

# RADIO TEST REPORT 444710– 1TRFWL

Type of assessment:

**Limited Modular approval**

Type of radio equipment:

**Bluetooth Device**

Equipment class:

**DTS**

Applicant:

**Technologies HumanWare Inc.**

Product marketing name:

**PCBA-0131**

Model (HVIN):

**PCBA-0131-A1.0**

FCC ID:

**XT5-0131**

IC Registration number:

**8670A-0131**

Specifications:

- ◆ FCC 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C, §15.247
- ◆ RSS-247, Issue 2, Feb 2017, Section 5

Date of issue: October 6, 2021

**Yong Huang, EMC/RF Specialist**

Tested by

  
Signature**Andrey Adelberg, Senior EMC/RF Specialist**

Reviewed by

  
Signature

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SCC File Number: 15064 (Ottawa/Almonte); 151100 (Montreal); 151097 (Cambridge)

FCC 15.247 and RSS-247; Date: February 2021

## Lab locations

|                      |                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
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|                      |                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                             |
|                      |                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                             |
| Test site identifier | <b>Organization</b>                                                                                                               | <b>Ottawa/Almonte</b>                                                                                                                          | <b>Montreal</b>                                                                                                       | <b>Cambridge</b>                                                                                                            |
|                      | FCC:                                                                                                                              | CA2040                                                                                                                                         | CA2041                                                                                                                | CA0101                                                                                                                      |
|                      | ISED:                                                                                                                             | 2040A-4                                                                                                                                        | 2040G-5                                                                                                               | 24676                                                                                                                       |
| Website              | <a href="http://www.nemko.com">www.nemko.com</a>                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                             |

## Limits of responsibility

Note that the results contained in this report relate only to the items tested and were obtained in the period between the date of initial receipt of samples and the date of issue of the report.

This test report has been completed in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025. All results contained in this report are within Nemko Canada's ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation.

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## Section 1 Report summary

### 1.1 Test specifications

|                                              |                                                                                                                              |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C, Clause 15.247 | Operation in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–585 MHz                                                              |
| RSS-247, Issue 2, Feb 2017, Section 5        | Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence-Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices |

### 1.2 Test methods

|                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 (April 2, 2019) | Guidance for compliance measurements on digital transmission system, frequency hopping spread spectrum system, and hybrid system devices operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules. |
| ANSI C63.10 v2013                                      | American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices                                                                                            |
| RSS-102, Issue 5, March 19, 2015                       | Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)                                                                                            |

### 1.3 Exclusions

None

### 1.4 Statement of compliance

In the configuration tested, the EUT was found compliant.

Testing was performed against all relevant requirements of the test standard except as noted in section 1.3 above. Results obtained indicate that the product under test complies in full with the requirements tested. The test results relate only to the items tested.

Determining compliance is based on the results of the compliance measurement, not taking into account measurement uncertainty, in accordance with section 1.3 of ANSI C63.10 v2013.

See “Summary of test results” for full details.

### 1.5 Test report revision history

**Table 1.5-1: Test report revision history**

| Revision # | Date of issue   | Details of changes made to test report |
|------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------|
| TRF        | October 6, 2021 | Original report issued                 |

## Section 2 Engineering considerations

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### 2.1 Modifications incorporated in the EUT for compliance

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There were no modifications performed to the EUT during this assessment.

### 2.2 Technical judgment

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As provided by client, the RF module under test is applying for limited single- modular approval, compliance is demonstrated with specific host.

### 2.3 Model variant declaration

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There were no model variants declared by the applicant.

### 2.4 Deviations from laboratory tests procedures

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No deviations were made from laboratory procedures.

## Section 3 Test conditions

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### 3.1 Atmospheric conditions

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|                   |                                         |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Temperature       | 15 °C – 35 °C                           |
| Relative humidity | 20 % – 75 %                             |
| Air pressure      | 86 kPa (860 mbar) – 106 kPa (1060 mbar) |

When it is impracticable to carry out tests under these conditions, a note to this effect stating the ambient temperature and relative humidity during the tests shall be recorded and stated.

### 3.2 Power supply range

---

The normal test voltage for equipment to be connected to the mains shall be the nominal mains voltage. For the purpose of the present document, the nominal voltage shall be the declared voltage, or any of the declared voltages  $\pm 5\%$ , for which the equipment was designed.

## Section 4 Measurement uncertainty

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### 4.1 Uncertainty of measurement

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UKAS Lab 34 and TIA-603-B have been used as guidance for measurement uncertainty reasonable estimations with regards to previous experience and validation of data. Nemko Canada, Inc. follows these test methods in order to satisfy ISO/IEC 17025 requirements for estimation of uncertainty of measurement for wireless products.

Measurement uncertainty budgets for the tests are detailed below. Measurement uncertainty calculations assume a coverage factor of  $K = 2$  with 95% certainty.

**Table 4.1-1:** Measurement uncertainty calculations

| Test name                         | Measurement uncertainty, $\pm$ dB |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| All antenna port measurements     | 0.55                              |
| Occupied bandwidth                | 4.45                              |
| Conducted spurious emissions      | 1.13                              |
| Radiated spurious emissions       | 3.78                              |
| AC power line conducted emissions | 3.55                              |

## Section 5 Information provided by the applicant

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### 5.1 Disclaimer

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This section contains information provided by the applicant and has been utilized to support the test plan. Inaccurate information provided by the applicant can affect the validity of the results contained within this test report. Nemko accepts no responsibility for the information contained within this section and the impact it may have on the test plan and resulting measurements.

### 5.2 Applicant/Manufacture

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|                     |                                                                             |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Applicant name      | Technologies HumanWare Inc.                                                 |
| Applicant address   | 1800, Jean-Berchmans-Michaud street Drummondville, (Quebec), Canada J2C 7G7 |
| Manufacture name    | Same as applicant                                                           |
| Manufacture address | Same as applicant                                                           |

### 5.3 EUT information

---

|                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Product                                     | BT + WIFI module                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Model                                       | PCBA-0131-A1.0                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Host Model                                  | DA2                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Model variant(s)                            | None                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Serial number                               | None                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| Part number                                 | PCBA-0131                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Power supply requirements                   | 3.0 to 3.6 Vdc, 300 mA , From host AC: 120 V, 50/60 Hz power cord                                                                                                                                          |
| Product description and theory of operation | The PCBA-0131 RF module integrates a PCB antenna. The module allows the host to connect to Wifi networks via a SDIO interface. It also allows the host to use the Bluetooth protocol via a UART interface. |

## 5.4 Radio technical information

|                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Category of Wideband Data Transmission equipment | <input type="checkbox"/> Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS) equipment<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other types of Wideband Data Transmission equipment (e.g. DSSS, OFDM, etc.). |
| Frequency band                                   | 2400–2483.5 MHz                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Frequency Min (MHz)                              | 2402                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Frequency Max (MHz)                              | 2480                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Channel numbers                                  | 0–78                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| RF power Max (W), Conducted                      | 0.0076 (8.78 dBm)                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Measured BW (kHz), 99% OBW                       | 1236.8                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Type of modulation                               | GFSK, $\pi$ /4-DPSK, 8-DPSK                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Emission classification                          | F1D                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Transmitter spurious, dB $\mu$ V/m @ 3 m         | 46.87 Average, @2484.1 MHz                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Antenna information                              | Molex 211964 2.4GHz/5GHz Ceramic SMT antenna, max peak gain: 2.1 dBi at 2.4 GHz band and 2.2 dBi at 5 GHz band.                                                                                 |

## 5.5 EUT setup details

### 5.5.1 Radio exercise details

|                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Operating conditions | <p>The EUT is soldered on Humanware Digital Talking Book Machine Main PCB, the DA2. The DA2 provides 3.1Vdc power to the EUT. The DA2 also interfaces to the EUT with a digital interface (SDIO and UART). The DA2 runs on Linux and has the appropriate drivers to control the EUT.</p> <p>In order to control the EUT in the appropriate mode, the DA2 is connected to a laptop with a serial to USB communication adapter. The operator uses a terminal interface on the laptop to communicate with the DA2. The DA2 has a special build for this purpose, the “certification-rtwpriv-wifi-bt-continous-2021-06-10”.</p> |
| Transmitter state    | Transmitter set into continuous mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

## 5.5.2 EUT setup configuration

Table 5.5-1: EUT sub assemblies

| Description                  | Brand name | Model, Part number, Serial number, Revision level |
|------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Digital Talking Book Machine | Humanware  | MN: DA2 SN: ALPHA-COND-1 PN: ASSY-1100            |
| BT + WIFI module             | Humanware  | MN: PCBA-0131-A1.0, PN: PCBA-0131 Rev: A1.0       |

Table 5.5-2: Support equipment

| Description                | Brand name | Model, Part number, Serial number, Revision level |
|----------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Serial communication board | Humanware  | PN: PCBA-0097B Rev: P2                            |
| AC power adapter           | InnoVision | MN: GW18W-050300UV                                |

## EUT setup configuration, continued

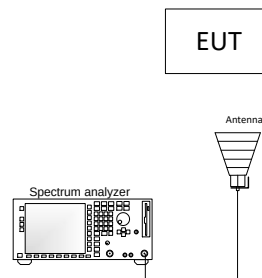


Figure 5.5-1: Radiated testing block diagram

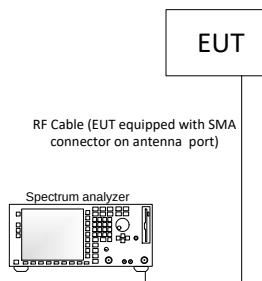


Figure 5.5-2: Antenna port testing block diagram

## Section 6 Summary of test results

### 6.1 Testing location

Test location (s) Montreal

### 6.2 Testing period

Test start date June 16, 2021 Test end date June 20, 2021

### 6.3 Sample information

Receipt date June 10, 2021 Nemko sample ID number(s) 2

### 6.4 FCC test results

**Table 6.4-1: FCC requirements results**

| Part                             | Test description                                                                        | Verdict        |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Generic requirements</b>      |                                                                                         |                |
| \$15.207(a)                      | Conducted limits                                                                        | Pass           |
| \$15.31(e)                       | Variation of power source                                                               | Pass           |
| \$15.31(m)                       | Number of tested frequencies                                                            | Pass           |
| \$15.203                         | Antenna requirement                                                                     | Pass           |
| \$15.247(c)(1)                   | Fixed point-to-point operation with directional antenna gains greater than 6 dBi        | Not applicable |
| \$15.247(c)(2)                   | Transmitters operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band that emit multiple directional beams | Not applicable |
| \$15.247(d)                      | Spurious emissions                                                                      | Pass           |
| \$15.247(f)                      | Time of occupancy for hybrid systems                                                    | Not applicable |
| <b>DTS specific requirements</b> |                                                                                         |                |
| \$15.247(a)(2)                   | Minimum 6 dB bandwidth                                                                  | Pass           |
| \$15.247(b)(3)                   | Maximum peak output power                                                               | Pass           |
| \$15.247(e)                      | Power spectral density                                                                  | Pass           |

Notes: EUT is an AC powered device.

## 6.5 ISED test results

**Table 6.5-1: ISED requirements results**

| Part                      | Test description                                                                       | Verdict        |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| Generic requirements      |                                                                                        |                |
| RSS-Gen, 7.3              | Receiver radiated emission limits                                                      | Not applicable |
| RSS-Gen, 7.4              | Receiver conducted emission limits                                                     | Not applicable |
| RSS-Gen, 6.9              | Operating bands and selection of test frequencies                                      | Pass           |
| RSS-Gen, 8.8              | AC powerline conducted emissions limits                                                | Pass           |
| RSS-247, 5.5              | Unwanted emissions                                                                     | Pass           |
| RSS-247, 5.3              | Hybrid Systems                                                                         | Not applicable |
| RSS-247, 5.3 (a)          | Digital modulation turned off                                                          |                |
| RSS-247, 5.3 (b)          | Frequency hopping turned off                                                           |                |
| DTS specific requirements |                                                                                        |                |
| RSS-247, 5.2 (a)          | Minimum 6 dB bandwidth                                                                 | Pass           |
| RSS-247, 5.2 (b)          | Maximum power spectral density                                                         | Pass           |
| RSS-247, 5.4              | Transmitter output power and e.i.r.p. requirements                                     | Pass           |
| RSS-247, 5.4 (d)          | Systems employing digital modulation techniques                                        |                |
| RSS-247, 5.4 (e)          | Point-to-point systems in 2400–2483.5 MHz and 5725–5850 MHz band                       |                |
| RSS-247, 5.4 (f)          | Transmitters which operate in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band with multiple directional beams | Not applicable |

Notes: <sup>1</sup>According to sections 5.2 and 5.3 of RSS-Gen, Issue 5 the EUT does not have a stand-alone receiver neither scanner receiver, therefore exempt from receiver requirements.  
EUT is an AC powered device.

## Section 7 Test equipment

### 7.1 Test equipment list

**Table 7.1-1: Equipment list**

| Equipment                        | Manufacturer       | Model no.  | Asset no. | Cal cycle | Next cal.          |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------------------|
| 3 m EMI test chamber (Emissions) | TDK                | SAC-3      | FA002532e | 2 year    | February 25, 2022  |
| Flush mount turntable            | Sunol              | FM2022     | FA002550  | —         | NCR                |
| Controller                       | Sunol              | SC104V     | FA002551  | —         | NCR                |
| Antenna mast                     | Sunol              | TLT2       | FA002552  | —         | NCR                |
| 3 Phase AC Power Supply          | apc AC Power       | AFC-33045T | FA002677  | —         | VOU                |
| Power Meter                      | HIOKI              | PW3337     | FA002727  | 1 year    | March 15, 2022     |
| Receiver/spectrum analyzer       | Rohde & Schwarz    | ESU 40     | FA002071  | 1 year    | March 16, 2022     |
| Bilog antenna (20–2000 MHz)      | Sunol              | JB1        | FA002517  | 1 year    | March 3, 2022      |
| Horn antenna (1–18 GHz)          | EMCO               | 3115       | FA001451  | 1 year    | February 16, 2022  |
| Horn antenna (18–40 GHz)         | EMCO               | 3116       | FA002487  | 2 year    | March 4, 2023      |
| Pre-amplifier (0.5–18 GHz)       | Com-Power          | PAM-118A   | FA002561  | 1 year    | September 22, 2021 |
| Pre-amplifier (18–40 GHz)        | Com-Power          | PAM-840    | FA002508  | 1 year    | September 24, 2021 |
| 2.4 GHz band Notch Filter        | Microwave Circuits | N0324413   | FA002693  | —         | VOU                |
| Spectrum analyzer                | Rohde & Schwarz    | FSV 40     | FA002731  | 1 year    | March 23, 2022     |
| LISN                             | Rohde & Schwarz    | ENV216     | FA002514  | 1 year    | January 29, 2022   |
| 50 Ω coax cable                  | C.C.A.             | None       | FA002605  | —         | VOU                |
| 50 Ω coax cable                  | C.C.A.             | None       | FA002831  | —         | VOU                |

Notes: NCR - no calibration required, VOU - verify on use

## Section 8   Testing data

### 8.1   Variation of power source

#### 8.1.1   References, definitions and limits

##### FCC §15.31 (e):

For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. For battery operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a new battery.

#### 8.1.2   Test summary

|           |            |           |               |
|-----------|------------|-----------|---------------|
| Verdict   | Pass       |           |               |
| Tested by | Yong Huang | Test date | June 17, 2021 |

#### 8.1.3   Observations, settings and special notes

The testing was performed as per ANSI C63.10 Section 5.13.

- Where the device is intended to be powered from an external power adapter, the voltage variations shall be applied to the input of the adapter provided with the device at the time of sale. If the device is not marketed or sold with a specific adapter, then a typical power adapter shall be used.
- For devices, where operating at a supply voltage deviating  $\pm 15\%$  from the nominal rated value may cause damages or loss of intended function, test to minimum and maximum allowable voltage per manufacturer's specification and document in the report.
- For devices with wide range of rated supply voltage, test at 15% below the lowest and 15% above the highest declared nominal rated supply voltage.
- For devices obtaining power from an input/output (I/O) port (USB, firewire, etc.), a test jig is necessary to apply voltage variation to the device from a support power supply, while maintaining the functionalities of the device.

