Variant Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) RF Emissions Test Report

APPLICANT	: ZTE CORPORATION
EQUIPMENT	: WCDMA/CDMA/LTE Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone
BRAND NAME	: ZTE
MODEL NAME	: ZTE A2017U
FCC ID	: SRQ-ZTEA2017U
STANDARD	: FCC 47 CFR §20.19 ANSI C63.19-2011

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

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Testing Laboratory
2627

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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
HA631604-03A	Rev. 01	This is a variant report for ZTE A2017U. The product equality declaration could be referred to Appendix E. All the test cases were performed in original report which can be referred to SPORTON Report Number HA631604A. Based on the original test report, only the worst cases were verified for the differences.	Sep. 27, 2016

1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Equipment Name	WCDMA/CDMA/LTE Multi-Mode Digital Mobile Phone
Brand Name	ZTE
Model Name	ZTE A2017U
FCC ID	SRQ-ZTEA2017U
IMEI Code	990006780015052
HW Version	wwdB
SW Version	A2017UV1.0.0B07
EUT Stage	Production Unit
HAC Rating	M3
Date Tested	2016/09/20
Test Result	Pass

This device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47 CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (KUNSHAN) INC.
Test Site Location	No. 3-2, PingXiang Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu Province, P. R. China TEL: +86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: +86-0512-5790-0958
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No. : **SAR01-KS**
Applicant	
Company Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P. R. China
Manufacturer	
Company Name	ZTE CORPORATION
Address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P. R. China

3. Equipment Under Test Information

3.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz CDMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz CDMA 2000 BC10: 817.9 MHz ~ 823.1 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz LTE Band 30: 2305 MHz ~ 2315 MHz LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	•GSM/GPRS/EGPRS •AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps •HSDPA •HSUPA •DC-HSDPA •HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is not supported) •CDMA2000 : 1xRTT/1xEv-Do(Rel.0)/1xEv-Do(Rev.A) •LTE: QPSK, 16QAM •802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 •802.11a/n HT20/HT40 •802.11ac VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 •Bluetooth v3.0 + EDR, Bluetooth v4.0 LE, Bluetooth v4.2 LE •NFC: ASK

Remark:

1. This device has two antennas. The Primary Cellular Antenna is located on the bottom edge of the device and the Secondary Cellular Antenna is located on the top edge of the device.
2. The device is capable of switching between the Top antenna and Bottom antenna based on signal strength. The antenna switching is implemented with a physical, “break-before-make” switch such that only one antenna can be used for cellular transmission at a time.
3. When the phone is in talking mode, a proximity sensor is used to detect if the head is close enough to the phone, and modem will perform power reduction in GSM1900, WCDMA band 2/4/5, CDMA BC1, LTE 2/4/25/30 at top antenna. So when test these bands at top antenna using reduced power. Other WWAN bands at top antenna with full power. For WWAN Bottom antenna and all WLAN has no sensor reduction power mechanism.
4. LTE Band 7 and Band 41 are not active at WWAN Top antenna.

3.2 Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Type	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	OTT	Power Reduction
GSM	850	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	NA	No
	1900			WLAN, BT	NA	Yes
	GPRS/EDGE	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	No
WCDMA	Band V	VO	Yes (1)	WLAN, BT	NA	Yes
	Band IV			WLAN, BT	NA	Yes
	Band II			WLAN, BT	NA	Yes
	HSPA	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	Yes
CDMA	BC0	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	NA	No
	BC1			WLAN, BT	NA	Yes
	BC10			WLAN, BT	NA	No
	EVDO	DT	No	WLAN, BT	Yes	No
LTE	Band 2	VD	Yes(1,3)	WLAN, BT	Yes	Yes
	Band 4			WLAN, BT		Yes
	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 12			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 13			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 17			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 25			WLAN, BT		Yes
	Band 26			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 30			WLAN, BT		Yes
	Band 41			WLAN, BT		No
WLAN	2450	VD	Yes(2,3)	GSM, CDMA, WCDMA, LTE	Yes	No
	5200			GSM, CDMA, WCDMA, LTE		No
	5800			GSM, CDMA, WCDMA, LTE		No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM, CDMA, WCDMA, LTE	NA	No

VO=CMRS Voice Service
DT=Digital Transport
VD=CMRS IP Voice Service and Digital Transport

Remark:
1. WCDMA and LTE is exempted from testing by low power exemption that its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤17 dBm, and is rated as M4
2. For 2.4GHz WLAN RF emissions testing exemption shall be applied to an RF air interface technology in a device whose Peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals ≤50 μs, is ≤23 dBm.
3. No Associated T-Coil measurement has been made in accordance with KDB 285076 D02 T-Coil testing for CMRS IP

3.3 Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v04r01
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing for CMRS IP v02

4. HAC RF Emission

FCC wireless hearing aid compatibility rules ensure that consumers with hearing loss are able to access wireless communications services through a wide selection of handsets without experiencing disabling radio frequency (RF) interference or other technical obstacles.

To define and measure the hearing aid compatibility of handsets, in CFR47 part 20.19 ANSI C63.19 is referenced. A handset is considered hearing aid-compatible for acoustic coupling if it meets a rating of at least M3 under ANSI C63.19, and A handset is considered hearing aid compatible for inductive coupling if it meets a rating of at least T3.

According to ANSI C63.19 2011 version, for acoustic coupling, the RF electric field emissions of wireless communication devices should be measured and rated according to the emission level as below.

Emission Categories	E-field emissions	
	<960Mhz	>960Mhz
M1	50 to 55 dB (V/m)	40 to 45 dB (V/m)
M2	45 to 50 dB (V/m)	35 to 40 dB (V/m)
M3	40 to 45 dB (V/m)	30 to 35 dB (V/m)
M4	<40 dB (V/m)	<30 dB (V/m)

Table 4.1 Telephone near-field categories in linear units

5. Measurement System Specification

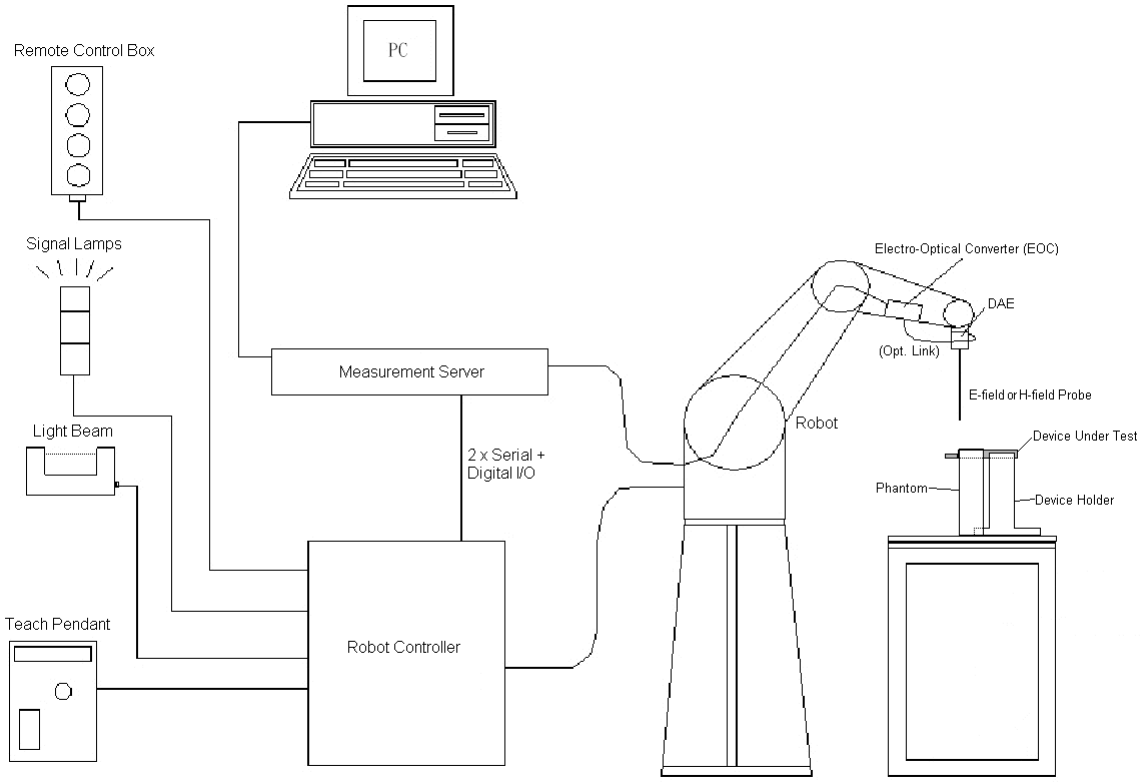
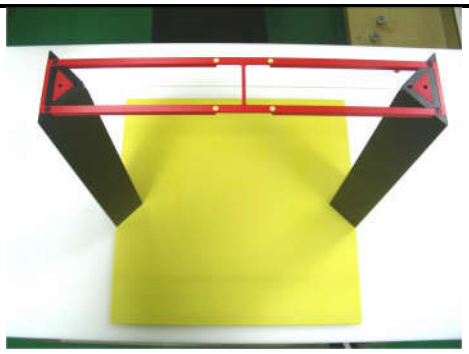


Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY5 System Configurations

5.1 Test Arch Phantom

Construction :	Enables easy and well defined positioning of the phone and validation dipoles as well as simple teaching of the robot.	
Dimensions :	370 x 370 x 370 mm	**Fig 5.8 Photo of Arch Phantom**

5.2 E-Field Probe System

E-Field Probe Specification
<ER3DV6>

Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges
Calibration	In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy ±6.0%, k=2)
Frequency	100 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 2.0 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to 1000 V/m (M3 or better device readings fall well below diode compression point)
Linearity	± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm

Fig 5.2 Photo of E-field Probe

Probe Tip Description:

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10%per mm).

5.3 System Hardware

DAE
The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit.
Robot
The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used.

5.4 Data Storage and Evaluation

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files.

Probe parameters：	- Sensitivity	$Norm_i$, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}
	- Conversion factor	$ConvF_i$
	- Diode compression point	dcp_i
Device parameters：	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters：	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

The formula for each channel can be given as：

$$\mathbf{V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated：

E-field Probes：$\mathbf{E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}}$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
$Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), μV/(V/m)^2 for E-field Probes
ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
f = carrier frequency [GHz]
E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude)：

$$\mathbf{E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

5.5 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Dipole	CD835V3	1171	2016/1/27	2017/1/26
SPEAG	Dipole	CD1880V3	1155	2016/1/27	2017/1/26
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1210	2016/5/18	2017/5/17
SPEAG	Probe	ER3DV6	2476	2015/11/25	2016/11/24
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	Par phantom	1105	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY52102706	2016/4/22	2017/4/21
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201074235	2015/10/15	2016/10/14
AR	Amplifier	551G4	333096	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	0917070	2016/1/20	2017/1/19
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1005002	2016/1/20	2017/1/19
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	NA	NA
MCL	Attenuation	BW-S10W5	N/A	NA	NA

Table 5.1 Test Equipment List

Note:

1. NCR: “No-Calibration Required”

6. Measurement System Validation

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the test Arch and a corresponding distance holder.

6.1 Purpose of System Performance Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal HAC measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

6.2 System Setup

1. In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator.
2. The center point of the probe element(s) is 15mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.
3. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the arch phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

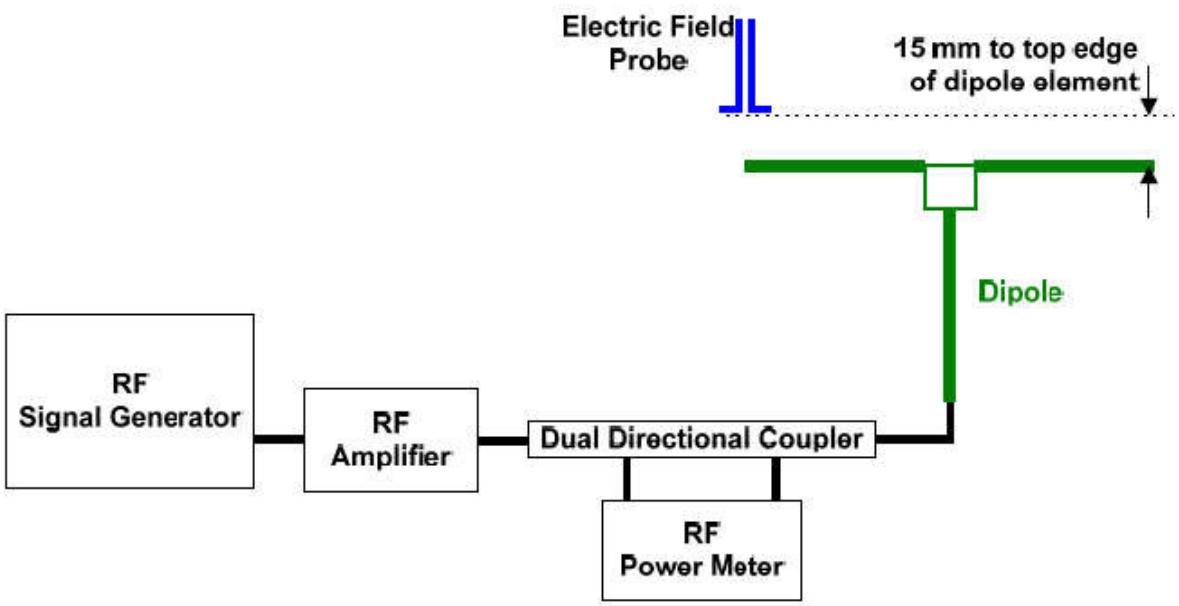


Fig. 6.1 System Validation Setup

The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.

