

Hansong (Nanjing) Technology Ltd.

RF TEST REPORT

Report Type:

FCC Part 15.247 & ISSED RSS-247 RF report

Model:

Tivoli Go Andiamo

REPORT NUMBER:

180402312SHA-001

ISSUE DATE:

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Manufacturing Site: Hansong (Nanjing) Technology Ltd.
8th Kangping Road, Jiangning Economy and Technology Development
Zone, Nanjing, 211106, China.

Product Name: Bluetooth speaker

Type/Model: Tivoli Go Andiamo

FCC ID: XCO-ANDIAMO

IC: 7756A-ANDIAMO

SUMMARY:

The equipment complies with the requirements according to the following standard(s) or Specification:

47CFR Part 15 (2017): Radio Frequency Devices (Subpart C)

ANSI C63.10 (2013): American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

RSS-247 Issue 2 (February 2017): Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

RSS-Gen Issue 5 (April 2018): General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

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TEST REPORT

Content

REVISION HISTORY.....	5
MEASUREMENT RESULT SUMMARY.....	6
1 GENERAL INFORMATION	7
1.1 DESCRIPTION OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT)	7
1.2 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION	7
1.3 FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENT	8
1.4 DESCRIPTION OF TEST FACILITY	10
2 TEST SPECIFICATIONS.....	11
2.1 STANDARDS OR SPECIFICATION	11
2.2 MODE OF OPERATION DURING THE TEST.....	11
2.3 TEST SOFTWARE LIST	12
2.4 TEST PERIPHERALS LIST	12
2.5 TEST ENVIRONMENT CONDITION:.....	12
2.6 INSTRUMENT LIST	13
2.7 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	14
3 20DB BANDWIDTH	15
3.1 LIMIT	15
3.2 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	15
3.3 TEST CONFIGURATION	15
3.4 TEST RESULTS OF 20dB BANDWIDTH.....	15
4 CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION	16
4.1 LIMIT	16
4.2 TEST CONFIGURATION	16
4.3 TEST PROCEDURE AND TEST SETUP	16
4.4 TEST RESULTS OF CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION.....	16
5 OUTPUT POWER.....	17
5.1 LIMIT	17
5.2 TEST CONFIGURATION	17
5.3 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	17
5.4 TEST RESULTS OF OUTPUT POWER.....	17
6 RADIATED EMISSIONS	18
6.1 LIMIT	18
6.2 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	18
6.3 TEST CONFIGURATION	20
6.4 TEST RESULTS OF RADIATED EMISSIONS	22
7 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS & BAND EDGE	26
7.1 LIMIT	26
7.2 TEST CONFIGURATION	26
7.3 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	26
7.4 TEST RESULTS OF CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS & BAND EDGE	26
8 POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION.....	27
8.1 LIMIT	27
8.2 TEST CONFIGURATION	27

TEST REPORT

8.3	MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	28
8.4	TEST RESULTS OF POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION.....	29
9	NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES	31
9.1	LIMIT	31
9.2	TEST CONFIGURATION	31
9.3	TEST PROCEDURE AND TEST SETUP	31
9.4	TEST RESULTS OF NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES	31
10	DWELL TIME	32
10.1	LIMIT	32
10.2	TEST CONFIGURATION	32
10.3	TEST PROCEDURE AND TEST SETUP	32
10.4	TEST RESULTS OF DWELL TIME	32
11	OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH.....	33
11.1	LIMIT	33
11.2	MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	33
11.3	TEST CONFIGURATION	33
11.4	THE RESULTS OF OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH	33
12	ANTENNA REQUIREMENT	34

Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
180402312SHA-001	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	June 27, 2018

Measurement result summary

TEST ITEM	FCC REFERENCE	IC REFERENCE	RESULT
20 dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 Issue 2 Clause 5.1	Pass
Carrier Frequency Separation	15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247 Issue 2 Clause 5.1	Pass
Output power	15.247(b)(1)	RSS-247 Issue 2 Clause 5.4	Pass
Radiated Emissions	15.205 & 15.209	RSS-Gen Issue 5 Clause 8.9&8.10	Pass
Conducted Spurious Emissions & Band Edge	15.247(d)	RSS-247 Issue 2 Clause 5.5	Pass
Power line conducted emission	15.207	RSS-Gen Issue 5 Clause 8.8	Pass
Number of Hopping Frequencies	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 Issue 2 Clause 5.1	Pass
Dwell time	15.247(a)(1)(iii)	RSS-247 Issue 2 Clause 5.1	Pass
Occupied bandwidth	-	RSS-Gen Issue 5 Clause 6.6	Tested
Antenna requirement	15.203	-	Pass

Notes: 1: NA =Not Applicable

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product name:	Bluetooth speaker
Type/Model:	Tivoli Go Andiamo
Description of EUT:	The EUT is a Bluetooth speaker which contains a Bluetooth 4.0 technology module, the Bluetooth module support BR+EDR only and there have only one mode.
Rating:	DC in: 12V, 1A, Out: Max 15W/4Ω Adaptor 1: FJ-SW1261201000DN Input: 100~240VAC, 50/60Hz, 0.4A Max; Output: 12VDC, 1000mA Adaptor 2: DYS612-120100-17620 Input: 100~240VAC, 50/60Hz, 0.4A Max; Output: 12VDC, 1000mA
Category of EUT:	Class B
EUT type:	☒ Table top ☐ Floor standing
Software Version:	/
Hardware Version:	/
Sample received date:	April 16, 2018
Date of test:	April 16, 2018 ~ May 31, 2018

1.2 Technical Specification

Frequency Range:	2400MHz ~ 2483.5MHz
Support Standards:	Bluetooth 4.0 (BR+EDR)
Modulation Technique:	Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum(FHSS)
Type of Modulation:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK
Channel Number:	79 (0 - 78)
Data Rate:	1Mbps
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Antenna:	Internal PCB antenna, 2.0dBi Peak gain

1.3 Frequency Hopping System Requirement

Test Requirement: Section 15.247 (a)(1), (g), (h) requirement:

The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a Pseudorandom ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

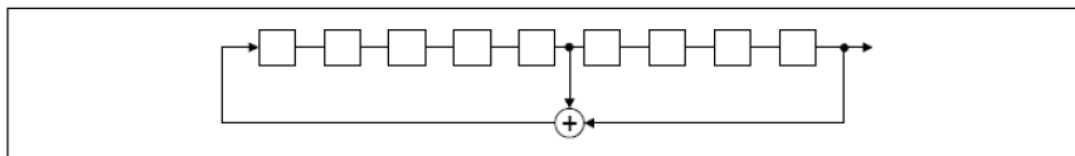
The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hop sets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

Compliance for section 15.247(a)(1)

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage. And the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONES;

i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones.

