

FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : ZTE CORPORATION
EQUIPMENT : WCDMA/LTE Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone
BRAND NAME : ZTE
MODEL NAME : Z962BL
FCC ID : SRQ-Z962BL
STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
IEEE 1528-2013

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Prepared by: Mark Qu / Manager



Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager



SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.
No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China



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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA5O2205	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Dec. 04, 2015

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **ZTE CORPORATION, WCDMA/LTE Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone, Z962BL**, are as follows.

Equipment Class	Wireless Operated	Highest SAR Summary		Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
		Head (Separation 0mm)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	
		1g SAR (W/kg)		
Licensed	WWAN	0.46	1.19	1.45
DTS	2.4GHz WLAN	0.18	0.26	1.45
NII	5GHz WLAN	0.33	0.12	1.32
DSS	Bluetooth			1.34
Date of Testing:		2015/10/27 ~ 2015/11/29		

Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 10g SAR (W/kg)
	Extremity 10g SAR (W/kg) (Separation 0mm)	
WWAN	3.79	3.97
2.4GHz WLAN	0.96	3.57
5GHz WLAN	0.34	3.97
Bluetooth		3.91

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue; 4.0W/kg as averaged over any 10 gram of tissue for extremity SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.
Test Site Location	No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China TEL: +86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: +86-0512-5790-0958

Applicant	
Company Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China

Manufacturer	
Company Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r04

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	WCDMA/LTE Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone
Brand Name	ZTE
Model Name	Z962BL
FCC ID	SRQ-Z962BL
IMEI Code	868661020002531
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	· GSM/GPRS/EGPRS · RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps · HSDPA · HSUPA · HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is not supported) · LTE: QPSK, 16QAM · 802.11a/b/g/n HT20 · 802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 · Bluetooth v2.1+EDR, Bluetooth v4.1 LE
HW Version	Z962BLHWV1.0
SW Version	Z962BLV1.0.0B02
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Production Unit
Remark: 1. 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz/5GHz WLAN. 2. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA, LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP). 3. This device supports GRPS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class33. 4. This device does not support DTM operation. 5. The EUT has no hotspot function.	

4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r04																																																					
FCC ID	SRQ-Z962BL																																																				
Equipment Name	WCDMA/LTE Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone																																																				
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz																																																				
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 2:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 4:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 17: 5MHz, 10MHz																																																				
uplink modulations used	QPSK, and 16QAM																																																				
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Data Only																																																				
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	<table><tr><th colspan="8">Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3</th></tr><tr><th rowspan="3">Modulation</th><th colspan="6">Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)</th><th rowspan="3">MPR (dB)</th></tr><tr><th>1.4 MHz</th><th>3.0 MHz</th><th>5 MHz</th><th>10 MHz</th><th>15 MHz</th><th>20 MHz</th></tr><tr><td>QPSK</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 1</td></tr><tr><td>16 QAM</td><td>≤ 5</td><td>≤ 4</td><td>≤ 8</td><td>≤ 12</td><td>≤ 16</td><td>≤ 18</td><td>≤ 1</td></tr><tr><td>16 QAM</td><td>> 5</td><td>> 4</td><td>> 8</td><td>> 12</td><td>> 16</td><td>> 18</td><td>≤ 2</td></tr></table>							Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3								Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2
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16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1																																														
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2																																														
LTE Release Version	R10, Cat 4																																																				
CA Support	NO																																																				
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)																																																				
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.																																																				

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band												
LTE Band 2												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900
LTE Band 4												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745
LTE Band 5												
	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz					
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20407	824.7	20415	825.5	20425	826.5	20450	829				
M	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5	20525	836.5				
H	20643	848.3	20635	847.5	20625	846.5	20600	844				
LTE Band 17												
	Bandwidth 5 MHz					Bandwidth 10 MHz						
	Channel #		Freq.(MHz)			Channel #		Freq. (MHz)				
L	23755		706.5			23780		709				
M	23790		710			23790		710				
H	23825		713.5			23800		711				

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

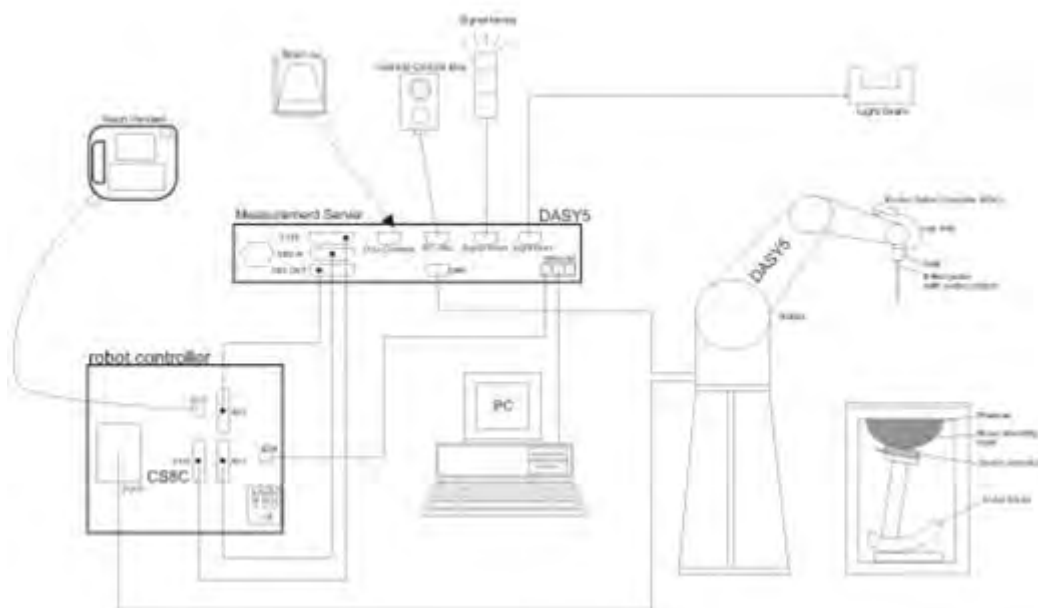
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- (a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- (b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- (c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- (a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- (b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- (e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
- (f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- (a) Power reference measurement
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- (a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- (b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
- (c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
- (d) Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- (e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- (f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm $2 - 3$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: ≤ 12 mm $4 - 6$ GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Zoom}}, \Delta y_{\text{Zoom}}$			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{\text{Zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <i>reported</i> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASy measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.



9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1065	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1069	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	840	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1113	Nov. 24, 2014	Nov. 23, 2015
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1087	Mar. 20, 2015	Mar. 19, 2016
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d151	Mar. 20, 2015	Mar. 19, 2016
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1090	Mar. 24, 2015	Mar. 23, 2016
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	Mar. 24, 2015	Mar. 23, 2016
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1279	Jul. 21, 2015	Jul. 20, 2016
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1210	May 21, 2015	May 20, 2016
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3954	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3857	May 28, 2015	May 27, 2016
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1644	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1542	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1477	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1479	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201300654	Aug. 10, 2015	Aug. 09, 2016
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102706	May 04, 2015	May 03, 2016
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	May 04, 2015	May 03, 2016
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	MY44300475	NCR	NCR
R&S	Signal Generator	SMBV100A	258305	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	0917070	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1005002	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339163	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1435004	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP40	100319	Aug. 10, 2015	Aug. 09, 2016
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note1	
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	Note1	
MCL	Attenuation	BW-S10W5	N/A	Note1	
MCL	Attenuation	BW-S10W5	N/A	Note1	
MCL	Attenuation	BW-S10W5	N/A	Note1	
AR	Amplifier	551G4	333096	Note1	
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZVE-3W-83+	162601250	Note1	

General Note:

- Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)
For Head								
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
For Body								
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Head	22.9	0.901	41.796	0.89	41.90	1.24	-0.25	±5	2015/10/28
835	Head	22.9	0.927	41.904	0.90	41.50	3.00	0.97	±5	2015/10/28
1750	Head	22.6	1.398	39.900	1.37	40.10	2.04	-0.50	±5	2015/11/4
1900	Head	22.7	1.426	40.730	1.40	40.00	1.86	1.82	±5	2015/11/4
2450	Head	22.5	1.815	38.597	1.80	39.20	0.83	-1.54	±5	2015/11/6
5200	Head	22.5	4.793	35.493	4.66	36.00	2.85	-1.41	±5	2015/11/8
5800	Head	22.5	5.395	34.416	5.27	35.30	2.37	-2.50	±5	2015/11/8
750	Body	22.8	0.933	57.590	0.96	55.50	-2.81	3.77	±5	2015/10/27
835	Body	22.8	0.969	55.698	0.97	55.20	-0.10	0.90	±5	2015/10/27
1750	Body	22.7	1.499	53.463	1.49	53.4	0.60	0.12	±5	2015/11/5
1900	Body	22.7	1.55	53.207	1.52	53.3	1.97	-0.17	±5	2015/11/4
2450	Body	22.8	1.988	51.424	1.95	52.70	1.95	-2.42	±5	2015/11/8
5200	Body	22.6	5.420	48.637	5.30	49.00	2.26	-0.74	±5	2015/11/9
5800	Body	22.6	6.289	47.502	6.00	48.20	4.82	-1.45	±5	2015/11/9

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ϵ_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ϵ_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
750	Body	22.6	0.928	55.22	0.96	55.5	-3.33	-0.50	± 5	2015/11/27
835	Body	22.8	0.97	55.685	0.97	55.2	0.00	0.88	± 5	2015/11/27
1750	Body	22.7	1.505	52.347	1.49	53.4	1.01	-1.97	± 5	2015/11/29
1900	Body	22.6	1.55	53.207	1.52	53.3	1.97	-0.17	± 5	2015/11/22
2450	Body	22.8	1.988	51.424	1.95	52.70	1.95	-2.42	± 5	2015/11/8
5200	Body	22.6	5.42	48.637	5.30	49.00	2.26	-0.74	± 5	2015/11/9
5800	Body	22.6	6.289	47.502	6.00	48.20	4.82	-1.45	± 5	2015/11/9

10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2015/10/28	750	Head	250	1065	SN3954	SN1279	1.99	8.14	7.96	-2.21
2015/10/28	835	Head	250	4d091	SN3954	SN1279	2.21	9.11	8.84	-2.96
2015/11/4	1750	Head	250	1069	SN3954	SN1279	9.29	37.10	37.16	0.16
2015/11/4	1900	Head	250	5d118	SN3954	SN1279	9.67	40.10	38.68	-3.54
2015/11/6	2450	Head	250	840	SN3857	SN1210	13.20	52.3	52.8	0.96
2015/11/8	5200	Head	100	1113	SN3954	SN1279	7.84	80.00	78.4	-2.00
2015/11/8	5800	Head	100	1113	SN3954	SN1279	7.56	78.50	75.6	-3.69
2015/10/27	750	Body	250	1065	SN3954	SN1279	2.21	8.64	8.84	2.31
2015/10/27	835	Body	250	4d091	SN3954	SN1279	2.48	9.6	9.92	3.33
2015/11/5	1750	Body	250	1069	SN3857	SN1210	9.16	38.1	36.64	-3.83
2015/11/4	1900	Body	250	5d118	SN3857	SN1210	9.36	40	37.44	-6.40
2015/11/8	2450	Body	250	840	SN3857	SN1210	11.90	51.00	47.6	-6.67
2015/11/9	5200	Body	100	1113	SN3954	SN1279	7.59	74.90	75.9	1.34
2015/11/9	5800	Body	100	1113	SN3954	SN1279	7.51	75.40	75.1	-0.40

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 10g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 10g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2015/11/27	750	Body	250	1087	SN3857	SN1210	1.35	5.68	5.4	-4.93
2015/11/27	835	Body	250	4d151	SN3857	SN1210	1.68	6.24	6.72	7.69
2015/11/29	1750	Body	250	1090	SN3857	SN1210	4.68	20	18.72	-6.40
2015/11/22	1900	Body	250	5d170	SN3857	SN1210	5.17	21.2	20.68	-2.45
2015/11/8	2450	Body	250	840	SN3857	SN1210	5.45	23.60	21.8	-7.63
2015/11/9	5200	Body	100	1113	SN3954	SN1279	2.23	20.90	22.3	6.70
2015/11/9	5800	Body	100	1113	SN3954	SN1279	2.15	20.80	21.5	3.37

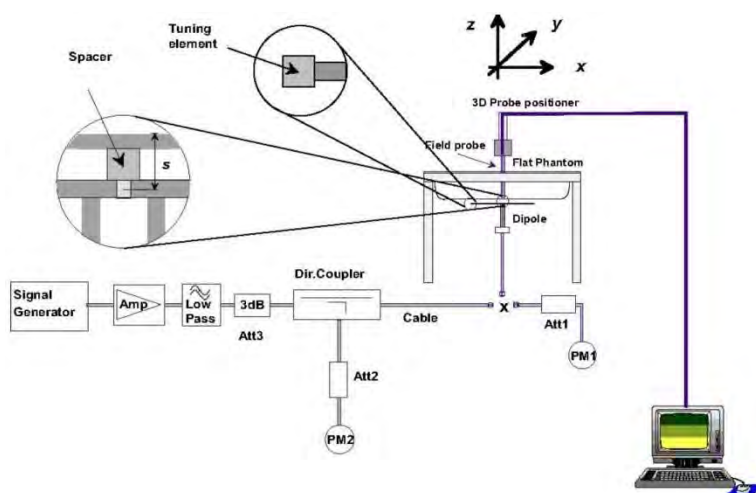


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup



Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

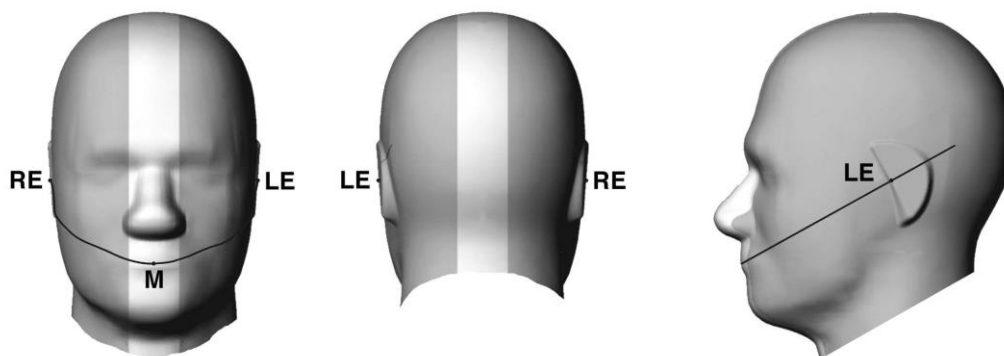


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

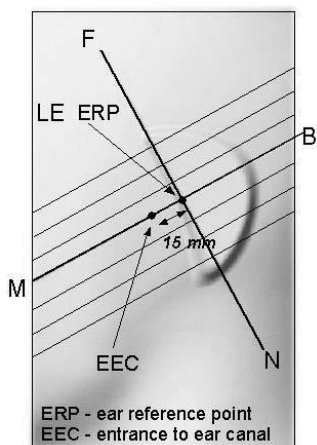


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

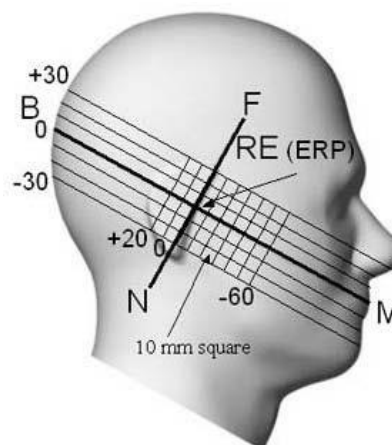


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

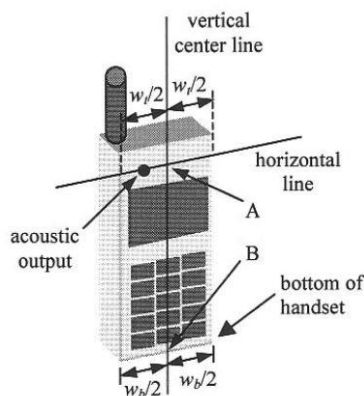


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“fixed case”

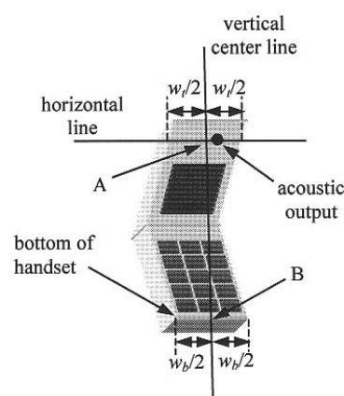


Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—“clam-shell case”

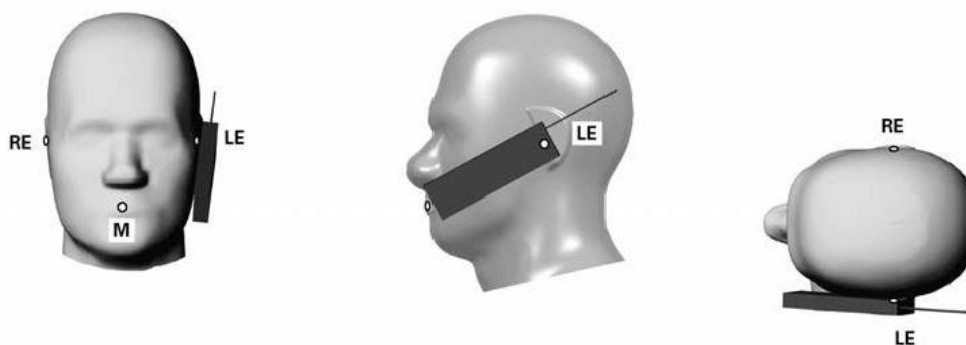


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

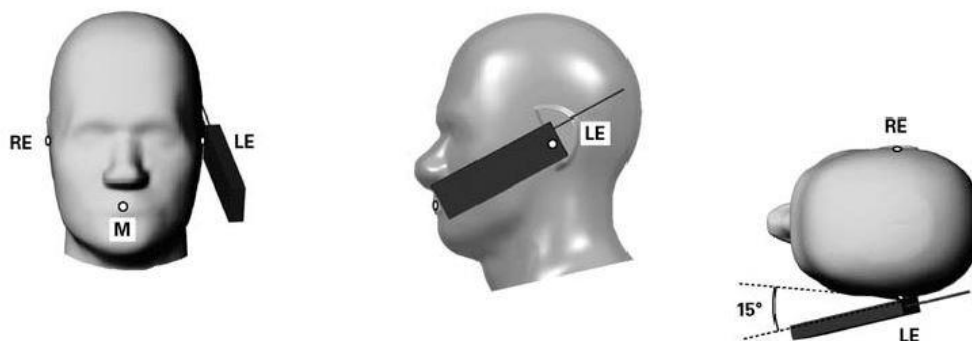


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is $< 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

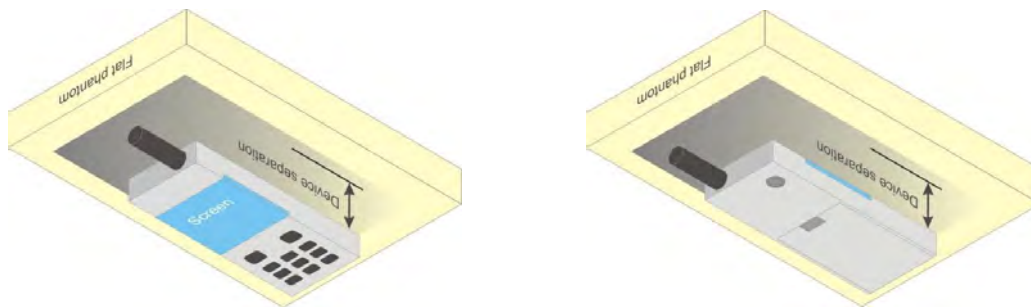


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Extremity Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension $> 15.0 \text{ cm}$ or an overall diagonal dimension $> 16.0 \text{ cm}$ that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474 D04v01r03, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.

2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at $\leq 25 \text{ mm}$ from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

Band GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
	128	189	251		128	189	251	
TX Channel	128	189	251		128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8		824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot	33.58	33.34	33.26	34.00	24.58	24.34	24.26	25.00
GPRS 1 Tx slot	33.55	33.32	33.25	34.00	24.55	24.32	24.25	25.00
GPRS 2 Tx slots	32.22	32.30	32.35	32.50	26.22	26.30	26.35	26.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots	30.78	30.75	30.79	31.00	26.52	26.49	26.53	26.74
GPRS 4 Tx slots	29.56	29.45	29.54	30.50	26.56	26.45	26.54	27.50
EDGE 1 Tx slot	26.95	26.89	26.88	27.00	17.95	17.89	17.88	18.00
EDGE 2 Tx slots	26.81	26.74	26.74	27.00	20.81	20.74	20.74	21.00
EDGE 3 Tx slots	26.16	26.08	26.06	26.50	21.90	21.82	21.80	22.24
EDGE 4 Tx slots	25.93	25.87	25.89	26.50	22.93	22.87	22.89	23.50

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

Band GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
	512	661	810		512	661	810	
TX Channel	512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM 1 Tx slot	30.44	30.48	30.69	31.00	21.44	21.48	21.69	22.00
GPRS 1 Tx slot	30.42	30.46	30.65	31.00	21.42	21.46	21.65	22.00
GPRS 2 Tx slots	28.50	28.54	28.86	29.00	22.50	22.54	22.86	23.00
GPRS 3 Tx slots	26.81	27.04	27.30	27.50	22.55	22.78	23.04	23.24
GPRS 4 Tx slots	25.79	25.66	26.04	26.50	22.79	22.66	23.04	23.50
EDGE 1 Tx slot	25.97	26.02	26.35	26.50	16.97	17.02	17.35	17.50
EDGE 2 Tx slots	25.86	25.90	26.24	26.50	19.86	19.90	20.24	20.50
EDGE 3 Tx slots	25.23	25.24	25.58	26.00	20.97	20.98	21.32	21.74
EDGE 4 Tx slots	25.02	25.08	25.43	26.00	22.02	22.08	22.43	23.00

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (Note 1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5
Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$. Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and $\Delta_{NACK} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$, and $\Delta_{CQI} = 24/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 24/15 * \beta_c$. Note 3: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases. Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.							

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - v. Set UE Target Power
 - vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note 1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1} : 47/15 β_{ed2} : 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>
General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

Band		WCDMA V			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	WCDMA II			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		4132	4182	4233		9262	9400	9538	
Rx Channel		4357	4407	4458		9662	9800	9938	
Frequency (MHz)		826.4	836.4	846.6		1852.4	1880	1907.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	23.40	23.37	23.38	24.00	22.75	22.85	22.90	23.00
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.40	23.40	23.46	24.00	22.78	22.86	22.91	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.58	22.58	22.48	23.00	21.94	21.79	21.96	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.55	22.53	22.47	23.00	21.95	21.11	21.94	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	22.00	21.98	22.08	22.50	21.50	21.31	21.47	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.94	22.01	22.01	22.50	21.44	21.29	21.44	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	22.36	22.30	22.33	23.00	21.89	21.87	21.94	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.28	20.12	20.21	21.00	19.85	19.82	19.96	20.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	21.27	21.18	21.25	22.00	20.88	20.80	20.92	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.43	20.38	20.28	21.00	19.83	19.90	20.02	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.83	21.87	21.81	22.00	21.32	21.31	21.47	22.00

Band		WCDMA IV			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		1312	1413	1513	
Rx Channel		1537	1638	1738	
Frequency (MHz)		1712.4	1732.6	1752.6	
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	23.01	22.90	22.96	23.20
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.02	22.92	22.97	23.20
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.91	21.86	21.91	22.20
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.92	21.94	21.89	22.20
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.44	21.48	21.54	21.70
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.45	21.43	21.43	21.70
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	22.22	22.11	22.09	23.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.20	20.08	20.06	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	21.28	21.16	21.12	22.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	20.33	20.12	19.98	21.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.67	21.55	21.55	22.00

<LTE Conducted Power>**General Note:**

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $>$ not $\frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
8. For LTE B5 / B4 /B17 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

<LTE Band 17>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				23780	23790	23800		
Frequency (MHz)				709	710	711		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.45	23.47	23.42	24.5	0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.64	23.98	23.71		
10	QPSK	1	49	23.43	23.38	23.48		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.68	22.71	22.69	23.5	0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.75	22.77	22.70		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.67	22.70	22.68		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.72	22.76	22.75	23.5	0-1
10	16QAM	1	0	22.66	22.27	22.22		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.64	22.16	22.89		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.23	22.26	22.43	22.5	0-2
10	16QAM	25	0	21.77	21.73	21.90		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.77	21.57	21.92		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.67	21.55	21.75	22.5	0-2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.80	21.71	21.76		
Channel				23755	23790	23825	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				706.5	710	713.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.42	23.74	23.26	24.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.76	23.89	23.64		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.41	23.49	23.62		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.77	22.75	22.57	23.5	0-1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.79	22.72	22.74		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.72	22.61	22.72		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.72	22.73	22.71	23.5	0-1
5	16QAM	1	0	22.48	22.33	22.30		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.22	22.23	22.19		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.47	22.24	22.41	22.5	0-2
5	16QAM	12	0	21.74	21.70	21.41		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.70	21.76	21.68		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.76	21.54	21.68	22.5	0-2
5	16QAM	25	0	21.74	21.66	21.77		

<LTE Band 5>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20450	20525	20600	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				829	836.5	844		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.58	23.47	23.58	24.5	0
10	QPSK	1	25	24.10	24.17	24.15		
10	QPSK	1	49	23.66	23.72	23.71		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.90	22.94	22.90	23.5	0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.89	22.79	22.88		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.88	22.84	22.77		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.74	22.98	22.89	23.5	0-1
10	16QAM	1	0	22.62	22.49	22.59		
10	16QAM	1	25	22.63	22.69	22.73		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.64	22.66	22.63	22.5	0-2
10	16QAM	25	0	21.95	22.06	21.97		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.95	22.02	21.94		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.82	21.86	21.89	22.5	0-2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.95	21.89	21.92		
Channel				20425	20525	20625	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				826.5	836.5	846.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.44	23.36	23.73	24.5	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.87	24.13	24.10		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.35	23.51	23.58		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.83	22.80	22.85	23.5	0-1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.97	22.84	22.85		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.89	22.83	22.85		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.87	22.82	22.82	23.5	0-1
5	16QAM	1	0	22.77	22.53	22.52		
5	16QAM	1	12	22.39	22.62	22.57		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.42	22.49	22.48	22.5	0-2
5	16QAM	12	0	21.78	21.72	21.96		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.92	21.98	21.89		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.94	21.82	21.89	22.5	0-2
5	16QAM	25	0	22.12	21.75	21.98		

Channel				20415	20525	20635	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				825.5	836.5	847.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	23.72	23.57	23.71	24.5	0
3	QPSK	1	8	23.63	23.48	23.58		
3	QPSK	1	14	23.85	23.57	23.45		
3	QPSK	8	0	22.82	22.98	22.93	23.5	0-1
3	QPSK	8	4	22.85	22.77	22.83		
3	QPSK	8	7	22.90	22.67	22.86		
3	QPSK	15	0	22.86	22.77	22.83		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.64	22.65	22.70	23.5	0-1
3	16QAM	1	8	22.55	22.57	22.64		
3	16QAM	1	14	22.71	22.42	22.71		
3	16QAM	8	0	21.83	21.67	21.93	22.5	0-2
3	16QAM	8	4	21.94	21.84	22.00		
3	16QAM	8	7	21.99	21.54	21.66		
3	16QAM	15	0	21.81	21.63	21.82		
Channel				20407	20525	20643	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				824.7	836.5	848.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.68	23.71	23.81	24.5	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.71	23.67	23.85		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.75	23.55	23.77		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.69	23.80	24.04		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.84	23.84	24.01		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	23.91	23.87	23.92		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.83	22.71	22.84	23.5	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.65	22.58	22.98	23.5	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.85	22.67	22.96		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	22.66	22.48	22.61		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	22.77	22.67	22.58		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	22.84	22.71	22.75		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	22.81	22.63	22.65		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.83	21.52	21.66	22.5	0-2

<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20050	20175	20300		
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.87	23.09	22.90	23.6	0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.17	23.55	23.22		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.97	23.12	22.94		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.12	22.04	22.19	22.6	0-1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.19	22.27	22.26		
20	QPSK	50	50	22.15	22.11	22.05		
20	QPSK	100	0	22.03	22.17	22.15	22.6	0-1
20	16QAM	1	0	22.19	22.01	21.74		
20	16QAM	1	49	22.17	22.08	21.75		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.65	21.91	21.81	21.6	0-2
20	16QAM	50	0	21.16	21.20	21.22		
20	16QAM	50	24	21.19	21.08	21.31		
20	16QAM	50	50	21.10	21.15	21.09	21.6	0-2
20	16QAM	100	0	21.19	21.07	21.09		
Channel				20025	20175	20325	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	23.11	23.11	23.02	23.6	0
15	QPSK	1	37	23.52	23.35	23.14		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.77	23.02	22.95		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.25	22.27	22.31	22.6	0-1
15	QPSK	36	20	22.24	22.10	22.15		
15	QPSK	36	39	22.20	22.14	22.08		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.22	22.24	22.13	22.6	0-1
15	16QAM	1	0	21.77	22.03	22.01		
15	16QAM	1	37	21.89	22.18	21.87		
15	16QAM	1	74	22.11	21.87	21.76	21.6	0-2
15	16QAM	36	0	21.27	21.20	21.26		
15	16QAM	36	20	21.19	21.14	21.11		
15	16QAM	36	39	21.12	21.09	21.05	21.6	0-2
15	16QAM	75	0	21.08	21.28	21.17		

