



B Series

User Manual

Peplink Products:

B One Pro

Pepwave Firmware 8.3.0
April 2023

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Introduction and Scope

Pepwave routers provide link aggregation and load balancing across multiple WAN connections, allowing a combination of technologies like 3G HSDPA, EVDO, 4G LTE, Wi-Fi, external WiMAX dongle, and satellite to be utilized to connect to the Internet.

The MAX wireless SD-WAN router series has a wide range of products suitable for many different deployments and markets. Entry level SD-WAN models such as the MAX BR1 are suitable for SMEs or branch offices. High-capacity SD-WAN routers such as the MAX HD2 are suitable for larger organizations and head offices.

This manual covers setting up Pepwave routers and provides an introduction to their features and usage.

Tips

Want to know more about Pepwave routers? Visit our YouTube Channel for a video introduction!



<https://youtu.be/13M-JHRAICA>

Glossary

The following terms, acronyms, and abbreviations are frequently used in this manual:

Term	Definition
3G	3rd generation standards for wireless communications (e.g., HSDPA)
4G	4th generation standards for wireless communications (e.g., LTE)
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DNS	Domain Name System
EVDO	Evolution-Data Optimized
FQDN	Fully Qualified Domain Name
HSDPA	High-Speed Downlink Packet Access
HTTP	Hyper-Text Transfer Protocol
ICMP	Internet Control Message Protocol
IP	Internet Protocol
LAN	Local Area Network
MAC Address	Media Access Control Address
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit
MSS	Maximum Segment Size
NAT	Network Address Translation
PPPoE	Point to Point Protocol over Ethernet
QoS	Quality of Service
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
VPN	Virtual Private Network
VRRP	Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol
WAN	Wide Area Network
WINS	Windows Internet Name Service
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network

1 Product Features

Pepwave routers enable all LAN users to share broadband Internet connections, and they provide advanced features to enhance Internet access. Our Max BR wireless routers support multiple SIM cards. They can be configured to switch from using one SIM card to another SIM card according to different criteria, including wireless network reliability and data usage.

Our MAX HD series wireless routers are embedded with multiple 4G LTE modems, and allow simultaneous wireless Internet connections through multiple wireless networks. The wireless Internet connections can be bonded together using our SpeedFusion technology. This allows better reliability, larger bandwidth, and increased wireless coverage compared to use only one 4G LTE modem.

Below is a list of supported features on Pepwave routers. Features vary by model. For more information, please see peplink.com/products.

1.1 Supported Network Features

1.1.1 WAN

- Ethernet WAN connection in full/half duplex
- Static IP support for PPPoE
- Built-in cellular modems
- USB mobile connection(s)
- Wi-Fi WAN connection
- Network address translation (NAT)/port address translation (PAT)
- Inbound and outbound NAT mapping
- IPsec NAT-T and PPTP packet passthrough
- MAC address clone and passthrough
- Customizable MTU and MSS values
- WAN connection health check
- Dynamic DNS (supported service providers: changeip.com, dyndns.org, no-ip.org, tzo.com and DNS-O-Matic)
- Ping, DNS lookup, and HTTP-based health check

1.1.2 LAN

- Wi-Fi AP
- Ethernet LAN ports
- DHCP server on LAN

- Extended DHCP option support
- Static routing rules
- VLAN on LAN support

1.1.3 VPN

- SpeedFusion VPN with SpeedFusion™
- SpeedFusion VPN performance analyzer
- X.509 certificate support
- VPN load balancing and failover among selected WAN connections
- Bandwidth bonding and failover among selected WAN connections
- IPsec VPN for network-to-network connections (works with Cisco and Juniper)
- Ability to route Internet traffic to a remote VPN peer
- Optional pre-shared key setting
- SpeedFusion™ throughput, ping, and traceroute tests
- PPTP server
- PPTP and IPsec passthrough

1.1.4 Firewall

- Outbound (LAN to WAN) firewall rules
- Inbound (WAN to LAN) firewall rules per WAN connection
- Intrusion detection and prevention
- Specification of NAT mappings
- Outbound firewall rules can be defined by destination domain name

1.1.5 Captive Portal

- Splash screen of open networks, login page for secure networks
- Customizable built-in captive portal
- Supports linking to outside page for captive portal

1.1.6 Outbound Policy

- Link load distribution per TCP/UDP service
- Persistent routing for specified source and/or destination IP addresses per TCP/UDP service
- Traffic prioritization and DSL optimization
- Prioritize and route traffic to VPN tunnels with Priority and Enforced algorithms

1.1.7 AP Controller

- Configure and manage Pepwave AP devices
- Review the status of connected APs

1.1.8 QoS

- Quality of service for different applications and custom protocols
- User group classification for different service levels
- Bandwidth usage control and monitoring on group- and user-level
- Application prioritization for custom protocols and DSL/cable optimization

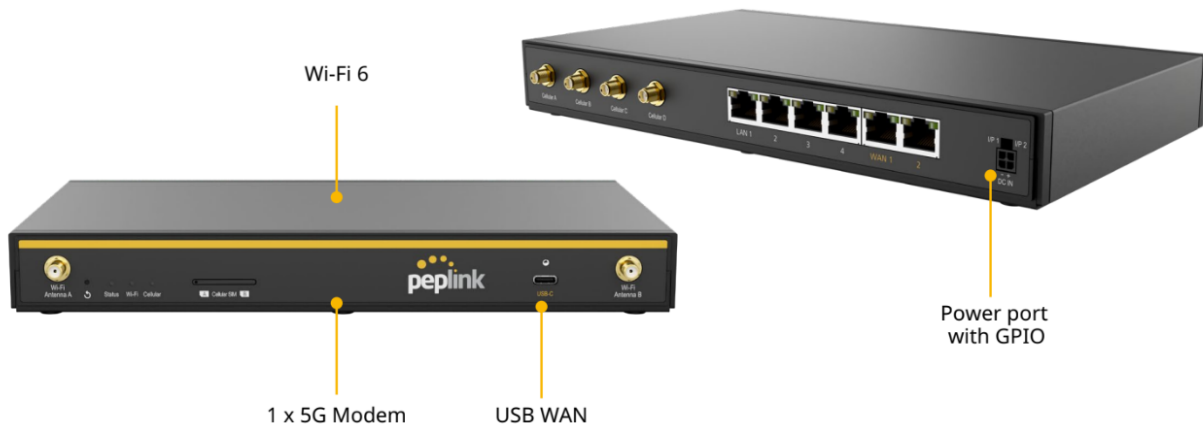
1.2 Other Supported Features

- User-friendly web-based administration interface
- HTTP and HTTPS support for web admin interface (default redirection to HTTPS)
- Configurable web administration port and administrator password
- Firmware upgrades, configuration backups, ping, and traceroute via web admin interface
- Remote web-based configuration (via WAN and LAN interfaces)
- Time server synchronization
- SNMP
- Email notification
- Read-only user access for web admin
- Shared IP drop-in mode
- Authentication and accounting by RADIUS server for web admin
- Built-in WINS servers*
- Syslog
- SIP passthrough
- PPTP packet passthrough
- Event log
- Active sessions
- Client list
- WINS client list *
- UPnP / NAT-PMP
- Real-time, hourly, daily, and monthly bandwidth usage reports and charts
- IPv6 support
- Support USB tethering on Android 2.2+ phones

* Not supported on MAX Surf-On-The-Go, and BR1 variants

2 B One Pro Overview

2.1 Panel Appearance



2.1.1 LED Indicators

The statuses indicated by the front panel LEDs are as follows:

Cellular Indicator		
Cellular	OFF	Cellular SIM is not connected to the 5G or LTE / the Cellular is disabled / no SIM card is inserted.
	Blue LED	Cellular SIM is connected to the 5G or LTE

Wi-Fi Indicator		
Wi-Fi	OFF	Wi-Fi AP or Wi-Fi WAN is disabled.
	Blue LED	Wi-Fi AP or Wi-Fi WAN is enabled.

Status Indicator		
Status	OFF	Power Off
	Red	Booting up or busy
	Blinking red	Boot up error
	Blue	Ready

3 Advanced Feature Summary

3.1 Drop-in Mode and LAN Bypass: Transparent Deployment



As your organization grows, it may require more bandwidth, but modifying your network can be tedious. In **Drop-in Mode**, you can conveniently install your Peplink router without making any changes to your network. For any reason your Peplink router loses power, the **LAN Bypass** will safely and automatically bypass the Peplink router to resume your original network connection.

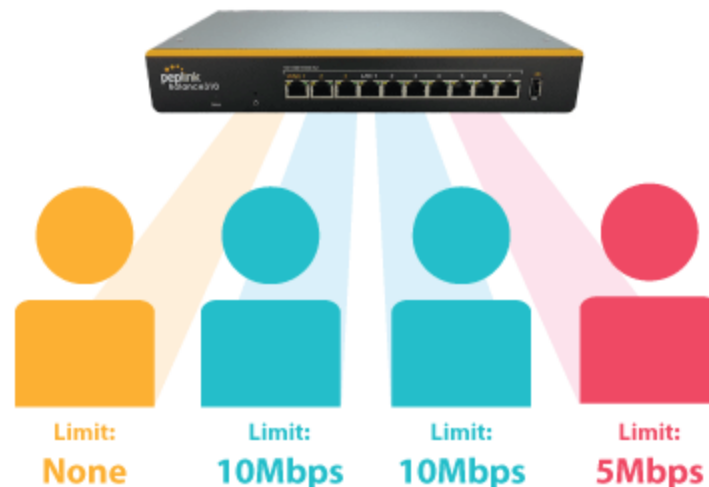
Note: Drop-in mode is compatible for All MAX models except MAX BR1 IP67

3.2 QoS: Clearer VoIP



VoIP and videoconferencing are highly sensitive to latency. With QoS, Peplink routers can detect VoIP traffic and assign it the highest priority, giving you crystal-clear calls.

3.3 Per-User Bandwidth Control



With per-user bandwidth control, you can define bandwidth control policies for up to 3 groups of users to prevent network congestion. Define groups by IP address and subnet, and set bandwidth limits for every user in the group.

3.4 High Availability via VRRP



When your organization has a corporate requirement demanding the highest availability with no single point of failure, you can deploy two Peplink routers in **High Availability mode**. With High Availability mode, the second device will take over when needed.

Compatible with: MAX 700, MAX HD2 (All variants), HD4 (All Variants)

3.5 USB Modem and Android Tethering



For increased WAN diversity, plug in a USB LTE modem as a backup. Peplink routers are compatible with over [200 modem types](#). You can also tether to smartphones running Android 4.1.X and above.

Compatible with: MAX 700, HD2 (all variants except IP67), HD4 (All variants)

3.6 Built-In Remote User VPN Support



Use OpenVPN or L2TP with IPsec to safely and conveniently connect remote clients to your private network. L2TP with IPsec is supported by most devices, but legacy devices can also connect using PPTP.

[Click here for the full instructions on setting up L2TP with IPsec.](#)

[Click here for the full instructions on setting up OpenVPN connections](#)

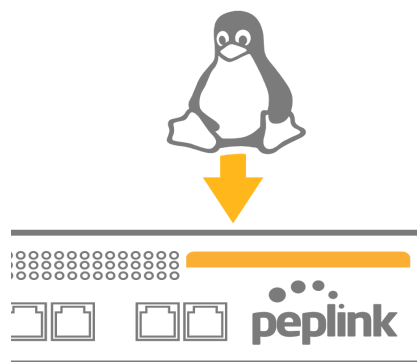
3.7 SIM-card USSD support



Cellular-enabled routers can now use USSD to check their SIM card's balance, process pre-paid cards, and configure carrier-specific services.

[Click here for full instructions on using USSD](#)

3.8 KVM Virtualization



KVM is a virtualisation module that allows administrators using our routers to host a large range of virtual machines. KVM is now supported on some MediaFast / ContentHub routers.

[Click here for the full instructions on how to set up KVM](#)

[Click here for the full instructions on how to set up KVM with USB Storage](#)

3.9 DPI Engine

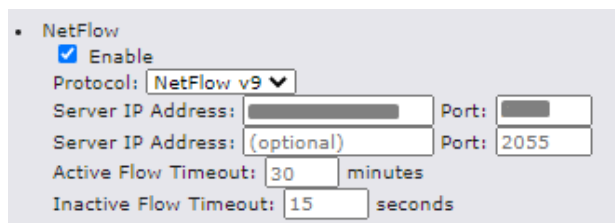
The DPI report written in the updated KB article will show further information on InControl2 through breaking down application categories into subcategories.

<https://forum.peplink.com/t/ic2-deep-packet-inspection-dpi-reports-and-everything-you-need-to-know-about-it/10151/>

3.10 NetFlow

NetFlow protocol is used to track network traffic. Tracking information from NetFlow can be sent to the NetFlow collector, which analyzes data and generates reports for review.

Note: To enable this feature, go to <https://<Device's IP>/cgi-bin/MANGA/support.cgi>



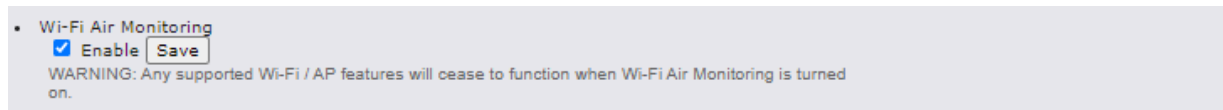
NetFlow configuration interface showing the following settings:

- ☒ Enable
- Protocol: **NetFlow v9** (dropdown)
- Server IP Address: Port:
- Server IP Address: (optional) Port: **2055**
- Active Flow Timeout: **30** minutes
- Inactive Flow Timeout: **15** seconds

3.11 Wi-Fi Air Monitoring

Pepwave routers support Wi-Fi “Air Monitoring Mode” which is used to troubleshoot remotely and proactively monitor Wi-Fi and WAN performance. The report can be viewed under InControl 2 > Reports > AirProbe Reports after enabling Wi-Fi Air Monitoring.

Note: To enable this feature, go to <https://<Device's IP>/cgi-bin/MANGA/support.cgi>



Wi-Fi Air Monitoring configuration interface showing the following settings:

- ☒ Enable **Save**
- WARNING: Any supported Wi-Fi / AP features will cease to function when Wi-Fi Air Monitoring is turned on.

3.12 SP Default Configuration

The SP Default Configuration feature written in the updated KB article allows for the provisioning of custom made settings (a.k.a. InControl2 configuration) via the Ethernet LAN port and is ideal for those wanting to do a bulk deployment of many Peplink devices.

Note: If you would like to use this feature, please contact your purchase point (Eg. VAD).

3.13 Peplink Relay

Cloud Service Providers often restrict access to certain applications. With SFC Relay, you can route traffic before going out to the Internet, allowing access to previously restricted applications experienced with the public SpeedFusion Cloud nodes. Available as an add-on for your home router or as an upgradable license to your Peplink router, SFC Relay is sure to impress you and any peers you give access to.

<https://forum.peplink.com/t/configure-speedfusion-cloud-relay-server-and-client/6215ca9b017e48e0f3ff2479/>

3.14 DNS over HTTPS (DoH)

DoH provides the benefits of communicating DNS information over a secure HTTPS connection in an encrypted manner. The protocol offers increased privacy and confidentiality by preventing data interception and man-in-the-middle attacks.

3.15 Peplink InTouch

InTouch is Peplink's zero-touch remote network management solution, leveraging InControl 2 and a SpeedFusion Connect (formerly known as SpeedFusion Cloud) data plan. This service extends a network administrator's ability to reach any device UI backed by a Peplink/Pepwave router. To configure InTouch, all you need is a valid InControl 2 subscription, a SpeedFusion Connect data plan, and a Peplink/Pepwave router (which requires the latest 8.2.0 firmware).

To watch a demonstration and read the FAQ, visit

<https://www.peplink.com/enterprise-solutions/intouch/>

Or learn to configure InTouch at <https://youtu.be/zg0iavHGkJw>

3.16 Synergy Mode

Synergy mode is a cascade multiple devices and combine the number of WANs to a single device virtually. All the WANs on the Synergized Device will appear as native WAN interfaces at the Synergy Controller and it can be managed like the built-in WAN interfaces.

[https://forum.peplink.com/t/synergy-mode-\(firmware-8.3.0\)/639be7d8af8c71a6f3050323/](https://forum.peplink.com/t/synergy-mode-(firmware-8.3.0)/639be7d8af8c71a6f3050323/)

3.17 Virtual WAN on VLAN

The Virtual WAN Activation License allows you to create 1 x virtual WAN on a particular VLAN, on either WAN or LAN interface. This means that you can create a virtual WAN on VLAN for a WAN port, or a virtual WAN on VLAN for a LAN port.

<https://forum.peplink.com/t/b20x-virtual-wan-activation-license-faq/6204bac7d90b9e6355e96e8d/1>

4 Installation

The following section details connecting Pepwave routers to your network.

4.1 Preparation

Before installing your Pepwave router, please prepare the following as appropriate for your installation:

- At least one Internet/WAN access account and/or Wi-Fi access information
- Depending on network connection type(s), one or more of the following:
 - **Ethernet WAN:** A 10/100/1000BaseT UTP cable with RJ45 connector
 - **USB:** A USB modem
 - **Embedded modem:** A SIM card for 5G/4G LTE service
 - **Wi-Fi WAN:** Wi-Fi antennas
- A computer installed with the TCP/IP network protocol and a supported web browser. Supported browsers include Microsoft Internet Explorer 11 or above, Mozilla Firefox 24 or above, Apple Safari 7 or above, and Google Chrome 18 or above.

4.2 Constructing the Network

At a high level, construct the network according to the following steps:

1. With an Ethernet cable, connect a computer to one of the LAN ports on the Pepwave router. Repeat with different cables for up to 4 computers to be connected.
2. Connect either another Ethernet cable or a USB modem to one of the WAN ports or USB ports respectively, or connect to Wi-Fi as WAN on the Pepwave router. Repeat the same process for any additional WAN ports.
3. Connect the power adapter to the power connector on the rear panel of the Pepwave router, and then plug it into a power outlet.