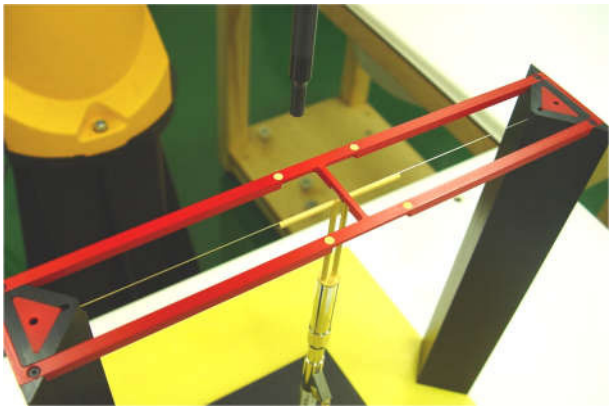


Fig 7.2 Dipole Setup

6.3 Verification Results

Comparing to the original E-field value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 25 %. Table 6.1 shows the target value and measured value. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to appendix A of this report.

Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Target Value (V/m)	E-Field above high end (V/m)	E-Field above low end (V/m)	Average Value (V/m)	Deviation (%)	Date
835	20	106	107.6	99.66	103.63	-2.24	2016/9/20
1880	20	89.1	86.83	86.59	86.71	-2.68	2016/9/20

Table 6.1 Test Results of System Validation

Note: Deviation = ((Average E-field Value) - (Target value)) / (Target value) * 100%

7. RF Emissions Test Procedure

Referenced from ANSI C63.19 -2011 section 5.5.1

a) Confirm the proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, and other instrumentation and the positioning system.

b) Position the WD in its intended test position.

c) Set the WD to transmit a fixed and repeatable combination of signal power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) encountered in normal use. Transiently occurring start-up, changeover, or termination conditions, or other operations likely to occur less than 1% of the time during normal operation, may be excluded from consideration.

d) The center sub-grid shall be centered on the T-Coil mode perpendicular measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane, refer to illustrated in Figure 8.2. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.

e) Record the reading at the output of the measurement system.

f) Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equality spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point, The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.

g) Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.

h) Identify the maximum reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step g).

i) *Indirect measurement method*

The RF audio interference level in dB (V/m) is obtained by adding the MIF (in dB) to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading, in dB (V/m)

j) Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 8 and record the resulting WD category rating.

k) For the T-Coil mode M-rating assessment, determine whether the chosen perpendicular measurement point is contained in an included sub-grid of the first scan. If so, then a second scan is not necessary. The first scan and resultant category rating may be used for the T-Coil mode M rating.

Otherwise, repeat step a) through step i), with the grid shifted so that it is centered on the perpendicular measurement point. Record the WD category rating.

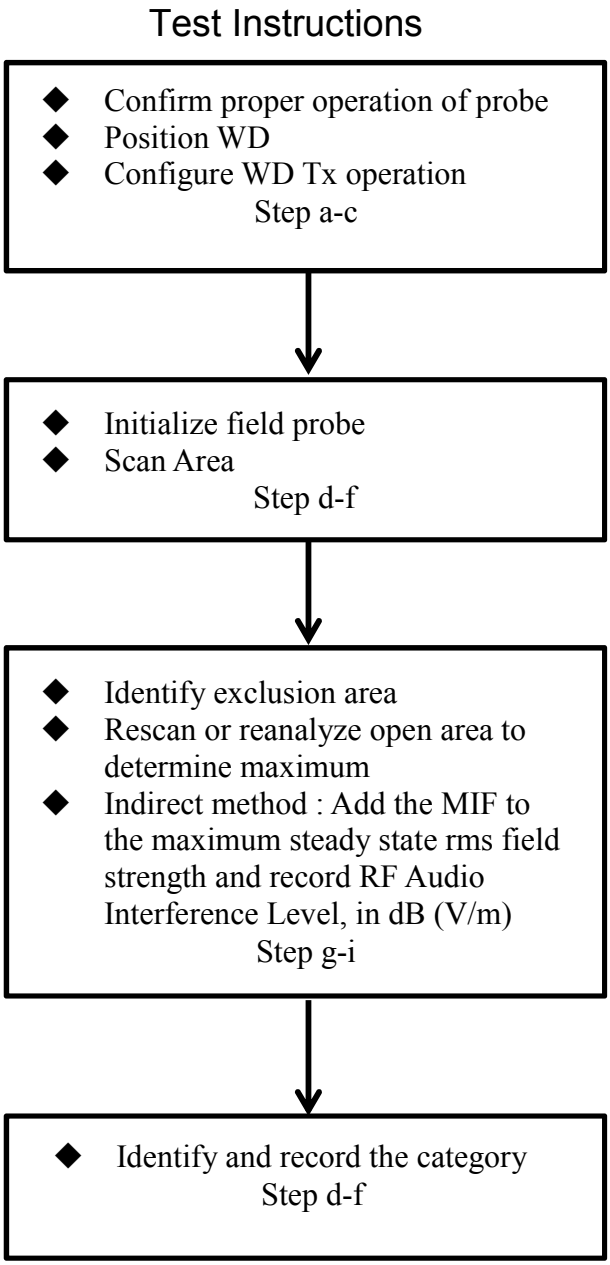


Fig 8.1 Flow Chart of HAC RF Emission

Fig 8.2 EUT reference and plane for HAC RF emission measurements

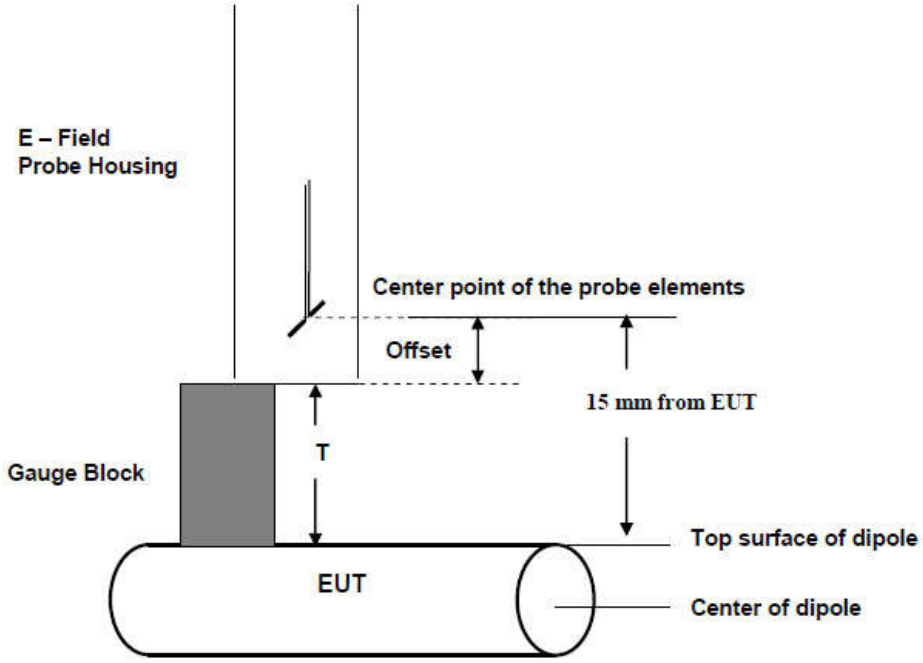


Fig. 8.3 Gauge block with E-field probe

8. Modulation Interference Factor

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF).

For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a modulation interference factor (MIF, expressed in dB) may be developed that relates its interference potential to its steady-state rms signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field-strength and conducted power measurements. It is important to emphasize that the MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristic. Any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF

The Modulation Interference factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF Audio Interference level (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classifications as ANSI C63.19-2011.

ER3D, EF3D and EU2D E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the indirect measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading. Probe Modulation Response (PMR) calibration linearizes the probe response over its dynamic range for specific modulations which are characterized by their UID and result in an uncertainty specified in the probe calibration certificate. The MIF is characteristic for a given waveform envelope and can be used as a constant conversion factor if the probe has been PMR calibrated.

The evaluation method for the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is scaled to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. MIF measurement requires additional instrumentation and is not well suited for evaluation by the end user with reasonable uncertainty. It may alliteratively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constant and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well-defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined by simulation and it is automatically applied.

MIF values applied in this test report were provided by the HAC equipment provider, SPEAG, and the values are listed below

UID	Communication System Name	MIF(dB)
10021	GSM-FDD(TDMA,GMSK)	3.63
10011	UMTS-FDD(WCDMA)	-27.23
10039	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	-19.77
10081	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	-19.71
10295	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1 SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.)	3.26
10100	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,100%RB,20MHz,QPSK)	-23.48
10101	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,100%RB,20MHz,16-QAM)	-17.86
10108	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,100%RB,10MHz,QPSK)	-21.57
10109	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,100%RB,10MHz,16-QAM)	-16.87
10110	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,100%RB,5MHz,QPSK)	-23.39
10111	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,100%RB,5MHz,16-QAM)	-16.35
10139	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,100%RB,15MHz,QPSK)	-18.25
10140	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,100%RB,15MHz,16-QAM)	-19.37
10142	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,100%RB,3MHz,QPSK)	-22.36
10143	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,100%RB,3MHz,16-QAM)	-14.75
10145	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,100%RB,1.4MHz,QPSK)	-17.39
10146	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,100%RB,1.4MHz,16-QAM)	-13.6
10148	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,50%RB,20MHz,QPSK)	-18.28
10149	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,50%RB,20MHz,16-QAM)	-16.87
10154	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,50%RB,10MHz,QPSK)	-23.42
10155	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,50%RB,10MHz,16-QAM	-16.36
10156	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,50%RB,5MHz,QPSK)	-21.71
10157	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,50%RB,5MHz,16-QAM)	-15.78
10160	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,50%RB,15MHz,QPSK)	-17.95
10161	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,50%RB,15MHz,16-QAM)	-17.54
10163	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,50%RB,3MHz,QPSK)	-19.99
10164	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,50%RB,3MHz,16-QAM)	-14.41
10166	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,50%RB,1.4MHz,QPSK)	-18.1
10167	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,50%RB,1.4MHz,16-QAM)	-12.15
10169	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,20MHz,QPSK)	-15.63
10170	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,20MHz,16-QAM)	-9.76
10175	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,10MHz,QPSK)	-15.63
10176	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,10MHz,16-QAM)	-9.76
10177	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,5MHz,QPSK)	-15.63
10178	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,5MHz,16-QAM	-9.76
10181	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,15MHz,QPSK)	-15.63
10182	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,15MHz,16-QAM)	-9.76
10184	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,3MHz,QPSK)	-15.62
10185	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,3MHz,16-QAM)	-9.76
10187	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,1.4MHz,QPSK)	-15.62
10188	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,1.4MHz,16-QAM)	-9.76
10103	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	-1.64
10104	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.66
10105	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.64
10151	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	-1.64
10152	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.66
10153	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.66
10172	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	-1.62
10173	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.44
10174	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.54
10226	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.44
10227	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.54
10228	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	-1.62
10226	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.44
10227	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.54
10228	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	-1.62

UID	Communication System Name	MIF(dB)
10226	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.44
10227	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.54
10228	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	-1.62
10229	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.44
10230	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.54
10231	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	-1.62
10232	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM	-1.44
10233	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.54
10234	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	-1.62
10235	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.44
10236	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.54
10237	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	-1.62
10238	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.44
10239	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.54
10240	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	-1.62
10241	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.58
10242	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.57
10243	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	-1.65
10244	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.65
10245	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.68
10246	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	-1.65
10247	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.67
10248	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.66
10249	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	-1.64
10250	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.65
10251	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.67
10252	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	-1.64
10253	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.67
10254	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.67
10255	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	-1.64
10256	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.65
10257	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.64
10258	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	-1.65
10259	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.65
10260	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.65
10261	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	-1.64
10262	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.65
10263	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.67
10264	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	-1.65
10265	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.66
10266	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.66
10267	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	-1.64
10268	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.67
10269	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.69
10270	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	-1.65

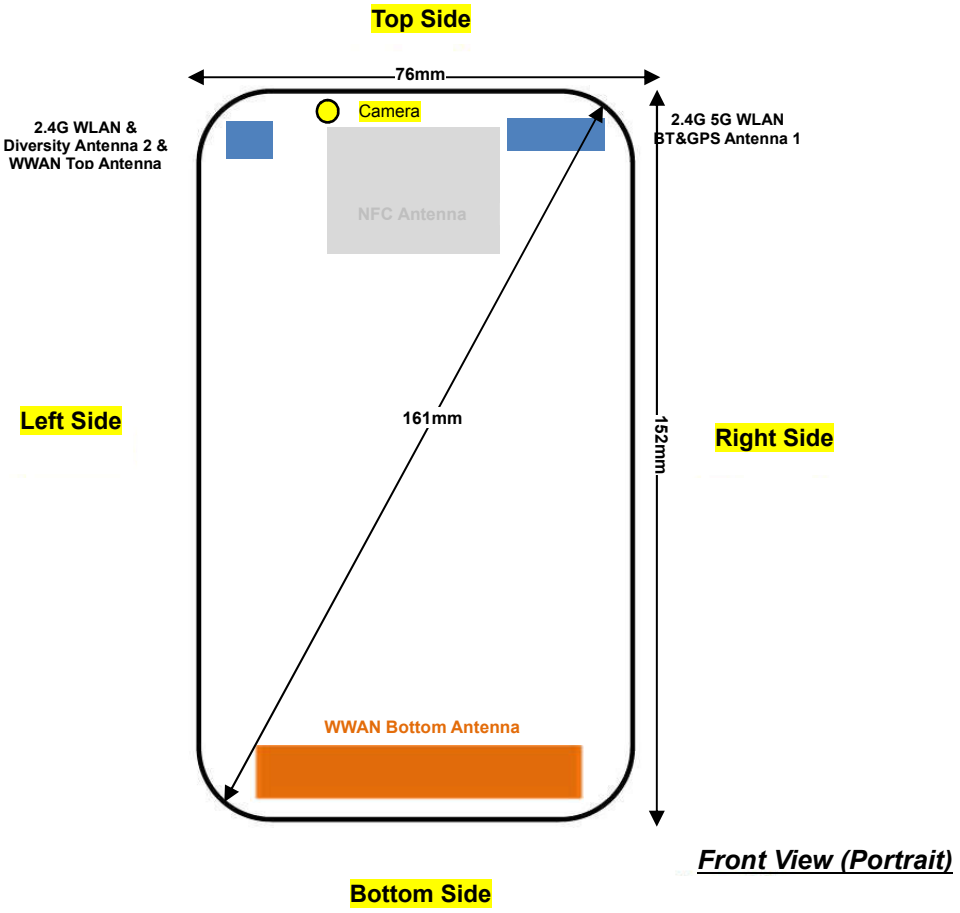
The MIF measurement uncertainty is estimated as follows, declared by HAC equipment provider SPEAG, for modulation frequencies from slotted waveforms with fundamental frequency and at least 2 harmonics within 10 kHz:

i) 0.2 dB for MIF: -7 to +5 dB,

ii) 0.5 dB for MIF: -13 to +11 dB

iii) 1 dB for MIF: > -20 dB

9. Antenna Location



10. Low-power Exemption

<Max Tune-up Limit>

<Top Antenna>

<Proximity Sensor Inactive>

Mode		Average Power (dBm)
GSM	GSM850	33.00
	GSM1900	32.00
WCDMA	Band V	25.00
	Band IV	23.00
	Band II	24.50
CDMA	BC 0	23.50
	BC 1	24.50
	BC 10	24.00
LTE	Band 12	24.50
	Band 13	24.50
	Band 17	24.50
	Band 5	24.50
	Band 4	23.00
	Band 2	23.50
	Band 25	23.50
	Band 26	24.50
	Band 30	24.50
2.4GHz WLAN		15.00
5.2GHz WLAN		13.00
5.8GHz WLAN		13.50

