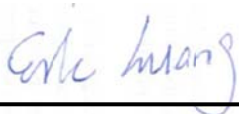


FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : ZTE CORPORATION
EQUIPMENT : LTE/WCDMA/GSM Tri-Mode Digital Mobile Phone
BRAND NAME : ZTE
MODEL NAME : Z955L
FCC ID : SRQ-Z955L
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE 1528-2003

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager



Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.
No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China



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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA531605	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	May 11, 2015

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **ZTE CORPORATION, LTE/WCDMA/GSM Tri-Mode Digital Mobile Phone, Z955L**, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary			
		Head (Separation 0mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Wireless Router (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
PCE	GSM850	0.61	1.07	1.07	1.39
	GSM1900	0.22	0.72	0.72	
	WCDMA Band V	0.39	0.67	0.67	
	WCDMA Band IV	0.34	1.08	1.08	
	WCDMA Band II	0.33	1.19	1.19	
	LTE Band 17	0.27	0.54	0.54	
	LTE Band 5	0.36	0.62	0.62	
	LTE Band 4	0.26	1.11	1.11	
	LTE Band 2	0.36	1.17	1.17	
DTS	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	0.19	0.20	0.20	1.39
Date of Testing:		2015/4/26 ~ 2015/5/5			

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.
Test Site Location	No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China TEL: +86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: +86-0512-5790-0958

Applicant	
Company Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P. R. China

Manufacturer	
Company Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P. R. China

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11abg v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	LTE/WCDMA/GSM Tri-Mode Digital Mobile Phone
Brand Name	ZTE
Model Name	Z955L
FCC ID	SRQ-Z955L
IMEI Code	866599020003780
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	•GSM/GPRS/EGPRS •RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps •HSDPA •HSUPA •HSPA+ (Downlink Only) •LTE: QPSK, 16QAM •802.11b/g/n HT20 •Bluetooth v3.0+EDR, Bluetooth v4.0 LE
HW Version	wsaA
SW Version	Z955LV1.0.0B01
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark: 1. This device 2.4GHz supports hotspot operation and 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN. 2. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA, LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP). 3. This device supports GRPS / EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 10. 4. This device does not support DTM operation.	

4.2 Maximum Tune-up Limit

Mode	Burst average power(dBm)	
	GSM 850	GSM 1900
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.00	29.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.00	29.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	32.50	28.50
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	27.00	25.50
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	27.00	25.50

Mode	Average power(dBm)		
	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band IV
AMR 12.2Kbps	24.00	23.50	24.00
RMC 12.2Kbps	24.00	23.50	24.00
HSDPA Subtest-1	23.00	23.00	23.00
HSDPA Subtest-2	23.00	23.00	23.00
HSDPA Subtest-3	22.50	22.50	22.50
HSDPA Subtest-4	23.00	22.50	22.50
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.50	22.00	22.50
HSUPA Subtest-2	21.50	22.00	21.50
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.50	21.50	21.50
HSUPA Subtest-4	22.50	22.00	22.50
HSUPA Subtest-5	22.00	22.00	22.50

Mode		Maximum Average Power (dBm)
2.4GHz	802.11b	14.5
	802.11g	13.5
	802.11n-HT20	13.0
Bluetooth v3.0+EDR		1.5
Bluetooth v4.0 LE		-4.0

LTE Band 17				
Average Power (dBm)				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	24
QPSK	10	> 12	1	23
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	23
16QAM	10	> 12	2	22
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	24
QPSK	5	> 8	1	23
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	23
16QAM	5	> 8	2	22

LTE Band 5				
Average Power (dBm)				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	24
QPSK	10	> 12	1	23
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	23
16QAM	10	> 12	2	22
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	24
QPSK	5	> 8	1	23
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	23
16QAM	5	> 8	2	22
QPSK	3	≤ 4	0	24
QPSK	3	> 4	1	23
16QAM	3	≤ 4	1	23
16QAM	3	> 4	2	22
QPSK	1.4	≤ 5	0	24
QPSK	1.4	> 5	1	23
16QAM	1.4	≤ 5	1	23
16QAM	1.4	> 5	2	22

LTE Band 4				
Average Power (dBm)				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power
QPSK	20	≤ 18	0	24.5
QPSK	20	> 18	1	23.5
16QAM	20	≤ 18	1	23.5
16QAM	20	> 18	2	22.5
QPSK	15	≤ 16	0	24.5
QPSK	15	> 16	1	23.5
16QAM	15	≤ 16	1	23.5
16QAM	15	> 16	2	22.5
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	24.5
QPSK	10	> 12	1	23.5
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	23.5
16QAM	10	> 12	2	22.5
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	24.5
QPSK	5	> 8	1	23.5
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	23.5
16QAM	5	> 8	2	22.5
QPSK	3	≤ 4	0	24.5
QPSK	3	> 4	1	23.5
16QAM	3	≤ 4	1	23.5
16QAM	3	> 4	2	22.5
QPSK	1.4	≤ 5	0	24.5
QPSK	1.4	> 5	1	23.5
16QAM	1.4	≤ 5	1	23.5
16QAM	1.4	> 5	2	22.5

LTE Band 2				
Average Power (dBm)				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power
QPSK	20	≤ 18	0	23.5
QPSK	20	> 18	1	22.5
16QAM	20	≤ 18	1	22.5
16QAM	20	> 18	2	21.5
QPSK	15	≤ 16	0	23.5
QPSK	15	> 16	1	22.5
16QAM	15	≤ 16	1	22.5
16QAM	15	> 16	2	21.5
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	23.5
QPSK	10	> 12	1	22.5
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	22.5
16QAM	10	> 12	2	21.5
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	23.5
QPSK	5	> 8	1	22.5
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	22.5
16QAM	5	> 8	2	21.5
QPSK	3	≤ 4	0	23.5
QPSK	3	> 4	1	22.5
16QAM	3	≤ 4	1	22.5
16QAM	3	> 4	2	21.5
QPSK	1.4	≤ 5	0	23.5
QPSK	1.4	> 5	1	22.5
16QAM	1.4	≤ 5	1	22.5
16QAM	1.4	> 5	2	21.5

4.3 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r03																																																					
FCC ID	SRQ-Z955L																																																				
Equipment Name	LTE/WCDMA/GSM Tri-Mode Digital Mobile Phone																																																				
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz																																																				
Channel Bandwidth	1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz(LTE Band 2/4) 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz(LTE Band 5) 5MHz, 10MHz, (LTE Band 17)																																																				
uplink modulations used	QPSK and 16QAM																																																				
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Data only																																																				
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	<table><tr><th colspan="8">Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3</th></tr><tr><th rowspan="2">Modulation</th><th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)</th><th rowspan="2">MPR (dB)</th></tr><tr><th>1.4 MHz</th><th>3.0 MHz</th><th>5 MHz</th><th>10 MHz</th><th>15 MHz</th><th>20 MHz</th></tr><tr><td>QPSK</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 1</td></tr><tr><td>16 QAM</td><td>≤ 5</td><td>≤ 4</td><td>≤ 8</td><td>≤ 12</td><td>≤ 16</td><td>≤ 18</td><td>≤ 1</td></tr><tr><td>16 QAM</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 2</td></tr></table>							Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3								Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3																																																					
Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)																																														
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz																																															
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1																																														
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1																																														
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2																																														
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)																																																				
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.																																																				
LTE Release Version	R10, Category 4																																																				
CA Support	NO																																																				

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 17												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz					Bandwidth 10 MHz						
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)			Channel #		Freq. (MHz)				
L	23755		706.5			23780		709				
M	23790		710			23790		710				
H	23825		713.5			23800		711				
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829				
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5				
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844				
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

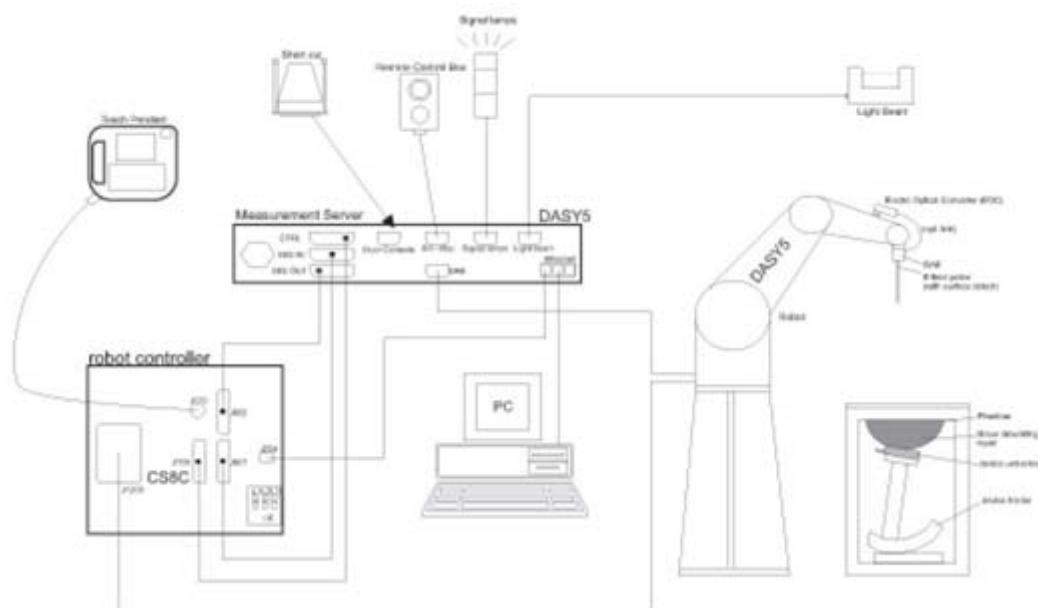
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASy measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1065	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1069	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	840	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1210	May 19, 2014	May 18, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3857	May 23, 2014	May 22, 2015
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1477	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1479	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201091028	Jul. 10, 2014	Jul. 09, 2015
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266977	May 27, 2014	May 26, 2015
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Feb. 11, 2015	Feb. 10, 2016
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	MY44300475	NCR	NCR
R&S	Signal Generator	SMBV100A	258305	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	0917070	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1005002	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	NA	NA
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	100783	Aug. 11, 2014	Aug. 10, 2015
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP40	100319	Oct. 28, 2014	Oct. 27, 2015
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note1	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	Note1	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	Note1	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	13440021344	Note1	

General Note:

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
For Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.7	0.881	40.783	0.89	41.90	-1.01	-2.67	±5	2015/4/28
835	Head	22.7	0.898	41.544	0.90	41.50	-0.22	0.11	±5	2015/4/28
1750	Head	22.7	1.380	41.322	1.37	40.10	0.73	3.05	±5	2015/5/1
1900	Head	22.7	1.425	38.952	1.40	40.00	1.79	-2.62	±5	2015/5/5
2450	Head	22.8	1.820	39.202	1.80	39.20	1.11	0.01	±5	2015/5/2
750	Body	22.8	0.963	54.228	0.96	55.50	0.31	-2.29	±5	2015/5/2
835	Body	22.6	0.980	54.477	0.97	55.20	1.03	-1.31	±5	2015/5/2
1750	Body	22.7	1.505	52.347	1.49	53.40	1.01	-1.97	±5	2015/4/26
1900	Body	22.6	1.550	53.200	1.52	53.30	1.97	-0.19	±5	2015/5/4
2450	Body	22.7	1.943	50.960	1.95	52.70	-0.36	-3.30	±5	2015/5/3

10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2015/4/28	750	Head	250	1065	3857	1210	2.09	8.14	8.36	2.70
2015/4/28	835	Head	250	4d091	3857	1210	2.23	9.11	8.92	-2.09
2015/5/1	1750	Head	250	1069	3857	1210	9.42	37.10	37.68	1.56
2015/5/5	1900	Head	250	5d118	3857	1210	9.35	40.10	37.4	-6.73
2015/5/2	2450	Head	250	840	3857	1210	12.90	52.30	51.6	-1.34
2015/5/2	750	Body	250	1065	3857	1210	2.13	8.64	8.52	-1.39
2045/5/2	835	Body	250	4d091	3857	1210	2.24	9.60	8.96	-6.67
2015/4/26	1750	Body	250	1069	3857	1210	9.07	38.10	36.28	-4.78
2015/5/4	1900	Body	250	5d118	3857	1210	10.40	40.00	41.6	4.00
2015/5/3	2450	Body	250	840	3857	1210	12.30	51.00	49.2	-3.53

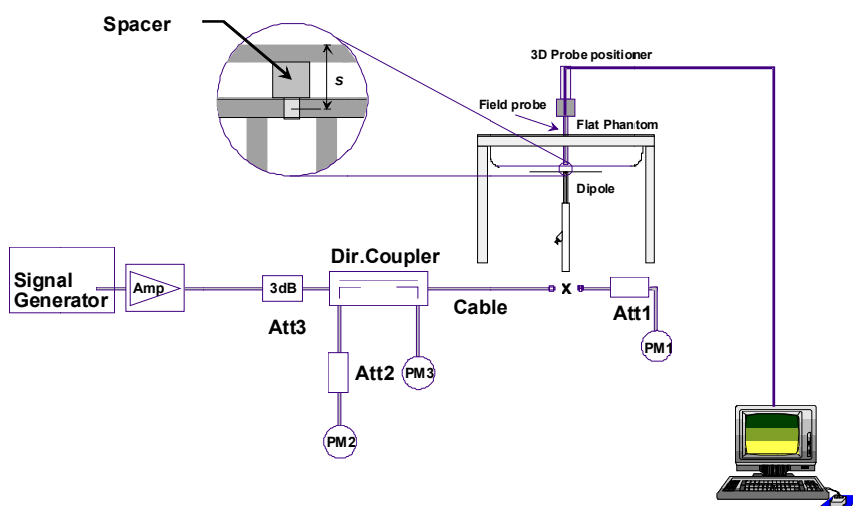


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

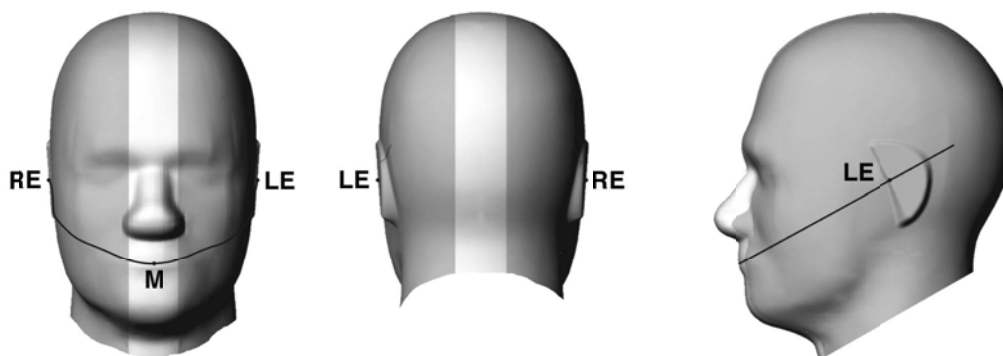


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

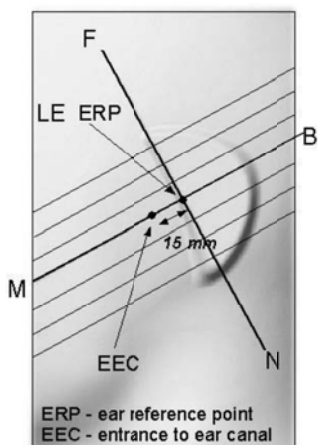


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

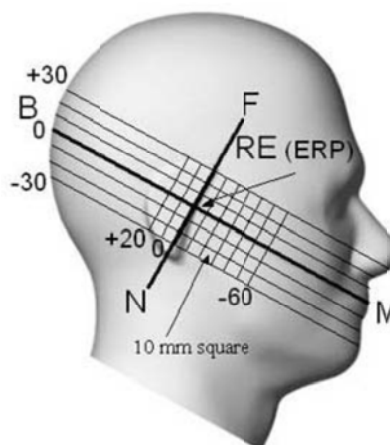


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

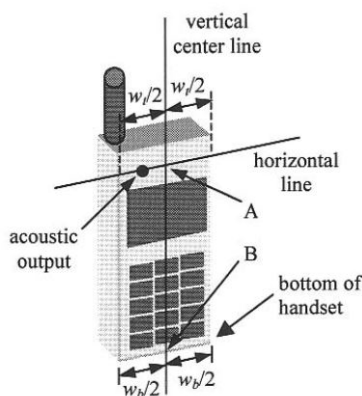


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“fixed case”

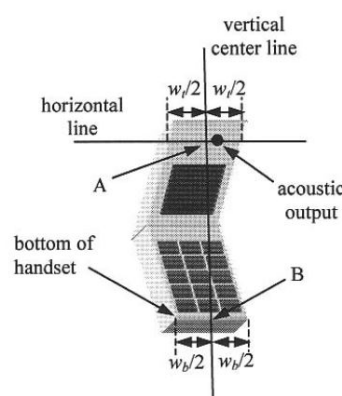


Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“clam-shell case”

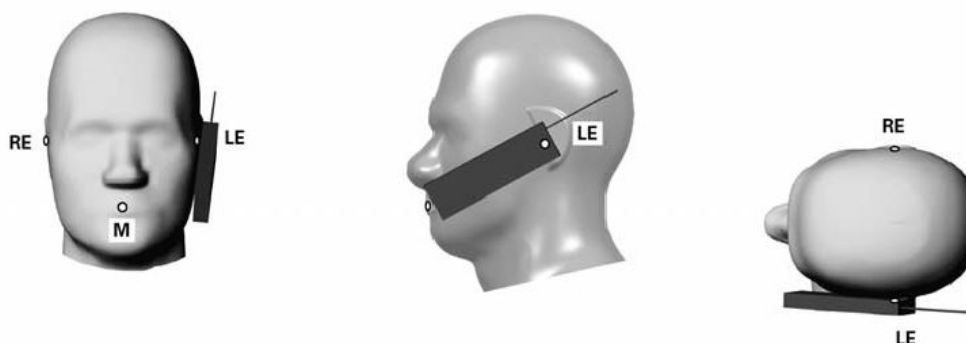


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

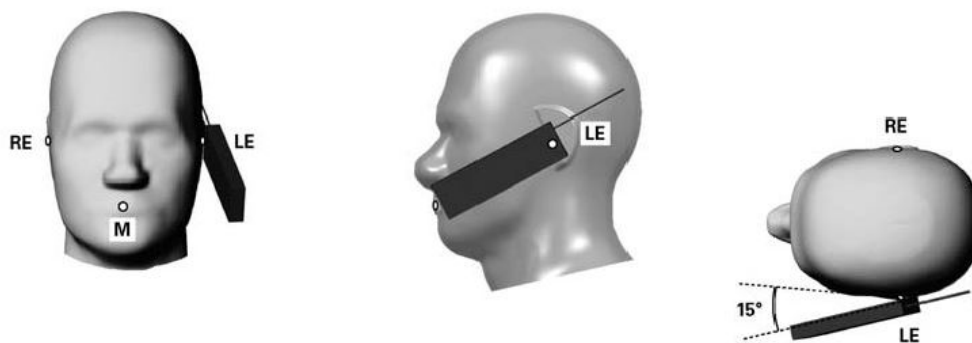


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $< 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

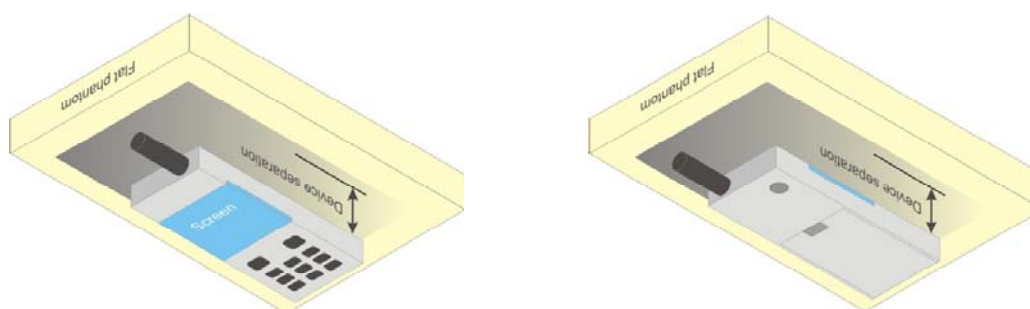


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC HDB Publication 941225 D06 v02 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

Band GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	128	189	251		128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8		824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.04	32.50	32.53	33.00	23.04	23.50	23.53	24.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	32.04	32.48	32.52	33.00	23.04	23.48	23.52	24.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	31.82	32.32	32.38	32.50	25.82	26.32	26.38	26.50
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	26.11	26.46	26.65	27.00	17.11	17.46	17.65	18.00
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	26.02	26.39	26.49	27.00	20.02	20.39	20.49	21.00
Band GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.15	29.20	29.36	29.50	20.15	20.20	20.36	20.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	29.14	29.20	29.35	29.50	20.14	20.20	20.35	20.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	27.88	28.01	28.30	28.50	21.88	22.01	22.30	22.50
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	24.77	24.72	25.10	25.50	15.77	15.72	16.10	16.50
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	24.73	24.66	24.92	25.50	18.73	18.66	18.92	19.50

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPCCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>
General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

Band			WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II			WCDMA Band IV		
TX Channel			4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	1312	1413	1513
Rx Channel			4357	4407	4458	9662	9800	9938	1537	1638	1738
Frequency (MHz)			826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880	1907.6	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
MPR (dB)	3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	23.65	23.64	23.68	23.10	23.07	23.15	23.57	23.38	23.62
	3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.67	23.66	23.70	23.12	23.09	23.17	23.59	23.40	23.64
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.92	22.81	22.90	22.45	22.51	22.64	22.78	22.73	22.80
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.94	22.84	22.84	22.46	22.55	22.66	22.81	22.74	22.79
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	22.48	22.40	22.40	21.99	22.00	22.13	22.32	22.31	22.35
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	22.46	22.37	22.50	21.98	21.99	22.15	22.31	22.24	22.35
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	22.44	21.90	22.03	21.76	21.76	21.84	22.22	21.71	22.37
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.78	21.38	21.43	21.19	21.44	21.38	20.99	21.18	21.05
1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.85	21.00	21.06	20.82	21.02	20.95	21.21	20.88	20.83
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	22.01	21.62	21.63	21.36	21.56	21.50	21.32	21.51	22.12
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.92	21.88	21.88	21.67	21.91	21.74	21.74	21.83	22.05

<LTE Conducted Power>**General Note:**

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.

