SAR TEST REPORT

Applicant	Doro AB
FCC ID	WS5DFB0280
Product	4G Smart Feature Phone
Brand	Doro
Model	DFB-0280
Report No.	R1906A0320-S1
Issue Date	August 16, 2019

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI C95.1: 1992/IEEE C95.1: 1991.** The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

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1 Test Laboratory

1.1 Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology (shanghai) co., Ltd.** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein .Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

1.2 Test facility

FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

IC (recognition number is 8510A)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

VCCI (recognition number is C-4595, T-2154, R-4113, G-10766)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Japan to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

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1.3 Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.

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City: Shanghai

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1.4 Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

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2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows:

Table 1: Highest Reported SAR

Mode	Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)		
	1g SAR Head	1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)
GSM 1900	0.624	0.611	1.087
WCDMA Band II	0.547	0.721	0.721
LTE FDD 7	0.779	1.159	1.159
Wi-Fi (2.4G)	0.547	0.102	0.156
BT	NA	NA	NA
Date of Testing:	July 24, 2019 ~ July 26, 2019		

Table 2: Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR

Exposure Configuration	1g SAR Head	1g SAR Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	1g SAR Hotspot (Separation 10mm)
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)	1.326	1.264	1.264
Note: 1. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 10.4.			

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3 Description of Equipment under Test

Client Information

Applicant	Doro AB
Applicant address	Jörgen Kocksgatan 1B, SE 211 20 MALMÖ, SWEDEN, Doro AB
Manufacturer	Doro AB
Manufacturer address	Jörgen Kocksgatan 1B, SE 211 20 MALMÖ, SWEDEN, Doro AB

General Technologies

Application Purpose:	Original Grant
EUT Stage:	Identical Prototype
Model:	DFB-0280
IMEI:	IMEI 1: 357668100010308 IMEI 2: 357668100010316
Hardware Version:	V04B (HW code: 1031/1041)
Software Version:	DFB0280_VQ288_N_S01A_V02_0_M190626_GCF
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna
Device Class:	B
Wi-Fi Hotspot:	Wi-Fi 2.4G
Power Class:	GSM 1900:1 UMTS Band II:3 LTE FDD 7:3
Power Level:	GSM 1900:level 0 UMTS Band II: all up bits LTE FDD 7:max power
EUT Accessory	
Adapter 1	Manufacturer: TEN PAO INDUSTRIAL CO.,LTD Model: S003ATB0500055
Adapter 2	Manufacturer: Dongguan Aohai Power Technology CO.,LTD Model: A31A-050055U-EU1 (Halogen free)
Adapter 3	Manufacturer: Dongguan Aohai Power Technology CO.,LTD Model: A806A-050100U-UK1 (Halogen free)
Adapter 4	Manufacturer: Dongguan Aohai Power Technology CO.,LTD Model: A2-501000 (Halogen free)
Battery	Manufacturer: NINGBO VEKEN BATTERY CO.,LTD Model: DBW-1600A
Earphone 1	Manufacturer: Shenzhen Juwei Electronics Co.,Ltd Model: JWEP0944-M01R (Halogen free)
Earphone 2	Manufacturer: Shenzhen Juwei Electronics Co.,Ltd

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	Model: JWEP0782-M01 (Halogen free)
USB Cable	Manufacturer: SHENZHEN FKY-QY HARDWARE ELECTRONIC CO.,LTD Model: M039B0800150 (Halogen free)

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Wireless Technology and Frequency Range

Wireless Technology		Modulation	Operating mode	Tx (MHz)
GSM	1900	Voice(GMSK) GPRS(GMSK) EGPRS(GMSK,8PSK)	☐Multi-slot Class:8-1UP ☐Multi-slot Class:10-2UP ☒Multi-slot Class:12-4UP ☐Multi-slot Class:33-4UP	1850 ~ 1910
	Does this device support DTM (Dual Transfer Mode)? ☐Yes ☒No			
UMTS	Band II	QPSK	HSDPA UE Category:14 HSUPA UE Category:7	1850 ~ 1910
LTE	FDD 7	QPSK, 16QAM	Rel.9	2500 ~ 2570
	Does this device support Carrier Aggregation (CA) ☐Yes ☒No			
	Does this device support SV-LTE (1xRTT-LTE)? ☐Yes ☒No			
BT	2.4G	Version 4.2 LE		2402 ~2480
Wi-Fi	2.4G	DSSS,OFDM	802.11b/g/n HT20	2412 ~ 2462
		OFDM	802.11n HT40	2422 ~ 2452
	Does this device support MIMO ☐Yes ☒No			

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4 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI C95.1: 1992/IEEE C95.1: 1991, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

248227 D01 802.11Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03
690783 D01 SAR Listings on Grants v01r03
865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01

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5 Operational Conditions during Test

5.1 Test Positions

5.1.1 Against Phantom Head

Measurements were made in “cheek” and “tilt” positions on both the left hand and right hand sides of the phantom.

The positions used in the measurements were according to IEEE 1528 - 2013 "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques".

5.1.2 Body Worn Configuration

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations.

Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Accessories for Body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are tested with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices intended to be authorized for body-worn use. In this case, a test configuration with a separation distance between the back of the device and the flat phantom is used. Test position spacing was documented. Transmitters that are designed to operate in front of a person’s face, as in push-to-talk configurations, are tested for SAR compliance with the front of the device positioned to face the flat phantom in head fluid. For devices that are carried next to the body such as a shoulder, waist or chest-worn transmitters, SAR compliance is tested with the accessories, including headsets and microphones, attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration.

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5.2 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:
1) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
2) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.
4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

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5.3 Test Configuration

5.3.1 GSM Test Configuration

According to specification 3GPP TS 51.010, the maximum power of the GSM can do the power reduction for the multi-slot. The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration is as following:

Output power of reductions:

Table 3: The allowed power reduction in the multi-slot configuration

Number of timeslots in uplink assignment	Permissible nominal reduction of maximum output power,(dB)
1	0
2	0 to 3,0
3	1,8 to 4,8
4	3,0 to 6,0

SAR test reduction for GPRS and EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power specified for production units, including tune-up tolerance. The data mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. GSM voice and GPRS data use GMSK, which is a constant amplitude modulation with minimal peak to average power difference within the time-slot burst. For EDGE, GMSK is used for MCS 1 – MCS 4 and 8-PSK is used for MCS 5 – MCS 9; where 8-PSK has an inherently higher peak-to-average power ratio. The GMSK and 8-PSK EDGE configurations are considered separately for SAR compliance. The GMSK EDGE configurations are grouped with GPRS and considered with respect to time-averaged maximum output power to determine compliance. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to 8-PSK EDGE with GMSK GPRS/EDGE as the primary mode.

5.3.2 UMTS Test Configuration

5.3.2.1 3G SAR Test Reduction Procedure

The default test configuration is to measure SAR with an established radio link between the EUT and a communication test set using a 12.2 kbps RMC (reference measurement channel) configured in Test Loop Mode 1. SAR is selectively confirmed for other physical channel configurations modes according to output power, exposure conditions and device operating capabilities. Maximum output power is verified by applying the applicable versions of 3GPP TS 34.121.

5.3.2.2 Head SAR

SAR for next to the ear head exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to AMR configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for 12.2 kbps AMR in 3.4 kbps SRB (signaling radio bearer) using the highest SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC for head exposure.

5.3.2.3 Body-worn accessory SAR

SAR for body-worn accessory configurations is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits

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configured to all “1’s”. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to other spreading codes and multiple DPDCHn configurations supported by the EUT with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured using an applicable RMC configuration with the corresponding spreading code or DPDCHn, for the highest reported body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. When more than 2 DPDCHn are supported by the EUT, it may be necessary to configure additional DPDCHn using FTM (Factory Test Mode) or other chipset based test approaches with parameters similar to those used in 384 kbps and 768 kbps RMC

5.3.2.4 Release 5 HSDPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSDPA body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSDPA using the HSDPA body SAR procedures in the “Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices” section of this document, for the highest SAR body-worn accessory exposure configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC. EUT with both HSDPA and HSUPA are tested according to Release 6 HSPA test procedures.

HSDPA should be configured according to the UE category of a test device.The number of HSDSCH/ HS-PDSCHs, HARQ processes, minimum inter-TTI interval, transport block sizes and RV coding sequence are defined by the H-set. To maintain a consistent test configuration and stable transmission conditions, QPSK is used in the H-set for SAR testing. HS-DPCCH should be configured with a CQI feedback cycle of 4 ms with a CQI repetition factor of 2 to maintain a constant rate of active CQI slots. DPCCH and DPDCH gain factors(βc, βd), and HS-DPCCH power offset parameters (ΔACK, ΔNACK, ΔCQI) should be set according to values indicated in the Table below. The CQI value is determined by the UE category, transport block size, number of HS-PDSCHs and modulation used in the H-set.

