



ECL-TA Test Report No.: 20-003

Designation:	CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-85/17E/19/23/25T
Manufacturer:	Andrew
Serial No(s):	8
ID No.	7830127-0001, Rev.: 00
Test Specification(s):	ANSI 63.26:2015 FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR, Part 20:2019-10-01
Test Plan:	Measurement of Band 12/USA 700E, downlink.
Test Result:	Passed

Date of issue:	2020-10-23		Signature:
Version:	01	Technical Reviewer:	 Digitally signed by Thomas Hufnagel DN: cn=Thomas Hufnagel, o=Bureau Veritas CPS Germany GmbH, ou=ECL, email=thomas.hufnagel@de.bureauveritas.com, c=DE Date: 2020.10.26 09:53:04 +01'00'
Date of delivery:	2020-07		
Performance date:	2020-07-07. – 2020-09-09	Report Reviewer:	 Digitally signed by Thomas Gerngroß DN: cn=Thomas Gerngroß, o=Bureau Veritas CPS Germany GmbH, ou=ECL, email=thomas.gerngross@bureauverita s.com, c=DE Date: 2020.10.23 15:36:52 +02'00'



The test results relates only to the tested item. The sample has been provided by the client.
Without the written consent of Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services Germany GmbH excerpts of this report shall not be reproduced.

Bureau Veritas
Consumer Products Services Germany GmbH
www.bureauveritas.de/cps
Phone: +49 (0)40 – 740 41 – 0

Managing Director: Sebastian Dooze/Stefan Kischka
Reg.No.: Schwerin HRB 3564

Schwerin
Wilhelm-Hennemann-Str. 8, 19061 Schwerin
cps-schwerin@de.bureauveritas.com

Hamburg
Oehleckerring 40, 22419 Hamburg
cps-hamburg@de.bureauveritas.com

Tuerkheim
Businesspark A96, 86842 Tuerkheim
cps-tuerkheim@de.bureauveritas.com

Nuremberg
Thurn-und-Taxis-Str. 18, 90411 Nuremberg
cps-nuernberg@de.bureauveritas.com

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Commscope

Client:

Andrew Wireless System GmbH

Industriering 10

86675 Buchdorf Germany

Test Laboratory:

Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services Germany GmbH

Thurn-und-Taxis-Straße 18

D-90411 Nürnberg

Tel.: +49 40 74041 0

Fax: +49 40 74041-2755

Versions management:

V01.00

Initial release



**BUREAU
VERITAS**

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Table of Contents

1	APPLIED STANDARDS AND TEST SUMMARY	4
1.1	APPLIED STANDARDS	4
1.2	FCC-IC CORRELATION TABLE	5
1.3	MEASUREMENT SUMMARY/SIGNATURES	6
2	ADMINISTRATIVE DATA	9
2.1	TESTING LABORATORY	9
2.2	APPLICANT DATA	9
2.3	MANUFACTURER DATA	9
3	TEST OBJECT DATA	10
3.1	GENERAL EUT DESCRIPTION	10
3.2	EUT MAIN COMPONENTS	11
3.3	ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT	11
3.4	AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT	12
3.5	EUT SETUPS	13
3.6	PRODUCT LABELLING	14
4	TEST RESULTS	15
4.1	EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER, MEAN OUTPUT POWER AND ZONE ENHANCER GAIN 15	
4.2	PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO	23
4.3	OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH/INPUT-VERSUS-OUTPUT SPECTRUM	27
4.4	CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINALS	35
4.5	OUT-OF-BAND EMISSION LIMITS	43
4.6	OUT-OF-BAND REJECTION	54
4.7	FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION	56
5	TEST EQUIPMENT	65
6	ANTENNA FACTORS, CABLE LOSS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS	66
6.1	ANTENNA CHASE CBL 6111C (30 MHZ – 1 GHZ)	66
6.2	ANTENNA ROHDE & SCHWARZ HL 025 (1 GHZ – 18 GHZ)	67
6.3	ANTENNA ARA INC. MWH-1826-B (18 GHZ – 26.5 GHZ) PARTIALLY IN CONJUNCTION WITH PRE-AMPLIFIER MITEQ JS43-1800-4000: THE USE OF THE PRE-AMPLIFIER IS DEPENDENT FROM THE FIELD STRENGTH	68
7	MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES	69
8	PHOTO REPORT	70
	Annex A: Accreditation certificate (for information)	71
	Annex B: Additional information provided by client	72



**BUREAU
VERITAS**

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

1 APPLIED STANDARDS AND TEST SUMMARY

1.1 APPLIED STANDARDS

Type of Authorization

Certification for an Industrial Signal Booster.

Applicable FCC Rules

Prepared in accordance with the requirements of FCC Rules and Regulations as listed in 47 CFR Ch.1 Parts 2 and 20, 27. The following subparts are applicable to the results in this test report.

Part 2, Subpart J - Equipment Authorization Procedures, Certification

Part 20, Commercial Mobiles Services

\$ 20.21 Signal Boosters

Part 27; Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services
Subpart C – Technical standards

\$ 27.50 – Power and duty cycle limits

\$ 27.53 – Emission limits

\$ 27.54 – Frequency stability

The tests were selected and performed with reference to:

- FCC Public Notice 935210 applying "Signal Boosters Basic Certification Requirements" 935210 D02, 2019-15-04.
- FCC Public Notice 935210 applying "Measurement guidance for industrial and non-consumer signal booster, repeater and amplifier devices" 935210 D05, 2019-04-03.
- FCC Public Notice 971168 applying "Measurement guidance for certification of licensed digital transmitters" 971168 D01, 2019-04-09.
- ANSI C63.26: 2015

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Summary Test Results:

The EUT complies with all performed tests as listed in chapter 1.3 Measurement Summary/Signatures.

1.2 FCC-IC CORRELATION TABLE

Correlation of measurement requirements for Industrial Signal Booster from FCC and ISED Canada

Measurement	FCC reference	ISED reference
Effective radiated power, mean output power and zone enhancer gain	§ 2.1046 § 27.50 KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.5	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.12 RSS-130 Issue 2, 4.6 SRSP-518, Issue 2, 5.1 RSS-131 Issue 3: 5.2.3
Peak to Average Ratio	§ 27.50	RSS-130 Issue 2, 4.6
Occupied bandwidth Input-versus-output spectrum	§ 2.1049 KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.4	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.7 RSS-131 Issue 3: 5.2.2
Conducted spurious Emission at Antenna Terminal	§ 2.1051 § 27.53 KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.6	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-130 Issue 1: 4.7
Out-of-band emissions limits	§ 2.1051 § 27.53 KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.6	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-130 Issue 2: 4.7
Frequency stability	§ 2.1055 § 27.54	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.11 RSS-130 Issue 2: 4.5 RSS-131 Issue 3: 5.2.4
Field strength of spurious radiation	§ 2.1053 § 27.53	RSS-GEN Issue 5, 6.13 RSS-130 Issue 2: 4.7
Out-of-band rejection	KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.3	RSS-131 Issue 3: 5.2.1
All measurements	ANSI 63.26	ANSI 63.26



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

1.3 MEASUREMENT SUMMARY/SIGNATURES

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 27 Subpart C [Base § 2.1046, § 27.50 Stations/Repeater]

Effective Radiated Power, mean output power and zone enhancer gain
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26, KDB
935210 D05 v01r04: 3.5

Final Result

OP-Mode

Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type
Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband
Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband
Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband
Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband

FCC

IC

Passed Passed
Passed Passed
Passed Passed
Passed Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 27 Subpart C [Base § 27.50 Stations/Repeater]

Peak to Average Ratio
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26

Final Result

OP-Mode

Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type
Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband
Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband
Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband
Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband

FCC

IC

Passed Passed
Passed Passed
Passed Passed
Passed Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 27 Subpart C [Base § 2.1049 Stations/Repeater]

Occupied Bandwidth/Input-versus-output Spectrum
The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26, KDB
935210 D05 v01r04: 3.4

Final Result

OP-Mode

Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type
Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband
Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband
Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband
Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband

FCC

IC

Passed Passed
Passed Passed
Passed Passed
Passed Passed



**BUREAU
VERITAS**

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 27 Subpart C [Base § 2.1051, § 27.53 Stations/Repeater]

Conducted spurious emissions at antenna terminals

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26

Final Result

OP-Mode

Frequency Band, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type

Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband

Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband

Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband

Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband

FCC

IC

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 27 Subpart C [Base § 2.1051, § 27.53 Stations/Repeater]

Out-of-band emission limits

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26, KDB

935210 D05 v01r04: 3.6

Final Result

OP-Mode

Band Edge, Frequency Band, Number of signals, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type

Lower, Band 12 USA 700E, 1, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband

Lower, Band 12 USA 700E, 1, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband

Lower, Band 12 USA 700E, 1, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband

Lower, Band 12 USA 700E, 1, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband

Lower, Band 12 USA 700E, 2, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband

Lower, Band 12 USA 700E, 2, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband

Lower, Band 12 USA 700E, 2, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband

Lower, Band 12 USA 700E, 2, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband

FCC

IC

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 27 Subpart C [Base § 2.1051, § 27.53 Stations/Repeater]

Out-of-band emission limits

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26, KDB

935210 D05 v01r04: 3.6

Final Result

OP-Mode

Band Edge, Frequency Band, Number of signals, Direction, Input Power, Signal Type

Upper, Band 12 USA 700E, 1, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband

Upper, Band 12 USA 700E, 1, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband

Upper, Band 12 USA 700E, 1, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband

Upper, Band 12 USA 700E, 1, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband

Upper, Band 12 USA 700E, 2, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Narrowband

Upper, Band 12 USA 700E, 2, RF downlink, 0.3 dB < AGC, Wideband

Upper, Band 12 USA 700E, 2, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Narrowband

Upper, Band 12 USA 700E, 2, RF downlink, 3 dB > AGC, Wideband

FCC

IC

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed



ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 27 Subpart C [Base KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.3 Stations/Repeater]

Out-of-band rejection

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26

Final Result

OP-Mode

Frequency Band, Direction

Setup

FCC

IC

Band 12 USA 700E, RF downlink

S01_AA01

Passed

Passed

47 CFR CHAPTER I FCC PART 27 Subpart C [Base § 2.1053, § 27.53 Stations/Repeater]

Field strength of spurious radiation

The measurement was performed according to ANSI C63.26

Final Result

OP-Mode

Frequency Band, Test Frequency, Direction

FCC

IC

Band 12 USA 700E, high, RF downlink

Passed

Passed

Band 12 USA 700E, low, RF downlink

Passed

Passed

Band 12 USA 700E, mid, RF downlink

Passed

Passed

The test case frequency stability was not performed, since the EUT is not equipped with signal processing capabilities.



**BUREAU
VERITAS**

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

2 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA

2.1 TESTING LABORATORY

Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services Germany GmbH
Thurn-und-Taxis-Straße 18
D-90411 Nürnberg
Tel.: +49 40 74041 0
Fax: +49 40 74041-2755

2.2 APPLICANT DATA

Company Name: Commscope
Andrew Wireless Systems GmbH

Address: Industriering 10
86675 Buchdorf
Germany

Contact Person: Mr. Frank Futter

2.3 MANUFACTURER DATA

Company Name: Please see applicant data.

Address:



ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

3 TEST OBJECT DATA

3.1 GENERAL EUT DESCRIPTION

Kind of Device product description	Cellular Repeater
Product name	Cellular Repeater
Type	
Declared EUT data by the supplier	
General Product Description	The EUT is an industrial signal booster supporting the following: - Band 5/CELL 850 - Band 12/USA 700E - Band 12/USA 700E - Band 14/LMR 750 - Band 25/PCS 1900 - Band 27/CELL 800 - Band 30/WCS 2300 - Band 41/BRS - Band 66/AWS 1700E (partly) - Band 70/Band 70 - Band 71/USA 600 A RF operation is only supported for the downlink.
Booster Type	Industrial Signal Booster
Voltage Type	AC/50 Hz – 60 Hz
Voltage Level	100 V - 240 V
Maximum Output Donor Port [Uplink]	-
Nominal Output Server Port [Downlink]	All bands: 33 dBm
Nominal Gain [Uplink]	-
Nominal Gain [Downlink]	All bands: 33 dB

The main components of the EUT are listed and described in chapter 3.2 EUT Main components.



**BUREAU
VERITAS**

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

3.2 EUT MAIN COMPONENTS

Sample Name	FCC-ID	IC-ID
	XS5-CAPMX	2237E-CAPMX
Sample Parameter	Value	
Serial Number	8	
HW Version	7830127-0001 Rev.: 00	
SW Version	2.9.0.292	
Comment	-----	

NOTE: The short description is used to simplify the identification of the EUT in this test report.

3.3 ANCILLARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, ancillary equipment is defined as equipment which is used in conjunction with the EUT to provide operational and control features to the EUT. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Ancillary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer, Type Model, OUT Code)	Description
-	-	-

**ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00**

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

3.4 AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT

For the purposes of this test report, auxiliary equipment is defined as equipment which is used temporarily to enable operational and control features especially used for the tests of the EUT which is not used during normal operation or equipment that is used during the tests in combination with the EUT but is not subject of this test report. It is necessary to configure the system in a typical fashion, as a customer would normally use it. But nevertheless Auxiliary Equipment can influence the test results.

Device	Details (Manufacturer; Type; S/N)	Description
AUX1	Commscope/General Electric; ION-E PSU Shelf, AC; DM77662	Rack in Conjunction with AUX 2
AUX2	Commscope/General Electric; Power Supply Unit; LBGEPE17KZ39047532	Power Supply
AUX3	Commscope; ION-E WCS-2; SZAEAJ1952A0032	Subrack in Conjunction with AUX 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8
AUX4	Commscope; ION-E OPT; SZBEAD1951A0011	Optical Card
AUX5	Commscope; ION-E SUI; SZBEAC1746A0015	LAN System Interface
AUX6	Commscope; ION-E RFD; SZBEAP1920A0057	RF Card
AUX7	Commscope; ION-E RFD; SZBEAP1924A0023	RF Card
AUX 8	Commscope; ION-E RFD; SZBEAP1946A0003	RF Card

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

3.5 EUT SETUPS

This chapter describes the combination of EUTs and equipment used for testing. The rationale for selecting the EUTs, ancillary and auxiliary equipment and interconnecting cables, is to test a representative configuration meeting the requirements of the referenced standards.

Setup	Combination of EUTs	Description and Rationale
		Setup for all tests

OPERATING MODES

This chapter describes the operating modes of the EUT used for testing.

3.5.1 TEST CHANNELS

Band	Direction	Lower Frequency Band Edge [MHz]	Upper Frequency Band Edge [MHz]	Center Frequency [MHz]	Port
12 (USA 700E)	Downlink	728.00	746.00	737.00	Donor

3.5.2 AUTOMATIC GAIN CONTROL LEVELS

AGC Levels							
Band	Direction	Signal Type	AGC Start Pin [dBm]	AGC Start Pin -0.3 dB [dBm]	AGC Start Pin +3 dB [dBm]	Frequency [MHz]	Frequency
12	Downlink	Narrowband	-1.6	-1.9	1.4	737.00	Mid
12	Downlink	Wideband	-1.2	-1.5	1.8	737.00	
12	Downlink	Narrowband	-0.6	-0.9	2.4	728.20	Low
12	Downlink	Wideband	-1.0	-1.3	2.0	730.50	
12	Downlink	Narrowband	-1.8	-2.1	1.2	745.80	High
12	Downlink	Wideband	-1.4	-1.7	1.6	743.50	
12	Downlink	Narrowband	-1.8	-2.1	1.2	745.80	Max.Power
12	Downlink	Wideband	-1.4	-1.7	1.6	743.50	

Remark:

If the measured frequency f_0 for the max power has a too low distance to the band edges, because in the tests modulated signals must be used: The next possible frequency to the according band edge is used.

For example for minimum distances to the band edges:

GSM-Signal (narrowband): 0.2 MHz

AWGN-signal (wideband): 2.5 MHz



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

3.6 PRODUCT LABELLING

3.6.1 FCC ID LABEL

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.

3.6.2 LOCATION OF THE LABEL ON THE EUT

Please refer to the documentation of the applicant.



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4 TEST RESULTS

4.1 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER, MEAN OUTPUT POWER AND ZONE ENHANCER GAIN

Standard FCC Part 27, § 27.50

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.26, KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.5

Test date: 2020-07-22

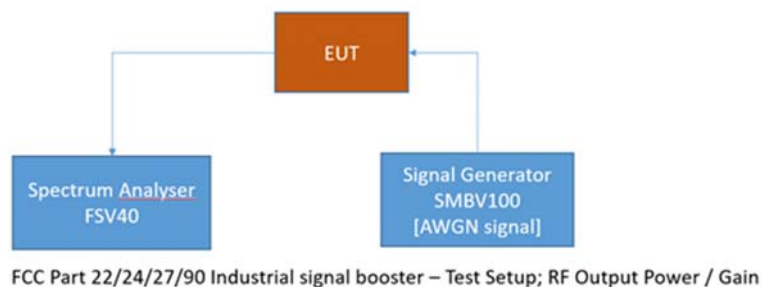
Environmental conditions: 25 ° C; 40 % r. F.

Test engineer: Thomas Hufnagel

4.1.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the signal booster power and gain limits and requirements for industrial signal boosters per FCC § 27.50, RSS-130 with subparts 4.6, 4.6.1 and 4.6.1 and SRSP-518 with subparts 4 and 4.1.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.



ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.1.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS/LIMITS: ABSTRACTS FROM STANDARDS

Part 27; Miscellaneous Wireless Communication Services

Subpart C – Technical standards

\$ 27.50

Band 12:

Abstract \$ 27.50 from FCC:

(c) The following power and antenna height requirements apply to stations transmitting in the 600 MHz band and the 698-746 MHz band:

(1) Fixed and base stations transmitting a signal with an emission bandwidth of 1 MHz or less must not exceed an effective radiated power (ERP) of 1000 watts and an antenna height of 305 m height above average terrain (HAAT), except that antenna heights greater than 305 m HAAT are permitted if power levels are reduced below 1000 watts ERP in accordance with Table 1 of this section;

(2) Fixed and base stations located in a county with population density of 100 or fewer persons per square mile, based upon the most recently available population statistics from the Bureau of the Census, and transmitting a signal with an emission bandwidth of 1 MHz or less must not exceed an ERP of 2000 watts and an antenna height of 305 m HAAT, except that antenna heights greater than 305 m HAAT are permitted if power levels are reduced below 2000 watts ERP in accordance with Table 2 of this section;

(3) Fixed and base stations transmitting a signal with an emission bandwidth greater than 1 MHz must not exceed an ERP of 1000 watts/MHz and an antenna height of 305 m HAAT, except that antenna heights greater than 305 m HAAT are permitted if power levels are reduced below 1000 watts/MHz ERP in accordance with Table 3 of this section;

(4) Fixed and base stations located in a county with population density of 100 or fewer persons per square mile, based upon the most recently available population statistics from the Bureau of the Census, and transmitting a signal with an emission bandwidth greater than 1 MHz must not exceed an ERP of 2000 watts/MHz and an antenna height of 305 m HAAT, except that antenna heights greater than 305 m HAAT are permitted if power levels are reduced below 2000 watts/MHz ERP in accordance with Table 4 of this section;



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Abstract RSS-130 from ISED:

RSS-130; 4.6 Transmitter output power and effective radiated power (e.r.p.)

The transmitter output power shall be measured in terms of average power.

For base and fixed equipment, refer to SRSP-518 for power limits

4.6.1 General

The transmitter output power shall be measured in terms of average power. In addition, the peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) of the transmitter shall not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1% of the time and shall use a signal corresponding to the highest PAPR during periods of continuous transmission.

4.6.3 Frequency bands 698-756 MHz and 777-787 MHz

The e.r.p. shall not exceed 30 watts for mobile equipment and outdoor fixed subscriber equipment. The e.r.p. shall not exceed 3 watts for portable equipment and indoor fixed subscriber equipment.

For base and fixed equipment other than fixed subscriber equipment, refer to SRSP-518 for the e.i.r.p. limits.

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Abstract SRSP-518 from ISED:

4. Band plans

15. The block structure for the 700 MHz MBS band is shown in figure 2 and table 2.

700 MHz MBS band

12. The block structure for the 600 MHz band is shown in figure 1 and table 1. Figure 1: 600 MHz

Figure 2: 700 MHz MBS band plan

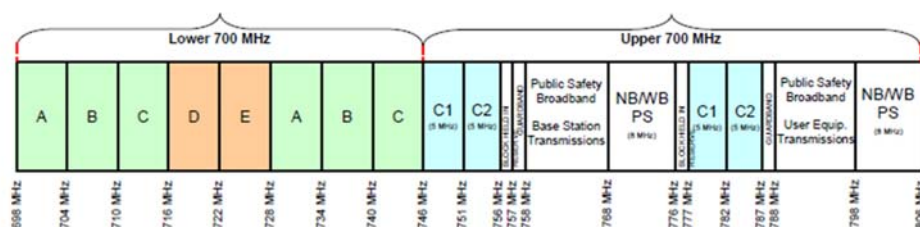


Table 2: 700 MHz MBS band frequency blocks

Block	Total spectrum	Uplink	Downlink
Paired Block A	12 MHz	698-704 MHz	728-734 MHz
Paired Block B	12 MHz	704-710 MHz	734-740 MHz
Paired Block C	12 MHz	710-716 MHz	740-746 MHz
Unpaired Block D	6 MHz		716-722 MHz*
Unpaired Block E	6 MHz		722-728 MHz*
Paired Block C1	10 MHz	777-782 MHz	746-751 MHz
Paired Block C2	10 MHz	782-787 MHz	751-756 MHz

* Downlink preferred

16. For the paired 700 MHz MBS blocks A, B and C, base station transmission is in the frequency range 728-746 MHz. Transmissions from mobile, portable and fixed subscriber equipment are in the frequency range 698-716 MHz.

17. For the paired 700 MHz MBS blocks C1 and C2, base station transmission is in the frequency range 746-756 MHz. Transmissions from mobile, portable and fixed subscriber equipment are in the frequency range 777-787 MHz.

18. For the unpaired 700 MHz MBS blocks D and E, base station transmission is preferred in the frequency range 716-728 MHz.

19. Systems operating in the 700 MHz MBS band using duplexing schemes different than those outlined in paragraphs 16 to 18 may be deployed. Such systems shall not interfere with, nor claim protection from, systems deployed in accordance with paragraphs 16 to 18 and paragraph 13. Furthermore, any possible guardband requirements for systems in the unpaired blocks using different duplexing schemes than the preferred (specified in paragraph 18) shall be taken from the unpaired 700 MHz MBS D and E blocks.



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

5.2 Technical Criteria

20. This section covers technical criteria in regards to e.i.r.p., antenna height and use of multiple-inputmultiple-output (MIMO) antennas.

5.2.1 Radiated power and antenna height limits for fixed and base stations

21. For fixed and base stations transmitting in accordance with section 4, the maximum permissible equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is 1640 watts and 1640 watts/MHz for a channel bandwidth less than or equal to 1 MHz and greater than 1 MHz, respectively. These e.i.r.p. limits apply for stations with an antenna height above average terrain (HAAT) up to 305 metres.

22. Fixed and base stations located in geographical areas at a distance greater than 26 km from large or medium population centres³ and transmitting in accordance with section 4, may increase their e.i.r.p. up to a maximum of 3280 watts/MHz (i.e. no more than 3280 watts e.i.r.p. in any 1 MHz band segment), with an antenna HAAT up to 305 metres.

23. Within 26 km of any large or medium population centre, fixed and base stations may operate at increased e.i.r.p. if more than 50% of the population within a particular sector's coverage is located outside these large and medium population centres.

24. Fixed and base stations with increased e.i.r.p. must not be used to provide coverage to large and medium population centres. However, some incidental coverage of these large and medium population centres by stations with increased e.i.r.p. is permitted.

25. This provision also applies for fixed and base stations with a channel bandwidth equal to or less than 1 MHz (i.e. e.i.r.p. may be increased up to a maximum of 3280 watts).

26. For all installations with an antenna HAAT in excess of 305 metres, a corresponding reduction in e.i.r.p. according to the following formula shall be applied:

$$\text{EIRP } 20 \log (\text{HAAT} / 305) \text{ reduction} = 10 \text{ dB}$$



ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.1.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Band 12, downlink							
Signal Type	Input Power	Frequency [MHz]	Input Power [dBm]	Maximum Average Output Power [dBm]	Limit Average Output Power [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]	Gain [dB]
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	743.50	-1.7	31.6	60.0	28.4	33.3
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	743.50	1.6	31.4	60.0	28.6	29.8
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	745.80	-2.1	31.5	60.0	28.5	33.6
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	745.80	1.2	31.1	60.0	28.9	29.9

Remarks: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



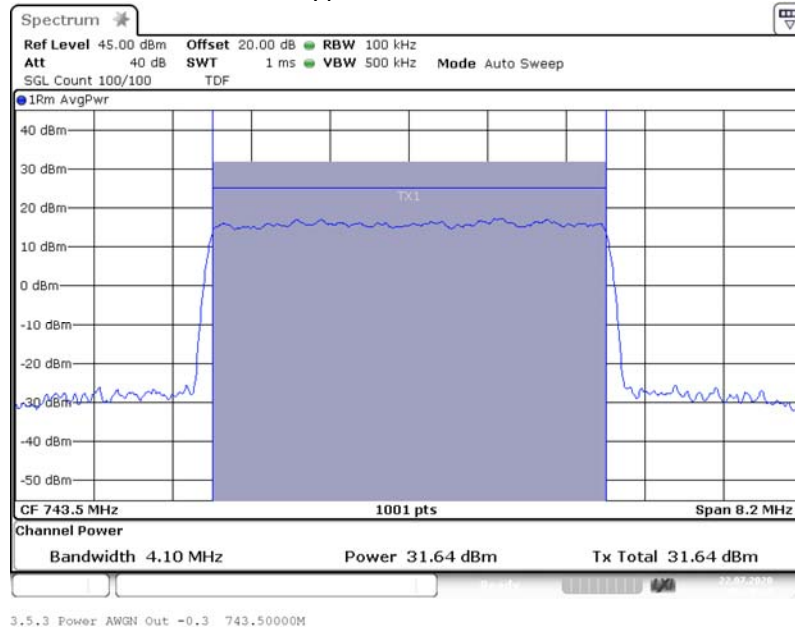
BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

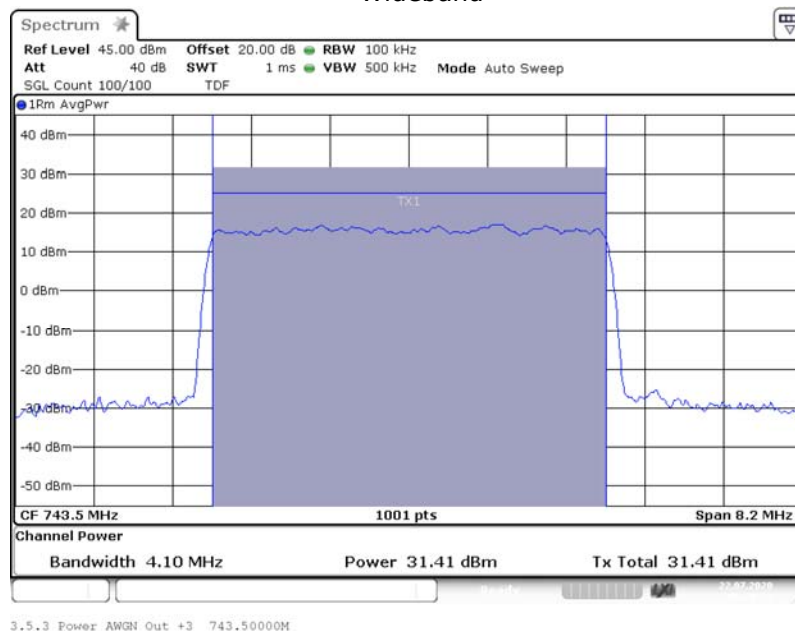
TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.1.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT

Frequency Band = Band 12, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = -0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband



Frequency Band = Band 12, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband



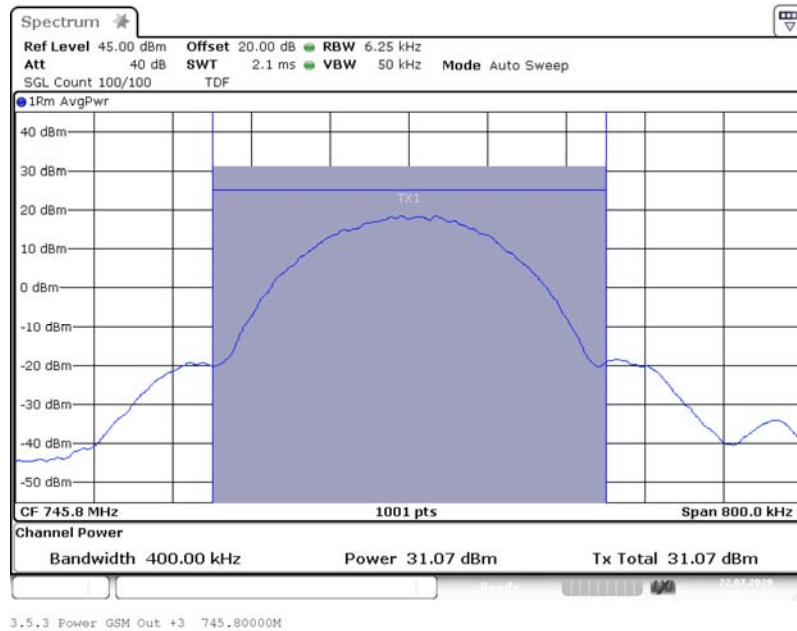
ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Frequency Band = Band 12, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = -0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband



Frequency Band = Band 12, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband



4.1.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Conducted



ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.2 PEAK TO AVERAGE RATIO

Standard FCC Part 27, § 27.50

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.26

Test date: 2020-07-22

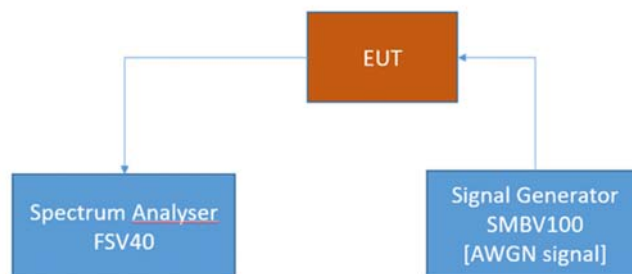
Environmental conditions: 25 ° C; 40 % r. F.

Test engineer: Thomas Hufnagel

4.2.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the signal booster power and gain limits and requirements for industrial signal boosters per FCC § 27.50 and RSS-130 with subparts 4.6, 4.6.1 and 4.6.1.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



FCC Part 22/24/27/90 Industrial signal booster – Test Setup; RF Output Power / Gain

The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.



ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.2.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS/LIMITS

Part 27; Miscellaneous Wireless Communication Services

Subpart C – Technical standards

\$ 27.50

For the Band 12 exists no FCC peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) limit.

Abstract RSS-130 from ISED:

RSS-130; 4.6 Transmitter output power and effective radiated power (e.r.p.)

The transmitter output power shall be measured in terms of average power.
For base and fixed equipment, refer to SRSP-518 for power limits

4.6.1 General

The transmitter output power shall be measured in terms of average power. In addition, the peak-to average power ratio (PAPR) of the transmitter shall not exceed 13 dB for more than 0.1% of the time and shall use a signal corresponding to the highest PAPR during periods of continuous transmission.

4.2.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Band 12, downlink						
Signal Type	Input Power	Frequency [MHz]	Input Power [dBm]	PAPR [dB]	Limit PAPR [dB]	Margin to Limit [dB]
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	743.50	-1.7	8.8	13.0	4.2
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	737.00	1.8	8.8	13.0	4.2
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	745.80	-2.1	0.3	13.0	12.7
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	745.80	1.2	0.2	13.0	12.8

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



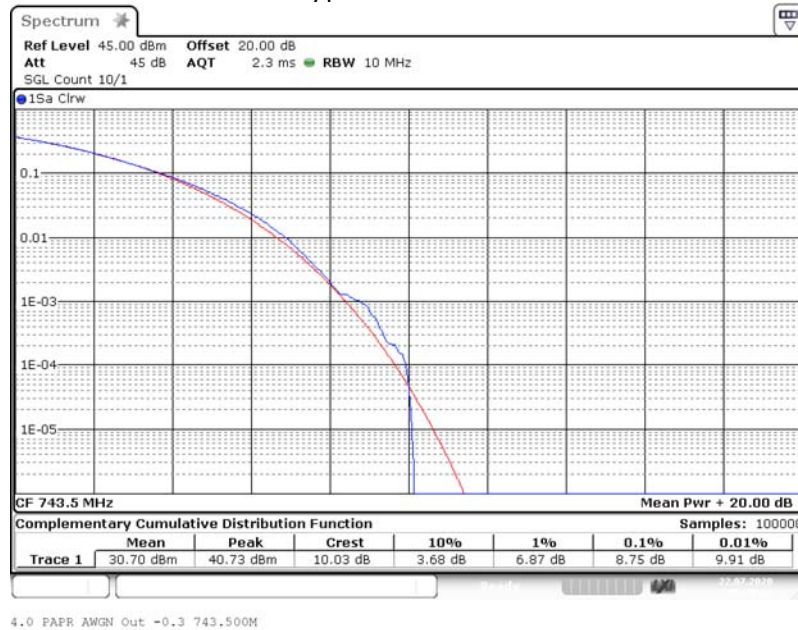
BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

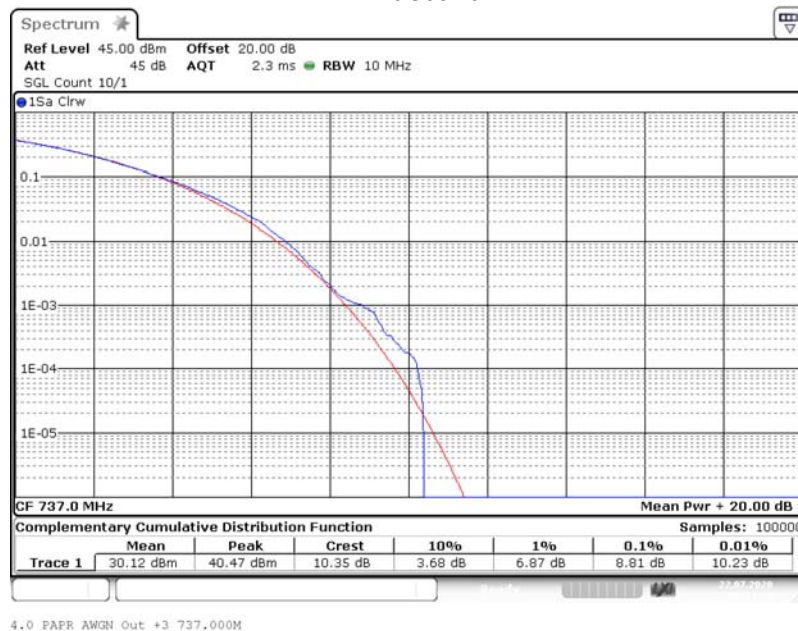
TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.2.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Frequency Band = Band 12, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = -0.3 dB < AGC, Signal
Type = Wideband



