

Test Site:
FCC Test Site No.: 96997



BUREAU
VERITAS

ECL-EMC Test Report No.: 15-023

Equipment under test: **ION-U H 7P/80-85P/17P/19P**
1900MHz Path
FCC ID: **XS5-UH781719P**

Type of test: **FCC 47 CFR Part 24 Subpart E: 2015**
Broadband PCS

Measurement Procedures: 47 CFR Parts 2: 2015(*Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations*),
24 (Broadband PCS),
ANSI/TIA-603-C (2004), *Land Mobile FM or PM Communications Equipment Measurement and Performance Standards*

Test result: **Passed**

Date of issue:	24.07.15	Signature:	
Issue-No.:	01	Author:	 Tom Zahlmann Test engineer Digitally signed by Tom Zahlmann DN: cn=Tom Zahlmann, o=Bureau Veritas CPS, ou=ECL, email=tom.zahlmann@de.bureauveritas.com, c=DE Date: 2015.07.24 08:54:13 +02'00'
Date of delivery:	27.01.15	Checked:	 Werner Haas Test engineer Digital unterschrieben von Werner Haas DN: cn=Werner Haas, o=Bureau Veritas CPS, ou=ECL, email=werner.haas@de.bureauveritas.com, c=DE Datum: 2015.07.24 09:42:45 +02'00'
Test dates:	15.12.14 – 27.01.15		
Pages:	57		



Manufacturer: ANDREW Wireless Systems GmbH
Industriering 10

D-86675 Buchdorf

Tel.: +49 (0)9099 69 0

Fax: +49 (0)9099 69 140

Test Location: Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services
Germany GmbH
European Compliance Laboratory (ECL)
Thurn-und-Taxis-Straße 18

D-90411 Nürnberg

Tel.: +49 40 74041 0

Fax: +49 40 74041-2755

General:

The purpose of this report is to show compliance to the FCC regulations for unlicensed devices operating under section 15.249 of the Code of Federal Regulations title 47.

This report informs about the results of the EMC tests, it only refers to the equipment under test. No part of this report may be reproduced in any form, without written permission.



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1 Test Results Summary

Name of Test	FCC Para. No.	FCC Method	FCC Spec.	Result
RF Power Output	24.232(a)	2.1046(a)	1640 Watts E.I.R.P	Complies
Occupied Bandwidth	KDB 935210 D02 v03r01 D.3(j)	2.1049(h)	Input/Output	Complies
Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	24.238(a)	2.1051	-13dBm	Complies
Intermodulation	KDB 935210 D02 v03r01 D.3(i)	KDB 935210 D02 v03r01 D.3(i)	KDB 935210 D02 v03r01 D.3(i)	Complies
Field Strength of Spurious Emissions	24.238(a)	2.1053	-13dBm E.I.R.P	Complies
Frequency Stability	NA	2.1055(a)(d)	Must stay in band	NA
Out of Band Rejection	KDB 935210 D02 v03	KDB 935210 D03 v03	KDB 935210 D03 v03	Complies

Frequency stability is given by: The system gets an electrical analog signal from the BSS which is converted into an analog optical signal, transmitted by the optical links and then reconverted in the Remote Unit into an analog electrical signal. During this process happens no frequency change/modification, so input and output have same frequency what can be seen under clause "Occupied Bandwidth".



2 Equipment under test (E.U.T.)

2.1 Description

Kind of equipment	ION-U H 7P/80-85P/17P/19P-Vac-M2	
Andrew Ident. Number	7698400-0001	
Serial no.(SN)	11	
Revision	00	
Software version and ID	1.69.0	
Type of modulation and Designator	GSM (GXW)	☒
	GSM EDGE (G7W)	☒
	CDMA (F9W)	☒
	W-CDMA (F9W)	☒
	LTE (G7D)	☒
Frequency Translation	F1-F1	☒
	F1-F2	☐
	N/A	☐
Band Selection	Software	☐
	Duplexer	☒
	Full band	☐

2.1.1 Downlink

Pass band	Path 1930 MHz – 1995 MHz
Max. composite output power based on one carrier per path (rated)	43.0 dBm = 20 W
MIMO max. composite output power based on one carrier per path (rated)	46.0 dBm = 40 W
System Gain*	10 dB @ Pout BTS of 33 dBm

*see 2.1.5

2.1.2 Uplink

Pass band	Path 1850 MHz – 1915 MHz
Maximum rated output power	n. a.
System Gain*	n.a.

*see 2.1.5

Note: The EUT does not transmit over the air in the uplink direction.



2.1.3 Description of EUT

CommScope's ION-U H 7P/80-85P/17P/19P-Vac-M2 is a multi-band, multi-operator Remote Unit. It is used in conjunction with a Master Unit in the ION optical distribution system. This system transports up to four frequency bands simultaneously, providing a cost-effective solution for distributing capacity from one or more base stations. In single use the ION-U H 7P/80-85P/17P/19P-Vac-M2 is a SISO system. In combination with a ION-U EU H 7P/80-85P/17P/19P-Vac-M2 and or ION-U EU H 23/23-Vac-M2 the ION-U system can use for MIMO application in all RF paths.

This Test Report describes only the approval of the 1900 MHz Path.

The ION-U H 7P/80-85P/17P/19P-Vac-M2 Repeater system consists of one 700 MHz path, one 800-850 MHz path, one 1700/2100 MHz path and one 1900 MHz path with the intended use of simultaneous transmission.

The antenna(s) used with device must be fixed-mounted on permanent structures.

2.1.4 Block diagram of measurement reference points

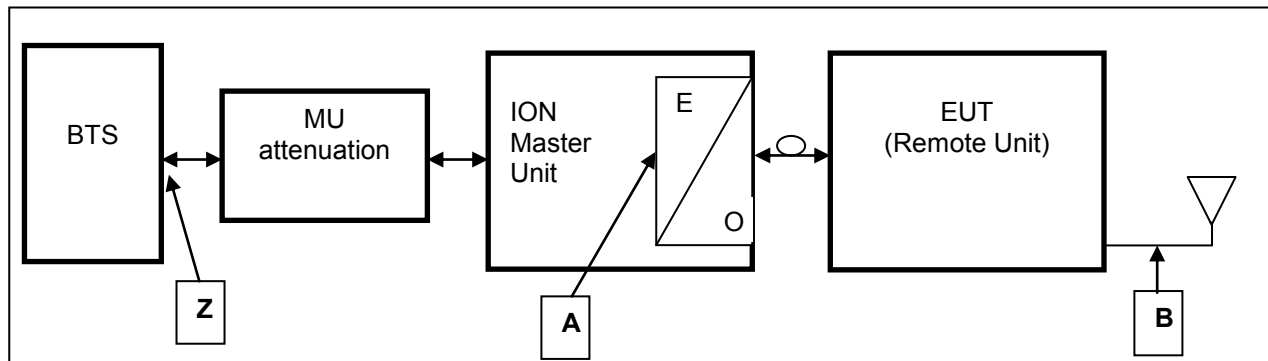


figure 2.1.4-#1 Block diagram of measurement reference points

Remote Unit (RU) is the EUT

O/E Optic/Electrical converter
MU Master Unit

Reference point A	MU	UL output,	DL input
Reference point B	Remote Unit	DL output,	UL input
Reference point Z	BTS	DL output,	UL input

Since a signal generator does not supply a good output signal with +33 or +43dBm, for the downlink measurement the MU Attenuation is not used.

That means for downlink measurements the signal generator is connected to measurement point A at the master optical / electrical converter and the analyzer to the measurement point B at the RU.

2.1.5 Downlink System Gain and Output Power

System optimized for BTS power (fixed value) Z	MU Attenuation (manual leveling)	Maximum rated input power at the MU OTRX (fixed value) A	RU Gain (fixed value) A to B	Maximum rated output power at RU Antenna port (fixed value) B
+33 dBm	55 dB	-22 dBm	+65 dB	+43.0 dBm @ 1 carrier
System Gain Z to B	+10 dB			
+43 dBm	65 dB	-22 dBm	+65 dB	+43.0 dBm @ 1 carrier
System Gain Z to B	+0 dB			

table 2.1.5-#1 Equipment under test (E.U.T.) Description Downlink System Gain and Output Power



3 Test site (Andrew Buchdorf)

3.1 Test environment

All tests were performed under the following environmental conditions:

Condition	Minimum value	Maximum value
Barometric pressure	86 kPa	106 kPa
Temperature	15°C	30°C
Relative Humidity	20 %	75 %
Power supply range	±5% of rated voltages	

3.2 Test equipment

ANDREW Inv. No.	Test equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	Calibration
9266	Network Analyzer	ZNB 20	R&S	101490	12/2015
9236	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV 30	R&S	101345	9/2015
9069	Generator	SMBV100A	R&S	256275	08/2015
9046	Generator	SMBV100A	R&S	255090	06/2015
8542	Power Meter	E4418A	Agilent	GB38273230	02/2015
8544	Power Sensor	E8481H	Agilent	3318A19208	07/2015
7157	RF-Cable	Succoflex	Suhner	36180/4P	CIU
7158	RF-Cable	Succoflex	Suhner	36182/4P	CIU
7289	RF-Cable	Succoflex	Suhner	28443/4PE	CIU
7290	RF-Cable	Succoflex	Suhner	28444/4PE	CIU
7385	RF-Cable	Succoflex	Suhner	36267/4P	CIU
7387	RF-Cable	Succoflex	Suhner	36267/4P	CIU
7390	RF-Cable	Succoflex	Suhner	40193/4P	CIU
7381	RF-Cable	Succoflex	Suhner	40200/4P	CIU
7459	Notch filter	WRCTF 1930	Wainwright Instruments	1	CIU
7406	Switch-Matrix		Andrew		CIU

CIU = Calibrate in use



3.3 Input and output losses

All recorded power levels should be referenced to the input and output connectors of the repeater, unless explicitly stated otherwise.

The test equipment used in this test has to be calibrated, so that the functionality is also checked.

All cables, attenuators, splitter, isolator, circulator and combiner etc. must be measured before testing and used for compensation during testing.

3.4 Measurement uncertainty

The extended measurement uncertainty corresponds to the measurement results from the standard measurement uncertainty multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$. The true value is located in the corresponding interval with a probability of 95 %.

4 Test site (Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services)

FCC Test site: 96997

See relevant dates under section 8.

5 RF Power Out: §24.232, §2.1046

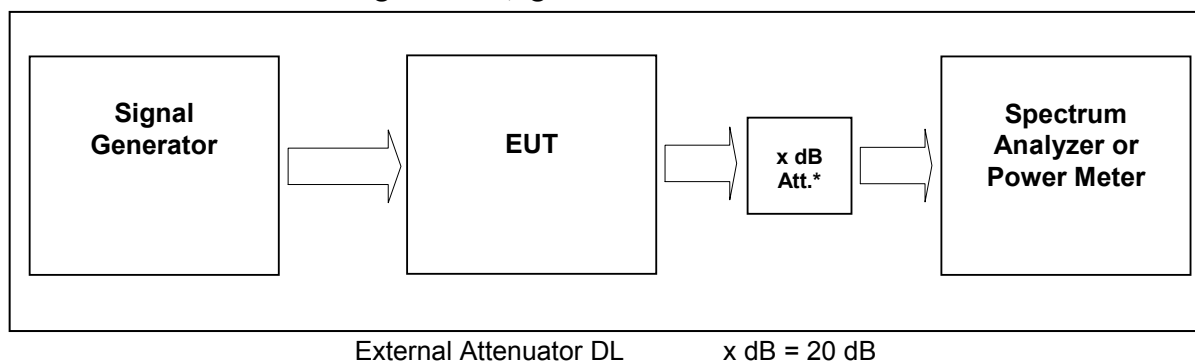


figure 5-#1 Test setup: RF Power Out: §24.232, §2.1046

Measurement uncertainty	± 0,38 dB
Test equipment used	9069, 9046, 9236, 7406, 7157, 7158, 7289, 7290, 7385

5.1 Limit

Minimum standard:

Para. No.24.232

(a)(1) Base stations with an emission bandwidth of 1 MHz or less are limited to 1640 watts equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT, except as described in paragraph (b) below.

(2) Base stations with an emission bandwidth greater than 1 MHz are limited to 1640 watts/MHz equivalent isotropically radiated power (EIRP) with an antenna height up to 300 meters HAAT, except as described in paragraph (b) below.

Table 1—Reduced Power for Base Station Antenna Heights Over 300 Meters

HAAT in meters	Maximum EIRP watts
≤ 300	1640
≤ 500	1070
≤ 1000	490
≤ 1500	270
≤ 2000	160

5.2 Test method

§ 2.1046 Measurements required: RF power output.

(a) For transmitters other than single sideband, independent sideband and controlled carrier radiotelephone, power output shall be measured at the RF output terminals when the transmitter is adjusted in accordance with the tune-up procedure to give the values of current and voltage on the circuit elements specified in § 2.1033(c)(8). The electrical characteristics of the radio frequency load attached to the output terminals when this test is made shall be stated.



(c) For measurements conducted pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section, all calculations and methods used by the applicant for determining carrier power or peak envelope power, as appropriate, on the basis of measured power in the radio frequency load attached to the transmitter output terminals shall be shown. Under the test conditions specified, no components of the emission spectrum shall exceed the limits specified in the applicable rule parts as necessary for meeting occupied bandwidth or emission limitations

5.3 Test Results

Detector RMS.

Test signal GSM:

Signal waveform with GMSK modulation in all time slots according to 3GPP TS45.004

Test signal GSM EDGE:

Signal waveform with 8-PSK modulation in all time slots according to 3GPP TS45.004

Test signal CDMA:

Signal waveform according to table 6.2-1 of standard specification 3GPP2 C.p0051-0 v1.0 16.February 2006 pilot, sync, paging, 37 traffics, which is equal to the table 6.5.2.1 of 3GPP2 C.S0010-C v2.0 24.February 2006.

Test signal WCDMA:

Signal waveform according to Test Model 1 of standard specification 3GPP TS25.141. Signal modulated with a combination of PCCPCH, SCCPCH and Dedicated Physical Channels specified as test model 1 64 DPCH.

Test signal LTE:

Signal waveform according to Test Model 1.1, E-TM1.1, clause 6.1.1.1-1, table 6.1.1.1-1 of standard specification 3GPP TS 36.141 V9.3.0 (2010-03).



5.3.1 Downlink

Modulation	Measured at	Carrier /MHz	RBW VBW Span	RF Power (dBm)	RF Power (W)	MIMO* RF Power (W)	Plot -
GSM	Middle	1962.5 MHz	1MHz 3MHz 10MHz	43.0	20	40	5.3.1.1 #1
EDGE	Middle	1962.5 MHz	1MHz 3MHz 10MHz	43.0	20	40	5.3.1.2 #1
CDMA	Middle	1962.5 MHz	3MHz 10MHz 15MHz	43.0	20	40	5.3.1.3 #1
WCDMA	Middle	1962.5 MHz	10MHz 10MHz 50MHz	43.0	20	40	5.3.1.4 #1
LTE	Middle	1962.5 MHz	3MHz 10MHz 15MHz	43.0	20	40	5.3.1.5 #1
Maximum output power = 43.0 dBm = 20 W							
Limit Maximum output power (erp) = 1000 W							

table 5.3.1-#1 RF Power Out: §24.232, §2.1046 Test Results Downlink

SISO:

The max RF Power out is 43 dBm, so the maximum antenna gain (x) can be calculated as follow:

Limit = 1000W (erp) = 60 dBm

Info: 1000W (erp) = 1640W (eirp)

$60 \text{ dBm} > 43 \text{ dBm} + x \rightarrow x = 60 \text{ dBm} - 43 \text{ dBm} = 17 \text{ dBd}$

$x \text{ dBi} = 17 \text{ dBd} + 2.15 = 19.15 \text{ dBi}$

=> The antenna that will be used for the complete system have to have a gain lower than 19.15 dBi, relative to a dipol.

*MIMO:

MIMO path test results see RF Test Report FCC ID XS5-UEUH781719P.

If the DUT used in MIMO configuration according to KDB 662911, the MIMO Max RF Power is the sum of the RF power from the SISO path and MIMO path.

MIMO Max RF Power = SISO path RF Power + MIMO path RF Power

MIMO Max RF Power = 20 W + 20 W = 40 W = 46 dBm



The MIMO max RF Power out is 46 dBm, so the maximum antenna gain (x) can be calculated as follow:

Limit = 1000W (erp) = **60 dBm**

Info: 1000W (erp) = 1640W (eirp)

$60 \text{ dBm} > 46 \text{ dBm} + x \rightarrow x = 60 \text{ dBm} - 46 \text{ dBm} = \underline{14 \text{ dBd}}$

$x \text{ dBi} = 14 \text{ dBd} + 2.15 = \underline{16.15 \text{ dBi}}$

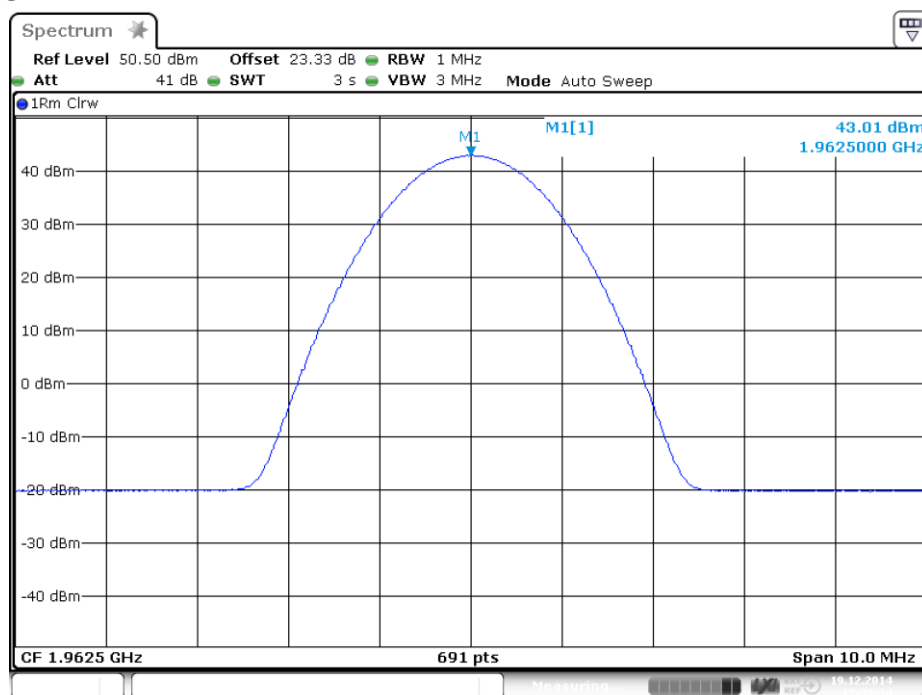
=> The antenna that will be used for the complete system have to have a gain lower than 16.15 dBi, relative to a dipol.

