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March 21, 2017

ARRIS Group Inc.
3871 Lakefield Drive Suite 300
Suwanee, GA 30024

Dear Tony Figueiredo,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the ARRIS Group Inc., SBG6950 as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,
MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Reference: (\ARRIS Group Inc.\EMC89524A-FCC247 Rev. 1)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria
Test Report

for the

ARRIS Group Inc.
SBG6950

Tested under
the FCC Certification Rules
contained in
15.247 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC89524A-FCC247 Rev. 1

March 21, 2017

Prepared For:

ARRIS Group Inc.
3871 Lakefield Drive Suite 300
Suwanee, GA 30024

Prepared By:
MET Laboratories, Inc.
914 W. Patapsco Ave.
Baltimore, MD 21230

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria
Test Report

for the

ARRIS Group Inc.
SBG6950

Tested under
the FCC Certification Rules
contained in
15.247 Subpart C for Intentional Radiators

Hadid Jones, Project Engineer
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Part 15.247 under normal use and maintenance.

Asad Bajwa,
Director, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

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Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
∅	March 3, 2017	Initial Issue.
1	March 21, 2017	Engineer corrections.

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Table of Contents

I. Executive Summary 1
A. Purpose of Test 2
B. Executive Summary 2
II. Equipment Configuration 3
A. Overview 4
B. References 5
C. Test Site 5
D. Description of Test Sample 6
E. Equipment Configuration 6
F. Support Equipment 7
G. Ports and Cabling Information 7
H. Mode of Operation 7
I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation 7
J. Modifications 7
a) Modifications to EUT 7
b) Modifications to Test Standard 7
K. Disposition of EUT 7
III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators 8
§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement 9
§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits 10
§ 15.247(a)(a) 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth 12
§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output 18
§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge 24
§ 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge 39
§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density 52
§ 15.247(i) Maximum Permissible Exposure 58
IV. Test Equipment 59
V. Certification & User's Manual Information 61
A. Certification Information 62
B. Label and User's Manual Information 66

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List of Tables

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting ... 2
Table 2. EUT Summary Table ... 4
Table 3. References ... 5
Table 4. Equipment Configuration ... 6
Table 5. Support Equipment ... 7
Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information ... 7
Table 7. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a) ... 10
Table 8. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results ... 13
Table 9. Output Power Requirements from §15.247(b) ... 18
Table 10. Peak Power Output, Test Results ... 19
Table 11. Restricted Bands of Operation ... 24
Table 12. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a) ... 25
Table 13. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results ... 53
Table 14. Test Equipment List ... 60

List of Plots

Plot 1. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line ... 11
Plot 2. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line ... 11
Plot 3. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11b ... 14
Plot 4. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11b ... 14
Plot 5. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11b ... 14
Plot 6. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11g ... 15
Plot 7. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11g ... 15
Plot 8. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11g ... 15
Plot 9. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz ... 16
Plot 10. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz ... 16
Plot 11. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz ... 16
Plot 12. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz ... 17
Plot 13. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz ... 17
Plot 14. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz ... 17
Plot 15. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, 802.11b ... 20
Plot 16. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, 802.11b ... 20
Plot 17. Peak Power Output, High Channel, 802.11b ... 20
Plot 18. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, 802.11g ... 21
Plot 19. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, 802.11g ... 21
Plot 20. Peak Power Output, High Channel, 802.11g ... 21
Plot 21. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz ... 22
Plot 22. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz ... 22
Plot 23. Peak Power Output, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz ... 22
Plot 24. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz ... 23
Plot 25. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz ... 23
Plot 26. Peak Power Output, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz ... 23
Plot 27. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 30 MHz – 1 GHz ... 26
Plot 28. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 802.11b ... 27
Plot 29. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 802.11b ... 27
Plot 30. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 802.11g ... 28
Plot 31. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 802.11g ... 28
Plot 32. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 802.11n 20 MHz ... 29
Plot 33. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 802.11n 20 MHz ... 29
Plot 34. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 802.11n 40 MHz ... 30

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Plot 35. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 802.11n 40 MHz 30
Plot 36. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, Low Channel, 802.11b 31
Plot 37. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, Low Channel, 802.11b 31
Plot 38. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, High Channel, 802.11b 32
Plot 39. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, High Channel, 802.11b 32
Plot 40. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, Low Channel, 802.11g 33
Plot 41. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, Low Channel, 802.11g 33
Plot 42. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, High Channel, 802.11g 34
Plot 43. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, High Channel, 802.11g 34
Plot 44. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz 35
Plot 45. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz 35
Plot 46. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz 36
Plot 47. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz 36
Plot 48. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz 37
Plot 49. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz 37
Plot 50. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz 38
Plot 51. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz 38
Plot 52. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, 802.11b 40
Plot 53. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 3 GHz – 26 GHz, 802.11b 40
Plot 54. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, 802.11b 41
Plot 55. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 3 GHz – 26 GHz, 802.11b 41
Plot 56. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, 802.11g 42
Plot 57. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 3 GHz – 26 GHz, 802.11g 42
Plot 58. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, 802.11g 43
Plot 59. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 3 GHz – 26 GHz, 802.11g 43
Plot 60. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, 802.11n 20 MHz 44
Plot 61. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 3 GHz – 26 GHz, 802.11n 20 MHz 44
Plot 62. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, 802.11n 20 MHz 45
Plot 63. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 3 GHz – 26 GHz, 802.11n 20 MHz 45
Plot 64. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, 802.11n 40 MHz 46
Plot 65. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 3 GHz – 26 GHz, 802.11n 40 MHz 46
Plot 66. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, 802.11n 40 MHz 47
Plot 67. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 3 GHz – 26 GHz, 802.11n 40 MHz 47
Plot 68. Conducted Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11b 48
Plot 69. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11b 48
Plot 70. Conducted Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11g 49
Plot 71. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11g 49
Plot 72. Conducted Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz 50
Plot 73. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz 50
Plot 74. Conducted Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz 51
Plot 75. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz 51
Plot 76. Power Spectral Density, 802.11b 20 MHz, Low Channel 54
Plot 77. Power Spectral Density, 802.11g 20 MHz, Low Channel 54
Plot 78. Power Spectral Density, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel 54
Plot 79. Power Spectral Density, 802.11b 20 MHz, Mid Channel 55
Plot 80. Power Spectral Density, 802.11g 20 MHz, Mid Channel 55
Plot 81. Power Spectral Density, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel 55
Plot 82. Power Spectral Density, 802.11b 20 MHz, High Channel 56
Plot 83. Power Spectral Density, 802.11g 20 MHz, High Channel 56
Plot 84. Power Spectral Density, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel 56
Plot 85. Power Spectral Density, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel 57
Plot 86. Power Spectral Density, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel 57
Plot 87. Power Spectral Density, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel 57

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List of Figures

Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration 6
Figure 2. Block Diagram, Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup 12
Figure 3. Peak Power Output Test Setup 18
Figure 4. Block Diagram, Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup 39
Figure 5. Block Diagram, Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup 52

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List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	**A**lternating **C**urrent
ACF	**A**ntenna **C**orrection **F**actor
Cal	**Cal**ibration
d	**M**easurement **D**istance
dB	**D**eci**b**els
dBµA	**D**eci**b**els above one **micro**amp
dBµV	**D**eci**b**els above one **micro**volt
dBµA/m	**D**eci**b**els above one **micro**amp **per m**eter
dBµV/m	**D**eci**b**els above one **micro**volt **per m**eter
DC	**D**irect **C**urrent
E	**E**lectric Field
DSL	**D**igital **S**ubscriber **L**ine
ESD	**E**lectro**s**tatic **D**ischarge
EUT	**E**quipment **U**nder **T**est
f	**F**requency
FCC	**F**ederal **C**ommunications **C**ommission
GRP	**G**round **R**eference **P**lane
H	Magnetic Field
HCP	**H**orizontal **C**oupling **P**lane
Hz	**H**ert**z**
IEC	**I**nternational **E**lectrotechnical **C**ommission
kHz	**k**ilo**h**ert**z**
kPa	**k**ilo**pa**scal
kV	**k**ilovolt
LISN	**L**ine **I**mpedance **S**tabilization **N**etwork
MHz	**M**ega**h**ertz
µH	**microh**enry
µ	**microf**arad
µs	**micros**econds
NEBS	**N**etwork **E**quipment-**B**uilding **S**ystem
PRF	**P**ulse **R**epetition **F**requency
RF	**R**adio **F**requency
RMS	**R**oot-**M**ean-**S**quare
TWT	**T**raveling **W**ave **T**ube
V/m	**V**olts **per m**eter
VCP	**V**ertical **C**oupling **P**lane

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I. Executive Summary

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A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the ARRIS Group Inc. SBG6950, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the SBG6950. ARRIS Group Inc. should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the SBG6950, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with ARRIS Group Inc., quote number 1ARR2103. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2014.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	Description	Compliance
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	Conducted Emission Limits	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(2)	6dB Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)	Peak Power Output	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d); §15.209; §15.205	Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(d)	RF Conducted Band Edge	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15; §15.247(e)	Peak Power Spectral Density	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(i)	Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)	Compliant

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 ComplianceTesting

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II. Equipment Configuration

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A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by ARRIS Group Inc. to perform testing on the SBG6950, under ARRIS Group Inc.'s quote number 1ARR2103.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the ARRIS Group Inc., SBG6950.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	SBG6950	
Model(s) Covered:	SBG6950x ,TG1692x (where x can be any quantity of ASCII printable character, not affecting radio performance)	
EUT Specifications:	Primary Power: 12Vdc, 2.5A	
	FCC ID: UIDSBG6950	
	Type of Modulations:	OFDM
	Equipment Code:	DTS
	Peak RF Output Power:	24.18 dBm
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	2412 – 2462MHz
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.	
Environmental Test Conditions:	Temperature: 15-35º C	
	Relative Humidity: 30-60%	
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar	
Evaluated by:	Hadid Jones	
Report Date(s):	March 21, 2017	

Table 2. EUT Summary Table

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B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies
ANSI C63.4:2014	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ISO/IEC 17025:2005	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories
ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless Devices
KDB 558074 v03r05	**DTS Measurement Guidance**

Table 3. References

C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 W. Patapsco Ave., Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.

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D. Description of Test Sample

The ARRIS Group Inc. TG1692, is Telephony Gateway with 802.11ac Dual Band Wireless radios; 3x3 2.4GHz 802.11n and 3x3 5GHz 802.11ac Wave 2.

The SBG6950, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is identical to TG1692 except no telephony circuitry.

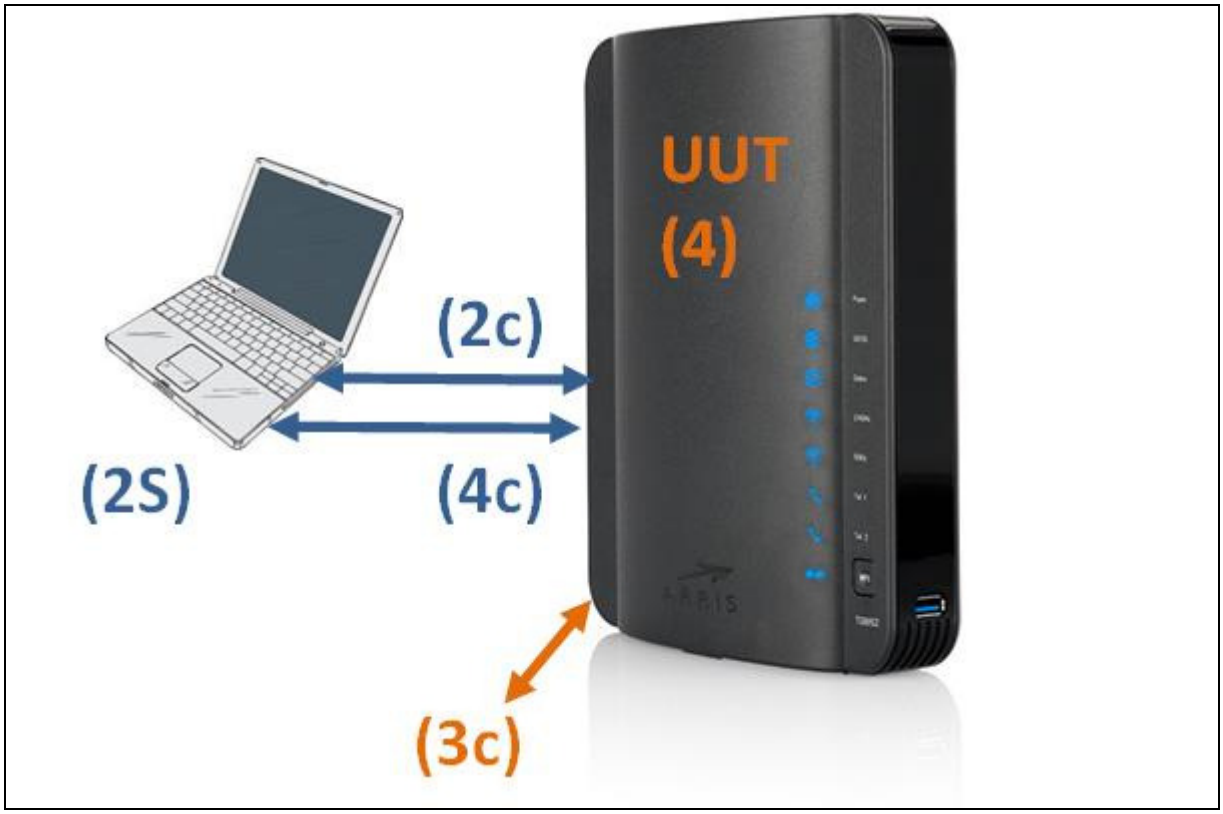

Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration

E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number	Part Number	Serial Number	Revision
4	UUT	SBG6950	--	G7NBX7333345431	--

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

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F. Support Equipment

Support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number
2s	Laptop	Assorted	N/A

Table 5. Support Equipment

G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port Name on EUT	Cable Description	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Point
2C	Ethernet	5e Modular 8 pin	1	1	No	--
3C	DC Input	2 conductor	1	2	No	--
4C	Serial	USB to 9 pin D-Sub	1	0.25	No	--

Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information

H. Mode of Operation

The provided instructions and software will configure the unit for operation at each required test mode. See Configuration.

I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

All indicator lights are active, both Wi-Fi 2.4G and 5 G passing traffic.

J. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to ARRIS Group Inc. upon completion of testing.

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III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement: **§ 15.203:** An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.

b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.

c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results: The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. The EUT has an integral antenna and measurement ports on the PCB for conducted testing.

Test Engineer(s): Hadid Jones

Test Date(s): 01/04/17

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207(a) Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): **§ 15.207 (a):** For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μH/50 Σ line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dBμV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	56	46
0.5 - 30	60	50

Table 7. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure: The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table inside a screen room. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω/50 μH Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with *ANSI C63.4-2014 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz"*. The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω/50 μH LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter. For the purpose of this testing, the transmitter was turned on. Scans were performed with the transmitter on.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with this requirement. Measured emissions were more than 20dB below applicable limits in the worse-case configuration.

