FCC SAR Test Report

Report No.	:	**SA160419W002**
Applicant	:	**ZTE Corporation**
Address	:	**ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park,Nanshan District, Shenzhen,Guangdong,P.R.China**
Product	:	**LTE/CDMA Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone**
FCC ID	:	**SRQ-Z862VL**
Brand	:	**ZTE**
Model No.	:	**Z862VL**
Standards	:	**FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) / IEEE C95.1:1992 / IEEE 1528:2013** **KDB 865664 D01 v01r04 / KDB 865664 D02 v01r02** **KDB 248227 D01 v02r02 / KDB 447498 D01 v06 / KDB 648474 D04 v01r03** **KDB 941225 D01 v03r01 / KDB 941225 D05 v02r05 / KDB 941225 D06 v02r01**
Sample Received Date	:	**May 18, 2016**
Date of Testing	:	**May 20, 2016 ~ May 25, 2016**

CERTIFICATION: The above equipment have been tested by **Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch – Lin Kou Laboratories**, and found compliance with the requirement of the above standards. The test record, data evaluation & Equipment Under Test (EUT) configurations represented herein are true and accurate accounts of the measurements of the sample's SAR characteristics under the conditions specified in this report. It should not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of our laboratory. The client should not use it to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any government agencies.

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Release Control Record

Report No.	Reason for Change	Date Issued
SA160419W002	Initial release	May 31, 2016

1. Summary of Maximum SAR Value

Equipment Class	Mode	Highest Reported Head SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Highest Reported Body-worn SAR_{1g} (1.0 cm Gap) (W/kg)	Highest Reported Hotspot SAR_{1g} (1.0 cm Gap) (W/kg)
PCE	CDMA BC0	0.28	0.60	0.61
	CDMA BC1	0.54	1.34	1.41
	LTE 2	0.41	1.30	1.30
	LTE 4	0.44	0.96	1.31
	LTE 13	0.33	0.60	0.60
DTS	2.4G WLAN	0.63	0.12	0.14
DSS	Bluetooth	N/A	N/A	N/A
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR		Head (W/kg)	Body-worn (W/kg)	Hotspot (W/kg)
PCE + DTS		1.06	1.44	1.41
PCE + DSS		N/A	1.53	N/A

Note:

1. The SAR limit **(Head & Body: SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg, Extremity: SAR_{10g} 4.0 W/kg)** for general population / uncontrolled exposure is specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992.

2. Description of Equipment Under Test

EUT Type	LTE/CDMA Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone
FCC ID	SRQ-Z862VL
Brand Name	ZTE
Model Name	Z862VL
HW Version	Z862VLHWV1.0
SW Version	Z862VLV0.0.0B02
Tx Frequency Bands (Unit: MHz)	CDMA BC0 : 824.7 ~ 848.31 CDMA BC1 : 1851.25 ~ 1908.75 LTE Band 2 : 1850.7 ~ 1909.3 (1.4M), 1851.5 ~ 1908.5 (3M), 1852.5 ~ 1907.5 (5M), 1855 ~ 1905 (10M), 1857.5 ~ 1902.5 (15M), 1860 ~ 1900 (20M) LTE Band 4 : 1710.7 ~ 1754.3 (1.4M), 1711.5 ~ 1753.5 (3M), 1712.5 ~ 1752.5 (5M), 1715 ~ 1750 (10M), 1717.5 ~ 1747.5 (15M), 1720 ~ 1745 (20M) LTE Band 13 : 779.5 ~ 784.5 (5M), 782 (10M) WLAN : 2412 ~ 2462, Bluetooth : 2402 ~ 2480
Uplink Modulations	CDMA : QPSK LTE : QPSK, 16QAM 802.11b : DSSS 802.11g/n: OFDM Bluetooth : GFSK, 8-DPSK, LE
Maximum Tune-up Conducted Power (Unit: dBm)	CDMA2000 BC0 : 24.0 CDMA2000 BC1 : 23.3 LTE Band 2 : 23.0 LTE Band 4 : 22.2 LTE Band 13 : 23.0 WLAN 2.4G : 18.0 Bluetooth : 9.5
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype

Note:

1. The above EUT information is declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description please refers to the manufacturer's specifications or User's Manual.

List of Accessory:

Battery	**Brand Name**	ZTE
	Model Name	Li3925T44P8h786035
	Power Rating	3.85Vdc, 2560mAh
	Type	Li-ion

3. SAR Measurement System

3.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}|\mathbf{E}|^2}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

3.2 SPEAG DASY System

DASY system consists of high precision robot, probe alignment sensor, phantom, robot controller, controlled measurement server and near-field probe. The robot includes six axes that can move to the precision position of the DASY5 software defined. The DASY software can define the area that is detected by the probe. The robot is connected to controlled box. Controlled measurement server is connected to the controlled robot box. The DAE includes amplifier, signal multiplexing, AD converter, offset measurement and surface detection. It is connected to the Electro-optical coupler (ECO). The ECO performs the conversion form the optical into digital electric signal of the DAE and transfers data to the PC.

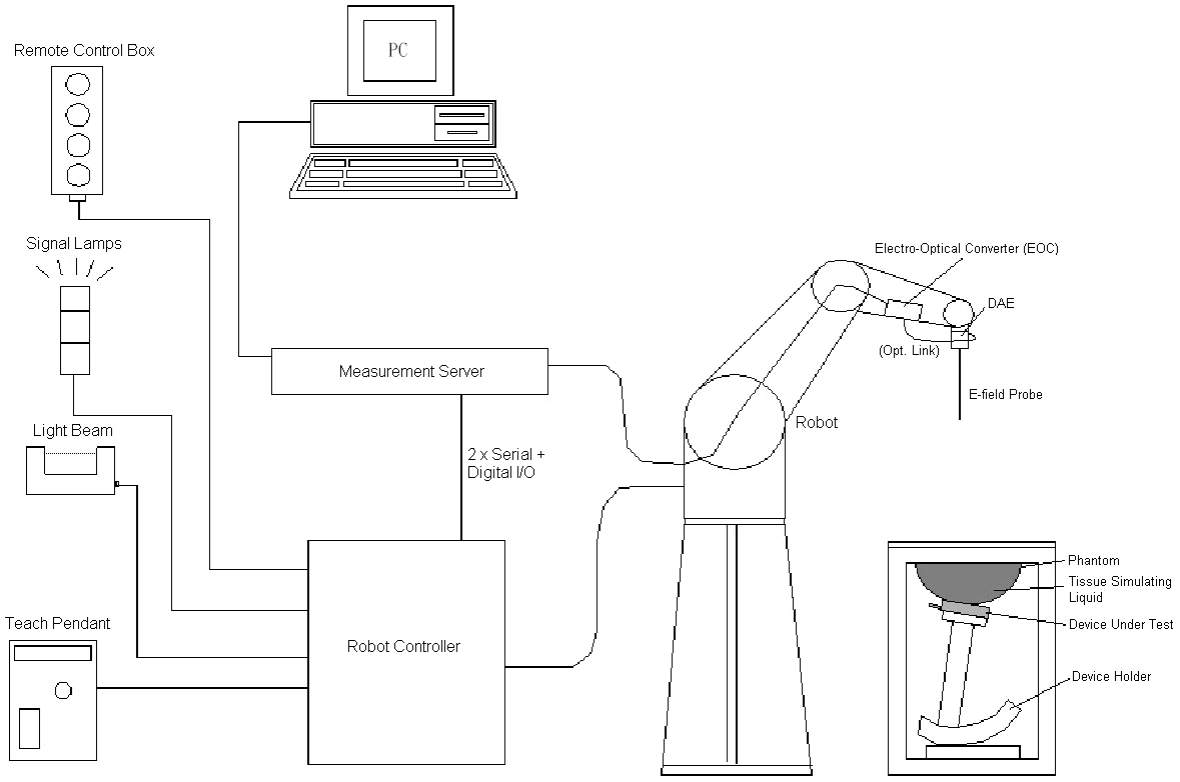


Fig-3.1 DASY System Setup

3.2.1 Robot

The DASY system uses the high precision robots from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

Fig-3.2 DASY5

3.2.2 Probes

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe. The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency.

Model	EX3DV4	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm	

Model	ES3DV3	
Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core. Interleaved sensors. Built-in shielding against static charges. PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE).	
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)	
Dynamic Range	5 µW/g to 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB	
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm	

3.2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3, DAE4	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 fA	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

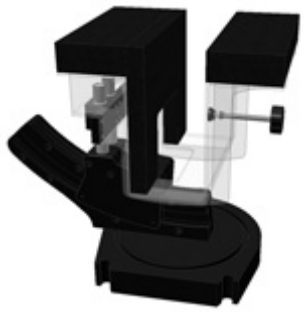
3.2.4 Phantoms

Model	Twin SAM	
Construction	The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	

Model	ELI	
Construction	Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.	
Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	

3.2.5 Device Holder

Model	Mounting Device	
Construction	In combination with the Twin SAM Phantom or ELI4, the Mounting Device enables the rotation of the mounted transmitter device in spherical coordinates. Rotation point is the ear opening point. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC, IEEE, FCC or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat).	
Material	POM	

Model	Laptop Extensions Kit	
Construction	Simple but effective and easy-to-use extension for Mounting Device that facilitates the testing of larger devices according to IEC 62209-2 (e.g., laptops, cameras, etc.). It is lightweight and fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting Device in place of the phone positioner.	
Material	POM, Acrylic glass, Foam	

3.2.6 System Validation Dipoles

Model	D-Serial	
Construction	Symmetrical dipole with l/4 balun. Enables measurement of feed point impedance with NWA. Matched for use near flat phantoms filled with tissue simulating solutions.	
Frequency	750 MHz to 5800 MHz	
Return Loss	> 20 dB	
Power Capability	> 100 W (f < 1GHz), > 40 W (f > 1GHz)	

3.2.7 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5% are listed in Table-3.1.

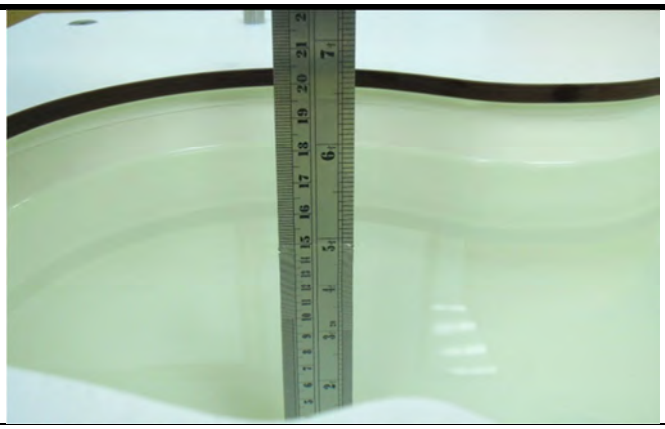
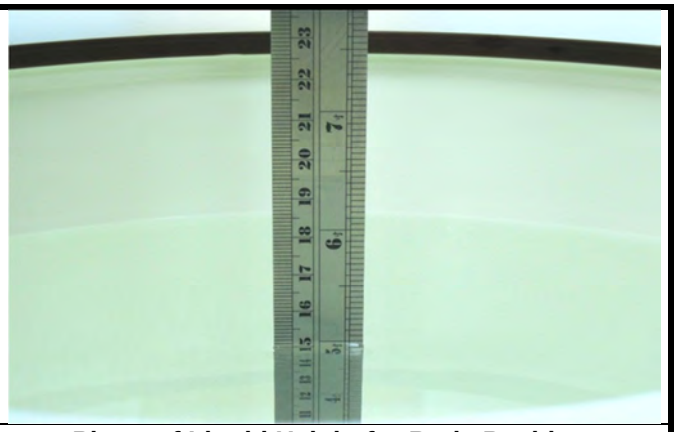
	

Photo of Liquid Height for Head Position	**Photo of Liquid Height for Body Position**

The dielectric properties of the head tissue simulating liquids are defined in IEEE 1528, and KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. For the body tissue simulating liquids, the dielectric properties are defined in KDB 865664 D01 Appendix A. The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a dielectric assessment kit and a network analyzer.

Table-3.1 Targets of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Frequency (MHz)	Target Permittivity	Range of ±5%	Target Conductivity	Range of ±5%
For Head				
750	41.9	39.8 ~ 44.0	0.89	0.85 ~ 0.93
835	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.90	0.86 ~ 0.95
900	41.5	39.4 ~ 43.6	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
1450	40.5	38.5 ~ 42.5	1.20	1.14 ~ 1.26
1640	40.3	38.3 ~ 42.3	1.29	1.23 ~ 1.35
1750	40.1	38.1 ~ 42.1	1.37	1.30 ~ 1.44
1800	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1900	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2000	40.0	38.0 ~ 42.0	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
2300	39.5	37.5 ~ 41.5	1.67	1.59 ~ 1.75
2450	39.2	37.2 ~ 41.2	1.80	1.71 ~ 1.89
2600	39.0	37.1 ~ 41.0	1.96	1.86 ~ 2.06
3500	37.9	36.0 ~ 39.8	2.91	2.76 ~ 3.06
5200	36.0	34.2 ~ 37.8	4.66	4.43 ~ 4.89
5300	35.9	34.1 ~ 37.7	4.76	4.52 ~ 5.00
5500	35.6	33.8 ~ 37.4	4.96	4.71 ~ 5.21
5600	35.5	33.7 ~ 37.3	5.07	4.82 ~ 5.32
5800	35.3	33.5 ~ 37.1	5.27	5.01 ~ 5.53
For Body				
750	55.5	52.7 ~ 58.3	0.96	0.91 ~ 1.01
835	55.2	52.4 ~ 58.0	0.97	0.92 ~ 1.02
900	55.0	52.3 ~ 57.8	1.05	1.00 ~ 1.10
1450	54.0	51.3 ~ 56.7	1.30	1.24 ~ 1.37
1640	53.8	51.1 ~ 56.5	1.40	1.33 ~ 1.47
1750	53.4	50.7 ~ 56.1	1.49	1.42 ~ 1.56
1800	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
1900	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2000	53.3	50.6 ~ 56.0	1.52	1.44 ~ 1.60
2300	52.9	50.3 ~ 55.5	1.81	1.72 ~ 1.90
2450	52.7	50.1 ~ 55.3	1.95	1.85 ~ 2.05
2600	52.5	49.9 ~ 55.1	2.16	2.05 ~ 2.27
3500	51.3	48.7 ~ 53.9	3.31	3.14 ~ 3.48
5200	49.0	46.6 ~ 51.5	5.30	5.04 ~ 5.57
5300	48.9	46.5 ~ 51.3	5.42	5.15 ~ 5.69
5500	48.6	46.2 ~ 51.0	5.65	5.37 ~ 5.93
5600	48.5	46.1 ~ 50.9	5.77	5.48 ~ 6.06
5800	48.2	45.8 ~ 50.6	6.00	5.70 ~ 6.30

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquids.

Table-3.2 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

Tissue Type	Bactericide	DGBE	HEC	NaCl	Sucrose	Triton X-100	Water	Diethylene Glycol Mono-hexylether
H750	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	56.0	-	42.1	-
H835	0.2	-	0.2	1.5	57.0	-	41.1	-
H900	0.2	-	0.2	1.4	58.0	-	40.2	-
H1450	-	43.3	-	0.6	-	-	56.1	-
H1640	-	45.8	-	0.5	-	-	53.7	-
H1750	-	47.0	-	0.4	-	-	52.6	-
H1800	-	44.5	-	0.3	-	-	55.2	-
H1900	-	44.5	-	0.2	-	-	55.3	-
H2000	-	44.5	-	0.1	-	-	55.4	-
H2300	-	44.9	-	0.1	-	-	55.0	-
H2450	-	45.0	-	0.1	-	-	54.9	-
H2600	-	45.1	-	0.1	-	-	54.8	-
H3500	-	28.0	-	0.2	-	20.0	71.8	-
H5G	-	-	-	-	-	17.2	65.5	17.3
B750	0.2	-	0.2	0.8	48.8	-	50.0	-
B835	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.5	-	50.2	-
B900	0.2	-	0.2	0.9	48.2	-	50.5	-
B1450	-	34.0	-	0.3	-	-	65.7	-
B1640	-	32.5	-	0.3	-	-	67.2	-
B1750	-	31.0	-	0.2	-	-	68.8	-
B1800	-	29.5	-	0.4	-	-	70.1	-
B1900	-	29.5	-	0.3	-	-	70.2	-
B2000	-	30.0	-	0.2	-	-	69.8	-
B2300	-	31.0	-	0.1	-	-	68.9	-
B2450	-	31.4	-	0.1	-	-	68.5	-
B2600	-	31.8	-	0.1	-	-	68.1	-
B3500	-	28.8	-	0.1	-	-	71.1	-
B5G	-	-	-	-	-	10.7	78.6	10.7

3.3 SAR System Verification

The system check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. It is performed daily or before every SAR measurement. The system check uses normal SAR measurements in the flat section of the phantom with a matched dipole at a specified distance. The system verification setup is shown as below.

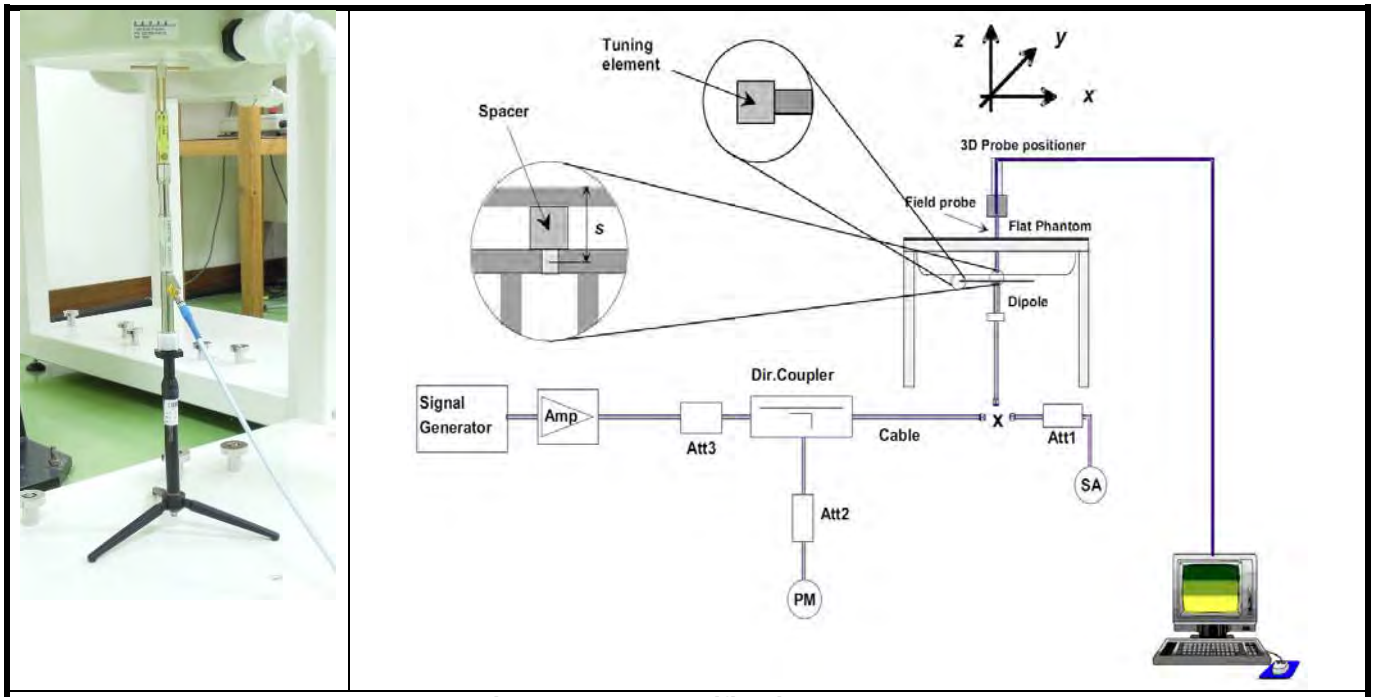


Fig-3.4 System Verification Setup

The validation dipole is placed beneath the flat phantom with the specific spacer in place. The distance spacer is touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The spectrum analyzer measures the forward power at the location of the system check dipole connector. The signal generator is adjusted for the desired forward power (250 mW is used for 700 MHz to 3 GHz, 100 mW is used for 3.5 GHz to 6 GHz) at the dipole connector and the power meter is read at that level. After connecting the cable to the dipole, the signal generator is readjusted for the same reading at power meter.

After system check testing, the SAR result will be normalized to 1W forward input power and compared with the reference SAR value derived from validation dipole certificate report. The deviation of system check should be within 10 %.

3.4 SAR Measurement Procedure

According to the SAR test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

(a) Power reference measurement
(b) Area scan
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

The SAR measurement procedures for each of test conditions are as follows:

(a) Make EUT to transmit maximum output power
(b) Measure conducted output power through RF cable
(c) Place the EUT in the specific position of phantom
(d) Perform SAR testing steps on the DASY system
(e) Record the SAR value

3.4.1 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. According to KDB 865664 D01, the resolution for Area and Zoom scan is specified in the table below.

Items	<= 2 GHz	2-3 GHz	3-4 GHz	4-5 GHz	5-6 GHz
Area Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 15 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 12 mm	<= 10 mm	<= 10 mm
Zoom Scan (Δx, Δy)	<= 8 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 4 mm
Zoom Scan (Δz)	<= 5 mm	<= 5 mm	<= 4 mm	<= 3 mm	<= 2 mm
Zoom Scan Volume	>= 30 mm	>= 30 mm	>= 28 mm	>= 25 mm	>= 22 mm

Note:

When zoom scan is required and report SAR is <= 1.4 W/kg, the zoom scan resolution of Δx / Δy (2-3GHz: <= 8 mm, 3-4GHz: <= 7 mm, 4-6GHz: <= 5 mm) may be applied.

3.4.2 Volume Scan Procedure

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

3.4.3 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drift more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

3.4.4 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
(c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

3.4.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard’s method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

4. SAR Measurement Evaluation

4.1 EUT Configuration and Setting

<Connections between EUT and System Simulator>

For WWAN SAR testing, the EUT was linked and controlled by base station emulator (Agilent E5515C is used for GSM/WCDMA/CDMA, and Anritsu MT8820C is used for LTE). Communication between the EUT and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the communicating antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT. The EUT was set from the emulator to radiate maximum output power during SAR testing.

<Considerations Related to CDMA for Setup and Testing>

CDMA 1xRTT Handsets Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured in RC3 with the handset configured to transmit at full rate in SO55. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to RC1 with RC3 as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is required for the channel with maximum measured output in RC1 using the head exposure configuration that results in the highest reported SAR in RC3.

CDMA 1xRTT Handsets Body-worn SAR

Body-worn SAR is measured in RC3 with the handset configured in TDSO/SO32 to transmit at full rate on FCH only with all other code channels disabled. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to the multiple code channel configuration (FCH + SCH_n), with FCH only as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is required for multiple code channel configuration (FCH + SCH_n), with FCH at full rate and SCH_0 enabled at 9600 bps, using the highest reported SAR configuration for FCH only. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to body-worn SAR in RC1 with RC3 as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is required for RC1, with SO55 and full rate, using the highest reported SAR configuration for body-worn exposure in RC3.

Handsets with built-in EV-DO

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to EV-DO Rev. 0 with 1xRTT RC3 as the primary mode to determine body-worn test requirements. Otherwise, body-worn SAR is required for Rev. 0, at 153.6 kbps, using the highest reported SAR configuration for body-worn exposure in RC3. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied separately to Rev. A and Rev. B, with Rev. 0 as the primary mode to determine body-worn SAR test requirements. When SAR is not required for Rev. 0, the 3G SAR test reduction is applied with 1xRTT RC3 as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is required for Rev. A or Rev. B, with a Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and a Termination Target of 16 slots defined for Subtype 2 and 3 Physical Layer configurations, using the highest reported SAR configuration for body-worn exposure in Rev. 0 or RC3, as appropriate. A Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2 kbps with ACK Channel transmitting in all slots is configured in the downlink for Rev. 0, Rev. A and Rev. B.

EV-DO Data Devices

SAR is measured using the F/R TAP configurations required for Rev. 0, Rev. A and Rev. B. The AT is tested with a Reverse Data Channel rate of 153.6 kbps in Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations. A Reverse Data Channel payload size of 4096 bits and Termination Target of 16 slots are used for Subtype 2 and 3. FTAP, FETAP and FMCTAP are all configured with a Forward Traffic Channel data rate corresponding to the 2-slot version of 307.2

kbps with ACK Channel transmitting in all slots. AT power control is in “All Bits Up” conditions for the TAP / ETAP / MCTAP. Body-worn and other body SAR are measured using Subtype 0/1 Physical Layer configurations for Rev. 0. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to Rev. A, Subtype 2 Physical layer configuration, with Rev. 0 as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for Rev. A using the highest reported SAR configuration for body-worn exposure in Rev. 0. SAR is required for Rev. B, Subtype 3; it is measured by applying both the “test 2” and “test 3” configurations used for power measurement.

EV-DO Data Devices Support 1xRTT

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 1xRTT RC3 and RC1 with EV-DO Rev. 0, Rev. A and Rev. B as the respective primary modes. Otherwise, the “CDMA 1xRTT Handsets Body-worn SAR” procedures are applied.

<Considerations Related to LTE for Setup and Testing>

This device contains LTE transmitter which follows 3GPP standards, is category 3, supports both QPSK and 16QAM modulations, and supported LTE band and channel bandwidth is listed in below. The output power was tested per 3GPP TS 36.521-1 maximum transmit procedures for both QPSK and 16QAM modulation. The results please refer to section 4.6 of this report.

EUT Supported LTE Band and Channel Bandwidth						
LTE Band	BW 1.4 MHz	BW 3 MHz	BW 5 MHz	BW 10 MHz	BW 15 MHz	BW 20 MHz
2	V	V	V	V	V	V
4	V	V	V	V	V	V
13			V	V		

The LTE maximum power reduction (MPR) in accordance with 3GPP TS 36.101 is active all times during LTE operation. The allowed MPR for the maximum output power is specified in below.

Modulation	Channel Bandwidth / RB Configurations						LTE MPR Setting (dB)
	BW 1.4 MHz	BW 3 MHz	BW 5 MHz	BW 10 MHz	BW 15 MHz	BW 20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	1
16QAM	<= 5	<= 4	<= 8	<= 12	<= 16	<= 18	1
16QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	2

Note: MPR is according to the standard and implemented in the circuit (mandatory).

In addition, the device is compliant with additional maximum power reduction (A-MPR) requirements defined in 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.4 that was disabled for all FCC compliance testing.

During LTE SAR testing, the related parameters of operating band, channel bandwidth, uplink channel number, modulation type, and RB was set in base station simulator. When the EUT has registered and communicated to base station simulator, the simulator set to make EUT transmitting the maximum radiated power.

