



RF TEST REPORT

Applicant ZTE Corporation

FCC ID SRQ-ZTEZ2312

Product LTE/WCDMA/CDMA/GSM(EDGE)
Feature Phone

Model ZTE Z2312, ZTE Z2312B

Marketing ZTE Z2312, ZTE Z2312B

Report No. R1802A0065-R1V1

Issue Date April 18, 2018

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **FCC CFR47 Part 2 (2017)/ FCC CFR 47 Part 22H (2017)**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Jiang peng Lan

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Summary of measurement results

No.	Test Type	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict
1	RF power output	2.1046	PASS
2	Effective Radiated Power	22.913(a)(2)	PASS
3	Occupied Bandwidth	2.1049	PASS
4	Band Edge Compliance	2.1051 / 22.917(a)	PASS
5	Peak-to-Average Power Ratio	22.913(d)/ KDB 971168 D01(5.7)	PASS
6	Frequency Stability	2.1055 / 22.355	PASS
7	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	2.1051 / 22.917(a)	PASS
8	Radiates Spurious Emission	2.1053 / 22.917 (a)	PASS
Date of Testing: February 11, 2018 ~ March 14, 2018			
Note: PASS: The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard. FAIL: The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard.			



1. Test Laboratory

1.1. Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology (shanghai) co., Ltd.** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein .Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

1.2. Test facility

CNAS (accreditation number: L2264)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has obtained the accreditation of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS).

FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

IC (recognition number is 8510A)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

VCCI (recognition number is C-4595, T-2154, R-4113, G-10766)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Japan to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.



1.3. Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Address: No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong
City: Shanghai
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Website: <http://www.ta-shanghai.com>
E-mail: xukai@ta-shanghai.com

2. General Description of Equipment under Test

Client Information

Applicant	ZTE Corporation
Applicant address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China
Manufacturer	ZTE Corporation
Manufacturer address	ZTE Plaza, Keji Road South, Hi-Tech, Industrial Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, 518057, P.R.China

General Information

EUT Description			
Model	ZTE Z2312, ZTE Z2312B		
IMEI	868350030002034		
Hardware Version	A53A_V3.0G		
Software Version	VF_UK_ZTE-Z2312V 1.0.0		
Power Supply	Battery/AC adapter		
Antenna Type	PIFA antenna		
Test Mode(s)	GSM 850		
Test Modulation	GMSK		
GPRS Multislot Class	12		
Maximum E.R.P.	GSM 850:	25.60dBm	
Rated Power Supply Voltage	3.8V		
Extreme Voltage	Minimum: 3.5V Maximum: 4.2V		
Extreme Temperature	Lowest: -10°C Highest: +55°C		
Operating Frequency Range(s)	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
	GSM850	824 ~ 849	869 ~ 894
EUT Accessory			
Battery	Manufacturer: ShenZhen Ruide Electronic Industrial Co.,Ltd Model: BP-4L		
Earphone	Manufacturer: SHENZHEN JUDEXING TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. Model: JDX-A-RO-B2419-01		
Note: The information of the EUT is declared by the manufacturer.			



The difference between model ZTE Z2312 and ZTE Z2312B is show in the below table:

		ZTE Z2312	ZTE Z2312B
Software Modifications	Camera function	Support	Removed
Hardware Modification	Camera	Support	Removed
	Flash Light	Support	Removed
Mechanical shell		With camera	no camera
Accessory		Same	Same
Note: There are more than one Model, each one should be applied throughout the compliance test respectively, however, only the worst case (model: ZTE Z2312) will be recorded in this report.			



3. Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC CFR47 Part 2 (2017)

FCC CFR 47 Part 22H (2017)

ANSI/TIA-603-E (2016)

KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03

4. Test Configuration

Radiated measurements are performed by rotating the EUT in three different orthogonal test planes. EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). Receiver antenna polarization (horizontal and vertical), the worst emission was found in position (X axis, horizontal polarization) and the worst case was recorded.

All mode and data rates and positions were investigated. Subsequently, only the worst case emissions are reported.

The following testing in GSM is set based on the maximum RF Output Power.

Test modes are chosen to be reported as the worst case configuration below:

	Test items	Modes/Modulation
		GSM 850
Conducted Test cases	RF power output	GSM GPRS
	Occupied Bandwidth	GSM GPRS(1Tx slot)
	Band Edge Compliance	GSM GPRS(1Tx slot)
	Peak-to-Average Power Ratio	GSM GPRS(1Tx slot)
	Frequency Stability	GSM GPRS(1Tx slot)
	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	GSM
Radiated Test cases	Effective Radiated Power	GSM GPRS(1Tx slot)
	Radiates Spurious Emission	GSM

5. Test Case Results

5.1. RF Power Output

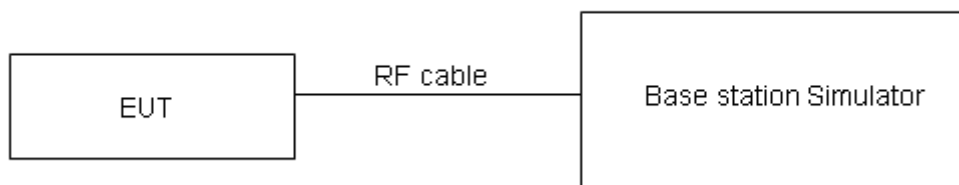
Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Methods of Measurement

During the process of the testing, The EUT is controlled by the Base Station Simulator to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation.