Frequency Band = Band 12, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type
= Wideband



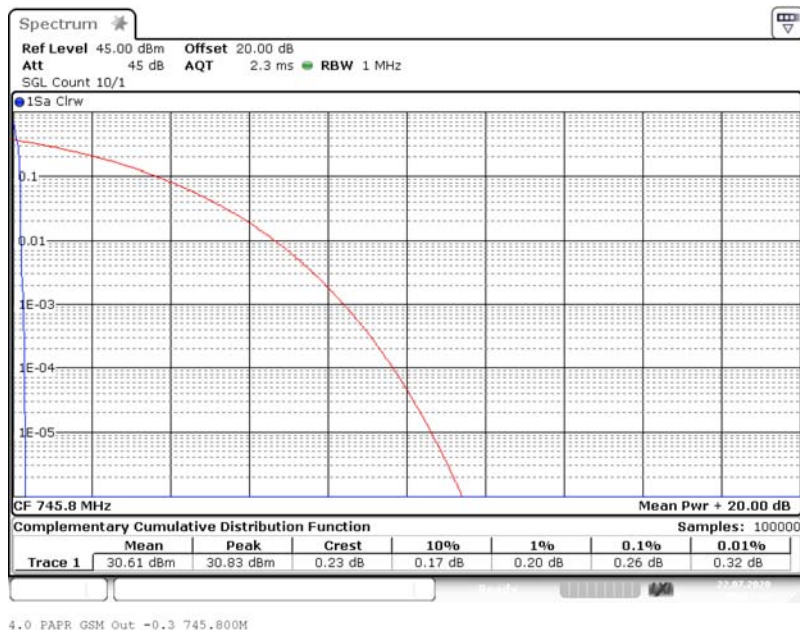


BUREAU
VERITAS

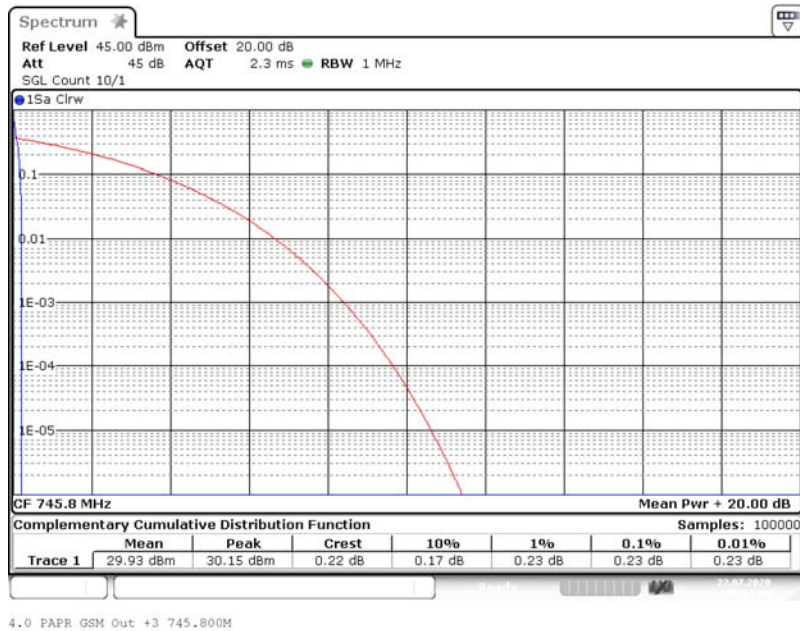
ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Frequency Band = Band 12, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = -0.3 dB < AGC, Signal
Type = Narrowband



Frequency Band = Band 12, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type
= Narrowband



4.2.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Conducted



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.3 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH/INPUT-VERSUS-OUTPUT SPECTRUM

Standard FCC Part 2.1049; Occupied Bandwidth

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.26, KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.4

Test date: 2020-07-22

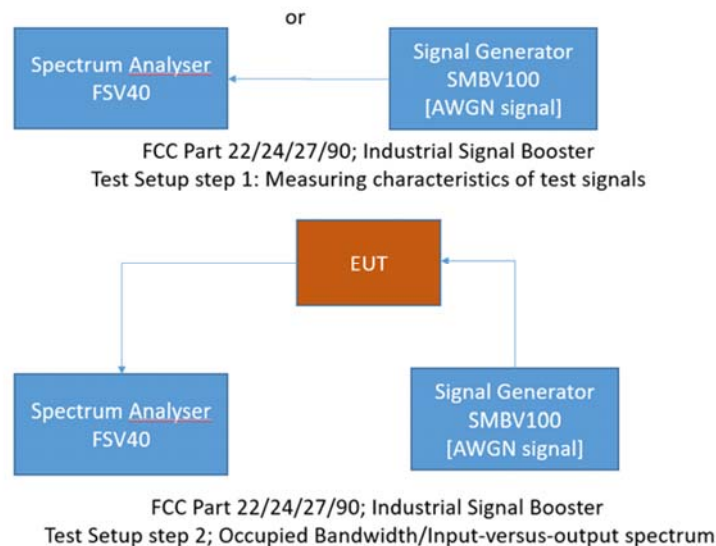
Environmental conditions: 25 ° C; 40 % r. F.

Test engineer: Thomas Hufnagel

4.3.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the applicable conducted spurious emission limits per FCC § 2.1049, RSS-GEN with subpart 6.7 and RSS-131 with subpart 5.2.2

The EUT was connected to the test setups according to the following diagram:



The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.3.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS/LIMITS

Abstract § 2.1049 from FCC:

FCC Part 2.1049; Occupied Bandwidth:

The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.3 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured under the following conditions as applicable:

(h) Transmitters employing digital modulation techniques—when modulated by an input signal such that its amplitude and symbol rate represent the maximum rated conditions under which the equipment will be operated. The signal shall be applied through any filter networks, pseudo-random generators or other devices required in normal service. Additionally, the occupied bandwidth shall be shown for operation with any devices used for modifying the spectrum when such devices are optional at the discretion of the user.

(i) Transmitters designed for other types of modulation—when modulated by an appropriate signal of sufficient amplitude to be representative of the type of service in which used. A description of the input signal should be supplied.

Abstract RSS-GEN from ISSED:

RSS-GEN; 6.7 Occupied Bandwidth

The occupied bandwidth or the “99% emission bandwidth” is defined as the frequency range between two points, one above and the other below the carrier frequency, within which 99% of the total transmitted power of the fundamental transmitted emission is contained. The occupied bandwidth shall be reported for all equipment in addition to the specified bandwidth required in the applicable RSSs.

In some cases, the “x dB bandwidth” is required, which is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated x dB below the maximum in-band power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

The following conditions shall be observed for measuring the occupied bandwidth and x dB bandwidth:

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the spectrum analyzer shall be set large enough to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts, around the carrier frequency, but small enough to avoid having other emissions (e.g. on adjacent channels) within the span.



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

- The detector of the spectrum analyzer shall be set to "Sample". However, a peak, or peak hold, may be used in place of the sampling detector since this usually produces a wider bandwidth than the actual bandwidth (worst-case measurement). Use of a peak hold (or "Max Hold") may be necessary to determine the occupied / x dB bandwidth if the device is not transmitting continuously.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the actual occupied / x dB bandwidth and the video bandwidth (VBW) shall not be smaller than three times the RBW value. Video averaging is not permitted.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

Abstract RSS-130 from ISED:

RSS-131; 5.2.2 Input-versus-output spectrum

The spectral growth of the 26 dB bandwidth of the output signal shall be less than 5% of the input signal spectrum.



**BUREAU
VERITAS**

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.3.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Band 12, downlink							
Signal Type	Input Power	Signal Frequency [MHz]	Occupied Bandwidth SG [kHz]	Occupied Bandwidth Booster [kHz]	Delta Occupied Bandwidth [kHz]	Limit Delta Occupied Bandwidth [kHz]	Margin to Limit [kHz]
Wideband	0.3 dB < AGC	737.00	4336.5	4334.1	2.4	205.0	202.6
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	737.00	4335.3	4334.1	1.2	205.0	203.8
Narrowband	0.3 dB < AGC	737.00	318.1	315.6	2.5	10.0	7.5
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	737.00	319.7	317.5	2.2	10.0	7.8

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.



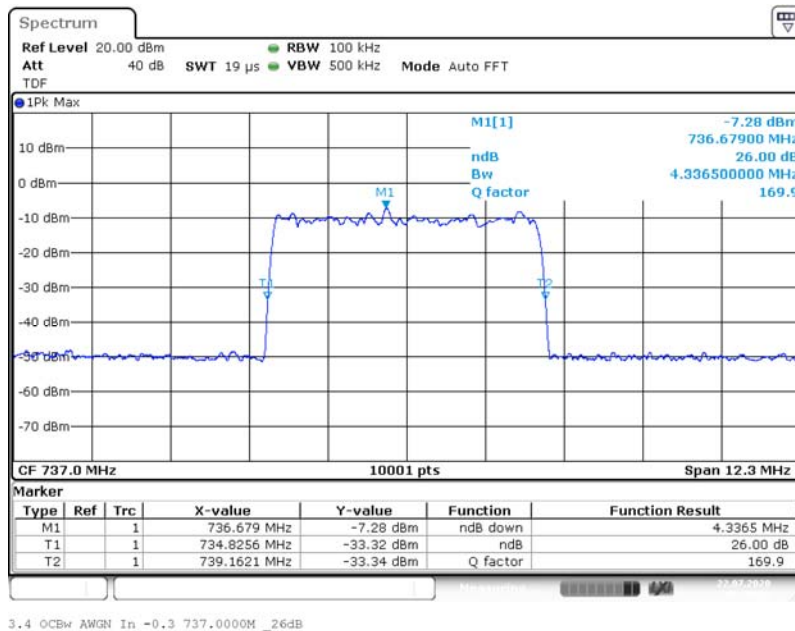
BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

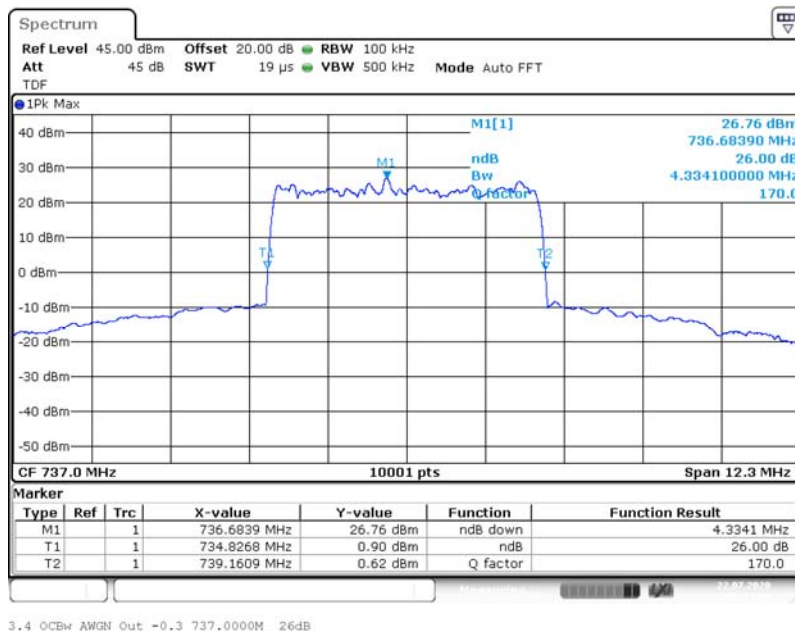
4.3.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT

Frequency Band = Band 12, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = -0.3 dB < AGC, Signal
Type = Wideband



3.4 OCBw AWGN In -0.3 737.0000M _26dB

Input Signal



3.4 OCBw AWGN Out -0.3 737.0000M _26dB

Output Signal

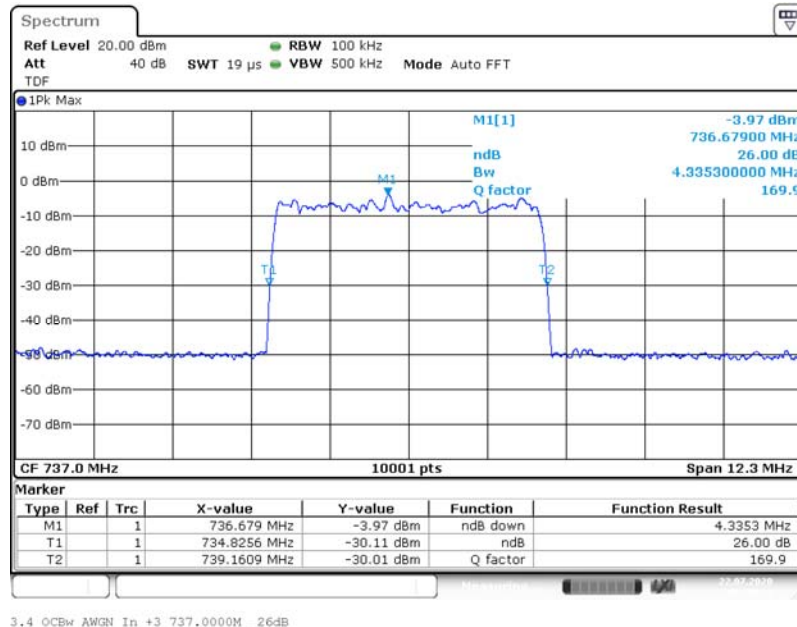


BUREAU
VERITAS

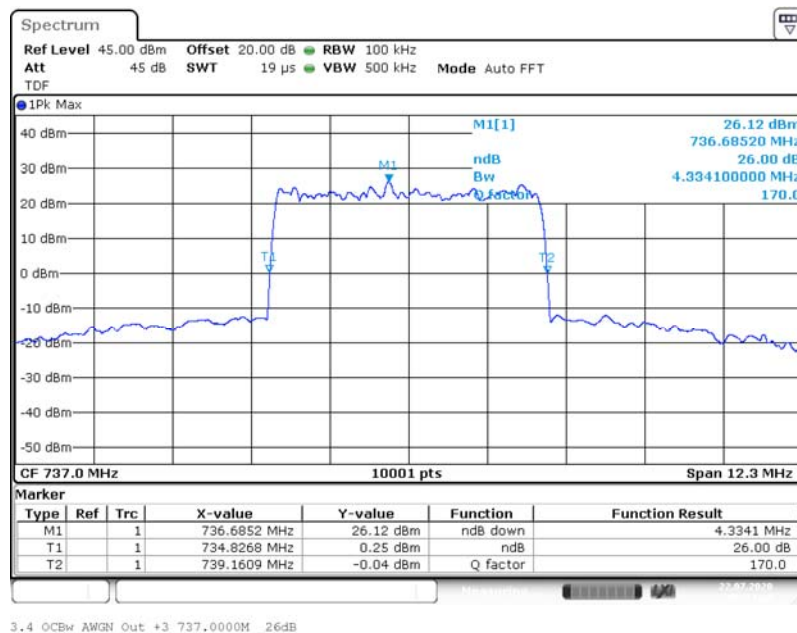
ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Frequency Band = Band 12, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type
= Wideband



