

Testo SE & Co. KGaA

TEST REPORT

SCOPE OF WORK

EMC TESTING–0560 8621, 0560 8622

REPORT NUMBER

260331111GZU-001

ISSUE DATE

04-August-2026

[REVISED DATE]

[-----]

PAGES

80

DOCUMENT CONTROL NUMBER

FCC WIFI

© 2021 INTERTEK



TEST REPORT

Applicant Name & : Testo SE & Co. KGaA
Address : Celsiusstrasse 2, 79822 Titisee-Neustadt, Germany
Manufacturing Site : Uni-Trend Technology (China) Co., Ltd
No 6, Gong Ye Bei 1 st Road, Songshan Lake National High-Tech
Industrial Development Zone, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province,
523808, CHINA
Intertek Report No : 260331111GZU-001
FCC ID : WAF-0560862X

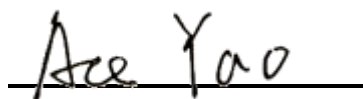
Test standards

47 CFR PART 15 Subpart C: 2024 section 15.247

Sample Description

Product : testo 862-1, testo 862-2
Model No. : 0560 8621, 0560 8622
Electrical Rating : Powered by 3.7Vdc ,2250mAh, 8.325Wh, charging current 5V/2A.
Serial No. : N/A
Date Received : 31 March 2026
Date Test : 20 April 2026-24 April 2026
Conducted

Prepared and Checked By



Ace Yao

Project Engineer

Approved By:



Dean Liu

Sr. Project Engineer

This report is for the exclusive use of Intertek's Client and is provided pursuant to the agreement between Intertek and its Client. Intertek's responsibility and liability are limited to the terms and conditions of the agreement. Intertek assumes no liability to any party, other than to the Client in accordance with the agreement, for any loss, expense or damage occasioned by the use of this report. Only the Client is authorized to permit copying or distribution of this report and then only in its entirety. Any use of the Intertek name or one of its marks for the sale or advertisement of the tested material, product or service must first be approved in writing by Intertek. The observations and test results in this report are relevant only to the sample tested. This report by itself does not imply that the material, product, or service is or has ever been under an Intertek certification program.

TEST REPORT

CONTENT

TEST REPORT	1
CONTENT	3
1.0 TEST RESULT SUMMARY	4
2.0 GENERAL DESCRIPTION	5
2.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION	5
2.2 RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) GRANTS	6
2.3 TEST METHODOLOGY	6
2.4 TEST FACILITY	6
3.0 SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION	6
3.1 JUSTIFICATION	6
3.2 EUT EXERCISING SOFTWARE	7
3.3 SPECIAL ACCESSORIES	7
3.4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	8
3.5 EQUIPMENT MODIFICATION	8
3.6 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST AND DESCRIPTION	8
4.0 MEASUREMENT RESULTS	10
4.1 ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	10
4.2 6 DB BANDWIDTH (DTS BANDWIDTH)	11
4.3 DUTY CYCLE	19
4.4 MAXIMUM AVERAGE CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	23
4.5 MAXIMUM POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY	25
4.6 OUT OF BAND CONDUCTED EMISSIONS	33
4.7 RADIATED EMISSIONS	41
4.8 BAND EDGES REQUIREMENT	71
4.9 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST	77
5.0 TEST EQUIPMENT LIST	80

TEST REPORT

1.0 TEST RESULT SUMMARY

Test Item	Test Requirement	Test Method	Result
Antenna Requirement	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (c) and Section 15.203	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (c) and Section 15.203	PASS
6 dB Bandwidth (DTS bandwidth)	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (a)(2)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.8	PASS
Maximum Average Conducted Output Power	FCC PART 15 C clause 5.247(b)(3)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.9.2.3.1	PASS
Maximum Power Spectral Density	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(e)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.10.2	PASS
Out of Band Conducted Emissions	FCC PART 15 C section 15.209 & 15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11	PASS
Radiated Emission	FCC PART 15 C section 15.209 & 15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11, 11.12, 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6	PASS
Band Edges Measurement	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (d) & 15.205	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11 and 11.12	PASS
Conducted Emissions at Mains Terminals	FCC PART 15 C section 15.207	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.2	PASS

Remark:

N/A: not applicable. Refer to the relative section for the details.

EUT: In this whole report EUT means Equipment Under Test.

Tx: In this whole report Tx (or tx) means Transmitter.

Rx: In this whole report Rx (or rx) means Receiver.

RF: In this whole report RF means Radio Frequency.

ANSI C63.10: the detail version is ANSI C63.10:2020 in the whole report

Both of models are same except for model name, product name as well as the following:

The differences between two products are as follows:

Product	Model	Imaging resolutions	Infrared module crystal frequency	Drive circuit of infrared module
testo 862-1	0560 8621	160*120	27MHz	Has a DVP to MIPI circuit
testo 862-2	0560 8622	256*192	24MHz	N/A

Pre-scanning, the worst data for the model 0560 8622 was recorded.

TEST REPORT

2.0 General Description

2.1 Product Description

Operating Frequency:	2412 MHz to 2462 MHz for 802.11b/g/n(HT20)
Type of Modulation:	2422 MHz to 2452 MHz for 802.11n(HT40)
	802.11b: DSSS(CCK/QPSK/BPSK)
	802.11g: OFDM(BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM)
	802.11n: OFDM (BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM)
Transmit Data Rate:	802.11b :1/2/5.5/11 Mbps
	802.11g :6/9/12/18/24/36/48/54 Mbps
	802.11n(HT20): 6.5/13/19.5/26/39/52/58.5/65/72.2Mbps
	802.11n(HT40): 13.5/27/40.5/54/81/108/121.5/135/150 Mbps
Number of Channels	11 Channels for 802.11b/g/n(HT20)
	7 Channels for 802.11n(HT40)
Channel Separation:	5 MHz
Antenna Type	FPC antenna
Function:	Thermal imager with 2.4 GHz WIFI
EUT Power Supply:	AC 120V 60 Hz
Power cord:	1 m unscreened USB cable

EUT channels and frequencies list:

For 802.11b/g/n(HT20): test frequencies are lowest channel 1: 2412 MHz, middle channel 6: 2437 MHz and highest channel 11: 2462 MHz.

For 802.11n(HT40): test frequencies are lowest channel 3: 2422 MHz, middle channel 6: 2437 MHz and highest channel 9: 2452 MHz.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
1	2412	7	2442
2	2417	8	2447
3	2422	9	2452
4	2427	10	2457
5	2432	11	2462
6	2437	/	

TEST REPORT

2.2 Related Submittal(s) Grants

DTS- Part 15 Digital Transmission Systems (WIFI transmitter portion)

2.3 Test Methodology

Both AC mains line-conducted and radiated emission measurements were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10. Radiated emission measurement was performed in semi-anechoic chamber and conducted emission measurement was performed in shield room. For radiated emission measurement, preliminary scans and final tests were performed in the semi-anechoic chamber to determine the worst case modes. All radiated tests were performed at an antenna to EUT distance of 3 meters, unless stated otherwise.

2.4 Test Facility

All tests were performed at:
Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch
Room102/104, No 203, KeZhu Road, Science City, GETDD Guangzhou, China

A2LA Certificate Number 0078.10
Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch is accredited by A2LA and Listed in FCC website. FCC accredited test labs may perform both Certification testing under Parts 15 and 18 and Declaration of Conformity testing.

3.0 System Test Configuration

3.1 Justification

For emissions testing, the equipment under test (EUT) setup to transmit continuously to simplify the measurement methodology. Care was taken to ensure proper power supply voltages during testing. During testing, AC power line was manipulated to produce worst case emissions. It was powered by AC 120V/60Hz supply.

The signal is maximized through rotation and placement in the three orthogonal axes. The antenna height and polarization are varied during the search for maximum signal level. The antenna height is varied from 1 to 4 meters. Radiated emissions are taken at three meters unless the signal level is too low for measurement at that distance. If necessary, a pre-amplifier is used and/or the test is conducted at a closer distance.

TEST REPORT

All readings are extrapolated back to the equivalent three meter reading using inverse scaling with distance. The spurious emissions more than 20 dB below the permissible value are not reported.

For an intentional radiator, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency shown in the following table:

Frequency range of radiated emission measurements

Lowest frequency generated in the device	Upper frequency range of measurement
9 kHz to below 10 GHz	10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower
At or above 10 GHz to below 30 GHz	5th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 100 GHz, whichever is lower
At or above 30 GHz	5th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 200 GHz, whichever is lower, unless otherwise specified

Number of fundamental frequencies to be tested in EUT transmit band

Frequency range in which device operates	Number of frequencies	Location in frequency range of operation
1 MHz or less	1	Middle
1 MHz to 10 MHz	2	1 near top and 1 near bottom
More than 10 MHz	3	1 near top, 1 near middle and 1 near bottom

3.2 EUT Exercising Software

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	SN/Version	Supplied by
For fixing frequency	Takashi Teranishi	Teraterm	Version:4.9	Applicant

3.3 Special Accessories

No special accessories used.

TEST REPORT

3.4 Measurement Uncertainty

No.	Item	Measurement Uncertainty
1	20 dB Bandwidth	2.31%
	6dB Bandwidth	
	99% Bandwidth	
2	Carrier Frequencies Separated	2.31%
3	Dwell Time	1.19%
4	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	1.98 dB
5	Peak Power Spectral Density	1.98 dB
6	Out of Band Conducted Emissions	1.98 dB
7	Band edges measurement	1.98 dB
8	Radiated Emissions	3.64 dB (9 kHz-30 MHz)
		4.26 dB (30 MHz-1 GHz)
		4.96 dB (1 GHz-18 GHz)
		5.16 dB (18 GHz-40 GHz)
9	Conducted Emissions at Mains Terminals	2.23 dB
10	Temperature	0.81 °C
11	Humidity	1.73%
12	Time	1.19%

The measurement uncertainty describes the overall uncertainty of the given measured value during the operation of the EUT.

Measurement uncertainty is calculated in accordance with ETSI TR 100 028-2001.

The measurement uncertainty is given with a confidence of 95%, k=2.

When determining of the test conclusion, the Measurement Uncertainty of test has been considered.

Uncertainty and Compliance – Unless the standard specifically states that measured values are to be extended by the measurement uncertainty in determining compliance, all compliance determinations are based on the actual measured value

3.5 Equipment Modification

Any modifications installed previous to testing by Testo SE & Co. KGaA will be incorporated in each production model sold / leased in the United States.

No modifications were installed by Intertek Testing Services Shenzhen Ltd. Guangzhou Branch.

3.6 Support Equipment List and Description

This product was tested with corresponding support equipment as below:

Cable

TEST REPORT

Description	Model No.	Connector type	Cable length/type	Supplied by
Antenna cable	RF-01	SMA	0.2 m(shielded)	Intertek
USB charging cable	--	USB C	1 m(unshielded)	Intertek

Support equipment

Description	Model No.	Rating	Supplied by
NoteBook	Latitude 5420	100-240VAC,50/60Hz	Intertek
Control board	Applicant	--	Applicant
Adapter	SAG0503000P	100-240~, 50/60Hz	Applicant

Remark:

After the frequency was fixed, Notebook and Fix board were removed out of the Chamber before test.

TEST REPORT

4.0 Measurement Results

4.1 Antenna Requirement

Standard requirement:

15.203 requirement:

For intentional device. According to 15.203 an intentional radiator shall be designed to Ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

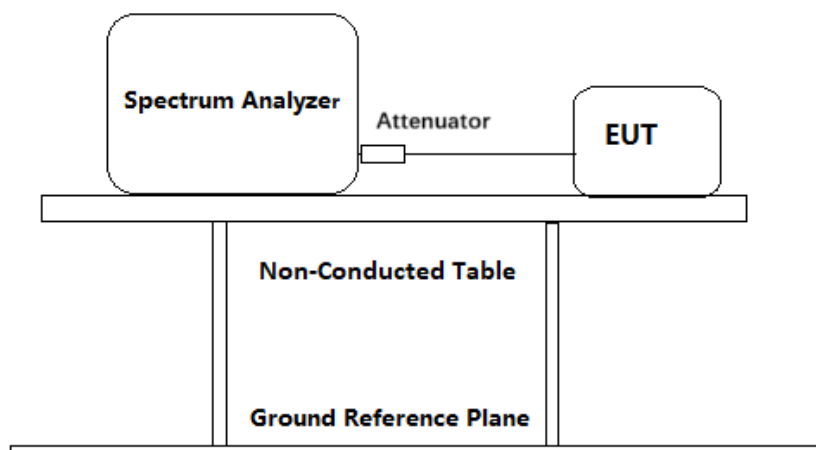
EUT Antenna

The antenna is an integral antenna and no consideration of replacement. The best-case gain of 0.63 dBi is provided by applicant.

TEST REPORT

4.2 6 dB Bandwidth (DTS bandwidth)

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C section 15.247 (a)(2) Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.8
Test Status:	Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.
Test Configuration:	



Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attention attenuation RF cable (cable loss = 1 dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer:
 - a) Set RBW = shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW but not less than 100 kHz
 - b) Set the $VBW \geq [3 \times RBW]$
 - c) Detector = peak.
 - d) Trace mode = max hold.
 - e) Sweep $\geq$ auto couple
 - f) Allow the trace to stabilize.
 - g) Measure the maximum width of the emission by placing two markers, one at the lowest frequency and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the “-6 dB down amplitude”. If a marker is below this “-6 dB down amplitude” value, then it shall be as close as possible to this value.

TEST REPORT

3. Repeat until all the test status is investigated.
4. Report the worst case.

Used Test Equipment List

Spectrum Analyzer. Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

6 dB bandwidth

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate	Measured 6dB bandwidth (MHz)	Limit	Result
1	2412	802.11b	1 Mbps	10.4	≥500KHz	Pass
6	2437		1 Mbps	10.4		Pass
11	2462		1 Mbps	10.2		Pass
1	2412	802.11g	6 Mbps	16.7		Pass
6	2437		6 Mbps	16.5		Pass
11	2462		6 Mbps	16.6		Pass
1	2412	802.11n (HT20)	6.5 Mbps	17.7		Pass
6	2437		6.5 Mbps	17.7		Pass
11	2462		6.5 Mbps	17.7		Pass
3	2422	802.11n (HT40)	13.5 Mbps	36.4		Pass
6	2437		13.5 Mbps	36.2		Pass
9	2452		13.5 Mbps	36.5		Pass

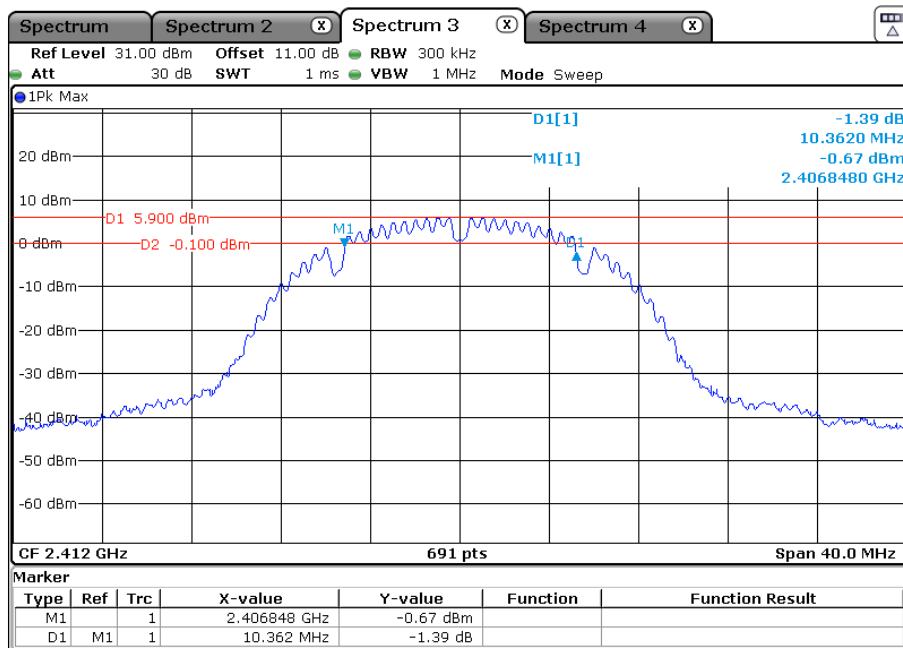
TEST REPORT

Result plot as follows:

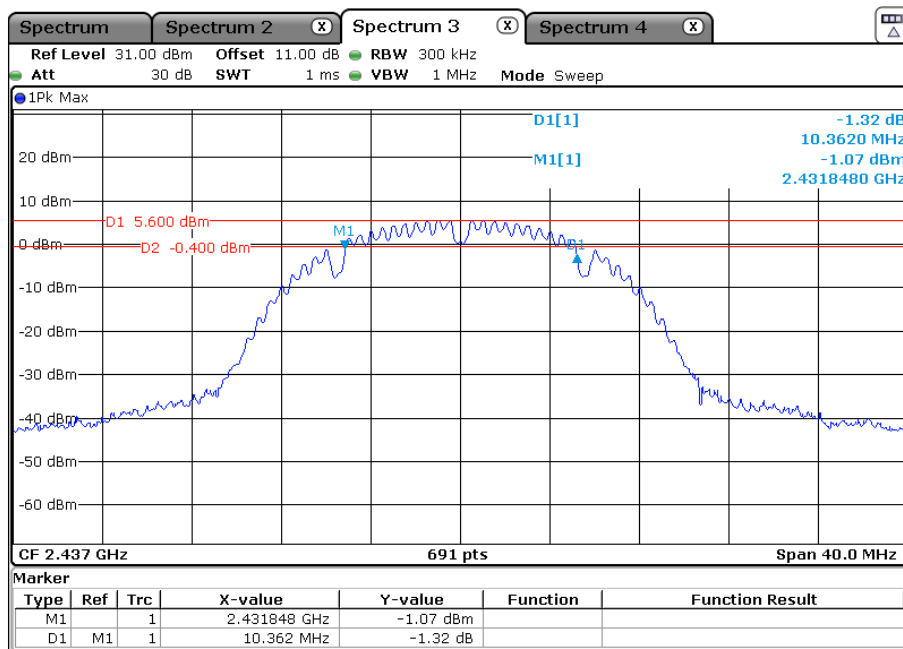
6dB bandwidth:

802.11b mode with 1 Mbps data rate

Channel 1: 2.412GHz

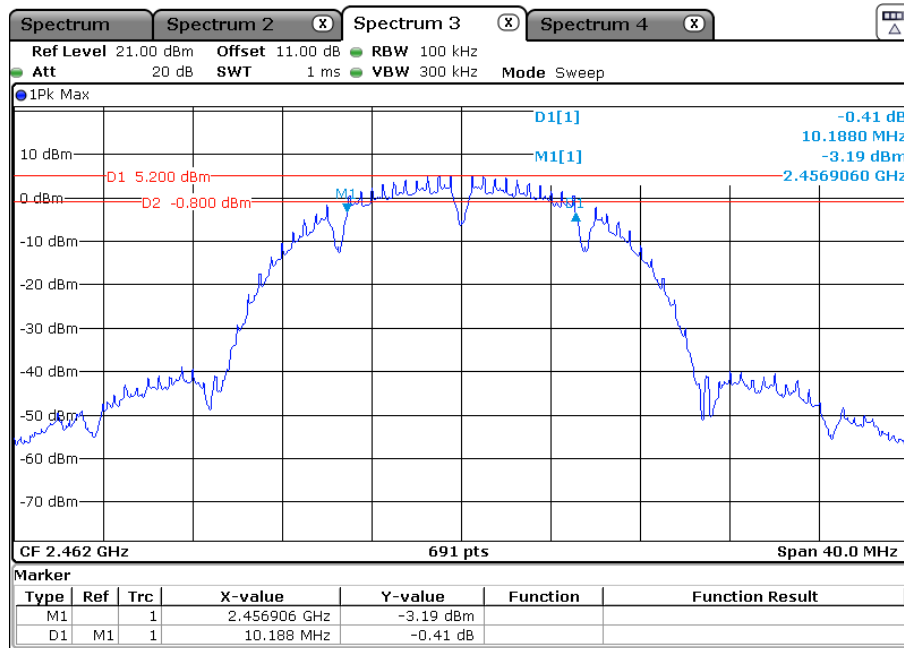


Channel 6: 2.437GHz:



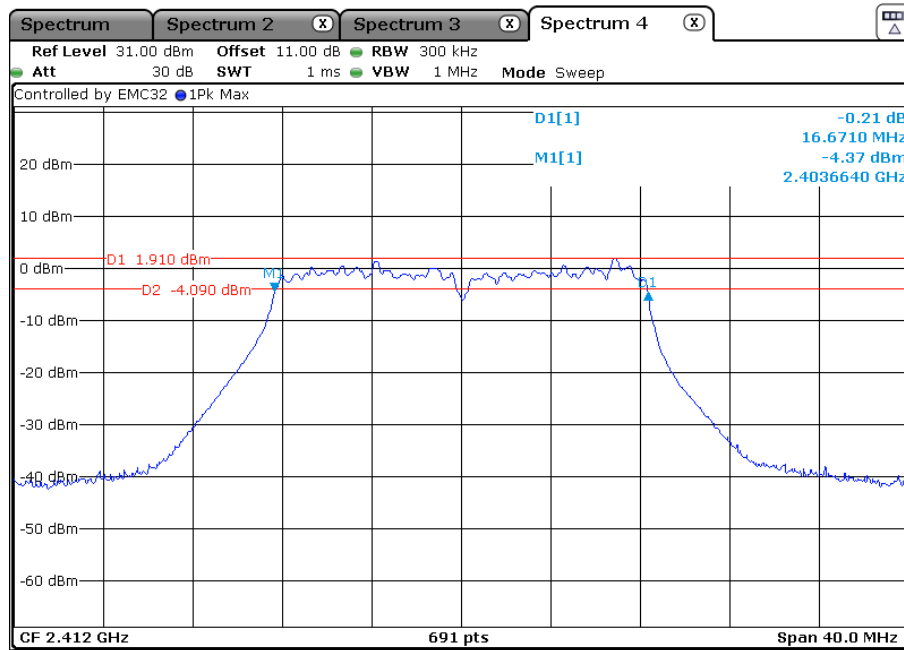
Channel 11: 2.462GHz:

TEST REPORT



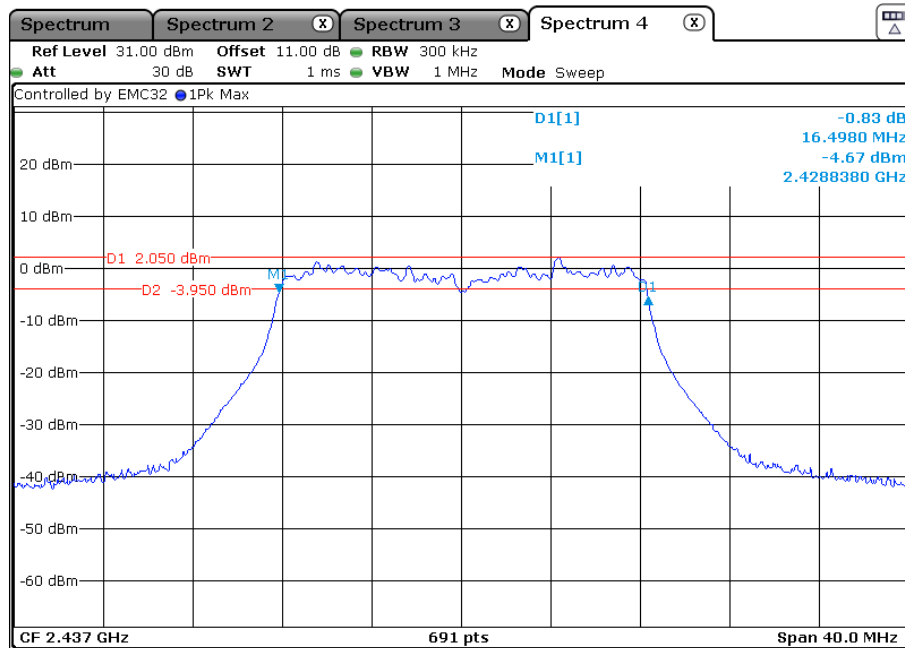
802.11g mode with 6Mbps data rate

Channel 1: 2.412GHz:

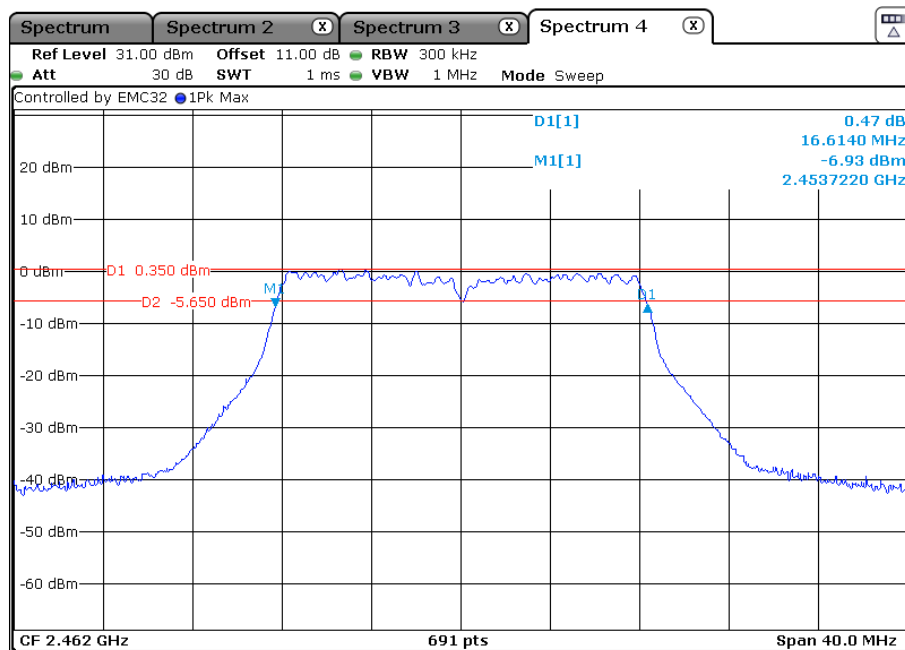


Channel 6: 2.437GHz:

TEST REPORT



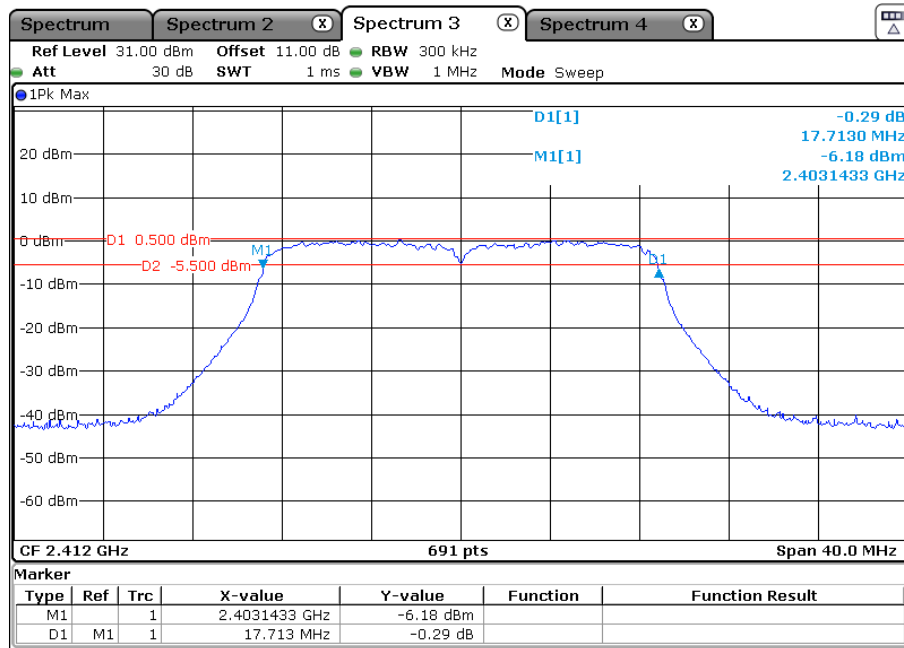
Channel 11: 2.462GHz:



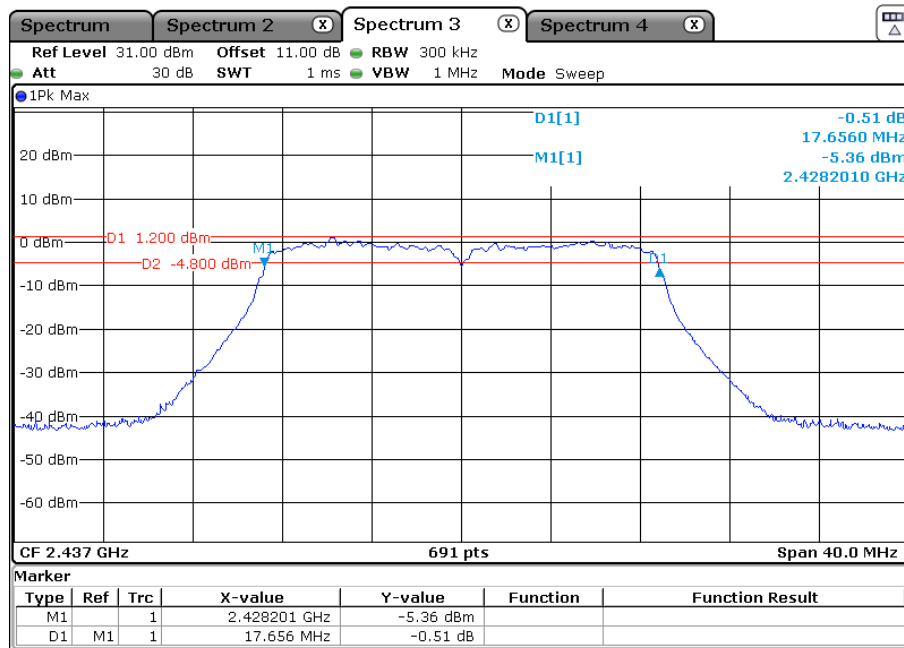
802.11n(HT20) mode with 6.5 Mbps data rate

Channel 1: 2.412GHz:

TEST REPORT

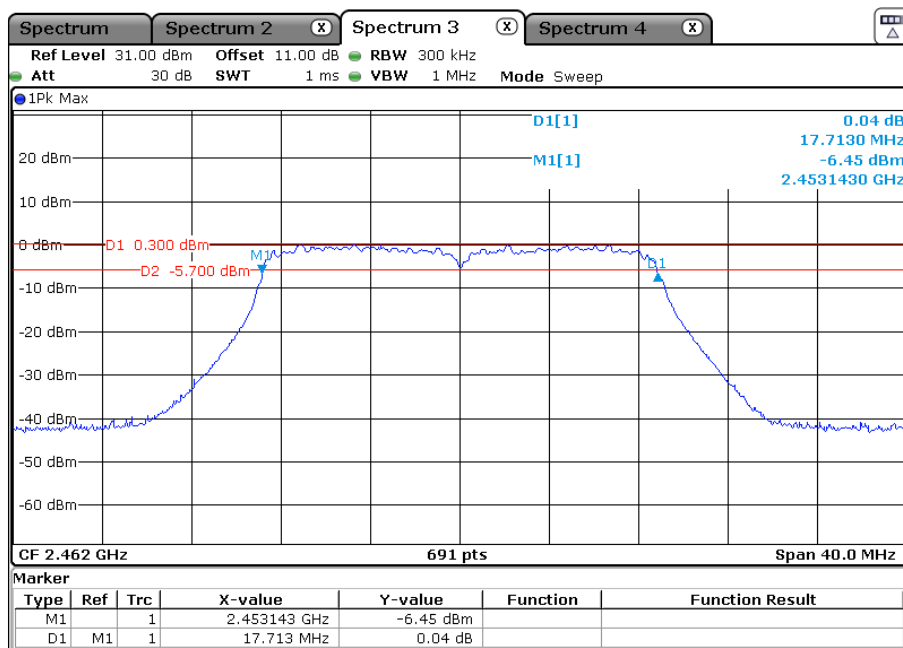


Channel 6: 2.437GHz:



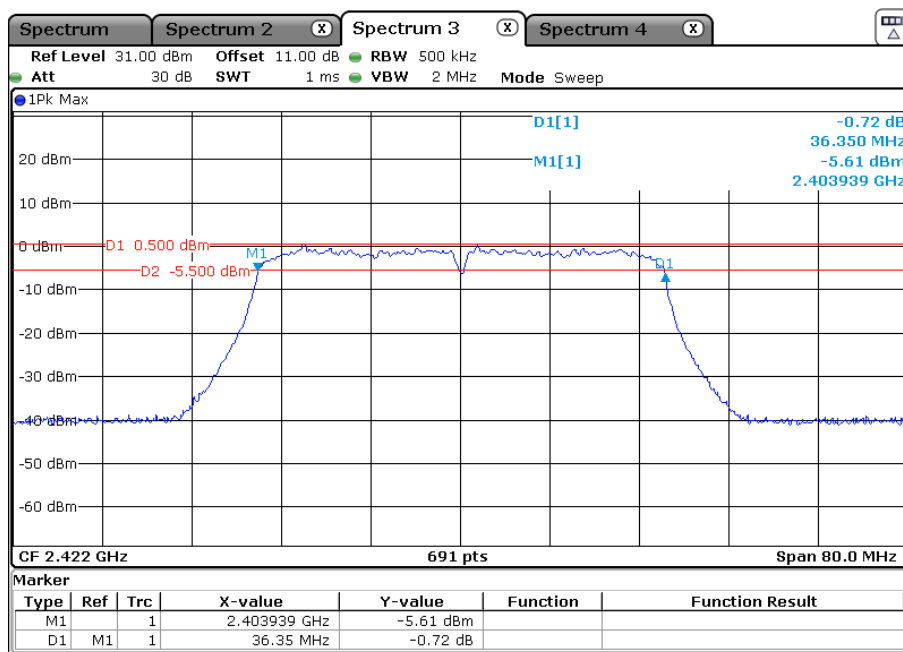
Channel 11: 2.462GHz:

TEST REPORT



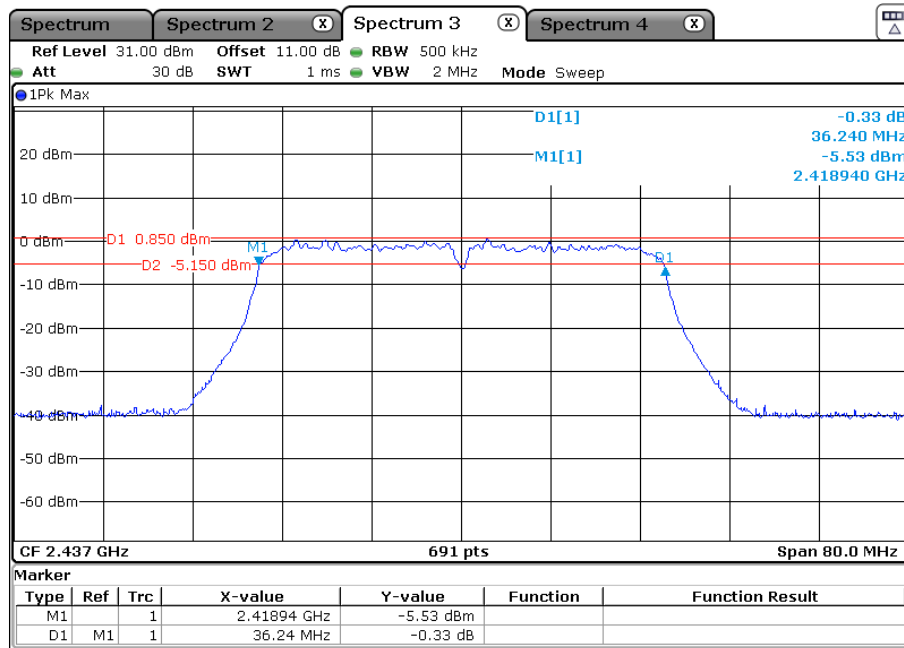
802.11n(HT40) mode with 13.5 Mbps data rate

Channel 3: 2.422GHz:

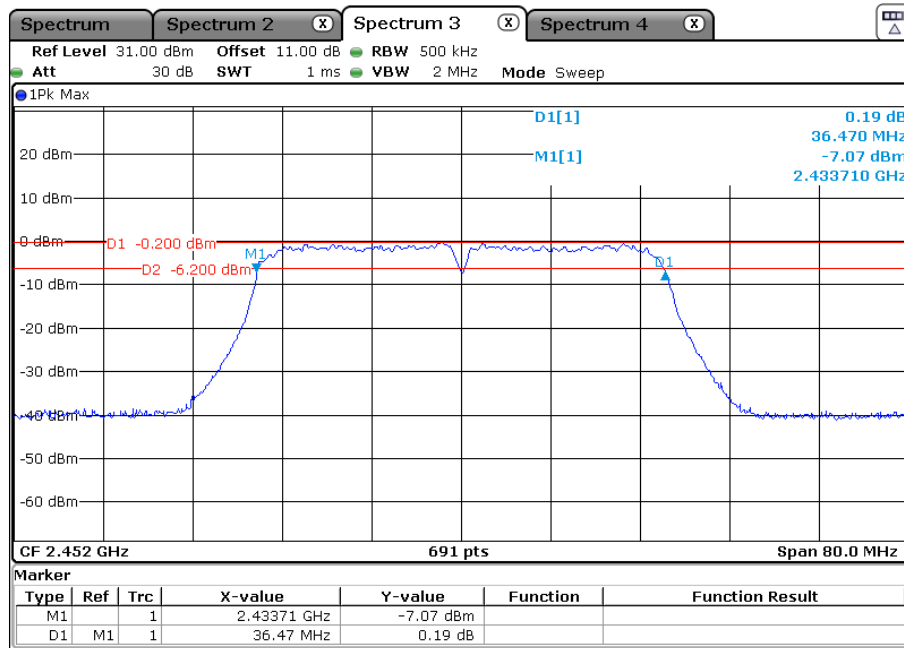


Channel 6: 2.437GHz:

TEST REPORT



Channel 9: 2.452GHz:



TEST REPORT

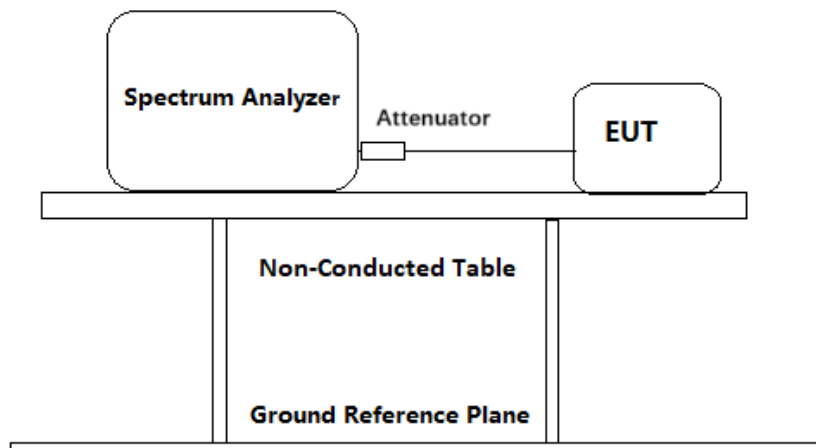
4.3 Duty Cycle

Test Requirement: FCC KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02, Clause 6

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.6

Test Status: Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attention attenuation RF cable (cable loss =1 dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyser:
 - a) Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.
 - b) Set $RBW \geq OBW$ if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Span = Zero span
 - c) Set $VBW \geq RBW$. Set detector = peak or average. Trace mode = Free run
3. Report the worst case.

Used Test Equipment List

Spectrum Analyzer. Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

TEST REPORT

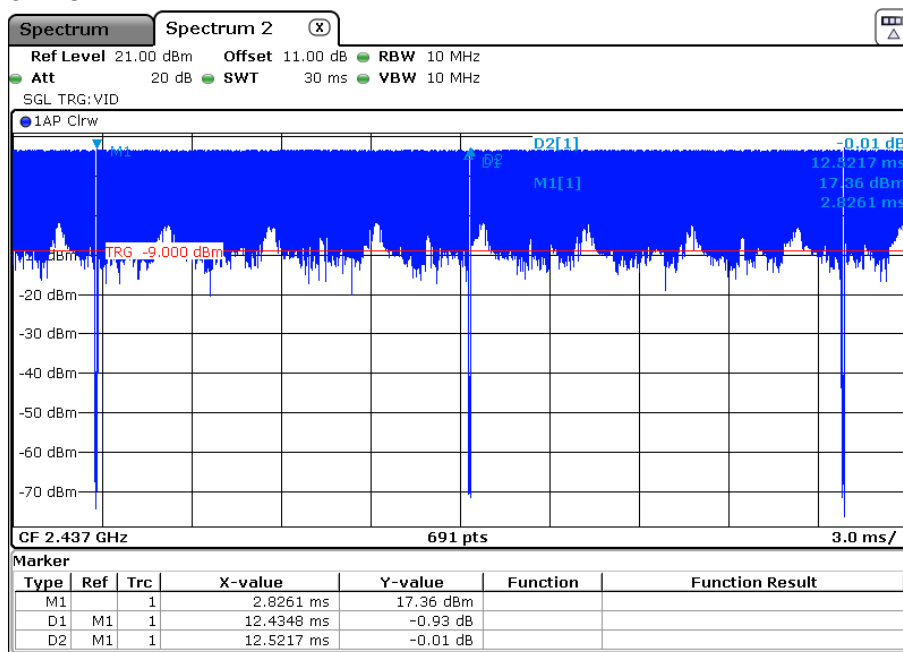
Test result:

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	On time (ms)	Period (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)
6	2437	802.11b	12.43	12.52	99.3
6	2437	802.11g	1.44	1.38	95.8
6	2437	802.11n (HT20)	1.92	1.97	97.5
6	2437	802.11n (HT40)	0.94	1.01	93.1

Result plot as follows:

802.11b mode

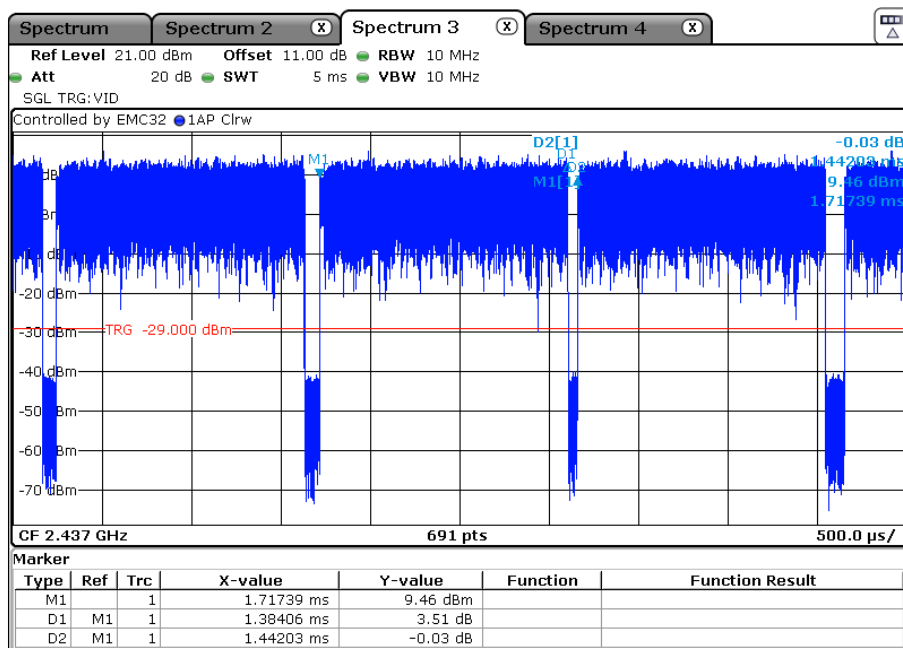
Channel 6: 2437 MHz:



802.11g mode

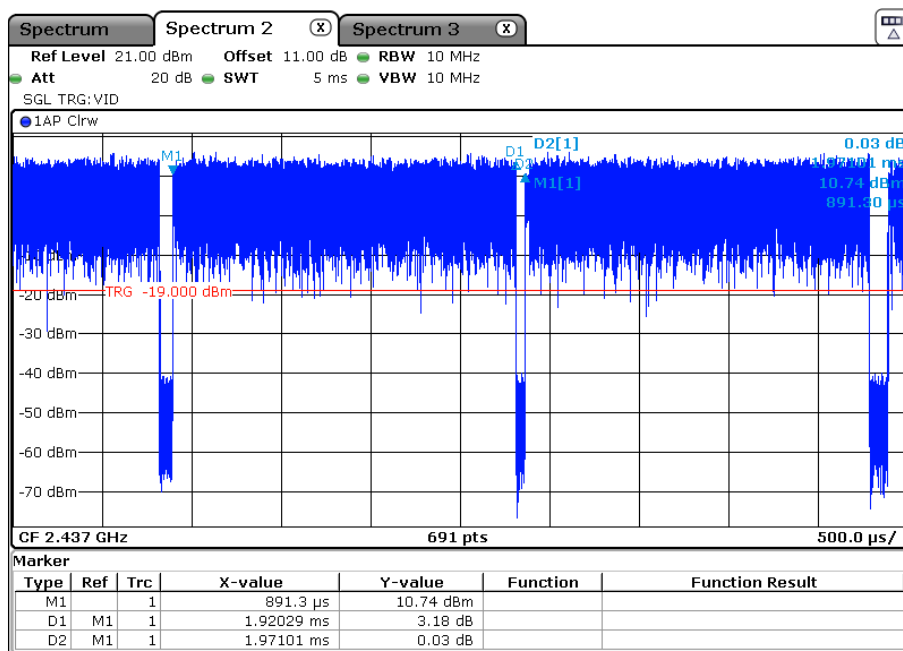
Channel 6: 2437 MHz:

TEST REPORT



802.11n(HT 20) mode

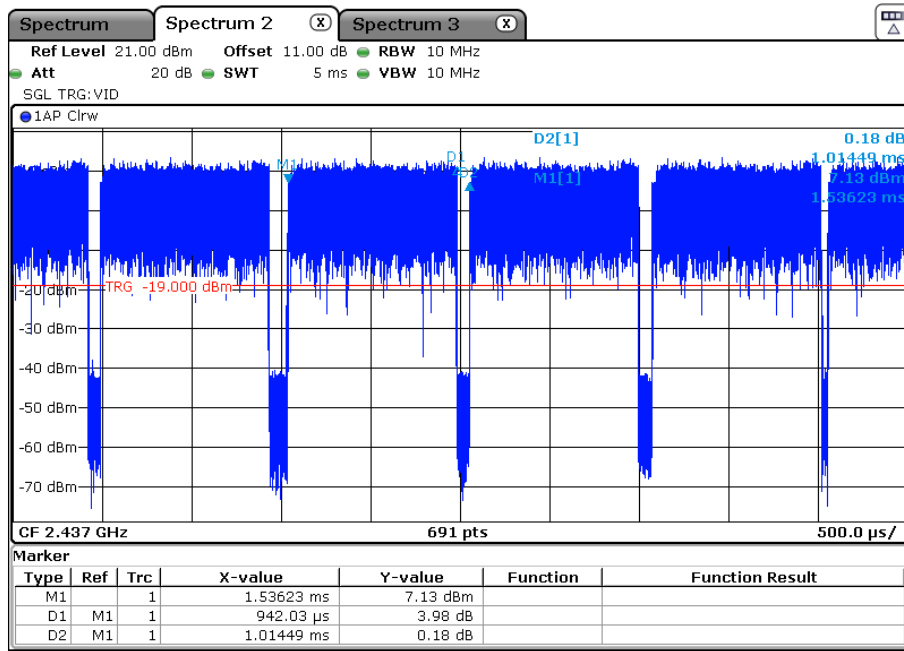
Channel 6: 2437 MHz:



802.11n(HT 40) mode

Channel 6: 2437 MHz:

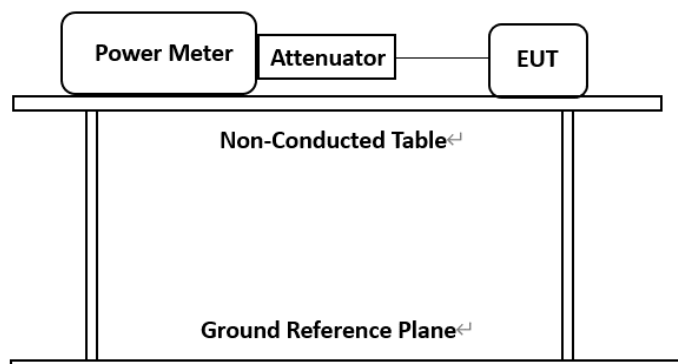
TEST REPORT



TEST REPORT

4.4 Maximum Average Conducted Output Power

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C section 15.247 Section 15.247: (b)(3) For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b) (1), (b) (2), and (b) (3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.9.2.3.1
Test Status:	Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.
Test Configuration:	



Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attention attenuation RF cable (cable loss =1 dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the power meter.
2. The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.
3. If the EUT is transmitting at all times, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
4. If the EUT does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle and adjust the measurement in dBm by adding $10\log(1/x)$ where x is the duty cycle of transmitter output signal. This measurement is an average over both the ON and OFF periods of the transmitter.
5. Report the worst case.

TEST REPORT

Used Test Equipment List

Power meter. Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

Test result:

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Data Rate	Maximum Conducted output power (dBm)	Limit	Result
1	2412	802.11b	1 Mbps	16.9	1W (30dBm)	Pass
6	2437		1 Mbps	16.5		Pass
11	2462		1 Mbps	16.3		Pass
1	2412	802.11g	6 Mbps	16.4		Pass
6	2437		6 Mbps	16.2		Pass
11	2462		6 Mbps	16.0		Pass
1	2412	802.11n (HT20)	6.5 Mbps	11.3		Pass
6	2437		6.5 Mbps	11.1		Pass
11	2462		6.5 Mbps	10.8		Pass
3	2422	802.11n (HT40)	13.5 Mbps	11.2		Pass
6	2437		13.5 Mbps	11.1		Pass
9	2452		13.5 Mbps	10.9		Pass

Remark:

The measured power in the table has considered the compensation of cable loss, attenuator and duty cycle.

The unit does meet the FCC requirements.

TEST REPORT

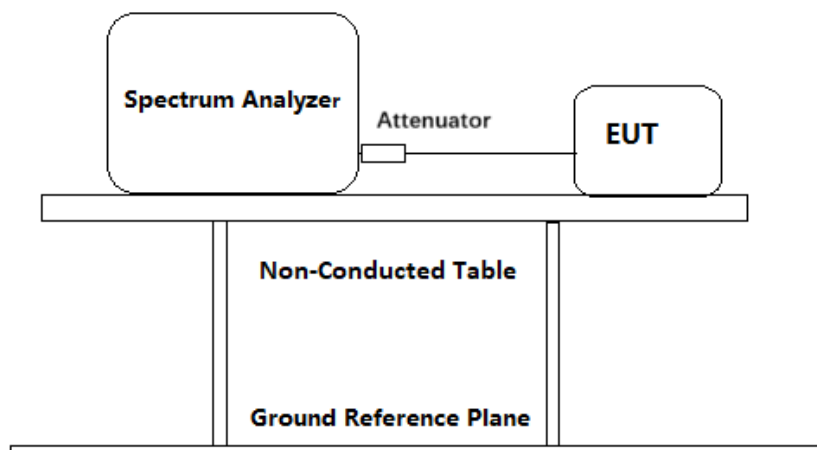
4.5 Maximum Power Spectral Density

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247
(e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.
This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.10.2

Test Status: Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attention attenuation RF cable(cable loss =1 dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer or power meter.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer:
 - a) Measure the duty cycle (*D*) of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6.
 - b) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
 - c) Set span to > 1.5 times the OBW.
 - d) Set RBW to: $3 \text{ kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100 \text{ kHz}$.
 - e) Set VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
 - f) Detector = power averaging (rms) or sample detector (when rms not available).
 - g) Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep $\geq [2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}]$.
 - h) Sweep time = auto couple.
 - i) Do not use sweep triggering; allow sweep to "free run."
 - j) Employ trace averaging (rms) mode over a minimum of 100 traces.

TEST REPORT

- k)** Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- l)** Add $[10 \log (1 / D)]$, where D is the duty cycle measured in step a), to the measured PSD to compute the average PSD during the actual transmission time.
- m)** If measured value exceeds requirement specified by regulatory agency, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat (note that this might require zooming in on the emission of interest and reducing the span to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced).

1. Measure the Power Spectral Density of the test frequency with special test status.
2. Repeat until all the test status is investigated.
3. Report the worst case.

