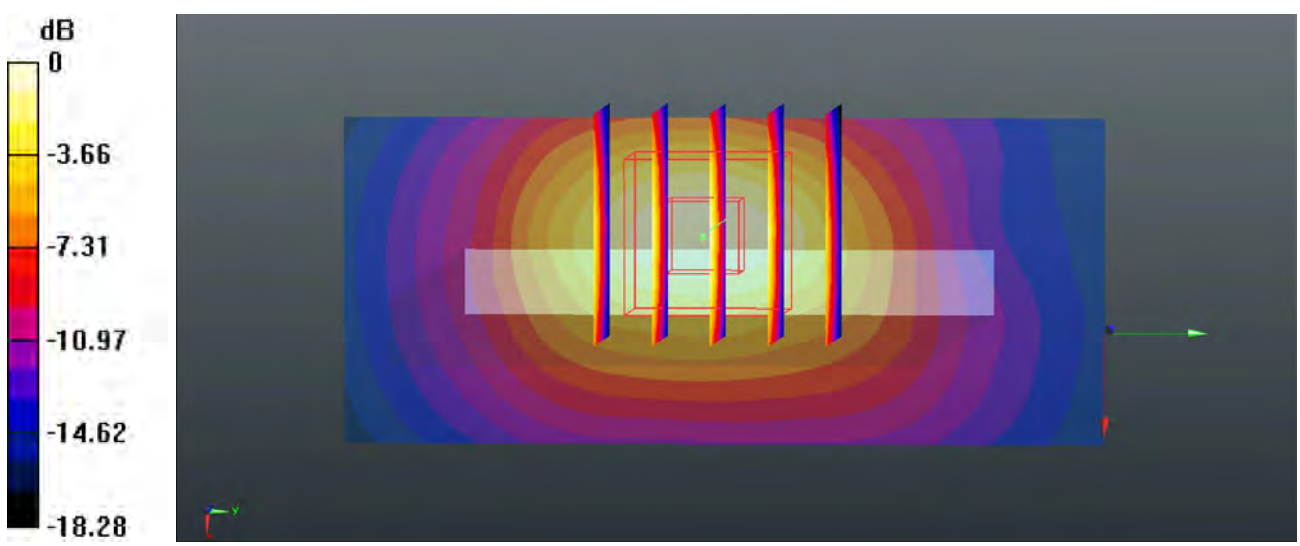
#16_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Bottom side_10mm_Ch20175_Battery 1

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_150924 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.475 S/m; ε_r = 53.199; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (31x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.52 W/kg

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.949 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.82 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.562 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.48 W/kg



0 dB = 1.48 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/24

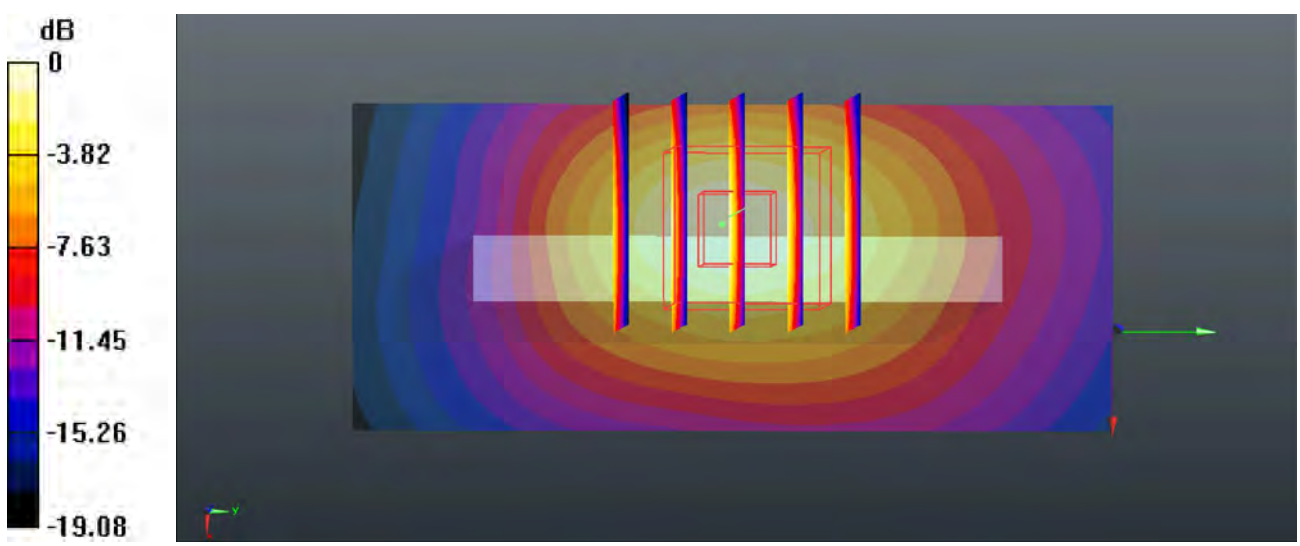
#17_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_49offset_Bottom side_10mm_Ch19100_Battery 1

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_150924 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.558 S/m; ε_r = 55.398; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch19100/Area Scan (31x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.37 W/kg

Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.582 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.73 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.987 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.519 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.36 W/kg



0 dB = 1.36 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/30

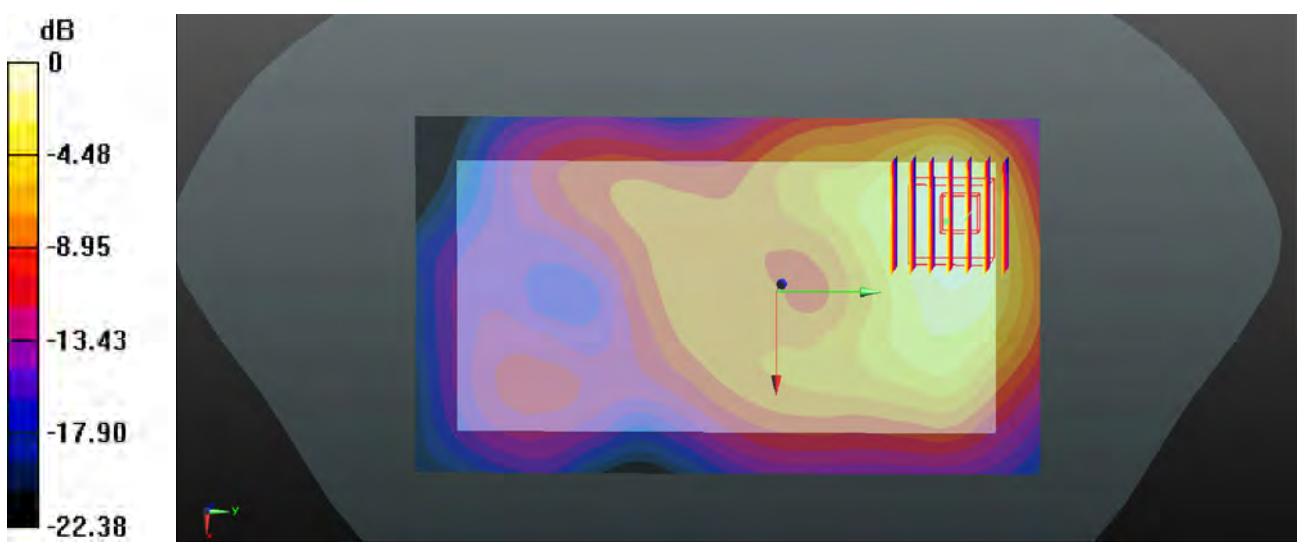
#18_WLAN 2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch1_Battery 1

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.024
Medium: MSL_2450_150930 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.877 S/m; ε_r = 54.002; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.7 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.35, 7.35, 7.35); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.501 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.046 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.649 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.347 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.182 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.498 W/kg



0 dB = 0.498 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/24

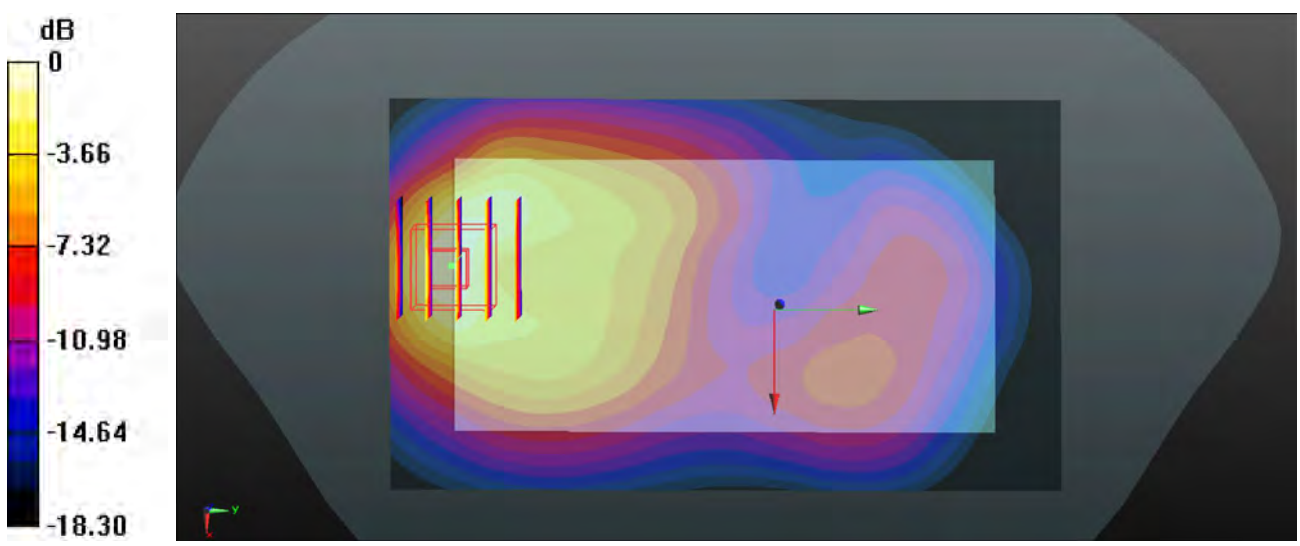
#19_GSM1900_GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch512_Battery 1

