



MET Laboratories, Inc. *Safety Certification - EMI - Telecom Environmental Simulation*

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November 7, 2006

Azalea Networks
673 S. Milpitas Blvd., Ste 105
Milpitas, CA 95035

Dear David Sun,

Enclosed is the Telecom test report for compliance testing of the Azalea Networks, MSR2000 as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-03 ed.), Parts 15.247 subpart C, 15.407 subpart E and Part 15, Subpart B for a Class B Digital Device.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,
MET LABORATORIES, INC.

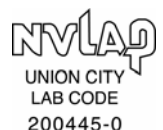
Jennifer Sanchez
Documentation Department

Reference: (\Azalea Networks\EMCS20963-FCC)

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The Nation's First Licensed Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory





Azalea Networks
MSR2000

CER Title 47, Part 15, Subpart B, C and E

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

**Azalea Networks
Model MSR2000**

Verified under
the FCC Certification Rules
contained in
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15.247, Subpart C & Part 15.407
for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMCS20963-FCC

November 7, 2006

Prepared For:

**Azalea Networks
673 S. Milpitas Blvd., Ste 105
Milpitas, CA 95035**

Prepared By:
MET Laboratories, Inc.
4855 Patrick Henry Dr., Building 6
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Shawn McMillen, Project Engineer
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Jennifer Sanchez
Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of Part 15 Subpart B, Part 15.247 & Part 15.407 of the FCC Rules under normal use and maintenance.

Tony Permsombut, Manager
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Azalea Networks
MSR2000

CER Title 47, Part 15, Subpart B, C and E.

Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
Ø	November 7, 2006	Initial Issue.



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List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
<i>d</i>	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dB μ A	Decibels above one microamp
dB μ V	Decibels above one microvolt
dB μ A/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
dB μ V/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current μ
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
<i>f</i>	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
H	Magnetic Field
HCP	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μ H	microhenry
μ	microfarad
μ s	microseconds
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane



I. Executive Summary



A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the Azalea Networks MSR2000, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247 & Part 15, §15.407. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the MSR2000. Azalea Networks should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the MSR2000, has been **permanently** discontinued

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247 & Part 15, §15.407 in accordance with Azalea Networks, purchase order number 60019. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference	RSS-210 and RSS-GEN	Description	Results
Transmitter Mode (TX)			
§15.207	6.6	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
§15.203/15.247(c)	A8.4	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.247(a)(3)	A8.2	6dB Occupied Bandwidth	Refer to FCC ID: NKRCM9
§15.247(b)(3)	A8.4	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Compliant
§15.247(d), §15.205, §15.209	A8.5	RF Spurious Radiated	Compliant
	A8.5	RF Conducted Emissions	Refer to FCC ID: NKRCM9
§15.247(e)	A8.2/RSS-102	Peak Power Spectral Density and RF Exposure	Refer to FCC ID: NKRCM9
Receiver Mode (RX)			
15.107	7.4	AC Power Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
15.109	7.3	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant

Table 1 Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 Compliance Testing



Reference	RSS-210 and RSS-GEN	Description	Results
15.403 (c)	A8.2	26dB Occupied Bandwidth	Refer to FCC ID: NKRCM9
15.407 (a)(1), (2), (3)	A9.2(3)	Conducted Transmitter Output Power	Compliant
15.407 (a)(1), (2), (3), (5)	A9.2(3)	Power Spectral Density	Refer to FCC ID: NKRCM9
15.407 (a)(6)	A9.2(3)	Peak Excursion	Refer to FCC ID: NKRCM9
15.407 (b)(1), (2), (5), (6)	A9.3(4)	Undesirable Emissions	Compliant
15.205/15.209	2.2	General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	Compliant
15.207	7.2.2	AC Conducted Emissions 150KHz – 30MHz	Compliant

Table 2. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.407 Compliance Testing



II. Equipment Configuration



A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by Azalea Networks to perform testing on the MSR2000, under Azalea Networks's purchase order number 60019.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the Azalea Networks, MSR2000.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	MSR2000	
Model(s) Covered:	MSR2000	
EUT Specifications:	Primary Power: 90-265V	
	FCC ID: URP-MSR2000	
	Type of Modulations:	DSSS (Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum) OFDM (Orthogonal Frequency Division multiplexing)
	Emission Designators:	Refer to FCC ID NKRCM9
	Equipment Code:	DTS
	Peak RF Output Power:	802.11 b mode: 19.59dBm (0.090W)
		802.11 g mode: 20dBm (0.1W)
		802.11 a mode: 19.78dBm (0.095W)
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	2412-2462MHz , 5745-5805MHz
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.	
Environmental Test Conditions:	Temperature: 15-35° C	
	Relative Humidity: 30-60%	
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar	
Evaluated by:	Shawn McMillen	
Date(s):	November 7, 2006	

Table 3 EUT Overview



B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart E	Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices (UNII)
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994	Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test Equipment - General Requirements
ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories



C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 4855 Patrick Henry Drive, Building 6, Santa Clara, California 95054. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 10 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories. In accordance with §2.948(d), MET Laboratories has been accredited by A2LA (Certificate Number 591.02).

