

TEST REPORT



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1. Report No : DRRFCC2008-0081

2. Customer

• Name : Point Mobile Co., LTD.

• Address : B-9F, Kabul Great Valley 32 Digital-ro 9-gil, Geumcheon-gu Seoul South Korea 153-709

3. Use of Report : FCC Original Grant

4. Product Name / Model Name : Mobile Computer / PM451W

FCC ID : V2X-PM451W

5. Test Method Used : IEEE 1528-2013, FCC SAR KDB Publications (Details in test report)

Test Specification : CFR 47 Part 2 subpart 2.1093

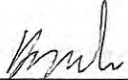
6. Date of Test : 2020.06.04 ~ 2020.06.09

7. Location of Test : ☒ Permanent Testing Lab ☐ On Site Testing

8. Testing Environment : Refer to appended test report.

9. Test Result : Refer to attached test report.

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested unless otherwise stated.

Affirmation	Tested by	Reviewed by
	Name : BumJun Park 	Name : HakMin Kim 

2020 . 08 . 13 .

DT&C Co., Ltd.

Not abided by KS Q ISO / IEC 17025 and KOLAS accreditation.

If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to report@dtnc.net

Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description	Tested by	Reviewed by
DRRFCC2008-0081	Aug. 13, 2020	Initial issue	BumJun Park	HakMin Kim

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1. DESCRIPTION OF DEVICE

1.1 General Information

EUT type	Mobile Computer				
FCC ID	V2X-PM451W				
Equipment model name	PM451W				
Equipment add model name	N/A				
Equipment serial no.	Identical prototype				
FCC & ISED MRA Designation No.	KR0034				
ISED#	5470A				
Mode(s) of Operation	2.4 G W-LAN (802.11b/g/n-HT20/n-HT40/ac-VHT20/ac-VHT40), 5 G W-LAN (802.11a/n-HT20/n-HT40/ac-VHT20/ac-VHT40/ac-VHT80), Bluetooth				
TX Frequency Range	Band	Mode	Operating Modes	Bandwidth	Frequency
	2.4 GHz W-LAN	802.11b/g/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20/HT40/VHT40	2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz
	5.2 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 190 MHz ~ 5 230 MHz
	5.3 GHz W-LAN	802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 210 MHz
		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 260 MHz ~ 5 320 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 270 MHz ~ 5 310 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 290 MHz
	5.6 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 500 MHz ~ 5 720 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 510 MHz ~ 5 710 MHz
	5.8 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 530 MHz ~ 5 690 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 745 MHz ~ 5 825 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 755 MHz ~ 5 795 MHz
	Bluetooth	-	Data	-	5 775 MHz
RX Frequency Range	2.4 GHz W-LAN	802.11b/g/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20/HT40/VHT40	2 412 MHz ~ 2 462 MHz
	5.2 GHz W-LAN	802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz
		802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 190 MHz ~ 5 230 MHz
	5.3 GHz W-LAN	802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 210 MHz
		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 260 MHz ~ 5 320 MHz
	5.6 GHz W-LAN	802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 270 MHz ~ 5 310 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 290 MHz
		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 500 MHz ~ 5 720 MHz
	5.8 GHz W-LAN	802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 510 MHz ~ 5 710 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 530 MHz ~ 5 690 MHz
		802.11a/n/ac	Voice/Data	HT20/VHT20	5 745 MHz ~ 5 825 MHz
	Bluetooth	802.11n/ac	Voice/Data	HT40/VHT40	5 755 MHz ~ 5 795 MHz
		802.11ac	Voice/Data	VHT80	5 775 MHz
	Bluetooth	-	Data	-	2 402 MHz ~ 2 480 MHz
Equipment Class	Band	Reported SAR			
		1g SAR (W/kg)		10g SAR (W/kg)	
		Head	Body-Worn	Extremity	
DTS(SISO)	2.4 GHz W-LAN	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.98	
DTS(MIMO)	2.4 GHz W-LAN	< 0.1	< 0.1	1.09	
U-NII-1(SISO)	5.2 GHz W-LAN	-	-	-	
U-NII-1(MIMO)	5.2 GHz W-LAN	-	-	-	
U-NII-2A(SISO)	5.3 GHz W-LAN	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.38	
U-NII-2A(MIMO)	5.3 GHz W-LAN	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.43	
U-NII-2C(SISO)	5.6 GHz W-LAN	0.13	< 0.1	0.58	
U-NII-2C(MIMO)	5.6 GHz W-LAN	0.14	< 0.1	0.64	
U-NII-3(SISO)	5.8 GHz W-LAN	0.11	< 0.1	0.76	
U-NII-3(MIMO)	5.8 GHz W-LAN	0.12	< 0.1	0.86	
DSS	Bluetooth	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.26	
Simultaneous SAR per KDB 690783 D01v01r03		0.15	0.13	1.12	
FCC Equipment Class	Part 15 Spread Spectrum Transmitter(DSS) Digital Transmission System(DTS) Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (UNII)				
Date(s) of Tests	2020.06.04 ~ 2020.06.09				
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna				
Functions	- No simultaneous transmission between BT & 2.4GHz WLAN - VoIP is supported.				

1.2 Power Reduction for SAR

There is no power reduction used for any band/mode implemented in this device for SAR purposes.

1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications

The Nominal and Maximum Output Power Specifications are in section 7 of this test report.

1.4 DUT Antenna Locations

The overall dimensions of this device are > 9 x 5 cm.

A diagram showing the location of the device of the device antenna can be found in V2X-PM451_Antenna Location.

This DUT has NFC operations. The NFC antenna is integrated into the back side.

The SAR tests were performed with NFC antenna already incorporated.

A diagram showing the location of the device antenna can be found in V2X-PM451_Antenna Location

1.5 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities are in section 10 of this test report.

1.6 Miscellaneous SAR Test Considerations

(A) WIFI/BT

Since U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands have the same maximum output power and the highest reported SAR for U-NII-2A is less than 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band according to FCC KDB publication 248227 D01v02r02.

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1g SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency (GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the 10g SAR exclusion threshold for distance < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{\text{Max Power of Channel (mW)}}{\text{Test Separation Dist (mm)}} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency (GHz)}} \leq 7.5$$

(B) Tested sides for Extremity SAR configuration

(1) Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1g SAR exclusion threshold for distances < 50 mm is defined by the following equation:

$$\left[\frac{(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})}{(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})} \right] * [\sqrt{f_{\text{(GHz)}}}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR}$$

Table 1.4.1 SAR Test Exclusion for Edges (Antennas < 50 mm)

FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Tune up Max Power (mW)	# of Time Slots	Separation Distance [mm]				Calculated Threshold Power [mW]			
MHz	Ch					Top	Bottom	Right	Left	Top	Bottom	Right	Left
2 462.0	11	2.4 GHz W-LAN (Ant.1)	-	40	-	0	170	53	0	12.5 (O)	> 50mm ^{Note2}	> 50mm ^{Note2}	12.5 (O)
2 462.0	11	2.4 GHz W-LAN (Ant.2)	-	40	-	60	129	0	43	> 50mm ^{Note2}	> 50mm ^{Note2}	12.5 (O)	1.5 (X)
2 462.0	11	2.4 GHz W-LAN (MIMO)	-	79	-	0	129	0	0	24.9 (O)	> 50mm ^{Note2}	24.9 (O)	24.9 (O)
5 825.0	165	5 GHz W-LAN (Ant.1)	-	25	-	0	170	53	0	12.1 (O)	> 50mm ^{Note2}	> 50mm ^{Note2}	12.1 (O)
5 825.0	165	5 GHz W-LAN (Ant.2)	-	25	-	60	129	0	43	> 50mm ^{Note2}	> 50mm ^{Note2}	12.1 (O)	1.4 (X)
5 825.0	165	5 GHz W-LAN (MIMO)	-	50	-	0	129	0	0	24.2 (O)	> 50mm ^{Note2}	24.2 (O)	24.2 (O)
2 480.0	78	Bluetooth	-	8	-	0	170	53	0	2.5 (X)	> 50mm ^{Note2}	> 50mm ^{Note2}	2.5 (X)

Note(s):

1. Please refer to Table 1.4.2.

(2) Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, the **SAR exclusion threshold for distances > 50 mm** is defined by the following equation: (the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following, and as illustrated in KDB 447498 Appendix B.)

- 1) $\{[\text{Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step a)}] + [(\text{test separation distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \cdot (f_{\text{MHz}}/150)]\}$ mW, for 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
- 2) $\{[\text{Power allowed at numeric threshold for 50 mm in step a)}] + [(\text{test separation distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \cdot 10]\}$ mW, for > 1500 MHz and ≤ 6 GHz

Table 1.4.2 SAR Test Exclusion for Edges (Antennas > 50 mm)

FREQUENCY		Mode/ Band	Service	Tune up Max Power [mW]	# of Time Slots	Separation Distance (mm)				Calculated Threshold Power [mW]			
MHz	Ch					Top	Bottom	Right	Left	Top	Bottom	Right	Left
2 462.0	11	2.4 GHz W-LAN (Ant.1)	-	40	-	0	170	53	0	< 50mm ^{Note2}	1296 (X)	126 (X)	< 50mm ^{Note2}
2 462.0	11	2.4 GHz W-LAN (Ant.2)	-	40	-	60	129	0	43	196 (X)	886 (X)	< 50mm ^{Note2}	< 50mm ^{Note2}
2 462.0	11	2.4 GHz W-LAN (MIMO)	-	79	-	0	129	0	0	< 50mm ^{Note2}	886 (X)	< 50mm ^{Note2}	< 50mm ^{Note2}
5 825.0	165	5 GHz W-LAN (Ant.1)	-	25	-	0	170	53	0	< 50mm ^{Note2}	1262 (X)	92 (X)	< 50mm ^{Note2}
5 825.0	165	5 GHz W-LAN (Ant.2)	-	25	-	60	129	0	43	162 (X)	852 (X)	< 50mm ^{Note2}	< 50mm ^{Note2}
5 825.0	165	5 GHz W-LAN (MIMO)	-	50	-	0	129	0	0	< 50mm ^{Note2}	852 (X)	< 50mm ^{Note2}	< 50mm ^{Note2}
2 480.0	78	Bluetooth	-	8	-	0	170	53	0	< 50mm ^{Note2}	1296 (X)	126 (X)	< 50mm ^{Note2}

Note(s):

1. Please refer to Table 1.4.1.

Table 1.4.3 Determined EUT sides for SAR Testing

Mode	EUT Sides for SAR Testing					
	Top	Bottom	Front	Rear	Right	Left
2.4 GHz W-LAN (Ant.1)	O	X	O	O	X	O
2.4 GHz W-LAN (Ant.2)	X	X	O	O	O	X
2.4 GHz W-LAN (MIMO)	O	X	O	O	O	O
5 GHz W-LAN (Ant.1)	O	X	O	O	X	O
5 GHz W-LAN (Ant.2)	X	X	O	O	O	X
5 GHz W-LAN (MIMO)	O	X	O	O	O	O
Bluetooth	X	X	O	O	X	X

Note: Particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for SAR based on the SAR exclusion threshold in KDB 447498 D01v06.

1.7 Guidance Applied

- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 (802.11 Wi-Fi SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 (General RF Exposure Guidance)
- FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03 (Handset SAR)
- FCC KDB Publication 690783 D01v01r03 (SAR Listings on Grants)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz)
- FCC KDB Publication 865664 D02v01r02 (RF Exposure Reporting)
- April 2015 TCB Workshop Notes (Simultaneous transmission summation clarified)
- October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes (Bluetooth Duty Factor)

1.8 Device Serial Numbers

The serial numbers used for each test are indicated alongside the results in Section 9.

2. INTROCUCTION

The FCC and Industry Canada have adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency (RF) radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 and Health Canada Safety Code 6 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices.

The FCC has adopted the guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radio frequency radiation in ET Docket 93-62 on Aug. 6, 1996 to protect the public and workers from the potential hazards of RF emissions due to FCC-regulated portable devices. The safety limits used for the environmental evaluation measurements are based on the criteria published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) in IEEE/ANSI C95.1-1992 Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz. The measurement procedure described in IEEE/ANSI C95.3-2002 Recommended Practice for the Measurement of Potentially Hazardous Electromagnetic Fields - RF and Microwave is used for guidance in measuring SAR due to the RF radiation exposure from the Equipment Under Test (EUT). These criteria for SAR evaluation are similar to those recommended by the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP) in Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields," NCRP Report No. 86 NCRP, 1986, Bethesda, MD 20814. SAR is a measure of the rate of energy absorption due to exposure to an RF transmitting source. SAR values have been related to threshold levels for potential biological hazards.

SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dU) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (ρ) It is also defined as the rate of RF energy absorption per unit mass at a point in an absorbing body (see Fig. 2.1)

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

Fig. 2.1 SAR Mathematical Equation

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per Kilogram (W/kg).

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

where:

- σ = conductivity of the tissue-simulating material (S/m)
- ρ = mass density of the tissue-simulating material (kg/m³)
- E = Total RMS electric field strength (V/m)

NOTE: The primary factors that control rate of energy absorption were found to be the wavelength of the incident field in relations to the dimensions and geometry of the irradiated organism, the orientation of the organism in relation to the polarity of field vectors, the presence of reflecting surfaces, and whether conductive contact is made by the organism with a ground plane.

3. DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT

3.1 Measurement Procedure

The evaluation was performed using the following procedure compliant to FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 and IEEE 1528-2013:

1. The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head or body was measured at a distance no greater than 5.0 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the device-head and body interface and the horizontal grid resolution was determined per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 3.1) and IEEE1528-2013.
2. The point SAR measurement was taken at the maximum SAR region determined from Step 1 to enable the monitoring of SAR fluctuations/drifts during the 1g/10g cube evaluation. SAR at this fixed point was measured and used as a reference value.
3. Based on the area scan data, the peak of the region with maximum SAR was determined by spline interpolation. Around this point, a volume was assessed according to the measurement resolution and volume size requirements of FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04 (See Table 3.1) and IEEE 1528-2013. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure (see references or the DASY manual online for more details):
 - a. SAR values at the inner surface of the phantom are extrapolated from the measured values along the line away from the surface with spacing no greater than that in Table 3.1. The extrapolation was based on a least-squares algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in the z-axis (normal to the phantom shell).
 - b. After the maximum interpolated values were calculated between the points in the cube, the SAR was averaged over the spatial volume (1g or 10g) using a 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-spline is composed of three one-dimensional splines with the "Not a knot" condition (in x, y, and z directions). The volume was then integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were obtained through interpolation, in order to calculate the averaged SAR.
 - c. All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.
4. The SAR reference value, at the same location as step 2, was re-measured after the zoom scan was complete to calculate the SAR drift. If the drift deviated by more than 5%, the SAR test and drift measurements were repeated.

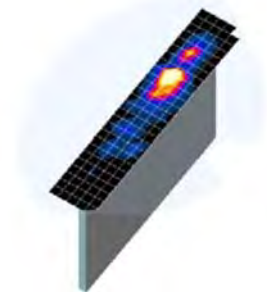


Figure 3.1
Sample SAR Area Scan

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 mm $\pm$ 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2)$ mm $\pm$ 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30° $\pm$ 1°	20° $\pm$ 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$ mm	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see IEEE Std 1528-2013 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB Publication 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

Table 3.1 Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04*

4. TEST CONFIGURATION POSITIONS FOR HANDSETS

4.1 Body-Worn Accessory Configurations

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 4.4). Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is $> 1.2 \text{ W/kg}$, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

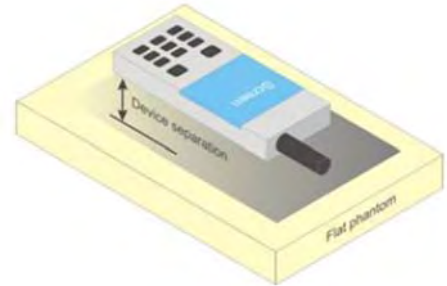


Figure 4.4 Sample Body-Worn Diagram

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented.

Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person's face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

4.2 Extremity Exposure Configurations

Devices that are designed or intended for use on extremities or mainly operated in extremity only exposure conditions; i.e., hands, wrists, feet and ankles, may require extremity SAR evaluation. When the device also operates in close proximity to the user's body, SAR compliance for the body is also required. The 1-g body and 10-g extremity SAR Exclusion Thresholds found in KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be applied to determine SAR test requirements.

Per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, Cell phones (handsets) are not normally designed to be used on extremities or operated in extremity only exposure conditions. The maximum output power levels of handsets generally do not require extremity SAR testing to show compliance. Therefore, extremity SAR was not evaluated for this device.

4.3 Wireless Router Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user data through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, rear and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5 cm of their edges, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. When the same wireless transmission configuration is used for testing body-worn accessory and hotspot mode SAR, respectively, in voice and data mode, SAR results for the most conservative test separation distance configuration may be used to support both SAR conditions.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitter often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was not activated during SAR assessment, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

5. RF EXPOSURE LIMITS

Uncontrolled Environment:

UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Controlled Environment:

CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENTS are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Table 5.1.SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

	HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS	
	General Public Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)	Occupational Exposure (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR * (Brain)	1.60	8.00
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR ** (Whole Body)	0.08	0.40
SPATIAL PEAK SAR *** (Hands / Feet / Ankle / Wrist)	4.00	20.0

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e.as a result of employment or occupation).

6. FCC MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

Power measurements were performed using a base station simulator under digital average power.

6.1 Measured and Reported SAR

Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, When SAR is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance. For simultaneous transmission, the measured aggregate SAR must be scaled according to the sum of the differences between the maximum tune-up tolerance and actual power used to test each transmitter. When SAR is measured at or scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit, the results are referred to as reported SAR. The highest reported SAR results are identified on the grant of equipment authorization according to procedures in KDB 690783 D01v01r03.

6.2 SAR Testing with 802.11 Transmitters

The normal network operating configurations are not suitable for measuring the SAR of 802.11 b/g/n transmitters. Unpredictable fluctuations in network traffic and antenna diversity conditions can introduce undesirable variations in SAR results. The SAR for these devices should be measured using chipset based test mode software to ensure the results are consistent and reliable. See KDB Publication 248227D01v02r02 for more details.

6.2.1 General Device Setup

Chipset based test mode software is hardware dependent and generally varies among manufacturers. The device operating parameters established in test mode for SAR measurements must be identical to those programmed in production units, including output power levels, amplifier gain settings and other RF performance tuning parameters. The test frequencies should correspond to actual channel frequencies defined for domestic use. SAR for devices with switched diversity should be measured with only one antenna transmitting at a time during each SAR measurement, according to a fixed modulation and data rate. The same data pattern should be used for all measurements.

A periodic duty factor is required for current generation SAR systems to measure SAR. When 802.11 frame gaps are accounted for in the transmission, a maximum transmission duty factor of 92-96% is typically achievable in most test mode configurations. A minimum transmission duty factor of 85% is required to avoid certain hardware and device implementation issues related to wide range SAR scaling. The reported SAR is scaled to 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance at the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

6.2.2 U-NII and U-NII-2A

For devices that operate in only one of the U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A bands, the normally required SAR procedures for OFDM configurations are applied. For devices that operate in both U-NII bands using the same transmitter and antenna(s), SAR test reduction is determined according to the following, with respect to the highest reported SAR and maximum output power specified for production units. The procedures are applied independently to each exposure configuration; for example, head, body, hotspot mode etc.

- 1) When the same maximum output power is specified for both bands, begin SAR measurement in U-NII-2A band by applying the OFDM SAR requirements. If the highest reported SAR for a test configuration is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for U-NII-1 band for that configuration (802.11 mode and exposure condition); otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.
- 2) When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration; otherwise, each band is tested independently for SAR.

6.2.3 U-NII-2C and U-NII-3

The frequency range covered by U-NII-2C and U-NII-3 is 380 MHz (5.47 – 5.85 GHz), which requires a minimum of at least two SAR probe calibration frequency points to support SAR measurements.

When Terminal Doppler Weather Rader (TDWR) restriction applies, the channels at 5.60 – 5.65 GHz in U-NII-2C band must be disabled with acceptable mechanisms and documented in the equipment certification.

Unless band gap channels are permanently disabled, SAR must be considered for these channels. When band gap channels are disabled, each band is tested independently according to the normally required OFDM SAR measurements and probe calibration frequency points requirements.

6.2.4 Initial Test Position Procedure

For exposure conditions with multiple test positions, such as handset operating next to the ear, devices with hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet, procedures for initial test position can be applied. Using the transmission mode determined by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration, area scans are measured for all position in an exposure condition. The test position with the highest extrapolated (peak) SAR is used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions is required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR position until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test position are measured.

6.2.5 2.4 GHz SAR Test Requirements

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. SAR test reduction is determined according to the following:

- 1) When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration.
- 2) When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing.

2.4 GHz 802.11 g/n OFDM are additionally evaluated for SAR if the highest reported SAR for 802.11b, adjusted by the ratio of the OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power is > 1.2 W/kg. When SAR is required for OFDM modes in 2.4 GHz band, the Initial Test Configuration Procedures should be followed.

6.2.6 OFDM Transmission Mode and SAR Test Channel Selection

For the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, when the same maximum output power was specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate. When the maximum output power of a channel is the same for equivalent OFDM configurations; for example, 802.11a and 802.11n or 802.11g and 802.11n with the same channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate etc., the lower order 802.11 mode i.e., 802.11a, then 802.11g then 802.11n is used for SAR measurement. When the maximum output power were the same for multiple test channels, either according to the default or additional power measurement requirements, SAR is measured using the channel closest to the middle of the frequency band or aggregated band. When there are multiple channels with the same maximum output power, SAR is measured using the higher number channel.

6.2.7 Initial Test Configuration Procedure

For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band, according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum output power specified for SAR measurements. When the same maximum output is specified for multiple OFDM transmission mode configurations in a frequency band or aggregated band, SAR is measured using the configuration(s) with the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, and lowest data rate. The channel of the transmission mode with the highest average RF output conducted power will be the initial test configuration.

When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no additional measurements on other test channels are required.

Otherwise, SAR is evaluated using the subsequent highest average RF output channel until the reported SAR result is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all channels are measured.

6.2.8 Subsequent Test Configuration Procedures

For OFDM configurations, in each frequency band and aggregated band, SAR is evaluated for initial test configuration using the fixed test position or the initial test position procedure, when applicable. When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration, adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR testing for the subsequent test configurations is required.

6.2.9 MIMO SAR Considerations

Per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02, the simultaneous SAR provisions in KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 should be applied to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion for WIFI MIMO. If the sum of 1g single transmission chain SAR measurements is < 1.6 W/kg, no additional SAR measurements for MIMO are required. Alternatively, SAR for MIMO can be measured with all antennas transmitting simultaneously at the specified maximum output power of MIMO operation.

7. RF CONDUCTED POWERS

This device operates using the following maximum and nominal output power specifications. SAR values were scaled to the maximum allowed power to determine compliance per KDB Publication 447498 D01v06

7.1 WLAN Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec and Conducted Powers

Band (GHz)	Mode	Ch	Modulated Average[dBm]					
			Ant.1		Ant.2		MIMO(CDD/SDM)	
			Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal
2.4	802.11b	1-11	16.0	15.0	16.0	15.0	19.0	18.0
	802.11g/n(HT-20)/ac(VHT-20)	1-11	12.0	11.0	12.0	11.0	15.0	14.0
	802.11n(HT-40)/ac(VHT-40)	1-9 10-11	12.0 10.0	11.0 9.0	12.0 10.0	11.0 9.0	15.0 13.0	14.0 12.0

Table 7.1.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11 (2.4 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]			
			Ant.1	Ant.2	MIMO(CDD)	MIMO(SDM)
802.11b	2 412	1	15.43	15.21	18.33	-
	2 437	6	15.50	15.81	18.67	-
	2 462	11	15.51	15.71	18.62	-
802.11g	2 412	1	10.76	10.98	13.88	-
	2 437	6	10.95	11.15	14.06	-
	2 462	11	11.34	10.99	14.18	-
802.11n (HT-20)	2 412	1	10.63	10.93	13.79	13.89
	2 437	6	10.75	11.08	13.93	14.09
	2 462	11	10.36	10.18	13.28	13.27
802.11ac (VHT-20)	2 412	1	10.62	10.77	13.71	13.64
	2 437	6	10.71	10.85	13.79	13.95
	2 462	11	10.40	10.23	13.33	13.33
802.11n (HT-40)	2 422	3	10.23	10.57	13.41	13.32
	2 437	6	11.13	11.22	14.19	14.12
	2 452	9	9.71	9.69	12.71	12.72
802.11ac (VHT-40)	2 422	3	10.34	10.27	13.32	13.32
	2 437	6	11.03	11.22	14.14	14.09
	2 452	9	9.51	9.49	12.51	12.50

Table 7.1.2 IEEE 802.11 Average RF Power

Band (GHz)	Mode	Ch	Modulated Average[dBm]					
			Ant.1		Ant.2		MIMO(CDD/SDM)	
			Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal	Maximum	Nominal
5 (UNII)	802.11a	36-165	14.0	13.0	14.0	13.0	17.0	16.0
	802.11n/ac (20MHz/40MHz)	36-165	13.0	12.0	13.0	12.0	16.0	15.0
	802.11ac (80MHz)	42-155	12.0	11.0	12.0	11.0	15.0	14.0

Table 7.1.3 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11a (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]			
			Ant.1	Ant.2	MIMO(CDD)	MIMO(SDM)
802.11a	5 180	36	13.18	13.32	16.26	-
	5 200	40	12.77	13.01	15.90	-
	5 220	44	12.92	13.39	16.17	-
	5 240	48	12.90	13.34	16.14	-
	5 260	52	13.19	13.15	16.18	-
	5 280	56	12.75	13.25	16.02	-
	5 300	60	13.05	13.00	16.04	-
	5 320	64	12.72	12.44	15.59	-
	5 500	100	13.32	13.10	16.22	-
	5 600	120	12.94	13.08	16.02	-
	5 660	132	13.18	13.12	16.16	-
	5 720	144	13.08	13.01	16.06	-
	5 745	149	13.00	13.28	16.15	-
	5 785	157	13.10	13.29	16.21	-
	5 825	165	13.17	13.20	16.20	-

Table 7.1.4 IEEE 802.11a Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11n HT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]			
			Ant.1	Ant.2	MIMO(CDD)	MIMO(SDM)
802.11n (HT-20)	5 180	36	11.63	12.14	14.90	14.76
	5 200	40	11.67	12.10	14.90	14.86
	5 220	44	11.66	12.13	14.91	14.95
	5 240	48	11.52	12.20	14.88	14.74
	5 260	52	11.76	11.76	14.77	14.70
	5 280	56	11.62	12.11	14.88	14.69
	5 300	60	11.50	11.50	14.51	14.40
	5 320	64	11.41	11.35	14.39	14.33
	5 500	100	11.75	11.48	14.63	14.40
	5 600	120	11.34	11.38	14.37	14.60
	5 660	132	12.15	11.93	15.05	14.83
	5 720	144	12.07	11.85	14.97	14.97
	5 745	149	11.95	12.10	15.04	14.98
	5 785	157	11.97	12.25	15.12	15.01
	5 825	165	12.26	12.03	15.16	15.14

Table 7.1.5 IEEE 802.11n HT20 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]			
			Ant.1	Ant.2	MIMO(CDD)	MIMO(SDM)
802.11ac (VHT-20)	5 180	36	11.74	12.08	14.92	14.83
	5 200	40	11.83	11.87	14.86	15.01
	5 220	44	11.61	12.03	14.84	14.85
	5 240	48	11.57	12.16	14.89	14.98
	5 260	52	11.81	11.92	14.88	14.81
	5 280	56	11.48	12.03	14.77	14.97
	5 300	60	11.44	11.52	14.49	14.72
	5 320	64	11.48	11.47	14.49	14.39
	5 500	100	11.84	11.55	14.71	14.80
	5 600	120	11.56	11.39	14.49	14.46
	5 660	132	12.13	11.97	15.06	15.01
	5 720	144	11.99	11.89	14.95	14.93
	5 745	149	11.98	12.07	15.04	15.11
	5 785	157	12.05	12.19	15.13	15.13
	5 825	165	12.21	12.13	15.18	14.15

