MET Laboratories, Inc. *Safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation*
33439 WESTERN AVENUE ! UNION CITY, CALIFORNIA 94587 ! PHONE (510) 489-6300 ! FAX (510) 489-6372

May 17, 2006

Ubiquiti Networks
495-499 Montague Expressway
Milpitas, CA 95035

Dear Robert Pera,

Enclosed is the Telecom test report for compliance testing of the Ubiquiti Networks, LS5 as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-03 ed.), Part 15, Subpart B for a Class B Digital Device and Subpart C for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,
MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Boonmanus Seelapasay
Documentation Department

Reference: (\Ubiquiti Networks\EMCS19817-FCC247)

Certificates and reports shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written permission of MET Laboratories, Inc. While use of the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) letters or the NVLAP Logo, the Standards Council of Canada Logo, or the Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) Letters in this report reflects MET Accreditation under these programs, these letters, logo, or statements do not claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any Agency of the U.S. Government. This letter of transmittal is not a part of the attached report.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria
Test Report

for the

Ubiquiti Networks
LS5

Verified under
the FCC Certification Rules
contained in
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15.247, Subpart C
for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMCS19817-FCC247

May 17, 2006

Prepared For:

Ubiquiti Networks
495-499 Montague Expressway
Milpitas, CA 95035

Prepared By:
MET Laboratories, Inc.
4855 Patrick Henry Dr., Building 6
Santa Clara, CA 95054

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria
Test Report

for the

Ubiquiti Networks
LS5

Tested Under

the FCC Certification Rules
contained in
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15.247, Subpart C
for Intentional Radiators

Shawn McMillen, Project Engineer
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Boonmanus Seelapasay
Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15.247, Subpart C for Intentional Radiators under normal use and maintenance.

Tony Permsombut, Lab Manager
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
∅	May 17, 2006	Initial Issue.

© 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Table of Contents

I. Executive Summary 1
A. Purpose of Test 2
B. Executive Summary 2
II. Equipment Configuration 3
A. Overview 4
B. References 5
C. Test Site 5
D. Description of Test Sample 5
E. Equipment Configuration 7
F. Support Equipment 7
G. Ports and Cabling Information 8
H. Mode of Operation 8
I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation 8
J. Modifications 8
a) Modifications to EUT 8
b) Modifications to Test Standard 8
K. Disposition of EUT 8
III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Uintentional Radiators 9
IV. Electromagnetic Compatibility Emission Criteria 10
§ 15.107 Conducted Emission Limits 10
§ 15.109 Radiated Emission Limits 15
V. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators 19
§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement 20
§ 15.207(a) Conducted Limits 21
§ 15.247(a) 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth 24
§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output and RF Exposure 27
§ 15.247(c) Spurious Emissions Requirements – Radiated and RF Conducted 30
§ 15.247(d) Peak Power Spectral Density 39
VI. Test Equipment 42
VII. Certification & User's Manual Information 44
A. Certification Information 45
B. Label and User's Manual Information 49
VIII. Exhibits 51

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

List of Tables

Table 1 Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting 2
Table 2. Equipment Configuration 7
Table 3. Support Equipment 7
Table 4. Ports and Cabling Information 8
Table 5. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Section 15.107(a) (b) 10
Table 6. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, Worst Case Emissions, AC Power, Phase Line 12
Table 7. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, Worst Case Emissions, AC Power, Neutral Line 12
Table 8. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.109 (a) (b) 15
Table 9. Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, 30 MHz to 1 GHz 16
Table 10. Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, 1 GHz to 2 GHz 17
Table 11 Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part § 15.207(a) 21
Table 12. Conducted Emissions Test Results, Phase Line 22
Table 13. Conducted Emissions Test Results, Neutral Line 23
Table 14. Output Power Requirements from §15.247 27
Table 15. Restricted Bands of Operation 30

List of Figures

Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration 6

List of Photographs

Photograph 1. Ubiquiti Networks LS5 5
Photograph 2. Conducted Emissions Test Setup, Front 14
Photograph 3. Conducted Emissions Test Setup, Back 14
Photograph 4. Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup 18
Photograph 5. Test Equipment and setup for various Radiated Measurements 32

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	**A**lternating **C**urrent
ACF	**A**ntenna **C**orrection **F**actor
Cal	**Cal**ibration
d	**M**easurement **D**istance
dB	**D**eci**b**els
dBµA	**D**eci**b**els above one **micro**amp
dBµV	**D**eci**b**els above one **micro**volt
dBµA/m	**D**eci**b**els above one **micro**amp **per m**eter
dBµV/m	**D**eci**b**els above one **micro**volt **per m**eter
DC	**D**irect **C**urrent µ
E	**E**lectric Field
DSL	**D**igital **S**ubscriber **L**ine
ESD	**E**lectro**s**tatic **D**ischarge
EUT	**E**quipment **U**nder **T**est
f	**F**requency
FCC	**F**ederal **C**ommunications **C**ommission
GR-1089-CORE	***(GR)*** **G**eneral **R**equirement(s) imposed by the NEBS standard, **(*CORE*) C**entral **O**ffice **R**ecovery **E**xpress (AT&T), ***(1089)*** specifies various parts of the General Requirements under Bellcore Technical Standard, Requirements for Electromagnetic Compatibility and Electrical Safety - Generic Criteria for Network Telecommunications Equipment
GRP	**G**round **R**eference **P**lane
H	Magnetic Field
HCP	**H**orizontal **C**oupling **P**lane
Hz	**H**ert**z**
IEC	**I**nternational **E**lectrotechnical **C**ommission
kHz	**k**ilo**h**ert**z**
kPa	**k**ilo**pa**scal
kV	**k**ilovolt
LISN	**L**ine **I**mpedance **S**tabilization **N**etwork
MHz	**M**ega**h**ertz
µH	**micro**henry
µ	**micro**farad
µs	**micros**econds
NEBS	**N**etwork **E**quipment-**B**uilding **S**ystem
PRF	**P**ulse **R**epetition **F**requency
RF	**R**adio **F**requency
RMS	**R**oot-**M**ean-**S**quare
TWT	**T**raveling **W**ave **T**ube
V/m	**V**olts **per m**eter
VCP	**V**ertical **C**oupling **P**lane

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

I. Executive Summary

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the Ubiquiti Networks LS5, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the LS5. Ubiquiti Networks should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the LS5, has been **permanently** discontinued

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with Ubiquiti Networks, purchase order number 032306_01. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference	RSS-210 and RSS-GEN	Description	Results
Transmitter Mode (TX)			
§15.207	6.6	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
§15.203/15.247(b)(c)	A8.4	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.247(a)(3)	A8.2	6dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(b)(3)	A8.4	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.247(d), §15.205	A8.5/2.2	Spurious Radiated and Conducted Emissions	Compliant
§15.247(e)	A8.2/RSS-102	Peak Power Spectral Density and RF Exposure	Compliant
Receiver Mode (RX)			
15.107	7.4	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
15.109	7.3	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant

Table 1 Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

II. Equipment Configuration

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by Ubiquiti Networks to perform testing on the LS5, under Ubiquiti Networks's purchase order number 032306_01.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Ubiquiti Networks, LS5.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	LS5	
Model(s) Covered:	LS5	
EUT Specifications:	Primary Power: 100 / 240 VAC to 18 VDC	
	FCC ID: SWX-LS5T	
	Type of Modulations:	OFDM
	Emission Designators:	16M3D7D
	Equipment Code:	DTS
	Peak RF Output Power:	27.8dBm
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	5745-5825MHz
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.	
Environmental Test Conditions:	Temperature (15-35º C):	
	Relative Humidity (30-60%):	
	Barometric Pressure (860-1060 mbar):	
Evaluated by:	Shawn McMillen	
Date(s):	May 17, 2006	

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994	Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test Equipment - General Requirements
ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories

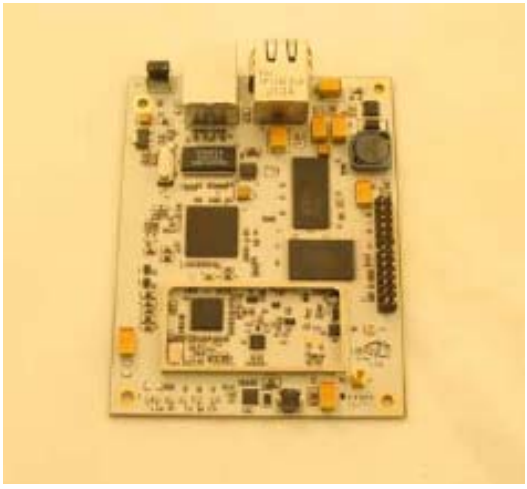
C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 4855 Patrick Henry Drive, Building 6, Santa Clara, California 95054. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories. In accordance with §2.948(d), MET Laboratories has been accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program
(Lab Code: 100273-0).

D. Description of Test Sample

The Ubiquiti Networks LS5, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is a 5GHz CPE.