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slot) (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.08
Medium: MSL_1900_150924 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.513 S/m; ε_r = 55.547; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch512/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.994 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.623 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.690 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.373 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.939 W/kg



0 dB = 0.939 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/24

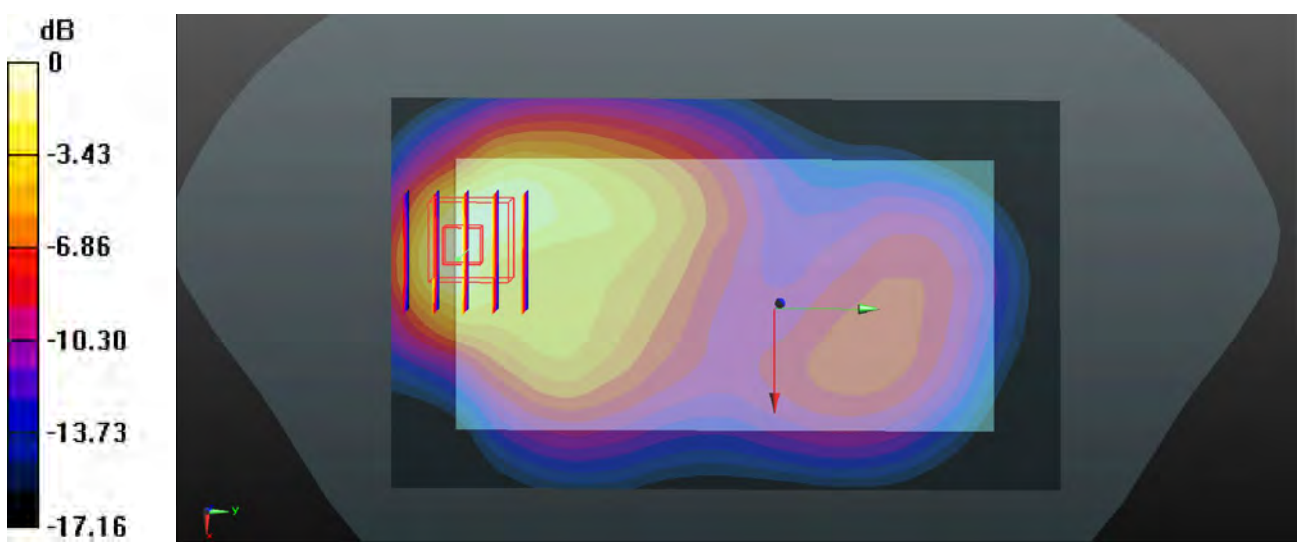
#20_WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch1312_Battery 1

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1712.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_150924 Medium parameters used: f = 1712.4 MHz; σ = 1.445 S/m; ε_r = 53.276; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1312/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.28 W/kg

Ch1312/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.613 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.61 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.937 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.514 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.30 W/kg



0 dB = 1.30 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/24

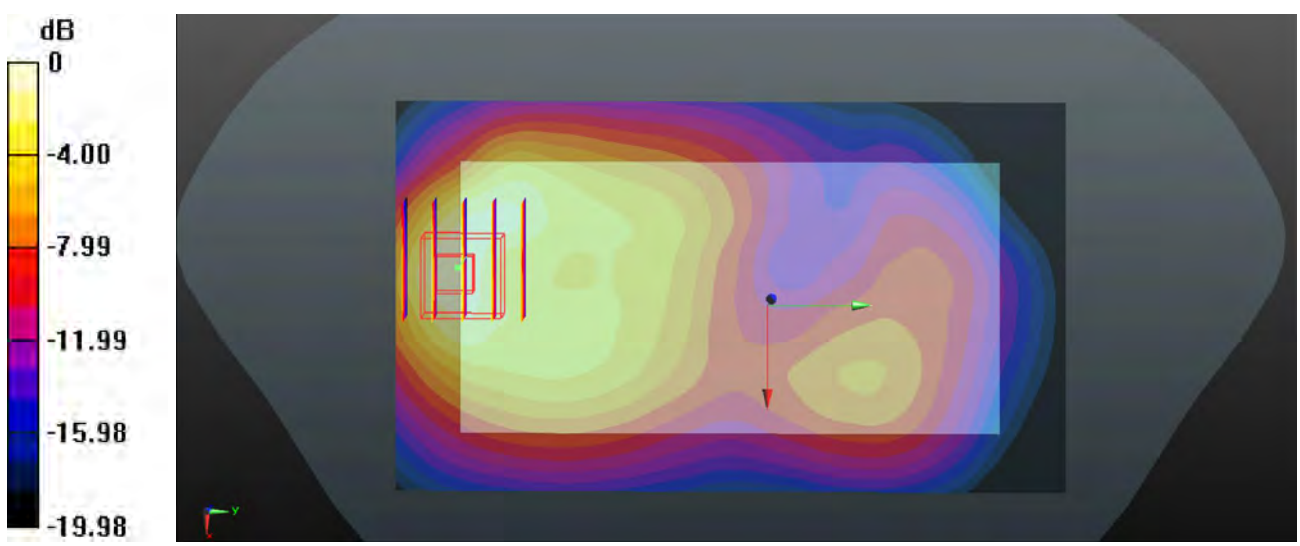
#21_WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch9538_Battery 1