D. Description of Test Sample

The Azalea Networks MSR2000, is a novel wireless mesh outdoor router



Emission

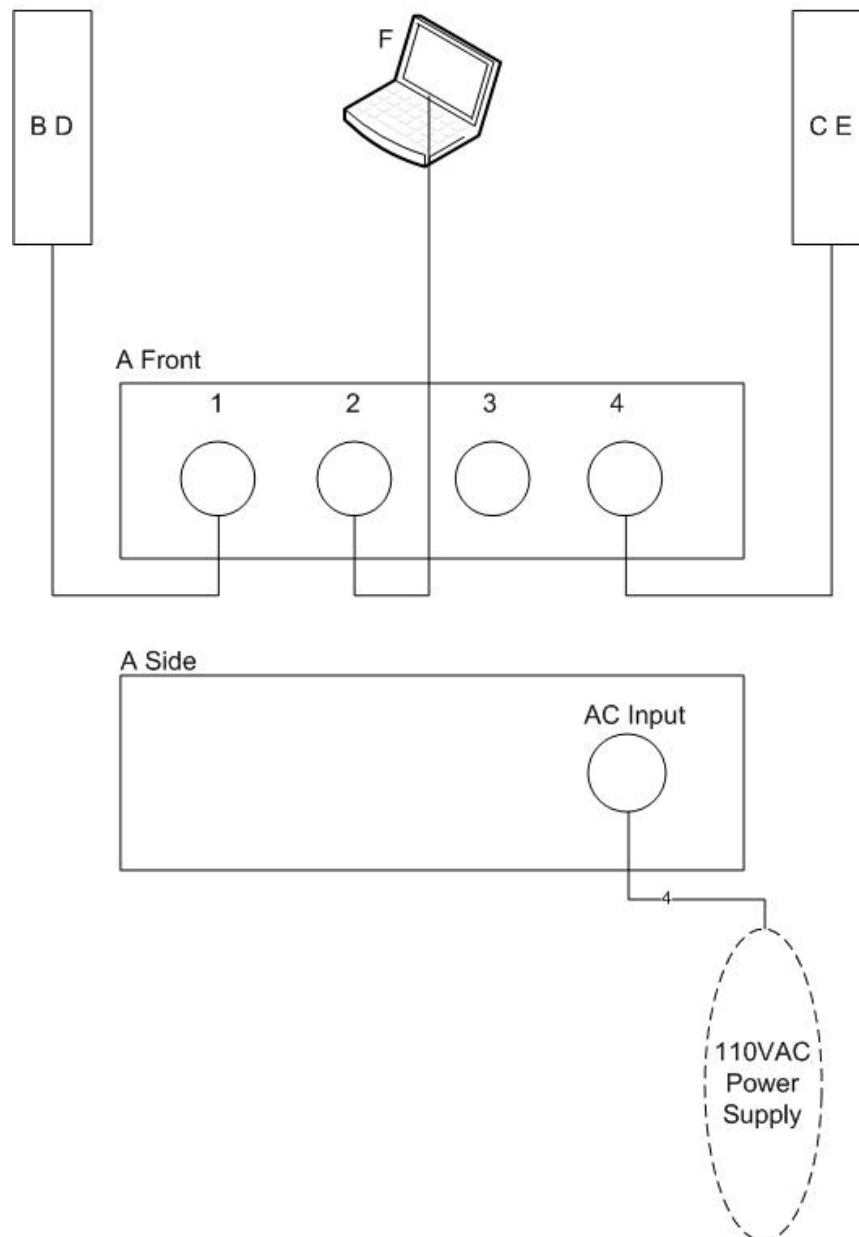


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration, Emissions

Conducted Power

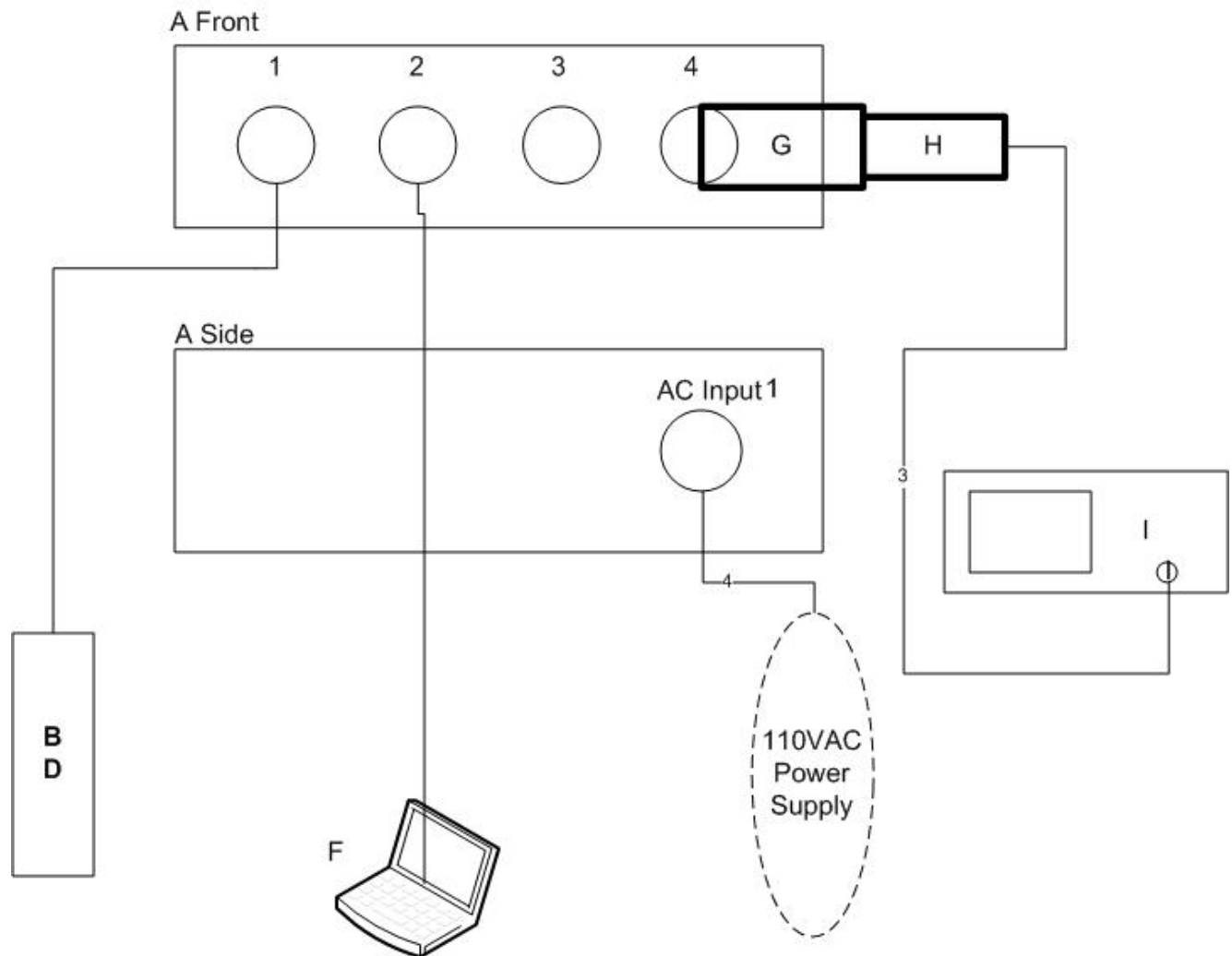


Figure 2. Block Diagram of Test Configuration, Conducted Power



E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number	Serial Number
A	EUT	MSR2000	MSR75-002
B	2.4 Antenna	XRTX2412-QX	
C	2.4 Antenna (SuperPass)	SPDG18T	
D	5.8 Antenna (SuperPass)	SPDN6W	
E	5.8 Antenna (SuperPass)	SPDN6T	

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Support Equipment

Azalea Networks supplied support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the MSR2000. All support equipment supplied is listed in the following Support Equipment List.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number	Serial Number
F	Laptop	Dell	630m	CN-OHC416-70166-6CG-01LI
G	Attenuator	HP	8491A	35610
H	Power Sensor	Anritsu	MA2491A	030864
I	Power Meter	Anritsu	ML2488A	6K00001832

Table 5. Support Equipment



G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port name on EUT	Cable Description or reason for no cable	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Box ID & Port ID
1	A Front, 1	Coaxial	1	1	Y	B or D
2	A Front, 2	Ethernet	1	1.5	Y	F
3	A Front, 4	Direct Connect with the Attenuator	1		Y	G
4	A Side, 1	AC power cord	1	2	N	110V Power Supply
Spurious testing						
1	A Front, 1	Coaxial	1	1	Y	B or D
2	A Front, 2	Ethernet	1	1.5	Y	F
3	A Front, 4	Coaxial	1	1	Y	C or E
4	A Side, 1	AC power cord	1	2	N	110V Power Supply

Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information

H. Mode of Operation

The EUT works on dual radio, one on b/g band, the other on a band.

I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

A Spectrum Analyzer and a Power Meter was use to monitor the EUT's transmitter channel and power output.

J. Modifications

a) Modifications to EUT

No modifications were made to the EUT.

b) Modifications to Test Standard

No modifications were made to the test standard.

K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to Azalea Networks upon completion of testing.



III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria

§ 15.107

Test Requirement(s):

Conducted Emissions Limits

15.107 (a) Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

15.107 (b) For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

15.207(a), Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section*, charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the Table 7, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	Class A Conducted Limits (dB μ V)		*Class B Conducted Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	79	66	56	46
0.5 - 30	73	60	60	50
Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies.				
Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz.				
* -- Limits per Subsection 15.207(a).				

Table 7. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Subsections 15.107(a) (b) and 15.207(a)

Test Results: The EUT was found to comply with the Conducted Emissions Limits for 15.107.

Test Engineer(s): Billy Kwan

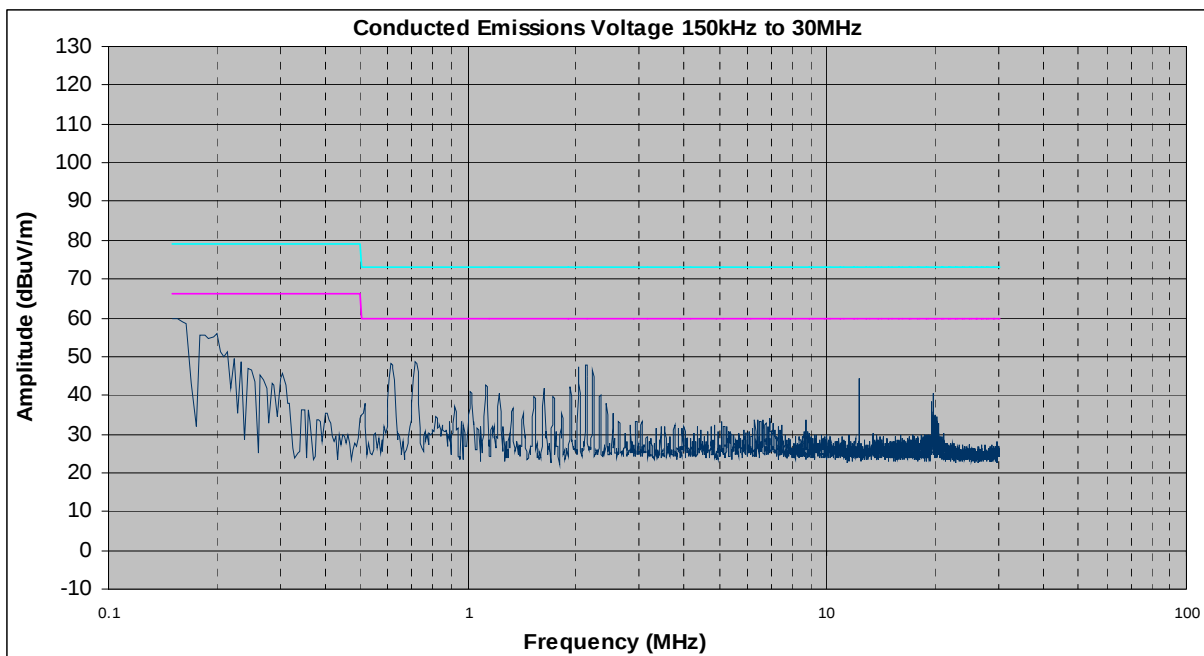
Test Date(s): November 7, 2006



§ 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

Freq. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.203	47.11	79	PASS	-31.89	41.69	66	PASS	-24.31
0.709	47.36	73	PASS	-25.64	43.51	60	PASS	-16.49
2.227	42.39	73	PASS	-30.61	42.04	60	PASS	-17.96
12.288	42.8	73	PASS	-30.2	42.67	60	PASS	-17.33