4.3 Configuring the Network Environment

To ensure that the Pepwave router works properly in the LAN environment and can access the Internet via WAN connections, please refer to the following setup procedures:

- LAN configuration

For basic configuration, refer to **Section 8, Connecting to the Web Admin Interface**.

For advanced configuration, go to **Section 9, Configuring the LAN Interface(s)**.

- WAN configuration

For basic configuration, refer to **Section 8, Connecting to the Web Admin Interface**.

For advanced configuration, go to **Section 9.2, Captive Portal**.

5 Connecting to the Web Admin Interface

1. Start a web browser on a computer that is connected with the Pepwave router through the LAN.
2. To connect to the router's web admin interface, enter the following LAN IP address in the address field of the web browser:

http://192.168.50.1

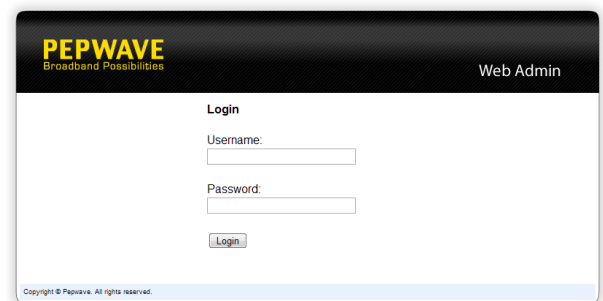
(This is the default LAN IP address for Pepwave routers.)

3. Enter the following to access the web admin interface.

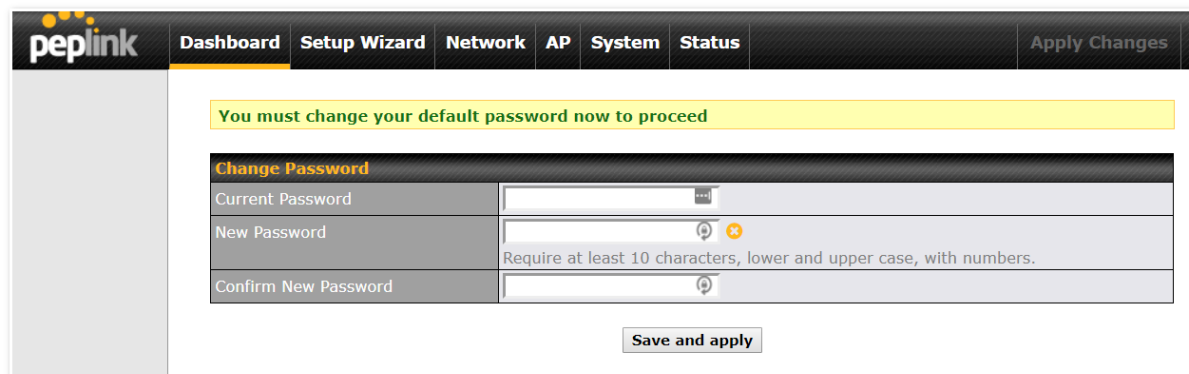
Username: admin

Password: admin

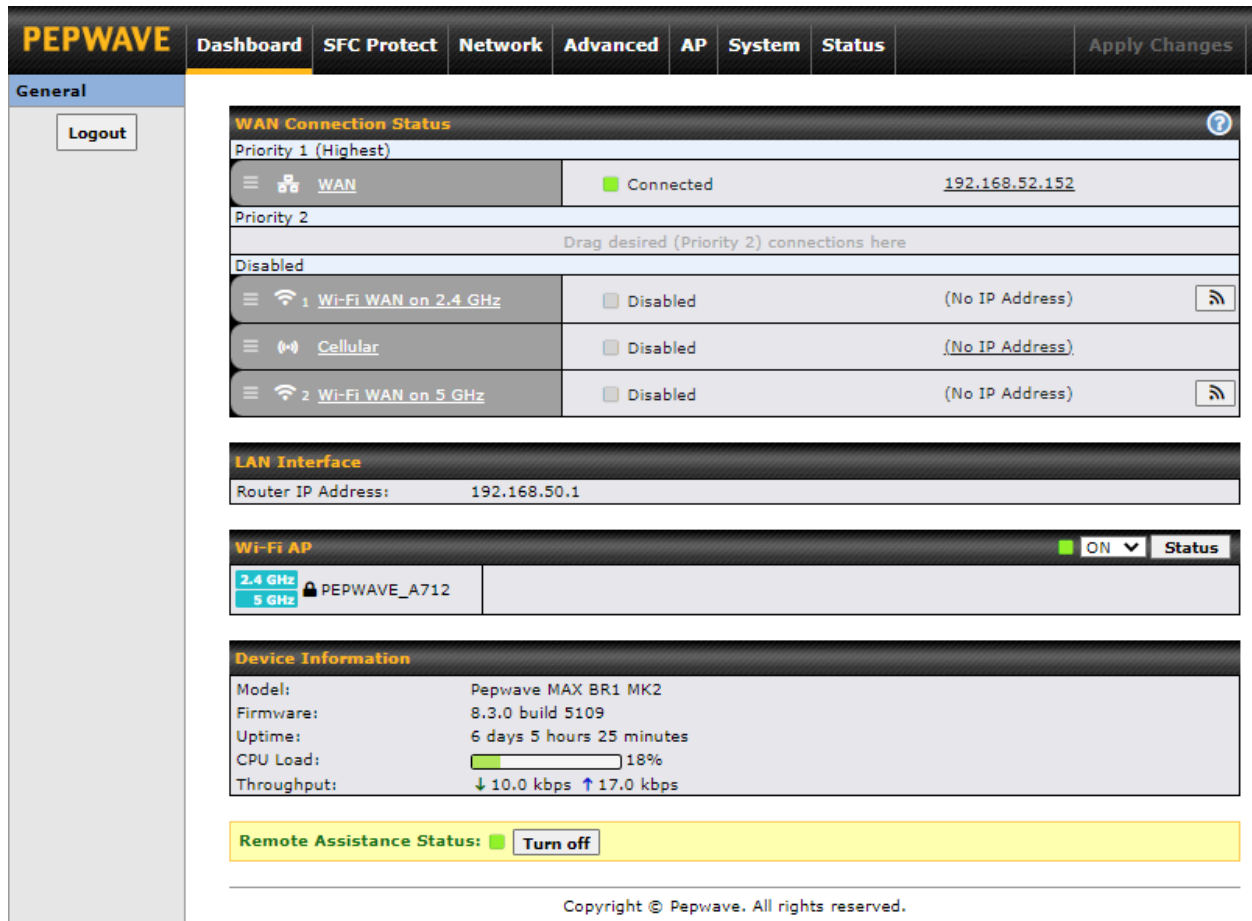
(This is the default username and password for Pepwave routers).



- You must change the default password on the first successful logon.
- Password requirements are: A minimum of 10 lower AND upper case characters, including at least 1 number.
- When HTTP is selected, the URL will be redirected to HTTPS by default.



After successful login, the **Dashboard** of the web admin interface will be displayed.



The screenshot shows the Peplink PEPWAVE web admin interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for Dashboard, SFC Protect, Network, Advanced, AP, System, and Status, along with an 'Apply Changes' button. The left sidebar has a 'General' section with a 'Logout' button. The main content area displays several sections:

- WAN Connection Status:** A table showing connection priorities. Priority 1 (Highest) is 'WAN' with a status of 'Connected' and IP address '192.168.52.152'. Priority 2 is disabled with a message 'Drag desired (Priority 2) connections here'. Below this, three other connections are listed as 'Disabled': 'Wi-Fi WAN on 2.4 GHz', 'Cellular', and 'Wi-Fi WAN on 5 GHz', all with '(No IP Address)'.
- LAN Interface:** Shows the 'Router IP Address' as '192.168.50.1'.
- Wi-Fi AP:** Shows the status as 'ON' with a dropdown menu and a 'Status' button. Below it, two frequencies are listed: '2.4 GHz' and '5 GHz', both with a lock icon and the name 'PEPWAVE_A712'.
- Device Information:** A table showing device details:

Model:	Pepwave MAX BR1 MK2
Firmware:	8.3.0 build 5109
Uptime:	6 days 5 hours 25 minutes
CPU Load:	18%
Throughput:	↓ 10.0 kbps ↑ 17.0 kbps
- Remote Assistance Status:** A yellow bar showing the status as 'Turn off'.

At the bottom of the dashboard, there is a copyright notice: 'Copyright © Pepwave. All rights reserved.'

The **Dashboard** shows current WAN, LAN, and Wi-Fi AP statuses. Here, you can change WAN connection priority and switch on/off the Wi-Fi AP. For further information on setting up these connections, please refer to **Sections 8 and 9**.

Device Information displays details about the device, including model name, firmware version, and uptime. For further information, please refer to **Section 22**.

Important Note

Configuration changes (e.g. WAN, LAN, admin settings, etc.) will take effect only after clicking the **Save** button at the bottom of each page. The **Apply Changes** button causes the changes to be saved and applied.

6 SpeedFusion Connect Protect

With Pepwave products, your device is able to connect to SpeedFusion Connect Protect without the use of a second endpoint. This service has wide access to a number of SpeedFusion endpoints hosted from around the world, providing your device with unbreakable connectivity wherever you are.*



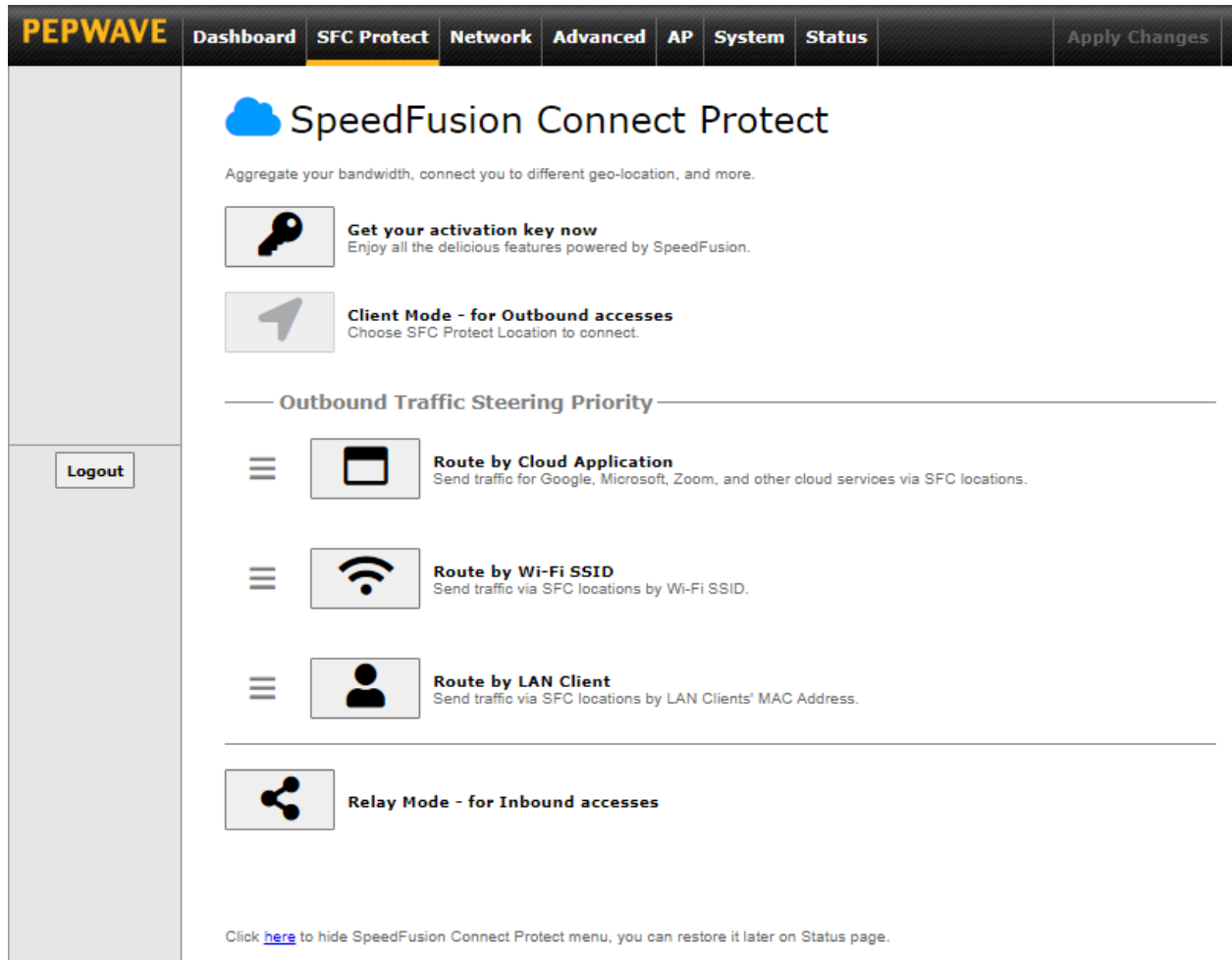
*SpeedFusion Connect Protect is supported in firmware version 8.1.0 and above. SpeedFusion Connect is a subscription basis. SpeedFusion Connect Protect license can be purchased at <https://estore.peplink.com/> > **SpeedFusion Service** > **SpeedFusion Connect Protect**.

6.1 Activate SpeedFusion Connect Protect

All Care plans now come with SpeedFusion Connect Protect included. This data allowance will automatically begin and end in accordance with your warranty. No activation is required.

6.2 Enable SpeedFusion Connect Protect

Access the Web Admin of the device you want to create as the Peplink Relay Server, navigating to the **“SFC Protect”** tab.



The screenshot shows the Peplink Web Admin interface. The top navigation bar includes tabs for Dashboard, **SFC Protect**, Network, Advanced, AP, System, and Status. The **SFC Protect** tab is active. The main content area is titled "SpeedFusion Connect Protect" and includes a sub-header "Aggregate your bandwidth, connect you to different geo-location, and more." Below this, there are three main sections: "Get your activation key now" (with a key icon), "Client Mode - for Outbound accesses" (with a location pin icon), and "Outbound Traffic Steering Priority". Under "Outbound Traffic Steering Priority", there are three options: "Route by Cloud Application" (with a cloud icon), "Route by Wi-Fi SSID" (with a Wi-Fi icon), and "Route by LAN Client" (with a person icon). At the bottom, there is a "Relay Mode - for Inbound accesses" section (with a share icon). A "Logout" button is visible in the left sidebar. A footer note states: "Click [here](#) to hide SpeedFusion Connect Protect menu, you can restore it later on Status page."

To setup a Peplink Relay Mode, select **“Relay Mode - for Inbound accesses”** > Choose the **SFC Protect Location** you wish to connect to > Click on the **Green tick button** to confirm the change.



The screenshot shows the "SpeedFusion Connect Protect > Setup Relay Mode" configuration page. It includes a sub-header "Allow remote peers to access local networks, and the internet via this device." Below this, there is a table with two columns: "SpeedFusion Connect Relay" and "SFC Protect Location". The "SFC Protect Location" column contains a dropdown menu with "Singapore (SIN) / 10ms" selected. To the right of the dropdown is a green checkmark button. A help icon (?) is visible in the top right corner of the table.

The Relay Sharing Code will be generated, and other peers can use this code to establish a SpeedFusion Connect Protect that will forward the traffics to this device, allowing them to access local networks and the internet via your WAN connection.



SpeedFusion Connect Protect > Setup Relay Mode

Allow remote peers to access local networks, and the internet via this device.

SpeedFusion Connect Relay	SFC Protect Location	
SFC-RELAY-SERVER-HKG	Relay Sharing Code: 7848-8886-6627-6299	

To connect to SpeedFusion Connect Protect, you can select a **SFC Protect Location** of your choice, or simply and **Automatic** then the device will establish connection to the neareset SFC Protect server.

Choose **Automatic** > Click on the green tick button to confirm the change.



SpeedFusion Connect Protect > Choose SFC Protect Location

You can connect up to 3 different sfc protect locations.

SpeedFusion Connect Protect	SFC Protect Location	
	Automatic	

Or you may select **Home Sharing** and use your **Relay Sharing Code** to create a profile if you have set up a Peplink Relay Client on another device.

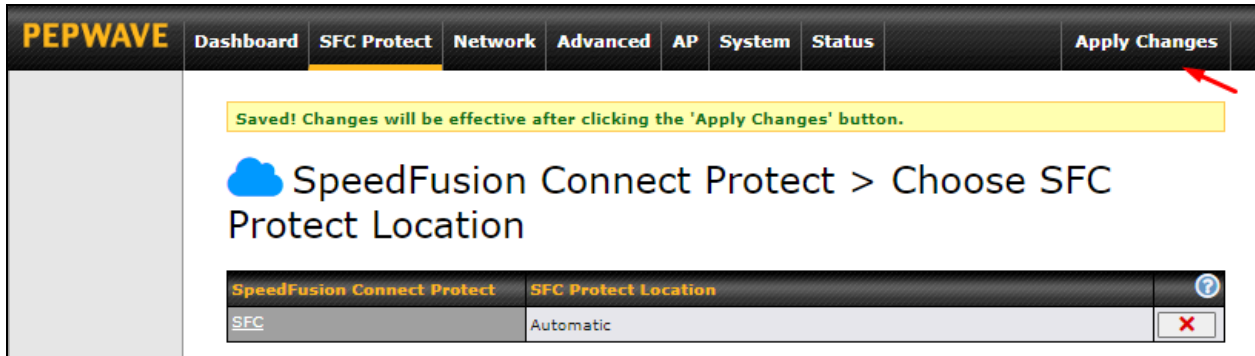


SpeedFusion Connect Protect > Choose SFC Protect Location

You can connect up to 3 different sfc protect locations.

SpeedFusion Connect Protect	SFC Protect Location	
	[Relay Sharing] e.g. 1234-5678-1234-5678	

Click on **Apply Changes** to save the change.