Photograph 1. Ubiquiti Networks LS5

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

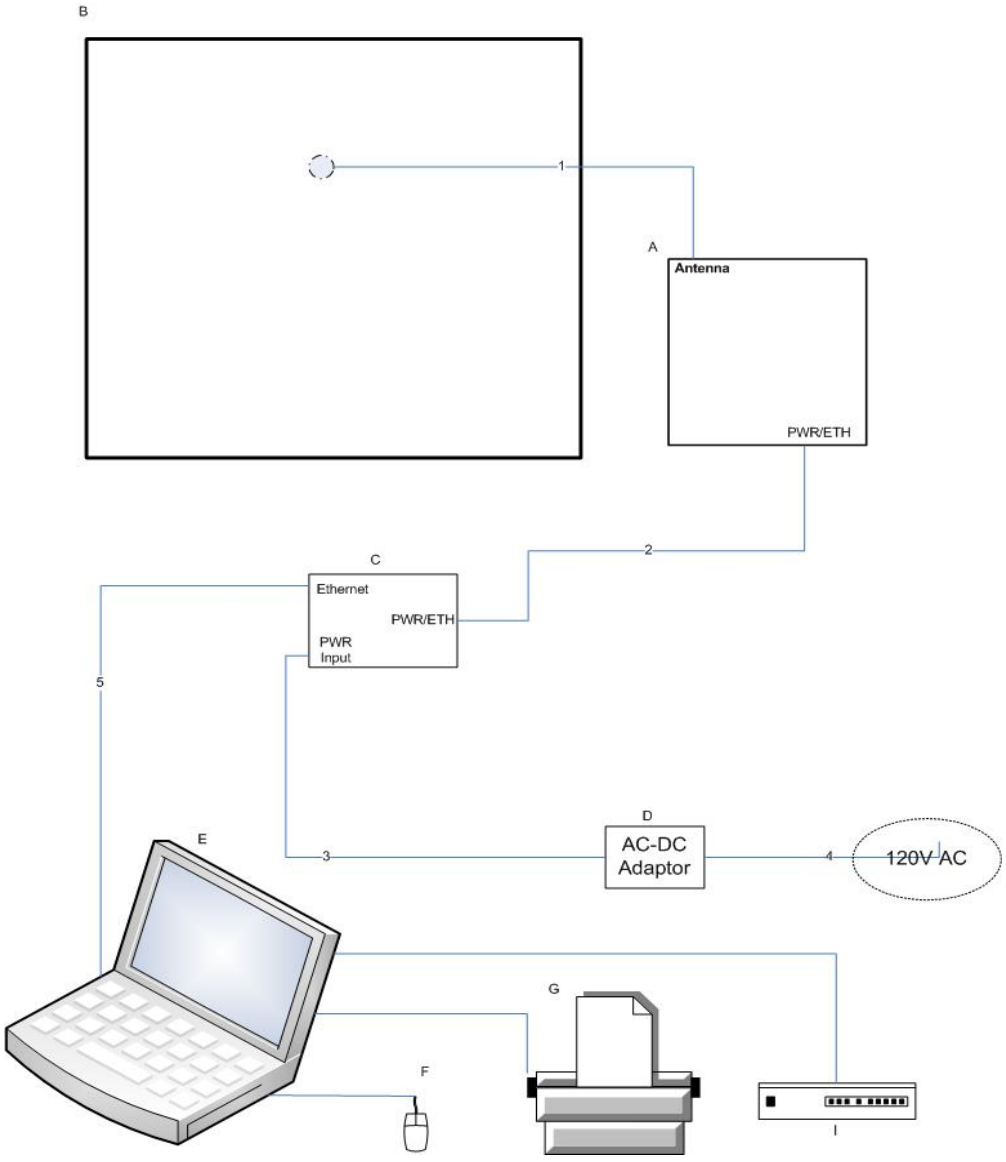


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number	Serial Number
A	LS5	LS5	Proto 1
C	PWR/Ethernet Hub (Microcom Technologies)	EBU-101-01	N/A
D	AC-DC PWR Supply (EDACPOWER)	EA1015D-1U	52400671

Table 2. Equipment Configuration

F. Support Equipment

Ubiquiti Networks supplied support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the LS5. All support equipment supplied is listed in the following Support Equipment List.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number
B	Antenna	Microcom Technologies	58FP23 – 23 dBi gain
E	Laptop	Dell	Latitude PP01
F	USB Mouse	Microsoft	IntelliMouse 3.0A
G	Printer	HP	Deskjet 932C
H	Spectrum Analyzer	HP	E4407B
I	Serial Model	WebRamp	WebRamp 200FX

Table 3. Support Equipment

* The 'Customer Supplied Calibration Data' column will be marked as either not applicable, not available, or will contain the calibration date supplied by the customer.
** The AC/DC Adapter was use to power the EUT for testing purpose only, will not be sold with radio.

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port name on EUT	Cable Description or reason for no cable	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Yes/No)	Termination Box ID & Port ID
Spurious Emission, 15.107, 15.109						
1	A, Antenna	Coax	1	1	Yes	B, Antenna
2	A, PWR/ETH	RJ45	1	2	Yes	C, PWR/ETH
3	C,PWR	DC Power Cord	1	1.5	No	D, DC
4	D, AC	AC Cable	1	1.5	No	AC PWR outlet
5	C, Ethernet	RJ45	1	2	Yes	E
Conducted Measurement						
1	A, Antenna	Coax	1	1	Yes	H
2	A, PWR/ETH	RJ45	1	2	Yes	C, PWR/ETH
3	C,PWR	DC Power Cord	1	1.5	No	D, DC
4	D, AC	AC Cable	1	1.5	No	AC PWR outlet
5	C, Ethernet	RJ45	1	2	Yes	E

Table 4. Ports and Cabling Information

H. Mode of Operation

OFDM

I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

Laptop with Atheros radio test software.

J. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the EUT.

K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Ubiquiti Networks upon completion of testing.

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Emission Criteria

§ 15.107 Conducted Emission Limits

Test Requirement(s):

15.107 (a) "Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 5. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals."

15.107 (b) "For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 5. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges."

Frequency range (MHz)	15.107(b), Class A Limits (dBµV)		15.107(a), Class B Limits (dBµV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15 – 0.5	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.5 - 5.0	73	60	56	46
5.0 – 30.0	73	60	60	50
Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.				
Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.				
* — The FCC issued a Recommended Opinion and Order (RO&O) 989-80 in May 2002, providing transition into the emission limits and frequency ranges shown above.				

Table 5. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Section 15.107(a) (b)

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Test Procedures: The EUT was placed on a 0.8m-high wooden table inside a semi-anechoic chamber (See Photograph 2 and Photograph 3). The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the shielded enclosure, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface.

The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω/50 μH Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN).

The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-2001 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz". The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 150 kHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω/50 μH LISN as the input transducer to an EMC field intensity meter.

Test Results: The EUT was Compliant with the requirement(s) of this section. .

Test Engineer(s): Billy Kwan

Test Date(s): May 12, 2006

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Conducted Emissions - Voltage, Worst Case Emissions, AC Power, Phase Line (100 / 240 VAC)

FREQ. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.167	49.69	79	Pass	-29.31	41.79	66	Pass	-24.21
2.298	40.59	73	Pass	-32.41	35.1	60	Pass	-24.9
18.306	46.82	73	Pass	-26.18	44.32	60	Pass	-15.68

Table 6. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, Worst Case Emissions, AC Power, Phase Line

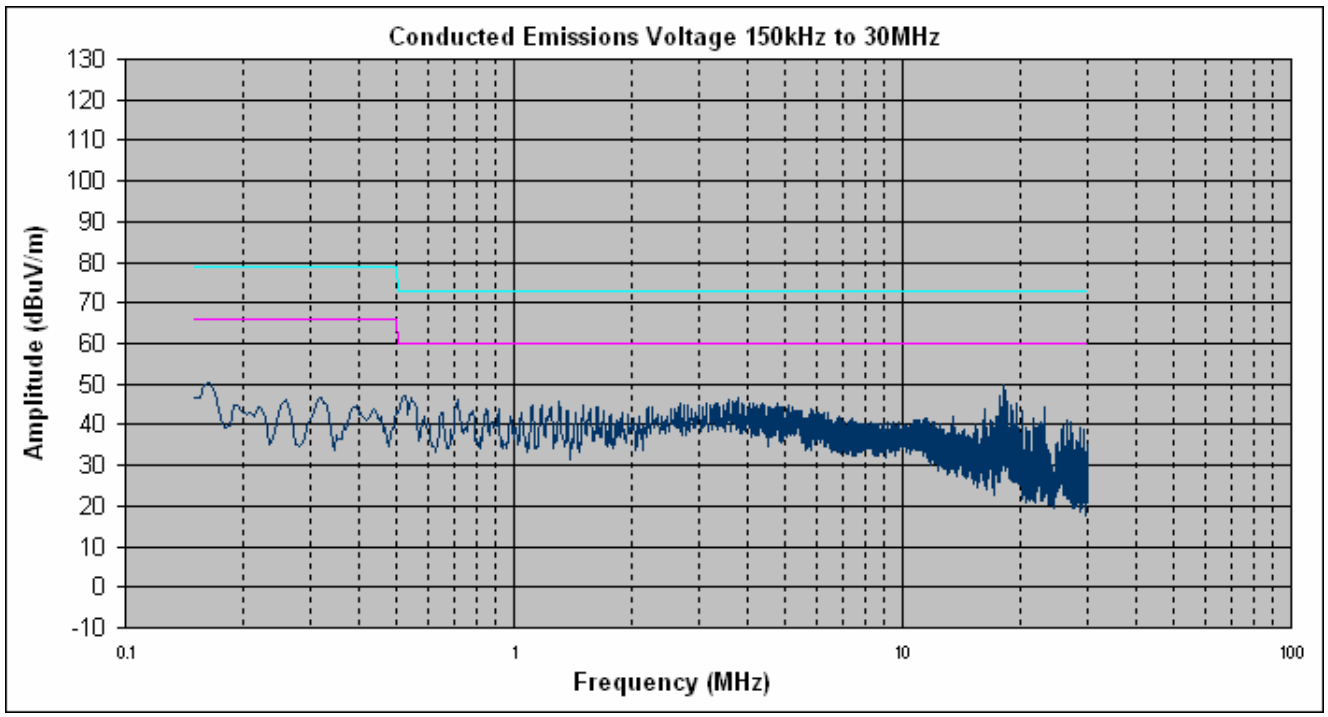
Conducted Emissions - Voltage, Worst Case Emissions, AC Power, Neutral Line, (100 / 240 VAC)

FREQ. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.166	49.7	79	Pass	-29.3	38.51	66	Pass	-27.49
0.722	40.72	73	Pass	-32.28	28.06	60	Pass	-31.94
18.305	47.27	73	Pass	-25.73	44.36	60	Pass	-15.64