Test Engineer(s): Hadid Jones

Test Date(s): 01/04/17

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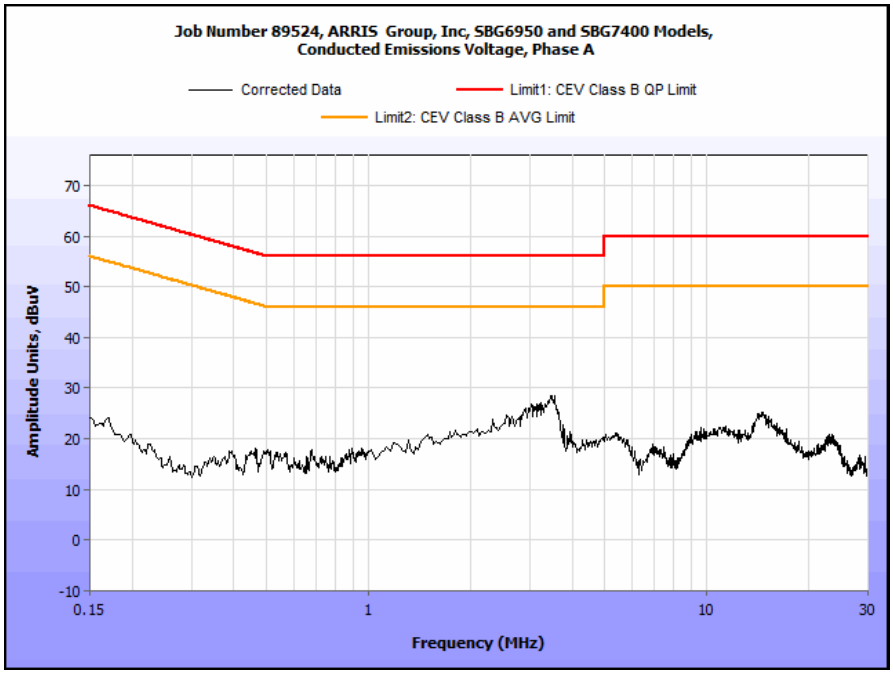
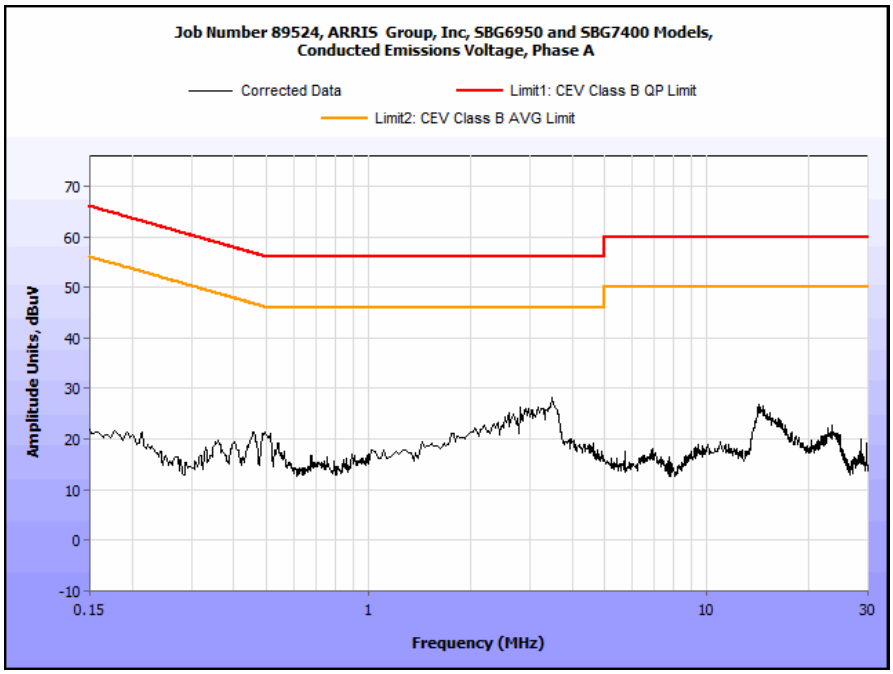


Plot 1. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Phase Line



Plot 2. Conducted Emissions, 15.207(a), Neutral Line

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(a)(2) 6 dB Bandwidth

Test Requirements: **§ 15.247(a)(2):** Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Procedure: **The 6dB Bandwidth was measured according to KDB558074 Procedure 8 Option 2**
The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of the instrument was employed using the X dB bandwidth mode with X set to 6 dB. The RBW was set to 100 kHz. The VBW was set to 300 kHz. The detector was set to peak and trace to max hold. The EUT was operated at its maximum power level on the low, mid, and high test channels. The width of the emission that was 6dB down from the maximum emission was measured.

Test Results The EUT was compliant with § 15.247 (a)(2).

The 6 dB Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages.

Tabular data is presented for all transmission chains. Graphical data is presented for chain 0.

Test Engineer(s): Hadid Jones

Test Date(s): 01/03/17

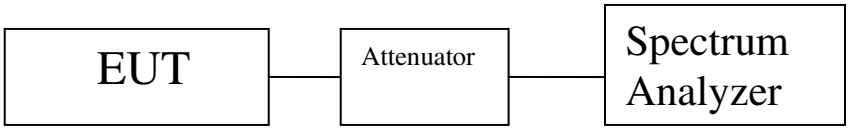

Figure 2. Block Diagram, Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup

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Occupied Bandwidth Test Results

Mode	6dB
OBW_20M_Ch 2412M_802.11b	9.05
OBW_20M_Ch 2412M_802.11g	14.51
OBW_20M_Ch 2412M_802.11n	15.2
OBW_20M_Ch 2436M_802.11b	9.1
OBW_20M_Ch 2436M_802.11g	13.74
OBW_20M_Ch 2436M_802.11n	14.69
OBW_20M_Ch 2462M_802.11b	9.03
OBW_20M_Ch 2462M_802.11g	15.22
OBW_20M_Ch 2462M_802.11n	15.05
OBW_40M_Ch 2422M_802.11n	33.92
OBW_40M_Ch 2436M_802.11n	32.7
OBW_40M_Ch 2452M_802.11n	35.2

Table 8. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results

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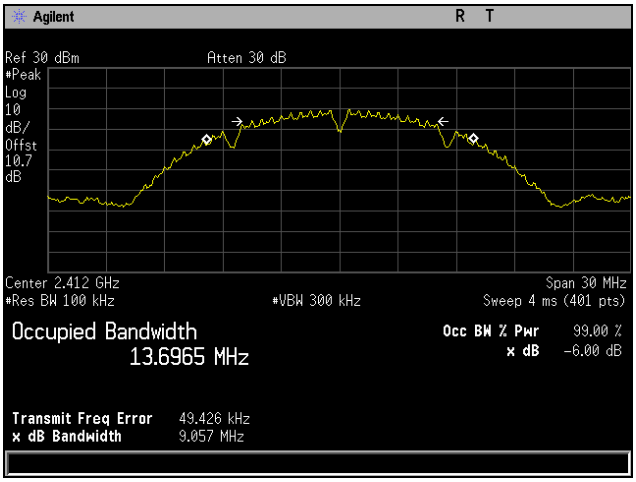
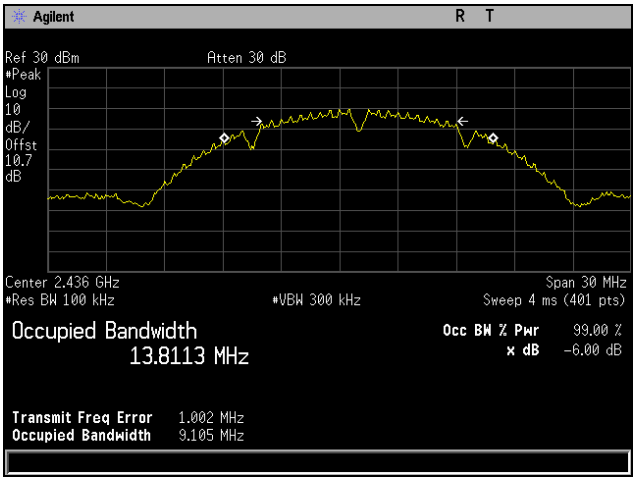
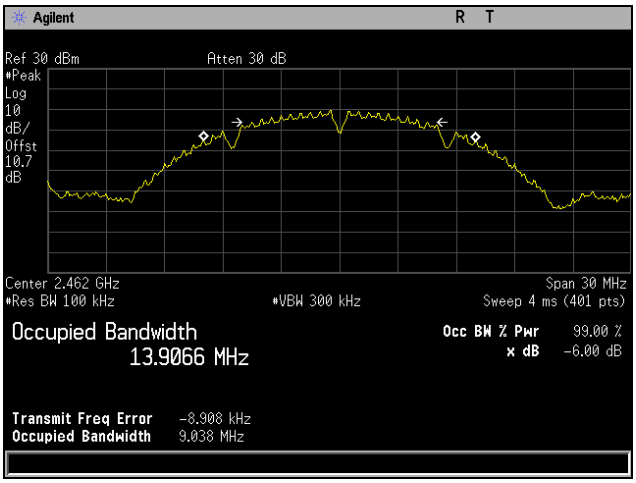
6 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11b



Plot 3. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11b



Plot 4. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11b



Plot 5. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11b

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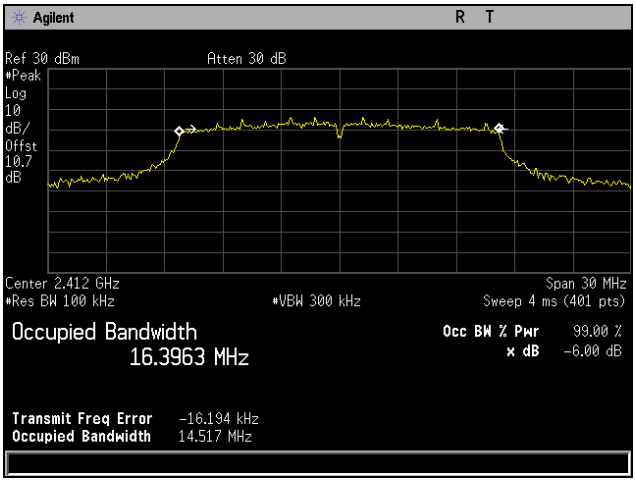
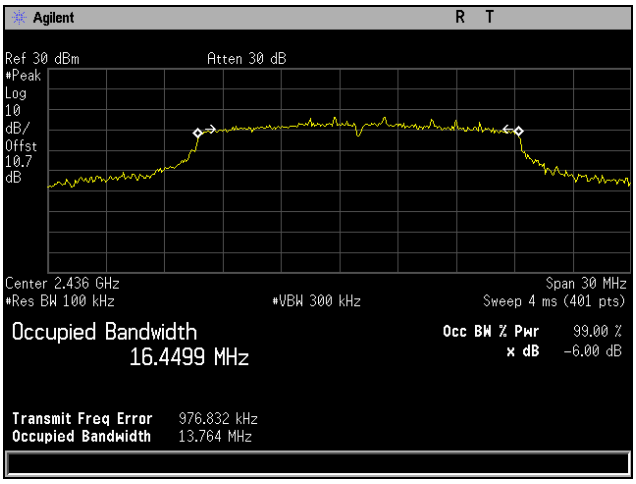
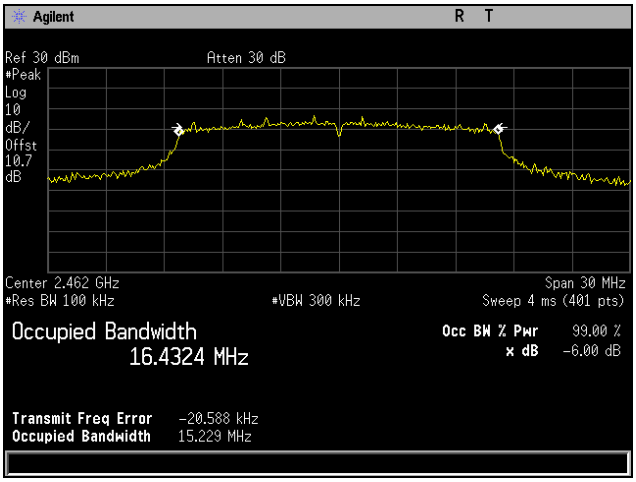
6 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11g



Plot 6. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11g



Plot 7. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11g



Plot 8. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11g

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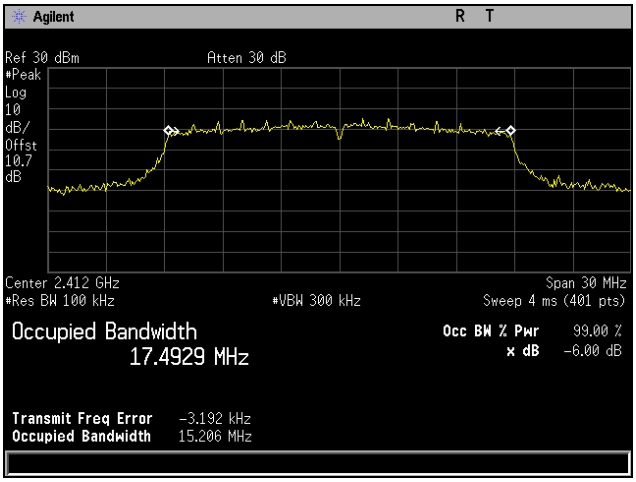
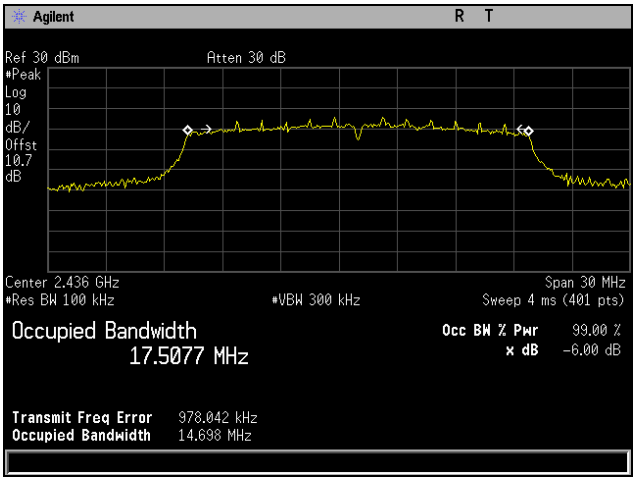
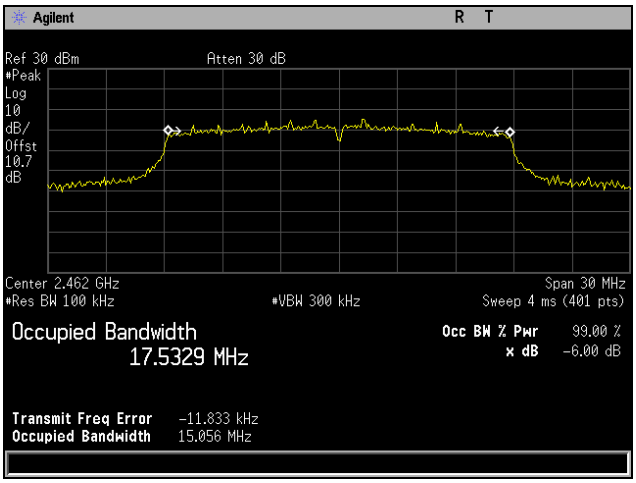
6 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11n 20 MHz



Plot 9. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz



Plot 10. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz



Plot 11. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz

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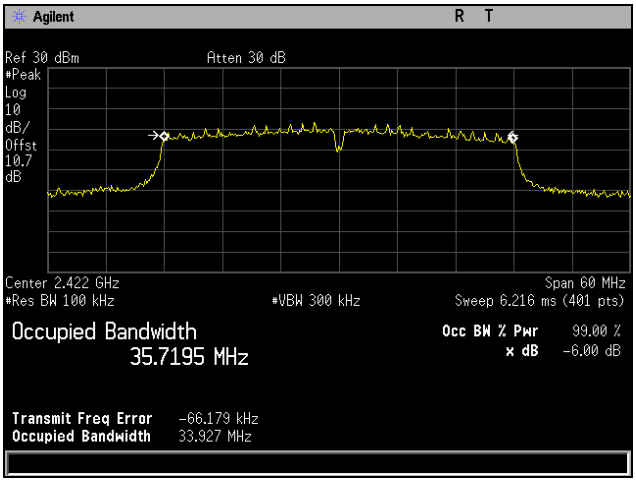
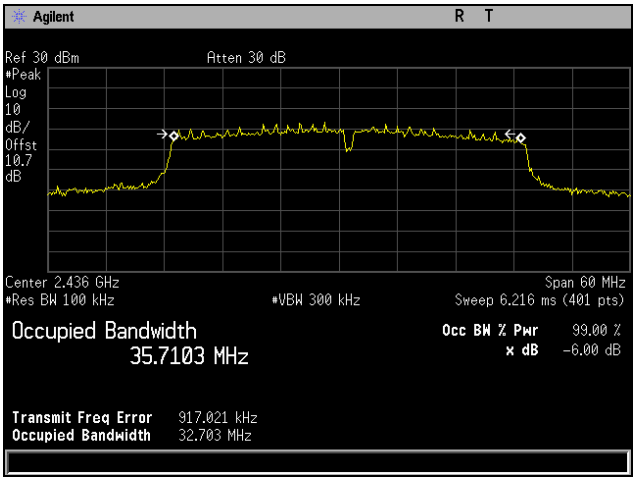
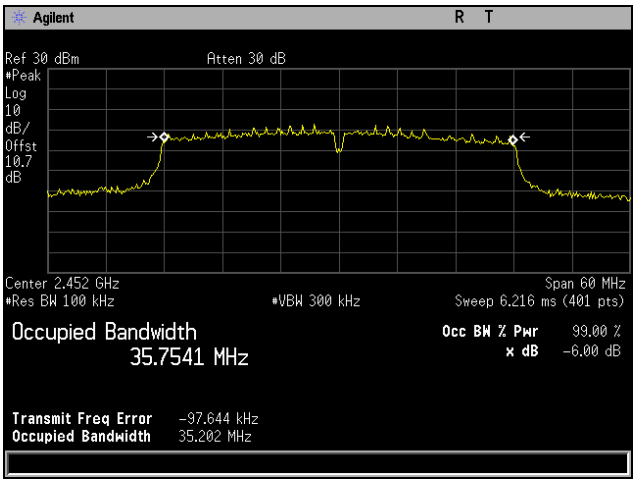
6 dB Occupied Bandwidth Test Results, 802.11n 40 MHz



Plot 12. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz



Plot 13. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, Mid Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz



Plot 14. 6 dB Occupied Bandwidth, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b) Peak Power Output

Test Requirements: **§15.247(b):** The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
902-928	1.000
2400–2483.5	1.000
5725– 5850	1.000

Table 9. Output Power Requirements from §15.247(b)

§15.247(c): if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 9, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band and using a point to point application may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Test Procedure: **The Maximum Conducted Output Power was measured according to KDB558074 v03r05 Method AVGSA-2.**
The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The spectrum analyzer was configured in the following manner. The span was set to at least 1.5 times the OBW of the signal. The RBW was set to 1MHz and the VBW was set to a value greater than or equal to 3x the RBW. An average detector was used with an auto sweep time. The trace was averaged over at least 100 traces. Power was computed by integrating the spectrum across the EBW of the signal using the instruments band power measurement function.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of **§15.247(b)**.