Used Test Equipment List

Spectrum Analyzer. Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

Test result:

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Measured PSD (dBm/3kHz)	10 log (1/D)	Average PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit	Result
1	2412	802.11b	-10.88	0.03	-10.85	8dBm/ 3 KHz	Pass
6	2437		-10.81	0.03	-10.78		Pass
11	2462		-11.25	0.03	-11.22		Pass
1	2412	802.11g	-16.17	0.19	-15.98		Pass
6	2437		-14.93	0.19	-14.74		Pass
11	2462		-15.46	0.19	-15.27		Pass
1	2412	802.11n (HT20)	-14.22	0.11	-14.11		Pass
6	2437		-14.25	0.11	-14.14		Pass
11	2462		-15.23	0.11	-15.12		Pass

Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Mode	Measured PSD (dBm/30kHz)	10 log (1/D)	Average PSD (dBm/30kHz)	Limit	Result
3	2422	802.11n (HT40)	-7.47	0.31	-7.16	8dBm/ 3 KHz	Pass
6	2437		-7.80	0.31	-7.49		Pass
9	2452		-8.87	0.31	-8.56		Pass

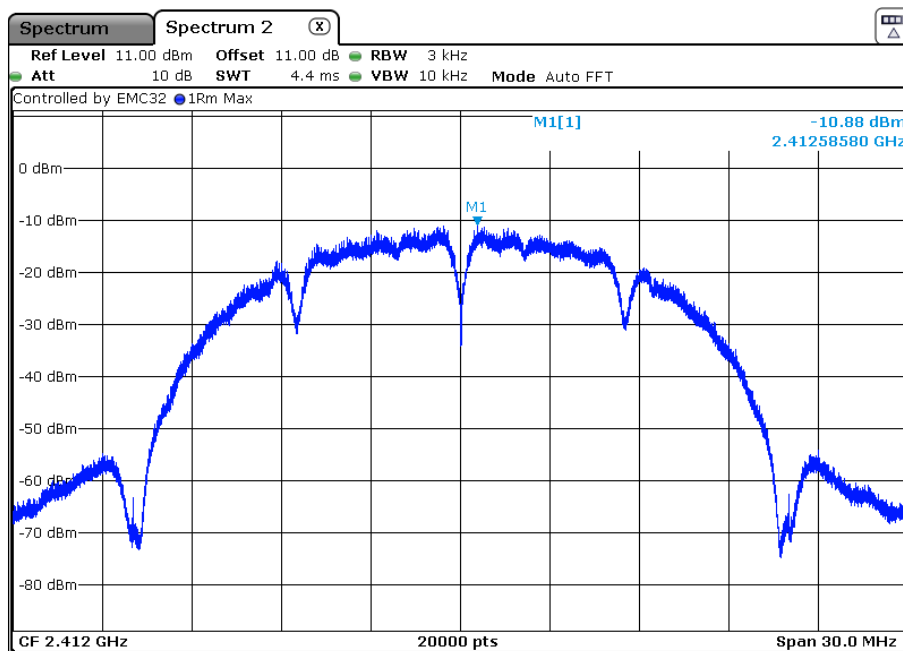
Note: Average PSD= Measured PSD+10 log (1/D)

TEST REPORT

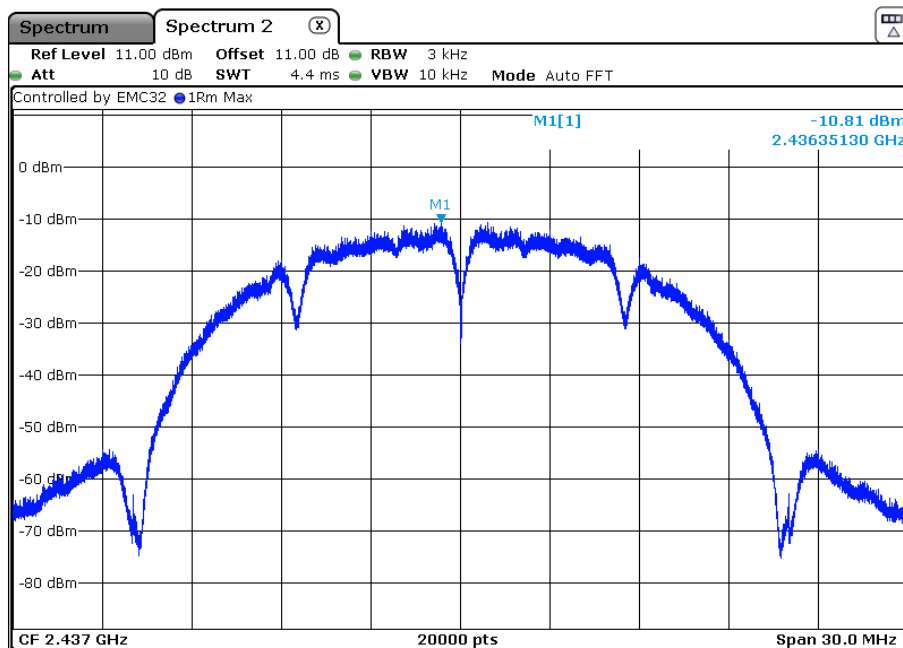
Result plot as follows:

802.11b mode with 1 Mbps data rate

Channel 1: 2.412GHz:

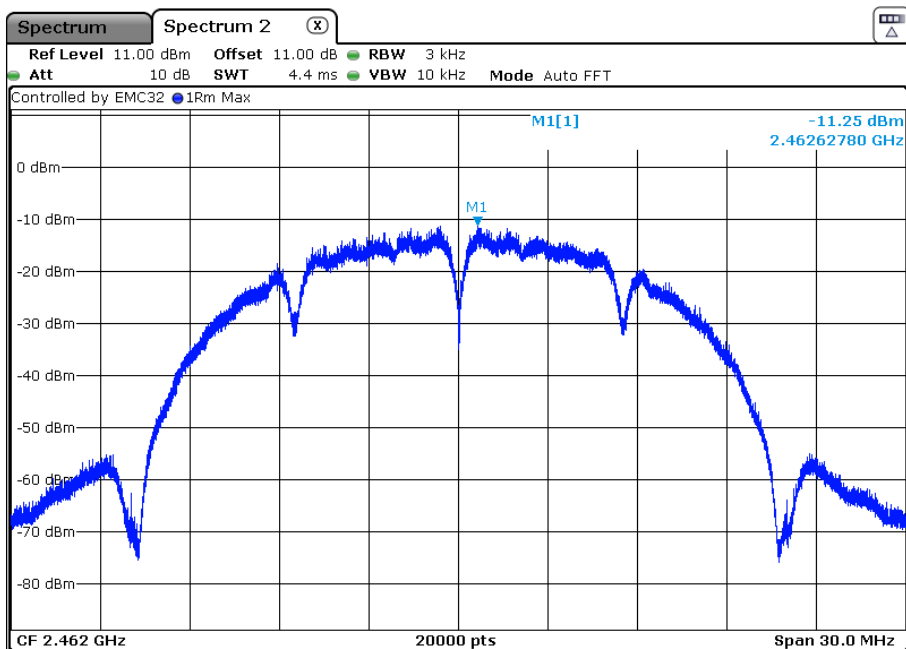


Channel 6: 2.437GHz:

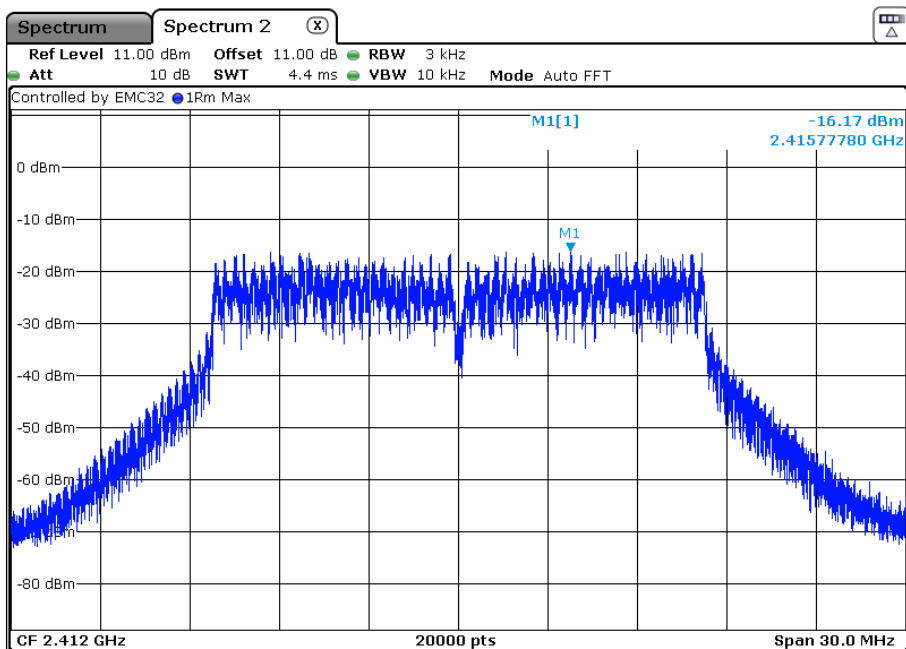


TEST REPORT

Channel 11: 2.462GHz:

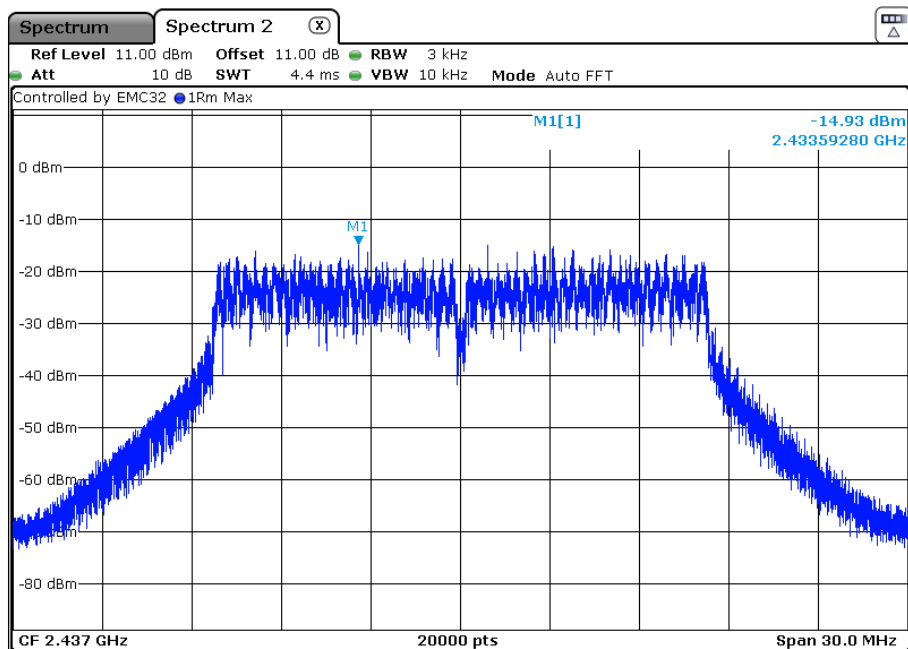


802.11g mode with 6 Mbps data rate
Channel 1: 2.412GHz:

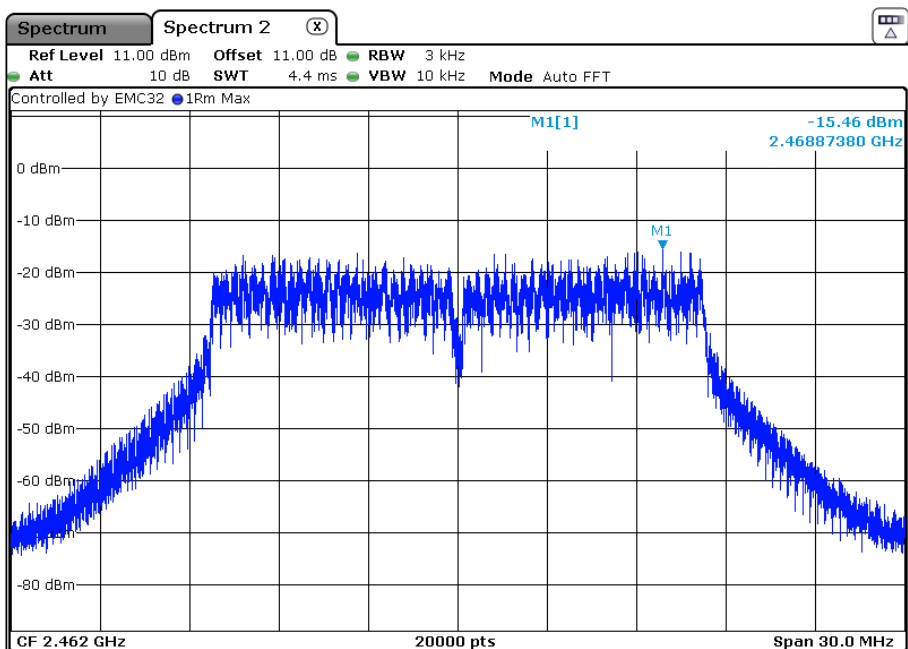


TEST REPORT

Channel 6: 2.437GHz:

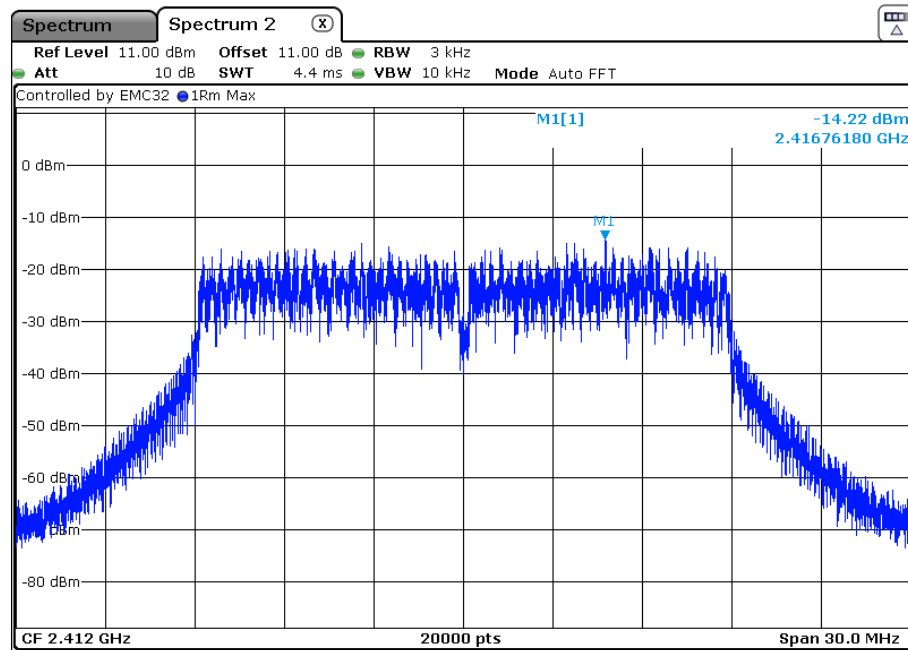


Channel 11: 2.462GHz:

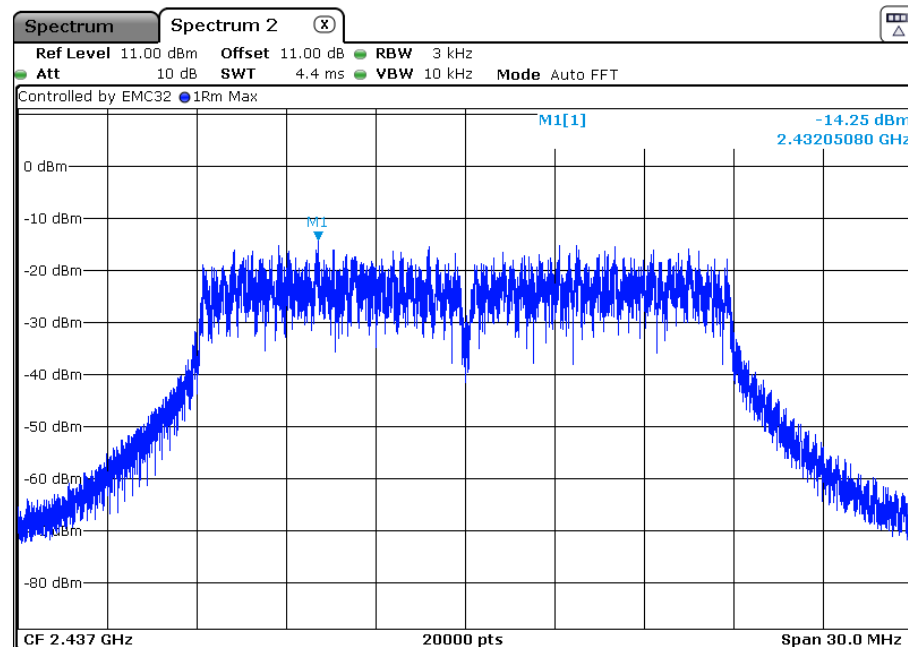


TEST REPORT

802.11n(HT20) mode with 6.5Mbps data rate
Channel 1: 2.412GHz:

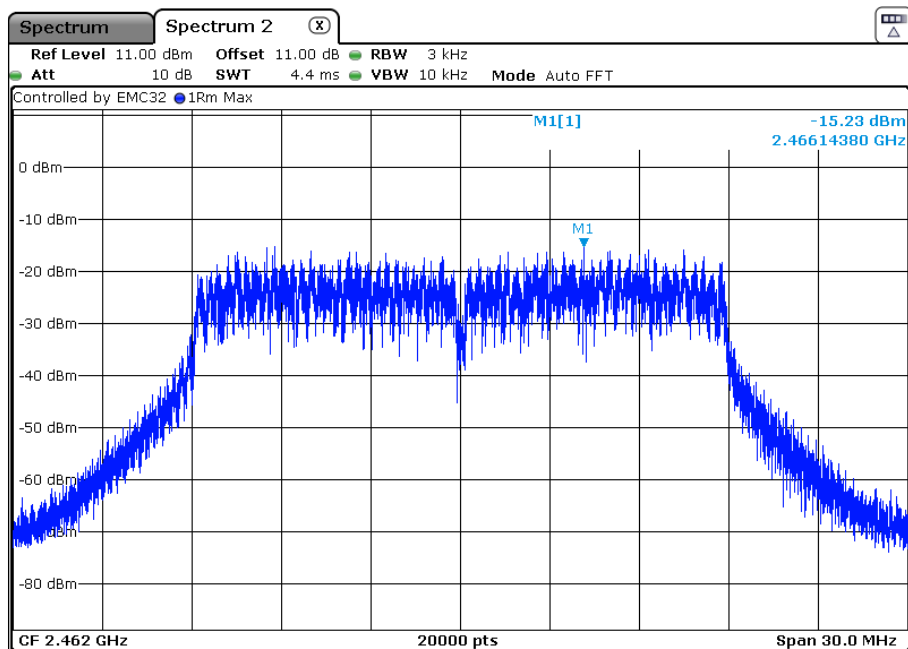


Channel 6: 2.437GHz:



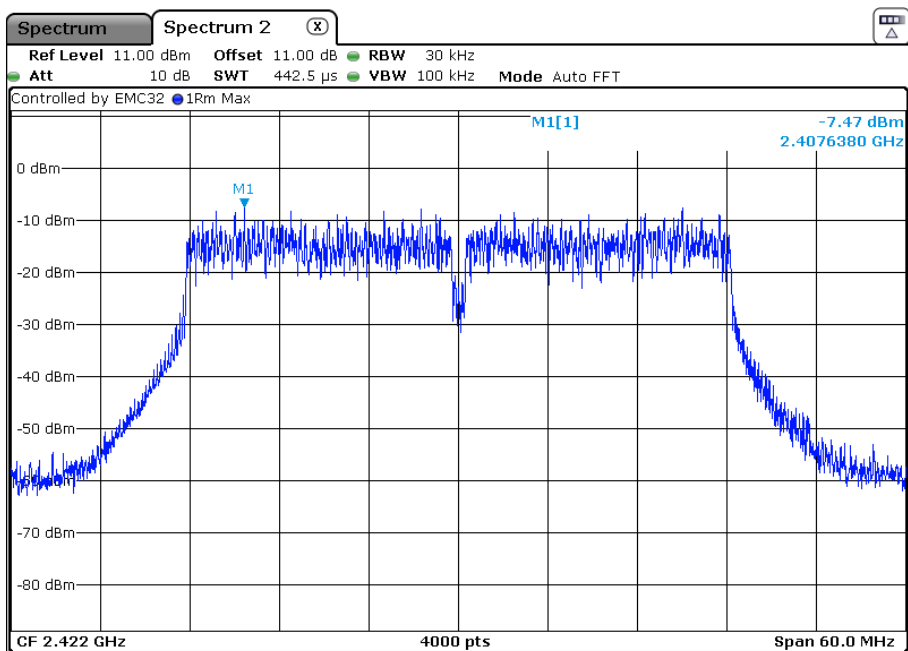
TEST REPORT

Channel 11: 2.462GHz:



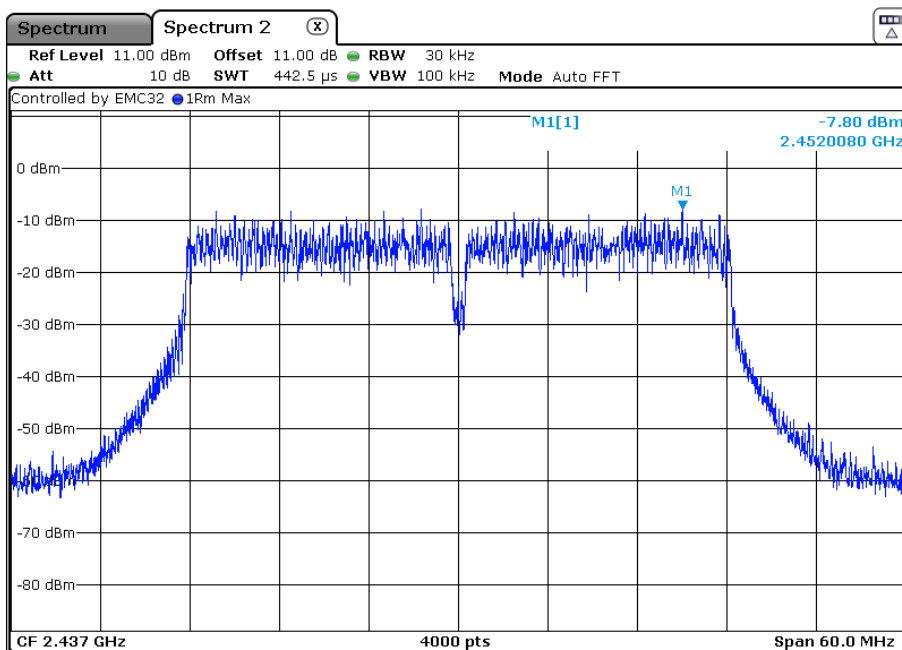
802.11n(HT40) mode with 13.5Mbps data rate

Channel 3: 2.422GHz:

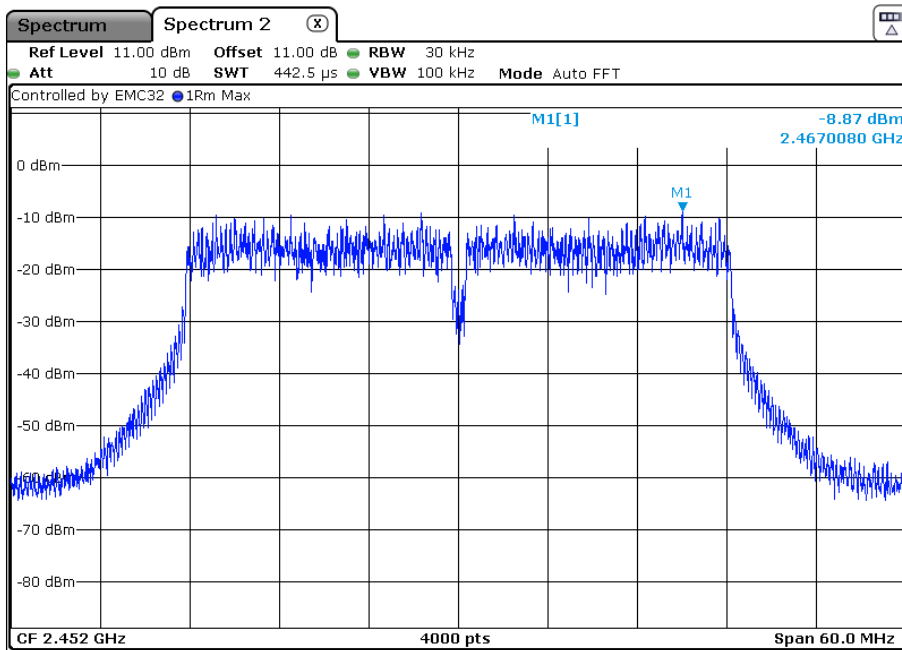


TEST REPORT

Channel 6: 2.437GHz:



Channel 9: 2.452GHz:



TEST REPORT

4.6 Out of Band Conducted Emissions

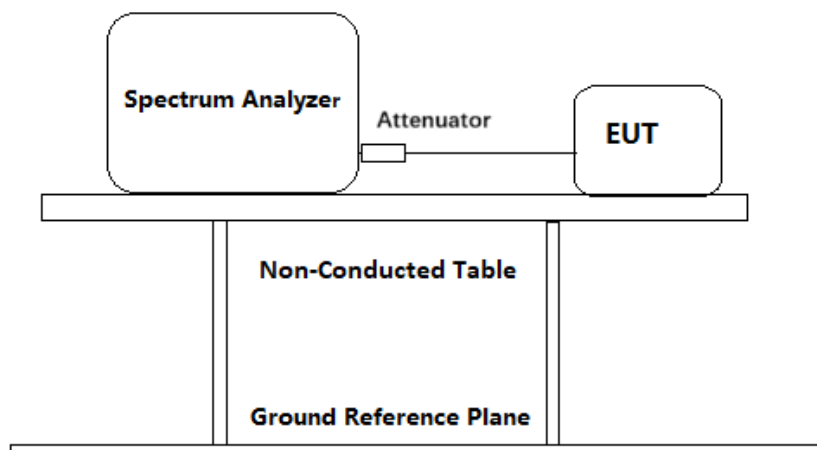
Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11

Test Status: Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable (cable loss =1 dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer or power meter.
2. Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:
 - a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
 - b) Set the span to $\geq 1.5 \times$ DTS bandwidth.
 - c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

TEST REPORT

- d) Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Note that the channel found to contain the maximum PSD level can be used to establish the reference level

- 3. Emission level measurement
 - a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
Note that the frequency range might need to be divided into multiple frequency ranges to retain frequency resolution.
 - b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
 - c) Set the VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
 - d) Detector = peak.
 - e) Sweep time = auto couple.
 - f) Trace mode = max hold.
 - g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
 - h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- 4. Measure the Conducted unwanted Emissions of the test frequency with special test status.
- 5. Repeat until all the test status is investigated.
- 6. Report the worst case.

Used Test Equipment List

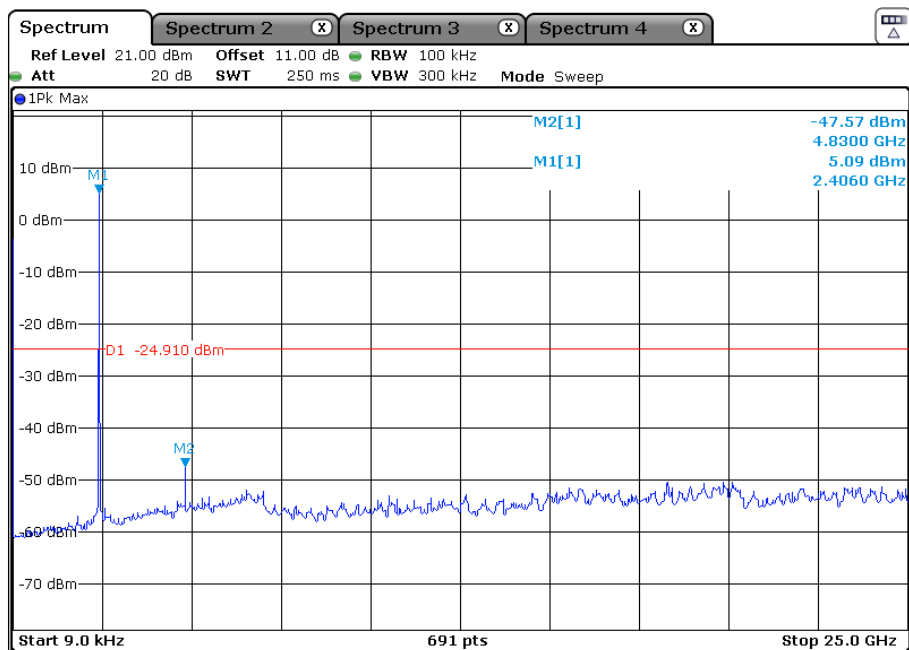
Spectrum Analyzer. Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

Result plot as follows:

802.11b mode with 1 Mbps data rate

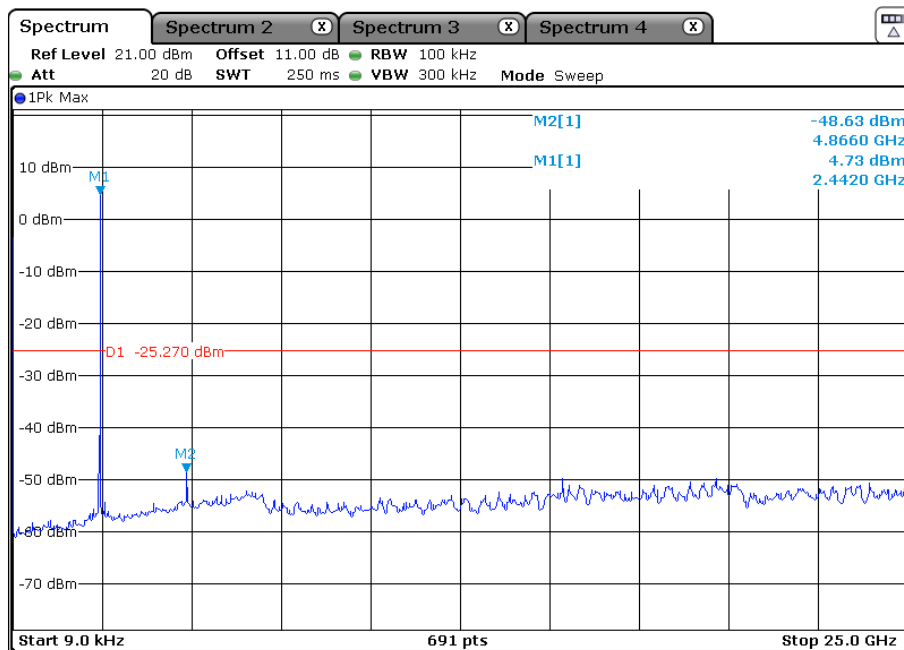
Channel 1: 2.412GHz:

TEST REPORT



In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

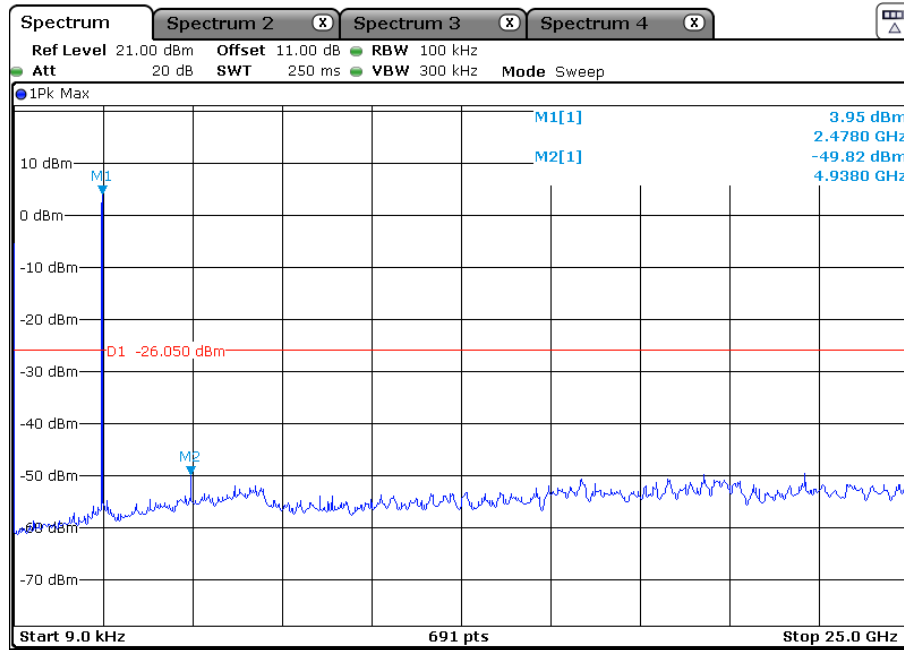
Channel 6: 2.437GHz:



