TESTING LABORATORY
CERTIFICATE # 4821.01

FCC PART 90

TEST REPORT

For

RCA Communications Systems

133 West Market Street, Suite 227, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204, United States

FCC ID: XYH-RDR1500U

Report Type:	**Product Type:**
Original Report	Digital Two-Way Radio

Report Number: RSZ190128002-00B

Report Date: 2019-02-26

Reviewed By: Rocky Kang, RF Engineer

Prepared By: Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen)
6/F., West Wing, Third Phase of Wanli Industrial Building,
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GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

Product	Digital Two-Way Radio
Tested Model	RDR1520U
Frequency Range	400-470MHz
Transmit Power	Digital: 3W Analog: 2W
Channel separation	12.5kHz
Modulation Technique	4FSK, FM
Voltage Range	DC 3.7V from battery or DC 5.0V from adapter or DC 5.0V from charger adapter
Date of Test	Jan 29, 2019~ Feb 23, 2019
Sample serial number	190128002
Received date	Jan 28, 2019
Sample/EUT Status	Good condition
Adapter information	Model: NLA100050W1A6 Input: AC 100~240V, 50/60 Hz, 0.2A Max Output: DC 5V, 1A

Objective

This test report is prepared on behalf of *RCA Communications Systems* in accordance with Part 2, and Part 90 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

No related submittal(s).

Test Methodology

All tests and measurements indicated in this document were performed in accordance with the Code of federal Regulations Title 47 Part 2, Sub-part J as well as the following individual parts:

Part 90 – Private Land Mobile Radio Service

Applicable Standards: TIA 603-D.

All emissions measurement was performed at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen). The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter		Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth		±5%
Frequency stability		±150Hz
RF output power, conducted		±0.5dB
Unwanted Emission, conducted		±1.5dB
Radiated Emissions	Below 1GHz	±4.75dB
	Above 1GHz	±4.88dB
Temperature		±3℃
Supply voltages		±0.4%

Note: Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.

Test Facility

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located on the 6/F., West Wing, Third Phase of Wanli Industrial Building, Shihua Road, Futian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 342867, the FCC Designation No. : CN1221.

The test site has been registered with ISED Canada under ISED Canada Registration Number 3062B.

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Description of Test Configuration

The system was configured for testing in a test mode which has been done in the factory.

EUT Exercise Software

No exercise software was used.

Special Accessories

No special accessory was used.

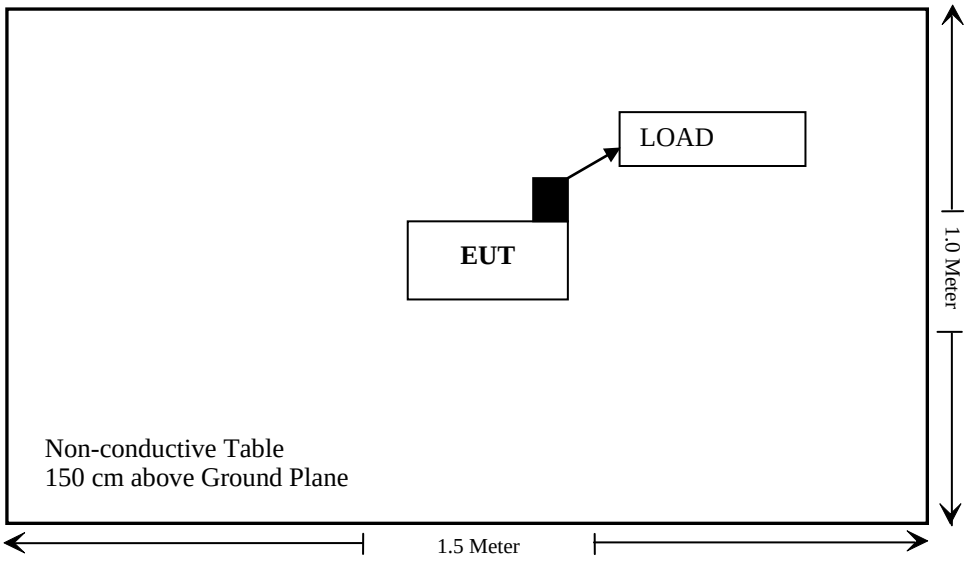
Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

Support Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
Un-known	Load	Un-known	161714

Block Diagram of Test Setup



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Results
§2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliance
§2.1046; §90.205	RF Output Power	Compliance
§2.1047; §90.207	Modulation Characteristic	Compliance
§2.1049; §90.210	Occupied Bandwidth & Emission Mask	Compliance
§2.1051;§90.210	Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminal	Compliance
§2.1053;§90.210	Spurious Radiated Emissions	Compliance
§2.1055;§90.213	Frequency Stability	Compliance
§90.214	Transient Frequency Behavior	Compliance

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Radiated Emission Test					
Sunol Sciences	Horn Antenna	DRH-118	A052604	2017-12-22	2020-12-21
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSEM	845987/005	2018-06-23	2019-06-23
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB1	A040904-1	2017-12-22	2020-12-21
COM-POWER	Pre-amplifier	PA-122	181919	2018-11-22	2019-05-22
Sonoma instrument	Amplifier	310N	186238	2018-11-12	2019-05-12
Anritsu	Signal Generator	68369B	004114	2018-12-24	2019-12-24
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	101120	2019-01-11	2020-01-11
COM POWER	Dipole Antenna	AD-100	041000	NCR	NCR
A.H. System	Horn Antenna	SAS-200/571	135	2018-08-18	2021-08-17
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	UFA147A-2362-100100	MFR64639 231029-003	2019-02-01	2019-08-01
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	104PEA	218124002	2018-11-21	2019-05-21
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	1	2018-11-21	2019-05-21
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	2	2018-11-21	2019-05-21
RF Conducted Test					
ESPEC	Temperature & Humidity Chamber	EL-10KA	09107726	2018-12-21	2019-12-21
Changjiang	Contact Voltage Regulator	TDGC2-	N/A	NCR	NCR
Long Wei	DC Power Supply	TPR-6420D	398363	NCR	NCR
Fluke	Digital Multimeter	287	19000011	2018-04-12	2019-04-12
HP Agilent	RF Communication test set	8920B	3325U00859	2018-06-23	2019-06-23
Rohde & Schwarz	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSU26	200120	2018-12-24	2019-12-24
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	837405/023	2018-12-24	2019-12-24
Un-known	30dB Attenuator	53-30-43	PG633	Each Time	

*** Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

FCC §1.1307(b) & §2.1093 - RF EXPOSURE

Applicable Standard

According to FCC §1.1307(b) and §2.1093, protable device operates Part 90 should be subjected to rountine environmental evaluation for RF exposure prior or equipment authorization or use.

Result: Compliance.

Please refer to SAR Report Number: RSZ190128002-20A.

FCC §2.1046 & §90.205 - RF OUTPUT POWER

Applicable Standard

FCC §2.1046 and §90.205

Test Procedure

Conducted RF Output Power:

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer through sufficient attenuation.

Spectrum Analyzer Setting:

R B/W	Video B/W
100 kHz	300 kHz

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 ℃
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Kieron Luo on 2019-02-23.

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliance. Please refer to following table.