Modulation	Pin / dBm (Ref. point B)
GSM	-22.1
EDGE	-22.1
CDMA	-21.8
WCDMA	-21.9
LTE	-22.2

table 5.3.1-#2 RF Power Out: §24.232, §2.1046 Test Results Downlink Input power

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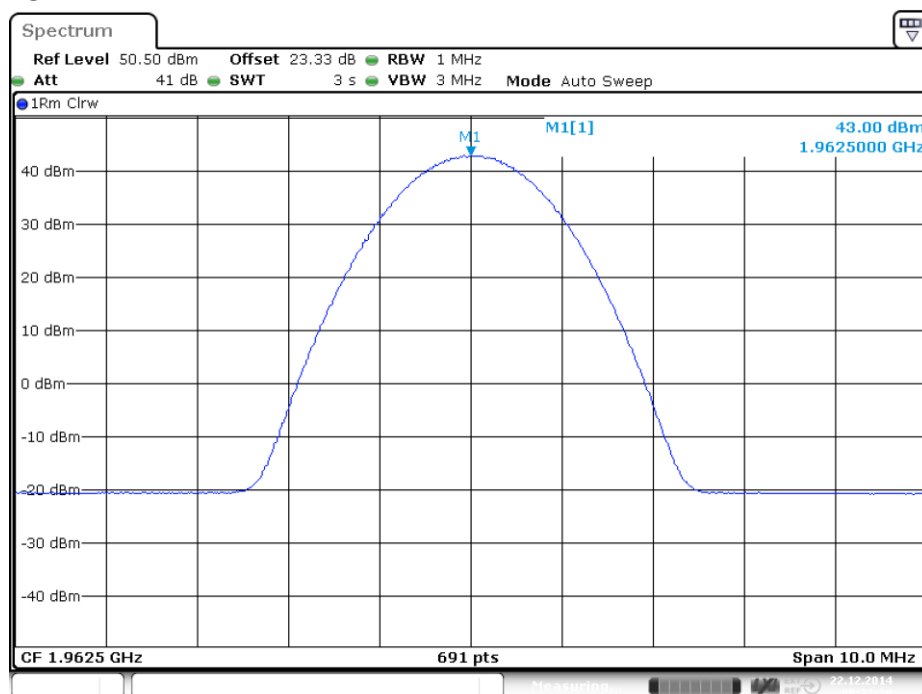
5.3.1.1 GSM



Date: 19.DEC.2014 12:38:34

plot 5.3.1.1-#1 RF Power Out: §24.232, §2.1046; Test Results; Downlink; GSM Middle

5.3.1.2 EDGE

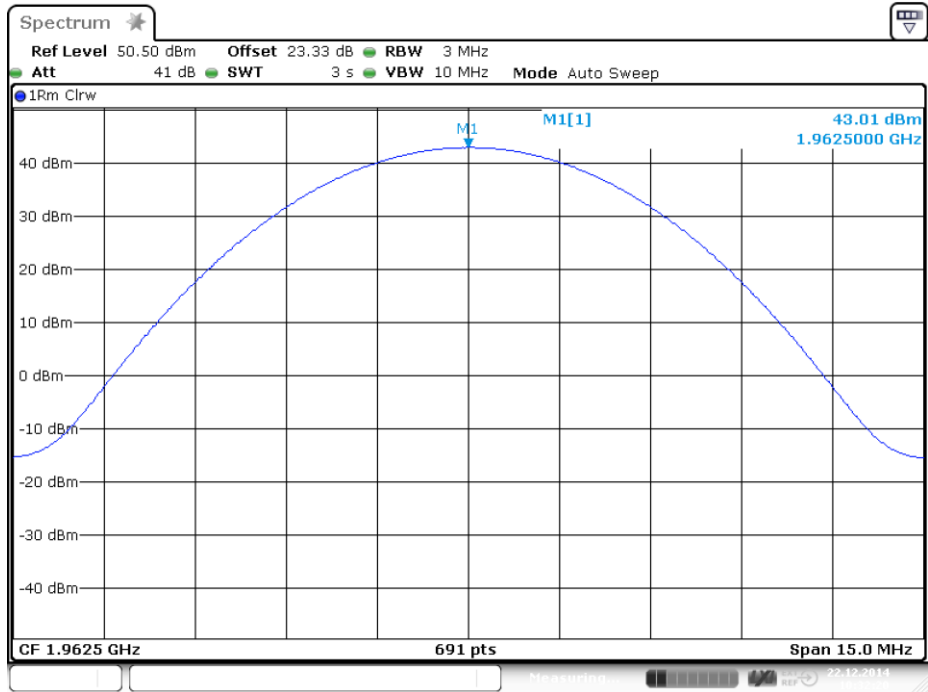


Date: 22.DEC.2014 08:32:39

plot 5.3.1.2-#1 RF Power Out: §24.232, §2.1046; Test Results; Downlink; EDGE Middle

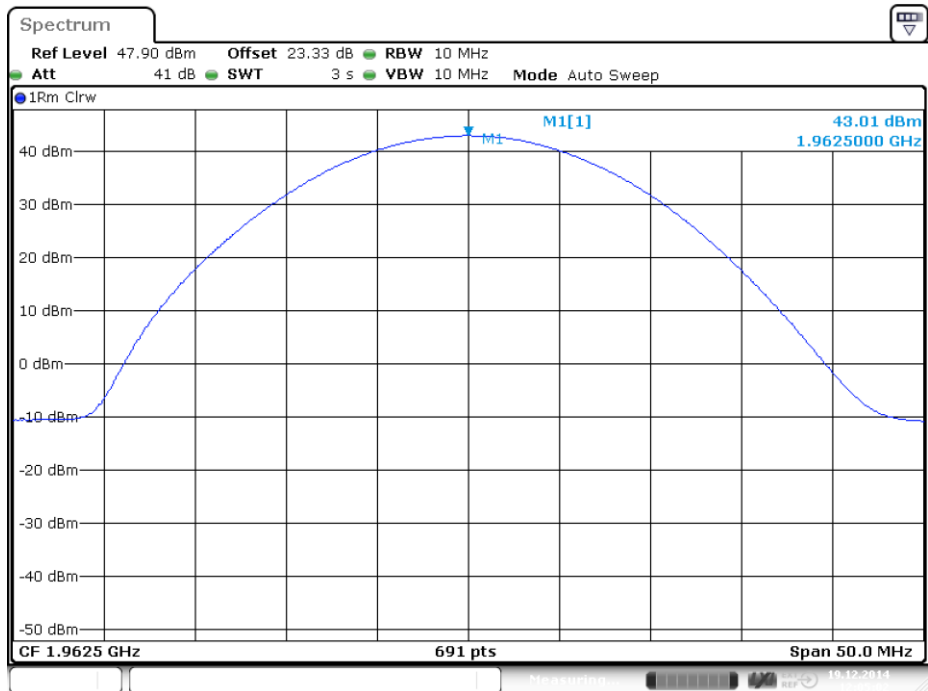


5.3.1.3 CDMA



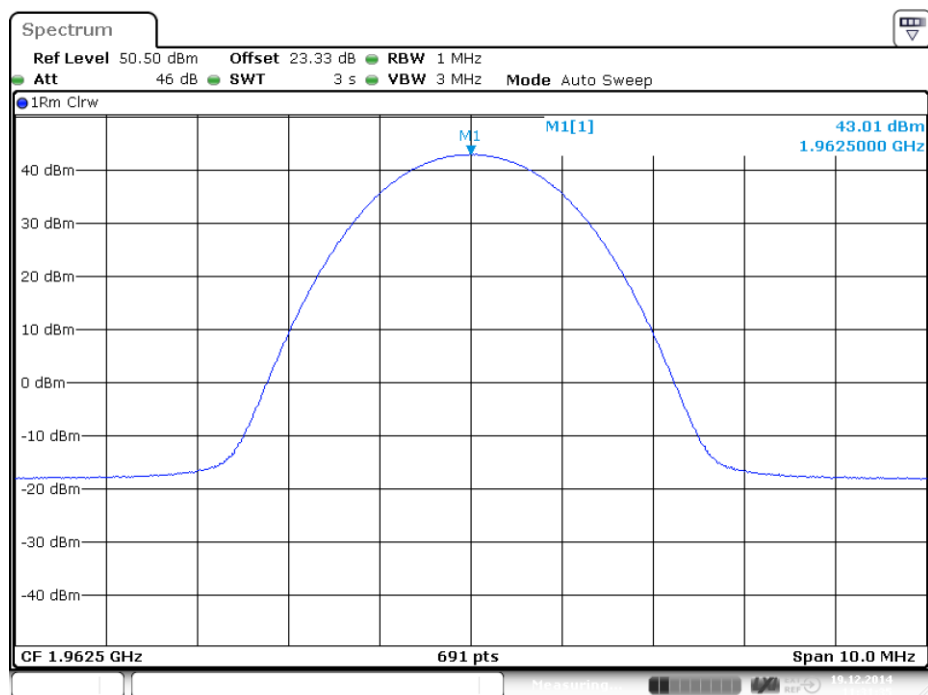
plot 5.3.1.3-#1 RF Power Out: §24.232, §2.1046; Test Results; Downlink; CDMA Middle

5.3.1.4 WCDMA



plot 5.3.1.4-#1 RF Power Out: §24.232, §2.1046; Test Results; Downlink; WCDMA Middle

5.3.1.5 LTE



Date: 19.DEC.2014 11:31:35

plot 5.3.1.5-#1 RF Power Out: §24.232, §2.1046; Test Results; Downlink; LTE Middle

5.3.2 Uplink

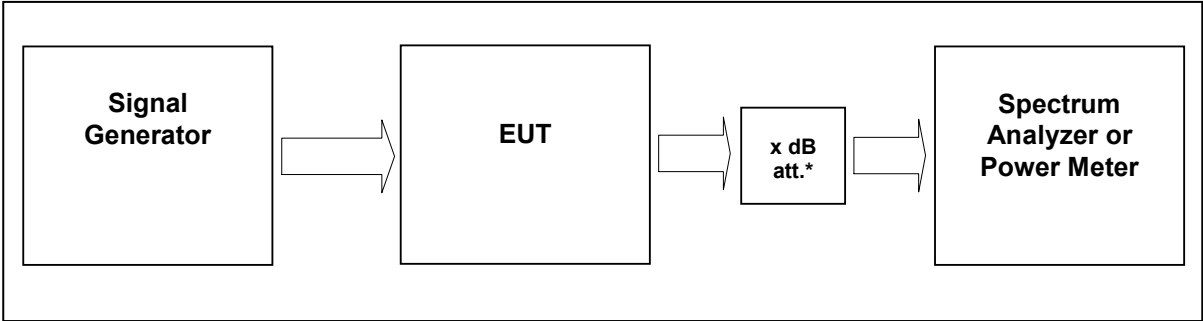
n.a.

Note: The EUT does not transmit over the air in the uplink direction.

5.4 Summary test result

Test result	complies, according the plots above
Tested by:	F. Bengesser
Date:	22.12.2014

6 Occupied Bandwidth: §2.1049;



External Attenuator DL x dB = 20 dB
figure 6-#1 Test setup: Occupied Bandwidth: §2.1049;

Measurement uncertainty	± 0,38 dB
Test equipment used	9069, 9046, 9236, 7406, 7157, 7158, 7289, 7290, 7385

6.1 Limit

The spectral shape of the output should look similar to input for all modulations.

6.2 Test method

Para. No.2.1049
The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured under the following conditions as applicable:



6.3 Test results

6.3.1 Downlink

Detector PK.

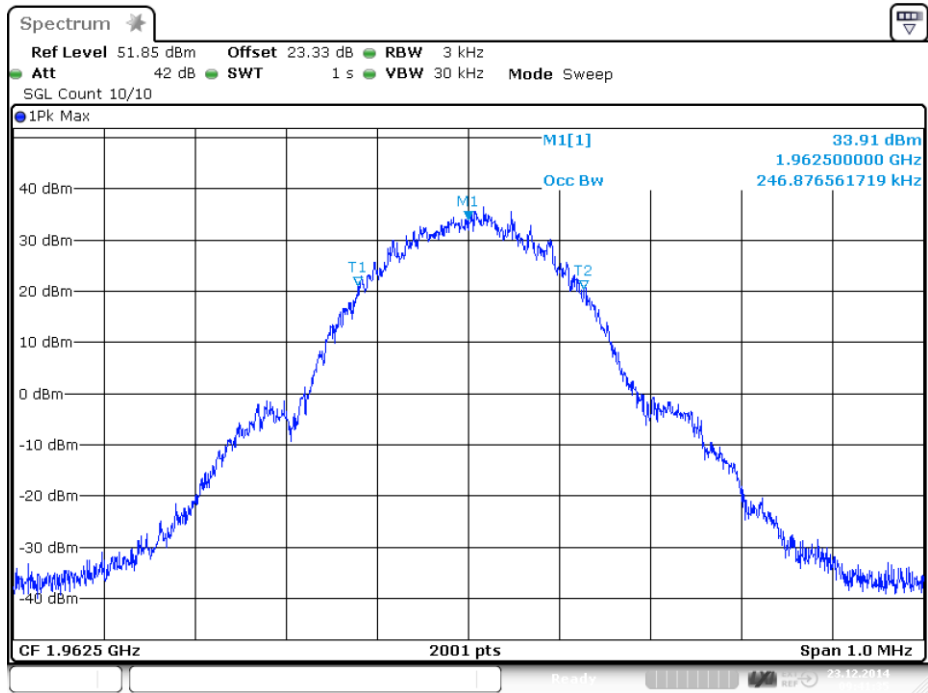
Modulation	Measured at	Carrier /MHz	RBW VBW Span	Occupied Bandwidth	Plot #
GSM	Middle	1962,5 MHz	3 kHz 30 kHz 1 MHz	246.9 kHz	6.3.1.1 #1, #2
EDGE	Middle	1962,5 MHz	3 kHz 30 kHz 1 MHz	243.4 kHz	6.3.1.2 #1, #2
CDMA	Middle	1962,5 MHz	30 kHz 300 kHz 5 MHz	1.2 MHz	6.3.1.3 #1, #2
WCDMA	Middle	1962,5 MHz	100 kHz 1 MHz 10 MHz	4.2 MHz	6.3.1.4 #1, #2
LTE	Middle	1962,5 MHz	30 kHz 300 kHz 5 MHz	1.1 MHz	6.3.1.5 #1, #2

Modulation	Measured at	Carrier /MHz	RBW VBW Span	26dB Bandwidth	Plot #
GSM	Middle	1962,5 MHz	3 kHz 30 kHz 1 MHz	318.8 kHz	6.3.2.1 #1, #2
EDGE	Middle	1962,5 MHz	3 kHz 30 kHz 1 MHz	311.3 kHz	6.3.2.2 #1, #2
CDMA	Middle	1962,5 MHz	30 kHz 300 kHz 5 MHz	1.4 MHz	6.3.2.3 #1, #2
WCDMA	Middle	1962,5 MHz	100 kHz 1 MHz 10 MHz	4.7 MHz	6.3.2.4 #1, #2
LTE	Middle	1962,5 MHz	30 kHz 300 kHz 5 MHz	1.3 MHz	6.3.2.5 #1, #2

table 6.3-#1 Occupied Bandwidth: §2.1049; Test results

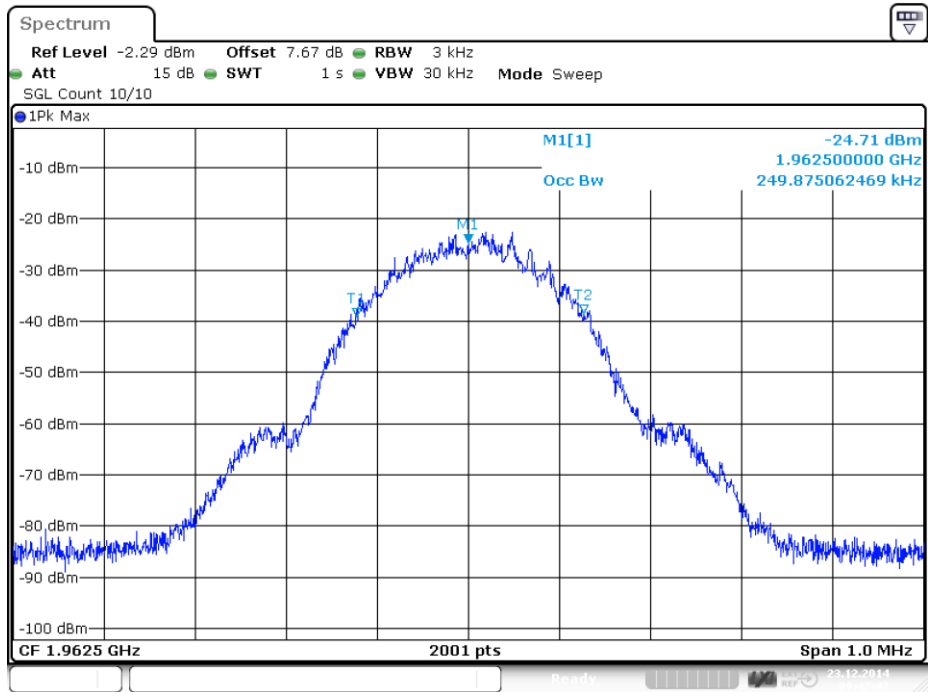


6.3.1.1 GSM



Date: 23.DEC.2014 09:41:34

plot 6.3.1.1-#1 Occupied Bandwidth: §2.1049;; Test results; Downlink; GSM Output

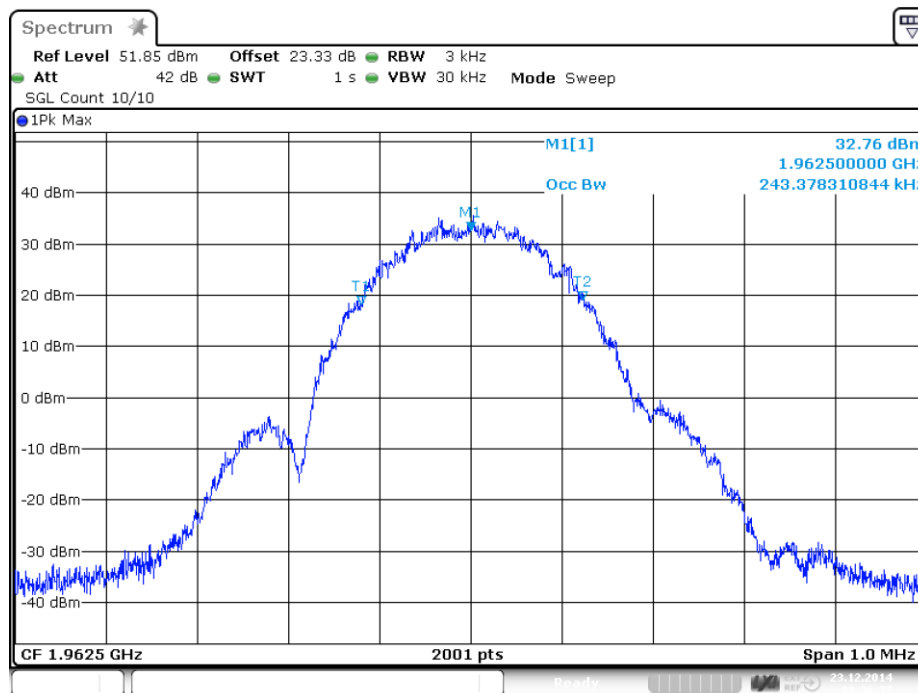


Date: 23.DEC.2014 09:42:46

plot 6.3.1.1-#2 Occupied Bandwidth: §2.1049;; Test results; Downlink; GSM Input

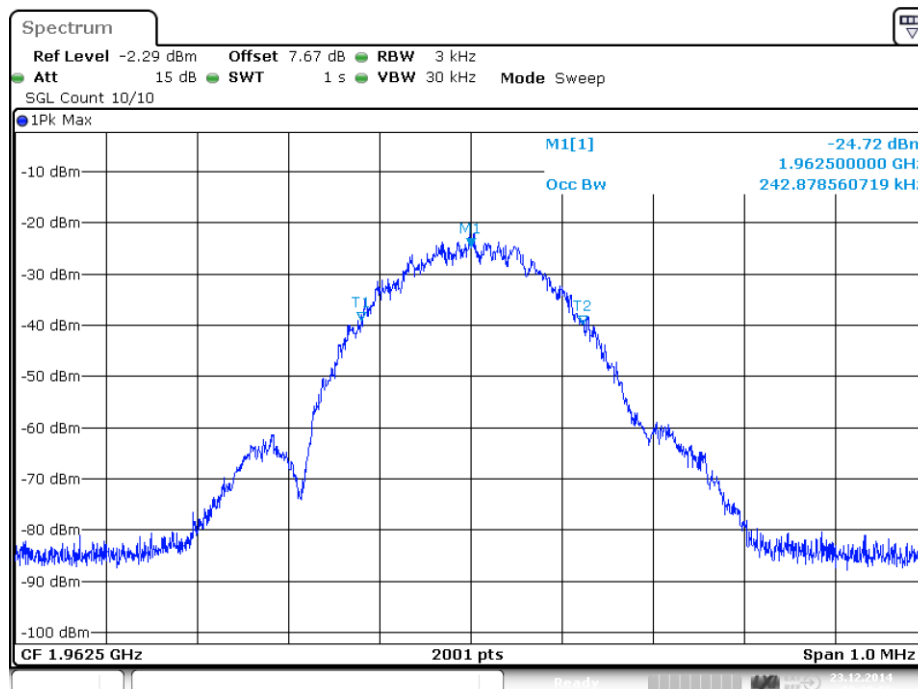


6.3.1.2 EDGE



Date: 23.DEC.2014 08:36:37

plot 6.3.1.2-#1 Occupied Bandwidth: \$2.1049;; Test results; Downlink; EDGE Output