In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

TEST REPORT

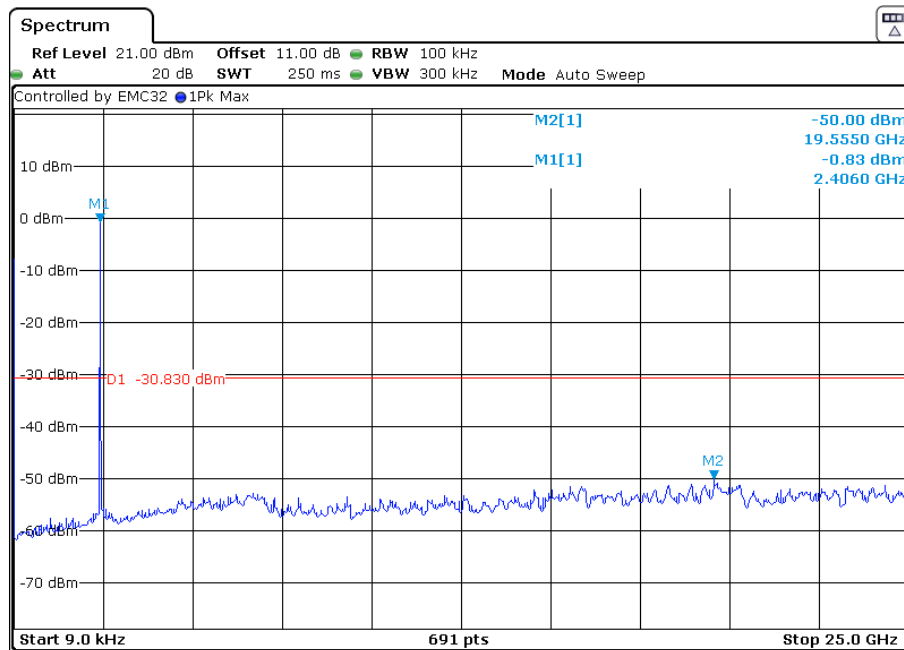
Channel 11:2.462 GHz:



In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

802.11g mode with 6 Mbps data rate

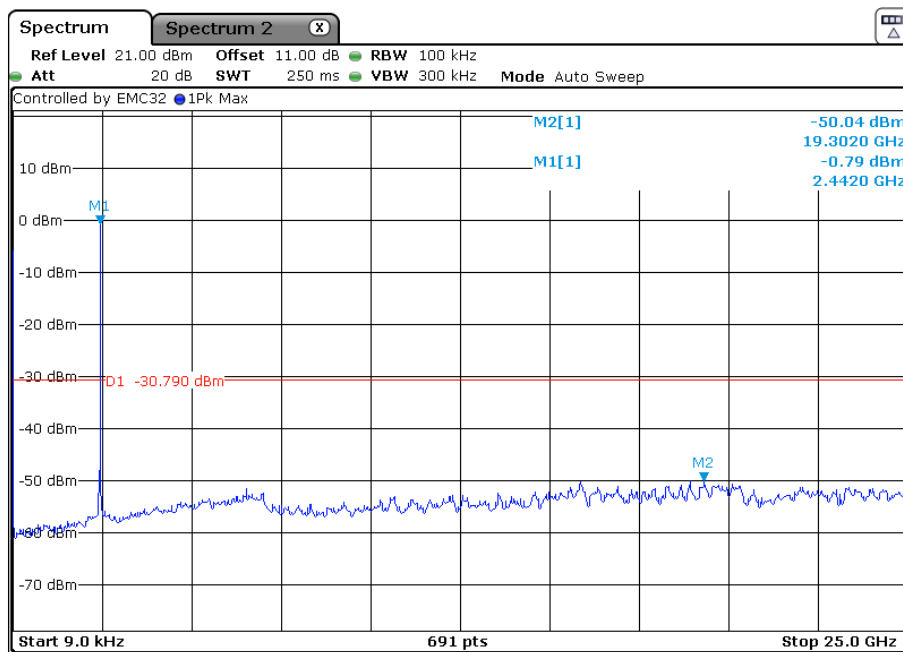
Channel 1: 2.412GHz:



TEST REPORT

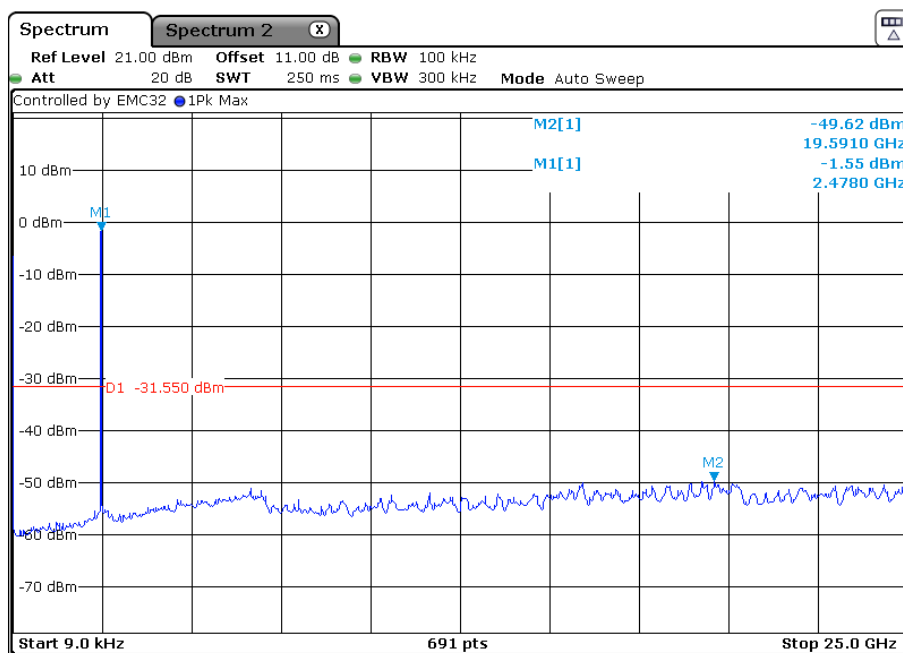
In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

Channel 6: 2.437GHz:



In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

Channel 11: 2.462 GHz:

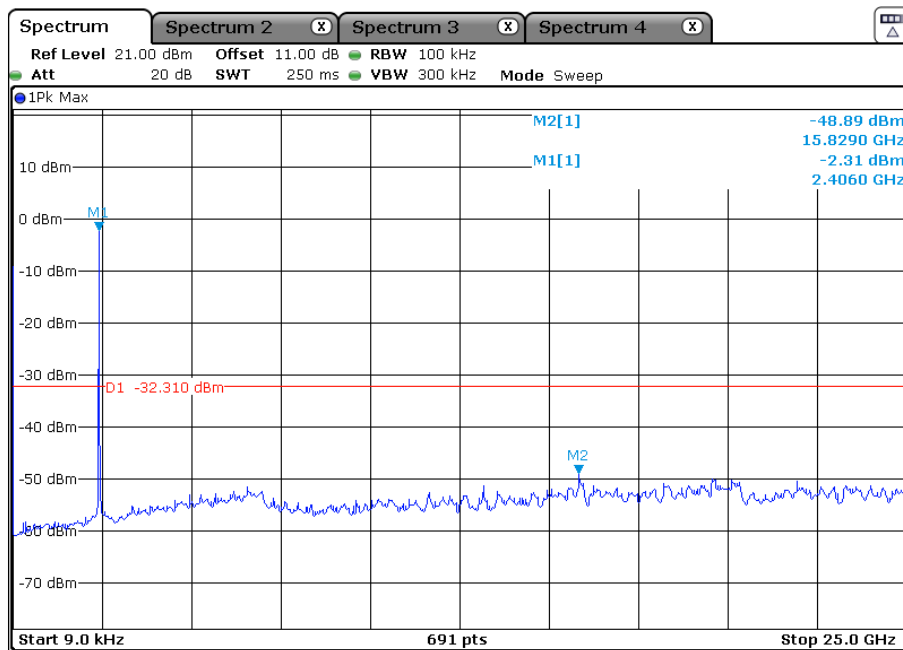


TEST REPORT

In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

802.11n(HT20) mode with 6.5 Mbps data rate

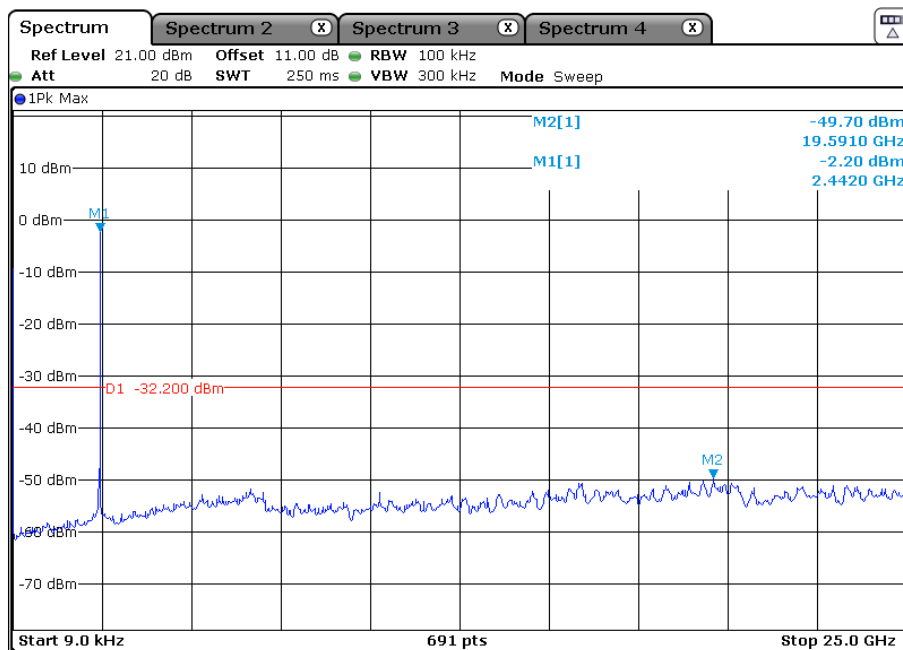
Channel 1: 2.412GHz:



In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

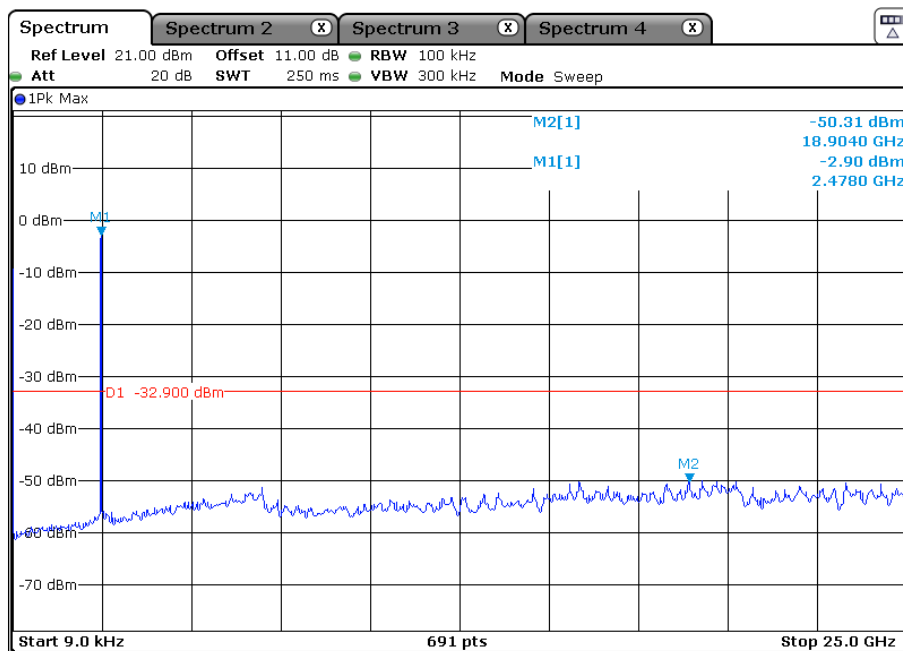
Channel 6: 2.437GHz:

TEST REPORT



In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

Channel 11:2.462 GHz:

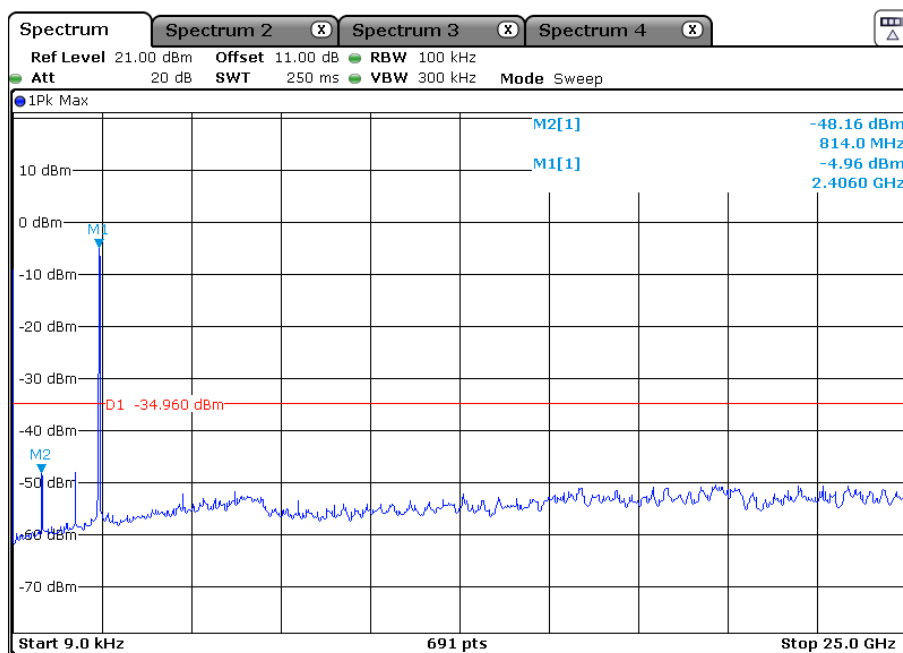


In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

TEST REPORT

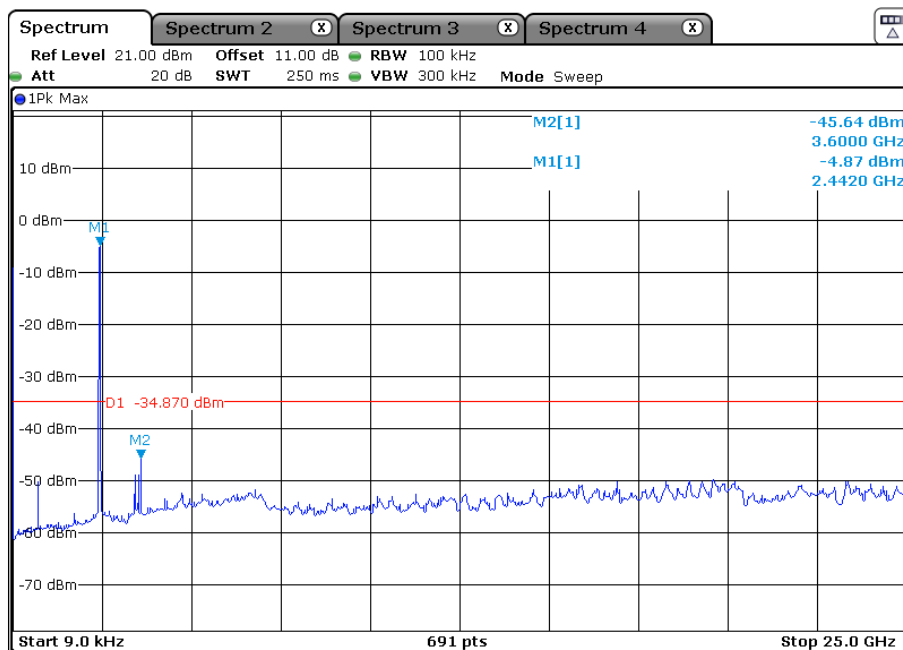
802.11n(HT40) mode with 13.5 Mbps data rate

Channel 3: 2.422GHz:



In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

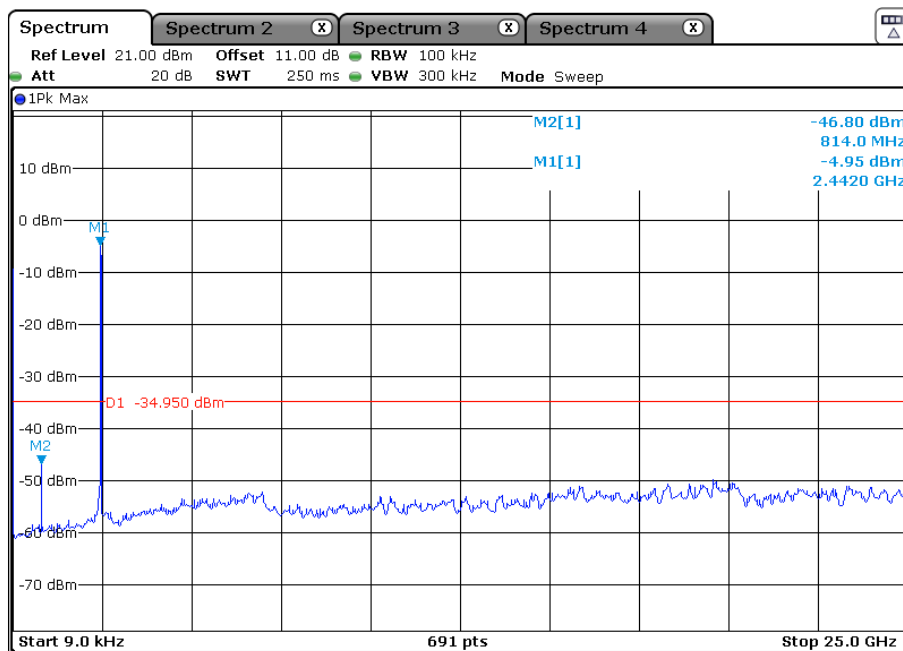
Channel 6: 2.437GHz:



In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

TEST REPORT

Channel 9: 2.452 GHz:



In any 100kHz bandwidth, the Conducted Spurious Emissions from 9 kHz to 25 GHz were greater than 30dB below the peak emission within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

4.7 Radiated Emissions

Test Requirement:

FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

section 15.247: (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).

Test Method:

ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11, 11.12, 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6

TEST REPORT

Test Status:	Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture). Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.
Test site:	Measurement Distance: 3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber)
Limit:	40.0 dB μ V/m between 30MHz & 88MHz; 43.5 dB μ V/m between 88MHz & 216MHz; 46.0 dB μ V/m between 216MHz & 960MHz; 54.0 dB μ V/m above 960MHz.
Detector:	For Peak and Quasi-Peak value: RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 200 Hz for 9 kHz to 150 kHz 9 kHz for 150 kHz to 30 MHz 120 kHz for 30 MHz to 1GHz VBW $\geq$ RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak for $f \geq 1$ GHz, QP for $f < 1$ GHz Trace = max hold For AV value: RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz VBW=10 Hz Sweep = auto Trace = max hold
Field Strength Calculation:	The field strength is calculated by adding the reading on the Spectrum Analyzer to the factors associated with preamplifiers (if any), antennas, cables, pulse desensitization and average factors (when specified limit is in average and measurements are made with peak detectors). A sample calculation is included below: $FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV$ $FS = RA + \text{Correct Factor} + AV$ $FS = \text{Field Strength in dB}\mu\text{V/m}$ $RA = \text{Receiver Amplitude (including preamplifier) in dB}\mu\text{V}$ $AF = \text{Antenna Factor in dB}$ $CF = \text{Cable Attenuation Factor in dB}$ $AG = \text{Amplifier Gain in dB}$ $PD = \text{Pulse Desensitization in dB}$ $AV = \text{Average Factor in -dB}$ $\text{Correct Factor} = AF + CF - AG + PD$
Where:	In the radiated emission table which follows, the reading shown on the data table may reflect the preamplifier gain. An example of the calculations, where the reading does not reflect the preamplifier gain, follows:

TEST REPORT

$$FS = RA + AF + CF - AG + PD + AV$$

Assume a receiver reading of 62.0 dBμV is obtained. The antenna factor of 7.4 dB/m and cable factor of 1.6 dB is added. The amplifier gain of 29 dB is subtracted. The pulse desensitization factor of the spectrum analyzer was 0 dB, and the resultant average factor was -10 dB. The net field strength for comparison to the appropriate emission limit is 32 dBμV/m.

$$RA = 62.0 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V}$$

$$AF = 7.4 \text{ dB/m}$$

$$CF = 1.6 \text{ dB}$$

$$AG = 29.0 \text{ dB}$$

$$PD = 0 \text{ dB}$$

$$AV = -10 \text{ dB}$$

$$\text{Correct Factor} = 7.4 + 1.6 - 29.0 + 0 = -20 \text{ dB}$$

$$FS = 62 + (-20) + (-10) = 32 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m}$$

Section 15.205 Restricted bands of operation.

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section. Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

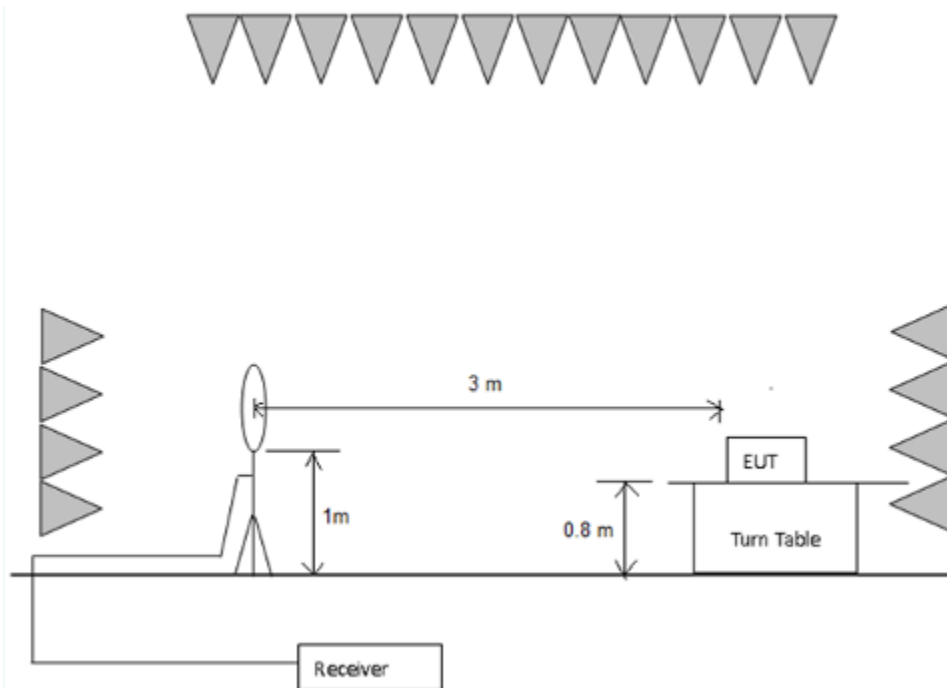
FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
10.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 -	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.52525	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	156.7 - 156.9	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	162.0125 - 167.17	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	167.72 - 173.2	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	240 - 285	3600 - 4400	
13.36 - 13.41	322 - 335.4		

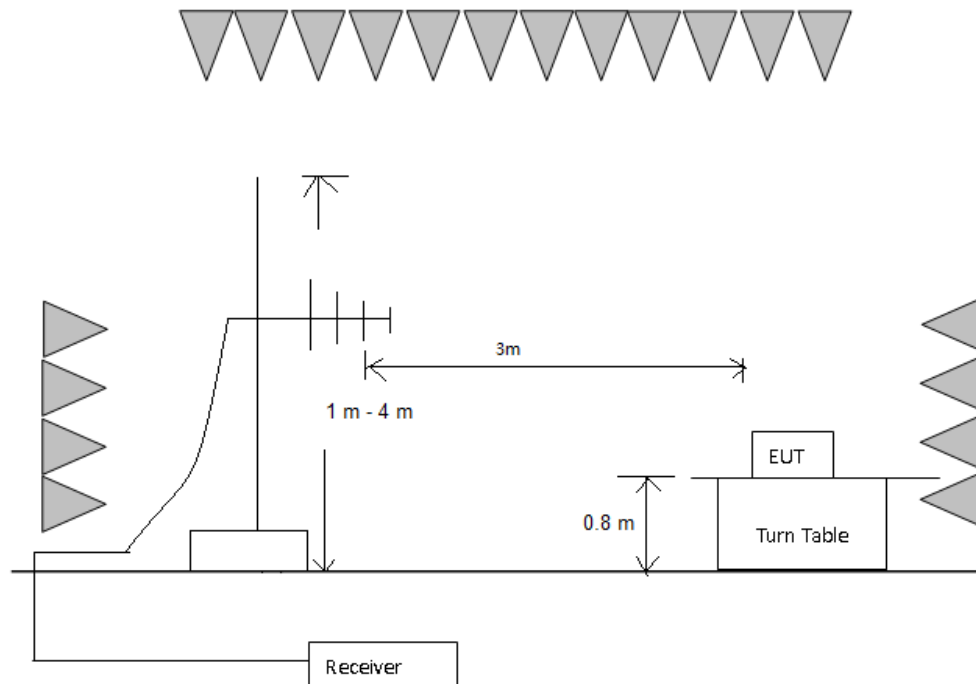
Test Configuration:

1) 9 kHz to 30 MHz emissions:

TEST REPORT

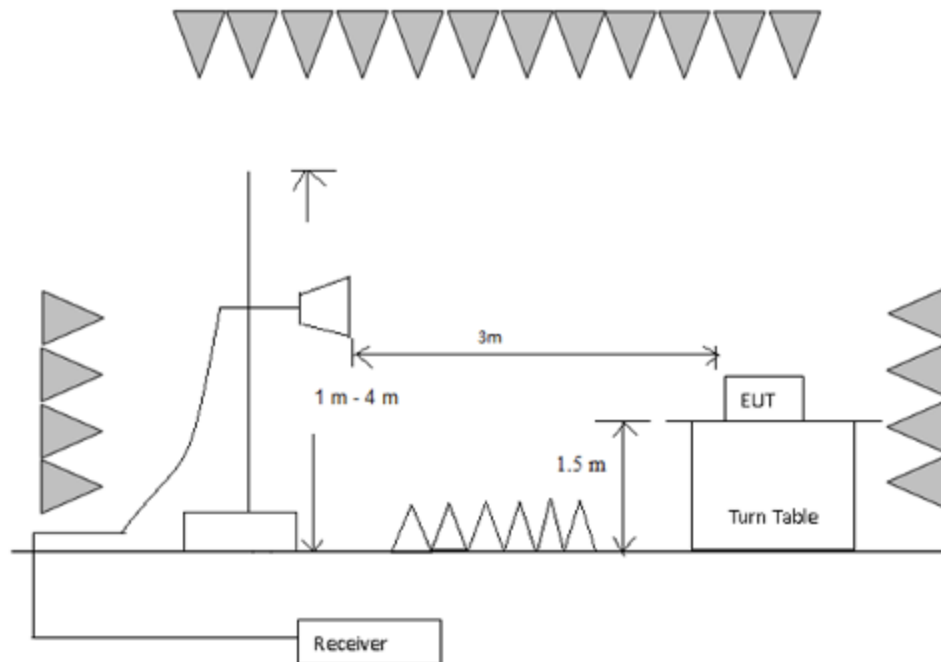


2) 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions:



3) 1 GHz to 40 GHz emissions:

TEST REPORT



Test Procedure:

1) 9 kHz to 30 MHz emissions:

For testing performed with the loop antenna. The lowest of the loop was positioned 1 m above the ground and positioned with its plane vertical at the special distance from the EUT. During testing the loop was rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth and also investigated with the loop positioned in the horizontal plane.