Test Setup



The loss between RF output port of the EUT and the input port of the tester has been taken into consideration.

Limits

No specific RF power output requirements in part 2.1046.

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 0.4$ dB.

**Test Results**

GSM 850		Conducted Power(dBm)		
		Channel 128	Channel 190	Channel 251
		824.2 (MHz)	836.6 (MHz)	848.8 (MHz)
GSM	Results	31.67	31.65	31.65
GPRS (GMSK)	1TXslot	31.69	31.70	31.67
	2TXslots	29.63	29.69	29.65
	3TXslots	27.25	27.35	27.35
	4TXslots	25.58	25.70	25.73

5.2. Effective Radiated Power

Ambient condition

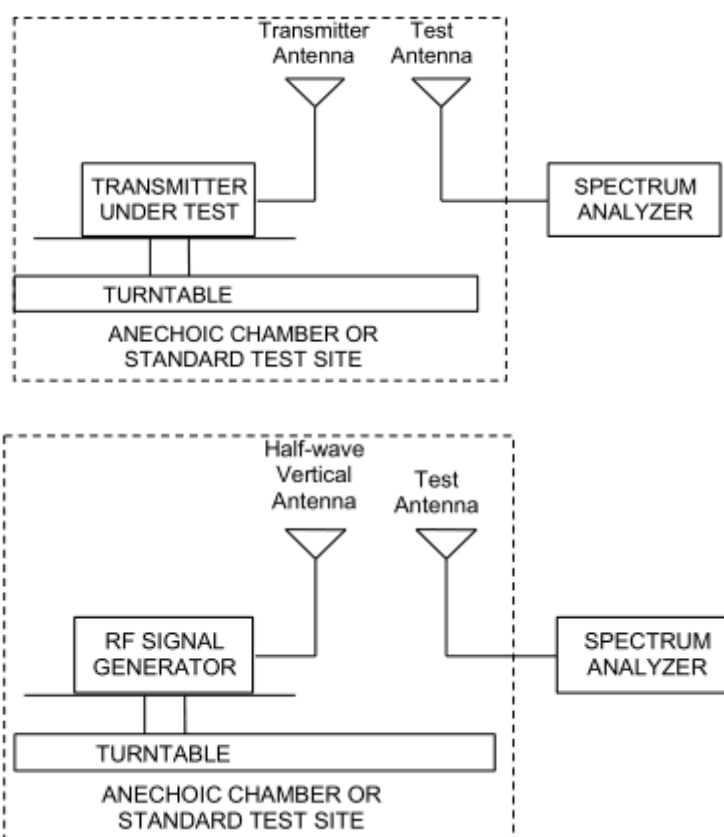
Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Methods of Measurement

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03 Section 5.8 and ANSI/TIA-603-E (2016).

- Connect the equipment as illustrated. Mount the equipment with the manufacturer specified antenna in a vertical orientation on a manufacturer specified mounting surface located on a non-conducting rotating platform of a RF anechoic chamber (preferred) or a standard radiation site.
- Key the transmitter, then rotate the EUT 360° azimuthally and record spectrum analyzer power level (LVL) measurements at angular increments that are sufficiently small to permit resolution of all peaks. If a standard radiation test site is used, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading at each angular increment. (Note: several batteries may be needed to offset the effect of battery voltage droop, which should not exceed 5% of the manufactured specified battery voltage during transmission).
- Replace the transmitter under test with a vertically polarized half-wave dipole (or an antenna whose gain is known relative to an ideal half-wave dipole). The center of the antenna should be at the same location as the center of the antenna under test.
- Connect the antenna to a signal generator with a known output power and record the path loss (in dB) as LOSS. If a standard radiation test site is used, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading. $LOSS = \text{Generator Output Power (dBm)} - \text{Analyzer reading (dBm)}$
- Determine the effective radiated output power at each angular position from the readings in steps b) and d) using the following equation: $ERP \text{ (dBm)} = LVL \text{ (dBm)} + LOSS \text{ (dB)}$
- The maximum ERP is the maximum value determined in the preceding step.
- When calculating ERP, in addition to knowing the antenna radiation and matching characteristics, it is necessary to know the loss values of all elements (e.g. transmission line attenuation, mismatches, filters, combiners) interposed between the point where transmitter output power is measured, and the point where power is applied to the antenna. ERP can then be calculated as follows:
 $ERP \text{ (dBm)} = \text{Output Power (dBm)} - \text{Losses (dB)} + \text{Antenna Gain (dBd)}$
where: dBd refers to gain relative to an ideal dipole.
 $EIRP \text{ (dBm)} = ERP \text{ (dBm)} + 2.15 \text{ (dB.)}$

Test setup



Limits

Rule Part 22.913(a) specifies that "Mobile/portable stations are limited to 7 watts ERP".

