

Pepwave MAX and Surf User Manual

PepwaveProducts:

MAX 700/HD2/HD2 IP67/HD2 mini/HD4/BR1/BR1 ENT/BR1 Slim LTE/BR1 IP55/BR2
IP55/On-The-Go
MAX HD2/HD4 with MediaFast
Surf SOHO

Pepwave Firmware 6.2
June 2015

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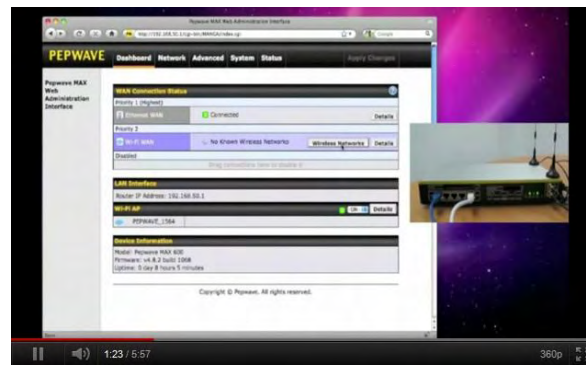
1 Introduction and Scope

Pepwave routers provide link aggregation and load balancing across multiple WAN connections, allowing a combination of technologies like 3G HSDPA, EVDO, 4G LTE, Wi-Fi, external WiMAX dongle, and satellite to be utilized to connect to the Internet.

This manual covers setting up Pepwave routers and provides an introduction to their features and usage.

Tips

Want to know more about Pepwave routers? Visit our YouTube Channel for a video introduction!



<http://youtu.be/UckVQThLKO4>

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2 Glossary

The following terms, acronyms, and abbreviations are frequently used in this manual:

Term	Definition
3G	3rd Generation standards for wireless communications
4G	4th Generation standards for wireless communications
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DNS	Domain Name System
EVDO	Evolution-Data Optimized
HSDPA	High-Speed Downlink Packet Access
HTTP	Hyper-Text Transfer Protocol
ICMP	Internet Control Message Protocol
IP	Internet Protocol
LAN	Local Area Network
MAC Address	Media Access Control Address
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit
MSS	Maximum Segment Size
NAT	Network Address Translation
PPPoE	Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet
QoS	Quality of Service
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
VPN	Virtual Private Network
VRRP	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol
WAN	Wide Area Network
WINS	Windows Internet Name Service
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network

3 Product Features

Pepwaverouters enable all LAN users to share broadband Internet connections, and they provide advanced features to enhance Internet access. Below is a list of supported features on Pepwave routers. Features vary by model. For more information, please see peplink.com/products.

3.1 Supported Network Features

3.1.1 WAN

- Ethernet WAN connection in full/half duplex
- Static IP support for PPPoE
- Built-in HSPA and EVDO cellular modems
- USB mobile connection(s)
- Wi-Fi WAN connection
- Network address translation (NAT)/port address translation (PAT)
- Inbound and outbound NATmapping
- IPsec NAT-T and PPTP packet passthrough
- MAC address clone and passthrough
- Customizable MTU and MSS values
- WAN connection health check
- Dynamic DNS (supported service providers: changeip.com, dyndns.org, no-ip.org, tzo.com and DNS-O-Matic)
- Ping, DNS lookup, and HTTP-based health check

3.1.2 LAN

- Wi-Fi AP
- Ethernet LAN ports
- DHCP server on LAN
- Extended DHCP option support
- Static routing rules
- VLAN on LAN support

3.1.3 VPN

- PepVPN with SpeedFusion™
- PepVPN performance analyzer
- X.509 certificate support
- VPN load balancing and failover among selected WAN connections

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- Bandwidth bonding and failover among selected WAN connections
- IPsec VPN for network-to-network connections (works with Cisco and Juniper only)
- Ability to route Internet traffic to a remote VPN peer
- Optional pre-shared key setting
- SpeedFusion™ throughput, ping, and traceroute tests
- PPTP server
- PPTP and IPsec passthrough

3.1.4 Firewall

- Outbound (LAN to WAN) firewall rules
- Inbound (WAN to LAN) firewall rules per WAN connection
- Intrusion detection and prevention
- Specification of NAT mappings
- Outbound firewall rules can be defined by destination domain name

3.1.5 Captive Portal

- Splash screen of open networks, login page for secure networks
- Customizable built-in captive portal
- Supports linking to outside page for captive portal

3.1.6 Outbound Policy

- Link load distribution per TCP/UDP service
- Persistent routing for specified source and/or destination IP addresses per TCP/UDP service
- Traffic prioritization and DSL optimization
- Prioritize and route traffic to VPN tunnels with Priority and Enforced algorithms

3.1.7 AP Controller

- Configure and manage Pepwave AP devices
- Review the status of connected APs

3.1.8 QoS

- Quality of service for different applications and custom protocols
- User group classification for different service levels
- Bandwidth usage control and monitoring on group- and user-level

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- Application prioritization for custom protocols and DSL/cable optimization

3.2 Other Supported Features

- User-friendly web-based administration interface
- HTTP and HTTPS support for web admin interface
- Configurable web administration port and administrator password
- Firmware upgrades, configuration backups, ping, and traceroute via web admin interface
- Remote web-based configuration (via WAN and LAN interfaces)
- Time server synchronization
- SNMP
- Email notification
- Read-only user for web admin
- Shared IP drop-in mode
- Authentication and accounting by RADIUS server for web admin
- Built-in WINS servers*
- Syslog
- SIP passthrough
- PPTP packet passthrough
- Event log
- Active sessions
- Client list
- WINS client list *
- UPnP / NAT-PMP
- Real-time, hourly, daily, and monthly bandwidth usage reports and charts
- IPv6 support
- Support USB tethering on Android 2.2+ phones

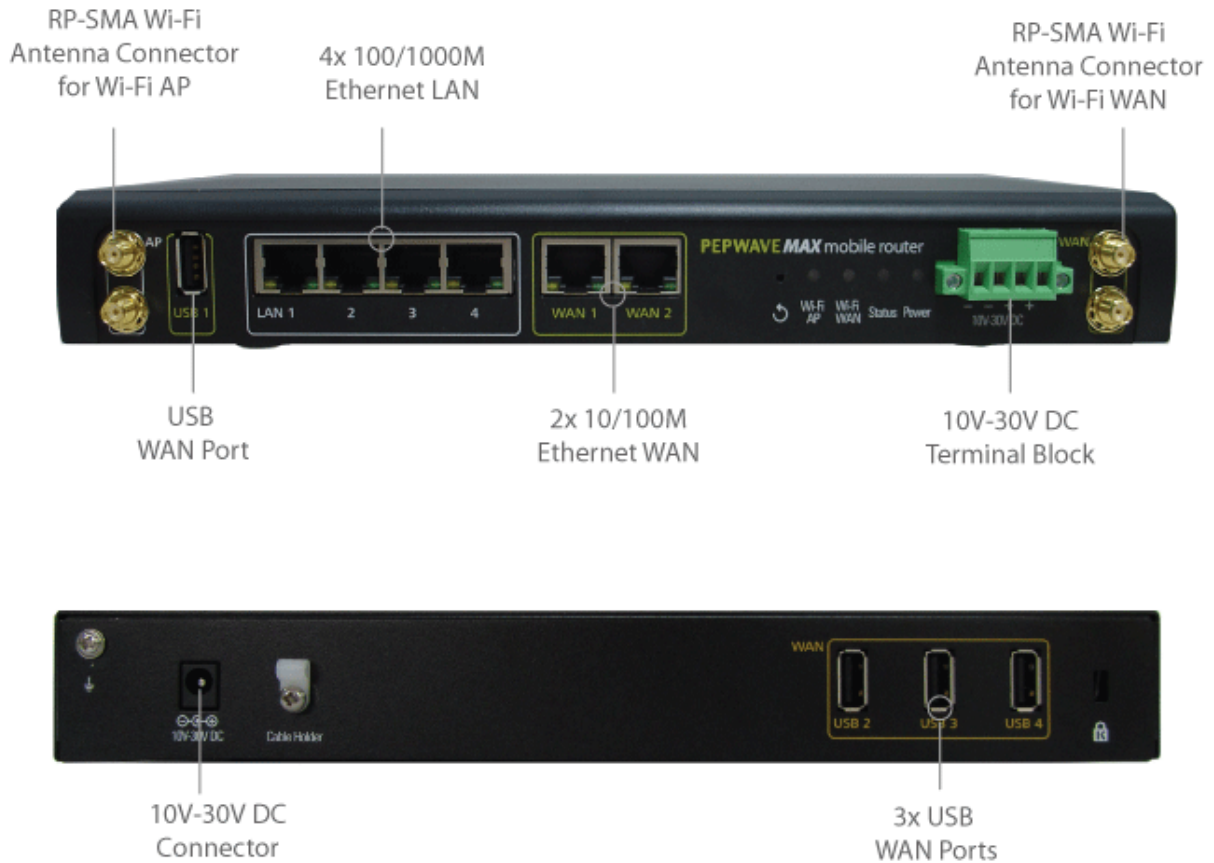
* Not supported on MAX Surf-On-The-Go, Surf SOHO, and BR1 variants

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4 Pepwave MAX Mobile Router Overview

4.1 MAX 700

4.1.1 Panel Appearance



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4.1.2 LED Indicators

The statuses indicated by the front panel LEDs are as follows:

Status Indicators		
Status	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

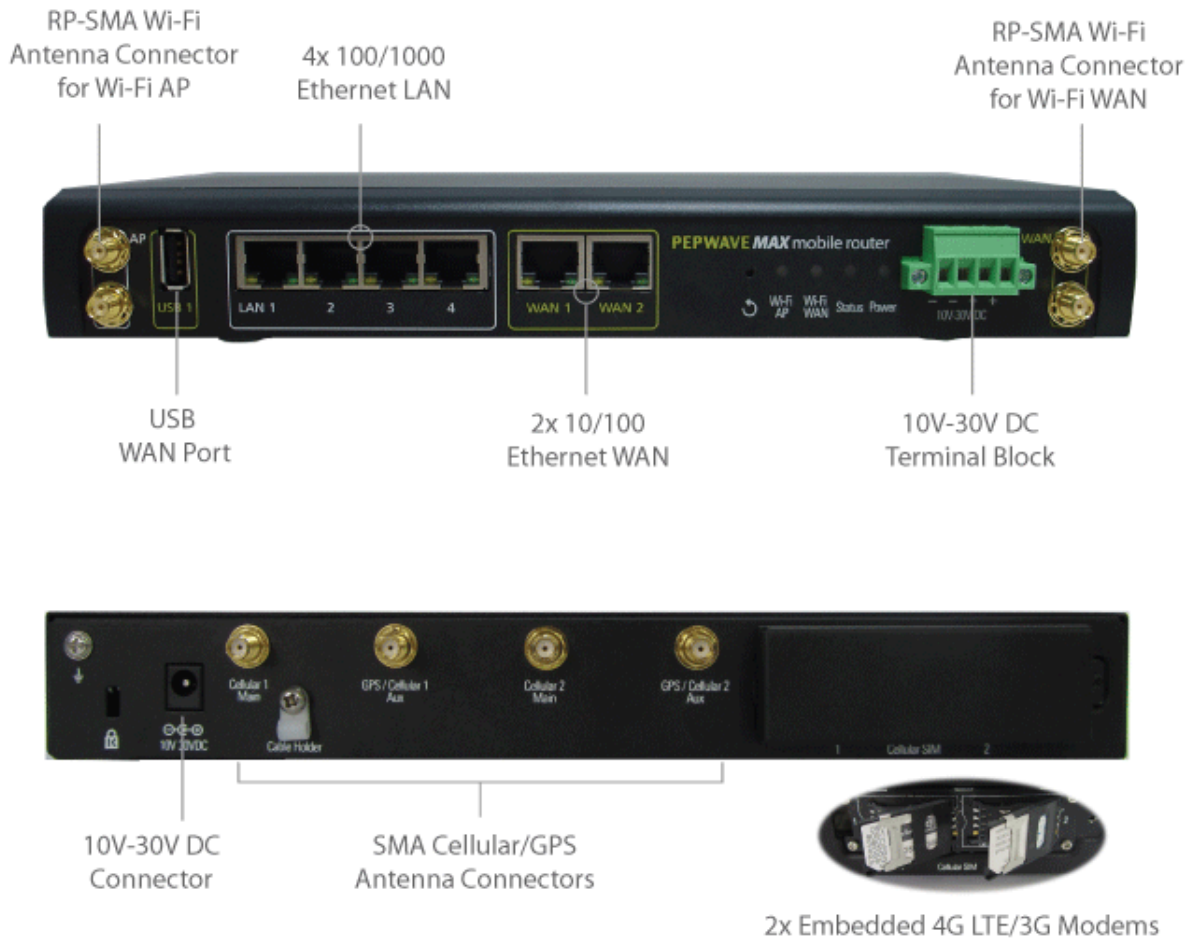
Wi-Fi AP and Wi-Fi WAN Indicators		
Wi-Fi WAN	OFF	Disconnected
	Blinking slowly	Connecting to network
	Blinking	Connected to network with traffic
	ON	Connected to network without traffic
Wi-Fi AP	OFF	Disabled
	Blinking slowly	Enabled but no client connected
	Blinking	Connected to network with traffic
	ON	Client(s) connected to wireless network

LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports		
Green LED	ON	10 / 100/ 1000 Mbps
	Blinking	Data is transferring
Orange LED	OFF	No data is being transferred or port is not connected
	ON	
Port Type	Auto MDI/MDI-X ports	

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4.2 MAX HD2

4.2.1 Panel Appearance



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4.2.2 LED Indicators

The statuses indicated by the front panel LEDs are as follows:

Status Indicators		
Status	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

Wi-Fi AP and Wi-Fi WAN Indicators		
Wi-Fi WAN / Cellular 1 / Cellular 2	OFF	Disabled Intermittent
	Blinking slowly	Connecting to wireless network(s)
	Blinking	Connected to wireless network(s) with traffic
	ON	Connected to wireless network(s) without traffic

LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports		
Green LED	ON	10 / 100 / 1000 Mbps
	Blinking	Data is transferring
Orange LED	OFF	No data is being transferred or port is not connected
Port Type	Auto MDI/MDI-X ports	

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4.3 MAX HD2 IP67

4.3.1 Panel Appearance



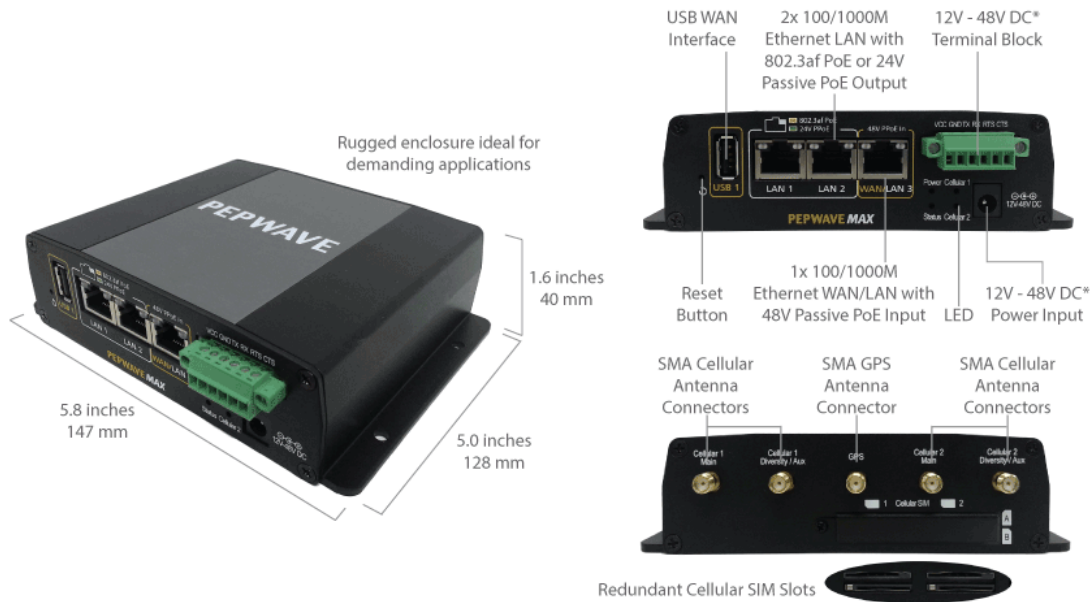
The statuses indicated by the front panel LEDs are as follows:

Status Indicators		
Status	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

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4.4 MAX HD2 mini

4.4.1 Panel Appearance



* With 48V DC power, all 3 Ethernet ports can act as 802.3af PoE or 24V Passive PoE outputs

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4.4.2 LED Indicators

The statuses indicated by the front panel LEDs are as follows:

Status Indicators		
Status	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

Cellular WAN Indicators		
Cellular 1 / Cellular 2	OFF	Disabled intermittent
	Blinking slowly	Connecting to wireless network(s)
	Blinking	Connected to wireless network(s) with traffic
	ON	Connected to wireless network(s) without traffic

LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports		
Green LED	ON	10 / 100 / 1000 Mbps
	Blinking	Data is transferring
Orange LED	OFF	No data is being transferred or port is not connected
Port Type	Auto MDI/MDI-X ports	

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4.5 MAX HD4

4.5.1 Panel Appearance



4.5.2 LED Indicators

The statuses indicated by the front panel LEDs are as follows:

Status Indicators		
Status	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

Wi-Fi AP and Wi-Fi WAN Indicators		
Wi-Fi WAN / Cellular 1 / Cellular 2	OFF	Disabled Intermittent
	Blinking slowly	Connecting to wireless network(s)
	Blinking	Connected to wireless network(s) with traffic
	ON	Connected to wireless network(s) without traffic

LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports		
Green LED	ON	10 / 100 / 1000 Mbps
	Blinking	Data is transferring
Orange LED	OFF	No data is being transferred or port is not connected
Port Type	Auto MDI/MDI-X ports	

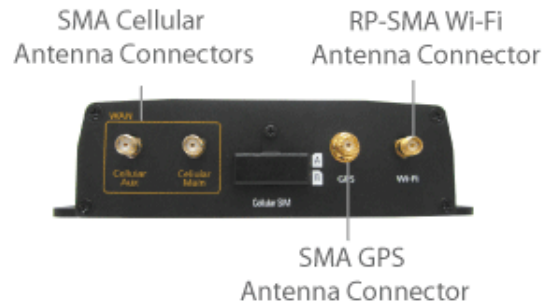
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4.6 MAX BR1

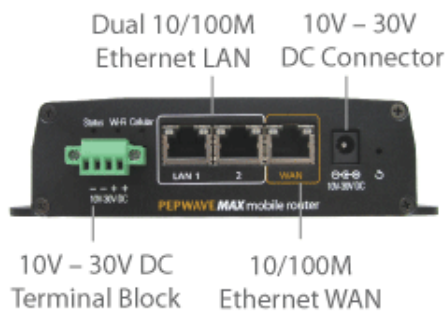
4.6.1 Panel Appearance



MAX-BR1-LTE Version



MAX-BR1 Version



4.6.2 LED Indicators

The statuses indicated by the front panel LEDs are as follows:

Status Indicators		
Status	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

Wi-Fi Indicators		
Wi-Fi	OFF	Disabled intermittent
	Blinking slowly	Connecting to wireless network(s)
	Blinking	Connected to wireless network(s) with traffic
	ON	Connected to wireless network(s) without traffic

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Cellular Indicators		
Cellular	OFF	Disabled or no SIM card inserted
	ON	Connecting or connected to network(s)

LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports		
Green LED	ON	100 Mbps
	OFF	10 Mbps
Orange LED	ON	Port is connected without traffic
	Blinking	Data is transferring
	OFF	Port is not connected
Port Type	Auto MDI/MDI-X ports	

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4.7 MAX BR1 ENT

4.7.1 Panel Appearance



4.7.2 LED Indicators

The statuses indicated by the front panel LEDs are as follows:

Status Indicators		
Status	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

Cellular WAN Indicators		
Cellular	OFF	Disabled intermittent
	Blinking slowly	Connecting to wireless network(s)
	Blinking	Connected to wireless network(s) with traffic
	ON	Connected to wireless network(s) without traffic

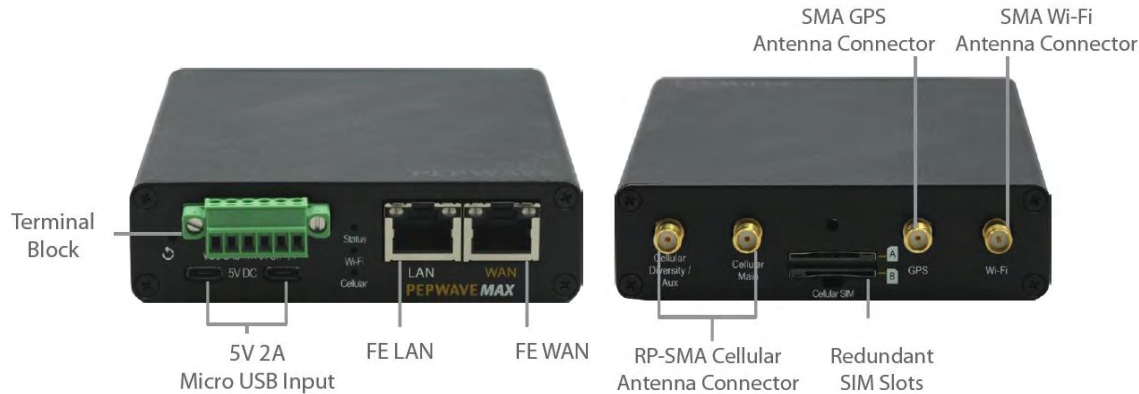
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LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports		
Green LED	ON	10 / 100 / 1000 Mbps
	Blinking	Data is transferring
Orange LED	OFF	No data is being transferred or port is not connected
	Port Type	Auto MDI/MDI-X ports

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4.8 MAX BR1 Slim LTE

4.8.1 Panel Appearance



4.8.2 LED Indicators

The statuses indicated by the front panel LEDs are as follows:

Status Indicators		
Status	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

Wi-Fi Indicators		
Wi-Fi	OFF	Disabled intermittent
	Blinking slowly	Connecting to wireless network(s)
	Blinking	Connected to wireless network(s) with traffic
	ON	Connected to wireless network(s) without traffic

Cellular WAN Indicators		
Cellular	OFF	Disabled intermittent
	Blinking slowly	Connecting to wireless network(s)
	Blinking	Connected to wireless network(s) with traffic
	ON	Connected to wireless network(s) without traffic

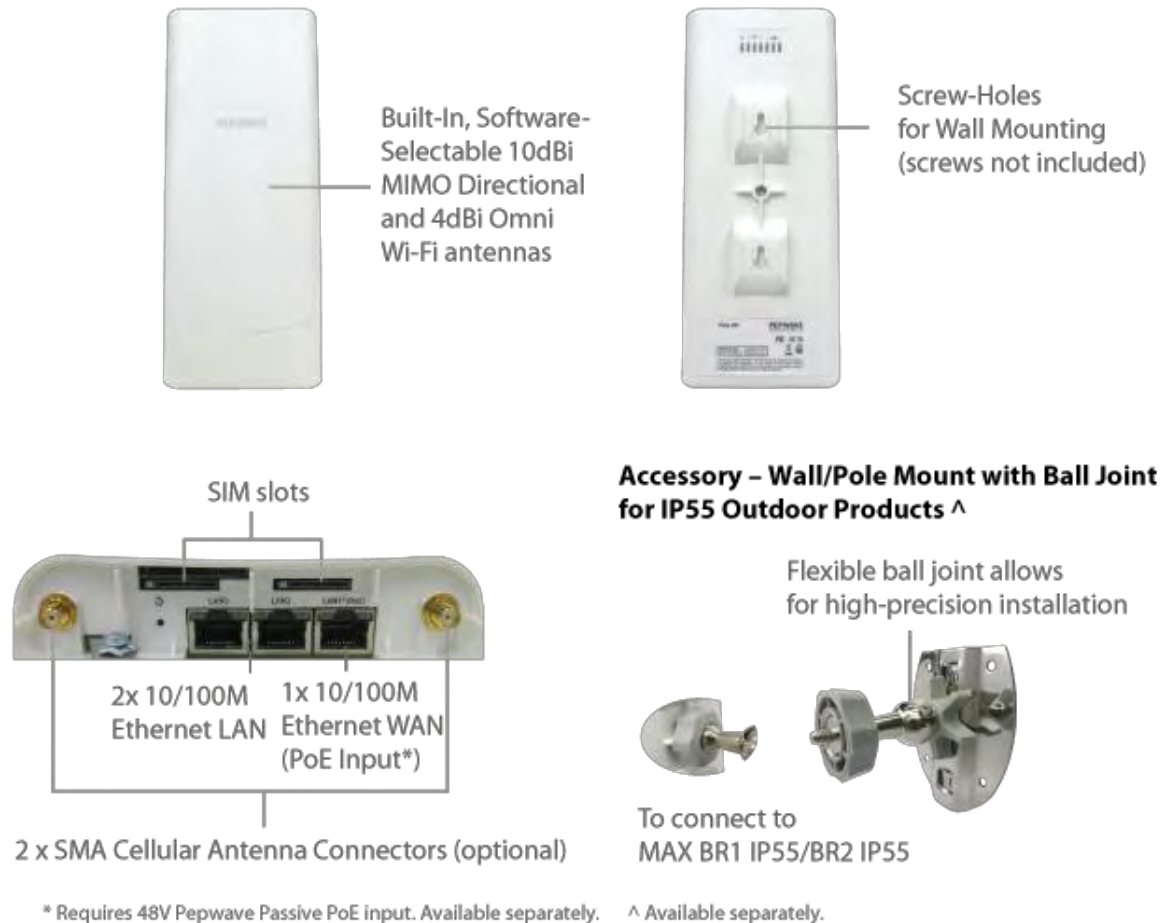
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LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports		
Green LED	ON	10 / 100 / 1000 Mbps
	Blinking	Data is transferring
Orange LED	OFF	No data is being transferred or port is not connected
	ON	
Port Type	Auto MDI/MDI-X ports	

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4.9 MAX BR1/2 IP55

4.9.1 Panel Appearance



4.9.2 LED Indicators

The statuses indicated by the front panel LEDs are as follows:

Status Indicators		
Status	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Green	Ready

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Wi-Fi Indicators		
Wi-Fi	OFF	Disabled Intermittent
	Blinking slowly	Connecting to wireless network(s)
	Blinking	Connected to wireless network(s) with traffic
	ON	Connected to wireless network(s) without traffic

Cellular Indicators		
Cellular	OFF	Disabled or no SIM card inserted
	ON	Connecting or connected to network(s)

LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports		
Green LED	ON	100 Mbps
	OFF	10 Mbps
Orange LED	ON	Port is connected without traffic
	Blinking	Data is transferring
	OFF	Port is not connected
Port Type	Auto MDI/MDI-X ports	

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4.10 MAX On-The-Go

4.10.1 Panel Appearance



4.10.2 LED Indicators

The statuses indicated by the front panel LEDs are as follows:

Cellular Indicators		
WAN	OFF	Modem is not attached to the port
	Green	Modem is attached to the port

Wi-Fi Indicators		
Wi-Fi	OFF	Disconnected from AP
	Green	Connected to AP

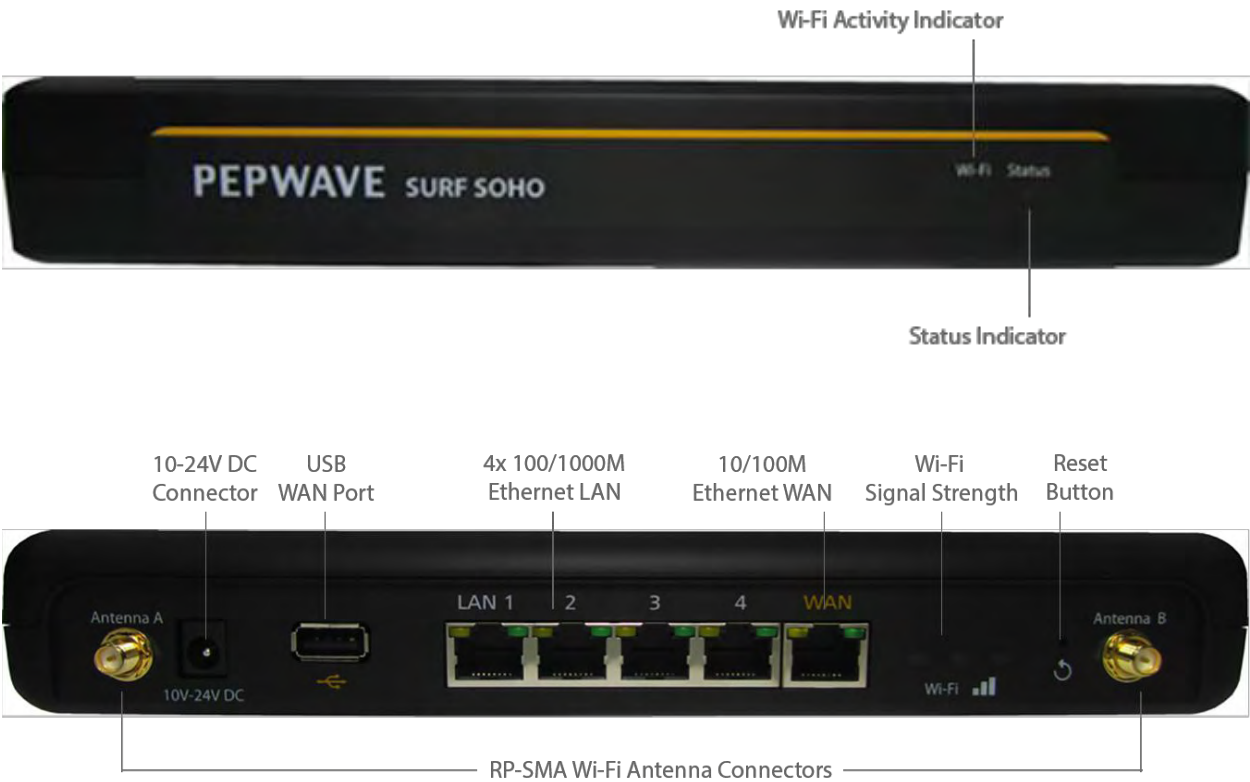
Status Indicators		
Status	OFF	System initializing
	Red	Booting up or busy
	Green	Ready

LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports		
Green LED	ON	100 Mbps
	OFF	10 Mbps
Orange LED	ON	Port is connected without traffic
	Blinking	Data is transferring
Port Type	Auto MDI/MDI-X ports	

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4.11 Surf SOHO

4.11.1 Panel Appearance



4.11.2 LED Indicators

The statuses indicated by the front panel LEDs are as follows:

Wi-Fi and Status Indicators		
Wi-Fi	OFF	Disabled
	Intermittent	Enabled but no client connected
	Blinking	Client(s) connected to wireless network
	ON	Transferring data to wireless network
Status	Continuous blinking	System initializing
	OFF	Booting up or busy
	Red	Ready state
Green		
LAN and Ethernet WAN Ports		
Green LED	ON	10 / 100 Mbps

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Orange LED	Blinking	Data is transferring
	OFF	No data is being transferred or port is not connected
Port type	Auto MDI/MDI-X ports	

Wi-Fi Signal	
Off	No connection
Signal strength	Wi-Fi signal strength (low, medium, and high)

5 Installation

The following section details connecting Pepwave routers to your network.

5.1 Preparation

Before installing your Pepwave router, please prepare the following as appropriate for your installation:

- At least one Internet/WAN access account and/or Wi-Fi access information
- Depending on network connection type(s), one or more of the following:
 - **Ethernet WAN:** A 10/100/1000BaseT UTP cable with RJ45 connector
 - **USB:** A USB modem
 - **Embedded modem:** A SIM card for GSM/HSPA service
 - **Wi-Fi WAN:** Wi-Fi antennas
 - **PC Card/Express Card WAN:** A PC Card/ExpressCard for the corresponding card slot
- A computer installed with the TCP/IP network protocol and a supported web browser. Supported browsers include Microsoft Internet Explorer 8.0 or above, Mozilla Firefox 10.0 or above, Apple Safari 5.1 or above, and Google Chrome 18 or above.

