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March 26, 2010

NEC America, Inc.
6535 N. State Highway 161
Irving, TX 750392402

Dear Mark Cowles,

Enclosed is the EMC Wireless test report for compliance testing of the NEC America, Inc., NLite N Digital Radio System as tested to the requirements of Title 47 of the CFR, Ch. 1 (10-1-06 ed.), Part 15, Subpart B, ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004 for a Class A Digital Device and FCC Part 15 Subpart C, RSS-210, Issue 7, June 2007 for Intentional Radiators.

Thank you for using the services of MET Laboratories, Inc. If you have any questions regarding these results or if MET can be of further service to you, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely yours,
MET LABORATORIES, INC.

Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Reference: (\NEC America, Inc.\EMC28711-FCC247)

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Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria Test Report

for the

**NEC America, Inc.
NLite N Digital Radio System**

Tested under
the FCC Certification Rules
contained in
Title 47 of the CFR, Parts 15 Subpart B & ICES-003
for Class A Digital Devices
&
15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 7, June 2007
for Intentional Radiators

MET Report: EMC28711-FCC247

March 26, 2010

Prepared For:

**NEC America, Inc.
6535 N. State Highway 161
Irving, TX 750392402**

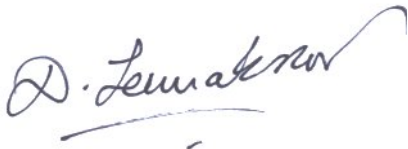
Prepared By:
MET Laboratories, Inc.
914 W. Patapsco Ave.
Baltimore, MD 21230

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for Class A Digital Devices
&
15.247 Subpart C & RSS-210, Issue 7, June 2007
for Intentional Radiators



Dusmantha Tennakoon, Project Engineer
Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab



Jennifer Warnell
Documentation Department

Engineering Statement: The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures indicated, and the emissions from this equipment were found to be within the limits applicable. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them. It is further stated that upon the basis of the measurements made, the equipment tested is capable of operation in accordance with the requirements of the FCC Rules Parts 15B, 15.247 and Industry Canada standards ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004, RSS-210, Issue 7, June 2007 under normal use and maintenance.



Shawn McMillen,
Wireless Manager, Electromagnetic Compatibility Lab

Report Status Sheet

Revision	Report Date	Reason for Revision
Ø	March 26, 2010	Initial Issue.

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List of Terms and Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current
ACF	Antenna Correction Factor
Cal	Calibration
<i>d</i>	Measurement Distance
dB	Decibels
dBμA	Decibels above one microamp
dBμV	Decibels above one microvolt
dBμA/m	Decibels above one microamp per meter
dBμV/m	Decibels above one microvolt per meter
DC	Direct Current
E	Electric Field
DSL	Digital Subscriber Line
ESD	Electrostatic Discharge
EUT	Equipment Under Test
<i>f</i>	Frequency
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
GRP	Ground Reference Plane
H	Magnetic Field
HCP	Horizontal Coupling Plane
Hz	Hertz
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission
kHz	kilohertz
kPa	kilopascal
kV	kilovolt
LISN	Line Impedance Stabilization Network
MHz	Megahertz
μH	microhenry
μ	microfarad
μs	microseconds
NEBS	Network Equipment-Building System
PRF	Pulse Repetition Frequency
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root-Mean-Square
TWT	Traveling Wave Tube
V/m	Volts per meter
VCP	Vertical Coupling Plane

I. Executive Summary

A. Purpose of Test

An EMC evaluation was performed to determine compliance of the NEC America, Inc. NLite N Digital Radio System, with the requirements of Part 15, §15.247. All references are to the most current version of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations in effect. In accordance with §2.1033, the following data is presented in support of the Certification of the NLite N Digital Radio System. NEC America, Inc. should retain a copy of this document which should be kept on file for at least two years after the manufacturing of the NLite N Digital Radio System, has been **permanently** discontinued.

B. Executive Summary

The following tests were conducted on a sample of the equipment for the purpose of demonstrating compliance with Part 15, §15.247, in accordance with NEC America, Inc., purchase order number 4500002361. All tests were conducted using measurement procedure ANSI C63.4-2003.

FCC Reference 47 CFR Part 15.247:2005	IC Reference RSS-210 Issue 7: 2007	Description	Compliance
47 CFR Part 15.107 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Conducted Emission Limits for a Class A Digital Device	Not Applicable
47 CFR Part 15.109 (a)	ICES-003 Issue 4 February 2004	Radiated Emission Limits for a Class A Digital Device	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.203	N/A	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.207(a)	RSS-210(7.2.2)	Conducted Emission Voltage	Not Applicable
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(a)(2)	RSS-210(A8.1)	Occupied Bandwidth	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(b)(3)	RSS-210(A8.4)	RF Output Power	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.209, §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.205	RSS-210(A8.5)	Emissions at Restricted Band	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.209, §15.247(d)	RSS-210(A8.5)	Conducted Spurious Emissions	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15; §15.247(e)	RSS-210(A8.3)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant
Title 47 of the CFR, Part 15 §15.247(i)	RSS-Gen(5.5)	Maximum Permissible Exposure	Compliant
N/A	RSS-Gen(4.8)	Receiver Spurious Emissions	Compliant

Table 1. Executive Summary of EMC Part 15.247 Compliance Testing

II. Equipment Configuration

A. Overview

MET Laboratories, Inc. was contracted by NEC America, Inc. to perform testing on the NLite N Digital Radio System, under NEC America, Inc.'s purchase order number 4500002361.

This document describes the test setups, test methods, required test equipment, and the test limit criteria used to perform compliance testing of the NEC America, Inc., NLite N Digital Radio System.

The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.

Model(s) Tested:	NLite N Digital Radio System		
Model(s) Covered:	NLite N Digital Radio System		
EUT Specifications:	Primary Power: -48 VDC		
	FCC ID: VQL58155N		
	Type of Modulations:	OFDM	
	Equipment Code:	DTS	
	Peak RF Output Power:	24.32 dBm	
	EUT Frequency Ranges:	Low Sub-Band: 5741-5757 MHz	
		High Sub-Band: 5818-5834 MHz	
Analysis:	The results obtained relate only to the item(s) tested.		
Environmental Test Conditions:	Temperature: 15-35° C		
	Relative Humidity: 30-60%		
	Barometric Pressure: 860-1060 mbar		
Evaluated by:	Dusmantha Tennakoon		
Report Date(s):	March 26, 2010		

Table 2. EUT Summary Table

B. References

CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart C	Federal Communication Commission, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 47, Part 15: General Rules and Regulations, Allocation, Assignment, and Use of Radio Frequencies
RSS-210, Issue 7, June 2007	Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunications Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment
CFR 47, Part 15, Subpart B	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
ICES-003, Issue 4 February 2004	Electromagnetic Compatibility: Criteria for Radio Frequency Devices
ANSI C63.4:2003	Methods and Measurements of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical And Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994	Calibration Laboratories and Measuring and Test Equipment - General Requirements
ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000	General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories

Table 3. References

C. Test Site

All testing was performed at MET Laboratories, Inc., 914 W. Patapsco Ave., Baltimore, MD 21230. All equipment used in making physical determinations is accurate and bears recent traceability to the National Institute of Standards and Technology.

Radiated Emissions measurements were performed in a 3 meter semi-anechoic chamber (equivalent to an Open Area Test Site). In accordance with §2.948(a)(3), a complete site description is contained at MET Laboratories.

D. Description of Test Sample

The NEC America, Inc. NLite N, Equipment Under Test (EUT), is a Digital Microwave Radio for transporting LAN and DS1 traffic. The radio is comprised of an indoor unit (IDU) containing the modem and customer interface, and the outdoor unit (ODU) containing the RF transmit and receive circuitry.



Photograph 1. NEC America, Inc. NLite N Digital Radio System

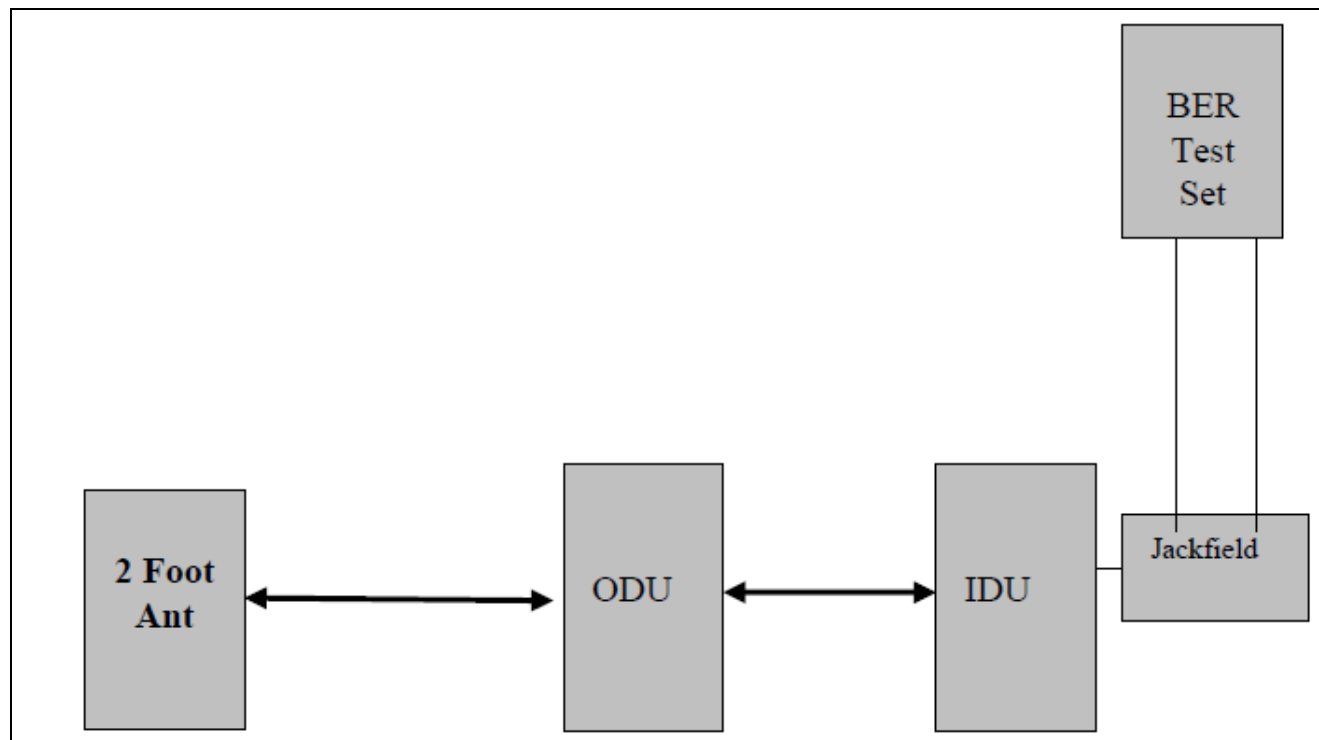


Figure 1. Block Diagram of Test Configuration

E. Equipment Configuration

The EUT was set up as outlined in Figure 1, Block Diagram of Test Setup. All cards, racks, etc., incorporated as part of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Model Number	Part Number	Serial Number	Revision
1	Equipment Shelf	NWA-036100	H2931	1003	N/A
2	Modem	NWA-037060-004	NWA-037060-004	1653	N/A
3	DC to DC Converter	H3040A	H3040A	N/A	N/A
4	2P LN e/w 16 DS1	NWA-036103-001	NWA-036103-001	1093	N/A
5	CTRL Card	NWA-036102-002	NWA-036102-002	1090	N/A

Table 4. Equipment Configuration

F. Support Equipment

Support equipment necessary for the operation and testing of the EUT is included in the following list.

Ref. ID	Name / Description	Manufacturer	Model Number
1	NLite N Radio	NEC	H2931
2	ODU	NEC	18G-5B
3	Dell Laptop	Dell	1500
4	Sunrise DS1 Test Set	Sunrise Telecom	SunSet MTT
5	ADC DS1 Jackfield	ADC	N/A
6	NLite N Radio	NEC	H2931

Table 5. Support Equipment

G. Ports and Cabling Information

Ref. ID	Port Name on EUT	Cable Description	Qty.	Length (m)	Shielded (Y/N)	Termination Point
1	IF IN/OUT	Coax IF connection to ODU	1	10 m	Yes	ODU IF
2	XIF IN	Coax TX IF for XPIC operation	1	8 m	Yes	IDU RX IF
3	XIF OUT	Coax RX IF for XPIC operation	1	8 m	Yes	IDU TX IF
4	XPIC CTRL	Control logic for XPIC operation	1	8	Yes	IDU XPIC CTRL
5	-48 VDC IN	#16 AWG DC to DC converter input	1	5"	No	IDU
6	-43 VDC OUT	#16 AWG DC to DC converter output	1	5"	No	IDU
7	SELV	#16 AWG DC input	1	8 m	No	IDU
8	WS IN/OUT	CAT5 DS1 Wayside DS1 interface	1	8 m	Yes	Customer
9	DS1 IN/OUT	32 Pair twisted	1	8 m	Yes	Customer
10	PORT 1	CAT5	1	8 m	Yes	Customer
11	PORT 2	CAT5	1	8 m	Yes	Customer
12	LCT	Craft port, normally unused	1	N/A	No	Laptop
13	NMS	LAN Craft Port	1	8 m	Yes	Customer
14	NE	LAN Craft Port	1	8 m	Yes	Customer
15	AUX/ALM	22 Pair Alarm Cable	1	10 m	Yes	Customer
16	SC IN/OUT	22 Pair Service Channel Cable	1	10 m	Yes	Customer

Table 6. Ports and Cabling Information

H. Mode of Operation

To properly simulate a normal radio path, the DUT (the NLite N IDU) will be connected to an ODU via an IF cable. There is no need for a far-end radio since the FCC testing is concerned with emissions only.

I. Method of Monitoring EUT Operation

Consistent with the Mode of Operation section above, there needs to be a means of continuously monitoring the operation of the EUT.

The IDU will be monitored continuously via a remote IP connection from radio via a laptop PC running LCT software. Any alarm conditions to the DUT will be displayed on the screen with a red icon.

J. Modifications

- a) **Modifications to EUT**
No modifications were made to the EUT.
- b) **Modifications to Test Standard**
No modifications were made to the test standard.

K. Disposition of EUT

The test sample including all support equipment submitted to the Electro-Magnetic Compatibility Lab for testing was returned to NEC America, Inc. upon completion of testing.

III. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Unintentional Radiators

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria

§ 15.107 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): **15.107 (a)** Except for Class A digital devices, for equipment that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals.

15.107 (b) For a Class A digital device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in Table 7. Compliance with this provision shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminals. The lower limit applies at the band edges.

15.207(a), Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section*, charging, AC adapters or battery eliminators the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the Table 7, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	Class A Conducted Limits (dB μ V)		*Class B Conducted Limits (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	79	66	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	79	66	56	46
0.5 - 30	73	60	60	50
Note 1 — The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequencies. Note 2 — The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm if the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.5 MHz. * -- Limits per Subsection 15.207(a).				

Table 7. Conducted Limits for Radio Frequency Devices calculated from FCC Part 15 Subsections 15.107(a) (b) and 15.207(a)

Test Results: The EUT was not applicable with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. The device runs on DC power.

Radiated Emission Limits

§ 15.109 Radiated Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): **15.109 (a)** Except for Class A digital devices, the field strength of radiated emissions from unintentional radiators at a distance of 3 meters shall not exceed the Class B limits expressed in Table 8.

15.109 (b) The field strength of radiated emissions from a Class A digital device, as determined at a distance of 10 meters, shall not exceed the Class A limits expressed in Table 8.

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	
	§15.109 (b), Class A Limit (dBµV) @ 10m	§15.109 (a), Class B Limit (dBµV) @ 3m
30 - 88	39.00	40.00
88 - 216	43.50	43.50
216 - 960	46.40	46.00
Above 960	49.50	54.00

Table 8. Radiated Emissions Limits calculated from FCC Part 15, §15.109 (a) (b)

Test Procedures: The method of testing and test conditions of ANSI C63.4 were used. An antenna was located 3 m from the EUT on an adjustable mast. A pre-scan was first performed in order to find prominent radiated emissions. For final emissions measurements at each frequency of interest, the EUT was rotated and the antenna height was varied between 1 m and 4 m in order to maximize the emission. Measurements in both horizontal and vertical polarities were made and the data was recorded. Unless otherwise specified, measurements were made using a quasi-peak detector with a 120 kHz bandwidth.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Class A requirement(s) of this section. Measured emissions were below applicable limits.