Limit	$\leq 7 \text{ W}$ (38.45 dBm)
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Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 1.19 \text{ dB}$

**Test Results:**

The measurement is performed for both of horizontal and vertical antenna Polarization, and only the data of worst mode is recorded in this report.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Output Power (dBm)	Losses (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBd)	EIRP (dBm)	ERP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Conclusion
GSM 850	Low	824.2	Horizontal	-22.60	-45.53	1.06	26.15	24.00	38.45	Pass
	Mid	836.6	Horizontal	-22.45	-45.38	1.24	26.32	24.17	38.45	Pass
	High	848.8	Horizontal	-21.93	-45.37	1.38	26.98	24.83	38.45	Pass
GPRS 850	Low	824.2	Horizontal	-22.19	-45.53	1.06	26.55	24.40	38.45	Pass
	Mid	836.6	Horizontal	-21.82	-45.38	1.24	26.95	24.80	38.45	Pass
	High	848.8	Horizontal	-21.15	-45.37	1.38	27.75	25.60	38.45	Pass

$$\text{EIRP (dBm)} = \text{ERP (dBm)} + 2.15 \text{ (dB.)}$$

5.3. Occupied Bandwidth

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

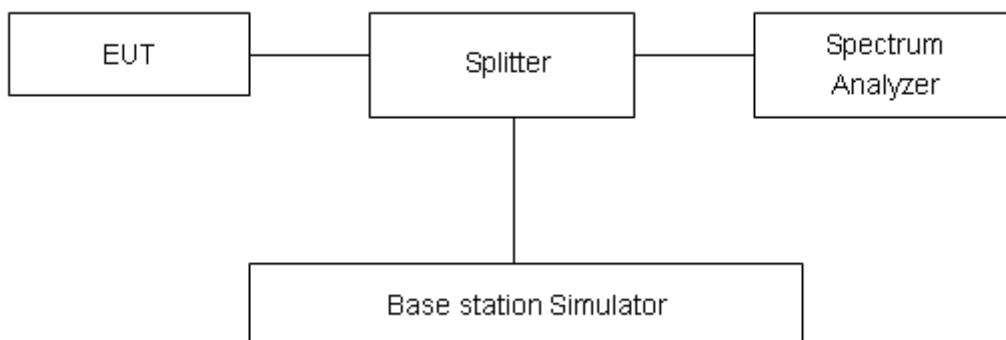
Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station Simulator via power Splitter. The occupied bandwidth is measured using spectrum analyzer.

RBW is set to 3kHz, VBW is set to 10kHz for GSM 850,

99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths are recorded. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Test Setup



Limits

No specific occupied bandwidth requirements in part 2.1049.

Measurement Uncertainty

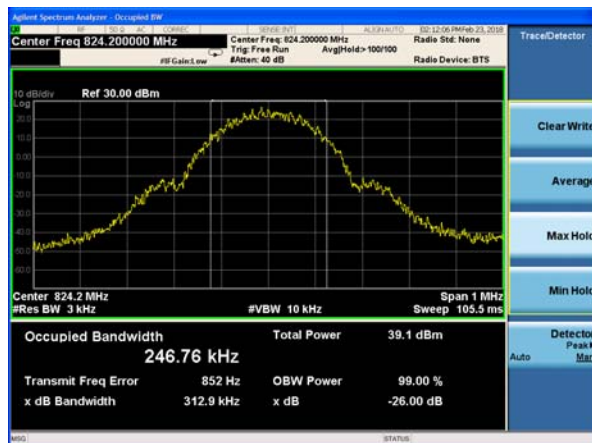
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 624\text{Hz}$.

**Test Result**

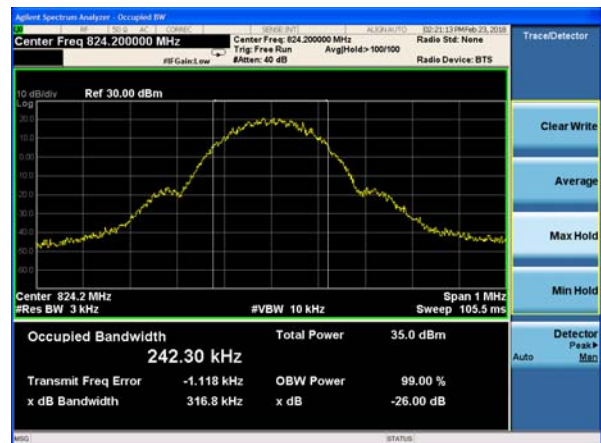
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Power Bandwidth (MHz)	-26dBc Bandwidth(MHz)
GSM 850 (GSM)	128	824.2	0.24676	0.3129
	190	836.6	0.24486	0.3083
	251	848.8	0.24945	0.3138
GPRS 850 (GMSK)	128	824.2	0.24230	0.3168
	190	836.6	0.24497	0.3105
	251	848.8	0.24268	0.3160