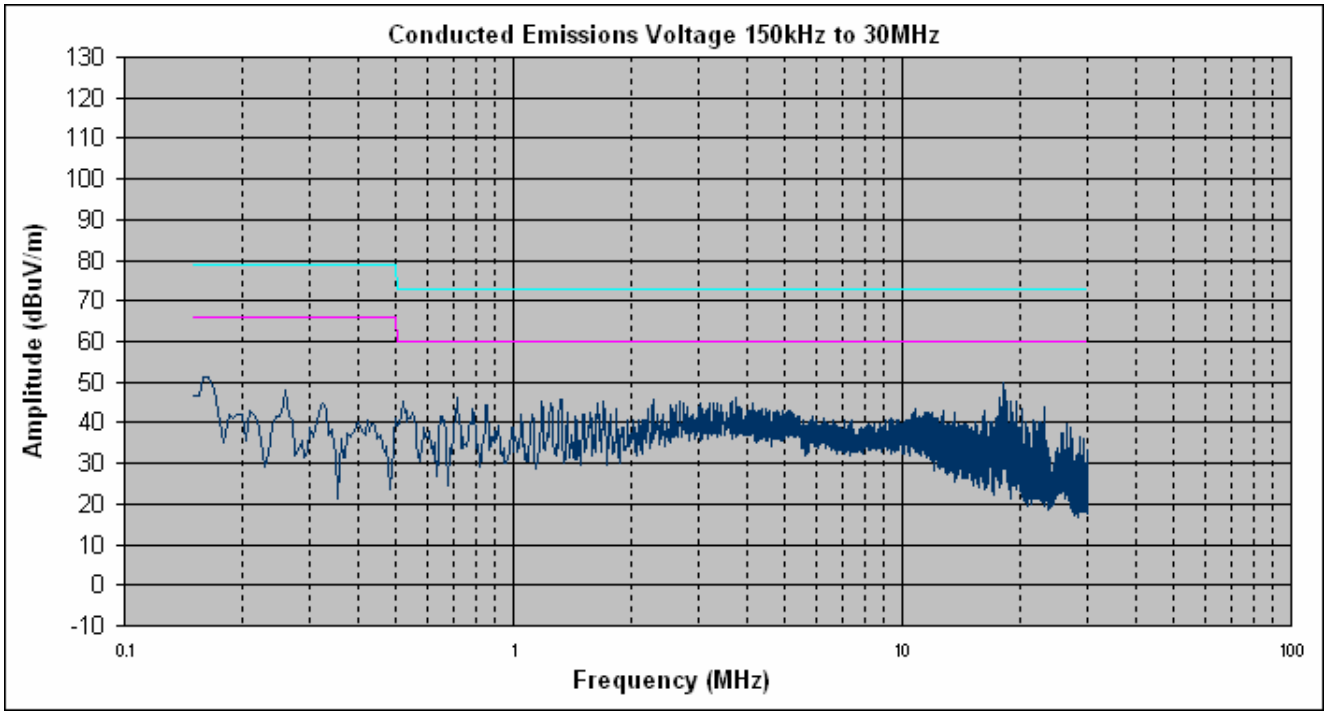
Table 7. Conducted Emissions - Voltage, Worst Case Emissions, AC Power, Neutral Line

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Conducted Emissions - Voltage, Worst Case Emissions, AC Power, (100 / 240 VAC)



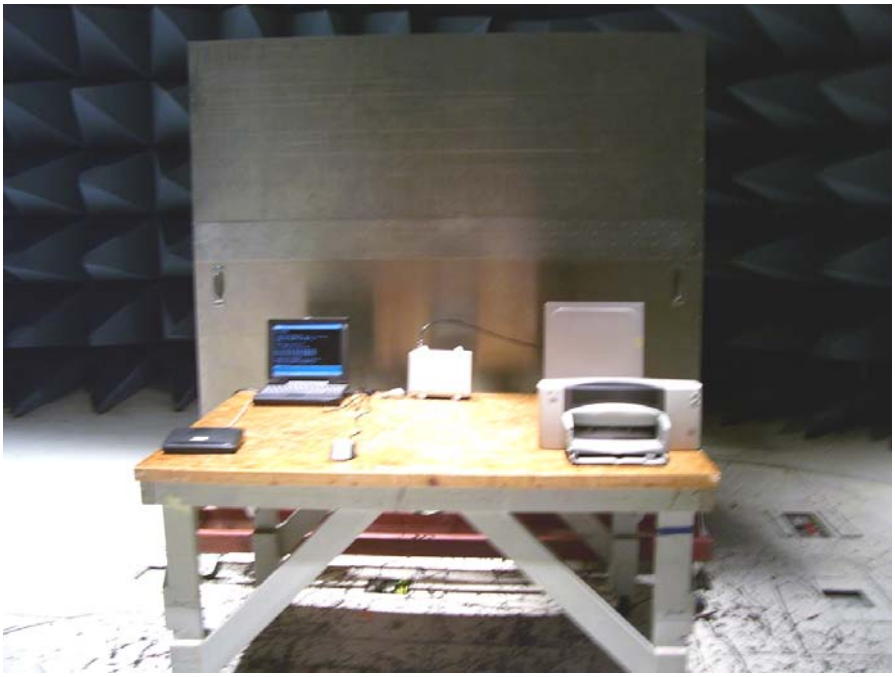
Conducted Emission Limits, Phase Line Plots



Conducted Emission Limits, Neutral Line Plots

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Conducted Emission Limits Test Setup



Photograph 2. Conducted Emissions Test Setup, Front

Photograph 3. Conducted Emissions Test Setup, Back

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.109 Radiated Emission Limits

Test Requirement(s): **15.109(a)** Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 8.

15.109 (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 8.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	
	§ 15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBµV) @ 10m	§ 15.109 (a),Class B Limit (dBµV) @ 3m
30 - 88	39.00	40.00
88 - 216	43.50	43.50
216 - 960	46.40	46.00
Above 960	49.50	54.00

Table 8. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.109 (a) (b)

Test Procedures: The EUT was placed on a 0.8m-high wooden table (See Photograph 4). Various antennas were placed near the EUT and measurements were taken of the field strengths and frequencies.

For final radiated measurements, the EUT was placed in semi-anechoic chamber, and located 10 m from an adjustable antenna mast. For pre-scanning, the spectrum analyzer scanned the frequency range from 30 MHz to 1 GHz to obtain an emission profile of the EUT.

For each point of measurement, the turntable was rotated, and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m, in order to find the maximum radiated emissions. Measurements above 30 MHz were taken using this technique with the antenna in two polarizations: horizontal and vertical.

Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth for below 1 GHz. For above 1 GHz, measurements were made using an average detector with a 1 MHz Resolution bandwidth and 10 Hz Video bandwidth.

Test Results: The EUT was Complaint with the requirement(s) of this section.

Test Engineer(s): Billy Kwan and Tony Permsombut

Test Date(s): May 12, 2006

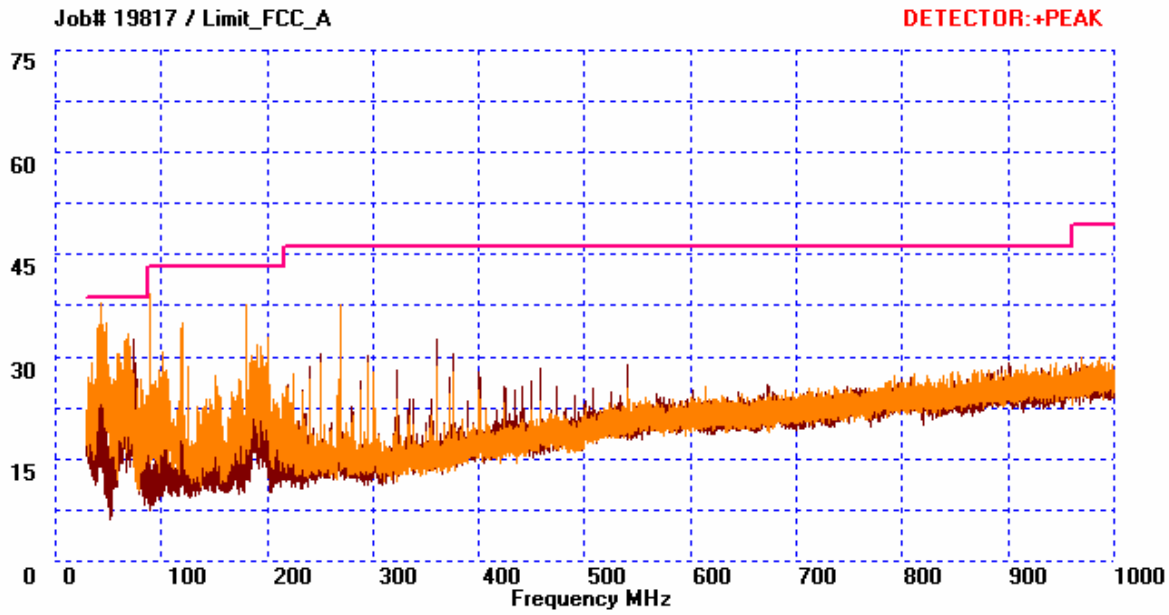
 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class B

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude QP Detector (dBuv)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB/m) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
***43.8**	**V**	**249**	**1**	**26.54**	**10.22**	**1.07**	**37.83**	**39.00**	**-1.17**
90	V	185	1.02	28.44	9.30	1.57	39.31	43.50	-4.19
180	V	149	1	25.55	9.60	2.41	37.56	43.50	-5.94
270	V	25	1	13.51	13.40	2.73	29.64	46.40	-16.76
66.28	V	291	3.74	28.28	5.20	1.34	34.82	39.00	-4.18
360	H	28	2.15	15.74	14.70	3.26	33.70	46.40	-12.70

Table 9. Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Note-1: * - At this frequency, the measured electric-field strength exhibits a margin of compliance that is less than 3 dB below the specification limit. We recommend that every emission measured, have at least a 3 dB margin to allow for deviations in the emission characteristics that may occur during the production process.



Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz to 1 GHz

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

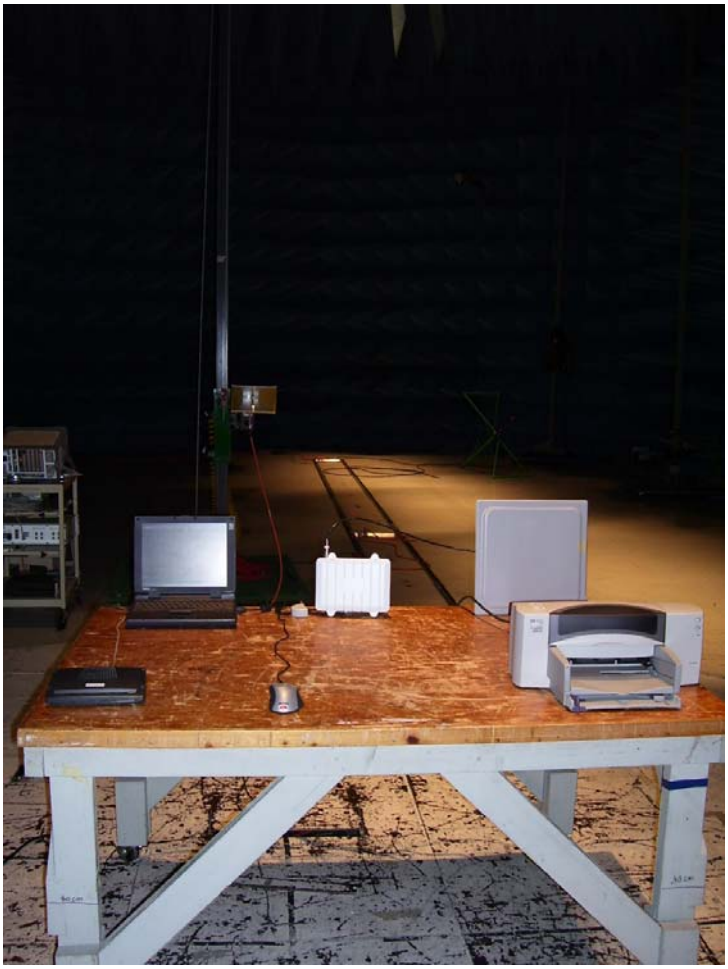
Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class B

Frequency (GHz)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Height (m)	Raw Amp. @ 3m (Avg)	P.Amp (dB)	Ant.Cor. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Dist.Cor Factor (dB)	EUT Field Strength Final Amp. (dBuV/m)	Limit per FCC pt 15 @ 3m (dBuV/m)	Delta (dB)
1.08	110	H	1.5	51.57	35.18	24.30	2.19	10.46	32.42	49.5	-17.08
1.258	170	H	1	50.18	35.23	24.63	2.32	10.46	31.43	49.5	-18.07
1.2607	180	V	1.2	50.98	35.23	24.55	2.32	10.46	32.15	49.5	-17.35
1.621	170	V	1.2	53.54	35.19	25.69	2.71	10.46	36.28	49.5	-13.22
2	0	H	1	39.41	35.14	27.45	3.25	10.46	24.51	49.5	-24.99
2	0	V	1	39.52	35.14	27.34	3.25	10.46	24.51	49.5	-24.99

Table 10. Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, 1 GHz to 2 GHz

© 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup



Photograph 4. Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

IV. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement: **§ 15.203:** An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.

b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results: The EUT as tested meets the criteria of this rule by virtue of having professionally installed. The EUT is therefore compliant with §15.203.

Antenna - Microcom Technologies 58FP23 - 23dBi gain

Test Engineer(s): Shawn McMillen

Test Date(s): June 7, 2006

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207(a) Conducted Limits

Test Requirement(s): **§ 15.207 (a):** For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μH/50 Σ line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dBμV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15- 0.5	66 – 56*	56 – 46*
0.5 - 0.5	56	46
0.5 - 30	60	50
* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency		

Table 11 Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure: The transmitter was set to the middle channel and placed on a 0.8 m high wooden table inside in a semi-anechoic chamber (See). The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from the vertical conducting plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω/50 μH Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with *ANSI C63.4-1992 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz"*. The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω/50 μH LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter.

Results: Equipment meets the specifications of **Section 15.207 (a)** for Intentional Radiators. Test result details appear on following pages.

Test Engineer(s): Billy Kwan

Test Date(s): May 12, 2006

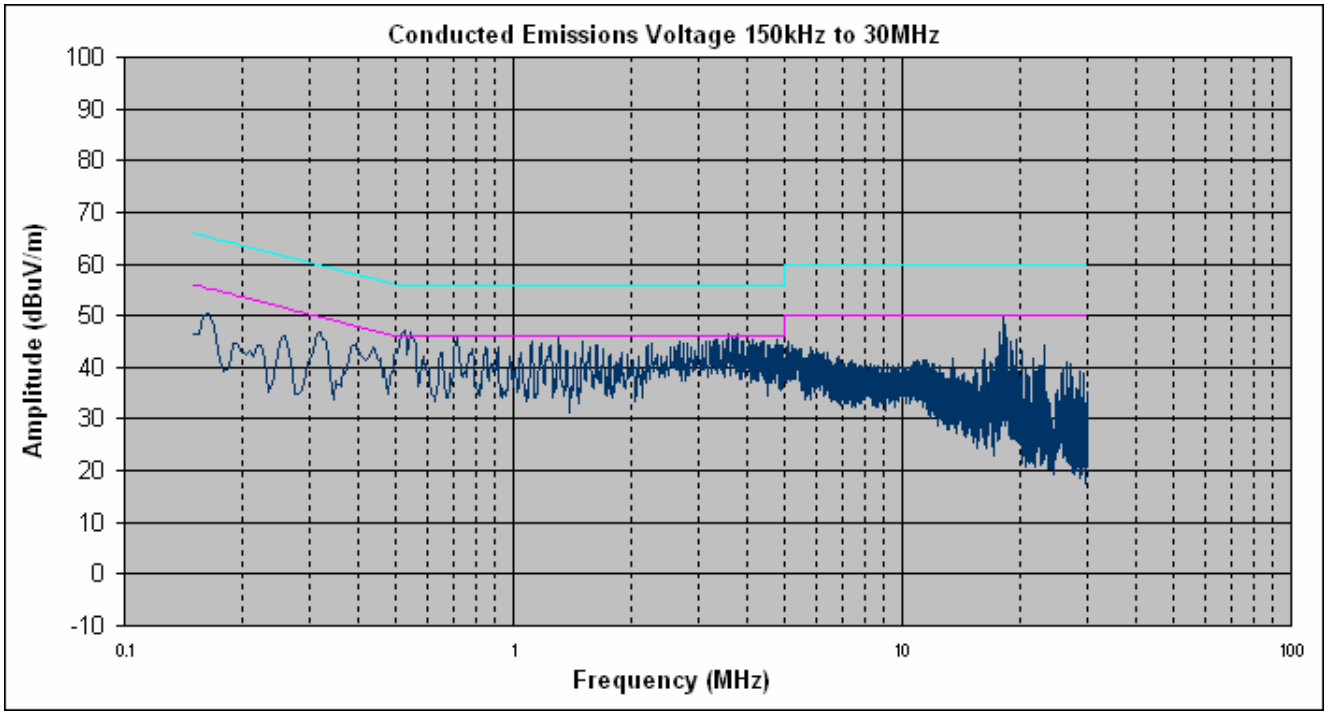
 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207(a) Conducted Limits

FREQ. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.167	49.69	65.11	Pass	-15.42	41.79	55.11	Pass	-13.32
2.298	40.59	56	Pass	-15.41	35.1	46	Pass	-10.9
18.306	46.82	60	Pass	-13.18	44.32	50	Pass	-5.68

Table 12. Conducted Emissions Test Results, Phase Line



Conducted Emissions Test Results, Phase Line

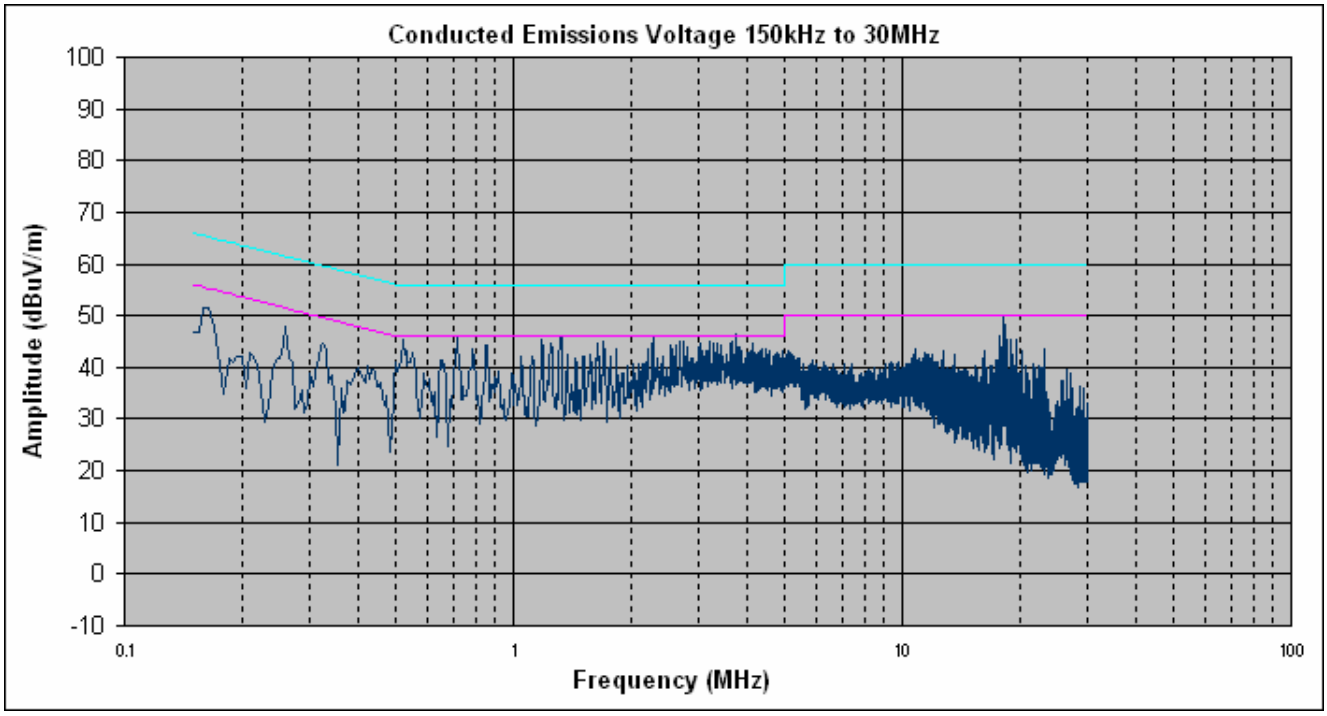
 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207(a) Conducted Limits

FREQ. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.166	49.7	65.16	Pass	-15.46	38.51	55.16	Pass	-16.65
0.722	40.72	56	Pass	-15.28	28.06	46	Pass	-17.94
18.305	47.27	60	Pass	-12.73	44.36	50	Pass	-5.64

Table 13. Conducted Emissions Test Results, Neutral Line



Conducted Emissions Test Results, Neutral Line

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(a) 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth

Test Requirements: **§ 15.247(a):** Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 5725-5850 MHz band. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

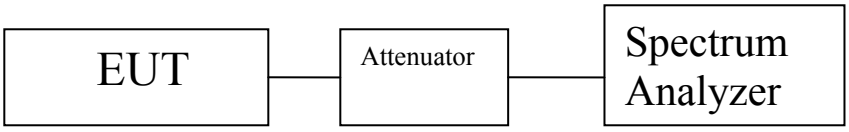
Test Procedure: The transmitter was set to the mid channel at the highest output power and connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately equal to 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 6 dB Bandwidth was measured and recorded. The measurements were repeated at the low and high channels.

