

Bundesnetzagentur

BNNetzA-CAB-02/21-102

TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-8503/19-01-05

Testing laboratory

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Accredited Testing Laboratory:

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAKKS)

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate starting with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01.

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Manufacturer

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Test standard/s

FCC - Title 47 CFR Part 15 FCC - Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices

RSS - 247 Issue 2 Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item: **Communication dongle**

Model name: **Xtra module**

FCC ID: **XKB-XTRAWIBTC**

IC: **2586D-XTRAWIBTC**

Frequency: UNII bands: 5150 MHz to 5250 MHz; 5250 MHz to 5350 MHz; 5725 MHz to 5850 MHz

Technology tested: **WLAN**

Antenna: **Integrated FLEX antenna**

Power supply: **110 V AC & 5 V DC by mains adapter / battery**

Temperature range: **0°C to +40°C**

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

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2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2019-08-26
Date of receipt of test item:	2019-08-27
Start of test:	2019-08-27
End of test:	2019-10-29
Person(s) present during the test:	-/-

2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

3 Test standard/s, references and accreditations

Test standard	Date	Description
FCC - Title 47 CFR Part 15	-/-	FCC - Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 2	February 2017	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
RSS - Gen Issue 5	April 2018	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification - General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

Guidance	Version	Description
KDB 789033 D02	v02r01	Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices - Part 15, Subpart E
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

Accreditation	Description
D-PL-12076-01-04	Telecommunication and EMC Canada https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-04.pdf
D-PL-12076-01-05	Telecommunication FCC requirements https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-05.pdf



4 Test environment

Temperature :	T_{nom} T_{max} T_{min}	+22 °C during room temperature tests No tests under extreme temperature conditions required. No tests under extreme temperature conditions required.
Relative humidity content :		55 %
Barometric pressure :		1021 hpa
Power supply :	V_{nom} V_{max} V_{min}	110 V AC & 5 V DC by mains adapter / battery No tests under extreme voltage conditions required. No tests under extreme voltage conditions required.

5 Test item

5.1 General description

Kind of test item :	Communication dongle		
Model name :	Xtra module		
HMN :	Lane/7000 Lane/8000		
PMN :	XTRA module		
HVIN :	MODU/7003 WiFi/BT MODU/7005 WiFi/BT MODU/8005 WiFi/BT		
FVIN :	n/a		
S/N serial number :	Rad.	Host LANE7000:	Module: 183132213091023807491902 Host: 190682203011067808006807 Host LANE8000: Module: 182322213091023807362912 Host: 191072213011040108138482 Stand-alone configuration: Module: 182322213091023807362912 Cond. Module: 190682203011067808006807
Hardware status :	OS_045400		
Software status :	HTB_0202		
Firmware status :	n/a		
Frequency band :	UNII bands: 5150 MHz to 5250 MHz; 5250 MHz to 5350 MHz; 5725 MHz to 5850 MHz (lowest channel 5180 MHz; highest channel 5825 MHz)		
Type of radio transmission : Use of frequency spectrum :	OFDM		
Type of modulation :	BPSK, QPSK, 16 – QAM, 64 – QAM		
Number of channels :	20 MHz channels: 13 40 MHz channels: 6		
Antenna :	Integrated FLEX antenna		
Power supply :	110 V AC & 5 V DC by mains adapter / battery		
Temperature range :	0°C to +40°C		

5.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup and EUT photos are included in test report:

- 1-8503/19-01-01_AnnexA
- 1-8503/19-01-01_AnnexB
- 1-8503/19-01-01_AnnexD

6 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

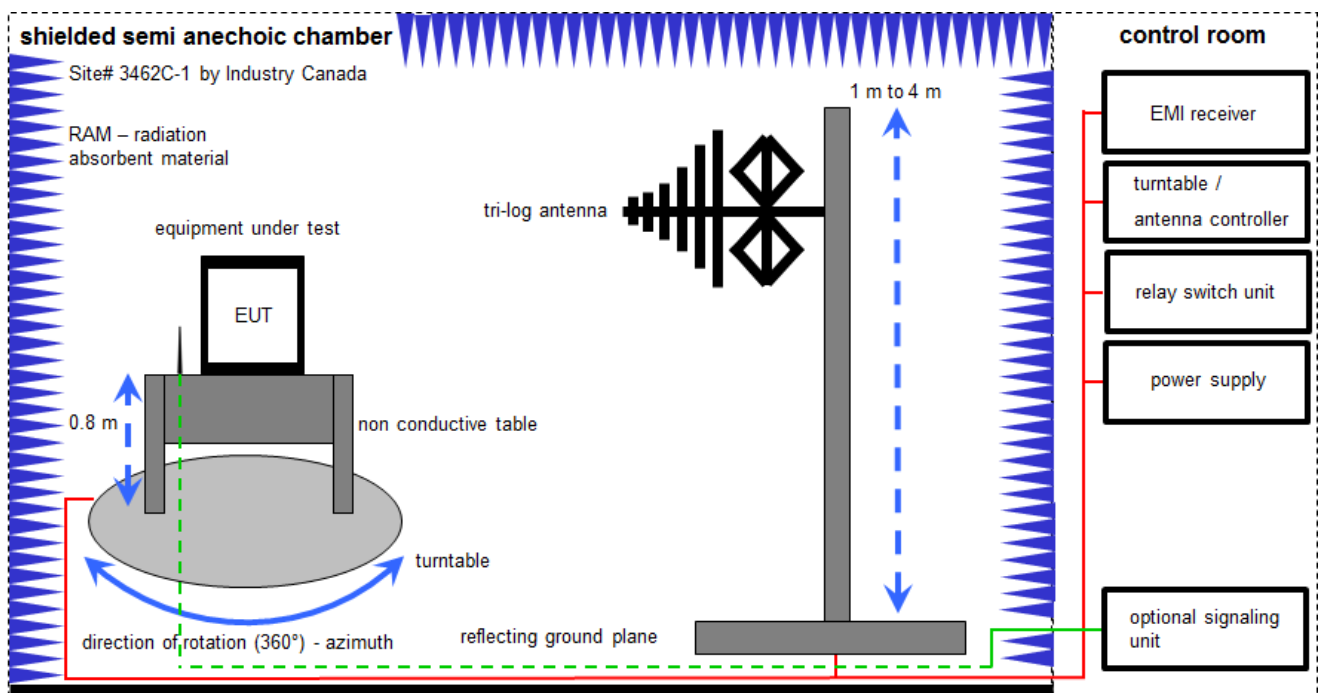
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vlk!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

6.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter

$$FS = UR + CL + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

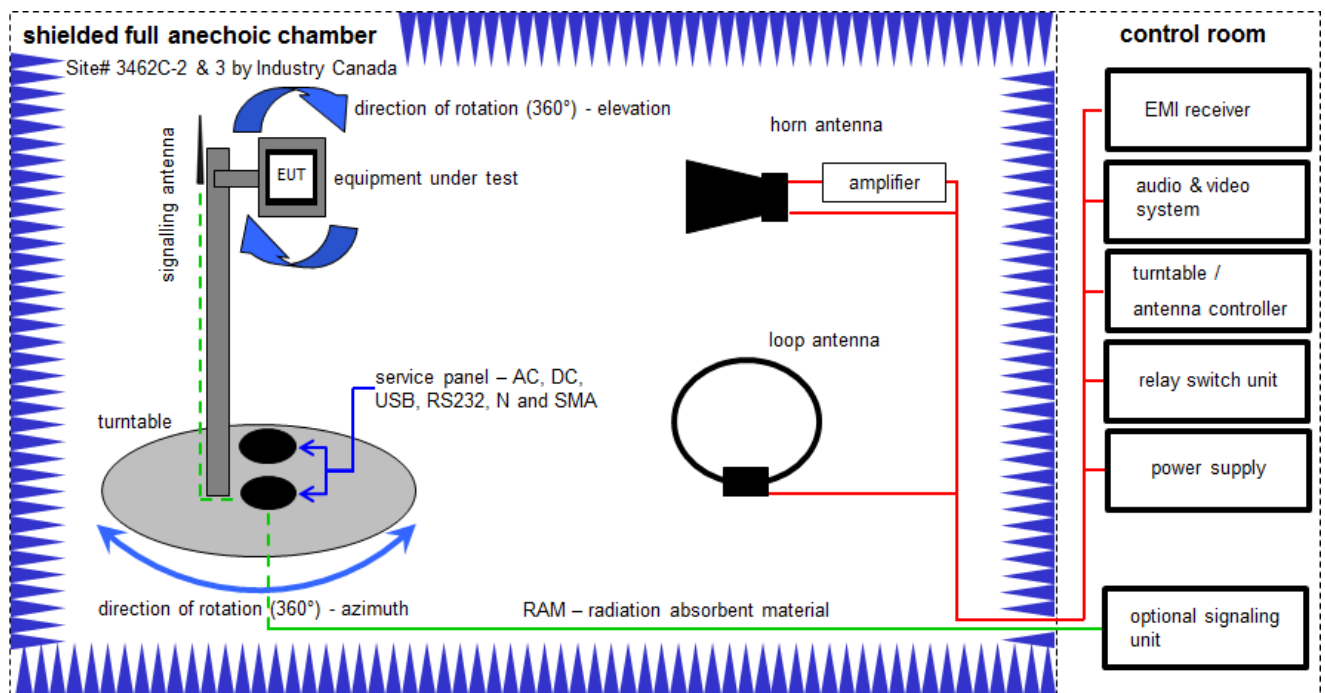
Example calculation:

$$FS \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} = 12.35 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} + 1.90 \text{ [dB]} + 16.80 \text{ [dB/m]} = 31.05 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} \text{ (35.69 } \mu\text{V/m)}$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	Meßkabine 1	HF-Absorberhalle	MWB AG 300023	-/-	300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
4	A	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
5	A	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
6	A	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck Mess - Elektronik	371	300003854	vKI!	24.11.2017	23.11.2020
7	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	Rohde & Schwarz	102587	300005771	k	21.05.2019	20.05.2020

6.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter

FS = UR + CA + AF

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:

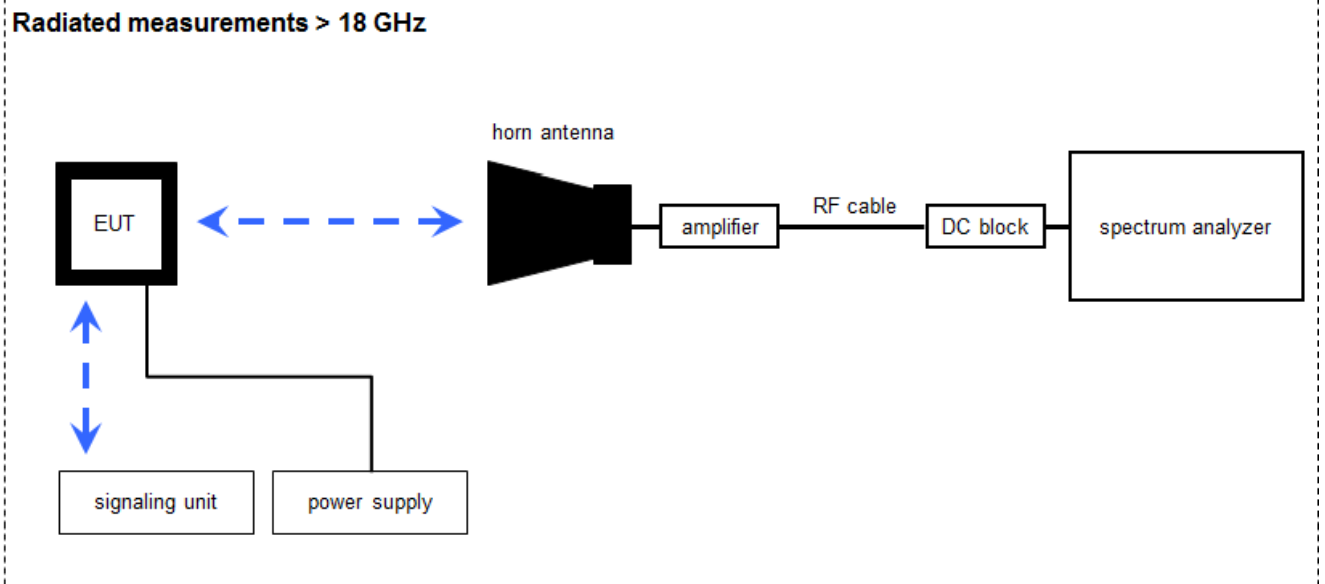
FS [dBμV/m] = 40.0 [dBμV/m] + (-35.8) [dB] + 32.9 [dB/m] = 37.1 [dBμV/m] (71.61 μV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Active Loop Antenna 9 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	vKI!	13.06.2019	12.06.2021
2	B, C	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9107-3696	300001604	vKI!	27.02.2019	26.02.2021
3	C	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright	18	300003789	ne	-/-	-/-
4	B, C	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22051	300004483	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A, B, C	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000032	300004510	ne	-/-	-/-
6	A, B, C	NEXIO EMV-Software	BAT EMC V3.19.1.9	EMCO	-/-	300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
7	A, B, C	Anechoic chamber	-/-	TDK	-/-	300003726	ne	-/-	-/-
8	C	Band Reject Filter	WRCJV12-5120-5150-5350-5380-40SS	Wainwright	5	300005168	ev	-/-	-/-
9	C	Band Reject Filter	WRCJV12-5695-5725-5850-5880-40SS	Wainwright	5	300005169	ev	-/-	-/-
10	C	Band Reject Filter	WRCJV16-5440-5470-5725-5755-40SS	Wainwright	9	300005170	ev	-/-	-/-

11	B, C	RF Amplifier	AFS4-00100800-28-20P-4-R	MITEQ	2008992	300005204	ne	-/-	-/-
12	B, C	RF-Amplifier	AMF-6F06001800-30-10P-R	NARDA-MITEQ Inc	2011571	300005240	ev	-/-	-/-
13	A, B, C	EMI Test Receiver 9kHz-26,5GHz	ESR26	R&S	101376	300005063	k	19.12.2018	18.12.2019

6.3 Radiated measurements > 18 GHz



Measurement distance: horn antenna 50 cm

$$FS = UR + CA + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss signal path & distance correction; AF-antenna factor)

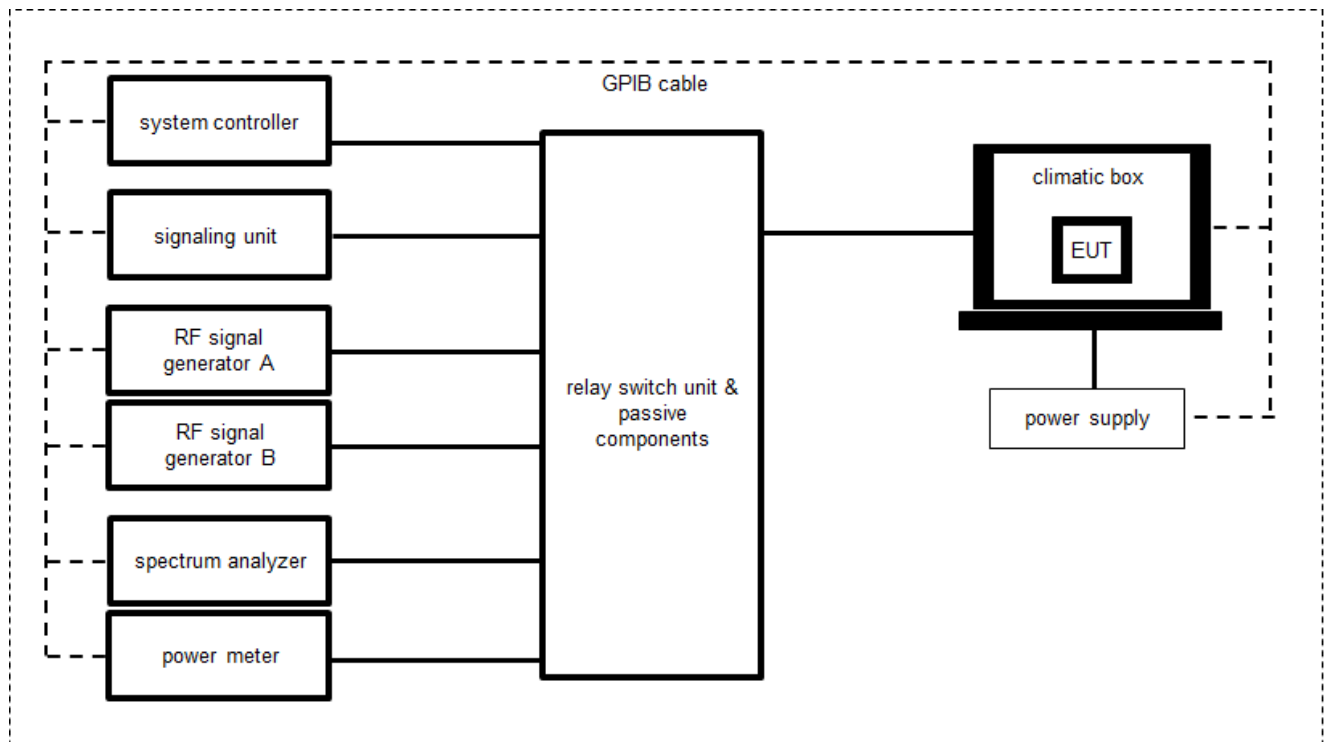
Example calculation:

$$FS \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} = 40.0 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} + (-60.1) \text{ [dB]} + 36.74 \text{ [dB/m]} = 16.64 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} \text{ (6.79 } \mu\text{V/m)}$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Amplifier 2-40 GHz	JS32-02004000-57-5P	MITEQ	1777200	300004541	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm /48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 600918	400001182	ev	-/-	-/-
3	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm /48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 127377	400001183	ev	-/-	-/-
4	A	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet	-/-	400001185	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0-26.5 GHz	638	Narda	-/-	300000486	vIKI!	13.12.2017	12.12.2019
6	A	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	vIKI!	17.12.2018	16.12.2019

6.4 Conducted measurements



OP = AV + CA
 (OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

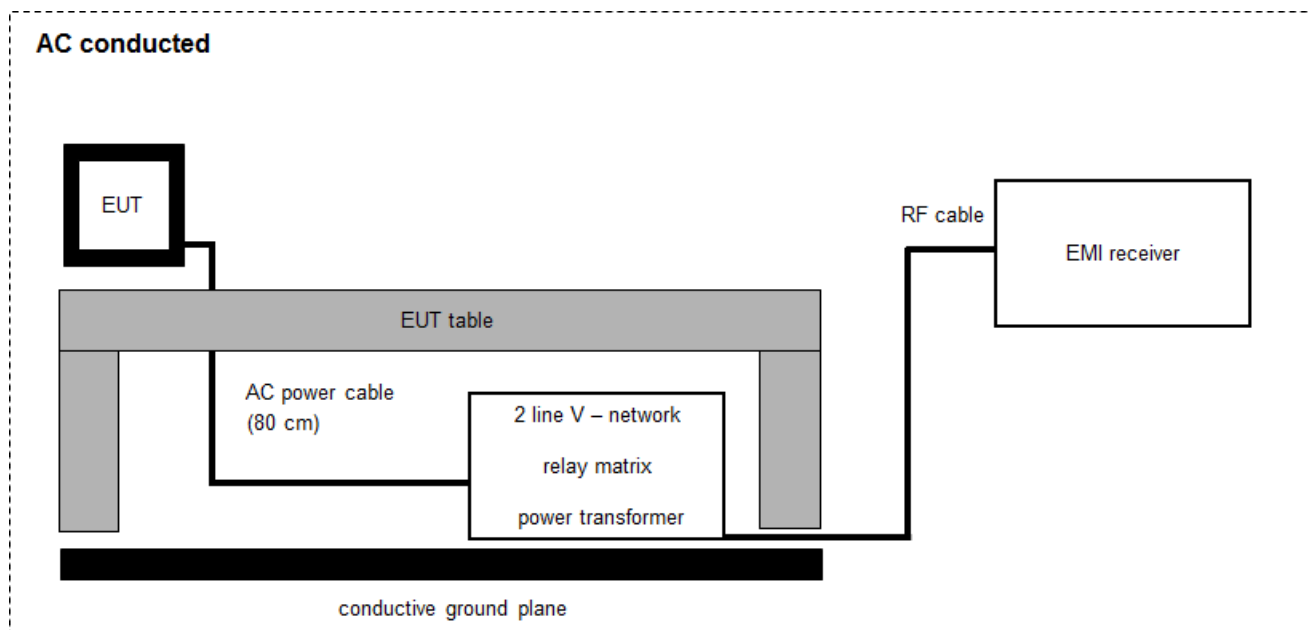
Example calculation:

OP [dBm] = 6.0 [dBm] + 11.7 [dB] = 17.7 [dBm] (58.88 mW)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	PC Laboratory	Exone	Fröhlich + Walter	S2642279-03 / 10	300004179	ne	-/-	-/-
2	A	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV30	Rohde & Schwarz	103809	300005359	vKI!	17.12.2018	16.12.2020
3	A	Relay Switch Matrix	RSM-1	CTC advanced GmbH	0001	400001355	ev	14.06.2019	13.06.2020
4	A	Tester Software RadioStar (C.BER2 for BT Conformance)	Version 1.0.0.X	CTC advanced GmbH	0001	400001380	ne	-/-	-/-

6.5 AC conducted



$$FS = UR + CF + VC$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CR-loss of the cable and filter; VC-correction factor of the ISN)

Example calculation:

$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 37.62 [dB\mu V/m] + 9.90 [dB] + 0.23 [dB] = 47.75 [dB\mu V/m] \quad (244.06 \mu V/m)$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Two-line V-Network (LISN) 9 kHz to 30 MHz	ESH3-Z5	R&S	892475/017	300002209	vIKI!	13.12.2017	12.12.2019
2	A	RF-Filter-section	85420E	HP	3427A00162	300002214	NK!	-/-	-/-
3	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 3	R&S	100083	300003312	k	12.12.2018	11.12.2019
4	A	Hochpass 150 kHz	EZ-25	R&S	100010	300003798	ev	-/-	-/-

7 Sequence of testing

7.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, it is placed on a table with 0.8 m height.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement*

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the pre-measurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°.
- Loop antenna is rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. (For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT)
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

^{*)}Note: The sequence will be repeated three times with different EUT orientations.

7.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position $\pm 45^\circ$ and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

7.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

7.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

8 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty		
Test case	Uncertainty	
Antenna gain	± 3 dB	
Power spectral density	± 1.15 dB	
Spectrum bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)	
Occupied bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)	
Maximum output power	± 1.15 dB conducted ± 3 dB radiated	
Minimum emissions bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)	
Band edge compliance radiated	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions conducted	> 3.6 GHz	± 1.15 dB
	> 7 GHz	± 1.15 dB
	> 18 GHz	± 1.89 dB
	≥ 40 GHz	± 3.12 dB
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB	
Spurious emissions conducted below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	± 2.6 dB	

9 Summary of measurement results

☐	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
☐	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
☒	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Title 47 Part 15 RSS 247, Issue 2	See table	2019-12-04	-/-

Test specification clause	Test case	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
-/-	Output power verification (cond.)	-/-				Stand-alone configuration
-/-	Antenna gain	-/-				Stand-alone configuration
U-NII Part 15	Duty cycle	-/-				Stand-alone configuration
§15.407(a) RSS - 247 (6.2.x.1)	Maximum output power (conducted & radiated)	☒	☐	☐	☐	Stand-alone configuration
§15.407(a) RSS - 247 (6.2.x.1)	Power spectral density	☒	☐	☐	☐	Stand-alone configuration
RSS - 247 (6.2.4.1)	Spectrum bandwidth 6dB bandwidth	☒	☐	☐	☐	Stand-alone configuration
§15.407(a) RSS - 247 (6.2.x.2)	Spectrum bandwidth 26dB bandwidth	☒	☐	☐	☐	Stand-alone configuration
RSS Gen clause 6.6	Spectrum bandwidth 99% bandwidth	-/-				Stand-alone configuration
§15.205 RSS - 247 (6.2.x.2)	Band edge compliance radiated	☒	☐	☐	☐	Stand-alone configuration
§15.407(b) RSS - 247 (6.2.x.2)	TX spurious emissions radiated	☒	☐	☐	☐	30 MHz to 1 GHz: Tests in a host Above 1 GHz: Stand-alone configuration
§15.109 RSS-Gen	RX spurious emissions radiated	☒	☐	☐	☐	30 MHz to 1 GHz: Tests in a host Above 1 GHz: Stand-alone configuration
§15.209(a) RSS-Gen	Spurious emissions radiated < 30 MHz	☒	☐	☐	☐	Stand-alone configuration
§15.107(a) §15.207	Spurious emissions conducted emissions < 30 MHz	☒	☐	☐	☐	Tests in a host
§15.407 RSS - 247 (6.3)	DFS	☐	☐	☐	☒	-/-

Notes:

C:	Compliant	NC:	Not compliant	NA:	Not applicable	NP:	Not performed
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10 Additional comments

Reference documents: ICO-OPE-03994 Wifi_labtool_Radio_agreement_procedure.pdf
1- 8503_19-01-05_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf

Special test descriptions: The radiated spurious emissions tests between 30 MHz and 1 GHz were performed with one Xtra module in a LANE8000 host and one Xtra module in a LANE7000 host. Both hosts were in the semi-anechoic chamber at the same time and the modules were always transmitting in the same mode and on the same channel. This represents the worst case and therefore covers both possible Xtra module use cases.

As the Xtra module will be only used in LANE8000 and LANE7000 hosts, the module can be only used for this two use cases. All other tests were performed with a module stand-alone configuration. For 30 MHz to 1 GHz spurious tests the stand-alone configuration was not compliant due to unshielded cables which were used for the stand-alone test setup and are not part of the end product.

Configuration descriptions: Power settings used for all tests: a-mode: 14
n20-mode: 13
n40-mode: 11

Provided channels:

Channels with 20 MHz channel bandwidth:

U-NII-1 & U-NII-2A (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz & 5250 MHz to 5350 MHz) channel number & center frequency								
channel	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64
f _c / MHz	5180	5200	5220	5240	5260	5280	5300	5320

U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz) channel number & center frequency					
channel	149	153	157	161	165
f _c / MHz	5745	5765	5785	5805	5825

Channels with 40 MHz channel bandwidth:

U-NII-1 & U-NII-2A (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz & 5250 MHz to 5350 MHz) channel number & center frequency				
channel	38	46	54	62
f _c / MHz	5190	5230	5270	5310

U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz) channel number & center frequency		
channel	151	159
f _c / MHz	5755	5795

Test mode:

- ☐ No test mode available.
Iperf is used to transmit data to a companion device
- ☒ Special software is used.
EUT is transmitting pseudo random data by itself

Antennas and transmit operating modes:

- ☒ Operating mode 1 (single antenna)
 - Equipment with 1 antenna,
 - Equipment with 2 diversity antennas operating in switched diversity mode by which at any moment in time only 1 antenna is used,
 - Smart antenna system with 2 or more transmit/receive chains, but operating in a mode where only 1 transmit/receive chain is used)
- ☐ Operating mode 2 (multiple antennas, no beamforming)
 - Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously but without beamforming.
- ☐ Operating mode 3 (multiple antennas, with beamforming)
 - Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously with beamforming.
In addition to the antenna assembly gain (G), the beamforming gain (Y) may have to be taken into account when performing the measurements.

11 Measurement results

11.1 Identify worst case data rate

Measurement:

All modes of the module will be measured with an average power meter to identify the maximum transmission power on mid channel. In the case that only one or two channels are available, only these will be measured.

In further tests only the identified worst case modulation scheme or bandwidth will be measured.

Measurement parameters:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	3 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Trace mode:	Max hold
Used test setup:	See chapter 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Results:

OFDM – mode	Modulation scheme / bandwidth					
	U-NII-1 & U-NII-2A		U-NII-2C		U-NII-3	
	lowest channel	highest channel	lowest channel	highest channel	lowest channel	highest channel
a – mode	6 Mbit/s	6 Mbit/s	Mbit/s	Mbit/s	6 Mbit/s	6 Mbit/s
n/ac HT20 – mode	MCS0	MCS0	MCS	MCS	MCS0	MCS0
n/ac HT40 – mode	MCS0	MCS0	MCS	MCS	MCS0	MCS0

11.2 Antenna gain

Description:

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module.

