

TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-9154/19-01-06

Testing laboratory

CTC advanced GmbH

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Accredited Testing Laboratory:

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate starting with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01.

Applicant

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Test standard/s

FCC - Title 47 CFR Part 15 FCC - Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices

RSS - 247 Issue 2 Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

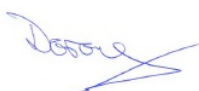
For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item: **Radio-Navigation-System**
Model name: **AIVIH61L2**
FCC ID: **YBN-AIVIH61L2**
IC: **9595A-AIVIH61L2**
Frequency: DTS band 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz
Technology tested: WLAN
Antenna: Integrated antenna
Power supply: 13.5 V DC by vehicle battery
Temperature range: -30°C to 70°C

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

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2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2019-11-22
Date of receipt of test item:	2019-11-22
Start of test:	2019-11-25
End of test:	2019-12-04
Person(s) present during the test:	-/-

2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

3 Test standard/s, references and accreditations

Test standard	Date	Description
FCC - Title 47 CFR Part 15		FCC - Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - Gen Issue 5	April 2018	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification - General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus
RSS - 247 Issue 2	February 2017	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

Guidance	Version	Description
KDB 558074 D01	v05r02	GUIDANCE FOR COMPLIANCE MEASUREMENTS ON DIGITAL TRANSMISSION SYSTEM, FREQUENCY HOPPING SPREAD SPECTRUM SYSTEM, AND HYBRID SYSTEM DEVICES OPERATING UNDER SECTION 15.247 OF THE FCC RULES
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

Accreditation	Description
D-PL-12076-01-04	Telecommunication and EMC Canada https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-04.pdf
D-PL-12076-01-05	Telecommunication FCC requirements https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-05.pdf


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4 Test environment

Temperature :	T_{nom}	22 °C during room temperature tests
	T_{max}	No tests under extreme temperature conditions required.
	T_{min}	No tests under extreme temperature conditions required.
Relative humidity content :		55 %
Barometric pressure :		1021 hpa
Power supply :	V_{nom}	13.5 V DC by vehicle battery
	V_{max}	No tests under extreme voltage conditions required.
	V_{min}	No tests under extreme voltage conditions required.

5 Test item

Kind of test item :	Radio-Navigation-System	
Model name :	AIVIH61L2	
HMN :	-/-	
PMN :	AIVIH61L2	
HVIN :	AIVIH61L2	
FVIN :	-/-	
S/N serial number :	Rad.	2656323 2591A9FVOC A 283C33692E 001 001 40K
	Cond.	2656321 2591A9FVOC A 283C33692E 001 001 40K
Hardware status :	001	
Software status :	2011 (283C33692E)	
Frequency band :	DTS band 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz	
Type of radio transmission :	DSSS, OFDM	
Use of frequency spectrum :		
Type of modulation :	CCK, (D)BPSK, (D)QPSK, 16 – QAM, 64 – QAM	
Number of channels :	11	
Antenna :	Integrated antenna	
Power supply :	13.5 V DC by vehicle battery	
Temperature range :	-30°C to 70°C	

6 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

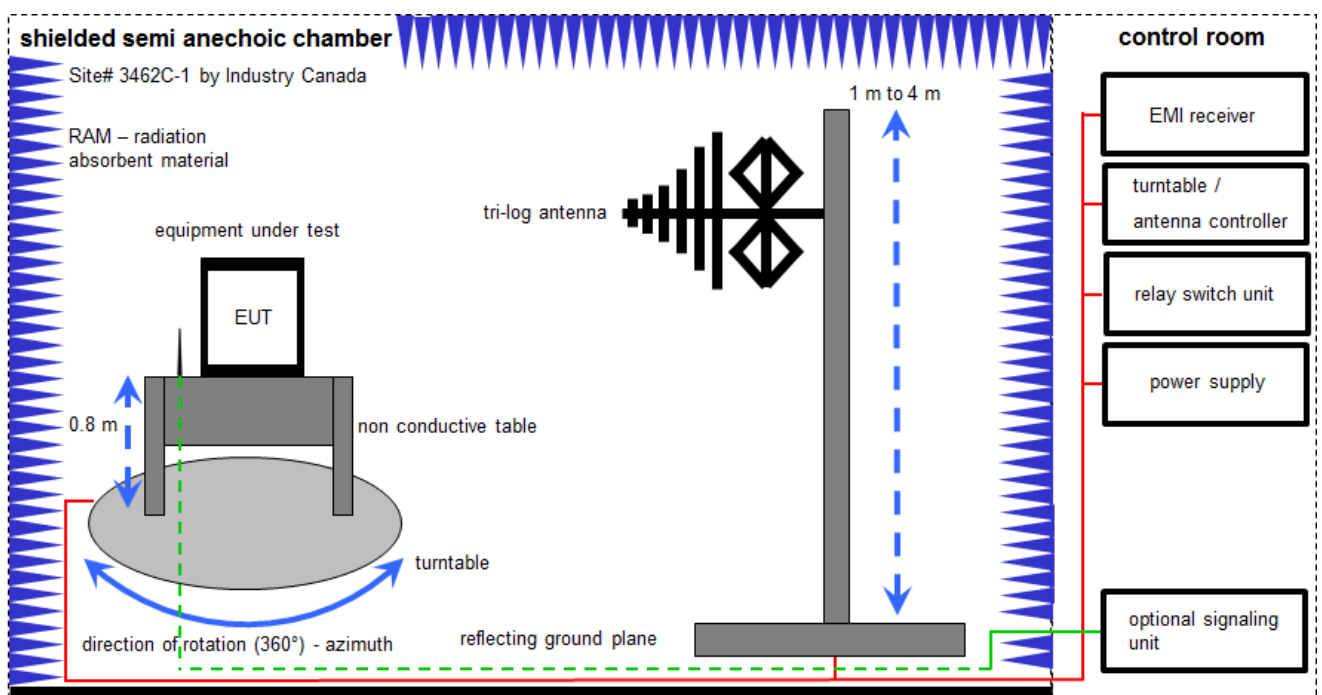
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vlk!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

6.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter; EMC32 software version: 10.30.0

FS = UR + CL + AF (FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

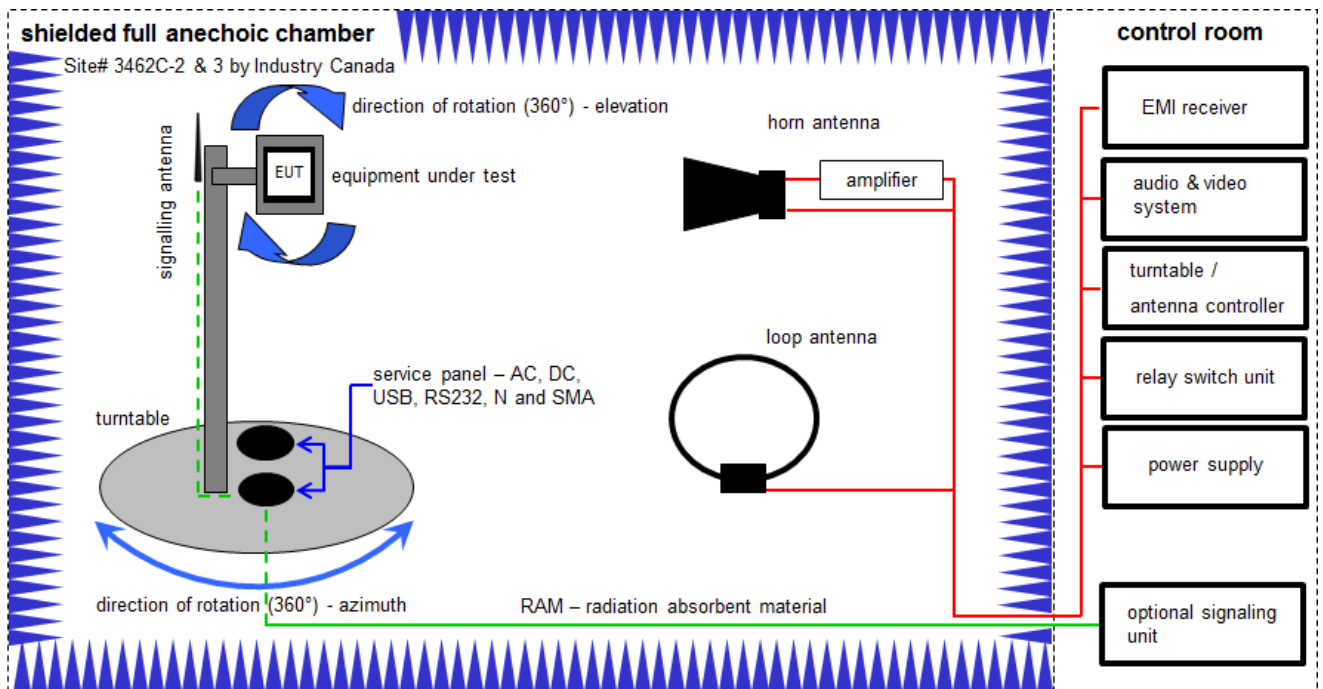
Example calculation:

FS [dBμV/m] = 12.35 [dBμV/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dBμV/m] (35.69 μV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	DC power supply, 60Vdc, 50A, 1200 W	6032A	HP	2920A04466	300000580	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A	Meßkabine 1	HF-Absorberhalle	MWB AG 300023	-/-	300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
4	A	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
5	A	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
6	A	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
7	A	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck Mess - Elektronik	371	300003854	vIKI!	24.11.2017	23.11.2020
8	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	Rohde & Schwarz	102587	300005771	k	21.05.2019	20.05.2020

6.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter / 1 meter

FS = UR + CA + AF (FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

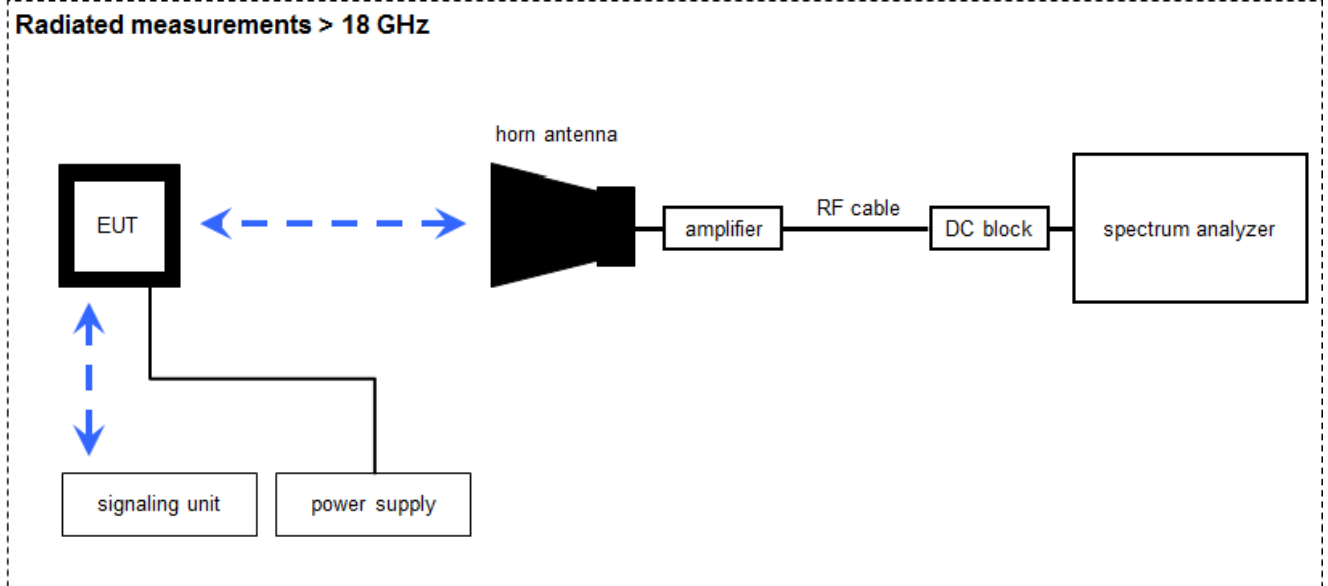
Example calculation:

FS [dBμV/m] = 40.0 [dBμV/m] + (-35.8) [dB] + 32.9 [dB/m] = 37.1 [dBμV/m] (71.61 μV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A, B, C	DC power supply, 60Vdc, 50A, 1200 W	6032A	HP	2818A03450	300001040	vIKI!	12.12.2017	11.12.2020
2	A	Active Loop Antenna 9 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	vIKI!	13.06.2019	12.06.2021
3	A, B, C	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev	-/-	-/-
4	B, C	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9107-3697	300001605	vIKI!	27.02.2019	26.02.2021
5	A, B, C	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	*	300000199	ne	-/-	-/-
6	C	Band Reject filter	WRCG2400/2483-2375/2505-50/10SS	Wainwright	11	300003351	ev	-/-	-/-
7	A, B, C	EMI Test Receiver 20Hz- 26,5GHz	ESU26	R&S	100037	300003555	k	14.09.2018	13.12.2019
8	B, C	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22049	300004481	ev	-/-	-/-
9	A, B, C	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000037	300004509	ne	-/-	-/-
10	A, B, C	NEXIO EMV-Software	BAT EMC V3.19.1.9	EMCO	-/-	300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
11	A, B, C	PC	ExOne	F+W	-/-	300004703	ne	-/-	-/-
12	B, C	RF-Amplifier	AMF-6F06001800-30-10P-R	NARDA-MITEQ Inc	2011572	300005241	ev	-/-	-/-

6.3 Radiated measurements > 18 GHz



Measurement distance: horn antenna 50 cm

$$FS = UR + CA + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss signal path & distance correction; AF-antenna factor)

Example calculation:

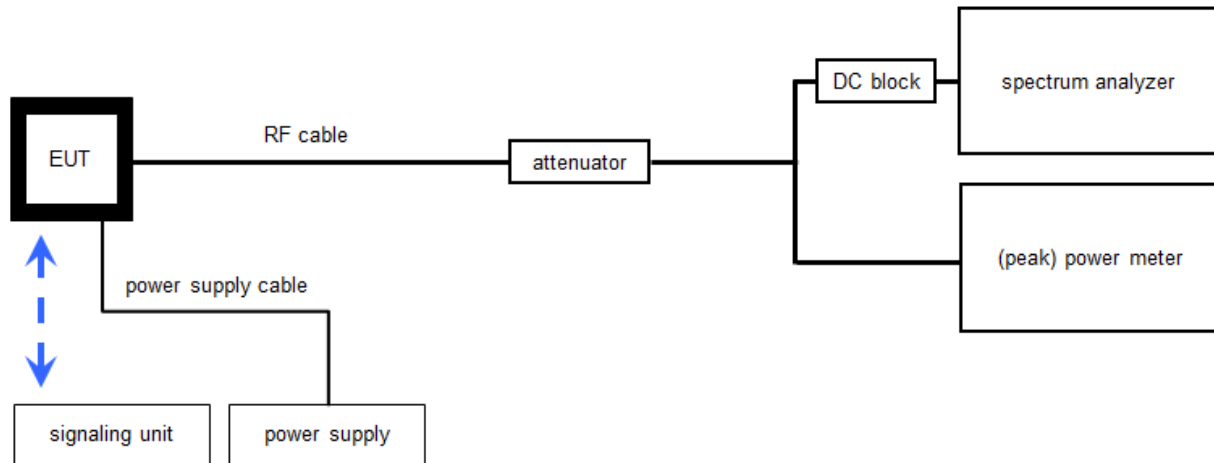
$$FS \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} = 40.0 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} + (-60.1) \text{ [dB]} + 36.74 \text{ [dB/m]} = 16.64 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} \text{ (6.79 } \mu\text{V/m)}$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Microwave System Amplifier, 0.5-26.5 GHz	83017A	HP	00419	300002268	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0-26.5 GHz	638	Narda	01096	300000486	vIKI!	13.12.2017	12.12.2019
3	A	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	17.12.2018	16.12.2019
4	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAM/SMAM/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 600918	400001182	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet	-/-	400001185	ev	-/-	-/-

6.4 Conducted measurements with peak power meter & spectrum analyzer

Conducted measurements normal conditions



WLAN tester version: 1.1.13; LabView2015

OP = AV + CA
 (OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:

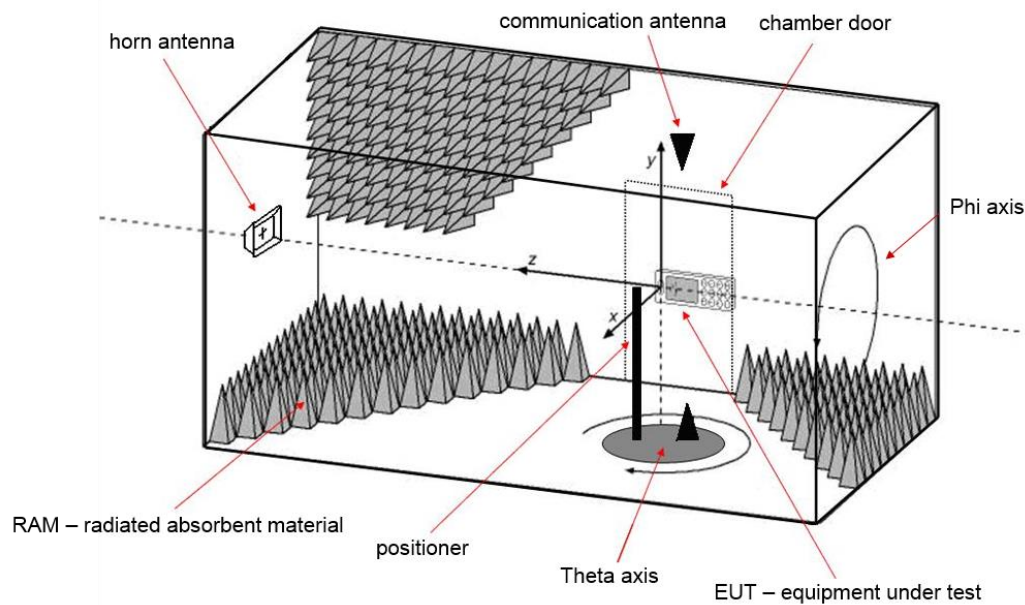
OP [dBm] = 6.0 [dBm] + 11.7 [dB] = 17.7 [dBm] (58.88 mW)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A, B	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet		400001185	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A, B	Hygro-Thermometer	-/-, 5-45°C, 20-100%rF	Thies Clima	-/-	400000108	ev	11.05.2018	10.05.2020
3	A, B	PC Tester R005	Intel Core i3 3220/3,3 GHz, Prozessor	-/-	2V2403033A4523	300004589	ne	-/-	-/-
4	A	USB Wideband Power Sensor (50MHz - 18GHz)	U2021XA	Keysight	MY591900010	300005802	k	11.06.2019	10.06.2020
5	A, B	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm /60	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 606844	400001181	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A, B	Coax Attenuator 10 dB 2W 0-40 GHz	MCL BW-K10-2W44+	Mini Circuits	-/-	400001186	ev	-/-	-/-
7	A, B	Synchron Power Meter	SPM-4	CTC	1	300005580	ev	-/-	-/-
8	A, B	DC Power Supply	HMP2020	Rohde & Schwarz	102850	300005517	vKI!	14.12.2017	13.12.2019
9	A, B	Tester Software RadioStar (C.BER2 for BT Conformance)	Version 1.0.0.X	CTC advanced GmbH	0001	400001380	ne	-/-	-/-
10	B	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	17.12.2018	16.12.2019

6.5 Shielded fully anechoic chamber

OTA – over the air performance



EM Quest software version: 1.0.7.0

$$OP = AV + D - G + CA$$

(OP-radiated output power; AV-analyzer value; D-free field attenuation of measurement distance;
G-antenna gain+amplifier gain; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:

$$OP \text{ [dBm]} = -40.0 \text{ [dBm]} + 49.9 \text{ [dB]} - 12.4 \text{ [dBi]} + 9 \text{ [dB]} = 6.5 \text{ [dBm]} \text{ (4.47 mW)}$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch Unit	TS-RSP	R&S	100155	300003281	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	CTIA-Chamber	CTIA-Chamber AMS 8500	ETS-Lindgren Finland	-/-	300003327	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A	CTIA-Chamber - Positioning Equipment	CTIA-Chamber - Positioning Equipment	EMCO/2	-/-	300003328	ne	-/-	-/-
4	A	CTIA-Chamber - Software	CTIA-Chamber - Software	EMCO/2	-/-	300003328	ne	-/-	-/-
5	A	CTIA-Chamber - Antenna	3164-04	EMCO/2	00041915	300003328	ne	-/-	-/-
6	A	Spectrum Analyzer 9kHz - 30 GHz	FSP30	R&S	100623	300003464	vKI!	13.12.2018	12.12.2020

7 Sequence of testing

7.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, it is placed on a table with 0.8 m height.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement*

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the pre-measurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°.
- Loop antenna is rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. (For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT)
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

^{*)}Note: The sequence will be repeated three times with different EUT orientations.

7.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position $\pm 45^\circ$ and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

7.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

7.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

8 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty		
Test case	Uncertainty	
Antenna gain	± 3 dB	
Power spectral density	± 1.15 dB	
DTS bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)	
Occupied bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)	
Maximum output power conducted	± 1.15 dB	
Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted	± 1.15 dB	
Band edge compliance radiated	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions conducted	> 3.6 GHz	± 1.15 dB
	> 7 GHz	± 1.15 dB
	> 18 GHz	± 1.89 dB
	≥ 40 GHz	± 3.12 dB
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB	
Spurious emissions conducted below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	± 2.6 dB	

9 Summary of measurement results

☒	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
☐	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
☐	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 15; RSS - 247 Issue 2	See table!	2019-12-17	-/-

Test specification clause	Test case	Guideline	Temperature & voltage conditions	Mode	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
§15.247(b)(4) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (f)(ii)	Antenna gain	-/-	Nominal	DSSS	-/-				-/-
§15.35	Duty cycle	-/-	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	-/-				-/-
§15.247(e) RSS - 247 / 5.2 (b)	Power spectral density	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 8.4	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(a)(2) RSS - 247 / 5.2 (a)	DTS bandwidth	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 8.2	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
RSS Gen clause 4.6.1	Occupied bandwidth	-/-	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(b)(3) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (d)	Maximum output power	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 8.3.1.3	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge – cond.	-/-	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.205 RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS - Gen	Band edge compliance	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 8.7.3	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	TX spurious emissions cond.	KDB 558074 DTS clause: 8.5	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.209(a) RSS-Gen	TX spurious emissions rad. below 30 MHz	-/-	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS-Gen	TX spurious emissions rad. 30 MHz to 1 GHz	-/-	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS-Gen	TX spurious emissions rad. above 1 GHz	-/-	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.109 RSS-Gen	RX spurious emissions rad. 30 MHz to 1 GHz	-/-	Nominal	RX / idle	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.109 RSS-Gen	RX spurious emissions rad. above 1 GHz	-/-	Nominal	RX / idle	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.107(a) §15.207	Conducted emissions < 30 MHz	-/-	Nominal	DSSS OFDM	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-

Notes:

C	Compliant	NC	Not compliant	NA	Not applicable	NP	Not performed
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10 Additional information and comments

Reference documents: AIVIH61L2_External_Pictures_v1.pdf
 AIVIH61L2_Internal_Pictures_v1.pdf

Additional applicable documents: 1-9154_19-01-06_log1_conducted.pdf

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup and EUT photos are included in test report: 1-9154/19-01-01_AnnexD

Special test descriptions: None

Configuration descriptions: Labtool was provided by the customer to configure the devices for testing.

Used power settings: b-mode: 14
 g-mode: 11
 n-mode HT20: 11
 n-mode HT40: 11

Provided channels:

Channels with 20 MHz channel bandwidth:

channel number & center frequency													
channel	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
f _c / MHz	2412	2417	2422	2427	2432	2437	2442	2447	2452	2457	2462	2467	2472

Channels with 40 MHz channel bandwidth:

channel number & center frequency													
channel	-/-	-/-	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	-/-	-/-
f _c / MHz	-/-	-/-	2422	2427	2432	2437	2442	2447	2452	2457	2462	-/-	-/-

Note: The channels used for the tests are marked in bold in the list.

11 Additional EUT parameter

- Test mode:
- ☐ No test mode available
Iperf was used to ping another device with the largest support packet size
- ☒ Test mode available
Special software is used.
EUT is transmitting pseudo random data by itself
- Modulation types:
- ☒ Wide Band Modulation (None Hopping – e.g. DSSS, OFDM)
- ☐ Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)
- Antennas and transmit operating modes:
- ☒ Operating mode 1 (single antenna)
- Equipment with 1 antenna,
 - Equipment with 2 diversity antennas operating in switched diversity mode by which at any moment in time only 1 antenna is used,
 - Smart antenna system with 2 or more transmit/receive chains, but operating in a mode where only 1 transmit/receive chain is used)
- ☐ Operating mode 2 (multiple antennas, no beamforming)
- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously but without beamforming.
- ☐ Operating mode 3 (multiple antennas, with beamforming)
- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously with beamforming.
In addition to the antenna assembly gain (G), the beamforming gain (Y) may have to be taken into account when performing the measurements.

12 Measurement results

12.1 Antenna gain

Description:

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power (@ 3 MHz) in EIRP and the conducted power (@ 3 MHz) of the module.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	3 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 MHz / 10 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See chapter 6.4 – A (conducted) See chapter 6.2 – A (radiated)
Measurement uncertainty	See chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
6 dBi / > 6 dBi output power and power density reduction required	

Results:

	lowest channel	middle channel	highest channel
Conducted power / dBm Measured with DSSS modulation	8.5	7.6	7.2
Radiated power / dBm Measured with DSSS modulation	9.1	11.4	12.6
Gain [dBi] / Calculated	0.6	3.8	5.4

12.2 Identify worst case data rate

Results:

Modulation scheme / bandwidth	
DSSS / b – mode	1 Mbit/s
OFDM / g – mode	6 Mbit/s
OFDM / n HT20 – mode	MCS0
OFDM / n HT40 – mode	MCS0

* Worst case data rate or modulation scheme declared by the manufacturer

12.3 Maximum output power

Description:

Measurement of the maximum conducted peak output power. The measurements are performed using the data rate identified in the previous chapter.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to DTS clause: 8.3.1.3	
Peak power meter	
External result file(s)	1-9154_19-01-06_log1_conducted.pdf
Test setup	See chapter 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty	See chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Conducted 1.0 W / 30 dBm with an antenna gain of max. 6 dBi	

Results:

	maximum output power / dBm		
	lowest channel	middle channel	highest channel
Output power conducted DSSS / b – mode	12.1	11.4	11.0
Output power conducted OFDM / g – mode	16.7	15.9	14.9
Output power conducted OFDM / n HT20 – mode	15.9	15.1	15.0
Output power conducted OFDM / n HT40 – mode	16.7	14.5	15.0

12.4 Duty cycle

Description:

Measurement of the timing behavior.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Depends on the signal see plot
Resolution bandwidth	10 MHz
Video bandwidth	10 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
External result file(s)	1-9152_18-01-06_log1_conducted.pdf
Test setup	See chapter 6.4 – B
Measurement uncertainty	See chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
No limitation!	

Results:

T _{nom}	V _{nom}	lowest channel	middle channel	highest channel
DSSS / b – mode		100 % / 0.0 dB	100 % / 0.0 dB	100 % / 0.0 dB
OFDM / g – mode		100 % / 0.0 dB	100 % / 0.0 dB	100 % / 0.0 dB
OFDM / n HT20 – mode		100 % / 0.0 dB	100 % / 0.0 dB	100 % / 0.0 dB
OFDM / n HT40 – mode		100 % / 0.0 dB	100 % / 0.0 dB	100 % / 0.0 dB

12.5 Peak power spectral density

Description:

Measurement of the peak power spectral density of a digital modulated system. The PSD shows the strength of the variations as a function of the frequency. The measurement is repeated for both modulations at the lowest, middle and highest channel.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to DTS clause: 8.4	
Detector	Positive Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz
Span	30 MHz
Trace mode	Max. hold (allow trace to fully stabilize)
External result file(s)	1-9154_19-01-06_log1_conducted.pdf
Test setup	See chapter 6.4 – B
Measurement uncertainty	See chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
8 dBm / 3 kHz (conducted)	

Results:

calculated	peak power spectral density / dBm @ 3 kHz		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
DSSS / b – mode	-14.9	-15.5	-16.0
OFDM / g – mode	-20.9	-22.3	-22.5
OFDM / n HT20 – mode	-20.1	-19.8	-21.2
OFDM / n HT40 – mode	-23.8	-24.5	-24.8

12.6 6 dB DTS bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 6 dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to DTS clause: 8.2	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	500 kHz
Span	30 MHz / 50 MHz
Trace mode	Single count with 200 counts
External result file(s)	1-9154_19-01-06_log1_conducted.pdf
Test setup	See chapter 6.4 – B
Measurement uncertainty	See chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.	