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 03/11/10

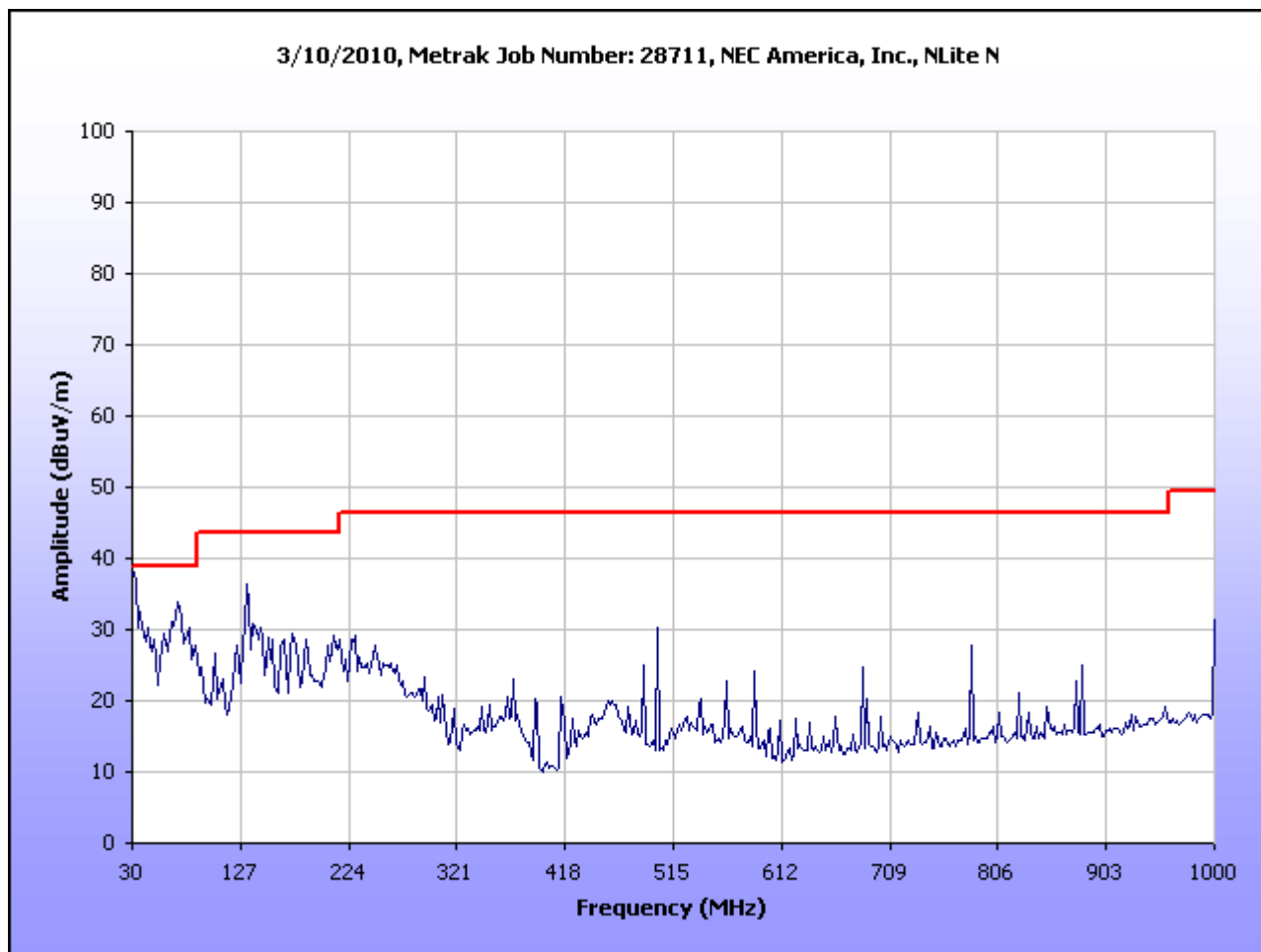
Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class A

Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
30.100	0	H	2.88	28.35	4.75	0.23	10.46	22.87	39.00	-16.13
*30.100	294	V	1.00	43.89	3.76	0.23	10.46	37.42	39.00	-1.58
71.793	49	H	1.00	26.92	9.21	0.23	10.46	25.90	39.00	-13.10
71.793	237	V	1.00	33.51	8.38	0.23	10.46	31.66	39.00	-7.34
74.870	260	H	1.30	26.68	8.53	0.23	10.46	24.98	39.00	-14.02
74.870	0	V	2.69	32.82	8.02	0.23	10.46	30.61	39.00	-8.39
132.770	106	H	2.48	32.53	7.51	0.23	10.46	29.81	43.50	-13.69
132.770	204	V	2.27	29.94	8.03	0.23	10.46	27.74	43.50	-15.76
134.339	277	H	1.30	37.24	7.57	0.23	10.46	34.58	43.50	-8.92
134.339	10	V	2.39	27.85	7.94	0.23	10.46	25.56	43.50	-17.94
162.124	220	H	2.30	29.10	8.07	0.23	10.46	26.94	43.50	-16.56
162.124	150	V	3.26	23.73	8.47	0.23	10.46	21.97	43.50	-21.53
166.736	227	H	1.60	24.06	8.47	0.23	10.46	22.30	43.50	-21.20
166.736	159	V	1.02	28.16	8.80	0.23	10.46	26.73	43.50	-16.77
266.373	213	H	1.47	19.67	12.55	0.61	10.46	22.37	46.40	-24.03
266.373	43	V	1.00	16.88	12.27	0.61	10.46	19.30	46.40	-27.10
499.970	235	H	1.64	19.16	17.10	1.00	10.46	26.80	46.40	-19.60
499.970	190	V	1.61	18.13	17.20	1.00	10.46	25.87	46.40	-20.53

Table 9. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, FCC Limits

Note 1: * - At this frequency, the measured electric-field strength exhibits a margin of compliance that is less than 3 dB below the specification limit. We recommend that every emission measured, have at least a 3 dB margin to allow for deviations in the emission characteristics that may occur during the production process.

Note 2: The EUT was tested at 3 m.



Plot 1. Radiated Emissions, 30 MHz - 1 GHz

Radiated Emissions Limits Test Results, Class A

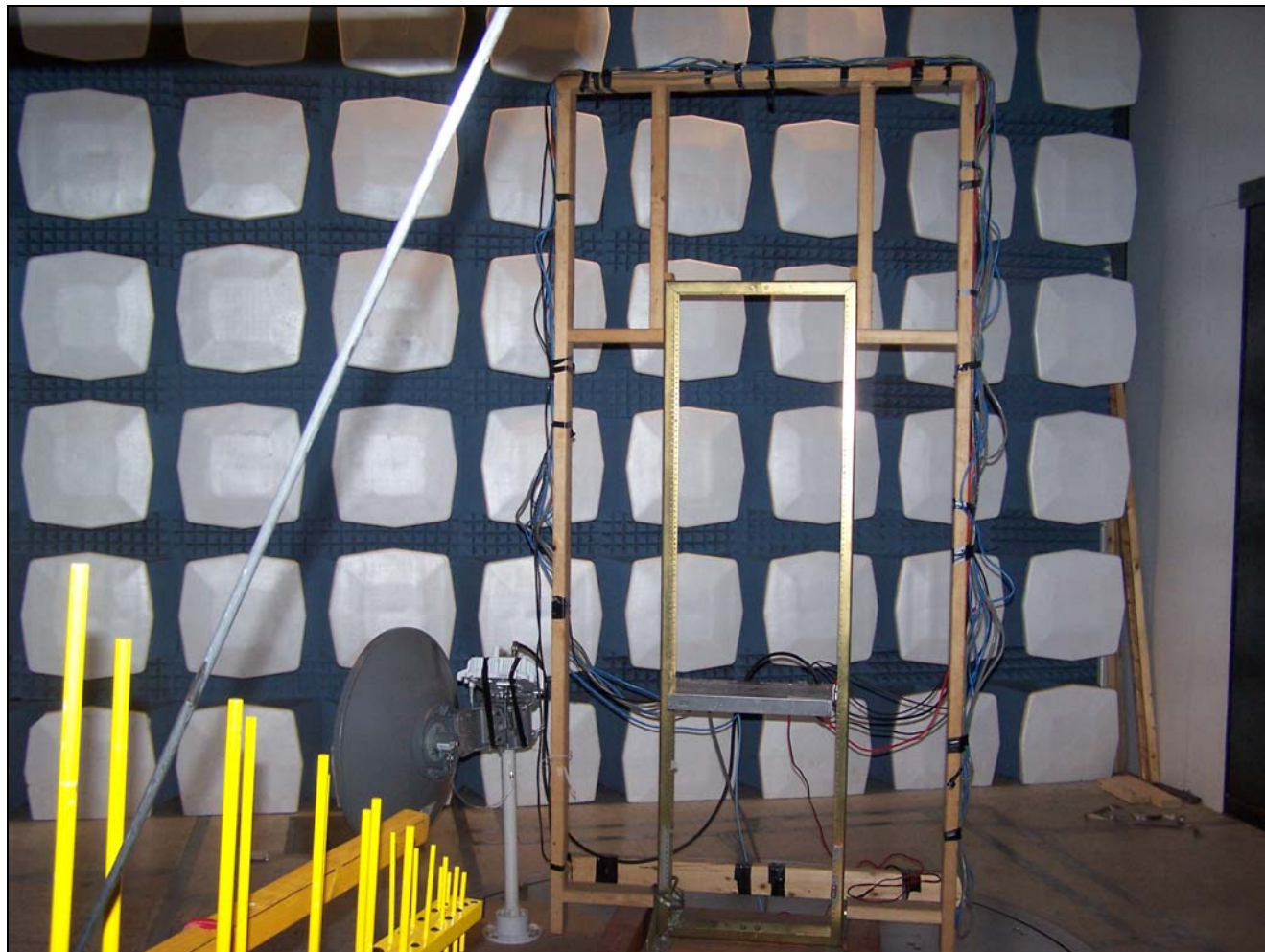
Frequency (MHz)	EUT Azimuth (Degrees)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Antenna HEIGHT (m)	Uncorrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Antenna Correction Factor (dB) (+)	Cable Loss (dB) (+)	Distance Correction Factor (dB) (-)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
30.100	0	H	2.88	28.35	4.75	0.23	10.46	22.87	40.00	-17.13
*30.100	294	V	1.00	43.89	3.76	0.23	10.46	37.42	40.00	-2.58
71.793	49	H	1.00	26.92	9.21	0.23	10.46	25.90	40.00	-14.10
71.793	237	V	1.00	33.51	8.38	0.23	10.46	31.66	40.00	-8.34
74.870	260	H	1.30	26.68	8.53	0.23	10.46	24.98	40.00	-15.02
74.870	0	V	2.69	32.82	8.02	0.23	10.46	30.61	40.00	-9.39
132.770	106	H	2.48	32.53	7.51	0.23	10.46	29.81	40.00	-10.19
132.770	204	V	2.27	29.94	8.03	0.23	10.46	27.74	40.00	-12.26
134.339	277	H	1.30	37.24	7.57	0.23	10.46	34.58	40.00	-5.42
134.339	10	V	2.39	27.85	7.94	0.23	10.46	25.56	40.00	-14.44
162.124	220	H	2.30	29.10	8.07	0.23	10.46	26.94	40.00	-13.06
162.124	150	V	3.26	23.73	8.47	0.23	10.46	21.97	40.00	-18.03
166.736	227	H	1.60	24.06	8.47	0.23	10.46	22.30	40.00	-17.70
166.736	159	V	1.02	28.16	8.80	0.23	10.46	26.73	40.00	-13.27
266.373	213	H	1.47	19.67	12.55	0.61	10.46	22.37	47.00	-24.63
266.373	43	V	1.00	16.88	12.27	0.61	10.46	19.30	47.00	-27.70
499.970	235	H	1.64	19.16	17.10	1.00	10.46	26.80	47.00	-20.20
499.970	190	V	1.61	18.13	17.20	1.00	10.46	25.87	47.00	-21.13

Table 10. Radiated Emissions Limits, Test Results, ICES-003 Limits

Note 1: * - At this frequency, the measured electric-field strength exhibits a margin of compliance that is less than 3 dB below the specification limit. We recommend that every emission measured, have at least a 3 dB margin to allow for deviations in the emission characteristics that may occur during the production process.

Note 2: The EUT was tested at 3 m.

Radiated Emission Limits Test Setup



Photograph 2. Radiated Emission, Test Setup

IV. Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.203 Antenna Requirement

Test Requirement: § 15.203: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

The structure and application of the EUT were analyzed to determine compliance with Section 15.203 of the Rules. Section 15.203 states that the subject device must meet at least one of the following criteria:

- a.) Antenna must be permanently attached to the unit.
- b.) Antenna must use a unique type of connector to attach to the EUT.
- c.) Unit must be professionally installed. Installer shall be responsible for verifying that the correct antenna is employed with the unit.

Results: The EUT as tested is compliant the criteria of §15.203. The EUT is professionally installed.

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 03/11/10

Gain	Type	Model	Manufacturer
30.1 dBi	PF	P2F-52-N7A	Andrew

Table 11. Antenna List

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.207 Conducted Emissions Limits

Test Requirement(s): § 15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency range (MHz)	§ 15.207(a), Conducted Limit (dB μ V)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
* 0.15- 0.45	66 - 56	56 - 46
0.45 - 0.5	56	46
0.5 - 30	60	50

Table 12. Conducted Limits for Intentional Radiators from FCC Part 15 § 15.207(a)

Test Results: The EUT was not applicable with this requirement. The device runs on DC power.

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(a)(2) 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth

Test Requirements: § 15.247(a): Operation under the provisions of this section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:

For systems using digital modulation techniques, the EUT may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was on and transmitting at the highest output power. The bandwidth of the fundamental frequency was measured with the spectrum analyzer using a RBW of 100 kHz for FCC and approximately 1% of span for IC. The measurements were performed on the low and high channels.

Test Results The EUT was compliant with § 15.247 (a)(2).

The 6 dB and 99% Bandwidth was determined from the plots on the following pages.

Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon and Shawn McMillen

Test Date(s): 03/11/10

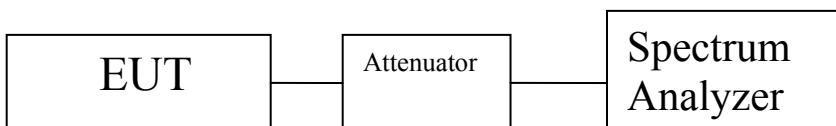
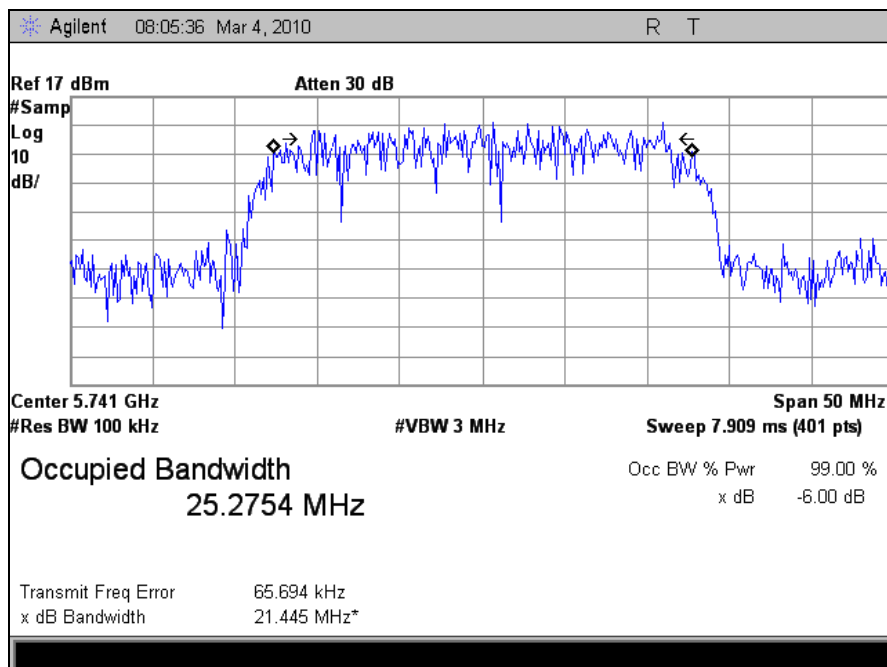