Channel				20000	20175	20350	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.82	22.84	22.80	23.6	0
10	QPSK	1	25	23.34	23.16	23.28		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.86	22.85	22.90		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.26	22.19	22.18	22.6	0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.23	22.09	22.21		
10	QPSK	25	25	22.12	22.10	22.12		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.15	22.04	22.09		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.10	21.85	21.99	22.6	0-1
10	16QAM	1	25	22.14	22.18	21.84		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.15	21.96	21.82		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.31	21.24	21.13	21.6	0-2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.27	21.14	21.23		
10	16QAM	25	25	21.15	21.15	21.28		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.05	21.01	21.05		
Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.03	23.05	22.76	23.6	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.37	23.51	23.12		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.92	22.88	22.79		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.21	22.16	22.05	22.6	0-1
5	QPSK	12	7	22.14	22.26	22.17		
5	QPSK	12	13	22.12	22.19	22.17		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.18	22.09	22.12		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.63	21.76	21.88	22.6	0-1
5	16QAM	1	12	22.03	22.13	22.19		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.65	21.67	22.01		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.85	21.02	20.99	21.6	0-2
5	16QAM	12	7	21.18	21.02	21.05		
5	16QAM	12	13	21.02	21.15	21.12		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.04	21.04	21.06		

Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	23.04	23.19	23.10	23.6	0
3	QPSK	1	8	23.11	23.08	23.17		
3	QPSK	1	14	23.06	22.78	23.16		
3	QPSK	8	0	22.10	22.24	22.05	22.6	0-1
3	QPSK	8	4	22.19	22.23	22.19		
3	QPSK	8	7	22.18	22.18	22.17		
3	QPSK	15	0	22.11	22.15	22.12	22.6	0-1
3	16QAM	1	0	21.75	21.99	21.94		
3	16QAM	1	8	22.00	22.25	22.39		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.88	22.15	22.37	21.6	0-2
3	16QAM	8	0	21.15	21.23	21.23		
3	16QAM	8	4	21.18	21.21	21.27		
3	16QAM	8	7	21.20	21.06	21.20	21.6	0-2
3	16QAM	15	0	21.16	21.16	21.26		
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.81	22.91	23.21	23.6	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.73	22.99	23.25		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.91	22.93	23.18		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.14	23.17	23.26		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.29	23.37	23.39		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	23.26	23.24	23.26	22.6	0-1
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.09	22.08	22.14		
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.92	22.16	22.20	22.6	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	22.12	22.27	22.52		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	22.04	21.83	22.24		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.92	22.06	22.19		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.78	21.84	22.46		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.84	22.10	22.48	21.6	0-2
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.95	21.09	21.08		

<LTE Band 2>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				18700	18900	19100		
Frequency (MHz)				1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.12	22.10	22.39	23	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.69	22.63	22.44		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.23	22.13	22.25		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.52	21.48	21.50	22	0-1
20	QPSK	50	24	21.39	21.41	21.48		
20	QPSK	50	50	21.39	21.10	21.45		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.47	21.33	21.42	22	0-1
20	16QAM	1	0	21.23	20.34	20.96		
20	16QAM	1	49	21.19	21.00	21.20		
20	16QAM	1	99	20.94	20.94	21.12	21	0-2
20	16QAM	50	0	20.61	20.60	20.37		
20	16QAM	50	24	20.51	20.24	20.45		
20	16QAM	50	50	20.41	20.25	20.57	21	0-2
20	16QAM	100	0	20.47	20.38	20.35		
Channel				18675	18900	19125	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1857.5	1880	1902.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.08	22.09	22.02	23	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.44	22.38	22.47		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.19	21.98	21.97		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.27	21.31	21.30	22	0-1
15	QPSK	36	20	21.29	21.21	21.29		
15	QPSK	36	39	21.26	21.02	21.28		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.29	21.18	21.39	22	0-1
15	16QAM	1	0	21.06	20.99	20.88		
15	16QAM	1	37	20.96	20.86	21.28		
15	16QAM	1	74	20.85	20.67	20.67	21	0-2
15	16QAM	36	0	20.38	20.33	20.30		
15	16QAM	36	20	20.20	20.16	20.23		
15	16QAM	36	39	20.28	20.04	20.32	21	0-2
15	16QAM	75	0	20.23	20.10	20.40		

Channel				18650	18900	19150	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.00	22.13	21.99	23	0
10	QPSK	1	25	22.48	22.40	22.34		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.09	21.85	22.14		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.27	21.36	21.39	22	0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.25	21.20	21.37		
10	QPSK	25	25	21.26	21.12	21.16		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.22	21.17	21.30		
10	16QAM	1	0	20.92	21.04	20.95	22	0-1
10	16QAM	1	25	20.96	20.89	21.12		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.00	20.67	20.76		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.24	20.30	20.42	21	0-2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.28	20.24	20.47		
10	16QAM	25	25	20.51	20.14	20.21		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.25	20.20	20.15		
Channel				18625	18900	19175	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	21.86	22.01	22.26	23	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.32	22.44	22.33		
5	QPSK	1	24	21.77	21.87	21.75		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.25	21.18	21.33	22	0-1
5	QPSK	12	7	21.29	21.20	21.21		
5	QPSK	12	13	21.27	21.12	21.19		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.21	21.18	21.16		
5	16QAM	1	0	20.92	21.00	21.04	22	0-1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.01	21.08	21.10		
5	16QAM	1	24	20.96	20.80	20.65		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.19	20.30	20.17	21	0-2
5	16QAM	12	7	20.21	20.22	20.13		
5	16QAM	12	13	20.30	20.37	20.04		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.05	20.29	20.13		

Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.17	21.98	22.13	23	0
3	QPSK	1	8	22.01	21.97	22.15		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.12	22.03	21.82		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.28	21.15	21.21	22	0-1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.22	21.19	21.08		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.15	21.14	21.02		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.24	21.04	21.10		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.05	20.95	21.02	22	0-1
3	16QAM	1	8	20.64	20.83	20.99		
3	16QAM	1	14	20.94	20.94	20.81		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.14	20.11	20.24	21	0-2
3	16QAM	8	4	20.36	20.20	20.19		
3	16QAM	8	7	20.19	20.29	20.11		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.18	19.97	20.28		
Channel				18607	18900	19193	Tune-up limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.27	21.91	21.99	23	0
1.4	QPSK	1	3	22.30	21.94	21.92		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.22	21.81	21.82		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.33	22.11	22.12		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.45	22.33	22.18		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	22.22	22.31	22.10		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	21.15	21.09	21.10	22	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.02	20.81	20.96	22	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.11	20.98	21.10		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.36	20.76	20.90		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.39	21.03	21.12		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.42	21.15	21.13		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	21.43	21.33	21.03		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	20.02	20.18	20.02	21	0-2

<WLAN Conducted Power>**General Note:**

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

2.4GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
	802.11b	CH 1	2412	1Mbps	15.55	16.00	97.63
		CH 6	2437		15.87		
		CH 11	2462		15.65		
	802.11g	CH 1	2412	6Mbps	13.64	14.00	87.18
		CH 6	2437		13.84		
		CH 11	2462		13.67		
	802.11n-HT20	CH 1	2412	MCS0	12.71	13.00	86.50
		CH 6	2437		12.93		
		CH 11	2462		12.55		

<5GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.2GHz WLAN	802.11a	CH 36	5180	6Mbps	13.21	13.50	87.04
		CH 40	5200		12.98		
		CH 44	5220		12.79		
		CH 48	5240		12.80		
	802.11n-HT20	CH 36	5180	MCS0	10.35	11.00	86.61
		CH 40	5200		10.04		
		CH 44	5220		10.08		
		CH 48	5240		10.05		
	802.11ac-VHT20	CH 36	5180	MCS0	10.45	11.00	83.11
		CH 40	5200		10.21		
		CH 44	5220		10.27		
		CH 48	5240		10.23		
	802.11ac-VHT40	CH 38	5190	MCS0	9.74	10.00	71.01
		CH 46	5230		9.48		
	802.11ac-VHT80	CH 42	5210	MCS0	9.84		55.48

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %
5.8GHz WLAN	802.11a	CH 149	5745	MCS0	13.39	13.50	87.04
		CH 157	5785		13.18		
		CH 165	5825		13.27		
	802.11n-HT20	CH 149	5745	MCS0	10.22	11.00	86.61
		CH 157	5785		10.17		
		CH 165	5825		9.85		
	802.11ac-VHT20	CH 149	5745	MCS0	10.31	11.00	83.11
		CH 157	5785		10.26		
		CH 165	5825		10.20		
	802.11ac-VHT40	CH 151	5755	MCS0	9.77	10.00	71.01
		CH 159	5795		9.50		
	802.11ac-VHT80	CH 155	5775	MCS0	9.91		55.48

13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)	
	Bluetooth v2.1+EDR	Bluetooth v4.1 LE
2.4GHz Bluetooth	8.5	8.5

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR}$$
 - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Body-worn 1g SAR test exclude:

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
8.5	10	2.48	1.1

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 1.1 which is ≤ 3, 1g Body-worn SAR testing is not required.

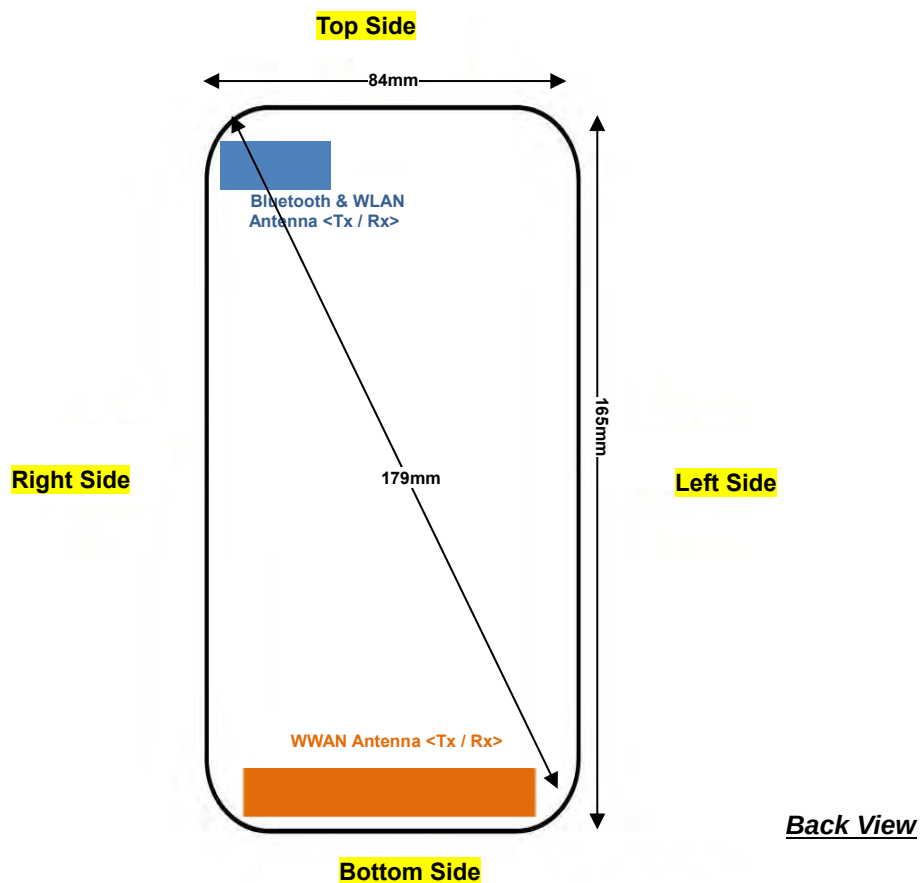
Extremity 10g SAR test exclude:

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
8.5	5	2.48	2.2

Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 2.2 which is ≤ 7.5, 10g Extremity SAR testing is not required.

14. Antenna Location



Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	148mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	148mm	≤ 25mm	63mm

Positions for SAR tests; Extremity mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
 - b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
 - c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
 - d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
4. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, the UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR measurement.

GSM Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for Extremity SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

UMTS Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, SAR for Head / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is $\leq \frac{1}{4}$ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is $> \text{not } \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is $> \text{not } \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
6. For LTE B17 / B5 / B4 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r04, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

WLAN Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for U-NII-1 Head and Body-worn SAR testing is not required when the U-NII-2A band highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band.
3. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
4. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
5. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

**15.1 Head SAR****<GSM SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
01	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	128	824.2	29.56	30.50	1.242	-0.04	0.371	0.461
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	128	824.2	29.56	30.50	1.242	-0.12	0.267	0.332
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	128	824.2	29.56	30.50	1.242	-0.06	0.349	0.433
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	128	824.2	29.56	30.50	1.242	-0.09	0.185	0.230
02	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	810	1909.8	26.04	26.50	1.112	0.04	0.141	0.157
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	810	1909.8	26.04	26.50	1.112	-0.05	0.073	0.081
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	26.04	26.50	1.112	0.12	0.087	0.097
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	810	1909.8	26.04	26.50	1.112	-0.03	0.058	0.064

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
03	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	23.46	24.00	1.132	0	0.22	0.249
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	23.46	24.00	1.132	0.16	0.216	0.245
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	23.46	24.00	1.132	-0.03	0.211	0.239
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	4233	846.6	23.46	24.00	1.132	0.04	0.181	0.205
04	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1312	1712.4	23.02	23.20	1.042	0.05	0.181	0.189
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	1312	1712.4	23.02	23.20	1.042	-0.13	0.088	0.092
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1312	1712.4	23.02	23.20	1.042	0.07	0.103	0.107
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	1312	1712.4	23.02	23.20	1.042	-0.03	0.075	0.078
05	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9538	1907.6	22.91	23.00	1.021	0.1	0.158	0.161
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	9538	1907.6	22.91	23.00	1.021	-0.11	0.082	0.084
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9538	1907.6	22.91	23.00	1.021	0.05	0.086	0.088
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	9538	1907.6	22.91	23.00	1.021	-0.19	0.062	0.063

**<LTE SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Cheek	23790	710	23.98	24.50	1.127	-0.06	0.175	0.197
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Cheek	23790	710	22.77	23.50	1.183	-0.19	0.137	0.162
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Tilted	23790	710	23.98	24.50	1.127	-0.01	0.176	0.198
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Right Tilted	23790	710	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.02	0.127	0.150
06	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Cheek	23790	710	23.98	24.50	1.127	0.1	0.198	0.223
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Cheek	23790	710	22.77	23.50	1.183	-0.03	0.163	0.193
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Tilted	23790	710	23.98	24.50	1.127	0.15	0.175	0.197
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Left Tilted	23790	710	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.09	0.143	0.169
07	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	24.17	24.50	1.079	-0.17	0.28	0.302
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	0.02	0.215	0.245
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	24.17	24.50	1.079	0.04	0.219	0.236
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	-0.05	0.167	0.190
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	24.17	24.50	1.079	0.03	0.279	0.301
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	-0.18	0.212	0.241
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	24.17	24.50	1.079	-0.03	0.255	0.275
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	0.06	0.195	0.222
08	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	23.55	23.60	1.012	0.07	0.178	0.180
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.27	22.60	1.079	-0.17	0.143	0.154
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	23.55	23.60	1.012	-0.07	0.072	0.073
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.27	22.60	1.079	0	0.057	0.061
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	23.55	23.60	1.012	0.15	0.098	0.099
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.27	22.60	1.079	0.16	0.077	0.083
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	23.55	23.60	1.012	-0.09	0.054	0.055
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.27	22.60	1.079	0.08	0.043	0.046
09	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	18700	1860	22.69	23.00	1.074	0.09	0.144	0.155
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	18700	1860	21.52	22.00	1.117	0.07	0.11	0.123
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	18700	1860	22.69	23.00	1.074	0.05	0.05	0.054
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	18700	1860	21.52	22.00	1.117	-0.08	0.038	0.042
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	18700	1860	22.69	23.00	1.074	0.07	0.076	0.082
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	18700	1860	21.52	22.00	1.117	-0.03	0.059	0.066
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	18700	1860	22.69	23.00	1.074	-0.09	0.06	0.064
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	18700	1860	21.52	22.00	1.117	-0.18	0.046	0.051

**<WLAN 2.4GHz SAR>**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Area Scan Max. SAR (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	6	2437	15.87	16.00	1.030	97.63	1.024	0.074			
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	6	2437	15.87	16.00	1.030	97.63	1.024	0.096			
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	6	2437	15.87	16.00	1.030	97.63	1.024	0.193			
10	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	6	2437	15.87	16.00	1.030	97.63	1.024	0.247	0.05	0.172	0.181

<WLAN 5GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Area Scan Max. SAR (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a 6M	Right Cheek	36	5180	13.21	13.50	1.069	87.04	1.149	0.575			
	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a 6M	Right Tilted	36	5180	13.21	13.50	1.069	87.04	1.149	0.639			
	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a 6M	Left Cheek	36	5180	13.21	13.50	1.069	87.04	1.149	0.643	-0.07	0.243	0.298
11	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a 6M	Left Tilted	36	5180	13.21	13.50	1.069	87.04	1.149	0.722	-0.11	0.271	0.333
12	WLAN 5.8GHz	802.11a 6M	Right Cheek	149	5745	13.39	13.50	1.026	87.04	1.149	1.01	-0.08	0.189	0.223
	WLAN 5.8GHz	802.11a 6M	Right Tilted	149	5745	13.39	13.50	1.026	87.04	1.149	0.65			
	WLAN 5.8GHz	802.11a 6M	Left Cheek	149	5745	13.39	13.50	1.026	87.04	1.149	0.789	0.05	0.154	0.181
	WLAN 5.8GHz	802.11a 6M	Left Tilted	149	5745	13.39	13.50	1.026	87.04	1.149	0.763			

15.2 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Front	10mm	128	824.2	29.56	30.50	1.242	-0.03	0.412	0.512
13	GSM850	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10mm	128	824.2	29.56	30.50	1.242	-0.06	0.56	0.695
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	10mm	810	1909.8	26.04	26.50	1.112	-0.05	0.666	0.740
14	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	810	1909.8	26.04	26.50	1.112	-0.01	1.060	1.178
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	512	1850.2	25.79	26.50	1.178	0.05	0.932	1.098
	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	10mm	661	1880	25.66	26.50	1.213	0.08	0.952	1.155

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	4233	846.6	23.46	24.00	1.132	-0.02	0.288	0.326
15	WCDMA Band V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	4233	846.6	23.46	24.00	1.132	0.01	0.352	0.399
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	1312	1712.4	23.02	23.20	1.042	-0.08	0.745	0.777
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1312	1712.4	23.02	23.20	1.042	0.02	1.03	1.074
16	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1413	1732.6	22.92	23.20	1.067	0	1.11	1.184
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	1513	1752.6	22.97	23.20	1.054	0.02	0.929	0.980
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	10mm	9538	1907.6	22.91	23.00	1.021	-0.08	0.741	0.757
17	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9538	1907.6	22.91	23.00	1.021	-0.02	1.13	1.154
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9262	1852.4	22.78	23.00	1.052	0.08	1	1.052
	WCDMA Band II	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9400	1880	22.86	23.00	1.033	-0.1	1	1.033



<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10mm	23790	710	23.98	24.50	1.127	-0.03	0.192	0.216
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Front	10mm	23790	710	22.77	23.50	1.183	0	0.15	0.177
18	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10mm	23790	710	23.98	24.50	1.127	-0.02	0.27	0.304
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25	12	Back	10mm	23790	710	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.02	0.215	0.254
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	24.17	24.50	1.079	0.09	0.284	0.306
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10mm	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	-0.02	0.231	0.263
19	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	24.17	24.50	1.079	-0.12	0.423	0.456
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10mm	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	-0.04	0.333	0.379
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	20175	1732.5	23.55	23.60	1.012	-0.05	0.79	0.799
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.27	22.60	1.079	-0.01	0.606	0.654
20	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	23.55	23.60	1.012	0.15	1.18	1.194
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.27	22.60	1.079	0.07	0.953	1.028
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	22.17	22.60	1.104	0.12	0.953	1.052
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10mm	18700	1860	22.69	23.00	1.074	-0.07	0.605	0.650
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10mm	18700	1860	21.52	22.00	1.117	-0.05	0.498	0.556
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	18700	1860	22.69	23.00	1.074	0.05	1.01	1.085
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	18900	1880	22.63	23.00	1.089	-0.1	0.979	1.066
21	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10mm	19100	1900	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.06	1.04	1.183
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	18700	1860	21.52	22.00	1.117	-0.03	0.794	0.887
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	18900	1880	21.48	22.00	1.127	0.02	0.775	0.874
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10mm	19100	1900	21.50	22.00	1.122	0.01	0.845	0.948
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10mm	18700	1860	21.47	22.00	1.130	-0.1	0.793	0.896

<WLAN2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Area Scan Max. SAR (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10mm	6	2437	15.87	16.00	1.030	97.63	1.024	0.038			
22	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10mm	6	2437	15.87	16.00	1.030	97.63	1.024	0.371	0.07	0.244	0.257

<WLAN5GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Area Scan Max. SAR (W/kg)	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a 6M	Front	10mm	36	5180	13.21	13.50	1.069	87.04	1.149	0.145			
23	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a 6M	Back	10mm	36	5180	13.21	13.50	1.069	87.04	1.149	0.199	-0.1	0.088	0.108
	WLAN 5.8GHz	802.11a 6M	Front	10mm	149	5745	13.39	13.50	1.026	87.04	1.149	0.156			
24	WLAN 5.8GHz	802.11a 6M	Back	10mm	149	5745	13.39	13.50	1.026	87.04	1.149	0.271	-0.05	0.103	0.121

15.3 Extremity SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up P Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Front	0mm	128	824.2	29.56	30.50	1.242	0.05	0.887	1.101
25	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	128	824.2	29.56	30.50	1.242	0.14	1.53	1.900
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Left Side	0mm	128	824.2	29.56	30.50	1.242	0.04	0.581	0.721
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Right Side	0mm	128	824.2	29.56	30.50	1.242	-0.06	0.473	0.587
	GSM850	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	128	824.2	29.56	30.50	1.242	-0.08	1.38	1.713
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Front	0mm	810	1909.8	26.04	26.50	1.112	0.1	3	3.335
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Front	0mm	512	1850.2	25.79	26.50	1.178	0.09	2.67	3.144
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Front	0mm	661	1880	25.66	26.50	1.213	-0.09	2.84	3.446
26	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	810	1909.8	26.04	26.50	1.112	-0.19	3.41	3.791
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	512	1850.2	25.79	26.50	1.178	0.04	2.54	2.991
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Back	0mm	661	1880	25.66	26.50	1.213	-0.06	2.88	3.495
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Left Side	0mm	810	1909.8	26.04	26.50	1.112	-0.08	0.369	0.410
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Right Side	0mm	810	1909.8	26.04	26.50	1.112	-0.09	0.404	0.449
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	810	1909.8	26.04	26.50	1.112	-0.07	1.89	2.101
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	512	1850.2	25.79	26.50	1.178	0.04	1.65	1.943
	GSM1900	GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0mm	661	1880	25.66	26.50	1.213	-0.05	1.75	2.123

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Front	0mm	4233	846.6	23.46	24.00	1.132	-0.07	0.45	0.510
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	4233	846.6	23.46	24.00	1.132	0.04	1.2	1.359
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Left Side	0mm	4233	846.6	23.46	24.00	1.132	-0.06	0.394	0.446
	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Right Side	0mm	4233	846.6	23.46	24.00	1.132	-0.08	0.245	0.277
27	WCDMA V	RMC12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	4233	846.6	23.46	24.00	1.132	0.04	1.36	1.540
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0mm	1312	1712.4	23.02	23.20	1.042	-0.06	2.77	2.887
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0mm	1413	1732.6	22.92	23.20	1.067	-0.08	2.87	3.061
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0mm	1513	1752.6	22.97	23.20	1.054	-0.09	2.94	3.100
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	1312	1712.4	23.02	23.20	1.042	-0.07	2.85	2.971
28	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	1413	1732.6	22.92	23.20	1.067	-0.01	3.2	3.413
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	1513	1752.6	22.97	23.20	1.054	-0.05	3.19	3.363
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	0mm	1312	1712.4	23.02	23.20	1.042	-0.09	0.398	0.415
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	0mm	1312	1712.4	23.02	23.20	1.042	-0.07	0.318	0.331
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	1312	1712.4	23.02	23.20	1.042	0.04	2.13	2.220
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	1413	1732.6	22.92	23.20	1.067	-0.06	2.22	2.368
	WCDMA IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	1513	1752.6	22.97	23.20	1.054	-0.08	2.29	2.415
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0mm	9538	1907.6	22.91	23.00	1.021	0.015	2.89	2.951
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.78	23.00	1.052	-0.01	2.04	2.146
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	0mm	9400	1880	22.86	23.00	1.033	0.12	2.31	2.386
29	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	9538	1907.6	22.91	23.00	1.021	0.15	3.52	3.594
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.78	23.00	1.052	0.14	2.63	2.767
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	9400	1880	22.86	23.00	1.033	-0.02	3.08	3.181
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	0mm	9538	1907.6	22.91	23.00	1.021	-0.18	0.396	0.404
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	0mm	9538	1907.6	22.91	23.00	1.021	-0.15	0.434	0.443
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	9538	1907.6	22.91	23.00	1.021	-0.11	2.01	2.052
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	9262	1852.4	22.78	23.00	1.052	-0.13	2.01	2.114
	WCDMA II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0mm	9400	1880	22.86	23.00	1.033	-0.1	1.99	2.055



<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1RB	25Offset	Front	0mm	23790	710	23.98	24.50	1.127	-0.18	0.265	0.299
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25RB	12Offset	Front	0mm	23790	710	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.04	0.2	0.237
30	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1RB	25Offset	Back	0mm	23790	710	23.98	24.50	1.127	-0.01	0.454	0.512
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25RB	12Offset	Back	0mm	23790	710	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.045	0.381	0.451
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1RB	25Offset	Left Side	0mm	23790	710	23.98	24.50	1.127	-0.11	0.232	0.262
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25RB	12Offset	Left Side	0mm	23790	710	22.77	23.50	1.183	-0.03	0.117	0.138
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1RB	25Offset	Right Side	0mm	23790	710	23.98	24.50	1.127	-0.05	0.26	0.293
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25RB	12Offset	Right Side	0mm	23790	710	22.77	23.50	1.183	-0.03	0.167	0.198
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	1RB	25Offset	Bottom Side	0mm	23790	710	23.98	24.50	1.127	-0.06	0.215	0.242
	LTE Band 17	10M	QPSK	25RB	12Offset	Bottom Side	0mm	23790	710	22.77	23.50	1.183	0.03	0.207	0.245
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1RB	25Offset	Front	0mm	20525	836.5	24.17	24.50	1.079	0.04	0.534	0.576
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25RB	0Offset	Front	0mm	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	0.04	0.387	0.440
31	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1RB	25Offset	Back	0mm	20525	836.5	24.17	24.50	1.079	-0.12	1.24	1.338
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25RB	0Offset	Back	0mm	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	0.05	1.06	1.206
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1RB	25Offset	Left Side	0mm	20525	836.5	24.17	24.50	1.079	-0.09	0.527	0.569
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25RB	0Offset	Left Side	0mm	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	-0.01	0.314	0.357
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1RB	25Offset	Right Side	0mm	20525	836.5	24.17	24.50	1.079	-0.07	0.322	0.347
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25RB	0Offset	Right Side	0mm	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	0.05	0.216	0.246
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1RB	25Offset	Bottom Side	0mm	20525	836.5	24.17	24.50	1.079	-0.09	1.14	1.230
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25RB	0Offset	Bottom Side	0mm	20525	836.5	22.94	23.50	1.138	-0.05	0.844	0.960
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Front	0mm	20175	1732.5	23.55	23.60	1.012	0.16	3.06	3.095
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	24Offset	Front	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.27	22.60	1.079	-0.05	2.45	2.643
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100RB	0Offset	Front	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.17	22.60	1.104	-0.15	2.38	2.628
32	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Back	0mm	20175	1732.5	23.55	23.60	1.012	-0.1	3.59	3.632
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	24Offset	Back	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.27	22.60	1.079	0.12	2.84	3.064
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100RB	0Offset	Back	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.17	22.60	1.104	-0.02	2.8	3.091
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Left Side	0mm	20175	1732.5	23.55	23.60	1.012	-0.18	0.412	0.417
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	24Offset	Left Side	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.27	22.60	1.079	-0.01	0.33	0.356
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Right Side	0mm	20175	1732.5	23.55	23.60	1.012	-0.15	0.325	0.329
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	24Offset	Right Side	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.27	22.60	1.079	-0.03	0.251	0.271
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Bottom Side	0mm	20175	1732.5	23.55	23.60	1.012	0.12	2.27	2.296
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50RB	24Offset	Bottom Side	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.27	22.60	1.079	0.06	1.8	1.942
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100RB	0Offset	Bottom Side	0mm	20175	1732.5	22.17	22.60	1.104	0.08	1.75	1.932
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Front	0mm	18700	1860	22.69	23.00	1.074	-0.02	2.7	2.900
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Front	0mm	18900	1880	22.63	23.00	1.089	-0.18	2.69	2.929
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Front	0mm	19100	1900	22.44	23.00	1.138	-0.15	2.78	3.163
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Front	0mm	18700	1860	21.52	22.00	1.117	0.12	2.09	2.334
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Front	0mm	18900	1880	21.48	22.00	1.127	0.16	2.12	2.390
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Front	0mm	19100	1900	21.50	22.00	1.122	0.14	2.26	2.536
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100RB	0Offset	Front	0mm	18700	1900	21.47	22.00	1.130	-0.02	2.04	2.305
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Back	0mm	18700	1860	22.69	23.00	1.074	-0.18	3.05	3.276
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Back	0mm	18900	1880	22.63	23.00	1.089	-0.15	3.1	3.376
33	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Back	0mm	19100	1900	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.03	3.3	3.754
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Back	0mm	18700	1860	21.52	22.00	1.117	0.12	2.43	2.714
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Back	0mm	18900	1880	21.48	22.00	1.127	0.16	2.54	2.863