For battery-operated equipment, the equipment tests shall be performed using a variable power supply.

#### 8.1.4   Test data

|                                                                                                   |                                        |                                        |                                         |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| EUT Power requirements:                                                                           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AC | <input type="checkbox"/> DC            | <input type="checkbox"/> Battery        |
| If EUT is an AC or a DC powered, was the noticeable output power variation observed?              | <input type="checkbox"/> YES           | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO | <input type="checkbox"/> N/A            |
| If EUT is battery operated, was the testing performed using fresh batteries?                      | <input type="checkbox"/> YES           | <input type="checkbox"/> NO            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A |
| If EUT is rechargeable battery operated, was the testing performed using fully charged batteries? | <input type="checkbox"/> YES           | <input type="checkbox"/> NO            | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> N/A |

## 8.2 Number of frequencies

### 8.2.1 References, definitions and limits

#### FCC §15.31:

- (m) Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers shall be performed and, if required, reported for each band in which the device can be operated with the device operating at the number of frequencies in each band specified in the following table.

#### RSS-Gen, Clause 6.9:

Except where otherwise specified, measurements shall be performed for each frequency band of operation for which the radio apparatus is to be certified, with the device operating at the frequencies in each band of operation shown in table below. The frequencies selected for measurements shall be reported in the test report.

**Table 8.2-1: Frequency Range of Operation**

| Frequency range over which the device operates (in each band) | Number of test frequencies required | Location of measurement frequency inside the operating frequency range |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 MHz or less                                                 | 1                                   | Center (middle of the band)                                            |
| 1–10 MHz                                                      | 2                                   | 1 near high end, 1 near low end                                        |
| Greater than 10 MHz                                           | 3                                   | 1 near high end, 1 near center and 1 near low end                      |

Notes: “near” means as close as possible to or at the centre / low end / high end of the frequency range over which the device operates.

### 8.2.2 Test summary

|           |            |           |               |
|-----------|------------|-----------|---------------|
| Verdict   | Pass       |           |               |
| Tested by | Yong Huang | Test date | June 17, 2021 |

### 8.2.3 Observations, settings and special notes

#### ANSI C63.10, Clause 5.6.2.1:

The number of channels tested can be reduced by measuring the center channel bandwidth first and then applying the following relaxations as appropriate:

- For each operating mode, if the measured channel bandwidth on the middle channel is at least 150% of the minimum permitted bandwidth, then it is not necessary to measure the bandwidth on the high and low channels.
- For multiple-input multiple-output (MIMO) systems, if the measured channel bandwidth on testing the middle channel exceeds the minimum permitted bandwidth by more than 50% on one transmit chain, then it is not necessary to repeat testing on the other chains.
- If the measured channel bandwidth on the middle channel is less than 50% of the maximum permitted bandwidth, then it is not necessary to measure the bandwidth on the high and low channels.

#### ANSI C63.10, Clause 5.6.2.2:

For devices with multiple operating modes, measurements on the middle channel can be used to determine the worst-case mode(s). The worst-case modes are as follows:

- Band edge requirements—Measurements on the mode with the widest bandwidth can be used to cover the same channel (center frequency) on modes with narrower bandwidth that have the same or lower output power for each modulation family (e.g., OFDM and direct sequence spread spectrum).
- Spurious emissions—Measure the mode with the highest output power and the mode with the highest output power spectral density for each modulation family (e.g., OFDM and direct sequence spread spectrum).
- In-band PSD—Measurements on the mode with the narrowest bandwidth can be used to cover all modes within the same modulation family of an equal or lower output power provided the result is less than 50% of the limit.

#### 8.2.4 Test data

**Table 8.2-2:** *Test channels selection*

| Modulation    | Start of Frequency range, MHz | End of Frequency range, MHz | Frequency range bandwidth, MHz | Low channel, MHz | Mid channel, MHz | High channel, MHz |
|---------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| GFSK          | 2400                          | 2483.5                      | 83.5                           | 2402             | 2442             | 2480              |
| $\pi/4$ -DPSK | 2400                          | 2483.5                      | 83.5                           | 2402             | 2442             | 2480              |
| 8-DPSK        | 2400                          | 2483.5                      | 83.5                           | 2402             | 2442             | 2480              |

## 8.3 Antenna requirement

### 8.3.1 References, definitions and limits

#### FCC §15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

#### FCC §15.247:

- (b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:
- (4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### RSS-Gen, Clause 6.8:

The applicant for equipment certification shall provide a list of all antenna types that may be used with the transmitter, where applicable (i.e. for transmitters with detachable antenna), indicating the maximum permissible antenna gain (in dBi) and the required impedance for each antenna. The test report shall demonstrate the compliance of the transmitter with the limit for maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) specified in the applicable RSS, when the transmitter is equipped with any antenna type, selected from this list. For expediting the testing, measurements may be performed using only the antenna with highest gain of each combination of transmitter and antenna type, with the transmitter output power set at the maximum level. However, the transmitter shall comply with the applicable requirements under all operational conditions and when in combination with any type of antenna from the list provided in the test report.

### 8.3.2 Test summary

|           |            |           |               |
|-----------|------------|-----------|---------------|
| Verdict   | Pass       |           |               |
| Tested by | Yong Huang | Test date | June 18, 2021 |

### 8.3.3 Observations, settings and special notes

None

### 8.3.4 Test data

Must the EUT be professionally installed?      ☐ YES      ☒ NO  
Does the EUT have detachable antenna(s)?      ☐ YES      ☒ NO  
If detachable, is the antenna connector(s) non-standard?      ☐ YES      ☐ NO      ☒ N/A

**Table 8.3-1: Antenna information**

| Antenna type            | Manufacturer | Model number | Maximum gain                                       | Connector type |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| PCB Ceramic SMT antenna | Molex        | 211964       | 2.1 dBi for 2.4 GHz band<br>2.2 dBi for 5 GHz band | Surface mount  |

## 8.4 AC power line conducted emissions limits

### 8.4.1 References, definitions and limits

#### FCC §15.207:

- (a) Except as shown in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies, within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50  $\mu$ H/50  $\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

#### ANSI C63.10, Clause 6.2:

If the EUT normally receives power from another device that in turn connects to the public utility ac power lines, measurements shall be made on that device with the EUT in operation to demonstrate that the device continues to comply with the appropriate limits while providing the EUT with power. If the EUT is operated only from internal or dedicated batteries, with no provisions for connection to the public utility ac power lines (600 VAC or less) to operate the EUT (such as an adapter), then ac power-line conducted measurements are not required.

For direct current (dc) powered devices where the ac power adapter is not supplied with the device, an “off-the-shelf” unmodified ac power adapter shall be used. If the device is supposed to be installed in a host (e.g., the device is a module or PC card), then it is tested in a typical compliant host.

#### RSS-Gen, Clause 8.8:

A radio apparatus that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line shall ensure that the radio frequency voltage, which is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz, shall not exceed the limits in table below.

Unless the requirements applicable to a given device state otherwise, for any radio apparatus equipped to operate from the public utility AC power supply either directly or indirectly (such as with a battery charger), the radio frequency voltage of emissions conducted back onto the AC power lines in the frequency range of 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits shown in table below. The more stringent limit applies at the frequency range boundaries.

**Table 8.4-1: Conducted emissions limit**

| Frequency of emission, MHz | Conducted emissions limit, dB $\mu$ V |           |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|
|                            | Quasi-peak                            | Average** |
| 0.15–0.5                   | 66 to 56*                             | 56 to 46* |
| 0.5–5                      | 56                                    | 46        |
| 5–30                       | 60                                    | 50        |

Notes:      \* - The level decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency.

             \*\* - A linear average detector is required.

### 8.4.2 Test summary

|           |            |           |               |
|-----------|------------|-----------|---------------|
| Verdict   | Pass       |           |               |
| Tested by | Yong Huang | Test date | June 10, 2021 |

### 8.4.3 Observations, settings and special notes

|                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Port under test – Coupling device | AC input of host – Artificial Mains Network (AMN)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| EUT power input during test       | 120 V <sub>AC</sub> , 60 Hz;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| EUT setup configuration           | Table top                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Measurement details               | A preview measurement was generated with the receiver in continuous scan mode. Emissions detected within 10 dB or above the limit were re-measured with the appropriate detector against the correlating limit and recorded as the final measurement.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Additional notes:                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– The EUT was set up as tabletop configuration per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure.</li> <li>– The spectral scan has been corrected with transducer factors (i.e. cable loss, LISN factors, and attenuators) for determination of compliance. Correction factor (dB) = LISN factor IL (dB) + cable loss (dB) + attenuator (dB)</li> <li>– Emissions that were continuously present for a minimum of 1 second and occurred more than once for every 15 seconds observation period were considered valid emissions. The maximum value of valid emissions has been recorded.</li> </ul> |

#### Receiver settings:

|                      |                                                             |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| Resolution bandwidth | 9 kHz                                                       |
| Video bandwidth      | 30 kHz                                                      |
| Detector mode        | Peak and Average (Preview), Quasi-peak and CAverage (Final) |
| Trace mode           | Max Hold                                                    |
| Measurement time     | 100 ms (Preview), 160 ms (Final)                            |

### 8.4.4 Test data

**Table 8.4-2: Conducted emissions results on phase line**

| Frequency, MHz | Quasi-Peak result, dBμV | Quasi-Peak limit, dBμV | Quasi-Peak margin, dB | Correction factor, dB |
|----------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 0.580          | 43.2                    | 56.0                   | 12.8                  | 10.0                  |
| 0.859          | 44.0                    | 56.0                   | 12.0                  | 9.9                   |
| 1.430          | 43.6                    | 56.0                   | 12.4                  | 9.9                   |

| Frequency, MHz | CAverage result, dBμV | CAverage limit, dBμV | CAverage margin, dB | Correction factor, dB |
|----------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 0.857          | 38.0                  | 46.0                 | 8.0                 | 9.9                   |
| 1.428          | 36.9                  | 46.0                 | 9.1                 | 9.9                   |
| 2.573          | 34.6                  | 46.0                 | 11.4                | 9.9                   |

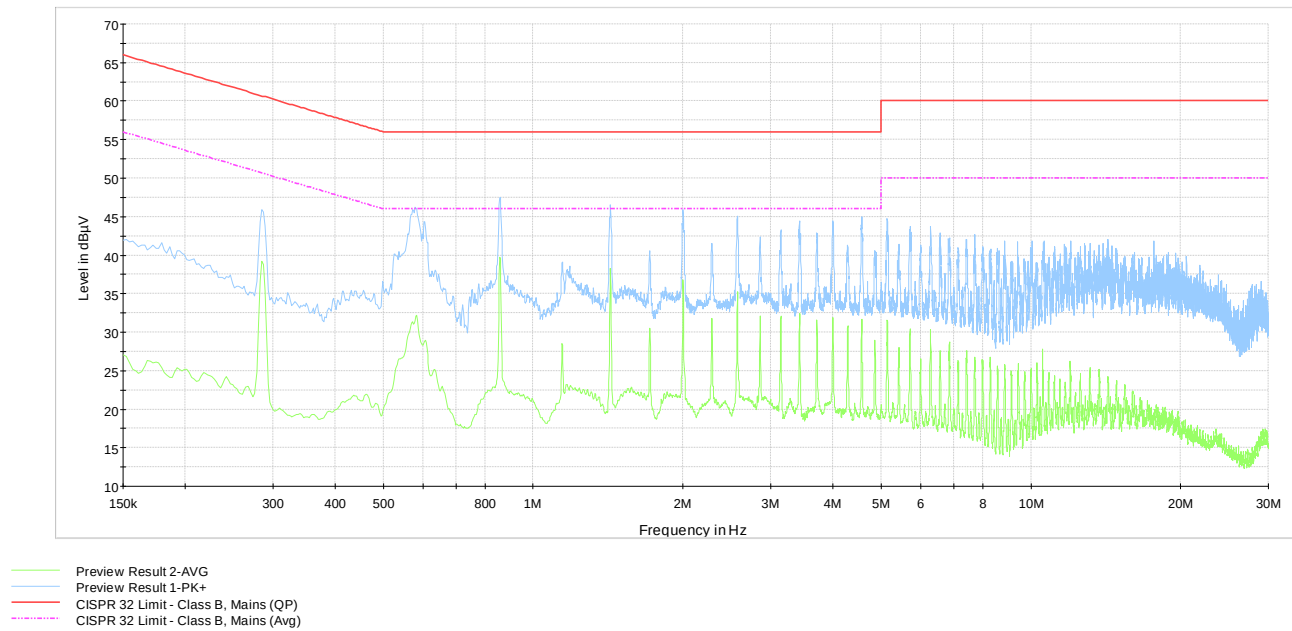
**Table 8.4-3: Conducted emissions results on neutral line**

| Frequency, MHz | Quasi-Peak result, dBμV | Quasi-Peak limit, dBμV | Quasi-Peak margin, dB | Correction factor, dB |
|----------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 0.578          | 38.7                    | 56.0                   | 17.3                  | 10.0                  |
| 0.857          | 40.5                    | 56.0                   | 15.5                  | 9.9                   |
| 1.430          | 40.0                    | 56.0                   | 16.0                  | 9.9                   |

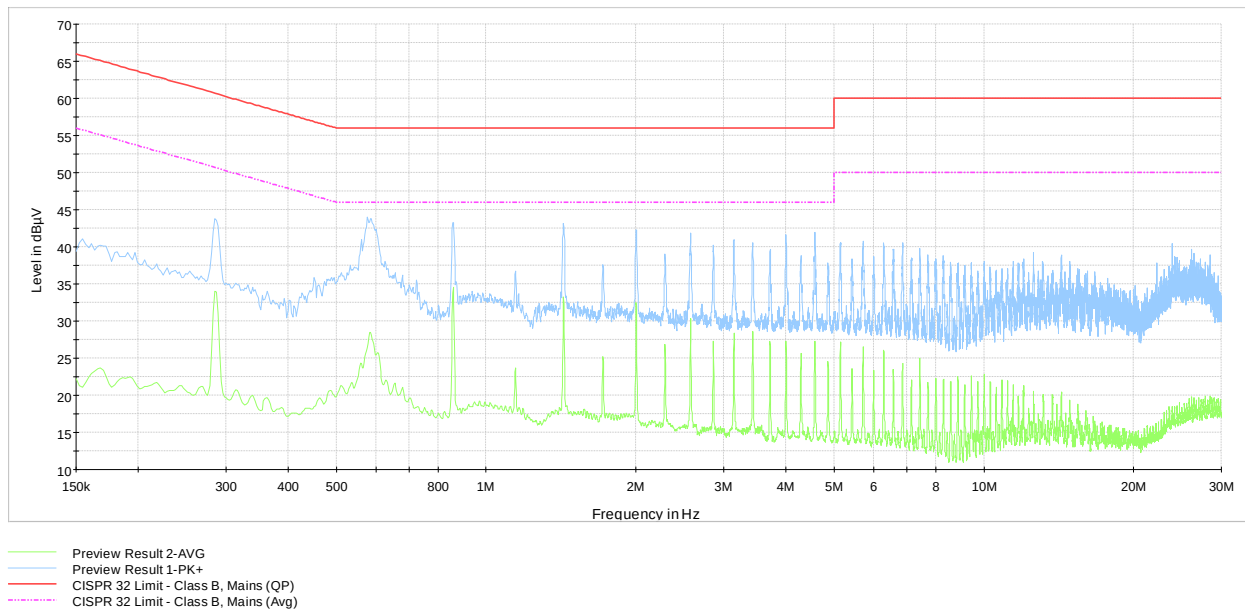
  

| Frequency, MHz | CAverage result, dBμV | CAverage limit, dBμV | CAverage margin, dB | Correction factor, dB |
|----------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 0.859          | 34.4                  | 46.0                 | 11.6                | 9.9                   |
| 1.430          | 31.5                  | 46.0                 | 14.5                | 9.9                   |
| 2.002          | 30.3                  | 46.0                 | 15.7                | 9.9                   |

Test data, continued



**Plot 8.4-1:** *Conducted emissions on phase line*



**Plot 8.4-2:** *Conducted emissions on neutral line*

## 8.5 Minimum 6 dB bandwidth for DTS systems

### 8.5.1 References, definitions and limits

#### FCC §15.247:

- (a) Operation under the provisions of this Section is limited to frequency hopping and digitally modulated intentional radiators that comply with the following provisions:
- (2) Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902–928 MHz, 2400–2483.5 MHz, and 5725–5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.

