



FCC PART 90 TEST REPORT

For

RCA Communications Systems

133 West Market Street, Suite227, Indianapolis, Indiana 46204, United States

FCC ID: XYH-RDR6350V

Report Type: Original Report	Product Type: Digital Two-Way Radio
Report Number: RSZ180308008-00A	
Report Date: 2018-04-23	
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GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

The *RCA Communications Systems*'s product, model number: *RDR6350V* (FCC ID: *XYH-RDR6350V*) or the "EUT" in this report was a *Digital Two-Way Radio*, which was measured approximately: 17.0 cm (L) × 17.0 cm (W) × 6.0 cm (H), rated with input voltage: DC 13.6V.

EUT Specification:

Operating frequency band	136-174MHz
Modulation type	4FSK, FM
Channel separation	12.5kHz
Rate Output Power	High: 40W Middle: 25W Low: 5W

**All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 1800280. (Assigned by BACL, Shenzhen). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2018-03-08.*

Objective

This test report is prepared on behalf of *RCA Communications Systems* in accordance with Part 2, and Part 90 of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

FCC Part 15.247 DSS submissions with FCC ID: XYH-RDR6350V.

Test Methodology

All tests and measurements indicated in this document were performed in accordance with the Code of federal Regulations Title 47 Part 2, Sub-part J as well as the following individual parts:

Part 90 – Private Land Mobile Radio Service

All emissions measurement was performed at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen). The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

Measurement Uncertainty

Parameter	uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	±5%
RF Output Power with Power meter	±0.5dB
RF conducted test with spectrum	±1.5dB
All emissions, radiated	±4.88dB
Temperature	±3°C
Humidity	±6%
Supply voltages	±0.4%

Test Facility

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located on the 6/F., West Wing, Third Phase of Wanli Industrial Building, Shihua Road, Futian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

The test site has been approved by the FCC under the KDB 974614 D01 and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database, FCC Registration No. : 342867, the FCC Designation No. : CN1221.

The test site has been registered with ISED Canada under ISED Canada Registration Number 3062B.

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Description of Test Configuration

The system was configured for testing in a test mode which has been done in the factory.

EUT Exercise Software

No exercise software was used.

Special Accessories

No special accessory was used.

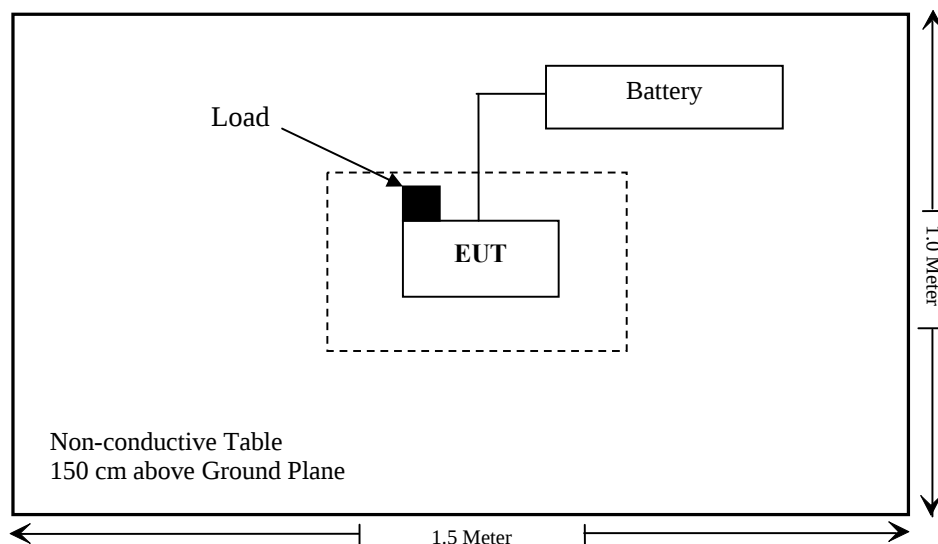
Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

Support Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
N/A	Battery	N/A	N/A

Block Diagram of Test Setup



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Results
§1.1307(b), §2.1091	Maximum Permissible exposure (MPE)	Compliance
§2.1046; §90.205	RF Output Power	Compliance
§2.1047; §90.207	Modulation Characteristic	Compliance
§2.1049; §90.210	Occupied Bandwidth & Emission Mask	Compliance
§2.1051; §90.210	Spurious Emission at Antenna Terminal	Compliance
§2.1053; §90.210	Spurious Radiated Emissions	Compliance
§2.1055; §90.213	Frequency Stability	Compliance
§90.214	Transient Frequency Behavior	Compliance

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Radiated Emission Test					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	101120	2018-01-11	2019-01-11
HP	Amplifier	HP8447E	1937A01046	2017-11-19	2018-05-17
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB1	A040904-1	2017-12-22	2020-12-21
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	8386001028	2017-04-24	2018-04-24
Sunol Sciences	Horn Antenna	DRH-118	A052604	2017-12-22	2020-12-21
HP	Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2624A00116	2017-07-02	2018-07-01
Mini	Amplifier	ZVA-183-S+	5969001149	2017-05-21	2018-05-21
A.H. System	Horn Antenna	SAS-200/571	135	2015-08-18	2018-08-17
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	UFA210A-1-4724-30050U	MFR64369 223410-001	2017-11-19	2018-05-17
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	104PEA	218124002	2017-11-19	2018-05-17
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	1	2017-11-19	2018-05-17
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	2	2017-11-22	2018-05-22
COM POWER	Dipole Antenna	AD-100	041000	2017-08-18	2018-08-18
RF Conducted test					
Rohde & Schwarz	SPECTRUM ANALYZER	FSU26	200120	2017-12-05	2018-12-05
HP	RF Communication test set	8920A	3325U00859	2017-06-14	2018-06-13
LEADER	MILLIVOLTMETER	LMV-181A	6041126	2017-10-12	2018-10-12
Hewlett-Packard	Frequency Counter	5343A	2232A00827	2016-08-29	2019-08-29
ESPEC	Temperature & Humidity Chamber	EL-10KA	09107726	2017-11-22	2018-11-22
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	3	2017-11-22	2018-05-22
N/A	30dB Attenuator	53-30-43	PG633	2017-11-22	2018-05-22
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	8386001028	2017-04-24	2018-04-24

* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

FCC §1.1307 (b) (1) & §2.1091- MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)**Applicable Standard**

According to subpart 1.1307 (b)(1), 2.1091 systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures the public is not exposed to RF energy level in excess of the communication guidelines.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure

Limits for occupational/Controlled Exposure				
Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Averaging Time (Minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	6
1.34-30	1842/f	4.89/f	*(900/f ²)	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1500	/	/	f/300	6
1500-100,000	/	/	5.0	6

f = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

Result**Calculated Formulary:**

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm²)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW).

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain.

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Antenna Gain		Conducted Power (mW)	Evaluation Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm²)	Strictest MPE Limit (mW/cm²)
	(dBi)	(numeric)				
136-174	3.5	2.24	23386.76	80	0.65	1.0

Note: The rated max tune-up output power is 46.7dBm(46773.51mW), 50% duty cycle was used in evaluation, so the power is 23386.76mW

For simultaneously transmit system, the calculated power density should comply with:

$$\sum_i \frac{S_i}{S_{Limit,i}} \leq 1$$

Simultaneous transmitting consideration: (referring to the bluetooth report, the highest MPE is 0.0001mW/cm²)

The ratio=MPE/limit_{TNB}+MPE/limit_{DSS}=0.65/1+0.0001/1=0.6501<1.0

Result: Compliance.The device meets MPE requirement for Occupational/Controlled use at 80cm distance.

FCC §2.1046 & §90.205 - RF OUTPUT POWER

Applicable Standard

FCC §2.1046 and §90.205

Test Procedure

Conducted RF Output Power:

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer through sufficient attenuation.

Spectrum Analyzer Setting:

R B/W	Video B/W
100 kHz	300 kHz

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Tracy Hu on 2018-04-01.

Test Mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliance. Please refer to following table.