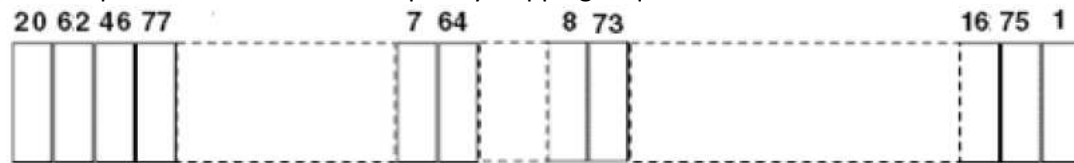
- Number of shift register stages: 9
- Length of pseudo-random sequence: $2^9 - 1 = 511$ bits
- Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence

TEST REPORT

An example of Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence as follow:



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, Bluetooth receivers are designed to have input and IF bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of any Bluetooth transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

Compliance for section 15.247(g)

According to Bluetooth Core Specification, the Bluetooth system transmits the packet with the pseudorandom hopping frequency with a continuous data and the short burst transmission from the Bluetooth system is also transmitted under the frequency hopping system with the pseudorandom hopping frequency system.

Compliance for section 15.247(h)

According to Bluetooth Core specification, the Bluetooth system incorporates with an adaptive system to detect other user within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently to avoid hopping on the occupied channels.

According to the Bluetooth Core specification, the Bluetooth system is designed not have the ability to coordinate with other FHSS System in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitter.

1.4 Description of Test Facility

Name:	Intertek Testing Services Shanghai
Address:	Building 86, No. 1198 Qinzhou Road(North), Shanghai 200233, P.R. China
Telephone:	86 21 61278200
Telefax:	86 21 54262353

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by these organizations:	CNAS Accreditation Lab Registration No. CNAS L0139
	FCC Accredited Lab Designation Number: CN1175
	IC Registration Lab Registration code No.: 2042B-1
	VCCI Registration Lab Registration No.: R-4243, G-845, C-4723, T-2252
	NVLAP Accreditation Lab NVLAP LAB CODE: 200849-0
	A2LA Accreditation Lab Certificate Number: 3309.02

2 TEST SPECIFICATIONS

2.1 Standards or specification

47CFR Part 15 (2017)

ANSI C63.10 (2013)

RSS-247 Issue 2 (February 2017)

RSS-Gen Issue 5 (April 2018)

DA 00-705

2.2 Mode of operation during the test

While testing the transmitter mode of the EUT, the internal modulation is applied.

All the functions of the host device except the BT module were set on stand-by mode.

The test setting software is offered by the manufactory. The pre-scan for the conducted power with all rates in each modulation and bands was used, and the worst case was found and used in all test cases.

The worst-case modulation configuration:

Worst Modulation Used for Conformance Testing			
Bluetooth Mode	Data Rate	Packet Type	Worst Mode
GFSK	BR-1Mbps	DH1,DH3,DH5	BR-1Mbps DH5 EDR-2Mbps 2DH5 EDR-3Mbps 3DH5
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	EDR-2Mbps	2DH1,2DH3,2DH5	
8DPSK	EDR-3Mbps	3DH1,3DH3,3DH5	
Note: The BR-1Mbps DH5 mode was chosen for radiation emission bellow 1GHz and Conducted emission testing as representative in this report.			

The power setting parameter:

The worst-case power setting parameter			
Test software Version	Blue Test 3		
Modulation Mode	2402MHz	2441MHz	2480MHz
BR-1Mbps	7	7	7
EDR-2Mbps	7	7	7
EDR-3Mbps	7	7	7

Radiated test mode: EUT transmitted signal with BT antenna;

Conducted test mode: EUT transmitted signal from BT RF port connected to SPA directly;

2.3 Test software list

Test Items	Software	Manufacturer	Version
Conducted emission	ESxS-K1	R&S	V2.1.0
Radiated emission	ES-K1	R&S	V1.71

2.4 Test peripherals list

Item No.	Name	Band and Model	Description
1	Laptop computer	HP ProBook 6470b	100-240V AC, 50/60Hz FCC DOC
2	CSR Tool	/	/

2.5 Test environment condition:

Test items	Temperature	Humidity
20 dB Bandwidth	23°C	52% RH
Output power		
Carrier Frequency Separation		
Number of Hopping Frequencies		
Dwell time		
Occupied bandwidth		
Conducted Spurious Emissions & Band Edge		
Power line conducted emission	22°C	53% RH
Radiated Emissions	22°C	55% RH

TEST REPORT

2.6 Instrument list

Conducted Emission					
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date
☒	Test Receiver	R&S	ESCS 30	EC 2107	2018-09-12
☒	A.M.N.	R&S	ESH2-Z5	EC 3119	2018-12-07
☒	Shielded room	Zhongyu	-	EC 2838	2019-01-07
Radiated Emission					
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date
☒	Test Receiver	R&S	ESIB 26	EC 3045	2018-09-12
☒	Bilog Antenna	TESEQ	CBL 6112D	EC 4206	2019-05-30
☒	Horn antenna	R&S	HF 906	EC 3049	2018-11-17
☒	Horn antenna	ETS	3117	EC 4792-1	2019-01-09
☒	Horn antenna	TOYO	HAP18-26W	EC 4792-3	2020-07-09
☒	Pre-amplifier	R&S	Pre-amp 18	EC5881	2019-06-20
☒	Semi-anechoic chamber	Albatross project	-	EC 3048	2018-09-15
RF test					
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date
☒	PXA Signal Analyzer	Keysight	N9030A	EC 5338	2019-03-05
☒	Power sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	EC 5338-1	2019-03-05
☒	Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182B	EC 5175	2019-03-05
☒	MXG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	EC 5338-2	2019-03-05
☒	Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI 7	EC 4501	2018-09-12
Additional instrument					
Used	Equipment	Manufacturer	Type	Internal no.	Due date
☒	Therom-Hygrograph	ZJ1-2A	S.M.I.F.	EC 3323	2018-06-14
☒	Pressure meter	YM3	Shanghai Mengde	EC 3320	2018-06-28