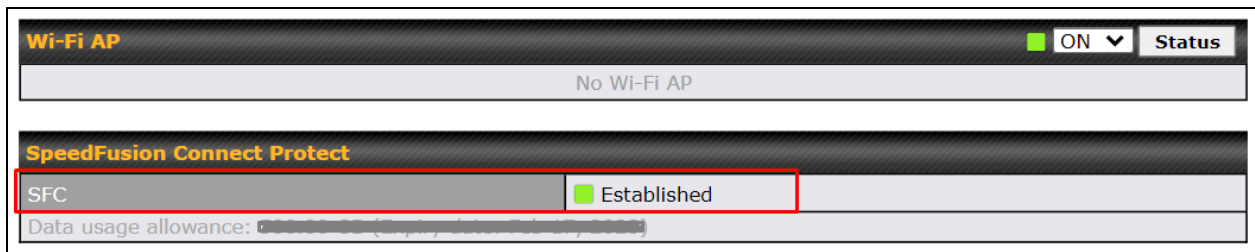
PEPWAVE Dashboard **SFC Protect** Network Advanced AP System Status **Apply Changes**

Saved! Changes will be effective after clicking the 'Apply Changes' button.

SpeedFusion Connect Protect > Choose SFC Protect Location

SpeedFusion Connect Protect	SFC Protect Location	
SFC	Automatic	

By default, the router will build a SpeedFusion tunnel to the SpeedFusion Cloud.



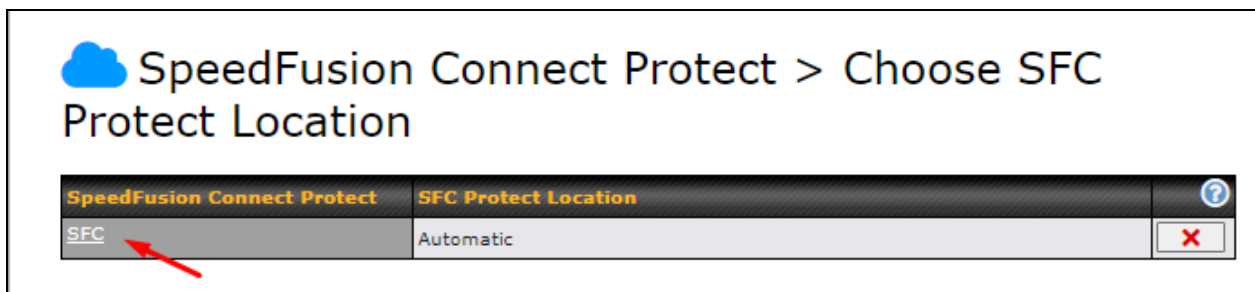
Wi-Fi AP  ON **Status**

No Wi-Fi AP

SpeedFusion Connect Protect

SFC	 Established
Data usage allowance: 	

If you are running a latency sensitive service like video streaming or VOIP, a WAN Smoothing sub-tunnel can be created. Navigate to **SFC Protect > Client Mode - for Outbound accesses > SFC**.



SpeedFusion Connect Protect > Choose SFC Protect Location

SpeedFusion Connect Protect	SFC Protect Location	
SFC	Automatic	

A SpeedFusion Connect Protect Profile configuration window will pop out. Click on the + sign to create the WAN Smoothing sub-tunnel.

SpeedFusion Connect Protect Profile

Enable	☒
SFC Protect Location	Automatic

1 2 - WAN Smoo... **+**

Tunnel Options

Local / Remote Tunnel ID	2	
Tunnel Name	WAN Smoothing	
Data Port	☒ Auto ☐ Custom	
Bandwidth Limit	☐	
TCP Ramp Up	☐	
WAN Smoothing	Overall Redundancy Level	Normal
	Maximum Level on the Same Link	Normal
Forward Error Correction	Off	
Receive Buffer	0 ms	
Packet Fragmentation	☒ Always ☐ Use DF Flag	

Click on **Save** and **Apply Changes** to save the configuration. Now, the router has 2 Speedfusion tunnels to the SpeedFusion Connect Protect.

Wi-Fi AP ■ ON **Status**

No Wi-Fi AP

SpeedFusion Connect Protect

SFC (1)	■ Established
SFC (2 - WAN Smoothing)	■ Established

Data usage allowance:

Create an outbound policy to steer the internet traffic to go into SFC Protect. Please go to **Advanced > Outbound Policy**, click on **Add Rule** to create a new outbound policy.

PEPWAVE Dashboard SFC Protect Network **Advanced** AP System Status Apply Changes

Advanced

- SpeedFusion VPN
- IPsec VPN
- GRE Tunnel
- OpenVPN
- Outbound Policy**
- Port Forwarding

NAT Mappings

QoS

- User Groups
- Bandwidth Control
- Application Queue
- Application

Firewall

- Access Rules
- Content Blocking

Routing Protocols

- OSPF & RIPv2
- BGP

Remote User Access

Add a New Custom Rule

Service Name:

Enable: ☒

Source: Any

Destination: IP Network Mask: 255.255.255.0 (/24)

Protocol: Any :: Protocol Selection ::

Algorithm: Priority

Priority Order: Highest Priority Not In Use

- ☒ SFC Protect: SFC
- ☐ WAN: WAN
- ☐ WAN: Cellular
- ☐ WAN: Wi-Fi WAN on 2.4 GHz
- ☐ WAN: Wi-Fi WAN on 5 GHz
- ☐ Lowest Priority

When No Connections are Available: Drop the Traffic

Terminate Sessions on Connection Recovery: ☐ Enable

Save Cancel

Outbound Policy

Custom

Rules (Drag and drop rows by the left to change rule order)

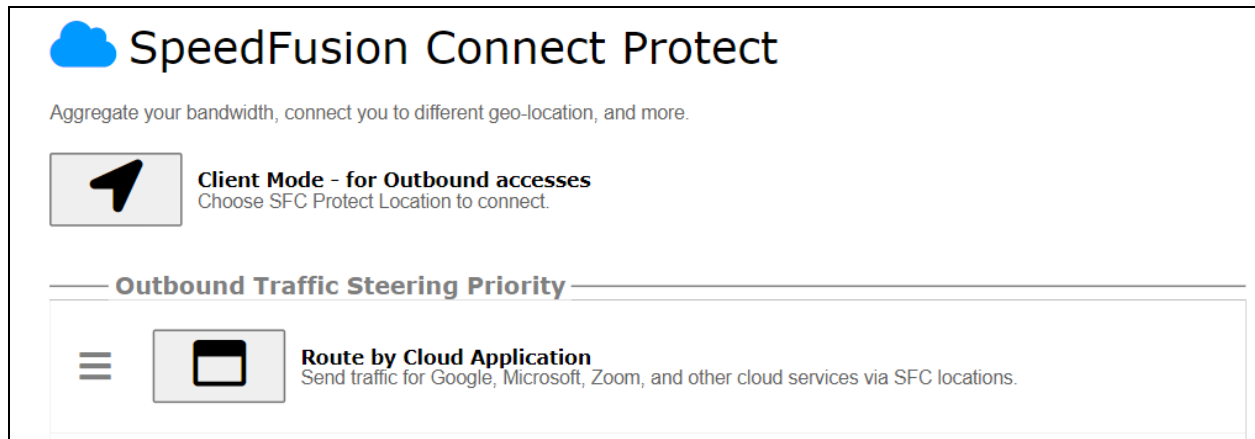
Service	Algorithm	Source	Destination	Protocol / Port	
PepVPN / OSPF / BGP / RIPv2 Routes					
SpeedFusion Cloud Routes					
to_internet	Priority VPN: SFC (1 - Def...	IP Address 192.168.50.10	Any	Any	☒
HTTPS Persistence	Persistence (Src) (Auto)	Any	Any	TCP 443	☒
Default	(Auto)				
Add Rule					

Expert Mode

Enabled

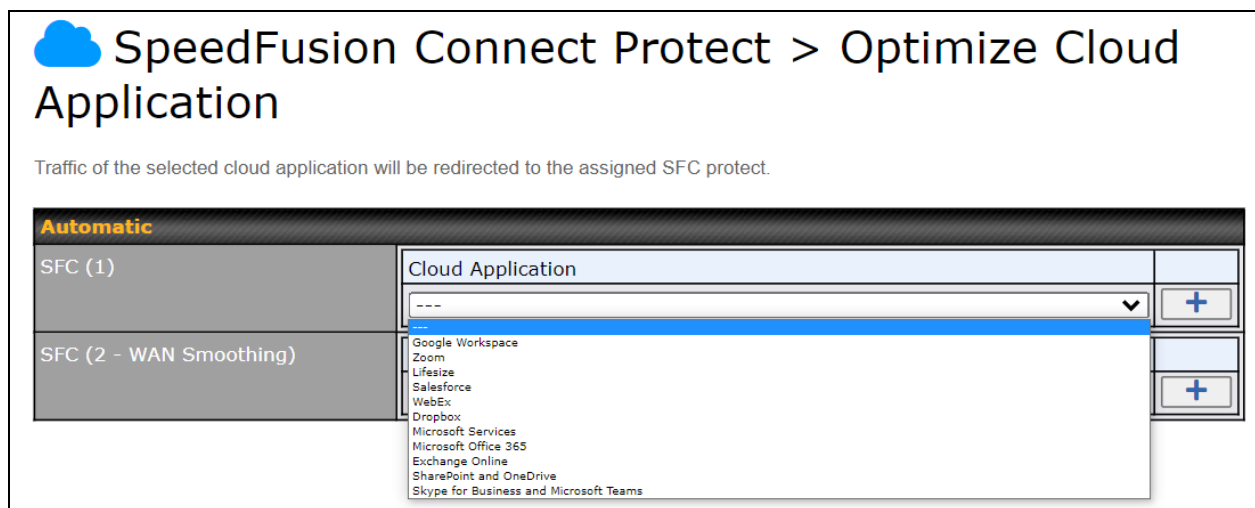
6.3 Route by Cloud Application

Optimize Cloud Application allows you to route Internet traffic through SpeedFusion Connect Protect based on the application. Go to **SFC Protect > Route by Cloud Application**.



Select a Cloud application to route through SpeedFusion Connect Protect from the drop down list > Click  > Save > Apply Changes.

Click the  to remove a selected Cloud application from routing through SpeedFusion Connect Protect.



6.4 Route by Wi-Fi SSID

SpeedFusion Connect Protect provides a convenient way to route the Wi-Fi client to the cloud from **SFC Protect > Route by Wi-Fi SSID**.



SpeedFusion Connect Protect

Aggregate your bandwidth, connect you to different geo-location, and more.



Client Mode - for Outbound accesses
 Choose SFC Protect Location to connect.

Outbound Traffic Steering Priority




Route by Cloud Application
 Send traffic for Google, Microsoft, Zoom, and other cloud services via SFC locations.




Route by Wi-Fi SSID
 Send traffic via SFC locations by Wi-Fi SSID.

Create a new SSID for SFC Protect. The new SSID will inherit all settings from one of the existing SSIDs including the Security Policy. Then click **Save** followed by **Apply Changes**.



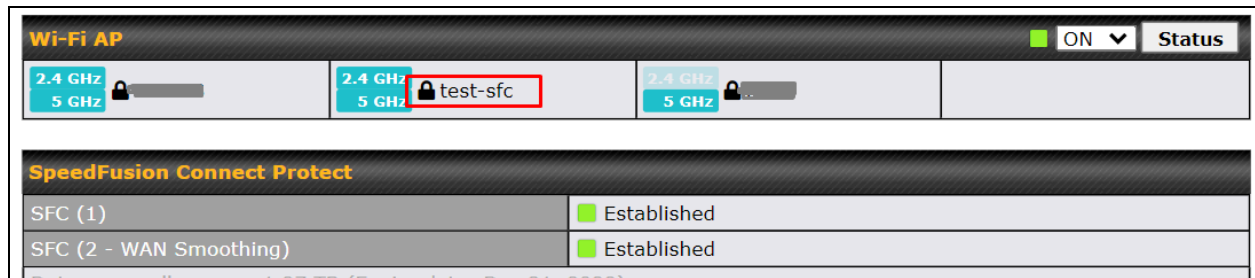
SpeedFusion Connect Protect > Link Wi-Fi to SFC Protect

The new SSID will inherit all settings from the existing SSID including the Security Policy.

Automatic			
SFC (1)	Reference SSID	SSID for SFC Protect	
	test-sfc	test-sfc (Automatic)	
	---		
SFC (2 - WAN Smoothing)	Reference SSID	SSID for SFC Protect	
	---		

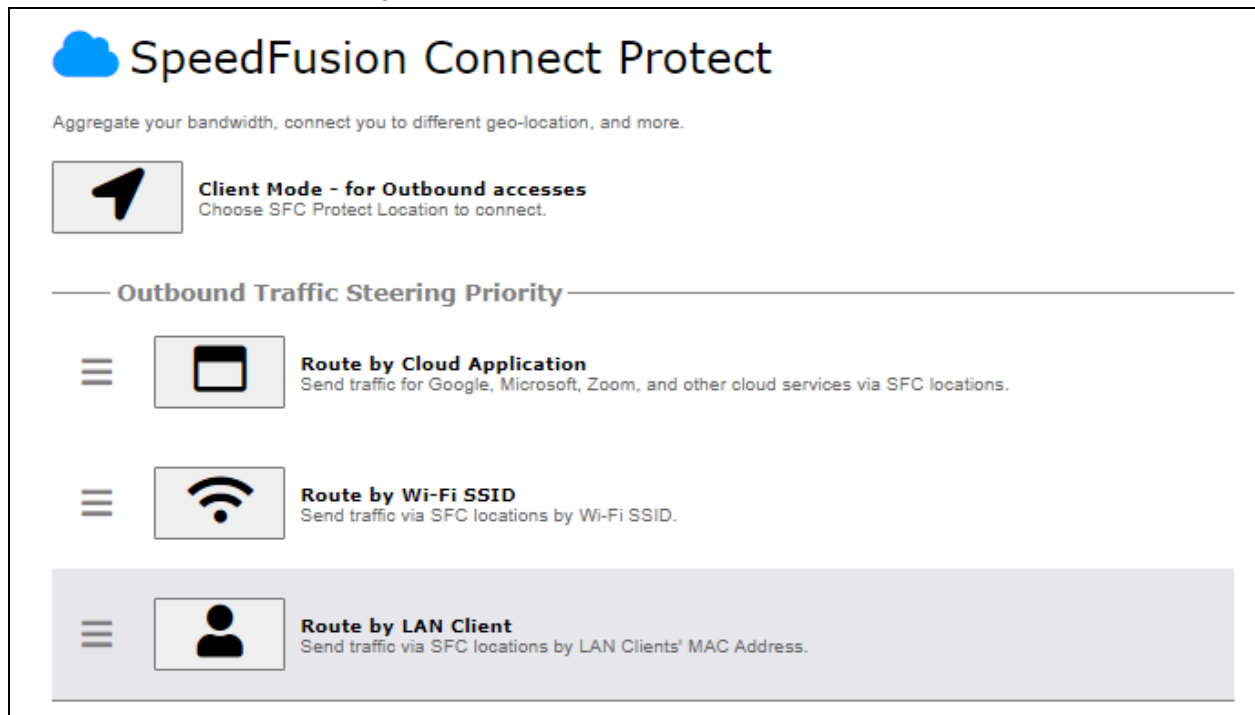
Save

SFC Protect SSID will be shown on **Dashboard**.



6.5 Route by LAN Client

SpeedFusion Connect Protect provides a convenient way to route the LAN client to the cloud from **SFC Protect > Route by LAN Client**.



Choose a client from the drop down list > Click + > Save > Apply Changes.

SpeedFusion Connect Protect > Connect Clients to SFC Protect

Traffic from the selected clients will be redirected to the assigned SFC protect.

Automatic			
SFC (1)	Client	IP Address	
			+
SFC (2 - WAN Smoothing)	Client	IP Address	
			+

Save

7 Configuring the LAN Interface(s)

7.1 Basic Settings

LAN interface settings are located at **Network > LAN > Network Settings**. Navigating to that page will show the following dashboard:

LAN	VLAN	Network	
LAN	None	172.16.251.1/24	
VLAN1	1	2.2.2.2/24	
VLAN2	2	3.3.3.3/24	
New LAN			

This represents the LAN interfaces that are active on your router (including VLAN). A gray “X” means that the VLAN is used in other settings and cannot be deleted. You can find which settings are using the VLAN by hovering over the gray “X”.

Alternatively, a red “X” means that there are no settings using the VLAN. You can delete that VLAN by clicking the red “X”

Clicking on any of the existing LAN interfaces (or creating a new one) will show the following :

IP Settings	
IP Address	255.255.255.0 (/24) ▼

IP Settings	
IP Address	The IP address and subnet mask of the Pepwave router on the LAN.

Network Settings	
Name	
VLAN ID	
Inter-VLAN routing	☒

Network Settings	
Name	Enter a name for the LAN.
VLAN ID	Enter a number for your VLAN
Inter-VLAN routing	Check this box to enable routing between virtual LANs.

Layer 2 SpeedFusion VPN Bridging		?
SpeedFusion VPN Profiles to Bridge	? No profile is available	Help Close If you want to enable DHCP Option 82 Injection, please click here . This allow the device to inject Option 82 with Device Name information before forwarding the DHCP Request packet to SpeedFusion VPN peer, such that the DHCP Server can identify where does this request come from.
Spanning Tree Protocol	☐	
DHCP Option 82 Injection	☒	
Override IP Address when bridge connected	☒ Do not override ☐ Static ☐ By DHCP ☐ As None	

Layer 2 SpeedFusion VPN Bridging	
SpeedFusion VPN Profiles to Bridge	The remote network of the selected SpeedFusion VPN profiles will be bridged with this local LAN, creating a Layer 2 SpeedFusion VPN, they will be connected and operate like a single LAN, and any broadcast or multicast packets will be sent over the VPN.
Spanning Tree Protocol	Click the box will enable STP for this layer 2 profile bridge.
DHCP Option 82	Click on the question Mark if you want to enable DHCP Option 82. This allows the device to inject Option 82 with Router Name information before forwarding the DHCP Request packet to a SpeedFusion VPN peer, such that the DHCP Server can identify where the request originates from.
Override IP Address when bridge connected	Select "Do not override" if the LAN IP address and local DHCP server should remain unchanged after the Layer 2 SpeedFusion VPN is up. If you choose to override the IP address when the VPN is connected, the device will not act as a router, and most Layer 3 routing functions will cease to work.

