

TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-5417/17-02-02-A

Testing laboratory

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Accredited Testing Laboratory:

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-03

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Test standard/s

47 CFR Part 15

Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices

RSS - 247 Issue 2

Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

RSS - Gen Issue 5

Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification - General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item: Alarm system

Model name: XTO640

FCC ID: 8816A-XT07

IC: X46XT07

Frequency band: DTS band 902 MHz to 928 MHz

Technology tested: Proprietary FHSS

Antenna: 1 integrated PCB antenna

Power supply: 14.4 V DC by 4 Lithium LSH20 type batteries

Temperature range: -25°C to +70°C



This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorized:



Christoph Schneider
Lab Manager
Radio Communications & EMC

Test performed:



Alexander Becker
Testing Manager
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2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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This test report replaces the test report with the number 1-5417/17-02-02 and dated 2018-07-11.

2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2018-01-25
Date of receipt of test item:	2018-02-03
Start of test:	2018-02-03
End of test:	2018-07-11
Person(s) present during the test:	-/-

2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

3 Test standard/s and references

Test standard	Date	Description
47 CFR Part 15	-/-	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 2	February 2017	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
RSS - Gen Issue 5	April 2018	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification - General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

Guidance	Version	Description
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American national standard for methods of measurement of radio-noise emissions from low-voltage electrical and electronic equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American national standard of procedures for compliance testing of unlicensed wireless devices

4 Test environment

Temperature	:	T_{nom} T_{max} T_{min}	+22 °C during room temperature tests No tests under extreme temperature conditions required. No tests under extreme temperature conditions required.
Relative humidity content	:		42 %
Barometric pressure	:		1021 hpa
Power supply	:	V_{nom} V_{max} V_{min}	14.4 V DC by 4 Lithium LSH20 type batteries No tests under extreme voltage conditions required. No tests under extreme voltage conditions required.

5 Test item

5.1 General description

Kind of test item	:	Alarm system
Type identification	:	XTO640
HMN	:	-/-
PMN	:	XTO640
HVIN	:	XTO640
FVIN	:	-/-
S/N serial number	:	F5A04717E2AA0003
HW hardware status	:	5CA1299C-0f (Motherboard) 5CA0775A-0b (Input/Output board)
SW software status	:	V.04.04.8H.04028D
Frequency band	:	DTS band 902 MHz to 928 MHz
Type of radio transmission	:	FHSS
Use of frequency spectrum	:	
Type of modulation	:	GFSK
Number of channels	:	25
Antenna	:	1 integrated PCB antenna
Power supply	:	14.4 V DC by 4 Lithium LSH20 type batteries
Temperature range	:	-25°C to +70°C

5.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup and EUT photos are included in test report:

- 1-5417/17-02-01_AnnexA
- 1-5417/17-02-01_AnnexB
- 1-5417/17-02-01_AnnexD

6 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

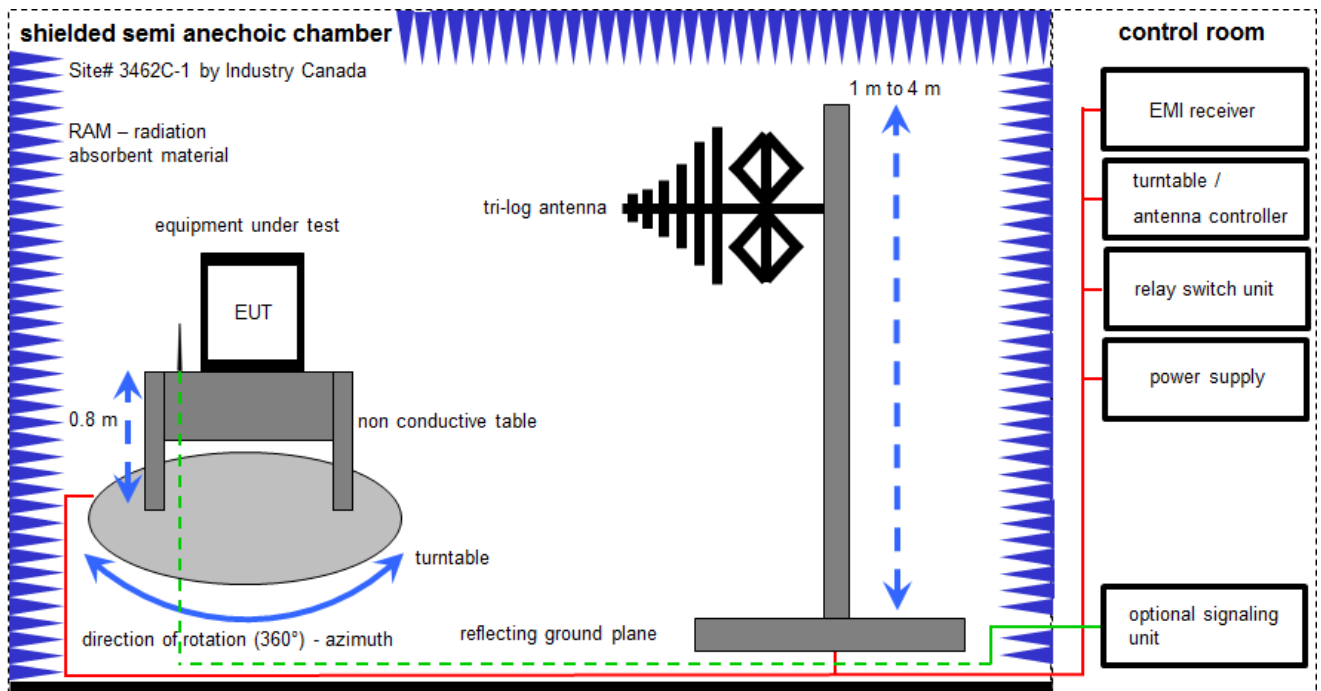
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vlk!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

6.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter
 EMC32 software version: 10.30.0

FS = UR + CL + AF
 (FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

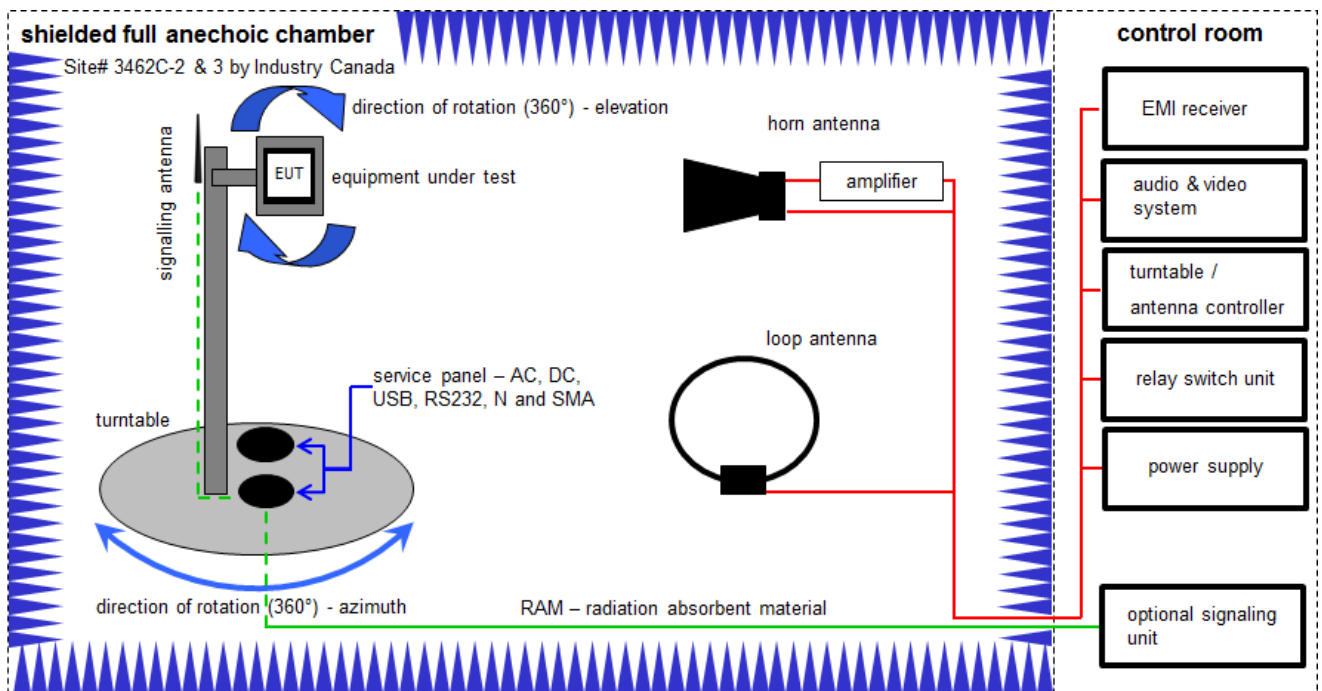
Example calculation:

FS [dB μ V/m] = 12.35 [dB μ V/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dB μ V/m] (35.69 μ V/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	Meßkabine 1	HF-Absorberhalle	MWB AG 300023	-/-	300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 3	R&S	100083	300003312	k	15.12.2017	14.12.2018
4	A	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
5	A	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
6	A	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
7	A	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck Mess - Elektronik	371	300003854	vIKI!	24.11.2017	23.11.2020

6.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter

BAT-EMC software version: 3.16.0.49

$$FS = UR + CA + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:

$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 40.0 [dB\mu V/m] + (-35.8) [dB] + 32.9 [dB/m] = 37.1 [dB\mu V/m] (71.61 \mu V/m)$$

$$OP = AV + D - G + CA$$

(OP-radiated output power; AV-analyzer value; D-free field attenuation of measurement distance;

G-antenna gain+amplifier gain; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:

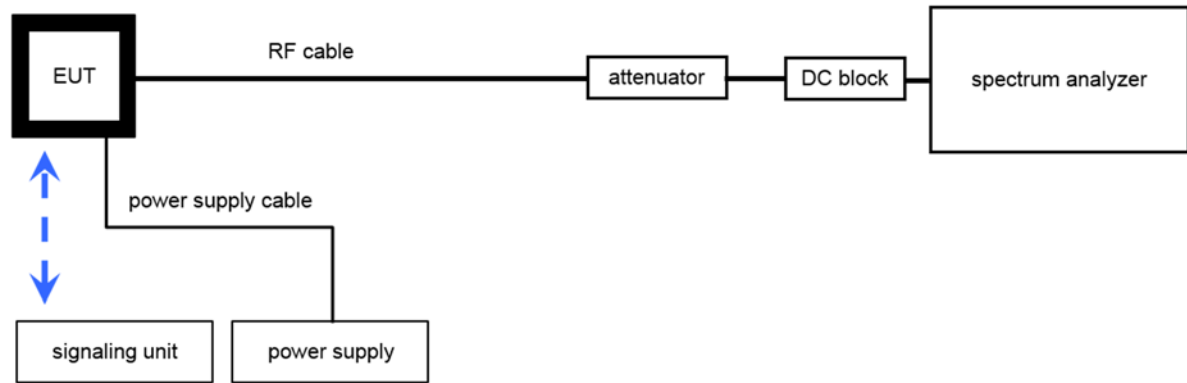
$$OP [dBm] = -39.0 [dBm] + 57.0 [dB] - 12.0 [dBi] + (-36.0) [dB] = -30 [dBm] (1 \mu W)$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	C	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	8812-3088	300001032	vKI!	07.07.2017	06.07.2019
2	A	Active Loop Antenna 9 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	vKI!	07.07.2017	06.07.2019
3	C	Highpass Filter	WHK1.1/15G-10SS	Wainwright	37	400000148	ne	-/-	-/-
4	B	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck Mess - Elektronik	318	300003696	vKI!	23.05.2017	22.05.2020
5	C	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22051	300004483	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A, B, C	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000032	300004510	ne	-/-	-/-
7	A, B, C	Computer	Intel Core i3 3220/3,3 GHz, Prozessor	-/-	2V2403033A54 21	300004591	ne	-/-	-/-
8	A, B, C	NEXIO EMV-Software	BAT EMC V3.16.0.49	EMCO	-/-	300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
9	A, B, C	Anechoic chamber	-/-	TDK	-/-	300003726	ne	-/-	-/-
10	A, B, C	EMI Test Receiver 9kHz-26,5GHz	ESR26	R&S	101376	300005063	k	14.12.2017	13.12.2018

6.3 Conducted measurements

Conducted measurements normal conditions



OP = AV + CA
 (OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:

OP [dBm] = 6.0 [dBm] + 11.7 [dB] = 17.7 [dBm] (58.88 mW)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Hygro-Thermometer	-/-, 5-45°C, 20-100%rF	Thies Clima	-/-	400000108	ev	11.05.2018	10.05.2020
2	A	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	16.01.2018	15.01.2019
3	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/60	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 606844	400001181	ev	-/-	-/-
4	A	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet	-/-	400001185	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	Coax Attenuator 10 dB 2W 0-40 GHz	MCL BW-K10-2W44+	Mini Circuits	-/-	400001186	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A	Synchron Power Meter	SPM-4	CTC	1	300005580	ev	-/-	-/-

7 Sequence of testing

7.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, it is placed on a table with 0.8 m height.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement*

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the pre-measurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°.
- Loop antenna is rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. (For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT)
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

*)Note: The sequence will be repeated three times with different EUT orientations.

