



RF TEST REPORT

Applicant Quectel Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd
FCC ID XMR202102FC21
Product Wi-Fi&BT module
Brand Quectel
Model FC21
Report No. R2108A0712-R1
Issue Date September 7, 2021

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **FCC CFR47 Part 15C (2020)**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

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Summary of measurement results

Number	Test Case	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict
1	Maximum output power	15.247(b)(3)	PASS
2	6 dB bandwidth	15.247(a)(2)	PASS
3	Power spectral density	15.247(e)	PASS
4	Band Edge	15.247(d)	PASS
5	Spurious RF Conducted Emissions	15.247(d)	PASS
6	Unwanted Emissions	15.247(d),15.205,15.209	PASS
7	Conducted Emissions	15.207	PASS
Date of Testing: April 26, 2021 ~ May 28, 2021			
Date of Sample Received: March 12, 2021			
Note: All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only.			

FC21 (Report No.: R2108A0712-R1) is a variant model of FC21 (Report No.:R2101A0021-R1V1). The differences between the two products are shown below.

Product Change Description		
Item	Original	Variant
Chip	QCA1023-0	QCA9377-3
MCN	QCA-1023-0-115WLNSP-TR/SR/HR-03-0	QCA-9377-3-115WLNSP-TR/SR/HR-03-0
MU-MIMO and TxBF client mode	Disable	Support
HW Version	R1.0	R1.1
SW Version	FC21SA-Q73	FC21SA-Q93
Others	The same	The same

There is only verified Maximum output power and tested Unwanted Emissions, and did not worsen, so they were not recorded in the report. The detailed product change description please refers to the Difference Declaration Letter.



1. Test Laboratory

1.1. Notes of the test report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology (shanghai) co., Ltd.** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein .Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

1.2. Test facility

FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform measurements.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform measurement.

1.3. Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Address: No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong
City: Shanghai
Post code: 201201
Country: P. R. China
Contact: Xu Kai
Telephone: +86-021-50791141/2/3
Fax: +86-021-50791141/2/3-8000
Website: <http://www.ta-shanghai.com>
E-mail: xukai@ta-shanghai.com

2. General Description of Equipment under Test

2.1. Applicant and Manufacturer Information

Applicant	Quectel Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd
Applicant address	Building 5, Shanghai Business Park Phase III (Area B), No.1016 Tianlin Road, Minhang District, Shanghai, China 200233
Manufacturer	Quectel Wireless Solutions Co., Ltd
Manufacturer address	Building 5, Shanghai Business Park Phase III (Area B), No.1016 Tianlin Road, Minhang District, Shanghai, China 200233

2.2. General information

EUT Description	
Model	FC21
SN	E1821BN10000039
Hardware Version	R1.1
Software Version	FC21SA-Q93
Power Supply	External power supply
Antenna Type	External Antenna
Antenna Connector	A permanently attached antenna (meet with the standard FCC Part 15.203 requirement)
Antenna Gain	5.16dBi
additional beamforming gain	NA
Test Mode	802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n(HT20/HT40) Bluetooth LE V5.0
Modulation Type	802.11b: DSSS 802.11g/n(HT20/HT40): OFDM Bluetooth LE: GFSK
Max. Conducted Power	Wi-Fi 2.4G: 18.24dBm Bluetooth LE: -2.96 dBm
Operating Frequency Range(s)	802.11b/g/n(HT20): 2412 ~ 2462 MHz 802.11n(HT40): 2422 ~ 2452 MHz Bluetooth LE: 2402 ~2480 MHz
Note: 1. The EUT is sent from the applicant to TA and the information of the EUT is declared by the applicant.	



3. Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

Test standards:

FCC CFR47 Part 15C (2020) Radio Frequency Devices

ANSI C63.10 (2013)

Reference standard:

KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02

4. Test Configuration

Test Mode

The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application.

The radiated emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). The worst emission was found in lie-down position (X axis) and the loop antenna is vertical, the others are vertical and horizontal. and the worst case was recorded.

In order to find the worst case condition, Pre-tests are needed at the presence of different data rate. Preliminary tests have been done on all the configuration for confirming worst case. Data rate below means worst-case rate of each test item.

The test software is used IPOP

Worst-case data rates are shown as following table.

Test Mode	Data Rate
Bluetooth(Low Energy)	1Mbps
802.11b	1 Mbps
802.11g	6 Mbps
802.11n HT20	MCS0
802.11n HT40	MCS0

5. Test Case Results

5.1. Maximum output power

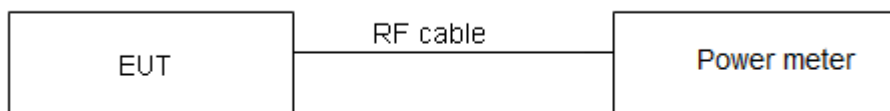
Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Methods of Measurement

During the process of the testing, The EUT was connected to Power meter with a known loss. The EUT is max power transmission with proper modulation.

Test Setup



Limits

Rule Part 15.247 (b) (3) specifies that " For systems using digital modulation in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz: 1 Watt."

Average Output Power	$\leq 1W$ (30dBm)
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Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 0.44$ dB.

Test Results

Power Index					
Channel	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n HT20	Channel	802.11n HT40
CH1	17	16.5	16.5	CH3	15
CH6	17	16.5	16.5	CH6	15
CH11	17	16.5	16.5	CH9	15

Test Mode	T _{on} (ms)	T _(on+off) (ms)	Duty cycle	Duty cycle correction Factor(dB)
802.11b	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00
802.11g	2.02	2.20	0.92	0.37
802.11n HT20	1.88	1.99	0.95	0.24
802.11n HT40	0.93	1.03	0.90	0.45
Bluetooth LE	0.40	0.62	0.647	1.888
Note: when Duty cycle ≥ 0.98 , Duty cycle correction Factor not required.				

Test Mode	Carrier frequency (MHz)	Average Power Measured (dBm)	Average Power with duty factor (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Conclusion
802.11b	2412	18.24	18.24	30	PASS
	2437	17.45	17.45	30	PASS
	2462	18.05	18.05	30	PASS
802.11g	2412	16.82	17.19	30	PASS
	2437	16.09	16.46	30	PASS
	2462	16.52	16.89	30	PASS
802.11n HT20	2412	16.56	16.80	30	PASS
	2437	15.93	16.17	30	PASS
	2462	16.22	16.46	30	PASS
802.11n HT40	2422	14.39	14.84	30	PASS
	2437	14.64	15.09	30	PASS
	2452	14.67	15.12	30	PASS
Bluetooth (Low Energy)	2402	-4.85	-2.96	30	PASS
	2440	-3.98	-2.09	30	PASS
	2480	-4.91	-3.02	30	PASS
Note: Average Power with duty factor = Average Power Measured +Duty cycle correction factor					

5.2. 99% Bandwidth and 6dB Bandwidth

Ambient condition

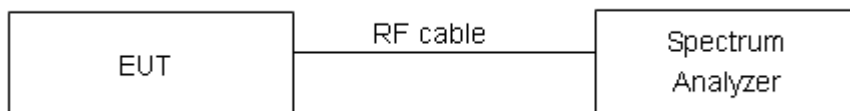
Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an external attenuator (20dB) and a known loss cable. RBW is set to 100 kHz; VBW is set to 300 kHz on spectrum analyzer. Dector=Peak, Trace mode=max hold.

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through a known loss cable. The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value.

Test Setup



Limits

Rule Part 15.247 (a) (2) specifies that “Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.”

minimum 6 dB bandwidth	≥ 500 kHz
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Measurement Uncertainty

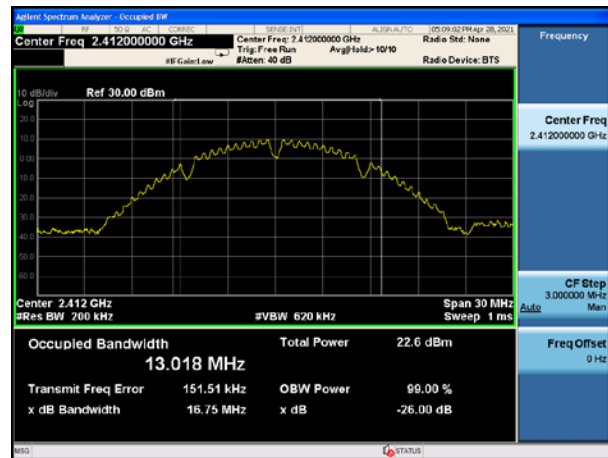
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 936$ Hz.

Test Results:

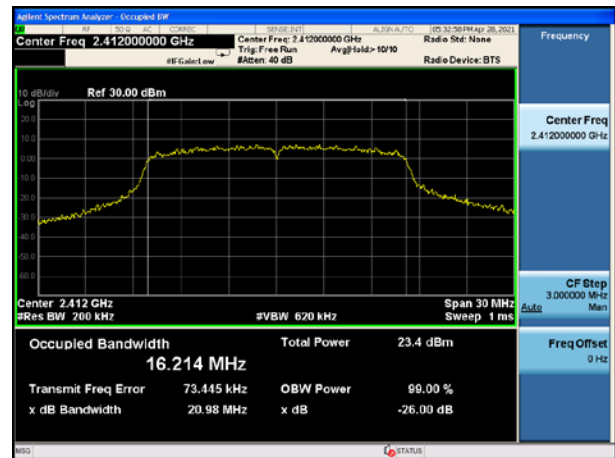
Test Mode	Carrier frequency (MHz)	99% bandwidth (MHz)	Minimum 6 dB bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Conclusion
802.11b	2412	13.0180	8.0650	500	PASS
	2437	13.2140	8.0700	500	PASS
	2462	13.0670	8.0740	500	PASS
802.11g	2412	16.2140	15.1300	500	PASS
	2437	16.3180	15.3600	500	PASS
	2462	16.2220	15.1500	500	PASS
802.11n HT20	2412	17.2830	15.1400	500	PASS
	2437	17.3790	15.3200	500	PASS
	2462	17.3100	15.1500	500	PASS
802.11n HT40	2422	35.5690	33.8500	500	PASS
	2437	36.0710	35.2200	500	PASS
	2452	35.8750	35.1600	500	PASS
Bluetooth (Low Energy)	2402	1.0661	0.6722	500	PASS
	2440	1.0633	0.6740	500	PASS
	2480	1.0657	0.6708	500	PASS

99%bandwidth

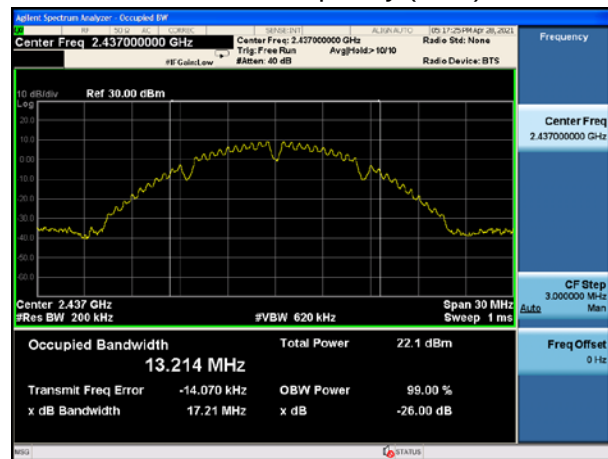
802.11b, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2412



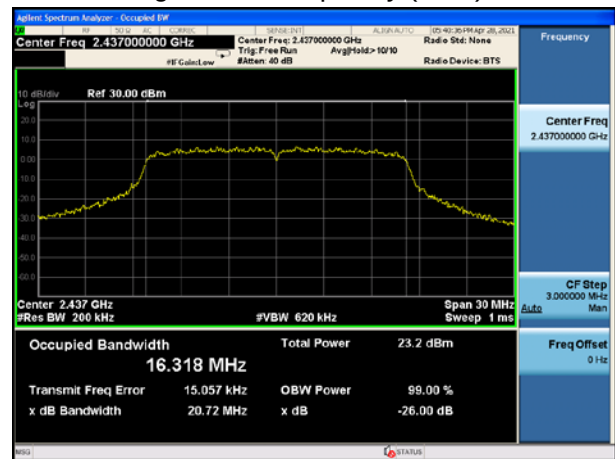
802.11g, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2412