Results:

	6 dB DTS bandwidth / kHz		
	lowest channel	middle channel	highest channel
DSSS / b – mode	10052	10052	10048
OFDM / g – mode	16540	16440	16512
OFDM / n HT20 – mode	17556	17628	17632
OFDM / n HT40 – mode	36312	36352	36360

12.7 Occupied bandwidth – 99% emission bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 99% bandwidth of the modulated signal acc. RSS-GEN.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	300 kHz
Video bandwidth	1 MHz
Span	30 MHz / 50 MHz
Measurement procedure	Measurement of the 99% bandwidth using the integration function of the analyzer
Trace mode	Single count with 200 counts
External result file(s)	1-9154_19-01-06_log1_conducted.pdf
Test setup	See chapter 6.4 – B
Measurement uncertainty	See chapter 8

Usage:

-/-	IC
OBW is necessary for Emission Designator	

Results:

	99% emission bandwidth / kHz		
	lowest channel	middle channel	highest channel
DSSS / b – mode	13287	13287	13255
OFDM / g – mode	17078	17106	17086
OFDM / n HT20 – mode	17902	17918	17906
OFDM / n HT40 – mode	36388	36436	36412

12.8 Occupied bandwidth – 20 dB bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 20 dB bandwidth of the modulated carrier.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	500 kHz
Span	30 MHz / 50 MHz
Trace mode	Single count with min. 200 counts
External result file(s)	1-9154_19-01-06_log1_conducted.pdf
Test setup	See chapter 6.4 – B
Measurement uncertainty	See chapter 8

Usage:

-/-	IC
Within the used band!	

Results:

	20 dB bandwidth / MHz		
	lowest channel	middle channel	highest channel
DSSS / b – mode	15.4	15.4	15.4
OFDM / g – mode	19.3	19.3	19.2
OFDM / n HT20 – mode	19.9	19.9	19.9
OFDM / n HT40 – mode	39.8	39.9	40.0

12.9 Spurious emissions conducted

Description:

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode. The measurement is performed at the lowest; the middle and the highest channel. The measurement is repeated for all modulations.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	500 kHz
Span	9 kHz to 25 GHz
Trace mode	Max Hold
External result file(s)	1-9154_19-01-06_log1_conducted.pdf
Test setup	See chapter 6.4 b
Measurement uncertainty	See chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 30 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required	

Results: DSSS / b – mode

TX spurious emissions conducted					
f [MHz]		amplitude of emission [dBm]	limit max. allowed emission power	actual attenuation below frequency of operation [dB]	results
Lowest channel		-2.2	30 dBm		Operating frequency
No peaks detected.			-20 dBc (peak)		compliant
			-30 dBc (average)		
Middle channel		-2.7	30 dBm		Operating frequency
No peaks detected.			-20 dBc (peak)		compliant
			-30 dBc (average)		
Highest channel		-3.5	30 dBm		Operating frequency
No peaks detected.			-20 dBc (peak)		compliant
			-30 dBc (average)		

Results: OFDM / g – mode

TX spurious emissions conducted					
f [MHz]		amplitude of emission [dBm]	limit max. allowed emission power	actual attenuation below frequency of operation [dB]	results
Lowest channel		-10.1	30 dBm		Operating frequency
No peaks detected.			-20 dBc (peak)		compliant
			-30 dBc (average)		
Middle channel		-11.3	30 dBm		Operating frequency
No peaks detected.			-20 dBc (peak)		compliant
			-30 dBc (average)		
Highest channel		-11.6	30 dBm		Operating frequency
No peaks detected.			-20 dBc (peak)		compliant
			-30 dBc (average)		

Results: OFDM / n HT20 – mode

TX spurious emissions conducted					
f [MHz]		amplitude of emission [dBm]	limit max. allowed emission power	actual attenuation below frequency of operation [dB]	results
Lowest channel		-11.4	30 dBm		Operating frequency
No peaks detected.			-20 dBc (peak)		compliant
			-30 dBc (average)		
Middle channel		-11.5	30 dBm		Operating frequency
No peaks detected.			-20 dBc (peak)		compliant
			-30 dBc (average)		
Highest channel		-11.8	30 dBm		Operating frequency
No peaks detected.			-20 dBc (peak)		compliant
			-30 dBc (average)		

Results: OFDM / n HT40 – mode

TX spurious emissions conducted					
f [MHz]		amplitude of emission [dBm]	limit max. allowed emission power	actual attenuation below frequency of operation [dB]	results
Lowest channel		-13.7	30 dBm		Operating frequency
No peaks detected.			-20 dBc (peak)		compliant
			-30 dBc (average)		
Middle channel		-14.7	30 dBm		Operating frequency
No peaks detected.			-20 dBc (peak)		compliant
			-30 dBc (average)		
Highest channel		-14.5	30 dBm		Operating frequency
No peaks detected.			-20 dBc (peak)		compliant
			-30 dBc (average)		

12.10 Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The limits are recalculated to a measurement distance of 3 m with 40 dB/decade according CFR Part 2.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Video bandwidth	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz
Span	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace mode	Max Hold
Measured modulation	☒ DSSS b – mode ☒ OFDM g – mode ☐ OFDM n HT20 – mode ☒ OFDM n HT40 – mode
Test setup	See chapter 6.2 – A
Measurement uncertainty	See chapter 8

Limits:

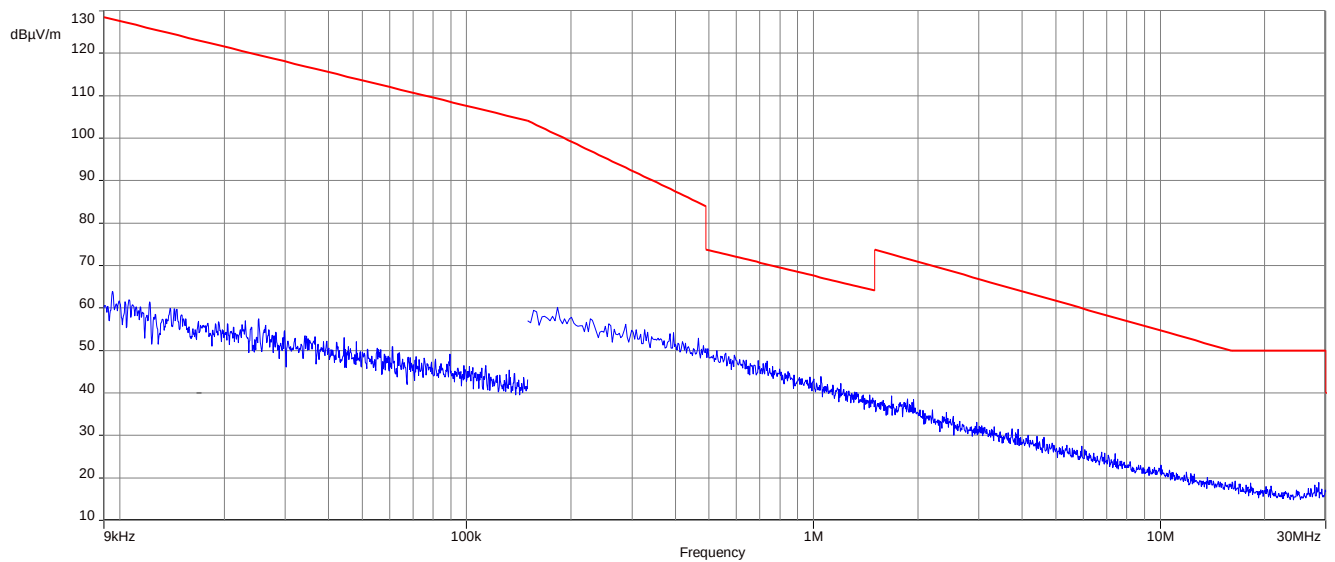
FCC		IC
Frequency / MHz	Field Strength / (dBµV / m)	Measurement distance / m
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Results:

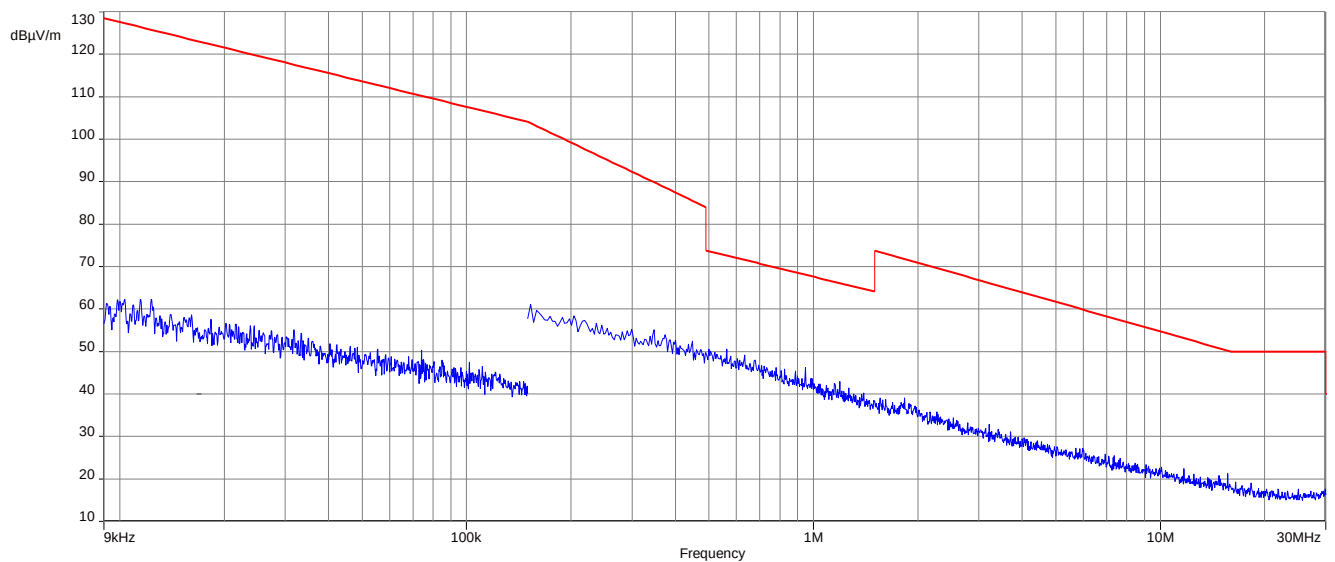
TX spurious emissions radiated < 30 MHz / (dBµV / m) @ 3 m		
Frequency / MHz	Detector	Level / (dBµV / m)
All detected peaks are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Plots: DSSS

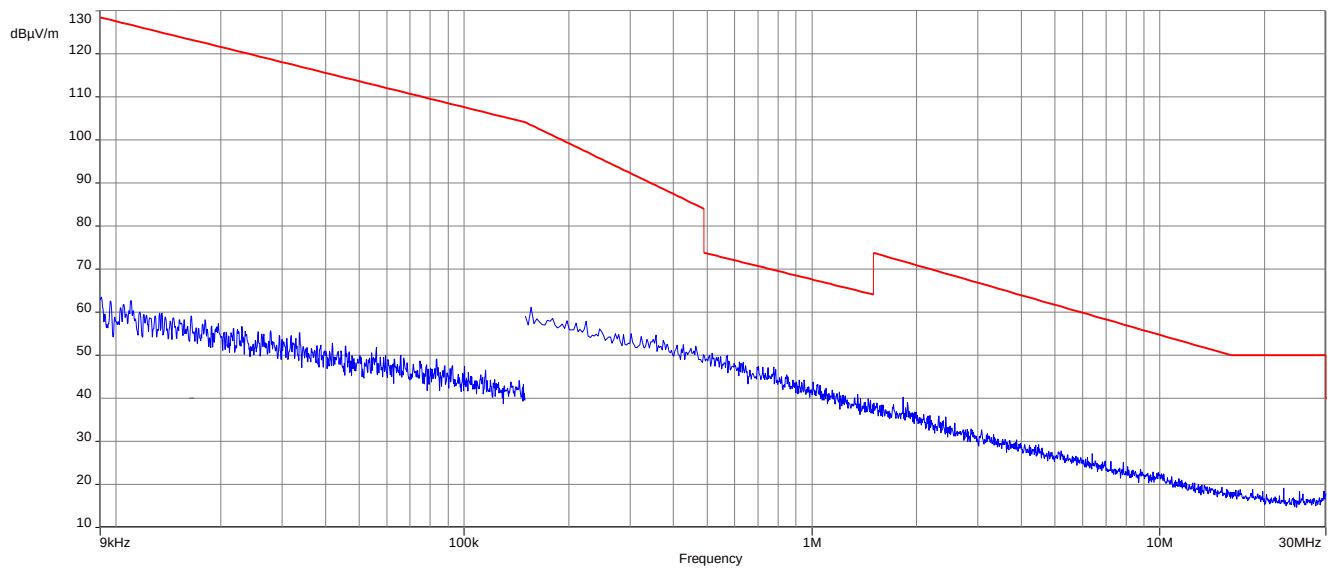
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, lowest channel



Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, middle channel

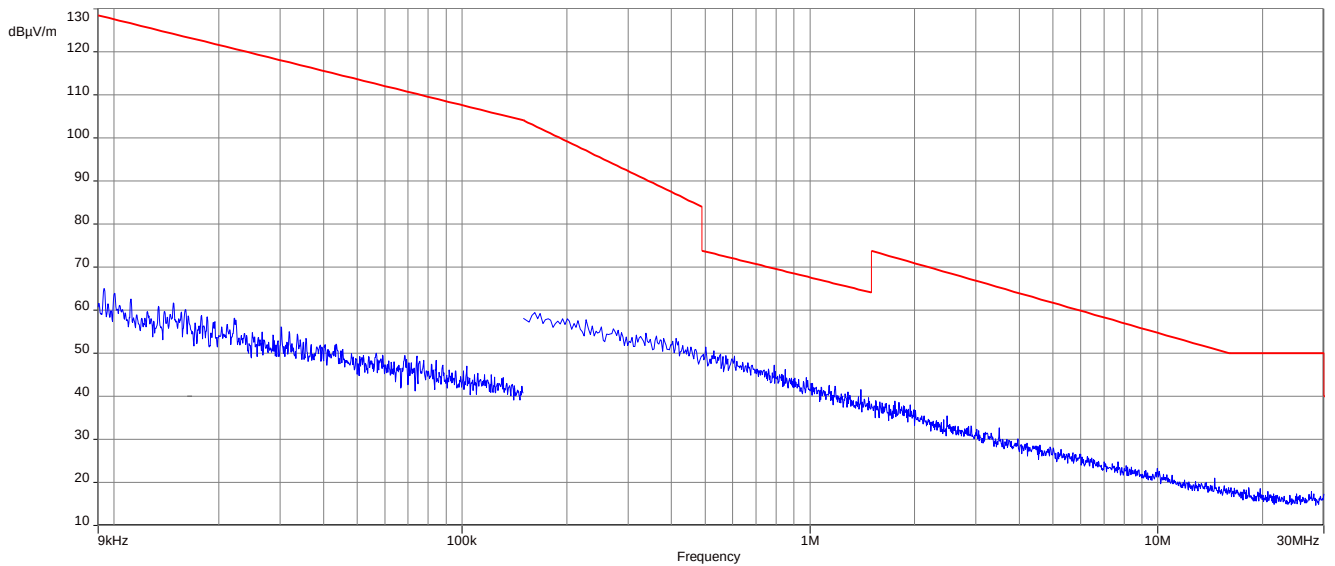


Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, highest channel

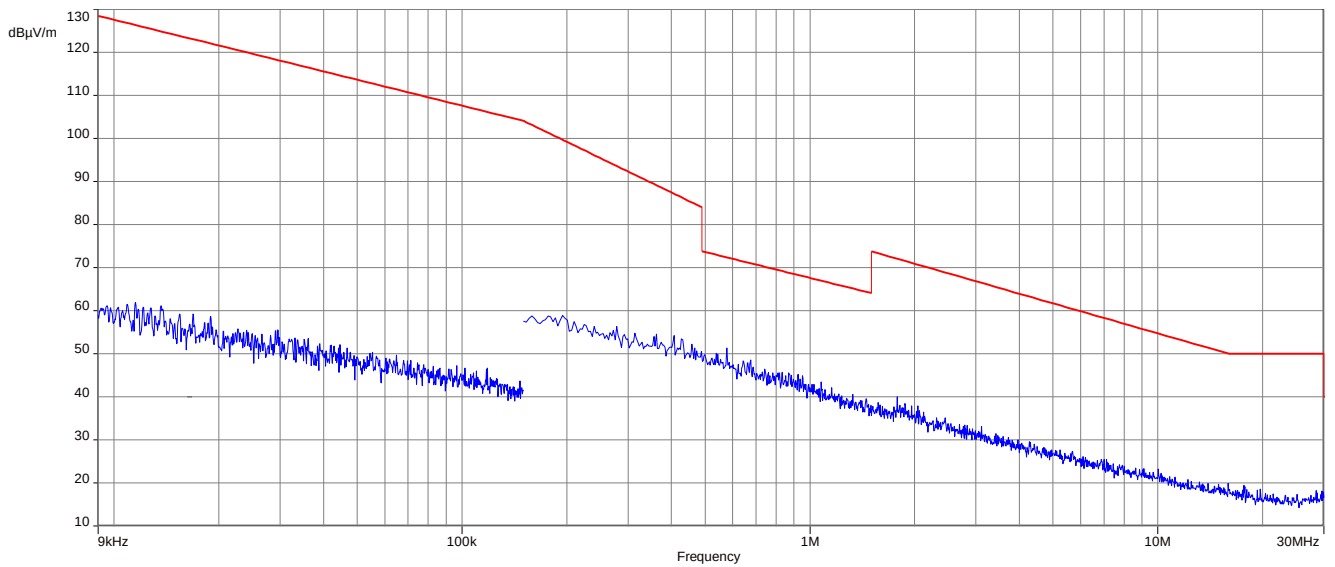


Plots: OFDM (20 MHz nominal channel bandwidth)

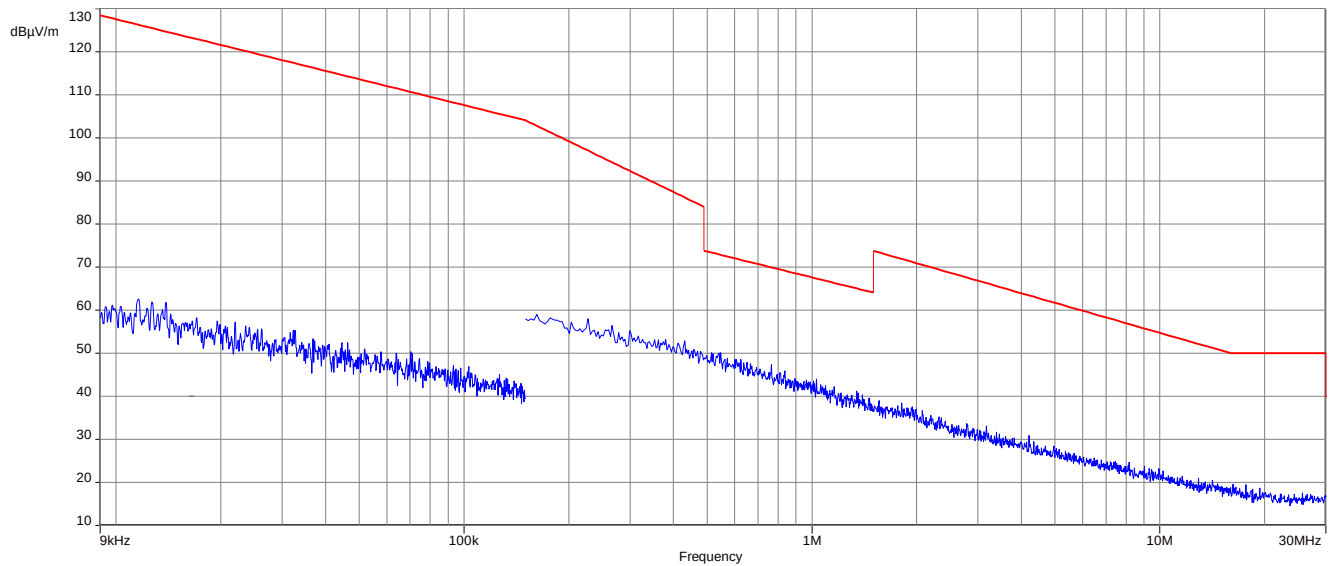
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, lowest channel



Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, middle channel

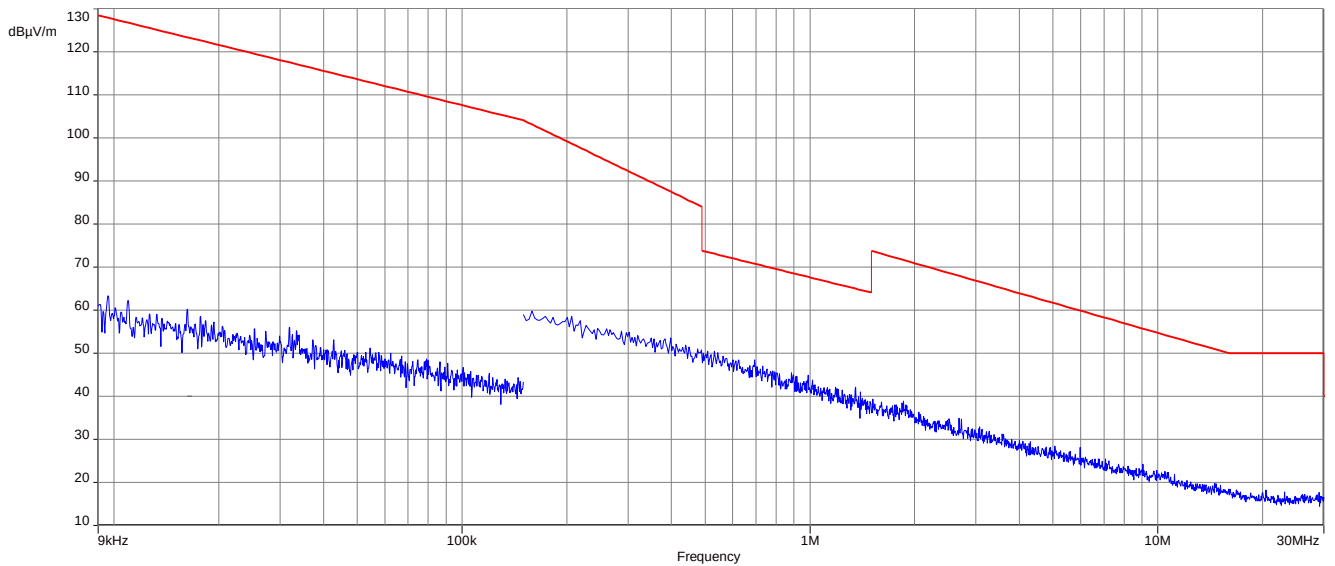


Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, highest channel

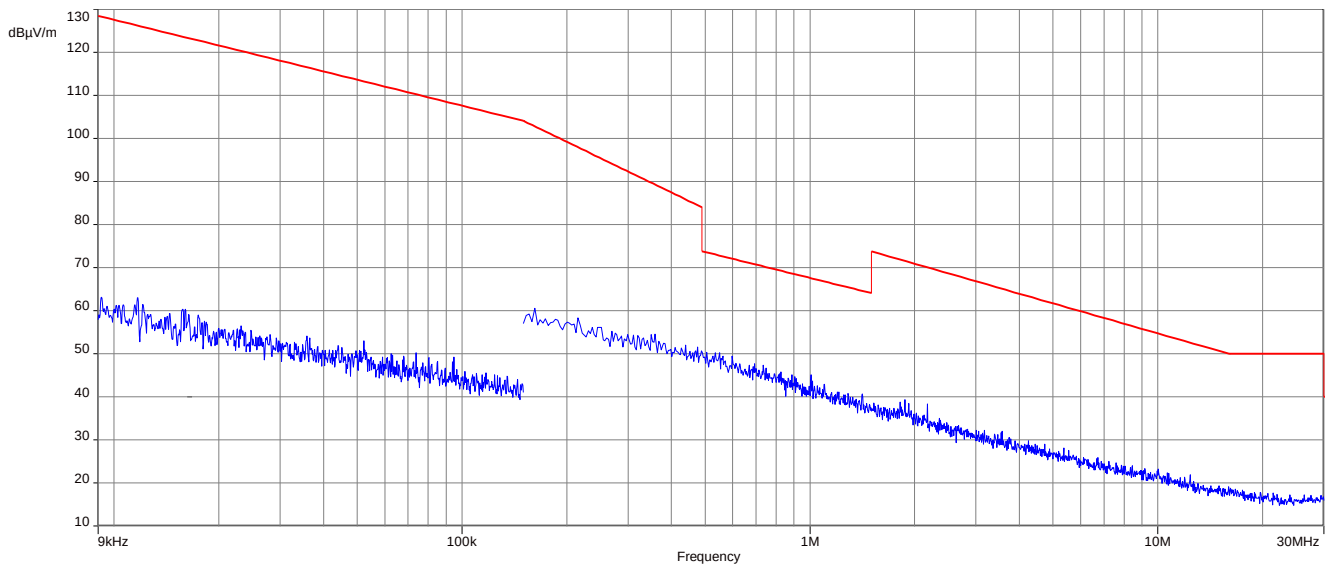


Plots: OFDM (40 MHz nominal channel bandwidth)

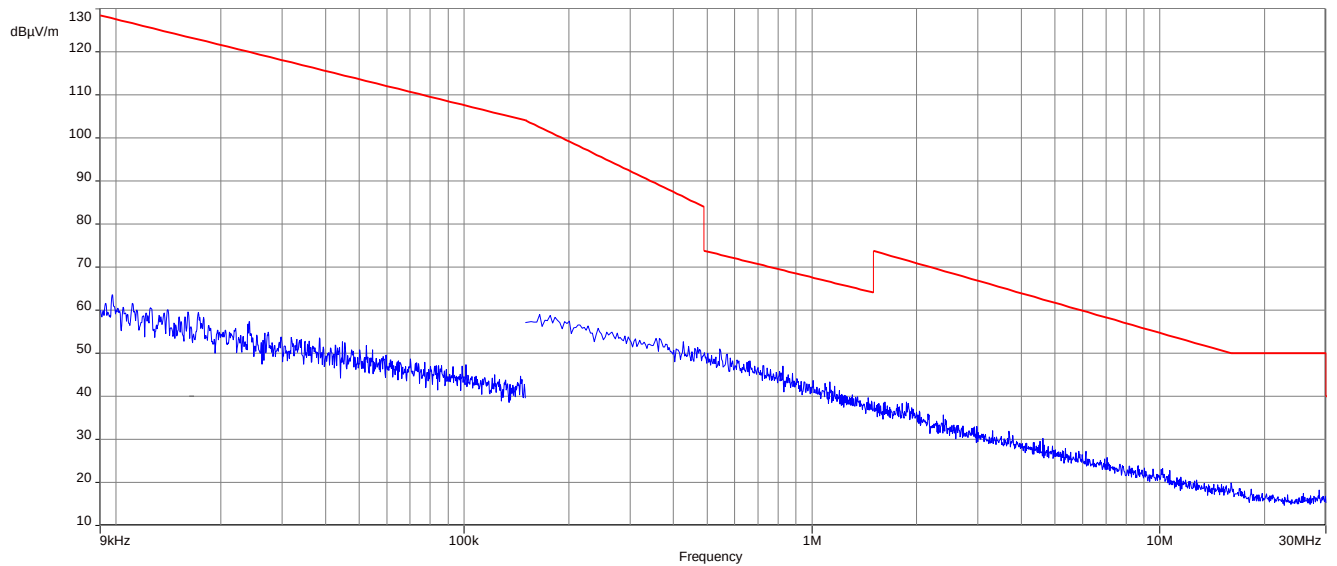
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, lowest channel



Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, middle channel



Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, highest channel



12.11 Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions and cabinet radiations below 1 GHz.