7.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position $\pm 45^\circ$ and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

7.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

8 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty	
Test case	Uncertainty
Antenna gain	± 3 dB
Carrier frequency separation	± 21.5 kHz
Number of hopping channels	-/-
Spectrum bandwidth	± 21.5 kHz absolute; ± 15.0 kHz relative
Maximum output power	± 1 dB
Detailed conducted spurious emissions @ the band edge	± 1 dB
Band edge compliance radiated	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions conducted	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB

9 Summary of measurement results

☒	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
☐	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
☐	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 15 RSS - 247, Issue 2	See table	2018-09-12	-/-

Test specification clause	Test case	Temperature conditions	Power source voltages	Mode	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
§15.247(b)(4) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (b)	Antenna gain	Nominal	Nominal	CW modulated	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (b)	Carrier frequency separation	Nominal	Nominal	TX hopping	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (d)	Number of hopping channels	Nominal	Nominal	TX hopping	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(a)(1) (iii) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (d)	Time of occupancy (dwell time)	Nominal	Nominal	TX hopping	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (a)	Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	CW modulated	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(b)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (b)	Maximum output power	Nominal	Nominal	CW modulated	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted	Nominal	Nominal	TX hopping	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.205 RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS - Gen	Band edge compliance radiated	Nominal	Nominal	-/-	☐	☐	☒	☐	No restricted band nearby
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Spurious emissions conducted	Nominal	Nominal	CW modulated	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.209(a) RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	Nominal	Nominal	CW modulated	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 §15.109 RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	Nominal	Nominal	CW modulated / RX mode	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 §15.109 RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz	Nominal	Nominal	CW modulated / RX mode	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.107(a) §15.207	Conducted emissions below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	Nominal	Nominal	-/-	☐	☐	☒	☐	Battery powered only

Note: C = Compliant; NC = Not compliant; NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

10 RF measurements

10.1 Additional comments

Reference documents: None

Special test descriptions: None

Configuration descriptions: None

Test mode: ☒ Special software is used.
EUT is transmitting pseudo random data by itself

11 Measurement results

11.1 Antenna gain

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 MHz
Span	5 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2 B (radiated) See sub clause 6.3 A (conducted)
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Antenna gain	
The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.	

Results:

	Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
Conducted power [dBm]	17.5	17.0	16.1
Radiated power [dBm]	21.8	21.3	20.1
Gain [dBi] Calculated	4.3	4.3	4.0

11.2 Carrier Frequency Separation

Description:

Measurement of the carrier frequency separation of a hopping system. The carrier frequency separation is constant for all modulation-modes. We use DBPSK-modulation to show compliance. EUT in hopping mode.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	10 kHz
Video bandwidth	30 kHz
Span	See plots
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.3 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

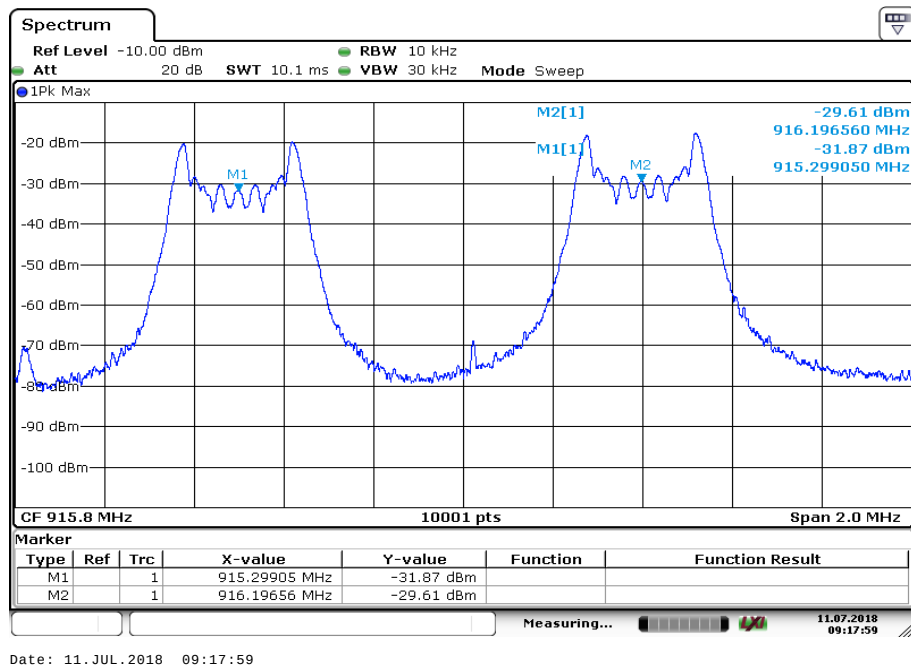
Limits:

FCC	IC
Carrier frequency separation	
Minimum 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping system whichever is greater. The two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth for IC is only valid for the ISM band 2400 – 2483.5 MHz.	

Result: The channel separation is 897.5 kHz.

Plots:

Plot 1: Frequency separation



11.3 Number of Hopping Channels

Description:

Measurement of the total number of used hopping channels.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz
Span	See plots
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.3 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

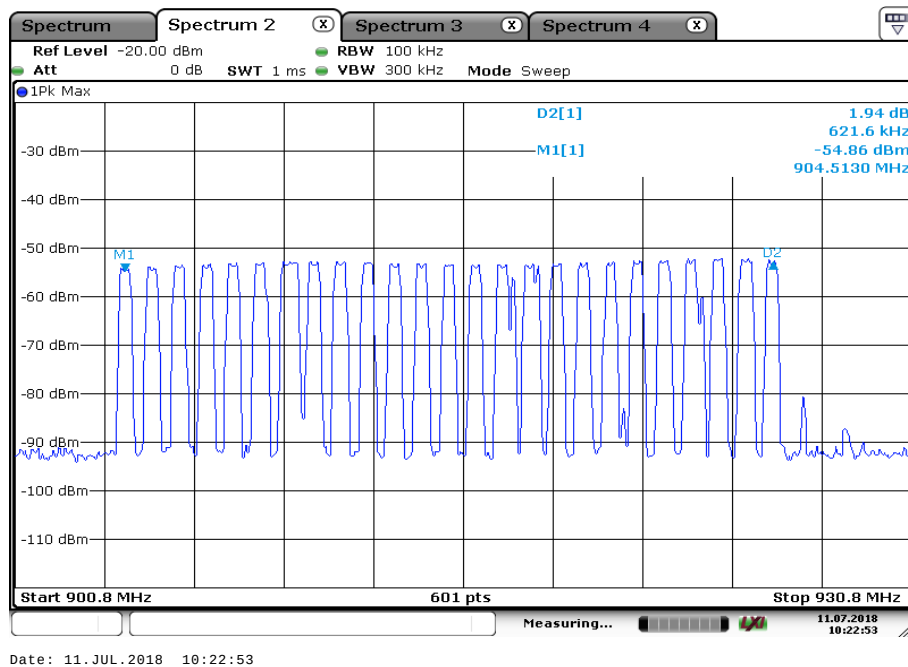
Limits:

FCC	IC
Number of hopping channels	
At least 15 non overlapping hopping channels. If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping channels.	

Result: The EUT uses 25 channels.

Plots:

Plot 1: Number channels



11.4 Average Time of Occupancy (dwell time)

Measurement:

The measurement is performed in zero span mode to show that none of the 25 used channels is allocated more than 0.4 seconds within a 10 seconds interval.

Limits:

FCC	IC
Average time of occupancy	
For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: If the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within 10 second period.	

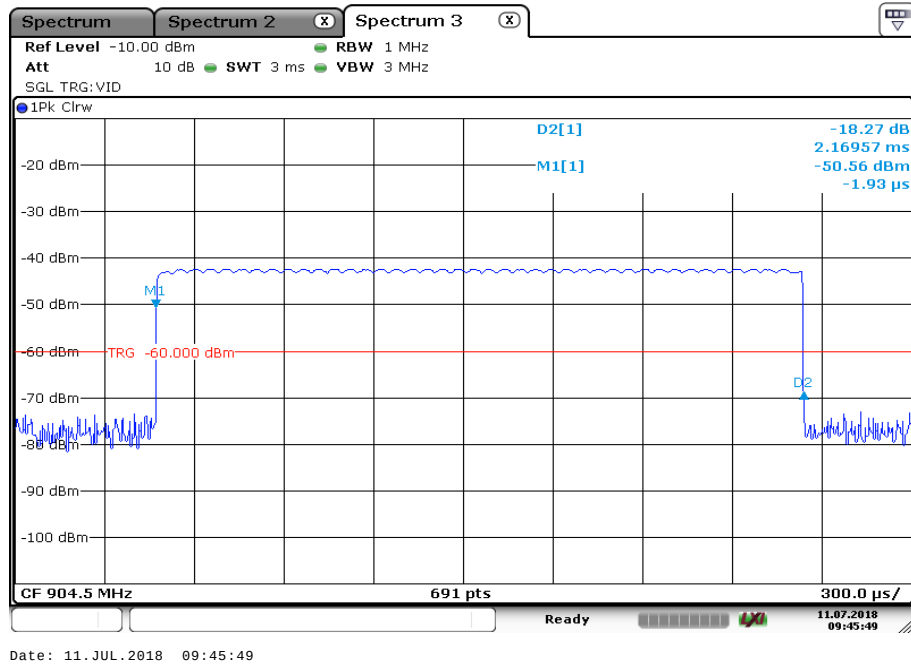
Result: The time slot length is = 2.17 ms
Number of hops / channel @ 1s = 17

Within 10 s period, the average time of occupancy = $10s \cdot 17 \cdot 2.17 \text{ ms}$