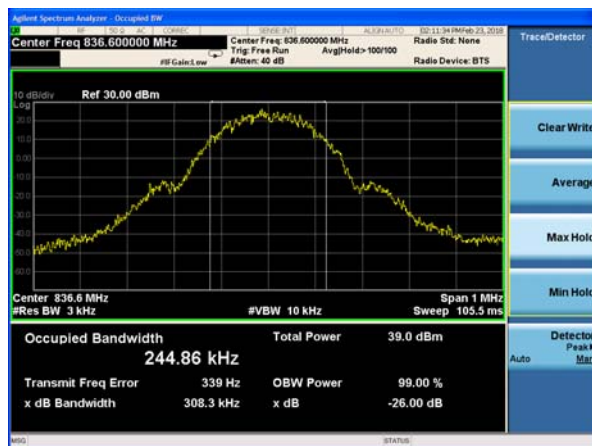
GSM 850 CH-Low



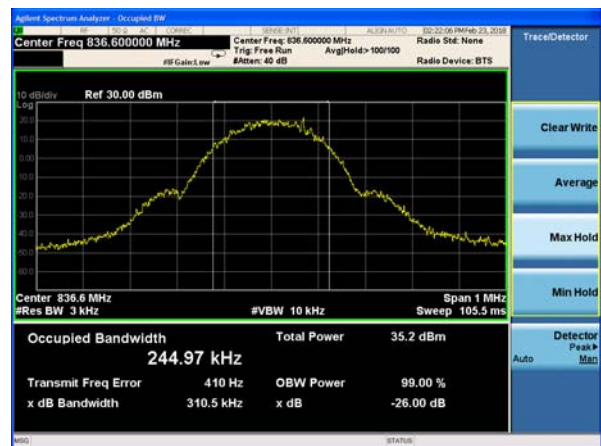
GSM 850 GPRS CH-Low



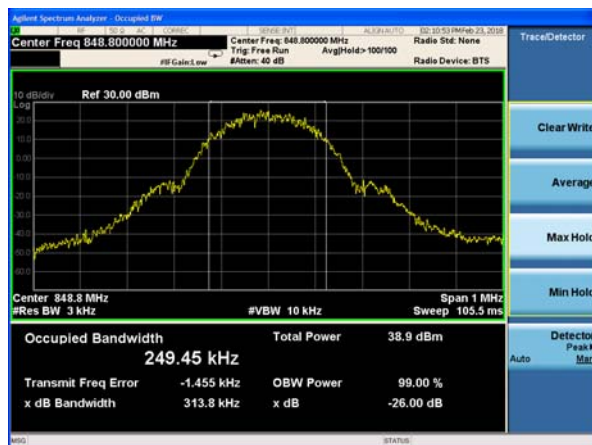
GSM 850 CH-Middle



GSM 850 GPRS CH-Middle



GSM 850 CH-High



GSM 850 GPRS CH-High



5.4. Band Edge Compliance

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

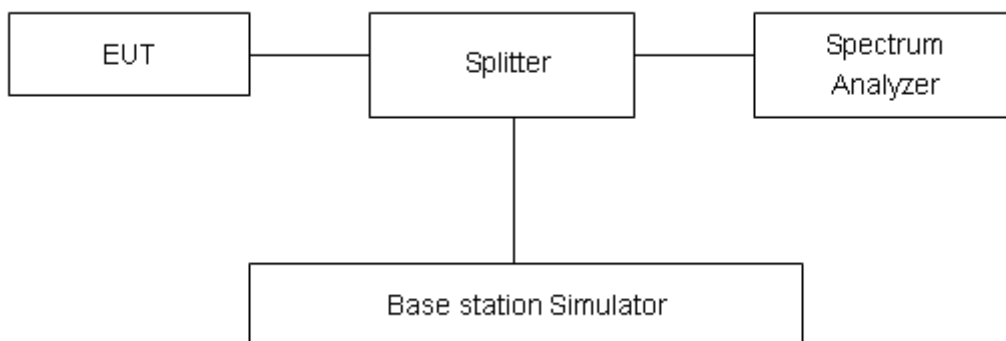
Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station Simulator via power Splitter. The band edge of the lowest and highest channels were measured. The average detector is used.

RBW is set to 3kHz,VBW is set to 10kHz for GSM 850.

Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Test Setup



Limits

Rule Part 22.917(a) specifies that “The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.”

Limit	-13 dBm
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Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 1.96$, $U=0.684$ dB.



Test Result:

GSM 850 CH-Low



GSM 850 CH-High



GSM 850 GPRS CH-Low



GSM 850 GPRS CH-High



5.5. Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)