Measurement parameters:

Measurement parameter	
External result file(s)	1-8503_19-01-05_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf Peak OP 3MHz/3MHz
Test setup:	See chapter 6.2 – C (radiated) See chapter 6.4 – A (conducted)
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

Antenna Gain
6 dBi / > 6 dBi output power and power density reduction required

Results:

U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)	Antenna gain		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
Conducted power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	5.5	-/-	11.4
Radiated power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	10.7	-/-	10.1
Gain / dBi (calculated or declared)	5.2	-/-	-1.3

U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)	Antenna gain		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
Conducted power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	9.1	-/-	7.8
Radiated power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	7.7	-/-	15.0
Gain / dBi (calculated or declared)	-1.4	-/-	7.2

U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	Antenna gain		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
Conducted power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	9.1	9.1	8.8
Radiated power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	12.8	11.8	14.0
Gain / dBi (calculated or declared)	3.7	2.7	5.2

11.3 Duty cycle

Description:

The duty cycle is necessary to compute the maximum power during an actual transmission. The shown plots and values are to show an example of the measurement procedure. The real value is measured direct during the power measurement or power density measurement. The correction value is shown in each plot of these measurements.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, B.	
External result file(s)	1-8503_19-01-05_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf FCC Part 15.407 Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter8

Results:

Duty cycle and correction factor:

OFDM – mode	Calculation method	
	$T_{on} (D2_{plot}) * 100 / T_{complete} (D3_{plot}) = \text{duty cycle}$ $10 * \log(\text{duty cycle}) = \text{correction factor}$	
	Duty cycle	Correction factor
a – mode	100%	0.0 dB
n/ac HT20 – mode	100%	0.0 dB
n/ac HT40 – mode	100%	0.0 dB

11.4 Maximum output power

11.4.1 Maximum output power according to FCC requirements

Description:

Measurement of the maximum output power conducted

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, E.2.e.	
External result file(s)	1-8503_19-01-05_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf FCC Part 15.407 Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

Radiated output power	Conducted output power for mobile equipment
Conducted power + 6 dBi antenna gain	250mW 5.150-5.250 GHz The lesser one of 250mW or 11 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.250-5.350 GHz 250mW or 11 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.470-5.725 GHz (where Bandwidth is the 26dB Bandwidth [MHz]) 1W 5.725-5.85 GHz

Results:

a	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	9.7	9.9	9.8
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	7.8	8.6	7.0
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	8.2	8.1	8.0

Results:

n/ac HT20	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	7.6	7.7	7.8
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	6.0	6.7	4.8
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	6.0	6.4	6.2

Results:

n/ac HT40	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]	
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	5.4	5.3
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	4.1	3.7
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	4.9	3.8

11.4.2 Maximum output power according to IC requirements

Description:

Measurement of the maximum output power conducted + radiated

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
External result file(s)	1-8503_19-01-05_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf ISED Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

Radiated output power	Conducted output power for mobile equipment
The lesser one of 200 mW or 10 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.150-5.250 GHz 1 W or 17 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.250-5.350 GHz 1 W or 17 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.470-5.725 GHz (where Bandwidth is the 99% Bandwidth [MHz]) Conducted power + 6dBi antenna gain 5.725-5.825 GHz	The lesser one of 250mW or 11 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.250-5.350 GHz 250mW or 11 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.470-5.725 GHz (where Bandwidth is the 99% Bandwidth [MHz]) 1W 5.725-5.825 GHz

Results:

a	Maximum output power [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	9.7	9.8	9.6
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	14.9	15.0	8.3
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	7.7	8.6	6.9
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	6.3	15.8	14.1
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	8.1	8.0	7.9
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	11.8	10.7	13.1

Results:

n/ac HT20	Maximum output power [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	7.5	7.6	7.7
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	12.7	12.8	6.4
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	5.9	6.6	4.7
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	4.5	13.8	11.9
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	5.9	6.4	6.1
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	9.6	9.1	11.3

Results:

n/ac HT40	Maximum output power [dBm]	
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	Conducted	
	5.4	5.2
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)	
	10.6	3.9
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	Conducted	
	4.1	3.7
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)	
	2.7	10.9
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	Conducted	
	4.8	3.8
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)	
	8.5	9.0

11.5 Power spectral density

11.5.1 Power spectral density according to FCC requirements

Description:

Measurement of the power spectral density of a digital modulated system. The measurement is repeated at the lowest, middle and highest channel.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, F.	
External result file(s)	1-8503_19-01-05_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf FCC Part 15.407 Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

Power Spectral Density
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5150 – 5250 MHz)
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5250 – 5350 MHz)
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5470 – 5725 MHz)
power spectral density conducted ≤ 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band (band 5725 – 5850 MHz)

Results:

a	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-1.9	-1.7	-1.9
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-3.7	-2.7	-4.8
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-6.6	-6.2	-6.6

Results:

n/ac HT20	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-4.3	-4.3	-4.2
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-5.6	-4.8	-7.2
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-9.0	-8.1	-8.8

Results:

n/ac HT40	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)	
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	-9.3	-9.5
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	-10.3	-10.7
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	-12.2	-13.5

11.5.2 Power spectral density according to IC requirements

Description:

Measurement of the power spectral density of a digital modulated system. The measurement is repeated at the lowest, middle and highest channel.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
External result file(s)	1-8503_19-01-05_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf ISED Max Output Power and PSD
Used test setup:	See chapter 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

Power Spectral Density
power spectral density e.i.r.p. ≤ 10 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5150 – 5250 MHz)
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5250 – 5350 MHz)
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5470 – 5725 MHz)
power spectral density conducted ≤ 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band (band 5725 – 5850 MHz)

Results:

a	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-1.9	-1.8	-1.9
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	3.3	3.4	-3.2
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-3.7	-2.7	-4.8
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-6.7	-6.2	-6.7

Results:

n/ac HT20	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-4.3	-4.3	-4.2
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	0.9	0.9	-5.5
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-5.6	-4.8	-7.2
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-9.0	-8.1	-8.8

Results:

n/ac HT40	Power spectral density (dBm/1 MHz or dBm/500kHz)	
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	Conducted	
	-9.4	-9.5
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)	
	-5.2	-10.8
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	-10.3	-10.7
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	-12.3	-13.6

11.6 Minimum emission bandwidth for the band 5.725-5.85 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the 6 dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, C.2.	
External result file(s)	1-8503_19-01-05_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf FCC Part 15.407 & ISSED Minimum Emission BW
Used test setup:	See chapter 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.	

Results:

a	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16.6	16.4	16.6

Results:

n/ac HT20	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17.8	17.8	17.8

Results:

n/ac HT40	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Highest channel	
	36.0	36.6	

11.7 Spectrum bandwidth / 26 dB bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 26 dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, C.1.	
External result file(s)	1-8503_19-01-05_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf FCC Part 15.407 & ISSED Bandwidths
Used test setup:	see chapter 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

Spectrum Bandwidth – 26 dB Bandwidth
IC: Any unwanted emissions that fall into the band 5250-5350 MHz shall be attenuated below the channel power by at least 26 dB, when measured using a resolution bandwidth between 1 and 5% of the occupied bandwidth (i.e. 99% bandwidth), above 5250 MHz. The 26 dB bandwidth may fall into the 5250-5350 MHz band; however, if the occupied bandwidth also falls within the 5250-5350 MHz band, the transmission is considered as intentional and the devices shall comply with all requirements in the band 5250-5350 MHz including implementing dynamic frequency selection (DFS) and TPC, on the portion of the emission that resides in the 5250-5350 MHz band. FCC: Radar Detection Function of Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS). U-NII devices operating with any part of its 26 dB emission bandwidth in the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands shall employ a DFS radar detection mechanism to detect the presence of radar systems and to avoid co-channel operation with radar systems.

Results:

a	26 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.1	20.2	20.1
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5170.0		5250.1
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.2	20.1	20.2
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.2	20.2	20.0
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5735.0		5835.0

Results:

n/ac HT20	26 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.6	20.5	20.6
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5169.7		5250.3
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.7	20.4	20.6
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.7	20.6	20.6
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5734.7		5835.4

Results:

n/ac HT40	26 dB bandwidth (MHz)	
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	41.3	41.3
	Lowest frequency	Highest frequency
	5169.4	5250.7
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	41.4	41.4
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	41.3	41.6
	Lowest frequency	Highest frequency
	5734.4	5815.7

11.8 Occupied bandwidth / 99% emission bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 99% bandwidth of the modulated signal acc. RSS-GEN.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
External result file(s)	1-8503_19-01-05_Annex_MR_A_1.pdf FCC Part 15.407 & ISSED Bandwidths
Test setup:	See sub clause 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Usage:

-/-	IC
OBW is necessary for Emission Designator	

Results:

a	99% bandwidth (kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16833	16883	16733
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16883	16783	16883
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16883	16833	16783

Results:

n/ac HT20	99% bandwidth (kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17932	17882	17882
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17932	17882	17932
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17982	17982	17832

Results:

n/ac HT40	99% bandwidth (kHz)	
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	36663	36663
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	36863	36663
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	36763	36863

11.9 Band edge compliance radiated

Description:

Measurement of the radiated band edge compliance. The EUT is turned in the position that results in the maximum level at the band edge. Then a sweep over the corresponding restricted band is performed. The EUT is set to the lowest channel for the lower restricted band and to the highest channel for the upper restricted band. Measurement distance is 3m.

Measurement:

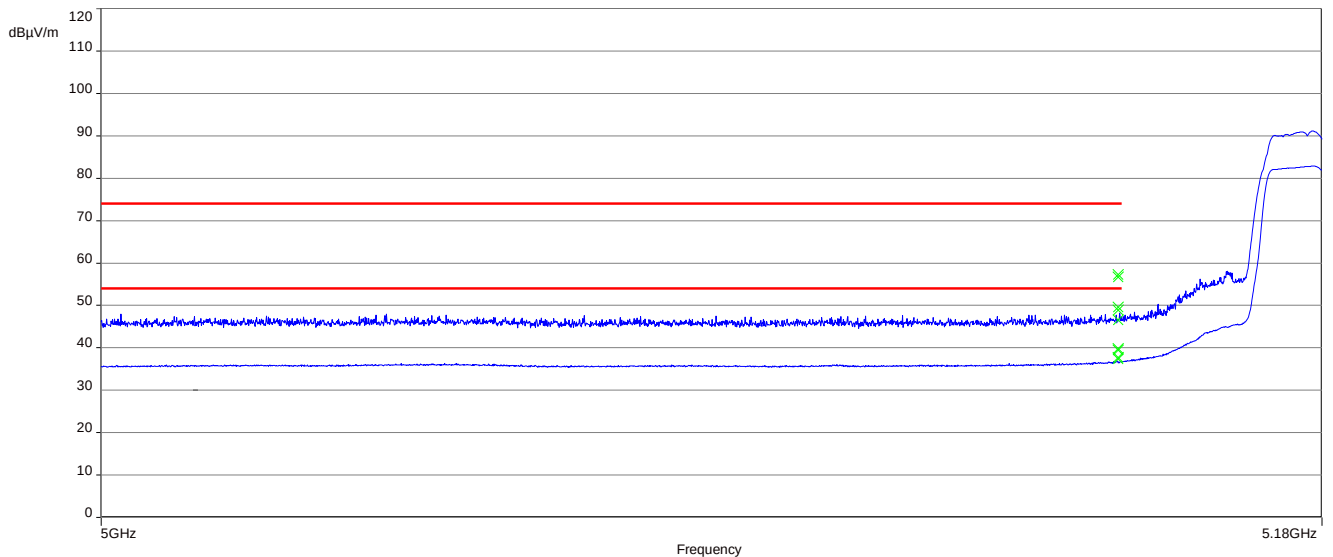
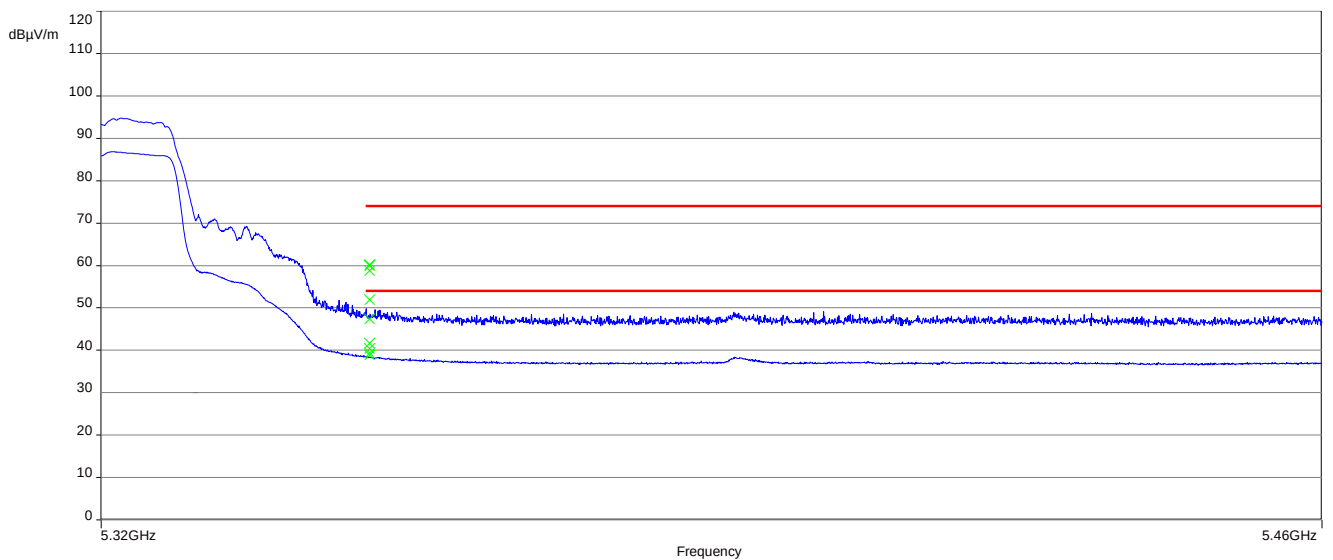
Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak / RMS
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	$\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$
Span:	See plots!
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 6.2 – B
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

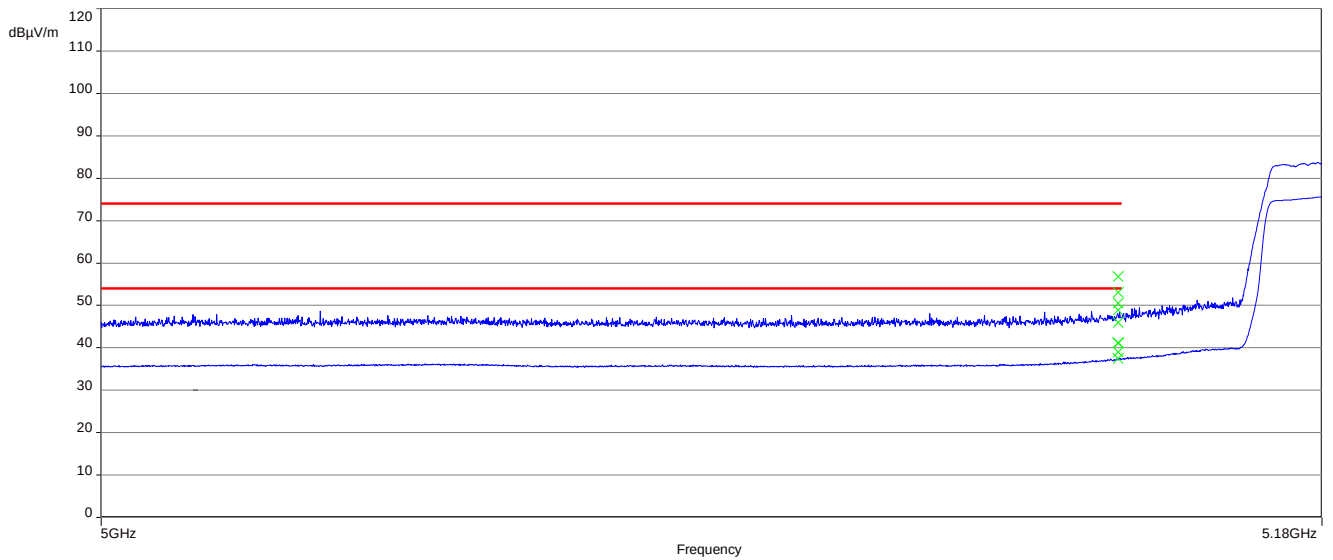
Limits:

Band Edge Compliance Radiated
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 5.205(c)).
74 dB μ V/m (peak) 54 dB μ V/m (average)

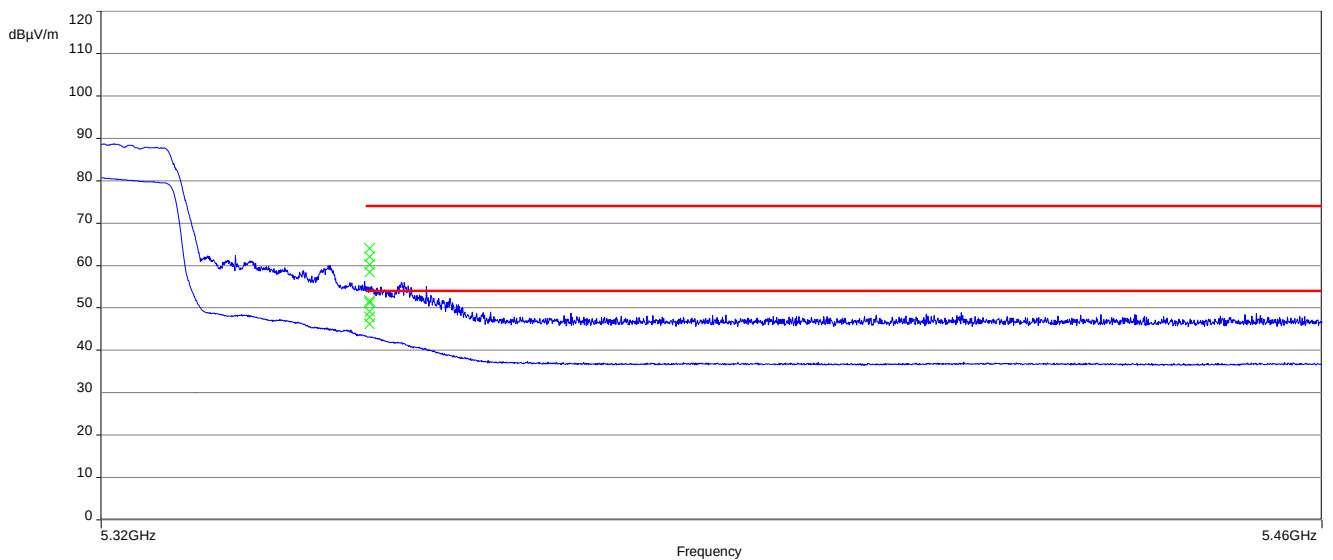
Result:

Scenario	Band Edge Compliance Radiated [dB μ V/m]
band edge	< 74 dB μ V/m (peak) < 54 dB μ V/m (average)

Plots:**Plot 1:** lower band edge; U-NII-1; lowest channel; 20 MHz channel bandwidth**Plot 2:** upper band edge; U-NII-2A; highest channel; 20 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 3: lower band edge; U-NII-1; lowest channel; 40 MHz channel bandwidth

56.8 dBμV/m (peak) / 41.2 dBμV/m (average)

Plot 4: upper band edge; U-NII-2A; highest channel; 40 MHz channel bandwidth

64.0 dBμV/m (peak) / 51.6 dBμV/m (average)

11.10 Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The limits are re-calculated to a measurement distance of 3 m with 40 dB/decade according CFR Part 2.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz
Span:	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 6.2 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

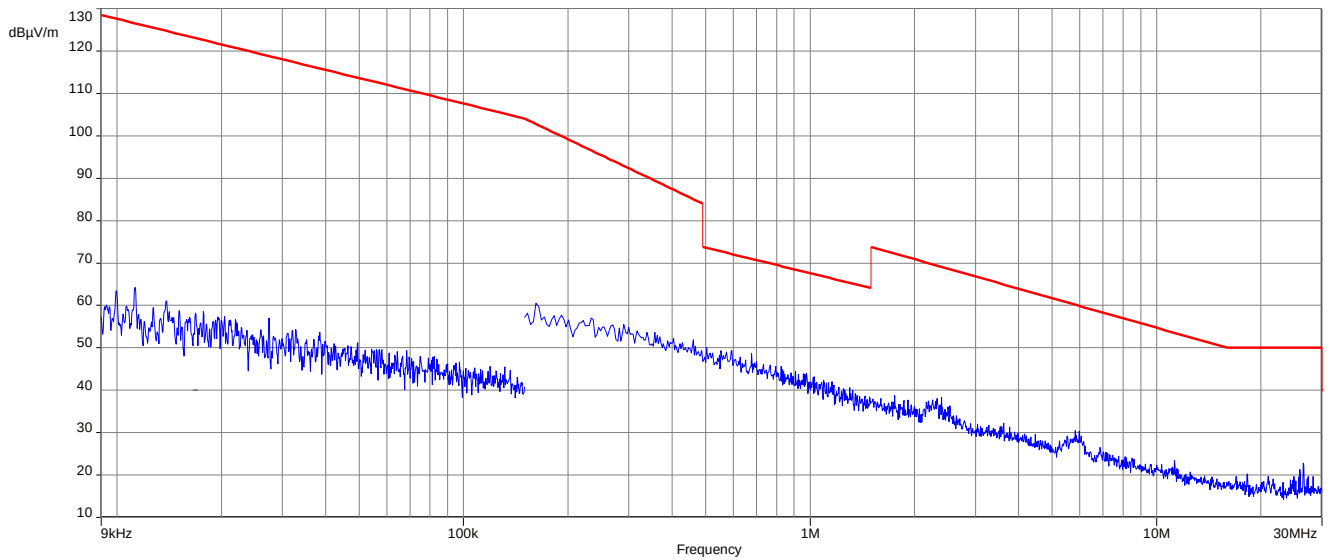
Spurious Emissions Radiated < 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m)	Measurement distance
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Results:

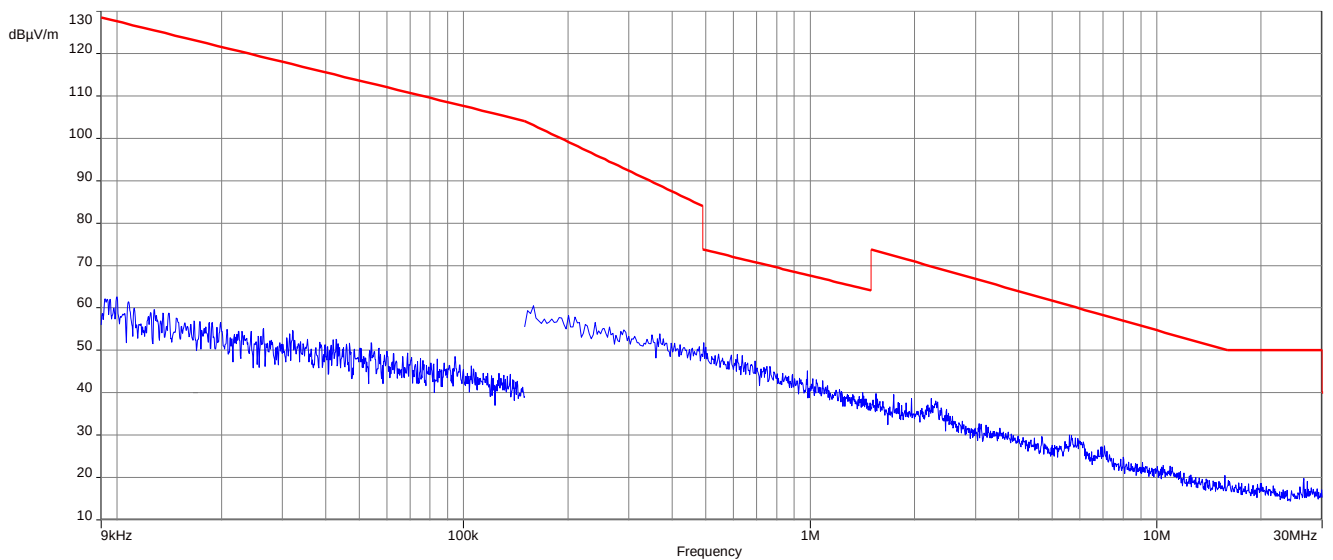
Spurious Emissions Radiated < 30 MHz [dB μ V/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Plots: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

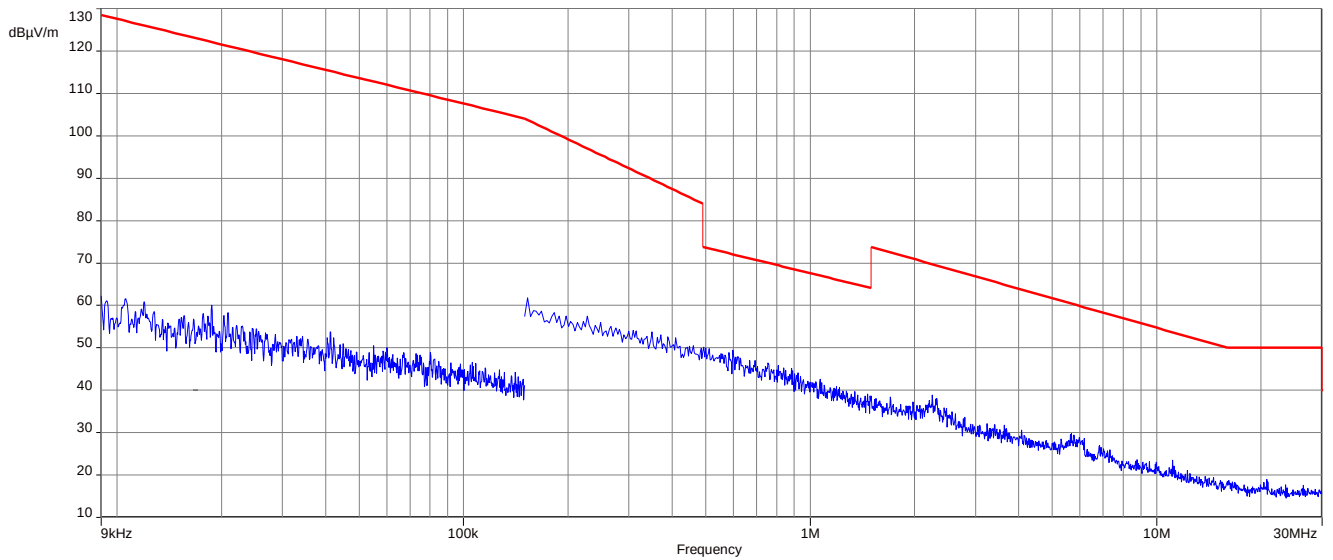
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; lowest channel



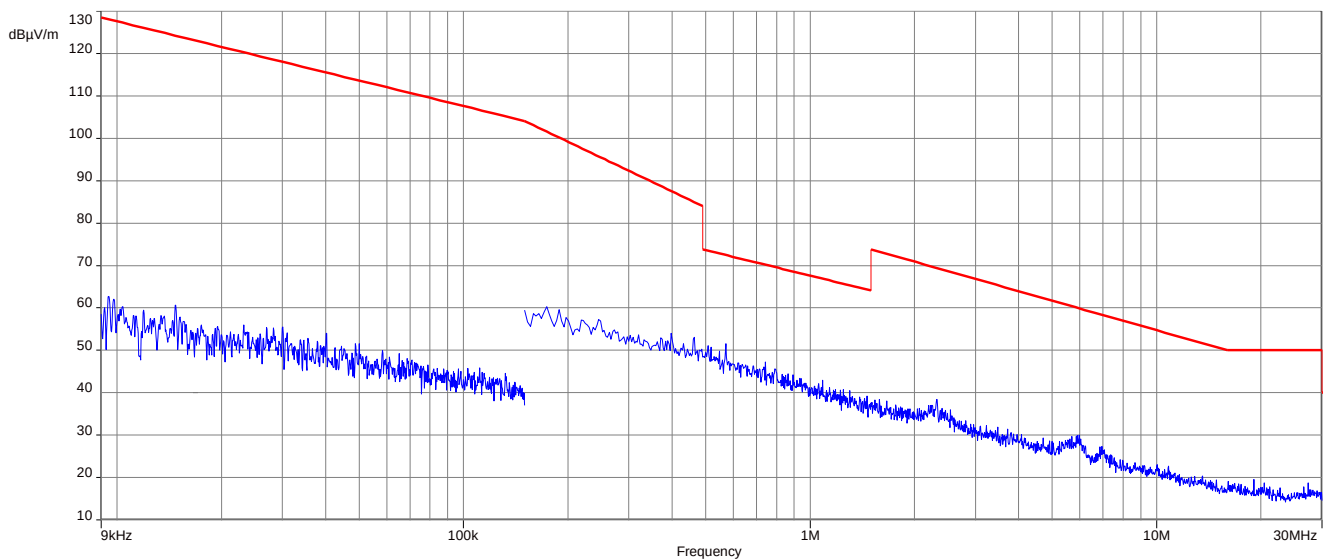
Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; highest channel