Test Results Equipment complies with § 15.247 (a). The 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages.

802.11a mode			
Carrier Channel	**Frequency (MHz)**	**Measured 6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)**	**Measured 99% Bandwidth (MHz)**
Low	5745	16.36	16.59
Mid	5785	15.70	16.66
High	5825	15.64	16.74

Test Engineer(s): Shawn McMillen

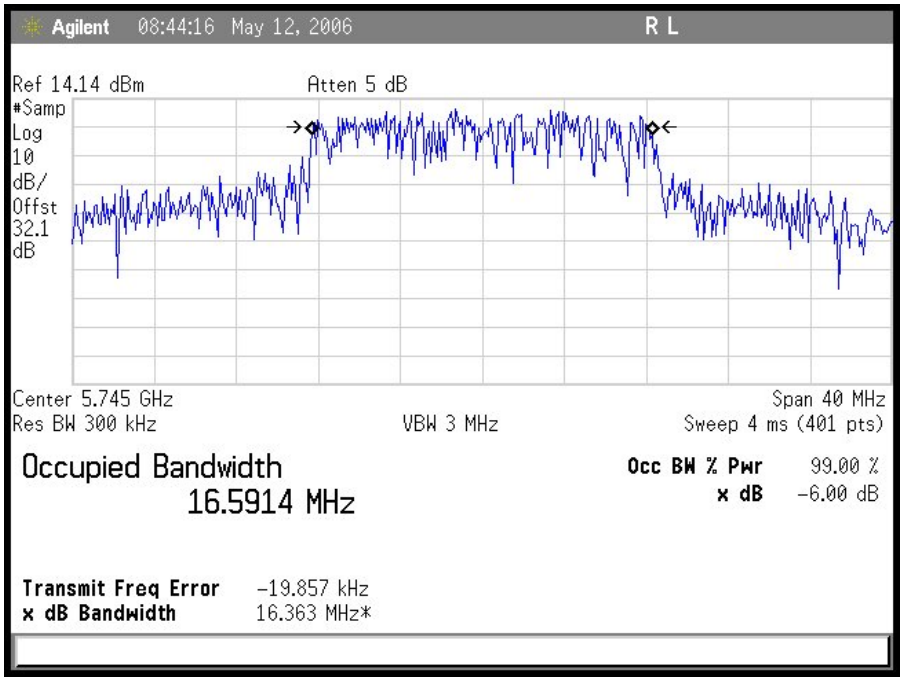
Test Date(s): May 12, 2006



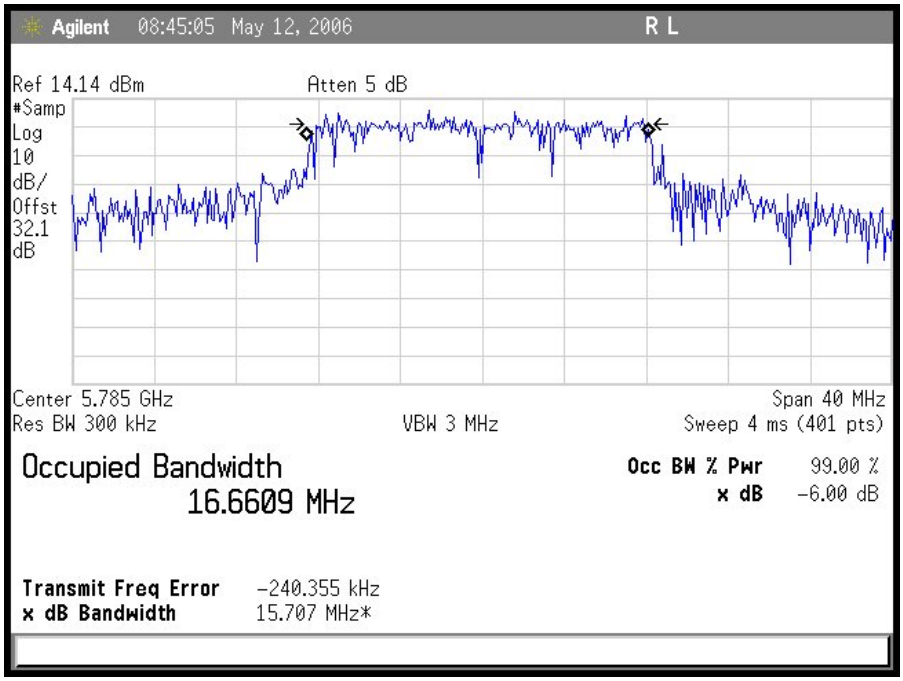
Block Diagram 1. Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

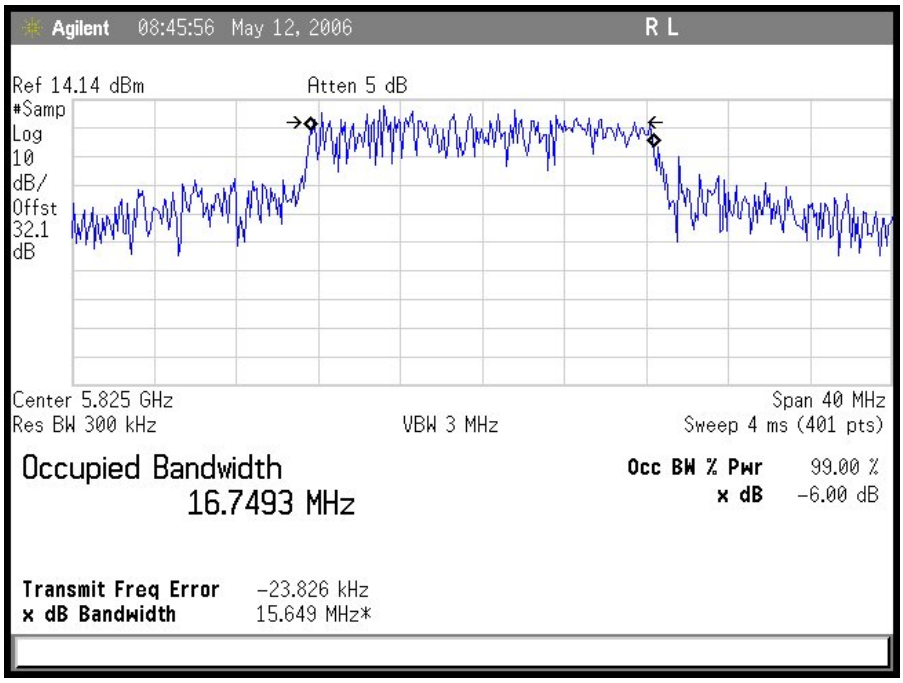


Plot 1. Low Ch Occupied Band Width



Plot 2. Mid Ch Occupied Band Width

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.



Plot 3. High Ch Occupied Band Width

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output and RF Exposure

Test Requirements: **§15.247(b):** The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
5725– 5850	1.000

Table 14. Output Power Requirements from §15.247

§15.247(c): if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 14, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 – 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omni-directional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected to a calibrated Peak Power Meter. The EUT was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at a data rate which gave the maximum power level.

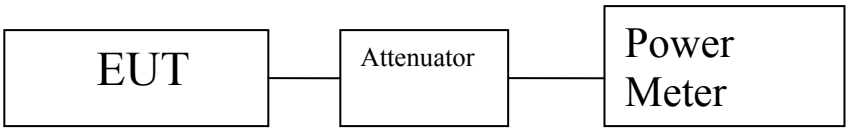
Test Results: Equipment complies with the Peak Power Output limits of **§ 15.247(b)**.

802.11a		
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Peak Output Power dBm (mW)
Low	5745	27.8(602.5)
Mid	5785	27.6(575.4)
High	5825	27.6(575.4)

Test Engineer(s): Shawn McMillen

Test Date(s): May 18, 2006

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.



Block Diagram 2. Peak Power Output Test Setup

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output and RF Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements: **§1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2):** Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

RF Radiation Exposure Limit: **§1.1310:** As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter.

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ 5725 - 5850 MHz; highest conducted power = 27.8dBm (peak) therefore, **Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm^2 or 10 W/m^2**

EUT maximum antenna gain = 23 dBi.

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG / 4\pi R^2 \quad \text{or} \quad R = \sqrt{PG / 4\pi S}$$

where, S = Power Density (1 mW/cm^2)
P = Power Input to antenna (602.5mW)
G = Antenna Gain (199.5 numeric)

$R = (602.5*199.5/ 4*3.14*1.0)^{1/2} = (120198.7 / 12.56)^{1/2} = 97.8$cm separation distance required to meet the Limit for Uncontrolled exposure @ 1 mW/cm^2

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions – Radiated and Conducted

Test Requirements: **§15.247(c)**; **§15.205:** Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(c): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110----------	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
[1] 0.495–0.505----------	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905----------	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128----------	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775----------	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775----------	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218----------	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825----------	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225----------	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294----------	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366----------	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625–8.38675----------	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475----------	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293----------	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025----------	240–285	3345.8–3358 36.	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725----------	322–335.4	3600–4400	([2])

Table 15. Restricted Bands of Operation

[1] Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 – 0.510 MHz.
[2] Above 38.6

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11a)

Frequency (GHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Distance Correction Factor (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
11490	V	43.0	34.7	39	9.4	0	56.7	74	17.3	pk
11490	V	31.0	34.7	39	9.4	0	44.7	54	9.3	avg
17235	V	44.0	33.0	44.5	11.8	0	67.3	74	6.7	pk
5745										
Frequency (GHz)	**Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)**	**Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m**	**Preamp (dB)**	**Antenna Factor (dB)**	**Cable Loss (dB)**	**Distance Correction Factor (dB)**	**Corrected Field Strength (dBµV)**	**Limit @ 3m (dBµV)**	**Margin (dB)**	**Measurement Type**
11570	V	43.9	34.7	39	9.4	0	57.6	74	16.4	pk
11570	V	31.1	34.7	39	9.4	0	44.8	54	9.2	avg
17355	V	43.5	33.0	44.5	11.8	0	66.8	74	7.2	pk
5785										
Frequency (GHz)	**Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)**	**Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m**	**Preamp (dB)**	**Antenna Factor (dB)**	**Cable Loss (dB)**	**Distance Correction Factor (dB)**	**Corrected Field Strength (dBµV)**	**Limit @ 3m (dBµV)**	**Margin (dB)**	**Measurement Type**
11650	V	43.3	34.7	39	9.4	0	57.0	74	17.0	pk
11650	V	30.7	34.7	39	9.4	0	44.4	54	9.6	avg
17475	V	43.6	33.0	44.5	11.8	0	66.9	74	7.1	pk
5825										

Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Photograph 5. Test Equipment and setup for various Radiated Measurements

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Spurious Emissions Requirements –RF Conducted

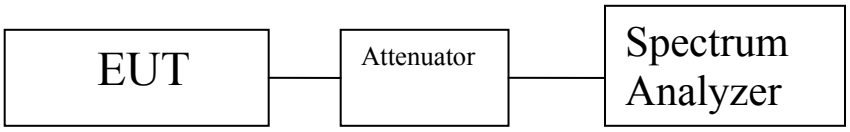
Test Procedure: For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

For frequencies 1-18GHz, measurements were made at coupler port of a 20dB directional coupler. The output of the coupler was terminated by a 50Ω load. For frequencies 18-40GHz a HP11970A and HP11970K harmonic mixer was used. Each harmonic mixer was fed with a SMA to wave guide adapter.