Tabular data is presented for all transmission chains. Graphical data is presented for chain 1.

Test Engineer(s): Hadid Jones

Test Date(s): 12/29/16

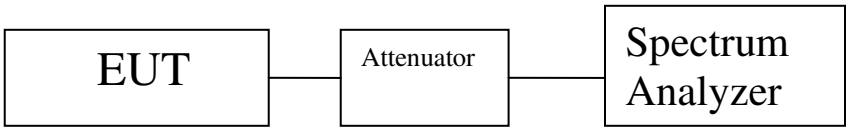

Figure 3. Peak Power Output Test Setup

Peak Power Output Test Results

EUT Mode	Chain1 (dBm)	Chain2 (dBm)	Chain3 (dBm)	Total (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Gain (dBi)	Duty Cycle Factor	Final Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Power_BW 20M_Ch 2412M_802.11b_P3638	18.12	19.24	18.24	**23.33**	30	7.8	0.15	28.05	**-4.716**
Power_BW 20M_Ch 2412M_802.11g_P3638	16.53	17.17	16.18	**21.42**	30	7.8	0.84	27.36	**-5.94**
Power_BW 20M_Ch 2412M_802.11n_P3638	14.66	14.59	13.95	**19.18**	30	3	0.9	29.1	**-9.92**
Power_BW 20M_Ch 2436M_802.11b_P3638	18.52	19.11	18.37	**23.45**	30	7.8	0.15	28.05	**-4.60**
Power_BW 20M_Ch 2436M_802.11g_P3638	16.38	16.96	15.96	**21.22**	30	7.8	0.84	27.36	**-6.14**
Power_BW 20M_Ch 2436M_802.11n_P3638	14.53	15.06	13.95	**19.31**	30	3	0.9	29.1	**-9.79**
Power_BW 20M_Ch 2462M_802.11b_P3638	19.05	20.03	19.08	**24.18**	30	7.8	0.15	28.05	**-3.87**
Power_BW 20M_Ch 2462M_802.11g_P3638	16.72	17.23	16.81	**21.70**	30	7.8	0.84	27.36	**-5.66**
Power_BW 20M_Ch 2462M_802.11n_P3638	14.02	15.58	14.5	**19.52**	30	3	0.9	29.1	**-9.58**
Power_BW 40M_Ch 2422M_802.11n_P3638	13.19	14.2	12.92	**18.24**	30	3	0.9	29.1	**-10.86**
Power_BW 40M_Ch 2436M_802.11n_P3638	13.12	14.55	13.42	**18.51**	30	3	0.9	29.1	**-10.59**
Power_BW 40M_Ch 2452M_802.11n_P3638	12.99	14.15	13.15	**18.23**	30	3	0.9	29.1	**-10.87**

Table 10. Peak Power Output, Test Results

Gain = 3dbi, Array gain = Gain + 10*(logN).

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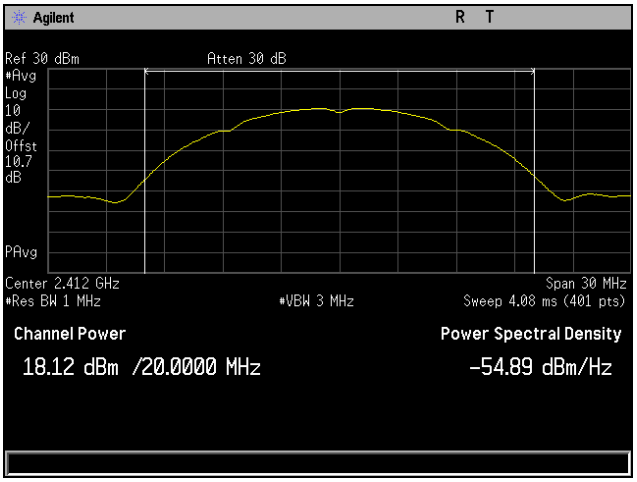
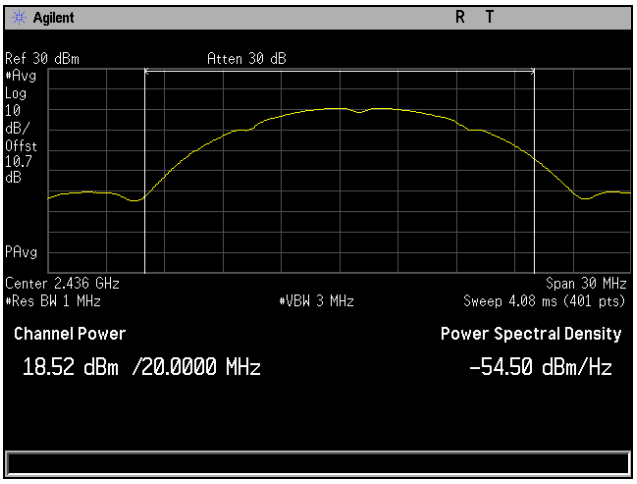
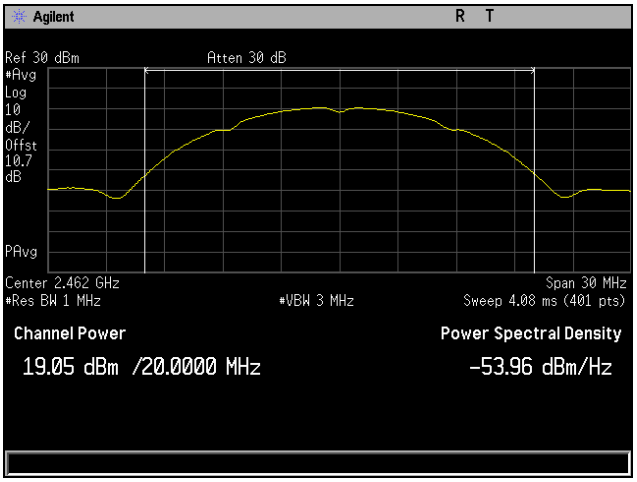
Peak Power Output Test Results, 802.11b



Plot 15. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, 802.11b



Plot 16. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, 802.11b



Plot 17. Peak Power Output, High Channel, 802.11b

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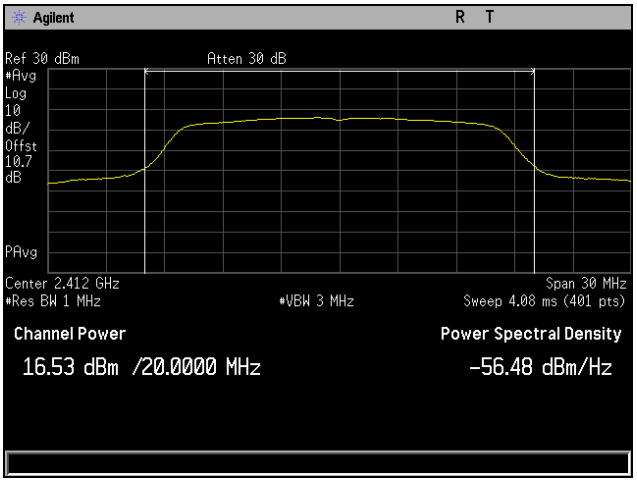
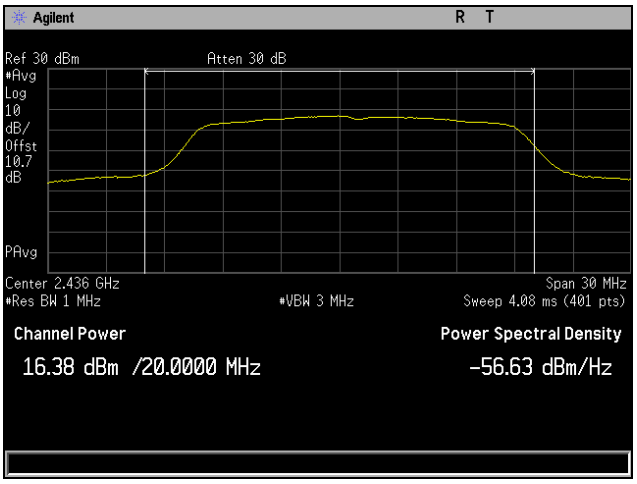
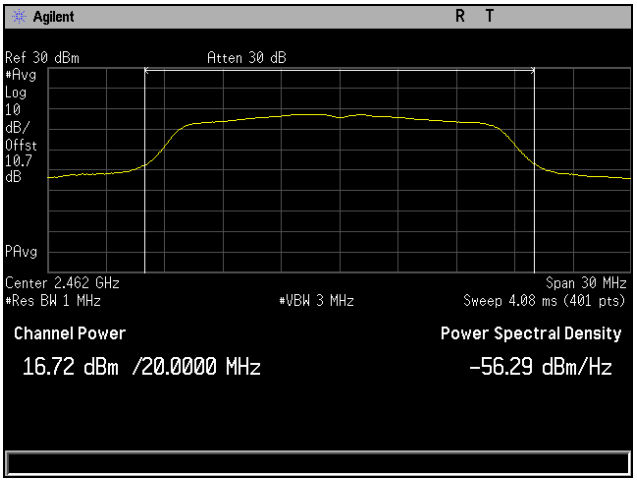
Peak Power Output Test Results, 802.11g



Plot 18. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, 802.11g

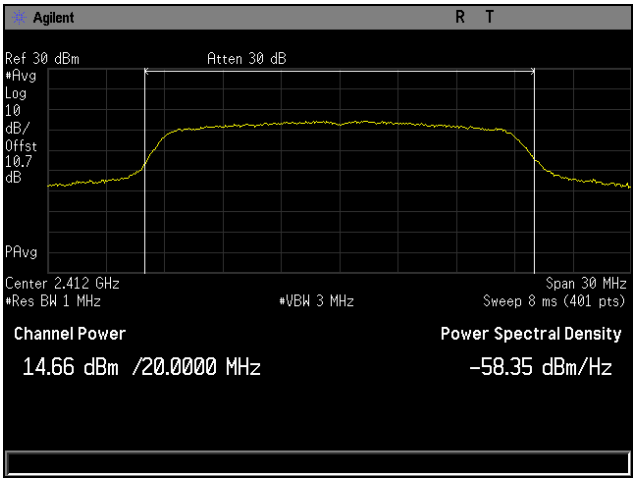


Plot 19. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, 802.11g

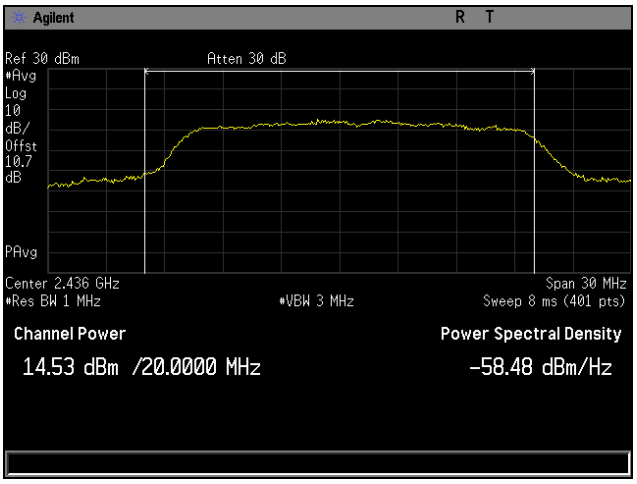


Plot 20. Peak Power Output, High Channel, 802.11g

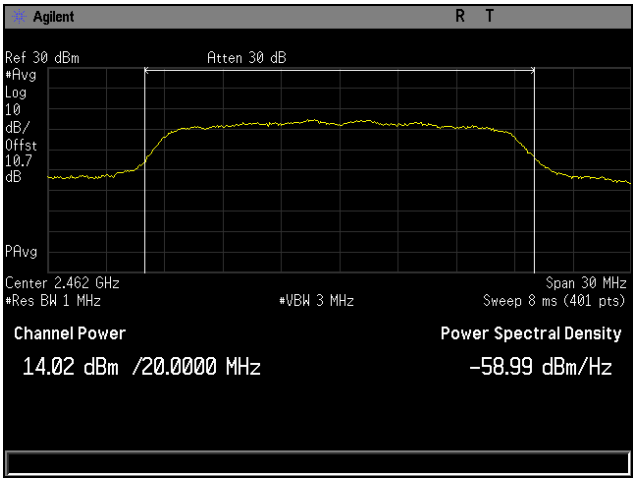
Peak Power Output Test Results, 802.11n 20 MHz



Plot 21. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz



Plot 22. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz



Plot 23. Peak Power Output, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz

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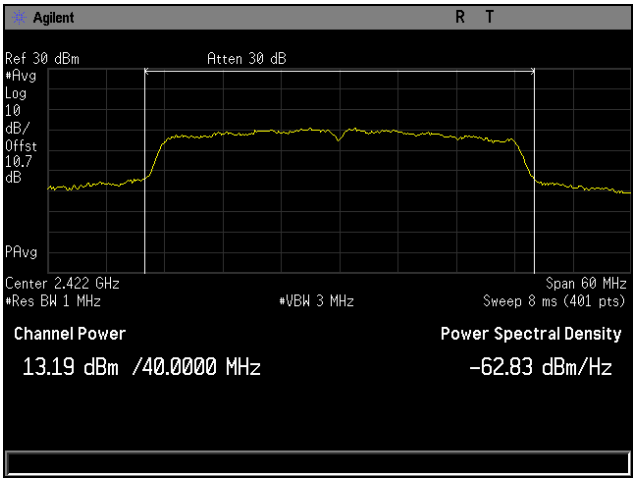
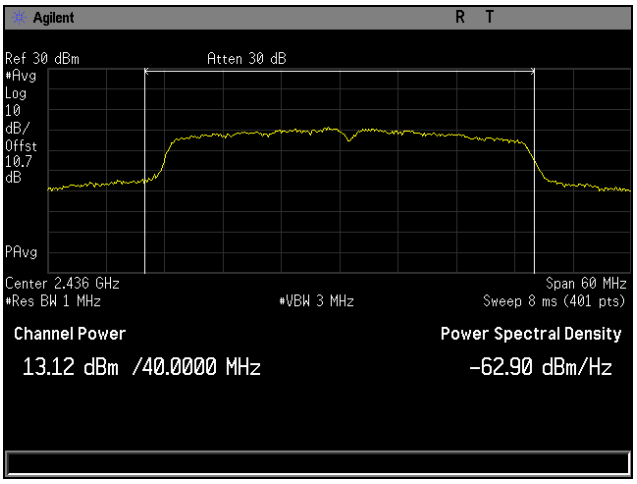
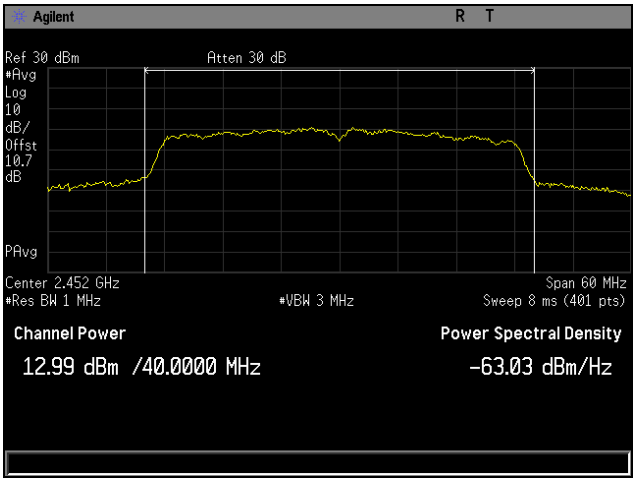
Peak Power Output Test Results, 802.11n 40 MHz



Plot 24. Peak Power Output, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz



Plot 25. Peak Power Output, Mid Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz



Plot 26. Peak Power Output, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirements: **§15.247(d); §15.205:** Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110----------	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
[1] 0.495–0.505----------	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905----------	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128----------	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775----------	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775----------	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218----------	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825----------	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225----------	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294----------	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366----------	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625–8.38675----------	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475----------	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293----------	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025----------	240–285	3345.8–3358 36.	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725----------	322–335.4	3600–4400	([2])

Table 11. Restricted Bands of Operation

[1] Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 – 0.510 MHz.
[2] Above 38.6

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Test Requirement(s): **§ 15.209 (a):** Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 12.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a),Radiated Emission Limits (dBµV) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.00
88 - 216	43.50
216 - 960	46.00
Above 960	54.00

Table 12. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)

Test Procedures: **Spurious Emissions were measured according to KDB558274 v03r05.**
Measurements below 1GHz were made with the EUT on a non-conducting stand 80cm above the ground plane of a semi-anechoic chamber. To find the direction of maximum emissions, the EUT was oriented through its three orthogonal axes while rotating the turntable 360 degrees and varying the height of the receive antenna. Measurements were made with the EUT transmitting on the low and high channels of each configuration. Final measurements from 30MHz to 1GHz were made using a quasi-peak detector with a RBW of 120 kHz.

Measurements above 1GHz were made with the EUT on a non-conducting stand 1.5m above the ground plane of a fully-anechoic chamber. To find the direction of maximum emissions, the EUT was oriented through its three orthogonal axes while rotating the chamber's turntable 360 degrees and varying the height of the receive antenna. Measurements were made with the EUT transmitting on the low and high channels of each configuration. Final measurements were made using peak and average detectors. Average measurements were made using a RBW of 1MHz and VBW less than the RBW but not less than 10Hz. Peak Measurements were made with a RBW of 1MHz and a VBW greater than or equal to 3 times the RBW.

Emission below 30MHz and above 18GHz that were greater than 20dB below the limit are not reported.

The worse-case configuration is reported below 1GHz and above 7GHz.

Average measurements were not taken where peak data was below the average limit.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of **§ 15.247(d)**. Graphical data is corrected field strength.

Test Engineer(s): Hadid Jones

Test Date(s): 12/29/16

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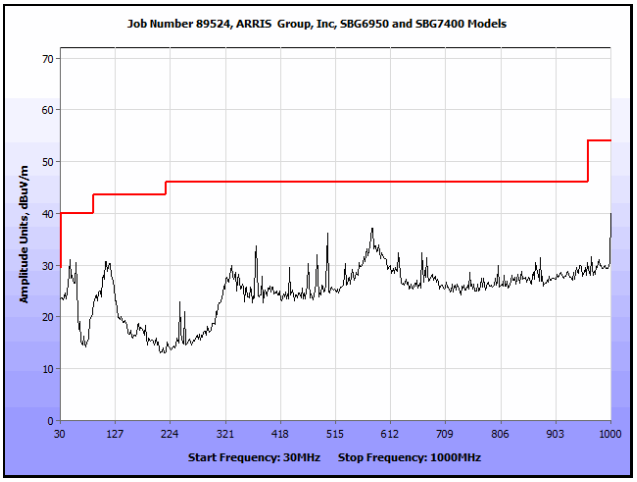
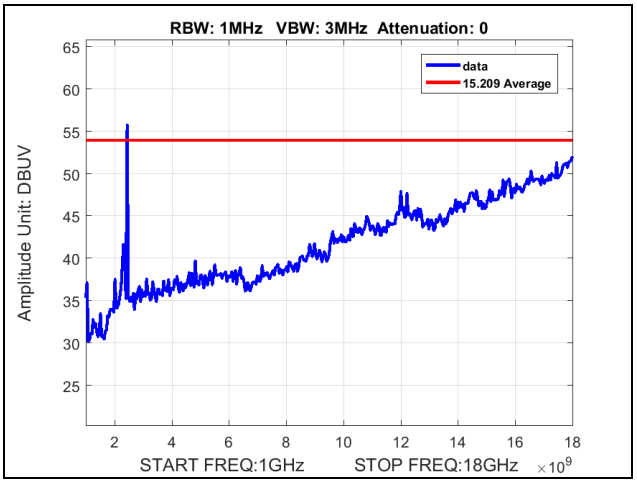
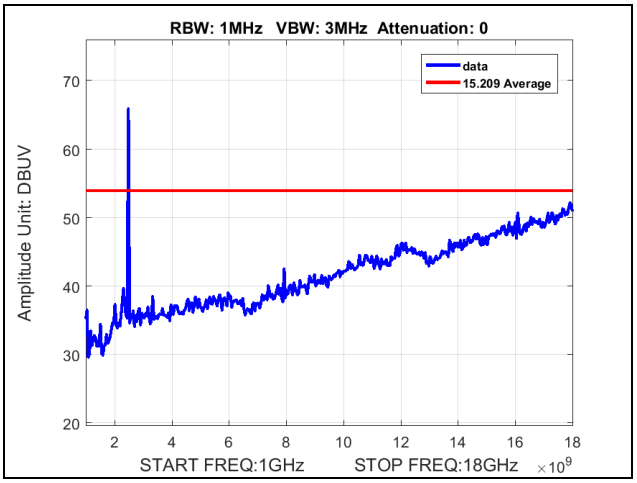


Plot 27. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 30 MHz – 1 GHz

Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11b



Plot 28. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 802.11b



Plot 29. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 802.11b

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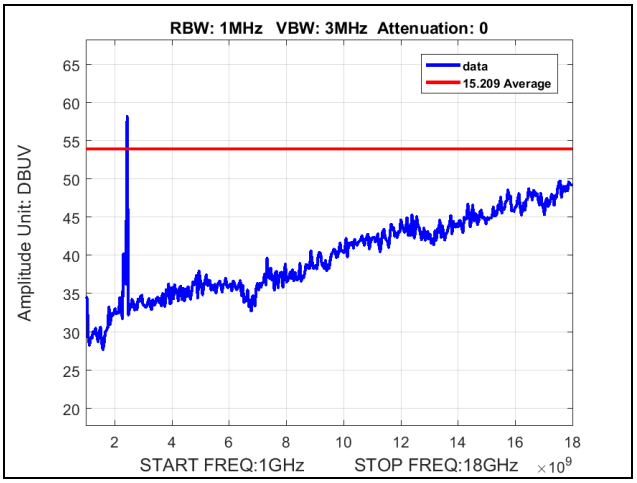
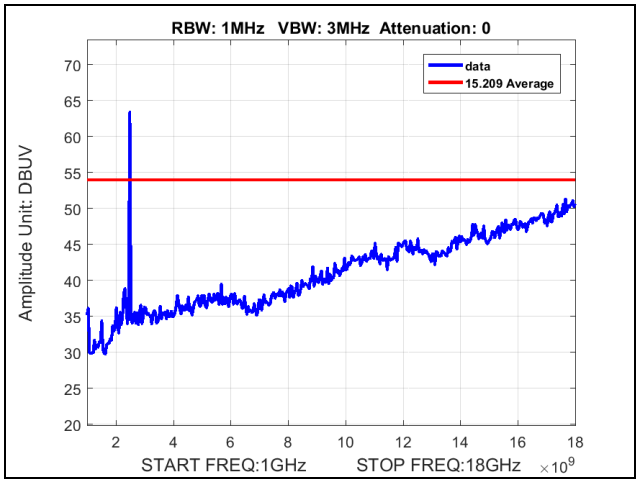
Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11g

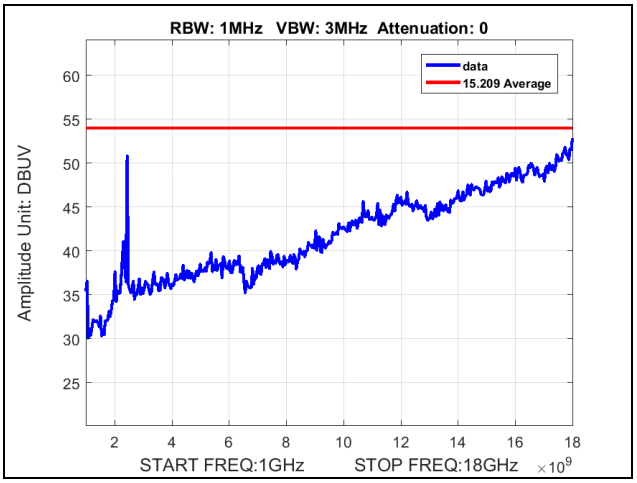


Plot 30. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 802.11g

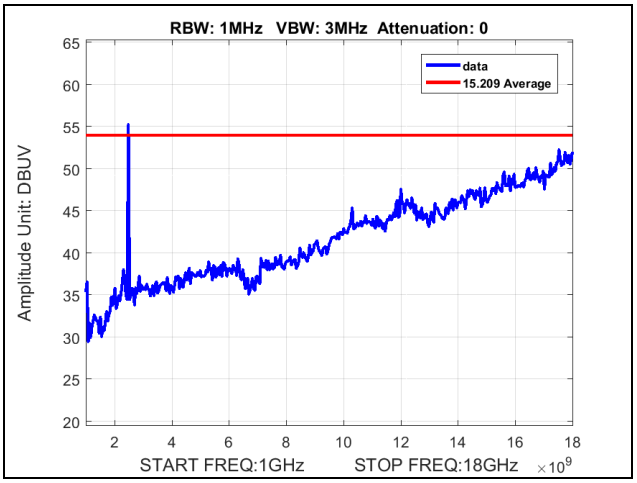


Plot 31. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 802.11g

Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11n 20 MHz

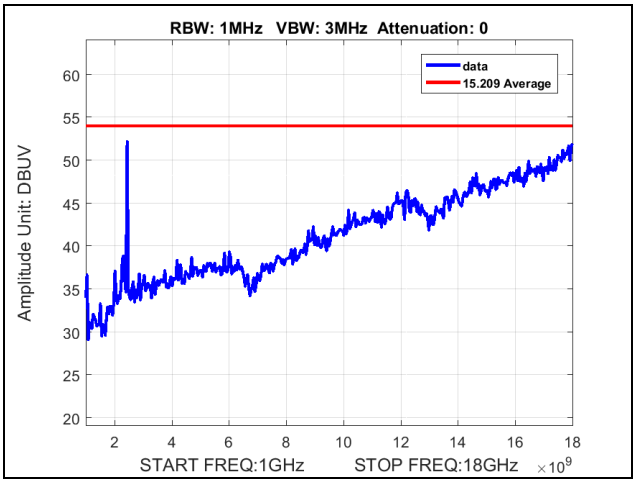


Plot 32. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 802.11n 20 MHz

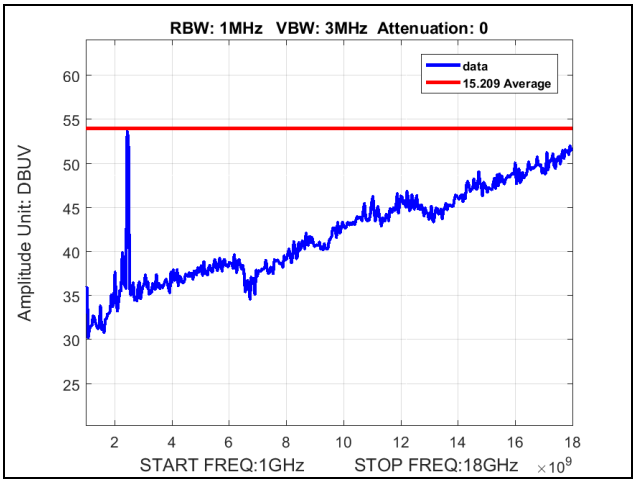


Plot 33. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 802.11n 20 MHz

Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11n 40 MHz

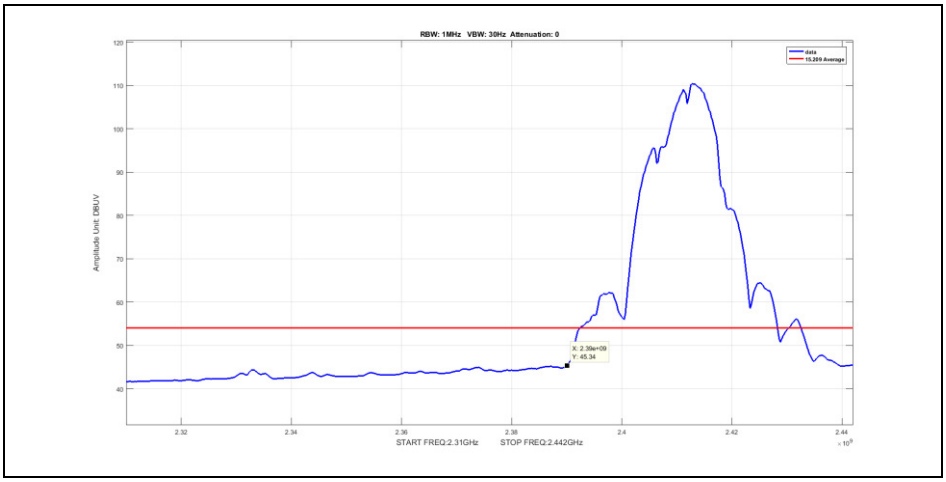


Plot 34. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 802.11n 40 MHz

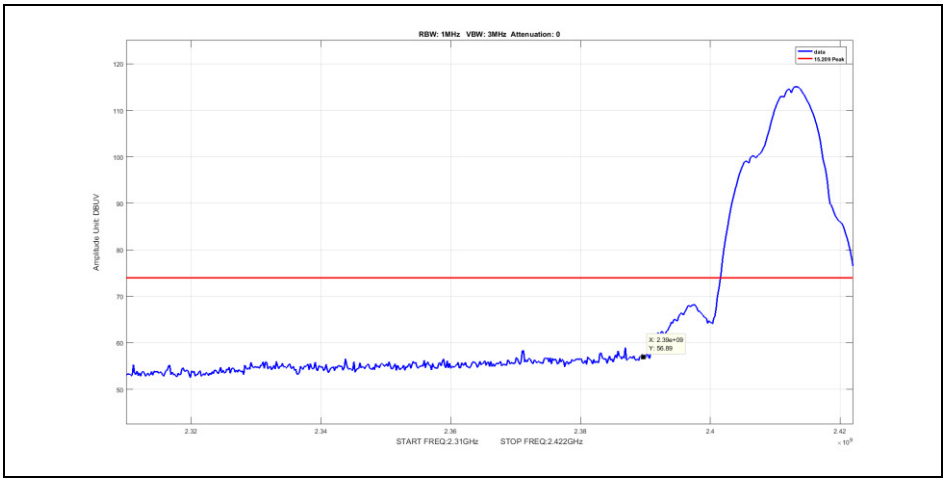


Plot 35. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 1 GHz – 18 GHz, 802.11n 40 MHz