Modulation	Channel Separation (kHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Power Level	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Result
Analog	12.5	136.0125	High	46.66	46.34	Pass
			Low	37.07	5.09	Pass
			Middle	44.02	25.23	Pass
	12.5	155.7525	High	46.67	46.45	Pass
			Low	37.00	5.01	Pass
			Middle	43.93	24.72	Pass
	12.5	173.9875	High	46.41	43.75	Pass
			Low	37.05	5.07	Pass
			Middle	43.88	24.43	Pass

Modulation	Channel Separation (kHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Power Level	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	Result
Digital	12.5	136.0125	High	46.63	46.03	Pass
			Low	37.01	5.02	Pass
			Middle	43.96	24.89	Pass
	12.5	155.7525	High	46.65	46.24	Pass
			Low	37.07	5.09	Pass
			Middle	43.99	25.06	Pass
	12.5	173.9875	High	46.36	43.25	Pass
			Low	36.94	4.94	Pass
			Middle	43.83	24.15	Pass

Note: The rated high power is 40W. The limit of the high output power is 32W-48W.
The rated low power is 5W. The limit of the low output power is 4W-6W.
The rated middle power is 25W. The limit of the middle output power is 20W-30W.

FCC §2.1047 & §90.207 - MODULATION CHARACTERISTIC

Applicable Standard

FCC§2.1047 and §90.207:

- (a) Equipment which utilizes voice modulated communication shall show the frequency response of the audio modulating circuit over a range of 100 to 5000 Hz. for equipment which is required to have a low pass filter, the frequency response of the filter, or all of the circuitry installed between the modulation limited and the modulated stage shall be supplied.
- (b) Equipment which employs modulation limiting, a curve showing the percentage of modulation versus the modulation input voltage shall be supplied.

Test Procedure

Test Method: TIA/EIA-603-D

Test Data**Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

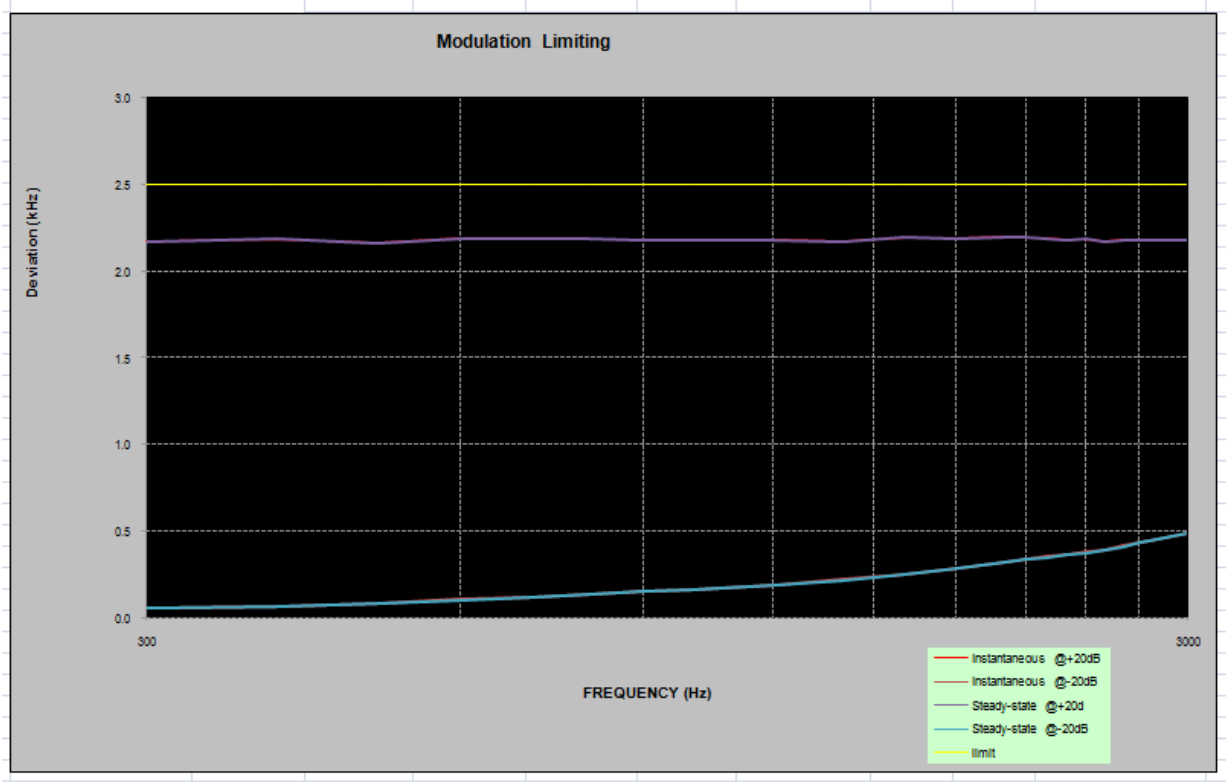
The testing was performed by Tracy Hu on 2017-04-01.

Please refer to the following tables and plots.

Analog Modulation:**MODULATION LIMITING**

Carrier Frequency: 155.7525 MHz, Channel Separation=12.5 kHz

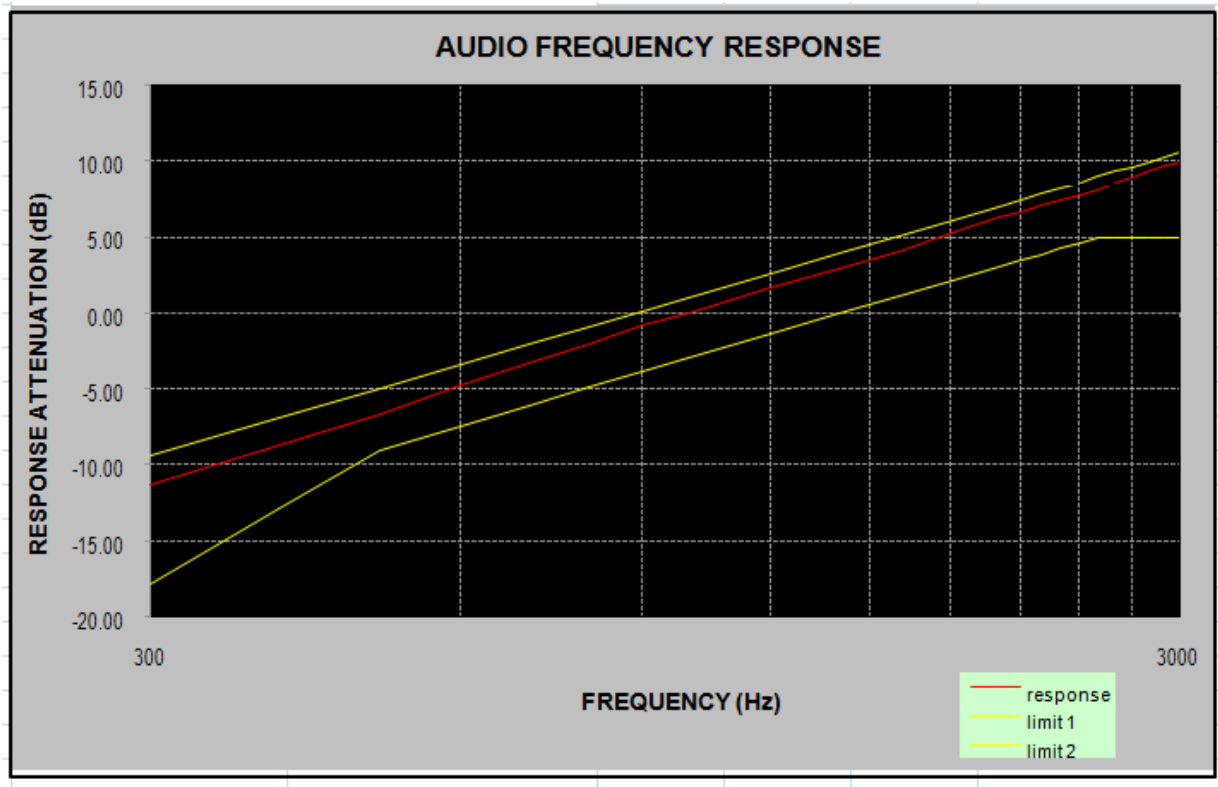
Audio Frequency (Hz)	Instantaneous		Steady-state		FCC Limit [kHz]
	DEVIATION (@+20dB) [kHz]	DEVIATION (@-20dB) [kHz]	DEVIATION (@+20dB) [kHz]	DEVIATION (@-20dB) [kHz]	
300	2.175	0.057	2.173	0.054	2.500
400	2.182	0.067	2.184	0.064	2.500
500	2.164	0.085	2.160	0.081	2.500
600	2.193	0.104	2.190	0.101	2.500
700	2.194	0.118	2.189	0.116	2.500
800	2.186	0.134	2.185	0.132	2.500
900	2.182	0.152	2.180	0.150	2.500
1000	2.183	0.164	2.177	0.162	2.500
1200	2.187	0.191	2.181	0.188	2.500
1400	2.178	0.219	2.171	0.215	2.500
1600	2.195	0.251	2.196	0.247	2.500
1800	2.194	0.288	2.192	0.285	2.500
2000	2.205	0.323	2.198	0.321	2.500
2100	2.196	0.338	2.194	0.335	2.500
2200	2.189	0.351	2.186	0.346	2.500
2300	2.182	0.362	2.179	0.360	2.500
2400	2.185	0.377	2.184	0.375	2.500
2500	2.178	0.393	2.173	0.390	2.500
2600	2.182	0.413	2.182	0.409	2.500
2700	2.180	0.433	2.176	0.430	2.500
2800	2.175	0.453	2.175	0.450	2.500
2900	2.182	0.470	2.175	0.468	2.500
3000	2.180	0.486	2.177	0.484	2.500