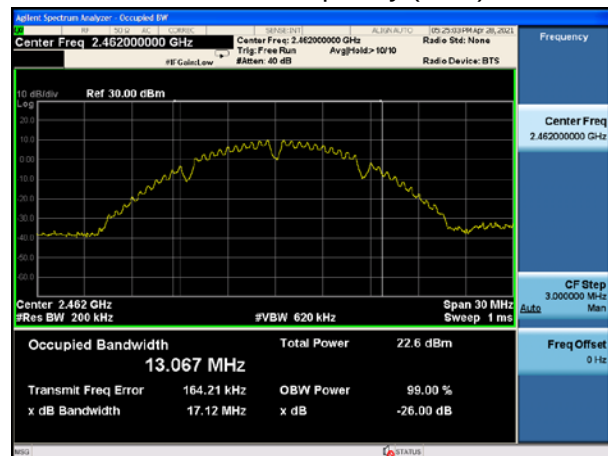
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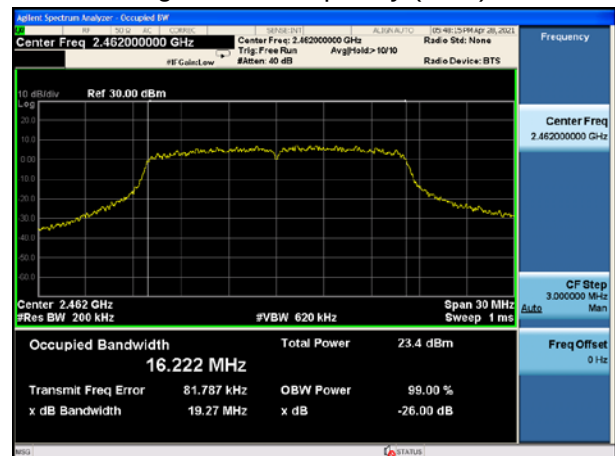
802.11g, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



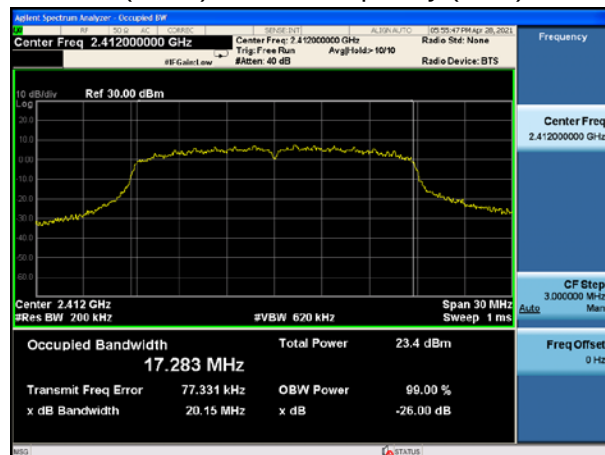
802.11b, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2462



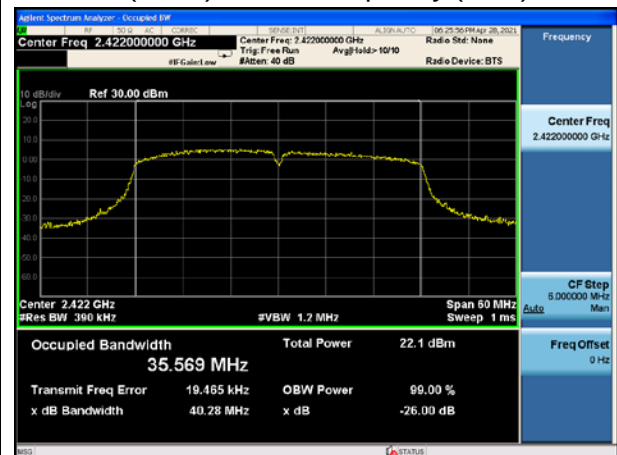
802.11g, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2462



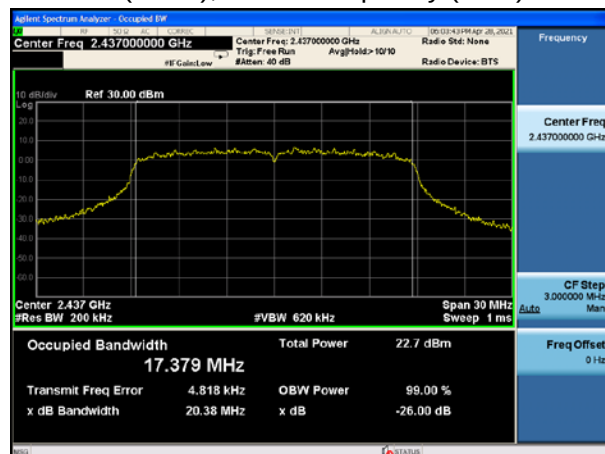
802.11n(HT20), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2412



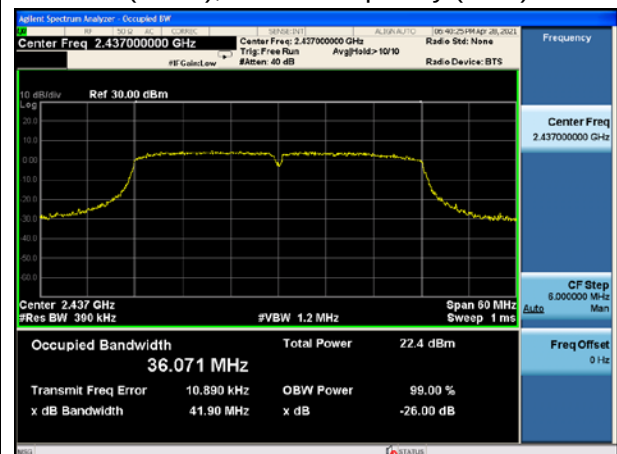
802.11n(HT40), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2422



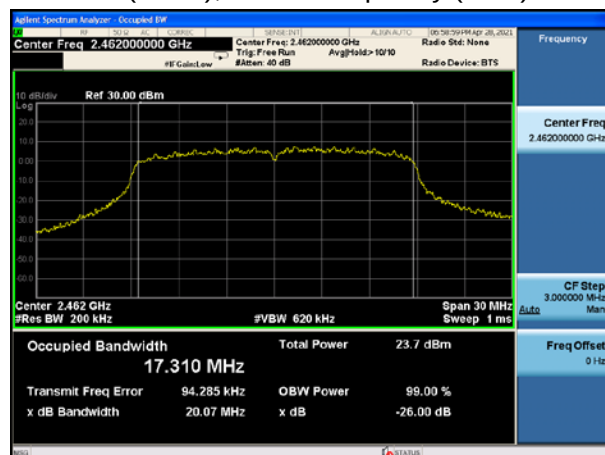
802.11n(HT20), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



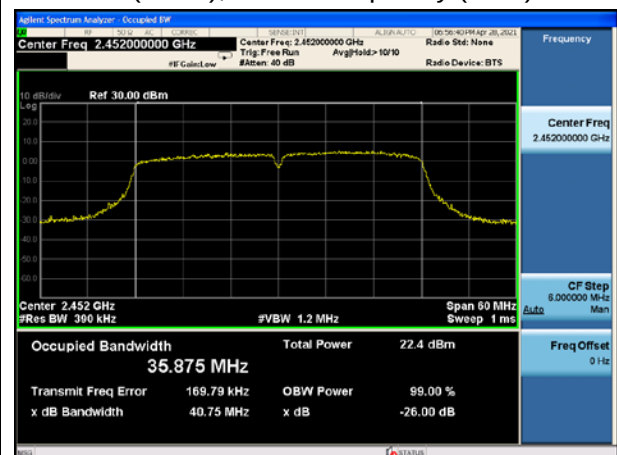
802.11n(HT40), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



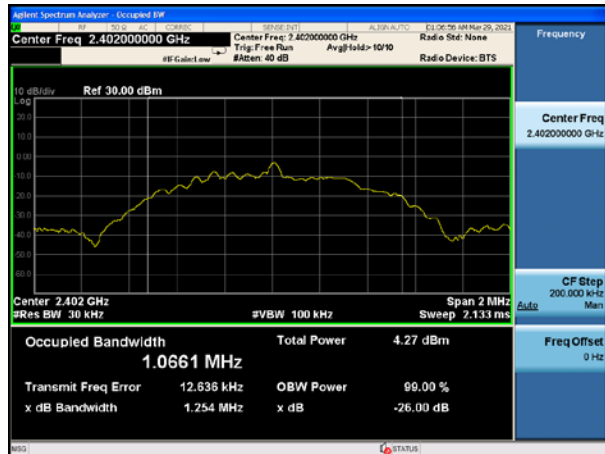
802.11n(HT20), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2462



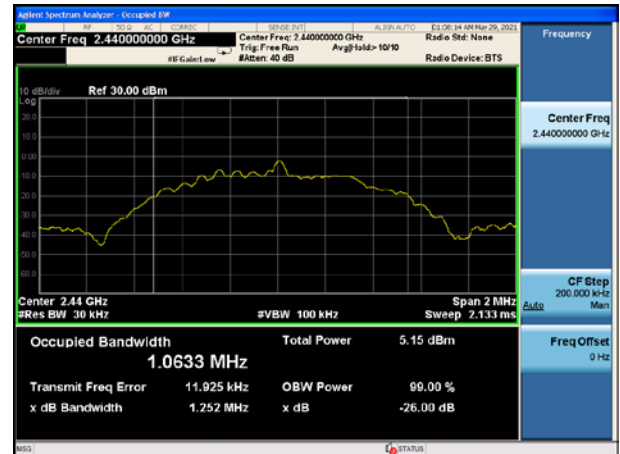
802.11n(HT40), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2452



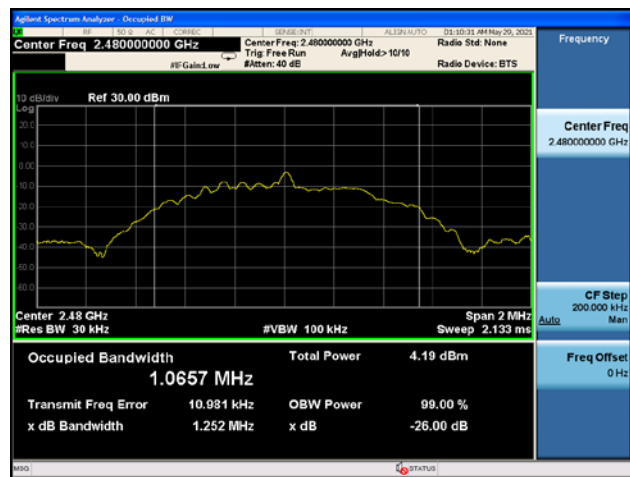
Bluetooth LE Carrier frequency (MHz): 2402



Bluetooth LE Carrier frequency (MHz): 2440



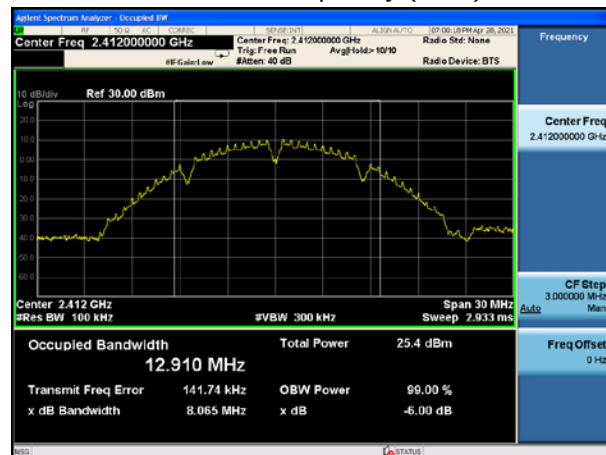
Bluetooth LE Carrier frequency (MHz): 2480



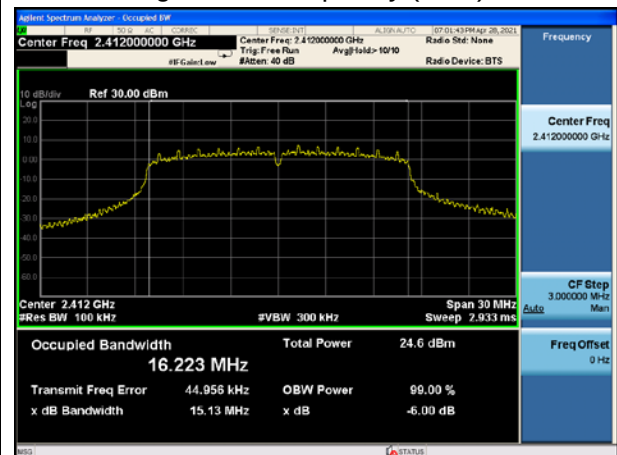


6 dB bandwidth

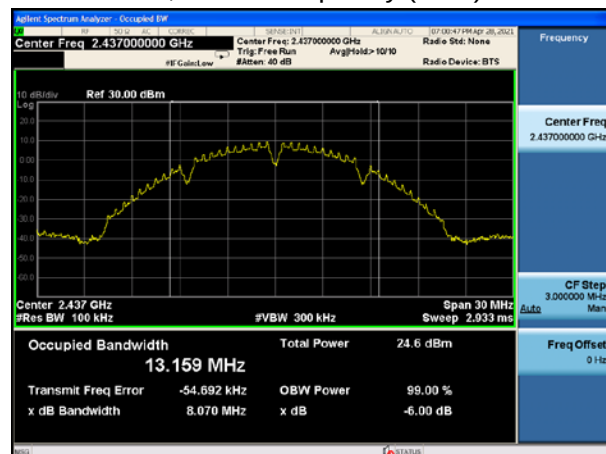
802.11b, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2412