Table 8. Conducted Emissions Test Results, Phase Line

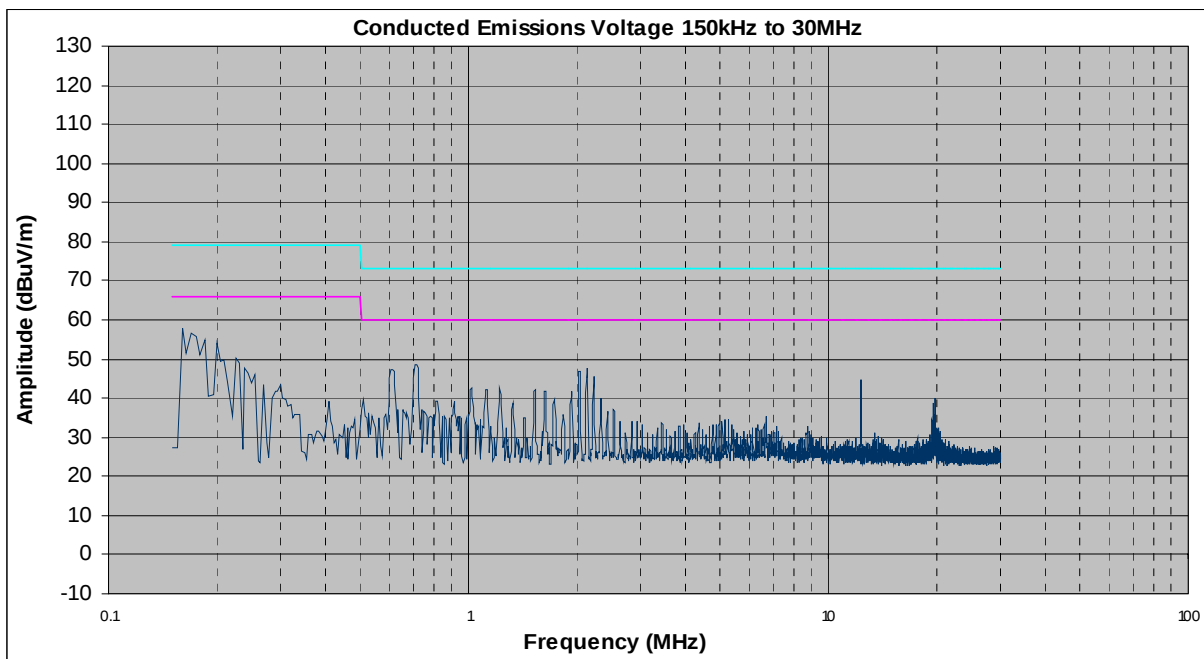




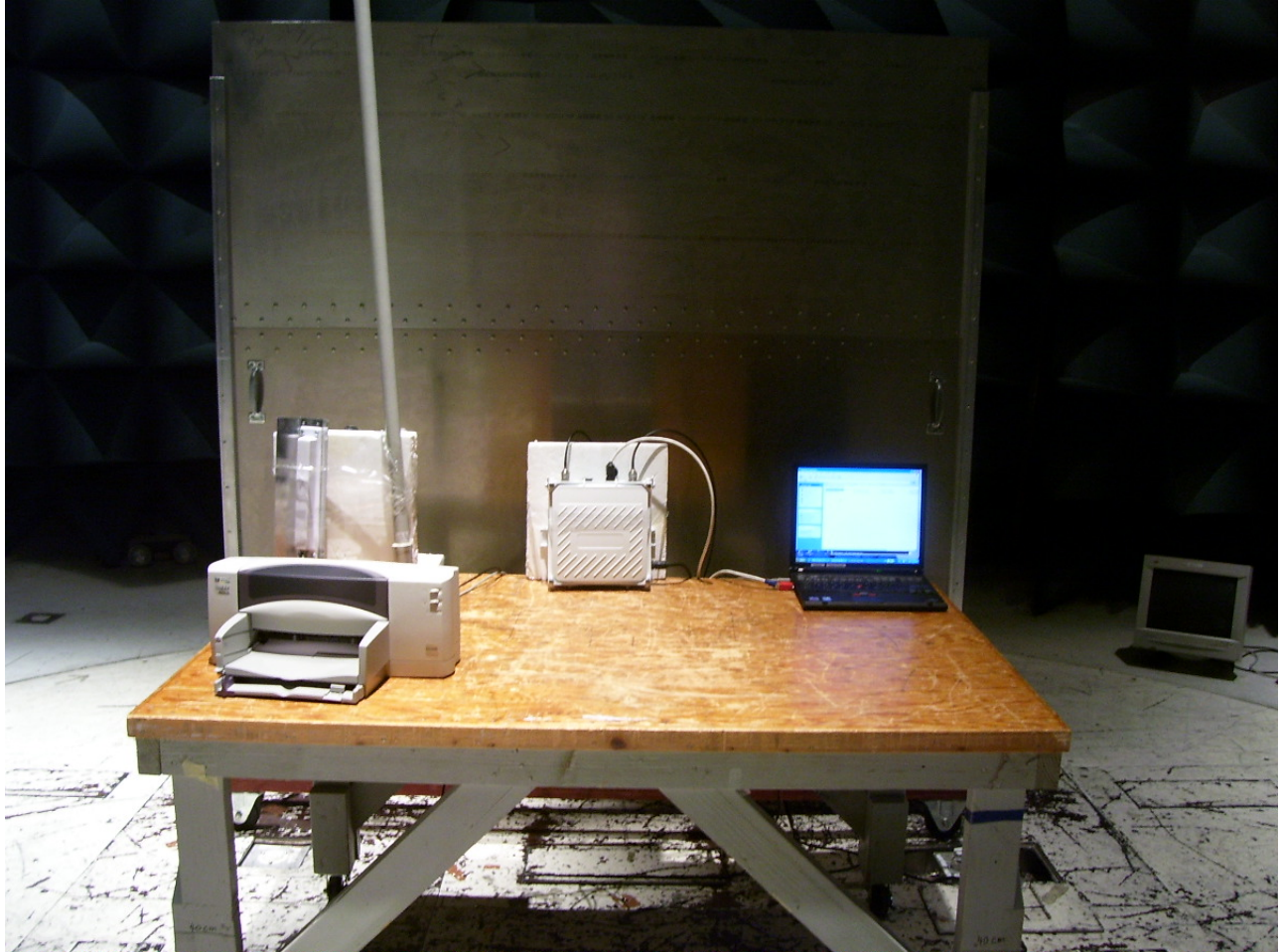
§ 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

Freq. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.202	45.13	79	PASS	-33.87	41.32	66	PASS	-24.68
0.711	46.9	73	PASS	-26.1	43.09	60	PASS	-16.91
2.228	42.48	73	PASS	-30.52	32.82	60	PASS	-27.18
12.287	43.16	73	PASS	-29.84	43.05	60	PASS	-16.95

Table 9. Conducted Emissions Test Results, Neutral Line



§ 15.107 Conducted Emissions Photographs



Photograph 2. Conducted Emissions Test Setup Photograph



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): **15.109 (a)** Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in **Error! Reference source not found..**

15.109 (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in **Error! Reference source not found..**

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m)	
	§ 15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dB μ V) @ 10m	§ 15.109 (a), Class B Limit (dB μ V) @ 3m
30 - 88	39.00	40.00
88 - 216	43.50	43.50
216 - 960	46.40	46.00
Above 960	49.50	54.00

Table 10. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15 Subpart B, 15.109 (a)(b)

Test Procedure:

- The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m high wooden table (See Photograph 3 & Photograph 4).
- Various antennas were placed near the EUT and measurements were taken of the field strengths and frequencies. For final radiated measurements, the EUT was placed in semi-anechoic chamber, and located 1 m and 3 m from an adjustable antenna mast.
- For pre-scanning, the spectrum analyzer scanned the frequency range from 30 MHz to 1 GHz to obtain an emission profile of the EUT. For each point of measurement, the turntable was rotated, and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m, in order to find the maximum radiated emissions.
- Measurements above 30 MHz were taken using the above procedures with the antenna in two polarizations: horizontal and vertical. Unless otherwise specified, measurements between 30 MHz and 1 GHz were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.
- For measurements above 1 GHz, a 1 MHz detector was used with either a "peak" detector or an "average" detector. In general, all radiated emissions above 1 GHz measurements were made with the average detector unless otherwise noted.

Test Results: The EUT was found to comply with the Radiated Emissions Limits of 15.109.

Test Engineer(s): Billy Kwan

Test Date(s): November 7, 2006



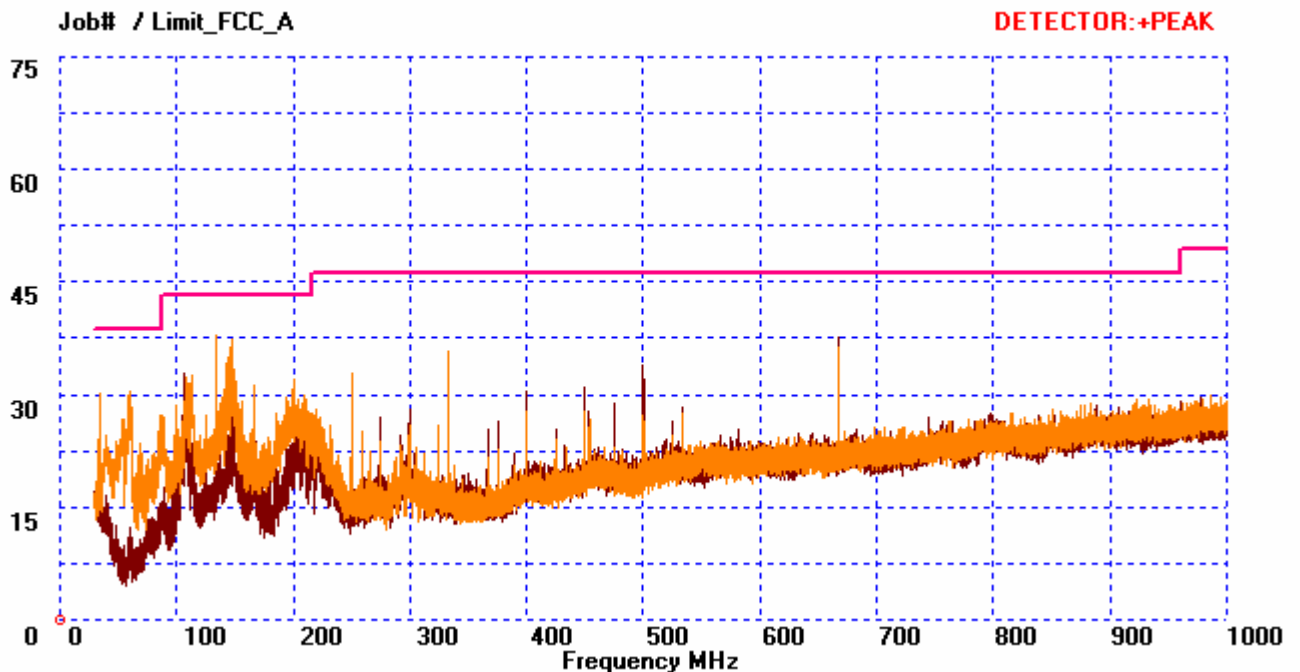
Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.209 Radiated Emissions Limits

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Height (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude QP Detector (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB/m) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
34.08	V	293	1	14.56	14.97	0.96	30.49	39.00	-8.51
60.24	V	270	2.57	24.44	5.90	1.28	31.63	39.00	-7.37
108.8	H	186	3.85	21.89	11.40	1.83	35.12	43.50	-8.38
133.32	V	154	1	24.77	11.63	2.07	38.48	43.50	-5.02
148.12	V	162	1.02	25.17	10.38	2.22	37.77	43.50	-5.73
666.68	H	105	1.44	17.25	19.10	4.86	41.21	46.40	-5.19

Table 11. 802.11a Radiated Emissions from 30 MHz – 1 GHz

Note: When transmit mode or receive mode were activated, there are no differences to emissions. For above 1 GHz measurement up to 5th harmonic of the highest operating frequency, emissions are noise floor during receive mode.





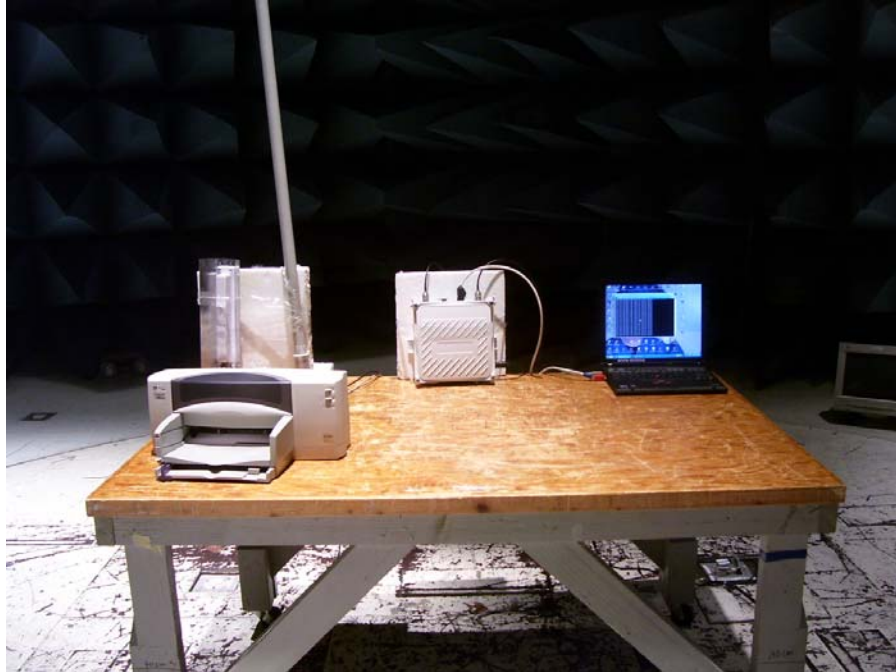
Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.209 Radiated Emissions Limits, 1GHz – 2GHz