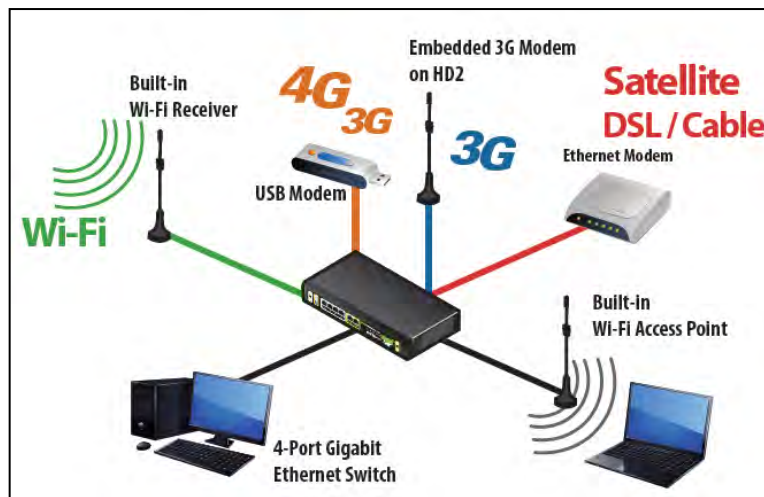
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5.2 Constructing the Network

At a high level, construct the network according to the following steps:

1. With an Ethernet cable, connect a computer to one of the LAN ports on the Pepwave router. Repeat with different cables for up to 4 computers to be connected.
2. With another Ethernet cable or a USB modem/Wi-Fi antenna/PC Card/Express Card, connect to one of the WAN ports on the Pepwave router. Repeat the same procedure for other WAN ports.
3. Connect the power adapter to the power connector on the rear panel of the Pepwave router, and then plug it into a power outlet.

The following figure schematically illustrates the resulting configuration:



5.3 Configuring the Network Environment

To ensure that the Pepwave router works properly in the LAN environment and can access the Internet via WAN connections, please refer to the following setup procedures:

- LAN configuration

For basic configuration, refer to **Section 7, Connecting to the Web Admin Interface**.

For advanced configuration, go to **Section 8, Configuring the LAN Interface(s)**.

- WAN configuration

For basic configuration, refer to **Section 7, Connecting to the Web Admin Interface**.

For advanced configuration, go to **Section 8.2, Captive Portal**.

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6 Mounting the Unit

6.1 Wall Mount

The Pepwave MAX 700/HD2/On-The-Go can be wall mounted using screws. After adding the screw on the wall, slide the MAX in the screw hole socket as indicated below. Recommended screw specification: M3.5 x 20mm, head diameter 6mm, head thickness 2.4mm.

The Pepwave MAX BR1 requires four screws for wall mounting.

6.2 Car Mount

The Pepwave MAX700/HD2 can be mounted in a vehicle using the included mounting brackets. Place the mounting brackets by the two sides and screw them onto the device.



6.3 IP67 Installation Guide

Installation instructions for IP67 devices can be found here:
http://download.peplink.com/manual/IP67_Installation_Guide.pdf

7 Connecting to the Web Admin Interface

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1. Start a web browser on a computer that is connected with the Pepwave router through the LAN.
2. To connect to the router's web admin interface, enter the following LAN IP address in the address field of the web browser:

http://192.168.50.1

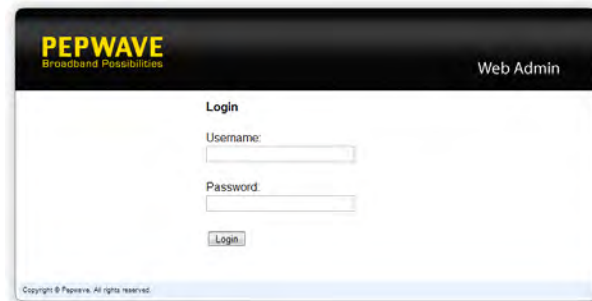
(This is the default LAN IP address for Pepwave routers.)

3. Enter the following to access the web admin interface.

Username: admin

Password: admin

(This is the default username and password for Pepwave routers. The admin and read-only user passwords can be changed at **System>Admin Security**.)



4. After successful login, the **Dashboard** will be displayed.

The **Dashboard** shows current WAN, LAN, and Wi-Fi AP statuses. Here, you can change WAN connection priority and switch on/off the Wi-Fi AP. For further information on setting up these connections, please refer to **Sections 8 and 9**.

Device Information displays details about the device, including model name, firmware version, and uptime. For further information, please refer to **Section 22**.

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Important Note

Configuration changes (e.g. WAN, LAN, admin settings, etc.) will take effect only after clicking the **Save** button at the bottom of each page. The **Apply Changes** button causes the changes to be saved and applied.

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8 Configuring the LAN Interface(s)

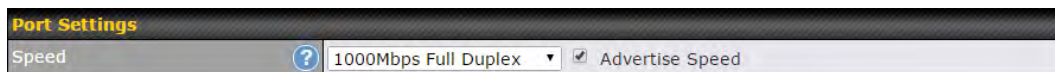
8.1 Basic Settings C:\Users\Allen Tam\Documents\LAN_Basic_Settings

LAN interface settings are located at **Network>LAN>Basic Settings**.



IP Settings

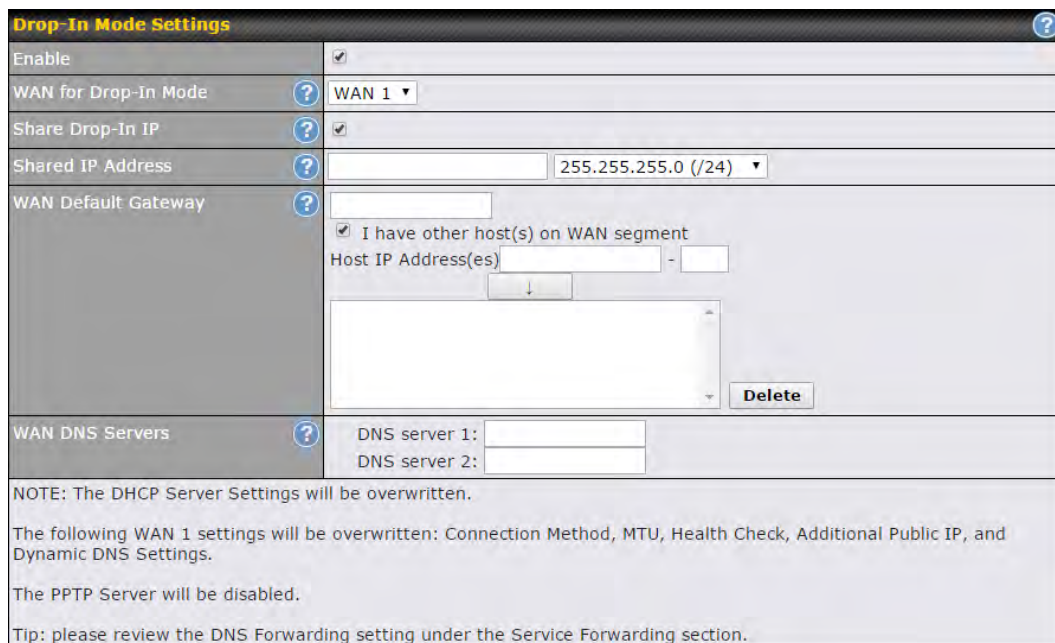
IP Address The IP address and subnet mask of the Pepwave router on the LAN.



Port Settings

Speed

This is the port speed of the LAN interface. It should be set to the same speed as the connected device to avoid port negotiation problems. When a static speed is set, you may choose whether to advertise its speed to the peer device. **Advertise Speed** is selected by default. You can choose not to advertise the port speed if the port has difficulty negotiating with the peer device.



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Drop-in Mode Settings	
Enable	Drop-in mode eases the installation of Peplink router on a live network between the existing firewall and router, such that no configuration changes are required on existing equipment. Check the box to enable the drop-in mode feature, if available on your model.
WAN for Drop-In Mode	Select the WAN port to be used for drop-in mode. If WAN 1 with LAN Bypass is selected, the high availability feature will be disabled automatically.
Share Drop-In IP^A	When this option is enabled, the passthrough IP address will be used to connect to WAN hosts (email notification, remote syslog, etc.). The Pepwaverouter will listen for this IP address when WAN hosts access services provided by the Pepwaverouter (web admin access from the WAN, DNS server requests, etc.). To connect to hosts on the LAN (email notification, remote syslog, etc.), the default gateway address will be used. The Pepwaverouter will listen for this IP address when LAN hosts access services provided by the Pepwaverouter (web admin access from the WAN, DNS proxy, etc.).
Shared IP Address^A	Access to this IP address will be passed through to the LAN port if this device is not serving the service being accessed. The shared IP address will be used in connecting to hosts on the WAN (email notification, remote syslog, etc.) The device will also listen on the IP address when hosts on the WAN access services served on this device (web admin access from the WAN, DNS server, etc.)
WAN Default Gateway	Enter the WAN router's IP address in this field. If there are more hosts in addition to the router on the WAN segment, check the I have other host(s) on WAN segment box and enter the IP address of the hosts that need to access LAN devices or be accessed by others.
WAN DNS Servers	Enter the selected WAN's corresponding DNS server IP addresses.

^A - Advanced feature, please click the  button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

DHCP Server Settings									
DHCP Server		☒ Enable							
IP Range		192.168.50.10 - 192.168.50.250							
Subnet Mask		255.255.255.0 (/24)							
Lease Time		1 Days 0 Hours 0 Mins							
DNS Servers		☒ Assign DNS server automatically							
WINS Server		☒ Assign WINS server ☒ Built-in ☐ External							
BOOTP		☒ Server IP Address: Boot File: Server Name: (Optional)							
Extended DHCP Option		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Option</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="2">No Extended DHCP Option</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Add</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Option	Value	No Extended DHCP Option		Add	
Option	Value								
No Extended DHCP Option									
Add									
DHCP Reservation		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>MAC Address</th> <th>Static IP</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Name	MAC Address	Static IP			
Name	MAC Address	Static IP							

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DHCP Server Settings

DHCP Server	When this setting is enabled, the DHCP server automatically assigns an IP address to each computer that is connected via LAN and configured to obtain an IP address via DHCP. The Pepwave router's DHCP server can prevent IP address collision on the LAN.
IP Range & Subnet Mask	Thesesettings allocate a range of IP addresses that will be assigned to LAN computers by the Pepwave router's DHCP server.
Lease Time	This setting specifies the length of time throughout which an IP address of a DHCP client remains valid. Upon expiration of the lease time, the assigned IP address will no longer be valid and renewal of the IP address assignment will be required.
DNS Servers	This option allows you to input the DNS server addresses to be offered to DHCP clients. If Assign DNS server automatically is selected, the Pepwave router's built-in DNS server address (i.e., LAN IP address) will be offered.
WINS Server	This option allows you to optionally specify aWindows Internet Name Service (WINS) server. You may choose to use the built-in WINS server or external WINS servers. When this unit is connected using SpeedFusion™, other VPN peers can share this unit's built-in WINS server by entering this unit's LAN IP address in their DHCP WINS Server setting. Afterward, all PC clients in the VPN can resolve the NetBIOS names of other clients in remote peers.If you have enabled this option, a list of WINS clients will be displayed at Status>WINS Clients.
BOOTP	Check this box to enable BOOTP on older networks that still require it.
Extended DHCP Option	In addition to standard DHCP options (e.g., DNS server address, gateway address, subnet mask), you can specify the value of additional extended DHCP options, as defined in RFC 2132. With these extended options enabled, you can pass additional configuration information to LAN hosts. To define an extended DHCP option, click the Add button, choose the option to define and enter its value. For values that are in IP address list format, you can enter one IP address per line in the provided text area input control. Each option can be defined once only.
DHCP Reservation	This setting reserves the assignment of fixed IP addresses for a list of computers on the LAN. The computers to be assigned fixed IP addresses on the LAN are identified by their MAC addresses. The fixed IP address assignment is displayed as a cross-reference list between the computers' names, MAC addresses, and fixed IP addresses. Name (an optional field) allows you to specify a name to represent the device. MAC addresses should be in the format of 00:AA:BB:CC:DD:EE. Press  to create a new record. Press  to remove a record. Reserved client information can be imported from the Client List, located atStatus>Client List. For more details, please refer to Section22.3.

Static Route Settings										
Static Route		<table><tr><th>Destination Network</th><th>Subnet Mask</th><th>Gateway</th><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>255.255.255.0 (/24)</td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>	Destination Network	Subnet Mask	Gateway			255.255.255.0 (/24)		
Destination Network	Subnet Mask	Gateway								
	255.255.255.0 (/24)									

Static Route Settings

Static Route	This table is for defining static routing rules for the LAN segment. A static route consists of the network address, subnet mask, and gateway address. The address and subnet mask values are in w.x.y.zformat. The local LAN subnet and subnets behind the LAN will be advertised to the VPN. Remote routes sent over the VPN will also be accepted. Any VPN member will be able to route to
---------------------	---

Pepwave MAX and Surf User Manual

the local subnets. Press  to create a new route. Press  to remove a route.

WINS Server Settings

Enable

☐

WINS Server Settings

Enable

Check the box to enable the WINS server. A list of WINS clients will be displayed at **Status>WINS Clients**.

DNS Proxy Settings

Enable

☒

DNS Caching

☐

Include Google Public DNS Servers

☐

Local DNS Records

☐

Host Name	IP Address	
		

DNS Resolvers

☐

Connection	Current Status
☐ WAN 1	10.88.3.1
☐ WAN 2	
☐ Wi-Fi WAN	
☐ Cellular 1	
☐ Cellular 2	
☐ USB	
Connection	DNS Servers
☐ LAN	

Preferred connections are shown with 

DNS Proxy Settings

Enable

To enable the DNS proxy feature, check this box, and then set up the feature at **Network>LAN>DNS Proxy Settings**. A DNS proxy server can be enabled to serve DNS requests originating from LAN/PPTP/SpeedFusion™ peers. Requests are forwarded to the **DNS servers/resolvers** defined for each WAN connection.

DNS Caching

This field is to enable DNS caching on the built-in DNS proxy server. When the option is enabled, queried DNS replies will be cached until the records' TTL has been reached. This feature can help improve DNS lookup time. However, it cannot return the most up-to-date result for those frequently updated DNS records. By default, **DNS Caching** is disabled.

Include Google Public DNS Servers

When this option is **enabled**, the DNS proxy server will also forward DNS requests to Google's Public DNS Servers, in addition to the DNS servers defined in each WAN. This could increase the DNS service's availability. This setting is disabled by default.

Local DNS Records

This table is for defining custom local DNS records. A static local DNS record consists of a host name and IP address. When looking up the host name from the LAN to LAN IP of the Pepwave router, the corresponding IP address will be

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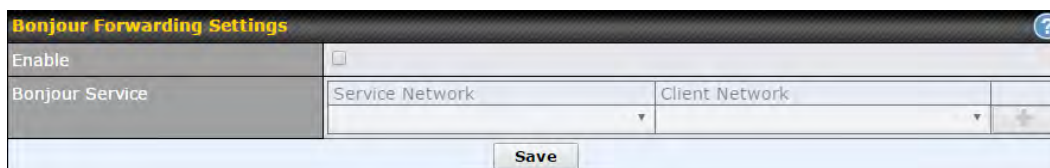
returned. Press  to create a new record. Press  to remove a record.

DNS Resolvers ^A

Check the box to enable the WINS server. A list of WINS clients will be displayed at **Network>LAN>DNS Proxy Settings>DNS Resolvers**. This field specifies which DNS resolvers will receive forwarded DNS requests. If no WAN/VPN/LAN DNS resolver is selected, all of the WAN's DNS resolvers will be selected. If a SpeedFusion™ peer is selected, you may enter the VPN peer's DNS resolver IP address(es). Queries will be forwarded to the selected connections' resolvers. If all of the selected connections are down, queries will be forwarded to all resolvers on healthy WAN connections.

^A - Advanced feature, please click the  button on the top right hand corner to activate.

Finally, if needed, configure Bonjour forwarding, Apple's zero configuration networking protocol. Once VLAN configuration is complete, click **Save** to store your changes.



Bonjour Forwarding Settings

Enable

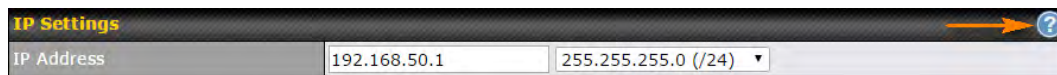
Check this box to turn on Bonjour forwarding.

Bonjour Service

Choose **Service** and **Client** networks from the drop-down menus, and then click  to add the networks. To delete an existing Bonjour listing, click .

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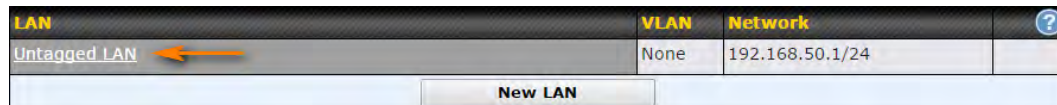
To enable VLAN configuration, click the  button in the **IP Settings** section.



IP Settings

IP Address	192.168.50.1	255.255.255.0 (/24) ▼
------------	--------------	-----------------------

To add a new LAN, click the **New LAN** button. To change LAN settings, click the name of the LAN to change under the **LAN** heading.



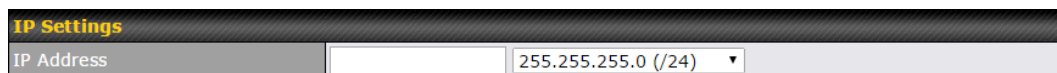
LAN	VLAN	Network
Untagged LAN	None	192.168.50.1/24

New LAN

The following settings are displayed when creating a new LAN or editing an existing LAN.



LAN



IP Settings

IP Address		255.255.255.0 (/24) ▼
------------	--	-----------------------

IP Settings	
IP Address & Subnet Mask	Enter the Pepwave router's IP address and subnet mask values to be used on the LAN.



Network Settings

Name	
VLAN ID	
Inter-VLAN routing	☒
Captive Portal	☐

Network Settings	
Name	Enter a name for the LAN.
VLAN ID	Enter a number for your VLAN.
Inter-VLAN routing	Check this box to enable routing between virtual LANs.
Captive Portal	Check this box to turn on captive portals.

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Layer 2 PepVPN Bridging	
PepVPN Profiles to Bridge	 Connection 1
Spanning Tree Protocol	☒
Override IP Address when bridge connected	 ☒ Do not override ☐ Static ☐ By DHCP ☐ As None

Layer 2 PepVPN Bridging

PepVPN Profiles to Bridge

The remote network of the selected PepVPN profiles will be bridged with this local LAN, creating a Layer 2 PepVPN, they will be connected and operate like a single LAN, and any broadcast or multicast packets will be sent over the VPN.

Spanning Tree Protocol

Click the box will enable STP for this layer 2 profile bridge.

Override IP Address when bridge connected

Select "Do not override" if the LAN IP address and local DHCP server should remain unchanged after the Layer 2 PepVPN is up.

If you choose to override IP address when the VPN is connected, the device will not act as a router, and most Layer 3 routing functions will cease to work.

DHCP Server Settings							
DHCP Server	 ☒ Enable						
IP Range	- 255.255.255.0 (/24)						
Lease Time	1 Days 0 Hours 0 Mins						
DNS Servers	☒ Assign DNS server automatically						
WINS Servers	☐ Assign WINS server						
BOOTP	☐						
Extended DHCP Option	<table><thead><tr><th>Option</th><th>Value</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td colspan="2">No Extended DHCP Option</td></tr><tr><td colspan="2"> Add </td></tr></tbody></table>	Option	Value	No Extended DHCP Option		Add	
Option	Value						
No Extended DHCP Option							
Add							
DHCP Reservation	 <table><thead><tr><th>Name</th><th>MAC Address</th><th>Static IP</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table> 	Name	MAC Address	Static IP			
Name	MAC Address	Static IP					

DHCP Server Settings

DHCP Server

When this setting is enabled, the Pepwave router's DHCP server automatically assigns an IP address to each computer that is connected via LAN and configured to obtain an IP address via DHCP. The Pepwave router's DHCP server can prevent IP address collisions on the LAN.

To enable DHCP bridge relay, please click the  icon on this menu item.

IP Range & Subnet Mask

These settings allocate a range of IP address that will be assigned to LAN computers by the Pepwave router's DHCP server.

Lease Time

This setting specifies the length of time throughout which an IP address of a DHCP client remains valid. Upon expiration of **Lease Time**, the assigned IP address will no longer be valid and the IP address assignment must be renewed.

DNS Servers

This option allows you to input the DNS server addresses to be offered to DHCP clients. If **Assign DNS server automatically** is selected, the Pepwave router's built-in DNS server address (i.e., LAN IP address) will be offered.

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WINS Servers	This option allows you to specify the Windows Internet Name Service (WINS) server. You may choose to use the built-in WINS server or external WINS servers. When this unit is connected using SpeedFusion™, other VPN peers can share this unit's built-in WINS server by entering this unit's LAN IP address in their DHCP WINS Servers setting. Therefore, all PC clients in the VPN can resolve the NetBIOS names of other clients in remote peers. If you have enabled this option, a list of WINS clients will be displayed at Status>WINS Clients .
BOOTP	Check this box to enable BOOTP on older networks that still require it.
Extended DHCP Option	In addition to standard DHCP options (e.g. DNS server address, gateway address, subnet mask), you can specify the value of additional extended DHCP options, as defined in RFC 2132. With these extended options enabled, you can pass additional configuration information to LAN hosts. To define an extended DHCP option, click the Add button, choose the option to define, and then enter its value. For values that are in IP address list format, you can enter one IP address per line in the provided text area input control. Each option can be defined once only.
DHCP Reservation	This setting reserves the assignment of fixed IP addresses for a list of computers on the LAN. The computers to be assigned fixed IP addresses on the LAN are identified by their MAC addresses. The fixed IP address assignment is displayed as a cross-reference list between the computers' names, MAC addresses, and fixed IP addresses. Name (an optional field) allows you to specify a name to represent the device. MAC addresses should be in the format of 00:AA:BB:CC:DD:EE . Press  to create a new record. Press  to remove a record. Reserved clients information can be imported from the Client List , located at Status>Client List . For more details, please refer to Section 22.3 .

To configure DHCP relay, first click the  button found next to the **DHCP Server** option to display the settings.

DHCP Relay Settings	
DHCP Relay	 ☒ Enable
DHCP Server IP Address	 DHCP Server 1: DHCP Server 2:
DHCP Option 82	 ☐

DHCP Relay Settings	
Enable	Check this box to turn on DHCP relay. Click the  icon to disable DHCP relay.
DHCP Server IP Address	Enter the IP addresses of one or two DHCP servers in the provided fields. The DHCP servers entered here will receive relayed DHCP requests from the LAN. For active-passive DHCP server configurations, enter active and passive DHCP server relay IP addresses in DHCP Server 1 and DHCP Server 2 .
DHCP Option 82	DCHP Option 82 includes device information as relay agent for the attached client when forwarding DHCP requests from client to server. This option also embeds the device's MAC address and network name in circuit and remote IDs. Check this box to enable DHCP Option 82.

Once DHCP is set up, configure **LAN Physical Settings**, **Static Route Settings**, **WINS Server Settings**, and **DNS Proxy Settings** as noted above.

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8.2 Captive Portal

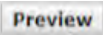
The captive portal serves as gateway that clients have to pass if they wish to access the internet using your router. To configure, navigate to **Network>LAN>Captive Portal**.

Captive Portal Settings	
Enable	☒ Untagged LAN
Hostname	captive-portal.peplink.com Default
Access Mode	☒ Open Access ☐ User Authentication
Access Quota	30 mins (0: Unlimited) 0 MB (0: Unlimited)
Quota Reset Time	☒ Daily at 00 :00 ☐ 1440 minutes after quota reached
Allowed Networks	Domain Name / IP Address +
Allowed Clients	MAC / IP Address +
Splash Page	☒ Built-in ☐ External, URL: http://

Captive Portal Settings																						
Enable	Check Enable and then, optionally, select the LANs/VLANs that will use the captive portal.																					
Hostname	To customize the portal's form submission and redirection URL, enter a new URL in this field. To reset the URL to factory settings, click Default .																					
Access Mode	Click Open Access to allow clients to freely access your router. Click User Authentication to force your clients to authenticate before accessing your router.																					
RADIUS Server	This authenticates your clients through a RADIUS server. After selecting this option, you will see the following fields: <table><tbody><tr><td>Authentication</td><td colspan="2">RADIUS Server</td></tr><tr><td>Auth Server</td><td> </td><td>Port 1812 Default</td></tr><tr><td>Auth Server Secret</td><td> </td><td>☒ Hide Characters</td></tr><tr><td>CoA-DM</td><td colspan="2">☐</td></tr><tr><td>Accounting Server</td><td> </td><td>Port 1813 Default</td></tr><tr><td>Accounting Server Secret</td><td> </td><td>☒ Hide Characters</td></tr><tr><td>Accounting Interim Interval</td><td> </td><td>seconds</td></tr></tbody></table> Fill in the necessary information to complete your connection to the server and enable authentication.	Authentication	RADIUS Server		Auth Server		Port 1812 Default	Auth Server Secret		☒ Hide Characters	CoA-DM	☐		Accounting Server		Port 1813 Default	Accounting Server Secret		☒ Hide Characters	Accounting Interim Interval		seconds
Authentication	RADIUS Server																					
Auth Server		Port 1812 Default																				
Auth Server Secret		☒ Hide Characters																				
CoA-DM	☐																					
Accounting Server		Port 1813 Default																				
Accounting Server Secret		☒ Hide Characters																				
Accounting Interim Interval		seconds																				
LDAP Server	This authenticates your clients through a LDAP server. Upon selecting this option, you will see the following fields: <table><tbody><tr><td>Authentication</td><td colspan="2">LDAP Server</td></tr><tr><td>LDAP Server</td><td> </td><td>Port 389 Default</td></tr><tr><td></td><td colspan="2">☐ Use DN/Password to bind to LDAP Server</td></tr><tr><td>Base DN</td><td colspan="2"> </td></tr><tr><td>Base Filter</td><td colspan="2"> </td></tr></tbody></table> Fill in the necessary information to complete your connection to the server and enable authentication.	Authentication	LDAP Server		LDAP Server		Port 389 Default		☐ Use DN/Password to bind to LDAP Server		Base DN			Base Filter								
Authentication	LDAP Server																					
LDAP Server		Port 389 Default																				
	☐ Use DN/Password to bind to LDAP Server																					
Base DN																						
Base Filter																						

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Access Quota	Set a time and data cap to each user's Internet usage.
Quota Reset Time	This menu determines how your usage quota resets. Setting it to Daily will reset it at a specified time every day. Setting a number of minutes after quota reached establish a timer for each user that begins after the quota has been reached.
Allowed Networks	To whitelist a network, enter the domain name / IP address here and click  . To delete an existing network from the list of allowed networks, click the  button next to the listing.
Splash Page	Here, you can choose between using thePepwave router's built-in captive portal and redirecting clients to a URL you define.

The **Portal Customization** menu has two options:  and . Clicking  displays a pop-up previewing the captive portal that your clients will see. Clicking  displays the following menu:

Portal Customization

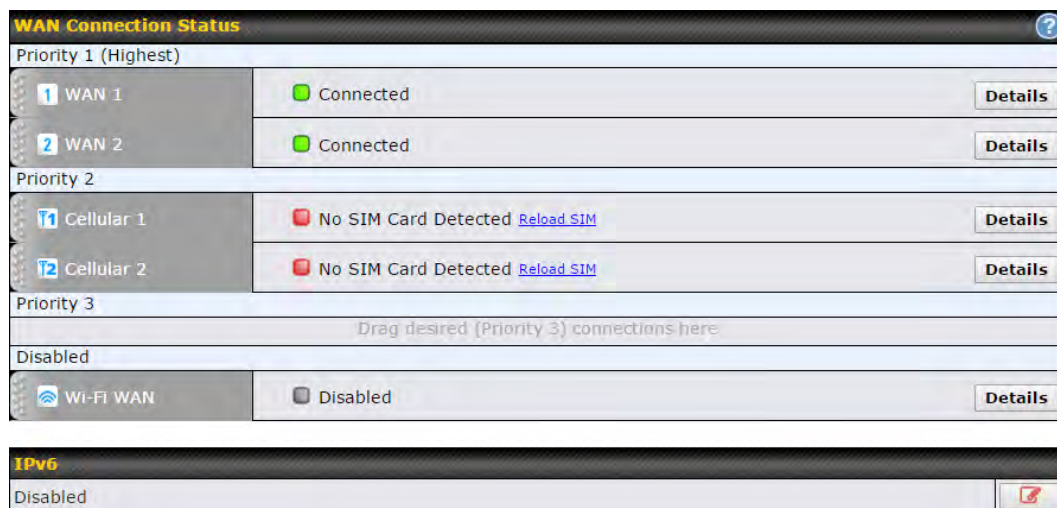
Logo Image	☒ No image [Use default Logo Image] ☐ Choose File No file chosen NOTE: Size max 512KB. Supported images types: JPEG, PNG and GIF.
Message	
Terms & Conditions	[Use default Terms & Conditions]
Custom Landing Page	☒ http://

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Portal Customization	
Logo Image	Click the Choose File button to select a logo to use for the built-in portal.
Message	If you have any additional messages for your users, enter them in this field.
Terms & Conditions	If you would like to use your own set of terms and conditions, please enter them here. If left empty, the built-in portal will display the default terms and conditions.
Custom Landing Page	Fill in this field to redirect clients to an external URL.

9 Configuring the WAN Interface(s)

WAN Interface settings are located at **Network>WAN**. To reorder WAN priority, drag on the appropriate WAN by holding the left mouse button, move it to the desired priority (the first one would be the highest priority, the second one would be lower priority, and so on), and drop it by releasing the mouse button.



To disable a particular WAN connection, drag on the appropriate WAN by holding the left mouse button, move it to the **Disabled** row, and drop it by releasing the mouse button. You can also set priorities on the **Dashboard**. Click the **Details** button in the corresponding row to modify the connection setting.

Important Note

Connection details will be changed and become effective immediately after clicking the **Save and Apply** button.

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9.1 Ethernet WAN

From **Network>WAN**, choose a WAN connection and then click **Details**.

WAN Port	
WAN Connection Name	WAN 1 Default
Connection Method	? DHCP ▾
Routing Mode	? ☒ NAT ☐ IP Forwarding
IP Address	10.88.3.158
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	10.88.3.253
Hostname (Optional)	 ☐ Use custom hostname
DNS Servers	☒ Obtain DNS server address automatically 10.88.3.1 ☐ Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:

WAN Port (Section 1)	
WAN Connection Name	Enter a name to represent this WAN connection.
Connection Method	There are three possible connection methods for Ethernet WAN: • DHCP • Static IP • PPPoE The connection method and details are determined by, and can be obtained from, the ISP. See the following sections for details on each connection method.
Routing Mode	This field shows that NAT (network address translation) will be applied to the traffic routed over this WAN connection. IP Forwarding is available when you click the link in the help text.
IP Address/Subnet Mask/Default Gateway	Enter the WAN IP address and subnet mask, as well as the IP address of the default gateway, in these fields.
Hostname	Enter a hostname for this WAN port if needed.
DNS Servers	Select a DNS server for this port to use. This port can either be automatically selected or manually designated.

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Standby State	☒ Remain connected ☐ Disconnect
Upstream Bandwidth	1 Gbps ▼
Downstream Bandwidth	1 Gbps ▼
Health Check Settings	
Health Check Method	DNS Lookup ▼
Health Check DNS Servers	Host 1: Host 2: ☒ Use first two DNS servers as Health Check DNS Servers ☐ Include public DNS servers
Timeout	5 second(s) ▼
Health Check Interval	5 second(s) ▼
Health Check Retries	3 ▼
Recovery Retries	3 ▼

WAN Port (Section 2)

Standby State	This setting specifies the standby state of the WAN connection. The available options are Remain connected and Disconnect .The default state is Remain Connected .
Upstream Bandwidth	This setting specifies the data bandwidth in the outbound direction from the LAN through the WAN interface.
Downstream Bandwidth	This setting specifies the data bandwidth in the inbound direction from the WAN interface to the LAN. This value is referenced as the default weight value when using the algorithm Least Used or the algorithm Persistence (Auto) in outbound policy with Managed by Custom Rules chosen (see Section 14.2).
Health Check Method	This setting specifies the health check method for the WAN connection. The value of method can be configured as Disabled , Ping , DNS Lookup ,or HTTP . The default method is Disabled .See Section9.4 for configuration details.
Health Check DNS Servers	These fields are for specifying the target DNS servers where DNS lookups will be sent to for health check. If the box Use first two DNS servers as Health Check DNS Servers is checked, the first two DNS servers will be the DNS lookup targets for checking the connection healthiness. If the box is not checked, the field Host 1 must be filled and the field Host 2 is optional. The connection is considered to be up if DNS responses are received from any one of the health check DNS servers, regardless of whether the result is positive or negative.
Timeout	If a health check test cannot be completed within the specified amount of time, the test will be treated as failed.

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Health Check Interval

This is the number of consecutive check failures before treating a connection as down.

Health Check Retries

This is the number of consecutive check failures before treating a connection as down.

Recovery Retries

This is the number of responses required after a health check failure before treating a connection as up again.

Dynamic DNS Service Provider	Disabled
Bandwidth Allowance Monitor	☐ Enable
Port Speed	Auto
MTU	☐ Auto ☒ Custom Value: 1440 Default

WAN Port (Section 3)

Dynamic DNS Service Provider

This setting specifies the dynamic DNS service provider to be used for the WAN based on supported dynamic DNS service providers:

- changeip.com
- dyndns.org
- no-ip.org
- tzo.com
- DNS-O-Matic

Select **Disabled** to disable this feature. See **Section 9.5** for configuration details.

