



FCC DFS TEST REPORT

Applicant : Ubiquiti Inc.
Address : 685 Third Avenue, New York, New York 10017, USA
Equipment : PoE Audio Port
Model No. : UPL-Port-W, UPL-Port-B
Trade Name : UBIQUITI
FCC ID : SWX-UPLP

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT:

The sample was received on May. 09, 2025 and the testing was completed on Jun. 19, 2025 at CerpPASS Technology Corp. The test result refers exclusively to the test presented test model / sample. Without written approval of CerpPASS Technology Corp., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by:

Vic Hsiao / Supervisor

Laboratory Accreditation:

CerpPASS Technology Corporation Test Laboratory





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History of this test report

Report No.	Issued Date	Description
25040713-TRFCC04	Jul. 01, 2025	Original



1. Summary of Test Procedure and Test Results

1.1. Applicable Standards

ANSI C63.10:2013

FCC Rules and Regulations Part 15 Subpart E §15.407

KDB 789033

KDB 905462

FCC Rule	Description of Test	Result
15.407	Dynamic Frequency Selection	PASS

*The lab has reduced the uncertainty risk factor from test equipment, environment and staff technicians which according to the standard on contract. Therefore, the test result will only be determined by standard requirement, measurement uncertainty evaluation is not considered.



2. Test Configuration of Equipment under Test

2.1. Feature of Equipment under Test

Frequency Range	BT/BLE: 2400-2483.5MHz 802.11b/g/n/ax: 2400-2483.5MHz 802.11a/n/ac/ax: 5150-5250MHz, 5250-5350MHz, 5470-5725MHz, 5725-5850MHz
Center Frequency Range	BT/BLE: 2402-2480MHz 802.11b/g/n/ax: 2412MHz-2462MHz 802.11a/n/ac/ax: 5180-5240MHz, 5260-5320MHz, 5500-5720MHz, 5745-5825MHz
Modulation Type	BT: GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK BLE: GFSK WLAN: 2.4GHz: 802.11b: CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK 802.11g/n: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM 802.11ax: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM, 1024QAM 5GHz: 802.11n/a: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM 802.11ac: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM 802.11ax: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM, 1024QAM
Modulation Technology	FHSS, DTS, DSSS, OFDM, OFDMA
Data Rate	BT: GFSK: 1Mbps, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK: 2Mbps, 8DPSK: 3Mbps BLE: GFSK: 1Mbps WLAN: 2.4GHz: 802.11b: 1, 2, 5.5, 11Mbps 802.11g: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54Mbps 802.11n: MCS0 – MCS15, HT20/40 802.11ax: MCS0 – MCS11, HE20/40 5GHz: 802.11a: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54Mbps 802.11n: MCS0 – MCS15, HT20/40 802.11ac: MCS0 – MCS9, VHT20/40/80 802.11ax: MCS0 – MCS11, HE20/40/80
Antenna Type	BT/BLE: Dipole Antenna WLAN 2.4GHz/5GHz: PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain	BT/BLE: 2400MHz-2500MHz: 1.0dBi WLAN: 2400MHz-2500MHz: ANT A: 2.0dBi; ANT B: 2.0dBi 5180MHz-5850MHz: ANT A: 6.0dBi; ANT B: 6.0dBi
Adapter	UBIQUITI \ ADS-18LD-12 12018EPCU

Note:

1. EUT support TPC Function.
2. EUT supports DFS Client Mode, without radar detection.
3. For more details, please refer to the User's manual of the EUT.