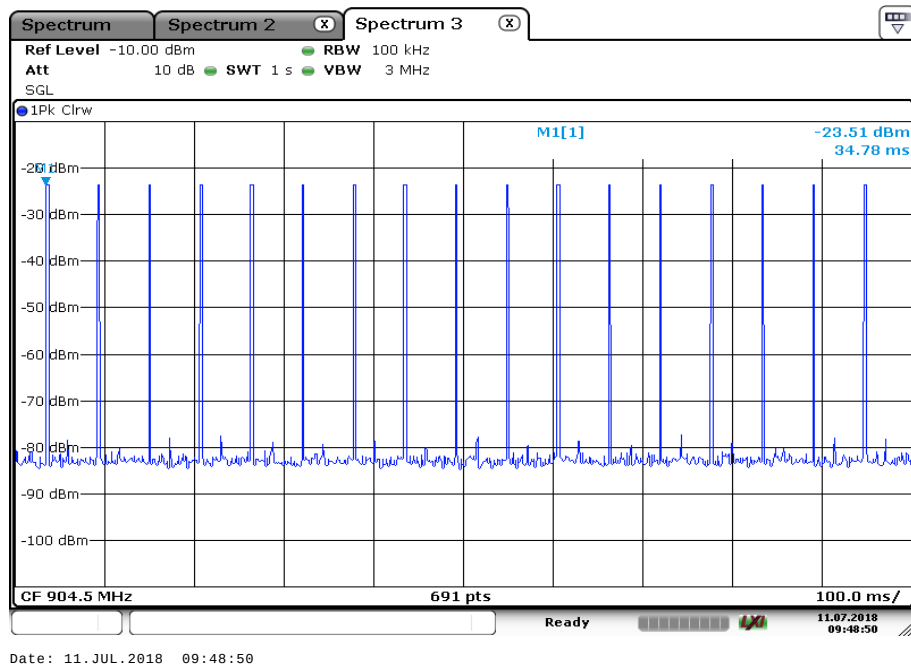
→ The average time of occupancy = 368.9 ms

Plots:

Plot 1: Time slot length = 2.17 ms



Plot 2: hops / channel @ 1s = 17



11.5 Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system

Description:

Measurement of the 20dB bandwidth and 99% bandwidth of the modulated signal. The measurement is performed according to the "Measurement Guidelines" (DA 00-705, March 30, 2000). EUT in single channel mode.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	1 kHz
Video bandwidth	10 kHz
Span	See plots
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.3 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system	
DBPSK < 1500 kHz	

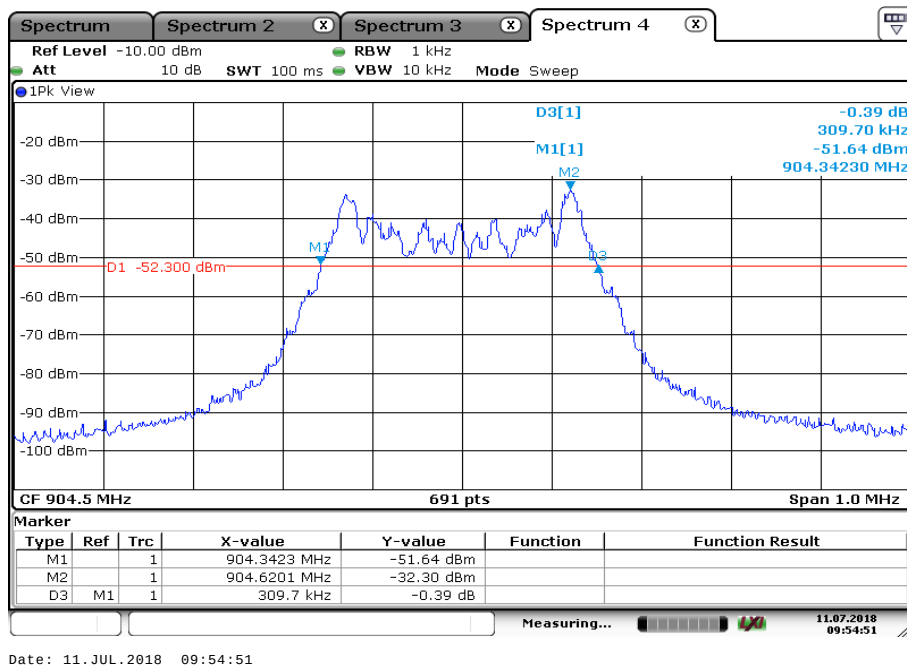
Result:

Test Conditions		20dB BANDWIDTH [kHz]		
		Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	309.7	312.6	303.9

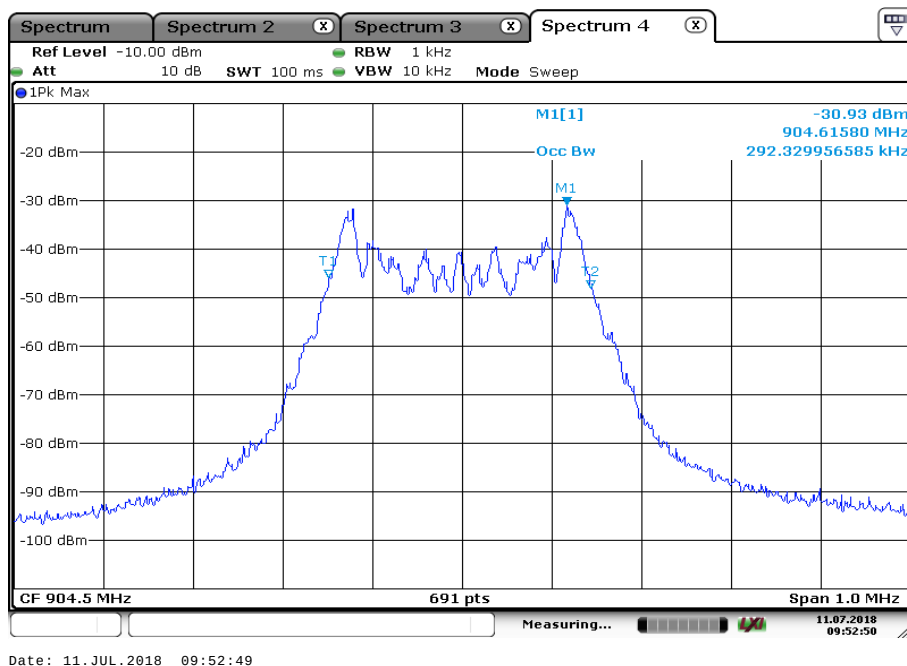
Test Conditions		99% BANDWIDTH [kHz]		
		Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	292.3	295.2	290.9

Plots:

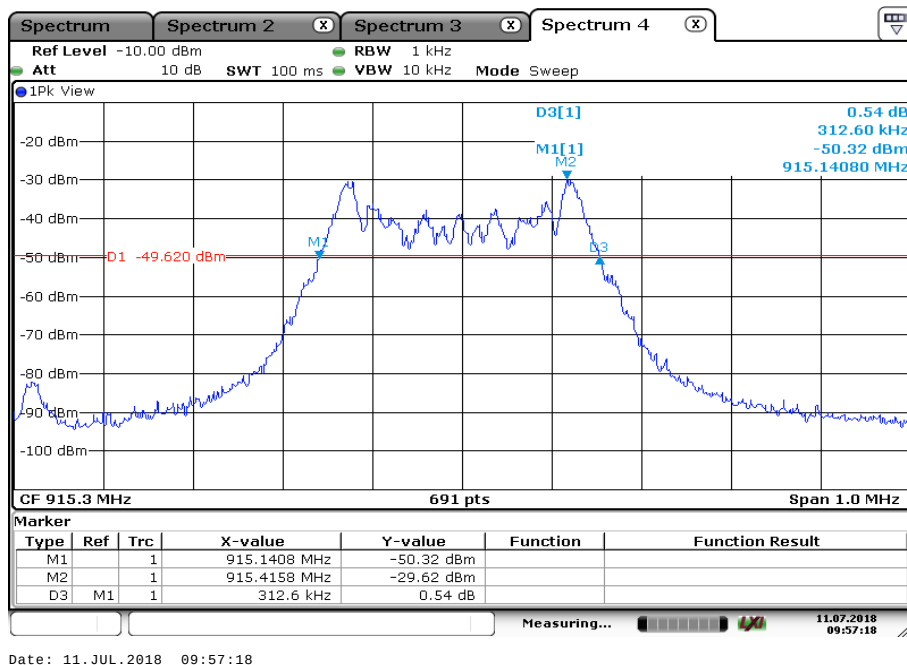
Plot 1: Low channel; 20 dB bandwidth



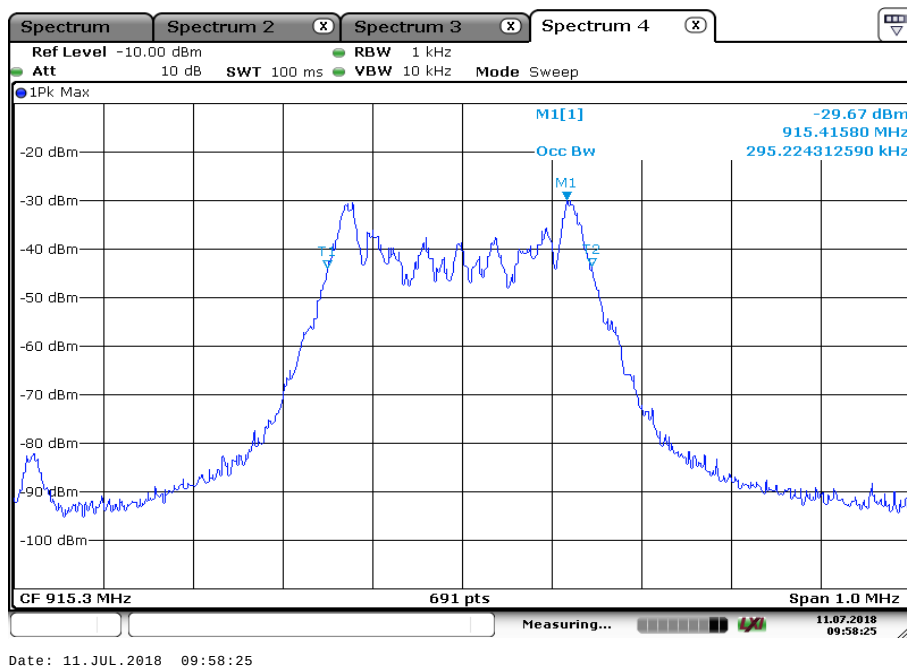
Plot 2: Low channel; 99% bandwidth



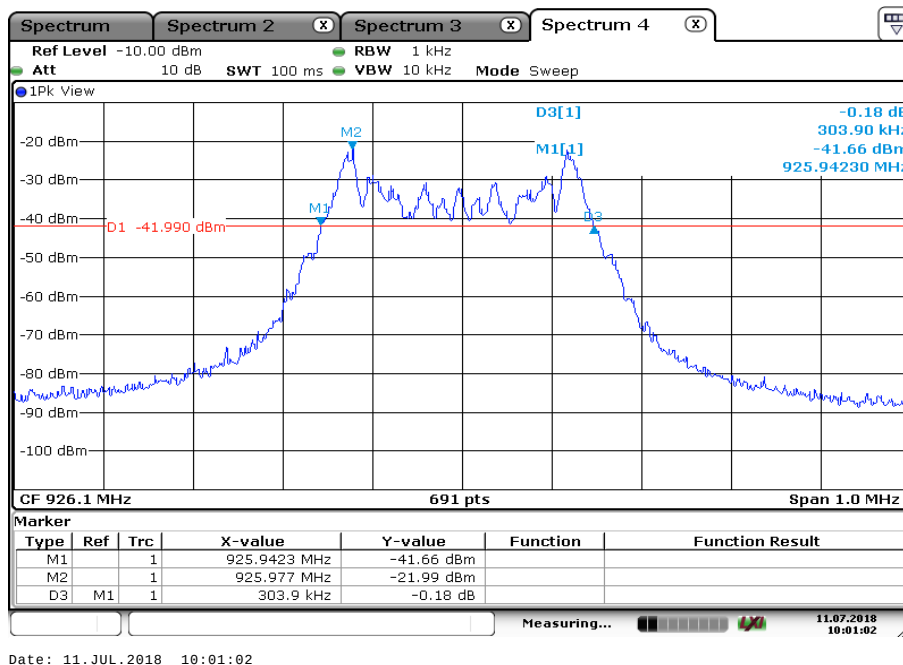
Plot 3: Middle channel; 20 dB-bandwidth



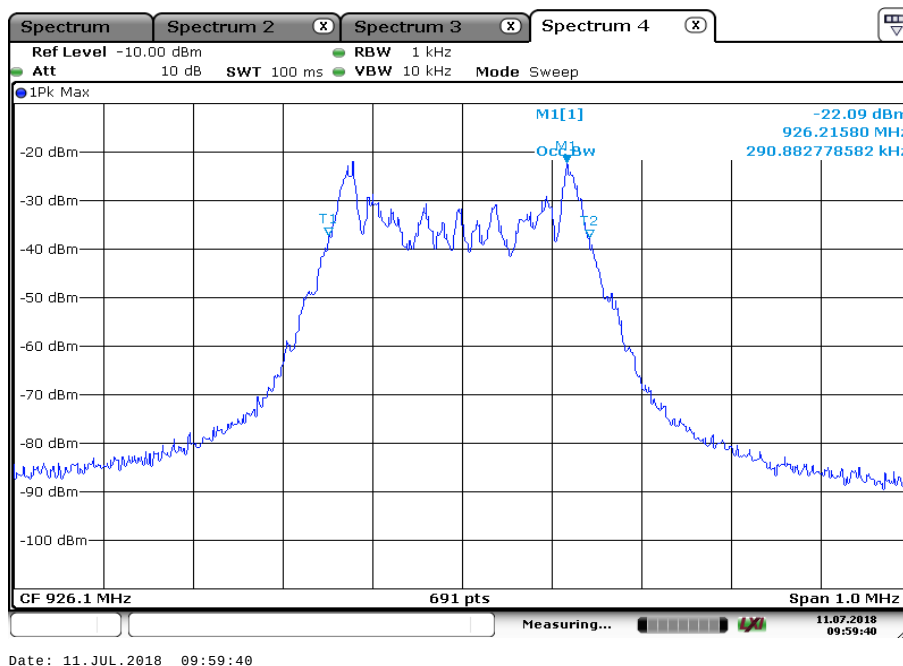
Plot 4: Middle channel; 99% bandwidth



Plot 5: High channel; 20 dB-bandwidth



Plot 6: High channel; 99% bandwidth



11.6 Maximum Output Power

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Span:	5 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	See chapter 6.3 A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Maximum Output Power Conducted	
For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902–928 MHz band: 1 watt (30 dBm) for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts (24 dBm) for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.	

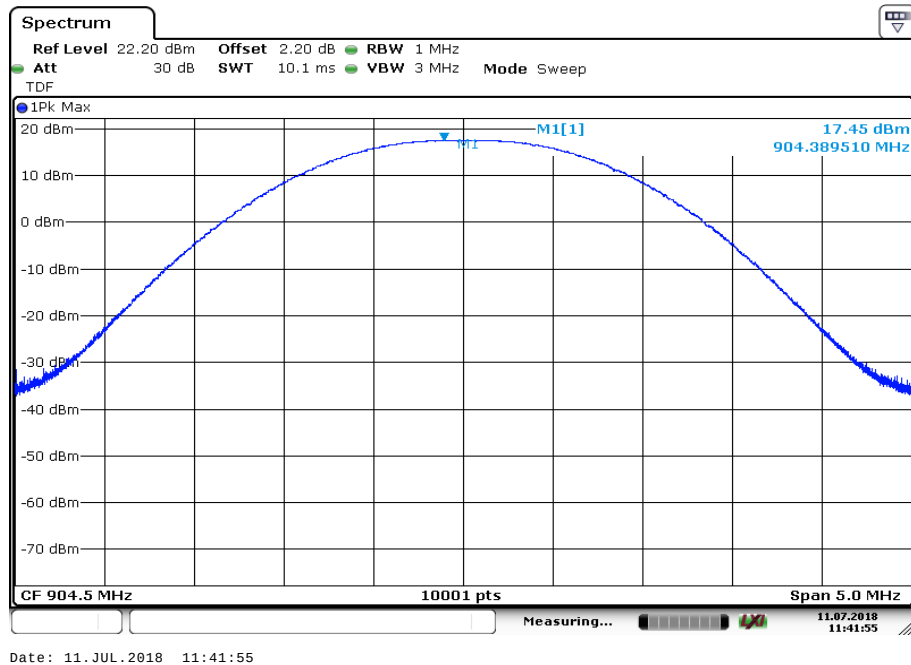
Result:

Test Conditions		Maximum Output Power Conducted [dBm]		
		Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	17.5	17.0	16.1

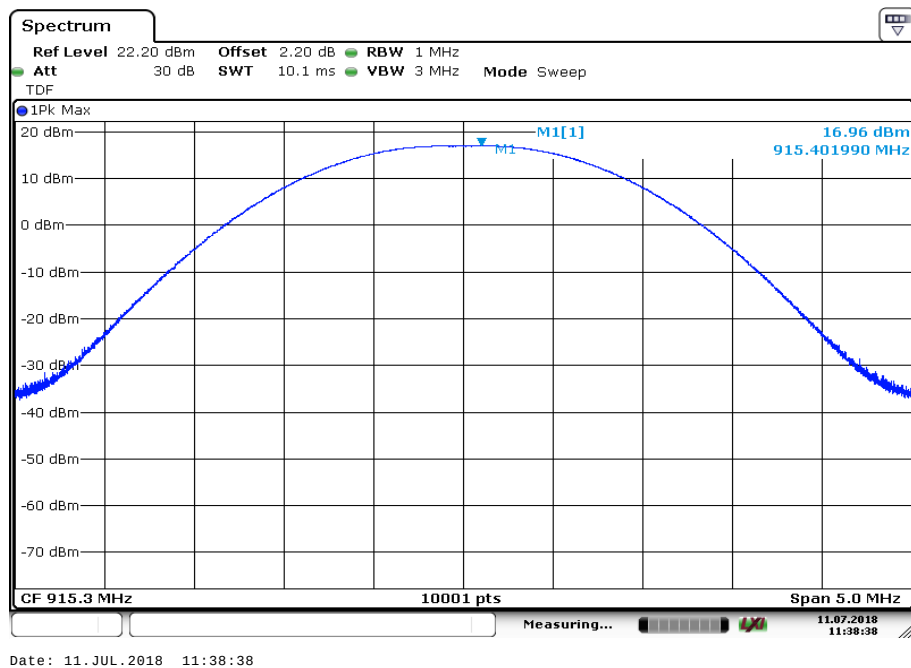
Test Conditions		ERP [dBm]		
		Low channel	Middle channel	High channel
T_{nom}	V_{nom}	21.8	21.3	20.1

Plots:

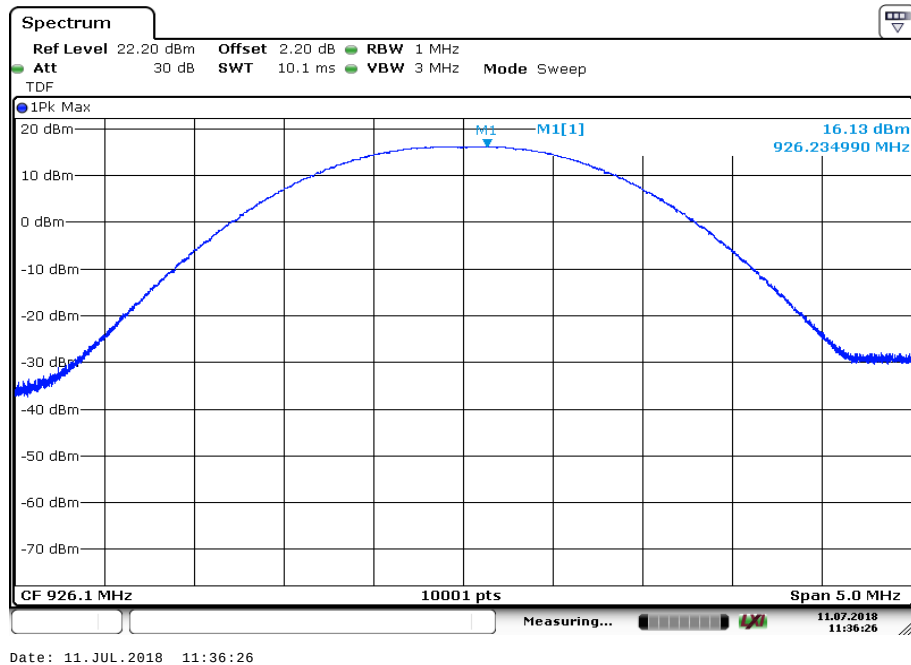
Plot 1: Low channel



Plot 2: Middle channel



Plot 3: High channel



11.7 Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge – conducted and radiated

Description:

Measurement of the conducted band edge compliance. EUT is measured at the lower and upper band edge in single channel and hopping mode. The measurement is repeated for all modulations.

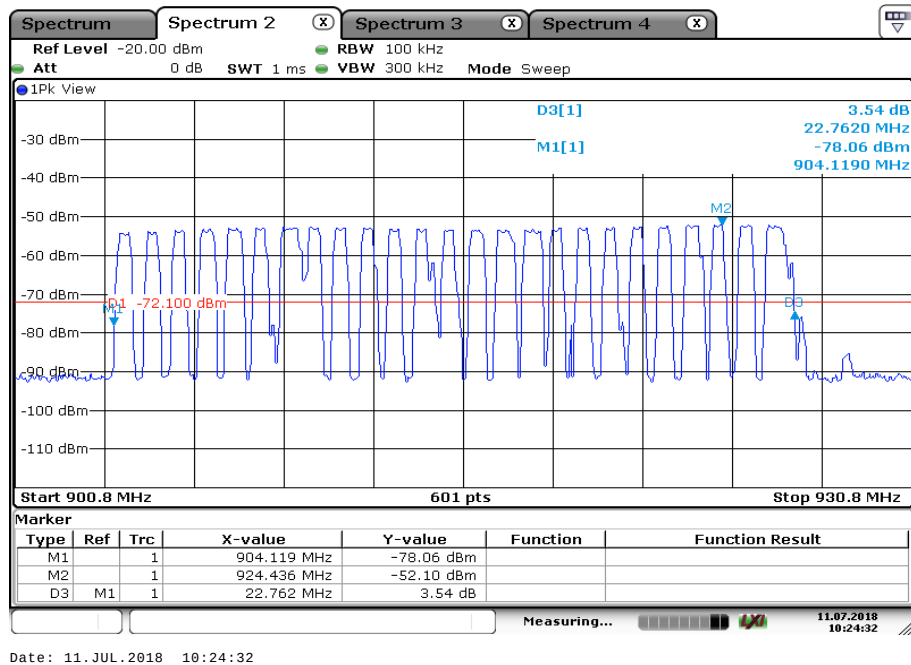
Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz
Span	Lower Band Edge: 902 MHz Upper Band Edge: 928 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.3 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.	

Results conducted:

Scenario Modulation	Spurious band edge conducted [dB]		
	lowest channel	middle channel	highest channel
Lower band edge – hopping on	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB
Upper band edge – hopping on	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB

Plots:**Plot 1: 20 dB – hopping**

Lower edge: 904.119 MHz

Upper edge: 926.881 MHz

Results radiated:

No restricted band in the range ± 2 channel bandwidths of the Band-edges of the specified emission band! (608 MHz – 614 MHz and 960 MHz – 1240 MHz).

Section 15.205 Restricted bands of operation.