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_150924 Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz; σ = 1.568 S/m; ε_r = 55.333; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9538/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.26 W/kg

Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.826 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.862 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.468 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg



0 dB = 1.17 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/24

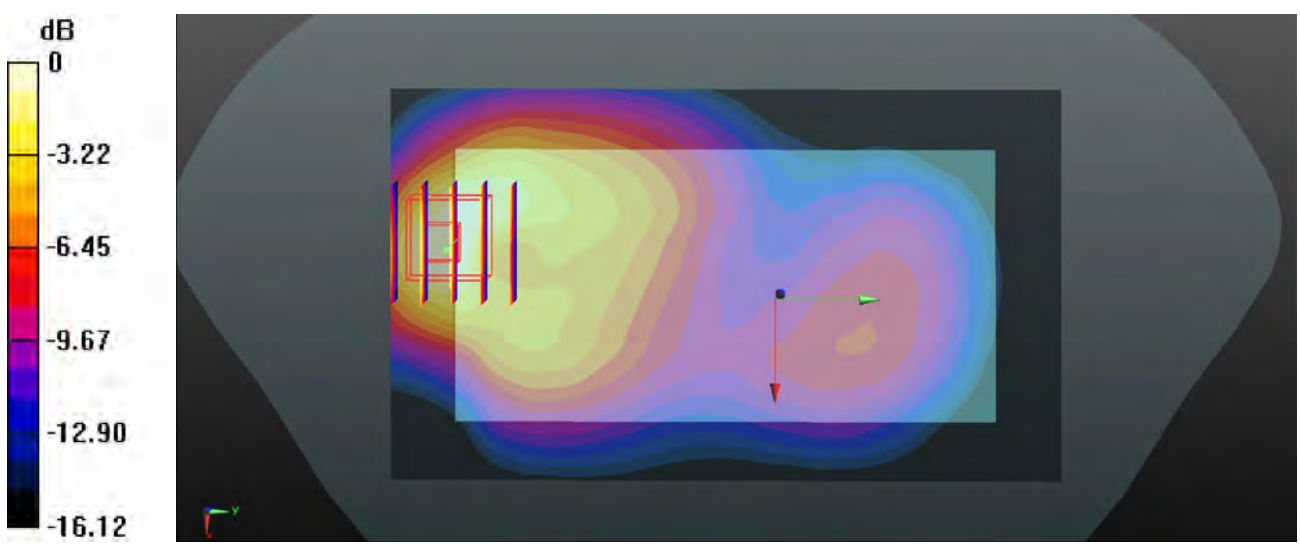
#22_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Back_10mm_Ch20175_Battery 1

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_150924 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.475 S/m; ε_r = 53.199; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1754
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.44 W/kg

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.813 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.81 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.573 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.37 W/kg



0 dB = 1.37 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/9/24

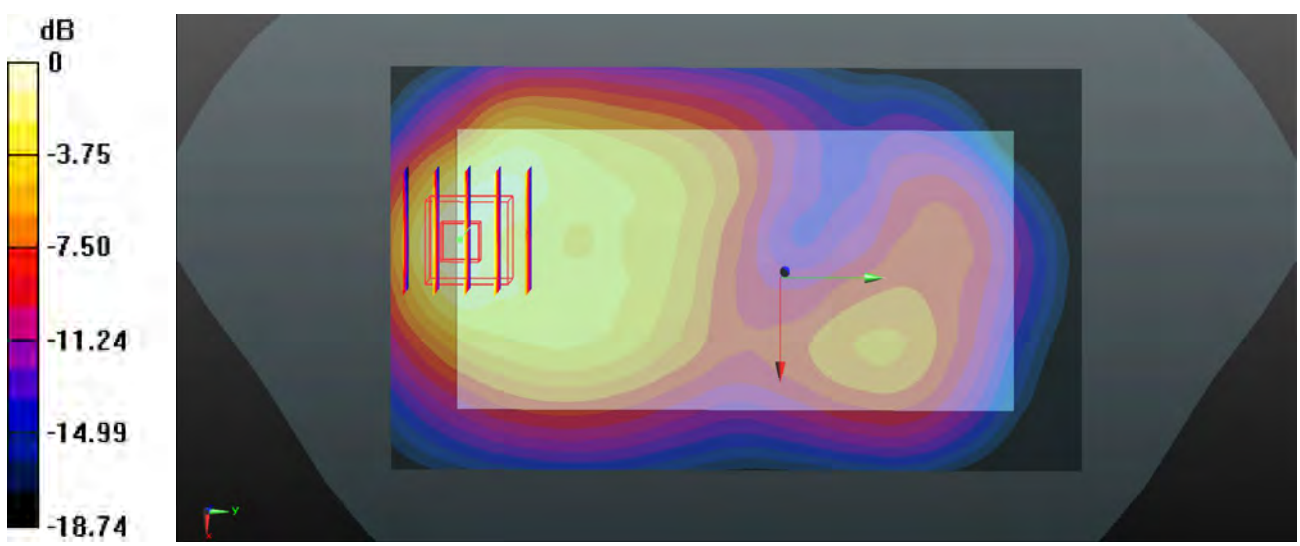
#23_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_49offset_Back_10mm_Ch19100_Battery 1