Bandwidth Allowance Monitor

This option enables bandwidth usage monitoring on this WAN connection for each billing cycle. When this setting is not enabled, each month's bandwidth usage is tracked, but no action will be taken.

Port Speed

This setting specifies port speed and duplex configurations of the WAN port. By default, **Auto** is selected and the appropriate data speed is automatically detected by the Pepwave router. In the event of negotiation issues, the port speed can be manually specified. You can also choose whether or not to advertise the speed to the peer by selecting the **Advertise Speed** checkbox.

MTU

This setting specifies the maximum transmission unit. By default, MTU is set to **Custom 1440**. You may adjust the MTU value by editing the text field. Click **Default** to restore the default MTU value. Select **Auto** and the appropriate MTU value will be automatically detected. Auto-detection will run each time the WAN connection establishes.

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MSS	☒ Auto ☐ Custom Value:
MAC Address Clone	00 1A DD BD 54 41 Default
VLAN	☒ VLAN ID:
Reply to ICMP PING	☒ Yes ☐ No
Additional Public IP Address	IP Address Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0 (/24) v ↓ Delete

WAN Port (Section 4)

MSS

This setting should be configured based on the maximum payload size that the local system can handle. The MSS (maximum segment size) is computed from the MTU minus 40 bytes for TCP over IPv4. If MTU is set to **Auto**, the MSS will also be set automatically. By default, MSS is set to **Auto**.

MAC Address Clone

Some service providers (e.g., cable providers) identify the client's MAC address and require the client to always use the same MAC address to connect to the network. In such cases, change the WAN interface's MAC address to the original client PC's MAC address via this field. The default MAC address is a unique value assigned at the factory. In most cases, the default value is sufficient. Clicking **Default** restores the MAC address to the default value.

VLAN

Click the square if you wish to enable VLAN functionality and enable multiple broadcast domains. Once you enable VLAN, you will be able to enter a name for your network.

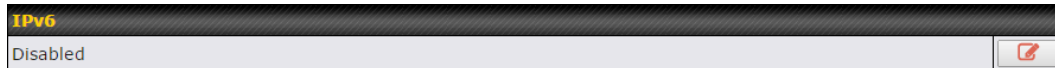
Reply to ICMP PING

If this field is disabled, the WAN connection will not respond to ICMP ping requests. By default, this is **enabled**.

Additional Public IP Address

The **IP Address** list represents the list of fixed Internet IP addresses assigned by the ISP, in the event that more than one Internet IP address is assigned to this WAN connection. Enter the fixed Internet IP addresses and the corresponding subnet mask, and then click the **Down Arrow** button to populate IP address entries to the **IP Address** List.

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IPv6	
IPv6	IPv6 support can be enabled on one of the available Ethernet WAN ports. On this screen, you can choose which WAN will support IPv6. To enable IPv6 support on a WAN, the WAN router must respond to stateless address auto configuration advertisements and DHCPv6 requests. IPv6 clients on the LAN will acquire their IPv6, gateway, and DNS server addresses from it. The device will also acquire an IPv6 address for performing ping/traceroute checks and accepting web admin accesses. Note: This feature is only available on the Pepwave MAX 700, HD2, and HD2 IP67.

9.1.1 DHCP Connection

There are three possible connection methods:

1. DHCP
2. Static IP
3. PPPoE
4. L2TP

The DHCP connection method is suitable if the ISP provides an IP address automatically using DHCP (e.g., satellite modem, WiMAX modem, cable, Metro Ethernet, etc.).

Connection Method	 DHCP
Routing Mode	 NAT
IP Address	10.88.3.158
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	10.88.3.253
Hostname (Optional)	 ☐ Use custom hostname
DNS Servers	☒ Obtain DNS server address automatically 10.88.3.1 ☐ Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:

DHCP Connection Settings	
Routing Mode	NAT allows substituting the real address in a packet with a mapped address that is routable on the destination network. By clicking the help icon in this field, you can display the IP Forwarding option, if your network requires it.
IP Address/ Subnet Mask/ Default Gateway	This information is obtained from the ISP automatically.

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Hostname (Optional)

If your service provider's DHCP server requires you to supply a hostname value upon acquiring an IP address, you may enter the value here. If your service provider does not provide you with the value, you can safely bypass this option.

DNS Servers

Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection.

Selecting **Obtain DNS server address automatically** results in the DNS servers being assigned by the WAN DHCP server to be used for outbound DNS lookups over the connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned from the DHCP server.)

When **Use the following DNS server address(es)** is selected, you may enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN connection into the **DNS Server 1** and **DNS Server 2** fields.

9.1.2 Static IP Connection

The static IP connection method is suitable if your ISP provides a static IP address to connect directly.

Connection Method	 Static IP ▾
Routing Mode	 ☒ NAT
IP Address	10.88.3.158
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	10.88.3.253
IP Address	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0 (/24) ▾
Default Gateway	
DNS Servers	☒ Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:

Static IP Settings

Routing Mode

NAT allows substituting the real address in a packet with a mapped address that is routable on the destination network. By clicking the help icon in this field, you can display the **IP Forwarding** option, if your network requires it.

IP Address / Subnet Mask / Default Gateway

These settings allow you to specify the information required in order to communicate on the Internet via a fixed Internet IP address. The information is typically determined by and can be obtained from the ISP.

DNS Servers

Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection. Selecting **Obtain DNS server address automatically** results in the DNS servers being assigned by the WAN DHCP server to be used for outbound DNS lookups over the connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned from the DHCP server.) When **Use the following DNS server address(es)** is selected, you may enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN connection into the **DNS Server 1** and **DNS Server 2** fields.

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9.1.3 PPPoE Connection

This connection method is suitable if your ISP provides a login ID/password to connect via PPPoE.

Connection Method	 PPPoE
Routing Mode	 ☒ NAT
IP Address	10.88.3.158
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	10.88.3.253
PPPoE User Name	
PPPoE Password	
Confirm PPPoE Password	
Service Name (Optional)	 Leave it blank unless it is provided by ISP
IP Address (Optional)	 Leave it blank unless it is provided by ISP
DNS Servers	☒ Obtain DNS server address automatically 10.88.3.1 ☒ Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:

PPPoE Settings

Routing Mode

NAT allows substituting the real address in a packet with a mapped address that is routable on the destination network. By clicking the help icon in this field, you can display the **IP Forwarding** option, if your network requires it.

IP Address / Subnet Mask / Default Gateway

This information is obtained from the ISP automatically.

PPPoE User Name / Password

Enter the required information in these fields in order to connect via PPPoE to the ISP. The parameter values are determined by and can be obtained from the ISP.

Confirm PPPoE Password

Verify your password by entering it again in this field.

Service Name (Optional)

Service name is provided by the ISP.

Note: Leave this field blank unless it is provided by your ISP.

IP Address (Optional)

If your ISP provides a PPPoE IP address, enter it here.

Note: Leave this field blank unless it is provided by your ISP.

DNS Servers

Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection. Selecting **Obtain DNS server address automatically** results in the DNS servers being assigned by the WAN DHCP server to be used for outbound DNS lookups over the connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned from the DHCP server.) When **Use the following DNS server address(es)** is selected, you may enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN

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connection into the **DNS Server 1** and **DNS Server 2** fields.

Connection Method	 L2TP
Routing Mode	 ☒ NAT
IP Address	10.88.3.158
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	10.88.3.253
L2TP User Name	
L2TP Password	
Confirm L2TP Password	
Server IP Address / Host	
Address Type	☒ Dynamic IP ☐ Static IP
DNS Servers	☒ Obtain DNS server address automatically 10.88.3.1 ☒ Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:

L2TP Settings

L2TP User Name / Password

Enter the required information in these fields in order to connect via L2TP to your ISP. The parameter values are determined by and can be obtained from your ISP.

Confirm L2TP Password

Verify your password by entering it again in this field.

Server IP Address / Host

L2TP server address is a parameter which is provided by your ISP. Note: Leave this field blank unless it is provided by your ISP.

Address Type

Your ISP will also indicate whether the server IP address is Dynamic or Static. Please click the appropriate value.

DNS Servers

Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection.

Selecting **Obtain DNS server address automatically** results in the DNS servers assigned by the PPPoE server to be used for outbound DNS lookups over the WAN connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned from the PPPoE server.)

When **Use the following DNS server address(es)** is selected, you can enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN connection into the **DNS server 1** and **DNS server 2** fields.

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9.2 Cellular WAN



To access cellular WAN settings, click **Network>WAN>Details**.
(Available on the Pepwave MAX BR1, HD2, and HD2 IP67 only)

Connection Details

Cellular 1 Status	
IMSI	(No SIM Card Detected)
MEID	A100001F7DC038 270113180708241208
ESN	8052FC8A
IMEI	356144040031862

Cellular Status

IMSI	This is the International Mobile Subscriber Identity which uniquely identifies the SIM card. This is applicable to 3G modems only.
MEID	SomePepwave routers support both HSPA and EV-DO. For Sprint or Verizon Wireless EV-DO users, a unique MEID identifier code (in hexadecimal format) is used by the carrier to associate the EV-DO device with the user. This information is presented in hex and decimal format.
ESN	This serves the same purpose as MEID HEX but uses an older format.
IMEI	This is the unique ID for identifying the modem in GSM/HSPA mode.

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WAN Connection Settings	
WAN Connection Name	Cellular 1 Default
Network Mode	☒ HSPA ☐ Sprint,EV-DO ☐ Verizon Wireless,EV-DO
Routing Mode	? ☒ NAT
DNS Servers	☒ Obtain DNS server address automatically ☐ Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:

WAN Connection Settings	
WAN Connection Name	Enter a name to represent this WAN connection.
Network Mode	Users have to specify the network they are on accordingly.
Routing Mode	This option allows you to select the routing method to be used in routing IP frames via the WAN connection. The mode can be either NAT (network address translation) or IP Forwarding . Click the ? button to enable IP forwarding.
DNS Servers	Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection. Selecting Obtain DNS server address automatically results in the DNS servers assigned by the PPPoE server to be used for outbound DNS lookups over the WAN connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned from the PPPoE server.) When Use the following DNS server address(es) is selected, you can enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN connection into the DNS server 1 and DNS server 2 fields.

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Cellular Settings	
Network Selection	 ☒ Auto ☐ Manual
3G/2G	 Auto
Authentication	Auto
Band Selection	☒ WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ (800 MHz) ☒ WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ (850 MHz) ☒ WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ (900 MHz) ☒ WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ (1700 MHz) ☒ WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ (1900 MHz) ☒ WCDMA / HSDPA / HSUPA / HSPA+ (2100 MHz) ☒ GSM / GPRS / EDGE (850 MHz) ☒ GSM / GPRS / EDGE (900 MHz) ☒ GSM / GPRS / EDGE (1800 MHz) ☒ GSM / GPRS / EDGE (1900 MHz)
Data Roaming	☐
Operator Settings	☒ Auto ☐ Custom
APN	
Username	
Password	
SIM PIN (Optional)	
Bandwidth Allowance Monitor	 ☒ Enable
Action	 ☐ Disconnect when usage hits 100% Email notification is currently disabled. You can get notified when usage hits 75%/95% of monthly allowance by enabling Email Notification .
Start Day	On 1st of each month
Monthly Allowance	GB

Cellular Settings		
Network Selection	1.1.1.1	By default, the MAX router will automatically choose a network to connect to. If you wish to use only certain networks, click the  button beside the menu item.
3G/2G		This drop-down menu allows restricting cellular to particular band. Click the  button to enable the selection of specific bands.
Authentication		Choose from PAP Only or CHAP Only to use those authentication methods exclusively. Select Auto to automatically choose an authentication method.
Data Roaming		This checkbox enables data roaming on this particular SIM card. Please check your service provider's data roaming policy before proceeding.
Operator Settings		This setting applies to 3G/EDGE/GPRS modems only. It does not apply to EVDO/EVDO Rev. A modems. This allows you to configure the APN settings of your connection. If Auto is selected, the mobile operator should be detected automatically. The connected device will be configured and connection will be made automatically. If there is any difficulty in making connection, you may select Custom to enter your carrier's APN , Login , Password , and Dial Number settings manually. The correct values can be obtained from your carrier. The default

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and recommended setting is **Auto**.

APN / Login / Password / SIM PIN

When **Auto** is selected, the information in these fields will be filled automatically. Select **Custom** to customize these parameters. The parameter values are determined by and can be obtained from the ISP.

Bandwidth Allowance Monitor

Check the box **Enable** to enable bandwidth usage monitoring on this WAN connection for each billing cycle. When this option is not enabled, bandwidth usage of each month is still being tracked but no action will be taken.

Action

If email notification is enabled, you will be notified by email when usage hits 75% and 95% of the monthly allowance. If **Disconnect when usage hits 100% of monthly allowance** is checked, this WAN connection will be disconnected automatically when the usage hits the monthly allowance. It will not resume connection unless this option has been turned off or the usage has been reset when a new billing cycle starts.

Start Day

This option allows you to define which day of the month each billing cycle begins.

Monthly Allowance

This field is for defining the maximum bandwidth usage allowed for the WAN connection each month.

General Settings	
Standby State	☒ Remain connected ☐ Disconnected
Idle Disconnect	☒ 3 minutes Time value is global. A change will affect all WAN profiles.

General Settings

Standby State

This option allows you to choose whether to remain connected or disconnected when this WAN connection is no longer in the highest priority and has entered the standby state. When **Remain connected** is chosen, bringing up this WAN connection to active makes it immediately available for use.

Idle Disconnect

When Internet traffic is not detected within the user-specified timeframe, the modem will automatically disconnect. Once the traffic is resumed by the LAN host, the connection will be re-activated.

Health Check Settings	
Health Check Method	? SmartCheck ▼
Timeout	? 5 ▼ second(s)
Health Check Interval	? 10 ▼ second(s)
Health Check Retries	? 3 ▼
Recovery Retries	? 3 ▼

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Health Check Settings

Health Check Method

This setting allows you to specify the health check method for the cellular connection. Available options are **Disabled**, **Ping**, **DNS Lookup**, **HTTP**, and **SmartCheck**. The default method is **DNS Lookup**. See **Section 9.4** for configuration details.

Timeout

If a health check test cannot be completed within the specified amount of time, the test will be treated as failed.

Health Check Interval

This is the time interval between each health check test.

Health Check Retries

This is the number of consecutive check failures before treating a connection as down.

Recovery Retries

This is the number of responses required after a health check failure before treating a connection as up again.

Dynamic DNS Settings

Dynamic DNS Service Provider

Disabled

Dynamic DNS Settings

Dynamic DNS Service Provider

This setting specifies the dynamic DNS service provider to be used for the WAN based on supported dynamic DNS service providers:

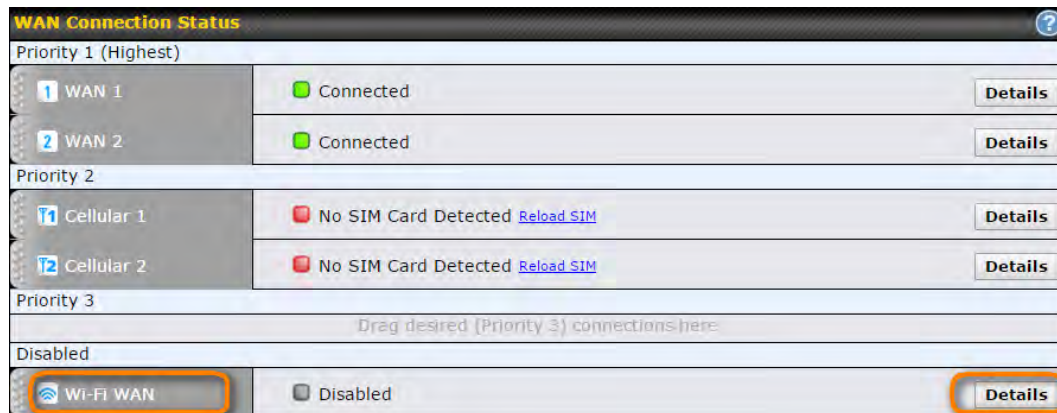
- changeip.com
- dyndns.org
- no-ip.org
- tzo.com
- DNS-O-Matic

Select **Disabled** to disable this feature. See **Section 9.5** for configuration details.

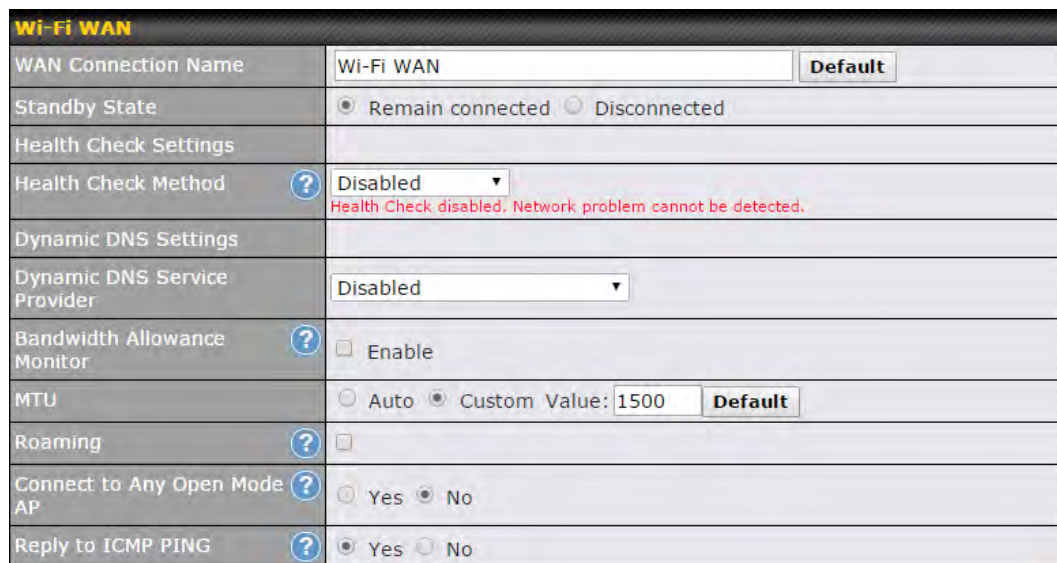
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9.3 Wi-Fi WAN

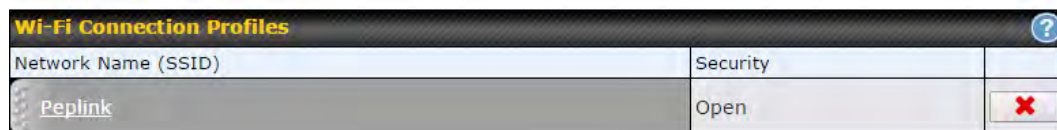
To access Wi-Fi WAN settings, click **Network>WAN>Details**.



The screenshot shows the 'WAN Connection Status' window. It lists connections by priority. Priority 1 (Highest) includes WAN 1 and WAN 2, both connected. Priority 2 includes Cellular 1 and Cellular 2, both with 'No SIM Card Detected' and a 'Reload SIM' link. Priority 3 is empty with a 'Drag desired (Priority 3) connections here' instruction. At the bottom, under a 'Disabled' section, 'Wi-Fi WAN' is listed as disabled with a 'Details' button highlighted by an orange box.



The screenshot shows the 'Wi-Fi WAN' configuration window. Fields include: WAN Connection Name (Wi-Fi WAN, Default), Standby State (Remain connected selected), Health Check Settings (Health Check Method: Disabled, with a red error message 'Health Check disabled. Network problem cannot be detected.'), Dynamic DNS Settings (Dynamic DNS Service Provider: Disabled), Bandwidth Allowance Monitor (disabled), MTU (Auto selected, Custom Value: 1500, Default), Roaming (disabled), Connect to Any Open Mode AP (No selected), and Reply to ICMP PING (Yes selected).



The screenshot shows the 'Wi-Fi Connection Profiles' window. It has a table with columns for Network Name (SSID), Security, and a status icon. The first entry is 'Peplink' with 'Open' security and a red 'X' icon.

Wi-Fi WAN Settings

WAN Connection Name

Enter a name to represent this WAN connection.

Standby State

This setting specifies the state of the WAN connection while in standby. The available options are **Remain Connected** (hot standby) and **Disconnect** (cold standby).

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Health Check Method	This setting allows you to specify the health check method for the WAN connection. The available options are Disabled , Ping , DNS Lookup , and HTTP . The default method is Disabled . See Section 9.4 for configuration details.
Dynamic DNS Settings/Dynamic DNS Service Provider	This setting specifies the dynamic DNS service provider to be used for the WAN based on supported dynamic DNS service providers: • changeip.com • dyndns.org • no-ip.org • tzo.com • DNS-O-Matic Select Disabled to disable this feature. See Section 9.5 for configuration details.
Bandwidth Allowance Monitor	This option allows you to enable bandwidth usage monitoring on this WAN connection for each billing cycle. When this is not enabled, bandwidth usage each month is still being tracked, but no action will be taken.
MTU	This setting specifies the maximum transmission unit. By default, MTU is set to Custom 1440 . You may adjust the MTU value by editing the text field. Click Default to restore the default MTU value. Select Auto and the appropriate MTU value will be automatically detected. The auto-detection will run each time the WAN connection establishes.
Roaming	Checking this box will enable Wi-Fi roaming. Click the  icon for additional options.
Connect to Any Open Mode AP	This option is to specify whether the Wi-Fi WAN will connect to any open mode access point it finds. By default, this is disabled.
Reply to ICMP PING	If this setting is disabled, the WAN connection will not respond to ICMP ping requests. By default, this setting is enabled.

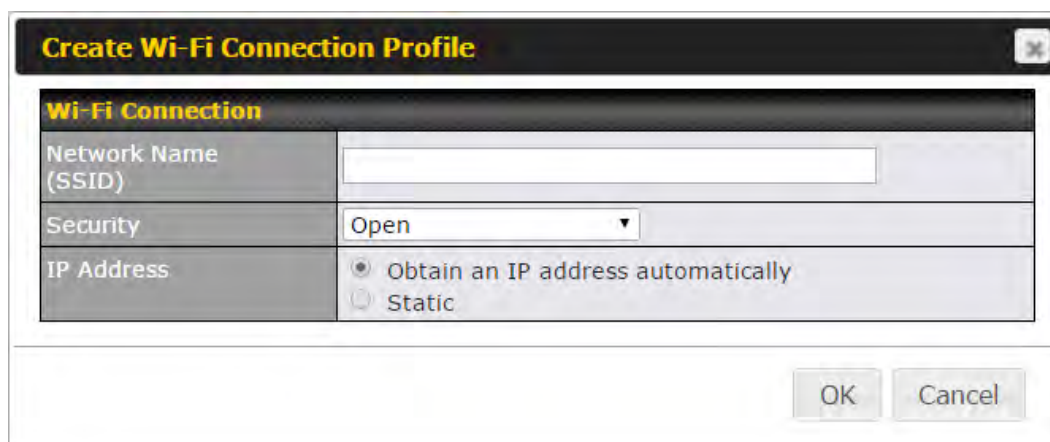
9.3.1 Creating Wi-Fi Connection Profiles

You can manually create a profile to connect to a Wi-Fi connection. This is useful for creating a profile for connecting to hidden-SSID access points. Click **Network>WAN>Details>Create Profile...** to get started.



This will open a window similar to the one shown below:

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Create Wi-Fi Connection Profile

Wi-Fi Connection

Network Name (SSID)	
Security	Open ▼
IP Address	☒ Obtain an IP address automatically ☐ Static

OK Cancel

Wi-Fi Connection Profile Settings

Type

Select whether the network will connect automatically or manually.

Network Name (SSID)

Enter a name to represent this Wi-Fi connection.

This option allows you to select which security policy is used for this wireless network. Available options:

Security

- **Open**

Security	Open ▼
----------	--------

- **WEP**

Security	WEP ▼
Encryption Key	 ☒ Hide Characters

- **WPA/WPA2 – Personal**

Security	WPA/WPA2-Personal ▼
Shared Key	 ☒ Hide Characters

- **WPA/WPA2 – Enterprise**

Security	WPA/WPA2-Enterprise ▼
Login ID	
Password	
Confirm Password	
EAP Method	PEAP ▼
EAP Phase 2 Method	EAP/CHAP ▼
EAP outer authentication identity	☒ Anonymous ☐ User Credentials ☐ Other:

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9.4 WAN Health Check

To ensure traffic is routed to healthy WAN connections only, the Pepwave router can periodically check the health of each WAN connection. The health check settings for each WAN connection can be independently configured via **Network>WAN>Details**.

Health Check Settings	
Method	This setting specifies the health check method for the WAN connection. This value can be configured as Disabled , PING , DNS Lookup , or HTTP . The default method is DNS Lookup . For mobile Internet connections, the value of Method can be configured as Disabled or SmartCheck .
Health Check Disabled	
Health Check Method  Disabled  Health Check disabled. Network problem cannot be detected.	
When Disabled is chosen in the Method field, the WAN connection will always be considered as up. The connection will NOT be treated as down in the event of IP routing errors.	
Health Check Method: PING	
Health Check Method  PING  PING Hosts  Host 1: Host 2: ☒ Use first two DNS servers as PING Hosts	
ICMP ping packets will be issued to test the connectivity with a configurable target IP address or hostname. A WAN connection is considered as up if ping responses are received from either one or both of the ping hosts.	
PING Hosts	This setting specifies IP addresses or hostnames with which connectivity is to be tested via ICMP ping. If Use first two DNS servers as Ping Hosts is checked, the target ping host will be the first DNS server for the corresponding WAN connection. Reliable ping hosts with a high uptime should be considered. By default, the first two DNS servers of the WAN connection are used as the ping hosts.
Health Check Method: DNS Lookup	
Health Check Method  DNS Lookup  Health Check DNS Servers  Host 1: Host 2: ☒ Use first two DNS servers as Health Check DNS Servers ☐ Include public DNS servers	
DNS lookups will be issued to test connectivity with target DNS servers. The connection will be treated as up if DNS responses are received from one or both of the servers, regardless of whether the result was positive or negative.	
Health Check DNS Servers	This field allows you to specify two DNS hosts' IP addresses with which connectivity is to be tested via DNS lookup. If Use first two DNS servers as Health Check DNS Servers is checked, the first two DNS servers will be the DNS lookup targets for checking a connection's health. If the box is not checked, Host 1 must be filled, while a value for Host 2 is optional. If Include public DNS servers is selected and no response is received from all specified DNS servers, DNS lookups will also be issued to some public DNS servers. A WAN connection will be treated as down only if there is also no response received from the public DNS servers. Connections will be considered as up if DNS responses are received from any one of the health check DNS servers, regardless of a positive or negative result. By default, the first two DNS servers of the WAN connection are used as the health check DNS servers.

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Health Check Method: HTTP

Health Check Method	?	HTTP
URL 1	?	http:// Matching String: ☐
URL 2	?	http:// Matching String: ☐

HTTP connections will be issued to test connectivity with configurable URLs and strings to match.

URL1

WAN Settings>WAN Edit>Health Check Settings>URL1

The URL will be retrieved when performing an HTTP health check. When **String to Match** is left blank, a health check will pass if the HTTP return code is between 200 and 299 (Note: HTTP redirection codes 301 or 302 are treated as failures). When **String to Match** is filled, a health check will pass if the HTTP return code is between 200 and 299 and if the HTTP response content contains the string.

URL 2

WAN Settings>WAN Edit>Health Check Settings>URL2

If **URL2** is also provided, a health check will pass if either one of the tests passed.

Timeout	?	10	second(s)
Health Check Interval	?	5	second(s)
Health Check Retries	?	3	
Recovery Retries	?	3	

Other Health Check Settings

Timeout

This setting specifies the timeout in seconds for ping/DNS lookup requests. The default timeout is **5 seconds**.

Health Check Interval

This setting specifies the time interval in seconds between ping or DNS lookup requests. The default health check interval is **5 seconds**.

Health Check Retries

This setting specifies the number of consecutive ping/DNS lookup timeouts after which the Pepwave router will treat the corresponding WAN connection as down. Default health retries is set to **3**. Using the default **Health Retries** setting of **3**, the corresponding WAN connection will be treated as down after three consecutive timeouts.

Recovery Retries

This setting specifies the number of consecutive successful ping/DNS lookup responses that must be received before the Pepwave router treats a previously down WAN connection as up again. By default, **Recovery Retries** is set to **3**. Using the default setting, a WAN connection that is treated as down will be considered as up again upon receiving three consecutive successful ping/DNS lookup responses.

Automatic Public DNS Server Check on DNS Test Failure

When the health check method is set to **DNS Lookup** and health checks fail, the Pepwave router will automatically perform DNS lookups on public DNS servers. If the tests are successful, the WAN may not be down, but rather the target DNS server malfunctioned. You will see the following warning message on the main page:

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⚠ Failed to receive DNS response from the health-check DNS servers for WAN connection 3. But public DNS server lookup test via the WAN passed. So please check the DNS server settings.

9.5 Dynamic DNS Settings

Pepwave routers are capable of registering the domain name relationships to dynamic DNS service providers. Through registration with dynamic DNS service provider(s), the default public Internet IP address of each WAN connection can be associated with a host name. With dynamic DNS service enabled for a WAN connection, you can connect to your WAN's IP address from the external, even if its IP address is dynamic. You must register for an account from the listed dynamic DNS service providers before enabling this option.

If the WAN connection's IP address is a reserved private IP address (i.e., behind a NAT router), the public IP of each WAN will be automatically reported to the DNS service provider.

Either upon a change in IP addresses or every 23 days without link reconnection, the Pepwave router will connect to the dynamic DNS service provider to perform an IP address update within the provider's records.

The settings for dynamic DNS service provider(s) and the association of hostname(s) are configured via **Network>WAN>Details>Dynamic DNS Service Provider/Dynamic DNS Settings**.

Dynamic DNS Service Provider	changeip.com
User ID	
Password	
Confirm Password	
Hosts	

Dynamic DNS Settings

Dynamic DNS

This setting specifies the dynamic DNS service provider to be used for the WAN based on supported dynamic DNS service providers:

- changeip.com
- dyndns.org
- no-ip.org
- tzo.com
- DNS-O-Matic

Select **Disabled** to disable this feature.

Account Name /

This setting specifies the registered user name for the dynamic DNS service.

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Email Address

**Password / TZO
Key**

This setting specifies the password for the dynamic DNS service.

Hosts / Domain

This field allows you to specify a list of host names or domains to be associated with the public Internet IP address of the WAN connection. If you need to enter more than one host, use a carriage return to separate them.

Important Note

In order to use dynamic DNS services, appropriate host name registration(s) and a valid account with a supported dynamic DNS service provider are required. A dynamic DNS update is performed whenever a WAN's IP address changes (e.g., the IP is changed after a DHCP IP refresh, reconnection, etc.). Due to dynamic DNS service providers' policy, a dynamic DNS host will automatically expire if the host record has not been updated for a long time. Therefore the Pepwave router performs an update every 23 days, even if a WAN's IP address has not changed.

10 Advanced Wi-Fi Settings

Wi-Fi settings can be configured at **Advanced>Wi-Fi Settings** (or **AP>Settings** on some models). Note that menus displayed can vary by model.

Wi-Fi Radio Settings	
Operating Country	United States

Wi-Fi Radio Settings	
Operating Country	This drop-down menu specifies the national/regional regulations which the Wi-Fi radio should follow. - If a North American region is selected, RF channels 1 to 11 will be available and the maximum transmission power will be 26 dBm (400 mW). - If European region is selected, RF channels 1 to 13 will be available. The maximum transmission power will be 20 dBm (100 mW). NOTE: Users are required to choose an option suitable to local laws and regulations.

Important Note

Per FCC regulation, the country selection is not available on all models marketed in the US. All US models are fixed to US channels only.

Wi-Fi AP Settings	
Protocol	802.11ng
Channel	1 (2.412 GHz)
Channel Width	Auto
Output Power	Max ☐ Boost

Wi-Fi AP Settings	
Protocol	This option allows you to specify whether 802.11b and/or 802.11g client association requests will be accepted. Available options are 802.11ng and 802.11na . By default, 802.11ng is selected.
Channel	This option allows you to select which 802.11 RF channel will be utilized. Channel 1 (2.412 GHz) is selected by default.
Channel Width	Available options are 20 MHz , 40 MHz , and Auto (20/40 MHz) . Default is Auto (20/40 MHz) , which allows both widths to be used simultaneously.
Output Power	This option is for specifying the transmission output power for the Wi-Fi AP. There are 4 relative power levels available – Max , High , Mid , and Low . The actual output power will be bound by the regulatory limits of the selected country.

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Advanced Wi-Fi AP settings can be displayed by clicking the  on the top right-hand corner of the **Wi-Fi AP Settings** section, which can be found at **AP>Settings**. Other models will display a separate section called **Wi-Fi AP Advanced Settings**, which can be found at **Advanced>Wi-Fi Settings**.