Input Signal



Output Signal

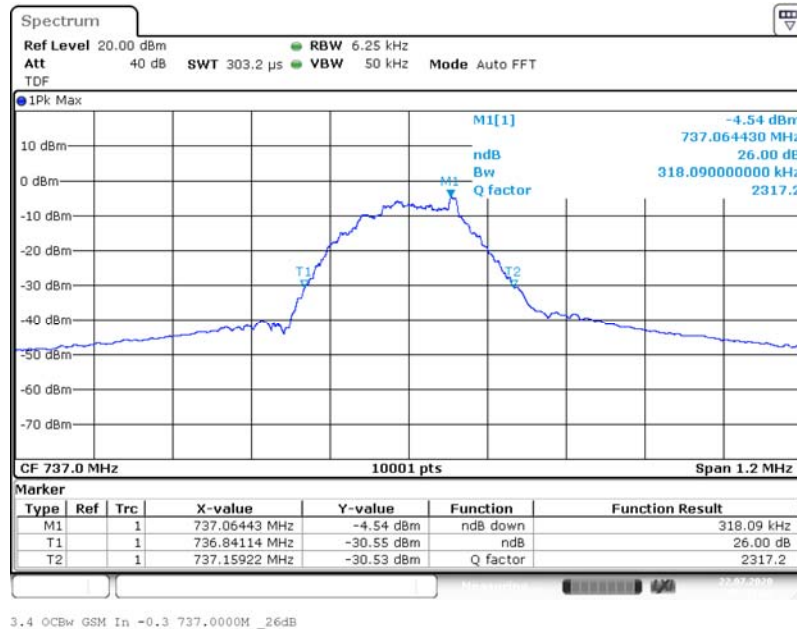


BUREAU
VERITAS

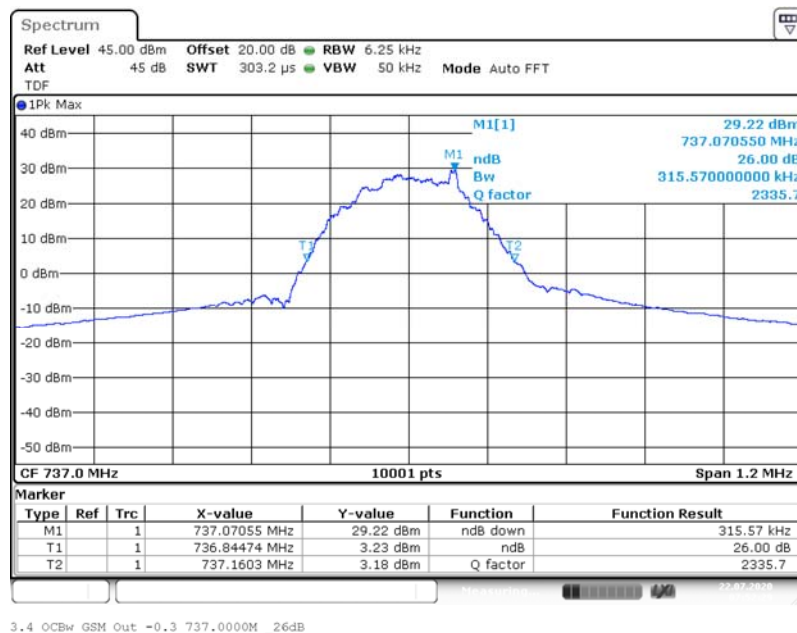
ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Frequency Band = Band 12, Direction = RF downlink, Input Power = -0.33 dB < AGC, Signal
Type = Narrowband



Input Signal



Output Signal

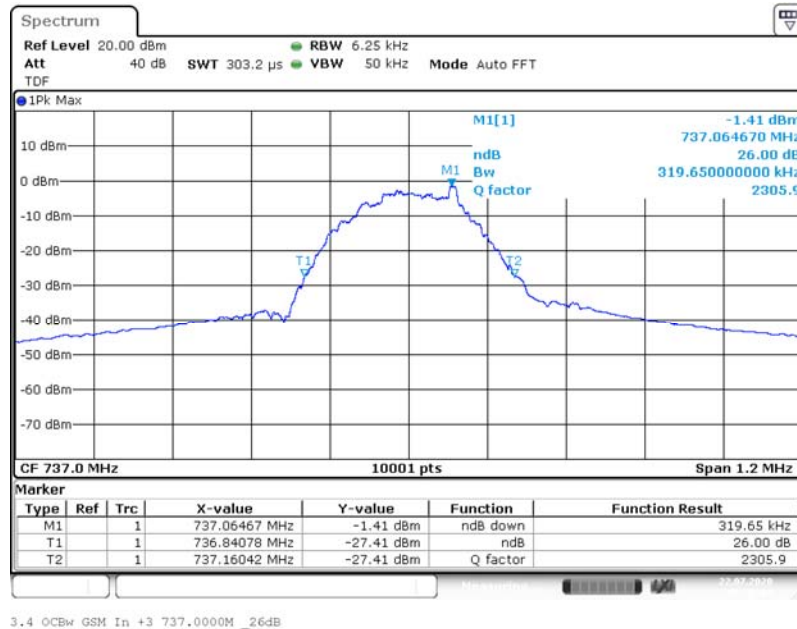


BUREAU
VERITAS

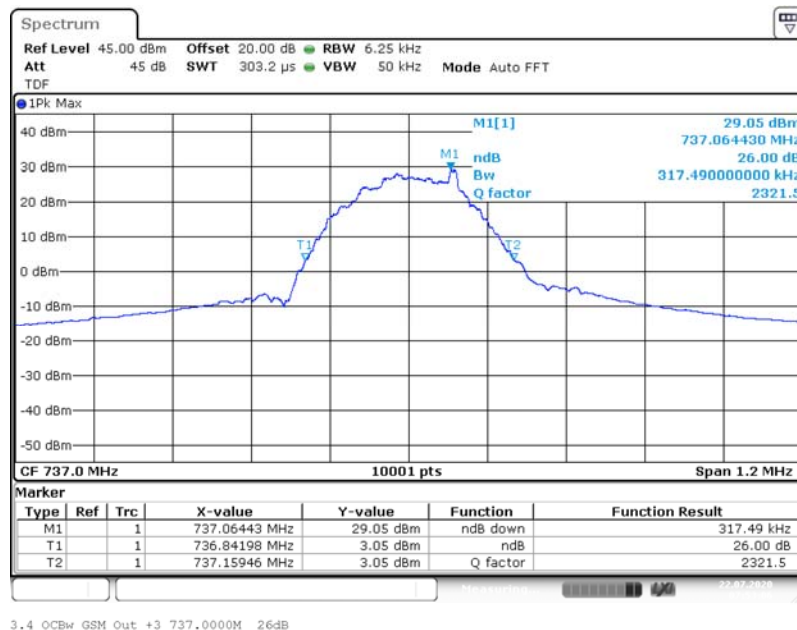
ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Frequency Band = Band 12, Direction RF downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type =
Narrowband



Input Signal



Output Signal

4.3.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Conducted



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.4 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINALS

Standard FCC Part § 2.1051, § 27.53

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.26, KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.6

Test date: 2020-09-09

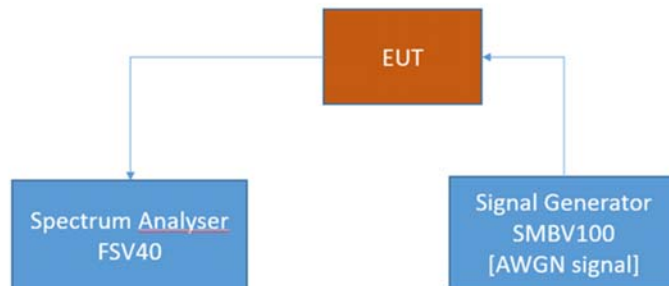
Environmental conditions: 24 ° C; 43 % r. F.

Test engineer: Thomas Hufnagel

4.4.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the signal booster power and gain limits and requirements for industrial signal boosters per FCC § 2.1051, FCC § 27.53, RSS-GEN with subpart 6.13 and RSS-130 with subpart 4.7

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



FCC Part 22/24/27/90 Industrial signal booster – Test Setup; RF Output Power / Gain

The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.



**BUREAU
VERITAS**

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.4.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS/LIMITS

Abstract § 2.1051 from FCC:

FCC Part 2.1051; Measurement required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminal:

The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in § 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

Abstract § 27.53 FCC:

Part 27; Miscellaneous Wireless Communication Services

Subpart C – Technical standards

§ 27.53 – Emission limits

Band 12:

(g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698-746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

Abstract RSS-130 4.7 from ISED:

RSS-130; 4.7 Transmitter Unwanted Emissions

4.7.1 General unwanted emissions limits

The unwanted emissions in any 100 kHz bandwidth on any frequency outside the low frequency edge and the high frequency edge of each frequency block range(s), shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB. However, in the 100 kHz band immediately outside of the equipment's frequency block range, a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz may be employed.



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.4.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Band 12, USA 700E, downlink							
Test Frequency	Signal Type	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
low	Wideband	0.0487508	-59.5	RMS	1	-33.0	26.5
low	Wideband	0.0574988	-52.7	RMS	10	-23.0	29.7
low	Wideband	68.9209	-45.2	RMS	100	-13.0	32.2
low	Wideband	703.0787	-44.1	RMS	100	-13.0	31.1
low	Wideband	727.0929	-39.2	RMS	10	-23.0	16.2
low	Wideband	750.0003	-45.8	RMS	10	-23.0	22.8
low	Wideband	949.7852	-43.5	RMS	100	-13.0	30.5
low	Wideband	6873.9	-30.8	RMS	100	-13.0	17.8
mid	Wideband	0.0487917	-60.2	RMS	1	-33.0	27.2
mid	Wideband	0.0524996	-51.6	RMS	10	-23.0	28.6
mid	Wideband	65.2213	-44.9	RMS	100	-13.0	31.9
mid	Wideband	703.1286	-43.8	RMS	100	-13.0	30.8
mid	Wideband	727.8875	-51.8	RMS	10	-23.0	28.8
mid	Wideband	750.0003	-45.0	RMS	10	-23.0	22.0
mid	Wideband	949.9352	-43.7	RMS	100	-13.0	30.7
mid	Wideband	6882.4	-30.9	RMS	100	-13.0	17.9
high	Wideband	0.0272882	-60.4	RMS	1	-33.0	27.4
high	Wideband	0.1424846	-51.8	RMS	10	-23.0	28.8
high	Wideband	122.1652	-44.5	RMS	100	-13.0	31.5
high	Wideband	706.1279	-44.6	RMS	100	-13.0	31.6
high	Wideband	727.8175	-53.5	RMS	10	-23.0	30.5
high	Wideband	746.1325	-36.9	RMS	10	-23.0	13.9
high	Wideband	952.0848	-44.2	RMS	100	-13.0	31.2
high	Wideband	6846.4	-31.3	RMS	100	-13.0	18.3



**BUREAU
VERITAS**

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Band 12, USA 700E, downlink							
Test Frequency	Signal Type	Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
low	Narrowband	0.0148367	-61.0	RMS	1	-33.0	28.0
low	Narrowband	0.0774954	-54.1	RMS	10	-23.0	31.1
low	Narrowband	119.5155	-45.3	RMS	100	-13.0	32.3
low	Narrowband	703.7785	-45.0	RMS	100	-13.0	32.0
low	Narrowband	727.8975	-37.4	RMS	10	-23.0	14.4
low	Narrowband	750.0003	-45.2	RMS	10	-23.0	22.2
low	Narrowband	948.2356	-44.2	RMS	100	-13.0	31.2
low	Narrowband	6816.4	-30.9	RMS	100	-13.0	17.9
mid	Narrowband	0.0090205	-61.7	RMS	1	-33.0	28.7
mid	Narrowband	0.0824946	-54.8	RMS	10	-23.0	31.8
mid	Narrowband	70.6207	-45.3	RMS	100	-13.0	32.3
mid	Narrowband	669.6363	-44.0	RMS	100	-13.0	31.0
mid	Narrowband	726.0285	-54.7	RMS	10	-23.0	31.7
mid	Narrowband	750.0003	-45.2	RMS	10	-23.0	22.2
mid	Narrowband	761.9736	-40.9	RMS	100	-13.0	27.9
mid	Narrowband	6971.9	-31.1	RMS	100	-13.0	18.1
high	Narrowband	0.0090205	-61.3	RMS	1	-33.0	28.3
high	Narrowband	0.0974921	-55.4	RMS	10	-23.0	32.4
high	Narrowband	119.8154	-45.8	RMS	100	-13.0	32.8
high	Narrowband	708.0275	-44.2	RMS	100	-13.0	31.2
high	Narrowband	727.8725	-53.8	RMS	10	-23.0	30.8
high	Narrowband	746.1025	-34.4	RMS	10	-23.0	11.4
high	Narrowband	952.2847	-44.0	RMS	100	-13.0	31.0
high	Narrowband	6826.9	-30.7	RMS	100	-13.0	17.7

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

General considerations concerning the measurement plots:

The measuring bandwidth of 100 kHz was chosen according the test requirements except at the band edges: At the band edges reducing of measurement bandwidth was necessary to prevent overlaying the RF-signal over the spurious emissions.

Also outside the downlink frequency band at lower frequencies the measurement bandwidths were reduced to have the possibility to record the spurious emissions at these lower frequencies.

At frequencies where measuring bandwidths were reduced also the border lines were reduced according the given formula:

$$p \text{ RBW}_{reduced} [\text{dBm}] = 10 * \log \left(\text{RBW}_{reduced} [\text{kHz}] - 100 \text{ kHz} \right) + p \text{ RBW } 100 \text{ kHz} [\text{dBm}]$$

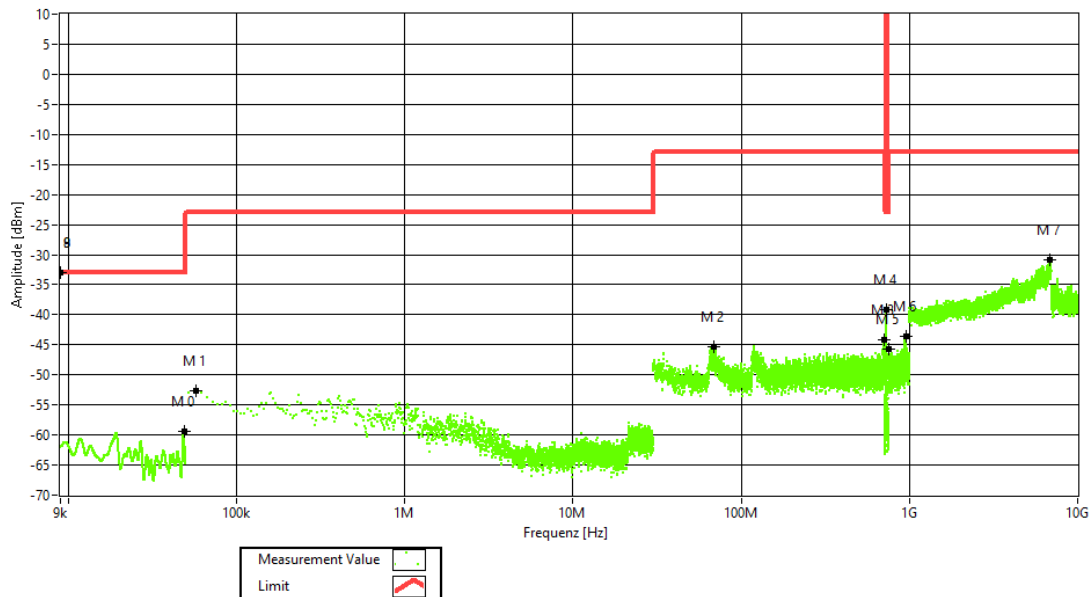
Hereby "p" are the border lines' values.

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

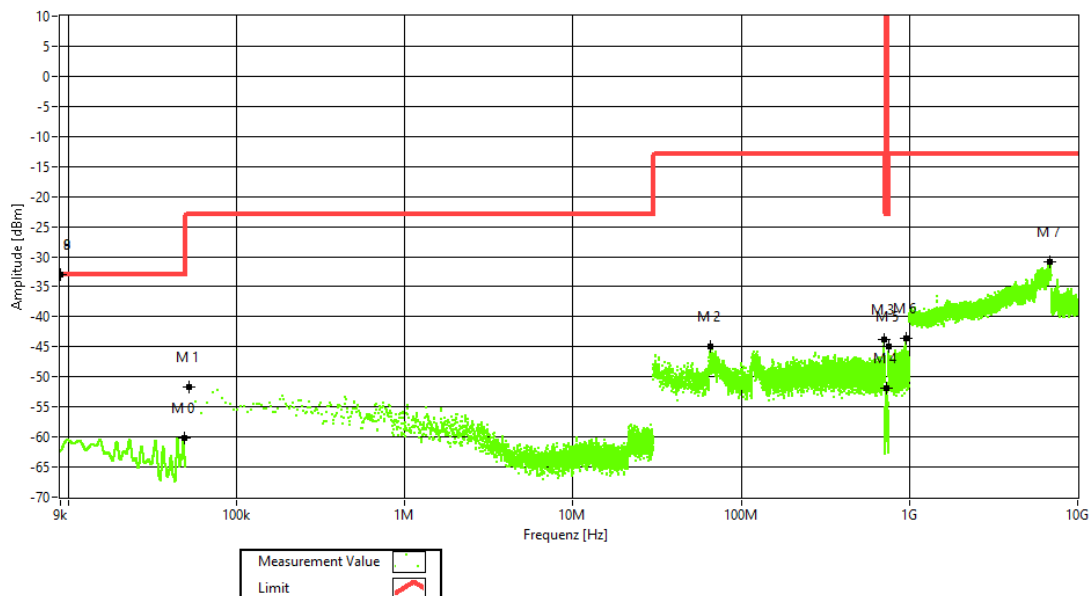
TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.4.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Frequency Band = Band 12, Test Frequency = low, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type = Wideband



Frequency Band = Band 12, Test Frequency = mid, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type = Wideband