<LTE Band 17>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				23780	23790	23800	24	0
Frequency (MHz)				709	710	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.10	23.00	23.25		
10	QPSK	1	24	23.17	23.08	23.26	23	0-1
10	QPSK	1	49	23.31	23.13	23.27		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.14	22.12	22.13		
10	QPSK	25	12	22.03	22.10	22.12	23	0-1
10	QPSK	25	24	22.10	22.09	22.11		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.17	22.11	22.16		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.49	22.48	22.44	23	0-1
10	16QAM	1	24	22.24	22.34	22.40		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.71	22.58	22.53		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.12	21.06	21.06	22	0-2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.03	21.04	21.14		
10	16QAM	25	24	21.10	21.14	21.23		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.95	20.98	21.02	24	0
Channel				23755	23790	23825		
Frequency (MHz)				706.5	710	713.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.05	23.09	22.99	24	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.20	23.13	22.89		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.08	23.18	22.89		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.02	22.02	21.95	23	0-1
5	QPSK	12	6	22.06	22.02	22.01		
5	QPSK	12	11	22.03	22.02	22.07		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.13	22.09	21.90	23	0-1
5	16QAM	1	0	22.34	22.27	22.70		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.32	22.25	22.35		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.39	22.44	22.35	22	0-2
5	16QAM	12	0	20.99	20.87	20.99		
5	16QAM	12	6	21.04	20.97	20.98		
5	16QAM	12	11	21.00	20.98	20.94	22	0-2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.19	20.95	20.97		



<LTE Band 5>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20450	20525	20600		
Frequency (MHz)				829	836.5	844		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.40	23.43	23.56		
10	QPSK	1	24	23.14	23.42	23.50	24	0
10	QPSK	1	49	23.19	23.40	23.18		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.39	22.40	22.49		
10	QPSK	25	12	22.26	22.39	22.48	23	0-1
10	QPSK	25	24	22.38	22.37	22.42		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.31	22.43	22.45		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.63	22.75	22.79	23	0-1
10	16QAM	1	24	22.62	22.63	22.71		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.60	22.70	22.59		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.43	21.47	21.53	22	0-2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.34	21.37	21.46		
10	16QAM	25	24	21.50	21.33	21.55		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.38	21.25	21.31		
Channel				20425	20525	20625	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				826.5	836.5	846.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.98	23.08	23.50		
5	QPSK	1	12	23.25	23.43	23.23	24	0
5	QPSK	1	24	23.11	23.36	23.10		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.23	22.30	22.53		
5	QPSK	12	6	22.20	22.22	22.44	23	1
5	QPSK	12	11	22.19	22.38	22.37		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.29	22.29	22.40		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.34	22.34	22.74	23	0-1
5	16QAM	1	12	22.78	22.67	22.62		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.59	22.61	22.55		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.06	21.24	21.46	22	2
5	16QAM	12	6	21.03	21.27	21.30		
5	16QAM	12	11	21.23	21.32	21.15		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.25	21.34	21.26		
Channel				20415	20525	20635	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				825.5	836.5	847.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	23.14	23.18	23.34		
3	QPSK	1	7	23.33	23.33	23.19	24	0
3	QPSK	1	14	22.96	23.28	23.10		
3	QPSK	8	0	22.25	22.30	22.38		
3	QPSK	8	4	22.28	22.43	22.40	23	0-1
3	QPSK	8	7	22.23	22.46	22.33		
3	QPSK	15	0	22.18	22.33	22.31		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.90	22.56	22.58	23	0-1
3	16QAM	1	7	22.68	22.60	22.57		
3	16QAM	1	14	22.47	22.69	22.59		
3	16QAM	8	0	21.12	21.19	21.37	22	0-2
3	16QAM	8	4	21.36	21.40	21.32		
3	16QAM	8	7	21.20	21.33	21.26		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.94	21.09	21.18		



Channel				20407	20525	20643	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Target MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				824.7	836.5	848.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.13	23.26	23.24	24	0
1.4	QPSK	1	2	23.50	23.33	23.32		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.16	23.14	23.21		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.45	23.22	23.29		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.49	23.32	23.29		
1.4	QPSK	3	2	23.24	23.31	23.27		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.17	22.36	22.36	23	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.74	22.61	22.48	23	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	2	22.88	22.62	22.55		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	22.89	22.50	22.50		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	22.52	22.40	22.39		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	22.65	22.44	22.38		
1.4	16QAM	3	2	22.58	22.38	22.36		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.01	21.37	21.31	22	0-2

<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20050	20175	20300		
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.85	23.96	23.86	24.5	0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.83	23.70	23.63		
20	QPSK	1	99	23.61	23.50	23.58		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.77	22.81	22.80	23.5	0-1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.68	22.71	22.75		
20	QPSK	50	49	22.64	22.66	22.66		
20	QPSK	100	0	22.70	22.75	22.72		
20	16QAM	1	0	23.16	23.31	23.24	23.5	0-1
20	16QAM	1	49	22.91	22.95	22.98		
20	16QAM	1	99	22.95	22.92	22.90		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.70	21.94	21.85	22.5	0-2
20	16QAM	50	24	21.71	21.83	21.65		
20	16QAM	50	49	21.74	21.49	21.54		
20	16QAM	100	0	21.82	21.69	21.71		
Channel				20025	20175	20325	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	23.64	23.87	23.86	24.5	0
15	QPSK	1	37	23.90	23.59	23.66		
15	QPSK	1	74	23.46	23.46	23.77		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.75	22.91	22.89	23.5	0-1
15	QPSK	36	18	22.78	22.74	22.86		
15	QPSK	36	37	22.69	22.68	22.76		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.71	22.78	22.82		
15	16QAM	1	0	23.19	23.16	23.28	23.5	0-1
15	16QAM	1	37	22.91	23.07	23.13		
15	16QAM	1	74	22.93	22.92	23.13		
15	16QAM	36	0	21.81	21.85	21.88	22.5	0-2
15	16QAM	36	18	21.71	21.76	21.72		
15	16QAM	36	37	21.73	21.48	21.78		
15	16QAM	75	0	21.72	21.73	21.79		
Channel				20000	20175	20350	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.69	23.89	23.66	24.5	0
10	QPSK	1	24	23.65	23.78	23.68		
10	QPSK	1	49	23.57	23.46	23.79		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.69	22.76	22.84	23.5	0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.78	22.72	22.86		
10	QPSK	25	24	22.71	22.62	22.81		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.73	22.71	22.84		
10	16QAM	1	0	23.03	23.14	23.12	23.5	0-1
10	16QAM	1	24	22.95	22.53	23.05		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.96	22.88	23.09		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.80	21.80	21.94	22.5	0-2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.78	21.67	21.90		
10	16QAM	25	24	21.82	21.67	21.73		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.58	21.62	21.76		



FCC SAR Test Report

Report No. : FA531605

Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.64	23.89	23.50	24.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.55	23.75	23.64		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.59	23.45	23.54		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.63	22.67	22.67	23.5	0-1
5	QPSK	12	6	22.56	22.71	22.66		
5	QPSK	12	11	22.62	22.75	22.68		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.61	22.69	22.72		
5	16QAM	1	0	23.05	22.91	23.02	23.5	0-1
5	16QAM	1	12	22.86	23.02	22.97		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.94	22.92	23.03		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.62	21.72	21.66	22.5	0-2
5	16QAM	12	6	21.56	21.66	21.65		
5	16QAM	12	11	21.62	21.66	21.68		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.72	21.60	21.81		
Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	23.60	23.77	23.46	24.5	0
3	QPSK	1	7	23.59	23.57	23.82		
3	QPSK	1	14	23.64	23.37	23.91		
3	QPSK	8	0	22.68	22.79	22.73	23.5	0-1
3	QPSK	8	4	22.71	22.78	22.80		
3	QPSK	8	7	22.77	22.73	22.82		
3	QPSK	15	0	22.70	22.67	22.77		
3	16QAM	1	0	23.11	23.11	23.05	23.5	0-1
3	16QAM	1	7	22.96	23.04	23.03		
3	16QAM	1	14	22.93	22.76	23.12		
3	16QAM	8	0	21.63	21.88	21.68	22.5	0-2
3	16QAM	8	4	21.82	21.85	21.62		
3	16QAM	8	7	21.89	21.82	21.67		
3	16QAM	15	0	21.92	21.63	21.43		
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.51	23.46	23.70	24.5	0
1.4	QPSK	1	2	23.66	23.71	23.76		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.57	23.40	23.69		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.61	23.63	23.63		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.86	23.68	23.72		
1.4	QPSK	3	2	23.62	23.70	23.72		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.72	22.66	22.77	23.5	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.63	23.00	22.98	23.5	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	2	22.94	22.95	22.99		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	23.05	22.99	23.02		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	22.97	22.72	22.75		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	23.00	22.78	22.84		
1.4	16QAM	3	2	22.76	22.80	22.82		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.70	21.68	21.84	22.5	0-2

<LTE Band 2>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				18700	18900	19100		
Frequency (MHz)				1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.78	22.46	22.83	23.5	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.80	22.85	23.01		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.38	22.57	22.90		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.67	21.70	21.90	22.5	0-1
20	QPSK	50	24	21.59	21.66	21.89		
20	QPSK	50	49	21.43	21.47	21.86		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.61	21.58	21.87	22.5	0-1
20	16QAM	1	0	21.68	21.80	22.15		
20	16QAM	1	49	22.10	21.92	22.44		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.74	21.80	21.97	21.5	0-2
20	16QAM	50	0	20.72	20.67	20.95		
20	16QAM	50	24	20.54	20.71	21.04		
20	16QAM	50	49	20.48	20.55	21.10	21.5	0-2
20	16QAM	100	0	20.66	20.51	21.01		
Channel				18675	18900	19125	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1857.5	1880	1902.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.68	22.58	22.81	23.5	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.44	22.62	22.95		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.48	22.29	22.77		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.56	21.65	22.02	22.5	0-1
15	QPSK	36	18	21.55	21.55	22.03		
15	QPSK	36	37	21.55	21.56	21.94		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.56	21.62	21.97	22.5	0-1
15	16QAM	1	0	22.03	21.90	21.92		
15	16QAM	1	37	21.75	21.83	22.21		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.93	21.65	21.73	21.5	0-2
15	16QAM	36	0	20.64	20.71	20.95		
15	16QAM	36	18	20.62	20.70	21.05		
15	16QAM	36	37	20.62	20.52	20.97	21.5	0-2
15	16QAM	75	0	20.55	20.58	20.93		
Channel				18650	18900	19150	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.65	22.68	22.89	23.5	0
10	QPSK	1	24	22.59	22.76	22.95		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.65	22.43	22.89		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.71	21.61	22.04	22.5	0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.52	21.61	22.02		
10	QPSK	25	24	21.49	21.61	21.93		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.52	21.57	21.93	22.5	0-1
10	16QAM	1	0	21.94	21.88	22.22		
10	16QAM	1	24	21.81	21.81	22.19		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.13	21.78	22.29	21.5	0-2
10	16QAM	25	0	20.88	20.77	20.90		
10	16QAM	25	12	20.63	20.78	20.96		
10	16QAM	25	24	20.67	20.69	20.99	21.5	0-2
10	16QAM	50	0	20.53	20.63	21.06		



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Channel				18625	18900	19175	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.58	22.59	22.94	23.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.63	22.65	22.90		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.55	22.39	22.68		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.56	21.58	22.12	22.5	0-1
5	QPSK	12	6	21.60	21.56	21.86		
5	QPSK	12	11	21.48	21.55	21.85		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.54	21.51	21.91		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.89	22.21	22.32	22.5	0-1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.86	21.90	21.99		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.07	21.75	21.97		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.46	20.83	20.99	21.5	0-2
5	16QAM	12	6	20.49	20.47	20.93		
5	16QAM	12	11	20.44	20.62	20.85		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.43	20.48	21.00		
Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.51	22.60	22.90	23.5	0
3	QPSK	1	7	22.53	22.69	22.95		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.54	22.59	22.81		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.60	21.61	22.14	22.5	0-1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.54	21.64	21.92		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.62	21.65	21.91		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.52	21.53	21.98		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.89	21.89	22.19	22.5	0-1
3	16QAM	1	7	21.85	21.83	22.07		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.90	21.78	21.73		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.70	20.81	21.00	21.5	0-2
3	16QAM	8	4	20.66	20.73	20.96		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.66	20.75	21.04		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.65	20.69	20.92		
Channel				18607	18900	19193	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.36	22.39	22.78	23.5	0
1.4	QPSK	1	2	22.48	22.54	22.76		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.29	22.35	22.75		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.40	22.49	22.83		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.37	22.61	22.85		
1.4	QPSK	3	2	22.49	22.49	22.70		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.47	21.43	21.88	22.5	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.84	21.54	21.76	22.5	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	2	22.01	21.60	22.24		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.68	21.92	21.68		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.53	21.65	21.95		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.58	21.67	22.07		
1.4	16QAM	3	2	21.68	21.66	22.03		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.53	20.47	20.88	21.5	0-2

<WLAN Conducted Power>
General Note:

For 2.4GHz WLAN SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. 802.11g/n HT20 were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b Average Power (dBm)					
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. Data Rate		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
		1Mbps			
CH 1	2412	13.55	13.94	14.08	14.09
CH 6	2437	14.11			
CH 11	2462	13.65			

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11g Average Power (dBm)									
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. Data Rate						
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
		6Mbps							
CH 1	2412	13.20	13.37	13.30	13.36	13.16	13.32	13.25	13.24
CH 6	2437	13.38							
CH 11	2462	13.06							

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n-HT20 Average Power (dBm)									
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index						
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
		MCS0							
CH 1	2412	12.27	12.57	12.63	12.62	12.65	12.62	12.67	12.59
CH 6	2437	12.68							
CH 11	2462	12.05							

13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)	
	Bluetooth v3.0+EDR	Bluetooth v4.0 LE
2.4GHz Bluetooth	1.5	-4.0

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for

1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

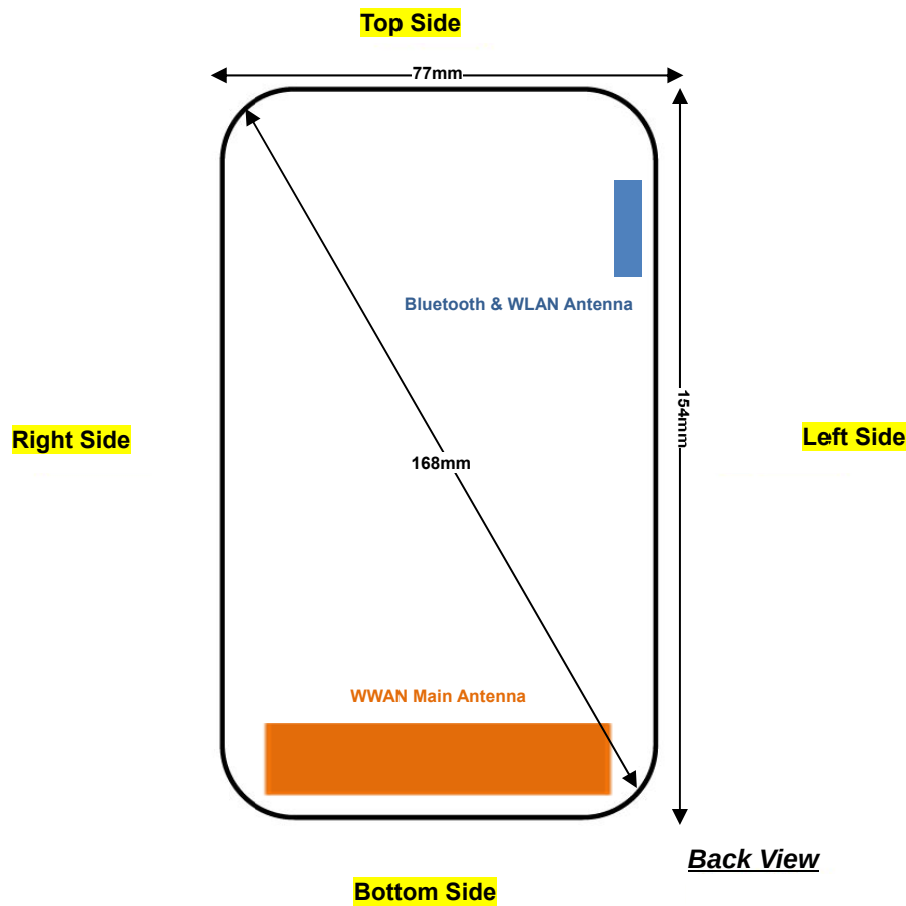
- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
1.5	< 5	2.48	0.3

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 0.3 which is ≤ 3 , SAR testing is not required.

14. Antenna Location



Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	141mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	110mm	69mm	≤ 25mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

General Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
4. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
5. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
6. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for next to the ear head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
7. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.
8. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
9. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
10. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
11. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
12. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
13. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports Hotspot operation.
14. Additional WLAN SAR with headset testing was performed for simultaneous transmission analysis.

15.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Right Cheek	251	848.8	32.38	32.50	1.028	0.14	0.491	0.505
	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Right Tilted	251	848.8	32.38	32.50	1.028	-0.03	0.334	0.343
01	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Left Cheek	251	848.8	32.38	32.50	1.028	0.08	0.594	0.611
	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Left Tilted	251	848.8	32.38	32.50	1.028	0.04	0.318	0.327
02	GSM1900	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Right Cheek	810	1909.8	28.30	28.50	1.047	-0.10	0.208	0.218
	GSM1900	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Right Tilted	810	1909.8	28.30	28.50	1.047	0.03	0.119	0.125
	GSM1900	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	28.30	28.50	1.047	0.08	0.172	0.180
	GSM1900	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Left Tilted	810	1909.8	28.30	28.50	1.047	0.05	0.087	0.091

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	0.02	0.298	0.319
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	0.17	0.193	0.207
03	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	0.17	0.361	0.387
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	4233	846.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	0.11	0.195	0.209
04	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1513	1752.6	23.64	24.00	1.086	-0.16	0.309	0.336
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	1513	1752.6	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.17	0.162	0.176
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1513	1752.6	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.17	0.300	0.326
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	1513	1752.6	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.04	0.165	0.179
05	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9538	1907.6	23.17	23.50	1.079	-0.10	0.310	0.334
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	9538	1907.6	23.17	23.50	1.079	0.04	0.178	0.192
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9538	1907.6	23.17	23.50	1.079	0.06	0.291	0.314
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	9538	1907.6	23.17	23.50	1.079	0.02	0.142	0.153

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Modulation	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Right Cheek	23780	709	23.31	24.00	1.172	0.01	0.197	0.231
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	23780	709	22.14	23.00	1.219	0.09	0.151	0.184
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Right Tilted	23780	709	23.31	24.00	1.172	0.01	0.134	0.157
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	23780	709	22.14	23.00	1.219	0.04	0.096	0.117
06	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Left Cheek	23780	709	23.31	24.00	1.172	-0.15	0.232	0.272
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	23780	709	22.14	23.00	1.219	0.055	0.174	0.212
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Left Tilted	23780	709	23.31	24.00	1.172	0.11	0.137	0.161
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	23780	709	22.14	23.00	1.219	0.022	0.099	0.121
	LTE Band 5	10M	1	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	20600	844	23.56	24.00	1.107	0.08	0.266	0.294
	LTE Band 5	10M	25	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	20600	844	22.49	23.00	1.125	0.10	0.203	0.228
	LTE Band 5	10M	1	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	20600	844	23.56	24.00	1.107	0.12	0.175	0.194
	LTE Band 5	10M	25	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	20600	844	22.49	23.00	1.125	0.14	0.136	0.153
07	LTE Band 5	10M	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20600	844	23.56	24.00	1.107	0.034	0.324	0.359
	LTE Band 5	10M	25	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20600	844	22.49	23.00	1.125	0.03	0.249	0.280
	LTE Band 5	10M	1	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	20600	844	23.56	24.00	1.107	0.05	0.186	0.206
	LTE Band 5	10M	25	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	20600	844	22.49	23.00	1.125	0.028	0.136	0.153
08	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	23.96	24.50	1.132	0.08	0.231	0.262
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.17	0.209	0.245
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	23.96	24.50	1.132	0.07	0.126	0.143
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.06	0.113	0.132
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	23.96	24.50	1.132	0.03	0.218	0.247
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.057	0.195	0.229
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	23.96	24.50	1.132	0.09	0.120	0.136
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.07	0.114	0.134
09	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Right Cheek	19100	1900	23.01	23.50	1.119	0.14	0.320	0.358
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Cheek	19100	1900	21.90	22.50	1.148	0.04	0.236	0.271
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Right Tilted	19100	1900	23.01	23.50	1.119	0.08	0.192	0.215
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Tilted	19100	1900	21.90	22.50	1.148	0.09	0.131	0.150
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Left Cheek	19100	1900	23.01	23.50	1.119	-0.03	0.315	0.353
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Cheek	19100	1900	21.90	22.50	1.148	0.07	0.222	0.255
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Left Tilted	19100	1900	23.01	23.50	1.119	0.11	0.123	0.138
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Tilted	19100	1900	21.90	22.50	1.148	0.02	0.091	0.104

<DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
10	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Right Cheek	6	2437	14.11	14.50	1.094	97.63	1.024	0.10	0.167	0.187
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Right Tilted	6	2437	14.11	14.50	1.094	97.63	1.024	-0.06	0.089	0.100
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Left Cheek	6	2437	14.11	14.50	1.094	97.63	1.024	0.09	0.091	0.102
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Left Tilted	6	2437	14.11	14.50	1.094	97.63	1.024	-0.04	0.081	0.091

15.2 Hotspot SAR

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	141mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	110mm	69mm	≤ 25mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

General Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} \times 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
11	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Front	1	251	848.8	32.38	32.50	1.028	0.01	0.570	0.586
	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Back	1	251	848.8	32.38	32.50	1.028	-0.04	1.040	1.069
	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Back	1	128	824.2	31.82	32.50	1.169	-0.06	0.911	1.065
	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Back	1	189	836.4	32.32	32.50	1.042	-0.01	0.957	0.997
	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Left Side	1	251	848.8	32.38	32.50	1.028	0.09	0.789	0.811
	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Left Side	1	128	824.2	31.82	32.50	1.169	-0.04	0.831	0.972
	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Left Side	1	189	836.4	32.32	32.50	1.042	-0.01	0.878	0.915
	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Right Side	1	251	848.8	32.38	32.50	1.028	-0.03	0.443	0.455
	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	251	848.8	32.38	32.50	1.028	0.10	0.365	0.375
12	GSM1900	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Front	1	810	1909.8	28.30	28.50	1.047	0.10	0.406	0.425
	GSM1900	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Back	1	810	1909.8	28.30	28.50	1.047	0.06	0.685	0.717
	GSM1900	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Left Side	1	810	1909.8	28.30	28.50	1.047	-0.10	0.132	0.138
	GSM1900	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Right Side	1	810	1909.8	28.30	28.50	1.047	-0.03	0.230	0.241
	GSM1900	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	810	1909.8	28.30	28.50	1.047	0.029	0.574	0.601



<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1	4233	846.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	0.06	0.355	0.380
13	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	4233	846.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	-0.07	0.626	0.671
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	4233	846.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	0.13	0.495	0.530
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Side	1	4233	846.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	0.07	0.263	0.282
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	4233	846.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	0.09	0.218	0.234
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1	1513	1752.6	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.03	0.651	0.707
14	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	1513	1752.6	23.64	24.00	1.086	-0.08	0.992	1.078
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	1312	1712.4	23.59	24.00	1.099	-0.11	0.829	0.911
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	1413	1732.6	23.40	24.00	1.148	-0.09	0.744	0.854
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	1513	1752.6	23.64	24.00	1.086	-0.07	0.259	0.281
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Side	1	1513	1752.6	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.03	0.345	0.375
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	1513	1752.6	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.08	0.536	0.582
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1	9538	1907.6	23.17	23.50	1.079	-0.17	0.728	0.785
15	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	9538	1907.6	23.17	23.50	1.079	-0.04	1.100	1.187
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	9262	1852.4	23.12	23.50	1.091	-0.06	1.020	1.113
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	9400	1880	23.09	23.50	1.099	-0.05	1.060	1.165
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	9538	1907.6	23.17	23.50	1.079	0.05	0.234	0.252
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Side	1	9538	1907.6	23.17	23.50	1.079	0.10	0.391	0.422
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	9538	1907.6	23.17	23.50	1.079	0.13	0.906	0.978
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	9262	1852.4	23.12	23.50	1.091	0.05	0.744	0.812
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	9400	1880	23.09	23.50	1.099	0.13	0.799	0.878

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Modulation	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Front	1	23780	709	23.31	24.00	1.172	0.0018	0.271	0.318
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	0	QPSK	Front	1	23780	709	22.14	23.00	1.219	-0.11	0.205	0.250
16	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Back	1	23780	709	23.31	24.00	1.172	-0.02	0.456	0.535
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	0	QPSK	Back	1	23780	709	22.14	23.00	1.219	0.04	0.347	0.423
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Left Side	1	23780	709	23.31	24.00	1.172	0.13	0.300	0.352
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	23780	709	22.14	23.00	1.219	0.02	0.225	0.274
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Right Side	1	23780	709	23.31	24.00	1.172	0.05	0.236	0.277
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	23780	709	22.14	23.00	1.219	0.12	0.179	0.218
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	23780	709	23.31	24.00	1.172	0.03	0.051	0.060
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	23780	709	22.14	23.00	1.219	0.09	0.039	0.048
	LTE Band 5	10M	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	20600	844	23.56	24.00	1.107	0.02	0.332	0.367
	LTE Band 5	10M	25	0	QPSK	Front	1	20600	844	22.49	23.00	1.125	0.01	0.243	0.273
17	LTE Band 5	10M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20600	844	23.56	24.00	1.107	-0.11	0.556	0.615
	LTE Band 5	10M	25	0	QPSK	Back	1	20600	844	22.49	23.00	1.125	-0.0047	0.421	0.473
	LTE Band 5	10M	1	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	20600	844	23.56	24.00	1.107	0.0011	0.490	0.542
	LTE Band 5	10M	25	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	20600	844	22.49	23.00	1.125	0.0083	0.364	0.409
	LTE Band 5	10M	1	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20600	844	23.56	24.00	1.107	0.01	0.254	0.281
	LTE Band 5	10M	25	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20600	844	22.49	23.00	1.125	0.14	0.184	0.207
	LTE Band 5	10M	1	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	20600	844	23.56	24.00	1.107	0.07	0.187	0.207
	LTE Band 5	10M	25	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	20600	844	22.49	23.00	1.125	0.08	0.143	0.161



Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Modulation	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	20175	1732.5	23.96	24.50	1.132	-0.11	0.487	0.551
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.10	0.466	0.546
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	23.96	24.50	1.132	-0.02	0.727	0.823
18	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20050	1720	23.85	24.50	1.161	-0.17	0.951	1.105
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20300	1745	23.86	24.50	1.159	-0.12	0.948	1.099
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	-0.13	0.702	0.823
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20050	1720	22.77	23.50	1.183	-0.07	0.674	0.797
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20300	1745	22.80	23.50	1.175	0.01	0.710	0.834
	LTE Band 4	20M	100	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	22.75	23.50	1.189	0.02	0.704	0.837
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	20175	1732.5	23.96	24.50	1.132	0.06	0.187	0.212
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.08	0.162	0.190
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20175	1732.5	23.96	24.50	1.132	0.05	0.291	0.330
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.11	0.270	0.316
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	20175	1732.5	23.96	24.50	1.132	0.03	0.389	0.441
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.18	0.373	0.437
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Front	1	19100	1900	23.01	23.50	1.119	-0.13	0.664	0.743
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	19100	1900	21.90	22.50	1.148	-0.14	0.532	0.611
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Back	1	19100	1900	23.01	23.50	1.119	-0.15	0.989	1.107
19	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Back	1	18700	1860	22.80	23.50	1.175	-0.10	0.992	1.165
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Back	1	18900	1880	22.85	23.50	1.161	0.0084	0.942	1.094
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	19100	1900	21.90	22.50	1.148	-0.04	0.763	0.876
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	18700	1860	21.67	22.50	1.211	0.03	0.719	0.870
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	18900	1880	21.70	22.50	1.202	-0.07	0.729	0.876
	LTE Band 2	20M	100	0	QPSK	Back	1	19100	1900	21.87	22.50	1.156	-0.0078	0.755	0.873
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Left Side	1	19100	1900	23.01	23.50	1.119	-0.08	0.221	0.247
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Left Side	1	19100	1900	21.90	22.50	1.148	0.0044	0.153	0.176
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Right Side	1	19100	1900	23.01	23.50	1.119	0.15	0.340	0.381
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Right Side	1	19100	1900	21.90	22.50	1.148	-0.02	0.273	0.313
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	19100	1900	23.01	23.50	1.119	0.13	0.865	0.968
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	18700	1860	22.80	23.50	1.175	0.05	0.854	1.003
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	18900	1880	22.85	23.50	1.161	0.14	0.776	0.901
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	19100	1900	21.90	22.50	1.148	0.11	0.651	0.747
	LTE Band 2	20M	100	0	QPSK	Bottom Side	1	19100	1900	21.87	22.50	1.156	0.15	0.640	0.740

<DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Front	1	6	2437	14.11	14.50	1.094	97.63	1.024	-0.18	0.047	0.053
20	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Back	1	6	2437	14.11	14.50	1.094	97.63	1.024	-0.11	0.177	0.198
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Left Side	1	6	2437	14.11	14.50	1.094	97.63	1.024	-0.06	0.135	0.151
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Top Side	1	6	2437	14.11	14.50	1.094	97.63	1.024	-0.10	0.030	0.034

15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Front	1	251	848.8	32.38	32.50	1.028	0.01	0.570	0.586
11	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Back	1	251	848.8	32.38	32.50	1.028	-0.04	1.040	1.069
	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Back	1	128	824.2	31.82	32.50	1.169	-0.06	0.911	1.065
	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Back	1	189	836.4	32.32	32.50	1.042	-0.01	0.957	0.997
	GSM1900	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Front	1	810	1909.8	28.30	28.50	1.047	0.10	0.406	0.425
12	GSM1900	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Back	1	810	1909.8	28.30	28.50	1.047	0.06	0.685	0.717

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1	4233	846.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	0.06	0.355	0.380
13	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	4233	846.6	23.70	24.00	1.072	-0.07	0.626	0.671
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1	1513	1752.6	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.03	0.651	0.707
14	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	1513	1752.6	23.64	24.00	1.086	-0.08	0.992	1.078
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	1312	1712.4	23.59	24.00	1.099	-0.11	0.829	0.911
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	1413	1732.6	23.40	24.00	1.148	-0.09	0.744	0.854
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	1	9538	1907.6	23.17	23.50	1.079	-0.17	0.728	0.785
15	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	9538	1907.6	23.17	23.50	1.079	-0.04	1.100	1.187
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	9262	1852.4	23.12	23.50	1.091	-0.06	1.020	1.113
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	9400	1880	23.09	23.50	1.099	-0.05	1.060	1.165



<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Modulation	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Front	1	23780	709	23.31	24.00	1.172	0.0018	0.271	0.318
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	0	QPSK	Front	1	23780	709	22.14	23.00	1.219	-0.11	0.205	0.250
16	LTE Band 17	10M	1	49	QPSK	Back	1	23780	709	23.31	24.00	1.172	-0.02	0.456	0.535
	LTE Band 17	10M	25	0	QPSK	Back	1	23780	709	22.14	23.00	1.219	0.04	0.347	0.423
	LTE Band 5	10M	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	20600	844	23.56	24.00	1.107	0.02	0.332	0.367
	LTE Band 5	10M	25	0	QPSK	Front	1	20600	844	22.49	23.00	1.125	0.01	0.243	0.273
17	LTE Band 5	10M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20600	844	23.56	24.00	1.107	-0.11	0.556	0.615
	LTE Band 5	10M	25	0	QPSK	Back	1	20600	844	22.49	23.00	1.125	-0.0047	0.421	0.473
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Front	1	20175	1732.5	23.96	24.50	1.132	-0.11	0.487	0.551
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	0.10	0.466	0.546
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	23.96	24.50	1.132	-0.02	0.727	0.823
18	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20050	1720	23.85	24.50	1.161	-0.17	0.951	1.105
	LTE Band 4	20M	1	0	QPSK	Back	1	20300	1745	23.86	24.50	1.159	-0.12	0.948	1.099
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	22.81	23.50	1.172	-0.13	0.702	0.823
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20050	1720	22.77	23.50	1.183	-0.07	0.674	0.797
	LTE Band 4	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	20300	1745	22.80	23.50	1.175	0.01	0.710	0.834
	LTE Band 4	20M	100	0	QPSK	Back	1	20175	1732.5	22.75	23.50	1.189	0.02	0.704	0.837
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Front	1	19100	1900	23.01	23.50	1.119	-0.13	0.664	0.743
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Front	1	19100	1900	21.90	22.50	1.148	-0.14	0.532	0.611
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Back	1	19100	1900	23.01	23.50	1.119	-0.15	0.989	1.107
19	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Back	1	18700	1860	22.80	23.50	1.175	-0.10	0.992	1.165
	LTE Band 2	20M	1	49	QPSK	Back	1	18900	1880	22.85	23.50	1.161	0.0084	0.942	1.094
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	19100	1900	21.90	22.50	1.148	-0.04	0.763	0.876
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	18700	1860	21.67	22.50	1.211	0.03	0.719	0.870
	LTE Band 2	20M	50	0	QPSK	Back	1	18900	1880	21.70	22.50	1.202	-0.07	0.729	0.876
	LTE Band 2	20M	100	0	QPSK	Back	1	19100	1900	21.87	22.50	1.156	-0.0078	0.755	0.873

<DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Front	1	6	2437	14.11	14.50	1.094	97.63	1.024	-0.18	0.047	0.053
20	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b, 1Mbps	Back	1	6	2437	14.11	14.50	1.094	97.63	1.024	-0.11	0.177	0.198

15.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Back	1	251	848.8	32.38	32.50	1.028	-0.04	1.040	1	1.069
2nd	GSM850	GPRS(2Tx slots)	Back	1	251	848.8	32.38	32.50	1.028	-0.04	1.030	1.010	1.059
1st	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	1513	1752.6	23.64	24.00	1.086	-0.08	0.992	1	1.078
2nd	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	1513	1752.6	23.64	24.00	1.086	0.05	0.988	1.004	1.073
1st	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	9538	1907.6	23.17	23.50	1.079	-0.04	1.100	1	1.187
2nd	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	1	9538	1907.6	23.17	23.50	1.079	-0.09	1.060	1.038	1.144

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR < 1.45 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset			Tablet	Note
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Body	
1.	GSM(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes			
2.	WCDMA(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes			
3.	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes			
4.	WCDMA((Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes			
5.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
6.	WCDMA(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
7.	LTE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
8.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
9.	WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
10.	LTE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering

General Note:

1. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports hotspot operation.
3. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
4. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
5. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
6. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) $SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (min. \text{ separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

Bluetooth Max Power	Exposure Position	Head	Hotspot	Body worn
	Test separation	0 mm	10 mm	10 mm
1.5 dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.042	0.021	0.021

16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

<WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	WLAN DTS Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.505	0.187	0.69		
		Right Tilted	0.343	0.100	0.44		
		Left Cheek	0.611	0.102	0.71		
		Left Tilted	0.327	0.091	0.42		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.218	0.187	0.41		
		Right Tilted	0.125	0.100	0.23		
		Left Cheek	0.180	0.102	0.28		
		Left Tilted	0.091	0.091	0.18		
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.319	0.187	0.51		
		Right Tilted	0.207	0.100	0.31		
		Left Cheek	0.387	0.102	0.49		
		Left Tilted	0.209	0.091	0.30		
	Band IV	Right Cheek	0.336	0.187	0.52		
		Right Tilted	0.176	0.100	0.28		
		Left Cheek	0.326	0.102	0.43		
		Left Tilted	0.179	0.091	0.27		
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.334	0.187	0.52		
		Right Tilted	0.192	0.100	0.29		
		Left Cheek	0.314	0.102	0.42		
		Left Tilted	0.153	0.091	0.24		
LTE	Band 17	Right Cheek	0.231	0.187	0.42		
		Right Tilted	0.157	0.100	0.26		
		Left Cheek	0.272	0.102	0.37		
		Left Tilted	0.161	0.091	0.25		
	Band 5	Right Cheek	0.294	0.187	0.48		
		Right Tilted	0.194	0.100	0.29		
		Left Cheek	0.359	0.102	0.46		
		Left Tilted	0.206	0.091	0.30		
	Band 4	Right Cheek	0.262	0.187	0.45		
		Right Tilted	0.143	0.100	0.24		
		Left Cheek	0.247	0.102	0.35		
		Left Tilted	0.136	0.091	0.23		
	Band 2	Right Cheek	0.358	0.187	0.55		
		Right Tilted	0.215	0.100	0.32		
		Left Cheek	0.353	0.102	0.46		
		Left Tilted	0.138	0.091	0.23		

<WWAN PCE + Bluetooth DSS>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth DSS Estimated SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.505	0.042	0.55		
		Right Tilted	0.343	0.042	0.39		
		Left Cheek	0.611	0.042	0.65		
		Left Tilted	0.327	0.042	0.37		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.218	0.042	0.26		
		Right Tilted	0.125	0.042	0.17		
		Left Cheek	0.180	0.042	0.22		
		Left Tilted	0.091	0.042	0.13		
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.319	0.042	0.36		
		Right Tilted	0.207	0.042	0.25		
		Left Cheek	0.387	0.042	0.43		
		Left Tilted	0.209	0.042	0.25		
	Band IV	Right Cheek	0.336	0.042	0.38		
		Right Tilted	0.176	0.042	0.22		
		Left Cheek	0.326	0.042	0.37		
		Left Tilted	0.179	0.042	0.22		
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.334	0.042	0.38		
		Right Tilted	0.192	0.042	0.23		
		Left Cheek	0.314	0.042	0.36		
		Left Tilted	0.153	0.042	0.20		
LTE	Band 17	Right Cheek	0.231	0.042	0.27		
		Right Tilted	0.157	0.042	0.20		
		Left Cheek	0.272	0.042	0.31		
		Left Tilted	0.161	0.042	0.20		
	Band 5	Right Cheek	0.294	0.042	0.34		
		Right Tilted	0.194	0.042	0.24		
		Left Cheek	0.359	0.042	0.40		
		Left Tilted	0.206	0.042	0.25		
	Band 4	Right Cheek	0.262	0.042	0.30		
		Right Tilted	0.143	0.042	0.19		
		Left Cheek	0.247	0.042	0.29		
		Left Tilted	0.136	0.042	0.18		
	Band 2	Right Cheek	0.358	0.042	0.40		
		Right Tilted	0.215	0.042	0.26		
		Left Cheek	0.353	0.042	0.40		
		Left Tilted	0.138	0.042	0.18		

16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

<WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	WLAN DTS Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.586	0.053	0.64		
		Back	1.069	0.198	1.27		
		Left side	0.972	0.151	1.12		
		Right side	0.455		0.46		
		Top side		0.034	0.03		
		Bottom side	0.375		0.38		
	GSM1900	Front	0.425	0.053	0.48		
		Back	0.717	0.198	0.92		
		Left side	0.138	0.151	0.29		
		Right side	0.241		0.24		
		Top side		0.034	0.03		
		Bottom side	0.601		0.60		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.380	0.053	0.43		
		Back	0.671	0.198	0.87		
		Left side	0.530	0.151	0.68		
		Right side	0.282		0.28		
		Top side		0.034	0.03		
		Bottom side	0.234		0.23		
	Band IV	Front	0.707	0.053	0.76		
		Back	1.078	0.198	1.28		
		Left side	0.281	0.151	0.43		
		Right side	0.375		0.38		
		Top side		0.034	0.03		
		Bottom side	0.582		0.58		
	Band II	Front	0.785	0.053	0.84		
		Back	1.187	0.198	1.39		
		Left side	0.252	0.151	0.40		
		Right side	0.422		0.42		
		Top side		0.034	0.03		
		Bottom side	0.978		0.98		

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	WLAN DTS Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
LTE	Band 17	Front	0.318	0.053	0.37		
		Back	0.535	0.198	0.73		
		Left side	0.352	0.151	0.50		
		Right side	0.277		0.28		
		Top side		0.034	0.03		
		Bottom side	0.060		0.06		
	Band 5	Front	0.367	0.053	0.42		
		Back	0.615	0.198	0.81		
		Left side	0.542	0.151	0.69		
		Right side	0.281		0.28		
		Top side		0.034	0.03		
		Bottom side	0.207		0.21		
	Band 4	Front	0.551	0.053	0.60		
		Back	1.105	0.198	1.30		
		Left side	0.212	0.151	0.36		
		Right side	0.330		0.33		
		Top side		0.034	0.03		
		Bottom side	0.441		0.44		
	Band 2	Front	0.743	0.053	0.80		
		Back	1.165	0.198	1.36		
		Left side	0.247	0.151	0.40		
		Right side	0.381		0.38		
		Top side		0.034	0.03		
		Bottom side	1.003		1.00		