Beacon Rate		1Mbps
Beacon Interval		100ms
DTIM		1
Slot Time		9 μ s
ACK Timeout		48 μ s
Frame Aggregation		☒ Enable
Guard Interval		☐ Short ☒ Long

Wi-Fi AP Advanced Settings	
Beacon Rate ^A	This option is for setting the transmit bit rate for sending a beacon. By default, 1Mbps is selected.
Beacon Interval ^A	This option is for setting the time interval between each beacon. By default, 100ms is selected.
DTIM ^A	This field allows you to set the frequency for the beacon to include delivery traffic indication messages. The interval is measured in milliseconds. The default value is set to 1 ms .
Slot Time ^A	This field is for specifying the unit wait time before transmitting a packet. By default, this field is set to 9 μs .
ACK Timeout ^A	This field is for setting the wait time to receive an acknowledgement packet before performing a retransmission. By default, this field is set to 48 μs .
Frame Aggregation ^A	This option allows you to enable frame aggregation to increase transmission throughput.
Guard Interval ^A	This is where you opt for a short or long guard period interval for your transmissions.

^A - Advanced feature, please click the  button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

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Wi-Fi WAN settings can be configured at **Advanced>Wi-Fi Settings** (or **Advanced>Wi-Fi WAN** or some models).

Wi-Fi WAN Settings	
Channel Width	20/40 MHz ▾
Bit Rate	Auto ▾
Output Power	Max ▾ ☐ Boost

Wi-Fi WAN Settings	
Channel Width	Available options are 20/40 MHz and 20 MHz . Default is 20/40 MHz , which allows both widths to be used simultaneously.
Bit Rate	This option allows you to select a specific bit rate for data transfer over the device's Wi-Fi network. By default, Auto is selected.
Output Power	This option is for specifying the transmission output power for the Wi-Fi AP. There are 4 relative power levels available – Max , High , Mid , and Low . The actual output power will be bound by the regulatory limits of the selected country. Note that selecting the Boost option may cause the MAX's radio output to exceed local regulatory limits.

11 MediaFast Configuration

MediaFast settings can be configured from the **Network** menu.

11.1 Setting Up MediaFast Content Caching

To access MediaFast content caching settings, select **Advanced>Cache Control**.

Cache Control											
Domains / IP Addresses	☐ Cache all ☒ Whitelist ☐ Blacklist ted.com										
Content Type	☒ Video ☒ Audio ☒ Images ☒ OS / Application Updates										
Cache Lifetime Settings	<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>File Extension</th><th>Lifetime (days)</th><th></th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>jpg</td><td>30</td><td>X</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>+</td></tr></tbody></table>		File Extension	Lifetime (days)		jpg	30	X			+
File Extension	Lifetime (days)										
jpg	30	X									
		+									

Cache Control Settings	
Domain	Choose to Cache on all domains , or enter domain names and then choose either Cache the specified domains only or Do not cache the specified domains .
Content Type	Check these boxes to cache the listed content types or leave boxes unchecked to disable caching for the listed types.
Cache Lifetime Settings	Enter a file extension, such as JPG or DOC. Then enter a lifetime in days to specify how long files with that extension will be cached. Add or delete entries using the controls on the right.

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11.2 Scheduling Content Prefetching

Content prefetching allows you to download content on a schedule that you define, which can help to preserve network bandwidth during busy times and keep costs down. To access MediaFast content prefetching settings, select **Advanced>Prefetch Schedule**.

Prefetch Schedule								
Name	Status	Next Run Time	Last Run Time	Last Duration	Result	Last Download	Actions	
▶ Course Progress	Downloading	04-11 06:00	04-09 02:03	-		0 B		
▶ National Geog	Ready	04-11 00:00	04-09 00:00	00:01		4.98 kB		
▶ Syllabus	Downloading	04-11 06:00	04-09 06:00	-		0 B		
▶ Vimeo	Ready	04-11 00:00	04-09 02:03	00:01		115.91 kB		
▶ ted	Ready	04-11 00:00	04-09 00:00	00:01		62.26 kB		
New Schedule								
Tools								
Clear Web Cache Clear Statistics								

Prefetch Schedule Settings	
Name	This field displays the name given to the scheduled download.
Status	Check the status of your scheduled download here.
Next Run Time/Last Run Time	These fields display the date and time of the next and most recent occurrences of the scheduled download.
Last Duration	Check this field to ensure that the most recent download took as long as expected to complete. A value that is too low might indicate an incomplete download or incorrectly specified download target, while a value that is too long could mean a download with an incorrectly specified target or stop time.
Result	This field indicates whether downloads are in progress () or complete ().
Last Download	Check this field to ensure that the most recent download file size is within the expected range. A value that is too low might indicate an incomplete download or incorrectly specified download target, while a value that is too long could mean a download with an incorrectly specified target or stop time. This field is also useful for quickly seeing which downloads are consuming the most storage space.
Actions	To begin a scheduled download immediately, click . To cancel a scheduled download, click . To edit a scheduled download, click . To delete a scheduled download, click .
New Schedule	To begin creating a new scheduled download, click this button.

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Clear Web Cache

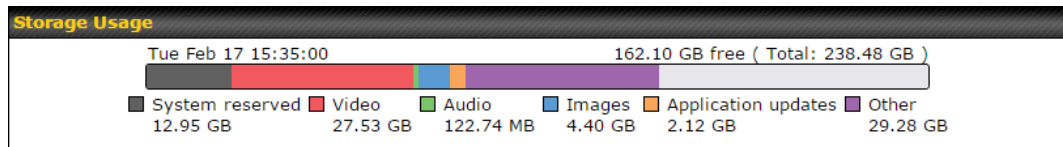
To clear all cached content, click this button. Note that this action cannot be undone.

Clear Statistics

To clear all prefetch and status page statistics, click this button.

11.3 Viewing MediaFast Statistics

To get details on storage and bandwidth usage, select **Status>MediaFast**.



Bandwidth Summary

	Bandwidth Saved	Total Bandwidth	Accesses
Today	2.94 GB (68.9%)	4.27 GB	76374
Last week	1.32 GB (9.4%)	14.05 GB	138395
Last month	141.54 GB (36.5%)	388.00 GB	7.00 million
Last year	142.14 GB (36.0%)	394.40 GB	7.13 million

Bandwidth Details

Period:

Order:

	Bandwidth Saved	Total Bandwidth	Accesses
Web Domain			
apple.com	2.52 GB (92.0%)	2.74 GB	436
office.net	28.64 MB (98.0%)	29.23 MB	92
canonical.com	13.51 MB (100%)	13.51 MB	2
ubuntu.com	8.14 MB (25.0%)	32.60 MB	425
blogspot.com	3.13 MB (22.3%)	14.04 MB	115
nextmedia.com	2.85 MB (54.6%)	5.21 MB	326
File Category			
application	2.72 GB (82.8%)	3.28 GB	27752
image	144.71 MB (40.0%)	361.82 MB	14359
text	49.69 MB (11.6%)	429.80 MB	33252
video	36.57 MB (16.5%)	221.94 MB	914
font	2.27 MB (81.8%)	2.77 MB	75
Media Type			
octet-stream	2.52 GB (91.4%)	2.75 GB	695
png	105.31 MB (53.1%)	198.16 MB	3620
pkix-crl	99.57 MB (83.2%)	119.72 MB	93
zip	55.20 MB (50.3%)	109.82 MB	12
mp4	36.57 MB (25.3%)	144.70 MB	46
jpeg	34.56 MB (24.2%)	142.67 MB	4798
plain	30.27 MB (15.9%)	190.47 MB	7413

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12 Bandwidth Bonding SpeedFusion™/ PepVPN



Pepwave bandwidth bonding SpeedFusion™ functionality securely connects your Pepwave router to another Pepwave or Peplink device (Peplink Balance 210/310/380/580/710/1350 only). Data, voice, or video communications between these locations are kept confidential across the public Internet.

Bandwidth bonding SpeedFusion™ is specifically designed for multi-WAN environments. Pepwave routers can aggregate all WAN connections' bandwidth for routing SpeedFusion™ traffic. Unless all the WAN connections of one site are down, Pepwave routers can keep the VPN up and running.

VPN bandwidth bonding is supported in Firmware 5.1 or above. All available bandwidth will be utilized to establish the VPN tunnel, and all traffic will be load balanced at packet level across all links. VPN bandwidth bonding is enabled by default.

12.1 PepVPN

PepVPN with SpeedFusion™



InControl management enabled. Settings can now be configured on [InControl](#).

Profile	Remote ID	Remote Address(es)	
EL Office	8345-5F7A-DE97		X
New Profile			

Send All Traffic To
No PepVPN profile selected

PepVPN	
Local ID	MAX_HD2_DEF1

Link Failure Detection	
Link Failure Detection Time	☒ Recommended (Approx. 15 secs) ☐ Fast (Approx. 6 secs) ☐ Faster (Approx. 2 secs) ☐ Extreme (Under 1 sec) Shorter detection time incurs more health checks and higher bandwidth overhead
Save	

The local LAN subnet and subnets behind the LAN (defined under **Static Route** on the LAN settings page) will be advertised to the VPN. All VPN members (branch offices and headquarters) will be able to route to local subnets.

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Note that all LAN subnets and the subnets behind them must be unique. Otherwise, VPN members will not be able to access each other.

All data can be routed over the VPN using the 256-bit AES encryption standard. To configure, navigate to **Advanced>SpeedFusion™** or **Advanced>PepVPN** and click the **New Profile** button to create a new VPN profile (you may have to first save the displayed default profile in order to access the **New Profile** button). Each profile specifies the settings for making VPN connection with one remote Pepwave or Peplink device. Note that available settings vary by model.

PepVPN Profile							
Name							
Active	☒						
SpeedFusion	Supported						
Encryption	☒ 256-bit AES ☐ OFF						
Authentication	☒ Remote ID / Pre-shared Key ☐ X.509						
Remote ID / Pre-shared Key	<table><tr><td>Remote ID</td><td>Pre-shared Key</td><td></td></tr><tr><td> </td><td> </td><td> + </td></tr></table>	Remote ID	Pre-shared Key				+
Remote ID	Pre-shared Key						
		+					
Allow shared Remote ID	☐						
NAT Mode	☐						
Remote IP Address / Host Names (Optional)	 If this field is empty, this field on the remote unit must be filled						
Data Port	☒ Default ☐ Custom						
Bandwidth Limit	☐						
WAN Smoothing	Normal ▼						

A list of defined SpeedFusion connection profiles and a **Link Failure Detection Time** option will be shown. Click the **New Profile** button to create a new VPN connection profile for making a VPN connection to a remote Peplink Balance via the available WAN connections. Each profile is for making a VPN connection with one remote Peplink Balance.

PepVPN Profile Settings	
Name	This field is for specifying a name to represent this profile. The name can be any combination of alphanumeric characters (0-9, A-Z, a-z), underscores (_), dashes (-), and/or non-leading/trailing spaces ().
Active	When this box is checked, this VPN connection profile will be enabled. Otherwise, it will be disabled.
Encryption	By default, VPN traffic is encrypted with 256-bit AES . If Off is selected on both sides of a VPN connection, no encryption will be applied.
Authentication	Select from By Remote ID Only , Preshared Key , or X.509 to specify the method the Peplink Balance will use to authenticate peers. When selecting By Remote ID Only , be

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	sure to enter a unique peer ID number in the Remote ID field.
Remote ID / Pre-shared Key	This optional field becomes available when Remote ID /Pre-shared Key is selected as the Peplink Balance's VPN Authentication method, as explained above. Pre-shared Key defines the pre-shared key used for this particular VPN connection. While the Remote ID is mandatory for authentication, the Pre-shared Key is optional; providing an extra layer of security. The connection will be up only if the pre-shared keys on each side match. When the peer is running firmware 5.0+, this setting will be ignored. Pre-shared keys can be up to 63 characters in length, Enter Remote IDs either by typing out each Remote ID and Pre-shared Key, or by pasting a CSV. If you wish to paste your credentials from an existing CSV file, click the  icon next to the "Remote ID / Preshared Key" setting.
Remote ID/Remote Certificate	These optional fields become available when X.509 is selected as the Peplink Balance's VPN authentication method, as explained above. To authenticate VPN connections using X.509 certificates, copy and paste certificate details into these fields. To get more information on a listed X.509 certificate, click the Show Details link below the field.
Allow Shared Remote ID	When this option is enabled, the router will allow multiple peers to run using the same remote ID.
NAT Mode	When NAT Mode is enabled, all remote traffic over the VPN will be tagged with the IP address assigned by the DHCP server. This prevents address conflicts when multiple remote sites are on the same LAN subnet.
Remote IP Address / Host Names (Optional)	If NAT Mode is not enabled, you can enter a remote peer's WAN IP address or hostname(s) here. If the remote uses more than one address, enter only one of them here. Multiple hostnames are allowed and can be separated by a space character or carriage return. Dynamic-DNS host names are also accepted. This field is optional. With this field filled, the Peplink Balance will initiate connection to each of the remote IP addresses until it succeeds in making a connection. If the field is empty, the Peplink Balance will wait for connection from the remote peer. Therefore, at least one of the two VPN peers must specify this value. Otherwise, VPN connections cannot be established.
Data Port	This field is used to specify a UDP port number for transporting outgoing VPN data. If Default is selected, UDP port 4500 will be used. Port 32015 will be used if the remote unit uses Firmware prior to version 5.4 or if port 4500 is unavailable. If Custom is selected, enter an outgoing port number from 1 to 65535. This is useful for situations where UDP ports 4500 and 32015 are blocked. Port numbers do not need to be the same on both ends of the VPN tunnel.
Bandwidth Limit	Define maximum download and upload speed to each individual peer. This functionality requires the peer to use PepVPN version 4.0.0 or above.
WAN	Select the degree to which WAN Smoothing will be implemented across your WAN links.

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Smoothing^A

^A - Advanced feature, please click the  button on the top right-hand corner to activate. To enable Layer 2 Bridging between PepVPN profiles, navigate to **Network>LAN>Basic Settings>*LAN Profile Name*** and refer to instructions in section 8.1

WAN Connection Priority 					
	Priority	Direction	Connect to Remote	Cut-off latency (ms)	Suspension Time after Packet Loss (ms)
1. WAN 1	1 (Highest) ▼	Up/Down ▼	All ▼		
2. WAN 2	1 (Highest) ▼	Up/Down ▼	All ▼		
3. Wi-Fi WAN	1 (Highest) ▼	Up/Down ▼	All ▼		
4. Cellular 1	1 (Highest) ▼	Up/Down ▼	All ▼		
5. Cellular 2	1 (Highest) ▼	Up/Down ▼	All ▼		
6. USB	1 (Highest) ▼	Up/Down ▼	All ▼		

WAN Connection Priority

WAN Connection Priority

If your device supports it, you can specify the priority of WAN connections to be used for making VPN connections. WAN connections set to **OFF** will never be used. Only available WAN connections with the highest priority will be used.

To enable asymmetric connections, connection mapping to remote WANs, cut-off latency, and packet loss suspension time, click the  button.

Send All Traffic To

No PepVPN profile selected 

Send All Traffic To

This feature allows you to redirect all traffic to a specified PepVPN connection. Click the  button to select your connection and the following menu will appear:

Send All Traffic

Send All Traffic To ☒ VPN Connection 2 ▼

DNS Server
135.36.14.0

You could also specify a DNS server to resolve incoming DNS requests.

Outbound Policy/PepVPN Outbound Custom Rules

Some models allow you to set outbound policy and custom outbound rules from **Advanced>PepVPN**. See **Section 14** for more information on outbound policy settings.

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The screenshot shows two configuration windows. The top window, titled 'Outbound Policy', has a dropdown menu set to 'According to custom rules' and a red edit icon in the top right corner. The bottom window, titled 'PepVPN Outbound Custom Rules', contains a table with columns: Service, Algorithm, Source, Destination, and Protocol. The 'Source' field is set to '(Auto)'. Below the table is an 'Add Rule' button.

The screenshot shows the 'PepVPN Local ID' configuration window. It has a label 'Local ID' followed by a text input field containing 'MAX_HD2_8D1C'. There is a blue question mark icon to the left of the input field and a red edit icon in the top right corner.

PepVPN Local ID

The local ID is a text string (254 characters maximum length) to identify this local unit when establishing a VPN connection. When creating a profile on a remote unit, this local ID must be entered in the remote unit's **Remote ID** field. Click the  icon to edit **Local ID**.

The screenshot shows the 'PepVPN Settings' configuration window. It has two main sections. The first section, 'Handshake Port', has radio buttons for 'Default' (selected) and 'Custom' with an adjacent text input field. The second section, 'Link Failure Detection Time', has radio buttons for 'Recommended (Approx. 15 secs)' (selected), 'Fast (Approx. 6 secs)', 'Faster (Approx. 2 secs)', and 'Extreme (Under 1 sec)'. Below these is a note: 'Shorter detection time incurs more health checks and higher bandwidth overhead'. A 'Save' button is at the bottom right.

PepVPN Settings

1.1.1.2 Handshake Port^A

1.1.1.3 To designate a custom handshake port (TCP), click the **custom** radio button and enter the port number you wish to designate.

Link Failure Detection Time

The bonded VPN can detect routing failures on the path between two sites over each WAN connection. Failed WAN connections will not be used to route VPN traffic. Health check packets are sent to the remote unit to detect any failure. The more frequently checks are sent, the shorter the detection time, although more bandwidth will be consumed.

When **Recommended** (default) is selected, a health check packet is sent every five seconds, and the expected detection time is 15 seconds.

When **Fast** is selected, a health check packet is sent every three seconds, and the expected detection time is six seconds.

When **Faster** is selected, a health check packet is sent every second, and the expected detection time is two seconds.

When **Extreme** is selected, a health check packet is sent every 0.1 second, and the expected detection time is less than one second.

^A - Advanced feature, please click the  button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

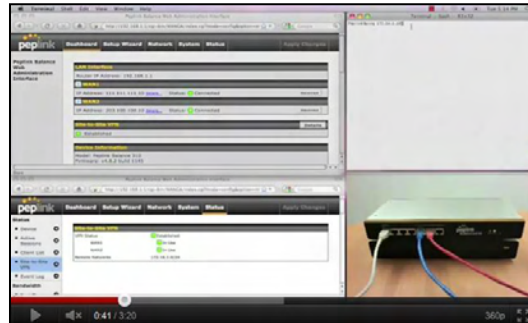
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Important Note

Peplink proprietary SpeedFusion™ uses TCP port 32015 and UDP port 4500 for establishing VPN connections. If you have a firewall in front of your Pepwave devices, you will need to add firewall rules for these ports and protocols to allow inbound and outbound traffic to pass through the firewall.

Tip

Want to know more about VPN sub-second session failover? Visit our YouTube Channel for a video tutorial!



<http://youtu.be/TLQgdpPSY88>

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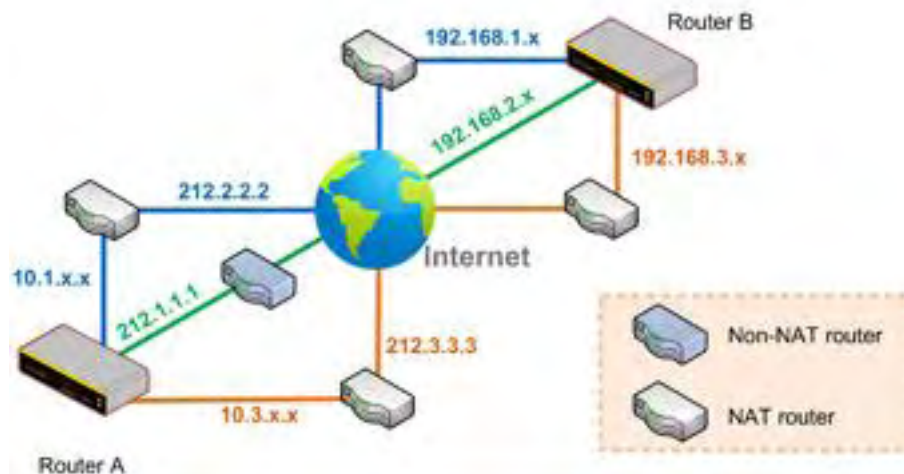
12.2 The Pepwave Router Behind a NAT Router

Pepwave routers support establishing SpeedFusion™ over WAN connections which are behind a NAT (network address translation) router.

To enable a WAN connection behind a NAT router to accept VPN connections, you can configure the NAT router in front of the WAN connection to inbound port-forward TCP port 32015 to the Pepwave router.

If one or more WAN connections on Unit A can accept VPN connections (by means of port forwarding or not), while none of the WAN connections on the peer Unit B can do so, you should enter all of Unit A's public IP addresses or hostnames into Unit B's **Remote IP Addresses / Host Names** field. Leave the field in Unit A blank. With this setting, a SpeedFusion™ connection can be set up and all WAN connections on both sides will be utilized.

See the following diagram for an example of this setup in use:



One of the WANs connected to Router A is non-NAT'd (212.1.1.1). The rest of the WANs connected to Router A and all WANs connected to Router B are NAT'd. In this case, the **Peer IP Addresses / Host Names** field for Router B should be filled with all of Router A's hostnames or public IP addresses (i.e., 212.1.1.1, 212.2.2.2, and 212.3.3.3), and the field in Router A can be left blank. The two NAT routers on WAN1 and WAN3 connected to Router A should inbound port-forward TCP port 32015 to Router A so that all WANs will be utilized in establishing the VPN.

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12.3 SpeedFusion™ Status

SpeedFusion™ status is shown in the **Dashboard**. The connection status of each connection profile is shown as below.

SpeedFusion™		Status
FL Office		Established
NY Office		Established

If a remote IP address has not been specified, the status will be displayed as “Starting”. In this state, it will simply wait for an incoming connection and will consume no resources.

After clicking the **Status** button at the top right corner of the SpeedFusion™ table, you will be forwarded to **Status>SpeedFusion™**, where you can view subnet and WAN connection information for each VPN peer. Please refer to **Section 22.6** for details.

IP Subnets Must Be Unique Among VPN Peers

The entire interconnected SpeedFusion™ network is a single non-NAT IP network. Avoid duplicating subnets in your sites to prevent connectivity problems when accessing those subnets.

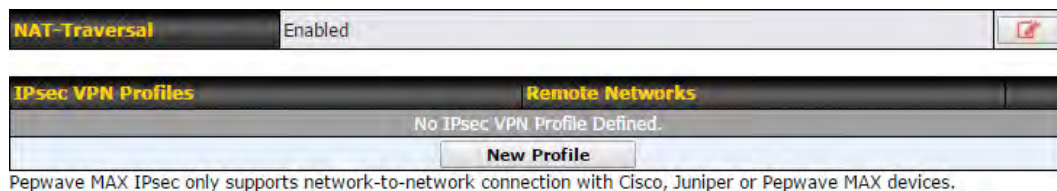
13 IPsec VPN

IPsec VPN functionality securely connects one or more branch offices to your company's main headquarters or to other branches. Data, voice, and video communications between these locations are kept safe and confidential across the public Internet.

IPsecVPN on Pepwave routers is specially designed for multi-WAN environments. For instance, if a user sets up multiple IPsec profiles for a multi-WAN environment and WAN1 is connected and healthy, IPsec traffic will go through this link. However, should unforeseen problems (e.g., unplugged cables or ISP problems) cause WAN1 to go down, our IPsec implementation will make use of WAN2 and WAN3 for failover.

13.1 IPsec VPN Settings

Many Pepwave products can make multiple IPsec VPN connections with Peplink, Pepwave, Cisco, and Juniper routers. Note that all LAN subnets and the subnets behind them must be unique. Otherwise, VPN members will not be able to access each other. All data can be routed over the VPN with a selection of encryption standards, such as 3DES, AES-128, and AES-256. To configure IPsec VPN on Pepwave devices that support it, navigate to **Advanced > IPsec VPN**.



A **NAT-Traversal** option and list of defined **IPsec VPN** profiles will be shown. **NAT-Traversal** should be enabled if your system is behind a NAT router. Click the **New Profile** button to create new IPsec VPN profiles that make VPN connections to remote Pepwave, Cisco, or Juniper routers via available WAN connections. To edit any of the profiles, click on its associated connection name in the leftmost column.



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Name	Profile 1		
Active	☒		
Remote Gateway IP Address / Host Name			
Local Networks	☒ 192.168.50.0/24 ☐		
Remote Networks	Network	Subnet Mask	
		255.255.255.0 (/24) ▼	+
Authentication	☒ Preshared Key ☐ X.509 Certificate		
Mode	☒ Main Mode (All WANs need to have Static IP) ☐ Aggressive Mode		
Force UDP Encapsulation	☐		
Preshared Key	 ☒ Hide Characters		
Local ID			
Remote ID			
Phase 1 (IKE) Proposal	1 AES-256 & SHA1 ▼ 2 ----- ▼		
Phase 1 DH Group	☒ Group 2: MODP 1024 ☐ Group 5: MODP 1536		
Phase 1 SA Lifetime	3600	seconds	Default
Phase 2 (ESP) Proposal	1 AES-256 & SHA1 ▼ 2 ----- ▼		
Phase 2 PFS Group	☒ None ☐ Group 2: MODP 1024 ☐ Group 5: MODP 1536		
Phase 2 SA Lifetime	28800	seconds	Default

IPsec VPN Settings

Name	This field is for specifying a local name to represent this connection profile.
Active	When this box is checked, this IPsec VPN connection profile will be enabled. Otherwise, it will be disabled.
Connect Upon Disconnection of	Check this box and select a WAN to connect to this VPN automatically when the specified WAN is disconnected.
Remote Gateway IP Address / Host Name	Enter the remote peer's public IP address. For Aggressive Mode , this is optional.
Local Networks	Enter the local LAN subnets here. If you have defined static routes, they will be shown here.
Remote Networks	Enter the LAN and subnets that are located at the remote site here.

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Authentication	To access your VPN, clients will need to authenticate by your choice of methods. Choose between the Preshared Key and X.509 Certificate methods of authentication.
Mode	Choose Main Mode if both IPsec peers use static IP addresses. Choose Aggressive Mode if one of the IPsec peers uses dynamic IP addresses.
Force UDP Encapsulation	For forced UDP encapsulation regardless of NAT-traversal, tick this checkbox.
Pre-shared Key	This defines the peer authentication pre-shared key used to authenticate this VPN connection. The connection will be up only if the pre-shared keys on each side match.
Remote Certificate (pem encoded)	Available only when X.509 Certificate is chosen as the Authentication method, this field allows you to paste a valid X.509 certificate.
Local ID	In Main Mode , this field can be left blank. In Aggressive Mode , if Remote Gateway IP Address is filled on this end and the peer end, this field can be left blank. Otherwise, this field is typically a U-FQDN.
Remote ID	In Main Mode , this field can be left blank. In Aggressive Mode , if Remote Gateway IP Address is filled on this end and the peer end, this field can be left blank. Otherwise, this field is typically a U-FQDN.
Phase 1 (IKE) Proposal	In Main Mode , this allows setting up to six encryption standards, in descending order of priority, to be used in initial connection key negotiations. In Aggressive Mode , only one selection is permitted.
Phase 1 DH Group	This is the Diffie-Hellman group used within IKE. This allows two parties to establish a shared secret over an insecure communications channel. The larger the group number, the higher the security. Group 2:1024-bit is the default value. Group 5:1536-bit is the alternative option.
Phase 1 SA Lifetime	This setting specifies the lifetime limit of this Phase 1 Security Association. By default, it is set at 3600 seconds.
Phase 2 (ESP) Proposal	In Main Mode , this allows setting up to six encryption standards, in descending order of priority, to be used for the IP data that is being transferred. In Aggressive Mode , only one selection is permitted.
Phase 2 PFS Group	Perfect forward secrecy (PFS) ensures that if a key was compromised, the attacker will be able to access only the data protected by that key. None - Do not request for PFS when initiating connection. However, since there is no valid reason to refuse PFS, the system will allow the connection to use PFS if requested by the remote peer. This is the default value. Group 2: 1024-bit Diffie-Hellman group. The larger the group number, the higher the security. Group 5:1536-bit is the third option.
Phase 2 SA Lifetime	This setting specifies the lifetime limit of this Phase 2 Security Association. By default, it is set at 28800 seconds.

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WAN Connection Priority	
Priority	WAN Selection
1	WAN 1 ▼
2	----- ▼

WAN Connection Priority

WAN Connection Select the appropriate WAN connection from the drop-down menu.

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14 Outbound Policy Management

Pepwave routers can flexibly manage and load balance outbound traffic among WAN connections.

Important Note

Outbound policy is applied only when more than one WAN connection is active.

The settings for managing and load balancing outbound traffic are located at **Advanced>Outbound Policy** or **Advanced>PepVPN**, depending on model.

The screenshot shows the 'Outbound Policy' configuration window. At the top, there's a dropdown menu set to 'Custom'. Below it, a table titled 'Rules (Drag and drop rows to change rule order)' contains the following data:

Service	Algorithm	Source	Destination	Protocol / Port	
HTTPS Persistence	Persistence (Src) (Auto)	Any	Any	TCP 443	
Default	(Auto)				

Below the table is an 'Add Rule' button.

Outbound policies for managing and load balancing outbound traffic are located at **Network>Outbound Policy>** or **Advanced>PepVPN>Outbound Policy**.

The screenshot shows the 'Outbound Policy' selection window. It has a title bar 'Outbound Policy' with a close button. Below the title bar, there's a section 'Select an Outbound Policy' with a dropdown menu. The dropdown menu is open, showing three options: 'Custom', 'High Application Compatibility', and 'Normal Application Compatibility'. Below the dropdown menu are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons.

14.1 Outbound Policy

There are three main selections for the outbound traffic policy:

- High Application Compatibility
- Normal Application Compatibility
- Custom

Note that some Pepwave routers provide only the **Send All Traffic To** setting here. See **Section 12.1** for details.

Outbound Policy Settings

High

Outbound traffic from a source LAN device is routed through the same WAN connection regardless of the destination Internet IP address and protocol. This option provides the

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Application Compatibility

highest application compatibility.

Normal Application Compatibility

Outbound traffic from a source LAN device to the same destination Internet IP address will be routed through the same WAN connection persistently, regardless of protocol. This option provides high compatibility to most applications, and users still benefit from WAN link load balancing when multiple Internet servers are accessed.

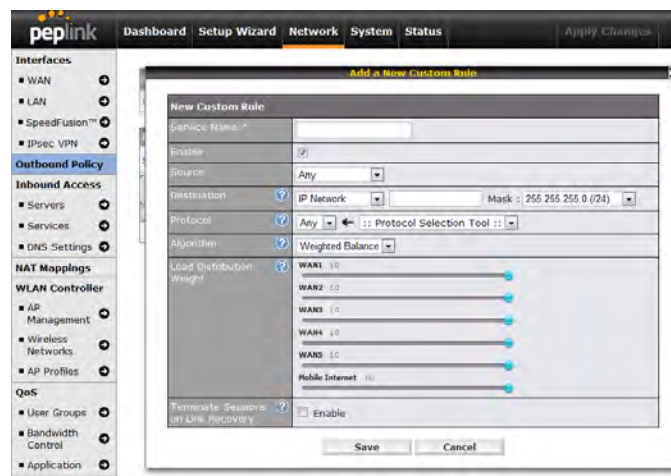
Custom

Outbound traffic behavior can be managed by defining rules in a custom rule table. A default rule can be defined for connections that cannot be matched with any of the rules.

The default policy is **Normal Application Compatibility**.

Tip

Want to know more about creating outbound rules? Visit our YouTube Channel for a video tutorial!



http://youtu.be/rKH4AS_bQnE

14.2 Custom Rules for Outbound Policy

Click  in the **Outbound Policy** form. Choose **Custom** and press the **Save** button.

Service	Algorithm	Source	Destination	Protocol / Port
HTTPS Persistence	Persistence (Src) (Auto)	Any	IP Network 192.168.50.0/24	TCP 443

PepVPN Routes

Service	Algorithm
Default	(Auto)

Add Rule

Expert Mode: Enabled

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The bottom-most rule is **Default**. Edit this rule to change the device's default manner of controlling outbound traffic for all connections that do not match any of the rules above it. Under the **Service** heading, click **Default** to change these settings.

To rearrange the priority of outbound rules, drag and drop them into the desired sequence.

Edit Default Custom Rule																			
Default Rule	☒ Custom ☐ Auto																		
Algorithm	Weighted Balance																		
Load Distribution Weight	<table><tr><td>WAN 1</td><td>10</td><td> </td></tr><tr><td>WAN 2</td><td>10</td><td> </td></tr><tr><td>Wi-Fi WAN</td><td>10</td><td> </td></tr><tr><td>Cellular 1</td><td>10</td><td> </td></tr><tr><td>Cellular 2</td><td>10</td><td> </td></tr><tr><td>USB</td><td>10</td><td> </td></tr></table>	WAN 1	10		WAN 2	10		Wi-Fi WAN	10		Cellular 1	10		Cellular 2	10		USB	10	
WAN 1	10																		
WAN 2	10																		
Wi-Fi WAN	10																		
Cellular 1	10																		
Cellular 2	10																		
USB	10																		
Terminate Sessions on Link Recovery	☐ Enable																		

Save Cancel

By default, **Auto** is selected as the **Default Rule**. You can select **Custom** to change the algorithm to be used. Please refer to the upcoming sections for the details on the available algorithms.

