

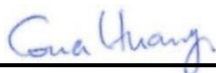
HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY RF EMISSIONS TEST REPORT

FCC ID : UZ7TC77HL
Equipment : Touch computer
Brand Name : Zebra
Model Name : TC77HL
M-Rating : M3
Applicant : Zebra Technologies Corporation
1 Zebra Plaza Holtsville, NY 11742
Manufacturer : Zebra Technologies Corporation
1 Zebra Plaza Holtsville, NY 11742
Standard : FCC 47 CFR §20.19
ANSI C63.19-2011

The product was received on Jul. 25, 2018 and testing was started from Aug. 21, 2018 and completed on Aug. 21, 2018. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures and has been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by TAF or any agency of government.

The test results in this variant report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.



Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory
No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)



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History of this test report

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA872506-03A	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Oct. 05, 2018

**1. General Information**

Product Feature & Specification	
Applicant Name	Zebra Technologies Corporation
Equipment Name	Touch computer
Brand Name	Zebra
Model Name	TC77HL
FCC ID	UZ7TC77HL
HW Version	DV
SW Version	Android version 8.1.0
FW Version	91-09-14.00-OG-U00-STD
MFD	06JUL18
Test Date	2018/08/21
Frequency Band	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 12: 699.7 MHz ~ 715.3 MHz LTE Band 13: 779.5 MHz ~ 784.5 MHz LTE Band 14: 790.5 MHz ~ 795.5 MHz LTE Band 17: 706.5 MHz ~ 713.5 MHz LTE Band 25: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1914.3 MHz LTE Band 26: 814.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz LTE Band 41: 2498.5 MHz ~ 2687.5 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1779.3 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5180 MHz ~ 5240 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz WLAN 5.5GHz Band: 5500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5745 MHz ~ 5825 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz NFC: 13.56 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS/DTM AMR / RMC 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM 802.11a/b/g/n/ac HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80 Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE NFC:ASK

Reviewed by: Jason Wang**Report Producer: Wan Liu**

Specification of Accessories				
AC Adapter	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	PWR-BUA5V16W0WW
4 PIN DC power cable	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	CBL-DC-383A1-01
AC Power cable	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	50-16000-182R
Snap-On USB/Charge Cable	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	CBL-TC7X-USB1-01
Snap-On Charging Cable Cup	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	CHG-TC7X-CBL1-01
Battery 1	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	BT-000318-01
Battery 2 (Falcon 1S3P Battery Pack)	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	BT-000318-51
Battery 3	Brand Name	Symbol	Part Number	82-171249-02
Earphone 1	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	HDST-35MM-PTVP-01
Earphone 2	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	HS2100-OTH
Snap-on 3.5MM Audio Jack Adapter	Brand Name	Symbol	Part Number	ADP-TC7X-AUD35-01
3.5mm Jack 43"(1.1m) Standard Cable	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	CBL-HS2100-3MS1-01
Soft Holster	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	SG-TC7X-HLSTR1-02
Rigid Holster	Brand Name	Zebra	Part Number	SG-TC7X-RHLSTR1-01

Remark:

1. There are three battery option, for RF emission evaluation is selected battery1 as the main test, others battery option choose worst air interface to be tested.



2. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
Test Site Location	No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: SAR04-HY

3. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19-2011
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v03
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01

4. RF Audio Interference Level

FCC wireless hearing aid compatibility rules ensure that consumers with hearing loss are able to access wireless communications services through a wide selection of handsets without experiencing disabling radio frequency (RF) interference or other technical obstacles.

To define and measure the hearing aid compatibility of handsets, in CFR47 part 20.19 ANSI C63.19 is referenced. A handset is considered hearing aid-compatible for acoustic coupling if it meets a rating of at least M3 under ANSI C63.19, and A handset is considered hearing aid compatible for inductive coupling if it meets a rating of at least T3. According to ANSI C63.19 2011 version, for acoustic coupling, the RF electric field emissions of wireless communication devices should be measured and rated according to the emission level as below.