Measurement:

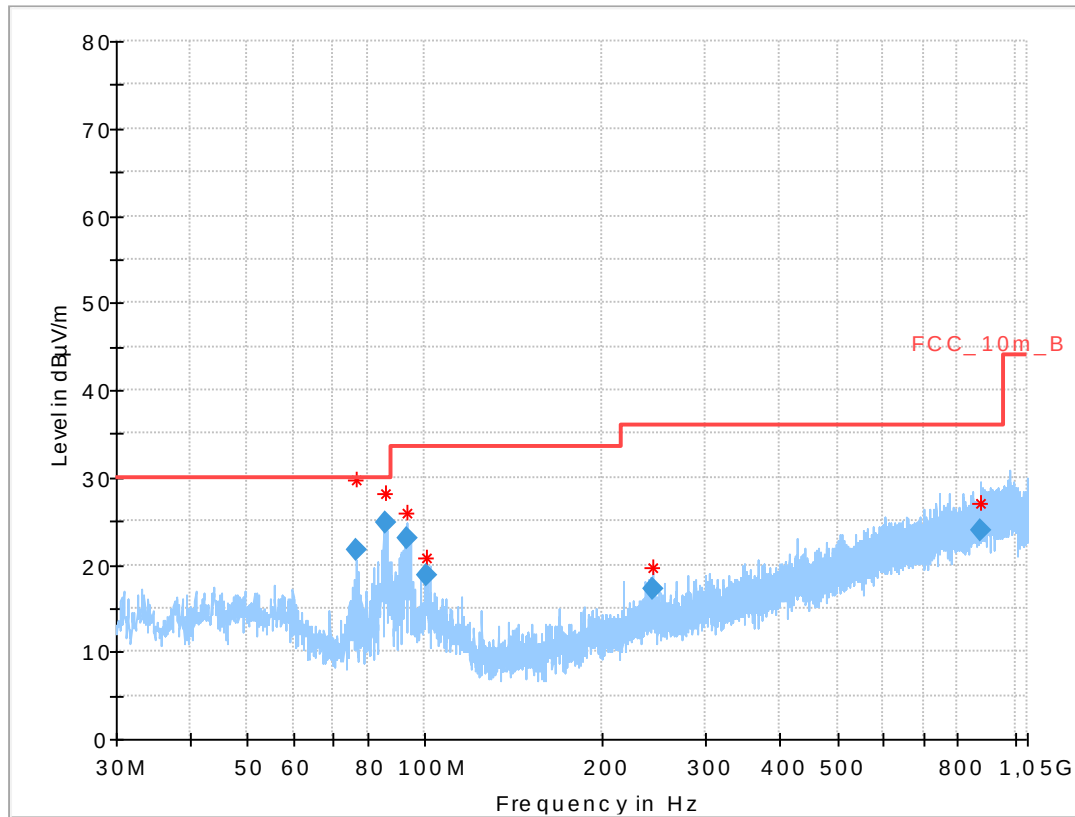
Measurement parameter	
Detector	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	120 kHz
Video bandwidth	3 x RBW
Span	30 MHz to 1 GHz
Trace mode	Max Hold
Measured modulation	☒ DSSS b – mode ☒ OFDM g – mode ☐ OFDM n HT20 – mode ☒ OFDM n HT40 – mode ☒ RX / Idle – mode
Test setup	See chapter 6.1 – A
Measurement uncertainty	See chapter 8

Limits:

FCC		IC
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
Frequency / MHz	Field Strength / (dBµV / m)	Measurement distance / m
30 – 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10

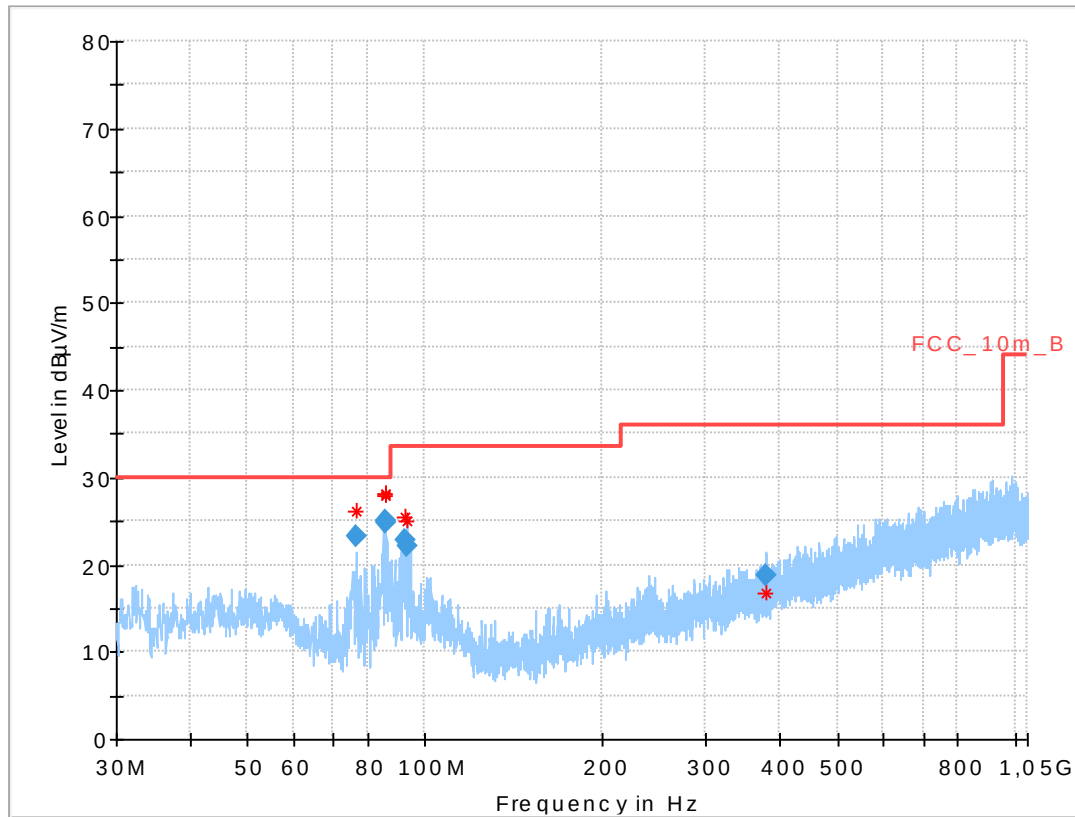
Plot: DSSS

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, lowest channel

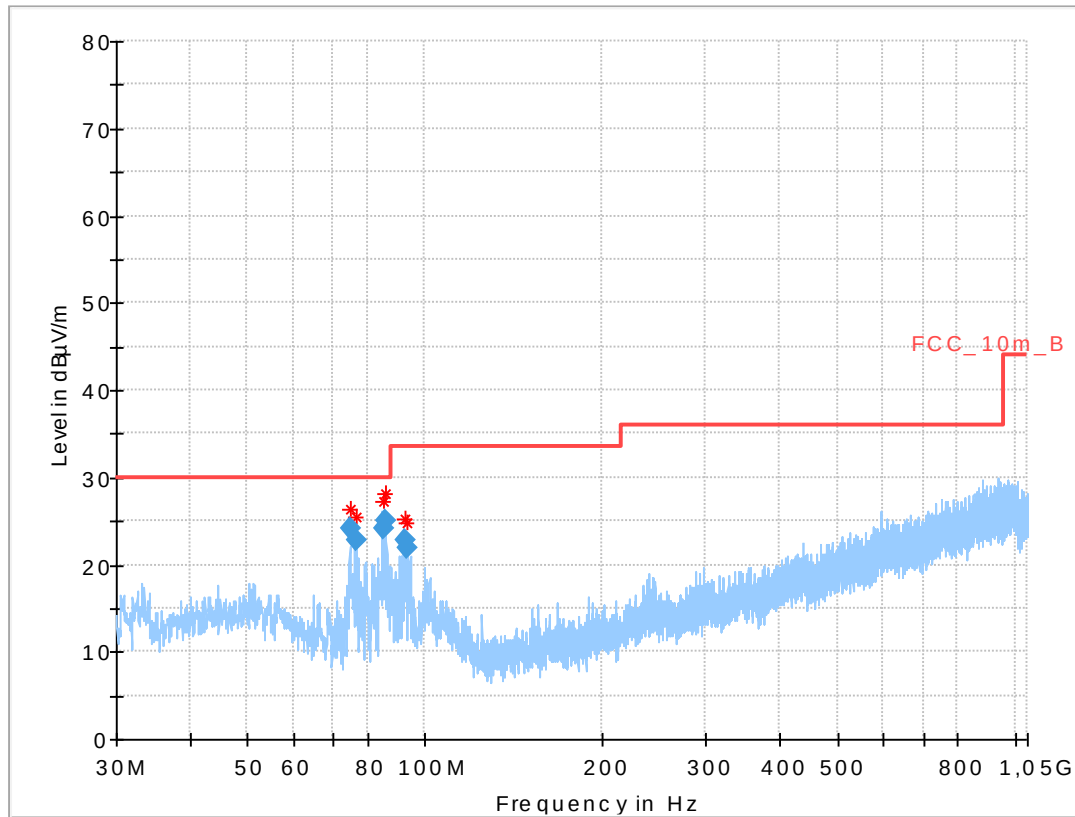


Final results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
76.563	21.59	30.0	8.41	1000	120	170.0	V	-7.0	8
85.524	24.85	30.0	5.15	1000	120	113.0	V	292.0	9
93.594	22.94	33.5	10.56	1000	120	114.0	V	202.0	11
100.661	18.82	33.5	14.68	1000	120	104.0	V	184.0	13
242.631	17.18	36.0	18.82	1000	120	101.0	V	22.0	13
874.989	23.92	36.0	12.08	1000	120	104.0	V	157.0	23

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, middle channel**Final results:**

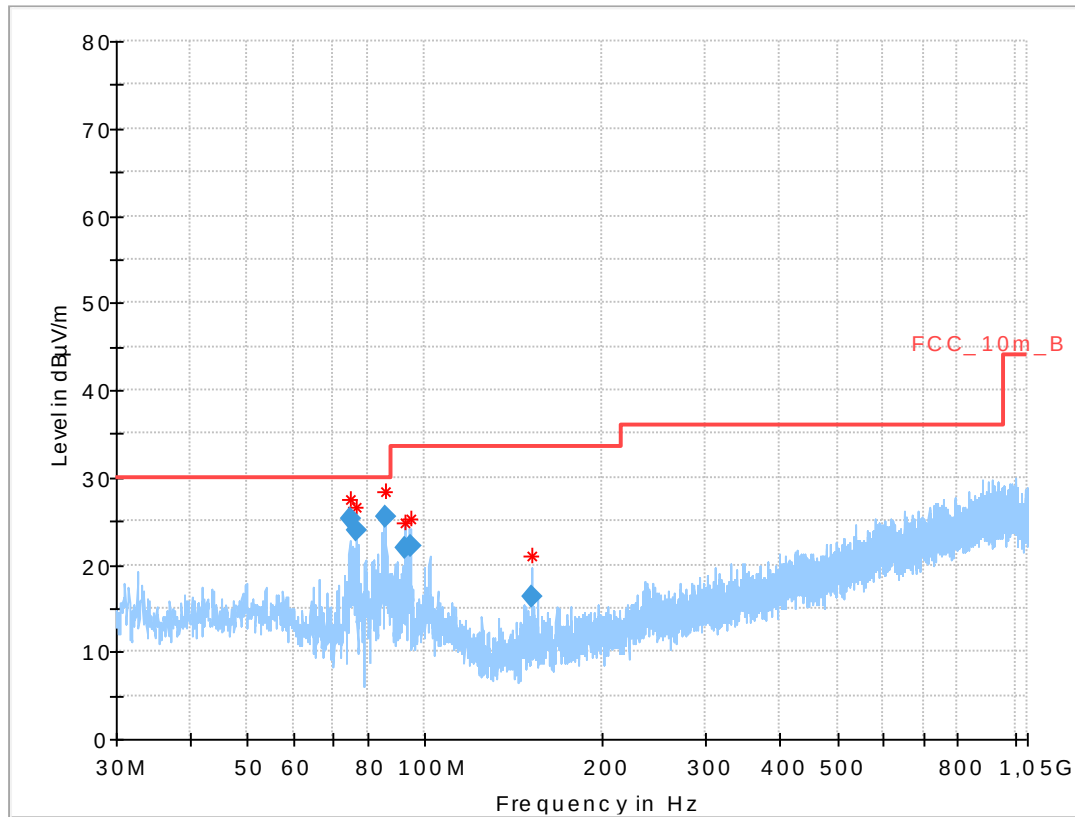
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
76.550	23.18	30.0	6.82	1000	120	170.0	V	12.0	8
85.466	25.02	30.0	4.98	1000	120	170.0	V	282.0	9
85.505	24.71	30.0	5.29	1000	120	170.0	V	162.0	9
92.398	22.85	33.5	10.65	1000	120	129.0	V	251.0	11
93.561	22.17	33.5	11.33	1000	120	109.0	V	183.0	11
379.213	18.77	36.0	17.23	1000	120	101.0	H	247.0	16

Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, highest channel**Final results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
74.573	24.16	30.0	5.84	1000	120	170.0	V	16.0	8
76.538	22.90	30.0	7.10	1000	120	170.0	V	2.0	8
84.894	24.16	30.0	5.84	1000	120	156.0	V	254.0	9
85.530	25.12	30.0	4.88	1000	120	170.0	V	252.0	9
92.398	22.84	33.5	10.66	1000	120	103.0	V	167.0	11
93.590	21.98	33.5	11.52	1000	120	117.0	V	157.0	11

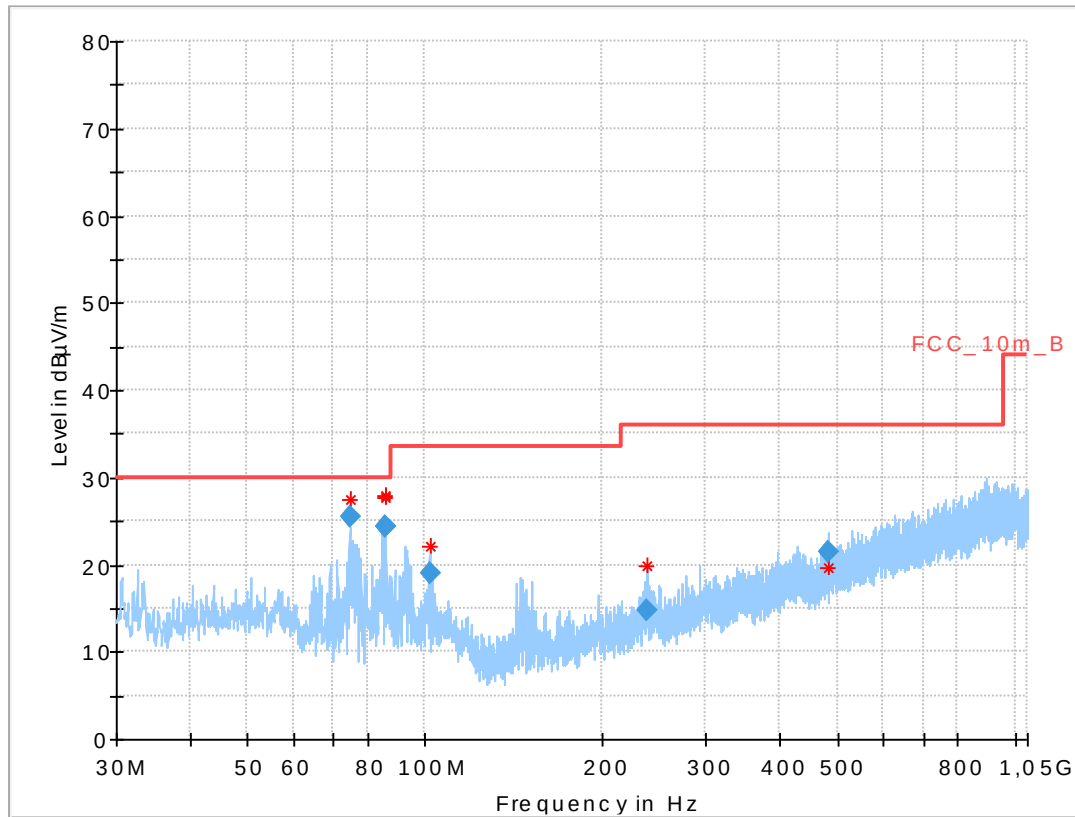
Plot: OFDM (20 MHz nominal channel bandwidth)