2) 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions:

For testing performed with the bi-log type antenna. The measurement was performed with the EUT rotated 360°, the antenna height scanned between 1m and 4m, and the antenna rotated to repeat the measurement for both the horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations.

3) 1 GHz to 25 GHz emissions:

Test site with RF absorbing material covering the ground plane that met the site validation criterion called out in CISPR 16-1-4:2010 was used to perform radiated emission test above 1 GHz.

For testing performed with the horn antenna. The measurement is performed with the EUT rotated 360°, the antenna height scanned between 1 m and 4 m, and the antenna rotated to repeat the measurement for both the horizontal and vertical antenna polarizations.

4) The receiver was scanned from 9 kHz to 25 GHz. When an emission was found, the table was rotated to produce the maximum signal strength. An initial pre-scan was performed for in peak detection mode using the receiver. The EUT was measured for both the Horizontal and Vertical polarities and performed a pre-test three orthogonal planes. For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. The worst case emissions were reported.

Used Test Equipment List:

TEST REPORT

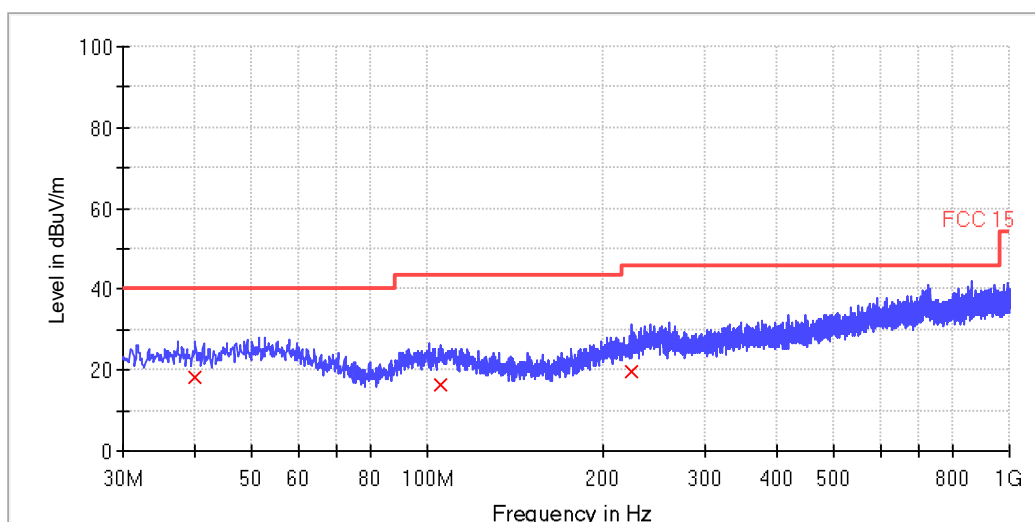
3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber, EMI Test Receiver (9 kHz~7 GHz), Signal and Spectrum Analyzer (10 Hz~40 GHz), Loop antenna (9 kHz-30 MHz). TRILOG Super Broadband test Antenna(30 MHz-3 GHz) (RX), Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna (800 MHz-18 GHz)(RX) and High Frequency Antenna & preamplifier(18 GHz~26.5 GHz) (RX). Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

9 kHz~30 MHz Field Strength of Unwanted Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement
The measurements with active loop antenna were greater than 20dB below the limit, so the test data were not recorded in the test report.

30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement

Pre-scan all modes, worst case as below

802.11b mode with 1Mbps data rate Test at Channel 1 (2.412 GHz) in transmitting status
Horizontal



QP

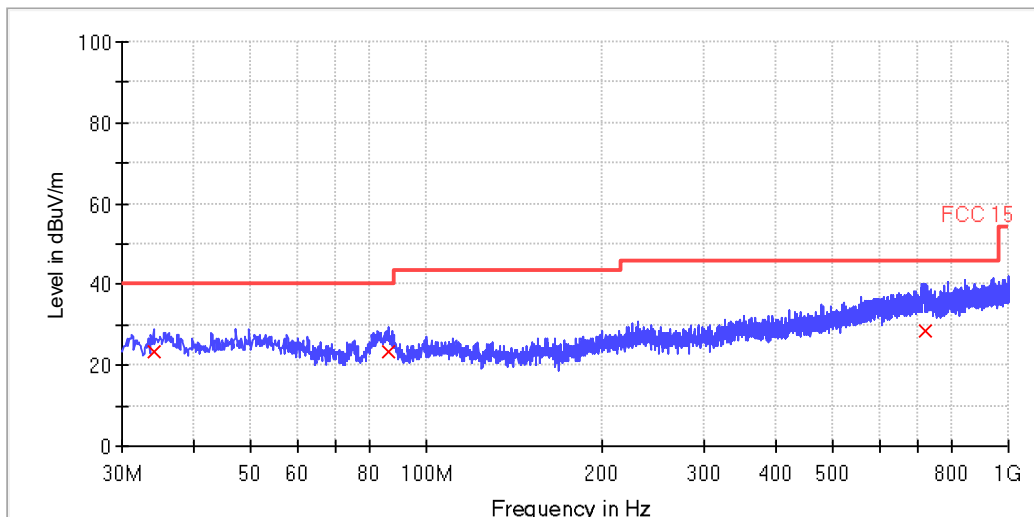
Frequency (MHz)	Quasi Peak (dBuV/m)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Pol	Corr. (dB)	Margin - QPK (dB)	Limit - QPK (dBuV/m)
39.880000	18.1	120.000	H	20.2	21.9	40.0
105.080000	16.2	120.000	H	19.0	27.3	43.5
224.400000	19.6	120.000	H	20.0	26.4	46.0

Remark:

1. Corr. (dB) = Antenna Factor (dB) + Cable Loss (dB)
2. Quasi Peak (dBμV/m) = Corr. (dB) + Read Level (dBμV)
3. Margin (dB) = Limit QPK (dBμV/m) – Quasi Peak (dBμV/m)

TEST REPORT

Vertical:



QP

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi Peak (dBuV/m)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Pol	Corr. (dB)	Margin - QPK (dB)	Limit - QPK (dBuV/m)
33.960000	23.5	120.000	V	18.8	16.5	40.0
86.160000	23.5	120.000	V	16.0	16.6	40.0
717.520000	28.6	120.000	V	29.0	17.4	46.0

Remark:

1. Corr. (dB) = Antenna Factor (dB) + Cable Loss (dB)
2. Quasi Peak (dBμV/m) = Corr. (dB) + Read Level (dBμV)
3. Margin (dB) = Limit QPK (dBμV/m) – Quasi Peak (dBμV/m)

1~25 GHz Radiated Emissions.

We tested modes 802.11b/g/n, and the worst mode was 802.11b and 802.11g, with the data recorded as follows.

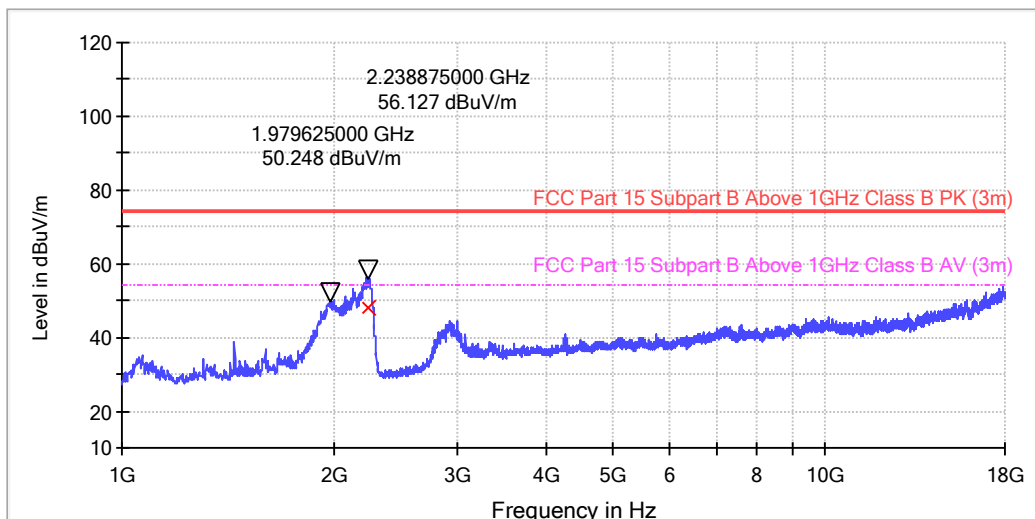
802.11b mode with 1Mbps data rate as below

1-18GHz

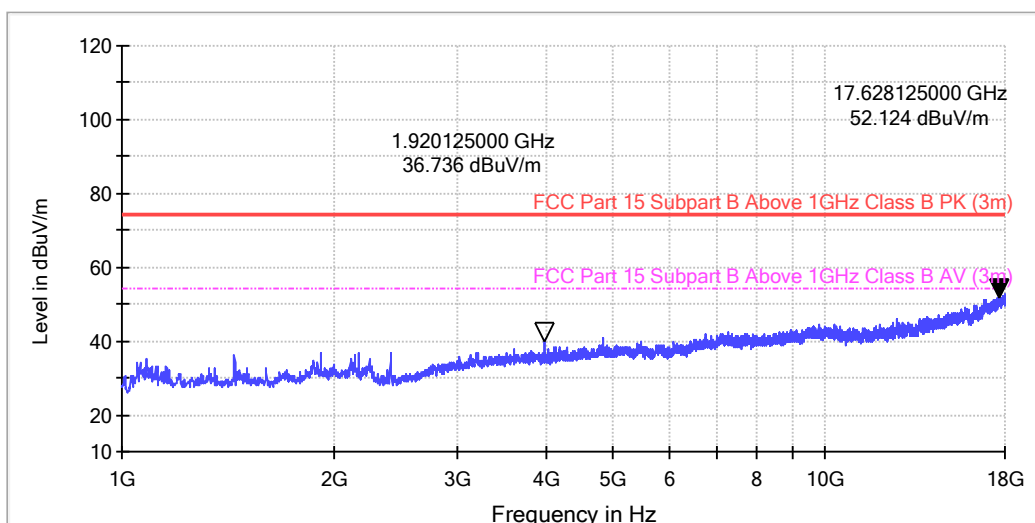
Test at Channel 1 (2.412 GHz) in transmitting status

Horizontal:

TEST REPORT



Vertical:



PK Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
1979.6	59.4	-9.2	50.2	74	H
2238.8	64.3	-8.2	56.1	74	H
1920.1	46.2	-9.5	36.7	74	V
17628.1	32.6	19.5	52.1	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be record.

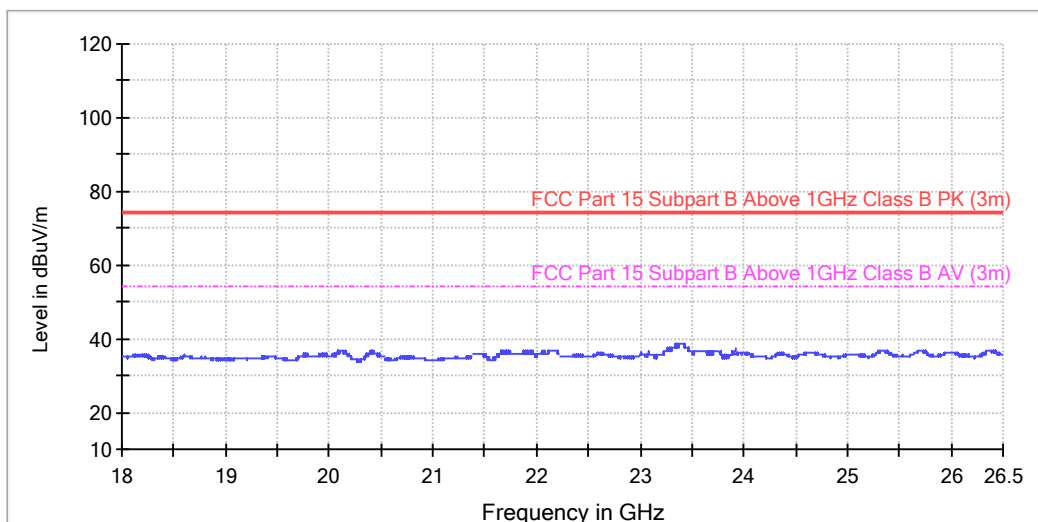
TEST REPORT

AV Measurement:

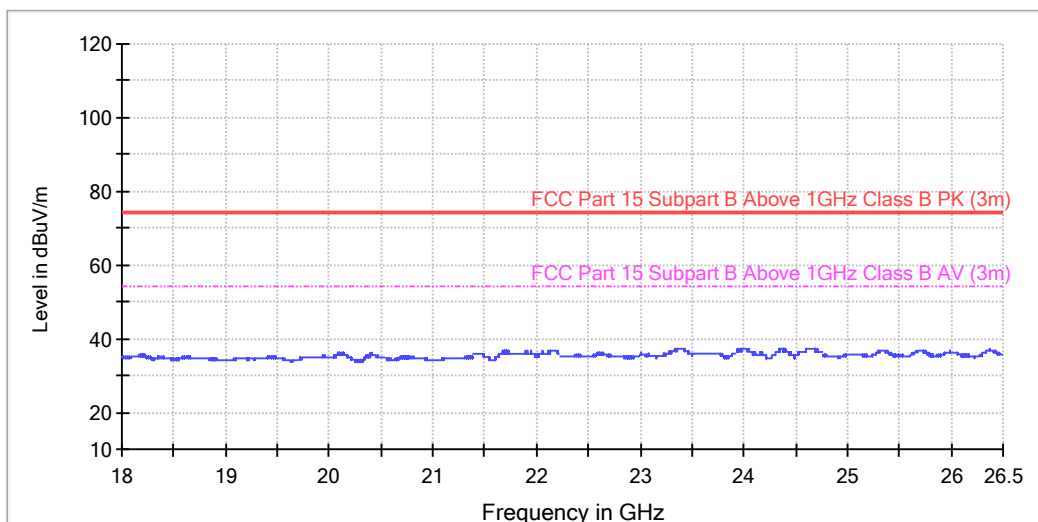
Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
1979.6	/	-9.2	/	54	H
2238.8	/	-8.2	48.1	54	H
1920.1	/	-9.5	/	54	V
17628.1	/	19.5	/	54	V

18-26.5GHz

Horizontal



Vertical

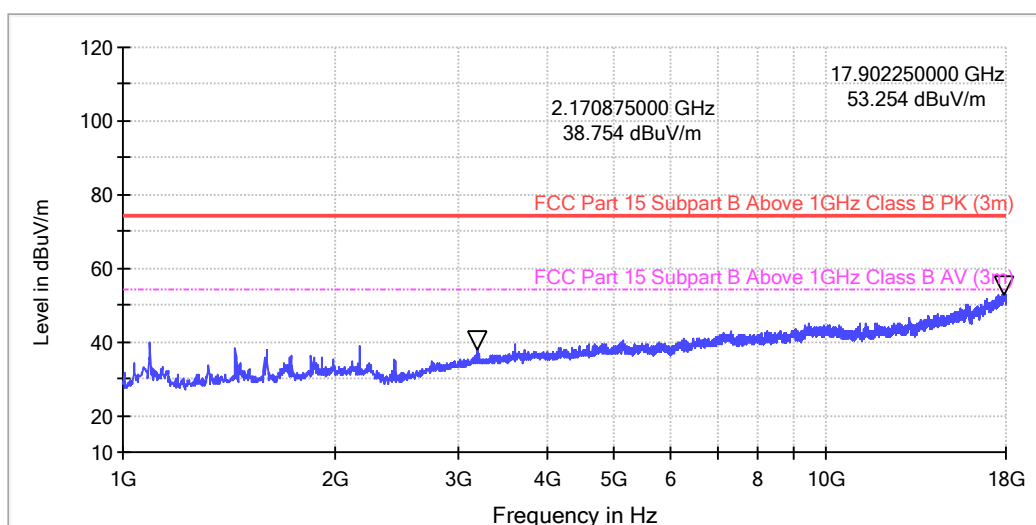


TEST REPORT

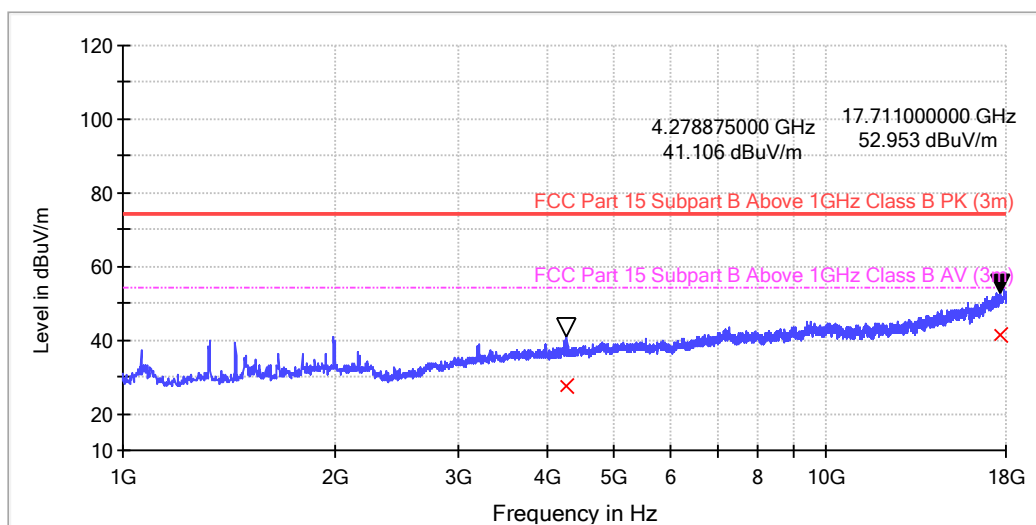
The ambient noise floor 18-26.5 GHz was measured in peak detector mode with RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 10 Hz. The measured noise floor maintains a margin of at least 6 dB below the applicable average limit.

Test at Channel 6 (2.437 GHz) in transmitting status
1-18GHz

Horizontal:



Vertical:



TEST REPORT

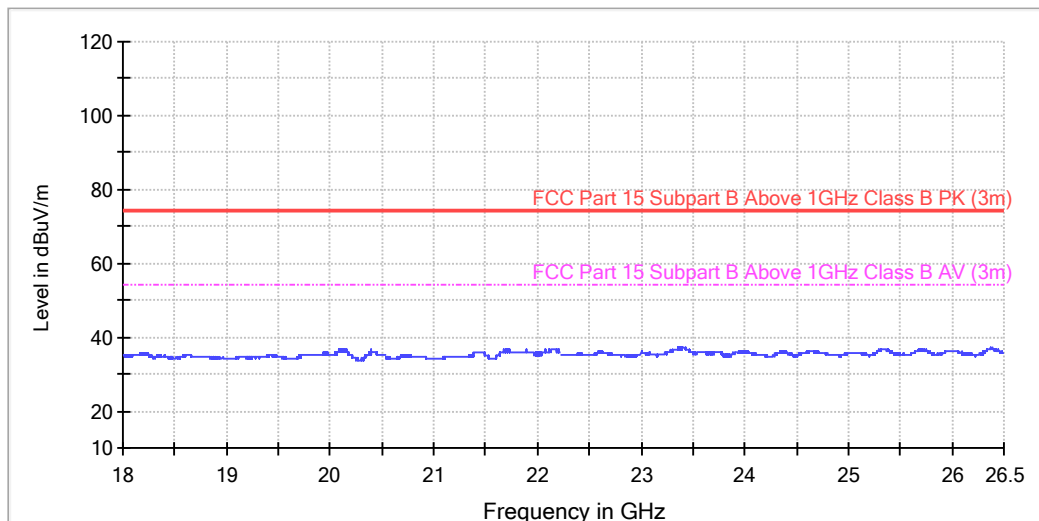
PK Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2170.9	47.3	-8.5	38.8	74	H
17902.3	33.2	20.1	53.3	74	H
4278.9	42.7	-1.6	41.1	74	V
17711.0	33.3	19.7	53.0	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be record.

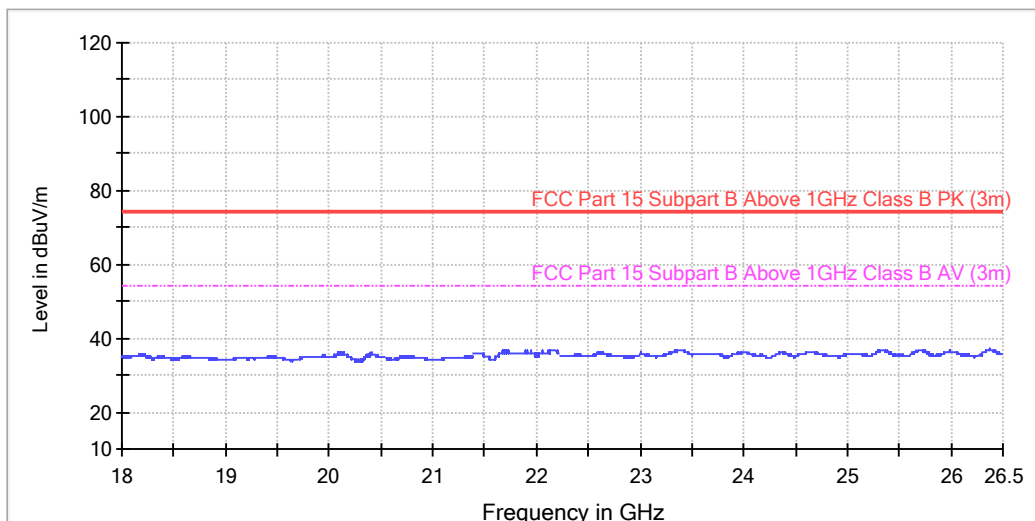
18-26.5GHz

Horizontal



Vertical

TEST REPORT

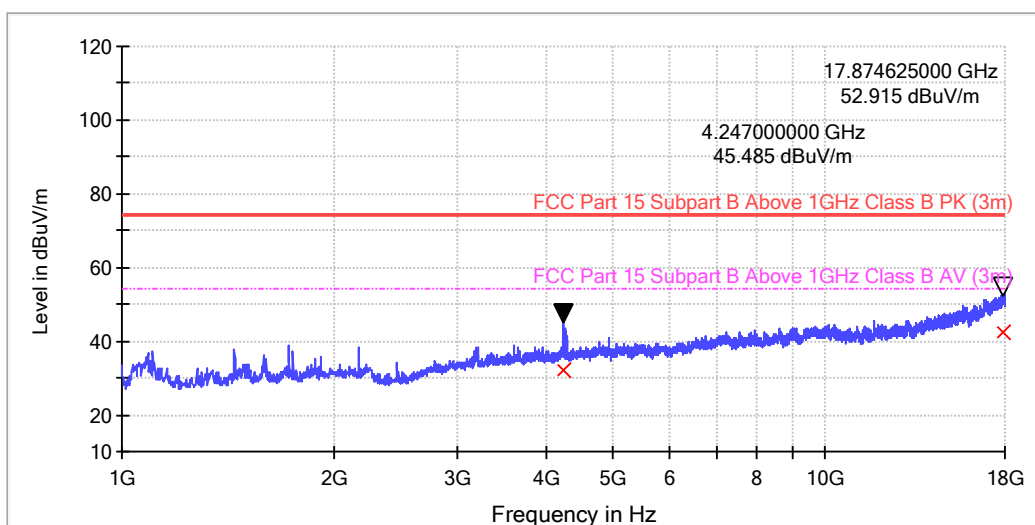


The ambient noise floor 18-26.5 GHz was measured in peak detector mode with RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 10 Hz. The measured noise floor maintains a margin of at least 6 dB below the applicable average limit.

Test at Channel 11 (2.462 GHz) in transmitting status

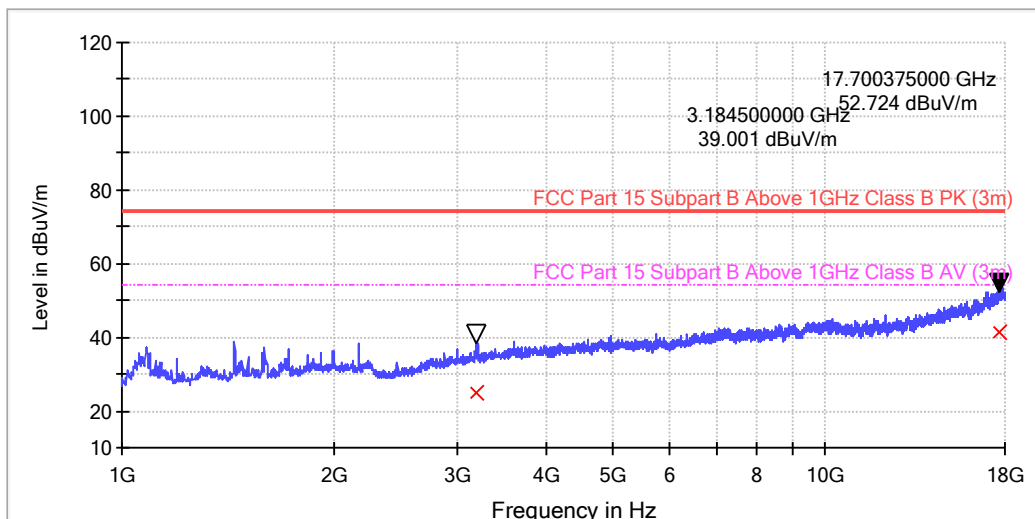
1-18GHz

Horizontal:



TEST REPORT

Vertical:



PK Measurement:

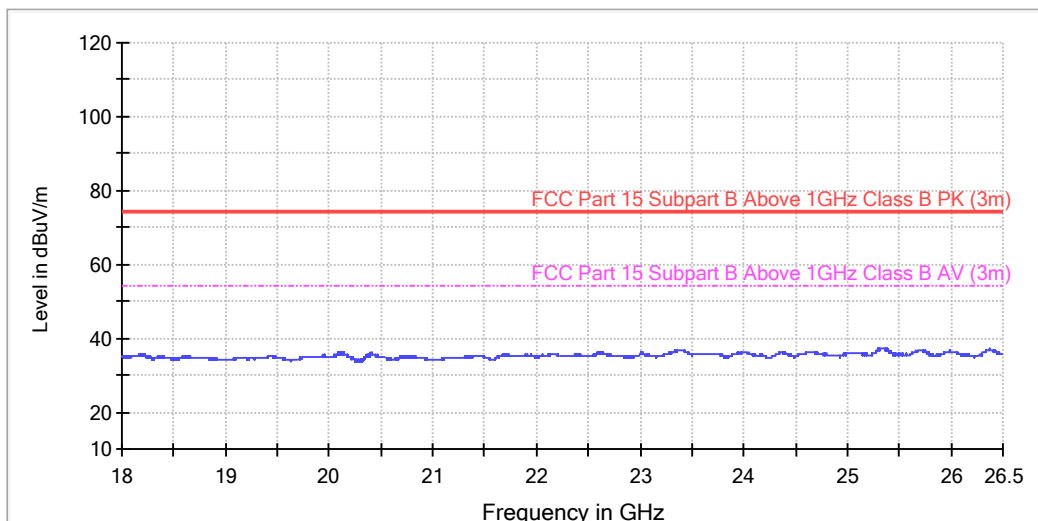
Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
4247.0	47.1	-1.6	45.5	74	H
17874.6	32.9	20.0	52.9	74	H
3184.5	43.7	-4.7	39.0	74	V
17700.4	33.0	19.7	52.7	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be record.