Emission Categories	E-field emissions	
	<960Mhz	>960Mhz
M1	50 to 55 dB (V/m)	40 to 45 dB (V/m)
M2	45 to 50 dB (V/m)	35 to 40 dB (V/m)
M3	40 to 45 dB (V/m)	30 to 35 dB (V/m)
M4	<40 dB (V/m)	<30 dB (V/m)

Table 5.1 Telephone near-field categories in linear units



5. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band MHz	Type	C63.19 Tested	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
GSM	EDGE850	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	EDGE1900			WLAN, BT	/ WFC ^(1,2)	No
WCDMA	850 HSPA	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	1750 HSPA			WLAN, BT	/ WFC ^(1,2)	No
	1900 HSPA			WLAN, BT	/ WFC ^(1,2)	No
LTE (FDD)	Band 2	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾ / WFC ^(1,2)	No
	Band 4			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 12			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 13			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 14			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 17			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 25			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 26			WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			WLAN, BT		No
LTE (TDD)	Band 38	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	Band 41			WLAN, BT	/ WFC ^(1,2)	No
Wi-Fi	2450	VD	No ⁽¹⁾	GSM,WCDMA,LTE	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾ / WFC ^(1,2)	No
	5200			GSM,WCDMA,LTE		No
	5300			GSM,WCDMA,LTE		No
	5500			GSM,WCDMA,LTE		No
	5800			GSM,WCDMA,LTE		No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM,WCDMA,LTE	NA	No
Type Transport: VO= Voice only DT= Digital Transport only (no voice) VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport						
Remark: 1. The air interface is exempted from testing by low power exemption that its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤17 dBm, and is rated as M4. 2. The Workforce Connect (WFC) is an over-the-top (OTT) – voice services operating over IP, and this voice application was development and pre-installed on a wireless handset by the Zebra Technologies Corporation. 3. This is a variant report to add VoIP evaluation for TC77HL, other CMRS Voice and VoLTE evaluation please refer to Sporton HAC report, FCC ID: UZ7TC77HL, Report No.: HA872506A.						

6. Measurement System Specification

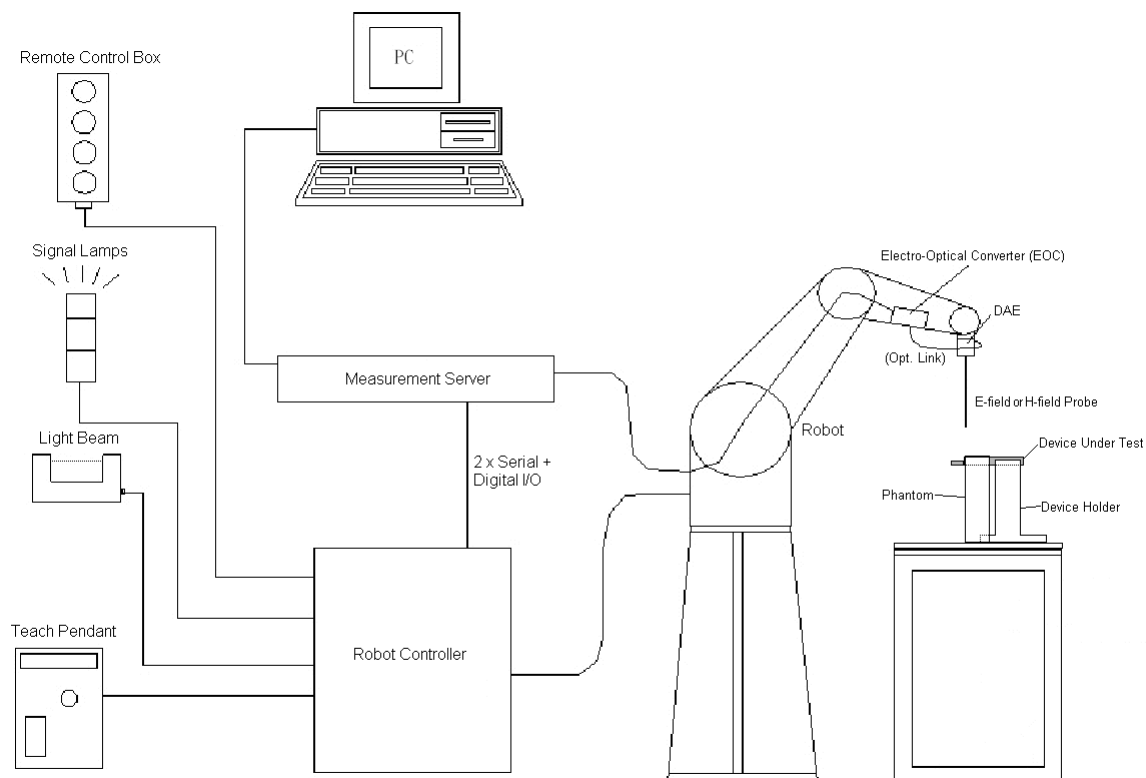


Fig 5.1 System Configurations

6.1 E-Field Probe System

E-Field Probe Specification

<ER3DV6>

Construction	One dipole parallel, two dipoles normal to probe axis Built-in shielding against static charges
Calibration	In air from 100 MHz to 3.0 GHz (absolute accuracy $\pm 6.0\%$, $k=2$)
Frequency	100 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 2.0 dB (100 MHz to 3 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in air (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.4 dB in air (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	2 V/m to 1000 V/m (M3 or better device readings fall well below diode compression point)
Linearity	± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 16 mm) Tip diameter: 8 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.5 mm



Fig 5.2 Photo of E-field Probe

Probe Tip Description:

HAC field measurements take place in the close near field with high gradients. Increasing the measuring distance from the source will generally decrease the measured field values (in case of the validation dipole approx. 10% per mm).