Table 4: Subtests for UMTS Release 5 HSDPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (note 1, note 2)	CM(dB) (note 3)	MPR(dB)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (note 4)	15/15 (note 4)	64	12/15 (note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI}= 8$\Leftrightarrow$$A_{hs}$ = β_{hs}/β_c=30/15$\Leftrightarrow$$\beta_{hs}$=30/15*$\beta_c$

Note2: CM=1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15.

Note3: For subtest 2 the $\beta_c\beta_d$ ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period(TF1,TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TFC1,TF1) to β_c=11/15 and β_d=15/15.

5.3.2.5 Release 6 HSUPA Test Configuration

The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA (HSUPA/HSDPA with RMC) body-worn accessory configurations with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Otherwise, SAR is measured for HSPA using the HSPA body SAR procedures in the “Release 6 HSPA Data Devices” section of this document, for the highest body-worn accessory exposure SAR configuration in 12.2 kbps RMC.

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When VOIP is applicable for next to the ear head exposure in HSPA, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to HSPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode; otherwise, the same HSPA configuration used for body-worn accessory measurements is tested for next to the ear head exposure.

Due to inner loop power control requirements in HSPA, a communication test set is required for output power and SAR tests. The 12.2 kbps RMC, FRC H-set 1 and E-DCH configurations for HSPA are configured according to the β values indicated in Table 2 and other applicable procedures described in the 'WCDMA EUT and 'Release 5 HSDPA Data Devices' sections of this document

Table 5: Sub-Test 5 Setup for Release 6 HSUPA

Sub-set	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{hs} (1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM (2) (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG(4) Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15(3)	15/15(3)	64	11/15(3)	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed1}:47/15 β_{ed2}:47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15(4)	15/15(4)	64	15/15(4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, ΔNACK and Δ_{CQI} = 8 ⇔ $A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c$ = 30/15 ⇔β_{hs}= 30/15 *β_c.

Note 2: CM = 1 for βc/βd =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the βc/βd ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to βc = 10/15 and βd = 15/15.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the βc/βd ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to βc = 14/15 and βd = 15/15.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Figure 5.1g.

Note 6: βed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Table 6: HSUPA UE category

UE E-DCH Category	Maximum E-DCH Codes Transmitted	Number of HARQ Processes	E-DCH TTI (ms)	Minimum Spreading Factor	Maximum E-DCH Transport Block Bits	Max Rate (Mbps)
1	1	4	10	4	7110	0.7296
2	2	8	2	4	2798	1.4592
	2	4	10	4	14484	
3	2	4	10	4	14484	1.4592
4	2	8	2	2	5772	2.9185
	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
5	2	4	10	2	20000	2.00
6	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	11484	5.76

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(No DPDCH)	4	4	10		20000	2.00
7 (No DPDCH)	4	8	2	2 SF2 & 2 SF4	22996	?
	4	4	10		20000	?
NOTE: When 4 codes are transmitted in parallel, two codes shall be transmitted with SF2 and two with SF4. UE Categories 1 to 6 supports QPSK only. UE Category 7 supports QPSK and 16QAM. (TS25.306-7.3.0)						

5.3.2.6 **HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA Test Configuration**

SAR test exclusion may apply to 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA and Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA. When SAR measurement is required for HSPA or DC-HSDPA, a KDB inquiry is required to confirm that the wireless mode configurations in the test setup have remained stable throughout the SAR measurements. Without prior KDB confirmation to determine the SAR results are acceptable, a PAG is required for equipment approval.

SAR test exclusion for HSPA, HSPA+ and DC-HSDPA is determined according to the following:

1) The HSPA procedures are applied to configure 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA devices in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

2) SAR is required for Rel. 7 HSPA+ when SAR is required for Rel. 6 HSPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to (uplink) HSPA+ with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode.36 Power is measured for HSPA+ that supports uplink 16 QAM according to configurations in Table C.11.1.4 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction.

3) SAR is required for Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA when SAR is required for Rel. 5 HSDPA; otherwise, the 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied to DC-HSDPA with 12.2 kbps RMC as the primary mode. Power is measured for DC-HSDPA according to the H-Set 12, FRC configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 to determine SAR test reduction. A primary and a secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell are required to perform the power measurement and for the results to be acceptable.

4) Regardless of whether a PBA is required, the following information must be verified and included in the SAR report for devices supporting HSPA, HSPA+ or DC-HSDPA: a) The output power measurement results and applicable release version(s) of 3GPP TS 34.121.

i) Power measurement difficulties due to test equipment setup or availability must be resolved between the grantee and its test lab.

b) The power measurement results are in agreement with the individual device implementation and specifications. When Enhanced MPR (E-MPR) applies, the normal MPR targets may be modified according to the Cubic Metric (CM) measured by the device, which must be taken into consideration.

c) The UE category, operating parameters, such as the β and Δ values used to configure the device for testing, power setback procedures described in 3GGPP TS 34.121 for the power measurements, and HSPA/HSPA+ channel conditions (active and stable) for the entire duration of the measurement according to the required E-TFCI and AG index values.

5) When SAR measurement is required, the test configurations, procedures and power measurement results must be clearly described to confirm that the required test parameters are used, including E-TFCI and AG index stability and output power conditions.

Table 7: HS-DSCH UE category

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Table 5.1a: FDD HS-DSCH physical layer categories

HS-DSCH category	Maximum number of HS-DSCH codes received	Minimum inter-TTI interval	Maximum number of bits of an HS-DSCH transport block received within an HS-DSCH TTI NOTE 1	Total number of soft channel bits	Supported modulations without MIMO operation or dual cell operation	Supported modulations with MIMO operation and without dual cell operation	Supported modulations with dual cell operation
Category 1	5	3	7298	19200	QPSK, 16QAM	Not applicable (MIMO not supported)	Not applicable (dual cell operation not supported)
Category 2	5	3	7298	28800			
Category 3	5	2	7298	28800			
Category 4	5	2	7298	38400			
Category 5	5	1	7298	57600			
Category 6	5	1	7298	67200			
Category 7	10	1	14411	115200			
Category 8	10	1	14411	134400			
Category 9	15	1	20251	172800			
Category 10	15	1	27952	172800			
Category 11	5	2	3630	14400	QPSK		
Category 12	5	1	3630	28800			
Category 13	15	1	35280	259200	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		
Category 14	15	1	42192	259200			
Category 15	15	1	23370	345600	QPSK, 16QAM		
Category 16	15	1	27952	345600			
Category 17 NOTE 2	15	1	35280	259200	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM	–	
			23370	345600	–	QPSK, 16QAM	
Category 18 NOTE 3	15	1	42192	259200	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM	–	
			27952	345600	–	QPSK, 16QAM	
Category 19	15	1	35280	518400	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM		
Category 20	15	1	42192	518400			
Category 21	15	1	23370	345600	-	-	QPSK, 16QAM
Category 22	15	1	27952	345600			
Category 23	15	1	35280	518400			QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM
Category 24	15	1	42192	518400			

5.3.3 LTE Test Configuration

LTE modes were tested according to FCC KDB 941225 D05 publication. Please see notes after the tabulated SAR data for required test configurations. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and are recommended for evaluating SAR [4]. The R&S CMW500 was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing. Max power control was used so the UE transmits with maximum output power during SAR testing. SAR must be measured with the maximum TTI (transmit time interval) supported by the device in each LTE configuration.

A) Spectrum Plots for RB Configurations

A properly configured base station simulator was used for SAR tests and power measurements. Therefore, spectrum plots for RB configurations were not required to be included in this report.

B) MPR

MPR is permanently implemented for this device by the manufacturer. The specific manufacturer target MPR is indicated alongside the SAR results. MPR is enabled for this device, according to

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3GPP TS36.101 Section 6.2.3 – 6.2.5 under Table 6.2.3-1.

C)A-MPR

A-MPR (Additional MPR) has been disabled for all SAR tests by setting NS=01 on the base station simulator.

D) Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

1) QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel. When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

2) QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in 1) are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.

3) QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in 1) and 2) are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

4) Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in above sections to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is > ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

E) Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section A) to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is > ½ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the *reported* SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg.

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5.3.4 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the *initial test position(s)* by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The *initial test position(s)* is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the *reported* SAR for the *initial test position* is:

- ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the *initial test position* to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
    - ✧ For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
    - ✧ When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the *initial test position* and subsequent test positions, when the *reported* SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported* SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
    - ✧ The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.

To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement.

