

TEST REPORT



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1. Report No : DRRFCC2008-0084
2. Customer
 - Name : BLUEBIRD INC.
 - Address : 3F, 115, Irwon-ro, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, South Korea
3. Use of Report : FCC Original Grant
4. Product Name / Model Name : Enterprise-Value Full Touch Handheld Computer / VF550
FCC ID : SS4VF550
5. Test Method Used : IEEE 1528-2013, FCC SAR KDB Publications (Details in test report)
Test Specification : CFR 47 Part 2 subpart 2.1093
6. Date of Test : 2020.07.07 ~ 2020.08.13
7. Location of Test : ☒ Permanent Testing Lab ☐ On Site Testing
8. Testing Environment : Refer to appended test report.
9. Test Result : Refer to attached test report.

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

Affirmation	Tested by	Reviewed by
	Name : BumJun Park 	Name : HakMin Kim 

2020 . 08 . 21 .

DT&C Co., Ltd.

Not abided by KS Q ISO / IEC 17025 and KOLAS accreditation.

If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net

Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description	Tested by	Reviewed by
DRRFCC2008-0084	Aug. 21, 2020	Initial issue	BumJun Park	HakMin Kim

Table of Contents

1. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE	5
1.1 General Information	5
1.2 Power Reduction for SAR	7
1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications	7
1.4 DUT Antenna Locations	7
1.5 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities	7
1.6 Miscellaneous SAR Test Considerations	8
1.7 Guidance Applied	9
1.8 Device Serial Numbers	9
2. LTE INFORMATION	10
3. INTROCUCTION	11
4. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT	12
4.1 Measurement Procedure	12
5. DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS	14
5.1 Ear Reference Point	14
5.2 Handset Reference Points	14
6. TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS	15
6.1 Device Holder	15
6.2 Positioning for Cheek/Touch	15
6.3 Positioning for Ear / 15 ° Tilt	15
6.4 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations	16
6.5 Extremity Exposure Configurations	16
6.6 Wireless Router Configurations	17
6.7 Phablet Configurations	17
7. RF EXPOSURE LIMITS	18
8. FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES	19
8.1 Measured and Reported SAR	19
8.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR	19
8.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA (UMTS)	19
8.3.1 Output Power Verification	19
8.3.2 Head SAR Measurements for Handsets	19
8.3.3 Body SAR Measurements	20
8.3.4 Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices	20
8.3.5 Release 6 HSUPA Data Devices	20
8.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE	21
8.4.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations	21
8.4.2 MPR	21
8.4.3 A-MPR	21
8.4.4 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing	21
8.5 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters	22
8.5.1 General Device Setup	22
8.5.2 U-NII and U-NII-2A	22
8.5.3 U-NII-2C and U-NII-3	23
8.5.4 Initial Test Position Procedure	23
8.5.5 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements	23
8.5.6 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection	23
8.5.7 Initial Test Configuration Procedure	24
8.5.8 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures	24
9. RF CONDUCTED POWERS	25
9.1 GSM Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers	25
9.2 WCDMA Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers	26
9.3 LTE Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers	27
9.4 WLAN Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers	32
9.5 Bluetooth Conducted Powers	34
10. SYSTEM VERIFICATION	35
10.1 Tissue Verification	35
10.2 Test System Verification	36

11. SAR TEST RESULTS	37
11.1 Head SAR Results	37
11.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Worn SAR Results	40
11.3 Standalone Hotspot SAR Results	42
11.4 Standalone Phablet SAR Results	43
11.5 SAR Test Notes	44
12. FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS	47
12.1 Introduction	47
12.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures	47
12.3 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities	47
12.4 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	49
12.5 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	52
12.6 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	54
12.7 Phablet SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis	55
12.8 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion	55
13. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY	56
13.1 Measurement Variability	56
13.2 Measurement Uncertainty	56
14. EQUIPMENT LIST	57
15. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES	58
16. CONCLUSION	65
17. REFERENCES	66
APPENDIX A. – Probe Calibration Data	68
APPENDIX B. – Dipole Calibration Data	92
APPENDIX C. – SAR Tissue Specifications	149
APPENDIX D. – SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION	151
APPENDIX E. – Description of Test Equipment	153

1. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

1.1 General Information

EUT type	Enterprise-Value Full Touch Handheld Computer				
FCC ID	SS4VF550				
Equipment model name	VF550				
Equipment add model name	N/A				
Equipment serial no.	Identical prototype				
FCC & ISED MRA Designation No.	KR0034				
ISED#	5470A				
Mode(s) of Operation	GSM 850, GSM 1900, WCDMA 850, WCDMA 1900, LTE Band 4, 2, 7, 2.4 G W-LAN (802.11b/g/n-HT20), 5 G W-LAN (802.11a/n-HT20/n-HT40/ac-VHT20/ac-VHT40/ac-VHT80), Bluetooth				
TX Frequency Range	Band	Mode	Operating Modes	Bandwidth	Frequency
	GSM 850	GSM/GPRS/EDGE	Voice/Data	-	824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz
	GSM 1900	GSM/GPRS/EDGE	Voice/Data	-	1 850.2 MHz ~ 1 909.8 MHz
	WCDMA 850	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz
	WCDMA 1900	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	1 852.4 MHz ~ 1 907.6 MHz
	LTE Band 4	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10/15/20MHz	1 710.7 MHz ~ 1 754.3 MHz
	LTE Band 2	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10/15/20MHz	1 850.7 MHz ~ 1 909.3 MHz
	LTE Band 7	LTE	Voice/Data	5/10/15/20MHz	2 502.5 MHz ~ 2 567.5 MHz
	2.4 GHz W-LAN	802.11b/g/n	Voice/Data	HT20	2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz
	5.2 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 190 MHz ~ 5 230 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 210 MHz
	5.3 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 260 MHz ~ 5 320 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 270 MHz ~ 5 310 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 290 MHz
	5.6 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 500 MHz ~ 5 720 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 510 MHz ~ 5 710 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 530 MHz ~ 5 690 MHz
	5.8 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 745 MHz ~ 5 825 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 755 MHz ~ 5 795 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 775 MHz
	Bluetooth	-	Data	-	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz
RX Frequency Range	GSM 850	GSM/GPRS/EDGE	Voice/Data	-	869.2 MHz ~ 893.8 MHz
	GSM 1900	GSM/GPRS/EDGE	Voice/Data	-	1 930.2 MHz ~ 1 989.8 MHz
	WCDMA 850	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	871.4 MHz ~ 891.6 MHz
	WCDMA 1900	WCDMA	Voice/Data	-	1 932.4 MHz ~ 1 987.6 MHz
	LTE Band 4	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10/15/20MHz	2 110.7 MHz ~ 2 154.3 MHz
	LTE Band 2	LTE	Voice/Data	1.4/3/5/10/15/20MHz	1 930.7 MHz ~ 1 989.3 MHz
	LTE Band 7	LTE	Voice/Data	5/10/15/20MHz	2 622.5 MHz ~ 2 687.5 MHz
	2.4 GHz W-LAN	802.11b/g/n	Voice/Data	HT20	2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz
	5.2 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 190 MHz ~ 5 230 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 210 MHz
	5.3 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT200	5 260 MHz ~ 5 320 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 270 MHz ~ 5 310 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 290 MHz
	5.6 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 500 MHz ~ 5 720 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 510 MHz ~ 5 710 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 530 MHz ~ 5 690 MHz
	5.8 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 745 MHz ~ 5 825 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 755 MHz ~ 5 795 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 775 MHz
	Bluetooth	-	Data	-	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz

SAR Summary Table

Equipment Class	Band	Reported SAR			
		1g SAR (W/kg)			10g SAR (W/kg)
		Head	Body-Worn	Hotspot	Phablet
PCE	GSM 850	0.20	0.35	-	-
PCE	GPRS 850	0.31	0.57	0.57	-
PCE	GSM 1900	< 0.1	0.30	-	-
PCE	GPRS 1900	< 0.1	0.43	0.43	-
PCE	WCDMA 850	0.12	0.34	0.34	-
PCE	WCDMA 1900	0.14	0.60	0.60	-
PCE	LTE Band 4	0.39	0.92	0.92	-
PCE	LTE Band 2	0.28	0.59	0.59	-
PCE	LTE Band 7	0.26	0.43	0.43	-
DTS	2.4 GHz W-LAN	1.04	0.24	0.30	-
U-NII-1	5.2 GHz W-LAN	-	-	-	-
U-NII-2A	5.3 GHz W-LAN	0.52	0.32	-	0.40
U-NII-2C	5.6 GHz W-LAN	0.31	0.37	-	0.43
U-NII-3	5.8 GHz W-LAN	0.31	0.36	-	0.44
DSS	Bluetooth	0.13	< 0.1	< 0.1	-
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r03		1.32	1.30	1.08	-
FCC Equipment Class	Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE) Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter(DSS) Digital Transmission System(DTS) Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)				
Date(s) of Tests	2020.07.07 ~ 2020.08.13				
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna				
Functions	● GSM/GPRS/EDGE (GPRS/EDGE Class: 12) supported. * DTM not supported. ● No simultaneous transmission between BT & 2.4GHz WLAN ● Simultaneous transmission between [GSM, WCDMA voice & WLAN], [GPRS, WCDMA & WLAN], [LTE & WLAN]. ● VoIP is supported. ● W-LAN 2.4GHz is supported Hotspot. ● W-LAN 5 GHz is not supported Hotspot.				

1.2 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

The Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications are in section 9 of this test report.

1.4 DUT Antenna Locations

The overall dimensions of this device are > 9 x 5 cm. A diagram showing the location of the device of the device antenna can be found in SS4VF550_Antenna Location. Since the diagonal dimension of this device is > 160 mm and < 200 mm. it is considered a "phablet".

Mode	Device Sides for SAR Testing					
	Top	Bottom	Front	Rear	Right	Left
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	X	O	O	O	O	O
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	X	O	O	O	O	O
WCDMA 850	X	O	O	O	O	O
WCDMA 1900	X	O	O	O	O	O
LTE Band 4	X	O	O	O	O	O
LTE Band 2	X	O	O	O	O	O
LTE Band 7	X	O	O	O	O	O
2.4G W-LAN	O	X	O	O	X	O
5G W-LAN	O	X	O	O	X	O
Bluetooth	O	X	O	O	X	O

Note 1: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for Hotspot SAR or Phablet SAR if the edges were greater than 2.5 cm from the transmitting antenna according to FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The antenna document shows the distances between the transmit antennas and the edges of the device.

Note 2: W-LAN 5 GHz is not supported Hotspot.

Note 3: O - Test / X - Not test.

1.5 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities are in section 12 of this test report.

1.6 Miscellaneous SAR Test Considerations

(A) WIFI/BT

Since U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands have the same maximum output power and the highest reported SAR for U-NII-2A is less than 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band according to FCC KDB publication 248227 D01v02r02.

Since Wireless Router operations are not allowed by the chipset firmware using U-NII-1, U-NII-2A, U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 WIFI, only 2.4GHz WIFI Hotspot SAR tests and combinations are considered for SAR with respect to Wireless Router configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D06v02r01.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1g SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency(GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, body-worn and hotspot **Bluetooth SAR were not required; [(11/10)*√2.441] = 1.8 (< 3.0)**. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01 v06, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the 10g SAR exclusion threshold for distance < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency(GHz)}} \leq 7.5$$

Based on the maximum conducted power of Bluetooth (rounded to the nearest mW) and the antenna to user separation distance, phablet **Bluetooth SAR was not required; [(11/5)*√2.441] = 3.5 (< 7.5)**. Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, the maximum power of the channel was rounded to the nearest mW before calculation.

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, this device is considered a “phablet” since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160 mm and less than 200 mm. Phablet SAR tests are required when wireless router mode does not apply or if wireless router 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg. Because wireless router operations are not supported for U-NII-1, U-NII-2A, U-NII-2C and U-NII-3, phablet SAR tests were performed. Phablet SAR was not evaluated for 2.4 GHz WLAN operations since wireless router 1g SAR was < 1.2 W/kg.

(B) Licensed Transmitter(s)

GSM/GPRS/EDGE DTM is not supported for US bands. Therefore, the GSM Voice modes in this report do not transmit simultaneously with GPRS/EDGE Data.

LTE SAR for the higher modulations and lower bandwidths were not tested since the maximum average output power of all required channels and configurations was not more than 0.5 dB higher than the highest bandwidth and the reported LTE SAR for the highest bandwidth was less than 1.45 W/kg for all configurations according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r04.

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 v01r03, this device is considered a “phablet” since the diagonal dimension is greater than 160 mm and less than 200 mm. Therefore, phablet SAR tests are required when wireless router mode does not apply or if wireless router 1g SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

This device supports LTE capabilities with overlapping transmission frequency ranges. When the supported frequency range of an LTE Band falls completely within an LTE band with a larger transmission frequency range, both LTE bands have the same target power (or the band with the larger transmission frequency range has a higher target power), and both LTE bands share the same transmission path and signal characteristics, SAR was only assessed for the band with the larger transmission frequency range.

1.7 Guidance Applied

- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 (3G SAR Procedures)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r05 (SAR for LTE Devices)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05Av01r02 (LTE Rel.10 KDB Inquiry Sheet)
- FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 (Hotspot Mode)
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 (802.11 Wi-Fi SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 (General RF Exposure Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 (Handset SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 690783 D01v01r03 (SAR Listings on Grants)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02v01r02 (RF Exposure Reporting)
- October 2013 TCB Workshop Notes (GPRS testing criteria)
- April 2015 TCB Workshop Notes (Simultaneous transmission summation clarified)
- October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes (Bluetooth Duty Factor)

1.8 Device Serial Numbers

Several samples with identical hardware were used to support SAR testing. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units. The serial numbers used for each test are indicated alongside the results in Section 11.

2. LTE INFORMATION

LTE Information					
FCC ID	SS4VF550				
Form Factor	Enterprise-Value Full Touch Handheld Computer				
Frequency Range of each LTE transmission Band	LTE Band 4 (AWS) (1710.7 ~ 1754.3 MHz) LTE Band 2 (PCS) (1850.7 ~ 1909.3 MHz) LTE Band 7 (2502.5 ~ 2567.5 MHz)				
Channel Bandwidths	LTE Band 4 : 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz LTE Band 2 : 1.4 MHz, 3 MHz, 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz LTE Band 7: 5 MHz, 10 MHz, 15 MHz, 20 MHz				
Channel Number and Frequencies(MHz)	Low	Low-Mid	Mid	Mid-High	High
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 1.4 MHz	1 710.7 (19957)	N/A	1 732.5 (20175)	N/A	1 754.3 (20393)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 3 MHz	1 711.5 (19965)	N/A	1 732.5 (20175)	N/A	1 753.5 (20385)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 5 MHz	1 712.5 (19975)	N/A	1 732.5 (20175)	N/A	1 752.5 (20375)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 10 MHz	1 715.0 (20000)	N/A	1 732.5 (20175)	N/A	1 750.0 (20350)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 15 MHz	1 717.5 (20025)	N/A	1 732.5 (20175)	N/A	1 747.5 (20325)
LTE Band 4 (AWS): 20 MHz	1 720.0 (20050)	N/A	1 732.5 (20175) ^{Note2}	N/A	1 745.0 (20300)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 1.4 MHz	1 850.7 (18607)	N/A	1 880.0 (18900)	N/A	1 909.3 (19193)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 3 MHz	1 851.5 (18615)	N/A	1 880.0 (18900)	N/A	1 908.5 (19185)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 5 MHz	1 852.5 (18625)	N/A	1 880.0 (18900)	N/A	1 907.5 (19175)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 10 MHz	1 855.0 (18650)	N/A	1 880.0 (18900)	N/A	1 905.0 (19150)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 15 MHz	1 857.5 (18675)	N/A	1 880.0 (18900)	N/A	1 902.5 (19125)
LTE Band 2 (PCS): 20 MHz	1 860.0 (18700)	N/A	1 880.0 (18900)	N/A	1 900.0 (19100)
LTE Band 7: 5 MHz	2 502.5 (20775)	N/A	2 535.0 (21100)	N/A	2 567.5 (21425)
LTE Band 7: 10 MHz	2 505.0 (20800)	N/A	2 535.0 (21100)	N/A	2 565.0 (21400)
LTE Band 7: 15 MHz	2 507.5 (20825)	N/A	2 535.0 (21100)	N/A	2 562.5 (21375)
LTE Band 7: 20 MHz	2 510.0 (20850)	N/A	2 535.0 (21100)	N/A	2 560.0 (21350)
UE Category	LTE Rel.11, UE Cat 4				
Modulations Supported in UL	QPSK, 16QAM				
LTE MPR Permanently implemented per 3GPP TS 36.101 section 6.2.3-6.2.5? (manufacturer attestation to be provided)	Yes				
A-MPR (Additional MPR) disabled for SAR Testing?	Yes				
LTE Carrier Aggregation Possible Combinations	LTE Carrier Aggregation is not support.				
LTE Additional Information	This device does not support full CA features on 3GPP Release 11. All uplink communications are identical to the Release 8 Specifications. The following LTE Release 11 Features are not supported: Relay, HetNet, Enhanced MIMO, eICIC, WIFI Offloading, MDH, eMBMS, Cross-Carrier Scheduling, Enhanced SC-FDMA.				

Note(s)

- LTE B5 (Cell) can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 10 MHz bandwidth.
Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.
- LTE B4 (AWS) can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 20 MHz bandwidth.
Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

3. INTROCUCTION

The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ) It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 3.1)

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

Fig. 3.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

4. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

4.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013:

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4.1) and IEEE1528-2013.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 4.1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
 - a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 4.1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

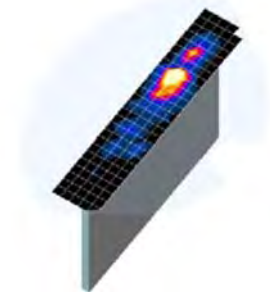


Figure 4.1
Sample SAR Area Scan

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 mm $\pm$ 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2)$ mm $\pm$ 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30° $\pm$ 1°	20° $\pm$ 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

Table 4.1 Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04*

5. DEFINITION OF REFERENCE POINTS

5.1 Ear Reference Point

Figure 5.1 shows the front, back and side views of the SAM Twin Phantom. The point “M” is the reference point for the center of the mouth, “LE” is the left ear reference point(ERP), and “RE” is the right ERP. The ERPs are 15 mm posterior to the entrance to the Ear canal (EEC) along the B-M line (Back-Mouth), as shown in Figure 5.1. The plane Passing, through the two ear canals and M is defined as the Reference Plane. The line N-F (Neck- Front) is perpendicular to the reference plane and passing through the RE (or LE) is called the Reference Pivoting Line (see Figure 5.1). Line B-M is perpendicular to the N-F line. Both N-F and B-M lines are marked on the external phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning.