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	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Back	0mm	19100	1900	21.50	22.00	1.122	0.14	2.69	3.018
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100RB	0Offset	Back	0mm	18700	1900	21.47	22.00	1.130	0.05	2.46	2.779
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Left Side	0mm	18700	1860	22.69	23.00	1.074	0.02	0.359	0.386
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Left Side	0mm	18700	1860	21.52	22.00	1.117	0.02	0.298	0.333
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Right Side	0mm	18700	1860	22.69	23.00	1.074	-0.08	0.361	0.388
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Right Side	0mm	18700	1860	21.52	22.00	1.117	-0.08	0.288	0.322
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Bottom Side	0mm	18700	1860	22.69	23.00	1.074	0.14	1.95	2.094
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Bottom Side	0mm	18900	1880	22.63	23.00	1.089	0.05	1.89	2.058
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1RB	49Offset	Bottom Side	0mm	19100	1900	22.44	23.00	1.138	0.02	2.02	2.298
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50RB	0Offset	Bottom Side	0mm	18700	1860	21.52	22.00	1.117	-0.06	1.56	1.742
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100RB	0Offset	Bottom Side	0mm	18700	1860	21.47	22.00	1.130	0.04	1.45	1.638

**< WLAN2.4GHz SAR >**

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b1Mbps	Front	0mm	6	2437	15.87	16.00	1.030	97.63	1.024	0.03	0.115	0.121
34	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b1Mbps	Back	0mm	6	2437	15.87	16.00	1.030	97.63	1.024	-0.05	0.906	0.956
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b1Mbps	Left Side	0mm	6	2437	15.87	16.00	1.030	97.63	1.024	0.09	0.00553	0.006
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b1Mbps	Right Side	0mm	6	2437	15.87	16.00	1.030	97.63	1.024	0.15	0.049	0.052
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b1Mbps	Top Side	0mm	6	2437	15.87	16.00	1.030	97.63	1.024	-0.02	0.287	0.303

< WLAN5GHz SAR >

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a6Mbps	Front	0mm	36	5180	13.21	13.50	1.069	87.04	1.149	0.05	0.112	0.138
35	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a6Mbps	Back	0mm	36	5180	13.21	13.50	1.069	87.04	1.149	0.07	0.247	0.303
	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a6Mbps	Left Side	0mm	36	5180	13.21	13.50	1.069	87.04	1.149	-0.12	0.00445	0.005
	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	36	5180	13.21	13.50	1.069	87.04	1.149	0.02	0.024	0.029
	WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	36	5180	13.21	13.50	1.069	87.04	1.149	0.19	0.145	0.178
	WLAN 5.8GHz	802.11a6Mbps	Front	0mm	149	5745	13.39	13.50	1.026	87.04	1.149	0.09	0.079	0.093
36	WLAN 5.8GHz	802.11a6Mbps	Back	0mm	149	5745	13.39	13.50	1.026	87.04	1.149	0.01	0.29	0.342
	WLAN 5.8GHz	802.11a6Mbps	Left Side	0mm	149	5745	13.39	13.50	1.026	87.04	1.149	0.15	0.00181	0.002
	WLAN 5.8GHz	802.11a6Mbps	Right Side	0mm	149	5745	13.39	13.50	1.026	87.04	1.149	-0.08	0.054	0.064
	WLAN 5.8GHz	802.11a6Mbps	Top Side	0mm	149	5745	13.39	13.50	1.026	87.04	1.149	0.05	0.126	0.148

15.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA II	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9538	1907.6	22.91	23.00	1.021	-0.02	1.13	1	1.154
2nd	WCDMA II	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10mm	9538	1907.6	22.91	23.00	1.021	-0.01	0.942	1.200	0.962
1st	LTE Band 4	20M	1	49	QPSK	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	23.55	23.60	1.012	0.15	1.18	1	1.194
2nd	LTE Band 4	20M	1	49	QPSK	Back	10mm	20175	1732.5	23.55	23.60	1.012	0.14	1.02	1.157	1.032

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	RB Size	RB offset	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA II	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	9538	1907.6	22.91	23.00	1.021	0.15	3.52	1	3.594
2nd	WCDMA II	-	-	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	0mm	9538	1907.6	22.91	23.00	1.021	0.1	3.45	1.020	3.522
1st	LTE Band 4	20M	1	49	QPSK	Back	0mm	20175	1732.5	23.55	23.60	1.012	-0.1	3.59	1	3.632
2nd	LTE Band 4	20M	1	49	QPSK	Back	0mm	20175	1732.5	23.55	23.60	1.012	-0.05	3.52	1.020	3.561

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR < 1.45 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the extremity repeated SAR is necessary, the same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.
4. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
5. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset		Note
		Head	Body-worn	
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth		Yes	
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth		Yes	WWAN VoIP
7.	WCDMA+ Bluetooth		Yes	WWAN VoIP
8.	LTE + Bluetooth		Yes	WWAN VoIP
9.	GSM Voice + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	
10.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	WWAN VoIP
11.	WCDMA + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	WWAN VoIP
12.	LTE + WLAN5GHz	Yes	Yes	WWAN VoIP

General Note:

- This device supported VoIP in GPRS/EGPRS, WCDMA, LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
- This device has no Hotspot operation at 2.4GHz WLAN and 5.2GHz / 5.8GHz.
- WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- EUT will choose either WLAN 2.4GHz or WLAN 5GHz according to the network signal condition; therefore, 2.4GHz WLAN and 5GHz WLAN will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- WLAN 5GHz SAR chose the worse SAR for co-located with WWAN analysis conservatively .
- The Reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - $SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$, where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, 1g SAR simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - If $SPLSR \leq 0.10$, 10g SAR simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg for 1g SAR.
 - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg for 10g SAR.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
 - $(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x] \text{ W/kg}$ for test separation distances $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$; where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.
 - When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth Max Power	Exposure Position	Body worn SAR
	Test separation	10 mm
8.5 dBm	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	0.147 W/kg

Bluetooth Max Power	Exposure Position	Extremity SAR
	Test separation	0 mm
8.5 dBm	Estimated 10g SAR (W/kg)	0.118 W/kg



16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN				
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)				
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.461	0.181	0.333	0.64	0.79		
		Right Tilted	0.332	0.181	0.333	0.51	0.67		
		Left Cheek	0.433	0.181	0.333	0.61	0.77		
		Left Tilted	0.230	0.181	0.333	0.41	0.56		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.157	0.181	0.333	0.34	0.49		
		Right Tilted	0.081	0.181	0.333	0.26	0.41		
		Left Cheek	0.097	0.181	0.333	0.28	0.43		
		Left Tilted	0.064	0.181	0.333	0.25	0.40		
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Right Cheek	0.249	0.181	0.333	0.43	0.58		
		Right Tilted	0.245	0.181	0.333	0.43	0.58		
		Left Cheek	0.239	0.181	0.333	0.420	0.57		
		Left Tilted	0.205	0.181	0.333	0.386	0.54		
	WCDMA IV	Right Cheek	0.189	0.181	0.333	0.37	0.52		
		Right Tilted	0.092	0.181	0.333	0.27	0.43		
		Left Cheek	0.107	0.181	0.333	0.29	0.44		
		Left Tilted	0.078	0.181	0.333	0.26	0.41		
	WCDMA II	Right Cheek	0.161	0.181	0.333	0.34	0.49		
		Right Tilted	0.084	0.181	0.333	0.27	0.42		
		Left Cheek	0.088	0.181	0.333	0.27	0.42		
		Left Tilted	0.063	0.181	0.333	0.24	0.40		
LTE	LTE Band 17	Right Cheek	0.197	0.181	0.333	0.38	0.53		
		Right Tilted	0.198	0.181	0.333	0.38	0.53		
		Left Cheek	0.223	0.181	0.333	0.40	0.56		
		Left Tilted	0.197	0.181	0.333	0.38	0.53		
	LTE Band 5	Right Cheek	0.302	0.181	0.333	0.48	0.64		
		Right Tilted	0.236	0.181	0.333	0.42	0.57		
		Left Cheek	0.301	0.181	0.333	0.48	0.63		
		Left Tilted	0.275	0.181	0.333	0.46	0.61		
	LTE Band 4	Right Cheek	0.180	0.181	0.333	0.36	0.51		
		Right Tilted	0.073	0.181	0.333	0.25	0.41		
		Left Cheek	0.099	0.181	0.333	0.28	0.43		
		Left Tilted	0.055	0.181	0.333	0.24	0.39		
	LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	0.155	0.181	0.333	0.34	0.49		
		Right Tilted	0.054	0.181	0.333	0.24	0.39		
		Left Cheek	0.082	0.181	0.333	0.26	0.42		
		Left Tilted	0.064	0.181	0.333	0.25	0.40		

16.2 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	3	4	1+2 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+3 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	1+4 Summed 1g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	5GHz WLAN	Bluetooth					
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)					
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.512	0.257	0.121	0.147	0.77	0.63	0.66		
		Back	0.695	0.257	0.121	0.147	0.95	0.82	0.84		
	GSM1900	Front	0.740	0.257	0.121	0.147	1.00	0.86	0.89		
		Back	1.178	0.257	0.121	0.147	1.44	1.30	1.33		
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Front	0.326	0.257	0.121	0.147	0.58	0.45	0.47		
		Back	0.399	0.257	0.121	0.147	0.66	0.52	0.55		
	WCDMA II	Front	0.757	0.257	0.121	0.147	1.01	0.88	0.90		
		Back	1.154	0.257	0.121	0.147	1.41	1.28	1.30		
	WCDMA IV	Front	0.777	0.257	0.121	0.147	1.03	0.90	0.92		
		Back	1.184	0.257	0.121	0.147	1.44	1.31	1.33		
LTE	LTE Band 17	Front	0.216	0.257	0.121	0.147	0.47	0.34	0.36		
		Back	0.304	0.257	0.121	0.147	0.56	0.43	0.45		
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.306	0.257	0.121	0.147	0.56	0.43	0.45		
		Back	0.456	0.257	0.121	0.147	0.71	0.58	0.60		
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.799	0.257	0.121	0.147	1.06	0.92	0.95		
		Back	1.194	0.257	0.121	0.147	1.45	1.32	1.34		
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.650	0.257	0.121	0.147	0.91	0.77	0.80		
		Back	1.183	0.257	0.121	0.147	1.44	1.30	1.33		



16.3 Extremity Exposure Conditions

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	1+2 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN			
			10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	1.101	0.121	1.22		
		Back	1.900	0.956	2.86		
		Left side	0.721	0.006	0.73		
		Right side	0.587	0.052	0.64		
		Top side		0.303	0.30		
		Bottom side	1.713		1.71		
	GSM1900	Front	3.446	0.121	3.57		
		Back	3.791	0.956	4.75	0.07	1
		Left side	0.410	0.006	0.42		
		Right side	0.449	0.052	0.50		
		Top side		0.303	0.30		
		Bottom side	2.123		2.12		
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Front	0.510	0.121	0.63		
		Back	1.359	0.956	2.32		
		Left side	0.446	0.006	0.45		
		Right side	0.277	0.052	0.33		
		Top side		0.303	0.30		
		Bottom side	1.540		1.54		
	WCDMA IV	Front	3.100	0.121	3.22		
		Back	3.413	0.956	4.37	0.06	2
		Left side	0.415	0.006	0.42		
		Right side	0.331	0.052	0.38		
		Top side		0.303	0.30		
		Bottom side	2.415		2.42		
	WCDMA II	Front	2.951	0.121	3.07		
		Back	3.594	0.956	4.55	0.06	3
		Left side	0.404	0.006	0.41		
		Right side	0.443	0.052	0.50		
		Top side		0.303	0.30		
		Bottom side	2.114		2.11		
LTE	LTE Band 17	Front	0.299	0.121	0.42		
		Back	0.512	0.956	1.47		
		Left side	0.262	0.006	0.27		
		Right side	0.293	0.052	0.35		
		Top side		0.303	0.30		
		Bottom side	0.245		0.25		
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.576	0.121	0.70		

		Back	1.338	0.956	2.29		
		Left side	0.569	0.006	0.58		
		Right side	0.347	0.052	0.40		
		Top side		0.303	0.30		
		Bottom side	1.230		1.23		
	LTE Band 4	Front	3.095	0.121	3.22		
		Back	3.632	0.956	4.59	0.06	4
		Left side	0.417	0.006	0.42		
		Right side	0.329	0.052	0.38		
		Top side		0.303	0.30		
		Bottom side	2.296		2.30		
	LTE Band 2	Front	3.163	0.121	3.28		
		Back	3.754	0.956	4.71	0.07	5
		Left side	0.386	0.006	0.39		
		Right side	0.388	0.052	0.44		
		Top side		0.303	0.30		
		Bottom side	2.298		2.30		



WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	1+2 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			WWAN	5GHz WLAN			
			10g SAR (W/kg)	10g SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	1.101	0.138	1.24		
		Back	1.900	0.342	2.24		
		Left side	0.721	0.005	0.73		
		Right side	0.587	0.064	0.65		
		Top side		0.178	0.18		
		Bottom side	1.713		1.71		
	GSM1900	Front	3.446	0.138	3.58		
		Back	3.791	0.342	4.13	0.05	6
		Left side	0.410	0.005	0.42		
		Right side	0.449	0.064	0.51		
		Top side		0.178	0.18		
		Bottom side	2.123		2.12		
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Front	0.510	0.138	0.65		
		Back	1.359	0.342	1.70		
		Left side	0.446	0.005	0.45		
		Right side	0.277	0.064	0.34		
		Top side		0.178	0.18		
		Bottom side	1.540		1.54		
	WCDMA IV	Front	3.100	0.138	3.24		
		Back	3.413	0.342	3.76		
		Left side	0.415	0.005	0.42		
		Right side	0.331	0.064	0.40		
		Top side		0.178	0.18		
		Bottom side	2.415		2.42		
	WCDMA II	Front	2.951	0.138	3.09		
		Back	3.594	0.342	3.94		
		Left side	0.404	0.005	0.41		
		Right side	0.443	0.064	0.51		
		Top side		0.178	0.18		
		Bottom side	2.114		2.11		
LTE	LTE Band 17	Front	0.299	0.138	0.44		
		Back	0.512	0.342	0.85		
		Left side	0.262	0.005	0.27		
		Right side	0.293	0.064	0.36		
		Top side		0.178	0.18		
		Bottom side	0.245		0.25		
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.576	0.138	0.71		
		Back	1.338	0.342	1.68		

		Left side	0.569	0.005	0.57		
		Right side	0.347	0.064	0.41		
		Top side		0.178	0.18		
		Bottom side	1.230		1.23		
	LTE Band 4	Front	3.095	0.138	3.23		
		Back	3.632	0.342	3.97		
		Left side	0.417	0.005	0.42		
		Right side	0.329	0.064	0.39		
		Top side		0.178	0.18		
		Bottom side	2.296		2.30		
	LTE Band 2	Front	3.163	0.138	3.30		
		Back	3.754	0.342	4.10	0.05	7
		Left side	0.386	0.005	0.39		
		Right side	0.388	0.064	0.45		
		Top side		0.178	0.18		
		Bottom side	2.298		2.30		



WWAN Band		Exposure Position	1	2	1+2 Summed 10g SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			WWAN	Bluetooth			
			10g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 10g SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	1.101	0.118	1.22		
		Back	1.900	0.118	2.02		
		Left side	0.721	0.118	0.84		
		Right side	0.587	0.118	0.71		
		Top side		0.118	0.12		
		Bottom side	1.713	0.118	1.83		
	GSM1900	Front	3.446	0.118	3.56		
		Back	3.791	0.118	3.91		
		Left side	0.410	0.118	0.53		
		Right side	0.449	0.118	0.57		
		Top side		0.118	0.12		
		Bottom side	2.123	0.118	2.24		
WCDMA	WCDMA V	Front	0.510	0.118	0.63		
		Back	1.359	0.118	1.48		
		Left side	0.446	0.118	0.56		
		Right side	0.277	0.118	0.40		
		Top side		0.118	0.12		
		Bottom side	1.540	0.118	1.66		
	WCDMA IV	Front	3.100	0.118	3.22		
		Back	3.413	0.118	3.53		
		Left side	0.415	0.118	0.53		
		Right side	0.331	0.118	0.45		
		Top side		0.118	0.12		
		Bottom side	2.415	0.118	2.53		
	WCDMA II	Front	2.951	0.118	3.07		
		Back	3.594	0.118	3.71		
		Left side	0.404	0.118	0.52		
		Right side	0.443	0.118	0.56		
		Top side		0.118	0.12		
		Bottom side	2.114	0.118	2.23		
LTE	LTE Band 17	Front	0.299	0.118	0.42		
		Back	0.512	0.118	0.63		
		Left side	0.262	0.118	0.38		
		Right side	0.293	0.118	0.41		
		Top side		0.118	0.12		
		Bottom side	0.245	0.118	0.36		
	LTE Band 5	Front	0.576	0.118	0.69		
		Back	1.338	0.118	1.46		

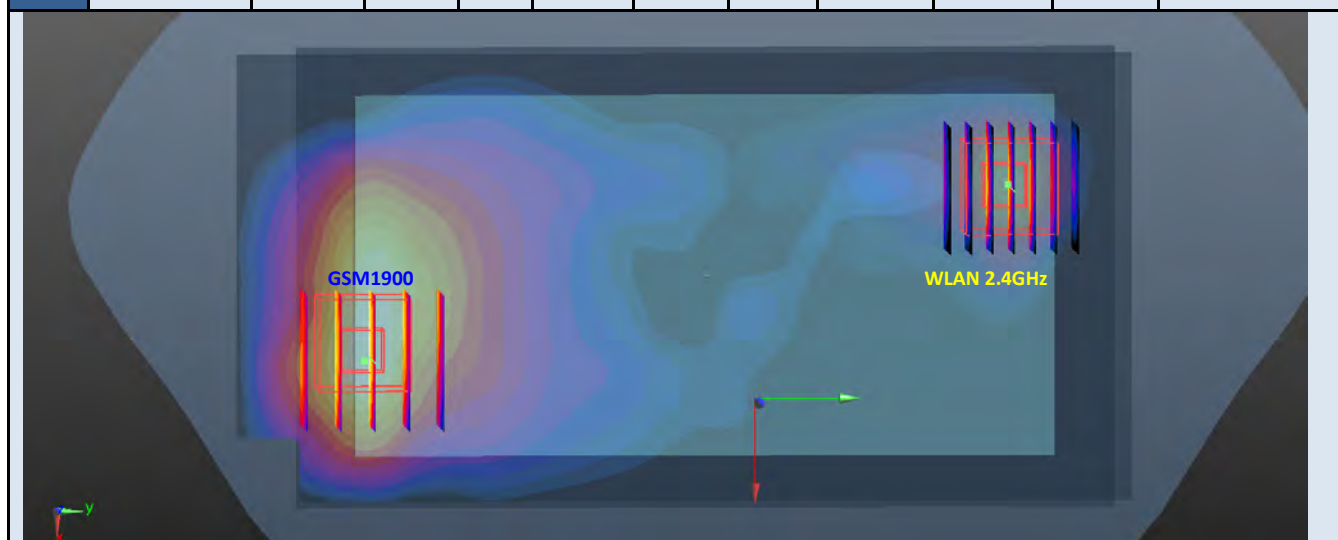
		Left side	0.569	0.118	0.69		
		Right side	0.347	0.118	0.47		
		Top side		0.118	0.12		
		Bottom side	1.230	0.118	1.35		
	LTE Band 4	Front	3.095	0.118	3.21		
		Back	3.632	0.118	3.75		
		Left side	0.417	0.118	0.54		
		Right side	0.329	0.118	0.45		
		Top side		0.118	0.12		
		Bottom side	2.296	0.118	2.41		
	LTE Band 2	Front	3.163	0.118	3.28		
		Back	3.754	0.118	3.87		
		Left side	0.386	0.118	0.50		
		Right side	0.388	0.118	0.51		
		Top side		0.118	0.12		
		Bottom side	2.298	0.118	2.42		

16.4 SPLSR Evaluation and Analysis

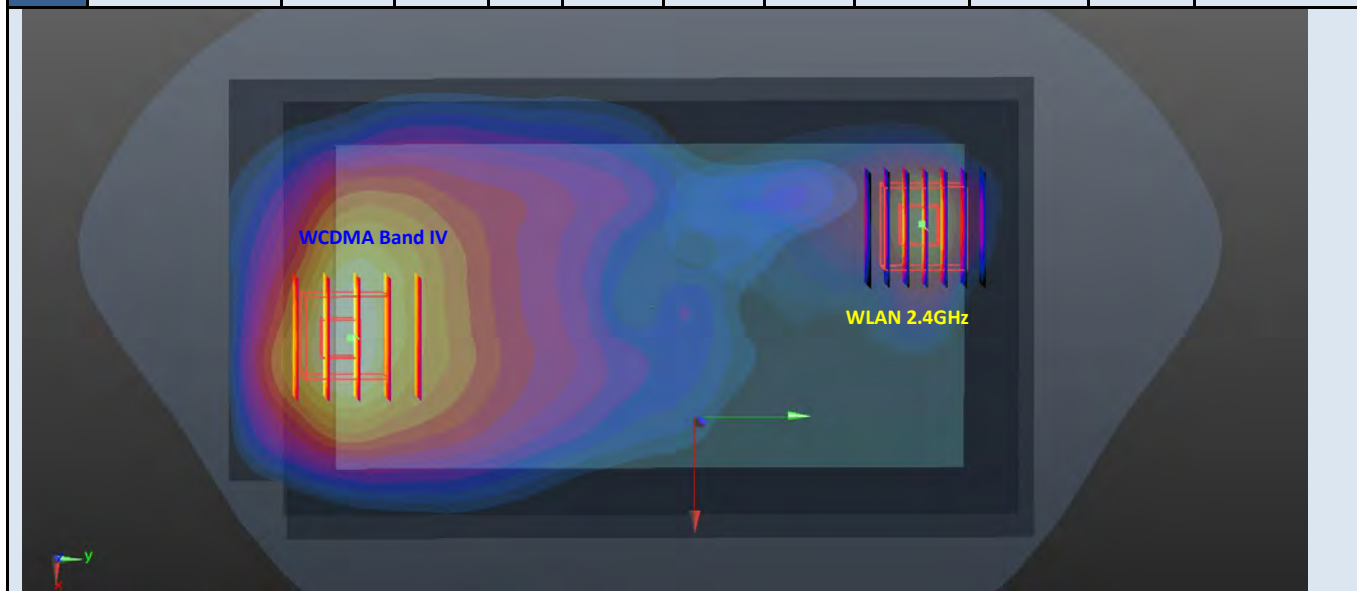
General Note:

1. $SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$. If $SPLSR \leq 0.10$, 10g SAR simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary

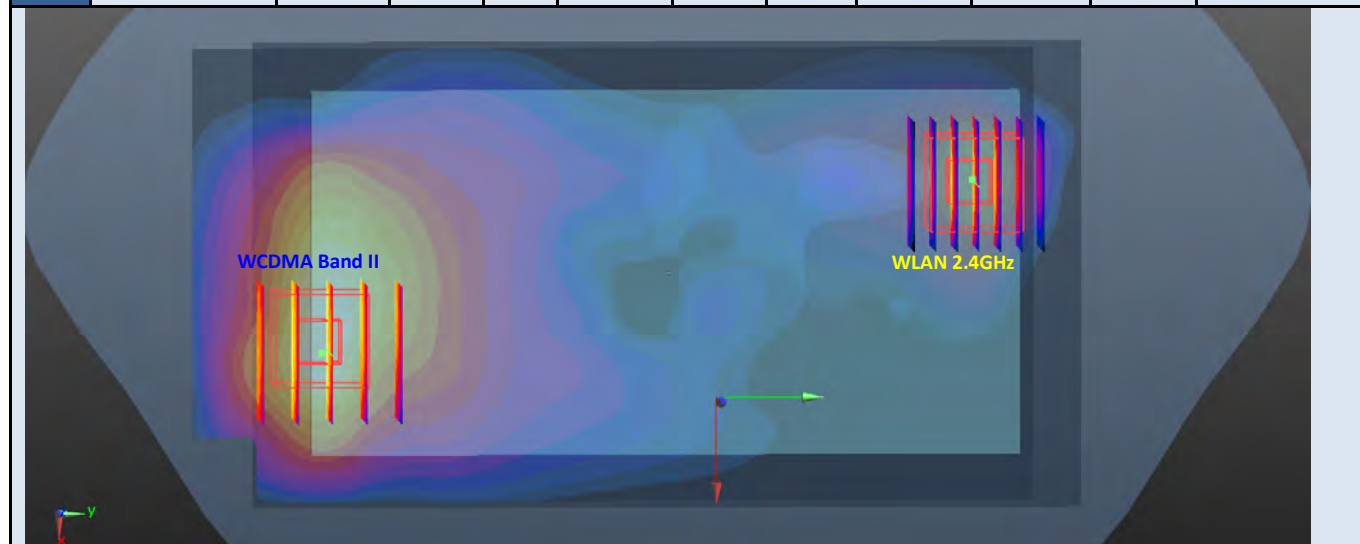
Case 1	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
				(cm)	X	Y	Z				
	GSM1900	Back	3.791	0	0.0015	-0.079	-0.205	155.1	4.75	0.07	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.956	0	-0.0386	0.0708	-0.205				



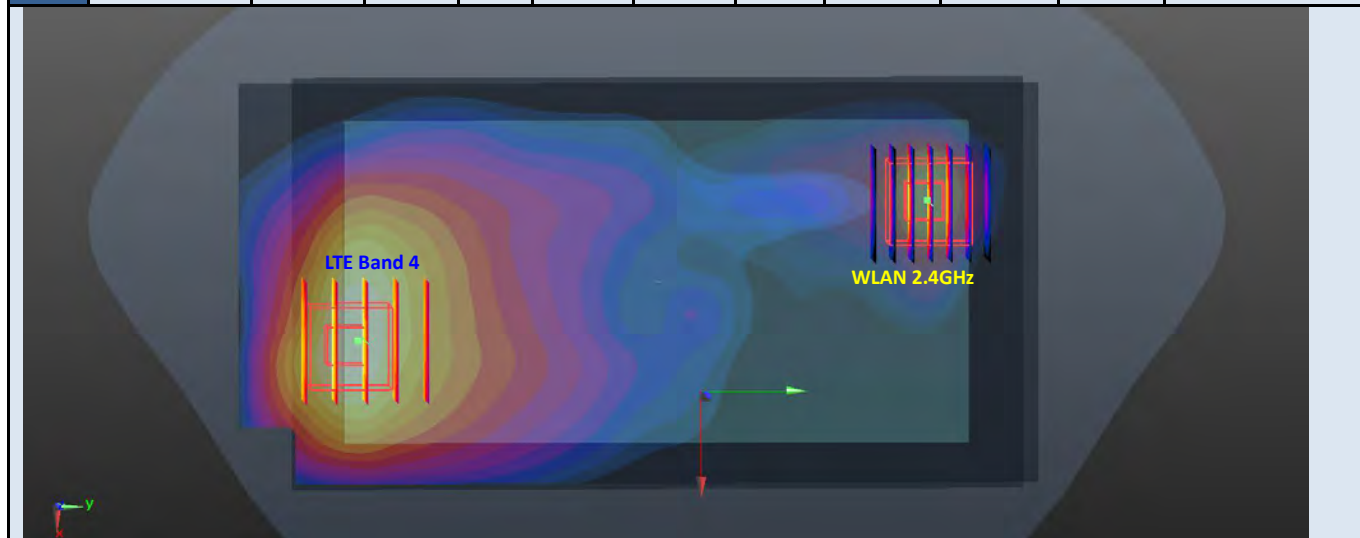
Case 2	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (cm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	WCDMA Band IV	Back	3.413	0	-0.0105	-0.0775	-0.205	150.9	4.37	0.06	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.956	0	-0.0386	0.0708	-0.205				



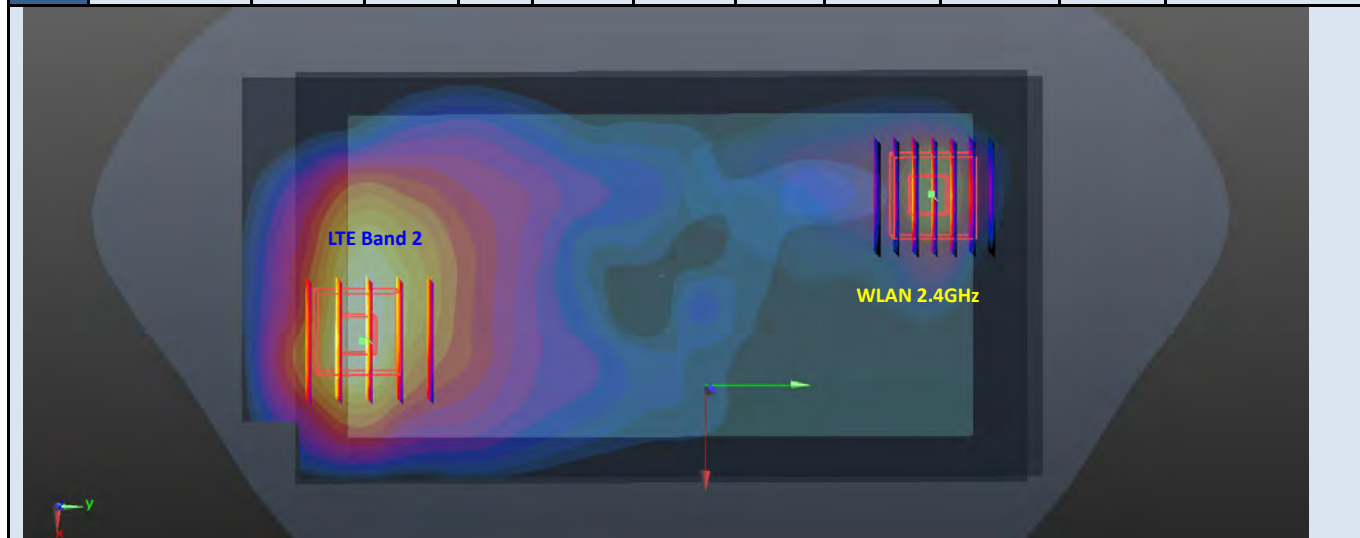
Case 3	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
				(cm)	X	Y	Z				
	WCDMA Band II	Back	3.594	0	8.74E-11	-0.079	-0.205	154.7	4.55	0.06	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.956	0	-0.0386	0.0708	-0.205				