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	(²)
13.36 - 13.41			

11.8 Spurious Emissions Conducted

Description:

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode. The EUT is set to single channel mode. The measurement is repeated for low, mid and high channel.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	F < 1 GHz: 1 MHz F > 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 1 GHz: 100 kHz F > 1 GHz: 100 kHz
Span:	9 kHz to 12.75 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	See chapter 6.3A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

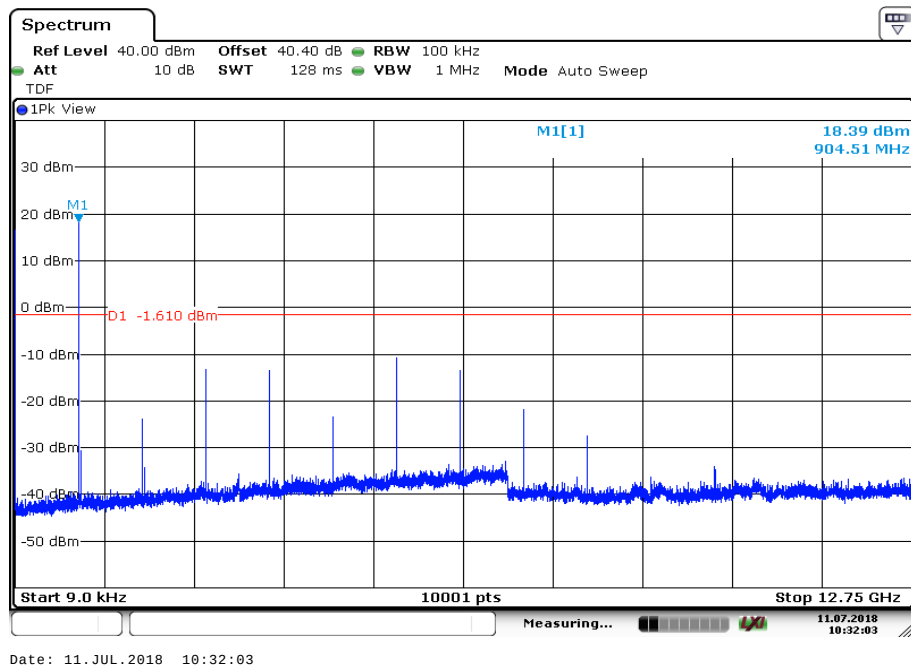
FCC	IC
TX spurious emissions conducted	
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required	

Result:

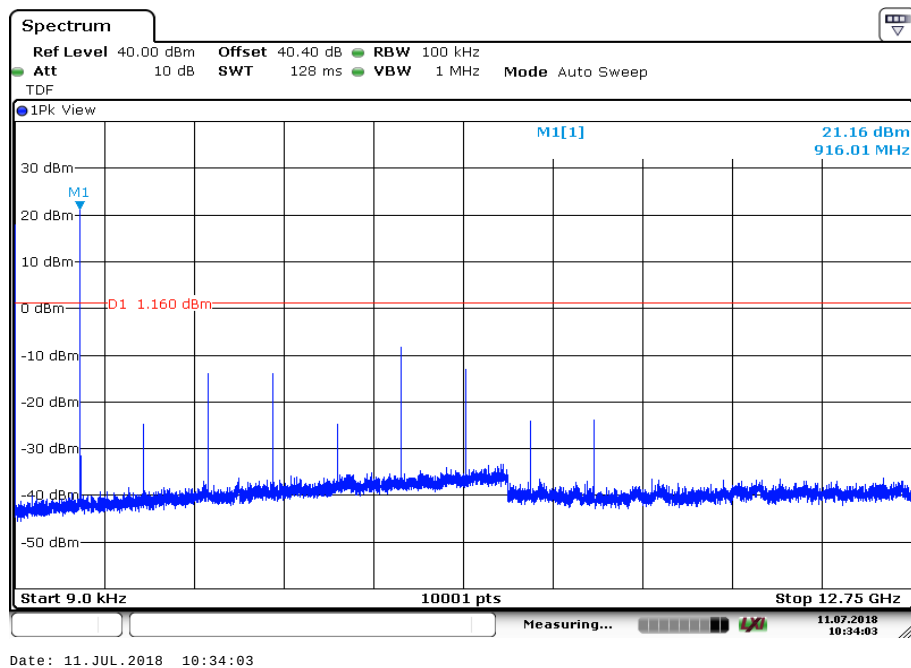
Emission Limitation			
Channel	Limit max. allowed emission power	actual attenuation below frequency of operation [dB]	Results
Lowest	24 dBm		Operating frequency
See plot	-20 dBc	> 30 dBc	compliant
Middle	24 dBm		Operating frequency
See plot	-20 dBc	> 30 dBc	compliant
Highest	24 dBm		Operating frequency
See plot	-20 dBc	> 30 dBc	compliant

Plots:

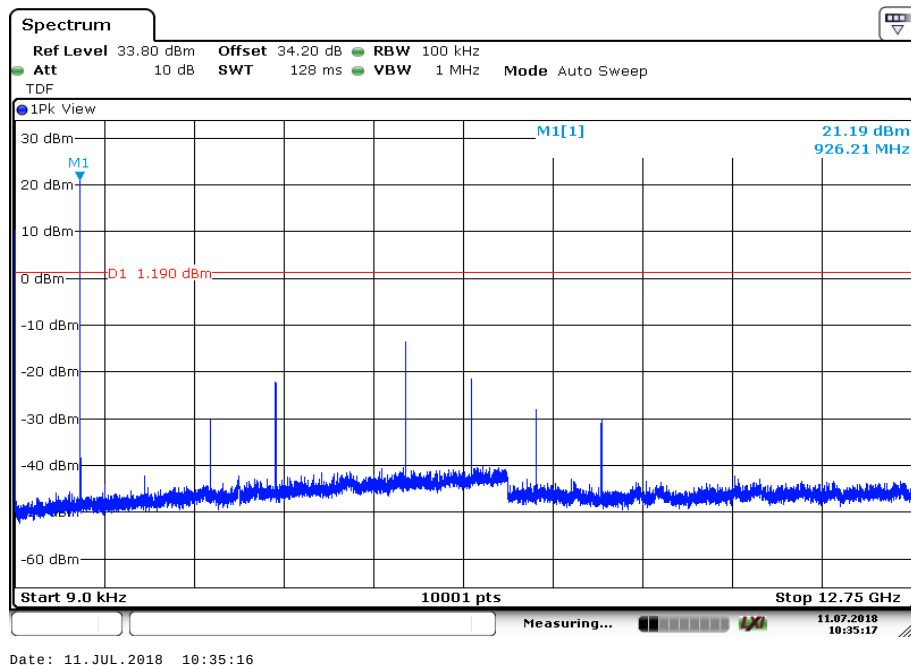
Plot 1: Low channel, 9 kHz – 12.75 GHz BSP!



Plot 2: Middle channel, 9 kHz – 12.75 GHz



Plot 3: High channel, 9 kHz – 12.75 GHz



11.9 Spurious Emissions Radiated < 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit channels are 00; 39 and 78. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power. The limits are recalculated to a measurement distance of 3 m according the ANSI C63.10.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz
Span:	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	See chapter 6.2 A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

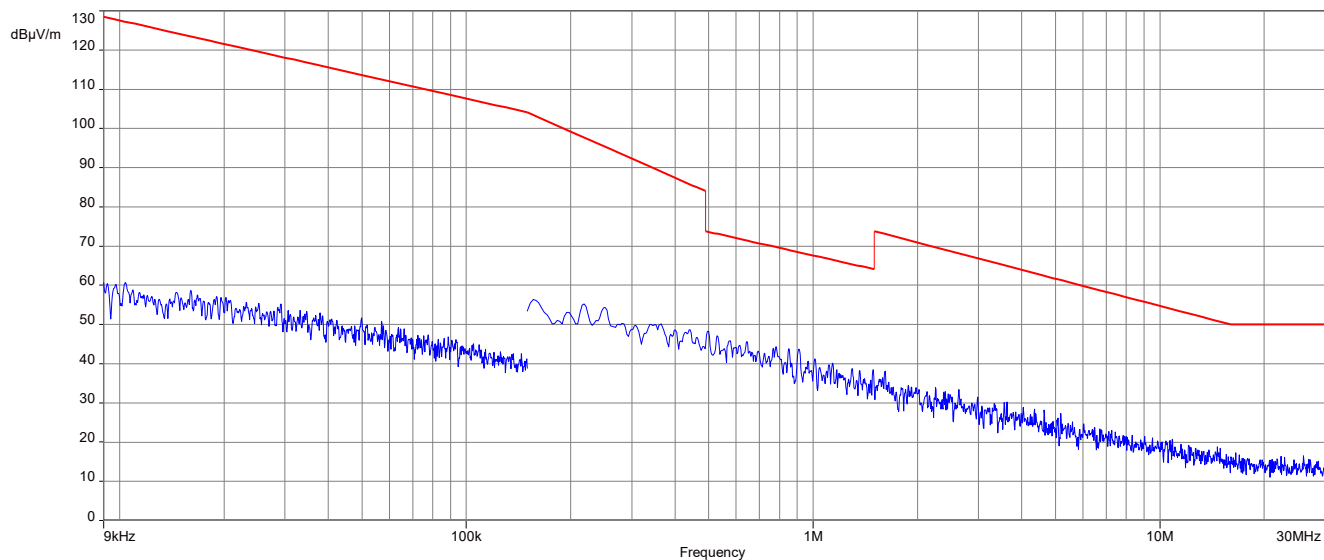
FCC		IC
TX spurious emissions radiated < 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dB μ V/m)	Measurement distance
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Result:

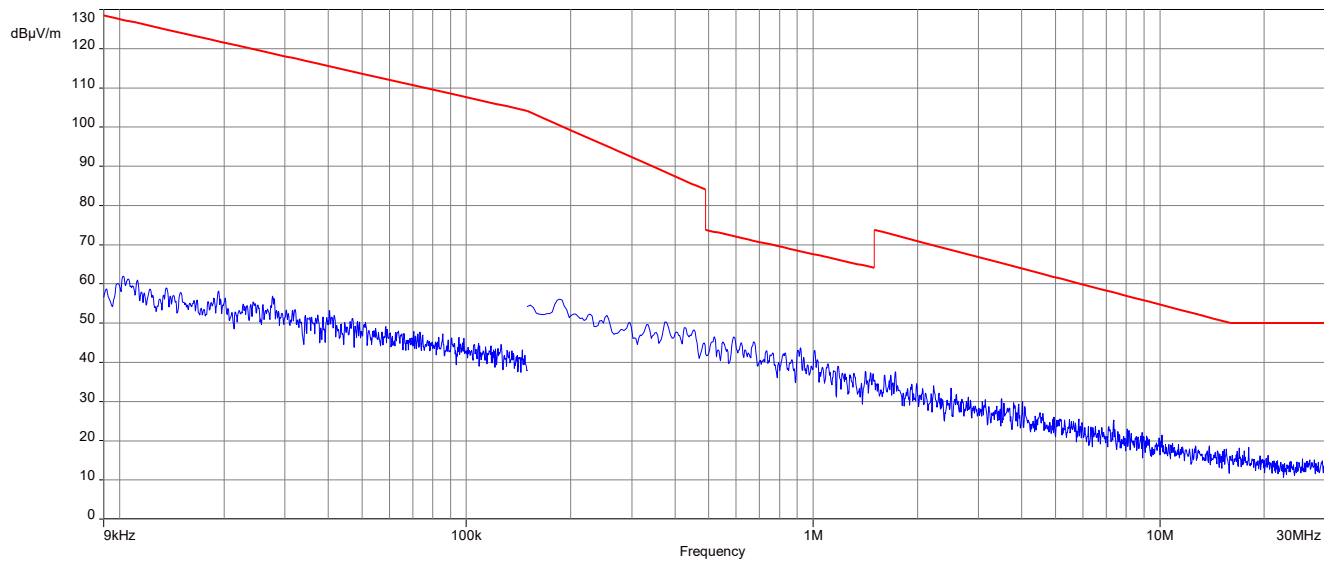
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS LEVEL [dB μ V/m]								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
All emissions were more than 10 dB below the limit.								