Freq. (GHz)	Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Height (m)	Raw Amp. @ 3 m (Avg)	P.Amp (dB)	Ant. Cor. Factor (dB/m)	Cable Loss (dB)	Dist. Cor. Factor (dB)	EUT Field Strength Final Amp. (dBuV/m)	Limit per FCC pt.15 @ 3 m (dBuV/m)	Delta (dB)
1.067	185	V	1.3	53.27	35.17	24.99	2.18	10.46	34.81	49.5	-14.69
1.0675	232	H	1.5	50.87	35.17	24.53	2.18	10.46	31.94	49.5	-17.56
1.333	1.57	H	1.4	47.31	35.22	25.18	2.38	10.46	29.19	49.5	-20.31
1.333	120	V	1.1	47.31	35.22	25.82	2.38	10.46	29.83	49.5	-19.67
2	0	H	1	33.61	35.14	27.80	3.25	10.46	19.06	49.5	-30.44
2	0	V	1	33.61	35.14	28.40	3.25	10.46	19.66	49.5	-29.84

Table 12. Radiated Emissions Test Results, 1GHz – 2GHz

Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup



Photograph 3. Radiated Emission Limits, Test Setup, 30MHz – 1GHz



Photograph 4. Radiated Emission Limits, Test Setup, 1GHz- 2GHz



IV. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement:

§ 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results:

The EUT as tested meets the criteria of this rule by virtue of having professionally installed. The EUT is therefore compliant with §15.203.

Antennas		
Model No. / Gain	SPDG18T/13.2dBi	XPTX2412-QX/ 12dBi
Vendor	SuperPass	Newstar Antenna Co.,Ltd.



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): § 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Σ line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	56	46
0.5 - 30	60	50

Table 13. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Procedure: The EUT was placed on a 0.8 m-high wooden table inside a semi-anechoic chamber. The EUT was situated such that the back of the EUT was 0.4 m from one wall of the vertical ground plane, and the remaining sides of the EUT were no closer than 0.8 m from any other conductive surface. The EUT was powered from a 50 Ω /50 μ H Line Impedance Stabilization Network (LISN). The EMC receiver scanned the frequency range from 150 kHz to 30 MHz. Conducted Emissions measurements were made in accordance with ANSI C63.4-1992 "Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40 GHz". The measurements were performed over the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz using a 50 Ω /50 μ H LISN as the input transducer to an EMC/field intensity meter. The tests were conducted in a RF-shielded enclosure.

Test Results: The EUT was found to comply with the Conducted Emissions Limits for § 15.207.

Test Engineer(s): Billy Kwan

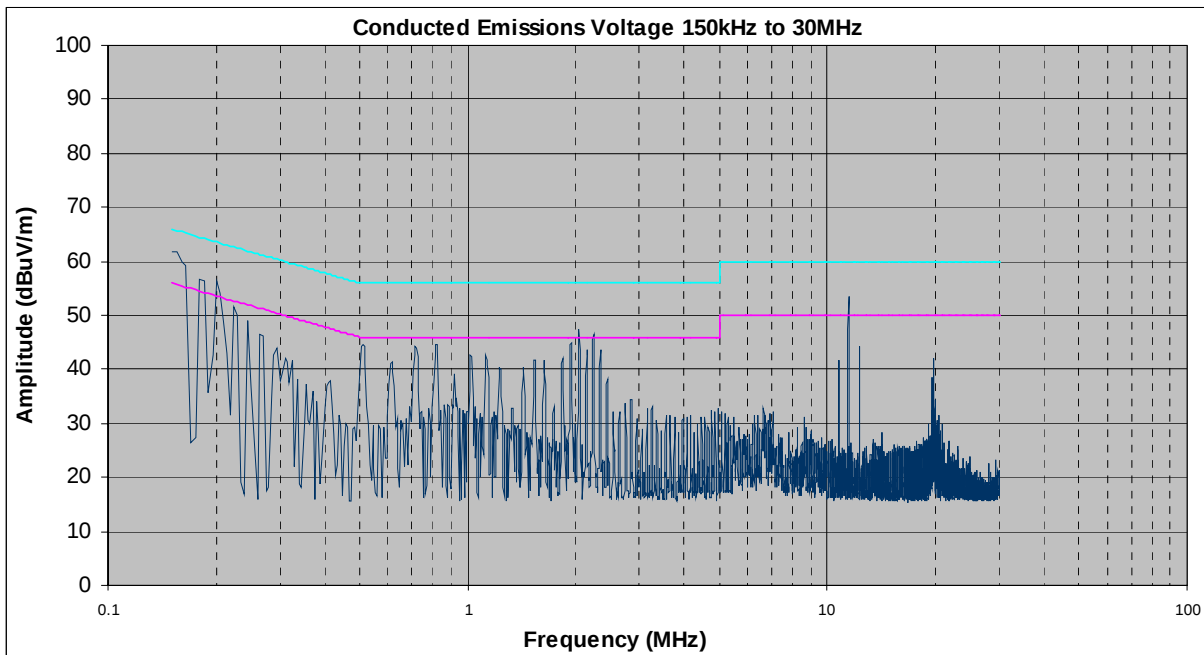
Test Date(s): November 7, 2006



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators § 15.207 Conducted Emissions Results

Freq. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.204	46.74	63.45	PASS	-16.71	40.67	53.45	PASS	-12.78
0.813	43.09	56	PASS	-12.91	39.33	46	PASS	-6.67
2.134	41.32	56	PASS	-14.68	33.01	46	PASS	-12.99
12.287	42.78	60	PASS	-17.22	42.61	50	PASS	-7.39

Table 14. Conducted Emissions Test Results, Phase Line

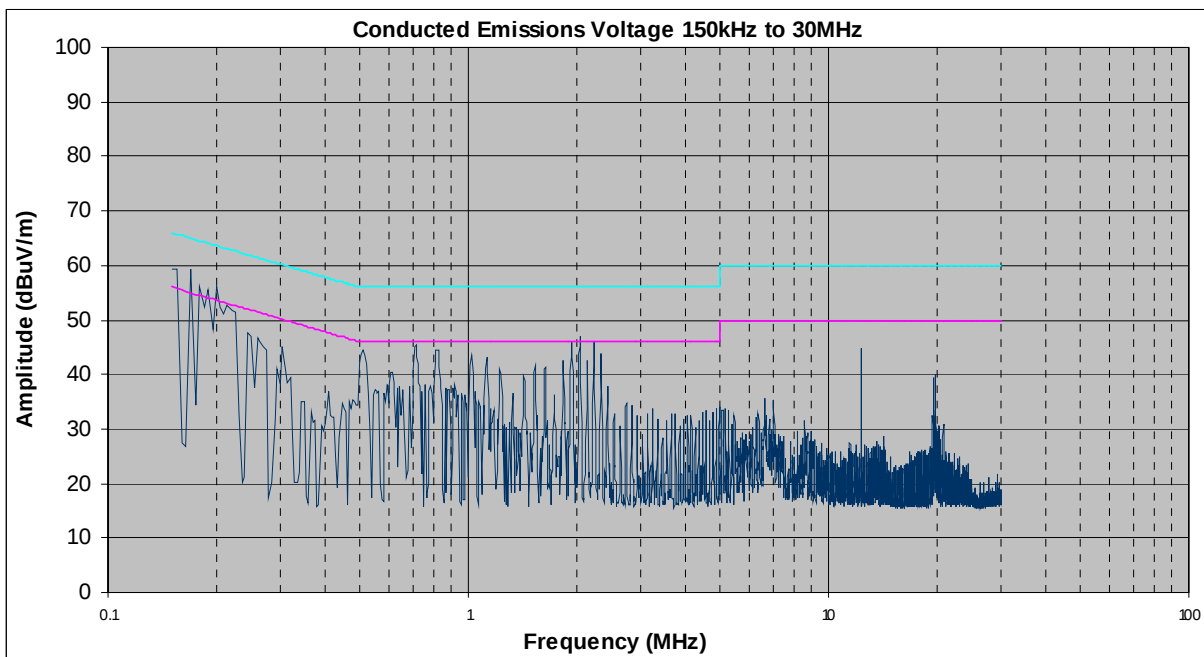




Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators § 15.207 Conducted Emissions Results

Freq. (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) QP	Limit (dBuV) QP	Results QP	Margin (dB) QP	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV) AVG	Limit (dBuV) AVG	Results AVG	Margin (dB) AVG
0.203	46.32	63.49	PASS	-17.17	40.41	53.49	PASS	-13.08
0.712	41.85	56	PASS	-14.15	37.97	46	PASS	-8.03
2.132	41.53	56	PASS	-14.47	33.37	46	PASS	-12.63
12.289	42.98	60	PASS	-17.02	42.71	50	PASS	-7.29

Table 15. Conducted Emissions Test Results, Neutral Line





Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(a) 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth

§ 15.403(c) 26dB Bandwidth

Test Requirements: § 15.247(a): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

§ 15.403 (c): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

Test Procedure: The transmitter was set to the mid channel at the highest output power and connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator and a directional coupler. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW approximately 1% of the total emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW. The 6 dB & 26dB Bandwidth was measured and recorded. The measurements were repeated at the low and high channels.

Test Results Equipment complies with § 15.247 (a) & § 15.407 (c).

Note: Refer to modularly approved FCC ID: NKRCM9 for measurement of occupied bandwidth.



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b), § 15. 407(a) (1), (2) Peak Power Output and RF Exposure

Test Requirements: §15.247(b), §15.407(a) (1), (2): The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (mW)
902-928	1000
2400-2483.5	1000
5725- 5850	1000

Table 16. Output Power Requirements from §15.247

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (mW)
5150-5250	50
5250-5350	250
5740-5825	1000

Table 17. Output Power Requirements from §15.407

§15.247(c): if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in the Table 16, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 2400 – 2483.5 MHz band may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Systems operating in the 5725 – 5850 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi without any corresponding reduction in transmitter peak output power.

Fixed, point-to-point operation excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omni-directional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.

§15.407(a) (1): For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz the peak transmit power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser 50mW or $4\text{dBm} + 10\log B$, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz.



