

TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-5993/18-01-04



Testing laboratory

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Accredited Testing Laboratory:

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS). The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-03

Applicant

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Manufacturer

Robert Bosch Car Multimedia GmbH

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Test standard/s

- | | |
|-------------------|---|
| 47 CFR Part 15 | Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices |
| RSS - 247 Issue 2 | Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices |
| RSS - Gen Issue 4 | Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specifications - General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus |
- For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item: Car Multi Media Device
Model name: AIVICMFB0
FCC ID: YBN-AIVICMFB0
IC: 9595A-AIVICMFB0
Frequency: DTS band 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz
Technology tested: Bluetooth® + EDR
Antenna: Integrated antenna
Power supply: 12.0 V DC by car battery
Temperature range: -30°C to +70°C



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Test report authorized:

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2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2018-02-22
Date of receipt of test item:	2018-02-21
Start of test:	2018-02-26
End of test:	2018-03-02
Person(s) present during the test:	-/-

2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

3 Test standard/s and references

Test standard	Date	Description
47 CFR Part 15		Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 2	February 2017	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
RSS - Gen Issue 4	November 2014	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specifications - General Requirements and Information for the Certification of Radio Apparatus

Guidance	Version	Description
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American national standard for methods of measurement of radio-noise emissions from low-voltage electrical and electronic equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American national standard of procedures for compliance testing of unlicensed wireless devices

4 Test environment

Temperature	:	T _{nom} T _{max} T _{min}	+22 °C during room temperature tests No tests under extreme conditions required. No tests under extreme conditions required.
Relative humidity content	:		55 %
Barometric pressure	:		1021 hpa
Power supply	:	V _{nom} V _{max} V _{min}	12.0 V DC by external power supply No tests under extreme conditions required. No tests under extreme conditions required.

5 Test item

5.1 General description

Kind of test item	:	Car Multi Media Device
Type identification	:	AIVICMFB0
HMN	:	-/-
PMN	:	AIVICMFB0
HVIN	:	AIVICMFB0
FVIN	:	-/-
S/N serial number	:	Radiated unit: 0000048 Conducted unit: 0000036
HW hardware status	:	001
SW software status	:	0776
Frequency band	:	DTS band 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz
Type of radio transmission	:	FHSS
Use of frequency spectrum	:	
Type of modulation	:	GFSK, Pi/4 QPSK, 8DPSK
Number of channels	:	79
Antenna	:	Integrated antenna
Power supply	:	12.0 V DC by car battery
Temperature range	:	-30°C to +70°C

5.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup- and EUT-photos are included in test report:

1-5993/18-01-01_AnnexA
 1-5993/18-01-01_AnnexB
 1-5993/18-01-01_AnnexD

6 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

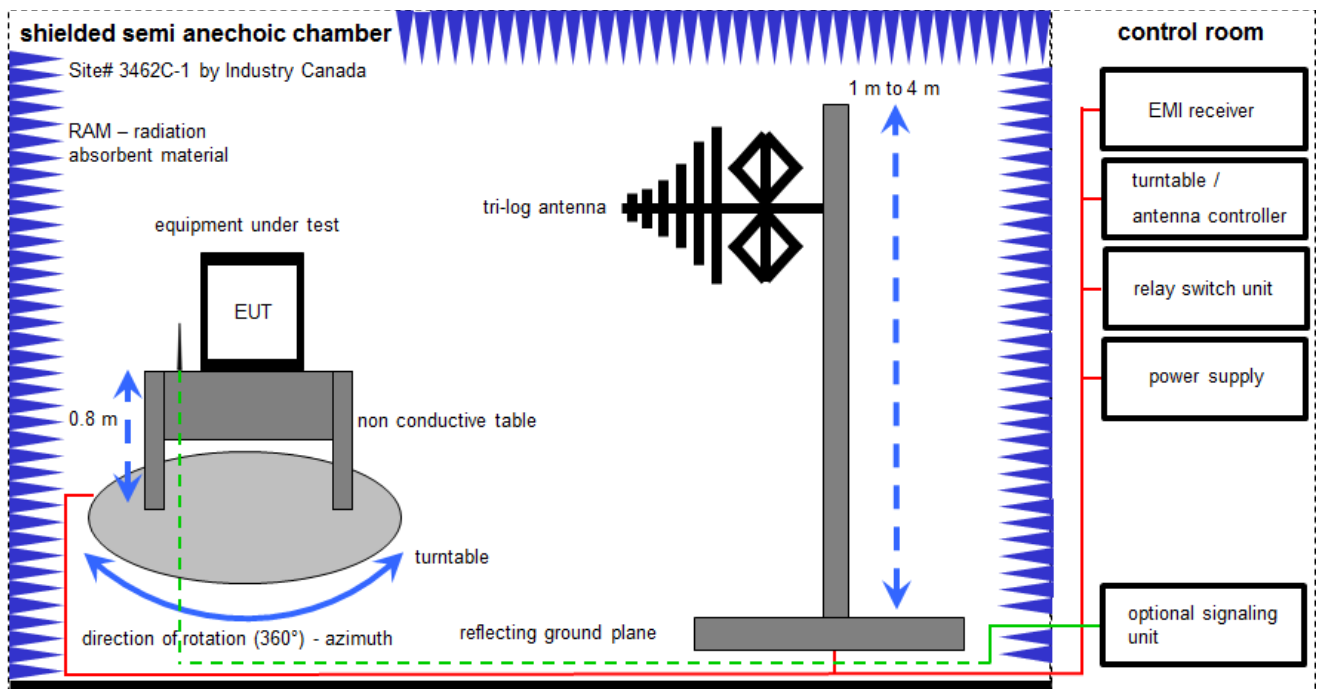
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vk!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

6.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter

$$FS = UR + CL + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

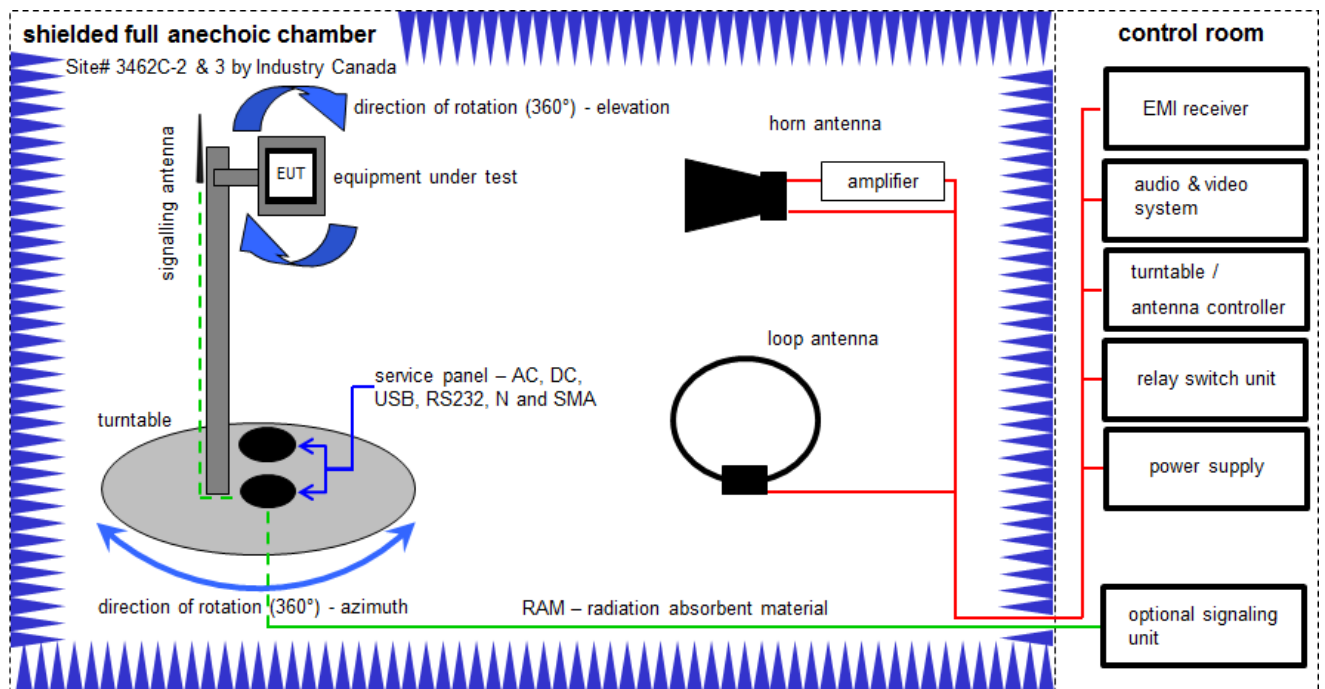
Example calculation:

$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 12.35 [dB\mu V/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dB\mu V/m] (35.69 \mu V/m)$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	Meßkabine 1	HF-Absorberhalle	MWB AG 300023	-/-	300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 3	R&S	100083	300003312	k	15.12.2017	14.12.2018
4	A	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
5	A	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
6	A	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
7	A	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	295	300003787	k	25.04.2016	25.04.2018
8	A	CBT (Bluetooth Tester + EDR Signalling)	CBT 1153.9000K35	R&S	100185	300003416	vIKI!	10.02.2017	09.02.2019

6.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter

$$FS = UR + CA + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:

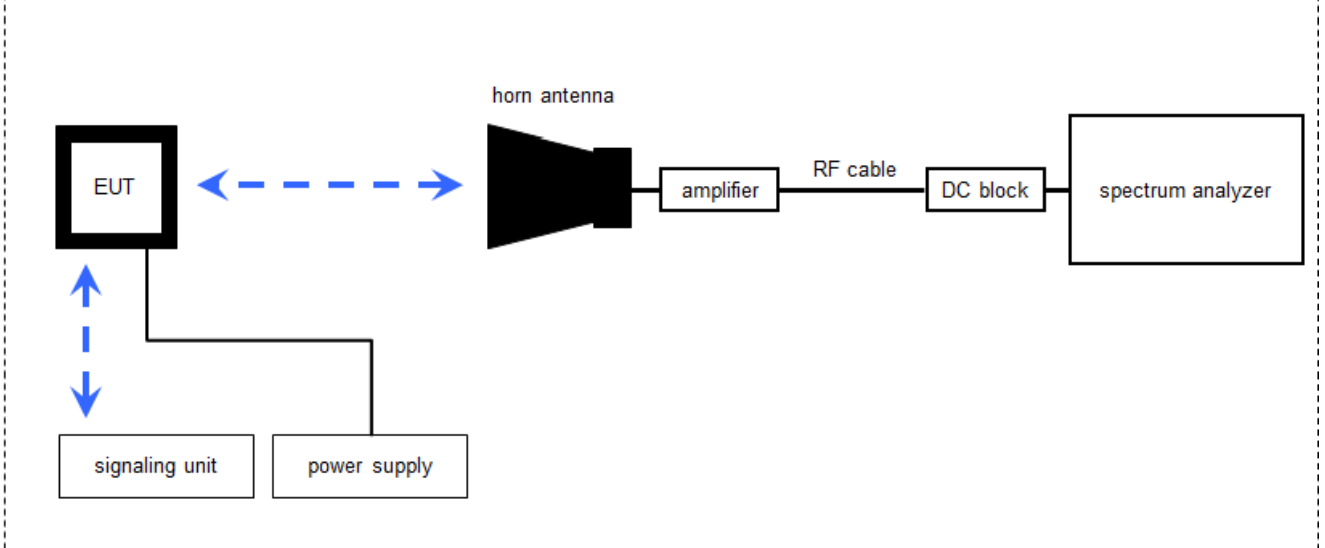
$$FS \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} = 40.0 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} + (-35.8) \text{ [dB]} + 32.9 \text{ [dB/m]} = 37.1 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} (71.61 \mu\text{V/m})$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Active Loop Antenna 9 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	k	07.07.2017	06.07.2019
2	A, B, C	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev	-/-	-/-
3	B, C	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9107-3697	300001605	v IKI!	14.02.2017	13.02.2019
4	A, B, C	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	*	300000199	ne	-/-	-/-
5	C	Band Reject filter	WRCG2400/2483-2375/2505-50/10SS	Wainwright	11	300003351	ev	-/-	-/-
6	B, C	EMI Test Receiver 20Hz- 26,5GHz	ESU26	R&S	100037	300003555	k	20.12.2017	19.12.2018
7	C	Highpass Filter	WHK1.1/15G-10SS	Wainwright	3	300003255	ev	-/-	-/-
8	C	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright	19	300003790	ne	-/-	-/-
9	C	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22049	300004481	ev	-/-	-/-
10	A, B, C	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000037	300004509	ne	-/-	-/-
11	A, B, C	NEXIO EMV-Software	BAT EMC V3.16.0.49	EMCO	-/-	300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
12	A, B, C	PC	ExOne	F+W	-/-	300004703	ne	-/-	-/-
13	A, B, C	CBT (Bluetooth Tester + EDR Signalling)	CBT 1153.9000K35	R&S	100185	300003416	v IKI!	10.02.2017	09.02.2019

6.3 Radiated measurements > 18 GHz

Radiated measurements > 18 GHz



Measurement distance: horn antenna 50 cm

FS = UR + CA + AF

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss signal path & distance correction; AF-antenna factor)

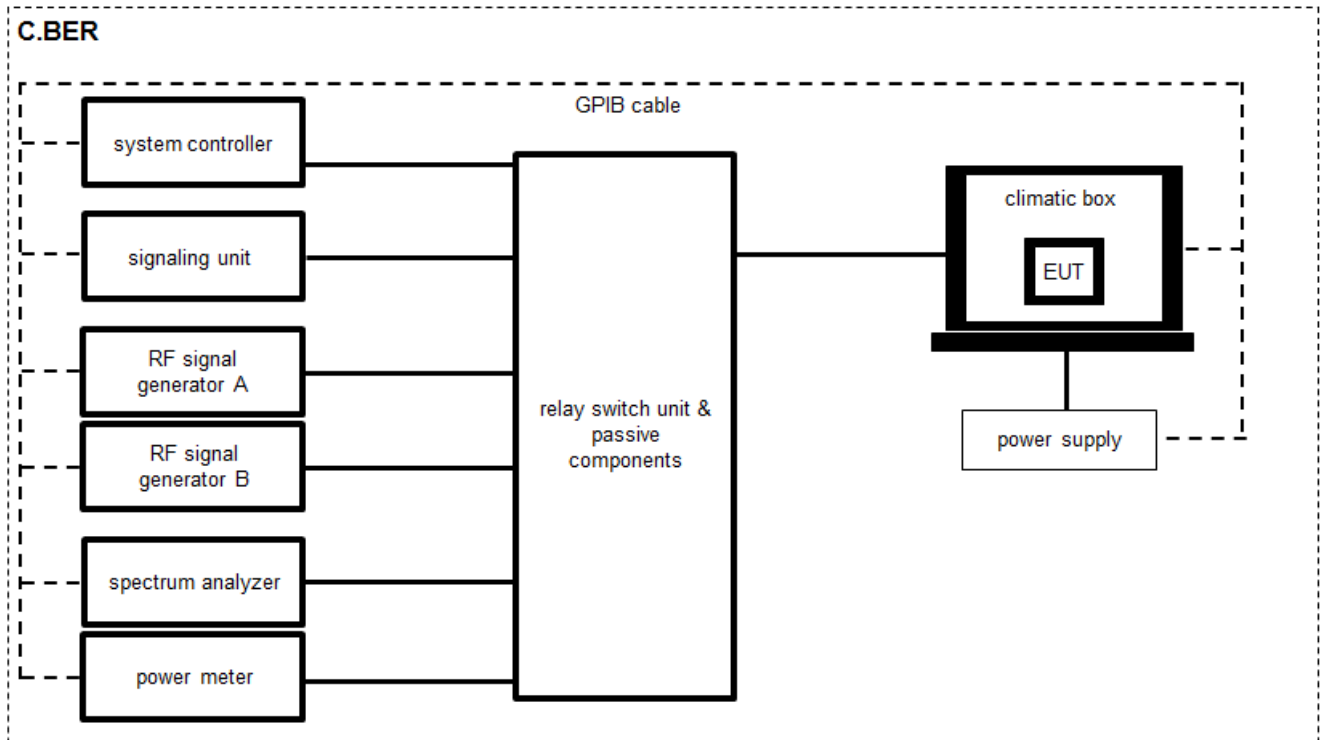
Example calculation:

FS [dBμV/m] = 40.0 [dBμV/m] + (-60.1) [dB] + 36.74 [dB/m] = 16.64 [dBμV/m] (6.79 μV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Amplifier 2-40 GHz	JS32-02004000-57-5P	MITEQ	1777200	300004541	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 600918	400001182	ev	-/-	-/-
3	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 127377	400001183	ev	-/-	-/-
4	A	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet	-/-	400001185	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0-26.5 GHz	638	Narda	-/-	300000486	k	13.12.2017	12.12.2019
6	A	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	16.01.2018	15.01.2019
7	A	CBT (Bluetooth Tester + EDR Signalling)	CBT 1153.9000K35	R&S	100185	300003416	vIKI!	10.02.2017	09.02.2019

6.4 Conducted measurements C.BER system



OP = AV + CA
 (OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:

OP [dBm] = 6.0 [dBm] + 11.7 [dB] = 17.7 [dBm] (58.88 mW)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	-/-	300000929	ne	-/-	-/-
2	A	Directional Coupler	101020010	Krytar	70215	300002840	ev	-/-	-/-
3	A	DC-Blocker	8143	Inmet Corp.	none	300002842	ne	-/-	-/-
4	A	Powersplitter	6005-3	Inmet Corp.	-/-	300002841	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	Signal Analyzer 30GHz	FSV30	R&S	103170	300004855	k	30.01.2017	29.01.2019
6	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 699866	400001189	ev	-/-	-/-
7	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 14844	400001190	ev	-/-	-/-
8	A	CBT (Bluetooth Tester + EDR Signalling)	CBT 1153.9000K35	R&S	100185	300003416	v IKI!	10.02.2017	09.02.2019

7 Sequence of testing

7.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, it is placed on a table with 0.8 m height.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement*

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the pre-measurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°.
- Loop antenna is rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. (For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT)
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

*)Note: The sequence will be repeated three times with different EUT orientations.

7.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position $\pm 45^\circ$ and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

7.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

7.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

8 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty	
Test case	Uncertainty
Antenna gain	± 3 dB
Carrier frequency separation	± 21.5 kHz
Number of hopping channels	-/-
Time of occupancy	According BT Core specification
Spectrum bandwidth	± 21.5 kHz absolute; ± 15.0 kHz relative
Maximum output power	± 1 dB
Detailed conducted spurious emissions @ the band edge	± 1 dB
Band edge compliance radiated	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions conducted	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB
Spurious emissions conducted below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	± 2.6 dB

9 Summary of measurement results

☒	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
☐	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
☐	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description				Verdict		Date			Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 15 RSS - 247, Issue 2				See table!		2018-03-12			-/-
Test specification clause	Test case	Temperature conditions	Power source voltages	Mode	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark	
§15.247(b)(4) RSS - 247 / 5.4.(f)(ii)	Antenna gain	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-	
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1.(b)	Carrier frequency separation	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-	
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (d)	Number of hopping channels	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-	
§15.247(a)(1) (iii) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (c)	Time of occupancy (dwell time)	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK Pi/4 DQPSK 8 DPSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-	
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (a)	Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK Pi/4 DQPSK 8 DPSK	☒ ☒ ☒	☐ ☐ ☐	☐ ☐ ☐	☐ ☐ ☐	-/-	
§15.247(b)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (b)	Maximum output power	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK Pi/4 DQPSK 8 DPSK	☒ ☒ ☒	☐ ☐ ☐	☐ ☐ ☐	☐ ☐ ☐	-/-	
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK Pi/4 DQPSK 8 DPSK	☒ ☒ ☒	☐ ☐ ☐	☐ ☐ ☐	☐ ☐ ☐	-/-	
§15.205 RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS - Gen	Band edge compliance radiated	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK Pi/4 DQPSK 8 DPSK	☒ ☒ ☒	☐ ☐ ☐	☐ ☐ ☐	☐ ☐ ☐	-/-	
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Spurious emissions conducted	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK Pi/4 DQPSK 8 DPSK	☒ ☒ ☒	☐ ☐ ☐	☐ ☐ ☐	☐ ☐ ☐	-/-	
§15.209(a) RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-	
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 §15.109 RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK RX mode	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-	
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 §15.109 RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK RX mode	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-	
§15.107(a) §15.207	Conducted emissions below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	Nominal	Nominal	GFSK RX mode	☐	☐	☒	☐	-/-	

Note: C = Compliant; NC = Not compliant; NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

10 Additional comments

The Bluetooth® word mark and logos are owned by the Bluetooth SIG Inc. and any use of such marks by CTC advanced GmbH is under license.