#### RSS-247, Clause 5.2:

DTSs include systems that employ digital modulation techniques resulting in spectral characteristics similar to direct sequence systems. The following applies to the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz:

- a. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be 500 kHz.

#### RSS-Gen, Clause 6.7:

6 dB bandwidth is defined as the frequency range between two points, one at the lowest frequency below and one at the highest frequency above the carrier frequency, at which the maximum power level of the transmitted emission is attenuated 6 dB below the maximum in-band power level of the modulated signal, where the two points are on the outskirts of the in-band emission.

For the 99% emission bandwidth, the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power level terms. The recovered amplitude data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached, and that frequency recorded. The process is repeated for the highest frequency data points (starting at the highest frequency, at the right side of the span, and going down in frequency). This frequency is then recorded. The difference between the two recorded frequencies is the occupied bandwidth (or the 99% emission bandwidth).

### 8.5.2 Test summary

|           |            |                 |               |
|-----------|------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Verdict   | Pass       |                 |               |
| Tested by | Yong Huang | Test start date | June 17, 2021 |

### 8.5.3 Observations, settings and special notes

The test was performed as per KDB 558074, section 8.2 with reference to ANSI C63.10 subclause 11.8.  
Spectrum analyser settings:

|                      |                                        |
|----------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Resolution bandwidth | 6 dB BW: 100 kHz; 99% OBW: 1–5% of OBW |
| Video bandwidth      | $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$             |
| Frequency span       | 1 MHz / 2 MHz                          |
| Detector mode        | Peak                                   |
| Trace mode           | Max Hold                               |

#### 8.5.4 Test data

**Table 8.5-1: 6 dB bandwidth results**

| Modulation    | Frequency, MHz | 6 dB bandwidth, kHz | Minimum limit, kHz | Margin, kHz |
|---------------|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| GFSK          | 2402           | 500.5               | 500.0              | 0.5         |
|               | 2442           | 501.5               | 500.0              | 1.5         |
|               | 2480           | 501.5               | 500.0              | 1.5         |
| $\pi/4$ -DPSK | 2402           | 1056.9              | 500.0              | 556.9       |
|               | 2442           | 1056.9              | 500.0              | 556.9       |
|               | 2480           | 1060.9              | 500.0              | 560.9       |
| 8-DPSK        | 2402           | 961.0               | 500.0              | 461.0       |
|               | 2442           | 973.0               | 500.0              | 473.0       |
|               | 2480           | 961.0               | 500.0              | 461.0       |

**Table 8.5-2: 99% occupied bandwidth results**

| Modulation    | Frequency, MHz | 99% occupied bandwidth, kHz |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| GFSK          | 2402           | 939.1                       |
|               | 2442           | 935.1                       |
|               | 2480           | 939.1                       |
| $\pi/4$ -DPSK | 2402           | 1188.8                      |
|               | 2442           | 1192.8                      |
|               | 2480           | 1196.8                      |
| 8-DPSK        | 2402           | 1236.8                      |
|               | 2442           | 1232.8                      |
|               | 2480           | 1232.8                      |

Notes:      There is no 99% occupied bandwidth limit in the standard's requirements, the measurement results provided for information purposes only.

Test data, continued

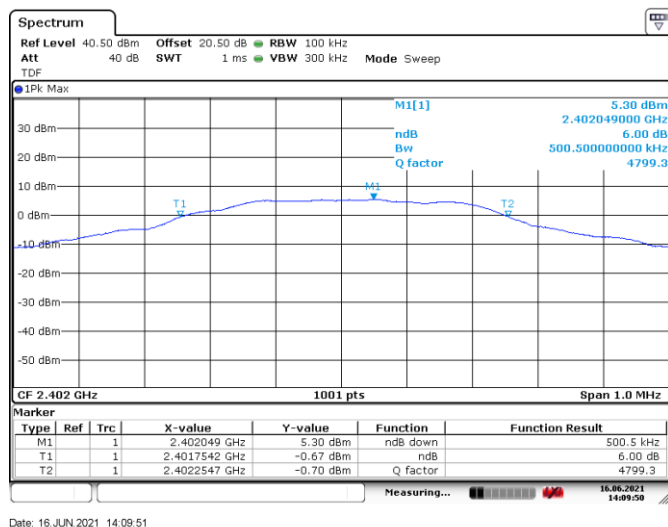


Figure 8.5-1: 6 dB bandwidth on GFSK, sample plot

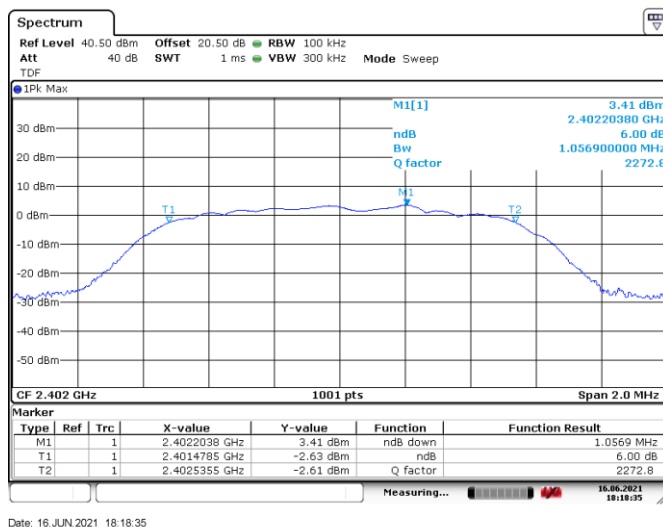


Figure 8.5-2: 6 dB bandwidth on  $\pi/4$ -DPSK, sample plot

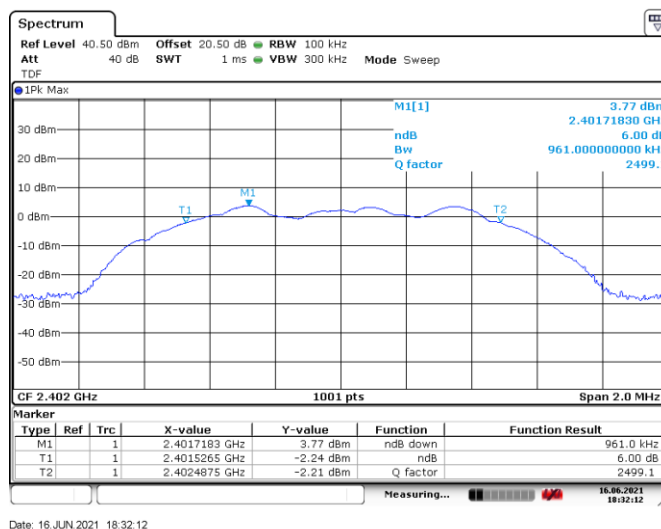


Figure 8.5-3: 6 dB bandwidth on 8-DPSK, sample plot

## Test data, continued

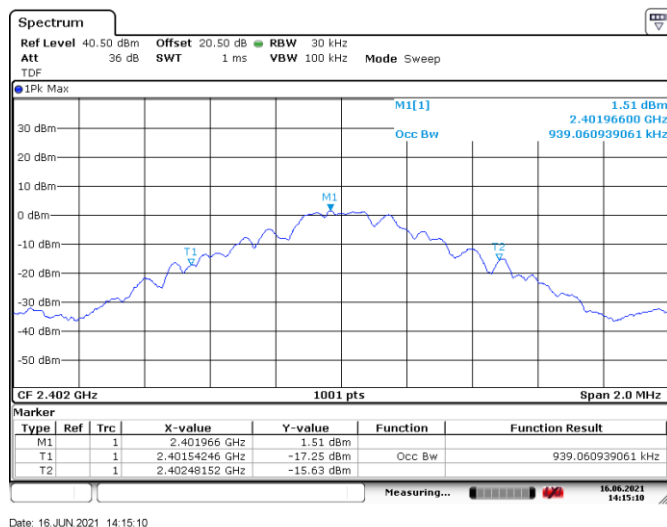


Figure 8.5-4: 99% bandwidth on GFSK, sample plot

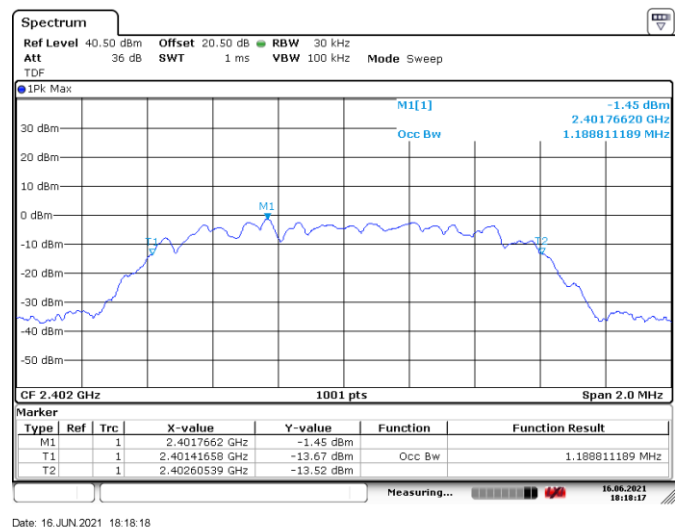


Figure 8.5-5: 99% bandwidth on  $\pi/4$ -DPSK, sample plot

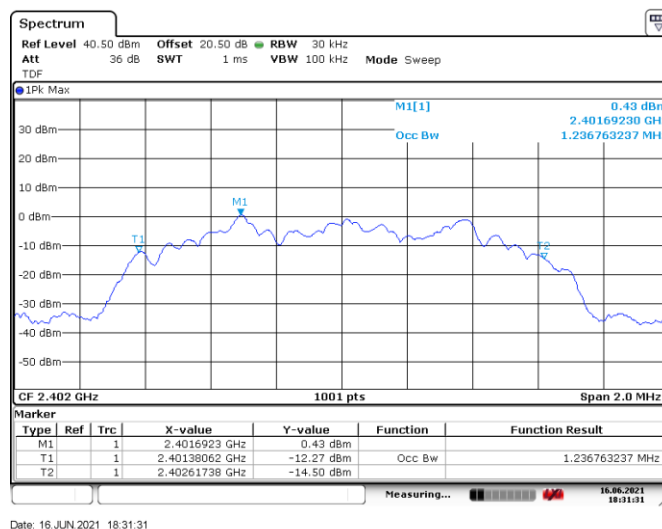


Figure 8.5-6: 99% bandwidth on 8-DPSK, sample plot

## 8.6 Transmitter output power and e.i.r.p. requirements for DTS in 2.4 GHz

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### 8.6.1 References, definitions and limits

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#### **FCC §15.247:**

- (b) The maximum peak conducted output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed the following:
- (3) For systems using digital modulation in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 1 W (30 dBm). As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or is transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are possible (e.g., alternative modulation methods), the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.
- (4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (c) Operation with directional antenna gains greater than 6 dBi.
- (1) Fixed point-to-point operation:
  - (i) Systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band that are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
  - (iii) Fixed, point-to-point operation, as used in paragraphs (c)(1)(i) and (c)(1)(ii) of this section, excludes the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple co-located intentional radiators transmitting the same information. The operator of the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator or, if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer is responsible for ensuring that the system is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations. The instruction manual furnished with the intentional radiator shall contain language in the installation instructions informing the operator and the installer of this responsibility.
- (2) In addition to the provisions in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(3), (b)(4) and (c)(1)(i) of this section, transmitters operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band that emit multiple directional beams, simultaneously or sequentially, for the purpose of directing signals to individual receivers or to groups of receivers provided the emissions comply with the following:
  - (i) Different information must be transmitted to each receiver.
  - (ii) If the transmitter employs an antenna system that emits multiple directional beams but does not do emit multiple directional beams simultaneously, the total output power conducted to the array or arrays that comprise the device, i.e., the sum of the power supplied to all antennas, antenna elements, staves, etc. and summed across all carriers or frequency channels, shall not exceed the limit specified in paragraph (b)(1) or (b)(3) of this section, as applicable. However, the total conducted output power shall be reduced by 1 dB below the specified limits for each 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna/antenna array exceeds 6 dBi. The directional antenna gain shall be computed as follows:
    - (A) The directional gain shall be calculated as the sum of 10 log (number of array elements or staves) plus the directional gain of the element or stave having the highest gain.
    - (B) A lower value for the directional gain than that calculated in paragraph (c)(2)(ii)(A) of this section will be accepted if sufficient evidence is presented, e.g., due to shading of the array or coherence loss in the beamforming.
  - (iii) If a transmitter employs an antenna that operates simultaneously on multiple directional beams using the same or different frequency channels, the power supplied to each emission beam is subject to the power limit specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section. If transmitted beams overlap, the power shall be reduced to ensure that their aggregate power does not exceed the limit specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section. In addition, the aggregate power transmitted simultaneously on all beams shall not exceed the limit specified in paragraph (c)(2)(ii) of this section by more than 8 dB.
- (iv) Transmitters that emit a single directional beam shall operate under the provisions of paragraph (c)(1) of this section.

## References, definitions and limits, continued

### RSS-247, Clause 5.4:

Devices shall comply with the following requirements, where applicable:

- d. For DTSs employing digital modulation techniques operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band,, the maximum peak conducted output power shall not exceed 1 W. The e.i.r.p. shall not exceed 4 W, except as provided in section 5.4(e).

As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. The maximum conducted output power is the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements, averaged across all symbols in the signalling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements. The average must not include any time intervals during which the transmitter is off or transmitting at a reduced power level. If multiple modes of operation are implemented, the maximum conducted output power is the highest total transmit power occurring in any mode.

- e. Fixed point-to-point systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band are permitted to have an e.i.r.p. higher than 4 W provided that the higher e.i.r.p. is achieved by employing higher gain directional antennas and not higher transmitter output powers. Point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications and multiple co-located transmitters transmitting the same information are prohibited from exceeding an e.i.r.p. of 4 W.
- f. Transmitters operating in the band 2400–2483.5 MHz, may employ antenna systems that emit multiple directional beams simultaneously or sequentially, for the purpose of directing signals to individual receivers or to groups of receivers, provided that the emissions comply with the following:
  - i. Different information must be transmitted to each receiver.
  - ii. If the transmitter employs an antenna system that emits multiple directional beams, but does not emit multiple directional beams simultaneously, the total output power conducted to the array or arrays that comprise the device (i.e. the sum of the power supplied to all antennas, antenna elements, staves, etc., and summed across all carriers or frequency channels) shall not exceed the applicable output power limit specified in sections 5.4(b) and 5.4(d). However, the total conducted output power shall be reduced by 1 dB below the specified limits for each 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna/antenna array exceeds 6 dBi. The directional antenna gain shall be computed as the sum of 10 log (number of array elements or staves) plus the directional gain of the element or stave having the highest gain.
  - iii. If a transmitter employs an antenna that operates simultaneously on multiple directional beams using the same or different frequency channels, the power supplied to each emission beam is subject to the applicable power limit specified in sections 5.4(b) and 5.4(d). If transmitted beams overlap, the power shall be reduced to ensure that their aggregate power does not exceed the applicable limit specified in sections 5.4(b) and 5.4(d). In addition, the aggregate power transmitted simultaneously on all beams shall not exceed the applicable limit specified in sections 5.4(b) and 5.4(d) by more than 8 dB.
  - iv. Transmitters that transmit a single directional beam shall operate under the provisions of sections 5.4(b), 5.4(d) and 5.4(e).