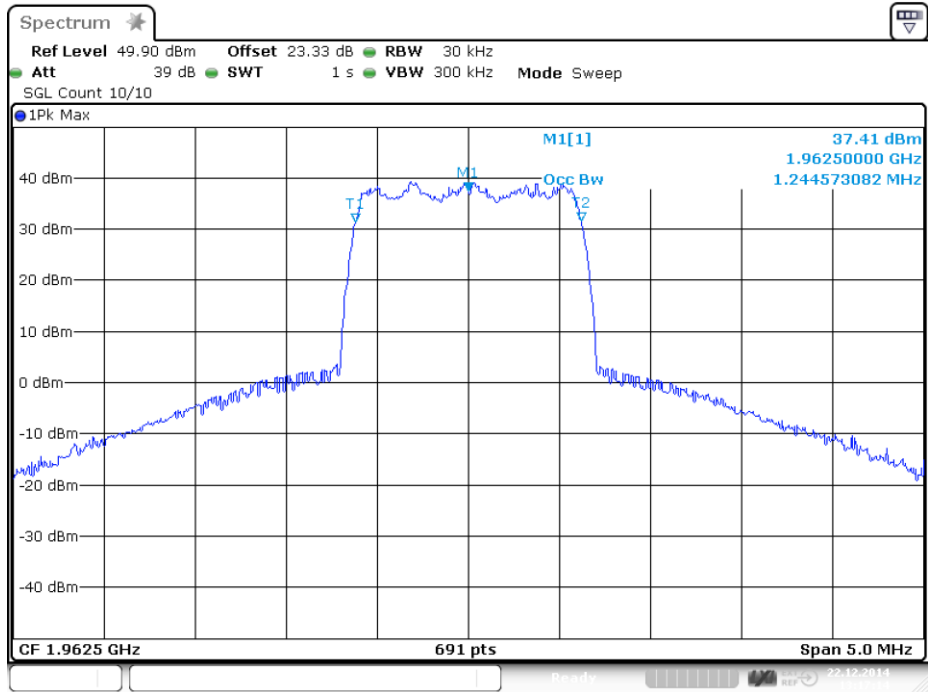


Date: 23.DEC.2014 08:39:56

plot 6.3.1.2-#2 Occupied Bandwidth: \$2.1049;; Test results; Downlink; EDGE Input

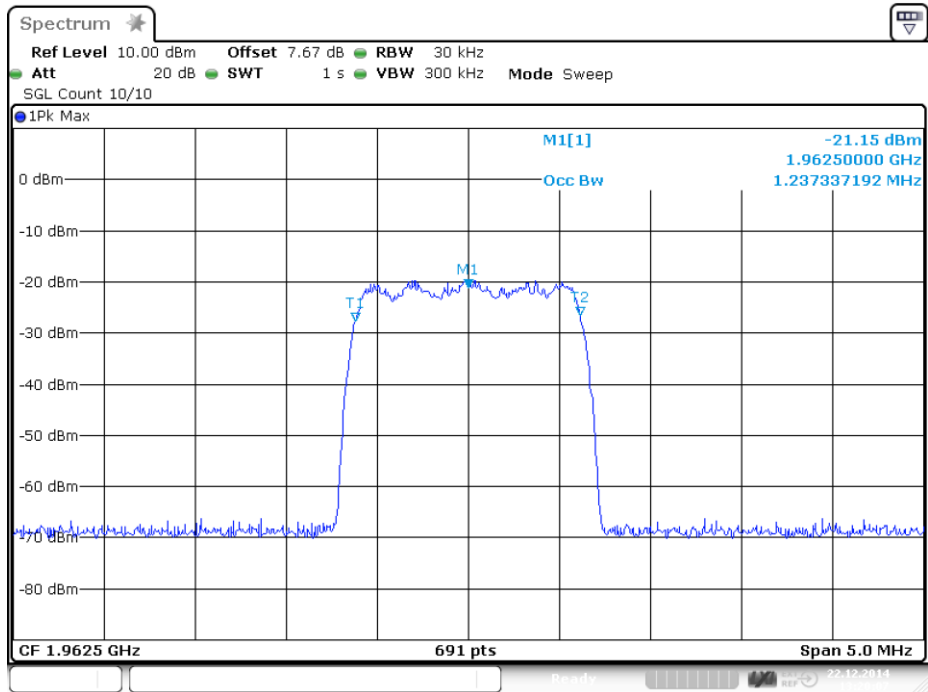


6.3.1.3 CDMA



Date: 22.DEC.2014 13:17:14

plot 6.3.1.3-#1 Occupied Bandwidth: §2.1049;; Test results; Downlink; CDMA Output



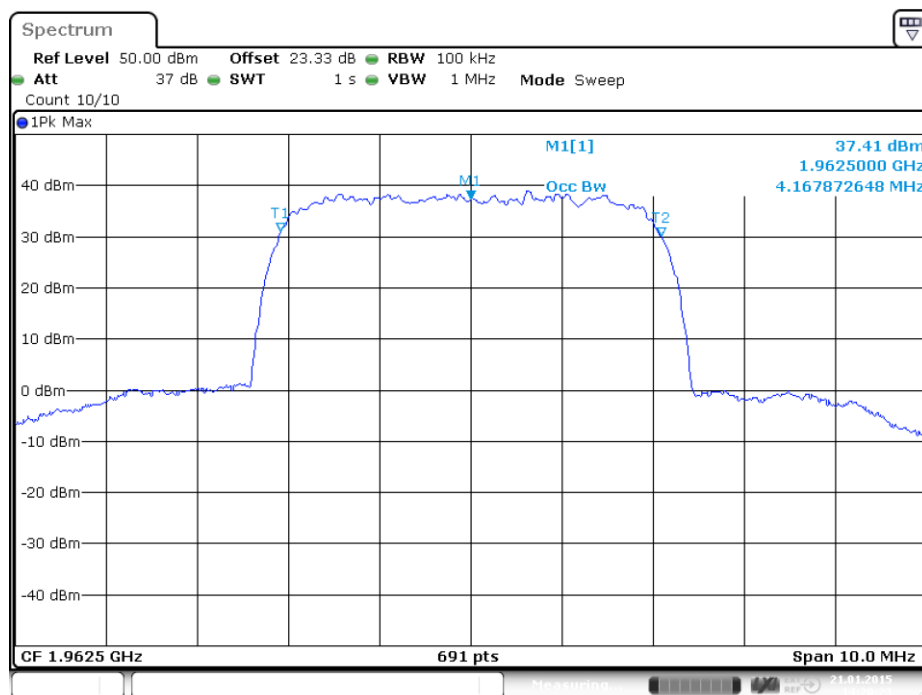
Date: 22.DEC.2014 13:20:07

plot 6.3.1.3-#2 Occupied Bandwidth: §2.1049;; Test results; Downlink; CDMA Input

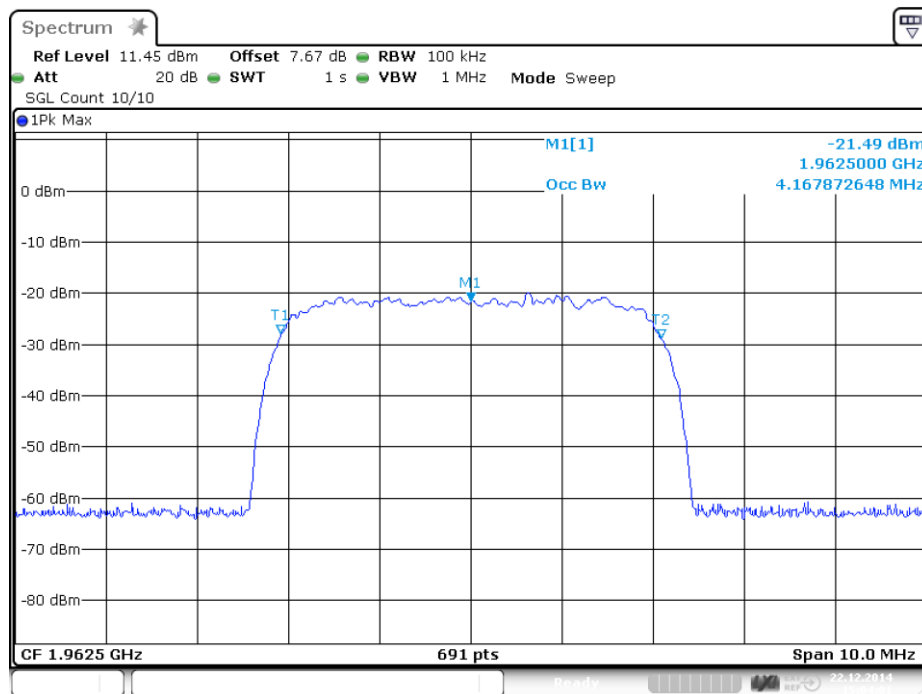


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6.3.1.4 WCDMA



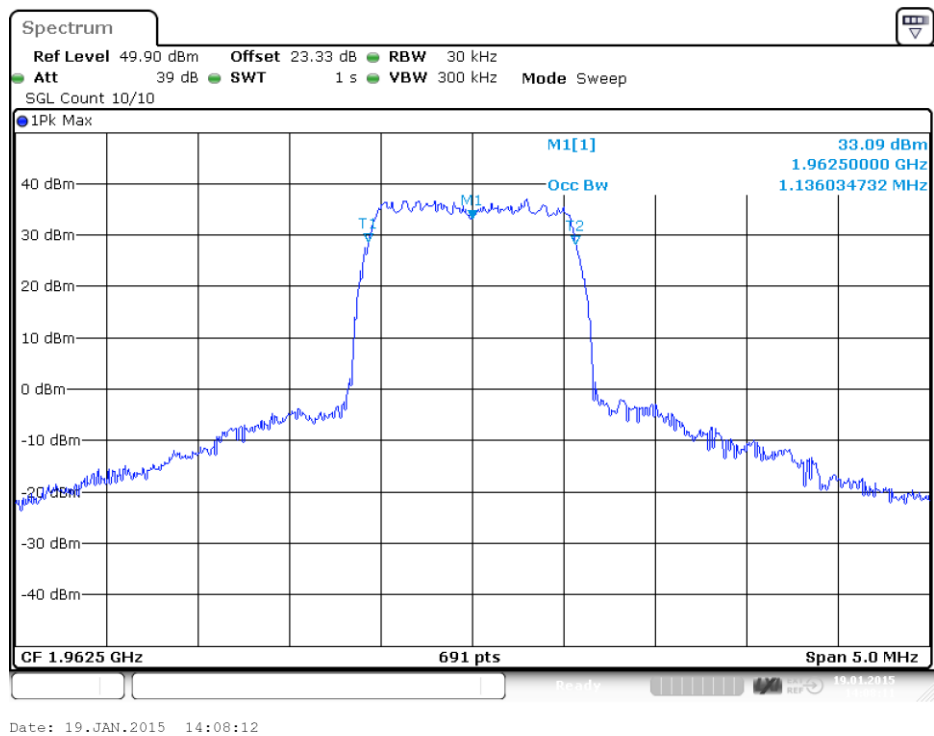
plot 6.3.1.4-#1 Occupied Bandwidth: \$2.1049;; Test results; Downlink; WCDMA Output



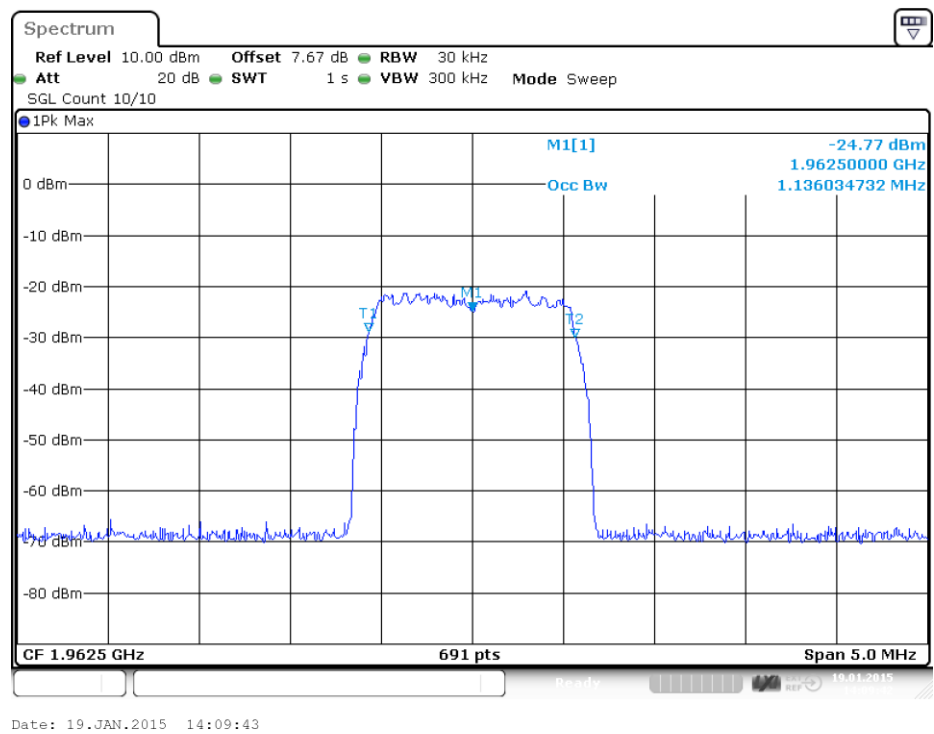
plot 6.3.1.4-#2 Occupied Bandwidth: \$2.1049;; Test results; Downlink; WCDMA Input