<WWAN PCE + Bluetooth DSS>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth DSS Estimated SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.586	0.021	0.61		
		Back	1.069	0.021	1.09		
		Left side	0.972	0.021	0.99		
		Right side	0.455		0.46		
		Top side		0.021	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.375		0.38		
	GSM1900	Front	0.425	0.021	0.45		
		Back	0.717	0.021	0.74		
		Left side	0.138	0.021	0.16		
		Right side	0.241		0.24		
		Top side		0.021	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.601		0.60		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.380	0.021	0.40		
		Back	0.671	0.021	0.69		
		Left side	0.530	0.021	0.55		
		Right side	0.282		0.28		
		Top side		0.021	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.234		0.23		
	Band IV	Front	0.707	0.021	0.73		
		Back	1.078	0.021	1.10		
		Left side	0.281	0.021	0.30		
		Right side	0.375		0.38		
		Top side		0.021	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.582		0.58		
	Band II	Front	0.785	0.021	0.81		
		Back	1.187	0.021	1.21		
		Left side	0.252	0.021	0.27		
		Right side	0.422		0.42		
		Top side		0.021	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.978		0.98		

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth DSS Estimated SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
LTE	Band 17	Front	0.318	0.021	0.34		
		Back	0.535	0.021	0.56		
		Left side	0.352	0.021	0.37		
		Right side	0.277		0.28		
		Top side		0.021	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.060		0.06		
	Band 5	Front	0.367	0.021	0.39		
		Back	0.615	0.021	0.64		
		Left side	0.542	0.021	0.56		
		Right side	0.281		0.28		
		Top side		0.021	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.207		0.21		
	Band 4	Front	0.551	0.021	0.57		
		Back	1.105	0.021	1.13		
		Left side	0.212	0.021	0.23		
		Right side	0.330		0.33		
		Top side		0.021	0.02		
		Bottom side	0.441		0.44		
	Band 2	Front	0.743	0.021	0.76		
		Back	1.165	0.021	1.19		
		Left side	0.247	0.021	0.27		
		Right side	0.381		0.38		
		Top side		0.021	0.02		
		Bottom side	1.003		1.00		

16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions
<WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	WLAN DTS Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.586	0.053	0.64		
		Back	1.069	0.198	1.27		
	GSM1900	Front	0.425	0.053	0.48		
		Back	0.717	0.198	0.92		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.380	0.053	0.43		
		Back	0.671	0.198	0.87		
	Band IV	Front	0.707	0.053	0.76		
		Back	1.078	0.198	1.28		
	Band II	Front	0.785	0.053	0.84		
		Back	1.187	0.198	1.39		
LTE	Band 17	Front	0.318	0.053	0.37		
		Back	0.535	0.198	0.73		
	Band 5	Front	0.367	0.053	0.42		
		Back	0.615	0.198	0.81		
	Band 4	Front	0.551	0.053	0.60		
		Back	1.105	0.198	1.30		
	Band 2	Front	0.743	0.053	0.80		
		Back	1.165	0.198	1.36		



<WWAN PCE + Bluetooth DSS>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth DSS Estimated SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.586	0.021	0.61		
		Back	1.069	0.021	1.09		
	GSM1900	Front	0.425	0.021	0.45		
		Back	0.717	0.021	0.74		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.380	0.021	0.40		
		Back	0.671	0.021	0.69		
	Band IV	Front	0.707	0.021	0.73		
		Back	1.078	0.021	1.10		
	Band II	Front	0.785	0.021	0.81		
		Back	1.187	0.021	1.21		
LTE	Band 17	Front	0.318	0.021	0.34		
		Back	0.535	0.021	0.56		
	Band 5	Front	0.367	0.021	0.39		
		Back	0.615	0.021	0.64		
	Band 4	Front	0.551	0.021	0.57		
		Back	1.105	0.021	1.13		
	Band 2	Front	0.743	0.021	0.76		
		Back	1.165	0.021	1.19		

Test Engineer : Fulu Hu

17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/ κ ^(b)	1/ $\sqrt{3}$	1/ $\sqrt{6}$	1/ $\sqrt{2}$

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 17.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.0 %	± 10.8 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	
Expanded Uncertainty						± 22.0 %	± 21.5 %

Table 17.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

18. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, "SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters", May 2007
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Feb 2014
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Dec 2013.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2014
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2013
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2014.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Feb 2014.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" May 2013.



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Head_750MHz_150428**DUT: D750V3 - SN:1065**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_750_150428 Medium parameters used: $f = 750$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.881$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.783$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.614 mW/g

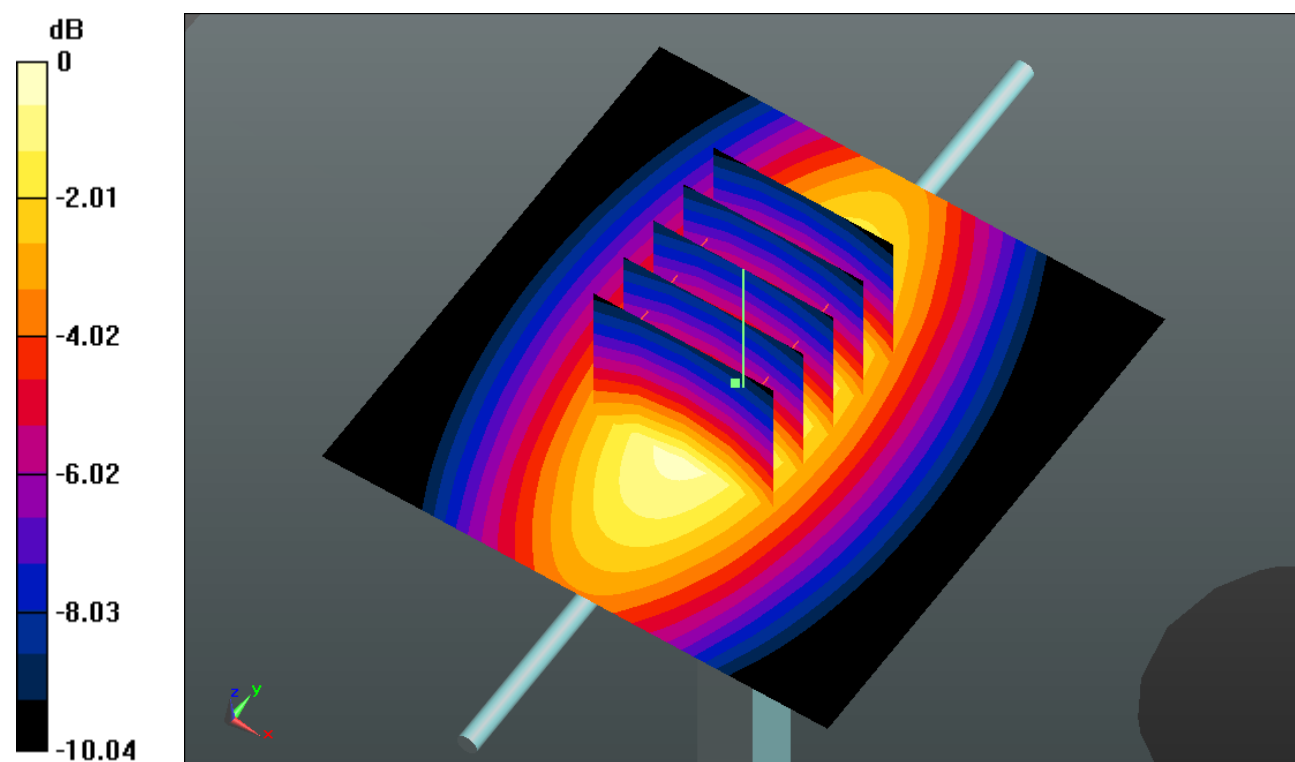
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 50.195 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.812 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.09 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.39 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.091 mW/g



System Check_Head_835MHz_150428**DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_150428 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.898$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.544$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.41, 9.41, 9.41); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.832 mW/g

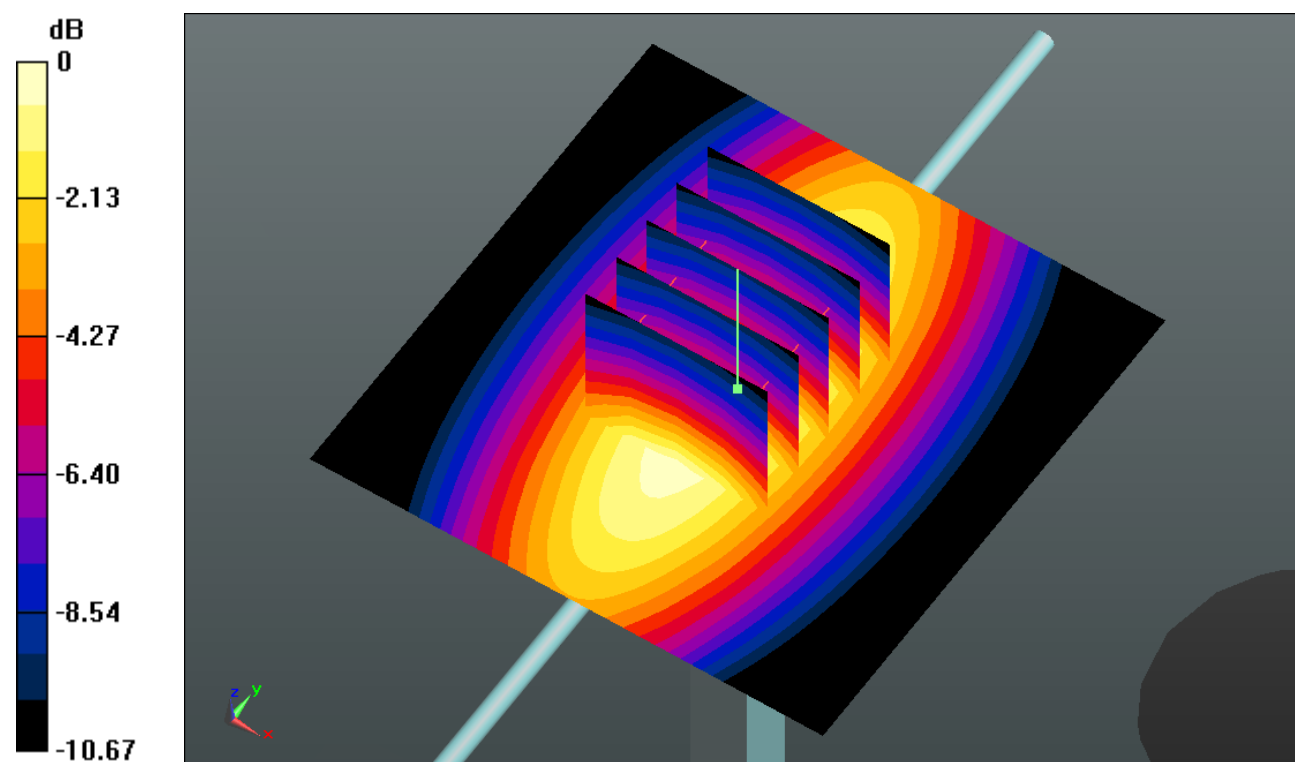
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.989 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.310 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.23 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.46 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.827 mW/g



0 dB = 2.830mW/g

System Check_Head_1750MHz_150501**DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1069**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750_150501 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.38$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

41.322; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(8.55, 8.55, 8.55); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.395 mW/g

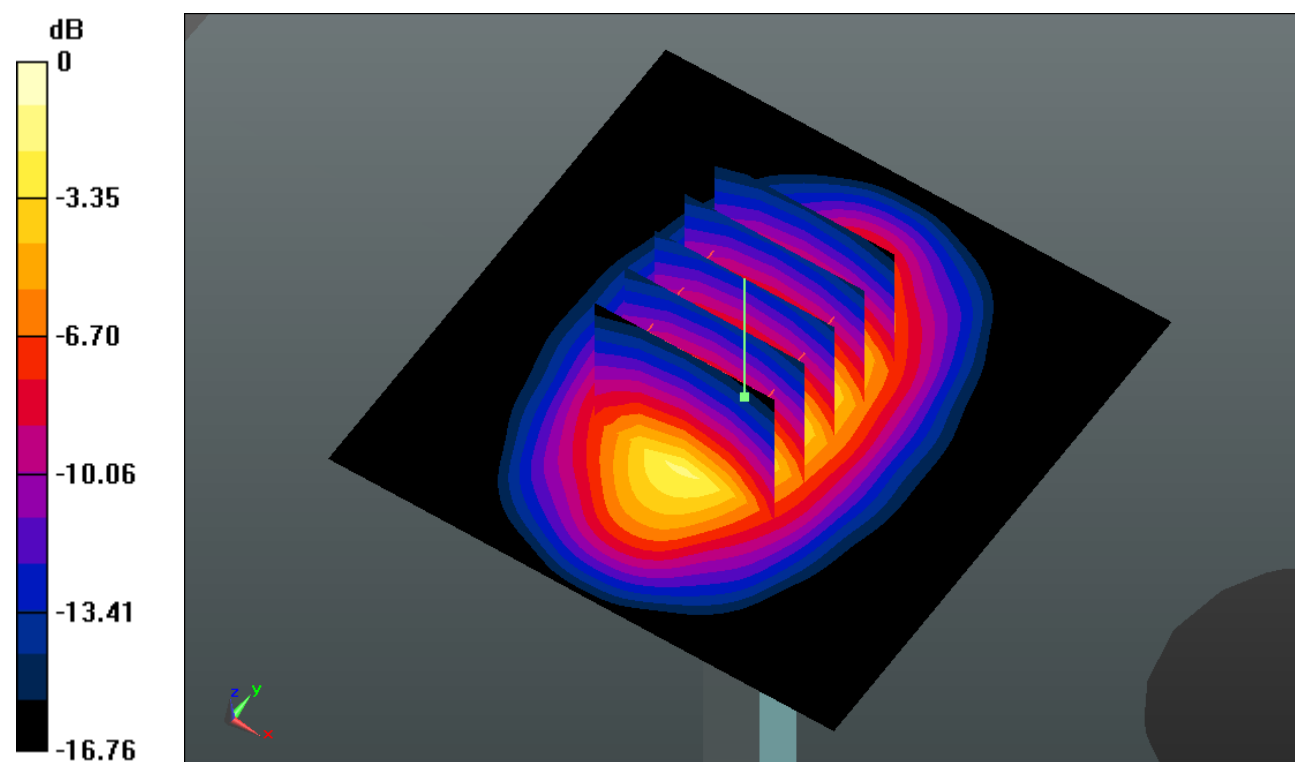
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.309 V/m; Power Drift = 0.0028 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.959 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.42 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.04 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.408 mW/g



System Check_Head_1900MHz_150505**DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_150505 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.425$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

38.952 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.519 mW/g

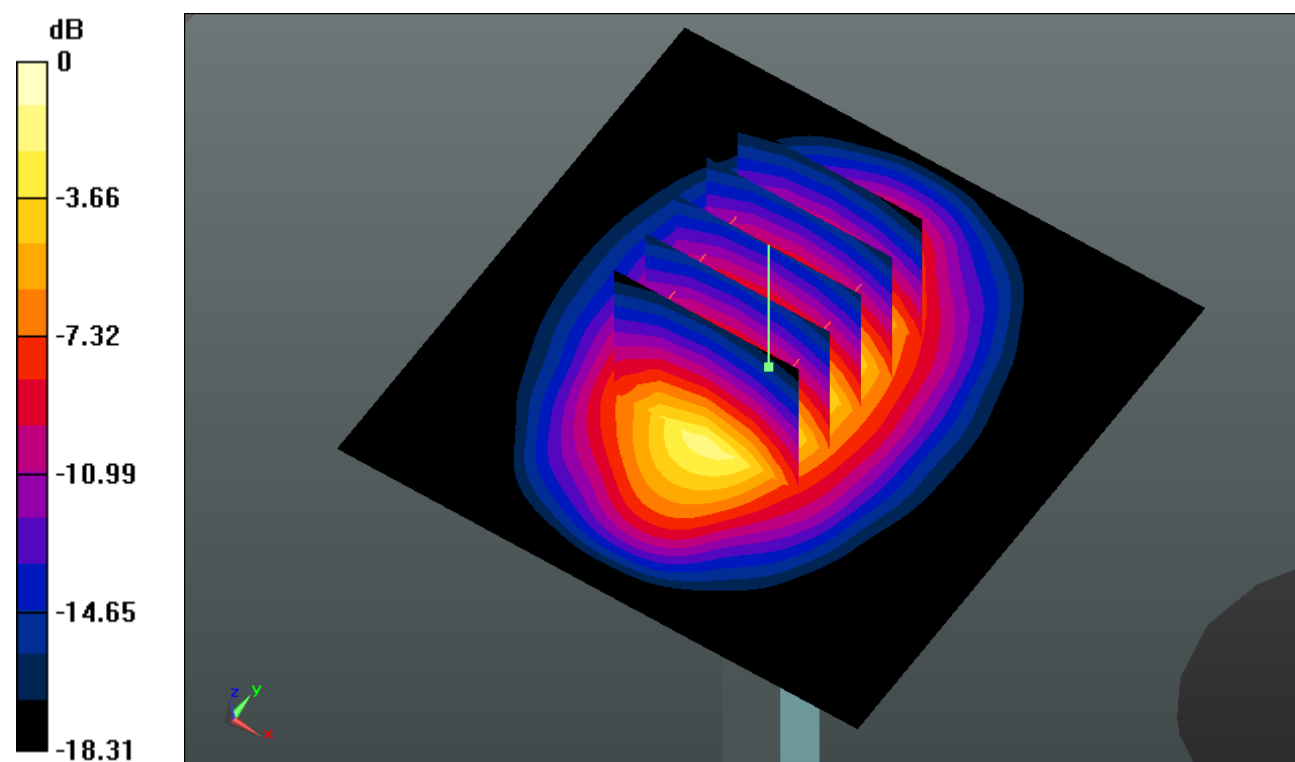
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.923 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.512 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.35 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.8 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.655 mW/g



0 dB = 13.660mW/g

System Check_Head_2450MHz_150502**DUT: D2450V2 - SN:840**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_150502 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.82$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

39.202 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.8 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12$ mm, $dy=12$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.030 mW/g

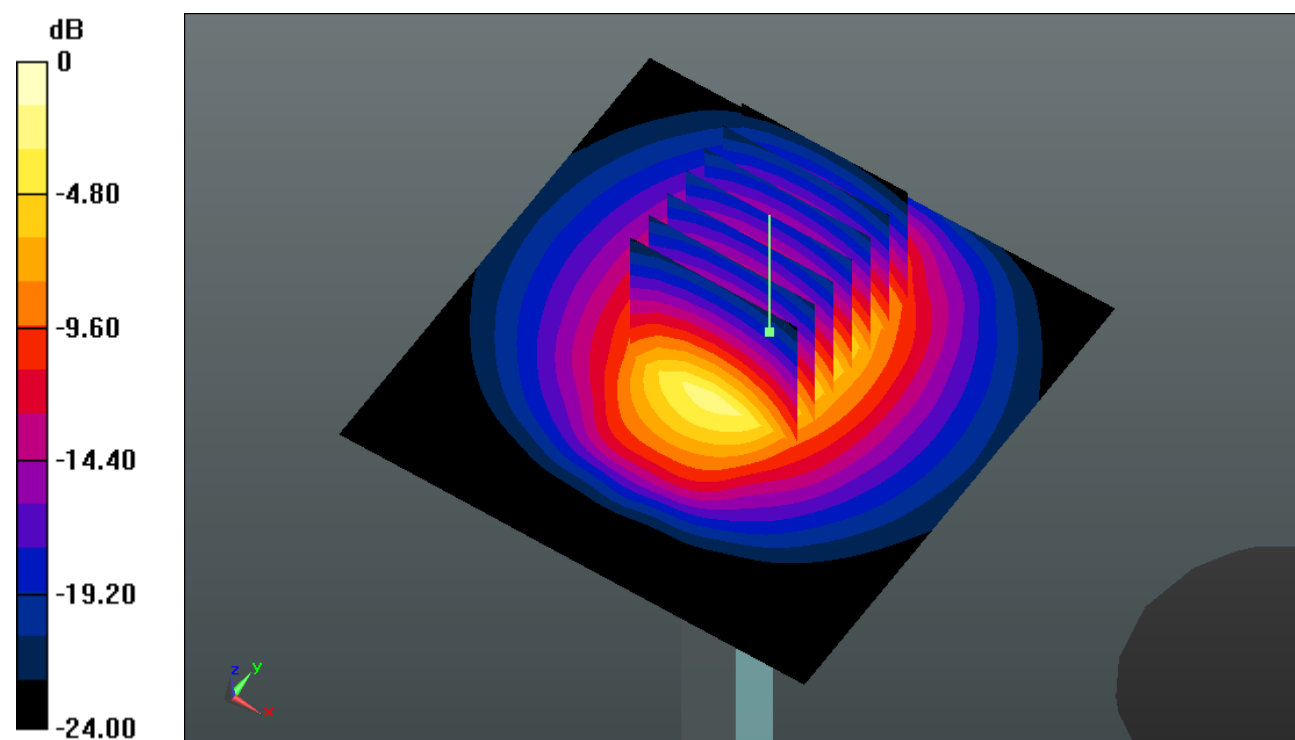
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 83.334 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.341 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.9 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.76 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.156 mW/g



0 dB = 20.160 mW/g

System Check_Body_750MHz_150502**DUT: D750V2 - SN:1065**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_150502 Medium parameters used: $f = 750$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.963$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.228$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.46, 9.46, 9.46); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.646 mW/g