Audio Frequency Response

Carrier Frequency: 155.7525 MHz, Channel Separation=12.5 kHz

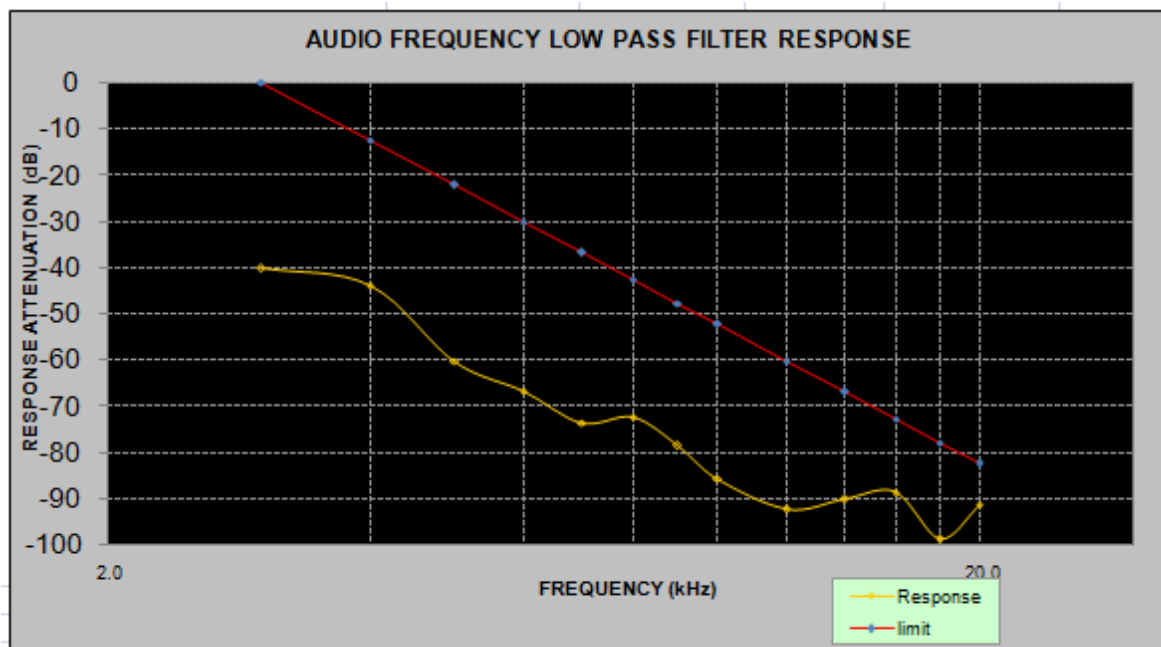
Audio Frequency (Hz)	Response Attenuation (dB)
300	-11.31
400	-8.73
500	-6.63
600	-4.76
700	-3.32
800	-2.03
900	-0.80
1000	0.00
1200	1.63
1400	2.85
1600	3.98
1800	5.21
2000	6.27
2100	6.67
2200	7.05
2300	7.39
2400	7.73
2500	8.07
2600	8.52
2700	8.92
2800	9.28
2900	9.69
3000	9.94



Audio frequency lows pass filter response

Carrier Frequency: 155.7525 MHz, Channel Separation=12.5 kHz

Audio Frequency (kHz)	Response Attenuation (dB)	Limit (dB)
1.0	0.0	/
3.0	-40.30	0.0
4.0	-43.82	-12.5
5.0	-60.18	-22.2
6.0	-66.63	-30.1
7.0	-73.59	-36.8
8.0	-72.35	-42.6
9.0	-78.50	-47.7
10.0	-85.72	-52.3
12.0	-92.37	-60.2
14.0	-90.20	-66.9
16.0	-88.69	-72.7
18.0	-98.88	-77.8
20.0	-91.20	-82.5



FCC §2.1049 & §90.210 – OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH & EMISSION MASK**Applicable Standard**

FCC §2.1049 and §90.210

Emission Mask D - 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth equipment. For transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

- 1) For any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth f_0 to 5.625 kHz removed from f_0 , 0dB.
- 2) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 5.626 kHz but no more than 12.5 kHz, at least 7.27 ($f_d - 2.88$ kHz) dB.
- 3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz at least: At least $50 + 10 \log (P)$ dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the spectrum analyzer through sufficient attenuation.

The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 100 Hz and the spectrum was recorded in the frequency band ± 50 kHz from the carrier frequency.

Test Data**Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	24~25 °C
Relative Humidity:	50~51 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0~101.5 kPa

The testing was performed by Tracy Hu from 2018-04-01 to 2018-04-05.

Modulation	Channel Separation (kHz)	Frequency (MHz)	Power Level	99% Occupied Bandwidth (kHz)	26 dB Emissions Bandwidth (kHz)
Analog	12.5	155.7525	High	9.94	10.34
			Low	9.94	10.34
			Middle	9.94	10.34
Digital	12.5	155.7525	High	7.37	9.38
			Low	6.81	8.65
			Middle	6.73	9.46

Note: Emission bandwidth was based on calculation method instead of measurement.

Emission Designator Per CFR 47 §2.201& §2.202&, $B_n = 2M + 2D$

For FM Mode (Channel Spacing: 12.5 kHz)

Emission Designator 11K0F3E In this case, the maximum modulating frequency is 3.0 kHz with a 2.5 kHz deviation. $BW = 2(M+D) = 2*(3.0 \text{ kHz} + 2.5 \text{ kHz}) = 11 \text{ kHz} \rightarrow 11K0$
F3E portion of the designator represents an FM voice transmission Therefore, the entire designator for 12.5 kHz channel spacing FM mode is 11K0F3E.

For Digital Mode (Channel Spacing: 12.5 kHz)

Emission Designator 7K60F1D and 7K60F1E

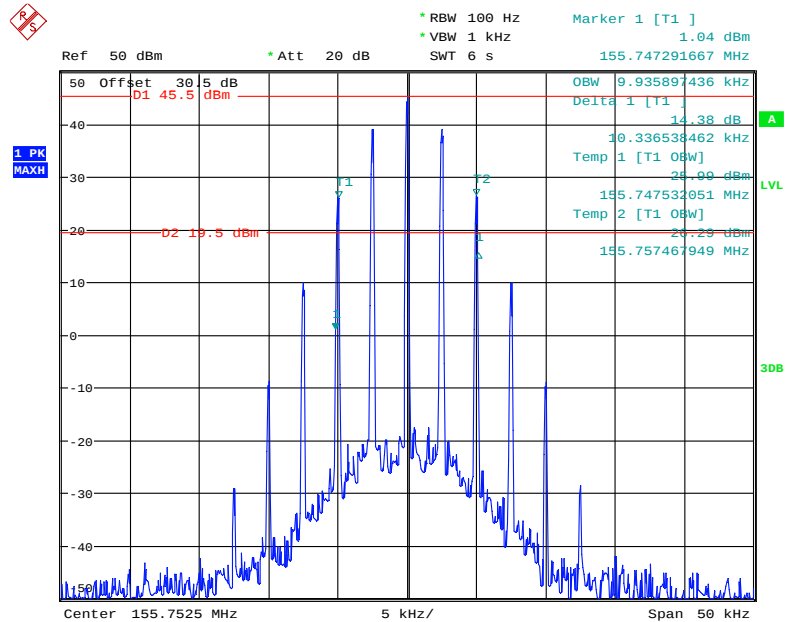
The 99% energy rule (title 47CFR 2.1049) was used for digital mode. It basically states that 99% of the modulation energy falls within X kHz, in this case, 7.37 kHz. The emission mask was obtained from 47CFR 90.210(d).