6.3.1.5 LTE



plot 6.3.1.5-#1 Occupied Bandwidth: 2.1049;; Test results; Downlink; LTE Output

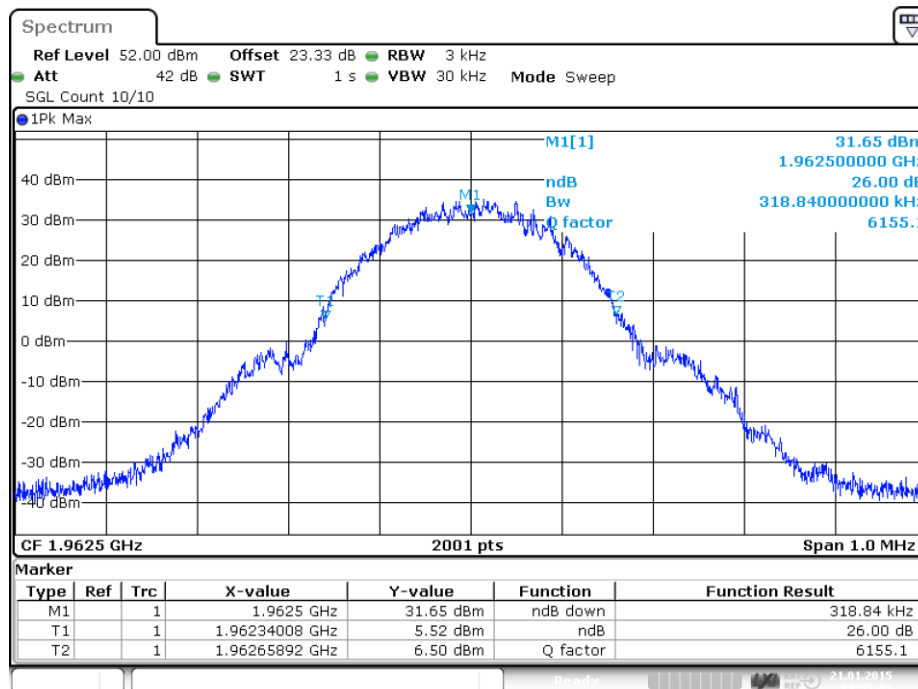


plot 6.3.1.5-#2 Occupied Bandwidth: 2.1049;; Test results; Downlink; LTE Input

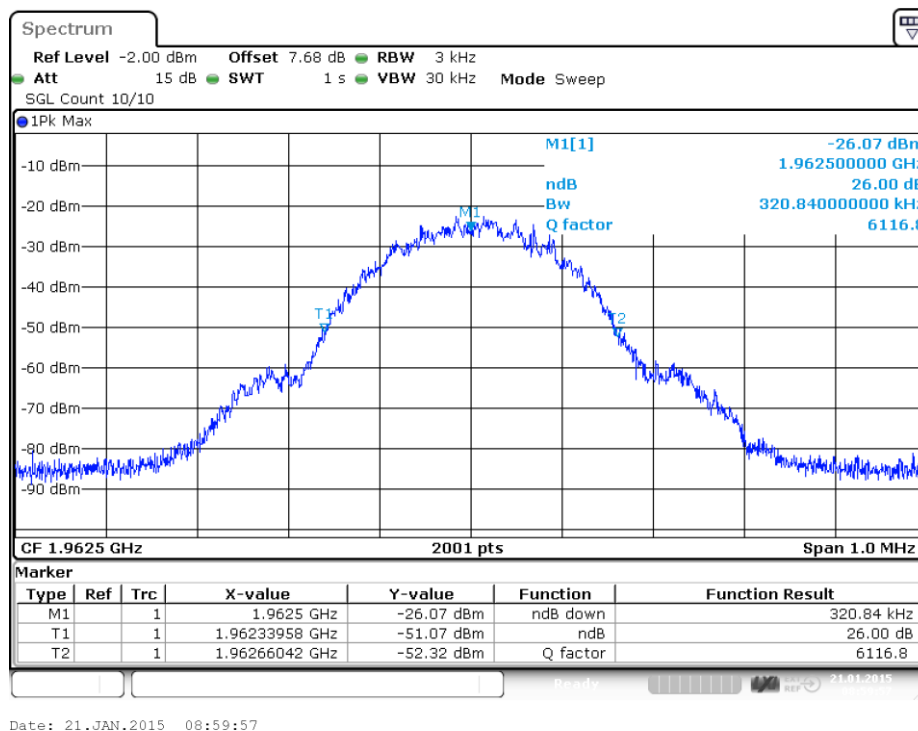


6.3.2 26dB Bandwidth

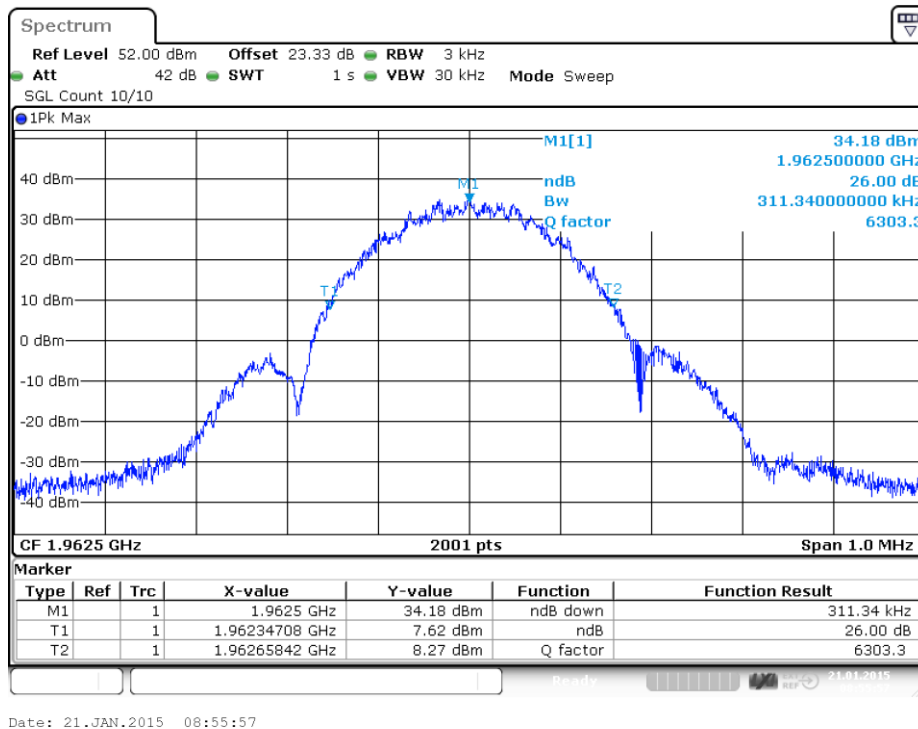
6.3.2.1 GSM



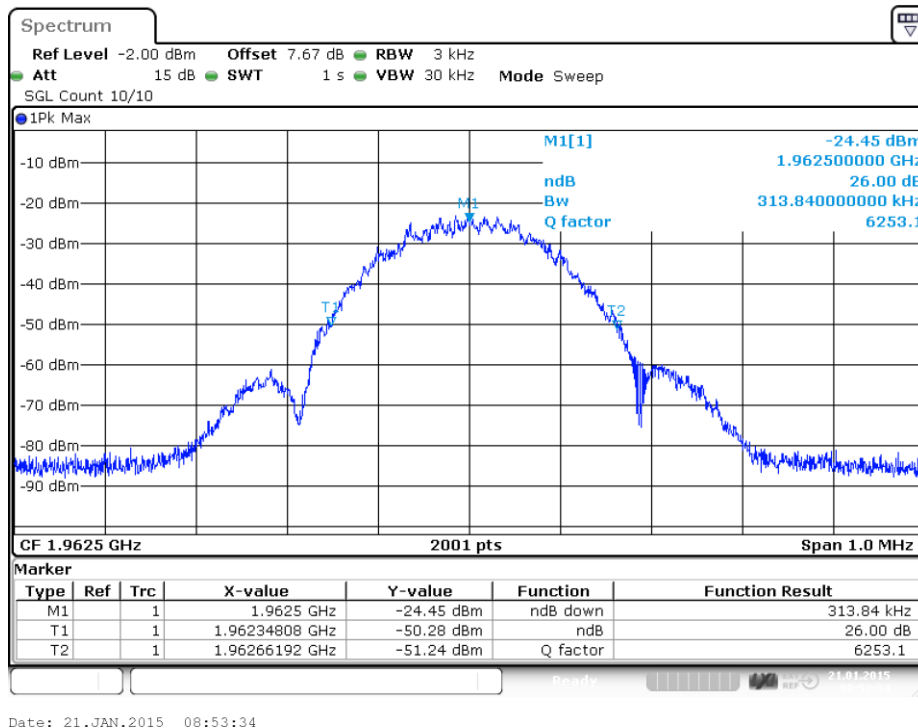
plot 6.3.2.1-#1 Occupied Bandwidth: \$2.1049;; Test results; 26dB Bandwidth; GSM Output



plot 6.3.2.1-#2 Occupied Bandwidth: \$2.1049;; Test results; 26dB Bandwidth; GSM Input

**BUREAU
VERITAS****6.3.2.2 EDGE**

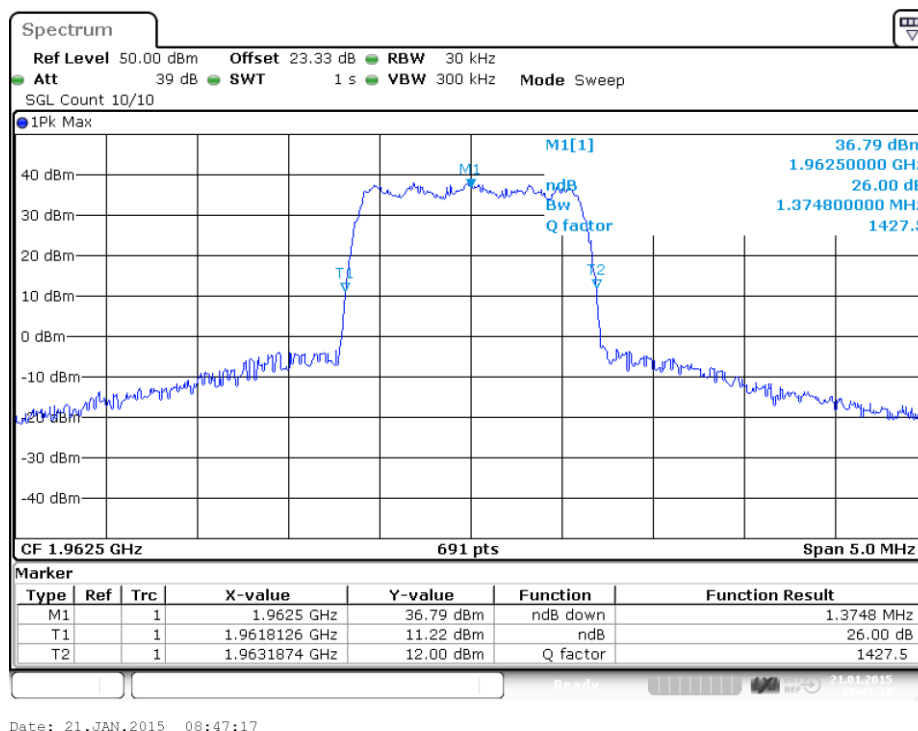
plot 6.3.2.2-#1 Occupied Bandwidth: \$2.1049;; Test results; 26dB Bandwidth; EDGE Output



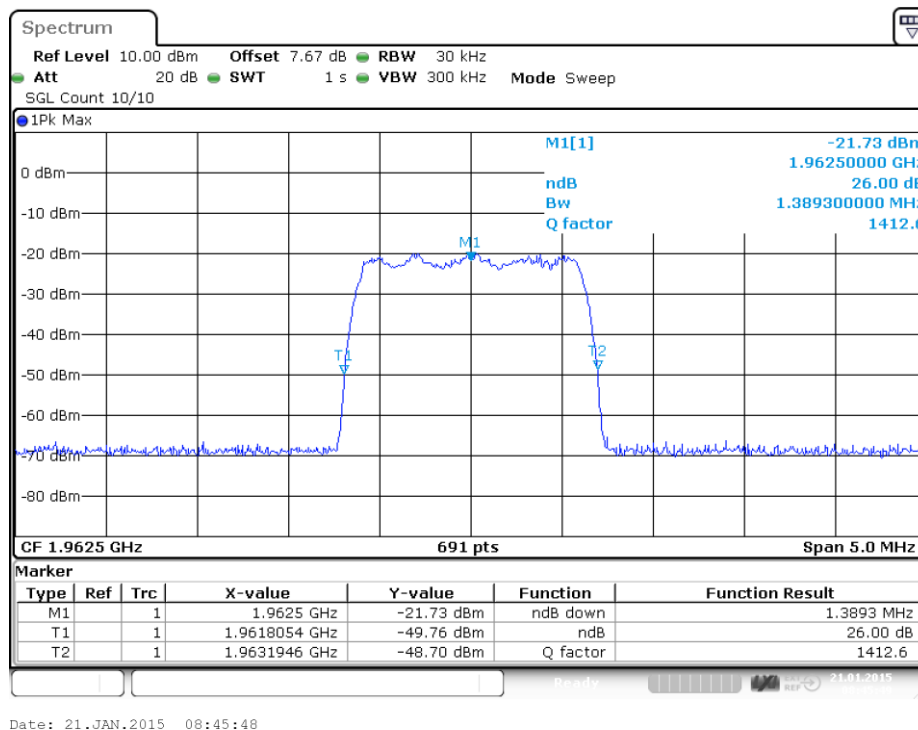
plot 6.3.2.2-#2 Occupied Bandwidth: \$2.1049;; Test results; 26dB Bandwidth; EDGE Input



6.3.2.3 CDMA



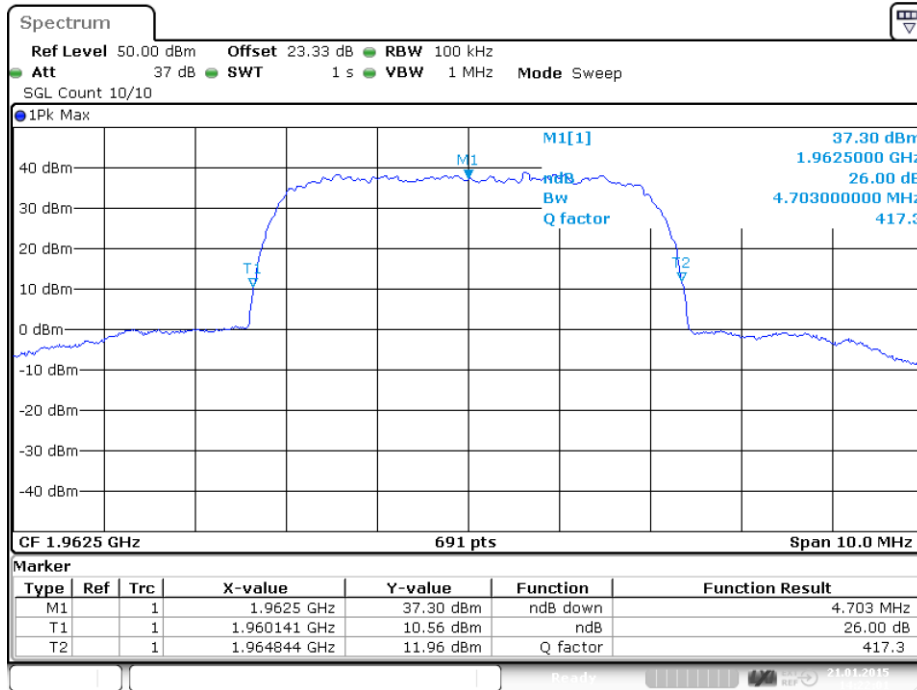
plot 6.3.2.3-#1 Occupied Bandwidth: §2.1049;; Test results; 26dB Bandwidth; CDMA Output



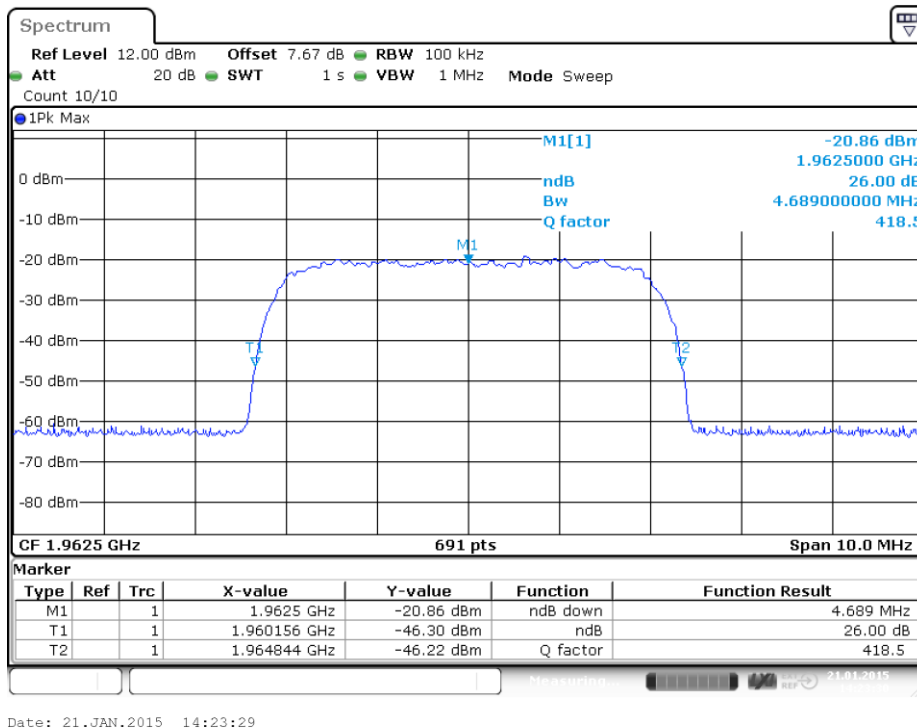
plot 6.3.2.3-#2 Occupied Bandwidth: §2.1049;; Test results; 26dB Bandwidth; CDMA Input



6.3.2.4 WCDMA



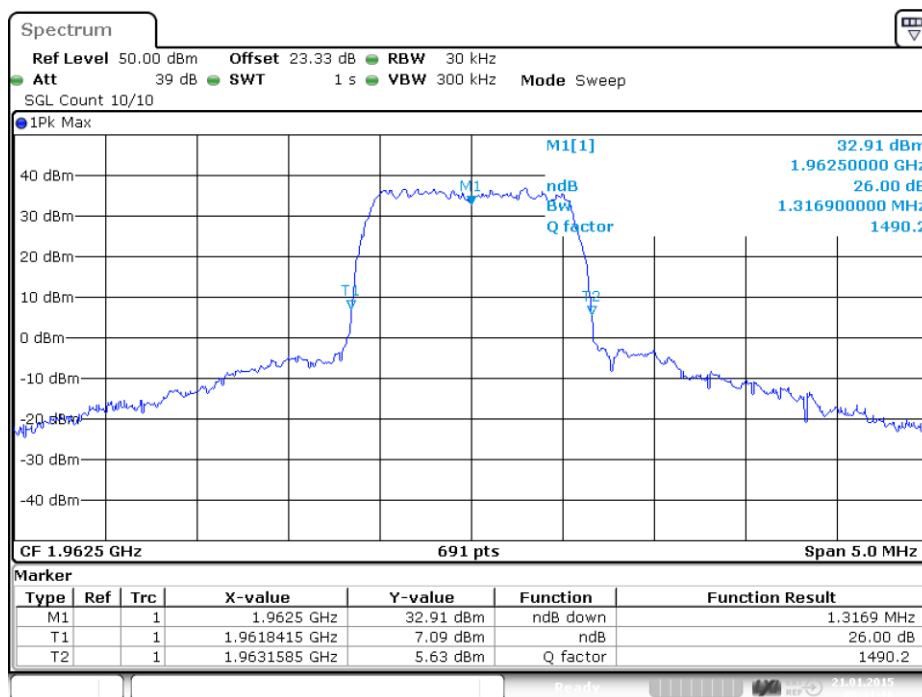
plot 6.3.2.4-#1 Occupied Bandwidth: \$2.1049;; Test results; 26dB Bandwidth; WCDMA Output



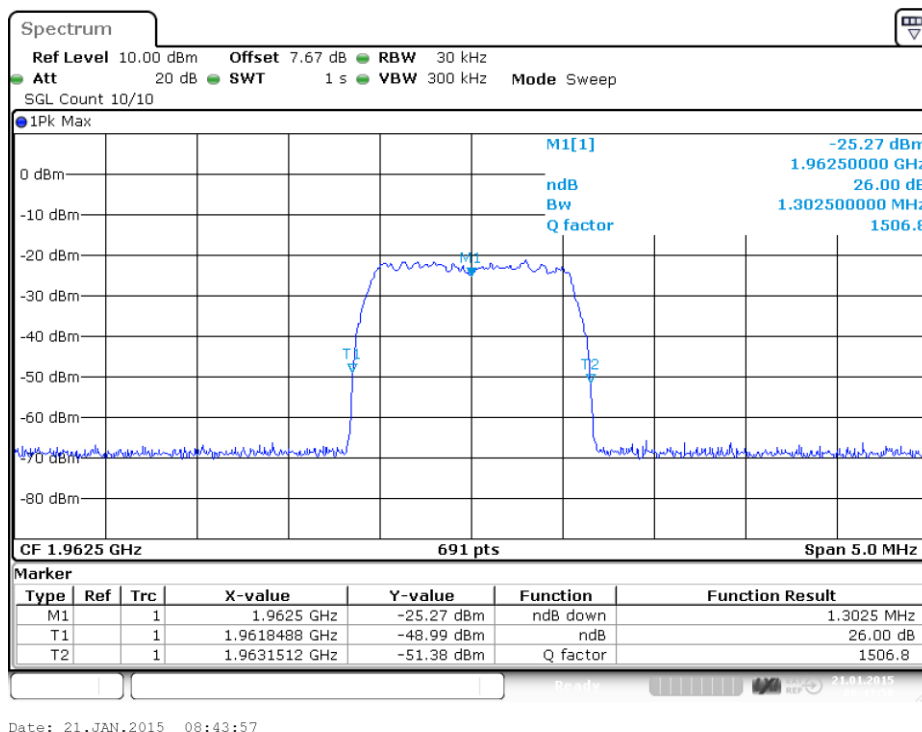
plot 6.3.2.4-#2 Occupied Bandwidth: \$2.1049;; Test results; 26dB Bandwidth; WCDMA Input


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6.3.2.5 LTE



plot 6.3.2.5-#1 Occupied Bandwidth: \$2.1049;; Test results; 26dB Bandwidth; LTE Output



plot 6.3.2.5-#2 Occupied Bandwidth: \$2.1049;; Test results; 26dB Bandwidth; LTE Input



6.3.3 Uplink

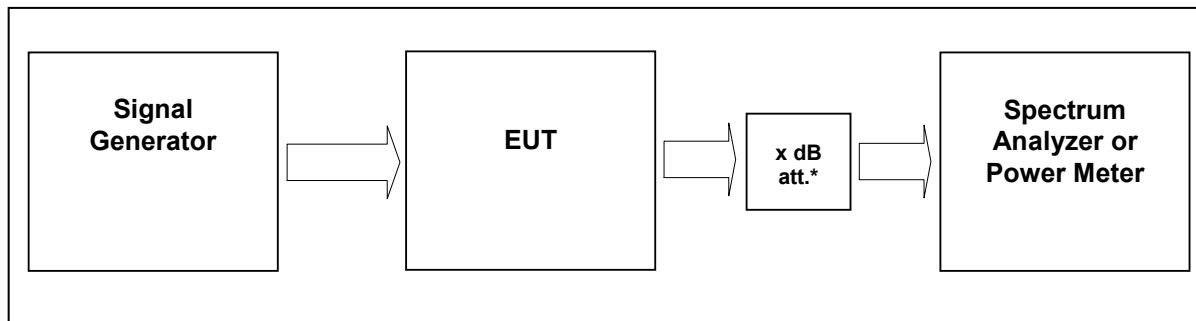
n.a.

Note: The EUT does not transmit over the air in the uplink direction.