Mode	Frequency Spacing (kHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Power level	Output (dBm)	Output Power(W)
Analog	12.5	400.0125	High	33.21	2.09
			Low	26.36	0.43
		453.2125	High	33.37	2.17
			Low	26.31	0.43
		469.9875	High	32.37	1.73
			Low	26.61	0.46
Digital		400.0125	High	33.86	2.43
			Low	26.76	0.47
		453.2125	High	33.87	2.44
			Low	25.91	0.39
		469.9875	High	33.82	2.41
			Low	26.27	0.42

Note: For Analog:
Rated high power is 2W, limit is 1.6-2.4W
Rated low power is 0.5W, limit is 0.4-0.6W

For Digital:
Rated high power is 3W, limit is 2.4-3.6W
Rated low power is 0.5W, limit is 0.4-0.6W

FCC §2.1047 & §90.207 - MODULATION CHARACTERISTIC

Applicable Standard

FCC§2.1047 and §90.207:

(a) Equipment which utilizes voice modulated communication shall show the frequency response of the audio modulating circuit over a range of 100 to 5000 Hz. for equipment which is required to have a low pass filter, the frequency response of the filter, or all of the circuitry installed between the modulation limited and the modulated stage shall be supplied.
(b) Equipment which employs modulation limiting, a curve showing the percentage of modulation versus the modulation input voltage shall be supplied.

Test Procedure

Test Method: TIA/EIA-603-D

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 ℃
Relative Humidity:	56 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Kieron Luo on 2019-02-23.

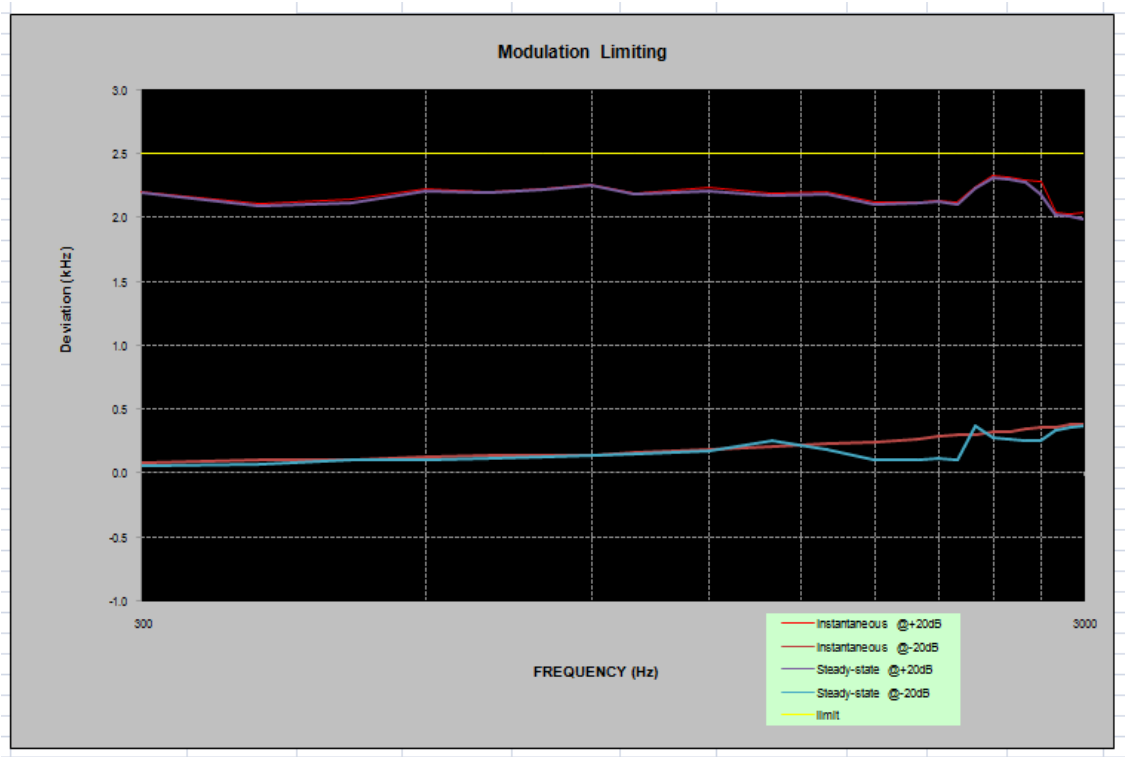
Please refer to the following tables and plots.

Analog Modulation:

MODULATION LIMITING

Carrier Frequency: 453.2125 MHz, Channel Separation=12.5 kHz

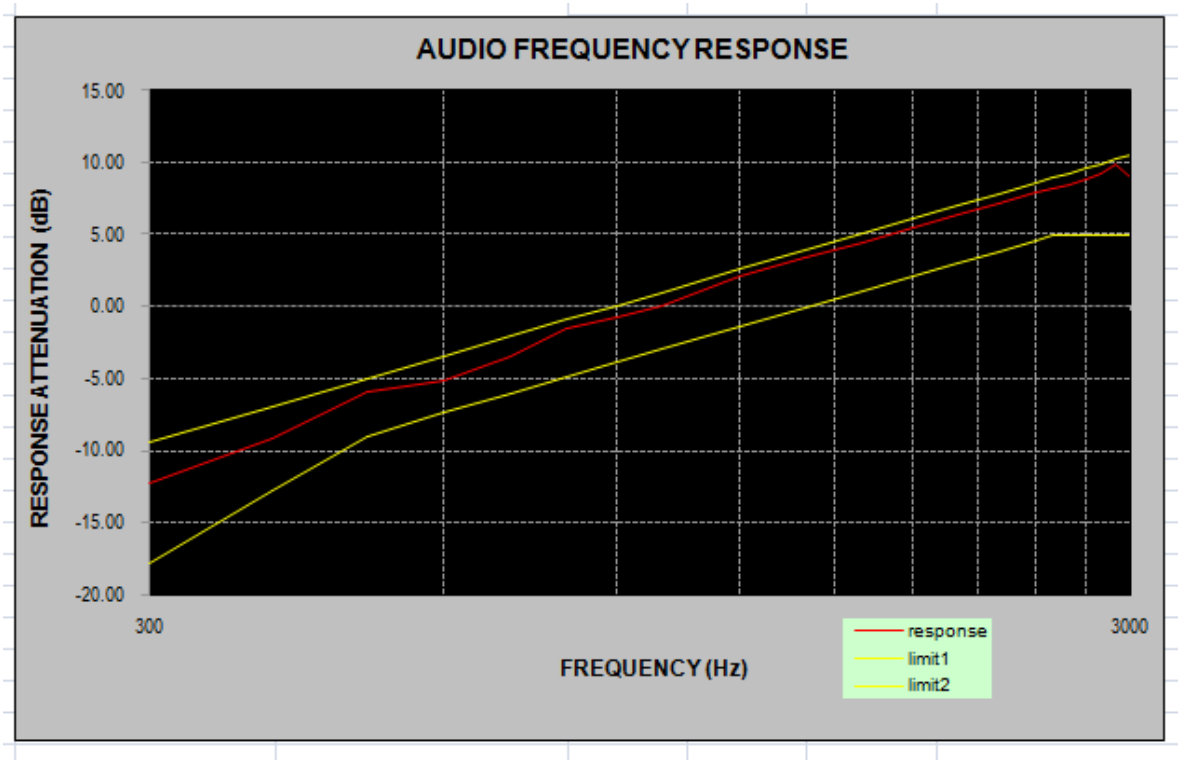
Audio Frequency (Hz)	Instantaneous		Steady-state		FCC Limit [kHz]
	DEVIATION (@+20dB) [kHz]	DEVIATION (@-20dB) [kHz]	DEVIATION (@+20dB) [kHz]	DEVIATION (@-20dB) [kHz]	
300	2.203	0.084	2.196	0.053	2.500
400	2.106	0.099	2.089	0.068	2.500
500	2.138	0.103	2.114	0.098	2.500
600	2.218	0.121	2.205	0.102	2.500
700	2.204	0.132	2.193	0.116	2.500
800	2.225	0.132	2.218	0.124	2.500
900	2.253	0.141	2.248	0.132	2.500
1000	2.189	0.161	2.176	0.146	2.500
1200	2.233	0.188	2.208	0.174	2.500
1400	2.186	0.203	2.173	0.256	2.500
1600	2.194	0.234	2.182	0.178	2.500
1800	2.120	0.242	2.105	0.104	2.500
2000	2.123	0.269	2.109	0.108	2.500
2100	2.126	0.293	2.123	0.114	2.500
2200	2.115	0.294	2.104	0.102	2.500
2300	2.239	0.303	2.225	0.364	2.500
2400	2.324	0.318	2.307	0.274	2.500
2500	2.314	0.320	2.293	0.268	2.500
2600	2.295	0.343	2.275	0.247	2.500
2700	2.285	0.351	2.185	0.247	2.500
2800	2.034	0.357	2.016	0.334	2.500
2900	2.024	0.375	2.014	0.357	2.500
3000	2.032	0.382	1.986	0.368	2.500