Test Results: Equipment complies with the Spurious Emissions Requirements – Radiated and RF Conducted limits of **§ 15.247 (c)**. For Radiated Emissions result, refer to section "§15.209: Radiated Emission Limits". See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions and §15.205.

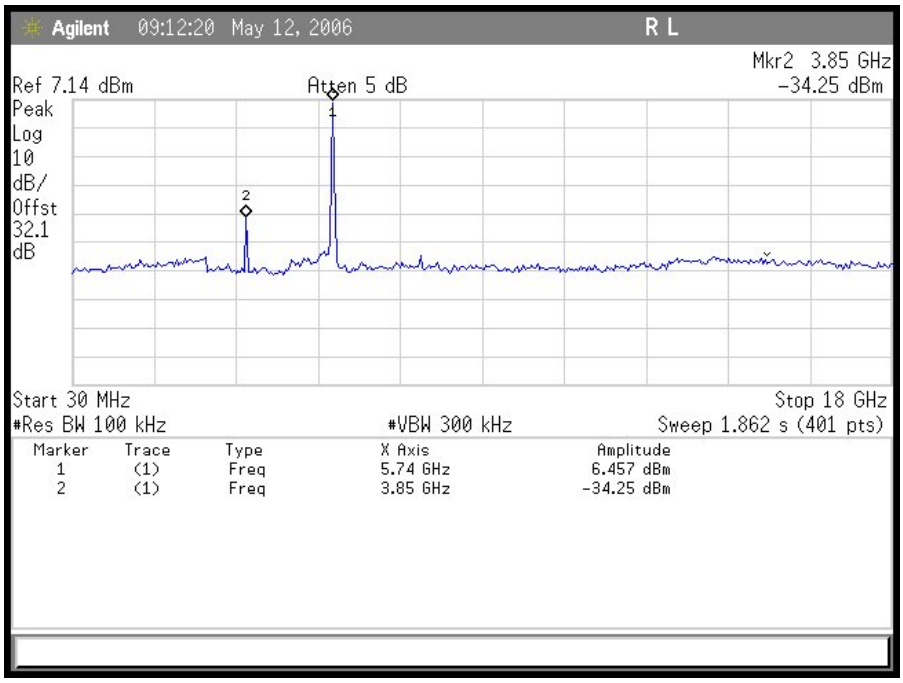
Test Engineer(s): Shawn McMillen

Test Date(s): May 12, 2006

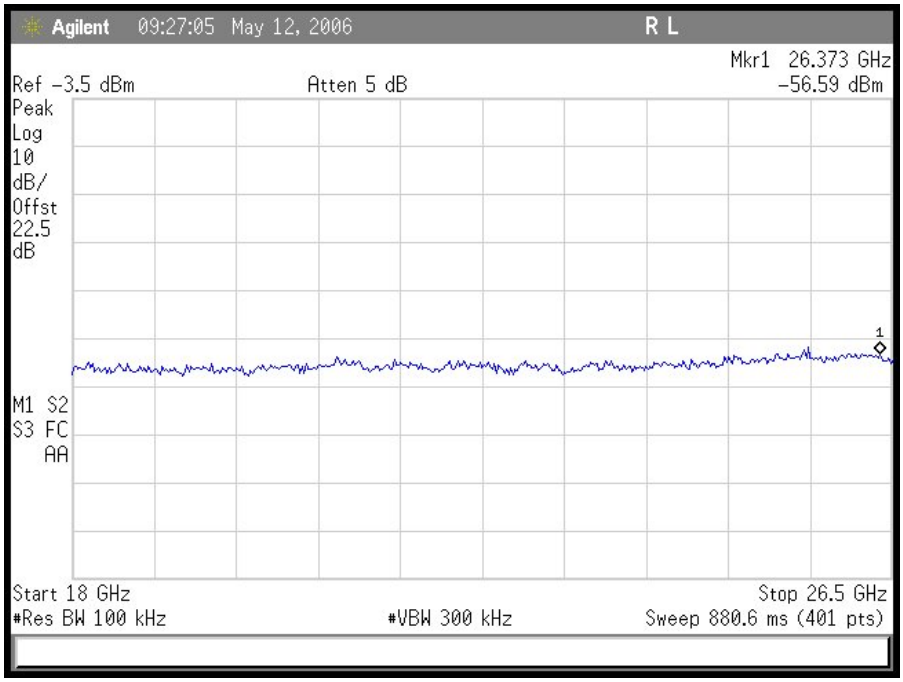


Block Diagram 3. Spurious Conducted Emissions Test Setup

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

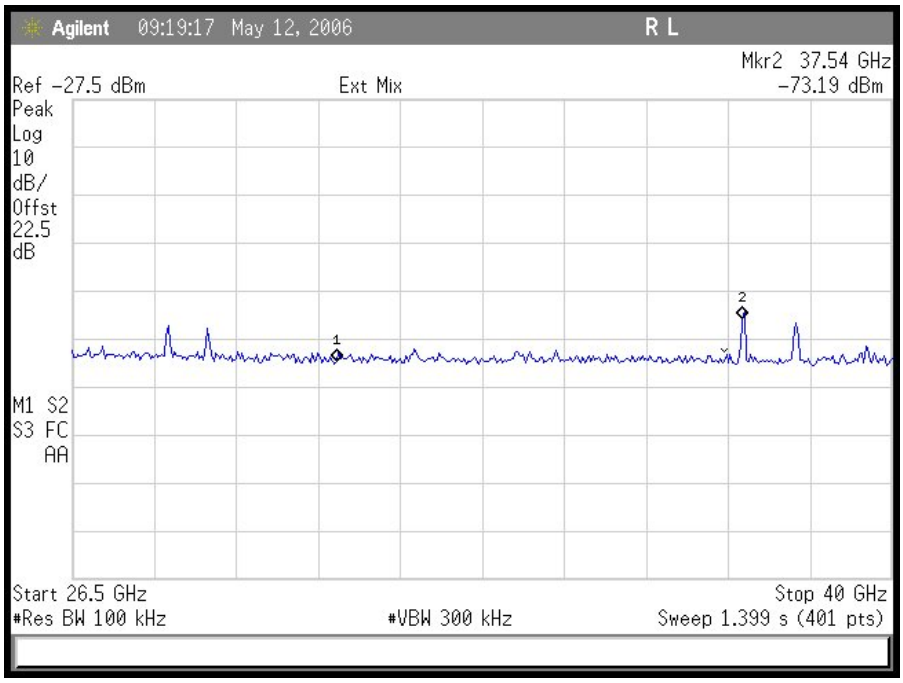


Plot 4. Low Channel Conducted Emissions 30 MHz- 18GHz

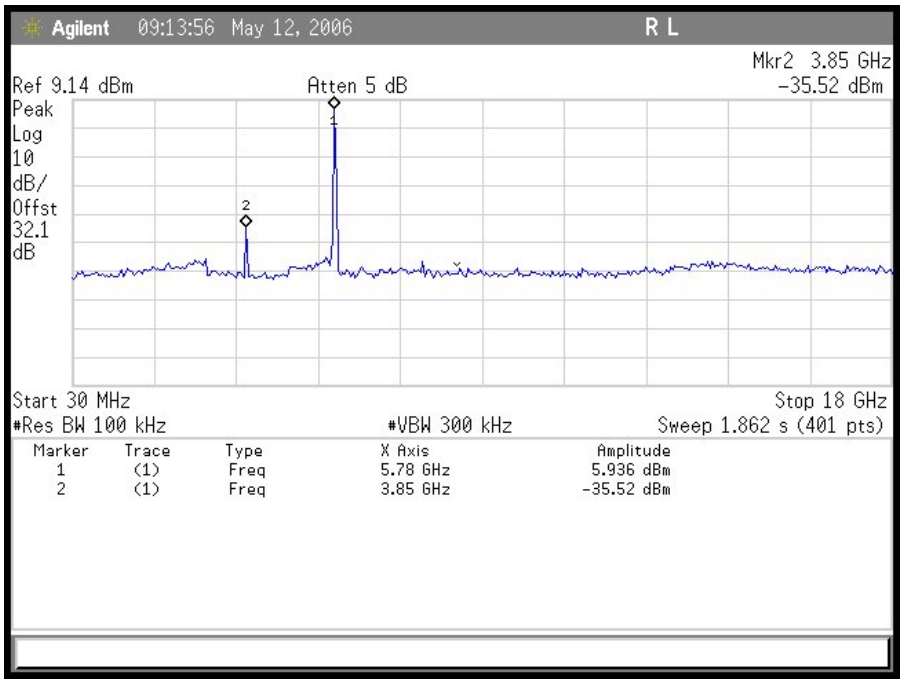


Plot 5. Low Channel Conducted Emissions 18 – 26.5 GHz