To create a custom rule, click **Add Rule** at the bottom of the table. Note that some

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Pepwave routers display this button at **Advanced>PepVPN>PepVPN Outbound Custom Rules**.

Add a New Custom Rule													
Service Name *													
Enable	☒												
Source	Any												
Destination	Domain Name												
Protocol	Any :: Protocol Selection Tool ::												
Algorithm	Weighted Balance												
Load Distribution Weight	<table><tr><td>WAN 1</td><td>10</td></tr><tr><td>WAN 2</td><td>10</td></tr><tr><td>Wi-Fi WAN</td><td>10</td></tr><tr><td>Cellular 1</td><td>10</td></tr><tr><td>Cellular 2</td><td>10</td></tr><tr><td>USB</td><td>10</td></tr></table>	WAN 1	10	WAN 2	10	Wi-Fi WAN	10	Cellular 1	10	Cellular 2	10	USB	10
WAN 1	10												
WAN 2	10												
Wi-Fi WAN	10												
Cellular 1	10												
Cellular 2	10												
USB	10												
Terminate Sessions on Link Recovery	☐ Enable												

Save Cancel

New Custom Rule Settings

Service Name This setting specifies the name of the outbound traffic rule.

Enable This setting specifies whether the outbound traffic rule takes effect. When **Enable** is checked, the rule takes effect: traffic is matched and actions are taken by the Pepwave router based on the other parameters of the rule. When **Enable** is unchecked, the rule does not take effect: the Pepwave router disregards the other parameters of the rule.

Source This setting specifies the source IP address, IP network, or MAC address for traffic that matches the rule.

Destination This setting specifies the destination IP address, IP network, or domain name for traffic that matches the rule.

Destination	Domain Name
Protocol	Any
Algorithm	IP Address
	IP Network
	Domain Name

If **Domain Name** is chosen and a domain name, such as *foobar.com*, is entered, any outgoing accesses to *foobar.com* and **.foobar.com* will match this criterion. You may enter a wildcard (*) at the end of a domain name to match any host with a name having the domain name in the middle. If you enter *foobar.**, for example, *www.foobar.com*, *www.foobar.co.jp*, or *foobar.co.uk* will also match. Placing wildcards in any other position is not supported.

NOTE: if a server has one Internet IP address and multiple server names, and if one of the names is defined here, accesses to any one of the server names will also match this rule.

Protocol and Port This setting specifies the IP protocol and port of traffic that matches this rule.

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Algorithm

This setting specifies the behavior of the Pepwave router for the custom rule. One of the following values can be selected (note that some Pepwave routers provide only some of these options):

- Weighted Balance
- Persistence
- Enforced
- Priority
- Overflow
- Least Used
- Lowest Latency

The upcoming sections detail the listed algorithms.

Terminate Sessions on Link Recovery

This setting specifies whether to terminate existing IP sessions on a less preferred WAN connection in the event that a more preferred WAN connection is recovered. This setting is applicable to the **Weighted**, **Persistence**, and **Priority** algorithms. By default, this setting is disabled. In this case, existing IP sessions will not be terminated or affected when any other WAN connection is recovered. When this setting is enabled, existing IP sessions may be terminated when another WAN connection is recovered, such that only the preferred healthy WAN connection(s) is used at any point in time.

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14.2.1 Algorithm: Weighted Balance

This setting specifies the ratio of WAN connection usage to be applied on the specified IP protocol and port. This setting is applicable only when **Algorithm** is set to **Weighted Balance**.

Algorithm	Weighted Balance
Load Distribution Weight	
WAN 1	10
WAN 2	10
Wi-Fi WAN	10
Cellular 1	10
Cellular 2	10
USB	10

The amount of matching traffic that is distributed to a WAN connection is proportional to the weight of the WAN connection relative to the total weight. Use the sliders to change each WAN's weight.

For example, with the following weight settings:

- Ethernet WAN1: 10
- Ethernet WAN2: 10
- Wi-Fi WAN: 10
- Cellular 1: 10
- Cellular 2: 10
- USB: 10

Total weight is 60 = (10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10 + 10).

Matching traffic distributed to Ethernet WAN1 is 16.7% = (10 / 60 x 100%).

Matching traffic distributed to Ethernet WAN2 is 16.7% = (10 / 60) x 100%.

Matching traffic distributed to Wi-Fi WAN is 16.7% = (10 / 60) x 100%.

Matching traffic distributed to Cellular 1 is 16.7% = (10 / 60) x 100%.

Matching traffic distributed to Cellular 2 is 16.7% = (10 / 60) x 100%.

Matching traffic distributed to USB is 16.7% = (10 / 60) x 100%.

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14.2.2 Algorithm: Persistence

The configuration of persistent services is the solution to the few situations where link load distribution for Internet services is undesirable. For example, for security reasons, many e-banking and other secure websites terminate the session when the client computer's Internet IP address changes mid-session.

In general, different Internet IP addresses represent different computers. The security concern is that an IP address change during a session may be the result of an unauthorized intrusion attempt. Therefore, to prevent damages from the potential intrusion, the session is terminated upon the detection of an IP address change.

Pepwave routers can be configured to distribute data traffic across multiple WAN connections. Also, the Internet IP depends on the WAN connections over which communication actually takes place. As a result, a LAN client computer behind the Pepwave router may communicate using multiple Internet IP addresses. For example, a LAN client computer behind a Pepwave router with three WAN connections may communicate on the Internet using three different IP addresses.

With the persistence feature, rules can be configured to enable client computers to persistently utilize the same WAN connections for e-banking and other secure websites. As a result, a client computer will communicate using one IP address, eliminating the issues mentioned above.

Algorithm	Persistence
Persistence Mode	☒ By Source ☐ By Destination
Load Distribution	☐ Auto ☒ Custom
Load Distribution Weight	WAN 1 10 WAN 2 10 Wi-Fi WAN 10 Cellular 1 10 Cellular 2 10 USB 10

There are two persistent modes: **By Source** and **By Destination**.

By Source:	The same WAN connection will be used for traffic matching the rule and originating from the same machine, regardless of its destination. This option will provide the highest level of application compatibility.
By Destination:	The same WAN connection will be used for traffic matching the rule, originating from the same machine, and going to the same destination. This option can better distribute loads to WAN connections when there are only a few client machines.

The default mode is **By Source**. When there are multiple client requests, they can be distributed (persistently) to WAN connections with a weight. If you choose **Auto in Load Distribution**, the weights will be automatically adjusted according to each WAN's **Downstream Bandwidth** which is specified in the WAN settings page). If you choose **Custom**, you can customize the weight of each WAN manually by using the sliders.

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14.2.3 Algorithm: Enforced

This setting specifies the WAN connection usage to be applied on the specified IP protocol and port. This setting is applicable only when **Algorithm** is set to **Enforced**.

Algorithm	?	Enforced
Enforced Connection	?	WAN: WAN 1
		WAN: WAN 1
		WAN: WAN 2
		WAN: Wi-Fi WAN
		WAN: Cellular 1
		WAN: Cellular 2
		WAN: USB
		VPN: Connection 1
		Save Cancel

Matching traffic will be routed through the specified WAN connection, regardless of the health check status of the WAN connection. Starting from Firmware 5.2, outbound traffic can be enforced to go through a specified SpeedFusion™ connection.

14.2.4 Algorithm: Priority

This setting specifies the priority of the WAN connections used to route the specified network service. The highest priority WAN connection available will always be used for routing the specified type of traffic. A lower priority WAN connection will be used only when all higher priority connections have become unavailable.

Algorithm	?	Priority
Priority Order	?	Highest Priority
		WAN: WAN 1
		WAN: WAN 2
		WAN: Wi-Fi WAN
		WAN: Cellular 1
		WAN: Cellular 2
		WAN: USB
		Lowest Priority
		Not In Use
		VPN: Connection 1
Terminate Sessions on Link Recovery	?	☐ Enable

Starting from Firmware 5.2, outbound traffic can be prioritized to go through SpeedFusion™ connection(s). By default, VPN connections are not included in the priority list.

Tip

Configure multiple distribution rules to accommodate different kinds of services.

14.2.5 Algorithm: Overflow

The traffic matching this rule will be routed through the healthy WAN connection that has the highest priority and is not in full load. When this connection gets saturated, new sessions will be routed to the next healthy WAN connection that is not in full load.

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Algorithm	?	Overflow
Overflow Order	?	Highest Priority WAN: WAN 1 WAN: WAN 2 WAN: Wi-Fi WAN WAN: Cellular 1 WAN: Cellular 2 WAN: USB Lowest Priority

Drag and drop to specify the order of WAN connections to be used for routing traffic. Only the highest priority healthy connection that is not in full load will be used.

14.2.6 Algorithm: Least Used

Algorithm	?	Least Used
Connection		☒ WAN 1 ☒ WAN 2 ☒ Wi-Fi WAN ☐ Cellular 1 ☐ Cellular 2 ☐ USB

The traffic matching this rule will be routed through the healthy WAN connection that is selected in **Connection** and has the most available download bandwidth. The available download bandwidth of a WAN connection is calculated from the total download bandwidth specified on the WAN settings page and the current download usage. The available bandwidth and WAN selection is determined every time an IP session is made.

14.2.7 Algorithm: Lowest Latency

Algorithm	?	Lowest Latency
		Note: Use of Lowest Latency will incur additional network usage.
Connection		☒ WAN 1 ☒ WAN 2 ☒ Wi-Fi WAN ☐ Cellular 1 ☐ Cellular 2 ☐ USB

The traffic matching this rule will be routed through the healthy WAN connection that is selected in **Connection** and has the lowest latency. Latency checking packets are issued periodically to a nearby router of each WAN connection to determine its latency value. The latency of a WAN is the packet round trip time of the WAN connection. Additional network usage may be incurred as a result.

Tip

The roundtrip time of a 6M down/640k uplink can be higher than that of a 2M down/2M up link because the overall round trip time is lengthened by its slower upload bandwidth, despite its higher downlink speed. Therefore, this algorithm is good for two scenarios:

- All WAN connections are symmetric; or
- A latency sensitive application must be routed through the lowest latency WAN, regardless of the WAN's

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available bandwidth.

14.2.8 Expert Mode

Expert Mode is available on some Pepwave routers for use by advanced users. To enable the feature, click on the help icon and click **turn on Expert Mode**.

In Expert Mode, a new special rule, **SpeedFusion™ Routes**, is displayed in the **Custom Rules** table. This rule represents all SpeedFusion™ routes learned from remote VPN peers. By default, this bar is on the top of all custom rules. This position means that traffic for remote VPN subnets will be routed to the corresponding VPN peer. You can create custom **Priority** or **Enforced** rules and move them above the bar to override the SpeedFusion™ routes.

Help [Close](#)

This table allows you to fine tune how the outbound traffic should be distributed to the WAN connections.

Click the *Add Rule* button to add a new rule. Click the *X* button to remove a rule. Drag a rule to promote or demote its precedence. A higher position of a rule signifies a higher precedence. You may change the default outbound policy behavior by clicking the *Default* link.

If you require advanced control of PepVPN traffic, [turn on Expert Mode](#).

Upon disabling Expert Mode, all rules above the bar will be removed.

Rules (🖱️ Drag and drop rows to change rule order) ?					
Service	Algorithm	Source	Destination	Protocol / Port	
HTTPS Persistence	Persistence (Src) (Auto)	Any	Any	TCP 443	✖
PepVPN Routes					
Default	(Auto)				
Add Rule					

15 Inbound Access

15.1 Port Forwarding Service

Pepwave routers can act as a firewall that blocks, by default, all inbound access from the Internet. By using port forwarding, Internet users can access servers behind the Pepwave router. Inbound port forwarding rules can be defined at **Advanced > Port Forwarding**.

Service	IP Address(es)	Server	Protocol
No Services Defined			
Add Service			

To define a new service, click **Add Service**.

Enable	☒ Yes ☐ No																												
Service Name	Service_1																												
IP Protocol	TCP Protocol Selection Tool																												
Port	Any Port																												
Inbound IP Address(es) (Require at least one IP address)	<table><tr><th colspan="2">Connection / IP Address(es)</th><th>All</th><th>Clear</th></tr><tr><td>☒ WAN 1</td><td>☒ 10.88.3.158 (Interface IP)</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>☐ WAN 2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>☐ Wi-Fi WAN</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>☐ Cellular 1</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>☐ Cellular 2</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>☐ USB</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>	Connection / IP Address(es)		All	Clear	☒ WAN 1	☒ 10.88.3.158 (Interface IP)			☐ WAN 2				☐ Wi-Fi WAN				☐ Cellular 1				☐ Cellular 2				☐ USB			
Connection / IP Address(es)		All	Clear																										
☒ WAN 1	☒ 10.88.3.158 (Interface IP)																												
☐ WAN 2																													
☐ Wi-Fi WAN																													
☐ Cellular 1																													
☐ Cellular 2																													
☐ USB																													
Server IP Address	120.78.95.7																												

Port Forwarding Settings

Enable

This setting specifies whether the inbound service takes effect. When **Enable** is checked, the inbound service takes effect: traffic is matched and actions are taken by the Pepwave router based on the other parameters of the rule. When this setting is disabled, the inbound service does not take effect: the Pepwave router disregards the other parameters of the rule.

Service Name

This setting identifies the service to the system administrator. Valid values for this setting consist of only alphanumeric and underscore “_” characters.

IP Protocol

The **IP Protocol** setting, along with the **Port** setting, specifies the protocol of the service as TCP, UDP, ICMP, or IP. Traffic that is received by the Pepwave router via the specified protocol at the specified port(s) is forwarded to the LAN hosts specified by the **Servers** setting. Please see below for details on the **Port** and **Servers** settings. Alternatively, the **Protocol Selection Tool** drop-down menu can be used to automatically fill in the protocol and a single port number of common Internet services (e.g. HTTP, HTTPS, etc.). After selecting an item from the **Protocol Selection Tool** drop-down menu, the protocol and port number remain manually modifiable.

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The **Port** setting specifies the port(s) that correspond to the service, and can be configured to behave in one of the following manners:

Any Port, Single Port, Port Range, Port Map, and Range Mapping

Port	?	Any Port
------	---	----------

Any Port: all traffic that is received by the Pepwave router via the specified protocol is forwarded to the servers specified by the **Servers** setting. For example, with **IP Protocol** set to **TCP**, and **Port** set to **Any Port**, all TCP traffic is forwarded to the configured servers.

Port	?	Single Port	Service Port: 80
------	---	-------------	------------------

Single Port: traffic that is received by the Pepwave router via the specified protocol at the specified port is forwarded via the same port to the servers specified by the **Servers** setting. For example, with **IP Protocol** set to **TCP**, and **Port** set to **Single Port** and **Service Port** 80, TCP traffic received on port 80 is forwarded to the configured servers via port 80.

Port	?	Port Range	Service Ports: 80 - 88
------	---	------------	------------------------

Port Range: traffic that is received by the Pepwave router via the specified protocol at the specified port range is forwarded via the same respective ports to the LAN hosts specified by the **Servers** setting. For example, with **IP Protocol** set to **TCP**, and **Port** set to **Port Range** and **Service Ports** 80-88, TCP traffic received on ports 80 through 88 is forwarded to the configured servers via the respective ports.

Port	?	Port Mapping	Service Port: 80	Map to Port: 88
------	---	--------------	------------------	-----------------

Port Mapping: traffic that is received by Pepwave router via the specified protocol at the specified port is forwarded via a different port to the servers specified by the **Servers** setting. For example, with **IP Protocol** set to **TCP**, and **Port** set to **Port Mapping**, **Service Port** 80, and **Map to Port** 88, TCP traffic on port 80 is forwarded to the configured servers via port 88. (Please see below for details on the **Servers** setting.)

Port	?	Range Mapping	Service Ports: 80 - 88	Map to Ports: 88 - 96
------	---	---------------	------------------------	-----------------------

Range Mapping: traffic that is received by the Pepwave router via the specified protocol at the specified port range is forwarded via a different port to the servers specified by the **Servers** setting.

Port

Inbound IP Address(es)

This setting specifies the WAN connections and Internet IP address(es) from which the service can be accessed.

Server IP Address

This setting specifies the LAN IP address of the server that handles the requests for the service.

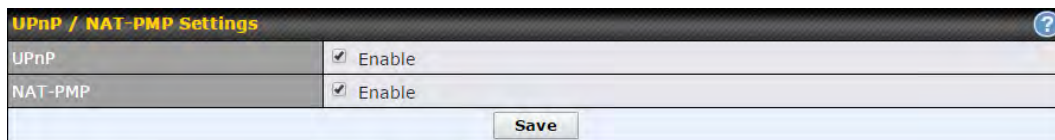
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15.1.1 UPnP / NAT-PMP Settings

UPnP and NAT-PMP are network protocols which allow a computer connected to the LAN port to automatically configure the router to allow parties on the WAN port to connect to itself. That way, the process of inbound port forwarding becomes automated.

When a computer creates a rule using these protocols, the specified TCP/UDP port of all WAN connections' default IP address will be forwarded.

Check the corresponding box(es) to enable UPnP and/or NAT-PMP. Enable these features only if you trust the computers connected to the LAN ports.



UPnP / NAT-PMP Settings	
UPnP	☒ Enable
NAT-PMP	☒ Enable
Save	

When the options are enabled, a table listing all the forwarded ports under these two protocols can be found at **Status>UPnP / NAT-PMP**.

16 NAT Mappings

NAT mappings allow IP address mapping of all inbound and outbound NAT'd traffic to and from an internal client IP address. Settings to configure NAT mappings are located at **Advanced>NAT Mappings**.

LAN Clients	Inbound Mappings	Outbound Mappings	
192.168.1.23	(WAN 1):10.88.3.158 (Interface IP)	Use Interface IP only	
Add NAT Rule			

To add a rule for NAT mappings, click **Add NAT Rule**.

LAN Client(s)	 IP Address ▾												
Address													
Inbound Mappings	 Connection / Inbound IP Address(es) ☐ WAN 1 ☐ WAN 2 ☐ Wi-Fi WAN ☐ Cellular 1 ☐ Cellular 2 ☐ USB												
Outbound Mappings	 Connection / Outbound IP Address <table> <tr> <td>WAN 1</td> <td>10.88.3.158 (Interface IP) ▾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>WAN 2</td> <td>Interface IP ▾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Wi-Fi WAN</td> <td>Interface IP ▾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cellular 1</td> <td>Interface IP ▾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cellular 2</td> <td>Interface IP ▾</td> </tr> <tr> <td>USB</td> <td>Interface IP ▾</td> </tr> </table>	WAN 1	10.88.3.158 (Interface IP) ▾	WAN 2	Interface IP ▾	Wi-Fi WAN	Interface IP ▾	Cellular 1	Interface IP ▾	Cellular 2	Interface IP ▾	USB	Interface IP ▾
WAN 1	10.88.3.158 (Interface IP) ▾												
WAN 2	Interface IP ▾												
Wi-Fi WAN	Interface IP ▾												
Cellular 1	Interface IP ▾												
Cellular 2	Interface IP ▾												
USB	Interface IP ▾												

NAT Mapping Settings	
LAN Client(s)	NAT mapping rules can be defined for a single LAN IP Address , an IP Range , or an IP Network .
Address	This refers to the LAN host's private IP address. The system maps this address to a number of public IP addresses (specified below) in order to facilitate inbound and outbound traffic. This option is only available when IP Address is selected.
Range	The IP range is a contiguous group of private IP addresses used by the LAN host. The system maps these addresses to a number of public IP addresses (specified below) to facilitate outbound traffic. This option is only available when IP Range is selected.
Network	The IP network refers to all private IP addresses and ranges managed by the LAN host. The system maps these addresses to a number of public IP addresses (specified below) to facilitate outbound traffic. This option is only available when IP Network is selected.

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Inbound Mappings	This setting specifies the WAN connections and corresponding WAN-specific Internet IP addresses on which the system should bind. Any access to the specified WAN connection(s) and IP address(es) will be forwarded to the LAN host. This option is only available when IP Address is selected in the LAN Client(s) field. Note that inbound mapping is not needed for WAN connections in drop-in mode or IP forwarding mode. Also note that each WAN IP address can be associated to one NAT mapping only.
Outbound Mappings	This setting specifies the WAN IP addresses that should be used when an IP connection is made from a LAN host to the Internet. Each LAN host in an IP range or IP network will be evenly mapped to one of each selected WAN's IP addresses (for better IP address utilization) in a persistent manner (for better application compatibility). Note that if you do not want to use a specific WAN for outgoing accesses, you should still choose default here, then customize the outbound access rule in the Outbound Policy section. Also note that WAN connections in drop-in mode or IP forwarding mode are not shown here.

Click **Save** to save the settings when configuration has been completed.

Important Note

Inbound firewall rules override the **Inbound Mappings** settings.

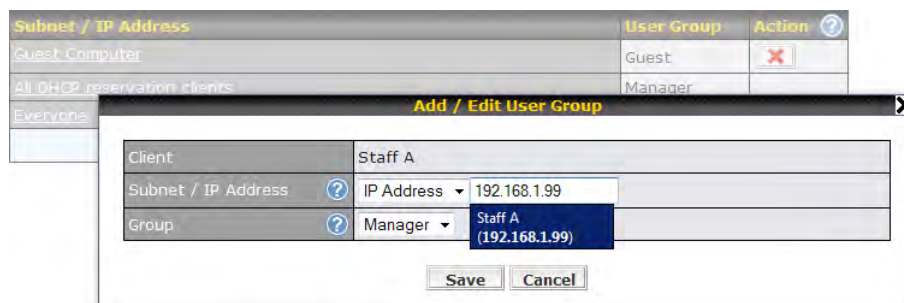
17 QoS

17.1 User Groups

LAN and PPTP clients can be categorized into three user groups: **Manager**, **Staff**, and **Guest**. This menu allows you to define rules and assign client IP addresses or subnets to a user group. You can apply different bandwidth and traffic prioritization policies on each user group in the **Bandwidth Control** and **Application** sections (note that the options available here vary by model).

The table is automatically sorted by rule precedence. The smaller and more specific subnets are put towards the top of the table and have higher precedence; larger and less specific subnets are placed towards the bottom.

Click the **Add** button to define clients and their user group. Click the  button to remove the defined rule. Two default rules are pre-defined and put at the bottom. They are **All DHCP reservation clients** and **Everyone**, and they cannot be removed. The **All DHCP reservation client** represents the LAN clients defined in the DHCP Reservation table on the LAN settings page. **Everyone** represents all clients that are not defined in any rule above. Click on a rule to change its group.



Add / Edit User Group	
Subnet / IP Address	From the drop-down menu, choose whether you are going to define the client(s) by an IP Address or a Subnet . If IP Address is selected, enter a name defined in DHCP reservation table or a LAN client's IP address. If Subnet is selected, enter a subnet address and specify its subnet mask.
Group	This field is to define which User Group the specified subnet / IP address belongs to.

Once users have been assigned to a user group, their internet traffic will be restricted by rules defined for that particular group. Please refer to the following two sections for details.

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17.2 Bandwidth Control

You can define a maximum download speed (over all WAN connections) and upload speed (for each WAN connection) that each individual Staff and Guest member can consume. No limit can be imposed on individual Manager members. By default, download and upload bandwidth limits are set to unlimited (set as 0).

Individual Bandwidth Limit					
Enable	☒				
User Bandwidth Limit	Download		Upload		
	Manager: Unlimited		Unlimited		
	Staff:	0 Mbps	0	Mbps	(0: unlimited)
	Guest:	0 Mbps	0	Mbps	(0: unlimited)

17.3 Application

17.3.1 Application Prioritization

On many Pepwave routers, you can choose whether to apply the same prioritization settings to all user groups or customize the settings for each group.

Application Prioritization	
☒	Apply same settings to all users
☐	Customize

Three application priority levels can be set: ↑ **High**, — **Normal**, and ↓ **Low**. Pepwave routers can detect various application traffic types by inspecting the packet content. Select an application by choosing a supported application, or by defining a custom application manually. The priority preference of supported applications is placed at the top of the table. Custom applications are at the bottom.

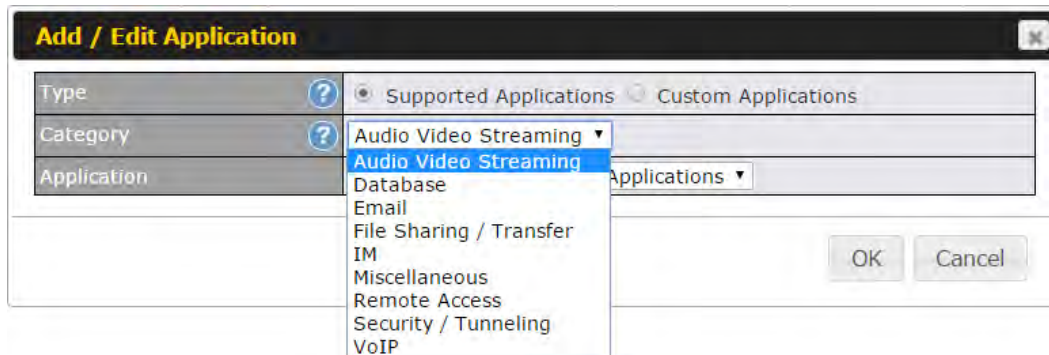
Application	Priority			
	Manager	Staff	Guest	
All Supported Streaming Applications	↑ High	— Normal	↑ High	✗
All Email Protocols	↑ High	↑ High	↑ High	✗
MySQL	↑ High	— Normal	↓ Low	✗
SIP	↑ High	↓ Low	↓ Low	✗
Add				

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17.3.2 Prioritization for Custom Applications

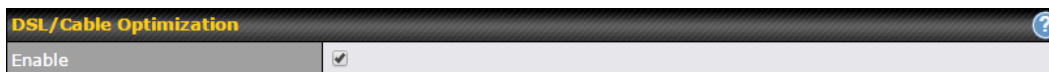
Click the **Add** button to define a custom application. Click the button  in the **Action** column to delete the custom application in the corresponding row.

When **Supported Applications** is selected, the Pepwave router will inspect network traffic and prioritize the selected applications. Alternatively, you can select **Custom Applications** and define the application by providing the protocol, scope, port number, and DSCP value.



17.3.3 DSL/Cable Optimization

DSL/cable-based WAN connections have lower upload bandwidth and higher download bandwidth. When a DSL/cable circuit's uplink is congested, the download bandwidth will be affected. Users will not be able to download data at full speed until the uplink becomes less congested. **DSL/Cable Optimization** can relieve such an issue. When it is enabled, the download speed will become less affected by the upload traffic. By default, this feature is enabled.



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18 Firewall

A firewall is a mechanism that selectively filters data traffic between the WAN side (the Internet) and the LAN side of the network. It can protect the local network from potential hacker attacks, access to offensive websites, and/or other inappropriate uses.

The firewall functionality of Pepwave routers supports the selective filtering of data traffic in both directions:

- Outbound (LAN to WAN)
- Inbound (WAN to LAN)

The firewall also supports the following functionality:

- Intrusion detection and DoS prevention
- Web blocking

With SpeedFusion™ enabled, the firewall rules also apply to VPN tunneled traffic.

Outbound Firewall Rules (Drag and drop rows to change rule order)

Rule	Protocol	Source IP Port	Destination IP Port	Policy	
Default	Any	Any	Any	Allow	

Add Rule

Inbound Firewall Rules (Drag and drop rows to change rule order)

Rule	Protocol	WAN	Source IP Port	Destination IP Port	Policy	
Default	Any	Any	Any	Any	Allow	

Add Rule

Apply Firewall Rules to PepVPN Traffic

Enabled

Intrusion Detection and DoS Prevention

Disabled

18.1 Outbound and Inbound Firewall Rules

18.1.1 Access Rules

The outbound firewall settings are located at **Advanced>Firewall>Access Rules>Outbound Firewall Rules**.

Outbound Firewall Rules (Drag and drop rows to change rule order)

Rule	Protocol	Source IP Port	Destination IP Port	Policy	
Default	Any	Any	Any	Allow	

Add Rule

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Click **Add Rule** to display the following screen:

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Add a New Outbound Firewall Rule". Inside, there is a section titled "New Firewall Rule" with the following fields:

Rule Name	
Enable	☒
Protocol	Any Protocol Selection Tool
Source IP & Port	Any Address
Destination IP & Port	Any Address
Action	☒ Allow ☐ Deny
Event Logging	☐ Enable

At the bottom right of the dialog are "Save" and "Cancel" buttons.

Inbound firewall settings are located at **Advanced>Firewall>Access Rules>Inbound Firewall Rules**.

The screenshot shows a table titled "Inbound Firewall Rules (Drag and drop rows to change rule order)".

Rule	Protocol	WAN	Source IP Port	Destination IP Port	Policy
Default	Any	Any	Any	Any	Allow

Below the table is an "Add Rule" button.

Click **Add Rule** to display the following screen:

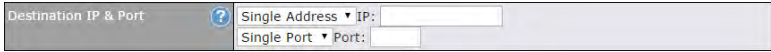
The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Add a New Inbound Firewall Rule". Inside, there is a section titled "New Firewall Rule" with the following fields:

Rule Name	
Enable	☒
WAN Connection	Any
Protocol	Any Protocol Selection Tool
Source IP & Port	Any Address
Destination IP & Port	Any Address
Action	☒ Allow ☐ Deny
Event Logging	☐ Enable

At the bottom right of the dialog are "Save" and "Cancel" buttons.

Rules are matched from top to bottom. If a connection matches any one of the upper rules, the matching process will stop. If none of the rules match, the **Default** rule will be applied. By default, the **Default** rule is set as **Allow** for both outbound and inbound access.

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Inbound / Outbound Firewall Settings	
Rule Name	This setting specifies a name for the firewall rule.
Enable	This setting specifies whether the firewall rule should take effect. If the box is checked, the firewall rule takes effect. If the traffic matches the specified protocol/IP/port, actions will be taken by the Pepwave router based on the other parameters of the rule. If the box is not checked, the firewall rule does not take effect. The Pepwave router will disregard the other parameters of the rule.
WAN Connection (Inbound)	Select the WAN connection that this firewall rule should apply to.
Protocol	This setting specifies the protocol to be matched. Via a drop-down menu, the following protocols can be specified: • TCP • UDP • ICMP • IP Alternatively, the Protocol Selection Tool drop-down menu can be used to automatically fill in the protocol and port number of common Internet services (e.g., HTTP, HTTPS, etc.) After selecting an item from the Protocol Selection Tool drop-down menu, the protocol and port number remains manually modifiable.
Source IP & Port	This specifies the source IP address(es) and port number(s) to be matched for the firewall rule. A single address, or a network, can be specified as the Source IP & Port setting, as indicated by the following screenshot:  In addition, a single port, or a range of ports, can be specified for the Source IP & Port settings.
Destination IP & Port	This specifies the destination IP address(es) and port number(s) to be matched for the firewall rule. A single address, or a network, can be specified as the Destination IP & Port setting, as indicated by the following screenshot:  In addition, a single port, or a range of ports, can be specified for the Destination IP & Port settings.
Action	This setting specifies the action to be taken by the router upon encountering traffic that matches the both of the following: • Source IP & port • Destination IP & port With the value of Allow for the Action setting, the matching traffic passes through the router (to be routed to the destination). If the value of the Action setting is set to Deny, the matching traffic does not pass through the router (and is discarded).
Event Logging	This setting specifies whether or not to log matched firewall events. The logged messages are shown on the page Status>Event Log . A sample message is as follows:

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```
Aug 13 23:47:44 Denied CONN=Ethernet WAN SRC=20.3.2.1  
DST=192.168.1.20 LEN=48 PROTO=TCP SPT=2260 DPT=80
```

- **CONN:** The connection where the log entry refers to
- **SRC:** Source IP address
- **DST:** Destination IP address
- **LEN:** Packet length
- **PROTO:** Protocol
- **SPT:** Source port
- **DPT:** Destination port

Click **Save** to store your changes. To create an additional firewall rule, click **Add Rule** and repeat the above steps.

To change a rule's priority, simply drag and drop the rule:

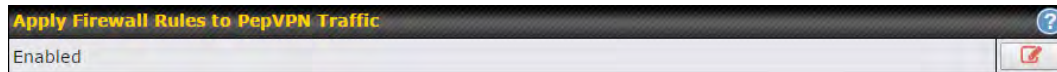
- Hold the left mouse button on the rule.
- Move it to the desired position.
- Drop it by releasing the mouse button.

Tip

If the default inbound rule is set to **Allow** for NAT-enabled WANs, no inbound Allow firewall rules will be required for inbound port forwarding and inbound NAT mapping rules. However, if the default inbound rule is set as **Deny**, a corresponding Allow firewall rule will be required.

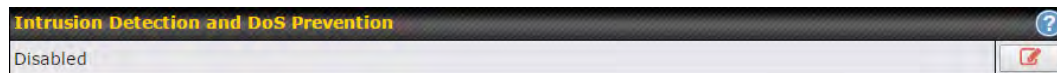
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18.1.2 Apply Firewall Rules to PepVpn Traffic



When this option is enabled, Outbound Firewall Rules will be applied to PepVPN traffic. To turn on this feature, click , check the **Enable** check box, and press the **Save** button.

18.1.3 Intrusion Detection and DoS Prevention



Pepwave routers can detect and prevent intrusions and denial-of-service (DoS) attacks from the Internet. To turn on this feature, click , check the **Enable** check box, and press the **Save** button.

When this feature is enabled, the Pepwave router will detect and prevent the following kinds of intrusions and denial-of-service attacks.

- Port scan
 - NMAP FIN/URG/PSH
 - Xmas tree
 - Another Xmas tree
 - Null scan
 - SYN/RST
 - SYN/FIN
- SYN flood prevention
- Ping flood attack prevention

18.2 Web Blocking

Web Blocking	
Web Site Domain Name	
	+

Exempted User Groups	
Manager	☐ Exempt
Staff	☐ Exempt
Guest	☐ Exempt

Exempted Subnets	
Network	Subnet Mask
	255.255.255.0 (/24) +

18.2.1 Web Blocking

Enter an appropriate website address, and the Pepwave router will block and disallow LAN/PPTP/SpeedFusion™ peer clients to access these websites. Exceptions can be added using the instructions in **Sections 18.2.2** and **18.2.3**.

You may enter a wildcard ".*" at the end of a domain name to block any web site with a host name having the domain name in the middle. For example, If you enter *foobar.**, *www.foobar.com*, *www.foobar.co.jp*, and *foobar.co.uk* will be blocked. Placing the wildcard in any other position is not supported. The Pepwave router will inspect and look for blocked domain names on all HTTP traffic. Secure web (HTTPS) traffic is not supported.

18.2.2 Exempted User Groups

Check and select pre-defined user group(s) who can be exempted from the access blocking rules. User groups can be defined at **QoS>User Groups** section. Please refer to **Section 17.1** for details.

18.2.3 Exempted Subnets

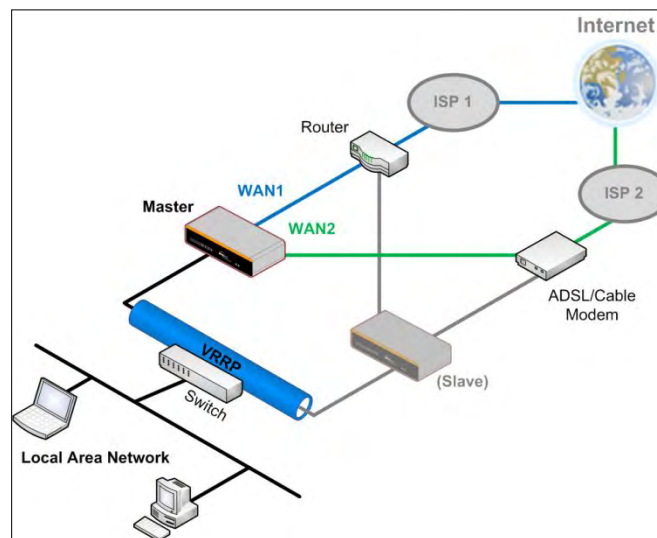
With the subnet defined in the field, clients on the particular subnet(s) can be exempted from the access blocking rules.

19 Miscellaneous Settings

The miscellaneous settings include configuration for high availability, PPTP server, service forwarding, and service passthrough.

19.1 High Availability

Many Pepwave routers support high availability (HA) configurations via an open standard virtual router redundancy protocol (VRRP, RFC 3768). In an HA configuration, two Pepwave routers provide redundancy and failover in a master-slave arrangement. In the event that the master unit is down, the slave unit becomes active. High availability will be disabled automatically where there is a drop-in connection configured on a LAN bypass port.



In the diagram, the WAN ports of each Pepwave router connect to the router and to the modem. Both Pepwave routers connect to the same LAN switch via a LAN port.

An elaboration on the technical details of the implementation of the virtual router redundancy protocol (VRRP, RFC 3768) by Pepwave routers follows:

- In an HA configuration, the two Pepwave routers communicate with each other using VRRP over the LAN.
- The two Pepwave routers broadcast heartbeat signals to the LAN at a frequency of one heartbeat signal per second.
- In the event that no heartbeat signal from the master Pepwave router is received in 3 seconds (or longer) since the last heartbeat signal, the slave Pepwave router becomes active.
- The slave Pepwave router initiates the WAN connections and binds to a previously configured LAN IP address.
- At a subsequent point when the master Pepwave router recovers, it will once again become active.

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You can configure high availability at **Advanced>Misc. Settings>High Availability**.

Interface for Master Router

High Availability	
Enable	☒
Group Number	5
Preferred Role	☒ Master ☐ Slave
Resume Master Role Upon Recovery	☒
Virtual IP	
LAN Administration IP	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0

Interface for Slave Router

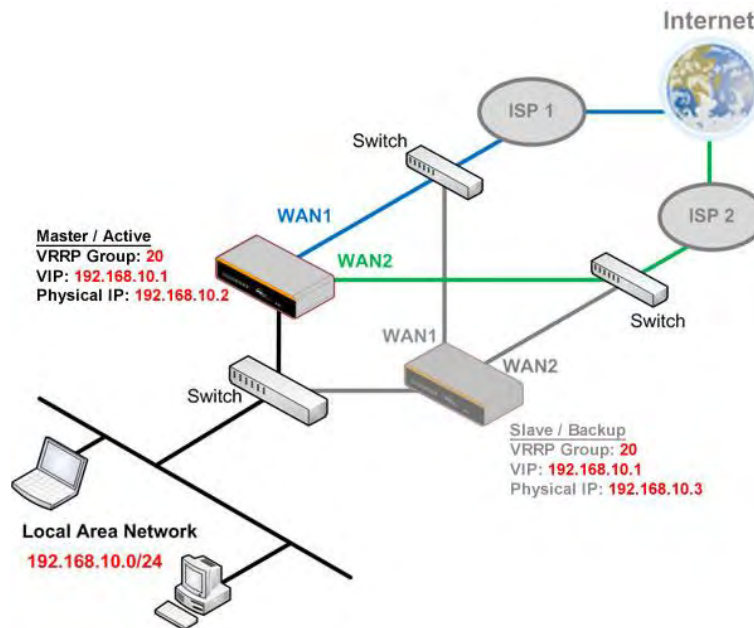
High Availability	
Enable	☒
Group Number	5
Preferred Role	☐ Master ☒ Slave
Configuration Sync.	☐ Master Serial Number: 54BF-5WEY-E37Q
Virtual IP	
LAN Administration IP	192.168.1.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0

High Availability	
Enable	Checking this box specifies that the Pepwave router is part of a high availability configuration.
Group Number	This number identifies a pair of Pepwave routers operating in a high availability configuration. The two Pepwave routers in the pair must have the same Group Number value.
Preferred Role	This setting specifies whether the Pepwave router operates in master or slave mode. Click the corresponding radio button to set the role of the unit. One of the units in the pair must be configured as the master, and the other unit must be configured as the slave.
Resume Master Role Upon Recovery	This option is displayed when Master mode is selected in Preferred Role . If this option is enabled, once the device has recovered from an outage, it will take over and resume its Master role from the slave unit.
Configuration Sync.	This option is displayed when Slave mode is selected in Preferred Role . If this option is enabled and the Master Serial Number entered matches with the actual master unit's, the master unit will automatically transfer the configuration to this unit. Please make sure the LAN IP Address and the Subnet Mask fields are set correctly in the LAN settings page. You can refer to the Event Log for the configuration synchronization status.
Master Serial Number	If Configuration Sync. is checked, the serial number of the master unit is required here for the feature to work properly.
Virtual IP	The HA pair must share the same Virtual IP . The Virtual IP and the LAN Administration IP must be under the same network.
LAN Administration IP	This setting specifies a LAN IP address to be used for accessing administration functionality. This address should be unique within the LAN.
Subnet Mask	This setting specifies the subnet mask of the LAN.

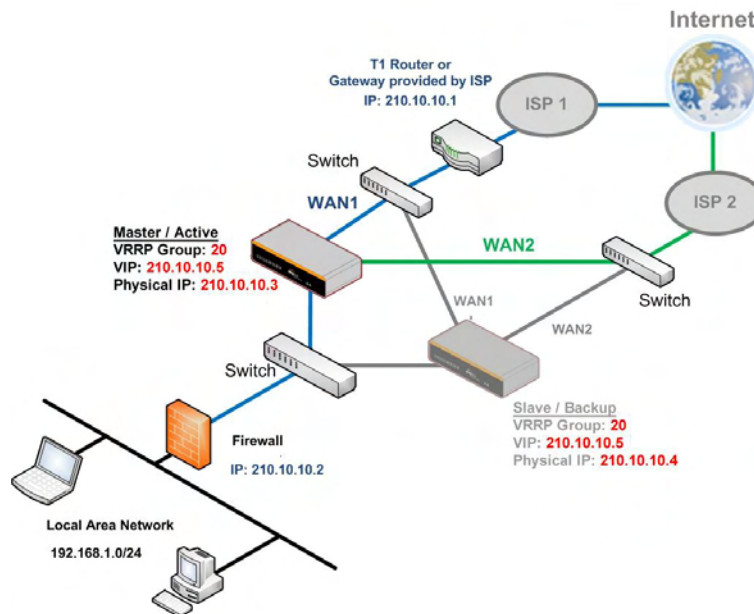
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Important Note

For Pepwave routers in NAT mode, the virtual IP (VIP) should be set as the default gateway for all hosts on the LAN segment. For example, a firewall sitting behind the Pepwave router should set its default gateway as the virtual IP instead of the IP of the master router.



In drop-in mode, no other configuration needs to be set.



Please note that the drop-in WAN cannot be configured as a LAN bypass port while it is configured for high availability.

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19.2 PPTP Server



Pepwave routers feature a built-in PPTP server, which enables remote computers to conveniently and securely access the local network. PPTP server settings are located at **Advanced>Misc. Settings>PPTP Server**.

Check the box to enable PPTP server functionality. All connected PPTP sessions are displayed at **Status>Client List**. Please refer to **Section 22.3** for details. Note that available options vary by model.

PPTP Server						
Enable	☒					
Listen On	? Connection / IP Address(es)					
	☒ WAN 1	☒ 10.88.3.158 (Interface IP)				
	☒ WAN 2	☒ Interface IP				
	☒ Wi-Fi WAN	☒ Interface IP				
	☒ Cellular 1	☒ Interface IP				
	☒ Cellular 2	☒ Interface IP				
	☒ USB	☒ Interface IP				
Authentication	? Local User Accounts ▼					
User Accounts	? <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Username</th><th>Password</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table> +		Username	Password		
Username	Password					

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PPTP Server Settings	
Listen On	This setting is for specifying the WAN connection(s) and IP address(es) that the PPTP server should listen on.
Authentication	This setting is for specifying the user database source for PPTP authentication. Three sources can be selected: Local User Accounts, LDAP Server, or RADIUS Server. Local User Accounts - User accounts are stored in the Pepwave router locally. You can add/modify/delete accounts in the User Accounts table. LDAP Server - Authenticate with an external LDAP server. This has been tested with OpenLDAP servers where passwords are NTLM hashed. Active Directory is not supported. (You can choose to use RADIUS to authenticate with a Windows server.) RADIUS Server - Authenticate with an external RADIUS server. This has been tested with Microsoft Windows Internet Authentication Service and FreeRADIUS servers where passwords are NTLM hashed or in plain text.
User Accounts	This setting allows you to define PPTP user accounts for authentication via local user accounts. Click Add to input username and password to create an account. After adding the user accounts, you can click on a username to edit the account password. Click  to delete the account in its corresponding row.

19.3 Certificate Manager

Certificate Manager		
VPN Certificate	 No Certificate	Assign
Web Admin SSL Certificate	 No Certificate	Assign
Captive Portal SSL Certificate	No Certificate	Assign

This section allows you to assign certificates for local VPN and web admin SSL. The local keys will not be transferred to another device by any means.

19.4 Service Forwarding

Service forwarding settings are located at **Advanced>Misc. Settings>Service Forwarding**.

SMTP Forwarding Setup		
SMTP Forwarding	☐ Enable	
Web Proxy Forwarding Setup		
Web Proxy Forwarding	☐ Enable	
DNS Forwarding Setup		
Forward Outgoing DNS Requests to Local DNS Proxy	☐ Enable	
Custom Service Forwarding Setup		
Custom Service Forwarding	☐ Enable	

Service Forwarding	
SMTP Forwarding	When this option is enabled, all outgoing SMTP connections destined for any host at TCP port 25 will be intercepted. These connections will be redirected to a specified SMTP server and port number. SMTP server settings for each WAN can be specified

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	after selecting Enable .
Web Proxy Forwarding	When this option is enabled, all outgoing connections destined for the proxy server specified in Web Proxy Interception Settings will be intercepted. These connections will be redirected to a specified web proxy server and port number. Web proxy interception settings and proxy server settings for each WAN can be specified after selecting Enable .
DNS Forwarding	When this option is enabled, all outgoing DNS lookups will be intercepted and redirected to the built-in DNS name server. If any LAN device is using the DNS name servers of a WAN connection, you may want to enable this option to enhance the DNS availability without modifying the DNS server setting of the clients. The built-in DNS name server will distribute DNS lookups to corresponding DNS servers of all available WAN connections. In this case, DNS service will not be interrupted, even if any WAN connection is down.
Custom Service Forwarding	When this option is enabled, incoming connections from specified ports will be intercepted and forwarded to a local server.

19.4.1 SMTP Forwarding

Some ISPs require their users to send e-mails via the ISP's SMTP server. All outgoing SMTP connections are blocked except those connecting to the ISP's. Pepwave routers support intercepting and redirecting all outgoing SMTP connections (destined for TCP port 25) via a WAN connection to the WAN's corresponding SMTP server.

Connection	Enable Forwarding?	SMTP Server	SMTP Port
WAN 1	☐		
WAN 2	☐		
Wi-Fi WAN	☐		
Cellular 1	☐		
Cellular 2	☐		
USB	☐		

To enable the feature, select **Enable** under **SMTP Forwarding Setup**. Check **Enable Forwarding** for the WAN connection(s) that needs forwarding. Under **SMTP Server**, enter the ISP's e-mail server host name or IP address. Under **SMTP Port**, enter the TCP port number for each WAN.

The Pepwave router will intercept SMTP connections. Choose a WAN port according to the outbound policy, and then forward the connection to the SMTP server if the chosen WAN has enabled forwarding. If the forwarding is disabled for a WAN connection, SMTP connections for the WAN will be simply be forwarded to the connection's original destination.

Note

If you want to route all SMTP connections only to particular WAN connection(s), you should create a custom rule in outbound policy (see **Section 14.2**).

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19.4.2 Web Proxy Forwarding

Web Proxy Forwarding Setup		
Web Proxy Forwarding	☒ Enable	
Web Proxy Interception Settings		
Proxy Server	IP Address Port (Current settings in users' browser)	
Connection	Enable Forwarding?	Proxy Server IP Address : Port
WAN 1	☐	:
WAN 2	☐	:
Wi-Fi WAN	☐	:
Cellular 1	☐	:
Cellular 2	☐	:
USB	☐	:

When this feature is enabled, the Pepwave router will intercept all outgoing connections destined for the proxy server specified in **Web Proxy Interception Settings**, choose a WAN connection with reference to the outbound policy, and then forward them to the specified web proxy server and port number. Redirected server settings for each WAN can be set here. If forwarding is disabled for a WAN, web proxy connections for the WAN will be simply forwarded to the connection's original destination.

19.4.3 DNS Forwarding

DNS Forwarding Setup	
Forward Outgoing DNS Requests to Local DNS Proxy	☐ Enable

When DNS forwarding is enabled, all clients' outgoing DNS requests will also be intercepted and forwarded to the built-in DNS proxy server.

19.4.4 Custom Service Forwarding

Custom Service Forwarding Setup			
Custom Service Forwarding	☒ Enable		
Settings	TCP Port	Server IP Address	Server Port
			+

After clicking the **enable** checkbox, enter your TCP port for traffic heading to the router, and then specify the IP Address and Port of the server you wish to forward to the service to.

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19.5 Service Passthrough

Service passthrough settings can be found at **Advanced>Misc. Settings>Service Passthrough**.

Service Passthrough Support	
SIP	☒ Standard Mode ☐ Compatibility Mode ☒ Define custom signal ports 1. 2. 3.
H.323	☒ Enable
FTP	☒ Enable ☒ Define custom control ports 1. 2. 3.
TFTP	☒ Enable
IPsec NAT-T	☒ Enable ☒ Define custom ports 1. 2. 3. ☒ Route IPsec Site-to-Site VPN via WAN 1

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Some Internet services need to be specially handled in a multi-WAN environment. Pepwave routers can handle these services such that Internet applications do not notice being behind a multi-WAN router. Settings for service passthrough support are available here.

Service Passthrough Support	
SIP	Session initiation protocol, aka SIP, is a voice-over-IP protocol. The Pepwave router can act as a SIP application layer gateway (ALG) which binds connections for the same SIP session to the same WAN connection and translate IP address in the SIP packets correctly in NAT mode. Such passthrough support is always enabled, and there are two modes for selection: Standard Mode and Compatibility Mode . If your SIP server's signal port number is non-standard, you can check the box Define custom signal ports and input the port numbers to the text boxes.
H.323	With this option enabled, protocols that provide audio-visual communication sessions will be defined on any packet network and passthrough the Pepwave router.
FTP	FTP sessions consist of two TCP connections; one for control and one for data. In a multi-WAN situation, they must be routed to the same WAN connection. Otherwise, problems will arise in transferring files. By default, the Pepwave router monitors TCP control connections on port 21 for any FTP connections and binds TCP connections of the same FTP session to the same WAN. If you have an FTP server listening on a port number other than 21, you can check Define custom control ports and enter the port numbers in the text boxes.
TFTP	The Pepwave router monitors outgoing TFTP connections and routes any incoming TFTP data packets back to the client. Select Enable if you want to enable TFTP passthrough support.
IPsec NAT-T	This field is for enabling the support of IPsec NAT-T passthrough. UDP ports 500, 4500, and 10000 are monitored by default. You may add more custom data ports that your IPsec system uses by checking Define custom ports . If the VPN contains IPsec site-to-

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site VPN traffic, check **Route IPsecSite-to-Site VPN** and choose the WAN connection to route the traffic to.

Port numbers do not need to be the same on both ends of the VPN tunnel.

19.6 GPS Forwarding

Using the GPS forwarding feature, some Pepwave routers can automatically send GPS reports to a specified server. To set up GPS forwarding, navigate to **Advanced>GPS Forwarding**.

GPS Forwarding					
Enable	☒				
Server	Server IP Address / Host Name	Port	Protocol	Report Interval	
			UDP	1	second(s) 
GPS Report Format	☒ NMEA ☐ TAIP				
NMEA Sentence Type	☒ GPRMC ☐ GPGGA ☐ GPVTG ☐ GPGSA ☐ GPGSV				

GPS Forwarding	
Enable	Check this box to turn on GPS forwarding.
Server	Enter the name/IP address of the server that will receive GPS data. Also specify a port number, protocol (UDP or TCP), and a report interval of between 1 and 10 seconds. Click  to save these settings.
GPS Report Format	Choose from NMEA or TAIP format for sending GPS reports.
NMEA Sentence Type	If you've chosen to send GPS reports in NMEA format, select one or more sentence types for sending the data (GPRMC , GPGGA , GPVTG , GPGSA , and GPGSV).
TAIP Sentence Type/TAIP ID (optional)	If you've chosen to send GPS reports in TAIP format, select one or more sentence types for sending the data (PV—Position / Velocity Solution and CP—Compact Velocity Solution). You can also optionally include an ID number in the TAIP ID field.

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20 AP Controller

The AP controller acts as a centralized controller of Pepwave AP devices. With this feature, users can customize and manage multiple APs from a single Pepwave router interface.

Special Note

Each Pepwave router can control a limited number of routers without additional cost. To manage more, a Full Edition license is required. Please contact your Authorized Reseller or the Peplink Sales Team for more information and pricing details.

To configure, navigate to the **AP** tab.

20.1 Wireless SSID

This menu is the first one that appears after clicking the **AP** tab. This screen can also be reached by clicking **AP>Wireless SSID**. Note the appearance of this screen varies by model.

AP Controller

AP Management ☒ Integrated AP ☒ External AP

Permitted AP ☐ Any ☒ Approved List

(One serial number per line)

AP Controller

AP Management

The AP controller for managing Pepwave APs can be enabled by checking this box. When this option is enabled, the AP controller will wait for management connections originating from APs over the LAN on TCP and UDP port 11753. It will also wait for captive portal connections on TCP port 443. An extended DHCP option, **CAPWAP Access Controller addresses** (field 138), will be added to the DHCP server. A local DNS record, **AP Controller**, will be added to the local DNS proxy.

Permitted AP

Access points to manage can be specified here. If **Any** is selected, the AP controller will manage any AP that reports to it. If **Approved List** is selected, only APs with serial numbers listed in the provided text box will be managed.

SSID	Security Policy
PEPWAVE_8D1C	WPA/WPA2 - Personal

New SSID

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Current SSID information appears in the **SSID** section. To edit an existing SSID, click its name in the list. To add a new SSID, click **Add**. Note that the following settings vary by model.

The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for an SSID. It is divided into three main sections: **SSID Settings**, **Security Settings**, and **Access Control**. The **SSID Settings** section includes fields for SSID (PEPWAVE_8D1C), VLAN ID (LAN (No VLAN)), Broadcast SSID (checked), Data Rate (Auto), Multicast Filter (unchecked), Multicast Rate (MCS8/MCS0/6M), IGMP Snooping (unchecked), Layer 2 Isolation (unchecked), and Band Steering (Disable). The **Security Settings** section includes a Security Policy dropdown set to Open (No Encryption). The **Access Control** section includes a Restricted Mode dropdown set to None. At the bottom right are Save and Cancel buttons.

SSID	
SSID Settings	
SSID	PEPWAVE_8D1C
VLAN ID	LAN (No VLAN) ▼
Broadcast SSID	☒
Data Rate	☒ Auto ☐ Fixed
Multicast Filter	☐
Multicast Rate	MCS8/MCS0/6M ▼
IGMP Snooping	☐
Layer 2 Isolation	☐
Band Steering	Disable ▼
Security Settings	
Security Policy	Open (No Encryption) ▼
Access Control	
Restricted Mode	None ▼
Save Cancel	

SSID Settings	
SSID	This setting specifies the SSID of the virtual AP to be scanned by Wi-Fi clients.
Enable	Select Yes to enable the virtual AP.
VLAN ID	This setting specifies the VLAN ID to be tagged on all outgoing packets generated from this wireless network (i.e., packets that travel from the Wi-Fi segment through the Pepwave AP One unit to the Ethernet segment via the LAN port). The default value of this setting is 0 , which means VLAN tagging is disabled (instead of tagged with zero).
Broadcast SSID	This setting specifies whether or not Wi-Fi clients can scan the SSID of this wireless network. Broadcast SSID is enabled by default.
Data Rate ^A	Select Auto to allow the Pepwave router to set the data rate automatically, or select Fixed and choose a rate from the displayed drop-down menu.
Multicast Filter ^A	This setting enables the filtering of multicast network traffic to the wireless SSID.
Multicast Rate ^A	This setting specifies the transmit rate to be used for sending multicast network traffic. The selected Protocol and Channel Bonding settings will affect the rate

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	options and values available here.
IGMP Snooping ^A	To allow the Pepwave router to listen to internet group management protocol (IGMP) network traffic, select this option.
DHCP Option 82 ^A	If you use a distributed DHCP server/relay environment, you can enable this option to provide additional information on the manner in which clients are physically connected to the network.
Network Priority (QoS) ^A	Select from Gold , Silver , and Bronze to control the QoS priority of this wireless network's traffic.
Layer 2 Isolation ^A	Layer 2 refers to the second layer in the ISO Open System Interconnect model. When this option is enabled, clients on the same VLAN, SSID, or subnet are isolated to that VLAN, SSID, or subnet, which can enhance security. Traffic is passed to upper communication layer(s). By default, the setting is disabled.
Band Steering ^A	Band steering allows the Pepwave router to steer AP clients from the 2.4GHz band to the 5GHz band for better usage of bandwidth. To make steering mandatory, select Enforce . To cause the Pepwave router to preferentially choose steering, select Prefer . The default for this setting is Disable .

^A - Advanced feature. Click the  button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

Security Settings	
Security Policy	WPA2 - Personal ▼
Encryption	AES:CCMP
Shared Key	 ☒ Hide Characters

Security Settings	
Security Policy	This setting configures the wireless authentication and encryption methods. Available options are Open (No Encryption) , WPA/WPA2 - Personal , WPA/WPA2 - Enterprise and Static WEP .

Access Control	
Restricted Mode	Deny all except listed ▼
MAC Address List	

Access Control	
Restricted Mode	The settings allow administrator to control access using MAC address filtering. Available options are None, Deny all except listed, Accept all except listed, and RADIUS MAC Authentication. When WPA/WPA2 - Enterprise is configured, RADIUS-based 802.1x authentication is enabled. Under this configuration, the Shared Key option should be disabled. When using this method, select the appropriate version using the V1/V2 controls. The security level of this method is known to be very high.

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When **WPA/WPA2- Personal** is configured, a shared key is used for data encryption and authentication. When using this configuration, the **Shared Key** option should be enabled. Key length must be between eight and 63 characters (inclusive). The security level of this method is known to be high.

The configuration of **Static WEP** parameters enables pre-shared WEP key encryption. Authentication is not supported by this method. The security level of this method is known to be weak.

MAC Address List

Connection coming from the MAC addresses in this list will be either denied or accepted based the option selected in the previous field. Please separate each byte with colons (e.g. 11:22:33:44:55:66)

RADIUS Server Settings	Primary Server	Secondary Server
Host		
Secret		
Authentication Port	1812 Default	1812 Default
Accounting Port	1813 Default	1813 Default

RADIUS Server Settings

Host	Enter the IP address of the primary RADIUS server and, if applicable, the secondary RADIUS server.
Secret	Enter the RADIUS shared secret for the primary server and, if applicable, the secondary RADIUS server.
Authentication Port	In field, enter the UDP authentication port(s) used by your RADIUS server(s) or click the Default button to enter 1812 .
Accounting Port	In field, enter the UDP accounting port(s) used by your RADIUS server(s) or click the Default button to enter 1813 .

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20.2 Settings

On many Pepwave models, the AP settings screen (**AP>Settings**) looks similar to the example below:

AP Settings	
SSID	☒ 2.4 GHz ☒ 5 GHz Integrated AP supports 2.4 GHz only. PEPWAVE_8D1C
Operating Country	United States
Preferred Frequency	☒ 2.4 GHz ☐ 5 GHz Integrated AP supports 2.4 GHz only.
5 GHz Protocol	802.11n/ac
5 GHz Channel Bonding	Auto
5 GHz Channel	Auto Edit Channels: 36 40 44 48 ...
2.4 GHz Protocol	802.11ng
2.4 GHz Channel Bonding	20 MHz
2.4 GHz Channel	1 (2.412 GHz)
Management VLAN ID	LAN (No VLAN)
Power Boost	☐
Output Power	Max
Beacon Rate	1Mbps Default
Beacon Interval	100ms
DTIM	1 Default
Slot Time	9 Default μ s
ACK Timeout	48 Default μ s
Frame Aggregation	☒

AP Settings	
SSID	These buttons specify which wireless networks will use this AP profile. You can also select the frequencies at which each network will transmit. Please note that the Pepwave router does not detect whether the AP is capable of transmitting at both frequencies. Instructions to transmit at unsupported frequencies will be ignored by the AP.
Operating Country	This drop-down menu specifies the national/regional regulations which the AP should follow. - If a North American region is selected, RF channels 1 to 11 will be available and the maximum transmission power will be 26 dBm (400 mW). - If European region is selected, RF channels 1 to 13 will be available. The maximum transmission power will be 20 dBm (100 mW). NOTE: Users are required to choose an option suitable to local laws and regulations. Per FCC regulation, the country selection is not available on all models marketed in US. All US models are fixed to US channels only.
Preferred Frequency	These buttons determine the frequency at which access points will attempt to broadcast. This feature will only work for APs that can transmit at both 2.4GHz and 5GHz frequencies.
5 GHz Protocol	This section displays the 5 GHz protocols your APs are using.
5GHz Channel Bonding	There are three options: 20 MHz , 20/40 MHz , and 40 MHz . With this feature enabled, the Wi-Fi system can use two channels at once. Using two channels improves the performance of the Wi-Fi connection.

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5 GHz Channel	This drop-down menu selects the 5 GHz 802.11 channel to be utilized. If Auto is set, the system will perform channel scanning based on the scheduled time set and choose the most suitable channel automatically.
2.4 GHz Protocol	This section displays the 2.4GHz protocols your APs are using.
2.4 GHz Channel Bonding	There are three options: 20 MHz , 20/40 MHz , and 40 MHz . With this feature enabled, the Wi-Fi system can use two channels at once. Using two channels improves the performance of the Wi-Fi connection.
2.4 GHz Channel	This drop-down menu selects the 802.11 channel to be utilized. Available options are from 1 to 11 and from 1 to 13 for the North America region and Europe region, respectively. (Channel 14 is only available when the country is selected as Japan with protocol 802.11b.) If Auto is set, the system will perform channel scanning based on the scheduled time set and choose the most suitable channel automatically.
Management VLAN ID	This field specifies the VLAN ID to tag to management traffic, such as AP to APcontroller communication traffic. The value is 0 by default, meaning that no VLAN tagging will be applied. NOTE: change this value with caution as alterations may result in loss of connection to the AP controller.
Power Boost^A	With this option enabled, the AP under this profile will transmit using additional power. Please note that using this option with several APs in close proximity will lead to increased interference.
Output Power^A	This drop-down menu determines the power at which the AP under this profile will broadcast. When fixed settings are selected, the AP will broadcast at the specified power level, regardless of context. When Dynamic settings are selected, the AP will adjust its power level based on its surrounding APs in order to maximize performance. The Dynamic: Auto setting will set the AP to do this automatically. Otherwise, the Dynamic: Manual setting will set the AP to dynamically adjust only if instructed to do so. If you have set Dynamic: Manual, you can go to AP>Toolbox>Auto Power Adj. to give your AP further instructions.
Beacon Rate^A	This drop-down menu provides the option to send beacons in different transmit bit rates. The bit rates are 1Mbps , 2Mbps , 5.5Mbps , 6Mbps , and 11Mbps .
Beacon Interval^A	This drop-down menu provides the option to set the time between each beacon send. Available options are 100ms , 250ms , and 500ms .
DTIM^A	This field provides the option to set the frequency for beacon to include delivery traffic indication messages (DTIM). The interval unit is measured in milliseconds.
Slot Time^A	This field provides the option to modify the unit wait time before it transmits. The default value is 9µs .
ACK Timeout^A	This field provides the option to set the wait time to receive acknowledgement packet before doing retransmission. The default value is 48µs .
Frame Aggregation^A	With this feature enabled, throughput will be increased by sending two or more data frames in a single transmission.

^A - Advanced feature. Click the  button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

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Web Administration Settings (on External AP)	
Enable	☒
Web Access Protocol	☐ HTTP ☒ HTTPS
Management Port	443
HTTP to HTTPS Redirection	☒
Admin Username	admin
Admin Password	25db591396e0 Generate

Web Administration Settings	
Enable	Check the box to allow thePepwave routerto manage the web admin access information of the AP.
Web Access Protocol	These buttons specify the web access protocol used for accessing the web admin of the AP. The two available options are HTTP and HTTPS .
Management Port	This field specifies the management port used for accessing the device.
HTTP to HTTPS Redirection	This option will be available if you have chosen HTTPS as the Web Access Protocol . With this enabled, any HTTP access to the web admin will redirect to HTTPS automatically.
Admin User Name	This field specifies the administrator username of the web admin. It is set as <i>admin</i> by default.
Admin Password	This field allows you to specify a new administrator password. You may also click the Generate button and let the system generate a random password automatically.

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Navigating to **AP>Settings** on some Pepwave models displays a screen similar to the one shown below:

 InControl management enabled. Settings can now be configured on [InControl](#).

Wi-Fi Radio Settings	
Operating Country	United States ▼
Wi-Fi Antenna	☐ Internal ☒ External

Wi-Fi AP Settings ?	
Protocol	802.11ng ▼
Channel	1 (2.412 GHz) ▼
Channel Width	Auto ▼
Output Power	Max ▼ ☐ Boost
Beacon Rate	? 1Mbps ▼
Beacon Interval	? 100ms ▼
DTIM	? 1
Slot Time	? 9 μs
ACK Timeout	? 48 μs
Frame Aggregation	☒ Enable
Guard Interval	☐ Short ☒ Long

Wi-Fi Radio Settings

Operating Country

This option sets the country whose regulations the Pepwave router follows.

Wi-Fi Antenna

Choose from the router's internal or optional external antennas, if so equipped.

Important Note

Per FCC regulations, the country selection is not available on all models marketed in the US. All US models are fixed to US channels only.

Wi-Fi AP Settings

Protocol

This option allows you to specify whether 802.11b and/or 802.11g client association requests will be accepted. Available options are **802.11ng** and **802.11na**. By default, **802.11ng** is selected.

Channel

This option allows you to select which 802.11 RF channel will be used. **Channel 1 (2.412 GHz)** is selected by default.

Channel Width

Auto (20/40 MHz) and **20 MHz** are available. The default setting is **Auto (20/40 MHz)**, which allows both widths to be used simultaneously.

Output Power

This option is for specifying the transmission output power for the Wi-Fi AP. There are 4 relative power levels available – **Max**, **High**, **Mid**, and **Low**. The actual output power will be bound by the regulatory limits of the selected country.

Beacon Rate^A

This option is for setting the transmit bit rate for sending a beacon. By default, **1Mbps** is

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selected.

Beacon Interval^A

This option is for setting the time interval between each beacon. By default, **100ms** is selected.

DTIM^A

This field allows you to set the frequency for the beacon to include a delivery traffic indication message. The interval is measured in milliseconds. The default value is set to **1 ms**.

Slot Time^A

This field is for specifying the wait time before the Surf SOHO transmits a packet. By default, this field is set to **9 µs**.

ACK Timeout^A

This field is for setting the wait time to receive an acknowledgement packet before performing a retransmission. By default, this field is set to **48 µs**.

Frame Aggregation^A

This option allows you to enable frame aggregation to increase transmission throughput.

Guard Interval^A

This setting allows choosing a short or long guard period interval for your transmissions.

^A - Advanced feature, please click the  button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

20.3 Toolbox

Tools for managing firmware packs can be found at **AP>Toolbox**.



Firmware Packs

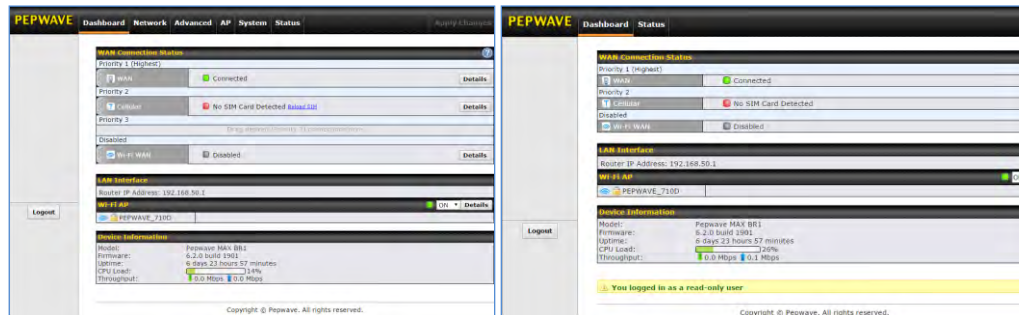
Here, you can manage the firmware of your AP. Clicking on  will result in information regarding each firmware pack. To receive new firmware packs, you can click **Check for Updates** to download new packs, or you can click **Manual Upload** to manually upload a firmware pack. Click **Default** to define which firmware pack is default.

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21 System Settings

21.1 Admin Security

There are two types of user accounts available for accessing the web admin: *admin* and *user*. They represent two user levels: the admin level has full administration access, while the user level is read-only. The user level can access only the device's status information; users cannot make any changes on the device.



Admin account UI

User account UI

A web login session will be logged out automatically when it has been idle longer than the **Web Session Timeout**. Before the session expires, you may click the **Logout** button in the web admin to exit the session.

0 hours 0 minutes signifies an unlimited session time. This setting should be used only in special situations, as it will lower the system security level if users do not logout before closing the browser. The **default** is 4 hours, 0 minutes.

For security reasons, after logging in to the web admin Interface for the first time, it is recommended to change the administrator password. Configuring the administration interface to be accessible only from the LAN can further improve system security. Administrative settings configuration is located at **System>Admin Security**.

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Admin Settings ?		
Router Name	MAX_BR1_710D	hostname: max-br1-710d
Admin User Name	admin	
Admin Password	••••••••	
Confirm Admin Password	••••••••	
Read-only User Name	user	
User Password		
Confirm User Password		
Web Session Timeout	4	Hours 0 Minutes
Authentication by RADIUS	☒ Enable	
Auth Protocol	MS-CHAP v2	
Auth Server		Port Default
Auth Server Secret		☒ Hide Characters
Auth Timeout	3	seconds
Accounting Server		Port Default
Accounting Server Secret		☒ Hide Characters
CLI SSH	☒ Enable	
CLI SSH Port	8822	Default
CLI SSH Access	LAN/WAN	
Security	HTTP	
Web Admin Port	80	Default
Web Admin Access	LAN Only	

Admin Settings	
Router Name	This field allows you to define a name for this Pepwave router. By default, Router Name is set as MAX_XXXX or Surf_SOHO_XXXX , where XXXX refers to the last 4 digits of the unit's serial number.
Admin User Name	Admin User Name is set as <i>admin</i> by default, but can be changed, if desired.
Admin Password	This field allows you to specify a new administrator password.
Confirm Admin Password	This field allows you to verify and confirm the new administrator password.
Read-only User Name	Read-only User Name is set as <i>user</i> by default, but can be changed, if desired.
User Password	This field allows you to specify a new user password. Once the user password is set, the read-only user feature will be enabled.
Confirm User Password	This field allows you to verify and confirm the new user password.
Web Session Timeout	This field specifies the number of hours and minutes that a web session can remain idle before the Pepwave router terminates its access to the web admin interface. By default, it is set to 4 hours .

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Authentication by RADIUS	With this box is checked, the web admin will authenticate using an external RADIUS server. Authenticated users are treated as either "admin" with full read-write permission or "user" with read-only access. Local admin and user accounts will be disabled. When the device is not able to communicate with the external RADIUS server, local accounts will be enabled again for emergency access. Additional authentication options will be available once this box is checked.
Auth Protocol	This specifies the authentication protocol used. Available options are MS-CHAP v2 and PAP .
Auth Server	This specifies the access address and port of the external RADIUS server.
Auth Server Secret	This field is for entering the secret key for accessing the RADIUS server.
Auth Timeout	This option specifies the time value for authentication timeout.
Accounting Server	This specifies the access address and port of the external accounting server.
Accounting Server Secret	This field is for entering the secret key for accessing the accounting server.
Network Connection	This option is for specifying the network connection to be used for authentication. Users can choose from LAN, WAN, and VPN connections.
CLI SSH	The CLI (command line interface) can be accessed via SSH. This field enables CLI support. For additional information regarding CLI, please refer to Section 21.14 .
CLI SSH Port	This field determines the port on which clients can access CLI SSH.
CLI SSH Access	This menu allows you to choose between granting access to LAN and WAN clients, or to LAN clients only.
Security	This option is for specifying the protocol(s) through which the web admin interface can be accessed: • HTTP • HTTPS • HTTP/HTTPS
Web Admin Port	This field is for specifying the port number on which the web admin interface can be accessed.
Web Admin Access	This option is for specifying the network interfaces through which the web admin interface can be accessed: • LAN only • LAN/WAN If LAN/WAN is chosen, the WAN Connection Access Settings form will be displayed.

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WAN Connection Access Settings															
Allowed Source IP Subnets	☐ Any ☒ Allow access from the following IP subnets only														
Allowed WAN IP Address(es)	<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Connection</th><th>IP Address(es)</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>☒ WAN 1</td><td>☒ 10.88.3.158 (Interface IP)</td></tr><tr><td>☐ WAN 2</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>☐ Wi-Fi WAN</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>☐ Cellular 1</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>☐ Cellular 2</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>☐ USB</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table>	Connection	IP Address(es)	☒ WAN 1	☒ 10.88.3.158 (Interface IP)	☐ WAN 2		☐ Wi-Fi WAN		☐ Cellular 1		☐ Cellular 2		☐ USB	
	Connection	IP Address(es)													
☒ WAN 1	☒ 10.88.3.158 (Interface IP)														
☐ WAN 2															
☐ Wi-Fi WAN															
☐ Cellular 1															
☐ Cellular 2															
☐ USB															

WAN Connection Access Settings

This field allows you to restrict web admin access only from defined IP subnets.

- **Any** - Allow web admin accesses to be from anywhere, without IP address restriction.
- **Allow access from the following IP subnets only** - Restrict web admin access only from the defined IP subnets. When this is chosen, a text input area will be displayed beneath:

The allowed IP subnet addresses should be entered into this text area. Each IP subnet must be in form of *w.x.y.z/m*, where *w.x.y.z* is an IP address (e.g.,*192.168.0.0*), and *m* is the subnet mask in CIDR format, which is between 0 and 32 inclusively (For example,*192.168.0.0/24*).

To define multiple subnets, separate each IP subnet one in a line. For example:

- 192.168.0.0/24
- 10.8.0.0/16

Allowed Source IP Subnets

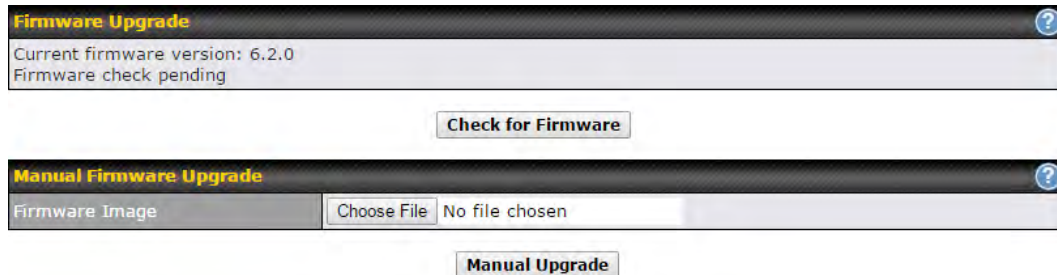
Allowed WAN IP Address(es)

This is to choose which WAN IP address(es) the web server should listen on.

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21.2 Firmware

Pepwave routerfirmware is upgradeable through the web admin interface. Firmware upgrade functionality is located at **System>Firmware**.



The screenshot displays two sections of the web interface. The first section, 'Firmware Upgrade', includes a status bar with 'Current firmware version: 6.2.0' and 'Firmware check pending', and a 'Check for Firmware' button. The second section, 'Manual Firmware Upgrade', features a 'Firmware Image' label, a 'Choose File' button, and a text field indicating 'No file chosen'. A 'Manual Upgrade' button is positioned at the bottom of this section.

There are two ways to upgrade the unit. The first method is through an online download. The second method is to upload a firmware file manually.

To perform an online download, click on the **Check for Firmware** button. The Pepwave router will check online for new firmware. If new firmware is available, the Pepwave router will automatically download the firmware. The rest of the upgrade process will be automatically initiated.

You may also download a firmware image from the Peplink website and update the unit manually. To update using a firmware image, click **Choose File** to select the firmware file from the local computer, and then click **Manual Upgrade** to send the firmware to the Pepwave router. It will then automatically initiate the firmware upgrade process.

Please note that all Peplink devices can store two different firmware versions in two different partitions. A firmware upgrade will always replace the inactive partition. If you want to keep the inactive firmware, you can simply reboot your device with the inactive firmware and then perform the firmware upgrade.

Important Note

The firmware upgrade process may not necessarily preserve the previous configuration, and the behavior varies on a case-by-case basis. Consult the release notes for the particular firmware version before installing. Do not disconnect the power during firmware upgrade process. Do not attempt to upload a non-firmware file or a firmware file that is not supported by Peplink. Upgrading the Pepwave router with an invalid firmware file will damage the unit and may void the warranty.

Important Note

If the firmware is rolled back from 5.x to 4.x, the configurations will be lost.

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21.3 Time

Time Settings enables the system clock of the Pepwave router to be synchronized with a specified time server. Time settings are located at **System>Time**.

Time Settings	
Time Zone	(GMT+07:00) Krasnoyarsk ☐ Show all
Time Server	0.peplink.pool.ntp.org Default
Save	

Time Settings	
Time Zone	This specifies the time zone (along with the corresponding Daylight Savings Time scheme). The Time Zone value affects the time stamps in the Pepwave router's event log and e-mail notifications. Check Show all to show all time zone options.
Time Server	This setting specifies the NTP network time server to be utilized by the Pepwave router.

21.4 Email Notification

Email notification functionality provides a system administrator with up-to-date information on network status. The settings for configuring email notifications are found at **System>Email Notification**.

Email Notification Setup	
Email Notification	☒ Enable
SMTP Server	smtp.mycompany.com ☒ Require authentication
SSL Encryption	☒ (Note: any server certificate will be accepted)
SMTP Port	465 Default
SMTP User Name	smtpuser
SMTP Password	•••••
Confirm SMTP Password	•••••
Sender's Email Address	admin@mycompany.com
Recipient's Email Address	system@mycompany.com staff@mycompany.com
Test Email Notification Save	

Email Notification Settings	
Email Notification	This setting specifies whether or not to enable email notification. If Enable is checked, the Pepwave router will send email messages to system administrators when the WAN status changes or when new firmware is available. If Enable is not checked, email notification is disabled and the Pepwave router will not send email messages.

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SMTP Server	This setting specifies the SMTP server to be used for sending email. If the server requires authentication, check Require authentication .
SSL Encryption	Check the box to enable SMTPS. When the box is checked, SMTP Port will be changed to 465 automatically.
SMTP Port	This field is for specifying the SMTP port number. By default, this is set to 25 ; when SSL Encryption is checked, the default port number will be set to 465 . You may customize the port number by editing this field. Click Default to restore the number to its default setting.
SMTP User Name / Password	This setting specifies the SMTP username and password while sending email. These options are shown only if Require authentication is checked in the SMTP Server setting.
Confirm SMTP Password	This field allows you to verify and confirm the new administrator password.
Sender's Email Address	This setting specifies the email address the Pepwave router will use to send reports.
Recipient's Email Address	This setting specifies the email address(es) to which the Pepwave router will send email notifications. For multiple recipients, separate each email addresses using the enter key.

After you have finished setting up email notifications, you can click the **Test Email Notification** button to test the settings before saving. After **Test Email Notification** is clicked, you will see this screen to confirm the settings:

Test Email Notification	
SMTP Server	smtp.mycompany.com
SMTP Port	465
SMTP UserName	smtpuser
Sender's Email Address	admin@mycompany.com
Recipient's Email Address	system@mycompany.com staff@mycompany.com

Click **Send Test Notification** to confirm. In a few seconds, you will see a message with detailed test results.

Test email sent. Email notification settings are not saved, it will be saved after clicked the 'Save' button.

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Test Result