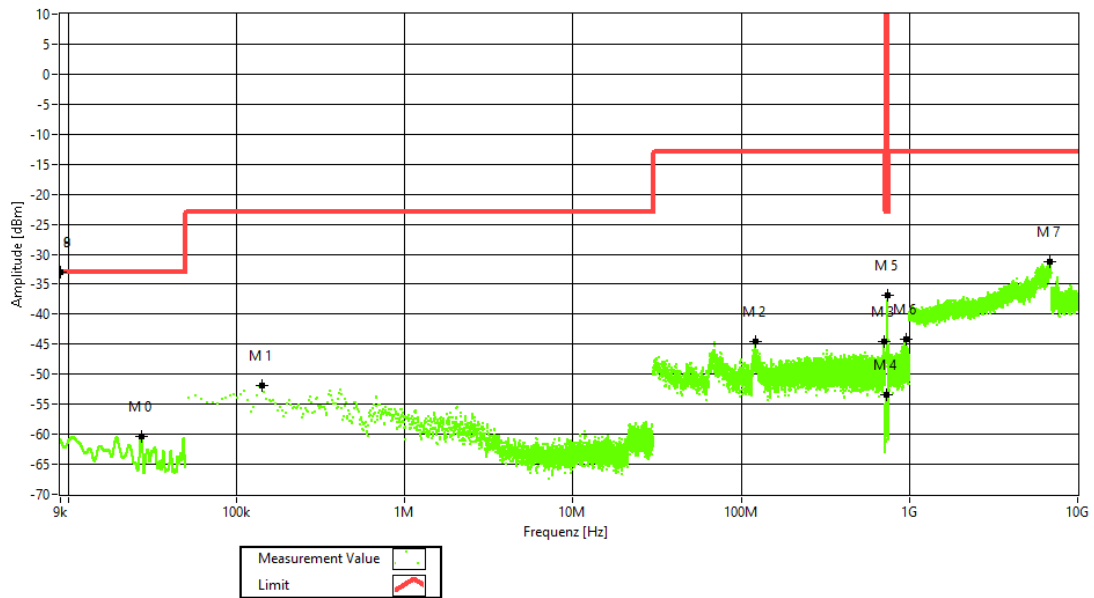


BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Frequency Band = Band 12, Test Frequency = high, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type =
Wideband



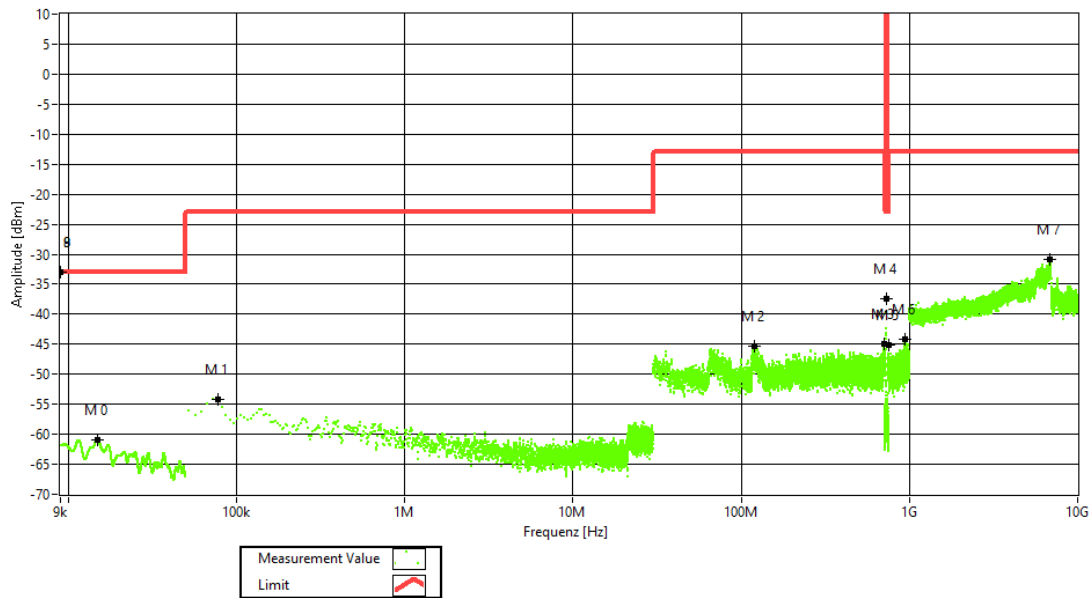


BUREAU
VERITAS

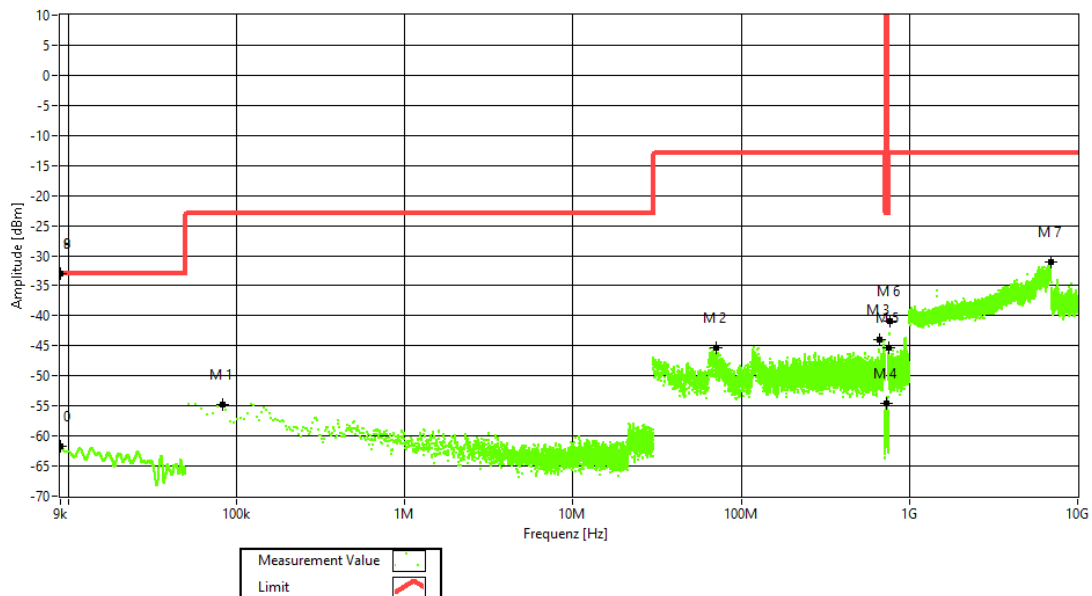
ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Frequency Band = Band 12, Test Frequency = low, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type =
Narrowband



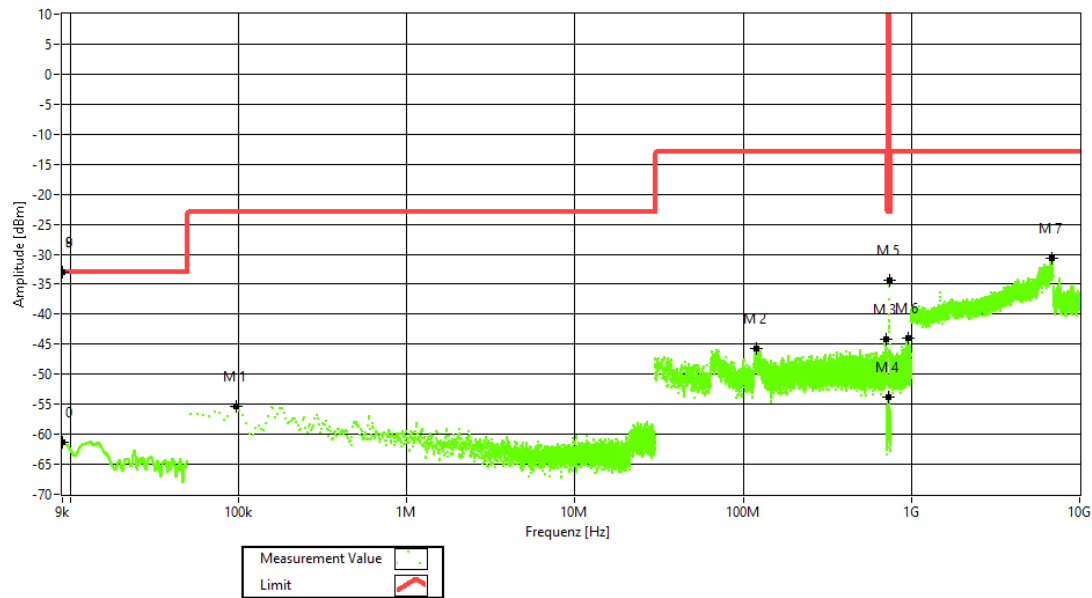
Frequency Band = Band 12, Test Frequency = mid, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type =
Narrowband



ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Frequency Band = Band 12, Test Frequency = high, Direction = RF downlink, Signal Type =
Narrowband



4.4.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Conducted



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.5 OUT-OF-BAND EMISSION LIMITS

Standard FCC Part § 2.1051, § 27.53

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.26, KDB 935210 D05 v01r04: 3.6

Test date: 2020-07-22

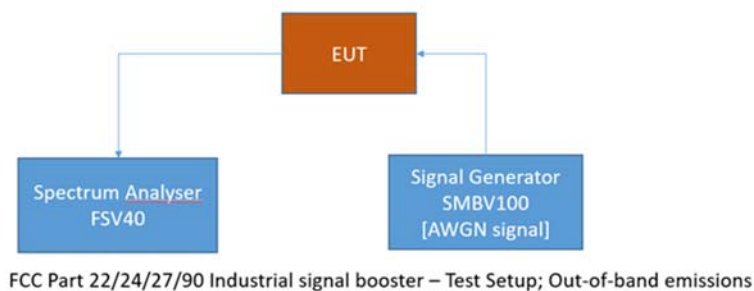
Environmental conditions: 25 ° C; 40 % r. F.

Test engineer: Thomas Hufnagel

4.5.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the out-of-band emission limit for industrial signal boosters. The limits itself come from the applicable rule part for each operating band per FCC § 2.1051, FCC § 27.53, RSS-GEN with subpart 6.13 and RSS-130 with subpart 4.7.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.5.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS/LIMITS

Abstract § 2.1051 from FCC:

FCC Part 2.1051; Measurement required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminal:

The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in § 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

Abstract § 27.53 FCC:

Part 27; Miscellaneous Wireless Communication Services

Subpart C – Technical standards

§ 27.53 – Emission limits

Band 12:

(g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698-746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.

Abstract RSS-130 4.7 from ISED:

RSS-130; 4.7 Transmitter Unwanted Emissions

4.7.1 General unwanted emissions limits

The unwanted emissions in any 100 kHz bandwidth on any frequency outside the low frequency edge and the high frequency edge of each frequency block range(s), shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB. However, in the 100 kHz band immediately outside of the equipment's frequency block range, a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz may be employed.



ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.5.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Band 12, downlink, Number of input signals = 1							
Signal Type	Input Power	Band Edge	Signal Frequency [MHz]	Input Power [dBm]	Maximum Out-of-band Power [dBm]	Limit Out-of-band Power [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
Wideband	-0.3 dB < AGC	upper	743.50	-1.7	-29.6	-13.0	16.6
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	upper	743.50	1.6	-30.0	-13.0	17.0
Narrowband	-0.3 dB < AGC	upper	745.80	-2.1	-23.1	-13.0	10.1
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	upper	745.80	1.2	-23.5	-13.0	10.5
Wideband	-0.3 dB < AGC	lower	730.50	-1.3	-30.0	-13.0	17.0
Wideband	3 dB > AGC	lower	730.50	2.0	-29.2	-13.0	16.2
Narrowband	-0.3 dB < AGC	lower	728.20	-0.9	-26.2	-13.0	13.2
Narrowband	3 dB > AGC	lower	728.20	2.4	-24.4	-13.0	11.4

Band 12, downlink, Number of input signals = 2								
Signal Type	Input Power	Band Edge	Signal Frequency f1 [MHz]	Signal Frequency f2 [MHz]	Input Power [dBm]	Maximum Out-of-band Power [dBm]	Limit Out-of-band Power [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
WB	-0.3 dB < AGC	upper	743.50	741.00	-1.7	-31.6	-13.0	18.6
WB	3 dB > AGC	upper	743.50	741.00	1.6	-31.8	-13.0	18.8
NB	-0.3 dB < AGC	upper	745.80	745.60	-2.1	-26.0	-13.0	13.0
NB	3 dB > AGC	upper	745.80	745.60	1.2	-25.5	-13.0	12.5
WB	-0.3 dB < AGC	lower	730.50	733.00	-1.3	-32.2	-13.0	19.2
WB	3 dB > AGC	lower	730.50	733.00	2.0	-33.1	-13.0	20.1
NB	-0.3 dB < AGC	lower	728.20	728.40	-0.9	-26.3	-13.0	13.3
NB	3 dB > AGC	lower	728.20	728.40	2.4	-26.2	-13.0	13.2

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

Explanations concerning table with two input signals:

"WB" means Wideband.

"NB" means Narrowband.



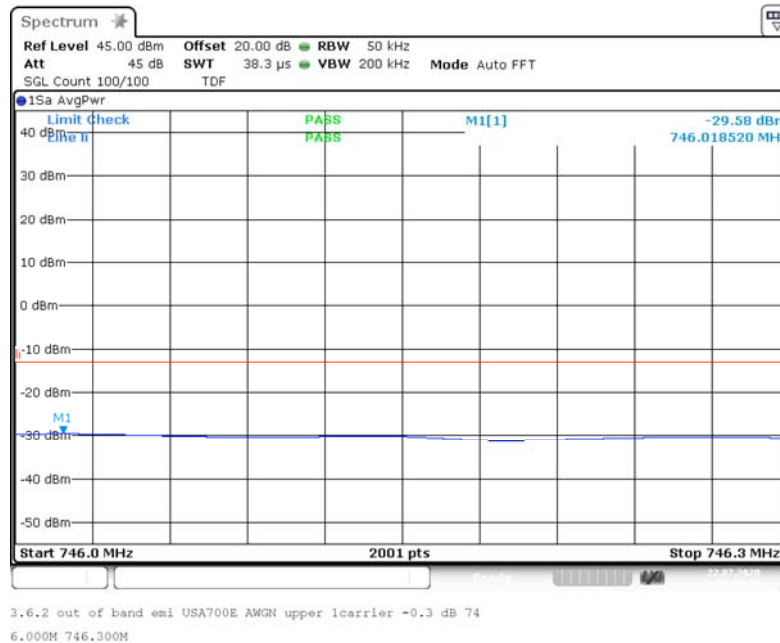
BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

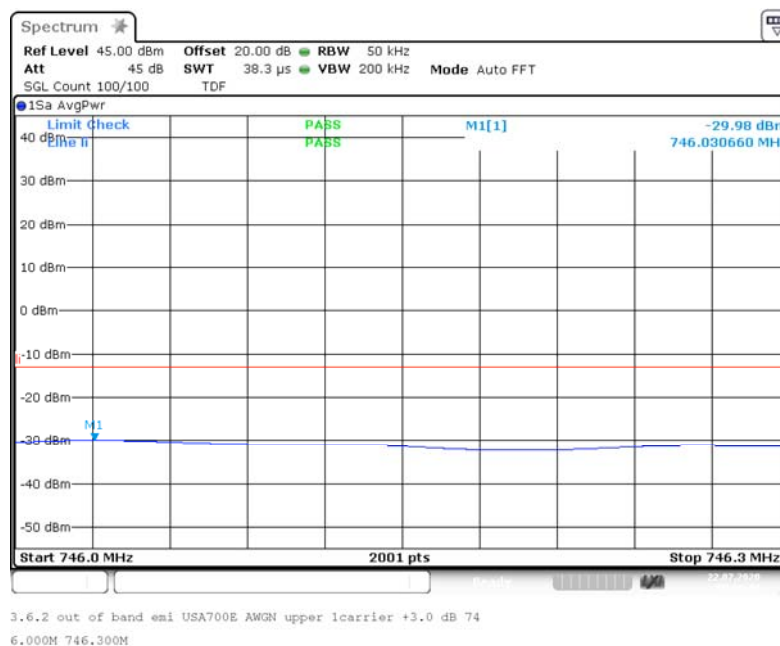
TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.5.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 12, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF
downlink, Input Power = -0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband



Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 12, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF
downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband



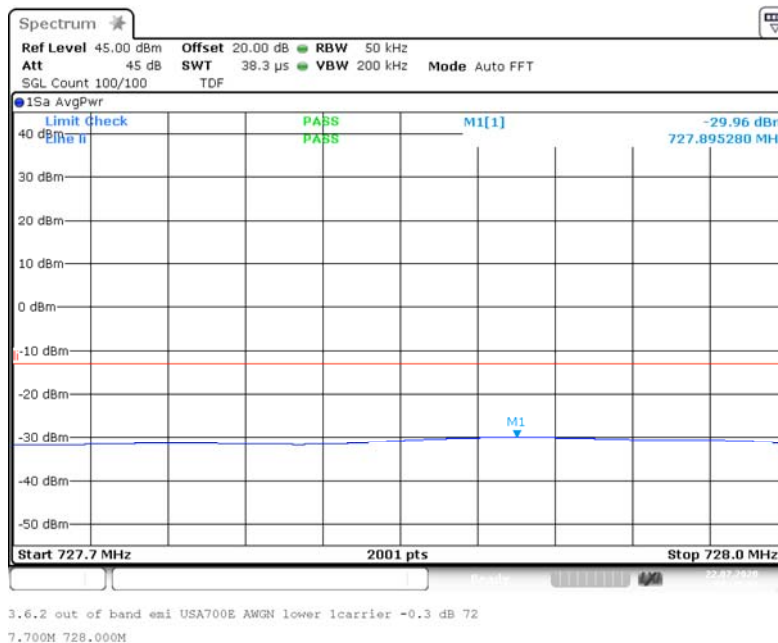


BUREAU
VERITAS

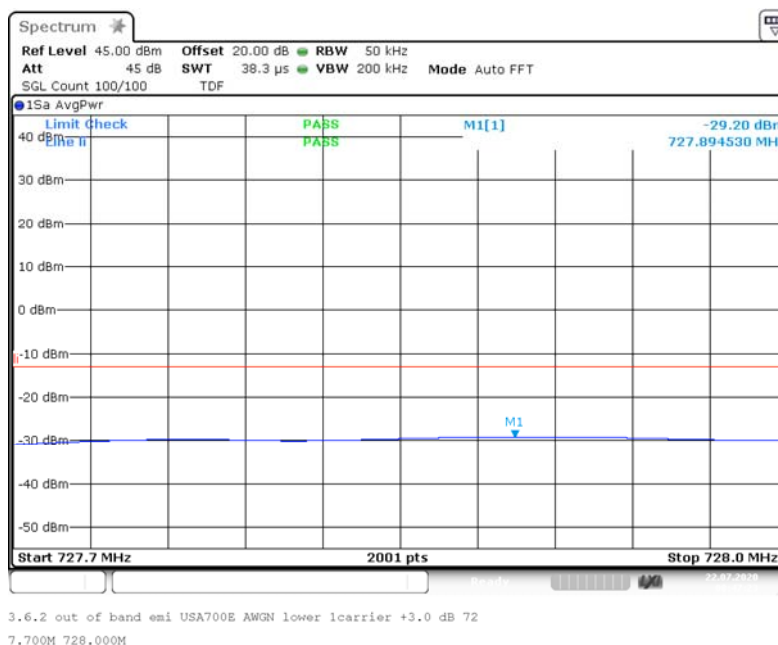
ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 12, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF
downlink, Input Power = -0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband



Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 12, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF
downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband



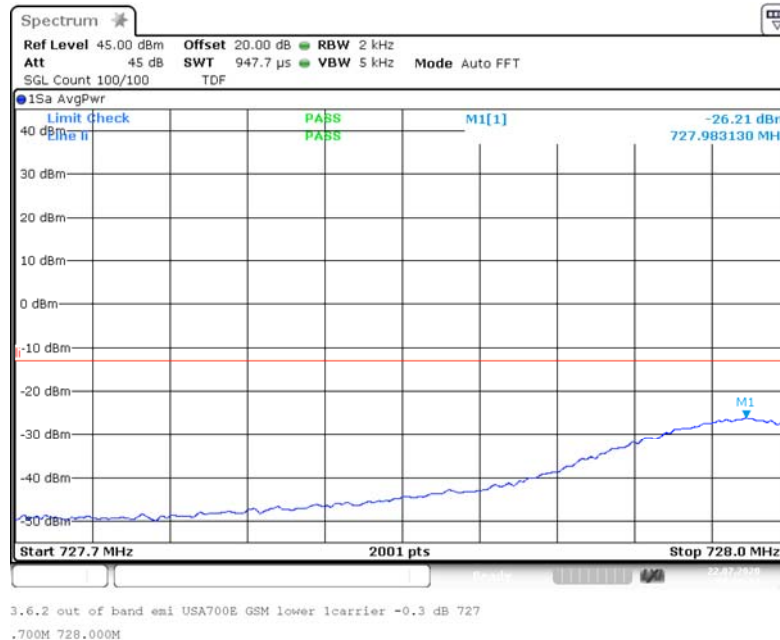


BUREAU
VERITAS

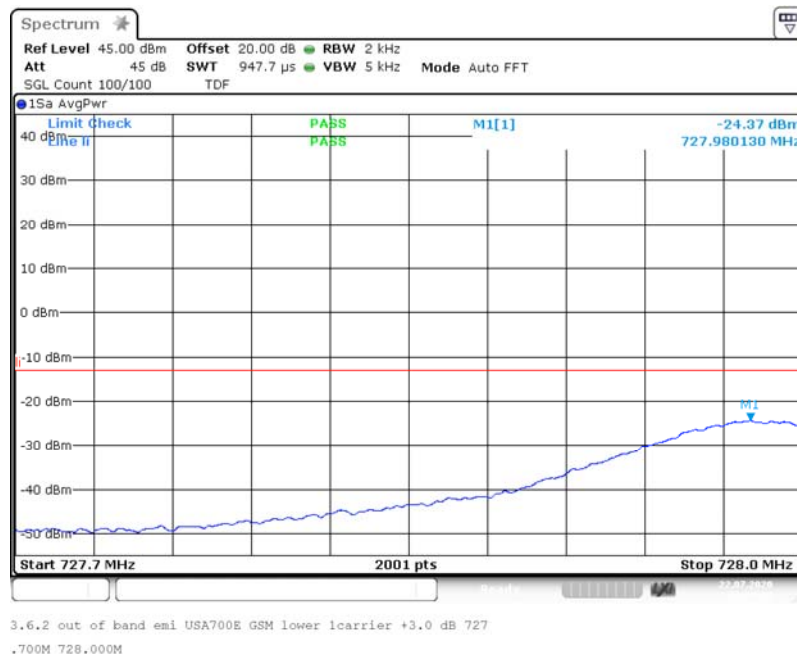
ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 12, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF
downlink, Input Power = -0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband



Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 12, Number of signals = 1, Direction = RF
downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband



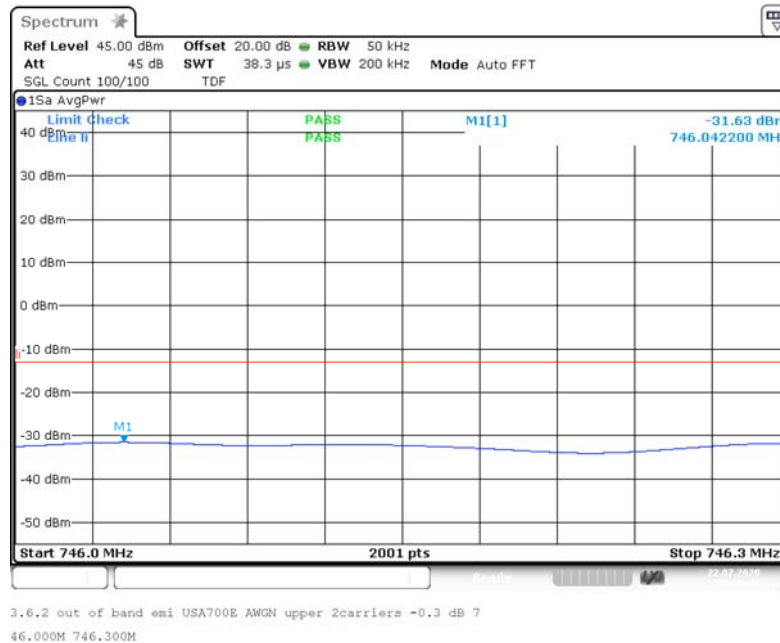


BUREAU
VERITAS

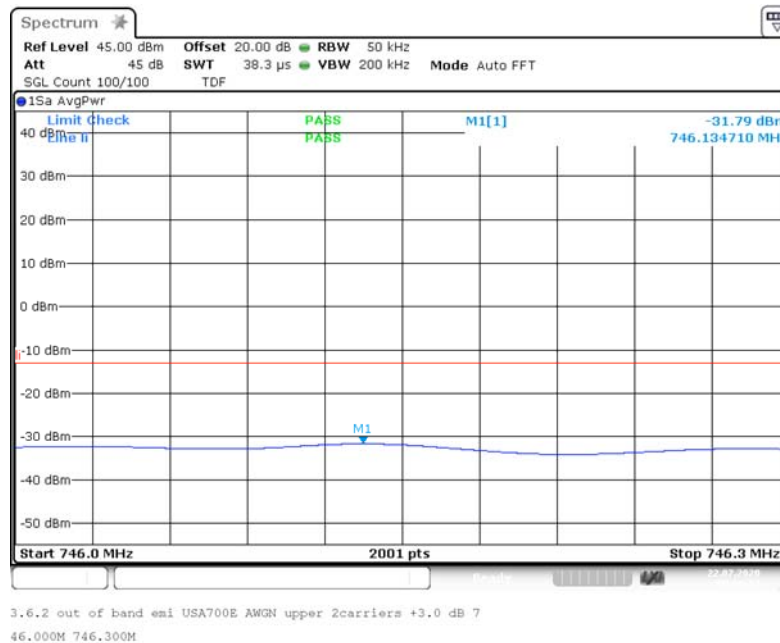
ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 12, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF
downlink, Input Power = -0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband



Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 12, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF
downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband



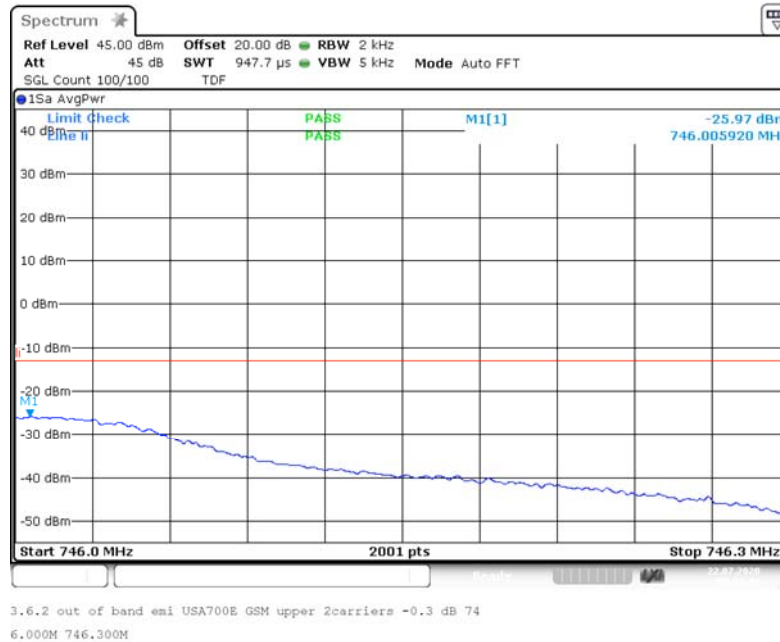


BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Band Edge = Upper, Frequency Band = Band 12, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF
downlink, Input Power = -0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband



Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 12, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF
downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband



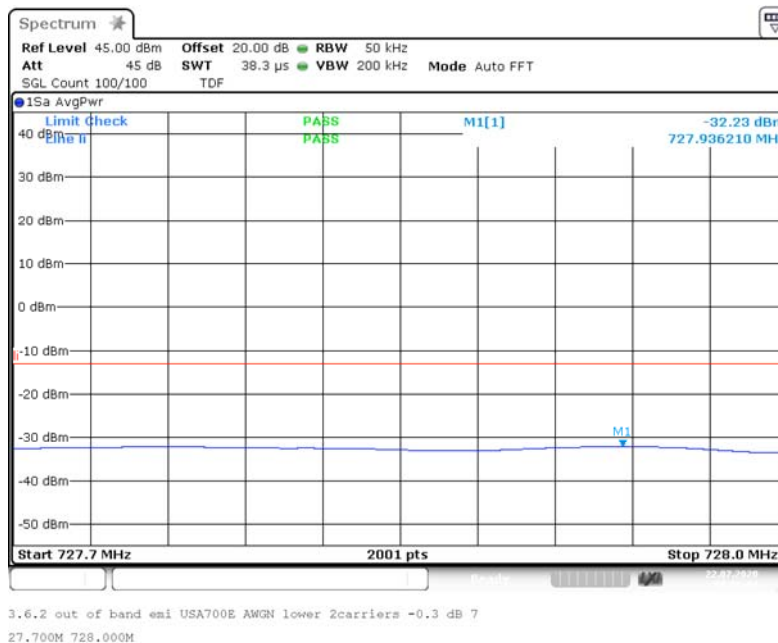


BUREAU
VERITAS

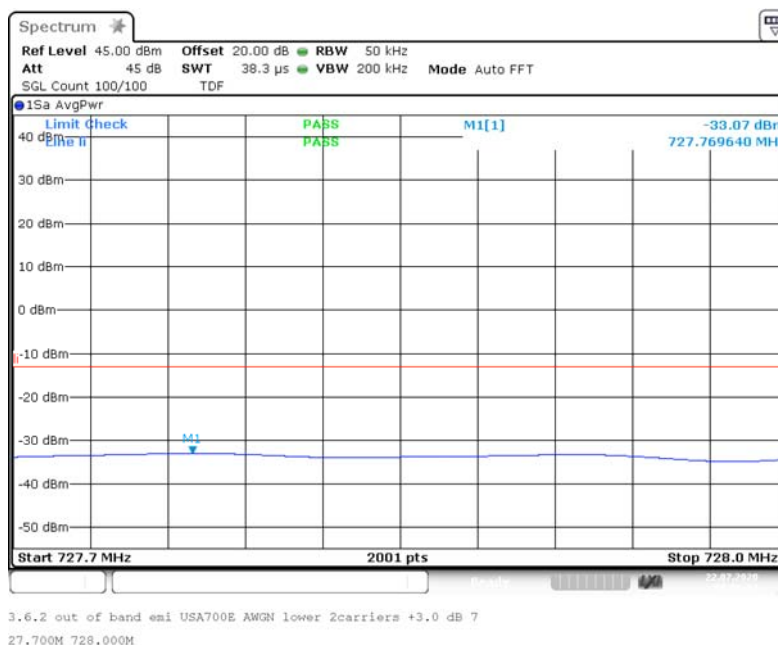
ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 12, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF
downlink, Input Power = -0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Wideband



Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 12, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF
downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Wideband



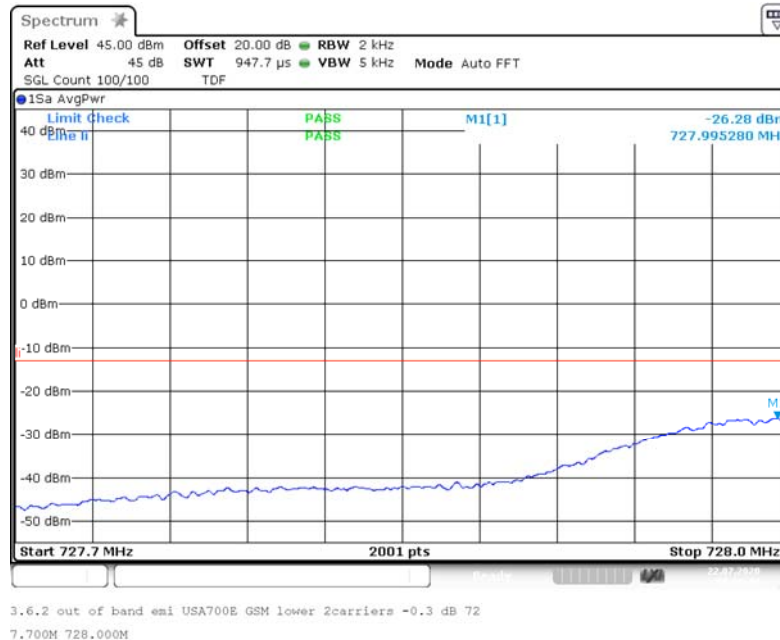


BUREAU
VERITAS

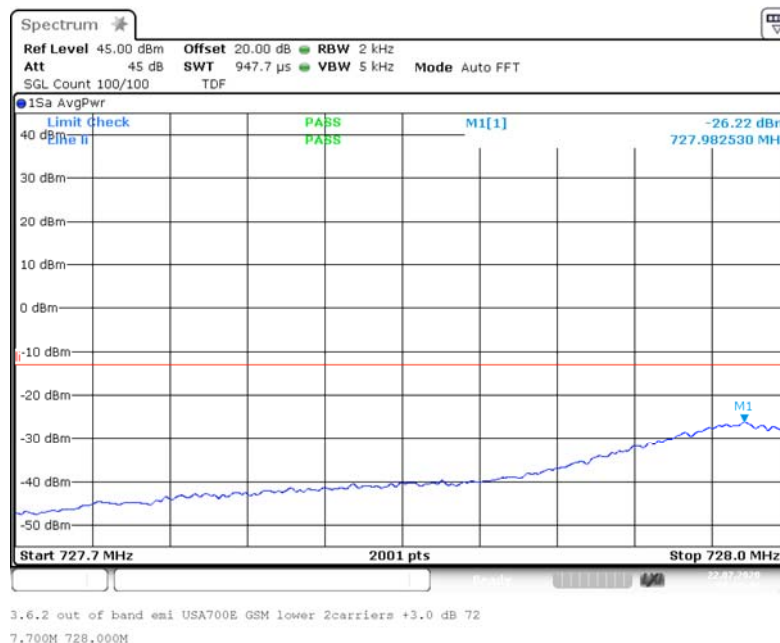
ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 12, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF
downlink, Input Power = -0.3 dB < AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband



Band Edge = Lower, Frequency Band = Band 12, Number of signals = 2, Direction = RF
downlink, Input Power = 3 dB > AGC, Signal Type = Narrowband



4.5.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Conducted



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.6 OUT-OF-BAND REJECTION

Standard FCC Part 27

The test was performed according to:

ANSI C63.26; KDB 935210 D05

Test date: 2020-07-22

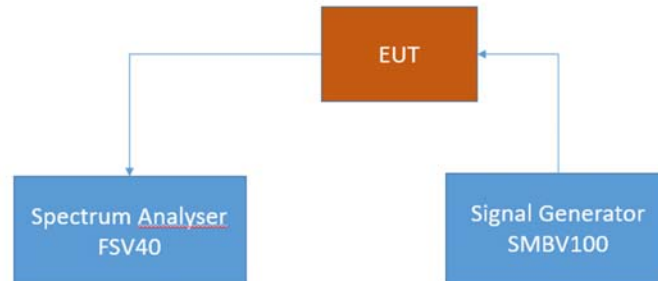
Environmental conditions: 25 ° C; 40 % r. F.