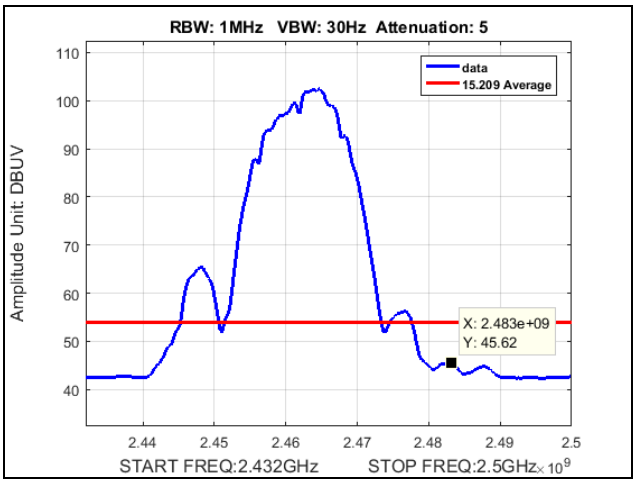
Radiated Band Edge Measurements, 802.11b



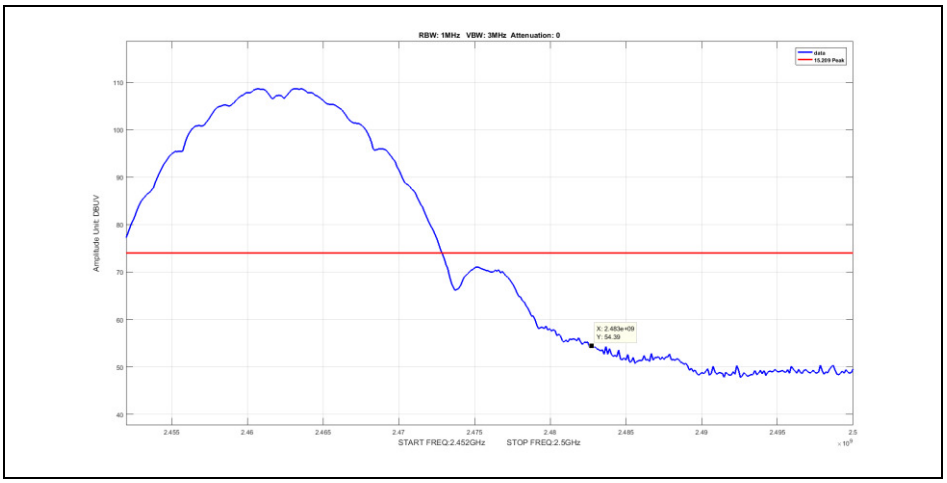
Plot 36. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, Low Channel, 802.11b



Plot 37. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, Low Channel, 802.11b

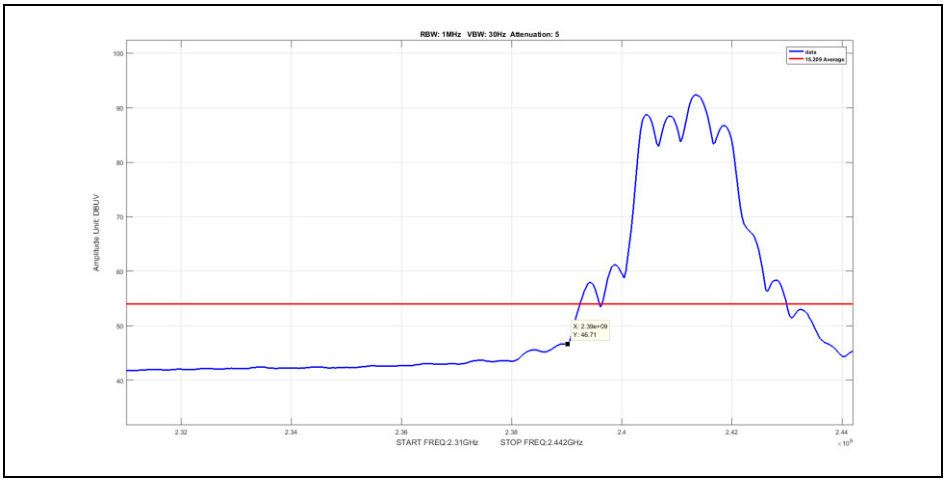


Plot 38. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, High Channel, 802.11b

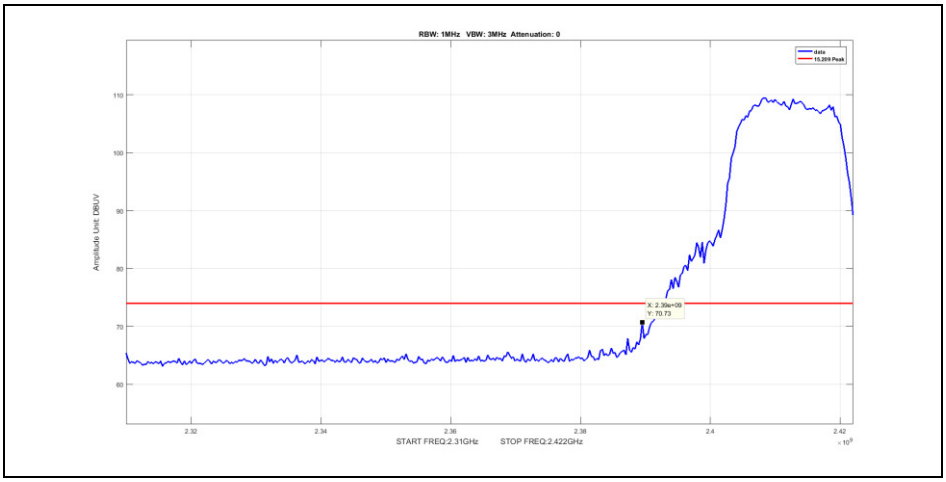


Plot 39. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, High Channel, 802.11b

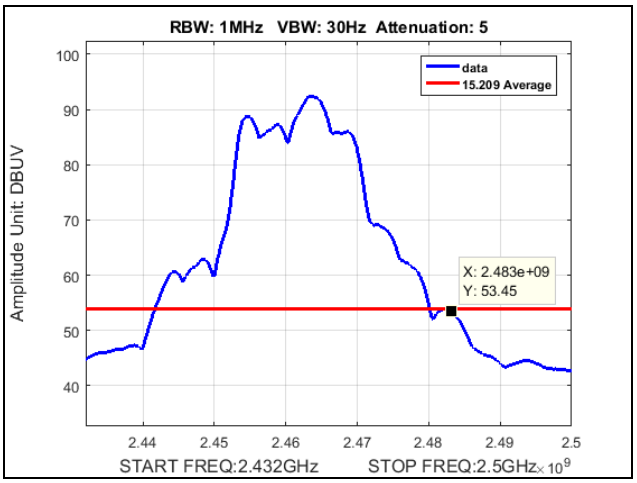
Radiated Band Edge Measurements, 802.11g



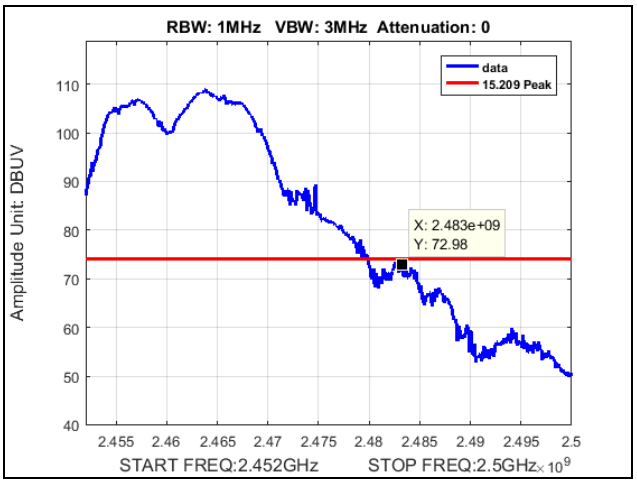
Plot 40. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, Low Channel, 802.11g



Plot 41. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, Low Channel, 802.11g

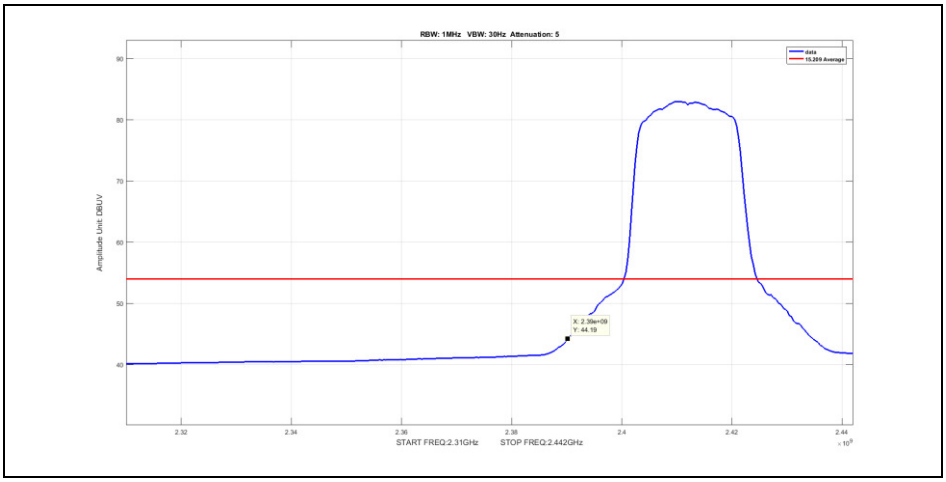


Plot 42. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, High Channel, 802.11g

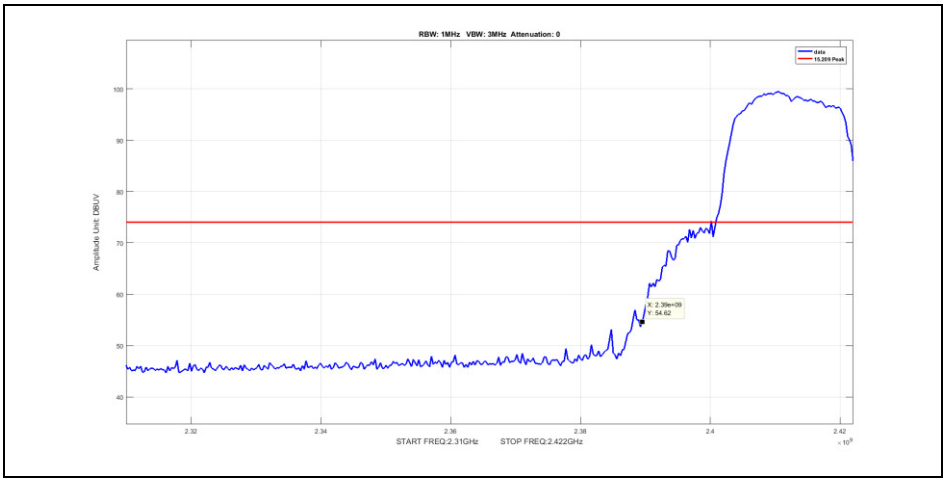


Plot 43. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, High Channel, 802.11g

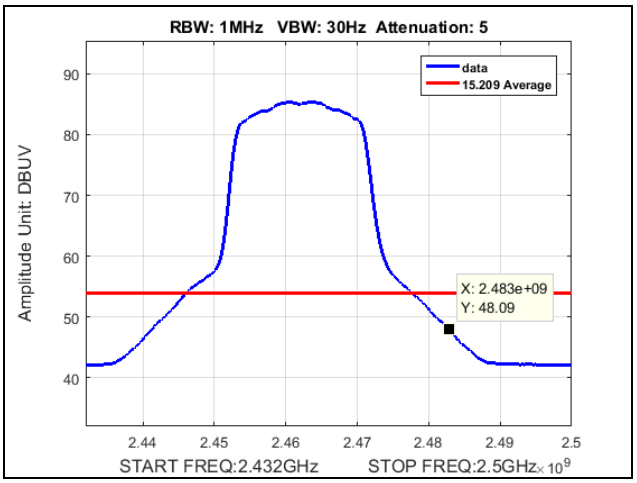
Radiated Band Edge Measurements, 802.11n 20 MHz



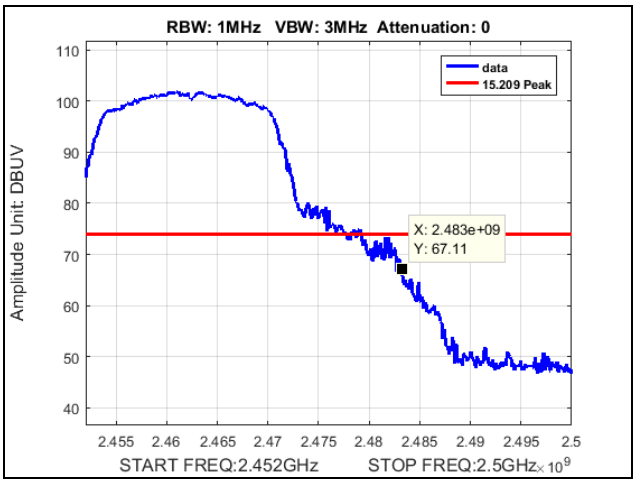
Plot 44. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz



Plot 45. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz



Plot 46. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz



Plot 47. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz

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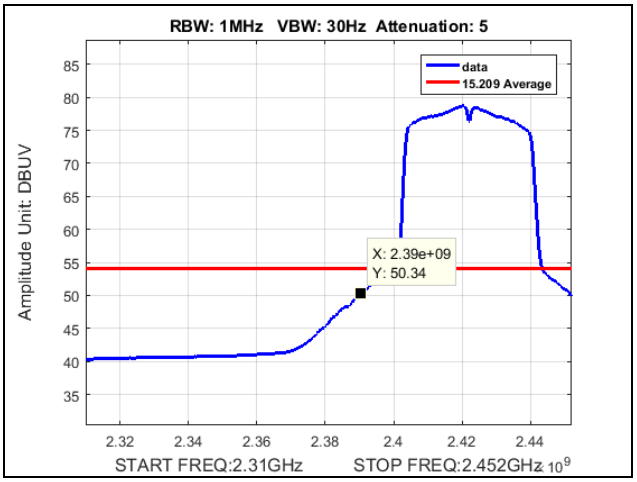
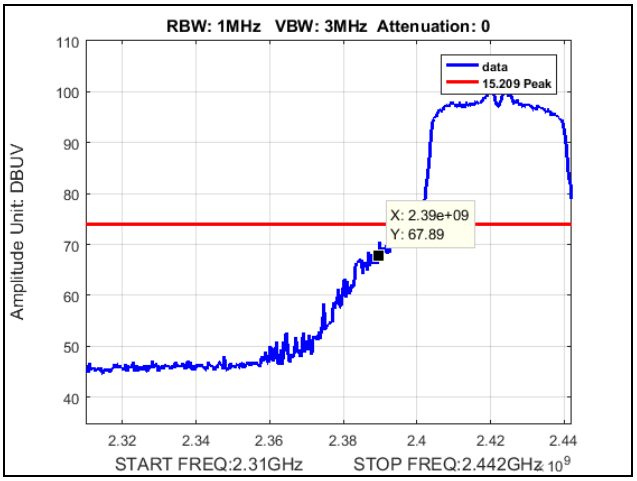
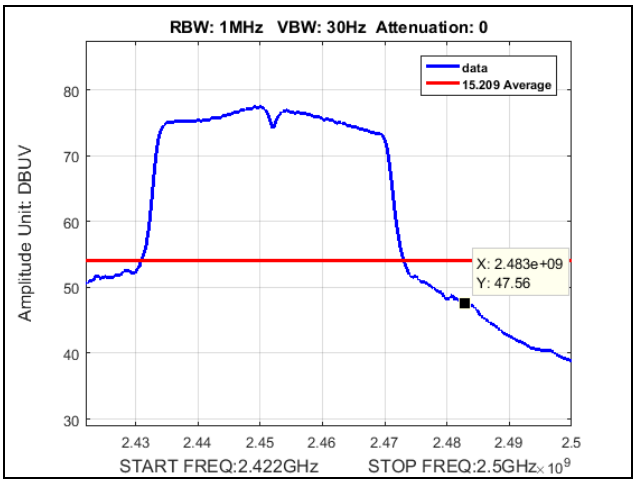
Radiated Band Edge Measurements, 802.11n 40 MHz



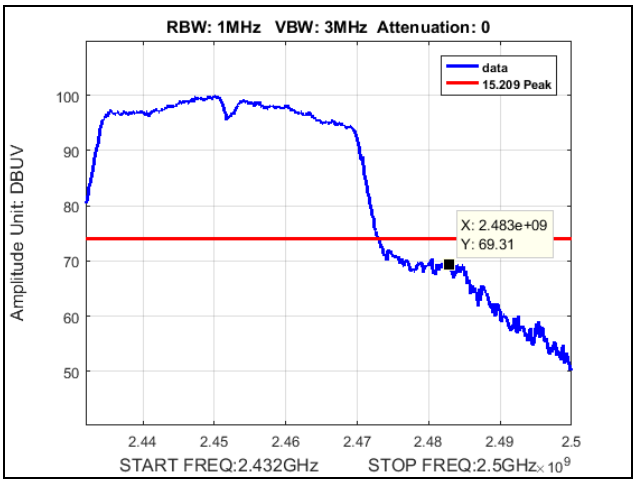
Plot 48. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz



Plot 49. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz



Plot 50. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Average, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz



Plot 51. Radiated Restricted Band Edge, Peak, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirement: **15.247(d)** In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

Test Procedure: **Conducted Spurious Emissions were measured according to KDB558074 Section 12**
The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The spectrum analyzer was configured in the following manner. The RBW was set to 100 kHz. The VBW was set to 300 kHz. The detector was set to peak and trace to max hold. The EUT operated at its maximum power level on the low and high test channels and investigated from 30MHz up to the 10th harmonic of the transmitter.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Conducted Spurious Emission limits of **§15.247(d)**.