Modulation Limiting
Deviation (kHz)
3.0
2.5
2.0
1.5
1.0
0.5
0.0
-0.5
-1.0
300
3000
FREQUENCY (Hz)
Instantaneous @+20dB
Instantaneous @-20dB
Steady-state @+20dB
Steady-state @-20dB
limit

Audio Frequency Response

Carrier Frequency: 453.2125 MHz, Channel Separation=12.5 kHz

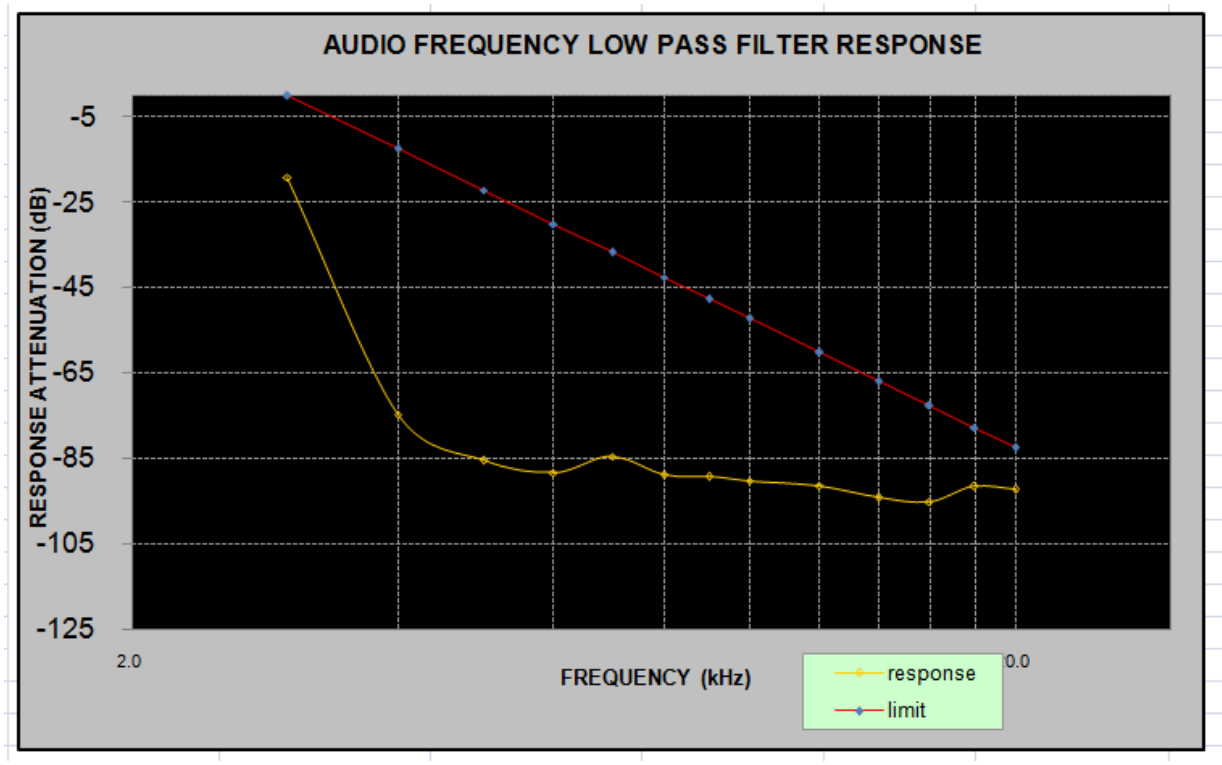
Audio Frequency (Hz)	Response Attenuation (dB)
300	-12.32
400	-9.22
500	-5.88
600	-5.16
700	-3.43
800	-1.56
900	-0.74
1000	0.00
1200	2.10
1400	3.35
1600	4.46
1800	5.43
2000	6.32
2100	6.74
2200	7.12
2300	7.55
2400	7.91
2500	8.19
2600	8.49
2700	8.84
2800	9.28
2900	9.86
3000	8.95


AUDIO FREQUENCY RESPONSE
15.00
10.00
5.00
0.00
-5.00
-10.00
-15.00
-20.00
RESPONSE ATTENUATION (dB)
300
3000
FREQUENCY (Hz)
response
limit1
limit2

Audio frequency lows pass filter response

Carrier Frequency: 453.2125 MHz, Channel Separation=12.5 kHz

Audio Frequency (kHz)	Response Attenuation (dB)	Limit (dB)
1.0	0.0	/
3.0	-19.2	0.0
4.0	-74.8	-12.5
5.0	-85.6	-22.2
6.0	-88.3	-30.1
7.0	-84.5	-36.8
8.0	-88.9	-42.6
9.0	-89.4	-47.7
10.0	-90.2	-52.3
12.0	-91.4	-60.2
14.0	-94.3	-66.9
16.0	-95.2	-72.7
18.0	-91.6	-77.8
20.0	-92.3	-82.5



FCC §2.1049 & §90.210 – OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH & EMISSION MASK

Applicable Standard

FCC §2.1049 and §90.210

Emission Mask D - 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth equipment. For transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

1) For any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth f_0 to 5.625 kHz removed from f_0, 0dB.

2) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 5.626 kHz but no more than 12.5 kHz, at least 7.27 (f_d –2.88 kHz) dB.

3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz at least: At least 50 + 10 log (P) dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer through sufficient attenuation.

The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 100 Hz and the spectrum was recorded in the frequency band ±50 kHz from the carrier frequency.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24~27 ℃
Relative Humidity:	50~57 %
ATM Pressure:	100.9~101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Kieron Luo on 2019-02-23.

Test mode: transimitting

Modulation	Channel Separation (kHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Power Level	99% Occupied Bandwidth (kHz)	26 dB Emissions Bandwidth (kHz)
Analog	12.5	453.2125	High	9.936	10.256
	12.5		Low	9.936	10.256
Digital	12.5	453.2125	High	7.692	9.615
	12.5		Low	7.692	9.615

Note: Emission designator is base on calculation instead of measurement.