F1D and F1E portion of the designator indicates digital information.

Therefore, the entire designator for 12.5 kHz channel spacing digital mode is 7K60F1D and 7K60F1E.

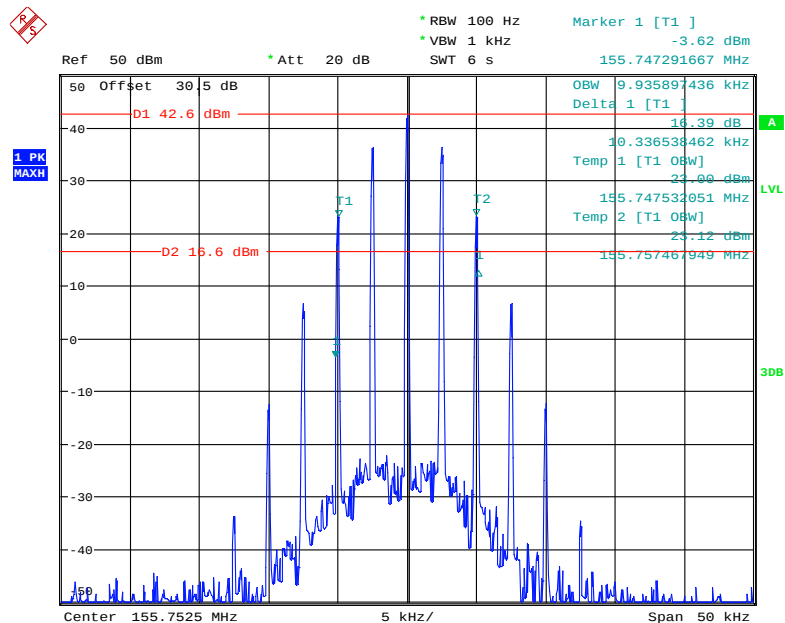
Analog Modulation:

Frequency 155.7525 MHz: 99% Occupied & 26 dB Bandwidth, High Power



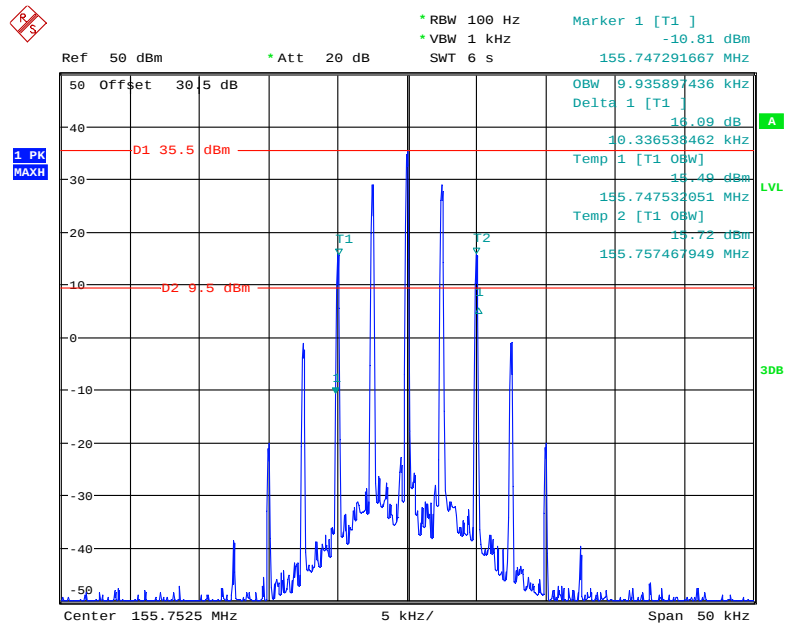
Date: 1.APR.2018 15:12:21

Frequency 155.7525 MHz: 99% Occupied & 26 dB Bandwidth, Middle Power



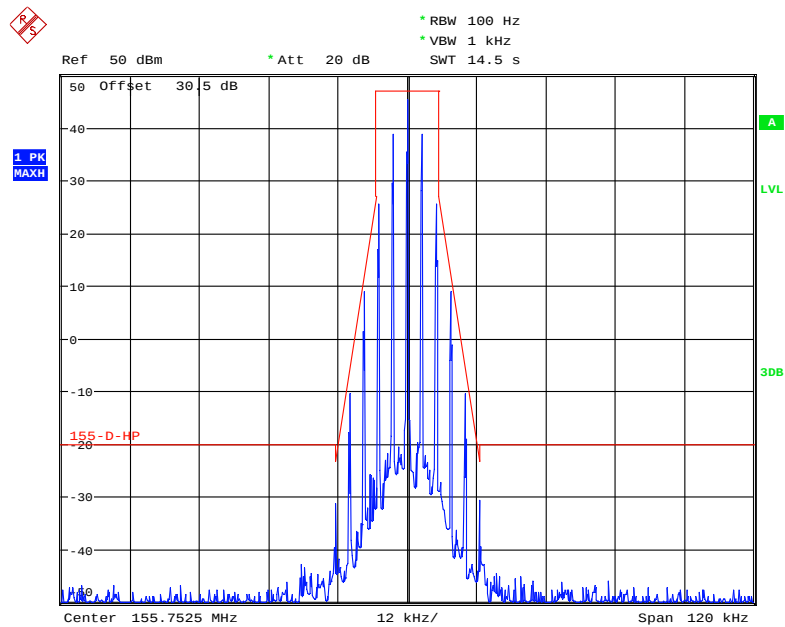
Date: 1.APR.2018 15:11:29

Frequency 155.7525 MHz: 99% Occupied & 26 dB Bandwidth, Low Power



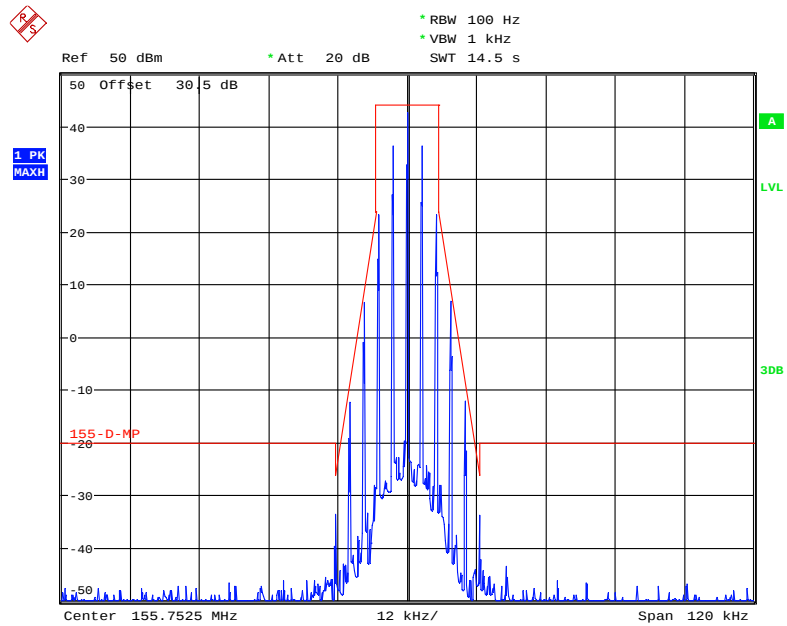
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Frequency 155.7525 MHz: Emission Mask, High Power