Test engineer: Thomas Hufnagel

4.6.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the out-of-band rejection test case for industrial signal boosters.

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



FCC Part 22/24/27/90 Industrial signal booster – Test Setup; Out-of-band rejection

The attenuation of the measuring and stimulus path are known for each measured frequency and are considered.

The Spectrum Analyzer settings can be directly found in the measurement diagrams.

4.6.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS/LIMITS

Abstract RSS-131 from ISED:

RSS-131; 5.2.1 Out-of-band rejection

The gain-versus-frequency response and the 20 dB bandwidth of the zone enhancer shall be reported. The zone enhancer shall reject amplification of other signals outside the passband of the zone enhancer.

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

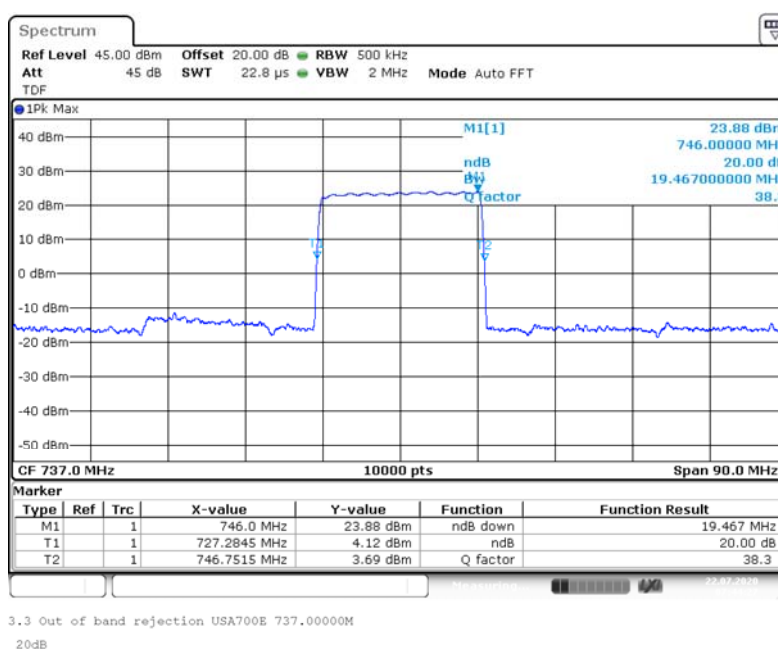
4.6.3 TEST PROTOCOL

Band 12, downlink				
Highest Power Frequency [MHz]	Output Power [dBm]	Lower Highest Power -20 dB Frequency [MHz]	Upper Highest Power -20 dB Frequency [MHz]	20 dB Bandwidth [MHz]
746.00	23.88	727.2845	746.7515	19.4670

Remark: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

4.6.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Frequency Band = Band 12, Direction = RF downlink



4.6.5 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Conducted

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.7 FIELD STRENGTH OF SPURIOUS RADIATION

Standard FCC Part 27, § 24.53

The test was performed according to:
ANSI C63.26

Test date: 2020-09-09

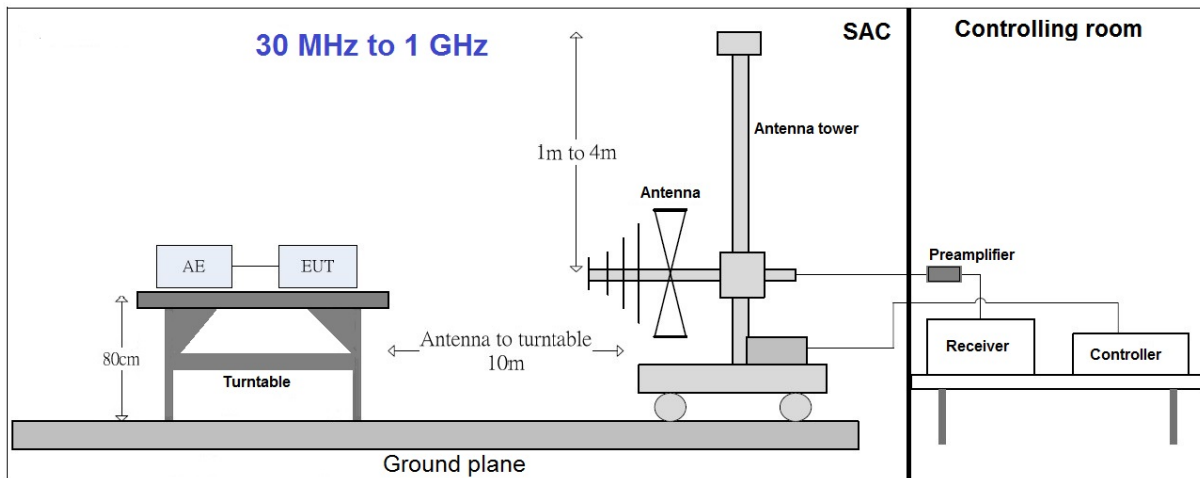
Environmental conditions: 23 ° C; 46 % r. F.

Test engineer: Thomas Hufnagel

4.7.1 TEST DESCRIPTION

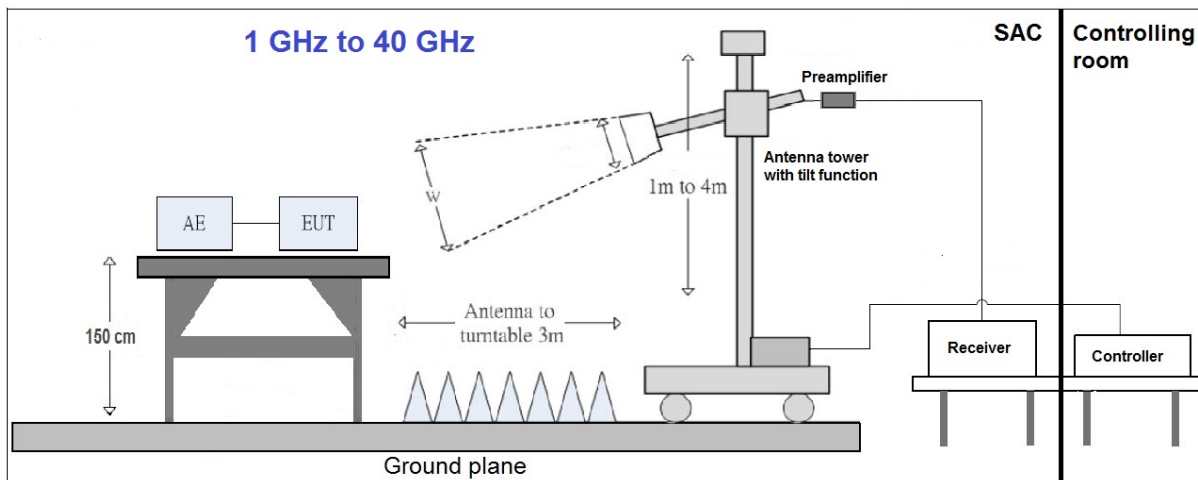
This test case is intended to demonstrate compliance to the applicable radiated spurious emission measurements per § 2.1053

The EUT was connected to the test setup according to the following diagram:



ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T



The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.4 in a typical installation configuration. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table 1.5 x 1.5 m² in the semi-anechoic chamber, 0.8 meter above the ground or floor-standing arrangement shall be placed on the horizontal ground reference plane.. The influence of the EUT support table that is used between 30–1000 MHz was evaluated. For the initial measurements, the receiving antenna is varied from 1-4 meter height and is changed in the vertical plane from vertical to horizontal polarization at each frequency. The highest emissions between 30 MHz to 1000 MHz were analyzed in details by operating the spectrum analyzer and/or EMI receiver in quasi-peak mode to determine the precise amplitude of the emissions.

The measurement procedure is implemented into the EMI test software BAT EMC from NEXIO. Exploratory tests are performed at 3 orthogonal axes to determine the worst-case orientation of a body-worn or handheld EUT. The final test on all kind of EUTs is also performed at 3 axes. A pre-check is performed while the EUT is powered by a DC power source. ?

1. Measurement above 30 MHz and up to 1 GHz

Step 1: Preliminary scan

This is a preliminary test to identify the highest amplitudes relative to the limit.

Settings for step 1:

- Antenna distance: 10 m
- Detector: Peak-Maxhold/RMS (FFT-based)
- Frequency range: 30 – 1000 MHz
- Frequency steps: 30 kHz
- IF-Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time/Frequency step: 5 ms
- Turntable angle range: –180° to 180°
- Turntable step size: 30°
- Height variation range: 1 – 4 m
- Height variation step size: 1 m
- Polarisation: Horizontal + Vertical

Intention of this step is, to determine the radiated EMI-profile of the EUT. Afterwards the relevant emissions for the final measurement are identified.



ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Step 2: Adjustment measurement

In this step the accuracy of the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be improved. This is necessary to find out the maximum value of every frequency.

For each frequency, which was determined the turntable azimuth and antenna height will be adjusted. The turntable azimuth will slowly vary by $\pm 45^\circ$ around this value. During this action, the value of emission is continuously measured. The turntable azimuth at the highest emission will be recorded and adjusted. In this position, the antenna height will also slowly vary by ± 100 cm around the antenna height determined. During this action, the value of emission is also continuously measured. The antenna height of the highest emission will also be recorded and adjusted.

- Detector: Peak – Maxhold; RMS
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 100 ms
- Turntable angle range: $\pm 30^\circ$ around the determined value
- Antenna Polarisation: max. value determined in step 1

Step 3: Final measurement with QP detector

With the settings determined in step 3, the final measurement will be performed:

EMI receiver settings for step 4:

- Detector: Quasi-Peak (< 1 GHz); RMS; Peak
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 120 kHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

After the measurement a plot will be generated which contains a diagram with the results of the preliminary scan and a chart with the frequencies and values of the results of the final measurement.

3. Measurement above 1 GHz

The following modifications apply to the measurement procedure for the frequency range above 1 GHz:

Step 1:

The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive support at 1.5 m height in the semi-anechoic chamber. Absorbers are placed around and between the turn table and the antenna tower.

All steps were performed with one height (1.5 m) of the receiving antenna only.

The EUT is turned during the preliminary measurement across the elevation axis, with a step size of 30° .

The turn table step size (azimuth angle) for the preliminary measurement is 15° .

Step 2:

The maximum RFI field strength was determined during the measurement by rotating the turntable (± 180 degrees) and varying the height of the receive antenna ($h = 1 \dots 4$ m) with a additional tilt function of the antenna. The turn table azimuth will slowly vary by $\pm 15^\circ$.

EMI receiver settings (for all steps):

- Detector: Peak, Average
- IF Bandwidth = 1 MHz



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Step 3:

Spectrum analyser settings for step 3:

- Detector: Peak/Average
- Measured frequencies: in step 1 determined frequencies
- IF – Bandwidth: 1 MHz
- Measuring time: 1 s

4.7.2 TEST REQUIREMENTS/LIMITS

Abstract from FCC Part § 2.1053:

FCC Part 2.1053; Measurement required: Field strength of spurious radiation:

Measurements shall be made to detect spurious emissions that may be radiated directly from the cabinet, control circuits, power leads, or intermediate circuit elements under normal conditions of installation and operation. Curves or equivalent data shall be supplied showing the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission. For this test, single sideband, independent sideband, and controlled carrier transmitters shall be modulated under the conditions specified in paragraph (c) of § 2.1049, as appropriate.

Part 27; Miscellaneous Wireless Communication Services

Subpart C – Technical standards

Abstract from FCC § 27.53:

§ 27.53 – Emission limits

Band 12

(g) For operations in the 600 MHz band and the 698-746 MHz band, the power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) within the licensed band(s) of operation, measured in watts, by at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB. Compliance with this provision is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kilohertz or greater. However, in the 100 kilohertz bands immediately outside and adjacent to a licensee's frequency block, a resolution bandwidth of at least 30 kHz may be employed.



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Abstract RSS-130 4.7 from ISED:

RSS-130; 4.7 Transmitter Unwanted Emissions

4.7.1 General unwanted emissions limits

The unwanted emissions in any 100 kHz bandwidth on any frequency outside the low frequency edge and the high frequency edge of each frequency block range(s), shall be attenuated below the transmitter power, P (dBW), by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$ (watts), dB. However, in the 100 kHz band immediately outside of the equipment's frequency block range, a resolution bandwidth of 30 kHz may be employed.



ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.7.3 TEST PROTOCOL

30 MHz to 1 GHz:

Band 12, downlink;						
Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Pin (Sum Level) [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
36.11	-66.0	-2.9	PEAK	120	-13.0	53.0
70.25	-55.9	-2.9	PEAK	120	-13.0	42.9
133.89	-64.6	-2.9	PEAK	120	-13.0	51.6
274.68	-53.3	-2.9	PEAK	120	-13.0	40.3
600.00	-64.0	-2.9	PEAK	120	-13.0	51.0
745.81	-55.4	-2.9	PEAK	120	-13.0	42.4

Above 1 GHz:

Band 12, downlink;						
Spurious Freq. [MHz]	Spurious Level [dBm]	Pin (Sum Level) [dBm]	Detector	RBW [kHz]	Limit [dBm]	Margin to Limit [dB]
2854.13	-43.6	-1.9	PEAK	1000	-13.0	30.6
5252.58	-35.0	-1.9	PEAK	1000	-13.0	22.0
17821.8	-20.2	-1.9	PEAK	1000	-13.0	7.2
1701.0	-47.7	-1.9	PEAK	1000	-13.0	34.7
3545.5	-41.2	-1.9	PEAK	1000	-13.0	28.2
17799.2	-20.1	-1.9	PEAK	1000	-13.0	7.1

Remarks: Please see next sub-clause for the measurement plot.

Although usually a RMS detector is used for measurements in this case a PEAK detector was used.

The limits are values for use of a RMS detector, but it is so, that the use of a PEAK detector results in readings with higher measured levels. Because the levels with the higher values with PEAK detector are in tolerance, the limits with a RMS detector are definitely also in tolerance.



BUREAU
VERITAS

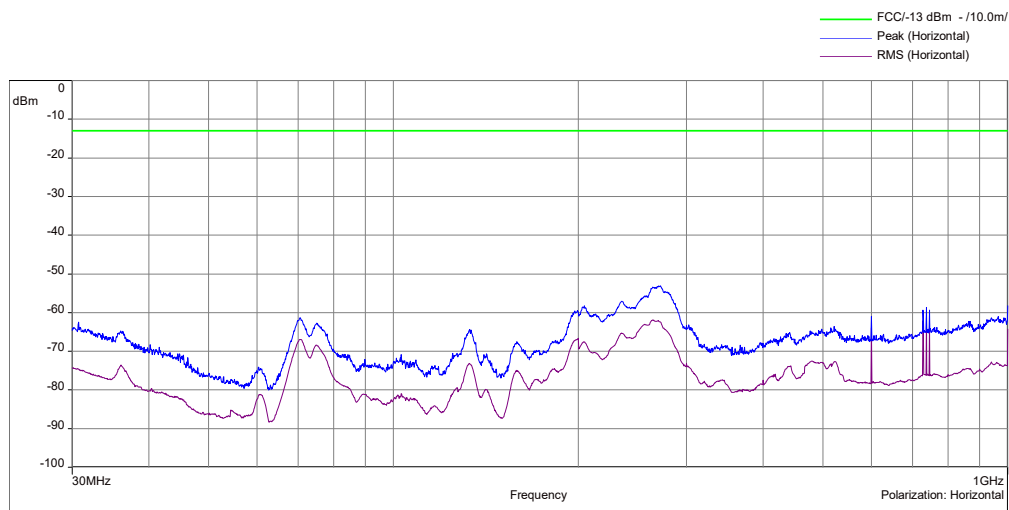
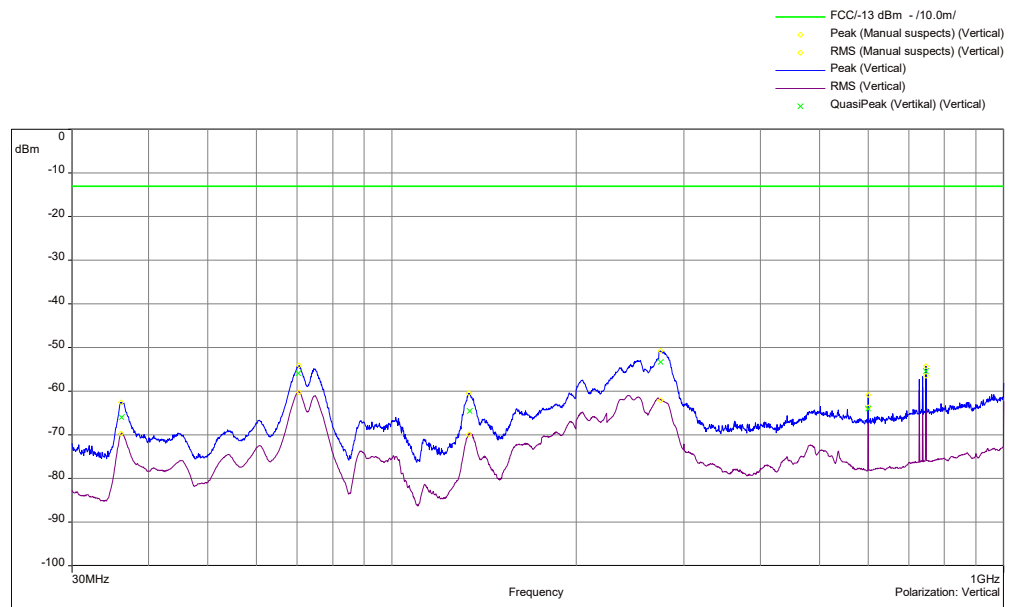
ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.7.4 MEASUREMENT PLOT (SHOWING THE HIGHEST VALUE, "WORST CASE")