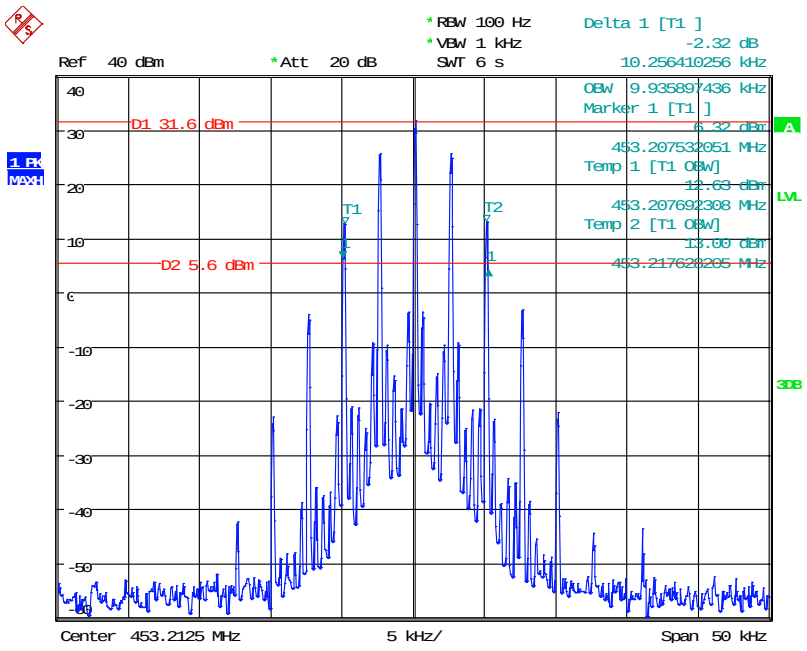
Emission Designator Per CFR 47 §2.201& §2.202&, Bn = 2M + 2D

For FM Mode (Channel Spacing: 12.5 kHz)
Emission Designator 11K0F3E In this case, the maximum modulating frequency is 3.0 kHz with a 2.5 kHz deviation. BW = 2(M+D) = 2(3.0 kHz + 2.5 kHz) = 11 kHz → 11K0*
F3E portion of the designator represents an FM voice transmission Therefore, the entire designator for 12.5 kHz channel spacing FM mode is 11K0F3E.

For Digital Mode (Channel Spacing: 12.5 kHz)
Emission Designator 7K60F1D and 7K60F1E
The 99% energy rule (title 47CFR 2.1049) was used for digital mode. It basically states that 99% of the modulation energy falls within X kHz, in this case, 7.60 kHz. The emission mask was obtained from 47CFR 90.210(d).
F1D and F1E portion of the designator indicates digital information.
Therefore, the entire designator for 12.5 kHz channel spacing digital mode is 7K60F1D and 7K60F1E.

Analog Modulation:

Frequency 453.2125 MHz: 99% Occupied & 26 dB Bandwidth, High Power



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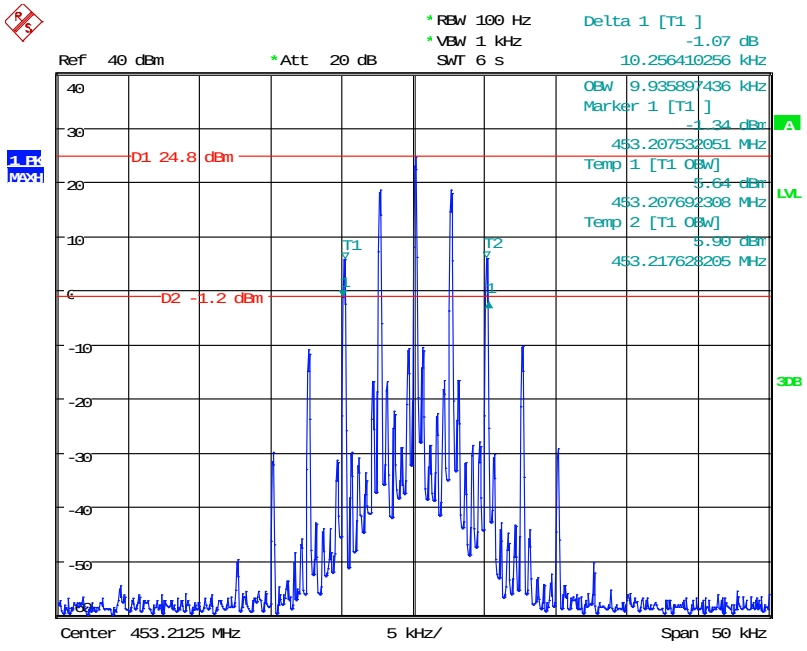
Frequency 453.2125 MHz: 99% Occupied & 26 dB Bandwidth, Low Power



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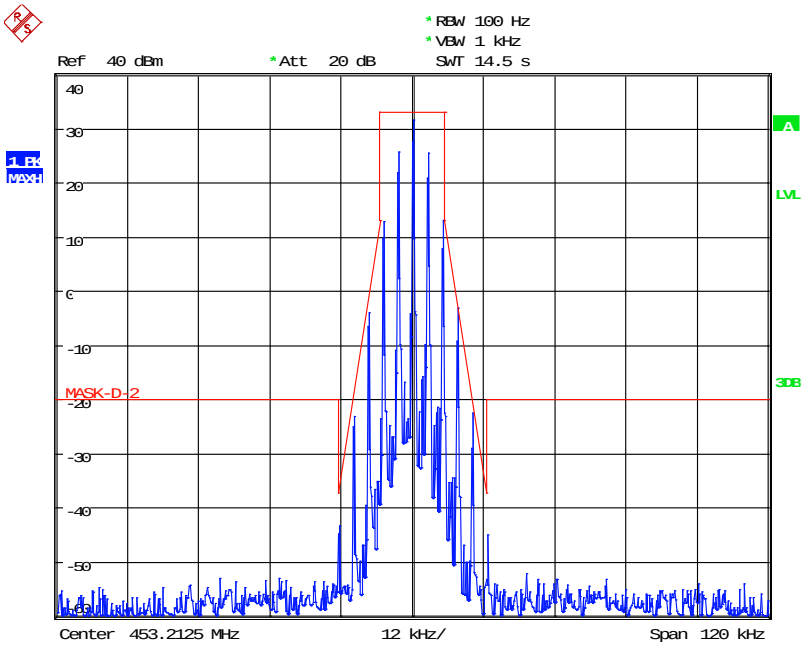
Frequency 453.2125 MHz: Emission Mask D, High Power



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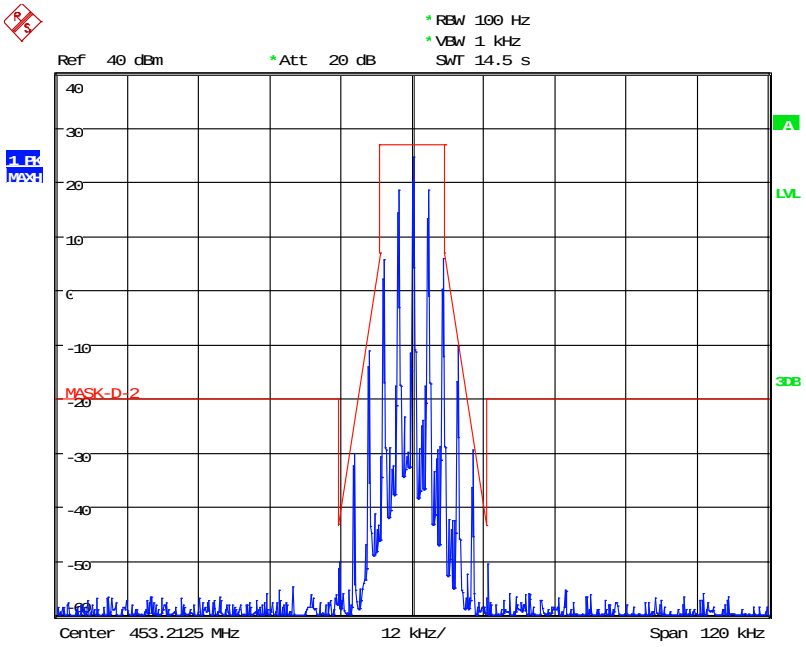
Frequency 453.2125 MHz: Emission Mask D, Low Power