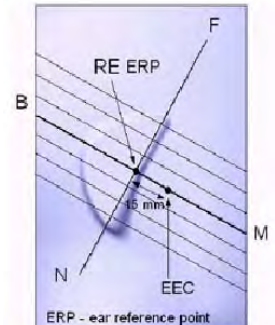


Figure 5.1
Close-up side view
of ERP

5.2 Handset Reference Points

Two imaginary lines on the handset were established: the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The test device was placed in a normal operating position with the “test device reference point” located along the “vertical centerline” on the front of the device aligned to the “ear reference point” (See Fig. 5.3). The “test device reference point” was then located at the same level as the center of the ear reference point. The test device was positioned so that the “vertical centerline” was bisecting the front surface of the handset at it’s top and bottom edges, positioning the “ear reference point” on the outer surface of the both the left and right head phantoms on the ear reference point.



Figure 5.2 Front, back and side view SAM Twin Phantom

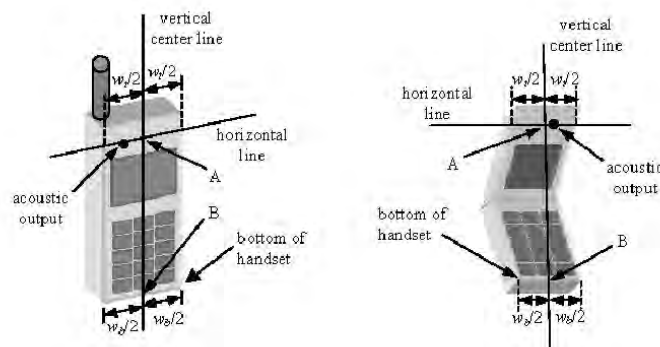


Figure 5.3 Handset Vertical Center & Horizontal Line Reference Points

6. TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

6.1 Device Holder

The device holder is made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$.

6.2 Positioning for Cheek/Touch

1. The test device was positioned with the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 6.1), such that the plane defined by the vertical center line and the horizontal line of the phone is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



Figure 6.1 Front, Side and Top View of Cheek/Touch Position

2. The handset was translated towards the phantom along the line passing through RE & LE until the handset touches the ear.
3. While maintaining the handset in this plane, the handset was rotated around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline was in the plane normal to MB-NF including the line MB (reference plane).
4. The phone was then rotated around the vertical centerline until the phone (horizontal line) was symmetrical with respect to the line NF.
5. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the reference plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, the handset was rotated about the line NF until any point on the handset made contact with a phantom point below the ear (cheek). (See Figure 6.2)

6.3 Positioning for Ear / 15 ° Tilt

With the test device aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was retracted parallel to the reference plane far enough to enable a rotation of the phone by 15 degree.
2. The phone was then rotated around the horizontal line by 15 degree.
3. While maintaining the orientation of the phone, the phone was moved parallel to the reference plane until any part of the phone touches the head. (In this position, point A was located on the line RE-LE). The tilted position is obtained when the contact is on the pinna. If the contact was at any location other than the pinna, the angle of the phone would then be reduced. The tilted position was obtained when any part of the phone was in contact of the ear as well as a second part of the phone was in contact with the head (see Figure 6.3).

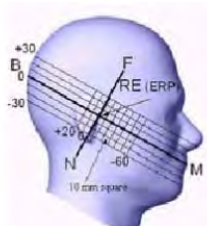


Figure 6.2 Side view w/relevant markings



Figure 6.3 Front, Side and Top View of Ear/15° Position

6.4 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 6.4). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

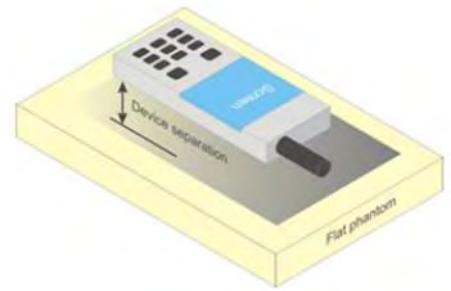


Figure 6.4 Sample Body-Worn Diagram

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

6.5 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, Cell phones (handsets) are not normally designed to be used on extremities or operated in extremity only exposure conditions. The maximum output power levels of handsets generally do not require extremity SAR testing to show compliance. Therefore, extremity SAR was not evaluated for this device.

6.6 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, rear and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative test separation distance configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitter often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was not activated during SAR assessment, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

6.7 Phablet Configurations

For smart phones with a display diagonal $> 150 \text{ mm}$ or an overall diagonal dimension $> 160 \text{ mm}$ that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, the phablets procedures outlined in KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance. A device marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance. In addition to the normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures required for handsets, the UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna $\leq 25 \text{ mm}$ from that surface or edge, in direct contact with the phantom, for 10g SAR. The UMPC mini-tablet 1g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10g SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1g SAR $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$.

7. RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

Uncontrolled Environment:

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment:

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 8.1.SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

	HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS	
	General Public Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)	Occupational Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.0

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation).

8. FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

8.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported SAR. The highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

8.2 Procedures Used to Establish RF Signal for SAR

The following procedures are according to FCC KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01.

The device was placed into a simulated call using a base station simulator in a RF shielded chamber. Establishing connections in this manner ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. Devices under test were evaluated prior to testing, with a fully charged battery and were configured to operate at maximum output power. In order to verify that the device was tested throughout the SAR test at maximum output power, the SAR measurement system measures a “point SAR” at an arbitrary reference point at the start and end of the 1 gram SAR evaluation, to assess for any power drifts during the evaluation. If the power drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

8.3 SAR Measurement Conditions for WCDMA (UMTS)

8.3.1 Output Power Verification

Maximum output power is measured on the High, Middle and Low channels for each applicable transmission band according to the general descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121, using the appropriate RMC or AMR with TPC (transmit power control) set to all “1s”.

Maximum output power is verified on the High, Middle and Low channels according to the general, descriptions in section 5.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121 (release 5), using the appropriate RMC with TPC, (transmit power control) set to all “1s” or applying the required inner loop power control procedures to maintain maximum output power while HSUPA is active. Results for all applicable physical channel configurations (DPCCH, DPDCHn and spreading codes, HS-DPCCH etc) are tabulated in this test report. All configurations that are not supported by the DUT or cannot be measured due to technical or equipment limitations are identified.

8.3.2 Head SAR Measurements for Handsets

SAR for head exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1s”. SAR in AMR configurations is not required when the maximum average output of each RF channel for 12.2 kbps AMR is less than 0.25 dB higher than that measured in 12.2 kbps RMC. Otherwise, SAR is measured on the maximum output channel in 12.2 AMR with a 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the exposure configuration that resulted in the highest SAR for that RF channel in the 12.2 kbps RMC mode.

8.3.3 Body SAR Measurements

SAR for body exposure configurations is measured using the 12.2 kbps RMC with the TPC bits all "1s".

8.3.4 Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices

The following procedures are applicable to HSDPA data devices operating under 3GPP Release 5. SAR is required for devices in body-worn accessory and other body exposure conditions, including handsets and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSDPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and requires an active DPCCH. The default test configuration is to measure SAR in WCDMA with HSDPA remain inactive, to establish a radio link between the test device and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR for HSDPA is selectively measured using the highest reported SAR configuration in WCDMA, with an FRC in H-set 1 and a 12.2 kbps RMC. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations (DPCCH & DPDCHn) according to exposure conditions, device operating capabilities and maximum output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance by applying the 3G SAR test reduction procedures. Maximum output power is verified according to the applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121. SAR must be measured based on these maximum output conditions and requirements in KDB Publication 447498, with respect to the UE Categories, and explained in the SAR report. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) applies, the implementations must be clearly identified in the SAR report to support test results according to Cubic Metric (CM) and, as appropriate, Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) requirements.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	CM (dB) ⁽²⁾
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	12/15 ⁽³⁾	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5
Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$ Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.						

Figure 9.1 Table 1

8.3.5 Release 6 HSUPA Data Devices

The following procedures are applicable to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA) data devices operating under 3GPP Release 6. SAR is required for devices in body-worn accessory and other body exposure conditions, including handsets and data modems operating in various electronic devices. HSUPA operates in conjunction with WCDMA and HSDPA. SAR is initially measured in WCDMA test configurations with HSPA remain inactive. The default test configuration is to establish a radio link between the test device and a communication test set to configure a 12.2 kbps RMC in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR for HSPA is selectively measured with HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH, all enabled, along with a 12.2 kbps RMC using the highest reported SAR configuration in WCDMA with 12.2 kbps RMC only.

An FRC is configured according to HS-DPCCH Sub-test 1 using H-set 1 and QPSK. HSPA is configured according to E-DCH Sub-test 5 requirements. SAR for other HSPA sub-test configurations is confirmed selectively according to exposure conditions, E-DCH UE Category and maximum output power of production units, including tune-up tolerance by applying the 3G SAR test reduction procedure. Maximum output power is verified according to procedures in applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121. SAR must be measured based on these maximum output conditions and requirements in KDB Publication 447498, with respect to the UE Categories for HS-DPCCH and HSPA, and explained in the SAR report. When Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) applies, the implementations must be clearly identified in the SAR report to support test results according to Cubic Metric (CM) and, as appropriate, Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) requirements.

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Figure 9.2 Table 2

8.4 SAR Measurement Conditions for LTE

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR. The call simulator was used for LTE output power measurement and SAR testing. Closed loop power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).

8.4.1 Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

8.4.2 MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36. 101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

8.4.3 A-MPR

A-MPR (Addition MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

8.4.4 Required RB Size and RB Offsets for SAR Testing

According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05:

- Per Section 5.2.1, SAR is required for QPSK 1 RB Allocation for the largest bandwidth
 - The required channel and offset combination with the highest maximum output power is required for SAR.
 - When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channel is not required. Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the RB offset configuration with highest output power for that channel.
 - When the reported SAR for a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all RB offset configurations for that channel.
- Per Section 5.2.2, SAR is required for 50% RB allocation using the largest bandwidth following the same procedures outlined in Section 5.2.1.
- Per Section 5.2.3, QPSK SAR is not required for the 100% allocation when the highest maximum output power for the 100% allocation is less than the highest maximum output power of the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations and the reported SAR for the 1 RB and 50% RB allocations is < 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- Per Section 5.2.4 and 5.3, SAR tests for higher order modulations and lower bandwidths configurations are not required when the conducted power of the required test configurations determined by Sections 5.2.1 through 5.2.3 is less than or equal to 0.5 dB higher than the equivalent configuration using QPSK modulation and when the QPSK SAR for those configurations is < 1.45 W/kg.

8.5 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

The normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227D01v02r02 for more details.

8.5.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92-96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

8.5.2 U-NII and U-NII-2A

For devices that operate in only one of the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, the normally required SAR procedures for OFDM configurations are applied. For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following, with respect to the highest reported SAR and maximum output power specified for production units. The procedures are applied independently to each exposure configuration; for example, head, body, hotspot mode etc.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

8.5.3 U-NII-2C and U-NII-3

The frequency range covered by U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements.

When Terminal Doppler Weather Rader (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 – 5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification.

Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, SAR must be considered for these channels. When band gap channels are disabled, each band is tested independently according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurements and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

8.5.4 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test position are measured.

8.5.5 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

8.5.6 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11a and 802.11n or 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11a, then 802.11g then 802.11n is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power were the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

8.5.7 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. The channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required.

Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured.

8.5.8 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations, in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure, when applicable. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration, adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR testing for the subsequent test configurations is required.

9. RF CONDUCTED POWERS

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06

9.1 GSM Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band & Mode		Voice[dBm]	Burst Average GMSK [dBm]				Burst Average GMSK [dBm]			
		1 TX Slot	1 TX Slot	2 TX Slot	3 TX Slot	4 TX Slot	1 TX Slot	2 TX Slot	3 TX Slot	4 TX Slot
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 850	Maximum	33.00	33.00	32.50	30.00	29.00	26.50	26.00	25.50	25.00
	Nominal	32.50	32.50	32.00	29.50	28.50	26.00	25.50	25.00	24.50
GSM/GPRS/EDGE 1900	Maximum	29.00	29.00	27.50	26.50	25.50	25.30	24.50	24.20	24.00
	Nominal	28.50	28.50	27.00	26.00	25.00	24.80	24.00	23.70	23.50

Table 9.1.1 GSM Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Band	Channel	Maximum Burst-Averaged Output Power(dBm)								
		Voice	GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)				EDGE Data (8-PSK)			
		GSM CS 1 Slot	GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot	EDGE 1 TX Slot	EDGE 2 TX Slot	EDGE 3 TX Slot	EDGE 4 TX Slot
GSM850	128	32.20	32.20	32.10	29.40	28.20	26.10	25.70	25.00	24.20
	190	32.30	32.30	32.10	29.80	28.50	26.00	25.80	25.20	24.50
	251	32.50	32.50	32.30	29.70	28.30	26.00	25.80	25.10	24.30
PCS 1900	512	28.70	28.70	27.20	26.40	25.20	25.10	24.40	24.00	23.50
	661	28.30	28.30	26.80	26.00	24.80	24.70	24.30	23.60	23.00
	810	28.10	28.10	26.30	25.40	24.20	24.10	23.30	22.90	22.40
Band	Channel	Calculated Maximum Frame-Averaged Output Power(dBm)								
		Voice	GPRS/EDGE Data (GMSK)				EDGE Data (8-PSK)			
		GSM CS 1 Slot	GPRS 1 TX Slot	GPRS 2 TX Slot	GPRS 3 TX Slot	GPRS 4 TX Slot	EDGE 1 TX Slot	EDGE 2 TX Slot	EDGE 3 TX Slot	EDGE 4 TX Slot
GSM850	128	23.17	23.17	26.08	25.14	25.19	17.07	19.68	20.74	21.19
	190	23.27	23.27	26.08	25.54	25.49	16.97	19.78	20.94	21.49
	251	23.47	23.47	26.28	25.44	25.29	16.97	19.78	20.84	21.29
PCS 1900	512	19.67	19.67	21.18	22.14	22.19	16.07	18.38	19.74	20.49
	661	19.27	19.27	20.78	21.74	21.79	15.67	18.28	19.34	19.99
	810	19.07	19.07	20.28	21.14	21.19	15.07	17.28	18.64	19.39
GSM850	Frame Avg. Targets:	23.47	23.47	25.98	25.24	25.49	16.97	19.48	20.74	21.49
PCS 1900		19.47	19.47	20.98	21.74	21.99	15.77	17.98	19.44	20.49

Table 9.1.2 GSM Conducted Power

Note:

- Both burst-averaged and calculated frame-averaged powers are included. Frame-averaged power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- GPRS (GMSK) output powers were measured with coding scheme setting of 1 (CS1) on the base station simulator. CS1 was configured to measure GPRS output power measurements and SAR to ensure GMSK modulation in the signal. Our Investigation has shown that CS1 - CS4 settings do not have any impact on the output levels or modulation in the GPRS modes.
- EDGE (8-PSK) output powers were measured with MCS7 on the base station simulator. MCS7 coding scheme was used to measure the output powers for EDGE since investigation has shown that choosing MCS7 coding scheme will ensure 8-PSK modulation. It has been shown that MCS levels that produce 8PSK modulation do not have an impact on output power.

GPRS Multislot class: 12 (max 4 TX Uplink slots)
EDGE Multislot class: 12 (max 4 TX Uplink slots)
DTM Multislot Class: N/A



Figure 9.1 Power Measurement Setup

9.2 WCDMA Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

3GPP Release Version	Mode			Cellular Band (dBm)	PCS Band (dBm)	MPR (dB)
99	WCDMA	Voice	Maximum	23.5	23.0	-
			Nominal	23.0	22.5	-
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	Maximum	23.5	23.0	0
			Nominal	23.0	22.5	0
5		Subtest 2	Maximum	23.5	23.0	0
			Nominal	23.0	22.5	0
5		Subtest 3	Maximum	23.0	22.5	0.5
			Nominal	22.5	22.0	0.5
5		Subtest 4	Maximum	23.0	22.5	0.5
			Nominal	22.5	22.0	0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	Maximum	23.5	23.0	0
			Nominal	23.0	22.5	0
6		Subtest 2	Maximum	21.5	21.0	2
			Nominal	21.0	20.5	2
6		Subtest 3	Maximum	22.5	22.0	1
			Nominal	22.0	21.5	1
6		Subtest 4	Maximum	21.5	21.0	2
			Nominal	21.0	20.5	2
6		Subtest 5	Maximum	23.5	23.0	0
			Nominal	23.0	22.5	0

Table 9.2.1 WCDMA Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

3GPP Release Version	Mode	3GPP 34.121 Subtest	Cellular Band (dBm)			PCS Band (dBm)			MPR (dB)
			4132	4183	4233	9262	9400	9538	
99	WCDMA	12.2 kbps RMC	22.73	23.05	23.10	22.58	22.42	22.14	-
99		12.2 kbps AMR	22.74	23.04	23.09	22.51	22.42	22.13	-
5	HSDPA	Subtest 1	22.47	22.66	22.73	21.66	21.47	21.20	0
5		Subtest 2	22.47	22.67	22.71	21.69	21.49	21.20	0
5		Subtest 3	21.99	22.30	22.27	21.19	20.97	20.63	0.5
5		Subtest 4	21.98	22.30	22.26	21.19	20.98	20.63	0.5
6	HSUPA	Subtest 1	22.16	22.08	22.52	21.03	21.04	21.01	0
6		Subtest 2	21.00	21.29	20.78	20.34	20.00	20.07	2
6		Subtest 3	21.43	21.64	21.78	20.54	20.44	20.41	1
6		Subtest 4	21.06	21.38	21.34	20.78	20.80	20.24	2
6		Subtest 5	22.51	22.71	22.74	21.65	21.50	21.20	0

Table 9.2.2 WCDMA Conducted Power

WCDMA SAR was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.

The manufacturer declares that the HSDPA and HSUPA transmitter's power will not exceed the R99 maximum transmit power in devices based on Qualcomm's HSPA chipset solutions.



Figure 9.2 Power Measurement Setup

9.3 LTE Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band & Mode		Modulated Average[dBm]
LTE Band 4	Maximum	22.5
	Nominal	22.0

Table 9.3.1.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

1) LTE Band 4 (AWS)

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power-- 20 MHz Bandwidth					
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Mid Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20175 (1732.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)		
QPSK	1	0	22.27	≤ 1	0
	1	50	22.25		
	1	99	22.15		
	50	0	21.17		1
	50	25	21.10		
	50	50	21.05		
16QAM	100	0	21.14	≤ 1	1
	1	0	21.38		1
	1	50	21.33		
	1	99	21.12		
	50	0	20.32	≤ 2	2
	50	25	20.27		
	50	50	20.18		
	100	0	20.26		2

Table 9.3.1.2 LTE Conducted Power

Note: LTE B4 (AWS) can not contain three non-overlapping channels of 20 MHz bandwidth.

Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power~ 15 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20025 (1717.5 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20325 (1747.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.40	22.24	22.12	≤ 1	0
	1	36	22.32	22.18	22.00		
	1	74	22.28	22.09	21.89		
	36	0	21.33	21.16	21.14		1
	36	18	21.25	21.10	21.13		
	36	37	21.25	21.09	21.08		
	75	0	21.31	21.14	21.12		1
	16QAM	1	0	21.47	21.31		21.25
1		36	21.37	21.19	21.10		
1		74	21.35	21.12	21.03		
36		0	20.41	20.33	20.27	≤ 2	2
36		18	20.35	20.23	20.26		
36		37	20.26	20.19	20.10		
75		0	20.30	20.22	20.18		2

Table 9.3.1.3 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power~ 10 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20000 (1715.0 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20350 (1750.0 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.31	22.27	22.24	≤ 1	0
	1	25	22.28	22.15	22.16		
	1	49	22.18	22.10	22.13		
	25	0	21.35	21.26	21.24		1
	25	12	21.25	21.23	21.15		
	25	25	21.20	21.12	21.12		
	50	0	21.28	21.21	21.14		1
	16QAM	1	0	21.40	21.31		21.28
1		25	21.36	21.26	21.14		
1		49	21.34	21.26	21.21		
25		0	20.40	20.36	20.23	≤ 2	2
25		12	20.36	20.23	20.17		
25		25	20.21	20.17	20.13		
50		0	20.35	20.20	20.20		

Table 9.3.1.4 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power– 5 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			19975 (1712.5 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20375 (1752.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.43	22.35	22.27	≤ 1	0
	1	12	22.15	22.29	22.22		
	1	24	22.29	22.30	22.00		
	12	0	21.31	21.19	21.12		1
	12	6	21.28	21.16	21.10		
	12	13	21.16	21.09	21.05		
	25	0	21.26	21.13	21.08	1	
	16QAM	1	0	21.39	21.27	21.13	≤ 1
1		12	21.33	21.20	21.10		
1		24	21.20	21.17	21.03		
12		0	20.39	20.33	20.31	≤ 2	2
12		6	20.33	20.25	20.25		
12		13	20.23	20.18	20.18		
25		0	20.31	20.20	20.18		

Table 9.3.1.5 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power– 3 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			19965 (1711.5 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20385 (1753.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.25	22.25	22.08	≤ 1	0
	1	7	22.17	22.16	21.99		
	1	14	22.17	22.08	22.04		
	8	0	21.32	21.24	21.17		1
	8	4	21.25	21.19	21.13		
	8	7	21.11	21.19	21.14		
	15	0	21.26	21.22	21.15		1
16QAM	1	0	21.34	21.28	21.01	≤ 1	1
	1	7	21.21	21.20	20.95		
	1	14	21.13	21.07	20.92		
	8	0	20.33	20.29	20.25		
	8	4	20.28	20.21	20.21	≤ 2	2
	8	7	20.15	20.19	20.12		
	15	0	20.28	20.17	20.20		

Table 9.3.1.6 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 4 (AWS) Conducted Power-- 1.4 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			19957 (1710.7 MHz)	20175 (1732.5 MHz)	20393 (1754.3 MHz)		
Conducted Power (dBm)							
QPSK	1	0	22.33	22.27	22.08	≤ 1	0
	1	2	22.25	22.15	21.99		
	1	5	22.15	22.13	21.90		
	3	0	22.31	22.24	22.01		0
	3	2	22.21	22.12	21.94		
	3	3	22.14	22.09	21.94		
	6	0	21.30	21.21	21.01		1
16QAM	1	0	21.39	21.34	21.17	≤ 1	1
	1	2	21.26	21.31	20.99		
	1	5	21.21	21.20	20.97		
	3	0	21.35	21.29	21.12		1
	3	2	21.30	21.25	21.11		
	3	3	21.19	21.21	21.09		
	6	0	20.38	20.31	20.12		≤ 2

Table 9.3.1.7 LTE Conducted Power

Band & Mode		Modulated Average[dBm]
LTE Band 2(PCS)	Maximum	22.5
	Nominal	22.0

Table 9.3.2.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

2) LTE Band 2 (PCS)

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power–20 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			18700 (1 860.0 MHz)	18900 (1 880.0 MHz)	19100 (1 900.0 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.21	22.22	22.02	≤ 1	0
	1	50	22.43	22.27	22.11		
	1	99	22.13	22.09	21.90		
	50	0	21.27	21.00	21.12		1
	50	25	21.31	21.08	21.09		
	50	50	21.35	21.17	21.15		
	100	0	21.33	21.15	21.07		1
16QAM	1	0	21.32	21.35	21.17	≤ 1	1
	1	50	21.43	21.38	21.21		
	1	99	21.19	21.12	21.07		
	50	0	20.28	20.17	20.20	≤ 2	2
	50	25	20.36	20.23	20.21		
	50	50	20.42	20.28	20.24		
	100	0	20.30	20.25	20.18		

Table 9.3.2.2 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power-- 15 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			18675 (1 857.5 MHz)	18900 (1 880.0 MHz)	19125 (1 902.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.31	22.13	21.96	≤ 1	0
	1	36	22.36	22.17	22.08		
	1	74	22.24	22.07	21.92		
	36	0	21.20	21.03	21.09		1
	36	18	21.25	21.08	21.11		
	36	37	21.31	21.14	21.13		
	75	0	21.26	21.09	21.08		1
16QAM	1	0	21.32	21.15	21.11	≤ 1	1
	1	36	21.40	21.31	21.16		
	1	74	21.34	21.08	21.01		
	36	0	20.17	20.16	20.15	≤ 2	2
	36	18	20.33	20.17	20.18		
	36	37	20.38	20.30	20.25		
	75	0	20.32	20.23	20.18		

Table 9.3.2.3 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power~ 10 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			18650 (1 855.0 MHz)	18900 (1 880.0 MHz)	19150 (1 905.0 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.27	22.13	22.17	≤ 1	0
	1	25	22.33	22.23	22.21		
	1	49	22.20	22.07	22.12		
	25	0	21.18	21.08	21.12		1
	25	12	21.23	21.21	21.10		
	25	25	21.28	21.26	21.18		
	50	0	21.25	21.15	21.13		1
16QAM	1	0	21.33	21.23	21.10	≤ 1	1
	1	25	21.36	21.31	21.25		
	1	49	21.34	21.18	21.13		
	25	0	20.18	20.15	20.13	≤ 2	2
	25	12	20.30	20.19	20.15		
	25	25	20.34	20.32	20.22		
	50	0	20.33	20.15	20.15		

Table 9.3.2.4 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power-- 5 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			18625 (1 852.5 MHz)	18900 (1 880.0 MHz)	19175 (1 907.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.14	22.26	22.18	≤ 1	0
	1	12	22.42	22.32	22.21		
	1	24	22.26	22.23	21.97		
	12	0	21.16	21.08	21.03		1
	12	6	21.24	21.12	21.07		
	12	13	21.28	21.16	21.10		
	25	0	21.21	21.12	21.03		1
	16QAM	1	0	21.33	21.20		21.04
1		12	21.36	21.24	21.07		
1		24	21.21	21.14	21.04		
12		0	20.19	20.18	20.14	≤ 2	2
12		6	20.33	20.21	20.18		
12		13	20.36	20.28	20.28		
25		0	20.30	20.17	20.18		

Table 9.3.2.5 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power– 3 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			18615 (1 851.5 MHz)	18900 (1 880.0 MHz)	19185 (1 908.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.17	22.11	21.99	≤ 1	0
	1	7	22.25	22.18	22.00		
	1	14	22.13	22.05	21.98		
	8	0	21.05	21.12	21.08		1
	8	4	21.19	21.14	21.12		
	8	7	21.27	21.19	21.16		
	15	0	21.20	21.14	21.11		1
	16QAM	1	0	21.19	21.14		20.92
1		7	21.29	21.29	20.98		
1		14	21.11	21.03	20.88		
8		0	20.18	20.14	20.10	≤ 2	2
8		4	20.22	20.21	20.18		
8		7	20.27	20.27	20.19		
15		0	20.28	20.16	20.18		2

Table 9.3.2.6 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 2 (PCS) Conducted Power~ 1.4 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			18607 (1 850.7 MHz)	18900 (1 880.0 MHz)	19193 (1 909.3 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.24	22.17	21.93	≤ 1	0
	1	2	22.33	22.22	22.00		
	1	5	22.11	22.11	21.88		
	3	0	22.12	22.03	21.89		0
	3	2	22.21	22.06	21.93		
	3	3	22.30	22.20	21.94		
	6	0	21.23	21.16	21.01	1	
16QAM	1	0	21.20	21.30	20.98	≤ 1	1
	1	2	21.34	21.33	21.13		
	1	5	21.19	21.18	20.92		
	3	0	21.16	21.17	21.07		1
	3	2	21.25	21.21	21.07		
	3	3	21.30	21.21	21.12		
	6	0	20.32	20.27	20.13	≤ 2	2

Table 9.3.2.7 LTE Conducted Power

Band & Mode		Modulated Average[dBm]
LTE Band 7	Maximum	22.5
	Nominal	22.0

Table 9.3.3.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

3) LTE Band 7

LTE Band 7 Conducted Power~ 20 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20850 (2 510.0 MHz)	21100 (2 535.0 MHz)	21350 (2 560.0 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.19	22.21	22.03	≤ 1	0
	1	50	22.35	22.25	22.06		
	1	99	22.04	22.08	21.89		
	50	0	21.22	20.96	21.07		1
	50	25	21.29	21.01	21.08		
	50	50	21.30	21.11	21.09		
	100	0	21.28	21.11	21.04		1
	16QAM	1	0	21.32	21.29		21.15
1		50	21.41	21.31	21.20		
1		99	21.19	21.05	21.02		
50		0	20.21	20.14	20.16	≤ 2	2
50		25	20.32	20.20	20.16		
50		50	20.39	20.24	20.27		
100		0	20.30	20.22	20.15		

Table 9.3.3.2 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 7 Conducted Power– 15 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20825 (2 507.5 MHz)	21100 (2 535.0 MHz)	21375 (2 562.5 MHz)		
Conducted Power (dBm)							
QPSK	1	0	22.29	22.11	21.93	≤ 1	0
	1	36	22.36	22.20	22.06		
	1	74	22.26	22.06	21.87		
	36	0	21.16	21.03	21.06		1
	36	18	21.19	21.05	21.06		
	36	37	21.29	21.12	21.09		
	75	0	21.22	21.09	21.04		1
	16QAM	1	0	21.34	21.13		21.07
1		36	21.39	21.26	21.13		
1		74	21.32	21.06	20.95		
36		0	20.14	20.10	20.11	≤ 2	2
36		18	20.31	20.16	20.15		
36		37	20.33	20.23	20.20		
75		0	20.28	20.18	20.16		

Table 9.3.3.3 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 7 Conducted Power~ 10 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20800 (2 505.0 MHz)	21100 (2 535.0 MHz)	21400 (2 565.0 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.25	22.13	22.09	≤ 1	0
	1	25	22.29	22.21	22.15		
	1	49	22.13	22.04	22.07		
	25	0	21.20	21.02	21.05		1
	25	12	21.20	21.17	21.07		
	25	25	21.24	21.21	21.16		
	50	0	21.20	21.14	21.10		1
	16QAM	1	0	21.32	21.19		21.10
1		25	21.37	21.26	21.24		
1		49	21.32	21.12	21.08		
25		0	20.09	20.12	20.08	≤ 2	2
25		12	20.27	20.20	20.10		
25		25	20.35	20.31	20.15		
50		0	20.28	20.11	20.13		

Table 9.3.3.4 LTE Conducted Power

LTE Band 7 Conducted Power– 5 MHz Bandwidth							
Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Low Channel	Mid Channel	High Channel	MPR Allowed Per 3GPP(dB)	MPR (dB)
			20775 (2 502.5 MHz)	21100 (2 535.0 MHz)	21425 (2 567.5 MHz)		
			Conducted Power (dBm)				
QPSK	1	0	22.10	22.28	22.16	≤ 1	0
	1	12	22.42	22.30	22.18		
	1	24	22.22	22.22	21.93		
	12	0	21.14	21.08	21.00		1
	12	6	21.23	21.07	21.02		
	12	13	21.31	21.15	21.11		
	25	0	21.24	21.06	20.99		1
	16QAM	1	0	21.27	21.19		21.04
1		12	21.30	21.23	21.05		
1		24	21.15	21.11	20.98		
12		0	20.13	20.10	20.09	≤ 2	2
12		6	20.26	20.17	20.19		
12		13	20.33	20.24	20.25		
25		0	20.24	20.17	20.15		

Table 9.3.3.5 LTE Conducted Power

9.4 WLAN Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band (GHz)	Mode	Ch	Modulated Average[dBm]	
			Maximum	Nominal
2.4	802.11b	1~11	17.0	16.5
	802.11g	1~11	15.0	14.5
	802.11n HT20	1~11	12.0	11.5

Table 9.4.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power	
			[dBm]	
802.11b	2 412	1	15.60	
	2 437	6	16.59	
	2 462	11	15.64	
802.11g	2 412	1	13.47	
	2 437	6	14.25	
	2 462	11	13.33	
802.11n (HT-20)	2 412	1	10.86	
	2 437	6	11.32	
	2 462	11	10.26	

Table 9.4.2 IEEE 802.11 Average RF Power

Band (GHz)	Mode	Ch	Modulated Average[dBm]	
			Maximum	Nominal
5 (UNII)	U-NII-1/U-NII-2A 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20)	36~64	12.0	11.5
	U-NII-1/U-NII-2A 802.11n(HT40)/ac(VHT40/VHT80)	36~64	11.9	11.4
	U-NII-2C/U-NII-3 802.11a/n(HT20)/ac(VHT20)	100~165	11.0	10.5
	U-NII-2C/U-NII-3 802.11n(HT40)/ac(VHT40/VHT80)	100~165	10.9	10.4

Table 9.4.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11a (5 GHz) Conducted Power	
			[dBm]	
802.11a	5 180	36	10.53	
	5 200	40	10.48	
	5 220	44	10.35	
	5 240	48	10.67	
	5 260	52	10.55	
	5 280	56	10.34	
	5 300	60	10.21	
	5 320	64	10.40	
	5 500	100	9.73	
	5 580	116	10.14	
	5 660	132	9.70	
	5 720	144	10.40	
	5 745	149	10.25	
	5 785	157	10.11	
	5 825	165	9.48	

Table 9.4.4 IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11n HT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power	
			[dBm]	
802.11n (HT-20)	5 180	36	10.53	
	5 200	40	10.44	
	5 220	44	10.37	
	5 240	48	10.23	
	5 260	52	10.91	
	5 280	56	10.73	
	5 300	60	10.54	
	5 320	64	10.39	
	5 500	100	9.61	
	5 580	116	10.04	
	5 660	132	9.70	
	5 720	144	10.31	
	5 745	149	10.01	
	5 785	157	9.80	
	5 825	165	9.52	

Table 9.4.5 IEEE 802.11n HT20 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power	
			[dBm]	
802.11ac (VHT-20)	5 180	36	10.70	
	5 200	40	10.58	
	5 220	44	10.28	
	5 240	48	10.81	
	5 260	52	10.75	
	5 280	56	10.63	
	5 300	60	10.40	
	5 320	64	10.24	
	5 500	100	9.54	
	5 580	116	10.02	
	5 660	132	9.63	
	5 720	144	10.16	
	5 745	149	9.95	
	5 785	157	9.84	
	5 825	165	9.56	

Table 9.4.6 IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11n HT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power
	(MHz)		(dBm)
802.11n (HT-40)	5 190	38	11.12
	5 230	46	11.18
	5 270	54	11.06
	5 310	62	10.79
	5 510	102	9.76
	5 550	110	9.53
	5 670	134	9.85
	5 710	142	9.64
	5 755	151	10.37
	5 795	159	10.08

Table 9.4.7 IEEE 802.11n HT40 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power
	(MHz)		(dBm)
802.11ac (VHT-40)	5 190	38	10.83
	5 230	46	11.25
	5 270	54	10.95
	5 310	62	10.66
	5 510	102	9.73
	5 550	110	9.44
	5 670	134	9.65
	5 710	142	9.50
	5 755	151	10.27
	5 795	159	10.05

Table 9.4.8 IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq.	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 (5 GHz) Conducted Power
	(MHz)		(dBm)
802.11ac (VHT-80)	5 210	42	10.44
	5 290	58	10.49
	5 530	106	9.35
	5 690	138	9.41
	5 775	155	10.06

Table 9.4.9 IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 Average RF Power

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- Output Power and SAR is not required for 802.11 g/n HT20/ac VHT20 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- The underlined data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

The average output powers of this device were tested by below configuration.

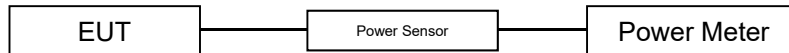


Figure 9.4 Power Measurement Setup

9.5 Bluetooth Conducted Powers

Burst Modulated Average[dBm]		Ch. Low	CH. Mid	Ch. High
Bluetooth 1 Mbps	Maximum	9.0	10.5	8.5
	Nominal	8.5	10.0	8.0
Bluetooth 2 Mbps	Maximum	6.5	8.0	5.0
	Nominal	6.0	7.5	4.5
Bluetooth 3 Mbps	Maximum	6.5	8.0	5.0
	Nominal	6.0	7.5	4.5
Bluetooth LE	Maximum	0.0	0.5	-1.0
	Nominal	-0.5	0.0	-1.5

Table 9.5.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec (Frame)

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frame AVG Output Power (1Mbps) (dBm)	Frame AVG Output Power (2Mbps) (dBm)	Frame AVG Output Power (3Mbps) (dBm)
Low	2 402	8.62	6.26	6.25
Mid	2 441	10.22	7.85	7.84
High	2 480	7.06	4.68	4.67

Table 9.5.2 Bluetooth Frame Average RF Power

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Frame AVG Output Power(LE / 1Mbps) (dBm)
Low	2 402	-0.45
Mid	2 440	0.48
High	2 480	-1.46

Table 9.5.3 Bluetooth LE Frame Average RF Power

● Bluetooth Conducted Powers procedures

1. Bluetooth (BDR, EDR)

1) Enter DUT mode in EUT and operate it.

When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.

2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 9.5.1(A).

3) The maximum output powers of BDR(1 Mbps), EDR(2, 3 Mbps) and each frequency were set by a Bluetooth Tester.

4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

2. Bluetooth (LE)

1) Enter LE mode in EUT and operate it.

When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.

2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 9.5.1(B).

3) The average conducted output powers of LE and each frequency can measurement according to setting program in EUT.