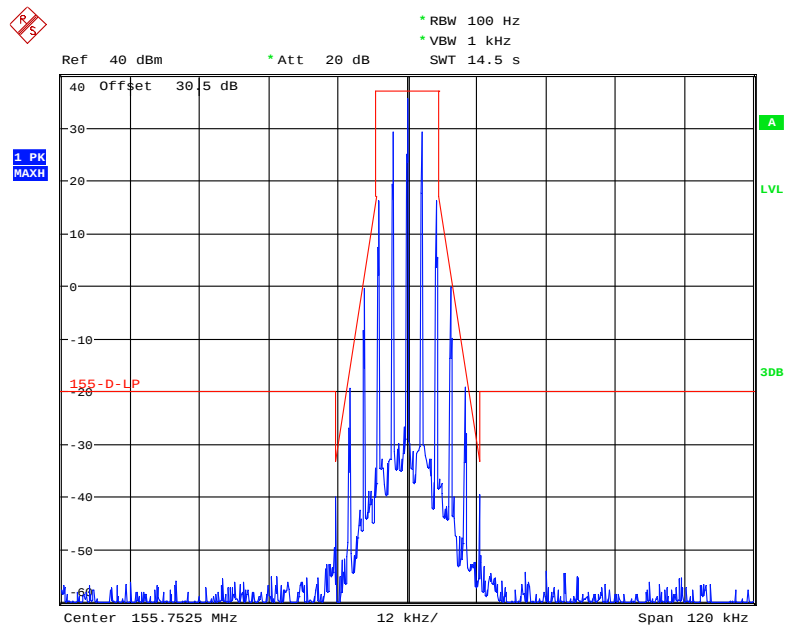
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Frequency 155.7525 MHz: Emission Mask, Middle Power

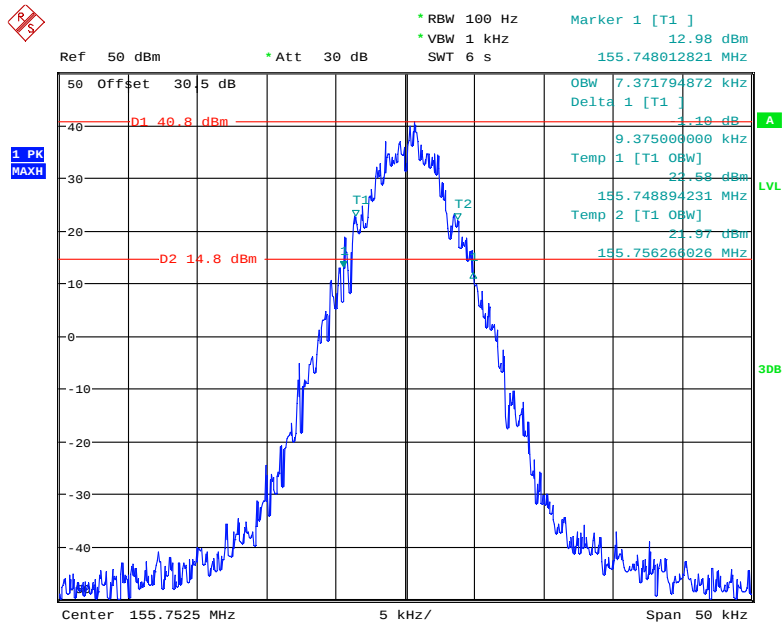


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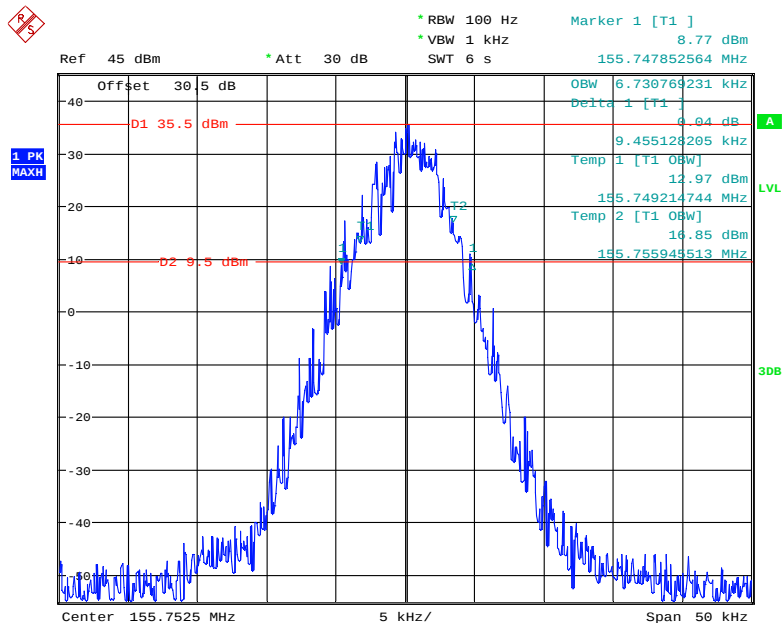
Frequency 155.7525 MHz: Emission Mask, Low Power



Date: 1.APR.2018 16:37:55

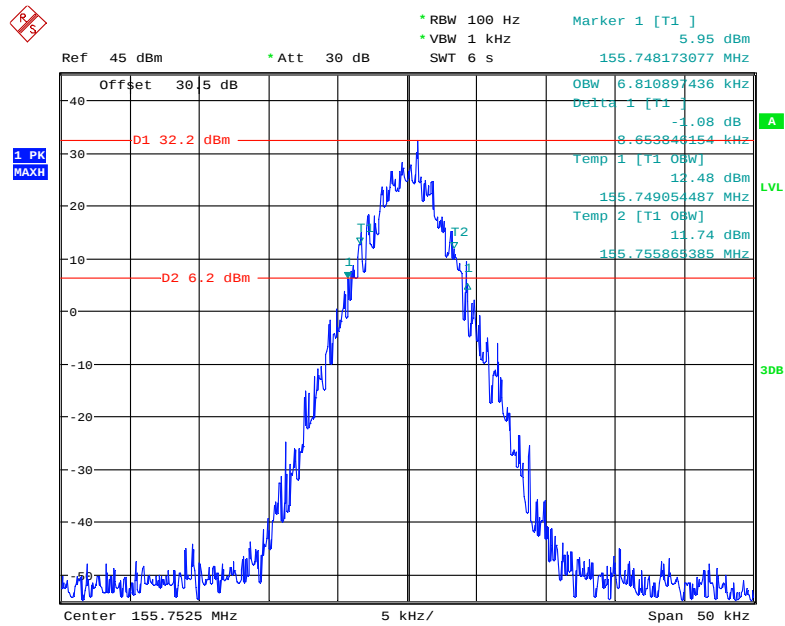
Digital Modulation:**Frequency 155.7525 MHz: 99% Occupied & 26 dB Bandwidth, High Power**