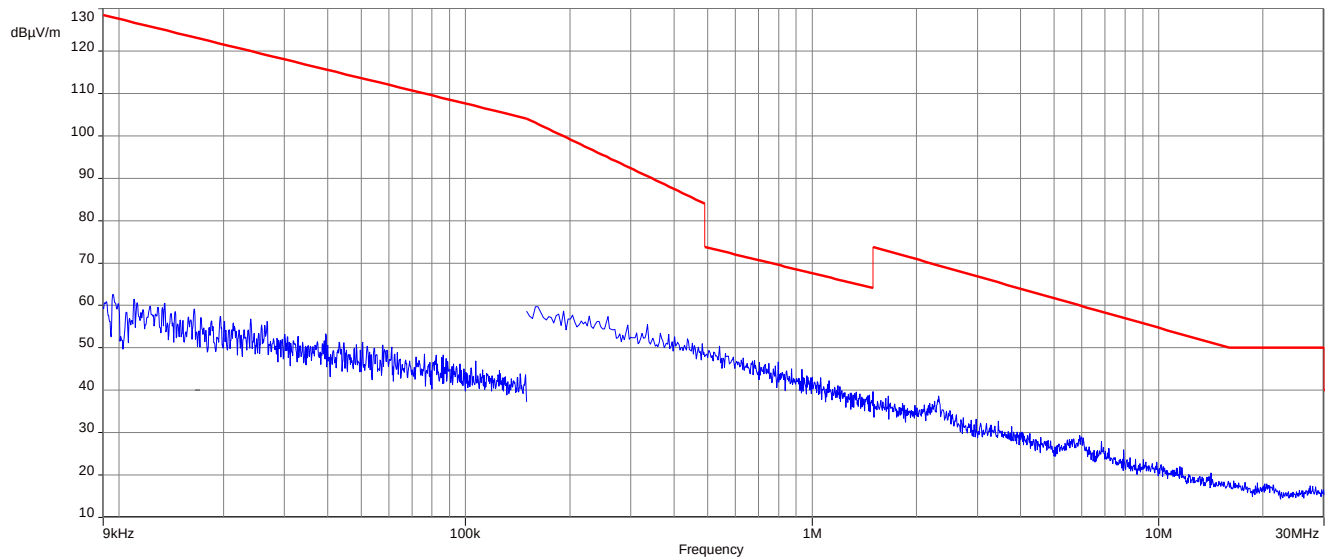
Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; lowest channel



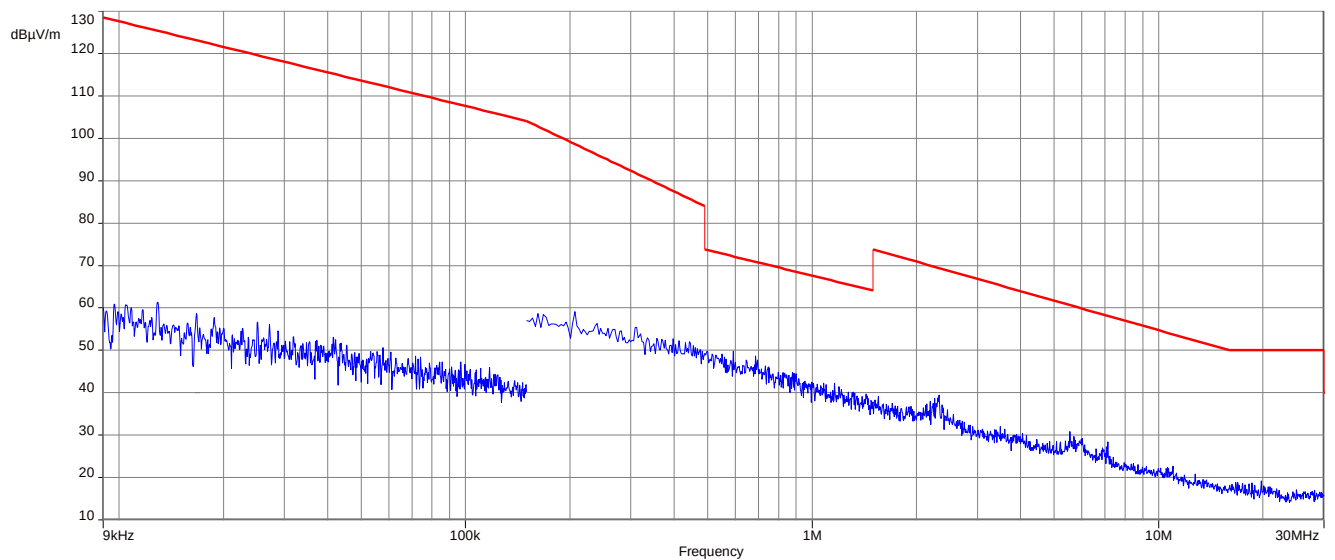
Plot 4: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; highest channel



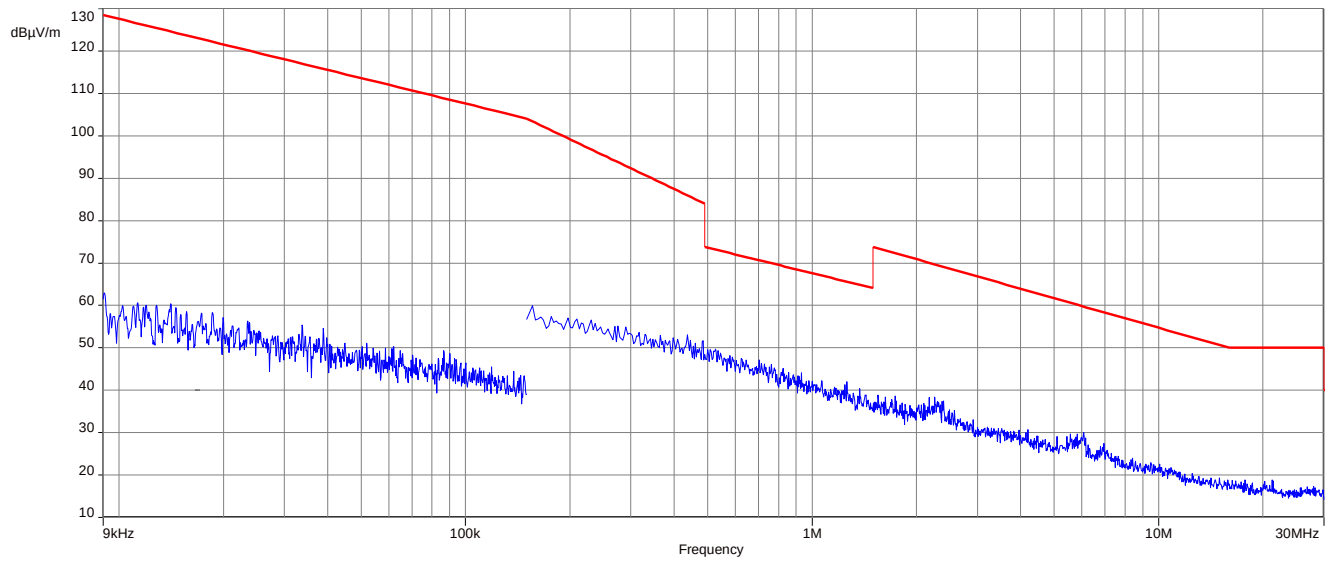
Plot 5: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; lowest channel



Plot 6: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; middle channel

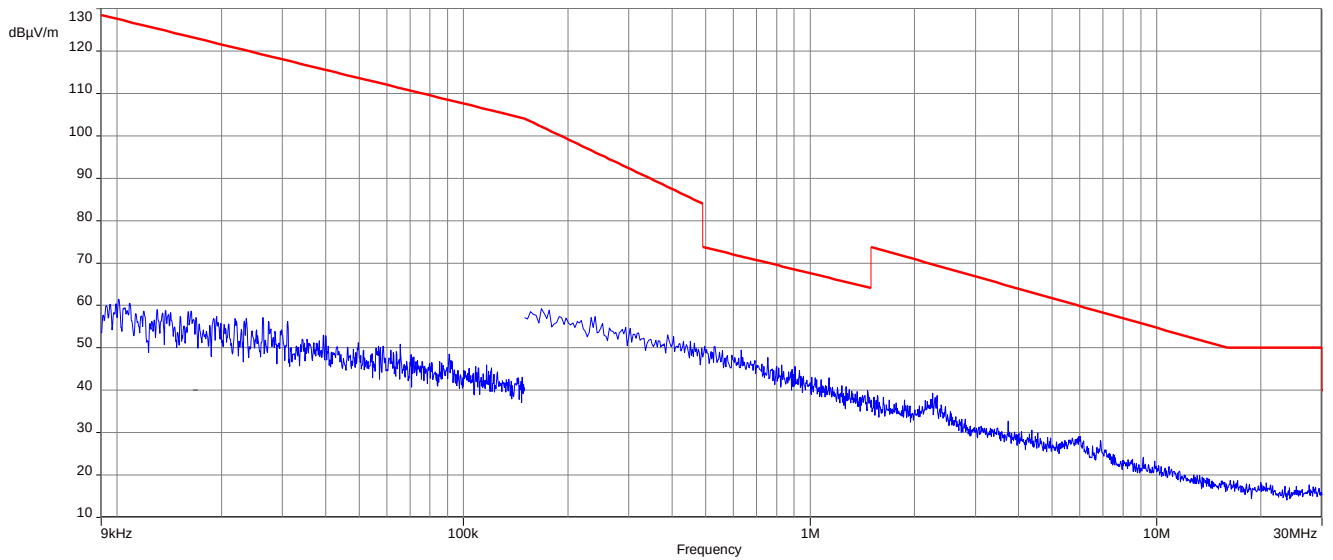


Plot 7: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; highest channel

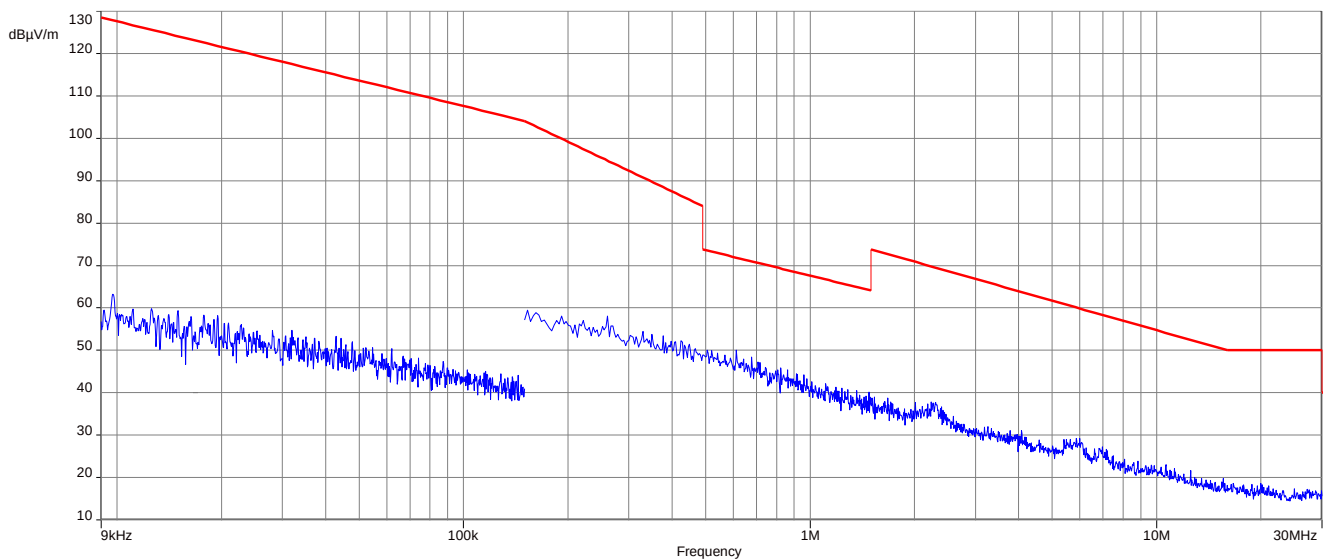


Plots: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

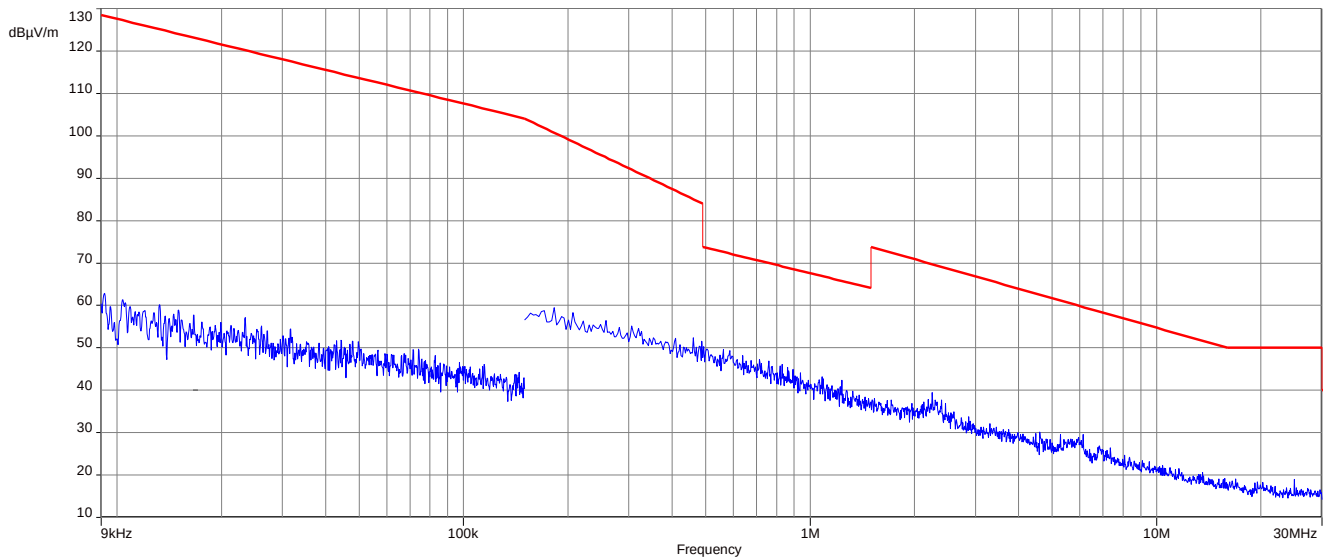
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; lowest channel



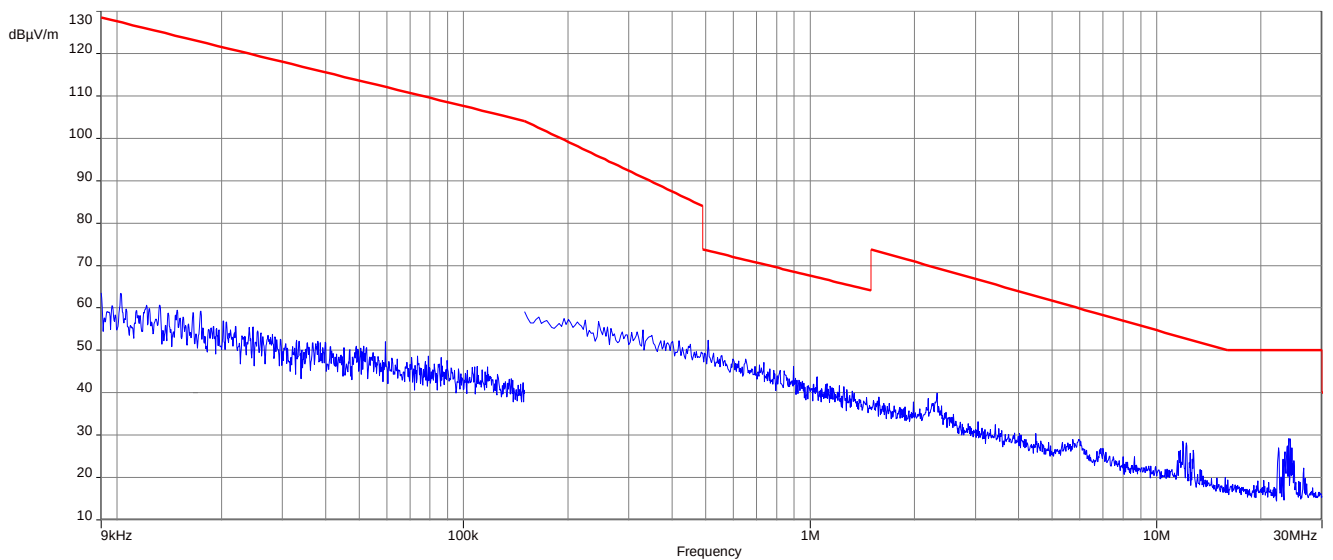
Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; highest channel



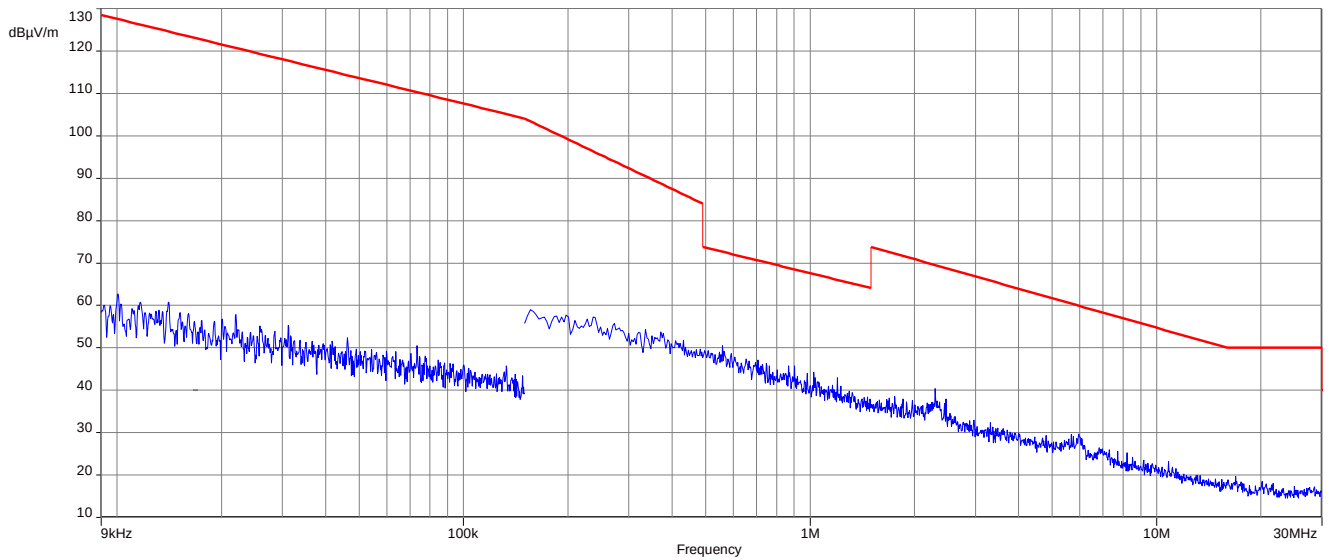
Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; lowest channel



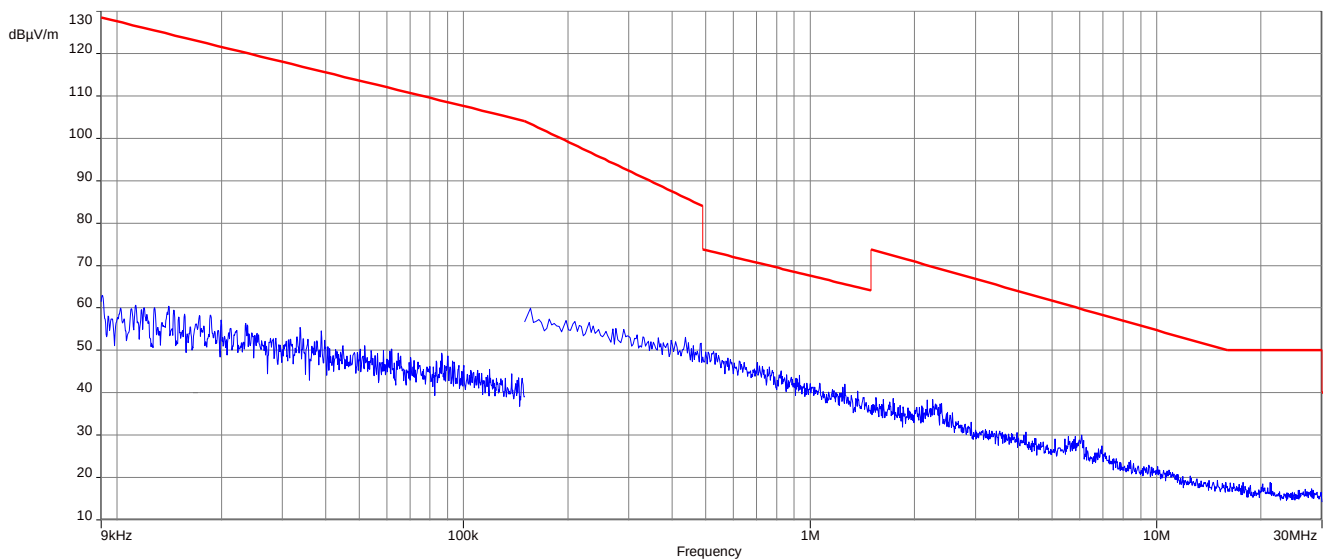
Plot 4: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; highest channel



Plot 5: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; lowest channel



Plot 6: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; highest channel



11.11 Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions and cabinet radiations below 1 GHz.

Measurement:

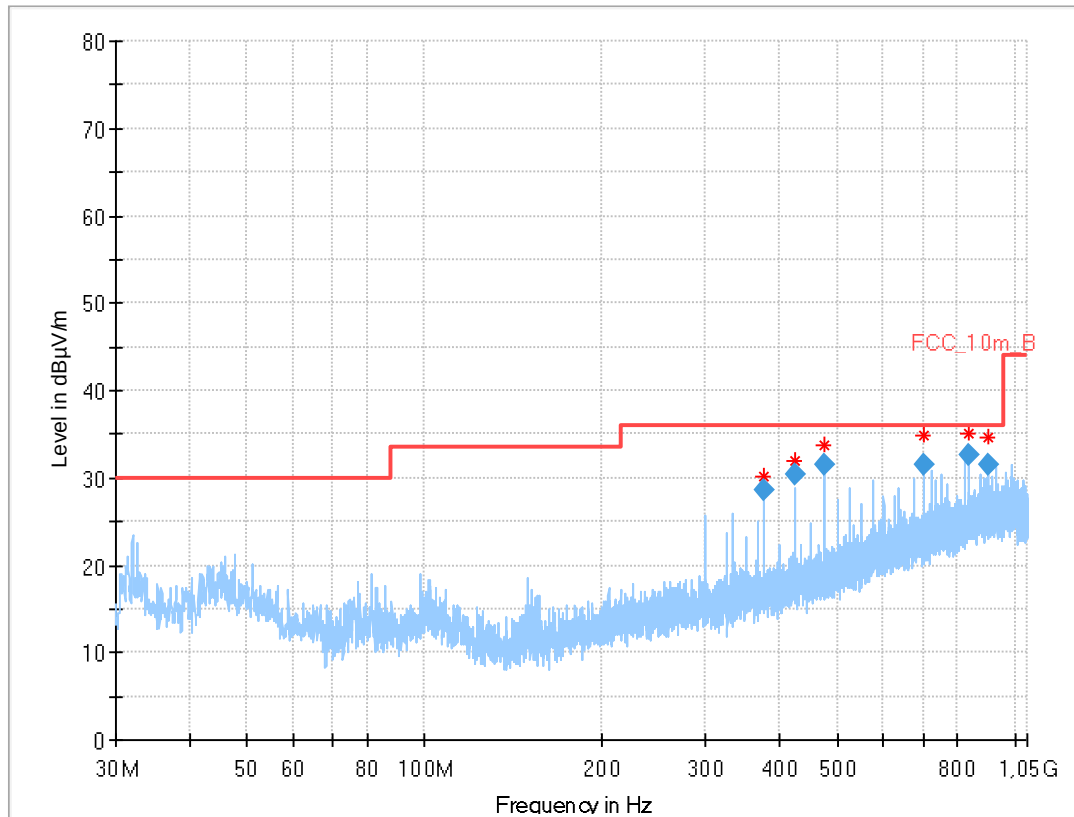
Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Quasi Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	120 kHz
Video bandwidth:	500 kHz
Span:	30 MHz to 1 GHz
Test setup:	See sub clause 6.1 – A See sub clause 6.2 – B See sub clause 6.3 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated		
§15.209		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
30 - 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10
Above 960	54.0	3
§15.407		
Outside the restricted bands!	-27 dBm / MHz	

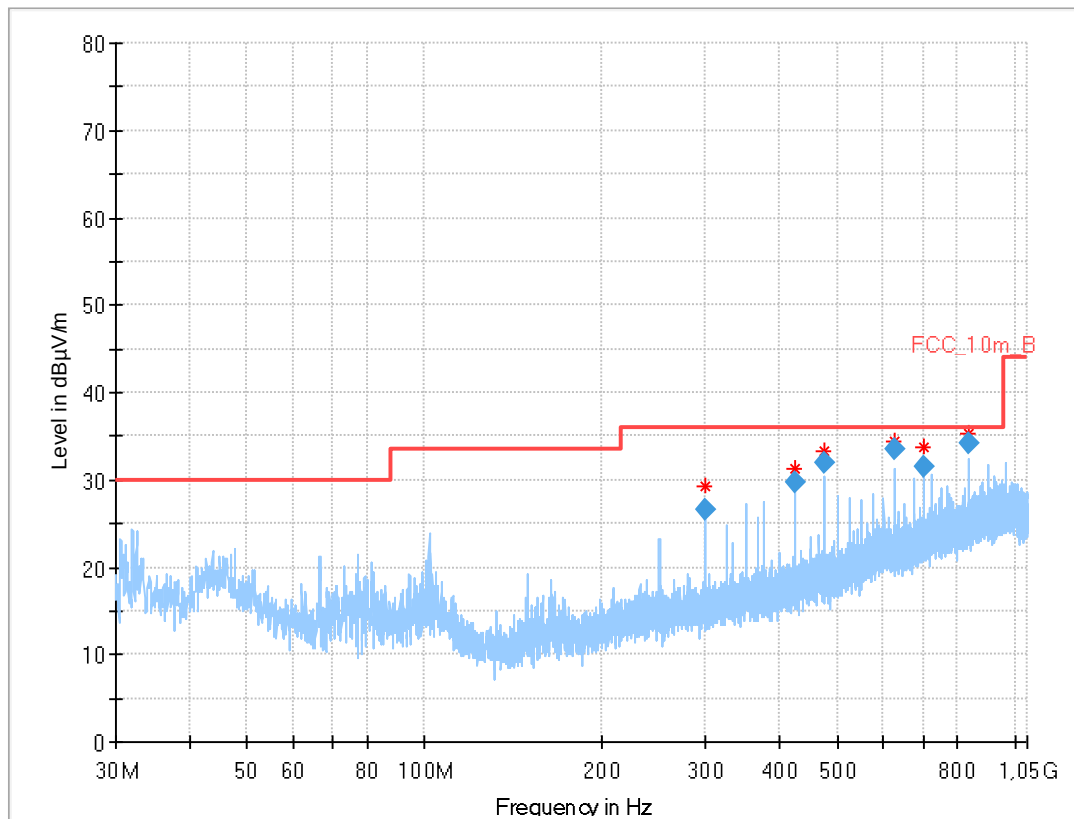
Plots: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel

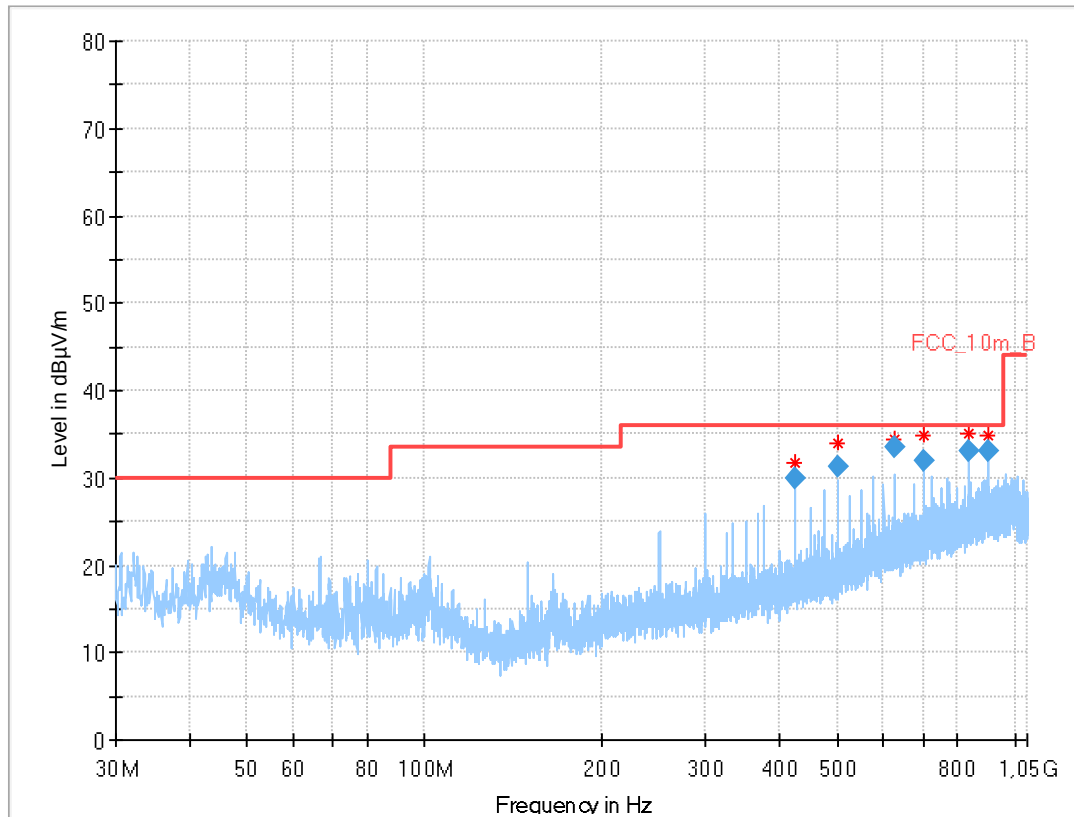


Results:

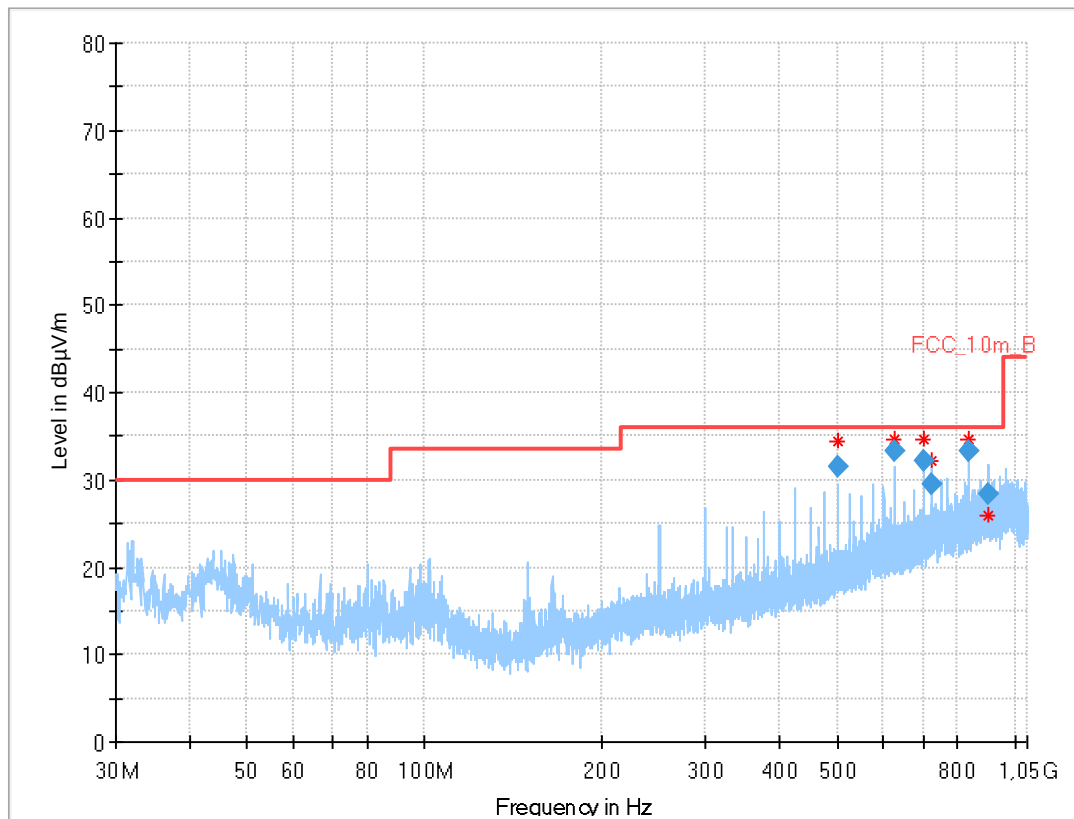
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
375.004	28.62	36.0	7.38	1000	120	153.0	H	162.0	16
424.994	30.48	36.0	5.52	1000	120	170.0	H	157.0	17
474.990	31.53	36.0	4.47	1000	120	170.0	H	157.0	18
700.010	31.47	36.0	4.53	1000	120	147.0	H	-22.0	21
833.330	32.69	36.0	3.31	1000	120	105.0	H	292.0	23
900.010	31.53	36.0	4.47	1000	120	121.0	H	284.0	24

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel**Results:**

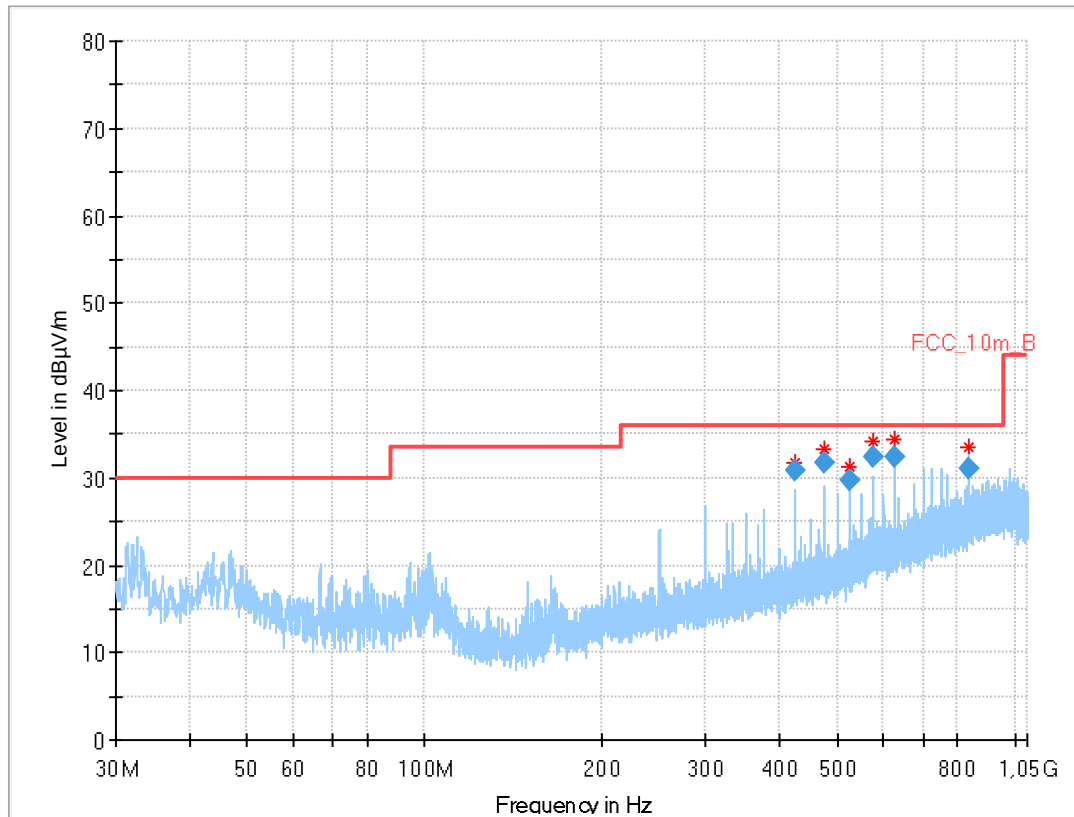
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
300.012	26.68	36.0	9.32	1000	120	110.0	V	292.0	15
425.017	29.65	36.0	6.35	1000	120	170.0	H	157.0	17
475.005	31.90	36.0	4.10	1000	120	170.0	H	157.0	18
625.007	33.41	36.0	2.59	1000	120	135.0	H	95.0	21
700.007	31.61	36.0	4.39	1000	120	136.0	H	88.0	21
833.338	34.08	36.0	1.92	1000	120	107.0	H	280.0	23

Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel**Results:**

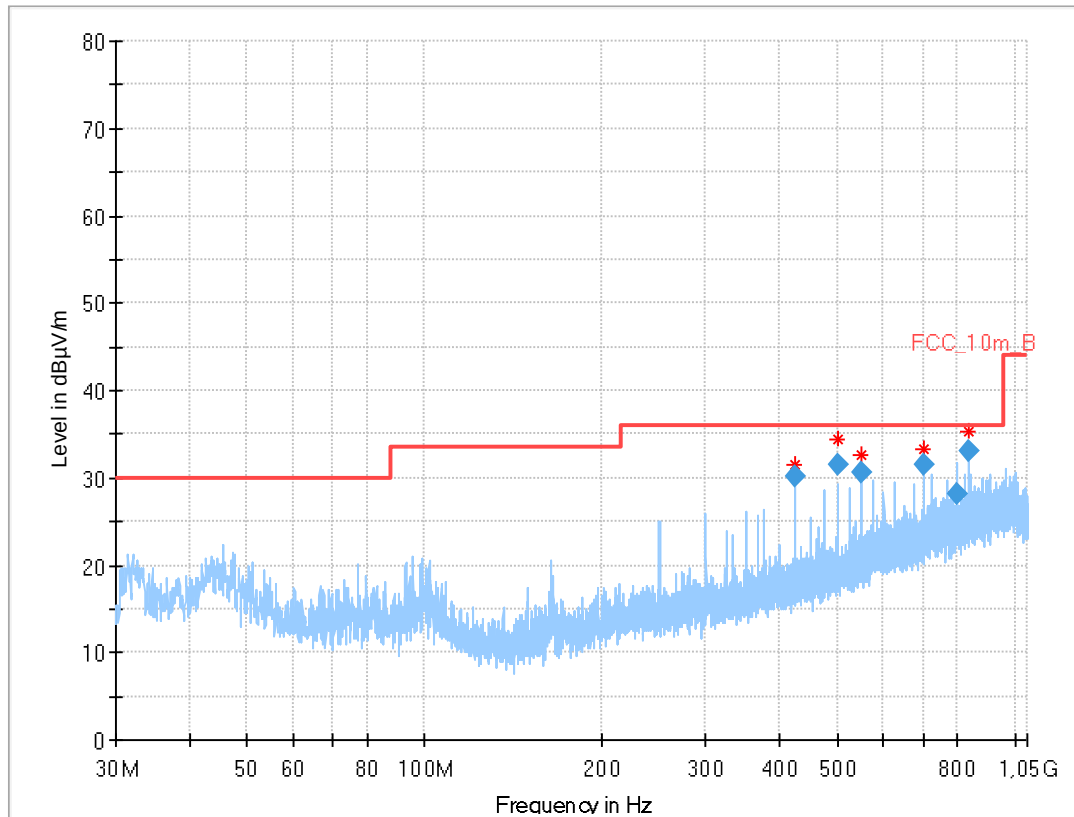
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
425.005	29.98	36.0	6.02	1000	120	170.0	H	157.0	17
500.010	31.31	36.0	4.69	1000	120	170.0	H	112.0	18
625.003	33.54	36.0	2.46	1000	120	139.0	H	93.0	21
700.014	32.06	36.0	3.94	1000	120	127.0	H	-22.0	21
833.347	33.03	36.0	2.97	1000	120	107.0	H	283.0	23
900.010	33.09	36.0	2.91	1000	120	115.0	H	274.0	24

Plot 4: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel**Results:**

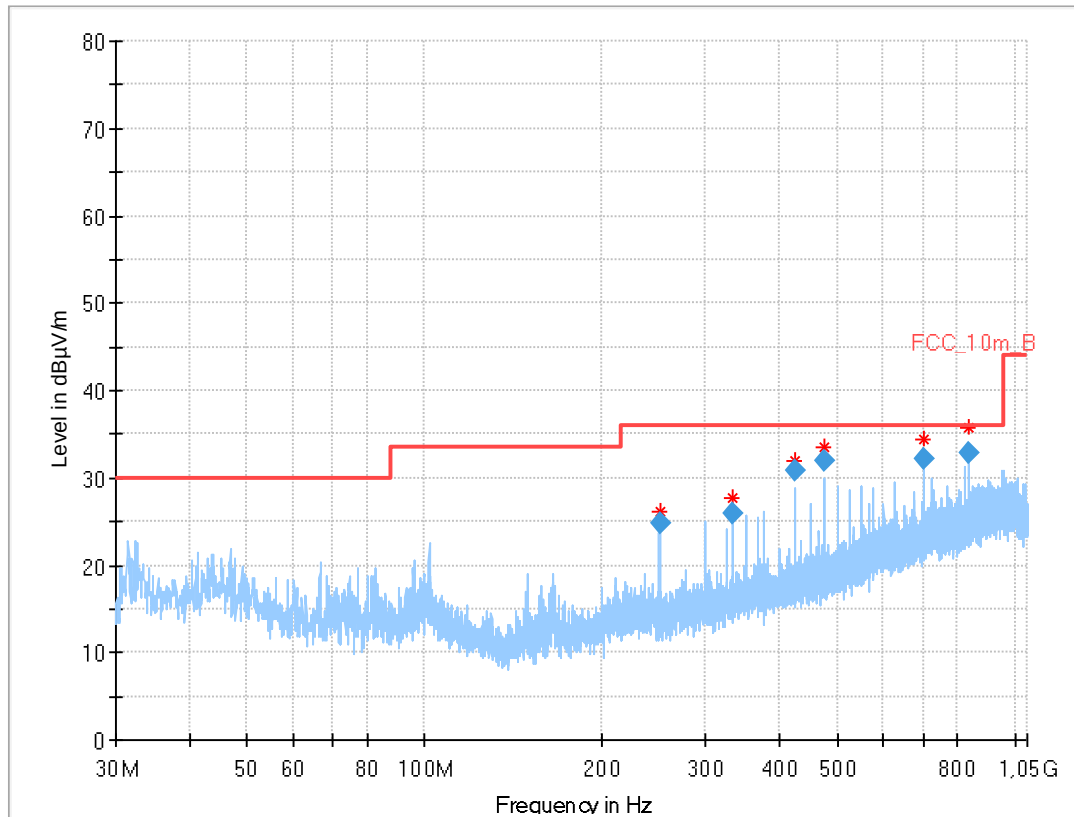
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
499.999	31.57	36.0	4.43	1000	120	170.0	H	158.0	18
625.005	33.30	36.0	2.70	1000	120	141.0	H	96.0	21
699.998	32.11	36.0	3.89	1000	120	139.0	H	-22.0	21
725.010	29.53	36.0	6.47	1000	120	144.0	H	67.0	22
833.338	33.23	36.0	2.77	1000	120	102.0	H	258.0	23
898.829	28.27	36.0	7.73	1000	120	101.0	H	102.0	24

Plot 5: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel**Results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
425.003	30.75	36.0	5.25	1000	120	170.0	H	162.0	17
475.007	31.76	36.0	4.24	1000	120	170.0	H	157.0	18
525.008	29.69	36.0	6.31	1000	120	170.0	H	164.0	19
575.001	32.46	36.0	3.54	1000	120	170.0	H	112.0	20
624.995	32.40	36.0	3.60	1000	120	146.0	H	96.0	21
833.353	31.16	36.0	4.84	1000	120	111.0	H	247.0	23

Plot 6: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel**Results:**

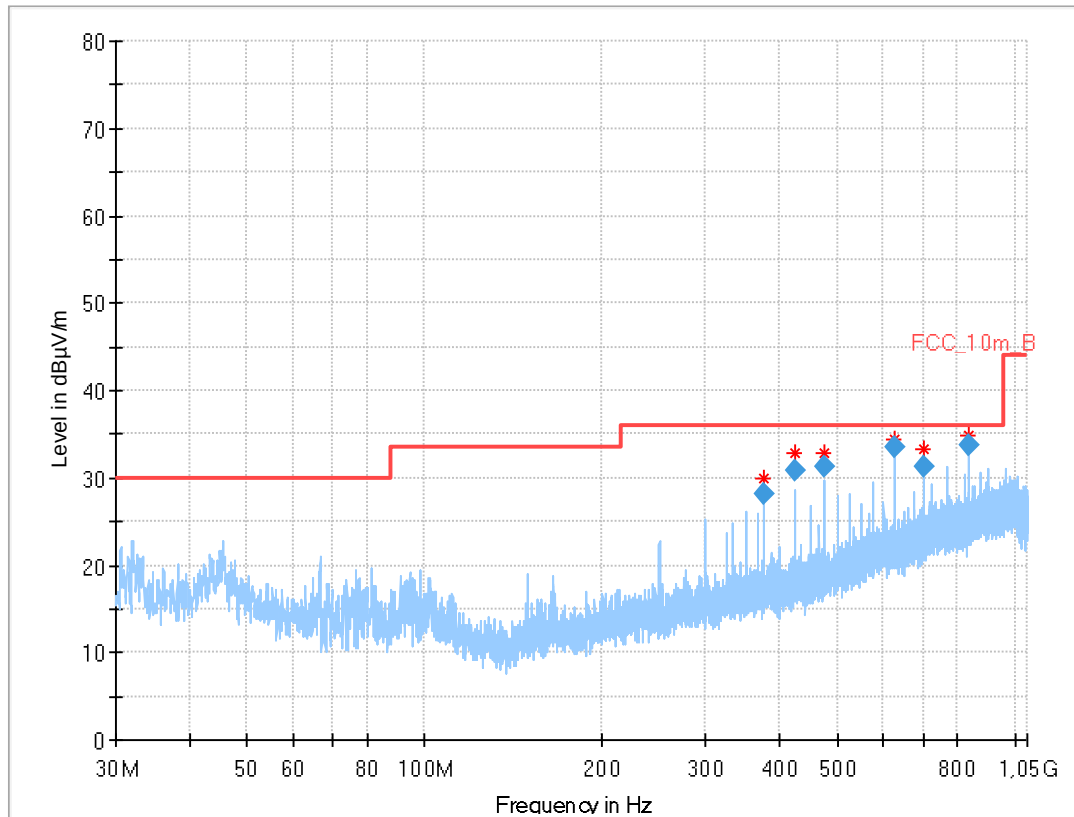
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
424.991	30.27	36.0	5.73	1000	120	155.0	H	157.0	17
500.008	31.59	36.0	4.41	1000	120	170.0	H	157.0	18
550.010	30.55	36.0	5.45	1000	120	170.0	H	112.0	19
700.017	31.57	36.0	4.43	1000	120	121.0	H	67.0	21
800.021	28.11	36.0	7.89	1000	120	110.0	H	67.0	23
833.341	32.97	36.0	3.03	1000	120	104.0	H	280.0	23

Plot 7: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel**Results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
250.004	24.75	36.0	11.25	1000	120	101.0	V	190.0	14
333.337	25.84	36.0	10.16	1000	120	105.0	V	-22.0	15
425.015	30.79	36.0	5.21	1000	120	170.0	H	157.0	17
474.999	31.86	36.0	4.14	1000	120	170.0	H	157.0	18
700.003	32.18	36.0	3.82	1000	120	129.0	H	292.0	21
833.337	32.92	36.0	3.08	1000	120	98.0	H	292.0	23

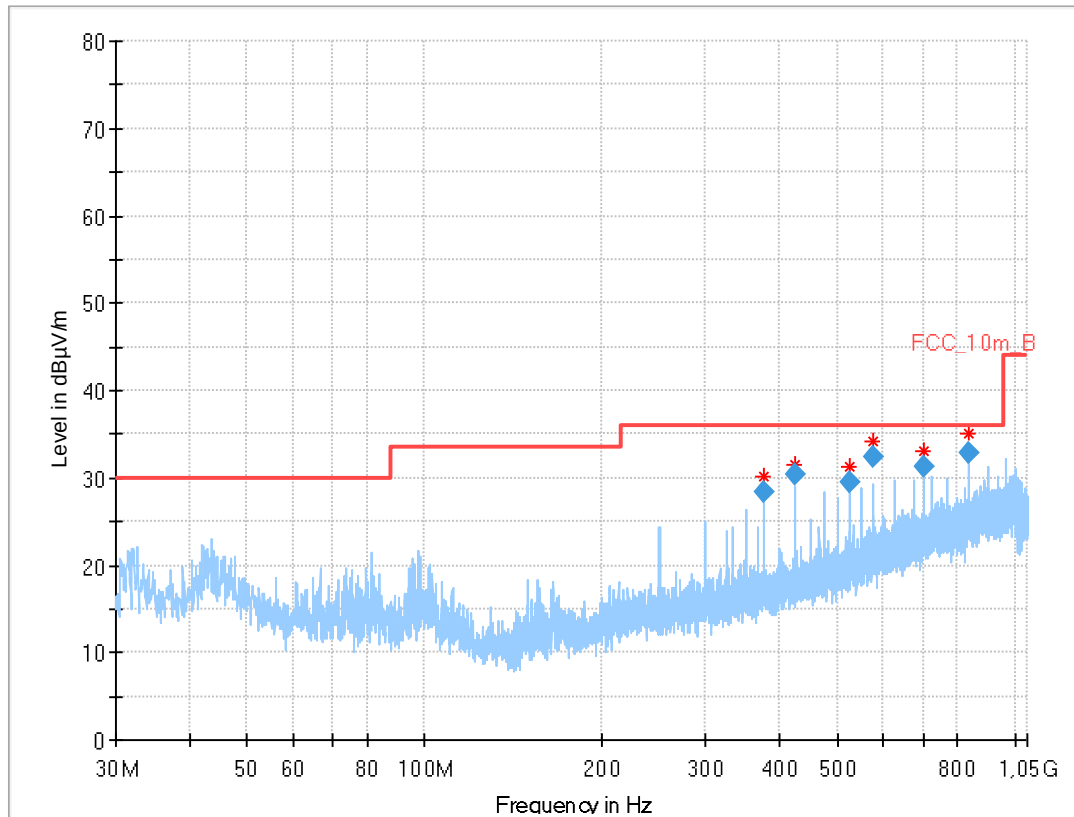
Plots: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel

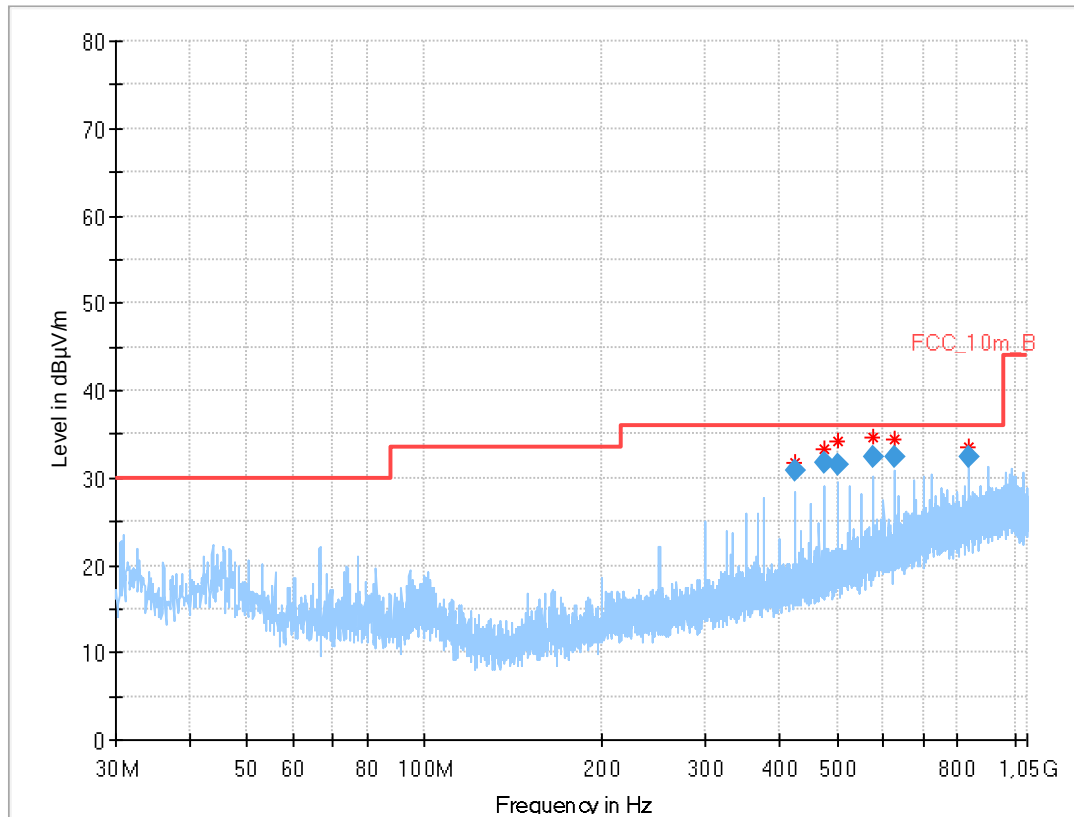


Results:

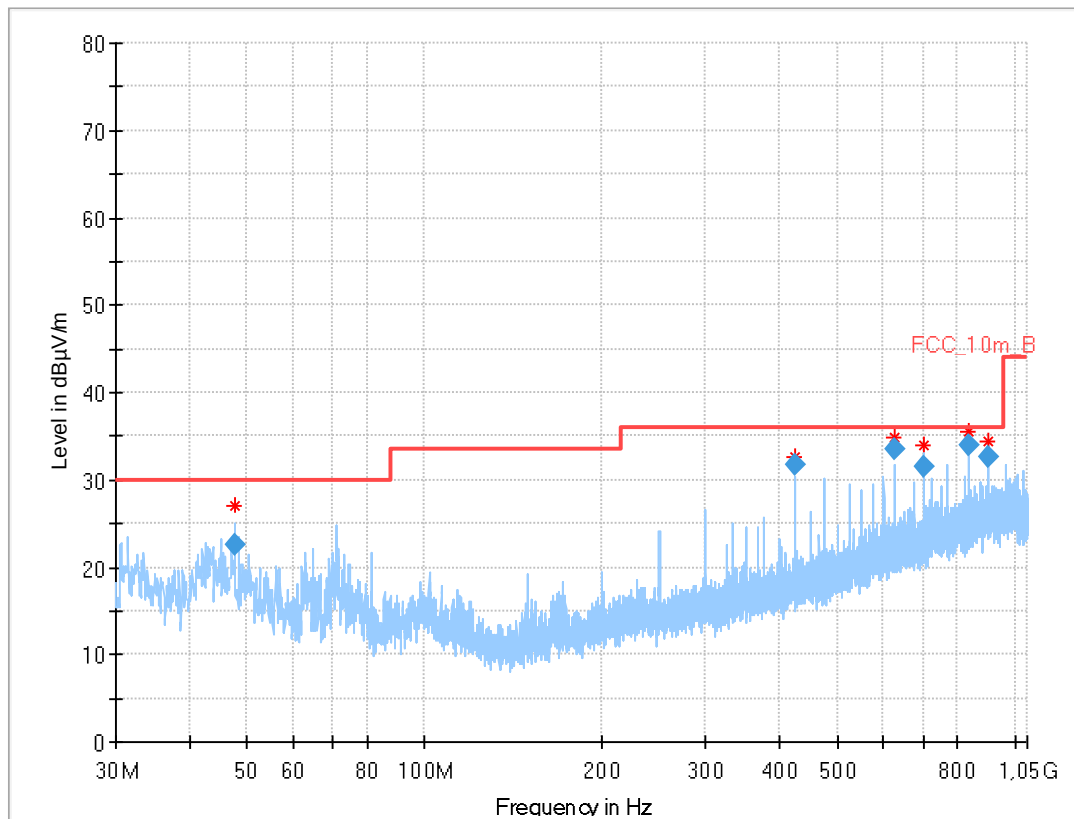
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
375.008	28.08	36.0	7.92	1000	120	98.0	V	8.0	16
425.002	30.94	36.0	5.06	1000	120	170.0	H	159.0	17
475.006	31.20	36.0	4.80	1000	120	170.0	H	157.0	18
624.997	33.46	36.0	2.54	1000	120	138.0	H	93.0	21
700.007	31.37	36.0	4.63	1000	120	162.0	H	67.0	21
833.328	33.65	36.0	2.35	1000	120	102.0	H	275.0	23

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel**Results:**

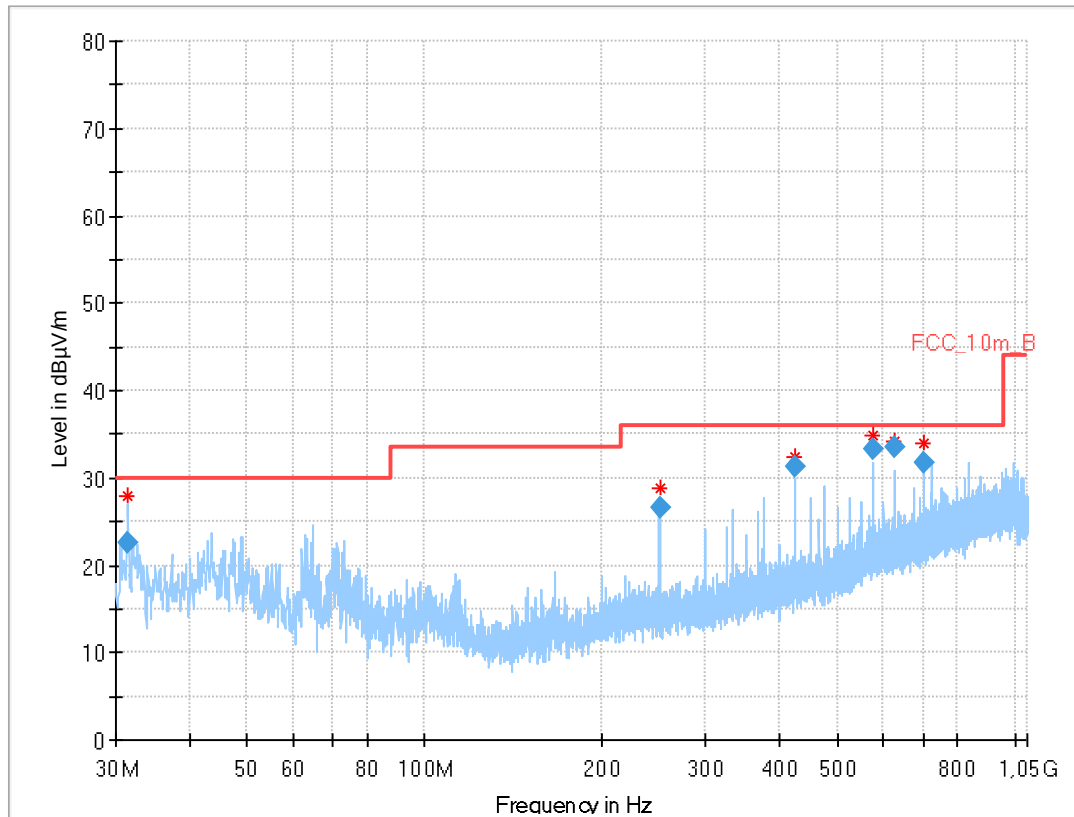
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
374.996	28.36	36.0	7.64	1000	120	110.0	V	-3.0	16
425.010	30.47	36.0	5.53	1000	120	170.0	H	170.0	17
524.997	29.53	36.0	6.47	1000	120	170.0	H	172.0	19
575.002	32.46	36.0	3.54	1000	120	170.0	H	112.0	20
700.020	31.26	36.0	4.74	1000	120	151.0	H	69.0	21
833.342	32.85	36.0	3.15	1000	120	101.0	H	279.0	23

Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel**Results:**

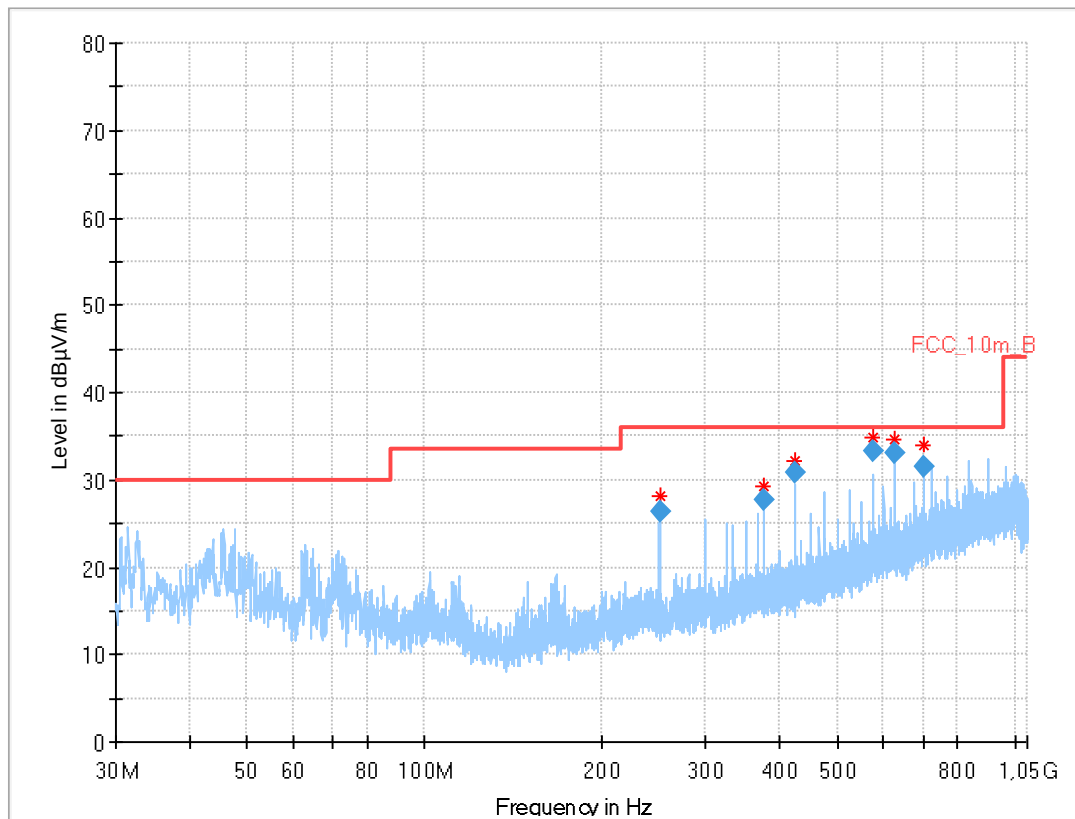
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
425.005	30.90	36.0	5.10	1000	120	170.0	H	162.0	17
474.998	31.70	36.0	4.30	1000	120	170.0	H	157.0	18
499.995	31.46	36.0	4.54	1000	120	170.0	H	157.0	18
574.998	32.39	36.0	3.61	1000	120	170.0	H	112.0	20
624.996	32.36	36.0	3.64	1000	120	140.0	H	102.0	21
833.323	32.49	36.0	3.51	1000	120	105.0	H	247.0	23

Plot 4: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel**Results:**

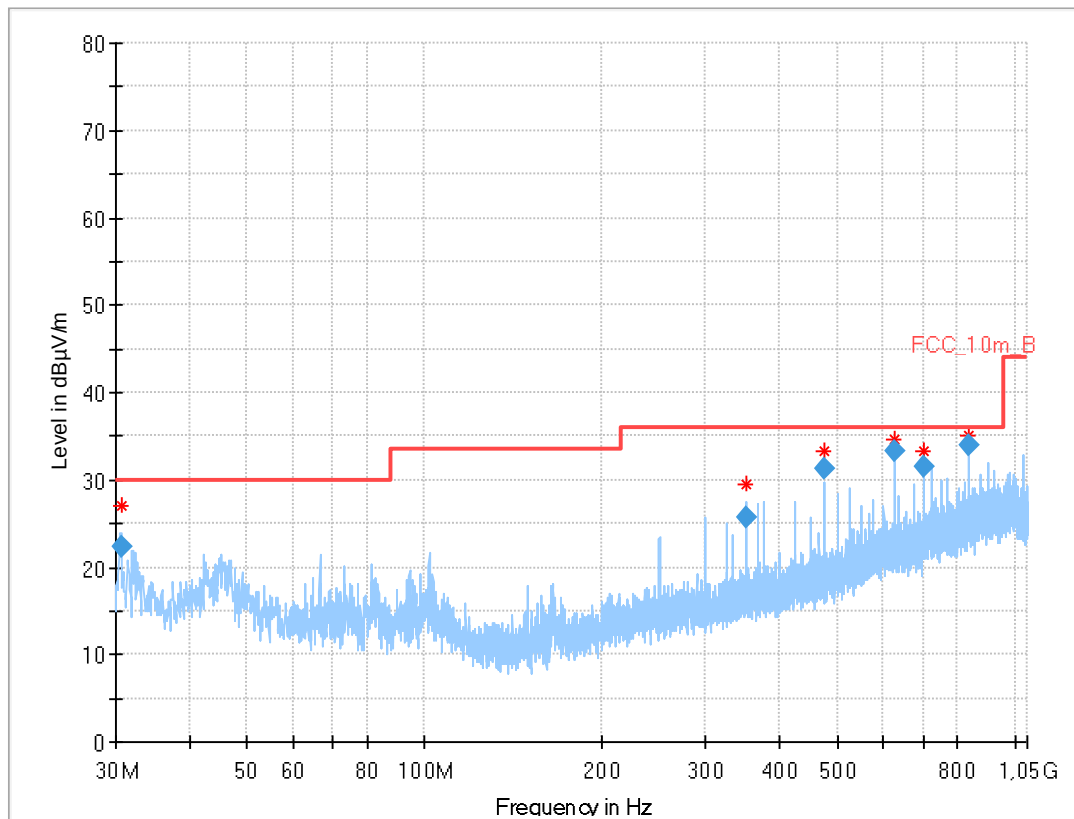
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
47.781	22.59	30.0	7.41	1000	120	104.0	V	-22.0	15
424.995	31.77	36.0	4.23	1000	120	170.0	H	163.0	17
625.009	33.60	36.0	2.40	1000	120	127.0	H	95.0	21
700.028	31.51	36.0	4.49	1000	120	146.0	H	-22.0	21
833.347	33.95	36.0	2.05	1000	120	102.0	H	276.0	23
900.015	32.66	36.0	3.34	1000	120	98.0	H	277.0	24

Plot 5: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel**Results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
31.376	22.65	30.0	7.35	1000	120	101.0	V	-22.0	13
250.001	26.61	36.0	9.39	1000	120	170.0	V	67.0	14
424.993	31.37	36.0	4.63	1000	120	170.0	H	164.0	17
575.000	33.28	36.0	2.72	1000	120	170.0	H	112.0	20
624.993	33.52	36.0	2.48	1000	120	140.0	H	90.0	21
700.020	31.72	36.0	4.28	1000	120	130.0	H	-22.0	21

Plot 6: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel**Results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
250.006	26.27	36.0	9.73	1000	120	148.0	V	-21.0	14
375.003	27.73	36.0	8.27	1000	120	98.0	V	-22.0	16
425.010	30.84	36.0	5.16	1000	120	170.0	H	157.0	17
574.996	33.21	36.0	2.79	1000	120	170.0	H	112.0	20
625.006	33.17	36.0	2.83	1000	120	145.0	H	92.0	21
700.008	31.56	36.0	4.44	1000	120	122.0	H	247.0	21

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; cabinet radiation**Results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
30.653	22.37	30.0	7.63	1000	120	102.0	V	-22.0	13
350.006	25.61	36.0	10.39	1000	120	121.0	V	-1.0	16
475.006	31.21	36.0	4.79	1000	120	170.0	H	157.0	18
625.017	33.32	36.0	2.68	1000	120	142.0	H	100.0	21
700.012	31.58	36.0	4.42	1000	120	127.0	H	67.0	21
833.335	33.88	36.0	2.12	1000	120	98.0	H	280.0	23

11.12 Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 40 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions and cabinet radiations from 1 GHz to 40 GHz.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Quasi Peak below 1 GHz (alternative Peak) Peak above 1 GHz / RMS
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Span:	1 GHz to 40 GHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold / Average with 100 counts + 20 log (1 / X) for duty cycle lower than 100 %
Test setup:	See sub clause 6.1 – A See sub clause 6.2 – C See sub clause 6.3 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated		
§15.209		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
Above 960	54.0	3
§15.407		
Outside the restricted bands!	-27 dBm / MHz	

Results: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
	Peak			Peak		15720	Peak	56.1
	AVG			AVG			AVG	41.3
	Peak			Peak			Peak	
	AVG			AVG			AVG	
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
15773	Peak	59.4		Peak		10636	Peak	61.9
	AVG	45.0		AVG			AVG	47.4
	Peak			Peak		15962	Peak	59.6
	AVG			AVG			AVG	45.8
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
11490	Peak	57.2	11564	Peak	57.0	11652	Peak	54.0
	AVG	46.7		AVG	44.0		AVG	42.5
	Peak			Peak			Peak	
	AVG			AVG			AVG	
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

Results: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

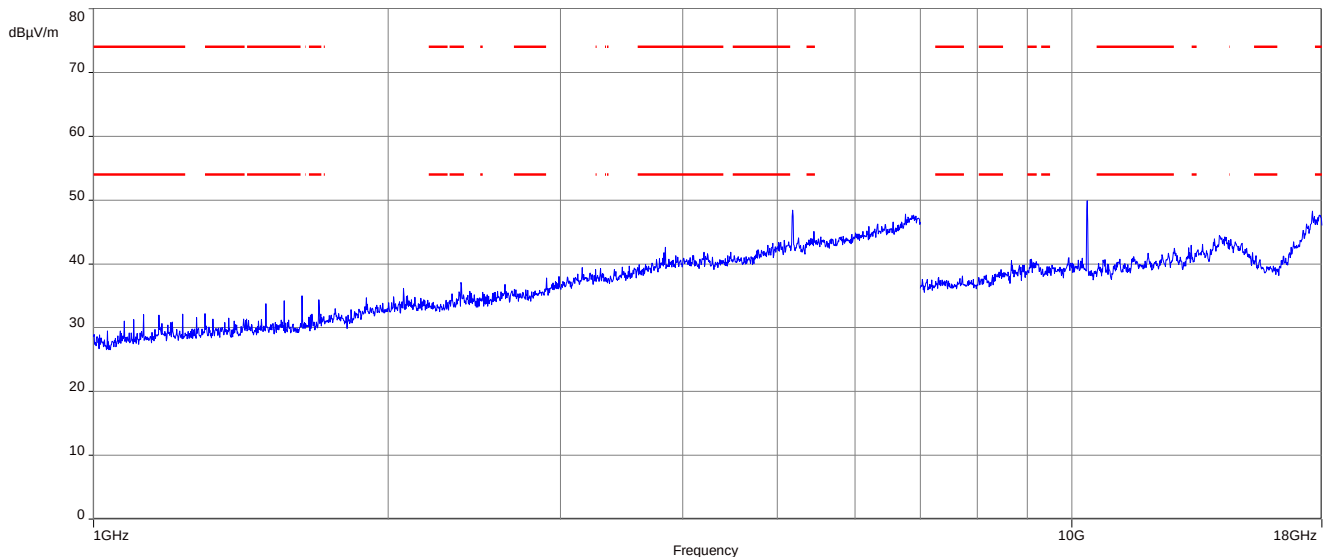
TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m] / dBm								
U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
	Peak			Peak			Peak	
	AVG			AVG			AVG	
	Peak			Peak			Peak	
	AVG			AVG			AVG	
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m] / dBm								
U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
	Peak			Peak			Peak	
	AVG			AVG			AVG	
	Peak			Peak			Peak	
	AVG			AVG			AVG	
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m] / dBm								
U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
	Peak			Peak			Peak	
	AVG			AVG			AVG	
	Peak			Peak			Peak	
	AVG			AVG			AVG	
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

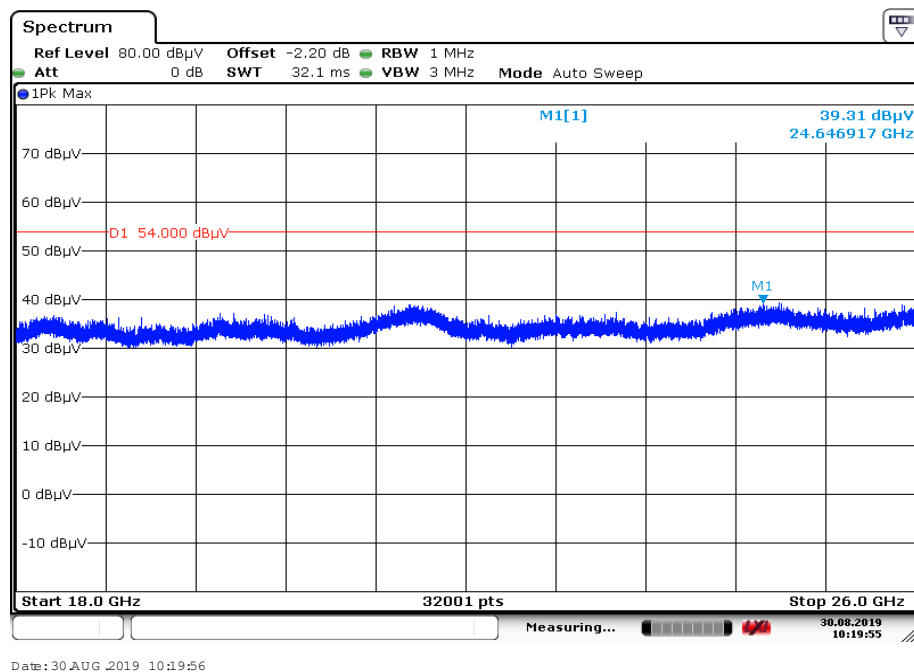
Plots: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

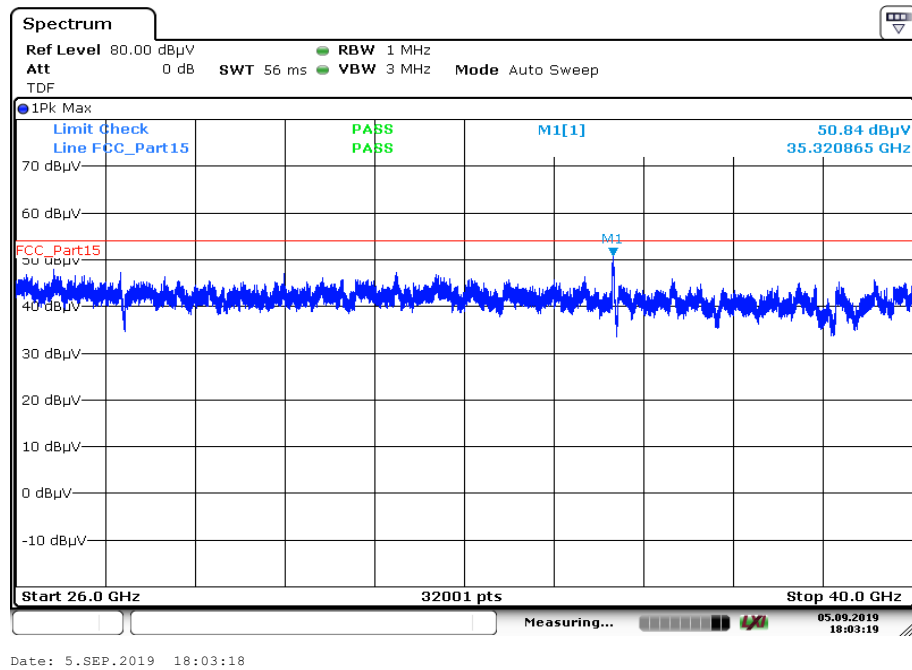
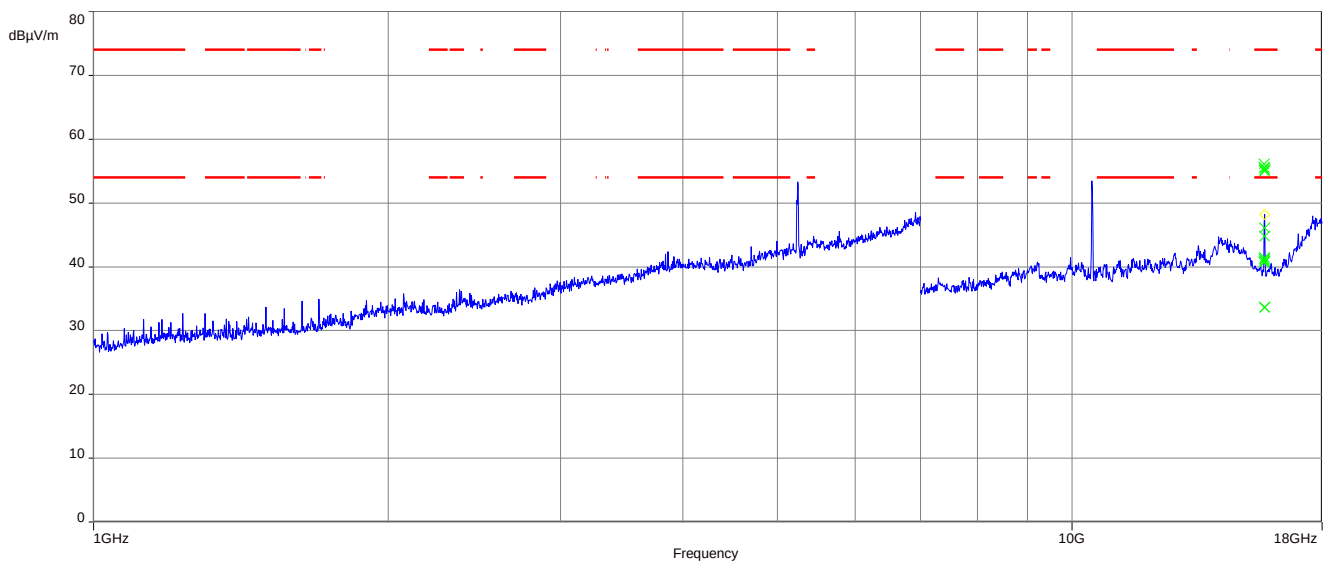
Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel



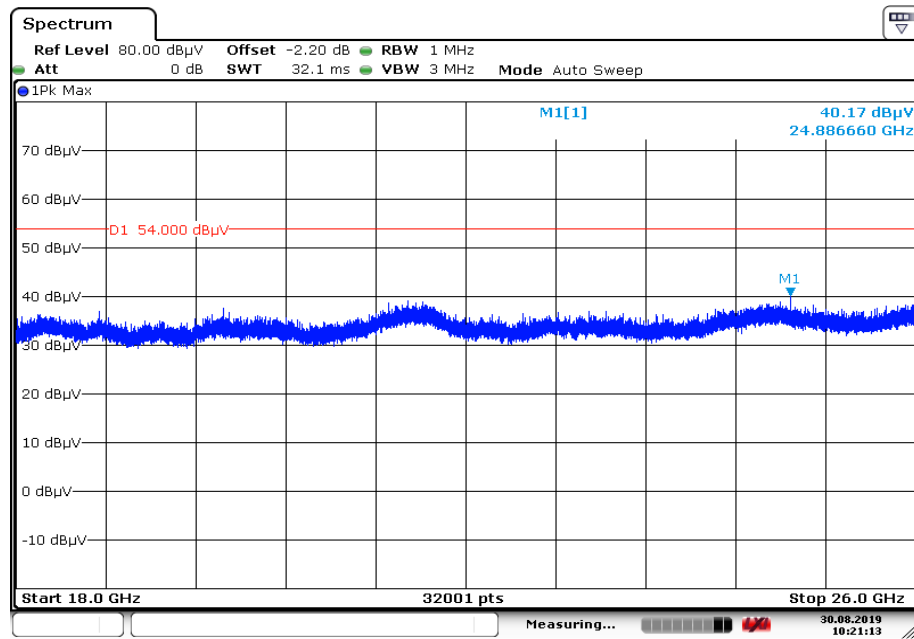
Note: The carrier signal is notched with a band rejection filter.

Plot 2: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel

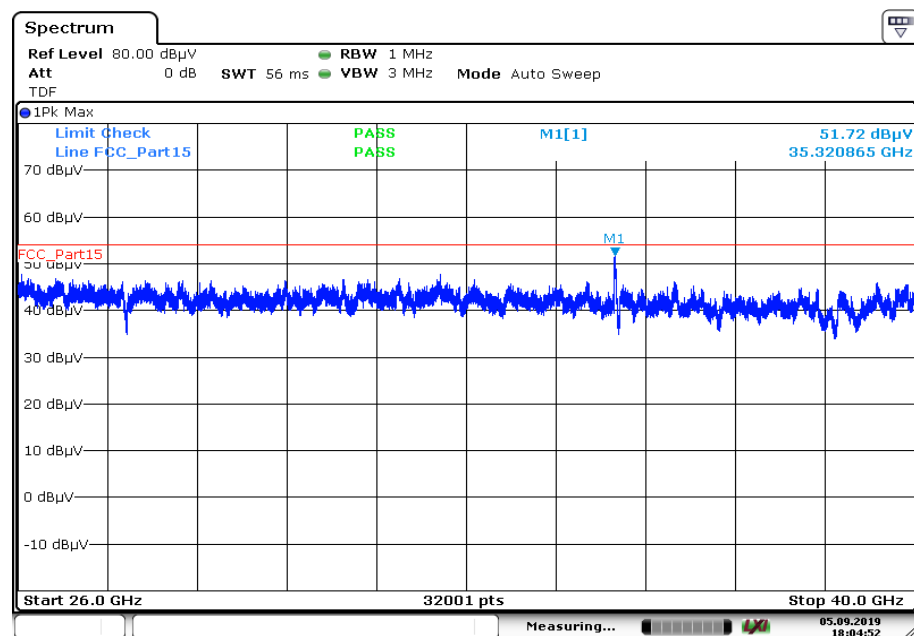


Plot 3: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel**Plot 4:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel

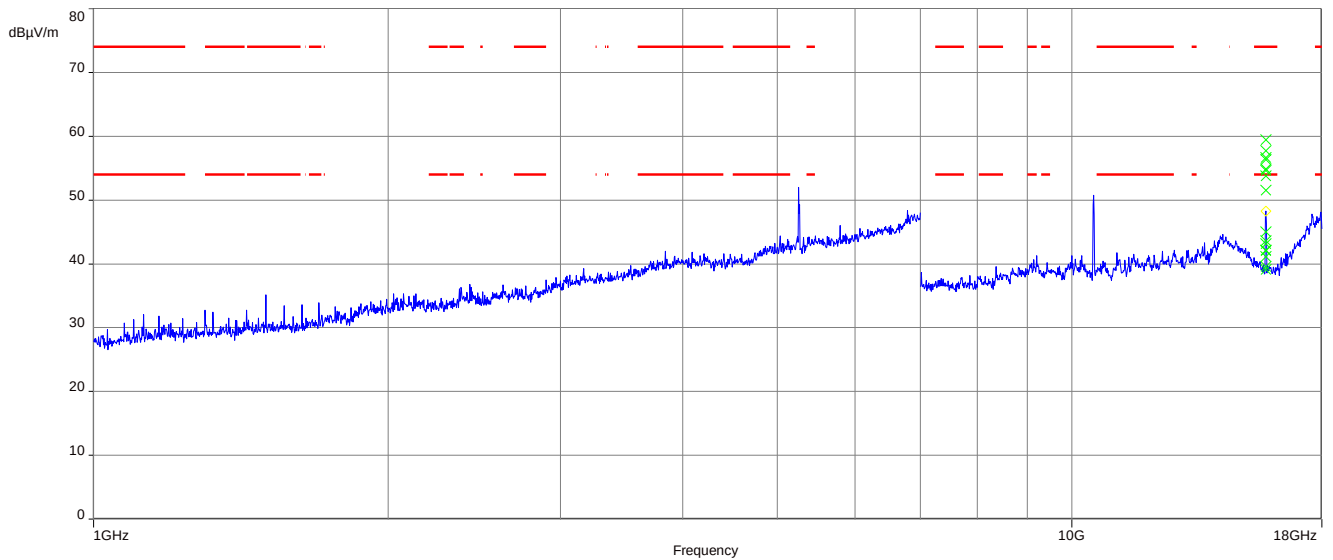
Note: The carrier signal is notched with a band rejection filter.