2.7 Measurement uncertainty

The measurement uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

Test item	Measurement uncertainty
Maximum peak output power	$\pm 0.74\text{dB}$
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands below 1GHz	$\pm 4.90\text{dB}$
Radiated Emissions in restricted frequency bands above 1GHz	$\pm 5.02\text{dB}$
Emission outside the frequency band	$\pm 2.89\text{dB}$
Power line conducted emission	$\pm 3.19\text{dB}$

3 20dB bandwidth

Test result: Pass

3.1 Limit

☐ Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

☒ Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mW.

3.2 Measurement Procedure

The 20 bandwidth is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with:

Span = 2 to 3 times the 20dB bandwidth,

RBW $\geq$ 1% of the 20 dB bandwidth,

VBW $\geq$ RBW,

Sweep = auto,

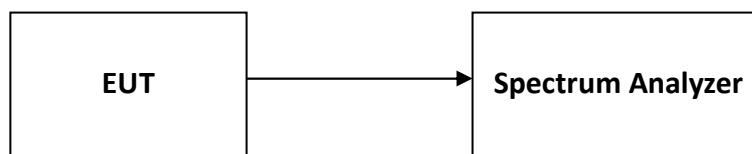
Detector = peak,

Trace = max hold.

The test was performed at 3 channels (lowest, middle and highest channel).

The EUT was tested according to DA 00-705 (Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems)

3.3 Test Configuration



3.4 Test Results of 20dB bandwidth

Please refer to Appendix A.

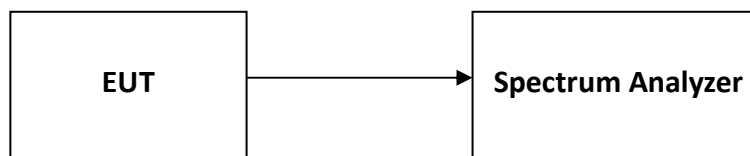
4 Carrier Frequency Separation

Test result: Pass

4.1 Limit

- ☐ Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.
- ☒ Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125mW.

4.2 Test Configuration



4.3 Test Procedure and test setup

The Carrier Frequency Separation is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with:

Span can capture two adjacent channels,

RBW $\geq$ 1% of the span, VBW $\geq$ RBW,

Sweep = auto,

Detector = peak,

Trace = max hold.

The test was performed at 3 channels (lowest, middle and highest channel).

The EUT was tested according to DA 00-705 (Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems)

4.4 Test Results of Carrier Frequency Separation

Please refer to Appendix A.

5 Output power

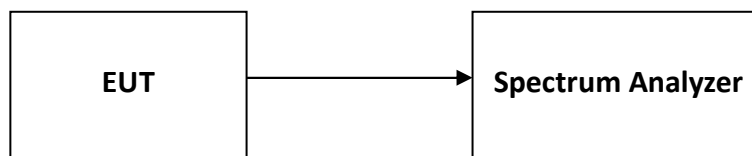
Test result: Pass

5.1 Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. (The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W)

If the transmitting antenna of directional gain greater than 6dBi is used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

5.2 Test Configuration



5.3 Measurement Procedure

The power output per FCC §15.247(b) is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with:

Span = 5 times the 20dB bandwidth,

RBW ≥ the 20dB bandwidth, VBW ≥ RBW,

Sweep = auto,

Detector = peak,

Trace = max hold.

The test was performed at 3 channels (lowest, middle and highest channel).

The EUT was tested according to DA 00-705 (Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems)

5.4 Test Results of Output Power

Please refer to Appendix A.

6 Radiated Emissions

Test result: Pass

6.1 Limit

The radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified showed as below:

Frequencies (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 ~ 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 ~ 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 ~ 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100	3
88 ~ 216	150	3
216 ~ 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

6.2 Measurement Procedure

For Radiated emission below 30MHz:

- The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters above the ground at a 3 meter chamber room. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- Both X and Y axes of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- The test-receiver system was set to Quasi-Peak Detect Function and Specified Bandwidth with Maximum Hold Mode.

NOTE:

- The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 9kHz at frequency below 30MHz.

TEST REPORT**For Radiated emission above 30MHz:**

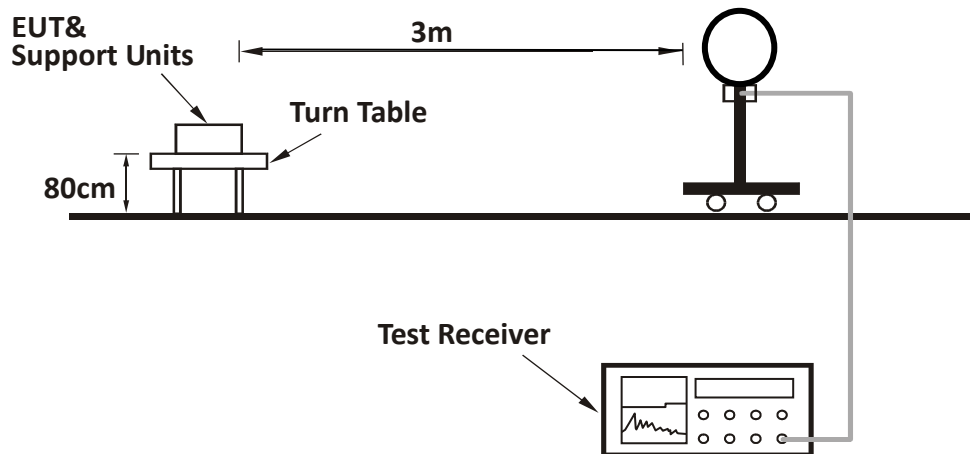
- a) The EUT was placed on the top of a rotating table 0.8 meters (for 30MHz ~ 1GHz) / 1.5 meters (for above 1GHz) above the ground at 3 meter chamber room for test. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- b) The EUT was set 3 meters away from the interference-receiving antenna, which was mounted on the top of a variable-height antenna tower.
- c) The height of antenna is varied from one meter to four meters above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. Both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the antenna are set to make the measurement.
- d) For each suspected emission, the EUT was arranged to its worst case and then the antenna was tuned to heights from 1 meter to 4 meters and the rotatable table was turned from 0 degrees to 360 degrees to find the maximum reading.
- e) The test-receiver system was set to quasi-peak detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is below 1 GHz.
- f) The test-receiver system was set to peak and average detect function and specified bandwidth with maximum hold mode when the test frequency is above 1 GHz. If the peak reading value also meets average limit, measurement with the average detector is unnecessary.