Table 7.1.6 IEEE 802.11ac VHT20 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11n HT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]			
			Ant.1	Ant.2	MIMO(CDD)	MIMO(SDM)
802.11n (HT-40)	5 190	38	12.12	11.89	15.02	14.95
	5 230	46	11.89	11.76	14.84	15.06
	5 270	54	12.12	11.95	15.05	15.04
	5 310	62	11.84	12.05	14.96	14.93
	5 510	102	12.01	12.24	15.14	14.88
	5 590	118	12.04	12.13	15.10	15.09
	5 670	134	12.34	12.24	15.30	15.21
	5 710	142	11.89	12.02	14.97	15.01
	5 755	151	12.34	12.37	15.37	15.20
	5 795	159	12.15	12.53	15.35	15.15

Table 7.1.7 IEEE 802.11n HT40 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]			
			Ant.1	Ant.2	MIMO(CDD)	MIMO(SDM)
802.11ac (VHT-40)	5 190	38	11.91	12.02	14.98	15.11
	5 230	46	11.84	11.98	14.92	14.83
	5 270	54	12.13	12.03	15.09	15.02
	5 310	62	11.66	11.79	14.74	14.82
	5 510	102	11.91	11.95	14.94	14.92
	5 590	118	12.12	12.05	15.10	15.05
	5 670	134	12.24	12.38	15.32	15.21
	5 710	142	11.74	11.98	14.87	14.95
	5 755	151	12.18	12.24	15.22	15.10
	5 795	159	12.05	12.14	15.11	15.21

Table 7.1.8 IEEE 802.11ac VHT40 Average RF Power

Mode	Freq. (MHz)	Channel	IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 (5 GHz) Conducted Power[dBm]			
			Ant.1	Ant.2	MIMO(CDD)	MIMO(SDM)
802.11ac (VHT-80)	5 210	42	11.08	11.38	14.24	14.33
	5 290	58	10.95	11.05	14.01	14.41
	5 530	106	11.19	11.24	14.23	14.04
	5 690	138	11.00	11.23	14.13	14.01
	5 775	155	11.39	11.52	14.47	14.44

Table 7.1.8 IEEE 802.11ac VHT80 Average RF Power

Justification for reduced test configurations for WIFI channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02:

- Power measurements were performed for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
- For transmission modes with the same maximum output power specification, powers were measured for the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate.
- For transmission modes with identical maximum specified output power, channel bandwidth, modulation and data rates, power measurements were required for all identical configurations.
- For each transmission mode configuration, powers were measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there were at least 3 channels supported. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels were measured.
- Output Power and SAR is not required for 802.11 g/n HT20/ac VHT20 channels when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- The underlined data rate and channel above were tested for SAR.

The average output powers of this device were tested by below configuration.

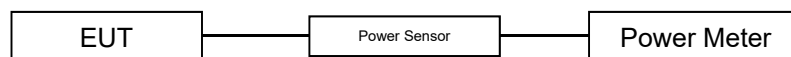


Figure 7.1 Power Measurement Setup

7.2 Bluetooth Conducted Powers

Burst Modulated Average[dBm]		
Bluetooth 1 Mbps	Maximum	8.0
	Nominal	7.0
Bluetooth 2 Mbps	Maximum	5.0
	Nominal	4.0
Bluetooth 3 Mbps	Maximum	5.0
	Nominal	4.0
Bluetooth LE	Maximum	-4.0
	Nominal	-5.0

Table 7.2.1 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec (Burst)

Frame Modulated Average[dBm]		
Bluetooth 1 Mbps	Maximum	6.85
	Nominal	5.85
Bluetooth 2 Mbps	Maximum	3.85
	Nominal	2.85
Bluetooth 3 Mbps	Maximum	3.85
	Nominal	2.85
Bluetooth (LE / 1Mbps)	Maximum	-4.67
	Nominal	-5.67
Bluetooth (LE / 2Mbps)	Maximum	-6.38
	Nominal	-7.38

Table 7.2.2 Nominal and Maximum Output Power Spec (Frame)

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Burst AVG Output Power (1Mbps) (dBm)	Frame AVG Output Power (1Mbps) (dBm)	Burst AVG Output Power (2Mbps) (dBm)	Frame AVG Output Power (2Mbps) (dBm)	Burst AVG Output Power (3Mbps) (dBm)	Frame AVG Output Power (3Mbps) (dBm)
Low	2 402	6.67	5.52	3.36	2.21	3.35	2.20
Mid	2 441	7.12	5.97	4.01	2.86	4.00	2.85
High	2 480	6.57	5.42	3.55	2.40	3.53	2.38

Table 7.2.3 Bluetooth Burst and Frame Average RF Power

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Burst AVG Output Power(LE / 1Mbps) (dBm)	Frame AVG Output Power(LE / 1Mbps) (dBm)	Burst AVG Output Power(LE / 2Mbps) (dBm)	Frame AVG Output Power(LE / 2Mbps) (dBm)
Low	2 402	-5.48	-6.15	-5.49	-7.87
Mid	2 440	-5.63	-6.30	-5.65	-8.03
High	2 480	-5.07	-5.74	-5.12	-7.50

Table 7.2.4 Bluetooth LE Burst and Frame Average RF Power

Bluetooth Conducted Powers procedures

1. Bluetooth (BDR, EDR)

- 1) Enter DUT mode in EUT and operate it.
When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.
- 2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 7.2.1(A).
- 3) The maximum output powers of BDR(1 Mbps), EDR(2, 3 Mbps) and each frequency were set by a Bluetooth Tester.
- 4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

2. Bluetooth (LE)

- 1) Enter LE mode in EUT and operate it.
When it operating, The EUT is transmitting at maximum power level and duty cycle fixed.
- 2) Instruments and EUT were connected like Figure 7.2.1(B).
- 3) The average conducted output powers of LE and each frequency can measurement according to setting program in EUT.
- 4) Power levels were measured by a Power Meter.

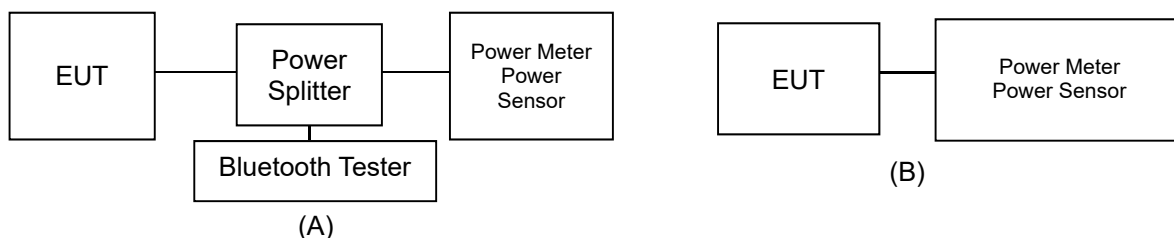


Figure 7.2.1 Average Power Measurement Setup

- Bluetooth Transmission Plot

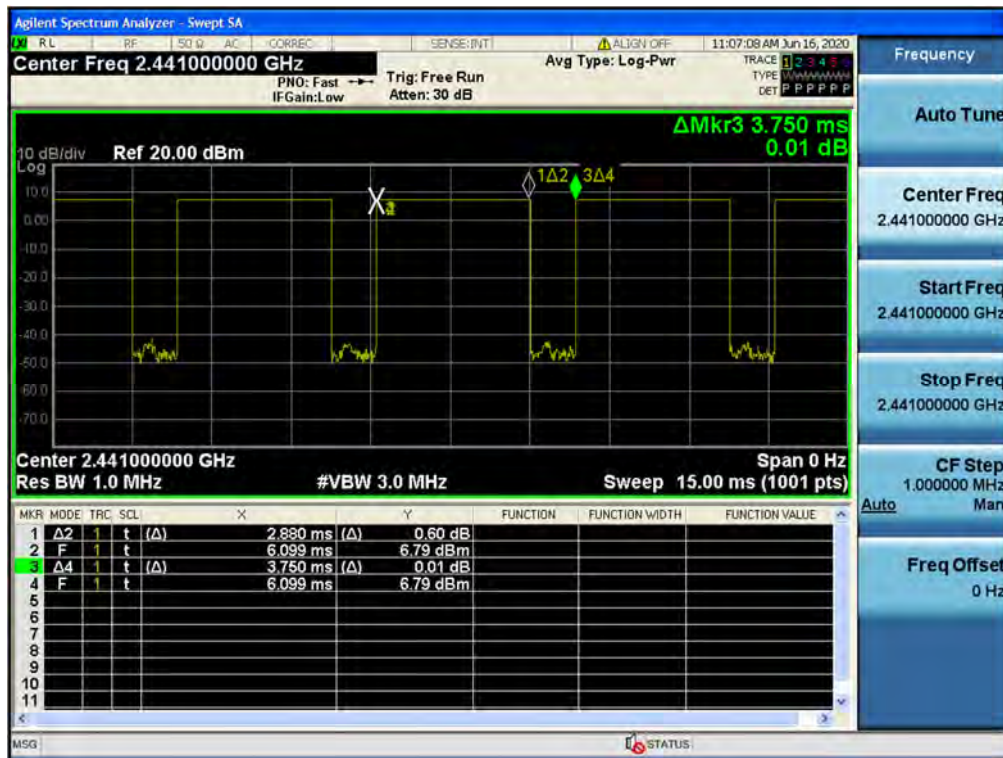


Figure 7.2.2 Bluetooth Transmission Plot

- Bluetooth Duty Cycle Calculation

$$\text{Duty Cycle} = \text{Pulse/Period} * 100\% = (2.880/3.750) * 100 = 76.8\%$$

8. SYSTEM VERIFICATION

8.1 Tissue Verification

MEASURED TISSUE PARAMETERS										
Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp.[°C]	Liquid Temp.[°C]	Measured Frequency [MHz]	Target Dielectric Constant, ϵ_r	Target Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Measured Dielectric Constant, ϵ_r	Measured Conductivity, σ (S/m)	Er Deviation [%]	σ Deviation [%]
Jun. 4. 2020	2450 Head	21.0	20.8	2402.0	39.282	1.757	40.725	1.695	3.67	-3.53
				2412.0	39.265	1.766	40.712	1.706	3.69	-3.40
				2437.0	39.222	1.788	40.666	1.734	3.68	-3.02
				2441.0	39.215	1.792	40.654	1.737	3.67	-3.07
				2450.0	39.200	1.800	40.623	1.747	3.63	-2.94
				2462.0	39.184	1.813	40.586	1.759	3.58	-2.98
				2467.0	39.177	1.818	40.571	1.763	3.56	-3.03
				2472.0	39.171	1.823	40.550	1.768	3.52	-3.02
				2480.0	39.160	1.832	40.518	1.776	3.47	-3.06
Jun. 5. 2020	5300 Head	21.2	20.5	5260.0	35.940	4.720	35.007	4.808	-2.60	1.86
				5270.0	35.930	4.730	34.986	4.822	-2.63	1.95
				5280.0	35.920	4.740	34.975	4.835	-2.63	2.00
				5290.0	35.910	4.750	34.969	4.844	-2.62	1.98
				5300.0	35.900	4.760	34.948	4.852	-2.65	1.93
				5310.0	35.890	4.770	34.920	4.864	-2.70	1.97
				5320.0	35.880	4.780	34.889	4.878	-2.76	2.05
				5500.0	35.650	4.965	34.936	4.943	-2.00	-0.44
				5510.0	35.635	4.976	34.912	4.953	-2.03	-0.46
Jun. 8. 2020	5600 Head	20.8	20.6	5530.0	35.605	4.997	34.871	4.979	-2.06	-0.36
				5550.0	35.575	5.018	34.848	5.001	-2.04	-0.34
				5580.0	35.530	5.049	34.789	5.038	-2.09	-0.22
				5600.0	35.500	5.070	34.767	5.061	-2.06	-0.18
				5660.0	35.440	5.130	34.663	5.128	-2.19	-0.04
				5670.0	35.430	5.140	34.643	5.140	-2.22	0.00
				5690.0	35.410	5.160	34.606	5.167	-2.27	0.14
				5710.0	35.390	5.180	34.585	5.190	-2.27	0.19
				5720.0	35.380	5.190	34.568	5.197	-2.30	0.13
Jun. 9. 2020	5800 Head	21.2	20.9	5800.0	35.300	5.270	34.420	5.296	-2.49	0.49
				5745.0	35.355	5.215	35.080	5.318	-0.78	1.98
				5755.0	35.345	5.225	35.062	5.333	-0.80	2.07
				5775.0	35.325	5.245	35.043	5.355	-0.80	2.10
				5785.0	35.315	5.255	35.025	5.364	-0.82	2.07
				5795.0	35.305	5.265	35.003	5.375	-0.86	2.09
				5800.0	35.300	5.270	34.993	5.381	-0.87	2.11
				5825.0	35.275	5.296	34.953	5.416	-0.91	2.27

The above measured tissue parameters were used in the DASY software. The DASY software was used to perform interpolation to determine the dielectric parameters at the SAR test device frequencies (per KDB 865664 and IEEE 1528-2013 6.6.1.2). The tissue parameters listed in the SAR test plots may slightly differ from the table above due to significant digit rounding in the software.

Measurement Procedure for Tissue verification:

- 1) The network analyzer and probe system was configured and calibrated.
- 2) The probe was immersed in the sample which was placed in a nonmetallic container. Trapped air bubbles beneath the flange were minimized by placing the probe at a slight angle.
- 3) The complex admittance with respect to the probe aperture was measured.
- 4) The complex relative permittivity ϵ_r , for example from the below equation (Pournaropoulos and Mesral).

$$Y = \frac{j2\omega\epsilon_r\epsilon_0}{\ln(b/a)} \int_a^b \int_0^\pi \cos\phi' \exp\left[-j\omega r(\mu_0\epsilon_r'\epsilon_0)^{1/2}\right] d\phi' d\rho$$

where Y is the admittance of the probe in contact with the sample, the primed and unprimed coordinates refer to source and observation points, respectively, $r^2 = \rho^2 + \rho'^2 - 2\rho\rho'\cos\phi'$, ω is the angular frequency, and $j = \sqrt{-1}$.