§15.407(a) (2): For the band 5.25-5.35GHz the peak transmit power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250mW or $11\text{dBm} + 10\log B$, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz.

§15.407(a) (3): For the band 5.725-5.825 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 1 W or $17\text{ dBm} + 10\log B$, where B is the 26-dB emission bandwidth in MHz.

Test Procedure:

The transmitter was connected to a calibrated Power Meter. The EUT was measured at the low, mid and high channels of each band at a data rate which gave the maximum power level.



Test Results: Equipment complies with the Peak Power Output limits of § 15.247(b).

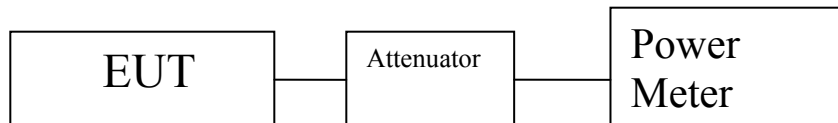
802.11b			
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Peak Output Power dBm	Measured Average Output Power dBm
Low	2412	17.56	15.07
Mid	2437	19.59	17.33
High	2462	17.98	15.47

802.11g			
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Peak Output Power dBm	Measured Average Output Power dBm
Low	2412	18.42	9.12
Mid	2437	20.00	11.43
High	2462	19.84	10.96

802.11a			
Carrier Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Peak Output Power dBm	Measured Average Output Power dBm
Low	5745	19.31	11.18
Mid	5785	19.78	12.54
High	5805	19.62	13.72

Test Engineer(s): Shawn McMillen

Test Date(s): November 7, 2006



Block Diagram 1. Peak Power Output Test Setup



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b), Peak Power Output and RF Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements: §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2): Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

RF Radiation Exposure Limit: §1.1310: As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter.

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ 2400-2483.5 MHz; highest conducted power = 20.00dBm (peak) therefore, **Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm² or 10 W/m²**

EUT maximum antenna gain = 12 dBi.

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG / 4\pi R^2 \quad \text{or} \quad R = \sqrt{PG / 4\pi S}$$

where, S = Power Density (1 mW/cm²)
P = Power Input to antenna (100mW)
G = Antenna Gain (15.84numeric)
R = Ratio (20cm)

$$S = (100 * 15.84 / 4 * 3.14 * 20^2) = (1584 / 5024) = 0.32 \text{ mW/cm}^2 @ 20\text{cm}$$



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions – Radiated and Conducted

Test Requirements: §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110-----	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
¹ 0.495–0.505-----	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905-----	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128-----	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775-----	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775-----	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218-----	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825-----	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225-----	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294-----	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366-----	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625–8.38675-----	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475-----	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293-----	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025-----	240–285	3345.8–3358.36	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725-----	322–335.4	3600–4400	(²)

Table 18. Restricted Bands of Operation

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 – 0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11b) SPDG18T Antenna

Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBμV)@ 3m	Preamplifier (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBμV)	Limit @ 3m (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4824.0	V	42.0	35.1	33.5	5.2	45.6	74.0	28.5	pk
4824.0	V	29.7	35.1	33.5	5.2	33.3	54.0	20.8	avg
7236.0	V	41.1	35.1	37.0	6.2	49.2	74.0	24.8	pk
7236.0	V	29.7	35.1	37.0	6.2	37.8	54.0	16.2	avg

Low Channel 2412MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBμV)@ 3m	Preamplifier (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBμV)	Limit @ 3m (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4874.0	V	41.7	35.1	33.5	5.2	45.3	74.0	28.8	pk
4874.0	V	29.8	35.1	33.5	5.2	33.4	54.0	20.7	avg
7311.0	V	41.7	35.1	37.0	6.2	49.8	74.0	24.2	pk
7311.0	V	29.4	35.1	37.0	6.2	37.5	54.0	16.5	avg

Mid Channel 2437MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBμV)@ 3m	Preamplifier (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBμV)	Limit @ 3m (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4924.0	V	43.1	35.1	33.5	5.2	46.7	74.0	27.4	pk
4924.0	V	33.5	35.1	33.5	5.2	37.1	54.0	17.0	avg
7386.0	V	42.5	35.1	37.0	6.2	50.6	74.0	23.4	pk
7386.0	V	29.8	35.1	37.0	6.2	37.9	54.0	16.1	avg

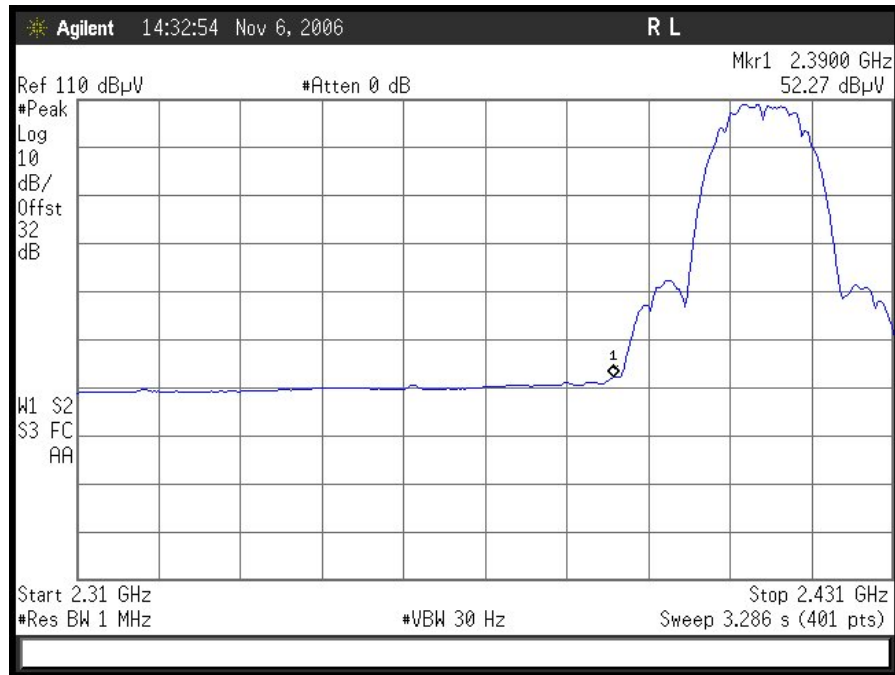
High Channel 2462MHz

Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer

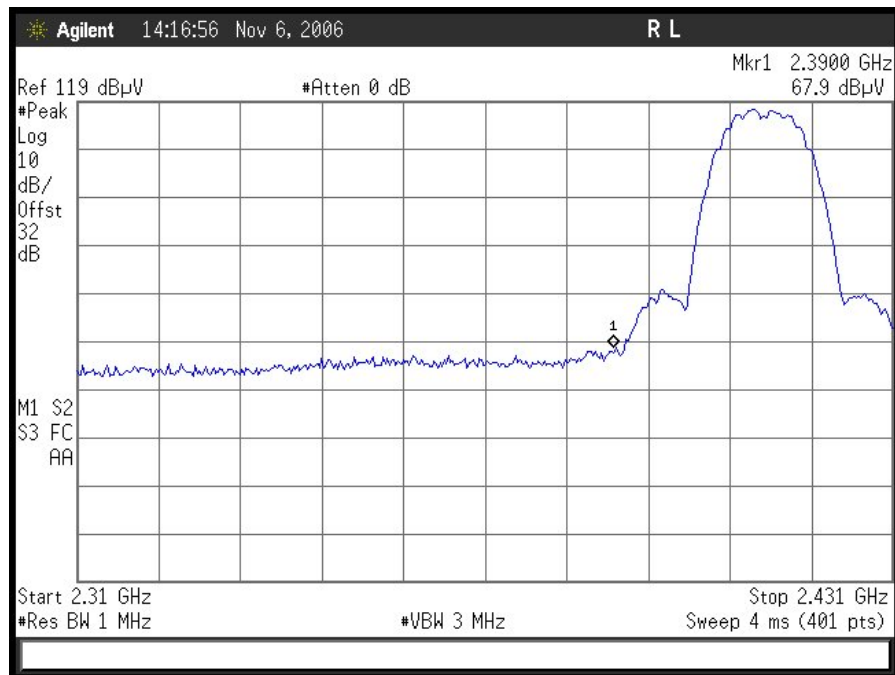


Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

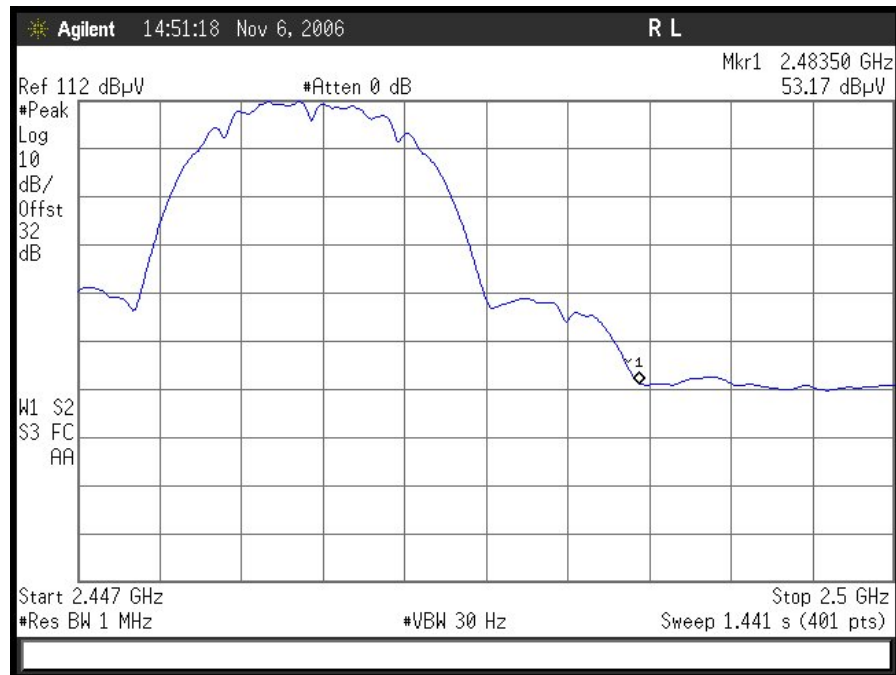
§ 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11b) SPDG18T Antenna