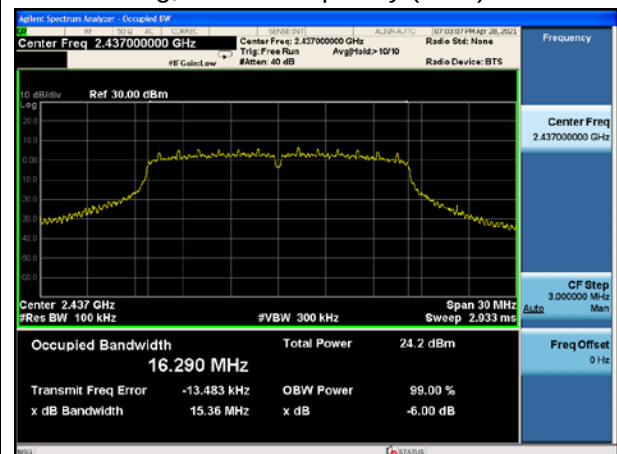
802.11g, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2412



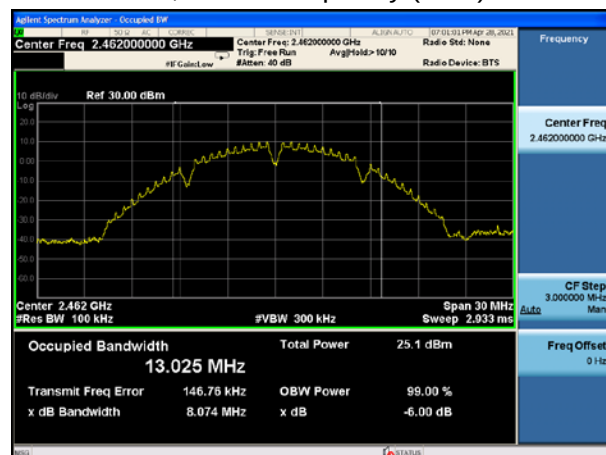
802.11b, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



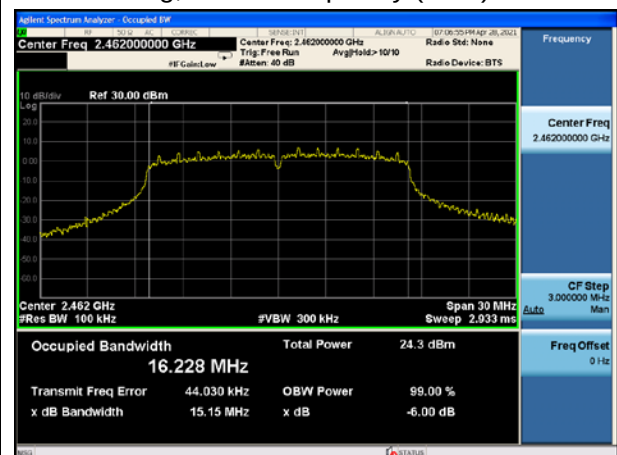
802.11g, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



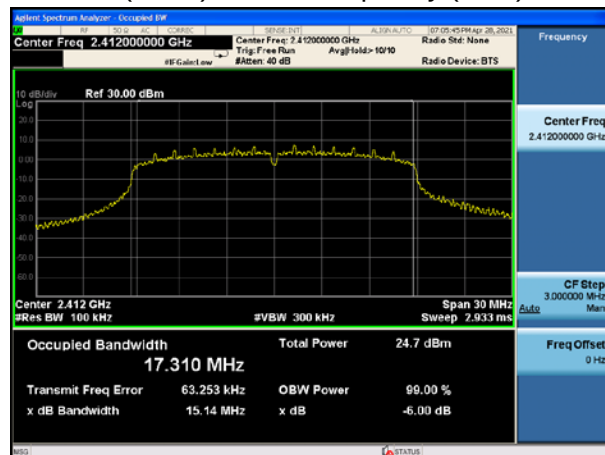
802.11b, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2462



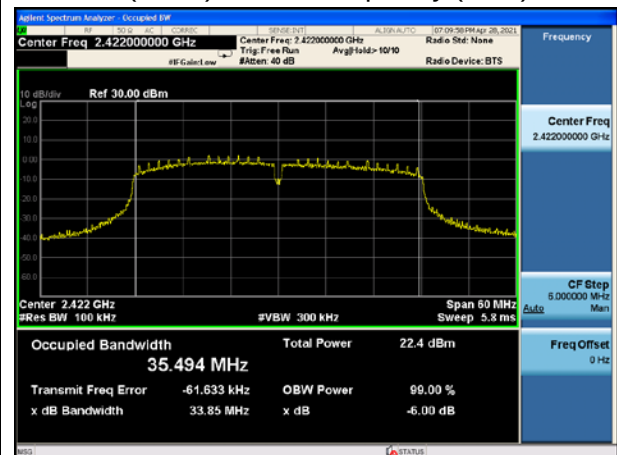
802.11g, Carrier frequency (MHz): 2462



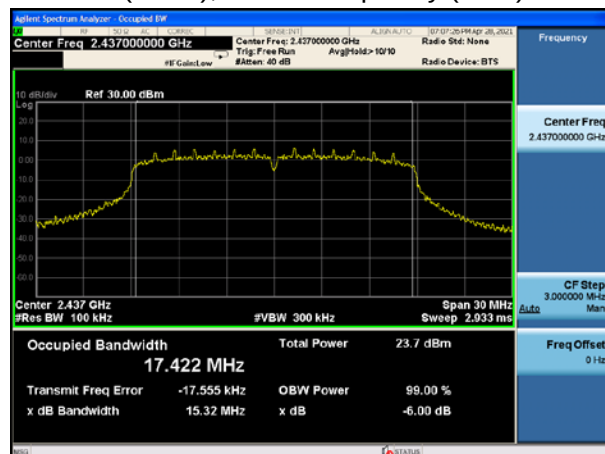
802.11n(HT20), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2412



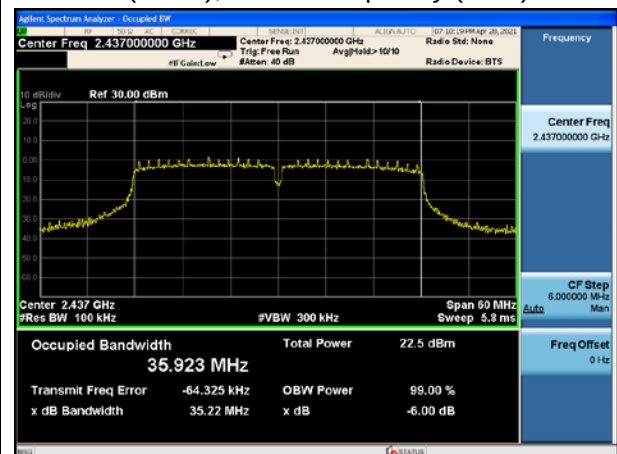
802.11n(HT40), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2422



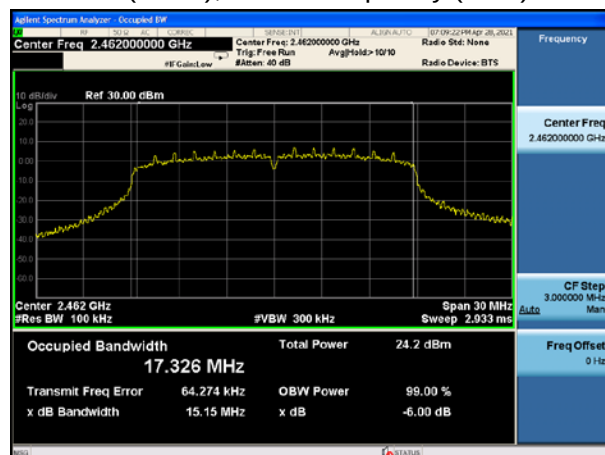
802.11n(HT20), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



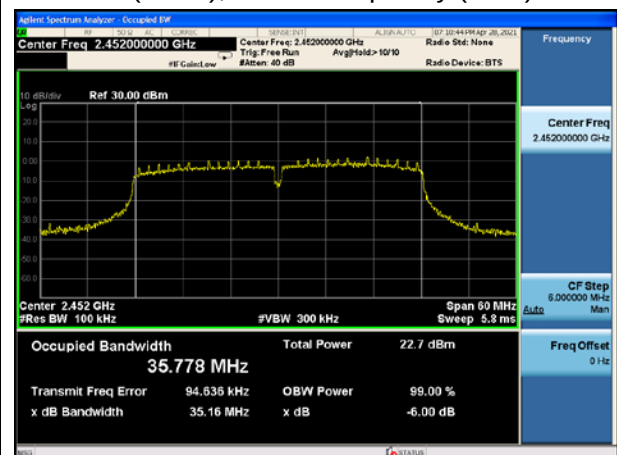
802.11n(HT40), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2437



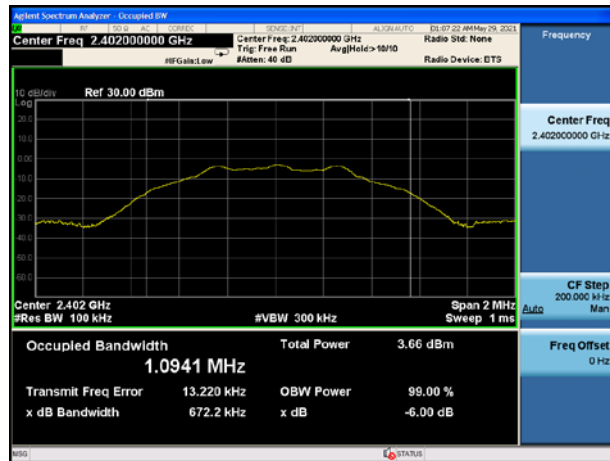
802.11n(HT20), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2462



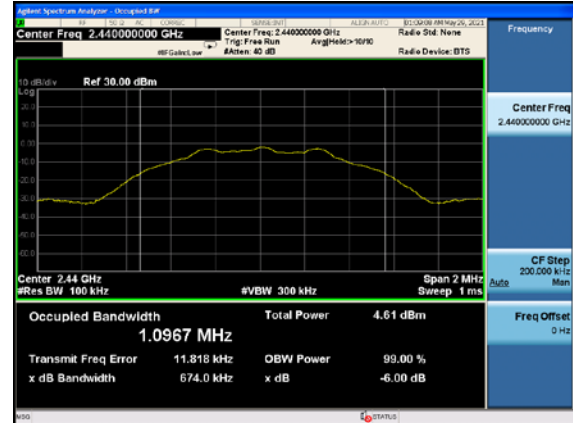
802.11n(HT40), Carrier frequency (MHz): 2452



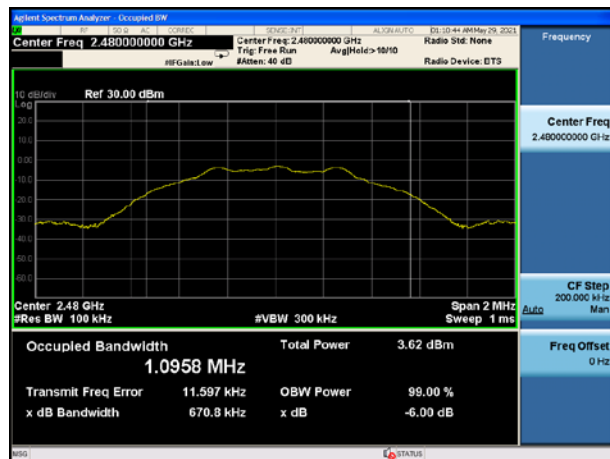
Bluetooth LE Carrier frequency (MHz): 2402



Bluetooth LE Carrier frequency (MHz): 2440



Bluetooth LE Carrier frequency (MHz): 2480



5.3. Band Edge

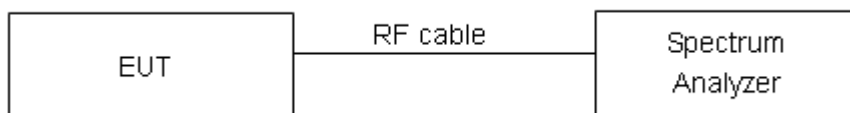
Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an external attenuator (20dB) and a known loss cable the band edge of the lowest and highest channels were measured. The peak detector is used and RBW is set to 100 kHz and VBW is set to 300 kHz on spectrum analyzer. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Test Setup



Limits

Rule Part 15.247(d) specifies that "In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits." If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB."