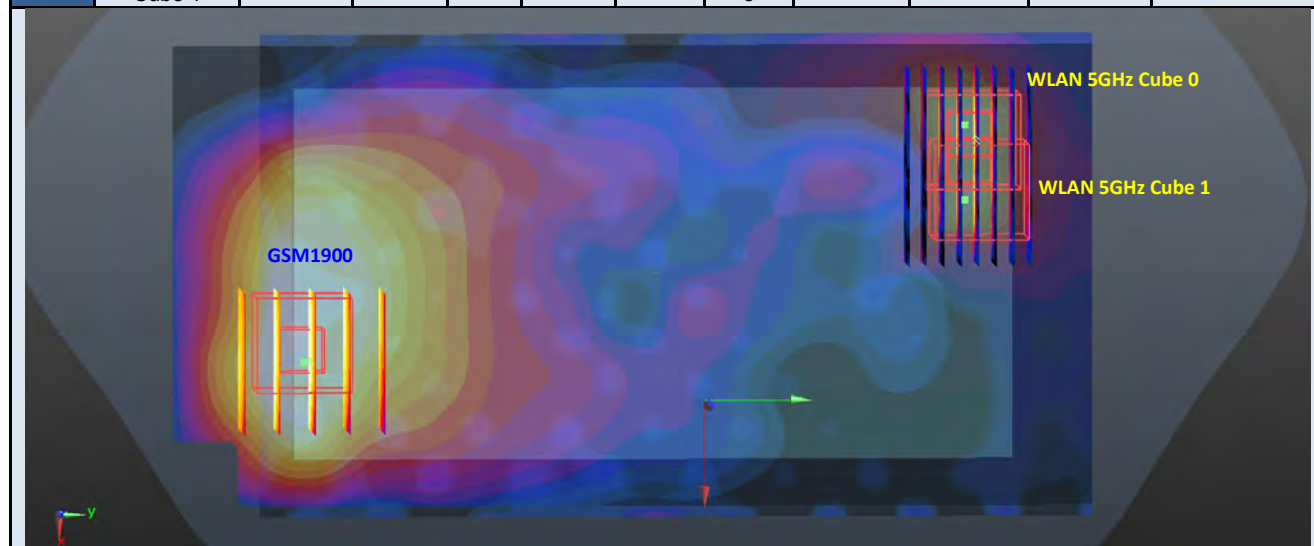
Case 4	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (cm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band4	Back	3.632	0	-0.003	-0.0775	-0.205	152.5	4.59	0.06	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.956	0	-0.0386	0.0708	-0.205				



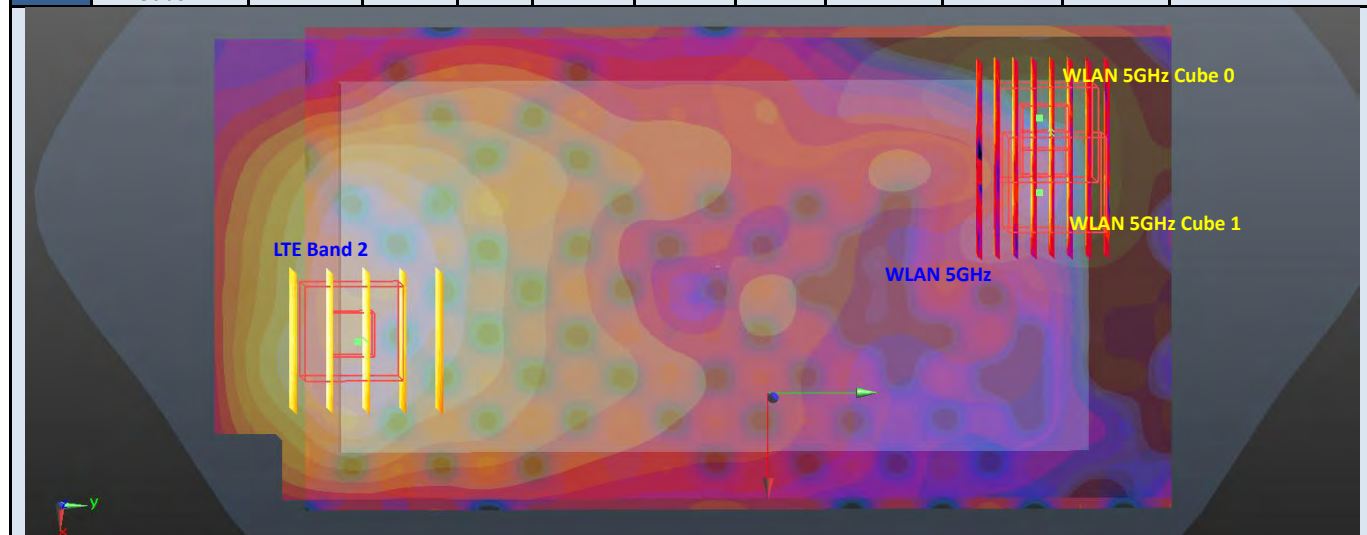
Case 5	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap (cm)	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
					X	Y	Z				
	LTE Band2	Back	3.754	0	-0.0015	-0.0775	-0.205	152.9	4.71	0.07	Not required
	WLAN2.4GHz		0.956	0	-0.0386	0.0708	-0.205				



Case 6	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
				(cm)	X	Y	Z				
	GSM1900	Back	3.791	0	0.0015	-0.079	-0.205	160.2	4.13	0.05	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 0		0.342	0	-0.049	0.073	-0.205				
	GSM1900	Back	3.791	0	0.0015	-0.079	-0.205	159.9	4.05	0.05	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 1		0.259	0	-0.048	0.073	-0.205				



	Band	Position	SAR (W/kg)	Gap	SAR peak location (m)			3D distance (mm)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR Results	Simultaneous SAR
				(cm)	X	Y	Z				
Case 7	LTE Band2	Back	3.754	0	-0.0015	-0.0775	-0.205	157.8	4.10	0.05	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 0		0.342	0	-0.049	0.073	-0.205				
	LTE Band2	Back	3.754	0	-0.0015	-0.0775	-0.205	157.5	4.01	0.05	Not required
	WLAN5GHz Cube 1		0.259	0	-0.048	0.073	-0.205				



Test Engineer : Frank Qiao

17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/ κ ^(b)	1/ $\sqrt{3}$	1/ $\sqrt{6}$	1/ $\sqrt{2}$

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 17.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty						11.4%	11.4%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						22.9%	22.7%

Table 17.2 Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	6.7	R	1.732	1	1	3.9	3.9
Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.3	2.3
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.6	R	1.732	1	1	3.8	3.8
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty						12.5%	12.5%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						25.0%	24.9%

Table 17.3 Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

18. References

- [1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r04, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Oct 2015
- [10] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.



Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Head_750MHz_151028**DUT: D750V2 - SN:1065**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_750_151028 Medium parameters used: $f = 750$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.901$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.796$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.93, 10.93, 10.93); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.56 W/kg

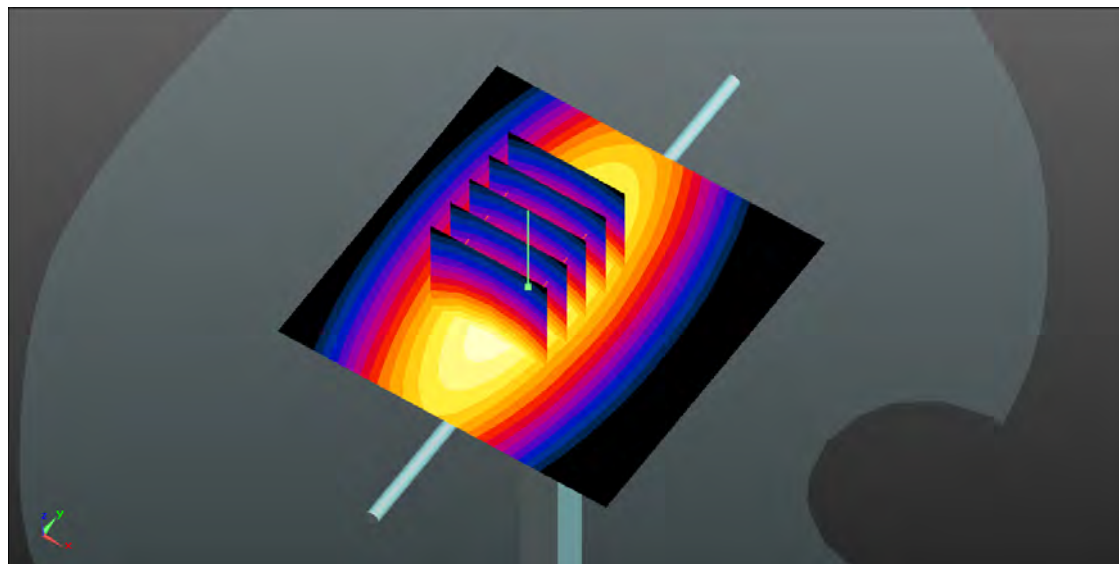
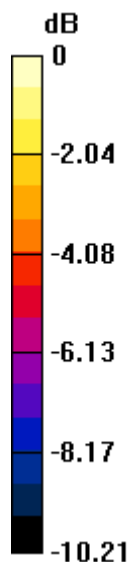
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.96 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.32 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.52 W/kg



0 dB = 2.52 W/kg = 4.01 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_835MHz_151028**DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_850_151028 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.927$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.904$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.19 W/kg

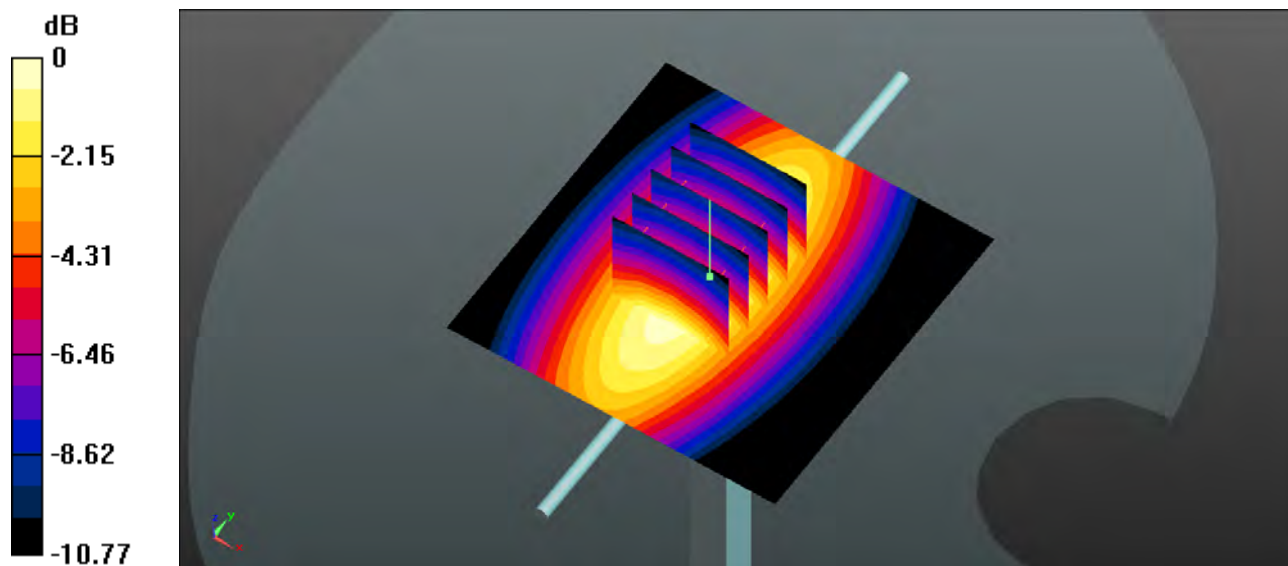
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.72 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.82 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.25 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.21 W/kg



0 dB = 3.21 W/kg = 5.07 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1750MHz_151104**DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1069**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750_151104 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.398$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(8.35, 8.35, 8.35); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.2 W/kg

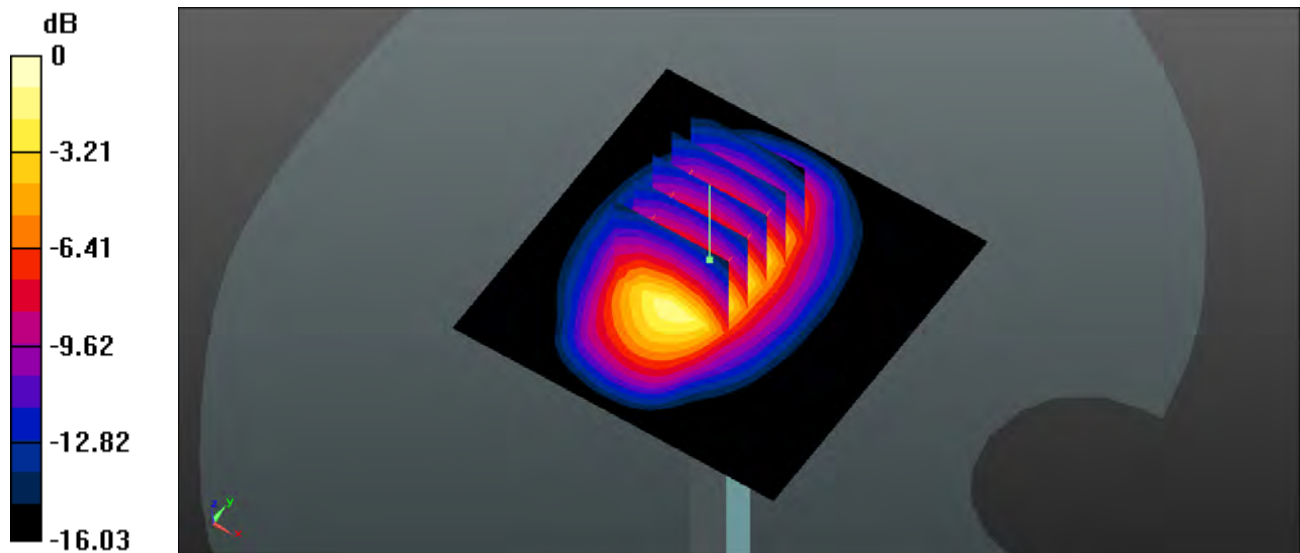
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 78.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.08 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.9 W/kg



0 dB = 12.9 W/kg = 11.11 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz_151104**DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900_151104 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.426$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.73$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(8.1, 8.1, 8.1); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.9 W/kg

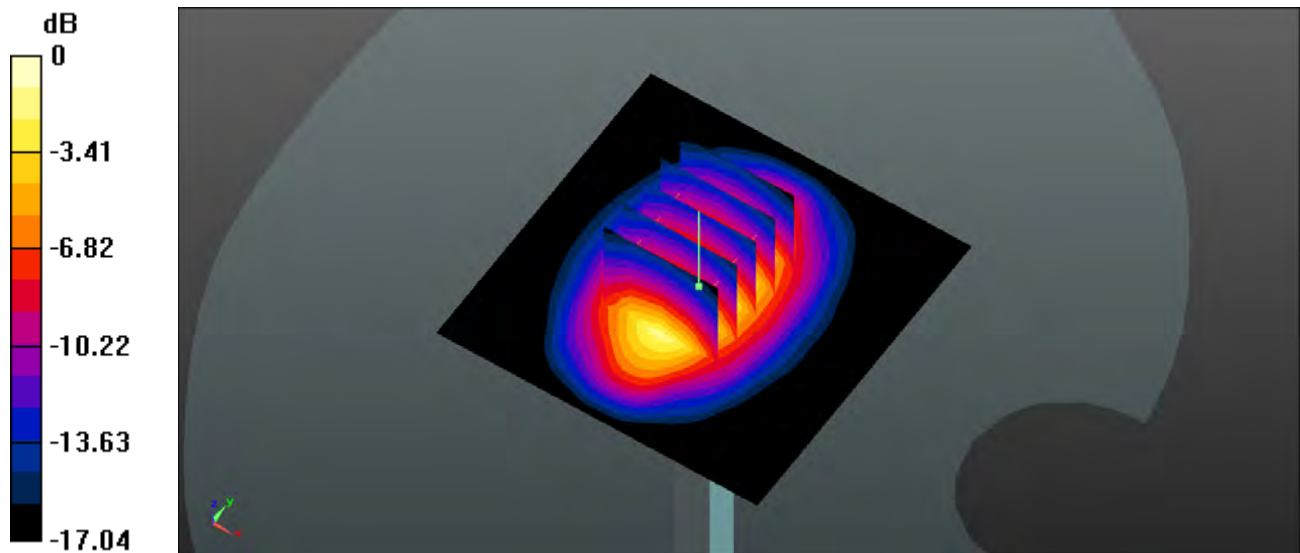
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.67 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.1 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.8 W/kg



System Check_Head_2450MHz_151106**DUT: D2450V2 - SN:840**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450_151106 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.815$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.597$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.4 W/kg

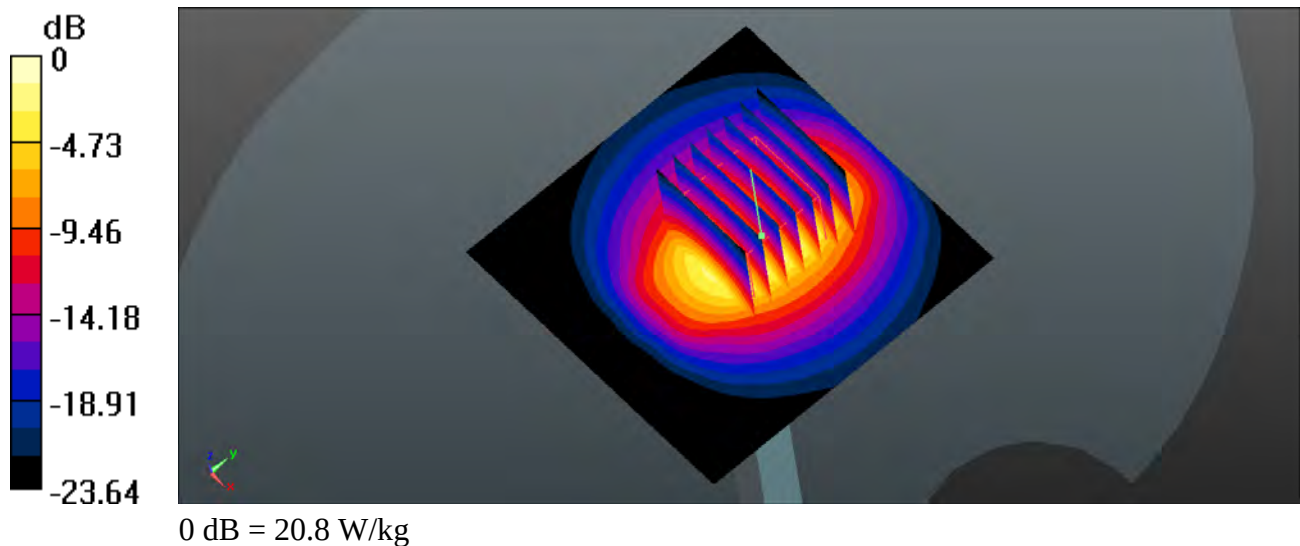
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 85.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.95 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



System Check_Head_5200MHz_151108**DUT: D5GHzV2 -1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000_151108 Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.793$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.493$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(5.17, 5.17, 5.17); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.5 W/kg

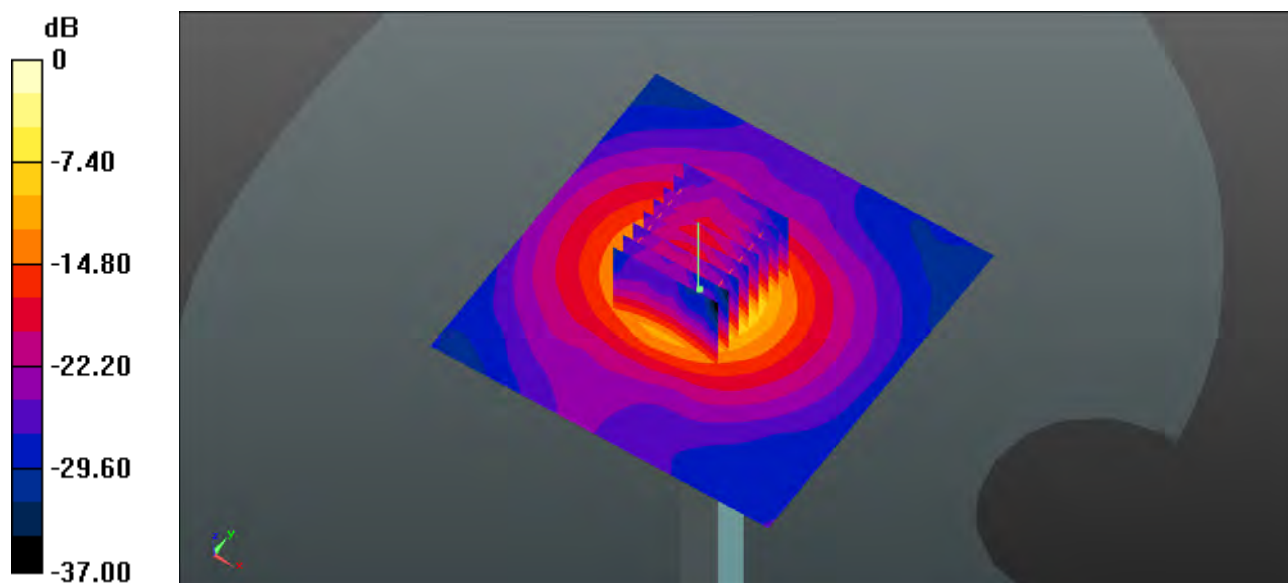
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 39.53 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.84 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.9 W/kg



0 dB = 18.9 W/kg = 12.76 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_5800MHz_151108**DUT: D5GHzV2-1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_5000_151108 Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.395$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.416$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.1 W/kg

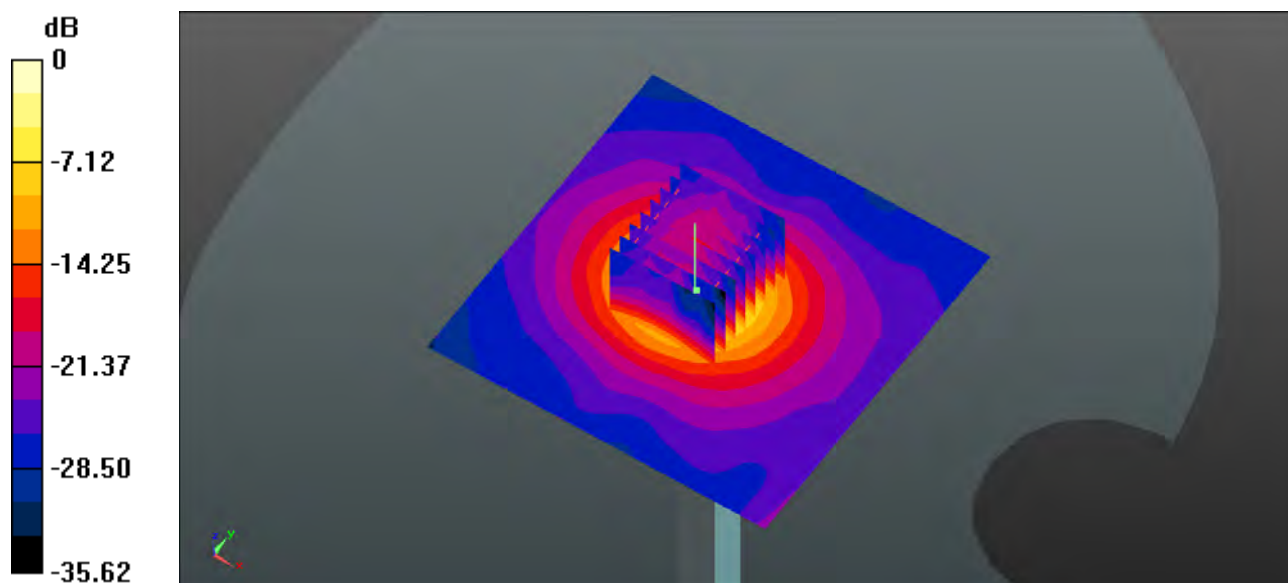
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 36.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.56 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg



0 dB = 18.6 W/kg = 12.70 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_750MHz_151027**DUT: D750V2 - SN:1065**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_151027 Medium parameters used: $f = 750$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.933$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 57.59$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.07, 10.07, 10.07); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.80 W/kg

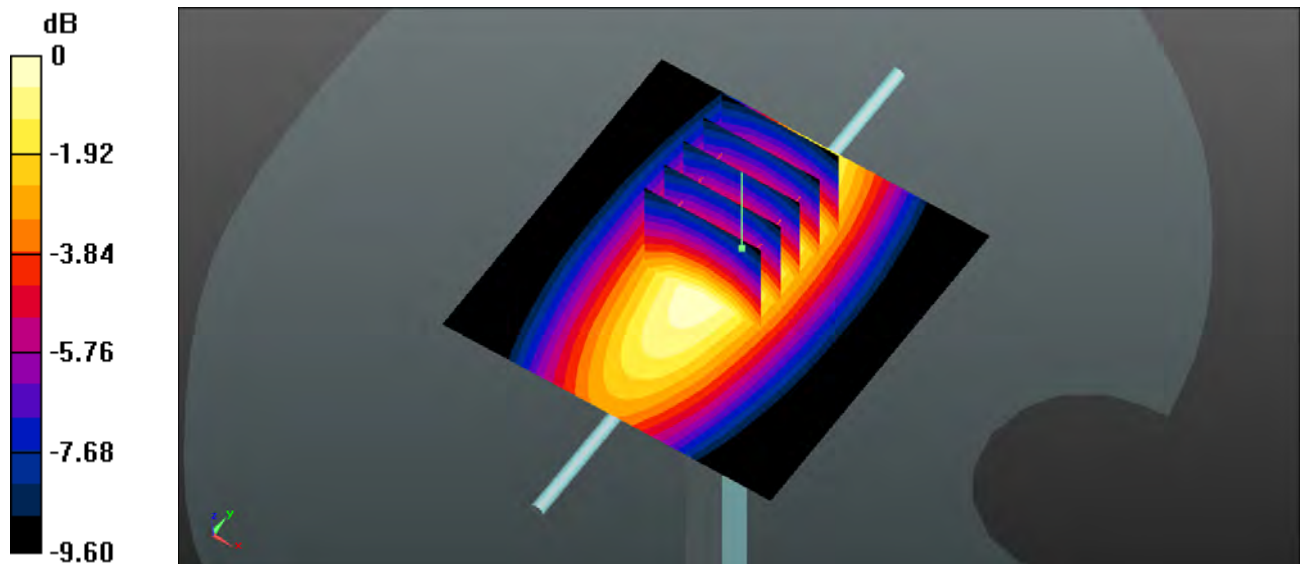
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.95 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.16 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.21 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.74 W/kg



0 dB = 2.74 W/kg = 4.38 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_835MHz_151027**DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_151027 Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.969 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.698$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.01, 10.01, 10.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.11 W/kg

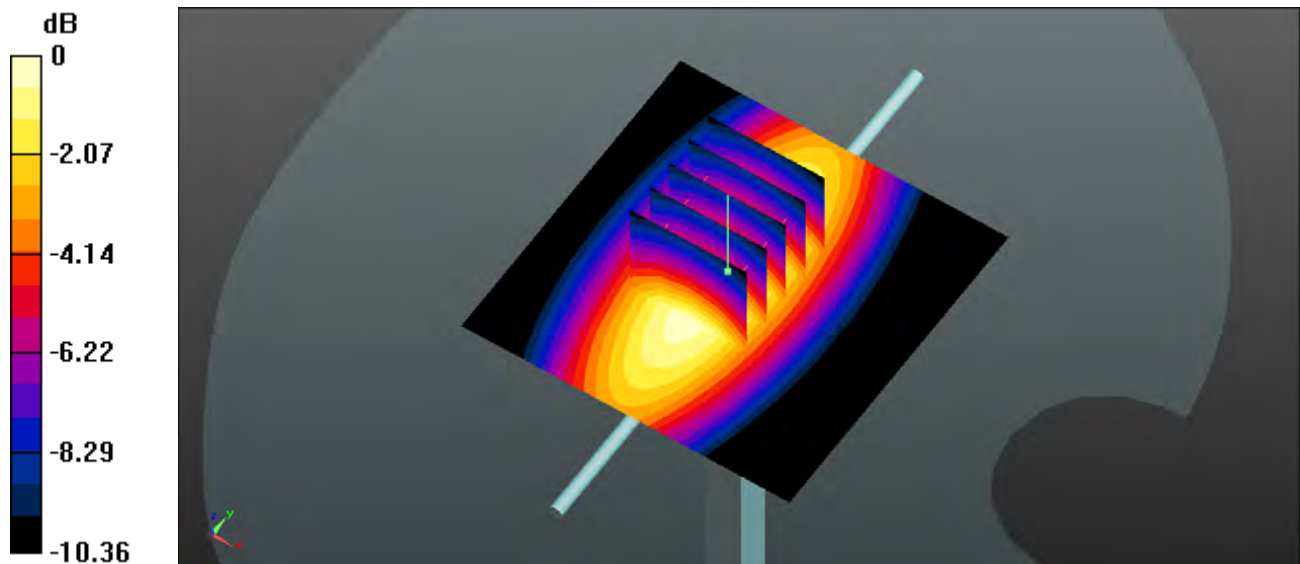
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 51.85 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.62 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.48 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.13 W/kg



0 dB = 3.13 W/kg = 4.96 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_1750MHz_151105**DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1069**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_151105 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.499$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.463$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2012.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.9 W/kg