Communication System: UID 0, FDD-LTE (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_150924 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.558 S/m; ε_r = 55.398; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃; Liquid Temperature ：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3898; ConvF(7.71, 7.71, 7.71); Calibrated: 2015/8/6;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn679; Calibrated: 2015/4/13
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1753
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch19100/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.983 W/kg

Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.004 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.12 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.655 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.360 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.910 W/kg



0 dB = 0.910 W/kg

Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Sporton-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: D750V3-1065_Nov14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D750V3 - SN: 1065
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	November 19, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M. Weber
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 20, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.4 ± 6 %	0.89 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.04 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**8.14 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.34 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**5.35 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.7 ± 6 %	0.98 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**8.64 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.45 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**5.71 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.5 Ω - 0.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.0 Ω - 3.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.8 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.032 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 10, 2012

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 19.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1065

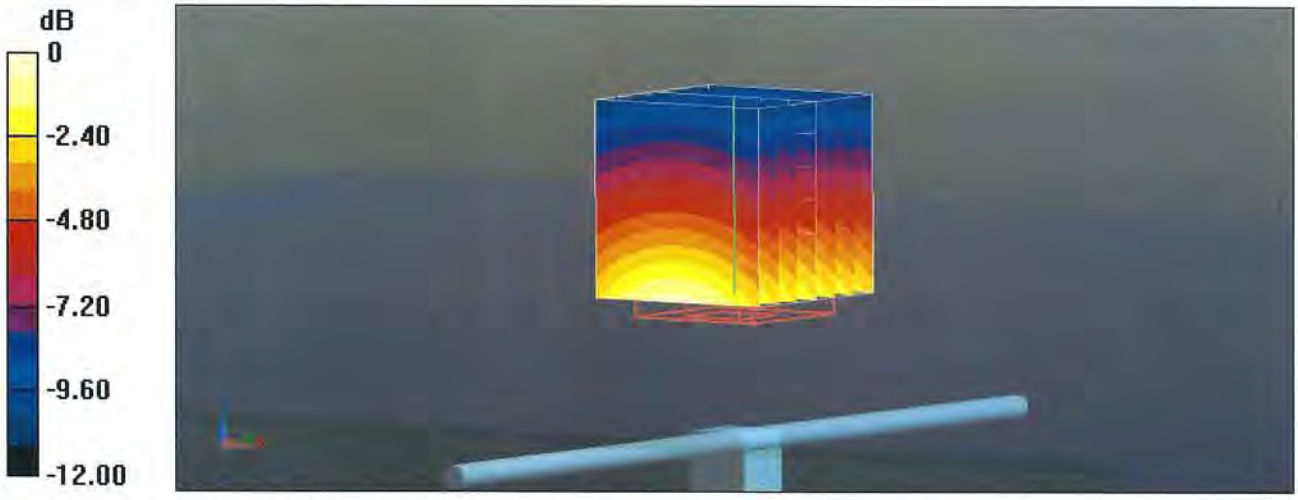
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.89 S/m; ε_r = 41.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.37, 6.37, 6.37); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

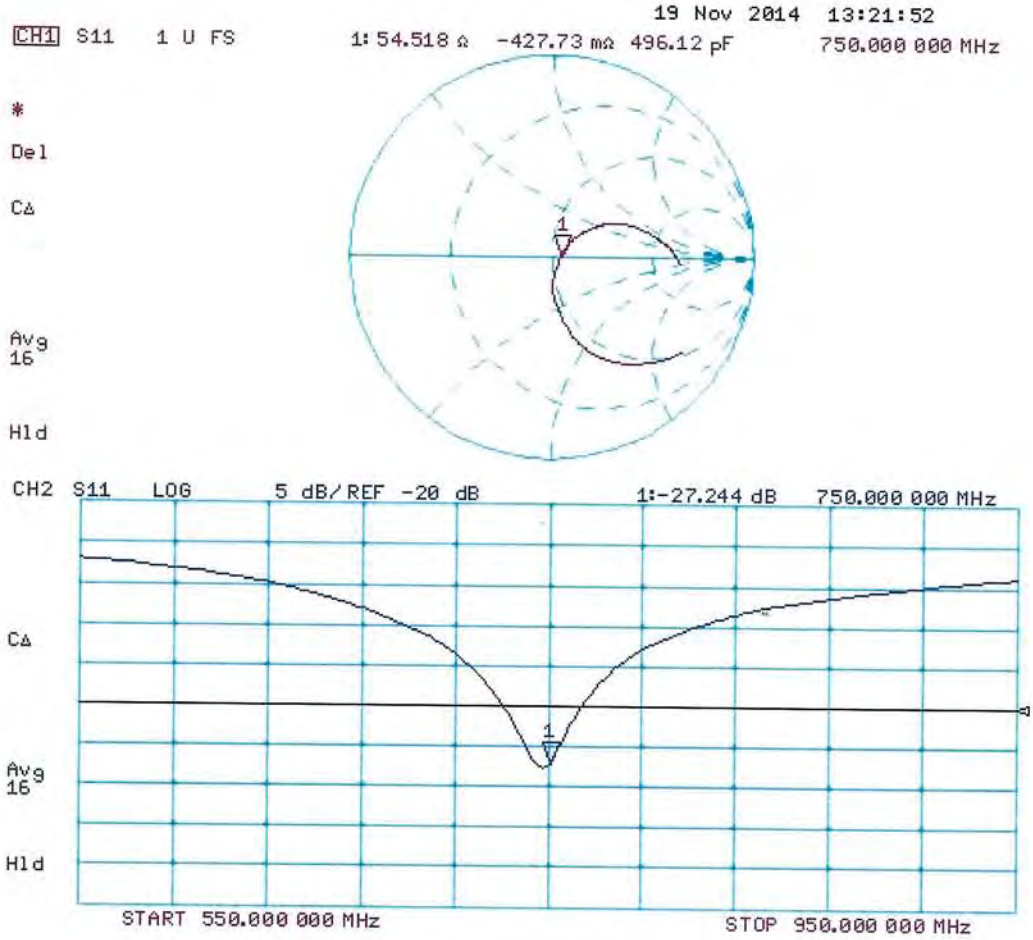
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 53.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.04 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.34 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.40 W/kg