Measurement Uncertainty

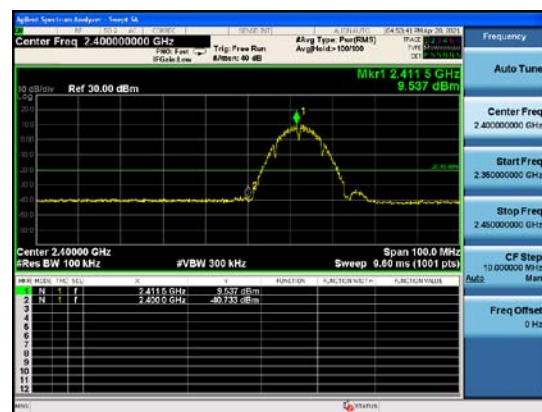
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 1.96$.

Frequency	Uncertainty
2GHz-3GHz	1.407 dB

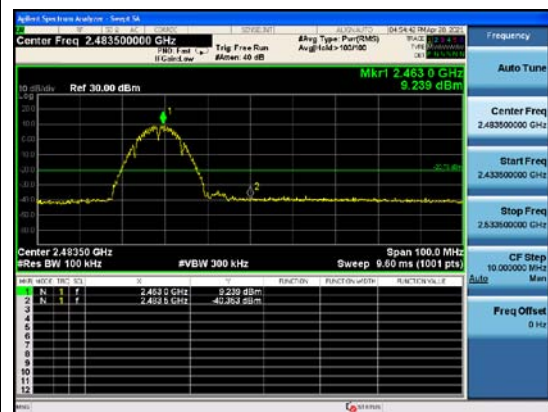


Test Results: PASS

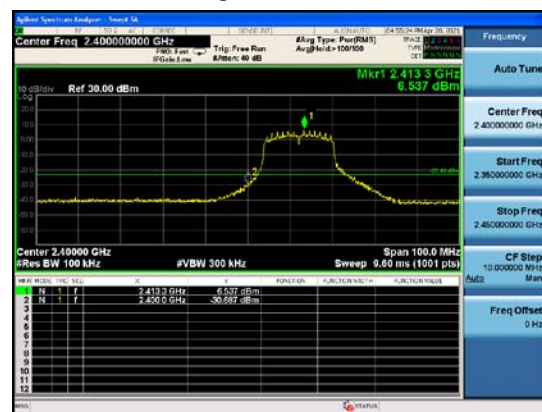
802.11b, Channel No.: 1



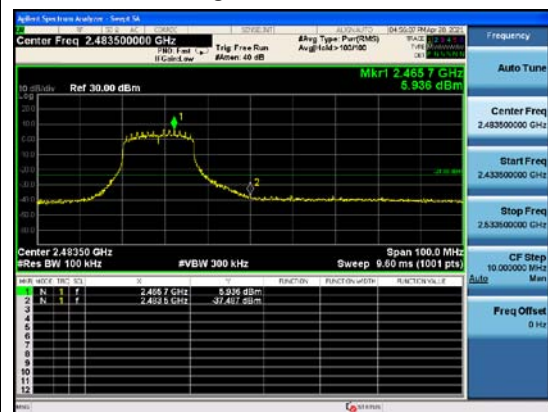
802.11b, Channel No.: 11



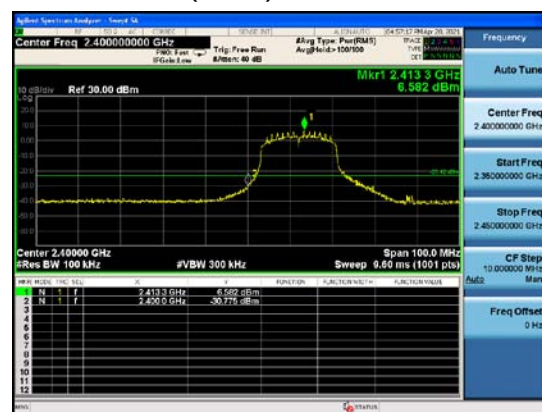
802.11g, Channel No.: 1



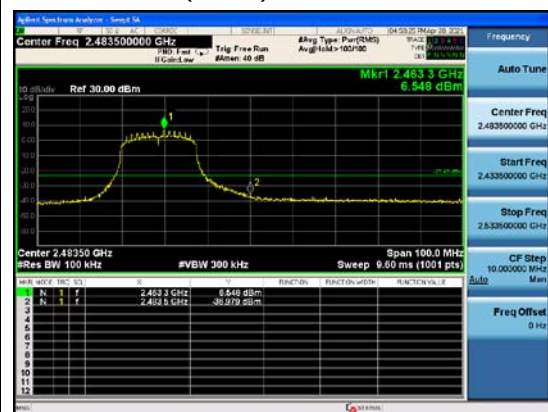
802.11g, Channel No.: 11

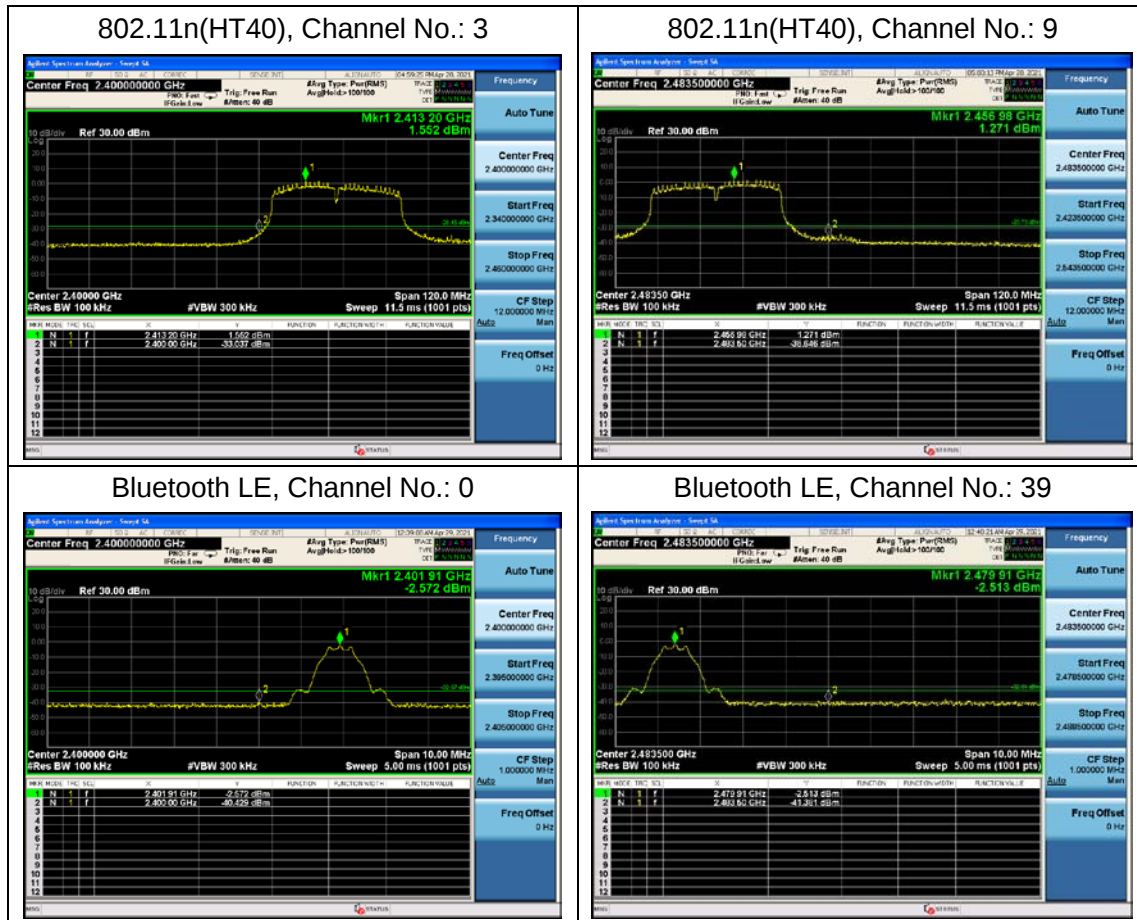


802.11n(HT20), Channel No.: 1



802.11n(HT20), Channel No.: 11





5.4. Power Spectral Density

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Method of Measurement

During the process of the testing, The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer with a known loss. The EUT is max power transmission with proper modulation.

Method AVGPSD-1 was used for this test.

- Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency
- Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW
- Set RBW to: $3\text{kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100\text{kHz}$
- Set VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$
- Detector=power averaging(rms) or sample detector(when rms not available)
- Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep $2[2 \times \text{span}/\text{RBW}]$
- Sweep time auto couple
- Employ trace averaging(rms) mode over a minimum of 100 traces
- Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
- If the measured value exceeds requirement, then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat(note that this may require zooming in on the emission of interest and reducing the span to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced)

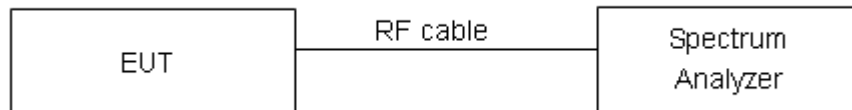
Method AVGPSD-2 was used for this test.

- Measure the duty cycle(D)of the transmitter output signal as described in 11.6
- Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency
- Set span to at least 1.5 times the OBW
- Set RBW to: $3\text{kHz} \leq \text{RBW} \leq 100\text{Kh}$
- Set VBW $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$
- Detector= power averaging(rms) or sample detector (when rms not available)
- Ensure that the number of measurement points in the sweep $2[2 \times \text{span}/\text{RBW}]$
- Sweep time =auto couple
- Do not use sweep triggering; allow sweep to "free run"
- Employ trace averaging(rms) mode over a minimum of 100 traces
- Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level
- Add $[10 \log(1/ D)]$, where D is the duty cycle measured in step a), to the measured PSD to

compute the average PSD during the actual transmission time

m) If measured value exceeds requirement specified by regulatory agency then reduce RBW (but no less than 3 kHz) and repeat (note that this may require zooming in on the emission of interest and reducing the span to meet the minimum measurement point requirement as the RBW is reduced)

Test setup



Limits

Rule Part 15.247(e) specifies that "For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. "

Limits	$\leq 8 \text{ dBm} / 3\text{kHz}$
--------	------------------------------------

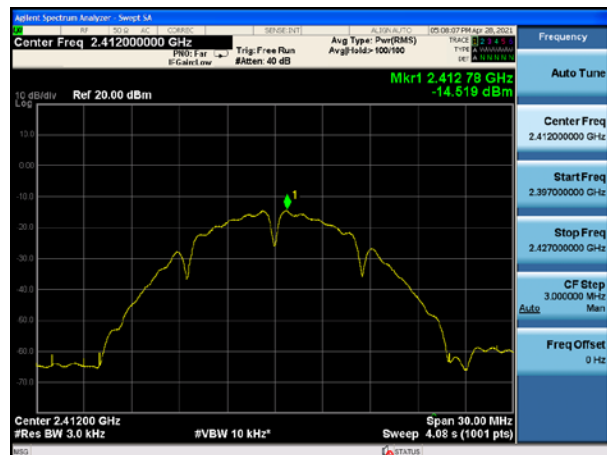
Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 0.75\text{dB}$.