8.2 Test System Verification

Prior to assessment, the system is verified to the $\pm 10\%$ of the specifications at using the SAR Dipole kit(s). (Graphic Plots Attached)

Table 8.2.1 System Verification Results (1g)

SYSTEM DIPOLE VERIFICATION TARGET & MEASURED												
SAR System #	Freq. [MHz]	SAR Dipole kits	Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Probe S/N	Input Power (mW)	1 W Target SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	Measured SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	Deviation [%]
C	2450	D2450V2, SN: 726	Jun. 4. 2020	Head	21.0	20.8	3328	100	51.2	5.01	50.10	-2.15
D	5300	D5GHzV2, SN:1212	Jun. 5. 2020	Head	21.2	20.5	3933	100	81.3	8.26	82.60	1.60
D	5500	D5GHzV2, SN:1212	Jun. 8. 2020	Head	20.8	20.6	3933	100	86.3	8.52	85.20	-1.27
D	5600	D5GHzV2, SN:1212	Jun. 8. 2020	Head	20.8	20.6	3933	100	83.3	8.63	86.30	3.60
D	5800	D5GHzV2, SN:1212	Jun. 9. 2020	Head	21.2	20.9	3933	100	81.5	7.95	79.50	-2.45

Table 8.2.2 System Verification Results (10g)

SYSTEM DIPOLE VERIFICATION TARGET & MEASURED												
SAR System #	Freq. [MHz]	SAR Dipole kits	Date(s)	Tissue Type	Ambient Temp. [°C]	Liquid Temp. [°C]	Probe S/N	Input Power (mW)	1 W Target SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	Measured SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	1 W Normalized SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	Deviation [%]
C	2450	D2450V2, SN: 726	Jun. 4. 2020	Head	21.0	20.8	3328	100	24.0	2.31	23.10	-3.75
D	5300	D5GHzV2, SN:1212	Jun. 5. 2020	Head	21.2	20.5	3933	100	23.0	2.33	23.30	1.30
D	5500	D5GHzV2, SN:1212	Jun. 8. 2020	Head	20.8	20.6	3933	100	24.2	2.39	23.90	-1.24
D	5600	D5GHzV2, SN:1212	Jun. 8. 2020	Head	20.8	20.6	3933	100	23.6	2.42	24.20	2.54
D	5800	D5GHzV2, SN:1212	Jun. 9. 2020	Head	21.2	20.9	3933	100	22.7	2.23	22.30	-3.75

Note1 : System Verification was measured with input 250 mW, 100 mW and normalized to 1W.

Note2 : Full system validation status and results can be found in Appendix D.

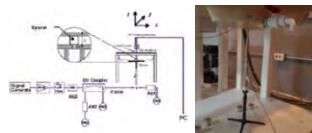


Figure 8.1 Dipole Verification Test Setup Diagram & Photo

9. SAR TEST RESULTS

9.1 Head SAR Results

Table 9.1.1 DTS Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode (Antenna)	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
2 462.0	11	802.11b (Ant.1)	16.00	15.51	0.170	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.042	1	99.2	0.041	1.119	1.008	0.046	A1
2 462.0	11	802.11b (Ant.1)	16.00	15.51	0.080	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.041	1	99.2	0.040	1.119	1.008	0.045	
2 437.0	6	802.11b (Ant.2)	16.00	15.81	0.170	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.028	1	99.2	0.027	1.045	1.008	0.028	A2
2 437.0	6	802.11b (Ant.2)	16.00	15.81	0.000	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.027	1	99.2	0.026	1.045	1.008	0.027	
2 437.0	6	802.11b (MIMO)	19.00	18.67	0.110	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.062	1	99.2	0.061	1.119	1.008	0.069	A3
2 437.0	6	802.11g (MIMO)	19.00	18.67	0.030	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.058	1	99.2	0.055	1.119	1.008	0.062	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Note: The front with 10 mm spacing configuration was tested since only the front is 10 mm spacing to human head in normal operation of this device.

Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Ratio of OFDM to DSSS	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR
MHz	Ch											
2 462.0	11	802.11b (Ant.1)	DSSS	16.0	0.046	2437.0	802.11g/n(HT-20)/ac(VHT-20)	OFDM	12.0	0.398	0.018	X
2 462.0	11	802.11b (Ant.1)	DSSS	16.0	0.046	2437.0	802.11n(HT-40)/ac(VHT-40)	OFDM	12.0	0.398	0.018	X
2 437.0	6	802.11b (Ant.2)	DSSS	16.0	0.028	2437.0	802.11g/n(HT-20)/ac(VHT-20)	OFDM	12.0	0.398	0.011	X
2 437.0	6	802.11b (Ant.2)	DSSS	16.0	0.028	2437.0	802.11n(HT-40)/ac(VHT-40)	OFDM	12.0	0.398	0.011	X
2 437.0	6	802.11b (MIMO)	DSSS	19.0	0.069	2437.0	802.11g/n(HT-20)/ac(VHT-20)	OFDM	15.0	0.398	0.027	X
2 437.0	6	802.11b (MIMO)	DSSS	19.0	0.069	2437.0	802.11n(HT-40)/ac(VHT-40)	OFDM	15.0	0.398	0.027	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Table 9.1.2 UNII Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode (Antenna)	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5 260.0	52	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.19	0.180	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.054	6	95.6	0.054	1.205	1.046	0.068	A4
5 260.0	52	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.19	0.120	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.052	6	95.6	0.053	1.205	1.046	0.067	
5 280.0	56	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.25	-0.130	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.015	6	95.4	0.011	1.189	1.048	0.014	A5
5 280.0	56	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.25	0.000	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.012	6	95.4	0.010	1.189	1.048	0.012	
5 260.0	52	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.18	0.080	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.054	6	95.3	0.055	1.208	1.049	0.070	A6
5 260.0	52	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.18	0.110	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.049	6	95.3	0.048	1.208	1.049	0.061	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Note: The front with 10 mm spacing configuration was tested since only the front is 10 mm spacing to human head in normal operation of this device.

Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Adjusted Factor	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	SAR for the band with lower maximum output power
MHz	Ch											
5 260.0	52	802.11a (Ant.1)	OFDM	14.00	0.068	5 180.0	802.11a	OFDM	14.00	1.000	0.068	X
5 280.0	56	802.11a (Ant.2)	OFDM	14.00	0.014	5 220.0	802.11a	OFDM	14.00	1.000	0.014	X
5 260.0	52	802.11a (MIMO)	OFDM	17.00	0.070	5 180.0	802.11a	OFDM	17.00	1.000	0.070	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram				

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

Table 9.1.3 UNII Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode (Antenna)	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5 500.0	100	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.32	0.100	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.100	6	95.6	0.102	1.169	1.046	0.125	A7
5 500.0	100	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.32	0.030	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.099	6	95.6	0.101	1.169	1.046	0.124	
5 660.0	132	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.12	0.000	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.013	6	95.4	0.014	1.225	1.048	0.018	A8
5 660.0	132	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.12	0.000	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.015	6	95.4	0.011	1.225	1.048	0.014	
5 500.0	100	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.22	0.090	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.111	6	95.3	0.109	1.225	1.049	0.140	A9
5 500.0	100	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.22	0.110	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.103	6	95.3	0.107	1.225	1.049	0.138	
5 825.0	165	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.17	-0.100	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.084	6	95.6	0.086	1.211	1.046	0.109	A10
5 825.0	165	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.17	0.020	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.085	6	95.6	0.084	1.211	1.046	0.106	
5 785.0	157	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.29	0.000	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.022	6	95.4	0.016	1.178	1.048	0.020	A11
5 785.0	157	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.29	0.000	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.021	6	95.4	0.014	1.178	1.048	0.017	
5 785.0	157	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.21	0.070	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.097	6	95.3	0.093	1.211	1.049	0.118	A12
5 785.0	157	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.21	0.090	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.090	6	95.3	0.087	1.211	1.049	0.111	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Note: The front with 10 mm spacing configuration was tested since only the front is 10 mm spacing to human head in normal operation of this device.

Table 9.1.4 Bluetooth Head SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle (%)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	6.85	5.97	0.000	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.008	1.225	1.302	0.012	A13
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	6.85	5.97	0.000	10 mm [Front]	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.008	1.225	1.302	0.012	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Note: The front with 10 mm spacing configuration was tested since only the front is 10 mm spacing to human head in normal operation of this device.

9.2 Standalone Body-Worn SAR Worn SAR Results

Table 9.2.1 DTS Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
2 462.0	11	802.11b (Ant.1)	16.00	15.51	-0.050	15 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.070	1	99.2	0.048	1.119	1.008	0.054	A14
2 437.0	6	802.11b (Ant.2)	16.00	15.81	-0.110	15 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.053	1	99.2	0.063	1.045	1.008	0.066	A15
2 437.0	6	802.11b (MIMO)	19.00	18.67	-0.070	15 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.068	1	99.2	0.066	1.119	1.008	0.074	A16
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Note: The rear with 0 mm spacing configuration was tested since only the rear is 0 mm spacing to human body-worn with handstrap of this device.

Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Ratio of OFDM to DSSS	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	Determine OFDM SAR
MHz	Ch											
2 462.0	11	802.11b (Ant.1)	DSSS	16.0	0.054	2 437.0	802.11g/n(HT-20)/ac(VHT-20)	OFDM	12.0	0.398	0.021	X
2 462.0	11	802.11b (Ant.1)	DSSS	16.0	0.051	2 437.0	802.11n(HT-40)/ac(VHT-40)	OFDM	12.0	0.398	0.020	X
2 437.0	6	802.11b (Ant.2)	DSSS	16.0	0.066	2 437.0	802.11g/n(HT-20)/ac(VHT-20)	OFDM	12.0	0.398	0.026	X
2 437.0	6	802.11b (Ant.2)	DSSS	16.0	0.066	2 437.0	802.11n(HT-40)/ac(VHT-40)	OFDM	12.0	0.398	0.026	X
2 437.0	6	802.11b (MIMO)	DSSS	19.0	0.074	2 437.0	802.11g/n(HT-20)/ac(VHT-20)	OFDM	15.0	0.398	0.029	X
2 437.0	6	802.11b (MIMO)	DSSS	19.0	0.074	2 437.0	802.11n(HT-40)/ac(VHT-40)	OFDM	15.0	0.398	0.029	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

Table 9.2.2 UNII Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5 260.0	52	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.19	-0.020	15 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.033	6	95.6	0.024	1.205	1.046	0.030	A17
5 280.0	56	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.25	-0.120	15 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.017	6	95.4	0.015	1.189	1.048	0.019	A18
5 260.0	52	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.18	0.000	15 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.023	6	95.3	0.020	1.208	1.049	0.025	A19
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-2005- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Note: The rear with 0 mm spacing configuration was tested since only the rear is 0 mm spacing to human body-worn with handstrap of this device.

Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Adjusted Factor	1g Adjusted SAR (W/kg)	SAR for the band with lower maximum output power
MHz	Ch											
5 260.0	52	802.11a (Ant.1)	OFDM	14.00	0.030	5 180.0	802.11a	OFDM	14.00	1.000	0.030	X
5 280.0	56	802.11a (Ant.2)	OFDM	14.00	0.019	5 220.0	802.11a	OFDM	14.00	1.000	0.019	X
5 260.0	52	802.11a (MIMO)	OFDM	17.00	0.025	5 180.0	802.11a	OFDM	17.00	1.000	0.025	X
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Head 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram						

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

Table 9.2.3 UNII Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5 500.0	100	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.32	-0.070	15 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.034	6	95.6	0.025	1.169	1.046	0.031	A20
5 660.0	132	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.12	0.070	15 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.065	6	95.4	0.056	1.225	1.048	0.072	A21
5 500.0	100	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.22	0.070	15 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.057	6	95.3	0.059	1.225	1.049	0.076	A22
5 825.0	165	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.17	0.090	15 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.049	6	95.6	0.023	1.211	1.046	0.029	A23
5 785.0	157	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.29	0.160	15 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.062	6	95.4	0.055	1.178	1.048	0.068	A24
5 785.0	157	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.21	-0.100	15 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.043	6	95.3	0.049	1.211	1.049	0.062	A25
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram							

Note: The rear with 0 mm spacing configuration was tested since only the rear is 0 mm spacing to human body-worn with handstrap of this device.

Table 11.2.6 Bluetooth Body-Worn SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS													
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle (%)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)
MHz	Ch												
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	6.85	5.97	0.000	15 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.009	1.225	1.302	0.014
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Body 1.6 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 1 gram					

Note: The rear with 0 mm spacing configuration was tested since only the rear is 0 mm spacing to human body-worn with handstrap of this device.