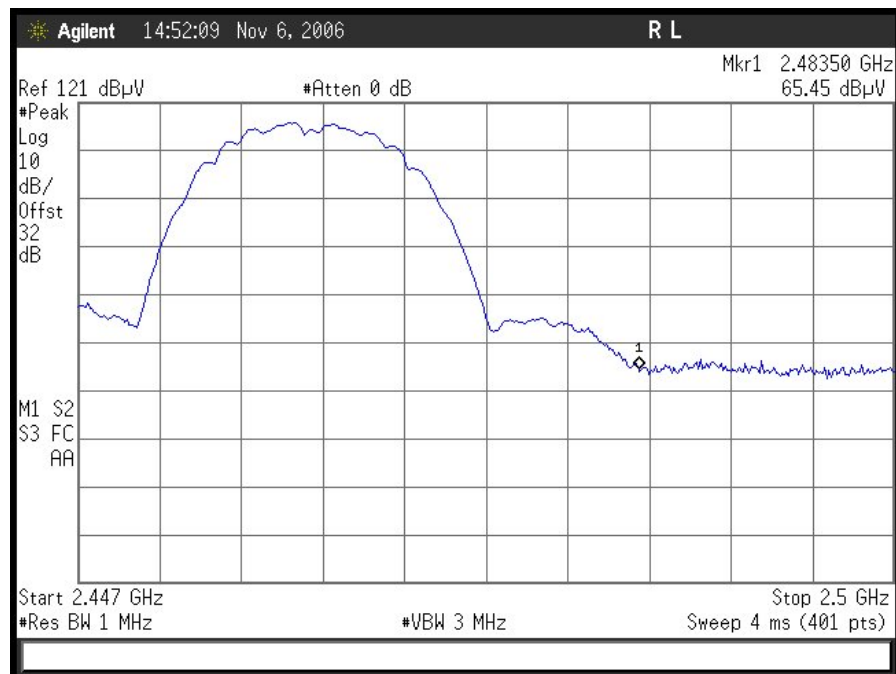
Restricted Band Low Band Edge (Avg)



Restricted Band Low Band Edge (Peak)



Restricted Band High Band Edge (Avg)



Restricted Band High Band Edge (Peak)



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11b) Omni Antenna

Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBμV)@ 3m	Preamplifier (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBμV)	Limit @ 3m (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4824.0	V	47.2	35.1	33.5	5.2	50.8	74.0	23.3	pk
4824.0	V	37.7	35.1	33.5	5.2	41.3	54.0	12.8	avg
7236.0	V	41.7	35.1	37.0	6.2	49.8	74.0	24.2	pk
7236.0	V	29.3	35.1	37.0	6.2	37.4	54.0	16.6	avg

Low Channel 2412MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBμV)@ 3m	Preamplifier (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBμV)	Limit @ 3m (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4874.0	V	43.2	35.1	33.5	5.2	46.8	74.0	27.3	pk
4874.0	V	33.1	35.1	33.5	5.2	36.7	54.0	17.4	avg
7311.0	V	40.9	35.1	37.0	6.2	49.0	74.0	25.0	pk
7311.0	V	29.4	35.1	37.0	6.2	37.5	54.0	16.5	avg

Mid Channel 2437MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBμV)@ 3m	Preamplifier (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBμV)	Limit @ 3m (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4924.0	V	43.1	35.1	33.5	5.2	46.7	74.0	27.4	pk
4924.0	V	34.1	35.1	33.5	5.2	37.7	54.0	16.4	avg
7386.0	V	47.6	35.1	37.0	6.2	55.7	74.0	18.3	pk
7386.0	V	34.3	35.1	37.0	6.2	42.4	54.0	11.6	avg

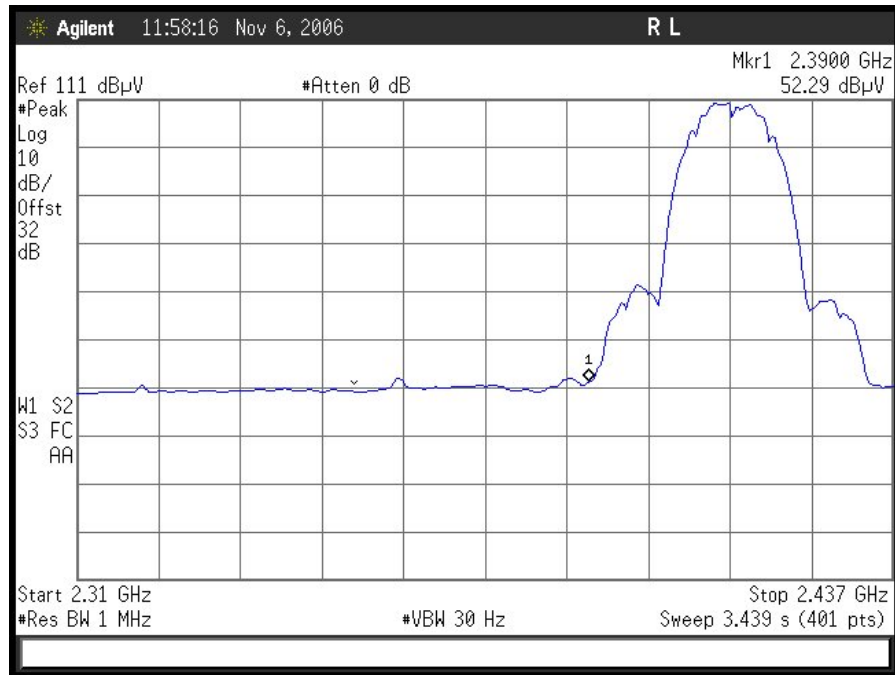
High Channel 2462MHz

Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer

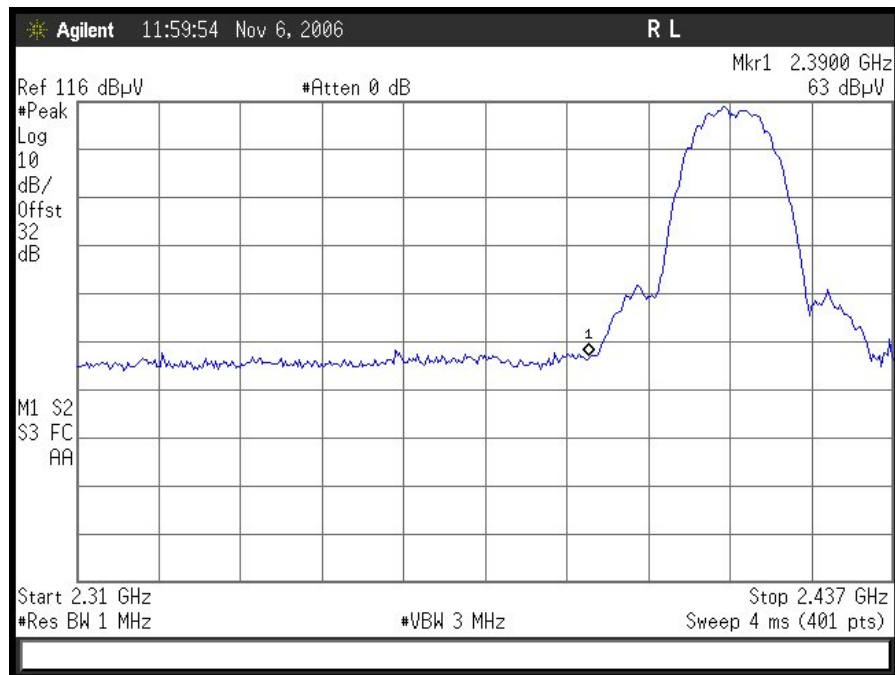


Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11b) Omni Antenna



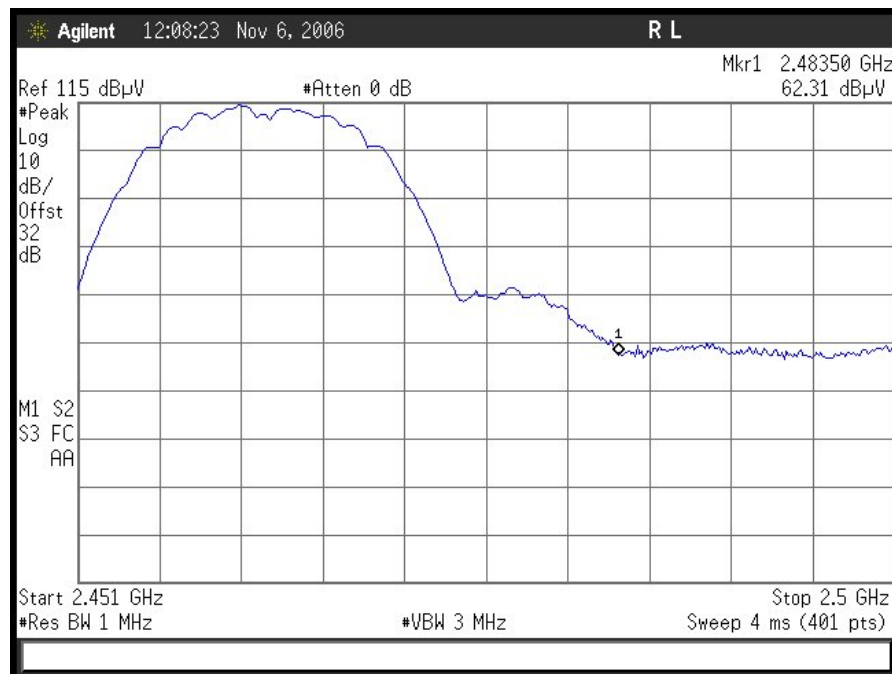
Restricted Band Low Band Edge (Avg)



Restricted Band Low Band Edge (Peak)



Restricted Band High Band Edge (Avg)



Restricted Band High Band Edge (Peak)



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11g) SPDG18T Antenna

Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBμV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBμV)	Limit @ 3m (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4824.0	V	42.1	35.1	33.5	5.2	45.7	74.0	28.4	pk
4824.0	V	30.7	35.1	33.5	5.2	34.3	54.0	19.8	avg
7236.0	V	40.2	35.1	37.0	6.2	48.3	74.0	25.7	pk
7236.0	V	29.8	35.1	37.0	6.2	37.9	54.0	16.1	avg

Low Channel 2412MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBμV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBμV)	Limit @ 3m (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4874.0	V	41.6	35.1	33.5	5.2	45.2	74.0	28.9	pk
4874.0	V	29.9	35.1	33.5	5.2	33.5	54.0	20.6	avg
7311.0	V	41.5	35.1	37.0	6.2	49.6	74.0	24.4	pk
7311.0	V	29.7	35.1	37.0	6.2	37.8	54.0	16.2	avg