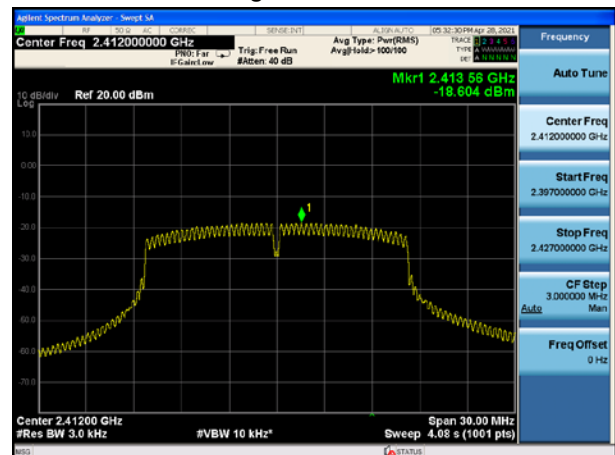
Test Results:

Test Mode	Channel Number	Read Value (dBm / 3kHz)	Power Spectral Density (dBm / 3kHz)	Limit (dBm / 3kHz)	Conclusion
802.11b	1	-14.52	-14.52	8	PASS
	6	-15.27	-15.27	8	PASS
	11	-14.56	-14.56	8	PASS
802.11g	1	-18.60	-18.23	8	PASS
	6	-19.31	-18.94	8	PASS
	11	-18.47	-18.10	8	PASS
802.11n HT20	1	-18.94	-18.70	8	PASS
	6	-20.08	-19.83	8	PASS
	11	-18.85	-18.61	8	PASS
802.11n HT40	3	-22.86	-22.41	8	PASS
	6	-23.69	-23.24	8	PASS
	9	-22.74	-22.29	8	PASS
Bluetooth (Low Energy)	0	-21.82	-19.93	8	PASS
	19	-20.56	-18.67	8	PASS
	39	-22.26	-20.37	8	PASS
Note: Power Spectral Density =Read Value+Duty cycle correction factor					

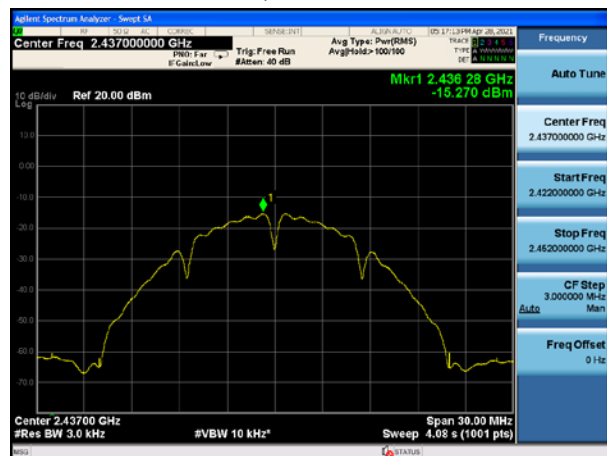
802.11b, Channel No.: 1



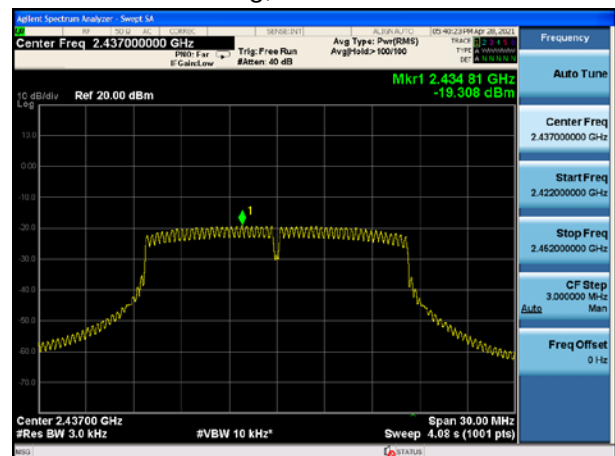
802.11g, Channel No.: 1



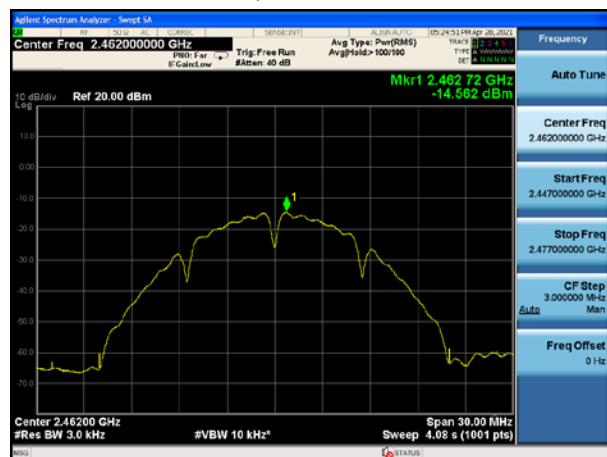
802.11b, Channel No.: 6



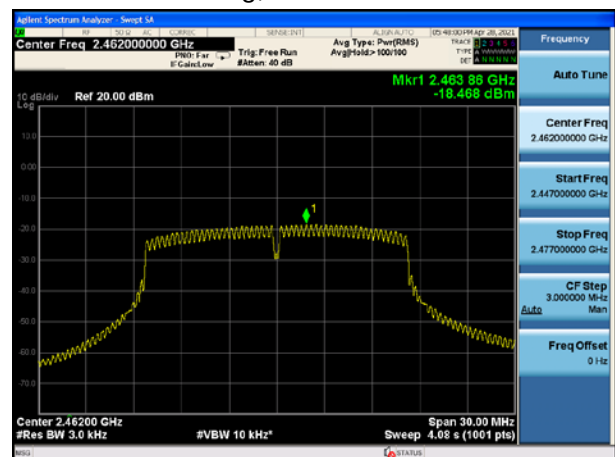
802.11g, Channel No.: 6



802.11b, Channel No.: 11

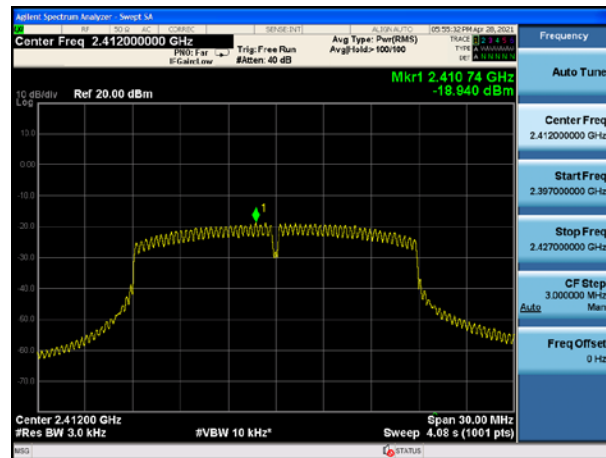


802.11g, Channel No.: 11

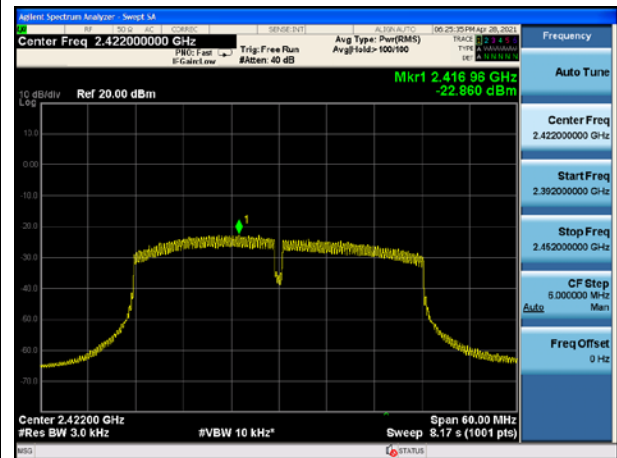




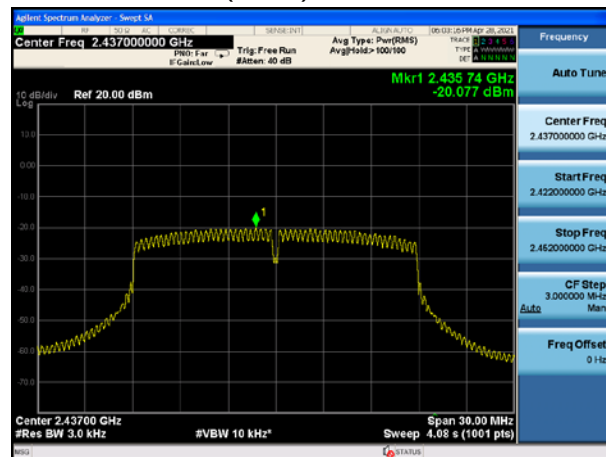
802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 1



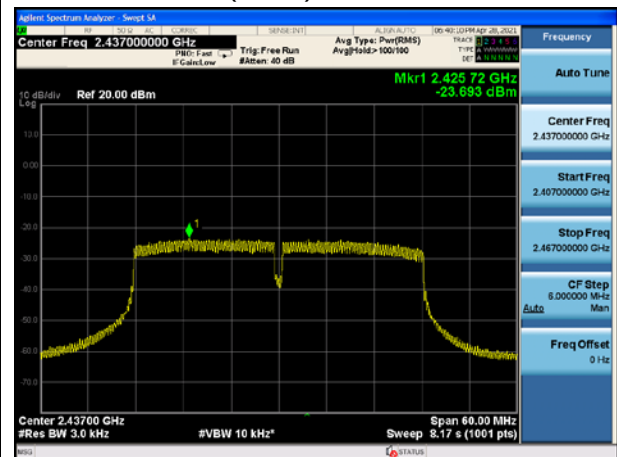
802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 3



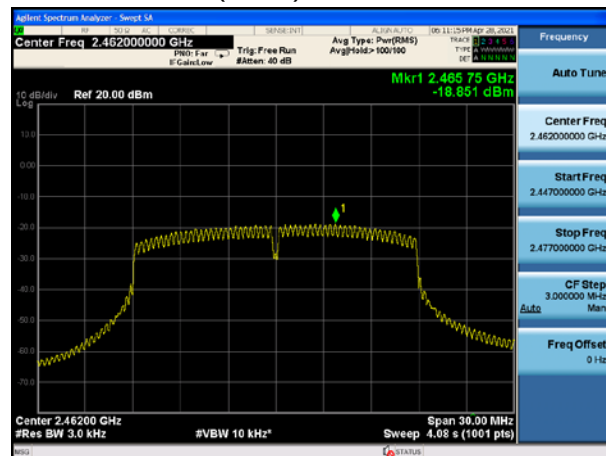
802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 6



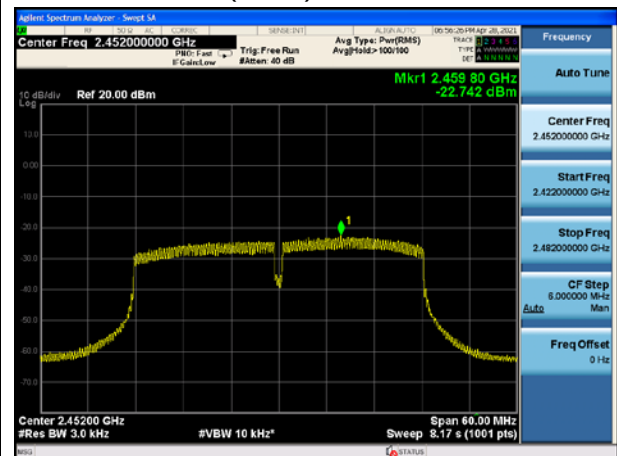
802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 6



802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 11

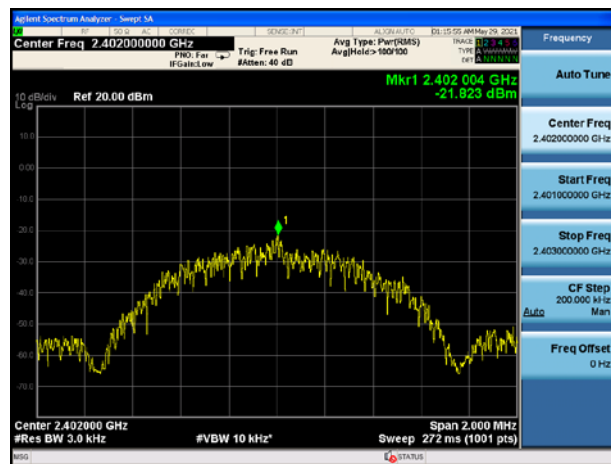


802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 9

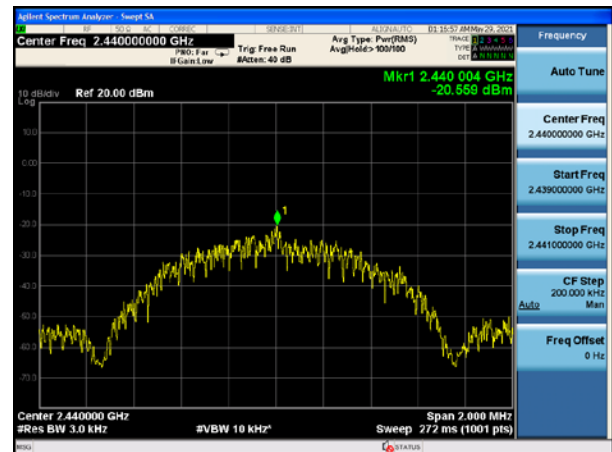




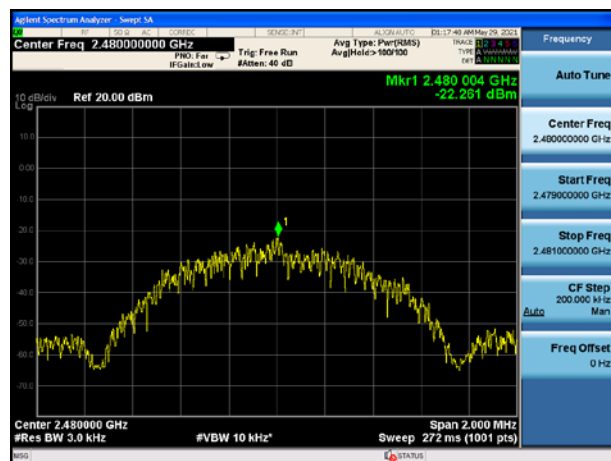
Bluetooth LE, Channel No.: 0



Bluetooth LE, Channel No.: 19



Bluetooth LE, Channel No.: 39



5.5. Spurious RF Conducted Emissions

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer with a known loss. The spectrum analyzer scans from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier. The peak detector is used. Set RBW to 100 kHz and VBW to 300 kHz, Sweep is set to ATUO.