9.3 Standalone Phablet SAR Results

Table 9.3.1 DTS Phablet SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	10g SAR [W/kg]	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	10g Scaled SAR [W/kg]	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
2 462.0	11	802.11b (Ant.1)	16.00	15.51	0.000	0 mm [Top]	FCC #1	0.078	1	99.2	0.068	1.119	1.008	0.077	A27
2 462.0	11	802.11b (Ant.1)	16.00	15.51	-0.010	0 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.063	1	99.2	0.062	1.119	1.008	0.070	
2 462.0	11	802.11b (Ant.1)	16.00	15.51	0.020	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.099	1	99.2	0.095	1.119	1.008	0.107	
2 462.0	11	802.11b (Ant.1)	16.00	15.51	-0.190	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.925	1	99.2	0.867	1.119	1.008	0.978	
2 462.0	11	802.11b (Ant.1)	16.00	15.51	0.000	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.911	1	99.2	0.863	1.119	1.008	0.973	
2 437.0	6	802.11b (Ant.2)	16.00	15.81	0.110	0 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.042	1	99.2	0.039	1.045	1.008	0.041	
2 437.0	6	802.11b (Ant.2)	16.00	15.81	-0.000	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.066	1	99.2	0.063	1.045	1.008	0.066	A28
2 437.0	6	802.11b (Ant.2)	16.00	15.81	-0.020	0 mm [Right]	FCC #1	0.286	1	99.2	0.283	1.045	1.008	0.298	
2 437.0	6	802.11b (Ant.2)	16.00	15.81	0.160	0 mm [Right]	FCC #1	0.276	1	99.2	0.275	1.045	1.008	0.290	
2 437.0	6	802.11b (MIMO)	19.00	18.67	-0.110	0 mm [Top]	FCC #1	0.093	1	99.2	0.084	1.119	1.008	0.095	
2 437.0	6	802.11b (MIMO)	19.00	18.67	0.170	0 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.077	1	99.2	0.075	1.119	1.008	0.085	A29
2 437.0	6	802.11b (MIMO)	19.00	18.67	-0.010	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.118	1	99.2	0.113	1.119	1.008	0.127	
2 437.0	6	802.11b (MIMO)	19.00	18.67	0.190	0 mm [Right]	FCC #1	0.250	1	99.2	0.237	1.119	1.008	0.267	
2 437.0	6	802.11b (MIMO)	19.00	18.67	-0.020	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.947	1	99.2	0.966	1.119	1.008	1.090	
2 437.0	6	802.11b (MIMO)	19.00	18.67	-0.120	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.939	1	99.2	0.955	1.119	1.008	1.077	
ANSI / IEEE C63.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure									Phablet 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 gram						
Note: Blue entries represent additional Phablet SAR Test (with handstrap) with the worst case position.															

Note: Blue entries represent additional Phablet SAR Test (with handstrap) with the worst case position.

Adjusted SAR results for OFDM SAR												
FREQUENCY		Mode/ Antenna	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	10g Scaled SAR [W/kg]	FREQUENCY [MHz]	Mode	Service	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Ratio of OFDM to DSSS	10g Adjusted SAR [W/kg]	Determine OFDM SAR
MHz	Ch											
2 462.0	11	802.11b (Ant.1)	DSSS	16.0	0.978	2 437.0	802.11g/n(HT-20)/ac(VHT-20)	OFDM	12.0	0.398	0.389	X
2 462.0	11	802.11b (Ant.1)	DSSS	16.0	0.978	2 437.0	802.11n(HT-40)/ac(VHT-40)	OFDM	12.0	0.398	0.389	X
2 437.0	6	802.11b (Ant.1)	DSSS	16.0	0.298	2 437.0	802.11g/n(HT-20)/ac(VHT-20)	OFDM	12.0	0.398	0.119	X
2 437.0	6	802.11b (Ant.2)	DSSS	16.0	0.298	2 437.0	802.11n(HT-40)/ac(VHT-40)	OFDM	12.0	0.398	0.119	X
2 437.0	6	802.11b (MIMO)	DSSS	19.0	1.090	2 437.0	802.11g/n(HT-20)/ac(VHT-20)	OFDM	15.0	0.398	0.434	X
2 437.0	6	802.11b (MIMO)	DSSS	19.0	1.090	2 437.0	802.11n(HT-40)/ac(VHT-40)	OFDM	15.0	0.398	0.434	X
ANSI / IEEE C63.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						Phablet 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 gram						

Note: SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 3.0 W/kg.

Table 9.3.2 UNII Phablet SAR

MHz	Ch		[dBm]	[dBm]	[dB]	Position	Number	Area Scan	[Mbps]	Cycle	(W/kg)	Factor	Duty Cycle	SAR	#
5 260.0	52	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.19	0.070	0 mm [Top]	FCC #1	0.108	6	95.6	0.110	1.205	1.046	0.139	A30
5 260.0	52	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.19	0.040	0 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.056	6	95.6	0.054	1.205	1.046	0.068	
5 260.0	52	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.19	0.010	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.026	6	95.6	0.023	1.205	1.046	0.029	
5 260.0	52	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.19	-0.040	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.254	6	95.6	0.304	1.205	1.046	0.383	
5 260.0	52	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.19	0.010	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.246	6	95.6	0.298	1.205	1.046	0.376	
5 280.0	56	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.25	0.000	0 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.014	6	95.4	0.012	1.189	1.048	0.015	A31
5 280.0	56	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.25	0.150	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.027	6	95.4	0.025	1.189	1.048	0.031	
5 280.0	56	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.25	0.000	0 mm [Right]	FCC #1	0.095	6	95.4	0.110	1.189	1.048	0.137	
5 280.0	56	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.25	0.050	0 mm [Right]	FCC #1	0.097	6	95.4	0.109	1.189	1.048	0.136	
5 260.0	52	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.18	0.080	0 mm [Top]	FCC #1	0.122	6	95.3	0.126	1.208	1.049	0.160	
5 260.0	52	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.18	-0.170	0 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.074	6	95.3	0.073	1.208	1.049	0.093	A32
5 260.0	52	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.18	0.070	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.027	6	95.3	0.022	1.208	1.049	0.028	
5 260.0	52	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.18	0.070	0 mm [Right]	FCC #1	0.116	6	95.3	0.124	1.208	1.049	0.157	
5 260.0	52	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.18	-0.050	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.319	6	95.3	0.339	1.208	1.049	0.430	
5 260.0	52	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.18	0.040	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.312	6	95.3	0.332	1.208	1.049	0.421	
ANSI / IEEE C63.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Phablet 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 gram							
Note: Blue entries represent additional Phablet SAR Test (with handstrap) with the worst case position.															
Adjusted SAR results for UNII-1 and UNII-2A SAR															

Note: Blue entries represent additional Phablet SAR Test (with handstrap) with the worst case position.

MHz	Ch			Power [dBm]	SAR (W/kg)	MHz			Power [dBm]	Factor	SAR (W/kg)	power	
5 260.0	52	802.11a (Ant.1)	OFDM	14.00	0.383	5 180.0		802.11a	OFDM	14.00	1.000	0.383	X
5 280.0	56	802.11a (Ant.2)	OFDM	14.00	0.137	5 220.0		802.11a	OFDM	14.00	1.000	0.137	X
5 260.0	52	802.11a (MIMO)	OFDM	17.00	0.430	5 180.0		802.11a	OFDM	17.00	1.000	0.430	X
ANSI / IEEE C63.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT						Phablet							
Spatial Peak						4.0 W/kg (mW/g)							
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure						averaged over 10 gram							
Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 3.0 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.													

Note: U-NII-1 and U-NII-2A Bands: When different maximum output power is specified for the bands, begin SAR measurement in the band with higher specified maximum output power. The highest reported SAR for the tested configuration is adjusted by the ratio of lower to higher specified maximum output power for the two bands. When the adjusted SAR is ≤ 3.0 W/kg, SAR is not required for the band with lower maximum output power in that test configuration.

Table 9.3.3 UNII Phablet SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS															
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Peak SAR of Area Scan	Data Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle	10g SAR [W/kg]	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	10g Scaled SAR [W/kg]	Plots #
MHz	Ch														
5 500.0	100	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.32	0.030	0 mm [Top]	FCC #1	0.112	6	95.6	0.113	1.169	1.019	0.135	
5 500.0	100	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.32	0.040	0 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.106	6	95.6	0.108	1.169	1.019	0.129	
5 500.0	100	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.32	-0.190	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.031	6	95.6	0.033	1.169	1.019	0.039	
5 500.0	100	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.32	0.090	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.406	6	95.6	0.485	1.169	1.019	0.578	A33
5 500.0	100	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.32	0.090	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.392	6	95.6	0.478	1.169	1.019	0.569	
5 660.0	132	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.12	0.090	0 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.041	6	95.4	0.043	1.225	1.019	0.054	
5 660.0	132	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.12	0.090	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.060	6	95.4	0.063	1.225	1.019	0.079	
5 660.0	132	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.12	-0.030	0 mm [Right]	FCC #1	0.238	6	95.4	0.240	1.225	1.019	0.300	A34
5 660.0	132	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.12	-0.130	0 mm [Right]	FCC #1	0.226	6	95.4	0.238	1.225	1.019	0.297	
5 500.0	100	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.22	0.020	0 mm [Top]	FCC #1	0.114	6	95.3	0.119	1.225	1.019	0.149	
5 500.0	100	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.22	0.140	0 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.101	6	95.3	0.108	1.225	1.019	0.135	
5 500.0	100	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.22	-0.190	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.045	6	95.3	0.042	1.225	1.019	0.052	
5 500.0	100	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.22	0.030	0 mm [Right]	FCC #1	0.244	6	95.3	0.255	1.225	1.019	0.318	
5 500.0	100	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.22	0.010	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.429	6	95.3	0.511	1.225	1.019	0.638	A35
5 500.0	100	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.22	-0.010	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.398	6	95.3	0.496	1.225	1.019	0.619	
5 825.0	165	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.17	0.090	0 mm [Top]	FCC #1	0.124	6	95.6	0.132	1.211	1.046	0.167	
5 825.0	165	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.17	-0.180	0 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.101	6	95.6	0.102	1.211	1.046	0.129	
5 825.0	165	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.17	0.030	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.037	6	95.6	0.031	1.211	1.046	0.039	
5 825.0	165	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.17	0.020	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.496	6	95.6	0.598	1.211	1.046	0.758	A36
5 825.0	165	802.11a (Ant.1)	14.00	13.17	-0.120	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.492	6	95.6	0.586	1.211	1.046	0.742	
5 785.0	157	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.29	0.070	0 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.028	6	95.4	0.026	1.178	1.048	0.032	
5 785.0	157	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.29	0.090	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.071	6	95.4	0.075	1.178	1.048	0.093	
5 785.0	157	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.29	-0.140	0 mm [Right]	FCC #1	0.238	6	95.4	0.267	1.178	1.048	0.330	A37
5 785.0	157	802.11a (Ant.2)	14.00	13.29	0.090	0 mm [Right]	FCC #1	0.234	6	95.4	0.253	1.178	1.048	0.312	
5 785.0	157	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.21	0.040	0 mm [Top]	FCC #1	0.127	6	95.3	0.135	1.211	1.049	0.172	
5 785.0	157	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.21	-0.020	0 mm [Front]	FCC #1	0.104	6	95.3	0.109	1.211	1.049	0.139	
5 785.0	157	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.21	-0.080	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	0.110	6	95.3	0.108	1.211	1.049	0.137	
5 785.0	157	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.21	0.040	0 mm [Right]	FCC #1	0.402	6	95.3	0.445	1.211	1.049	0.565	
5 785.0	157	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.21	-0.190	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.556	6	95.3	0.679	1.211	1.049	0.863	A38
5 785.0	157	802.11a (MIMO)	17.00	16.21	-0.120	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	0.527	6	95.3	0.609	1.211	1.049	0.774	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Phablet 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 gram							

Note: Blue entries represent additional Phablet SAR Test (with handstrap) with the worst case position.

Table 9.3.4 Bluetooth Phablet SAR

MEASUREMENT RESULTS														
FREQUENCY		Mode	Maximum Allowed Power [dBm]	Conducted Power [dBm]	Drift Power [dB]	Phantom Position	Device Serial Number	Rate [Mbps]	Duty Cycle (%)	10g SAR [W/kg]	Scaling Factor	Scaling Factor (Duty Cycle)	10g Scaled SAR [W/kg]	Plots #
MHz	Ch													
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	6.85	5.97	0.020	0 mm [Top]	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.012	1.225	1.302	0.019	
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	6.85	5.97	-0.170	0 mm [Front]	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.011	1.225	1.302	0.018	
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	6.85	5.97	-0.190	0 mm [Rear]	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.016	1.225	1.302	0.026	
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	6.85	5.97	0.110	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.161	1.225	1.302	0.257	A39
2 441.0	39	Bluetooth	6.85	5.97	0.000	0 mm [Left]	FCC #1	1	76.8	0.144	1.225	1.302	0.230	
ANSI / IEEE C95.1-1992- SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population Exposure								Phablet 4.0 W/kg (mW/g) averaged over 10 gram						

Note: Blue entries represent additional Phablet SAR Test (with handstrap) with the worst case position.

9.4 SAR Test Notes

General Notes:

1. The test data reported are the worst-case SAR values according to test procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013, and FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
2. Batteries are fully charged at the beginning of the SAR measurements. A standard battery was used for all SAR measurements.
3. Liquid tissue depth was at least 15.0 cm for all frequencies.
4. The manufacturer has confirmed that the device(s) tested have the same physical, mechanical and thermal characteristics and are within operational tolerances expected for production units
5. SAR results were scaled to the maximum allowed power to demonstrate compliance per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.
6. Device was tested using a fixed spacing for body-worn accessory testing. A separation distance of 15 mm was considered because the manufacturer has determined that there will be body-worn accessories available in the marketplace for users to support this separation distance.
7. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03, body-worn SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the standalone reported boy-worn SAR was not > 1.2 W/kg, no additional body-worn SAR evaluations using a headset cable were performed.
8. SAR measurements were performed using the DASY5 automated system. The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the IEEE 1528 standard. During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each area scan measurement. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within 2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions. All local maxima within 2 dB of the global maximum were searched and passed for the Zoom Scan measurement.

WLAN Notes:

1. The initial test position procedures were applied. The test position with the highest extrapolated peak SAR will be used as the initial test position. When reported SAR for the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, no additional testing for the remaining test positions was required. Otherwise, SAR is evaluated at the subsequent highest peak SAR positions until the reported SAR result is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all test positions are measured.
2. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 2.4 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the highest measured maximum output power channel for DSSS was selected for SAR measurement. SAR for OFDM modes (2.4 GHz 802.11g/n) was not required due to the maximum allowed powers and the highest reported DSSS SAR when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output and the adjust SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
3. Justification for test configurations for WLAN per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02 for 5 GHz WIFI single transmission chain operations, the initial test configuration was selected according to the transmission mode with the highest maximum allowed powers. Other transmission modes were not investigated since the highest reported SAR for initial test configuration adjusted by the ratio of maximum output powers is less than 1.2 W/kg.
4. When the maximum reported 1g averaged SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, SAR testing on additional channels was not required. Otherwise, SAR for the next highest output power channel was required until the reported SAR result was ≤ 1.20 W/kg or all test channels were measured.
5. The device was configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor to determine compliance.
6. Per KDB Publication 248227 D01v02r02, SAR for MIMO was evaluated by following the simultaneous SAR provisions from KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 by making a SAR measurement with both antennas transmitting simultaneously.