4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

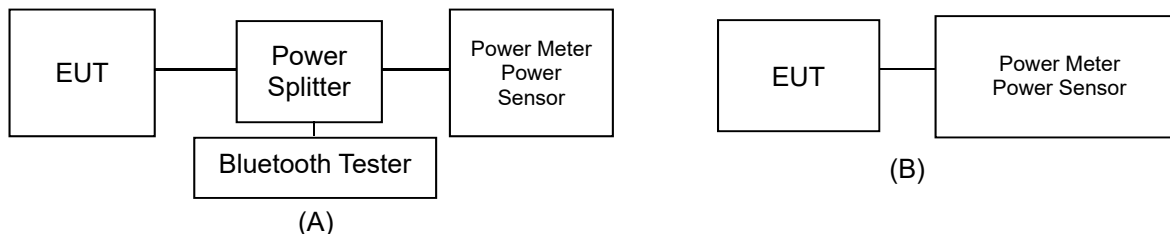


Figure 9.5.1 Average Power Measurement Setup

10. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

10.1 Tissue Verification

MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS										
Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp.[°C]	Liquid Temp.[°C]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Target Dielectric Constant, ϵ_r	Target Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ_r	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Er Deviation [%]	σ Deviation [%]
Jul. 17. 2020	835 Head	21.4	20.9	821.5	41.566	0.898	42.930	0.908	3.28	1.11
				824.2	41.552	0.899	42.903	0.911	3.25	1.33
				826.4	41.542	0.899	42.877	0.913	3.21	1.56
				829.0	41.528	0.899	42.852	0.915	3.19	1.78
				831.5	41.519	0.900	42.826	0.917	3.15	1.89
				835.0	41.500	0.900	42.793	0.920	3.12	2.22
				836.5	41.500	0.901	42.781	0.921	3.09	2.22
				836.6	41.500	0.901	42.778	0.921	3.08	2.22
				841.5	41.500	0.906	42.725	0.925	2.95	2.10
				844.0	41.500	0.910	42.695	0.927	2.88	1.87
				846.6	41.500	0.912	42.662	0.929	2.80	1.86
				848.8	41.500	0.914	42.638	0.930	2.74	1.75
Aug. 12. 2020	1 800 Head	21.7	21.5	1712.4	40.126	1.350	40.836	1.312	1.77	-2.81
				1720.0	40.114	1.354	40.814	1.319	1.75	-2.58
				1732.4	40.097	1.361	40.768	1.329	1.67	-2.35
				1732.5	40.097	1.361	40.767	1.329	1.67	-2.35
				1745.0	40.079	1.369	40.717	1.341	1.59	-2.05
				1752.6	40.069	1.373	40.687	1.348	1.54	-1.82
				1770.0	40.043	1.383	40.610	1.365	1.42	-1.30
				1800.0	40.000	1.400	40.481	1.396	1.20	-0.29
Aug. 11. 2020	1 900 Head	21.9	21.6	1850.2	40.000	1.400	40.986	1.374	2.46	-1.86
				1852.4	40.000	1.400	40.983	1.376	2.46	-1.71
				1860.0	40.000	1.400	40.953	1.380	2.38	-1.43
				1880.0	40.000	1.400	40.886	1.394	2.22	-0.43
				1900.0	40.000	1.400	40.825	1.408	2.06	0.57
				1907.6	40.000	1.400	40.787	1.412	1.97	0.86
				1909.8	40.000	1.400	40.776	1.414	1.94	1.00
Jul. 6. 2020	2 450 Head	20.6	20.3	2402.0	39.282	1.757	38.490	1.801	-2.02	2.50
				2412.0	39.265	1.766	38.450	1.812	-2.08	2.60
				2437.0	39.222	1.788	38.350	1.841	-2.22	2.96
				2441.0	39.215	1.792	38.334	1.846	-2.25	3.01
				2450.0	39.200	1.800	38.295	1.857	-2.31	3.17
				2462.0	39.184	1.813	38.258	1.870	-2.36	3.14
				2467.0	39.177	1.818	38.245	1.876	-2.38	3.19
				2472.0	39.171	1.823	38.227	1.881	-2.41	3.18
Aug. 13. 2020	2 600 Head	21.1	20.4	2480.0	39.160	1.832	38.197	1.890	-2.46	3.17
				2510.0	39.120	1.864	38.132	1.923	-2.53	3.17
				2535.0	39.087	1.891	38.022	1.952	-2.72	3.23
				2560.0	39.053	1.917	37.913	1.980	-2.92	3.29
Jul. 7. 2020	5 300 Head	20.8	20.2	2600.0	39.000	1.960	37.761	2.024	-3.18	3.27
				5260.0	35.940	4.720	35.686	4.748	-0.71	0.59
				5270.0	35.930	4.730	35.664	4.761	-0.74	0.66
				5280.0	35.920	4.740	35.652	4.774	-0.75	0.72
				5290.0	35.910	4.750	35.646	4.783	-0.74	0.69
				5300.0	35.900	4.760	35.627	4.792	-0.76	0.67
				5310.0	35.890	4.770	35.600	4.804	-0.81	0.71
Jul. 8. 2020	5 600 Head	20.5	20.1	5320.0	35.880	4.780	35.581	4.817	-0.83	0.77
				5500.0	35.650	4.965	34.543	4.808	-3.11	-3.16
				5510.0	35.635	4.976	34.536	4.815	-3.08	-3.24
				5530.0	35.605	4.997	34.484	4.835	-3.15	-3.24
				5550.0	35.575	5.018	34.457	4.861	-3.14	-3.13
				5580.0	35.530	5.049	34.407	4.892	-3.16	-3.11
				5600.0	35.500	5.070	34.374	4.919	-3.17	-2.98
				5660.0	35.440	5.130	34.283	4.982	-3.26	-2.88
				5670.0	35.430	5.140	34.272	4.992	-3.27	-2.88
				5690.0	35.410	5.160	34.232	5.015	-3.33	-2.81
Jul. 9. 2020	5 800 Head	20.7	20.3	5710.0	35.390	5.180	34.201	5.042	-3.36	-2.66
				5720.0	35.380	5.190	34.200	5.052	-3.34	-2.66
				5800.0	35.300	5.270	34.054	5.138	-3.53	-2.50
				5745.0	35.355	5.215	34.956	5.279	-1.13	1.23
				5755.0	35.345	5.225	34.938	5.293	-1.15	1.30
				5775.0	35.325	5.245	34.914	5.314	-1.16	1.32
				5785.0	35.315	5.255	34.894	5.323	-1.19	1.29
				5795.0	35.305	5.265	34.872	5.335	-1.23	1.33
				5800.0	35.300	5.270	34.861	5.341	-1.24	1.35
				5825.0	35.275	5.296	34.825	5.374	-1.28	1.47

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB 865664 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification:

- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
 - 2) The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a non-metallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were removed by placing the probe at a slight angle.
 - 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured.
 - 4) The complex relative permittivity, for example from the below equation (Pournazerou and Miao):
- $$\bar{Y} = \frac{j2\omega\epsilon_0}{\ln(b/a)} \int_0^L \int_0^{2\pi} \cos^2\theta \exp\left[-j\omega(\mu_0\epsilon_0\epsilon_r)^{1/2}r\right] d\theta d\varphi$$
- where $\bar{Y}$ is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively, $r^2 = \rho^2 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho\rho'\cos\theta$, ρ is the angular frequency, and $j = \sqrt{-1}$.

10.2 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at using the SAR Dipole kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 10.2.1 System Verification Results (1g)

SYSTEM DIPOLE VERIFICATION TARGET & MEASURED												
SAR System #	Freq. [MHz]	SAR Dipole kits	Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Probe S/N	Input Power (mW)	1 W Target SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Measured SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Deviation [%]
D	835	D835V2, SN:4d159	Jul. 17. 2020	Head	21.4	20.9	3933	250	9.47	2.48	9.92	4.75
D	1 800	D1800V2, SN:2d202	Aug. 12. 2020	Head	21.7	21.5	3933	100	39.6	3.67	36.70	-7.32
D	1 900	D1900V2, SN:5d176	Aug. 11. 2020	Head	21.9	21.6	3933	100	39.3	3.79	37.90	-3.56
D	2 450	D2450V2, SN: 726	Jul. 6. 2020	Head	20.6	20.3	3933	100	51.2	5.24	52.40	2.34
D	2 600	D2600V2, SN: 1103	Aug. 13. 2020	Head	21.1	20.4	3933	100	57.8	5.76	57.60	-0.35
D	5 300	D5GHZV2, SN:1212	Jul. 7. 2020	Head	20.8	20.2	3933	100	81.3	8.32	83.20	2.34
D	5 800	D5GHZV2, SN:1212	Jul. 8. 2020	Head	20.5	20.1	3933	100	81.5	7.94	79.40	-2.58
D	5 800	D5GHZV2, SN:1212	Jul. 9. 2020	Head	20.7	20.3	3933	100	81.5	8.29	82.90	1.72

Table 10.2.2 System Verification Results (10g)

SYSTEM DIPOLE VERIFICATION TARGET & MEASURED												
SAR System #	Freq. [MHz]	SAR Dipole kits	Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Probe S/N	Input Power (mW)	1 W Target SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	Measured SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	Deviation [%]
D	5 300	D5GHZV2, SN:1212	Jul. 7. 2020	Head	20.8	20.2	3933	100	23.0	2.35	23.50	2.17
D	5 800	D5GHZV2, SN:1212	Jul. 8. 2020	Head	20.5	20.1	3933	100	22.7	2.21	22.10	-2.64
D	5 800	D5GHZV2, SN:1212	Jul. 9. 2020	Head	20.7	20.3	3933	100	22.7	2.33	23.30	2.64

Note1 : System Verification was measured with input 250 mW, 100 mW and normalized to 1W.

Note2 : Full system validation status and results can be found in Appendix D.

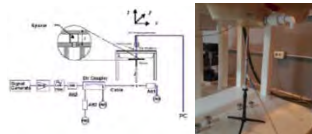


Figure 10.1 Dipole Verification Test Setup Diagram & Photo

11. SAR TEST RESULTS

11.1 Head SAR Results

Table 11.1.1 GSM/GPRS 850 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.00	32.30	-0.140	Left Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.167	1.175	0.196	A1
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.00	32.30	-0.050	Right Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.147	1.175	0.173	
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.00	32.30	0.160	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.093	1.175	0.109	
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.00	32.30	-0.040	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.155	1.175	0.182	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	32.50	32.10	0.140	Left Touch	FCC #1	2	1:4.15	0.282	1.096	0.309	A2
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	32.50	32.10	-0.140	Right Touch	FCC #1	2	1:4.15	0.253	1.096	0.277	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	32.50	32.10	0.120	Left Tilt	FCC #1	2	1:4.15	0.165	1.096	0.181	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	32.50	32.10	-0.050	Right Tilt	FCC #1	2	1:4.15	0.093	1.096	0.102	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)						
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								averaged over 1 gram						

Table 11.1.2 PCS/GPRS 1900 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	29.00	28.30	-0.050	Left Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.034	1.175	0.040	A3
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	29.00	28.30	-0.060	Right Touch	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.031	1.175	0.036	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	29.00	28.30	0.020	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.021	1.175	0.025	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	29.00	28.30	0.040	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.032	1.175	0.038	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	25.50	24.80	0.090	Left Touch	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.066	1.175	0.078	A4
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	25.50	24.80	0.100	Right Touch	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.061	1.175	0.072	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	25.50	24.80	0.090	Left Tilt	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.041	1.175	0.048	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	25.50	24.80	0.010	Right Tilt	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.018	1.175	0.021	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure														

Table 11.1.3 WCDMA 850 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch												
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	23.50	23.05	0.100	Left Touch	FCC #1	1:1	0.111	1.109	0.123	A5
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	23.50	23.05	-0.120	Right Touch	FCC #1	1:1	0.106	1.109	0.118	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	23.50	23.05	-0.100	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1:1	0.057	1.109	0.063	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	23.50	23.05	0.110	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1:1	0.068	1.109	0.075	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure													

Table 11.1.4 WCDMA 1900 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch												
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	23.00	22.42	0.190	Left Touch	FCC #1	1:1	0.070	1.143	0.080	
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	23.00	22.42	0.060	Right Touch	FCC #1	1:1	0.125	1.143	0.143	A6
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	23.00	22.42	0.190	Left Tilt	FCC #1	1:1	0.037	1.143	0.042	
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	23.00	22.42	0.030	Right Tilt	FCC #1	1:1	0.028	1.143	0.032	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure													

Table 11.1.5 LTE Band 4 (AWS) Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	22.50	22.27	-0.150	0	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.198	1.054	0.209	A7
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	21.50	21.17	0.150	1	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.144	1.079	0.155	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	22.50	22.27	0.100	0	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.367	1.054	0.387	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	21.50	21.17	-0.100	1	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.267	1.079	0.288	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	22.50	22.27	0.050	0	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.114	1.054	0.120	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	21.50	21.17	0.130	1	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.087	1.079	0.094	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	22.50	22.27	0.050	0	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.110	1.054	0.116	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	21.50	21.17	0.040	1	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.082	1.079	0.088	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure																	

Table 11.1.6 LTE Band 2 (PCS) Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
1 860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	22.50	22.43	0.130	0	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.144	1.016	0.146	A8
1 860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	21.50	21.35	0.020	1	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.106	1.035	0.110	
1 860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	22.50	22.43	-0.060	0	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.271	1.016	0.275	
1 860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	21.50	21.35	0.180	1	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.201	1.035	0.208	
1 860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	22.50	22.43	0.140	0	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.139	1.016	0.141	
1 860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	21.50	21.35	0.060	1	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.103	1.035	0.107	
1 860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	22.50	22.43	0.070	0	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.073	1.016	0.074	
1 860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	21.50	21.35	0.180	1	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.056	1.035	0.058	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11.1.7 LTE Band 7 Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
2 510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	22.50	22.35	-0.110	0	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.083	1.035	0.086	A9
2 510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	21.50	21.30	0.020	1	Left Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.069	1.047	0.072	
2 510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	22.50	22.35	0.070	0	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.254	1.035	0.263	
2 510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	21.50	21.30	-0.150	1	Right Touch	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.141	1.047	0.148	
2 510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	22.50	22.35	0.040	0	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.055	1.035	0.057	
2 510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	21.50	21.30	0.160	1	Left Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.048	1.047	0.050	
2 510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	22.50	22.35	0.050	0	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.024	1.035	0.025	
2 510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	21.50	21.30	-0.070	1	Right Tilt	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.023	1.047	0.024	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure										Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11.1.8 DTS Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plot s #
MHz	Ch														
2 437.0	6	802.11b	17.00	16.59	0.070	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.395	1	97.6	0.383	1.099	1.025	0.431	A10
2 437.0	6	802.11b	17.00	16.59	0.060	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.946	1	97.6	0.925	1.099	1.025	1.042	
2 462.0	11	802.11b	17.00	15.64	0.090	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.711	1	97.6	0.709	1.368	1.025	0.994	
2 437.0	6	802.11b	17.00	16.59	0.400	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.299	1	97.6	0.305	1.099	1.025	0.343	
2 437.0	6	802.11b	17.00	16.59	0.110	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.544	1	97.6	0.535	1.099	1.025	0.602	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR											
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Ratio of OFDM to DSSS
MHz	Ch					MHz	Ch				
2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	17.0	1.042	2437		802.11g	OFDM	15.0	0.631
2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	17.0	1.042	2437		802.11n	OFDM	12.0	0.316
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Table 11.1.10 UNII Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5 260.0	52	802.11a	12.00	10.55	0.180	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.314	6	87.2	0.311	1.396	1.147	0.498	
5 260.0	52	802.11a	12.00	10.55	-0.190	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.236	6	87.2	0.317	1.396	1.147	0.507	
5 260.0	52	802.11a	12.00	10.55	0.010	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.334	6	87.2	0.327	1.396	1.147	0.524	A11
5 260.0	52	802.11a	12.00	10.55	0.060	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.222	6	87.2	0.271	1.396	1.147	0.434	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR													SAR for the band with lower maximum output power
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Adjusted Factor	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)		
MHz	Ch												
5 260.0	52	802.11a	OFDM	12.00	0.524	5 240.0	802.11a	OFDM	12.00	1.000	0.524	X	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11.1.11 UNII Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5 720.0	144	802.11a	11.00	10.40	-0.150	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.153	6	87.2	0.133	1.148	1.147	0.175	
5 720.0	144	802.11a	11.00	10.40	0.050	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.180	6	87.2	0.234	1.148	1.147	0.308	A12
5 720.0	144	802.11a	11.00	10.40	-0.190	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.159	6	87.2	0.136	1.148	1.147	0.179	
5 720.0	144	802.11a	11.00	10.40	0.070	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.176	6	87.2	0.202	1.148	1.147	0.266	
5 745.0	149	802.11a	11.00	10.25	0.090	Left Touch	FCC #2	0.131	6	87.2	0.120	1.189	1.147	0.164	
5 745.0	149	802.11a	11.00	10.25	-0.060	Right Touch	FCC #2	0.183	6	87.2	0.230	1.189	1.147	0.314	A13
5 745.0	149	802.11a	11.00	10.25	0.160	Left Tilt	FCC #2	0.144	6	87.2	0.129	1.189	1.147	0.176	
5 745.0	149	802.11a	11.00	10.25	0.050	Right Tilt	FCC #2	0.183	6	87.2	0.227	1.189	1.147	0.310	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Table 11.1.12 Bluetooth Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle (%)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	10.50	10.22	0.030	Left Touch	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.040	1.067	1.302	0.056	A14
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	10.50	10.22	-0.090	Right Touch	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.090	1.067	1.302	0.125	
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	10.50	10.22	0.110	Left Tilt	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.028	1.067	1.302	0.039	
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	10.50	10.22	0.070	Right Tilt	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.054	1.067	1.302	0.075	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

11.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Worn SAR Results

Table 11.2.1 GSM/PCS/GPRS/WCDMA Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.00	32.30	-0.120	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.174	1.175	0.204	A15
836.6	190	GSM850	GSM	33.00	32.30	-0.040	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.300	1.175	0.353	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	32.50	32.10	-0.110	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	2	1:4.15	0.298	1.096	0.327	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	32.50	32.10	-0.070	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	2	1:4.15	0.522	1.096	0.572	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	29.00	28.30	-0.050	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.058	1.175	0.068	A17
1880.0	661	PCS1900	PCS	29.00	28.30	-0.010	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1	1:8.3	0.251	1.175	0.295	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	25.50	24.80	-0.050	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.121	1.175	0.142	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	25.50	24.80	-0.040	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.362	1.175	0.425	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	23.50	23.05	-0.130	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.185	1.109	0.205	A19
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	23.50	23.05	-0.080	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.305	1.109	0.338	
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	23.00	22.42	-0.000	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.094	1.143	0.107	
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	23.00	22.42	-0.050	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.524	1.143	0.599	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Table 11.2.2 LTE Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	22.50	22.27	-0.060	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.258	1.054	0.272	A21
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	21.50	21.17	-0.020	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.201	1.079	0.217	
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	22.50	22.27	-0.180	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.875	1.054	0.922	
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	21.50	21.17	-0.070	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.742	1.079	0.801	
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	22.50	22.27	0.170	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.845	1.054	0.891	
1 860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	25.20	22.43	-0.020	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.171	1.892	0.324	A22
1 860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	24.20	21.35	-0.040	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.135	1.928	0.260	
1 860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	22.50	22.43	-0.090	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.584	1.016	0.593	
1 860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	21.50	21.35	-0.060	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.497	1.035	0.514	
2 510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	22.50	22.35	-0.120	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.235	1.035	0.243	
2 510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	21.50	21.30	-0.110	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.206	1.047	0.216	A23
2 510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	22.50	22.35	0.020	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.411	1.035	0.425	
2 510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	21.50	21.30	-0.000	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.366	1.047	0.383	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Note: Purple entries represent variability measurements.