Reference documents: Laptool_Instructions_RadioTypeApproval_AIVIP32R0.docx
88W8887_Labtool_User_Guide(Rev_0.1)_AN12111.pdf

Special test descriptions: None

Configuration descriptions: TX tests: were performed with x-DH5 packets and static PRBS pattern payload.
RX/Standby tests: BT test mode enabled, scan enabled, TX Idle

Test mode: ☒ Bluetooth Test mode loop back enabled
(EUT is controlled over CBT/CMU/CMW)

☐ Special software is used.
EUT is transmitting pseudo random data by itself

Antennas and transmit operating modes: ☒ Operating mode 1 (single antenna)
- Equipment with 1 antenna,
- Equipment with 2 diversity antennas operating in switched diversity mode by which at any moment in time only 1 antenna is used,
- Smart antenna system with 2 or more transmit/receive chains, but operating in a mode where only 1 transmit/receive chain is used)

11 Measurement results

11.1 Antenna gain

Measurement:

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module. For normal Bluetooth® devices, the GFSK modulation is used.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	3 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 MHz
Span	5 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2 B (radiated) See sub clause 6.4 A (conducted)
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
6 dBi / > 6 dBi output power and power density reduction required	

Results:

T _{nom}	V _{nom}	lowest channel 2402 MHz	middle channel 2441 MHz	highest channel 2480 MHz
Conducted power [dBm] Measured with 8 DPSK modulation		0.0	-0.3	0.1
Radiated power [dBm] Measured with 8 DPSK modulation		3.7	4.1	3.2
Gain [dBi] Calculated		3.7	4.4	3.1

11.2 Carrier frequency separation

Description:

Measurement of the carrier frequency separation of a hopping system. The carrier frequency separation is constant for all modulation-modes. We use GFSK-modulation to show compliance. EUT in hopping mode.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz
Span	4 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

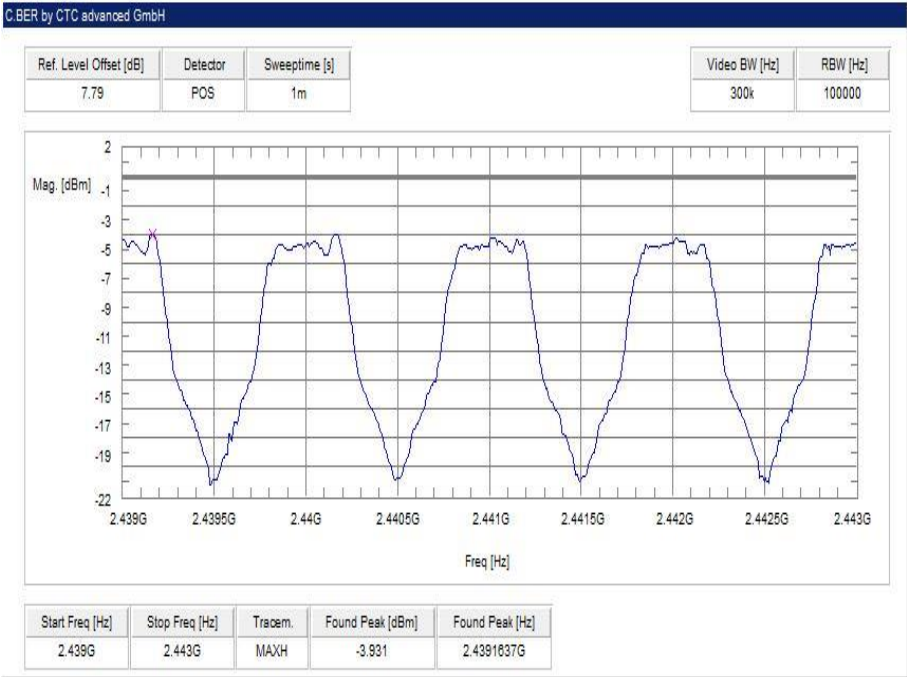
FCC	IC
Carrier frequency separation	
Minimum 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping system whichever is greater.	

Result:

Carrier frequency separation	~ 1 MHz
------------------------------	---------

Plot:

Plot 1: Carrier frequency separation (GFSK modulation)



11.3 Number of hopping channels

Description:

Measurement of the total number of used hopping channels. The number of hopping channels is constant for all modulation-modes. We use GFSK-modulation to show compliance. EUT in hopping mode.

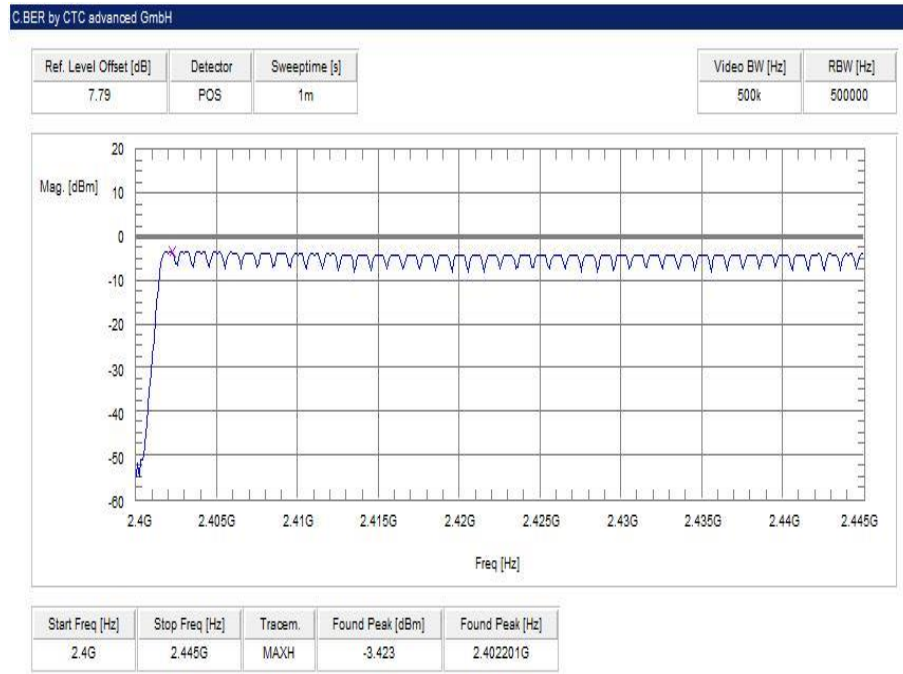
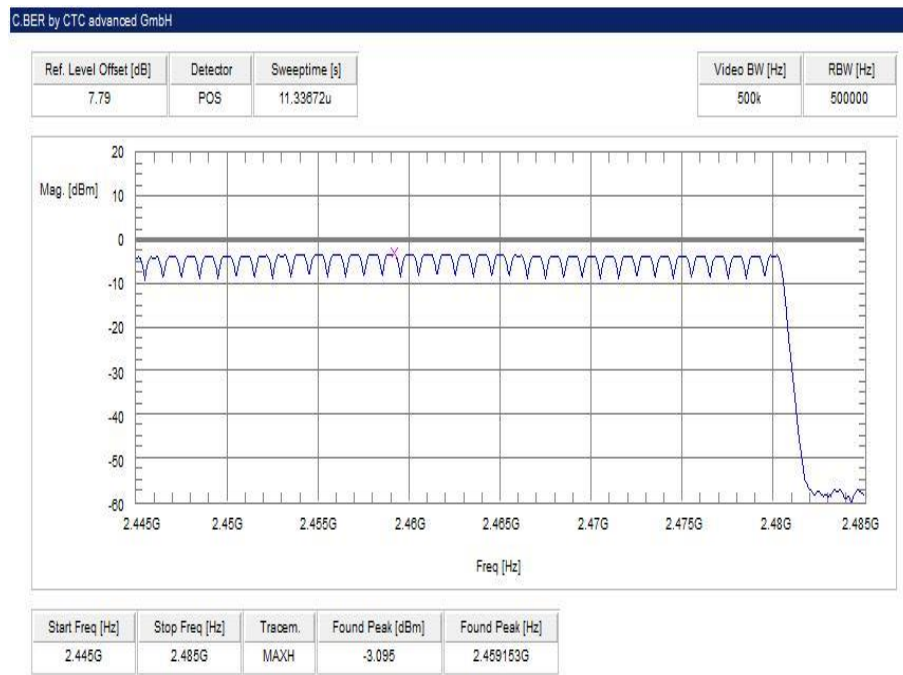
Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	500 kHz
Video bandwidth	500 kHz
Span	Plot 1: 2400 – 2445 MHz Plot 2: 2445 – 2485 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Number of hopping channels	
At least 15 non overlapping hopping channels	

Result:

Number of hopping channels	79
----------------------------	----

Plots:**Plot 1:** Number of hopping channels (GFSK modulation)**Plot 2:** Number of hopping channels (GFSK modulation)

11.4 Time of occupancy (dwell time)

Measurement:

For Bluetooth® devices no measurements mandatory depending on the fixed requirements according to the Bluetooth® Core Specifications!

For Bluetooth® devices:

The channel staying time of 0.4 s within a 31.6 second period in data mode is constant for Bluetooth® devices and independent from the packet type (packet length). The calculation for a 31.6 second period is as follows:

Channel staying time = time slot length * hop rate / number of hopping channels * 31.6 s

Example for a DH1 packet (with a maximum length of one time slot)
 Channel staying time = $625 \mu\text{s} * 1600 * 1/\text{s} / 79 * 31.6 \text{ s} = 0.4 \text{ s}$ (in a 31.6 s period)

For multi-slot packets the hopping is reduced according to the length of the packet.

Example for a DH3 packet (with a maximum length of three time slots)
 Channel staying time = $3 * 625 \mu\text{s} * 1600/3 * 1/\text{s} / 79 * 31.6 \text{ s} = 0.4 \text{ s}$ (in a 31.6 s period)

Example for a DH5 packet (with a maximum length of five time slots)
 Channel staying time = $5 * 625 \mu\text{s} * 1600/5 * 1/\text{s} / 79 * 31.6 \text{ s} = 0.4 \text{ s}$ (in a 31.6 s period)

This is according to the Bluetooth® Core Specification V2.0 & V2.1 & V3.0 & V4.0 (+ critical errata) for all Bluetooth® devices and all modulations.

The following table shows the relations:

Packet Size	Pulse Width [ms] *	Max. number of transmissions per channel in 31.6 sec
DH1	0.366	640
DH3	1.622	214
DH5	2.870	128

* according Bluetooth® specification

Results:

Packet Size	Pulse Width [ms]*	Max. number of transmissions in 31.6 sec	Time of occupancy (dwell time) [Pulse width * Number of transmissions]
DH1	0.366	640	234.2 ms
DH3	1.622	214	347.1 ms
DH5	2.870	128	367.4 ms

Limits:

FCC	IC
Time of occupancy (dwell time)	
The frequency hopping operation shall have an average time of occupancy on any frequency not exceeding 0.4 seconds within a duration in seconds equal to the number of hopping frequencies multiplied by 0.4.	

11.5 Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system

Description:

Measurement of the 20dB bandwidth and 99% bandwidth of the modulated signal. The measurement is performed according to the "Measurement Guidelines" (DA 00-705, March 30, 2000). EUT in single channel mode.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	30 kHz
Video bandwidth	100 kHz
Span	3 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

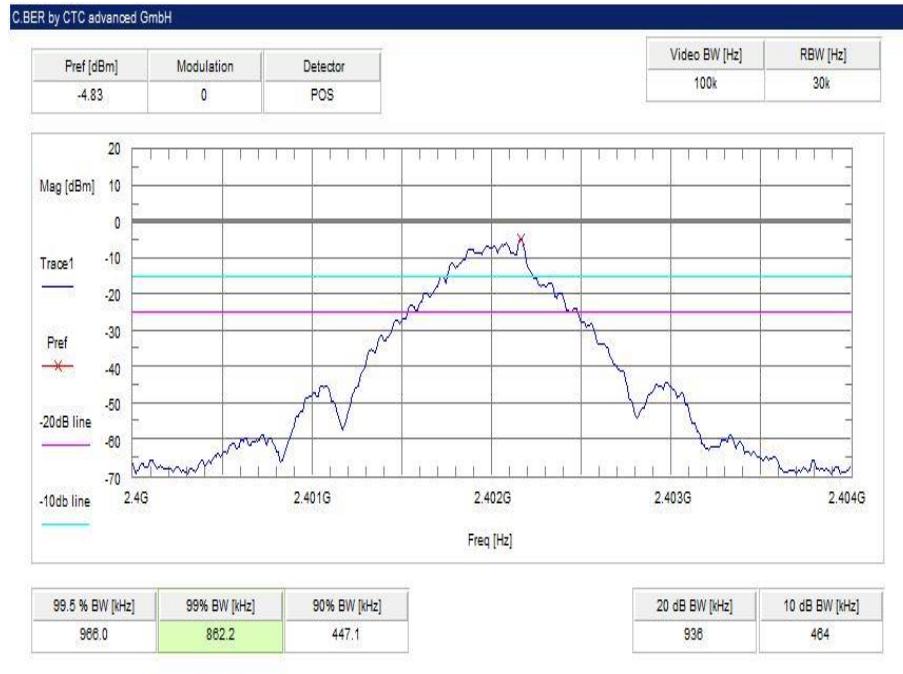
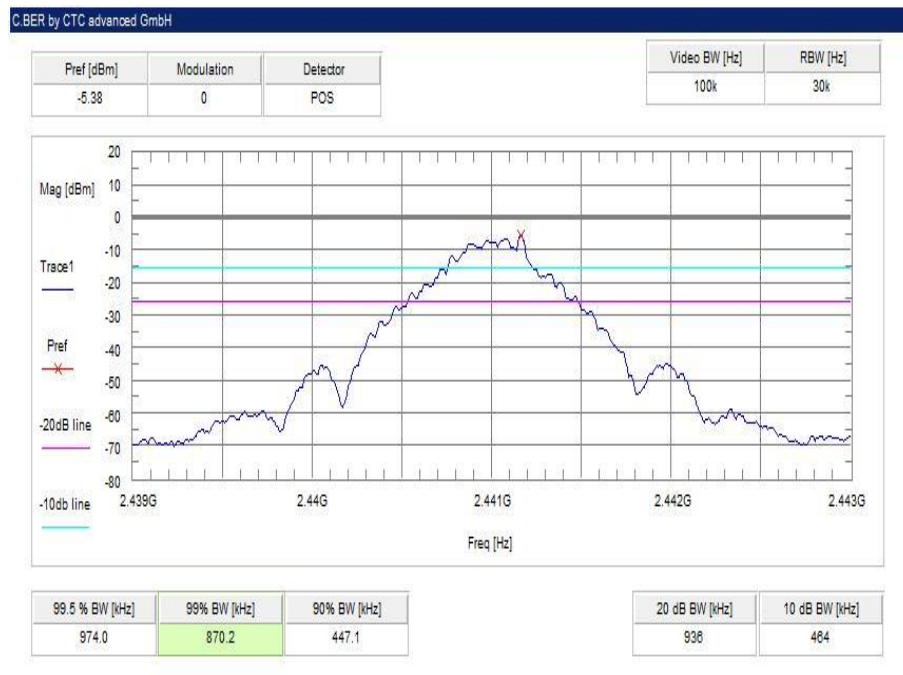
FCC	IC
Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system	
GFSK < 1500 kHz Pi/4 DQPSK < 1500 kHz 8DPSK < 1500 kHz	

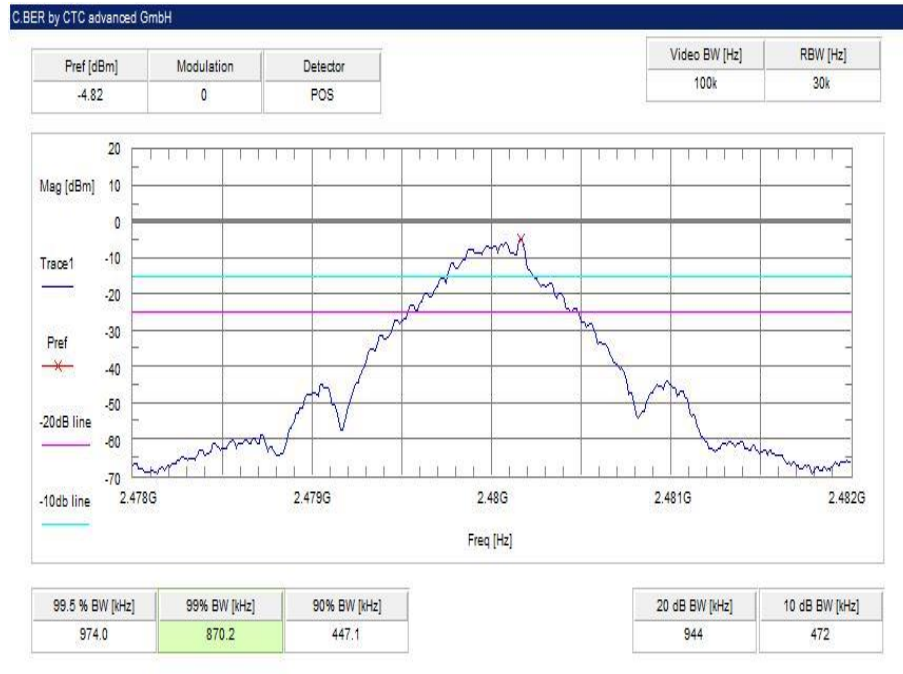
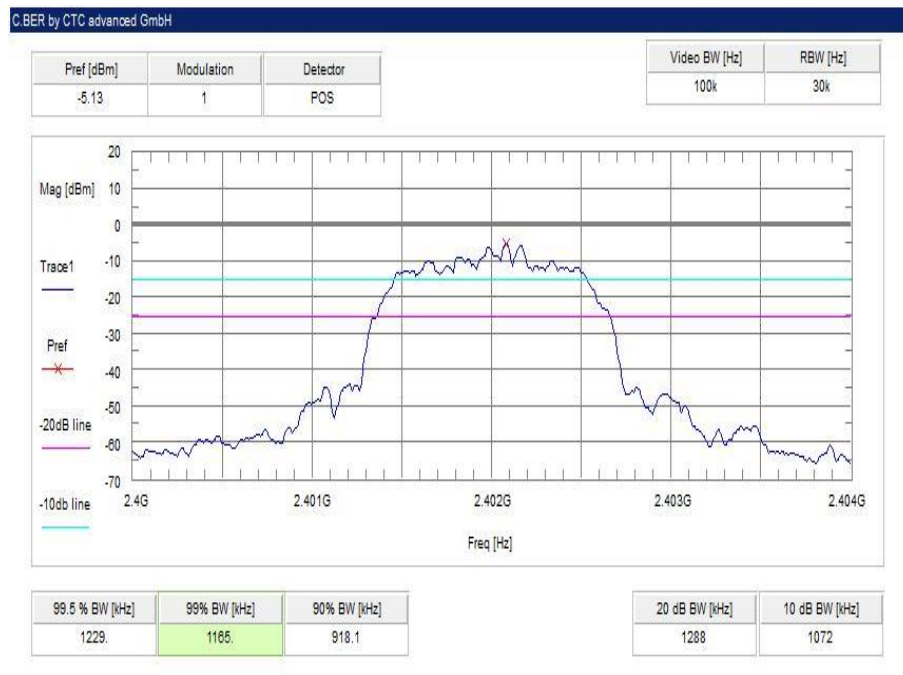
Results:

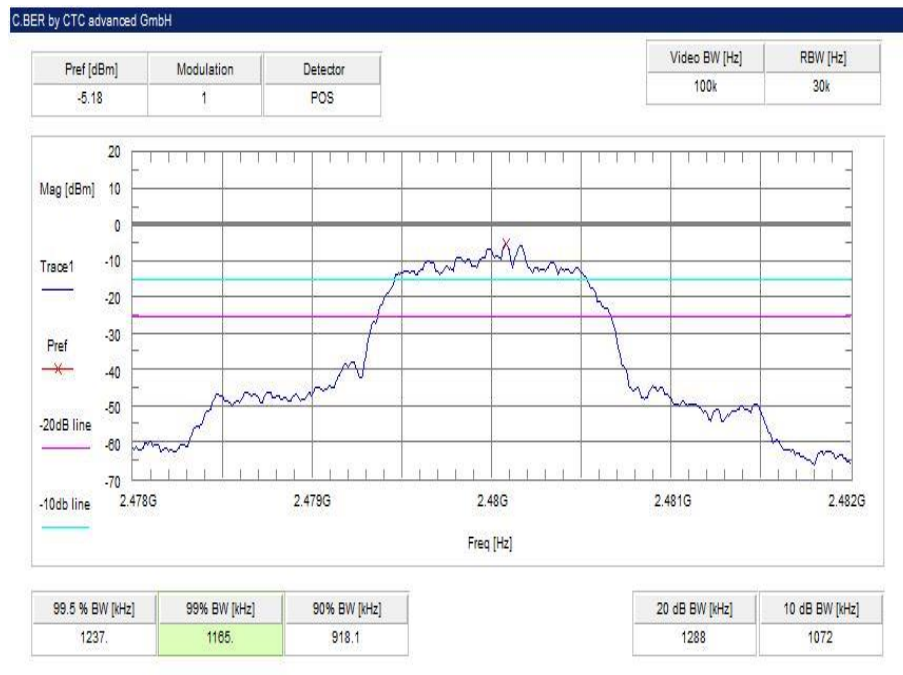
Modulation Frequency	20 dB bandwidth [kHz]		
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
GFSK	936	936	944
Pi/4 DQPSK	1288	1288	1288
8DPSK	1272	1280	1280

Results:

Modulation Frequency	99 % bandwidth [kHz]		
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
GFSK	862	870	870
Pi/4 DQPSK	1165	1165	1165
8DPSK	1165	1173	1173

Plots:**Plot 1:** lowest channel – 2402 MHz, GFSK modulation**Plot 2:** middle channel – 2441 MHz, GFSK modulation

Plot 3: highest channel – 2480 MHz, GFSK modulation**Plot 4:** lowest channel – 2402 MHz, Pi / DQPSK modulation

Plot 5: middle channel – 2441 MHz, Pi / DQPSK modulation**Plot 6:** highest channel – 2480 MHz, Pi / DQPSK modulation

Plot 7: lowest channel – 2402 MHz, 8 DPSK modulation**Plot 8:** middle channel – 2441 MHz, 8 DPSK modulation

Plot 9: highest channel – 2480 MHz, 8 DPSK modulation

11.6 Maximum output power

Description:

Measurement of the maximum output power conducted and radiated. EUT in single channel mode. The measurement is performed according to the ANSI C63.10.