Plots:

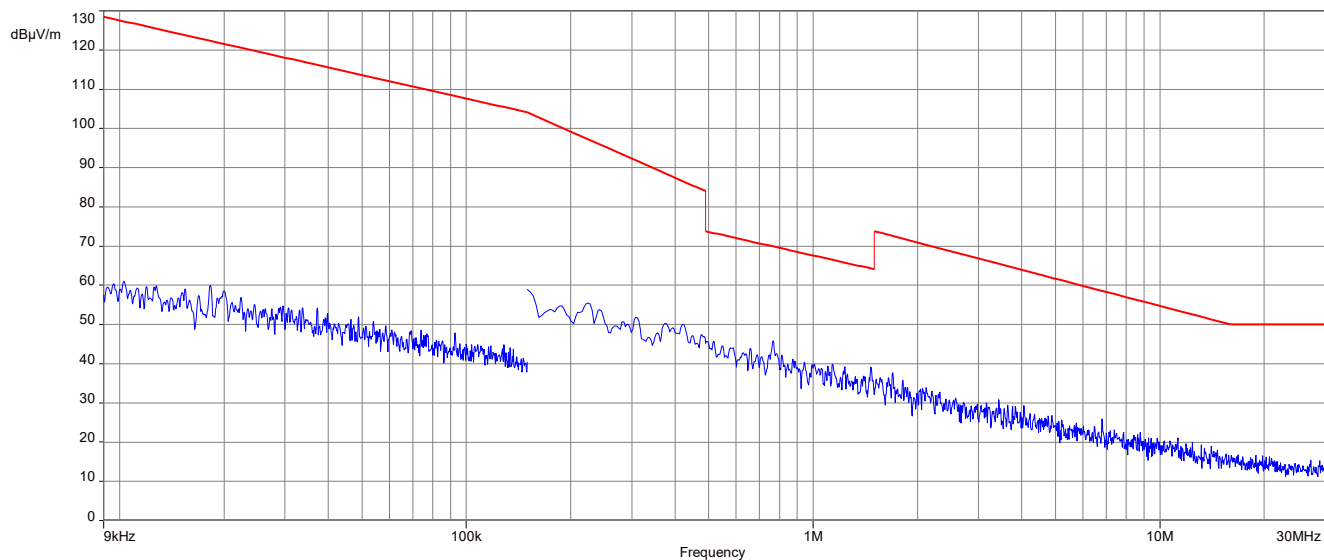
Plot 1: low channel



Plot 2: mid channel



Plot 3: high channel



11.10 Spurious Emissions Radiated > 30 MHz

11.10.1 Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode. The measurement is performed at channel low, mid and high.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	3 x VBW
Video bandwidth	120 kHz
Span	30 MHz to 1 GHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Measured modulation	DBPSK
Test setup	See sub clause 6.1 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

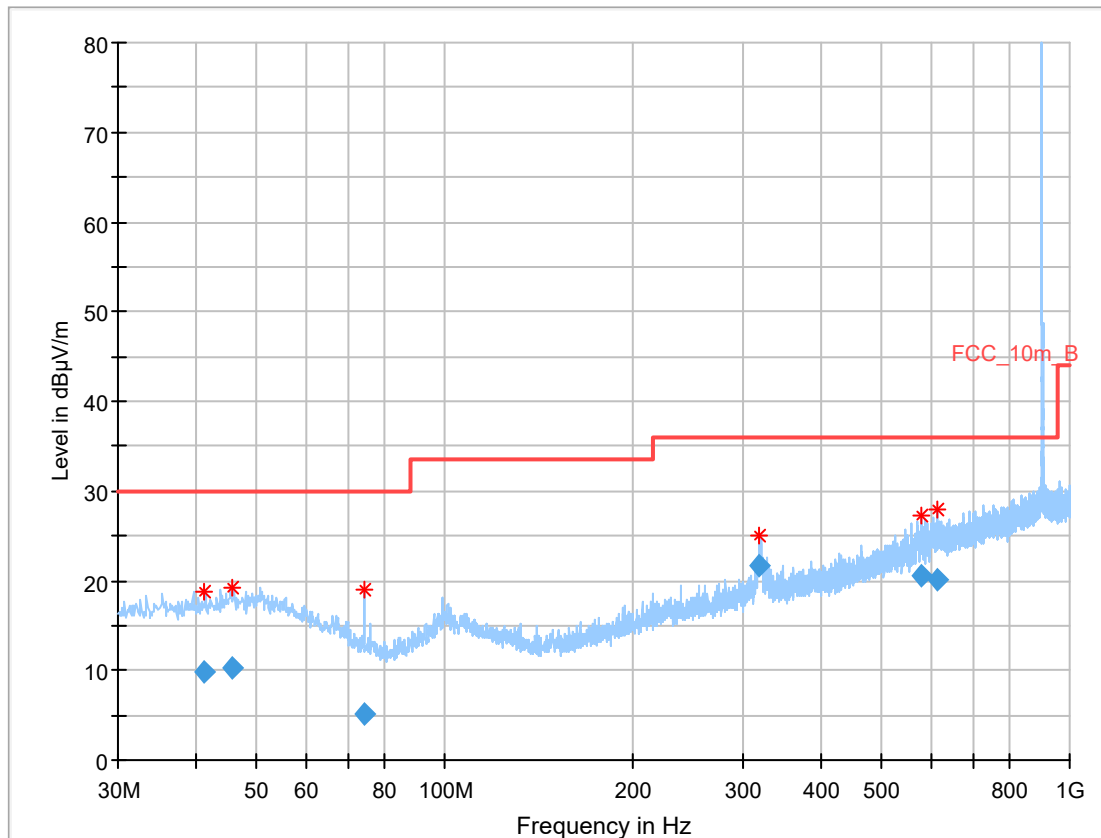
FCC		IC
Band-edge Compliance of conducted and radiated emissions		
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
30 - 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10
Above 960	54.0	3

Result:

See result table below the plots.

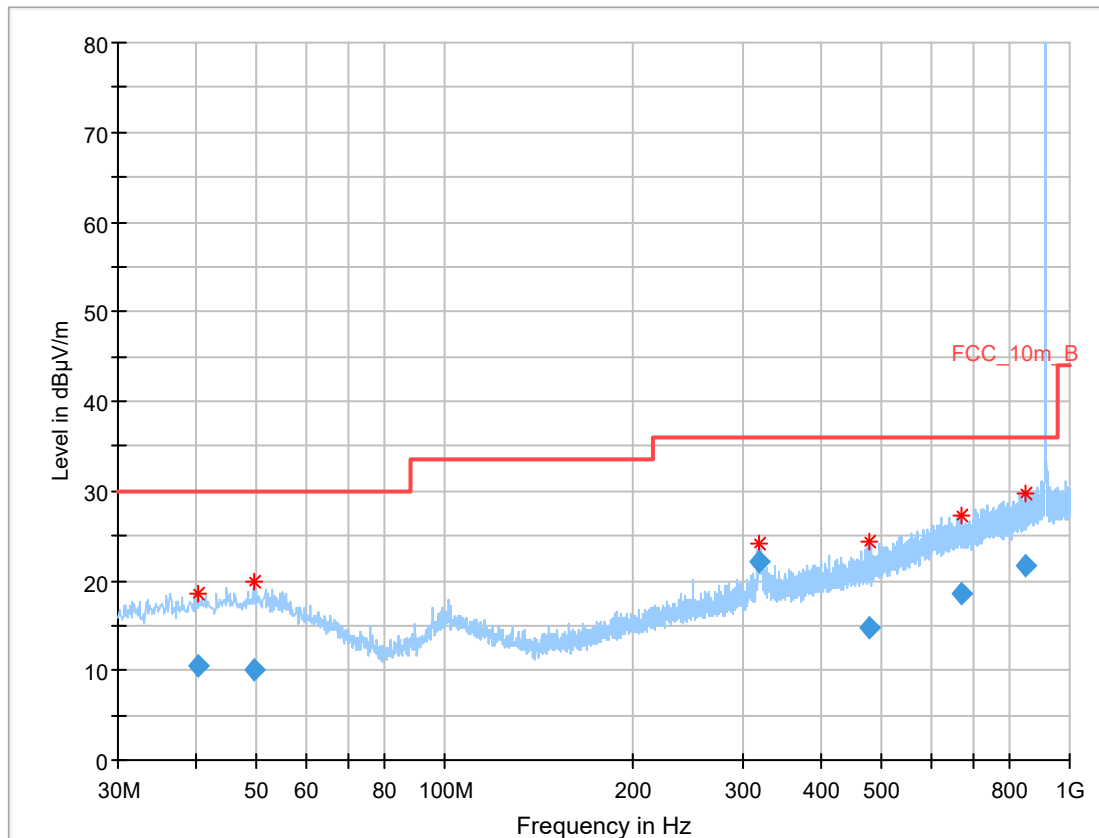
Plots:

Plot 1: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (lowest channel)

**Final_Result:**

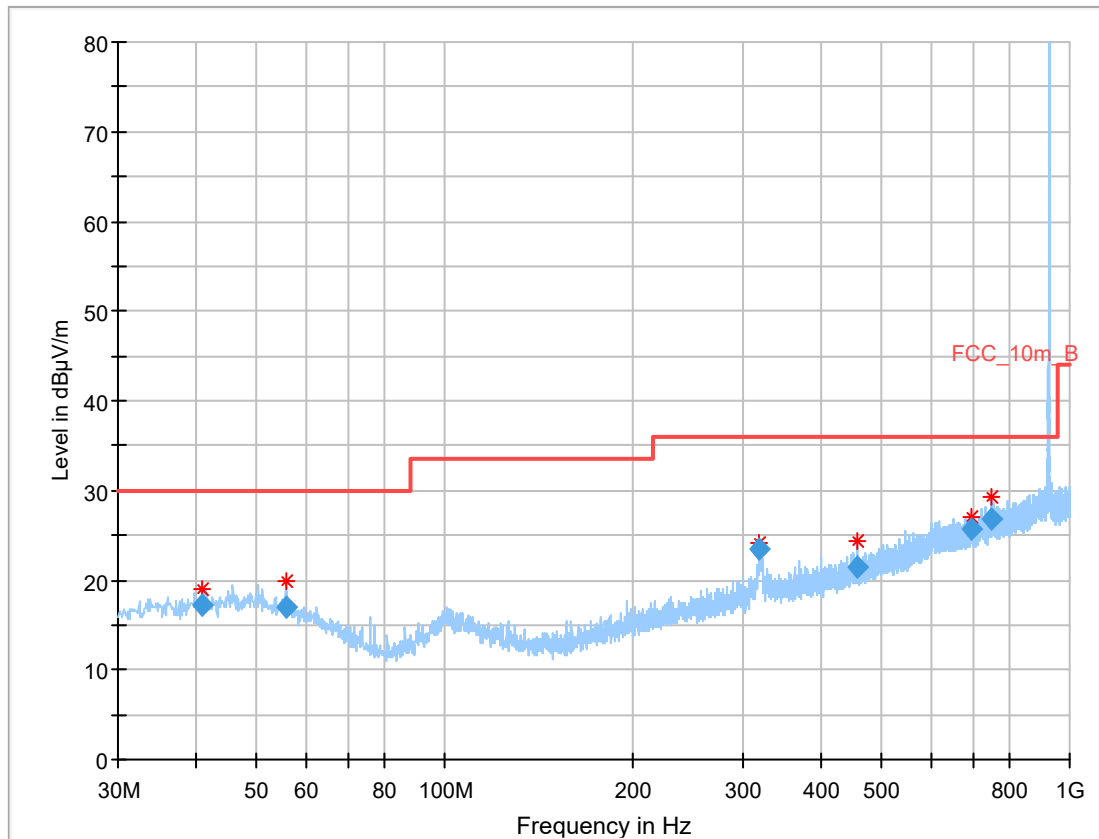
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
41.255	9.87	30.0	20.13	1000	120	170.0	H	67.0	13.3
45.588	10.35	30.0	19.65	1000	120	170.0	H	337.0	13.6
74.548	5.19	30.0	24.81	1000	120	101.0	H	211.0	9.0
318.588	21.78	36.0	14.22	1000	120	98.0	V	210.0	15.0
579.980	20.64	36.0	15.36	1000	120	170.0	H	45.0	20.2
615.991	20.14	36.0	15.86	1000	120	98.0	H	28.0	20.9
904.626	96.56	36.0	-60.56	1000	120	101.0	H	207.0	24.2

Plot 2: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (middle channel)