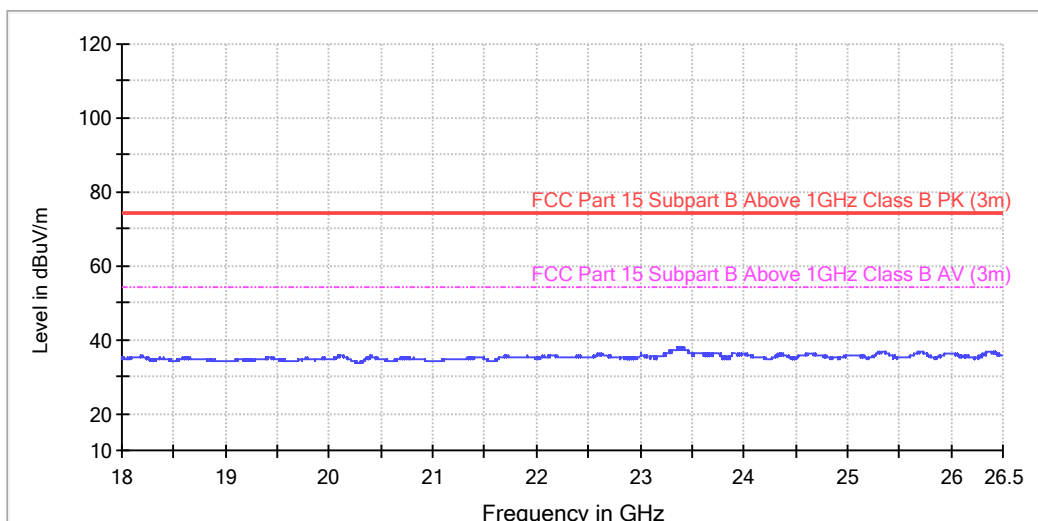
18-26.5GHz

Horizontal

TEST REPORT



Vertical



The ambient noise floor 18-26.5 GHz was measured in peak detector mode with RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 10 Hz. The measured noise floor maintains a margin of at least 6 dB below the applicable average limit.

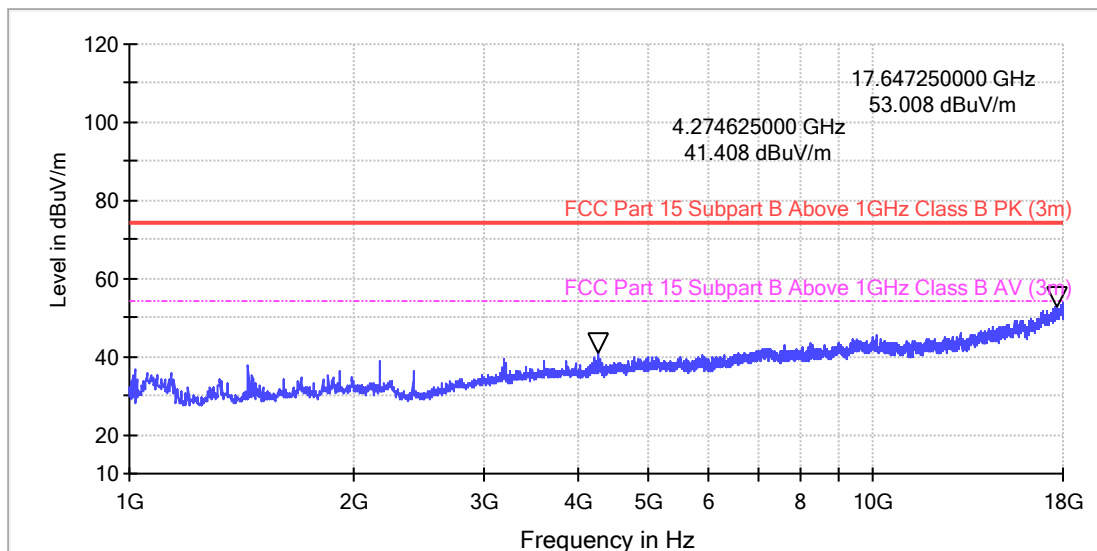
TEST REPORT

802.11g mode with 6Mbps data rate as below

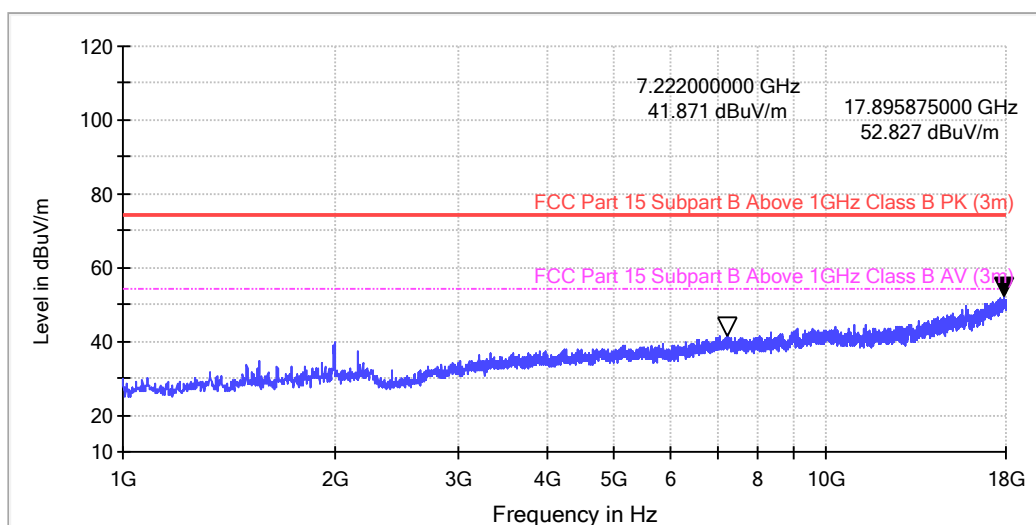
Test at Channel 1 (2.412 GHz) in transmitting status

1-18GHz

Horizontal:



Vertical:



TEST REPORT

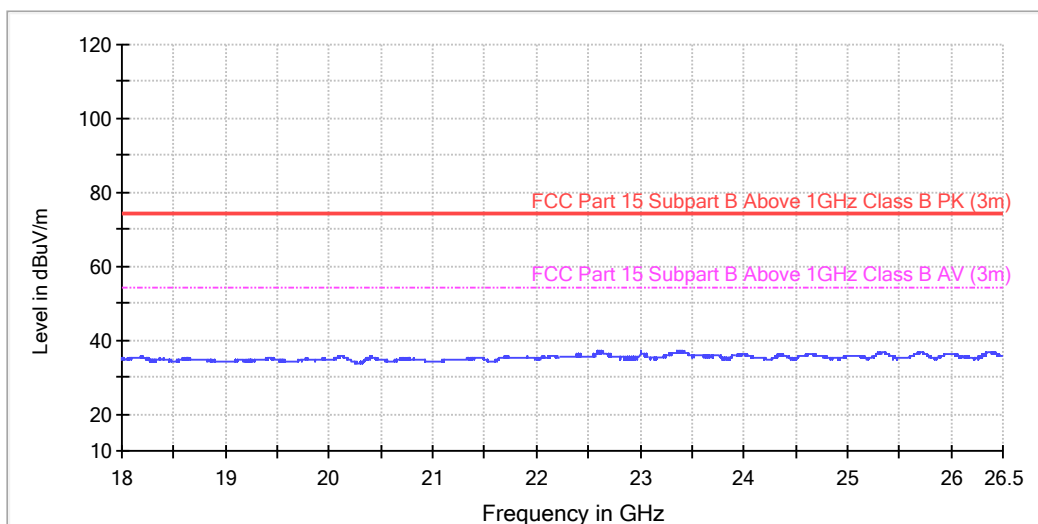
PK Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
4274.6	43.0	-1.6	41.4	74	H
17647.3	33.4	19.6	53.0	74	H
7222.0	38.2	3.7	41.9	74	V
17895.9	32.7	20.1	52.8	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be record.

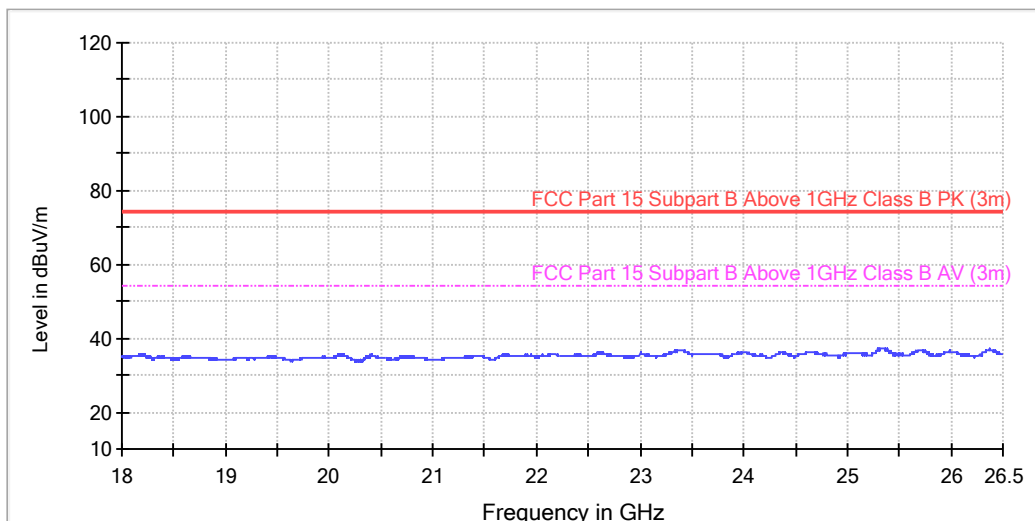
18-26.5GHz

Horizontal



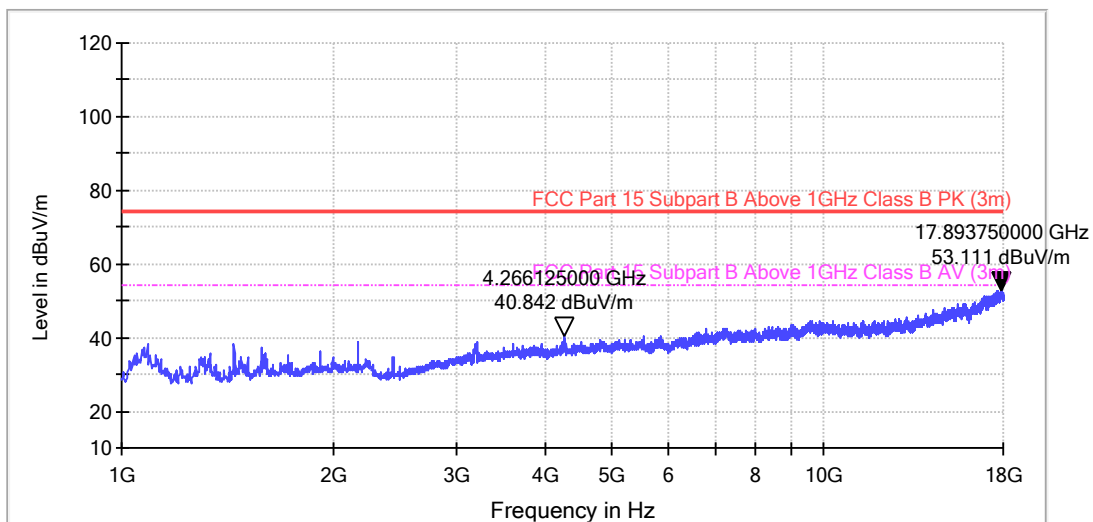
Vertical

TEST REPORT



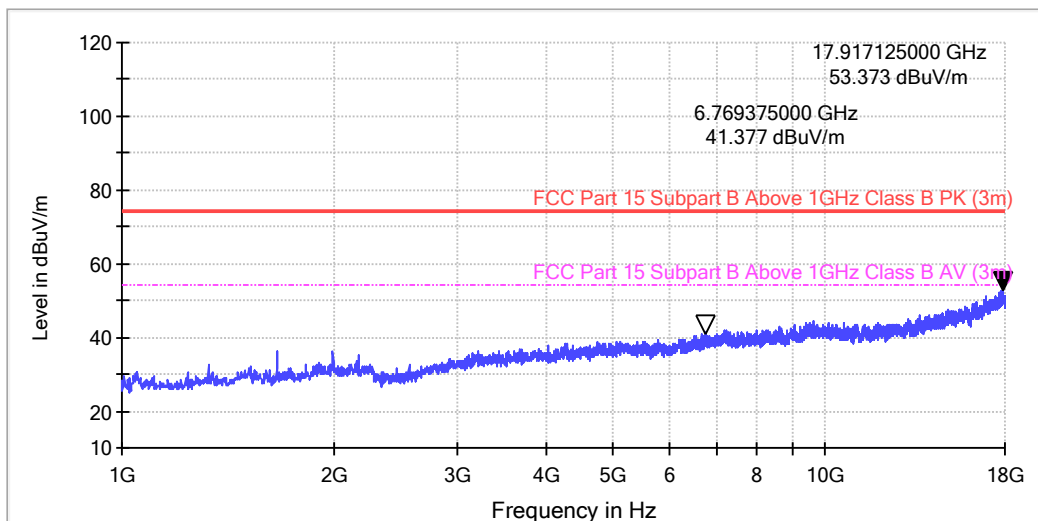
The ambient noise floor 18-26.5 GHz was measured in peak detector mode with RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 10 Hz. The measured noise floor maintains a margin of at least 6 dB below the applicable average limit.

Test at Channel 6 (2.437 GHz) in transmitting status
Horizontal:



Vertical:

TEST REPORT



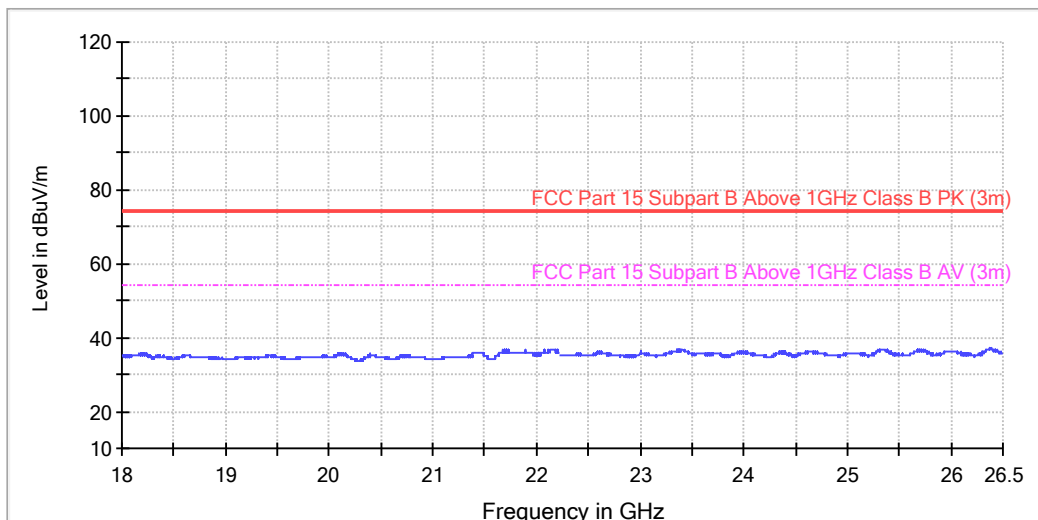
PK Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
4266.1	42.4	-1.6	40.8	74	H
17893.8	33.0	20.1	53.1	74	H
6769.4	38.4	3.0	41.4	74	V
17917.1	33.3	20.1	53.4	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be record.

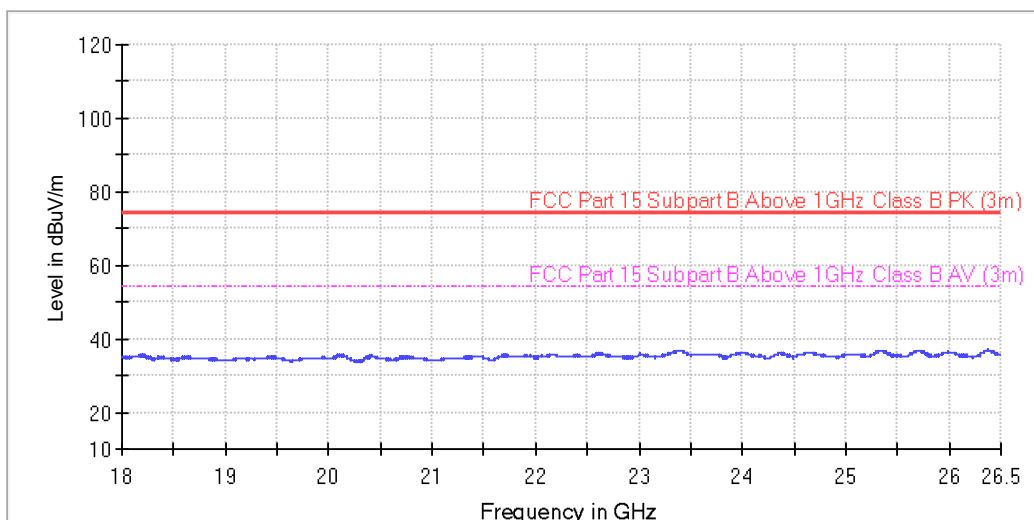
18-26.5GHz

Horizontal



TEST REPORT

Vertical

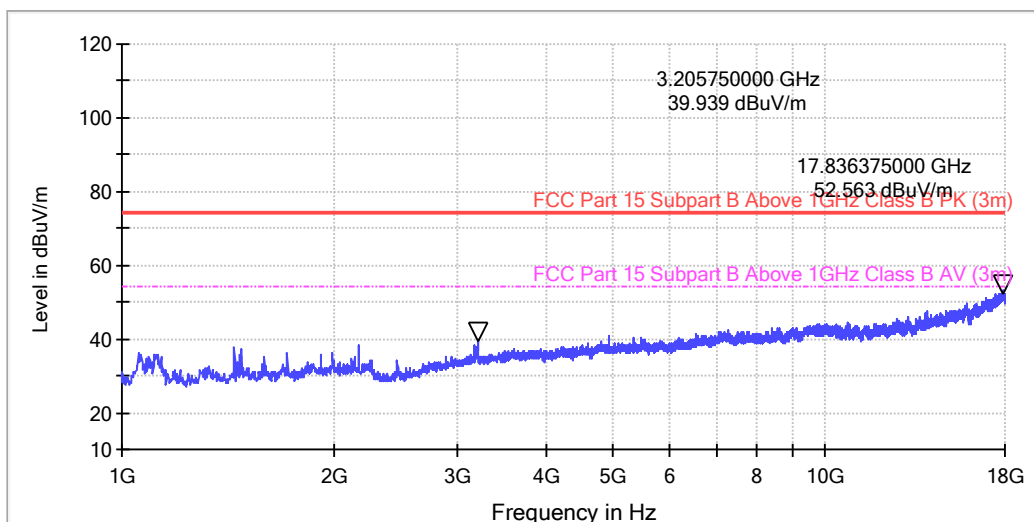


The ambient noise floor 18-26.5 GHz was measured in peak detector mode with RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 10 Hz. The measured noise floor maintains a margin of at least 6 dB below the applicable average limit.

Test at Channel 11 (2.462 GHz) in transmitting status

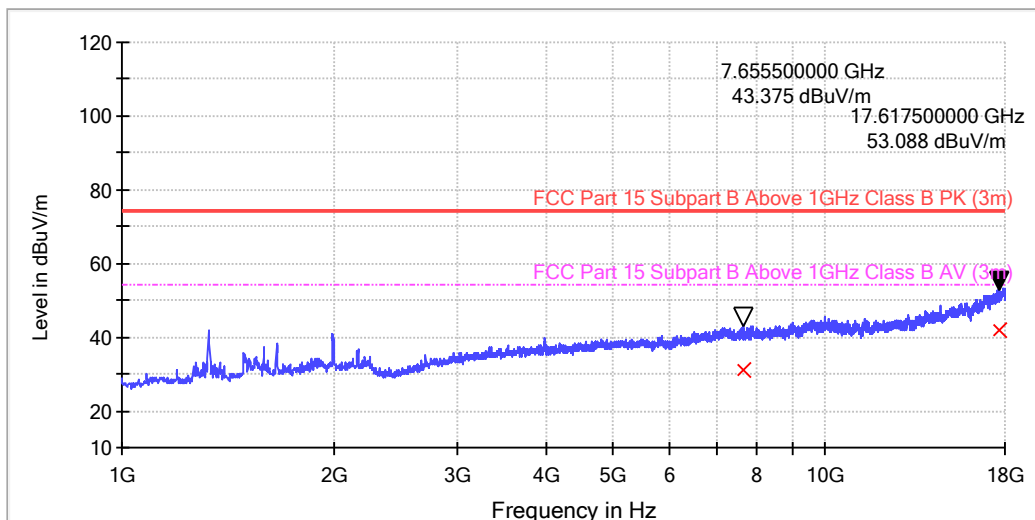
1-18GHz

Horizontal:



TEST REPORT

Vertical:



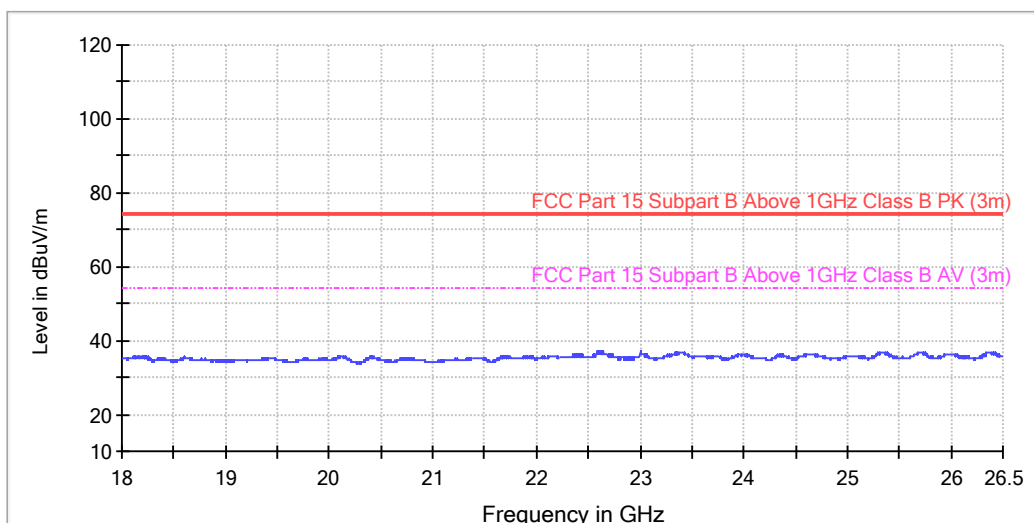
PK Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor (dB)	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
3205.8	44.5	-4.6	39.9	74	H
17836.4	32.6	20.0	52.6	74	H
7655.5	39.1	4.3	43.4	74	V
17617.5	33.6	19.5	53.1	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be record.

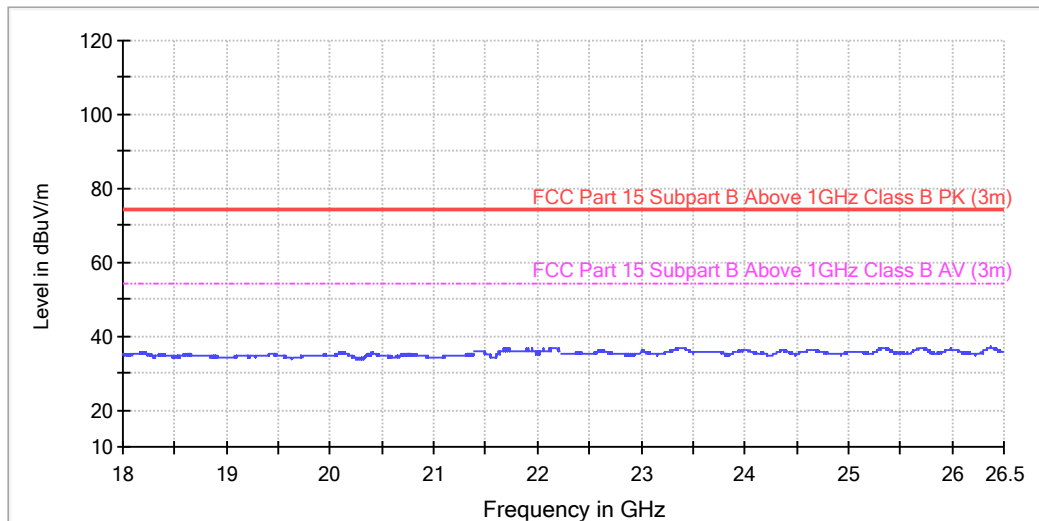
18-26.5GHz

Horizontal



TEST REPORT

Vertical



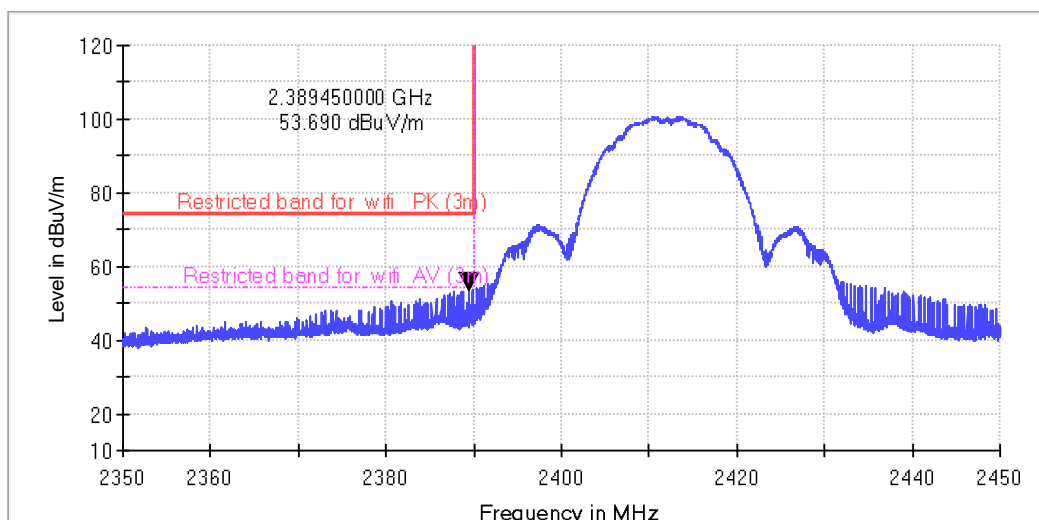
The ambient noise floor 18-26.5 GHz was measured in peak detector mode with RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 10 Hz. The measured noise floor maintains a margin of at least 6 dB below the applicable average limit.