Figure 2. Block Diagram, Occupied Bandwidth Test Setup

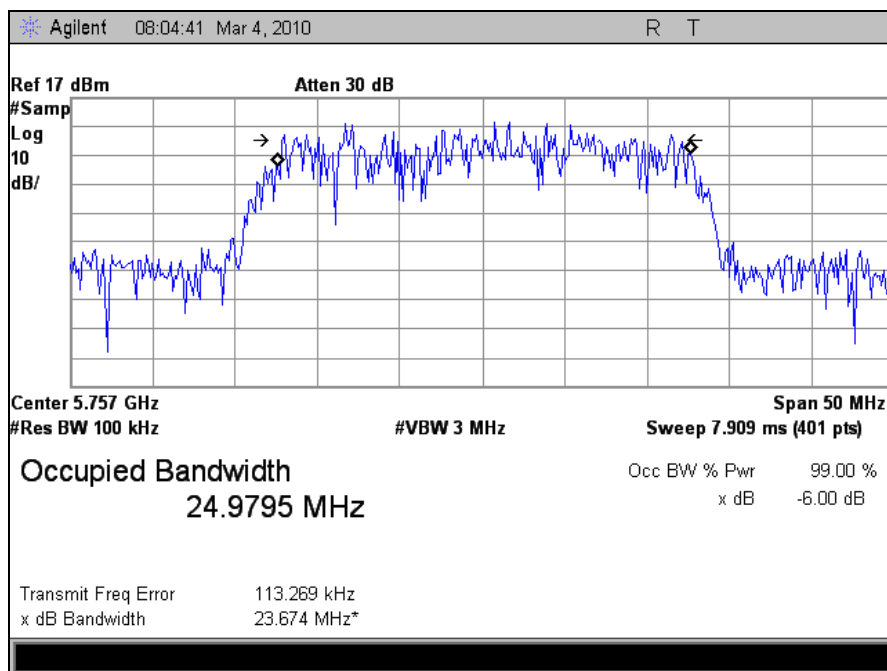
Occupied Bandwidth			
Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured 6 dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Measured 99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low Sub-Band	5741	21.445	25.8271
	5757	23.674	25.8750
High Sub-Band	5818	23.189	25.9738
	5834	23.824	25.3540

Table 13. Occupied Bandwidth, Test Results

Occupied Bandwidth Test Results

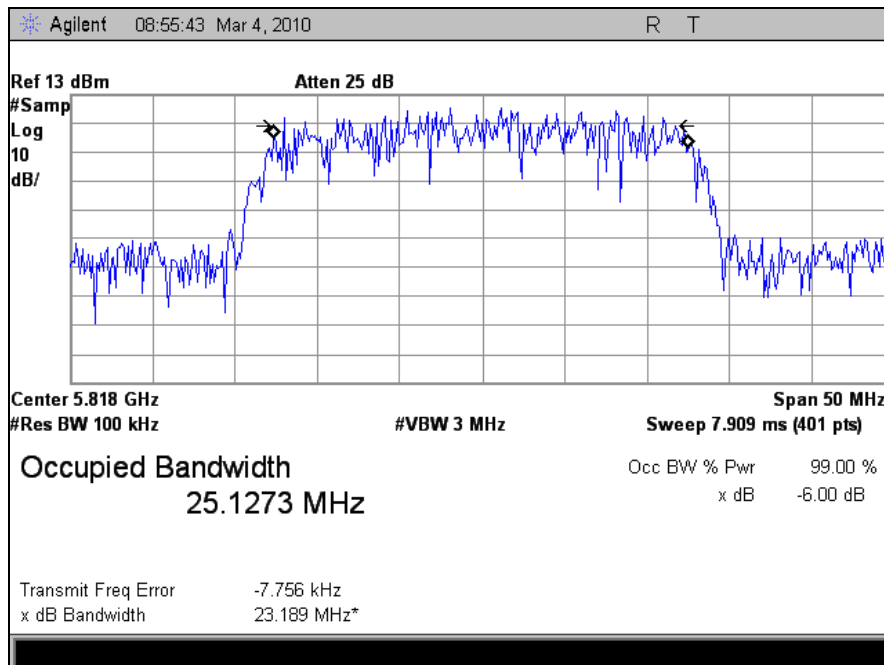


Plot 2. 6 dB Occupied Band Width, Low Channel, Low Sub-Band, 5741 MHz

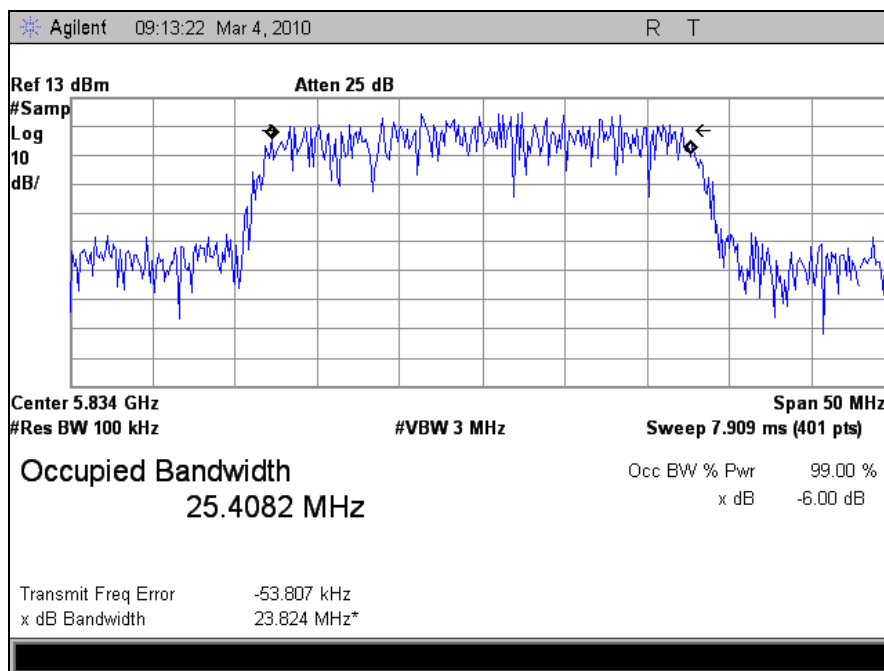


Plot 3. 6dB Occupied Band Width, High Channel, Low Sub-Band, 5757 MHz

Occupied Bandwidth Test Results

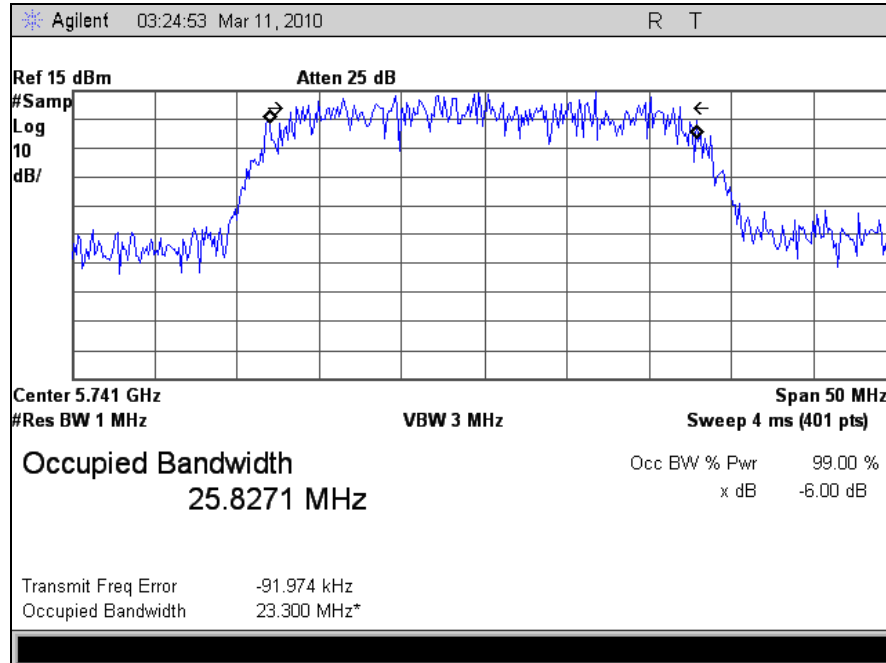


Plot 4. 6dB Occupied Band Width, Low Channel, High Sub-Band, 5818 MHz

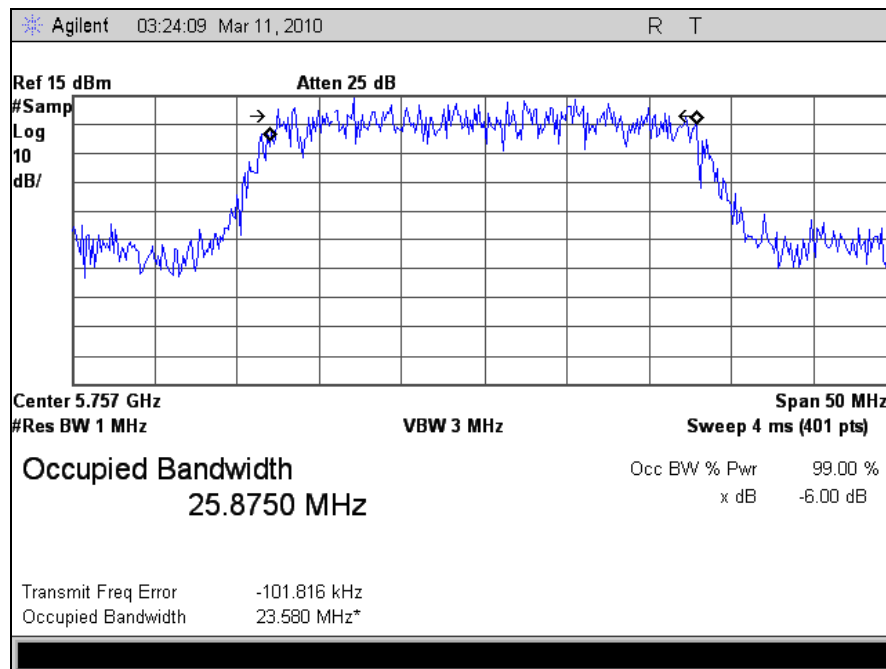


Plot 5. 6 dB Occupied Band Width, High Channel, High Sub-Band, 5834 MHz

Occupied Bandwidth Test Results

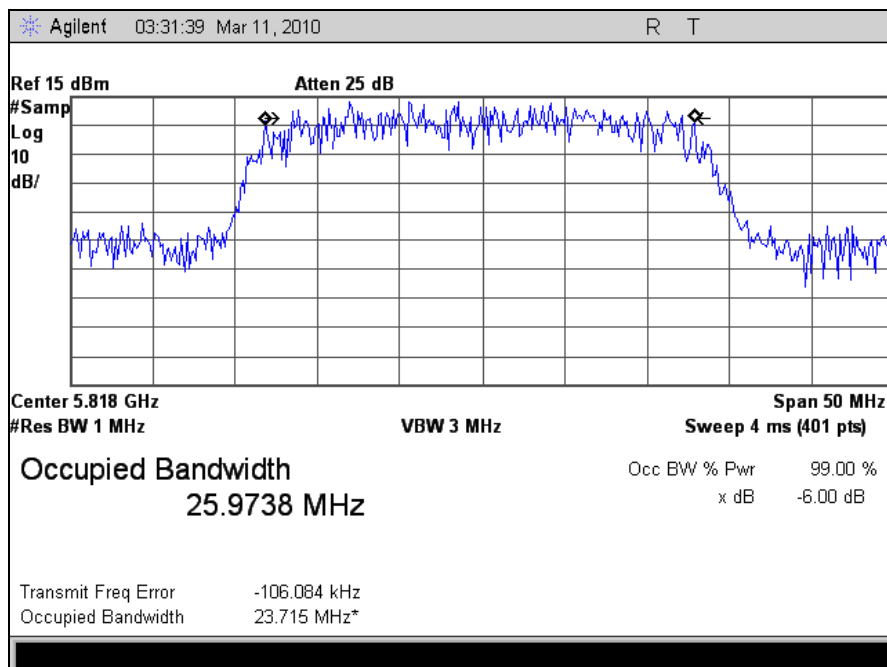


Plot 6. 99% Occupied Band Width, Low Channel, Low Sub-Band, 5741 MHz

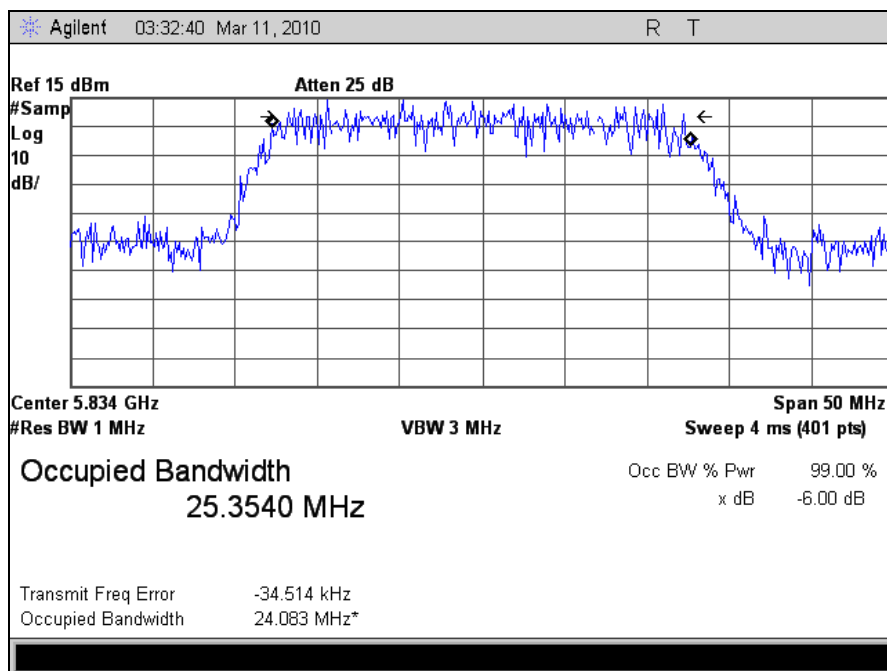


Plot 7. 99% Occupied Band Width, High Channel, Low Sub-Band, 5757 MHz

Occupied Bandwidth Test Results



Plot 8. 99% Occupied Band Width, Low Channel, High Sub-Band, 5818 MHz



Plot 9. 99% Occupied Band Width, High Channel, High Sub-Band, 5834 MHz

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b)(3) Peak Power Output and RF Exposure

Test Requirements: §15.247(b): The maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:

Digital Transmission Systems (MHz)	Output Limit (Watts)
902-928	1.000
2400-2483.5	1.000
5725- 5850	1.000

Table 14. Output Power Requirements from §15.247

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected to a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The EUT was measured at the low and high channels for the low sub-band and also low and high channels for the high sub-band.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Peak Power Output limits of §15.247(b).