**Final_Result:**

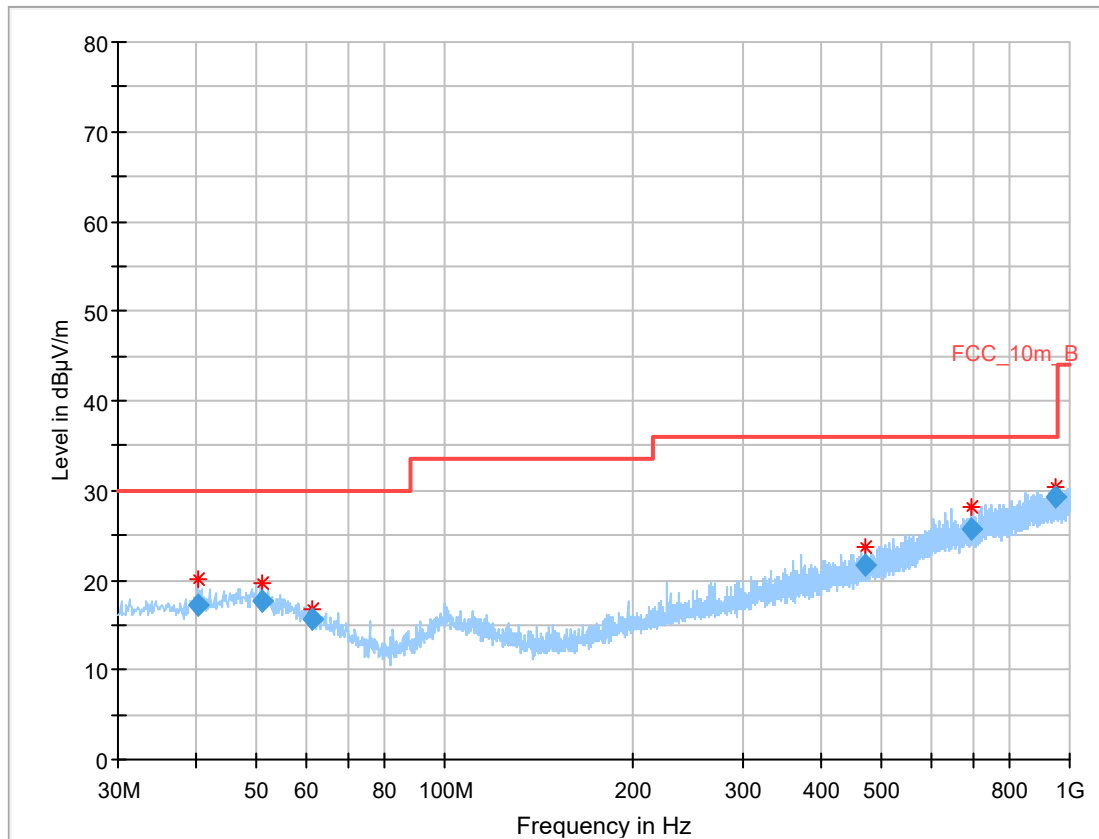
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
40.356	10.40	30.0	19.60	1000	120	101.0	V	227.0	13.2
49.534	10.05	30.0	19.95	1000	120	170.0	H	52.0	13.7
319.190	22.11	36.0	13.89	1000	120	170.0	H	165.0	15.0
479.473	14.68	36.0	21.32	1000	120	101.0	V	11.0	18.3
669.242	18.50	36.0	17.50	1000	120	170.0	V	120.0	21.3
850.820	21.74	36.0	14.26	1000	120	98.0	H	232.0	23.5
915.168	102.70	36.0	-66.70	1000	120	170.0	H	137.0	24.2

Plot 3: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (highest channel)

**Final_Result:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	MaxPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
40.948	17.28	---	30.0	12.72	1000	120	101.0	V	231.0	13.3
55.663	16.93	---	30.0	13.07	1000	120	170.0	H	24.0	12.9
319.183	23.44	---	36.0	12.56	1000	120	170.0	H	140.0	15.0
457.074	21.39	---	36.0	14.61	1000	120	98.0	H	96.0	17.8
693.994	25.66	---	36.0	10.34	1000	120	170.0	H	52.0	21.5
750.313	26.85	---	36.0	9.15	1000	120	170.0	V	52.0	22.7
926.226	103.42	---	36.0	-67.42	1000	120	101.0	H	Azimuth	Corr.
926.226	---	102.97	---	---	1000	120	101.0	H	231.0	13.3

Plot 4: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (RX-Mode)

**Final_Result:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
40.158	17.17	30.0	12.83	1000	120	98.0	V	214.0	13.2
51.062	17.71	30.0	12.29	1000	120	98.0	H	252.0	13.6
61.506	15.65	30.0	14.35	1000	120	170.0	H	166.0	11.5
471.776	21.72	36.0	14.28	1000	120	170.0	V	305.0	18.1
698.550	25.71	36.0	10.29	1000	120	98.0	V	104.0	21.5
950.773	29.31	36.0	6.69	1000	120	170.0	H	199.0	24.3

11.10.2 Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / RMS
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 x RBW
Span	1 GHz to 26 GHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Measured modulation	DBPSK
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2 C (1 GHz – 12.75 GHz)
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

The modulation with the highest output power was used to perform the transmitter spurious emissions. If spurious were detected a re-measurement was performed on the detected frequency with each modulation.

Limits:

ANSI C63.10
The average emission shall be determined by using RMS detector. If the dwell time of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms (per channel), the RMS reading may be adjusted by a factor: $F = 20 \log (\text{dwell time} / 100 \text{ ms})$

FCC	IC	
TX spurious emissions radiated		
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
§15.209		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
Above 960	54.0 (average) 74.0 (peak)	3

Result:

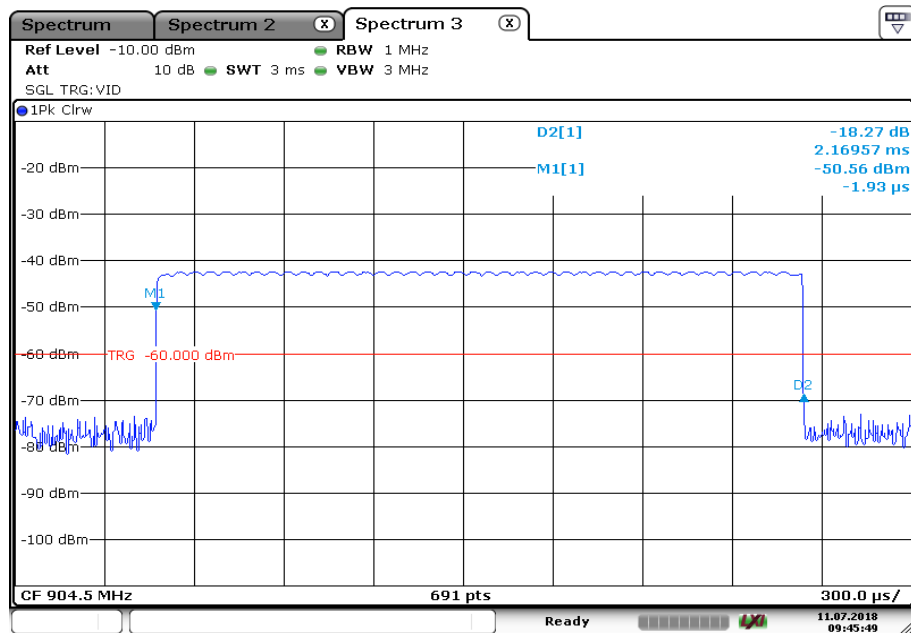
For radiated spurious emission the limits of 15.209 applies for all frequencies mentioned in 15.205. According to ANSI C63.10 the average emission shall be determined by using RMS detector. If the dwell time of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms (per channel), the RMS reading may be adjusted by a factor:

$$F = 20 \cdot \log(\text{dwell time}/100 \text{ ms})$$

In a period of 100 ms, we have a maximum of 2 transmissions and that gives the correction factor for spurious measurement.

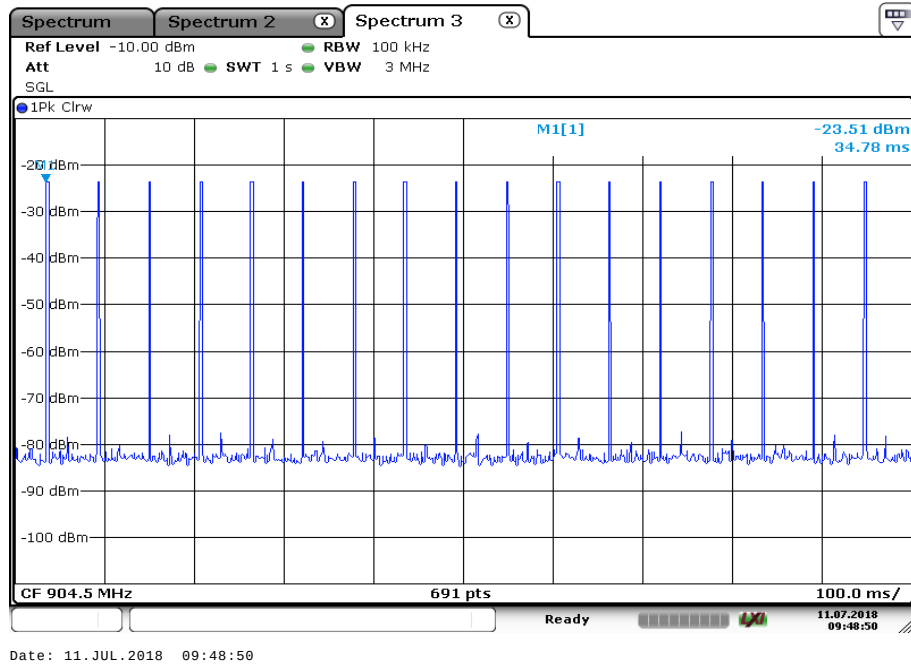
$$F = 20 \cdot \log(2 \cdot 2.17/100) = -27.25 \text{ dB}$$

Plot 1: Time slot length = 2.17 ms



Date: 11.JUL.2018 09:45:49

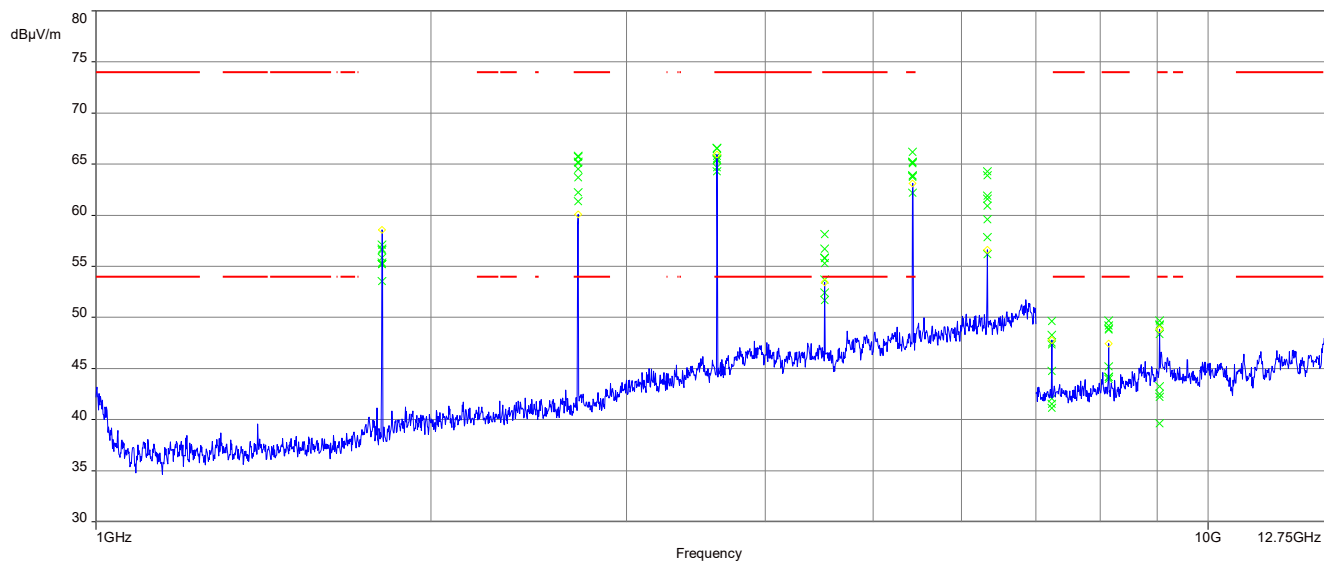
Plot 2: Number of hopping channels in 1s = 17