Mid Channel 2437MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBμV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBμV)	Limit @ 3m (dBμV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4924.0	V	39.6	35.1	33.5	5.2	43.2	74.0	30.9	pk
4924.0	V	30.1	35.1	33.5	5.2	33.7	54.0	20.4	avg
7386.0	V	41.0	35.1	37.0	6.2	49.1	74.0	24.9	pk
7386.0	V	29.6	35.1	37.0	6.2	37.7	54.0	16.3	avg

High Channel 2462MHz

Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer

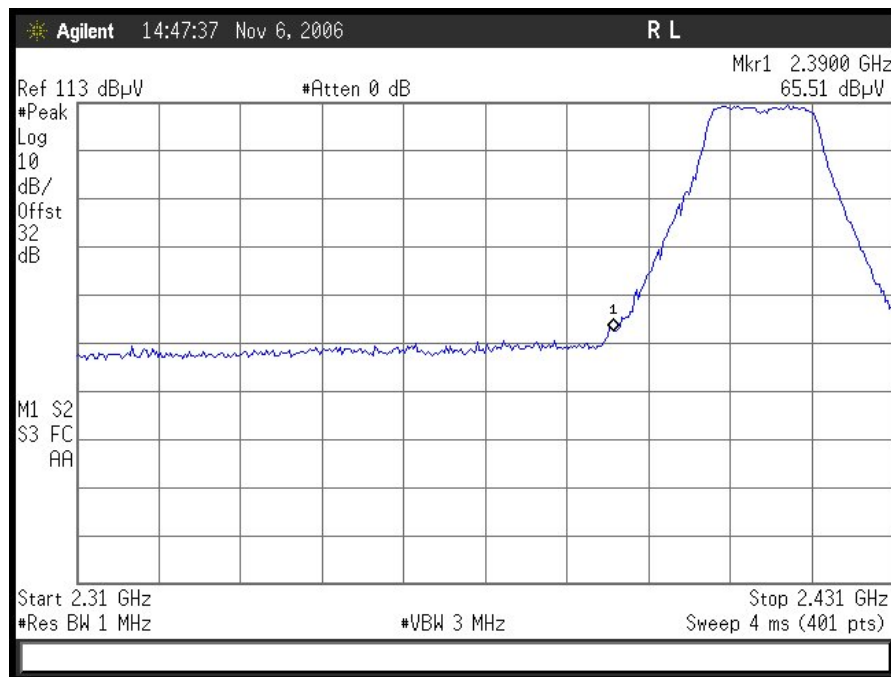


Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

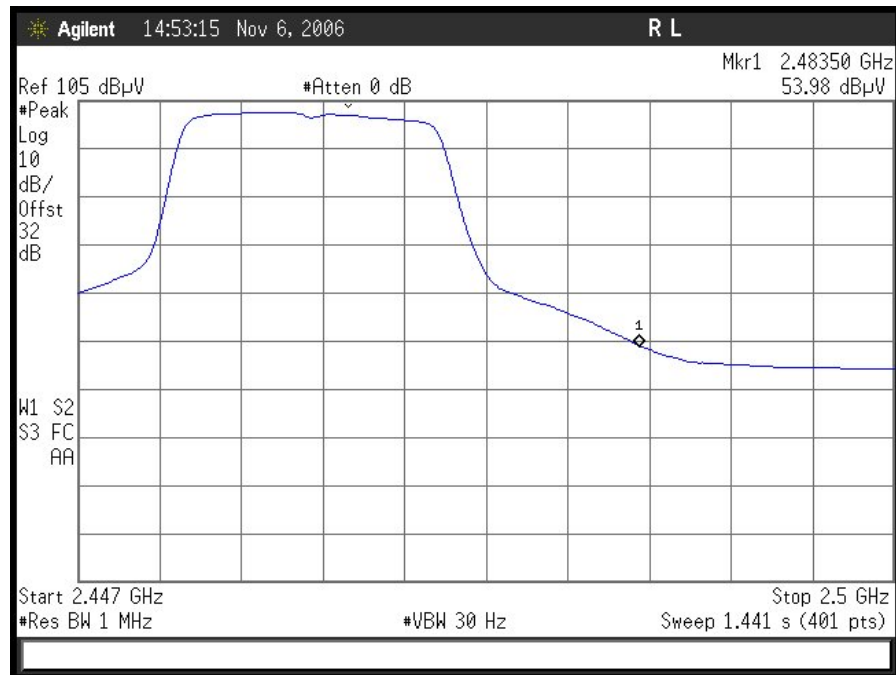
§ 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11g) SPDG18T Antenna



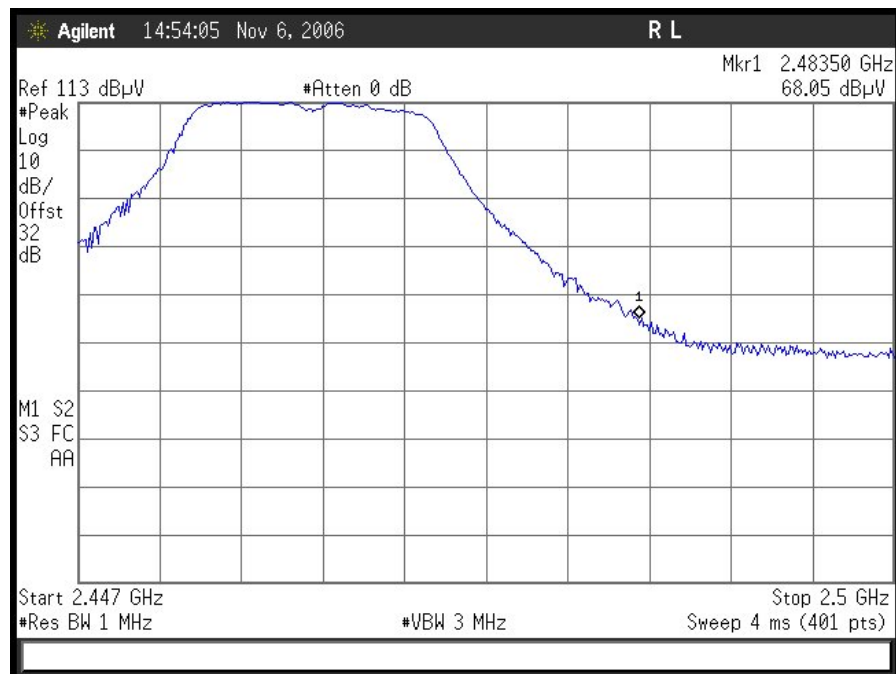
Restricted Band Low Band Edge (Avg)



Restricted Band Low Band Edge (Peak)



Restricted Band High Band Edge (Avg)



Restricted Band High Band Edge (Peak)



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11g) Omni Antenna

Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4824.0	V	43.7	35.1	33.5	5.2	47.3	74.0	26.8	pk
4824.0	V	31.4	35.1	33.5	5.2	35.0	54.0	19.1	avg
7236.0	V	42.5	35.1	37.0	6.2	50.6	74.0	23.4	pk
7236.0	V	29.7	35.1	37.0	6.2	37.8	54.0	16.2	avg

Low Channel 2412MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4874.0	V	42.1	35.1	33.5	5.2	45.7	74.0	28.4	pk
4874.0	V	30.2	35.1	33.5	5.2	33.8	54.0	20.3	avg
7311.0	V	46.2	35.1	37.0	6.2	54.3	74.0	19.7	pk
7311.0	V	29.7	35.1	37.0	6.2	37.8	54.0	16.2	avg

Mid Channel 2437MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Receive Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Uncorrected Field strength (dBµV)@ 3m	Preamp (dB)	Antenna Factor (dB)	Cable Loss (dB)	Corrected Field Strength @ 3m (dBµV)	Limit @ 3m (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Measurement Type
4924.0	V	42.0	35.1	33.5	5.2	45.6	74.0	28.5	pk
4924.0	V	30.5	35.1	33.5	5.2	34.1	54.0	20.0	avg
7386.0	V	47.1	35.1	37.0	6.2	55.2	74.0	18.8	pk
7386.0	V	34.5	35.1	37.0	6.2	42.6	54.0	11.4	avg

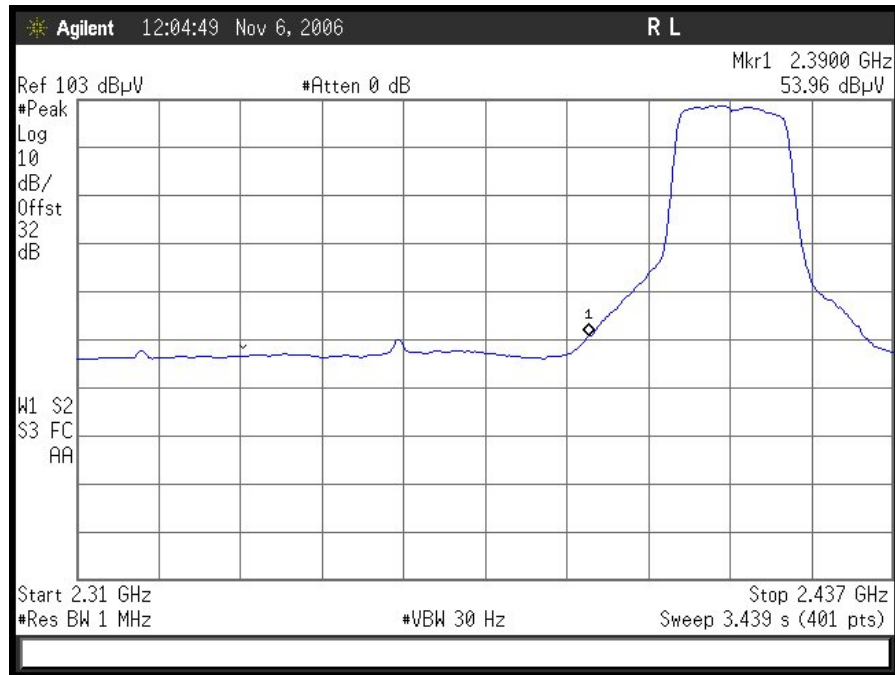
High Channel 2462MHz

Note: All other emissions were measured at the noise floor of the spectrum analyzer