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

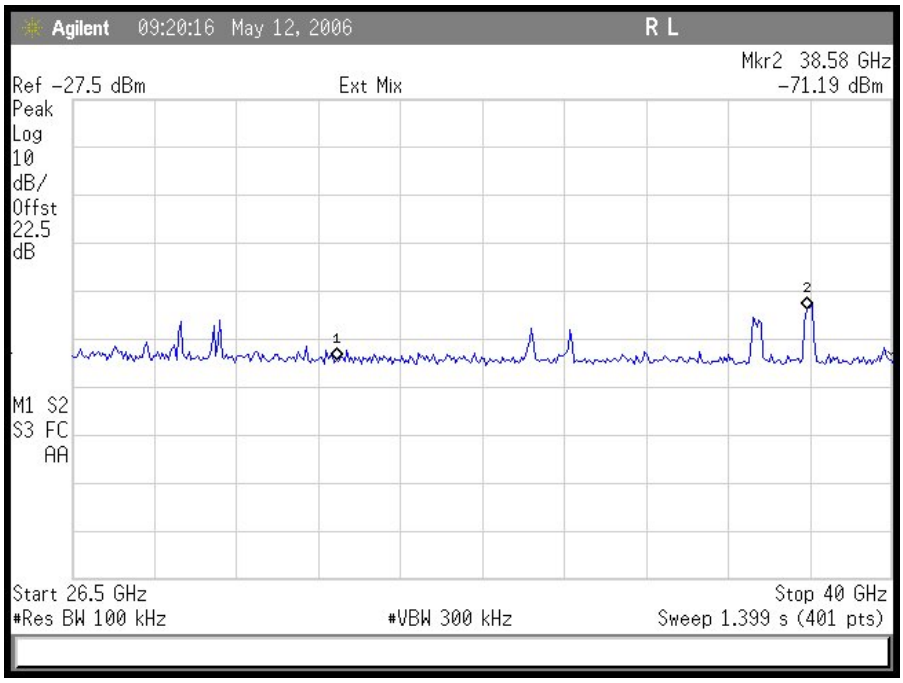


Plot 6. Low Channel Conducted Emissions 26.5 – 40 GHz

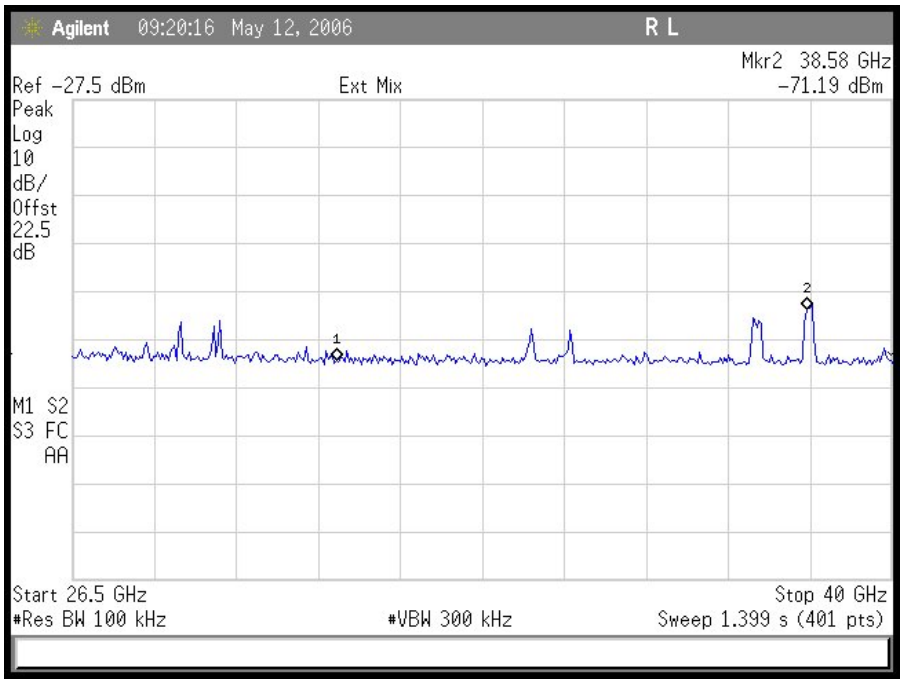


Plot 7. Mid Channel Conducted Emissions 30 MHz- 18GHz

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

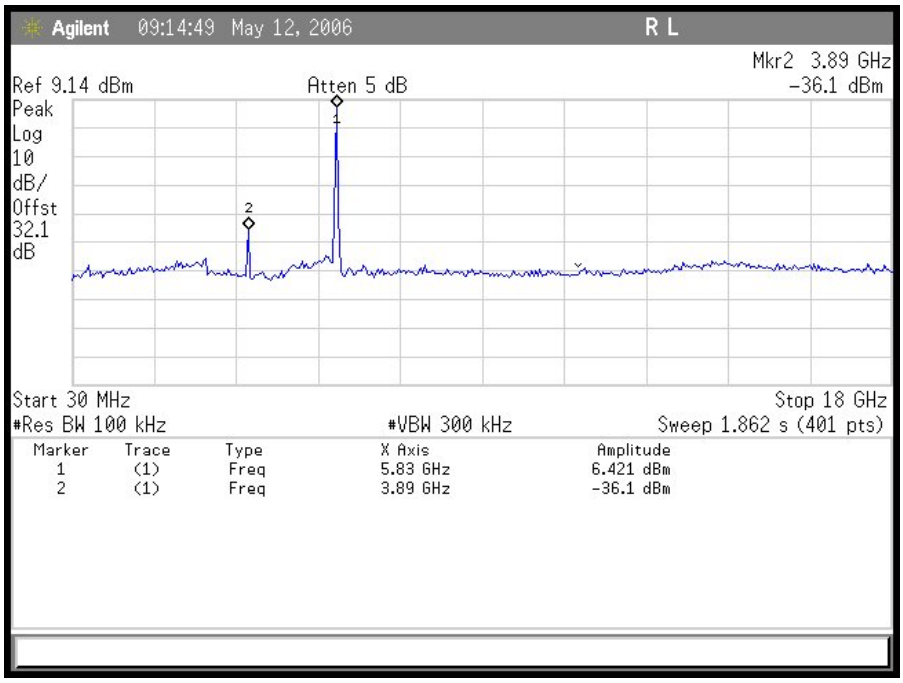


Plot 8. Mid Channel Conducted Emissions 18 – 26.5 GHz

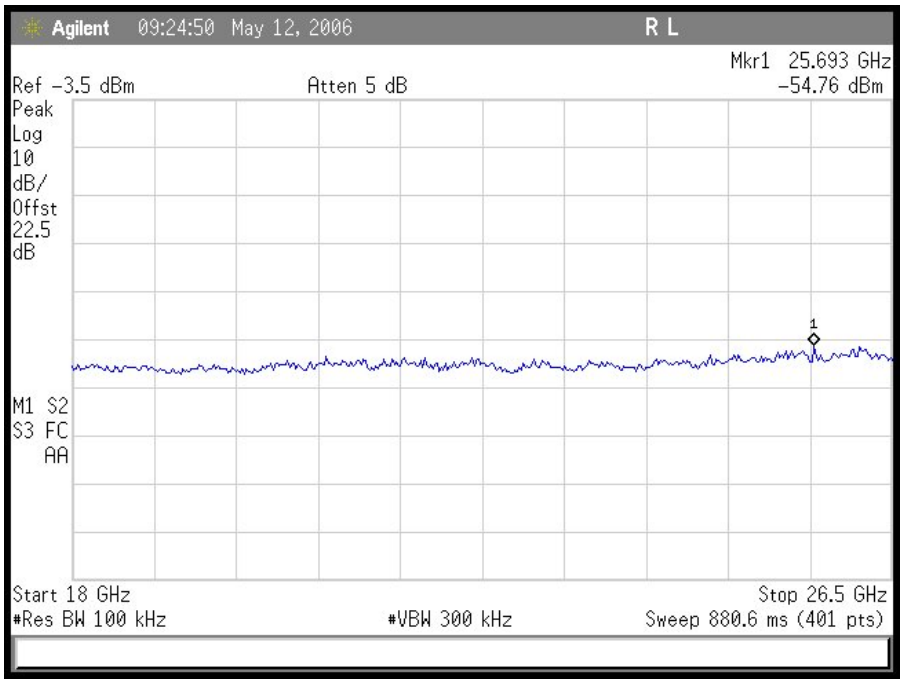


Plot 9. Mid Channel Conducted Emissions 26.5 – 40 GHz

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

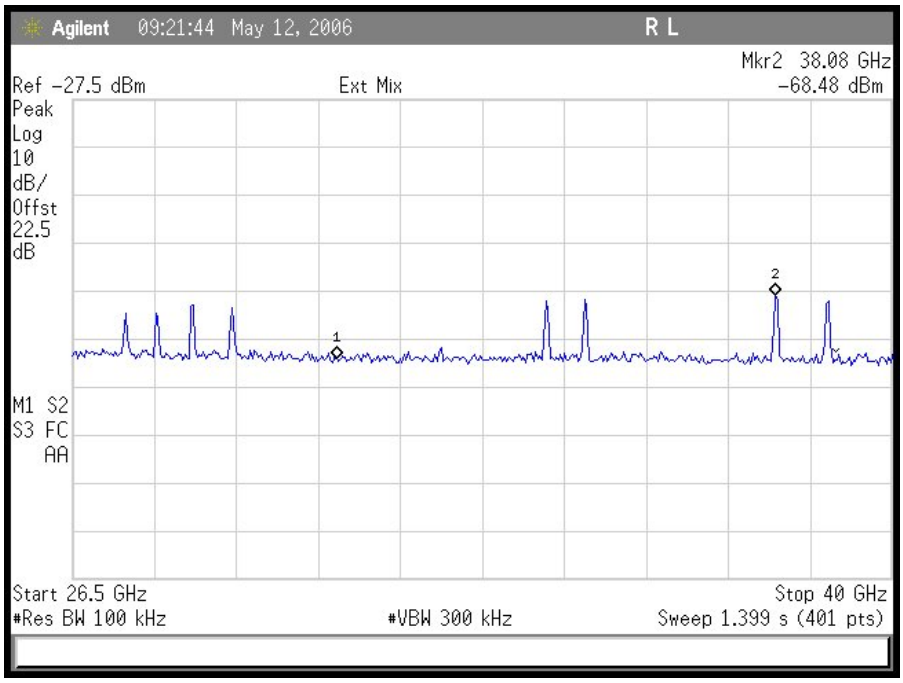


Plot 10. Hi Channel Conducted Emissions 30 MHz- 18GHz



Plot 11. Hi Channel Conducted Emissions 18 – 26.5 GHz

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.