6.4 Summary test result

Test result	complies, according the plots above
Tested by:	F. Bengesser
Date:	21.01.2015

7 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals: §24.238, §2.1051



External Attenuator DL x dB = 20 dB

figure 7-#1 Test setup: Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals: §24.238, §2.1051

Measurement uncertainty	$\pm 0,54$ dB $\pm 1,2$ dB $\pm 1,5$ dB	9 kHz to 3 GHz 3 GHz to 7 GHz 7 GHz to 26 GHz
Test equipment used	9069, 9046, 9236, 7406, 7157, 7158, 7289, 7459, 7385	

7.1 Limit

Minimum standard:

Para. No.24.238(a)

The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Broadband Personal Communications Service.

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.

7.2 Test method

Para. No 2.1051 Measurements required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminals.

The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in § 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

[39 FR 5919, Feb. 15, 1974. Redesignated and amended at 63 FR 36599, July 7, 1998]



7.3 Test results

7.3.1 Downlink

Detector: RMS.

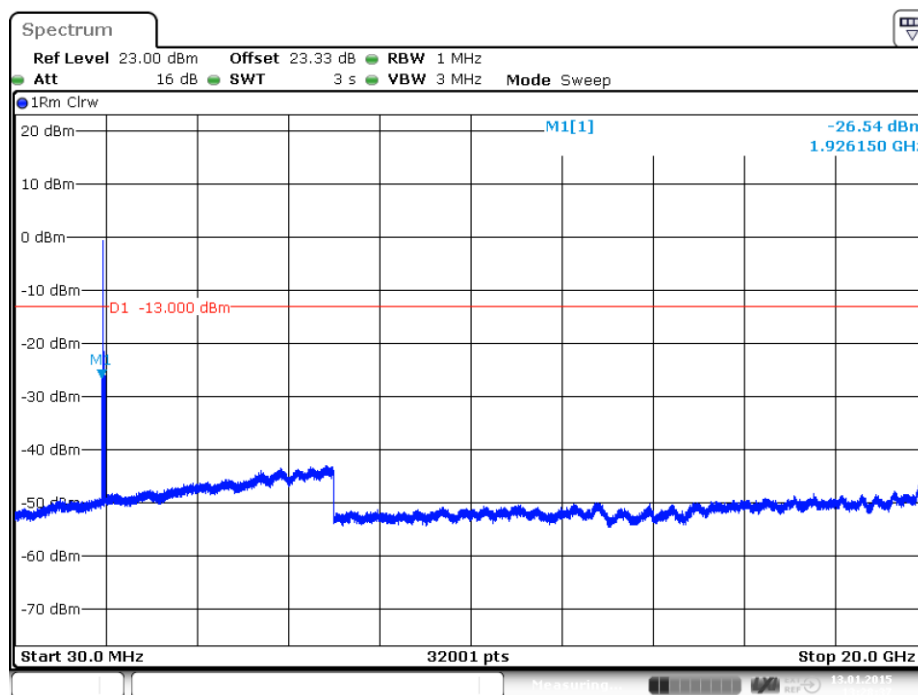
Modulation	Carrier	RBW VBW Span	Max. level (dBm)	MIMO Max. level (dBm)	Plot -
GSM	1962.5 MHz	1MHz 3MHz 30MHz – 20GHz	-26.5	-23.5	7.3.1.1 #1
EDGE	1962.5 MHz	1MHz 3MHz 30MHz – 20GHz	-26.6	-23.6	7.3.1.2 #1
CDMA	1962.5 MHz	1MHz 3MHz 30MHz – 20GHz	-26.2	-26.2	7.3.1.3 #1
WCDMA	1962.5 MHz	1MHz 3MHz 30MHz – 20GHz	-27.6	-24.6	7.3.1.4 #1
LTE	1962.5 MHz	1MHz 3MHz 30MHz – 20GHz	-26.4	-23.4	7.3.1.5 #1

table 7.3-#1 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals: §24.238, §2.1051 Test results

If the DUT used in MIMO configuration according to KDB 662911, the summed emission (MIMO Max. Level) is calculated (Max. Level) of the output port plus $10 \log(N_{ANT})$. With ($N_{ANT}=2$) the MIMO Max. Level (dBm) equals Max. Level



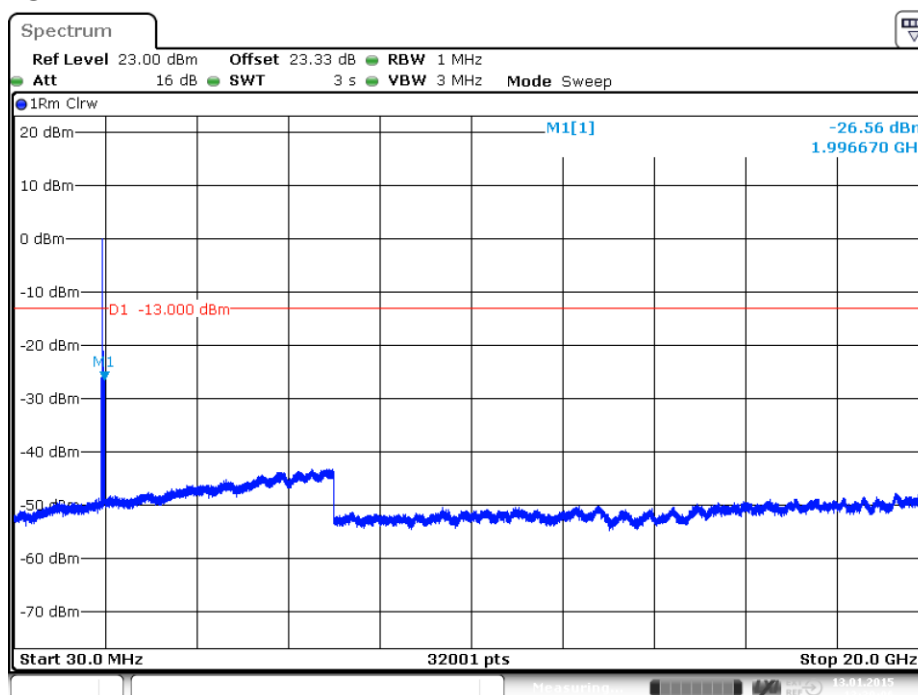
7.3.1.1 GSM



Date: 13.JAN.2015 13:28:37

plot 7.3.1.1-#1 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals: §24.238, §2.1051; Test results; Downlink; GSM; carrier (881,5MHz) notched

7.3.1.2 EDGE

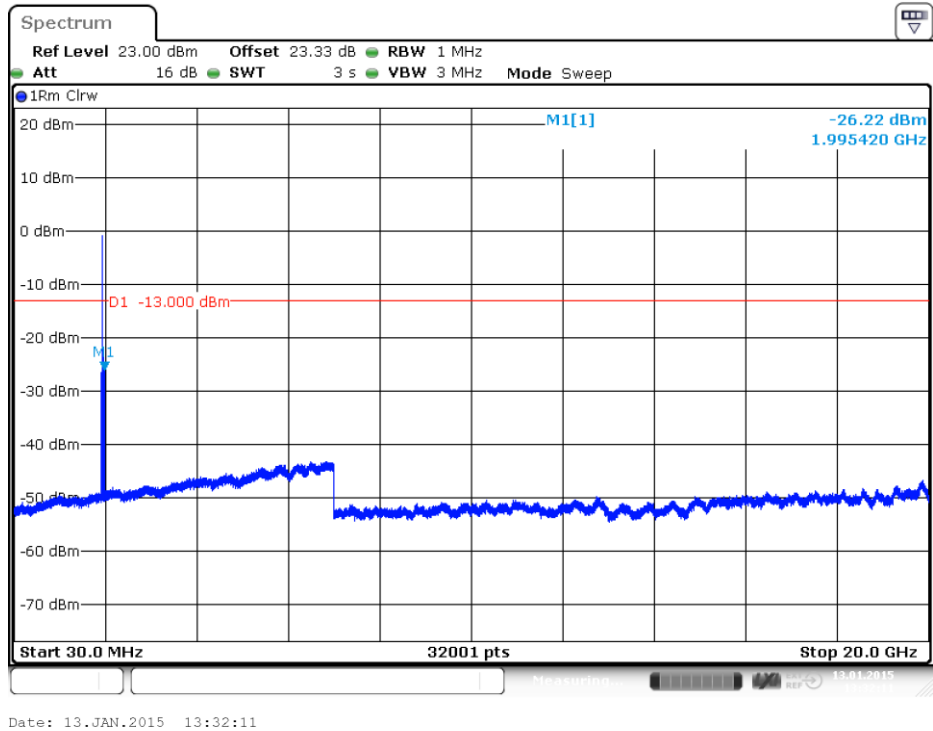


Date: 13.JAN.2015 13:30:07

plot 7.3.1.2-#1 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals: §24.238, §2.1051; Test results; Downlink; EDGE; carrier (881,5MHz) notched

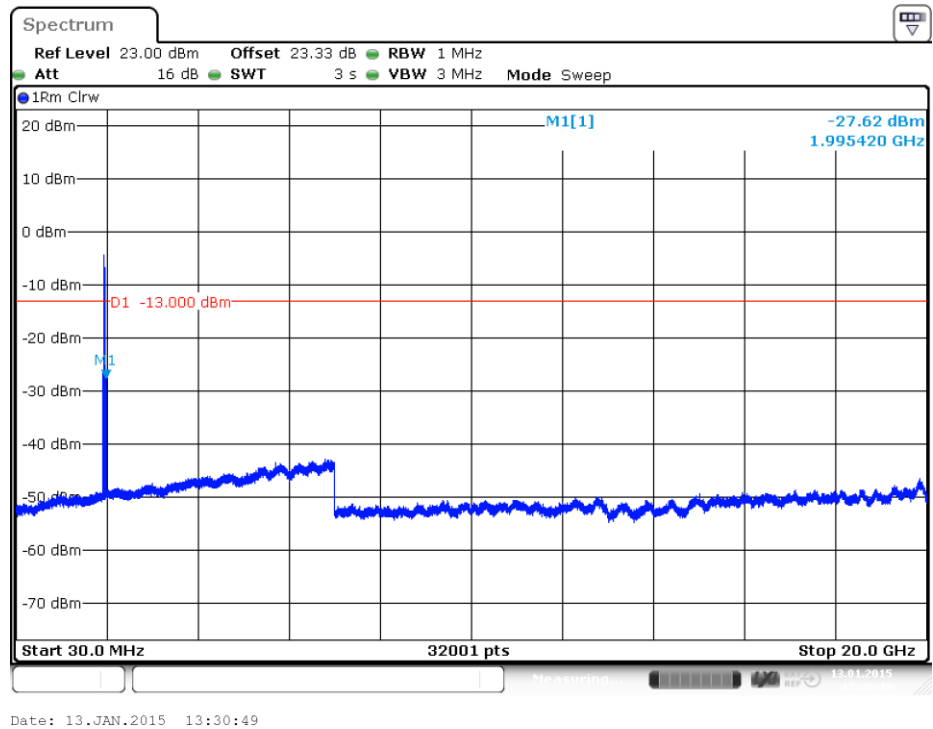


7.3.1.3 CDMA



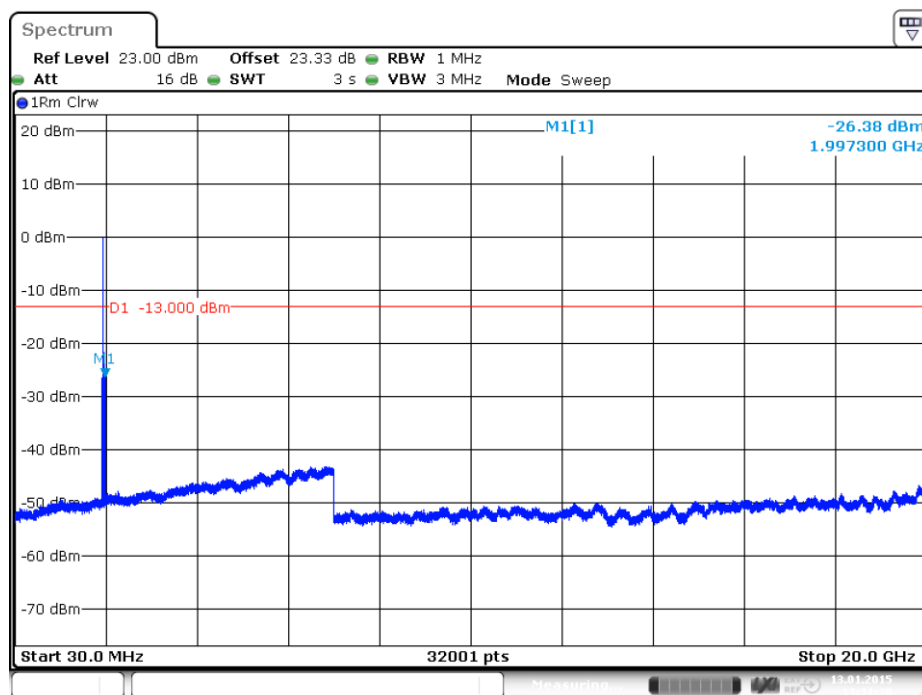
plot 7.3.1.3-#1 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals: §24.238, §2.1051; Test results; Downlink; CDMA; carrier (881,5MHz) notched

7.3.1.4 WCDMA



plot 7.3.1.4-#1 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals: §24.238, §2.1051; Test results; Downlink; WCDMA; carrier (881,5MHz) notched

7.3.1.5 LTE



Date: 13.JAN.2015 13:31:30

plot 7.3.1.5-#1 Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals: §24.238, §2.1051; Test results; Downlink; LTE; carrier (881,5MHz) notched

7.3.2 Uplink

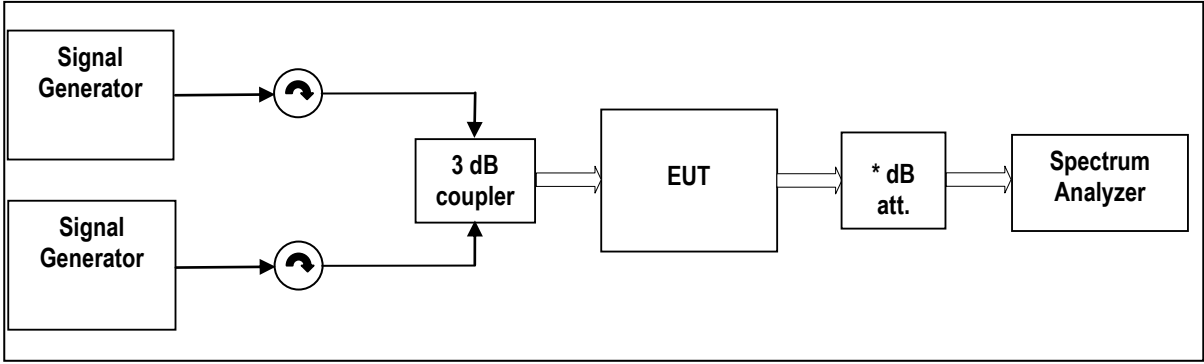
n.a.

Note: The EUT does not transmit over the air in the uplink direction.

7.4 Summary test result

Test result	complies, according the plots above
Tested by:	F. Bengesser
Date:	23.01.2015

8 Intermodulation: §24.238, §2.1051



External Attenuator DL x dB = 20 dB
figure 8-#1 Test setup: Intermodulation: §24.238, §2.1051

Measurement uncertainty	$\pm 0,54$ dB $\pm 1,2$ dB $\pm 1,5$ dB	9 kHz to 3 GHz 3 GHz to 7 GHz 7 GHz to 26 GHz
Test equipment used	9069, 9046, 9236, 7406, 7157, 7158, 7289, 7459, 7385	

8.1 Limit

Minimum standard:
Para. No.24.238(a)

The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Broadband Personal Communications Service.

(a) Out of band emissions. The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.

8.2 Test method

Para. No 2.1051 Measurements required: Spurious emissions at antenna terminals.
The radio frequency voltage or powers generated within the equipment and appearing on a spurious frequency shall be checked at the equipment output terminals when properly loaded with a suitable artificial antenna. Curves or equivalent data shall show the magnitude of each harmonic and other spurious emission that can be detected when the equipment is operated under the conditions specified in § 2.1049 as appropriate. The magnitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated more than 20 dB below the permissible value need not be specified.

[39 FR 5919, Feb. 15, 1974. Redesignated and amended at 63 FR 36599, July 7, 1998]



8.3 Test results

8.3.1 Downlink

Detector: RMS.

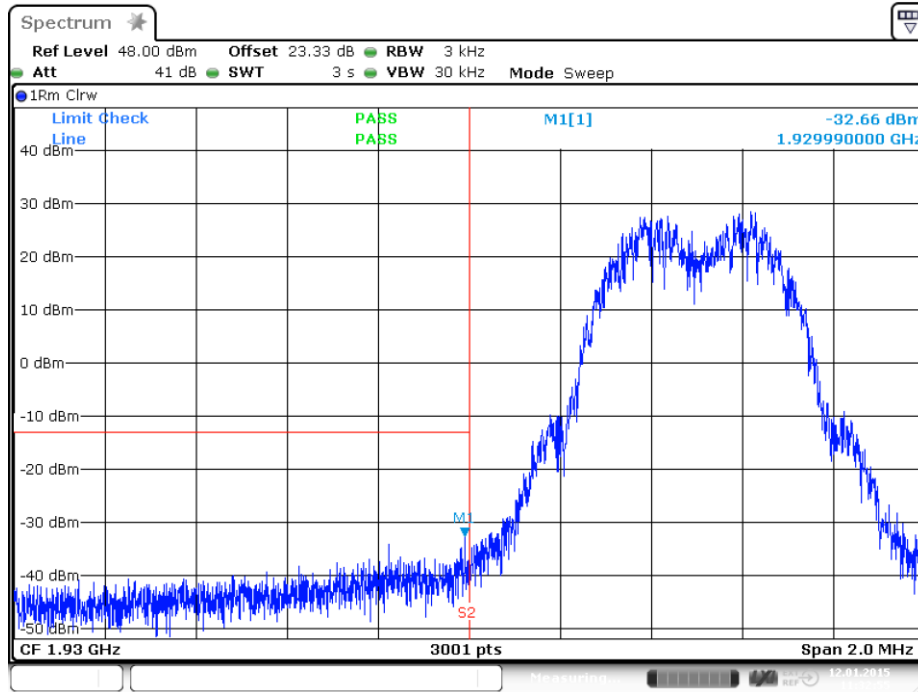
Modulation	Measured at Band Edge	Carriers	RBW VBW Span	Max. level (dBm)	MIMO Max. level (dBm)	Plot -
GSM	Lower Edge	1930,4 MHz 1930,6 MHz	3kHz 30kHz 2MHz	-31.2	-28.2	8.3.1.1 #1
	Upper Edge	1994,4 MHz 1994,6 MHz				#2
EDGE	Lower Edge	1930,4 MHz 1930,6 MHz	3kHz 30kHz 2MHz	-33.1	-30.1	8.3.1.2 #1
	Upper Edge	1994,4 MHz 1994,6 MHz				#2
CDMA	Lower Edge	1930,775 MHz 1932,025 MHz	30kHz 300kHz 6MHz	-17.9	-14.9	8.3.1.3 #1
	Upper Edge	1992,975 MHz 1994,225 MHz				#2
WCDMA	Lower Edge	1932,6 MHz 1937,6 MHz	100kHz 1MHz 15MHz	-19.1	-16.1	8.3.1.4 #1
	Upper Edge	1987,4 MHz 1992,4 MHz				#2
LTE	Lower Edge	1930.7 MHz 1932.1 MHz	30kHz 300kHz 6MHz	-18.6	-15.6	8.3.1.5 #1
	Upper Edge	1992.9 MHz 1994.3 MHz				#2

table 8.3-#1 Intermodulation: §24.238, §2.1051 Test results

If the DUT used in MIMO configuration according to KDB 662911, the summed emission (MIMO Max. Level) is calculated (Max. Level) of the output port plus $10 \log(N_{ANT})$. With ($N_{ANT}=2$) the MIMO Max. Level (dBm) equals Max. Level (dBm) plus 3dB.