<Proximity Sensor Active>

Mode		Average Power (dBm)
GSM	GSM1900	29.50
WCDMA	Band V	24.00
	Band IV	20.00
	Band II	21.50
CDMA	BC 1	21.50
LTE	Band 4	20.00
	Band 2	21.50
	Band 25	21.50
	Band 30	21.00

<Bottom Antenna>

Mode		Average Power (dBm)
GSM	GSM850	33.00
	GSM1900	32.00
WCDMA	Band V	25.00
	Band IV	23.00
	Band II	24.50
CDMA	BC 0	23.50
	BC 1	24.50
	BC 10	24.00
LTE	Band 12	24.50
	Band 13	24.50
	Band 17	24.50
	Band 5	24.50
	Band 4	23.00
	Band 2	23.50
	Band 25	23.50
	Band 26	24.50
	Band 7	24.50
	Band 30	24.50
	Band 41	23.00

<Low Power Exemption>

Air Interface	Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
GSM850	33.00	3.63	36.63	Yes
GSM1900	32.00	3.63	35.63	Yes
WCDMA Band V	25.00	-27.23	-2.23	No
WCDMA Band IV	23.00	-27.23	-4.23	No
WCDMA Band II	24.50	-27.23	-2.73	No
CDMA2000 BC0 (1/8th Frame Rate)	23.50	3.26	26.76	Yes
CDMA2000 BC0 (Full Frame Rate)	23.50	-19.71	3.79	No
CDMA2000 BC1 (1/8th Frame Rate)	24.50	3.26	27.76	Yes
CDMA2000 BC1 (Full Frame Rate)	24.50	-19.71	4.79	No
CDMA2000 BC10 (1/8th Frame Rate)	24.00	3.26	27.26	Yes
CDMA2000 BC10 (Full Frame Rate)	24.00	-19.71	4.29	No
LTE - FDD	24.50	-9.76	14.74	No
2.4GHz WLAN	15.00			No
5GHz WLAN	13.50			No

General Note:

1. According to ANSI C63.19 2011-version, for WWAN RF air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤17 dBm for any of its operating modes.
2. For LTE operation the worst case MIF plus the worst case average antenna input power for all modes are investigated to determine the testing requirements for this device.
3. According to ANSI C63.19 2011, for WLAN RF emissions testing exemption shall be applied to an RF air interface technology in a device whose Peak antenna input power, averaged over intervals ≤50 μs, is ≤23 dBm.
4. Chose the all bands maximum power to calculate low power exemption.
5. HAC RF rating is M4 for the air interface which meets the low power exemption.

11. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

General Note:
The following power is listed for HAC measurement. Though top antenna has sensor function, some WWAN bands has full power and reduced power, we only test reduced power for normal using stage.

<Top Antenna>

Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)						
Air Interface	GSM850			GSM1900		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.82	31.82	31.89	29.10	29.18	29.33

Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)									
Band	WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II			WCDMA Band IV		
TX Channel	4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	1312	1413	1513
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
AMR 12.2Kbps	23.40	23.27	23.33	19.85	19.91	20.00	19.70	19.65	19.56

Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)									
Band	CDMA2000 BC0			CDMA2000 BC1			CDMA2000 BC10		
TX Channel	1013	384	777	25	600	1175	476	580	684
Frequency (MHz)	824.7	836.52	848.31	1851.25	1880	1908.75	817.9	820.5	823.1
1XRTT RC3 SO3_Full Rate	23.15	23.01	23.22	21.23	21.32	21.33	22.85	22.80	22.83
1XRTT RC1 SO3_1/8 Rate	23.26	23.11	23.40	21.24	21.34	21.34	22.90	22.93	22.95

<Bottom Antenna>

Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)						
Air Interface	GSM850			GSM1900		
Channel	128	189	251	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.82	31.82	31.89	30.21	30.70	30.72

Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)									
Band	WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II			WCDMA Band IV		
TX Channel	4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	1312	1413	1513
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
AMR 12.2Kbps	24.61	24.50	24.51	23.20	23.40	23.36	22.65	22.68	22.66

Average Antenna Input Power(dBm)									
Band	CDMA2000 BC0			CDMA2000 BC1			CDMA2000 BC10		
TX Channel	1013	384	777	25	600	1175	476	580	684
Frequency (MHz)	824.7	836.52	848.31	1851.25	1880	1908.75	817.9	820.5	823.1
1XRTT RC3 SO3_Full Rate	23.16	23.01	23.22	23.87	24.35	24.09	22.85	22.82	22.83
1XRTT RC1 SO3_1/8 Rate	23.28	23.11	23.39	23.77	24.21	24.08	22.90	22.91	22.93

12. HAC RF Emission Test Results

<Top Antenna>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Operating Mode	Channel	Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	MIF	RF audio interference level dB(V/m)	Margin to FCC M3 limit (dB)	M-Rating
1	GSM850	GSM Voice	189	31.82	3.63	36.41	8.59	M4
2	GSM1900	GSM Voice	661	29.18	3.63	33.72	1.28	M3
3	CDMA2000 BC10	RC1_SO3_1/8 Rate	684	22.95	3.26	27.21	17.79	M4
4	CDMA2000 BC0	RC1_SO3_1/8 Rate	777	23.40	3.26	27.60	17.40	M4
5	CDMA2000 BC1	RC1_SO3_1/8 Rate	1175	21.34	3.26	27.07	7.93	M4

<Bottom Antenna>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Operating Mode	Channel	Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	MIF	RF audio interference level dB(V/m)	Margin to FCC M3 limit (dB)	M-Rating
6	GSM850	GSM Voice	128	31.82	3.63	36.38	8.62	M4
7	GSM1900	GSM Voice	810	30.72	3.63	34.24	0.76	M3
8	CDMA2000 BC10	RC1_SO3_1/8 Rate	476	22.90	3.26	27.54	17.46	M4
9	CDMA2000 BC0	RC1_SO3_1/8 Rate	384	23.11	3.26	27.94	17.06	M4
10	CDMA2000 BC1	RC1_SO3_1/8 Rate	1175	24.08	3.26	28.91	6.09	M4

Remark:

1. The HAC measurement system applies MIF value onto the measured RMS E-field, which is indirect method in ANSI C63.19 2011 version, and reports the RF audio interference level.
2. The uncertainty is 0.2dB of MIF ranges from -7dB to +5dB. GSM1900 band with rating M3, GSM850, CDMA2000 BC10, CDMA2000 BC0 and CDMA2000 BC1 band with rating M4 would not be affected considering the MIF uncertainty.
3. There is special HAC mode software on this EUT.

Test Engineer：Nick Hu.

13. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual “root-sum-squares” (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 12.1.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (E)	Standard Uncertainty (E)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	5.1	Normal	1	1	± 5.1 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %
Sensor Displacement	16.5	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 9.5 %
Boundary Effects	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.4 %
Phantom Boundary Effects	7.2	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 4.1 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %
Scaling with PMR Calibration	10.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 5.77 %
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7 %
RF Reflections	12.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 6.9 %
Probe Positioner	1.2	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.7 %
Probe Positioning	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %
Extrap. and Interpolation	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related					
Device Positioning Vertical	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %
Device Positioning Lateral	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6 %
Device Holder and Phantom	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.4 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup Related					
Phantom Thickness	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.4 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty					± 16.30 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %					K = 2
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Power					**± 32.6 %**
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Field					**± 16.3 %**

Table 12.1 Uncertainty Budget of HAC free field assessment

Remark:

Worst-Case uncertainty budget for HAC free field assessment according to ANSIC63.19 [1], [2]. The budget is valid for the frequency range 700 MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst case analysis.

14. References

[1] ANSI C63.19-2011, “American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids”, 27 May 2011.

[2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v04r01, “Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility”, Apr 2016

[3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v02, “Guidance for Performing T-Coil tests for Air Interfaces Supporting Voice over IP”, Apr 2016

[4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.9.20

HAC_E_Dipole_835_160920

DUT: HAC Dipole 835 MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃

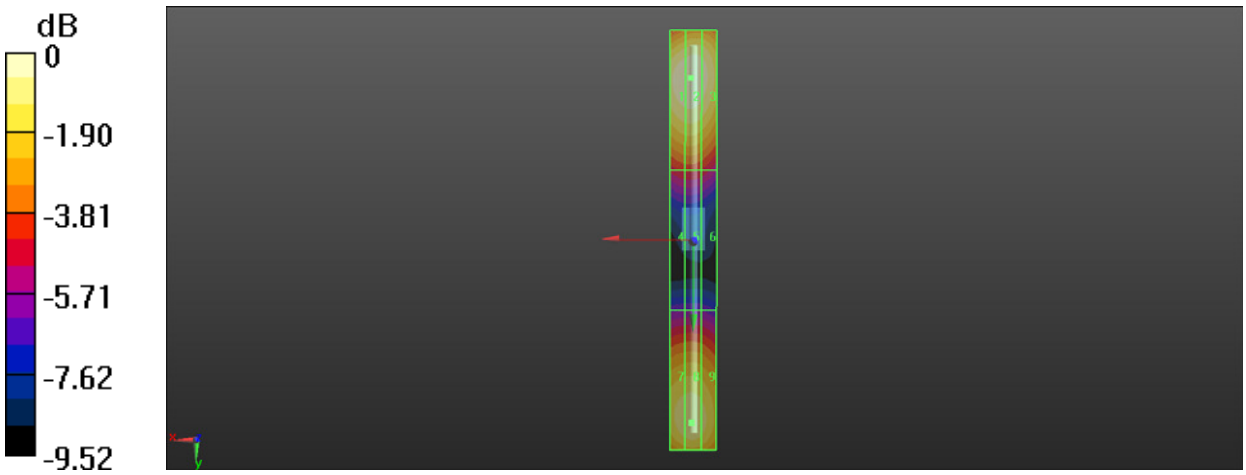
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2476; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.11.25;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD835 = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x361x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 96.25 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.
E-field emissions = 107.6 V/m
Average value of Total=(107.6+99.66)/2=103.63 V/m

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M4** **106.3 V/m**	Grid 2 **M4** **107.6 V/m**	Grid 3 **M4** **104.8 V/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **67.12 V/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **65.34 V/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **64.92 V/m**
Grid 7 **M4** **98.10 V/m**	Grid 8 **M4** **99.66 V/m**	Grid 9 **M4** **96.23 V/m**

Cursor:
Total = 107.6 V/m
E Category: M4
Location: 1, -69.5, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 107.6 V/m = 40.48 dBV/m

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.9.20

HAC_E_Dipole_1880_160920

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃

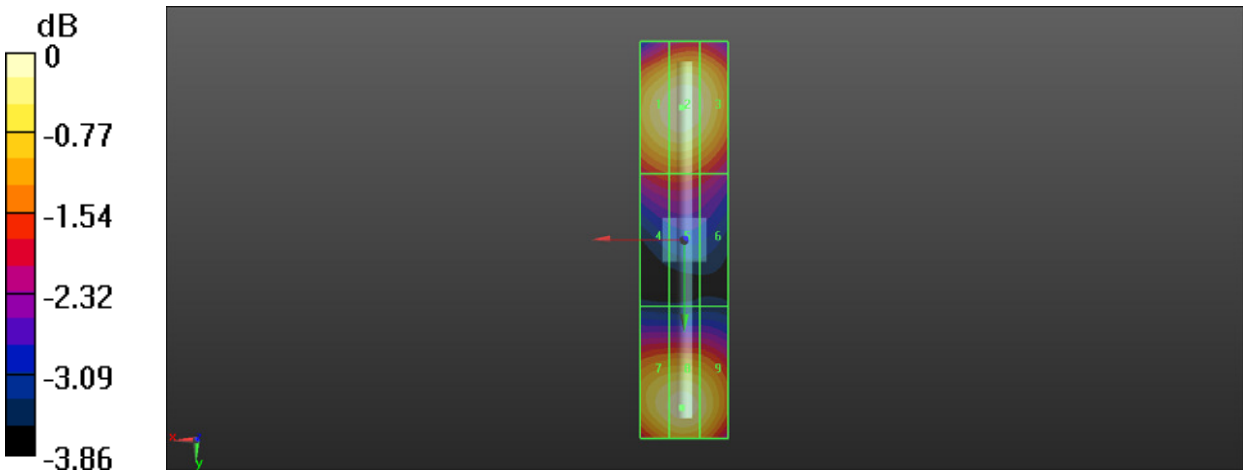
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2476; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.11.25;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

E Scan - measurement distance from the probe sensor center to CD1880 = 15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test at 15mm distance (41x181x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 142.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB
PMR not calibrated. PMF = 1.000 is applied.
E-field emissions = 86.99 V/m
Average value of Total=(86.83+86.59)/2=86.71 V/m