The test is in transmitting mode.

Test setup



Limits

Rule Part 15.247(d) pacifies that "In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. "

Antenna 1

Test Mode	Carrier frequency (MHz)	Reference value (dBm)	Limit
802.11b	2412	8.07	-21.93
	2437	6.90	-23.10
	2462	8.14	-21.86
802.11g	2412	3.25	-26.75
	2437	3.71	-26.29
	2462	5.47	-24.53
802.11n HT20	2412	5.26	-24.74
	2437	3.71	-26.29
	2462	4.94	-25.06
802.11n HT40	2422	0.58	-29.42
	2437	-0.64	-30.64



	2452	0.37	-29.63
Bluetooth (Low Energy)	2402	-4.03	-34.03
	2440	-3.89	-33.89
	2480	-4.25	-34.25

Measurement Uncertainty

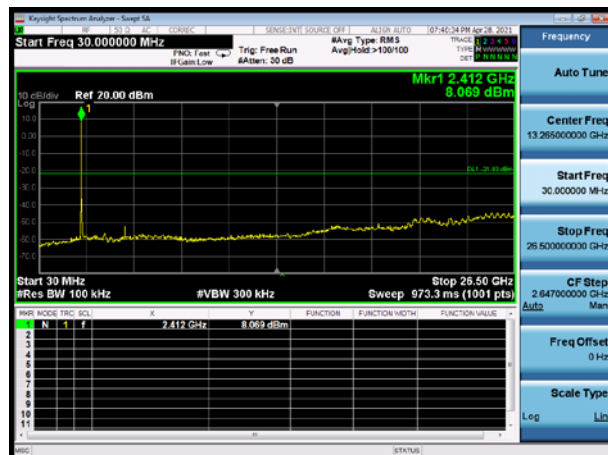
The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 1.96$.

Frequency	Uncertainty
100kHz-2GHz	0.684 dB
2GHz-26GHz	1.407 dB

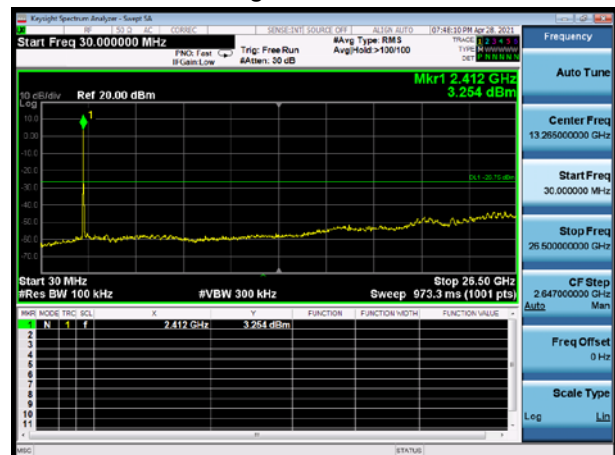


Test Results:

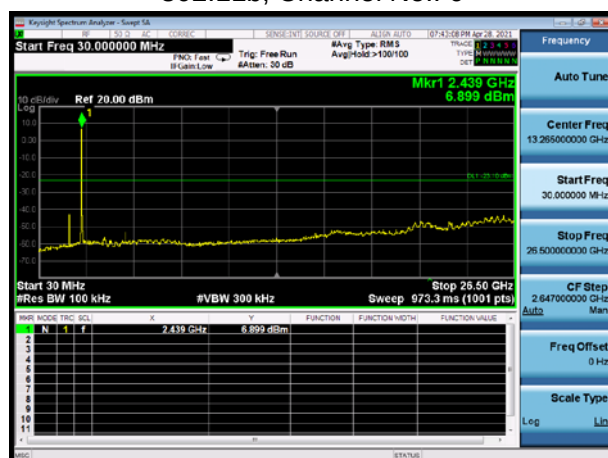
802.11b, Channel No.: 1



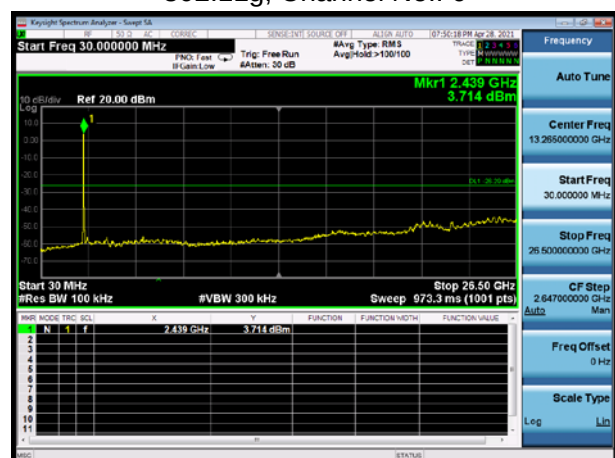
802.11g, Channel No.: 1



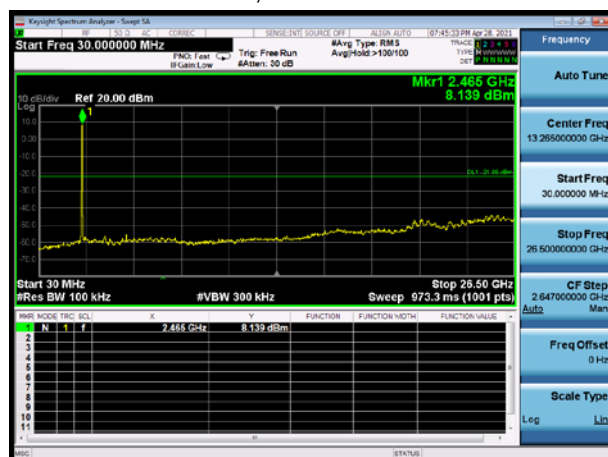
802.11b, Channel No.: 6



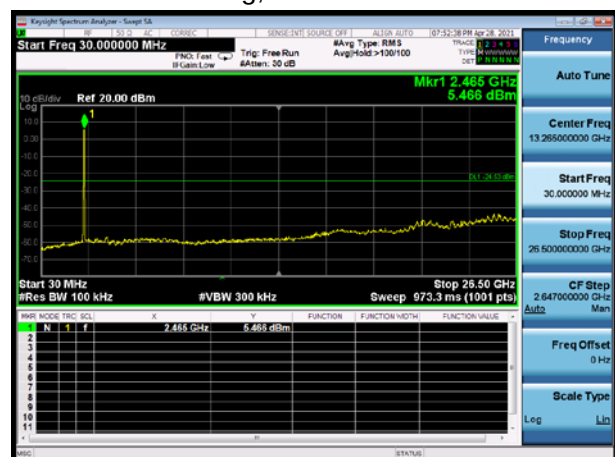
802.11g, Channel No.: 6



802.11b, Channel No.: 11

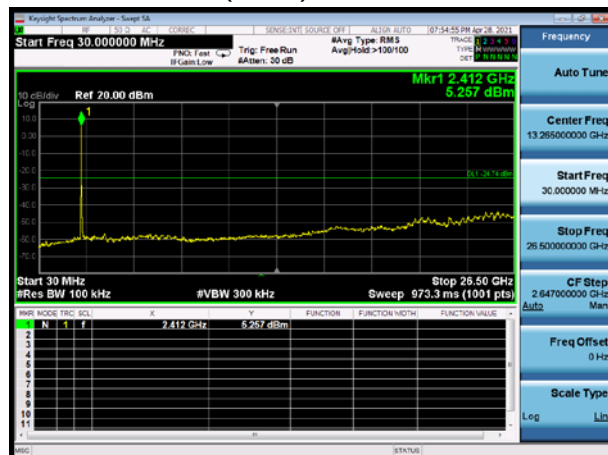


802.11g, Channel No.: 11

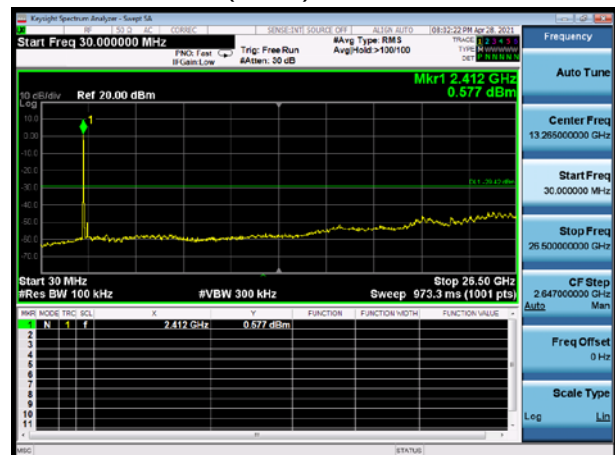




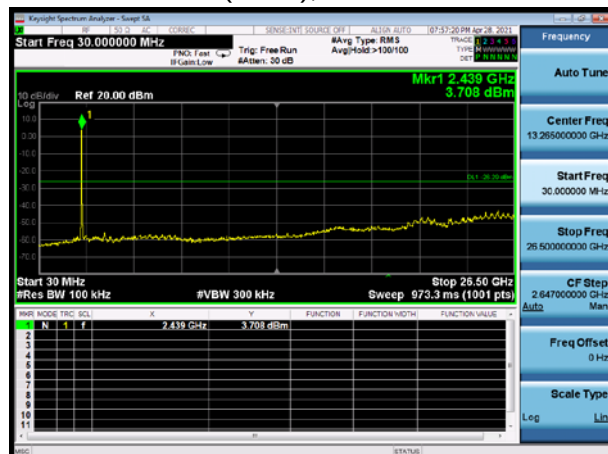
802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 1



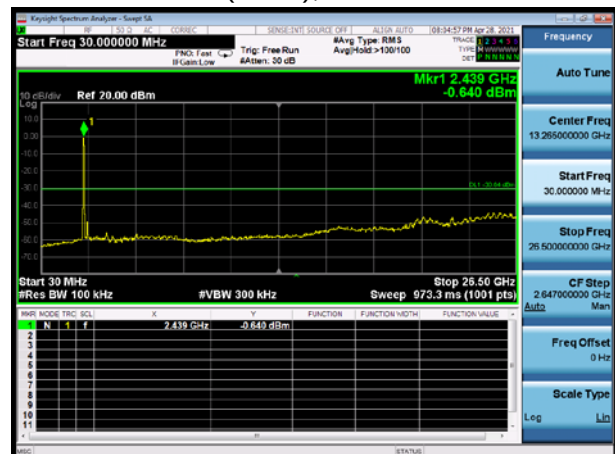
802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 3



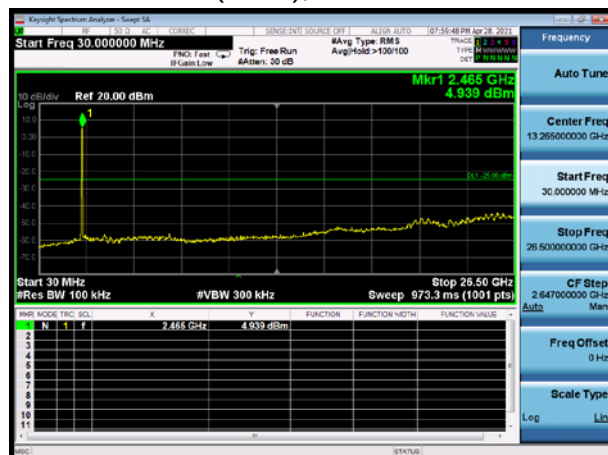
802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 6