Ambient condition

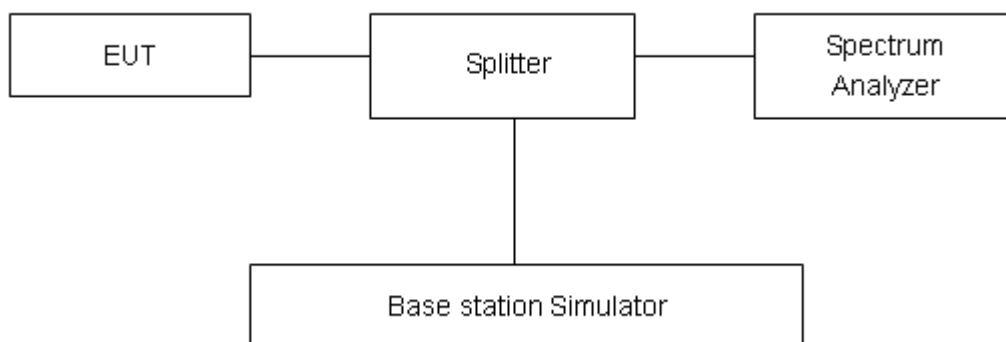
Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Methods of Measurement

Measure the total peak power and record as P_{Pk} . And measure the total average power and record as P_{Avg} . Both the peak and average power levels must be expressed in the same logarithmic units (e.g., dBm). Determine the PAPR from:

$$PAPR (dB) = P_{Pk} (dBm) - P_{Avg} (dBm).$$

Test Setup



Limits

According to the Sec. 22.913(d), The peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission must not exceed 13 dB.

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 0.4$ dB.

**Test Results**

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak (dBm)	Avg (dBm)	PAPR (dB)	Limit (dB)	Conclusion
GSM 850 (GSM)	128	824.2	32.65	31.67	0.98	≤13	PASS
	190	836.6	32.52	31.65	0.87	≤13	PASS
	251	848.8	32.60	31.65	0.95	≤13	PASS
GPRS 850 (GMSK)	128	824.2	26.63	25.58	1.05	≤13	PASS
	190	836.6	26.76	25.70	1.06	≤13	PASS
	251	848.8	26.74	25.73	1.01	≤13	PASS

5.6. Frequency Stability

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Method of Measurement

Frequency Stability (Temperature Variation)

The temperature inside the climate chamber is varied from -30°C to +55°C in 10°C step size,

(1) With all power removed, the temperature was decreased to 0°C and permitted to stabilize for three hours.

(2) Measure the carrier frequency with the test equipment in a “call mode”. These measurements should be made within 1 minute of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.

(3) Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +55°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, un-powered, before making measurements. Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation)

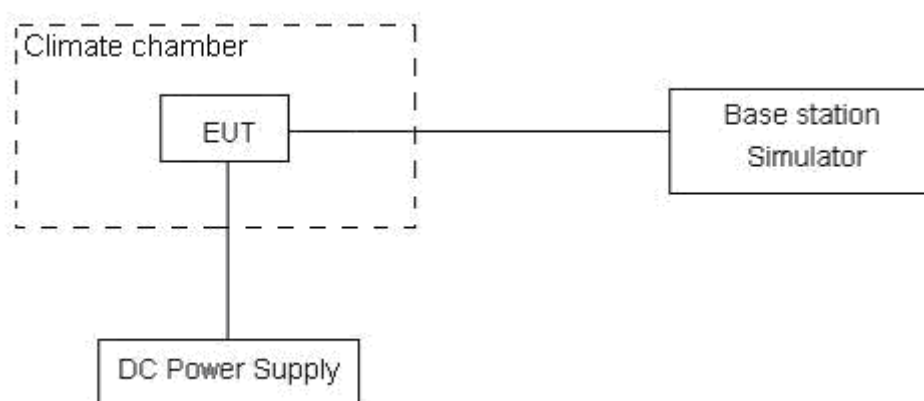
The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:

(1) Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.

(2) For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce primary supply voltage to the battery-operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 3.5 V and 4.2 V, with a nominal voltage of 3.8V.

Test setup



Limits

According to the Sec. 22.355, the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 2.5 ppm of the received frequency for mobile stations.

Limits	≤ 2.5 ppm
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Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 99.75% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 3$, $U = 0.01$ ppm.

Test Result

Mode	Test status	Test Results (ppm)		Limit (ppm)	Conclusion
		GSM (GMSK)	GPRS (GMSK)		
GSM 850 Middle Channel	-30°C/Normal Voltage	-0.00128	-0.00550	2.5	PASS
	-20°C/Normal Voltage	0.00235	-0.00084	2.5	PASS
	-10°C/Normal Voltage	0.00291	-0.00394	2.5	PASS
	0°C/Normal Voltage	-0.00058	-0.00590	2.5	PASS
	10°C/Normal Voltage	0.00253	-0.00115	2.5	PASS
	20°C/Normal Voltage	0.00484	-0.00067	2.5	PASS
	30°C/Normal Voltage	-0.00639	-0.00536	2.5	PASS
	40°C/Normal Voltage	-0.00539	0.00342	2.5	PASS
	50°C/Normal Voltage	0.00338	0.00687	2.5	PASS
	55°C/Normal Voltage	-0.00680	0.00775	2.5	PASS
	20°C/Minimum Voltage	0.00683	-0.00090	2.5	PASS
	20°C/Maximum Voltage	0.00643	0.00762	2.5	PASS

5.7. Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

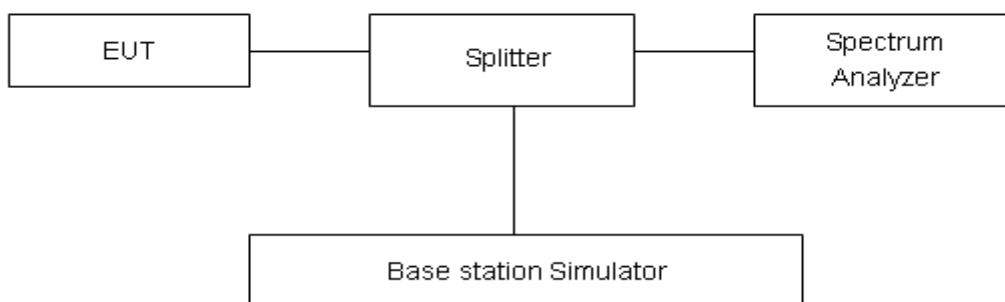
Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station Simulator via power Splitter. The measurement is carried out using a spectrum analyzer. The spectrum analyzer scans from 9kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier. The peak detector is used. RBW are set to 100 kHz and VBW are set to 300 kHz for below 1G, RBW are set to 1MHz and VBW are set to 3MHz for above 1G, Sweep is set to ATUO.

Test setup



Limits

Rule Part 22.917(a) specifies that “The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.”

Limit	-13 dBm
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Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 99.75% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 1.96$.

Frequency	Uncertainty
100kHz-1GHz	0.684 dB
1GHz-18GHz	1.407 dB



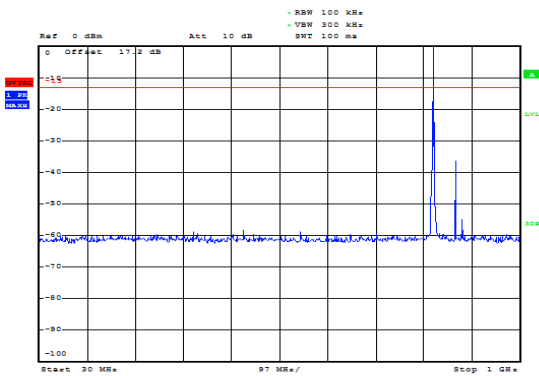
Test Result

Sweep from 9 kHz to 30MHz, and the emissions more than 20 dB below the permissible value are not reported.

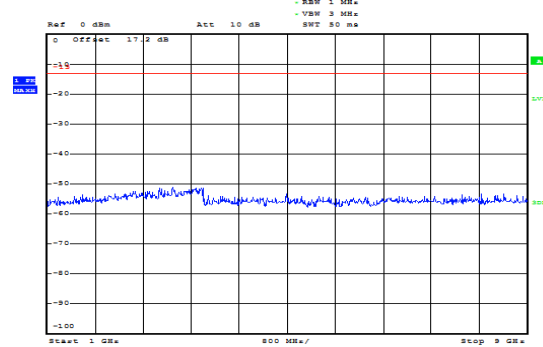
If disturbances were found more than 20dB below limit line, the mark is not required for the EUT.

The signal beyond the limit is carrier.