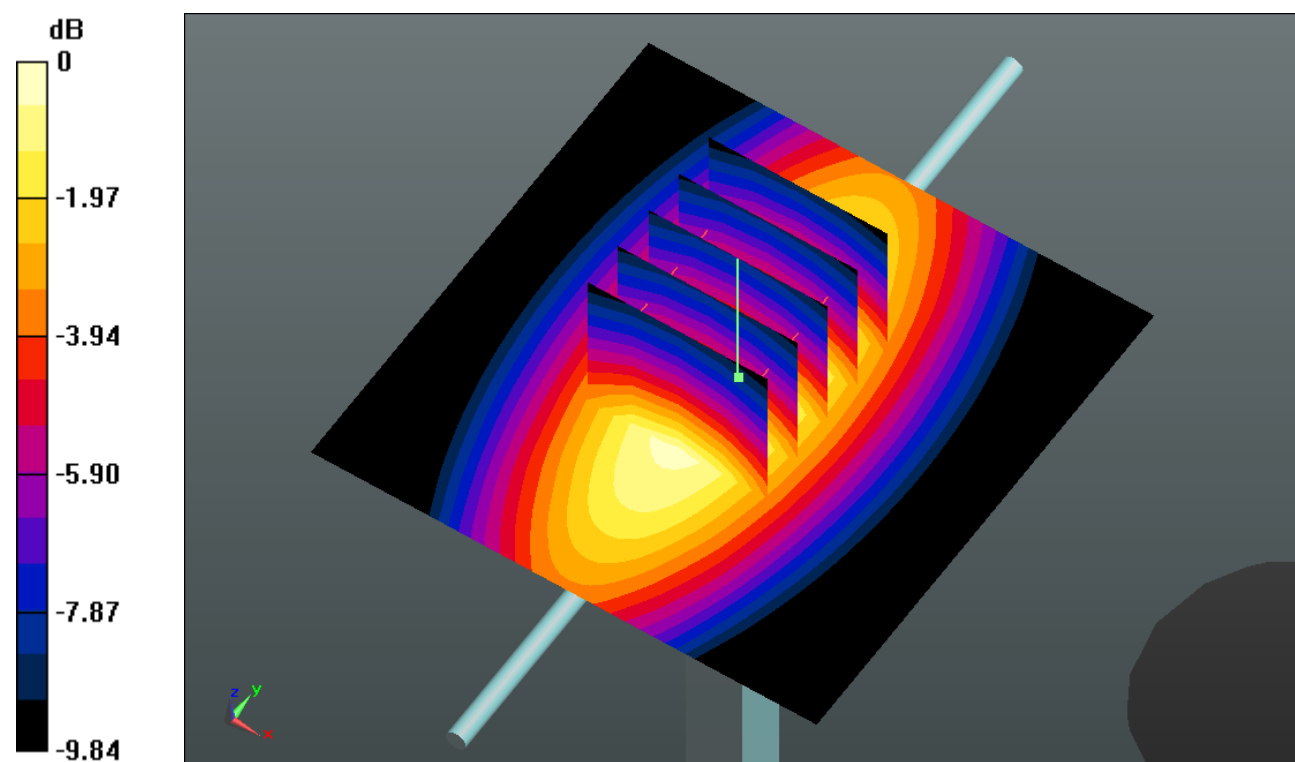
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.970 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.058 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.13 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.43 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.653 mW/g



System Check_Body_835MHz_150502**DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_150502 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.477$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.838 mW/g

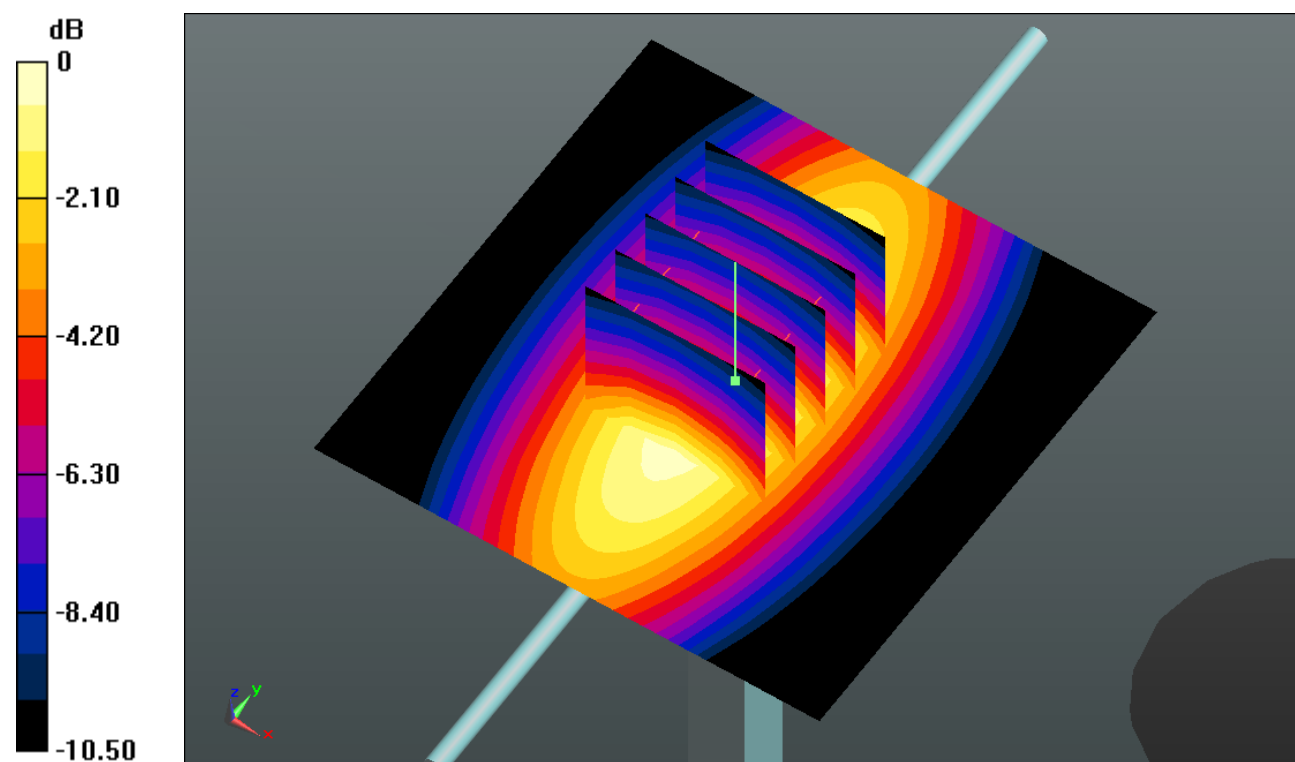
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.865 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.290 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.24 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.47 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.828 mW/g



0 dB = 2.830mW/g

System Check_Body_1750MHz_150426**DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1069**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_150426 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.505$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

52.347 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.847 mW/g

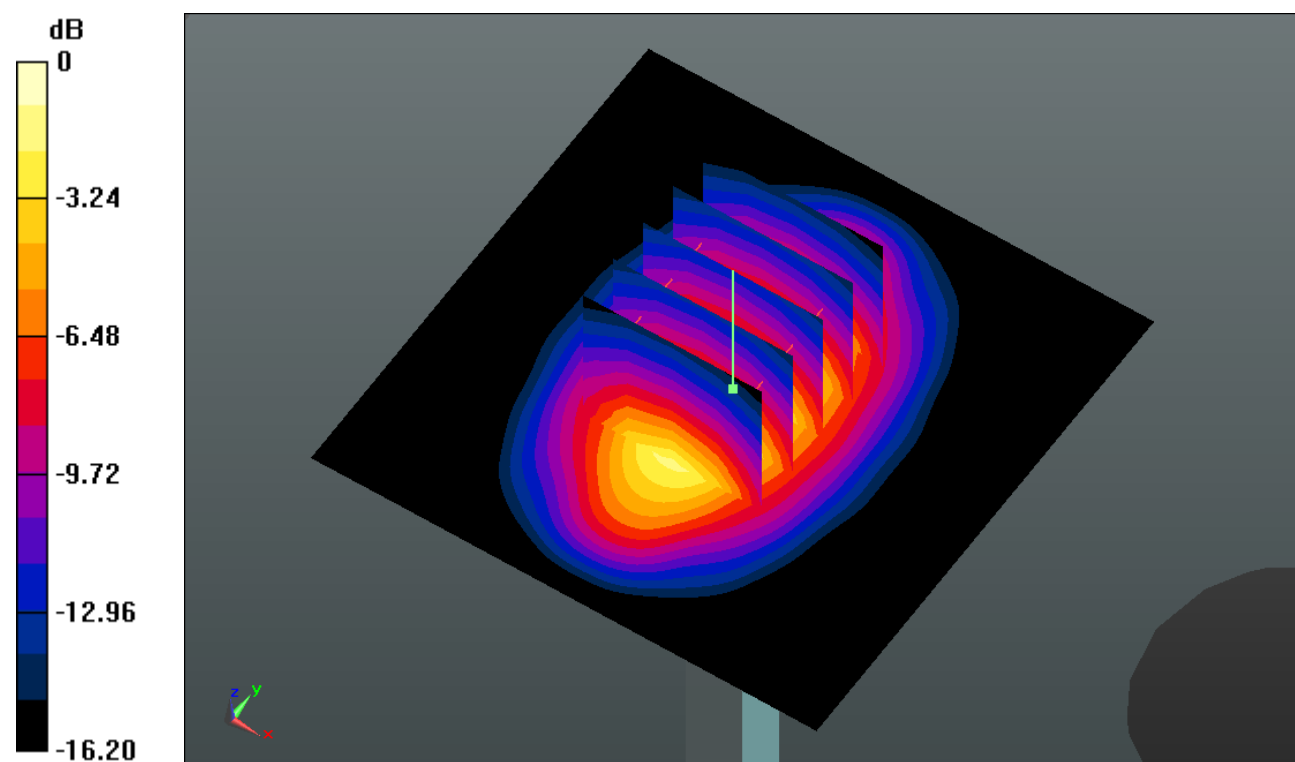
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.582 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.854 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.07 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.86 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.770 mW/g



0 dB = 12.770mW/g

System Check_Body_1900MHz_150504**DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_150504 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.2$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.654 mW/g

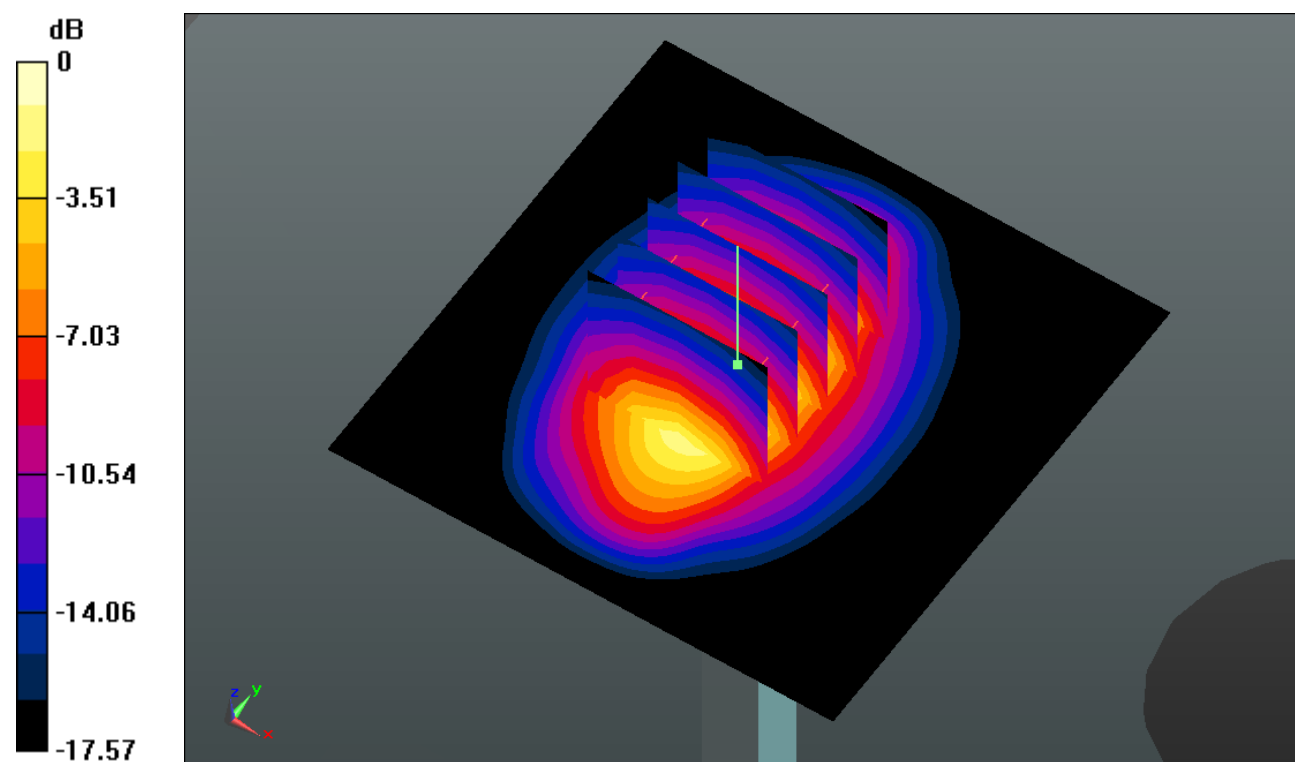
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.627 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.671 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10.4 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.42 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.945 mW/g



System Check_Body_2450MHz_150503**DUT: D2450V2 - SN:840**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_150503 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.943$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

50.96; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.9 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.131 mW/g

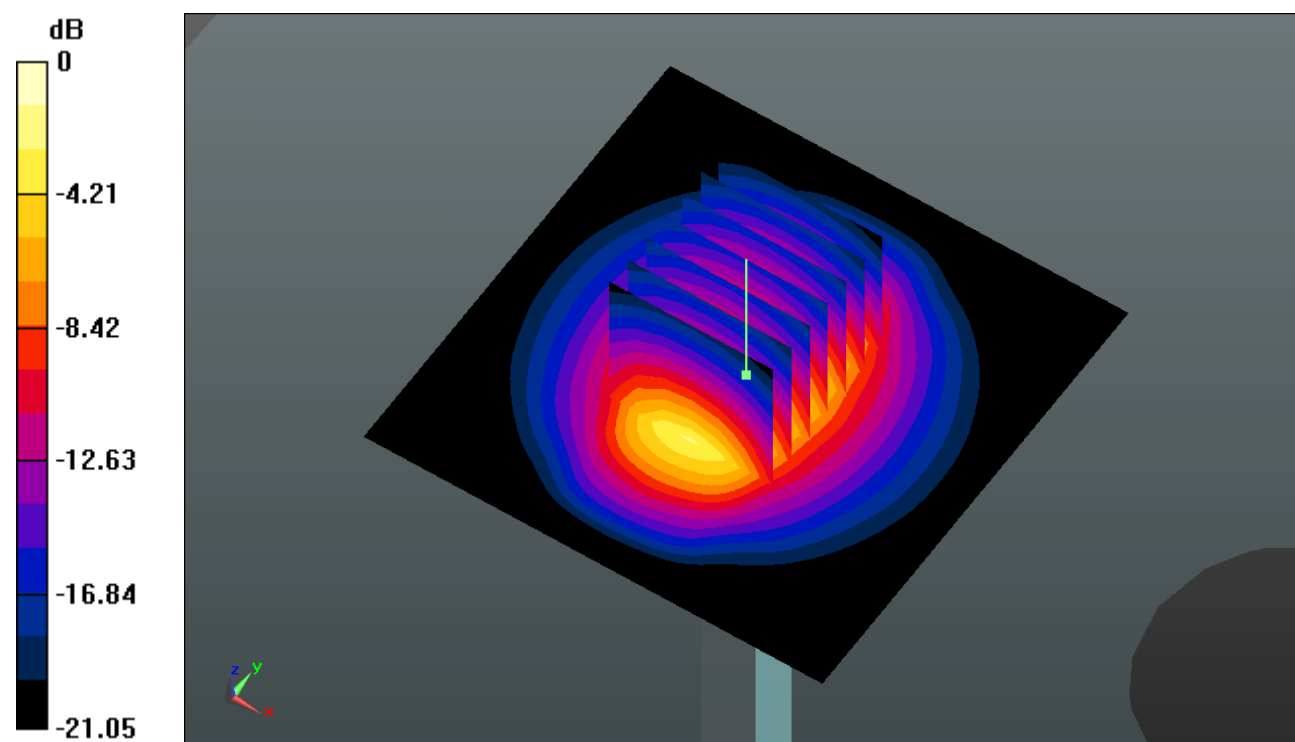
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.638 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 24.867 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.3 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.72 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.674 mW/g



0 dB = 18.670mW/g



Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

01_GSM850_GPRS(2Tx slots)_Left Cheek_Ch251

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (2 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium: HSL_835_150428 Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.35$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.41, 9.41, 9.41); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.686 mW/g

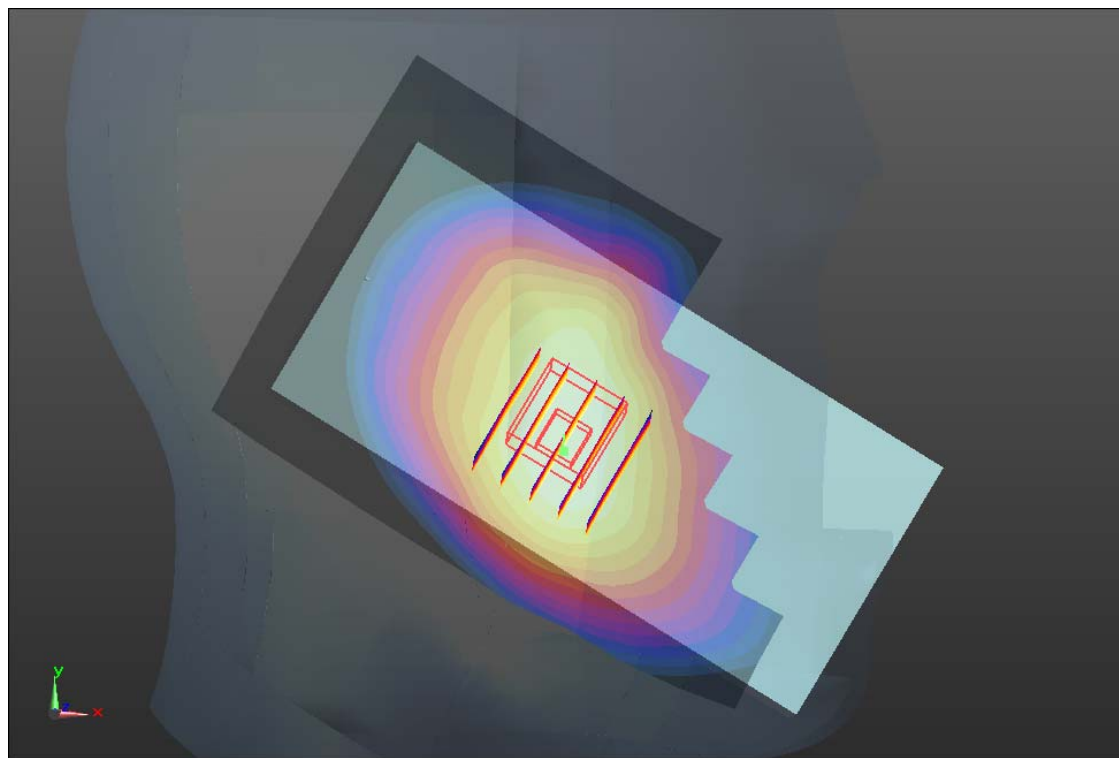
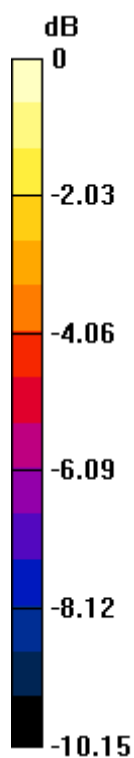
Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.335 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.744 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.594 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.454 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.678 mW/g



0 dB = 0.680mW/g

02_GSM1900_GPRS(2Tx slots)_Right Cheek_Ch810

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (2 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium: HSL_1900_150505 Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.435$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

38.905; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch810/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.266 mW/g