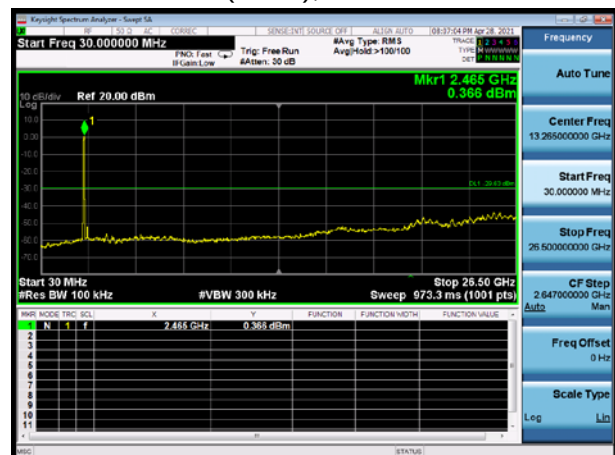
802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 6



802.11n(HT20), Channel No. 11

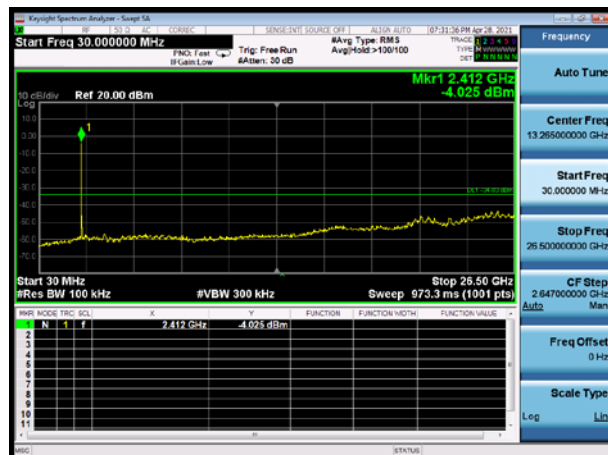


802.11n(HT40), Channel No. 9

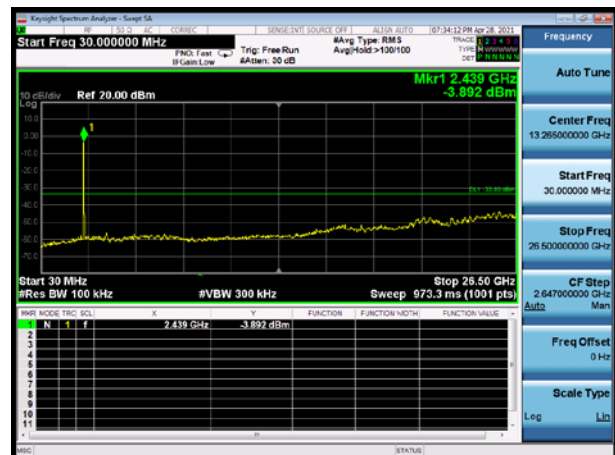




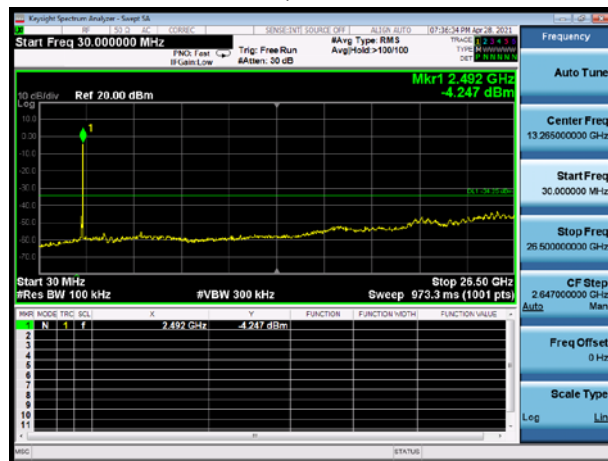
Bluetooth LE, Channel No.: 0



Bluetooth LE, Channel No.: 19



Bluetooth LE, Channel No.: 39



5.6. Unwanted Emission

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	102.5kPa

Method of Measurement

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10.

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table in the semi-anechoic chamber. The test was performed at the distance of 3 m between the EUT and the receiving antenna.

The turntable shall be rotated from 0 to 360 degrees for detecting the maximum of radiated spurious signal level. The measurements shall be repeated with orthogonal polarization of the test antenna. The data of cable loss and antenna factor has been calibrated in full testing frequency range before the testing. Sweep the Restricted Band and the emissions less than 20 dB below the permissible value are reported.

The radiated emissions measurements were made in a typical installation configuration.

Sweep the whole frequency band through the range from 9 kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier, and the emissions less than 20 dB below the permissible value are reported.

This method refer to ANSI C63.10.

The procedure for peak unwanted emissions measurements above 1000 MHz is as follows:

Set the spectrum analyzer in the following:

9kHz~150 kHz

RBW=200Hz, VBW=1kHz/ Sweep=AUTO

150 kHz~30MHz

RBW=9KHz, VBW=30KHz,/ Sweep=AUTO

Below 1GHz

RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO

a) Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

Above 1GHz

PEAK: RBW=1MHz VBW=3MHz/ Sweep=AUTO

b) Average emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

Above 1GHz

AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=3MHz / Sweep=AUTO

c) Detector: The measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

d) Averaging type = power (i.e., rms) (As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage

averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.)

e) Sweep time = auto.

f) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces if the transmission is continuous. If the transmission is not continuous, then the number of traces shall be increased by a factor of $1 / D$, where D is the duty cycle. For example, with 50% duty cycle, at least 200 traces shall be averaged. (If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous—i.e., 100% duty cycle—then rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, at least 100 traces shall be averaged.)

g) If tests are performed with the EUT transmitting at a duty cycle less than 98%, then a correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit, to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is $[10 \log (1 / D)]$, where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 3 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.

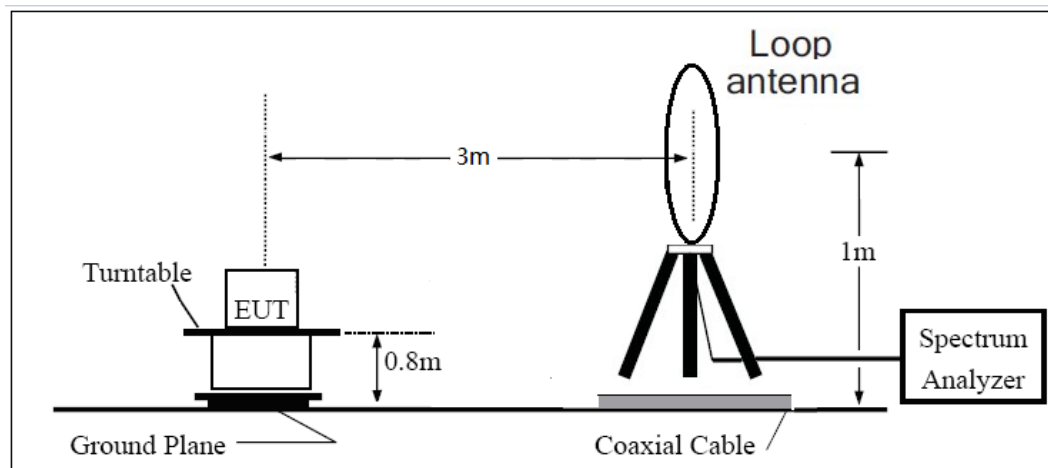
2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is $[20 \log (1 / D)]$, where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 6 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.

3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (100% duty cycle) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

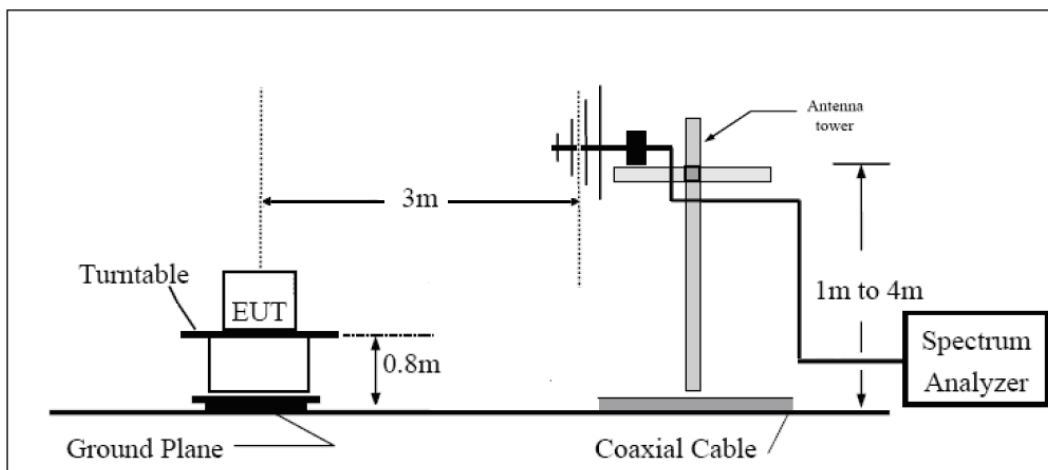
The test is in transmitting mode.

Test setup

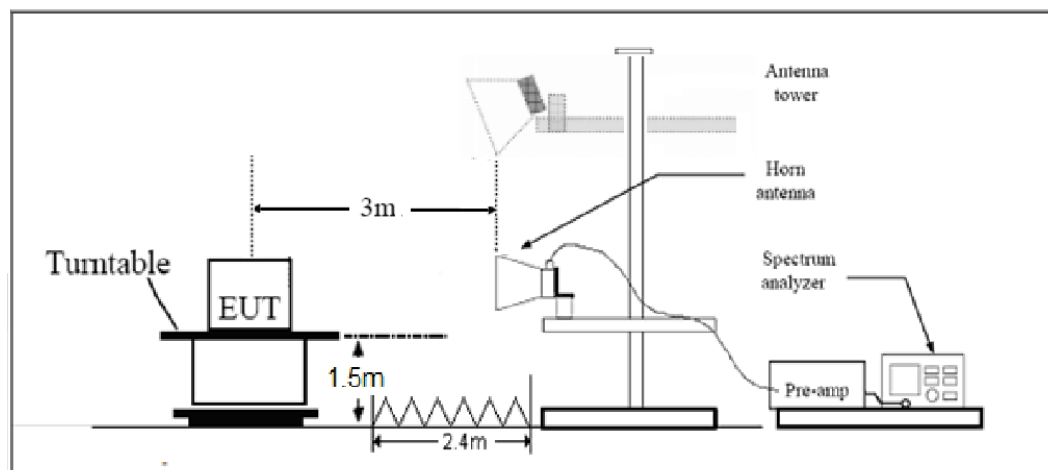
9KHz ~ 30MHz



30MHz ~ 1GHz



Above 1GHz



Note: Area side:2.4mX3.6m

Limits

Rule Part 15.247(d) specifies that “In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in § 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in § 15.209(a) (see § 15.205(c)).”

Limit in restricted band

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength(uV/m)	Field strength(dBuV/m)
0.009–0.490	2400/F(kHz)	/
0.490–1.705	24000/F(kHz)	/
1.705–30.0	30	/
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above960	500	54

§15.35(b)

There is also a limit on the radio frequency emissions, as measured using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20 dB above the maximum permitted average limit.

Peak Limit=74 dBuV/m

Average Limit=54 dBuV/m

Spurious Radiated Emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	(²)
13.36 - 13.41			

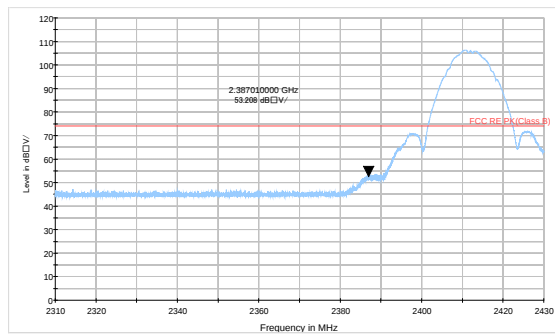
**Measurement Uncertainty**

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 1.96$.