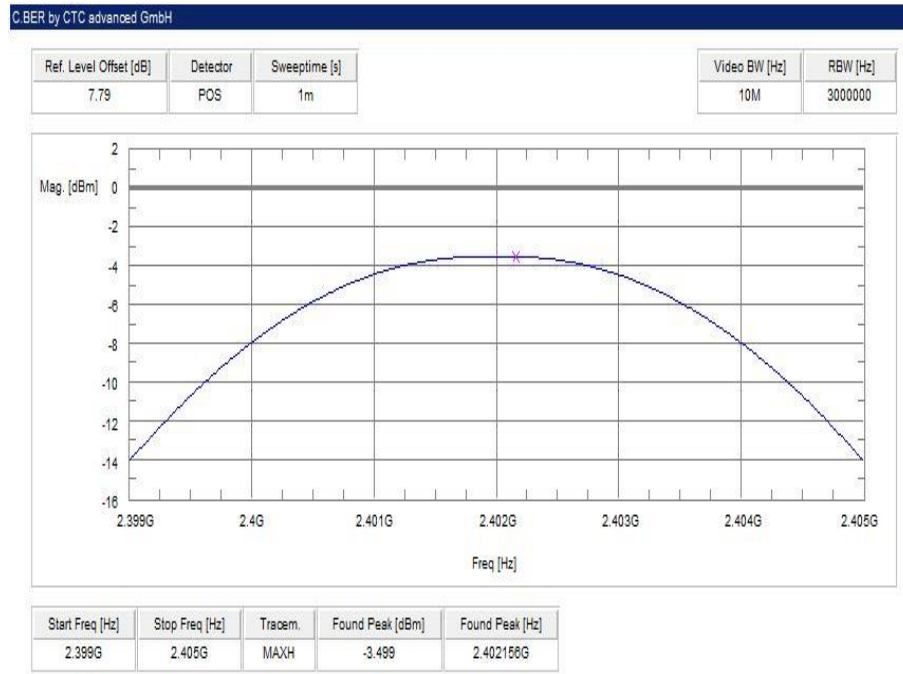
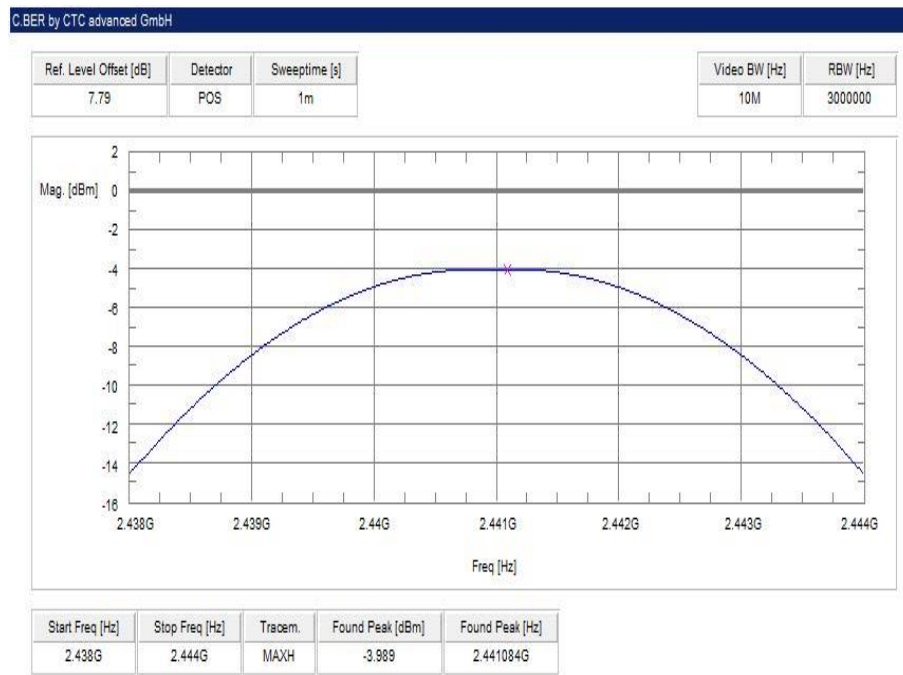
Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	3 MHz
Video bandwidth	10 MHz
Span	6 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

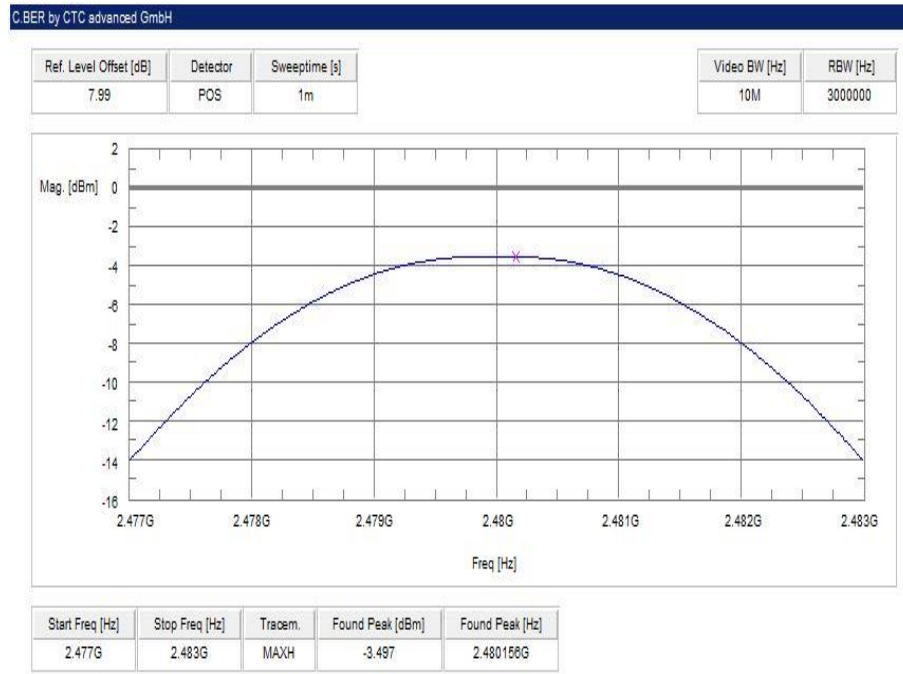
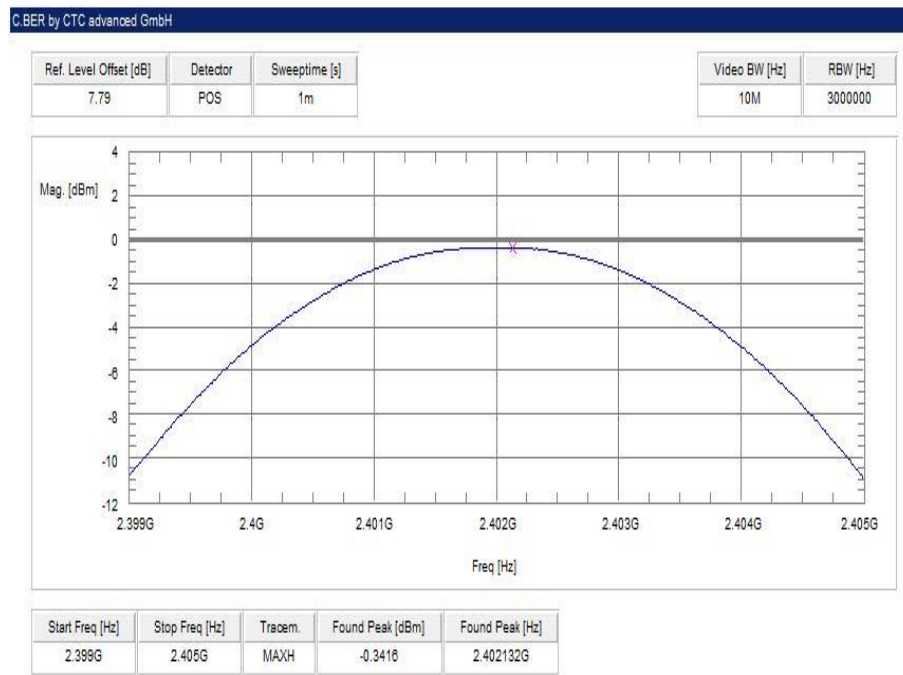
Limits:

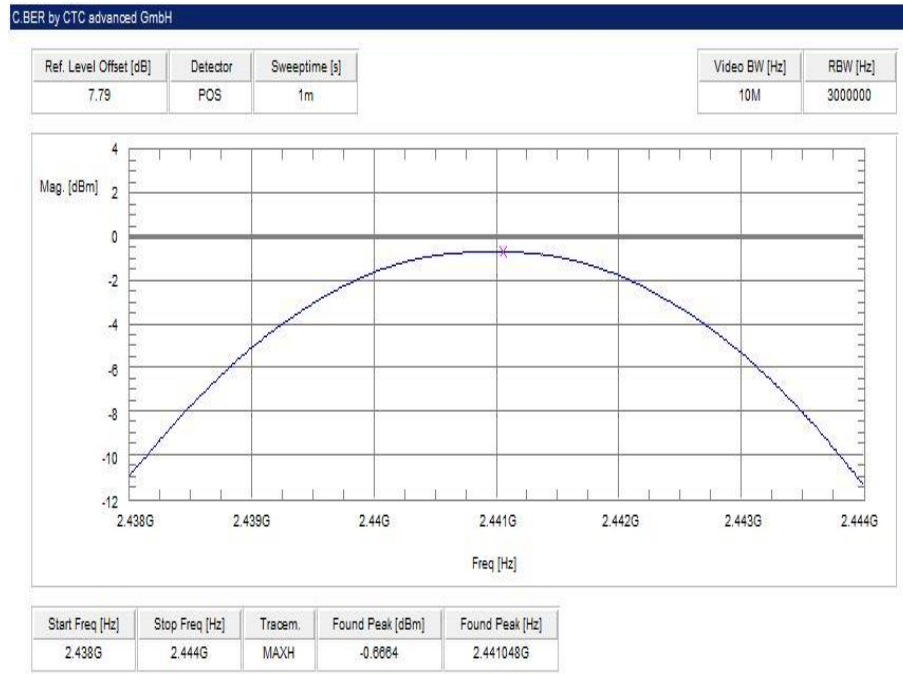
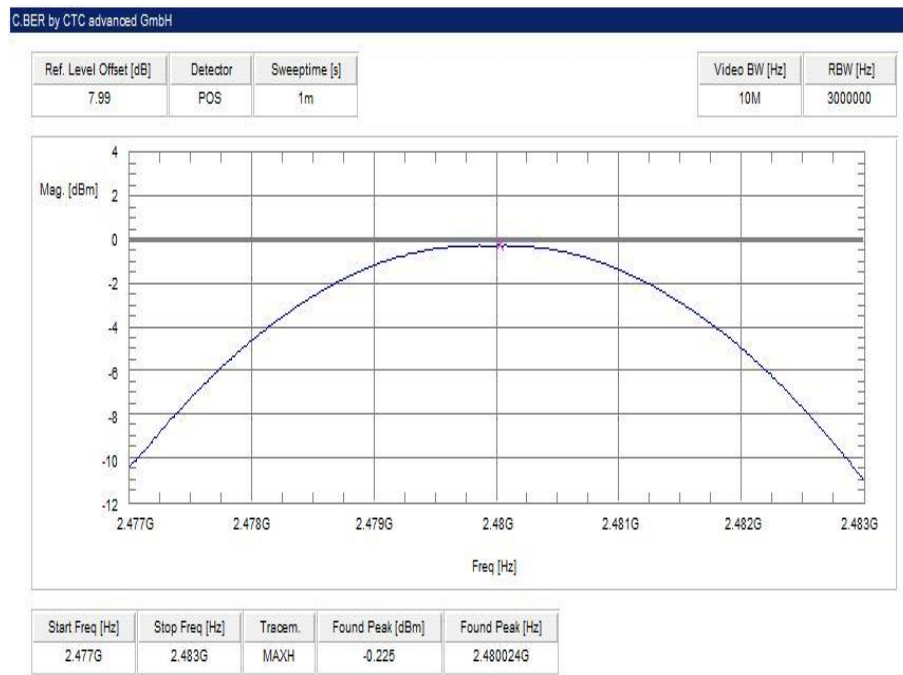
FCC	IC
Maximum output power	
[Conducted: 0.125 W – antenna gain max. 6 dBi] Systems using more than 75 hopping channels: Conducted: 1.0 W – antenna gain max. 6 dBi	

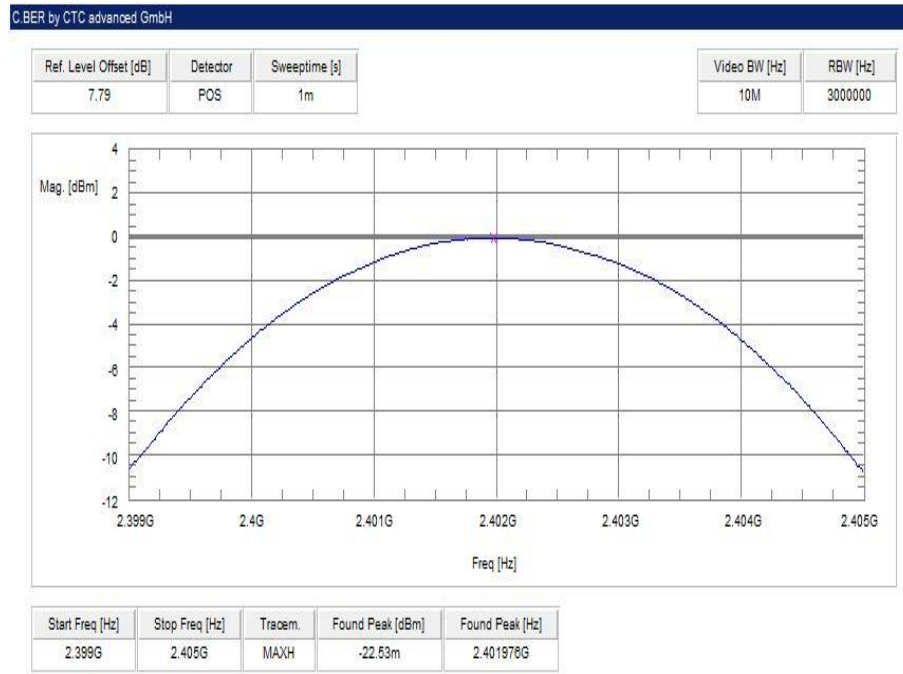
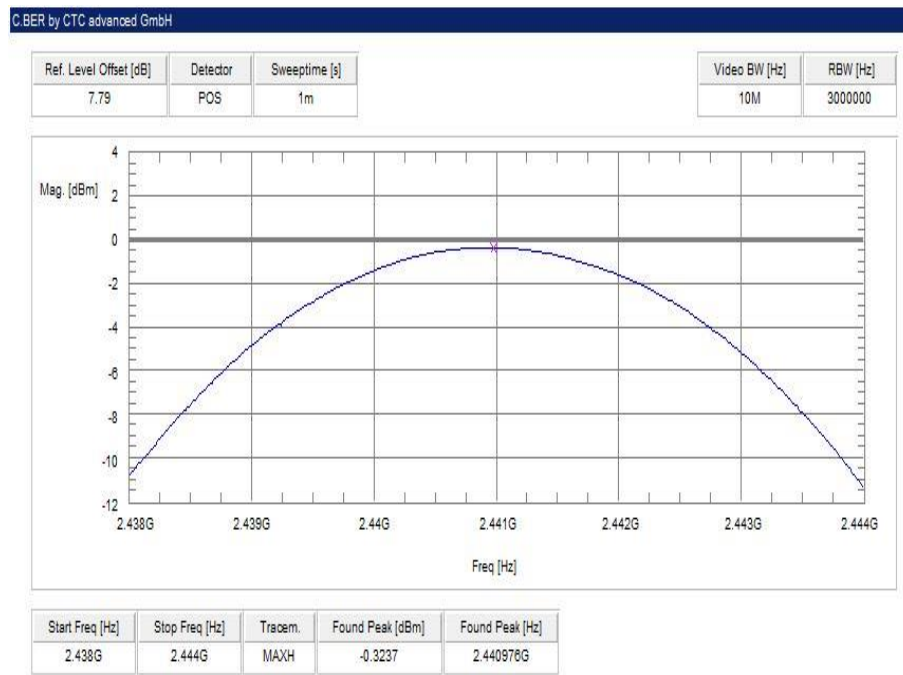
Results:

Modulation	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	2402 MHz	2441 MHz	2480 MHz
GFSK	-3.5	-4.0	-3.5
Pi/4 DQPSK	-0.3	-0.7	-0.2
8 DPSK	0.0	-0.3	0.1

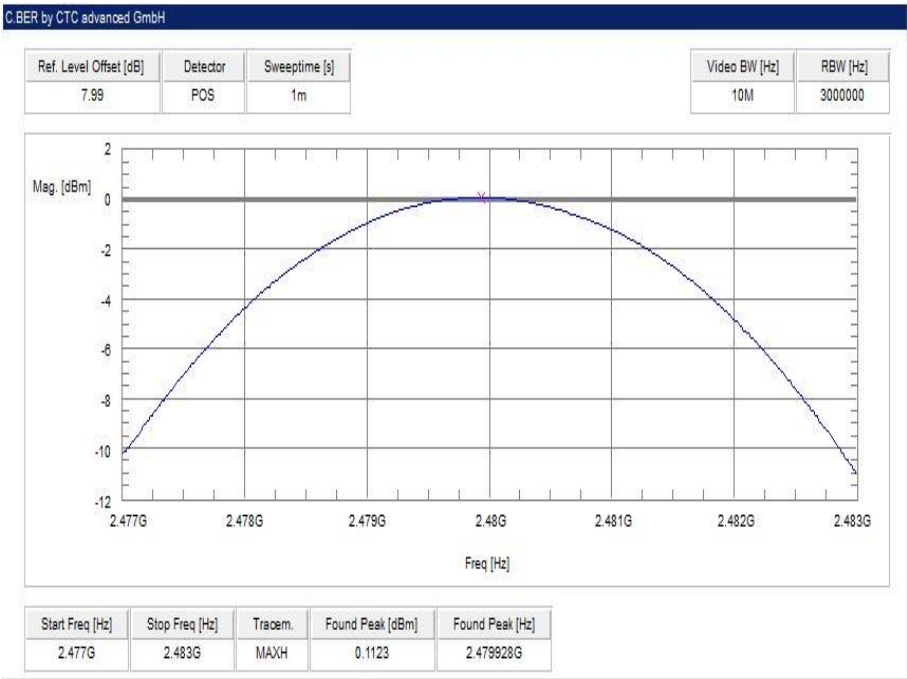
Plots:**Plot 1:** lowest channel – 2402 MHz, GFSK modulation**Plot 2:** middle channel – 2441 MHz, GFSK modulation

Plot 3: highest channel – 2480 MHz, GFSK modulation**Plot 4:** lowest channel – 2402 MHz, Pi / DQPSK modulation

Plot 5: middle channel – 2441 MHz, Pi / DQPSK modulation**Plot 6:** highest channel – 2480 MHz, Pi / DQPSK modulation

Plot 7: lowest channel – 2402 MHz, 8 DPSK modulation**Plot 8:** middle channel – 2441 MHz, 8 DPSK modulation

Plot 9: highest channel – 2480 MHz, 8 DPSK modulation



11.7 Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted

Description:

Measurement of the conducted band edge compliance. EUT is measured at the lower and upper band edge in single channel and hopping mode. The measurement is repeated for all modulations.