DHCP Server											
DHCP Server	? ☒ Enable										
DHCP Server Logging	☐										
IP Range	- 255.255.255.0 (/24) v										
Lease Time	Days Hours Mins										
DNS Servers	☒ Assign DNS server automatically										
BOOTP	☐										
Extended DHCP Option	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Option</th> <th>Value</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td colspan="2">No Extended DHCP Option</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2"> Add </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Option	Value	No Extended DHCP Option		Add					
Option	Value										
No Extended DHCP Option											
Add											
DHCP Reservation	? <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>MAC Address</th> <th>Static IP</th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td>00:00:00:00:00:00</td> <td> </td> <td> + </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Name	MAC Address	Static IP			00:00:00:00:00:00		+		
Name	MAC Address	Static IP									
	00:00:00:00:00:00		+								

DHCP Server Settings	
DHCP Server	When this setting is enabled, the Pepwave router's DHCP server automatically assigns an IP address to each computer that is connected via LAN and configured to obtain an IP address via DHCP. The Pepwave router's DHCP server can prevent IP address collisions on the LAN. To enable DHCP bridge relay, please click the  icon on this menu item.
DHCP Server Logging	Enable logging of DHCP events in the eventlog by selecting the checkbox.
IP Range	These settings allocate a range of IP addresses that will be assigned to LAN computers by the Pepwave router's DHCP server.
Lease Time	This setting specifies the length of time throughout which an IP address of a DHCP client remains valid. Upon expiration of Lease Time , the assigned IP address will no longer be valid and the IP address assignment must be renewed.
DNS Servers	This option allows you to input the DNS server addresses to be offered to DHCP clients. If Assign DNS server automatically is selected, the Pepwave router's built-in DNS server address (i.e., LAN IP address) will be offered.
BOOTP	Check this box to enable BOOTP on older networks that still require it.
Extended DHCP Option	In addition to standard DHCP options (e.g. DNS server address, gateway address, subnet mask), you can specify the value of additional extended DHCP options, as defined in RFC 2132. With these extended options enabled, you can pass additional configuration information to LAN hosts. To define an extended DHCP option, click the Add button, choose the option to define, and then enter its value. For values that are in IP address list format, you can enter one IP address per line in the provided text area input control. Each option can be defined once only.
DHCP Reservation	This setting reserves the assignment of fixed IP addresses for a list of computers on the LAN. The computers to be assigned fixed IP addresses on the LAN are identified by their MAC addresses. The fixed IP address assignment is displayed as a cross-reference list between the computers' names, MAC addresses, and fixed IP addresses. Name (an optional field) allows you to specify a name to represent the device. MAC addresses should be in the format of 00:AA:BB:CC:DD:EE. Press  to create a new record. Press  to remove a record. Reserved clients information can be imported from the Client List, located at Status>Client List. For more details, please refer to Section 22.3.

To configure DHCP relay, first click the  button found next to the **DHCP Server** option to display the settings.

DHCP Relay Settings	
DHCP Relay	 ☒ Enable
DHCP Server IP Address	 DHCP Server 1: DHCP Server 2:
DHCP Option 82	 ☐
DHCP Relay Logging	☐

DHCP Relay Settings	
Enable	Check this box to turn on DHCP relay. Click the  icon to disable DHCP relay.
DHCP Server IP Address	Enter the IP addresses of one or two DHCP servers in the provided fields. The DHCP servers entered here will receive relayed DHCP requests from the LAN. For active-passive DHCP server configurations, enter active and passive DHCP server relay IP addresses in DHCP Server 1 and DHCP Server 2 .
DHCP Option 82	DHCP Option 82 includes device information as relay agent for the attached client when forwarding DHCP requests from client to server. This option also embeds the device's MAC address and network name in circuit and remote IDs. Check this box to enable DHCP Option 82.
DHCP Relay Logging	Enable logging of DHCP Relay events in the eventlog by selecting the checkbox.

Once DHCP is set up, configure **LAN Physical Settings**, **Static Route Settings**, and **DNS Proxy Settings** as noted above.

Static Route Settings 			
Static Route	Destination Network	Subnet Mask	Gateway
		255.255.255.0 (/24) ▼	
			

Static Route Settings	
Static Route	This table is for defining static routing rules for the LAN segment. A static route consists of the network address, subnet mask, and gateway address. The address and subnet mask values are in w.x.y.z format. The local LAN subnet and subnets behind the LAN will be advertised to the VPN. Remote routes sent over the VPN will also be accepted. Any VPN member will be able to route to the local subnets. Press  to create a new route. Press  to remove a route.

^A - Advanced feature, please click the  button on the top right hand corner of the Static Route section to activate and configure Virtual Network Mapping to resolve network address conflict with remote peers.

Virtual Network Mapping ?			
One-to-One NAT ?	Local Network	Virtual Network	
			+
Many-to-One NAT ?	Local Network	Virtual IP Address	
			+

In case of a network address conflict with remote peers (i.e. SpeedFusion VPN / IPsec VPN / IP Forwarding WAN are considered as remote connections), you can define Virtual Network Mapping to resolve it.

Note: OSPF & RIPv2 settings should be updated as well to avoid advertising conflicted networks.

For further details on virtual network mapping watch this video:

<https://youtu.be/C1FMdZCn3Z8>

Virtual Network Mapping	
One-to-One NAT	Every IP Address in the Local Network has a corresponding unique Virtual IP Address for NAT. Traffic originating from the Local Network to remote connections will be SNAT'ed and behave like coming from the defined Virtual Network. While traffic initiated by remote peers to the Virtual Network will be DNAT'ed accordingly.
Many-to-One NAT	The subnet range defined in Local Network will be mapped to a single Virtual IP Address for NAT. Traffic can only be initiated from local to remote, and these traffic will be NAT'ed and behaves like coming from the same Virtual IP Address.

DNS Proxy Settings ?			
Enable	☒		
DNS Caching ?	☐		
Include Google Public DNS Servers ?	☐		
Local DNS Records ?	Host Name	IP Address	TTL
			3600 +
Domain Lookup Policy ?	Domain	Connection	
		v	+
DNS Resolvers ?	☐ WAN 192.168.52.1 ☐ Cellular ☐ Wi-Fi WAN on 2.4 GHz ☐ Wi-Fi WAN on 5 GHz ☐ SFC ☐ Untagged LAN		
Preferred connections are shown with ☒			
Save			

DNS Proxy Settings	
Enable	To enable the DNS proxy feature, check this box, and then set up the feature at Network > LAN > DNS Proxy Settings . A DNS proxy server can be enabled to serve DNS requests originating from LAN/PPTP/SpeedFusion™ peers. Requests are forwarded to the DNS servers/resolvers defined for each WAN connection.
DNS Caching	This field is to enable DNS caching on the built-in DNS proxy server. When the option is enabled, queried DNS replies will be cached until the records' TTL has been reached. This feature can help improve DNS lookup time. However, it cannot return the most up-to-date result for those frequently updated DNS records. By default, DNS Caching is disabled.
Include Google Public DNS Servers	When this option is enabled , the DNS proxy server will also forward DNS requests to Google's Public DNS Servers, in addition to the DNS servers defined in each WAN. This could increase the DNS service's availability. This setting is disabled by default.
Local DNS Records	This table is for defining custom local DNS records. A static local DNS record consists of a host name and IP address. When looking up the host name from the LAN to LAN IP of the Pepwave router, the corresponding IP address will be returned. Press + to create a new record. Press x to remove a record.
Domain Lookup Policy	DNS Proxy will lookup the domain names defined in this table using the specified connections only.

DNS Resolvers ^A

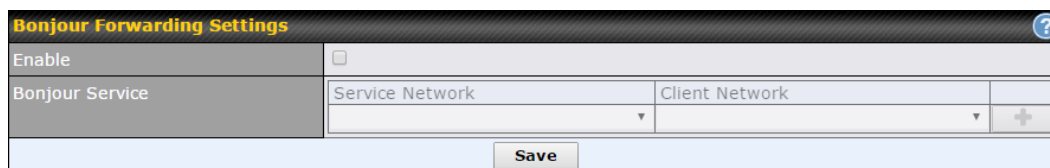
This field specifies which DNS servers can receive forwarded DNS requests. If no DNS server is selected, then all of them will be selected by default.

If you wish to select a SpeedFusion VPN peer, enter the IP address(es) of the VPN peer's DNS server.

Incoming queries will be forwarded to one of the selected servers. If none of the selected servers can be reached, then the router will forward incoming queries to all servers with healthy WAN connections.

^A - Advanced feature, please click the  button on the top right hand corner to activate.

Finally, if needed, configure Bonjour forwarding, Apple's zero configuration networking protocol. Once VLAN configuration is complete, click **Save** to store your changes.



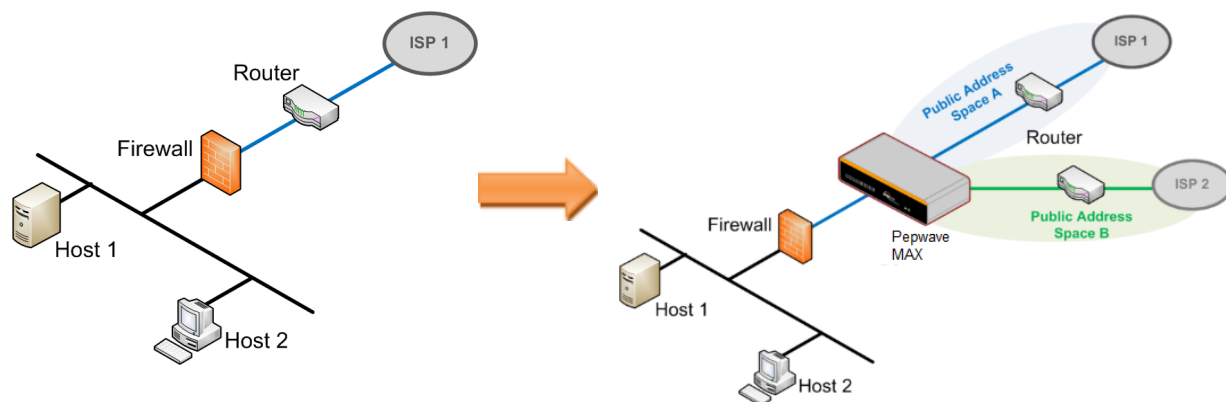
Bonjour Forwarding Settings		
Enable	☐	
Bonjour Service	Service Network	Client Network
Save		

Bonjour Forwarding Settings	
Enable	Check this box to turn on Bonjour forwarding.
Bonjour Service	Choose Service and Client networks from the drop-down menus, and then click  to add the networks. To delete an existing Bonjour listing, click  .

Drop-In Mode

Drop-in mode (or transparent bridging mode) eases the installation of the Pepwave MAX on a live network between the firewall and router, such that changes to the settings of existing equipment are not required.

The following diagram illustrates drop-in mode setup:



Check the box Enable to enable the Drop-in Mode. After enabling this feature and selecting the WAN for Drop-in mode, various settings including the WAN's connection method and IP address will be automatically updated.

When drop-in mode is enabled, the LAN and the WAN for drop-in mode ports will be bridged. Traffic between the LAN hosts and WAN router will be forwarded between the devices. In this case, the hosts on both sides will not notice any IP or MAC address changes.

After successfully setting up the Pepwave MAX as part of the network using drop-in mode, it will, depending on model, support one or more WAN connections. Some MAX units also support multiple WAN connections after activating drop-in mode, though a SpeedFusion license may be required to activate more than one WAN port.

Please note the Drop-In Mode is mutually exclusive with VLAN.

Drop-In Mode Settings							
Enable	☒						
WAN for Drop-In Mode	? WAN ▾ ☒ Apply NAT on VLAN networks outgoing Internet traffic VLAN network(s) may route their outgoing Internet traffic to this unit. When this checkbox is checked their traffic will be NAT'd before forwarding out of this WAN. Leave this checkbox checked if you are not sure.						
Share Drop-In IP	? ☒						
Shared IP Address	? 255.255.255.0 (/24) ▾						
Static Route	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Destination Network</th> <th>Subnet Mask</th> <th></th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td>255.255.255.0 (/24) ▾</td> <td> + </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Destination Network	Subnet Mask			255.255.255.0 (/24) ▾	+
Destination Network	Subnet Mask						
	255.255.255.0 (/24) ▾	+					
WAN Default Gateway	? ☒ I have other host(s) on WAN segment IP Address - ↓ X						
WAN DNS Servers	? DNS server 1: DNS server 2:						
NOTE: The DHCP Server Settings will be overwritten. The following WAN settings will be overwritten: Connection Method, MTU, Health Check, Additional Public IP, and Dynamic DNS Settings. The PPTP Server will be disabled. Tip: please review the DNS Forwarding setting under the Service Forwarding section.							

Drop-in Mode Settings	
Enable	Drop-in mode eases the installation of the Pepwave MAX on a live network between the existing firewall and router, such that no configuration changes are required on existing equipment. Check the box to enable the drop-in mode feature.
WAN for Drop-In Mode	Select the WAN port to be used for drop-in mode. If WAN is selected, the high availability feature will be disabled automatically.
Shared Drop-In IP^A	When this option is enabled, the passthrough IP address will be used to connect to WAN hosts (email notification, remote syslog, etc.). The MAX will listen for this IP address when WAN hosts access services provided by the MAX (web admin access from the WAN, DNS server requests, etc.). To connect to hosts on the LAN (email notification, remote syslog, etc.), the default gateway address will be used. The MAX will listen for this IP address when LAN hosts access services provided by the MAX (web admin access from the WAN, DNS proxy, etc.).

Shared IP Address^A	Access to this IP address will be passed through to the LAN port if this device is not serving the service being accessed. The shared IP address will be used in connecting to hosts on the WAN (e.g., email notification, remote syslog, etc.) The device will also listen on the IP address when hosts on the WAN access services served on this device (e.g., web admin accesses from WAN, DNS server, etc.)
WAN Default Gateway	Enter the WAN router's IP address in this field. If there are more hosts in addition to the router on the WAN segment, click the  button next to "WAN Default Gateway" and check the other host(s) on the WAN segment box and enter the IP address of the hosts that need to access LAN devices or be accessed by others.
WAN DNS Servers	Enter the selected WAN's corresponding DNS server IP addresses.

^A - Advanced feature, please click the  button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

7.2 Port Settings

To configure port settings, navigate to **Network > Port Settings**

Port Settings					
Port Name	Enable	Speed	Advertise Speed	Port Type	VLAN
LAN Port 1	☒	Auto 	☒	Trunk 	Any 
LAN Port 2	☒			Trunk 	Any 
LAN Port 3	☒			Trunk 	Any 
LAN Port 4	☒			Trunk 	Any 

On this screen, you can enable specific ports, as well as determine the speed of the LAN ports, whether each port is a trunk or access port, can well as which VLAN each link belongs to, if any.

7.3 Captive Portal

The captive portal serves as a gateway that clients have to pass if they wish to access the internet using your router. To configure, navigate to **Network > LAN > Captive Portal**.

Captive Portal

General Settings

Name			
Enable	☒ Untagged LAN		
Hostname		<button>Default</button>	
Access Mode	☒ Open Access ☐ User Authentication ☐ External Server		

Portal Access Settings

Access Quota	30	mins (0: Unlimited)
	0	MB (0: Unlimited)
Quota Reset Time	☒ Daily at 00 :00 ☐ 1440 minutes after quota reached	
Inactive Timeout	0	minutes (0: No Timeout)
Allowed Networks	Domain Name / IP Address / Network +	
Allowed Clients	MAC / IP Address / Host Identifier +	
Splash Page	☒ Built-in ☐ External, URL: http://	
Popup Handling	☐ Bypass Popup (Redirection only takes place on normal browser) ☐ Automatically show splash page on Safari for Apple (iOS / macOS) devices	
Logout Hostname	(Not configured)	

Click [here](#) to preview / customize built-in splash page

Save

Cancel

Captive Portal Settings	
Name	Enter the name for the Captive Portal.
Enable	Check Enable and then, optionally, select the LANs/VLANs that will use the captive portal.
Hostname	To customize the portal's form submission and redirection URL, enter a new URL in this field. To reset the URL to factory settings, click Default .

Access Mode

Click **Open Access** to allow clients to freely access your router. Click **User Authentication** to force your clients to authenticate before accessing your router.

Select **External Server** to use the Captive Portal with a HotSpot system.

As described in the following knowledgebase article:

<https://forum.peplink.com/t/using-hotspotsystem-wi-fi-on-pepwave-max-routers/>

Authentication

When selecting the “**User Authentication**” in the Access Mode field, you will see the available option for the Authentication via drop-down list:

- RADIUS Server

Access Mode	☐ Open Access ☒ User Authentication ☐ External Server	
Authentication	RADIUS Server ▼	

RADIUS Settings		
	Primary	Secondary
Authentication Protocol	PAP ▼	
	You may click here to define RADIUS Server Authentication profile, or you may go to RADIUS Server page to define multiple profiles	
Authentication Host		
Authentication Port	1812	1812
Authentication Secret	☒ Hide Characters	☒ Hide Characters
	You may click here to define RADIUS Server Accounting profile, or you may go to RADIUS Server page to define multiple profiles	
Accounting Host		
Accounting Port	1813	1813
Accounting Secret	☒ Hide Characters	☒ Hide Characters
CoA-DM	☐	
Accounting Interim Interval	?	
NAS-Identifier	?	

- LDAP Server

Access Mode	☐ Open Access ☒ User Authentication ☐ External Server	
Authentication	LDAP Server ▼	

LDAP Settings		
LDAP Server		Port Default
	☐ Use DN/Password to bind to LDAP Server	
Base DN		
Base Filter		

Fill in the necessary information to complete your connection to the server and enable authentication.