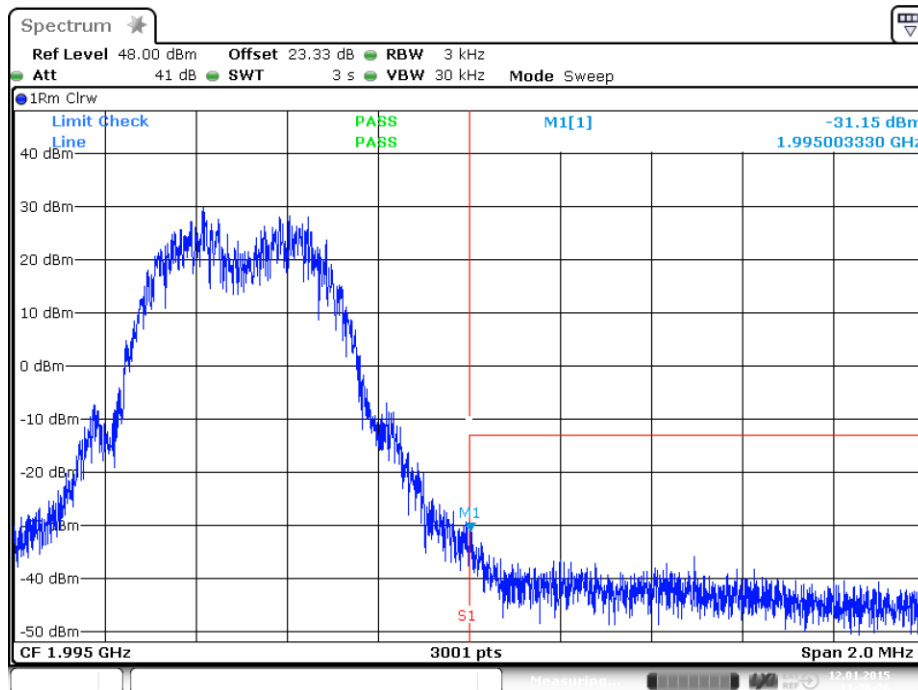


8.3.1.1 GSM



Date: 12.JAN.2015 11:32:55

plot 8.3.1.1-#1 Intermodulation: §24.238, §2.1051; Test results; Downlink; GSM Lower Band Edge

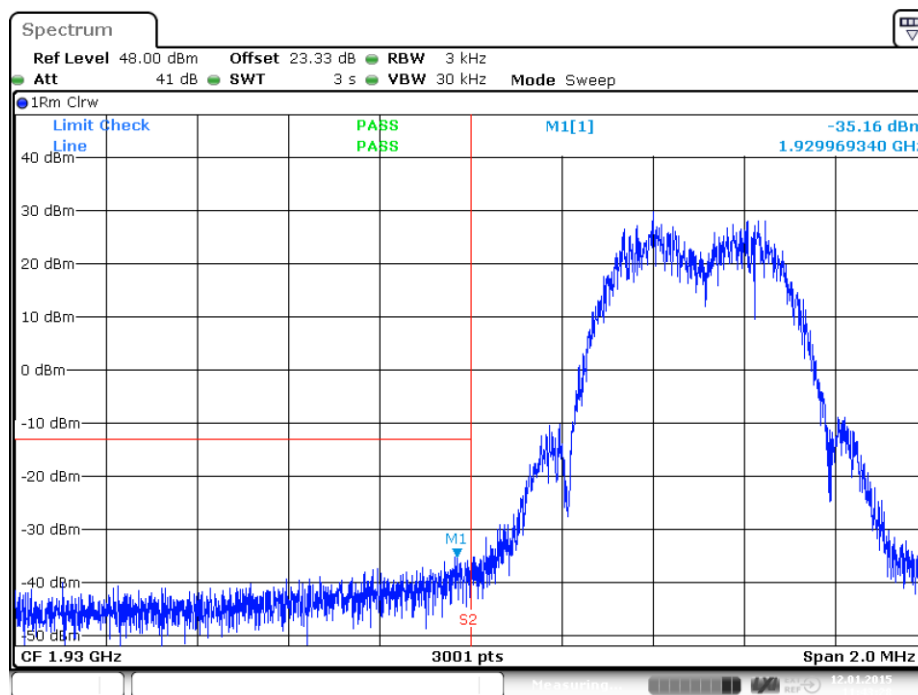


Date: 12.JAN.2015 11:36:26

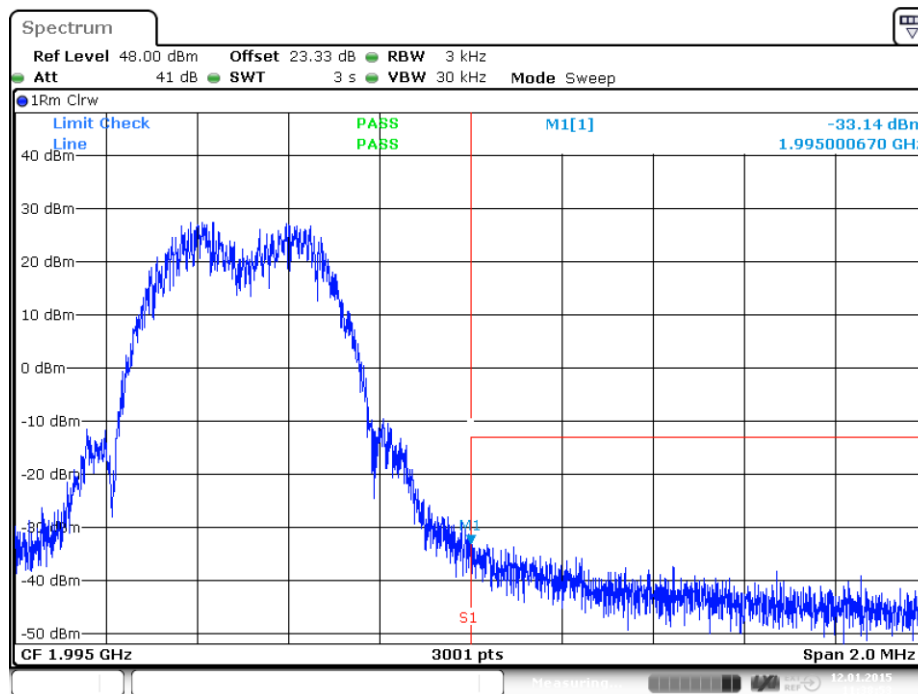
plot 8.3.1.1-#2 Intermodulation: §24.238, §2.1051; Test results; Downlink; GSM Upper Band Edge



8.3.1.2 EDGE



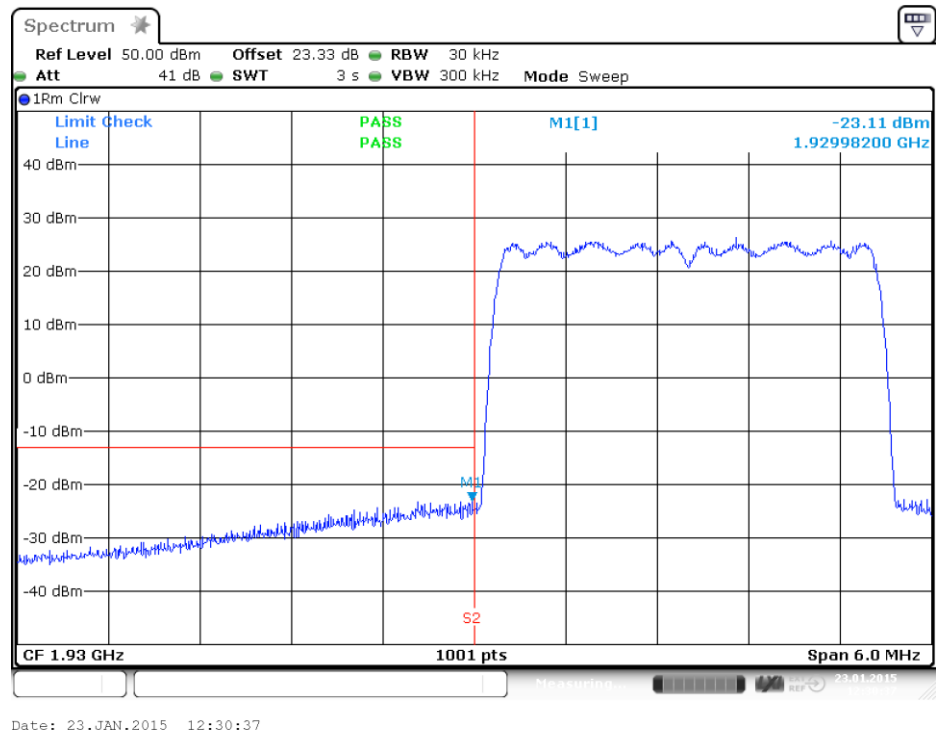
plot 8.3.1.2-#1 Intermodulation: §24.238, §2.1051; Test results; Downlink; EDGE Lower Band Edge



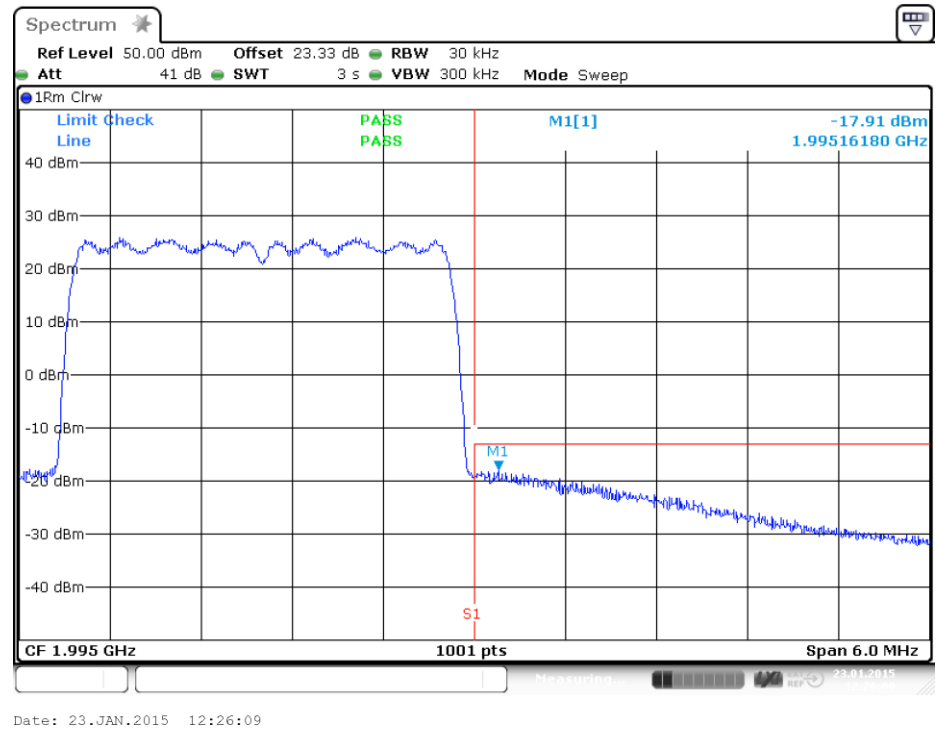
plot 8.3.1.2-#2 Intermodulation: §24.238, §2.1051; Test results; Downlink; EDGE Upper Band Edge



8.3.1.3 CDMA



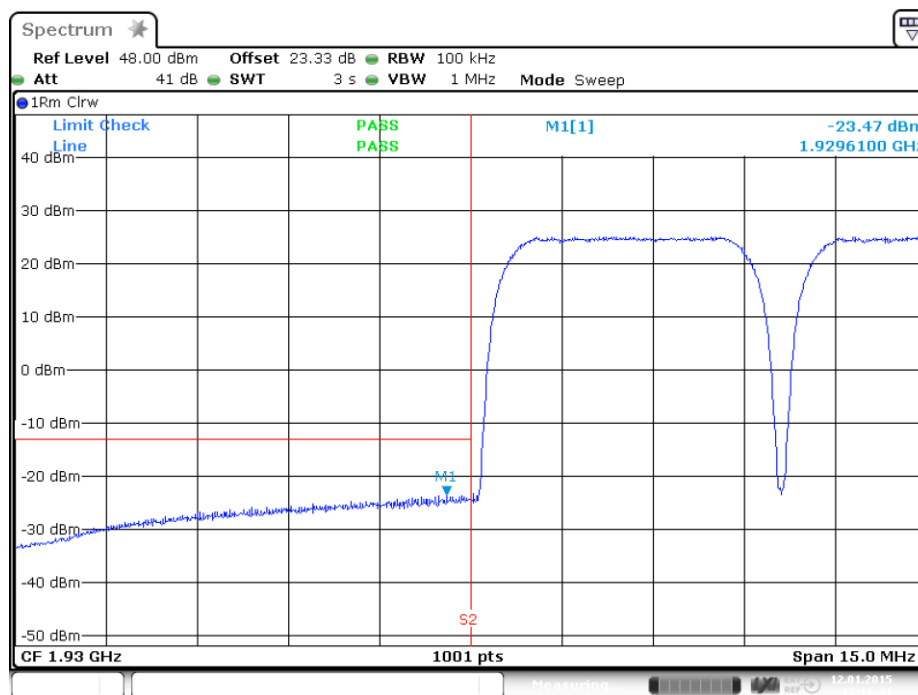
plot 8.3.1.3-#1 Intermodulation: §24.238, §2.1051; Test results; Downlink; CDMA Lower Band Edge



plot 8.3.1.3-#2 Intermodulation: §24.238, §2.1051; Test results; Downlink; CDMA Upper Band Edge

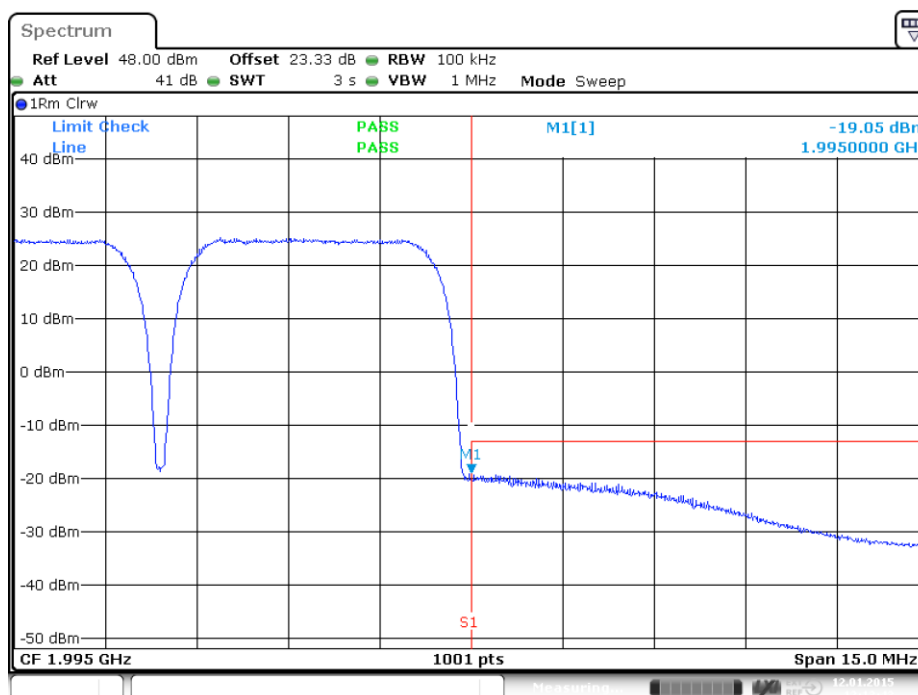
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8.3.1.4 WCDMA



Date: 12.JAN.2015 12:16:41

plot 8.3.1.4-#1 Intermodulation: §24.238, §2.1051; Test results; Downlink; WCDMA Lower Band Edge

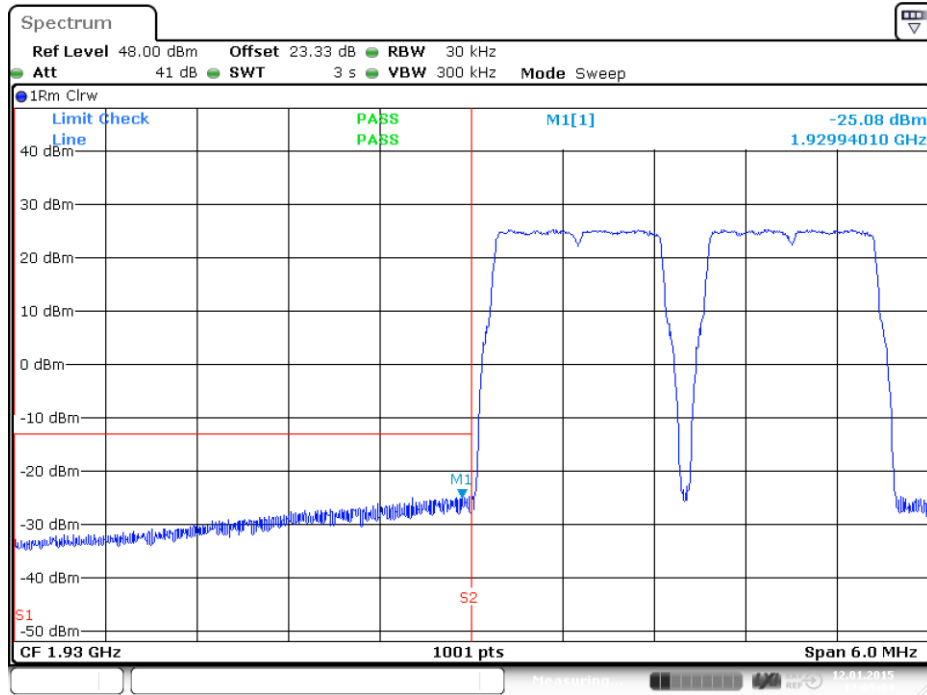


Date: 12.JAN.2015 12:13:43

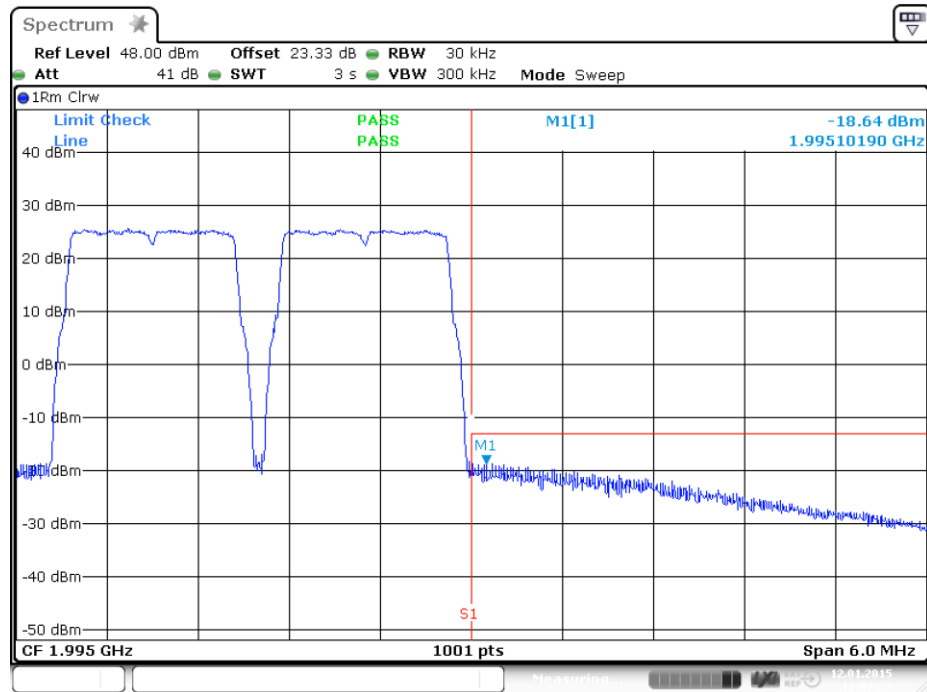
plot 8.3.1.4-#2 Intermodulation: §24.238, §2.1051; Test results; Downlink; WCDMA Upper Band Edge



8.3.1.5 LTE



plot 8.3.1.5-#1 Intermodulation: §24.238, §2.1051; Test results; Downlink; LTE Lower Band Edge



plot 8.3.1.5-#2 Intermodulation: §24.238, §2.1051; Test results; Downlink; LTE Upper Band Edge



8.3.2 Uplink

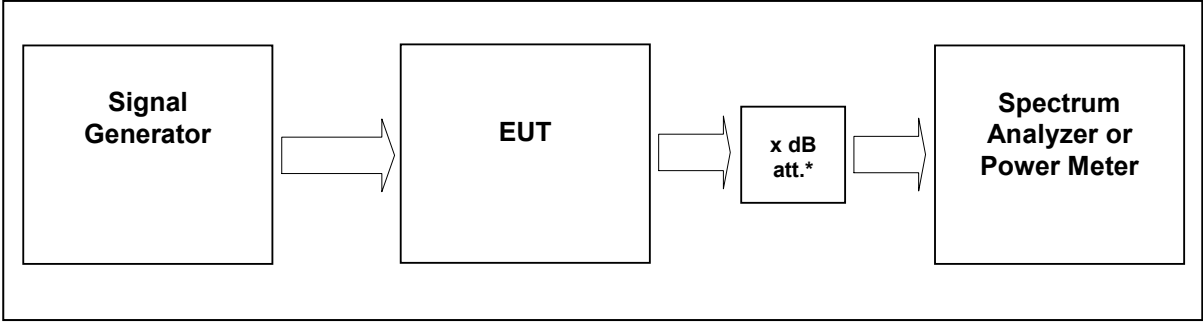
n.a.