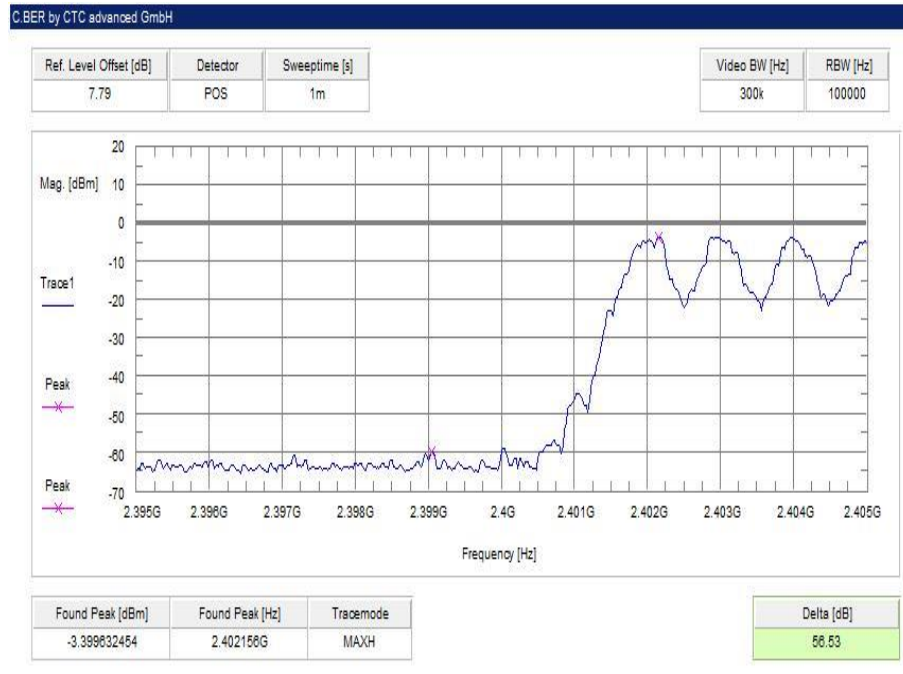
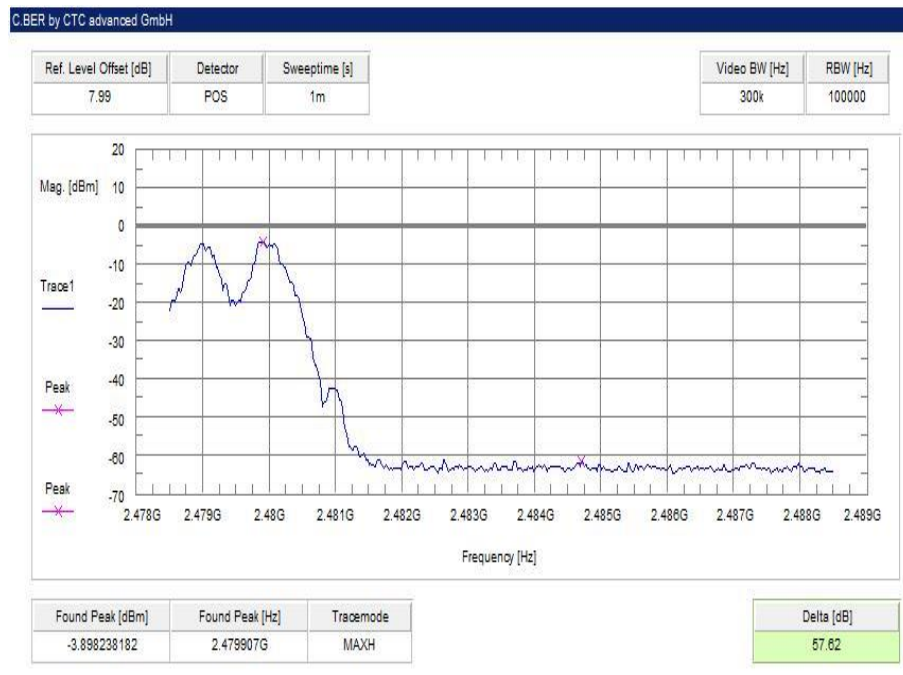
Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz / 500 kHz
Span	Lower Band Edge: 2395 – 2405 MHz Upper Band Edge: 2478 – 2489 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

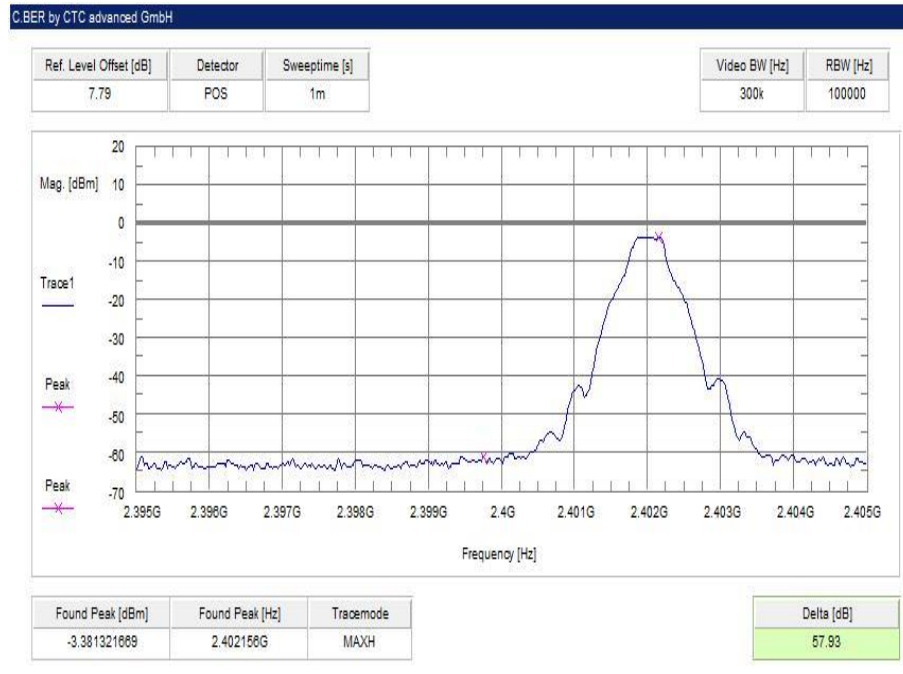
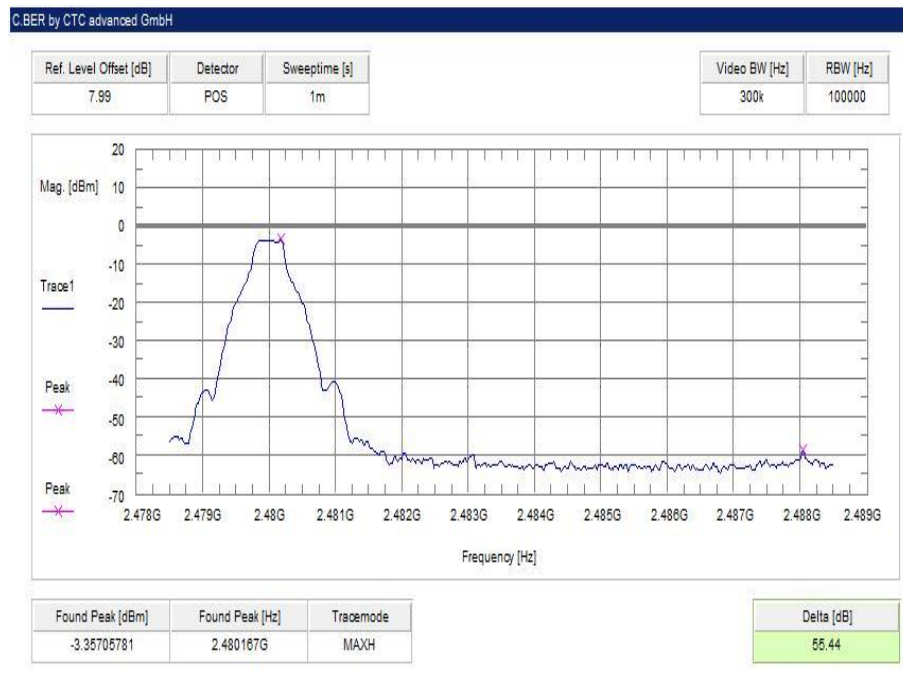
Limits:

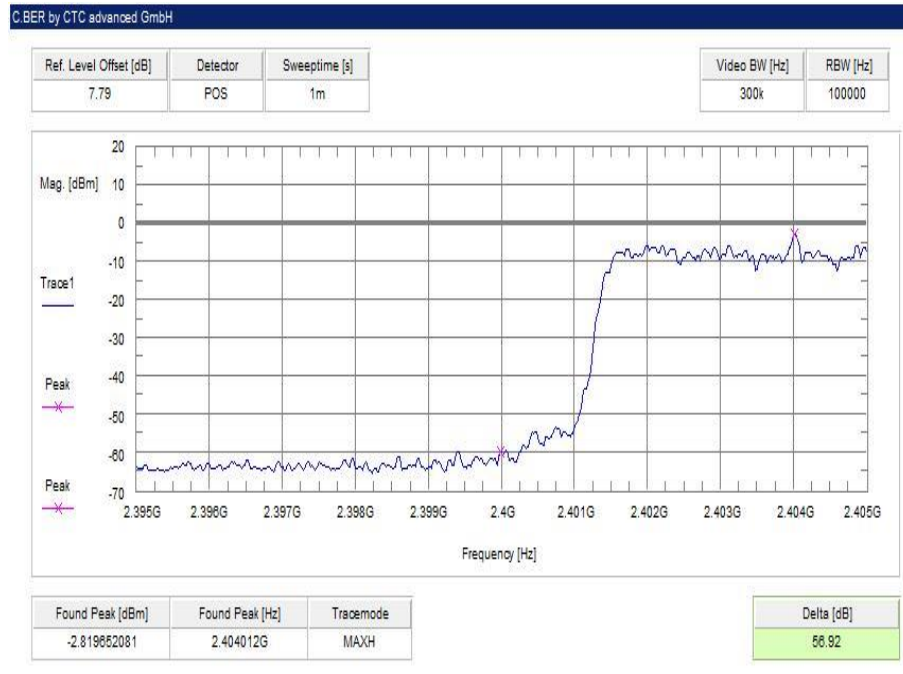
FCC	IC
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.	

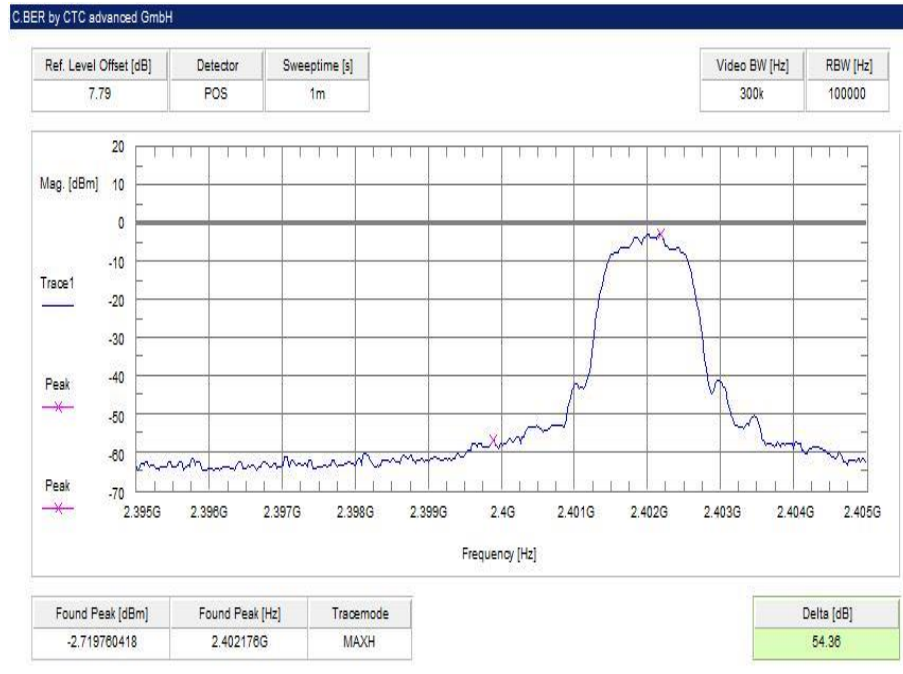
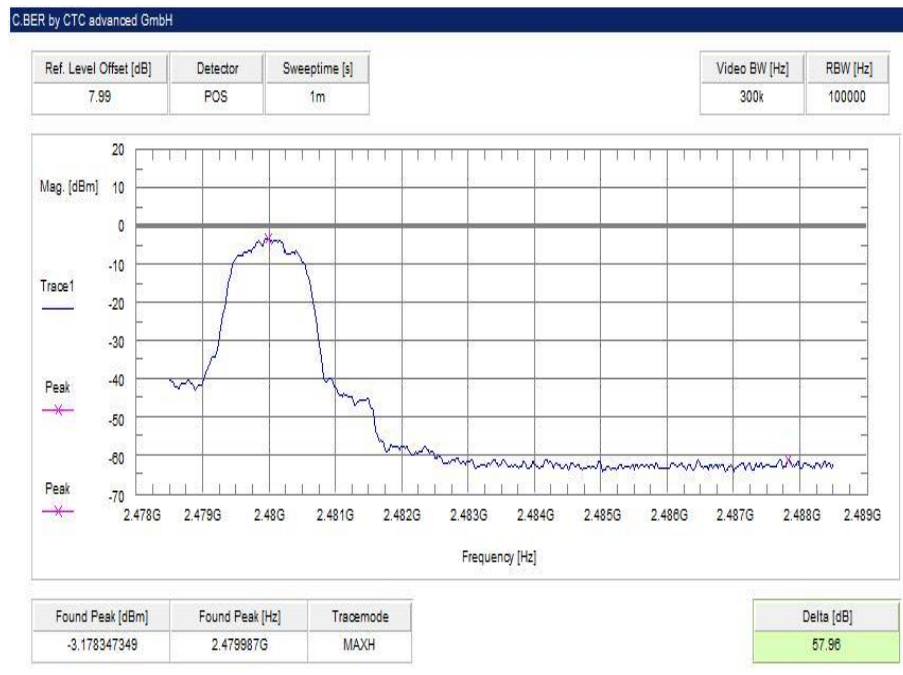
Results:

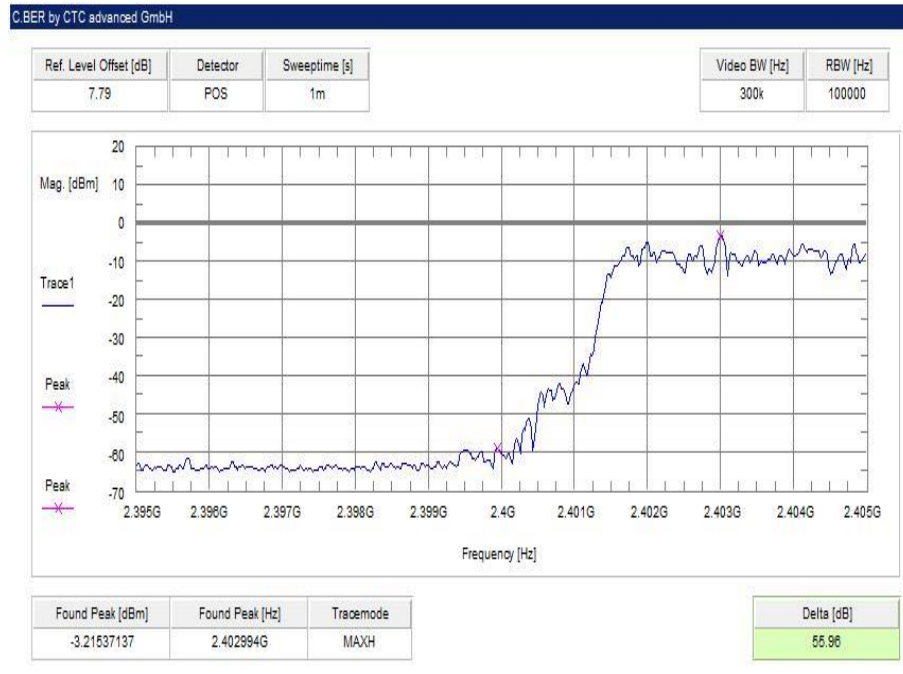
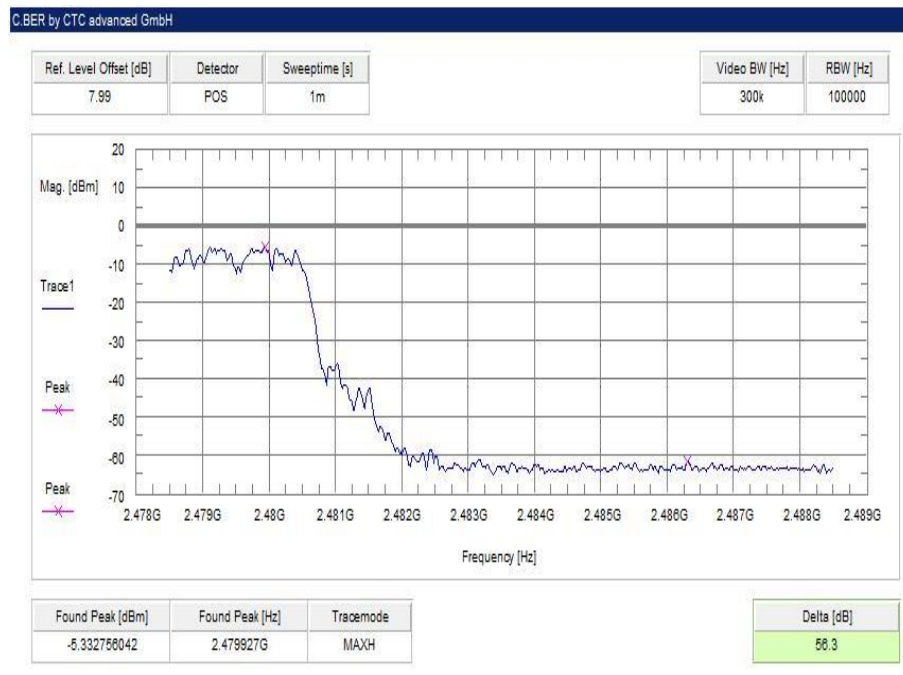
Scenario Modulation	Spurious band edge conducted [dB]		
	GFSK	Pi/4 DQPSK	8DPSK
Lower band edge – hopping off	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB
Lower band edge – hopping on	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB
Upper band edge – hopping off	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB
Upper band edge – hopping on	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB

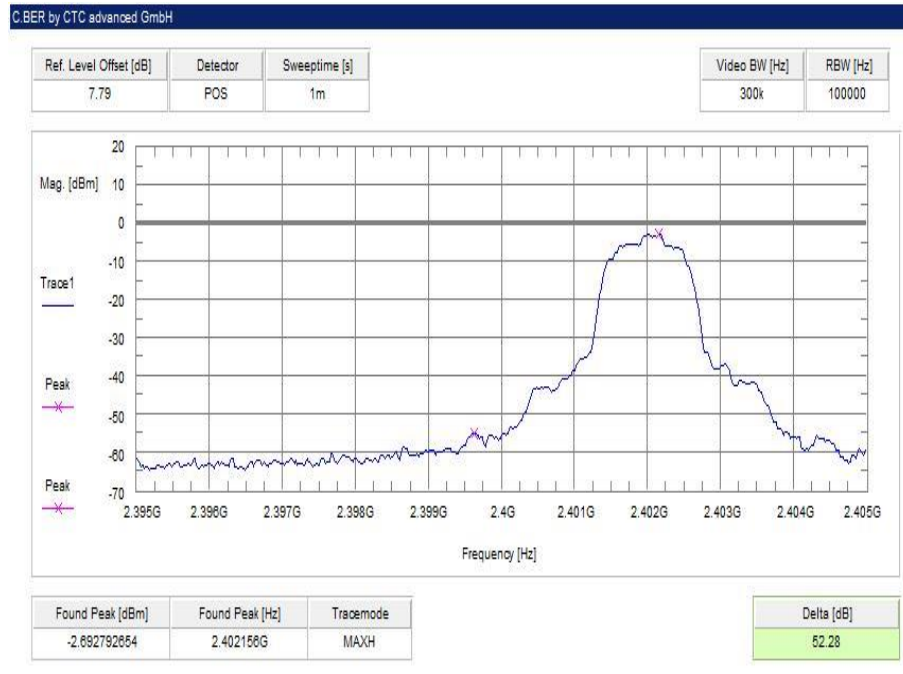
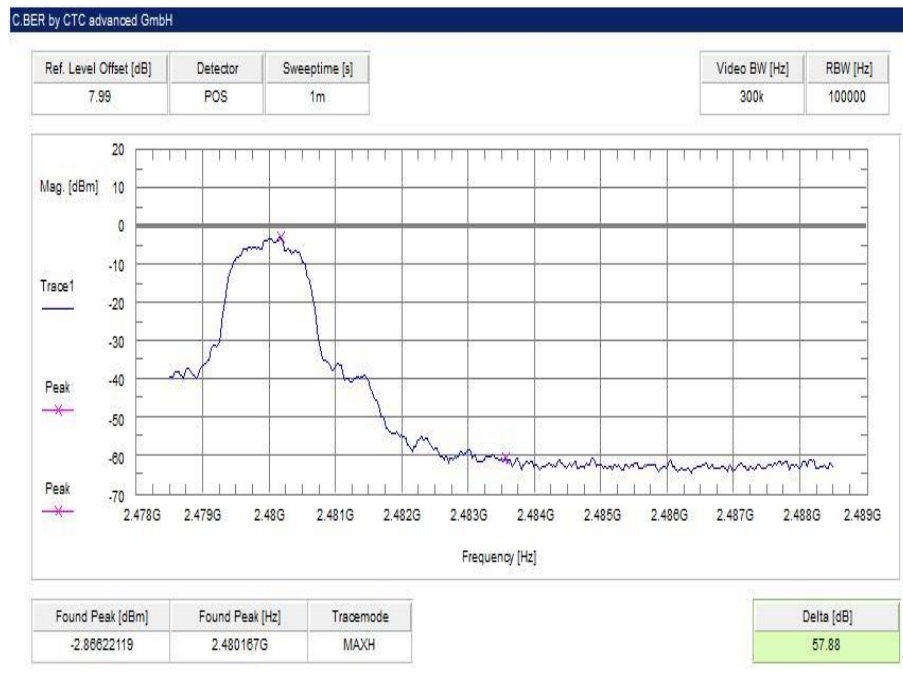
Plots:**Plot 1:** Lower band edge – hopping on, GFSK modulation**Plot 2:** Upper band edge – hopping on, GFSK modulation

Plot 3: Lower band edge – hopping off, GFSK modulation**Plot 4:** Upper band edge – hopping off, GFSK modulation

Plot 5: Lower band edge – hopping on, Pi/4 DQPSK modulation**Plot 6:** Upper band edge – hopping on, Pi/4 DQPSK modulation

Plot 7: Lower band edge – hopping off, Pi/4 DQPSK modulation**Plot 8:** Upper band edge – hopping off, Pi/4 DQPSK modulation

Plot 9: Lower band edge – hopping on, 8DPSK modulation**Plot 10:** Upper band edge – hopping on, 8DPSK modulation

Plot 11: Lower band edge – hopping off, 8DPSK modulation**Plot 12:** Upper band edge – hopping off, 8DPSK modulation

11.8 Band edge compliance radiated

Description:

Measurement of the radiated band edge compliance. The EUT is turned in the position that results in the maximum level at the band edge. Then a sweep over the corresponding restricted band is performed. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit channel is channel 00 for the lower restricted band and channel 78 for the upper restricted band. The measurement is repeated for all modulations. Measurement distance is 3m.