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, lowest channel

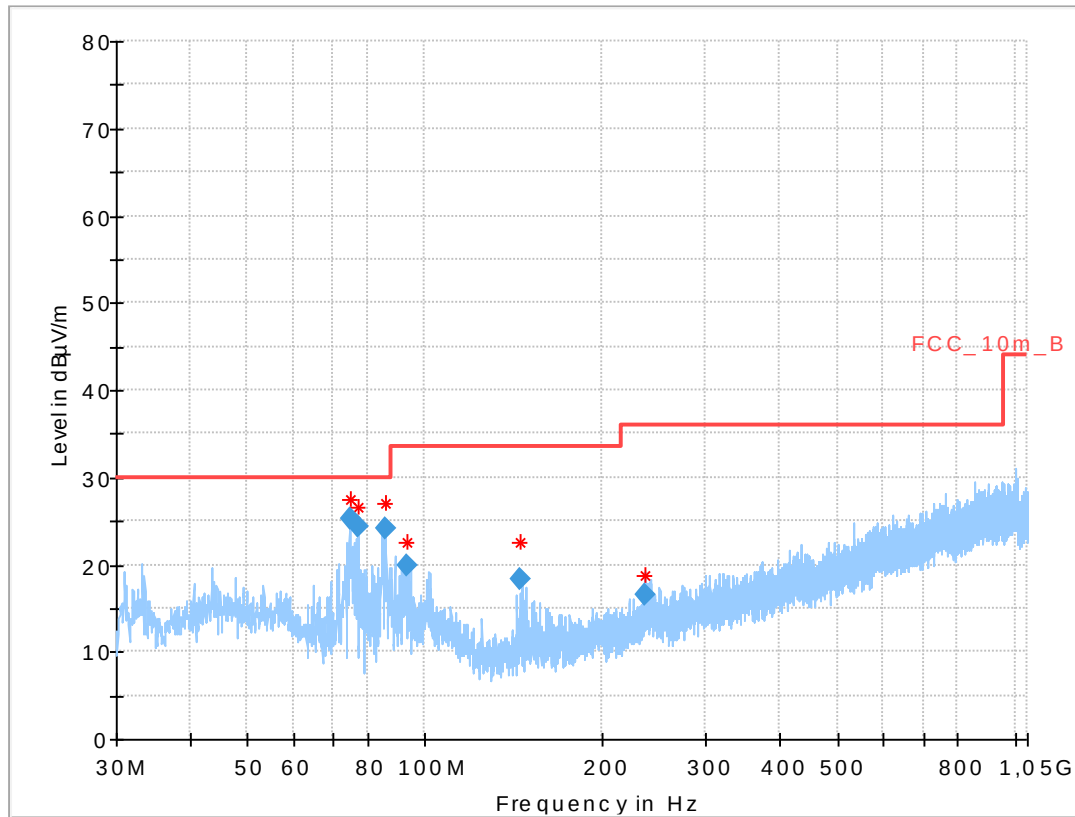


Final results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
74.563	25.15	30.0	4.85	1000	120	170.0	V	81.0	8
76.550	24.02	30.0	5.98	1000	120	170.0	V	101.0	8
85.528	25.39	30.0	4.61	1000	120	121.0	V	158.0	9
92.420	21.87	33.5	11.63	1000	120	112.0	V	157.0	11
94.394	22.04	33.5	11.46	1000	120	101.0	V	187.0	12
151.570	16.24	33.5	17.26	1000	120	170.0	V	292.0	9

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, middle channel**Final results:**

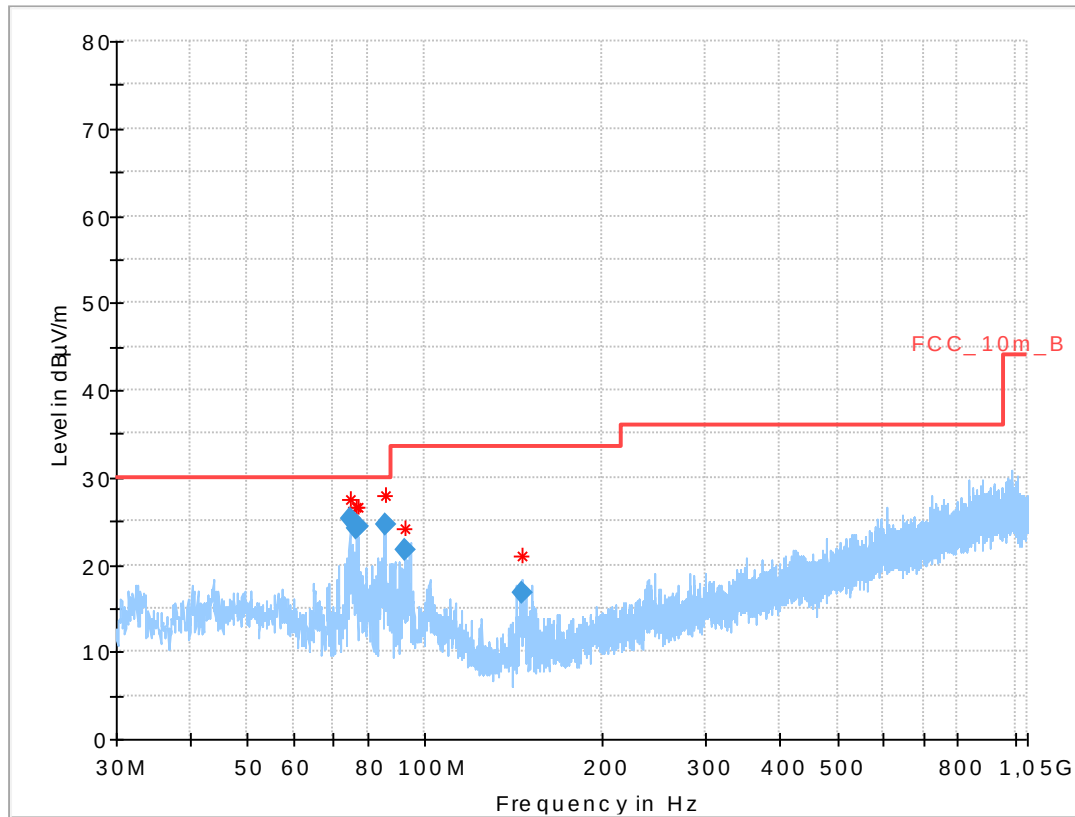
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
74.562	25.51	30.0	4.49	1000	120	170.0	V	271.0	8
85.472	24.29	30.0	5.71	1000	120	127.0	V	202.0	9
85.529	24.44	30.0	5.56	1000	120	170.0	V	189.0	9
101.898	19.09	33.5	14.41	1000	120	129.0	V	157.0	13
238.130	14.73	36.0	21.27	1000	120	170.0	V	279.0	13
482.300	21.45	36.0	14.55	1000	120	107.0	V	247.0	18

Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, highest channel**Final results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
74.563	25.23	30.0	4.77	1000	120	170.0	V	-9.0	8
77.195	24.44	30.0	5.56	1000	120	170.0	V	277.0	7
85.517	24.16	30.0	5.84	1000	120	137.0	V	202.0	9
93.584	19.97	33.5	13.53	1000	120	98.0	V	-22.0	11
145.277	18.31	33.5	15.19	1000	120	170.0	V	267.0	9
236.482	16.55	36.0	19.45	1000	120	170.0	V	292.0	13

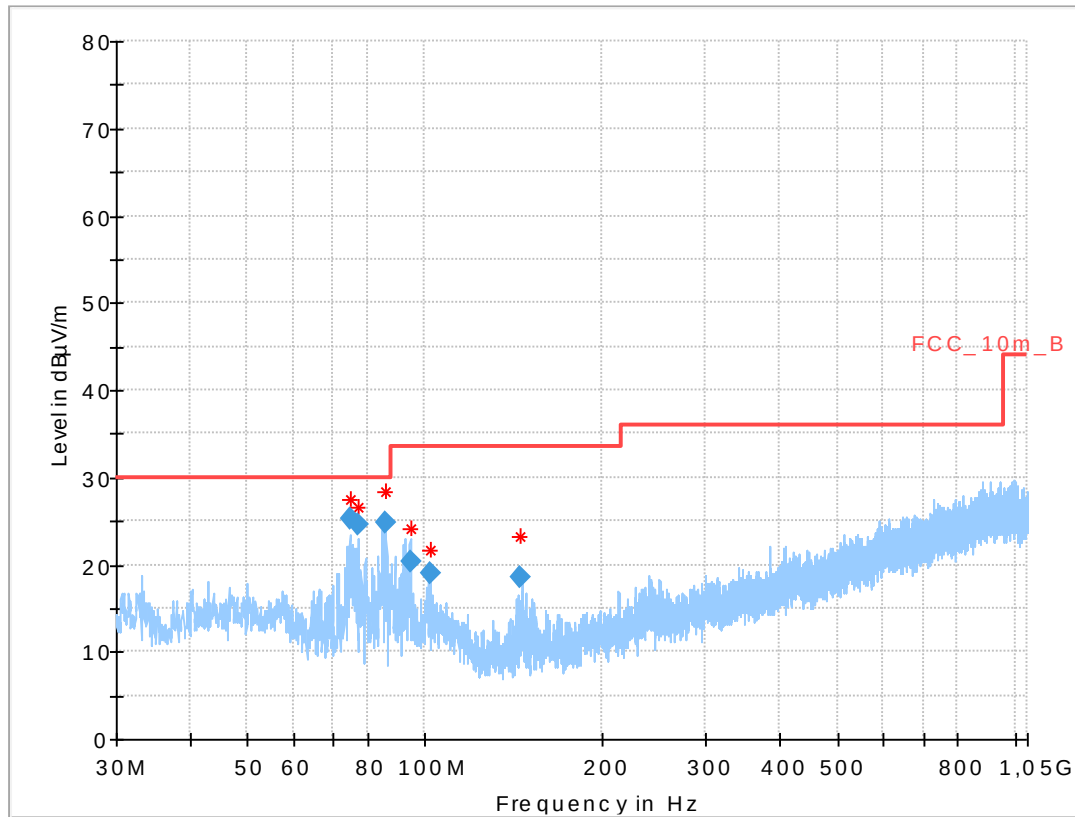
Plot: OFDM (40 MHz nominal channel bandwidth)

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, lowest channel

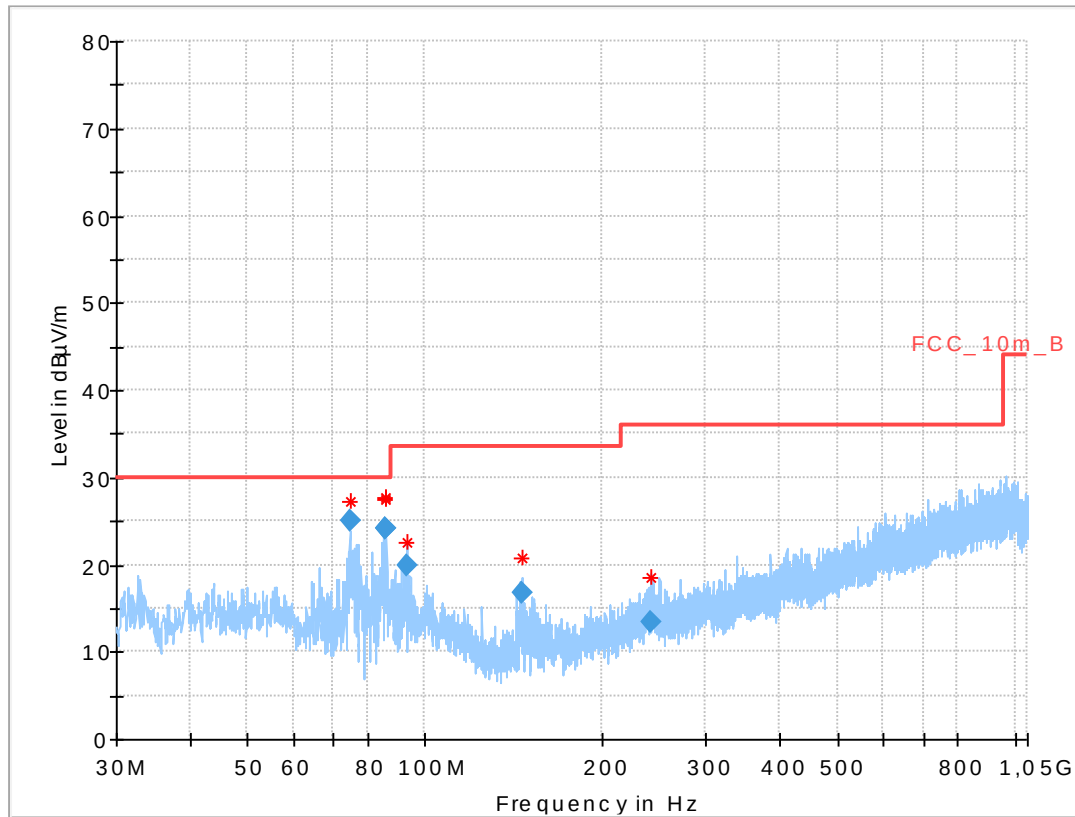


Final results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
74.552	25.27	30.0	4.73	1000	120	170.0	V	286.0	8
76.541	24.14	30.0	5.86	1000	120	170.0	V	292.0	8
77.207	24.30	30.0	5.70	1000	120	170.0	V	292.0	7
85.548	24.59	30.0	5.41	1000	120	151.0	V	183.0	9
92.402	21.72	33.5	11.78	1000	120	105.0	V	157.0	11
146.663	16.87	33.5	16.63	1000	120	170.0	V	268.0	9