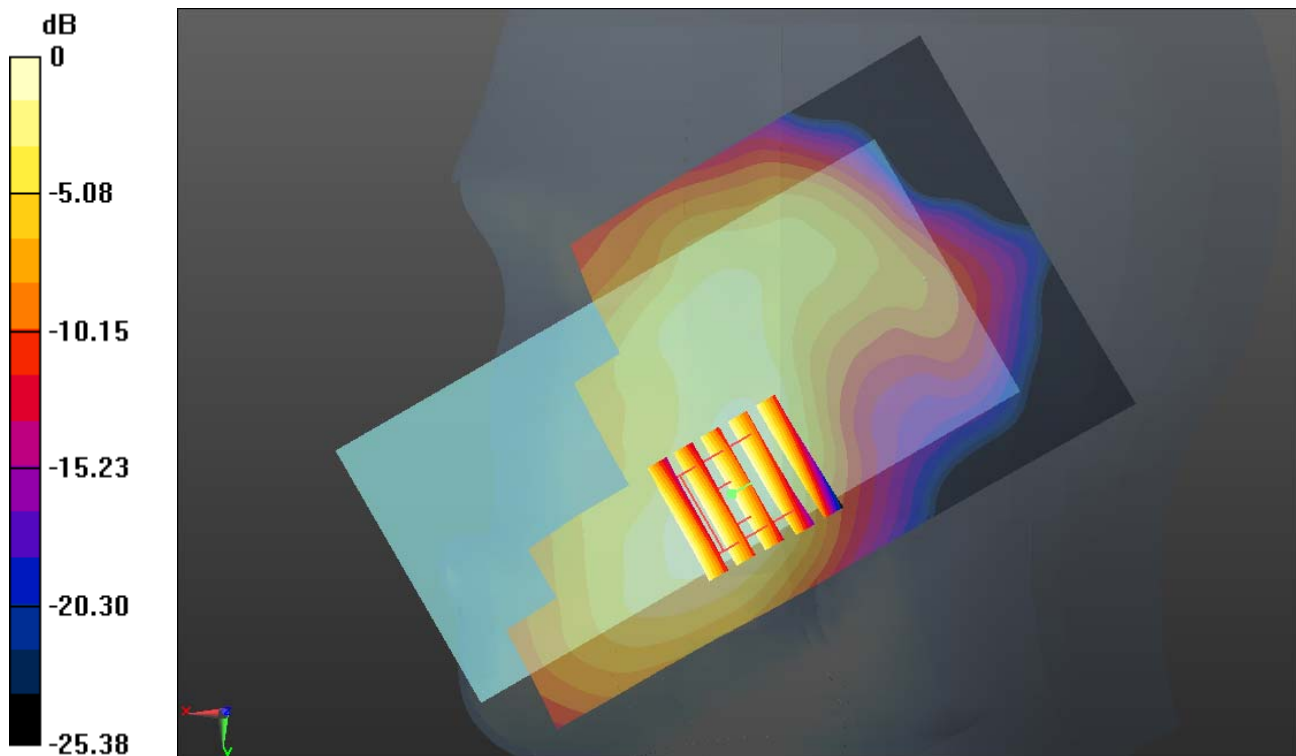
Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.750 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.325 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.208 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.126 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.263 mW/g



0 dB = 0.260mW/g

03_WCDMA Band V_RMC12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_Ch4233

Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_150428 Medium parameters used: $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.38$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.41, 9.41, 9.41); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch4233/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.413 mW/g

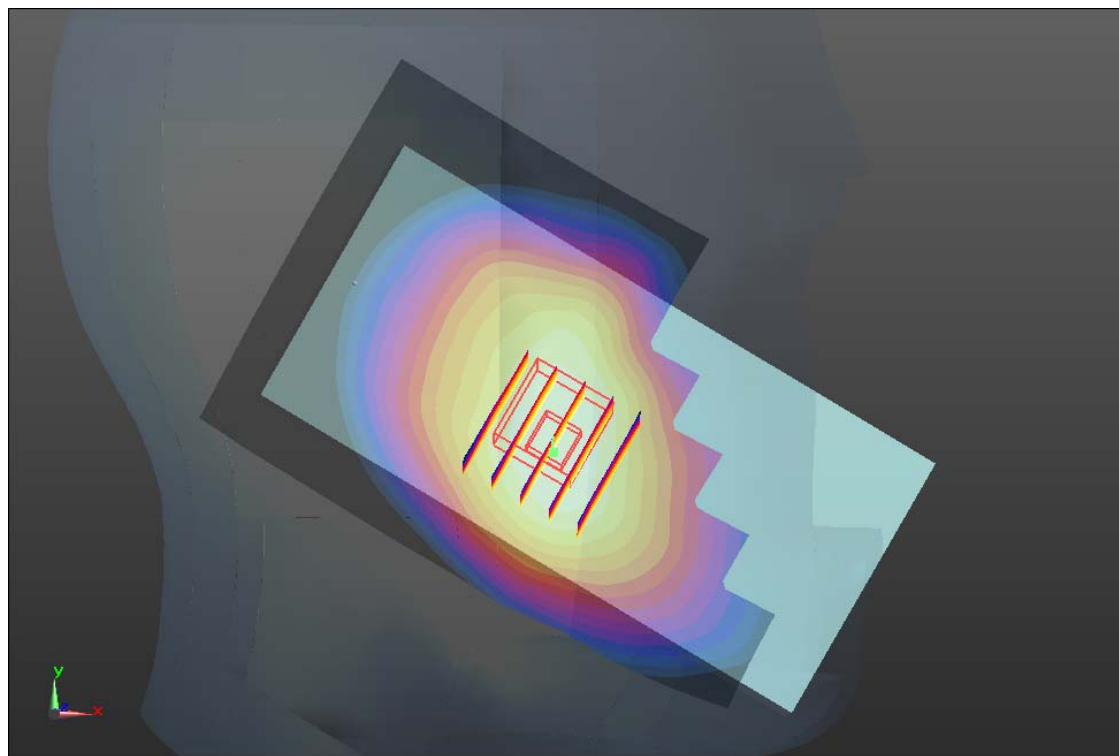
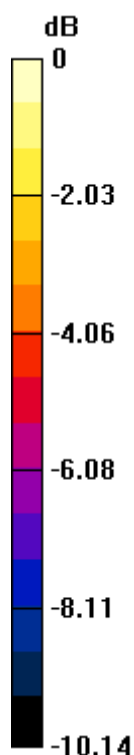
Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.216 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.450 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.361 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.276 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.414 mW/g



0 dB = 0.410mW/g

04_WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch1513

Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750_150501 Medium parameters used: $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.384$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

41.307; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(8.55, 8.55, 8.55); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch1513/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.382 mW/g

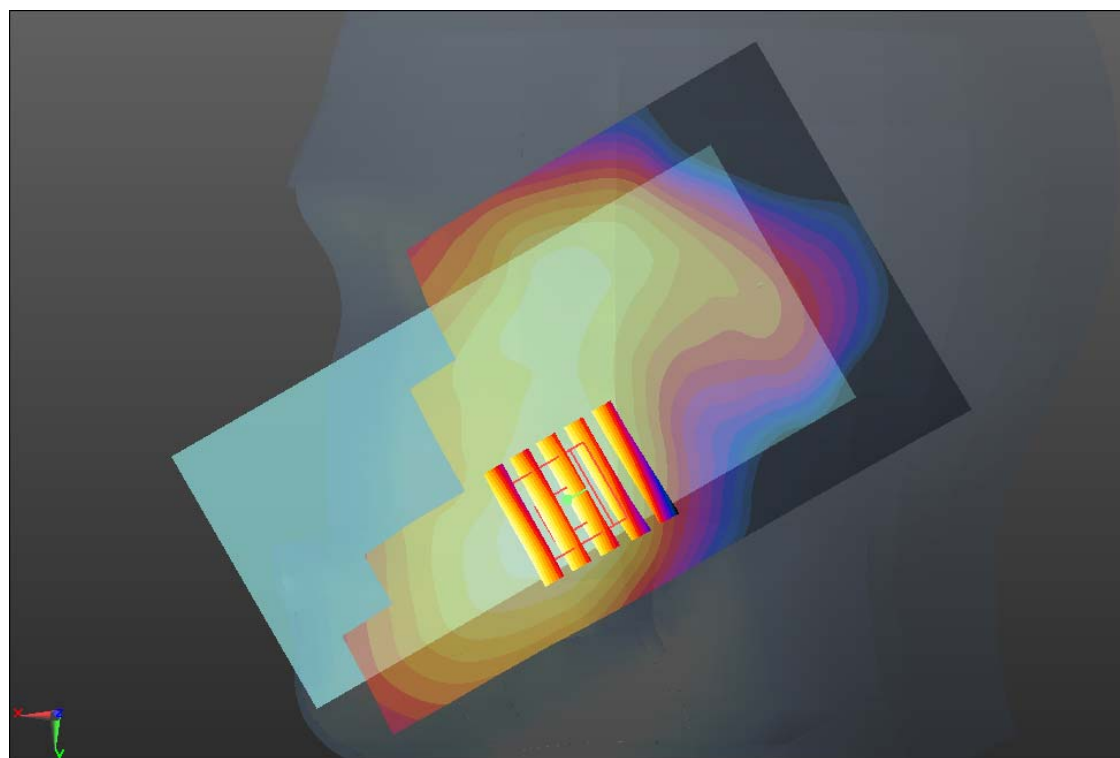
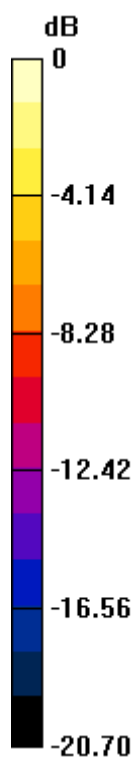
Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.652 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.466 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.309 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.377 mW/g



0 dB = 0.380mW/g

05_WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch9538

Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_150505 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.433$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

38.914 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch9538/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.409 mW/g

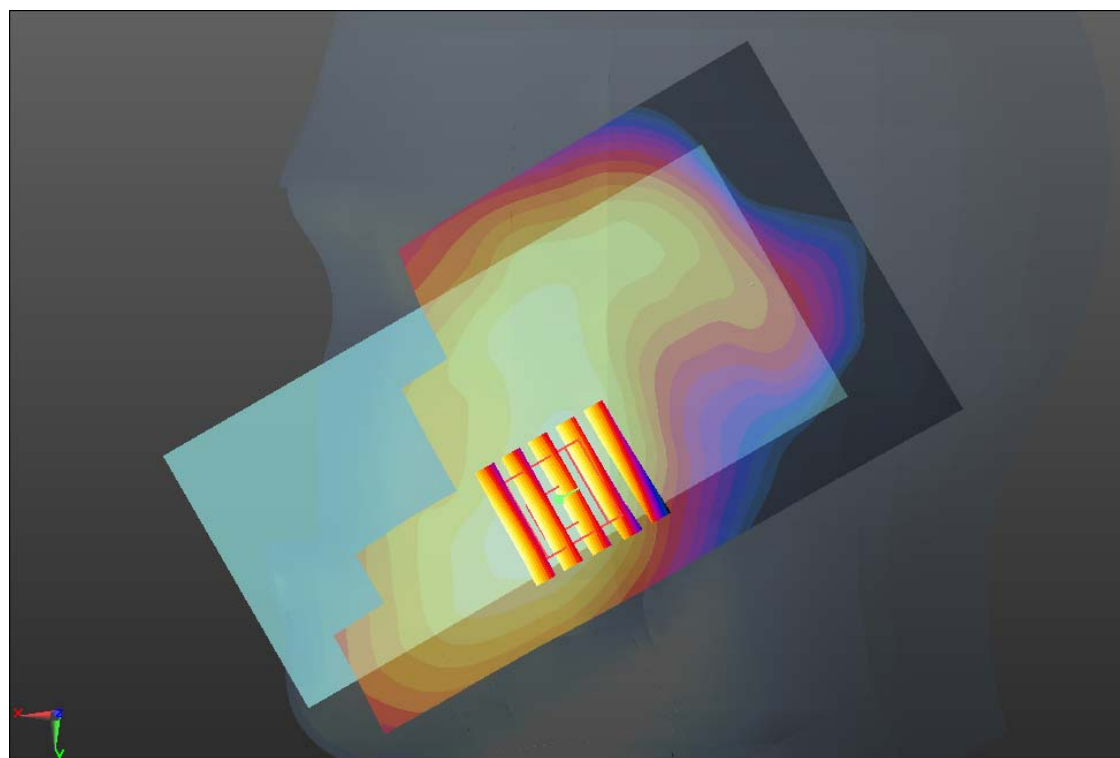
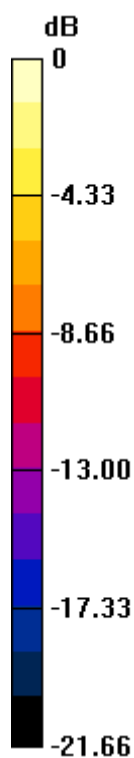
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 6.335 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.492 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.310 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.190 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.389 mW/g



0 dB = 0.390 mW/g

06_LTE Band 17_10M_QPSK(1,49)_Left Cheek_Ch23780

Communication System: FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 709 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_750_150428 Medium parameters used: $f = 709$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.86$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.698$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.92, 9.92, 9.92); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch23780/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.277 mW/g

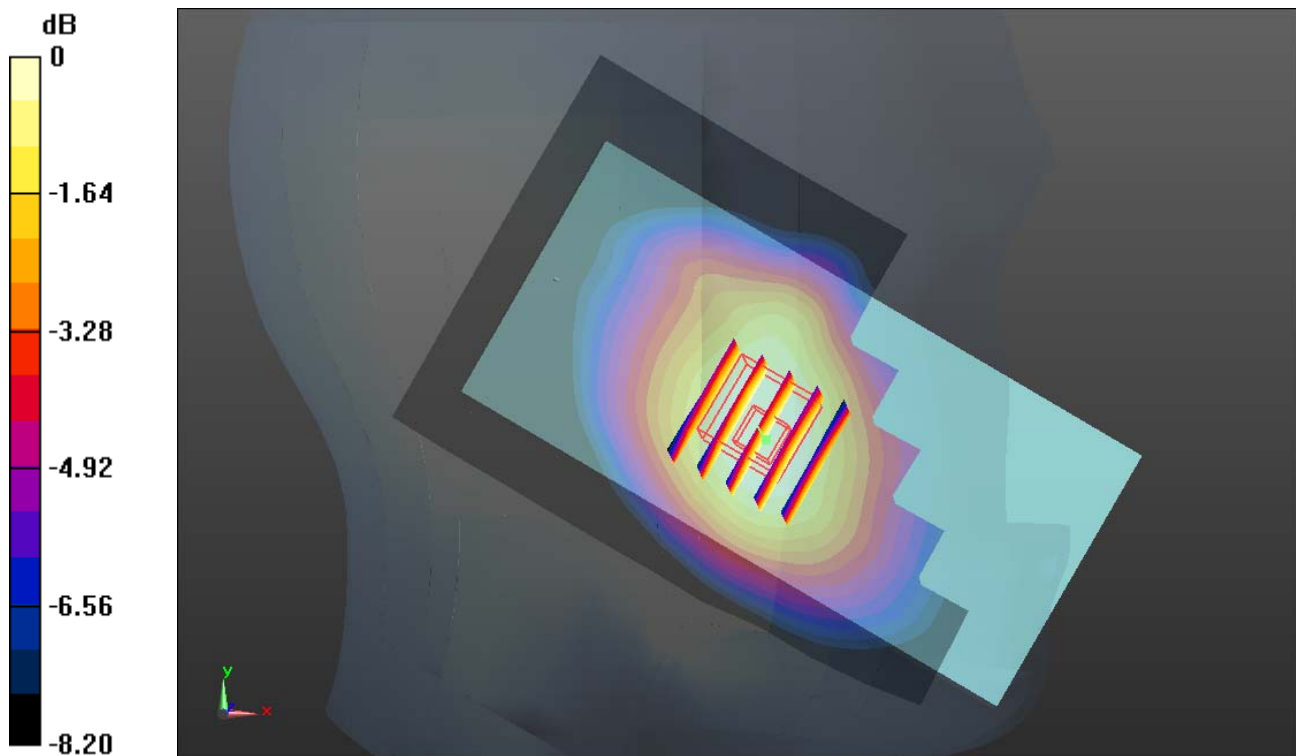
Ch23780/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.059 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.289 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.232 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.183 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.263 mW/g



0 dB = 0.260mW/g

07_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK(1,0)_Left Cheek_Ch20600

Communication System: FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 844 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835_150428 Medium parameters used: $f = 844$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.906$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.425$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.41, 9.41, 9.41); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch20600/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.385 mW/g

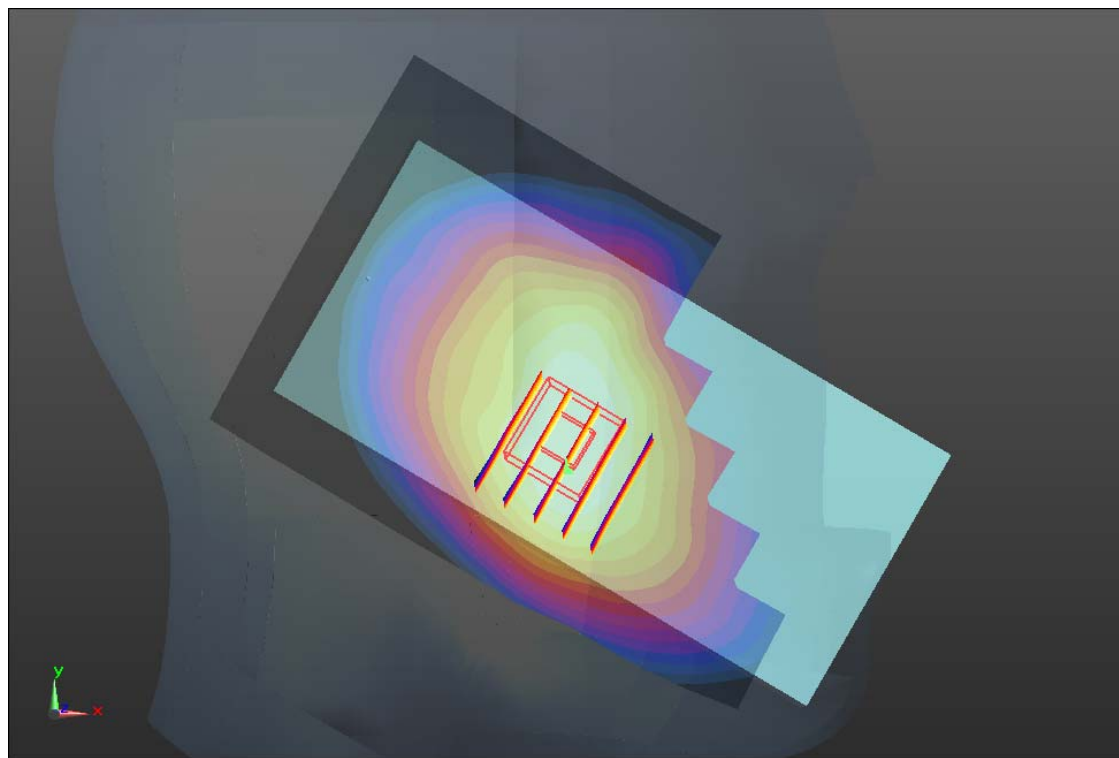
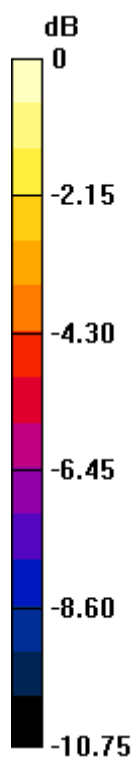
Ch20600/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.935 V/m; Power Drift = 0.034 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.407 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.324 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.245 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.367 mW/g



0 dB = 0.370mW/g

08_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Right Cheek_Ch20175

Communication System: FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750_150501 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.361$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

41.412; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(8.55, 8.55, 8.55); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.293 mW/g

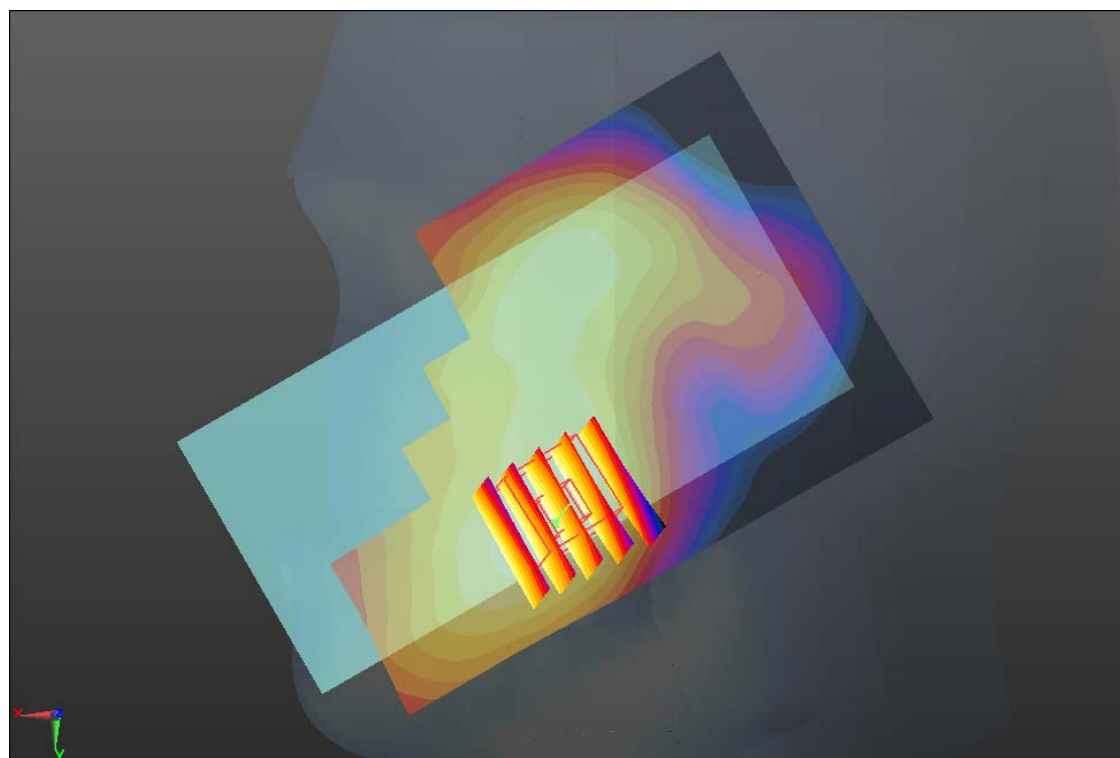
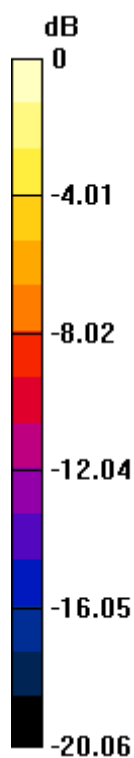
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.168 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.340 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.231 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.152 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.287 mW/g