Test Engineer(s): Shawn McMillen

Test Date(s): 03/05/10

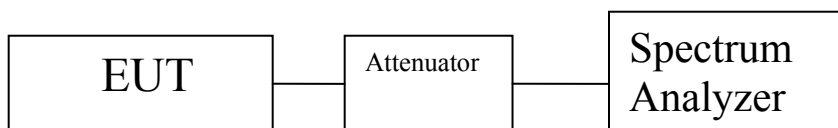
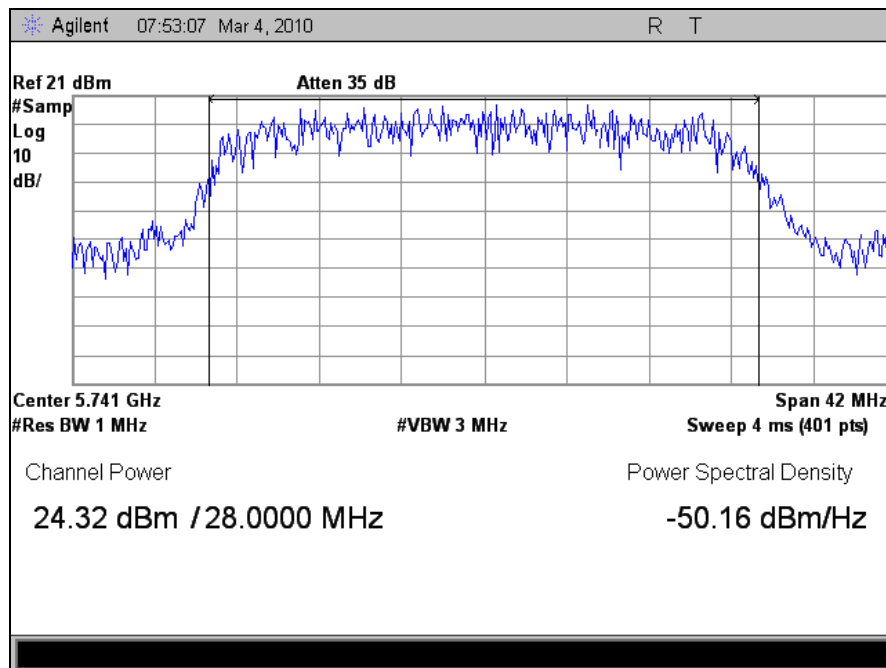


Figure 3. Peak Power Output Test Setup

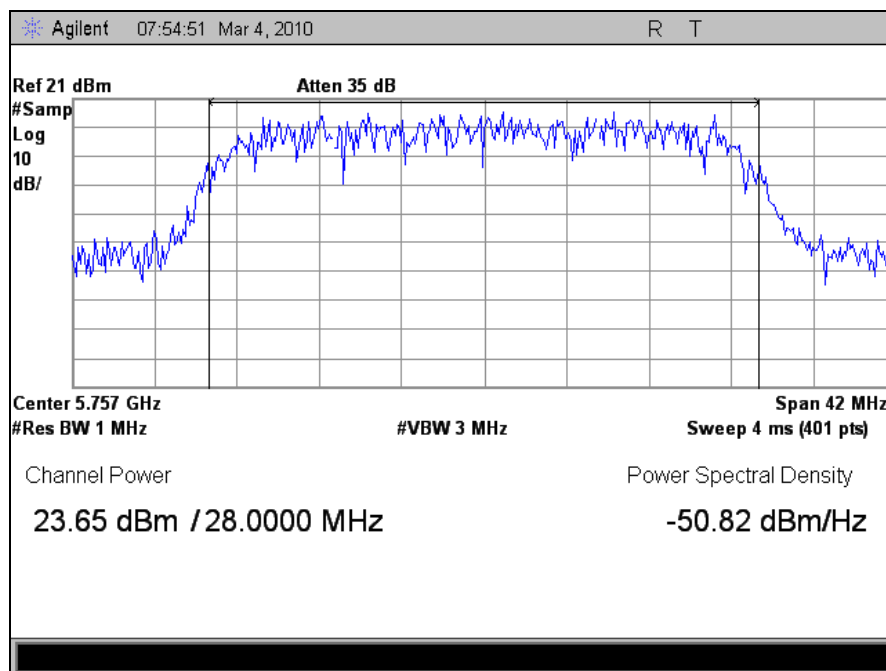
Peak Conducted Output Power		
Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Peak Output Power (dBm)
Low Sub-Band	5741	24.32
	5757	23.65
High Sub-Band	5797	23.75
	5834	23.44

Table 15. RF Output Power Test Results

RF Output Power Test Results

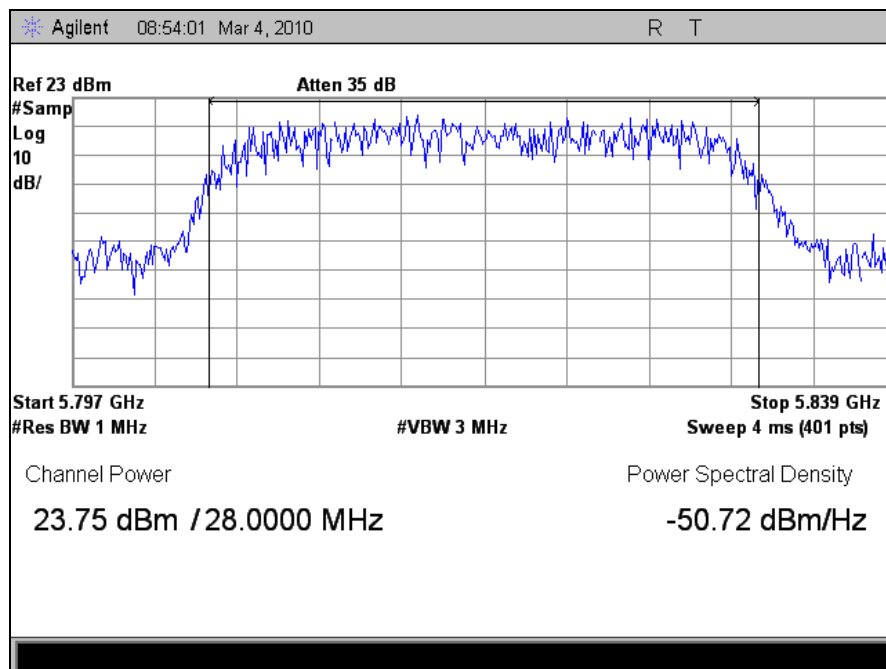


Plot 10. Peak Output Power, Low Channel, Low Sub-Band, 5741 MHz

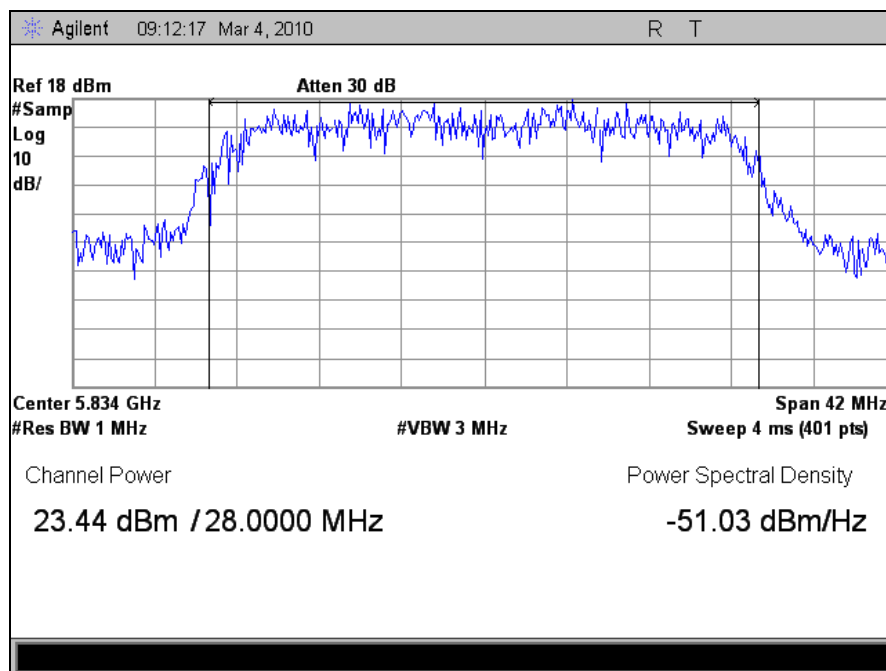


Plot 11. Peak Output Power, High Channel, Low Sub-Band, 5757 MHz

RF Output Power Test Results



Plot 12. Peak Output Power, High Channel, Low Sub-Band, 5757 MHz



Plot 13. Peak Output Power, High Channel, High Sub-Band, 5834 MHz

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(b) RF Exposure

RF Exposure Requirements: §1.1307(b)(1) and §1.1307(b)(2): Systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

RF Radiation Exposure Limit: §1.1310: As specified in this section, the Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) Limit shall be used to evaluate the environmental impact of human exposure to radiofrequency (RF) radiation as specified in Sec. 1.1307(b), except in the case of portable devices which shall be evaluated according to the provisions of Sec. 2.1093 of this chapter.

Equation from page 18 of OET 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG / 4\pi R^2 \quad \text{or} \quad R = \sqrt{PG / 4\pi S}$$

MPE Limit Calculation: EUT's operating frequencies @ **5725 - 5850**; highest conducted power = 24.32 dBm (avg) therefore, Limit for Uncontrolled exposure: 1 mW/cm² or 10 W/m²

EUT maximum antenna gain = **30 dBi**.

where, S = Power Density (1 mW/cm²)
P = Power Input to antenna (270 mW)
G = Antenna Gain (1000 numeric)

$$S = (270 * 1000 / 4 * 3.14 * 20^2) = (1000000 / 5024) = \mathbf{53.7 \text{ mW/cm}^2}$$

Calculating for R

$$R = \sqrt{PG / 4\pi S}$$

$$R = \sqrt{(270 * 1000) / 4\pi(1)}$$

$$R = \mathbf{146.6 \text{ cm}}$$

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) Radiated Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirements: §15.247(d); §15.205: Emissions outside the frequency band.

§15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a).

§15.205(a): Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090–0.110-----	16.42–16.423	399.9–410	4.5–5.15
¹ 0.495–0.505-----	16.69475–16.69525	608–614	5.35–5.46
2.1735–2.1905-----	16.80425–16.80475	960–1240	7.25–7.75
4.125–4.128-----	25.5–25.67	1300–1427	8.025–8.5
4.17725–4.17775-----	37.5–38.25	1435–1626.5	9.0–9.2
4.20725–4.20775-----	73–74.6	1645.5–1646.5	9.3–9.5
6.215–6.218-----	74.8–75.2	1660–1710	10.6–12.7
6.26775–6.26825-----	108–121.94	1718.8–1722.2	13.25–13.4
6.31175–6.31225-----	123–138	2200–2300	14.47–14.5
8.291–8.294-----	149.9–150.05	2310–2390	15.35–16.2
8.362–8.366-----	156.52475–156.52525	2483.5–2500	17.7–21.4
8.37625–8.38675-----	156.7–156.9	2655–2900	22.01–23.12
8.41425–8.41475-----	162.0125–167.17	3260–3267	23.6–24.0
12.29–12.293-----	167.72–173.2	3332–3339	31.2–31.8
12.51975–12.52025-----	240–285	3345.8–3358.36	43–36.5
12.57675–12.57725-----	322–335.4	3600–4400	(²)

Table 16. Restricted Bands of Operation

¹ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490 – 0.510 MHz.

² Above 38.6

Test Requirement(s): § 15.209 (a): Except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in Table 17.

Frequency (MHz)	§ 15.209(a), Radiated Emission Limits (dBμV) @ 3m
30 - 88	40.00
88 - 216	43.50
216 - 960	46.00
Above 960	54.00

Table 17. Radiated Emissions Limits Calculated from FCC Part 15, § 15.209 (a)

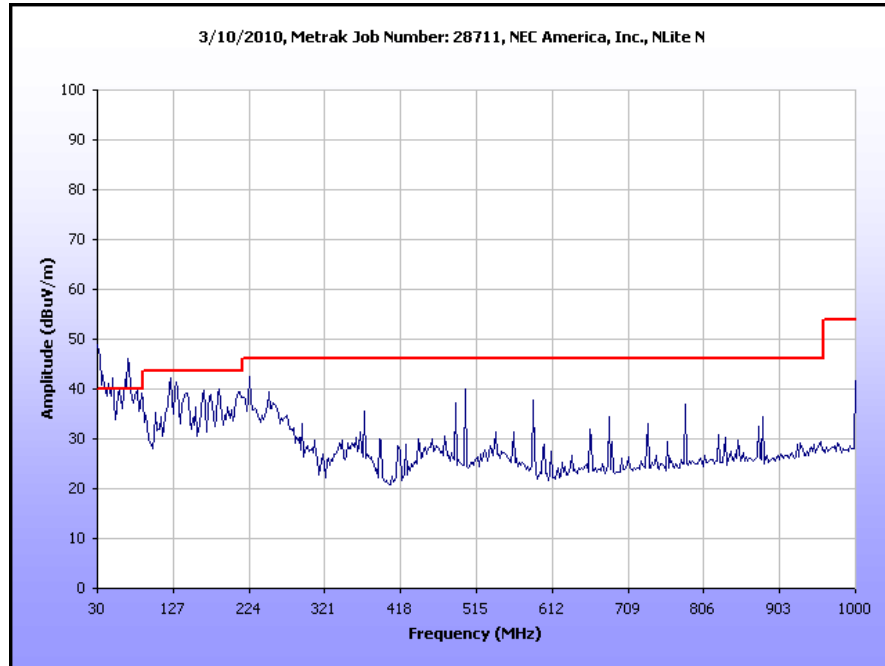
Test Procedures: The transmitter was turned on. Measurements were performed on four channels in the low and high sub-bands.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Radiated Spurious Emission limits of § 15.247(d). Plot 14 is typical for all channels. The emissions that exceed the 15.209 limits are not from the transmitter. They are from the digital portion and therefore are excluded from the 15.209 limits. Only noise floor was measured above 1 GHz.

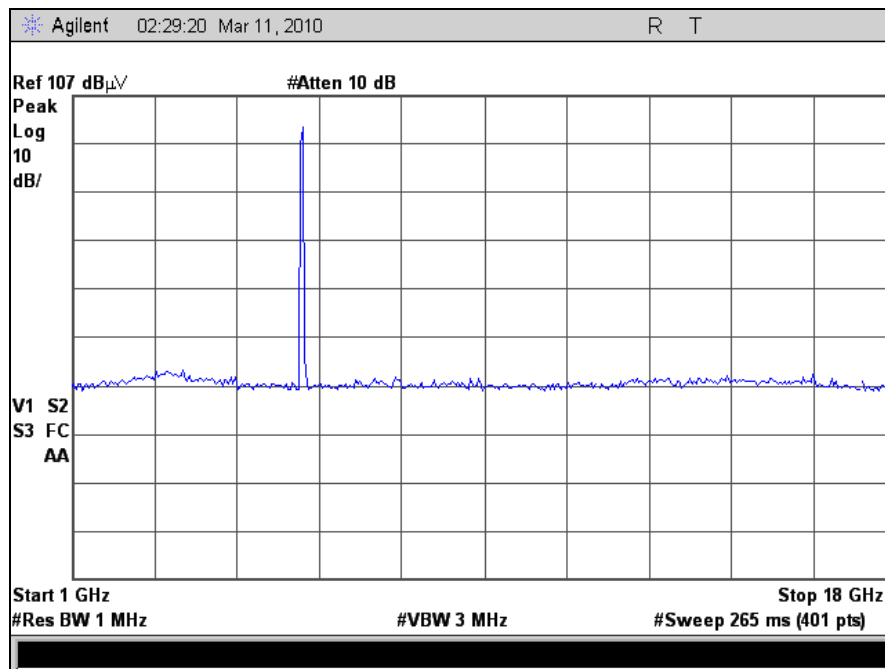
Test Engineer(s): Dusmantha Tennakoon

Test Date(s): 03/11/10

Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results

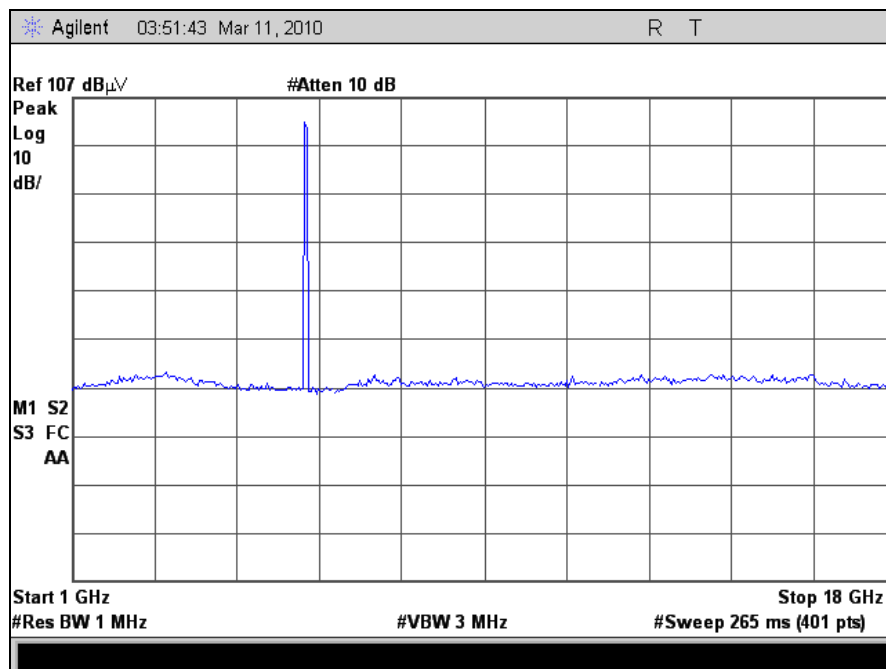


Plot 14. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, Typical

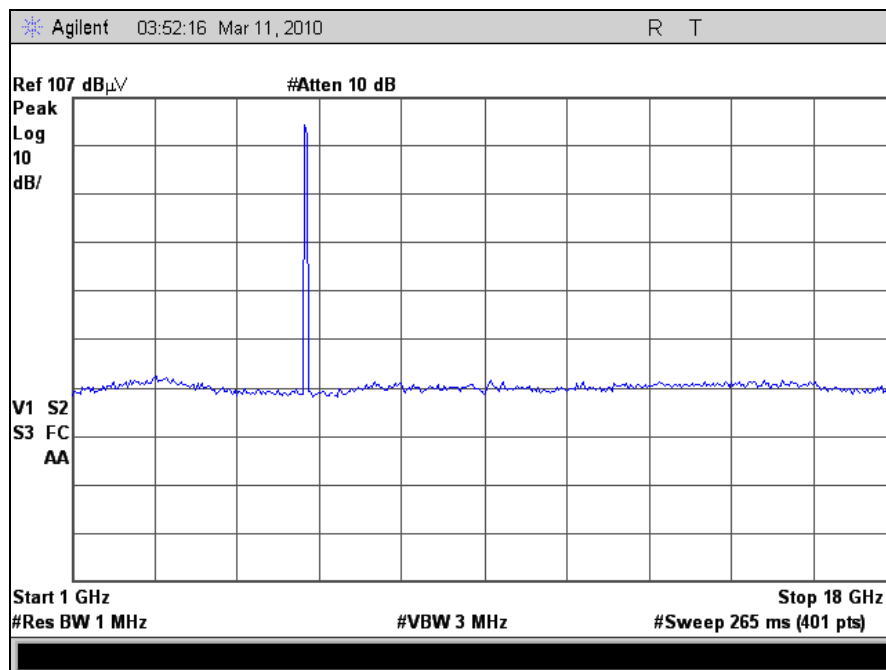


Plot 15. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, Low Sub-Band, 1 GHz – 18 GHz

Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results

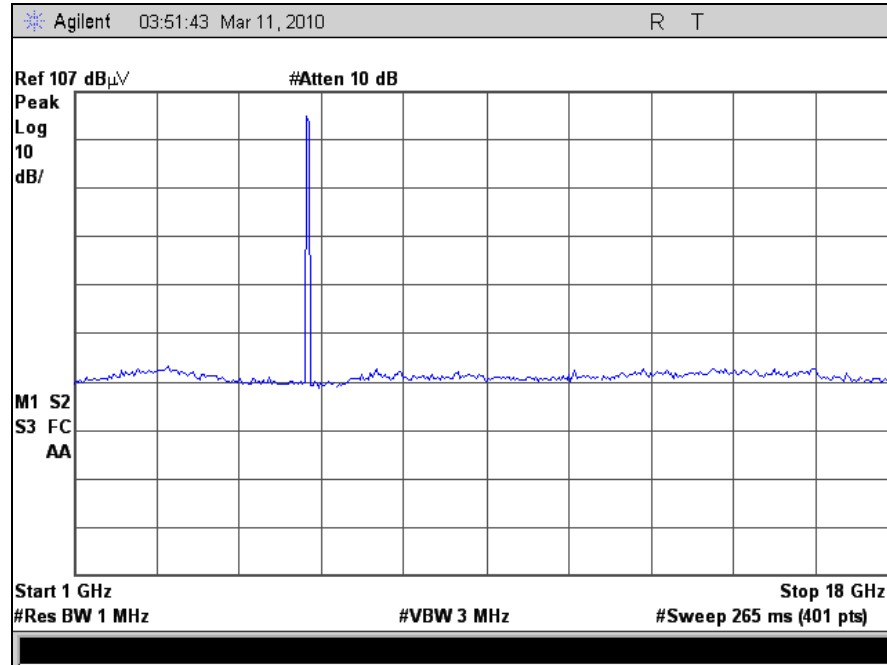


Plot 16. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, Low Sub-Band, 1 GHz – 18 GHz

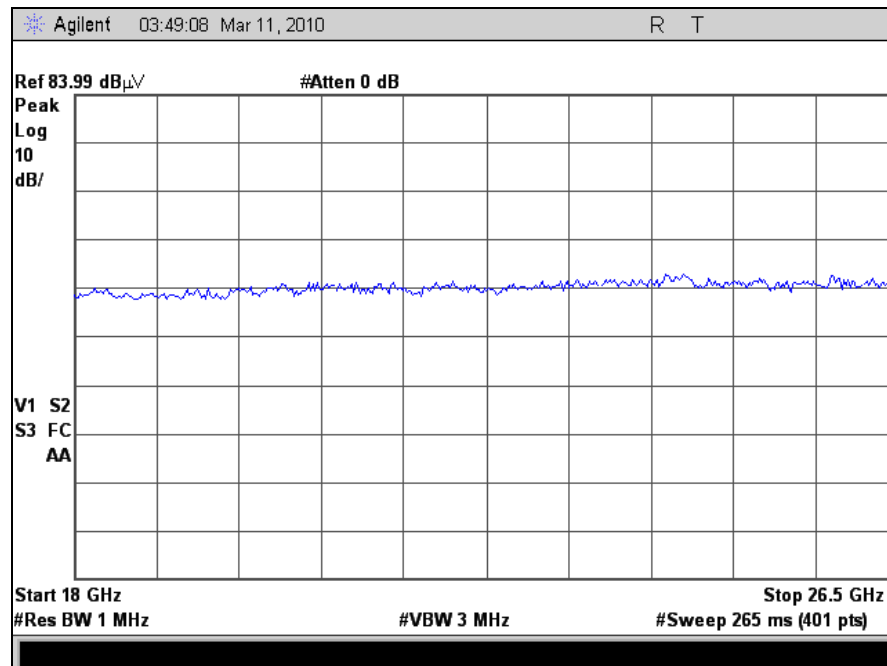


Plot 17. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Low Channel, High Sub-Band, 1 GHz – 18 GHz

Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Results



Plot 18. Radiated Spurious Emissions, High Channel, High Sub-Band, 1 GHz – 18 GHz



Plot 19. Radiated Spurious Emissions, 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz, Typical

Radiated Spurious Emissions Test Setup



Photograph 3. Radiated Spurious Emissions, Test Setup

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

RSS-GEN Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements

Test Requirements: The following receiver spurious emission limits shall be complied with:

- (a) If a radiated measurement is made, all spurious emissions shall comply with the limits of Table 18.

Spurious Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolt/m at 3 metres)
30 – 88	100
88 – 216	150
216 – 960	200
Above 960	500

Table 18. Spurious Emission Limits for Receivers

- (b) If a conducted measurement is made, no spurious output signals appearing at the antenna terminals shall exceed 2 nanowatts per any 4 kHz spurious frequency in the band 30-1000 MHz, or 5 nanowatts above 1 GHz.

Test Procedures: The EUT was programmed for receive mode only. Conducted measurements were taken at the antenna port of the EUT. All plots are corrected for cable loss.

Test Results: Equipment is compliant with the Receiver Spurious Emissions Requirements of RSS-GEN.

Test Engineer(s): Shawn McMillen

Test Date(s): 03/05/10

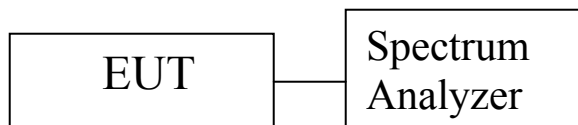
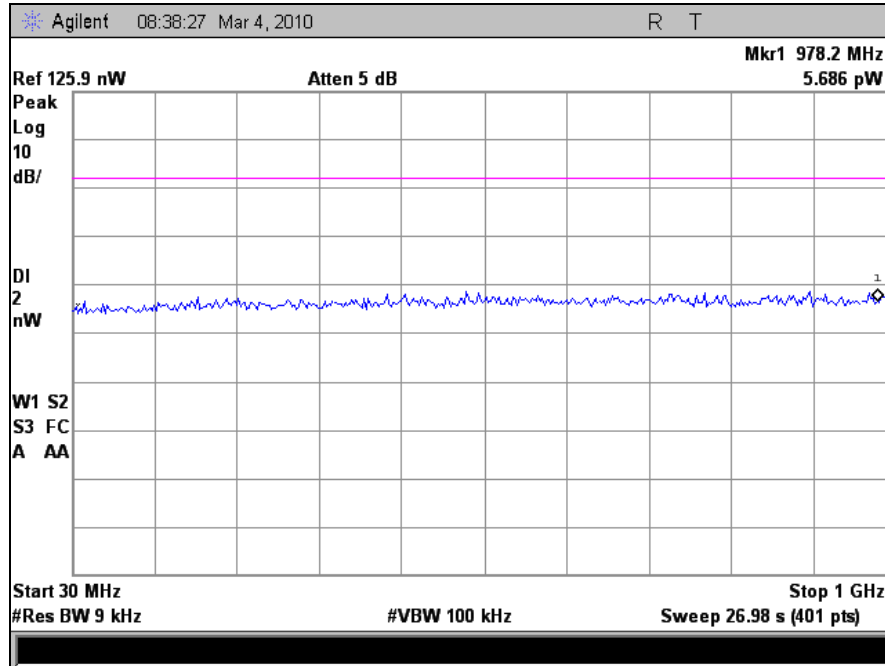
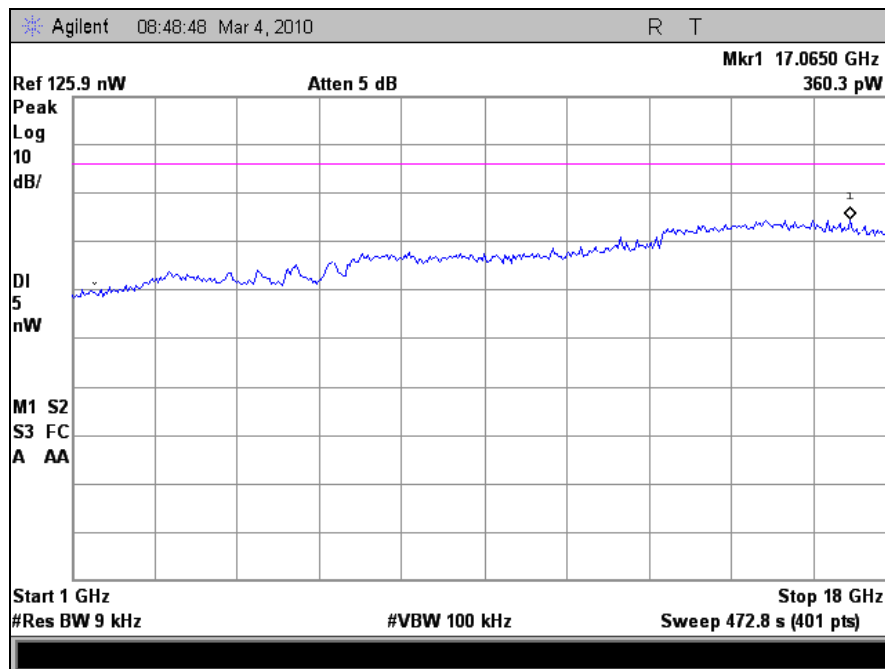


Figure 4. Block Diagram, Conducted Receiver Spurious Emissions Test Setup

Conducted Receiver Spurious Emissions



Plot 20. Receiver Spurious Emission, 30 MHz – 1 GHz



Plot 21. Receiver Spurious Emission, 1 GHz – 18 GHz

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(d) RF Conducted Spurious Emissions Requirements and Band Edge

Test Requirement: **15.247(d)** In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

Test Procedure: For intentional radiators with a digital device portion which operates below 10 GHz, the spectrum was investigated as per §15.33(a)(1) and §15.33(a)(4); i.e., the lowest RF signal generated or used in the device up to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower.

Since the EUT had an integral antenna, conducted measurements could not be performed. Measurements needed to be taken radiated. An antenna was located 3 m away from the EUT and plots were taken. The EUT was rotated through all three orthogonal axes. The plots were corrected for both antenna correction factor and cable loss.

See following pages for detailed test results with RF Conducted Spurious Emissions.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the Conducted Spurious Emission limits of §15.247(d).

Test Engineer(s): Shawn McMillen

Test Date(s): 03/05/10

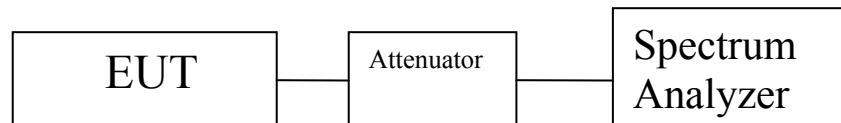
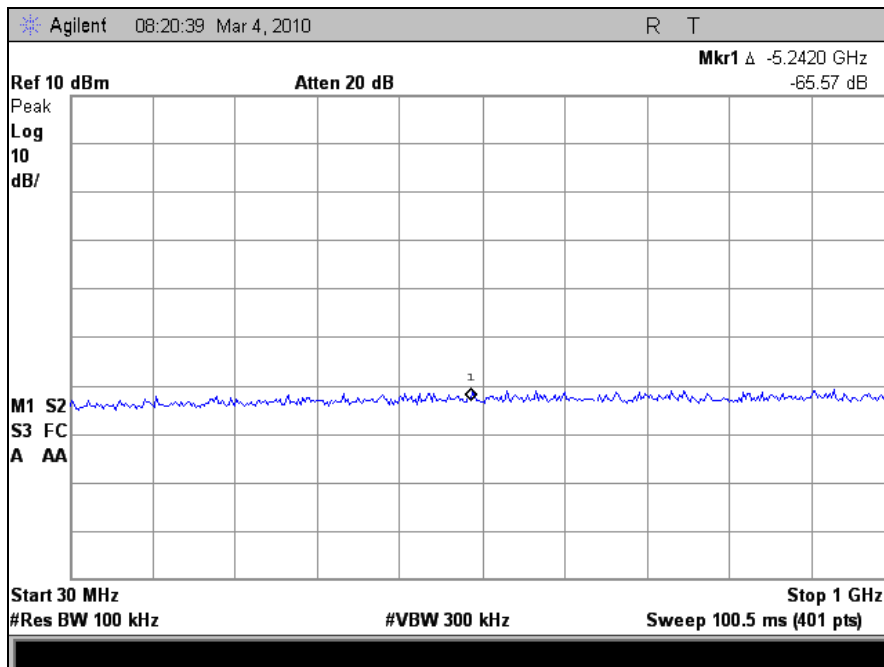
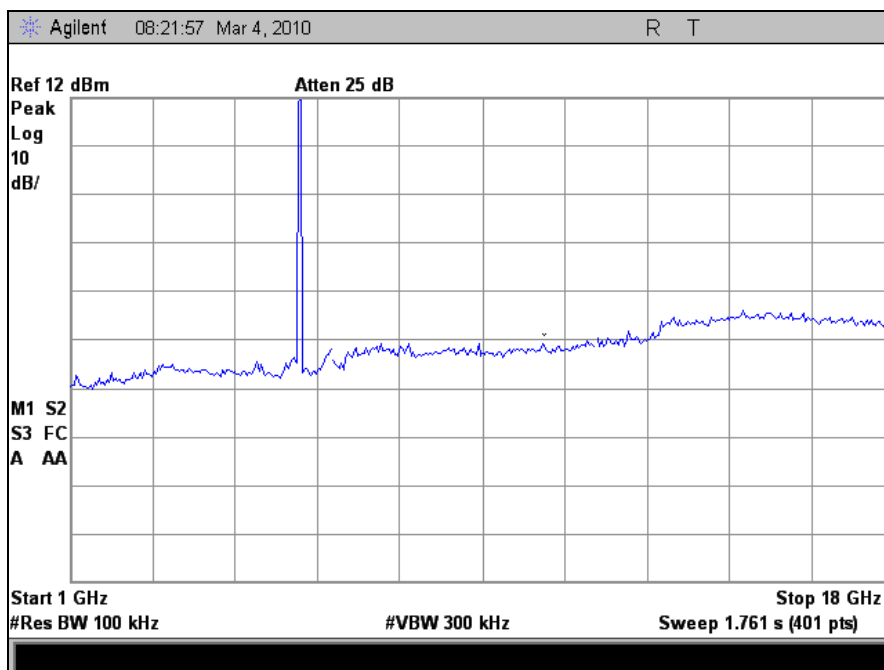


Figure 5. Block Diagram, Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Setup

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results

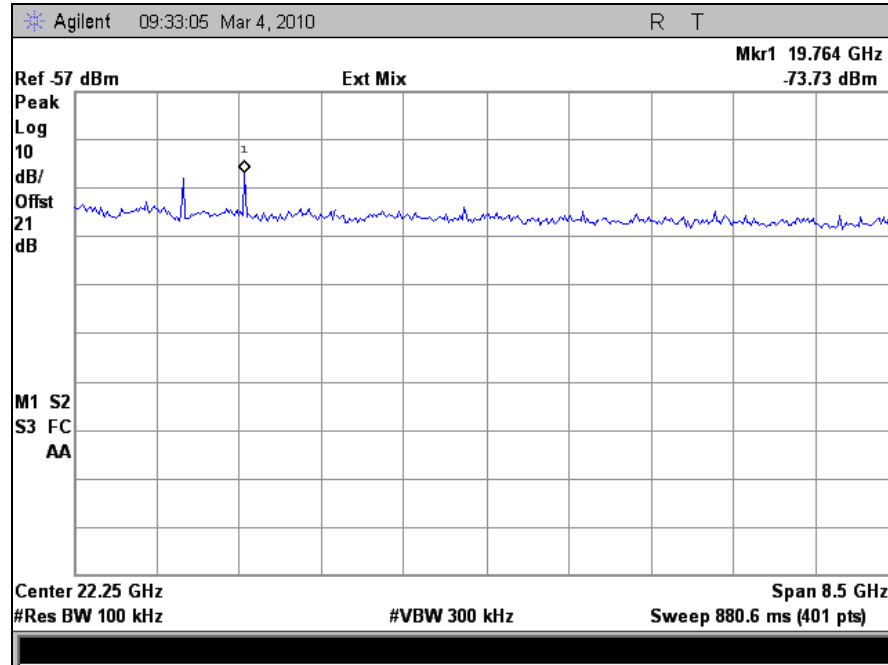


Plot 22. Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, Low Sub-Band, 30 MHz – 1 GHz