Band Edges Emission

802.11b mode with 1Mbps data rate

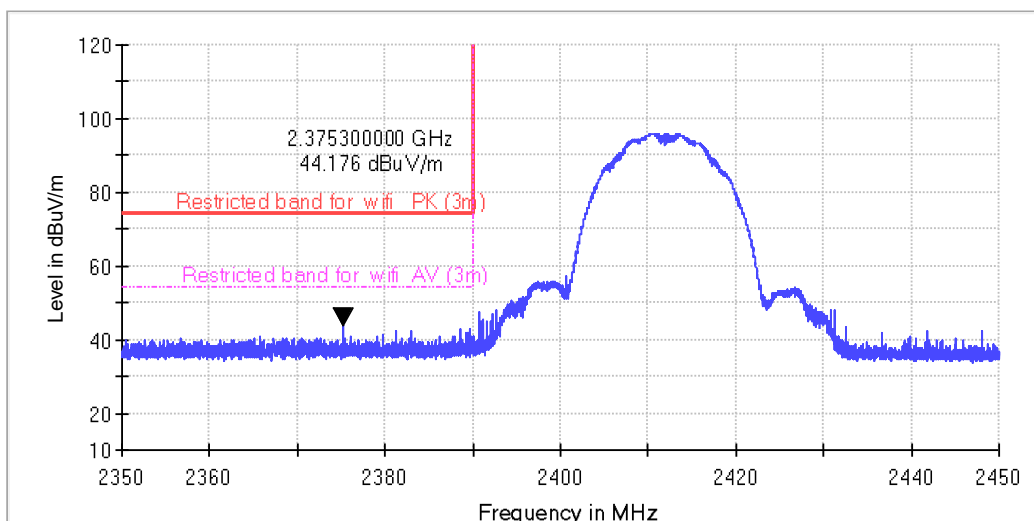
Test at Channel 1 (2.412 GHz) in transmitting status

Horizontal



TEST REPORT

Vertical

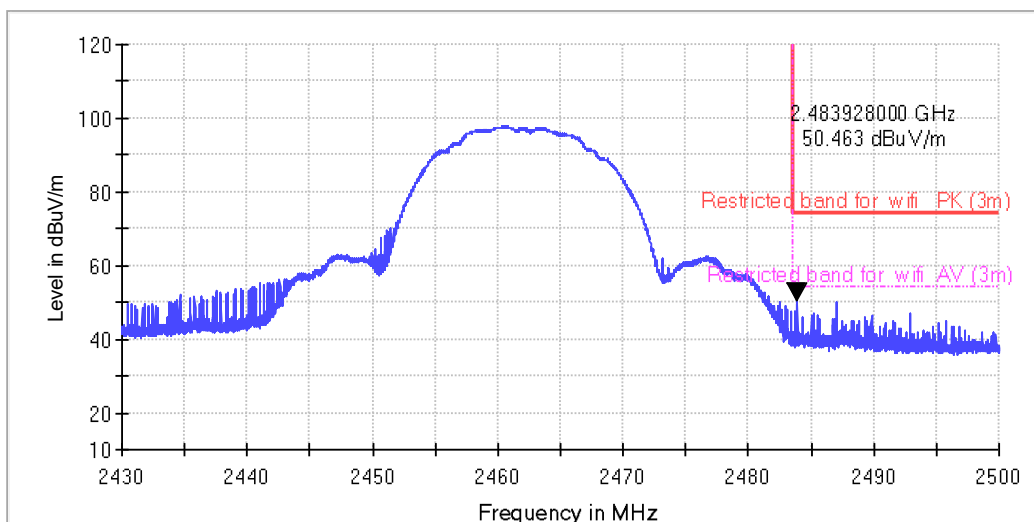


Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dB μ V)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Antenna polarization
2389.5	61.4	-7.7	53.7	74	H
2375.3	52.0	-7.8	44.2	74	V

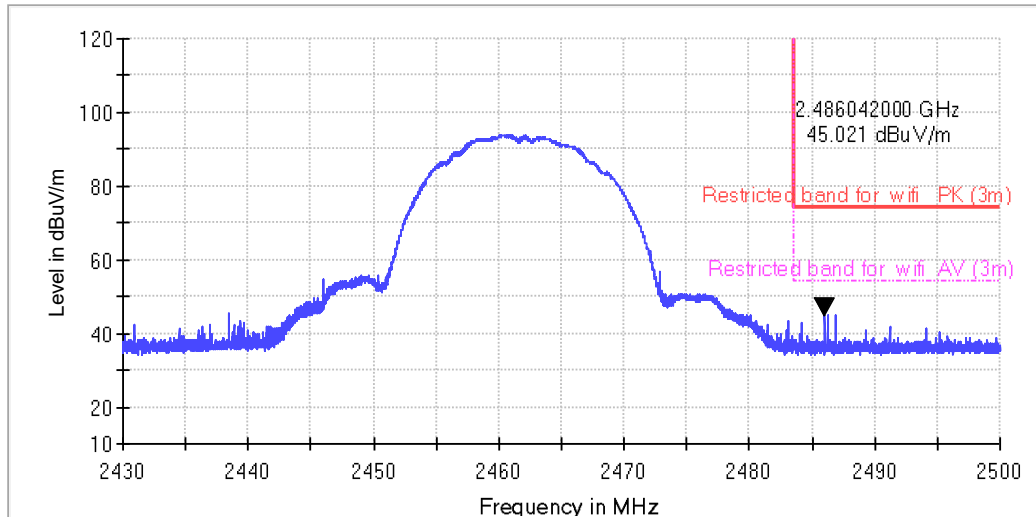
Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded.

Test at Channel 11 (2.462 GHz) in transmitting status
Horizontal



TEST REPORT

Vertical



Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2483.9	57.9	-7.4	50.5	74	H
2486.0	52.4	-7.4	45.0	74	V

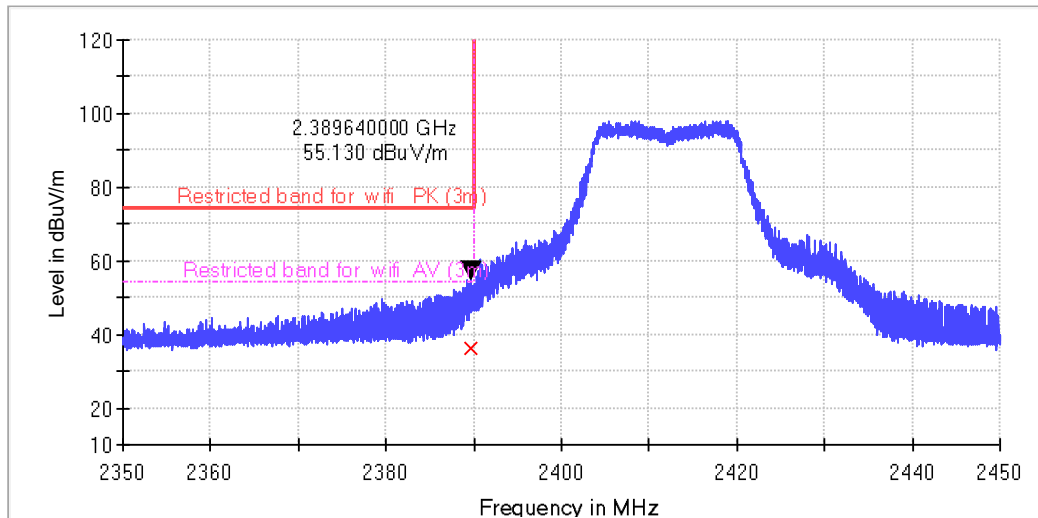
Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded.

802.11g mode with 6Mbps data rate

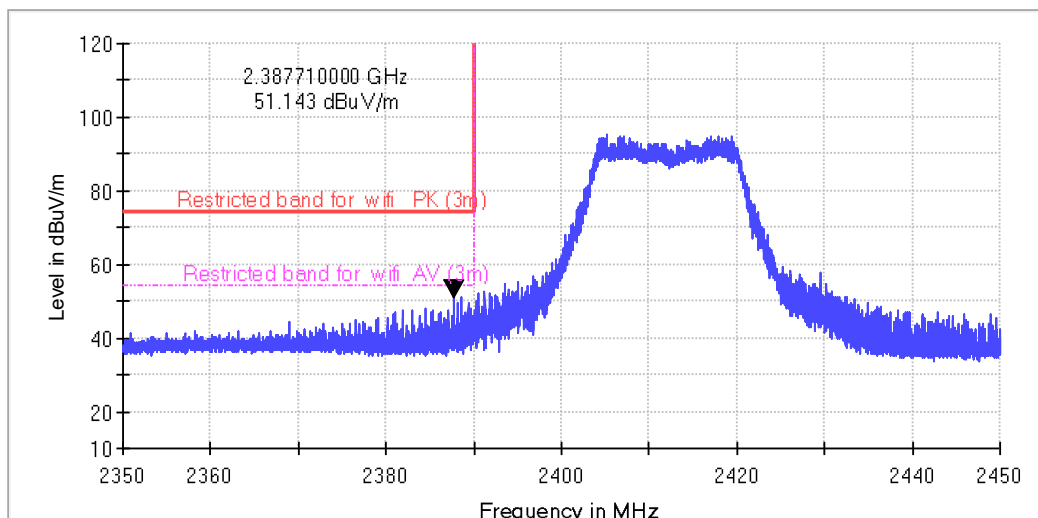
Test at Channel 1 (2.412 GHz) in transmitting status

Horizontal

TEST REPORT



Vertical



Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2389.6	62.8	-7.7	55.1	74	H
2387.7	58.9	-7.8	51.1	74	V

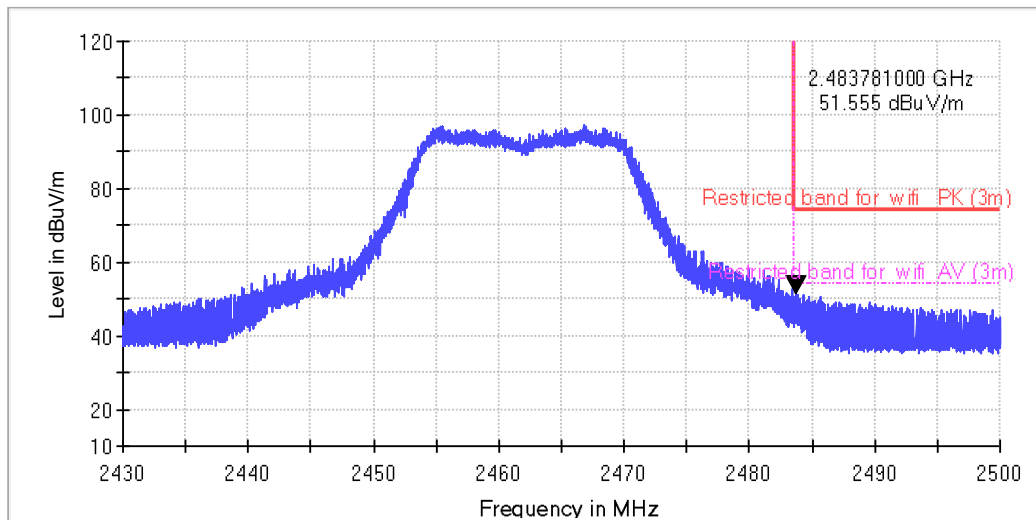
Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded.

Average Measurement:

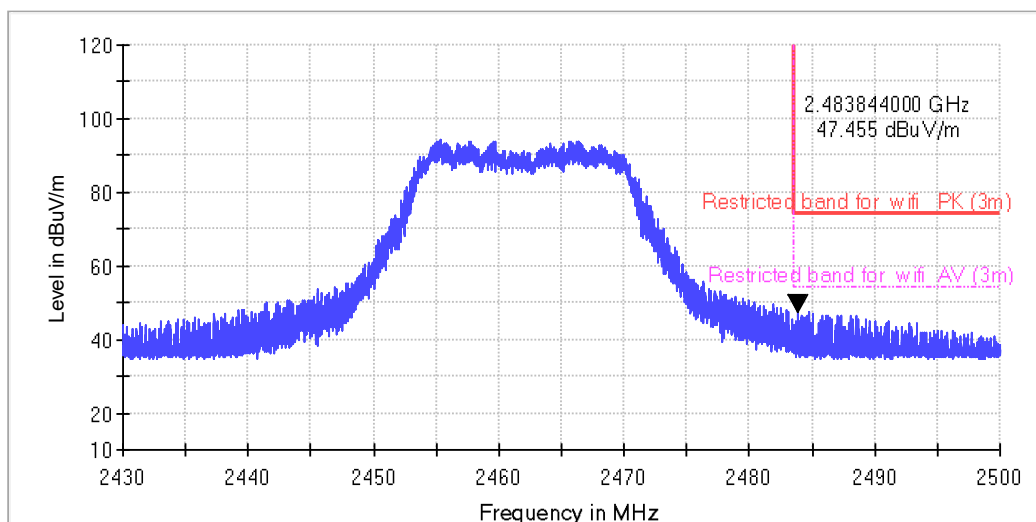
TEST REPORT

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dB μ V)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Antenna polarization
2389.6	44.2	-7.7	36.5	54	H
2387.7	/	-7.8	/	54	V

Test at Channel 11 (2.462 GHz) in transmitting status
Horizontal



Vertical



TEST REPORT

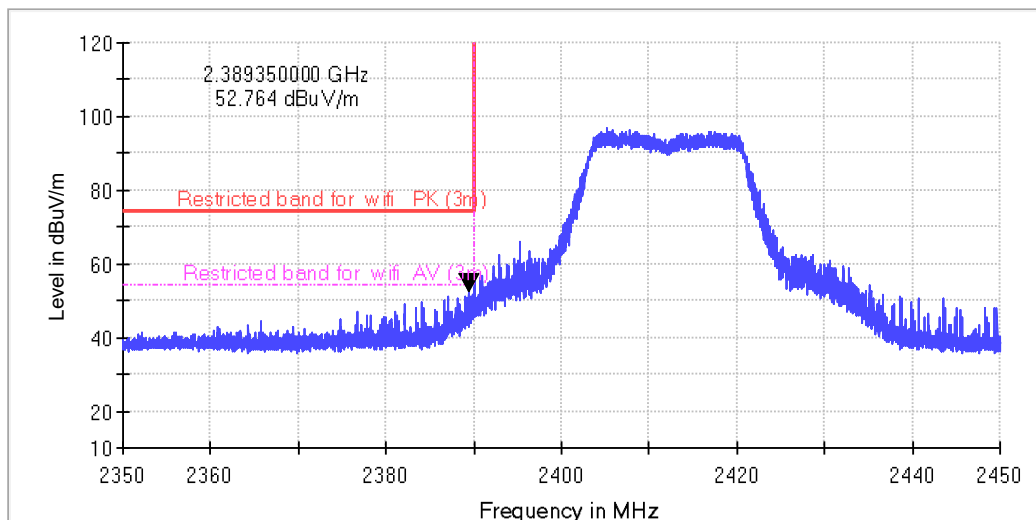
Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2483.8	59.0	-7.4	51.6	74	H
2483.8	54.9	-7.4	47.5	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded.

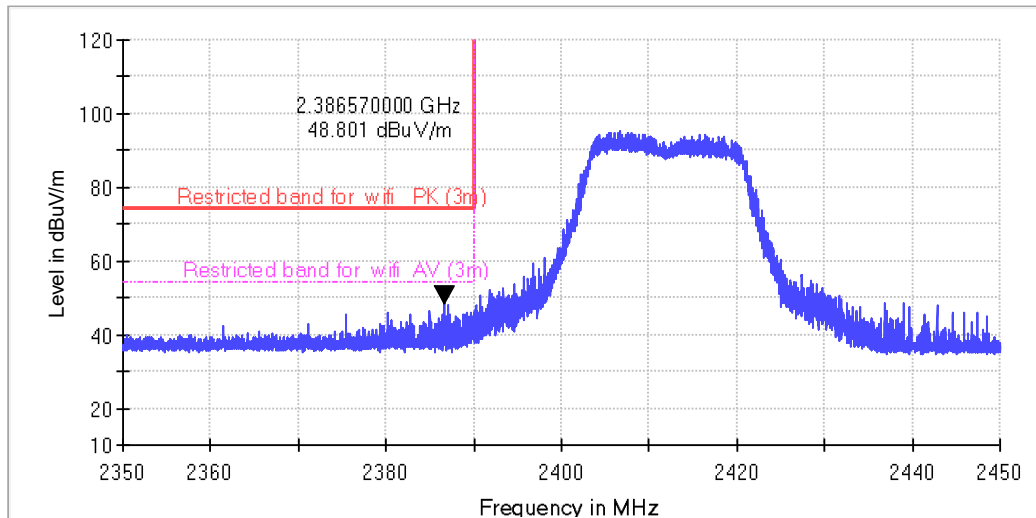
802.11n (HT20) mode with 6.5Mbps data rate
Test at Channel 1 (2.412 GHz) in transmitting status

Horizontal



Vertical

TEST REPORT

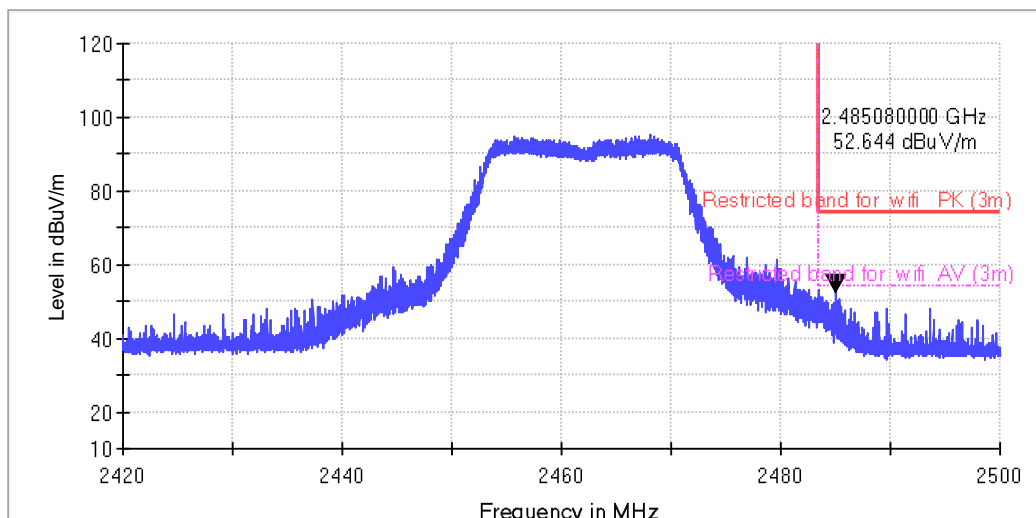


Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2389.4	60.5	-7.7	52.8	74	H
2386.6	56.6	-7.8	48.8	74	V

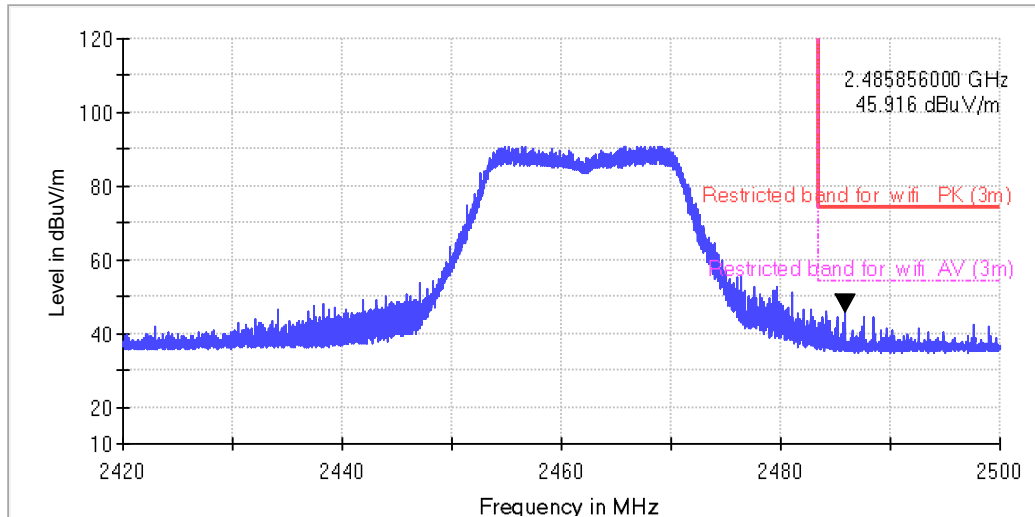
Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded.

Test at Channel 11 (2.462 GHz) in transmitting status
Horizontal



TEST REPORT

Vertical



Peak Measurement:

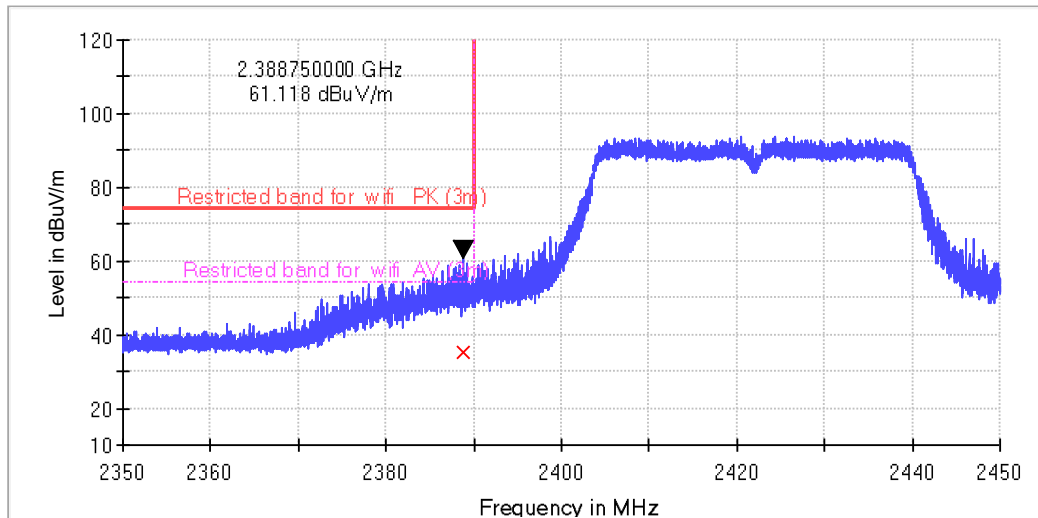
Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2485.1	60.0	-7.4	52.6	74	H
2486.1	53.3	-7.4	45.9	74	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded.

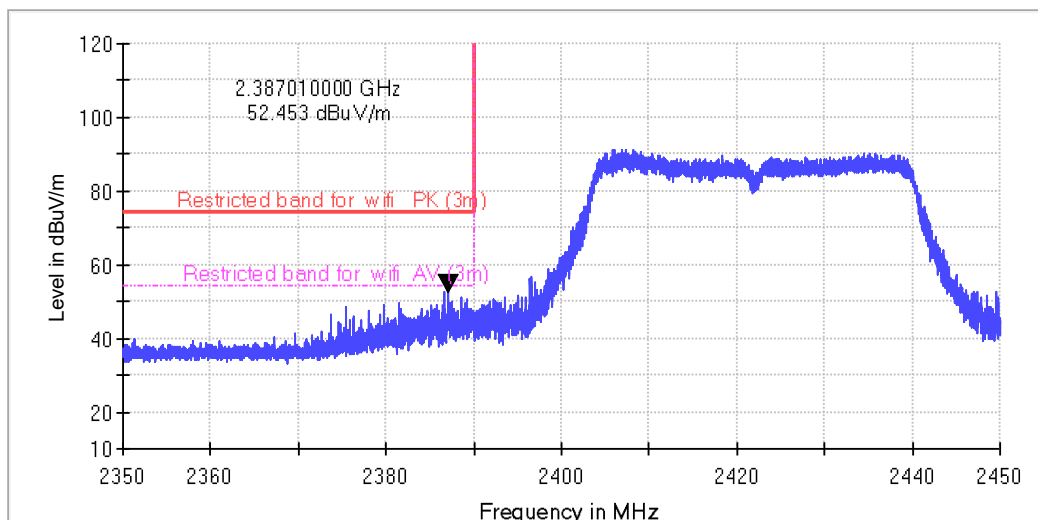
802.11n (HT40) mode with 13.5Mbps data rate
Test at Channel 3 (2.422 GHz) in transmitting status

Horizontal

TEST REPORT



Vertical



Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2388.8	68.8	-7.7	61.1	74	H
2387.0	60.3	-7.8	52.5	74	V

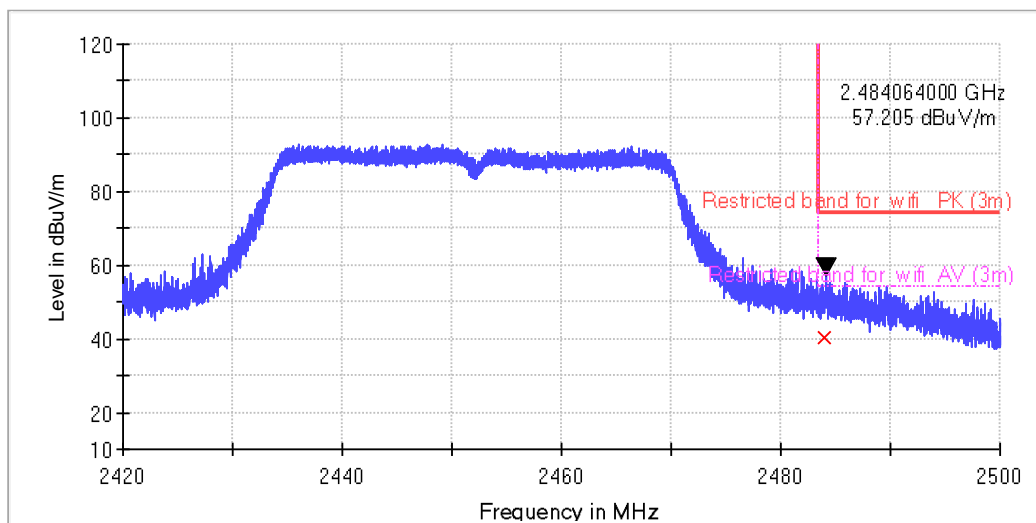
Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded.

TEST REPORT

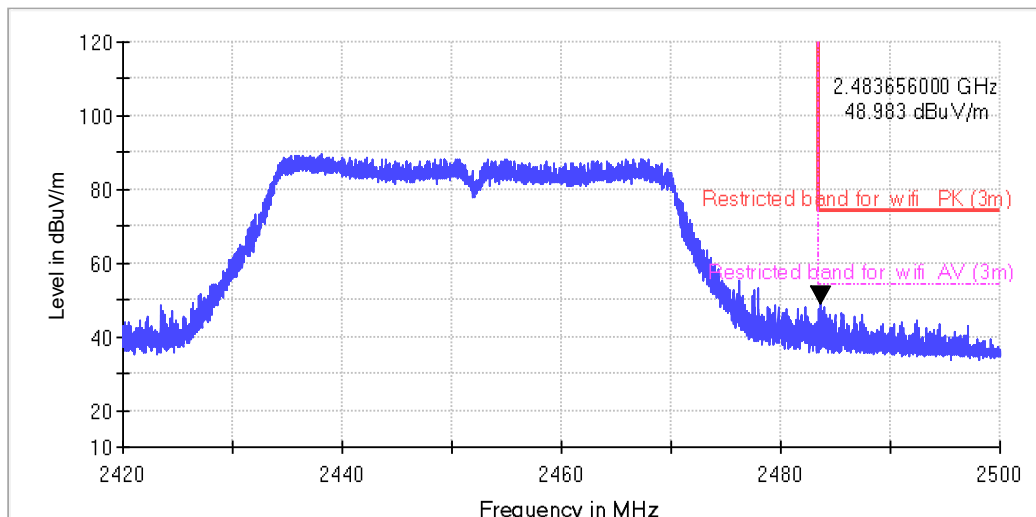
Average Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2388.8	43.0	-7.7	35.3	54	H
2387.0	/	-7.8	/	54	V

Test at Channel 9 (2.452 GHz) in transmitting status
Horizontal



Vertical



TEST REPORT

Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2484.1	64.6	-7.4	57.2	74	H
2491.0	56.4	-7.4	49.0	74	V

Average Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Reading Level (dBμV)	Correct Factor	Emission Level (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Antenna polarization
2484.1	47.6	-7.4	40.2	54	H
2491.0	/	-7.4	/	54	V

Remark: When Peak emission level was below AV limit, the AV emission level did not be recorded.

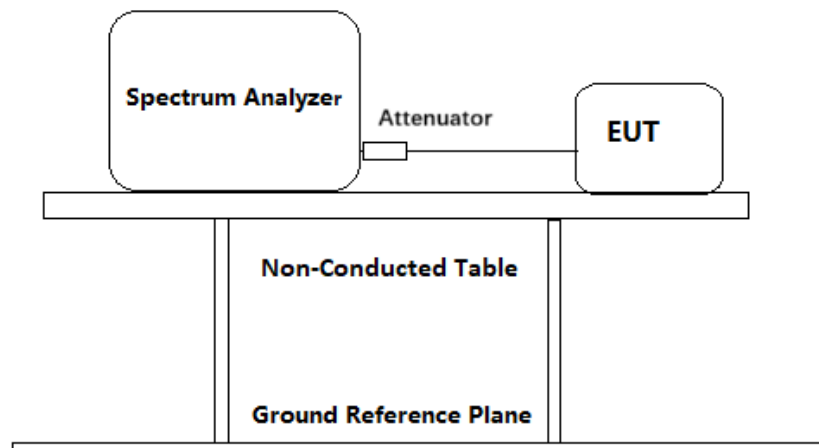
4.8 Band Edges Requirement

Test Requirement:	FCC Part 15 C section 15.247 (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in § 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).
Frequency Band:	2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: Clause 11.11 and 11.12
Test Status:	Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).

TEST REPORT

Following channel(s) was (were) selected for the final test as listed below.

Test Configuration: For Band Edges Emission in Radiated mode, please refer to clause 4.7



Test Procedure: For Band Edges Emission in Radiated mode, Please refer to clause 4.7

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable (cable loss =1 dB, with a 10dB attenuator) from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.
 - a) Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).
 - b) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
 - c) RBW = 100 kHz.
 - d) VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$.
 - e) Detector = peak.
 - f) Sweep time = auto.
 - g) Trace mode = max hold.
 - h) Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low-duty-cycle applications).
 - i) For radiated Band-edge emissions within a restricted band and within 2 MHz of an authorized band edge, integration method is considered.
2. Repeat until all the test status is investigated.
3. Report the worst case.