6.2 Data Storage and Evaluation

The DASYS software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files.

Probe parameters :	- Sensitivity	Norm _i , a _{i0} , a _{i1} , a _{i2}
	- Conversion factor	ConvF _i
	- Diode compression point	dcp _i
Device parameters :	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters :	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

The formula for each channel can be given as :

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated :

$$\text{E-field Probes : } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$ for E-field Probes
 ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
 f = carrier frequency [GHz]
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude) :

$$E_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.



7. RF Emissions Test Procedure

Referenced from ANSI C63.19 -2011 section 5.5.1

- a. Confirm the proper operation of the field probe, probe measurement system, and other instrumentation and the positioning system.
- b. Position the WD in its intended test position.
- c. Set the WD to transmit a fixed and repeatable combination of signal power and modulation characteristic that is representative of the worst case (highest interference potential) encountered in normal use. Transiently occurring start-up, changeover, or termination conditions, or other operations likely to occur less than 1% of the time during normal operation, may be excluded from consideration.
- d. The center sub-grid shall be centered on the T-Coil mode perpendicular measurement point or the acoustic output, as appropriate. Locate the field probe at the initial test position in the 50 mm by 50 mm grid, which is contained in the measurement plane, refer to illustrated in Figure 8.2. If the field alignment method is used, align the probe for maximum field reception.
- e. Record the reading at the output of the measurement system.
- f. Scan the entire 50 mm by 50 mm region in equality spaced increments and record the reading at each measurement point, The distance between measurement points shall be sufficient to assure the identification of the maximum reading.
- g. Identify the five contiguous sub-grids around the center sub-grid whose maximum reading is the lowest of all available choices. This eliminates the three sub-grids with the maximum readings. Thus, the six areas to be used to determine the WD's highest emissions are identified.
- h. Identify the maximum reading within the non-excluded sub-grids identified in step g).
- i. Indirect measurement method
- j. The RF audio interference level in dB (V/m) is obtained by adding the MIF (in dB) to the maximum steady-state rms field-strength reading, in dB (V/m)
- k. Compare this RF audio interference level with the categories in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 8 and record the resulting WD category rating.
- l. For the T-Coil perpendicular measurement location is ≥ 5.0 mm from the center of the acoustic output, then two different 50 mm by 50 mm areas may need to be scanned, the first for the microphone mode assessment and the second for the T-Coil assessment.
- m. The second for the T-Coil assessment, with the grid shifted so that it is centered on the perpendicular measurement point. Record the WD category rating.