Test Engineer(s): Hadid Jones

Test Date(s): 01/03/17

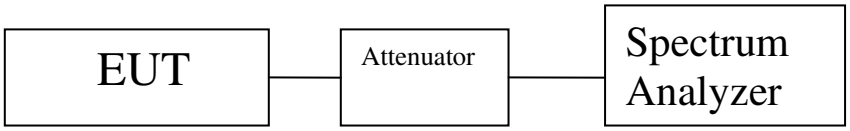


Figure 4. Block Diagram, Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup

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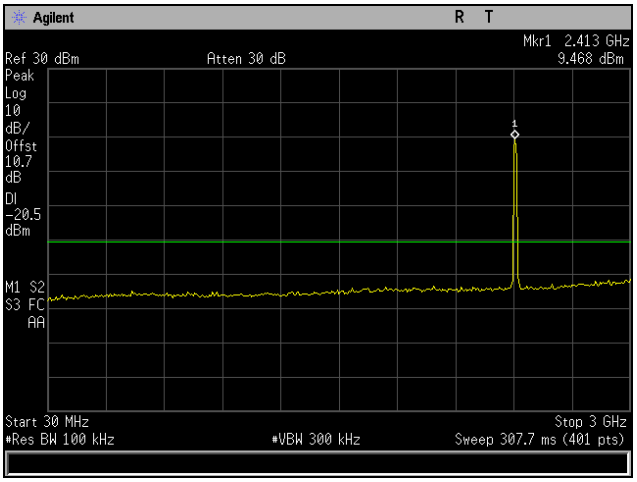
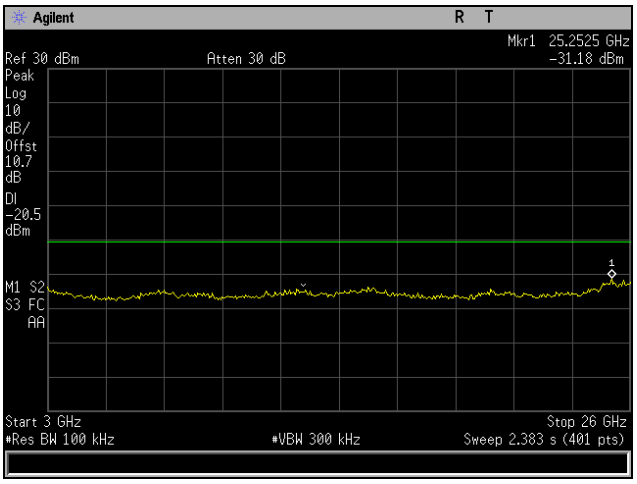
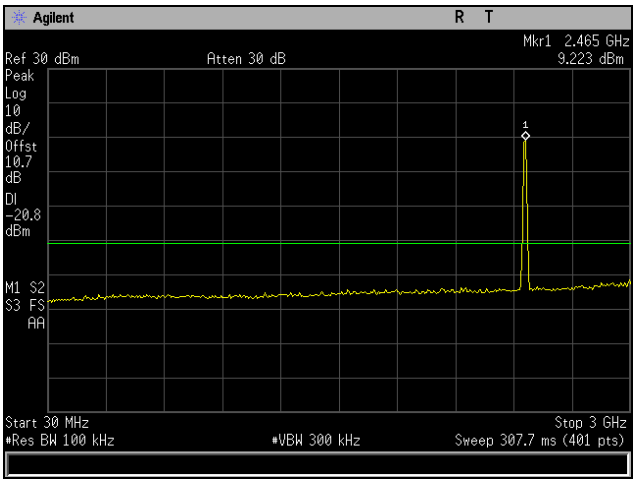
Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11b



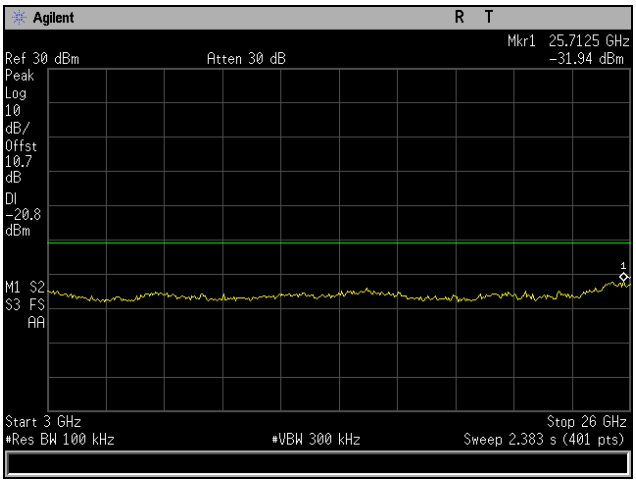
Plot 52. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, 802.11b



Plot 53. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 3 GHz – 26 GHz, 802.11b

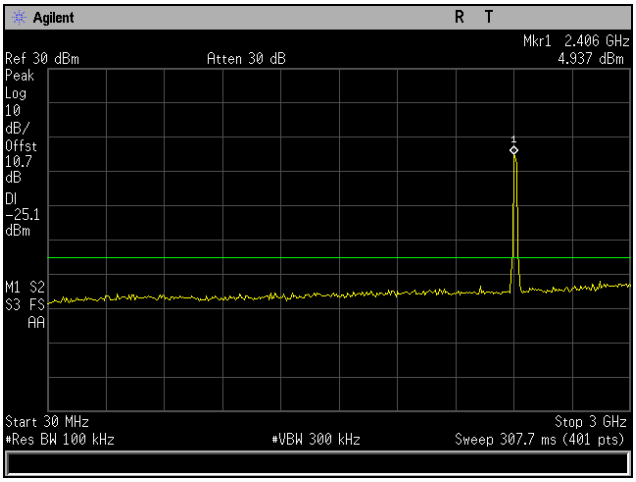


Plot 54. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, 802.11b

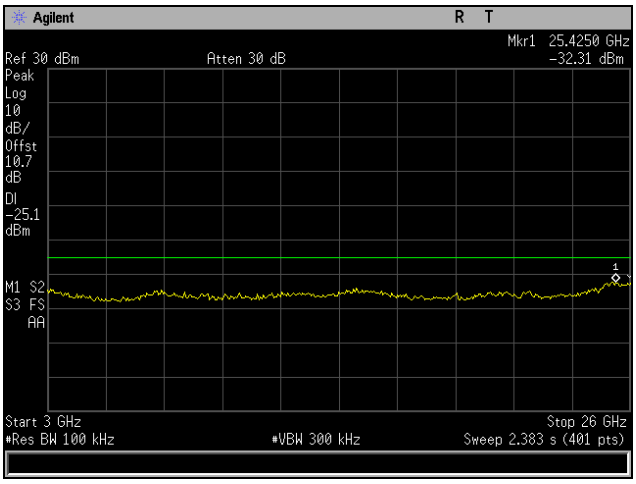


Plot 55. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 3 GHz – 26 GHz, 802.11b

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11g



Plot 56. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, 802.11g



Plot 57. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 3 GHz – 26 GHz, 802.11g

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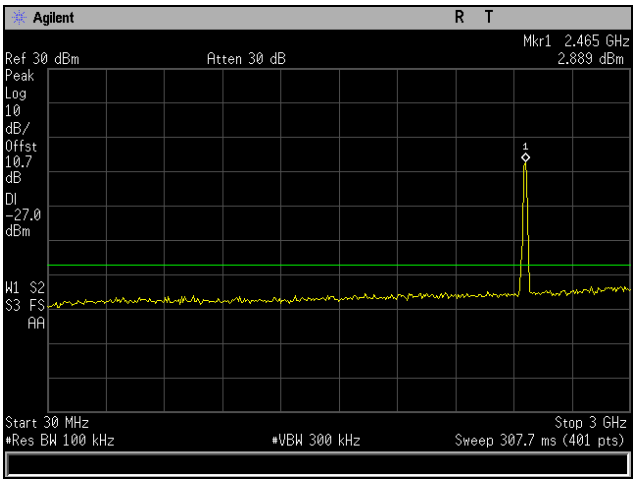
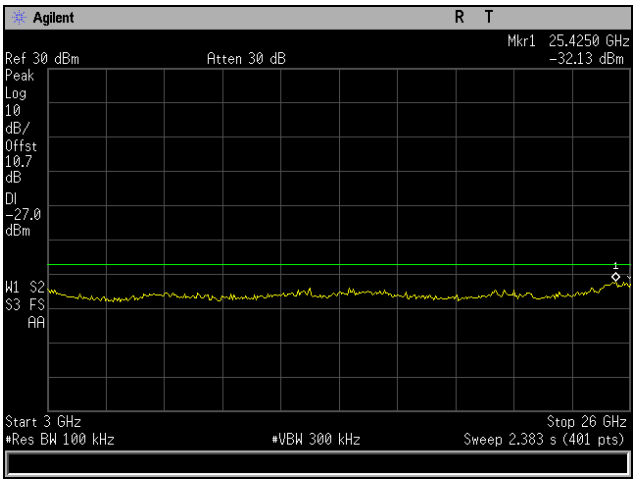
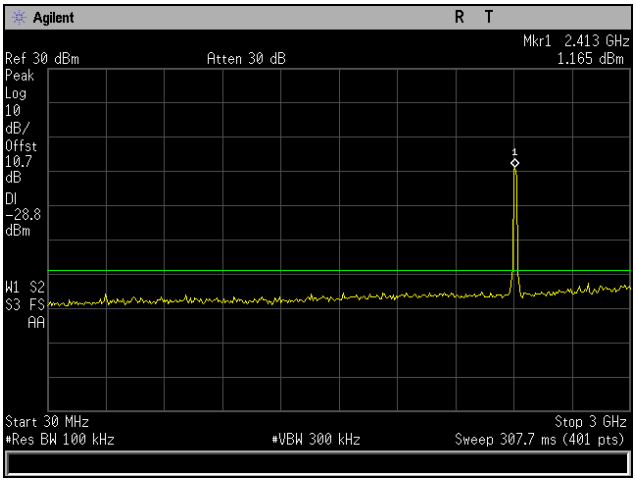


Plot 58. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, 802.11g

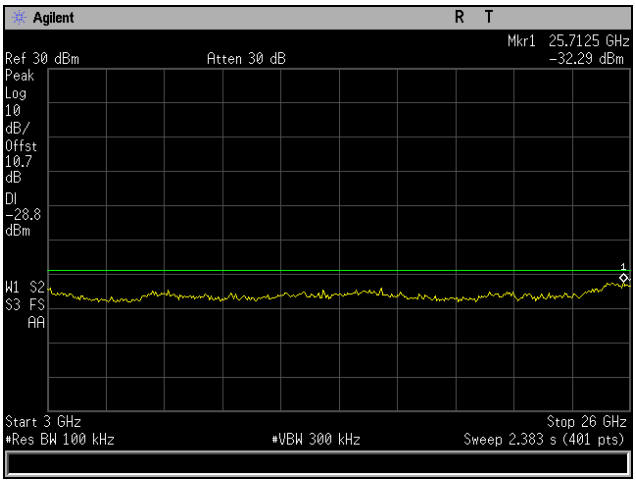


Plot 59. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 3 GHz – 26 GHz, 802.11g

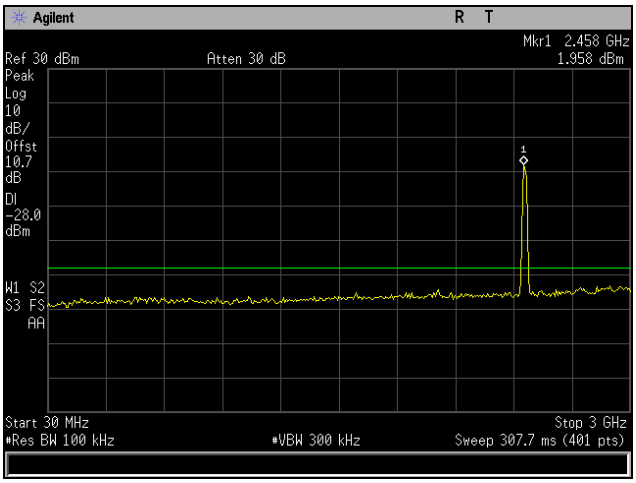
Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11n 20 MHz



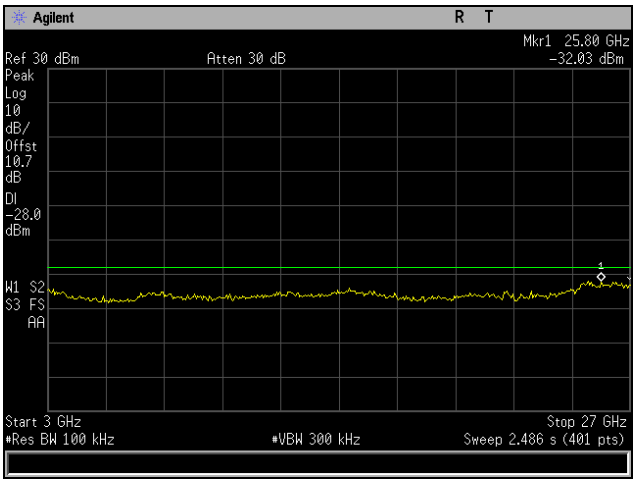
Plot 60. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, 802.11n 20 MHz



Plot 61. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 3 GHz – 26 GHz, 802.11n 20 MHz