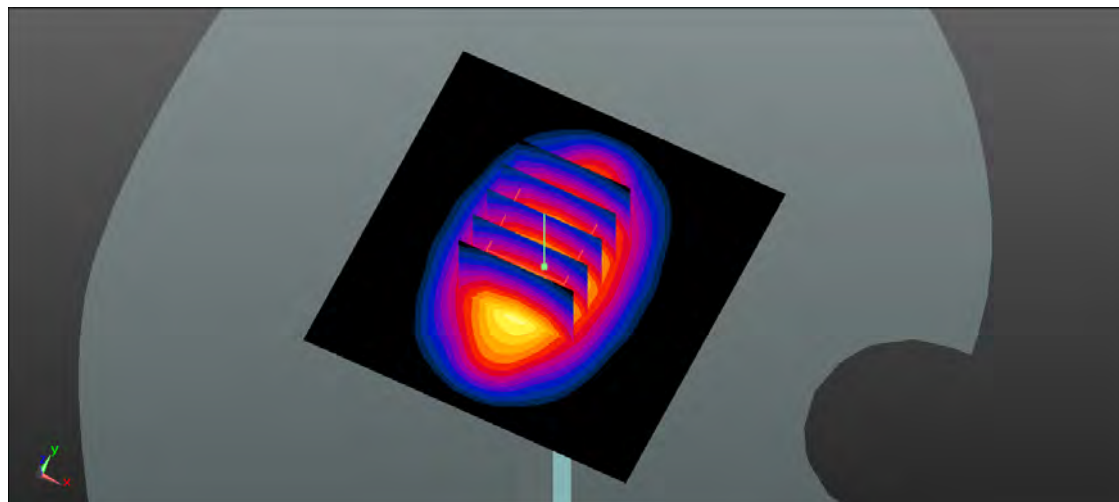
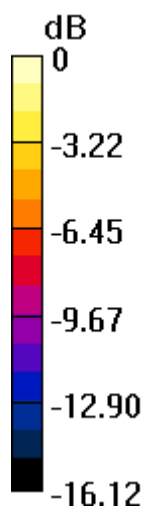
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.16 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.93 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.8 W/kg



0 dB = 12.8 W/kg = 11.07 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_1900MHz_151104**DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_151104 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.207$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.2 W/kg

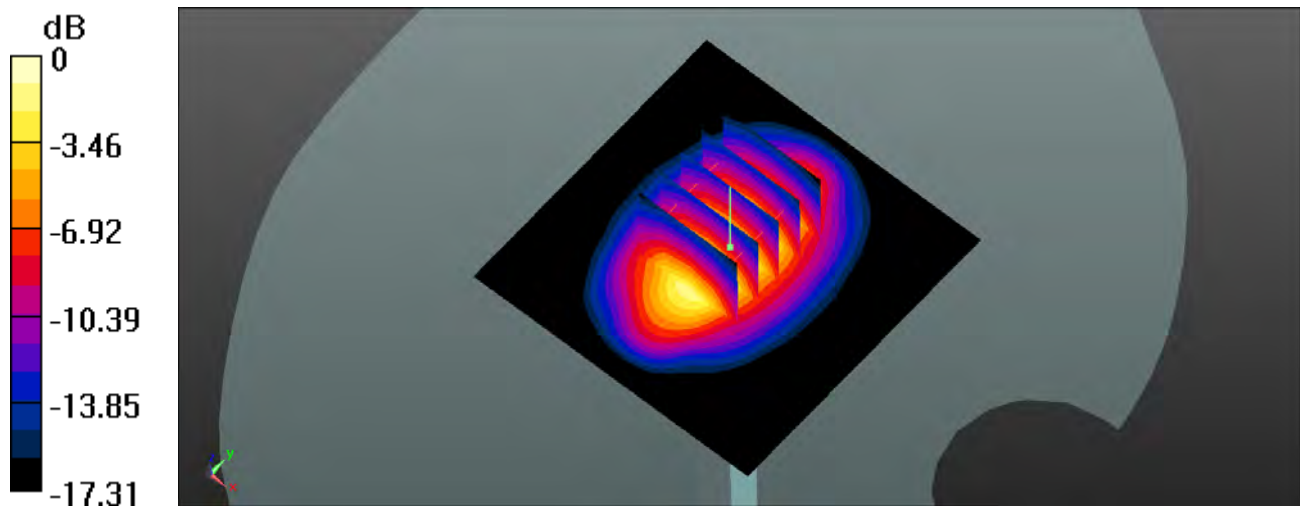
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.3 W/kg



0 dB = 13.3 W/kg = 11.24 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_2450MHz_151108**DUT: D2450V2 - SN:840**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_151108 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.988$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.424$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.0 W/kg

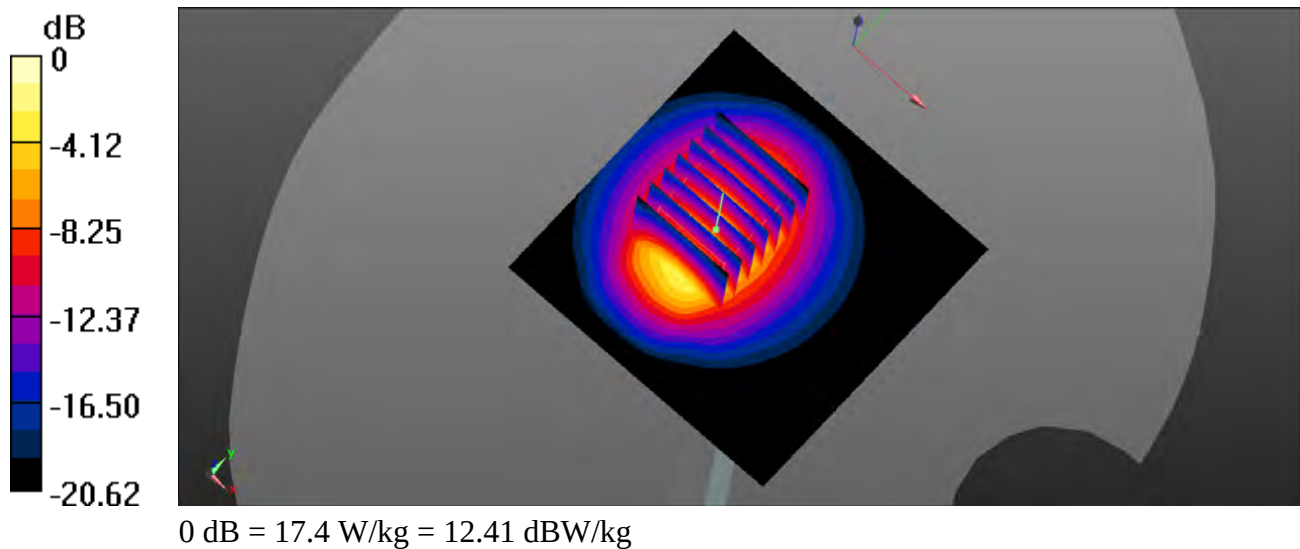
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 11.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.45 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 W/kg



System Check_Body_5200MHz_151109**DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_5000_151109 Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.42$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.637$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.9 W/kg

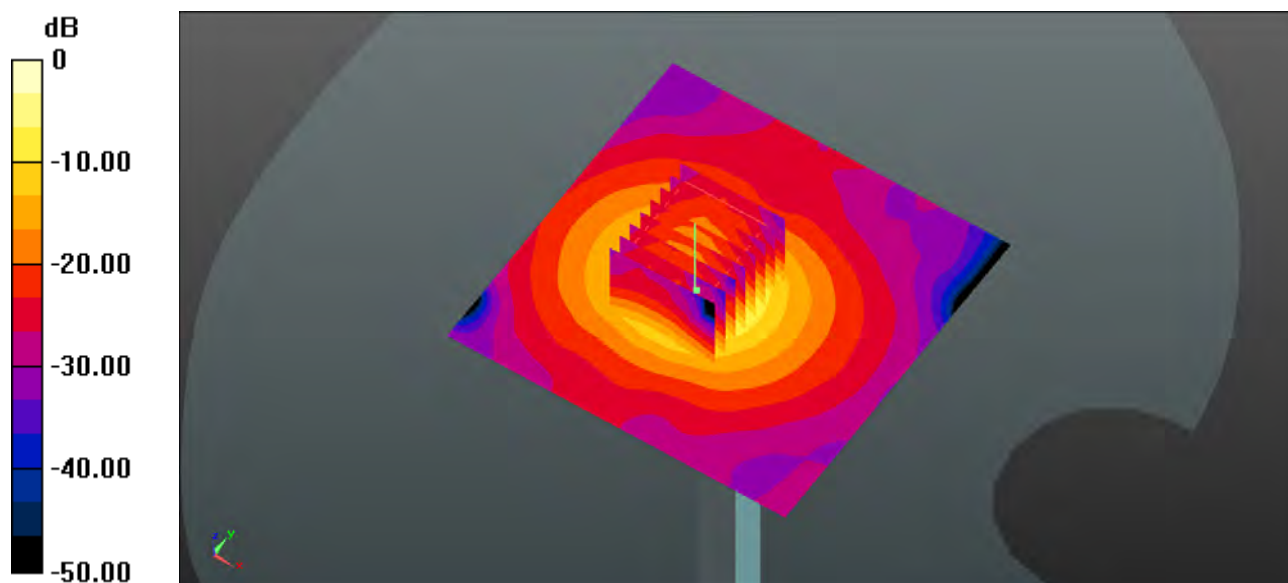
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 32.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.59 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg



0 dB = 18.2 W/kg = 12.60 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_5800MHz_151109**DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_5000_151109 Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.289$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.502$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.9 W/kg

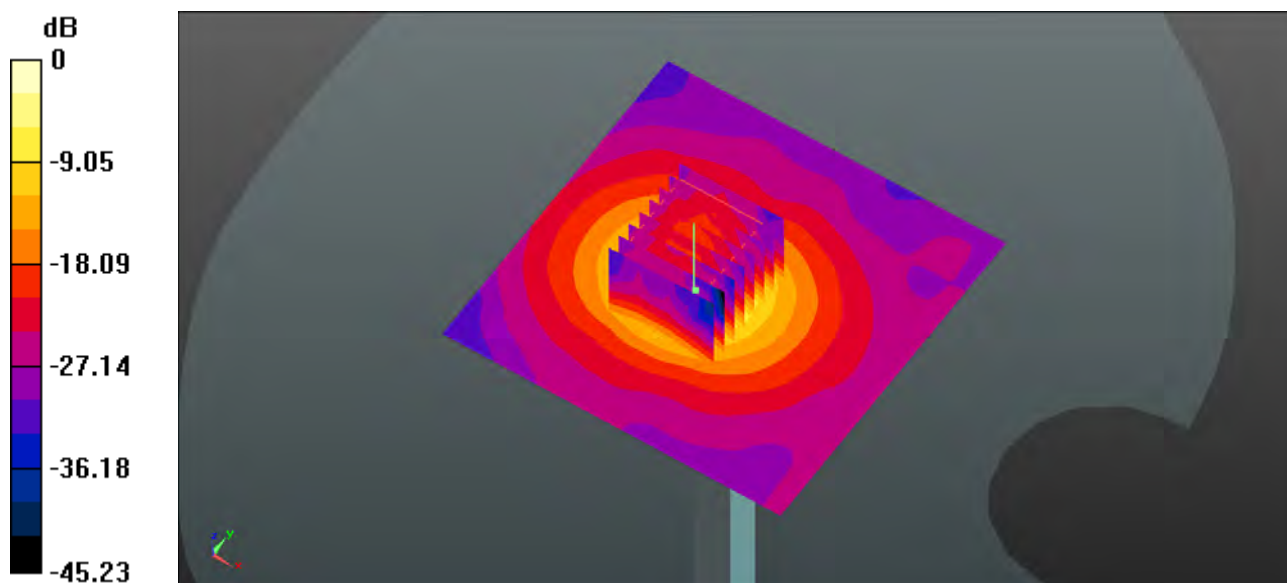
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 29.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg



0 dB = 19.6 W/kg = 12.92 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_750MHz_151127**DUT: D750V2 - SN:1087**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_151127 Medium parameters used: $f = 750$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.928$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.22$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 2015.4.24;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.93 W/kg

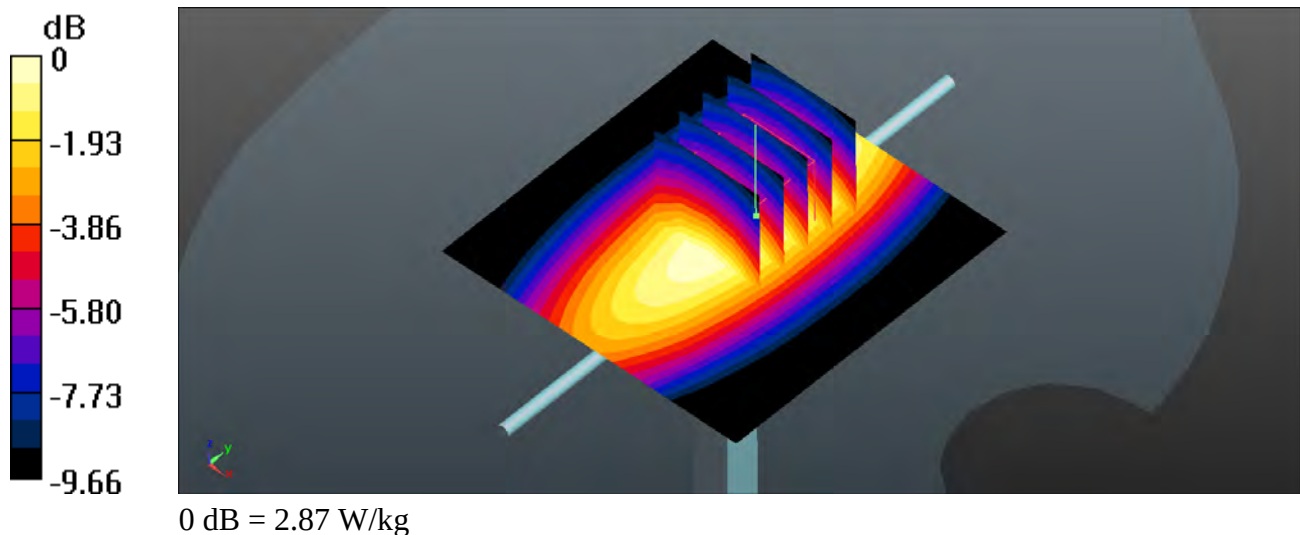
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.50 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.26 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.35 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.87 W/kg



System Check_Body_835MHz_151127**DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d151**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850_151127 Medium parameters used: $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.685$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.68, 9.68, 9.68); Calibrated: 2015.4.24;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.32 W/kg

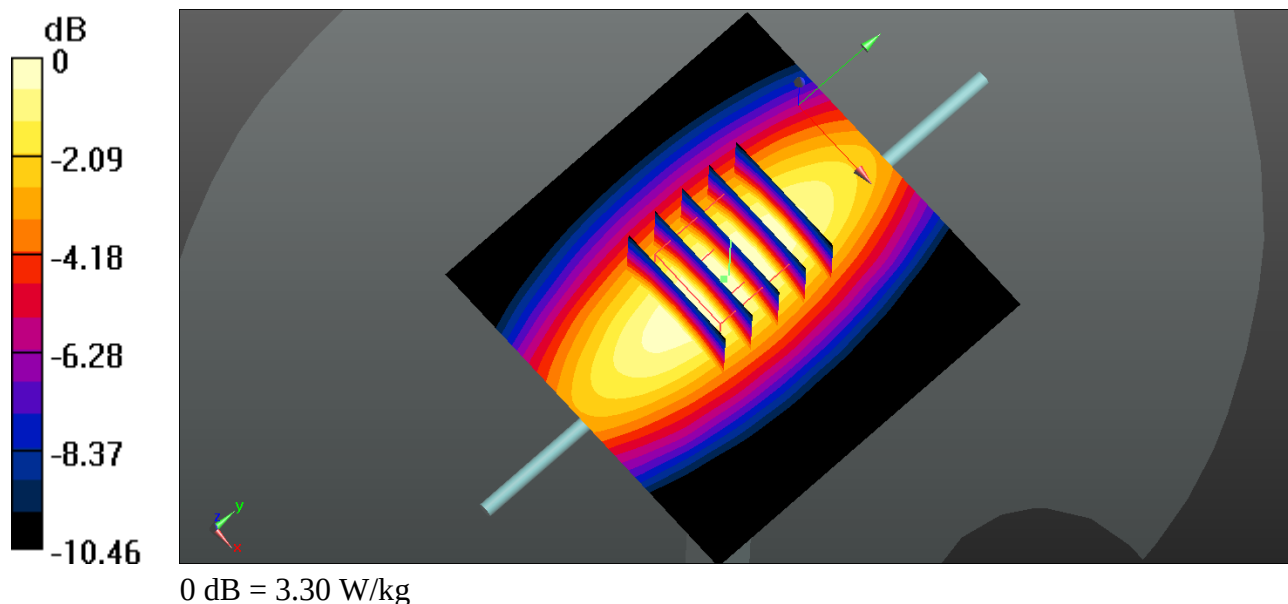
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.28 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.86 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.68 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.30 W/kg



System Check_Body_1750MHz_151129**DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1090**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_151129 Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.505$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.347$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.1 W/kg

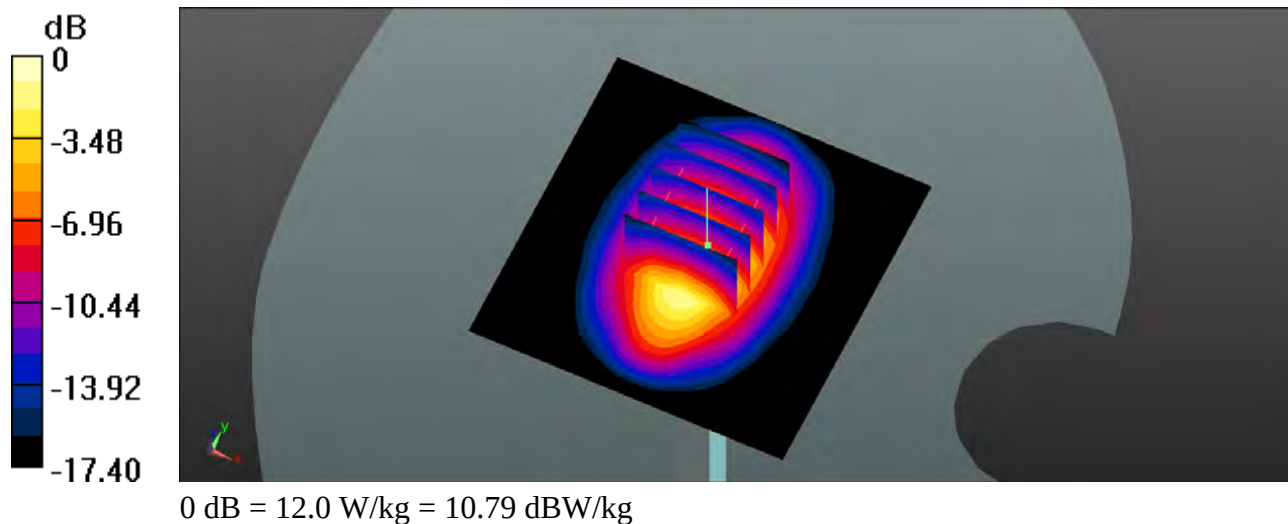
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 79.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.1 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.56 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.68 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.0 W/kg



System Check_Body_1900MHz_151122**DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d170**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900_151122 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.207$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.2 W/kg

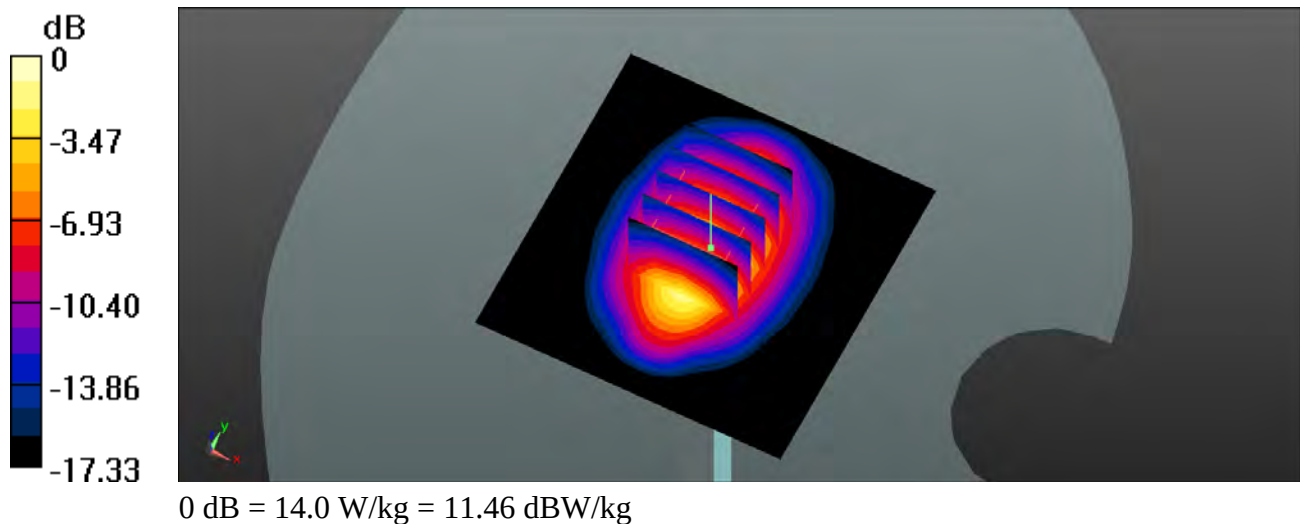
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 84.78 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.87 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 W/kg



System Check_Body_2450MHz_151108**DUT: D2450V2 - SN:840**

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450_151108 Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.988$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.424$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.0 W/kg

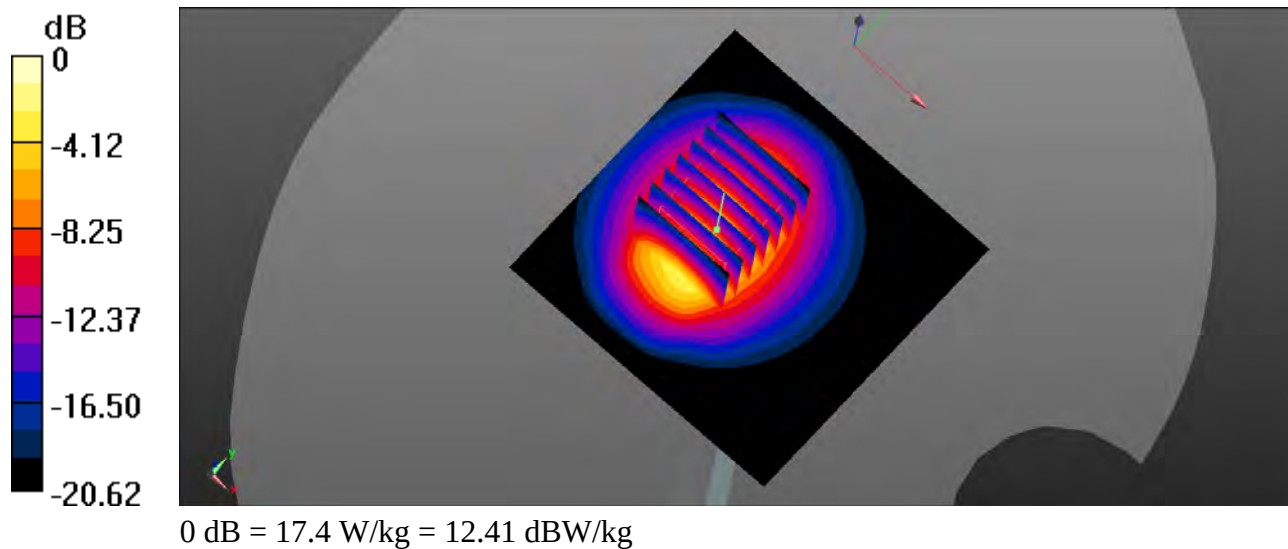
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 11.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.45 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 W/kg



System Check_Body_5200MHz_151109**DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_5000_151109 Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.42$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.637$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.9 W/kg

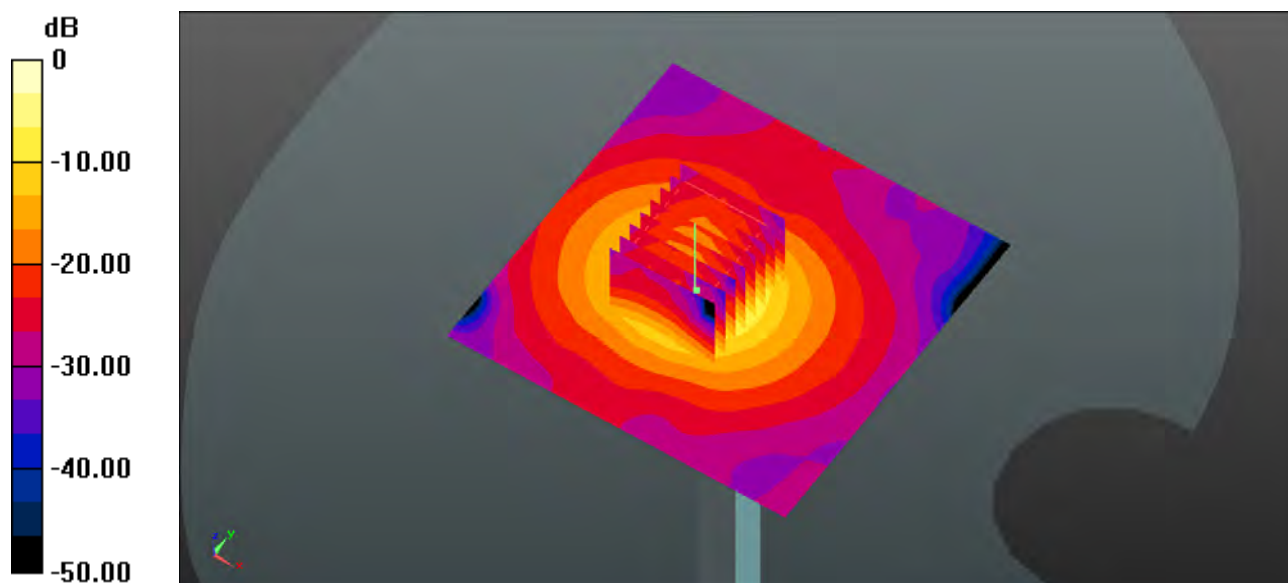
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 32.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.59 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg



0 dB = 18.2 W/kg = 12.60 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_5800MHz_151109**DUT: D5GHzV2 - SN:1113**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_5000_151109 Medium parameters used: $f = 5800$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.289$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.502$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.9 W/kg

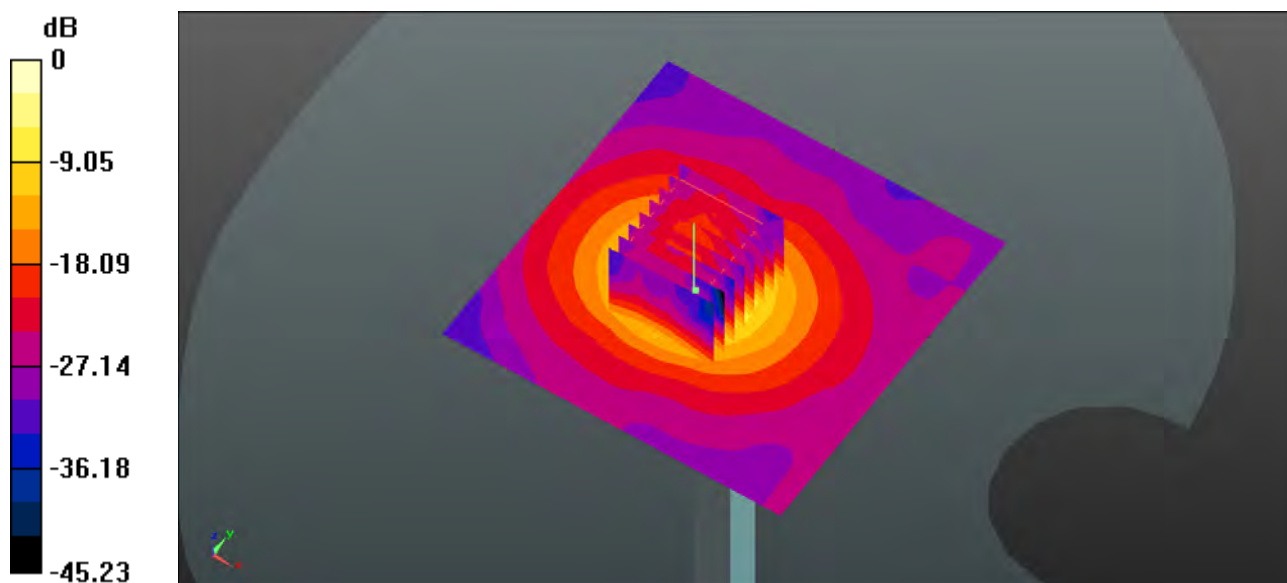
Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 29.86 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.51 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.6 W/kg



0 dB = 19.6 W/kg = 12.92 dBW/kg



Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

01_GSM850_GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)_Right Cheek_Ch128

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: HSL_850_151028 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.917$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.025$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch128/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.435 W/kg