Test Instructions

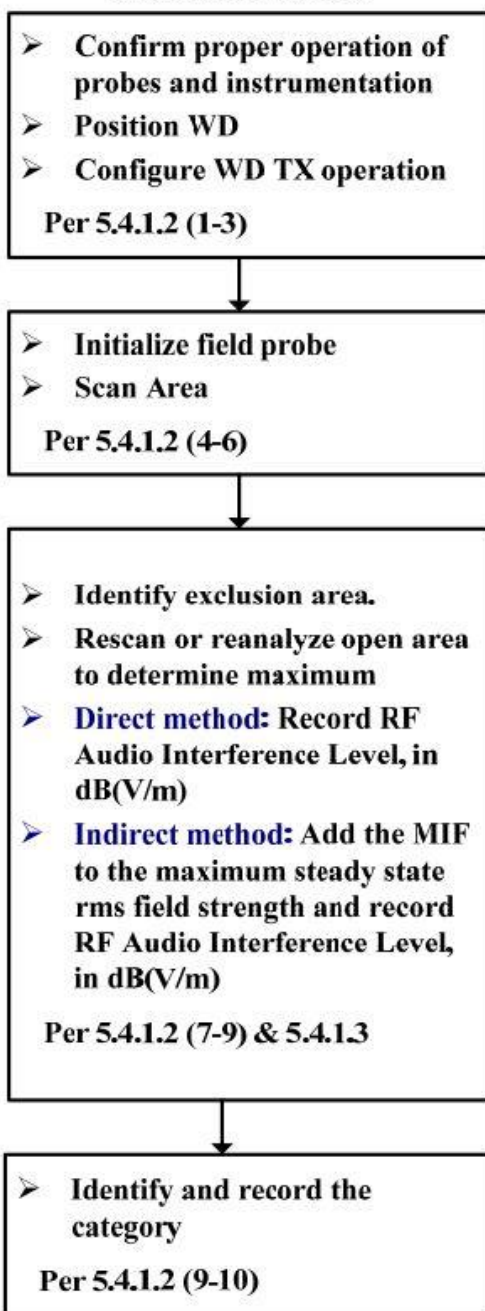


Figure 8.1 RF Emissions Flow Chart

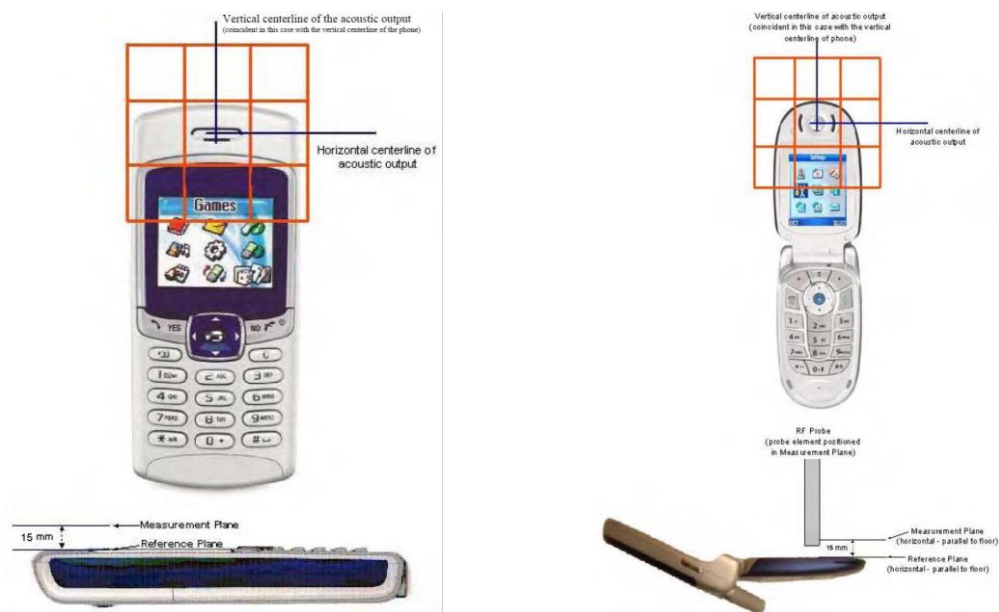


Fig 8.2 EUT reference and plane for HAC RF emission measurements

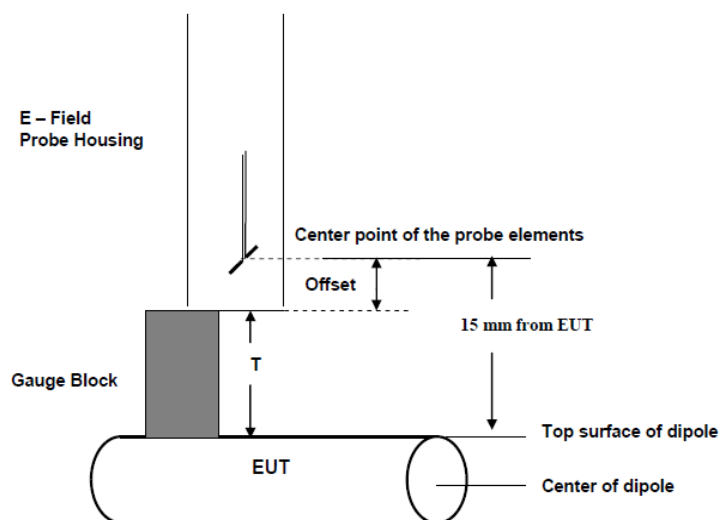


Fig. 8.3 Gauge block with E-field probe

**8. Test Equipment List**

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	2450MHz Calibration Dipole	CD2450V3	1186	Jan. 09, 2018	Jan. 08, 2019
SPEAG	5500Mhz Calibration Dipole	CD5500V3	1009	Jan. 09, 2018	Jan. 08, 2019
SPEAG	Isotropic E-Field Probe	EF3DV3	4053	Mar. 19, 2018	Mar. 18, 2019
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Sep. 25, 2017	Sep. 24, 2018
Gencom	Thermometer	TE1	TM685-1	Mar. 16, 2018	Mar. 15, 2019
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positoiner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
R&S	Base Station	CMW500	115793	May. 24, 2018	May. 23, 2019
Anritsu	Signal Generator	MG3710A	6201502524	Dec. 07, 2017	Dec. 06, 2018
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	May. 18, 2018	May. 19, 2019
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339124	May. 18, 2018	May. 19, 2019
ATM	Dual Directional Coupler	C122H-10	P610410z-02	NCR	NCR
Woken	Attenuator	WK0602-XX	N/A	NCR	NCR
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	D120604	Mar. 12, 2018	Mar. 11, 2019
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	QA1344002	Mar. 12, 2018	Mar. 11, 2019

Note:

1. NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

9. Measurement System Validation

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the test Arch and a corresponding distance holder.