Difference description:

Model No.	Color of Enclosure
UPL-Port-W	White
UPL-Port-B	Black

**2.2. Description of Test System**

DFS					
Equipment	Brand	Model	Length/ Type	Power cord/ Length/Type	FCC ID.
Notebook	Lenovo	L440	N/A	Adapter / 1.8m / NS	---
RJ45 Cable	TE CONNECTIVITY	CAT5E	1.2m / NS	N/A	---
AP	NETGEAR	R7800	N/A	Adapter / 1.5m / NS	PY315200310



2.3. General Information of Test

Organization	CerpPASS Technology Corp.		
☒ Test Site	CerpPASS Technology Corporation Test Laboratory Address: No.10, Ln. 2, Lianfu St., Luzhu Dist., Taoyuan City 33848, Taiwan (R.O.C.) Tel: +886-3-3226-888 Fax: +886-3-3226-881		
	FCC	TW1439, TW1079	
	IC	4934E-1, 4934E-2	
Frequency Range Investigated	Conducted: from 150kHz to 30 MHz Radiation: from 9kHz to 40,000MHz		
Test Distance	The test distance of radiated emission from antenna to EUT is 3 M.		

Test Item	Test Site	Test Period	Environmental Conditions	Tested By
DFS	RFDFS01-NK	2025/05/27	25.5°C / 56%	Sheng Hsu
DFS	RFDFS01-NK	2025/06/19	25.3°C / 53%	Sheng Hsu

2.4. Measurement Uncertainty

ISO/IEC 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level (based on a coverage factor (k=2)).

Measurement Item	Uncertainty
Channel Move Time	±5.6%
Channel Closing Transmission Time	±7.4%
Threshold	±2.5dB



3. Test Equipment and Ancillaries Used for Tests

Test Item	DFS				
Test Site	RFDFS01-NK				
Instrument	Manufacturer	Model No	Serial No	Calibration Date	Valid Date
CAX Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9000B	MY57100291	2024/10/15	2025/10/14
MXG-B RF Vector Signal Generator + Frequency Extender	KEYSIGHT	N5182B+ N5182BX07	MY53051383+ MY59362519	2025/02/11	2026/02/10
Control BOX	World-pallas	AD222	L4490A	NA	NA
IOT0047A	KEYSIGHT	24.12.13.14	NA	NA	NA
N7607C Signal Studio	KEYSIGHT	v1.5.5.0	NA	NA	NA
InServiceMonitorUtility	Theda	v10.0.0.0	NA	NA	NA



4. Antenna Requirements

4.1. Standard Applicable

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.407 (a), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

4.2. Antenna Construction and Directional Gain

Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain	ANT A: 6.0dBi; ANT B: 6.0dBi



5. Dynamic Frequency Selection

5.1. List of Measurement and Examinations

EUT Applicability of DFS requirements and Frequency Range

Operation Mode		Operating Frequency Range	
		5250-5350MHz	5470-5725MHz
Master	--	--	--
Client without radar detection	√	√	√
Client with radar detection	--	--	--

DEVICES WITH RADAR DETECTION

MAXIMUM TRANSMIT POWER	VALUE (SEE Note 1 and 2)
≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral density requirement	-64 dBm

Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.

Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911

Table1: Applicability of DFS requirements prior to use of a channel

REQUIREMENT RADAR	OPERATIONAL MODE		
	MASTER	CLIENT WITHOUT RADAR DETECTION	CLIENT WITH RADAR DETECTION
Non-Occupancy Period	V	Not required	V
DFS Detection Threshold	V	Not required	V
Channel Availability Check Time	V	Not required	Not required
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	V	Not required	V

**Table2: Applicability of DFS requirements during normal operation**

REQUIREMENT RADAR	OPERATIONAL MODE		
	MASTER	CLIENT WITHOUT RADAR DETECTION	CLIENT WITH RADAR DETECTION
DFS Detection Threshold	V	Not required	V
Channel Closing Transmission Time	V	V	V
Channel Move Time	V	V	V
U-NII Detection Bandwidth	V	Not required	V

Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	Master or Client with radar detection	Client without radar detection
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link
All other	Any single BW mode	Not required
Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in each of the bonded 20 MHz channels and the channel center frequency.		



5.2. Test Setup

Setup for Master with injection at the Master

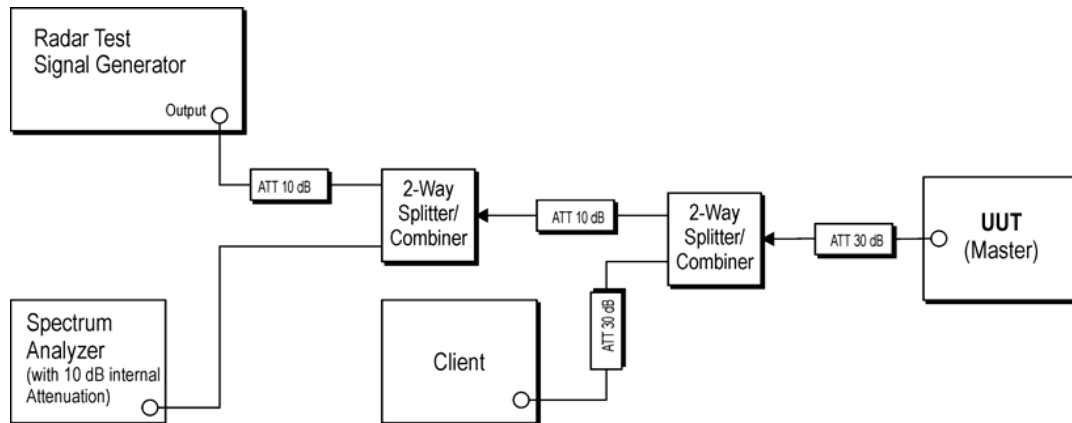


Figure 1: Example Conducted Setup where UUT is a Master and Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Master

Setup for Client with injection at the Master

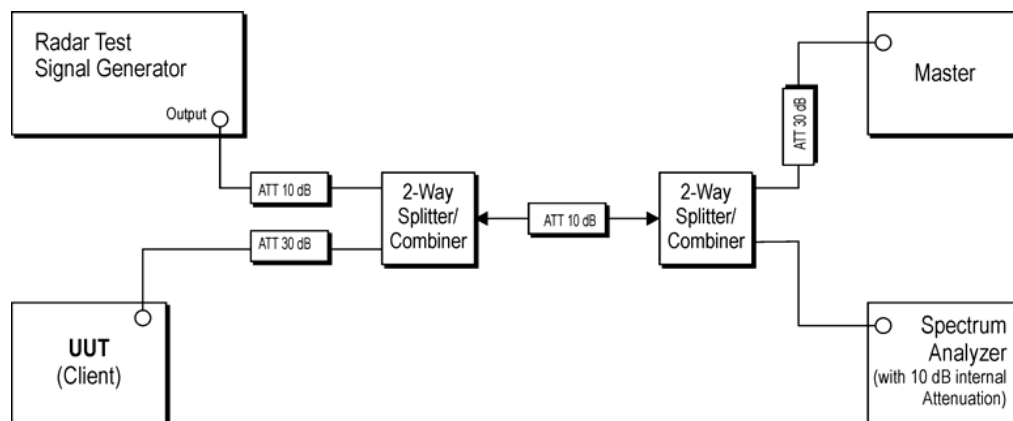


Figure 2: Example Conducted Setup where UUT is a Client and Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Master



Setup for Client with injection at the Client

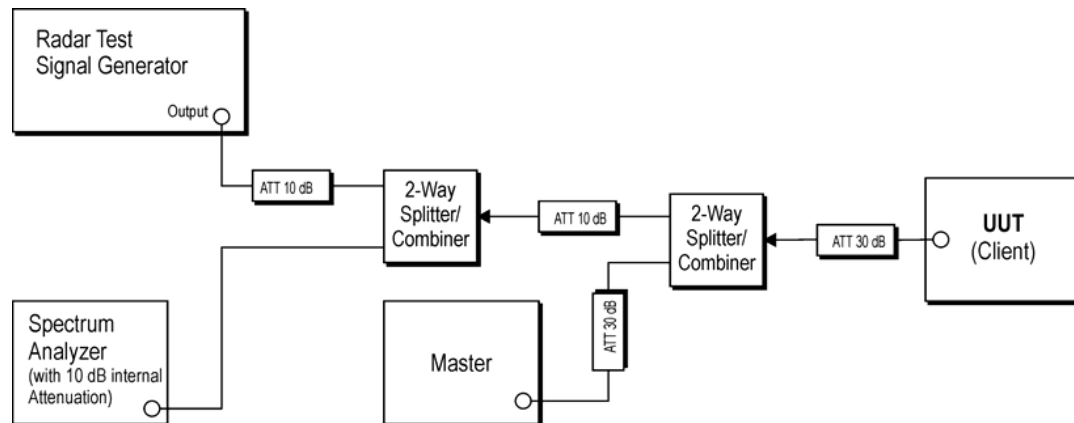


Figure 3: Example Conducted Setup where UUT is a Client and Radar Test Waveforms are injected into the Client



5.3. DFS Detection Threshold

DFS Detection Threshold is the level used by the DFS mechanism to detect radar interference.

5.3.1. Test Limit

Limits Clause 4.7.2.1.2

DFS Detection Thresholds for Master Devices and Client Devices with Radar

Detection

MAXIMUM TRANSMIT POWER	VALUE (SEE Note 1 and 2)
≥ 200 milliwatt	-64 dBm
EIRP < 200 milliwatt and power spectral density < 10 dBm/MHz	-62 dBm
EIRP < 200 milliwatt that do not meet the power spectral density requirement	-64 dBm

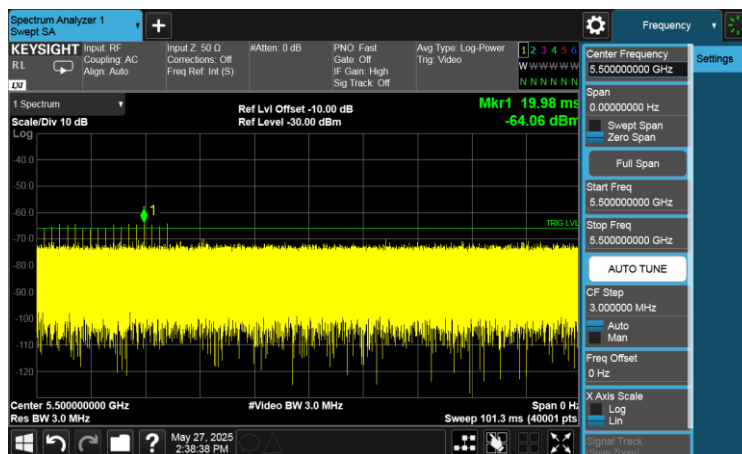
Note 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna.

Note 2: Throughout these test procedures an additional 1 dB has been added to the amplitude of the test transmission waveforms to account for variations in measurement equipment. This will ensure that the test signal is at or above the detection threshold level to trigger a DFS response.

Note3: EIRP is based on the highest antenna gain. For MIMO devices refer to KDB Publication 662911

5.3.2. Test Result of DFS Detection Threshold

Modulation Type: 802.11ax HE80, CH106@5500MHz





5.4. In-Service Monitoring

The In-Service Monitoring is defined as the process by which an RLAN monitors the Operating Channel for the presence of radar signals.

Additional requirements for devices with multiple bandwidth modes	Master or Client with radar detection	Client without radar detection
U-NII Detection Bandwidth and Statistical Performance Check	All BW modes must be tested	Not required
Channel Move Time and Channel Closing Transmission Time	Test using widest BW mode available	Test using the widest BW mode available for the link
All other	Any single BW mode	Not required
Note: Frequencies selected for statistical performance check (Section 7.8.4) should include several frequencies within the radar detection bandwidth and frequencies near the edge of the radar detection bandwidth. For 802.11 devices it is suggested to select frequencies in each of the bonded 20 MHz channels and the channel center frequency.		

5.4.1. Test Limit

Parameter	Value
Channel Move Time	< 10 s (See Note 1)
Channel Closing Transmission Time	< 200 ms+ an aggregate of 60 milliseconds over remaining 10 second period. (See Notes 1 and Notes 2.)
Note 1: Channel Move Time and the Channel Closing Transmission Time should be performed with Radar Type 0. The measurement timing begins at the end of the Radar Type 0 burst. Note 2: The Channel Closing Transmission Time is comprised of 200 milliseconds starting at the beginning of the Channel Move Time plus any additional intermittent control signals required to facilitate a Channel move (an aggregate of 60 milliseconds) during the remainder of the 10 second period. The aggregate duration of control signals will not count quiet periods in between transmissions.	

Limits Clause 4.7.2.2.2

The In-Service Monitoring shall be used to continuously monitor an Operating Channel.

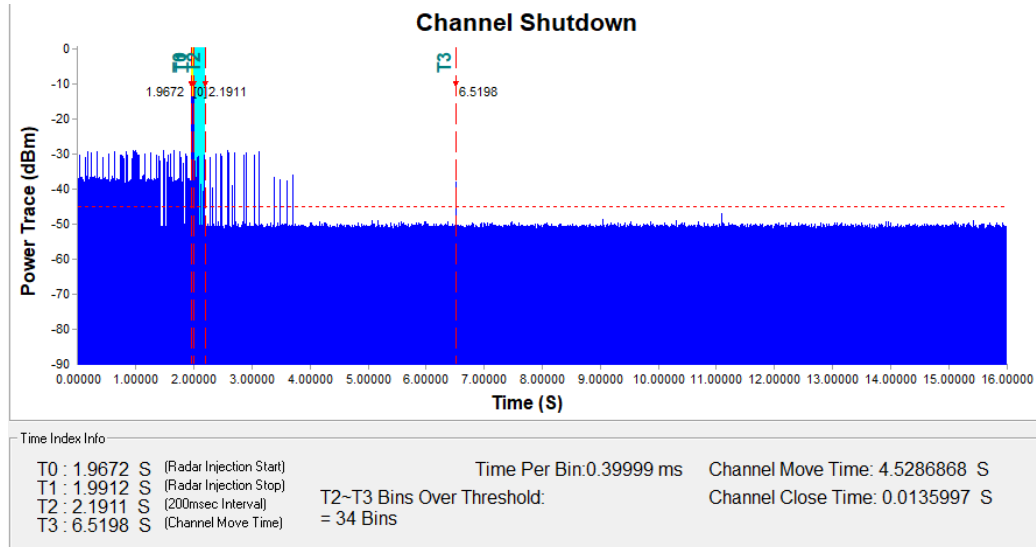
The In-Service-Monitoring shall start immediately after the RLAN has started transmissions on an Operating Channel.



5.4.2. Test Result of In-Service Monitoring

	Value	Limit
Channel Move Time	4.5286868	<10 s
Channel Closing Transmission Time	13.5997	< 60 ms

Modulation Type: 802.11ax HE80, CH106@5500MHz





5.5. Non-Occupancy Period

The Channel Shutdown is defined as the process initiated by the RLAN device immediately after a radar signal has been detected on an Operating Channel.

The master device shall instruct all associated slave devices to stop transmitting on this channel, which they shall do within the Channel Move Time.

Slave devices with a Radar Interference Detection function, shall stop their own transmissions within the Channel Move Time.

The aggregate duration of all transmissions of the RLAN device on this channel during the Channel Move Time shall be limited to the Channel Closing Transmission Time. The aggregate duration of all transmissions shall not include quiet periods in between transmissions.

5.5.1. Test Limit

Radar Test Signal	Master (min)	Client (min)
0	> 30	> 30

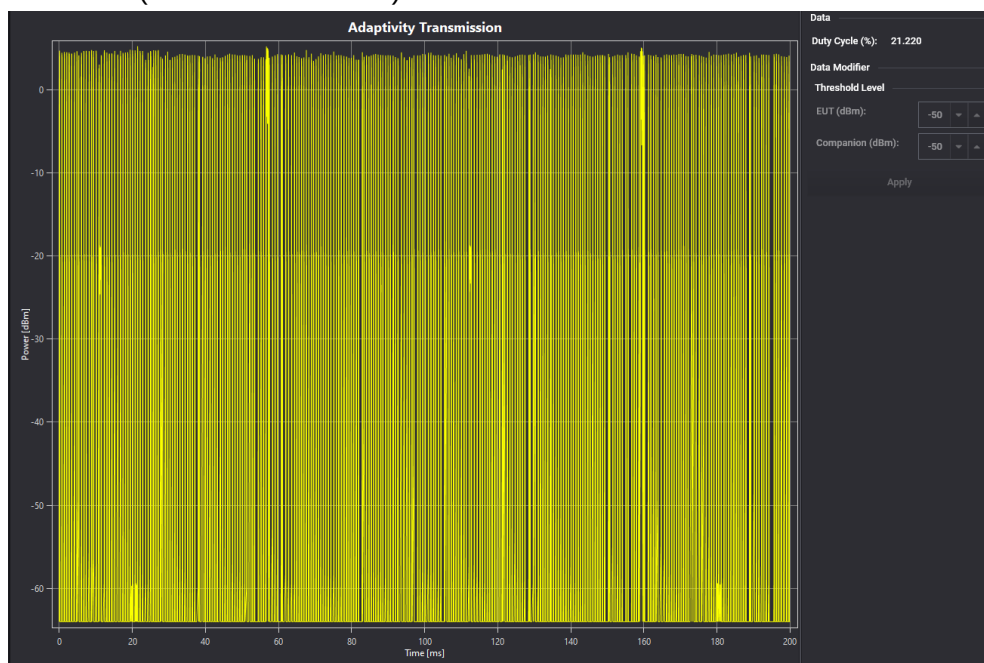
5.5.2. Channel Loading

A link is established between the AP. Use iperf ver.1.7.0 Software to simulate data transfer is streamed to generate WLAN traffic.

Timing plots are required with calculations demonstrating a minimum channel loading of approximately 17% or greater. For example, channel loading can be estimated by setting the spectrum analyzer for zero span and approximate the Time On/ (Time On + Off Time). This can be done with any appropriate channel BW and modulation type

Modulation Type: 802.11ax HE80

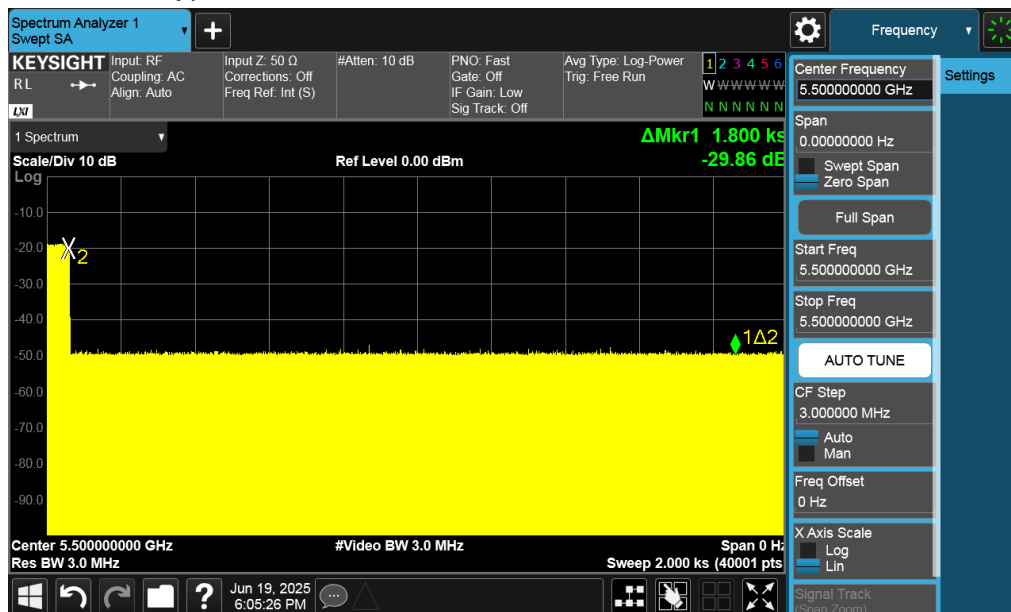
Time On/ (Time On + Off Time) =21.220%





5.5.3. Test Result of Non-Occupancy Period

Modulation Type: 802.11ax HE80, CH106@5500MHz



-----THE END OF REPORT-----