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, middle channel**Final results:**

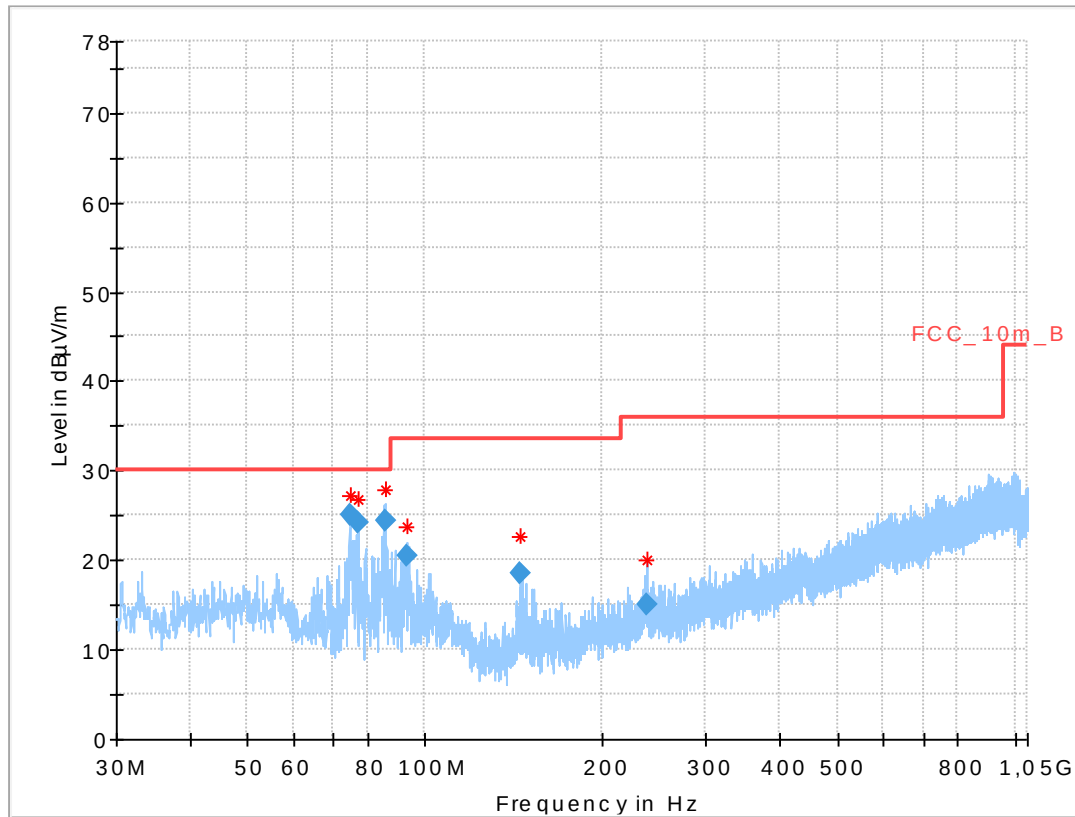
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
74.559	25.34	30.0	4.66	1000	120	170.0	V	283.0	8
77.193	24.48	30.0	5.52	1000	120	170.0	V	254.0	7
85.520	24.85	30.0	5.15	1000	120	170.0	V	170.0	9
94.395	20.40	33.5	13.10	1000	120	133.0	V	157.0	12
101.866	18.98	33.5	14.52	1000	120	102.0	V	188.0	13
145.259	18.59	33.5	14.91	1000	120	170.0	V	267.0	9

Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization, highest channel**Final results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
74.569	25.11	30.0	4.89	1000	120	170.0	V	292.0	8
85.506	24.18	30.0	5.82	1000	120	140.0	V	181.0	9
85.520	24.19	30.0	5.81	1000	120	130.0	V	172.0	9
92.959	19.93	33.5	13.57	1000	120	108.0	V	157.0	11
146.665	16.71	33.5	16.79	1000	120	170.0	V	272.0	9
241.176	13.37	36.0	22.63	1000	120	170.0	V	-11.0	13

Plot: RX / Idle mode

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization



Final results:

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
74.567	25.06	30.0	4.94	1000	120	170.0	V	-11.0	8
77.189	24.27	30.0	5.73	1000	120	165.0	V	274.0	7
85.516	24.35	30.0	5.65	1000	120	170.0	V	202.0	9
93.575	20.41	33.5	13.09	1000	120	129.0	V	157.0	11
145.242	18.53	33.5	14.97	1000	120	126.0	V	251.0	9
238.125	14.98	36.0	21.02	1000	120	98.0	V	247.0	13

12.12 Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions above 1 GHz in transmit mode and receiver / idle mode.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector	Peak / RMS
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 x RBW
Span	1 GHz to 26 GHz
Trace mode	Max Hold
Measured modulation	☒ DSSS b – mode ☒ OFDM g – mode ☐ OFDM n HT20 – mode ☒ OFDM n HT40 – mode ☒ RX / Idle – mode
Test setup	See chapter 6.2 – B (Rx-Mode), 6.2 – C (Tx-Mode) 6.3 – A
Measurement uncertainty	See chapter 8

Limits:

FCC		IC
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 30 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
Frequency / MHz	Field Strength / (dBµV / m)	Measurement distance / m
Above 960	54.0 (AVG)	3
	74.0 (peak)	

Results: DSSS

TX spurious emissions radiated / dB μ V/m @ 3 m								
lowest channel			middle channel			highest channel		
f / MHz	Detector	Level / dB μ V/m	f / MHz	Detector	Level / dB μ V/m	f / MHz	Detector	Level / dB μ V/m
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.			All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.			All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Results: OFDM (20 MHz nominal channel bandwidth)

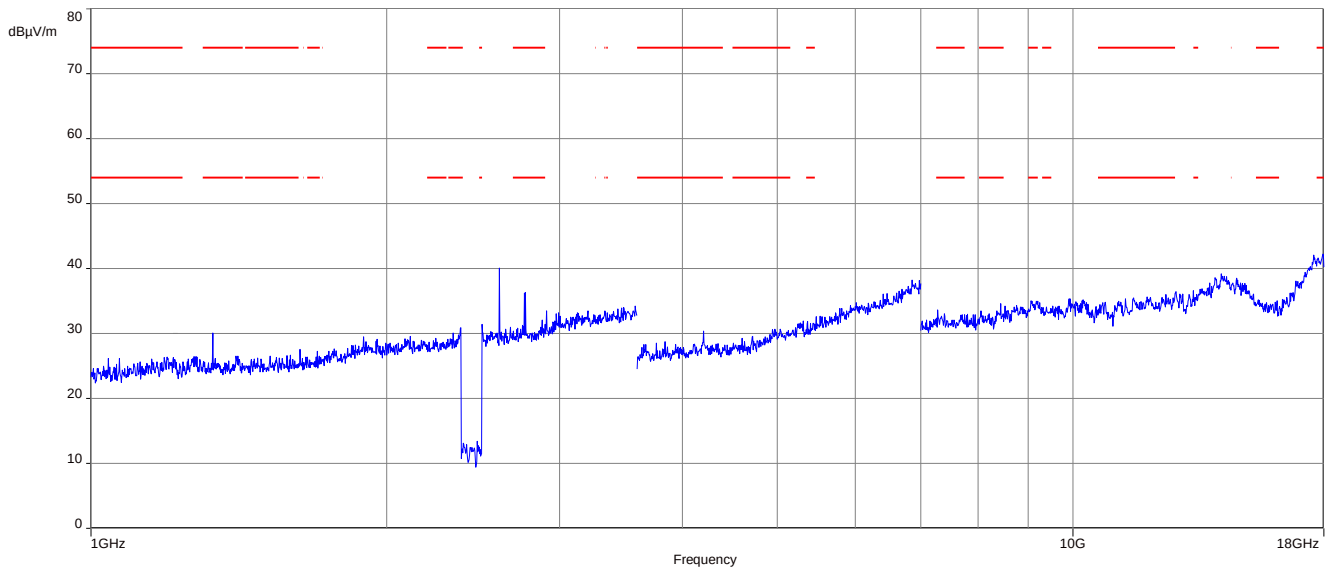
TX spurious emissions radiated / dB μ V/m @ 3 m								
lowest channel			middle channel			highest channel		
f / MHz	Detector	Level / dB μ V/m	f / MHz	Detector	Level / dB μ V/m	f / MHz	Detector	Level / dB μ V/m
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.			All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.			All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Results: OFDM (40 MHz nominal channel bandwidth)

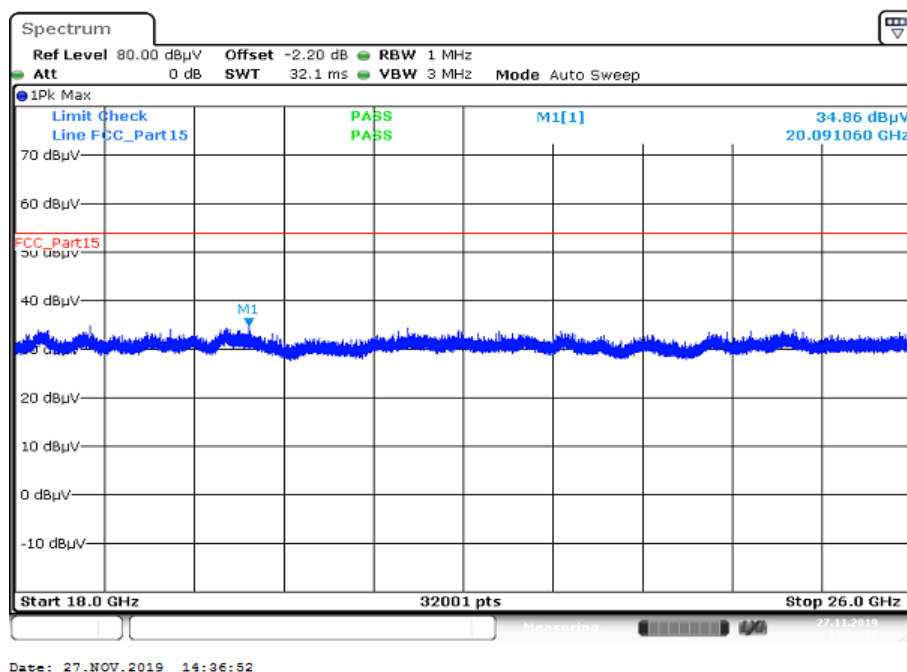
TX spurious emissions radiated / dB μ V/m @ 3 m								
lowest channel			middle channel			highest channel		
f / MHz	Detector	Level / dB μ V/m	f / MHz	Detector	Level / dB μ V/m	f / MHz	Detector	Level / dB μ V/m
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.			All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.			All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

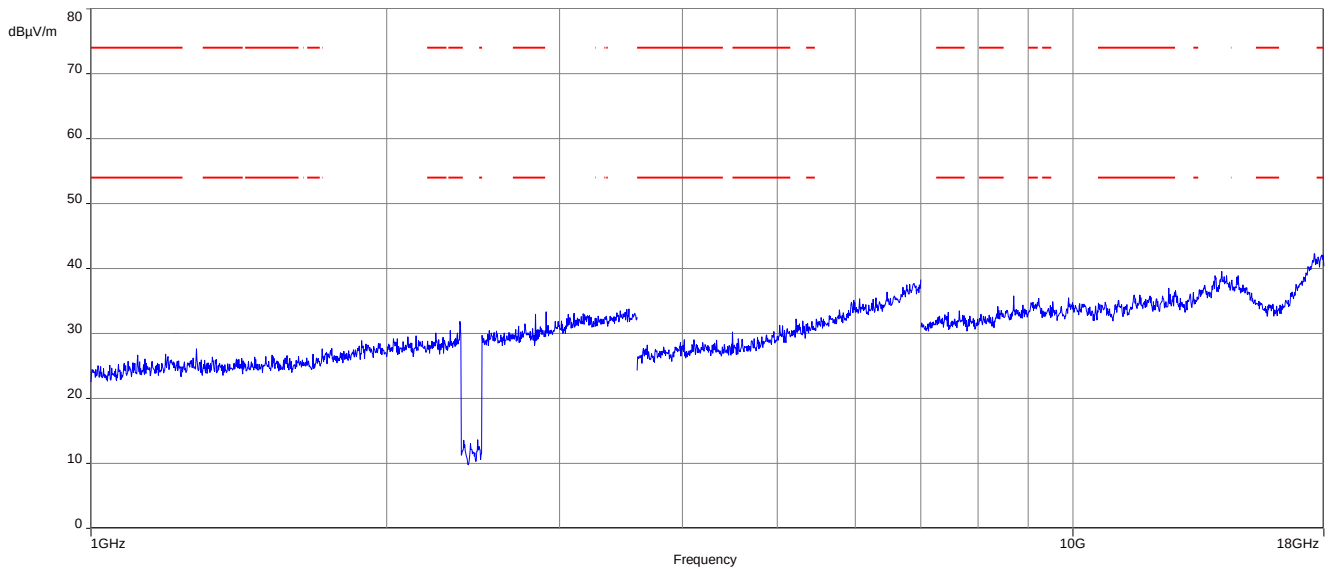
Results: RX / idle – mode

TX spurious emissions radiated / dB μ V/m @ 3 m		
f / MHz	Detector	Level / dB μ V/m
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

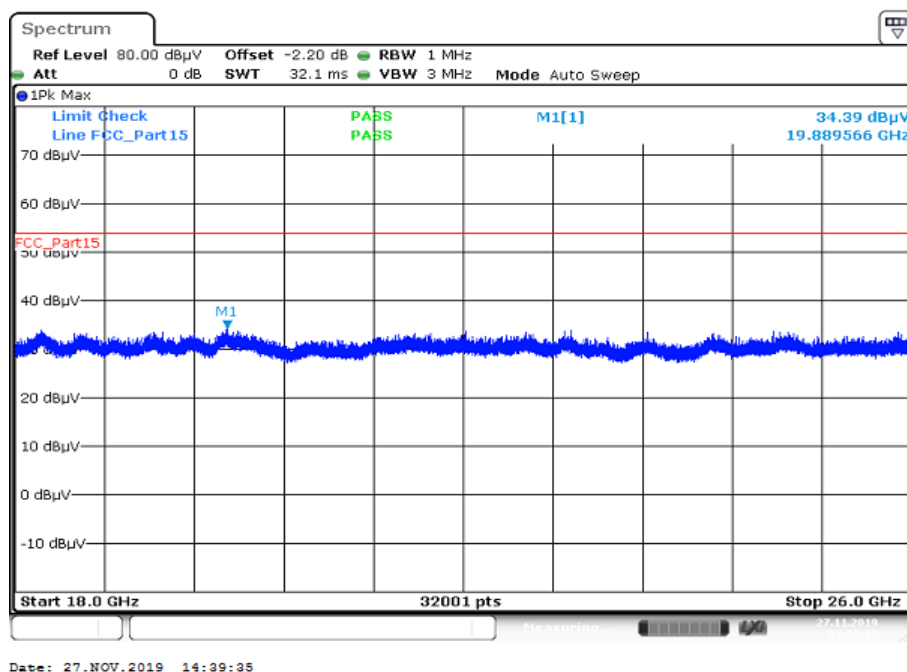
Plots: DSSS**Plot 1:** Lowest channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