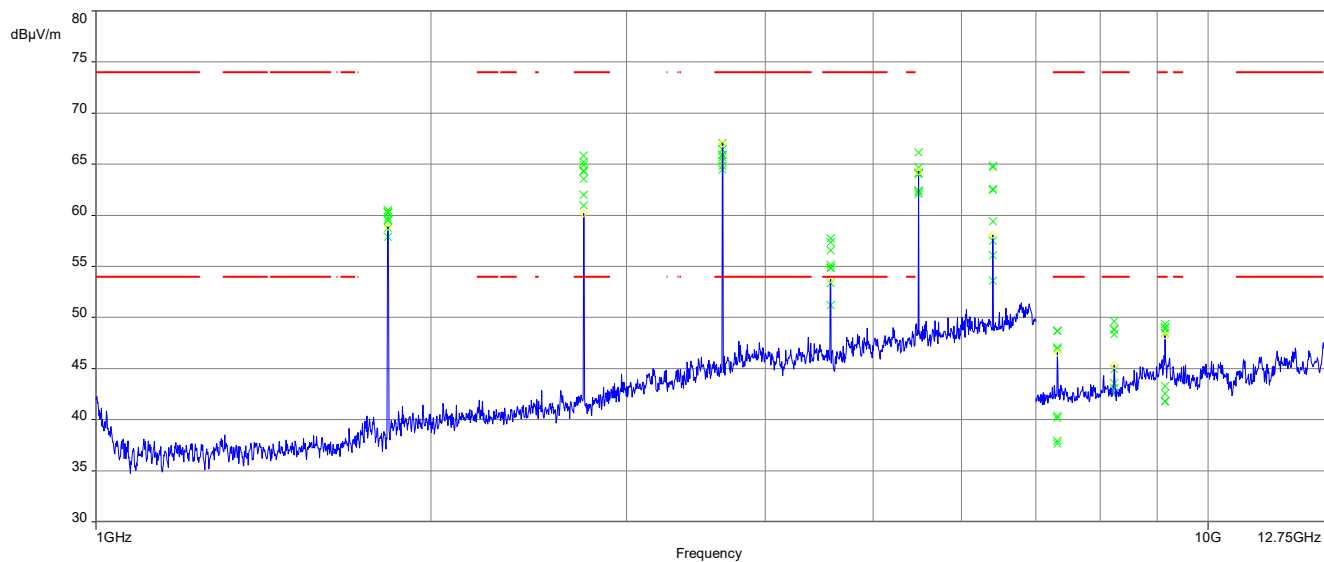
TX spurious emissions radiated [dBμV/m]								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]
1809	Peak	57.1	1830.6	Peak	60.5	1852.2	Peak	60.2
(No RB)	AVG	29.9	(No RB)	AVG	33.3	(No RB)	AVG	33.0
2713.5	Peak	65.8	2745.9	Peak	65.9	2778.3	Peak	65.6
	AVG	38.6		AVG	38.7		AVG	38.4
3618	Peak	66.6	3661.2	Peak	67.1	3704.4	Peak	67.3
	AVG	39.4		AVG	39.9		AVG	40.1
4522.5	Peak	58.1	4576.5	Peak	57.8	4630.5	Peak	57.9
	AVG	30.9		AVG	30.6		AVG	30.7
5427	Peak	66.2	5491.8	Peak	66.1	5556.6	Peak	65.0
	AVG	39.0	(No RB)	AVG	38.9	(No RB)	AVG	37.8
6331.5	Peak	64.3	6407.1	Peak	64.8	6482.7	Peak	61.8
(No RB)	AVG	37.1	(No RB)	AVG	37.6	(No RB)	AVG	34.6
7236	Peak	49.6	7322.4	Peak	48.7	7408.8	Peak	49.2
(No RB)	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-
8140.5	Peak	49.7	8237.7	Peak	49.7	8334.9	Peak	49.6
	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-
9045	Peak	49.7	9153	Peak	49.3	9261	Peak	50.7
	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-	(No RB)	AVG	-/-
9949.5	Peak	-/-	10068.3	Peak	-/-	10187.1	Peak	-/-
	AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-		AVG	-/-

Plots:

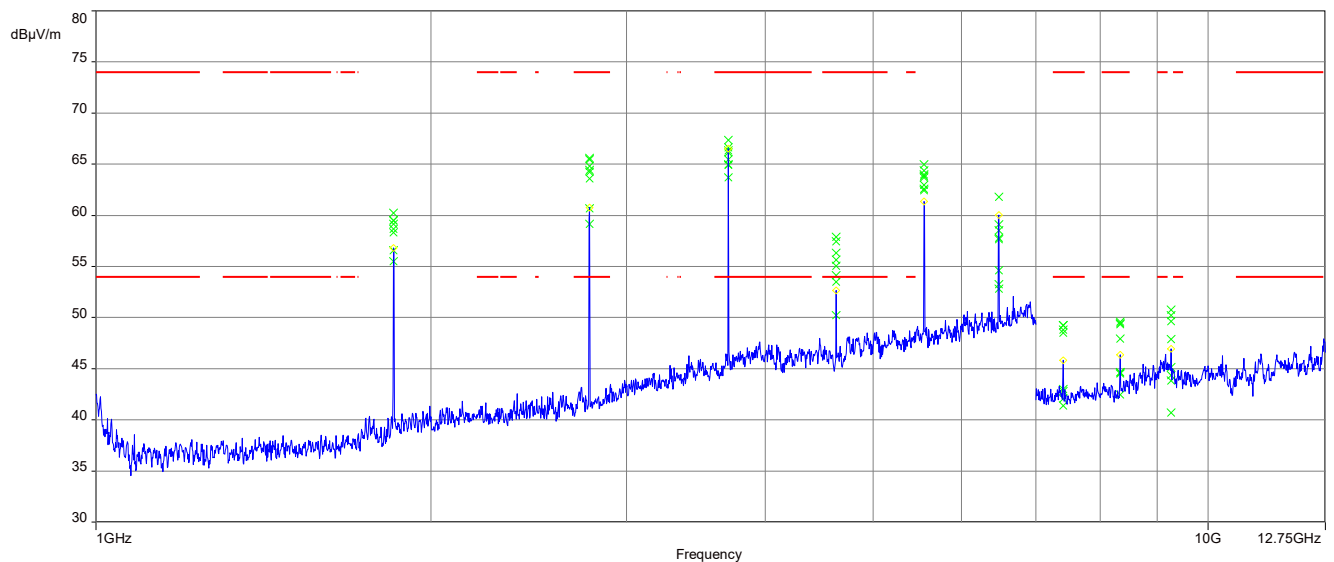
Plot 1: 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (lowest channel)



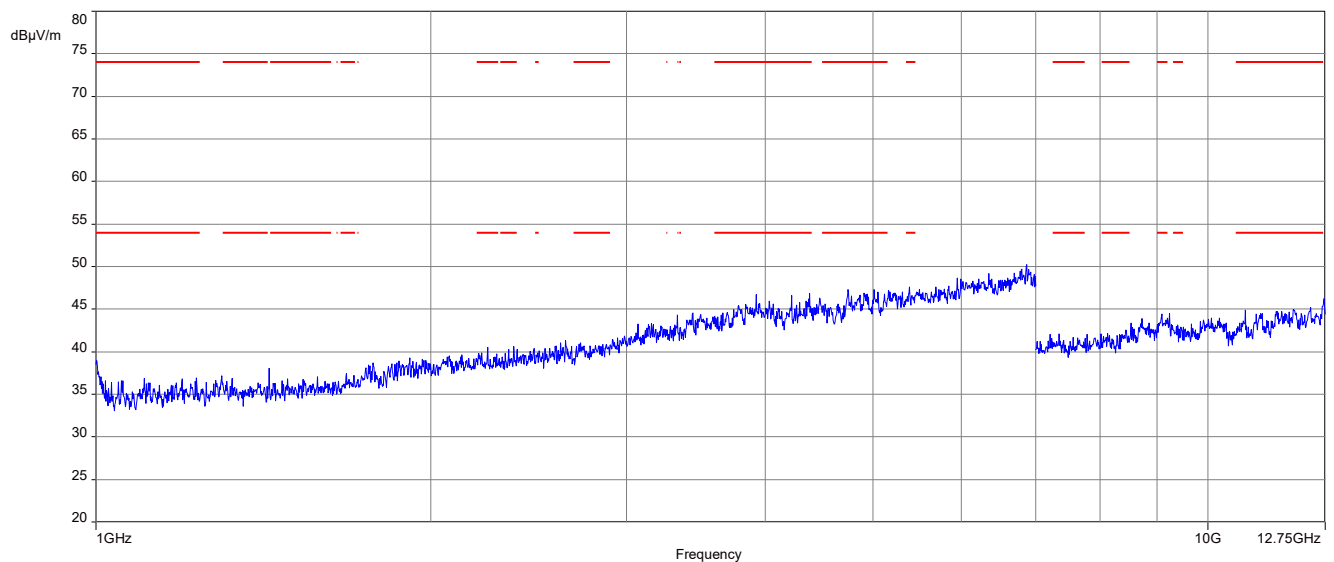
Plot 2: 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (middle channel)



Plot 3: 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (highest channel)



Plot 4: 1 GHz – 12.75 GHz, RX-Mode, horizontal & vertical polarisation



12 Observations

No observations except those reported with the single test cases have been made.

Annex A Glossary

EUT	Equipment under test
DUT	Device under test
UUT	Unit under test
GUE	GNSS User Equipment
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
EN	European Standard
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FCC ID	Company Identifier at FCC
IC	Industry Canada
PMN	Product marketing name
HMN	Host marketing name
HVIN	Hardware version identification number
FVIN	Firmware version identification number
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
HW	Hardware
SW	Software
Inv. No.	Inventory number
S/N or SN	Serial number
C	Compliant
NC	Not compliant
NA	Not applicable
NP	Not performed
PP	Positive peak
QP	Quasi peak
AVG	Average
OC	Operating channel
OCW	Operating channel bandwidth
OBW	Occupied bandwidth
OOB	Out of band
DFS	Dynamic frequency selection
CAC	Channel availability check
OP	Occupancy period
NOP	Non occupancy period
DC	Duty cycle
PER	Packet error rate
CW	Clean wave
MC	Modulated carrier
WLAN	Wireless local area network
RLAN	Radio local area network
DSSS	Dynamic sequence spread spectrum
OFDM	Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
FHSS	Frequency hopping spread spectrum
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System
C/N₀	Carrier to noise-density ratio, expressed in dB-Hz

Annex B Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
-/-	Initial release	2018-07-11
A	New product name, removed customer HW information	2018-09-12

Annex C Accreditation Certificate

first page	last page
 Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection 1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition Accreditation  The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH attests that the testing laboratory CTC advanced GmbH Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 to carry out tests in the following fields: Telecommunication The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 02.06.2017 with the accreditation number D-PL-12076-01 and is valid until 21.04.2021. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 43 pages. Registration number of the certificate: D-PL-12076-01-03 Frankfurt, 02.06.2017  Dipl.-Ing. (FH) Peter Heide Head of Division	Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Office Berlin Spittelmarkt 10 10117 Berlin Office Frankfurt am Main Europa-Allee 52 60327 Frankfurt am Main Office Braunschweig Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAKKS). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf. No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAKKS. The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 2625) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European Union L 218 of 9 July 2008, p. 30). DAKKS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations. The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites: EA: www.european-accreditation.org ILAC: www.ilac.org IAF: www.iaf.nu

Note: The current certificate annex is published on the website (link see below) of the Accreditation Body DAkKS or may be received by CTC advanced GmbH on request

<https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-03e.pdf>