### 8.6.2 Test summary

|           |            |           |               |
|-----------|------------|-----------|---------------|
| Verdict   | Pass       |           |               |
| Tested by | Yong Huang | Test date | June 16, 2021 |

### 8.6.3 Observations, settings and special notes

The test was performed as per KDB 558074, section 8.3 with reference to ANSI C63.10 subclause 11.9.1 (peak power) using method RBW≥DTS bandwidth (Maximum peak conducted output power)

Spectrum analyser settings:

|                      |          |
|----------------------|----------|
| Resolution bandwidth | 3 MHz    |
| Video bandwidth      | ≥3 × RBW |
| Frequency span       | 10 MHz   |
| Detector mode        | Peak     |
| Trace mode           | Max hold |

### 8.6.4 Test data

**Table 8.6-1:** Output power and EIRP results (antenna port measurement)

| Modulation | Frequency, MHz | Conducted output power, dBm | Output power limit, dBm | Output power margin, dB | Antenna gain, dBi | EIRP, dBm | EIRP limit, dBm | EIRP margin, dB |
|------------|----------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|
| GFSK       | 2402           | 7.08                        | 30.00                   | 22.92                   | 2.10              | 9.18      | 36.00           | 26.82           |
|            | 2442           | 6.43                        | 30.00                   | 23.57                   | 2.10              | 8.53      | 36.00           | 27.47           |
|            | 2480           | 6.05                        | 30.00                   | 23.95                   | 2.10              | 8.15      | 36.00           | 27.85           |
| π/4-DPSK   | 2402           | 8.56                        | 30.00                   | 21.44                   | 2.10              | 10.66     | 36.00           | 25.34           |
|            | 2442           | 8.01                        | 30.00                   | 21.99                   | 2.10              | 10.11     | 36.00           | 25.89           |
|            | 2480           | 7.42                        | 30.00                   | 22.58                   | 2.10              | 9.52      | 36.00           | 26.48           |
| 8-DPSK     | 2402           | 8.78                        | 30.00                   | 21.22                   | 2.10              | 10.88     | 36.00           | 25.12           |
|            | 2442           | 8.20                        | 30.00                   | 21.80                   | 2.10              | 10.30     | 36.00           | 25.70           |
|            | 2480           | 7.63                        | 30.00                   | 22.37                   | 2.10              | 9.73      | 36.00           | 26.27           |

Note: EIRP [dBm] = Conducted output power [dBm] + Antenna gain [dBi]

Test data, continued

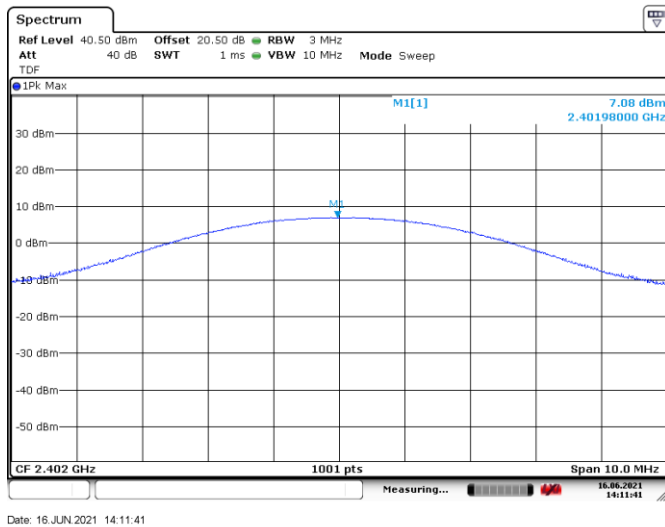


Figure 8.6-1: Output power on low channel, GFSK

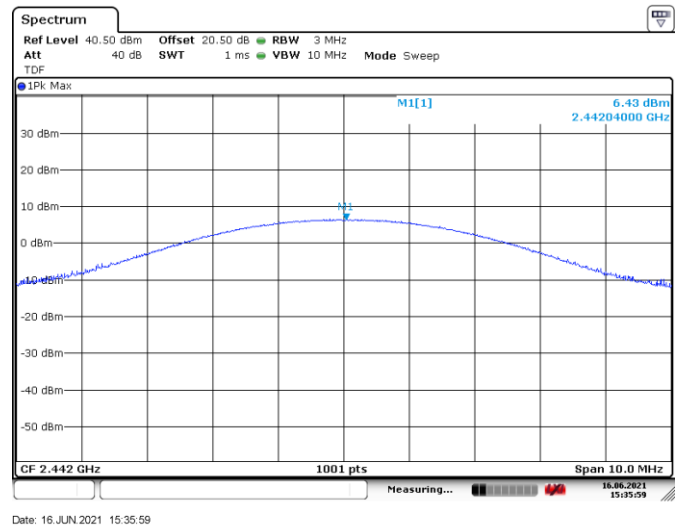


Figure 8.6-2: Output power on mid channel, GFSK

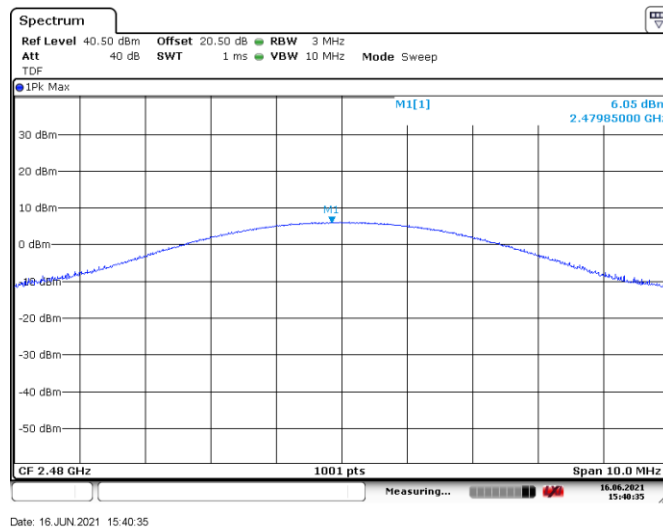
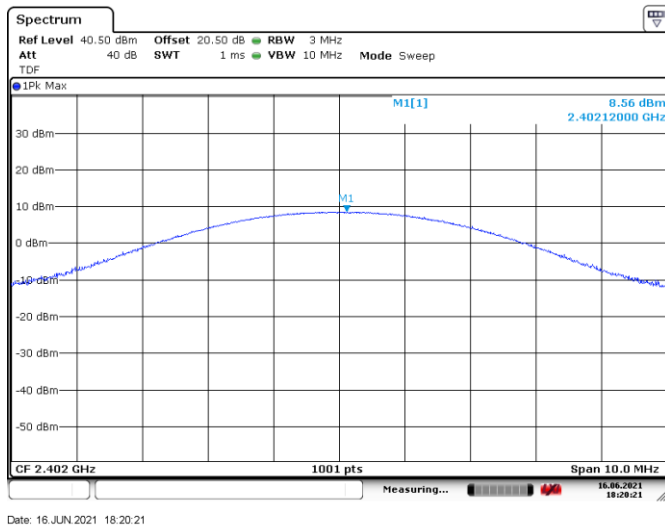
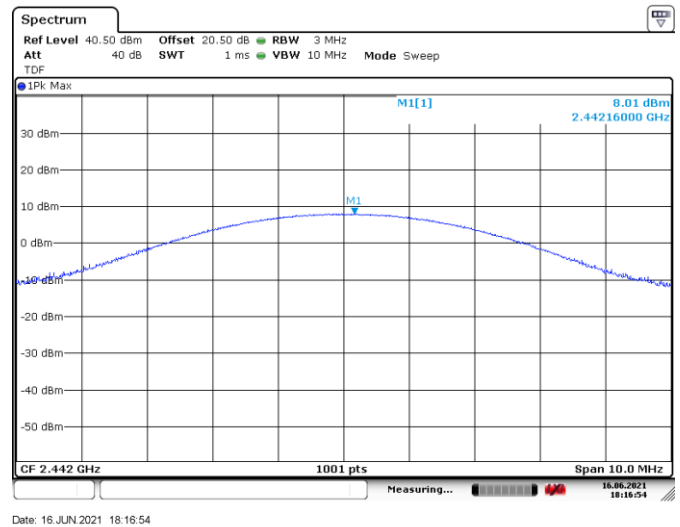
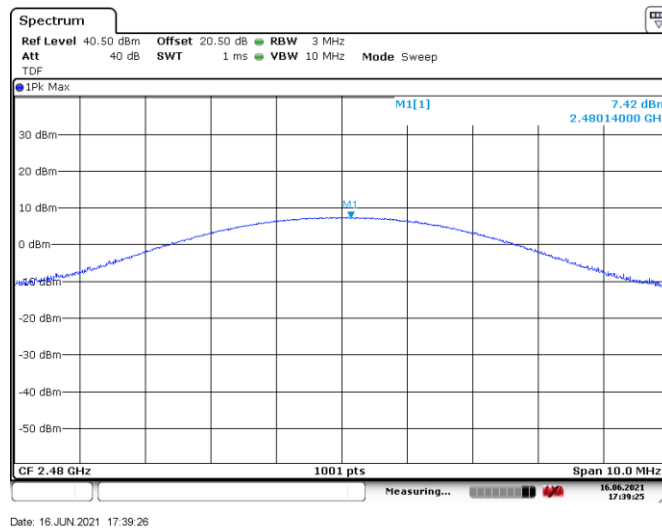


Figure 8.6-3: Output power on high channel, GFSK

## Test data, continued


Figure 8.6-4: Output power on low channel,  $\pi/4$ -DPSK

Figure 8.6-5: Output power on mid channel,  $\pi/4$ -DPSK

Figure 8.6-6: Output power on high channel,  $\pi/4$ -DPSK

Test data, continued

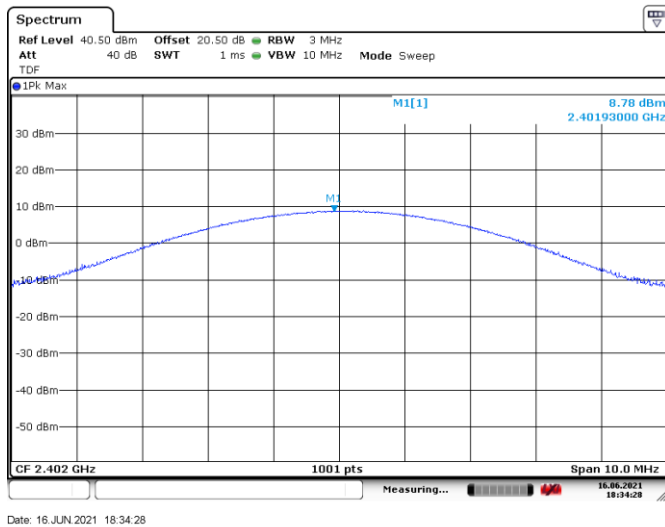


Figure 8.6-7: Output power on low channel, 8-DPSK

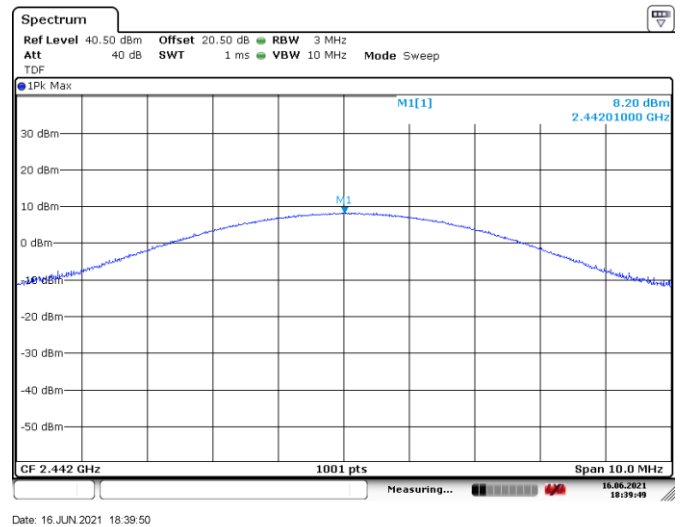


Figure 8.6-8: Output power on mid channel, 8-DPSK

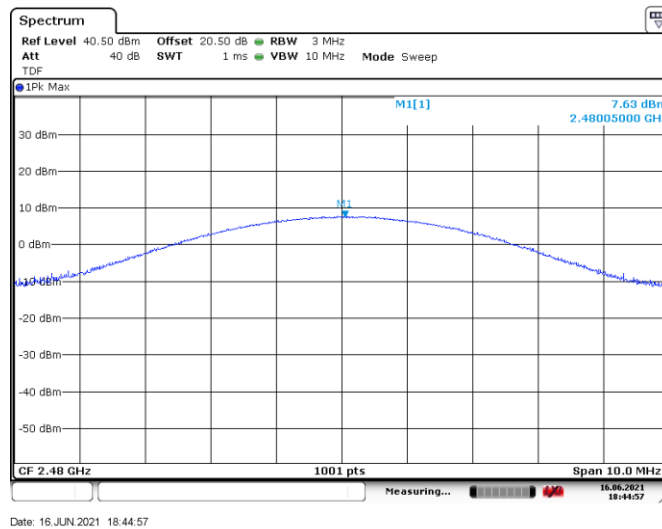


Figure 8.6-9: Output power on high channel, 8-DPSK

## 8.7 Spurious (out-of-band) unwanted emissions

### 8.7.1 References, definitions and limits

#### FCC §15.247:

- (d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

#### RSS-247, Clause 5.5:

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

**Table 8.7-1: FCC §15.209 and RSS-Gen – Radiated emission limits**

| Frequency, MHz | Field strength of emissions |                                 | Measurement distance, m |
|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
|                | μV/m                        | dBμV/m                          |                         |
| 0.009–0.490    | 2400/F                      | $67.6 - 20 \times \log_{10}(F)$ | 300                     |
| 0.490–1.705    | 24000/F                     | $87.6 - 20 \times \log_{10}(F)$ | 30                      |
| 1.705–30.0     | 30                          | 29.5                            | 30                      |
| 30–88          | 100                         | 40.0                            | 3                       |
| 88–216         | 150                         | 43.5                            | 3                       |
| 216–960        | 200                         | 46.0                            | 3                       |
| above 960      | 500                         | 54.0                            | 3                       |

Notes: In the emission table above, the tighter limit applies at the band edges.  
For frequencies above 1 GHz the limit on peak RF emissions is 20 dB above the maximum permitted average emission limit applicable to the equipment under test.

References, definitions and limits, continued

**Table 8.7-2: ISSED restricted frequency bands**

| MHz               | MHz                 | MHz           | GHz         |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0.090–0.110       | 12.57675–12.57725   | 399.9–410     | 7.25–7.75   |
| 0.495–0.505       | 13.36–13.41         | 608–614       | 8.025–8.5   |
| 2.1735–2.1905     | 16.42–16.423        | 960–1427      | 9.0–9.2     |
| 3.020–3.026       | 16.69475–16.69525   | 1435–1626.5   | 9.3–9.5     |
| 4.125–4.128       | 16.80425–16.80475   | 1645.5–1646.5 | 10.6–12.7   |
| 4.17725–4.17775   | 25.5–25.67          | 1660–1710     | 13.25–13.4  |
| 4.20725–4.20775   | 37.5–38.25          | 1718.8–1722.2 | 14.47–14.5  |
| 5.677–5.683       | 73–74.6             | 2200–2300     | 15.35–16.2  |
| 6.215–6.218       | 74.8–75.2           | 2310–2390     | 17.7–21.4   |
| 6.26775–6.26825   | 108–138             | 2483.5–2500   | 22.01–23.12 |
| 6.31175–6.31225   | 149.9–150.05        | 2655–2900     | 23.6–24.0   |
| 8.291–8.294       | 156.52475–156.52525 | 3260–3267     | 31.2–31.8   |
| 8.362–8.366       | 156.7–156.9         | 3332–3339     | 36.43–36.5  |
| 8.37625–8.38675   | 162.0125–167.17     | 3345.8–3358   | Above 38.6  |
| 8.41425–8.41475   | 167.72–173.2        | 3500–4400     |             |
| 12.29–12.293      | 240–285             | 4500–5150     |             |
| 12.51975–12.52025 | 322–335.4           | 5350–5460     |             |

Note: Certain frequency bands listed in Table 8.7-2 and above 38.6 GHz are designated for licence-exempt applications. These frequency bands and the requirements that apply to related devices are set out in the 200 and 300 series of RSSs.