Plot 12. Hi Channel Conducted Emissions 26.5 – 40 GHz

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Peak Power Spectral Density

Test Requirements: **§15.247(d):** For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through a directional couple. The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Peak Power Meter. The power level was set to the maximum level. The RBW and VBW were set to 3 kHz and a SPAN of 3.0 MHz with a 100 second sweep to the Spectrum Analyzer. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.

Test Results: Equipment complies with the peak power spectral density limits of **§ 15.247 (d)**. The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

802.11a				
Carrier Channel	**Frequency (MHz)**	**Measured PPSD (dBm)**	**Limit (dBm)**	**Margin (dB)**
Low	5745	-4.335	8	3.665
Mid	5785	-3.269	8	4.731
High	5825	1.29	8	9.29

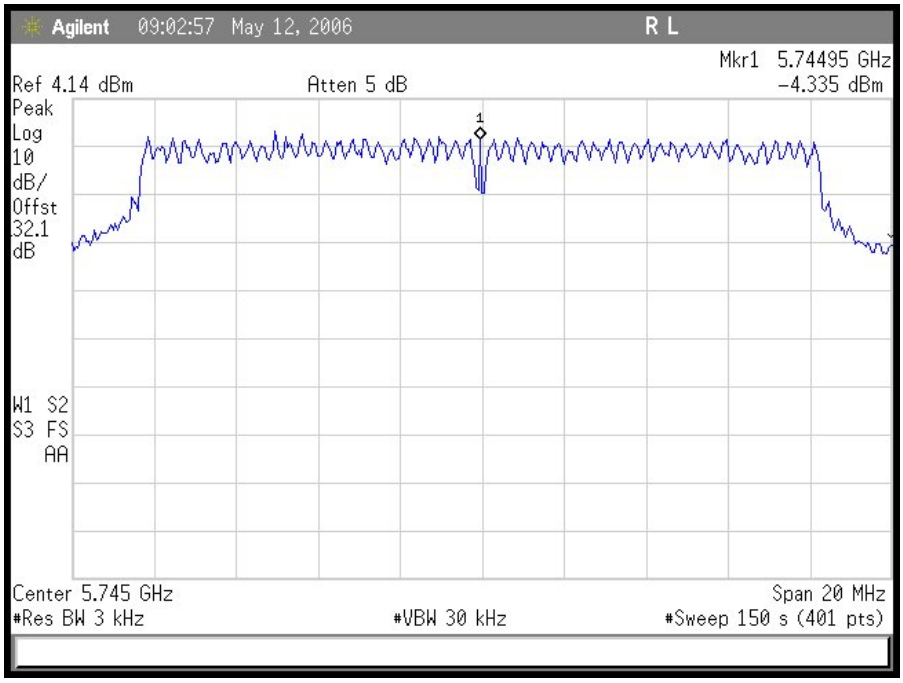
Test Engineer: Shawn McMillen

Test Date: May 12, 2006

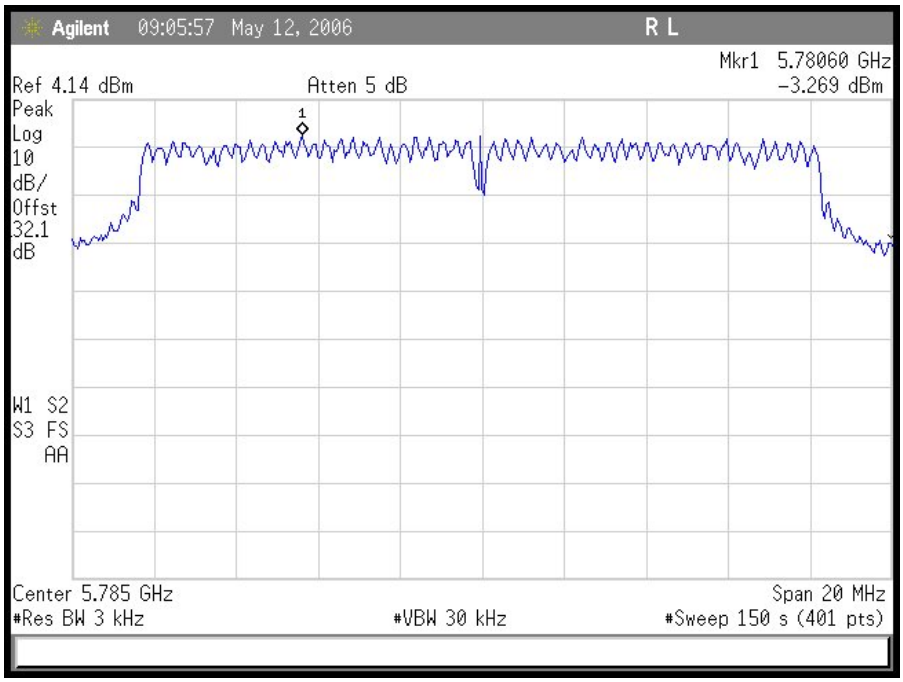
 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Peak Power Spectral Density (802.11a)

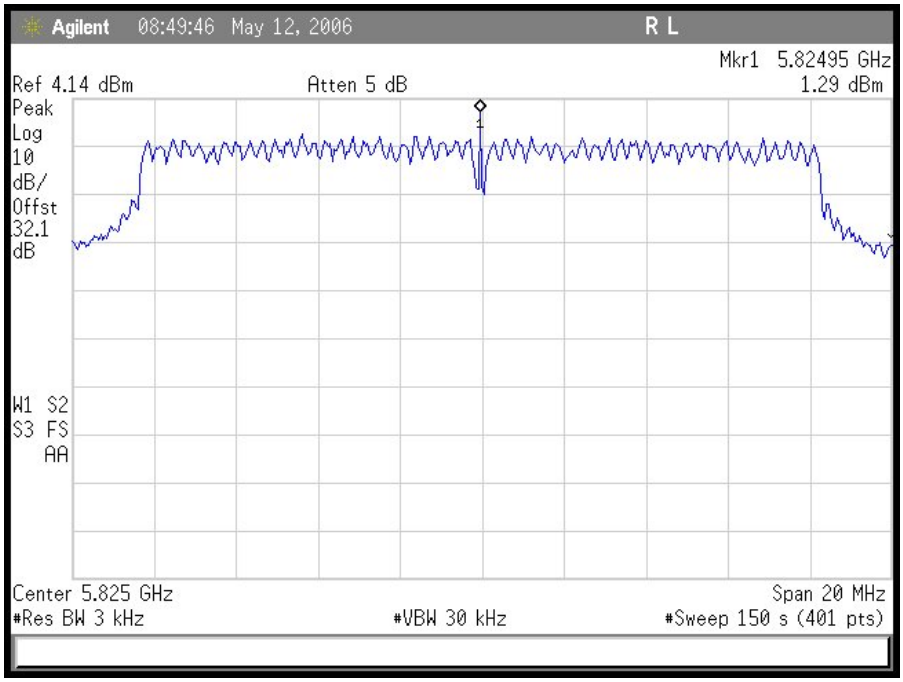


Plot 13. Low Ch PPSD

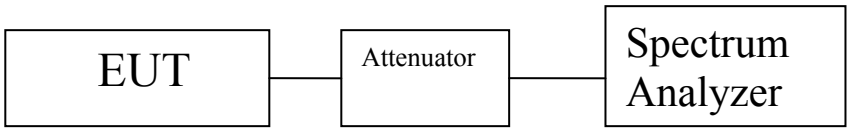


Plot 14. Mid Ch PPSD

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.



Plot 15. High Ch PPSD



Block Diagram 4. Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

IV. Test Equipment

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1S2421	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESIB 7	2/9/2006	2/9/2007
1S2184	BILOG ANTENNA	CHASE	CBL6112A	1/12/2006	1/12/2007
1S2121	PRE-AMPLIFIER	HEWLETT PACKARD	8449B	10/14/2005	10/14/2006
1S2198	ANTENNA, HORN	EMCO	3115	7/14/2005	7/14/2006
1S2202	ANTENNA, HORN, 1 METER	EMCO	3116	3/23/2004	3/23/2007
N/A	HIGH PASS FILTER	MICRO-TRONICS	HPM13146	SEE NOTE	
1S2263	CHAMBER, 10 METER	RANTEC	N2-14	7/25/2005	7/25/2006
1S2430	WIDEBAND POWER METER	ANRITSU COMPANY	ML2488A	1/12/2006	1/12/2007
1S2432	WIDEBAND POWER SENSOR	ANRITSU COMPANY	MA2491A	1/12/2006	1/12/2007
1S2034	COUPLER, DIRECTIONAL 1-20 GHz	KRYTAR	101020020	SEE NOTE	
1S2041	COUPLER, BI DIRECTIONALCOAXIAL	NARDA	N/A	SEE NOTE	
1S2460	Analyzer, Spectrum 9 kHz-40GHz	Agilent	E4407B	07/06/2005	07/06/2008
1S2430	WIDEBAND POWER METER	ANRITSU COMPANY	ML2488A	1/12/2006	1/12/2007
1S2432	WIDEBAND POWER SENSOR	ANRITSU COMPANY	MA2491A	1/12/2006	1/12/2007
1S2034	COUPLER, DIRECTIONAL 1-20 GHz	KRYTAR	101020020	SEE NOTE	
1S2041	COUPLER, BI DIRECTIONALCOAXIAL	NARDA	N/A	SEE NOTE	
1S2128	Harmonic Mixer	Hewlett Packard	11970A	10/07/2003	10/07/2006
1S2129	Harmonic Mixer	Hewlett Packard	11970K	10/07/2003	10/07/2006

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

V. Certification & User's Manual Information

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Certification & User's Manual Information

A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

(a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.

(b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.

(c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.

(d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

(a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:

(1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or

(2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or pre-production stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

(e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:

(i) Compliance testing;

(ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;

(iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;

(iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or

(v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.

(e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.

(f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Certification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

(a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.[1] *In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer*, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.

(b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

(a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.

(b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

[1] In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Certification & User's Manual Information

§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

(a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.

(1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

(i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.

(ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.

(2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Certification & User's Manual Information

Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

(a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:

(1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

(4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.

(5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Verification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

> Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:
>
> – Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
>
> – Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
>
> – Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
>
> – Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

VI. Exhibits

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Exhibit A, Hopping Capability Requirements

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

Exhibit B, Non-Coordination Requirements

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.

End of Report

 © 2006, MET Laboratories, Inc.