Note:

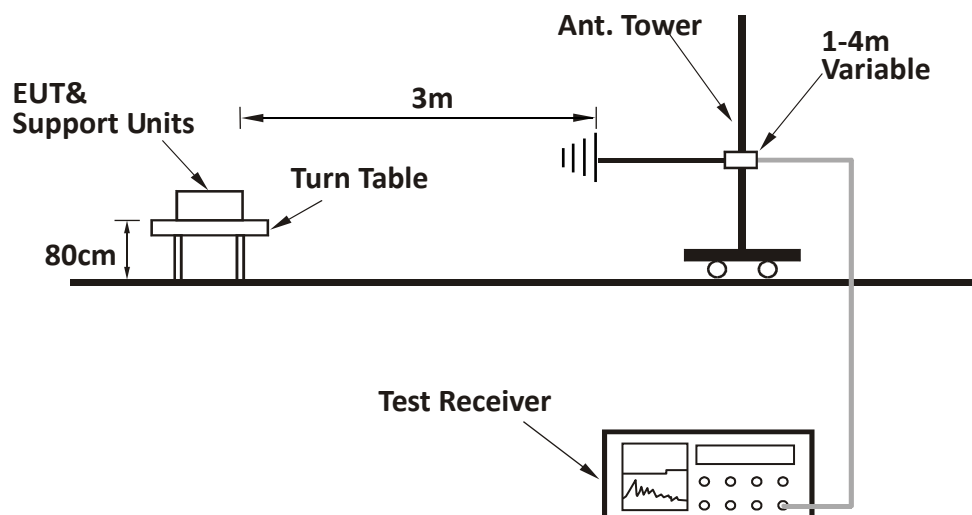
- 1. The resolution bandwidth and video bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 120kHz for Quasi-peak detection (QP) at frequency below 1GHz.
- 2. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is 3 MHz for Peak detection (PK) at frequency above 1GHz.
- 3. The resolution bandwidth of test receiver/spectrum analyzer is 1 MHz and the video bandwidth is $\geq 1/T$ (Duty cycle < 98%) or 3 x RBW (Duty cycle $\geq$ 98%) for Average detection (AV) at frequency above 1GHz.
- 4. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst-case emissions are reported

6.3 Test Configuration

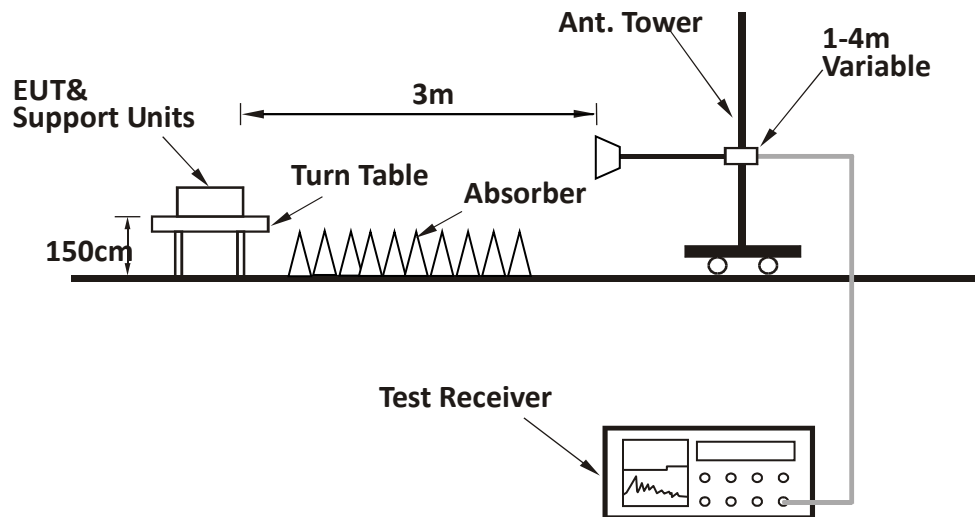
For Radiated emission below 30MHz:



For Radiated emission 30MHz to 1GHz:



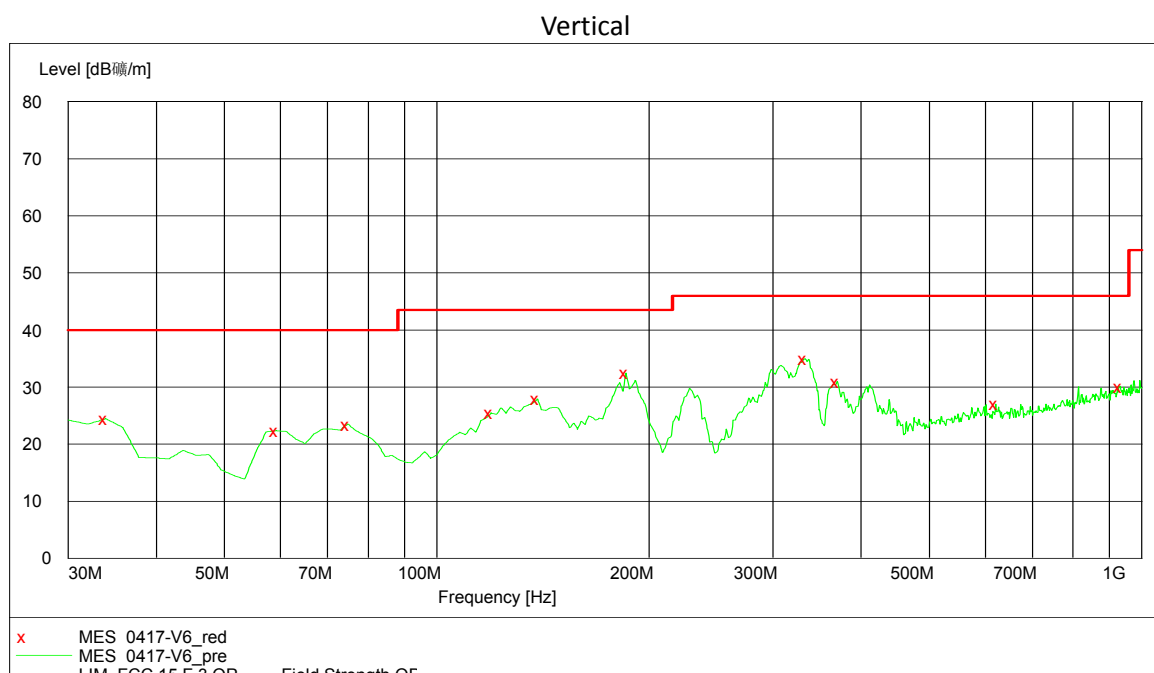
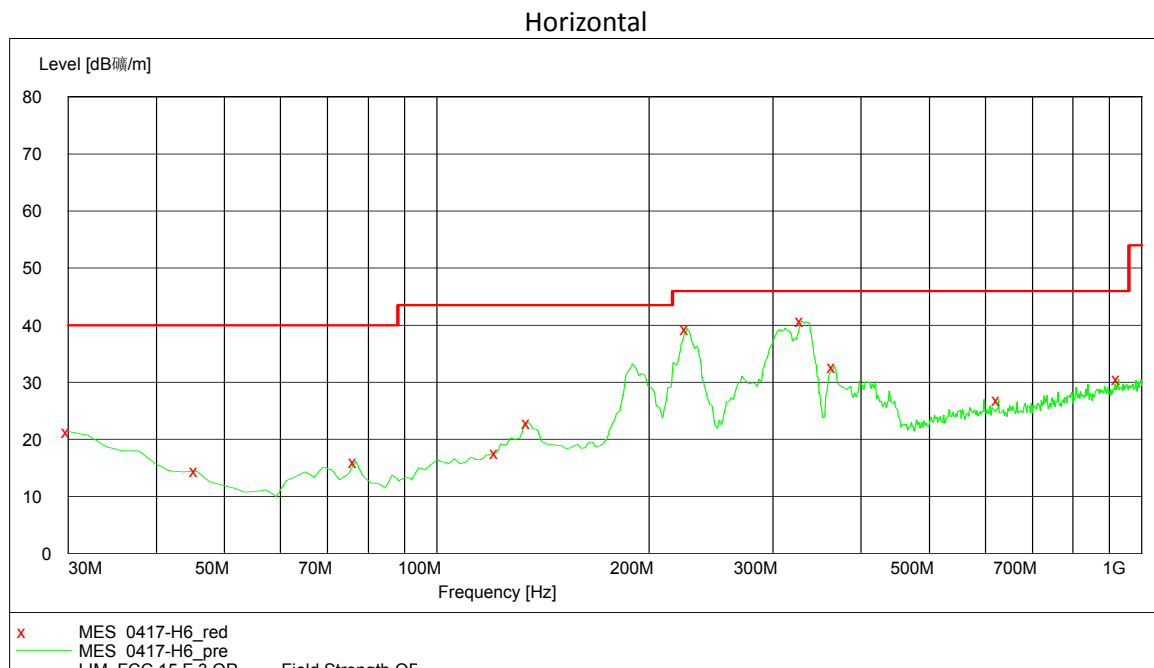
For Radiated emission above 1GHz:



6.4 Test Results of Radiated Emissions

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

The worst waveform from 30MHz to 1000MHz is listed as below:



TEST REPORT

Test data 30MHz~1GHz:

Polarization	Frequency (MHz)	Measured level (dBμV/m)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Limits (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
H	30.00	21.40	19.20	40.00	18.60	PK
	45.55	14.50	10.70	40.00	25.50	PK
	76.65	16.10	7.60	40.00	23.90	PK
	121.36	17.60	13.30	43.50	25.90	PK
	134.97	22.90	12.60	43.50	20.60	PK
	226.33	39.40	11.40	46.00	6.60	PK
	329.36	40.80	15.50	46.00	5.20	PK
	366.29	32.80	16.40	46.00	13.20	PK
	626.77	26.90	20.70	46.00	19.10	PK
	928.08	30.60	23.30	46.00	15.40	PK
V	33.89	24.40	16.80	40.00	15.60	PK
	59.16	22.40	7.10	40.00	17.60	PK
	74.71	23.50	7.50	40.00	16.50	PK
	119.42	25.50	13.30	43.50	18.00	PK
	138.86	27.90	12.40	43.50	15.60	PK
	185.51	32.50	10.50	43.50	11.00	PK
	333.25	35.00	15.60	46.00	11.00	PK
	370.18	31.00	16.50	46.00	15.00	PK
	620.94	27.00	20.60	46.00	19.00	PK
	931.96	30.10	23.30	46.00	15.90	PK

TEST REPORT

Test result of 1GHz to 25GHz:

GFSK (DH5) Modulation:

CH	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
L	H	2402.00	30.70	98.10	Fundamental	/	PK
	H	2390.00	30.20	48.30	74.00	25.70	PK
	H	2390.00	30.20	39.70	54.00	14.30	AV
	H	4804.00	-1.50	45.40	74.00	28.60	PK
M	V	2441.00	30.70	101.60	Fundamental	/	PK
	V	4882.00	-1.10	46.60	74.00	27.40	PK
H	H	2480.00	30.70	101.40	Fundamental	/	PK
	V	2483.50	31.52	49.70	74.00	24.30	PK
	V	2483.50	31.52	42.60	54.00	11.40	AV
	V	4960.00	-0.80	45.40	74.00	28.60	PK