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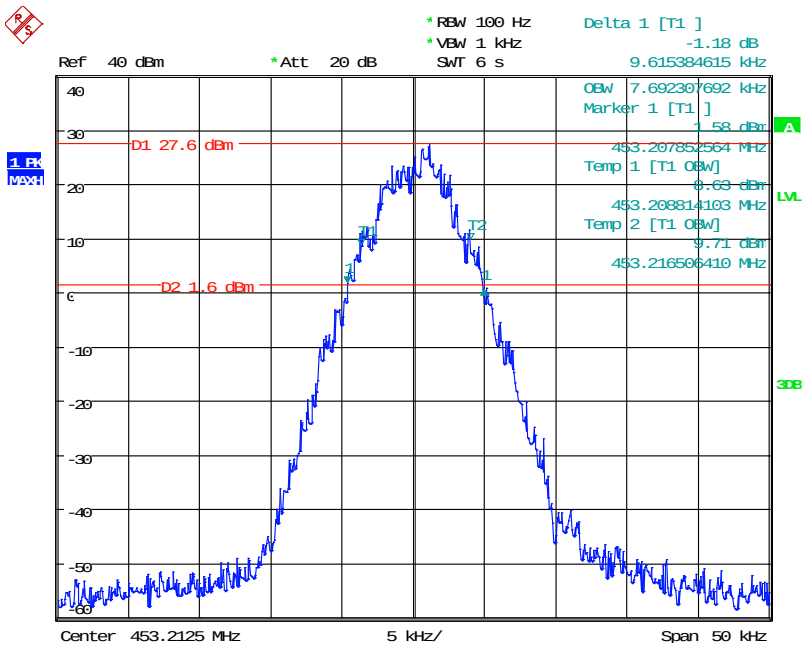
Digital Modulation:

Frequency 453.2125 MHz: 99% Occupied & 26 dB Bandwidth, High Power



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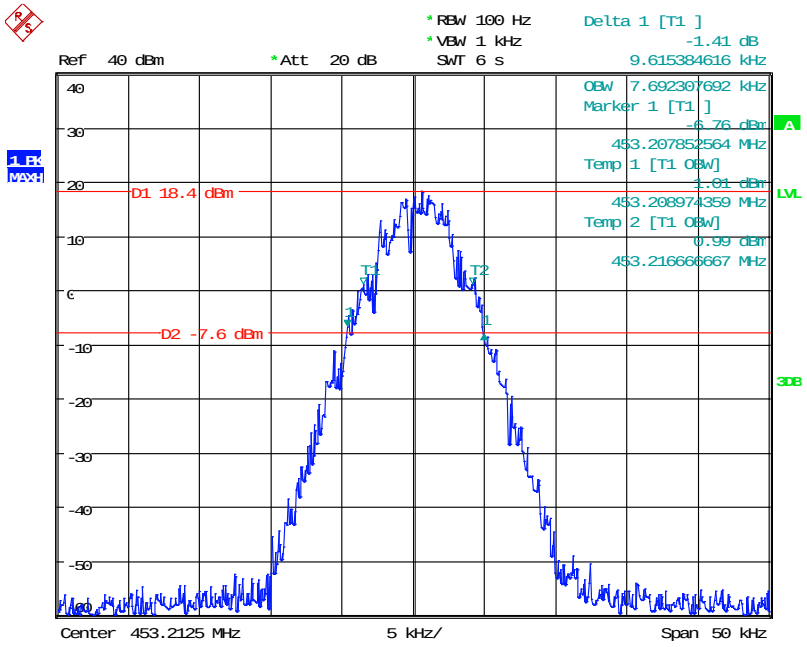
Frequency 453.2125 MHz: 99% Occupied & 26 dB Bandwidth, Low Power



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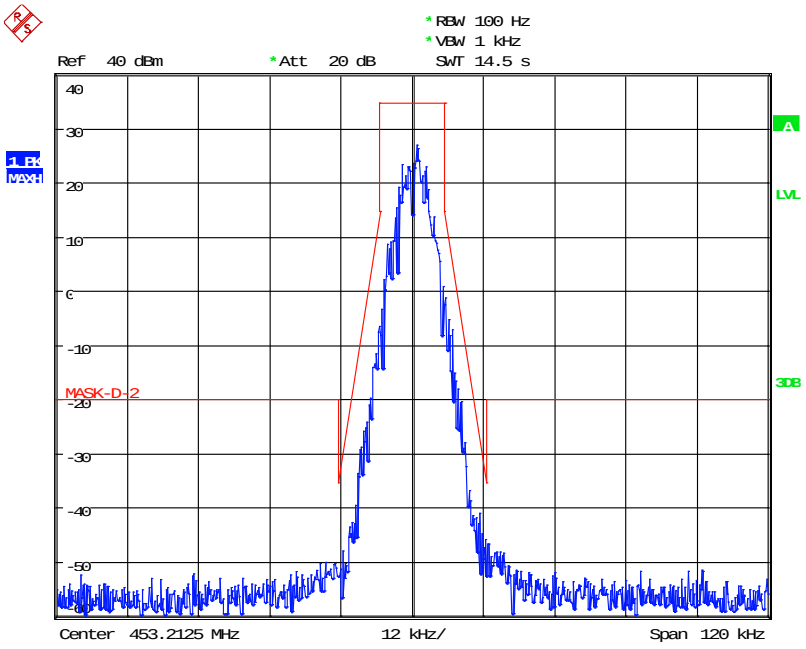
Frequency 453.2125 MHz: Emission Mask D, High Power



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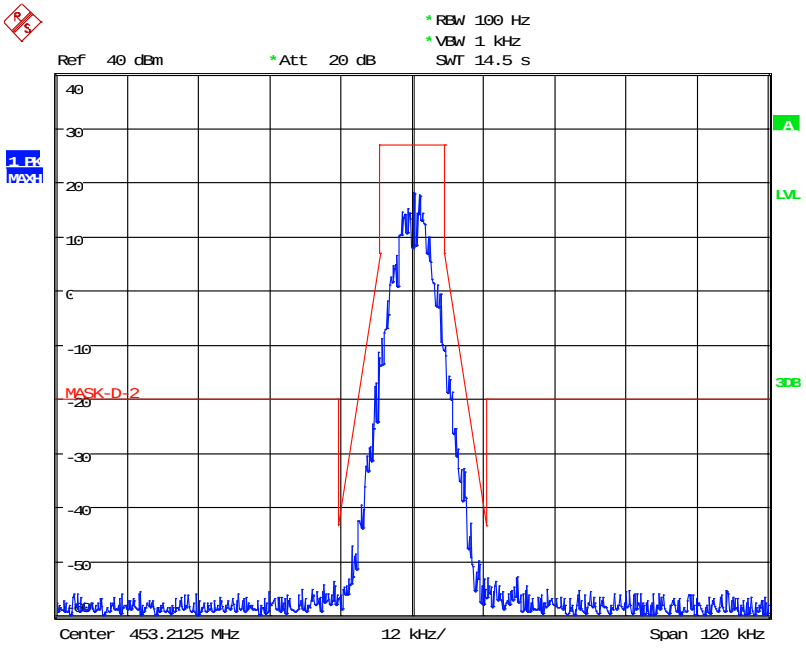
Frequency 453.2125 MHz: Emission Mask D, Low Power



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FCC §2.1051 & §90.210 - SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINALS

Applicable Standard

Emission Mask D—12.5 kHz channel bandwidth equipment. For transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

1) For any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth f_0 to 5.625 kHz removed from f_0, 0 dB.

2) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 5.626 kHz but no more than 12.5 kHz, at least 7.27 (f_d –2.88 kHz) dB.

3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: At least 50 + 10 log (P) dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through appropriate attenuation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 100kHz for below 1GHz, and 1MHz for above 1GHz. Sufficient scans were taken to show any out of band emissions up to 10th harmonic.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

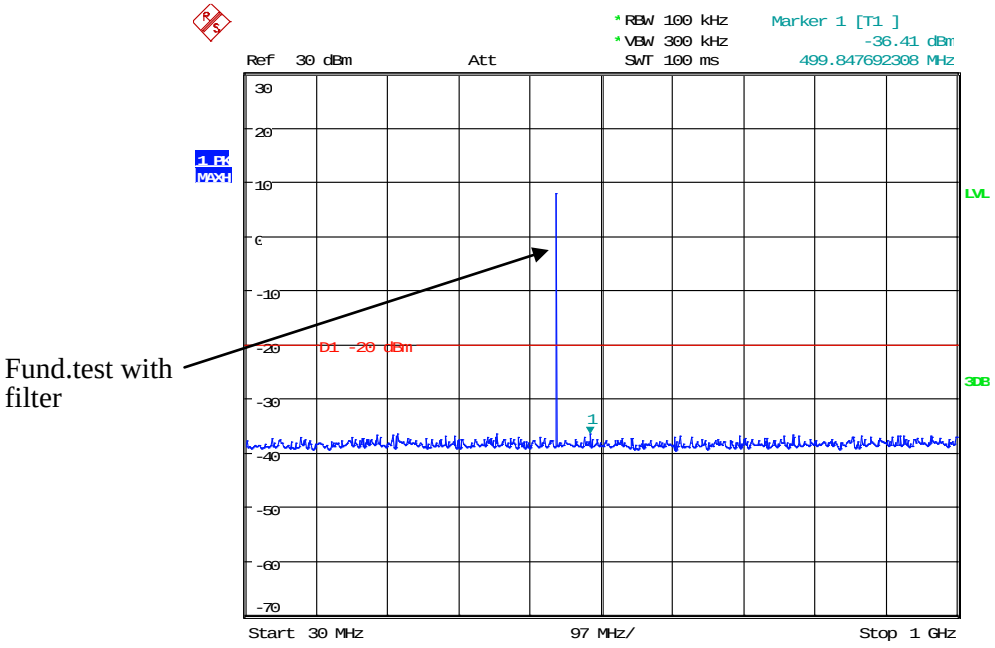
Temperature:	24 ℃
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Kieron Luo on 2019-01-30.

Test Mode: Transmitting, worst case for High power level, please refer to the following plots.

Analog Modulation:

30MHz – 1 GHz, 453.2125 MHz



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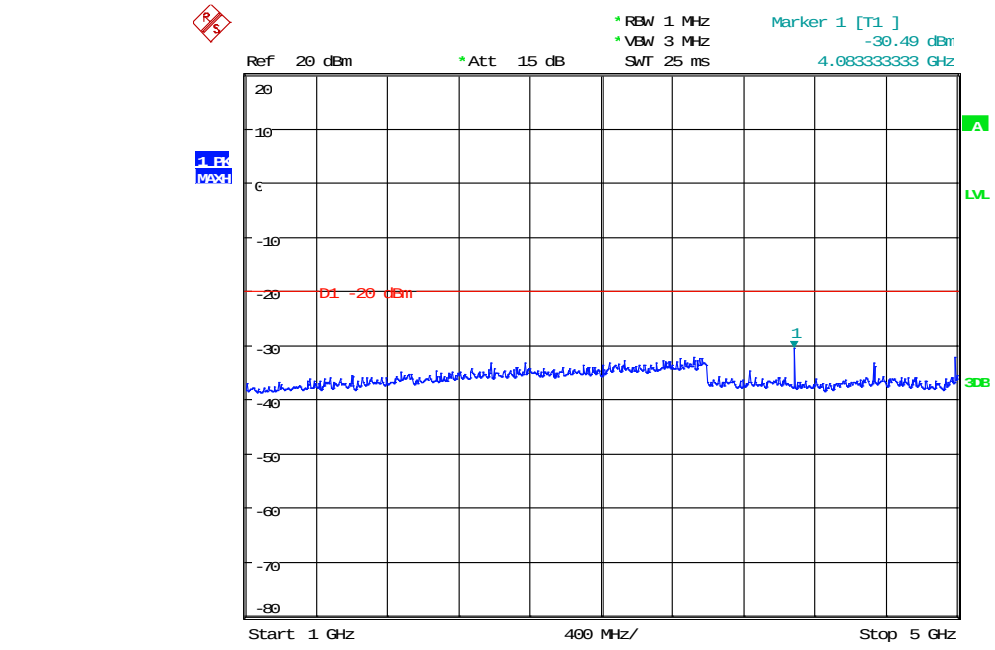
1 GHz – 5 GHz, 453.2125 MHz



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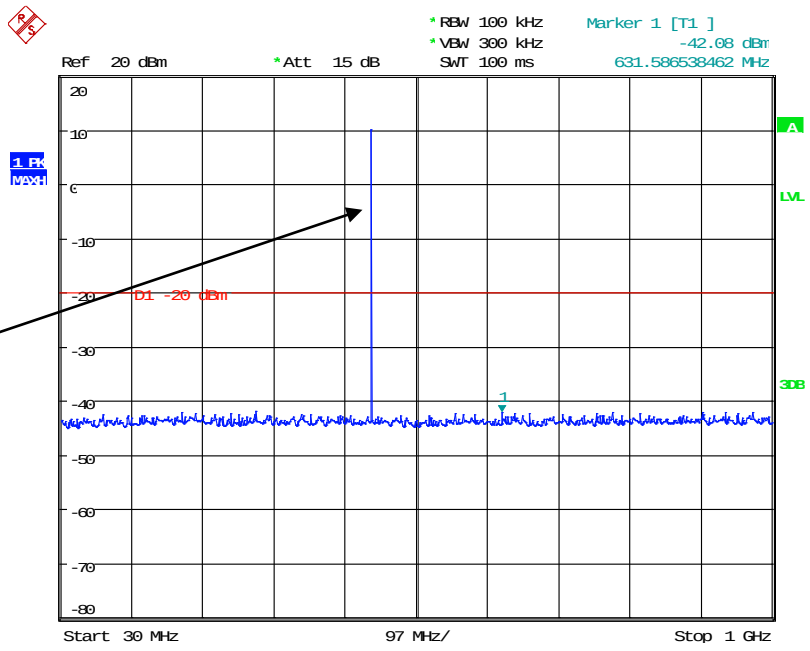
Digital Modulation:

30MHz – 1 GHz, 453.2125 MHz



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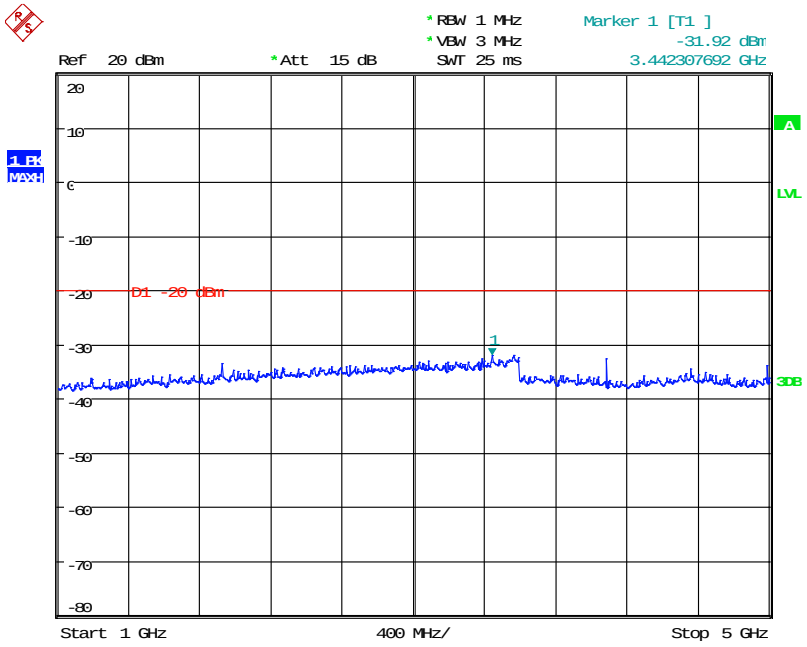
1 GHz – 5 GHz, 453.2125 MHz



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FCC §2.1053 & §90.210 - RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Applicable Standard

FCC §2.1053 and §90.210

Test Procedure

The transmitter was placed on a wooden turntable, and it was transmitting into a non-radiating load, which was also placed on the turntable.

The measurement antenna was placed at a distance of 3 meters from the EUT. During the tests, the antenna height and polarization as well as EUT azimuth were varied in order to identify the maximum level of emissions from the EUT .The test was performed by placing the EUT on 3-orthogonal axis.

The frequency range up to teeth harmonic of the fundamental frequency was investigated.

Remove the EUT and replace it with substitution antenna. A signal generator was connected to the substitution antenna by a non-radiating cable. The absolute levels of the spurious emissions were measured by the substitution.

Spurious emissions in dB =10 1g (TXpwr in Watts/0.001)-the absolute level

Spurious attenuation limit in dB =50+10 Log_{10} (power out in Watts) for EUT with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 ℃
Relative Humidity:	51 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Andy Yu and Yecar Lu on 2019-01-29 and 2019-01-30.

Test Mode: Transmitting, worst case for High power level.

30MHz - 5GHz:

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Turn Table Angle Degree	Rx Antenna		Substituted			Absolute Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
			Height (m)	Polar (H/V)	Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBi)			
Analog Modulation 453.2125MHz-12.5 kHz										
906.425	45.33	104	1.7	H	-50.7	1.27	0.0	-51.97	-20	31.97
906.425	53.11	288	1.6	V	-41.3	1.27	0.0	-42.57	-20	22.57
1359.64	61.50	106	2.4	H	-46.5	1.60	7.90	-40.20	-20	20.20
1359.64	64.60	130	1.2	V	-43.6	1.60	7.90	-37.30	-20	17.30
4078.91	54.60	193	2.2	H	-46.8	1.40	12.20	-36.00	-20	16.00
4078.91	52.10	186	2.4	V	-48.2	1.40	12.20	-37.40	-20	17.40
4532.13	64.07	277	1.2	H	-36.9	1.50	12.10	-26.30	-20	6.30
4532.13	54.90	95	1.4	V	-45.4	1.50	12.10	-34.80	-20	14.80
Digital Modulation 453.2125MHz-12.5 kHz										
906.425	45.51	315	1.8	H	-50.6	1.27	0.0	-51.87	-20	31.87
906.425	54.09	166	1.7	V	-40.3	1.27	0.0	-41.57	-20	21.57
1359.64	58.69	277	1.3	H	-49.3	1.60	7.90	-43.00	-20	23.00
1359.64	65.36	293	1.8	V	-42.9	1.60	7.90	-36.60	-20	16.60
4078.91	53.26	203	1.6	H	-48.1	1.40	12.20	-37.30	-20	17.30
4078.91	56.39	142	1.5	V	-43.9	1.40	12.20	-33.10	-20	13.10
4532.13	69.31	224	1.3	H	-31.6	1.50	12.10	-21.00	-20	1.00
4532.13	58.90	206	1.0	V	-41.4	1.50	12.10	-30.80	-20	10.80

Note:
Absolute Level = Substituted Level - Cable loss + Antenna Gain
Margin = Limit- Absolute Level

FCC §2.1055 & §90.213 - FREQUENCY STABILITY

Applicable Standard

FCC §2.1055 and §90.213

Test Procedure

Frequency Stability vs. Temperature: The equipment under test was connected to an external AC/DC power supply and the RF output was connected to communication test set via feed-through attenuators. The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber. The power cable and RF output cable exited the chamber through an opening made for the purpose.

After the temperature stabilized for approximately 20 minutes, the frequency output was recorded from the counter.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 ℃
Relative Humidity:	51 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Kieron Luo on 2019-02-23.

Test Mode: Transmitting

For 12.5 kHz:

Analog Modulation, Reference Frequency: 453.2125 MHz, Limit: ±2.5 ppm			
Test Environment		**Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed**	
Temperature (℃)	**Voltage Supplied (V_{DC})**	**Measured Frequency (MHz)**	**Frequency Error (ppm)**
Frequency Stability versus Input Temperature			
50	3.7	453.212525	0.0552
40	3.7	453.212516	0.0355
30	3.7	453.212535	0.0771
20	3.7	453.212537	0.0825
10	3.7	453.212523	0.0506
0	3.7	453.212524	0.0529
-10	3.7	453.212537	0.0816
-20	3.7	453.212540	0.0881
-30	3.7	453.212529	0.0646
Frequency Stability versus Input Voltage			
20	3.3	453.212541	0.0896

Digital Modulation, Reference Frequency: 453.2125 MHz, Limit: ±2.5 ppm			
Test Environment		**Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed**	
Temperature (℃)	**Voltage Supplied (V_{DC})**	**Measured Frequency (MHz)**	**Frequency Error (ppm)**
Frequency Stability versus Input Temperature			
50	3.7	453.212533	0.0728
40	3.7	453.212544	0.0968
30	3.7	453.212533	0.0725
20	3.7	453.212529	0.0647
10	3.7	453.212529	0.0635
0	3.7	453.212531	0.0673
-10	3.7	453.212527	0.0605
-20	3.7	453.212545	0.1002
-30	3.7	453.212527	0.0606
Frequency Stability versus Input Voltage			
20	3.3	453.212548	0.1054