PMF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M3** **85.02 V/m**	Grid 2 **M3** **86.83 V/m**	Grid 3 **M3** **85.34 V/m**
Grid 4 **M3** **71.47 V/m**	Grid 5 **M3** **72.72 V/m**	Grid 6 **M3** **71.21 V/m**
Grid 7 **M3** **84.89 V/m**	Grid 8 **M3** **86.59 V/m**	Grid 9 **M3** **84.21 V/m**

Cursor:
Total = 86.83 V/m
E Category: M3
Location: 0.5, -30, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 82.95 V/m = 38.38 dBV/m

Appendix B. Plots of RF Emission Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2016.9.20

1 HAC RF GSM850_Voice_Ch189_E

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃;

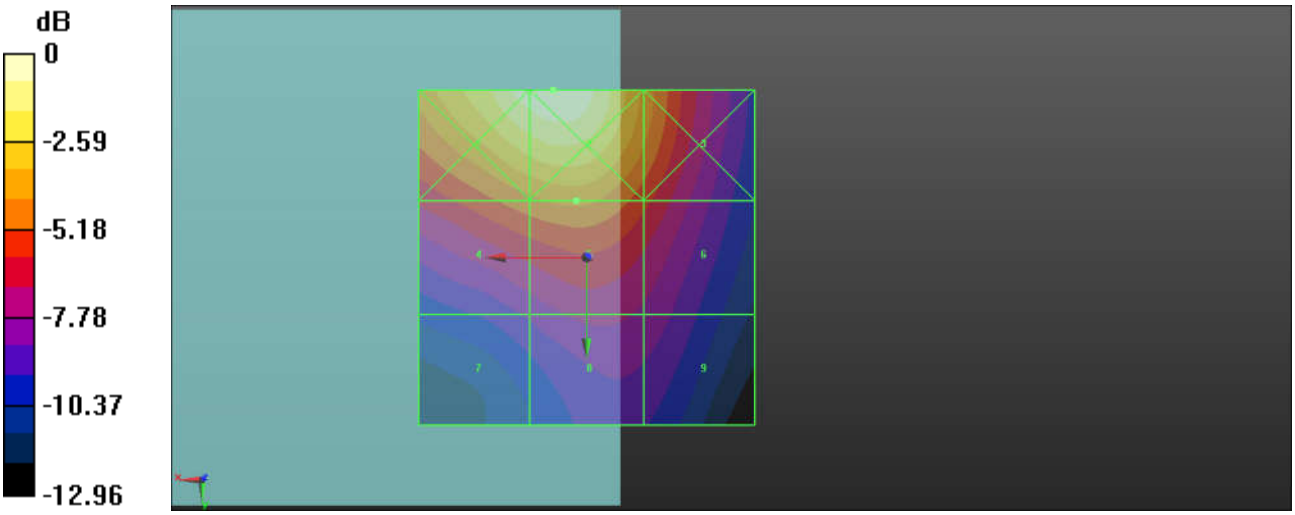
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2476; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.11.25;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch189/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 57.70 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB
Applied MIF = 3.63 dB
RF audio interference level = 36.41 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M3** **40.13 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M3** **40.47 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M4** **36.8 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **35.93 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **36.41 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **34.77 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M4** **32.03 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M4** **32.96 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M4** **32.54 dBV/m**

Cursor:
Total = 40.47 dBV/m
E Category: M3
Location: 5, -25, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 105.5 V/m = 40.47 dBV/m

2 HAC RF GSM1900_Voice_Ch661_E

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃;

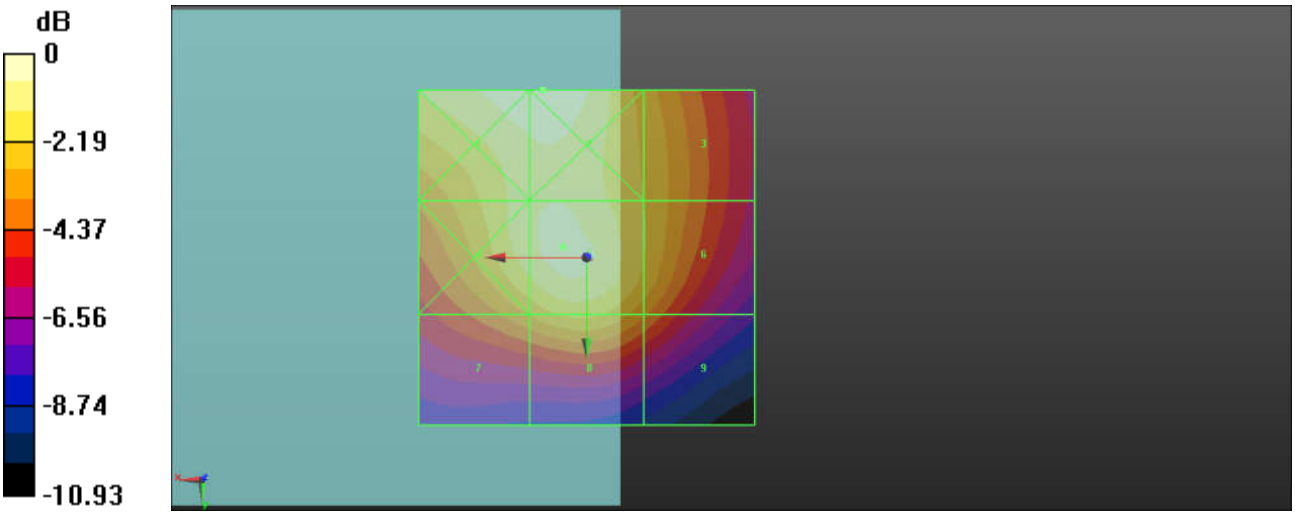
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2476; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.11.25;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch661/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 65.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Applied MIF = 3.63 dB
RF audio interference level = 33.72 dBV/m
Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M3** **34.09 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M3** **34.17 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M3** **32 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M3** **33.28 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M3** **33.72 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M3** **32.07 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M3** **31.3 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M3** **32.19 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M3** **30.69 dBV/m**

Cursor:
Total = 34.17 dBV/m
E Category: M3
Location: 6.5, -25, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 51.10 V/m = 34.17 dBV/m

3 HAC RF CDMA2000 BC10_RC1 SO3_Ch684_E

Communication System: UID 10295 - AAB, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 823.1 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:17.7
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃;

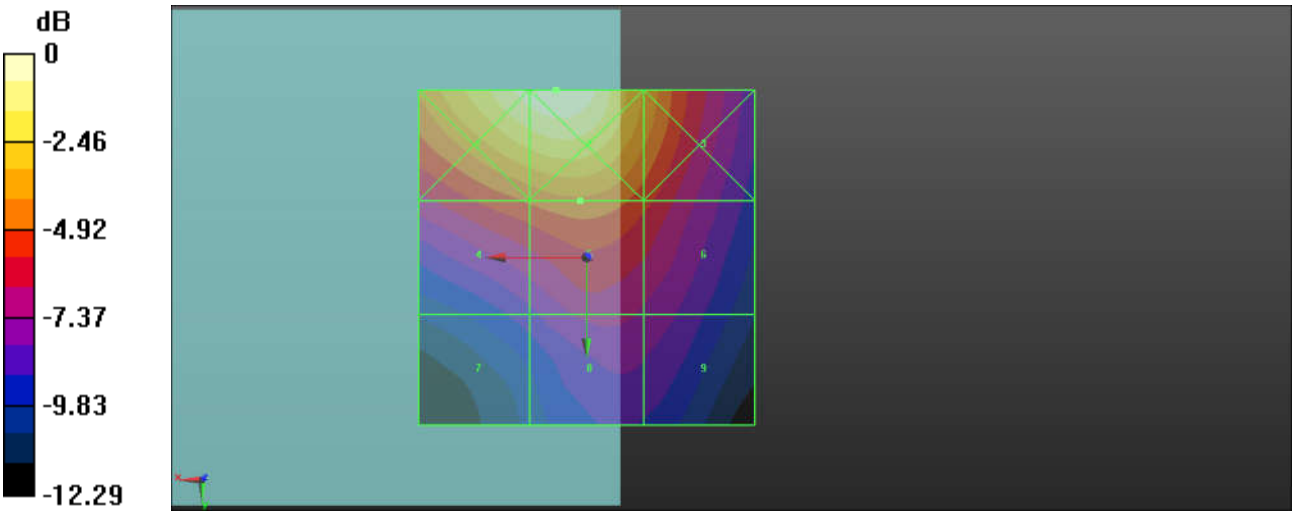
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2476; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.11.25;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch684/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 22.47 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Applied MIF = 3.26 dB
RF audio interference level = 27.21 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M4** **31.07 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M4** **31.44 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M4** **28.09 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **26.68 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **27.21 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **26.06 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M4** **23.02 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M4** **24.37 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M4** **23.96 dBV/m**

Cursor:
Total = 31.44 dBV/m
E Category: M4
Location: 4.5, -25, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 37.31 V/m = 31.44 dBV/m

4 HAC RF CDMA2000 BC0_RC1 SO3_Ch777_E

Communication System: UID 10295 - AAB, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 848.31 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:17.7
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃;

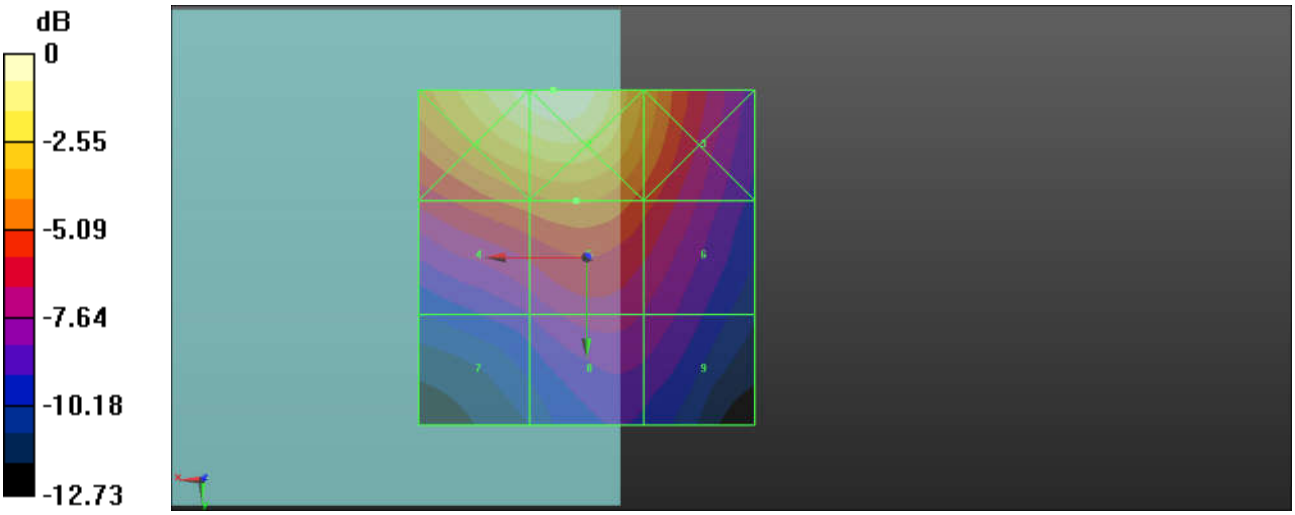
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2476; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.11.25;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch777/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 23.36 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Applied MIF = 3.26 dB
RF audio interference level = 27.60 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M4** **31.37 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M4** **31.7 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M4** **28.25 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **27.16 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **27.6 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **26.24 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M4** **23.26 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M4** **24.53 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M4** **24.03 dBV/m**

Cursor:
Total = 31.70 dBV/m
E Category: M4
Location: 5, -25, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 38.47 V/m = 31.70 dBV/m

5 HAC RF CDMA2000 BC1_RC1 SO3_Ch1175_E

Communication System: UID 10295 - AAB, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:17.7
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃;

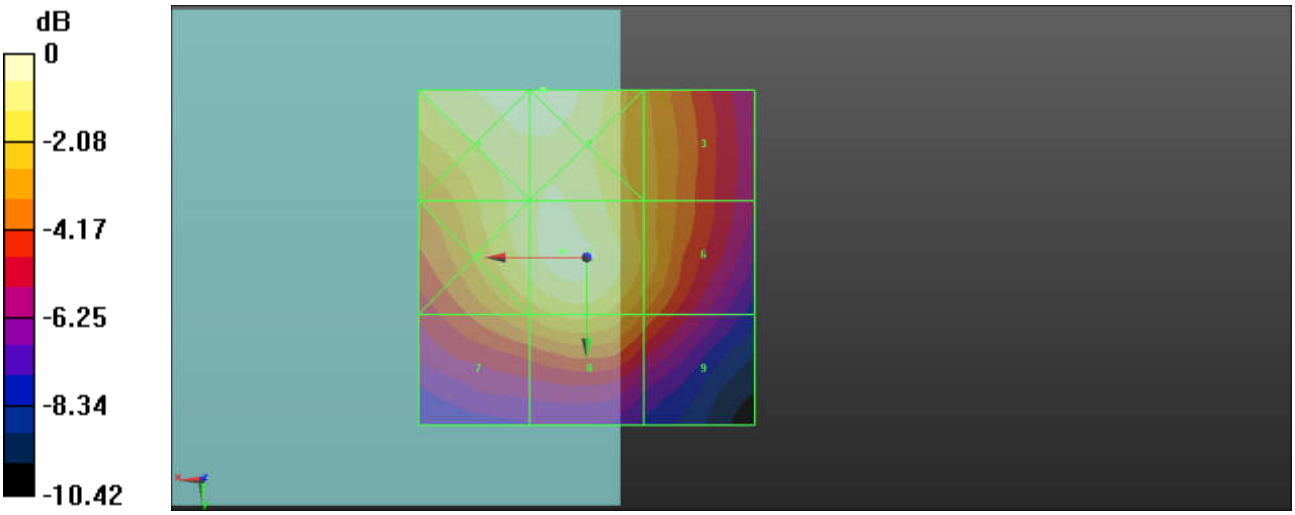
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2476; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.11.25;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1175/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 31.24 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Applied MIF = 3.26 dB
RF audio interference level = 27.07 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M4** **27.35 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M4** **27.44 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M4** **25.1 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **26.58 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **27.07 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **25.3 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M4** **24.83 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M4** **25.6 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M4** **23.95 dBV/m**