Frequency Band = Band 12, Test Frequency = low, Direction = RF downlink

30 MHz - 1 GHz



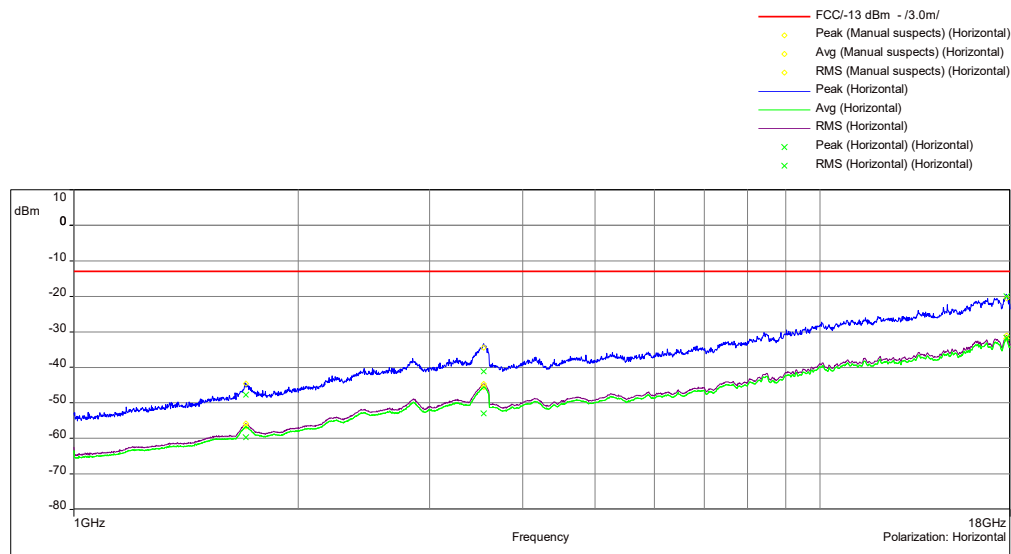
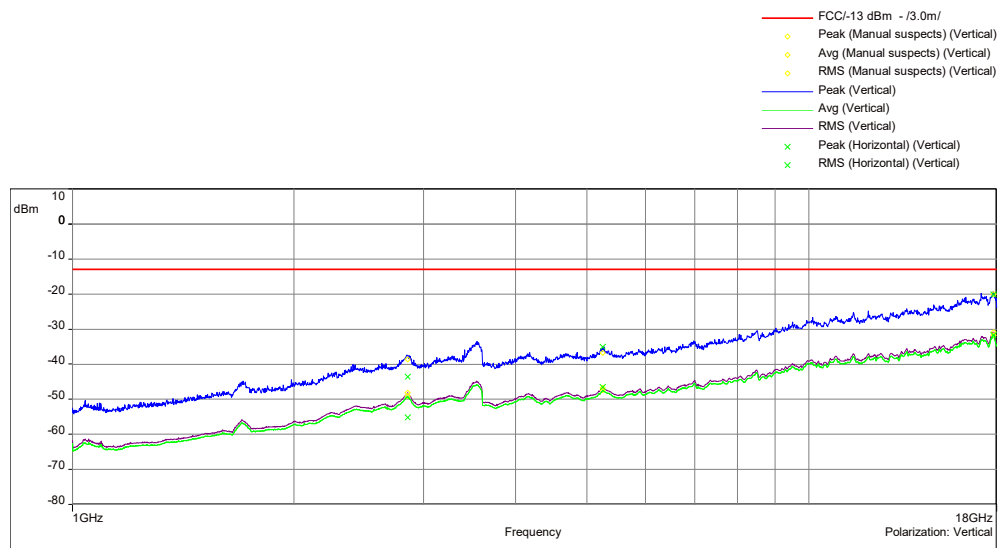


BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

1 GHz - 18 GHz





BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

4.7.5 FIELD STRENGTH CALCULATIONS

$$\mathbf{FS} = \mathbf{SA} + \mathbf{AF} + \mathbf{CL} + \mathbf{PA}$$

Where as:

FS = Field strength
SA = EMC test receiver reading
AF = Antenna factor
CL = Cable loss
PA = Preamplifier

4.7.6 TEST EQUIPMENT USED

- Radiated Emissions



**BUREAU
VERITAS**

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

5 TEST EQUIPMENT

1 Conducted

Ref.No.	Type	Description	Manufacturer	Inventory no.	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
1.1	FSV40	Signal Analyzer 10 Hz - 40 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	E2050	2019-10	2020-10
1.2	SMBV100A	Vector Signal Generator 9 kHz - 6 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	G2089	2017-08/ 2020-08	2022-08
1.3	SMIQ	Vector Signal Generator 9 kHz - 3.3 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	G1509	2018-10	2021-10
1.4	SMIQ	Vector Signal Generator 9 kHz - 3.3 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	G1510	2018-10	2021-10
1.5	ESH3-Z5	Line Impedance Stabilisation Network (LISN) 150 Hz - 30 MHz	Rohde & Schwarz	K794	2019-02	2020-10
1.6	30.3015	ThermoHygro Datalogger	TFA	X 507	2018-08	2021-08
1.7	BAT-EMC	Software	Nexio	V3.17.0.26	---	---

2 Radiated Emissions

Ref.No.	Type	Description	Manufacturer	Inventory no.	Last Calibration	Calibration Due
2.1	ESU40	EMI test receiver 10 Hz - 40 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	E2025	2018-10	2020-10
2.2	HFH2-Z2	Antenna 9 kHz - 30 MHz	Rohde & Schwarz	K549	2018-10	2020-10
2.3	CBL 6111C	Antenna 30 MHz - 1 GHz	Chase	K1026	2020-01	2021-01
2.4	HL 025	Antenna 1 GHz - 18 GHz	Rohde & Schwarz	K1114	2019-06	2021-06
2.5	MWH-1826/B	Antenna 18 GHz - 26.5 GHz	ARA Inc.	K1042	2018-11	2020-11
2.6	MWH-2640/B	Antenna 26 GHz - 40 GHz	ARA Inc.	K1043	2018-11	2020-11
2.7	AM1431	Pre amplifier 10 kHz - 1 GHz	Miteq	K1721	2019-10	2020-10
2.8	AFS4-00102000	Preamplifier 100 MHz - 20 GHz	Miteq	K817	2019-08	2021-08.
2.9	AFS4-00102000	Preamplifier 100 MHz - 20 GHz	Miteq	K838	2019-10	2020-10
2.10	JS43-1800-4000	Preamplifier 18 GHz - 40 GHz	Miteq	K1104	2019-05	2020-10
2.11	BAT-EMC	Software	Nexio	V3.17.0.26	---	---



**BUREAU
VERITAS**

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

6 ANTENNA FACTORS, CABLE LOSS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

This chapter contains the antenna factors with their corresponding path loss of the used measurement path for all antennas.

6.1 ANTENNA CHASE CBL 6111C (30 MHZ – 1 GHZ)

(d = 10 m)

Frequency	AF Horizontal R&S CBL 6111C	AF Vertikal R&S CBL 6111C	Corr.
30	47.9	38.1	-38.1
50	34.4	26.4	-38.0
100	31.6	32.8	-38.0
150	33.7	33.9	-37.9
200	30.3	32.8	-37.7
250	33.6	36.5	-37.5
300	34.5	36.8	-37.1
350	36.3	37.2	-37.0
400	36.9	38.3	-36.8
450	38.0	39.6	-36.5
500	39.2	40.4	-36.0
550	41.2	42.1	-35.9
600	41.6	41.7	-35.7
650	41.9	42.9	-35.9
700	42.3	43.4	-35.6
750	43.5	43.9	-35.7
800	43.6	44.6	-36.0
850	45.0	45.1	-36.1
900	45.2	45.1	-36.6
950	46.4	46.4	-36.4
1000	45.8	47.0	-36.0

cable loss (antenna - pre-amp)	pre-amp	cable loss (inside chamber)	cable loss (to receiver)
-0,01	-38.3	0.0	0.1
0,28	-38.4	0.3	0.1
0,52	-38.7	0.5	0.2
0,73	-38.8	0.7	0.2
0,95	-38.9	1.0	0.3
1,10	-38.9	1.1	0.3
1,20	-38.6	1.2	0.3
1,29	-38.6	1.3	0.3
1,36	-38.5	1.4	0.3
1,42	-38.2	1.4	0.4
1,48	-37.9	1.5	0.4
1,54	-37.8	1.5	0.4
1,60	-37.7	1.6	0.4
1,64	-38.0	1.6	0.5
1,71	-37.8	1.7	0.5
1,76	-38.0	1.8	0.5
1,80	-38.3	1.8	0.5
1,84	-38.4	1.8	0.5
1,91	-39.0	1.9	0.5
1,93	-38.9	1.9	0.6
1,99	-38.6	2.0	0.6

Sample calculation

$$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + \text{Corr. (dB)}$$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

distance correction = $-20 * \text{LOG} (d_{\text{Limit}} / d_{\text{used}})$

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.



ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

6.2 ANTENNA ROHDE & SCHWARZ HL 025 (1 GHZ – 18 GHZ)

Frequency	AF R&S HL 025	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
1000	33.2	-18.9
2000	39.4	-17.8
3000	42.8	-17.0
4000	45.1	-16.6
5000	46.8	-16.6
6000	48.5	-16.7
7000	50.2	-16.2
8000	50.4	-15.3
9000	51.9	-14.4
10000	53.8	-14.0
11000	54.5	-14.1
12000	55.3	-14.4
13000	55.7	-14.7
14000	56.5	-14.8
15000	56.4	-14.7
16000	57.2	-14.3
17000	57.6	-14.5
18000	57.6	-14.6

pre-amp	cable loss (to receiver)
dB	dB
-20.92	2.01
-20.60	2.78
-20.44	3.42
-20.58	3.99
-21.08	4.46
-21.53	4.87
-21.53	5.35
-20.97	5.66
-20.44	6.05
-20.43	6.45
-20.84	6.69
-21.41	7.04
-22.09	7.36
-22.48	7.66
-22.56	7.90
-22.49	8.20
-22.90	8.45
-23.27	8.71

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + \text{Corr. (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Tables show an extract of values.



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

6.3 ANTENNA ARA INC. MWH-1826-B (18 GHZ – 26.5 GHZ) PARTIALLY
IN CONJUNCTION WITH PRE-AMPLIFIER MITEQ JS43-1800-4000: THE USE
OF THE PRE-AMPLIFIER IS DEPENDENT FROM THE FIELD STRENGTH

Frequency	AF EMCO 3160- 09	Corr.
MHz	dB (1/m)	dB
18000	44.3	-37.5
18500	43.9	-37.6
19000	44.4	-36.9
19500	44.1	-36.1
20000	44.6	-36.3
20500	44.9	-36.1
21000	45.2	-35.9
21500	45.0	-35.7
22000	45.1	-35.3
22500	45.4	-35.0
23000	45.7	-35.6
23500	45.8	-34.3
24000	45.3	-34.8
24500	45.3	-35.0
25000	46.1	-34.3
25500	46.5	-34.2
26000	46.7	-34.8
26500	46.5	-34.4
27000	46.4	-35.1

pre-amp	cable loss (to receiver)
dB	dB
-46.2	8.7
-46.4	8.8
-45.9	9.0
-45.2	9.1
-45.6	9.3
-45.5	9.4
-45.3	9.4
-45.3	9.7
-45.1	9.8
-44.8	9.8
-45.5	9.9
-44.4	10.1
-45.0	10.2
-45.3	10.4
-44.8	10.5
-44.7	10.5
-45.4	10.6
-45.1	10.7
-46.0	10.9

Sample calculation

$E \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V/m)} = U \text{ (dB } \mu\text{V)} + AF \text{ (dB 1/m)} + Corr. \text{ (dB)}$

U = Receiver reading

AF = Antenna factor

Corr. = sum of single correction factors of used cables, switch unit, distance correction, amplifier (if applicable)

Linear interpolation will be used for frequencies in between the values in the table.

Table shows an extract of values.



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

7 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

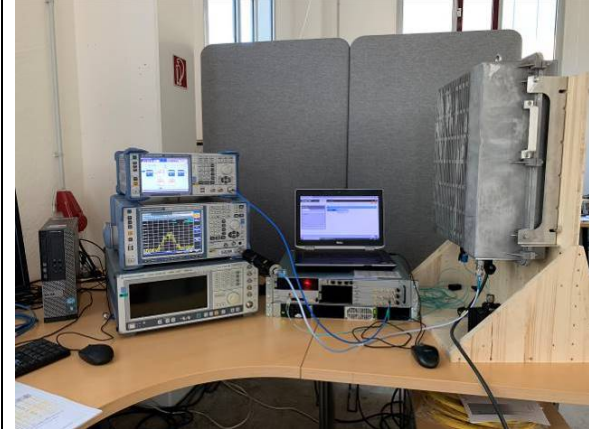
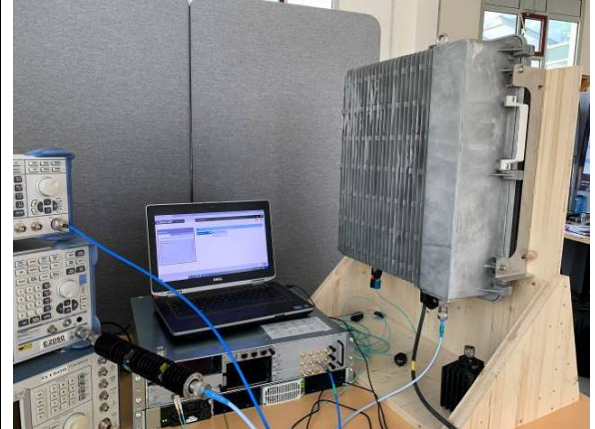
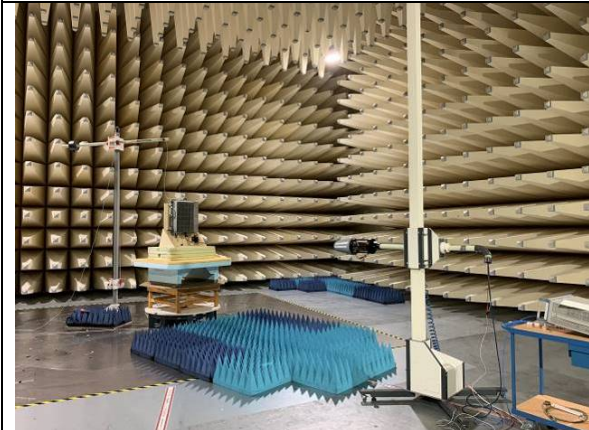
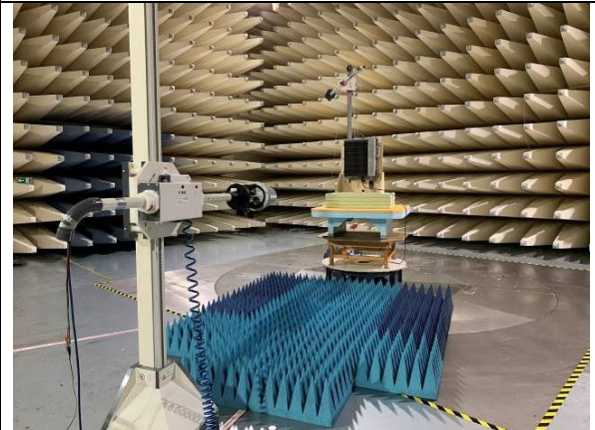
KDB 935210 D05	ECL
Power measurement	0,68 dB
Measuring AGC threshold level	0,90 dB
Out of band rejection	0,90 dB
Input-versus-output signal comparison	0,91 dB
Mean power output	0,90 dB
Measuring out-of-band/out-of-block (including intermodulation) emissions and spurious emissions	0,90 dB
Out-of-band/out-of-block emissions conducted measurements	0,90 dB
Spurious emissions conducted	2,18 dB
Spurious emissions radiated measurements	5,38 dB
Total frequency uncertainty	2×10^{-7}

reference :

ECL-MU5.4.6.3-EMC-14-001-V03.00 MU Wireless.xlsx

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

8 PHOTO REPORT**Conducted Mesaruements****Conducted Mesurements****Radiated Mesaruements 30 MHz up to 1 GHz****Radiated Mesurements 30 MHz up to 1 GHz****Radiated Mesaruements over 1 GHz****Radiated Mesurements over 1 GHz**



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Annex A: Accreditation certificate (for information)

The accreditation relates to competences stated on the accreditation certificate. The current certificate is available on the homepage of the DAkkS and can be downloaded under accredited bodies with the processing number:

<https://www.dakks.de/en>



**BUREAU
VERITAS**

ECL-TA-20-003-V01.00

TA tests on Andrew CAP MX AC 6/7E/80-
85/17E/19/23/25T

Annex B: Additional information provided by client

None.

***** End of test report *****