Table 11.2.3 DTS Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
2 437.0	6	802.11b	17.00	16.59	-0.080	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.219	1	97.6	0.213	1.099	1.025	0.240	A24
2 437.0	6	802.11b	17.00	16.59	0.030	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.141	1	97.6	0.141	1.099	1.025	0.159	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Ratio of OFDM to DSSS	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR
MHz	Ch											
2 437	6	802.11b	DSSS	17.0	0.240	2 437	802.11g	OFDM	15.0	0.631	0.151	X
2 437	6	802.11b	DSSS	17.0	0.240	2 437	802.11n	OFDM	12.0	0.316	0.076	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Table 11.2.4 UNII Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5 260.0	52	802.11a	12.00	10.55	0.070	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.129	6	87.2	0.128	1.396	1.147	0.205	A25
5 260.0	52	802.11a	12.00	10.55	-0.190	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.195	6	87.2	0.198	1.396	1.147	0.317	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Adjusted Factor	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	SAR for the band with lower maximum output power
MHz	Ch											
5 260.0	52	802.11a	OFDM	12.00	0.317	5 240.0	802.11a	OFDM	12.00	1.000	0.317	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992– SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

Table 11.2.5 UNII Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5 720.0	144	802.11a	11.00	10.40	0.090	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.037	6	87.2	0.034	1.148	1.147	0.045	A26
5 720.0	144	802.11a	11.00	10.40	-0.020	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.260	6	87.2	0.281	1.148	1.147	0.370	
5 745.0	149	802.11a	11.00	10.25	0.050	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.033	6	87.2	0.027	1.189	1.147	0.037	A27
5 745.0	149	802.11a	11.00	10.25	0.050	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.244	6	87.2	0.263	1.189	1.147	0.359	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT												Body			
Spatial Peak												1.6 W/kg (mW/g)			
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure												averaged over 1 gram			

Table 11.2.6 Bluetooth Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle (%)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	10.50	10.22	-0.020	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.018	1.067	1.302	0.025	A28
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	10.50	10.22	-0.190	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	1	76.8	0.007	1.067	1.302	0.010	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

11.3 Standalone Hotspot SAR Results

Table 11.3.1 GPRS/WCDMA Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Spacing [Side]	Device Serial Number	# of Time Slots	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	32.50	32.10	-0.030	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	2	1:4.15	0.219	1.096	0.240	A16
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	32.50	32.10	-0.110	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	2	1:4.15	0.298	1.096	0.327	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	32.50	32.10	-0.070	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	2	1:4.15	0.522	1.096	0.572	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	32.50	32.10	-0.120	10 mm [Right]	FCC #1	2	1:4.15	0.153	1.096	0.168	
836.6	190	GSM850	GPRS	32.50	32.10	-0.140	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	2	1:4.15	0.366	1.096	0.401	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	25.50	24.80	-0.080	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.204	1.175	0.240	A18
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	25.50	24.80	-0.050	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.121	1.175	0.142	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	25.50	24.80	-0.040	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.362	1.175	0.425	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	25.50	24.80	-0.130	10 mm [Right]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.240	1.175	0.282	
1880.0	661	PCS1900	GPRS	25.50	24.80	-0.140	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	4	1:2.075	0.011	1.175	0.013	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	23.50	23.05	-0.050	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.134	1.109	0.149	A19
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	23.50	23.05	-0.130	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.185	1.109	0.205	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	23.50	23.05	-0.080	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.305	1.109	0.338	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	23.50	23.05	-0.170	10 mm [Right]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.113	1.109	0.125	
836.6	4183	WCDMA 850	RMC	23.50	23.05	-0.080	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.262	1.109	0.291	
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	23.00	22.42	-0.110	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.227	1.143	0.259	A20
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	23.00	22.42	-0.000	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.094	1.143	0.107	
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	23.00	22.42	-0.050	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.524	1.143	0.599	
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	23.00	22.42	-0.120	10 mm [Right]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.262	1.143	0.299	
1880.0	9400	WCDMA 1900	RMC	23.00	22.42	-0.060	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	N/A	1:1	0.010	1.143	0.011	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Table 11.3.2 LTE Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS																	
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	BW [MHz]	Max Allowed Power [dBm]	Cond. PWR [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	MPR	Position	Device Serial Number	Mod.	RB Size	RB Offs.	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch																
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	22.50	22.27	-0.040	0	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.569	1.054	0.600	A21
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	21.50	21.17	-0.180	1	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.490	1.079	0.529	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	22.50	22.27	-0.060	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.258	1.054	0.272	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	21.50	21.17	-0.020	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.201	1.079	0.217	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	22.50	22.27	-0.180	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.875	1.054	0.922	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	21.50	21.17	-0.070	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.742	1.079	0.801	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	21.50	21.14	-0.040	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	100	0	1:1	0.713	1.086	0.774	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	22.50	22.27	-0.170	0	10 mm [Right]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.413	1.054	0.435	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	21.50	21.17	0.060	1	10 mm [Right]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.328	1.079	0.354	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	22.50	22.27	-0.150	0	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.060	1.054	0.063	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	21.50	21.17	-0.100	1	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	0	1:1	0.052	1.079	0.056	
1732.5	20175	LTE B4	20	22.50	22.27	0.170	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	0	1:1	0.845	1.054	0.891	
1860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	22.50	22.43	0.050	0	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.239	1.016	0.243	A22
1860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	21.50	21.35	0.070	1	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.205	1.035	0.212	
1860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	22.50	22.43	-0.020	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.171	1.016	0.174	
1860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	21.50	21.35	-0.040	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.135	1.035	0.140	
1860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	22.50	22.43	-0.090	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.584	1.016	0.593	
1860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	21.50	21.35	-0.060	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.497	1.035	0.514	
1860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	22.50	22.43	-0.110	0	10 mm [Right]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.293	1.016	0.298	
1860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	21.50	21.35	-0.070	1	10 mm [Right]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.239	1.035	0.247	
1860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	22.50	22.43	-0.080	0	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.017	1.016	0.017	
1860.0	18700	LTE B2	20	21.50	21.35	-0.020	1	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.012	1.035	0.012	
2510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	22.50	22.35	-0.190	0	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.192	1.035	0.199	A23
2510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	21.50	21.30	-0.070	1	10 mm [Bottom]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.145	1.047	0.152	
2510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	22.50	22.35	-0.120	0	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.235	1.035	0.243	
2510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	21.50	21.30	-0.110	1	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.206	1.047	0.216	
2510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	22.50	22.35	0.020	0	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.411	1.035	0.425	
2510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	21.50	21.30	-0.000	1	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.366	1.047	0.383	
2510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	22.50	22.35	-0.170	0	10 mm [Right]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.365	1.035	0.378	
2510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	21.50	21.30	-0.170	1	10 mm [Right]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.318	1.047	0.333	
2510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	22.50	22.35	-0.080	0	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	QPSK	1	50	1:1	0.033	1.035	0.034	
2510.0	20850	LTE B7	20	21.50	21.30	0.070	1	10 mm [Left]	FCC #1	QPSK	50	50	1:1	0.027	1.047	0.028	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram								

Note: Purple entries represent variability measurements.

Table 11.3.3 DTS Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
2 437.0	6	802.11b	17.00	16.59	0.110	10 mm [Top]	FCC #2	0.137	1	97.6	0.130	1.099	1.025	0.146	A29
2 437.0	6	802.11b	17.00	16.59	-0.010	10 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.219	1	97.6	0.213	1.099	1.025	0.240	
2 437.0	6	802.11b	17.00	16.59	0.030	10 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.141	1	97.6	0.141	1.099	1.025	0.159	
2 437.0	6	802.11b	17.00	16.59	-0.130	10 mm [Left]	FCC #2	0.270	1	97.6	0.264	1.099	1.025	0.297	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Table 11.3.4 Bluetooth Hotspot SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
FREQUENCY		Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Ratio of OFDM to DSSS	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR	Plots #
MHz	Ch												
2437	6	802.11b	DSSS	17.0	0.297	2437	802.11g	OFDM	15.0	0.631	0.187	X	A3

11.4 Standalone Phablet SAR Results

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR, Phablet SAR tests were not required when Hotspot 1g SAR (scaled to maximum output power including tolerance) < 1.2 W/kg.

Table 11.4.1 UNII Phablet SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	10g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	10g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5 260.0	52	802.11a	12.00	10.55	0.030	0 mm [Top]	FCC #2	0.123	6	87.2	0.125	1.396	1.147	0.200	
5 260.0	52	802.11a	12.00	10.55	-0.110	0 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.128	6	87.2	0.152	1.396	1.147	0.243	
5 260.0	52	802.11a	12.00	10.55	-0.090	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.193	6	87.2	0.249	1.396	1.147	0.399	A31
5 260.0	52	802.11a	12.00	10.55	0.010	0 mm [Left]	FCC #2	0.102	6	87.2	0.109	1.396	1.147	0.175	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Phablet 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 gram							

Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	10g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Adjusted Factor	10g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	SAR for the band with lower maximum output power
MHz	Ch											
5 260.0	52	802.11a	OFDM	12.00	0.399	5 240.0	802.11a	OFDM	12.00	1.000	0.399	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 3.0 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

Table 11.4.2 UNII Phablet SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	10g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	10g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5 720.0	144	802.11a	11.00	10.40	0.180	0 mm [Top]	FCC #2	0.232	6	87.2	0.241	1.148	1.147	0.317	
5 720.0	144	802.11a	11.00	10.40	0.190	0 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.062	6	87.2	0.076	1.148	1.147	0.100	
5 720.0	144	802.11a	11.00	10.40	-0.110	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.254	6	87.2	0.330	1.148	1.147	0.434	A32
5 720.0	144	802.11a	11.00	10.40	-0.140	0 mm [Left]	FCC #2	0.101	6	87.2	0.126	1.148	1.019	0.147	
5 745.0	149	802.11a	11.00	10.25	0.040	0 mm [Top]	FCC #2	0.174	6	87.2	0.186	1.189	1.147	0.254	
5 745.0	149	802.11a	11.00	10.25	-0.130	0 mm [Front]	FCC #2	0.032	6	87.2	0.040	1.189	1.147	0.055	
5 745.0	149	802.11a	11.00	10.25	-0.070	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #2	0.234	6	87.2	0.323	1.189	1.147	0.440	A33
5 745.0	149	802.11a	11.00	10.25	0.050	0 mm [Left]	FCC #2	0.064	6	87.2	0.068	1.189	1.147	0.093	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Phablet 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 gram							

Note: UNII-3 Band CH 165 (5 825 MHz) is not support Hotspot mode as described on operational description of this device, so phablet SAR is tested on this CH.

11.5 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units
5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 10 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, body-worn SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported boy-worn SAR was not > 1.2 W/kg, no additional body-worn SAR evaluations using a headset cable were performed.
8. During SAR Testing for the Wireless Router conditions per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the actual Portable Hotspot operation (with actual simultaneous transmission of a transmitter with WIFI) was not activated.
9. SAR measurements were performed using the DASY5 automated system. The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE 1528 standard. During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each area scan measurement. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within 2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions. All local maxima within 2 dB of the global maximum were searched and passed for the Zoom Scan measurement.

GSM Notes:

1. Body-Worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn SAR.
2. This device supports GSM VOIP in the head and body-worn configurations; therefore GPRS was additionally evaluated for head and body-worn compliance.
3. Justification for reduced test configurations per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01 and October2013 TCB Workshop Notes: The source-based frame-averaged output power was evaluated for all GPRS/EDGE slot configurations. The configuration with the highest target frame averaged output power was evaluated for hotspot SAR.
4. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). Since the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is not > $\frac{1}{2}$ dB, the middle channel was used for testing.

WCDMA (UMTS) Notes:

1. WCDMA (UMTS) mode in was tested under RMC 12.2 kbps with HSPA Inactive per KDB Publication 941225 D01v03r01. AMR and HSPA SAR was not required since the average output power of the HSPA subtests was not more than 0.25 dB higher than the RMC level and SAR was less than 1.2 W/kg.
2. Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s). When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel was used.

LTE Notes:

1. LTE Considerations: LTE test configurations are determined according to SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D05v02r05. The general test procedures used for testing can be found in Section 8.4.4.
2. According to FCC KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the 100% RB allocation and required test channels is not required.
Otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels using the 1 RB, 50% RB and 100% RB allocation with highest output power for that channel.
Only one channel, and as reported SAR values for 1 RB allocation and 50% RB allocation were less than 1.45 W/kg only the highest power RB offset for each allocation was required.
3. MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to 3GPP TS36. 101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.
4. A-MPR was disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=1 on the base station simulator. SAR tests were performed with the same number of RB and RB offsets transmitting on all TTI frames (maximum TTI).
5. SAR test reduction is applied using the following criteria:
Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB, and 50% RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, testing for other channels is performed at the highest output power level for 1 RB, and 50% RB configuration for that channel. Testing for 100% RB configuration is performed at the highest output power level for 100% RB configuration across the Low, Mid and High channel when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB are > 0.8 W/kg, Testing for the remaining required channels is not needed because the reported SAR for 100% RB Allocation < 1.45 W/kg. Testing for 16QAM modulation is not required because the reported SAR for QPSK is < 1.45 W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that a QPSK. Testing for the other channel bandwidths is not required because the reported SAR for the highest channel bandwidth is < 1.45 W/kg and its output power is not more than 0.5 dB higher than that of the highest channel bandwidth.

WLAN Notes:

1. The initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 2.4 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
3. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 5 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed powers. Other transmission modes were not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2 W/kg.
4. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
5. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor to determine compliance.

Bluetooth Notes:

1. Bluetooth SAR was measured with the device connected to a call with hopping disabled with DH5 operation and Tx test mode type. Per October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes, the reported SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Refer to section 9.5 for the time-domain plot and calculation for the duty factor of the device.
2. Head and hotspot Bluetooth SAR were evaluated for BT tethering applications.

12. FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

12.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

12.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the sum 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. The different test position in an exposure condition may be considered collectively to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g or 10-g SAR.

12.3 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds.

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

Table 12.3.1 Simultaneous SAR Cases

No.	Capable Transmit Configuration	Head SAR	Body-Worn SAR	Hotspot SAR	Phablet SAR	Note
1	GSM Voice + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
2	GSM Voice + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	
3	GSM Voice + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes^	Yes	N/A	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
4	GSM Voice + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes^	Yes	N/A	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
5	WCDMA + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
6	WCDMA + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	^ Hotspot of UNII-1 & UNII-3 can be operated simultaneous transmission.
7	WCDMA + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes^	Yes	Yes	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
8	WCDMA + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes^	Yes	Yes	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered. ^ Hotspot of UNII-1 & UNII-3 can be operated simultaneous transmission.
9	LTE + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
10	LTE + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	^ Hotspot of UNII-1 & UNII-3 can be operated simultaneous transmission.
11	LTE + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes^	Yes	Yes	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
12	LTE + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5GHz	Yes^	Yes	Yes	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered. ^ Hotspot of UNII-1 & UNII-3 can be operated simultaneous transmission.
13	GPRS/EDGE + Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	Yes*	Yes*	Yes	Yes	*Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered.
14	GPRS/EDGE + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes*	Yes*	Yes	Yes	*Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered. ^ Hotspot of UNII-1 & UNII-3 can be operated simultaneous transmission.
15	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	Yes^*	Yes*	Yes	Yes	*Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered. ^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
16	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes^*	Yes*	Yes	Yes	*Pre-installed VOIP applications are considered. ^Bluetooth Tethering is considered. ^ Hotspot of UNII-1 & UNII-3 can be operated simultaneous transmission.
17	Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes^	Yes	N/A	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
Notes: 1. WiFi 2.4GHz is supported Hotspot and WiFi-Direct(GO/GC). 2. WiFi 5GHz is supported Hotspot in UNII B1,B3 and WiFi-Direct(GO/GC) in UNII B1,B3. 3. LTE, WCDMA, GPRS/EDGE is supported Hotspot. 4. VoIP is supported in LTE, WCDMA, GSM(e.g. 3rd part VoIP and VoLTE). 5. Bluetooth and WiFi 2.4GHz can not transmit simultaneously since they share the same chip. 6. GSM, WCDMA and LTE can not transmit simultaneously since they share the same chip. 7. When the user utilizes multiple services in UMTS 3G mode it uses multi-Radio Access Bearer or multi-RAB. The power control is based on a physical control channel (Dedicated Physical Control Channel [DPCCH]) and power control will be adjusted to meet the needs of both services. Therefore, the UMTS+WLAN scenario also represents the UMTS Voice/DATA + WLAN Hotspot scenario. 8. Per the manufacturer, WIFI Direct is expected to be used in conjunction with a held-to-ear or body-worn accessory voice call. Simultaneous transmission scenarios involving WIFI direct are included in the above table.						