**Table 8.7-3: FCC restricted frequency bands**

| MHz               | MHz                 | MHz           | GHz         |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0.090–0.110       | 16.42–16.423        | 399.9–410     | 4.5–5.15    |
| 0.495–0.505       | 16.69475–16.69525   | 608–614       | 5.35–5.46   |
| 2.1735–2.1905     | 16.80425–16.80475   | 960–1240      | 7.25–7.75   |
| 4.125–4.128       | 25.5–25.67          | 1300–1427     | 8.025–8.5   |
| 4.17725–4.17775   | 37.5–38.25          | 1435–1626.5   | 9.0–9.2     |
| 4.20725–4.20775   | 73–74.6             | 1645.5–1646.5 | 9.3–9.5     |
| 6.215–6.218       | 74.8–75.2           | 1660–1710     | 10.6–12.7   |
| 6.26775–6.26825   | 108–121.94          | 1718.8–1722.2 | 13.25–13.4  |
| 6.31175–6.31225   | 123–138             | 2200–2300     | 14.47–14.5  |
| 8.291–8.294       | 149.9–150.05        | 2310–2390     | 15.35–16.2  |
| 8.362–8.366       | 156.52475–156.52525 | 2483.5–2500   | 17.7–21.4   |
| 8.37625–8.38675   | 156.7–156.9         | 2690–2900     | 22.01–23.12 |
| 8.41425–8.41475   | 162.0125–167.17     | 3260–3267     | 23.6–24.0   |
| 12.29–12.293      | 167.72–173.2        | 3332–3339     | 31.2–31.8   |
| 12.51975–12.52025 | 240–285             | 3345.8–3358   | 36.43–36.5  |
| 12.57675–12.57725 | 322–335.4           | 3600–4400     | Above 38.6  |
| 13.36–13.41       |                     |               |             |

8.7.2 Test summary

|           |            |                 |               |
|-----------|------------|-----------------|---------------|
| Verdict   | Pass       |                 |               |
| Tested by | Yong Huang | Test start date | June 16, 2021 |

### 8.7.3 Observations, settings and special notes

- As part of the current assessment, the test range of 9 kHz to 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic has been fully considered and compared to the actual frequencies utilized within the EUT. Since the EUT contains a transmitter in the GHz range, the EUT has been deemed compliant without formal testing in the 9 kHz to 30 MHz test range, therefore formal test results (tabular data and/or plots) are not provided within this test report.
- EUT was set to transmit with 100 % duty cycle.
- Emissions in restricted bands were measured with conducted method, where the antenna gain was included in the factors of results. Cabinet radiated emissions were performed with a 50 Ohm load in place of the antenna of EUT.
- Radiated measurements were performed at a distance of 3 m below 18 GHz, and 1 m above 18 GHz.
- DTS emissions in non-restricted frequency bands test was performed as per KDB 558074, section 8.5 with reference to ANSI C63.10 subclause 11.11.
- Since fundamental power was tested using the maximum peak conducted output power procedure to demonstrate compliance, the spurious emissions limit is –20 dBc/100 kHz.
- DTS emissions in restricted frequency bands test was performed as per KDB 558074, section 8.6 with reference to ANSI C63.10 subclause 11.12.
- DTS band-edge emission measurements test was performed as per KDB 558074, section 8.7 with reference to ANSI C63.10 subclause 11.13.

Spectrum analyser settings for radiated measurements within restricted bands below 1 GHz:

|                       |          |
|-----------------------|----------|
| Resolution bandwidth: | 100 kHz  |
| Video bandwidth:      | 300 kHz  |
| Detector mode:        | Peak     |
| Trace mode:           | Max Hold |

Spectrum analyser settings for peak radiated measurements within restricted bands above 1 GHz:

|                       |          |
|-----------------------|----------|
| Resolution bandwidth: | 1 MHz    |
| Video bandwidth:      | 3 MHz    |
| Detector mode:        | Peak     |
| Trace mode:           | Max Hold |

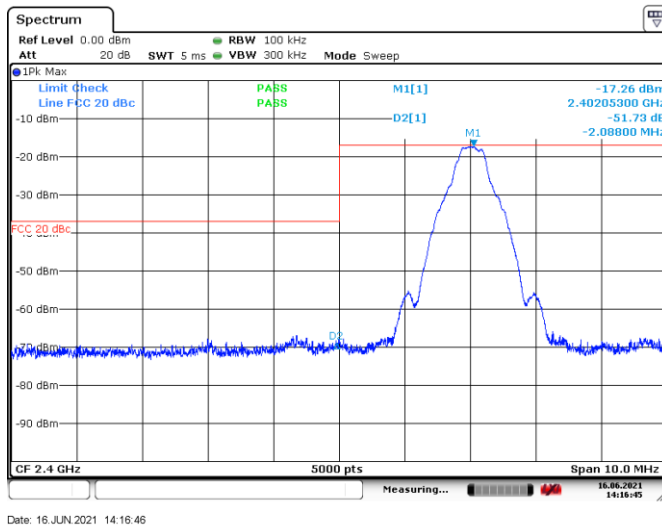
Spectrum analyser settings for average radiated measurements within restricted bands above 1 GHz:

|                       |          |
|-----------------------|----------|
| Resolution bandwidth: | 1 MHz    |
| Video bandwidth:      | 3 MHz    |
| Detector mode:        | Average  |
| Trace mode:           | Max Hold |

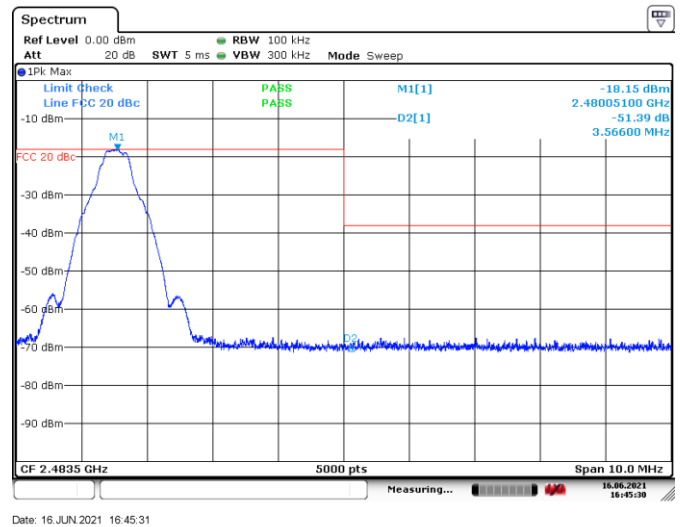
Spectrum analyser settings for conducted spurious emissions measurements:

|                       |          |
|-----------------------|----------|
| Resolution bandwidth: | 100 kHz  |
| Video bandwidth:      | 300 kHz  |
| Detector mode:        | Peak     |
| Trace mode:           | Max Hold |

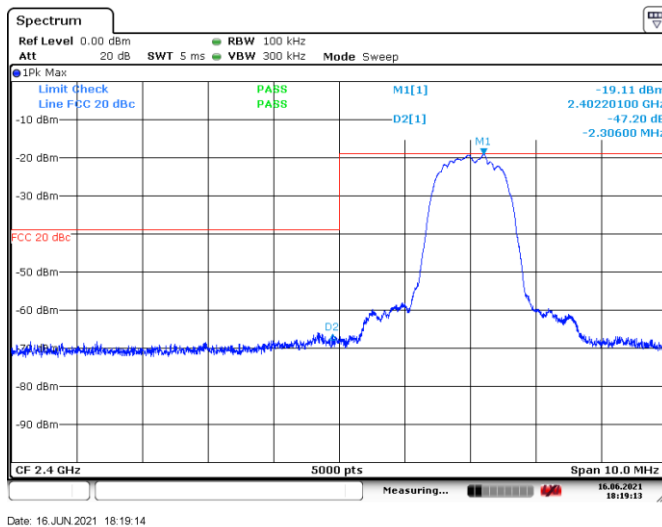
## 8.7.4 Test data



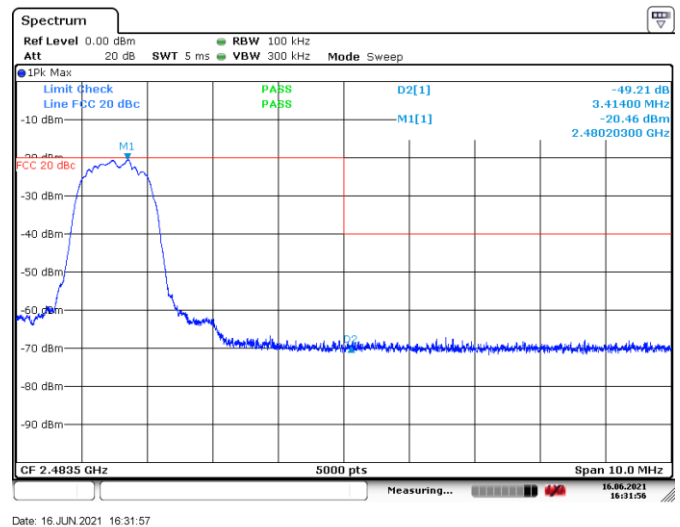
**Figure 8.7-1:** Conducted spurious emission at band edge outside restricted band, TX on GFSK low channel



**Figure 8.7-2:** Conducted spurious emissions at band edge outside restricted band, TX on GFSK High channel

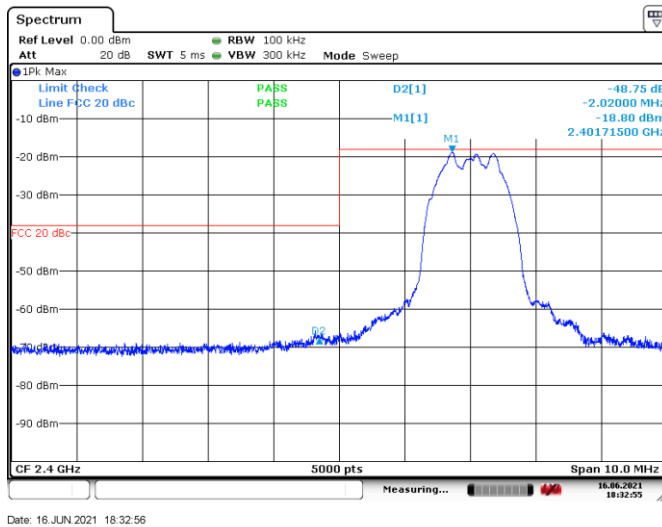


**Figure 8.7-3:** Conducted spurious emission at band edge outside restricted band, TX on  $\pi/4$ -DPSK low channel

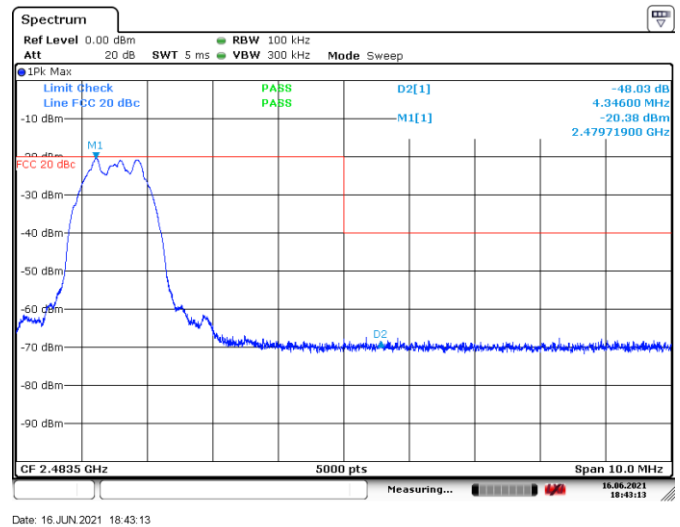


**Figure 8.7-4:** Conducted spurious emissions at band edge outside restricted band, TX on  $\pi/4$ -DPSK High channel

## Test data, continued

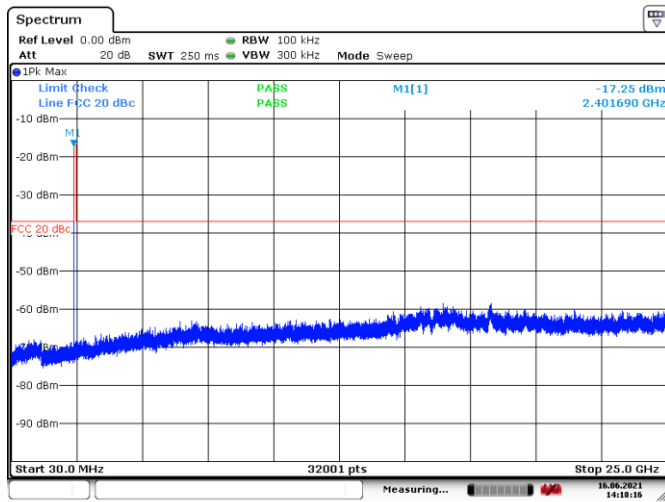


**Figure 8.7-5:** Conducted spurious emission at band edge outside restricted band, TX on 8-DPSK low channel



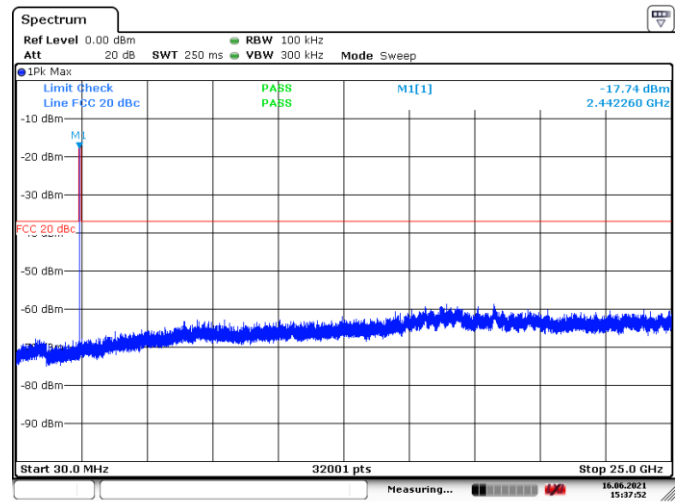
**Figure 8.7-6:** Conducted spurious emissions at band edge outside restricted band, TX on 8-DPSK High channel

Test data, continued



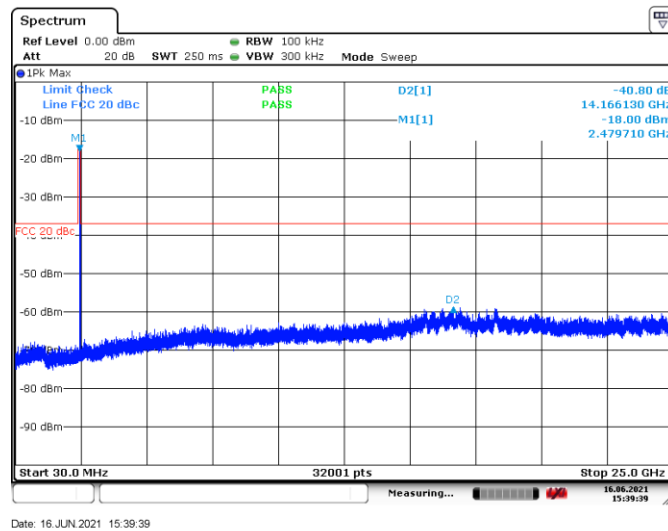
Date: 16 JUN 2021 14:18:17

**Figure 8.7-7:** Conducted spurious emissions outside restricted band, TX on GFSK Low channel



Date: 16 JUN 2021 15:37:52

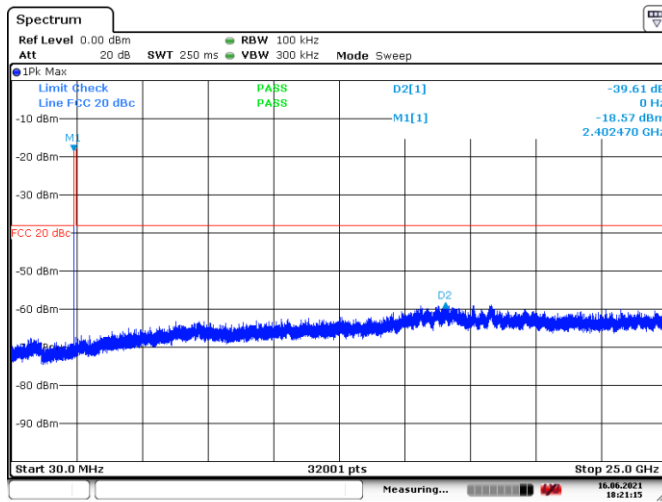
**Figure 8.7-8:** Conducted spurious emissions outside restricted band, TX on GFSK Mid channel