Bluetooth Notes:

1. Bluetooth SAR was measured with the device connected to a call with hopping disabled with DH5 operation and Tx test mode type. Per October 2016 TCB Workshop Notes, the reported SAR was scaled to the 100% transmission duty factor to determine compliance. Refer to section 9.5 for the time-domain plot and calculation for the duty factor of the device.
2. Head and hotspot Bluetooth SAR were evaluated for BT tethering applications.

10. FCC MULTI-TX AND ANTENNA SAR CONSIDERATIONS

10.1 Introduction

The following procedures adopted from FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 are applicable to handsets with built-in unlicensed transmitters such as 802.11b/g/n and Bluetooth devices which may simultaneously transmit with the licensed transmitter.

10.2 Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the sum 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. The different test position in an exposure condition may be considered collectively to determine SAR test exclusion according to the sum of 1-g or 10-g SAR.

10.3 Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds.

This device contains multiple transmitters that may operate simultaneously, and therefore requires a simultaneous transmission analysis according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

Table 10.3.1 Simultaneous SAR Cases

No.	Capable Transmit Configuration	Head SAR	Body-Worn SAR	Extremity SAR	Note
1	Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz Ant.1 + Wi-Fi 5 GHz Ant.2	Yes	Yes	Yes	
2	Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5 GHz	Yes^	Yes	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.
3	Bluetooth 2.4 GHz + Wi-Fi 5 GHz MIMO	Yes^	Yes	Yes	^Bluetooth Tethering is considered.

Notes:

- Bluetooth and WiFi can not transmit simultaneously at 2.4G band.

10.4 Head SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 10.4.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2.4 GHz W-LAN Ant.1 + 5 GHz W-LAN Ant.2 (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2.4G W-LAN Ant.1 SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN Ant.2 SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	5.3G W-LAN Ant.2	Front	1	2	1+2
	5.6G W-LAN Ant.2	Front	0.046	0.014	0.060
	5.8G W-LAN Ant.2	Front	0.046	0.018	0.064
				0.020	0.068

Table 10.4.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth Ant.1 + 5 GHz W-LAN Ant.1 (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth Ant.1 SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN Ant.1 SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	5.3G W-LAN Ant.1	Front	1	2	1+2
	5.6G W-LAN Ant.1	Front	0.012	0.068	0.080
	5.8G W-LAN Ant.1	Front	0.012	0.125	0.137
			0.012	0.109	0.121

Table 10.4.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth Ant.1 + 5 GHz W-LAN Ant.2 (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth Ant.1 SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN Ant.2 SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	5.3G W-LAN Ant.2	Front	1	2	1+2
	5.6G W-LAN Ant.2	Front	0.012	0.014	0.026
	5.8G W-LAN Ant.2	Front	0.012	0.018	0.030
			0.012	0.020	0.032

Table 10.4.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth Ant.1 + 5 GHz W-LAN MIMO (Held to Ear)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth Ant.1 SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Head SAR	5.3G W-LAN MIMO	Front	1	2	1+2
	5.6G W-LAN MIMO	Front	0.012	0.070	0.082
	5.8G W-LAN MIMO	Front	0.012	0.140	0.152
			0.012	0.118	0.130

10.5 Body-Worn Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Table 10.5.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2.4 GHz W-LAN Ant.1 + 5 GHz W-LAN Ant.2 (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2.4G W-LAN Ant.1 SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN Ant.2 SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Body-Worn SAR	5.3G W-LAN Ant.2	Rear	1	2	1+2
	5.6G W-LAN Ant.2	Rear	0.054	0.019	0.073
	5.8G W-LAN Ant.2	Rear	0.054	0.072	0.126
			0.054	0.068	0.122

Table 10.5.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth Ant.1 + 5 GHz W-LAN Ant.1 (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth Ant.1 SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN Ant.1 SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Body-Worn SAR	5.3G W-LAN Ant.1	Rear	1	2	1+2
	5.6G W-LAN Ant.1	Rear	0.014	0.030	0.044
	5.8G W-LAN Ant.1	Rear	0.014	0.031	0.045
			0.014	0.029	0.043

Table 10.5.3 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth Ant.1 + 5 GHz W-LAN Ant.2 (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth Ant.1 SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN Ant.2 SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Body-Worn SAR	5.3G W-LAN Ant.2	Rear	1	2	1+2
	5.6G W-LAN Ant.2	Rear	0.014	0.019	0.033
	5.8G W-LAN Ant.2	Rear	0.014	0.072	0.086
			0.014	0.068	0.082

Table 10.5.4 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth Ant.1 + 5 GHz W-LAN MIMO (Body-Worn at 10 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth Ant.1 SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN MIMO SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Body-Worn SAR	5.3G W-LAN MIMO	Rear	1	2	1+2
	5.6G W-LAN MIMO	Rear	0.014	0.025	0.039
	5.8G W-LAN MIMO	Rear	0.014	0.076	0.090
			0.014	0.062	0.076

10.6 Phablet SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis with proximity sensor enabled

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04 Handset SAR, Phablet SAR tests were not required when Hotspot 1g SAR (scaled to maximum output power including tolerance) < 1.2 W/kg.

Table 10.6.1 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : 2.4 GHz W-LAN Ant.1 + 5 GHz W-LAN Ant.2 (Phablet at 0 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	2.4G W-LAN Ant.1 SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN Ant.2 SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Phablet SAR	5.3G W-LAN Ant.1	Top	0.077	-	0.077
		Bottom	-	-	-
		Front	0.070	0.015	0.085
		Rear	0.107	0.031	0.138
		Right	-	0.137	0.137
		Left	0.978	-	0.978
	5.6G W-LAN Ant.1	Top	0.077	-	0.077
		Bottom	-	-	-
		Front	0.070	0.054	0.124
		Rear	0.107	0.079	0.186
		Right	-	0.300	0.300
		Left	0.978	-	0.978
	5.8G W-LAN Ant.1	Top	0.077	-	0.077
		Bottom	-	-	-
		Front	0.070	0.032	0.102
		Rear	0.107	0.093	0.200
		Right	-	0.330	0.330
		Left	0.978	-	0.978

Table 10.6.2 Simultaneous Transmission Scenario : Bluetooth Ant.1 + 5 GHz W-LAN Ant.1/Ant.2/MIMO (Phablet at 0 mm)

Exposure Condition	Mode	Configuration	Bluetooth Ant.1 SAR (W/kg)	5G W-LAN Ant.1 SAR (W/kg)	ΣSAR (W/kg)
Phablet SAR	5.3G W-LAN Ant.1	Top	0.019	0.139	0.158
		Bottom	-	-	-
		Front	0.019	0.088	0.088
		Rear	0.026	0.029	0.055
		Right	-	-	-
		Left	0.257	0.383	0.640
	5.6G W-LAN Ant.1	Top	0.019	0.135	0.154
		Bottom	-	-	-
		Front	0.019	0.129	0.147
		Rear	0.026	0.039	0.065
		Right	-	-	-
		Left	0.257	0.578	0.835
	5.8G W-LAN Ant.1	Top	0.019	0.167	0.186
		Bottom	-	-	-
		Front	0.019	0.129	0.147
		Rear	0.026	0.039	0.065
		Right	-	-	-
		Left	0.257	0.758	1.015
Phablet SAR	5.3G W-LAN Ant.2	Top	0.019	-	0.019
		Bottom	-	-	-
		Front	0.019	0.015	0.033
		Rear	0.026	0.031	0.057
		Right	-	0.137	0.137
		Left	0.257	-	0.257
	5.6G W-LAN Ant.2	Top	0.019	-	0.019
		Bottom	-	-	-
		Front	0.019	0.054	0.072
		Rear	0.026	0.079	0.105
		Right	-	0.300	0.300
		Left	0.257	-	0.257
	5.8G W-LAN Ant.2	Top	0.019	-	0.019
		Bottom	-	-	-
		Front	0.019	0.032	0.050
		Rear	0.026	0.093	0.119
		Right	-	0.330	0.330
		Left	0.257	-	0.257
Phablet SAR	5.3G W-LAN MIMO	Top	0.019	0.160	0.179
		Bottom	-	-	-
		Front	0.019	0.093	0.111
		Rear	0.026	0.028	0.054
		Right	-	0.157	0.157
		Left	0.257	0.430	0.687
	5.6G W-LAN MIMO	Top	0.019	0.149	0.168
		Bottom	-	-	-
		Front	0.019	0.135	0.153
		Rear	0.026	0.052	0.078
		Right	-	0.318	0.318
		Left	0.257	0.538	0.795
	5.8G W-LAN MIMO	Top	0.019	0.172	0.191
		Bottom	-	-	-
		Front	0.019	0.139	0.157
		Rear	0.026	0.137	0.163
		Right	-	0.565	0.565
		Left	0.257	0.863	1.120

10.7 Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the worst-case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 and IEEE 1528-2013 Section 6.3.4.1.2.

11. SAR MEASUREMENT VARIABILITY

11.1 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

1. When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
2. A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
3. A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .
4. Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg
5. The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

11.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The measured SAR was < 1.5 W/kg for 1g and < 3.75 W/kg for 10g for all frequency bands. Therefore, per KDB Publication 865664 D01v01r04, the extended measurement uncertainty analysis per IEEE 1528-2013 was not required.

12. EQUIPMENT LIST

Table 15.1.1 Test Equipment Calibration

	Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date	Next.Cal.Date	S/N
☒	SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
☒	SEMITEC Engineering	SEMITEC	N/A	N/A	N/A	Shield Room
☒	Robot	SPEAG	TX90XL	N/A	N/A	F13/5RR2A1/A/01
☒	Robot	SPEAG	TX90XL	N/A	N/A	F13/5P9GA1/A/01
☒	Robot Controller	SPEAG	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F13/5RR2A1/C/01
☒	Robot Controller	SPEAG	CS8C	N/A	N/A	F13/5P9GA1/C/01
☒	Joystick	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	S-13200990
☒	Joystick	SPEAG	N/A	N/A	N/A	S-12450905
☒	Intel Core i7-3770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒	Intel Core i7-3770 3.40 GHz Windows 7 Professional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒	Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
☒	Probe Alignment Unit LB	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SE UKS 030 AA
☒	Device Holder	SPEAG	SD000H01HA	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒	Device Holder	SPEAG	SD000H01HA	N/A	N/A	N/A
☒	2mm Oval Phantom ELI5	SPEAG	QDIVA001BB	N/A	N/A	1223
☒	2mm Oval Phantom ELI5	SPEAG	QDOVA002AA	N/A	N/A	1237
☒	Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE3V1	2019-11-19	2020-11-19	520
☒	Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4V1	2019-07-18	2020-07-18	1335
☒	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	2019-09-27	2020-09-27	3933
☒	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	2020-03-25	2021-03-25	3328
☒	2450MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	2019-09-19	2021-09-19	726
☒	2600MHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D2600V2	2020-02-20	2022-02-20	1103
☒	5GHz SAR Dipole	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	2020-02-27	2022-02-27	1212
☒	Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071C	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	MY46106970
☒	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	US41461520
☒	Amplifier	RFBAY,Inc	MPA-40-40	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	21151801
☒	Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q7ELU	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	1020
☒	High Power RF Amplifier	EMPOWER	BBS3Q8CCJ	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	1005
☒	Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	GB37170267
☒	Power Meter	HP	EPM-442A	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	GB37170413
☒	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	US37294267
☒	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	3318A96566
☒	Power Sensor	HP	8481A	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	2702A65976
☒	Dual Directional Coupler	Agilent	778D-012	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	50228
☒	Directional Coupler	HP	772D	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	2889A01064
☒	Low Pass Filter 3.0GHz	Micro LAB	LA-30N	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	2
☒	Low Pass Filter 6.0GHz	Micro LAB	LA-60N	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	03942
☒	Attenuators(10 dB)	WEINSCHEL	23-10-34	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	BP4387
☒	Attenuators	Cernexwave	CFADC2603U5	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	C11711
☒	Dielectric Probe kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	2019-11-19	2020-11-19	1092
☒	Power Splitter	Anritsu	K241B	2019-12-16	2020-12-16	1301183
☒	Bluetooth Tester	TESCOM	TC-3000C	2019-06-24	2020-06-24	3000C000563
☒				2020-06-24	2021-06-24	

NOTE(S):

- The E-field probe was calibrated by SPEAG, by temperature measurement procedure. Dipole Verification measurement is performed by DT&C before each test. The brain and muscle simulating material are calibrated by DT&C using the dielectric probe system and network analyzer to determine the conductivity and permittivity (dielectric constant) of the brain and muscle-equivalent material. Each equipment item was used solely within its respective calibration period.
- CBT(Calibrated Before Testing). Prior to testing, the measurement paths containing a cable, amplifier, attenuator, coupler or filter were connected to a calibrated source (i.e. signal generator) to determine the losses of the measurement path. The power meter offset was then adjusted to compensate for the measurement system losses. This level offset is stored within the power meter before measurements are made. This calibration verification procedure applies to the system verification and output power measurements. The calibrated reading is then taken directly from the power meter after compensation of the losses for all final power measurements.

13. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

2 450 MHz Head (SN: 3328)

Error Description	Uncertainty value ±%	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g (± %)	Standard 10 g (± %)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	6.0	6.0	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.1	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.2	2.9	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.0	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	0.9	1.0	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.7	Rectangular	√3	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	1.8	Rectangular	√3	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.3	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						12	11	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						24	22	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2)$$

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 11\%$$

$$= 22\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2)$$

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

5 300 MHz Head (SN: 3933)

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g ($\pm\%$)	Standard 10 g ($\pm\%$)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.0	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.1	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.2	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.0	1.1	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	1.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.3	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						12	12	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						24	24	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2 \text{)}$$

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2 \text{)}$$

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

5 600 MHz Head (SN: 3933)

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g ($\pm\%$)	Standard 10 g ($\pm\%$)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	4.0	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.1	2.8	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.3	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.0	1.1	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	1.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.3	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						12	12	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						24	24	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2 \text{)}$$

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2 \text{)}$$

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

5 800 MHz Head (SN: 3933)

Error Description	Uncertainty value $\pm\%$	Probability Distribution	Divisor	(Ci) 1 g	(Ci) 10 g	Standard 1 g ($\pm\%$)	Standard 10 g ($\pm\%$)	vi 2 or Veff
Measurement System								
Probe calibration	6.55	Normal	1	1	1	6.6	6.6	∞
Isotropy	1.3	Normal	1	1	1	1.3	1.3	∞
Boundary Effects	2.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2	∞
Probe Linearity	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Probe modulation response	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Detection limits	0.25	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.14	0.14	∞
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	0.3	0.3	∞
Response time	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Integration time	2.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.5	1.5	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Noise	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
RF Ambient Conditions – Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7	∞
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.46	0.46	∞
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9	∞
Algorithms for Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3	∞
Test Sample Related								
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	2.9	2.9	145
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	3.6	3.6	5
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9	∞
SAR Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0	∞
Physical Parameters								
Phantom Shell	7.6	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	4.4	4.4	∞
SAR correction	0.0	Normal	1	1	0.84	0.0	0.0	∞
Liquid conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2	∞
Liquid conductivity (Meas.)	3.8	Normal	1	0.78	0.71	3.0	2.7	10
Liquid permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.7	1.4	∞
Liquid permittivity (Meas.)	4.2	Normal	1	0.23	0.26	1.0	1.1	10
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.9	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.9	0.8	∞
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	1.7	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.2	0.3	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						12	12	330
Expanded Uncertainty (k=2)						24	24	

$$U(1\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2 \text{)}$$

$$U(10\text{ g}) = k \cdot u_c$$

$$= 2 \cdot 12\%$$

$$= 24\% \text{ (The confidence level is about 95 \% } k = 2 \text{)}$$

The above measurement uncertainties are according to IEEE Std 1528

14. CONCLUSION

Measurement Conclusion

The SAR measurement indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC. These measurements are taken to simulate the RF effects exposure under the worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The tested device complies with the requirements in respect to all parameters subject to the test. The test results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested.

Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are every complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role impossible biological effect are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease).

Because innumerable factors may interact to determine the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide shall consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

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APPENDIX A. – Probe Calibration Data

**Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG**
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **DT&C (Dymstec)**

Certificate No: **EX3-3933_Sep19**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:3933**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v5, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7**
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes

Calibration date: **September 27, 2019**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature ($22 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$) and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
DAE4	SN: 660	19-Dec-18 (No. DAE4-660_Dec18)	Dec-19
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	31-Dec-18 (No. ES3-3013_Dec18)	Dec-19
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-18)	In house check: Jun-20
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

Calibrated by:	Name Claudio Leubler	Function Laboratory Technician	Signature 
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
Issued: September 30, 2019			
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
 Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
 Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization ϕ	ϕ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}**: Assessed for E-field polarization $\vartheta = 0$ ($f \leq 900$ MHz in TEM-cell; $f > 1800$ MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}**: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR**: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; D_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}**: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters**: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800$ MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800$ MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)**: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset**: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle**: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

EX3DV4 – SN:3933

September 27, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3933

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$) ^A	0.49	0.52	0.19	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) ^B	105.1	100.3	95.6	

Calibration Results for Modulation Response

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB/μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	163.3	± 2.2 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		166.6		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		158.8		
10352-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	15.00	90.30	22.21	10.00	60.0	± 3.2 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	15.00	89.45	22.16		60.0		
		Z	15.00	90.07	22.52		60.0		
10353-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	15.00	93.23	22.50	6.99	80.0	± 2.1 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	15.00	90.02	21.08		80.0		
		Z	15.00	92.33	21.94		80.0		
10354-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	15.00	102.11	25.43	3.98	95.0	± 2.4 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	15.00	91.85	20.31		95.0		
		Z	15.00	161.21	54.32		95.0		
10355-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	15.00	127.83	36.23	2.22	120.0	± 3.0 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	15.00	100.88	23.08		120.0		
		Z	0.11	60.00	30.00		120.0		
10387-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	15.00	94.61	19.88	0.00	150.0	± 4.9 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.98	66.33	11.74		150.0		
		Z	0.03	60.00	30.00		150.0		
10388-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	4.47	82.57	22.97	0.00	150.0	± 4.7 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.77	72.49	18.16		150.0		
		Z	15.00	116.88	37.35		150.0		
10396-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	3.14	73.89	21.30	3.01	150.0	± 3.7 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.97	75.80	21.70		150.0		
		Z	15.00	121.14	42.19		150.0		
10399-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	4.01	70.75	18.20	0.00	150.0	± 3.5 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.70	68.48	16.76		150.0		
		Z	6.59	83.14	25.05		150.0		
10414-AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	4.96	67.04	16.71	0.00	150.0	± 4.5 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	4.95	66.11	16.05		150.0		
		Z	5.53	71.03	19.84		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

EX3DV4– SN:3933

September 27, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3933

Sensor Model Parameters

	C1 fF	C2 fF	α V^{-1}	T1 ms. V^{-2}	T2 ms. V^{-1}	T3 ms	T4 V^{-2}	T5 V^{-1}	T6
X	37.1	274.02	35.44	16.09	0.81	5.10	0.05	0.40	1.01
Y	48.6	371.39	37.26	21.32	1.16	5.10	0.67	0.53	1.01
Z	27.0	217.61	42.23	8.67	1.66	5.07	0.00	0.24	1.01

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	76.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

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DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3933

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.68	10.68	10.68	0.45	0.86	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.32	10.32	10.32	0.41	0.90	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.01	10.01	10.01	0.52	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.87	8.87	8.87	0.34	0.87	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.57	8.57	8.57	0.30	0.87	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	8.19	8.19	8.19	0.29	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.84	7.84	7.84	0.33	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.62	7.62	7.62	0.25	0.90	± 12.0 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.27	7.27	7.27	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	6.99	6.99	6.99	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
5200	36.0	4.66	5.29	5.29	5.29	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5300	35.9	4.76	5.10	5.10	5.10	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5500	35.6	4.96	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	4.80	4.80	4.80	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5800	35.3	5.27	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4– SN:3933

September 27, 2019

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3933

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.44	10.44	10.44	0.45	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	10.24	10.24	10.24	0.40	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	55.0	1.05	10.14	10.14	10.14	0.47	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.64	8.64	8.64	0.40	0.87	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	8.15	8.15	8.15	0.40	0.87	± 12.0 %
2300	52.9	1.81	7.94	7.94	7.94	0.39	0.90	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.75	7.75	7.75	0.38	0.90	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.57	7.57	7.57	0.31	0.90	± 12.0 %
3500	51.3	3.31	6.88	6.88	6.88	0.40	1.35	± 13.1 %
3700	51.0	3.55	6.82	6.82	6.82	0.40	1.35	± 13.1 %
5200	49.0	5.30	4.66	4.66	4.66	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5300	48.9	5.42	4.56	4.56	4.56	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5500	48.6	5.65	4.20	4.20	4.20	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5600	48.5	5.77	4.05	4.05	4.05	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %
5800	48.2	6.00	4.13	4.13	4.13	0.50	1.90	± 13.1 %

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

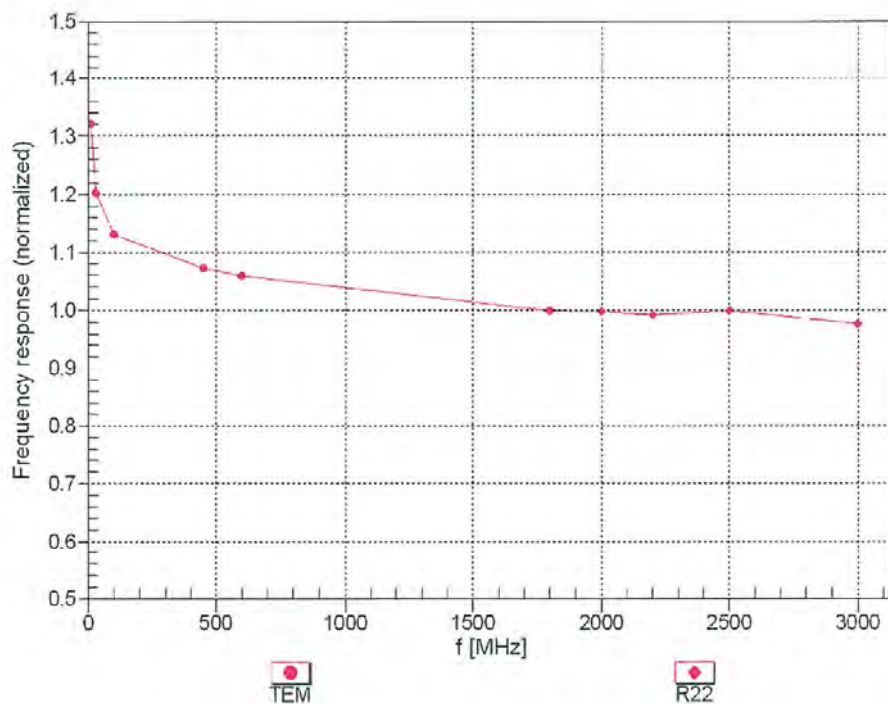
^F At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 6.3\%$ ($k=2$)

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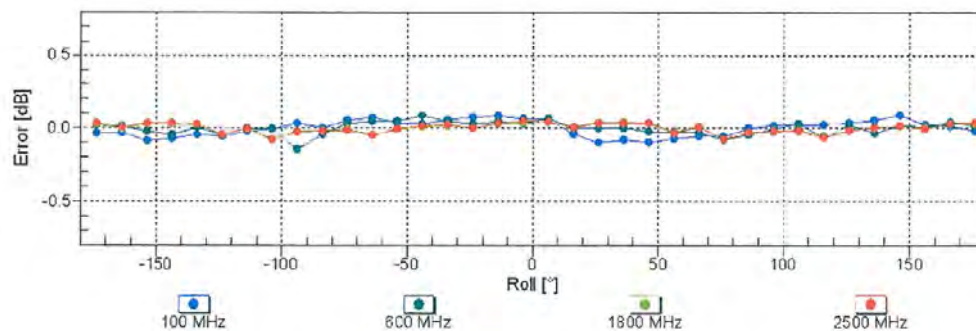
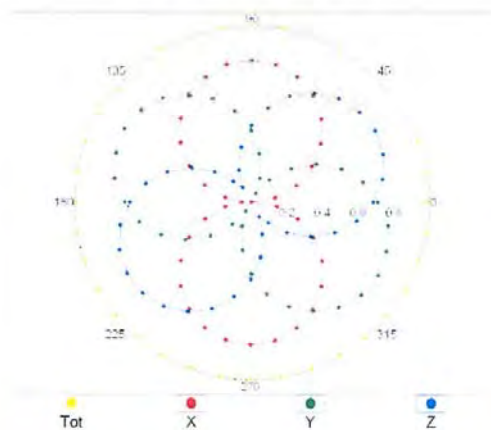
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Receiving Pattern (ϕ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz,TEM



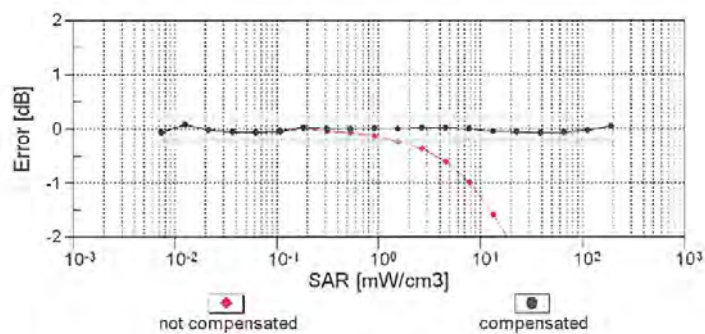
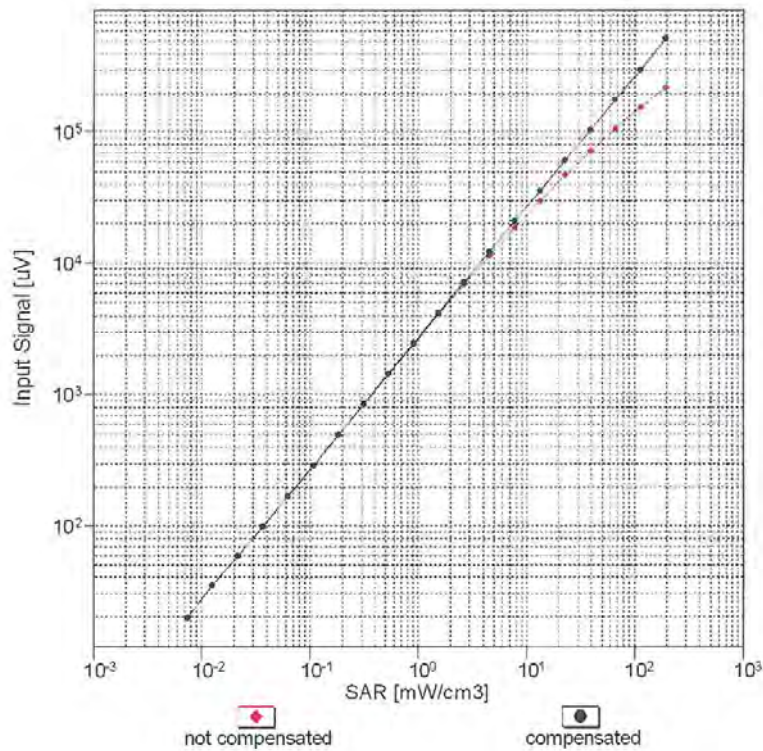
f=1800 MHz,R22