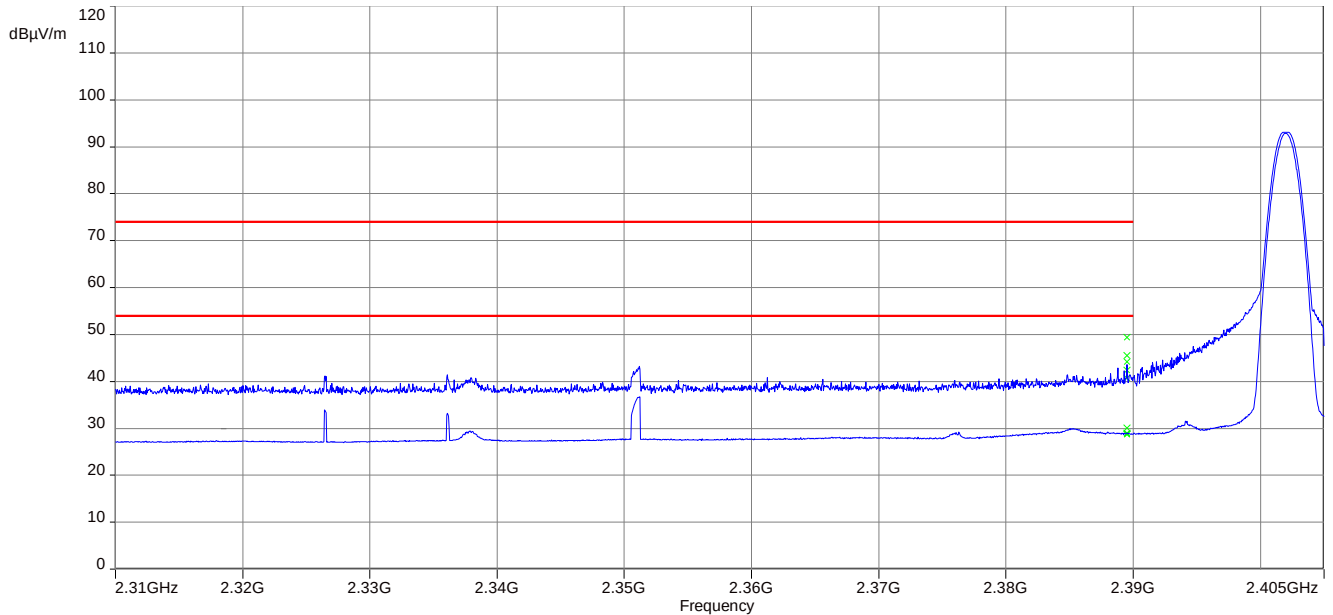
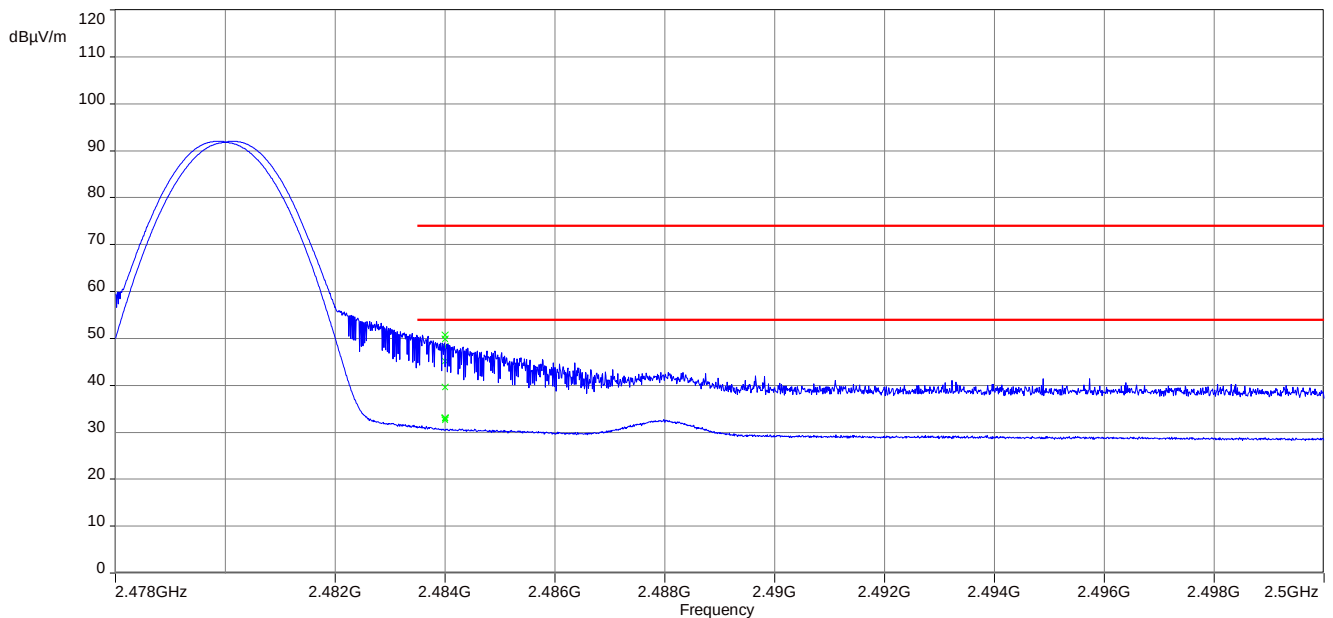
Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / RMS
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 MHz
Span	Lower Band: 2370 – 2400 MHz Upper Band: 2480 – 2500 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2 B
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

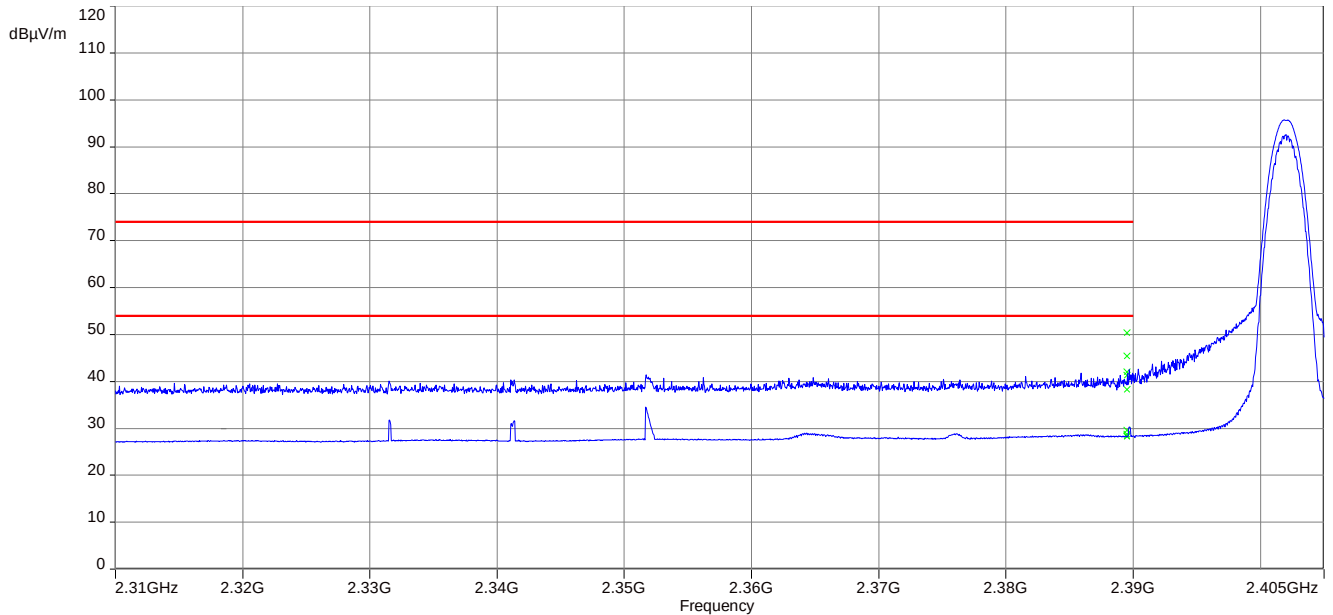
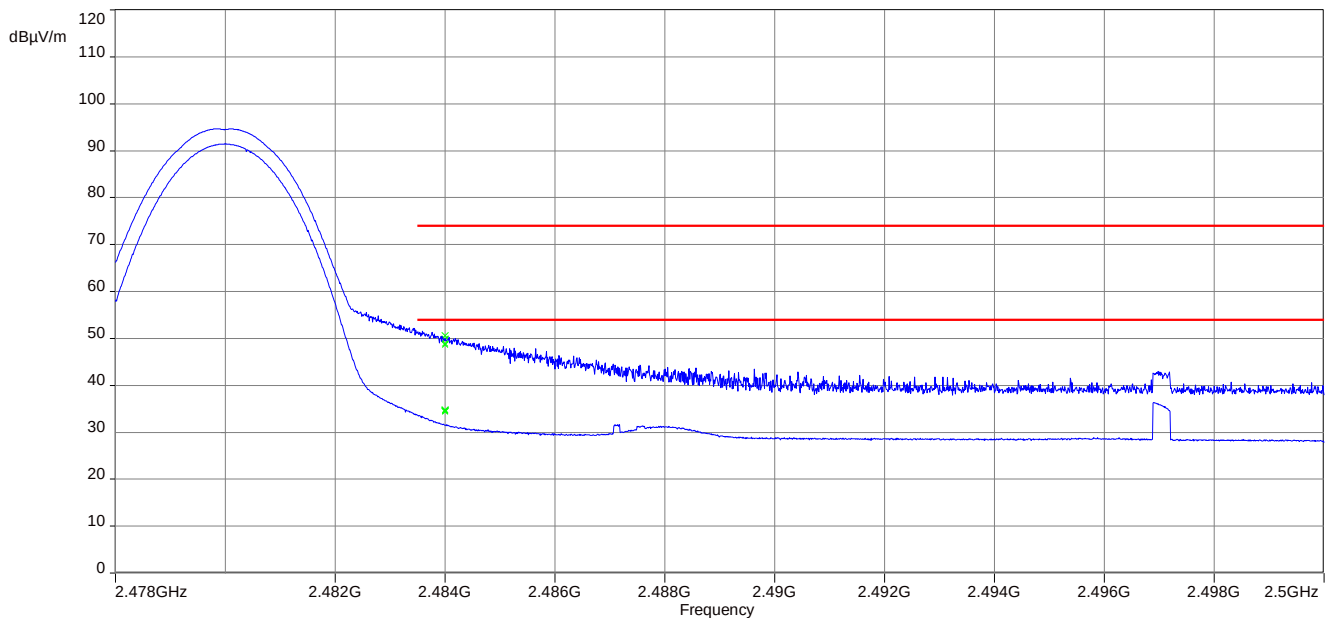
Limits:

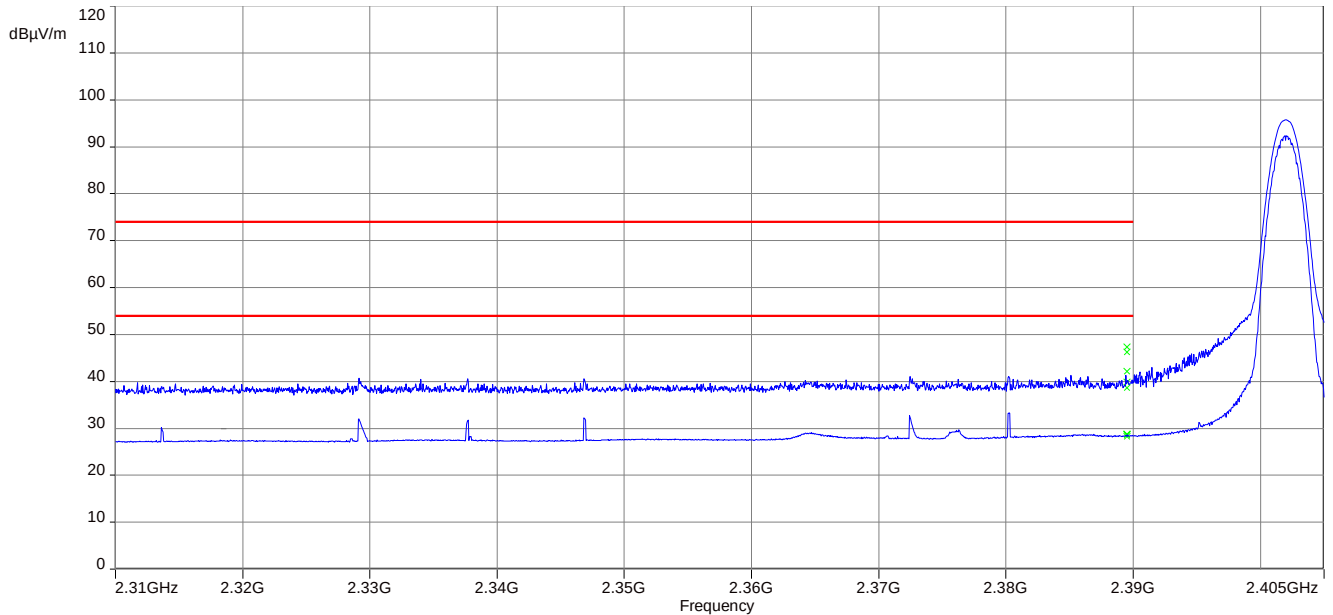
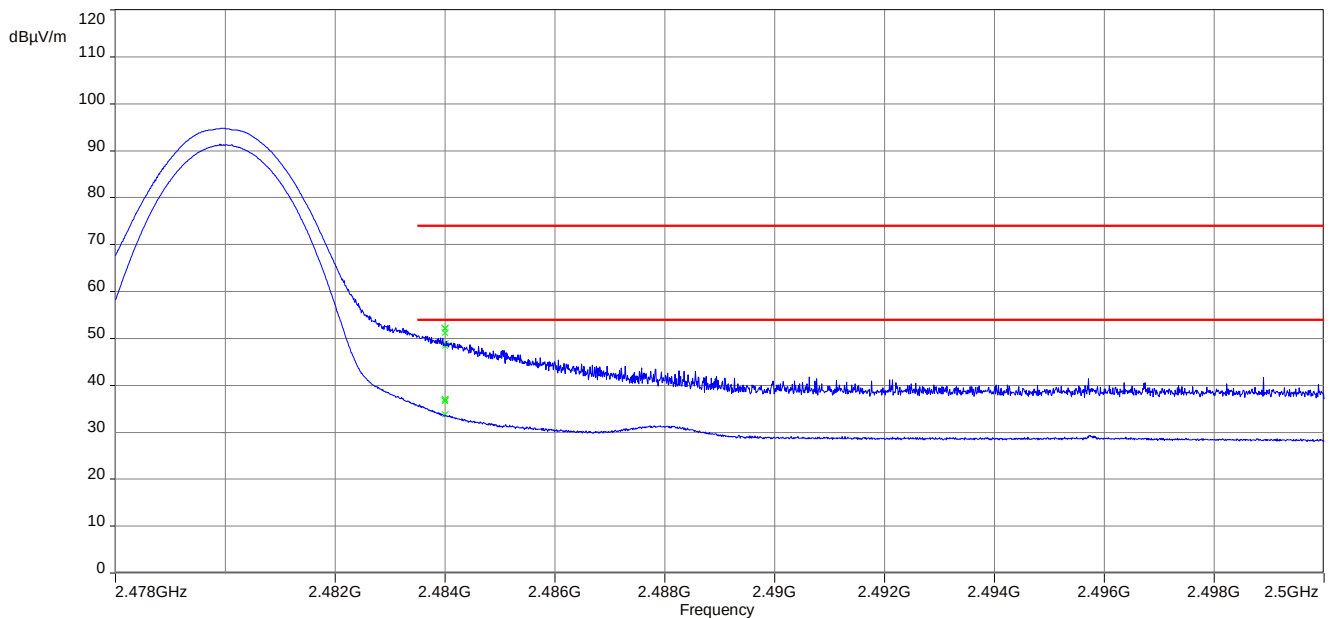
FCC	IC
Band edge compliance radiated	
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 5.205(c)).	
54 dBµV/m AVG 74 dBµV/m Peak	

Results:

Scenario Modulation	Band edge compliance radiated [dBµV/m]		
	GFSK	Pi/4 DQPSK	8DPSK
Lower restricted band	< 54 AVG / < 74 PP	< 54 AVG / < 74 PP	< 54 AVG / < 74 PP
Upper restricted band	< 54 AVG / < 74 PP	< 54 AVG / < 74 PP	< 54 AVG / < 74 PP

Plots:**Plot 1:** Lower band edge, GFSK modulation, vertical & horizontal polarization**Plot 2:** Upper band edge, GFSK modulation, vertical & horizontal polarization

Plot 3: Lower band edge, Pi/4 DQPSK modulation, vertical & horizontal polarization**Plot 4:** Upper band edge, Pi/4 DQPSK modulation, vertical & horizontal polarization

Plot 5: Lower band edge, 8 DPSK modulation, vertical & horizontal polarization**Plot 6:** Upper band edge, 8 DPSK modulation, vertical & horizontal polarization

11.9 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit channel is channel 00, channel 39 and channel 78. The measurement is repeated for all modulations.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz
Span	9 kHz to 25 GHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.4 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
TX spurious emissions conducted	
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required	

Results:

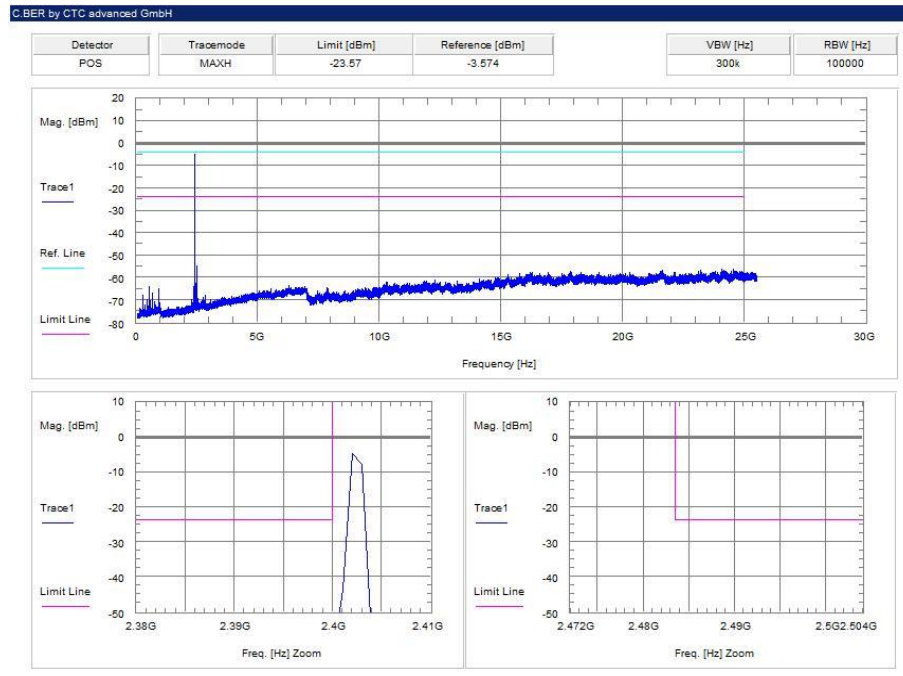
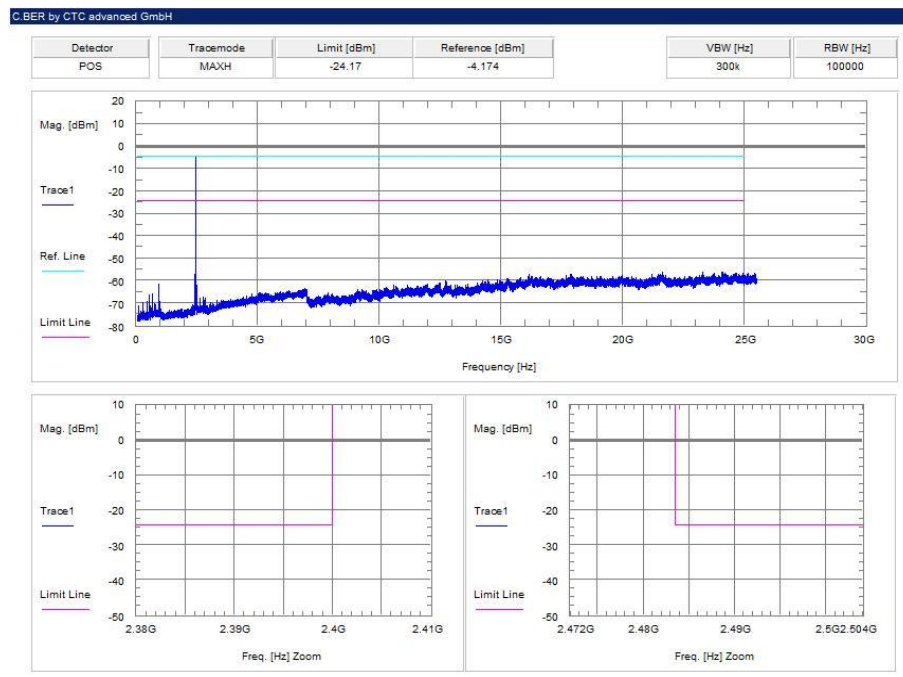
TX spurious emissions conducted					
GFSK - mode					
f [MHz]		amplitude of emission [dBm]	limit max. allowed emission power	actual attenuation below frequency of operation [dB]	results
2402		-3.6	30 dBm		Operating frequency
All detected emissions are below the -20 dBc criteria. Please take a look at the plot!			-20 dBc		compliant
2441		-4.2	30 dBm		Operating frequency
All detected emissions are below the -20 dBc criteria. Please take a look at the plot!			-20 dBc		compliant
2480		-3.8	30 dBm		Operating frequency
All detected emissions are below the -20 dBc criteria. Please take a look at the plot!			-20 dBc		compliant