Note: The EUT does not transmit over the air in the uplink direction.

8.4 Summary test result

Test result	complies, according the plots above
Tested by:	F. Bengesser
Date:	23.01.2015

9 Out of Band Rejection



External Attenuator DL x dB = 20 dB
figure 9-#1 Test setup: Out of Band Rejection

Measurement uncertainty	± 0,38 dB
Test equipment used	9069, 9046, 9236, 7406, 7157, 7158, 7289, 7290, 7385

9.1 Limit

KDB 935210 D02 v03
Test for rejection of out of band signals. Filter frequency response plots are acceptable.

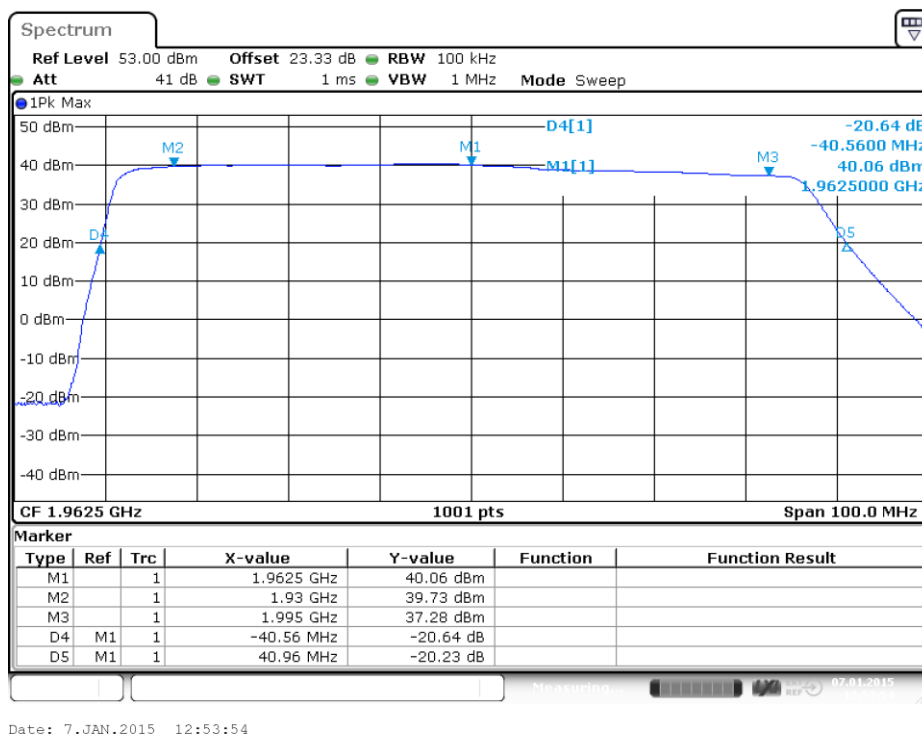
9.2 Test method

935210 D03 v03
7.1 Authorized frequency band verification test

9.3 Test results

Detector Peak max hold

9.3.1 Downlink



plot 9.3.1-#1 Out of Band Rejection; Test results; Downlink;

9.3.2 Uplink

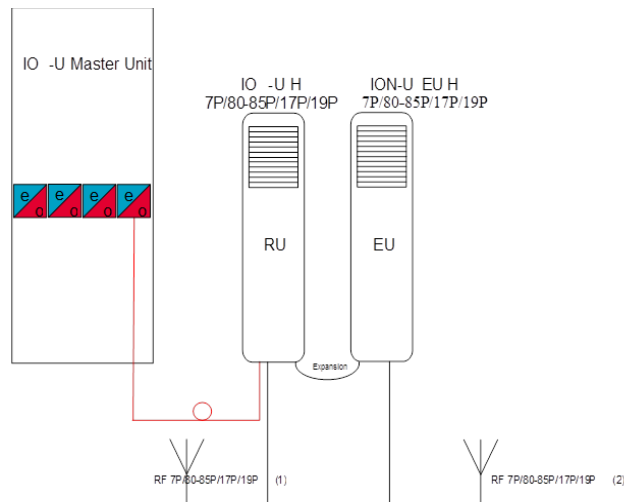
n.a.

Note: The EUT does not transmit over the air in the uplink direction.

9.4 Summary test result

Test result	complies, according the plots above
Tested by:	F. Bengesser
Date:	07.01.2015

10 Field Strength of Spurious Emissions: §24.238, §2.1053



The frequencies bands of the extension unit will be implemented on the master unit with a compensation frequency bands.

About the optical fiber all frequencies will be forwarded to the RU.

At the RU the optical signals will be converted into RF signals.

The frequency bands, which were not changed will be filtered by the duplexer, then amplified and transmitted by the RU.

The replaced frequency bands filtered out and forwarded via the Cable Bridge to the EU. These frequencies converted back by the conversion module (FCM) to their original frequencies band and then they were amplified and sent out.

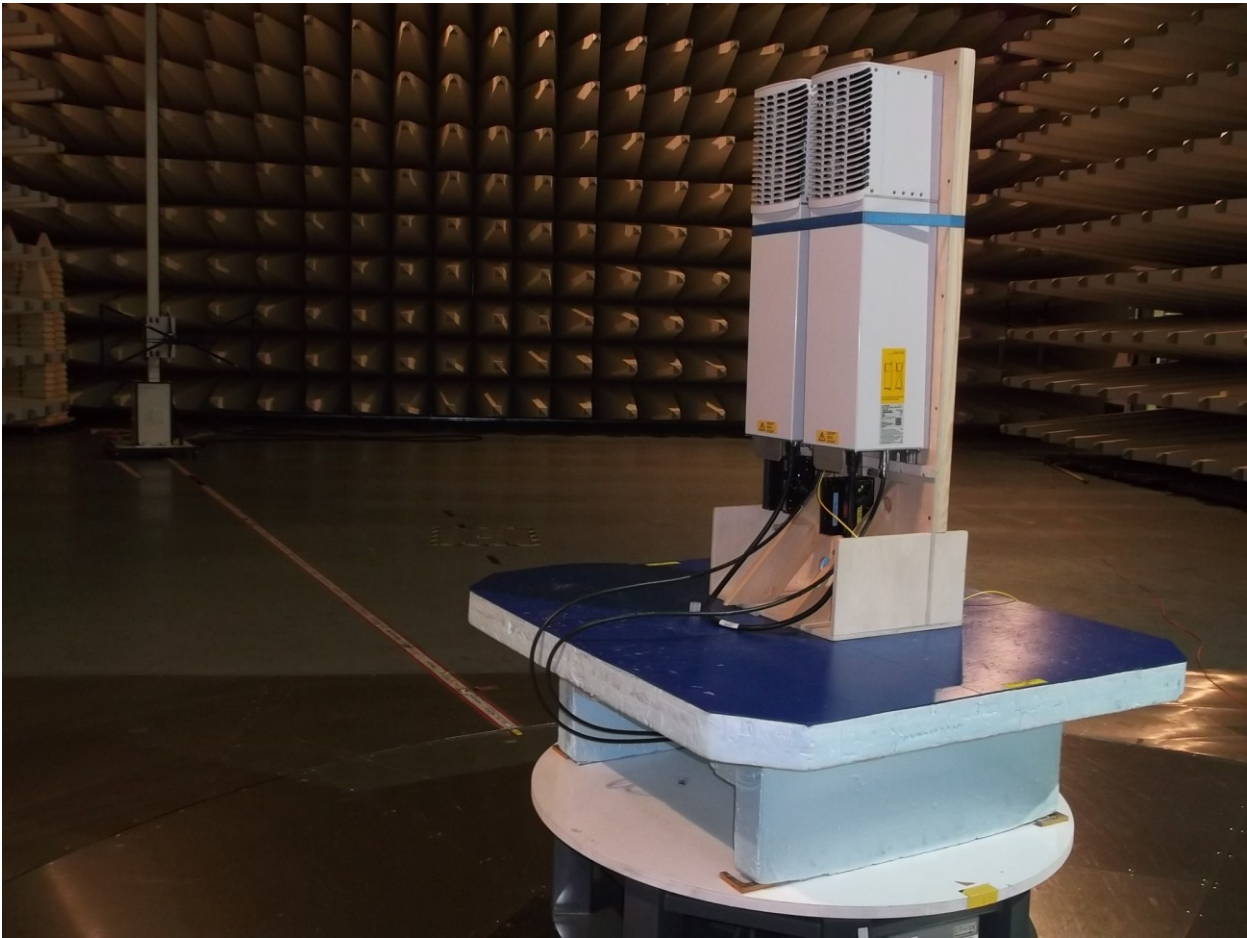
The worst case mode for the radiated emission is the MIMO mode. Both devices are operated with the maximum power, at the same time.



picture 8.1: label (EUT)



picture 8.2: label (auxiliary equipment)



picture 8.3: Test setup: Field Strength Emission <1 GHz @10m in the SAC



picture 8.4: Test setup: Field Strength Emission >1 GHz @3m in the SAC



This clause specifies requirements for the measurement of radiated emission.

Frequency range	Distance: EUT <-> antenna / location	Limit	Test method
30 MHz – 1 GHz	10 metres / SAC	FCC 47 CFR Part §24.238	TIA/EIA-603-C:2004
1 GHz – 20 GHz	3 metres / SAC	IC RSS-131 sec. 4.4	

Test equipment used:

Designation	Type	Manufacturer	Invent.-no.	Cal.-date	due Cal.- date	used
EMI test receiver	ESU40	Rohde & Schwarz	E2025	12.09.2014	12.09.2015	X
Antenna	CBL 6111	Chase	K1026	27.06.2014	27.06.2015	X
RF Cable	RG214	Frankonia	K1121	20.02.2013	20.02.2015	X
Antenna	HL 025	R&S	K1114	03.03.2014	03.03.2015	X
Preamplifier	AFS4-00102000	Miteq	K838	03.04.2014	03.04.2015	X
RF Cable	Sucoflex 100	Suhner	K1760	03.07.2014	03.07.2015	X

The REMI version 2.135 has been used to maximize radiated emission from the EUT with regards to ANSI C63.4:2009.

Test set-up:

Test location: SAC
 Both, the Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) and the Semi Anechoic Chamber (SAC) fulfil the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-4 with regards to NSA and SVSWR.

Test Voltage: 110V / 60 Hz

Type of EUT: Wall mounted

Measurement uncertainty:

Measurement uncertainty expanded (95% or K=2)	± 4,7 dB for ANSI C63.4 measurement ± 0,5 dB for TIA-603 measurement
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10.1 Limit §22.917

The rules in this section govern the spectral characteristics of emissions in the Broadband Personal Communications Service.

(a) *Out of band emissions.* The power of any emission outside of the authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least $43 + 10 \log(P)$ dB.

(b) *Measurement procedure.* Compliance with these rules is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz or greater. However, in the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. A narrower resolution bandwidth is permitted in all cases to improve measurement accuracy provided the measured power is integrated over the full required measurement bandwidth (i.e. 1 MHz or 1 percent of emission bandwidth, as specified). The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.

The emission measurements have been made with transmission at **Bottom/Middle/Top** frequency
(869MHz/881.5MHz/894MHz)

The limit is -13dBm (e.i.r.p).

10.2 Test method ANSI/TIA/EA-603-C

Measurement procedure. TIA-603-C

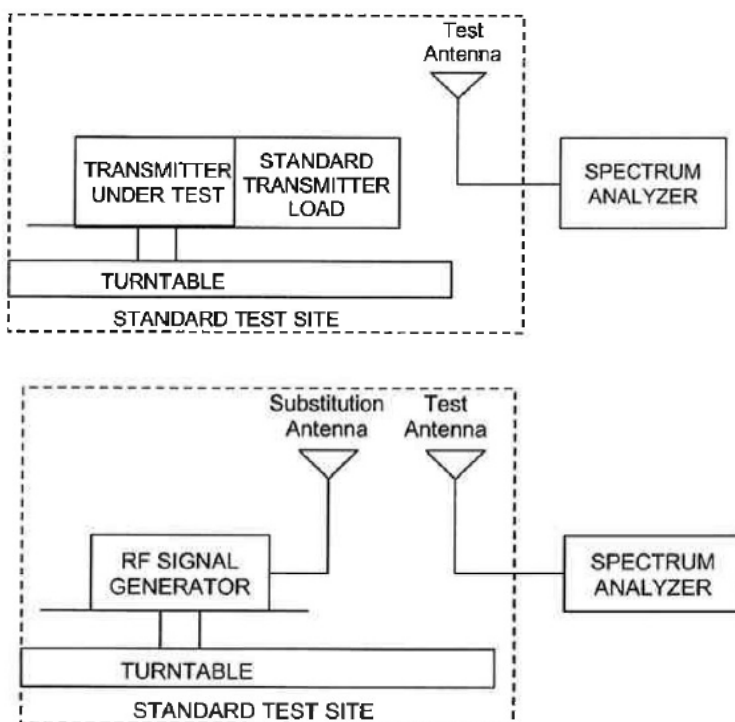
The antenna substitution method is used to determine the equivalent radiated power at spurious frequencies. The spurious emissions are measured at a distance of 3 meters. The EUT is then replaced with a reference substitution antenna with a known gain referenced to a dipole. This antenna is fed with a signal at the spurious frequency. The level of the signal is adjusted to repeat the previously measured level. The resulting eirp is the signal level fed to the reference antenna corrected for gain referenced to an isotropic dipole (see Figure 7.2).

From KDB (AMPLIFIER, BOOSTER, AND REPEATER REMINDER SHEET):

Radiated spurs (enclosure) – Use of CW signal (low, mid. and high freq.) is acceptable rather than all modulations.

The maximum RFI field strength was determined during the measurement by rotating the turntable (± 180 degrees) and varying the height of the receive antenna ($h = 1 \dots 4$ m) as like defined in ANSI C63.4. A measurement receiver has been used with a RBW 120 kHz up to 1 GHz and 1 MHz above 1 GHz. Steps with during pre measurement was half the RBW.

Both, the Fully Anechoic Chamber (FAC) and the Semi Anechoic Chamber (SAC) fulfil the requirements of ANSI C63.4 and CISPR 16-1-4 with regards to NSA and SVSWR.



picture 8.3: Substitution method

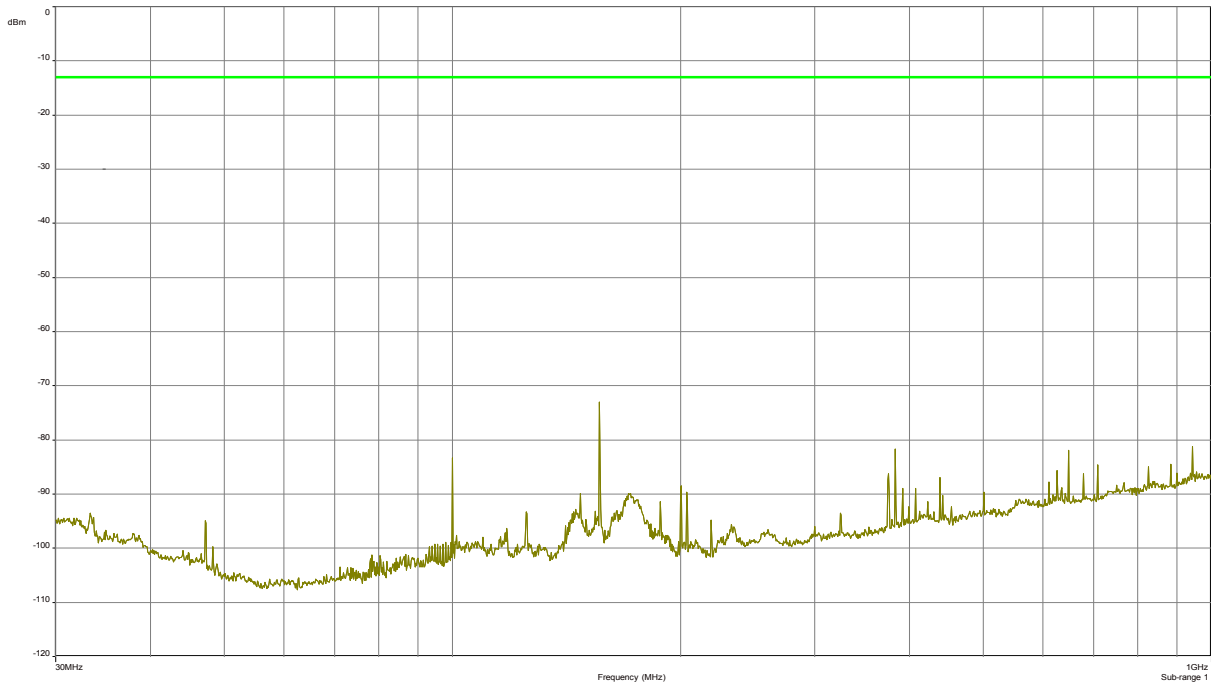
10.3 Climatic values in the lab

Temperature: 20°
Relative Humidity: 45%
Air-pressure: 1009hPa

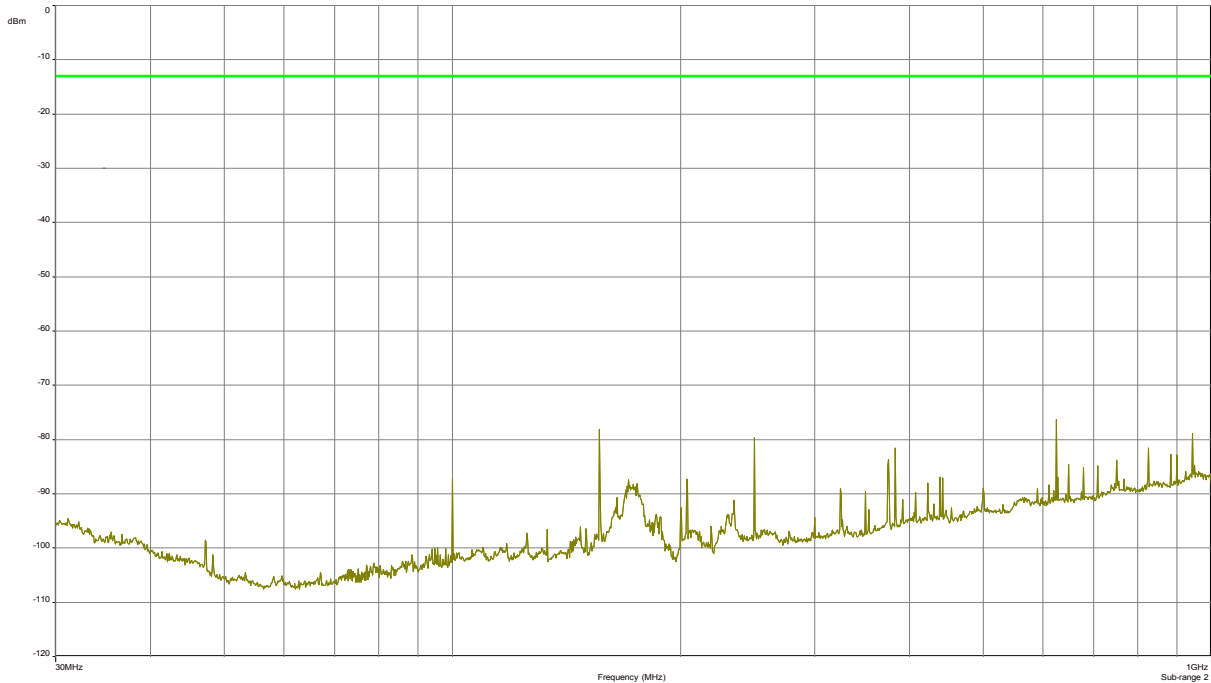
10.4 Test results
10.4.1 30 MHz to 1 GHz Downlink (Bottom – Middle – Top) Subpart H