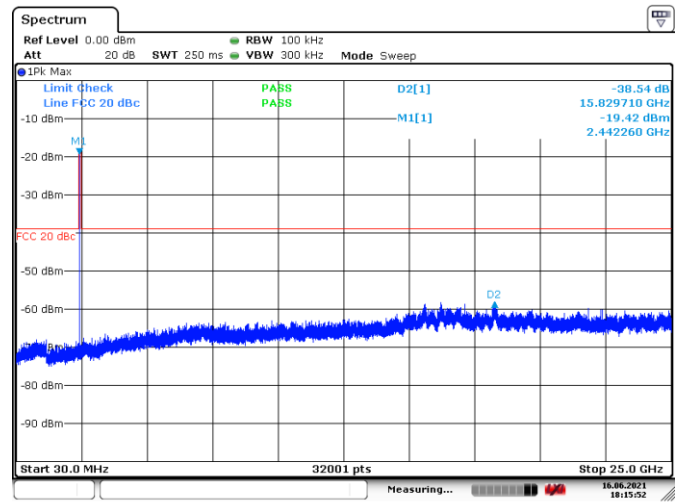
Date: 16 JUN 2021 15:39:39

**Figure 8.7-9:** Conducted spurious emissions outside restricted band, TX on GFSK High channel

Test data, continued



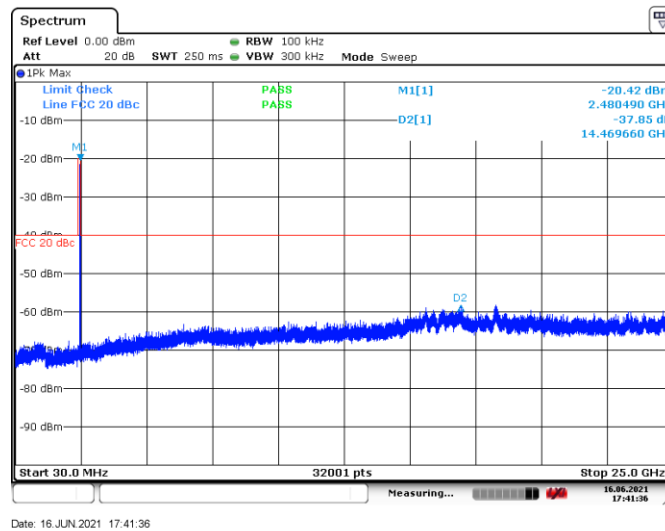
Date: 16 JUN 2021 18:21:15



Date: 16 JUN 2021 18:15:53

**Figure 8.7-10:** Conducted spurious emissions outside restricted band, TX on  $\pi/4$ -DPSK Low channel

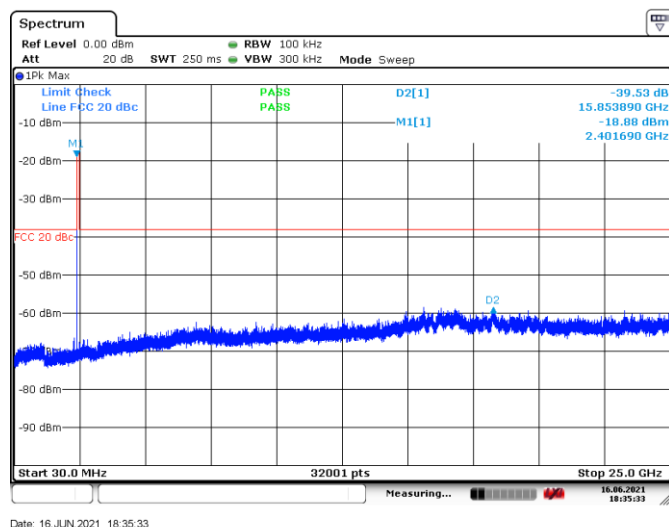
**Figure 8.7-11:** Conducted spurious emissions outside restricted band, TX on  $\pi/4$ -DPSK Mid channel



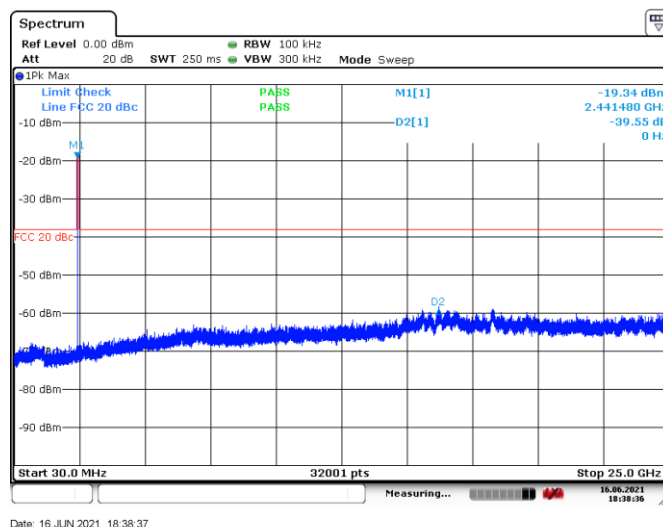
Date: 16 JUN 2021 17:41:36

**Figure 8.7-12:** Conducted spurious emissions outside restricted band, TX on  $\pi/4$ -DPSK High channel

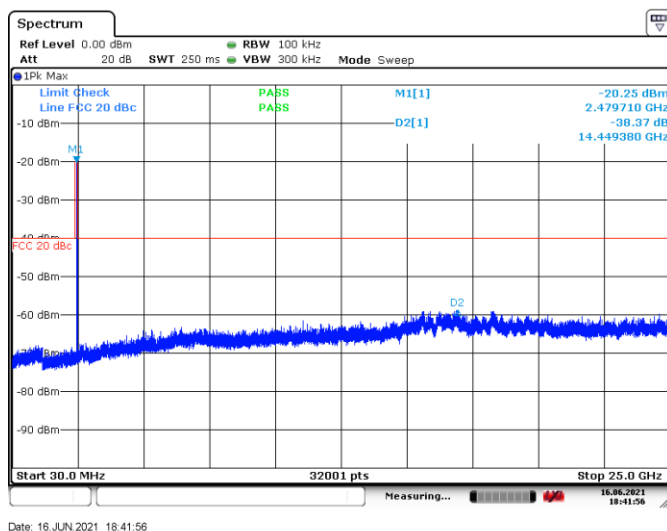
## Test data, continued



**Figure 8.7-13:** Conducted spurious emissions outside restricted band,  
TX on 8-DPSK Low channel

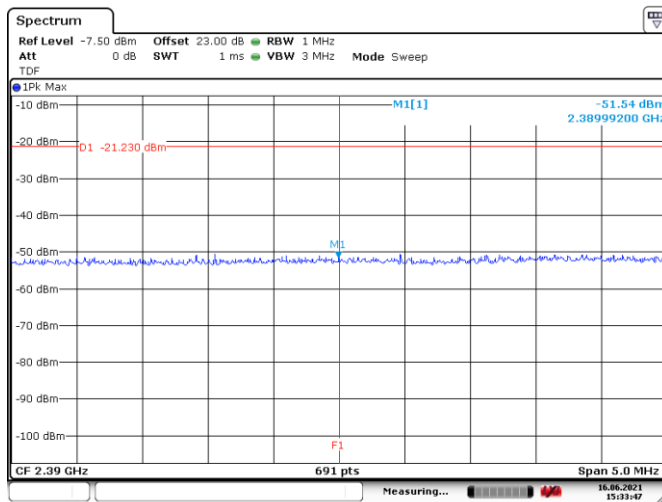


**Figure 8.7-14:** Conducted spurious emissions outside restricted band,  
TX on 8-DPSK Mid channel



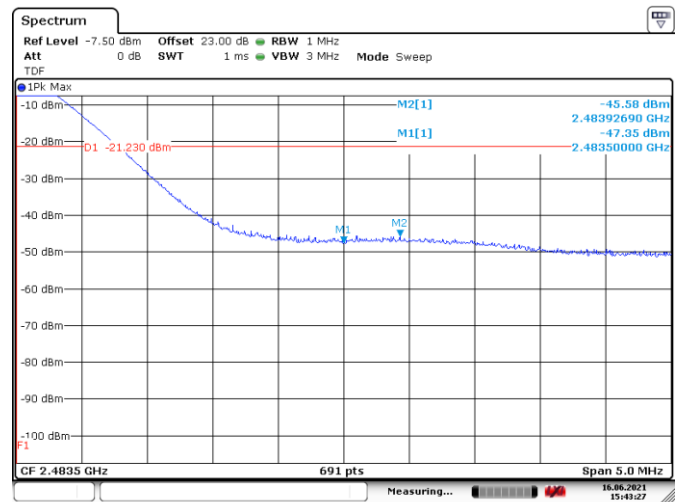
**Figure 8.7-15:** Conducted spurious emissions outside restricted band, TX on 8-DPSK High channel

## Test data, continued



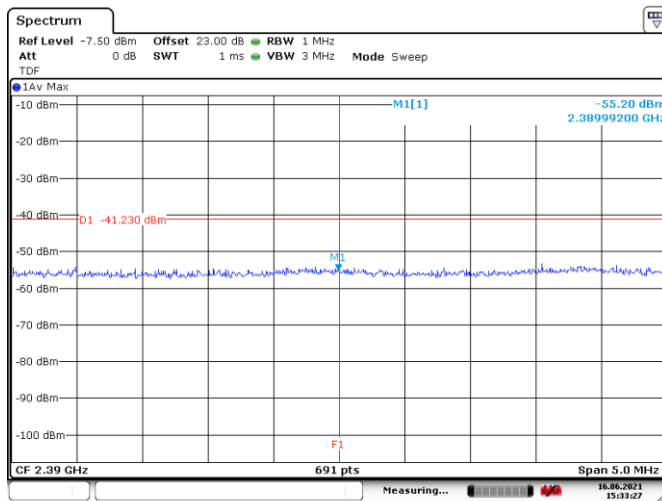
Date: 16 JUN 2021 15:33:48

**Figure 8.7-16:** Conducted spurious emission at band edge within restricted band, TX on GFSK low channel, Peak



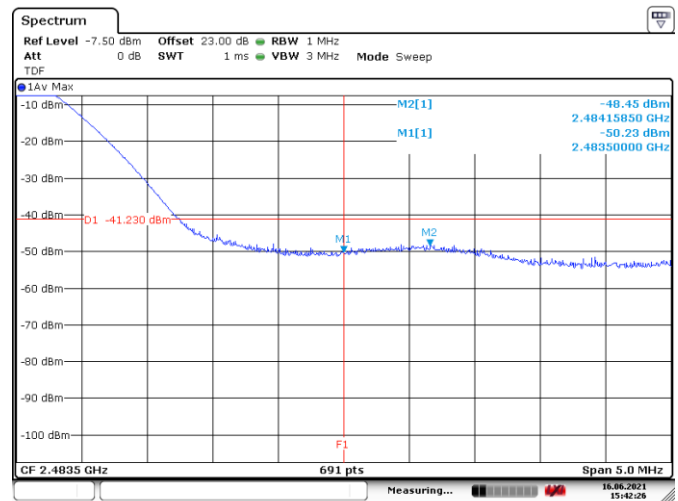
Date: 16 JUN 2021 15:43:27

**Figure 8.7-17:** Conducted spurious emissions at band edge within restricted band, TX on GFSK High channel, Peak



Date: 16 JUN 2021 15:33:27

**Figure 8.7-18:** Conducted spurious emission at band edge within restricted band, TX on GFSK low channel, average

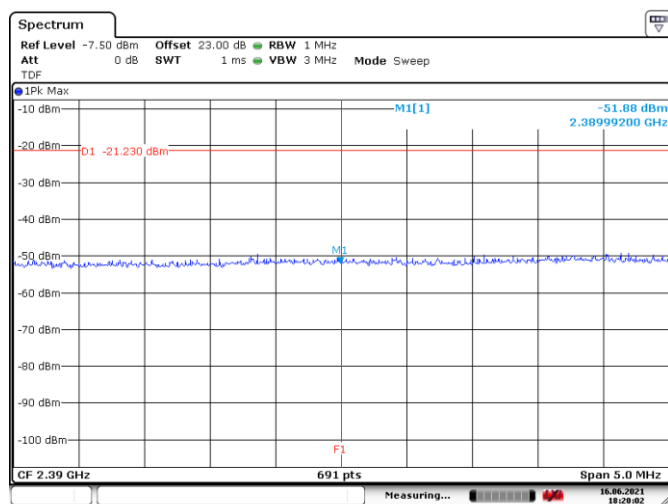


Date: 16 JUN 2021 15:42:27

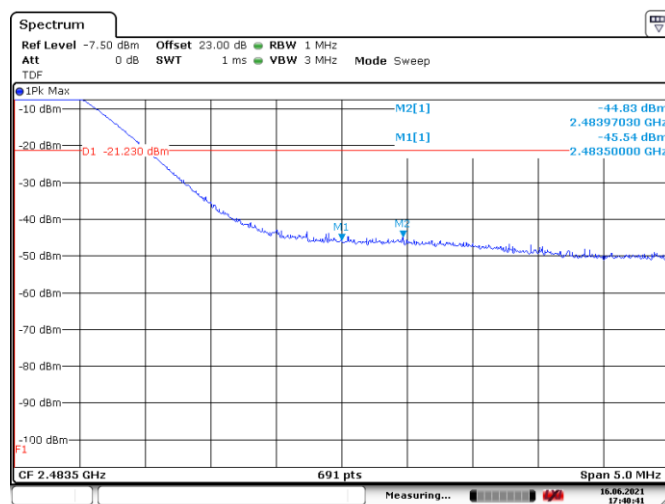
**Figure 8.7-19:** Conducted spurious emissions at band edge within restricted band, TX on GFSK High channel, average

Note: Peak limit EIRP equivalent: 74 dBμV/m – 95.23 dB = –21.23 dBm  
 Average limit EIRP equivalent: 54 dBμV/m – 95.23 dB = –41.23 dBm

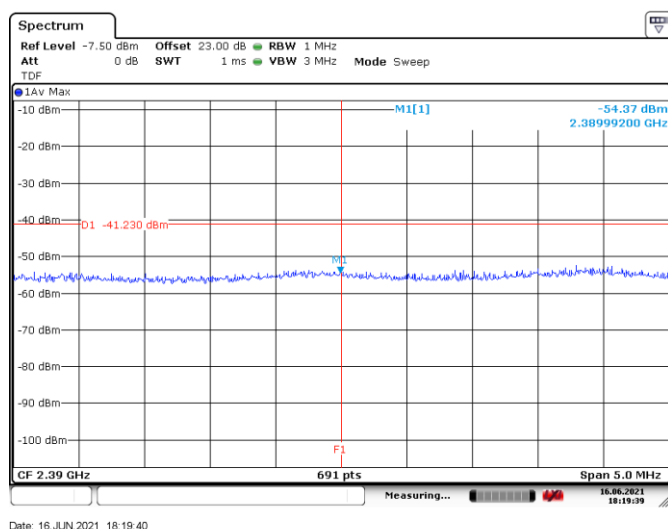
Test data, continued



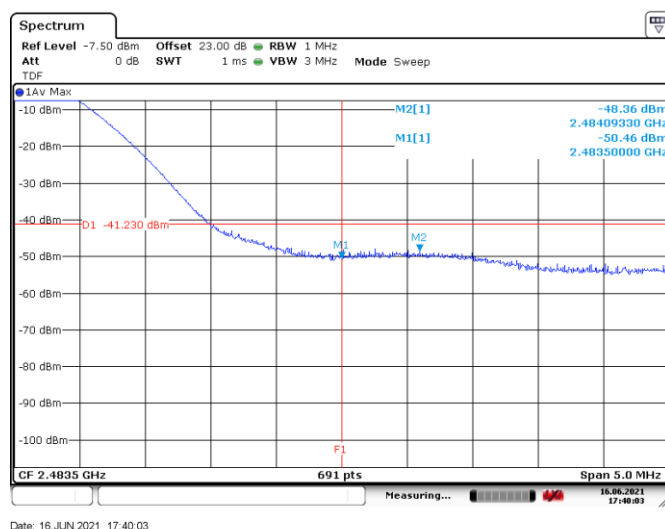
**Figure 8.7-20:** Conducted spurious emission at band edge within restricted band, TX on  $\pi/4$ -DPSK low channel, peak