External Server

When selecting the “**External Server**” in the Access Mode field, you will see the available option for the Service Type via drop-down list:

- CoovaChilli

	Access Mode ☐ Open Access ☐ User Authentication ☒ External Server Server Type ? CoovaChilli CoovaChilli Settings UAM Secret ☒ Hide Characters HotspotSystem Access Mode ☐ Open Access ☐ User Authentication ☒ External Server Server Type ? HotspotSystem HotspotSystem Settings Operator Username Location ID Splash Page Domain ? customer.hotspotsystem.com
	Fill in the necessary information to complete your connection to the server and enable authentication.
Access Quota	Set a time and data cap to each user's Internet usage.
Quota Reset Time	This menu determines how your usage quota resets. Setting it to Daily will reset it at a specified time every day. Setting a number of minutes after quota reached establish a timer for each user that begins after the quota has been reached.
Inactive Timeout	Clients will get disconnected when the inactive the configured time is reached. Default 0: no timeout
Allowed Networks	Add networks that can bypass the captive Portal in this field. To whitelist a network, enter the domain name / IP address here and click  . To delete an existing network from the list of allowed networks, click the  button next to the listing.
Allowed Clients	Add MAC address and /or IP addresses for client devices that are allowed to bypass the Captive Portal. Clients accessing these domains and IP addresses will not be redirected to the splash page.
Splash Page	Here, you can choose between using the Pepwave router's built-in captive portal and redirecting clients to a URL you define.
Popup Handling	Configurable options for popup handling: - Bypass Popup (Redirection only takes place on normal browser) - Automatically show splash page on Safari for Apple (iOS / macOS) devices
Logout Hostname	A hostname that can be used to logout captive portal when being accessed on browser.
Customize splash page	Click on the provided link in the Captive portal profile to customize the splash page. A new browser tab is opened with a WYSIWYG editor of the splash page o edit the content, click on the corresponding element after switching Edit Mode to ON.

Captive Portal



☐ Use uploaded Logo Image
☒ Use default Logo Image
☐ Choose File No file chosen

NOTE: Size max 512KB. Supported images types: JPEG, PNG and GIF.

EMPTY STRING

☒ I have read and agree to the [terms and conditions](#) ?

You must accept the terms and conditions before you can proceed

Agree

Powered by Pepwave.

Portal Configuration

Show Quota Status	☒
Custom Landing Page	☐

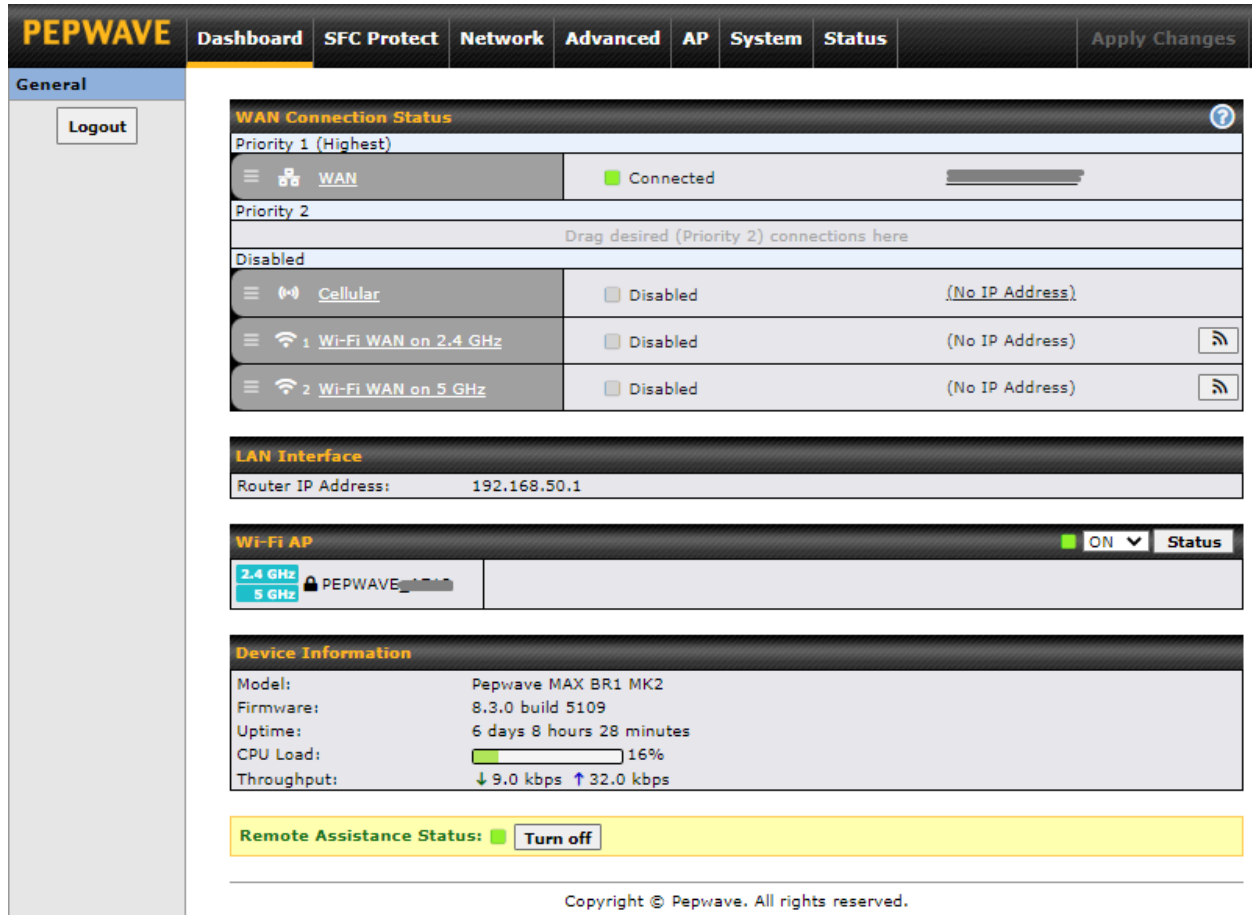
Page: Login ▼

Edit mode ON ON ?

Save

8 Configuring the WAN Interface(s)

WAN Interface settings are located at **Network > WAN**. To reorder WAN priority, drag on the appropriate WAN by holding the left mouse button, move it to the desired priority (the first one would be the highest priority, the second one would be lower priority, and so on), and drop it by releasing the mouse button.



The screenshot shows the Peplink PEPWAVE web interface. The top navigation bar includes: **PEPWAVE**, **Dashboard**, **SFC Protect**, **Network**, **Advanced**, **AP**, **System**, **Status**, and **Apply Changes**. The left sidebar has a **General** tab and a **Logout** button.

The main content area displays the **WAN Connection Status** section. It shows a table with WAN connections:

Priority 1 (Highest)	Priority 2
WAN Connected	
Drag desired (Priority 2) connections here	
Disabled	
Cellular Disabled (No IP Address)	
Wi-Fi WAN on 2.4 GHz Disabled (No IP Address)	
Wi-Fi WAN on 5 GHz Disabled (No IP Address)	

Below the WAN section is the **LAN Interface** section, showing the Router IP Address: 192.168.50.1.

The **Wi-Fi AP** section shows the status as **ON** and a **Status** button.

The **Device Information** section displays the following details:

- Model: Pepwave MAX BR1 MK2
- Firmware: 8.3.0 build 5109
- Uptime: 6 days 8 hours 28 minutes
- CPU Load: 16%
- Throughput: 9.0 kbps (down) / 32.0 kbps (up)

At the bottom, the **Remote Assistance Status** is shown as **Turn off**.

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To enable a particular WAN connection, drag on the appropriate WAN by holding the left mouse button, move it to the **Disabled** row, and drop it by releasing the mouse button.

You can also set priorities on the **Dashboard**. Click the **WAN** button in the corresponding row to modify the connection setting.

Important Note

Connection details will be changed and become effective immediately after clicking the **Save and Apply** button.

IPv6

You can also enable IPv6 support in this section.

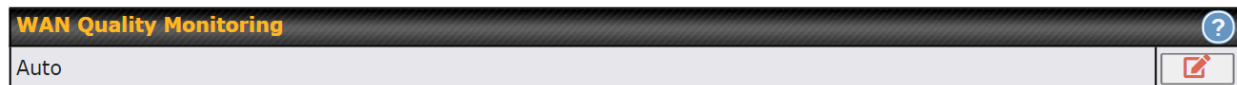
DNS over HTTPS (DoH)

You can enable DoH (DNS over HTTPS) support in this section.

DNS over HTTPS	
Enable	When this option is enabled, the DNS proxy server will use HTTPS connections to forward DNS requests to the DoH resolver; it will not fallback to traditional UDP DNS options.
Server	The options to configure DoH with a predefined server are: - Cloudflare - The DNS server IP addresses for Cloudflare will be using 1.1.1.1, which is unfiltered. - Quad9 - The DNS server IP addresses for Quad9 will be using 9.9.9.9 and 142.112.112.112, which is malware blocking and DNSSEC. - Google DNS - The DNS server IP addresses for Google DNS will be using 8.8.8.8 and 8.8.4.4, which is RFC8484 standard. - OpenDNS - The DNS server IP addresses for OpenDNS will be using 208.67.222.222 and 208.67.220.220, which is standard DNS. - Custom URL - You may select Custom URL:, and enter the resolver URL and IP address.

WAN Quality Monitoring

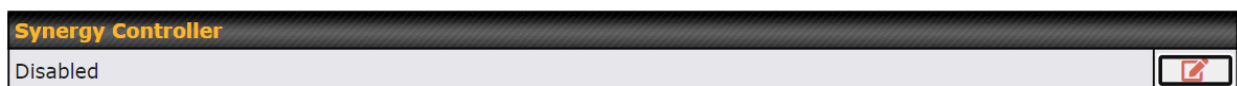
This settings advice how WAN Quality information is being gathered.



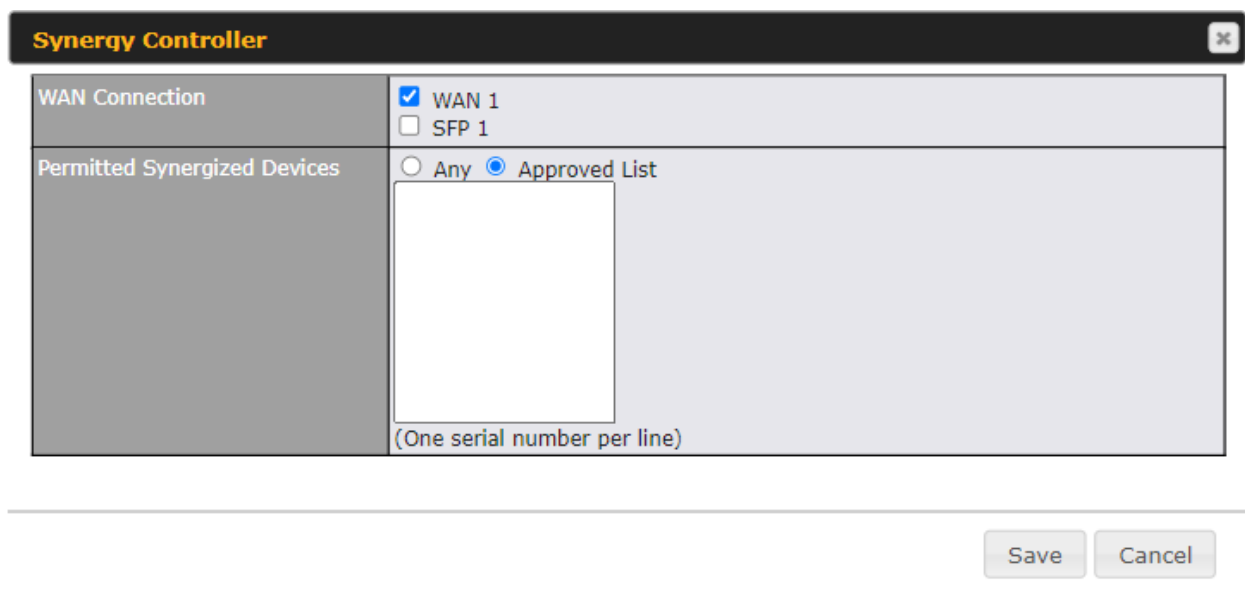
By default, WAN Quality will always be observed and gathered automatically. With customized choice of WAN connections, the device will always observe WAN Quality of those selected WAN connections. Other WAN connections may stop observing WAN Quality information if it is not necessary for the underlying features.

Synergy Mode

You can enable the Synergy Controller in this section.



You may click this  to enable the Synergy Controller. By default, the setting is disabled.



WAN Connection	☒ WAN 1 ☐ SFP 1
Permitted Synergized Devices	☐ Any ☒ Approved List (One serial number per line)

You may select the WAN connection to use as a Synergy Link which will connect to synergized devices.

8.1 Ethernet WAN

There are four possible connection methods for the Ethernet WAN connection:

1. DHCP
2. Static IP
3. PPPoE
4. L2TP
5. GRE

8.1.1 DHCP Connection

The DHCP connection method is suitable if the ISP provides an IP address automatically using DHCP (e.g., satellite modem, WiMAX modem, cable, Metro Ethernet, etc.).

WAN Connection Settings	
WAN Connection Name	WAN
Enable	☒
Connection Priority	☒ Always-on (Priority 1) ☐ Backup
Independent from Backup WANs	☐
Connection Method	DHCP
Routing Mode	☒ NAT ☐ IP Forwarding
Management IP Address	255.255.255.0 (/24)
Custom Hostname	☐
DNS Servers	☒ Obtain DNS server address automatically ☐ Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:
IP Passthrough	☐
Standby State	☒ Remain connected ☐ Disconnect
Reply to ICMP Ping	☒ Yes ☐ No
Upload Bandwidth	1 Gbps
Download Bandwidth	1 Gbps

DHCP Connection Settings	
WAN Connection Name	Enter a name to represent this WAN connection.
Enable	This setting enables the WAN connection. If schedules have been defined, you will be able to select a schedule to apply to the connection.

Connection Priority	This option allows you to configure the WAN connection whether for normal daily usage or as a backup connection only. If Always-on is chosen, the WAN connection will be kept on continuously, regardless of the priority of other WAN connections. If Backup is chosen, the WAN connection will depend on other WAN connections. It will not be used when one or more higher priority dependent WAN connections are connected.
Independent from Backup WANs	If this is checked, the connection will be working independent from other Backup WAN connections. Those in Backup Priority will ignore the status of this WAN connection, and will be used when none of the other higher priority connections are available.
Routing Mode	NAT allows substituting the real address in a packet with a mapped address that is routable on the destination network. By clicking the help  icon in this field, you can display the IP Forwarding option, if your network requires it.
Management IP Address	Management IP Address is available for configuration when you click here for other DHCP settings. This option allows you to configure the management IP address for the DHCP WAN connection.
Custom Hostname	If your service provider's DHCP server requires you to supply a hostname value upon acquiring an IP address, you may enter the value here. If your service provider does not provide you with the value, you can safely bypass this option.
DNS Servers	Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection. Selecting Obtain DNS server address automatically results in the DNS servers being assigned by the WAN DHCP server to be used for outbound DNS lookups over the connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned from the DHCP server.) When Use the following DNS server address(es) is selected, you may enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN connection into the DNS Server 1 and DNS Server 2 fields.

IP Passthrough	When this IP Passthrough option is active, after the ethernet WAN connection is up, the router's DHCP server will offer the connection's IP address to one LAN client. All incoming or outgoing traffic will be routed without NAT. Regardless the WAN connection's state, the router always binds to the LAN IP address (Default: 192.168.50.1). So when the ethernet WAN is connected, the LAN client could access the router's web admin by manually configuring its IP address to the same subnet as the router's LAN IP address (e.g. 192.168.50.10). Note: when this option is firstly enabled, the LAN client may not be able to refresh its IP address to the ethernet WAN IP address in a timely fashion. The LAN client may have to manually renew its IP address from DHCP server. After this option is enabled, the DHCP lease time will be 2 minutes. I.e. the LAN client could refresh its IP address and access the network at most one minute after the ethernet WAN connection goes up.
Standby State	This option allows you to choose whether to remain connected when this WAN connection is no longer in the highest priority and has entered the standby state. When Remain connected is chosen, upon bringing up this WAN connection to active, it will be immediately available for use. If this WAN connection is charged by connection time, you may want to set this option to Disconnect so that connection will be made only when needed. SpeedFusion VPN may use connected standby WAN for failover if link failure detected on the higher priority WAN, you can set this option to Disconnect to avoid data passing through.
Reply to ICMP PING	If the checkbox is unticked, this option is disabled and the system will not reply to any ICMP ping echo requests to the WAN IP addresses of this WAN connection. Default: ticked (Yes)
Upload Bandwidth	This field refers to the maximum upload speed. This value is referenced when default weight is chosen for outbound traffic and traffic prioritization. A correct value can result in effective traffic prioritization and efficient use of upstream bandwidth.
Download Bandwidth	This field refers to the maximum download speed. Default weight control for outbound traffic will be adjusted according to this value.

8.1.2 Static IP Connection

The Static IP connection method is suitable if your ISP provides a static IP address to connect directly.

Connection Method	 Static IP ▼
Routing Mode	 ☒ NAT ☐ IP Forwarding
IP Address	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0 (/24) ▼
Default Gateway	
DNS Servers	☒ Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:

Static IP Settings	
Routing Mode	NAT allows substituting the real address in a packet with a mapped address that is routable on the destination network. By clicking the help icon in this field, you can display the IP Forwarding option, if your network requires it.
IP Address / Subnet Mask / Default Gateway	These settings allow you to specify the information required in order to communicate on the Internet via a fixed Internet IP address. The information is typically determined by and can be obtained from the ISP.
DNS Servers	Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection. Selecting Obtain DNS server address automatically results in the DNS servers being assigned by the WAN DHCP server to be used for outbound DNS lookups over the connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned from the DHCP server. When Use the following DNS server address(es) is selected, you may enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN connection into the DNS Server 1 and DNS Server 2 fields.