B/M/T: 1930 MHz/ 1962.5 MHz/ 1995 MHz

Vertikal



Horizontal



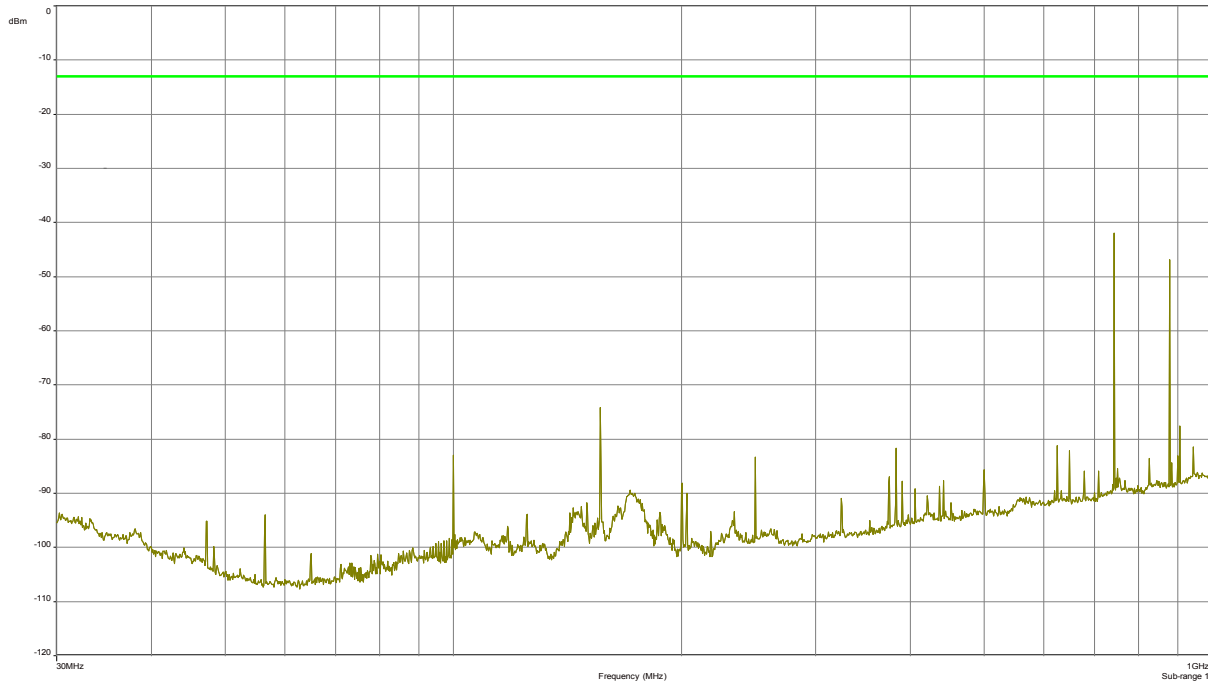
The RF output power is terminated.



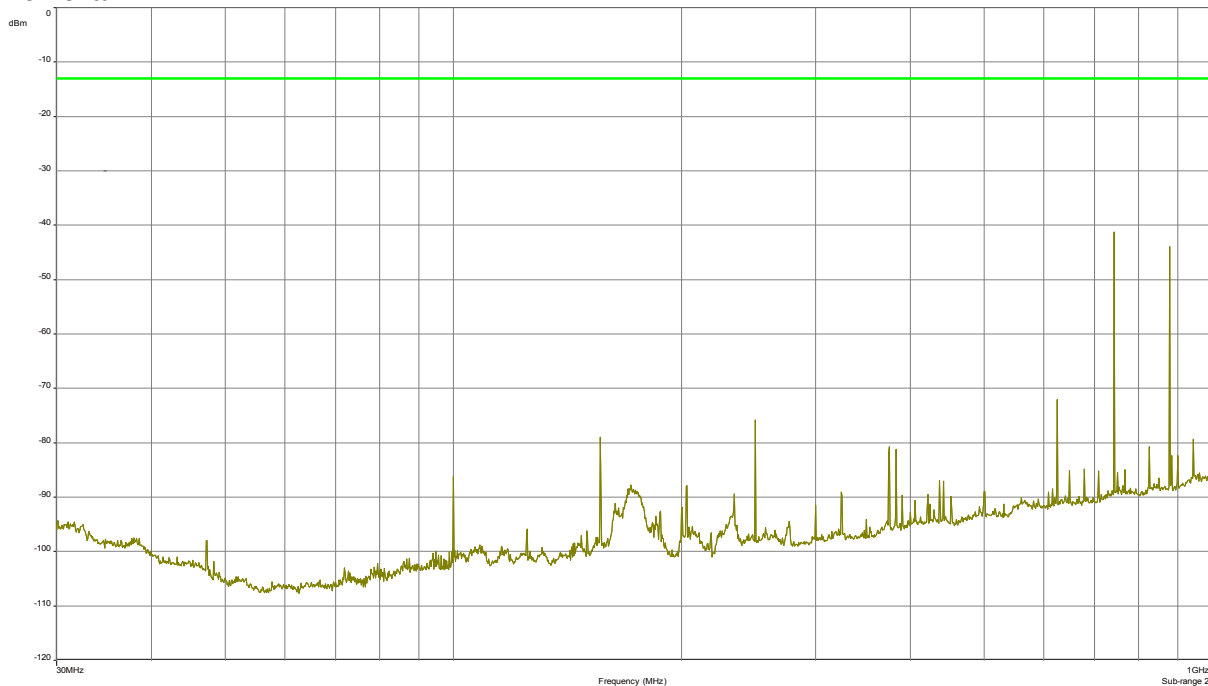
10.4.2 30 MHz to 1 GHz Downlink (Middle of all paths)

F1: 742.5 MHz; F2: 878 MHz; F3: 1962.5 MHz; F4: 2132.5 MHz

Vertikal



Horizontal



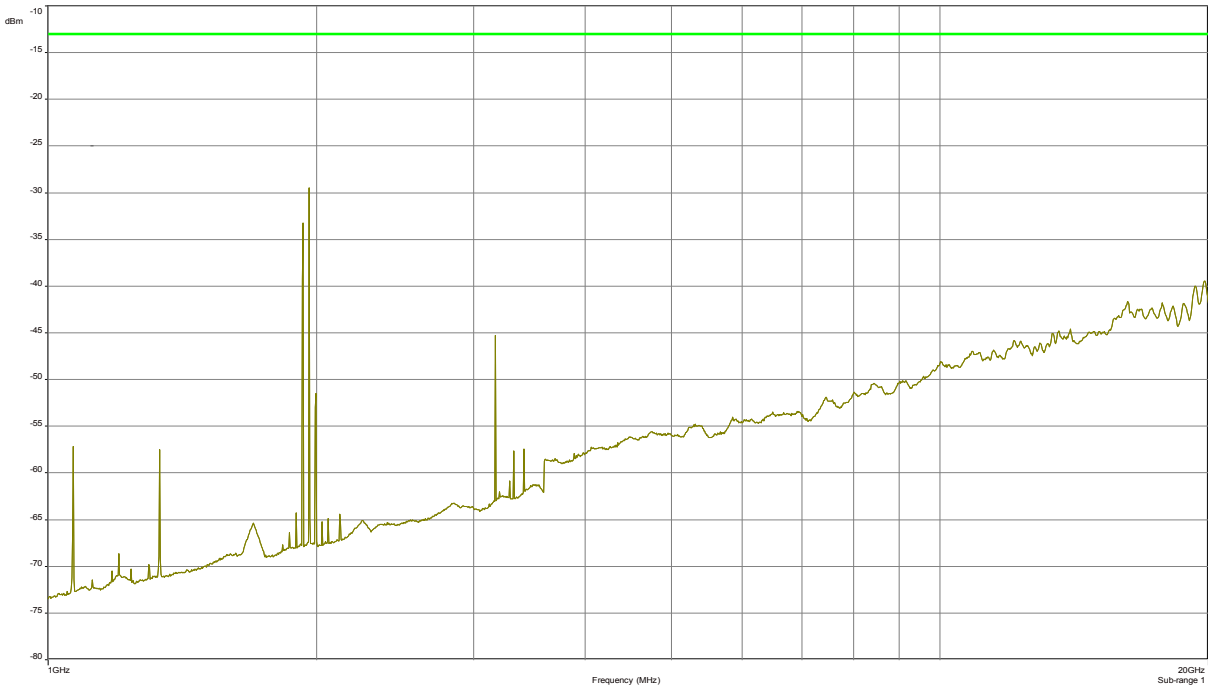
The RF output power is terminated.



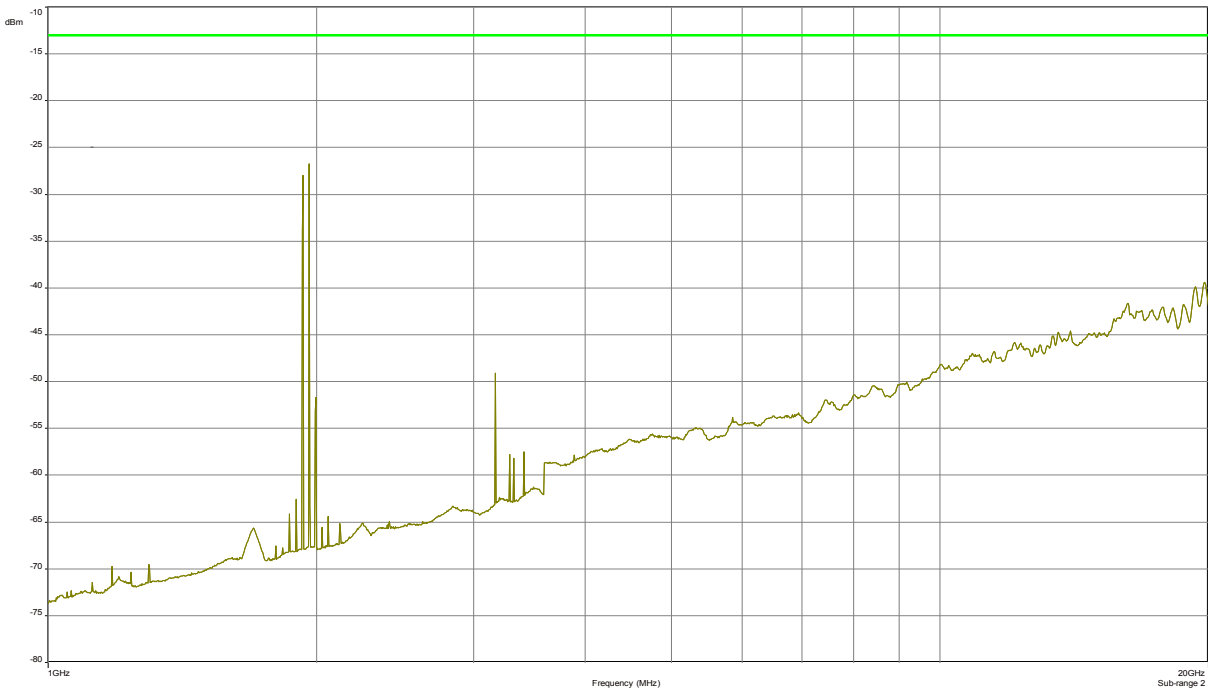
10.4.3 1 GHz to 20 GHz Downlink (Bottom – Middle – Top) Subpart H

B/M/T: 1930 MHz/ 1962.5 MHz/ 1995 MHz

Vertical



Horizontal

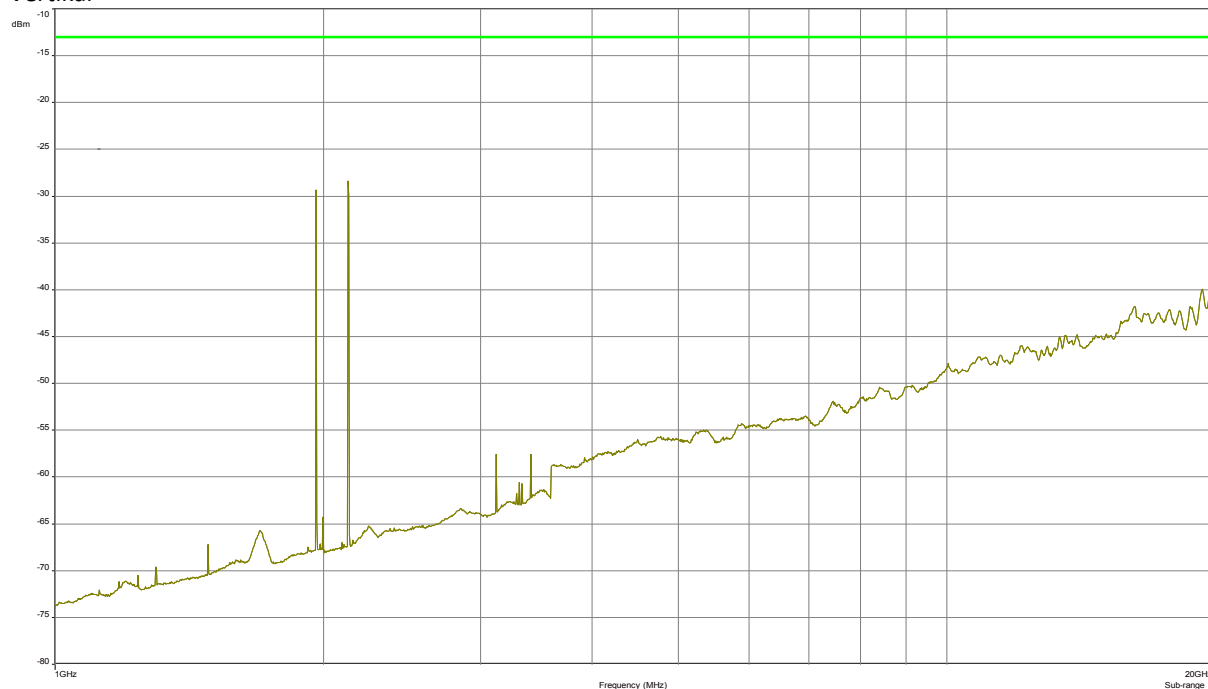


The RF output power is terminated.

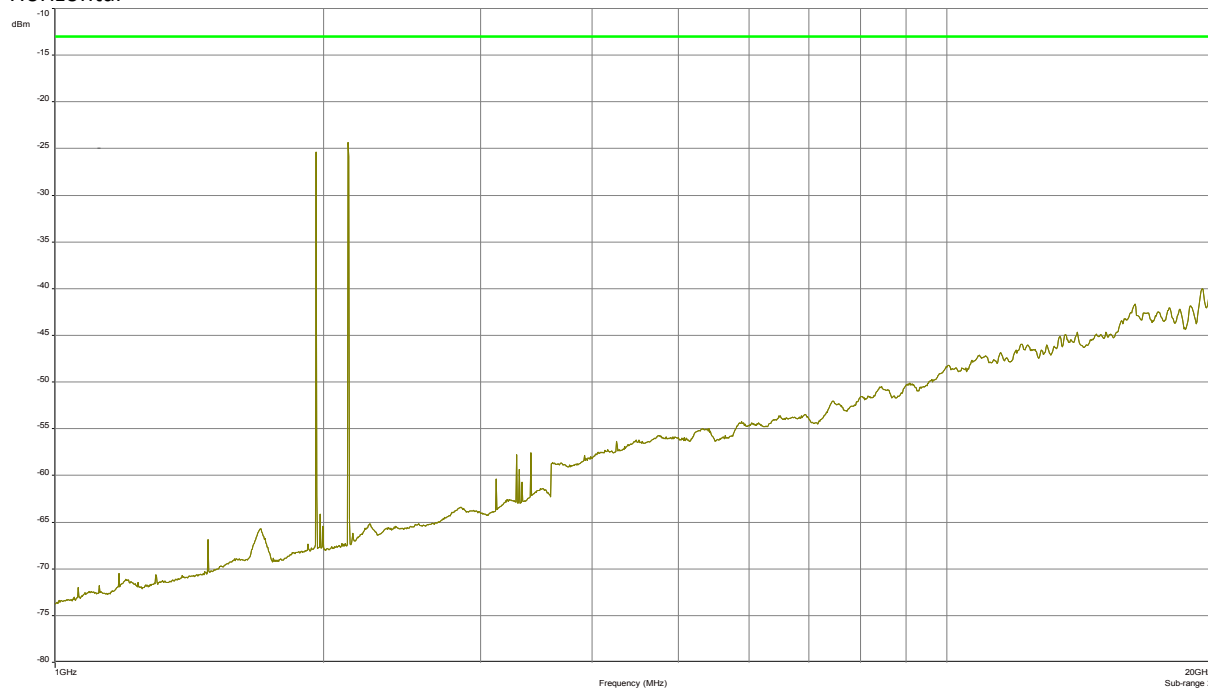
10.4.4 1 GHz to 20 GHz Downlink (Middle of all paths)

F1: 742.5 MHz; F2: 878 MHz; F3: 1962.5 MHz; F4: 2132.5 MHz

Vertical



Horizontal



The RF output power is terminated.

Za / 14.12.2014

The radiated spurious emission measurements have been passed!



11 History

Revision	Modification	Date	Name
V01.00	Initial	24.07.15	Tom Zahlmann

******* End of test report *******