**Figure 8.7-21:** Conducted spurious emissions at band edge within restricted band, TX on  $\pi/4$ -DPSK High channel, peak



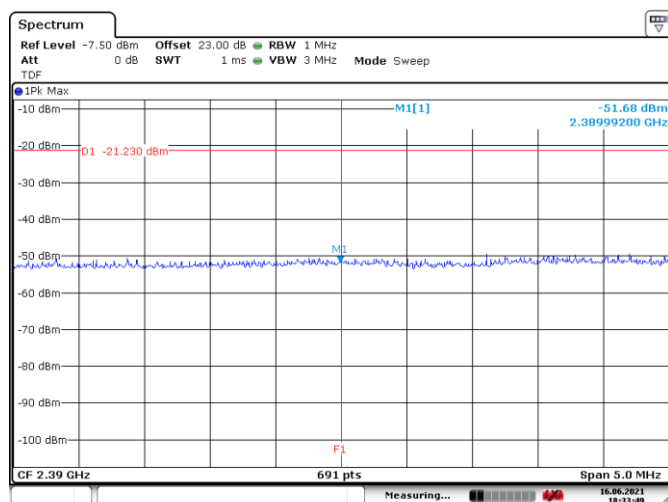
**Figure 8.7-22:** Conducted spurious emission at band edge within restricted band, TX on  $\pi/4$ -DPSK low channel, average



**Figure 8.7-23:** Conducted spurious emissions at band edge within restricted band, TX on  $\pi/4$ -DPSK High channel, average

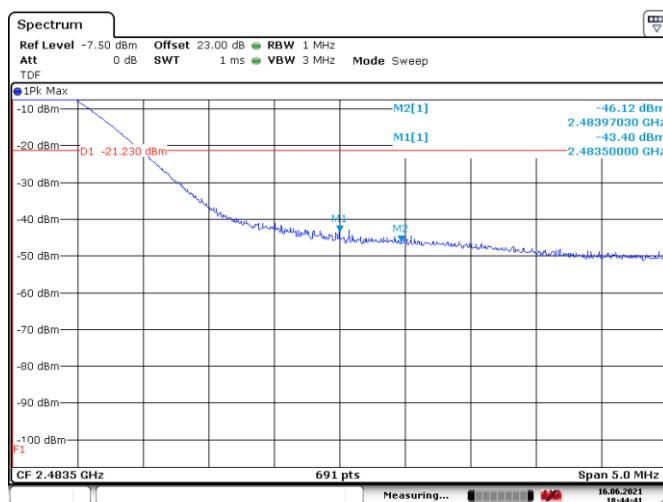
Note: Peak limit EIRP equivalent: 74 dB $\mu$ V/m – 95.23 dB = -21.23 dBm  
Average limit EIRP equivalent: 54 dB $\mu$ V/m – 95.23 dB = -41.23 dBm

Test data, continued



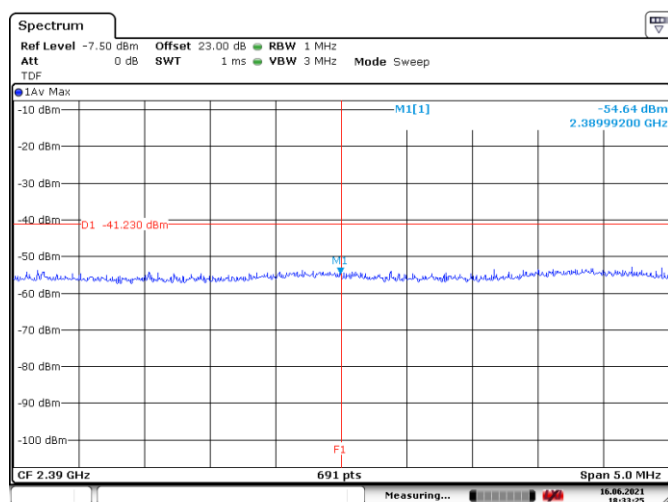
Date: 16 JUN 2021 18:33:50

**Figure 8.7-24:** Conducted spurious emission at band edge within restricted band, TX on 8-DPSK low channel



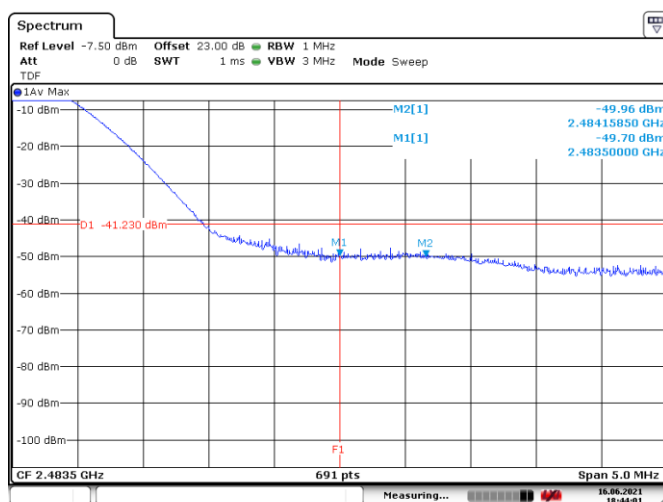
Date: 16 JUN 2021 18:44:42

**Figure 8.7-25:** Conducted spurious emissions at band edge within restricted band, TX on 8-DPSK High channel



Date: 16 JUN 2021 18:33:25

**Figure 8.7-26:** Conducted spurious emission at band edge within restricted band, TX on 8-DPSK low channel

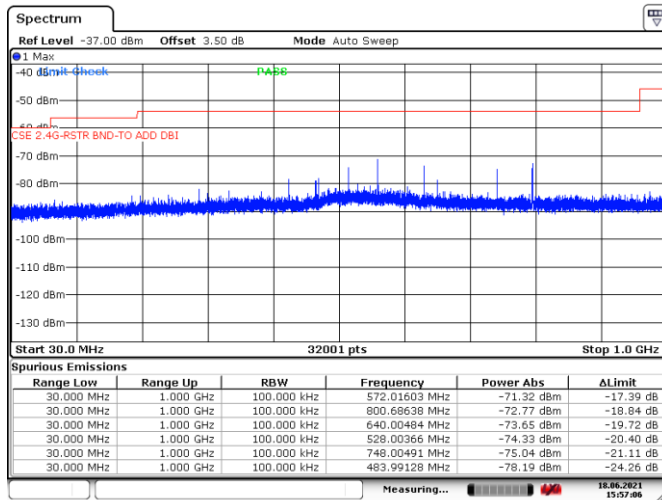


Date: 16 JUN 2021 18:44:01

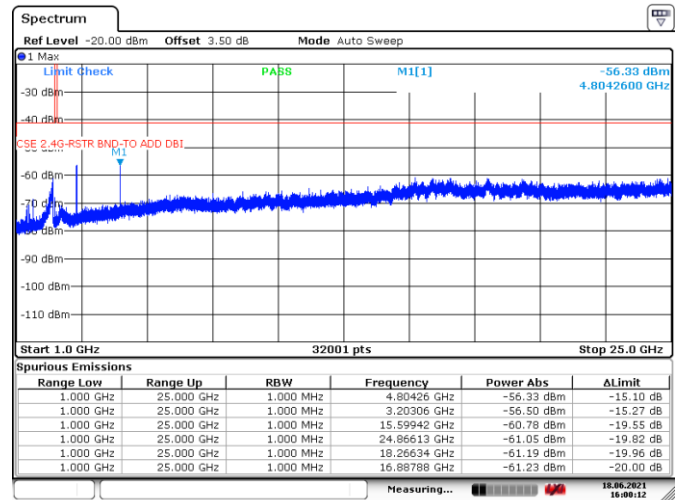
**Figure 8.7-27:** Conducted spurious emissions at band edge within restricted band, TX on 8-DPSK High channel

Note: Peak limit EIRP equivalent: 74 dBμV/m – 95.23 dB = -21.23 dBm  
Average limit EIRP equivalent: 54 dBμV/m – 95.23 dB = -41.23 dBm

## Test data, continued



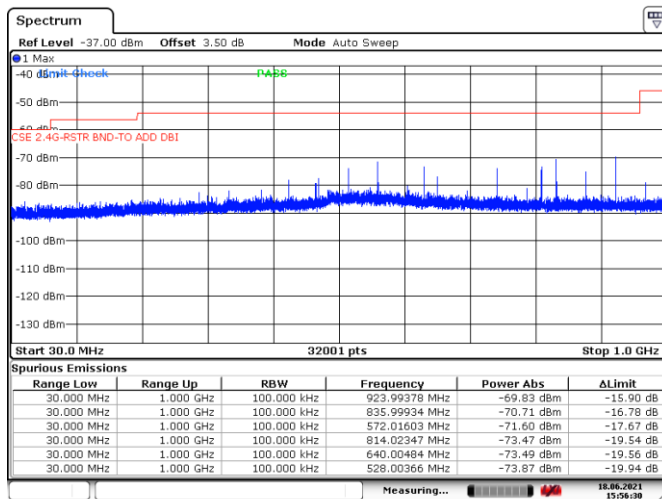
Date: 18 JUN 2021 15:57:07



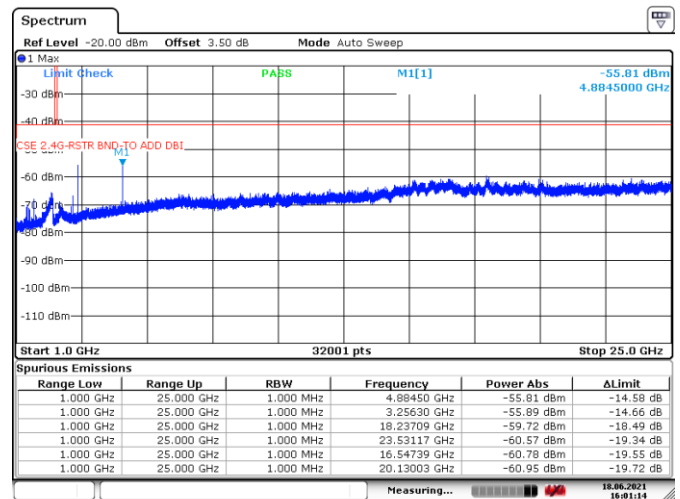
Date: 18 JUN 2021 16:00:12

**Figure 8.7-28:** Conducted spurious emission within restricted band 30 MHz to 1 GHz, TX on low channel

**Figure 8.7-29:** Conducted spurious emission within restricted band above 1 GHz, TX on low channel



Date: 18 JUN 2021 15:56:29



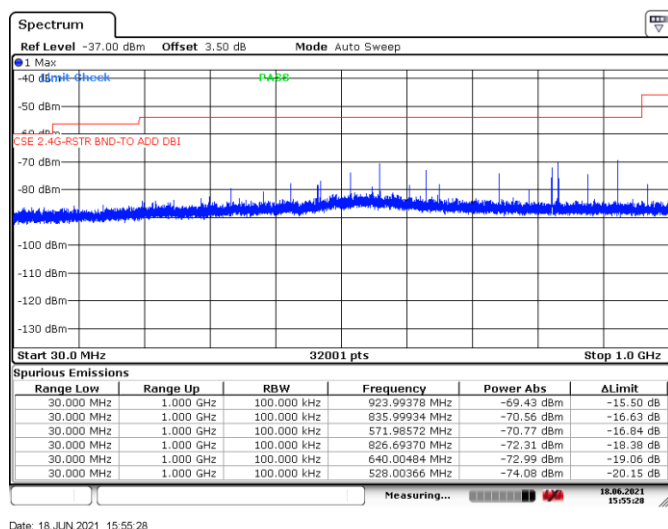
Date: 18 JUN 2021 16:01:13

**Figure 8.7-30:** Conducted spurious emission within restricted band 30 MHz to 1 GHz, TX on mid channel

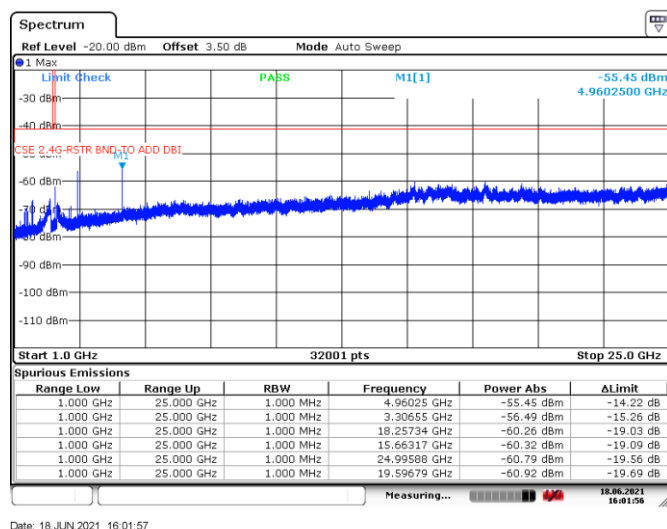
**Figure 8.7-31:** Conducted spurious emission within restricted band above 1 GHz, TX on mid channel

Note: Peak limit EIRP equivalent: 74 dBμV/m – 95.23 dB = –21.23 dBm  
Average limit EIRP equivalent: 54 dBμV/m – 95.23 dB = –41.23 dBm  
The antenna gain is factored in the reference level offset. While the 4.7 dB reflection factor was included in the limit adjustment.

## Test data, continued



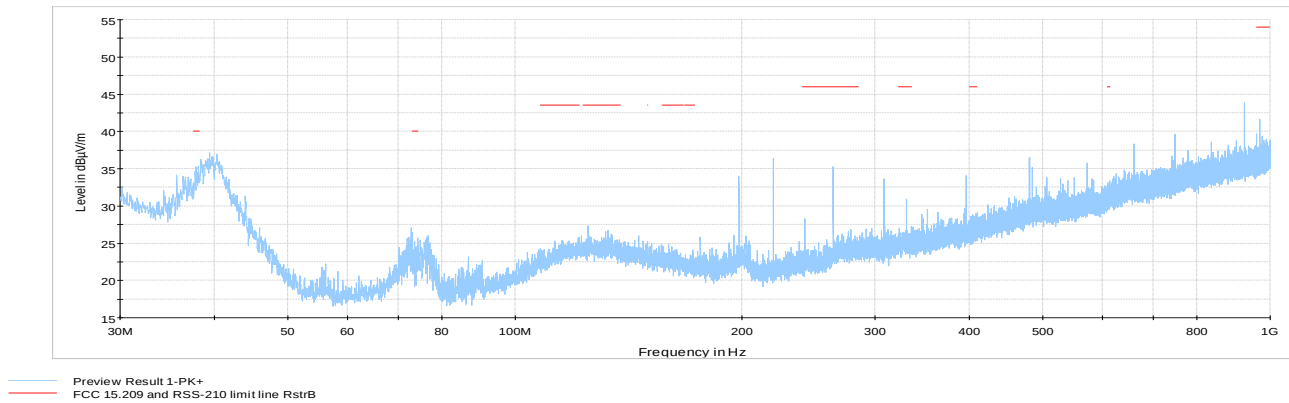
**Figure 8.7-32:** Conducted spurious emission within restricted band 30 MHz to 1 GHz, TX on high channel