8.1.3 PPPoE Connection

The PPPoE connection method is suitable if your ISP provides a login ID/password to connect via PPPoE.

Connection Method	 PPPoE ▼
Routing Mode	 ☒ NAT ☐ IP Forwarding
PPPoE User Name	
PPPoE Password	
Confirm PPPoE Password	
Service Name (Optional)	 Leave it blank unless it is provided by ISP
IP Address (Optional)	 Leave it blank unless it is provided by ISP
Keep-Alive Interval	 6 seconds(s)
Keep-Alive Retry	 6
DNS Servers	☒ Obtain DNS server address automatically ☐ Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:

PPPoE Settings	
Routing Mode	NAT allows substituting the real address in a packet with a mapped address that is routable on the destination network. By clicking the help icon in this field, you can display the IP Forwarding option, if your network requires it.
PPPoE Username / Password	Enter the required information in these fields in order to connect via PPPoE to the ISP. The parameter values are determined by and can be obtained from the ISP.
Confirm PPPoE Password	Verify your password by entering it again in this field.
Service Name (Optional)	Service name is provided by the ISP. Note: Leave this field blank unless it is provided by your ISP.
IP Address (Optional)	If your ISP provides a PPPoE IP address, enter it here. Note: Leave this field blank unless it is provided by your ISP.
Keep Alive Interval	This is the time interval between each Keep-Alive packet.
Keep-Alive Retry	This is the number of consecutive Keep-Alive check failures before treating PPPoE connection as down.
DNS Servers	Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection.

Selecting **Obtain DNS server address automatically** results in the DNS servers being assigned by the WAN DHCP server to be used for outbound DNS lookups over the connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned from the DHCP server.)

When **Use the following DNS server address(es)** is selected, you may enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN connection into the **DNS Server 1** and **DNS Server 2** fields.

8.1.4 L2TP Connection

L2TP has all the compatibility and convenience of PPTP with greater security. Combine this with IPsec for a good balance between ease of use and security.

Connection Method	 L2TP ▼
Routing Mode	 ☒ NAT ☐ IP Forwarding
L2TP User Name	
L2TP Password	
Confirm L2TP Password	
Server IP Address / Host	
Address Type	☒ Dynamic IP ☐ Static IP
DNS Servers	☒ Obtain DNS server address automatically ☐ Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:

L2TP Settings	
Routing Mode	NAT allows substituting the real address in a packet with a mapped address that is routable on the destination network. By clicking the help icon in this field, you can display the IP Forwarding option, if your network requires it.
L2TP Username / Password	Enter the required information in these fields in order to connect via L2TP to your ISP. The parameter values are determined by and can be obtained from your ISP.
Confirm L2TP Password	Verify your password by entering it again in this field.
Server IP Address / Host	L2TP server address is a parameter which is provided by your ISP. Note: Leave this field blank unless it is provided by your ISP.
Address Type	Your ISP will also indicate whether the server IP address is Dynamic or Static. Please click the appropriate value.

DNS Servers

Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection.

Selecting **Obtain DNS server address automatically** results in the DNS servers assigned by the PPPoE server to be used for outbound DNS lookups over the WAN connection.

(The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned from the PPPoE server.)

When **Use the following DNS server address(es)** is selected, you can enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN connection into the **DNS server 1** and **DNS server 2** fields.

8.1.5 GRE Connection

This connection method is suitable if your ISP provides a static WAN IP and Tunnel IP via GRE.

Connection Method	 GRE ▼
Routing Mode	 ☒ NAT ☐ IP Forwarding
WAN IP Address	
WAN Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0 (/24) ▼
WAN Default Gateway	
Remote GRE Host	
Tunnel Local IP Address	
Tunnel Remote IP Address	
Outgoing NAT IP Address	
DNS Servers	☒ Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:

GRE Settings

Routing Mode

NAT allows substituting the real address in a packet with a mapped address that is routable on the destination network. By clicking the help icon in this field, you can display the **IP Forwarding** option, if your network requires it.

WAN IP Address / Subnet Mask / Default Gateway

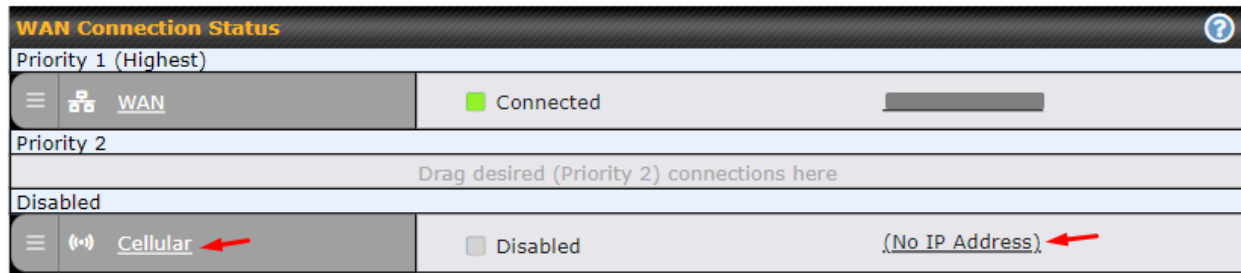
These settings allow you to specify the information required in order to communicate on the Internet via a fixed Internet IP address. The information is typically determined by and can be obtained from the ISP.

Remote GRE Host

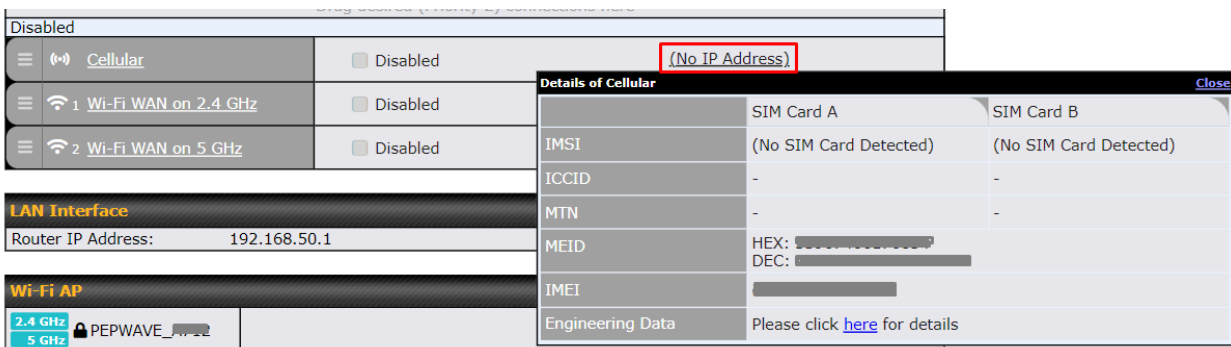
This field allows you to enter the IP address of the remote GRE.

Tunnel Local IP Address	This field allows you to enter the IP address of the local tunnel for the GRE tunnel connection.
Tunnel Remote IP Address	This field allows you to enter the IP address of the remote tunnel for the GRE tunnel connection.
Outgoing NAT IP Address	This field is to enter the NAT IP address for outgoing via GRE tunnel.
DNS Servers	Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection. Selecting Obtain DNS server address automatically results in the DNS servers assigned by the PPPoE server to be used for outbound DNS lookups over the WAN connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned from the PPPoE server.) When Use the following DNS server address(es) is selected, you can enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN connection into the DNS server 1 and DNS server 2 fields.

8.2 Cellular WAN



To access/configure the Cellular WAN settings, click **Network > Cellular Name**. You may click the “**No IP Address**” link to view the Cellular WAN details/status.



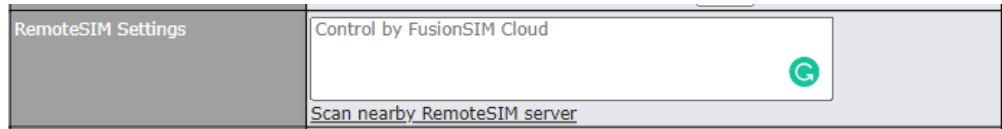
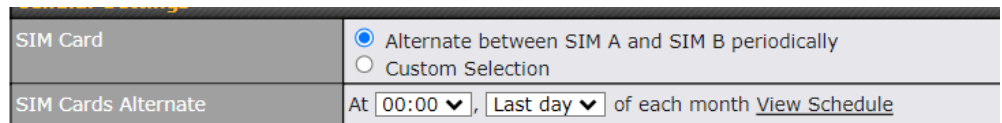
WAN Connection Status	
IMSI	This is the International Mobile Subscriber Identity which uniquely identifies the SIM card. This is applicable to 3G modems only.
ICCID	This is a unique number assigned to a SIM card used in a cellular device.
MTN	This field is to display the mobile telephone number of the SIM card.
MEID	Some Pepwave routers support both HSPA and EV-DO. For Sprint or Verizon Wireless EV-DO users, a unique MEID identifier code (in hexadecimal format) is used by the carrier to associate the EV-DO device with the user. This information is presented in hex and decimal format.
IMEI	This is the unique ID for identifying the modem in GSM/HSPA mode.

WAN Connection Settings 	
WAN Connection Name	Cellular
Enable	☒
Connection Priority	☒ Always-on (Priority 1) ☐ Backup
Independent from Backup WANs 	☐
Routing Mode 	☒ NAT
Management IP Address	255.255.255.0 (/24) 
DNS Servers	☒ Obtain DNS server address automatically ☐ Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:
IP Passthrough 	☐
Standby State 	☒ Remain connected ☐ Disconnect
Idle Disconnect	☐
Reply to ICMP Ping 	☒ Yes ☐ No

WAN Connection Settings	
WAN Connection Name	Indicate a name you wish to give this Cellular WAN connection
Enable	Click the checkbox to toggle the on and off state of this connection.
Connection Priority	This option allows you to configure the WAN connection whether for normal daily usage or as a backup connection only. If Always-on is chosen, the WAN connection will be kept on continuously, regardless of the priority of other WAN connections. If Backup is chosen, the WAN connection will depend on other WAN connections. It will not be used when one or more higher priority dependent WAN connections are connected.
Independent from Backup WANs	If this is checked, the connection will be working independent from other Backup WAN connections. Those in Backup Priority will ignore the status of this WAN connection, and will be used when none of the other higher priority connections are available.
Routing Mode	This option allows you to select the routing method to be used in routing IP frames via the WAN connection. The mode can be either NAT (Network Address Translation) or IP Forwarding. In the case if you need to choose IP Forwarding for your scenario. Click the 

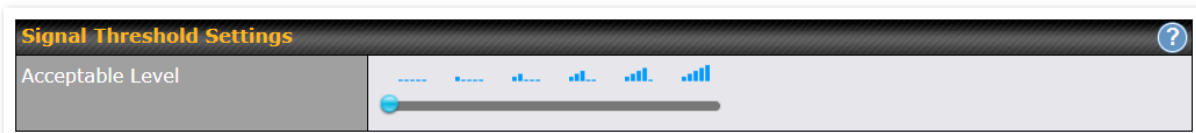
	button to enable IP Forwarding.
Management IP Address	Management IP Address is available for configuration when you click here for other DHCP settings. This option allows you to configure the management IP address for the DHCP WAN connection.
DNS Servers	Each ISP may provide a set of DNS servers for DNS lookups. This setting specifies the DNS (Domain Name System) servers to be used when a DNS lookup is routed through this connection. Selecting Obtain DNS server address automatically results in the DNS servers assigned by the WAN DHCP server being used for outbound DNS lookups over the connection. (The DNS servers are obtained along with the WAN IP address assigned by the DHCP server.) When Use the following DNS server address(es) is selected, you may enter custom DNS server addresses for this WAN connection into the DNS server 1 and DNS server 2 fields.
IP Passthrough	When this IP Passthrough option is active, after the cellular WAN connection is up, the router's DHCP server will offer the connection's IP address to one LAN client. All incoming or outgoing traffic will be routed without NAT. Regardless the WAN connection's state, the router always binds to the LAN IP address (Default: 192.168.50.1). So when the cellular WAN is connected, the LAN client could access the router's web admin by manually configuring its IP address to the same subnet as the router's LAN IP address (e.g. 192.168.50.10). Note: when this option is firstly enabled, the LAN client may not be able to refresh its IP address to the cellular WAN IP address in a timely fashion. The LAN client may have to manually renew its IP address from DHCP server. After this option is enabled, the DHCP lease time will be 2 minutes. I.e. the LAN client could refresh its IP address and access the network at most one minute after the cellular WAN connection goes up
Standby State	This option allows you to choose whether to remain connected or disconnected when this WAN connection is no longer in the highest priority and has entered the standby state. When Remain connected is chosen, bringing up this WAN connection to active makes it immediately available for use.
Idle Disconnect	If this is checked, the connection will disconnect when idle after the configured Time value. This option is disabled by default.
Reply to ICMP PING	If the checkbox is unticked, this option is disabled and the system will not reply to any ICMP ping echo requests to the WAN IP addresses of this WAN connection. Default: ticked (Yes)

Cellular Settings ?		
SIM Card	☐ Alternate between SIM A and SIM B periodically ☒ Custom Selection ☒ SIM A Priority: 2 ☒ SIM B Priority: 3 ☒ RemoteSIM Priority: 4 ☒ SpeedFusion Connect 5G/LTE Priority: 1	
RemoteSIM Settings	Control by FusionSIM Cloud G Scan nearby RemoteSIM server	
Failback to Preferred SIM when	☒ Device is idle Idle Timeout: 3 Time value is global. A change will affect all WAN profiles. ☐ Non-preferred SIM is connected for 10 minutes	
	SIM Card A	SIM Card B
Carrier Selection ?	☒ Auto ☐ Manual Select ☐ Custom PLMN	☒ Auto ☐ Manual Select ☐ Custom PLMN
LTE/3G ?	Auto	Auto
Optimal Network Discovery ?	☐	☐
Band Selection	Auto	Auto
Data Roaming	☐	☐
Authentication	Auto	Auto
Operator Settings ?	☒ Auto ☐ Custom	☒ Auto ☐ Custom
APN		
Username		
Password		
Confirm Password		
SIM PIN (Optional) ?	 (Confirm)	 (Confirm)
Bandwidth Allowance Monitor ?	☒ Enable	☐ Enable
Action ?	Email notification is currently disabled. You can get notified when usage hits 75%/95% of monthly allowance by enabling Email Notification . ☒ Disconnect when usage hits 100% of monthly allowance	Email notification is currently disabled. You can get notified when usage hits 75%/95% of monthly allowance by enabling Email Notification . ☒ Disconnect when usage hits 100% of monthly allowance
Start Day ?	On 1st of each month at 00:00 midnight	On 1st of each month at 00:00 midnight
Monthly Allowance ?	GB v	GB v

Cellular Settings	
SIM Card	If “Alternate between SIM A and SIM B periodically” is selected, the SIM card will be switching according to the schedule time in the SIM Cards Alternate. If “Custom Selection” is selected, you can designate the priority of the SIM cards (SIM A/ SIM B/ Remote SIM/ SpeedFusion Connect) and connect to. For routers that support the SIM Injector, you may select the “Remote SIM” to provision a SIM from a SIM Injector. Further details on the SIM Injector found is available here: https://www.peplink.com/products/sim-injector/.
Remote SIM Settings	If “Use Remote SIM Only” is selected in the SIM card section, the Remote SIM Settings will be shown.  You may need to enable the remote SIM Host settings in the Remote SIM management, see the section 22.10 or Appendix B for more details on FusionSIM. After that, click on “Scan nearby remote SIM server” to show the serial number(s) of the connected SIM Injector(s). If you want to select a specific SIM, in the Cellular Settings, type “:” and then the number of the SIM slot, eg.1111-2222-3333:7.
Fallback to Preferred SIM when	This option is allowing to switch to another SIM cards when the Cellular WAN reached fallback timeout.
SIM Cards Alternate	If “Alternate between SIM A and SIM B periodically” is selected in the SIM Card section, the SIM Cards Alternate will be shown:  You may set the schedule time for for switching between SIM A only and SIM B only.
5G/LTE/3G	This drop-down menu allows restricting cellular to particular band. Click the  button to enable the selection of specific bands.
Optimal Network Discovery	Cellular WANs by default will only handover from 3G to LTE network when there is no active data traffic, enable this option will make it run the handover procedures after fallback to 3G for a defined effective period, even this may interrupt the connectivity for a short while.
Band Selection	When set to Auto, band selection allows for automatically connecting to available, supported bands (frequencies) .

	When set to Manual, you can manually select the bands (frequencies) the SIM will connect to.
Data Roaming	This checkbox enables data roaming on this particular SIM card. When data roaming is enabled this option allows you to select in which countries the SIM has a data connection. The option is configured by using MMC (country) codes. Please check your service provider's data roaming policy before proceeding.
Authentication	Choose from PAP Only or CHAP Only to use those authentication methods exclusively. Select Auto to automatically choose an authentication method.
Operator Settings	This setting allows you to configure the APN settings of your connection. If Auto is selected, the mobile operator should be detected automatically. The connected device will be configured and connection will be made automatically. If there is any difficulty in making connection, you may select Custom to enter your carrier's APN , Login , Password , and Dial Number settings manually. The correct values can be obtained from your carrier. The default and recommended setting is Auto .
APN / Login / Password / SIM PIN	When Auto is selected, the information in these fields will be filled automatically. Select Custom to customize these parameters. The parameter values are determined by and can be obtained from the ISP.
Bandwidth Allowance Monitor	Check the box Enable to enable bandwidth usage monitoring on this WAN connection for each billing cycle. When this option is not enabled, bandwidth usage of each month is still being tracked but no action will be taken.
Action	If email notification is enabled, you will be notified by email when usage hits 75% and 95% of the monthly allowance. If Disconnect when usage hits 100% of monthly allowance is checked, this WAN connection will be disconnected automatically when the usage hits the monthly allowance. It will not resume connection unless this option has been turned off or the usage has been reset when a new billing cycle starts.
Start Day	This option allows you to define which day of the month each billing cycle begins.
Monthly Allowance	This field is for defining the maximum bandwidth usage allowed for the WAN connection each month.