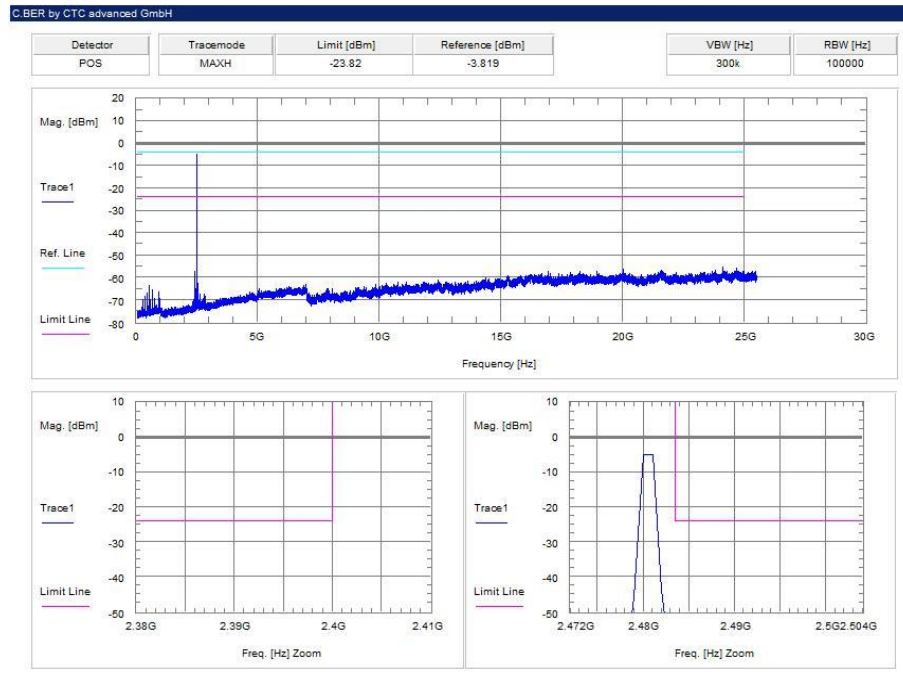
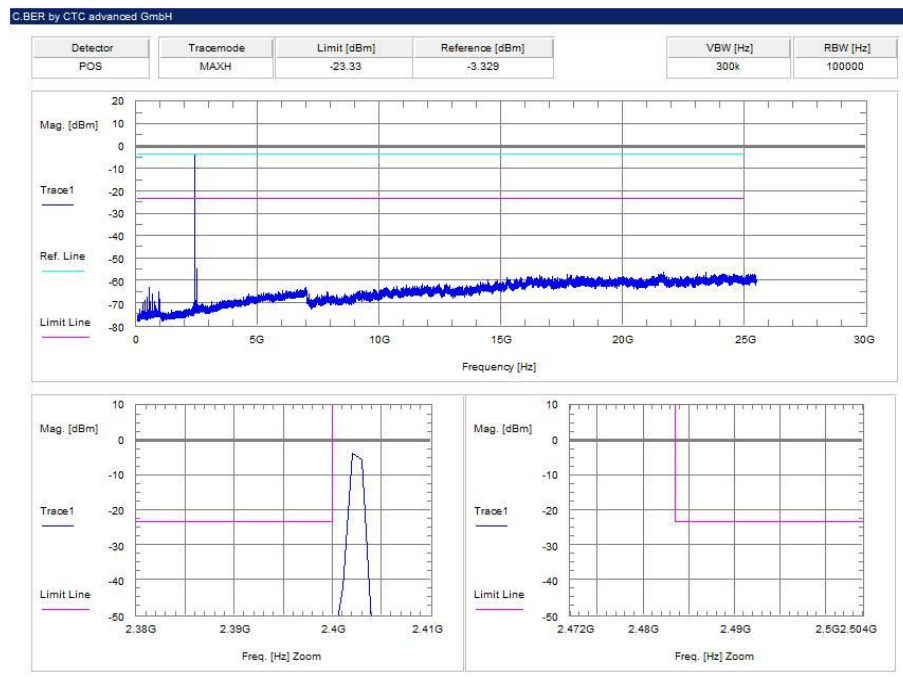
Results:

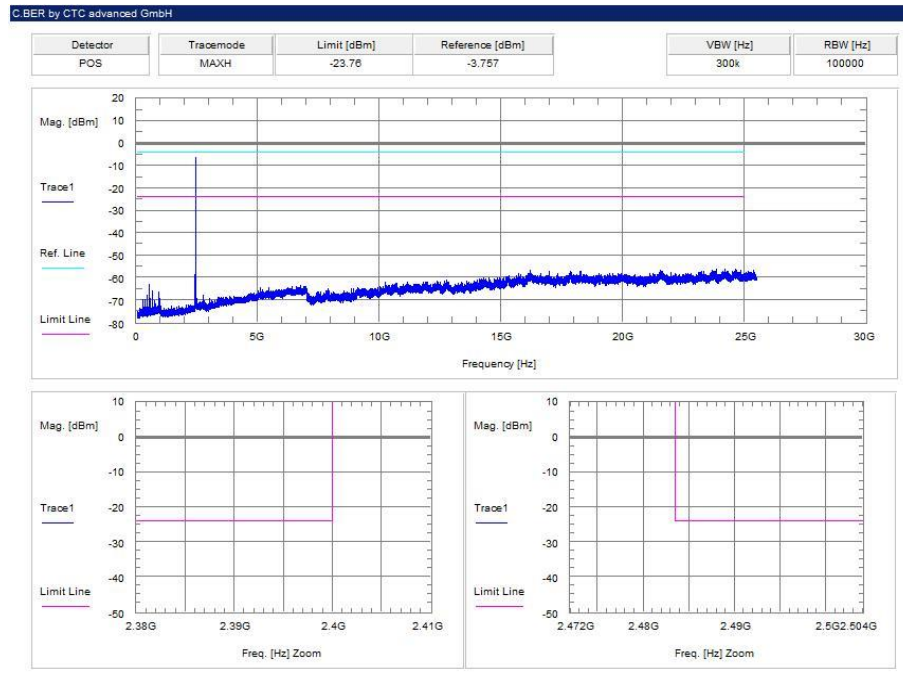
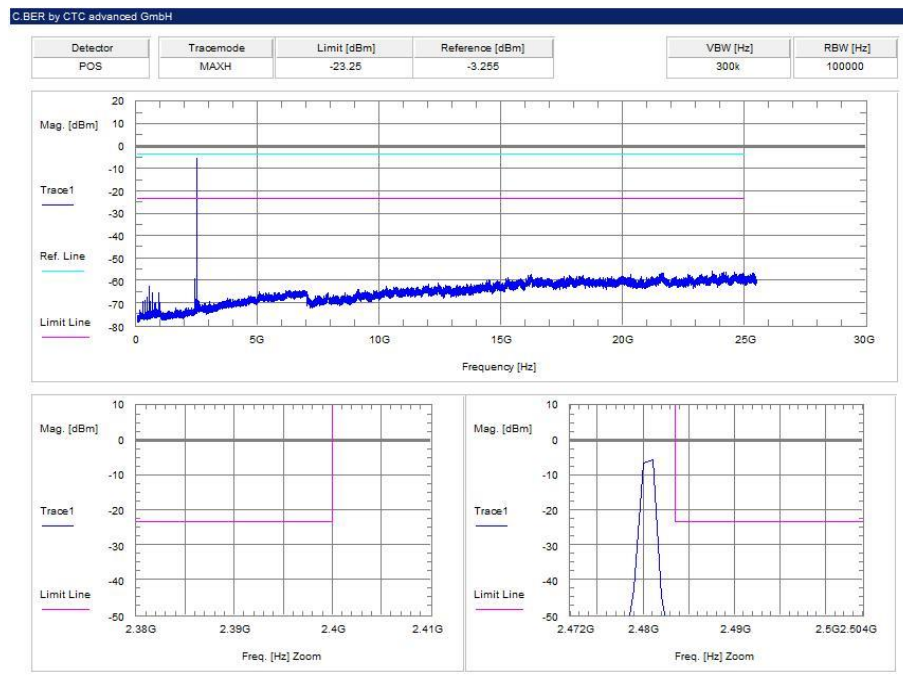
TX spurious emissions conducted					
Pi/4-DQPSK - mode					
f [MHz]		amplitude of emission [dBm]	limit max. allowed emission power	actual attenuation below frequency of operation [dB]	results
2402		-3.3	30 dBm		Operating frequency
All detected emissions are below the -20 dBc criteria. Please take a look at the plot!			-20 dBc		compliant
2441		-3.8	30 dBm		Operating frequency
All detected emissions are below the -20 dBc criteria. Please take a look at the plot!			-20 dBc		compliant
2480		-3.3	30 dBm		Operating frequency
All detected emissions are below the -20 dBc criteria. Please take a look at the plot!			-20 dBc		compliant

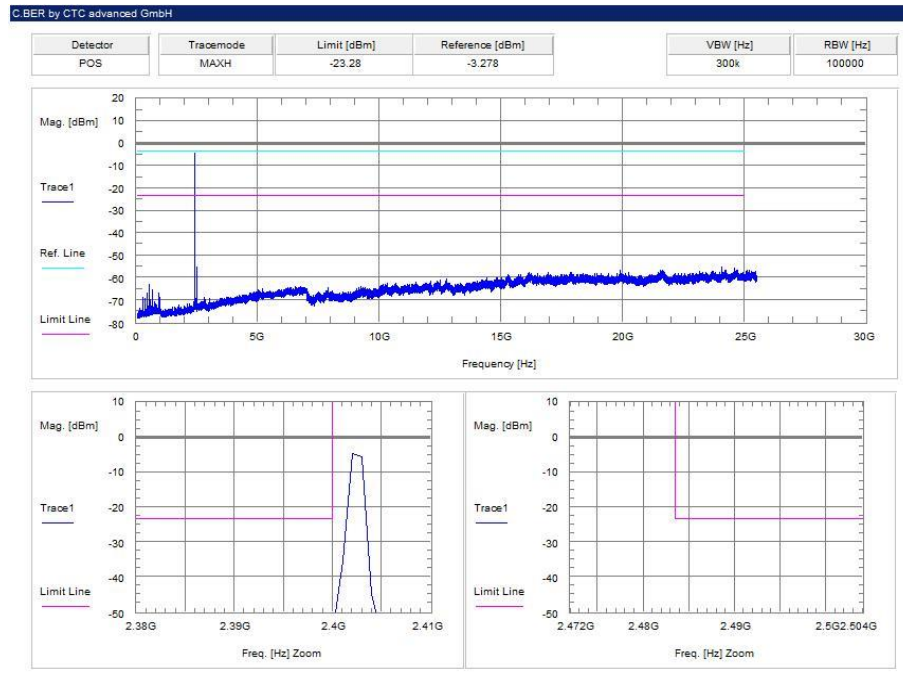
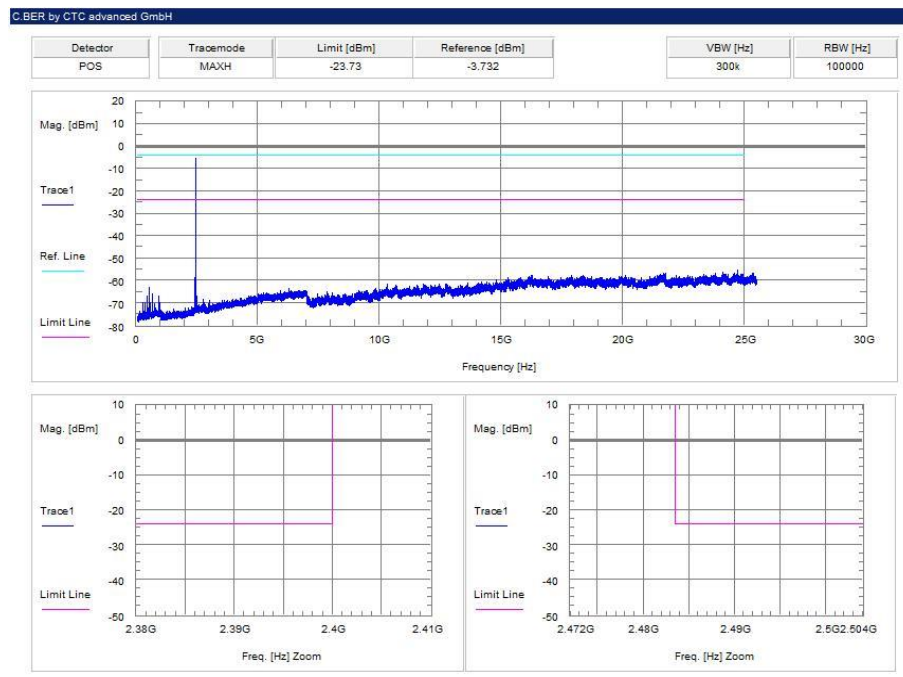
Results:

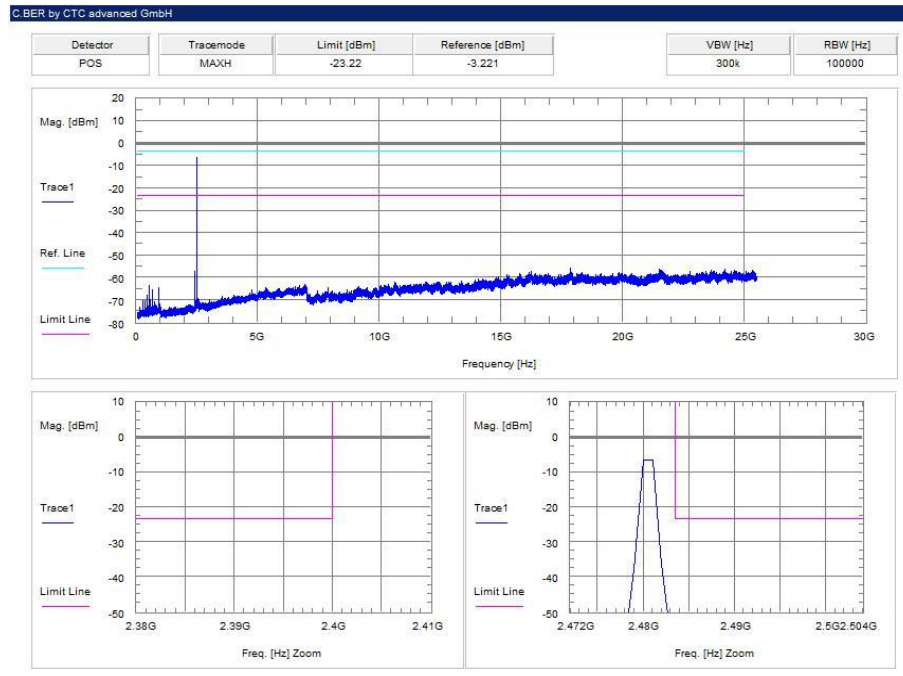
TX spurious emissions conducted					
8DPSK - mode					
f [MHz]		amplitude of emission [dBm]	limit max. allowed emission power	actual attenuation below frequency of operation [dB]	results
2402		-3.3	30 dBm		Operating frequency
All detected emissions are below the -20 dBc criteria. Please take a look at the plot!			-20 dBc		compliant
2441		-3.7	30 dBm		Operating frequency
All detected emissions are below the -20 dBc criteria. Please take a look at the plot!			-20 dBc		compliant
2480		-3.2	30 dBm		Operating frequency
All detected emissions are below the -20 dBc criteria. Please take a look at the plot!			-20 dBc		compliant

Plots:**Plot 1:** lowest channel – 2402 MHz, GFSK modulation**Plot 2:** middle channel – 2441 MHz, GFSK modulation

Plot 3: highest channel – 2480 MHz, GFSK modulation**Plot 4:** lowest channel – 2402 MHz, Pi/4-DQPSK modulation

Plot 5: middle channel – 2441 MHz, Pi/4-DQPSK modulation**Plot 6:** highest channel – 2480 MHz, Pi/4-DQPSK modulation

Plot 7: lowest channel – 2402 MHz, 8 DPSK modulation**Plot 8:** middle channel – 2441 MHz, 8 DPSK modulation

Plot 9: highest channel – 2480 MHz, 8 DPSK modulation

11.10 Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit channels are 00; 39 and 78. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power. The limits are recalculated to a measurement distance of 3 m according the ANSI C63.10.

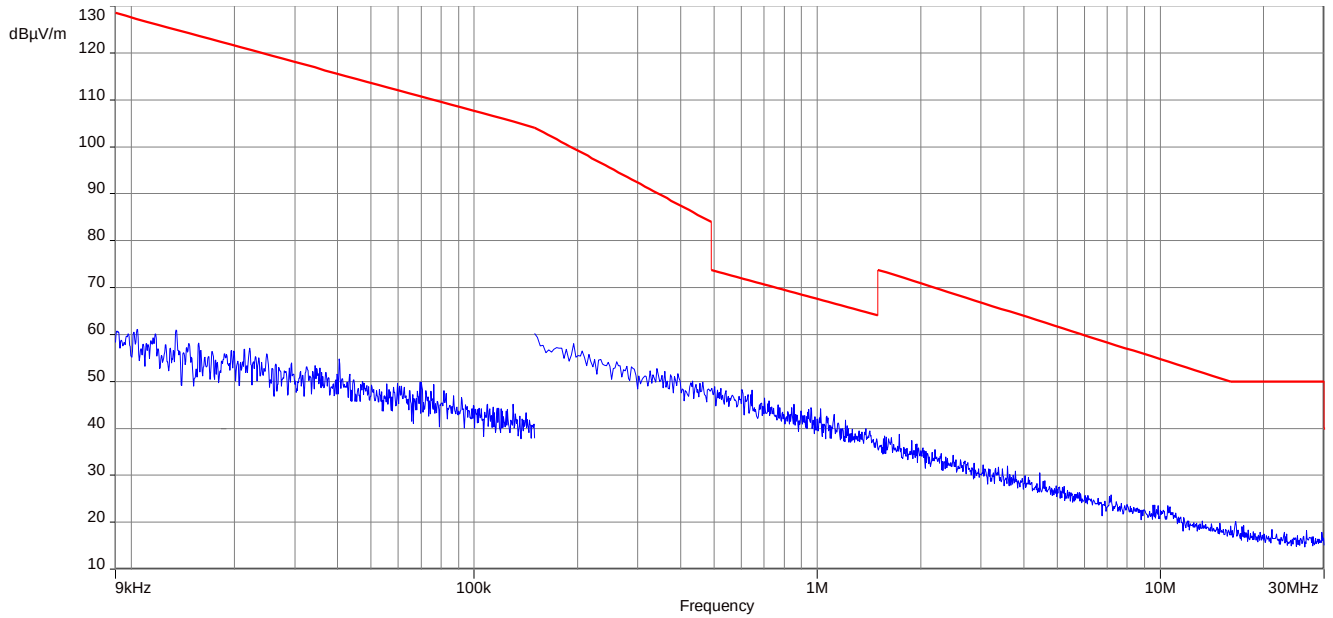
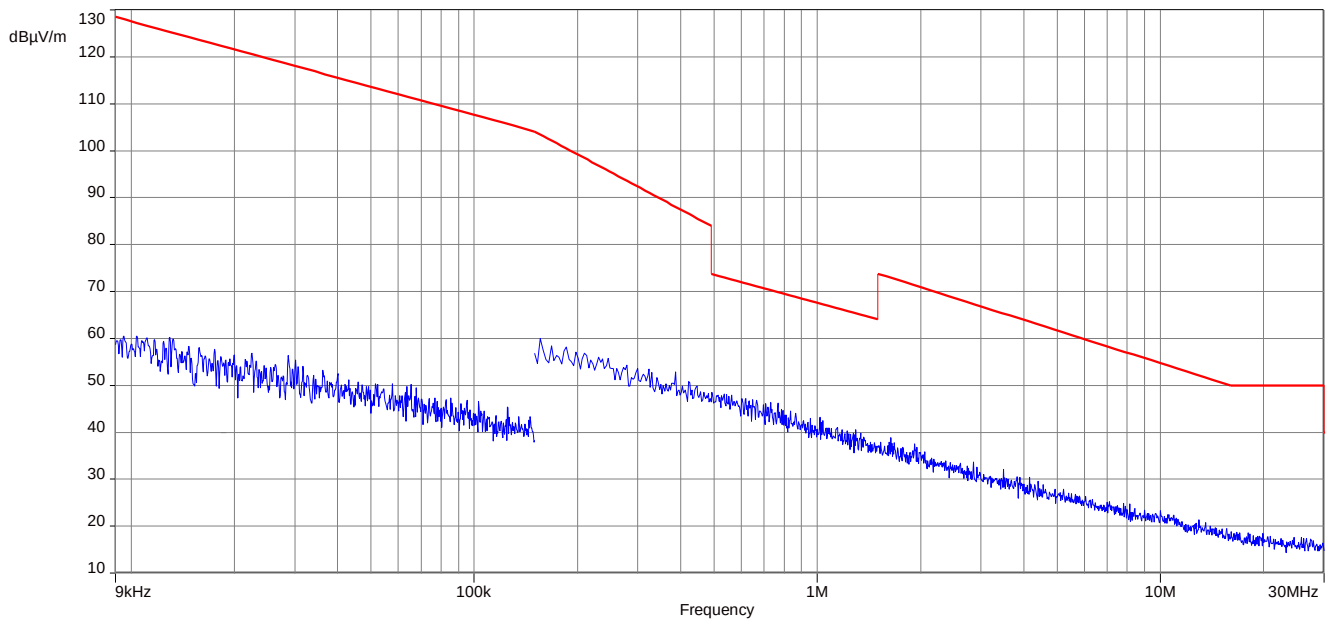
Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / Quasi peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Video bandwidth	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz
Span	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