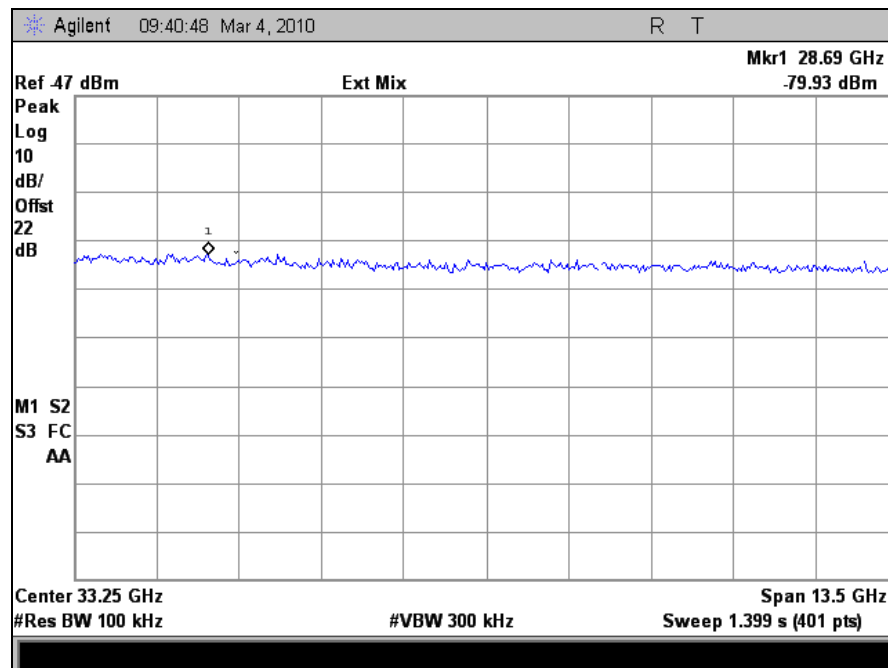


Plot 23. Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, Low Sub-Band, 1 GHz – 18 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results

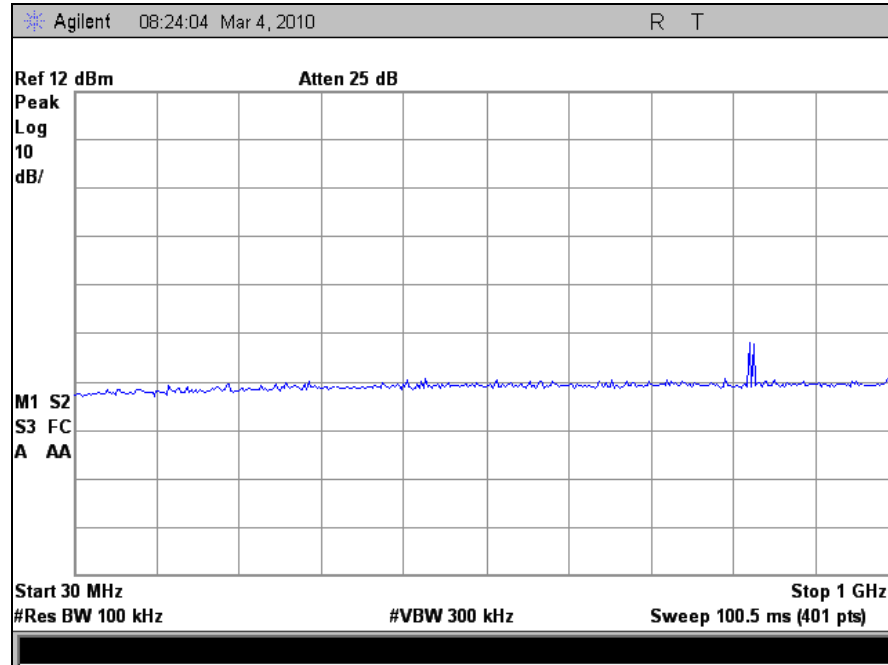


Plot 24. Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, Low Sub-Band, 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz

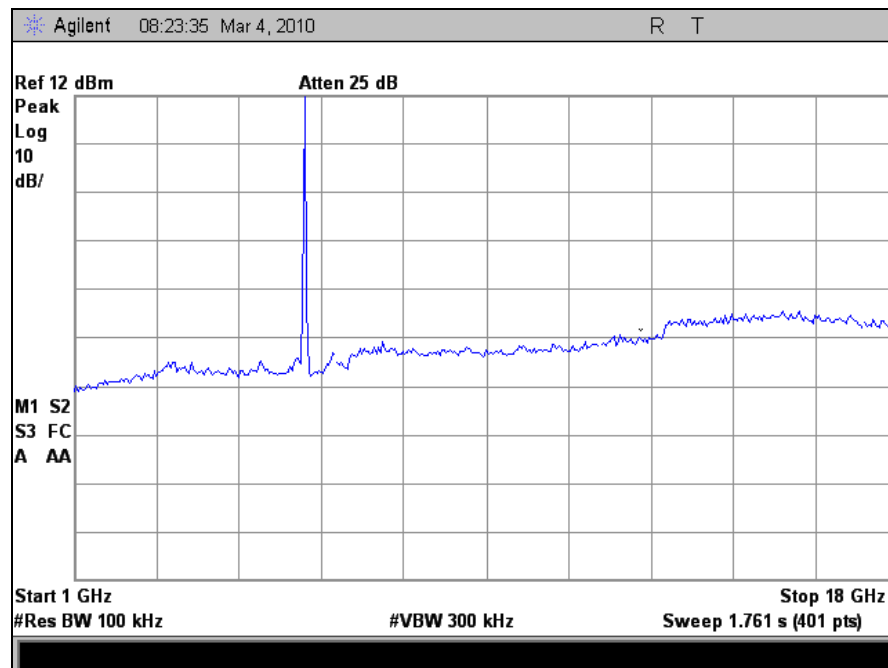


Plot 25. Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, Low Sub-Band, 26.5 GHz – 40 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results

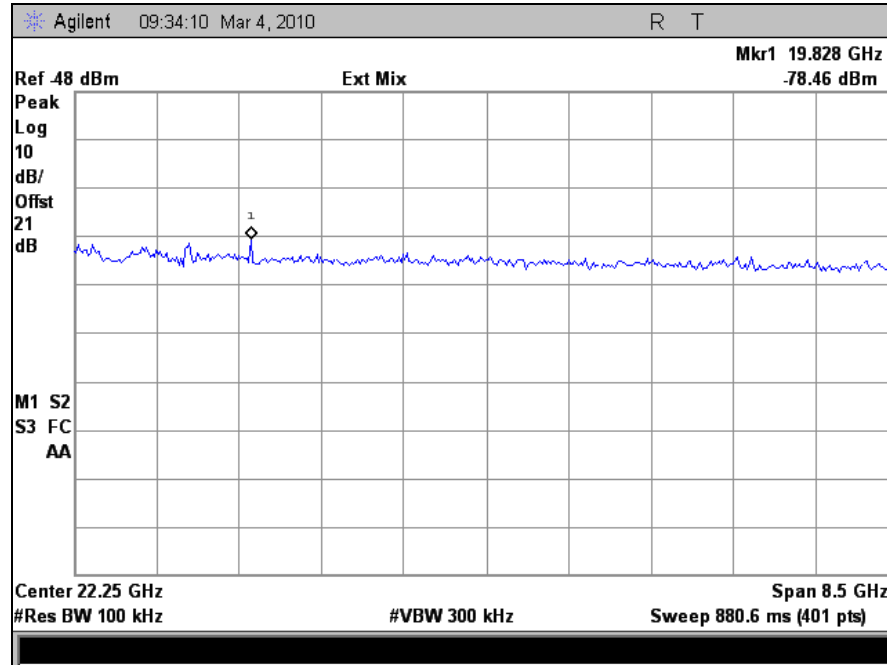


Plot 26. Conducted Emissions, High Channel, Low Sub-Band, 30 MHz – 1 GHz

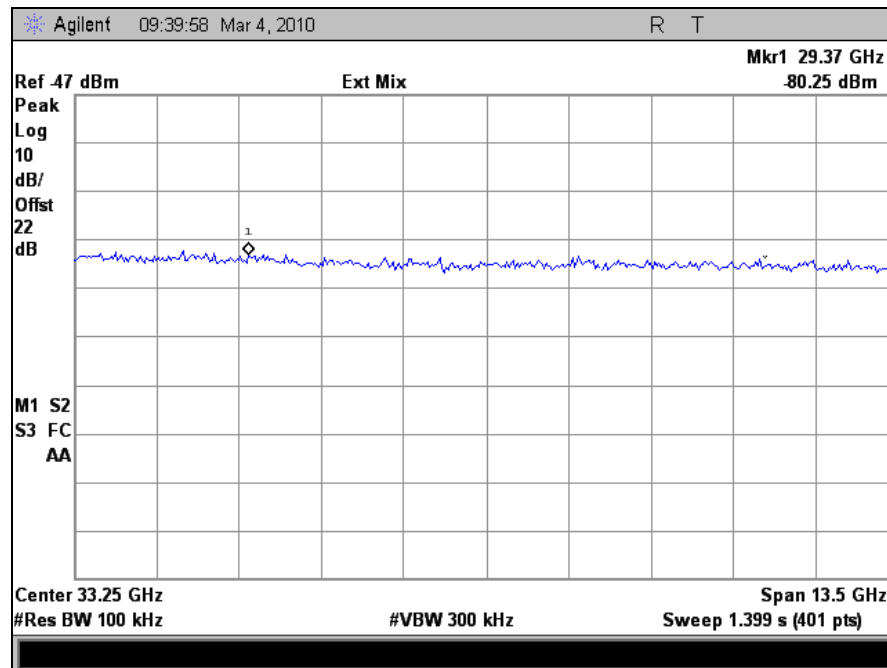


Plot 27. Conducted Emissions, High Channel, Low Sub-Band, 1 GHz – 18 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results

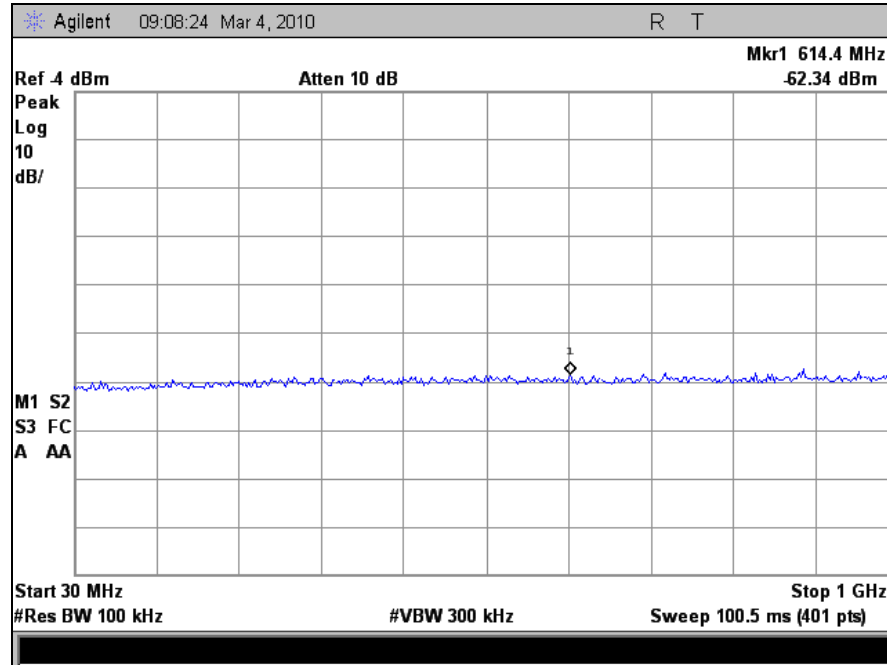


Plot 28. Conducted Emissions, High Channel, Low Sub-Band, 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz

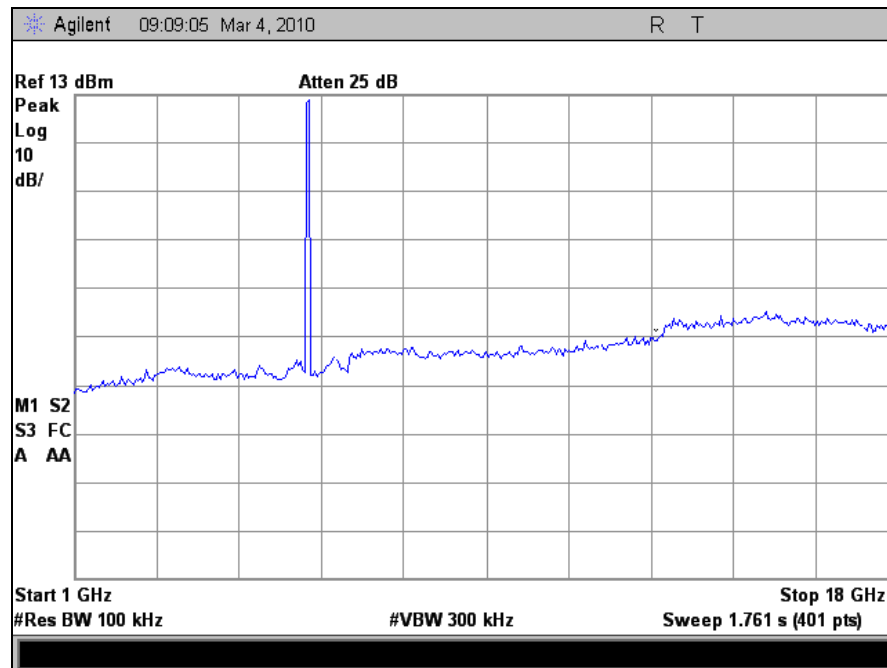


Plot 29. Conducted Emissions, High Channel, Low Sub-Band, 26.5 GHz – 40 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results

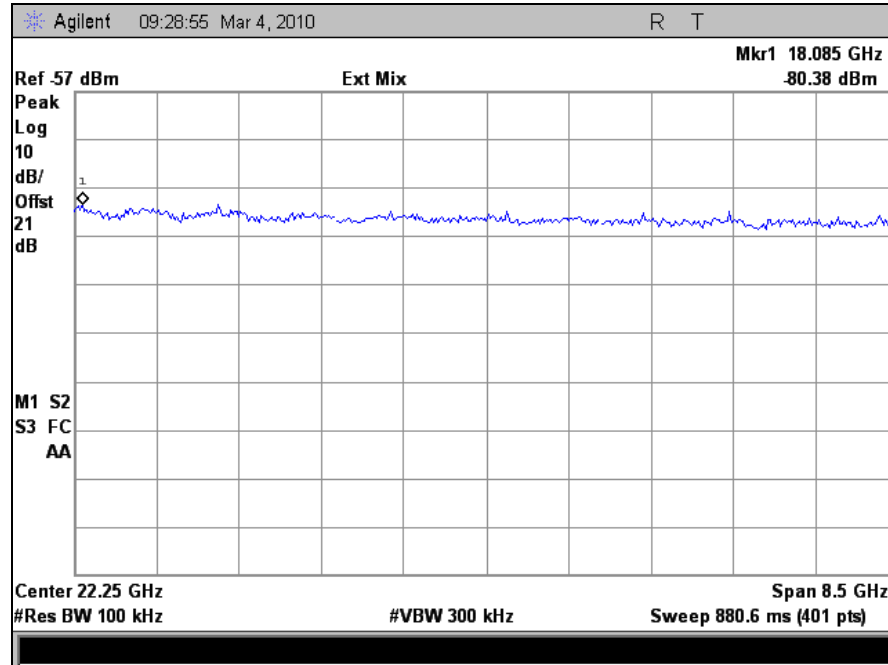


Plot 30. Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, High Sub-Band, 30 MHz – 1 GHz