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal HAC measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

<Test Setup>

1. In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator.
2. The center point of the probe element(s) is 15mm from the closest surface of the dipole elements.
3. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the arch phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:
4. The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 20dBm (100mW) before dipole is connected.

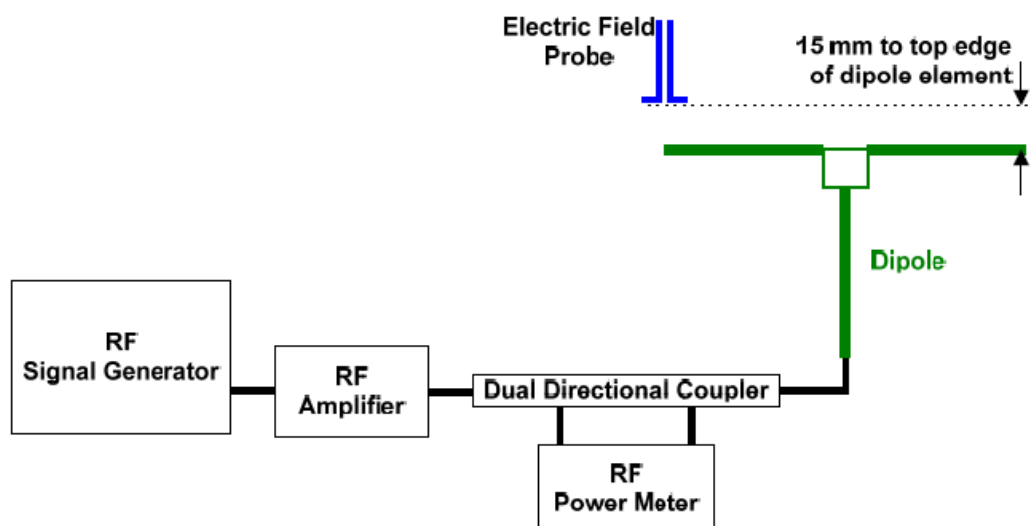


Fig. 7.1 Setup Diagram

<Validation Results>

Comparing to the original E-field value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 25 %. Table 6.1 shows the target value and measured value. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to appendix A of this report.

Deviation = ((Average E-field Value) - (Target value)) / (Target value) * 100%

Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (dBm)	Target Value (V/m)	E-Field above high end (V/m)	E-Field above low end (V/m)	Average Value (V/m)	Deviation (%)	Date
2450	20	87.3	88.82	90.63	89.725	2.78	Aug 21, 2018
5500	20	92.3	93.29	90.97	92.13	-0.18	Aug 21, 2018

10. Modulation Interference Factor

The HAC Standard ANSI C63.19-2011 defines a new scaling using the Modulation Interference Factor (MIF). For any specific fixed and repeatable modulated signal, a modulation interference factor (MIF, expressed in dB) may be developed that relates its interference potential to its steady-state rms signal level or average power level. This factor is a function only of the audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristics of the signal and is the same for field-strength and conducted power measurements. It is important to emphasize that the MIF is valid only for a specific repeatable audio-frequency amplitude modulation characteristic. Any change in modulation characteristic requires determination and application of a new MIF.

The Modulation Interference factor (MIF, in dB) is added to the measured average E-field (in dBV/m) and converts it to the RF Audio Interference level (in dBV/m). This level considers the audible amplitude modulation components in the RF E-field. CW fields without amplitude modulation are assumed to not interfere with the hearing aid electronics. Modulations without time slots and low fluctuations at low frequencies have low MIF values, TDMA modulations with narrow transmission and repetition rates of few 100 Hz have high MIF values and give similar classifications as ANSI C63.19-2011.