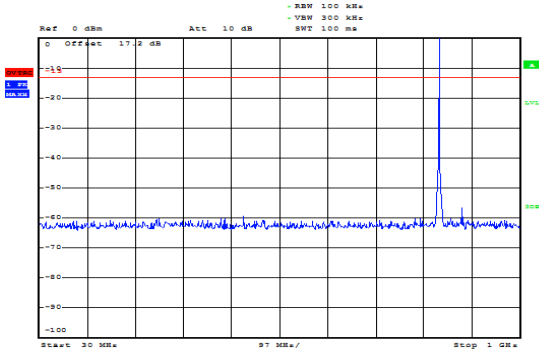
GSM 850 CH-Low 30MHz ~ 1GHz



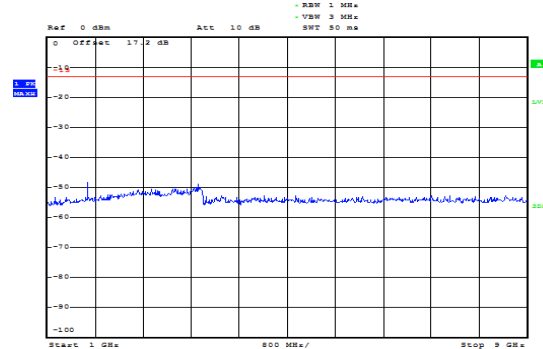
GSM 850 CH-Low 1GHz ~ 9GHz



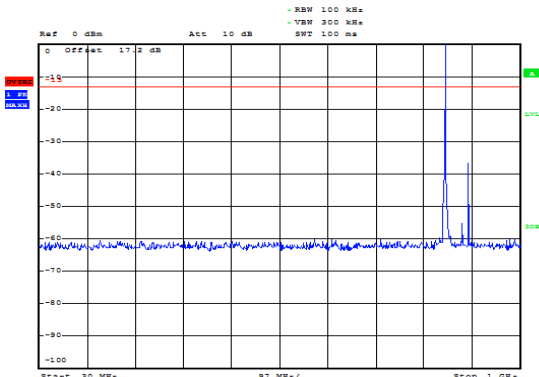
GSM 850 CH-Middle 30MHz ~ 1GHz



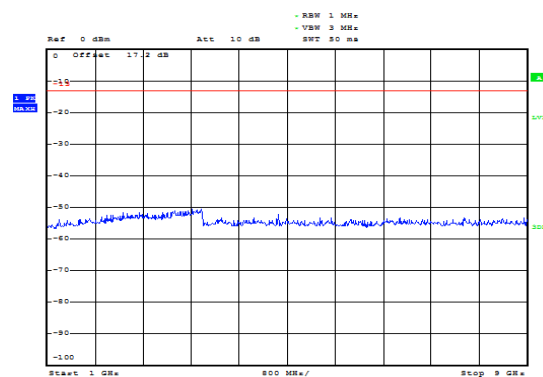
GSM 850 CH-Middle 1GHz ~ 9GHz



GSM 850 CH-High 30MHz ~ 1GHz



GSM 850 CH-High 1GHz ~ 9GHz



5.8. Radiates Spurious Emission

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

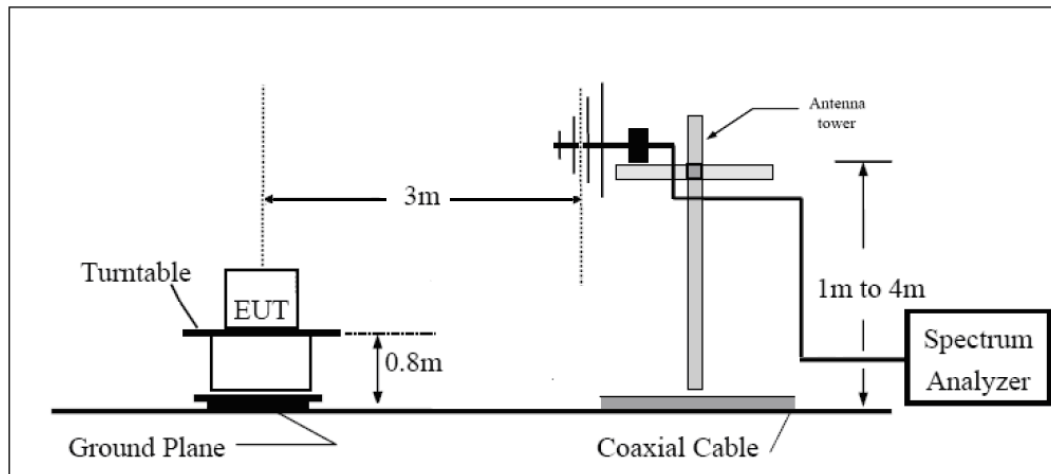
Method of Measurement

1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03 Section 5.8 and ANSI/TIA-603-E (2016).
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).
3. A log-periodic antenna or double-ridged waveguide horn antenna shall be substituted in place of the EUT. The log-periodic antenna will be driven by a signal generator and the level will be adjusted till the same power value on the spectrum analyzer or receiver. The level of the spurious emissions can be calculated through the level of the signal generator, cable loss, the gain of the substitution antenna and the reading of the spectrum analyzer or receiver.
4. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test. Set Test Receiver or Spectrum RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz for above 1GHz and RBW=100kHz, VBW=300kHz for 30MHz to 1GHz, And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (Pr).
5. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power (PMea) is applied to the input of the substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the receiver reach the previously recorded (Pr). The power of signal source (PMea) is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.
6. A amplifier should be connected to the Signal Source output port. And the cable should be connect between the Amplifier and the Substitution Antenna. The cable loss (Pcl), the Substitution Antenna Gain (Ga) and the Amplifier Gain (PAg) should be recorded after test.
7. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
$$\text{Power(EIRP)} = \text{PMea} - \text{PAg} - \text{Pcl} + \text{Ga}$$

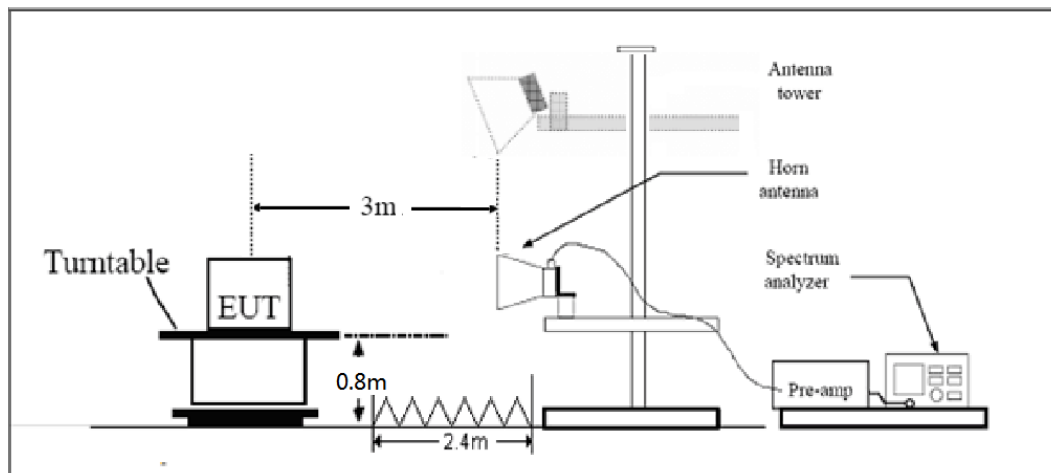
The measurement results are amend as described below:
$$\text{Power(EIRP)} = \text{PMea} - \text{Pcl} + \text{Ga}$$
8. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, $\text{ERP} = \text{EIRP} - 2.15\text{dBi}$.