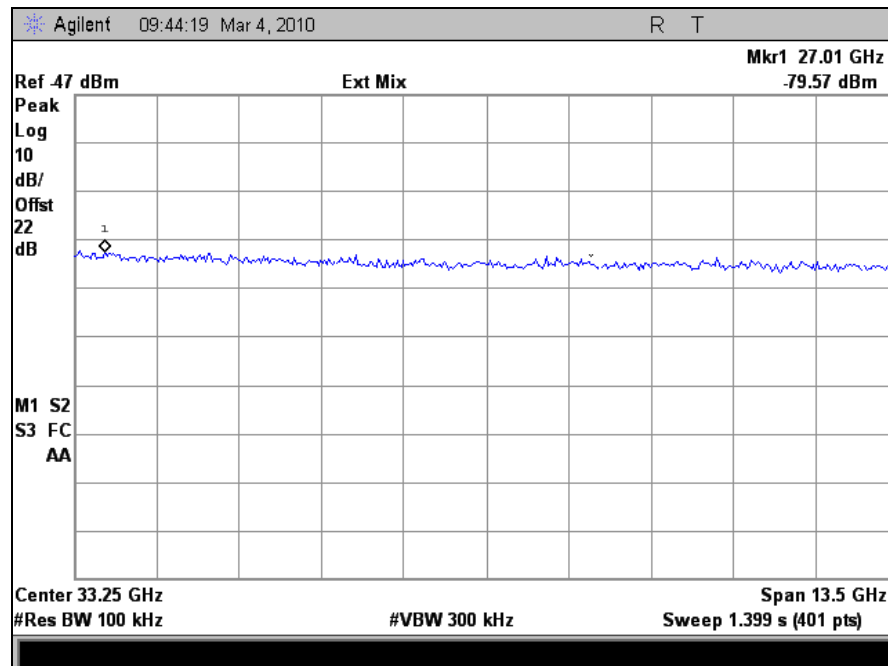


Plot 31. Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, High Sub-Band, 1 GHz – 18 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results

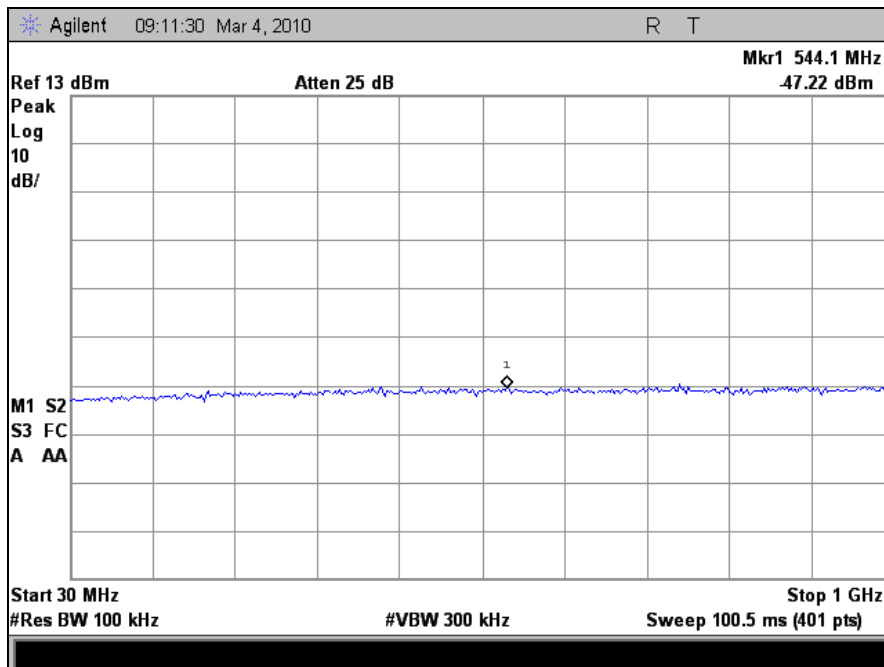


Plot 32. Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, High Sub-Band, 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz

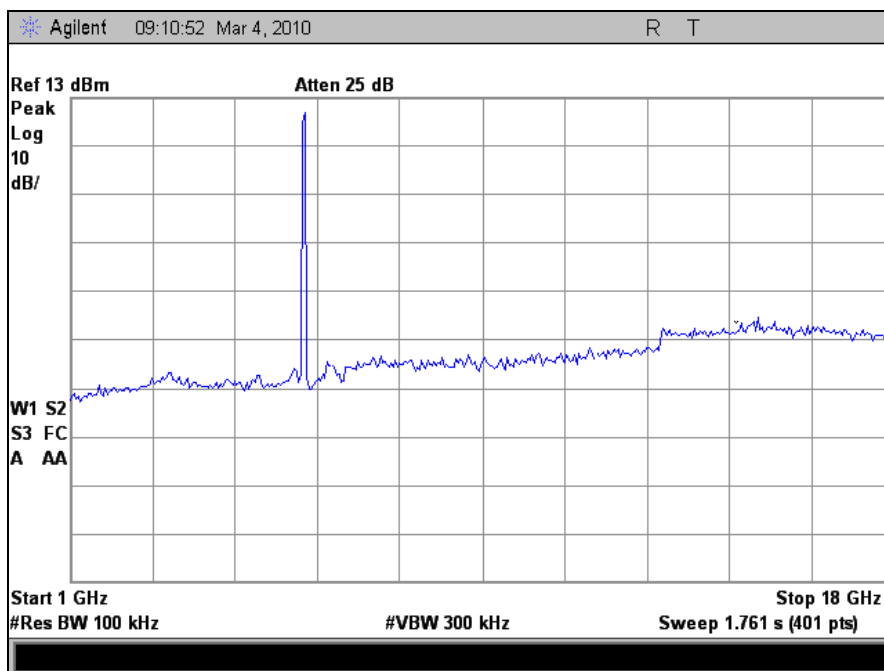


Plot 33. Conducted Emissions, Low Channel, High Sub-Band, 26.5 GHz – 40 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results

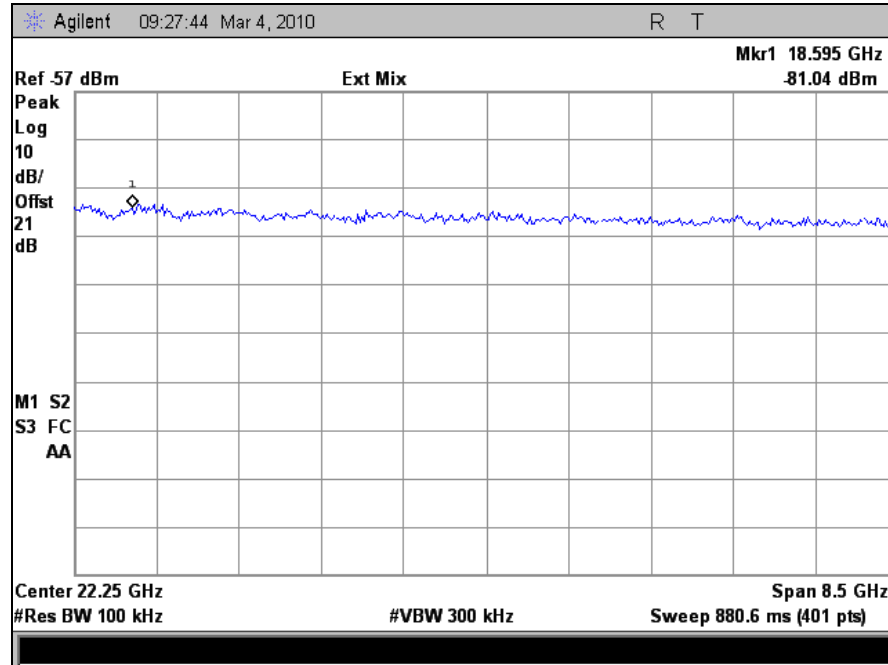


Plot 34. Conducted Emissions, High Channel, High Sub-Band, 30 MHz – 1 GHz

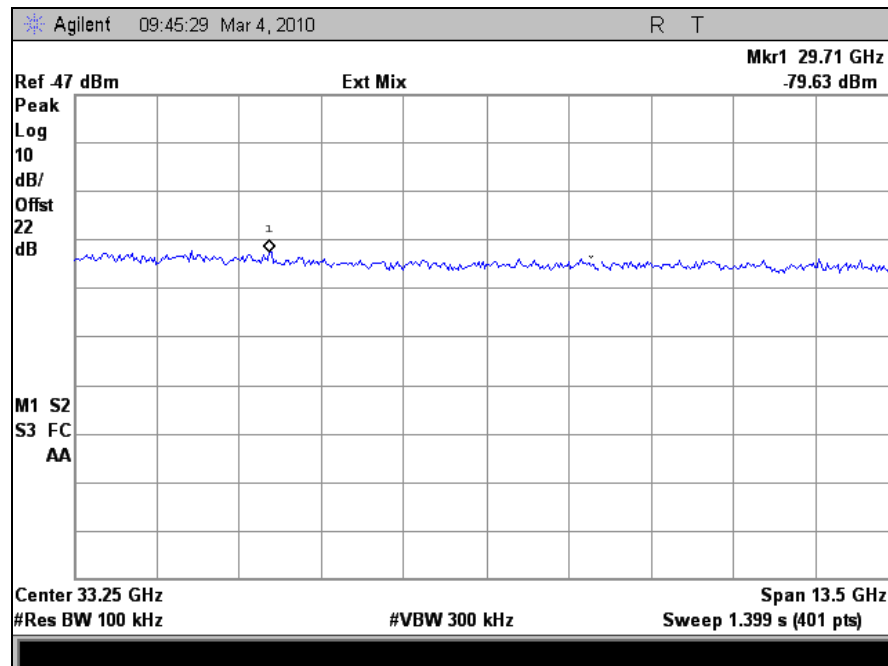


Plot 35. Conducted Emissions, High Channel, High Sub-Band, 1 GHz – 18 GHz

Conducted Spurious Emissions Test Results

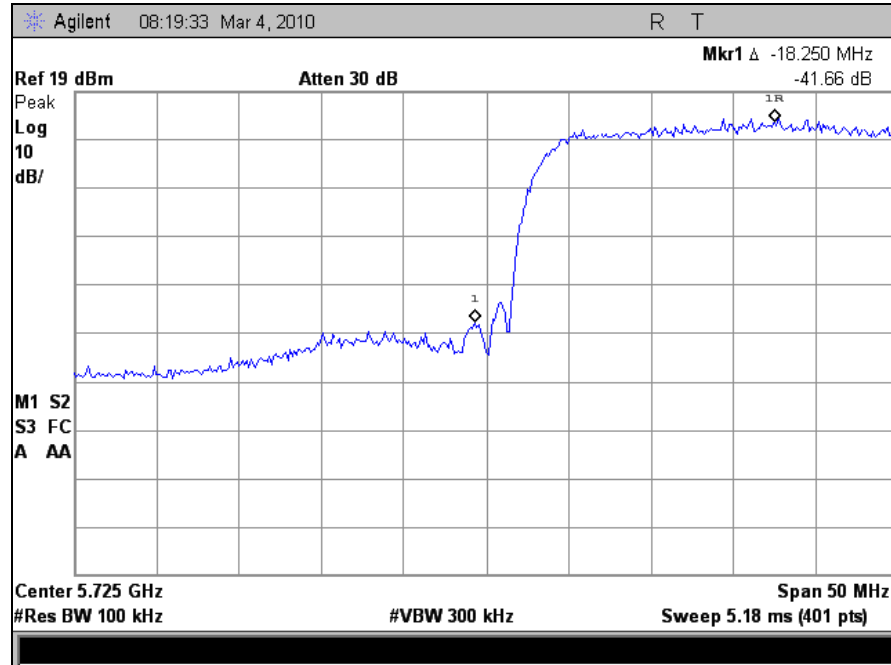


Plot 36. Conducted Emissions, High Channel, High Sub-Band, 18 GHz – 26.5 GHz

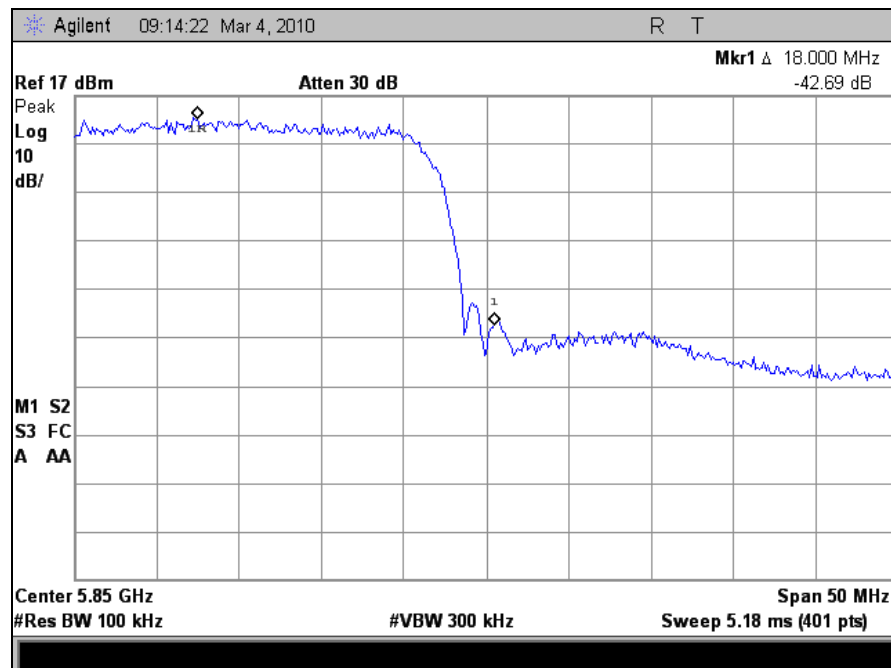


Plot 37. Conducted Emissions, High Channel, High Sub-Band, 26.5 GHz – 40 GHz

Conducted Band Edge Test Results



Plot 38. Conducted Band Edge, Low Channel, Low Sub-Band



Plot 39. Conducted Band Edge, High Channel, High Sub-Band

Electromagnetic Compatibility Criteria for Intentional Radiators

§ 15.247(e) Peak Power Spectral Density

Test Requirements: §15.247(e): For digitally modulated systems, the peak power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

Test Procedure: The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through an attenuator. The power level was set to the maximum level throughout each of the 100 sweeps of power averaging. The RBW was set to 3 kHz and a VBW set to 9 kHz or greater. The spectrum analyzer was set to an auto sweep time and a peak detector was used. Measurements were carried out at the low, mid and high channels.

Test Results: The EUT was compliant with the peak power spectral density limits of § 15.247 (e).
 The peak power spectral density was determined from plots on the following page(s).

Test Engineer: Shawn McMillen

Test Date: 03/05/10

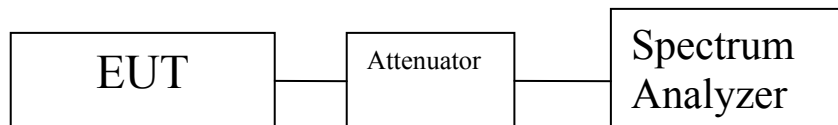
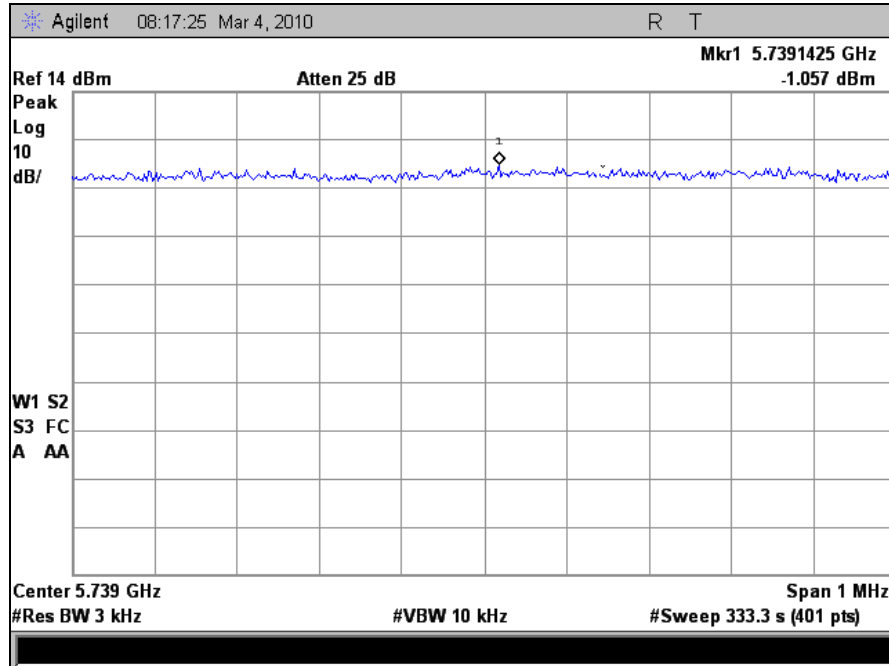


Figure 6. Block Diagram, Peak Power Spectral Density Test Setup

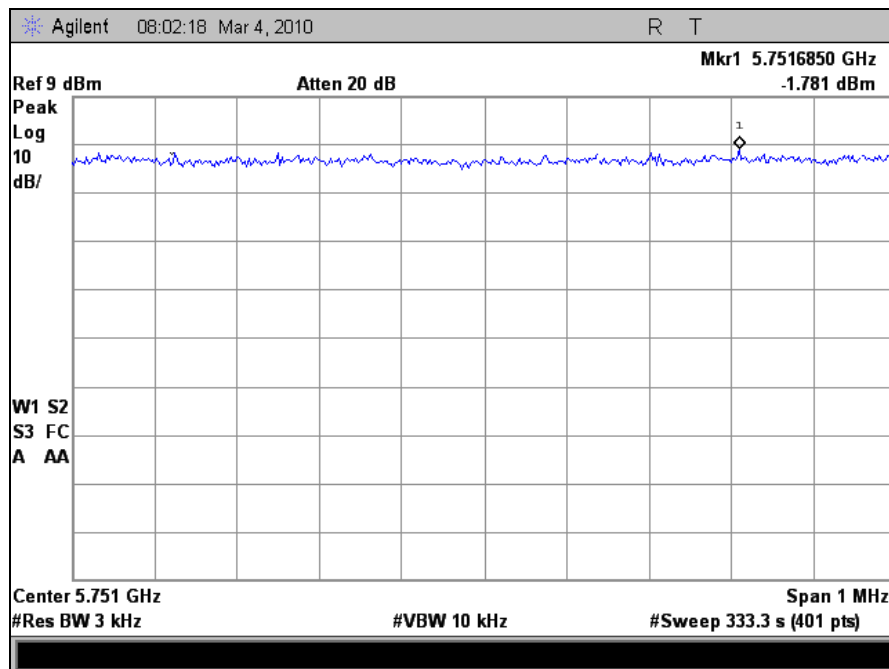
Peak Power Spectral Density				
Band	Frequency (MHz)	Measured PPSD (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Low Sub-Band	5741	-1.057	8	-6.943
	5757	-1.781	8	-6.219
High Sub-Band	5797	-1.679	8	-6.321
	5834	-1.764	8	-6.236

Table 19. Spectral Density, Test Results

Peak Power Spectral Density

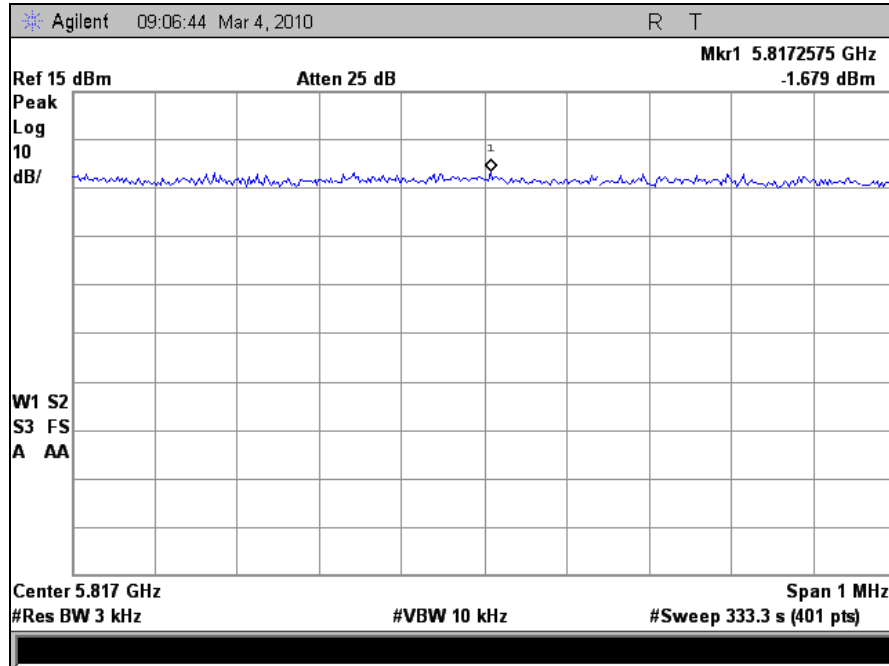


Plot 40. Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, Low Sub-Band

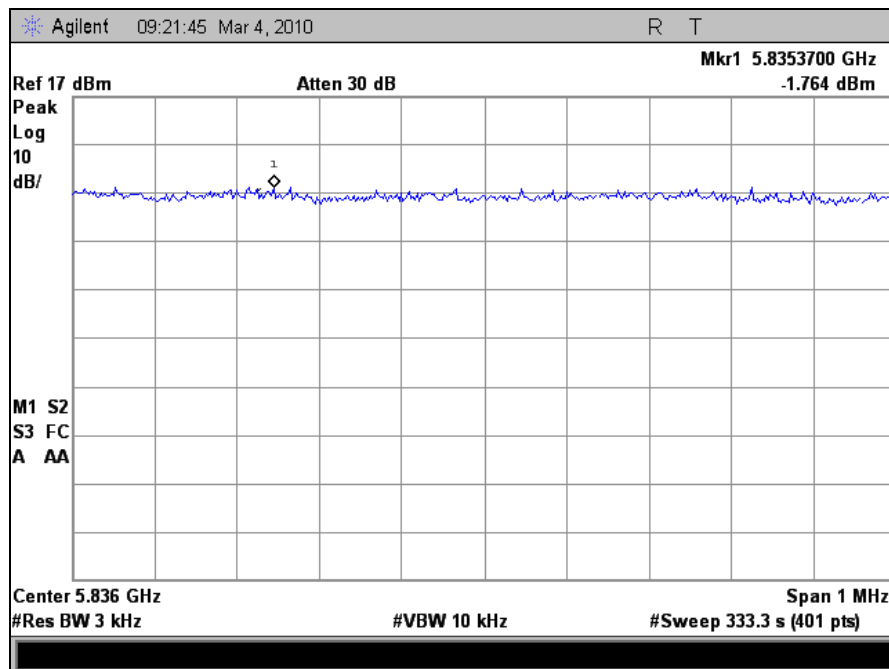


Plot 41. Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel, Low Sub-Band

Peak Power Spectral Density



Plot 42. Peak Power Spectral Density, Low Channel, High Sub-Band



Plot 43. Peak Power Spectral Density, High Channel, High Sub-Band

IV. Test Equipment

Test Equipment

Calibrated test equipment utilized during testing was maintained in a current state of calibration per the requirements of ANSI/NCSL Z540-1-1994 and ANSI/ISO/IEC 17025:2000.

MET Asset #	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Last Cal Date	Cal Due Date
1T4414	MICROWAVE PRE-AMPLIFIER	AH SYSTEMS	PAM-0118	SEE NOTE	
1T4300	SEMI-ANECHOIC CHAMBER # 1	EMC TEST SYSTEMS	NONE	08/24/2007	08/24/2010
1T4303	ANTENNA; BILOG	SCHAFNER - CHASE EMC	CBL6140A	07/29/2009	07/29/2010
1T4409	EMI RECEIVER	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	ESIB7	05/07/2009	05/07/2010
1T2511	ANTENNA; HORN	EMCO	3115	08/21/2009	08/21/2010
1T4621	ESA-E SERIES SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4402B	03/20/2009	03/20/2010
1T4592	RF FILTER KIT	VARIOUS	N/A	SEE NOTE	

Table 20. Test Equipment List

Note: Functionally tested equipment is verified using calibrated instrumentation at the time of testing.



V. Certification & User's Manual Information

Certification & User's Manual Information

A. Certification Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart I — Marketing of Radio frequency devices:

§ 2.801 Radio-frequency device defined.

As used in this part, a radio-frequency device is any device which in its operation is capable of Emitting radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means. Radio- frequency devices include, but are not limited to:

- (a) The various types of radio communication transmitting devices described throughout this chapter.
- (b) *The incidental, unintentional and intentional radiators defined in Part 15 of this chapter.*
- (c) The industrial, scientific, and medical equipment described in Part 18 of this chapter.
- (d) Any part or component thereof which in use emits radio-frequency energy by radiation, conduction, or other means.

§ 2.803 Marketing of radio frequency devices prior to equipment authorization.

- (a) Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter, no person shall sell or lease, or offer for sale or lease (including advertising for sale or lease), or import, ship or distribute for the purpose of selling or leasing or offering for sale or lease, any radio frequency device unless:
 - (1) In the case of a device subject to certification, such device has been authorized by the Commission in accordance with the rules in this chapter and is properly identified and labeled as required by §2.925 and other relevant sections in this chapter; or
 - (2) In the case of a device that is not required to have a grant of equipment authorization issued by the Commission, but which must comply with the specified technical standards prior to use, such device also complies with all applicable administrative (including verification of the equipment or authorization under a Declaration of Conformity, where required), technical, labeling and identification requirements specified in this chapter.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, the offer for sale solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical users (but not an offer for sale to other parties or to end users located in a residential environment) of a radio frequency device that is in the conceptual, developmental, design or pre-production stage is permitted prior to equipment authorization or, for devices not subject to the equipment authorization requirements, prior to a determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements *provided* that the prospective buyer is advised in writing at the time of the offer for sale that the equipment is subject to the FCC rules and that the equipment will comply with the appropriate rules before delivery to the buyer or to centers of distribution.

- (e)(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, prior to equipment authorization or determination of compliance with the applicable technical requirements any radio frequency device may be operated, but not marketed, for the following purposes and under the following conditions:
- (i) *Compliance testing;*
 - (ii) Demonstrations at a trade show provided the notice contained in paragraph (c) of this section is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iii) Demonstrations at an exhibition conducted at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical location, but excluding locations in a residential environment, provided the notice contained in paragraphs (c) or (d) of this section, as appropriate, is displayed in a conspicuous location on, or immediately adjacent to, the device;
 - (iv) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability, provided such operation takes place at the manufacturer's facilities during developmental, design or pre-production states; or
 - (v) Evaluation of product performance and determination of customer acceptability where customer acceptability of a radio frequency device cannot be determined at the manufacturer's facilities because of size or unique capability of the device, provided the device is operated at a business, commercial, industrial, scientific or medical user's site, but not at a residential site, during the development, design or pre-production stages.
- (e)(2) For the purpose of paragraphs (e)(1)(iv) and (e)(1)(v) of this section, the term *manufacturer's facilities* includes the facilities of the party responsible for compliance with the regulations and the manufacturer's premises, as well as the facilities of other entities working under the authorization of the responsible party in connection with the development and manufacture, but not the marketing, of the equipment.
- (f) For radio frequency devices subject to verification and sold solely to business, commercial, industrial, scientific and medical users (excluding products sold to other parties or for operation in a residential environment), parties responsible for verification of the devices shall have the option of ensuring compliance with the applicable technical specifications of this chapter at each end user's location after installation, provided that the purchase or lease agreement includes a proviso that such a determination of compliance be made and is the responsibility of the party responsible for verification of the equipment.

Certification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 2, Subpart J — Equipment Authorization Procedures:

§ 2.901 Basis and Purpose

- (a) In order to carry out its responsibilities under the Communications Act and the various treaties and international regulations, and in order to promote efficient use of the radio spectrum, the Commission has developed technical standards for radio frequency equipment and parts or components thereof. The technical standards applicable to individual types of equipment are found in that part of the rules governing the service wherein the equipment is to be operated.¹ *In addition to the technical standards provided, the rules governing the service may require that such equipment be verified by the manufacturer or importer, be authorized under a Declaration of Conformity, or receive an equipment authorization from the Commission by one of the following procedures: certification or registration.*
- (b) The following sections describe the verification procedure, the procedure for a Declaration of Conformity, and the procedures to be followed in obtaining certification from the Commission and the conditions attendant to such a grant.

§ 2.907 Certification.

- (a) Certification is an equipment authorization issued by the Commission, based on representation and test data submitted by the applicant.
- (b) Certification attaches to all units subsequently marketed by the grantee which are identical (see Section 2.908) to the sample tested except for permissive changes or other variations authorized by the Commission pursuant to Section 2.1043.

¹ In this case, the equipment is subject to the rules of Part 15. More specifically, the equipment falls under Subpart B (of Part 15), which deals with unintentional radiators.

Certification & User's Manual Information

§ 2.948 Description of measurement facilities.

- (a) Each party making measurements of equipment that is subject to an equipment authorization under Part 15 or Part 18 of this chapter, regardless of whether the measurements are filed with the Commission or kept on file by the party responsible for compliance of equipment marketed within the U.S. or its possessions, shall compile a description of the measurement facilities employed.
 - (1) If the measured equipment is subject to the verification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be retained by the party responsible for verification of the equipment.
 - (i) *If the equipment is verified through measurements performed by an independent laboratory, it is acceptable for the party responsible for verification of the equipment to rely upon the description of the measurement facilities retained by or placed on file with the Commission by that laboratory. In this situation, the party responsible for the verification of the equipment is not required to retain a duplicate copy of the description of the measurement facilities.*
 - (ii) If the equipment is verified based on measurements performed at the installation site of the equipment, no specific site calibration data is required. It is acceptable to retain the description of the measurement facilities at the site at which the measurements were performed.
 - (2) If the equipment is to be authorized by the Commission under the certification procedure, the description of the measurement facilities shall be filed with the Commission's Laboratory in Columbia, Maryland. The data describing the measurement facilities need only be filed once but must be updated as changes are made to the measurement facilities or as otherwise described in this section. At least every three years, the organization responsible for filing the data with the Commission shall certify that the data on file is current.

Certification & User's Manual Information

Label and User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart A — General:

§ 15.19 Labeling requirements.

(a) *In addition to the requirements in Part 2 of this chapter, a device subject to certification or verification shall be labeled as follows:*

- (1) Receivers associated with the operation of a licensed radio service, e.g., FM broadcast under Part 73 of this chapter, land mobile operation under Part 90, etc., shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference.

- (2) A stand-alone cable input selector switch, shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device is verified to comply with Part 15 of the FCC Rules for use with cable television service.

- (3) All other devices shall bear the following statement in a conspicuous location on the device:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

- (4) Where a device is constructed in two or more sections connected by wires and marketed together, the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section is required to be affixed only to the main control unit.
- (5) When the device is so small or for such use that it is not practicable to place the statement specified under paragraph (a) of this section on it, the information required by this paragraph shall be placed in a prominent location in the instruction manual or pamphlet supplied to the user or, alternatively, shall be placed on the container in which the device is marketed. However, the FCC identifier or the unique identifier, as appropriate, must be displayed on the device.

§ 15.21 Information to user.

The users manual or instruction manual for an intentional or unintentional radiator shall caution the user that changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Verification & User's Manual Information

The following is extracted from Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 15, Subpart B — Unintentional Radiators:

§ 15.105 Information to the user.

- (a) For a Class A digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

- (b) For a Class B digital device or peripheral, the instructions furnished the user shall include the following or similar statement, placed in a prominent location in the text of the manual:

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

ICES-003 Procedural & Labeling Requirements

From the Industry Canada Electromagnetic Compatibility Advisory Bulletin entitled, "Implementation and Interpretation of the Interference-Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus, ICES-003" (EMCAB-3, Issue 2, July 1995):

"At present, CISPR 22: 2002 and ICES technical requirements are essentially equivalent. Therefore, if you have CISPR 22: 2002 approval by meeting CISPR Publication 22, the only additional requirements are: to attach a note to the report of the test results for compliance, indicating that these results are deemed satisfactory evidence of compliance with ICES-003 of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations; to maintain these records on file for the requisite five year period; and to provide the device with a notice of compliance in accordance with ICES-003."

Procedural Requirements:

According to Industry Canada's Interference Causing Equipment Standard for Digital Apparatus ICES-003 Issue 4, February 2004:

- Section 6.1: A record of the measurements and results, showing the date that the measurements were completed, shall be retained by the manufacturer or importer for a period of at least five years from the date shown in the record and made available for examination on the request of the Minister.
- Section 6.2: A written notice indicating compliance must accompany each unit of digital apparatus to the end user. The notice shall be in the form of a label that is affixed to the apparatus. Where because of insufficient space or other constraints it is not feasible to affix a label to the apparatus, the notice may be in the form of a statement in the user's manual.

Labeling Requirements:

The suggested text for the notice, in English and in French, is provided below, from the Annex of ICES-003:

This Class [²] digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe [¹] est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

² Insert either A or B but not both as appropriate for the equipment requirements.



End of Report