ER3D, EF3D and EU2D E-field probes have a bandwidth <10 kHz and can therefore not evaluate the RF envelope in the full audio band. DASY52 is therefore using the indirect measurement method according to ANSI C63.19-2011 which is the primary method. These near field probes read the averaged E-field measurement. Especially for the new high peak-to-average (PAR) signal types, the probes shall be linearized by PMR calibration in order to not overestimate the field reading. Probe Modulation Response (PMR) calibration linearizes the probe response over its dynamic range for specific modulations which are characterized by their UID and result in an uncertainty specified in the probe calibration certificate. The MIF is characteristic for a given waveform envelope and can be used as a constant conversion factor if the probe has been PMR calibrated.

The evaluation method for the MIF is defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 section D.7. An RMS demodulated RF signal is fed to a spectral filter (similar to an A weighting filter) and forwarded to a temporal filter acting as a quasi-peak detector. The averaged output of these filtering is scaled to a 1 kHz 80% AM signal as reference. MIF measurement requires additional instrumentation and is not well suited for evaluation by the end user with reasonable uncertainty. It may alternatively be determined through analysis and simulation, because it is constant and characteristic for a communication signal. DASY52 uses well-defined signals for PMR calibration. The MIF of these signals has been determined by simulation and it is automatically applied.

The MIF measurement uncertainty is estimated as follows, declared by HAC equipment provider SPEAG, for modulation frequencies from slotted waveforms with fundamental frequency and at least 2 harmonics within 10 kHz:

1. 0.2 dB for MIF: -7 to +5 dB
2. 0.5 dB for MIF: -13 to +11 dB
3. 1 dB for MIF: > -20 dB

MIF values applied in this test report were provided by the HAC equipment provider of SPEAG, and the worst values for all air interface are listed below to determine the Low-power Exemption.

UID	Communication System Name	MIF(dB)
10025	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	3.75
10225	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	-20.39
10170	LTE-FDD(SC-FDMA,1RB,20MHz,16-QAM)	-9.76
10172	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	-1.62
10173	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	-1.44
10174	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	-1.54
10061	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	-2.02
10077	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	0.12
10427	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	-13.44
10069	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	-3.15
10616	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, MCS0, 90pc duty cycle)	-5.57

11. Low-power Exemption

<Max Tune-up Limit>

Mode		Average Power (dBm)
GSM	EDGE850	28.0
	EDGE1900	27.0
WCDMA	Band II	24.0
	Band IV	24.0
	Band V	24.0
FDD LTE	Band 2	25.5
	Band 4	25.5
	Band 5	24.5
	Band 7	24.5
	Band 12	24.5
	Band 13	24.5
	Band 14	24.5
	Band 17	25.0
	Band 25	25.5
	Band 26	24.5
TDD LTE	Band 66	25.5
	Band 38	25.0
	Band 41	25.0

Mode		Average Power (dBm)	
		ANT1	ANT2
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b	23.0	23.0
	802.11g	20.5	21.0
	802.11n-HT20	20.5	21.0
	802.11n-HT40	17.5	17.5
	802.11ac-VHT20	20.5	21.0
	802.11ac-VHT40	17.0	16.5
5GHz WLAN	802.11a	20.5	20.5
	802.11n-HT20	20.5	20.5
	802.11n-HT40	20.5	20.5
	802.11ac-VHT20	20.5	20.5
	802.11ac-VHT40	20.5	20.5
	802.11ac-VHT80	20.5	20.5



<Low Power Exemption>

Air Interface		Max Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	Worst Case MIF (dB)	Power + MIF(dB)	C63.19 test required
EDGE850		28.0	3.75	31.75	Yes ⁽¹⁾
EDGE1900		27.0	3.75	30.75	Yes ⁽¹⁾
WCDMA - HSPA		24.0	-20.39	3.61	No
LTE - FDD		25.5	-9.76	15.74	No
LTE – TDD	QPSK	25.00	-1.62	23.38	Yes ⁽¹⁾
	16QAM	24.00	-1.44	22.56	Yes ⁽¹⁾
	64QAM	23.00	-1.54	21.46	Yes ⁽¹⁾
2.4GHz WLAN ANT1	802.11b	23.0	-2.02	20.98	Yes
	802.11g	20.5	0.12	20.62	Yes ⁽²⁾
	802.11n-HT20	20.5	-13.44	7.06	No
	802.11n-HT40	17.5	-13.44	4.06	No
	802.11ac-VHT20	20.5	-5.57	14.93	No
	802.11ac-VHT40	17.0	-5.57	11.43	No
2.4GHz WLAN ANT2	802.11b	23.0	-2.02	20.98	Yes ⁽²⁾
	802.11g	21.0	0.12	21.12	Yes
	802.11n-HT20	21.0	-13.44	7.56	No
	802.11n-HT40	17.5	-13.44	4.06	No
	802.11ac-VHT20	21.0	-5.57	15.43	No
	802.11ac-VHT40	16.5	-5.57	10.93	No
5GHz WLAN ANT1	802.11a	20.5	-3.15	17.35	Yes
	802.11n-HT20	20.5	-13.44	7.06	No
	802.11n-HT40	20.5	-13.44	7.06	No
	802.11ac-VHT20	20.5	-5.57	14.93	No
	802.11ac-VHT40	20.5	-5.57	14.93	No
	802.11ac-VHT80	20.5	-5.57	14.93	No
5GHz WLAN ANT2	802.11a	20.5	-3.15	17.35	Yes
	802.11n-HT20	20.5	-13.44	7.06	No
	802.11n-HT40	20.5	-13.44	7.06	No
	802.11ac-VHT20	20.5	-5.57	14.93	No
	802.11ac-VHT40	20.5	-5.57	14.93	No
	802.11ac-VHT80	20.5	-5.57	14.93	No