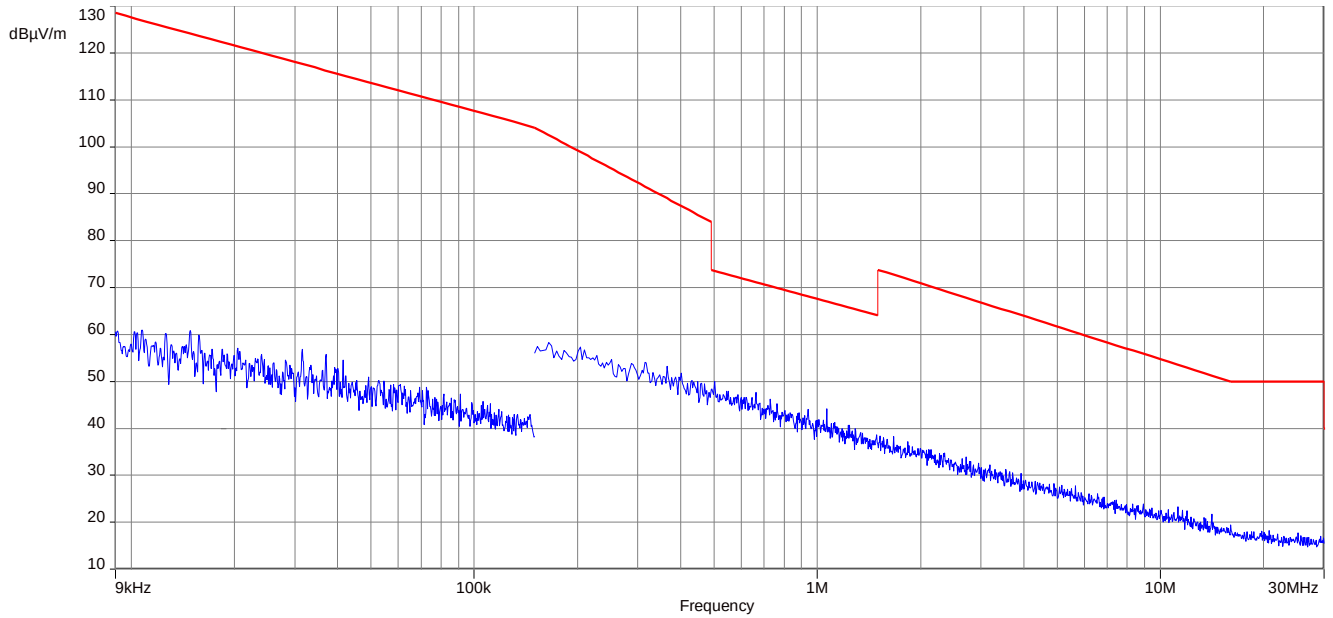
FCC		IC
TX spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dBμV/m)	Measurement distance
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Results:

TX spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz [dBμV/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Plots:**Plot 1:** 9 kHz to 30 MHz, channel 00, transmit mode**Plot 2:** 9 kHz to 30 MHz, channel 39, transmit mode

Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, channel 78, transmit mode



11.11 Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Description:

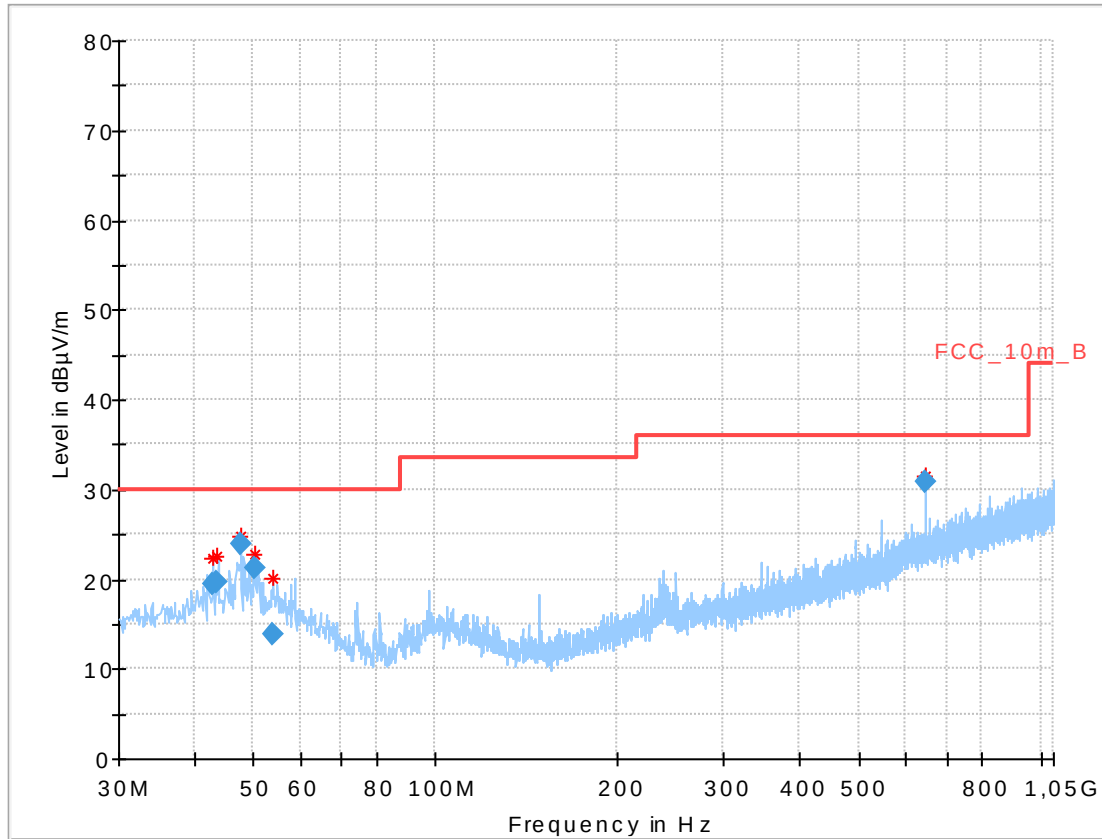
Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit channel is channel 00, channel 39 and channel 78. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	120 kHz
Video bandwidth	3 x RBW
Span	30 MHz to 1 GHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Measured modulation	☐ GFSK ☐ Pi/4 DQPSK ☒ 8DPSK
Test setup	See sub clause 6.1 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

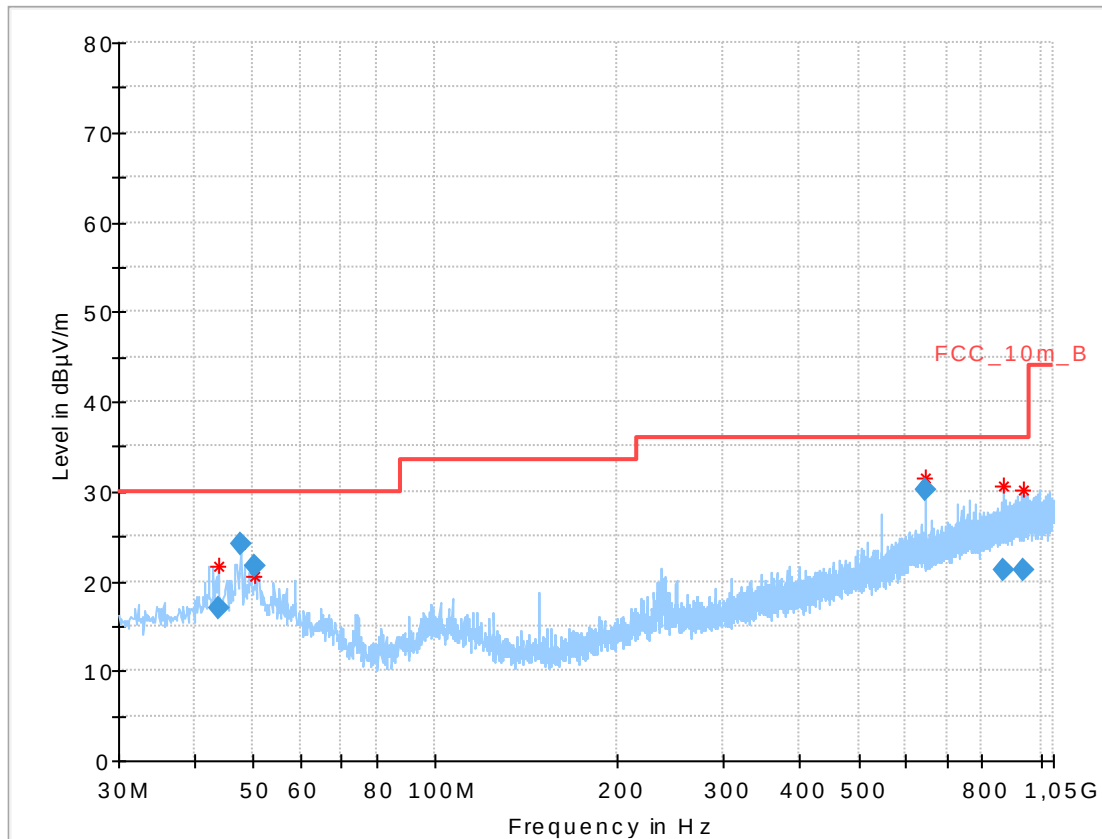
The modulation with the highest output power was used to perform the transmitter spurious emissions. If spurious were detected a re-measurement was performed on the detected frequency with each modulation.

Limits:

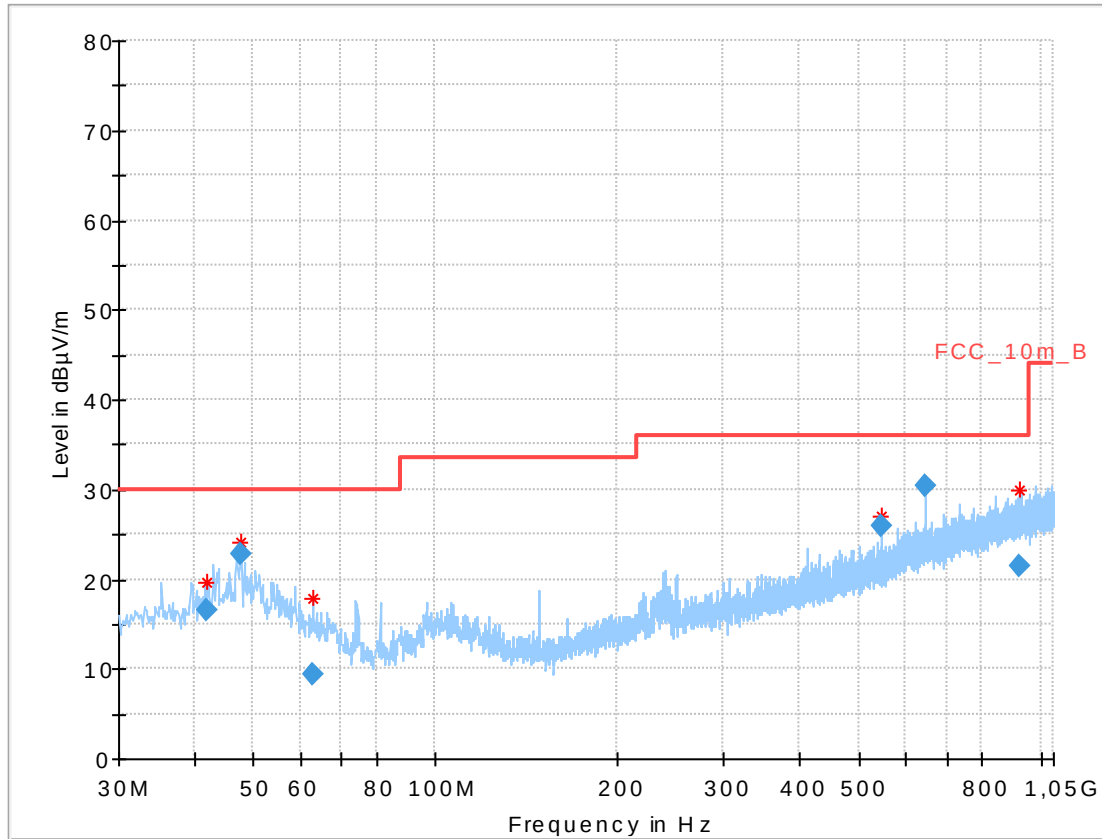
FCC		IC
TX spurious emissions radiated		
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
§15.209		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dBμV/m)	Measurement distance
30 - 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10
Above 960	54.0	3

Plots: Transmit mode**Plot 1:** 30 MHz to 1 GHz, TX mode, channel 00, vertical & horizontal polarization**Final results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
42.930	19.36	30.0	10.64	1000	120	98.0	V	0.0	13.5
43.485	19.76	30.0	10.24	1000	120	101.0	V	0.0	13.5
47.817	23.96	30.0	6.04	1000	120	98.0	V	90.0	13.7
50.446	21.24	30.0	8.76	1000	120	98.0	V	180.0	13.7
53.821	13.88	30.0	16.12	1000	120	170.0	V	0.0	13.2
643.497	30.86	36.0	5.14	1000	120	101.0	H	90.0	21.1

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, TX mode, channel 39, vertical & horizontal polarization**Final results:**

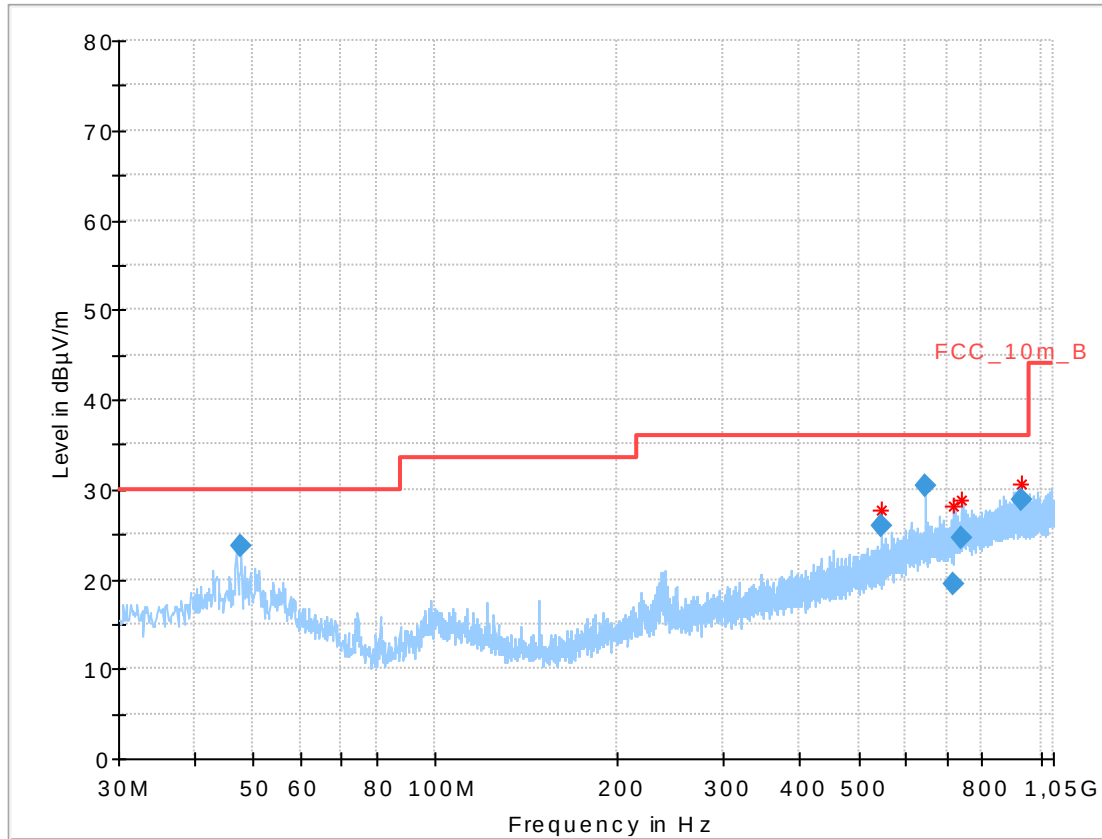
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
43.754	17.05	30.0	12.95	1000	120	170.0	V	0.0	13.5
47.795	24.14	30.0	5.86	1000	120	101.0	V	0.0	13.7
50.449	21.68	30.0	8.32	1000	120	101.0	V	270.0	13.7
643.508	30.27	36.0	5.73	1000	120	98.0	H	90.0	21.1
868.068	21.30	36.0	14.70	1000	120	170.0	H	180.0	23.8
934.797	21.33	36.0	14.67	1000	120	98.0	V	90.0	24.3

Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, TX mode, channel 78, vertical & horizontal polarization**Final results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
42.062	16.60	30.0	13.40	1000	120	101.0	V	90.0	13.4
47.799	22.89	30.0	7.11	1000	120	170.0	V	90.0	13.7
62.811	9.30	30.0	20.70	1000	120	98.0	V	270.0	11.2
544.512	25.92	36.0	10.08	1000	120	101.0	H	90.0	19.3
643.496	30.42	36.0	5.58	1000	120	170.0	H	90.0	21.1
921.549	21.40	36.0	14.60	1000	120	101.0	H	90.0	24.3

Plots: Receiver mode

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, RX / idle – mode, vertical & horizontal polarization



Final results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
47.811	23.75	30.0	6.25	1000	120	101.0	V	0.0	13.7
544.509	26.03	36.0	9.97	1000	120	101.0	H	90.0	19.3
643.484	30.49	36.0	5.51	1000	120	98.0	H	90.0	21.1
718.777	19.46	36.0	16.54	1000	120	101.0	H	180.0	22.0
742.484	24.60	36.0	11.40	1000	120	98.0	H	270.0	22.5
927.352	28.80	36.0	7.20	1000	120	170.0	V	90.0	24.3

11.12 Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit channel is channel 00, channel 39 and channel 78. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / RMS
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 x RBW
Span	1 GHz to 26 GHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Measured modulation	☐ GFSK ☐ Pi/4 DQPSK ☒ 8DPSK
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2 C (1 GHz - 18 GHz) See sub clause 6.3 A (18 GHz - 26 GHz)
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

The modulation with the highest output power was used to perform the transmitter spurious emissions. If spurious were detected a re-measurement was performed on the detected frequency with each modulation.

Limits:

FCC		IC
TX spurious emissions radiated		
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
§15.209		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dBμV/m)	Measurement distance
Above 960	54.0	3

Results: Transmitter mode

TX spurious emissions radiated [dBµV/m]								
2402 MHz			2441 MHz			2480 MHz		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
1584	Peak	44.5	1584	Peak	44.5	1584	Peak	44.5
	AVG	41.6		AVG	41.6		AVG	41.6
2540	Peak	No restricted band	2765	Peak	45.5	2765	Peak	45.5
	AVG	No restricted band		AVG	37.6		AVG	37.6
2938	Peak	No restricted band	2793	Peak	50.2	2793	Peak	50.2
	AVG	No restricted band		AVG	50.0		AVG	50.0
2992	Peak	No restricted band	2826	Peak	53.5	2999	Peak	No restricted band
	AVG	No restricted band		AVG	48.0		AVG	No restricted band

*) Average emission adjusting factor:

$$F = 20 * \log (\text{dwell time} / 100 \text{ ms})$$

The dwell time of the longest possible Bluetooth transmission (DH5-packet) is 3.125 ms.