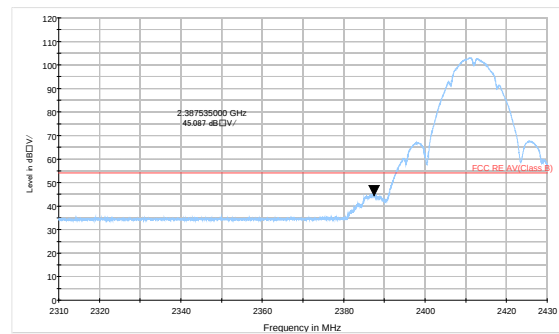
Frequency	Uncertainty
9KHz-30MHz	3.55 dB
30MHz-200MHz	4.17 dB
200MHz-1GHz	4.84 dB
1-18GHz	4.35 dB
18-26.5GHz	5.90 dB
26.5GHz~40GHz	5.92 dB



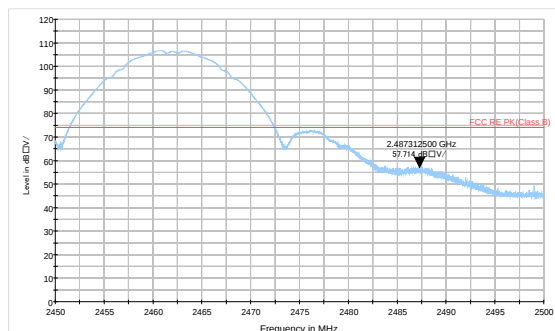
Test Results:



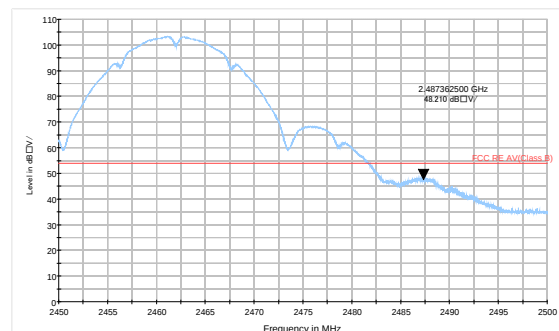
802.11b-Channel 1 Peak



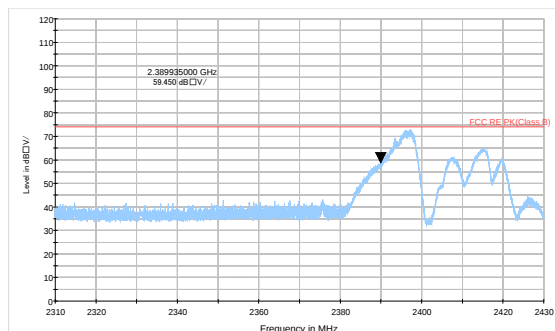
802.11b-Channel 1 Average



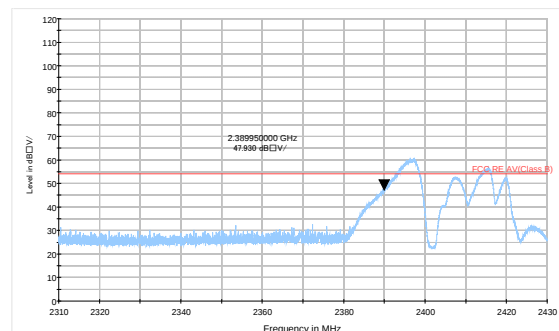
802.11b-Channel 11 Peak



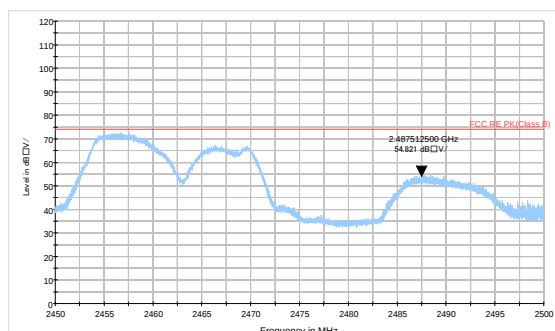
802.11b-Channel 11 Average



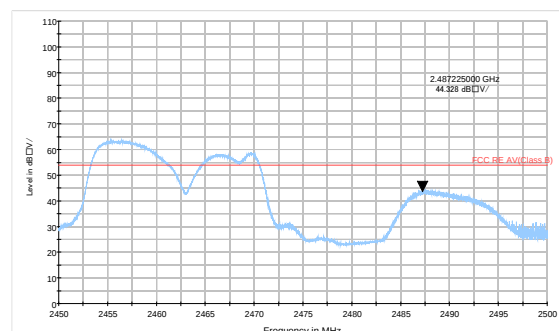
802.11g-Channel 1 Peak



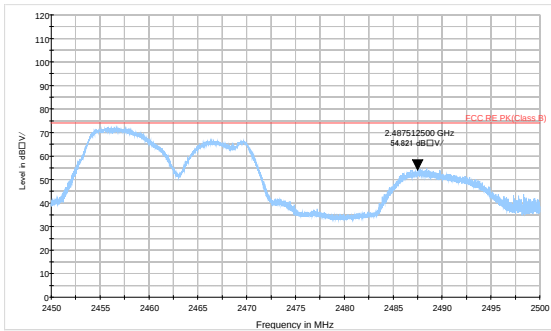
802.11g-Channel 1 Average



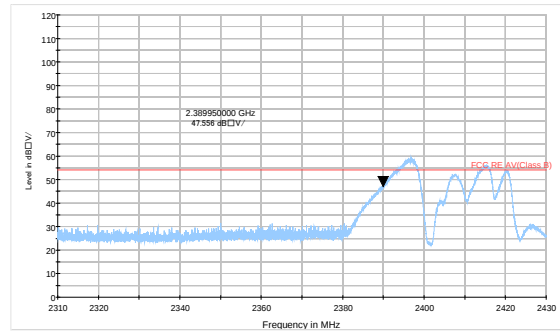
802.11g-Channel 11 Peak



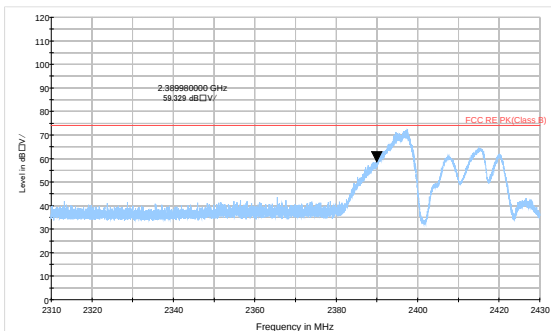
802.11g-Channel 11 Average



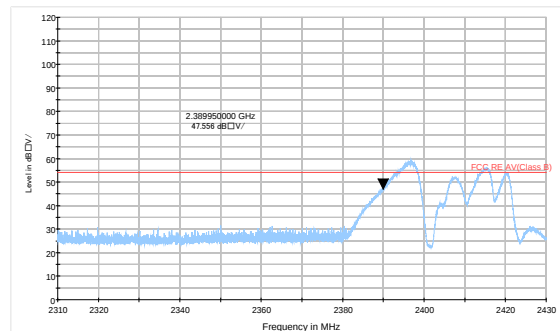
802.11n HT20 -Channel 1 Peak



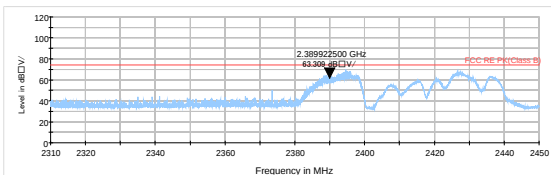
802.11n HT20 -Channel 1 Average



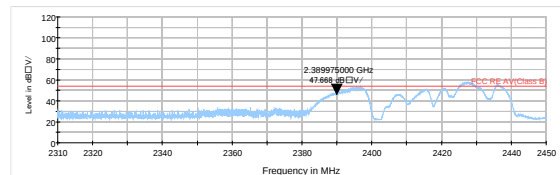
802.11n HT20 -Channel 11 Peak



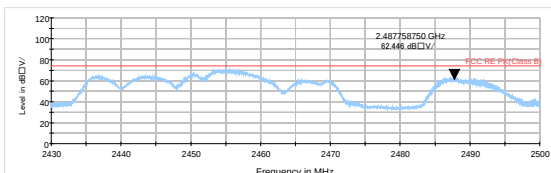
802.11n HT20 -Channel 11 Average



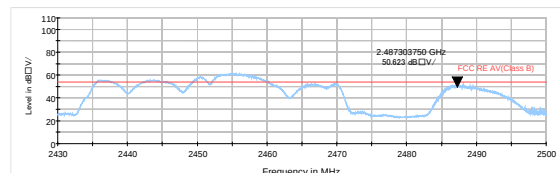
802.11n HT40 -Channel 3 Peak



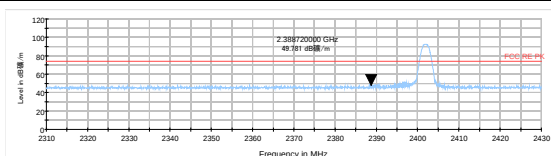
802.11n HT40 -Channel 3 Average



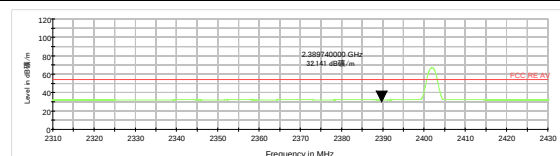
802.11n HT40 -Channel 9 Peak



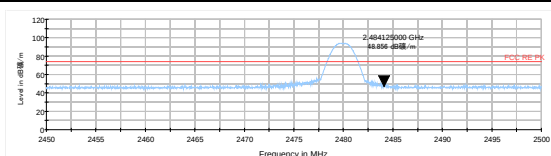
802.11n HT40 -Channel 9 Average



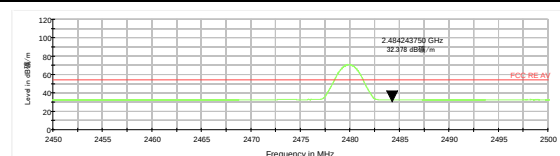
Bluetooth LE Channel 0 Peak



Bluetooth LE Channel 0 Average



Bluetooth LE Channel 39 Peak



Bluetooth LE Channel 39 Average

Result of RE

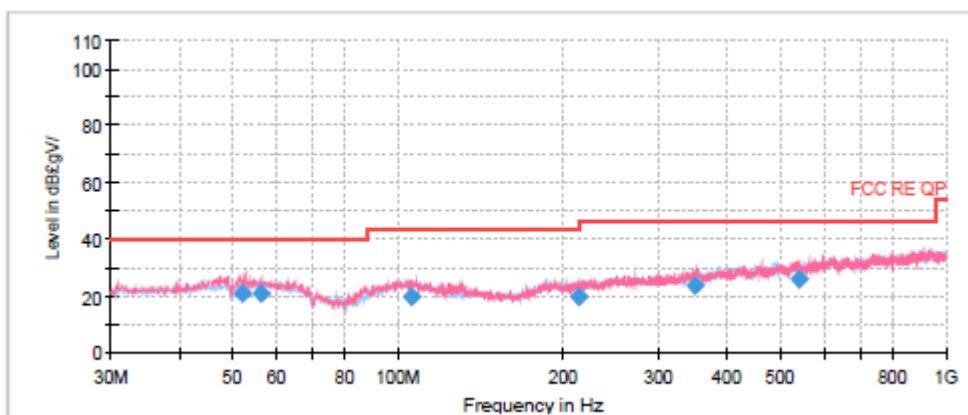
Test result

Sweep the whole frequency band through the range from 9kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier, the Emissions in the frequency band 9kHz-30MHz and 18GHz-26.5GHz are more than 20dB below the limit are not reported.

The following graphs display the maximum values of horizontal and vertical by software. For above 1GHz, Blue trace uses the peak detection, Green trace uses the average detection. During the test, the Radiates Emission from 30MHz to 1GHz was performed in all modes with all channels, Bluetooth LE-Channel 19 was selected as the worst condition. The test data of the worst-case condition was recorded in this report.

A font (Level in dBμV/)in the test plot =(level in dB μ V/m)

Continuous TX mode:



Radiates Emission from 30MHz to 1GHz

Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dBuV/m)	Height (cm)	Polarization	Azimuth (deg)	Correct Factor (dB)	Margin (dB)	Limit (dBuV/m)
52.113750	20.80	100.0	V	22.0	-4.9	19.20	40.00
56.390000	20.98	100.0	V	5.0	-4.9	19.02	40.00
106.101250	19.47	175.0	V	281.0	-5.7	24.03	43.50
214.135000	19.50	109.0	V	167.0	-6.2	24.00	43.50
348.235000	23.62	222.0	H	98.0	-1.7	22.38	46.00
538.286250	26.16	125.0	V	304.0	1.2	19.84	46.00

Remark: 1. Correction Factor = Antenna factor+ Insertion loss(cable loss+amplifier gain)

2. Margin = Limit – Quasi-Peak