Date: 5.APR.2018 20:58:17

Frequency 155.7525 MHz: 99% Occupied & 26 dB Bandwidth, Middle Power

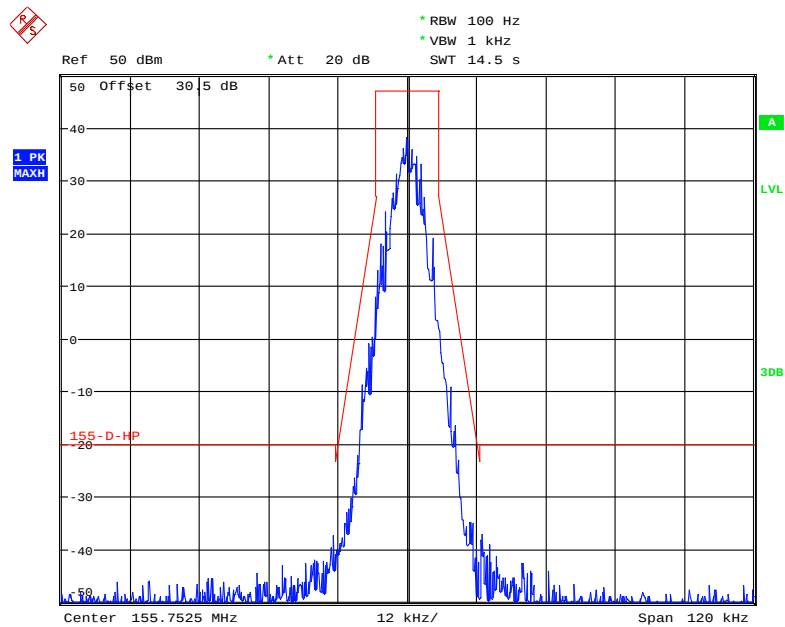
Date: 5.APR.2018 21:00:29

Frequency 155.7525 MHz: 99% Occupied & 26 dB Bandwidth, Low Power



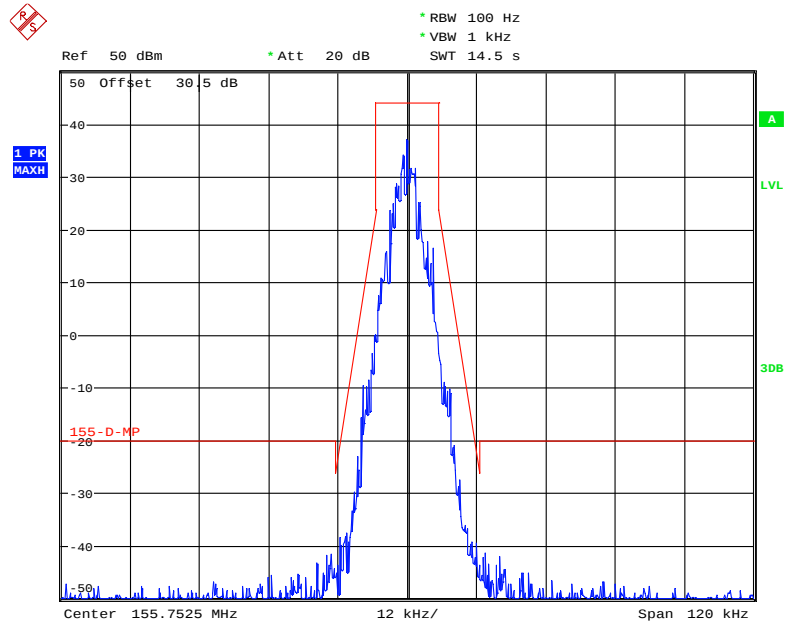
Date: 5.APR.2018 20:59:40

Frequency 155.7525 MHz: Emission Mask, High Power



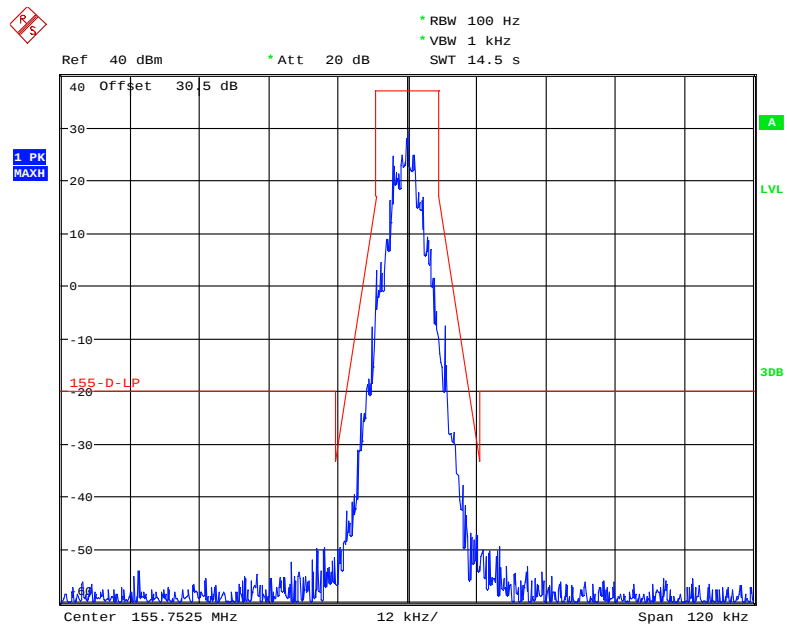
Date: 1.APR.2018 16:43:06

Frequency 155.7525 MHz: Emission Mask, Middle Power



Date: 1.APR.2018 16:42:04

Frequency 155.7525 MHz: Emission Mask, Low Power



Date: 1.APR.2018 16:47:34

FCC §2.1051 & §90.210 - SPURIOUS EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINALS

Applicable Standard

Emission Mask D—12.5 kHz channel bandwidth equipment. For transmitters designed to operate with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth, any emission must be attenuated below the power (P) of the highest emission contained within the authorized bandwidth as follows:

- 1) For any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth f_0 to 5.625 kHz removed from f_0 , 0 dB.
- 2) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 5.626 kHz but no more than 12.5 kHz, at least 7.27 ($f_d - 2.88$ kHz) dB.
- 3) On any frequency removed from the center of the authorized bandwidth by a displacement frequency (f_d in kHz) of more than 12.5 kHz: At least $50 + 10 \log (P)$ dB or 70 dB, whichever is the lesser attenuation.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through appropriate attenuation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 100kHz for below 1GHz, and 1MHz for above 1GHz. Sufficient scans were taken to show any out of band emissions up to 10th harmonic.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

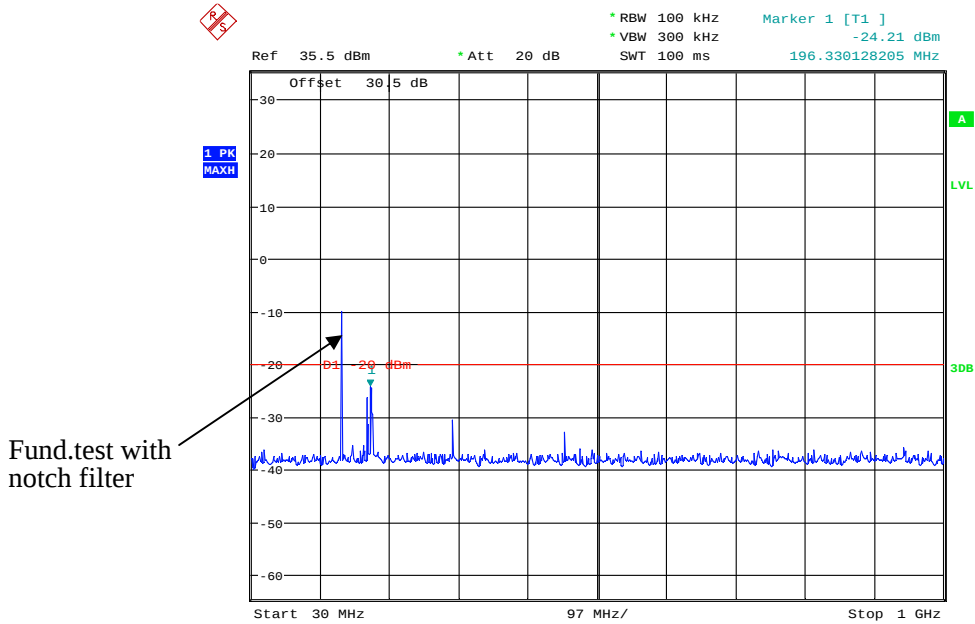
Temperature:	24~25 °C
Relative Humidity:	50~51 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0~101.5 kPa

The testing was performed by Tracy Hu from 2018-04-01 to 2018-04-05.

Test Mode: Transmitting with high power level, please refer to the following plots.

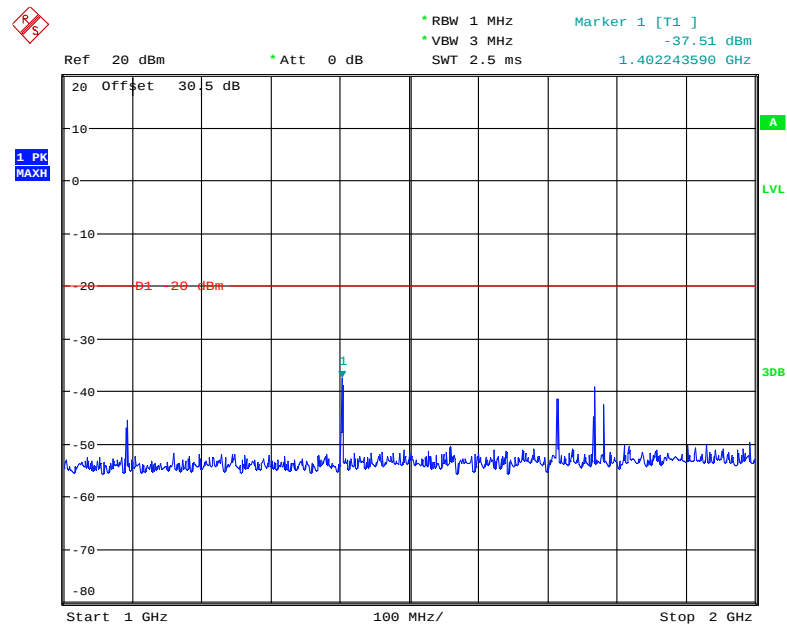
Analog Modulation(middle channel):