Signal Threshold Settings



If signal threshold is defined, this connection will be treated as down when a weaker than threshold signal is determined.

The following values are used by the threshold scale:

	0 bars	1 bar	2 bars	3 bars	4 bars	5 bars
LTE / RSRP	-140	-128	-121	-114	-108	-98
3G / RSSI	-120	-100	-95	-90	-85	-75

To define the threshold manually using specific signal strength values, please click on the question Mark and the following field will be visible.

Signal Threshold Settings ?			
LTE	RSRP:	n/a	dBm (Recovery: n/a dBm)
	SINR:	n/a	dB (Recovery: n/a dB)
3G	RSSI:	n/a	dBm (Recovery: n/a dBm)

8.3 Wi-Fi WAN

Disabled		
⋮ Cellular	☐ Disabled (No IP Address)	
⋮ 1 Wi-Fi WAN on 2.4 GHz 	☐ Disabled (No IP Address)	
⋮ 2 Wi-Fi WAN on 5 GHz	☐ Disabled (No IP Address)	

To access/configure the Cellular WAN settings, click **Network > Wi-Fi WAN Connection Name**.

WAN Connection Settings	
WAN Connection Name	Wi-Fi WAN on 2.4 GHz
Enable	☒
Connection Priority	☒ Always-on (Priority 1) ☐ Backup
Independent from Backup WANs ?	☐
Routing Mode ?	☒ NAT ☐ IP Forwarding
Standby State ?	☒ Remain connected ☐ Disconnect
Reply to ICMP Ping ?	☒ Yes ☐ No

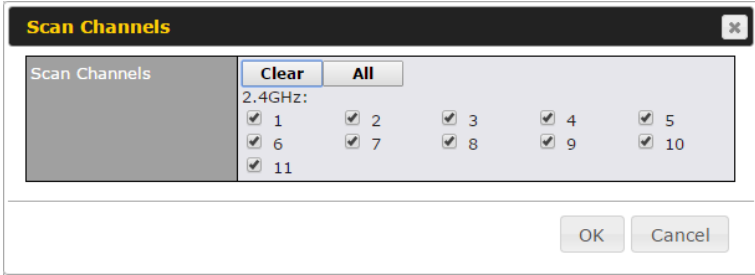
WAN Connection Settings	
WAN Connection Name	Enter a name to represent this Wi-Fi WAN connection.

Enable	Click the checkbox to toggle the on and off state of this connection.
Connection Priority	This option allows you to configure the WAN connection whether for normal daily usage or as a backup connection only. If Always-on is chosen, the WAN connection will be kept on continuously, regardless of the priority of other WAN connections. If Backup is chosen, the WAN connection will depend on other WAN connections. It will not be used when one or more higher priority dependent WAN connections are connected.
Independent from Backup WANs	If this is checked, the connection will be working independent from other Backup WAN connections. Those in Backup Priority will ignore the status of this WAN connection, and will be used when none of the other higher priority connections are available.
Routing Mode	This option allows you to select the routing method to be used in routing IP frames via the WAN connection. The mode can be either NAT (Network Address Translation) or IP Forwarding. In the case if you need to choose IP Forwarding for your scenario. Click the  button to enable IP Forwarding.
Standby State	This setting specifies the state of the WAN connection while in standby. The available options are Remain Connected and Disconnect .
Reply to ICMP PING	If this setting is disabled, the WAN connection will not respond to ICMP ping requests. By default, this setting is enabled.

Wi-Fi WAN Settings 

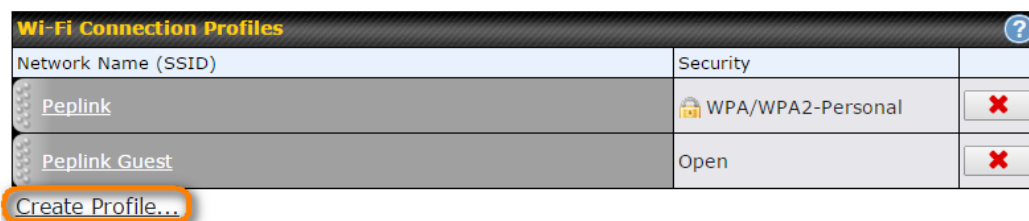
Channel Width	Auto
Channel	☒ Auto ☐ Custom
Output Power	Max ☐ Boost
Data Rate	☒ Auto ☐ Fixed
Roaming	☐ Enable
Connect to Any Open Mode AP 	☐ Yes ☒ No
Beacon Miss Counter	5
Channel Scan Interval	50 ms

Wi-Fi WAN Settings	
Channel Width	Select the channel width for this Wi-Fi WAN. 20MHz will have greater support for older devices using 2.4Ghz, while 40MHz is appropriate for networks with newer devices that connect using 5Ghz

Channel	Determine whether the channel will be automatically selected. If you select custom, the following table will appear: 
Output Power	If you are setting up a network with many Wi-Fi devices in close proximity, then you can configure the output power here. Click the “boost” button for additional power. However, with that option ticked, output power may exceed local regulatory limits.
Data Rate	Selecting Auto will enable the router to automatically determine the best data rate, while manually selecting a rate will force devices to connect using the fixed rate.
Roaming	Checking this box will enable Wi-Fi roaming. Click the  icon for additional options.
Connect to Any Open Mode AP	This option is to specify whether the Wi-Fi WAN will connect to any open mode access points it finds.
Beacon Miss Counter	This sets the threshold for the number of missed beacons.
Channel Scan Interval	Configure Channel Scan Interval in ms.

8.3.1 Creating Wi-Fi Connection Profiles

You can manually create a profile to connect to a Wi-Fi connection. This is useful for creating a profile for connecting to hidden-SSID access points. Click **Network > Wi-Fi WAN > Create Profile...** to get started.



This will open a window similar to the one shown below

Create Wi-Fi Connection Profile

Wi-Fi Connection

Network Name (SSID)	
Security	WPA2/WPA3-Personal
Shared Key	☒ Hide Characters
Preferred BSSID	☐
Connection Method	? DHCP
	Click here for other DHCP settings
DNS Servers	☒ Obtain DNS server address automatically ☐ Use the following DNS server address(es) DNS Server 1: DNS Server 2:

OK

Cancel

Wi-Fi Connection Profile Settings	
Network Name (SSID)	Enter a name to represent this Wi-Fi connection.
Security	This option allows you to select which security policy is used for this wireless network. Available options: • Open • WEP • Enhanced Open (OWE) • WPA3 -Personal • WPA2/WPA3 -Personal • WPA/ WPA2 – Personal • WPA/ WPA2 – ENTERprise • 802.1X with dynamic WEP key
Shared Key	Enter the password for the wireless network.
Preferred BSSID	Configure the BSSID. The BSSID is the MAC address of the wireless access point (WAP).
Connected Method	Choose DHCP or Static IP for the Wi-Fi WAN connection method.
DNS Servers	Configure the DNS servers that this WAN connection should use.

8.4 WAN Connection Settings (Common)

The remaining WAN-related settings are common to the WAN connection:

Physical Interface Settings	
Port Speed	Auto
MTU	☐ Auto ☒ Custom 1440
MSS	☒ Auto ☐ Custom
MAC Address Clone	☒ Default ☐ Custom 10:56:CA:15:92:5D
VLAN	☐

Physical Interface Settings	
Speed	This is the port speed of the WAN connection. It should be set to the same speed as the connected device in case of any port negotiation problems. When a static speed is set, you may choose whether to advertise its speed to the peer device or not. Advertise Speed is selected by default. You can choose not to advertise the port speed if the port has difficulty in negotiating with the peer device. Default: Auto
MTU	This field is for specifying the Maximum Transmission Unit value of the WAN connection. An excessive MTU value can cause file downloads stall shortly after connected. You may consult your ISP for the connection's MTU value. Default value is 1440.
MSS	This field is for specifying the Maximum Segment Size of the WAN connection. When Auto is selected, MSS will be depended on the MTU value. When Custom is selected, you may enter a value for MSS. This value will be announced to remote TCP servers for maximum data that it can receive during the establishment of TCP connections. Some Internet servers are unable to listen to MTU setting if ICMP is filtered by firewall between the connections. Normally, MSS equals to MTU minus 40. You are recommended to reduce the MSS only if changing of the MTU value cannot effectively inform some remote servers to size down data size. Default: Auto
MAC Address Clone	Some service providers (e.g. cable network) identify the client's MAC address and require client to always use the same MAC address to connect to the network. If it is the case, you may change the WAN interface's MAC address to the client PC's one by entering the PC's MAC address to this field. If you are not sure, click the Default button to restore to the default value.

VLAN Check the box to assign a VLAN to the interface.

8.5 WAN Health Check

To ensure traffic is routed to healthy WAN connections only, the Pepwave router can periodically check the health of each WAN connection. The health check settings for each WAN connection can be independently configured via **Network > WAN Connection Name**

Health Check Settings	
Method	This setting specifies the health check method for the WAN connection. This value can be configured as Disabled , PING , DNS Lookup , or HTTP . The default method is DNS Lookup . For mobile Internet connections, the value of Method can be configured as Disabled or SmartCheck .
Health Check Disabled	
Health Check Method	? Disabled Health Check disabled. Network problem cannot be detected.
When Disabled is chosen in the Method field, the WAN connection will always be considered as up. The connection will NOT be treated as down in the event of IP routing errors.	
Health Check Method: PING	
Health Check Method	? PING
PING Hosts	? Host 1: Host 2: ☒ Use first two DNS servers as PING Hosts
ICMP ping packets will be issued to test the connectivity with a configurable target IP address or hostname. A WAN connection is considered as up if ping responses are received from either one or both of the ping hosts.	
PING Hosts	This setting specifies IP addresses or hostnames with which connectivity is to be tested via ICMP ping. If Use first two DNS servers as Ping Hosts is checked, the target ping host will be the first DNS server for the corresponding WAN connection. Reliable ping hosts with a high uptime should be considered. By default, the first two DNS servers of the WAN connection are used as the ping hosts.
Health Check Method: DNS Lookup	

Health Check Method	 DNS Lookup
Health Check DNS Servers	 Host 1: Host 2: ☒ Use first two DNS servers as Health Check DNS Servers ☐ Include public DNS servers

DNS lookups will be issued to test connectivity with target DNS servers. The connection will be treated as up if DNS responses are received from one or both of the servers, regardless of whether the result was positive or negative.

Health Check DNS Servers

This field allows you to specify two DNS hosts' IP addresses with which connectivity is to be tested via DNS lookup.

If **Use first two DNS servers as Health Check DNS Servers** is checked, the first two DNS servers will be the DNS lookup targets for checking a connection's health. If the box is not checked, **Host 1** must be filled, while a value for **Host 2** is optional.

If **Include public DNS servers** is selected and no response is received from all specified DNS servers, DNS lookups will also be issued to some public DNS servers. A WAN connection will be treated as down only if there is also no response received from the public DNS servers.

Connections will be considered as up if DNS responses are received from any one of the health check DNS servers, regardless of a positive or negative result. By default, the first two DNS servers of the WAN connection are used as the health check DNS servers.

Health Check Method: HTTP

HTTP connections will be issued to test connectivity with configurable URLs and strings to match.

Health Check Method	 HTTP
URL 1	 http:// Matching String: ☐
URL 2	 http:// Matching String: ☐

URL1

WAN Settings>WAN Edit>Health Check Settings>URL1

The URL will be retrieved when performing an HTTP health check. When **String to Match** is left blank, a health check will pass if the HTTP return code is between 200 and 299 (Note: HTTP redirection codes 301 or 302 are treated as failures). When **String to Match** is filled, a health check will pass if the HTTP return code is between 200 and 299 and if the HTTP response content contains the string.

URL 2

WAN Settings>WAN Edit>Health Check Settings>URL2

If **URL2** is also provided, a health check will pass if either one of the tests passed.

Timeout		10 ▾ second(s)
Health Check Interval		5 ▾ second(s)
Health Check Retries		3 ▾
Recovery Retries		3 ▾

Other Health Check Settings

Timeout	This setting specifies the timeout in seconds for ping/DNS lookup requests. The default timeout is 5 seconds .
Health Check Interval	This setting specifies the time interval in seconds between ping or DNS lookup requests. The default health check interval is 5 seconds .
Health Check Retries	This setting specifies the number of consecutive ping/DNS lookup timeouts after which the Pepwave router will treat the corresponding WAN connection as down. Default health retries is set to 3 . Using the default Health Retries setting of 3 , the corresponding WAN connection will be treated as down after three consecutive timeouts.
Recovery Retries	This setting specifies the number of consecutive successful ping/DNS lookup responses that must be received before the Pepwave router treats a previously down WAN connection as up again. By default, Recover Retries is set to 3 . Using the default setting, a WAN connection that is treated as down will be considered as up again upon receiving three consecutive successful ping/DNS lookup responses.

Automatic Public DNS Server Check on DNS Test Failure

When the health check method is set to **DNS Lookup** and health checks fail, the Pepwave router will automatically perform DNS lookups on public DNS servers. If the tests are successful, the WAN may not be down, but rather the target DNS server malfunctioned. You will see the following warning message on the main page:

 **Failed to receive DNS response from the health-check DNS servers for WAN connection 3. But public DNS server lookup test via the WAN passed. So please check the DNS server settings.**

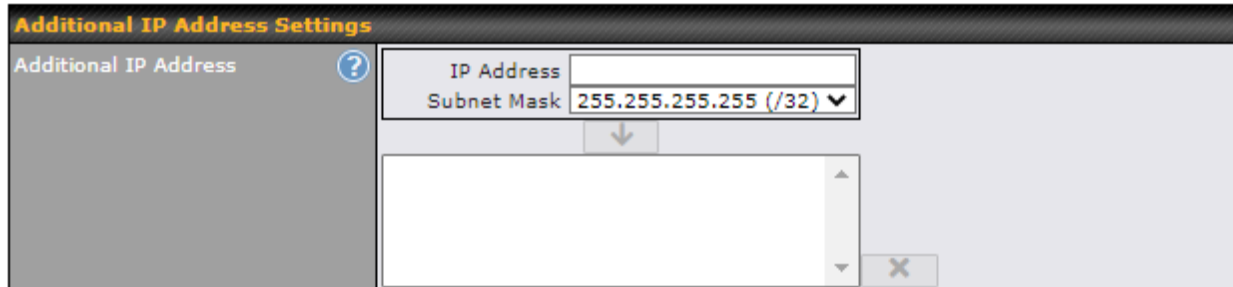
8.6 Bandwidth Allowance Monitoring

Bandwidth Allowance Monitor	
Bandwidth Allowance Monitor ?	☒ Enable
Action ?	Email notification is currently disabled. You can get notified when usage hits 75%/95% of monthly allowance by enabling Email Notification . ☒ Disconnect when usage hits 100% of monthly allowance
Start Day ?	On 1st of each month at 00:00 midnight
Monthly Allowance ?	GB

Bandwidth Allowance Monitor	
Action	If Email Notification is enabled, you will be notified by email when usage hits 75% and 95% of the monthly allowance. If Disconnect when usage hits 100% of monthly allowance is checked, this WAN connection will be disconnected automatically when the usage hits the monthly allowance. It will not resume connection unless this option has been turned off or the usage has been reset when a new billing cycle starts.
Start Day	This option allows you to define which day of the month each billing cycle begins.
Monthly Allowance	This field is for defining the maximum bandwidth usage allowed for the WAN connection each month.

Disclaimer	
Due to different network protocol overheads and conversions, the amount of data reported by this Peplink device is not representative of actual billable data usage as metered by your network provider. Peplink disclaims any obligation or responsibility for any events arising from the use of the numbers shown here.	

8.7 Additional Public IP address



Additional Public IP Settings	
IP Address List	IP Address List represents the list of fixed Internet IP addresses assigned by the ISP in the event that more than one Internet IP address is assigned to this WAN connection. Enter the fixed Internet IP addresses and the corresponding subnet mask, and then click the Down Arrow button to populate IP address entries to the IP Address List.

8.8 Dynamic DNS Settings

Pepwave routers are capable of registering the domain name relationships to dynamic DNS service providers. Through registration with dynamic DNS service provider(s), the default public Internet IP address of each WAN connection can be associated with a host name. With dynamic DNS service enabled for a WAN connection, you can connect to your WAN's IP address from the external, even if its IP address is dynamic. You must register for an account from the listed dynamic DNS service providers before enabling this option.

If the WAN connection's IP address is a reserved private IP address (i.e., behind a NAT router), the public IP of each WAN will be automatically reported to the DNS service provider.

Either upon a change in IP addresses or every 23 days without link reconnection, the Pepwave router will connect to the dynamic DNS service provider to perform an IP address update within the provider's records.

The settings for dynamic DNS service provider(s) and the association of hostname(s) are configured via **Network > WAN > Details > Dynamic DNS Service Provider/Dynamic DNS Settings**.

Dynamic DNS Service Provider	changeip.com
User ID	
Password	
Confirm Password	
Hosts	

Dynamic DNS Settings	
Dynamic DNS	This setting specifies the dynamic DNS service provider to be used for the WAN based on supported dynamic DNS service providers: • Disabled • changeip.com • dyndns.org • no-ip.org • DNS-O-Matic • Others...
User ID/ Username / Email	Support custom Dynamic DNS servers by entering its URL. Works with any service compatible with DynDNS API. Select Disabled to disable this feature.
Password	This setting specifies the password for the dynamic DNS service.
Hosts	This field allows you to specify a list of host names or domains to be associated with the public Internet IP address of the WAN connection. If you need to enter more than one host, use a carriage return to separate them.