<Considerations Related to WLAN for Setup and Testing>

In general, various vendor specific external test software and chipset based internal test modes are typically used for SAR measurement. These chipset based test mode utilities are generally hardware and manufacturer dependent, and often include substantial flexibility to reconfigure or reprogram a device. A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest

transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement. The test frequencies established using test mode must correspond to the actual channel frequencies. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92 - 96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. In addition, a periodic transmission duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR correctly. The reported SAR must be scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

According to KDB 248227 D01, this device has installed WLAN engineering testing software which can provide continuous transmitting RF signal. During WLAN SAR testing, this device was operated to transmit continuously at the maximum transmission duty with specified transmission mode, operating frequency, lowest data rate, and maximum output power.

Initial Test Configuration

An initial test configuration is determined for OFDM transmission modes in 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands according to the channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combination(s) with the highest maximum output power specified for production units in each standalone and aggregated frequency band. When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel in the initial test configuration, for each frequency band.

Subsequent Test Configuration

SAR measurement requirements for the remaining 802.11 transmission mode configurations that have not been tested in the initial test configuration are determined separately for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, in each exposure condition, according to the maximum output power specified for production units. Additional power measurements may be required to determine if SAR measurements are required for subsequent highest output power channels in a subsequent test configuration. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration according to the initial test position or fixed exposure position requirements, is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for that subsequent test configuration.

SAR Test Configuration and Channel Selection

When multiple channel bandwidth configurations in a frequency band have the same specified maximum output power, the initial test configuration is using largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate, and lowest order 802.11 mode (i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n). After an initial test configuration is determined, if multiple test channels have the same measured maximum output power, the channel chosen for SAR measurement is determined according to the following.

1) The channel closest to mid-band frequency is selected for SAR measurement.

2) For channels with equal separation from mid-band frequency; for example, high and low channels or two mid-band channels, the higher frequency (number) channel is selected for SAR measurement.

4.2 EUT Testing Position

According to KDB 648474 D04, handsets are tested for SAR compliance in head, body-worn accessory and other use configurations described in the following subsections.

4.2.1 Head Exposure Conditions

Head exposure is limited to next to the ear voice mode operations. Head SAR compliance is tested according to the test positions defined in IEEE Std 1528-2003 using the SAM phantom illustrated as below.

1. Define two imaginary lines on the handset

(a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset - the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.

(b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.

(c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

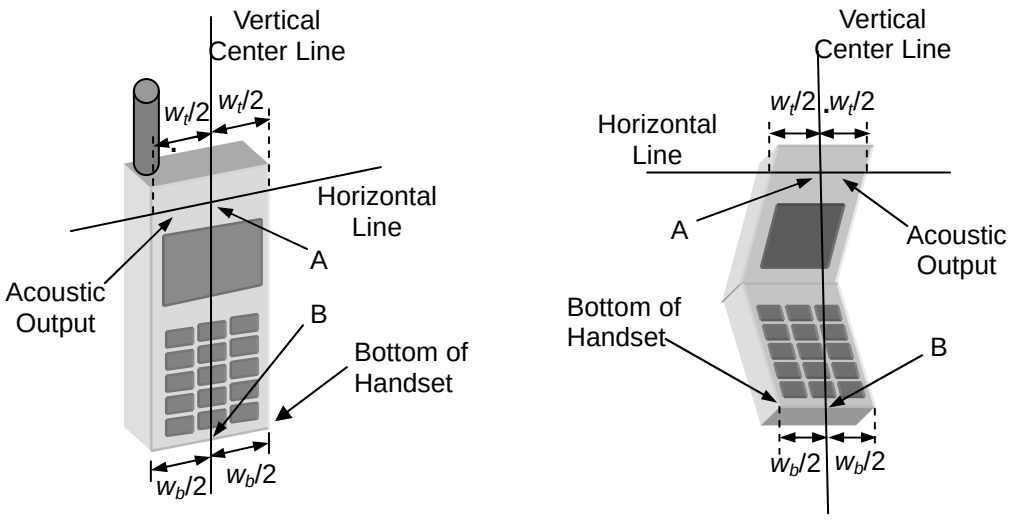


Fig-4.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

2. Cheek Position

(a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.

(b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until

contact with the ear is lost (see Fig-4.2).

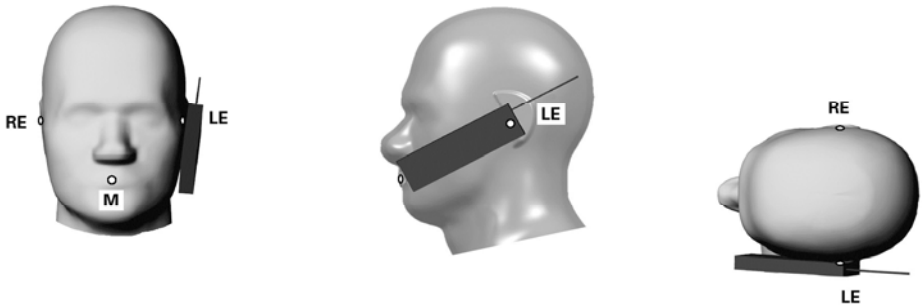


Fig-4.2 Illustration for Cheek Position

3. Tilted Position

(a) To position the device in the “cheek” position described above.

(b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig-4.3).

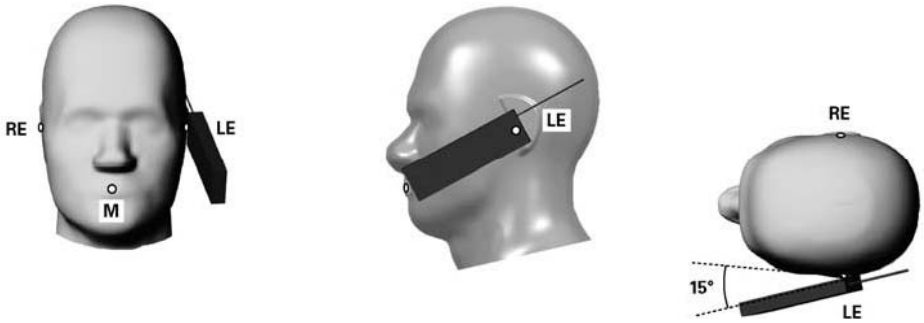


Fig-4.3 Illustration for Tilted Position

4.2.2 Body-worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 D01 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required.

A conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be acquired by users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance <= 5 mm to support compliance.

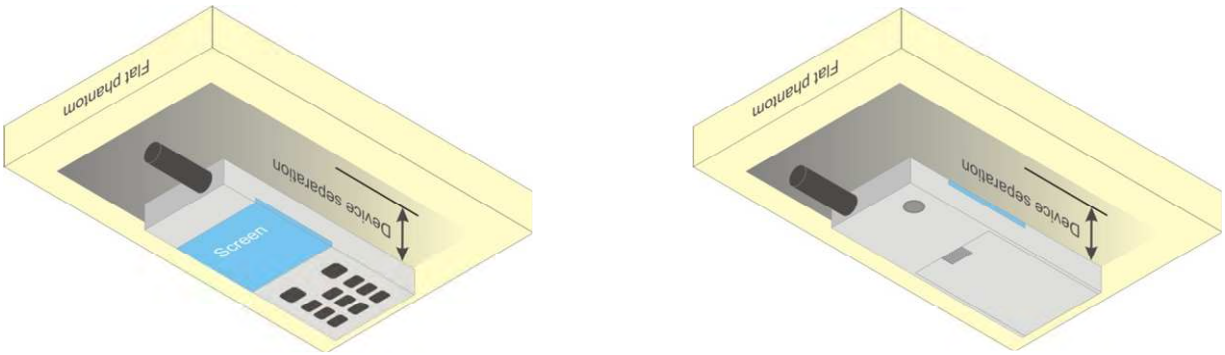
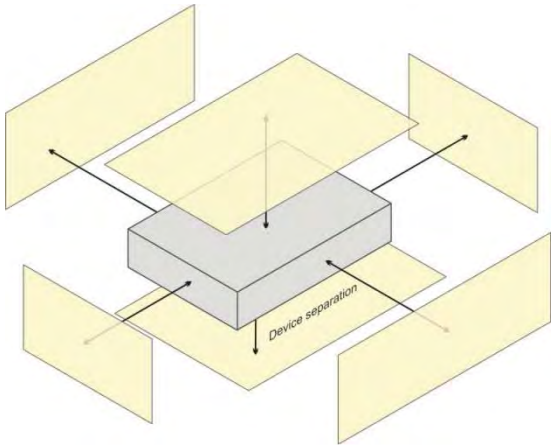


Fig-4.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

4.2.3 Hotspot Mode Exposure Conditions

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225 D06. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).



Based on the antenna location shown on appendix D of this report, the SAR testing required for hotspot mode is listed as below.

Antenna	Front Face	Rear Face	Left Side	Right Side	Top Side	Bottom Side
WWAN Ant	V	V	V	V		V
WLAN / BT	V	V	V		V	

4.2.4 SAR Test Exclusion Evaluations

According to KDB 447498 D01, the SAR test exclusion condition is based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The SAR exclusion threshold is determined by the following formula.

$$\frac{\mathbf{Max.\ Tune\ up\ Power_{(mW)}}}{\mathbf{Min.\ Test\ Separation\ Distance_{(mm)}}} \times \sqrt{\mathbf{f_{(GHz)}}} \leq 3.0 \text{ for SAR-1g, } \leq 7.5 \text{ for SAR-10g}$$

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Mode	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Tune-up Power (mW)	Body-Worn		
			Ant. to Surface (mm)	Calculated Result	Require SAR Testing?
BT (2.48	9.5	8.91	10	1.4	No

Note:

1. When separation distance <= 50 mm and the calculated result shown in above table is <= 3.0 for SAR-1g exposure condition, or <= 7.5 for SAR-10g exposure condition, the SAR testing exclusion is applied.

4.2.5 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The simultaneous transmission possibilities for this device are listed as below.

Simultaneous TX Combination	Capable Transmit Configurations	Head (Voice / VoIP)	Body-worn (Voice / VoIP)	Hotspot (Data)
1	CDMA BC0 (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	CDMA BC1 (Voice / Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
3	LTE 2 (Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
4	LTE 4 (Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
5	LTE 13 (Data) + WLAN (Data)	Yes	Yes	Yes
6	CDMA BC0 (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
7	CDMA BC1 (Voice / Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
8	LTE 2 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
9	LTE 4 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No
10	LTE 13 (Data) + BT (Data)	No	Yes	No

Note :

1. The WLAN and Bluetooth cannot transmit simultaneously, so there is no co-location test requirement for WLAN and Bluetooth.

4.3 Tissue Verification

The measuring results for tissue simulating liquid are shown as below.

Test Date	Tissue Type	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε_r)	Target Conductivity (σ)	Target Permittivity (ε_r)	Conductivity Deviation (%)	Permittivity Deviation (%)
May. 20, 2016	H750	750	21.5	0.892	41.542	0.89	41.90	0.22	-0.85
May. 25, 2016	H850	835	21.5	0.894	41.663	0.90	41.50	-0.67	0.39
May. 21, 2016	H1750	1750	21.4	1.413	41.046	1.37	40.10	3.14	2.36
May. 21, 2016	H1900	1900	21.4	1.396	38.566	1.40	40.00	-0.29	-3.58
May. 25, 2016	H1900	1900	21.4	1.425	41.558	1.40	40.00	1.79	3.90
May. 22, 2016	H2450	2450	21.3	1.832	38.425	1.80	39.20	1.78	-1.98
May. 25, 2016	B750	750	21.4	0.963	53.779	0.96	55.50	0.31	-3.10
May. 25, 2016	B850	835	21.4	0.992	55.575	0.97	55.20	2.27	0.68
May. 23, 2016	B1750	1750	21.1	1.470	53.682	1.49	53.40	-1.34	0.53
May. 22, 2016	B1900	1900	21.2	1.506	52.307	1.52	53.30	-0.92	-1.86
May. 24, 2016	B2450	2450	21.3	1.906	51.411	1.95	52.70	-2.26	-2.45

Note:

The dielectric properties of the tissue simulating liquid must be measured within 24 hours before the SAR testing and within ±5% of the target values. Liquid temperature during the SAR testing must be within ±2 ℃.

4.4 System Validation

The SAR measurement system was validated according to procedures in KDB 865664 D01. The validation status in tabulated summary is as below.

Test Date	Probe S/N	Calibration Point		Measured Conductivity (σ)	Measured Permittivity (ε_r)	Validation for CW			Validation for Modulation		
						Sensitivity Range	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Modulation Type	Duty Factor	PAR
May. 20, 2016	3873	Head	750	0.892	41.542	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
May. 25, 2016	3873	Head	835	0.894	41.663	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
May. 21, 2016	3873	Head	1750	1.413	41.046	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
May. 21, 2016	3873	Head	1900	1.396	38.566	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
May. 25, 2016	3873	Head	1900	1.425	41.558	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
May. 22, 2016	3873	Head	2450	1.832	38.425	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
May. 25, 2016	3873	Body	750	0.963	53.779	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
May. 25, 2016	3873	Body	835	0.992	55.575	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
May. 23, 2016	3873	Body	1750	1.470	53.682	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
May. 22, 2016	3873	Body	1900	1.506	52.307	Pass	Pass	Pass	N/A	N/A	N/A
May. 24, 2016	3873	Body	2450	1.906	51.411	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass

4.5 System Verification

The measuring result for system verification is tabulated as below.

Test Date	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	1W Target SAR-1g (W/kg)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W SAR-1g (W/kg)	Deviation (%)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N
May. 20, 2016	Head	750	8.07	2.03	8.12	0.62	1067	3873	1341
May. 25, 2016	Head	835	9.11	2.35	9.40	3.18	4d139	3873	1341
May. 21, 2016	Head	1750	36.90	9.84	39.36	6.67	1071	3873	1341
May. 21, 2016	Head	1900	40.70	9.61	38.44	-5.55	5d159	3873	1341
May. 25, 2016	Head	1900	40.70	9.81	39.24	-3.59	5d159	3873	1341
May. 22, 2016	Head	2450	53.00	12.80	51.20	-3.40	893	3873	1341
May. 25, 2016	Body	750	8.40	2.08	8.32	-0.95	1067	3873	1341
May. 25, 2016	Body	835	9.28	2.31	9.24	-0.43	4d139	3873	1341
May. 23, 2016	Body	1750	37.50	10.10	40.40	7.73	1071	3873	1341
May. 22, 2016	Body	1900	40.00	10.20	40.80	2.00	5d159	3873	1341
May. 24, 2016	Body	2450	51.10	13.30	53.20	4.11	893	3873	1341

Note:

Comparing to the reference SAR value provided by SPEAG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %. The result indicates the system check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

4.6 Maximum Output Power

4.6.1 Maximum Conducted Power

The maximum conducted average power (Unit: dBm) including tune-up tolerance is shown as below.

Mode	CDMA BC0	CDMA BC1
1xRTT	24.0	23.3
1xEVDO Rev.0	24.0	23.3
1xEVDO Rev.A	24.0	23.3

Mode	LTE 2	LTE 4	LTE 13
QPSK / 16QAM	23.0	22.2	23.0

Mode	2.4G WLAN
802.11b	18.0
802.11g	16.5
802.11n HT20	14.5
802.11n HT40	14.5

Mode	2.4G Bluetooth
GFSK	9.5
8DPSK	8.5
LE	9.5

4.6.2 Measured Conducted Power Result

The measuring conducted average power (Unit: dBm) is shown as below.

Band	CDMA BC0			CDMA BC1		
Channel	**1013**	**384**	**777**	**25**	**600**	**1175**
Frequency (MHz)	**824.70**	**836.52**	**848.31**	**1851.25**	**1880.00**	**1908.75**
1xRTT RC1+SO55	23.83	23.74	23.75	23.23	23.18	22.97
1xRTT RC3+SO55	**23.95**	23.92	23.78	**23.27**	23.24	23.00
1xRTT RC3+SO32 (FCH)	23.89	23.79	23.78	23.15	23.11	22.89
1xRTT RC3+SO32 (SCH)	23.81	23.84	23.78	23.12	23.07	22.88
1xEVDO Rev.0 RTAP 153.6	23.87	23.81	23.69	23.15	23.09	23.06
1xEVDO Rev.A RETAP 4096	23.77	23.75	23.68	23.11	23.01	22.85

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 18607 1850.7 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 19193 1909.3 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 18607 1850.7 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 19193 1909.3 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
2 / 1.4M	1	0	22.62	22.63	22.52	0	21.44	21.60	21.59	1
	1	2	22.38	22.32	22.31	0	21.24	21.36	21.47	1
	1	5	22.17	22.35	22.26	0	21.26	21.49	21.54	1
	3	0	22.61	22.62	22.51	0	21.42	21.58	21.57	1
	3	1	22.37	22.31	22.30	0	21.22	21.34	21.45	1
	3	3	22.16	22.34	22.25	0	21.24	21.47	21.52	1
	6	0	21.54	21.57	21.56	1	20.58	20.38	20.30	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 18615 1851.5 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 19185 1908.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 18615 1851.5 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 19185 1908.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
2 / 3M	1	0	22.65	22.66	22.55	0	21.47	21.63	21.62	1
	1	7	22.41	22.35	22.34	0	21.27	21.39	21.50	1
	1	14	22.20	22.38	22.29	0	21.29	21.52	21.57	1
	8	0	21.64	21.69	21.55	1	20.54	20.51	20.51	2
	8	3	21.63	21.46	21.54	1	20.38	20.32	20.40	2
	8	7	21.58	21.42	21.50	1	20.47	20.30	20.47	2
	15	0	21.57	21.60	21.59	1	20.61	20.41	20.33	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 18625 1852.5 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 19175 1907.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 18625 1852.5 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 19175 1907.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
2 / 5M	1	0	22.68	22.69	22.58	0	21.50	21.66	21.65	1
	1	12	22.44	22.38	22.37	0	21.30	21.42	21.53	1
	1	24	22.23	22.41	22.32	0	21.32	21.55	21.60	1
	12	0	21.67	21.72	21.58	1	20.57	20.54	20.54	2
	12	6	21.66	21.49	21.57	1	20.41	20.35	20.43	2
	12	13	21.61	21.45	21.53	1	20.50	20.33	20.50	2
	25	0	21.60	21.63	21.62	1	20.64	20.44	20.36	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 18650 1855.0 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 19150 1905.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 18650 1855.0 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 19150 1905.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
2 / 10M	1	0	22.70	22.71	22.60	0	21.52	21.68	21.67	1
	1	24	22.46	22.40	22.39	0	21.32	21.44	21.55	1
	1	49	22.25	22.43	22.34	0	21.34	21.57	21.62	1
	25	0	21.69	21.74	21.60	1	20.59	20.56	20.56	2
	25	12	21.68	21.51	21.59	1	20.43	20.37	20.45	2
	25	25	21.63	21.47	21.55	1	20.52	20.35	20.52	2
	50	0	21.62	21.65	21.64	1	20.66	20.46	20.38	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 18675 1857.5 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 19125 1902.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 18675 1857.5 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 19125 1902.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
2 / 15M	1	0	22.73	22.74	22.63	0	21.55	21.71	21.70	1
	1	37	22.49	22.43	22.42	0	21.35	21.47	21.58	1
	1	74	22.28	22.46	22.37	0	21.37	21.60	21.65	1
	36	0	21.72	21.77	21.63	1	20.62	20.59	20.59	2
	36	19	21.71	21.54	21.62	1	20.46	20.40	20.48	2
	36	39	21.66	21.50	21.58	1	20.55	20.38	20.55	2
	75	0	21.65	21.68	21.67	1	20.69	20.49	20.41	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 18700 1860.0 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 19100 1900.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 18700 1860.0 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 18900 1880.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 19100 1900.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
2 / 20M	1	0	22.78	**22.79**	22.68	0	21.60	21.76	21.75	1
	1	50	22.54	22.48	22.47	0	21.40	21.52	21.63	1
	1	99	22.33	22.51	22.42	0	21.42	21.65	21.70	1
	50	0	21.77	21.82	21.68	1	20.67	20.64	20.64	2
	50	25	21.76	21.59	21.67	1	20.51	20.45	20.53	2
	50	50	21.71	21.55	21.63	1	20.60	20.43	20.60	2
	100	0	21.70	21.73	21.72	1	20.74	20.54	20.46	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 19957 1710.7 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	QPSK High CH 20393 1754.3 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 19957 1710.7 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	16QAM High CH 20393 1754.3 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
4 / 1.4M	1	0	21.82	21.93	21.94	0	20.75	20.85	20.89	1
	1	2	21.66	21.54	21.64	0	20.77	20.76	20.80	1
	1	5	21.81	21.71	21.85	0	20.74	20.79	20.91	1
	3	0	21.80	21.91	21.92	0	20.74	20.84	20.88	1
	3	1	21.64	21.52	21.62	0	20.76	20.75	20.79	1
	3	3	21.79	21.69	21.83	0	20.73	20.78	20.90	1
	6	0	20.84	20.73	20.89	1	19.78	19.67	19.75	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 19965 1711.5 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	QPSK High CH 20385 1753.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 19965 1711.5 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	16QAM High CH 20385 1753.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
4 / 3M	1	0	21.83	21.94	21.95	0	20.76	20.86	20.90	1
	1	7	21.67	21.55	21.65	0	20.78	20.77	20.81	1
	1	14	21.82	21.72	21.86	0	20.75	20.80	20.92	1
	8	0	20.81	20.79	20.82	1	19.64	19.82	19.64	2
	8	3	20.79	20.69	20.78	1	19.63	19.74	19.57	2
	8	7	20.72	20.80	20.75	1	19.85	19.83	19.57	2
	15	0	20.85	20.74	20.90	1	19.79	19.68	19.76	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 19975 1712.5 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	QPSK High CH 20375 1752.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 19975 1712.5 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	16QAM High CH 20375 1752.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
4 / 5M	1	0	21.86	21.97	21.98	0	20.79	20.89	20.93	1
	1	12	21.70	21.58	21.68	0	20.81	20.80	20.84	1
	1	24	21.85	21.75	21.89	0	20.78	20.83	20.95	1
	12	0	20.84	20.82	20.85	1	19.67	19.85	19.67	2
	12	6	20.82	20.72	20.81	1	19.66	19.77	19.60	2
	12	13	20.75	20.83	20.78	1	19.88	19.86	19.60	2
	25	0	20.88	20.77	20.93	1	19.82	19.71	19.79	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 20000 1715.0 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	QPSK High CH 20350 1750.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 20000 1715.0 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	16QAM High CH 20350 1750.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
4 / 10M	1	0	21.90	22.01	22.02	0	20.83	20.93	20.97	1
	1	24	21.74	21.62	21.72	0	20.85	20.84	20.88	1
	1	49	21.89	21.79	21.93	0	20.82	20.87	20.99	1
	25	0	20.88	20.86	20.89	1	19.71	19.89	19.71	2
	25	12	20.86	20.76	20.85	1	19.70	19.81	19.64	2
	25	25	20.79	20.87	20.82	1	19.92	19.90	19.64	2
	50	0	20.92	20.81	20.97	1	19.86	19.75	19.83	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK			3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM			3GPP MPR (dB)
			Low CH 20025 1717.5 MHz	Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	High CH 20325 1747.5 MHz		Low CH 20025 1717.5 MHz	Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	High CH 20325 1747.5 MHz	
4 / 15M	1	0	21.96	22.07	22.08	0	20.89	20.99	21.03	1
	1	37	21.80	21.68	21.78	0	20.91	20.90	20.94	1
	1	74	21.95	21.85	21.99	0	20.88	20.93	21.05	1
	36	0	20.94	20.92	20.95	1	19.77	19.95	19.77	2
	36	19	20.92	20.82	20.91	1	19.76	19.87	19.70	2
	36	39	20.85	20.93	20.88	1	19.98	19.96	19.70	2
	75	0	20.98	20.87	21.03	1	19.92	19.81	19.89	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK			3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM			3GPP MPR (dB)
			Low CH 20050 1720.0 MHz	Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	High CH 20300 1745.0 MHz		Low CH 20050 1720.0 MHz	Mid CH 20175 1732.5 MHz	High CH 20300 1745.0 MHz	
4 / 20M	1	0	21.99	22.10	**22.11**	0	20.92	21.02	21.06	1
	1	50	21.83	21.71	21.81	0	20.94	20.93	20.97	1
	1	99	21.98	21.88	22.02	0	20.91	20.96	21.08	1
	50	0	20.97	20.95	20.98	1	19.80	19.98	19.80	2
	50	25	20.95	20.85	20.94	1	19.79	19.90	19.73	2
	50	50	20.88	20.96	20.91	1	20.01	19.99	19.73	2
	100	0	21.01	20.90	21.06	1	19.95	19.84	19.92	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Low CH 23205 779.5 MHz	QPSK Mid CH 23230 782.0 MHz	QPSK High CH 23255 784.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Low CH 23205 779.5 MHz	16QAM Mid CH 23230 782.0 MHz	16QAM High CH 23255 784.5 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
13 / 5M	1	0	22.29	22.44	22.37	0	21.42	21.46	21.42	1
	1	12	22.28	22.43	22.41	0	21.39	21.52	21.50	1
	1	24	22.37	22.35	22.41	0	21.43	21.56	21.34	1
	12	0	21.33	21.34	21.38	1	20.42	20.51	20.40	2
	12	6	21.40	21.40	21.36	1	20.42	20.41	20.20	2
	12	13	21.47	21.48	21.39	1	20.39	20.39	20.24	2
	25	0	21.42	21.43	21.35	1	20.41	20.46	20.51	2

LTE Band / BW	RB Size	RB Offset	QPSK Mid CH 23230 782.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)	16QAM Mid CH 23230 782.0 MHz	3GPP MPR (dB)
13 / 10M	1	0	**22.63**	0	21.37	1
	1	24	22.32	0	21.32	1
	1	49	22.44	0	21.45	1
	25	0	21.45	1	20.50	2
	25	12	21.38	1	20.34	2
	25	25	21.40	1	20.40	2
	50	0	21.52	1	20.52	2

<WLAN 2.4G>

Mode	802.11b		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	17.60	**17.84**	17.52
Mode	802.11g		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	15.78	**16.13**	15.40
Mode	802.11n (HT20)		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	1 (2412)	6 (2437)	11 (2462)
Average Power	13.80	**14.12**	13.58
Mode	802.11n (HT40)		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	3 (2422)	6 (2437)	9 (2452)
Average Power	13.54	**14.02**	13.20

<Bluetooth>

Mode	Bluetooth GFSK		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0 (2402)	39 (2441)	78 (2480)
Average Power	7.11	**9.06**	6.94
Mode	Bluetooth 8DPSK		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0 (2402)	39 (2441)	78 (2480)
Average Power	6.12	**8.05**	5.95
Mode	Bluetooth LE		
Channel / Frequency (MHz)	0 (2402)	19 (2440)	39 (2480)
Average Power	7.14	**9.11**	7.22

4.7 SAR Testing Results

4.7.1 SAR Test Reduction Considerations

<KDB 447498 D01, General RF Exposure Guidance>

Testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

(1) ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz

(2) ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz

(3) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

<KDB 941225 D01, 3G SAR Measurement Procedures>

The mode tested for SAR is referred to as the primary mode. The equivalent modes considered for SAR test reduction are denoted as secondary modes. Both primary and secondary modes must be in the same frequency band. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

<KDB 941225 D05, SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices>

(1) QPSK with 1 RB and 50% RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

(2) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100% RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

(3) Higher order modulations

SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > 1/2 dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

(4) Other channel bandwidth

SAR is required when the highest maximum output power of the smaller channel bandwidth is > 1/2 dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

<KDB 248227 D01, SAR Guidance for Wi-Fi Transmitters>

(1) For handsets operating next to ear, hotspot mode or mini-tablet configurations, the initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When the reported SAR of initial test position is <= 0.4 W/kg, SAR testing for remaining test positions is not required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is <= 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.