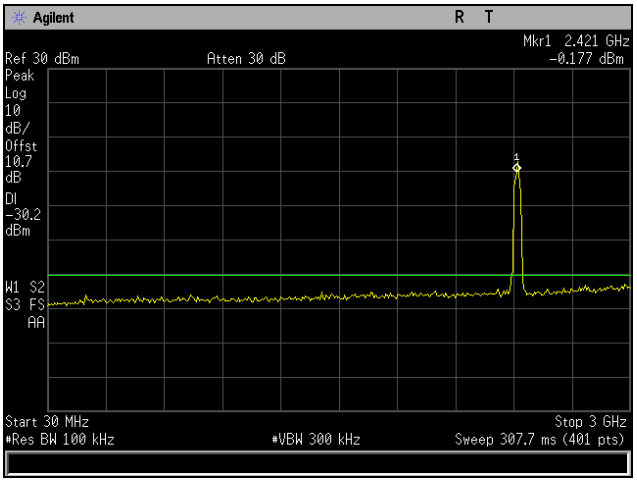


Plot 62. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, 802.11n 20 MHz

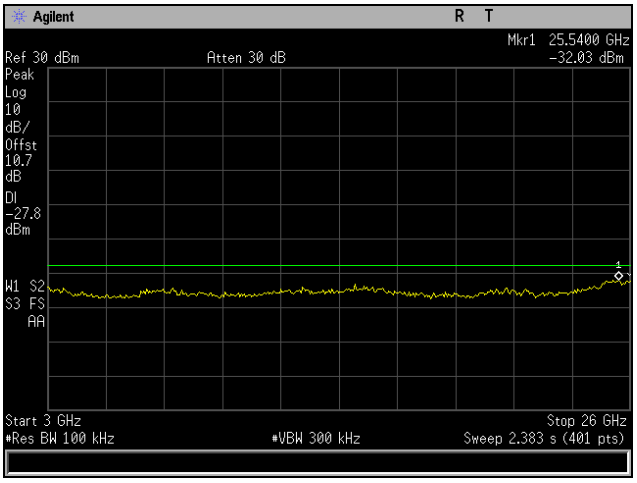


Plot 63. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 3 GHz – 26 GHz, 802.11n 20 MHz

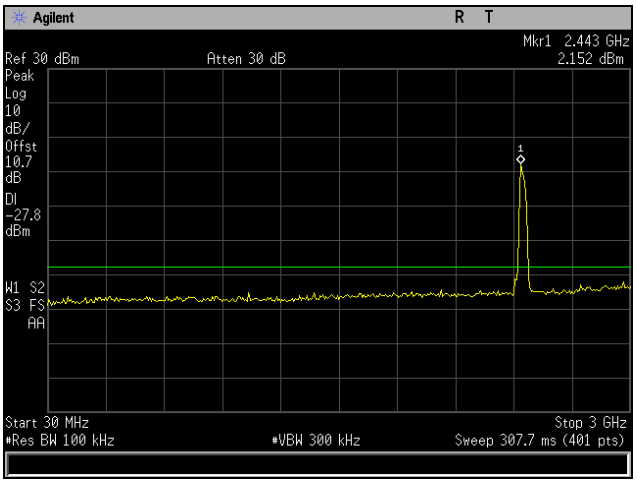
Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results, 802.11n 40 MHz



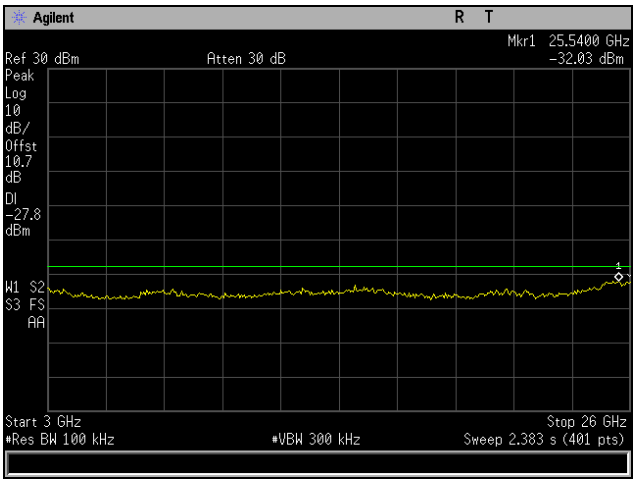
Plot 64. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, 802.11n 40 MHz



Plot 65. Conducted Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, 3 GHz – 26 GHz, 802.11n 40 MHz

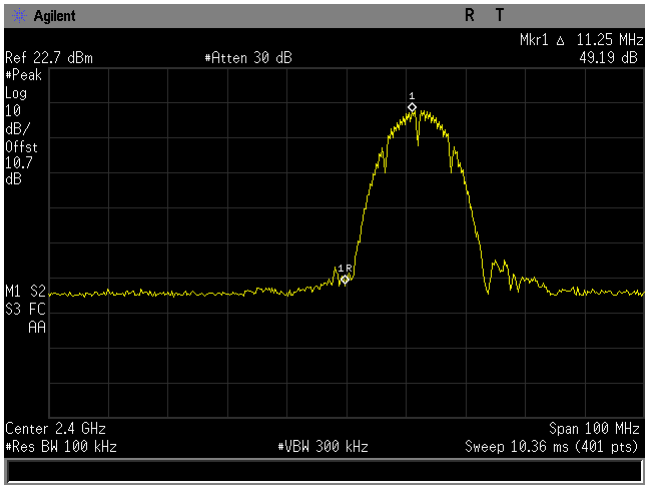


Plot 66. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 30 MHz – 3 GHz, 802.11n 40 MHz

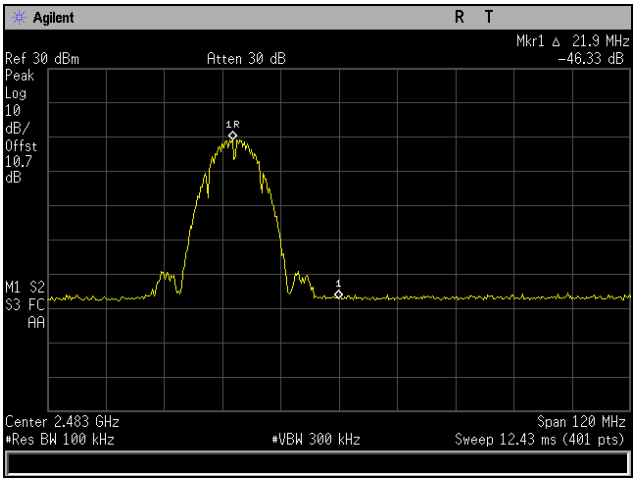


Plot 67. Conducted Spurious Emissions, High Channel, 3 GHz – 26 GHz, 802.11n 40 MHz

Conducted Band Edge Test Results, 802.11b

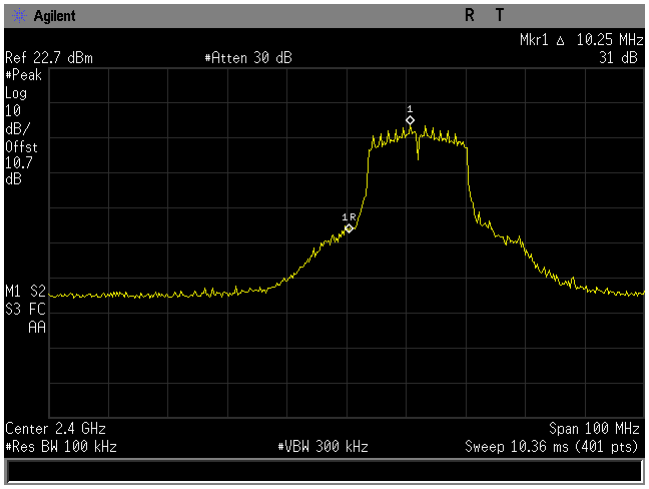


Plot 68. Conducted Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11b

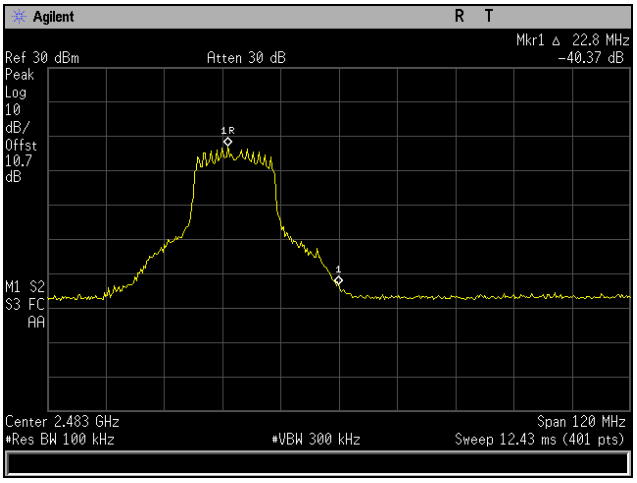


Plot 69. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11b

Conducted Band Edge Test Results, 802.11g

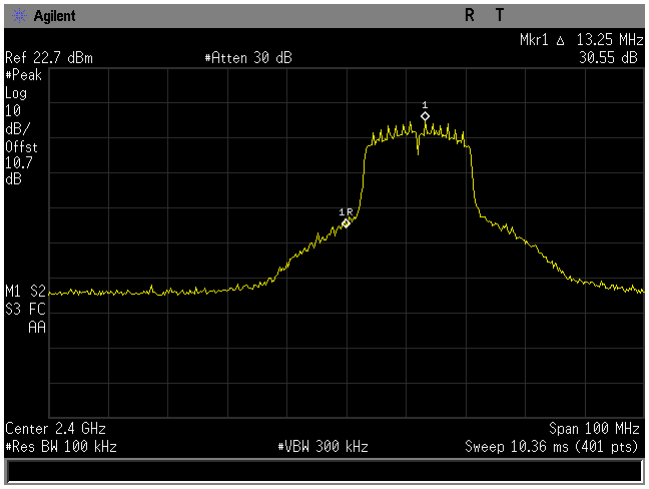


Plot 70. Conducted Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11g

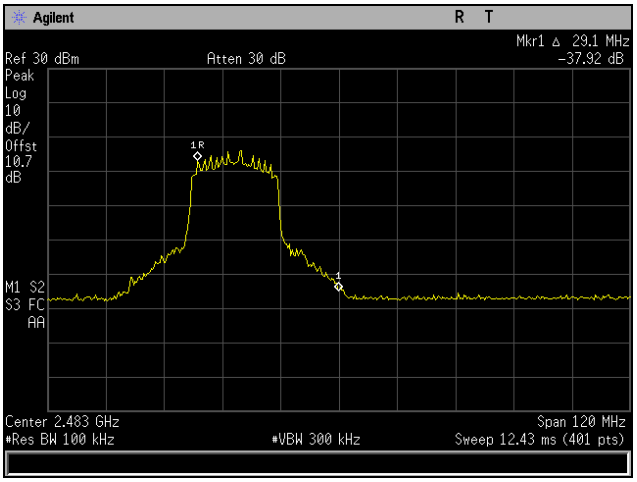


Plot 71. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11g

Conducted Band Edge Test Results, 802.11n 20 MHz

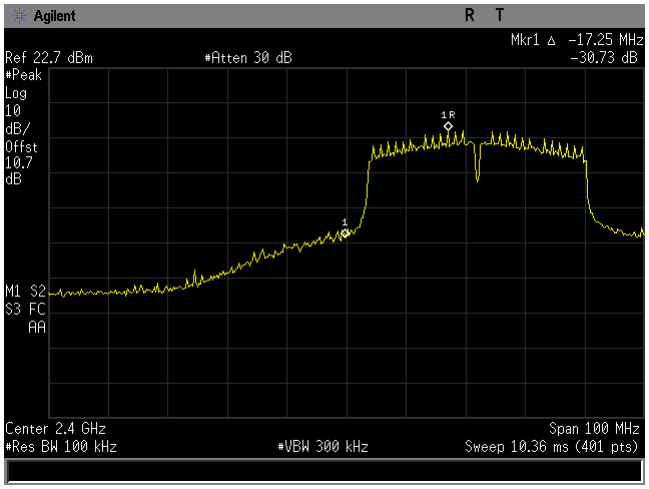


Plot 72. Conducted Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz

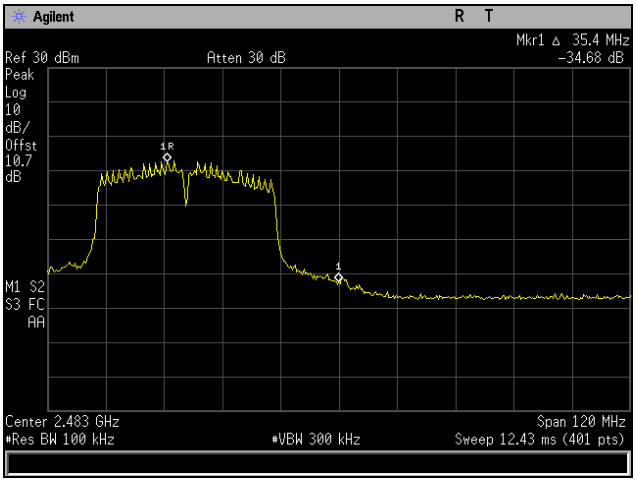


Plot 73. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11n 20 MHz

Conducted Band Edge Test Results, 802.11n 40 MHz



Plot 74. Conducted Band Edge, Low Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz



Plot 75. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel, 802.11n 40 MHz

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

Test Requirements: **§15.247(e):** For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

Test Procedure: **The Maximum Power Spectral Density was measured according to KDB558074 section 10.** The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator. The spectrum analyzer was configured in the following manner. The span was set to encompass the entire emission bandwidth of the signal. The RBW was set to 3kHz and the VBW was set to a value greater than or equal to 3 times the RBW. An average detector was used with an auto sweep time. The trace was averaged over at least 100 traces. The peak search function was used find the Maximum PSD over the 3kHz reference bandwidth.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the peak power spectral density limits of **§ 15.247 (e)**.

The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

Tabular Data has been presented for all chains. Graphical data is presented for chain 1.

Test Engineer: Hadid Jones

Test Date: 12/29/16

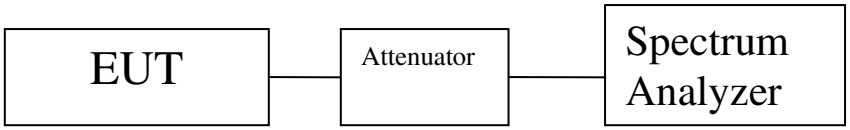


Figure 5. Block Diagram, Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup

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Peak Power Spectral Density Test Results

EUT Mode	Chain1 (dBm)	Chain2 (dBm)	Chain3 (dBm)	Total (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Gain (dBi)	Duty Cycle Factor	Final Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
BW 20M_Ch 2412M_802.11b_P3638	-14.75	-13.88	-14.47	**-9.58**	8	7.8	0.15	6.05	**-15.630**
BW 20M_Ch 2412M_802.11g_P3638	-18.36	-18.4	-18.59	**-13.68**	8	7.8	0.84	5.36	**-19.04**
BW 20M_Ch 2412M_802.11n_P3638	-8.85	-7.98	-9.82	**-8.85**	8	3	0.9	7.1	**-15.95**
BW 20M_Ch 2436M_802.11b_P3638	-13.84	-12.75	-14.33	**-8.82**	8	7.8	0.15	6.05	**-14.87**
BW 20M_Ch 2436M_802.11g_P3638	-16.19	-17.09	-17.33	**-12.07**	8	7.8	0.84	5.36	**-17.43**
BW 20M_Ch 2436M_802.11n_P3638	-9.92	-8.56	-9.69	**-9.92**	8	3	0.9	7.1	**-17.02**
BW 20M_Ch 2462M_802.11b_P3638	-13.19	-13.01	-13.54	**-8.47**	8	7.8	0.15	6.05	**-14.52**
BW 20M_Ch 2462M_802.11g_P3638	-21.64	-16.57	-16.57	**-12.93**	8	7.8	0.84	5.36	**-18.29**
BW 20M_Ch 2462M_802.11n_P3638	-9.18	-8.43	-8.56	**-9.18**	8	3	0.9	7.1	**-16.28**
BW 40M_Ch 2422M_802.11n_P3638	-11.39	-9.67	-11.97	**-11.39**	8	3	0.9	7.1	**-18.49**
BW 40M_Ch 2436M_802.11n_P3638	-11.72	-10.06	-12.13	**-11.72**	8	3	0.9	7.1	**-18.82**
BW 40M_Ch 2452M_802.11n_P3638	-12.3	-10.94	-11.61	**-12.30**	8	3	0.9	7.1	**-19.40**

Table 13. Peak Power Spectral Density, Test Results

Gain = 3dbi, Array gain = Gain + 10*(logN).