Plot 5: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel

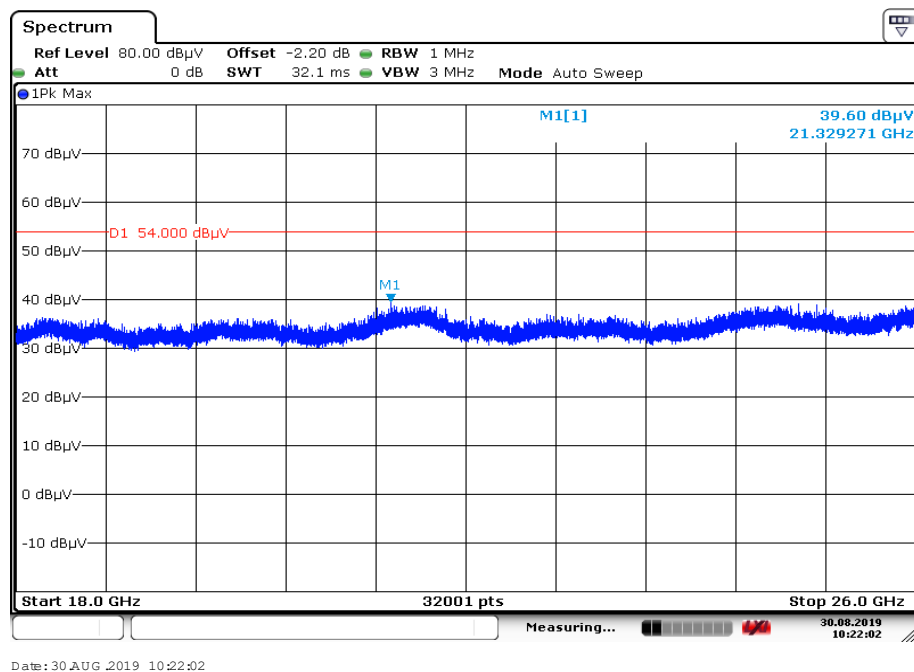
Date: 30 AUG. 2019 10:21:13

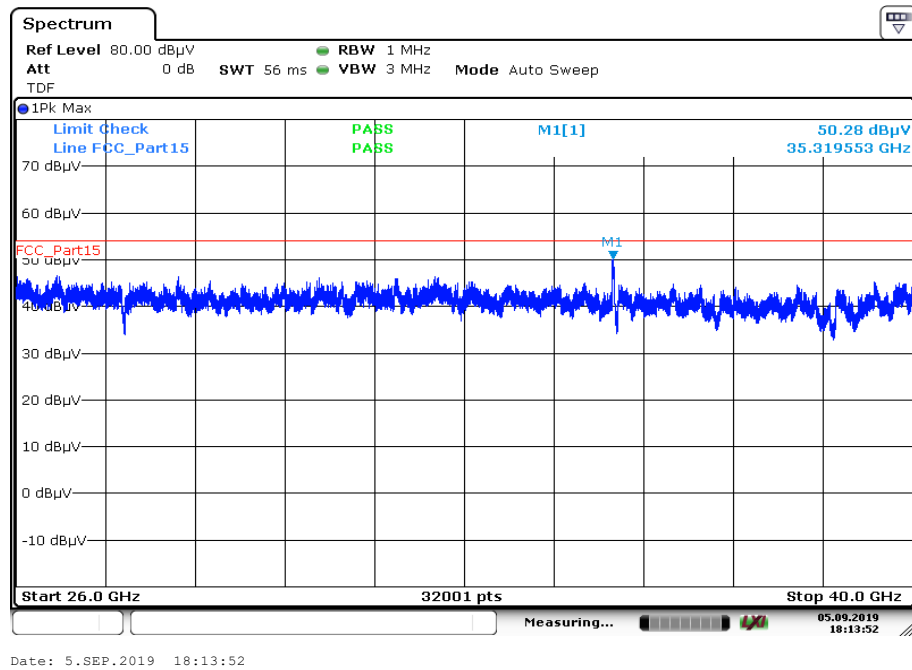
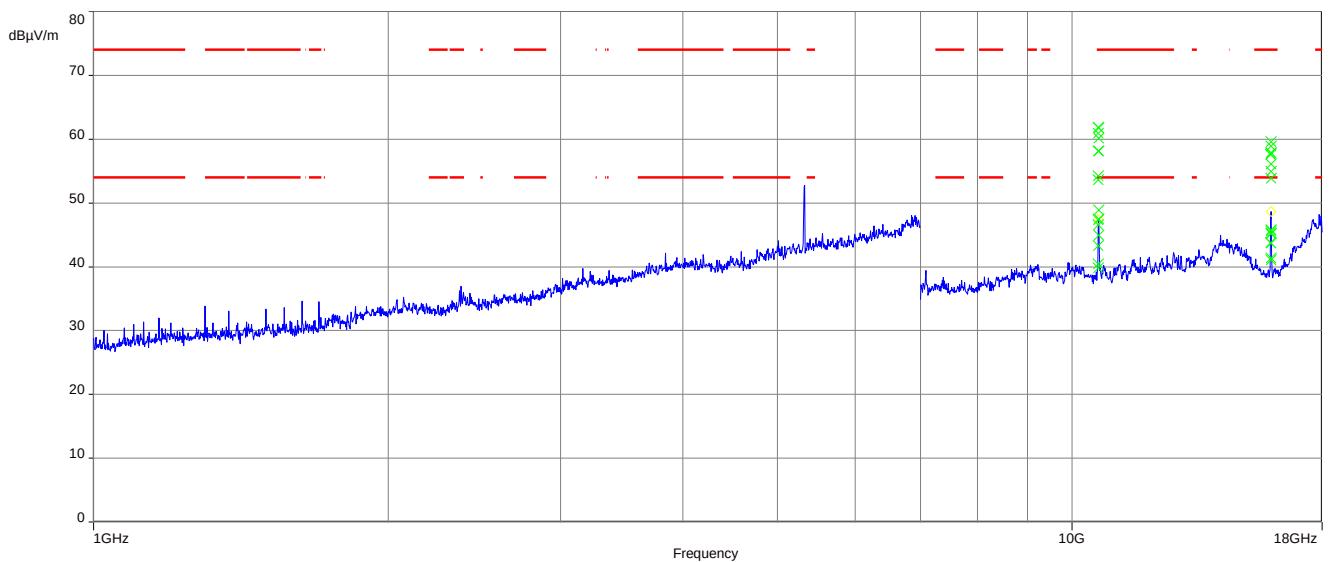
Plot 6: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel

Date: 5. SEP. 2019 18:04:52

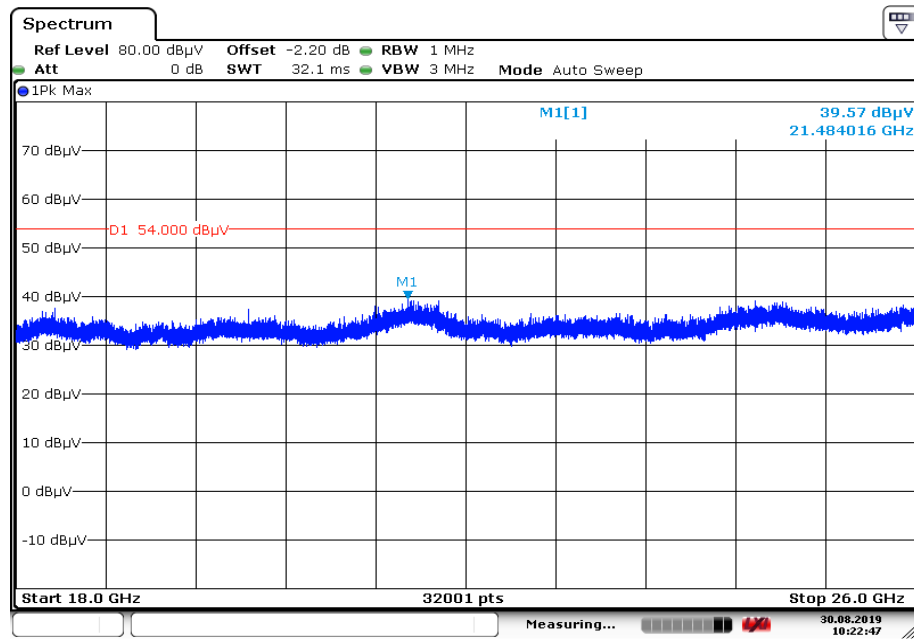
Plot 7: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel

Note: The carrier signal is notched with a band rejection filter.

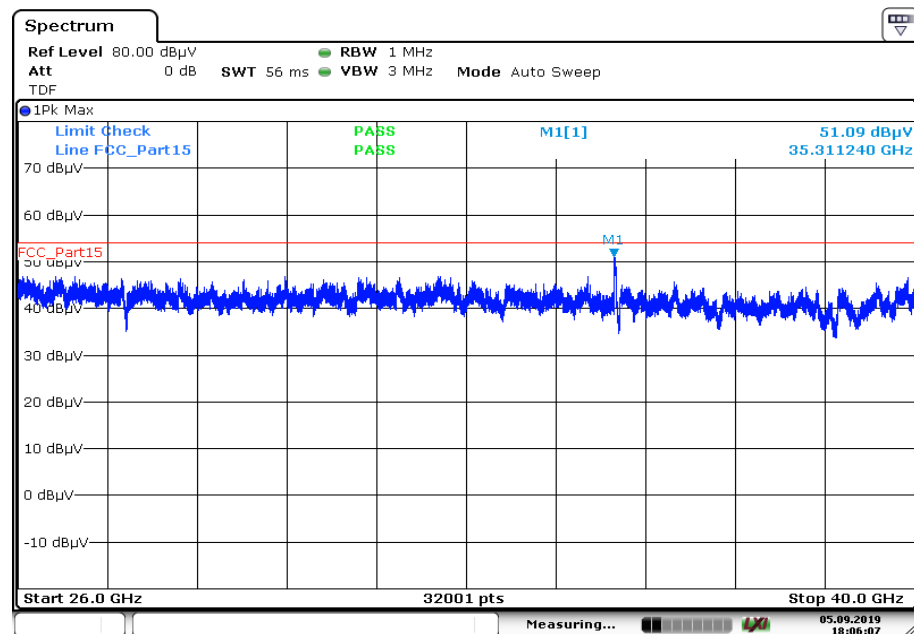
Plot 8: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel

Plot 9: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel**Plot 10:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel

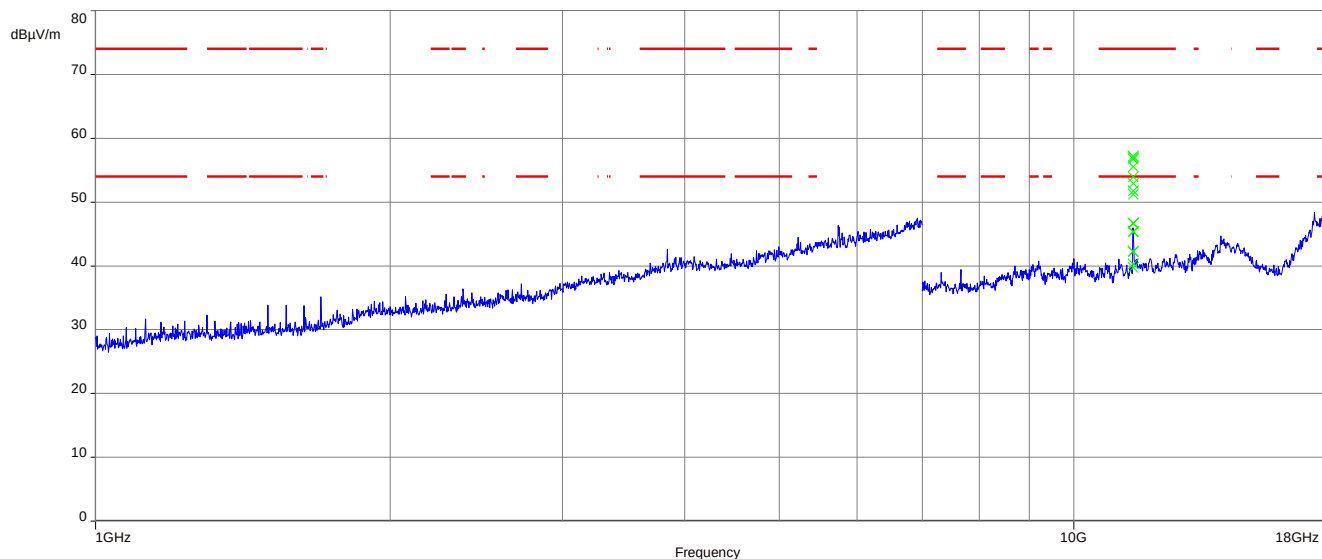
Note: The carrier signal is notched with a band rejection filter.

Plot 11: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel

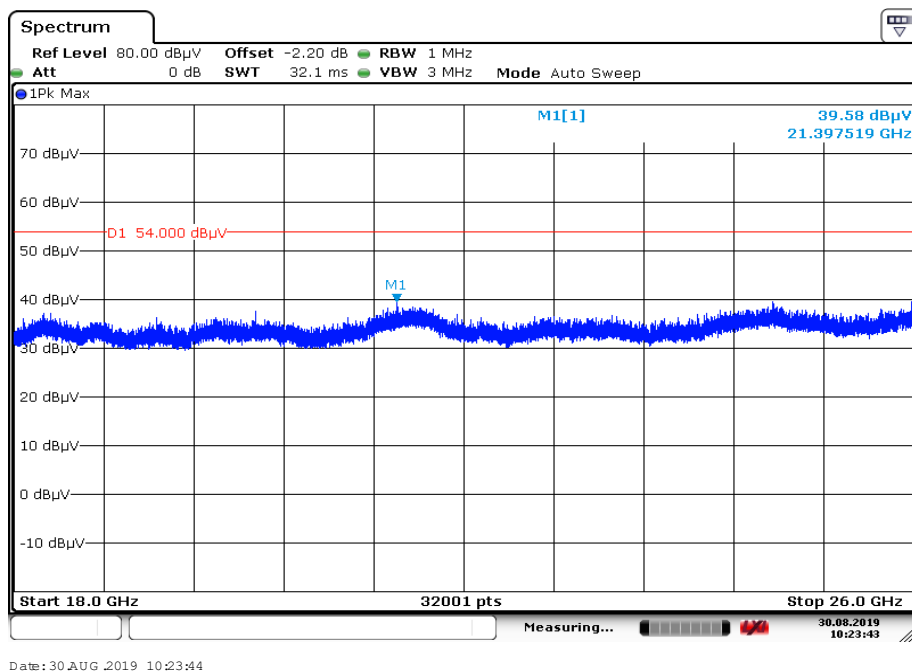
Date: 30 AUG. 2019 10:22:47

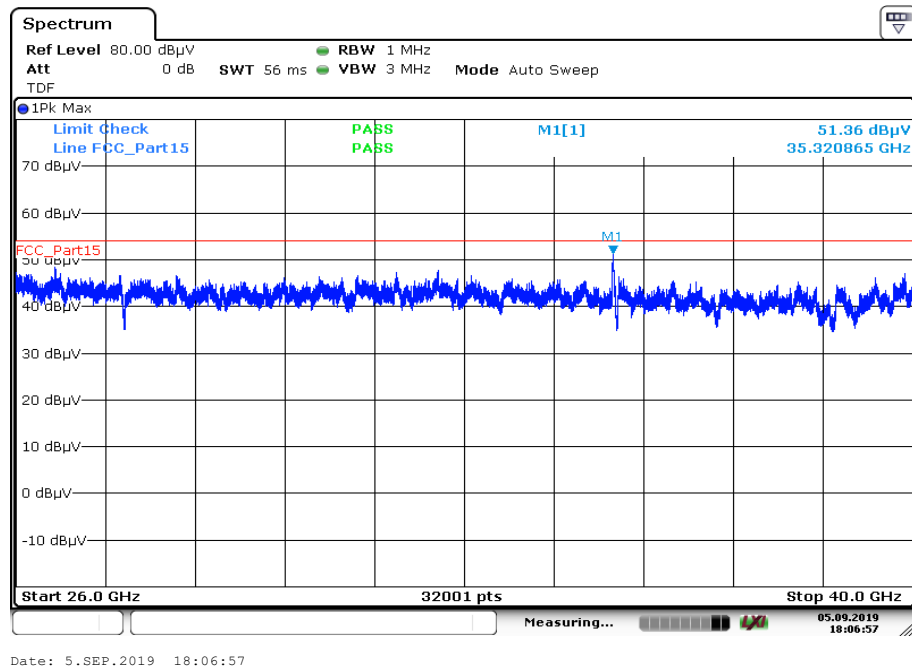
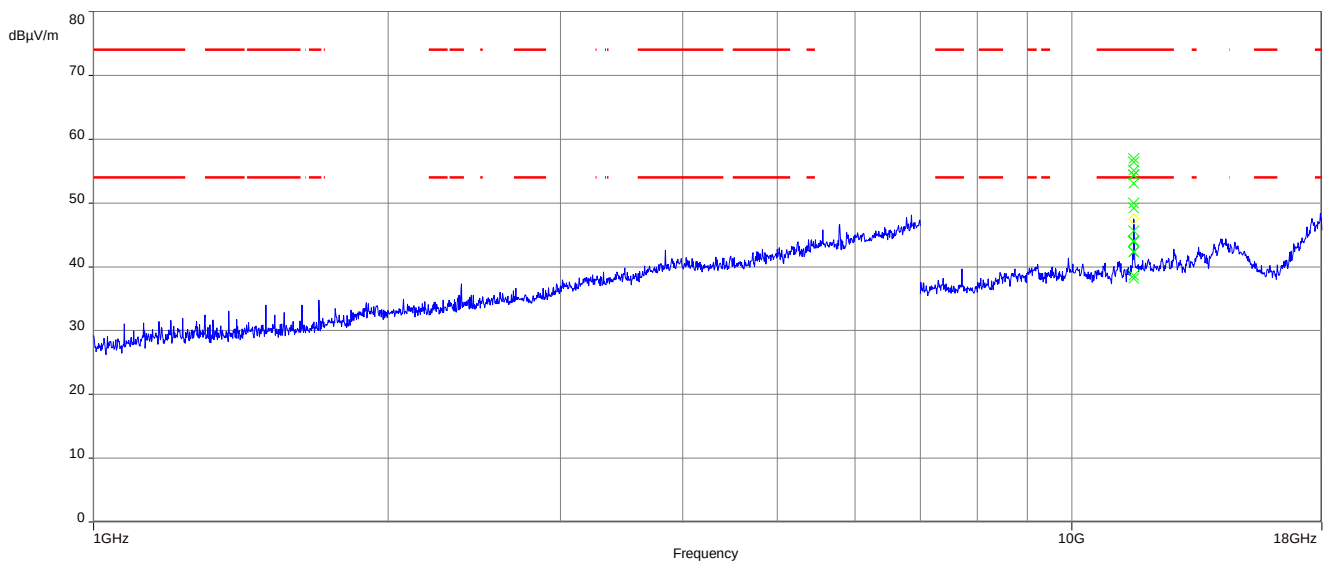
Plot 12: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel

Date: 5. SEP. 2019 18:06:07

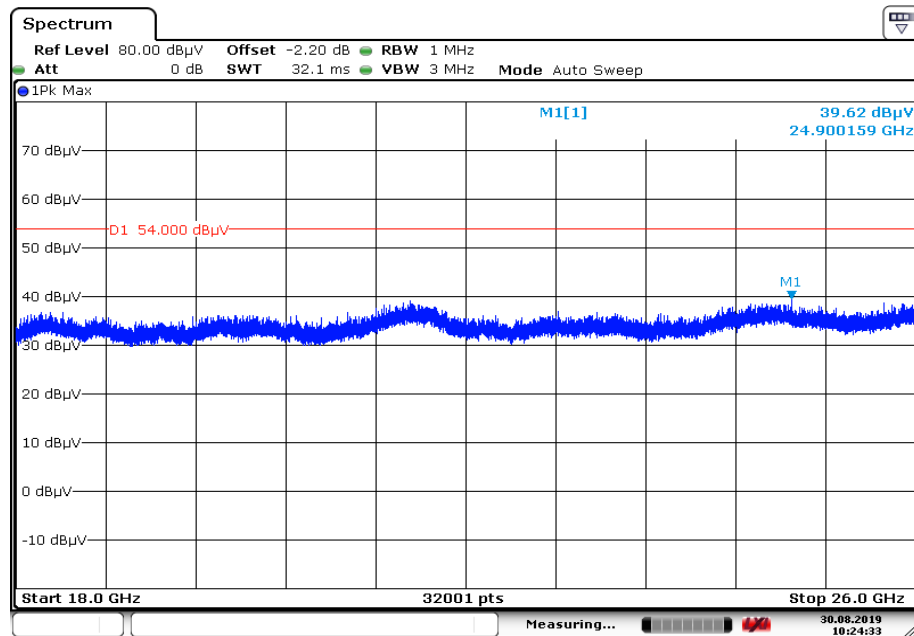
Plot 13: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel

Note: The carrier signal is notched with a band rejection filter.

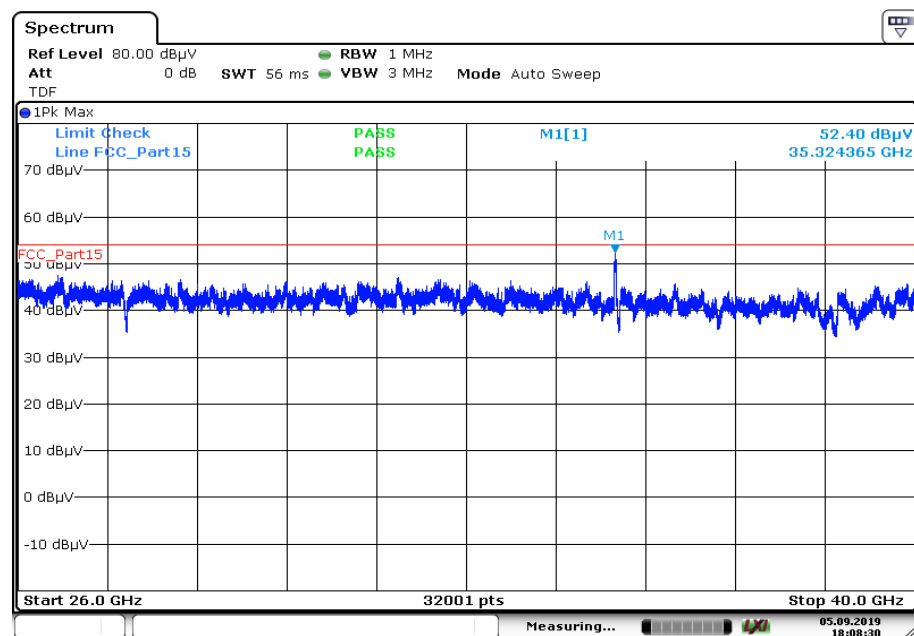
Plot 14: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel

Plot 15: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel**Plot 16:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel

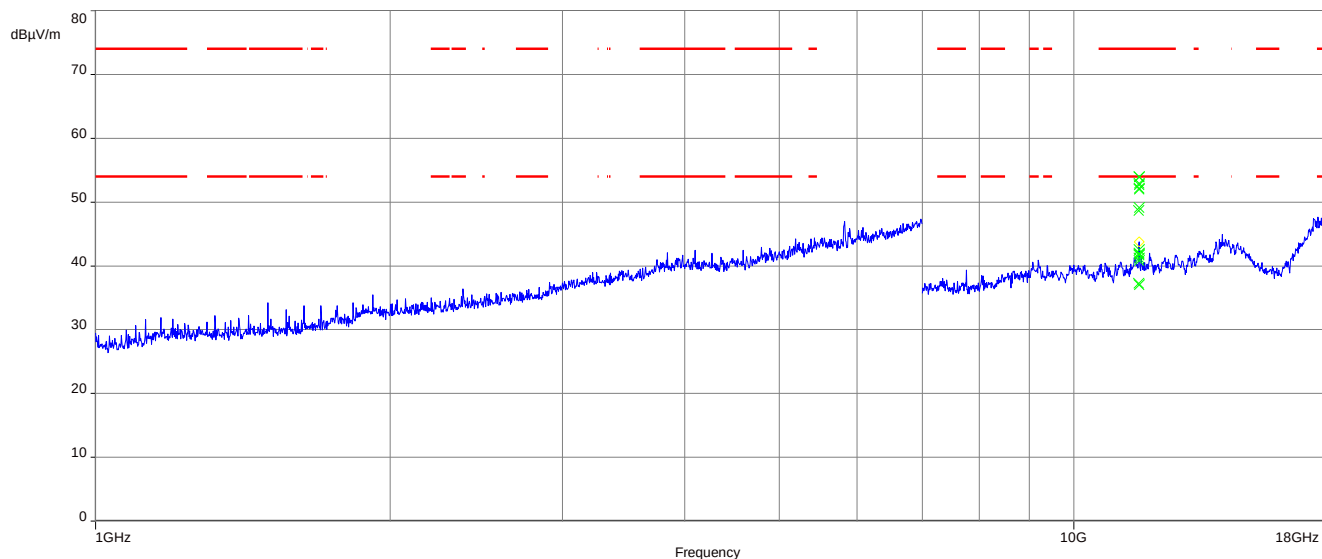
Note: The carrier signal is notched with a band rejection filter.

Plot 17: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel

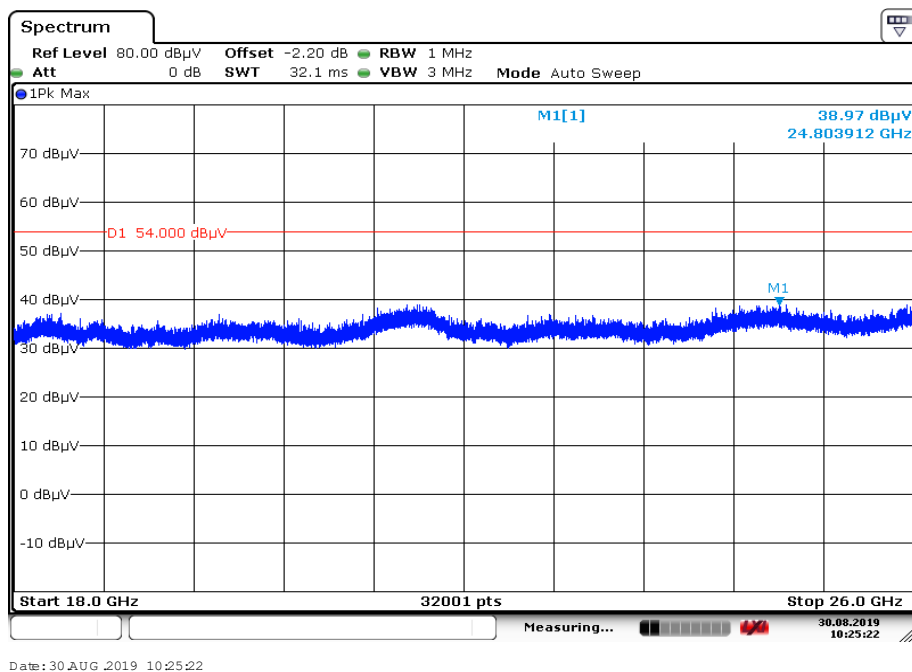
Date: 30 AUG. 2019 10:24:34

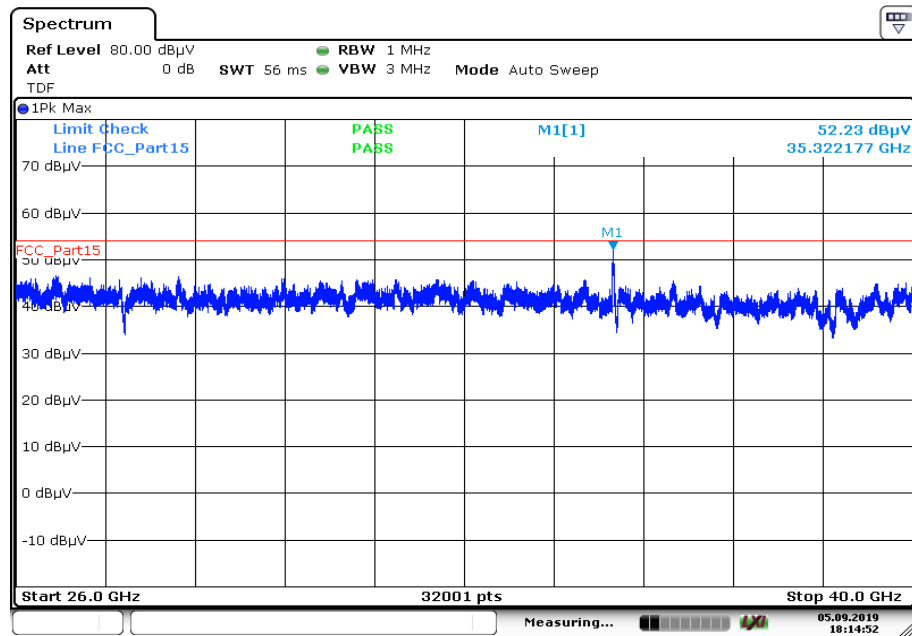
Plot 18: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel

Date: 5. SEP. 2019 18:08:29

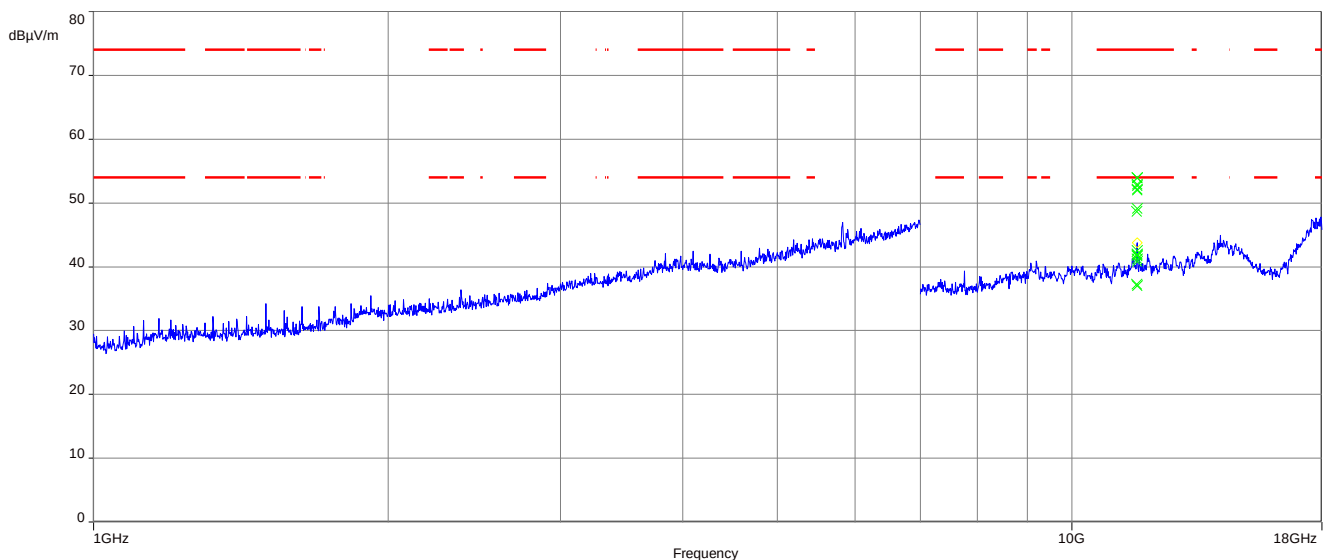
Plot 19: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

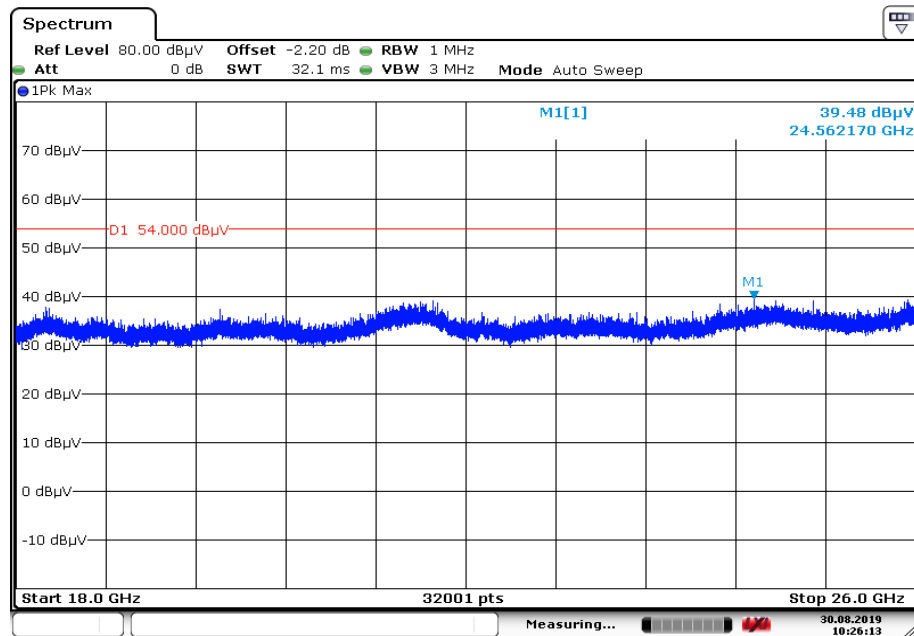
Note: The carrier signal is notched with a band rejection filter.