Important Note	
In order to use dynamic DNS services, appropriate host name registration(s) and a valid account with a supported dynamic DNS service provider are required. A dynamic DNS update is performed whenever a WAN's IP address changes (e.g., the IP is changed after a DHCP IP refresh, reconnection, etc.). Due to dynamic DNS service providers' policy, a dynamic DNS host will automatically expire if the host record has not been updated for a long time. Therefore the Pepwave router performs an update every 23 days, even if a WAN's IP address has not changed.	

9 SpeedFusion VPN



Pepwave bandwidth bonding SpeedFusion™ is our patented technology that enables our SD-WAN routers to bond multiple Internet connections to increase site-to-site bandwidth and reliability. SpeedFusion functionality securely connects your Pepwave router to another Pepwave or Peplink device (Peplink Balance 210/310/380/580/710/1350 only). Data, voice, or video communications between these locations are kept confidential across the public Internet.

Bandwidth bonding SpeedFusion™ is specifically designed for multi-WAN environments. In case of failures and network congestion at one or more WANs, other WANs can be used to continue carrying the network traffic.

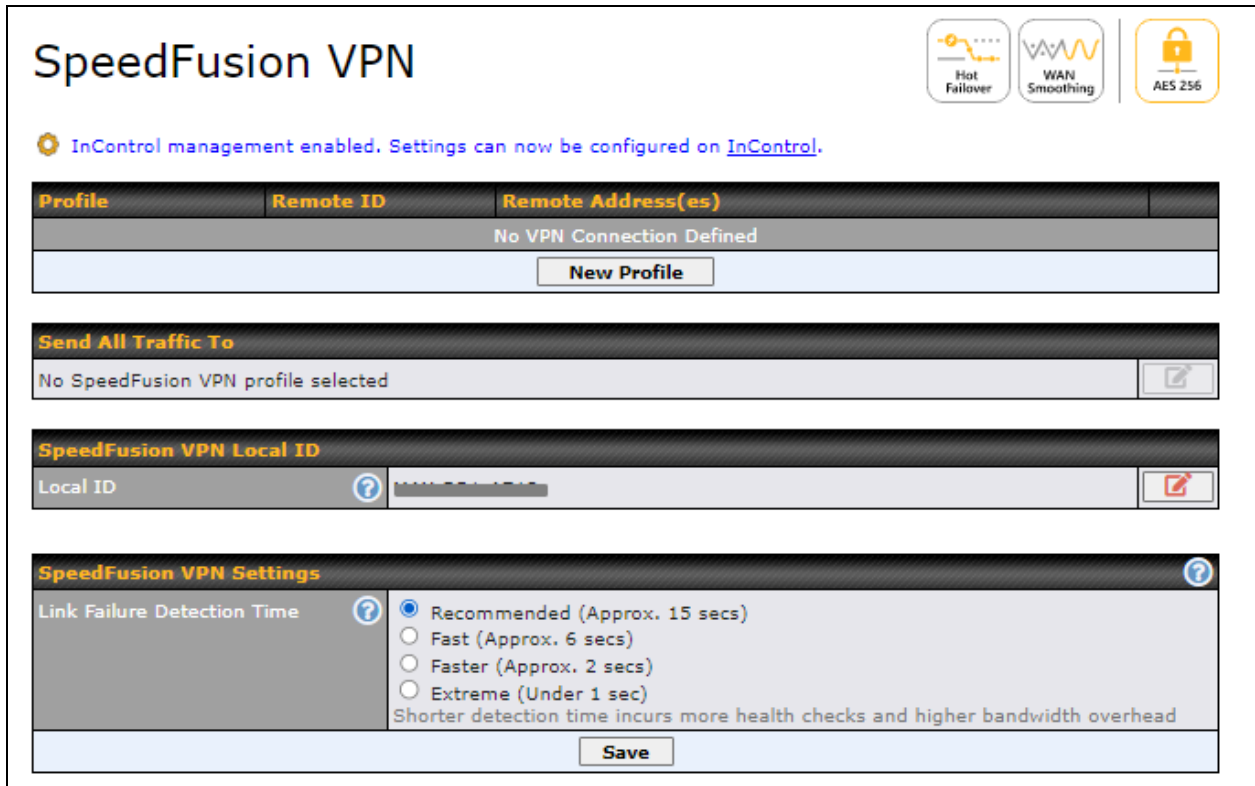
Different models of our SD-WAN routers have different numbers of site-to-site connections allowed. End-users who need to have more site-to-site connections can purchase a SpeedFusion license to increase the number of site-to-site connections allowed.

Pepwave routers can aggregate all WAN connections' bandwidth for routing SpeedFusion™ traffic. Unless all the WAN connections of one site are down, Pepwave routers can keep the VPN up and running.

VPN bandwidth bonding is supported in Firmware 5.1 or above. All available bandwidth will be utilized to establish the VPN tunnel, and all traffic will be load balanced at packet level across all links. VPN bandwidth bonding is enabled by default.

9.1 SpeedFusion VPN

To configure SpeedFusion VPN, navigate to **Advanced > SpeedFusion VPN**.



SpeedFusion VPN

Hot Failover | WAN Smoothing | AES 256

InControl management enabled. Settings can now be configured on [InControl](#).

Profile	Remote ID	Remote Address(es)
No VPN Connection Defined		
New Profile		

Send All Traffic To

No SpeedFusion VPN profile selected

SpeedFusion VPN Local ID

Local ID ?

SpeedFusion VPN Settings ?

Link Failure Detection Time ?

- ☒ Recommended (Approx. 15 secs)
- ☐ Fast (Approx. 6 secs)
- ☐ Faster (Approx. 2 secs)
- ☐ Extreme (Under 1 sec)

Shorter detection time incurs more health checks and higher bandwidth overhead

Save

The local LAN subnet and subnets behind the LAN (defined under **Static Route** on the LAN settings page) will be advertised to the VPN. All VPN members (branch offices and headquarters) will be able to route to local subnets.

Note that all LAN subnets and the subnets behind them must be unique. Otherwise, VPN members will not be able to access each other.

All data can be routed over the VPN using the 256-bit AES encryption standard. To configure, navigate to **Advanced > SpeedFusion VPN** and click the **New Profile** button to create a new VPN profile (you may have to first save the displayed default profile in order to access the **New Profile** button). Each profile specifies the settings for making VPN connection with one remote Pepwave or Peplink device. Note that available settings vary by model.

A list of defined SpeedFusion connection profiles and a **Link Failure Detection Time** option will be shown. Click the **New Profile** button to create a new VPN connection profile for making a VPN connection to a remote Pepwave or Peplink device via the available WAN connections. Each profile is for making a VPN connection with one remote Pepwave or Peplink Device.

SpeedFusion VPN Profile					
Name					
Enable	☒				
Encryption	☒ 256-bit AES ☐ OFF				
Authentication	☒ Remote ID / Pre-shared Key				
Remote ID / Pre-shared Key	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Remote ID</td> <td>Pre-shared Key</td> </tr> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> </tr> </table>	Remote ID	Pre-shared Key		
Remote ID	Pre-shared Key				
NAT Mode	☐				
Remote IP Address / Host Names (Optional)	 If this field is empty, this field on the remote unit must be filled				
Cost	10				
Data Port	☒ Auto ☐ Custom				
Bandwidth Limit	☐				
WAN Smoothing	Off				
Forward Error Correction	Off				
Receive Buffer	0 ms				
Packet Fragmentation	☒ Always ☐ Use DF Flag				
Use IP ToS	☐				
Latency Difference Cutoff	500 ms				

SpeedFusion VPN Profile Settings	
Name	This field is for specifying a name to represent this profile. The name can be any combination of alphanumeric characters (0-9, A-Z, a-z), underscores (_), dashes (-), and/or non-leading/trailing spaces ().
Enable	When this box is checked, this VPN connection profile will be enabled. Otherwise, it will be disabled.
Encryption	By default, VPN traffic is encrypted with 256-bit AES . If Off is selected on both sides of a VPN connection, no encryption will be applied.
Authentication	Select from By Remote ID Only , Preshared Key , or X.509 to specify the method the Pepwave MAX will use to authenticate peers. When selecting By Remote ID Only , be sure to enter a unique peer ID number in the Remote ID field.
Remote ID / Pre-shared Key	This optional field becomes available when Remote ID / Pre-shared Key is selected as the Pepwave router's VPN Authentication method, as explained above. Pre-shared Key defines the pre-shared key used for this particular VPN connection. The VPN connection's session key will be further protected by the pre-shared key. The connection will be up only if the pre-shared keys on each side match. When the peer is running firmware 5.0+, this setting will be ignored.

	Enter Remote IDs either by typing out each Remote ID and Pre-shared Key, or by pasting a CSV. If you wish to paste a CSV, click the  icon next to the “Remote ID / Preshared Key” setting.
Remote ID/Remote Certificate	These optional fields become available when X.509 is selected as the Pepwave MAX's VPN authentication method, as explained above. To authenticate VPN connections using X.509 certificates, copy and paste certificate details into these fields. To get more information on a listed X.509 certificate, click the Show Details link below the field.
Allow Shared Remote ID	When this option is enabled, the router will allow multiple peers to run using the same remote ID.
NAT Mode	Check this box to allow the local DHCP server to assign an IP address to the remote peer. When NAT Mode is enabled, all remote traffic over the VPN will be tagged with the assigned IP address using network address translation.
Remote IP Address / Host Names (Optional)	If NAT Mode is not enabled, you can enter a remote peer's WAN IP address or hostname(s) here. If the remote uses more than one address, enter only one of them here. Multiple hostnames are allowed and can be separated by a space character or carriage return. Dynamic-DNS host names are also accepted. This field is optional. With this field filled, the Pepwave MAX will initiate connection to each of the remote IP addresses until it succeeds in making a connection. If the field is empty, the Pepwave MAX will wait for connection from the remote peer. Therefore, at least one of the two VPN peers must specify this value. Otherwise, VPN connections cannot be established.
Cost	Define path cost for this profile. OSPF will determine the best route through the network using the assigned cost. Default: 10
Data Port	This field is used to specify a UDP port number for transporting outgoing VPN data. If Default is selected, UDP port 4500 will be used. Port 32015 will be used if the remote unit uses Firmware prior to version 5.4 or if port 4500 is unavailable. If Custom is selected, enter an outgoing port number from 1 to 65535. Click the  icon to configure data stream using TCP protocol [EXPERIMENTAL]. In the case TCP protocol is used, the exposed TCP session option can be authorised to work with TCP accelerated WAN link.
Bandwidth Limit	Define maximum download and upload speed to each individual peer. This functionality requires the peer to use SpeedFusion VPN version 4.0.0 or above.
WAN Smoothing	While using SpeedFusion VPN, utilize multiple WAN links to reduce the impact of packet loss and get the lowest possible latency at the expense of extra bandwidth consumption. This is suitable for streaming applications where the average bitrate requirement is much lower than the WAN's available bandwidth.

	Off - Disable WAN Smoothing. Normal - The total bandwidth consumption will be at most 2x of the original data traffic. Medium - The total bandwidth consumption will be at most 3x of the original data traffic. High - The total bandwidth consumption depends on the number of connected active tunnels.
Forward Error Correction	Forward Error Correction (FEC) can help to recover packet loss by using extra bandwidth to send redundant data packets. Higher FEC level will recover packets on a higher loss rate link. The expected overhead of Low is 13.3% and High is 26.7%. Require peer using SpeedFusion VPN version 8.0.0 and above.
Receive Buffer	Receive Buffer can help to reduce out-of-order packets and jitter, but will introduce extra latency to the tunnel. Default is 0 ms, which disables the buffer, and maximum buffer size is 2000 ms.
Packet Fragmentation	If the packet size is larger than the tunnel's MTU, it will be fragmented inside the tunnel in order to pass through. Select Always to fragment any packets that are too large to send, or Use DF Flag to only fragment packets with Don't Fragment bit cleared. This can be useful if your application does Path MTU Discovery, usually sending large packets with DF bit set, if allowing them to go through by fragmentation, the MTU will not be detected correctly.
Use IP ToS^A	Checking this button enables the use of IP ToS header field.
Latency Difference Cutoff^A	Traffic will be stopped for links that exceed the specified millisecond value with respect to the lowest latency link. (e.g. Lowest latency is 100ms, a value of 500ms means links with latency 600ms or more will not be used)

^A - Advanced feature, please click the  button on the top right-hand corner to activate.

To enable Layer 2 Bridging between SpeedFusion VPN profiles, navigate to **Network > LAN > Basic Settings > *LAN Profile Name*** and refer to instructions in section 9.1



Traffic Distribution		
Policy		Dynamic Weighted Bonding ▼
Congestion Latency Level		Default ▼
Ignore Packet Loss Event		☐
Disable Bufferbloat Handling		☐
Disable TCP ACK Optimization		☐
Packet Jitter Buffer		150 ms

Traffic Distribution	
Policy	This option allows you to select the desired out-bound traffic distribution policy: - Bonding - Aggregate multiple WAN-to-WAN links into a single higher throughput tunnel. - Dynamic Weighted Bonding - Aggregates WAN-to-WAN links with similar latencies. By default, Bonding is selected as a traffic distribution policy.
Congestion Latency Level	For most WANs, especially on cellular networks, the latency will increase when the link becomes more congested. Setting the Congestion Latency Level to Low will treat the link as congested more aggressively. Setting it to High will allow the latency to increase more before treating it as congested.
Ignore Packet Loss Event	By default, when there is packet loss, it is considered as a congestion event. If this is not the case, select this option to ignore the packet loss event.
Disable Bufferbloat Handling	Bufferbloat is a phenomenon on the WAN side when it is congested. The latency can become very high due to buffering on the uplink. By default, the Dynamic Weighted Bonding policy will try its best to mitigate bufferbloat by reducing TCP throughput when the WAN is congested. However, as a side effect, the tunnel might not achieve maximum bandwidth. Selecting this option will disable the bufferbloat handling mentioned above.
Disable TCP ACK Optimization	By default, TCP ACK will be forwarded to remote peers as fast as possible. This will consume more bandwidth, but may help to improve TCP performance as well. Selecting this option will disable the TCP ACK optimization mentioned above.
Packet Jitter Buffer	The default jitter buffer is 150ms, and can be modified from 0ms to 500ms. The jitter buffer may increase the tunnel latency. If you want to keep the latency as low as possible, you can set it to 0ms to disable the buffer. Note: If the Receive Buffer is set, the Packet Jitter Buffer will be automatically disabled.

WAN Connection Priority ?					
	Priority	Direction	Connect to Remote	Cut-off latency (ms)	Suspension Time after Packet Loss (ms)
1. WAN 1	1 (Highest) ▼	Up/Down ▼	All ▼		
2. WAN 2	1 (Highest) ▼	Up/Down ▼	All ▼		
3. Wi-Fi WAN	1 (Highest) ▼	Up/Down ▼	All ▼		
4. Cellular 1	1 (Highest) ▼	Up/Down ▼	All ▼		
5. Cellular 2	1 (Highest) ▼	Up/Down ▼	All ▼		
6. USB	1 (Highest) ▼	Up/Down ▼	All ▼		

WAN Connection Priority

WAN Connection Priority

If your device supports it, you can specify the priority of WAN connections to be used for making VPN connections. WAN connections set to **OFF** will never be used. Only available WAN connections with the highest priority will be used.

To enable asymmetric connections, connection mapping to remote WANs, cut-off latency, and packet loss suspension time, click the ? button.

Send All Traffic To

No SpeedFusion VPN profile selected

Send All Traffic To

This feature allows you to redirect all traffic to a specified SpeedFusion VPN connection. Click the ? button to select your connection and the following menu will appear:

Send All Traffic To ?

☒ Balance 2942-1257-1241 ▼
 DNS Server
 8.8.8.8
 8.8.4.4
☒ Backup Site Balance-4810-1825-068E-4810 ▼
 DNS Server
 8.8.8.8
 8.8.4.4

You could also specify a DNS server to resolve incoming DNS requests. Click the checkbox next to **Backup Site** to designate a backup SpeedFusion profile that will take over, should the main SpeedFusion VPN connection fail.

Outbound Policy/SpeedFusion VPN Outbound Custom Rules

Some models allow you to set outbound policy and custom outbound rules from **Advanced>SpeedFusion VPN**. See **Section 14** for more information on outbound policy settings.

The screenshot shows two configuration panels. The top panel, titled 'Outbound Policy', has a dropdown menu set to 'According to custom rules' and an edit icon. The bottom panel, titled 'PepVPN Outbound Custom Rules', is a table with columns: Service, Algorithm, Source, Destination, Protocol, and an empty row. Below the table is an 'Add Rule' button.

SpeedFusion VPN Local ID

The screenshot shows a configuration field for 'Local ID' with a help icon and the value 'MAX-BR1-A712'. An edit icon is visible on the right.

SpeedFusion VPN Local ID

The local ID is a text string to identify this local unit when establishing a VPN connection. When creating a profile on a remote unit, this local ID must be entered in the remote unit's **Remote ID** field. Click the  icon to edit **Local ID**.

The screenshot shows the 'SpeedFusion VPN Settings' interface. It includes a 'Handshake Port' section with 'Default' and 'Custom' radio buttons. The 'Link Failure Detection Time' section has radio buttons for 'Recommended (Approx. 15 secs)', 'Fast (Approx. 6 secs)', 'Faster (Approx. 2 secs)', and 'Extreme (Under 1 sec)'. A note states: 'Shorter detection time incurs more health checks and higher bandwidth overhead'. A 'Save' button is at the bottom.

SpeedFusion VPN Settings

Handshake Port^A To designate a custom handshake port (TCP), click the **custom** radio button and enter the port number you wish to designate.

Link Failure Detection Time

The bonded VPN can detect routing failures on the path between two sites over each WAN connection. Failed WAN connections will not be used to route VPN traffic. Health check packets are sent to the remote unit to detect any failure. The more frequently checks are sent, the shorter the detection time, although more bandwidth will be consumed.

When **Recommended** (default) is selected, a health check packet is sent every five seconds, and the expected detection time is 15 seconds.

When **Fast** is selected, a health check packet is sent every three seconds, and the expected detection time is six seconds.

When **Faster** is selected, a health check packet is sent every second, and the