30MHz – 1 GHz, Spacing Channel 12.5 kHz



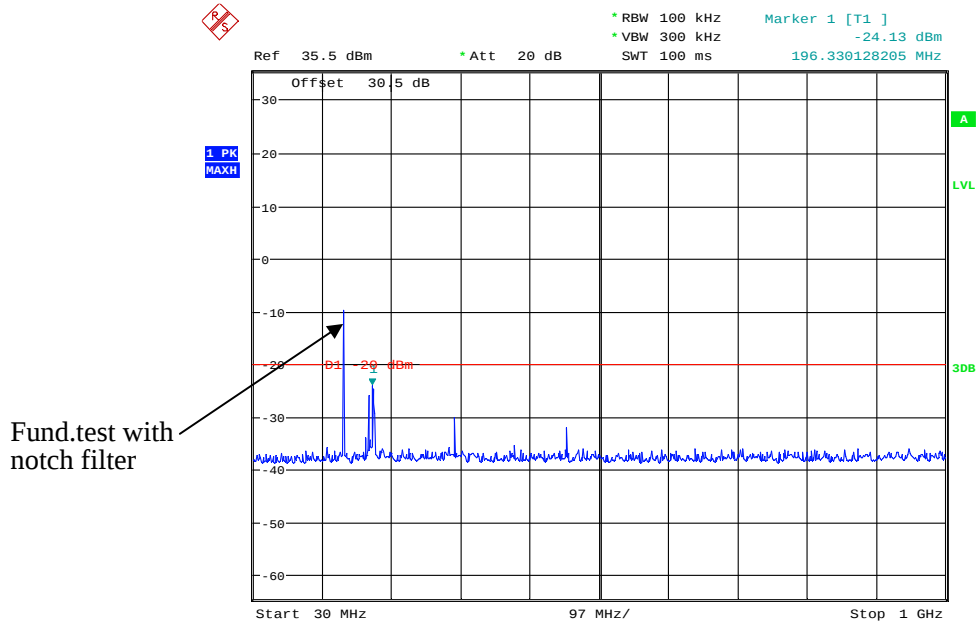
Date: 1.APR.2018 11:38:48

1 GHz – 2 GHz, Spacing Channel 12.5 kHz



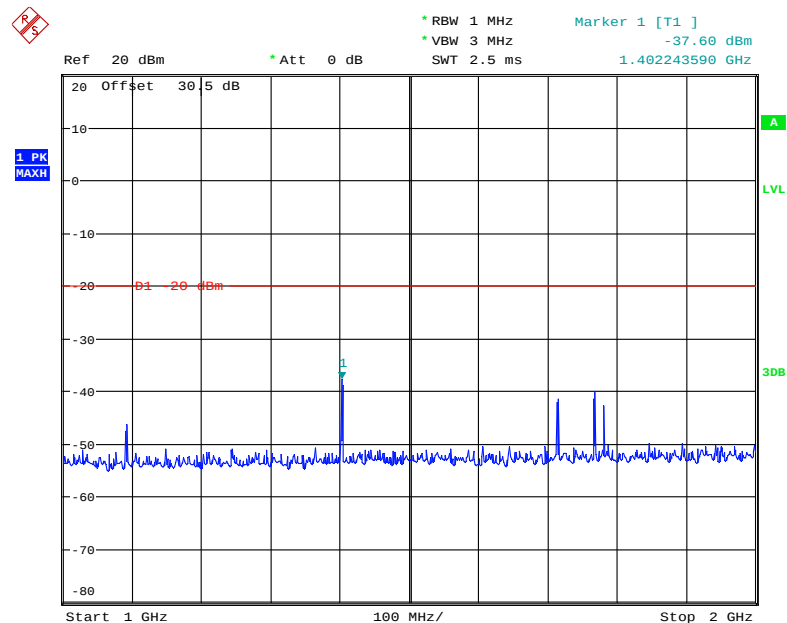
Date: 5.APR.2018 20:51:11

Digital Modulation(middle channel):
30MHz – 1 GHz, Spacing Channel 12.5 kHz



Date: 1.APR.2018 11:38:07

1 GHz – 2 GHz, Spacing Channel 12.5 kHz



Date: 5.APR.2018 20:51:32

FCC §2.1053 & §90.210 - RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Applicable Standard

FCC §2.1053 and §90.210

Test Procedure

The transmitter was placed on a wooden turntable, and it was transmitting into a non-radiating load, which was also placed on the turntable.

The measurement antenna was placed at a distance of 3 meters from the EUT. During the tests, the antenna height and polarization as well as EUT azimuth were varied in order to identify the maximum level of emissions from the EUT. The test was performed by placing the EUT on 3-orthogonal axis.

The frequency range up to teeth harmonic of the fundamental frequency was investigated.

Remove the EUT and replace it with substitution antenna. A signal generator was connected to the substitution antenna by a non-radiating cable. The absolute levels of the spurious emissions were measured by the substitution.

Spurious emissions in dB = 10 lg (TXpwr in Watts/0.001)-the absolute level

Spurious attenuation limit in dB = 50 + 10 Log₁₀ (power out in Watts) for EUT with a 12.5 kHz channel bandwidth.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Tracy Hu on 2018-04-05.

Test Mode: Transmitting(High power level)

30MHz - 2GHz:

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver Reading (dBμV)	Turn Table Angle Degree	Rx Antenna		Substituted			Absolute Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)
			Height (m)	Polar (H/V)	Level (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Antenna Gain (dB)			
Analog Modulation 155.5725MHz										
311.505	67.5	27	1.1	H	-35.5	0.36	0.0	-35.86	-20	15.86
311.505	61.9	117	2.1	V	-38.1	0.36	0.0	-38.46	-20	18.46
467.2575	64.26	112	1.2	H	-39.6	0.47	0.0	-40.07	-20	20.07
467.2575	58.84	201	1.2	V	-41.6	0.47	0.0	-42.07	-20	22.07
623.01	56.6	207	1.8	H	-42.3	0.57	0.0	-42.87	-20	22.87
623.01	47.79	41	1.4	V	-49.2	0.57	0.0	-49.77	-20	29.77
778.7625	48.08	352	1.7	H	-53.9	0.67	0.0	-54.57	-20	34.57
778.7625	47.73	57	1.9	V	-50.5	0.67	0.0	-51.17	-20	31.17
1090.27	44.34	161	1.1	H	-64.2	1.60	6.20	-59.60	-20	39.60
1090.27	45.36	342	2.5	V	-64.0	1.60	6.20	-59.40	-20	39.40
1246.02	43.85	234	1.9	H	-64.1	1.50	6.80	-58.80	-20	38.80
1246.02	44.72	147	1.1	V	-62.9	1.50	6.80	-57.60	-20	37.60
Digital Modulation 155.5725MHz										
311.505	68.54	215	1.8	H	-34.5	0.36	0.0	-34.86	-20	14.86
311.505	62.51	70	1.4	V	-37.5	0.36	0.0	-37.86	-20	17.86
467.2575	64.12	199	2.3	H	-39.8	0.47	0.0	-40.27	-20	20.27
467.2575	60.19	304	1.2	V	-40.2	0.47	0.0	-40.67	-20	20.67
623.01	55.15	40	1.8	H	-43.7	0.57	0.0	-44.27	-20	24.27
623.01	50.92	310	2.3	V	-46.1	0.57	0.0	-46.67	-20	26.67
778.7625	50.49	209	2.4	H	-51.5	0.67	0.0	-52.17	-20	32.17
778.7625	48.09	354	1.2	V	-50.1	0.67	0.0	-50.77	-20	30.77
1246.02	45.38	283	1.5	H	-62.6	1.50	6.80	-57.30	-20	37.30
1246.02	46.15	225	1.8	V	-61.5	1.50	6.80	-56.20	-20	36.20
1401.77	43.70	342	1.0	H	-64.3	1.60	7.90	-58.00	-20	38.00
1401.77	44.82	347	1.5	V	-63.4	1.60	7.90	-57.10	-20	37.10

Note:

Absolute Level = Substituted Level - Cable loss + Antenna Gain

Margin = Limit- Absolute Level

FCC §2.1055 & §90.213 - FREQUENCY STABILITY

Applicable Standard

FCC §2.1055 and §90.213

Test Procedure

Frequency Stability vs. Temperature: The equipment under test was connected to an external DC power supply and the RF output was connected to a frequency counter via feed-through attenuators. The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber. The DC leads and RF output cable exited the chamber through an opening made for the purpose.

After the temperature stabilized for approximately 20 minutes, the frequency output was recorded from the counter.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Tracy Hu on 2018-04-01.