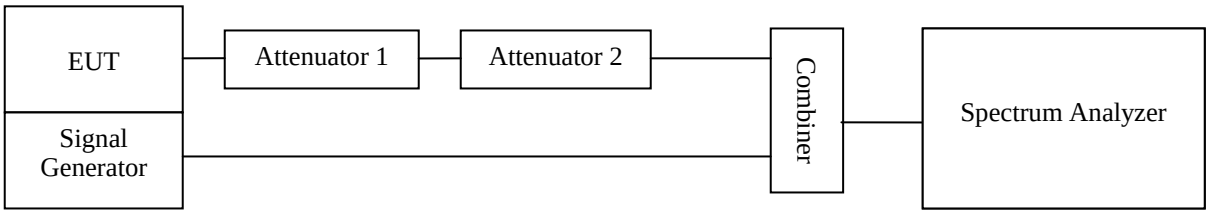
FCC §90.214 - TRANSIENT FREQUENCY BEHAVIOR

Applicable Standard

Regulations: FCC §90.214
Test method: ANSI/TIA-603-D 2010, section 2.2.19.3

Test Procedure

a) Connect the EUT and test equipment as shown on the following block diagram.
b) Set the Spectrum Analyzer to measure FM deviation, and tune the RF frequency to the transmitter assigned frequency.
c) Set the signal generator to the assigned transmitter frequency and modulate it with a 1 kHz tone at ±12.5 kHz deviation and set its output level to -100dBm.
d) Turn on the transmitter.
e) Supply sufficient attenuation via the RF attenuator to provide an input level to the Spectrum Analyzer that is 40 dB below the maximum allowed input power when the transmitter is operating at its rated power level. Note this power level on the Spectrum Analyzer as P_0.
f) Turn off the transmitter.
g) Adjust the RF level of the signal generator to provide RF power equal to P_0. This signal generator RF level shall be maintained throughout the rest of the measurement.
h) Remove the attenuation 1, so the input power to the Spectrum Analyzer is increased by 30 dB when the transmitter is turned on.
i) Adjust the vertical amplitude control of the spectrum analyzer to display the 1000 Hz at ±4 divisions vertically centered on the display. Set trigger mode of the Spectrum Analyzer to "Video", and tune the "trigger level" on suitable level. Then set the "tiger offset" to -10ms for turn on and -15ms for turn off.
j) Turn on the transmitter and the transient wave will be captured on the screen of Spectrum Analyzer. Observe the stored display. The instant when the 1 kHz test signal is completely suppressed is considered to be t_{on}. The trace should be maintained within the allowed divisions during the period t_1 and t_2.
k) Then turn off the transmitter, and another transient wave will be captured on the screen of Spectrum Analyzer. The trace should be maintained within the allowed divisions during the period t_3.



Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24 ℃
Relative Humidity:	51 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

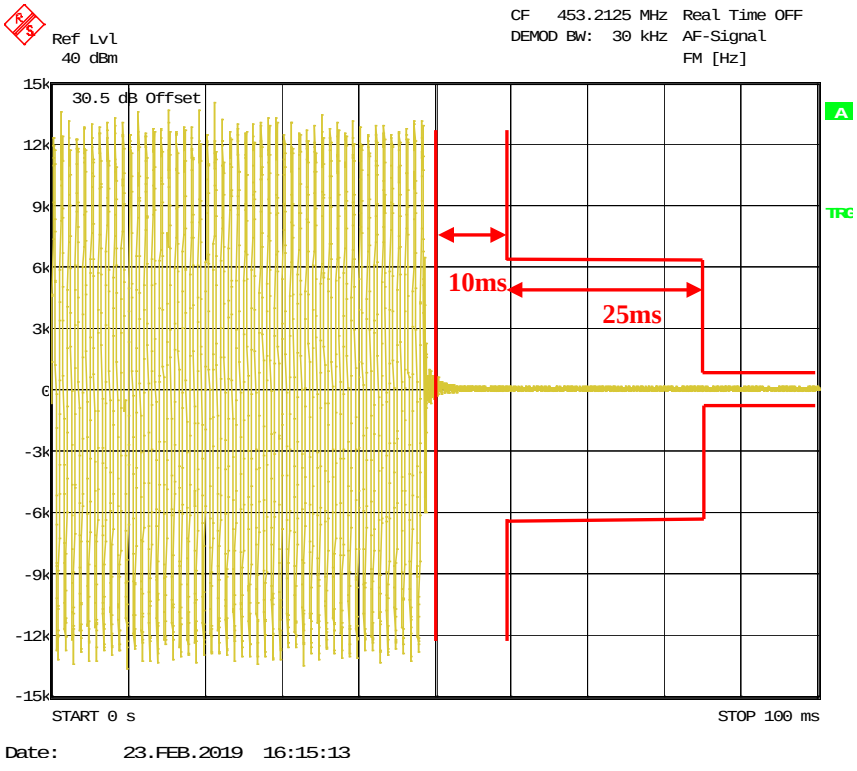
The testing was performed by Kieron Luo on 2019-02-23.

Channel Separation (kHz)	Transient Period (ms)	Transient Frequency	Result
12.5	10 (t1)	<+/-12.5 kHz	Pass
	25(t2)	<+/-6.25 kHz	
	10 (t3)	<+/-12.5 kHz	

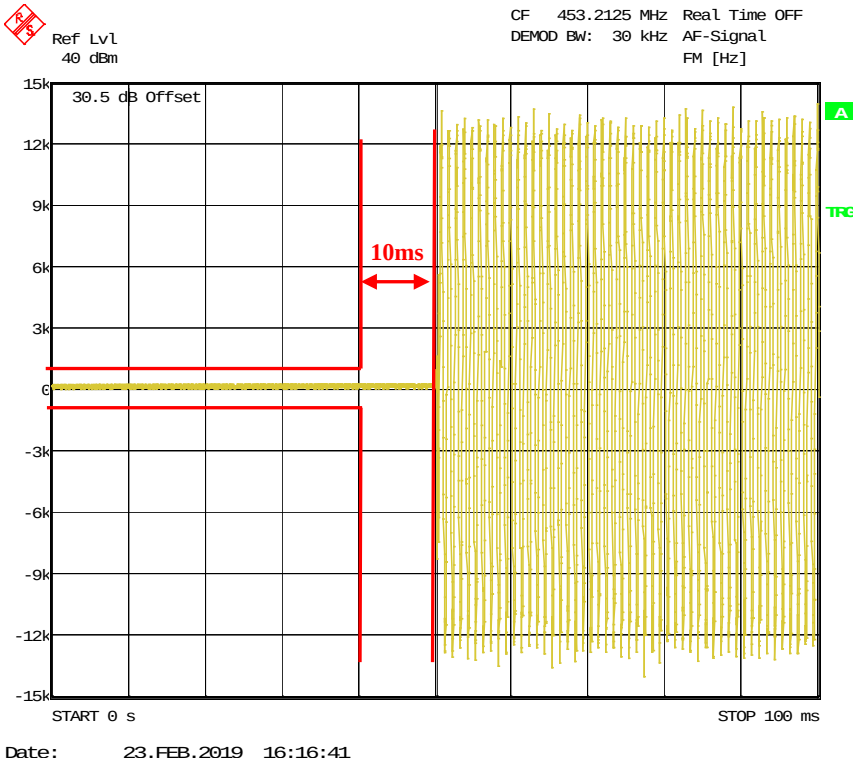
Please refer to the following plots.

Channel: 453.2125 MHz, 12.5 kHz

Turn on



Turn off



******* END OF REPORT *******