12.4 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 12.4.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.196	0.056	0.498	0.252	0.694	0.750
		Right Touch	0.173	0.125	0.507	0.298	0.680	0.895
		Left Tilt	0.109	0.039	0.524	0.148	0.633	0.672
		Right Tilt	0.182	0.075	0.434	0.257	0.616	0.691
	GPRS 850	Left Touch	0.309	0.056	0.498	0.365	0.807	0.863
		Right Touch	0.277	0.125	0.507	0.402	0.784	0.909
		Left Tilt	0.181	0.039	0.524	0.220	0.705	0.744
		Right Tilt	0.102	0.075	0.434	0.177	0.636	0.611
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.040	0.056	0.498	0.096	0.538	0.594
		Right Touch	0.036	0.125	0.507	0.161	0.543	0.668
		Left Tilt	0.025	0.039	0.524	0.064	0.549	0.588
		Right Tilt	0.038	0.075	0.434	0.113	0.472	0.547
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.078	0.056	0.498	0.134	0.576	0.632
		Right Touch	0.072	0.125	0.507	0.197	0.579	0.704
		Left Tilt	0.048	0.039	0.524	0.087	0.572	0.611
		Right Tilt	0.021	0.075	0.434	0.096	0.455	0.530
	WCDMA 850	Left Touch	0.123	0.056	0.498	0.179	0.621	0.677
		Right Touch	0.118	0.125	0.507	0.243	0.625	0.780
		Left Tilt	0.063	0.039	0.524	0.102	0.587	0.626
		Right Tilt	0.075	0.075	0.434	0.150	0.509	0.584
	WCDMA 1900	Left Touch	0.080	0.056	0.498	0.136	0.578	0.634
		Right Touch	0.143	0.125	0.507	0.268	0.650	0.775
		Left Tilt	0.042	0.039	0.524	0.068	0.566	0.594
		Right Tilt	0.032	0.075	0.434	0.107	0.466	0.541
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.209	0.056	0.498	0.265	0.707	0.763
		Right Touch	0.387	0.125	0.507	0.512	0.894	1.019
		Left Tilt	0.120	0.039	0.524	0.159	0.644	0.683
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.146	0.056	0.498	0.191	0.644	0.700
		Right Touch	0.275	0.125	0.507	0.400	0.782	0.907
		Left Tilt	0.141	0.039	0.524	0.180	0.665	0.704
	LTE Band 7	Left Touch	0.074	0.075	0.434	0.149	0.508	0.583
		Right Touch	0.086	0.056	0.498	0.162	0.540	0.606
		Left Tilt	0.053	0.125	0.507	0.368	0.770	0.895
		Right Tilt	0.057	0.039	0.524	0.096	0.581	0.620
		Right Tilt	0.025	0.075	0.434	0.100	0.459	0.534

Table 12.4.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.196	0.056	0.175	0.252	0.371	0.427
		Right Touch	0.173	0.125	0.308	0.298	0.481	0.696
		Left Tilt	0.109	0.039	0.173	0.148	0.288	0.327
		Right Tilt	0.182	0.075	0.266	0.257	0.448	0.523
	GPRS 850	Left Touch	0.309	0.056	0.175	0.365	0.484	0.540
		Right Touch	0.277	0.125	0.308	0.402	0.585	0.710
		Left Tilt	0.181	0.039	0.173	0.220	0.360	0.399
		Right Tilt	0.102	0.075	0.266	0.177	0.368	0.443
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.040	0.056	0.175	0.096	0.215	0.271
		Right Touch	0.036	0.125	0.308	0.161	0.344	0.469
		Left Tilt	0.025	0.039	0.173	0.064	0.204	0.243
		Right Tilt	0.038	0.075	0.266	0.113	0.303	0.379
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.078	0.056	0.175	0.134	0.253	0.309
		Right Touch	0.072	0.125	0.308	0.197	0.380	0.505
		Left Tilt	0.048	0.039	0.173	0.087	0.227	0.266
		Right Tilt	0.021	0.075	0.266	0.096	0.287	0.362
	WCDMA 850	Left Touch	0.123	0.056	0.175	0.179	0.288	0.354
		Right Touch	0.118	0.125	0.308	0.243	0.426	0.551
		Left Tilt	0.063	0.039	0.173	0.102	0.242	0.281
		Right Tilt	0.075	0.075	0.266	0.150	0.341	0.416
	WCDMA 1900	Left Touch	0.080	0.056	0.175	0.136	0.255	0.311
		Right Touch	0.143	0.125	0.308	0.268	0.456	0.576
		Left Tilt	0.042	0.039	0.173	0.081	0.221	0.260
		Right Tilt	0.032	0.075	0.266	0.107	0.298	0.373
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.209	0.056	0.175	0.265	0.384	0.440
		Right Touch	0.387	0.125	0.308	0.512	0.695	0.820
		Left Tilt	0.120	0.039	0.173	0.159	0.298	0.338
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.146	0.056	0.175	0.191	0.382	0.457
		Right Touch	0.275	0.125	0.308	0.400	0.583	0.708
		Left Tilt	0.141	0.039	0.173	0.180	0.320	0.359
	LTE Band 7	Left Touch	0.074	0.075	0.266	0.149	0.261	0.317
		Right Touch	0.086	0.056	0.175	0.162	0.251	0.317
		Left Tilt	0.053	0.125	0.308	0.388	0.571	0.696
		Right Tilt	0.057	0.039	0.173	0.096	0.236	0.275
		Right Tilt	0.025	0.075	0.266	0.100	0.291	0.366

Table 12.4.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.8 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.8G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.196	0.056	0.164	0.252	0.360	0.416
		Right Touch	0.173	0.125	0.314	0.298	0.487	0.612
		Left Tilt	0.109	0.039	0.176	0.148	0.285	0.324
		Right Tilt	0.182	0.075	0.310	0.257	0.492	0.567
	GPRS 850	Left Touch	0.309	0.056	0.164	0.365	0.473	0.529
		Right Touch	0.277	0.125	0.314	0.402	0.591	0.716
		Left Tilt	0.181	0.039	0.176	0.220	0.357	0.396
		Right Tilt	0.102	0.075	0.310	0.177	0.412	0.487
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.040	0.056	0.164	0.096	0.204	0.260
		Right Touch	0.036	0.125	0.314	0.161	0.350	0.475
		Left Tilt	0.025	0.039	0.176	0.064	0.201	0.240
		Right Tilt	0.038	0.075	0.310	0.113	0.348	0.423
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.078	0.056	0.164	0.134	0.242	0.298
		Right Touch	0.072	0.125	0.314	0.197	0.386	0.511
		Left Tilt	0.048	0.039	0.176	0.087	0.224	0.263
		Right Tilt	0.021	0.075	0.310	0.096	0.331	0.406
	WCDMA 850	Left Touch	0.123	0.056	0.164	0.179	0.287	0.343
		Right Touch	0.118	0.125	0.314	0.243	0.432	0.557
		Left Tilt	0.063	0.039	0.176	0.102	0.239	0.278
	WCDMA 1900	Left Touch	0.075	0.056	0.164	0.150	0.385	0.460
		Right Touch	0.080	0.125	0.314	0.136	0.244	0.300
		Left Tilt	0.043	0.039	0.176	0.081	0.218	0.257
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.209	0.056	0.164	0.265	0.373	0.429
		Right Touch	0.387	0.125	0.314	0.512	0.701	0.826
		Left Tilt	0.120	0.039	0.176	0.159	0.296	0.335
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.146	0.056	0.164	0.191	0.426	0.501
		Right Touch	0.275	0.125	0.314	0.400	0.583	0.708
		Left Tilt	0.141	0.039	0.176	0.180	0.317	0.356
	LTE Band 7	Left Touch	0.074	0.075	0.310	0.149	0.384	0.459
		Right Touch	0.086	0.056	0.164	0.162	0.250	0.306
		Left Tilt	0.053	0.125	0.314	0.388	0.577	0.702
		Right Tilt	0.057	0.039	0.176	0.096	0.233	0.272
		Right Tilt	0.025	0.075	0.310	0.100	0.335	0.410

Table 12.4.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.196	0.431	0.627
		Right Touch	0.173	1.042	1.215
		Left Tilt	0.109	0.343	0.452
		Right Tilt	0.182	0.602	0.784
	GPRS 850	Left Touch	0.309	0.431	0.740
		Right Touch	0.277	1.042	1.319
		Left Tilt	0.181	0.343	0.524
		Right Tilt	0.102	0.602	0.704
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.040	0.431	0.471
		Right Touch	0.036	1.042	1.078
		Left Tilt	0.025	0.343	0.368
		Right Tilt	0.038	0.602	0.640
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.078	0.431	0.509
		Right Touch	0.072	1.042	1.114
		Left Tilt	0.048	0.343	0.391
		Right Tilt	0.021	0.602	0.623
	WCDMA 850	Left Touch	0.123	0.431	0.554
		Right Touch	0.118	1.042	1.160
		Left Tilt	0.063	0.343	0.406
		Right Tilt	0.075	0.602	0.677
	WCDMA 1900	Left Touch	0.080	0.431	0.511
		Right Touch	0.143	1.042	1.185
		Left Tilt	0.042	0.343	0.385
		Right Tilt	0.032	0.602	0.634
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.209	0.431	0.640
		Right Touch	0.387	1.042	1.429
		Left Tilt	0.120	0.343	0.463
		Right Tilt	0.116	0.602	0.718
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.146	0.431	0.577
		Right Touch	0.275	1.042	1.317
		Left Tilt	0.141	0.343	0.484
		Right Tilt	0.074	0.602	0.676
	LTE Band 7	Left Touch	0.086	0.431	0.517
		Right Touch	0.263	1.042	1.305
		Left Tilt	0.057	0.343	0.400
		Right Tilt	0.025	0.602	0.627

Table 12.4.5 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.196	0.498	0.694
		Right Touch	0.173	0.507	0.680
		Left Tilt	0.109	0.524	0.633
		Right Tilt	0.182	0.434	0.616
	GPRS 850	Left Touch	0.309	0.498	0.807
		Right Touch	0.277	0.507	0.784
		Left Tilt	0.181	0.524	0.705
		Right Tilt	0.102	0.434	0.536
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.040	0.498	0.538
		Right Touch	0.036	0.507	0.543
		Left Tilt	0.025	0.524	0.549
		Right Tilt	0.038	0.434	0.472
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.078	0.498	0.576
		Right Touch	0.072	0.507	0.579
		Left Tilt	0.048	0.524	0.572
		Right Tilt	0.021	0.434	0.455
	WCDMA 850	Left Touch	0.123	0.498	0.621
		Right Touch	0.118	0.507	0.625
		Left Tilt	0.063	0.524	0.587
		Right Tilt	0.075	0.434	0.509
	WCDMA 1900	Left Touch	0.080	0.498	0.578
		Right Touch	0.143	0.507	0.650
		Left Tilt	0.042	0.524	0.566
		Right Tilt	0.032	0.434	0.466
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.209	0.498	0.707
		Right Touch	0.387	0.507	0.894
		Left Tilt	0.120	0.524	0.644
		Right Tilt	0.116	0.434	0.550
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.146	0.498	0.644
		Right Touch	0.275	0.507	0.782
		Left Tilt	0.141	0.524	0.665
		Right Tilt	0.074	0.434	0.508
	LTE Band 7	Left Touch	0.086	0.498	0.584
		Right Touch	0.263	0.507	0.770
		Left Tilt	0.057	0.524	0.581
		Right Tilt	0.025	0.434	0.459

Table 12.4.6 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.196	0.175	0.371
		Right Touch	0.173	0.308	0.481
		Left Tilt	0.109	0.179	0.288
		Right Tilt	0.182	0.286	0.448
	GPRS 850	Left Touch	0.309	0.175	0.484
		Right Touch	0.277	0.308	0.585
		Left Tilt	0.181	0.179	0.360
		Right Tilt	0.102	0.266	0.368
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.040	0.175	0.215
		Right Touch	0.036	0.308	0.344
		Left Tilt	0.025	0.179	0.204
		Right Tilt	0.038	0.266	0.304
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.078	0.175	0.253
		Right Touch	0.072	0.308	0.380
		Left Tilt	0.048	0.179	0.227
		Right Tilt	0.021	0.266	0.287
	WCDMA 850	Left Touch	0.123	0.175	0.298
		Right Touch	0.118	0.308	0.426
		Left Tilt	0.063	0.179	0.242
		Right Tilt	0.075	0.266	0.341
	WCDMA 1900	Left Touch	0.080	0.175	0.255
		Right Touch	0.143	0.308	0.451
		Left Tilt	0.042	0.179	0.221
		Right Tilt	0.032	0.266	0.298
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.209	0.175	0.384
		Right Touch	0.387	0.308	0.695
		Left Tilt	0.120	0.179	0.299
		Right Tilt	0.116	0.266	0.382
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.146	0.175	0.321
		Right Touch	0.275	0.308	0.583
		Left Tilt	0.141	0.179	0.320
		Right Tilt	0.074	0.266	0.340
	LTE Band 7	Left Touch	0.086	0.175	0.261
		Right Touch	0.263	0.308	0.571
		Left Tilt	0.057	0.179	0.236
		Right Tilt	0.025	0.266	0.291

Table 12.4.7 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.8 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.8G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.196	0.164	0.360
		Right Touch	0.173	0.314	0.487
		Left Tilt	0.109	0.176	0.285
		Right Tilt	0.182	0.310	0.492
	GPRS 850	Left Touch	0.309	0.164	0.473
		Right Touch	0.277	0.314	0.591
		Left Tilt	0.181	0.176	0.357
		Right Tilt	0.102	0.310	0.412
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.040	0.164	0.204
		Right Touch	0.036	0.314	0.350
		Left Tilt	0.025	0.176	0.201
		Right Tilt	0.038	0.310	0.348
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.078	0.164	0.242
		Right Touch	0.072	0.314	0.386
		Left Tilt	0.048	0.176	0.224
		Right Tilt	0.021	0.310	0.331
	WCDMA 850	Left Touch	0.123	0.164	0.287
		Right Touch	0.118	0.314	0.432
		Left Tilt	0.063	0.176	0.239
		Right Tilt	0.075	0.310	0.385
	WCDMA 1900	Left Touch	0.080	0.164	0.244
		Right Touch	0.143	0.314	0.457
		Left Tilt	0.042	0.176	0.218
		Right Tilt	0.032	0.310	0.342
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.209	0.164	0.373
		Right Touch	0.387	0.314	0.701
		Left Tilt	0.120	0.176	0.296
		Right Tilt	0.116	0.310	0.426
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.146	0.164	0.310
		Right Touch	0.275	0.314	0.589
		Left Tilt	0.141	0.176	0.317
		Right Tilt	0.074	0.310	0.384
	LTE Band 7	Left Touch	0.086	0.164	0.250
		Right Touch	0.263	0.314	0.577
		Left Tilt	0.057	0.176	0.233
		Right Tilt	0.025	0.310	0.335

Table 12.4.8 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Head SAR	GSM 850	Left Touch	0.196	0.056	0.252
		Right Touch	0.173	0.125	0.298
		Left Tilt	0.109	0.039	0.148
		Right Tilt	0.182	0.075	0.257
	GPRS 850	Left Touch	0.309	0.056	0.365
		Right Touch	0.277	0.125	0.402
		Left Tilt	0.181	0.039	0.220
		Right Tilt	0.102	0.075	0.177
	GSM 1900	Left Touch	0.040	0.056	0.096
		Right Touch	0.036	0.125	0.161
		Left Tilt	0.025	0.039	0.064
		Right Tilt	0.038	0.075	0.113
	GPRS 1900	Left Touch	0.078	0.056	0.134
		Right Touch	0.072	0.125	0.197
		Left Tilt	0.048	0.039	0.087
		Right Tilt	0.021	0.075	0.096
	WCDMA 850	Left Touch	0.123	0.056	0.179
		Right Touch	0.118	0.125	0.243
		Left Tilt	0.063	0.039	0.102
		Right Tilt	0.075	0.075	0.150
	WCDMA 1900	Left Touch	0.080	0.056	0.136
		Right Touch	0.143	0.125	0.268
		Left Tilt	0.042	0.039	0.081
		Right Tilt	0.032	0.075	0.107
	LTE Band 4	Left Touch	0.209	0.056	0.265
		Right Touch	0.387	0.125	0.512
		Left Tilt	0.120	0.039	0.159
		Right Tilt	0.116	0.075	0.191
	LTE Band 2	Left Touch	0.146	0.056	0.202
		Right Touch	0.275	0.125	0.400
		Left Tilt	0.141	0.039	0.180
		Right Tilt	0.074	0.075	0.149
	LTE Band 7	Left Touch	0.086	0.056	0.142
		Right Touch	0.263	0.125	0.388
		Left Tilt	0.057	0.039	0.096
		Right Tilt	0.025	0.075	0.100

Table 12.4.9 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth + 5 GHz W-LAN (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Head SAR	5.3G W-LAN	Left Touch	0.056	0.498	0.554
		Right Touch	0.125	0.507	0.632
		Left Tilt	0.039	0.524	0.563
		Right Tilt	0.075	0.434	0.509
	5.6G W-LAN	Left Touch	0.056	0.175	0.231
		Right Touch	0.125	0.308	0.433
		Left Tilt	0.039	0.179	0.218
		Right Tilt	0.075	0.266	0.341
	5.8G W-LAN	Left Touch	0.056	0.164	0.220
		Right Touch	0.125	0.314	0.439
		Left Tilt	0.039	0.176	0.215
		Right Tilt	0.075	0.310	0.385

12.5 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 12.5.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.204	0.025	0.205	0.229	0.409	0.434
		Rear	0.353	0.010	0.317	0.363	0.670	0.680
	GPRS 850	Front	0.327	0.025	0.205	0.352	0.532	0.557
		Rear	0.572	0.010	0.317	0.582	0.889	0.899
	GSM 1900	Front	0.068	0.025	0.205	0.093	0.273	0.298
		Rear	0.295	0.010	0.317	0.305	0.612	0.622
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.142	0.025	0.205	0.167	0.347	0.372
		Rear	0.425	0.010	0.317	0.435	0.742	0.752
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.205	0.025	0.205	0.230	0.410	0.435
		Rear	0.338	0.010	0.317	0.348	0.655	0.665
	WCDMA 1900	Front	0.107	0.025	0.205	0.132	0.312	0.337
		Rear	0.599	0.010	0.317	0.609	0.916	0.926
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.272	0.025	0.205	0.297	0.477	0.502
		Rear	0.922	0.010	0.317	0.932	1.239	1.249
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.324	0.025	0.205	0.349	0.529	0.554
		Rear	0.593	0.010	0.317	0.603	0.910	0.920
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.243	0.025	0.205	0.268	0.448	0.473
		Rear	0.425	0.010	0.317	0.435	0.742	0.752

Table 12.5.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.204	0.025	0.045	0.229	0.249	0.274
		Rear	0.353	0.010	0.370	0.363	0.723	0.733
	GPRS 850	Front	0.327	0.025	0.045	0.352	0.372	0.397
		Rear	0.572	0.010	0.370	0.582	0.942	0.952
	GSM 1900	Front	0.068	0.025	0.045	0.093	0.113	0.138
		Rear	0.295	0.010	0.370	0.305	0.665	0.675
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.142	0.025	0.045	0.167	0.187	0.212
		Rear	0.425	0.010	0.370	0.435	0.795	0.805
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.205	0.025	0.045	0.230	0.250	0.275
		Rear	0.338	0.010	0.370	0.348	0.708	0.718
	WCDMA 1900	Front	0.107	0.025	0.045	0.132	0.152	0.177
		Rear	0.599	0.010	0.370	0.609	0.969	0.979
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.272	0.025	0.045	0.297	0.317	0.342
		Rear	0.922	0.010	0.370	0.932	1.292	1.302
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.324	0.025	0.045	0.349	0.369	0.394
		Rear	0.593	0.010	0.370	0.603	0.963	0.973
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.243	0.025	0.045	0.268	0.288	0.313
		Rear	0.425	0.010	0.370	0.435	0.795	0.805