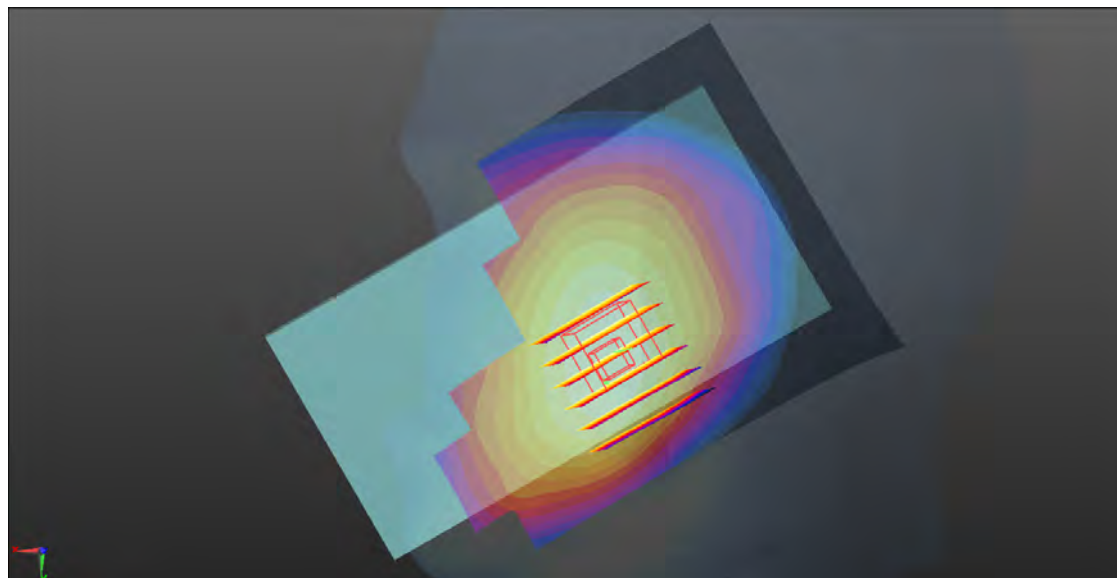
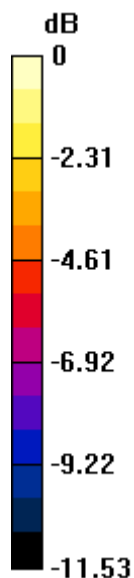
Ch128/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.078 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.469 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.371 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.286 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.425 W/kg



0 dB = 0.425 W/kg

02_GSM1900_GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)_Right Cheek_Ch810

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: HSL_1900_151104 Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.436$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.688$;

ρ
 $= 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(8.1, 8.1, 8.1); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch810/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.187 W/kg

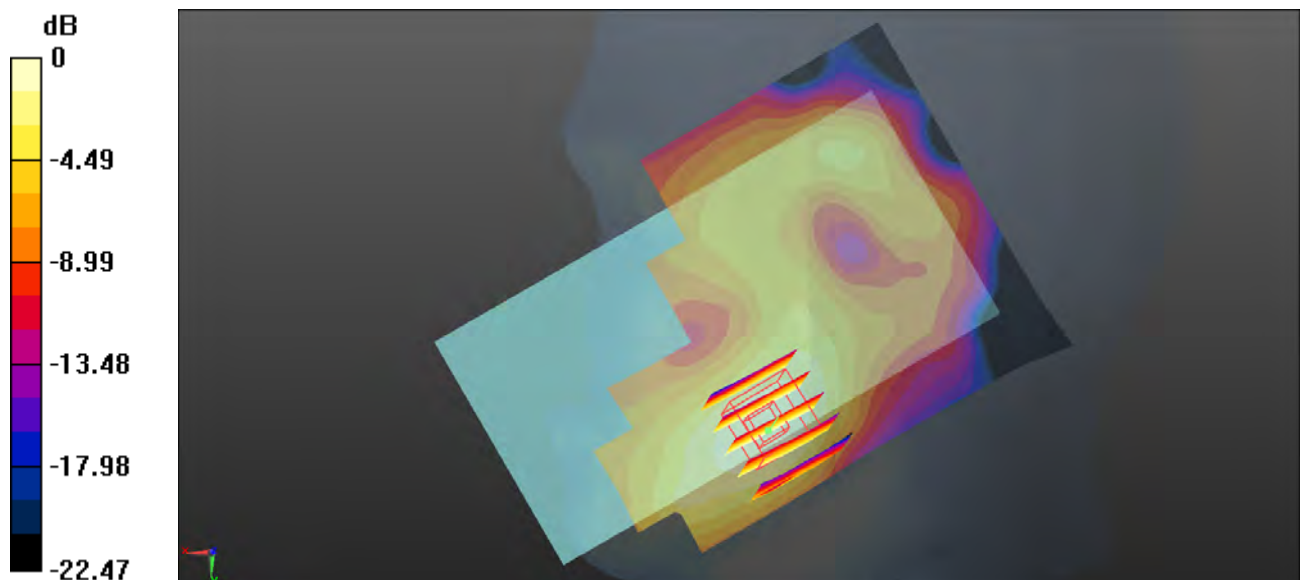
Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.807 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.223 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.141 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.183 W/kg



0 dB = 0.183 W/kg

03_WCDMA V_RMC12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_850_151028 Medium parameters used: $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.938$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.766$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4233/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.261 W/kg

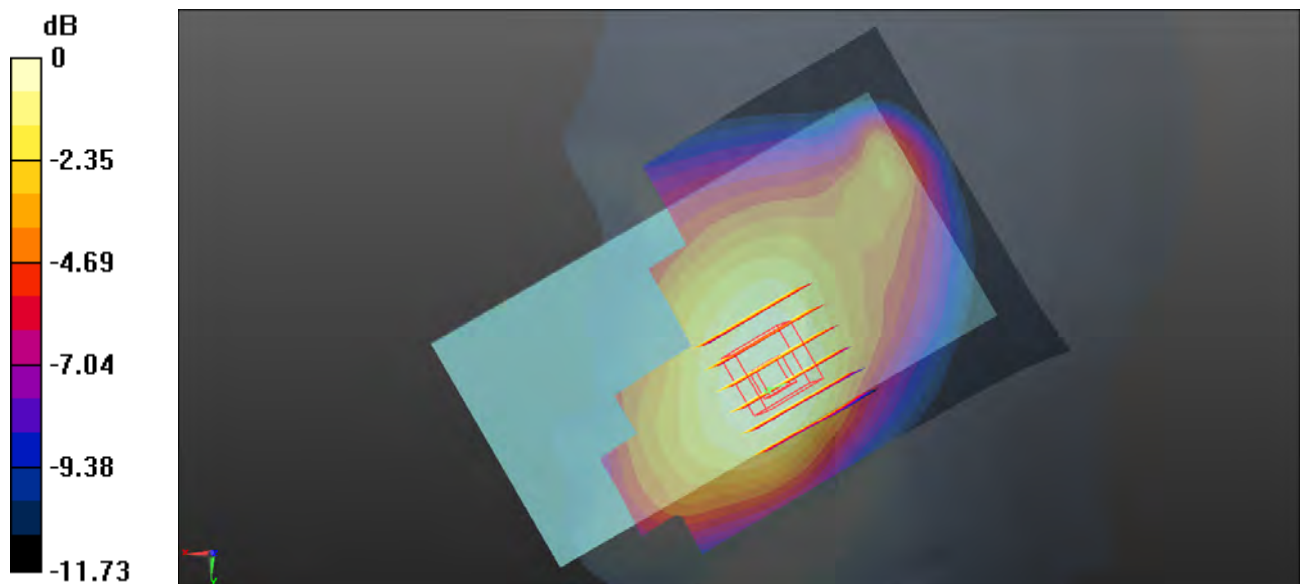
Ch4233/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.442 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.281 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.220 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.168 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.251 W/kg



0 dB = 0.251 W/kg

04_WCDMA IV_RMC12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch1312

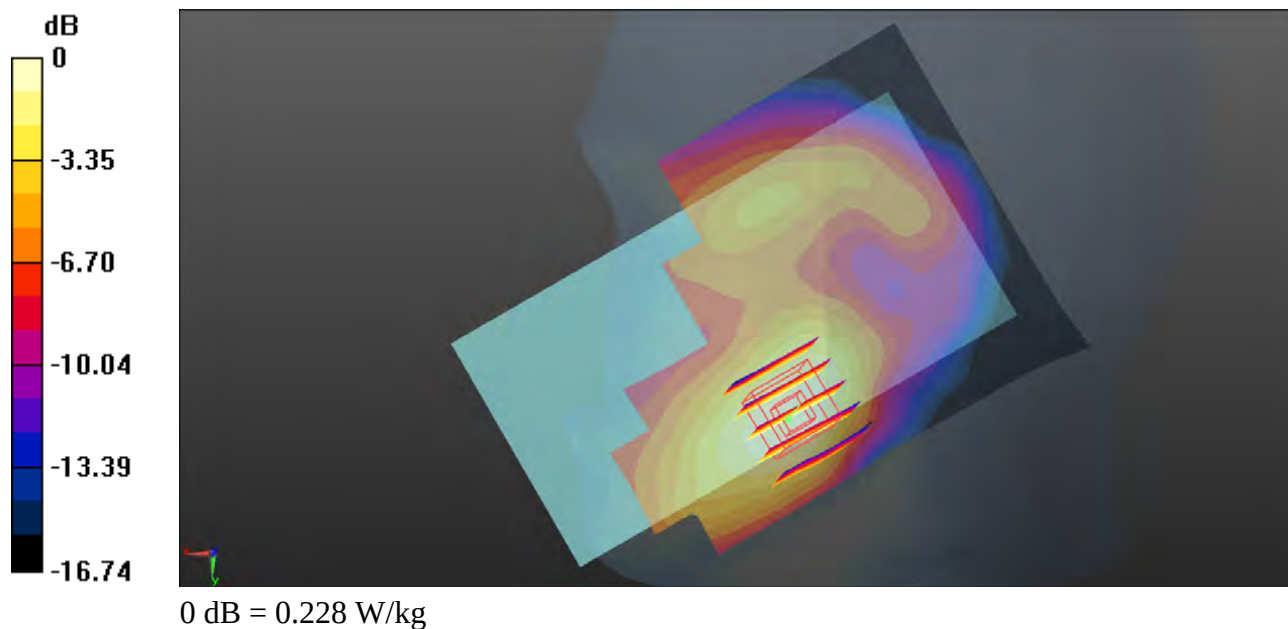
Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1712.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750_151104 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1712.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.358$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.984$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(8.35, 8.35, 8.35); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1312/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.226 W/kg

Ch1312/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
Reference Value = 6.153 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.263 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.181 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.116 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.228 W/kg



05_WCDMA II_RMC12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch9538

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_151104 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.434$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.696$;

ρ

$= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.2°C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(8.1, 8.1, 8.1); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9538/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.208 W/kg

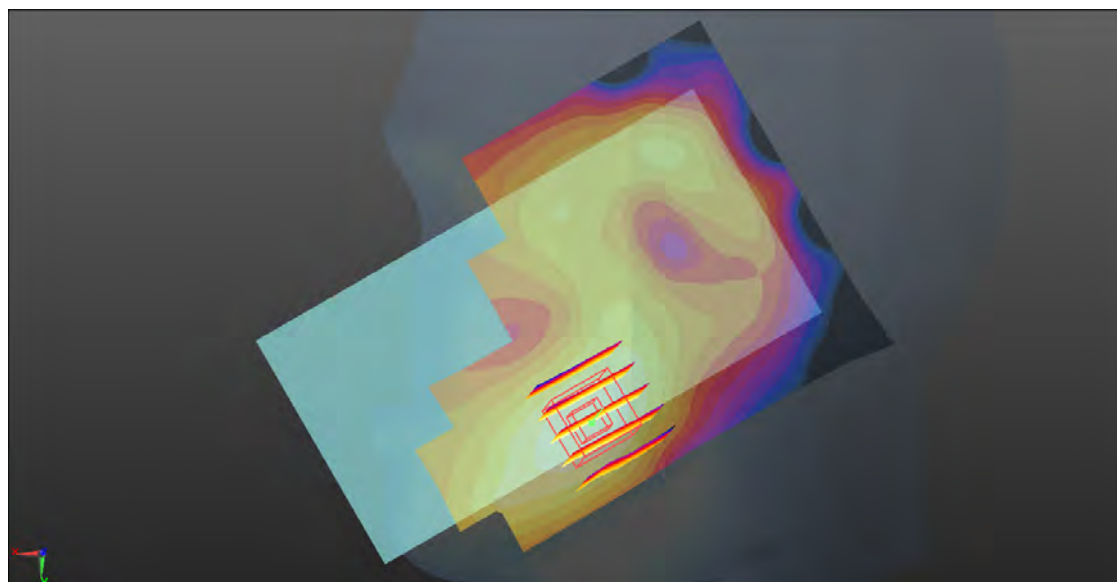
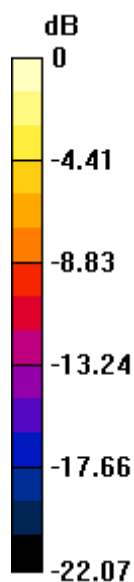
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.665 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.247 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.158 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.095 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.208 W/kg



0 dB = 0.208 W/kg

06_LTE Band17_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Left Cheek_Ch23790

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_750_151028 Medium parameters used: $f = 710$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.868$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.338$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.93, 10.93, 10.93); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch23790/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.224 W/kg

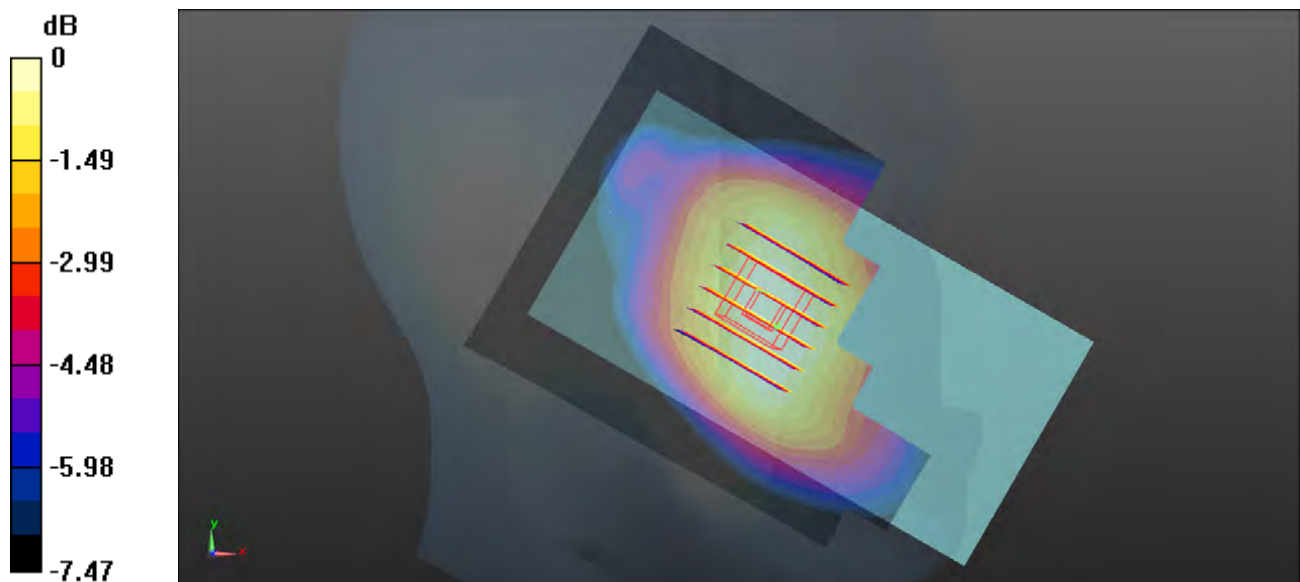
Ch23790/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.992 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.232 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.198 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.162 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.217 W/kg



0 dB = 0.217 W/kg

07_LTE Band5_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Right Cheek_Ch20525

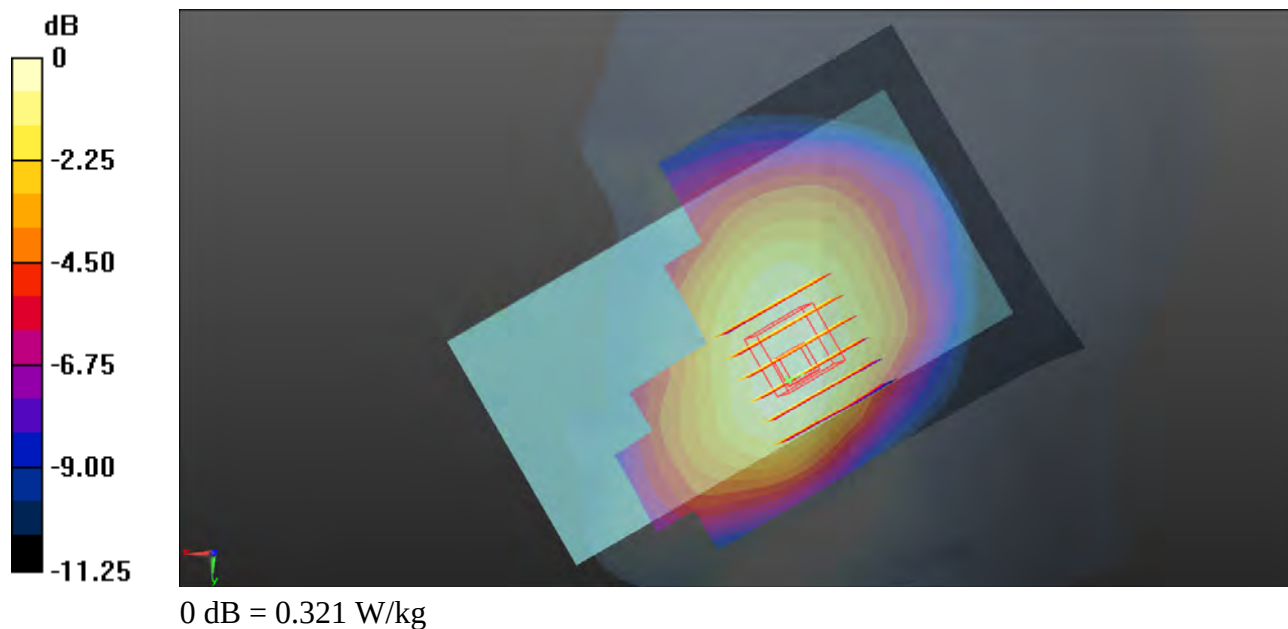
Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_850_151028 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.929$ S/m;
 $\epsilon_r = 41.887$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.33, 10.33, 10.33); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20525/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.318 W/kg

Ch20525/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.581 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.357 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.280 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.218 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.321 W/kg



08_LTE Band4_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Right Cheek_Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750_151104 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.382$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.933$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(8.35, 8.35, 8.35); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.228 W/kg

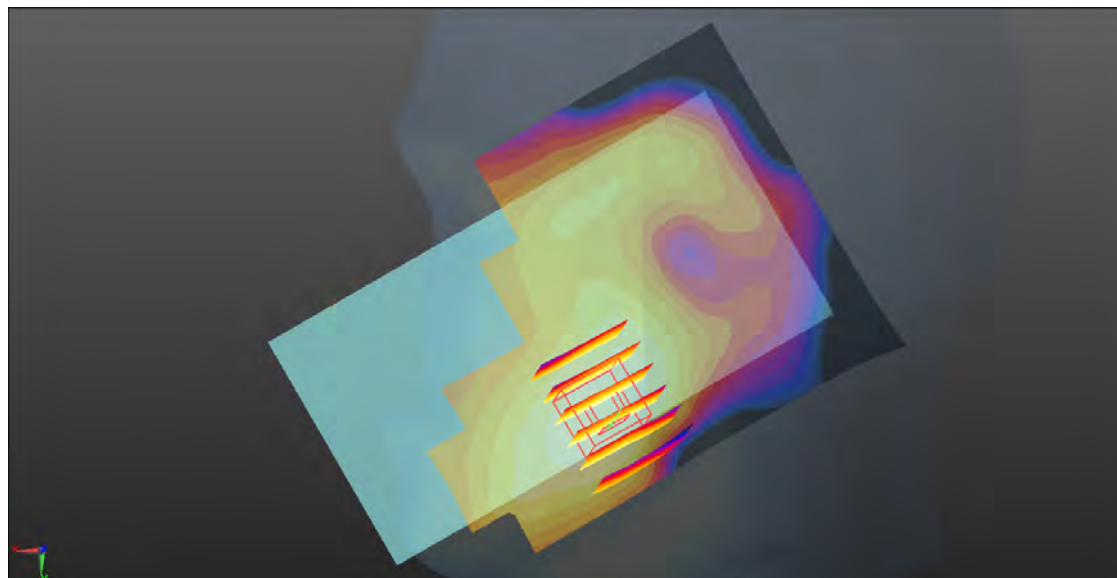
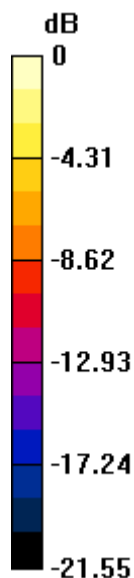
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 4.906 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.260 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.178 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.117 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.217 W/kg



0 dB = 0.217 W/kg

09_LTE Band2_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Right Cheek_Ch18700

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_151104 Medium parameters used: $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.392$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.859$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(8.1, 8.1, 8.1); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch18700/Area Scan (81x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.180 W/kg

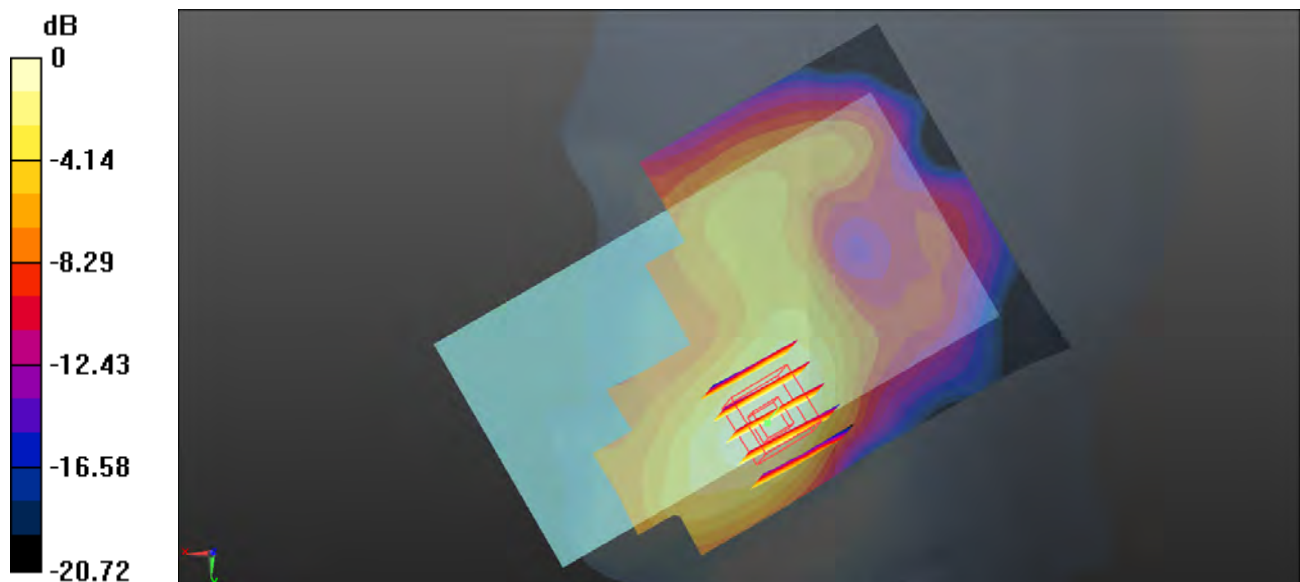
Ch18700/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.803 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.220 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.144 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.089 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.186 W/kg



0 dB = 0.186 W/kg

10_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1M_Left Tilted_0mm_Ch6

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.024

Medium: HSL_2450_151106 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.798$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.626$; ρ

$= 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.08, 7.08, 7.08); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch6/Area Scan (91x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.247 W/kg

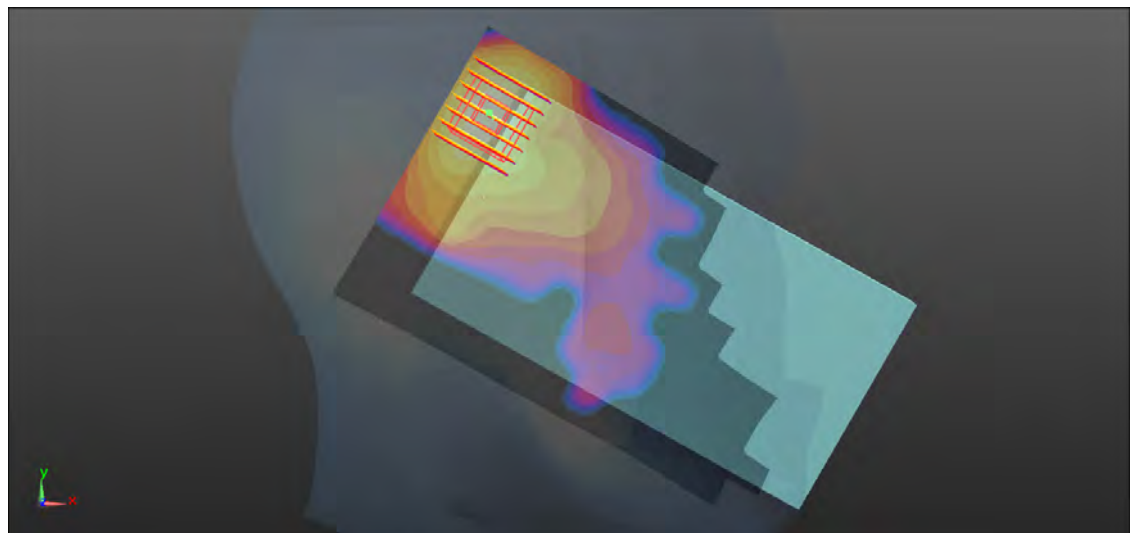
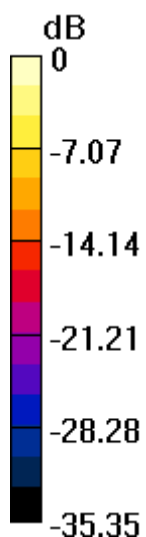
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.033 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.358 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.172 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.264 W/kg



0 dB = 0.264 W/kg

11_WLAN5.2G_802.11a 6M_Left Tilted_Ch36

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5180 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.149

Medium: HSL_5000_151108 Medium parameters used: $f = 5180$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.771$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.537$; ρ

$= 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(5.17, 5.17, 5.17); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch36/Area Scan (111x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.722 W/kg

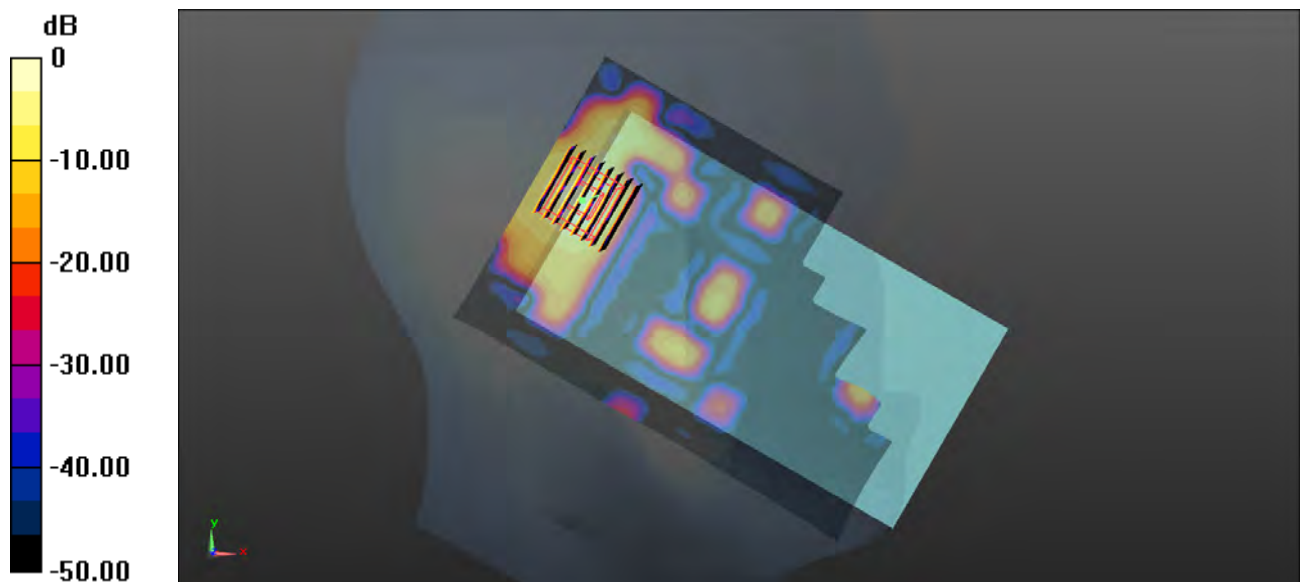
Ch36/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 8.389 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.271 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.650 W/kg



0 dB = 0.650 W/kg = -1.87 dBW/kg

12_WLAN5.8G_802.11a 6M_Right Cheek_Ch149

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.149

Medium: HSL_5000_151108 Medium parameters used: $f = 5745$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.36$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.556$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.64, 4.64, 4.64); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1542
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch149/Area Scan (111x181x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.000$ mm, $dy=1.000$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 W/kg

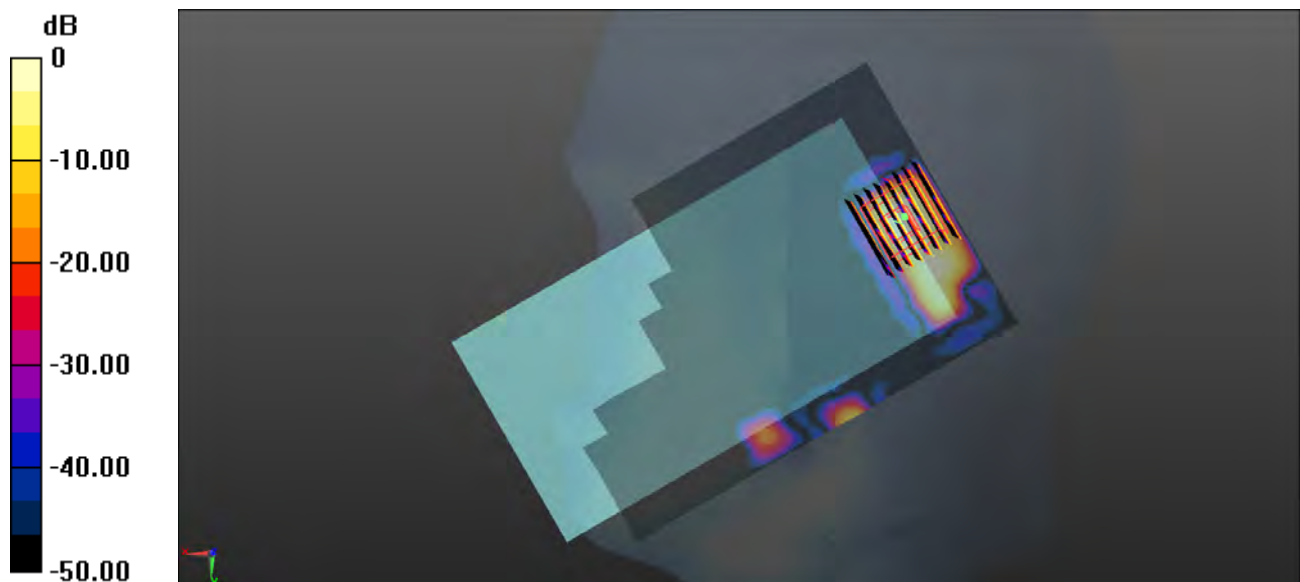
Ch149/Zoom Scan (9x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=1.4$ mm