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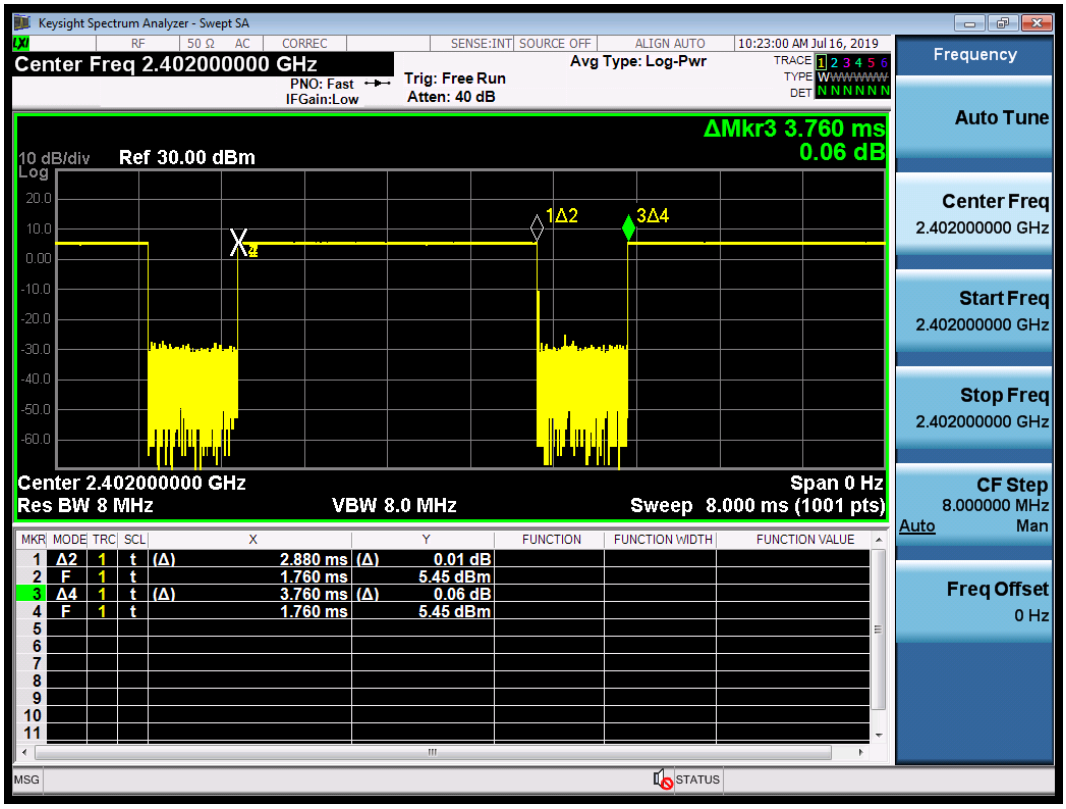
5.3.5 BT Test Configuration

For BT SAR testing, BT engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal with maximum output power. And the CBT control the EUT operating with hoping off and data rate set for DH5.

The SAR measurement takes full account of the BT duty cycle and is reflected in the report, and the duty factor of the device is as follow:



Note: Duty factor= Ton (ms)/ T(on+off) (ms)=2.880/3.760=76.6%

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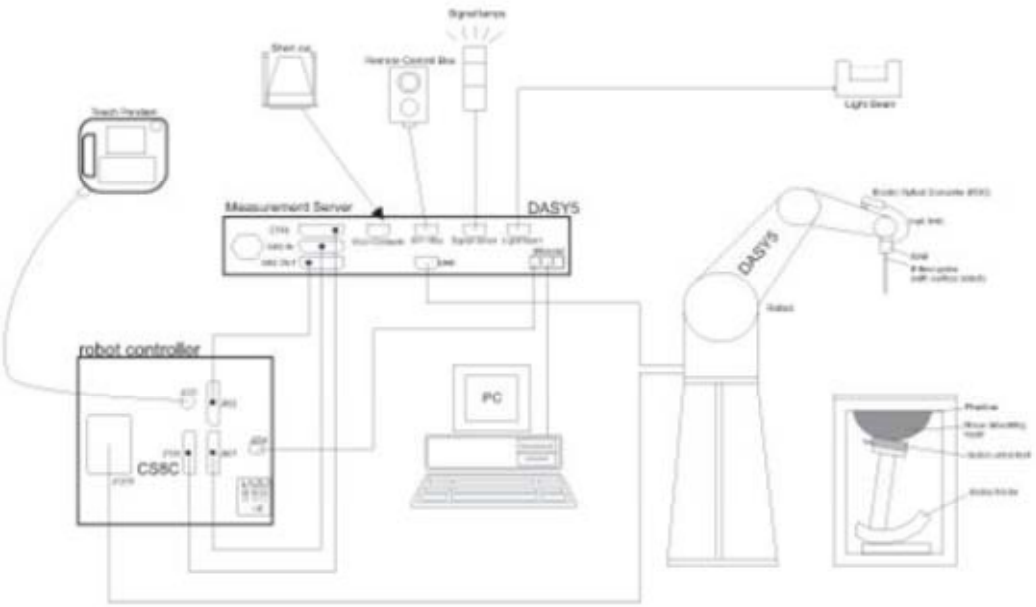
6 SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1 SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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6.2 DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4(manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure Scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.

E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than ± 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies bellow 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

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$SAR=C\Delta T/\Delta t$

Where: Δt = Exposure time (30 seconds),

C = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

$SAR=|E|^2\sigma/\rho$

Where: σ = Simulated tissue conductivity,

ρ = Tissue density (kg/m^3).

6.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: ΔxArea, ΔyArea	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

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Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤3GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\triangle x_{zoom} \triangle y_{zoom}$			≤2GHz: ≤8mm 2 – 3GHz: ≤5mm*	3 – 4GHz: ≤5mm* 4 – 6GHz: ≤4mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	Uniform grid: $\triangle z_{zoom}(n)$		≤5mm	3 – 4GHz: ≤4mm 4 – 5GHz: ≤3mm 5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
	Graded grid	$\triangle z_{zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤4mm	3 – 4GHz: ≤3mm 4 – 5GHz: ≤2.5mm 5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
		$\triangle z_{zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \triangle z_{zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	X, y, z		≥30mm	3 – 4GHz: ≥28mm 4 – 5GHz: ≥25mm 5 – 6GHz: ≥22mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4W/kg, ≤8mm, ≤7mm and ≤5mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2GHz to 3GHz, 3GHz to 4GHz and 4GHz to 6GHz.

Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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7 Main Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	SN	Cal. Data	Cal. interval
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D1900V2	509	May. 18, 2018	3 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2450V2	1014	Jun. 07, 2018	3 Year
System Validation Dipole	SPEAG	D2600V2	1153	Jun. 07, 2018	3 Year
Dosimetric E-Field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	3090	Apr. 12, 2019	1 Year
Data Acquisition Electronics	SPEAG	DAE4	662	Apr. 11, 2019	1 Year
Radio Communication Analyzer	Anritsu	MT8820C	6200918396	Dec. 12, 2018	1 Year
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753ES	US39170317	Dec. 12, 2018	1 Year
Dielectric Assessment Kit	SPEAG	DAK-3.5	1056	N/A	N/A
USB/GPIB Interface	Agilent	82357B	N10149	N/A	N/A
Signal Generator	R&S	SMT06	100796	May. 14, 2019	1 Year
Signal Generator	R&S	SMB100A	103718	Dec. 12, 2018	1 Year
POWER METER	R&S	NRP	101293	Dec. 18, 2018	1 Year
Thermometer	Shanghai Gao Zhi Precision Instrument Co., Ltd.	HB6801	120100323	May. 16, 2019	1 Year
Coupler	REBES	TC-05180-10S	161221001	N/A	N/A
Amplifier	Mini-Circuit	ZHL42	QA1252001	N/A	N/A
DC Source	Agilent	66319B	MY43000795	N/A	N/A

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8 Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification

8.1 Tissue Verification

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within ± 2°C of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 3 – 4 days of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance.

Target values

Frequency (MHz)		Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	Glycol (%)	Preventol (%)	Cellulose (%)	ε_r	σ(s/m)
Head	1900	55.242	0.306	0	44.452	0	0	40.0	1.40
	2450	62.7	0.5	0	36.8	0	0	39.2	1.80
	2600	55.242	0.306	0	44.452	0	0	39.0	1.96
Body	1900	69.91	0.13	0	29.96	0	0	53.3	1.52
	2450	73.2	0.1	0	26.7	0	0	52.7	1.95
	2600	72.6	0.1	0	27.3	0	0	52.5	2.16

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Measurements results

Frequency (MHz)		Test Date	Temp ℃	Measured Dielectric Parameters		Target Dielectric Parameters		Limit (Within ±5%)	
				σ(s/m)	ε_r	σ(s/m)	ε_r	Dev ε_r(%)	Dev σ(%)
1900	Head	7/26/2019	21.5	1.390	39.800	1.40	40.00	-0.71	-0.50
	Body	7/24/2019	21.5	1.550	52.900	1.52	53.30	1.97	-0.75
2450	Head	7/26/2019	21.5	1.800	40.400	1.80	39.20	0.00	3.06
	Body	7/27/2019	21.5	2.010	53.000	1.95	52.70	3.08	0.57
2600	Head	7/25/2019	21.5	2.030	39.800	1.96	39.00	3.57	2.05
	Body	7/25/2019	21.5	2.080	52.800	2.16	52.50	-3.70	0.57
Note: The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be ≥ 15.0 cm for SAR measurements ≤ 3 GHz and ≥ 10.0 cm for measurements > 3 GHz.									