Test Mode: Transmitting

Reference Frequency: 155.5725MHz, Limit: ±5.0 ppm, Analog 12.5 kHz			
Test Environment		Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (V _{DC})	Measured Frequency error (MHz)	Frequency Error (ppm)
Frequency Stability versus Input Temperature			
50	13.6	155.75253	0.1926
40		155.75248	-0.1284
30		155.75252	0.1284
20		155.75257	0.4494
10		155.75252	0.1284
0		155.75250	0.0000
-10		155.75253	0.1926
-20		155.75248	-0.1284
-30		155.75256	0.3852
Frequency Stability versus Input Voltage			
20	11.6	155.75256	0.3852

Reference Frequency: 155.7525MHz, Limit: ±5 ppm, Digital 12.5 kHz			
Test Environment		Frequency Measure with Time Elapsed	
Temperature (°C)	Power Supplied (V _{DC})	Measured Frequency error (MHz)	Frequency Error (ppm)
Frequency Stability versus Input Temperature			
50	13.6	155.75253	0.1926
40		155.75256	0.3852
30		155.75252	0.1284
20		155.75249	-0.0642
10		155.75253	0.1926
0		155.75252	0.1284
-10		155.75251	0.0642
-20		155.75252	0.1284
-30		155.75252	0.1284
Frequency Stability versus Input Voltage			
20	11.6	155.75252	0.1284

FCC §90.214 - TRANSIENT FREQUENCY BEHAVIOR

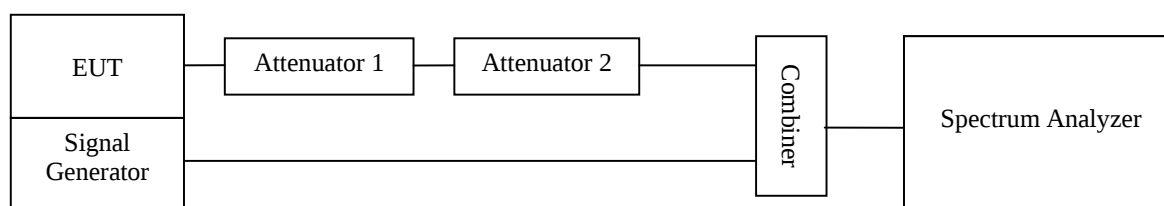
Applicable Standard

Regulations: FCC §90.214

Test method: TIA-603-D 2010, section 2.2.19.3

Test Procedure

- a) Connect the EUT and test equipment as shown on the following block diagram.
- b) Set the Spectrum Analyzer to measure FM deviation, and tune the RF frequency to the transmitter assigned frequency.
- c) Set the signal generator to the assigned transmitter frequency and modulate it with a 1 kHz tone at ± 12.5 kHz deviation and set its output level to -100dBm.
- d) Turn on the transmitter.
- e) Supply sufficient attenuation via the RF attenuator to provide an input level to the Spectrum Analyzer that is 40 dB below the maximum allowed input power when the transmitter is operating at its rated power level. Note this power level on the Spectrum Analyzer as P_0 .
- f) Turn off the transmitter.
- g) Adjust the RF level of the signal generator to provide RF power equal to P_0 . This signal generator RF level shall be maintained throughout the rest of the measurement.
- h) Remove the attenuation 1, so the input power to the Spectrum Analyzer is increased by 30 dB when the transmitter is turned on.
- i) Adjust the vertical amplitude control of the spectrum analyzer to display the 1000 Hz at ± 4 divisions vertically centered on the display. Set trigger mode of the Spectrum Analyzer to "Video", and tune the "trigger level" on suitable level. Then set the "trigger offset" to -10ms for turn on and -15ms for turn off.
- j) Turn on the transmitter and the transient wave will be captured on the screen of Spectrum Analyzer. Observe the stored display. The instant when the 1 kHz test signal is completely suppressed is considered to be t_{on} . The trace should be maintained within the allowed divisions during the period t_1 and t_2 .
- k) Then turn off the transmitter, and another transient wave will be captured on the screen of Spectrum Analyzer. The trace should be maintained within the allowed divisions during the period t_3 .



Test Data**Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	25 °C
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

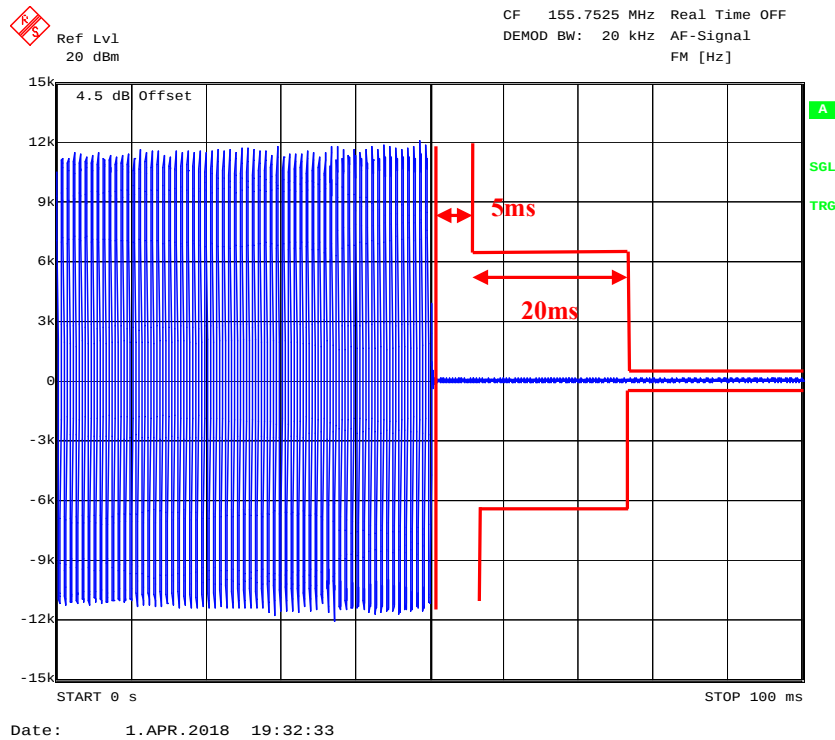
The testing was performed by Tracy Hu on 2018-04-01.

Channel Separation (kHz)	Transient Period (ms)	Transient Frequency	Result
12.5	5 (t1)	<+/-12.5 kHz	Pass
	20(t2)	<+/-6.25 kHz	
	5 (t3)	<+/-12.5 kHz	

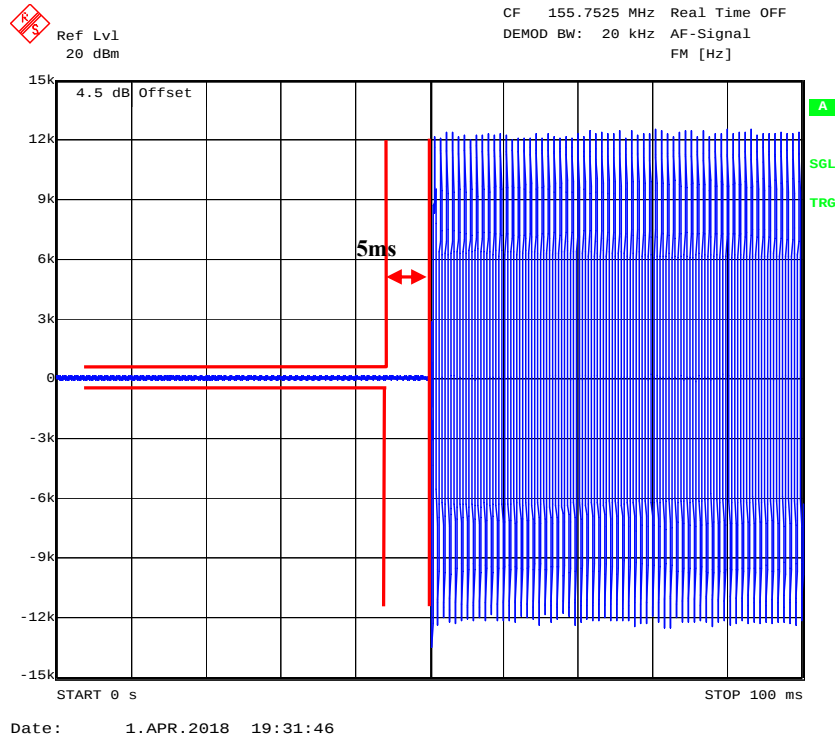
Please refer to the following plots.

Analog 12.5 KHz:

Turn on



Turn off



***** END OF REPORT *****