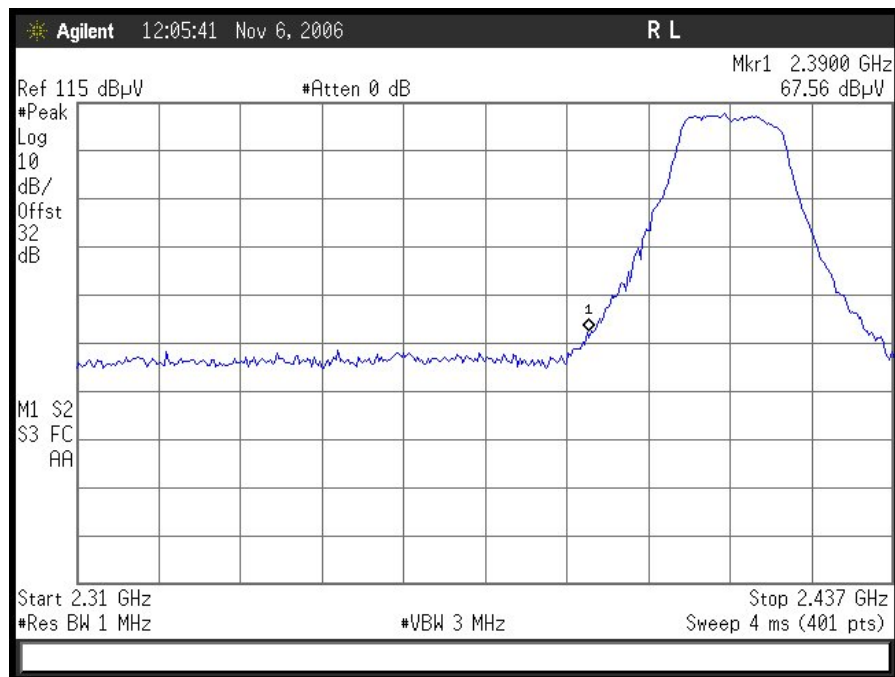


Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

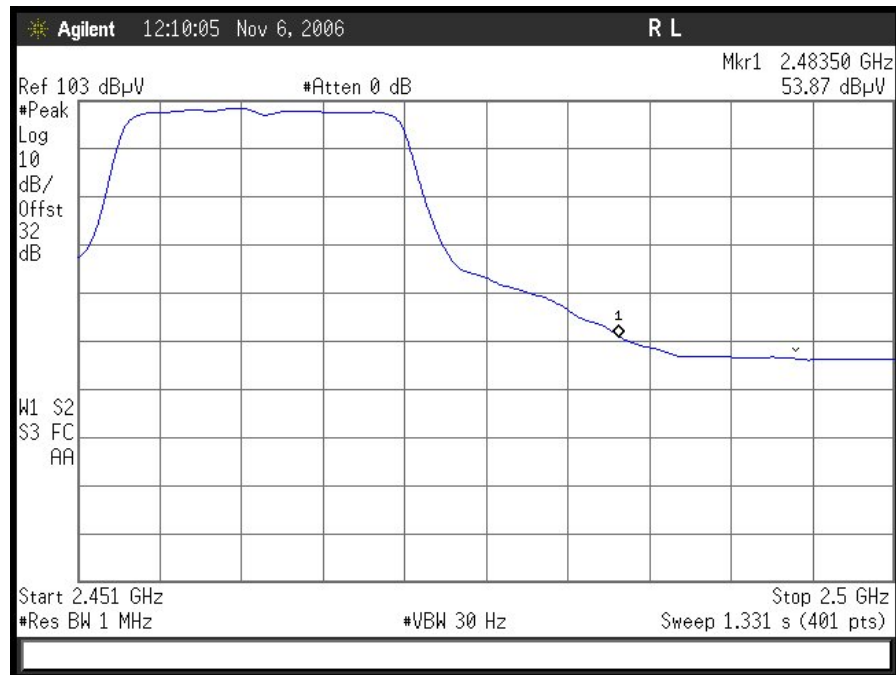
§ 15.247(d) Harmonic Emissions Requirements – Radiated (802.11g) Omni Antenna



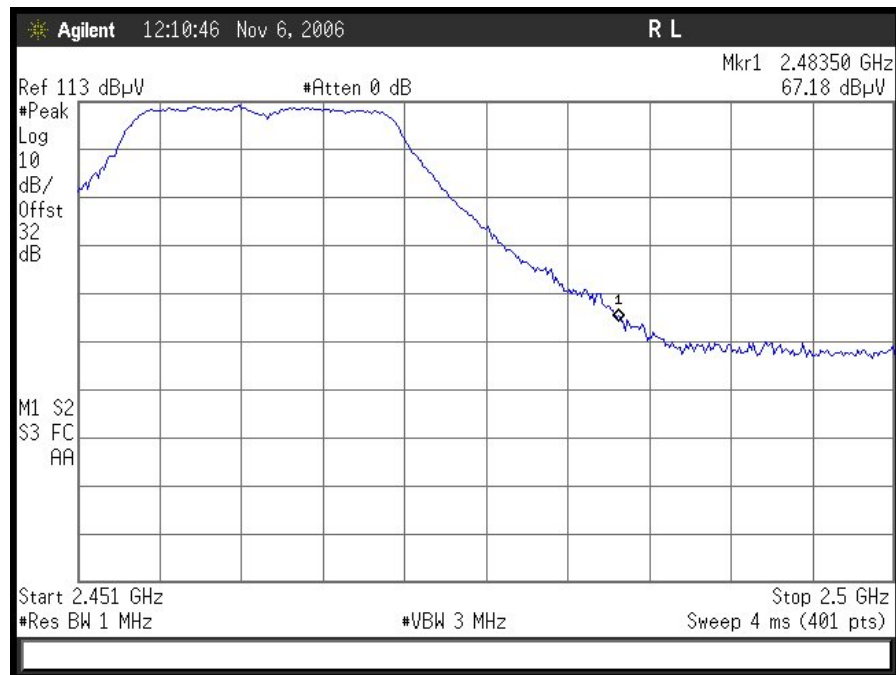
Restricted Band Low Band Edge (Avg)



Restricted Band Low Band Edge (Peak)



Restricted Band Low Band Edge (Avg)



Restricted Band Low Band Edge (Peak)



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.407 Harmonic Emissions Requirements

Frequency	Polarization	Spectrum Analyzer	Signal Generator	Cable Loss	Tx Ant. Gain	EIRP	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	V/H	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
11490	V	SNF	-	-	-	-	-	-
17235	V	SNF	-	-	-	-	-	-
Low channel 5745MHz								
Frequency	Polarization	Spectrum Analyzer	Signal Generator	Cable Loss	Tx Ant. Gain	EIRP	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	V/H	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
11530	V	SNF	-	-	-	-	-	-
17295	V	SNF	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mid Channel 5785MHz								
Frequency	Polarization	Spectrum Analyzer	Signal Generator	Cable Loss	Tx Ant. Gain	EIRP	Limit	Margin
(MHz)	V/H	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)	(dBi)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dB)
11610	V	SNF	-	-	-	-	-	-
17415	V	SNF	-	-	-	-	-	-
High Channel 5805MHz								

Note: No emissions were detected.



Photograph 3. Test Equipment and setup for various Radiated Measurements



Photograph 5. Test Equipment and setup for various Radiated Measurements



Photograph 6. Test Equipment and setup for various Radiated Measurements



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Spurious Emissions Requirements –RF Conducted

Test Procedure: For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

For frequencies 1-18GHz, measurements were made at coupler port of a 20dB directional coupler. The output of the coupler was terminated by a 50Ω load. For frequencies 18-40GHz a HP11970A and HP11970K harmonic mixer was used. Each harmonic mixer was fed with a SMA to wave guide adapter.

Test Results: Equipment complies with the Spurious Emissions Requirements – Radiated and RF Conducted limits of § 15.247 (d). For Radiated Emissions result, refer to section “§15.209: Radiated Emission Limits”. See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions and §15.205.

Note: Refer to modularly approved FCC ID: NKRCM9 for measurement of Conducted spurious Emissions.



Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

Test Requirements: §15.247(e): For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through a directional couple. The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Peak Power Meter. The power level was set to the maximum level. The RBW was set to 3 kHz with a VRB at 3*RBW. The spectrum analyzer was set to sweep over a 100 second interval. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.

Test Results: Equipment complies with the peak power spectral density limits of § 15.247 (e). The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

Note: Refer to modularly approved FCC ID: NKRCM9 for measurement of Peak Power Spectral Density.



IV. Test Equipment



Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1S2421	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESIB 7	2/9/2006	2/9/2007
1S2184	BILOG ANTENNA	CHASE	CBL6112A	1/12/2006	1/12/2007
1S2121	PRE-AMPLIFIER	HEWLETT PACKARD	8449B	10/27/2005	11/14/2006
1S2198	ANTENNA, HORN	EMCO	3115	08/17/2006	08/17/2007
1S2202	ANTENNA, HORN, 1 METER	EMCO	3116	3/23/2004	3/23/2007
N/A	HIGH PASS FILTER	MICRO-TRONICS	HPM13146	SEE NOTE	
1S2263	CHAMBER, 10 METER	RANTEC	N2-14	08/15/2006	08/15/2007
1S2430	WIDEBAND POWER METER	ANRITSU COMPANY	ML2488A	1/12/2006	1/12/2007
1S2432	WIDEBAND POWER SENSOR	ANRITSU COMPANY	MA2491A	1/12/2006	1/12/2007
1S2034	COUPLER, DIRECTIONAL 1-20 GHz	KRYTAR	101020020	SEE NOTE	
1S2041	COUPLER, BI DIRECTIONAL COAXIAL	NARDA	N/A	SEE NOTE	
1S2460	Analyzer, Spectrum 9 kHz-40GHz	Agilent	E4407B	07/06/2005	07/06/2008
1S2430	WIDEBAND POWER METER	ANRITSU COMPANY	ML2488A	1/12/2006	1/12/2007
1S2432	WIDEBAND POWER SENSOR	ANRITSU COMPANY	MA2491A	1/12/2006	1/12/2007
1S2034	COUPLER, DIRECTIONAL 1-20 GHz	KRYTAR	101020020	SEE NOTE	
1S2041	COUPLER, BI DIRECTIONAL COAXIAL	NARDA	N/A	SEE NOTE	
1S2128	Harmonic Mixer	Hewlett Packard	11970A	10/26/2006	10/26/2007
1S2129	Harmonic Mixer	Hewlett Packard	11970K	10/26/2006	10/26/2007

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.



V. Certification & User's Manual Information



Certification & User's Manual Information

A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) *The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.*
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or pre-production stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.



- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
- (i) *Compliance testing;*
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.



Certification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.¹ *In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.*
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.



Certification & User's Manual Information

§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
 - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
 - (i) *If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.*
 - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
 - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.



Certification & User's Manual Information

Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

(a) *In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:*

- (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

- (2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

- (3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.

- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.



Verification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

- (a) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



End of Report