```
[INFO] Try email through connection #3
[<-] 220 ESMTP
[->] EHLO balance
[<-] 250-smtp Hello balance [210.210.210.210]
250-SIZE 100000000
250-8BITMIME
250-PIPELINING
250-AUTH PLAIN LOGIN
250-STARTTLS
250-ENHANCEDSTATUSREPORTING=1
```

21.5 Event Log

Event log functionality enables event logging at a specified remote syslog server. The settings for configuring the remote system log can be found at **System>Event Log**.

Send Events to Remote Syslog Server	
Remote Syslog	☒
Remote Syslog Host	

Push Events to Mobile Devices	
Push Events	☒

Event Log Settings

Remote Syslog This setting specifies whether or not to log events at the specified remote syslog server.

Remote Syslog Host This setting specifies the IP address or hostname of the remote syslog server.

The Pepwave router can also send push notifications to mobile devices that have our Mobile Router Utility installed. Check the box to activate this feature.

Push Events

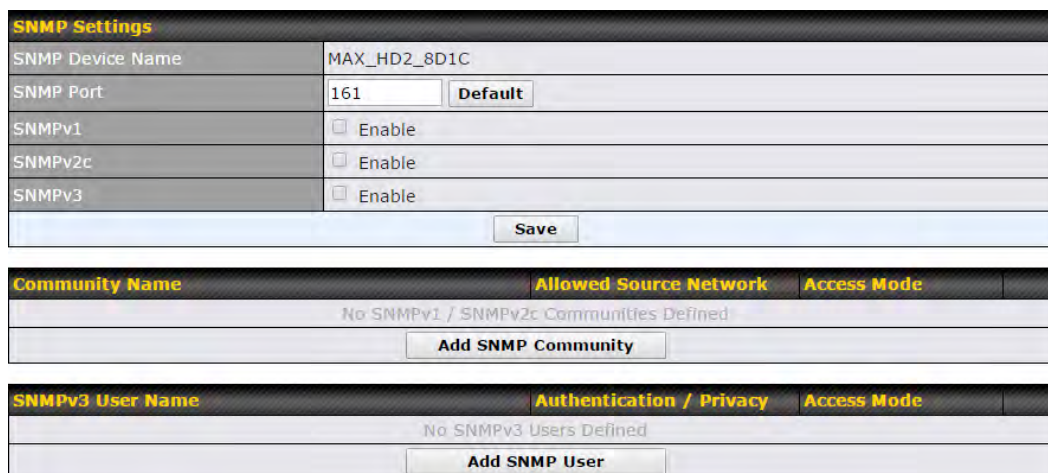


For more information on the Router Utility, go to:
www.peplink.com/products/router-utility

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21.6 SNMP

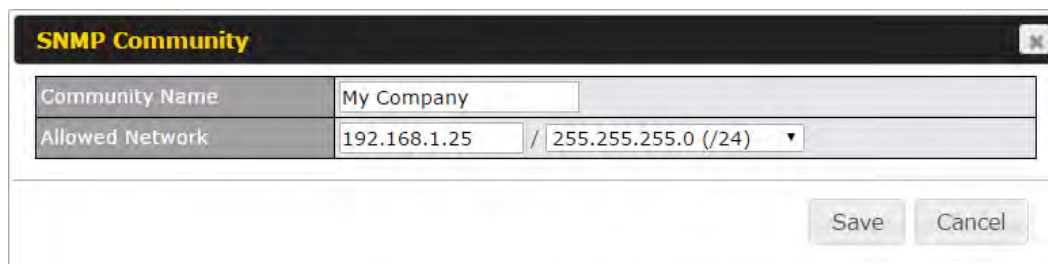
SNMP or simple network management protocol is an open standard that can be used to collect information about the Pepwave router. SNMP configuration is located at **System>SNMP**.



The image shows the 'SNMP Settings' configuration screen. It has a dark header with the title 'SNMP Settings'. Below the header, there are several sections. The first section contains fields for 'SNMP Device Name' (set to 'MAX_HD2_8D1C'), 'SNMP Port' (set to '161' with a 'Default' button), and three checkboxes for 'SNMPv1', 'SNMPv2c', and 'SNMPv3', all of which are currently unchecked. A 'Save' button is at the bottom of this section. The second section is a table with columns 'Community Name', 'Allowed Source Network', and 'Access Mode'. It shows 'No SNMPv1 / SNMPv2c Communities Defined' and an 'Add SNMP Community' button. The third section is another table with columns 'SNMPv3 User Name', 'Authentication / Privacy', and 'Access Mode'. It shows 'No SNMPv3 Users Defined' and an 'Add SNMP User' button.

SNMP Settings	
SNMP Device Name	This field shows the router name defined at System>Admin Security .
SNMP Port	This option specifies the port which SNMP will use. The default port is 161 .
SNMPv1	This option allows you to enable SNMP version 1.
SNMPv2	This option allows you to enable SNMP version 2.
SNMPv3	This option allows you to enable SNMP version 3.

To add a community for either SNMPv1 or SNMPv2, click the **Add SNMP Community** button in the **Community Name** table, upon which the following screen is displayed:

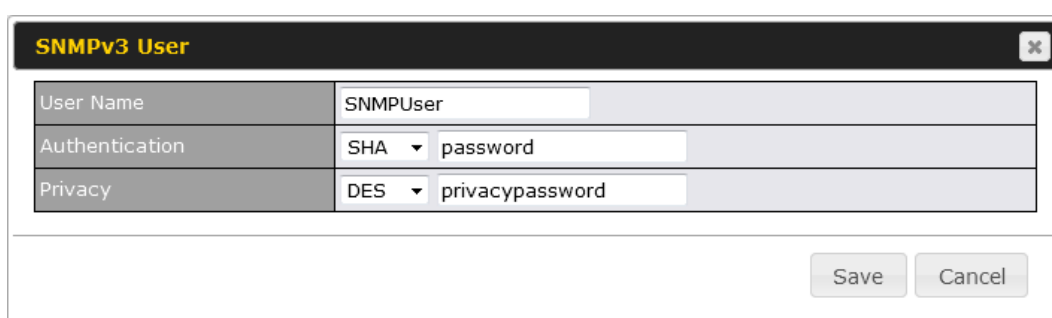


The image shows the 'SNMP Community' configuration dialog box. It has a dark header with the title 'SNMP Community' and a close button. Below the header, there are two rows of fields. The first row is 'Community Name' with the value 'My Company'. The second row is 'Allowed Network' with the value '192.168.1.25 / 255.255.255.0 (/24)' and a dropdown arrow. At the bottom right, there are 'Save' and 'Cancel' buttons.

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SNMP Community Settings	
Community Name	This setting specifies the SNMP community name.
Allowed Source Subnet Address	This setting specifies a subnet from which access to the SNMP server is allowed. Enter subnet address here (e.g., 192.168.1.0) and select the appropriate subnet mask.

To define a user name for SNMPv3, click **Add SNMP User** in the **SNMPv3 User Name**



The image shows a dialog box titled "SNMPv3 User" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. It contains three rows of configuration fields:

User Name	SNMPUser
Authentication	SHA password
Privacy	DES privacypassword

At the bottom right of the dialog are two buttons: "Save" and "Cancel".

table, upon which the following screen is displayed:

SNMPv3 User Settings	
User Name	This setting specifies a user name to be used in SNMPv3.
Authentication Protocol	This setting specifies via a drop-down menu one of the following valid authentication protocols: • NONE • MD5 • SHA When MD5 or SHA is selected, an entry field will appear for the password.
Privacy Protocol	This setting specifies via a drop-down menu one of the following valid privacy protocols: • NONE • DES When DES is selected, an entry field will appear for the password.

21.7 InControl

InControl Management	
InControl Management	☒ Allow InControl Management
Privately Host InControl	☒
InControl Host	

InControl is a cloud-based service which allows you to manage all of your Peplink and Pepwave devices with one unified system. With it, you can generate reports, gather statistics, and configure your devices automatically. All of this is now possible with InControl.

When this check box is checked, the device's status information will be sent to the Peplink InControl system. This device's usage data and configuration will be sent to the system if you enable the features in the system.

Alternately, you could also privately host InControl. Simply check the box beside the "Privately Host InControl" open, and enter the IP Address of your InControl Host.

You can sign up for an InControl account at <https://incontrol2.peplink.com/>. You can register your devices under the account, monitor their status, see their usage reports, and receive offline notifications.

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21.8 Configuration

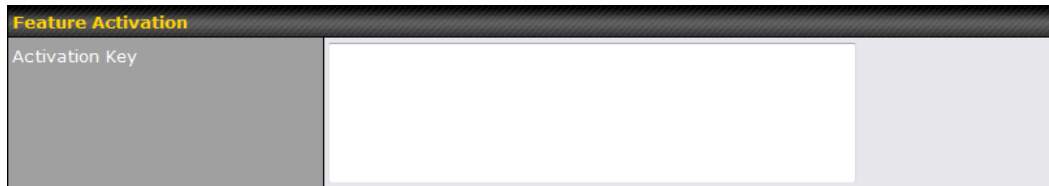
Backing up Pepwave router settings immediately after successful completion of initial setup is strongly recommended. The functionality to download and upload Pepwave routersettings is found at **System>Configuration**. Note that available options vary by model.

The image displays four sequential screenshots of the 'Configuration' web interface. Each screenshot has a dark header bar with a title and a help icon (question mark).
1. **Restore Configuration to Factory Settings**: Shows a single button labeled 'Restore Factory Settings'.
2. **Download Active Configurations**: Shows a single button labeled 'Download'.
3. **Upload Configurations**: Shows a 'Configuration File' section with a 'Browse...' button and the text 'No file selected.', followed by an 'Upload' button.
4. **Upload Configurations from High Availability Pair**: Shows a 'Configuration File' section with a 'Browse...' button and the text 'No file selected.', followed by an 'Upload' button.

Configuration	
Restore Configuration to Factory Settings	The Restore Factory Settings button is to reset the configuration to factory default settings. After clicking the button, you will need to click the Apply Changes button on the top right corner to make the settings effective.
Download Active Configurations	Click Download to backup the current active settings.
Upload Configurations	To restore or change settings based on a configuration file, click Choose File to locate the configuration file on the local computer, and then click Upload . The new settings can then be applied by clicking the Apply Changes button on the page header, or you can cancel the procedure by pressing discard on the main page of the web admin interface.
Upload Configurations from High Availability Pair	In a high availability (HA) configuration, aPepwave router can quickly load the configuration of its HA counterpart. To do so, click the Upload button. After loading the settings, configure the LAN IP address of the Pepwve routerso that it is differnt from the HA counterpart.

21.9 Feature Add-ons

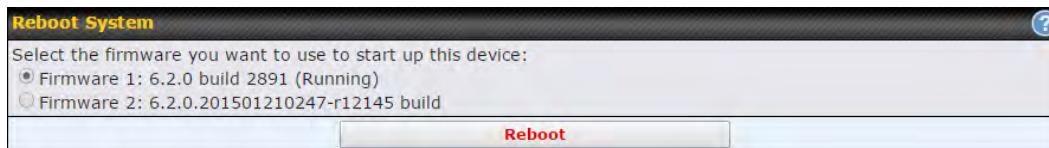
Some Pepwave routers have features that can be activated upon purchase. Once the purchase is complete, you will receive an activation key. Enter the key in the **Activation Key** field, click **Activate**, and then click **Apply Changes**.

A screenshot of the 'Feature Activation' web interface. It has a dark header with the title 'Feature Activation' in yellow. Below the header, there is a label 'Activation Key' on the left, followed by a large, empty white text input field. The background of the form is light gray.

21.10 Reboot

This page provides a reboot button for restarting the system. For maximum reliability, the Pepwave router can equip with two copies of firmware. Each copy can be a different version. You can select the firmware version you would like to reboot the device with. The firmware marked with **(Running)** is the current system boot up firmware.

Please note that a firmware upgrade will always replace the inactive firmware partition.

A screenshot of the 'Reboot System' web interface. It has a dark header with the title 'Reboot System' in yellow and a help icon (question mark in a circle) on the right. Below the header, there is a text prompt 'Select the firmware you want to use to start up this device:'. Underneath, there are two radio button options: 'Firmware 1: 6.2.0 build 2891 (Running)' which is selected, and 'Firmware 2: 6.2.0.201501210247-r12145 build'. At the bottom, there is a light blue bar containing a button labeled 'Reboot' in red text.

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21.11 Ping

The ping test tool sends pings through a specified Ethernet interface or a SpeedFusion™ VPN connection. You can specify the number of pings in the field **Number of times**, to a maximum number of 10 times. **Packet Size** can be set to a maximum of 1472 bytes. The ping utility is located at **System>Tools>Ping**, illustrated below:

The screenshot displays the 'Ping' utility interface. The top section, titled 'Ping', contains configuration fields: 'Connection' is set to 'WAN 1', 'Destination' is '10.10.10.1', 'Packet Size' is '56', and 'Number of times' is set to '5' with a slider. Below these fields are 'Start' and 'Stop' buttons. The bottom section, titled 'Results', shows the output of the ping test. It includes a 'Clear Log' button in the top right corner. The results text is as follows:

```
PING 10.10.10.1 (10.10.10.1) from 10.88.3.158 56(84) bytes of data.  
64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=1 ttl=62 time=27.6 ms  
64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=2 ttl=62 time=26.5 ms  
64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=3 ttl=62 time=28.9 ms  
64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=4 ttl=62 time=28.3 ms  
64 bytes from 10.10.10.1: icmp_req=5 ttl=62 time=27.7 ms  
  
--- 10.10.10.1 ping statistics ---  
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4005ms  
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 26.516/27.855/28.933/0.814 ms
```

Tip

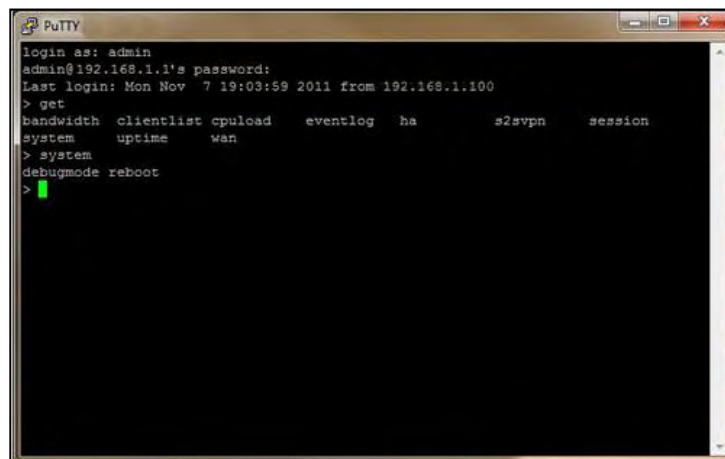
A system administrator can use the ping utility to manually check the connectivity of a particular LAN/WAN connection.

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PepVPN Throughput Test	
Profile	NY Office ▾
Type	☒ TCP ☐ UDP
Direction	☒ Upload ☐ Download
Duration	10 seconds (5 - 600)
Go!	
Results	
(Empty)	

21.14 CLI (Command Line Interface Support)

The CLI (command line interface) can be accessed via SSH. This field enables CLI support. The below settings specify which TCP port and which interface(s) should accept remote SSH CLI access. The user name and password used for remote SSH CLI access are the same as those used for web admin access.