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 0.5\%$ (k=2)

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Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell, $f_{\text{eval}} = 1900 \text{ MHz}$)

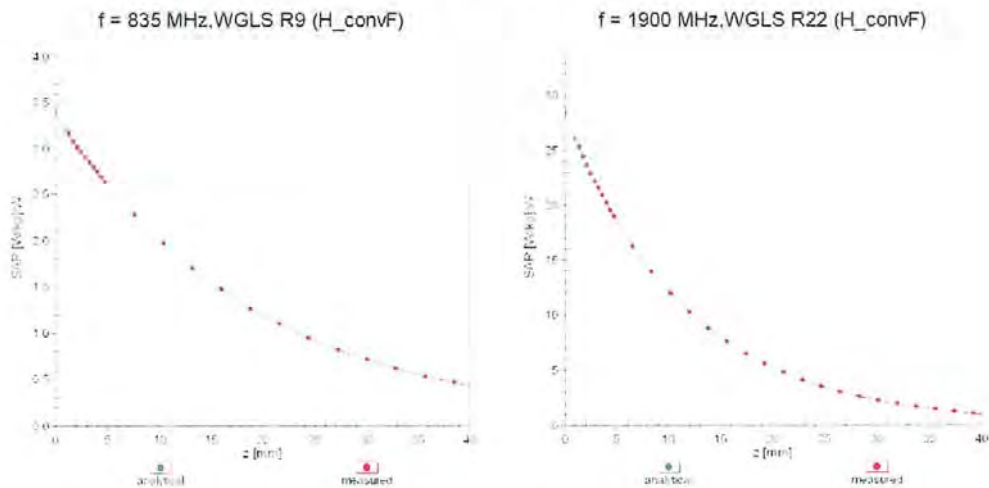


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.6\%$ ($k=2$)

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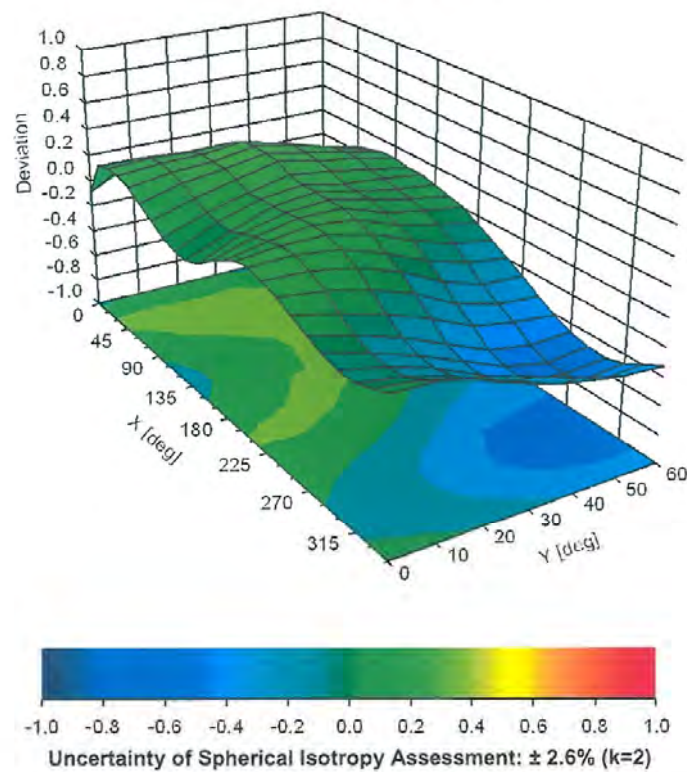
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Conversion Factor Assessment



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, θ), $f = 900 \text{ MHz}$



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Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	Unc ^E (k=2)
0		CW	CW	0.00	± 4.7 %
10010	CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Test	10.00	± 9.6 %
10011	CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	WCDMA	2.91	± 9.6 %
10012	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	WLAN	1.87	± 9.6 %
10013	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	9.46	± 9.6 %
10021	DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	GSM	9.39	± 9.6 %
10023	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	GSM	9.57	± 9.6 %
10024	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10025	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	GSM	12.62	± 9.6 %
10026	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10027	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	4.80	± 9.6 %
10028	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	3.55	± 9.6 %
10029	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	7.78	± 9.6 %
10030	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	5.30	± 9.6 %
10031	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	1.87	± 9.6 %
10032	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	1.16	± 9.6 %
10033	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	7.74	± 9.6 %
10034	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.53	± 9.6 %
10035	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	3.83	± 9.6 %
10036	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	8.01	± 9.6 %
10037	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.77	± 9.6 %
10038	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	4.10	± 9.6 %
10039	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	CDMA2000	4.57	± 9.6 %
10042	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Halfrate)	AMPS	7.78	± 9.6 %
10044	CAA	IS-91/EIA/TIA-553 FDD (FDMA, FM)	AMPS	0.00	± 9.6 %
10048	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Full Slot, 24)	DECT	13.80	± 9.6 %
10049	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Double Slot, 12)	DECT	10.79	± 9.6 %
10056	CAA	UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps)	TD-SCDMA	11.01	± 9.6 %
10058	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	6.52	± 9.6 %
10059	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	WLAN	2.12	± 9.6 %
10060	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	WLAN	2.83	± 9.6 %
10061	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	WLAN	3.60	± 9.6 %
10062	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	8.68	± 9.6 %
10063	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	8.63	± 9.6 %
10064	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.09	± 9.6 %
10065	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.00	± 9.6 %
10066	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	9.38	± 9.6 %
10067	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.12	± 9.6 %
10068	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.24	± 9.6 %
10069	CAC	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	10.56	± 9.6 %
10071	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	9.83	± 9.6 %
10072	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.62	± 9.6 %
10073	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.94	± 9.6 %
10074	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	10.30	± 9.6 %
10075	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.77	± 9.6 %
10076	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.94	± 9.6 %
10077	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	11.00	± 9.6 %
10081	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	CDMA2000	3.97	± 9.6 %
10082	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Fullrate)	AMPS	4.77	± 9.6 %
10090	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10097	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %
10098	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %
10099	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10100	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.67	± 9.6 %
10101	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10102	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10103	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10104	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10105	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.01	± 9.6 %
10108	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.80	± 9.6 %

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10109	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10110	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10111	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.44	± 9.6 %
10112	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.59	± 9.6 %
10113	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10114	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10115	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.46	± 9.6 %
10116	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.15	± 9.6 %
10117	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.07	± 9.6 %
10118	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.59	± 9.6 %
10119	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10140	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10141	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.53	± 9.6 %
10142	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10143	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.35	± 9.6 %
10144	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.65	± 9.6 %
10145	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.76	± 9.6 %
10146	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.41	± 9.6 %
10147	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.72	± 9.6 %
10149	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10150	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10151	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.28	± 9.6 %
10152	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10153	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.05	± 9.6 %
10154	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10155	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10156	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.79	± 9.6 %
10157	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10158	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10159	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.56	± 9.6 %
10160	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.82	± 9.6 %
10161	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10162	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.58	± 9.6 %
10166	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.46	± 9.6 %
10167	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.21	± 9.6 %
10168	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.79	± 9.6 %
10169	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10170	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10171	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10172	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10173	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10174	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10175	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10176	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10177	CAI	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10178	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10179	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10180	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10181	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10182	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10183	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10184	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10185	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.51	± 9.6 %
10186	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10187	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10188	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10189	AAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10193	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.09	± 9.6 %
10194	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.12	± 9.6 %
10195	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.21	± 9.6 %
10196	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10197	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10198	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10219	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.03	± 9.6 %

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10220	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10221	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10222	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.06	± 9.6 %
10223	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.48	± 9.6 %
10224	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.08	± 9.6 %
10225	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	WCDMA	5.97	± 9.6 %
10226	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.49	± 9.6 %
10227	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.26	± 9.6 %
10228	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.22	± 9.6 %
10229	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10230	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10231	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.19	± 9.6 %
10232	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10233	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10234	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10235	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10236	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10237	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10238	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10239	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10240	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10241	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.82	± 9.6 %
10242	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.86	± 9.6 %
10243	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.46	± 9.6 %
10244	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10245	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10246	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	± 9.6 %
10247	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.91	± 9.6 %
10248	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.09	± 9.6 %
10249	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10250	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.81	± 9.6 %
10251	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.17	± 9.6 %
10252	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	± 9.6 %
10253	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.90	± 9.6 %
10254	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.14	± 9.6 %
10255	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.20	± 9.6 %
10256	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.96	± 9.6 %
10257	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.08	± 9.6 %
10258	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.34	± 9.6 %
10259	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.98	± 9.6 %
10260	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10261	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	± 9.6 %
10262	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.83	± 9.6 %
10263	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.16	± 9.6 %
10264	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.23	± 9.6 %
10265	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10266	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.07	± 9.6 %
10267	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	± 9.6 %
10268	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10269	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.13	± 9.6 %
10270	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.58	± 9.6 %
10274	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10)	WCDMA	4.87	± 9.6 %
10275	CAB	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	WCDMA	3.96	± 9.6 %
10277	CAA	PHS (QPSK)	PHS	11.81	± 9.6 %
10278	CAA	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.5)	PHS	11.81	± 9.6 %
10279	CAA	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.38)	PHS	12.18	± 9.6 %
10290	AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO55, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.91	± 9.6 %
10291	AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.46	± 9.6 %
10292	AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.39	± 9.6 %
10293	AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO3, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.50	± 9.6 %
10295	AAB	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	CDMA2000	12.49	± 9.6 %
10297	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.81	± 9.6 %
10298	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10299	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.39	± 9.6 %

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10300	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10301	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.03	± 9.6 %
10302	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 3 CTRL symbols)	WiMAX	12.57	± 9.6 %
10303	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (31:15, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.52	± 9.6 %
10304	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	11.86	± 9.6 %
10305	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (31:15, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC, 15 symbols)	WiMAX	15.24	± 9.6 %
10306	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC, 18 symbols)	WiMAX	14.67	± 9.6 %
10307	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 18 symbols)	WiMAX	14.49	± 9.6 %
10308	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.46	± 9.6 %
10309	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM, AMC 2x3, 18 symbols)	WiMAX	14.58	± 9.6 %
10310	AAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, AMC 2x3, 18 symbols)	WiMAX	14.57	± 9.6 %
10311	AAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	6.06	± 9.6 %
10313	AAA	iDEN 1:3	iDEN	10.51	± 9.6 %
10314	AAA	iDEN 1:6	iDEN	13.48	± 9.6 %
10315	AAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.71	± 9.6 %
10316	AAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10317	AAC	IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10352	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	Generic	10.00	± 9.6 %
10353	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	Generic	6.99	± 9.6 %
10354	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	Generic	3.98	± 9.6 %
10355	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	Generic	2.22	± 9.6 %
10356	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 80%)	Generic	0.97	± 9.6 %
10387	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	Generic	5.10	± 9.6 %
10388	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	Generic	5.22	± 9.6 %
10396	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	Generic	6.27	± 9.6 %
10399	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	Generic	6.27	± 9.6 %
10400	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.37	± 9.6 %
10401	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.60	± 9.6 %
10402	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.53	± 9.6 %
10403	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	CDMA2000	3.76	± 9.6 %
10404	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	CDMA2000	3.77	± 9.6 %
10406	AAB	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, SCH0, Full Rate	CDMA2000	5.22	± 9.6 %
10410	AAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9, Subframe Conf=4)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10414	AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	Generic	8.54	± 9.6 %
10415	AAA	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	1.54	± 9.6 %
10416	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.23	± 9.6 %
10417	AAB	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.23	± 9.6 %
10418	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle, Long preamble)	WLAN	8.14	± 9.6 %
10419	AAA	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 99pc duty cycle, Short preamble)	WLAN	8.19	± 9.6 %
10422	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.32	± 9.6 %
10423	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.47	± 9.6 %
10424	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.40	± 9.6 %
10425	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.41	± 9.6 %
10426	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.45	± 9.6 %
10427	AAB	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.41	± 9.6 %
10430	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.28	± 9.6 %
10431	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.38	± 9.6 %
10432	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.34	± 9.6 %
10433	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1)	LTE-FDD	8.34	± 9.6 %
10434	AAA	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH)	WCDMA	8.60	± 9.6 %
10435	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10447	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 5 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.56	± 9.6 %
10448	AAD	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 10 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.53	± 9.6 %
10449	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 15 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.51	± 9.6 %
10450	AAC	LTE-FDD (OFDMA, 20 MHz, E-TM 3.1, Clipping 44%)	LTE-FDD	7.48	± 9.6 %

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10451	AAA	W-CDMA (BS Test Model 1, 64 DPCH, Clipping 44%)	WCDMA	7.59	± 9.6 %
10456	AAB	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (160MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc duty cycle)	WLAN	8.63	± 9.6 %
10457	AAA	UMTS-FDD (DC-HSDPA)	WCDMA	6.62	± 9.6 %
10458	AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 2 carriers)	CDMA2000	6.55	± 9.6 %
10459	AAA	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. B, 3 carriers)	CDMA2000	8.25	± 9.6 %
10460	AAA	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA, AMR)	WCDMA	2.39	± 9.6 %
10461	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10462	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.30	± 9.6 %
10463	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.56	± 9.6 %
10464	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10465	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10466	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10467	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10468	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10469	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.56	± 9.6 %
10470	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10471	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10472	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10473	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.82	± 9.6 %
10474	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10475	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10477	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.32	± 9.6 %
10478	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.57	± 9.6 %
10479	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.74	± 9.6 %
10480	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.18	± 9.6 %
10481	AAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.45	± 9.6 %
10482	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.71	± 9.6 %
10483	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.39	± 9.6 %
10484	AAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.47	± 9.6 %
10485	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.59	± 9.6 %
10486	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.38	± 9.6 %
10487	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.60	± 9.6 %
10488	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.70	± 9.6 %
10489	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.31	± 9.6 %
10490	AAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	8.54	± 9.6 %
10491	AAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK, UL Subframe=2,3,4,7,8,9)	LTE-TDD	7.74	± 9.6 %