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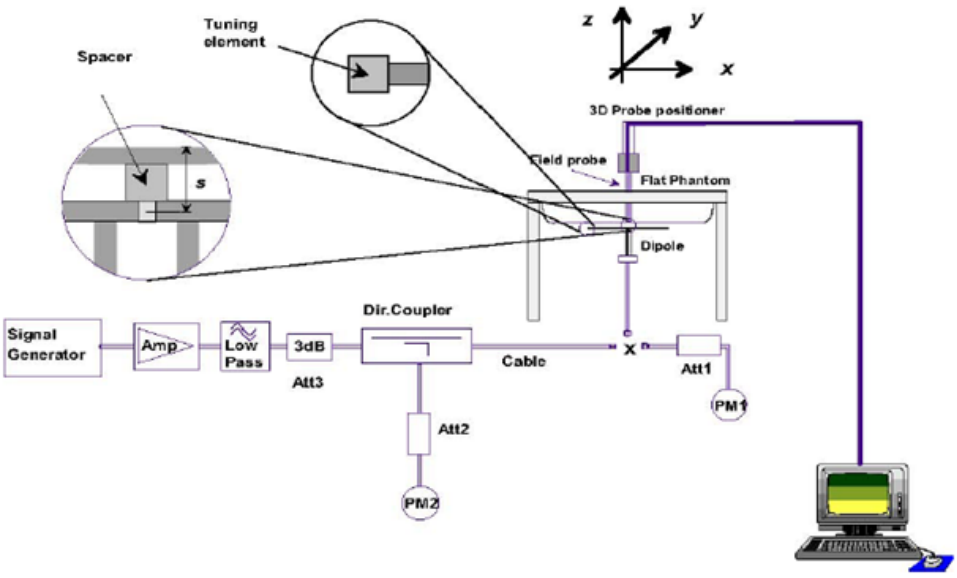
8.2 System Performance Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement for every day was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the Tissue simulates, using the dipole validation kit. The dipole antenna was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom.

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY system.



Picture 1System Performance Check setup

Picture 2 Setup Photo

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Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

Usage of SAR dipoles calibrated less than 3 years ago but more than 1 year ago were confirmed in maintaining return loss (< - 20 dB, within 20% of prior calibration) and impedance (within 5 ohm from prior calibration) requirements per extended calibrations in KDB 865664 D01:

Dipole		Date of Measurement	Return Loss(dB)	Δ %	Impedance (Ω)	ΔΩ
Dipole D1900V2 SN: 5d060	Head Liquid	8/26/2017	-23.4	/	52.0	/
		8/25/2018	-24.7	-5.56	54.4	2.4
	Body Liquid	8/26/2017	-21.4	/	52.7	/
		8/25/2018	-24.6	-14.95	55.6	2.9
Dipole D2450V2 SN: 786	Head Liquid	8/29/2017	-25.5	/	53.4	/
		8/28/2018	-23.0	9.80	57.2	3.8
	Body Liquid	8/29/2017	-23.6	/	51.0	/
		8/28/2018	-23.7	-0.42	55.2	4.2
Dipole D2600V2 SN: 1025	Head Liquid	5/2/2018	-22.0	/	48.1	/
		5/1/2019	-22.5	-2.2	48.7	0.6
	Body Liquid	5/2/2018	-21.9	/	46.6	/
		5/1/2019	-21.8	0.5	46.9	-0.3

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System Check results

Frequency (MHz)		Test Date	Temp ℃	250mW Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	1W Normalized SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	1W Target SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Δ % (Limit ±10%)
1900	Head	7/26/2019	21.5	3.94	39.40	39.60	-0.51
	Body	7/24/2019	21.5	4.16	41.60	39.50	5.32
2450	Head	7/26/2019	21.5	5.10	51.00	52.40	-2.67
	Body	7/27/2019	21.5	4.80	48.00	51.80	-7.34
2600	Head	7/25/2019	21.5	6.03	60.30	56.40	6.91
	Body	7/25/2019	21.5	5.43	54.30	57.60	-5.73
Note：Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate Data Storage and Evaluation.							

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9 Normal and Maximum Output Power

KDB 447498 D01 at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

9.1 GSM Mode

GSM 1900		Burst-Averaged output power(dBm)				Division Factors	Frame-Averaged output power(dBm)			
		Tune-up	Channel/Frenqucy(MHz)				Tune-up	Channel/Frenqucy(MHz)		
		MAX	512 /1850.2	661 /1880	810 /1909.8		MAX	512 /1850.2	661 /1880	810 /1909.8
GSM	CS	30.5	29.85	29.83	29.92	9.03	21.5	20.85	20.83	20.92
GPRS/ EGPRS (GMSK)	1 Tx Slot	30.5	29.75	29.76	29.83	9.03	21.5	20.75	20.76	20.83
	2 Tx Slots	29.0	28.65	28.64	28.72	6.02	23.0	22.65	22.64	22.72
	3 Tx Slots	27.0	26.57	26.60	26.62	4.26	22.7	22.31	22.34	22.36
	4 Tx Slots	26.0	25.68	25.71	25.73	3.01	**23.0**	**22.68**	**22.71**	**22.73**
EGPRS (8PSK)	1 Tx Slot	27.5	27.13	27.07	27.03	9.03	18.5	18.13	18.07	18.03
	2 Tx Slots	27.0	26.12	26.30	26.17	6.02	21.0	20.12	20.30	20.17
	3 Tx Slots	25.0	24.38	24.45	24.33	4.26	20.7	20.12	20.19	20.07
	4 Tx Slots	24.0	23.38	23.55	23.45	3.01	21.0	20.38	20.55	20.45

Notes: The worst-case configuration and mode for SAR testing is determined to be as follows:
1. GSM 1900 GMSK (GPRS) mode with 4 time slots for Max power,based on the output power measurements above..

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9.2 WCDMA Mode

The following tests were completed according to the test requirements outlined in the 3GPP TS34.121 specification.

WCDMA		Band II(dBm)			
Tx Channel		9262	9400	9538	Tune-up Limit
Frequency(MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6	
RMC	12.2kbps	22.78	22.63	22.92	23.5
HSDPA	Sub 1	21.62	21.33	21.87	22.5
	Sub 2	21.65	21.25	21.78	22.5
	Sub 3	21.08	20.77	21.30	22.0
	Sub 4	20.97	20.72	21.04	22.0
HSUPA	Sub 1	19.42	19.27	19.63	20.0
	Sub 2	19.63	19.32	19.84	20.5
	Sub 3	20.31	20.23	20.78	21.5
	Sub 4	19.07	18.87	19.22	20.0
	Sub 5	20.91	21.47	21.38	22.0
Note: 1.Per KDB 941225 D01, SAR for each exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”.					

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9.3 LTE Mode

UE Power Class: 3 (23 +/- 2dBm). The allowed Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for the maximum output power due to higher order modulation and transmit bandwidth configuration (resource blocks) is specified in Table 6.2.3-1 of the 3GPP TS36.101.

Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (N_{RB})						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

LTE FDD Band 7				Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			
				20775/2502.5	21100/2535	21425/2567.5	
5MHz	QPSK	1	0	21.93	21.90	21.69	23.0
		1	13	22.41	22.40	21.85	23.0
		1	24	22.03	21.96	21.59	23.0
		12	0	21.24	21.19	20.83	22.0
		12	6	21.39	21.29	20.84	22.0
		12	13	21.40	21.27	20.71	22.0
		25	0	21.30	21.31	20.81	22.0
	16QAM	1	0	21.16	21.14	20.73	22.0
		1	13	21.41	21.66	21.05	22.0
		1	24	21.19	21.38	20.82	22.0
		12	0	20.14	20.31	19.87	21.0
		12	6	20.22	20.42	19.90	21.0
		12	13	20.20	20.21	19.94	21.0
		25	0	20.30	20.19	19.89	21.0
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit
				20800/2505	21100/2535	21400/2565	
10MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.03	22.06	21.76	23.0
		1	25	22.40	22.28	21.92	23.0
		1	49	21.92	22.06	21.51	23.0
		25	0	21.19	21.26	20.91	22.0
		25	13	21.42	21.29	20.93	22.0
		25	25	21.37	21.38	20.76	22.0
		50	0	21.37	21.28	20.90	22.0
	16QAM	1	0	21.00	21.12	20.81	22.0
		1	25	21.38	21.63	21.01	22.0
		1	49	21.24	21.20	20.82	22.0
		25	0	20.22	20.22	19.84	21.0