```
PuTTY
login as: admin
admin@192.168.1.1's password:
Last login: Mon Nov 7 19:03:59 2011 from 192.168.1.100
> get
bandwidth clientlist cpuload eventlog ha s2svpn session
system uptime wan
> system
debugmode reboot
>
```

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22 Status

22.1 Device

System information is located at **Status>Device**.

System Information	
Router Name	MAX_HD2_8D1C
Model	Pepwave MAX HD2
Hardware Revision	2
Serial Number	2830-A48A-8D1C
Firmware	6.2.0 build 2891
PepVPN Version	4.0.0
Modem Support Version	1017 (Modem Support List)
Host Name	max-hd2-8d1c
Uptime	7 days 50 minutes
System Time	Mon Feb 23 11:14:13 WET 2015
Diagnostic Report	Download
Remote Assistance	Turn on

System Information	
Router Name	This is the name specified in the Router Name field located at System>Admin Security .
Model	This shows the model name and number of this device.
Product Code	If your model uses a product code, it will appear here.
Hardware Revision	This shows the hardware version of this device.
Serial Number	This shows the serial number of this device.
Firmware	This shows the firmware version this device is currently running.
PepVPN Version	This shows the current PepVPN version.
Modem Support Version	This shows the modem support version. For a list of supported modems, click Modem Support List .
Host Name	The host name assigned to the Pepwave router appears here.
Uptime	This shows the length of time since the device has been rebooted.
System Time	This shows the current system time.
Diagnostic Report	The Download link is for exporting a diagnostic report file required for system investigation.

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Remote Assistance

Click **Turn on** to enable remote assistance.

Interface	MAC Address
LAN	00:1A:DD:BD:54:40
WAN 1	00:1A:DD:BD:54:41
WAN 2	00:1A:DD:BD:54:42

The second table shows the MAC address of each LAN/WAN interface connected. To view your device's End User License Agreement (EULA), click .

Important Note

If you encounter issues and would like to contact the PepwaveSupport Team (<http://www.pepwave.com/contact/>), please download the diagnostic report file and attach it along with a description of your issue. In Firmware 5.1 or before, the diagnostic report file can be obtained at **System>Reboot**.

22.1.1 GPS Data

The MAX HD2 and HD2 IP67 automatically store up to seven days of GPS location data in GPS eXchange format (GPX). To review this data using third-party applications, click **Status>Device** and then download your GPX file.

The Pepwave MAX BR1, HD2, and HD2 IP67 export real-time location data in NMEA format through the LAN IP address at TCP port 60660. It is accessible from the LAN or over a SpeedFusion connection. To access the data via a virtual serial port, install a virtual serial port driver. Visit <http://www.peplink.com/index.php?view=faq&id=294> to download the driver.

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22.2 Active Sessions

Information on active sessions can be found at **Status>Active Sessions>Overview**.

Overview	Search
----------	--------

Session data captured within one minute. [Refresh](#)

Service	Inbound Sessions	Outbound Sessions
AIM/ICQ	0	1
Bittorrent	0	32
DNS	0	51
Flash	0	1
HTTPS	0	76
Jabber	0	5
MSN	0	11
NTP	0	4
QQ	0	1
Remote Desktop	0	3
SSH	0	12
SSL	0	64
XMPP	0	4
Yahoo	0	1

Interface	Inbound Sessions	Outbound Sessions
WAN 1	0	176
WAN 2	0	32
Wi-Fi WAN	0	51
Cellular 1	0	64
Cellular 2	0	0
USB	0	0

Top Clients

Client IP Address	Total Sessions
10.9.66.66	1069
10.9.98.144	147
10.9.2.18	63
10.9.66.14	56
10.9.2.26	33

This screen displays the number of sessions initiated by each application. Click on each service listing for additional information. This screen also indicates the number of sessions initiated by each WAN port. In addition, you can see which clients are initiating the most sessions.

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You can also perform a filtered search for specific sessions. You can filter by subnet, port, protocol, and interface. To perform a search, navigate to **Status>Active Sessions>Search**.

Overview

Search

Session data captured within one minute. [Refresh](#)

IP / Subnet

Source or Destination ▾

255.255.255.255 (/32) ▾

Port

Source or Destination ▾

Protocol / Service

TCP ▾

Interface

☐ WAN 1

☐ Cellular 1

☐ VPN

☐ WAN 2

☐ Cellular 2

☐ Wi-Fi WAN

☐ USB

Search

Outbound

Protocol	Source IP	Destination IP	Service	Interface	Idle Time
No sessions					

Total searched results: 0

Inbound

Protocol	Source IP	Destination IP	Service	Interface	Idle Time
No sessions					

Total searched results: 0

Transit

Protocol	Source IP	Destination IP	Service	Interface	Idle Time
No sessions					

Total searched results: 0

This **Active Sessions** section displays the active inbound/outbound sessions of each WAN connection on the Pepwave router. A filter is available to sort active session information. Enter a keyword in the field or check one of the WAN connection boxes for filtering.

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22.3 Client List

The client list table is located at **Status>Client List**. It lists DHCP and online client IP addresses, names (retrieved from the DHCP reservation table or defined by users), current download and upload rate, and MAC address.

Clients can be imported into the DHCP reservation table by clicking the  button on the right. You can update the record after import by going to **Network>LAN**.

Filter

☐ Online Clients Only
☐ DHCP Clients Only

Client List

IP Address	Name	Download (kbps)	Upload (kbps)	MAC Address	Import
 192.168.1.100		0	0	00:50:56:99:E1:76	

Scale: ☒ kbps ☐ Mbps

If the PPTP server (see **Section 19.2**), SpeedFusion™ (see **Section 12.1**), or AP controller (see **Section 20**) is enabled, you may see the corresponding connection name listed in the **Name** field.

22.4 WINS Client

The WINS client list table is located at **Status>WINS Client**.

WINS Client List	
Name	IP Address
UserA	10.9.2.1
UserB	10.9.30.1
UserC	10.9.2.4
Flush All	

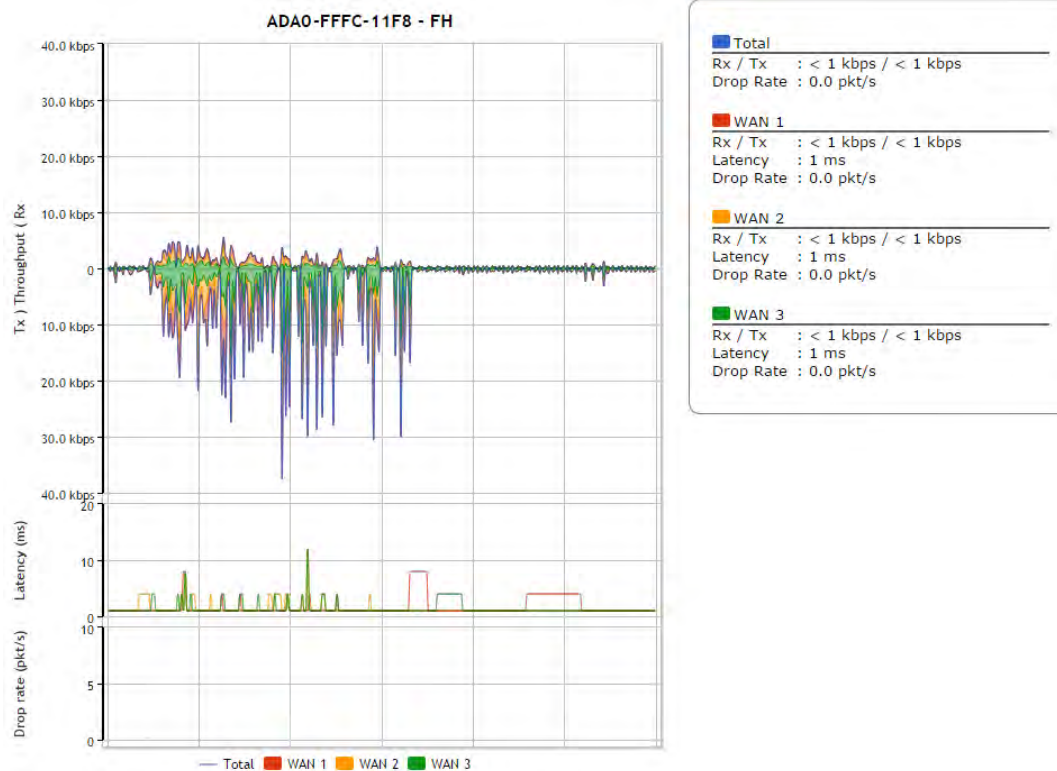
The WINS client table lists the IP addresses and names of WINS clients. This option will only be available when you have enabled the WINS server (navigation: **Network>Interfaces>LAN**). The names of clients retrieved will be automatically matched into the Client List (see previous section). Click **Flush All** to flush all WINS client records.

WINS Client List	
Name	IP Address
UserA	10.9.2.1
UserB	10.9.30.1
UserC	10.9.2.4
Flush All	

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Remote Peer ▲	Profile	Information		
ADA0-FFFC-11F8	FH	192.168.77.0/24		
WAN 1	Rx: < 1 kbps Tx: < 1 kbps	Drop rate: 0.0 pkt/s Latency: 1 ms		
WAN 2	Rx: < 1 kbps Tx: < 1 kbps	Drop rate: 0.0 pkt/s Latency: 1 ms		
WAN 3	Rx: < 1 kbps Tx: < 1 kbps	Drop rate: 0.0 pkt/s Latency: 1 ms		
Total	Rx: < 1 kbps Tx: 1.1 kbps	Drop rate: 0.0 pkt/s		
3ED2-8F63-1824	380-5 - NO NAT	192.168.3.0/24		
WAN 1	Rx: < 1 kbps Tx: < 1 kbps	Drop rate: 0.0 pkt/s Latency: 4 ms		
WAN 2	Rx: < 1 kbps Tx: < 1 kbps	Drop rate: 0.0 pkt/s Latency: 4 ms		
WAN 3	Rx: < 1 kbps Tx: < 1 kbps	Drop rate: 0.0 pkt/s Latency: 4 ms		
Total	Rx: 1.6 kbps Tx: < 1 kbps	Drop rate: 0.0 pkt/s		

Click the  button for a chart displaying real-time throughput, latency, and drop-rate information for each WAN connection.



When pressing the  button, the following menu will appear:

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PepVPN performance analysis - 9B0A-A29B-2931



PepVPN Test:
Check the general TCP/UDP throughput.



PepVPN Analyzer:
Check the uplink performance of each tunnel.

Warning: PepVPN Analyzer will temporarily interrupt VPN connectivity and will restore after test.

Close



PepVPN Test:
Check the general TCP/UDP throughput.

After clicking the icon, the following menu appears:

Configuration

Type	☒ TCP ☐ UDP	Start
Direction	☒ Upload ☐ Download	
Duration	10 seconds (5 - 600)	

WAN Statistics

WAN 1	Rx: 2.5 kbps Tx: 5.3 kbps Drop rate: 0.0 pkt/s Latency: 186 ms
WAN 3	Rx: n/a Tx: n/a Drop rate: n/a Latency: n/a
WAN 4	Rx: n/a Tx: n/a Drop rate: n/a Latency: n/a
Total	Rx: 2.5 kbps Tx: 5.3 kbps Drop rate: 0.0 pkt/s Latency: 186 ms

Select the L2 protocol (TCP/UDP), direction, and duration and click the **Start** button to begin the general throughput test.

Results	
0.1250 MB / 1.00 sec =	1.0485 Mbps
1.0000 MB / 1.00 sec =	8.3888 Mbps
1.3125 MB / 1.00 sec =	11.0098 Mbps
3.0000 MB / 1.00 sec =	25.1465 Mbps
5.6875 MB / 1.00 sec =	47.7473 Mbps
6.0625 MB / 1.00 sec =	50.8562 Mbps
4.9375 MB / 1.00 sec =	41.4188 Mbps
4.5000 MB / 1.00 sec =	37.7487 Mbps
5.0000 MB / 1.00 sec =	41.9438 Mbps
5.6875 MB / 1.00 sec =	47.7099 Mbps
37.3167 MB / 10.05 sec = 31.1504 Mbps 8 %TX 9 %RX 47 retrans 132.62 msRTT	
TEST DONE	

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PepVPN Analyzer:
Check the uplink performance of each tunnel.

The bandwidth bonding feature of PepVPN occurs when multiple WAN lines from one end merge with multiple WAN lines from the other end. For this to happen, each WAN line needs to form a connection with all the WAN lines on the opposite end. The function of the PepVPN analyzer is to report the throughput, packet loss, and latency of all possible combinations of connections. **Please note that the PepVPN Analyzer will temporarily interrupt VPN connectivity and will restore after test.**

After clicking the icon, the analyzer will require several minutes to perform its analysis depending the number of WAN links in the SpeedFusion™ Tunnel. Once the test the complete, the report will appear:

Results							
Estimated time: 150 s							
Time remaining: 0 s							
100%							
Local WAN1 > Remote WAN3	Local WAN1 > Remote WAN4	Local WAN1 > Remote WAN5	Local WAN1 > Remote WAN6	Tx Avg. (Mbps)	Tx Max. (Mbps)	Packet loss (%)	RTT (ms)
O				5.87	16.95	0.76	420.51
	O			20.72	26.39	1.59	29.89
		O		30.10	43.69	2.24	29.61
			O	45.01	55.93	2.16	28.24
O	O			24.87	33.56	0.86	49.86
O		O		19.30	31.28	0.01	49.78
	O	O		18.59	30.41	2.08	39.78
O	O	O		20.56	34.60	0.00	38.11
O			O	36.70	59.16	2.64	42.06
	O		O	19.98	30.40	4.40	38.01
O	O		O	31.63	42.99	0.72	37.99
		O	O	36.88	55.78	2.60	33.89
O		O	O	38.30	47.89	0.01	29.98
	O	O	O	33.21	55.23	2.69	30.48
O	O	O	O	30.02	46.66	3.77	28.68

"O" indicates that specific WAN / Tunnel is active for that particular test.

"Tx Avg." is the averaged throughput across the full 10 seconds time, while "Tx Max." is the averaged throughput of the fastest 30% of time.

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22.7 Event Log

Event log information is located at **Status>Event Log**.

Device Event Log	
Device Event Log ☒ Auto Refresh	
Feb 17 04:43:26	System: Changes applied
Feb 16 10:27:01	System: Time synchronization successful
Feb 16 10:26:25	WAN: WAN 1 connected (10.88.3.158)
Feb 16 10:26:01	WAN: Priority changed (Priority 1 - WAN 1, WAN 2 / Priority 2 - Cellular 1, Cellular 2 / Disabled - Wi-Fi WAN)
Feb 16 10:25:40	System: Started up (6.2.0 build 2891)
Feb 16 10:17:27	System: Changes applied
Feb 16 10:17:00	System: Time synchronization successful
Feb 16 10:19:23	WAN: WAN 1 connected (10.88.3.158)
Feb 16 10:18:58	WAN: Priority changed (Priority 1 - WAN 1, WAN 2 / Priority 2 - Cellular 1, Cellular 2 / Disabled - Wi-Fi WAN)
Feb 16 10:18:37	System: Started up (6.2.0.201501210247-r12145 build)
End of log	
Clear Log	

The log section displays a list of events that has taken place on the Pepwave router. Check **AutoRefresh** to refresh log entries automatically. Click the **Clear Log** button to clear the log.

Bandwidth

This section shows bandwidth usage statistics and is located at **Status>Bandwidth**. Bandwidth usage at the LAN while the device is switched off (e.g., LAN bypass) is neither recorded nor shown.

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22.8.1 Real-Time

The **Data transferred since installation** table indicates how much network traffic has been processed by the device since the first bootup. The **Data transferred since last reboot** table indicates how much network traffic has been processed by the device since the last bootup.

Data transferred since installation (Sun Oct 10 05:56:02 PST 2010)

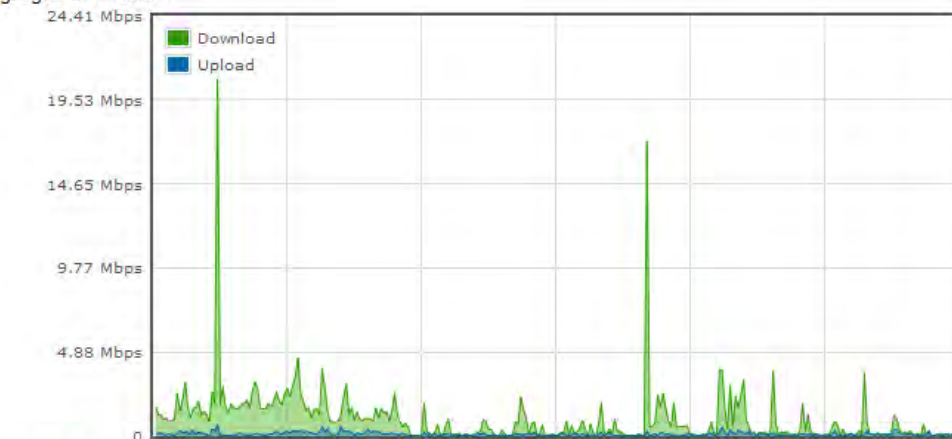
	Download	Upload	Total
All WAN Connections	216.68 GB	91.70 GB	308.38 GB

Data transferred since last reboot

[\[Hide Details \]](#)

	Download	Upload	Total
All WAN Connections	0.74 GB	0.63 GB	1.37 GB
WAN1	0.67 GB	0.61 GB	1.28 GB
WAN2	0.07 GB	0.02 GB	0.09 GB

Aggregated Transfer



Avg: ↓ 0.99 Mbps ↑ 0.12 Mbps Peak: ↓ 21.78 Mbps ↑ 0.67 Mbps

Stacked ☐

	Download	Upload	Total
Overall	61 kbps	75 kbps	136 kbps

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22.8.2 Hourly

This page shows the hourly bandwidth usage for all WAN connections, with the option of viewing each individual connection. Select the desired connection to check from the drop-down menu.



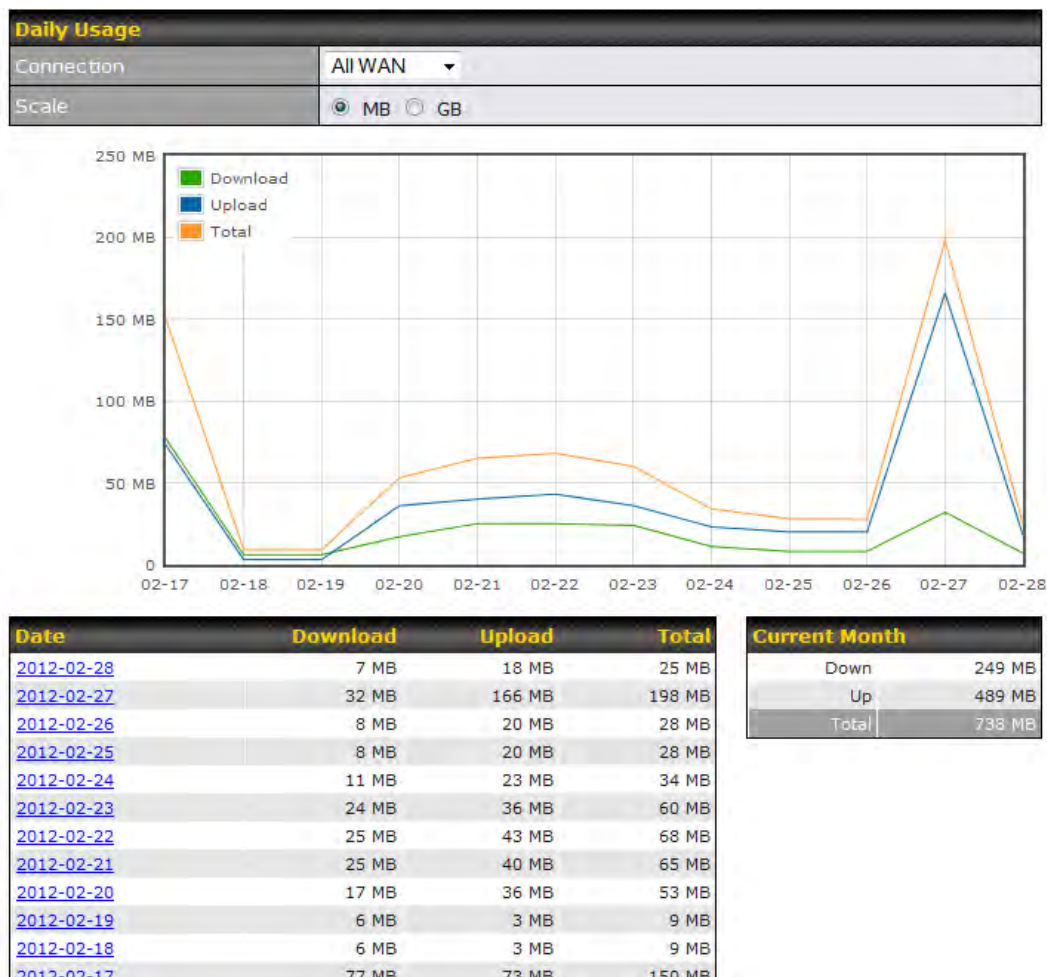
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22.8.3 Daily

This page shows the daily bandwidth usage for all WAN connections, with the option of viewing each individual connection.

Select the connection to check from the drop-down menu. If you have enabled the **Bandwidth Monitoring** feature, the **Current Billing Cycle** table for that WAN connection will be displayed.

Click on a date to view the client bandwidth usage of that specific date. This feature is not available if you have selected to view the bandwidth usage of only a particular WAN connection. The scale of the graph can be set to display megabytes(**MB**) or gigabytes(**GB**).



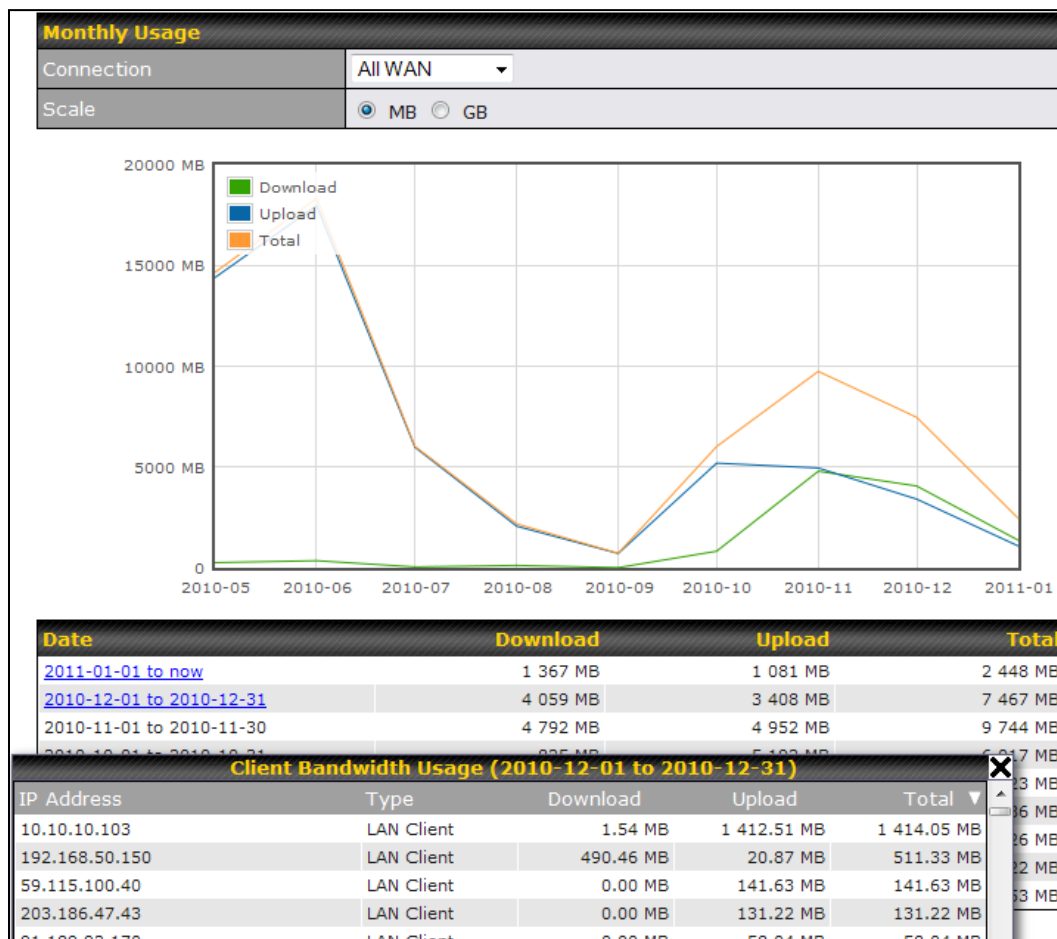
All WAN Daily Bandwidth Usage

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22.8.4 Monthly

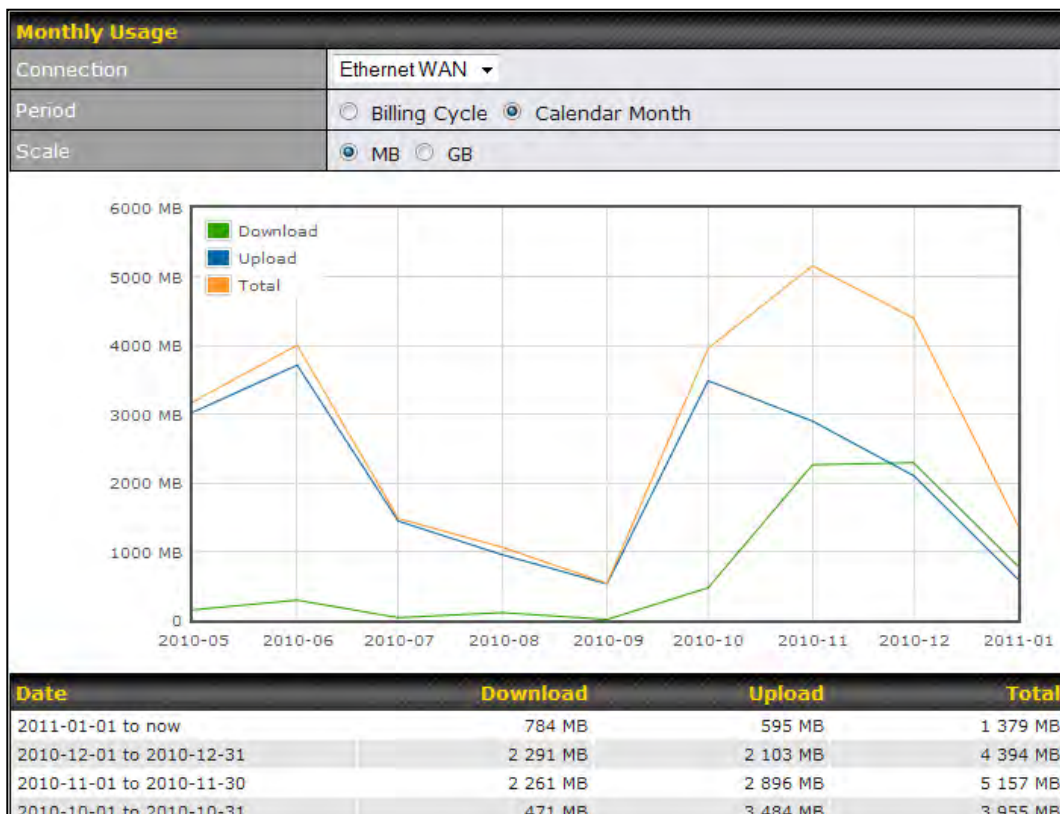
This page shows the monthly bandwidth usage for each WAN connection. If you have enabled the **Bandwidth Monitoring** feature, you can check the usage of each particular connection and view the information by **Billing Cycle** or by **Calendar Month**.

Click the first two rows to view the client bandwidth usage in the last two months. This feature is not available if you have chosen to view the bandwidth of an individual WAN connection. The scale of the graph can be set to display megabytes(**MB**) or gigabytes(**GB**).



All WAN Monthly Bandwidth Usage

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Ethernet WAN Monthly Bandwidth Usage

Tip

By default, the scale of data size is in **MB**. 1GB equals 1024MB.

Appendix A. Restoration of Factory Defaults

To restore the factory default settings on a Pepwave router, follow the steps below:

1. Locate the reset button on the front or back panel of the Pepwave router.
2. With a paper clip, press the reset button and hold it for at least 10 seconds, until the unit reboots itself.

After the Pepwave router finishes rebooting, the factory default settings will be restored.

Important Note

All previous configurations and bandwidth usage data will be lost after restoring factory default settings. Regular backup of configuration settings is strongly recommended.

Appendix B. Declaration

1. The device supports time division technology
2. Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
 - Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
 - Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
 - Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.
- FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

Operations in the 5.15-5.25GHz band are restricted to indoor usage only.

IMPORTANT NOTE

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement (for MAX700/ HD2/ HD2 IP67/ BR1/ BR1 Slim LTE)
This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20cm between the radiator & your body.

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement (for MAX On-The-Go)

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This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment.

1. 20cm minimum when the product is operated alone without co-transmitting with a plug-in 3G USB dongle device.
2. 65cm minimum when the product is operated with a plug-in 3G USB device which has maximum of 7W ERP output power.
3. For co-transmission scenario which is not covered above, please consult the RF technician or device supplier.

This transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

The availability of some specific channels and/or operational frequency bands are country dependent and are firmware programmed at the factory to match the intended destination.

3. CE Statement for Pepwave Routers

Europe – EU Declaration of Conformity

This device complies with the essential requirements of the R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC. The following test methods have been applied in order to prove presumption of conformity with the essential requirements of the R&TTE Directive 1999/5/EC:

- EN 60950-1: 2006 + A11 : 2009+A1 : 2010+ A12: 2011
Safety of Information Technology Equipment
- EN50385 : 2002 / Article 3(1)(a)
Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of radio base stations and fixed terminal stations for wireless telecommunication systems with the basic restrictions or the reference levels related to human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields (110MHz - 40 GHz) - General public
- EN 300 328 V1.7.1: 2006
Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Wideband Transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2,4 GHz ISM band and using spread spectrum modulation techniques; Harmonized EN covering essential requirements under article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive
- EN 301 908-1 V5.2.1: 2011
Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Base Stations (BS), Repeaters and User Equipment (UE) for IMT-2000 Third-Generation cellular networks; Part 1: Harmonized EN for IMT-2000, introduction and common requirements, covering essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive

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- EN 301 511 V9.0.2: 2003
Global System for Mobile communications (GSM); Harmonized standard for mobile stations in the GSM 900 and DCS 1800 bands covering essential requirements under article 3.2 of the R&TTE directive (1999/5/EC)
- EN 301 489-1 V1.9.2: 2008
Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio Spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 1: Common technical requirements
- EN 301 489-7 V1.3.1: 2005
ElectroMagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 7: Specific conditions for mobile and portable radio and ancillary equipment of digital cellular radio telecommunications systems (GSM and DCS)
- EN 301 489-17 V2.2.1: 2012
Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 17: Specific conditions for 2,4 GHz wideband transmission systems and 5 GHz high performance RLAN equipment
- EN 301 489-24 V1.5.1: 2010
Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio Spectrum Matters (ERM); ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) standard for radio equipment and services; Part 24: Specific conditions for IMT-2000 CDMA Direct Spread (UTRA) for Mobile and portable (UE) radio and ancillary equipment



Český [Czech]	[<i>Jméno výrobce</i>] tímto prohlašuje, že tento [<i>typ zařízení</i>] je ve shodě se základními požadavky a dalšími příslušnými ustanoveními směrnice 1999/5/ES.
Dansk [Danish]	Undertegnede [<i>fabrikantens navn</i>] erklærer herved, at følgende udstyr [<i>udstyrets typebetegnelse</i>] overholder de væsentlige krav og øvrige relevante krav i direktiv 1999/5/EF.
Deutsch [German]	Hiermit erkläre [<i>Name des Herstellers</i>], dass sich das Gerät [<i>Gerätetyp</i>] in Übereinstimmung mit den grundlegenden Anforderungen und den übrigen einschlägigen Bestimmungen der Richtlinie 1999/5/EG befindet.
Eesti [Estonian]	Käesolevaga kinnitab [<i>tootja nimi = name of manufacturer</i>] seadme [<i>seadme tüüp = type of equipment</i>] vastavust direktiivi 1999/5/EÜ põhinõuetele ja nimetatud direktiivist tulenevatele teistele asjakohastele sätetele.
English	Hereby, [<i>name of manufacturer</i>], declares that this [<i>type of equipment</i>] is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC.

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 Español [Spanish]	Por medio de la presente <i>[nombre del fabricante]</i> declara que el <i>[clase de equipo]</i> cumple con los requisitos esenciales y cualesquiera otras disposiciones aplicables o exigibles de la Directiva 1999/5/CE.
 Ελληνική [Greek]	ΜΕ ΤΗΝ ΠΑΡΟΥΣΑ <i>[name of manufacturer]</i> ΔΗΛΩΝΕΙ ΟΤΙ <i>[type of equipment]</i> ΣΥΜΜΟΡΦΩΝΕΤΑΙ ΠΡΟΣ ΤΙΣ ΟΥΣΙΩΔΕΙΣ ΑΠΑΙΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΚΑΙ ΤΙΣ ΛΟΙΠΕΣ ΣΧΕΤΙΚΕΣ ΔΙΑΤΑΞΕΙΣ ΤΗΣ ΟΔΗΓΙΑΣ 1999/5/ΕΚ.
 Français [French]	Par la présente <i>[nom du fabricant]</i> déclare que l'appareil <i>[type d'appareil]</i> est conforme aux exigences essentielles et aux autres dispositions pertinentes de la directive 1999/5/CE.
 Italiano [Italian]	Con la presente <i>[nome del costruttore]</i> dichiara che questo <i>[tipo di apparecchio]</i> è conforme ai requisiti essenziali ed alle altre disposizioni pertinenti stabilite dalla direttiva 1999/5/CE.
Latviski [Latvian]	Ar šo <i>[name of manufacturer / izgatavotāja nosaukums]</i> deklarē, ka <i>[type of equipment / iekārtas tips]</i> atbilst Direktīvas 1999/5/EK būtiskajām prasībām un citiem ar to saistītajiem noteikumiem.
Lietuvių [Lithuanian]	Šiuo <i>[manufacturer name]</i> deklaruoja, kad šis <i>[equipment type]</i> atitinka esminius reikalavimus ir kitas 1999/5/EB Direktyvos nuostatas.
 Nederlands [Dutch]	Hierbij verklaart <i>[naam van de fabrikant]</i> dat het toestel <i>[type van toestel]</i> in overeenstemming is met de essentiële eisen en de andere relevante bepalingen van richtlijn 1999/5/EG.
 Malti [Maltese]	Hawnhekk, <i>[isem tal-manifattur]</i> , jiddikjara li dan <i>[il-mudel tal-prodott]</i> jikkonforma mal-ħtiġijiet essenzjali u ma provvedimenti oħrajn rilevanti li hemm fid-Dirrettiva 1999/5/EC.
 Magyar [Hungarian]	Alulírott, <i>[gyártó neve]</i> nyilatkozom, hogy a <i>[... típus]</i> megfelel a vonatkozó alapvető követelményeknek és az 1999/5/EC irányelv egyéb előírásainak.
 Polski [Polish]	Niniejszym <i>[nazwa producenta]</i> oświadczam, że <i>[nazwa wyrobu]</i> jest zgodny z zasadniczymi wymogami oraz pozostałymi stosownymi postanowieniami Dyrektywy 1999/5/EC.
 Português [Portuguese]	<i>[Nome do fabricante]</i> declara que este <i>[tipo de equipamento]</i> está conforme com os requisitos essenciais e outras disposições da Directiva 1999/5/CE.
 Slovensko [Slovenian]	<i>[Ime proizvajalca]</i> izjavlja, da je ta <i>[tip opreme]</i> v skladu z bistvenimi zahtevami in ostalimi relevantnimi določili direktive 1999/5/ES.
Slovensky [Slovak]	<i>[Meno výrobcu]</i> týmto vyhlasuje, že <i>[typ zariadenia]</i> spĺňa základné požiadavky a všetky príslušné ustanovenia Smernice 1999/5/ES.
 Suomi [Finnish]	<i>[Valmistaja = manufacturer]</i> vakuuttaa täten että <i>[type of equipment = laitteen tyyppimerkintä]</i> tyyppinen laite on direktiivin 1999/5/EY oleellisten vaatimusten ja sitä koskevien direktiivin muiden ehtojen mukainen.
 Svenska [Swedish]	Härmed intygar <i>[företag]</i> att denna <i>[utrustningstyp]</i> står i överensstämmelse med de väsentliga egenskapskrav och övriga relevanta bestämmelser som framgår av direktiv 1999/5/EG.

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