General Note:

- EDGE data modes and LTE TDD is not necessary due to the GSM Voice mode is the worst case, the GSM Voice mode and TDD LTE is evaluated in the Sporton HAC report, FCC ID: UZ7TC77HL, Report No.: HA872506A.
- For 2.4GHz WLAN ANT1 802.11g is not necessary due to the 802.11b is the worst case; For 2.4GHz WLAN ANT2 11b is not necessary due to the 802.11g is the worst case.
- According to ANSI C63.19 2011-version, for the air interface technology of a device is exempt from testing when its average antenna input power plus its MIF is ≤ 17 dBm for any of its operating modes.
- HAC RF rating is M4 for the air interface which meets the low power exemption.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<2.4GHz WLAN ANT1>

2.4GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit
	802.11b 1Mbps	1	2412	21.81	22.00
		6	2437	22.63	23.00
		11	2462	21.88	22.00

<2.4GHz WLAN ANT2>

2.4GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit
	802.11g 6Mbps	1	2412	16.26	16.50
		6	2437	20.87	21.00
		11	2462	15.37	15.50

<5GHz WLAN ANT1>

5.2GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit
	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	20.48	20.50
		40	5200	20.41	20.50
		44	5220	20.45	20.50
		48	5240	20.36	20.50

5.3GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit
	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	20.43	20.50
		56	5280	20.22	20.50
		60	5300	20.28	20.50
		64	5320	20.41	20.50

5.5GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit
	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	20.49	20.50
		116	5580	20.42	20.50
		124	5620	20.29	20.50
		132	5660	20.30	20.50
		144	5720	20.31	20.50

5.8GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit
	802.11a MCS0	149	5745	20.28	20.50
		157	5785	20.37	20.50
		165	5825	20.41	20.50

<5GHz WLAN ANT2>

5.2GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit
	802.11a 6Mbps	36	5180	20.32	20.50
		40	5200	20.11	20.50
		44	5220	20.15	20.50
		48	5240	20.10	20.50

5.3GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit
	802.11a 6Mbps	52	5260	20.13	20.50
		56	5280	20.08	20.50
		60	5300	20.11	20.50
		64	5320	19.99	20.00

5.5GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit
	802.11a 6Mbps	100	5500	20.12	20.50
		116	5580	20.05	20.50
		124	5620	20.03	20.50
		132	5660	20.06	20.50
		144	5720	20.02	20.50

5.8GHz WLAN	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit
	802.11a MCS0	149	5745	17.27	17.50
		157	5785	17.39	17.50
		165	5825	17.33	17.50