0 dB = 0.290mW/g

09_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(1,49)_Right Cheek_Ch19100

Communication System: FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_150505 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.425$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

38.952 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch19100/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.381 mW/g

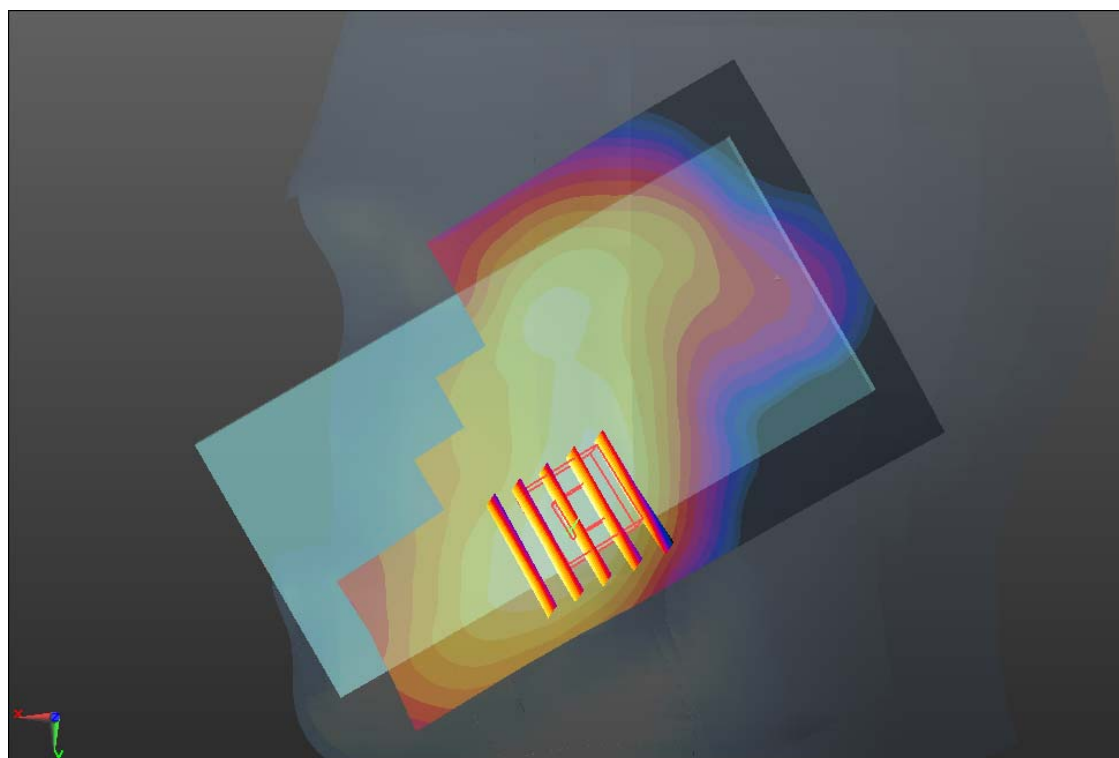
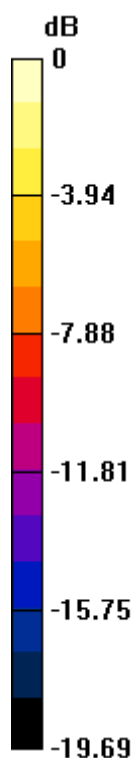
Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 5.286 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.489 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.320 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.400 mW/g



0 dB = 0.400 mW/g

10_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_1M_Right Cheek_Ch6

Communication System: WIFI (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.024

Medium: HSL_2450_150502 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.805$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

39.259 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.8 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch6/Area Scan (81x151x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12$ mm, $dy=12$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.254 mW/g

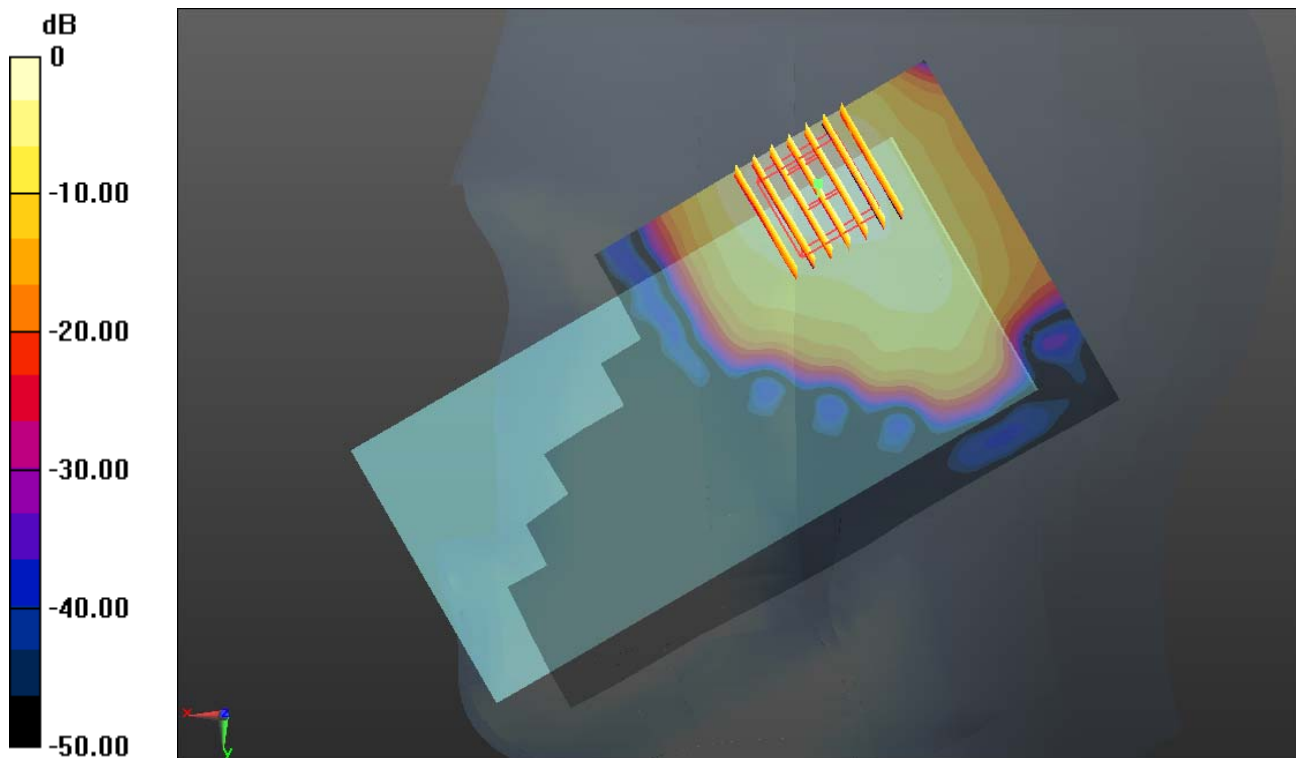
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 5.635 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.373 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.167 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.253 mW/g



0 dB = 0.250 mW/g

11_GSM850_GPRS(2Tx slots)_Back 1cm_Ch251

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (2 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium: MSL_850_150502 Medium parameters used: $f = 848.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.994$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.329$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.409 mW/g

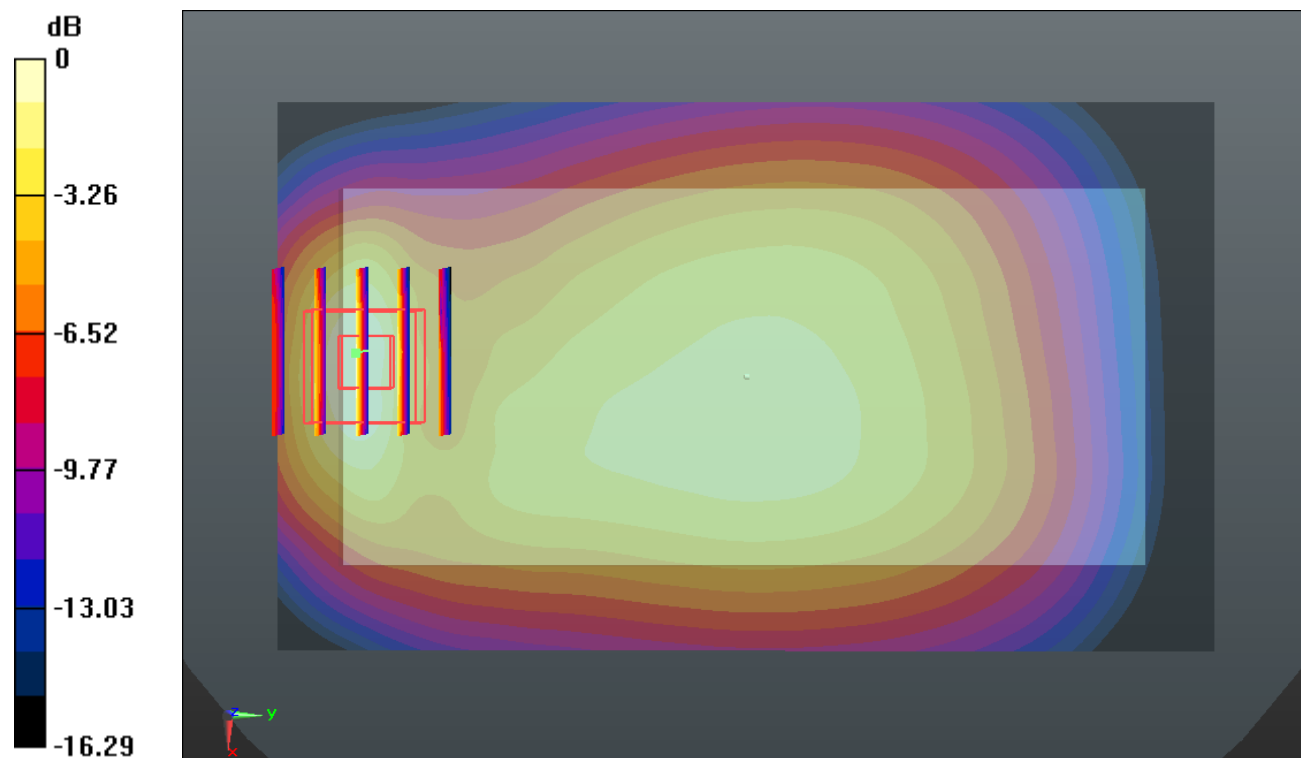
Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.474 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.914 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.564 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.391 mW/g



0 dB = 1.390mW/g

12_GSM1900_GPRS(2Tx slots)_Back 1cm_Ch810

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE (2 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium: MSL_1900_150504 Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.561$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

53.168; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch810/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.918 mW/g

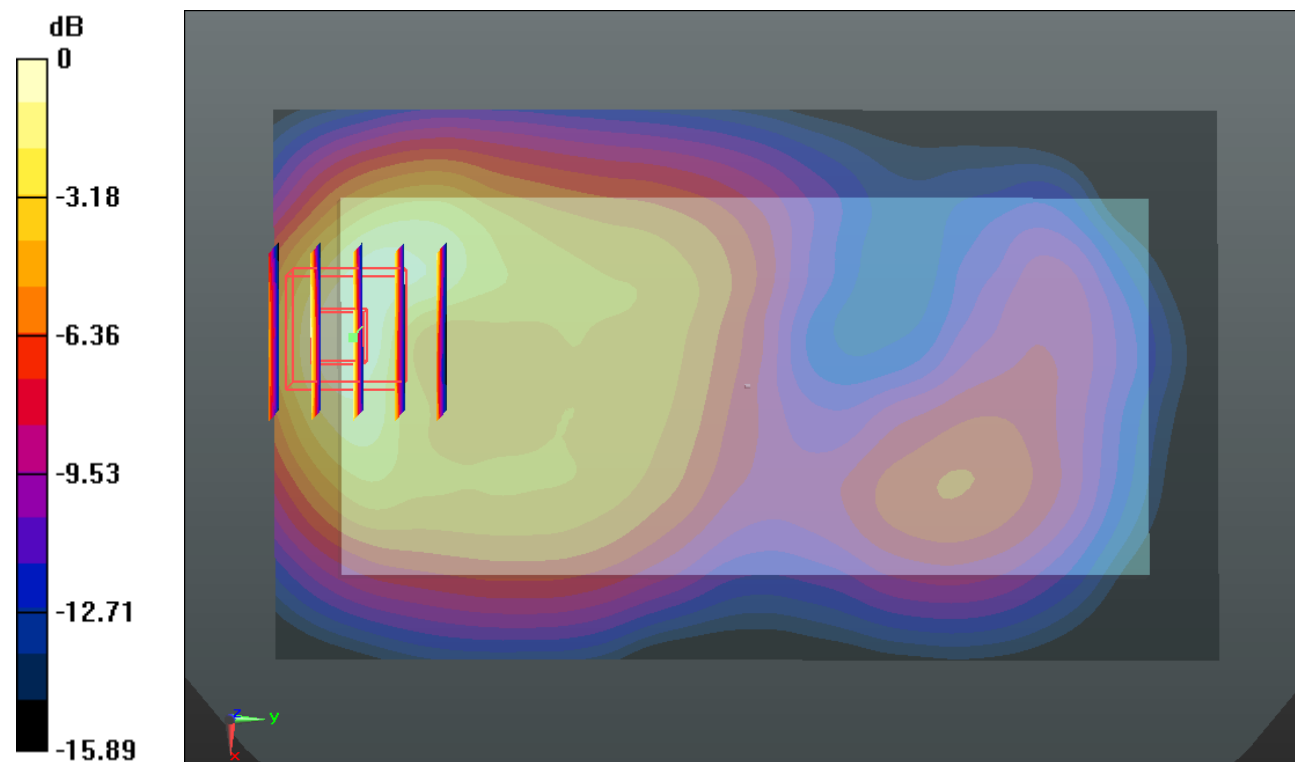
Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.025 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.188 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.685 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.363 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.915 mW/g



0 dB = 0.910mW/g

13_WCDMA Band V_RMC12.2Kbps_Back 1cm_Ch4233

Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850_150502 Medium parameters used: $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.992$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.354$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch4233/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.760 mW/g

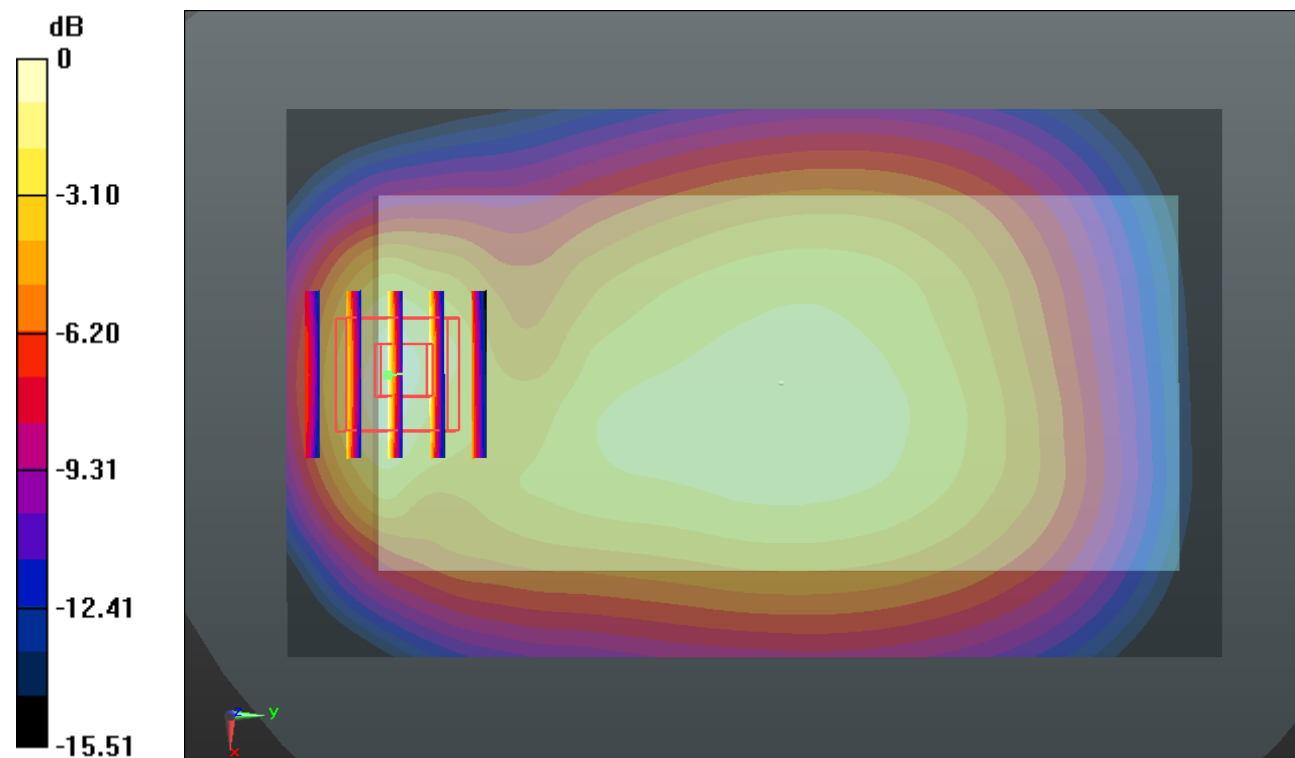
Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.300 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.137 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.626 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.339 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.824 mW/g



0 dB = 0.820mW/g

14_WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back 1cm_Ch1513

Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_150426 Medium parameters used: $f = 1752.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

52.349; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch1513/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.348 mW/g

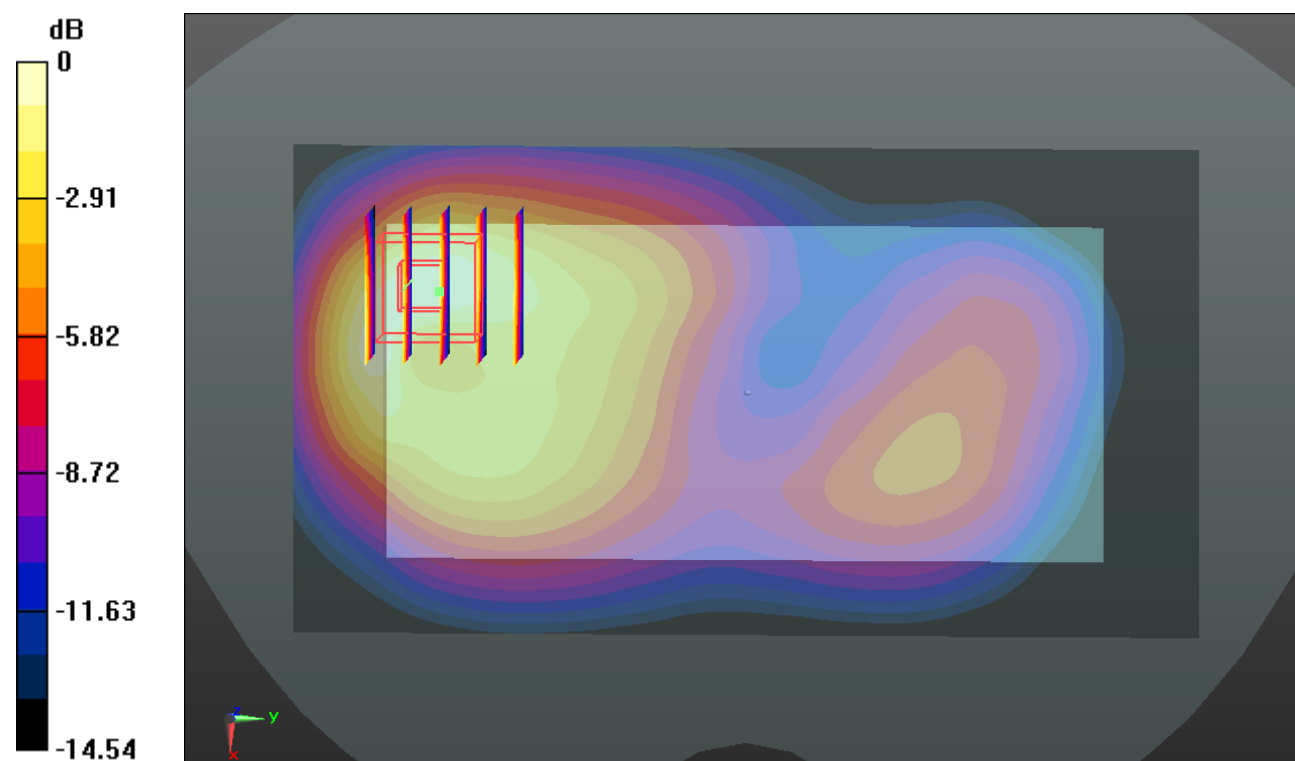
Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 8.586 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.687 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.992 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.577 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.310 mW/g