Reference Value = 6.722 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.808 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.189 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.049 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.512 W/kg



0 dB = 0.512 W/kg = -2.91 dBW/kg

13_GSM850_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Back_10mm_Ch128

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: MSL_835_151027 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.96$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.794$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.01, 10.01, 10.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch128/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.660 W/kg

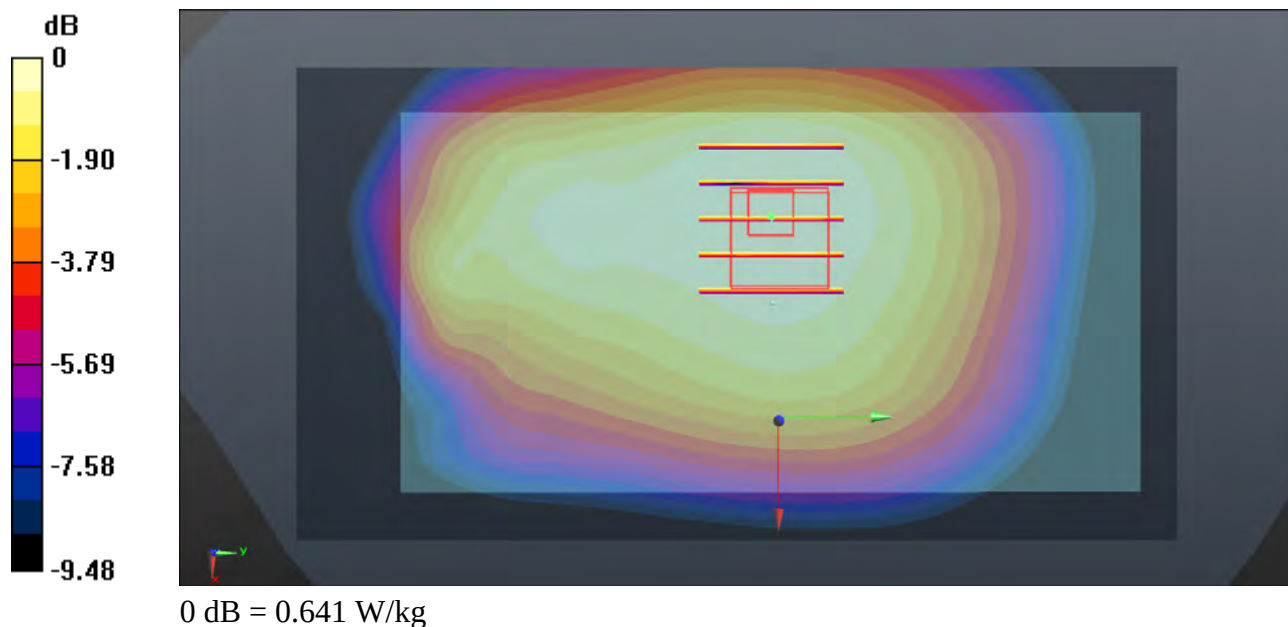
Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.27 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.701 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.560 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.428 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.641 W/kg



14_GSM1900_GPRS (4 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch810

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: MSL_1900_151104 Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.561$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.176$;

ρ
 $= 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch810/Area Scan (81x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.50 W/kg

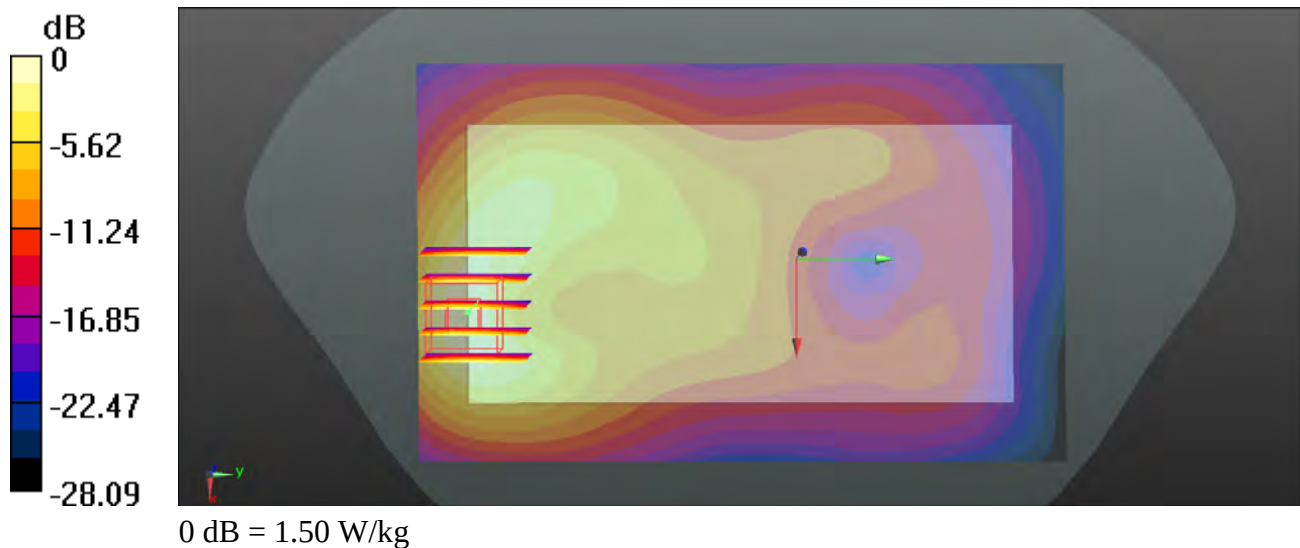
Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.85 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.06 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.547 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.44 W/kg



15_WCDMA V_RMC12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_835_151027 Medium parameters used: $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.591$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.01, 10.01, 10.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4233/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.540 W/kg

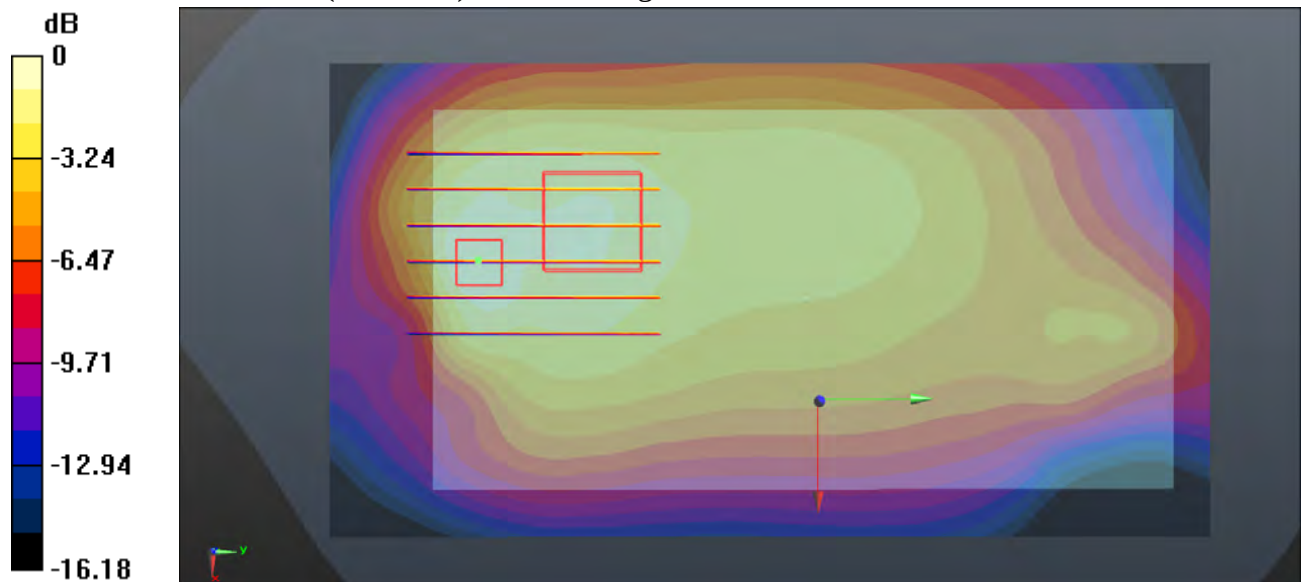
Ch4233/Zoom Scan (6x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 14.64 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.604 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.352 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.255 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.483 W/kg



0 dB = 0.483 W/kg

16_WCMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch1413

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750_151105 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.481$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.49$;

ρ

$= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1413/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.47 W/kg

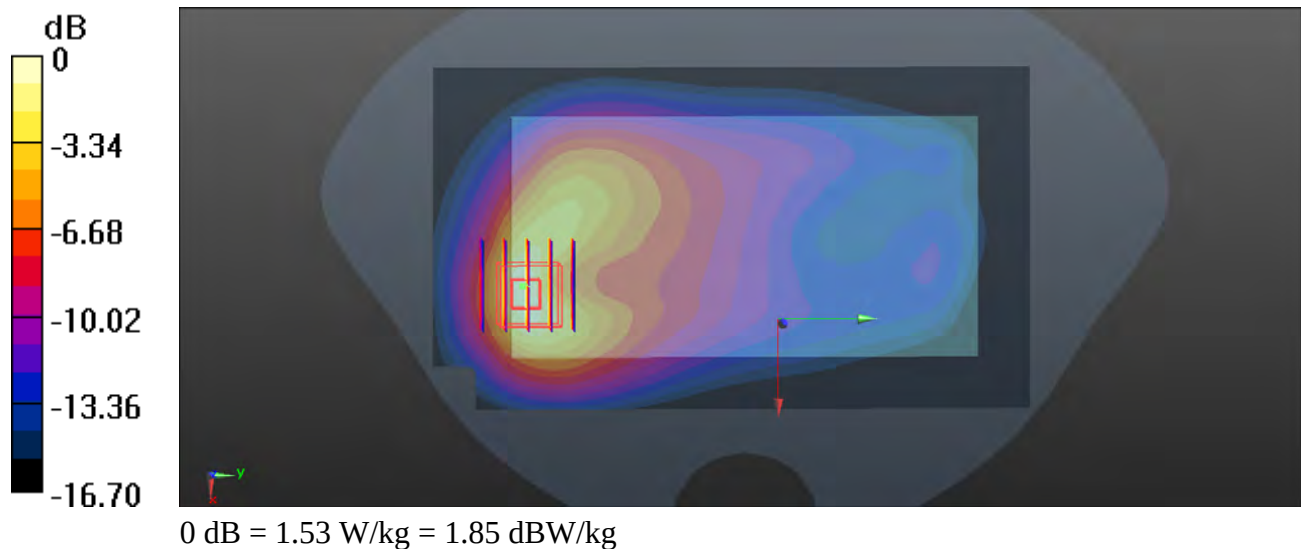
Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 9.289 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.91 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.11 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.589 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.53 W/kg



17_WCMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch9538

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_151104 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.559$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.183$;

ρ

$= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9538/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.41 W/kg

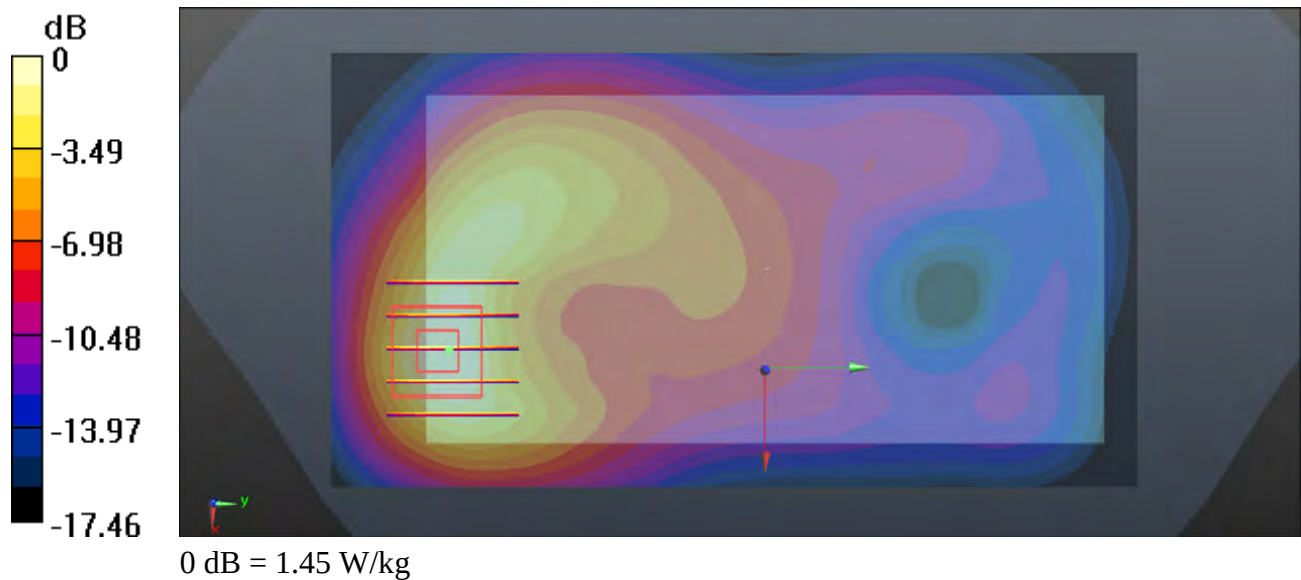
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.09 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.97 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.13 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.592 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.45 W/kg



18_LTE Band17_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Back_10mm_Ch23790

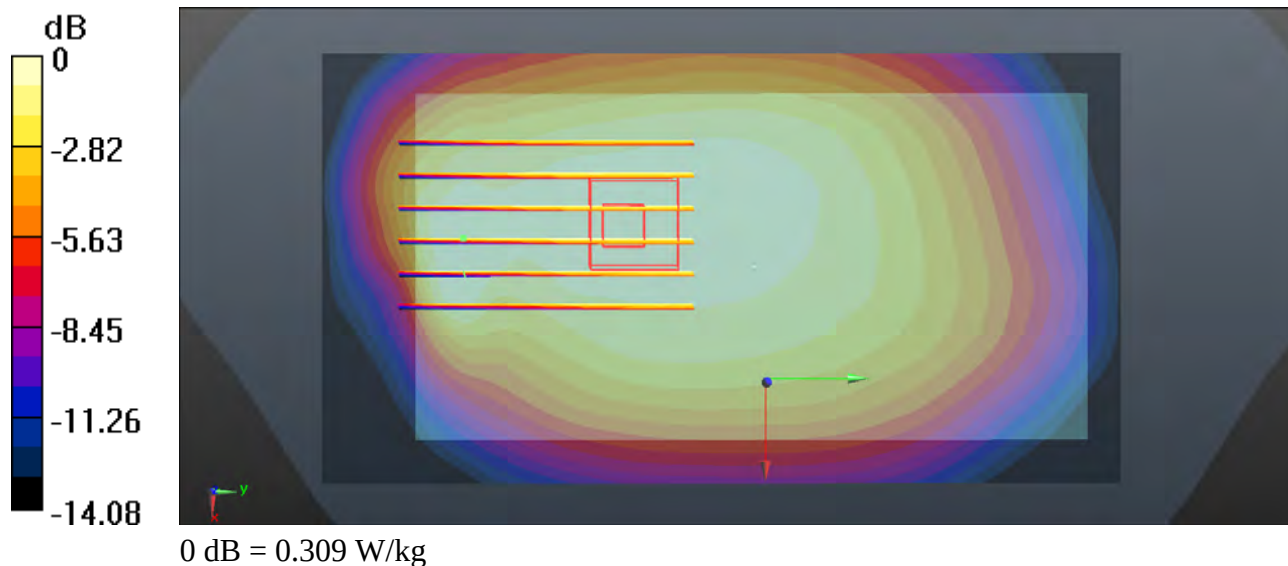
Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_750_151027 Medium parameters used (extrapolated): $f = 710$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.894$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 57.959$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.07, 10.07, 10.07); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch23790/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.341 W/kg

Ch23790/Zoom Scan (6x10x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 16.85 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.412 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.270 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.217 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.309 W/kg



19_LTE Band5_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Back_10mm_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_835_151027 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.971$ S/m;
 $\epsilon_r = 55.684$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(10.01, 10.01, 10.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20525/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.496 W/kg

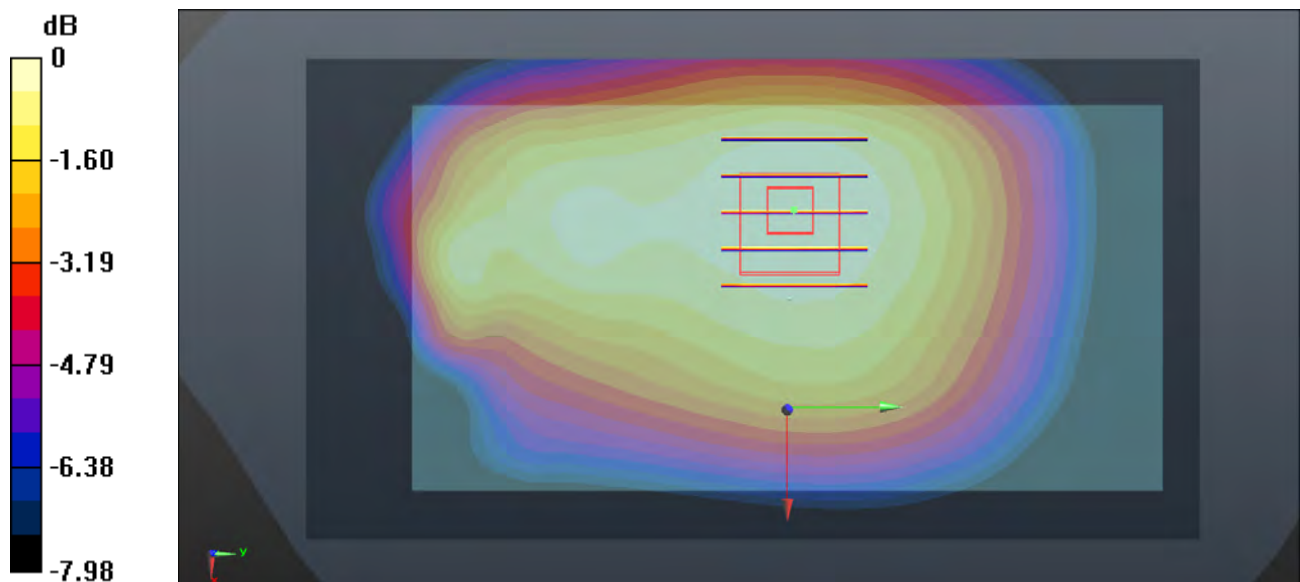
Ch20525/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 20.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.532 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.423 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.325 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.487 W/kg



0 dB = 0.487 W/kg

20_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Back_10mm_Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_151105 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.491$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.48 W/kg

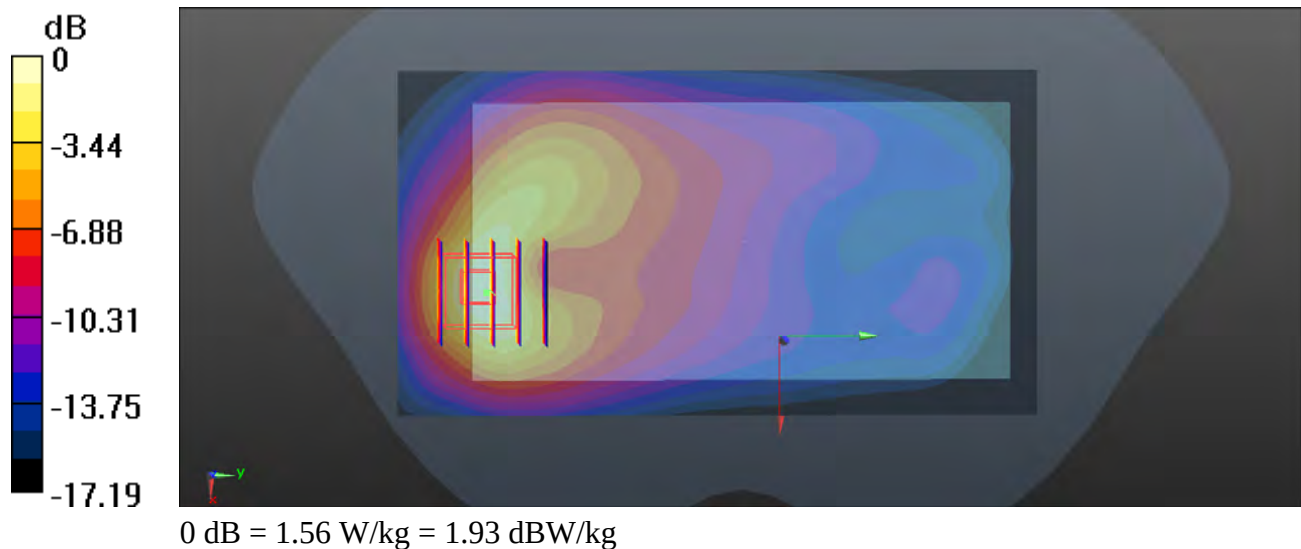
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.176 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.07 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.614 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.56 W/kg



21_LTE Band2_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Back_10mm_Ch19100

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_151104 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.207$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch19100/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.22 W/kg

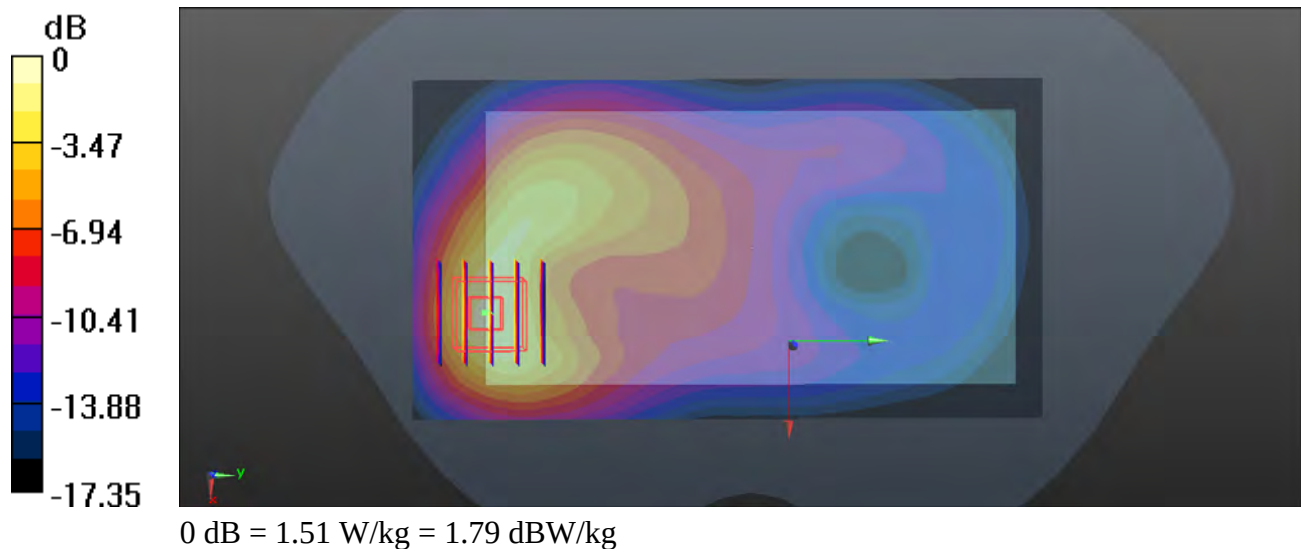
Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.84 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.545 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.51 W/kg



22_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1M_Back_10mm_Ch6

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.024

Medium: MSL_2450_151108 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.969$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.462$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch6/Area Scan (91x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.371 W/kg

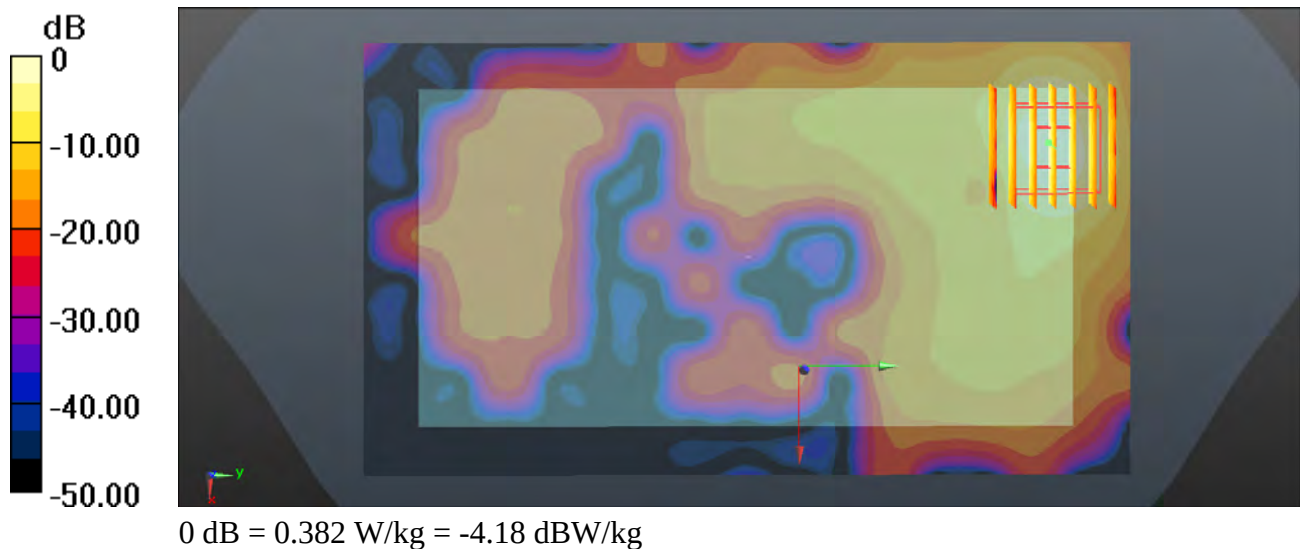
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 0.5020 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.511 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.244 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.102 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.382 W/kg



23_WLAN5.2G_802.11a 6M_Back_10mm_Ch36

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5180 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.149

Medium: MSL_5000_151109 Medium parameters used: $f = 5180$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.386$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.679$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch36/Area Scan (111x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.199 W/kg

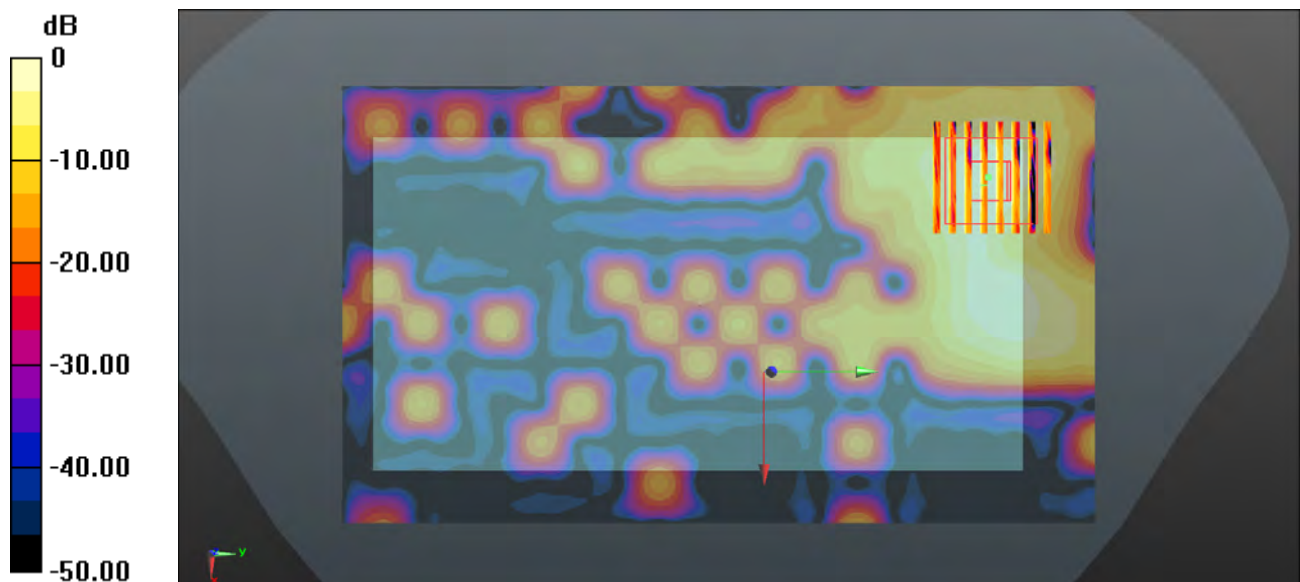
Ch36/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 0.8810 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.333 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.088 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.028 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.211 W/kg



0 dB = 0.211 W/kg = -6.76 dBW/kg

24_WLAN5.8G_802.11a 6M_Back_10mm_Ch149

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.149

Medium: MSL_5000_151109 Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 5745$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.207$ S/m;