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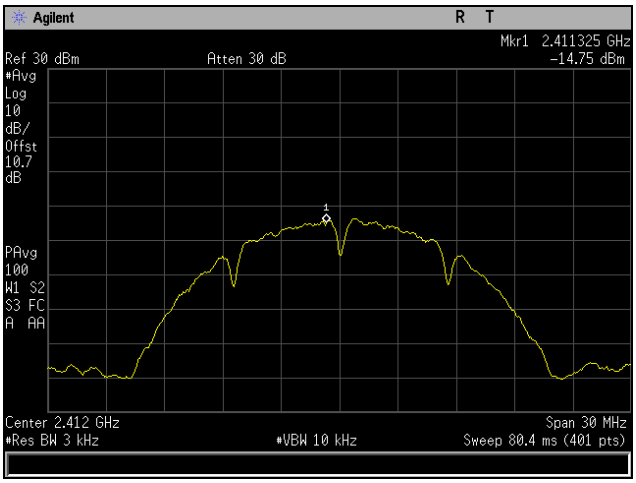
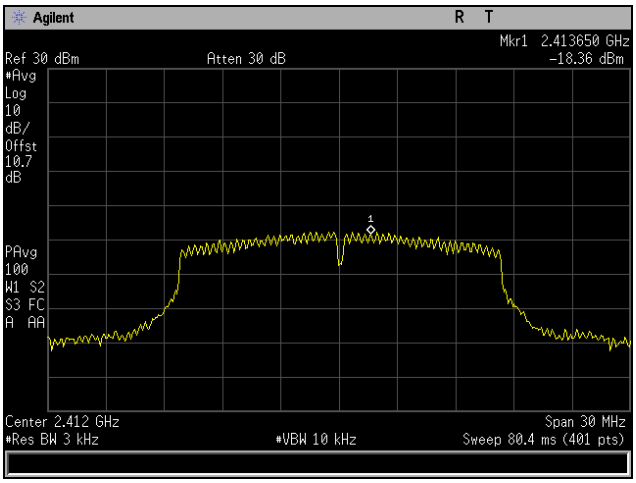
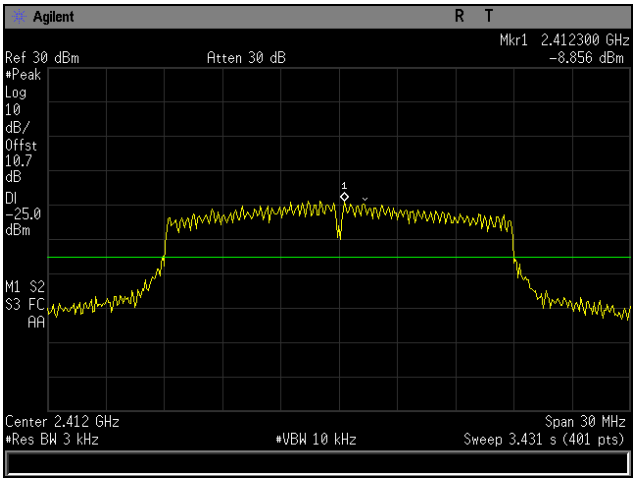


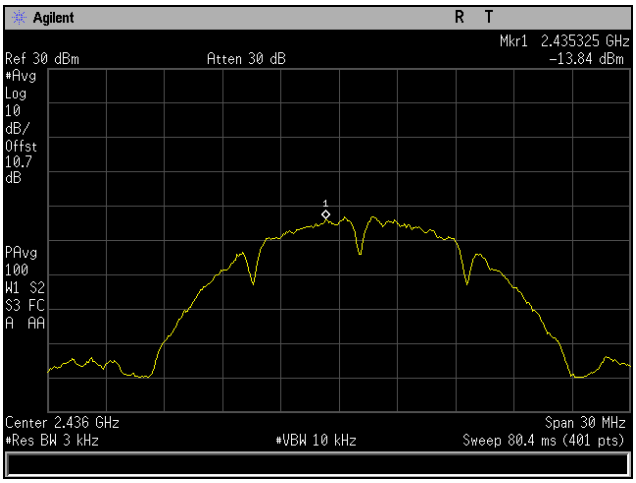
Plot 76. Power Spectral Density, 802.11b 20 MHz, Low Channel



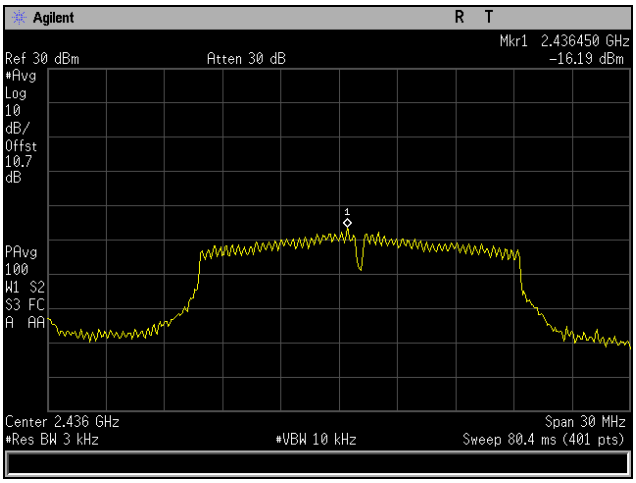
Plot 77. Power Spectral Density, 802.11g 20 MHz, Low Channel



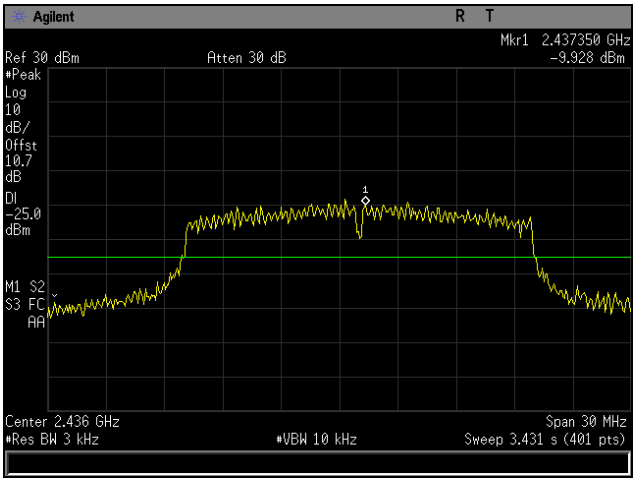
Plot 78. Power Spectral Density, 802.11n 20 MHz, Low Channel



Plot 79. Power Spectral Density, 802.11b 20 MHz, Mid Channel



Plot 80. Power Spectral Density, 802.11g 20 MHz, Mid Channel



Plot 81. Power Spectral Density, 802.11n 20 MHz, Mid Channel

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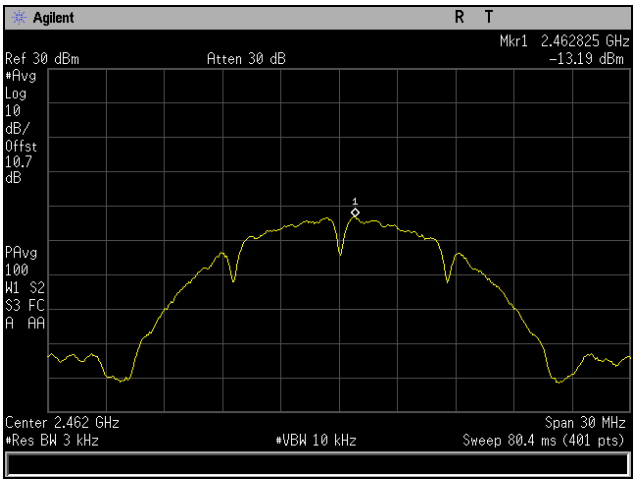
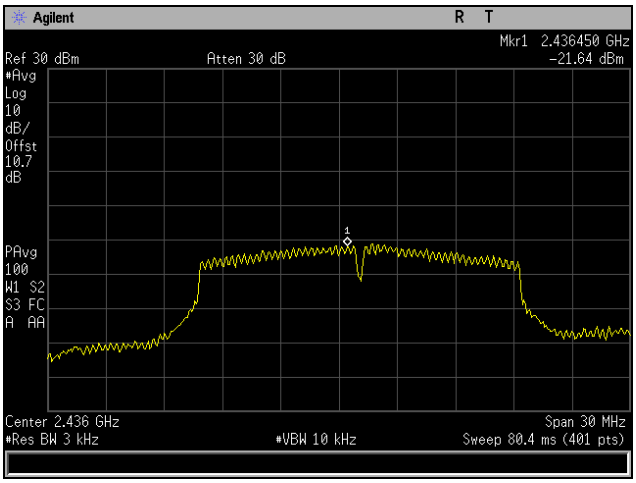
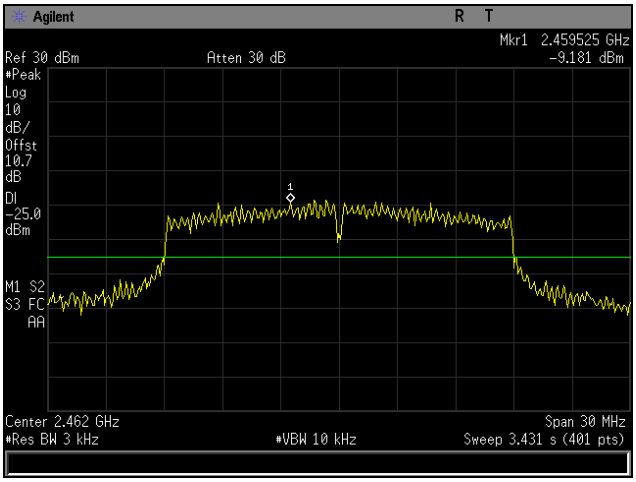


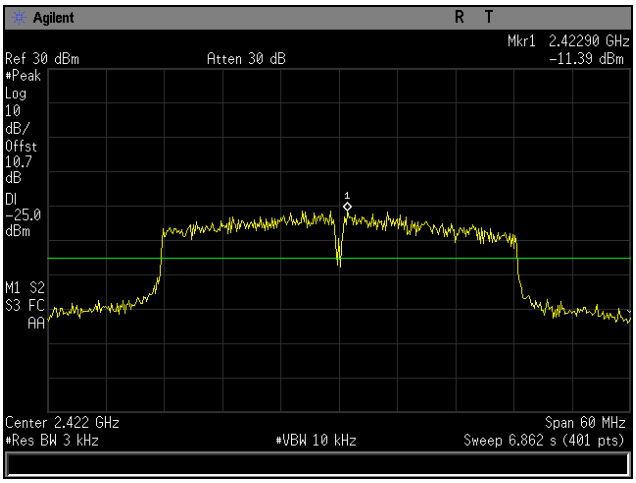
Plot 82. Power Spectral Density, 802.11b 20 MHz, High Channel



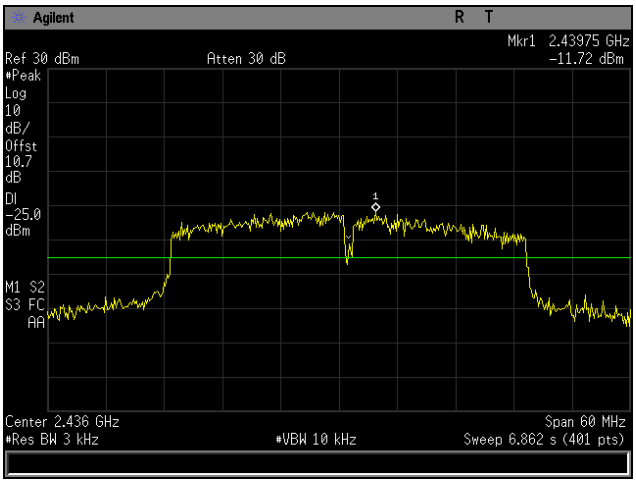
Plot 83. Power Spectral Density, 802.11g 20 MHz, High Channel



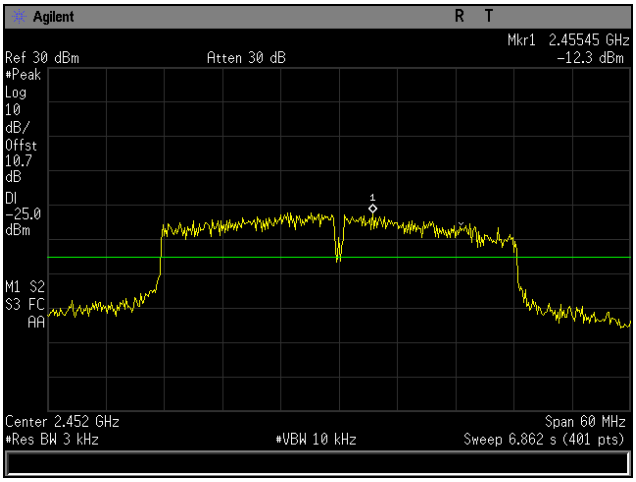
Plot 84. Power Spectral Density, 802.11n 20 MHz, High Channel



Plot 85. Power Spectral Density, 802.11n 40 MHz, Low Channel



Plot 86. Power Spectral Density, 802.11n 40 MHz, Mid Channel



Plot 87. Power Spectral Density, 802.11n 40 MHz, High Channel

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(i) Maximum Permissible Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements: **§1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2):** Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

RF Radiation Exposure Limit: **§1.1310:** As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter.

MPE Limit: EUT's operating frequencies @ 2400-2483.5 MHz; **Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm^2 or 10 W/m^2**

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG / 4\pi R^2 \quad \text{or} \quad R = \sqrt{(PG / 4\pi S)}$$

where, S = Power Density (mW/cm^2)
P = Power Input to antenna (mW)
G = Antenna Gain (numeric value)
R = Distance (cm)

Test Results:

FCC									
Frequency (MHz)	**Con. Pwr. (dBm)**	**Con. Pwr. (mW)**	**Ant. Gain (dBi)**	**Ant. Gain numeric**	**Pwr. Density (mW/cm^2)**	**Limit (mW/cm^2)**	**Margin**	**Distance (cm)**	**Result**
2462	24.18	261.818	7.8	6.026	0.31386	1	0.68614	20	Pass
5240	23.15	206.538	10.52	11.272	0.46316	1	0.53684	20	Pass
Combined MPE for co-located antennas					0.77702			20	

Con. Pwr. = max power + 2dBm tune-up tolerance.

The safe distance where Power Density is less than the MPE Limit listed above was found to be 20 cm.

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IV. Test Equipment

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Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025:2005.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T4300A	SEMI-ANECHOIC CHAMBER # 1 (FCC)	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	1/31/2014	1/31/2017
1T4563	LISN (10 AMP)	SOLAR ELECTRONICS COMPANY	9322-50-R-10-BNC	8/27/2015	2/27/2017
1T4149	HIGH-FREQUENCY ANECHOIC CHAMBER	RAY PROOF	81	NOT REQUIRED	
1T4751	ANTENNA - BILOG	SUNOL SCIENCES	JB6	2/26/2016	8/26/2017
1T4483	ANTENNA; HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	10/8/2015	4/8/2017
1T4745	ANTENNA, HORN	ETS-LINDGREN	3116	1/21/2017	7/21/2018
1T4612	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT TECHNOLOGIES	E4407B	9/1/2015	3/1/2017

Table 14. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.

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V. Certification & User's Manual Information

Certification & User's Manual Information

A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

(a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.

(b) The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.

(c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.

(d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

(a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:

(1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or

(2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or pre-production stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.

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(e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:

(i) Compliance testing;

(ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;

(iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;

(iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or

(v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.

(e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.

(f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

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Certification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

(a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.[1] *In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer*, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.

(b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

(a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.

(b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

[1] In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.

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Certification & User's Manual Information

§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

(a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.

(1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

(i) If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.

(ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.

(2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

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Certification & User's Manual Information

1. Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

(a) In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:

(1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

(2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

(3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

(4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.

(5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The user's manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

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Verification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

(a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

(b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

– Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

– Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

– Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

– Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

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End of Report

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