0 dB = 2.40 W/kg = 3.80 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 18.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1065

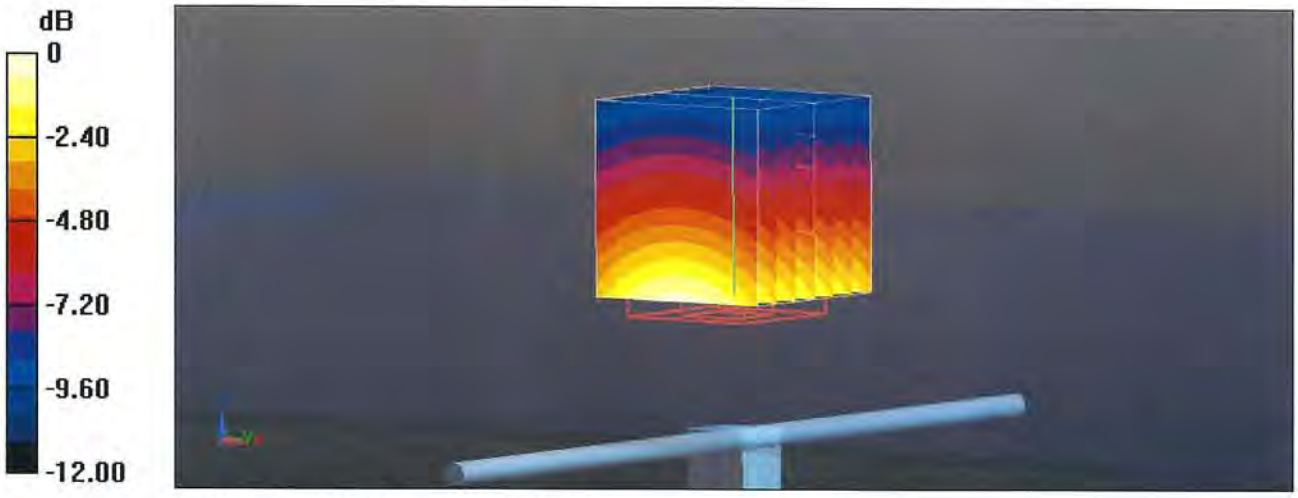
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.98 S/m; ε_r = 54.7; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.13, 6.13, 6.13); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

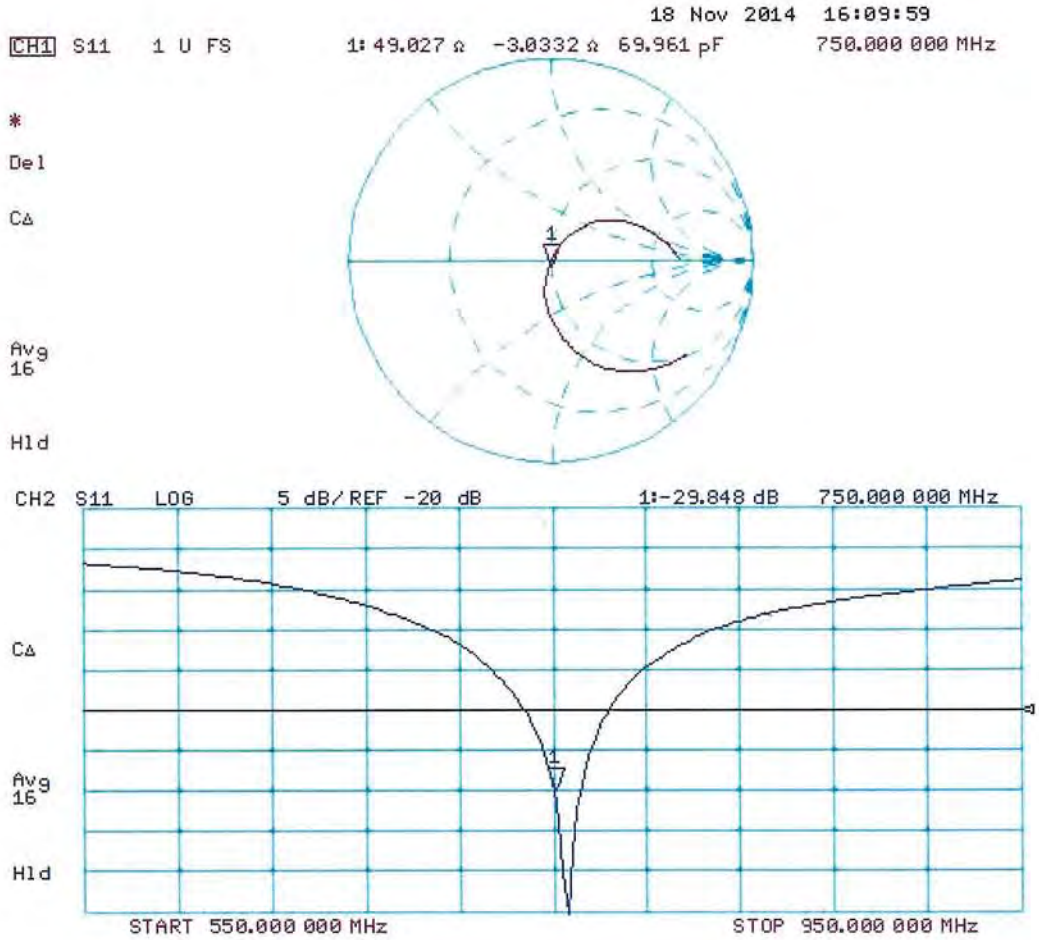
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 52.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.22 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.45 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.57 W/kg



0 dB = 2.57 W/kg = 4.10 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Sporton-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: D835V2-4d091_Nov14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d091
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	November 21, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M. Weber
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 21, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.2 ± 6 %	0.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.30 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.11 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.50 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**5.95 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.5 ± 6 %	1.01 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.48 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.60 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.62 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.31 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.7 Ω - 1.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 32.2 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.7 Ω - 4.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.2 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.394 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 15, 2009

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 19.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d091

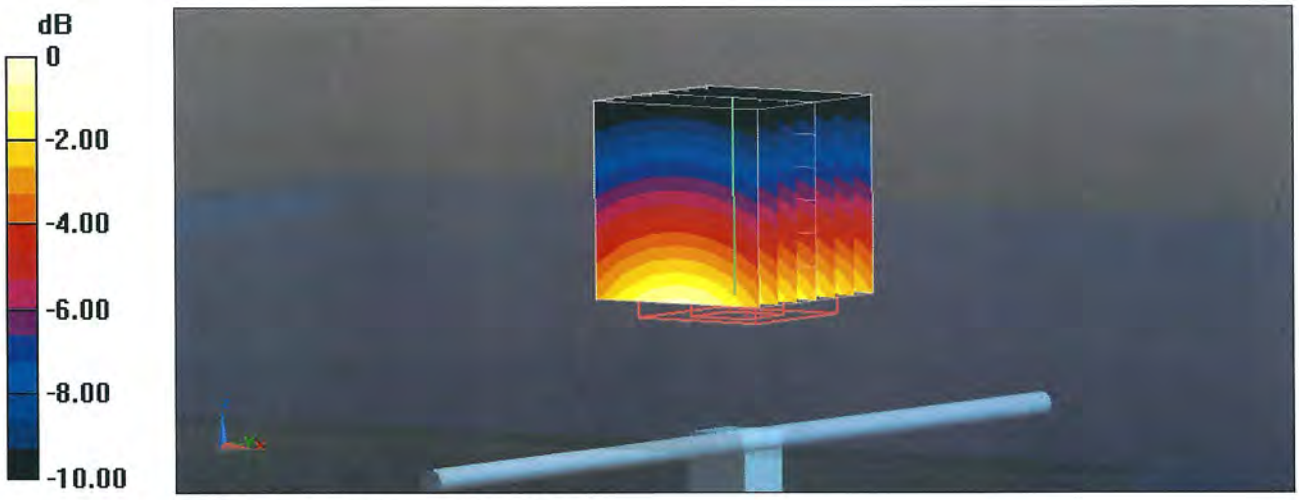
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.91 S/m; ε_r = 41.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.22, 6.22, 6.22); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

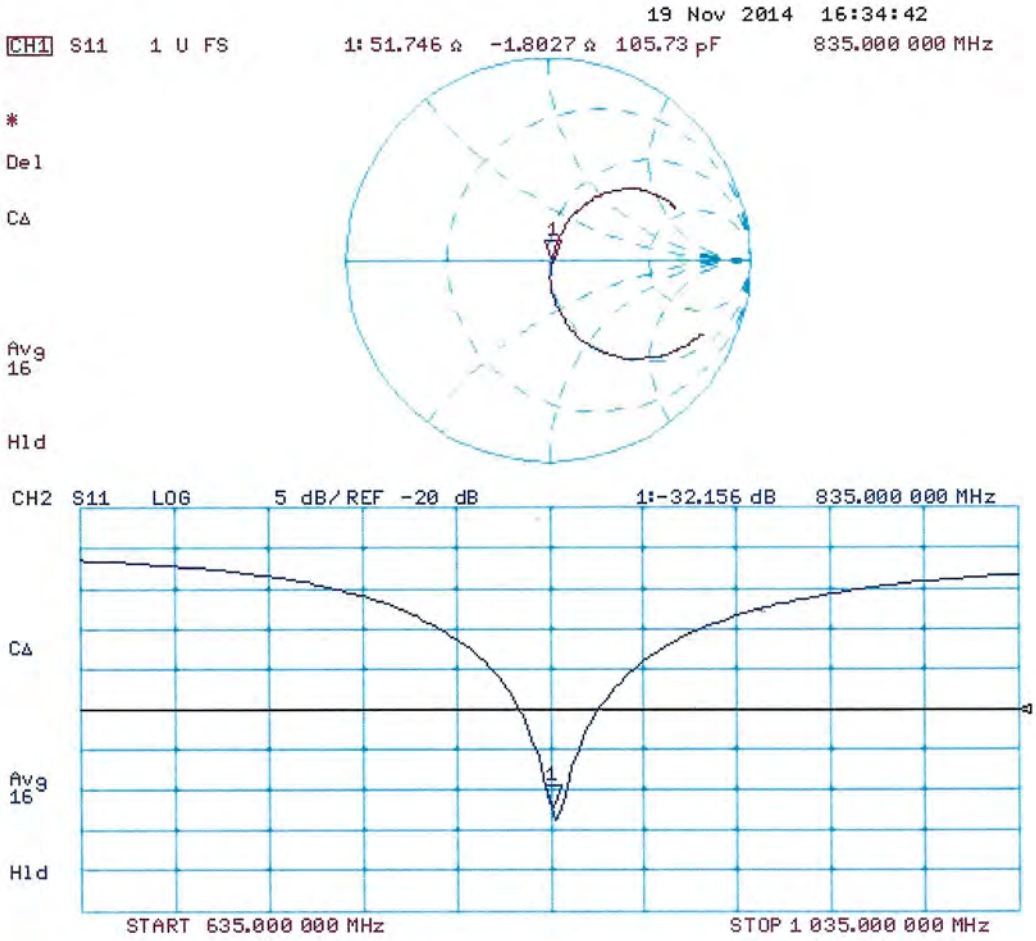
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 56.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.43 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.69 W/kg



0 dB = 2.69 W/kg = 4.30 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d091

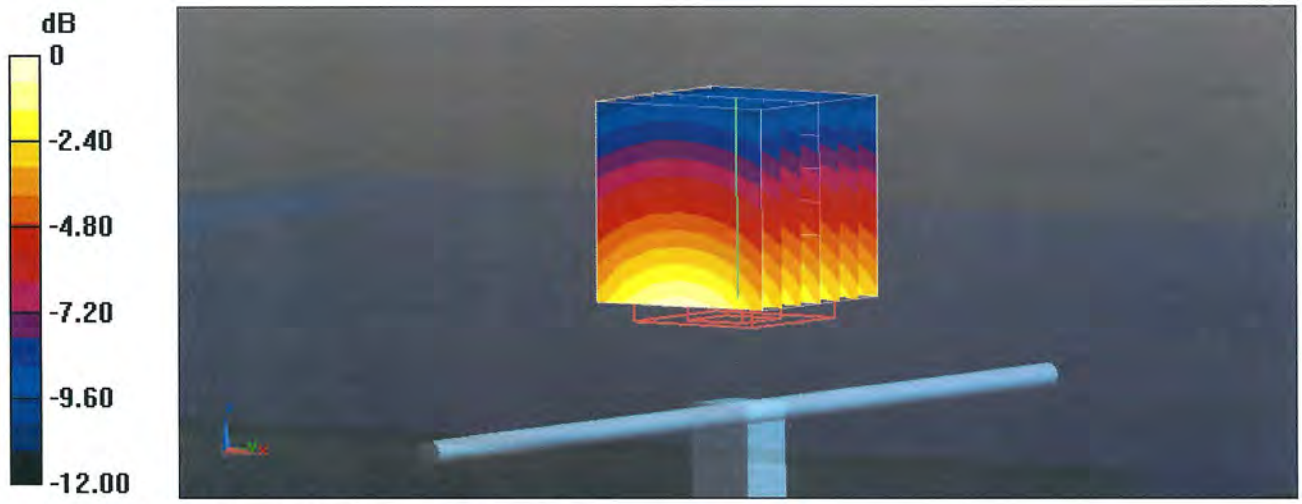
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 1.01 S/m; ε_r = 54.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.09, 6.09, 6.09); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 55.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.64 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.48 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.62 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.89 W/kg



0 dB = 2.89 W/kg = 4.61 dBW/kg