Cursor:
Total = 27.44 dBV/m
E Category: M4
Location: 6.5, -25, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 23.55 V/m = 27.44 dBV/m

6 HAC RF GSM850_Voice_Ch128_E

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃;

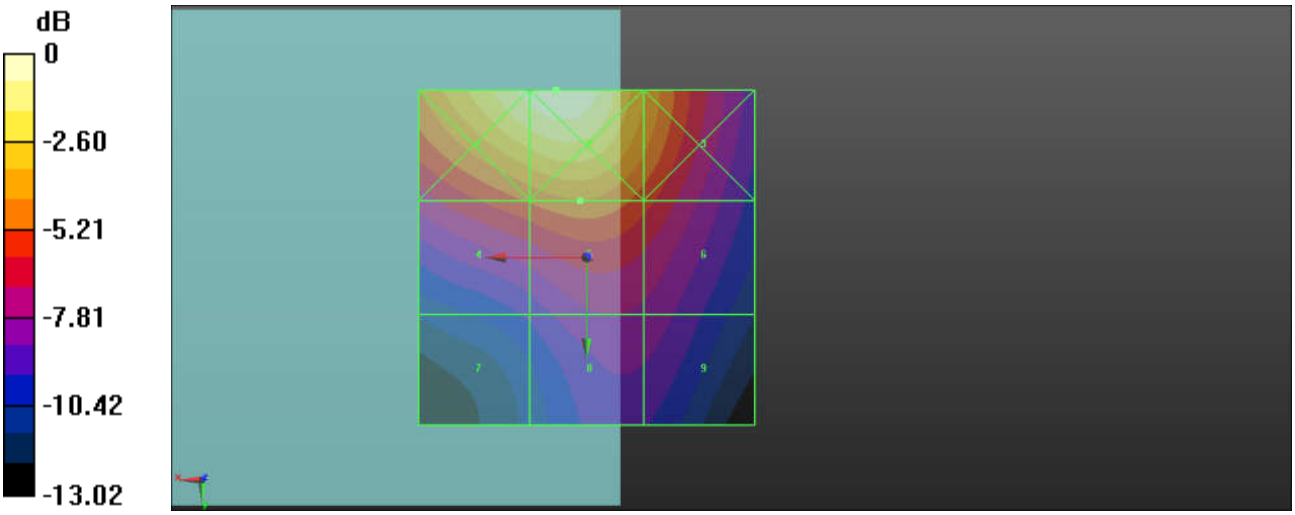
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2476; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.11.25;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch128/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 57.29 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Applied MIF = 3.63 dB
RF audio interference level = 36.38 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M3** **40.26 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M3** **40.74 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M4** **37.38 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **35.68 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **36.38 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **35.1 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M4** **31.48 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M4** **32.98 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M4** **32.74 dBV/m**

Cursor:
Total = 40.74 dBV/m
E Category: M3
Location: 4.5, -25, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 108.9 V/m = 40.74 dBV/m

7 HAC RF GSM1900_Voice_Ch810_E

Communication System: UID 10021 - DAB, GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃;

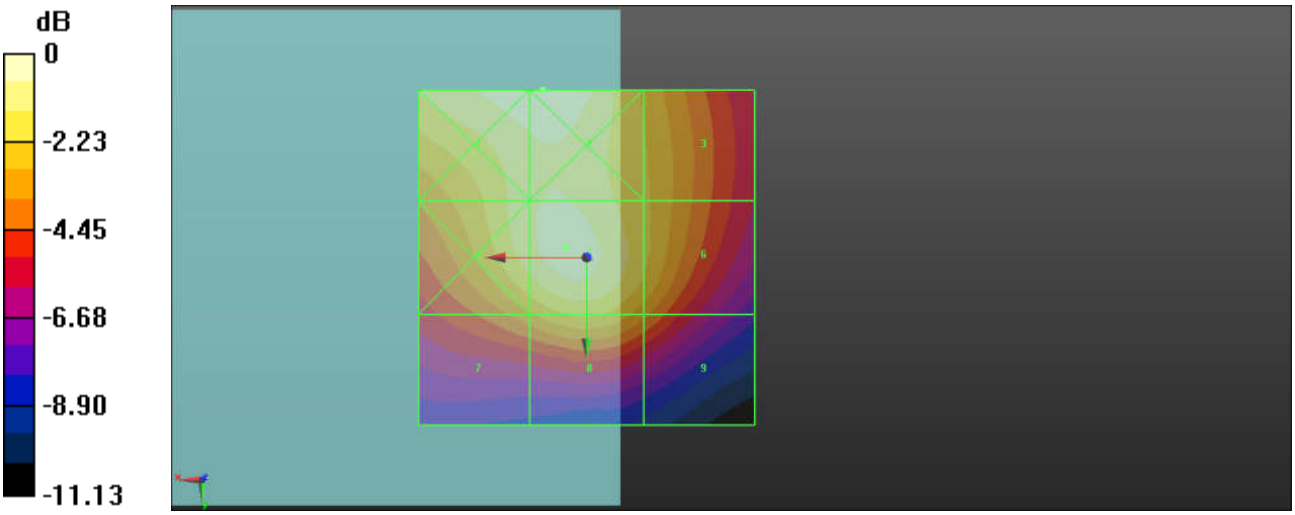
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2476; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.11.25;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch810/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 71.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Applied MIF = 3.63 dB
RF audio interference level = 34.24 dBV/m
Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M3** **34.52 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M3** **34.61 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M3** **32.56 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M3** **33.71 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M3** **34.24 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M3** **32.64 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M3** **31.49 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M3** **32.53 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M3** **31.14 dBV/m**

Cursor:
Total = 34.61 dBV/m
E Category: M3
Location: 6.5, -25, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 53.78 V/m = 34.61 dBV/m

8 HAC RF CDMA2000 BC10_RC1 SO3_Ch476_E

Communication System: UID 10295 - AAB, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 817.9 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:17.7
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃;

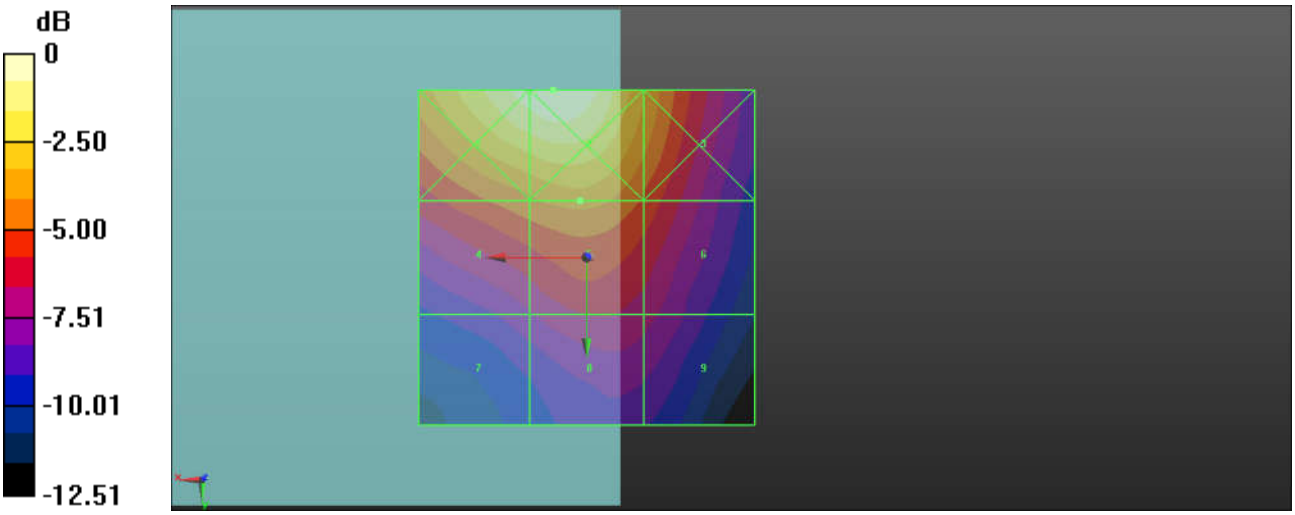
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2476; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.11.25;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch476/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 23.48 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Applied MIF = 3.26 dB
RF audio interference level = 27.54 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M4** **30.96 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M4** **31.33 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M4** **28.04 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **26.99 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **27.54 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **26.17 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M4** **23.74 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M4** **24.72 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M4** **24.22 dBV/m**

Cursor:
Total = 31.33 dBV/m
E Category: M4
Location: 5, -25, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 36.85 V/m = 31.33 dBV/m

9 HAC RF CDMA2000 BC0_RC1 SO3_Ch384_E

Communication System: UID 10295 - AAB, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 836.52 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:17.7
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃;

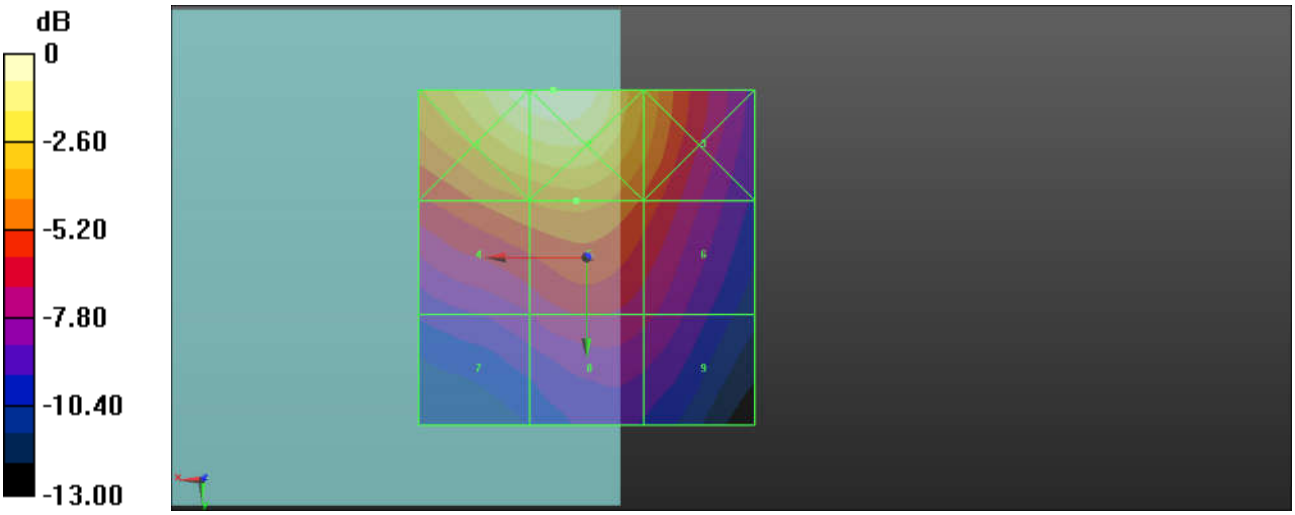
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2476; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.11.25;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch384/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 24.83 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Applied MIF = 3.26 dB
RF audio interference level = 27.94 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M4** **31.57 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M4** **31.83 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M4** **28.35 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **27.55 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **27.94 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **26.47 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M4** **24.05 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M4** **24.97 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M4** **24.34 dBV/m**

Cursor:
Total = 31.83 dBV/m
E Category: M4
Location: 5, -25, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 39.03 V/m = 31.83 dBV/m

10 HAC RF CDMA2000 BC1_RC1 SO3_Ch1175_E

Communication System: UID 10295 - AAB, CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.; Frequency: 1908.75 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:17.7
Medium: Air Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 0$ kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃;

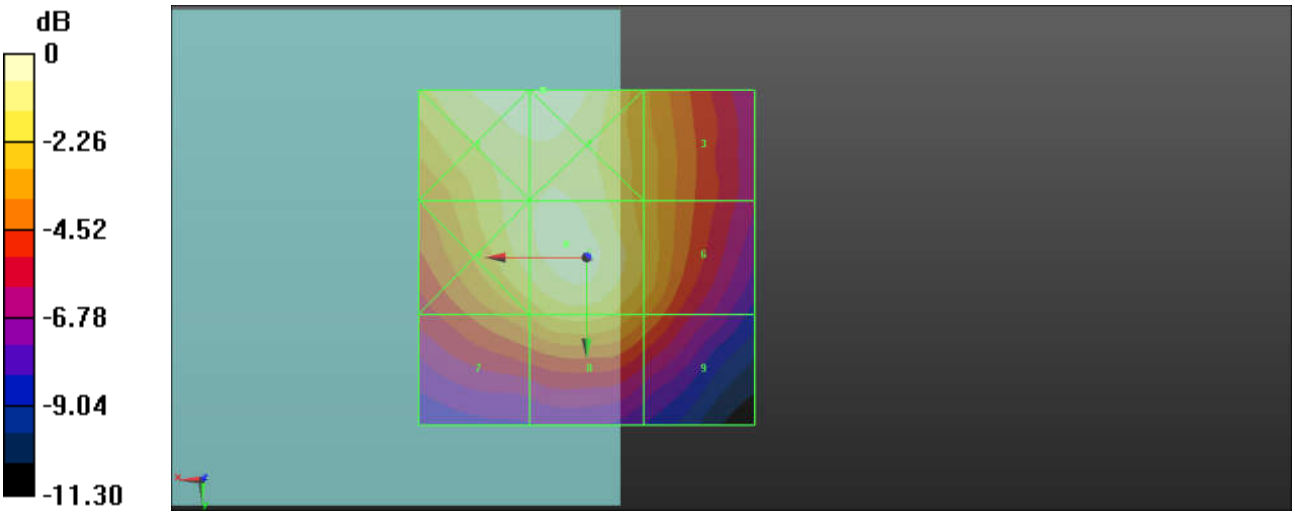
DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2476; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 2015.11.25;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2016.5.18
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1175/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (101x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 39.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB
Applied MIF = 3.26 dB
RF audio interference level = 28.91 dBV/m
Emission category: M4