Plot 20: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

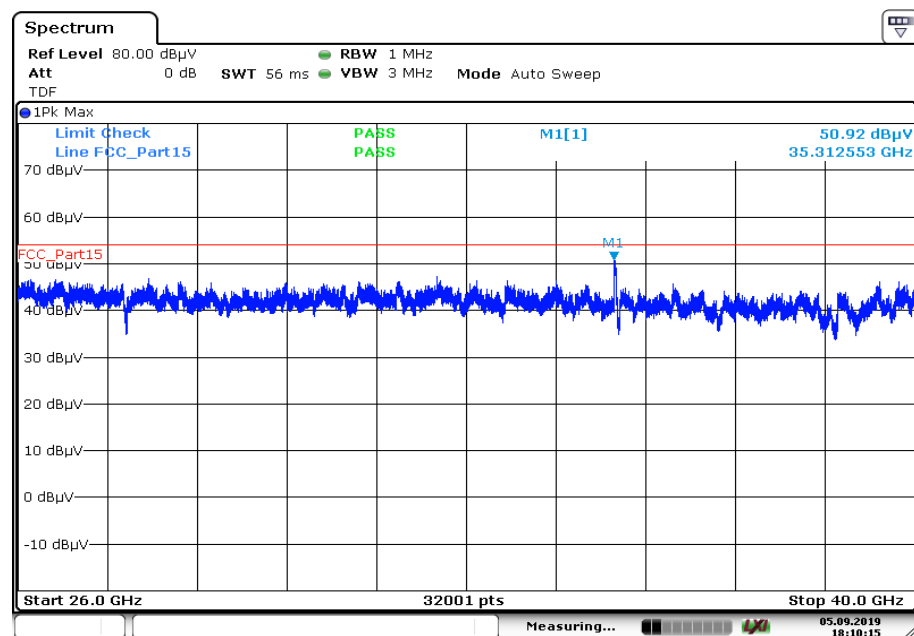
Plot 21: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

Date: 5.SEP.2019 18:14:52

Plot 22: 1 GHz to 18 GHz, 5825 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, cabinet radiation**Note:** The carrier signal is notched with a band rejection filter.

Plot 23: 18 GHz to 26 GHz, 5825 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, cabinet radiation

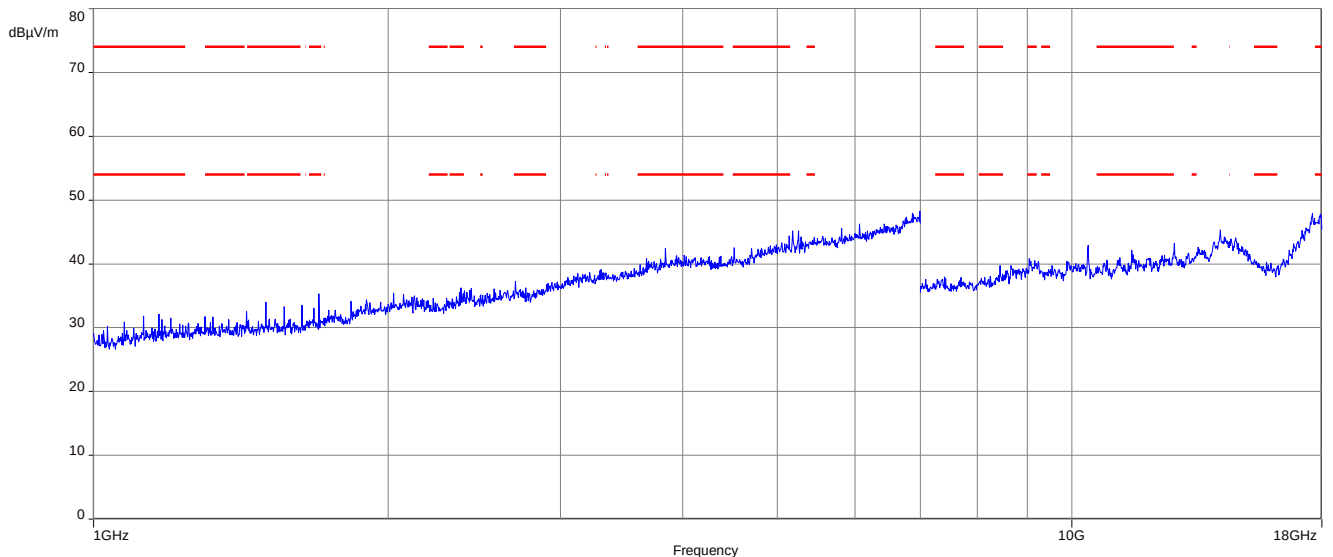
Date: 30 AUG. 2019 10:26:13

Plot 24: 26 GHz to 40 GHz, 5825 MHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, cabinet radiation

Date: 5. SEP. 2019 18:10:15

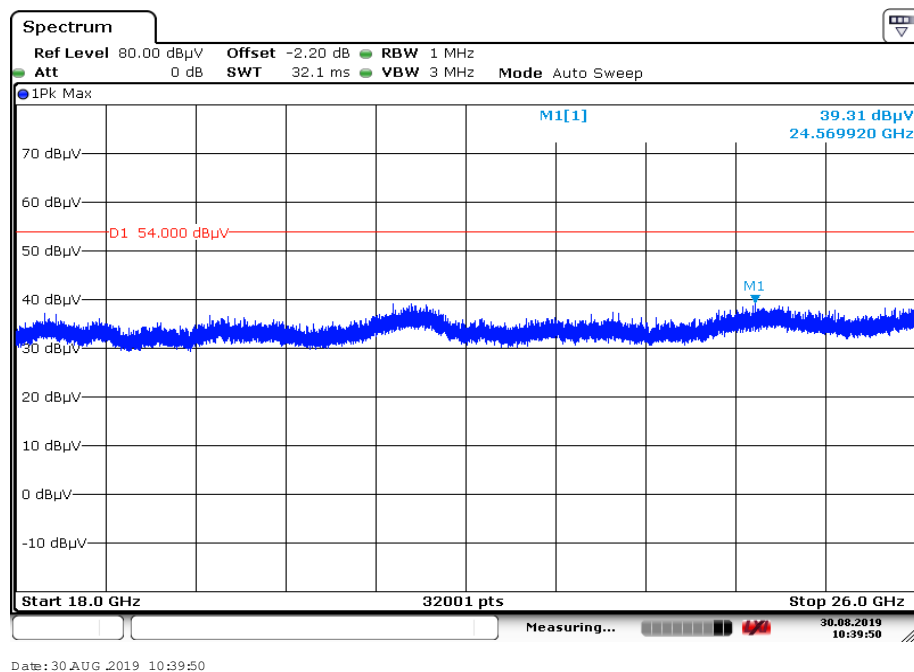
Plots: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

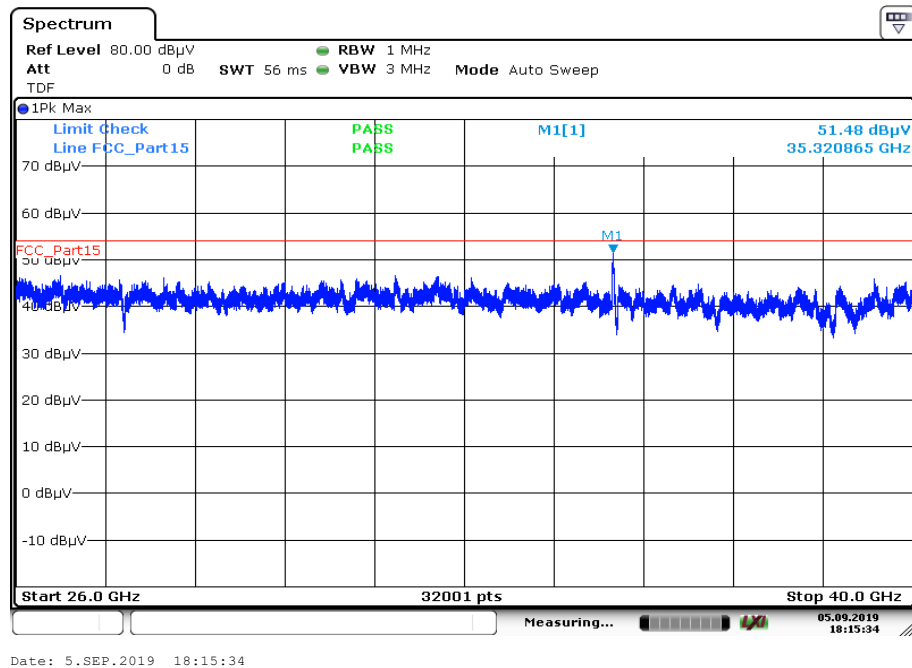
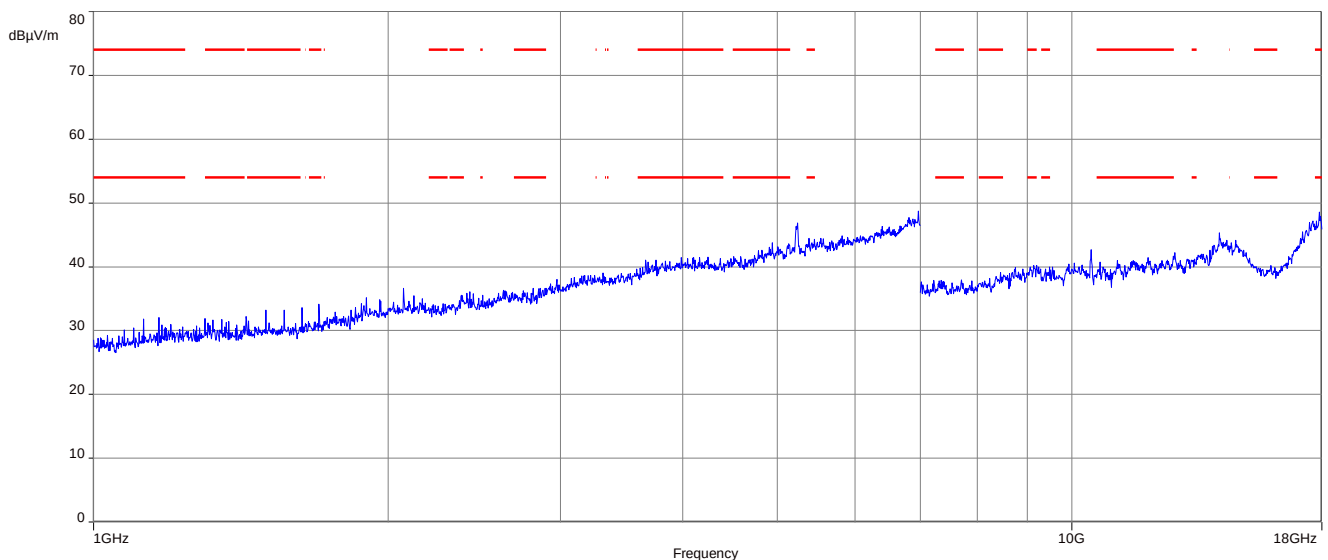
Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel



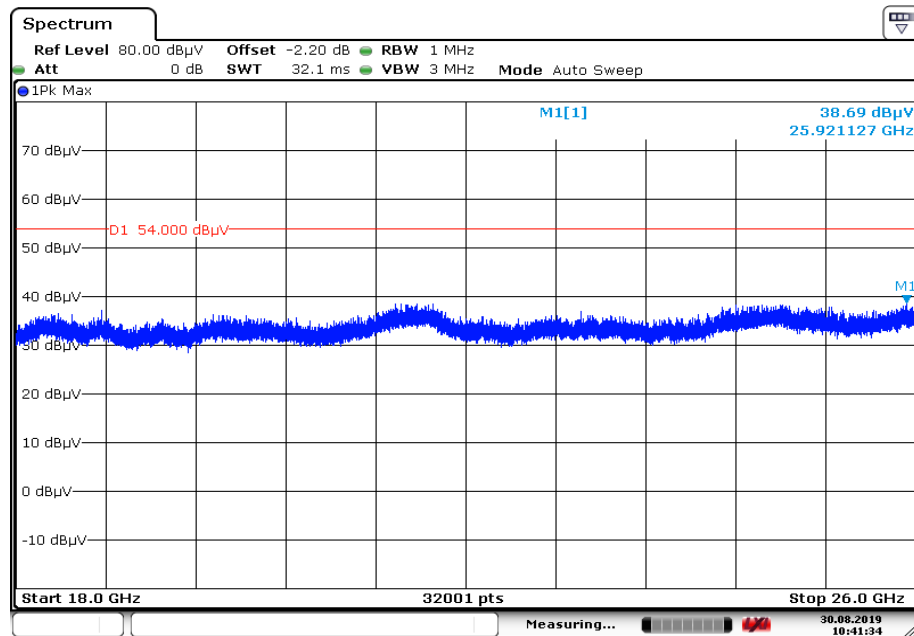
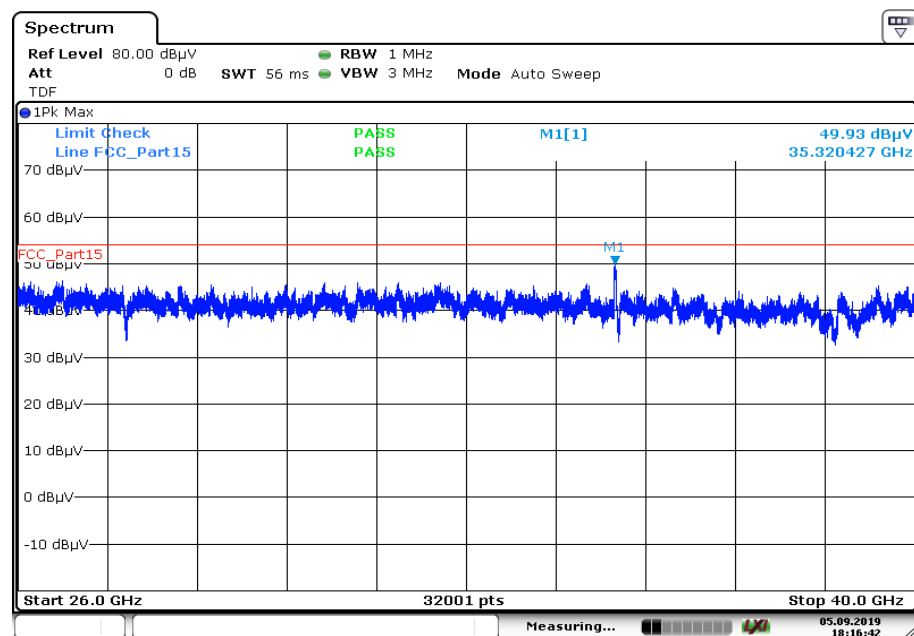
Note: The carrier signal is notched with a band rejection filter.

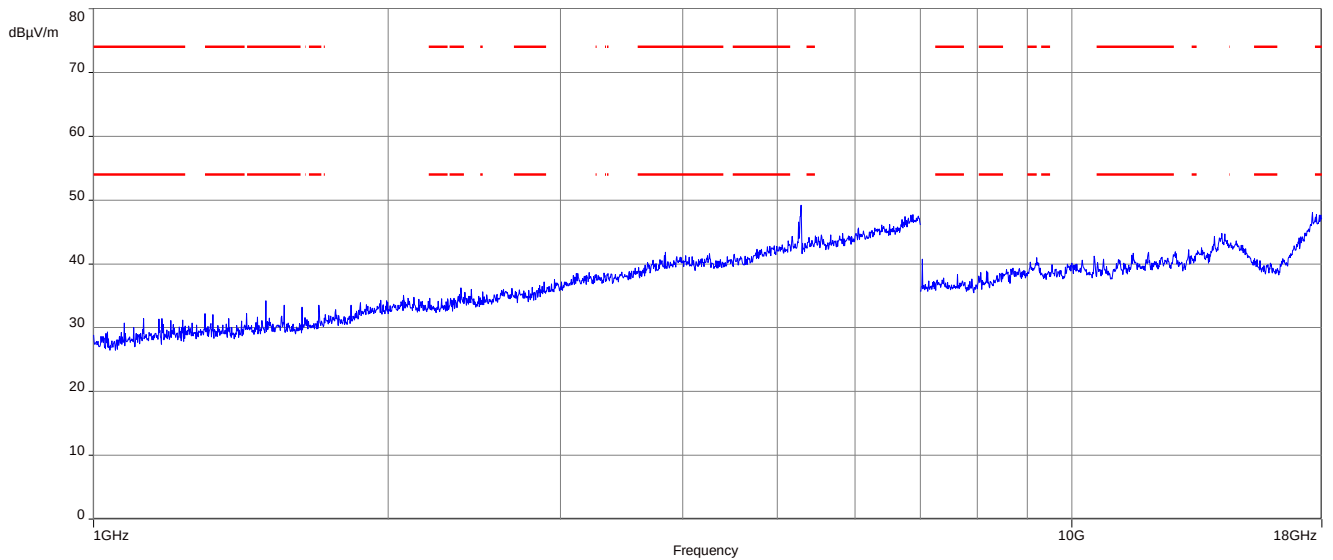
Plot 2: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel



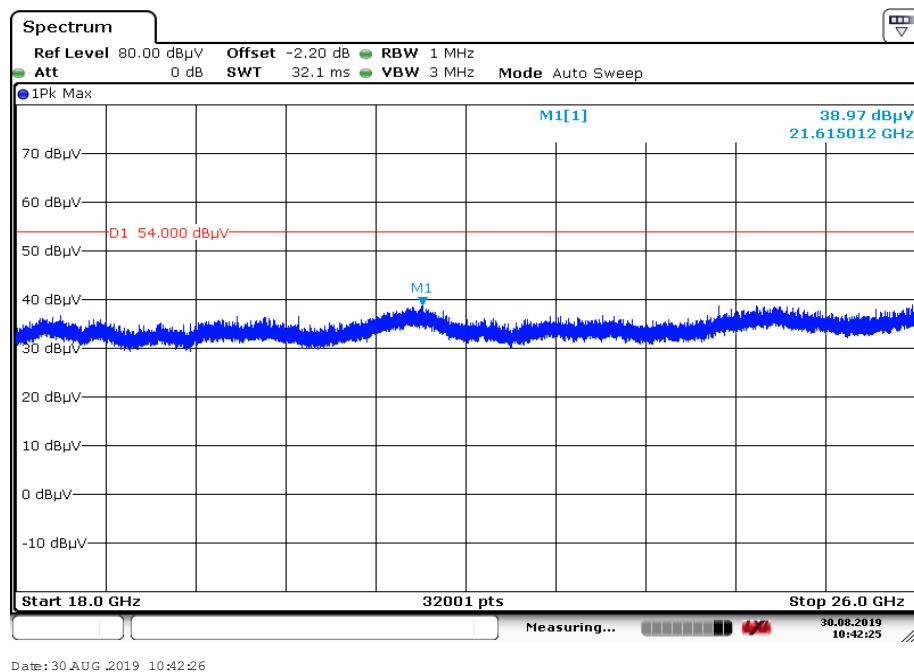
Plot 3: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel**Plot 4:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel

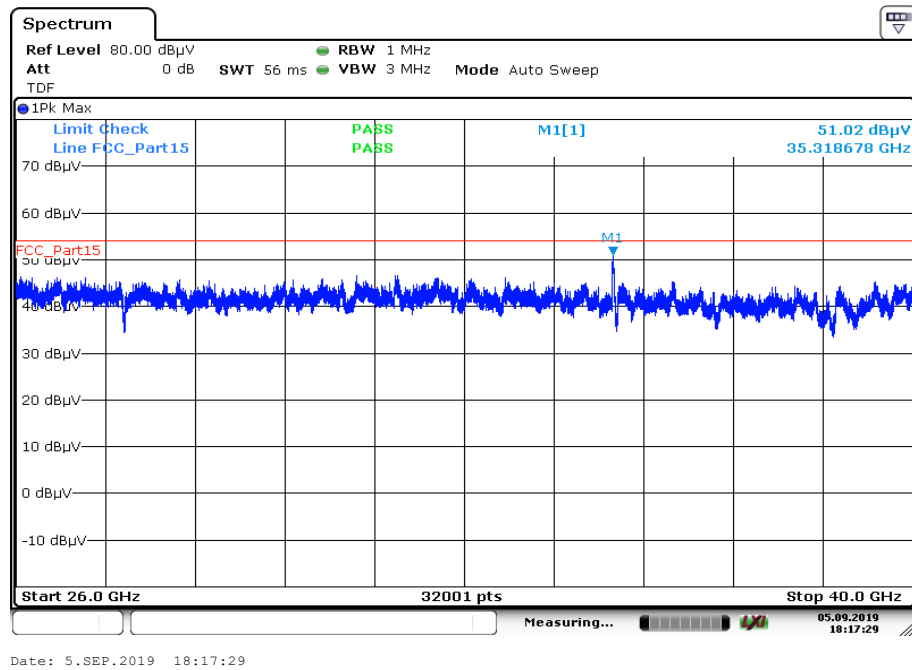
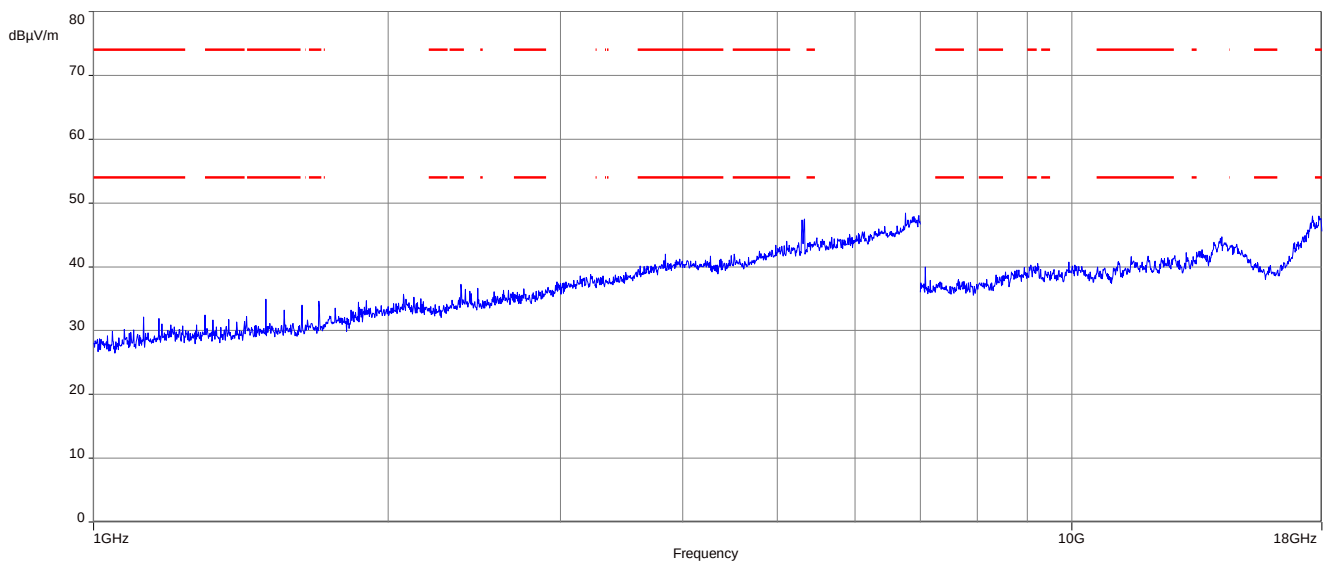
Note: The carrier signal is notched with a band rejection filter.

Plot 5: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel**Plot 6:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel

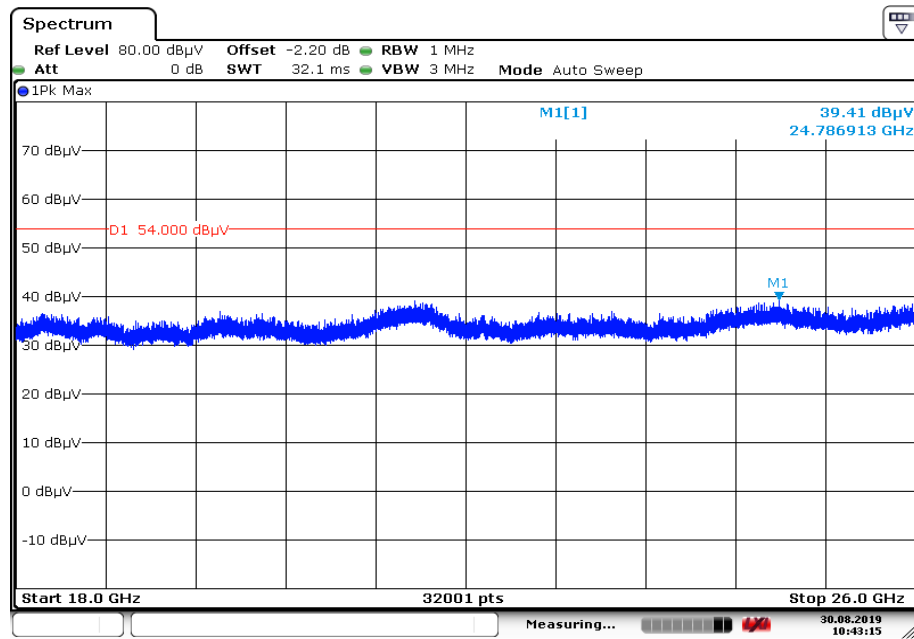
Plot 7: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel

Note: The carrier signal is notched with a band rejection filter.

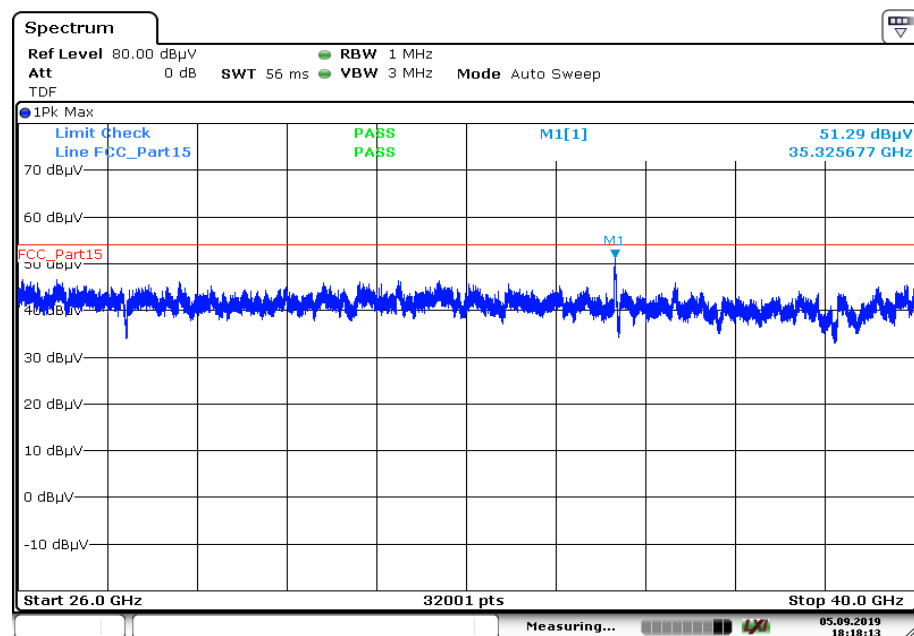
Plot 8: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel

Plot 9: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel**Plot 10:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel

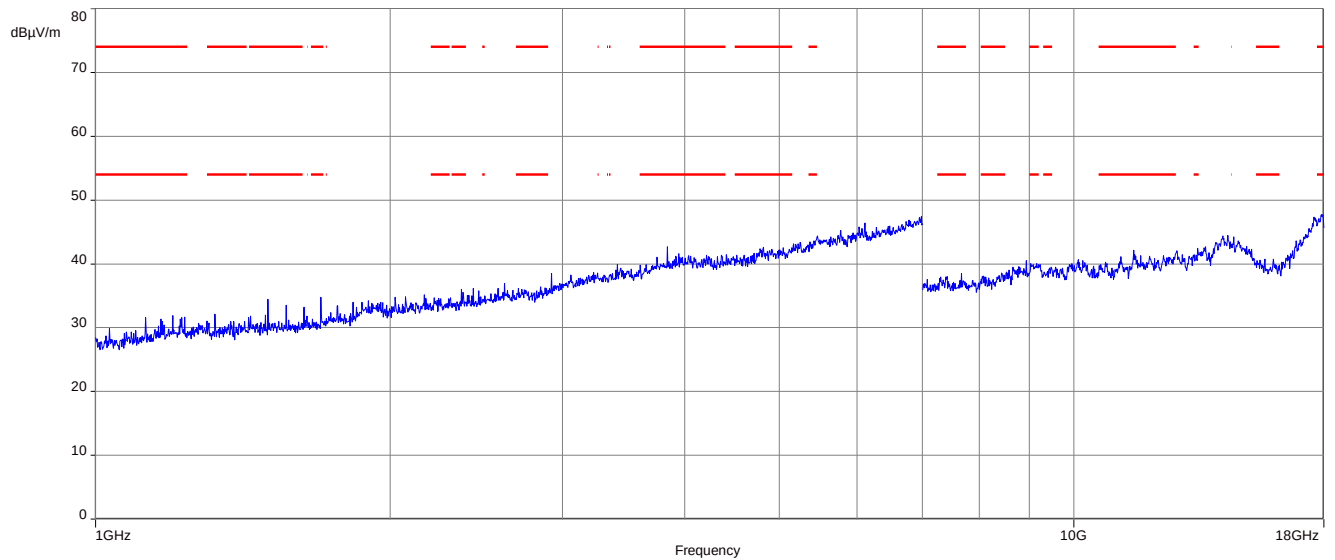
Note: The carrier signal is notched with a band rejection filter.