0 dB = 1.310mW/g

15_WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back 1cm_Ch9538

Communication System: UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_150504 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.559$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

53.176; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch9538/Area Scan (71x131x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.488 mW/g

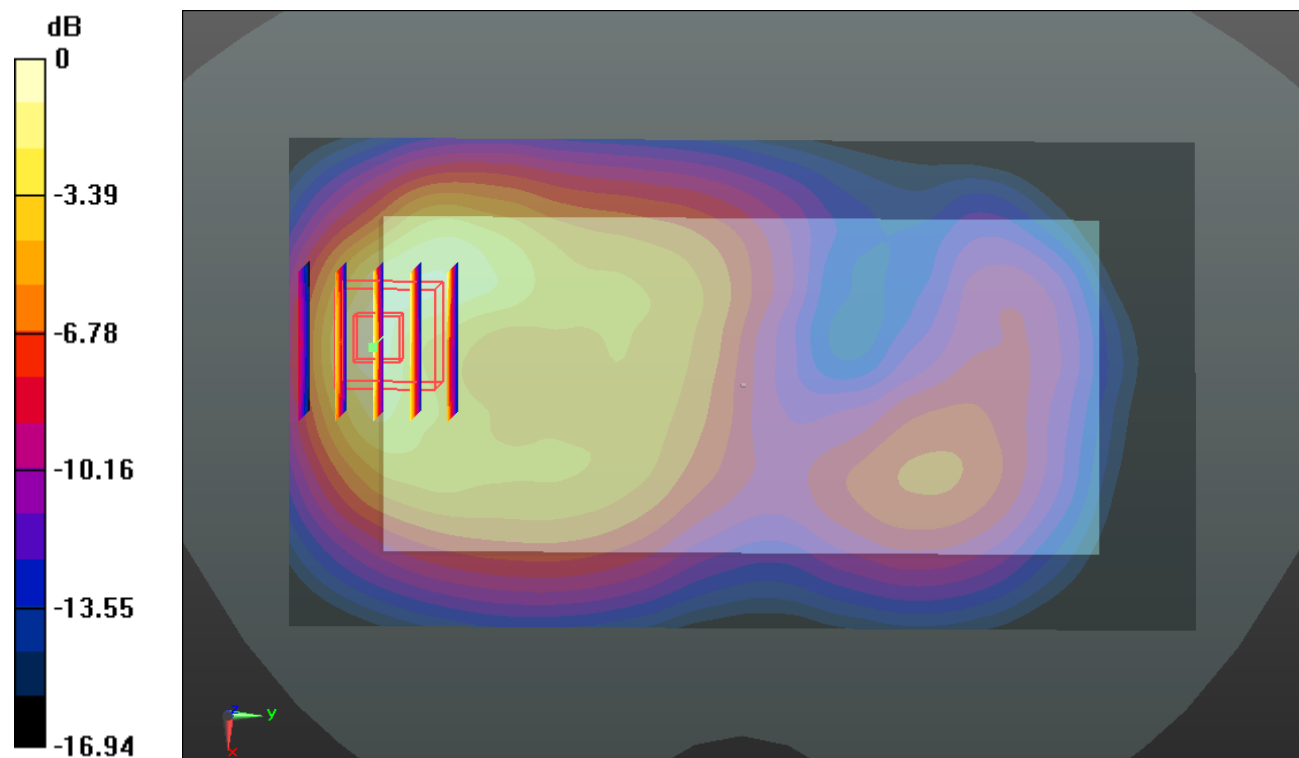
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.582 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.957 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.10 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.597 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.578 mW/g



0 dB = 1.580mW/g

16_LTE Band 17_10M_QPSK(1,49)_Back 1cm_Ch23780

Communication System: FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 709 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_150502 Medium parameters used: $f = 709$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.934$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.163$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.6 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.46, 9.46, 9.46); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch23780/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.508 mW/g

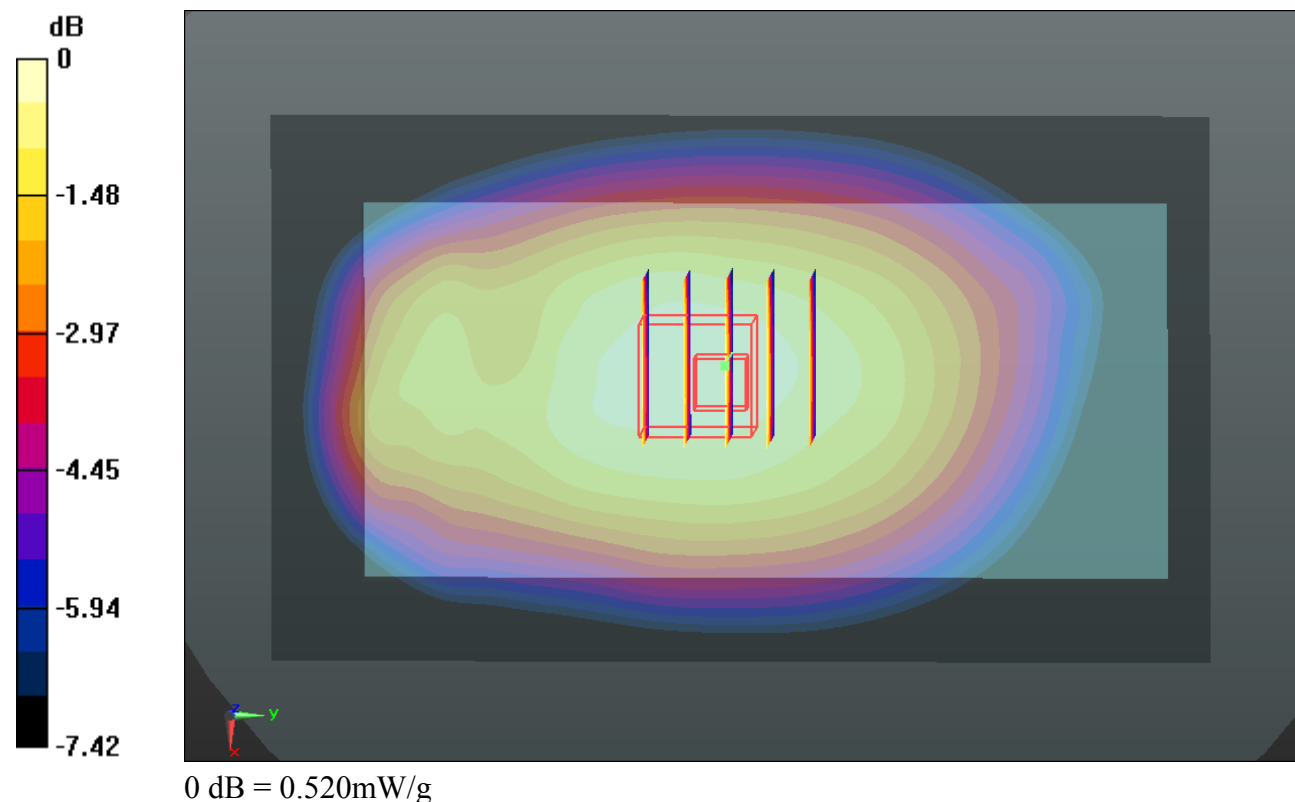
Ch23780/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.431 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.556 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.456 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.358 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.518 mW/g



17_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK(1,0)_Back 1cm_Ch20600

Communication System: FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 844 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850_150502 Medium parameters used: $f = 844$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.989$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.387$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(9.31, 9.31, 9.31); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch20600/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.673 mW/g

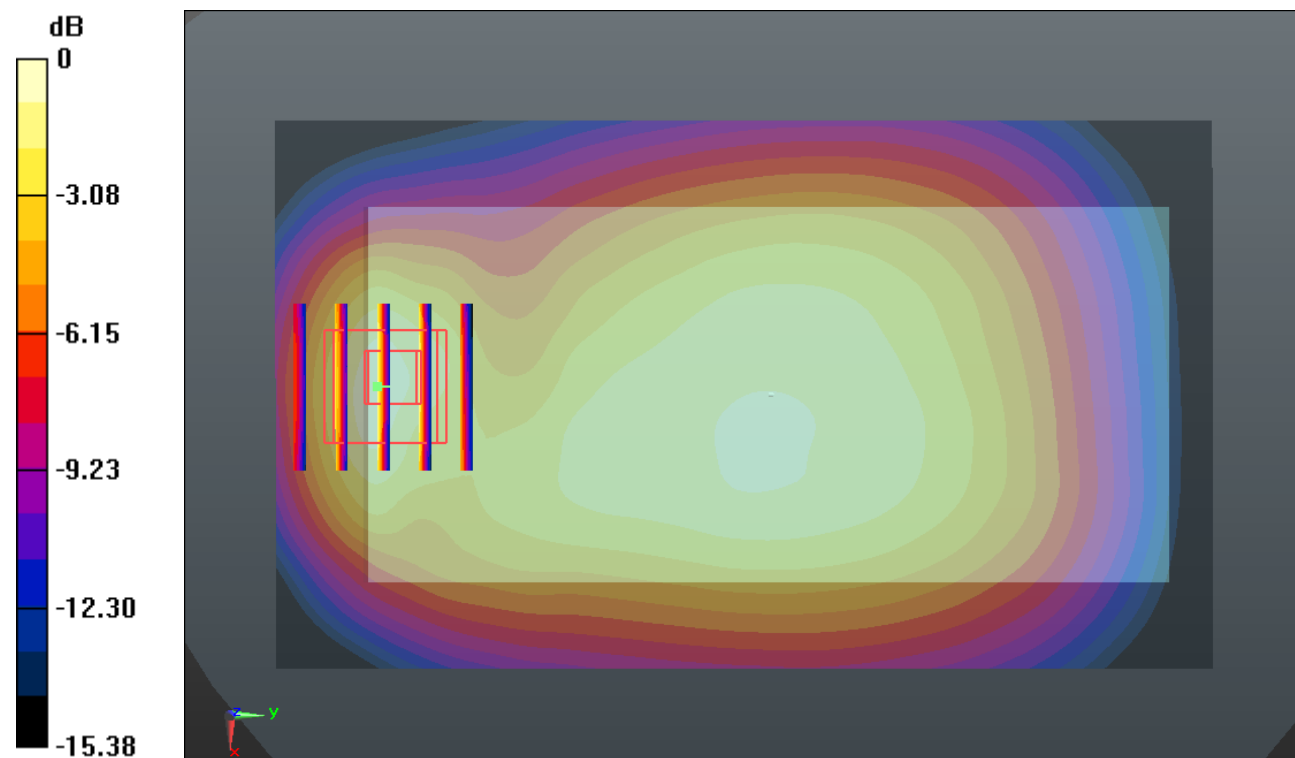
Ch20600/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.275 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.003 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.556 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.304 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.730 mW/g



0 dB = 0.730mW/g

18_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK(1,0)_Back 1cm_Ch20050

Communication System: FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_150426 Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.471$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

52.341; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.89, 7.89, 7.89); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch20050/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.278 mW/g

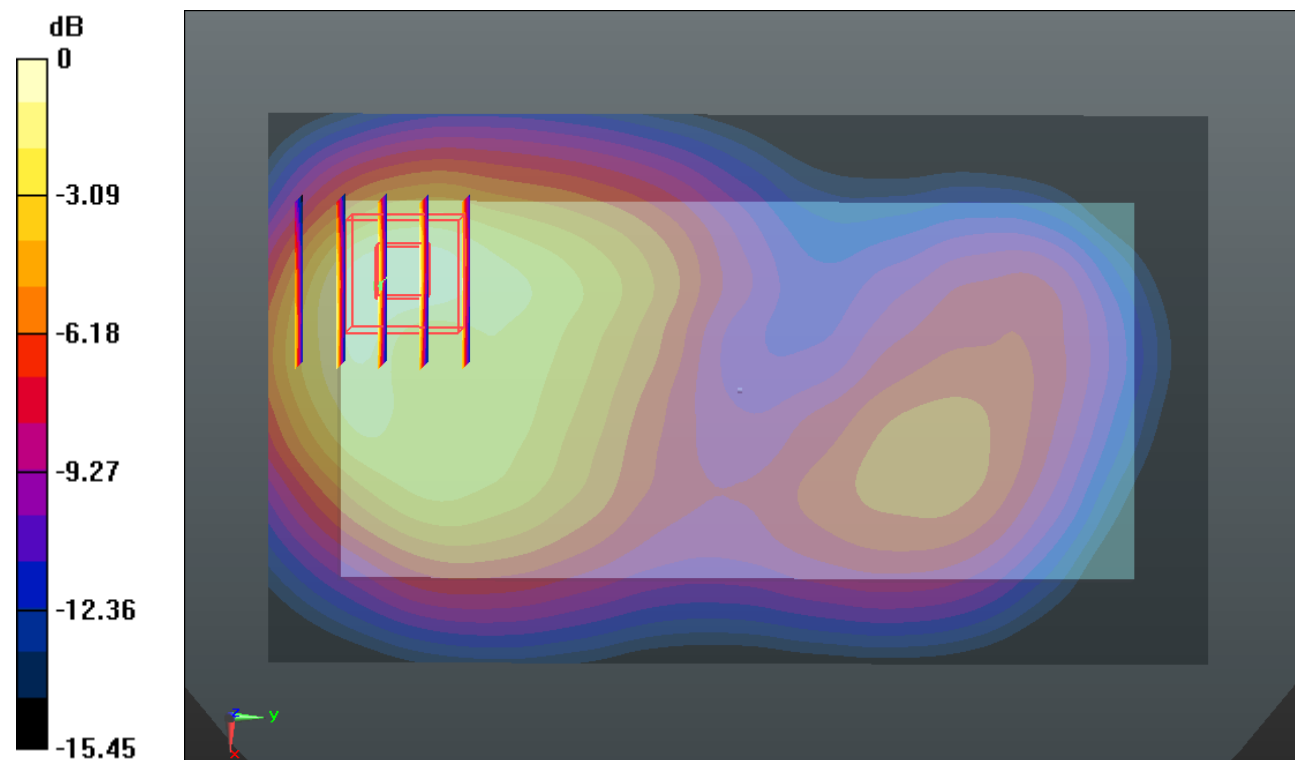
Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.071 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.573 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.951 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.559 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.260 mW/g



0 dB = 1.260mW/g

19_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK(1,49)_Back 1cm_Ch18700

Communication System: FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_150504 Medium parameters used: $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

53.292 ; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.7 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.56, 7.56, 7.56); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch18700/Area Scan (71x121x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.417 mW/g

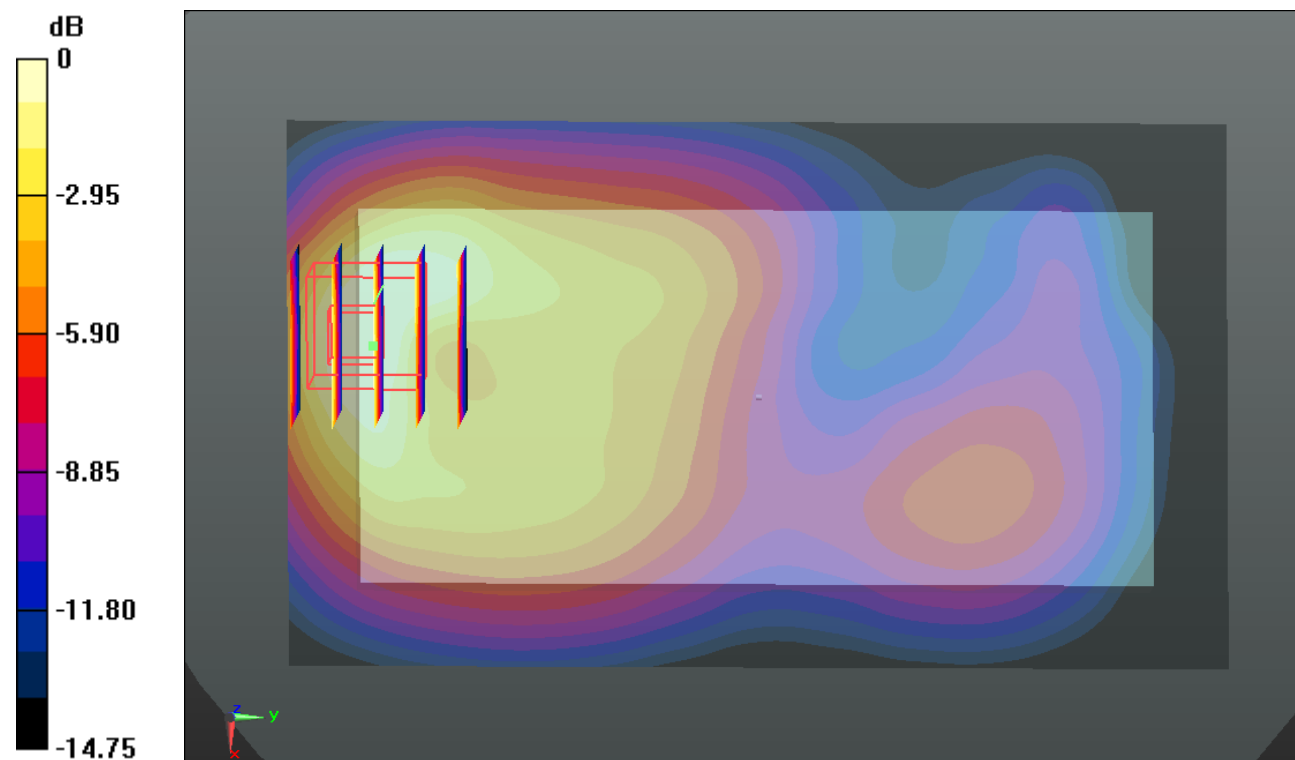
Ch18700/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 10.728 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.708 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.992 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.537 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.265 mW/g



0 dB = 1.260 mW/g

20_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_1M_Back 1cm_Ch6

Communication System: WIFI (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.024

Medium: MSL_2450_150503 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.924$ mho/m; $\epsilon_r =$

51.017; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.9 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.14, 7.14, 7.14); Calibrated: 2014.05.23
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2014.05.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.4.5 (3634)

Ch6/Area Scan (91x151x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.263 mW/g

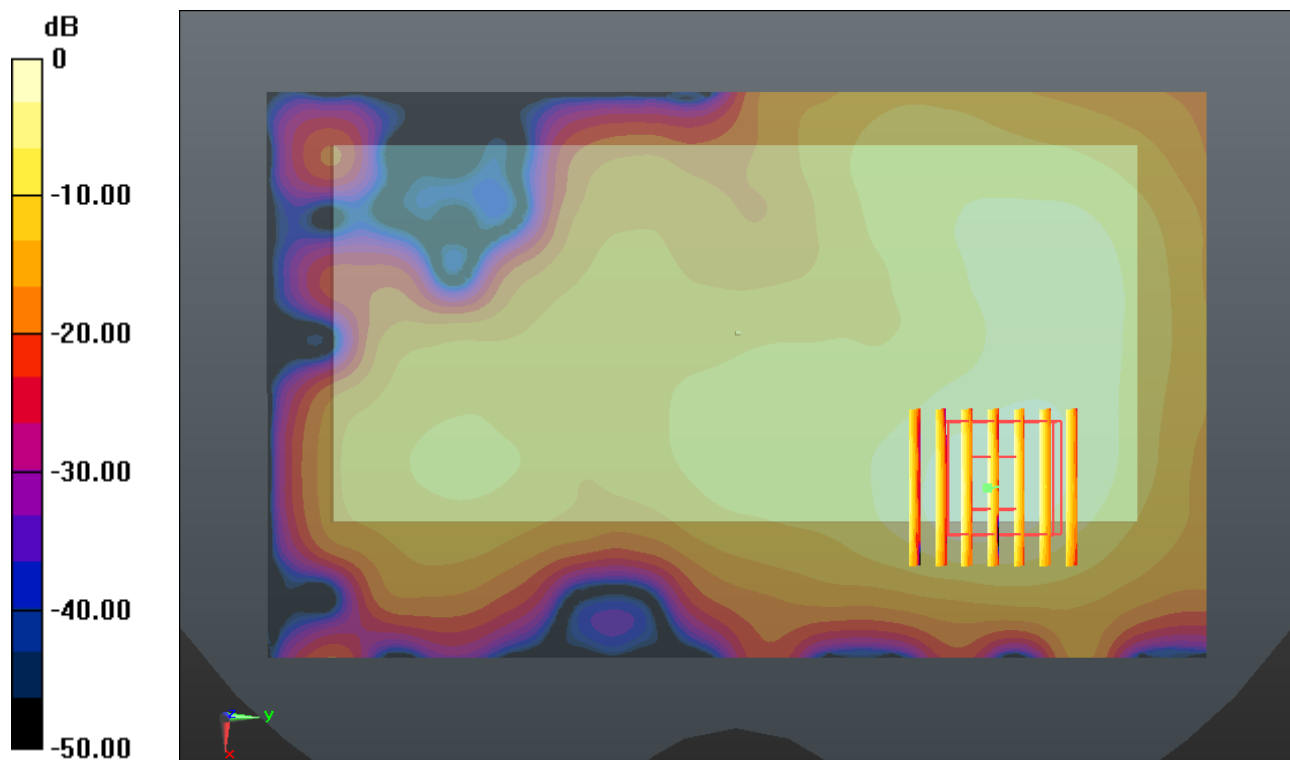
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.782 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.373 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.177 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.083 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.272 mW/g



0 dB = 0.270mW/g