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M4** **29.16 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M4** **29.28 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M4** **26.75 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **28.43 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **28.91 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **27.01 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M4** **26.37 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M4** **27.38 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M4** **25.79 dBV/m**

Cursor:
Total = 29.28 dBV/m
E Category: M4
Location: 6.5, -25, 9.7 mm



0 dB = 29.11 V/m = 29.28 dBV/m

Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **Sporton-KS (Auden)**

Certificate No: CD835V3-1171_Jan16

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	CD835V3 - SN: 1171
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air
Calibration date:	January 27, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	Oct-16
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02130)	Mar-16
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15)	Dec-16
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 781	04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15)	Sep-16

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-18

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Leif Klysner
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	F. Bomholt

Issued: January 28, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Coordinate System:* y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- *Antenna Positioning:* The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections.
  It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 835 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	**Interpolated maximum**
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	107.4 V/m = 40.62 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	104.7 V/m = 40.40 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	**106.0 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

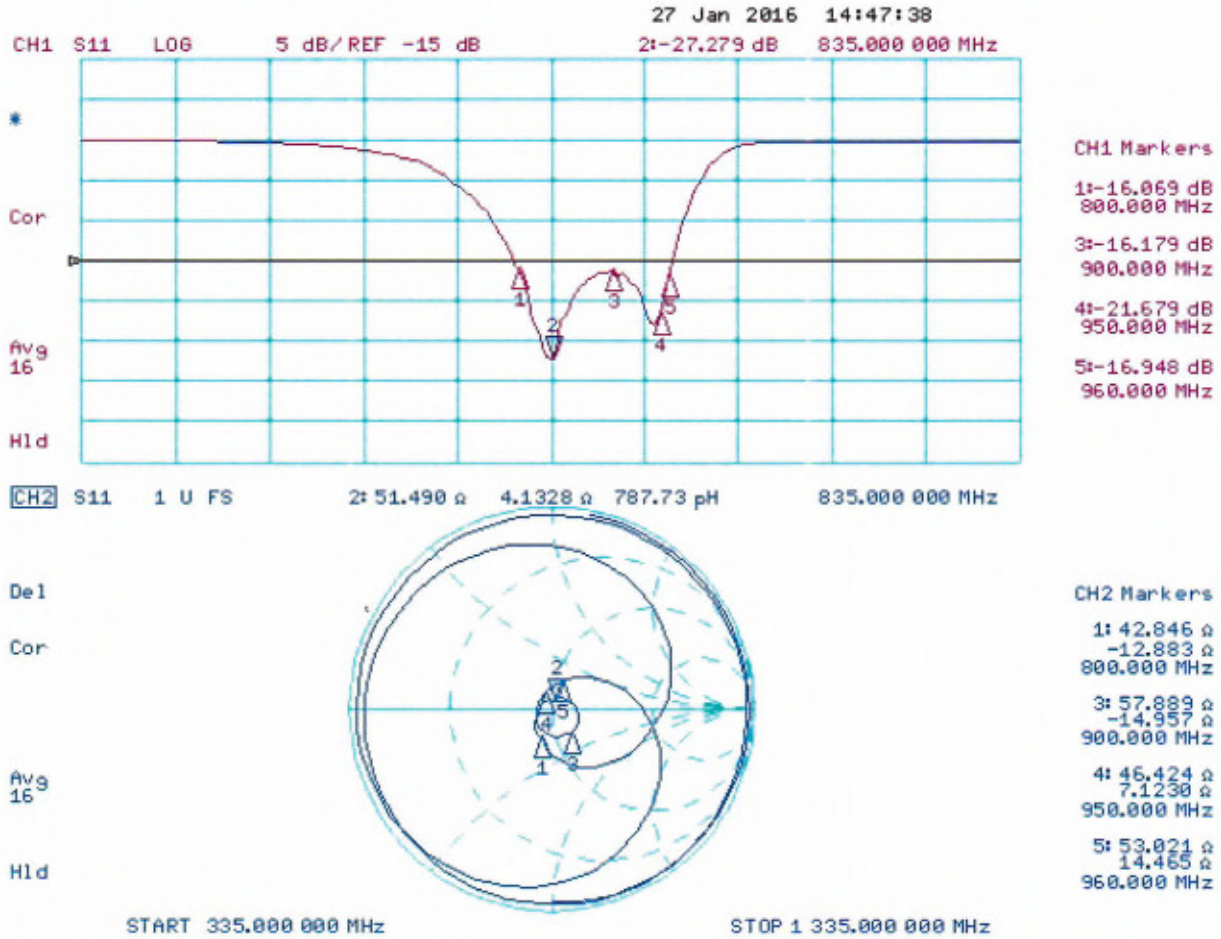
Frequency	**Return Loss**	**Impedance**
800 MHz	16.1 dB	42.8 Ω - 12.9 jΩ
835 MHz	27.3 dB	51.5 Ω + 4.1 jΩ
900 MHz	16.2 dB	57.9 Ω - 15.0 jΩ
950 MHz	21.7 dB	46.4 Ω + 7.1 jΩ
960 MHz	16.9 dB	53.0 Ω + 14.5 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 27.01.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC-Dipole 835 MHz; Type: CD835V3; Serial: CD835V3 - SN: 1171

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: RF Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

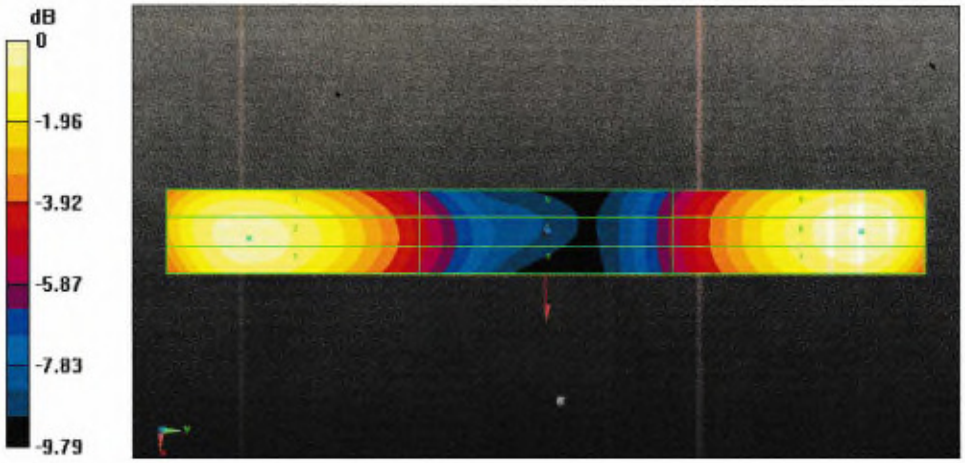
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 04.09.2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 835MHz/E-Scan - 835MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x361x1):
Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 111.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB
RF audio interference level = 40.62 dBV/m
Emission category: M3

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M3** **40.36 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M3** **40.4 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M3** **40.14 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M4** **35.79 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M4** **35.83 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M4** **35.6 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M3** **40.45 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M3** **40.62 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M3** **40.51 dBV/m**



0 dB = 107.4 V/m = 40.62 dBV/m

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Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **Sporton-KS (Auden)**

Certificate No: CD1880V3-1155_Jan16

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	CD1880V3 - SN: 1155
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-20.v6 Calibration procedure for dipoles in air
Calibration date:	January 27, 2016

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02222)	Oct-16
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (No. 217-02223)	Oct-16
Reference 10 dB Attenuator	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02130)	Mar-16
Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2336	31-Dec-15 (No. ER3-2336_Dec15)	Dec-16
Probe H3DV6	SN: 6065	31-Dec-15 (No. H3-6065_Dec15)	Dec-16
DAE4	SN: 781	04-Sep-15 (No. DAE4-781_Sep15)	Sep-16

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter Agilent 4419B	SN: GB42420191	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP E4412A	SN: US38485102	05-Jan-10 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Power sensor HP 8482A	SN: US37295597	09-Oct-09 (in house check Sep-14)	In house check: Sep-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 832283/011	27-Aug-12 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-18

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	Leif Klysner
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	F. Bomholt

Issued: January 28, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

References

[1] ANSI-C63.19-2011
American National Standard, Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Coordinate System:* y-axis is in the direction of the dipole arms. z-axis is from the basis of the antenna (mounted on the table) towards its feed point between the two dipole arms. x-axis is normal to the other axes. In coincidence with the standards [1], the measurement planes (probe sensor center) are selected to be at a distance of 15 mm above the top metal edge of the dipole arms.
- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the hardcopies at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated. The forward power to the dipole connector is set with a calibrated power meter connected and monitored with an auxiliary power meter connected to a directional coupler. While the dipole under test is connected, the forward power is adjusted to the same level.
- *Antenna Positioning:* The dipole is mounted on a HAC Test Arch phantom using the matching dipole positioner with the arms horizontal and the feeding cable coming from the floor. The measurements are performed in a shielded room with absorbers around the setup to reduce the reflections.
  It is verified before the mounting of the dipole under the Test Arch phantom, that its arms are perfectly in a line. It is installed on the HAC dipole positioner with its arms parallel below the dielectric reference wire and able to move elastically in vertical direction without changing its relative position to the top center of the Test Arch phantom. The vertical distance to the probe is adjusted after dipole mounting with a DASY5 Surface Check job. Before the measurement, the distance between phantom surface and probe tip is verified. The proper measurement distance is selected by choosing the matching section of the HAC Test Arch phantom with the proper device reference point (upper surface of the dipole) and the matching grid reference point (tip of the probe) considering the probe sensor offset. The vertical distance to the probe is essential for the accuracy.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured using a HP 8753E Vector Network Analyzer. The impedance is specified at the SMA connector of the dipole. The influence of reflections was eliminating by applying the averaging function while moving the dipole in the air, at least 70cm away from any obstacles.
- *E-field distribution:* E field is measured in the x-y-plane with an isotropic ER3D-field probe with 100 mW forward power to the antenna feed point. In accordance with [1], the scan area is 20mm wide, its length exceeds the dipole arm length (180 or 90mm). The sensor center is 15 mm (in z) above the metal top of the dipole arms. Two 3D maxima are available near the end of the dipole arms. Assuming the dipole arms are perfectly in one line, the average of these two maxima (in subgrid 2 and subgrid 8) is determined to compensate for any non-parallelity to the measurement plane as well as the sensor displacement. The E-field value stated as calibration value represents the maximum of the interpolated 3D-E-field, in the plane above the dipole surface.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Phantom	HAC Test Arch	
Distance Dipole Top - Probe Center	15 mm	
Scan resolution	dx, dy = 5 mm	
Frequency	1880 MHz ± 1 MHz	
Input power drift	< 0.05 dB	

Maximum Field values at 1880 MHz

E-field 15 mm above dipole surface	condition	**Interpolated maximum**
Maximum measured above high end	100 mW input power	90.4 V/m = 39.13 dBV/m
Maximum measured above low end	100 mW input power	87.8 V/m = 38.87 dBV/m
Averaged maximum above arm	100 mW input power	**89.1 V/m ± 12.8 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters

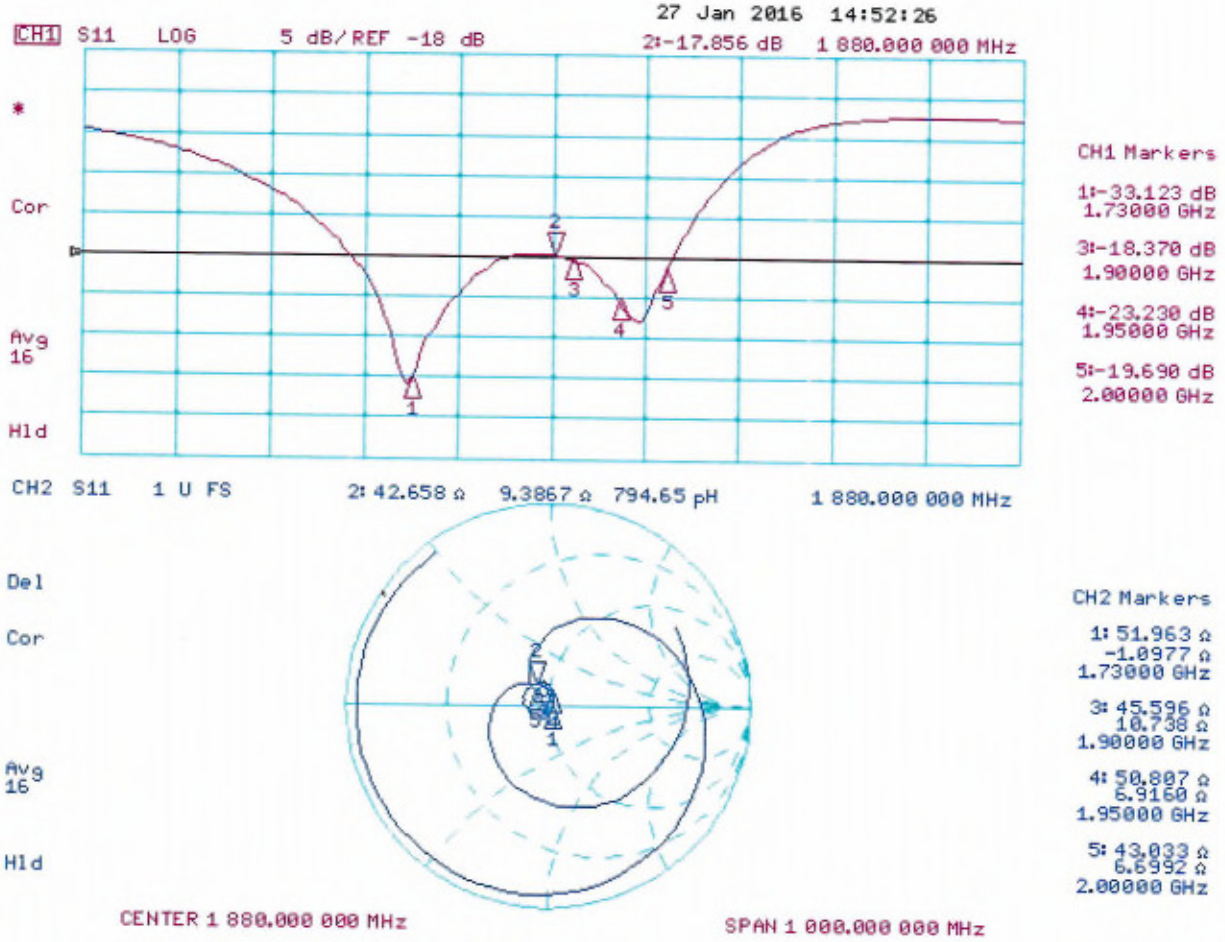
Frequency	**Return Loss**	**Impedance**
1730 MHz	33.1 dB	52.0 Ω - 1.1 jΩ
1880 MHz	17.9 dB	42.7 Ω + 9.4 jΩ
1900 MHz	18.4 dB	45.6 Ω + 10.7 jΩ
1950 MHz	23.2 dB	50.8 Ω + 6.9 jΩ
2000 MHz	19.7 dB	43.0 Ω + 6.7 jΩ

3.2 Antenna Design and Handling

The calibration dipole has a symmetric geometry with a built-in two stub matching network, which leads to the enhanced bandwidth.
The dipole is built of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The internal matching line is open ended. The antenna is therefore open for DC signals.
Do not apply force to dipole arms, as they are liable to bend. The soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged. After excessive mechanical stress or overheating, check the impedance characteristics to ensure that the internal matching network is not affected.