**13. HAC RF Emission Test Results**

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Battery	Transmit Ant.	Average Antenna Input Power (dBm)	MIF	E-Field (dBV/m)	Margin to FCC M3 limit (dB)	E-Field M Rating
1	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	1	Battery 1	Ant 1	21.81	-2.02	24.16	10.84	M4
2	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	6	Battery 1	Ant 1	22.63	-2.02	25.73	9.27	M4
3	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	11	Battery 1	Ant 1	21.88	-2.02	24.22	10.78	M4
4	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	1	Battery 1	Ant 2	16.26	0.12	24.31	10.69	M4
5	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	6	Battery 1	Ant 2	20.87	0.12	33.24	1.76	M3
6	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	6	Battery 2	Ant 2	20.87	0.12	33.64	1.36	M3
7	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	6	Battery 3	Ant 2	20.87	0.12	33.63	1.37	M3
8	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	11	Battery 1	Ant 2	15.37	0.12	30.83	4.17	M3
9	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	36	Battery 1	Ant 1	20.48	-3.15	18.33	16.67	M4
10	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	40	Battery 1	Ant 1	20.41	-3.15	18.76	16.24	M4
11	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	44	Battery 1	Ant 1	20.45	-3.15	18.33	16.67	M4
12	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	48	Battery 1	Ant 1	20.36	-3.15	18.21	16.79	M4
13	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	36	Battery 1	Ant 2	20.32	-3.15	22.69	12.31	M4
14	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	40	Battery 1	Ant 2	20.11	-3.15	22.64	12.36	M4
15	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	44	Battery 1	Ant 2	20.15	-3.15	22.35	12.65	M4
16	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	48	Battery 1	Ant 2	20.10	-3.15	21.79	13.21	M4
17	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	52	Battery 1	Ant 1	20.43	-3.15	19.07	15.93	M4
18	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	56	Battery 1	Ant 1	20.22	-3.15	18.11	16.89	M4
19	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	60	Battery 1	Ant 1	20.28	-3.15	17.62	17.38	M4
20	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	64	Battery 1	Ant 1	20.41	-3.15	17.56	17.44	M4
21	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	52	Battery 1	Ant 2	20.13	-3.15	21.71	13.29	M4
22	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	56	Battery 1	Ant 2	20.08	-3.15	22.52	12.48	M4
23	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	60	Battery 1	Ant 2	20.11	-3.15	21.56	13.44	M4
24	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	64	Battery 1	Ant 2	19.99	-3.15	21.49	13.51	M4
25	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	100	Battery 1	Ant 1	20.49	-3.15	19.12	15.88	M4
26	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	116	Battery 1	Ant 1	20.42	-3.15	19.34	15.66	M4
27	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	124	Battery 1	Ant 1	20.29	-3.15	19.51	15.49	M4
28	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	132	Battery 1	Ant 1	20.30	-3.15	19.85	15.15	M4
29	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	140	Battery 1	Ant 1	19.44	-3.15	19.67	15.33	M4
30	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	144	Battery 1	Ant 1	20.31	-3.15	20.24	14.76	M4
31	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	100	Battery 1	Ant 2	20.12	-3.15	21.55	13.45	M4
32	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	116	Battery 1	Ant 2	20.05	-3.15	20.81	14.19	M4
33	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	124	Battery 1	Ant 2	20.03	-3.15	20.55	14.45	M4
34	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	132	Battery 1	Ant 2	20.06	-3.15	20.41	14.59	M4
35	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	140	Battery 1	Ant 2	16.57	-3.15	16.83	18.17	M4
36	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	144	Battery 1	Ant 2	20.02	-3.15	19.91	15.09	M4
37	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	149	Battery 1	Ant 1	20.28	-3.15	20.17	14.83	M4
38	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	157	Battery 1	Ant 1	20.37	-3.15	19.97	15.03	M4
39	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	165	Battery 1	Ant 1	20.41	-3.15	20.64	14.36	M4
40	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	149	Battery 1	Ant 2	17.27	-3.15	18.21	16.79	M4
41	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	157	Battery 1	Ant 2	17.39	-3.15	18.09	16.91	M4
42	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	165	Battery 1	Ant 2	17.33	-3.15	18.18	16.82	M4

Remark:

1. The HAC measurement system applies MIF value onto the measured RMS E-field, which is indirect method in ANSI C63.19 2011 version, and reports the RF audio interference level.
2. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume
3. There are three battery option, for RF Emission is selected battery1 as the main test, others battery option choose worst air interface to be tested.

Test Engineer : Nick Yu.

14. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual “root-sum-squares” (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 12.1.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (E)	Standard Uncertainty (E)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	5.1	Normal	1	1	± 5.1 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %
Sensor Displacement	16.5	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 9.5 %
Boundary Effects	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.4 %
Phantom Boundary Effects	7.2	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 4.1 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %
Scaling with PMR Calibration	10.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 5.77 %
System Detection Limit	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Conditions	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.7 %
RF Reflections	12.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 6.9 %
Probe Positioner	1.2	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.7 %
Probe Positioning	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %
Extrap. and Interpolation	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related					
Device Positioning Vertical	4.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.7 %
Device Positioning Lateral	1.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 0.6 %
Device Holder and Phantom	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.4 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup Related					
Phantom Thickness	2.4	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	± 1.4 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty					± 16.30 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %					K = 2
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Power					± 32.6 %
Expanded Std. Uncertainty on Field					± 16.3 %

Table 12.1 Uncertainty Budget of HAC free field assessment
Remark:

Worst-Case uncertainty budget for HAC free field assessment according to ANSIC63.19 [1], [2]. The budget is valid for the frequency range 700 MHz - 3 GHz and represents a worst case analysis.



15. References

- [1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.
- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Sep 2017
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v03, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Sep 2017
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Sep 2017
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook