

AW-CM689

**IEEE 802.11 n Wi-Fi with ac friendly
+ Bluetooth 5.4 Combo LGA Module**

Datasheet

Rev. B

DF

(For Standard)

Features

WLAN

- Full IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n compatibility with enhanced performance:
- 802.11ac friendly, MCS8 (256-QAM) for 20 MHz channels in 5 GHz band.
- Single spatial stream with PHY data rates of up to 72.2 Mbps with 802.11n (MCS7) and 78 Mbps with 802.11ac (MCS8).
- 20 MHz channels with optional SGI support for MCS0-MCS7.
- IEEE 802.11ac explicit beamformer support.
- TX and RX low-density parity check (LDPC) support for improved range and power efficiency.
- Receive space-time block coding (STBC)
- On-chip power amplifier/low-noise amplifier for both bands.

Bluetooth

- All optional Bluetooth 5.4 features supported.
- Bluetooth Class 1 or Class 2 transmitter operation.
- Supports BDR (1Mbps), EDR (2/3Mbps), BLE (1/2Mbps).
- Host controller interface (HCI) using a high-speed UART interface.
- PCM for audio data.
- Bluetooth 5.4 compliant with 2 Mbps GFSK data rate for BLE.

Revision History

Document NO: R2-2689-DST-01

Version	Revision Date	DCN NO.	Description	Initials	Approved
A	2025/02/06	DCN033402	● Initial Version	Ashley Lin	N.C Chen
B	2025/05/29	DCN034527	● Specifications Table update	Barry Tsai	N.C Chen

Table of Contents

Revision History	3
1. Introduction	5
1.1 Product Overview	5
1.2 Specifications Table	6
1.2.1 General	6
1.2.2 WLAN	6
1.2.3 Bluetooth.....	8
1.3.4 Operating Conditions.....	9
1.3 External Frequency Reference	10
1.3.1 External 37.4 MHz Crystal.....	10
1.3.2 External 32.768 kHz Low-Power Oscillator.....	11
2. Pin Definition	12
2.1 Pin Map	12
2.2 Pin Table	13
3. Electrical Characteristics	16
3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	16
3.2 Recommended Operating Conditions	16
3.3 Digital IO Pin DC Characteristics	16
3.4 Host Interface	17
3.4.1 SDIO Host Interface	17
3.4.2 UART Interface	22
3.5 Power up Timing Sequence	24
3.5.1 Description of Control Signals	24
3.5.2 Control Signal Timing diagrams	25
3.6 Power Consumption	27
3.6.1 WLAN	27
3.6.2 Bluetooth.....	28
Test Results	28
4. Mechanical Information	29
4.1 Mechanical Drawing	29
5. Packaging Information	30
6. FCC Statement	34

1. Introduction

1.1 Product Overview

The AW-CM689 single-chip device integrates a IEEE 802.11 a/b/g/n compliant 802.11 ac-friendly MAC/baseband/radio and Bluetooth 5.4 + EDR (enhanced data rate). It provides a small form-factor solution with minimal external components to drive down cost for mass volumes and allows for handheld device flexibility in size, form, and function. Comprehensive power management circuitry and software ensure the system can meet the needs of highly mobile devices that require minimal power consumption and reliable operation.

1.2 Specifications Table

1.2.1 General

Features	Description
Product Description	IEEE 802.11 a/b/g/n Wi-Fi with ac friendly + Bluetooth 5.4 Combo LGA Module
Major Chipset	CYW43012TC0EKUBG (106-ball WLBGA)
Host Interface	WiFi + BT(SDIO + UART)
Dimension	12.0mm(L) x 12.0mm(W) x 1.75 mm(H)
Form Factor	LGA module, 47 pins
Antenna	1T1R, external + Diversity ANT ANT1(Main) : WiFi/Bluetooth → TX/RX ANT2(Diversity) : WiFi/Bluetooth → TX/RX
Weight	0.5 (g)

1.2.2 WLAN

Features	Description
WLAN Standard	IEEE802.11 n/ac 1T1R + Diversity ANT
WLAN VID/PID	N/A
WLAN SVID/SPID	N/A
Frequency Range	WLAN: 2.4 / 5 GHz Band
Modulation	DSSS DBPSK(1Mbps), DQPSK(2Mbps), CCK(11/5.5Mbps) OFDM BPSK(9/6Mbps/MCS0), QPSK(18/12Mbps/MCS1~2), 16-QAM(36/24Mbps/MCS3~4), 64-QAM(72.2/54/48Mbps/MCS5~7), 256-QAM(MCS8)
Number of Channels	2.4GHz ■ USA, Canada and Taiwan – 1 ~ 11 ■ China, Most European Countries – 1 ~ 13 ■ Japan, 1 ~ 13

	5GHz ■ USA, EUROPE – 36, 40, 44, 48, 52, 56, 60, 64, 100, 104, 108, 112, 116, 120, 124, 128, 132, 136, 140, 149, 153, 157, 161, 165				
Output Power (Board Level Limit)*	2.4G				
		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
	11b (11Mbps) @EVM<8%	16	18	20	dBm
	11g (54Mbps) @EVM≤-25 dB	13	15	17	dBm
	11n (HT20 MCS7) @EVM≤-27 dB	13	15	17	dBm
	5G				
		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
	11a (54Mbps) @EVM≤-25 dB	11	13	15	dBm
	11n (HT20 MCS7) @EVM≤-27 dB	11	13	15	dBm
11ac (VHT20 MCS8) @EVM≤-30 dB	8	10	12	dBm	
Receiver Sensitivity	2.4G				
		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
	11b (11Mbps)	–	-89	-86	dBm
	11g (54Mbps)	–	-77	-74	dBm
	11n (HT20 MCS7)	–	-77	-74	dBm
	5G				
		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
	11a (54Mbps)	–	-75	-72	dBm
	11n (HT20 MCS7)	–	-75	-72	dBm
11ac (VHT20 MCS8)	–	-72	-69	dBm	
Data Rate	802.11b: 1, 2, 5.5, 11Mbps 802.11g: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54Mbps 802.11n: MCS0~7 HT20 802.11a: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54Mbps 802.11ac: MCS0~8 VHT20				

Security	■ WEP ■ WPA Personal, WPA2 Personal, WPA3 Personal ■ WMM, WMM-PS (U-APSD), WMM-SA, AES (hardware accelerator) ■ TKIP (hardware accelerator) ■ CKIP (software support)
-----------------	---

* If you have any certification questions about output power please contact FAE directly.

1.2.3 Bluetooth

Features	Description				
Bluetooth Standard	Bluetooth 5.4 (Core Specification)				
Bluetooth VID/PID	N/A				
Frequency Range	2402MHz~2480MHz				
Modulation	GFSK (1Mbps), $\pi/4$ DQPSK (2Mbps) and 8DPSK (3Mbps)				
Output Power		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
	Basic Rate	2	6	10	dBm
	Low Energy	2	6	10	dBm
Receiver Sensitivity	BT Sensitivity (BER<0.1%)				
		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
	BDR	—	-92	-87	dBm
	EDR (2DH5)	—	-92	-87	dBm
	EDR (3DH5)	—	-87	-82	dBm
	Low Energy	—	-95	-90	dBm

1.3.4 Operating Conditions

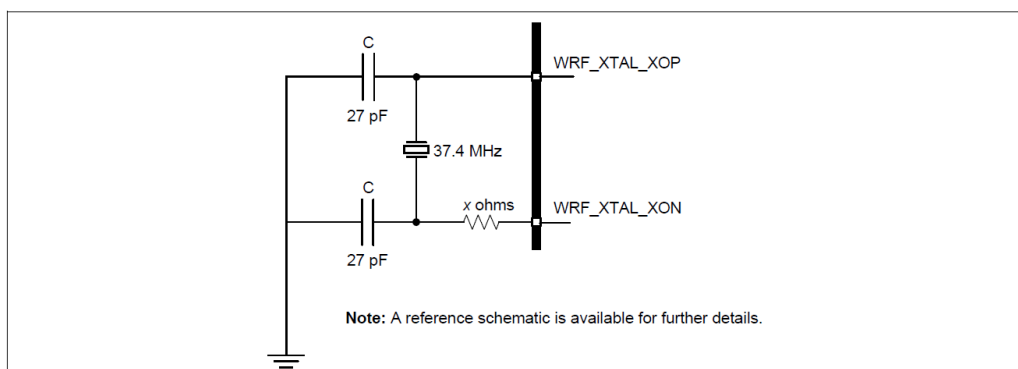
Features	Description
Operating Conditions	
Voltage	VBAT : 3.6V VDDIO : 1.8V
Operating Temperature	-20°C to +70°C
Operating Humidity	less than 85% R.H.
Storage Temperature	-40°C to +125°C
Storage Humidity	less than 60% R.H.
ESD Protection	
Human Body Model	TBD
Changed Device Model	TBD

1.3 External Frequency Reference

An external crystal is used for generating all radio frequencies and normal operation clocking. As an alternative, an external frequency reference may be used. In addition, a low-power oscillator (LPO) is provided for lower power mode timing.

1.3.1 External 37.4 MHz Crystal

The AW-CM689 can use an external crystal to provide a frequency reference. The recommended configuration for the crystal oscillator including all external components is shown in below. Consult the reference schematics for the latest configuration.



The recommended default frequency reference is a 37.4 MHz crystal. The signal characteristics for the crystal interface are listed in below.

External 37.4 MHz Crystal Specifications

Parameter	Condition notes	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Frequency	2.4G and 5G bands	–	37.4	–	MHz
Frequency tolerance without trimming over the lifetime of the equipment, including Temperature ¹	Without trimming	-20	–	20	ppm
ESR	–	–	–	60	Ω
Drive level	External crystal must be able to tolerate this drive level.	200	–	–	μW
Input impedance(XTAL_XOP)	Capacitive	–	–	7.5	pF

Notes:

1. It is the responsibility of the equipment designer to select oscillator components that comply with these specifications.

1.3.2 External 32.768 kHz Low-Power Oscillator

The AW-CM689 uses a secondary low frequency clock for low-power-mode timing. Either the internal low-precision LPO or an external 32.768 kHz precision oscillator is required. The internal LPO frequency range is approximately 33 kHz $\pm$ 30% over process, voltage, and temperature, which is adequate for some applications. However, one trade-off caused by this wide LPO tolerance is a small current consumption increase during power save mode that is incurred by the need to wake-up earlier to avoid missing beacons. Whenever possible, the preferred approach is to use a precision external 32.768 kHz clock that meets the requirements listed in below.

External 32.768 kHz sleep clock specifications

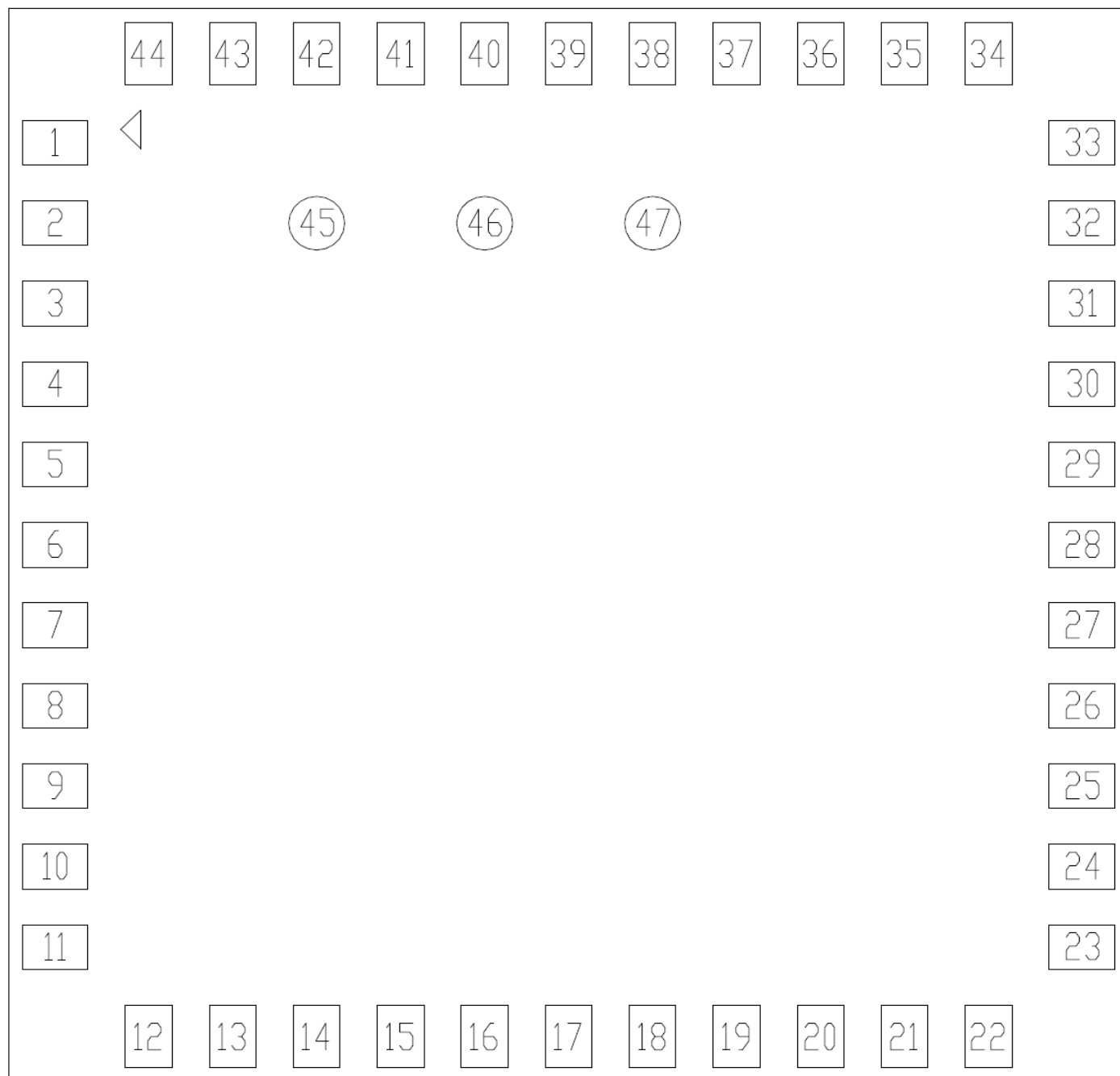
Parameter	LPO Clock	Units
Nominal input frequency	32.768	kHz
Frequency accuracy	± 250	ppm
Duty cycle	30–70	%
Input signal amplitude	500–1800	mV, p-p
Signal type	Square-wave or sine-wave	–
Input impedance ¹	>100k	Ω

Notes:

1. When power is applied or switched off.

2. Pin Definition

2.1 Pin Map



AW-CM689 Pin Map (Top View)

2.2 Pin Table

Pin No	Definition	Basic Description	Voltage	Type
1	GND	Ground	—	GND
2	MAIN_ANT	WLAN/BT RF Main ANT	—	RF
3	GND	Ground	—	GND
4	DIV_ANT	WLAN/BT RF Diversity ANT	—	RF
5	GND	Ground	—	GND
6	BT_DEV_WAKE	BT Device Wake	VDDIO	I/O
7	BT_HOST_WAKE	BT Host Wake	VDDIO	I/O
8	CLK_REQ	Reference clock request	—	I/O
9	VBAT	3.6V power pin	3.6V	PWR
10	XTAL_XON	Xtal oscillator input	—	I
11	XTAL_XOP	Xtal oscillator output	—	O
12	WL_REG_ON	This signal is used by the PMU (with BT_REG_ON) to power-up the WLAN section. It is also OR-gated with the BT_REG_ON input to control the internal AW-CM689 regulators. When this pin is high, the regulators are enabled and the WLAN section is out of reset. When this pin is low, the WLAN section is in reset. If BT_REG_ON and WL_REG_ON are both low, the regulators are disabled. This pin has an internal 50 kΩ pull-down resistor that is auto enabled and disabled when the input is low and high, respectively.	VDDIO	I
13	WL_HOST_WAKE	WLAN Host Wake	VDDIO	O
14	SDIO_DATA_2	SDIO Data Line 2	—	I/O
15	SDIO_DATA_3	SDIO Data Line 3	—	I/O
16	SDIO_CMD	SDIO Command Input	—	I/O
17	SDIO_CLK	SDIO Clock Input	—	I
18	SDIO_DATA_0	SDIO Data Line 0	—	I/O
19	SDIO_DATA_1	SDIO Data Line 1	—	I/O
20	GND	Ground	—	GND

21	SR_VLX	CBUCK switching regulator output to inductor	–	O
22	VDDIO	1.8V IO supply for WLAN and BT	1.8V	PWR
23	VIN_LDO	Internal Buck voltage generation pin	–	PWR
24	LPO	External Sleep Clock Input (32.768 kHz)	VDDIO	I
25	BT_PCM_OUT	PCM data out	VDDIO	O
26	BT_PCM_CLK	PCM clock	VDDIO	I/O
27	BT_PCM_IN	PCM data input	VDDIO	I
28	BT_PCM_SYNC	PCM Synchronization control	VDDIO	I/O
29	BT_GPIO_3	BT General Purpose I/O	VDDIO	I/O
30	BT_GPIO_5	BT General Purpose I/O	VDDIO	I/O
31	GND	Ground	–	GND
32	BT_GPIO_2	BT General Purpose I/O	VDDIO	I/O
33	GND	Ground	–	GND
34	BT_REG_ON	This signal is used by the PMU (with WL_REG_ON) to decide whether or not to power down the internal AW-CM689 regulators. If BT_REG_ON and WL_REG_ON are low, the regulators will be disabled. This pin has an internal 50 kΩ pull-down resistor that is auto enabled and disabled when the input is low and high, respectively.	VDDIO	I
35	GPIO_2	WLAN General Purpose I/O	VDDIO	I/O
36	GND	Ground	–	GND
37	GPIO_1	WLAN General Purpose I/O	VDDIO	I/O
38	GPIO_3	WLAN General Purpose I/O	VDDIO	I/O
39	GPIO_4	WLAN General Purpose I/O	VDDIO	I/O
40	GPIO_6	WLAN General Purpose I/O	VDDIO	I/O
41	BT_UART_RTS_N	UART request-to-send	VDDIO	O
42	BT_UART_TXD	UART serial output	VDDIO	O
43	BT_UART_RXD	UART serial input	VDDIO	I
44	BT_UART_CTS_N	UART clear-to-send	VDDIO	I

45	GPIO_5	WLAN General Purpose I/O	VDDIO	I/O
46	RF_SW_CTRL_5	External switch control	3.3V	RF
47	BT_GPIO_4	BT General Purpose I/O	VDDIO	I/O

3. Electrical Characteristics

3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
VBAT	DC supply for the VBAT and PA driver supply	-0.5	–	5.0	V
VDDIO	DC supply voltage for digital I/O	-0.5	–	2.20	V
Tj	Maximum junction temperature	–	–	125	°C

3.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
VBAT	DC supply voltage for VBAT	3.2 ¹	3.6	4.6 ²	V
VDDIO	DC supply voltage for digital I/O	1.62	1.8	1.98	V

Notes:

1. The AW-CM689 is functional across this range of voltages. Optimal RF performance specified in the data sheet, however, is guaranteed only for $3.6\text{V} < \text{VBAT} < 4.6\text{V}$.
2. The maximum continuous voltage is TBD.

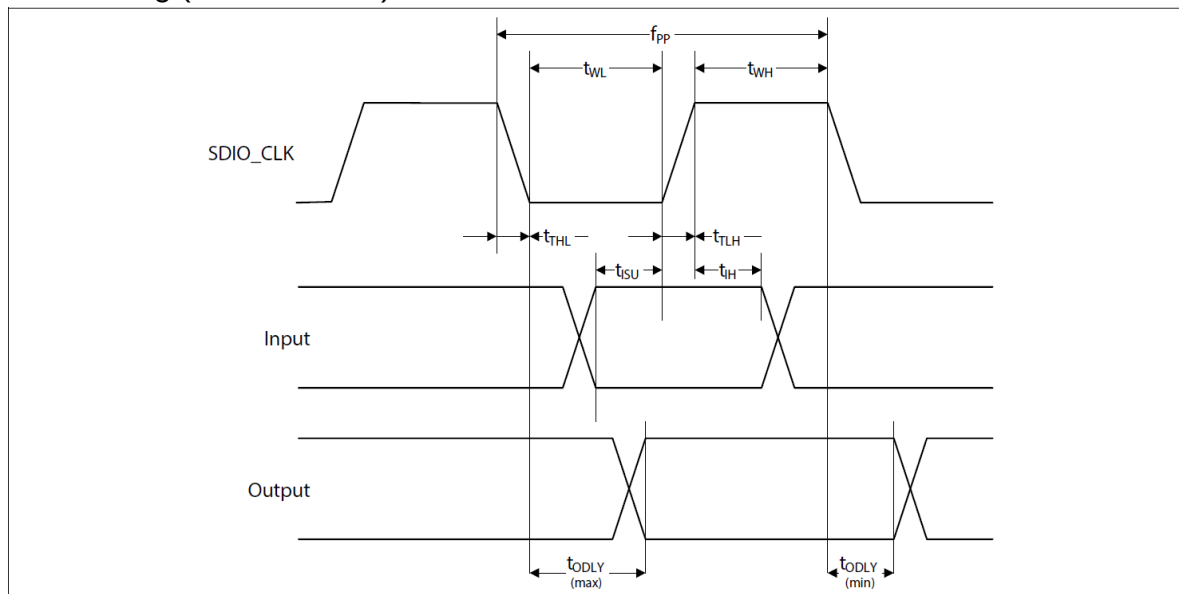
3.3 Digital IO Pin DC Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
VIH	Input High Voltage (VDDIO)	$0.65 \times \text{VDDIO}$	–	–	V
VIL	Input Low Voltage (VDDIO)	–	–	$0.35 \times \text{VDDIO}$	V
VOH	Output High Voltage @ 2mA	$\text{VDDIO} - 0.45$	–	–	V
VOL	Output Low Voltage @ 2mA	–	–	0.45	V

3.4 Host Interface

3.4.1 SDIO Host Interface

■ SDIO Bus Timing (Default Mode)



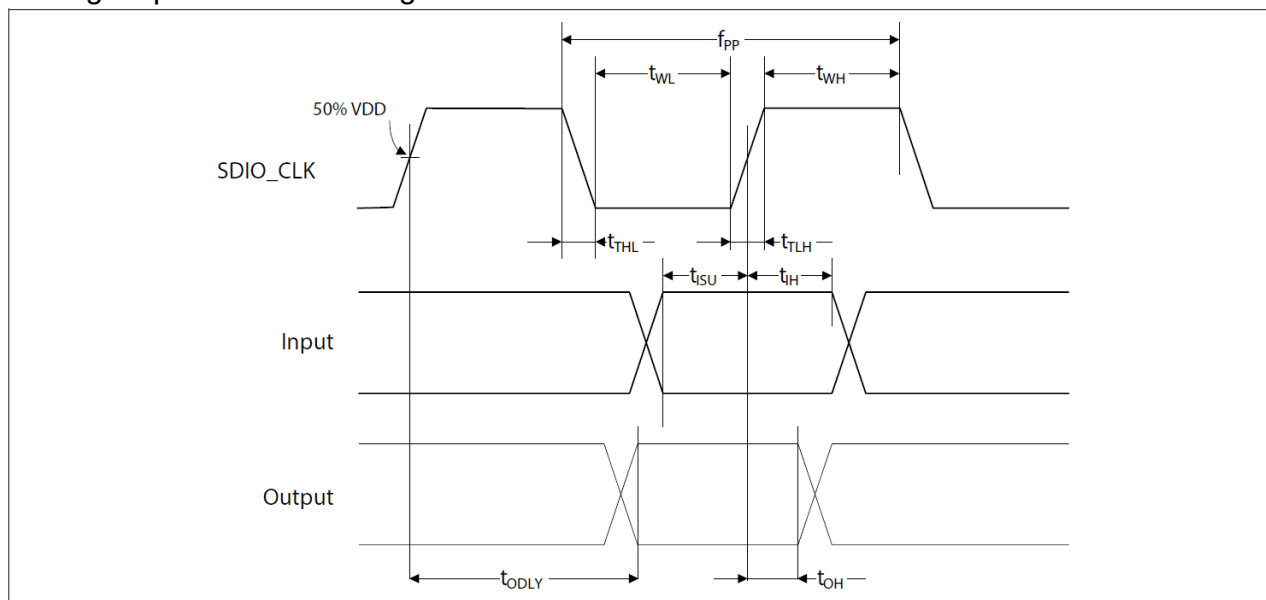
SDIO Bus Timing¹ Parameters (Default Mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
SDIO CLK (All values are referred to minimum VIH and maximum VIL²)					
Frequency – Data Transfer mode	f_{PP}	0	–	25	MHz
Frequency – Identification mode	f_{OD}	0	–	400	kHz
Clock low time	t_{WL}	10	–	–	ns
Clock high time	t_{WH}	10	–	–	ns
Clock rise time	t_{TLH}	–	–	10	ns
Clock low time	t_{THL}	–	–	10	ns
Inputs: CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK)					
Input setup time	t_{ISU}	5	–	–	ns
Input hold time	t_{IH}	5	–	–	ns
Outputs: CMD, DAT (referenced to CLK)					
Output delay time – Data Transfer mode	t_{ODLY}	0	–	14	ns
Output delay time – Identification mode	t_{ODLY}	0	–	50	ns

Notes:

- Timing is based on $C_L \leq 40$ pF load on CMD and Data.
- Min (Vih) = $0.7 \times VDDIO$ and max (Vil) = $0.2 \times VDDIO$.

■ SDIO High-Speed Mode Timing



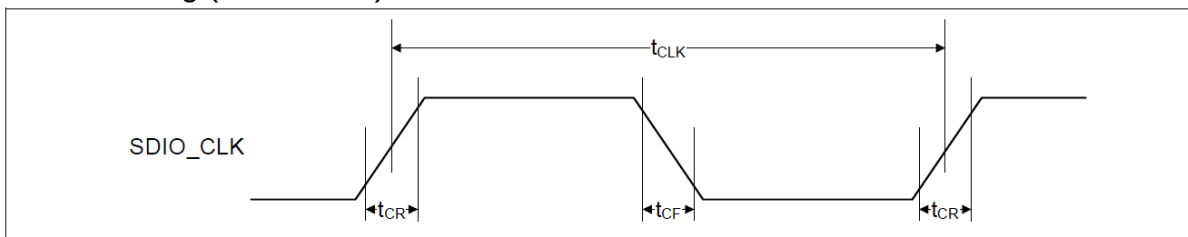
SDIO Bus Timing¹ Parameters (High-Speed Mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
SDIO CLK (all values are referred to minimum VIH and maximum VIL²)					
Frequency – Data Transfer Mode	f_{PP}	0	–	50	MHz
Frequency – Identification Mode	f_{OD}	0	–	400	kHz
Clock low time	t_{WL}	7	–	–	ns
Clock high time	t_{WH}	7	–	–	ns
Clock rise time	t_{TLH}	–	–	3	ns
Clock low time	t_{THL}	–	–	3	ns
Inputs: CMD, DAT (refer- ended to CLK)					
Input setup Time	t_{ISU}	6	–	–	ns
Input hold Time	t_{IH}	2	–	–	ns
Outputs: CMD, DAT (refer- ended to CLK)					
Output delay time – Data Transfer Mode	t_{ODLY}	–	–	14	ns
Output hold time	t_{OH}	2.5	–	–	ns
Total system capacitance (each line)	C_L	–	–	40	pF

Notes:

1. Timing is based on $C_L \leq 40$ pF load on CMD and Data.
2. Min (Vih) = $0.7 \times VDDIO$ and max (Vil) = $0.2 \times VDDIO$.

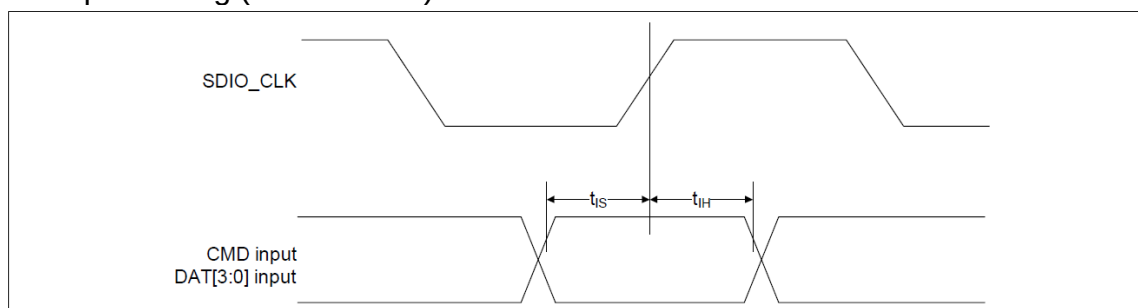
■ SDIO Clock Timing (SDR Mode)



SDIO Bus Clock Timing parameters (SDR Modes)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Unit	Comments
–	t_{CLK}	40.0	–	ns	SDR12 mode
		20.0	–	ns	SDR25 mode
		12.5	–	ns	SDR50 mode
–	t_{CR}, t_{CF}	–	$0.2 \times t_{CLK}$	ns	$t_{CR}, t_{CF} < 2.00$ ns (max) @100 MHz, $C_{CARD} = 10$ pF $t_{CR}, t_{CF} < 0.96$ ns (max) @208 MHz, $C_{CARD} = 10$ pF
Duty Cycle	–	30.0	70.0	%	–

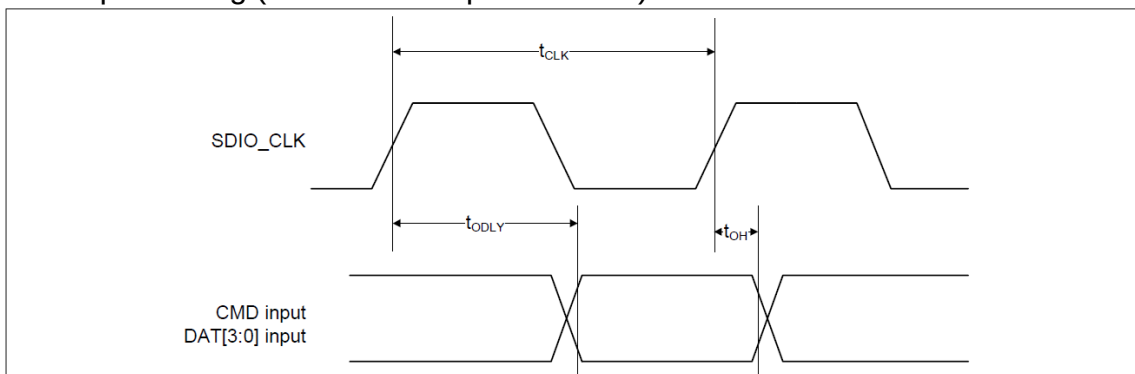
■ SDIO Bus Input Timing (SDR Modes)



SDIO Bus Input Timing parameters (SDR Modes)

Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Unit	Comments
SDR50 Mode				
t_{IS}	3.0	–	ns	$C_{CARD} = 10$ pF, $V_{CT} = 0.975$ V
t_{IH}	0.8	–	ns	$C_{CARD} = 5$ pF, $V_{CT} = 0.975$ V

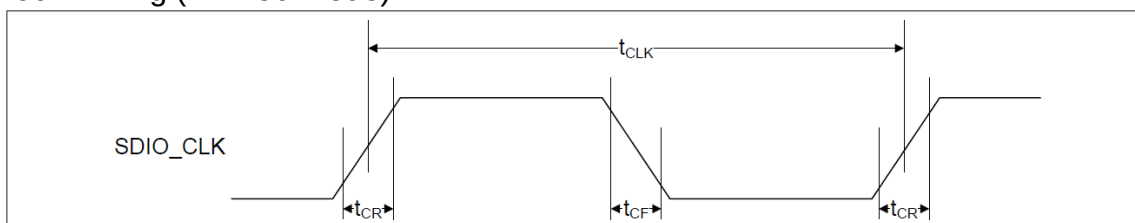
■SDIO Bus Output Timing (SDR Modes up to 80 MHz)



SDIO Bus Output Timing parameters (SDR Modes up to 80 MHz)

Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Unit	Comments
t_{ODLY}	—	7.5	ns	$t_{CLK} \geq 10$ ns, $C_L = 30$ pF using driver type B for SDR50
t_{ODLY}	—	14.0	ns	$t_{CLK} \geq 20$ ns, $C_L = 40$ pF using for SDR12, SDR25
t_{OH}	1.5	—	ns	Hold time at the t_{ODLY} (min) $C_L = 15$ pF

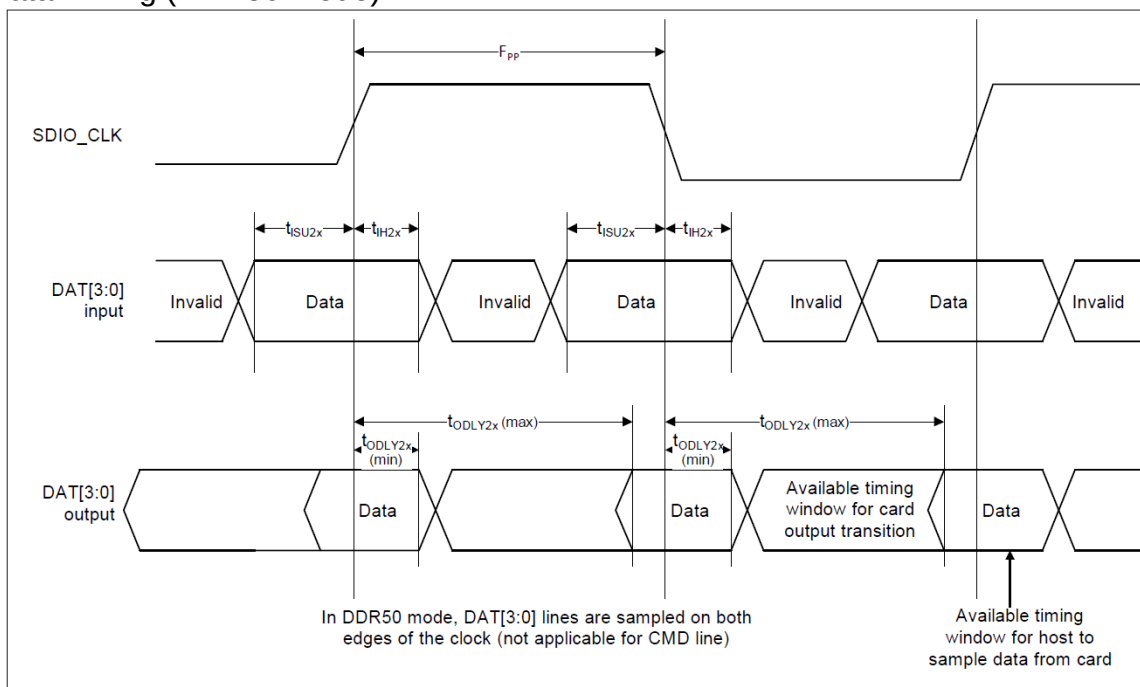
■SDIO Clock Timing (DDR50 Mode)



SDIO Bus Clock Timing parameters (DDR50 Mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Unit	Comments
—	t_{CLK}	25	—	ns	DDR50 mode
—	t_{CR}, t_{CF}	—	$0.2 \times t_{CLK}$	ns	$t_{CR}, t_{CF} < 4.00$ ns (max) @50 MHz, $C_{CARD} = 10$ pF
Duty Cycle	—	45	55	%	—

■SDIO Data Timing (DDR50 Mode)



SDIO Bus Timing parameters (DDR50 Mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Unit	Comments
Input CMD					
Input setup Time	t_{ISU}	6	—	ns	$C_{CARD} < 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 Card)
Input hold Time	t_{IH}	0.8	—	ns	$C_{CARD} < 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 Card)
Output CMD					
Output delay time	t_{ODLY}	—	13.7	ns	$C_{CARD} < 30 \text{ pF}$ (1 Card)
Output hold time	t_{OH}	1.5	—	ns	$C_{CARD} < 15 \text{ pF}$ (1 Card)
Input DAT					
Input setup Time	t_{ISU2x}	3	—	ns	$C_{CARD} < 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 Card)
Input hold Time	t_{IH2x}	0.8	—	ns	$C_{CARD} < 10 \text{ pF}$ (1 Card)
Output DAT					
Output delay time	t_{ODLY2x}	—	7.5	ns	$C_{CARD} < 25 \text{ pF}$ (1 Card)
Output hold time	t_{OH2x}	1.5	—	ns	$C_{CARD} < 15 \text{ pF}$ (1 Card)

3.4.2 UART Interface

The BT HCI UART is a standard 4-wire interface (RX, TX, RTS, and CTS) with adjustable baud rates from 115200 bps to 4.0 Mbps.

The interface features an automatic baud rate detection capability that returns a baud rate selection. The baud rate may be changed using a vendor-specific UART HCI command.

The UART has a 1040-byte receive FIFO and a 1040-byte transmit FIFO to support EDR. Access to the FIFOs is through the AHB interface through either DMA or the CPU. The UART supports the Bluetooth UART HCI H4 specification. The default baud rate is 115.2 Kbaud.

The AW-CM689 UART can perform XON/XOFF flow control and includes hardware support for the Serial Line Input Protocol (SLIP).

It can also perform wake-on activity. For example, activity on the RX or CTS inputs can wake the chip from a sleep state.

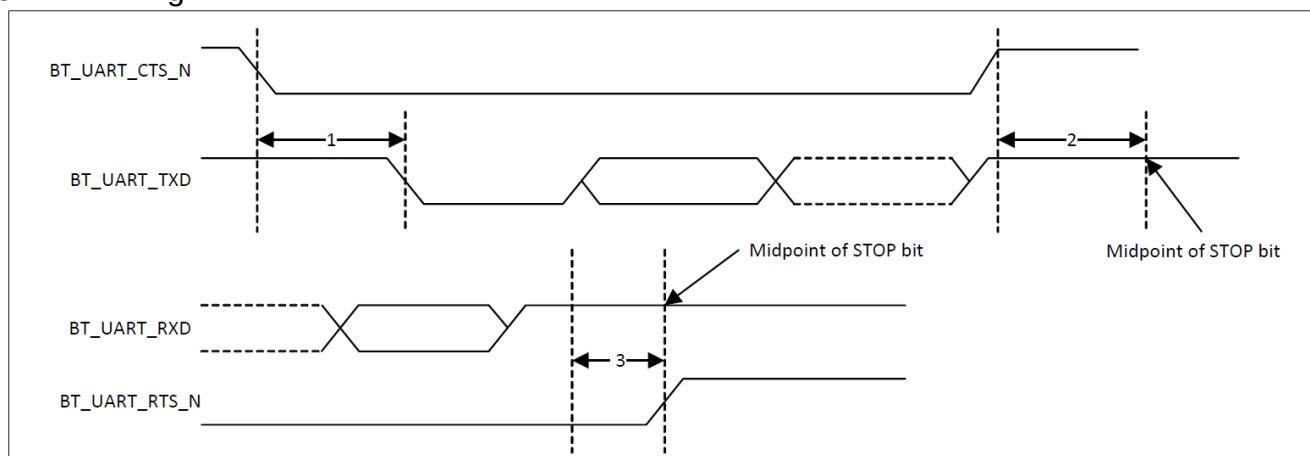
Normally, the UART baud rate is set by a configuration record downloaded after device reset, or by automatic baud rate detection, and the host does not need to adjust the baud rate. Support for changing the baud rate during normal HCI UART operation is included through a vendor-specific command that allows the host to adjust the contents of the baud rate registers.

The AW-CM689 UARTs operate correctly with the host UART as long as the combined baud rate error of the two devices is within $\pm 2\%$.

UART Interface Signals

Pin No	Signal Name	Description	Type
42	BT_UART_TXD	Bluetooth UART Serial Output. Serial data output for the HCI UART Interface	O
43	BT_UART_RXD	Bluetooth UART Series Input. Serial data input for the HCI UART Interface	I
41	BT_UART_RTS_N	Bluetooth UART Request-to-Send. Active-low request-to-send signal for the HCI UART interface	O
44	BT_UART_CTS_N	Bluetooth UART Clear-to-Send. Active-low clear-to-send signal for the HCI UART interface.	I

■ UART Timing



UART Timing Specifications

Reference	Characteristics	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
1	Delay time, BT_UART_CTS_N low to BT_UART_TXD valid	—	—	1.5	Bit periods
2	Setup time, BT_UART_CTS_N high before midpoint of stop bit	—	—	0.5	Bit periods
3	Delay time, midpoint of stop bit to BT_UART_RTS_N high	—	—	0.5	Bit periods

3.5 Power up Timing Sequence

The AW-CM689 has two signals that allow the host to control power consumption by enabling or disabling the Bluetooth, WLAN, and internal regulator blocks. These signals are described below. Additionally, diagrams are provided to indicate proper sequencing of the signals for various operational states. The timing values indicated are minimum required values; longer delays are also acceptable.

3.5.1 Description of Control Signals

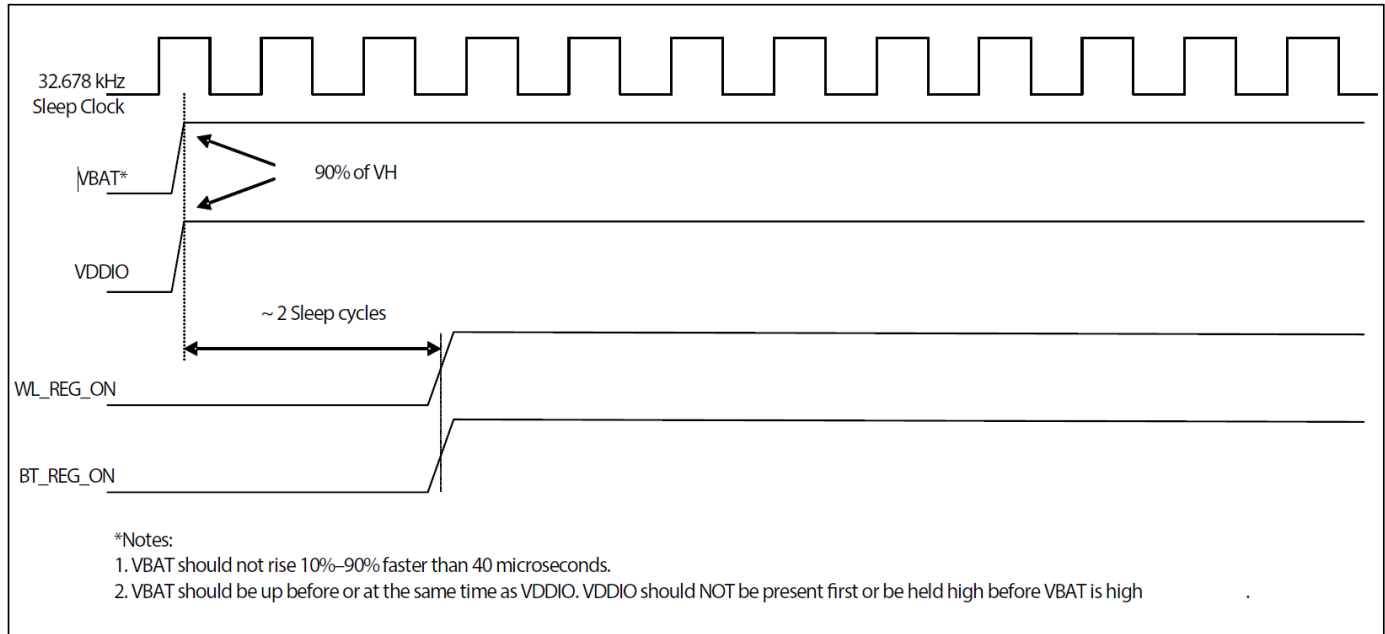
- **WL_REG_ON**: Used by the PMU to power-up the WLAN section. It is also OR-gated with the BT_REG_ON input to control the internal AW-CM689 regulators. When this pin is high, the regulators are enabled and the WLAN section is out of reset. When this pin is low the WLAN section is in reset. If both the BT_REG_ON and WL_REG_ON pins are low, the regulators are disabled.
- **BT_REG_ON**: Used by the PMU (OR-gated with WL REG ON) to power-up the internal AW-CM689 regulators. If both the BT_REG_ON and WL_REG_ON pins are low, the regulators are disabled. When this pin is low and WL_REG_ON is high, the BT section is in reset.

Notes:

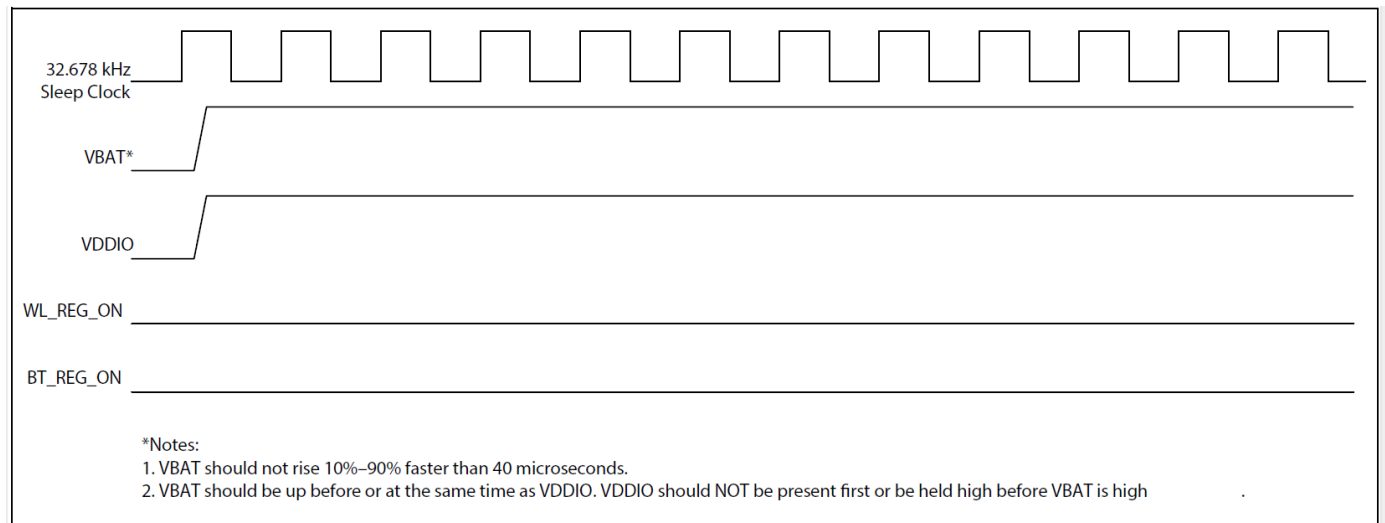
1. The AW-CM689 has an internal power-on reset (POR) circuit. The device will be held in reset for a maximum of 110 ms after VDDC and VDDIO have both passed the POR threshold. Wait at least 185 ms after VDDC and VDDIO are available before initiating Host SDIO or UART accesses.
2. VBAT should not rise 10%–90% faster than 40 microseconds. VBAT should be up before or at the same time as VDDIO. VDDIO should NOT be present first or be held high before VBAT is high.

3.5.2 Control Signal Timing diagrams

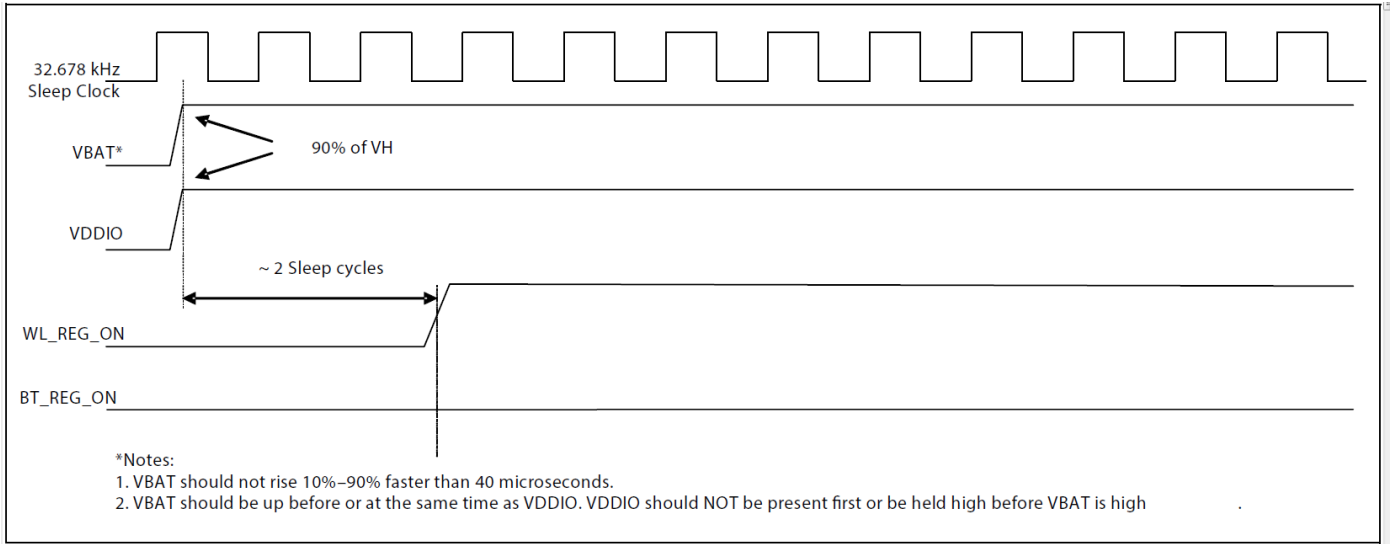
The AW-CM689 has two signals that enable or disable the Bluetooth and WLAN circuits and the internal regulator blocks, allowing the host to control power consumption.



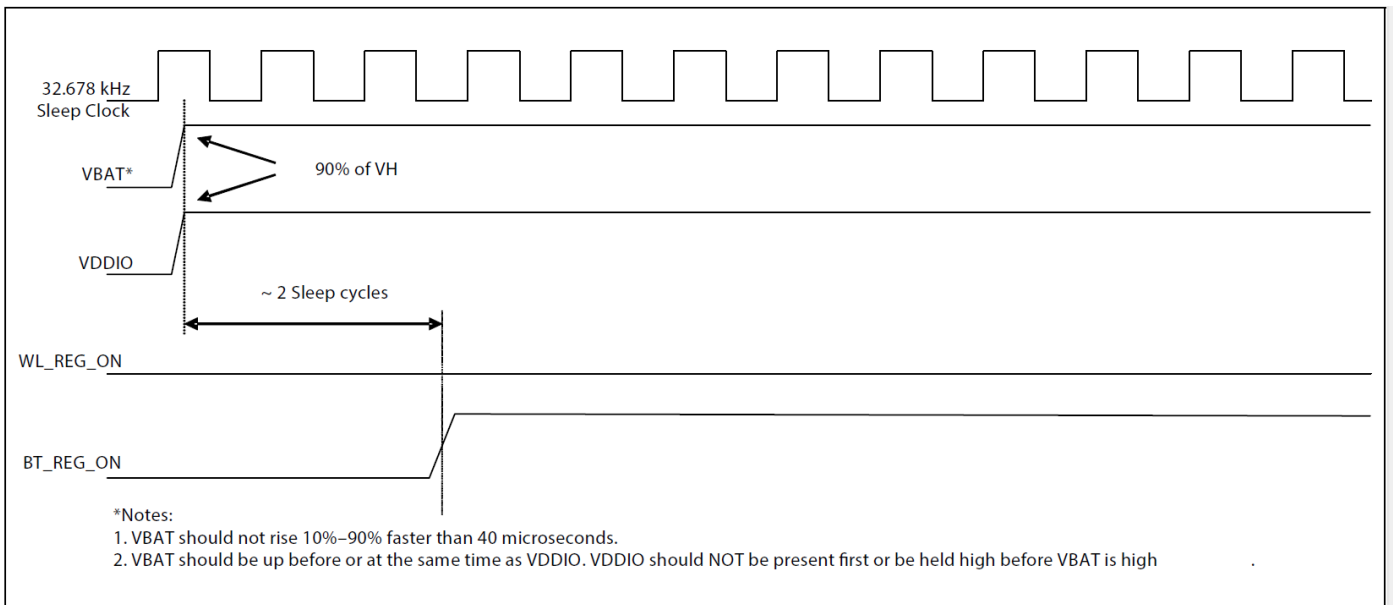
WLAN = ON, Bluetooth = ON



WLAN = OFF, Bluetooth = OFF



WLAN = ON, Bluetooth = OFF



WLAN = OFF, Bluetooth = ON

3.6 Power Consumption

3.6.1 WLAN

No.	Item			VBAT_IN=3.6 V	
				Max.	Avg.
1	Pdn*			0.0021	0.0013
2	Deep Sleep* (Not associated with AP)			0.022	0.0023
3	Power Save DTIM 1* (2.4GHz)			23.9	0.322
4	Power Save DTIM 3* (2.4GHz)			21.2	0.110
5	Power Save DTIM 1* (5GHz)			24.3	0.228
6	Power Save DTIM 3* (5GHz)			21.2	0.089
Band (GHz)	Mode	BW (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)	Transmit	
				Max.	Avg.
2.4	11b@1Mbps	20	18	265	227
	11g@54Mbps	20	15	232	198
	11n@MCS7	20	15	235	195
5	11a@54Mbps	20	13	280	236
	11n@MCS7	20	13	280	238
	11ac@MCS8 NSS1	20	10	263	219
Band (GHz)	Mode	BW(MHz)		Receive	
				Max.	Avg.
2.4	11b@11Mbps	20		23.2	19.4
	11g@54Mbps	20		23.1	20.1
	11n@MCS7	20		23.2	21.1
5	11a@54Mbps	20		23.1	22.6
	11n@MCS7	20		23.4	23.1
	11ac@MCS8 NSS1	20		24.9	23.5

*Current Unit: mA

No.	Item			VDDIO=1.8 V	
				Max.	Avg.
1	Pdn*			0.031	0.0003
2	Deep Sleep* (Not associated with AP)			0.246	0.137
3	Power Save DTIM 1* (2.4GHz)			1.1	0.143
4	Power Save DTIM 3* (2.4GHz)			1.0	0.146
5	Power Save DTIM 1* (5GHz)			1.1	0.143
6	Power Save DTIM 3* (5GHz)			1.0	0.145
Band (GHz)	Mode	BW (MHz)	RF Power (dBm)	Transmit	
				Max.	Avg.
2.4	11b@11Mbps	20	18	2.7	2.4
	11n@MCS7	20	15	2.6	2.4

5	11a@54Mbps	20	13	2.8	2.5
	11ac@MCS8 NSS1	20	10	2.7	2.5
Band (GHz)	Mode	BW(MHz)	Receive		
			Max.	Avg.	
2.4	11b@11Mbps	20	0.48	0.47	
5	11ac@MCS8 NSS1	20	0.87	0.85	

***Current Unit: mA**

* The power consumption is based on Azurewave test environment, these data for reference only.

3.6.2 Bluetooth

Test Results

Mode	Packet Type	RF Power (dBm)	VBAT_IN=3.6 V	
			Max.	Avg.
Sleep*	N/A	N/A	37.5	0.0022
Transmit*	DH5	9.5	25.8	23.5
Receive*	DH5	N/A	12.9	10.7
Transmit*	LE	9.4	25.5	23.8
Receive*	LE	N/A	12.9	12.5

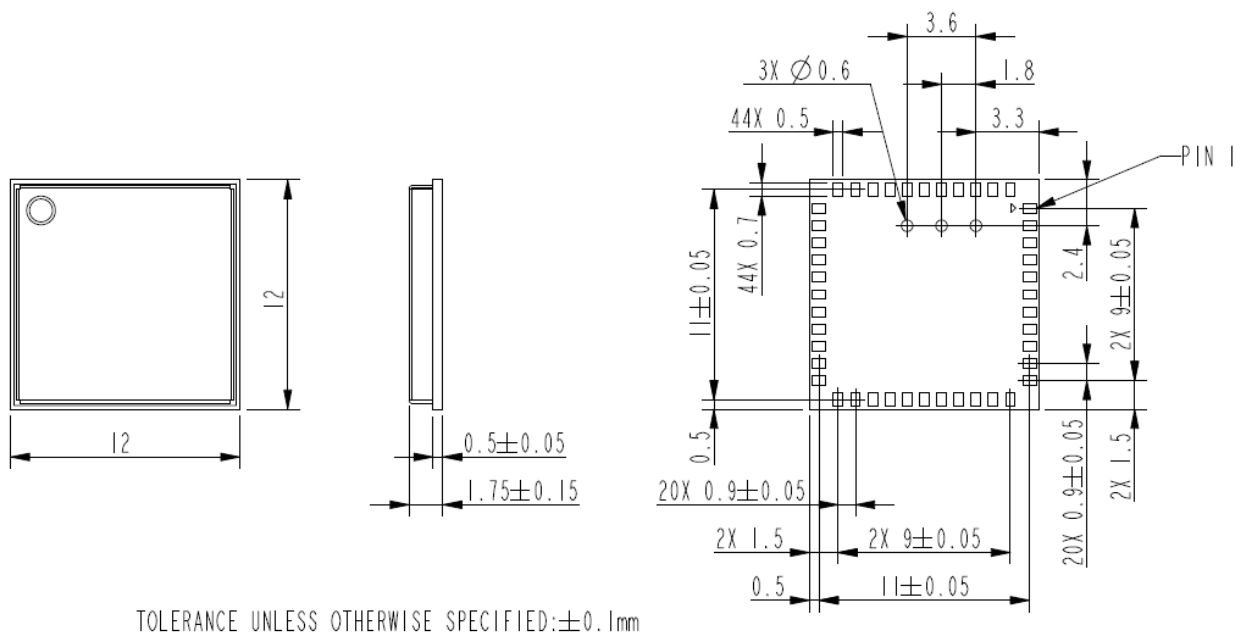
Current Unit: mA

Mode	Packet Type	RF Power (dBm)	VDDIO=1.8 V	
			Max.	Avg.
Sleep*	N/A	N/A	36510	39
Transmit*	DH5	9.5	333	311
Receive*	DH5	N/A	304	255
Transmit*	LE	9.4	319	308
Receive*	LE	N/A	308	289

Current Unit: uA

* The power consumption is based on Azurewave test environment, these data for reference only

4.1 Mechanical Drawing



TOLERANCE UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: $\pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$

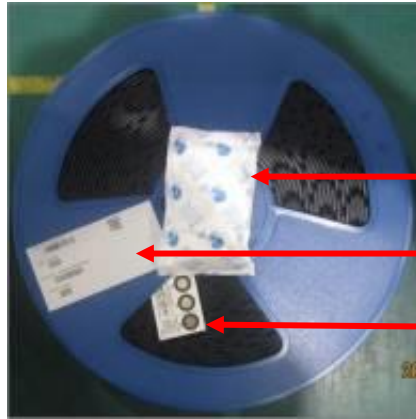
FORM NO.: FR2-015_A

29

The information contained herein is the exclusive property of AzureWave and shall not be distributed, reproduced, or disclosed in whole or in part without prior written permission of AzureWave.

5. Packaging Information

1. One reel can pack 1,500pcs 12x12 LGA modules
2. One production label is pasted on the reel, one desiccant and one humidity indicator card are put on the reel



One desiccant

One production label

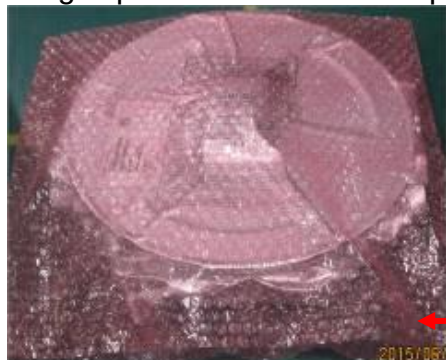
One humidity indicator card

3. One reel is put into the anti-static moisture barrier bag, and then one production label is pasted on the bag



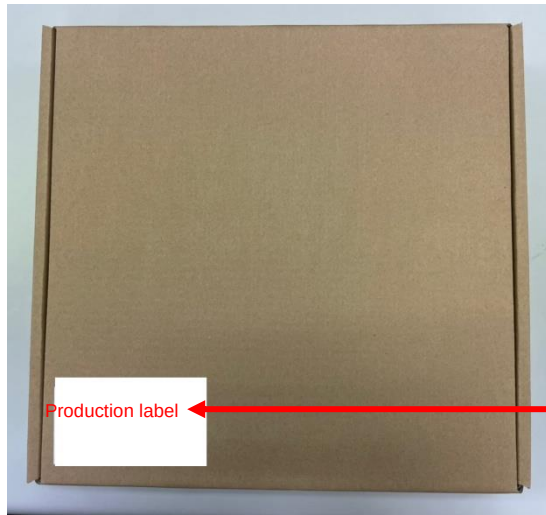
One production label

4. A bag is put into the anti-static pink bubble wrap



One anti-static pink bubble wrap

5. A bubble wrap is put into the inner box and then one label is pasted on the inner box



One production label

6. **5 inner boxes** could be put into one carton



7. Sealing the carton by transparent tape



8. One carton label and one box label are pasted on the carton. If one carton is not full, one balance label pasted on the carton

One carton label →

One box label →



Label Information on the carton

Example of Production Label	P/N: AW-XXXXXX   D/C: YYWW  PCK NO.: PCKNO0962238-BBH  QTY: XXXX 
-----------------------------	---

6. FCC Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment must be installed and operated with a minimum separation distance of 20 cm between the radiator and your body. This transmitter must not be co-located or operated in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter unless additional evaluation is performed and a separate FCC authorization is obtained.

In the event that these conditions cannot be met (for example certain laptop configurations or co-location with another transmitter), then the FCC authorization is no longer considered valid and the FCC ID cannot be used on the final product. In these circumstances, the OEM integrator will be responsible for re-evaluating the end product (including the transmitter) and obtaining a separate FCC authorization.

If the FCC ID is not visible when the module is installed inside the host device, the exterior of the host device must display a label indicating the FCC ID of the module.

The label must include the following statement:

"Contains Transmitter Module FCC ID: TLZ-CM689"

Alternatively, the label may state: "Contains FCC ID: TLZ-CM689"

Integration Instructions for OEM Integrators

The module is limited to OEM installation only.

The module is limited to installation in mobile or fixed applications.

The OEM integrator is responsible for ensuring that the end user manual does not contain instructions on how to remove or install the module.

A separate FCC authorization is required for all other operating configurations, including portable configurations with respect to Part 2.1093 and different antenna configurations.

Only antennas of the same type and equal or lower gain as those approved in this filing may be used.

The OEM integrator is responsible for ensuring that the final host product complies with the applicable Part 15B requirements.

The end user manual must include all required regulatory information and warnings as provided in this document.

The module must be installed in accordance with the instructions provided in this document.