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		25	13	20.18	20.36	19.95	21.0
		25	25	20.24	20.35	19.86	21.0
		50	0	20.24	20.21	19.92	21.0
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit
				20825/2507.5	21100/2535	21375/2562.5	
15MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.02	21.95	21.64	23.0
		1	38	22.27	22.45	21.90	23.0
		1	74	22.04	22.09	21.62	23.0
		36	0	21.30	21.26	20.76	22.0
		36	18	21.44	21.37	20.90	22.0
		36	39	21.35	21.33	20.83	22.0
		75	0	21.36	21.24	20.91	22.0
	16QAM	1	0	21.07	21.27	20.73	22.0
		1	38	21.40	21.52	21.15	22.0
		1	74	21.16	21.27	20.77	22.0
		36	0	20.20	20.33	19.92	21.0
		36	18	20.23	20.34	19.89	21.0
		36	39	20.33	20.22	19.89	21.0
		75	0	20.35	20.26	19.97	21.0
Bandwidth	Modulation	RB size	RB offset	Channel/Frequency (MHz)			Tune-up Limit
				20850/2510	21100/2535	21350/2560	
20MHz	QPSK	1	0	22.06	22.08	21.84	23.0
		1	50	22.45	22.46	22.01	23.0
		1	99	22.10	22.14	21.63	23.0
		50	0	21.37	21.39	20.95	22.0
		50	25	21.46	21.47	20.99	22.0
		50	50	21.47	21.41	20.88	22.0
		100	0	21.40	21.41	20.92	22.0
	16QAM	1	0	21.19	21.27	20.89	22.0
		1	50	21.51	21.70	21.18	22.0
		1	99	21.28	21.39	20.83	22.0
		50	0	20.30	20.39	20.02	21.0
		50	25	20.37	20.44	20.05	21.0
		50	50	20.39	20.37	19.97	21.0
		100	0	20.35	20.39	20.02	21.0

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9.4 WLAN Mode

Wi-Fi 2.4G Mode	Channel /Frequency(MHz)	Maximum Output Power (dBm)		
		Tune-up	Meas.	TP Set Level
802.11b (1M)	1/2412	14.00	13.64	17
	6/2437	14.00	12.79	17
	11/2462	14.00	12.74	17
802.11g (6M)	1/2412	11.00	10.62	14
	6/2437	11.00	9.76	14
	11/2462	11.00	9.74	14
802.11n-HT20 (MCS0)	1/2412	11.00	10.53	14
	6/2437	11.00	9.83	14
	11/2462	11.00	9.74	14
802.11n-HT40 (MCS0)	3/2422	10.00	9.40	13
	6/2437	10.00	8.99	13
	9/2452	10.00	8.85	13
Note: Initial test configuration is 802.11b mode.				

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9.5 Bluetooth Mode

BT	Conducted Power(dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
	Channel/Frequency(MHz)			
	Ch 0/2402 MHz	Ch 39/2441 MHz	Ch 78/2480 MHz	
GFSK	6.40	6.59	5.45	7
π/4DQPSK	5.32	5.16	4.92	6
8DPSK	5.59	5.61	4.81	6
BLE	**Ch 0/2402 MHz**	**Ch 19/2440 MHz**	**Ch 39/2480 MHz**	**Tune-up Limit (dBm)**
GFSK	5.85	5.82	4.2	6

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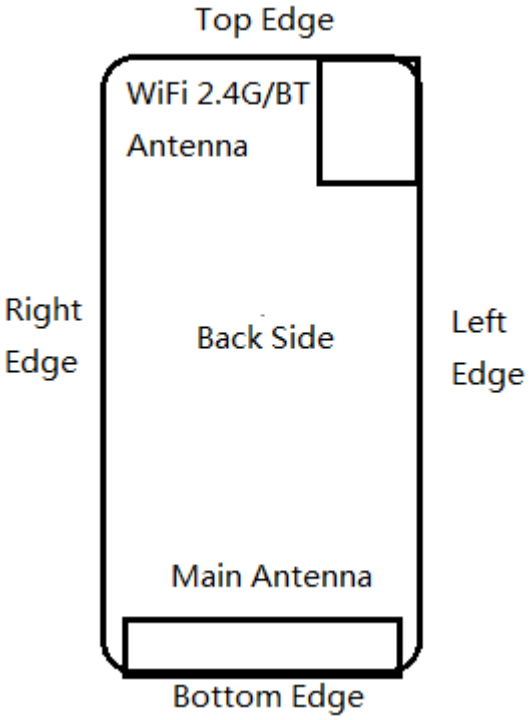
10 Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

10.1 EUT Antenna Locations



Overall (Length x Width): 133mm x 56mm						
Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antenna	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
Main-Antenna	＜25mm	＜25mm	＜25mm	＜25mm	＞25mm	＜25mm
BT/Wi-Fi Antenna	＜25mm	＜25mm	＞25mm	＞25mm	＜25mm	＞25mm
Hotspot mode, Positions for SAR tests						
Mode	Back Side	Front side	Left Edge	Right Edge	Top Edge	Bottom Edge
Main-Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes
BT/Wi-Fi Antenna	Yes	Yes	Yes	N/A	Yes	N/A

Note: 1. Per KDB 941225 D06, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

2. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01,

for each exposure position, testing of other requised channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the reported 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:

a) ≤0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100MHz

b) ≤0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz.

c) ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 Wkg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz.

3.When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.

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4. Per FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04, SAR was evaluated without a headset connected to the device. Since the reported SAR was ≤ 1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset cable were required.

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10.2 Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Per KDB 447498 D01, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] ·[√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for product specific 10-g SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Per KDB 447498 D01, when the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Bluetooth	Distance (mm)	MAXPower (dBm)	Frequency (MHz)	Ratio	Evaluation
Head	5	7	2480	1.58	No
Body-worn	10	7	2480	0.79	No
Hotspot SAR	10	7	2480	0.79	No

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10.3 Measured SAR Results

Table 8: GSM 1900

Test Position	Cover Type	Time slot	Duty Cycle	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Limit of SAR 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				Plot No.
							Measured SAR1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g	
Head SAR											
Left Cheek	Standard	GSM	1:8.3	810/1909.8	30.50	29.92	0.364	0.03	1.14	0.416	/
Left Tilt	Standard	GSM	1:8.3	810/1909.8	30.50	29.92	0.325	-0.04	1.14	0.371	/
Right Cheek	Standard	GSM	1:8.3	810/1909.8	30.50	29.92	0.546	-0.02	1.14	0.624	P01
Right Tilt	Standard	GSM	1:8.3	810/1909.8	30.50	29.92	0.305	-0.01	1.14	0.349	/
Right Cheek	SIM2	GSM	1:8.3	810/1909.8	30.50	29.92	0.519	-0.08	1.14	0.593	/
Body-worn SAR (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	Standard	GSM	1:8.3	661/1880	30.50	29.92	0.535	-0.01	1.14	0.611	P09
Front Side	Standard	GSM	1:8.3	661/1880	30.50	29.92	0.516	0.08	1.14	0.590	/
Back Side	SIM2	GSM	1:8.3	661/1880	30.50	29.92	0.514	-0.02	1.14	0.587	/
Hotspot SAR (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	Standard	4Txslots	1:8.3	512/1850.2	26.0	25.68	1.000	-0.17	1.08	1.076	/
	Standard	4Txslots	1:8.3	810/1909.8	26.0	25.73	0.779	-0.10	1.06	0.829	/
	Standard	4Txslots	1:8.3	661/1880	26.0	25.71	0.908	-0.13	1.07	0.971	/
Front Side	Standard	4Txslots	1:8.3	512/1850.2	26.0	25.68	0.987	0.04	1.08	1.062	/
	Standard	4Txslots	1:8.3	810/1909.8	26.0	25.73	0.773	0.05	1.06	0.823	/
	Standard	4Txslots	1:8.3	661/1880	26.0	25.71	0.894	-0.01	1.07	0.956	/
Left Edge	Standard	4Txslots	1:8.3	810/1909.8	26.0	25.73	0.292	-0.16	1.06	0.311	/
Right Edge	Standard	4Txslots	1:8.3	810/1909.8	26.0	25.73	0.481	-0.15	1.06	0.512	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	Standard	4Txslots	1:8.3	810/1909.8	26.0	25.73	0.401	0.05	1.06	0.427	/
Back Side	SIM2	4Txslots	1:8.3	512/1850.2	26.0	25.68	1.01	-0.04	1.08	1.087	P05
Back Side	Repeated	4Txslots	1:8.3	512/1850.2	26.0	25.68	0.998	0.03	1.08	1.074	/

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. When multiple slots are used, SAR should be tested to account for the maximum source-based time-averaged output power.

3. Accessories that do not contain RF transmitters and have been proven to increase the peak SAR by less than 5 %, such as hands-free kits, do not need SAR tests separate from the SAR tests attached to a main EUT configuration.

Measurement Variability				
Test Position	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	MAX Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	1st Repeated SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Ratio
Back Side	512/1850.2	1.01	0.998	1.01

Note: 1) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).

2) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the

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ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

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Table 9: UMTS Band II (Main-antenna)

Test Position	Cover Type	Channel Type	Duty Cycle	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up (dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Limit of SAR 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				Plot No.
							Measured SAR1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g	
Head SAR											
Left Cheek	Standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9538/1907.6	23.5	22.92	0.279	0.10	1.14	0.319	/
Left Tilt	Standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9538/1907.6	23.5	22.92	0.271	0.13	1.14	0.310	/
Right Cheek	Standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9538/1907.6	23.5	22.92	0.454	-0.05	1.14	0.519	/
Right Tilt	Standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9538/1907.6	23.5	22.92	0.254	0.09	1.14	0.290	/
Right Cheek	SIM2	GSM	1:1	9538/1907.6	23.5	22.92	0.479	-0.12	1.14	0.547	P02
Hotspot SAR /Body-worn SAR (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	Standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9538/1907.6	23.5	22.92	0.631	0.05	1.14	0.721	P06
Front Side	Standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9538/1907.6	23.5	22.92	0.622	0.02	1.14	0.711	/
Left Edge	Standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9538/1907.6	23.5	22.92	0.299	-0.03	1.14	0.342	/
Right Edge	Standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9538/1907.6	23.5	22.92	0.488	-0.03	1.14	0.558	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	Standard	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9538/1907.6	23.5	22.92	0.449	0.00	1.14	0.513	/
Back Side	SIM2	RMC 12.2K	1:1	9538/1907.6	23.5	22.92	0.607	0.04	1.14	0.694	/

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

2. When the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

3.Accessories that do not contain RF transmitters and have been proven to increase the peak SAR by less than 5 %, such as hands-free kits, do not need SAR tests separate from the SAR tests attached to a main EUT configuration.

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Table 10: LTE Band 7

Test Position	Cover Type	Duty Cycle	RB allocation	RB offset	Channel	Tune-up (dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Limit of SAR 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				Plot No.
								Measured SAR1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR1g	
Head SAR (QPSK)												
Left Cheek	Standard	1:1	1	50	21100	23.0	22.46	0.683	0.010	1.13	0.773	/
Left Tilt	Standard	1:1	1	50	21100	23.0	22.46	0.423	-0.030	1.13	0.479	/
Right Cheek	Standard	1:1	1	50	21100	23.0	22.46	0.688	-0.010	1.13	0.779	P03
Right Tilt	Standard	1:1	1	50	21100	23.0	22.46	0.250	-0.010	1.13	0.283	/
Left Cheek	Standard	1:1	50%	25	21100	23.0	22.47	0.546	-0.010	1.13	0.617	/
Left Tilt	Standard	1:1	50%	25	21100	23.0	22.47	0.351	-0.010	1.13	0.397	/
Right Cheek	Standard	1:1	50%	25	21100	23.0	22.47	0.532	-0.020	1.13	0.601	/
Right Tilt	Standard	1:1	50%	25	21100	23.0	22.47	0.199	-0.040	1.13	0.225	/
Right Cheek	SIM2	1:1	1	50	21100	23.0	22.46	0.633	0.040	1.13	0.717	/
Right Cheek	Standard	1:1	1	50	21100	23.0	22.46	0.644	0.030	1.13	0.729	/
Body-worn SAR /Hotspot SAR(QPSK, Distance 10mm)												
Back Side	Standard	1:1	1	50	21100	23.0	22.46	1.000	-0.17	1.13	1.132	P07
	Standard	1:1	1	50	20850	23.0	22.45	0.989	0.18	1.14	1.123	/
	Standard	1:1	1	50	21350	23.0	22.01	0.923	-0.03	1.26	1.159	/
Front Side	Standard	1:1	1	50	21100	23.0	22.46	0.691	-0.06	1.13	0.782	/
Left Edge	Standard	1:1	1	50	21100	23.0	22.46	0.064	-0.09	1.13	0.072	/
Right Edge	Standard	1:1	1	50	21100	23.0	22.46	0.260	-0.02	1.13	0.294	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	Standard	1:1	1	50	21100	23.0	22.46	0.931	-0.04	1.13	1.054	/
	Standard	1:1	1	50	20850	23.0	22.45	0.871	0.06	1.14	0.989	/
	Standard	1:1	1	50	21350	23.0	22.01	0.910	0.06	1.26	1.143	/
Back Side	Standard	1:1	50%	25	21100	22.0	21.47	0.921	-0.04	1.13	1.041	/
	Standard	1:1	50%	50	20850	22.0	21.47	0.960	-0.02	1.13	1.085	/
	Standard	1:1	50%	25	21350	22.0	20.99	0.879	-0.10	1.26	1.109	/
Front Side	Standard	1:1	50%	25	21100	22.0	21.47	0.541	-0.02	1.13	0.611	/
Left Edge	Standard	1:1	50%	25	21100	22.0	21.47	0.047	-0.05	1.13	0.053	/
Right Edge	Standard	1:1	50%	25	21100	22.0	21.47	0.234	-0.02	1.13	0.264	/
Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bottom Edge	Standard	1:1	50%	25	21100	22.0	21.47	0.701	0.05	1.13	0.792	/
Back Side	Standard	1:1	100%	0	21100	22.0	21.41	0.937	-0.03	1.15	1.073	/
Bottom Edge	Standard	1:1	100%	0	21100	22.0	21.41	0.696	0.04	1.15	0.797	/
Back Side	SIM2	1:1	1	50	21100	23.0	22.46	0.972	0.04	1.13	1.101	/
Back Side	Repeated	1:1	1	50	21100	23.0	22.46	0.998	0.06	1.13	1.130	/
Back Side	Standard	1:1	1	50	21100	23.0	22.46	0.951	-0.17	1.13	1.077	/

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

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2.For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is required when and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in are≥ 50% limit(1g).

3.Accessories that do not contain RF transmitters and have been proven to increase the peak SAR by less than 5 %, such as hands-free kits, do not need SAR tests separate from the SAR tests attached to a main EUT configuration.

Measurement Variability				
Test Position	**Channel**	**MAX Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)**	**1st Repeated SAR_{1g} (W/kg)**	**Ratio**
Back Side	21100	1.000	0.998	1.00

Note: 1) A second repeated measurement was preformed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement was ≥ 1.45 W/kg (~ 10% from the 1-g SAR limit).
2) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20.

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Table 11: Wi-Fi (2.4G)

Test Position	Cover Type	Mode 802.11b	Duty Cycle	Channel	Tune-up dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Limit of SAR 1.6 W/kg (mW/g)				Plot No.
							Zoom Scan SAR 1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR 1g	
Head SAR											
Left Cheek	standard	802.11b	100.0%	1	14.0	13.46	0.194	0.14	1.13	0.220	/
Left Tilt	standard	802.11b	100.0%	1	14.0	13.46	0.125	-0.01	1.13	0.142	/
Right Cheek	standard	802.11b	100.0%	1	14.0	13.46	0.483	0.03	1.13	0.547	P04
Right Tilt	standard	802.11b	100.0%	1	14.0	13.46	0.197	-0.12	1.13	0.223	/
Body-worn SAR (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	Standard	802.11b	100.0%	1	14.0	13.46	0.090	0.09	1.13	0.102	P10
Front Side	Standard	802.11b	100.0%	1	14.0	13.46	0.056	0.1	1.13	0.063	/
Body-worn/Hotspot SAR (Distance 10mm)											
Back Side	Standard	802.11b	100.0%	1	14.0	13.46	0.090	0.09	1.13	0.102	/
Front Side	Standard	802.11b	100.0%	1	14.0	13.46	0.056	0.10	1.13	0.063	/
Left Edge	Standard	802.11b	100.0%	1	14.0	13.46	0.138	-0.11	1.13	0.156	P08
Right Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Top Edge	Standard	802.11b	100.0%	1	14.0	13.46	0.03	-0.10	1.13	0.034	/
Bottom Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

MAX Adjusted SAR							
Mode	Test Position	Channel	MAX Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	802.11b Tune-up limit (dBm)	Tune-up limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Adjusted SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
802.11g	Right Cheek	1	0.547	14	11	0.50	0.274
802.11n HT20	Right Cheek	1	0.547	14	11	0.50	0.274
802.11n HT40	Right Cheek	1	0.547	14	10	0.40	0.218

Note: SAR is not required for OFDM when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.

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Table 12: BT

Band	Configuration	Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Power (dBm)	Separation Distance (mm)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)
Bluetooth	Head SAR	2480	7	5	0.210
	Body-worn	2480	7	10	0.105
	Hotspot SAR	2480	7	10	0.105
For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01 based on the formula below. (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[√f(GHz)/x] W/kg for test separation distances ≤ 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.					

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10.4 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
GSM + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes
WCDMA + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE + Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes
GSM + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
WCDMA + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
LTE + Wi-Fi-2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wi-Fi-2.4GHz + Bluetooth	N/A	N/A	N/A

General Note:

1. The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
2. Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,

i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.

iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

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The maximum SAR_{1g} Valuefor Main-Antenna

TestPosition \ SAR_{1g}(W/kg)		GSM 1900	WCDMA Band II	LTE FDD7	MAX. SAR_{1g}
Left Cheek		0.416	0.319	0.773	0.773
Left Tilt		0.371	0.310	0.479	0.479
Right Cheek		0.624	0.547	0.779	0.779
Right Tilt		0.349	0.290	0.283	0.349
Body worn	Back Side	0.611	0.721	1.159	1.159
	Front Side	0.590	0.711	0.782	0.782
Hotspot	Back Side	1.087	0.721	1.159	1.159
	Front Side	1.062	0.711	0.782	1.062
	Left Edge	0.311	0.342	0.072	0.342
	Right Edge	0.512	0.558	0.294	0.558
	Top Edge	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Bottom Edge	0.427	0.513	1.143	1.143

About BT and Main- Antenna

Test Position \ SAR_{1g}(W/kg)		Main-antenna	BT	MAX. ΣSAR_{1g}
Left Cheek		0.773	0.210	0.983
Left Tilt		0.479	0.210	0.689
Right Cheek		0.779	0.210	0.989
Right Tilt		0.349	0.210	0.559
Body worn	Back Side	1.159	0.105	1.264
	Front Side	0.782	0.105	0.887
Hotspot	Back Side	1.159	0.105	1.264
	Front Side	1.062	0.105	1.167
	Left Edge	0.342	0.105	0.447
	Right Edge	0.558	0.105	0.663
	Top Edge	0	0.105	0.105
	Bottom Edge	1.143	0.105	1.248

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR_{1g} Value.
2.MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} =Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} +Licensed SAR_{MAX}

MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} =1.264W/kg<1.6W/kg so the Simultaneous transimition SAR with volum scan are not required for BT and Main-Antenna.

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About Wi-Fi and Main-Antenna

Test Position \ SAR_{1g}(W/kg)		Main-antenna	Wi-Fi 2.4G	MAX. ΣSAR_{1g}
Left, Cheek		0.773	0.220	0.993
Left, Tilt		0.479	0.142	0.621
Right, Cheek		0.779	0.547	1.326
Right, Tilt		0.349	0.223	0.572
Body worn	Back Side	1.159	0.102	1.261
	Front Side	0.782	0.063	0.845
Hotspot	Back Side	1.159	0.102	1.261
	Front Side	1.062	0.063	1.125
	Left Edge	0.342	0.156	0.498
	Right Edge	0.558	0	0.558
	Top Edge	0	0.034	0.034
	Bottom Edge	1.143	0	1.143

Note: 1.The value with blue color is the maximum ΣSAR_{1g}Value.
2.MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} =Unlicensed SAR_{MAX} +Licensed SAR_{MAX}

MAX. ΣSAR_{1g} =1.326W/kg<1.6W/kg, so the SAR to peak location separation ratio should be considered.

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11 Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528- 2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. This also applies to the 10-g SAR required for phablets in KDB Publication 648474.

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ANNEX A: Test Layout

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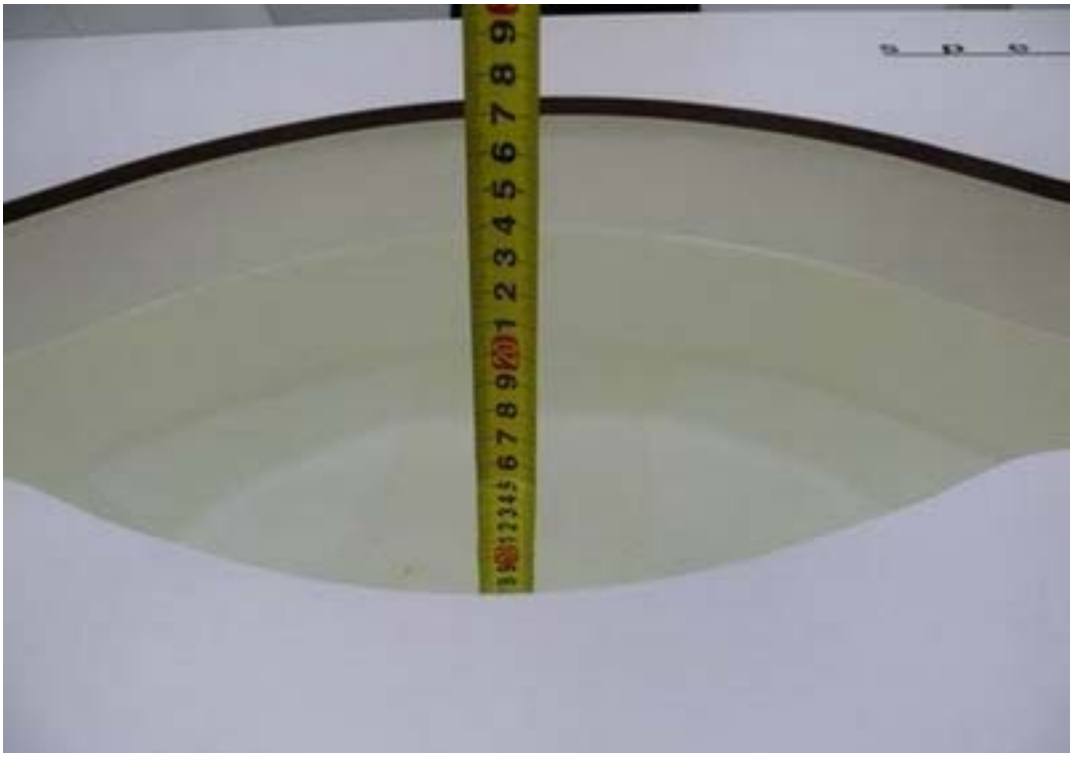
Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the flat phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For Head and Body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Picture 3 and Picture 4.

Picture 3: liquid depth in the head Phantom



Picture 4: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom

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ANNEX B:The EUT Appearances and Test Configuration

Front Side

Back Side

a: EUT

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Adapter 1

Adapter 2

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Adapter 3

Adapter 4

b: Adapter

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c: USB Cable

Earphone 1

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Earphone 2

d: Earphone

Picture 5: Constituents of EUT

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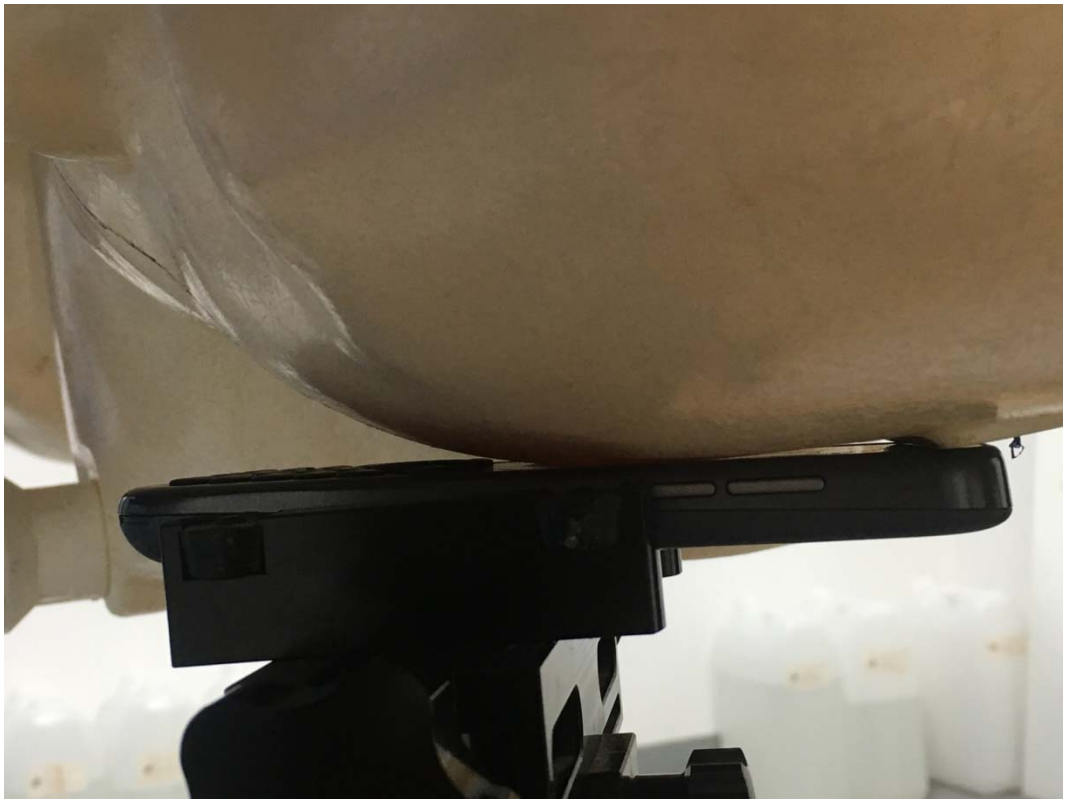
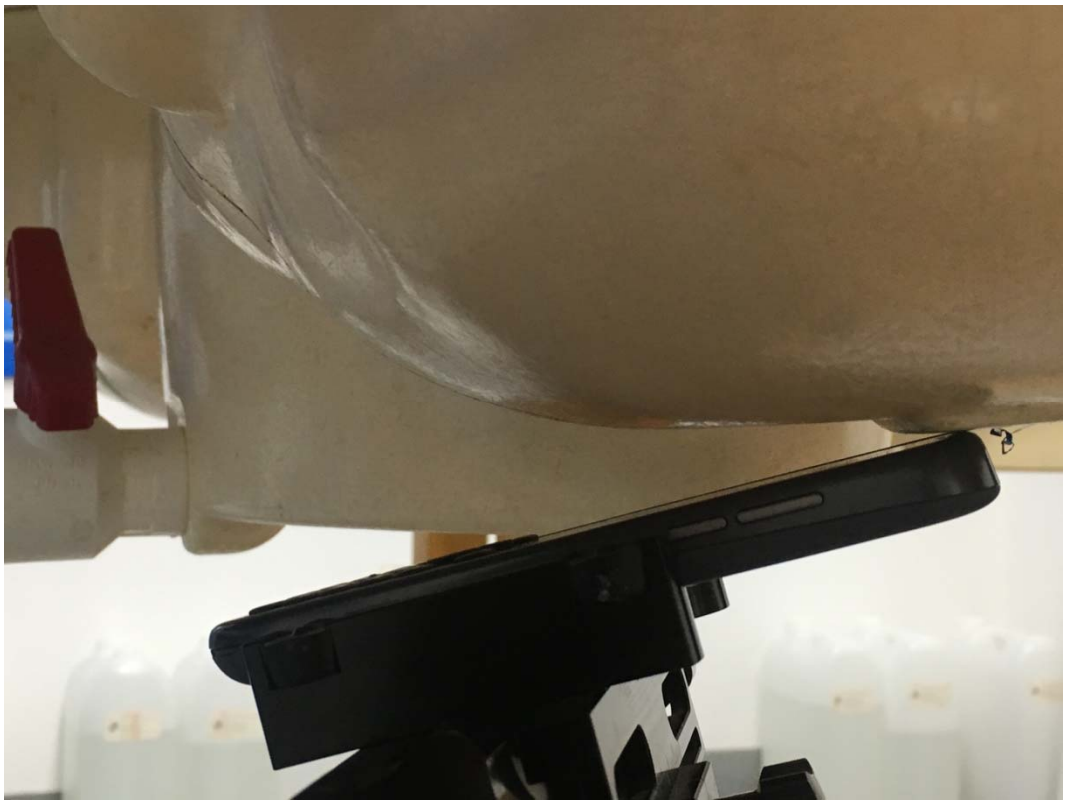