Plot 11: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel

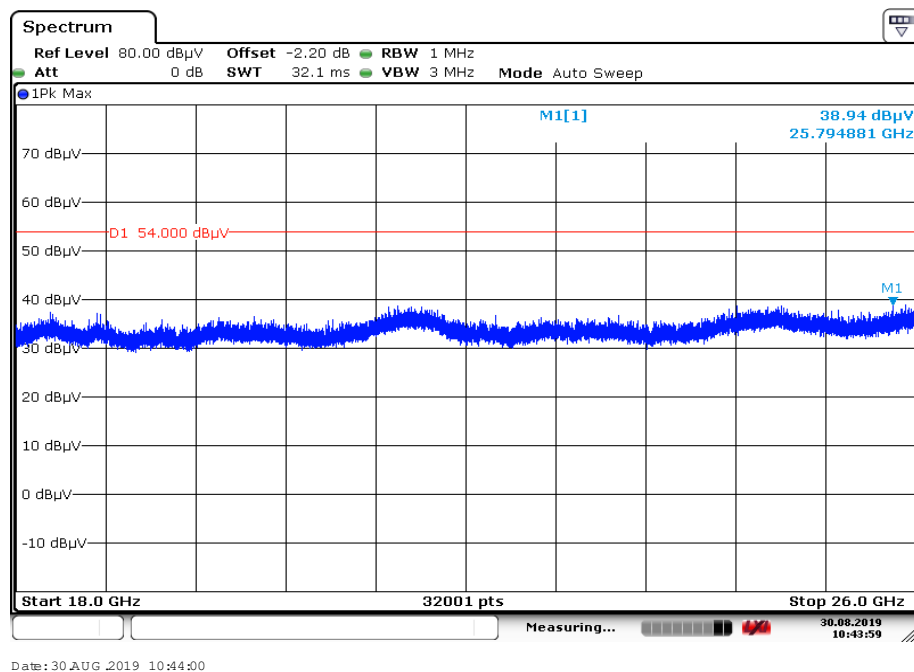
Date: 30 AUG. 2019 10:43:15

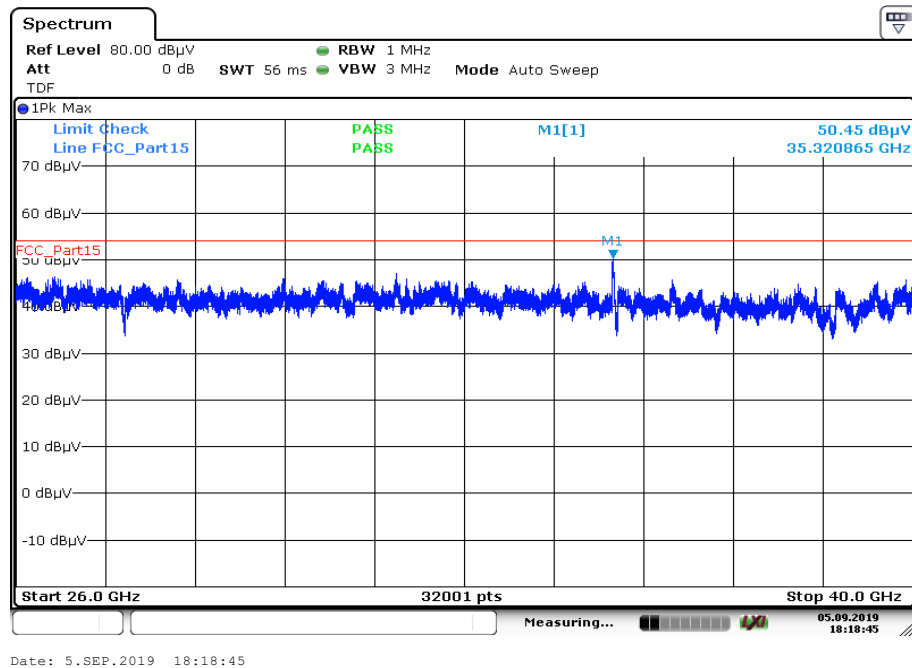
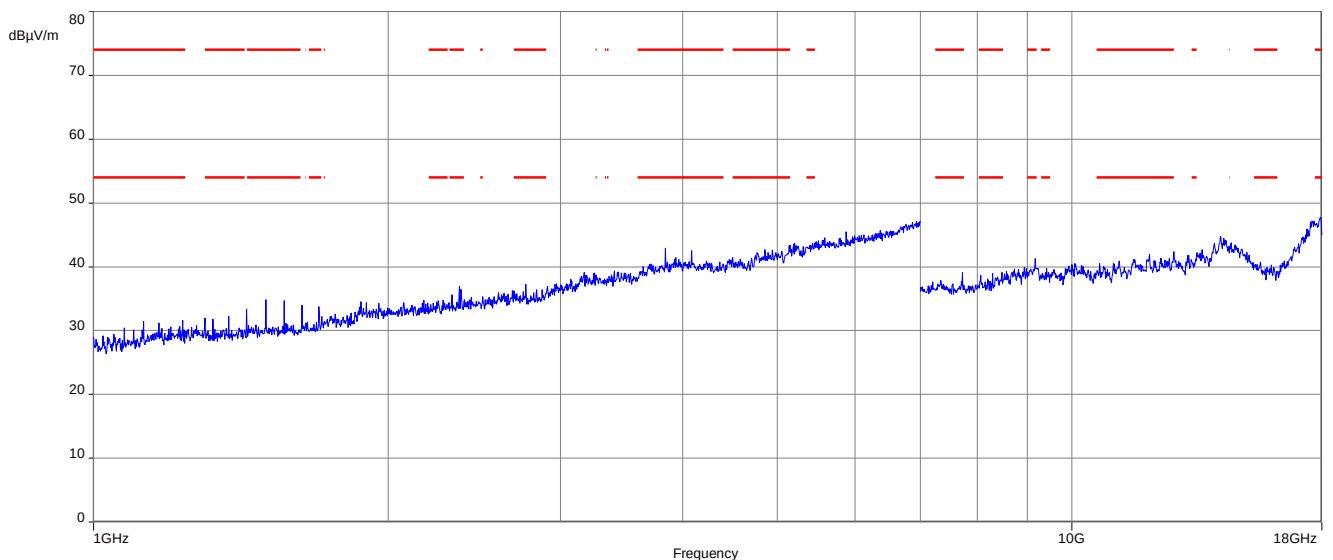
Plot 12: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel

Date: 5. SEP. 2019 18:18:12

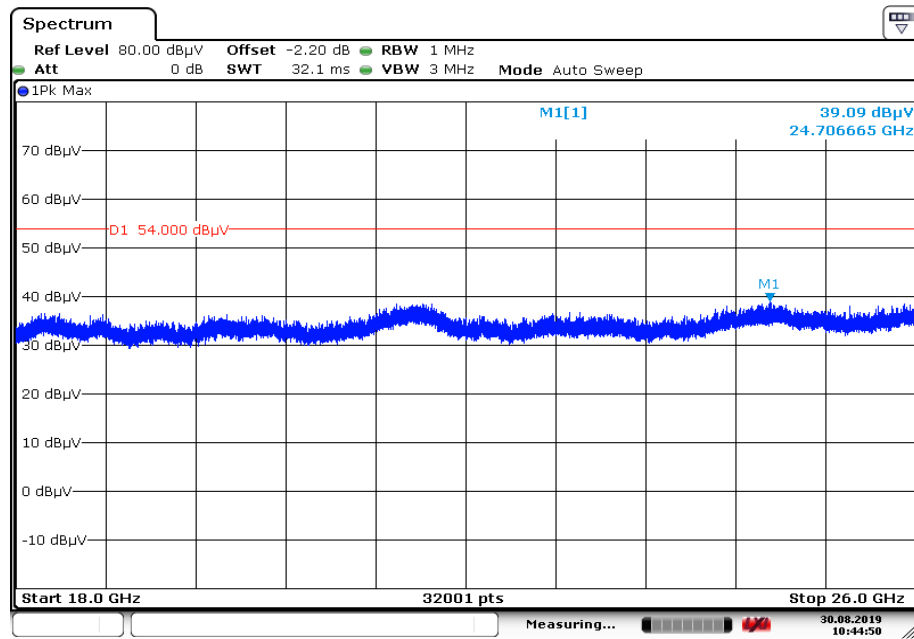
Plot 13: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel

Note: The carrier signal is notched with a band rejection filter.

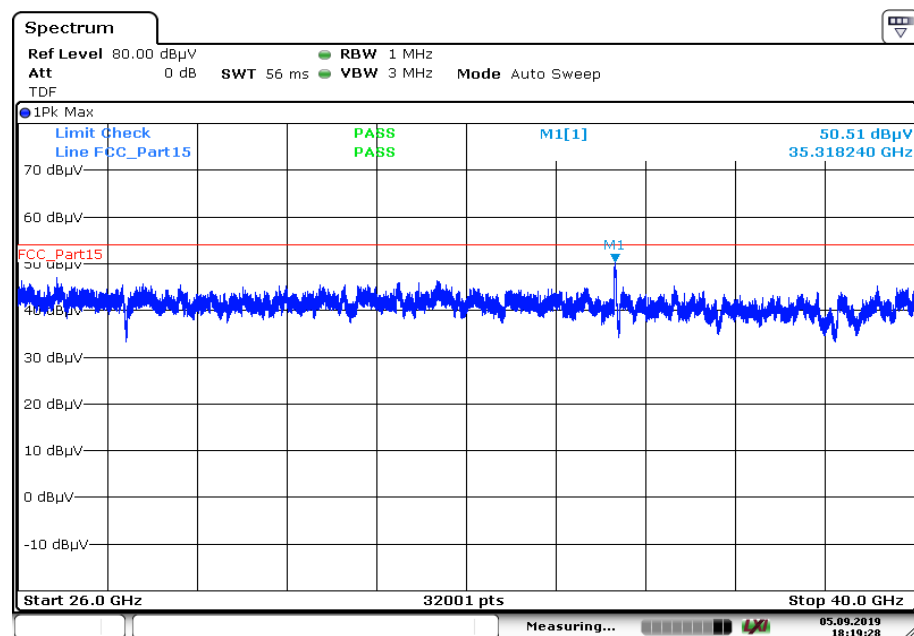
Plot 14: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel

Plot 15: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel**Plot 16:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

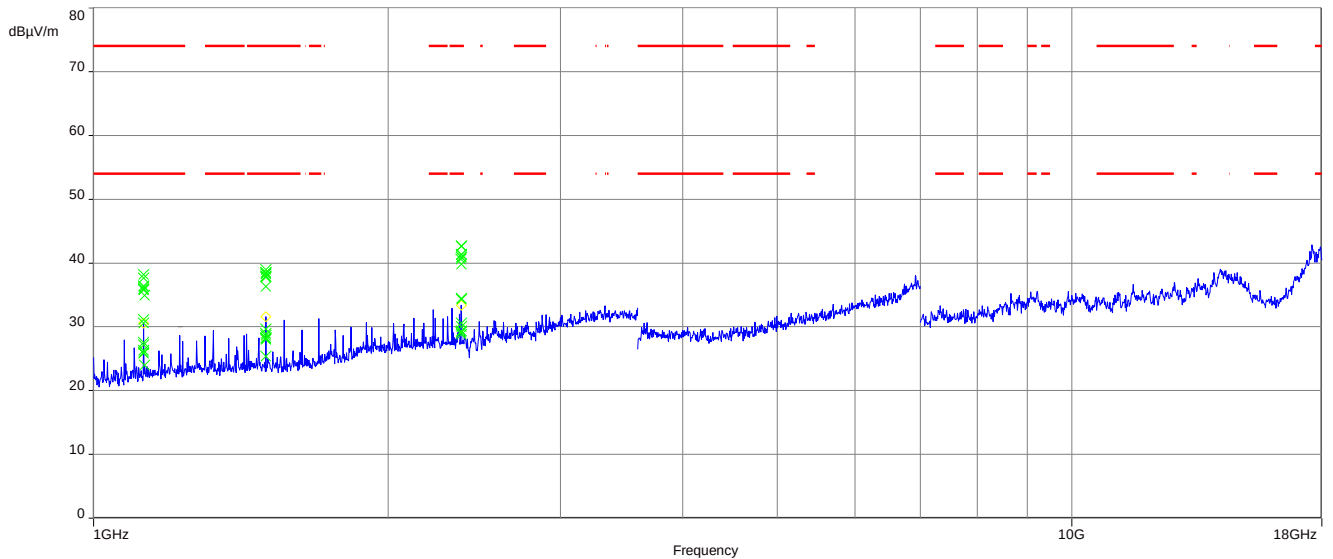
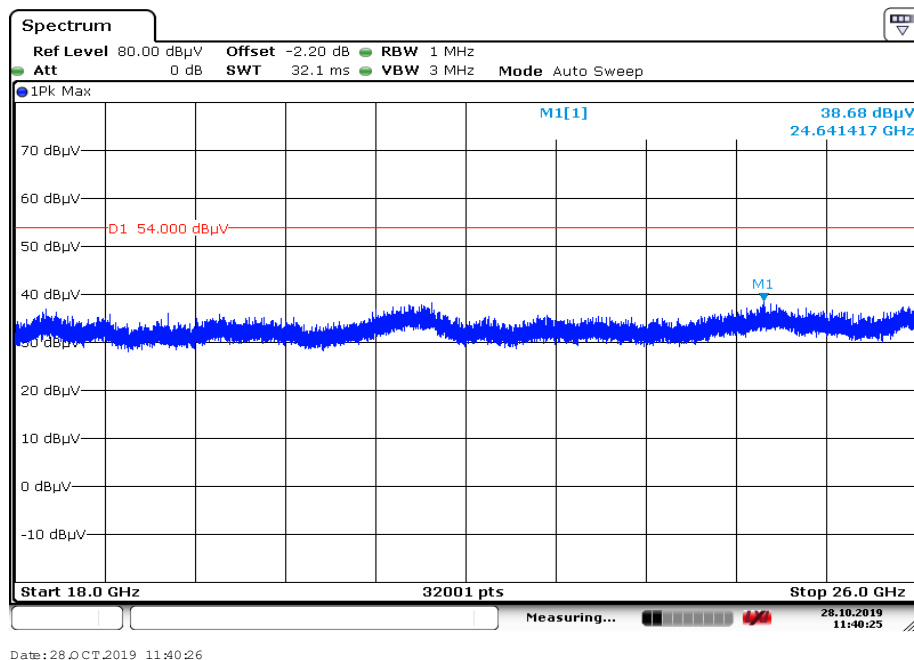
Note: The carrier signal is notched with a band rejection filter.

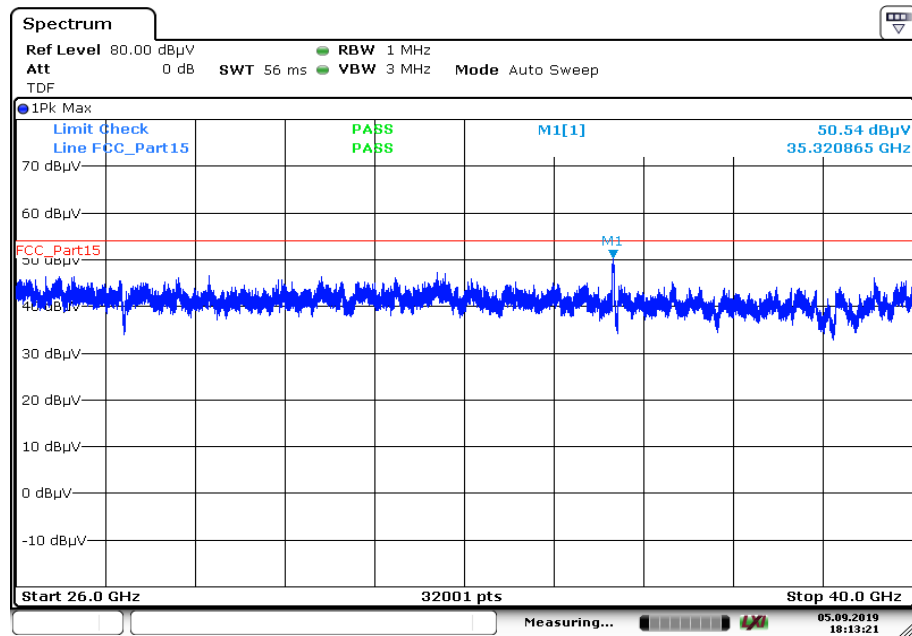
Plot 17: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

Date: 30 AUG. 2019 10:44:51

Plot 18: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

Date: 5. SEP. 2019 18:19:28

Plots: Receiver mode**Plot 1:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz, RX / idle – mode, vertical & horizontal polarization**Plot 2:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz, RX / idle – mode, vertical & horizontal polarization

Plot 3: 26 GHz to 40 GHz, RX / idle – mode, vertical & horizontal polarization

Date: 5.SEP.2019 18:13:21

11.13 Spurious emissions conducted < 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The EUT is set to middle channel. If critical peaks are found the lowest channel and the highest channel will be measured too. Both power lines, phase and neutral line, are measured. Found peaks are re-measured with average and quasi peak detection to show compliance to the limits.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak - Quasi Peak / Average
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	9 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz
Span:	150 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 6.5 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

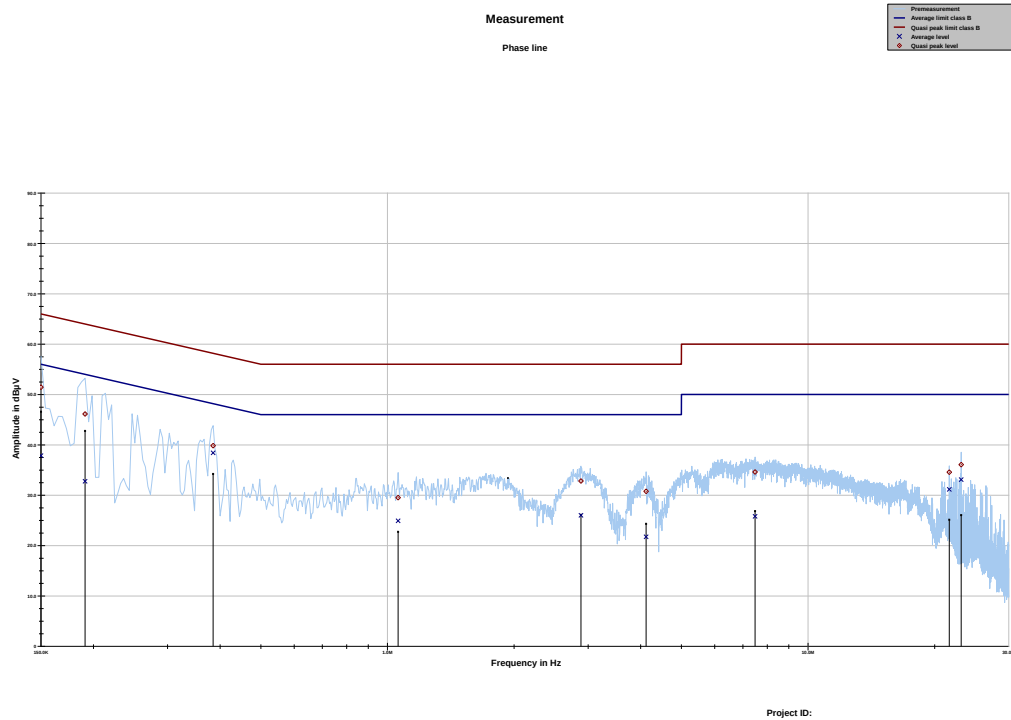
Limits:

Spurious Emissions Conducted < 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dB μ V/m)	Average (dB μ V/m)
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 – 5	56	46
5 – 30.0	60	50

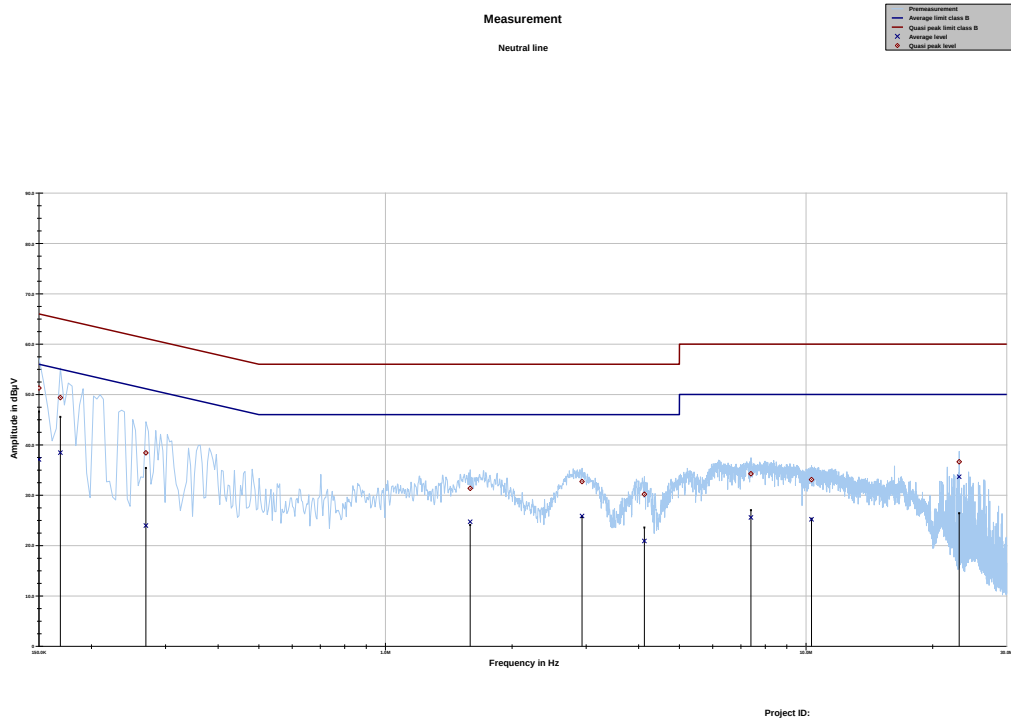
*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

Results:

Spurious Emissions Conducted < 30 MHz [dB μ V/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Plots:**Plot 1:** 150 kHz to 30 MHz, phase line**Final results:**

Frequency	Quasi peak level	Margin quasi peak	Limit QP	Average level	Margin average	Limit AV
MHz	dBµV	dB	dBµV	dBµV	dB	dBµV
0.150000	51.44	14.56	66.000	37.85	18.15	56.000
0.191044	46.12	17.87	63.991	32.76	22.07	54.827
0.385069	39.84	18.33	58.169	38.42	10.87	49.284
1.060425	29.52	26.48	56.000	24.91	21.09	46.000
2.885006	32.81	23.19	56.000	26.01	19.99	46.000
4.120050	30.76	25.24	56.000	21.75	24.25	46.000
7.481906	34.60	25.40	60.000	25.80	24.20	50.000
21.664388	34.56	25.44	60.000	31.15	18.85	50.000
23.130769	36.07	23.93	60.000	33.10	16.90	50.000

Plot 2: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, neutral line**Final results:**

Frequency	Quasi peak level	Margin quasi peak	Limit QP	Average level	Margin average	Limit AV
MHz	dBµV	dB	dBµV	dBµV	dB	dBµV
0.150000	51.27	14.73	66.000	37.10	18.90	56.000
0.168656	49.37	15.66	65.026	38.44	17.02	55.467
0.269400	38.41	22.73	61.136	23.98	28.61	52.589
1.590262	31.36	24.64	56.000	24.73	21.27	46.000
2.933512	32.71	23.29	56.000	25.87	20.13	46.000
4.127512	30.20	25.80	56.000	20.90	25.10	46.000
7.396088	34.26	25.74	60.000	25.59	24.41	50.000
10.302731	33.10	26.90	60.000	25.22	24.78	50.000
23.130769	36.63	23.37	60.000	33.67	16.33	50.000

Annex A Glossary

EUT	Equipment under test
DUT	Device under test
UUT	Unit under test
GUE	GNSS User Equipment
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
EN	European Standard
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FCC ID	Company Identifier at FCC
IC	Industry Canada
PMN	Product marketing name
HMN	Host marketing name
HVIN	Hardware version identification number
FVIN	Firmware version identification number
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
HW	Hardware
SW	Software
Inv. No.	Inventory number
S/N or SN	Serial number
C	Compliant
NC	Not compliant
NA	Not applicable
NP	Not performed
PP	Positive peak
QP	Quasi peak
AVG	Average
OC	Operating channel
OCW	Operating channel bandwidth
OBW	Occupied bandwidth
OOB	Out of band
DFS	Dynamic frequency selection
CAC	Channel availability check
OP	Occupancy period
NOP	Non occupancy period
DC	Duty cycle
PER	Packet error rate
CW	Clean wave
MC	Modulated carrier
WLAN	Wireless local area network
RLAN	Radio local area network
DSSS	Dynamic sequence spread spectrum
OFDM	Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
FHSS	Frequency hopping spread spectrum
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System
C/N₀	Carrier to noise-density ratio, expressed in dB-Hz

Annex B Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
-/-	Initial release	2019-12-04

Annex C Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-04

first page	last page
 Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection 1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition Accreditation  The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH attests that the testing laboratory CTC advanced GmbH Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 to carry out tests in the following fields: Telecommunication (TC) and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) for Canadian Standards The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 11.01.2019 with the accreditation number D-PL-12076-01 and is valid until 21.04.2021. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 7 pages. Registration number of the certificate: D-PL-12076-01-04 Frankfurt am Main, 11.01.2019  Dipl.-Biol. Uwe Zimmermann Head of Division	Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Office Berlin Spittelmarkt 10 10117 Berlin Office Frankfurt am Main Europa-Allee 52 60327 Frankfurt am Main Office Braunschweig Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkKS). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf. No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAkKS. The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 2625) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European Union L 218 of 9 July 2008, p. 30). DAkKS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations. The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites: EA: www.european-accreditation.org ILAC: www.ilac.org IAF: www.iaf.nu

Note: The current certificate annex is published on the website (link see below) of the Accreditation Body DAkKS or may be received by CTC advanced GmbH on request

<https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-04.pdf>

Annex D Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-05

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 Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection 1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition Accreditation  The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH attests that the testing laboratory CTC advanced GmbH Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 to carry out tests in the following fields: Telecommunication (FCC Requirements) The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 11.01.2019 with the accreditation number D-PL-12076-01 and is valid until 21.04.2021. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 5 pages. Registration number of the certificate: D-PL-12076-01-05 Frankfurt am Main, 11.01.2019  Head of Division (see notes, cover sheet)	Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Office Berlin Spittelmarkt 10 10117 Berlin Office Frankfurt am Main Europa-Allee 52 60327 Frankfurt am Main Office Braunschweig Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkKS). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf. No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAkKS. The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 2625) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European Union L 218 of 9 July 2008, p. 30). DAkKS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations. The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites: EA: www.european-accreditation.org ILAC: www.ilac.org IAF: www.iaf.nu

Note: The current certificate annex is published on the website (link see below) of the Accreditation Body DAkKS or may be received by CTC advanced GmbH on request

<https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-05.pdf>

END OF TEST REPORT