Table 12.5.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth + 5.8 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5.8G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)		
			1	2	3	1+2	1+3	1+2+3
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.204	0.025	0.037	0.229	0.241	0.266
		Rear	0.353	0.010	0.359	0.363	0.712	0.722
	GPRS 850	Front	0.327	0.025	0.037	0.352	0.364	0.389
		Rear	0.572	0.010	0.359	0.582	0.931	0.941
	GSM 1900	Front	0.068	0.025	0.037	0.093	0.105	0.130
		Rear	0.295	0.010	0.359	0.305	0.654	0.664
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.142	0.025	0.037	0.167	0.179	0.204
		Rear	0.425	0.010	0.359	0.435	0.784	0.794
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.205	0.025	0.037	0.230	0.242	0.267
		Rear	0.338	0.010	0.359	0.348	0.697	0.707
	WCDMA 1900	Front	0.107	0.025	0.037	0.132	0.144	0.169
		Rear	0.599	0.010	0.359	0.609	0.958	0.968
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.272	0.025	0.037	0.297	0.309	0.334
		Rear	0.922	0.010	0.359	0.932	1.281	1.291
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.324	0.025	0.037	0.349	0.361	0.386
		Rear	0.593	0.010	0.359	0.603	0.952	0.962
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.243	0.025	0.037	0.268	0.280	0.305
		Rear	0.425	0.010	0.359	0.435	0.784	0.794

Table 12.5.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.204	0.240	0.444
		Rear	0.353	0.159	0.512
	GPRS 850	Front	0.327	0.240	0.567
		Rear	0.572	0.159	0.731
	GSM 1900	Front	0.068	0.240	0.308
		Rear	0.295	0.159	0.454
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.142	0.240	0.382
		Rear	0.425	0.159	0.584
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.205	0.240	0.445
		Rear	0.338	0.159	0.497
	WCDMA 1900	Front	0.107	0.240	0.347
		Rear	0.599	0.159	0.758
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.272	0.240	0.512
		Rear	0.922	0.159	1.081
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.324	0.240	0.564
		Rear	0.593	0.159	0.752
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.243	0.240	0.483
		Rear	0.425	0.159	0.584

Table 12.5.5 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.3 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.3G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.204	0.205	0.409
		Rear	0.353	0.317	0.670
	GPRS 850	Front	0.327	0.205	0.532
		Rear	0.572	0.317	0.889
	GSM 1900	Front	0.068	0.205	0.273
		Rear	0.295	0.317	0.612
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.142	0.205	0.347
		Rear	0.425	0.317	0.742
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.205	0.205	0.410
		Rear	0.338	0.317	0.655
	WCDMA 1900	Front	0.107	0.205	0.312
		Rear	0.599	0.317	0.916
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.272	0.205	0.477
		Rear	0.922	0.317	1.239
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.324	0.205	0.529
		Rear	0.593	0.317	0.910
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.243	0.205	0.448
		Rear	0.425	0.317	0.742

Table 12.5.6 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.6 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.6G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.204	0.045	0.249
		Rear	0.353	0.370	0.723
	GPRS 850	Front	0.327	0.045	0.372
		Rear	0.572	0.370	0.942
	GSM 1900	Front	0.068	0.045	0.113
		Rear	0.295	0.370	0.665
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.142	0.045	0.187
		Rear	0.425	0.370	0.795
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.205	0.045	0.250
		Rear	0.338	0.370	0.708
	WCDMA 1900	Front	0.107	0.045	0.152
		Rear	0.599	0.370	0.969
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.272	0.045	0.317
		Rear	0.922	0.370	1.292
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.324	0.045	0.369
		Rear	0.593	0.370	0.963
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.243	0.045	0.288
		Rear	0.425	0.370	0.795

Table 12.5.7 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 5.8 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	5.8G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.204	0.037	0.241
		Rear	0.353	0.359	0.712
	GPRS 850	Front	0.327	0.037	0.364
		Rear	0.572	0.359	0.931
	GSM 1900	Front	0.068	0.037	0.105
		Rear	0.295	0.359	0.654
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.142	0.037	0.179
		Rear	0.425	0.359	0.784
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.205	0.037	0.242
		Rear	0.338	0.359	0.697
	WCDMA 1900	Front	0.107	0.037	0.144
		Rear	0.599	0.359	0.958
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.272	0.037	0.309
		Rear	0.922	0.359	1.281
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.324	0.037	0.361
		Rear	0.593	0.359	0.952
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.243	0.037	0.280
		Rear	0.425	0.359	0.784

Table 12.5.8 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Body-Worn SAR	GSM 850	Front	0.204	0.025	0.229
		Rear	0.353	0.010	0.363
	GPRS 850	Front	0.327	0.025	0.352
		Rear	0.572	0.010	0.582
	GSM 1900	Front	0.068	0.025	0.093
		Rear	0.295	0.010	0.305
	GPRS 1900	Front	0.142	0.025	0.167
		Rear	0.425	0.010	0.435
	WCDMA 850	Front	0.205	0.025	0.230
		Rear	0.338	0.010	0.348
	WCDMA 1900	Front	0.107	0.025	0.132
		Rear	0.599	0.010	0.609
	LTE Band 4	Front	0.272	0.025	0.297
		Rear	0.922	0.010	0.932
	LTE Band 2	Front	0.324	0.025	0.349
		Rear	0.593	0.010	0.603
	LTE Band 7	Front	0.243	0.025	0.268
		Rear	0.425	0.010	0.435

Table 12.5.9 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth + 5 GHz W-LAN (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Body-Worn SAR	5.3G W-LAN	Front	0.025	0.205	0.230
		Rear	0.010	0.317	0.327
	5.6G W-LAN	Front	0.025	0.045	0.070
		Rear	0.010	0.370	0.380
	5.8G W-LAN	Front	0.025	0.037	0.062
		Rear	0.010	0.359	0.369

12.6 Hotspot SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01, the device edges with antennas more than 2.5 cm from edge are not required to be evaluated for SAR ("").

Table 12.6.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + 2.4 GHz W-LAN (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	2.4G W-LAN SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Hotspot SAR	GPRS 850	Top	-	0.146	0.146
		Bottom	0.240	-	0.240
		Front	0.327	0.240	0.566
		Rear	0.572	0.159	0.731
		Right	0.168	-	0.168
		Left	0.401	0.297	0.698
	GPRS 1900	Top	-	0.146	0.146
		Bottom	0.240	-	0.240
		Front	0.142	0.240	0.382
		Rear	0.425	0.159	0.584
		Right	0.282	-	0.282
		Left	0.013	0.297	0.310
	WCDMA 850	Top	-	0.146	0.146
		Bottom	0.149	-	0.149
		Front	0.205	0.240	0.445
		Rear	0.338	0.159	0.497
		Right	0.125	-	0.125
		Left	0.291	0.297	0.588
	WCDMA 1900	Top	-	0.146	0.146
		Bottom	0.259	-	0.259
		Front	0.107	0.240	0.347
		Rear	0.599	0.159	0.758
		Right	0.299	-	0.299
		Left	0.011	0.297	0.309
	LTE Band 4	Top	-	0.146	0.146
		Bottom	0.600	-	0.600
		Front	0.272	0.240	0.512
		Rear	0.922	0.159	1.081
		Right	0.435	-	0.435
		Left	0.063	0.297	0.361
	LTE Band 2	Top	-	0.146	0.146
		Bottom	0.243	-	0.243
		Front	0.174	0.240	0.414
		Rear	0.593	0.159	0.752
		Right	0.298	-	0.298
		Left	0.017	0.297	0.315
	LTE Band 7	Top	-	0.146	0.146
		Bottom	0.199	-	0.199
		Front	0.243	0.240	0.483
		Rear	0.425	0.159	0.584
		Right	0.378	-	0.378
		Left	0.034	0.297	0.331

Table 12.6.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2G/3G/4G + Bluetooth (Hotspot at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2G/3G/4G SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
			1	2	1+2
Hotspot SAR	GPRS 850	Top	-	0.013	0.013
		Bottom	0.240	-	0.240
		Front	0.327	0.025	0.352
		Rear	0.572	0.010	0.582
		Right	0.168	-	0.168
		Left	0.401	0.035	0.436
	GPRS 1900	Top	-	0.013	0.013
		Bottom	0.240	-	0.240
		Front	0.142	0.025	0.167
		Rear	0.425	0.010	0.435
		Right	0.282	-	0.282
		Left	0.013	0.035	0.048
	WCDMA 850	Top	-	0.013	0.013
		Bottom	0.149	-	0.149
		Front	0.205	0.025	0.230
		Rear	0.338	0.010	0.348
		Right	0.125	-	0.125
		Left	0.291	0.035	0.325
	WCDMA 1900	Top	-	0.013	0.013
		Bottom	0.259	-	0.259
		Front	0.107	0.025	0.132
		Rear	0.599	0.010	0.609
		Right	0.299	-	0.299
		Left	0.011	0.035	0.046
	LTE Band 4	Top	-	0.013	0.013
		Bottom	0.600	-	0.600
		Front	0.272	0.025	0.297
		Rear	0.922	0.010	0.932
		Right	0.435	-	0.435
		Left	0.063	0.035	0.098
	LTE Band 2	Top	-	0.013	0.013
		Bottom	0.243	-	0.243
		Front	0.174	0.025	0.199
		Rear	0.593	0.010	0.603
		Right	0.298	-	0.298
		Left	0.017	0.035	0.052
	LTE Band 7	Top	-	0.013	0.013
		Bottom	0.199	-	0.199
		Front	0.243	0.025	0.258
		Rear	0.425	0.010	0.435
		Right	0.378	-	0.378
		Left	0.034	0.035	0.069

12.7 Phablet SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR, Phablet SAR tests were not required of Hotspot 1g SAR (scaled to maximum output power, including tolerance) < 1.2 W/kg. Therefore no further analysis was required to for Phablet Simultaneous Transmission Analysis.

12.8 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.

13. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

13.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

1. When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
2. A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
3. A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .
4. Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg
5. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

Table 13.1 Body-Worn/Hotspot SAR Measurement Variability Results

Frequency		Mode	Service	# of Time Slots	Spacing [Side]	Measured SAR (1g)	1st Repeated SAR(1g)	Ratio	2nd Repeated SAR(1g)	Ratio	3rd Repeated SAR(1g)	Ratio
MHz	Ch.					(W/kg)	(W/kg)		(W/kg)		(W/kg)	
1 732.5	20175	LTE B4	-	-	10 mm [Rear]	0.875	0.845	1.04	-	-	-	-
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

13.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was < 1.5 W/kg for 1g and < 3.75 W/kg for 10g for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2013 was not required.

14. EQUIPMENT LIST

Table 14.1.1 Test Equipment Calibration

	Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date	Next.Cal.Date	S/N
☒	SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
☒	Robot	SPEAG	TX90XL	N/A	N/A	F13/5RR2A1/A/01
☒	Robot Controller	SPEAG	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F13/5RR2A1/C/01
☒	Joystick	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	S-13200990
☒	Intel Core i7-3 770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒	Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
☒	Device Holder	SPEAG	SD000H01HA	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒	Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1782
☒	Twin SAM Phantom	SPEAG	QD000P40CD	N/A	N/A	1783
☒	Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3V1	2019-11-19	2020-11-19	520
☒	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	2019-09-27	2020-09-27	3933
☒	835MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D835V2	2020-05-19	2022-05-19	4d159
☒	1 800MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D1800V2	2020-03-20	2022-03-20	2d202
☒	1 900MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	2020-05-19	2022-05-19	5d176
☒	2 450MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	2019-09-19	2021-09-19	726
☒	2 600MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D2600V2	2020-02-20	2022-02-20	1103
☒	5GHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	2020-02-27	2022-02-27	1212
☒	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	2020-06-24	2021-06-24	MY46106970
☒	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	2020-06-24	2021-06-24	US41461520
☒	Amplifier	RFBAY,Inc	MPA-40-40	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	21151801
☒	Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q7ELU	2020-06-24	2021-06-24	1020
☒	High Power RF Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q8CCJ	2020-06-24	2021-06-24	1005
☒	Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	GB37170267
☒	Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	GB37170413
☒	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	US37294267
☒	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	3318A96566
☒	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	2702A65976
☒	Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D-012	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	50228
☒	Directional Coupler	HP	772D	2020-06-24	2021-06-24	2889A01064
☒	Low Pass Filter 1.5GHz	Micro LAB	LA-15N	2020-06-24	2021-06-24	2
☒	Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz	Micro LAB	LA-30N	2020-06-24	2021-06-24	2
☒	Low Pass Filter 6.0GHz	Micro LAB	LA-60N	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	03942
☒	Attenuators(10 dB)	WEINSCHTEL	23-10-34	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	BP4387
☒	Attenuators	Cernexwave	CFADC2603U5	2020-06-24	2021-06-24	C11711
☒	Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	2019-11-19	2020-11-19	1092
☒	8960 Series 10 Wireless Comms. Test Set	Agilent	E5515C	2020-06-24	2021-06-24	GB41321164
☒	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	Rohde Schwarz	CMW500	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	101414
☒	Radio Communication Analyzer	Agilent	E5515E	2020-06-24	2021-06-24	MY52113012
☒	Power Splitter	Anritsu	K241B	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	1301183
☒	Bluetooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000C	2020-06-24	2021-06-24	3000C000563

NOTE(S):

1. The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by temperature measurement procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by DT&C before each test. The brain and muscle simulating material are calibrated by DT&C using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain and muscle-equivalent material. Each equipment item was used solely within its respective calibration period.
2. CBT(Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

15. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

835 MHz Head (SN: 3933)

Error Description	Uncertainty value ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g (± %)	Standard 10 g (± %)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	3.9	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.0	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	3.7	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.9	1.0	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.9	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.9	0.8	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	1.8	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.3	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						12	11	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						24	22	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2 \text{)}$$

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 11\%$$

$$= 22\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2 \text{)}$$

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

1 800 MHz Head (SN: 3933)

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g ($\pm\%$)	Standard 10 g ($\pm\%$)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	3.9	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.0	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.3	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.0	1.1	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.9	0.8	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	2.1	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.3	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						12	11	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						24	22	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2)$$

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 11\%$$

$$= 22\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2)$$

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

1 900 MHz Head (SN: 3933)

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g ($\pm\%$)	Standard 10 g ($\pm\%$)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	3.7	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	2.9	2.6	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	3.8	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.9	1.0	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.9	0.8	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.3	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						12	11	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						24	22	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2)$$

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 11\%$$

$$= 22\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2)$$

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

2 450 MHz Head (SN: 3933)

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g ($\pm\%$)	Standard 10 g ($\pm\%$)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.2	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.3	3.0	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.3	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.0	1.1	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	1.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.3	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						12	12	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						24	24	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2 \text{)}$$

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2 \text{)}$$

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

2 600 MHz Head (SN: 3933)

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g ($\pm\%$)	Standard 10 g ($\pm\%$)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	3.9	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.0	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	3.8	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.9	1.0	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.9	0.8	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.3	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						12	11	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						24	22	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2 \text{)}$$

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 11\%$$

$$= 22\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2 \text{)}$$

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

5 300 MHz Head (SN: 3933)

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g ($\pm\%$)	Standard 10 g ($\pm\%$)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.0	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.1	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.2	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.0	1.1	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	1.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.3	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						12	12	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						24	24	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2 \text{)}$$

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2 \text{)}$$

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

5 800 MHz Head (SN: 3933)

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g ($\pm\%$)	Standard 10 g ($\pm\%$)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	3.8	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.0	2.7	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.2	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.0	1.1	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.9	0.8	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	1.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.3	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						12	12	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						24	24	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2)$$

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2)$$

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

16. CONCLUSION

Measurement Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under the worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are every complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role impossible biological effect are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease).

Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

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APPENDIX A. – Probe Calibration Data

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client DT&C (Dymstec)

Certificate No: EX3-3933_Sep19

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object EX3DV4 - SN:3933

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v5, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: September 27, 2019

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ($22 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$) and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
DAE4	SN: 660	19-Dec-18 (No. DAE4-660_Dec18)	Dec-19
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-18 (No. ES3-3013_Dec18)	Dec-19
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

Calibrated by:	Name Claudio Leubler	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Issued: September 30, 2019			
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

EX3DV4 – SN:3933

September 27, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3933

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.49	0.52	0.19	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	105.1	100.3	95.6	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB/μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	163.3	± 2.2 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		166.6		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		158.8		
10352-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	15.00	90.30	22.21	10.00	60.0	± 3.2 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	15.00	89.45	22.16		60.0		
		Z	15.00	90.07	22.52		60.0		
10353-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	15.00	93.23	22.50	6.99	80.0	± 2.1 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	15.00	90.02	21.08		80.0		
		Z	15.00	92.33	21.94		80.0		
10354-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	15.00	102.11	25.43	3.98	95.0	± 2.4 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	15.00	91.85	20.31		95.0		
		Z	15.00	161.21	54.32		95.0		
10355-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	15.00	127.83	36.23	2.22	120.0	± 3.0 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	15.00	100.88	23.08		120.0		
		Z	0.11	60.00	30.00		120.0		
10387-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	15.00	94.61	19.88	0.00	150.0	± 4.9 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.98	66.33	11.74		150.0		
		Z	0.03	60.00	30.00		150.0		
10388-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	4.47	82.57	22.97	0.00	150.0	± 4.7 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.77	72.49	18.16		150.0		
		Z	15.00	116.88	37.35		150.0		
10396-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	3.14	73.89	21.30	3.01	150.0	± 3.7 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.97	75.80	21.70		150.0		
		Z	15.00	121.14	42.19		150.0		
10399-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	4.01	70.75	18.20	0.00	150.0	± 3.5 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.70	68.48	16.76		150.0		
		Z	6.59	83.14	25.05		150.0		
10414-AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.96	67.04	16.71	0.00	150.0	± 4.5 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.95	66.11	16.05		150.0		
		Z	5.53	71.03	19.84		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4– SN:3933

September 27, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3933

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V^{-1}	T1 ms. V^{-2}	T2 ms. V^{-1}	T3 ms	T4 V^{-2}	T5 V^{-1}	T6
X	37.1	274.02	35.44	16.09	0.81	5.10	0.05	0.40	1.01
Y	48.6	371.39	37.26	21.32	1.16	5.10	0.67	0.53	1.01
Z	27.0	217.61	42.23	8.67	1.66	5.07	0.00	0.24	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	76.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

EX3DV4- SN:3933

September 27, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3933

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.68	10.68	10.68	0.45	0.86	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.32	10.32	10.32	0.41	0.90	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.01	10.01	10.01	0.52	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.87	8.87	8.87	0.34	0.87	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.57	8.57	8.57	0.30	0.87	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	8.19	8.19	8.19	0.29	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.84	7.84	7.84	0.33	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.62	7.62	7.62	0.25	0.90	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.27	7.27	7.27	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.99	6.99	6.99	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.29	5.29	5.29	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4– SN:3933