$\pi/4$ DQPSK (2DH5) Modulation:

CH	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
L	H	2402.00	30.70	96.30	Fundamental	/	PK
	H	2390.00	30.20	48.30	74.00	25.70	PK
	H	2390.00	30.20	38.90	54.00	15.10	AV
	H	4804.00	-1.50	44.30	74.00	29.70	PK
M	V	2441.00	30.70	98.20	Fundamental	/	PK
	V	4882.00	-1.10	44.60	74.00	29.40	PK
H	H	2480.00	30.70	97.80	Fundamental	/	PK
	V	2483.50	31.52	47.30	74.00	26.70	PK
	V	2483.50	31.52	41.70	54.00	12.30	AV
	V	4960.00	-0.80	44.40	74.00	29.60	PK

8DPSK (3DH5) Modulation:

CH	Antenna	Frequency (MHz)	Correct Factor (dB/m)	Corrected Reading (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
L	H	2402.00	30.70	94.70	Fundamental	/	PK
	H	2390.00	30.20	46.50	74.00	27.50	PK
	H	2390.00	30.20	38.50	54.00	15.50	AV
	H	4804.00	-1.50	45.20	74.00	28.80	PK
M	V	2441.00	30.70	97.80	Fundamental	/	PK

TEST REPORT

	V	4882.00	-1.10	44.30	74.00	29.70	PK
H	H	2480.00	30.70	96.70	Fundamental	/	PK
	V	2483.50	31.52	46.30	74.00	27.70	PK
	V	2483.50	31.52	41.20	54.00	12.80	AV
	V	4960.00	-0.80	44.50	74.00	29.50	PK

Remark: 1. Correct Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (+ Amplifier, for higher than 1GHz), the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.
2. Corrected Reading = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor
3. Margin = Limit - Corrected Reading
4. If the PK Corrected Reading is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.

Example: Assuming Antenna Factor = 30.20dB/m, Cable Loss = 2.00dB,
Gain of Preamplifier = 32.00dB, Original Receiver Reading = 10.00dBuV,
Limit = 40.00dBuV/m.
Then Correct Factor = $30.20 + 2.00 - 32.00 = 0.20\text{dB/m}$;
Corrected Reading = $10\text{dBuV} + 0.20\text{dB/m} = 10.20\text{dBuV/m}$;
Margin = $40.00\text{dBuV/m} - 10.20\text{dBuV/m} = 29.80\text{dB}$.

7 Conducted Spurious Emissions & Band Edge

Test result: Pass

7.1 Limit

In any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power.

7.2 Test Configuration



7.3 Measurement Procedure

The Conducted Spurious Emissions is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with Span wide enough capturing all spurious from the lowest emission frequency of the EUT up to 10th harmonics,

RBW = 100kHz, VBW $\geq$ RBW,

Sweep = auto,

Detector = peak,

Trace = max hold.

The test was performed at 3 channels (lowest, middle and highest channel).

The EUT was tested according to DA 00-705 (Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems)

7.4 Test Results of Conducted Spurious Emissions & Band Edge

Please refer to Appendix A

8 Power line conducted emission

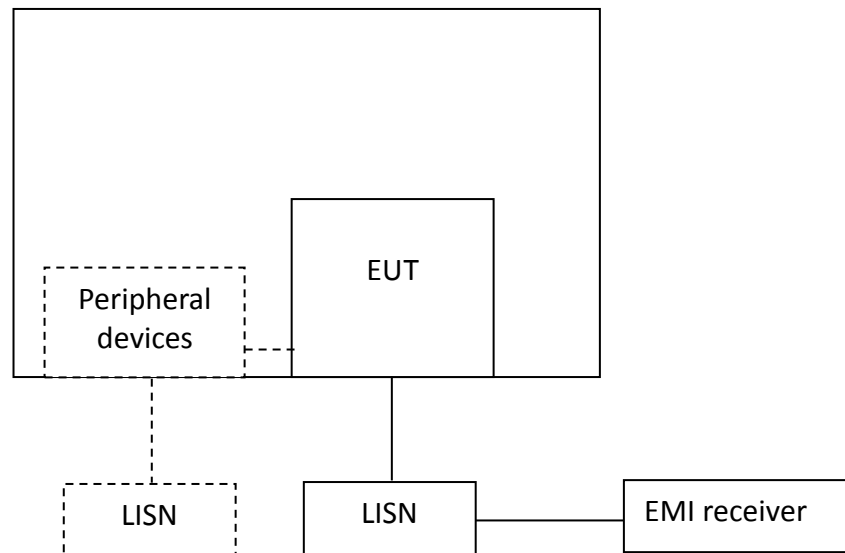
Test result: Pass

8.1 Limit

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	QP	AV
0.15-0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46 *
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

8.2 Test Configuration



8.3 Measurement Procedure

Measured levels of ac power-line conducted emission shall be the emission voltages from the voltage probe, where permitted, or across the 50 Ω LISN port (to which the EUT is connected), where permitted, terminated into a 50 Ω measuring instrument. All emission voltage and current measurements shall be made on each current-carrying conductor at the plug end of the EUT power cord by the use of mating plugs and receptacles on the LISN, if used. Equipment shall be tested with power cords that are normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer and that have electrical and shielding characteristics that are the same as those cords normally supplied or recommended by the manufacturer. For those measurements using a LISN, the 50 Ω measuring port is terminated by a measuring instrument having 50 Ω input impedance. All other ports are terminated in 50 Ω loads.