Used Test Equipment List:

3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber, EMI Test Receiver (9 kHz~7 GHz), Signal and Spectrum Analyzer (10 Hz~40 GHz), Loop antenna (9 kHz-30 MHz). TRILOG Super Broadband test Antenna(30 MHz-3 GHz) (RX), Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna (800 MHz-18 GHz)(RX) and High Frequency Antenna & preamplifier(18 GHz~26.5 GHz) (RX). Refer to Clause 5 Test Equipment List for details.

Test result with plots as follows:
For conduct mode:

TEST REPORT

The band edges was measured and recorded Result:

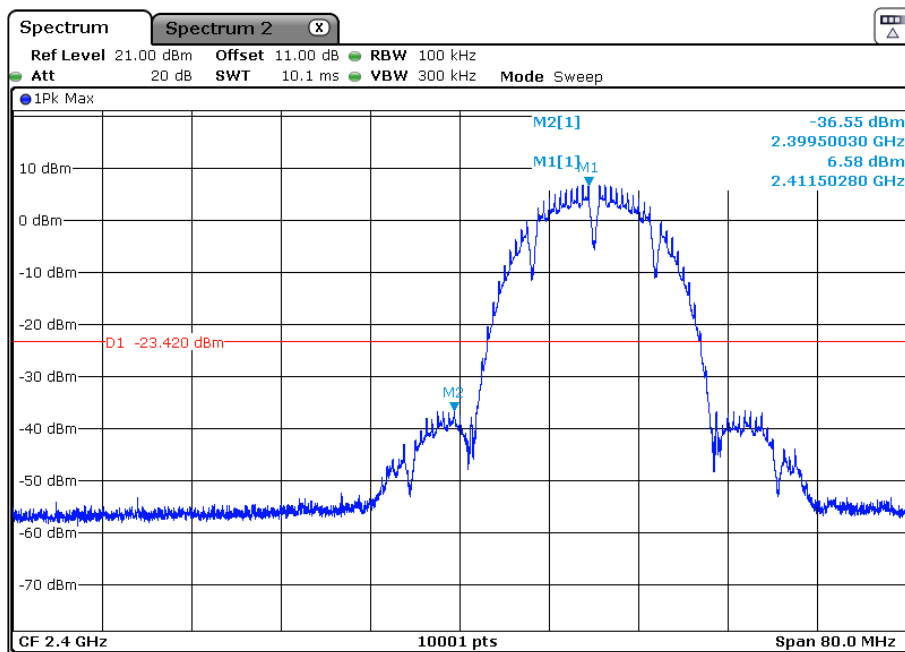
The Lower Edges attenuated more than 30dB.

The Upper Edges attenuated more than 30dB.

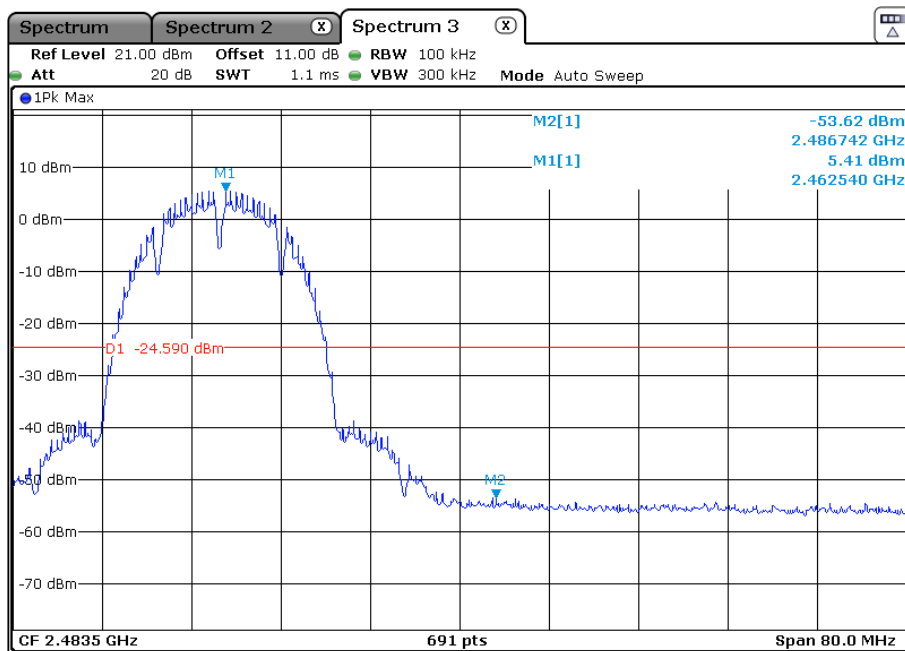
Result plots as follows:

802.11b mode with 1 Mbps data rate

Channel1: 2.412 GHz



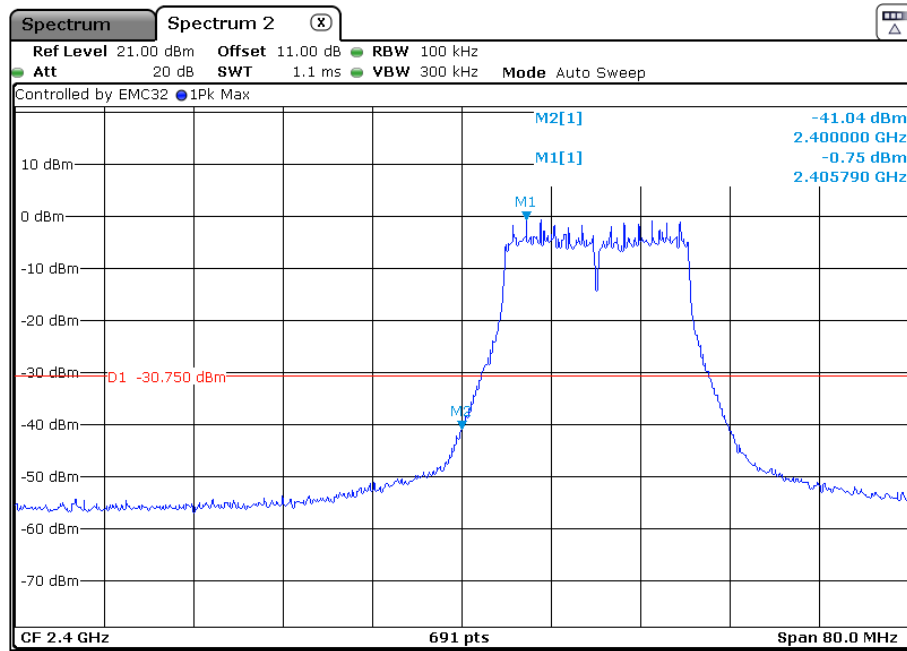
Channel 11: 2.462 GHz



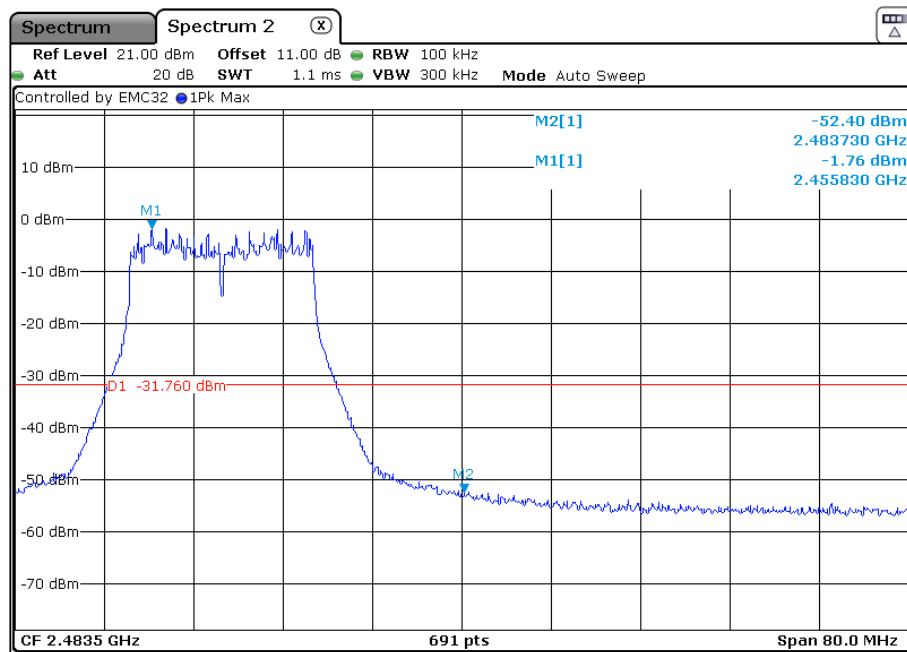
802.11g mode with 6 Mbps data rate

Channel1: 2.412 GHz

TEST REPORT



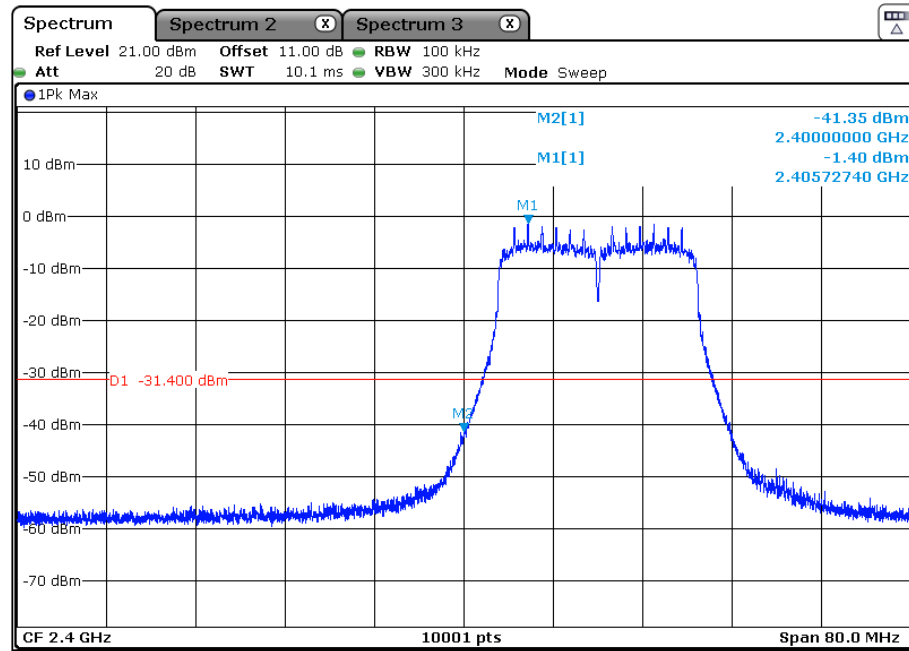
Channel 11: 2.462 GHz



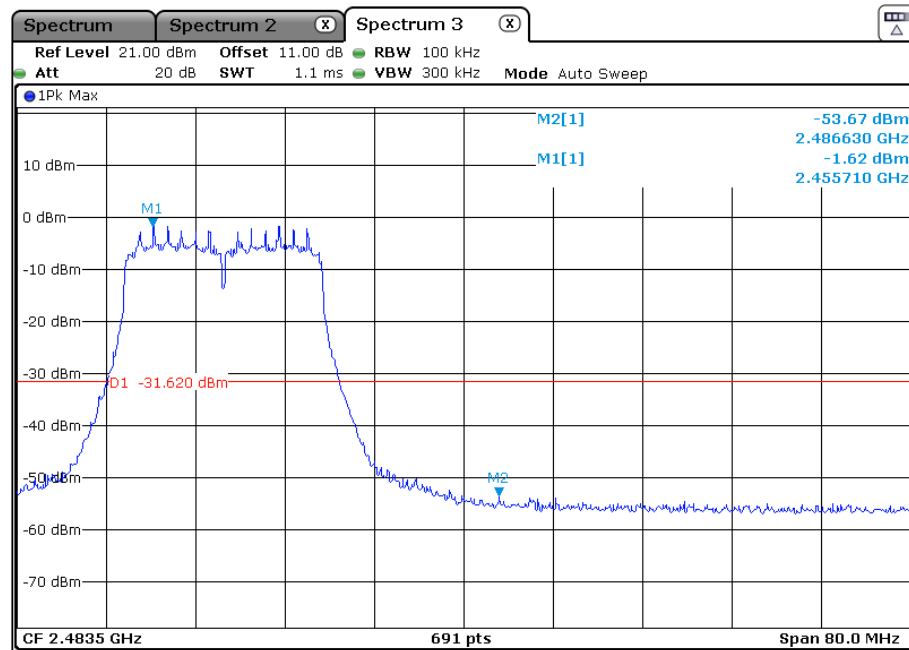
802.11n(HT20) mode with 6.5 Mbps data rate

Channel 1: 2.412 GHz

TEST REPORT



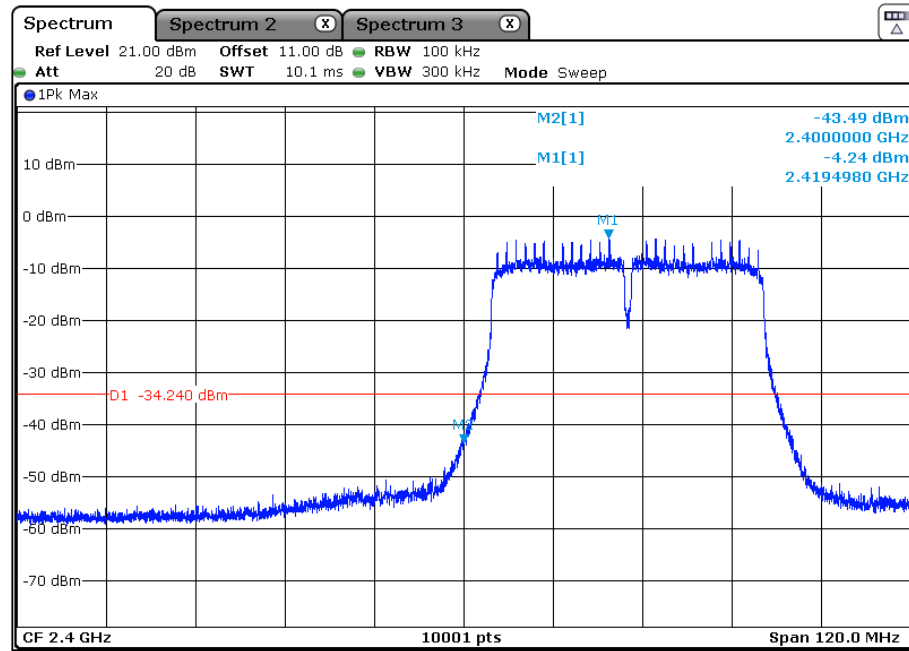
Channel 11: 2.462 GHz



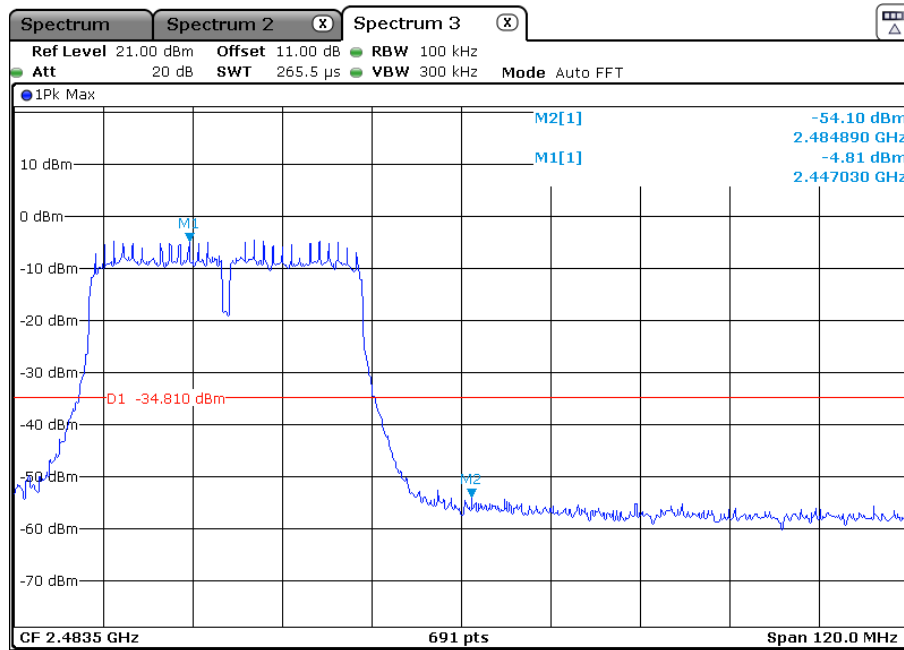
802.11n(HT40) mode with 13.5 Mbps data rate

Channel 3: 2.422 GHz

TEST REPORT



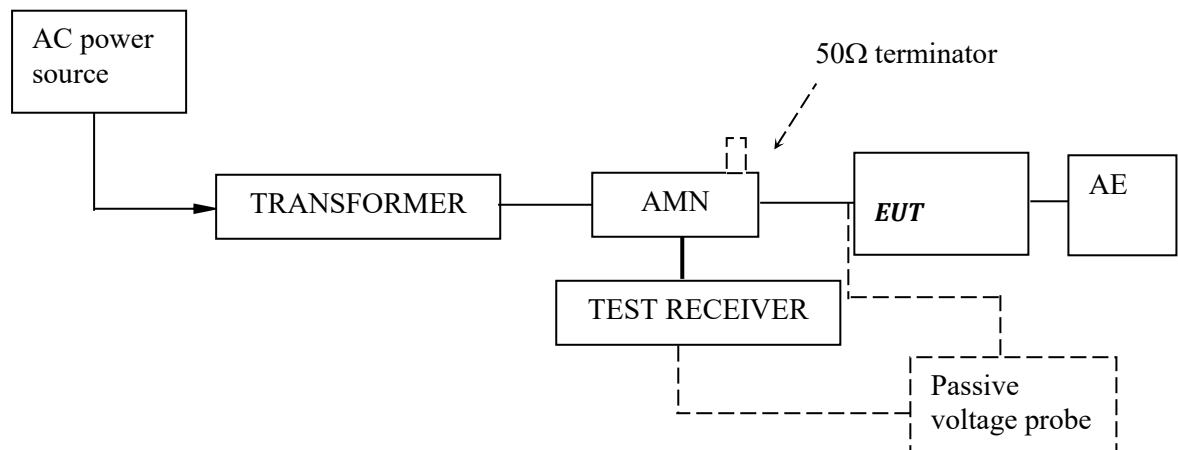
Channel 9: 2.452 GHz



TEST REPORT

4.9 Conducted Emission Test

Test Configuration:



Test Setup and Procedure:

Test was performed according to ANSI C63.10 Clause 6.2. The EUT was set to achieve the maximum emission level. The mains terminal disturbance voltage was measured with the EUT in a shielded room. The EUT was connected to AC power source through an Artificial Mains Network which provides a 50Ω linear impedance. Artificial hand is used if appropriate (for handheld apparatus). The load/control terminal disturbance voltage was measured with passive voltage probe if appropriate.

The table-top EUT was placed on a 0.8m high non-metallic table above earthed ground plane (Ground Reference Plane). And for floor standing EUT, was placed on a 0.1m high non-metallic supported on GRP. The EUT keeps a distance of at least 0.8m from any other of the metallic surface. The Artificial Mains Network is situated at a distance of 0.8m from the EUT.

During the test, mains lead of EUT excess 0.8m was folded back and forth parallel to the lead so as to form a horizontal bundle with a length between 0.3m and 0.4m.

The bandwidth of test receiver was set at 9 kHz. The frequency range from 150 kHz to 30MHz was checked.

TEST REPORT

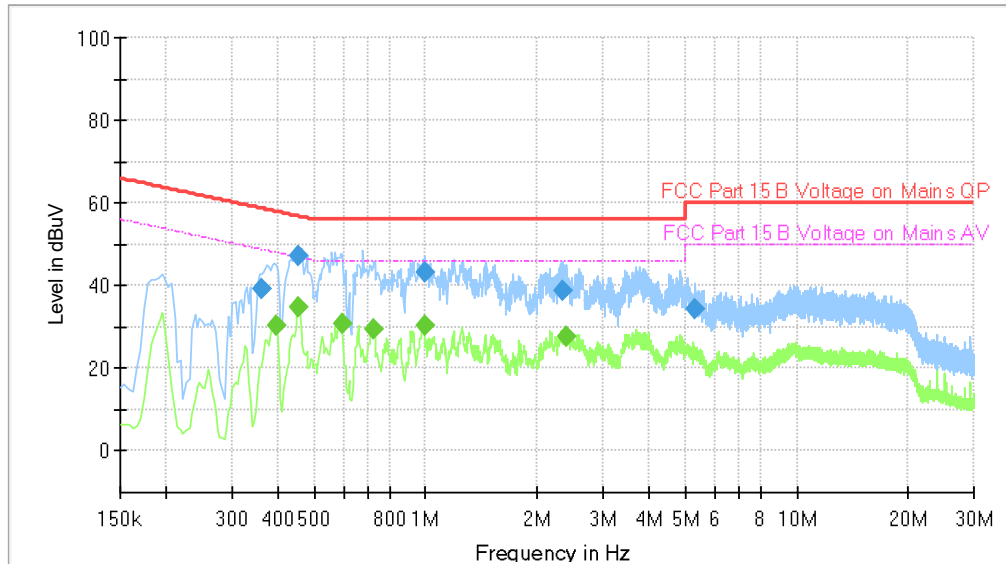
Test Data and Curve

At main terminal: Pass

Tested Wire: Live

Operation Mode: transmitting mode

Full Spectrum



Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	CAverage (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Filter	Corr. (dB)
0.362000	39.23	---	58.68	19.45	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	9.6
0.394000	---	30.57	47.98	17.41	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	9.6
0.454000	47.40	---	56.80	9.40	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	9.6
0.454000	---	34.64	46.80	12.16	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	9.6
0.594000	---	30.62	46.00	15.38	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	9.6
0.726000	---	29.55	46.00	16.45	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	9.6
0.990000	---	30.20	46.00	15.80	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	9.6
0.994000	43.06	---	56.00	12.94	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	9.6
2.326000	38.58	---	56.00	17.42	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	9.6
2.382000	---	27.84	46.00	18.16	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	9.6
5.338000	34.22	---	60.00	25.78	1000.0	9.000	L1	ON	9.7

Remark:

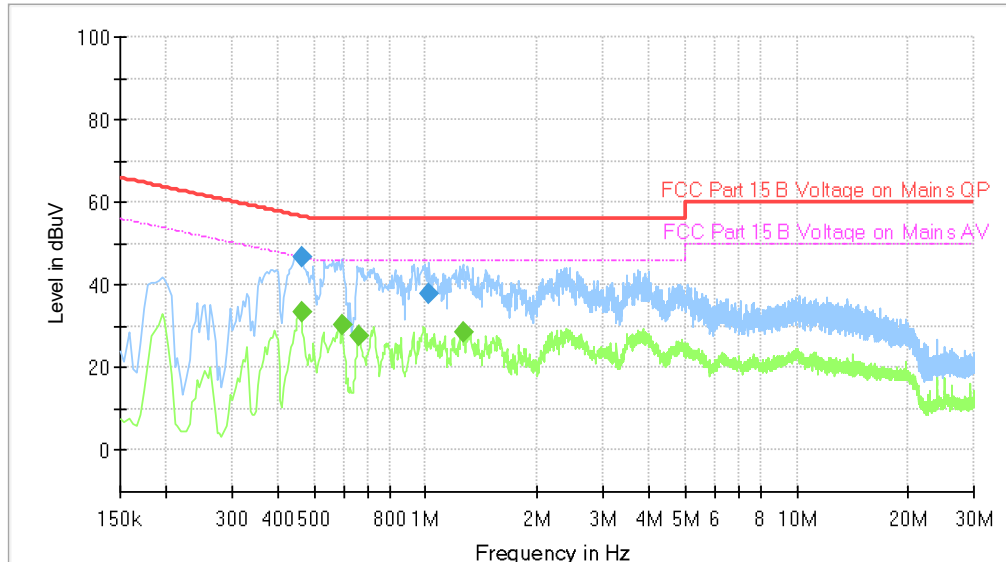
1. Corr. (dB) = LISN Factor (dB) + Cable Loss (dB)
2. Level (dBμV) = Corr. (dB) + Read Level (dBμV)
3. Margin (dB) = Limit (dBμV) - Level (dBμV)

TEST REPORT

Tested Wire: Neutral

Operation Mode: transmitting mode

Full Spectrum



Final Result

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBuV)	CAverage (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Filter	Corr. (dB)
0.462000	---	33.67	46.66	12.98	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	9.6
0.462000	46.86	---	56.66	9.80	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	9.6
0.594000	---	30.26	46.00	15.74	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	9.6
0.662000	---	27.70	46.00	18.30	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	9.6
1.022000	37.77	---	56.00	18.23	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	9.6
1.258000	---	28.49	46.00	17.52	1000.0	9.000	N	ON	9.6

Remark:

1. Corr. (dB) = LISN Factor (dB) + Cable Loss (dB)
2. Level (dBμV) = Corr. (dB) + Read Level (dBμV)
3. Margin (dB) = Limit (dBμV) - Level (dBμV)

TEST REPORT

5.0 Test Equipment List

Radiated Emission/Radio					
Equipment No.	Equipment	Model	Manufacturer	Cal. Due date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Calibration Interval
EM030-04	3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber	9×6×6 m ³	ETS•LINDGRE N	2027-04-08	1Y
EM031-02	EMI Test Receiver (9 kHz~7 GHz)	R&S ESR7	R&S	2026-11-05	1Y
EM031-03	Signal and Spectrum Analyzer (10 Hz~40 GHz)	R&S FSV40	R&S	2026-11-05	1Y
EM011-04	Loop antenna (9 kHz-30 MHz)	HFH2-Z2	R&S	2026-07-08	1Y
EM033-01	TRILOG Super Broadband test Antenna(30 MHz-3 GHz) (RX)	VULB 9163	SCHWARZBECK	2026-07-15	1Y
EM033-02	Bouble-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna (800 MHz-18 GHz)(RX)	R&S HF907	R&S	2026-07-07	1Y
EM033-03	High Frequency Antenna & preamplifier(18 GHz~26.5 GHz) (RX)	R&S SCU-26	R&S	2026-04-27	1Y
EM033-04	High Frequency Antenna & preamplifier (26 GHz-40 GHz)	R&S SCU-40	R&S	2026-04-27	1Y
EM031-02-01	Coaxial cable(9 kHz-1 GHz)	N/A	R&S	2027-04-08	1Y
EM033-02-02	Coaxial cable(1 GHz-18 GHz)	N/A	R&S	2027-04-08	1Y
EM033-04-02	Coaxial cable(18 GHz~40 GHz)	N/A	R&S	2026-04-26	1Y
EM031-01	Signal Generator (9 kHz~6 GHz)	SMB100A	R&S	2026-11-09	1Y
EM040-01	Band Reject/Notch Filter	WRHFV	Wainwright	N/A	1Y
EM040-02	Band Reject/Notch Filter	WRCGV	Wainwright	N/A	1Y
EM040-03	Band Reject/Notch Filter	WRCGV	Wainwright	N/A	1Y
EM022-03	2.45 GHz Filter	BRM50702	Micro-Tronics	2026-05-14	1Y
SA016-29	Climatic Test Chamber	MHU-80L	JIANQIAO	2027-01-04	1Y
EM046-05	Power Sensor	NPR6A	R&S	2027-04-08	1Y
EM046-06	Power Sensor	NPR6A	R&S	2026-05-14	1Y
EM031-04-01	EMC32	V10.01.00	R&S	N/A	N/A
EM045-01-10	10dB Attenuator	N/A	R&S	2026-12-17	1Y
EM046-06-01	Power Viewer	V11.0.5.11.2018	R&S	N/A	N/A
EM040-06	5.8 GHz Filter	BRC50705	Micro-Tronics	2026-07-14	1Y

Conducted Disturbance-Mains Terminal (2)					
Equipment No.	Equipment	Model	Manufacturer	Cal. Due date	Calibration
				(DD-MM-YYYY)	Interval
EM031-04	EMI receiver	ESR3	R&S	04/01/2027	1Y
EM006-06	LISN	ENV216	R&S	01/09/2026	1Y
SA047-111	Digital Temperature-Humidity Recorder	RS210	YIJIE	20/10/2026	1Y
EM004-03	EMC shield Room	8m×4m×3m	Zhongyu	04/01/2027	1Y
EM031-04-01	EMC32	V10.01.00	R&S	N/A	N/A

*****End of the test report*****