(2) For WLAN 2.4 GHz, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. When the reported SAR is <= 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel. For OFDM modes (802.11g/n), SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and it is <= 1.2 W/kg.

4.7.2 SAR Results for Head Exposure Condition

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
1	CDMA BC0	RC3+SO55	Right Cheek	1013	24.0	23.95	0.02	**0.28**	1.01	**0.28**
	CDMA BC0	RC3+SO55	Right Tilted	1013	24.0	23.95	0.19	0.199	1.01	0.20
	CDMA BC0	RC3+SO55	Left Cheek	1013	24.0	23.95	0.08	0.219	1.01	0.22
	CDMA BC0	RC3+SO55	Left Tilted	1013	24.0	23.95	0.10	0.199	1.01	0.20
	CDMA BC1	RC3+SO55	Right Cheek	25	23.3	23.27	0.01	0.431	1.01	0.43
	CDMA BC1	RC3+SO55	Right Tilted	25	23.3	23.27	0.09	0.264	1.01	0.27
2	CDMA BC1	RC3+SO55	Left Cheek	25	23.3	23.27	0.07	**0.534**	1.01	**0.54**
	CDMA BC1	RC3+SO55	Left Tilted	25	23.3	23.27	0.16	0.377	1.01	0.38

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
3	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Cheek	18900	1	0	23.0	22.79	0.01	**0.389**	1.05	**0.41**
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Tilted	18900	1	0	23.0	22.79	0.13	0.203	1.05	0.21
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Cheek	18900	1	0	23.0	22.79	0.05	0.388	1.05	0.41
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Tilted	18900	1	0	23.0	22.79	0.05	0.26	1.05	0.27
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Cheek	18900	50	0	22.0	21.82	0.03	0.268	1.04	0.28
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Tilted	18900	50	0	22.0	21.82	0.13	0.158	1.04	0.16
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Cheek	18900	50	0	22.0	21.82	0.06	0.262	1.04	0.27
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Tilted	18900	50	0	22.0	21.82	0.16	0.19	1.04	0.20
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Cheek	20300	1	0	22.2	22.11	0.10	0.263	1.02	0.27
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Tilted	20300	1	0	22.2	22.11	-0.05	0.258	1.02	0.26
4	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Cheek	20300	1	0	22.2	22.11	-0.02	**0.434**	1.02	**0.44**
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Tilted	20300	1	0	22.2	22.11	-0.01	0.253	1.02	0.26
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Cheek	20300	50	0	21.2	20.98	0.19	0.193	1.05	0.20
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Tilted	20300	50	0	21.2	20.98	0.05	0.206	1.05	0.22
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Cheek	20300	50	0	21.2	20.98	0.03	0.323	1.05	0.34
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Tilted	20300	50	0	21.2	20.98	0.11	0.206	1.05	0.22
5	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Right Cheek	23230	1	0	23.0	22.63	0.12	**0.3**	1.09	**0.33**
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Right Tilted	23230	1	0	23.0	22.63	0.14	0.205	1.09	0.22
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Left Cheek	23230	1	0	23.0	22.63	0.01	0.254	1.09	0.28
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Left Tilted	23230	1	0	23.0	22.63	0.09	0.197	1.09	0.21
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Right Cheek	23230	25	0	22.0	21.45	0.01	0.213	1.14	0.24
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Right Tilted	23230	25	0	22.0	21.45	0.02	0.154	1.14	0.17
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Left Cheek	23230	25	0	22.0	21.45	0.06	0.18	1.14	0.20
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Left Tilted	23230	25	0	22.0	21.45	0.09	0.153	1.14	0.17

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
6	802.11b	-	Right Cheek	6	18.0	17.84	-0.17	**0.603**	1.04	**0.63**
	802.11b	-	Right Tilted	6	18.0	17.84	-0.04	0.292	1.04	0.30
	802.11b	-	Left Cheek	6	18.0	17.84	0.14	0.17	1.04	0.18
	802.11b	-	Left Tilted	6	18.0	17.84	0.11	0.122	1.04	0.13

4.7.3 SAR Results for Body-worn Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 1.0 cm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Earphone	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	CDMA BC0	RC3+SO32	Front Face	1013	-	24.0	23.95	-0.10	0.4	1.01	0.40
7	CDMA BC0	RC3+SO32	Rear Face	1013	-	24.0	23.95	-0.06	**0.591**	1.01	**0.60**
	CDMA BC1	RC3+SO32	Front Face	25	-	23.3	23.15	0.04	1.27	1.04	1.31
	CDMA BC1	RC3+SO32	Rear Face	25	-	23.3	23.15	-0.16	0.976	1.04	1.01
	CDMA BC1	RC3+SO32	Front Face	600	-	23.3	23.11	-0.05	1.21	1.04	1.26
	CDMA BC1	RC3+SO32	Front Face	1175	-	23.3	22.89	-0.05	1.06	1.10	1.16
	CDMA BC1	RC3+SO32	Rear Face	600	-	23.3	23.11	-0.06	0.845	1.04	0.88
	CDMA BC1	RC3+SO32	Rear Face	1175	-	23.3	22.89	0.11	0.69	1.10	0.76
	CDMA BC1	RC1+S055	Front Face	25	-	23.3	23.23	-0.06	1.14	1.02	1.16
	CDMA BC1	RC3+SO32(SCH)	Front Face	25	-	23.3	23.12	-0.02	1.27	1.04	1.32
	CDMA BC1	RTAP 153.6	Front Face	25	-	23.3	23.15	0.11	1.24	1.04	1.28
8	CDMA BC1	RETAP 4096	Front Face	25	-	23.3	23.11	0.02	**1.28**	1.04	**1.34**
	CDMA BC1	RETAP 4096	Front Face	25	v	23.3	23.11	0.02	1.22	1.04	1.27
	CDMA BC1	RETAP 4096	Front Face	25	-	23.3	23.11	0.02	1.27	1.04	1.33

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Earphone	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
13	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18900	-	1	0	23.0	22.79	-0.07	**1.24**	1.05	**1.30**
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18900	-	1	0	23.0	22.79	0.02	0.956	1.05	1.00
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18900	-	50	0	22.0	21.82	0.07	0.981	1.04	1.02
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18900	-	50	0	22.0	21.82	0.04	0.637	1.04	0.66
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18700	-	1	0	23.0	22.78	0.08	1.15	1.05	1.21
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	19100	-	1	0	23.0	22.68	0.18	1.2	1.08	1.29
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18700	-	1	0	23.0	22.78	-0.03	0.89	1.05	0.94
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	19100	-	1	0	23.0	22.68	0.05	0.874	1.08	0.94
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18700	-	50	0	22.0	21.77	0.00	0.942	1.05	0.99
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	19100	-	50	0	22.0	21.68	-0.02	0.96	1.08	1.03
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18900	-	100	0	22.0	21.73	-0.01	0.919	1.06	0.98
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18900	-	100	0	22.0	21.73	-0.03	0.616	1.06	0.66
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18900	v	1	0	23.0	22.79	-0.08	1.23	1.05	1.29
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18900	-	1	0	23.0	22.79	-0.02	1.23	1.05	1.29
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Front Face	20300	-	1	0	22.2	22.11	-0.18	0.769	1.02	0.79
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20300	-	1	0	22.2	22.11	-0.04	0.822	1.02	0.84
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Front Face	20300	-	50	0	21.2	20.98	0.01	0.589	1.05	0.62
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20300	-	50	0	21.2	20.98	0.00	0.666	1.05	0.70
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20050	-	1	0	22.2	21.99	-0.13	**0.917**	1.05	**0.96**
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20175	-	1	0	22.2	22.10	-0.02	0.852	1.02	0.87
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20300	-	100	0	21.2	21.06	-0.04	0.649	1.03	0.67
9	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20050	-	1	0	22.2	21.99	0.05	0.91	1.05	0.96
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Front Face	23230	-	1	0	23.0	22.63	0.06	0.419	1.09	0.46
15	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23230	-	1	0	23.0	22.63	0.07	**0.548**	1.09	**0.60**
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Front Face	23230	-	25	0	22.0	21.45	0.04	0.297	1.14	0.34
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23230	-	25	0	22.0	21.45	0.04	0.383	1.14	0.43

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	802.11b	-	Front Face	6	18.0	17.84	-0.06	0.101	1.04	0.10
10	802.11b	-	Rear Face	6	18.0	17.84	0.03	**0.113**	1.04	**0.12**

4.7.4 SAR Results for Hotspot Exposure Condition (Separation Distance is 1.0 cm Gap)

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	CDMA BC0	RTAP 153.6	Front Face	1013	24.0	23.87	-0.18	0.352	1.03	0.36
	CDMA BC0	RTAP 153.6	Rear Face	1013	24.0	23.87	-0.08	0.491	1.03	0.51
	CDMA BC0	RTAP 153.6	Left Side	1013	24.0	23.87	0.03	0.37	1.03	0.38
11	CDMA BC0	RTAP 153.6	Right Side	1013	24.0	23.87	0.04	**0.593**	1.03	**0.61**
	CDMA BC0	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Side	1013	24.0	23.87	0.09	0.113	1.03	0.12
	CDMA BC1	RTAP 153.6	Front Face	25	23.3	23.15	0.11	1.24	1.04	1.28
	CDMA BC1	RTAP 153.6	Rear Face	25	23.3	23.15	0.02	0.906	1.04	0.94
	CDMA BC1	RTAP 153.6	Left Side	25	23.3	23.15	0.16	0.261	1.04	0.27
	CDMA BC1	RTAP 153.6	Right Side	25	23.3	23.15	0.13	0.265	1.04	0.27
	CDMA BC1	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Side	25	23.3	23.15	-0.06	1.33	1.04	1.38
	CDMA BC1	RTAP 153.6	Front Face	600	23.3	23.09	0.05	1.17	1.05	1.23
	CDMA BC1	RTAP 153.6	Front Face	1175	23.3	23.06	-0.03	0.938	1.06	0.99
	CDMA BC1	RTAP 153.6	Rear Face	600	23.3	23.09	-0.09	0.772	1.05	0.81
	CDMA BC1	RTAP 153.6	Rear Face	1175	23.3	23.06	-0.08	0.6	1.06	0.63
	CDMA BC1	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Side	600	23.3	23.09	0.03	1.14	1.05	1.20
	CDMA BC1	RTAP 153.6	Bottom Side	1175	23.3	23.06	0.12	0.934	1.06	0.99
	CDMA BC1	RC1+S055	Bottom Side	25	23.3	23.23	0.03	1.34	1.02	1.36
	CDMA BC1	RC3+SO32(FCH)	Bottom Side	25	23.3	23.15	0.04	1.3	1.04	1.35
	CDMA BC1	RC3+SO32(SCH)	Bottom Side	25	23.3	23.12	-0.04	1.25	1.04	1.30
12	CDMA BC1	RETAP 4096	Bottom Side	25	23.3	23.11	0.07	**1.35**	1.04	**1.41**
	CDMA BC1	RETAP 4096	Bottom Side	25	23.3	23.11	0.03	1.3	1.04	1.36

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	RB#	RB Offset	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
13	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18900	1	0	23.0	22.79	-0.07	**1.24**	1.05	**1.30**
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18900	1	0	23.0	22.79	0.02	0.956	1.05	1.00
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Side	18900	1	0	23.0	22.79	0.06	0.202	1.05	0.21
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Side	18900	1	0	23.0	22.79	0.04	0.25	1.05	0.26
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	18900	1	0	23.0	22.79	0.01	1.15	1.05	1.21
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18900	50	0	22.0	21.82	0.07	0.981	1.04	1.02
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18900	50	0	22.0	21.82	0.04	0.637	1.04	0.66
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Left Side	18900	50	0	22.0	21.82	-0.07	0.147	1.04	0.15
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Right Side	18900	50	0	22.0	21.82	0.08	0.189	1.04	0.20
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	18900	50	0	22.0	21.82	0.07	0.896	1.04	0.93
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18700	1	0	23.0	22.78	0.08	1.15	1.05	1.21
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	19100	1	0	23.0	22.68	0.18	1.2	1.08	1.29
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18700	1	0	23.0	22.78	-0.03	0.89	1.05	0.94
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	19100	1	0	23.0	22.68	0.05	0.874	1.08	0.94
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	18700	1	0	23.0	22.78	0.01	1.14	1.05	1.20
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	19100	1	0	23.0	22.68	0.16	1.03	1.08	1.11
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18700	50	0	22.0	21.77	0.00	0.942	1.05	0.99
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	19100	50	0	22.0	21.68	-0.02	0.96	1.08	1.03
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	18700	50	0	22.0	21.77	-0.04	0.955	1.05	1.01
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	19100	50	0	22.0	21.68	0.00	0.921	1.08	0.99
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18900	100	0	22.0	21.73	-0.01	0.919	1.06	0.98
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Rear Face	18900	100	0	22.0	21.73	-0.03	0.616	1.06	0.66
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	18900	100	0	22.0	21.73	-0.01	0.817	1.06	0.87
	LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18900	1	0	23.0	22.79	-0.02	1.23	1.05	1.29
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Front Face	20300	1	0	22.2	22.11	-0.18	0.769	1.02	0.79
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20300	1	0	22.2	22.11	-0.04	0.822	1.02	0.84
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Side	20300	1	0	22.2	22.11	-0.08	0.281	1.02	0.29
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Side	20300	1	0	22.2	22.11	0.08	0.155	1.02	0.16
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	20300	1	0	22.2	22.11	0.01	1.22	1.02	1.25
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Front Face	20300	50	0	21.2	20.98	0.01	0.589	1.05	0.62
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20300	50	0	21.2	20.98	0.00	0.666	1.05	0.70
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Left Side	20300	50	0	21.2	20.98	0.01	0.226	1.05	0.24
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Right Side	20300	50	0	21.2	20.98	0.07	0.121	1.05	0.13
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	20300	50	0	21.2	20.98	0.08	0.975	1.05	1.03
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20050	1	0	22.2	21.99	-0.13	0.917	1.05	0.96
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20175	1	0	22.2	22.10	-0.02	0.852	1.02	0.87
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	20050	1	0	22.2	21.99	0.00	1.21	1.05	1.27
14	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	20175	1	0	22.2	22.10	0.13	**1.28**	1.02	**1.31**
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	20050	50	0	21.2	20.97	0.06	1.04	1.05	1.10
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	20175	50	50	21.2	20.96	0.01	0.977	1.06	1.03
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20300	100	0	21.2	21.06	-0.04	0.649	1.03	0.67
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	20300	100	0	21.2	21.06	0.14	1.04	1.03	1.07
	LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	20175	1	0	22.2	22.10	0.16	1.25	1.02	1.28
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Front Face	23230	1	0	23.0	22.63	0.06	0.419	1.09	0.46
15	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23230	1	0	23.0	22.63	0.07	**0.548**	1.09	**0.60**
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Left Side	23230	1	0	23.0	22.63	-0.14	0.416	1.09	0.45
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Right Side	23230	1	0	23.0	22.63	-0.09	0.544	1.09	0.59
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	23230	1	0	23.0	22.63	0.02	0.092	1.09	0.10
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Front Face	23230	25	0	22.0	21.45	0.04	0.297	1.14	0.34
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Rear Face	23230	25	0	22.0	21.45	0.04	0.383	1.14	0.43
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Left Side	23230	25	0	22.0	21.45	0.02	0.252	1.14	0.29
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Right Side	23230	25	0	22.0	21.45	0.08	0.353	1.14	0.40
	LTE 13	QPSK10M	Bottom Side	23230	25	0	22.0	21.45	0.18	0.072	1.14	0.08

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Measured Conducted Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaled SAR-1g (W/kg)
	802.11b	-	Front Face	6	18.0	17.84	-0.06	0.101	1.04	0.10
	802.11b	-	Rear Face	6	18.0	17.84	0.03	0.113	1.04	0.12
16	802.11b	-	Left Side	6	18.0	17.84	0.03	**0.138**	1.04	**0.14**
	802.11b	-	Top Side	6	18.0	17.84	0.14	0.047	1.04	0.05

4.7.5 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10, the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Original Measured SAR-1g (W/kg)	1st Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR-1g (W/kg)	L/S Ratio
CDMA BC1	RETAP 4096	Front Face	25	1.28	1.27	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 2	QPSK20M	Front Face	18900	1.24	1.23	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 4	QPSK20M	Rear Face	20050	0.917	0.91	1.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
CDMA BC1	RETAP 4096	Bottom Side	25	1.35	1.3	1.04	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
LTE 4	QPSK20M	Bottom Side	20175	1.28	1.25	1.02	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

4.7.6 Simultaneous Multi-band Transmission Evaluation

<Estimated SAR Calculation>

According to KDB 447498 D01, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of <= 0.4 W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\text{Max. Tune up Power}_{(\text{mW})}}{\text{Min. Test Separation Distance}_{(\text{mm})}} \times \frac{\sqrt{f_{(\text{GHz})}}}{7.5}$$

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, the 0.4 W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

Mode / Band	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Test Position	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
BT (DSS)	2.48	9.5	Body-worn	10	0.19

Note:

1. The separation distance is determined from the outer housing of the EUT to the user.
2. When standalone SAR testing is not required, an estimated SAR can be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

<SAR Summation Analysis>

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR_{1g} of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR_{1g} is greater than the SAR limit (SAR_{1g} 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
1	CDMA BC0 + WLAN (DTS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.28	0.63	0.91	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.20	0.30	0.50	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.22	0.18	0.40	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.20	0.13	0.33	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.40	0.10	0.50	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.60	0.12	0.72	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.36	0.10	0.46	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.51	0.12	0.63	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.38	0.14	0.52	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.61	0.00	0.61	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.05	0.05	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.12	0.00	0.12	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
2	CDMA BC0 + BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Front Face	0.40	0.19	0.59	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.60	0.19	0.79	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
3	CDMA BC1 + WLAN (DTS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.43	0.63	1.06	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.27	0.30	0.57	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.54	0.18	0.72	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.38	0.13	0.51	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	1.34	0.10	1.44	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	1.01	0.12	1.13	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	1.28	0.10	1.38	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.94	0.12	1.06	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.27	0.14	0.41	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.27	0.00	0.27	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.05	0.05	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	1.41	0.00	1.41	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
4	CDMA BC1 + BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Front Face	1.34	0.19	1.53	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	1.01	0.19	1.20	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
5	LTE 2 + WLAN (DTS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.41	0.63	1.04	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.21	0.30	0.51	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.41	0.18	0.59	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.27	0.13	0.40	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	1.30	0.10	1.40	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	1.00	0.12	1.12	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	1.30	0.10	1.40	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	1.00	0.12	1.12	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.21	0.14	0.35	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.26	0.00	0.26	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.05	0.05	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	1.21	0.00	1.21	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
6	LTE 2 + BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Front Face	1.30	0.19	1.49	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	1.00	0.19	1.19	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
7	LTE 4 + WLAN (DTS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.27	0.63	0.90	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.26	0.30	0.56	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.44	0.18	0.62	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.26	0.13	0.39	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.79	0.10	0.89	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.96	0.12	1.08	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.79	0.10	0.89	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.96	0.12	1.08	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.29	0.14	0.43	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.16	0.00	0.16	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.05	0.05	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	1.31	0.00	1.31	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
8	LTE 4 + BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Front Face	0.79	0.19	0.98	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.96	0.19	1.15	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required

No.	Conditions (SAR1 + SAR2)	Exposure Condition	Test Position	Max. SAR1	Max. SAR2	SAR Summation	SPLSR Analysis
9	LTE 13 + WLAN (DTS)	Head	Right Cheek	0.33	0.63	0.96	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Tilted	0.22	0.30	0.52	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Cheek	0.28	0.18	0.46	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Tilted	0.21	0.13	0.34	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Body-Worn	Front Face	0.46	0.10	0.56	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.60	0.12	0.72	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
		Hotspot	Front Face	0.46	0.10	0.56	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.60	0.12	0.72	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Left Side	0.45	0.14	0.59	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Right Side	0.59	0.00	0.59	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Top Side	0.00	0.05	0.05	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Bottom Side	0.10	0.00	0.10	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
10	LTE 13 + BT (DSS)	Body-Worn	Front Face	0.46	0.19	0.65	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required
			Rear Face	0.60	0.19	0.79	∑SAR < 1.6, Not required

Test Engineer : Yihu Xiong, and Ricky Xu

5. Calibration of Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Date	Cal. Interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D750V3	1067	08. 24, 2015	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	4d139	08. 24, 2015	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1750V2	1071	08. 20, 2015	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d159	08. 21, 2015	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	893	08. 20, 2015	1 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1133	08. 28, 2015	1 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3873	08. 26, 2015	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	1341	08. 25, 2015	1 Year
Radio Communication Analyzer	ANRITSU	MT8820C	6201300717	10. 12, 2015	1 Year
Wireless Communication Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	MY50260600	08. 05, 2015	2 Years
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	MY46214638	09. 07, 2015	1 Year
Spectrum Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY52090163	05. 27, 2014	2 Years
MXG Analog Signal Generator	KEYSIGHT	N5183A	MY50143024	03. 18, 2016	1 Year
Power Meter	Agilent	N1914A	MY52180044	08. 28, 2014	2 Years
Power Sensor	Agilent	E9304A H18	MY52050011	10. 22, 2015	1 Year
Temp. & Humi. Recorder	HUATO	A2000TH	HE20107684	06. 25, 2015	1 Year
Electronic Thermometer	YONGFA	YF-160A	120100323	10. 15, 2015	1 Year
Coupler	Woken	0110A056020-10	CON27RW1A3	09. 18, 2015	1 Year

6. Measurement Uncertainty

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance (± %)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 1g)	Standard Uncertainty (± %, 10g)	Vi
Measurement System								
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.707	0.707	1.9	1.9	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.707	0.707	3.9	3.9	∞
Boundary Effect	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.6	0.6	∞
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.7	2.7	∞
System Detection Limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Integration Time	1.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.0	1.0	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions - Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.2	0.2	∞
Probe Positioning with Respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation, and integration algorithms for max. SAR evaluation	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Test Sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	1.5 / 0.7	Normal	1	1	1	1.5	0.7	32
Device Holder Uncertainty	4.2 / 1.8	Normal	1	1	1	4.2	1.8	32
Output Power Variation - SAR Drift Measurement	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and Thickness Tolerances)	7.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.2	4.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - Deviation from Target Values	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid Conductivity - Measurement Uncertainty	1.0	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	0.6	0.4	25
Liquid Permittivity - Deviation from Target Values	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid Permittivity - Measurement Uncertainty	0.5	Normal	1	0.60	0.49	0.3	0.2	25
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.2 %	± 10.4 %	
Expanded Uncertainty (K=2)						**± 22.4 %**	**± 20.8 %**	

Uncertainty budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

7. Information on the Testing Laboratories

We, Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (H.K.) Ltd., Taoyuan Branch, were founded in 1988 to provide our best service in EMC, Radio, Telecom and Safety consultation. Our laboratories are accredited and approved according to ISO/IEC 17025.

If you have any comments, please feel free to contact us at the following:

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Fax: 886-3-593-5342

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Web Site: www.adt.com.tw

The road map of all our labs can be found in our web site also.

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Appendix A. SAR Plots of System Verification

The plots for system verification with largest deviation for each SAR system combination are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/05/20

System Check_H750_160520

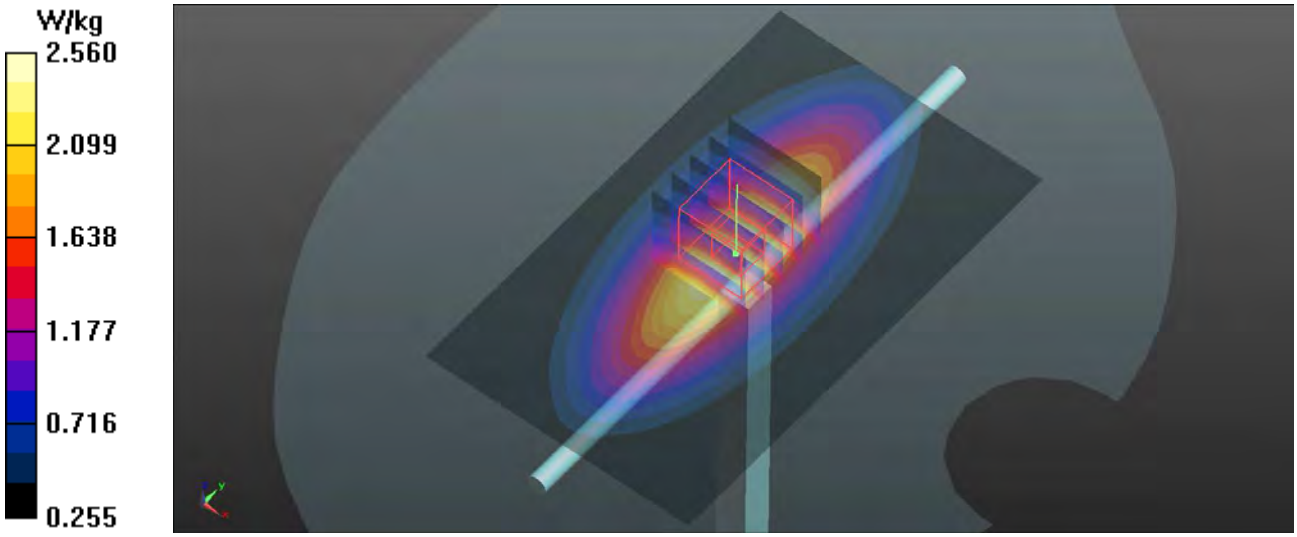
DUT: Dipole:750 MHz; D750V3;SN:1067

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H750_0520 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.892 S/m; ε_r = 41.542; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(10.01, 10.01, 10.01); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Left Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.53 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 52.93 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.98 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.36 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.56 W/kg



System Check_H835_160525

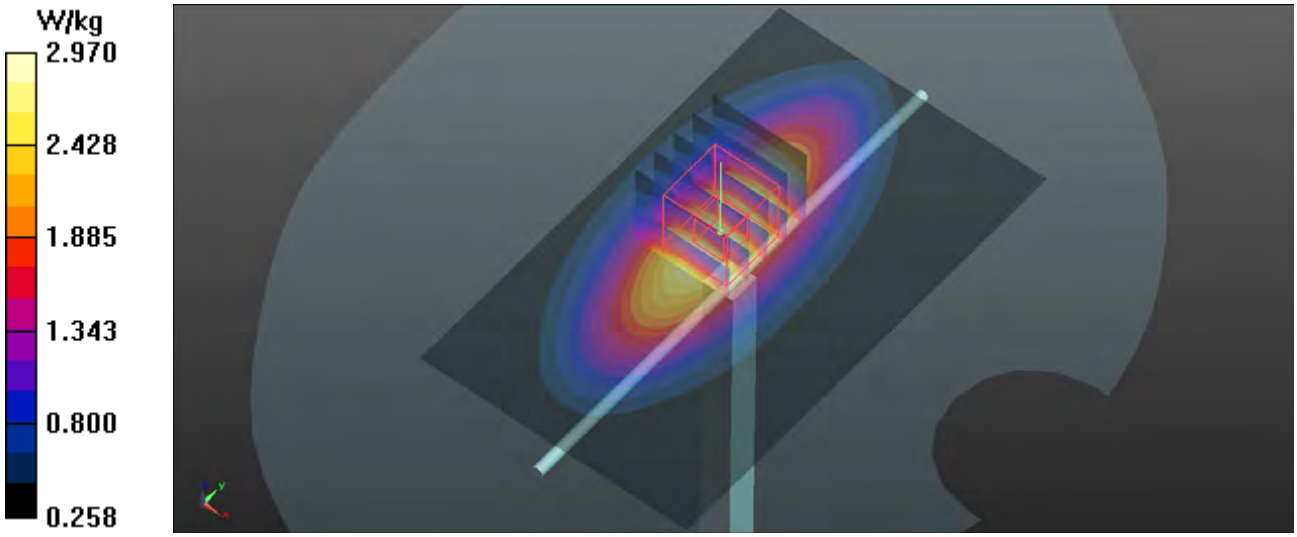
DUT: Dipole:835 MHz; Type:D835V2; SN;4d139

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H835_0525 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.894 S/m; ε_r = 41.663; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(9.53, 9.53, 9.53); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Left Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.94 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 56.54 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.48 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.97 W/kg



System Check_H1750_160521

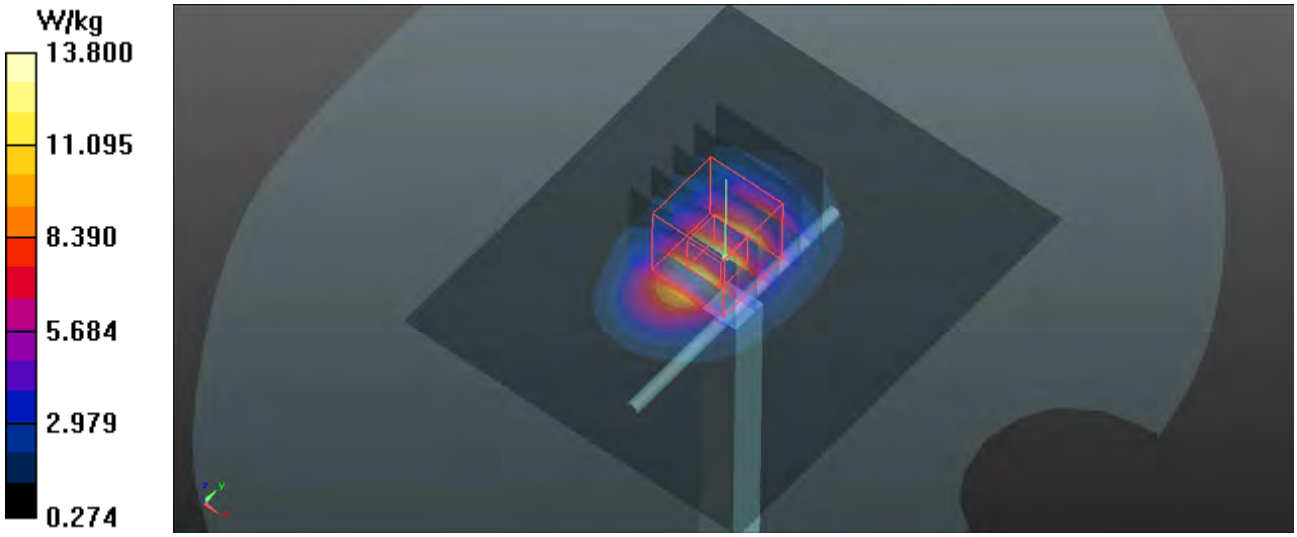
DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz ;Type:D1750V2; SN:1071

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H1750_0521 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.413 S/m; ε_r = 41.046; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.1 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(8.21, 8.21, 8.21); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 89.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.84 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.28 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.8 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/05/21

System Check_H1900_160521

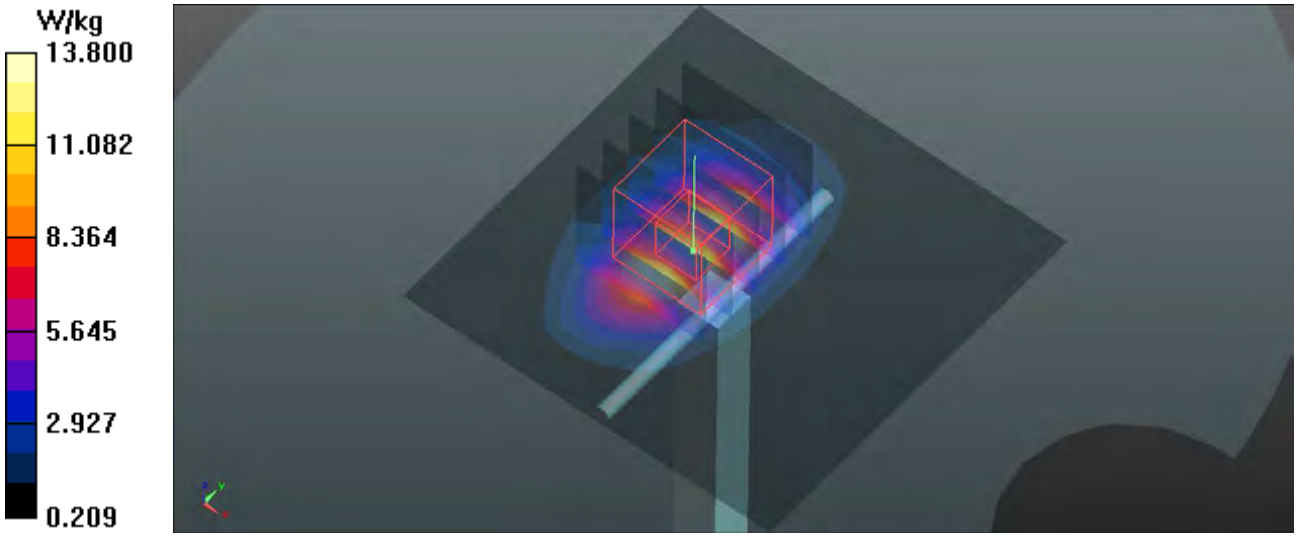
DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz;Type: D1900V2; SN: 5d159

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H1900_0521 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.396 S/m; ε_r = 38.566; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.1 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.4 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 90.88 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.99 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.8 W/kg



System Check_H2450_160522

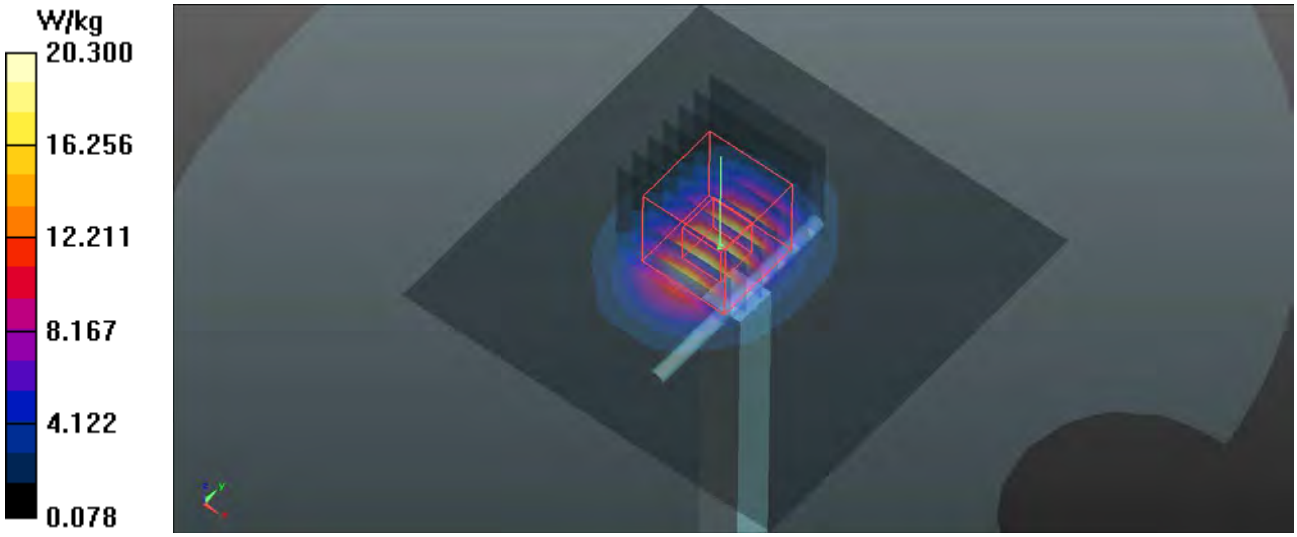
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type:D2450V2; SN:893

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H2450_0522 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.832 S/m; ε_r = 38.425; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.2 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(7.24, 7.24, 7.24); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Left Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 98.57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.76 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.3 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/05/25

System Check_B750_160525

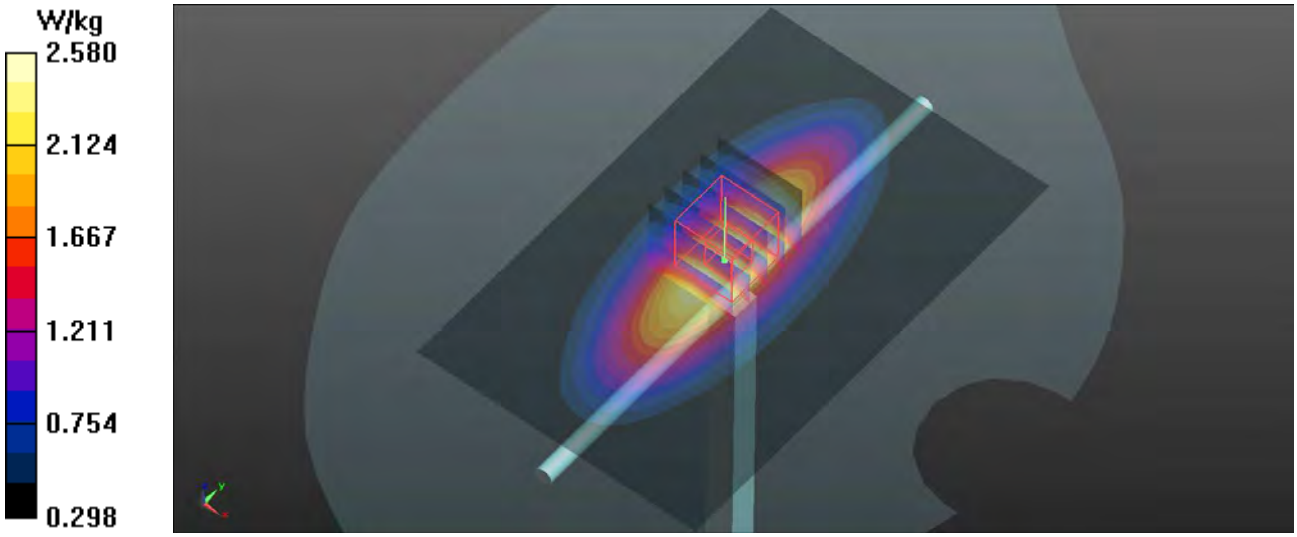
DUT: Dipole:750 MHz; D750V3;SN:1067

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B750_0525 Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.963 S/m; ε_r = 53.779; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(9.77, 9.77, 9.77); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Left Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.61 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 51.40 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.98 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.08 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.42 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.58 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Bureau Veritas ADT SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016/05/25

System Check_B835_160525

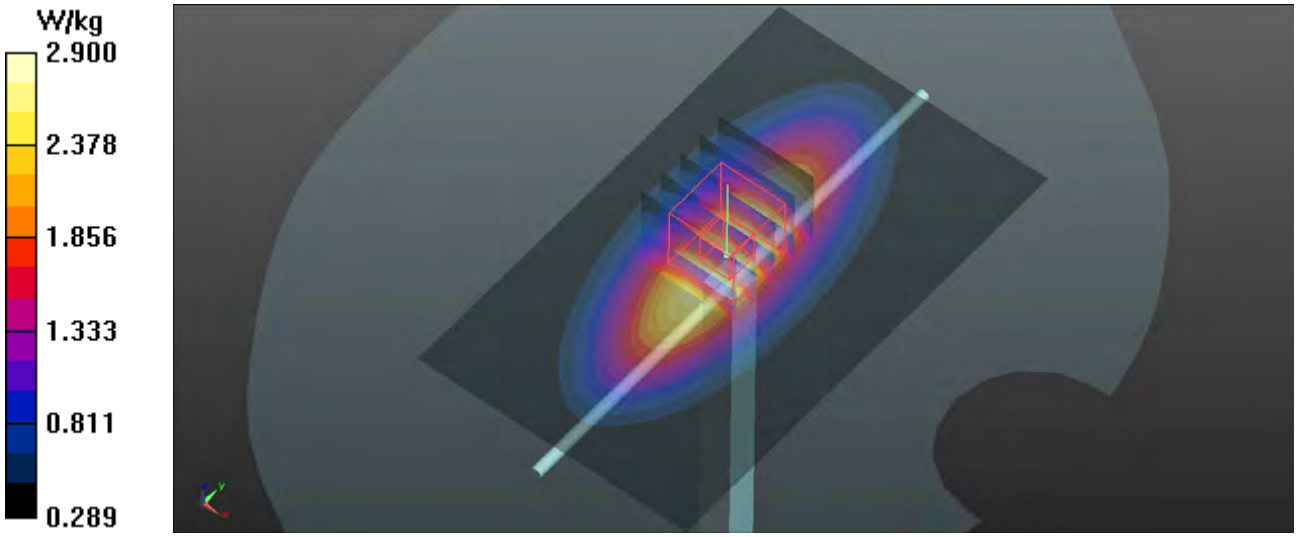
DUT: Dipole:835 MHz; Type:D835V2; SN:4d139

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B835_0525 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.992 S/m; ε_r = 55.575; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Left Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.89 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 55.92 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.36 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.90 W/kg



System Check_B1750_160523

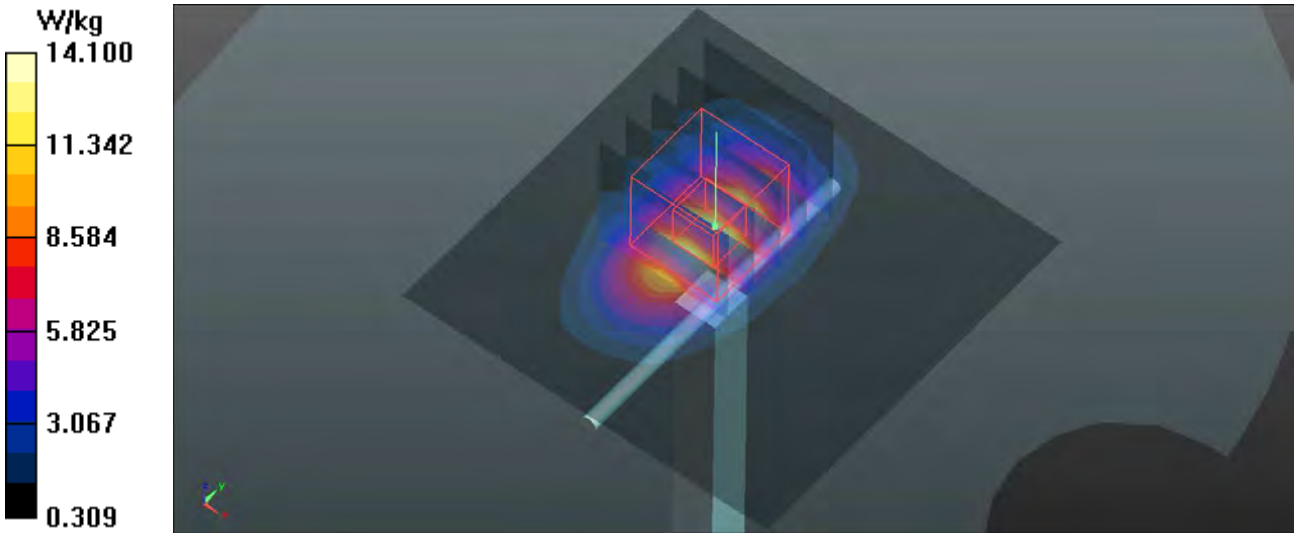
DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz ;Type:D1750V2; SN:1071

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B1750_0523 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.47 S/m; ε_r = 53.682; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.0 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.1 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(7.86, 7.86, 7.86); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.2 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 92.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.43 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.1 W/kg



System Check_B1900_160522

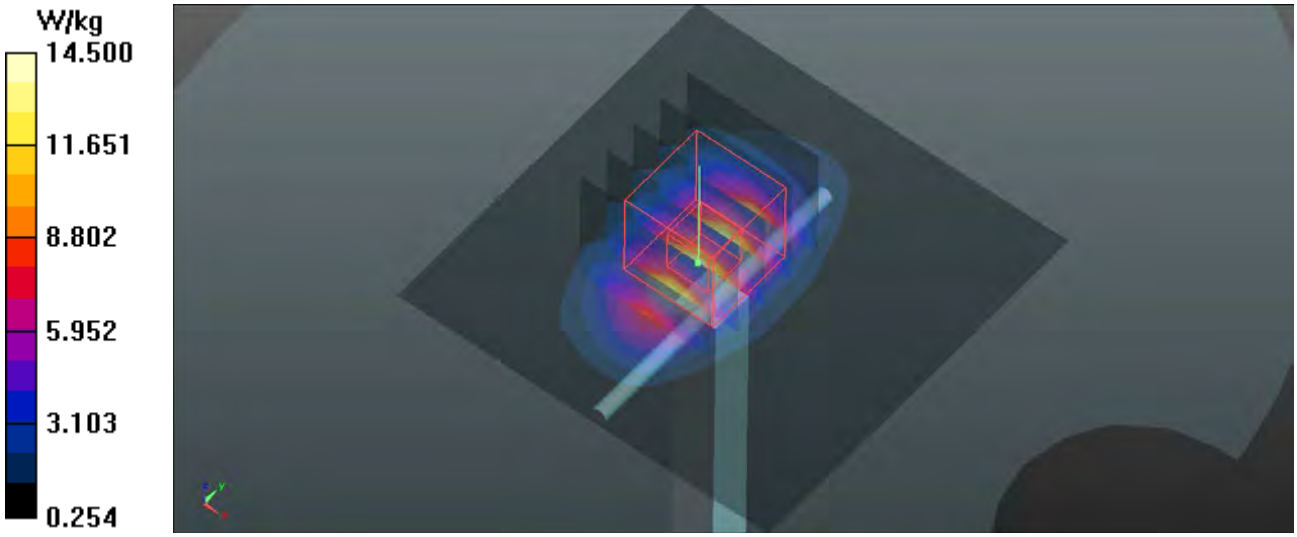
DUT: Dipole:1900MHz; Type:D1900V2; SN:5d159

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B1900_0522 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.506 S/m; ε_r = 52.307; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.2 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 98.98 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.36 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.5 W/kg



System Check_B2450_160524

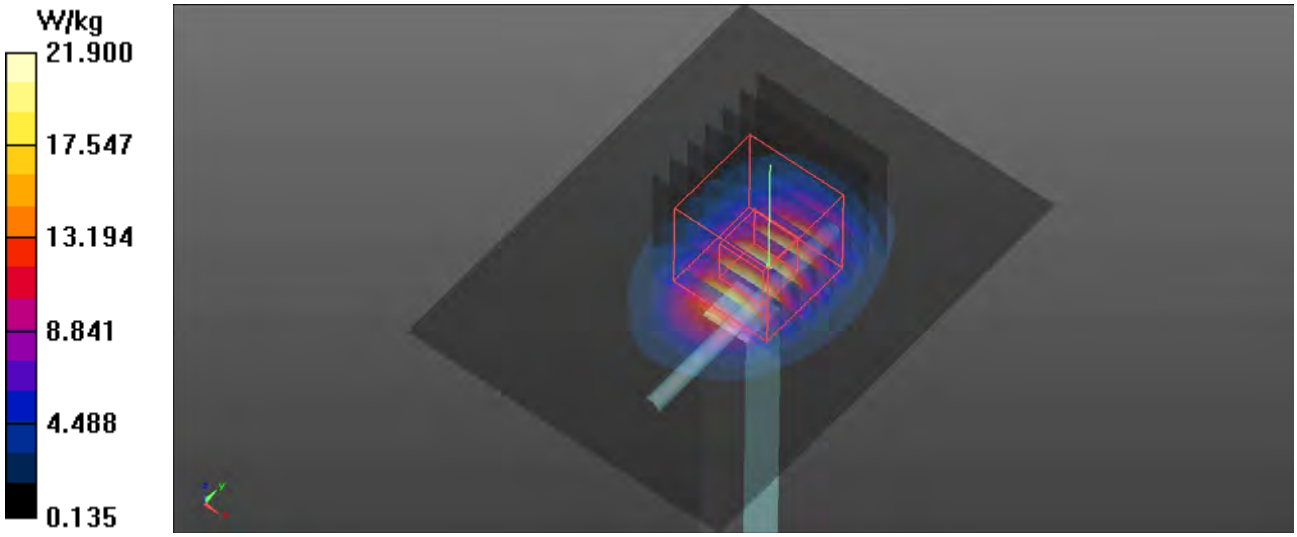
DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type:D2450V2; SN:893

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B2450_0524 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.906 S/m; ε_r = 51.411; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: ELI 5.0; Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: TP:1205
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.4 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 96.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.18 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 W/kg



Appendix B. SAR Plots of SAR Measurement

The SAR plots for highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination, and measured SAR > 1.5 W/kg are shown as follows.

P01 CDMA BC0_RC3+SO55_Right Cheek_Ch1013

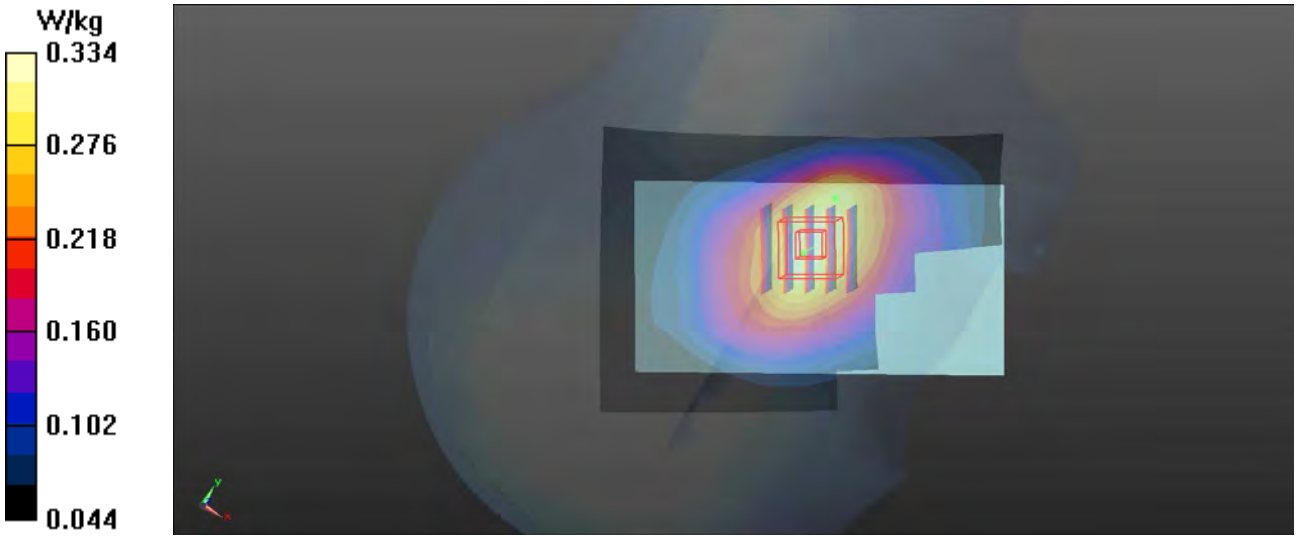
DUT: 160419W002

Communication System: CDMA2000; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H835_0525 Medium parameters used: f = 825 MHz; σ = 0.885 S/m; ε_r = 41.775; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(9.53, 9.53, 9.53); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Left Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.337 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.471 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.358 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.280 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.216 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.334 W/kg



P02 CDMA BC1_RC3+SO55_Left Cheek_Ch25

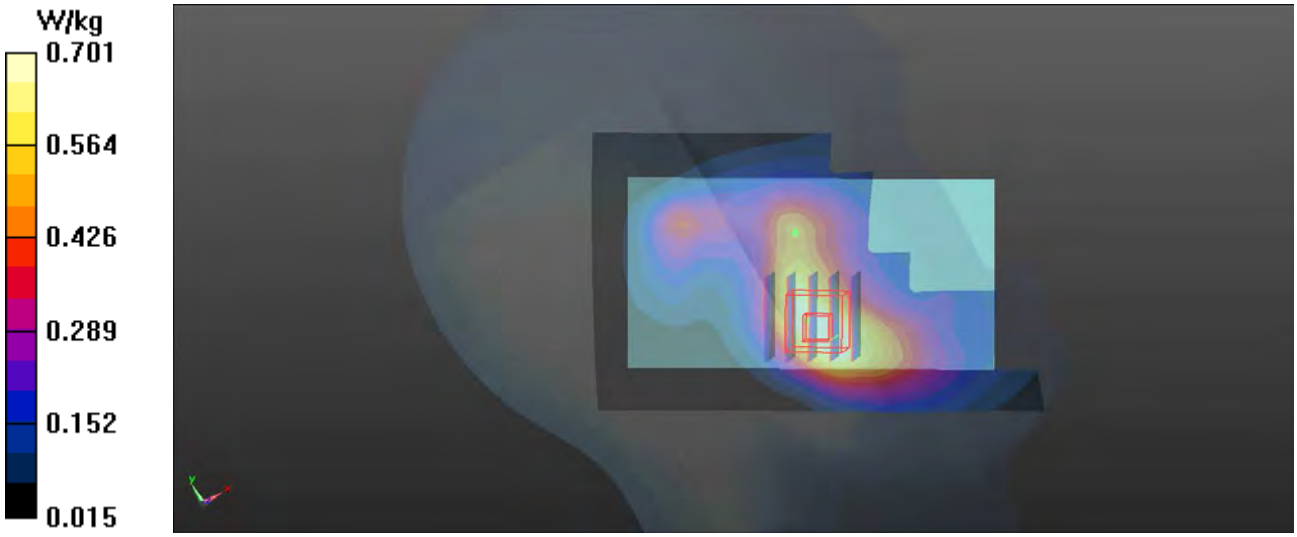
DUT: 160419W002

Communication System: CDMA2000; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H1900_0525 Medium parameters used: f = 1851.25 MHz; σ = 1.377 S/m; ε_r = 41.72; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.710 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.360 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.797 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.534 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.347 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.701 W/kg



P03 LTE 2_QPSK20M_Right Cheek_Ch18900_1RB_OS0

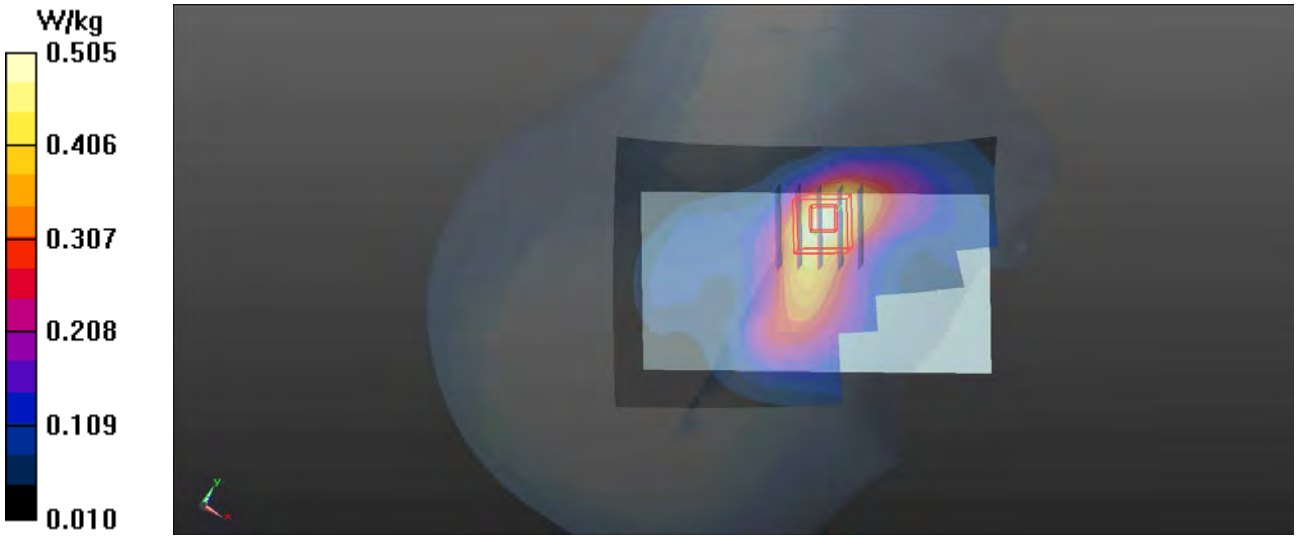
DUT: 160419W002

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H1900_0521 Medium parameters used: f = 1880.1 MHz; σ = 1.375 S/m; ε_r = 38.651; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.1 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(7.98, 7.98, 7.98); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.506 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.525 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.593 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.389 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.244 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.505 W/kg



P04 LTE 4_QPSK20M_Left Cheek_Ch20300_1RB_OS0

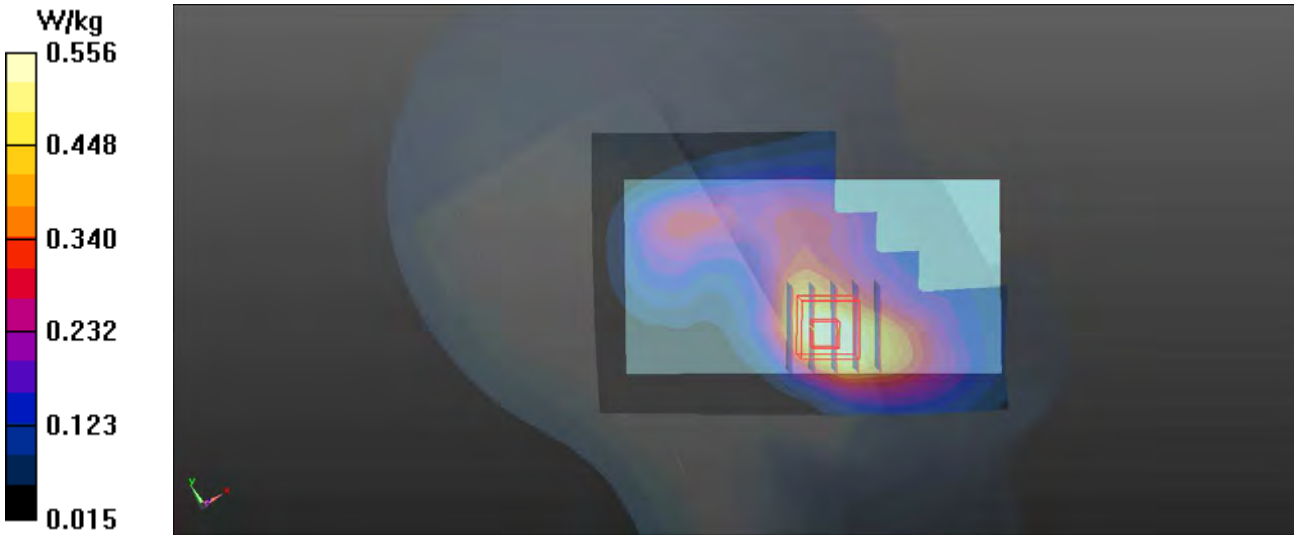
DUT: 160419W002

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H1750_0521 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; σ = 1.408 S/m; ε_r = 41.068; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.1 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(8.21, 8.21, 8.21); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.570 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.134 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.640 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.434 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.284 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.556 W/kg



P05 LTE 13_QPSK10M_Right Cheek_Ch23230_1RB_OS0

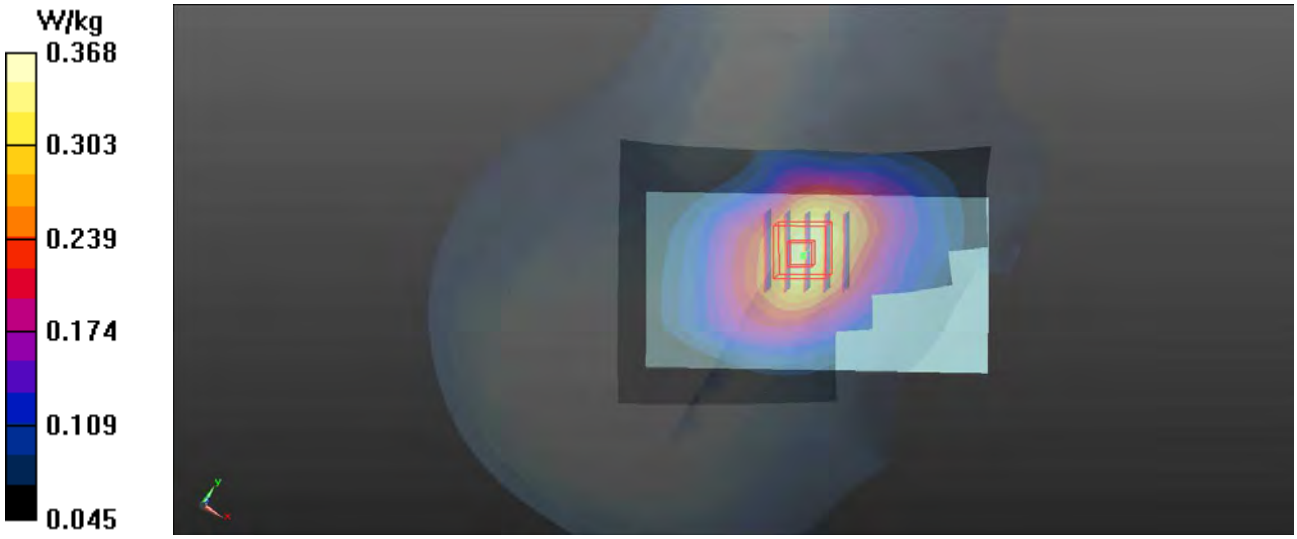
DUT: 160419W002

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 782 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H750_0520 Medium parameters used: f = 782 MHz; σ = 0.913 S/m; ε_r = 41.385; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(10.01, 10.01, 10.01); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Left Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.345 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.988 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.397 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.300 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.230 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.368 W/kg



P06 802.11b_Right Cheek_Ch6

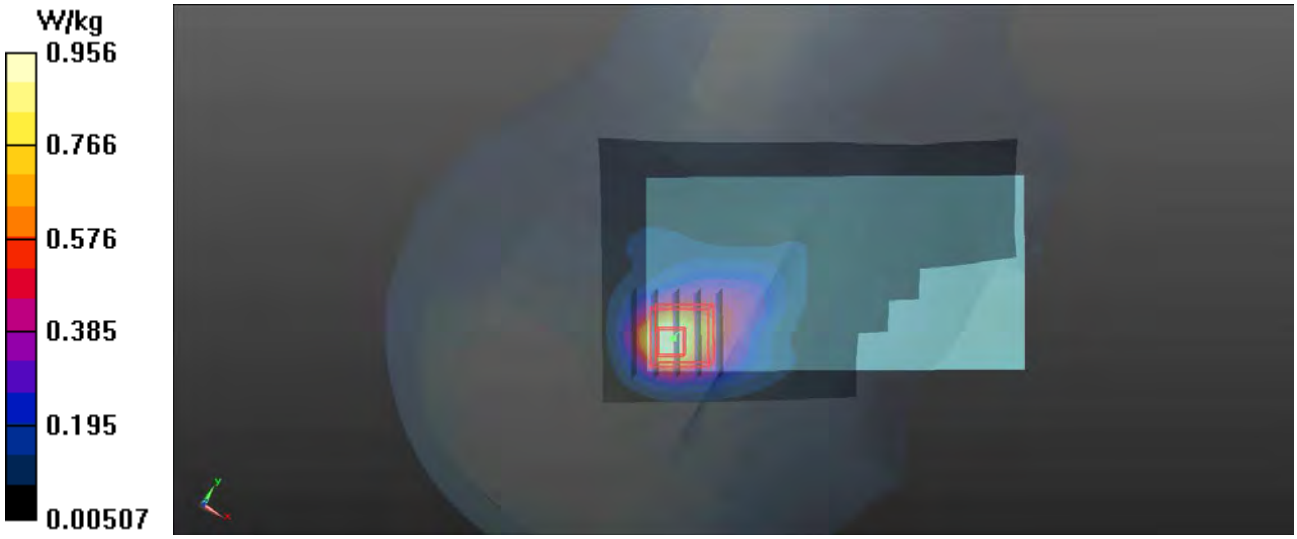
DUT: 160419W002

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: H2450_0522 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.816 S/m; ε_r = 38.474; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.2 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(7.24, 7.24, 7.24); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Left Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.592 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.603 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.302 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.956 W/kg



P07 CDMA BC0_RC3+SO32_Rear Face_1cm_Ch1013

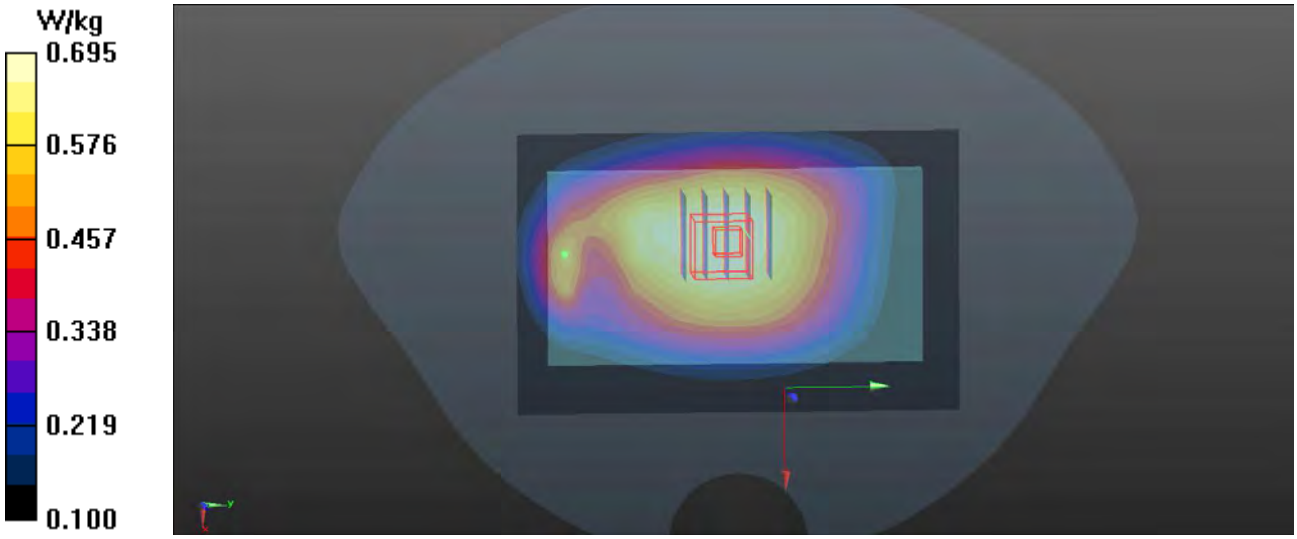
DUT: 160419W002

Communication System: CDMA2000; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B835_0525 Medium parameters used: f = 825 MHz; σ = 0.982 S/m; ε_r = 55.679; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Left Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.707 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 24.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.748 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.591 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.457 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.695 W/kg



P08 CDMA BC1_RETAP 4096_Front Face_1cm_Ch25

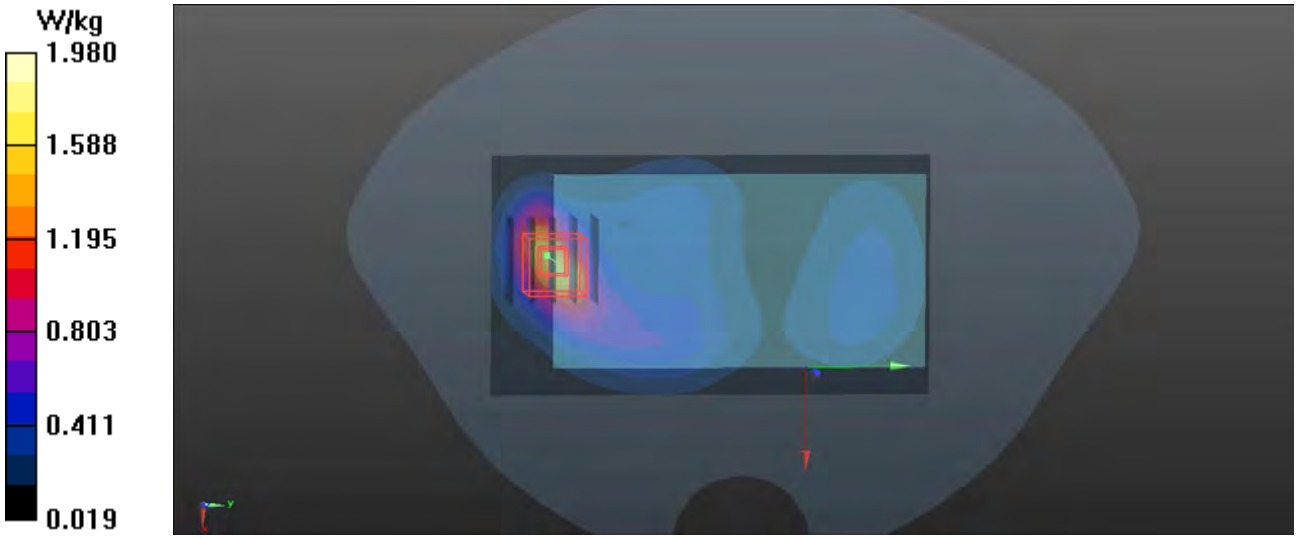
DUT: 160419W002

Communication System: CDMA2000; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B1900_0522 Medium parameters used: f = 1851.25 MHz; σ = 1.45 S/m; ε_r = 52.457; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.2 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.70 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.595 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.40 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.28 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.648 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.98 W/kg



P09 LTE 4_QPSK20M_Rear Face_1cm_Ch20050_1RB_OS0

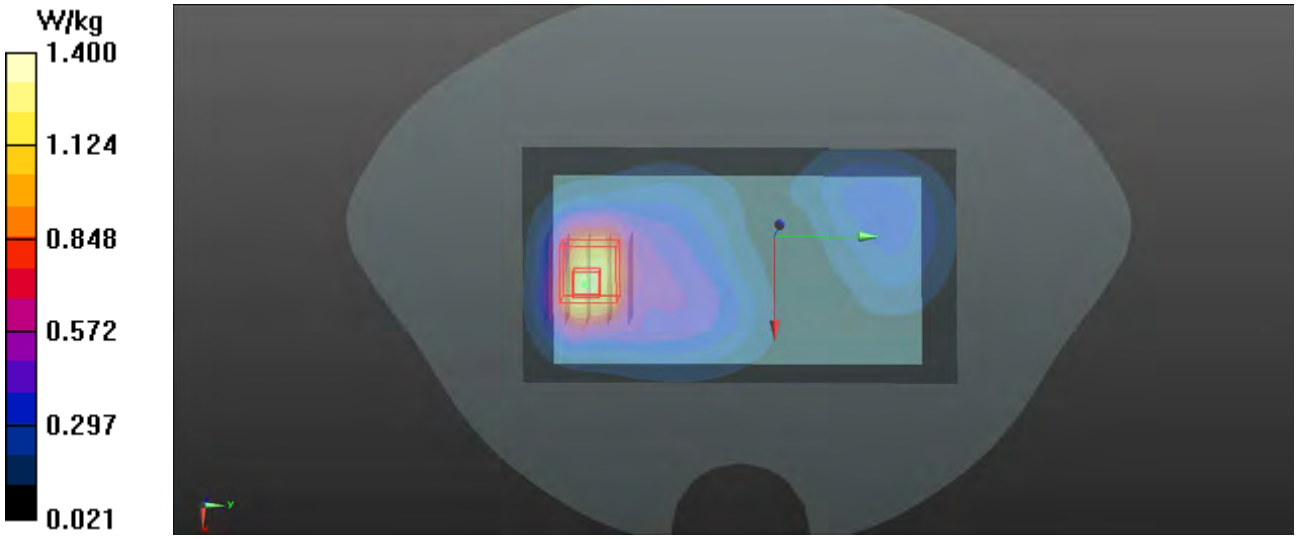
DUT: 160419W002

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B1750_0523 Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz; σ = 1.44 S/m; ε_r = 53.751; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.0 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.1 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(7.86, 7.86, 7.86); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (61x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.28 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.67 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.917 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.498 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.40 W/kg



P10 802.11b_Rear Face_1cm_Ch6

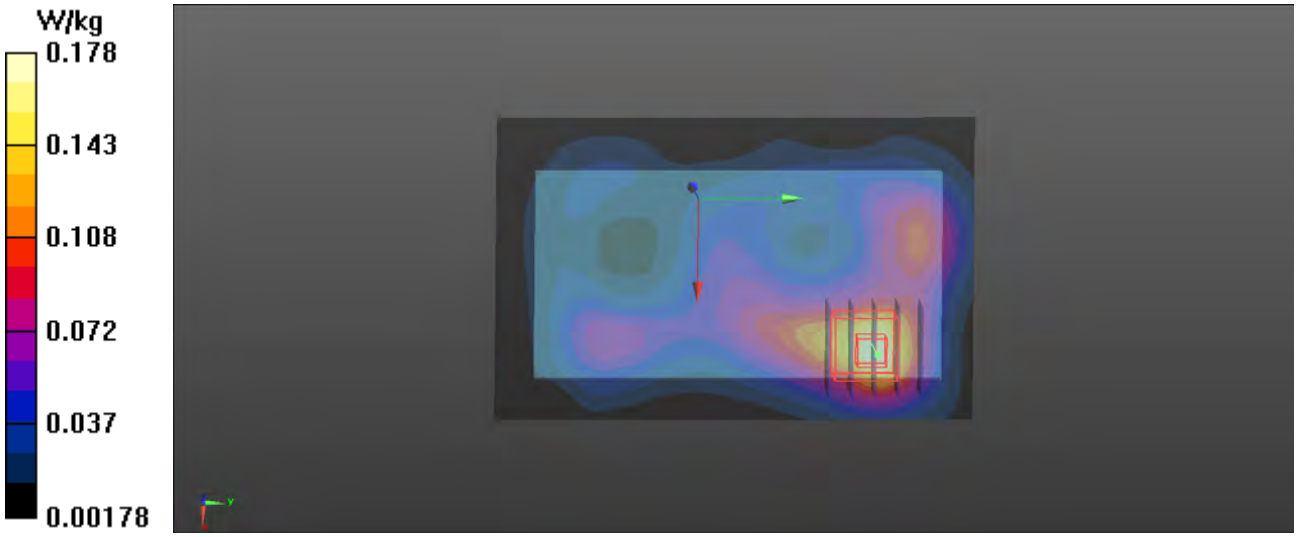
DUT: 160419W002

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B2450_0524 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.887 S/m; ε_r = 51.45; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: ELI 5.0; Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: TP:1205
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.179 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.818 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.221 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.113 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.060 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.178 W/kg



P11 CDMA BC0_RTAP 153.6_Right Side_1cm_Ch1013

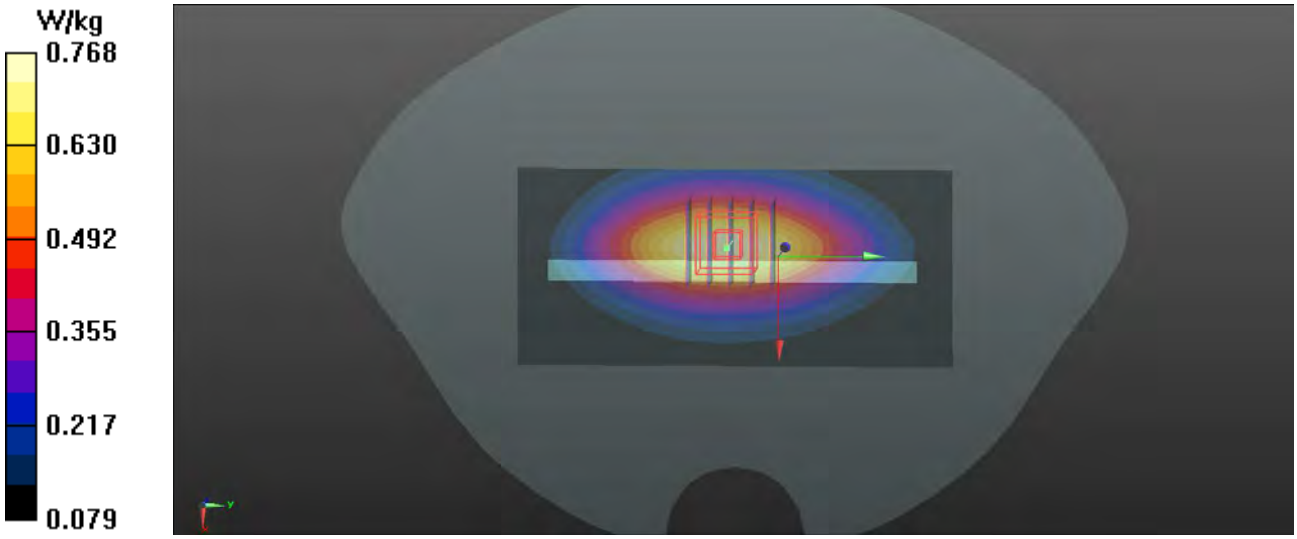
DUT: 160419W002

Communication System: CDMA2000; Frequency: 824.7 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B835_0525 Medium parameters used: f = 825 MHz; σ = 0.982 S/m; ε_r = 55.679; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.3 ℃; Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Left Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (51x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.766 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 24.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.853 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.593 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.406 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.768 W/kg



P12 CDMA BC1_RETAP 4096_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch25

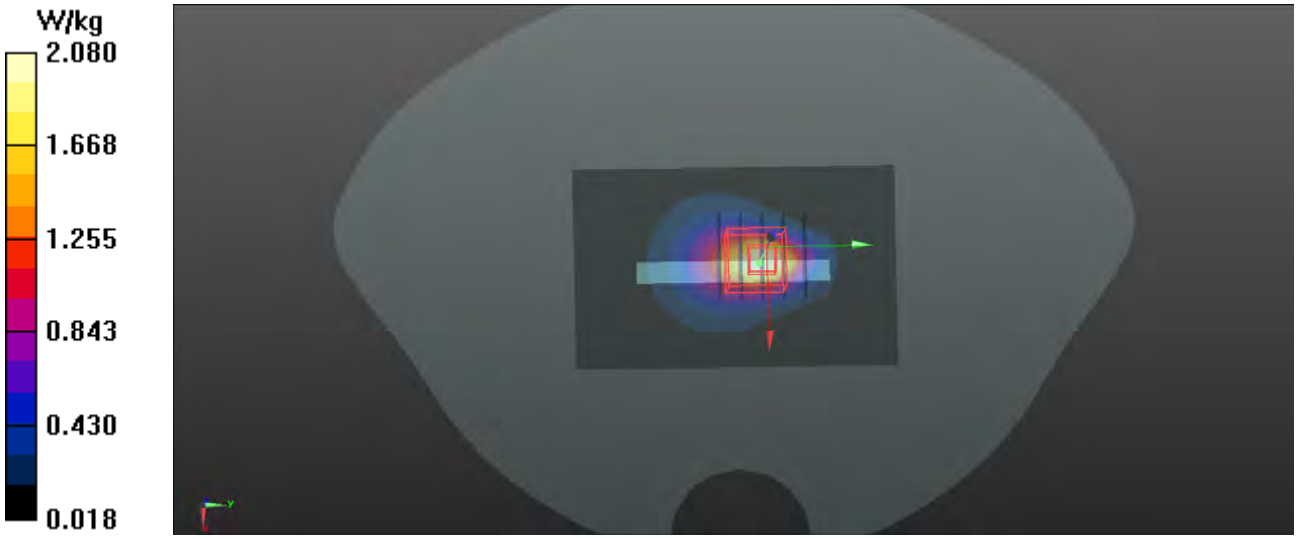
DUT: 160419W002

Communication System: CDMA2000; Frequency: 1851.25 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B1900_0522 Medium parameters used: f = 1851.25 MHz; σ = 1.45 S/m; ε_r = 52.457; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.2 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.38 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 29.16 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.48 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.687 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.08 W/kg



P13 LTE 2_QPSK20M_Front Face_1cm_Ch18900_1RB_OS0

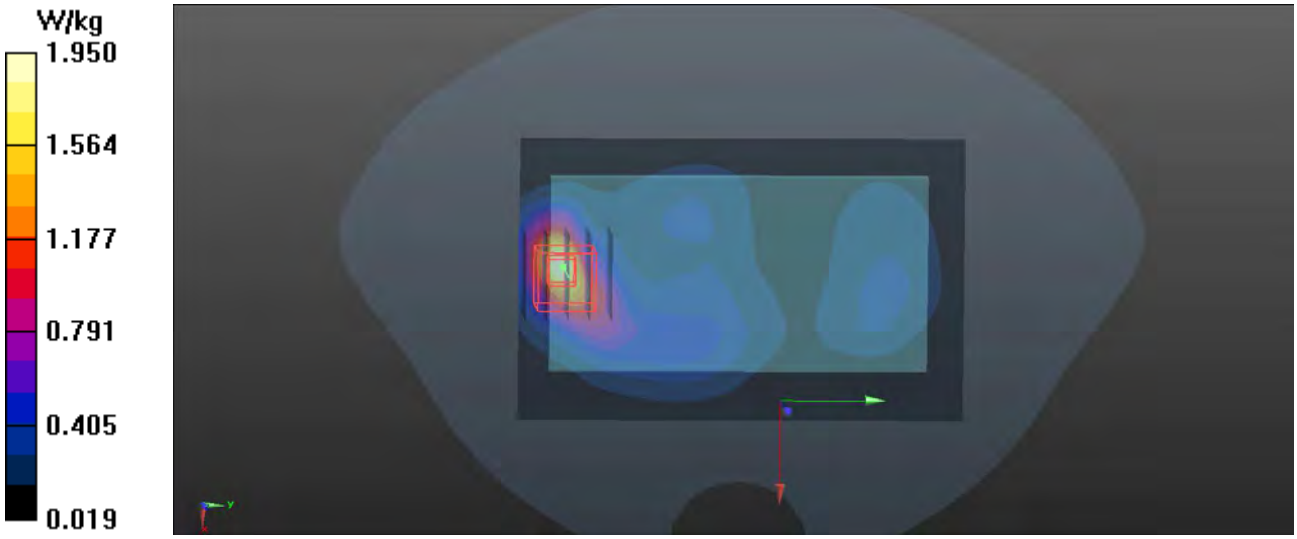
DUT: 160419W002

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B1900_0522 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.482 S/m; ε_r = 52.373; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.2 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.94 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.33 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.24 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.628 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.95 W/kg



P14 LTE 4_QPSK20M_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch20175_1RB_OS0

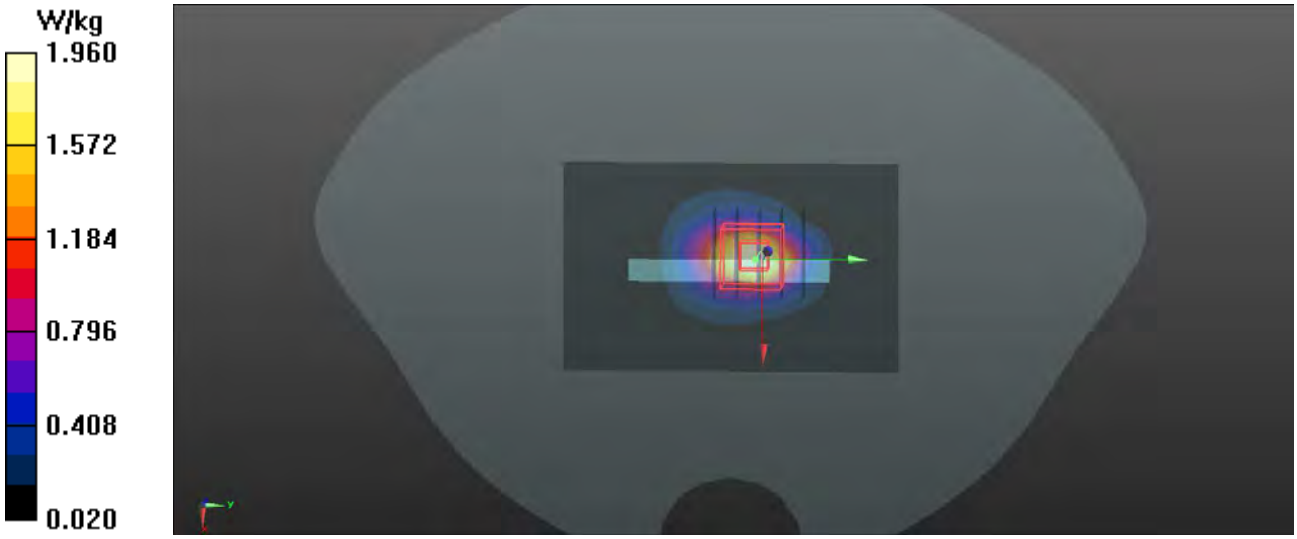
DUT: 160419W002

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B1750_0523 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.453 S/m; ε_r = 53.723; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.0 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.1 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(7.86, 7.86, 7.86); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Front Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1695
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.25 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 28.34 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.29 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.28 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.667 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.96 W/kg



P15 LTE 13_QPSK10M_Rear Face_1cm_Ch23230_1RB_OS0

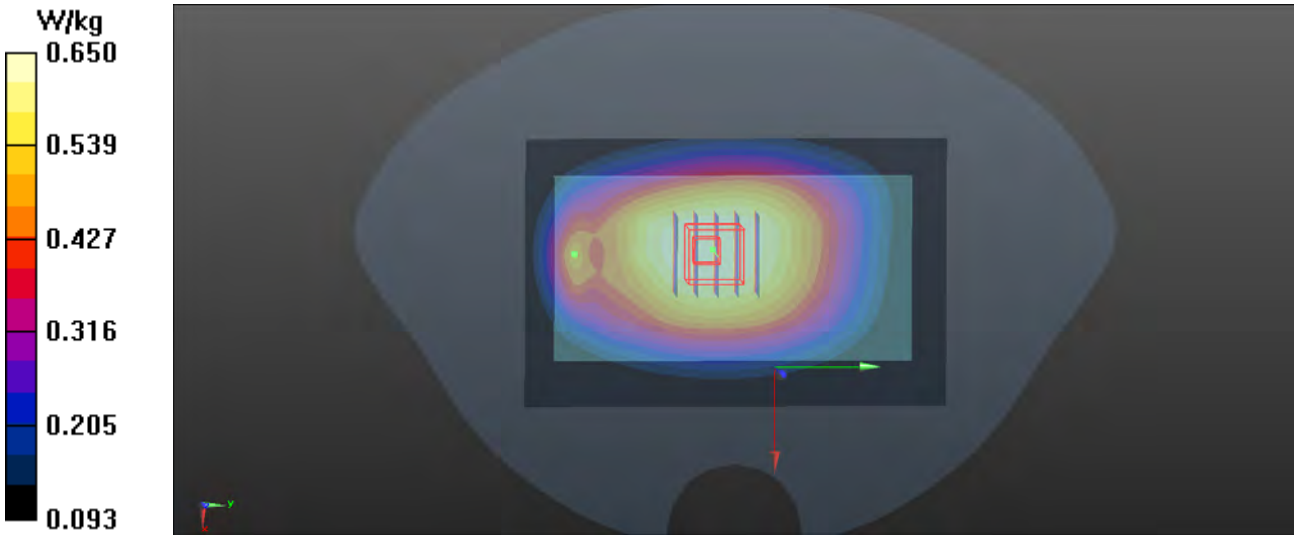
DUT: 160419W002

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 782 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B750_0525 Medium parameters used: f = 782 MHz; σ = 0.995 S/m; ε_r = 53.489; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(9.77, 9.77, 9.77); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: Left Phantom with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1722
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.657 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 23.20 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.700 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.548 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.420 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.650 W/kg



P16 802.11b_Left Side_1cm_Ch6

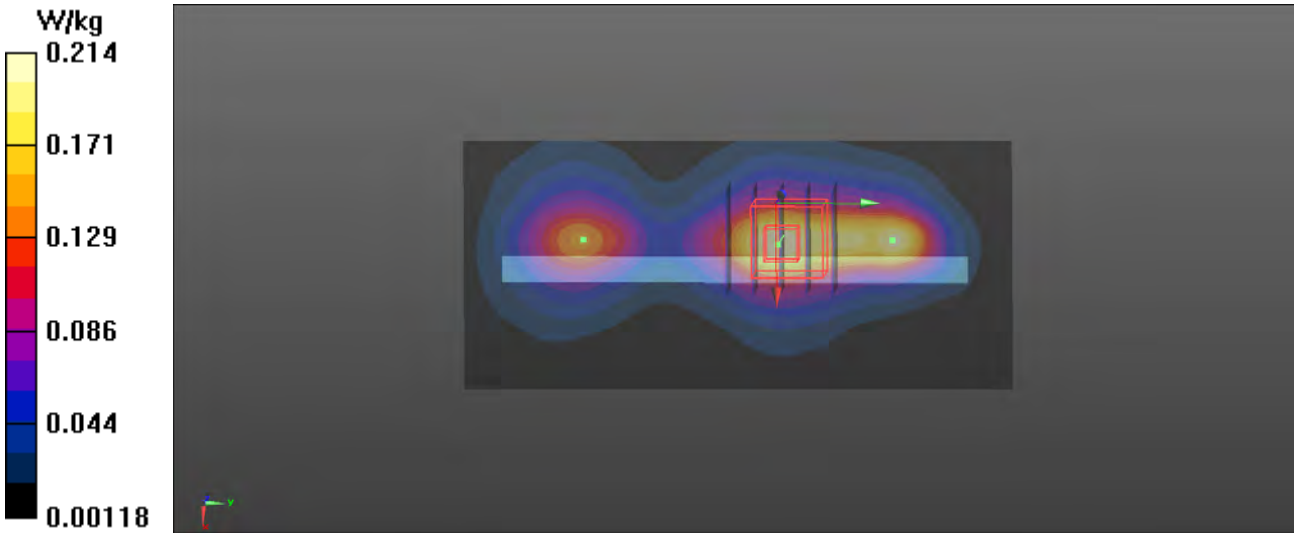
DUT: 160419W002

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B2450_0524 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.887 S/m; ε_r = 51.45; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3873; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 2015/08/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1341; Calibrated: 2015/08/25
- Phantom: ELI 5.0; Type: QD OVA 001 BB; Serial: TP:1205
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

- Area Scan (51x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.219 W/kg

- Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.190 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.259 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.138 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.075 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.214 W/kg



Appendix C. Calibration Certificate for Probe and Dipole

The SPEAG calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **BV ADT-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: D750V3-1067_Aug15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D750V3 - SN: 1067
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 24, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	17-Aug-15 (No. DAE4-601_Aug15)	Aug-16

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M.Weber
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 24, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	42.1 ± 6 %	0.91 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.05 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**8.07 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.34 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**5.29 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	56.3 ± 6 %	1.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.16 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**8.40 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.41 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**5.51 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.8 Ω - 2.1 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.8 Ω - 3.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.0 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.032 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	May 10, 2012

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1067

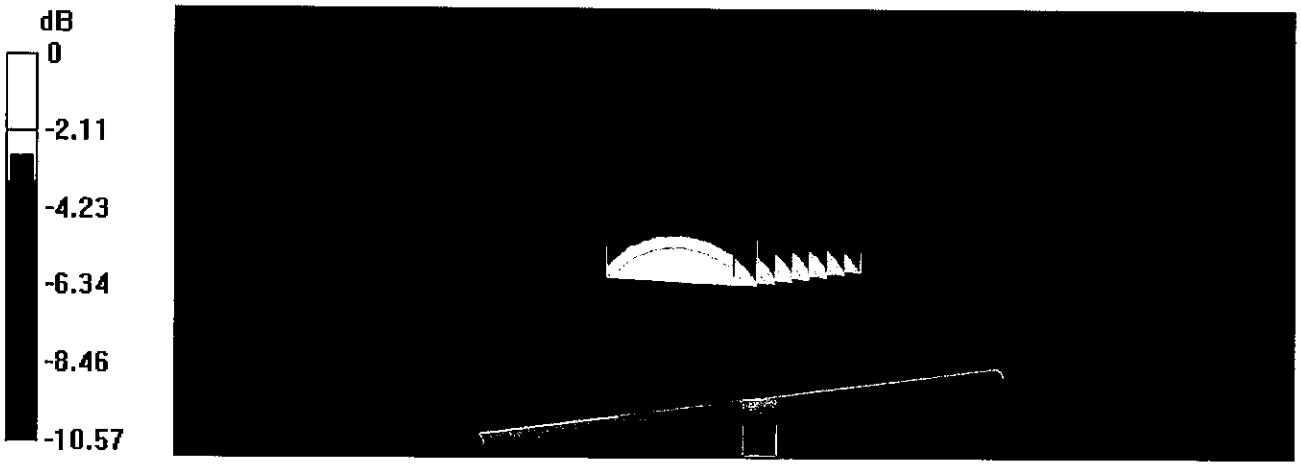
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.91 S/m; ε_r = 42.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.44, 6.44, 6.44); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

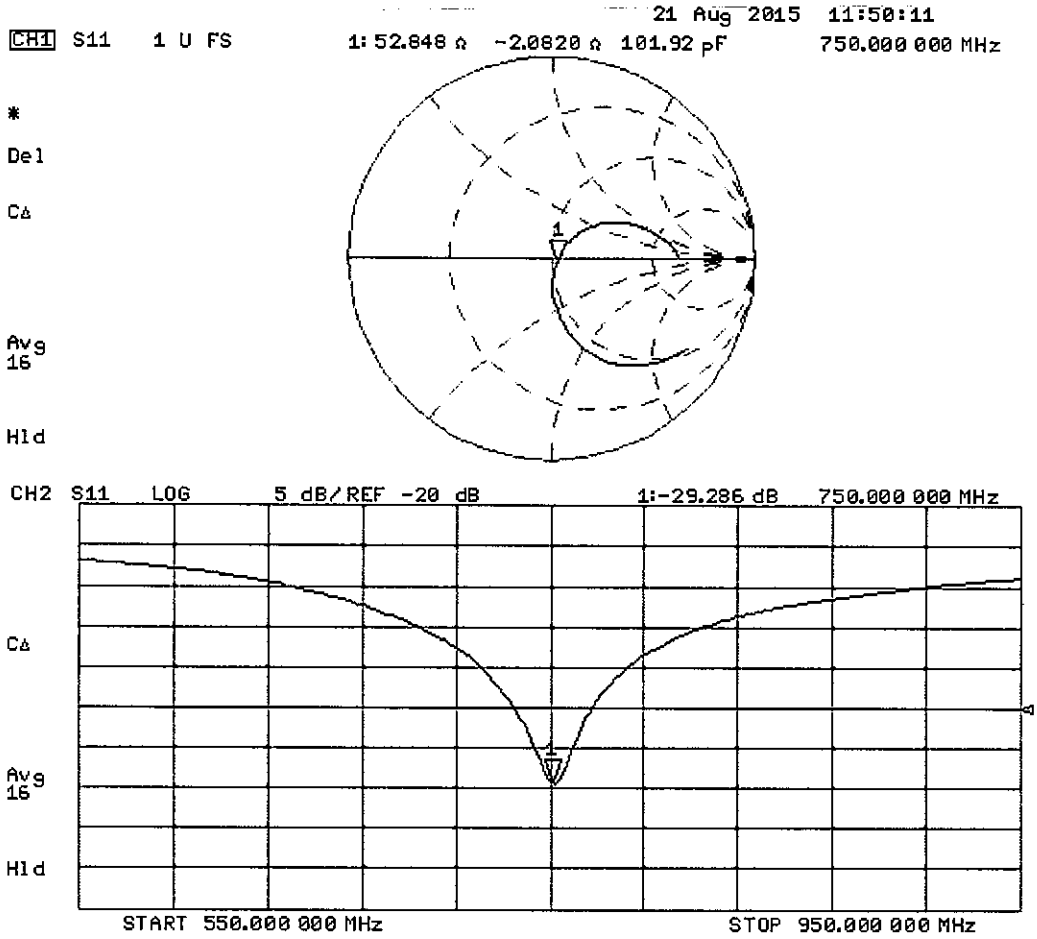
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 52.96 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.05 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.34 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.40 W/kg



0 dB = 2.40 W/kg = 3.80 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 24.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1067

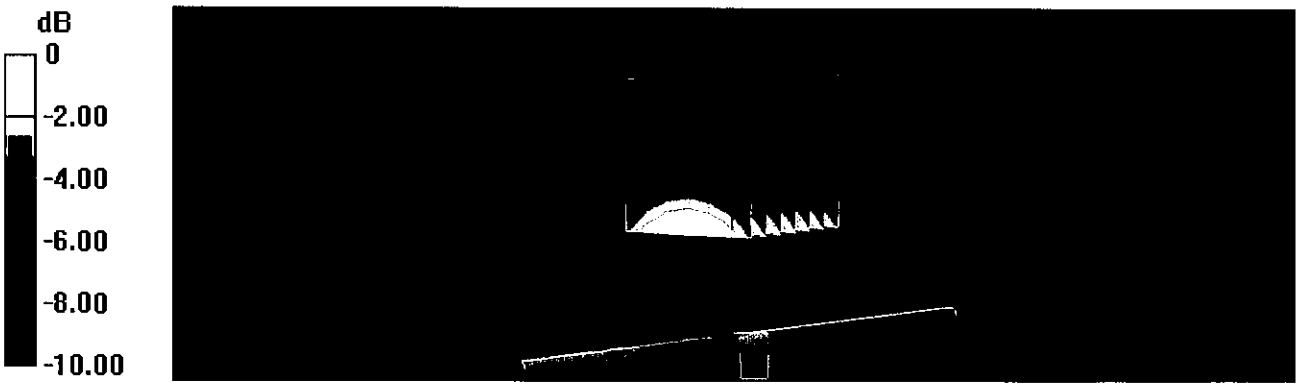
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 1 S/m; ε_r = 56.3; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.21, 6.21, 6.21); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

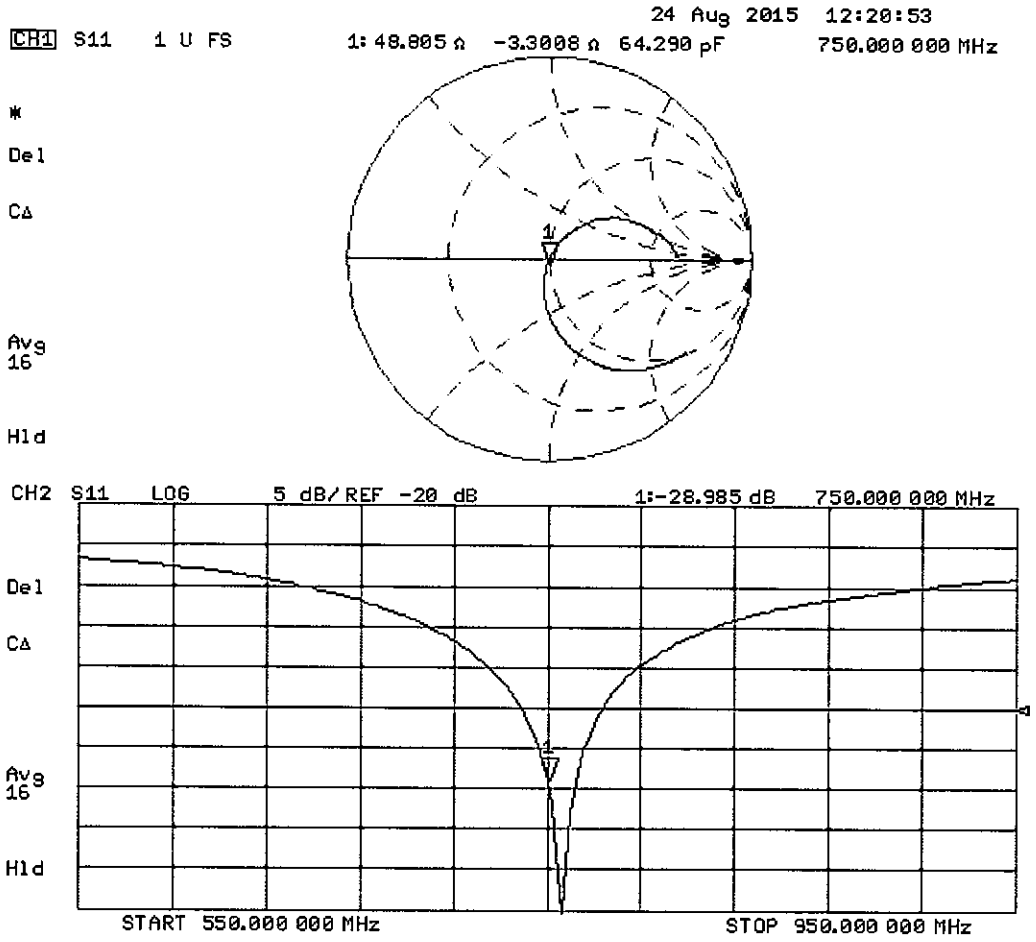
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 52.05 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.18 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.41 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.55 W/kg



0 dB = 2.55 W/kg = 4.07 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **BV ADT-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: D835V2-4d139_Aug15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D835V2 - SN: 4d139
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 24, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	17-Aug-15 (No. DAE4-601_Aug15)	Aug-16

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M.Weber
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 25, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.9 ± 6 %	0.93 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.33 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.11 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.52 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**5.97 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	56.1 ± 6 %	1.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.28 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.57 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.11 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.1 Ω - 1.8 jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.4 Ω - 3.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.391 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 22, 2011

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d139

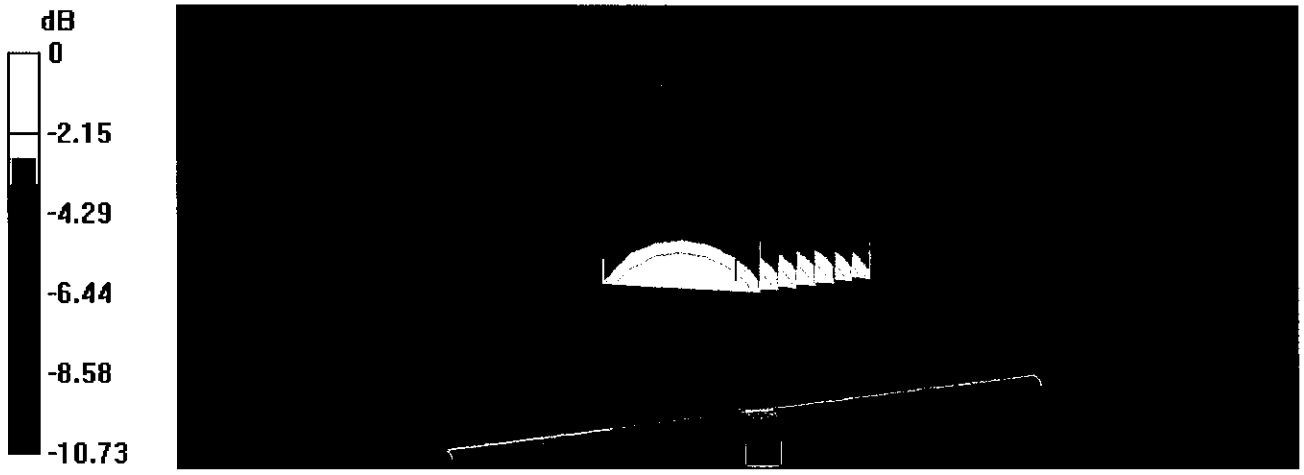
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.93 S/m; ε_r = 41.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

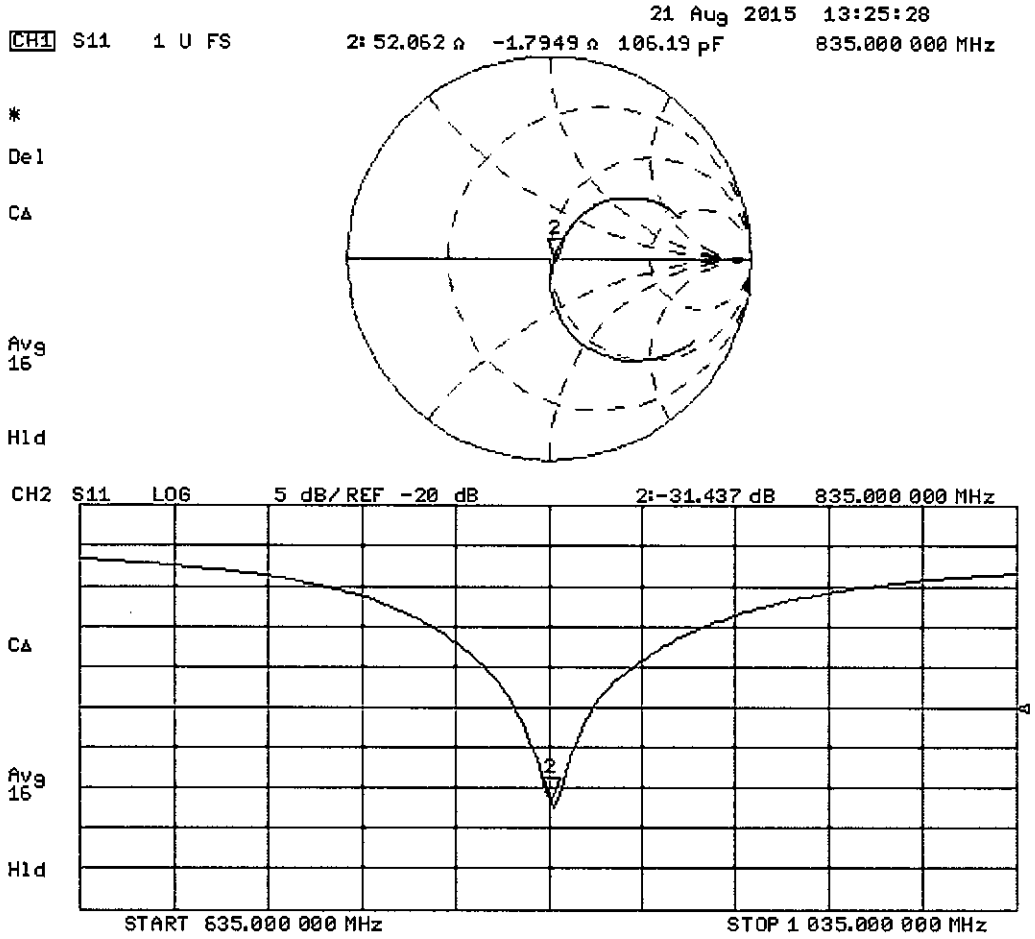
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 56.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.44 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.33 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.52 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.73 W/kg



0 dB = 2.73 W/kg = 4.36 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 24.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d139

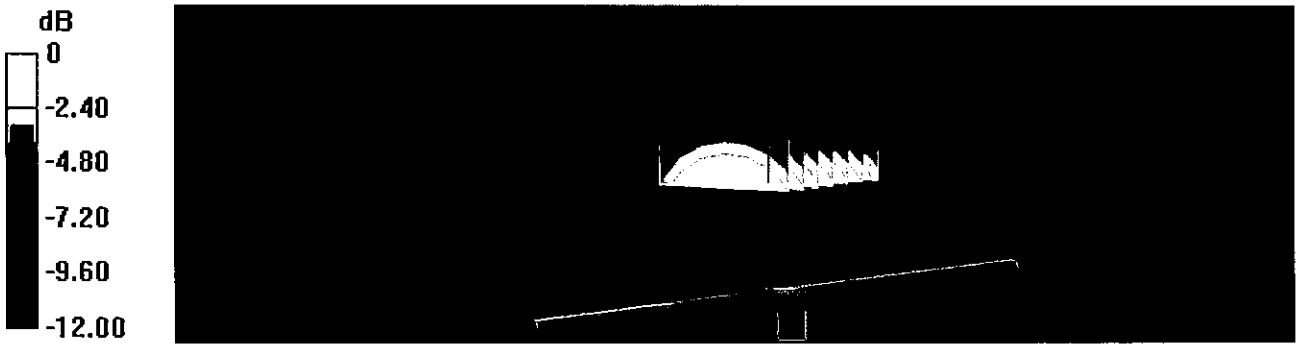
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 1.02 S/m; ε_r = 56.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

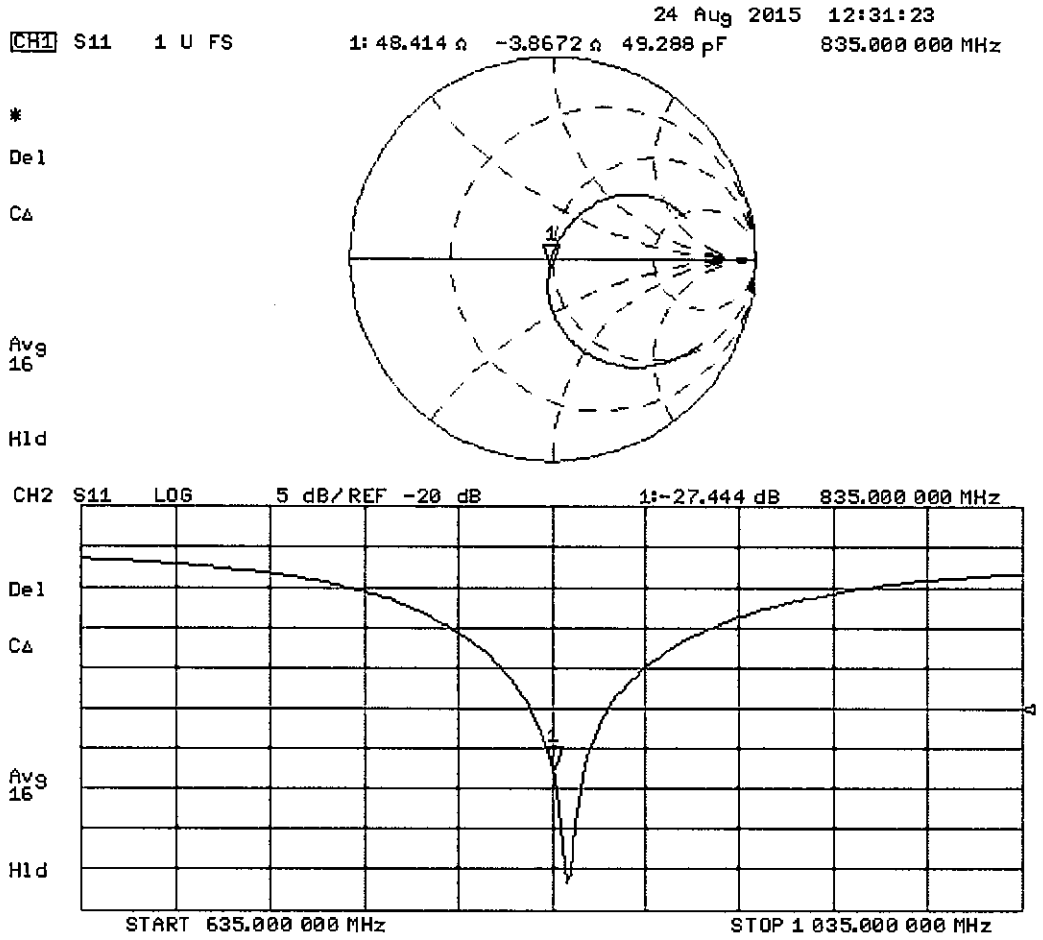
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 54.22 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.55 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.80 W/kg



0 dB = 2.80 W/kg = 4.47 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **BV ADT-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: D1750V2-1071_Aug15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1750V2 - SN: 1071
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 20, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	17-Aug-15 (No. DAE4-601_Aug15)	Aug-16

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M.Weber
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 21, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.8 ± 6 %	1.36 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**36.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.91 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**19.7 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.1 ± 6 %	1.48 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.40 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**37.5 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.07 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**20.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0 Ω - 0.5 jΩ
Return Loss	- 45.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.6 Ω + 0.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.1 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.219 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	January 19, 2011

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1071

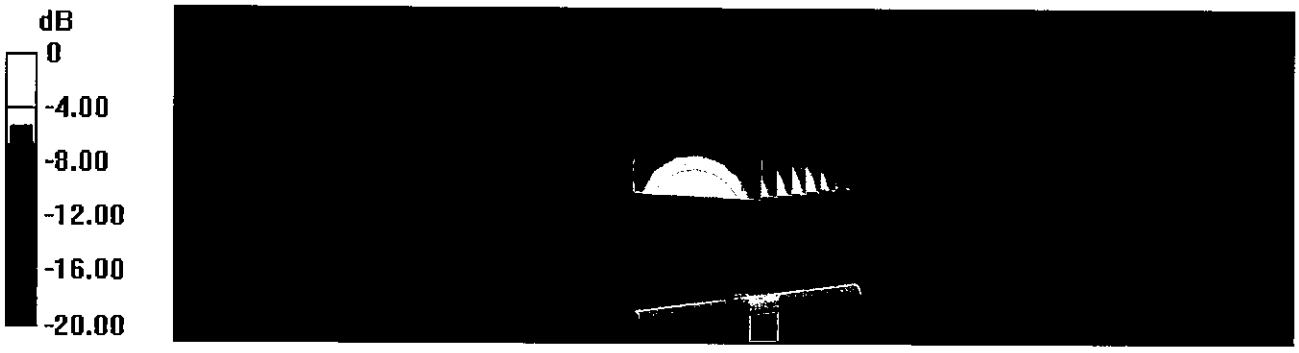
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.36 S/m; ε_r = 39.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.2, 5.2, 5.2); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

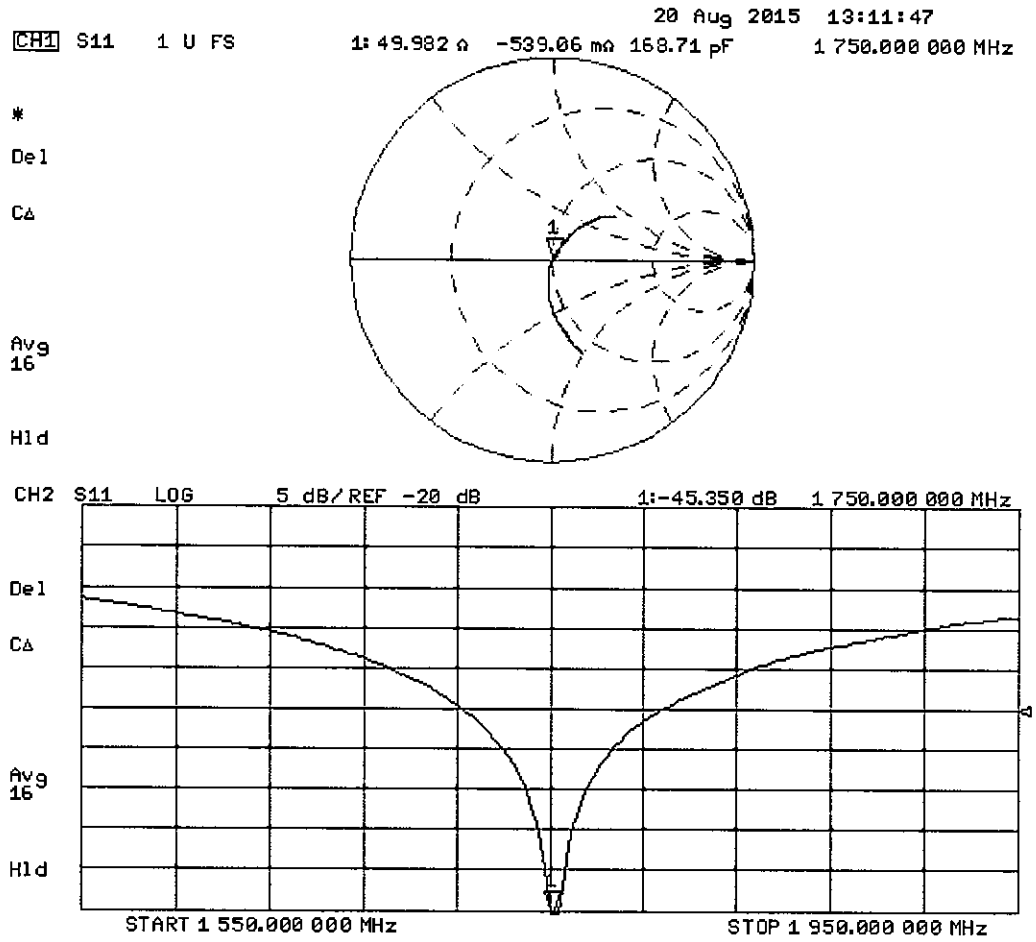
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 95.52 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.5 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.91 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.6 W/kg



0 dB = 11.6 W/kg = 10.64 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 20.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1071

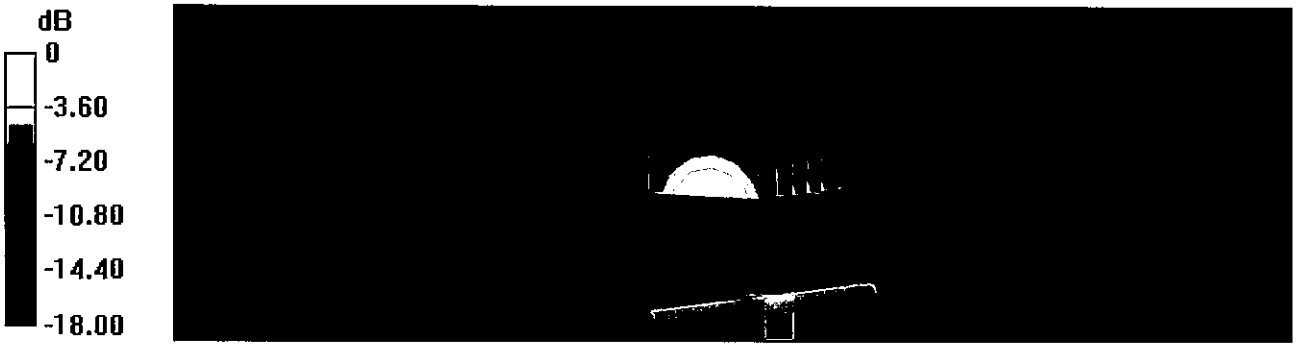
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.48 S/m; ε_r = 52.1; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.88, 4.88, 4.88); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

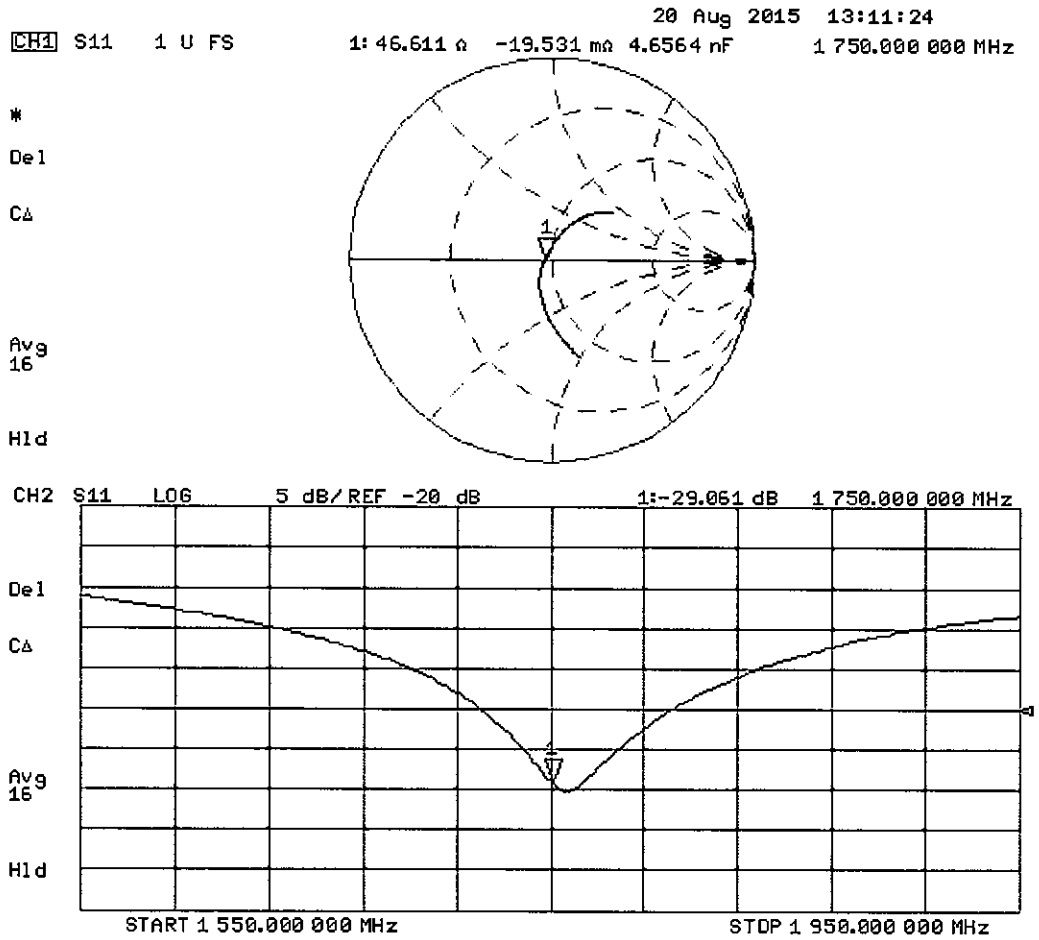
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 93.17 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.07 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.8 W/kg



0 dB = 11.8 W/kg = 10.72 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **BV ADT-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d159_Aug15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1900V2 - SN:5d159
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 21, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	17-Aug-15 (No. DAE4-601_Aug15)	Aug-16

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 21, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.9 ± 6 %	1.39 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**40.7 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.34 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**21.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.5 ± 6 %	1.51 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	10.0 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**40.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.35 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**21.4 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.6 Ω + 6.3 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.1 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.2 Ω + 7.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.3 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.200 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	December 20, 2011

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 21.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d159

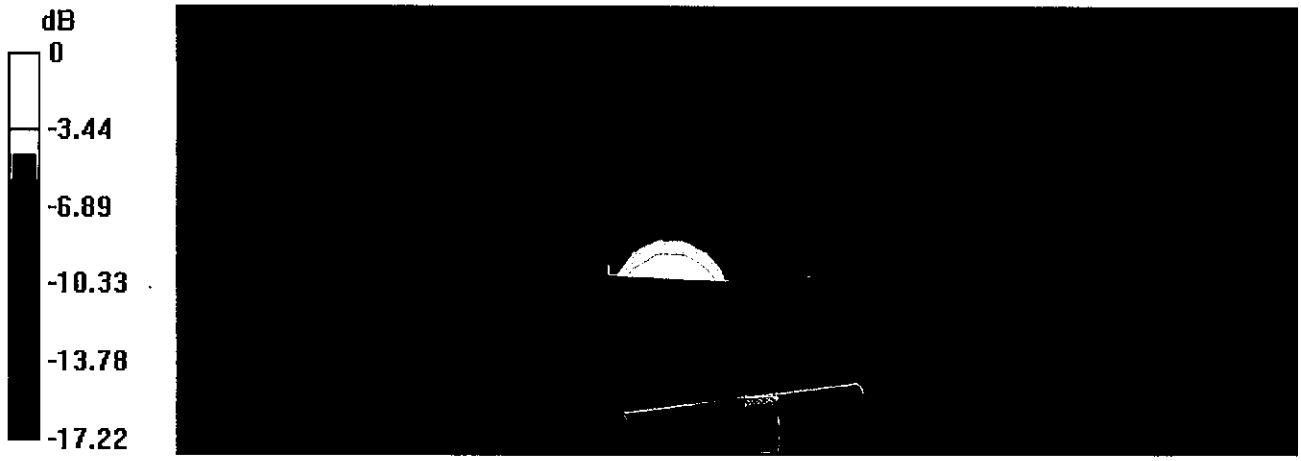
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.39 S/m; ε_r = 38.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

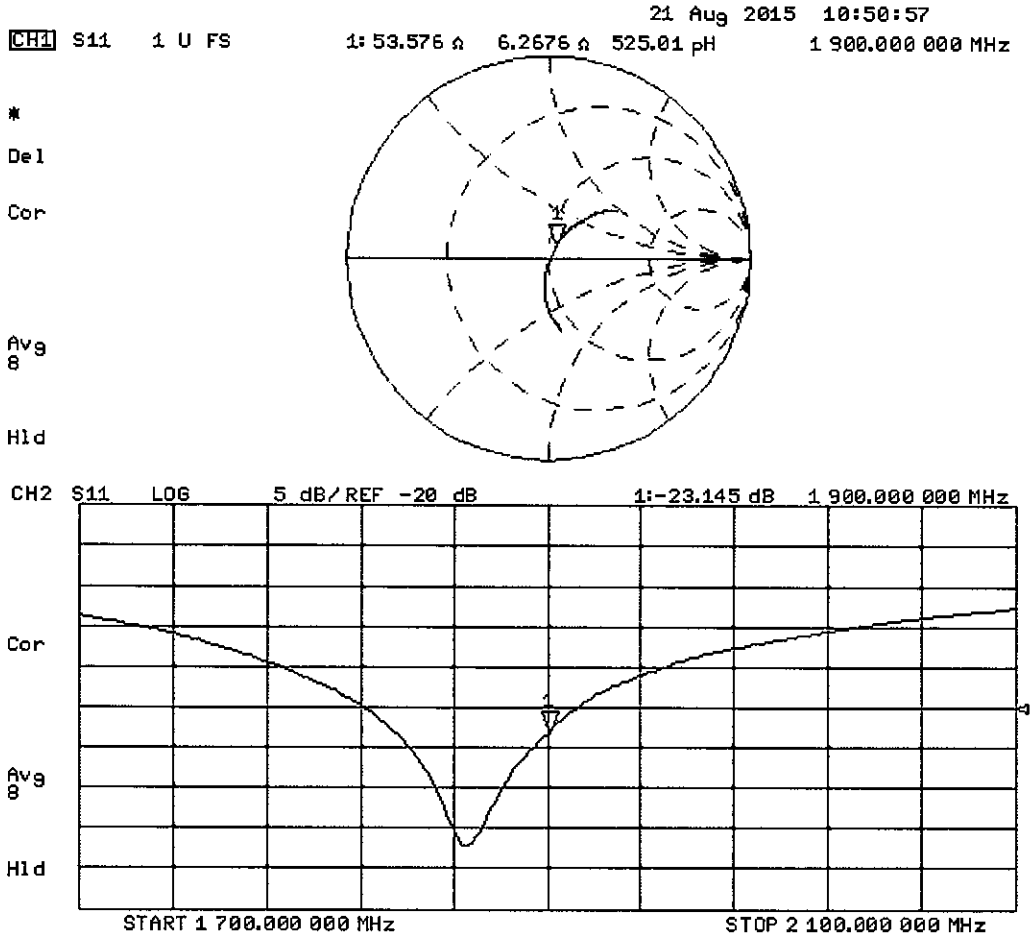
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 97.46 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.34 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 W/kg



0 dB = 12.7 W/kg = 11.04 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 21.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d159

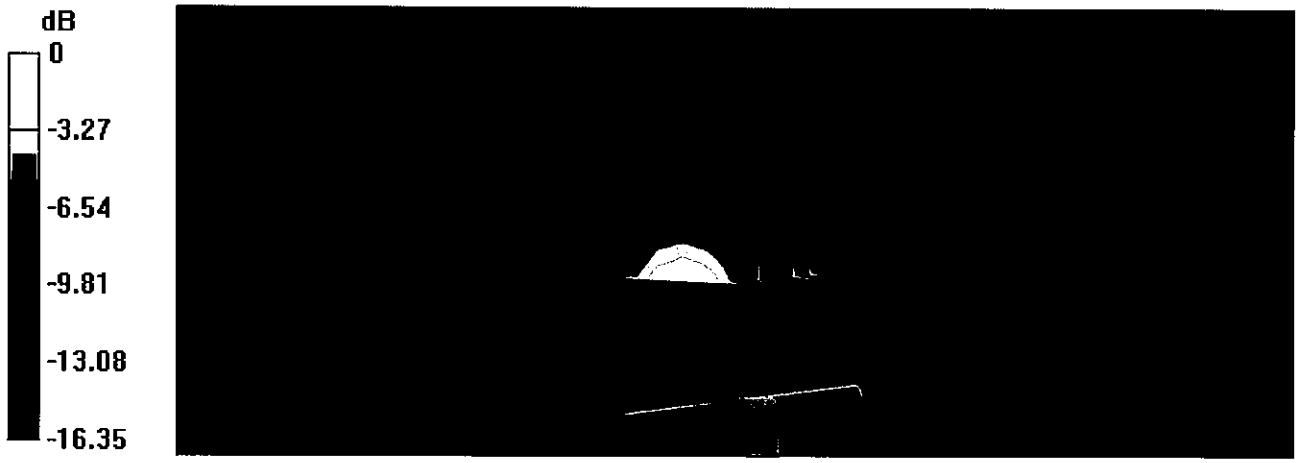
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.51 S/m; ε_r = 52.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

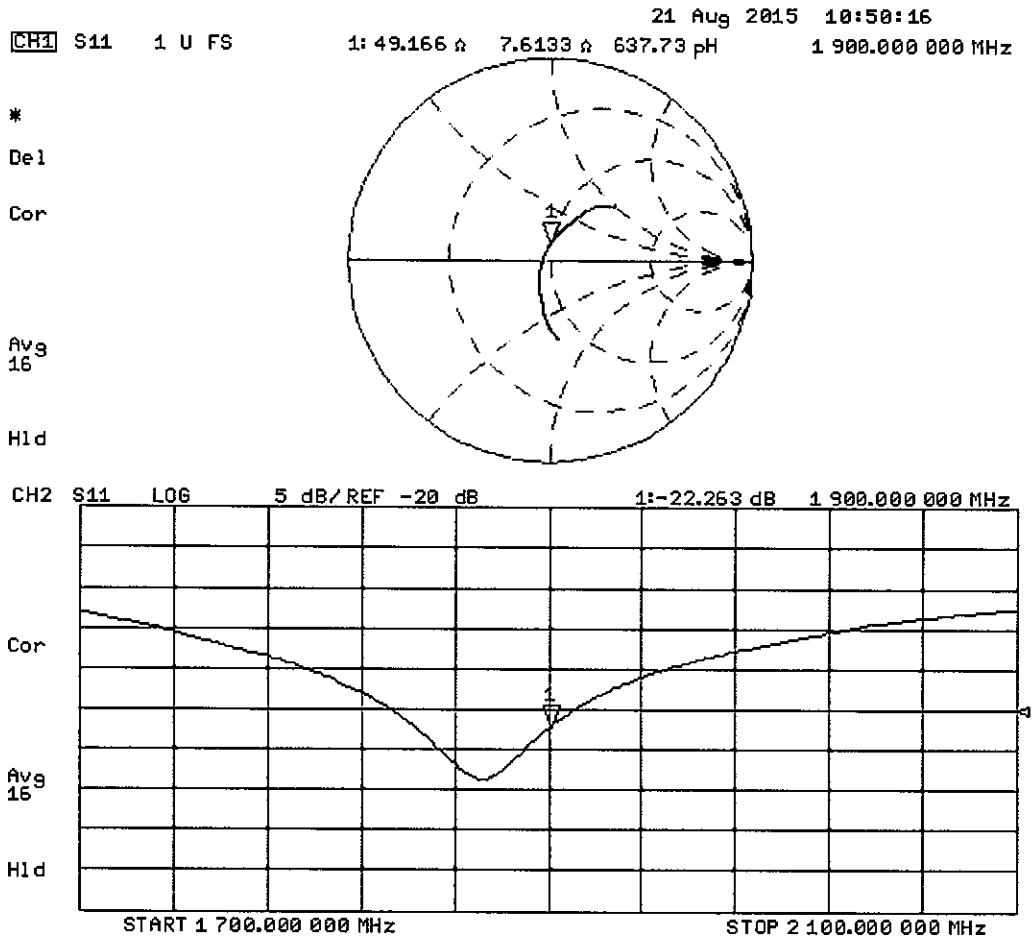
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 95.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.35 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.7 W/kg



0 dB = 12.7 W/kg = 11.04 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **BV ADT-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: D2450V2-893_Aug15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2450V2 - SN: 893
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	August 20, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02131)	Mar-16
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02134)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	17-Aug-15 (No. DAE4-601_Aug15)	Aug-16

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 21, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.2 ± 6 %	1.87 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.5 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**53.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.32 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**25.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	53.2 ± 6 %	2.00 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.9 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**51.1 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.02 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**24.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	52.5 Ω + 3.0 jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.4 Ω + 4.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.162 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	October 06, 2011

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 893

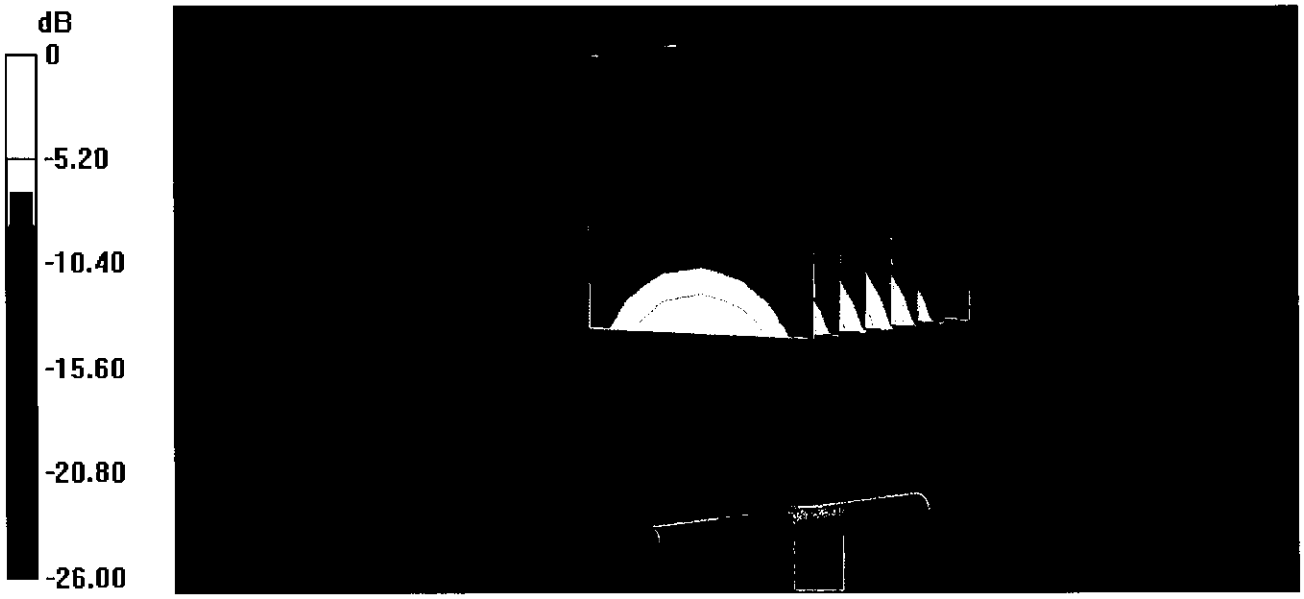
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.87 S/m; ε_r = 39.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.54, 4.54, 4.54); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

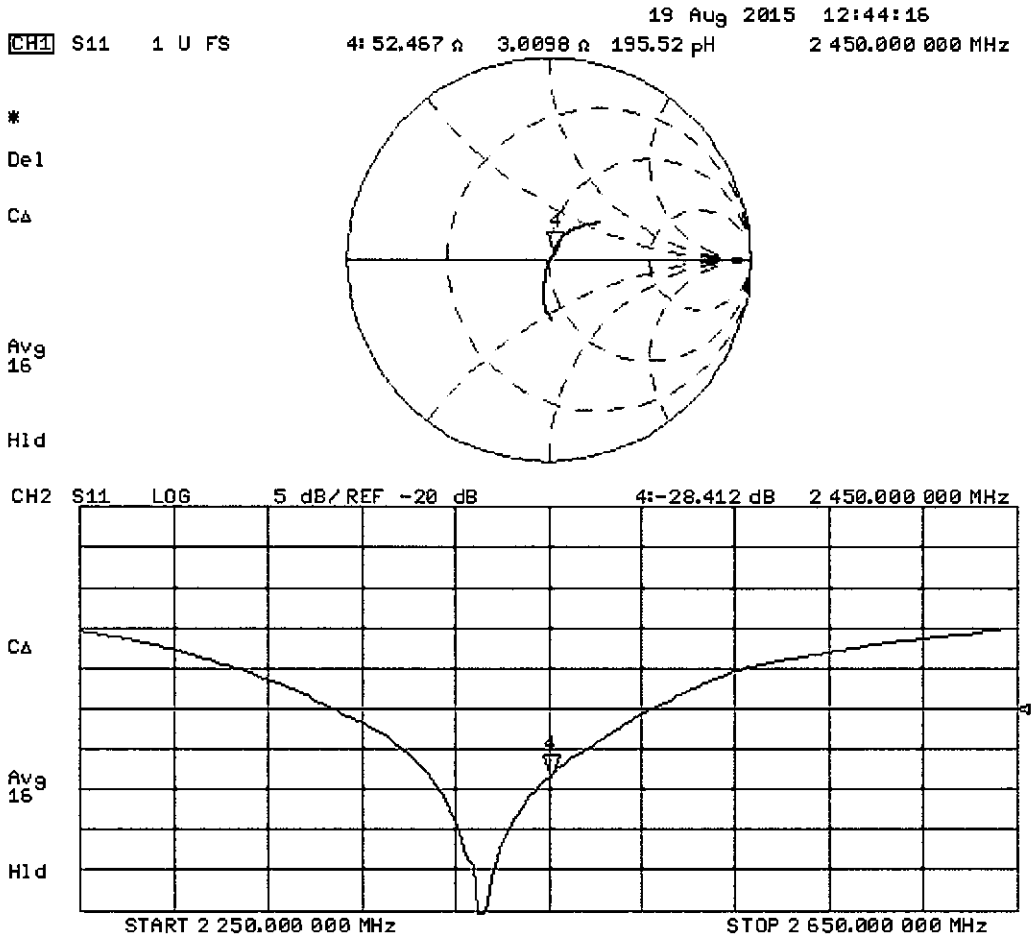
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 101.5 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.32 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.9 W/kg



0 dB = 17.9 W/kg = 12.53 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 19.08.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 893

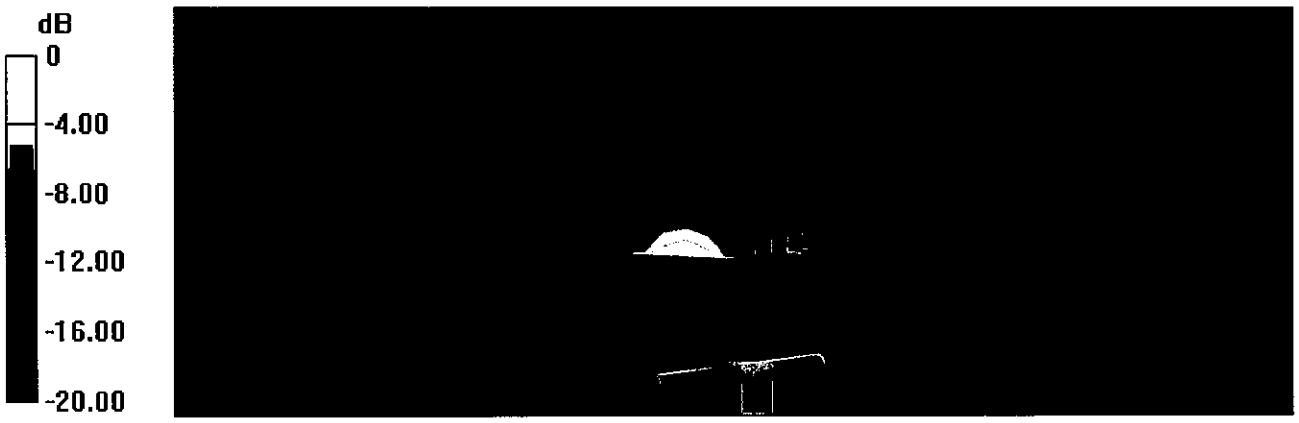
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2 S/m; ε_r = 53.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 17.08.2015
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

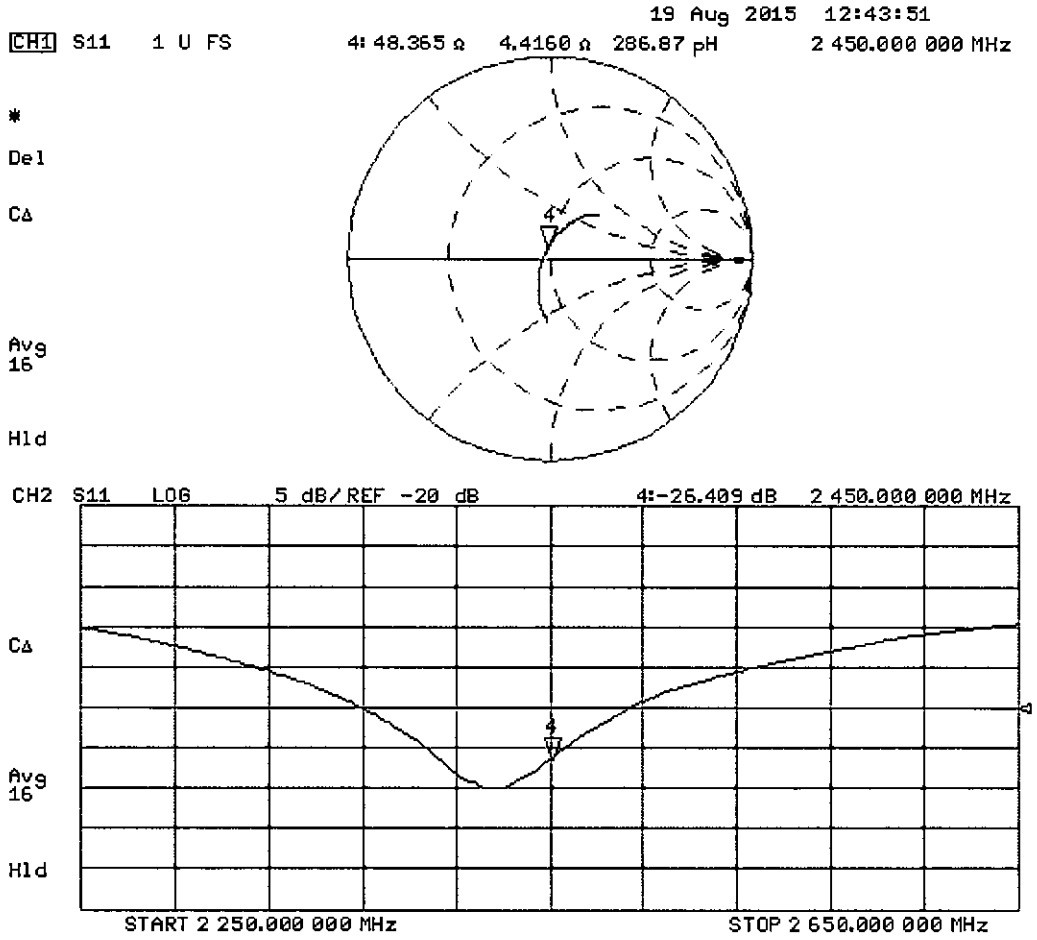
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 95.41 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.02 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 W/kg



0 dB = 17.1 W/kg = 12.33 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **BV ADT-CN (Auden)**

Certificate No: EX3-3873_Aug15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3873
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v4, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	August 26, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3013_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 660	14-Jan-15 (No. DAE4-660_Jan15)	Jan-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Claudio Leubler	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: August 27, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
d) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3873

Manufactured: March 13, 2012
Calibrated: August 26, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3873

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)[A]	0.37	0.46	0.48	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	100.8	98.5	100.1	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	158.3	±2.2 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		149.1	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		152.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3873

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.01	10.01	10.01	0.36	0.93	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	9.53	9.53	9.53	0.30	1.07	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.41	9.41	9.41	0.35	0.93	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.21	8.21	8.21	0.36	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	7.98	7.98	7.98	0.31	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	7.63	7.63	7.63	0.37	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.24	7.24	7.24	0.31	0.88	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.05	7.05	7.05	0.35	0.80	± 12.0 %
5250	35.9	4.71	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.35	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.64	4.64	4.64	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3873

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	9.77	9.77	9.77	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	9.72	9.72	9.72	0.50	0.81	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	9.41	9.41	9.41	0.42	0.86	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	7.86	7.86	7.86	0.37	0.82	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.62	7.62	7.62	0.41	0.80	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.50	7.50	7.50	0.38	0.80	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.30	7.30	7.30	0.31	0.80	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.03	7.03	7.03	0.21	0.80	± 12.0 %
5250	48.9	5.36	4.40	4.40	4.40	0.40	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	3.90	3.90	3.90	0.45	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.02	4.02	4.02	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

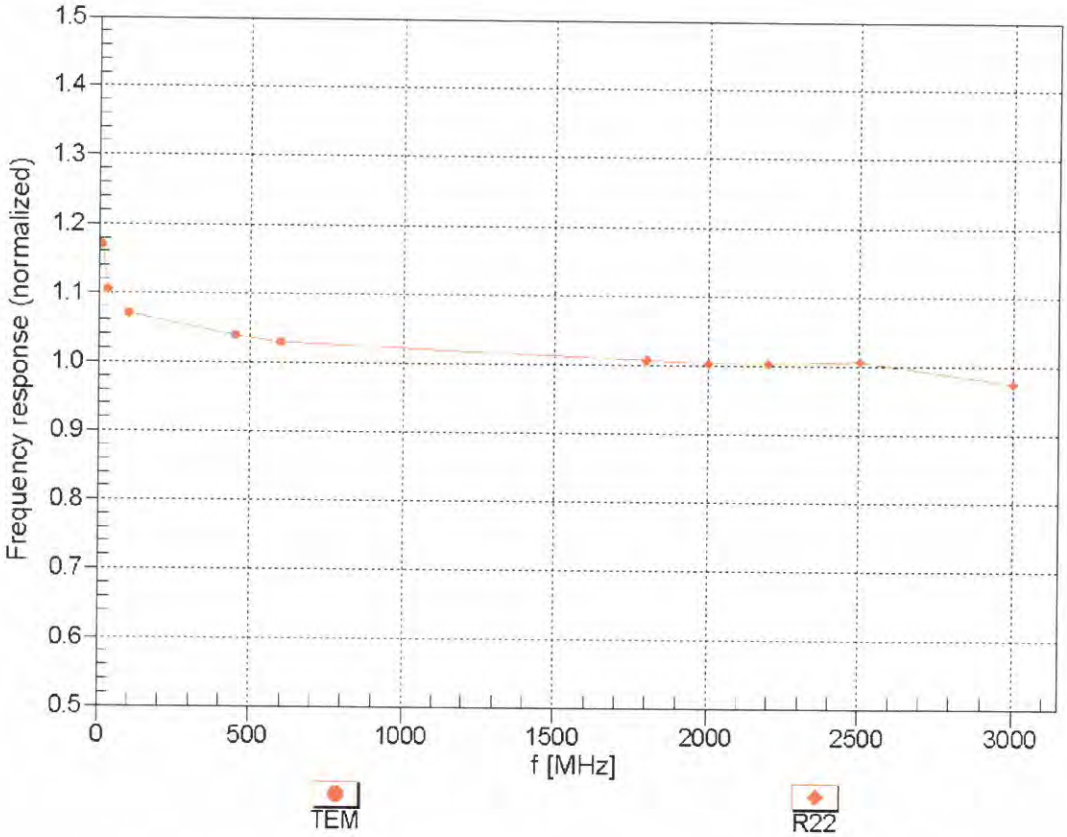
[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field

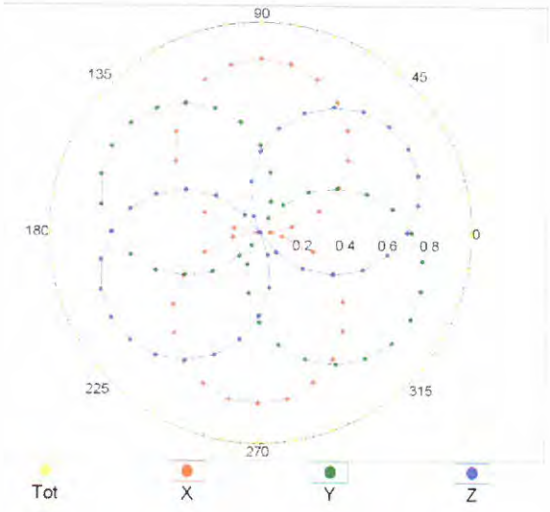
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



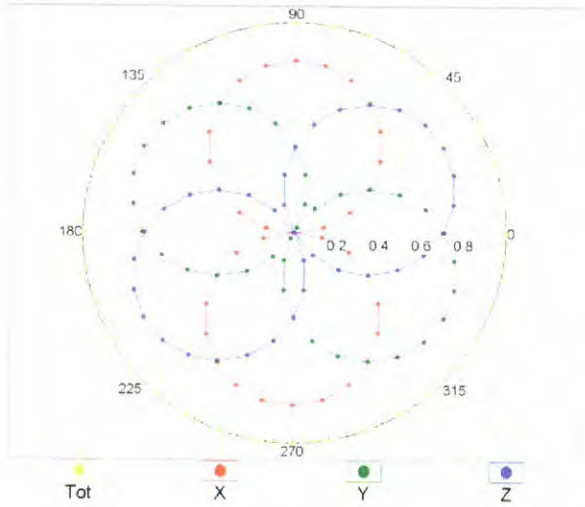
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

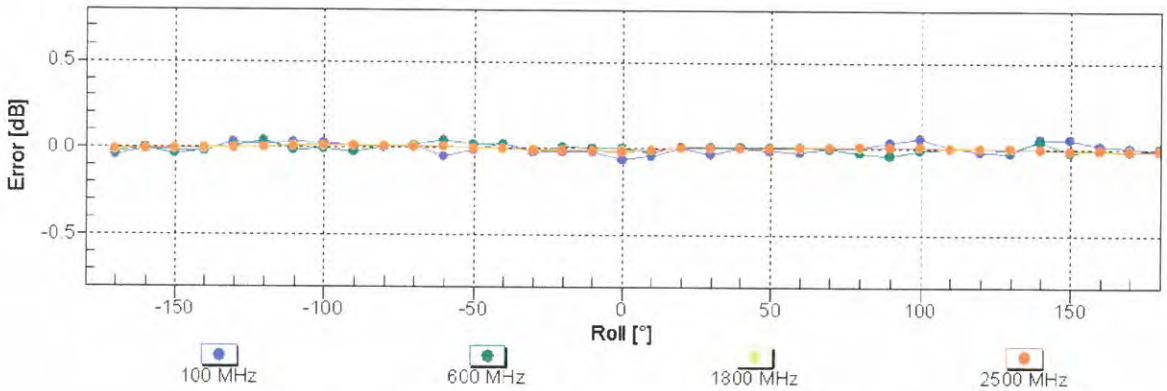
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

f=600 MHz,TEM



f=1800 MHz,R22

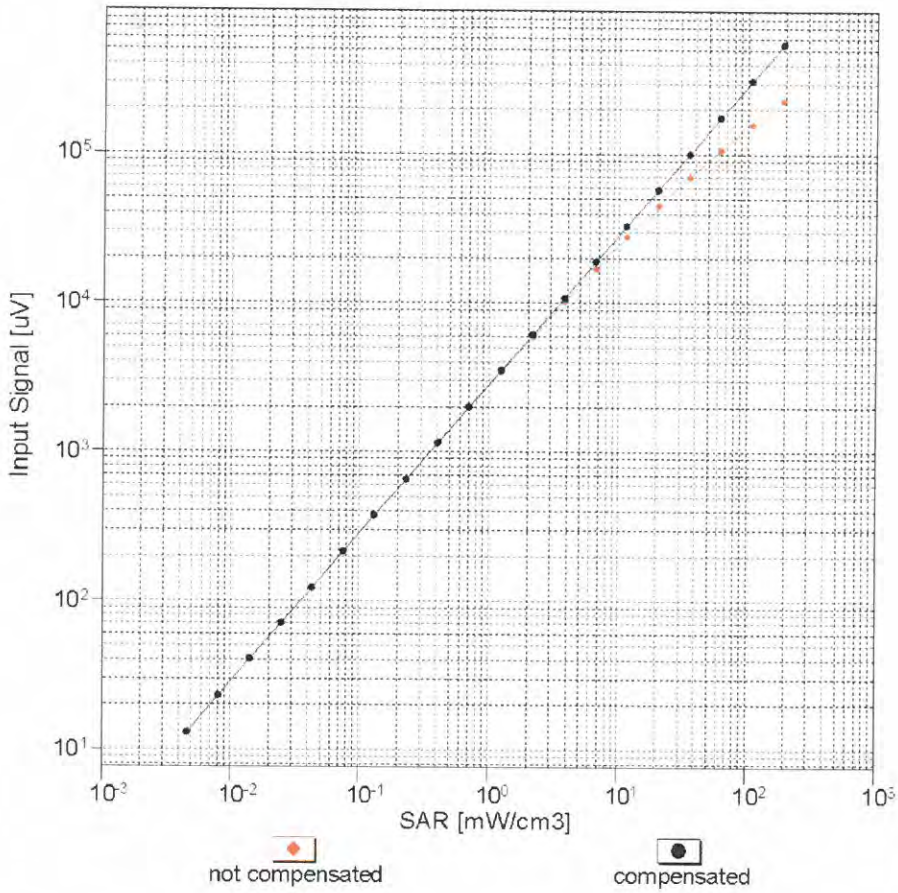


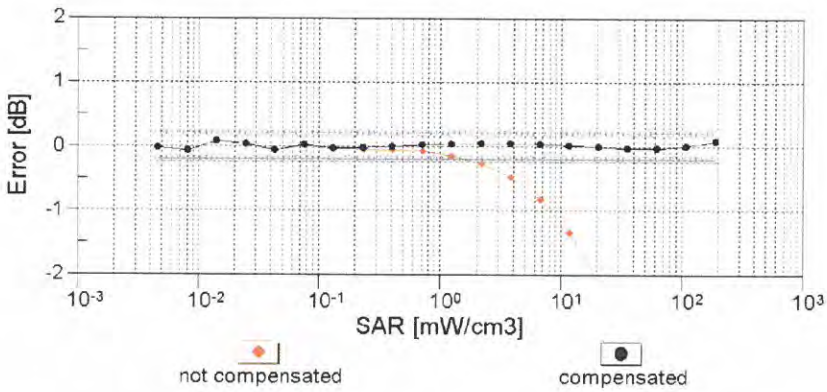


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

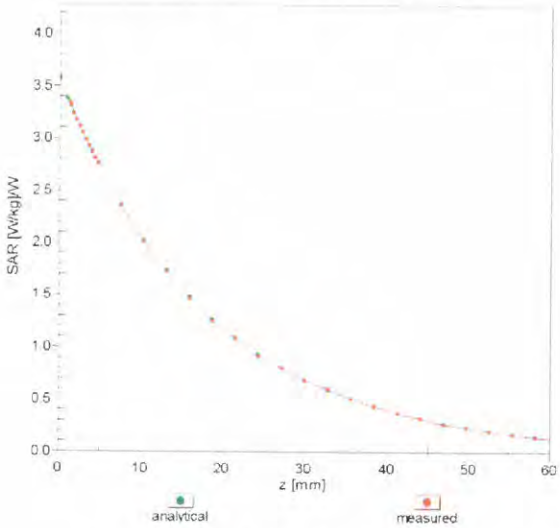




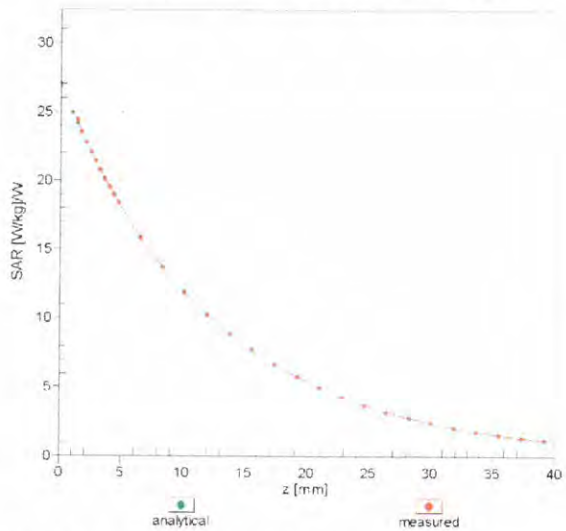
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment

f = 900 MHz,WGLS R9 (H_convF)

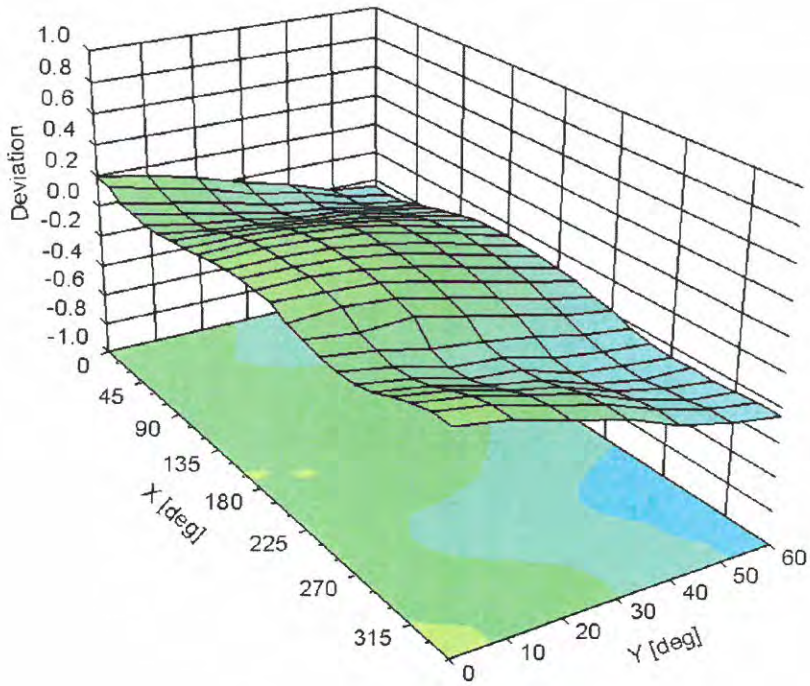


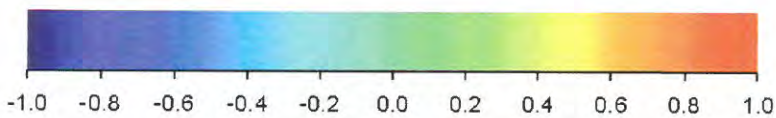
f = 1750 MHz,WGLS R22 (H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3873

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	19.6
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

Appendix D. Photographs of EUT and Setup