After long term use with 40W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

Impedance Measurement Plot



DASY5 E-field Result

Date: 27.01.2016

Test Laboratory: SPEAG Lab2

DUT: HAC Dipole 1880 MHz; Type: CD1880V3; Serial: CD1880V3 - SN: 1155

Communication System: UID 0 - CW ; Frequency: 1880 MHz
Medium parameters used: $\sigma = 0$ S/m, $\varepsilon_r = 1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m^3
Phantom section: RF Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

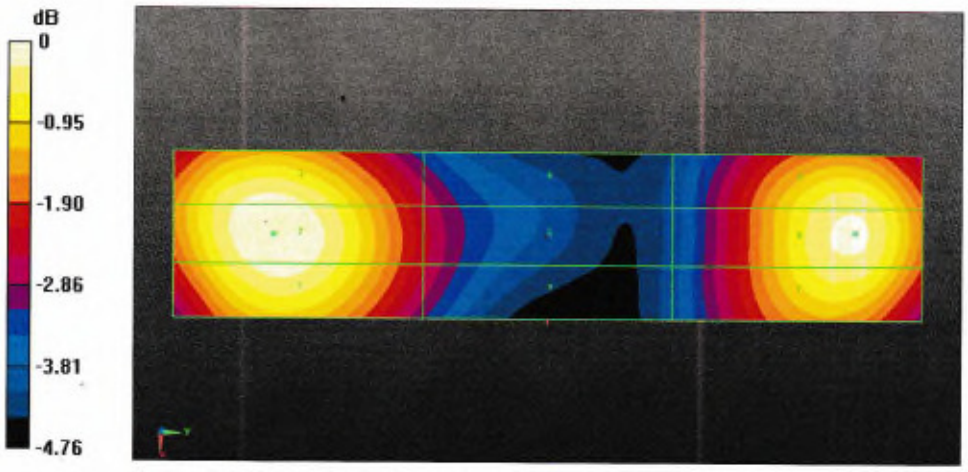
DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ER3DV6 - SN2336; ConvF(1, 1, 1); Calibrated: 31.12.2015;
- Sensor-Surface: (Fix Surface)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn781; Calibrated: 04.09.2015
- Phantom: HAC Test Arch with AMCC; Type: SD HAC P01 BA; Serial: 1070
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7372)

Dipole E-Field measurement @ 1880MHz/E-Scan - 1880MHz d=15mm/Hearing Aid Compatibility Test (41x181x1):
Interpolated grid: dx=0.5000 mm, dy=0.5000 mm
Device Reference Point: 0, 0, -6.3 mm
Reference Value = 154.9 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Applied MIF = 0.00 dB
RF audio interference level = 39.13 dBV/m
Emission category: M2

MIF scaled E-field

Grid 1 **M2** **38.98 dBV/m**	Grid 2 **M2** **39.13 dBV/m**	Grid 3 **M2** **38.99 dBV/m**
Grid 4 **M2** **36.69 dBV/m**	Grid 5 **M2** **36.77 dBV/m**	Grid 6 **M2** **36.59 dBV/m**
Grid 7 **M2** **38.71 dBV/m**	Grid 8 **M2** **38.87 dBV/m**	Grid 9 **M2** **38.76 dBV/m**



0 dB = 90.44 V/m = 39.13 dBV/m

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CNAS L0570

Client : **Sporton_CN** **Certificate No: Z16-97071**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE4 - SN: 1210
Calibration Procedure(s)	FD-Z11-2-002-01 Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAEx)
Calibration date:	May 18, 2016

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	06-July-15 (CTTL, No:J15X04257)	July-16

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	
Approved by:	Lu Bingsong	Deputy Director of the laboratory	

Issued: May 19, 2016

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E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *DC Voltage Measurement*: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.

- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.

- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV , full range = -100...+300 mV
Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV , full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.076 ± 0.15% (k=2)	404.897 ± 0.15% (k=2)	405.013 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.99810 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.98220 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.99829 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	58° ± 1 °

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **Sporton-KS (Auden)**

Certificate No: ER3-2476_Nov15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	ER3DV6 - SN:2476
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-02.v8, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for E-field probes optimized for close near field evaluations in air
Calibration date:	November 25, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02128)	Mar-16
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02129)	Mar-16
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02132)	Mar-16
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	01-Apr-15 (No. 217-02133)	Mar-16
Reference Probe ER3DV6	SN: 2328	12-Oct-15 (No. ER3-2328_Oct15)	Oct-16
DAE4	SN: 789	16-Mar-15 (No. DAE4-789_Mar15)	Mar-16
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-15)	In house check: Oct-16

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe Elnaouq	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 26, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1309-2005, " IEEE Standard for calibration of electromagnetic field sensors and probes, excluding antennas, from 9 kHz to 40 GHz", December 2005
b) CTIA Test Plan for Hearing Aid Compatibility, Rev 3.0, November 2013

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 for XY sensors and ϑ = 90 for Z sensor (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart).
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a locally homogeneous field realized using an open waveguide setup.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

Probe ER3DV6

SN:2476

Manufactured: March 31, 2009
Calibrated: November 25, 2015

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2476

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)	1.92	1.70	2.21	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	100.8	100.7	101.6	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

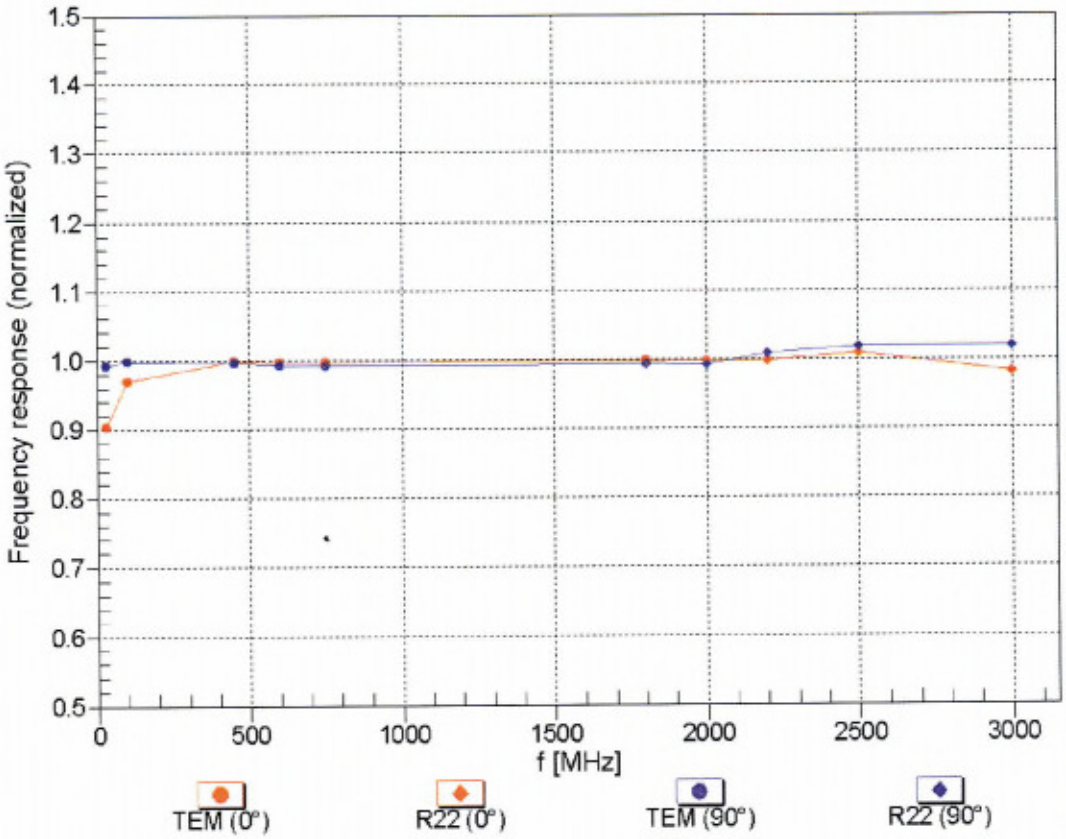
UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB√μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	183.5	±3.0 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		215.7	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		167.5	
10011-CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	X	3.36	67.8	19.3	2.91	148.5	±0.9 %
		Y	3.25	67.0	18.9		129.5	
		Z	3.30	67.5	19.1		135.5	
10021-DAB	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	X	15.67	99.5	28.6	9.39	134.6	±1.2 %
		Y	16.21	99.9	28.8		116.7	
		Z	21.64	99.5	28.8		108.1	
10039-CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	X	4.98	68.3	20.3	4.57	147.9	±1.4 %
		Y	4.78	67.1	19.5		124.6	
		Z	4.71	67.0	19.4		134.7	
10081-CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	X	3.98	66.8	19.2	3.97	143.5	±0.7 %
		Y	3.86	65.9	18.7		120.9	
		Z	3.85	66.0	18.7		130.6	
10295-AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	X	13.31	98.6	41.9	12.49	83.0	±2.7 %
		Y	14.28	99.8	42.0		98.4	
		Z	17.01	99.3	39.7		86.2	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

Frequency Response of E-Field

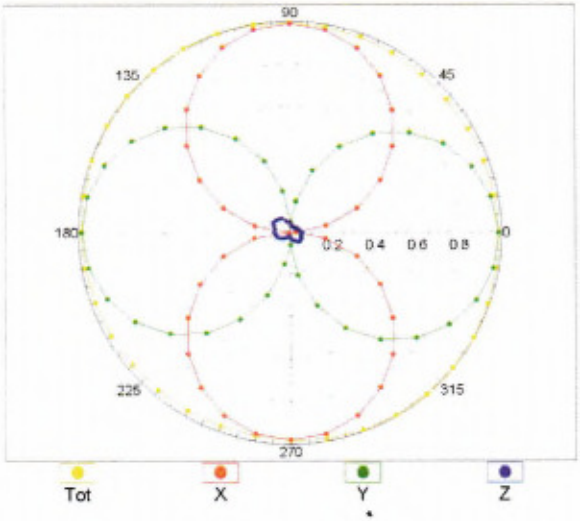
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



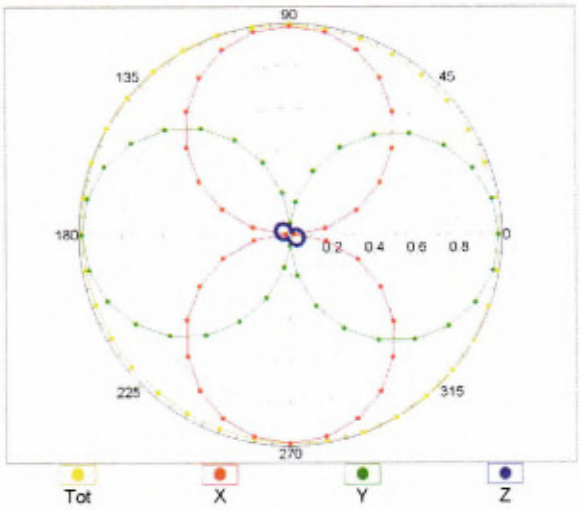
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