Picture 6:Left Hand Touch Cheek Position



Picture 7: Left Hand Tilt 15 Degree Position

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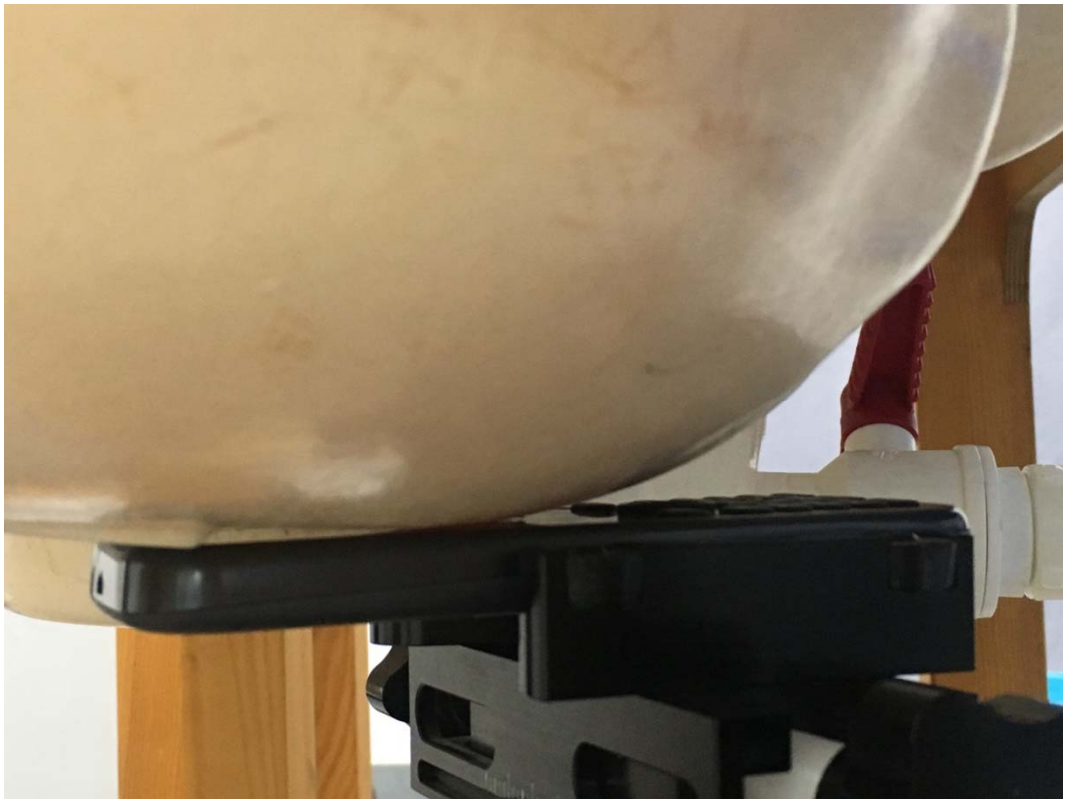
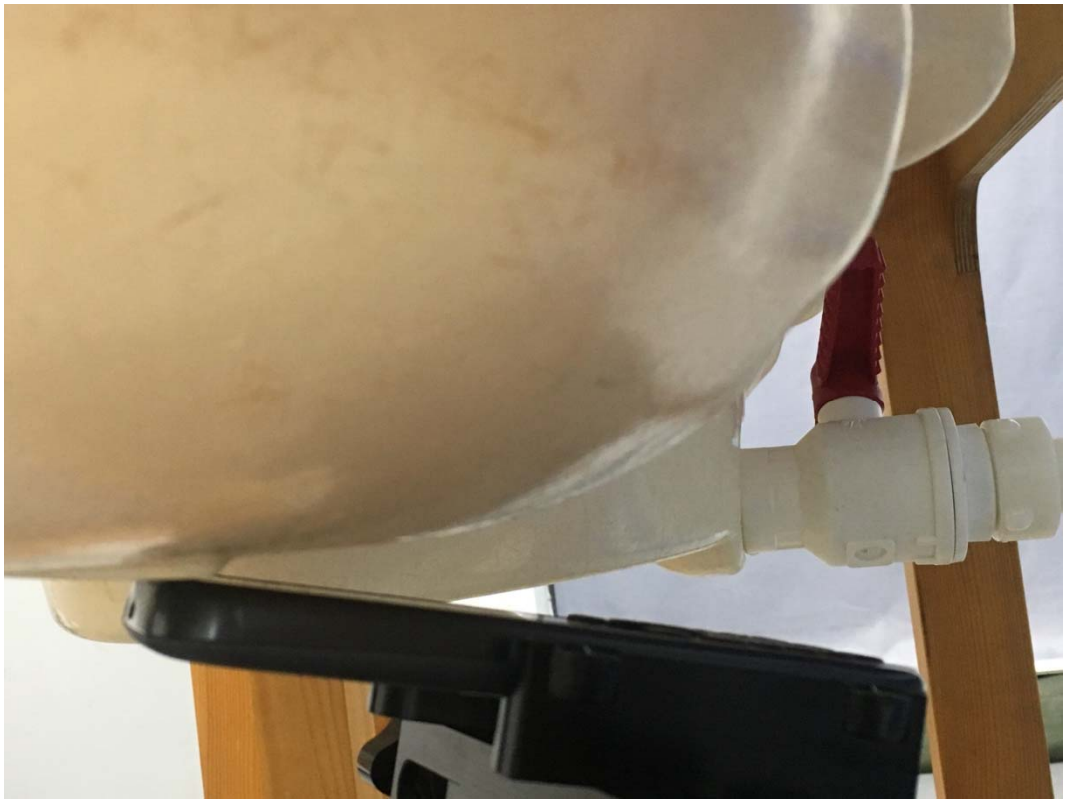


Picture 8: Right Hand Touch Cheek Position



Picture 9: Right Hand Tilt 15 Degree Position

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Picture 10: Back Side, the distance from handset to the bottom of the Phantom is 10mm

Picture 11: Front Side, the distance from handset to the bottom of the Phantom is 10mm

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Picture 12: Left Side, the distance from handset to the bottom of the Phantom is 10mm

Picture 13: Right Side, the distance from handset to the bottom of the Phantom is 10mm

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Picture 14: Top Side, the distance from handset to the bottom of the Phantom is 10mm

Picture 15: Bottom Side, the distance from handset to the bottom of the Phantom is 10mm

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ANNEX C: System Check Results

ANNEX D: Highest Graph Results

ANNEX E: Calibration Certificate

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