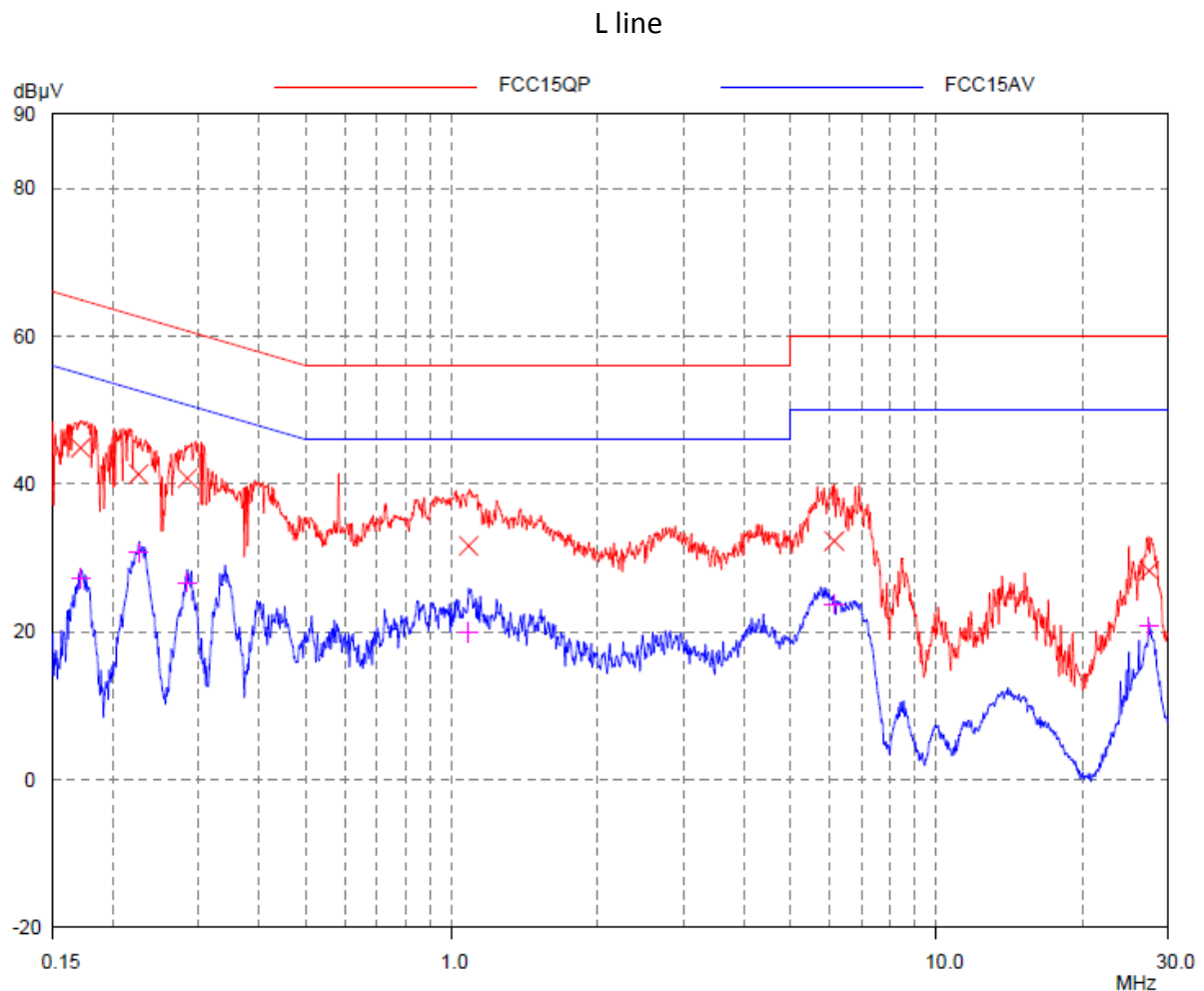
Tabletop devices shall be placed on a platform of nominal size 1 m by 1.5 m, raised 80 cm above the reference ground plane. The vertical conducting plane or wall of an RF-shielded (screened) room shall be located 40 cm to the rear of the EUT. Floor-standing devices shall be placed either directly on the reference ground-plane or on insulating material as described in ANSI C63.4. All other surfaces of tabletop or floor-standing EUTs shall be at least 80 cm from any other grounded conducting surface, including the case or cases of one or more LISNs.

The bandwidth of the test receiver is set at 9 kHz.

8.4 Test Results of Power line conducted emission

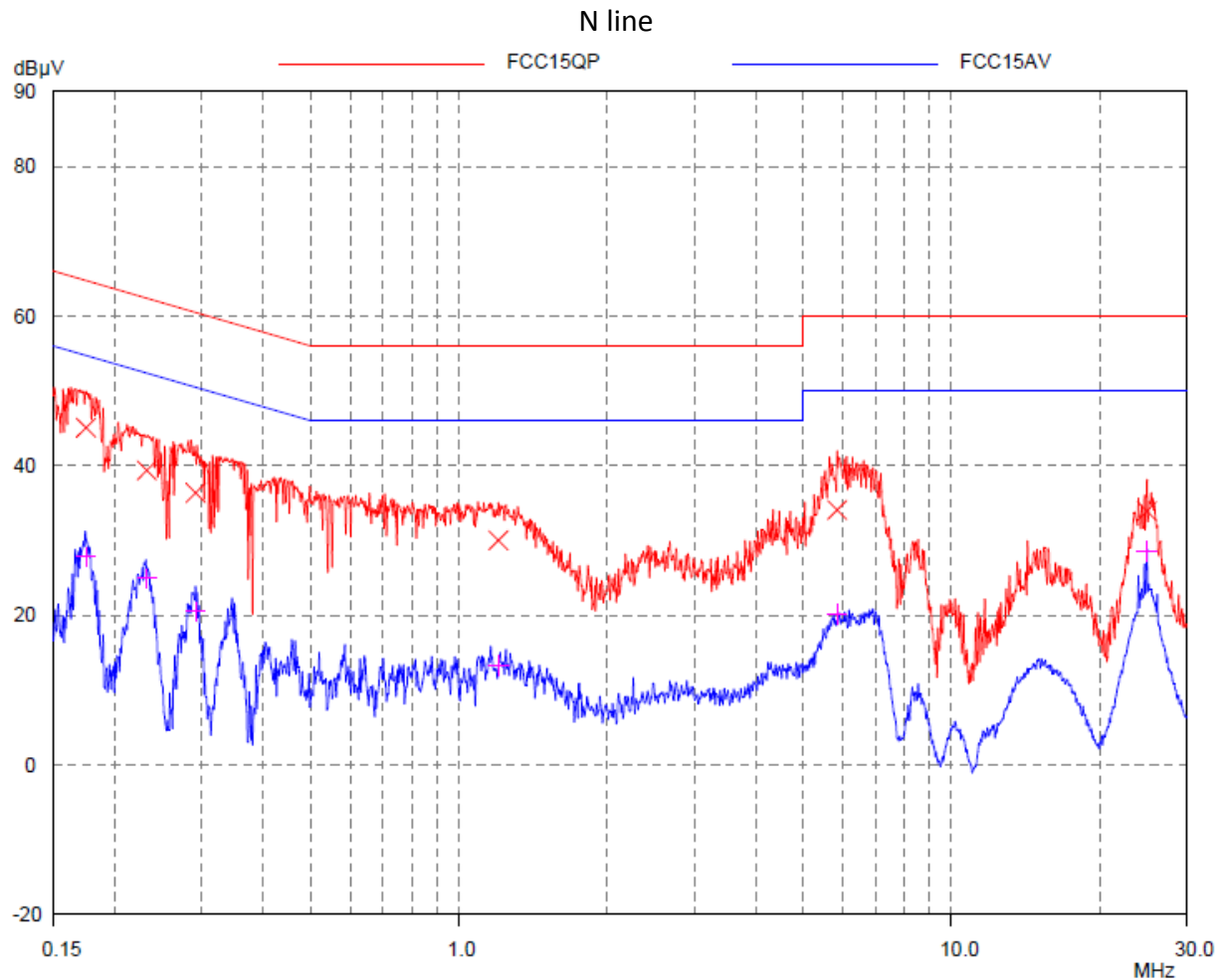
The worst result is listed as below:

Test Curve:



Test Data:

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-peak			Average		
	level dB(µV)	Limit dB(µV)	Margin (dB)	level dB(µV)	limit dB(µV)	Margin (dB)
0.171	44.89	64.91	20.02	27.22	54.91	27.69
0.225	41.33	62.62	21.29	30.68	52.62	21.94
0.284	40.78	60.70	19.92	26.61	50.70	24.09
1.082	31.63	56.00	24.37	19.92	46.00	26.08
6.144	32.28	60.00	27.72	23.79	50.00	26.21
27.453	28.28	60.00	31.72	20.76	50.00	29.24



Test Data:

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-peak			Average		
	level dB(μV)	Limit dB(μV)	Margin (dB)	level dB(μV)	limit dB(μV)	Margin (dB)
0.175	45.09	64.74	19.65	27.81	54.74	26.93
0.232	39.37	62.39	23.02	24.96	52.39	27.43
0.291	36.39	60.50	24.11	20.47	50.50	30.03
1.200	30.03	56.00	25.97	13.30	46.00	32.70
5.857	34.09	60.00	25.91	20.13	50.00	29.87
24.945	33.93	60.00	26.07	28.62	50.00	21.38

Remark: 1. Correct Factor = LISN Factor + Cable Loss, the value was added to Original Receiver Reading by the software automatically.

2. Corrected Reading = Original Receiver Reading + Correct Factor

3. Margin = Limit - Corrected Reading

4. If the PK Corrected Reading is lower than AV limit, the AV test can be elided.

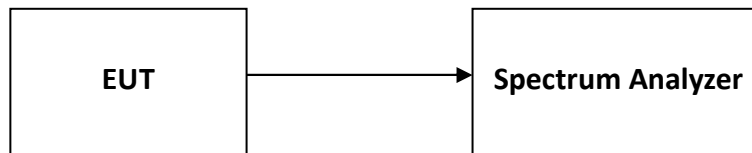
9 Number of Hopping Frequencies

Test result:Pass

9.1 Limit

Number of Hopping Frequencies in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

9.2 Test Configuration



9.3 Test procedure and test setup

The channel number is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with RBW=100kHz, VBW $\geq$ RBW,
Sweep = auto,
Detector = peak,
Trace = max hold.

The EUT was tested according to DA 00-705 (Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems).

9.4 Test Results of Number of Hopping Frequencies

Please refer to Appendix A

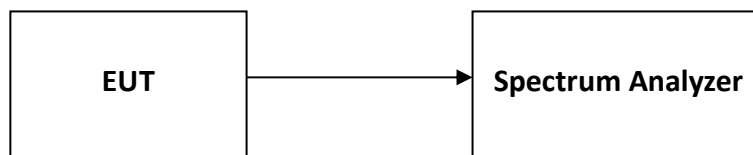
10 Dwell Time

Test result:Pass

10.1 Limit

The dwell time on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

10.2 Test Configuration



10.3 Test procedure and test setup

Dwell time per FCC §15.247(a)(1)(iii) is measured using the Spectrum Analyzer with Span = 0, RBW=1MHz, VBW≥RBW, Sweep can capture the entire dwell time, Detector = peak, Trace = max hold. The EUT was tested according to DA 00-705 (Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems).

10.4 Test Results of Dwell Time

Please refer to Appendix A

11 Occupied Bandwidth

Test result: **Tested**

11.1 Limit

None

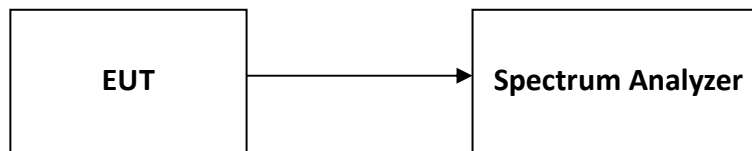
11.2 Measurement Procedure

The occupied bandwidth per RSS-Gen Issue 5 Clause 6.6 was measured using the Spectrum Analyzer.

The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts.

The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the occupied bandwidth (OBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately 3x RBW.

11.3 Test Configuration



11.4 The results of Occupied Bandwidth

Please refer to Appendix A

12 Antenna requirement

Requirement:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

Result:

EUT uses permanently attached antenna to the intentional radiator, so it can comply with the provisions of this section.

***** END *****