$\epsilon_r = 47.584$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch149/Area Scan (111x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.271 W/kg

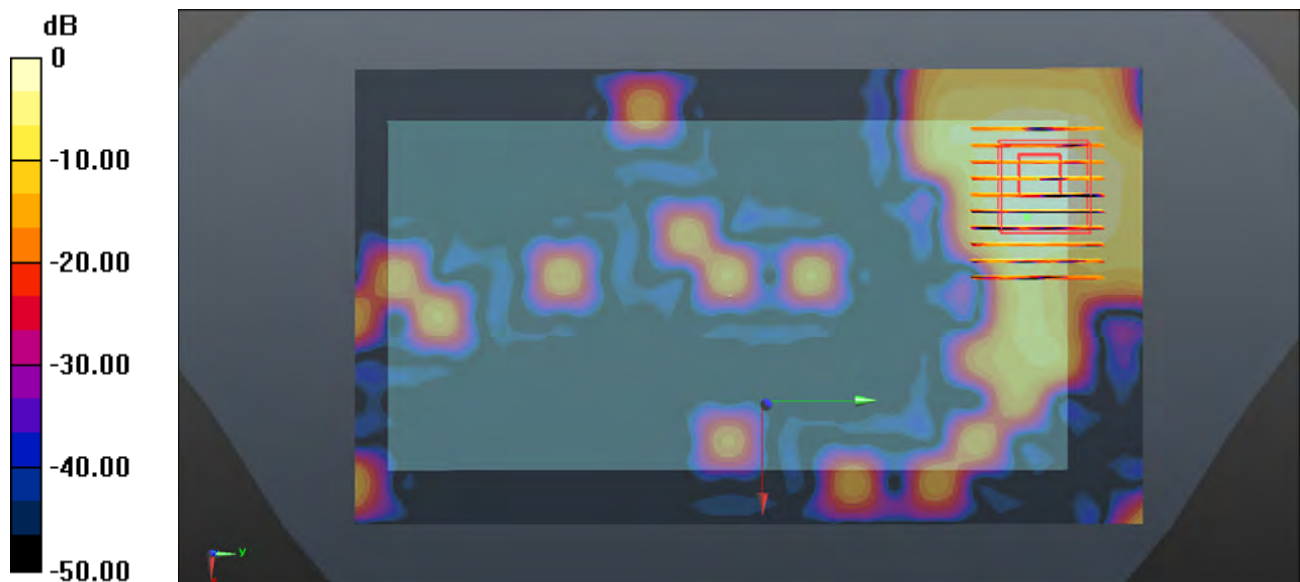
Ch149/Zoom Scan (10x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 0.4720 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.412 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.103 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.036 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.263 W/kg



0 dB = 0.263 W/kg

25_GSM850_GPRS 4 Tx slots_Back_0mm_Ch128

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: MSL_835_151127 Medium parameters used: $f = 824.2$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.961$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.786$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.68, 9.68, 9.68); Calibrated: 2015.4.24;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch128/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.24 W/kg

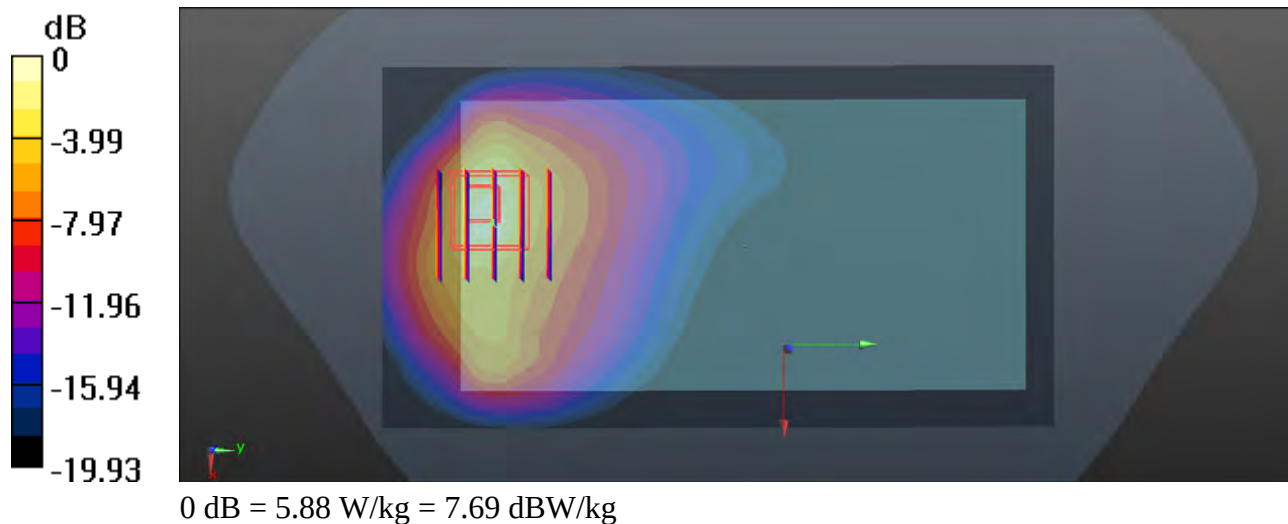
Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 7.449 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.88 W/kg



26_GSM1900_GPRS (GMSK 4 Tx slots)_Back_0mm_Ch810

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08

Medium: MSL_1900_151122 Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.561$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.176$;

ρ
 $= 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch810/Area Scan (71x141x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.7 W/kg

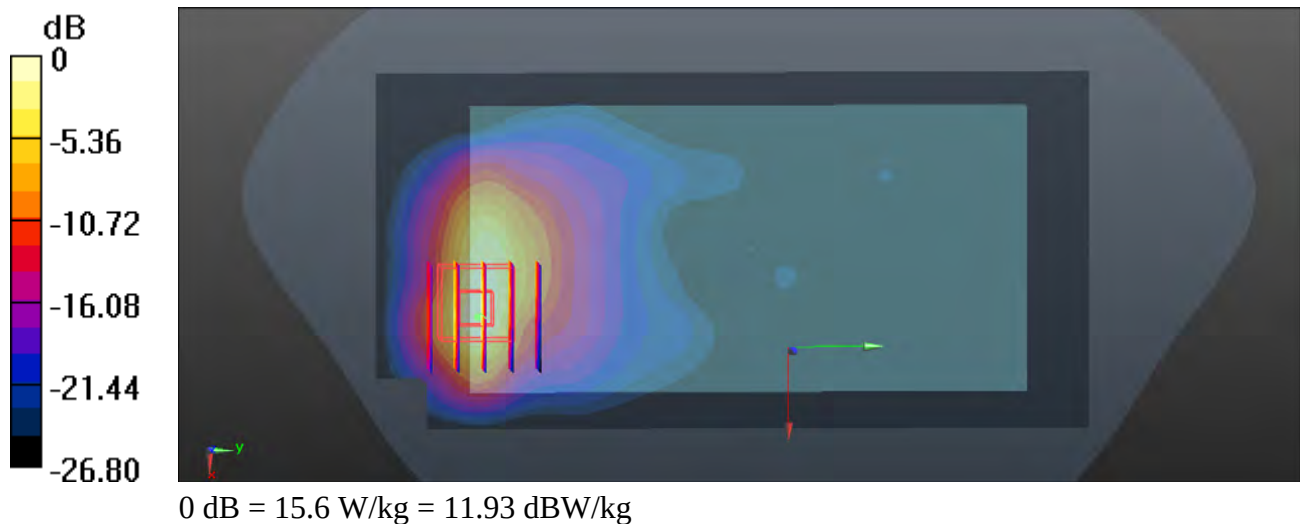
Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.719 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 21.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.41 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.6 W/kg



27_WCDMA V_RMC12.2KbpsBottom Side_0mm_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850_151127 Medium parameters used: $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.98$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.581$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.68, 9.68, 9.68); Calibrated: 2015.4.24;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4233/Area Scan (31x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.88 W/kg

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.20 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.36 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.57 W/kg

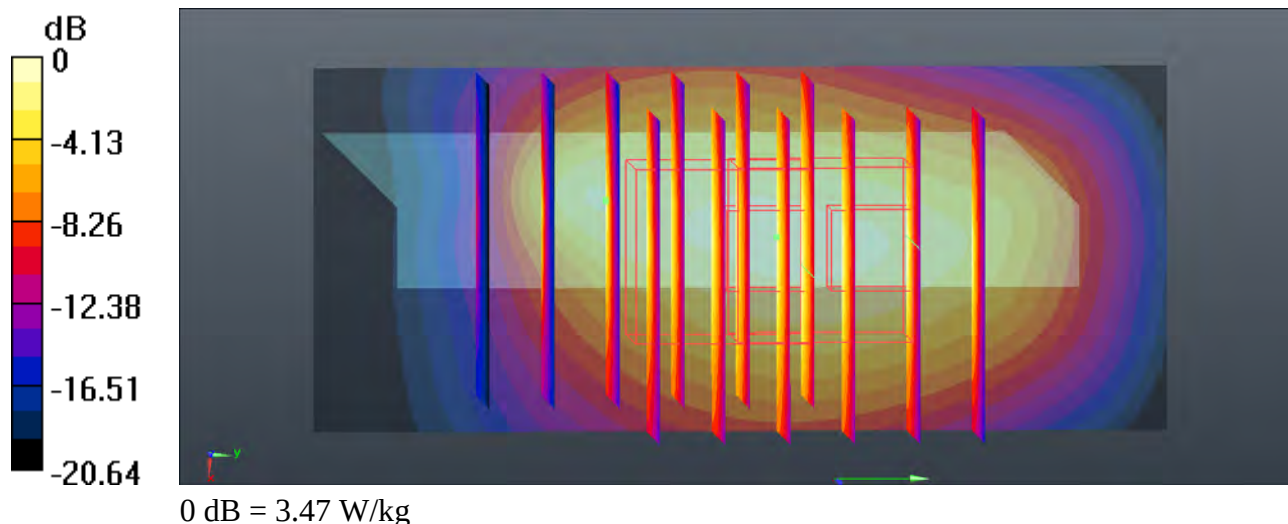
Ch4233/Zoom Scan (6x6x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 48.09 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.88 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.21 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.47 W/kg



28_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_0mm_Ch1413

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_151129 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.487$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.339$;

ρ

$= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.7°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1413/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.9 W/kg

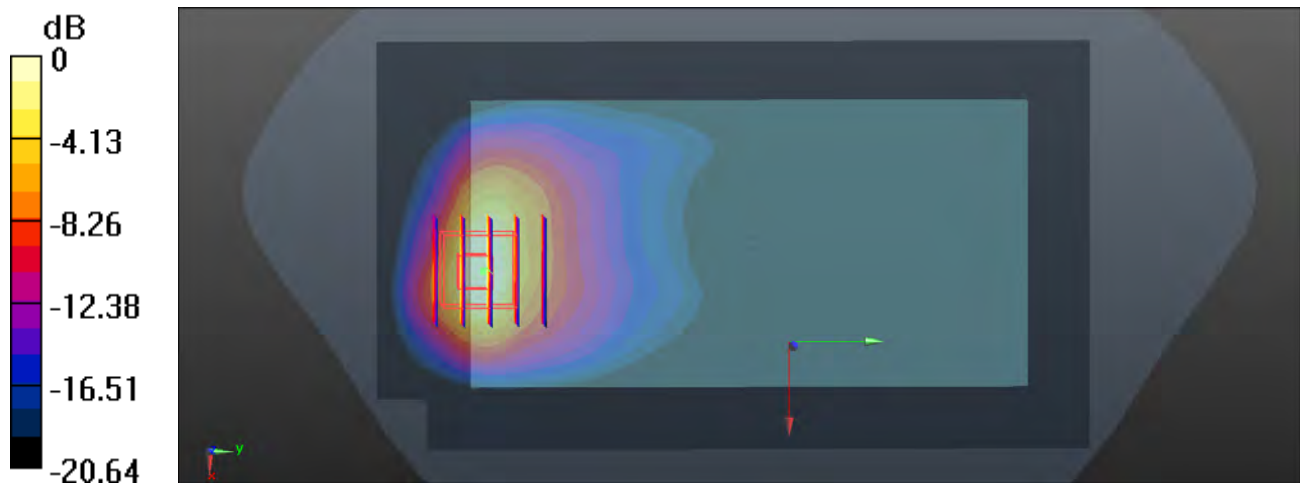
Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 5.119 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.53 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 3.2 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.2 W/kg



0 dB = 11.2 W/kg = 10.49 dBW/kg

29_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_0mm_Ch9538

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_151122 Medium parameters used: $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.559$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.183$;

ρ

$= 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature : 23.4°C ; Liquid Temperature : 22.6°C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9538/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.2 W/kg

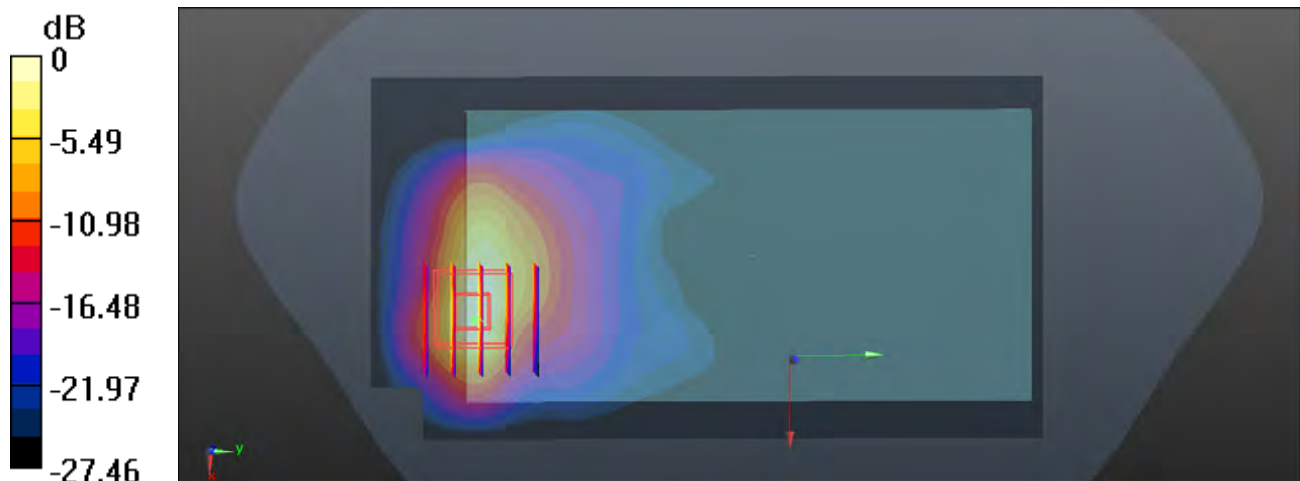
Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 1.118 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.22 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 3.52 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.6 W/kg



0 dB = 16.6 W/kg = 12.20 dBW/kg

30_LTE Band17_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Back_0mm_Ch23790

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 710 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_750_151127 Medium parameters used: $f = 710$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.891$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.727$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.72, 9.72, 9.72); Calibrated: 2015.4.24;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch23790/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.03 W/kg

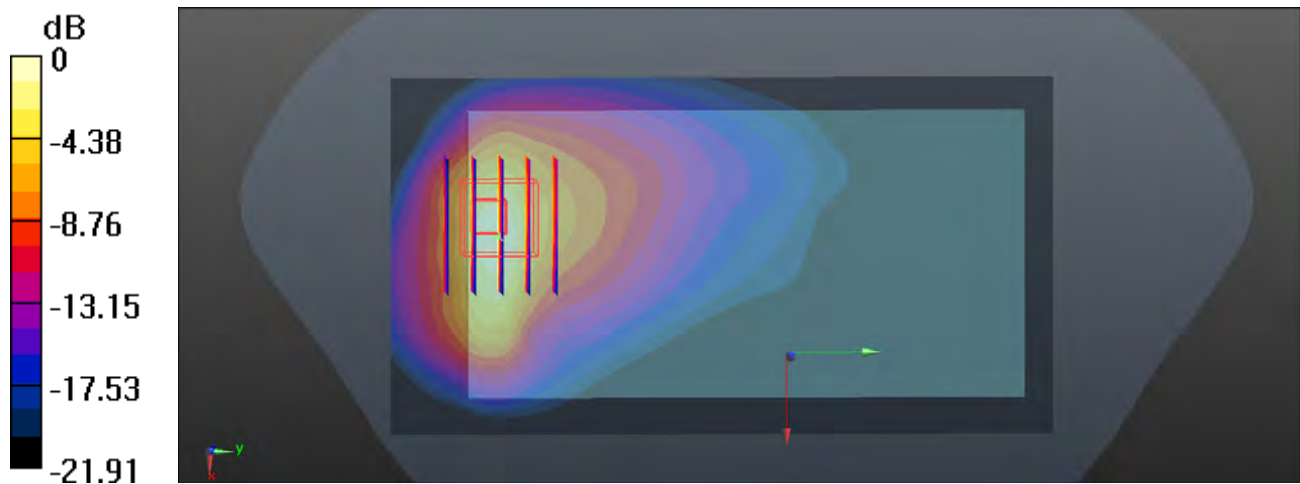
Ch23790/Zoom Scan (6x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.499 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.10 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.454 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.91 W/kg



0 dB = 1.91 W/kg = 2.81 dBW/kg

31_LTE Band5_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Back_0mm_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_835_151127 Medium parameters used: $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.971$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.674$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3661; ConvF(9.68, 9.68, 9.68); Calibrated: 2015.4.24;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20525/Area Scan (71x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.87 W/kg

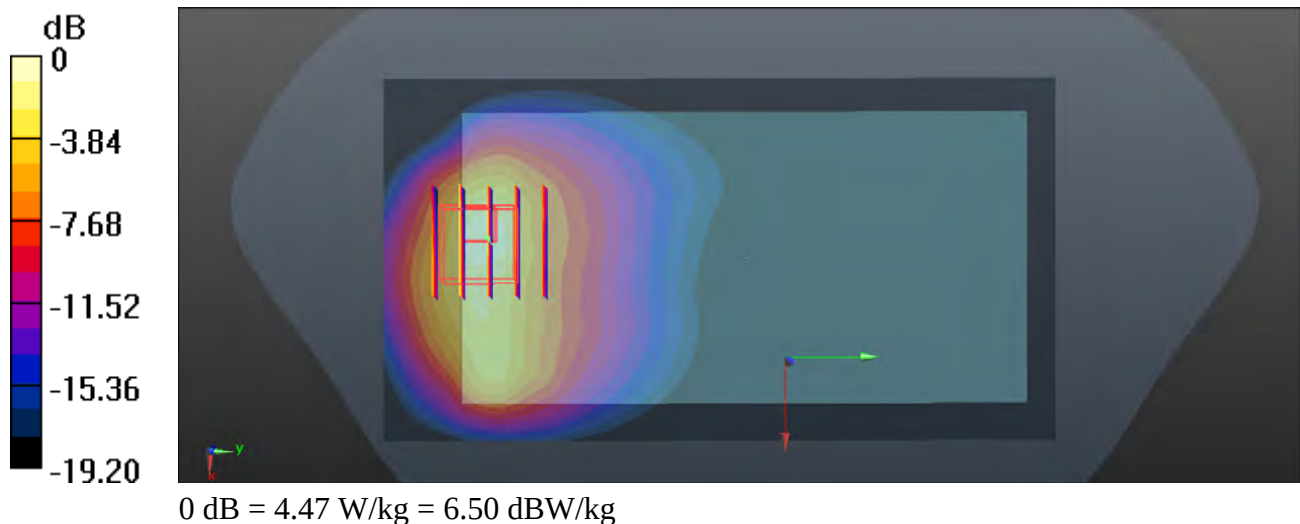
Ch20525/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.065 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.98 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.64 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.24 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.47 W/kg



32_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Back_0mm_Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_151129 Medium parameters used: $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.34$;

$\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.77, 7.77, 7.77); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.4 W/kg

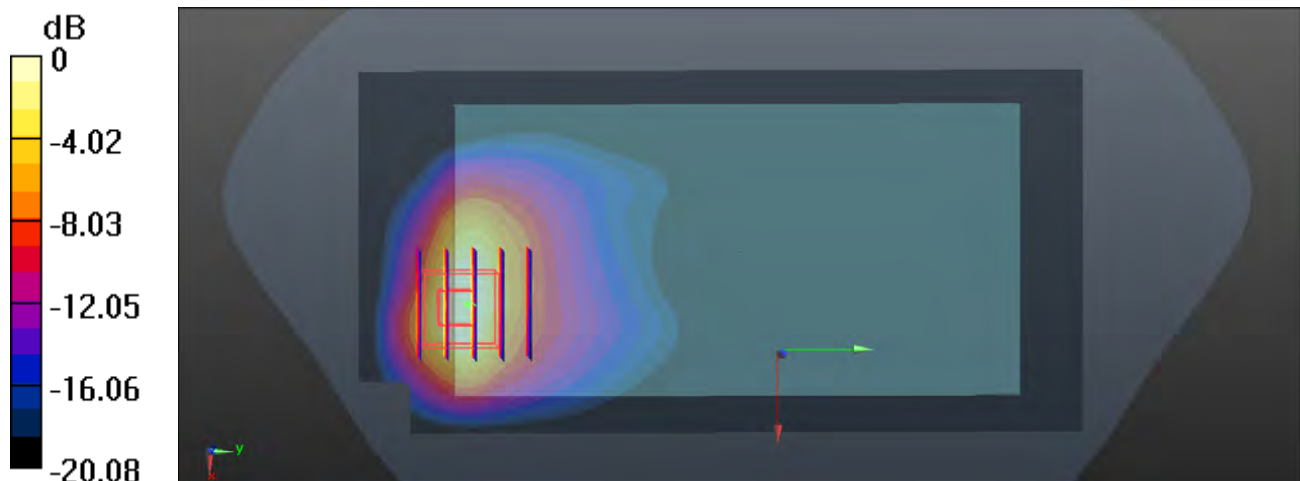
Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.966 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.59 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 W/kg



0 dB = 11.7 W/kg = 10.68 dBW/kg

33_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Back_0mm_Ch19100

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_151122 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.55$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.207$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Ambient Temperature : 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch19100/Area Scan (71x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.1 W/kg

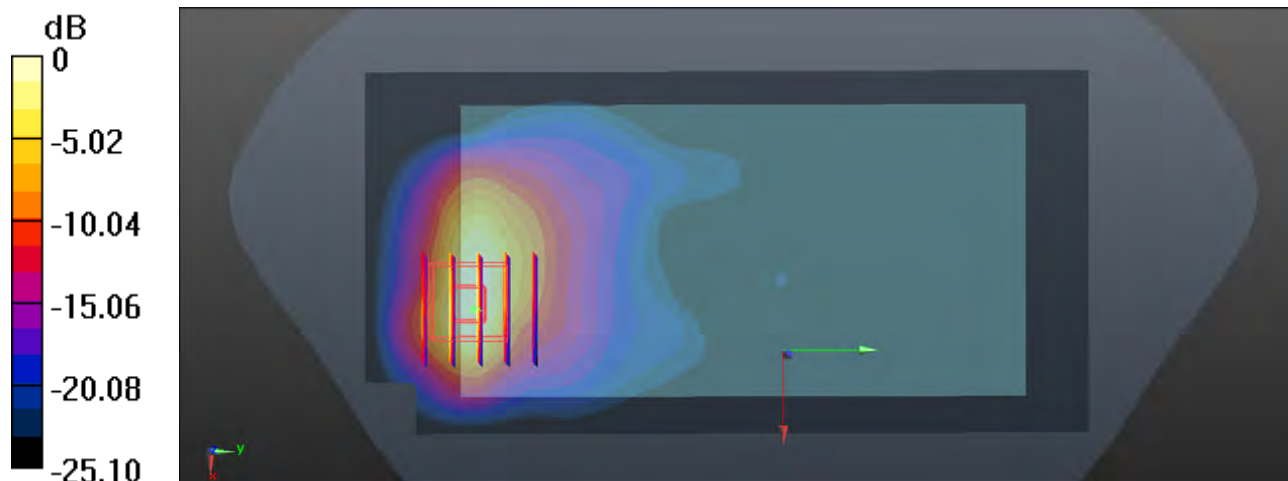
Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.458 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.3 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.1 W/kg



0 dB = 13.1 W/kg = 11.17 dBW/kg

34_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1M_Back_0mm_Ch6

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.024

Medium: MSL_2450_151108 Medium parameters used: $f = 2437$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.969$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 51.462$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.5 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.8 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3857; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 2015.5.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2015.5.21
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch6/Area Scan (91x161x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 5.25 W/kg

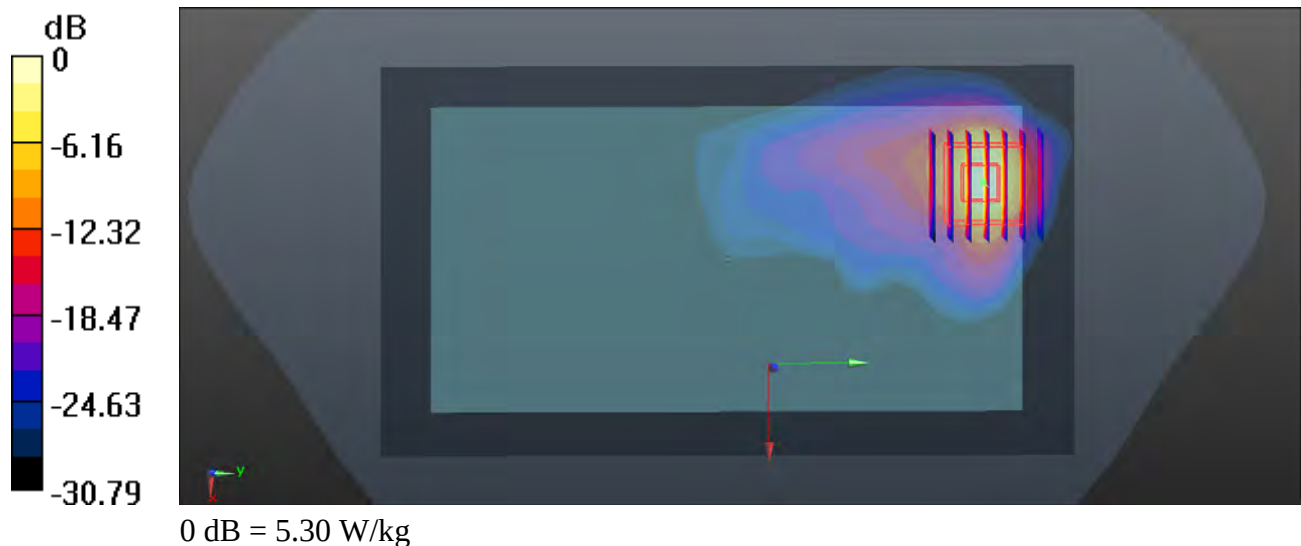
Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.175 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 8.46 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.93 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.906 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.30 W/kg



35_WLAN5.2G_802.11a 6M_Back_0mm_Ch36

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5180 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.149

Medium: MSL_5000_151109 Medium parameters used: $f = 5180$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.386$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 48.679$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(4.32, 4.32, 4.32); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch36/Area Scan (111x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.98 W/kg

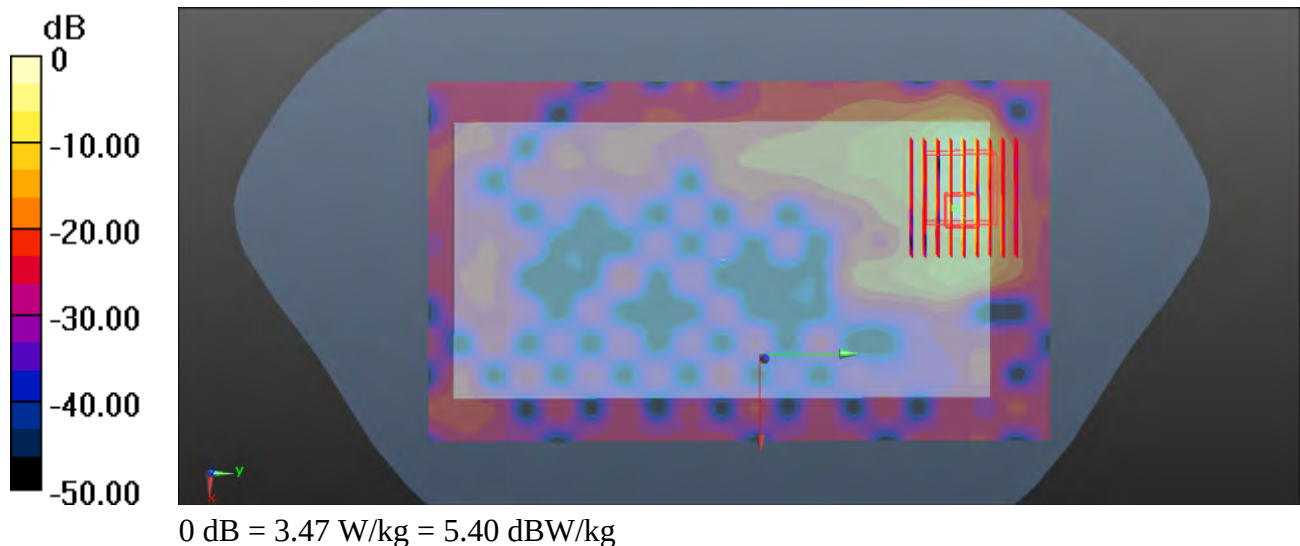
Ch36/Zoom Scan (10x9x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 0.2860 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 6.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.47 W/kg



36_WLAN5.8G_802.11a 6M_Back_0mm_Ch149

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 5745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.149

Medium: MSL_5000_151109 Medium parameters used: $f = 5745$ MHz; $\sigma = 6.207$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 47.584$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3954; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2014.11.21;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2015.7.21
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1644
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch149/Area Scan (111x191x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.95 W/kg

Ch149/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.290 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.38 W/kg

Ch149/Zoom Scan (8x8x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.857 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.220 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.04 W/kg