September 27, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3933

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.44	10.44	10.44	0.45	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	10.24	10.24	10.24	0.40	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	10.14	10.14	10.14	0.47	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.64	8.64	8.64	0.40	0.87	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	8.15	8.15	8.15	0.40	0.87	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.94	7.94	7.94	0.39	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.75	7.75	7.75	0.38	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.31	0.90	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.88	6.88	6.88	0.40	1.35	± 13.1 %
3700	51.0	3.55	6.82	6.82	6.82	0.40	1.35	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	4.20	4.20	4.20	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.05	4.05	4.05	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.13	4.13	4.13	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

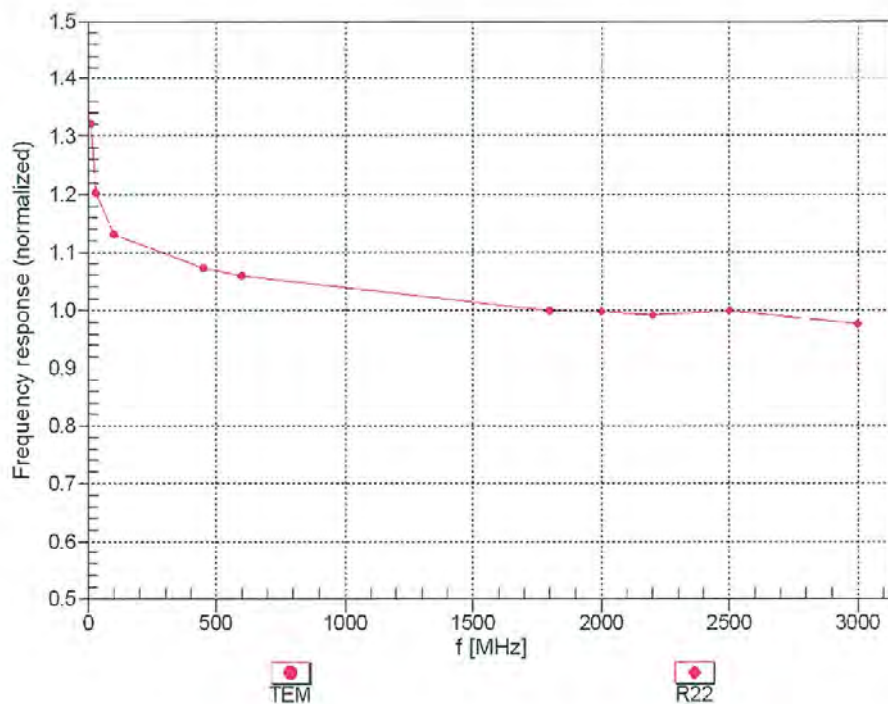
^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:3933

September 27, 2019

Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

EX3DV4- SN:3933

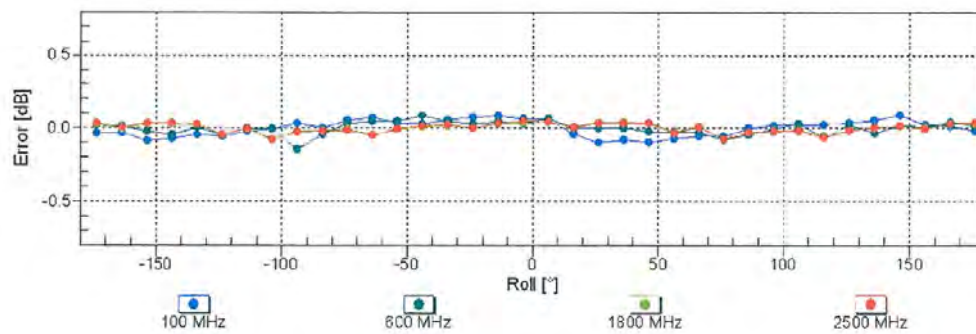
September 27, 2019

Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM



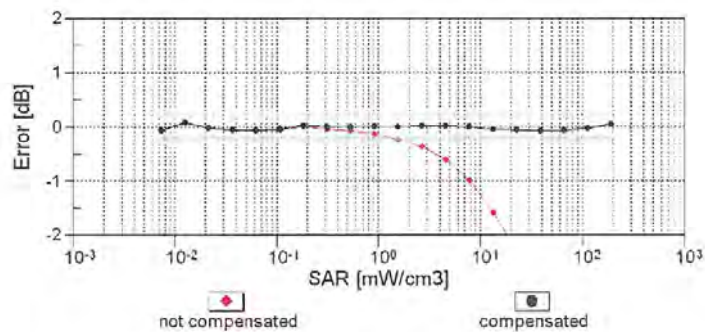
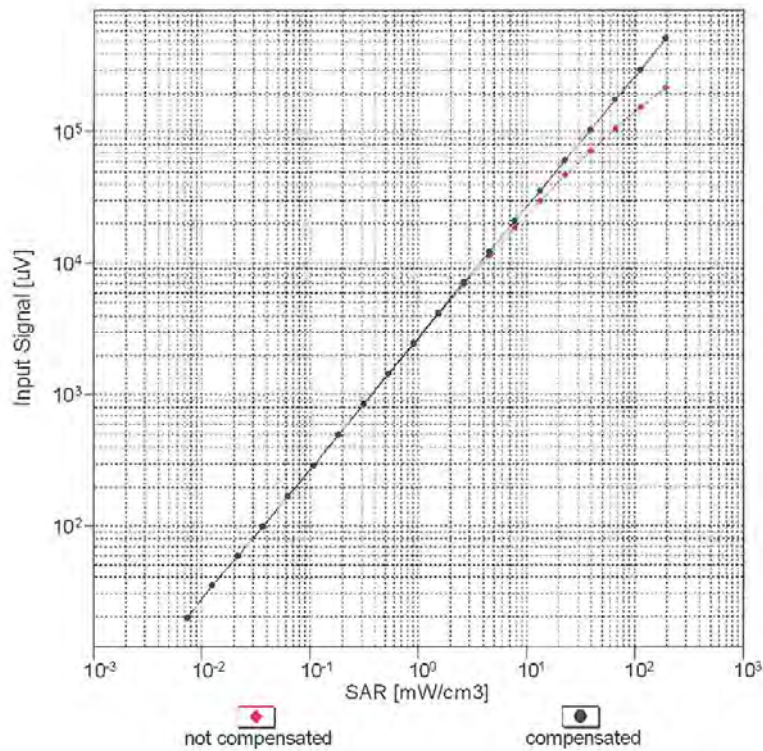
f=1800 MHz,R22

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:3933

September 27, 2019

Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell, $f_{\text{eval}} = 1900 \text{ MHz}$)

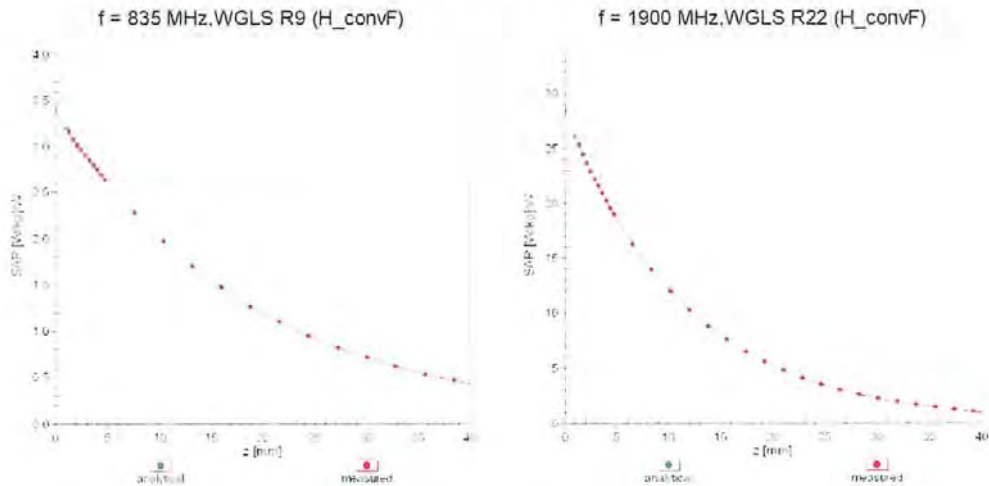


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

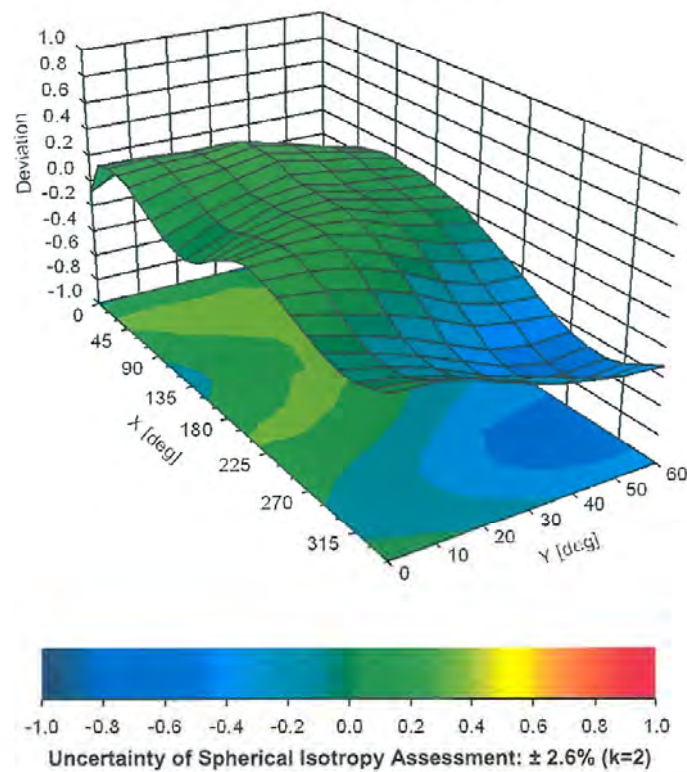
EX3DV4- SN:3933

September 27, 2019

Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$ 

EX3DV4- SN:3933

September 27, 2019

Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	Unc ^E (k=2)
0		CW	CW	0.00	± 4.7 %
10010	CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Test	10.00	± 9.6 %
10011	CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	WCDMA	2.91	± 9.6 %
10012	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	WLAN	1.87	± 9.6 %
10013	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	9.46	± 9.6 %
10021	DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	GSM	9.39	± 9.6 %
10023	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	GSM	9.57	± 9.6 %
10024	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10025	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	GSM	12.62	± 9.6 %
10026	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10027	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	4.80	± 9.6 %
10028	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	3.55	± 9.6 %
10029	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	7.78	± 9.6 %
10030	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	5.30	± 9.6 %
10031	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	1.87	± 9.6 %
10032	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	1.16	± 9.6 %
10033	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	7.74	± 9.6 %
10034	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.53	± 9.6 %
10035	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	3.83	± 9.6 %
10036	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	8.01	± 9.6 %
10037	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.77	± 9.6 %
10038	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	4.10	± 9.6 %
10039	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	CDMA2000	4.57	± 9.6 %
10042	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Halfrate)	AMPS	7.78	± 9.6 %
10044	CAA	IS-91/EIA/TIA-553 FDD (FDMA, FM)	AMPS	0.00	± 9.6 %
10048	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Full Slot, 24)	DECT	13.80	± 9.6 %
10049	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Double Slot, 12)	DECT	10.79	± 9.6 %
10056	CAA	UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps)	TD-SCDMA	11.01	± 9.6 %
10058	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	6.52	± 9.6 %
10059	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	WLAN	2.12	± 9.6 %
10060	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	WLAN	2.83	± 9.6 %
10061	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	WLAN	3.60	± 9.6 %
10062	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	8.68	± 9.6 %
10063	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	8.63	± 9.6 %
10064	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.09	± 9.6 %
10065	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.00	± 9.6 %
10066	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	9.38	± 9.6 %
10067	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.12	± 9.6 %
10068	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.24	± 9.6 %
10069	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	10.56	± 9.6 %
10071	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	9.83	± 9.6 %
10072	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.62	± 9.6 %
10073	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.94	± 9.6 %
10074	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	10.30	± 9.6 %
10075	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.77	± 9.6 %
10076	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.94	± 9.6 %
10077	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	11.00	± 9.6 %
10081	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	CDMA2000	3.97	± 9.6 %
10082	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Fullrate)	AMPS	4.77	± 9.6 %
10090	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10097	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %
10098	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %
10099	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10100	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.67	± 9.6 %
10101	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10102	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10103	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10104	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10105	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.01	± 9.6 %
10108	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.80	± 9.6 %

EX3DV4- SN:3933

September 27, 2019

10109	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10110	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10111	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.44	± 9.6 %
10112	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.59	± 9.6 %
10113	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10114	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10115	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.46	± 9.6 %
10116	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.15	± 9.6 %
10117	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.07	± 9.6 %
10118	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.59	± 9.6 %
10119	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10140	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10141	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.53	± 9.6 %
10142	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10143	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.35	± 9.6 %
10144	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.65	± 9.6 %
10145	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.76	± 9.6 %
10146	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.41	± 9.6 %
10147	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.72	± 9.6 %
10149	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10150	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10151	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.28	± 9.6 %
10152	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10153	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.05	± 9.6 %
10154	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10155	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10156	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.79	± 9.6 %
10157	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10158	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10159	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.56	± 9.6 %
10160	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.82	± 9.6 %
10161	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10162	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.58	± 9.6 %
10166	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.46	± 9.6 %
10167	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.21	± 9.6 %
10168	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.79	± 9.6 %
10169	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10170	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10171	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10172	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10173	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10174	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10175	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10176	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10177	CAI	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10178	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10179	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10180	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10181	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10182	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10183	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10184	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10185	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.51	± 9.6 %
10186	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10187	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10188	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10189	AAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10193	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.09	± 9.6 %
10194	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.12	± 9.6 %
10195	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.21	± 9.6 %
10196	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10197	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10198	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10219	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.03	± 9.6 %

EX3DV4- SN:3933

September 27, 2019

10220	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10221	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10222	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.06	± 9.6 %
10223	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.48	± 9.6 %
10224	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.08	± 9.6 %
10225	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	WCDMA	5.97	± 9.6 %
10226	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.49	± 9.6 %
10227	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.26	± 9.6 %
10228	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.22	± 9.6 %
10229	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10230	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10231	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.19	± 9.6 %
10232	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10233	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10234	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10235	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10236	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10237	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10238	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10239	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10240	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10241	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.82	± 9.6 %
10242	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.86	± 9.6 %
10243	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.46	± 9.6 %
10244	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10245	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10246	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	± 9.6 %
10247	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.91	± 9.6 %
10248	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.09	± 9.6 %
10249	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10250	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.81	± 9.6 %
10251	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.17	± 9.6 %
10252	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	± 9.6 %
10253	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.90	± 9.6 %
10254	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.14	± 9.6 %
10255	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.20	± 9.6 %
10256	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.96	± 9.6 %
10257	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.08	± 9.6 %
10258	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.34	± 9.6 %
10259	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.98	± 9.6 %
10260	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10261	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	± 9.6 %
10262	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.83	± 9.6 %
10263	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.16	± 9.6 %
10264	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.23	± 9.6 %
10265	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10266	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.07	± 9.6 %
10267	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	± 9.6 %
10268	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10269	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.13	± 9.6 %
10270	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.58	± 9.6 %
10274	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10)	WCDMA	4.87	± 9.6 %
10275	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	WCDMA	3.96	± 9.6 %
10277	CAA	PHS (QPSK)	PHS	11.81	± 9.6 %
10278	CAA	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.5)	PHS	11.81	± 9.6 %
10279	CAA	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.38)	PHS	12.18	± 9.6 %
10290	AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO55, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.91	± 9.6 %
10291	AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.46	± 9.6 %
10292	AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.39	± 9.6 %
10293	AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO3, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.50	± 9.6 %
10295	AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	CDMA2000	12.49	± 9.6 %
10297	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.81	± 9.6 %
10298	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10299	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.39	± 9.6 %

EX3DV4-- SN:3933

September 27, 2019

10300	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10301	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.03	± 9.6 %
10302	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 3 CTRL symbols)	WiMAX	12.57	± 9.6 %
10303	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (31:15, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.52	± 9.6 %
10304	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	11.86	± 9.6 %
10305	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (31:15, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC, 15 symbols)	WiMAX	15.24	± 9.6 %
10306	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC, 18 symbols)	WiMAX	14.67	± 9.6 %
10307	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 18 symbols)	WiMAX	14.49	± 9.6 %
10308	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.46	± 9.6 %
10309	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM, AMC 2x3, 18 symbols)	WiMAX	14.58	± 9.6 %
10310	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, AMC 2x3, 18 symbols)	WiMAX	14.57	± 9.6 %
10311	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	6.06	± 9.6 %
10313	AAA	iDEN 1:3	iDEN	10.51	± 9.6 %
10314	AAA	iDEN 1:6	iDEN	13.48	± 9.6 %
10315	AAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.71	± 9.6 %
10316	AAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10317	AAC	IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10352	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	Generic	10.00	± 9.6 %
10353	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	Generic	6.99	± 9.6 %
10354	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	Generic	3.98	± 9.6 %
10355	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	Generic	2.22	± 9.6 %
10356	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 80%)	Generic	0.97	± 9.6 %
10387	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	Generic	5.10	± 9.6 %
10388	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	Generic	5.22	± 9.6 %
10396	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	Generic	6.27	± 9.6 %
10399	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	Generic	6.27	± 9.6 %
10400	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.37	± 9.6 %
10401	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.60	± 9.6 %
10402	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.53	± 9.6 %
10403	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	CDMA2000	3.76	± 9.6 %
10404	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	CDMA2000	3.77	± 9.6 %
10406	AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, SCH0, Full Rate	CDMA2000	5.22	± 9.6 %
10410	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9, Subframe Conf=4)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10414	AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	Generic	8.54	± 9.6 %
10415	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.54	± 9.6 %
10416	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.23	± 9.6 %
10417	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.23	± 9.6 %
10418	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle, Long preamble)	WLAN	8.14	± 9.6 %
10419	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle, Short preamble)	WLAN	8.19	± 9.6 %
10422	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.32	± 9.6 %
10423	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.47	± 9.6 %
10424	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.40	± 9.6 %
10425	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.41	± 9.6 %
10426	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10427	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.41	± 9.6 %
10430	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.28	± 9.6 %
10431	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.38	± 9.6 %
10432	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.34	± 9.6 %
10433	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.34	± 9.6 %
10434	AAA	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH)	WCDMA	8.60	± 9.6 %
10435	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10447	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.56	± 9.6 %
10448	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.53	± 9.6 %
10449	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.51	± 9.6 %
10450	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.48	± 9.6 %