f=450 MHz,TEM,0°

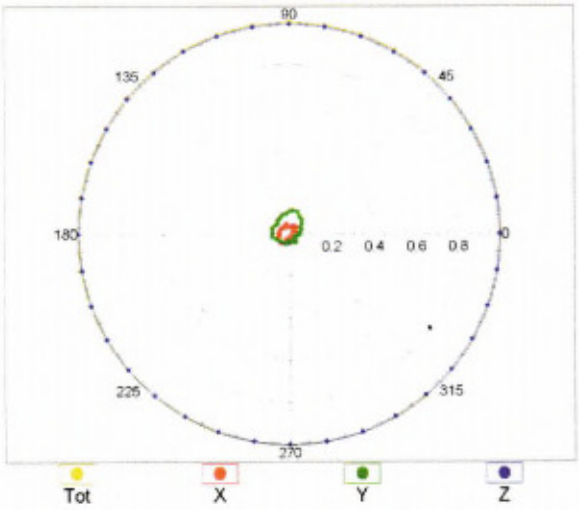


f=2500 MHz,R22,0°

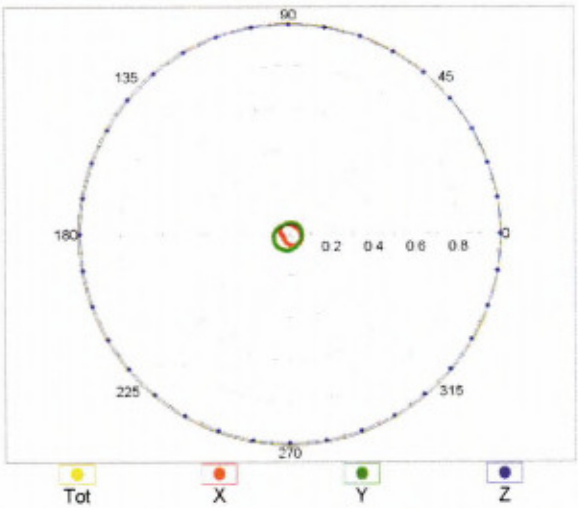


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 90°

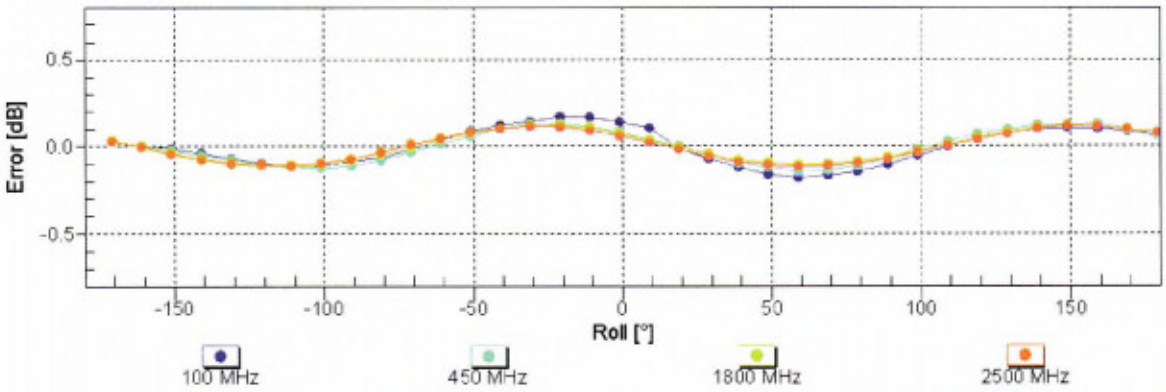
f=450 MHz,TEM,90°



f=2500 MHz,R22,90°

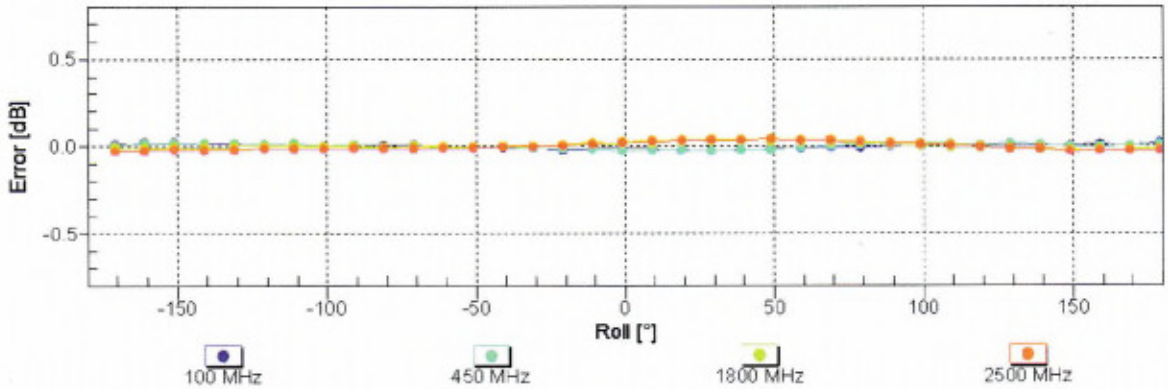


Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°



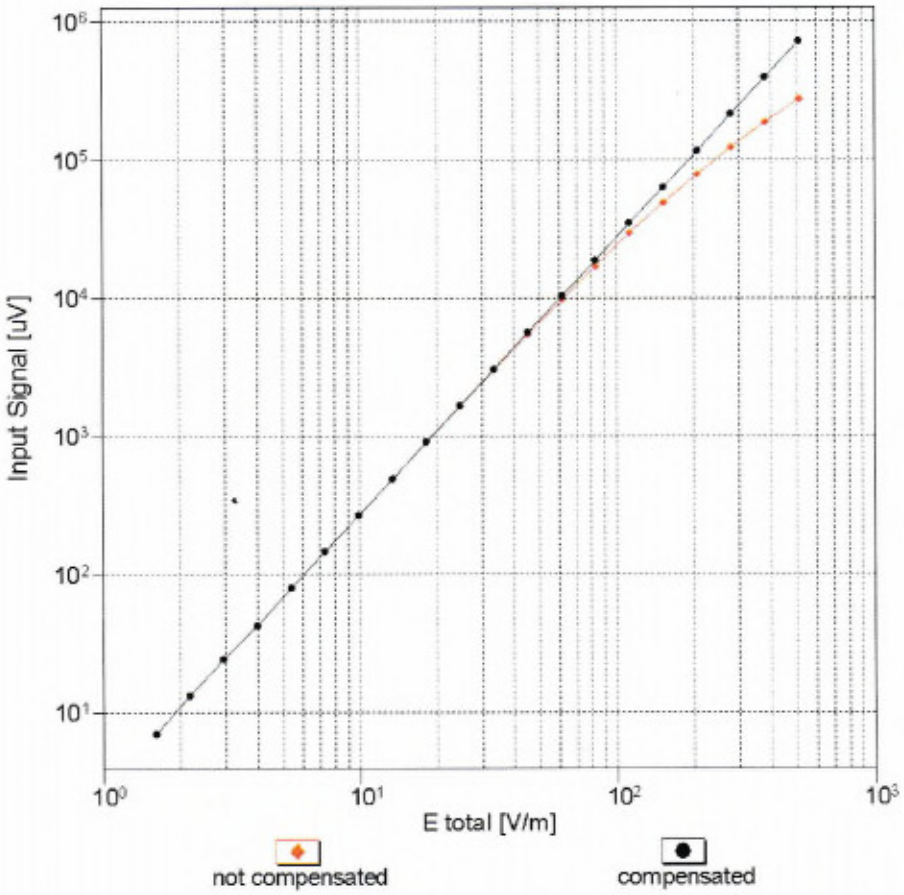
Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

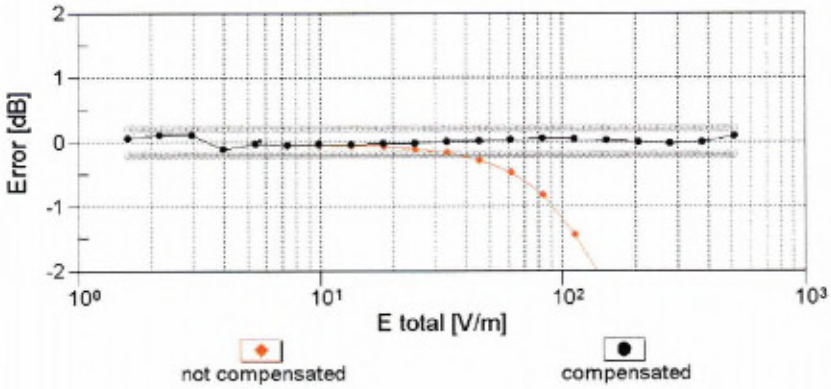
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 90°



Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(E-field)
(TEM cell , f = 900 MHz)

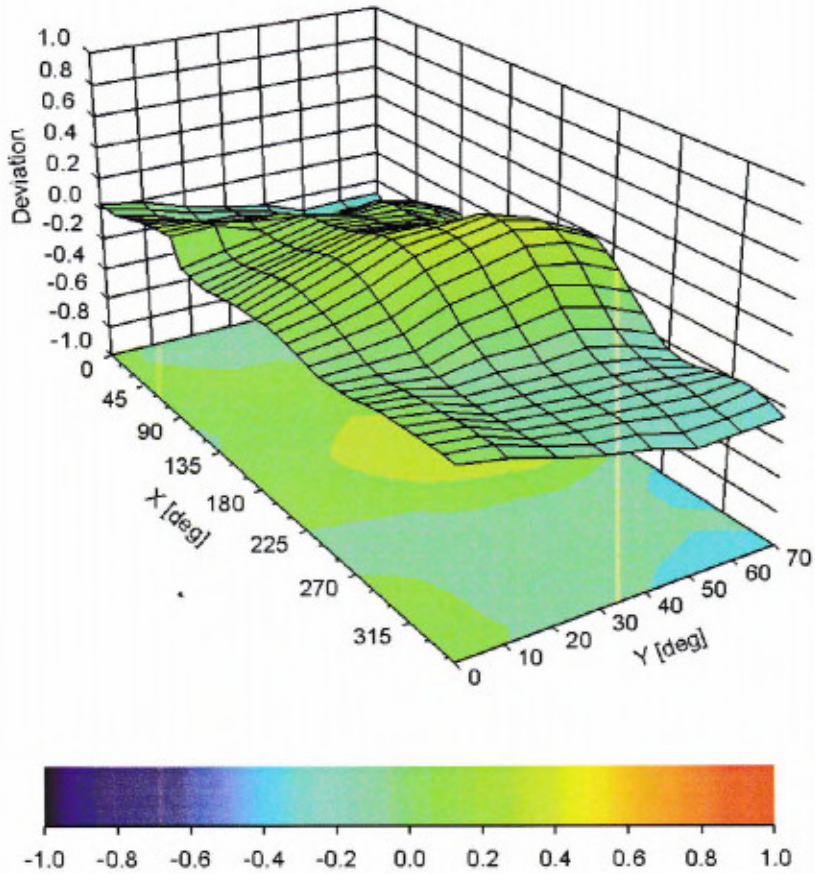




Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Deviation from Isotropy in Air

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ER3DV6 - SN:2476

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Rectangular
Connector Angle (°)	19
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2.5 mm

Appendix E. Product Equality Declaration

ZTE CORPORATION

Product Change Description

As the applicant of the below model, [ZTE Corporation] declares that the product,

[ZTE A2017U]

[ZTE Corporation]

is the variant of the initial certified product,

[ZTE A2017U]

[ZTE Corporation]

[Project Number:16ZTE027]

SOFTWARE MODIFICATIONS:

Protocol Stack changes: NO
MMS/STK changes: NO
JAVA changes: NO
Other changes detailed: NO

HARDWARE MODIFICATION:

Band changes: NO
Power Amplifier changes: NO
Antenna changes: GPS/WiFi/Bluetooth 3in1 antenna is now updated.
Aiming at improving GPS performance, we updated this antenna and this result to 1dB efficiency better than previous one. Meanwhile, WiFi/Bluetooth efficiency was slightly down.

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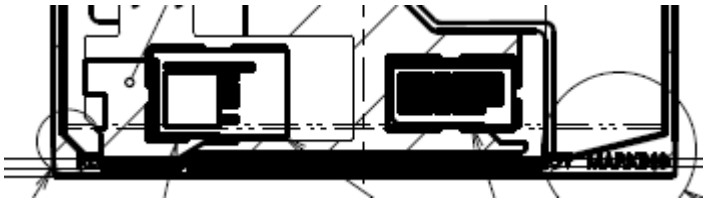
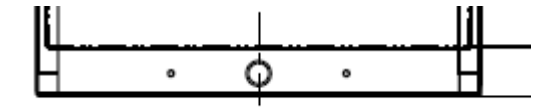
Before

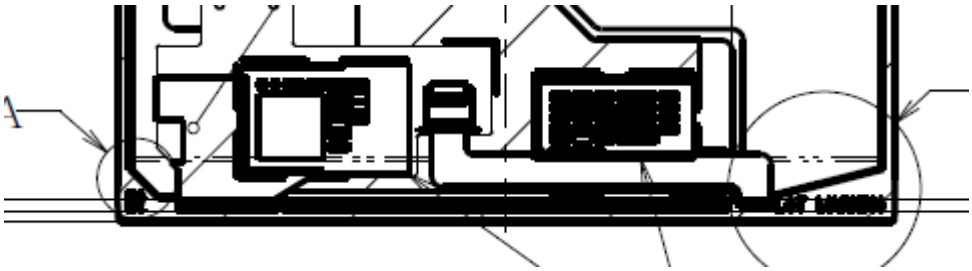
After

PCB Layout changes: NO
Components on PCB changes: NO
LCD changes: Yes, Added touch key and touch key FPC
Before



After





Speaker changes: NO
Camera changes: NO
Vibrator changes: NO
Bluetooth changes: NO
FM changes: NO
Other changes: NO

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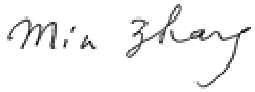
MECHANICAL MODIFICATIONS:

Use new metal front/back cover or keypad: NO
Mechanical shell changes: NO
Other changes detailed: NO

ACCESSORY MODIFICATIONS:

Battery changes:NO
AC Adaptor changes:NO
Earphone changes:NO



APPROVED BY: Min zhang

Project Manager: Li xiaofeng

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ZTE CORPORATION

Product Change Description

As the applicant of the below model, [ZTE Corporation] declares that the product,

[ZTE A2017U]

[ZTE Corporation]

is the variant of the initial certified product,

[ZTE A2017U]

[ZTE Corporation]

[Project Number:16ZTE285]

SOFTWARE MODIFICATIONS:

Protocol Stack changes: NO
MMS/STK changes: NO
JAVA changes: NO
Other changes detailed: Yes, ZTE A2017U now using P-sensor to control transmitter power when top antenna works.

HARDWARE MODIFICATION:

Band changes: NO
Power Amplifier changes: NO
Antenna changes: NO
PCB Layout changes: NO
Components on PCB changes: NO
LCD changes: NO
Speaker changes: NO
Camera changes: NO

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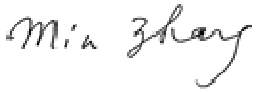
Vibrator changes: NO
Bluetooth changes: NO
FM changes: NO
Other changes: NO

MECHANICAL MODIFICATIONS:

Use new metal front/back cover or keypad: NO
Mechanical shell changes: NO
Other changes detailed: NO

ACCESSORY MODIFICATIONS:

Battery changes:NO
AC Adaptor changes:NO
Earphone changes:NO



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