Test setup

30MHz~~~ 1GHz



Above 1GHz



Note: Area side:2.4mX3.6m

Limits

Rule Part 22.917(a) specifies that “The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log (P)$ dB.”

Limit	-13 dBm
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Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 1.96$, $U = 3.55$ dB.

**Test Result**

GSM 850 CH-Low

Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	ERP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)
2	1648	-40.60	2	10.15	Horizontal	-34.6	-13.00	21.6	45
3	2473	-47.29	2.51	11.35	Horizontal	-40.6	-13.00	27.6	90
4	3297	-47.60	4.2	10.85	Horizontal	-43.1	-13.00	30.1	270
5	4121	-40.00	5.2	11.35	Horizontal	-36.0	-13.00	23.0	180
6	4945	-49.50	5.5	11.95	Horizontal	-45.2	-13.00	32.2	270
7	5769	-51.40	5.7	13.55	Horizontal	-45.7	-13.00	32.7	135
8	6594	-48.40	6.3	13.75	Horizontal	-43.1	-13.00	30.1	45
9	7418	-46.00	6.8	13.85	Horizontal	-41.1	-13.00	28.1	180
10	8242	-46.50	6.9	14.25	Horizontal	-41.3	-13.00	28.3	270

Note: 1.The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor.

2.The worst emission was found in the antenna is Horizontal position.

GSM 850 CH-Middle

Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	ERP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)
2	1673	-46.00	2	10.75	Horizontal	-39.4	-13.00	26.4	180
3	2498	-48.79	2.51	11.05	Horizontal	-42.4	-13.00	29.4	270
4	3346	-52.00	4.2	11.15	Horizontal	-47.2	-13.00	34.2	135
5	4183	-37.60	5.2	11.15	Horizontal	-33.8	-13.00	20.8	45
6	5020	-50.10	5.5	11.95	Horizontal	-45.8	-13.00	32.8	270
7	5856	-50.60	5.7	13.55	Horizontal	-44.9	-13.00	31.9	180
8	6693	-48.60	6.3	13.75	Horizontal	-43.3	-13.00	30.3	270
9	7529	-45.90	6.8	13.85	Horizontal	-41.0	-13.00	28.0	135
10	8366	-46.60	6.9	14.25	Horizontal	-41.4	-13.00	28.4	45

Note: 1.The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor.

2.The worst emission was found in the antenna is Horizontal position.



GSM 850 CH-High

Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	ERP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)
2	1698	-48.20	2	10.15	Horizontal	-42.2	-13.00	29.2	225
3	2546	-42.59	2.51	11.05	Horizontal	-36.2	-13.00	23.2	135
4	3395	-42.10	4.2	11.15	Horizontal	-37.3	-13.00	24.3	180
5	4244	-38.80	5.2	11.15	Horizontal	-35.0	-13.00	22.0	270
6	5093	-48.60	5.5	11.95	Horizontal	-44.3	-13.00	31.3	135
7	5942	-51.20	5.7	13.55	Horizontal	-45.5	-13.00	32.5	45
8	6790	-49.70	6.3	13.75	Horizontal	-44.4	-13.00	31.4	270
9	7639	-46.40	6.8	13.85	Horizontal	-41.5	-13.00	28.5	180
10	8488	-46.40	6.9	14.25	Horizontal	-41.2	-13.00	28.2	270

Note: 1.The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor.

2.The worst emission was found in the antenna is Horizontal position.



6. Main Test Instruments

Name	Manufacturer	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Expiration Date
Power Splitter	Hua Xiang	SHX-GF2-2-13	10120101	2017-05-14	2018-05-13
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY47191109	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Universal Radio Communication Tester	Agilent	E5515C	MY48367192	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100815	2017-12-17	2018-12-16
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100948	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Signal generator	R&S	SMB 100A	102594	2017-05-14	2018-05-13
Signal generator	R&S	SMR27	100365	2017-05-14	2018-05-13
Trilog Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VUBL 9163	9163-201	2017-11-18	2020-11-17
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF907	100126	2014-12-06	2019-12-05
Horn Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	3160-09	00102644	2015-01-30	2020-01-29
Climatic Chamber	Re Ce	PT-30B	20101891	2015-07-18	2018-07-17
RF Cable	Agilent	SMA 15cm	0001	2018-02-03	2018-08-02
Preamplifier	R&S	SCU18	102327	2017-06-18	2018-06-17
Software	R&S	EMC32	V 8.52.0	NA	NA

*****END OF REPORT *****