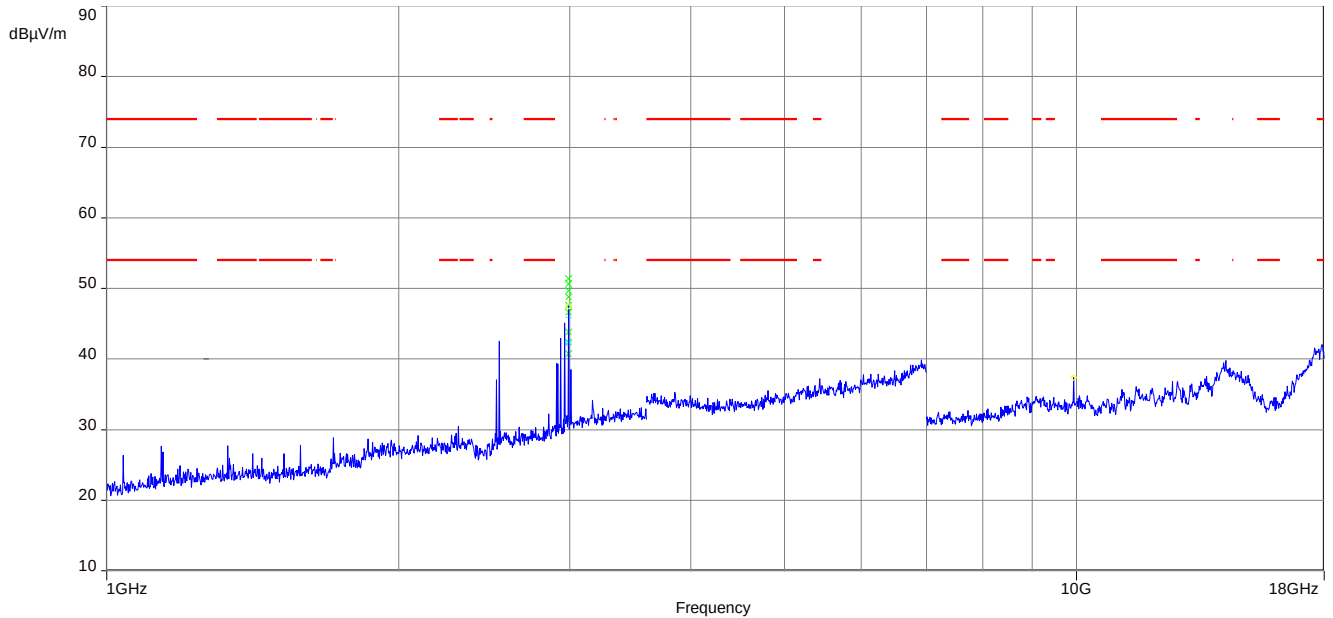
In a period of 100 ms, we have a maximum of 1 transmission and that implies a correction factor for spurious measurement emissions:

$$F = 20 * \log (1 * 3.125 / 100) = -30.1 \text{ dB}$$

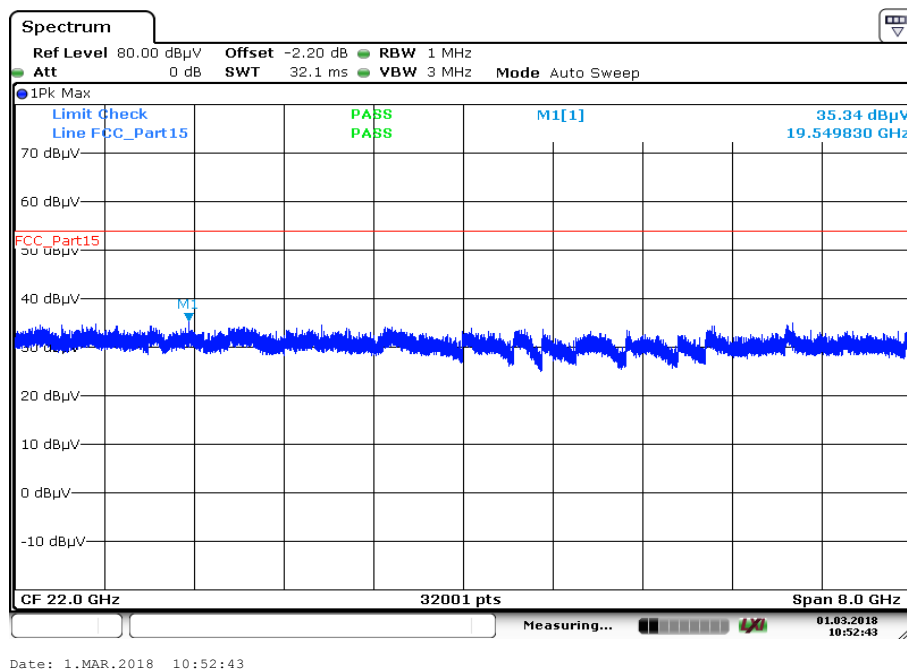
Results: Receiver mode

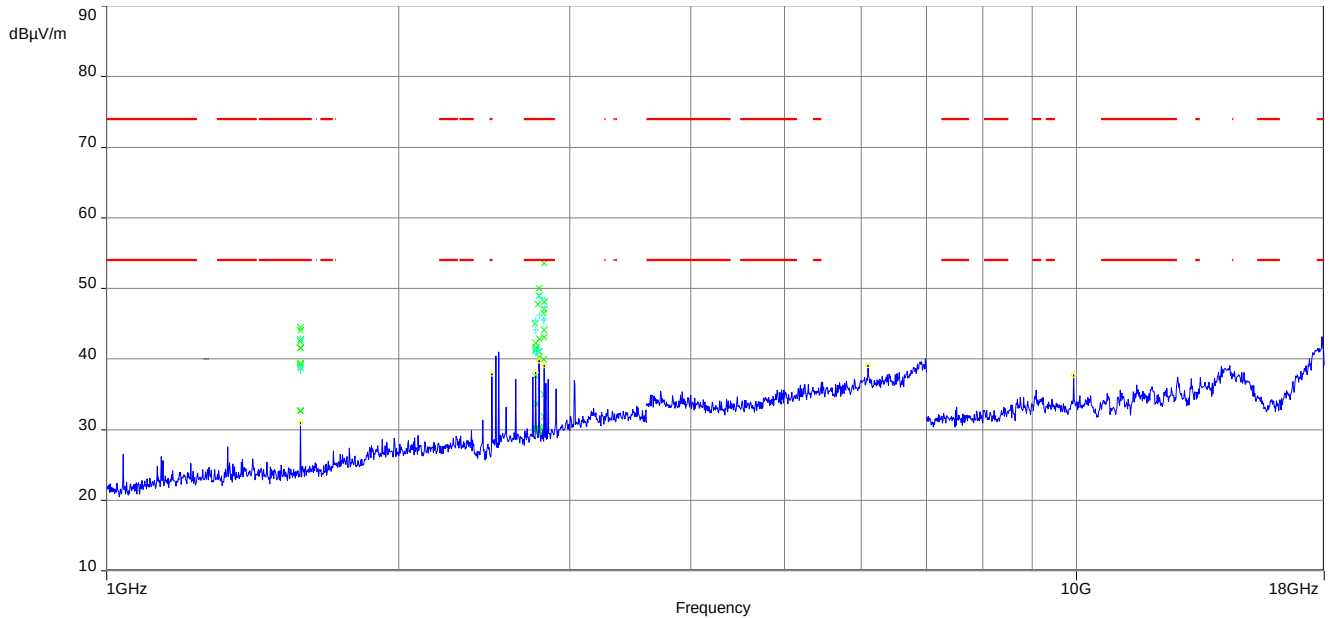
RX spurious emissions radiated [dBµV/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
2352	Peak	49.4
	AVG	28.4
2826	Peak	53.0
	AVG	52.7
4684	Peak	45.1
	AVG	33.7

Note: The limit was recalculated with 20 dB / decade (Part 15.31) for all radiated spurious emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz from 3 meter limit to a 10 meter distance. (40dB/decade for emissions < 30MHz)

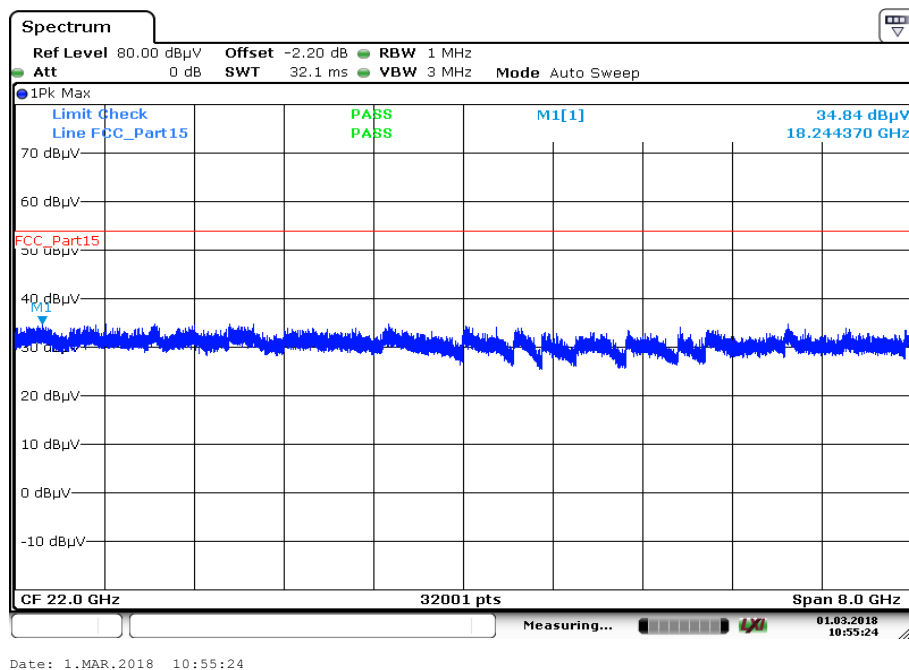
Plots: Transmitter mode**Plot 1:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz, TX mode, channel 00, vertical & horizontal polarization

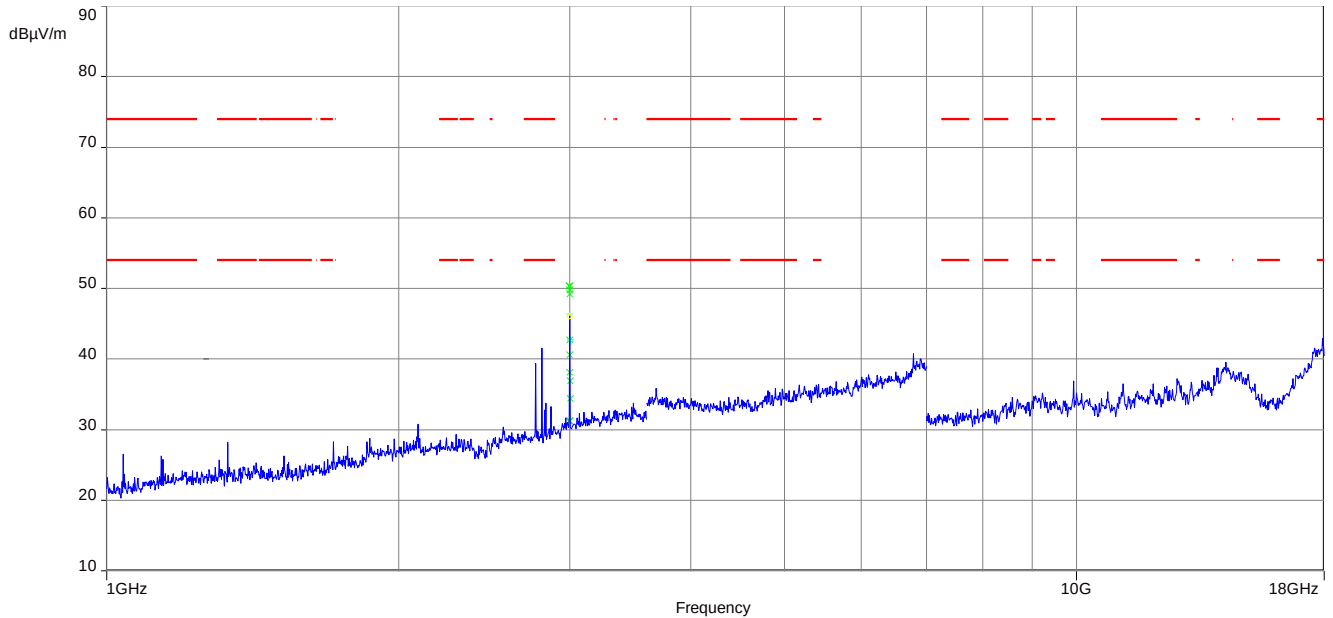
The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 2: 18 GHz to 26 GHz, TX mode, channel 00, vertical & horizontal polarization

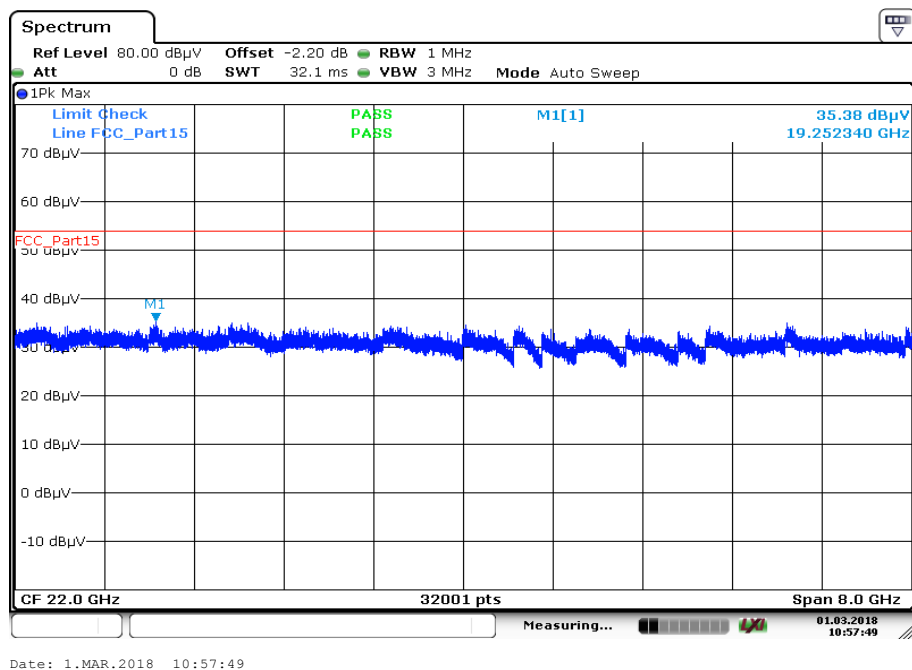
Plot 3: 1 GHz to 18 GHz, TX mode, channel 39, vertical & horizontal polarization

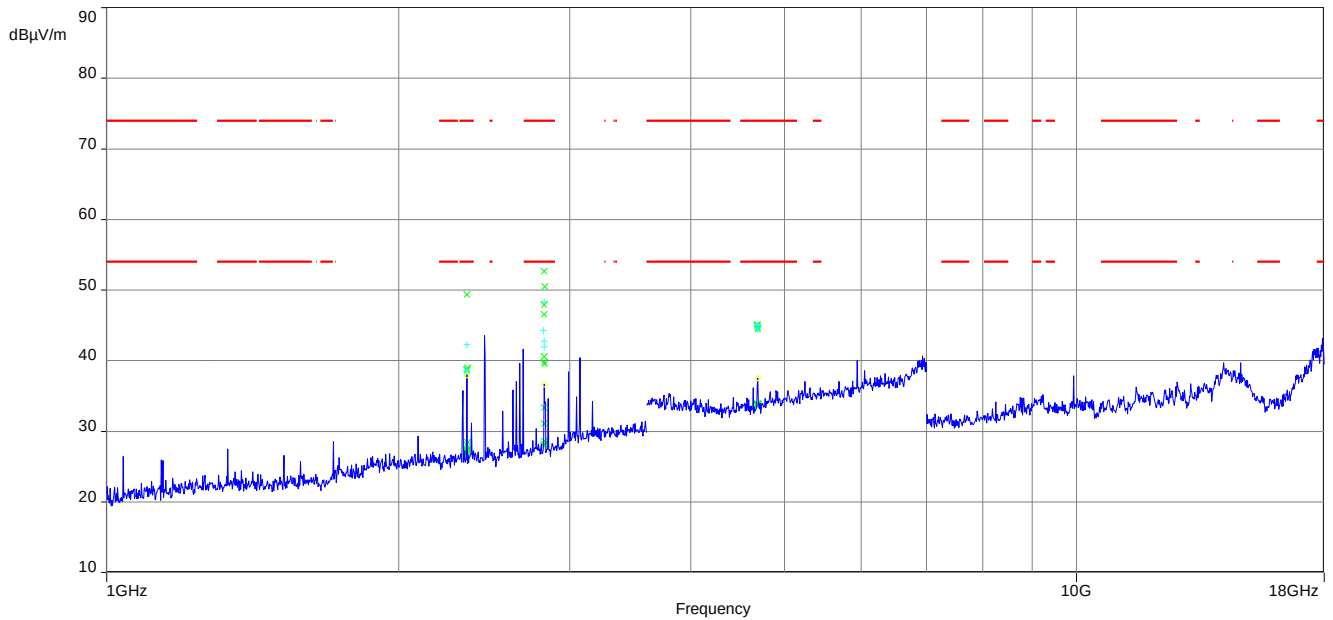
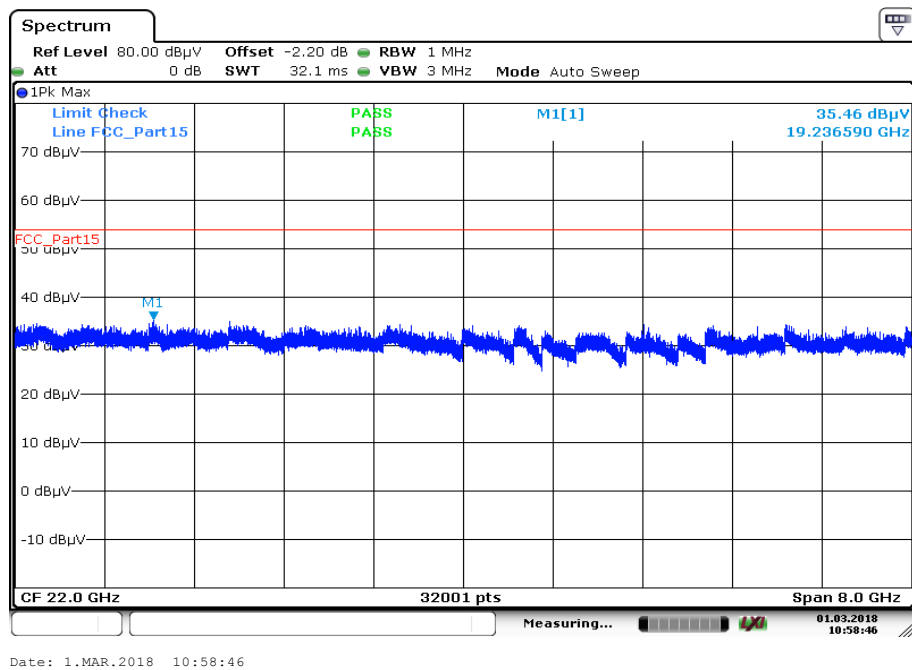
The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 4: 18 GHz to 26 GHz, TX mode, channel 39, vertical & horizontal polarization

Plot 5: 1 GHz to 18 GHz, TX mode, channel 78, vertical & horizontal polarization

The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 6: 18 GHz to 26 GHz, TX mode, channel 78, vertical & horizontal polarization

Plots: Receiver mode**Plot 1:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz, RX / idle – mode, vertical & horizontal polarization**Plot 2:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz, RX / idle – mode, vertical & horizontal polarization

Annex A Glossary

EUT	Equipment under test
DUT	Device under test
UUT	Unit under test
GUE	GNSS User Equipment
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
EN	European Standard
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FCC ID	Company Identifier at FCC
IC	Industry Canada
PMN	Product marketing name
HMN	Host marketing name
HVIN	Hardware version identification number
FVIN	Firmware version identification number
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
HW	Hardware
SW	Software
Inv. No.	Inventory number
S/N or SN	Serial number
C	Compliant
NC	Not compliant
NA	Not applicable
NP	Not performed
PP	Positive peak
QP	Quasi peak
AVG	Average
OC	Operating channel
OCW	Operating channel bandwidth
OBW	Occupied bandwidth
OOB	Out of band
DFS	Dynamic frequency selection
CAC	Channel availability check
OP	Occupancy period
NOP	Non occupancy period
DC	Duty cycle
PER	Packet error rate
CW	Clean wave
MC	Modulated carrier
WLAN	Wireless local area network
RLAN	Radio local area network
DSSS	Dynamic sequence spread spectrum
OFDM	Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
FHSS	Frequency hopping spread spectrum

Annex B Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
-/-	Initial release	2018-03-12

Annex C Accreditation Certificate

first page	last page
 Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection 1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition Accreditation  The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH attests that the testing laboratory CTC advanced GmbH Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 to carry out tests in the following fields: Telecommunication The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 02.06.2017 with the accreditation number D-PL-12076-01 and is valid until 21.04.2021. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 43 pages. Registration number of the certificate: D-PL-12076-01-03 Frankfurt, 02.06.2017  Dipl.-Ing. (FH) Ralf Böhrer Head of Division See notes enclosed.	Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Office Berlin Spittelmarkt 10 10117 Berlin Office Frankfurt am Main Europa-Allee 52 60327 Frankfurt am Main Office Braunschweig Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkKS). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf. No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAkKS. The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 2625) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European Union L 218 of 9 July 2008, p. 30). DAkKS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations. The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites: EA: www.european-accreditation.org ILAC: www.ilac.org IAF: www.iaf.nu

Note: The current certificate annex is published on the website (link see below) of the Accreditation Body DAkKS or may be received by CTC advanced GmbH on request

<http://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-03.pdf>