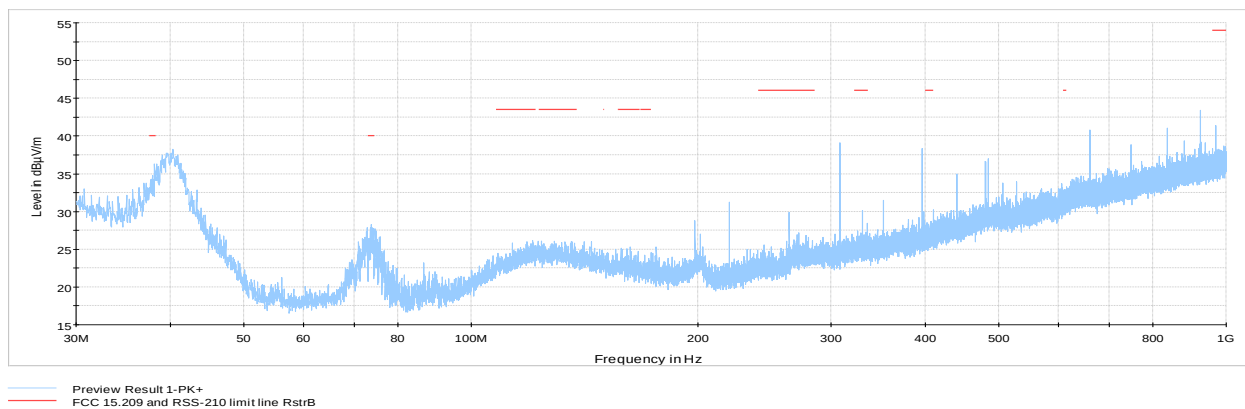
**Figure 8.7-33:** Conducted spurious emission within restricted band above 1 GHz, TX on high channel

Note:      Peak limit EIRP equivalent:  $74 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m} - 95.23 \text{ dB} = -21.23 \text{ dBm}$   
              Average limit EIRP equivalent:  $54 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V/m} - 95.23 \text{ dB} = -41.23 \text{ dBm}$

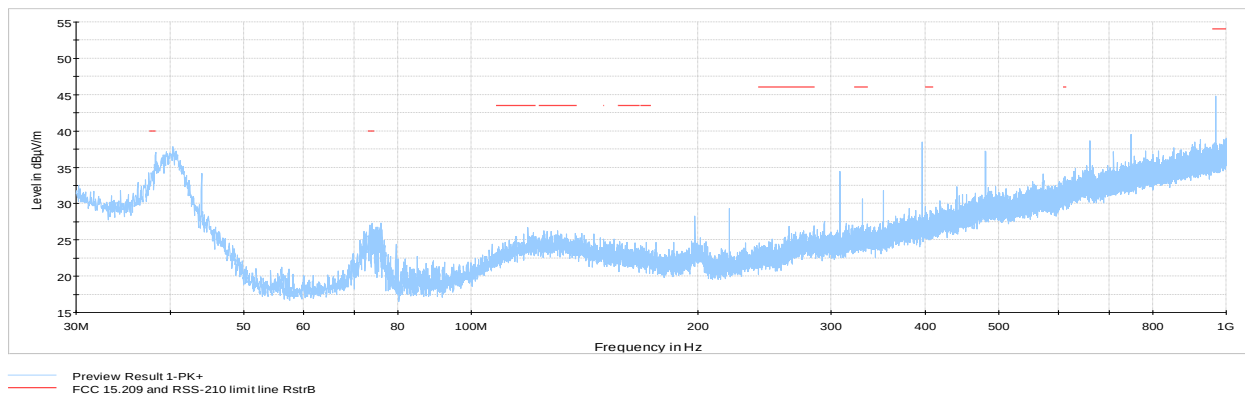
Test data, continued



**Figure 8.7-34:** Cabinet Radiated spurious emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz, Low channel

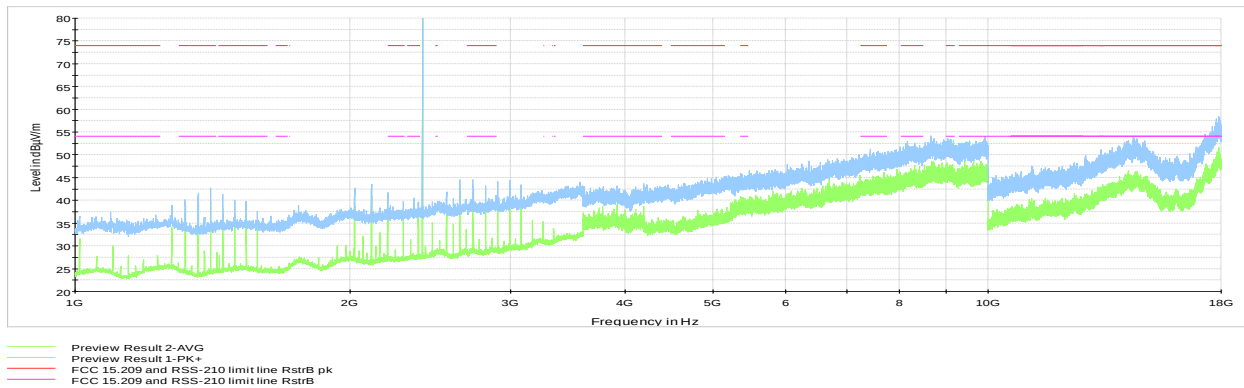


**Figure 8.7-35:** Cabinet Radiated spurious emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz, mid channel

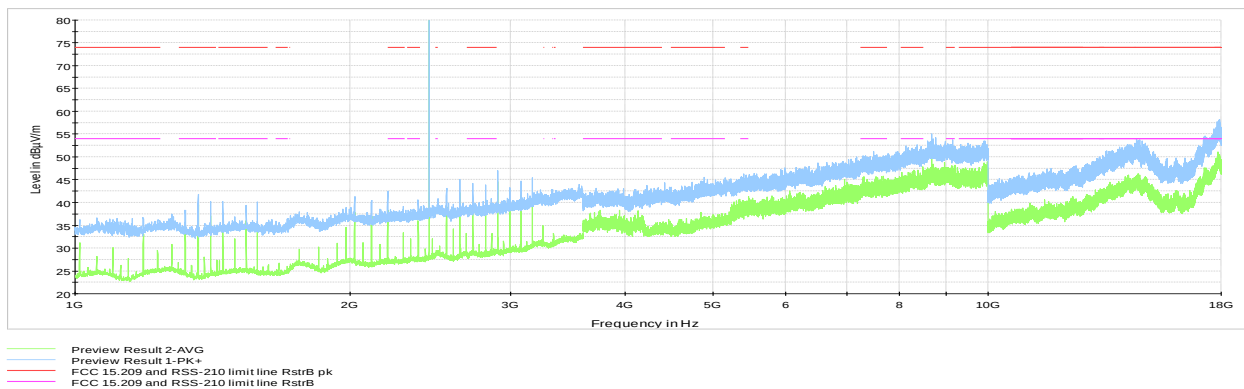


**Figure 8.7-36:** Cabinet Radiated spurious emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz, High channel

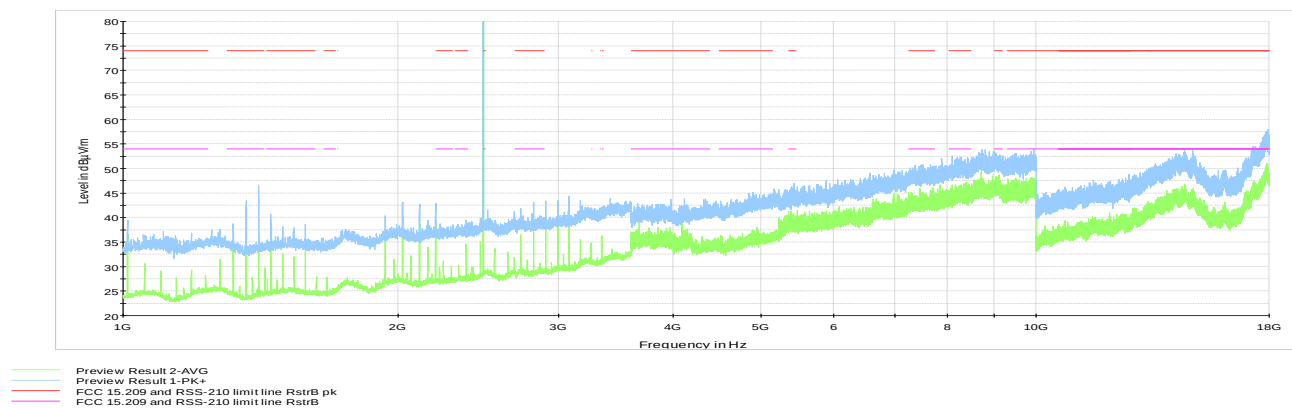
Test data, continued



**Figure 8.7-37:** Cabinet Radiated spurious emissions 1 to 18 GHz, Low channel



**Figure 8.7-38:** Cabinet Radiated spurious emissions 1 to 18 GHz, mid channel



**Figure 8.7-39:** Cabinet Radiated spurious emissions 1 to 18 GHz, High channel

Note: Spectrum was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz. Above 18 GHz, no emission related to RF portion were detected within 6 dB below the limit

## 8.8 Power spectral density for digitally modulated devices

### 8.8.1 References, definitions and limits

#### FCC §15.247:

- (e) For digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section. The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density.
- (f) For the purposes of this section, hybrid systems are those that employ a combination of both frequency hopping and digital modulation techniques. The frequency hopping operation of the hybrid system, with the direct sequence or digital modulation operation turned-off, shall have an average time of occupancy on any frequency not to exceed 0.4 seconds within a time period in seconds equal to the number of hopping frequencies employed multiplied by 0.4. The power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna due to the digital modulation operation of the hybrid system, with the frequency hopping operation turned off, shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

#### RSS-247, Clause 5.2:

DTSs include systems that employ digital modulation techniques resulting in spectral characteristics similar to direct sequence systems. The following applies to the bands 902-928 MHz and 2400-2483.5 MHz:

- b. The transmitter power spectral density conducted from the transmitter to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission. This power spectral density shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of section 5.4(d), (i.e. the power spectral density shall be determined using the same method as is used to determine the conducted output power).

#### RSS-247, Clause 5.3:

Hybrid systems employ a combination of both frequency hopping and digital transmission techniques and shall comply with the following:

- b. With the frequency hopping turned off, the digital transmission operation shall comply with the power spectral density requirements for digital modulation systems set out in of section 5.2(b) or section 6.2.4 for hybrid devices operating in the band 5725–5850 MHz.

### 8.8.2 Test summary

|           |            |           |               |
|-----------|------------|-----------|---------------|
| Verdict   | Pass       |           |               |
| Tested by | Yong Huang | Test date | June 16, 2021 |

### 8.8.3 Observations, settings and special notes

Power spectral density test was performed as per KDB 558074, section 8.4 with reference to ANSI C63.10 subclause 11.10.  
The test was performed using method PKPSD (peak PSD).  
Spectrum analyser settings:

|                       |                             |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|
| Resolution bandwidth: | 100 kHz                     |
| Video bandwidth:      | $\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$  |
| Frequency span:       | 1.5 times the DTS BW (Peak) |
| Detector mode:        | Peak                        |
| Trace mode:           | Max hold                    |

#### 8.8.4 Test data

**Table 8.8-1:** PSD results (antenna port measurement)

| Modulation    | Frequency, MHz | PSD, dBm/100 kHz | PSD limit, dBm/3 kHz | Margin, dB |
|---------------|----------------|------------------|----------------------|------------|
| GFSK          | 2402           | 5.30             | 8.00                 | 2.70       |
|               | 2442           | 4.71             | 8.00                 | 3.29       |
|               | 2480           | 4.31             | 8.00                 | 3.69       |
| $\pi/4$ -DPSK | 2402           | 3.41             | 8.00                 | 4.59       |
|               | 2442           | 2.65             | 8.00                 | 5.35       |
|               | 2480           | 2.00             | 8.00                 | 6.00       |
| 8-DPSK        | 2402           | 3.77             | 8.00                 | 4.23       |
|               | 2442           | 2.93             | 8.00                 | 5.07       |
|               | 2480           | 2.20             | 8.00                 | 5.80       |

Test data, continued

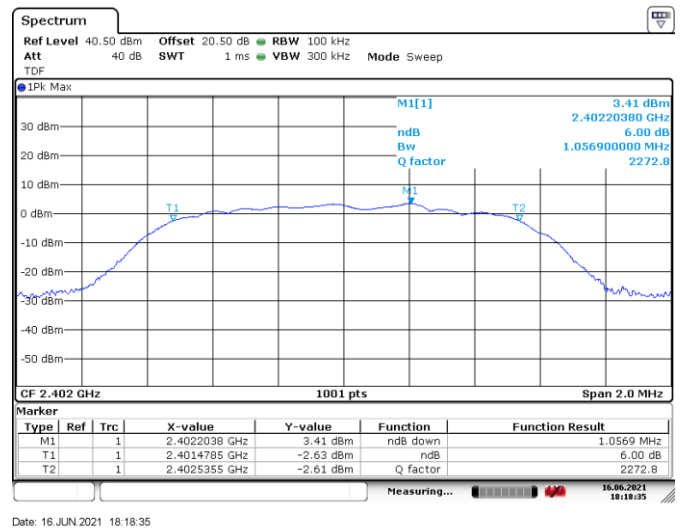
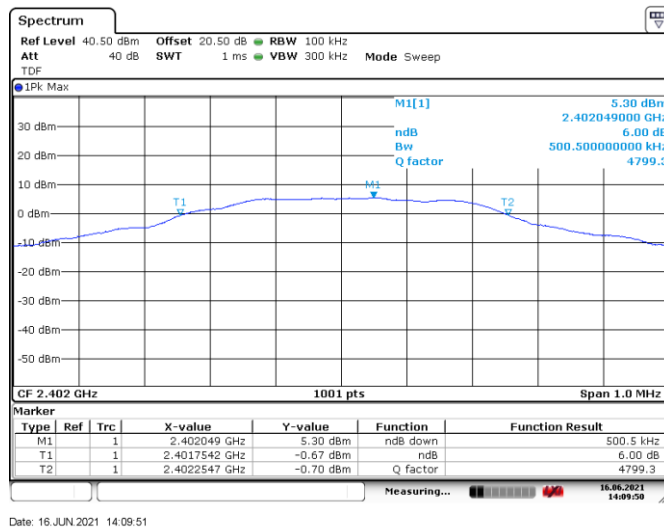


Figure 8.8-1: PSD on GFSK, sample plot

Figure 8.8-2: PSD on  $\pi/4$ -DPSK, sample plot

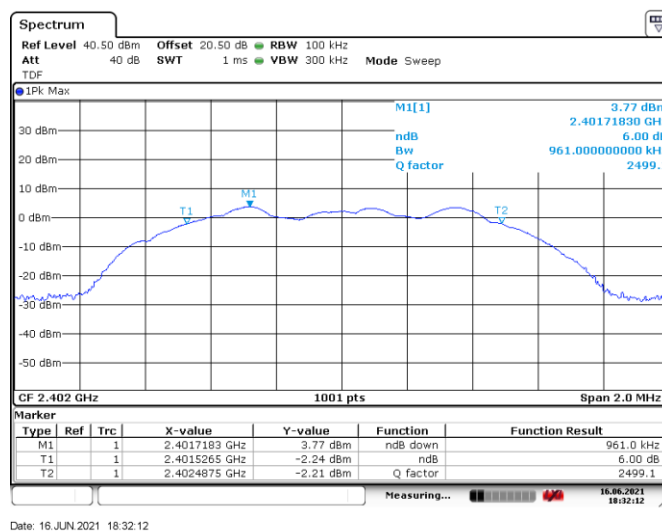


Figure 8.8-3: PSD on 8-DPSK, sample plot

## Section 9 EUT photos

### 9.1 External photos

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**Figure 9.1-1:** Front view photo



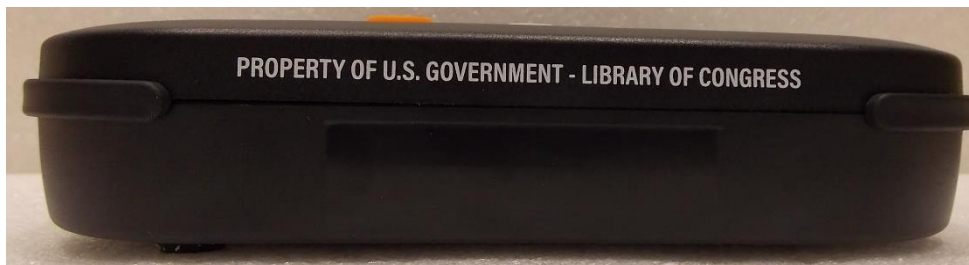
**Figure 9.1-2:** Rear view photo



**Figure 9.1-3:** Side view photo



**Figure 9.1-4:** Side view photo



**Figure 9.1-5:** Top view photo



**Figure 9.1-6:** Bottom view photo

**End of the test report**