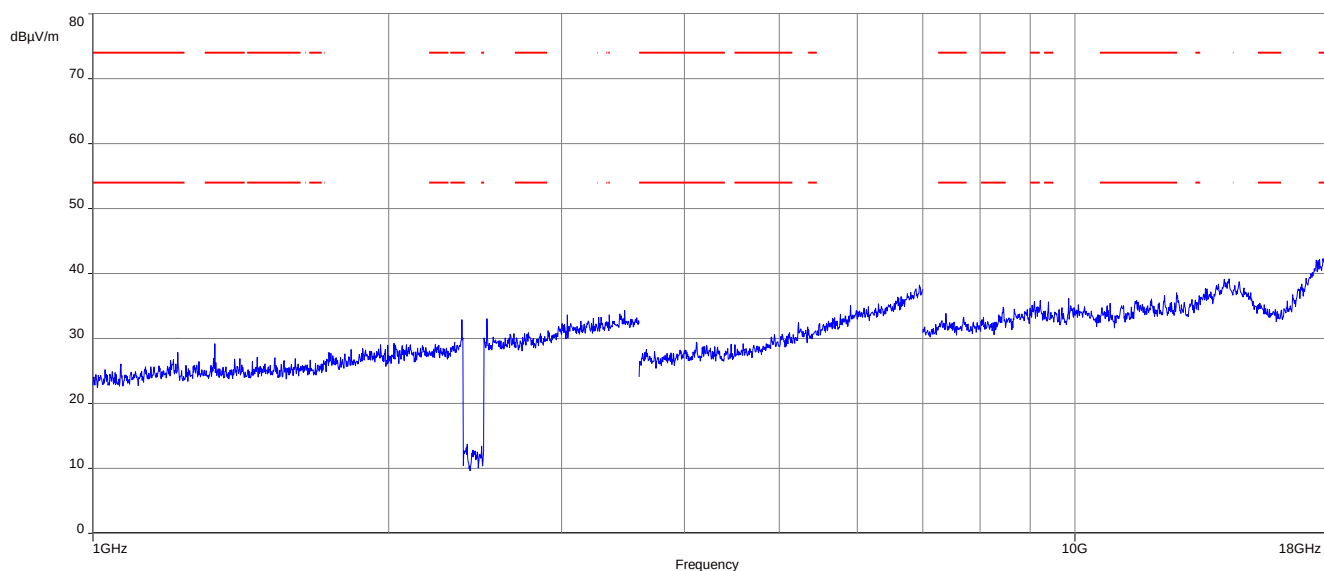
The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 3: Lowest channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

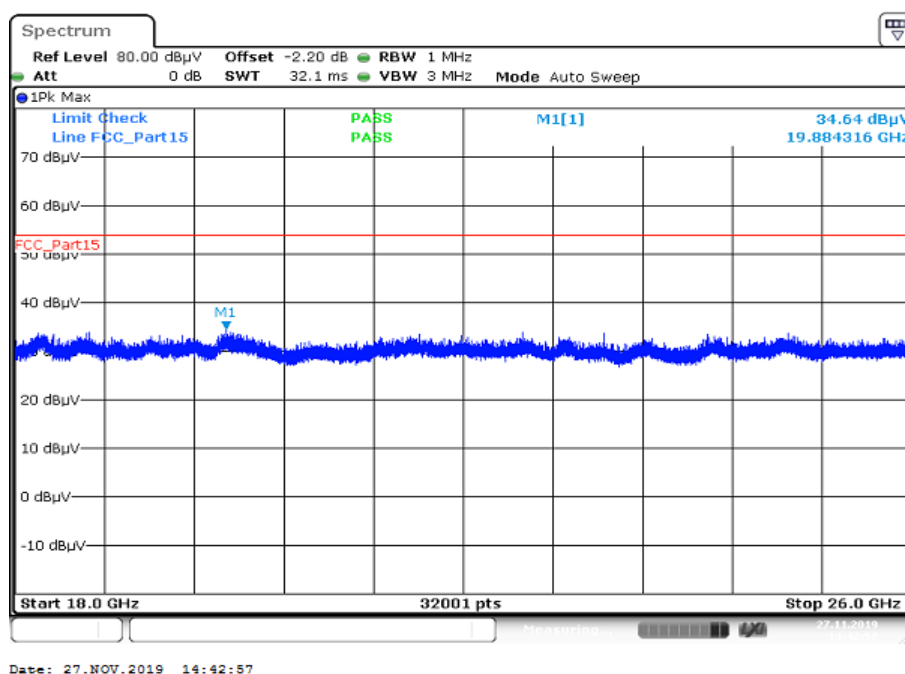
Plot 4: Middle channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 6: Middle channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

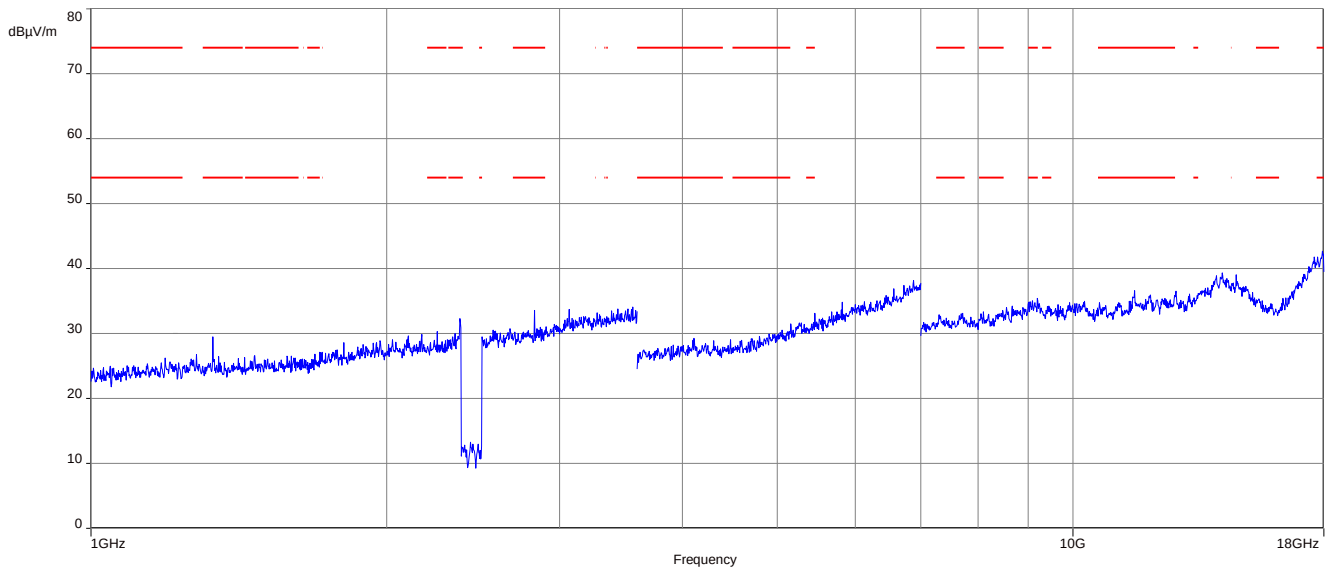
Plot 7: Highest channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 9: Highest channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

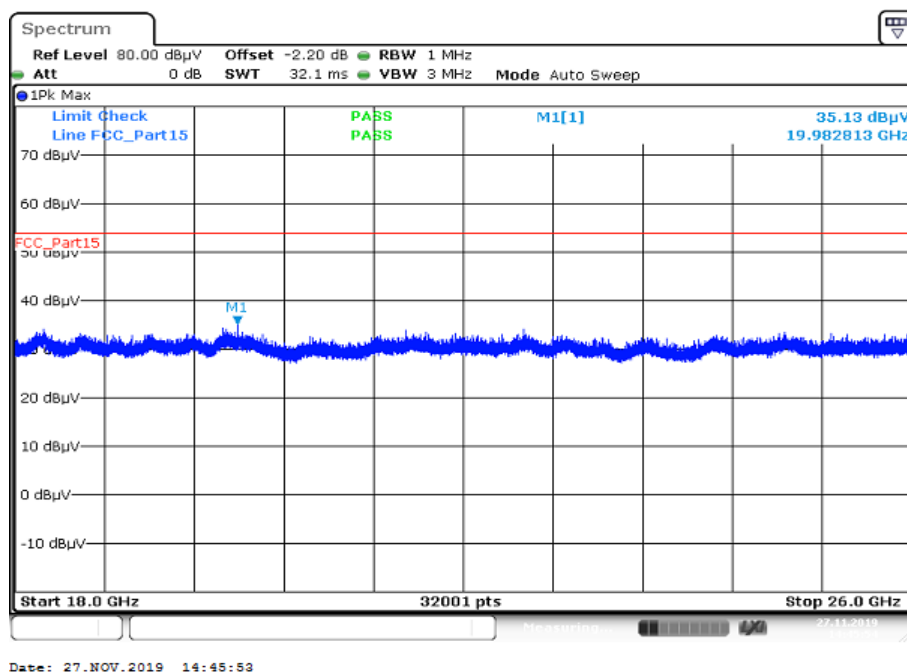
Plots: OFDM (20 MHz bandwidth)

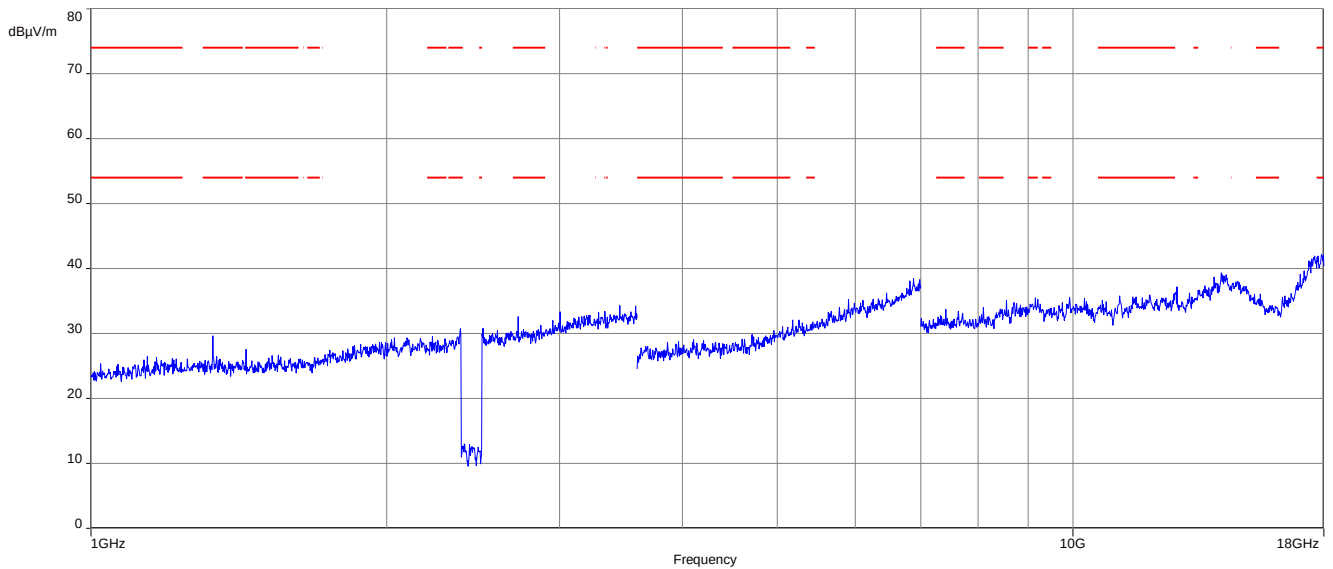
Plot 1: Lowest channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization



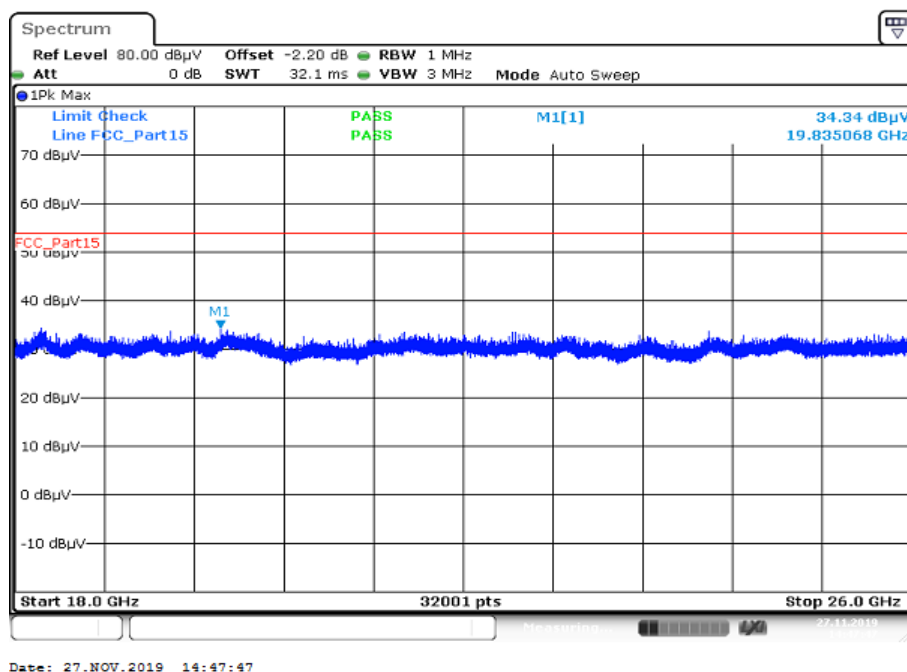
The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

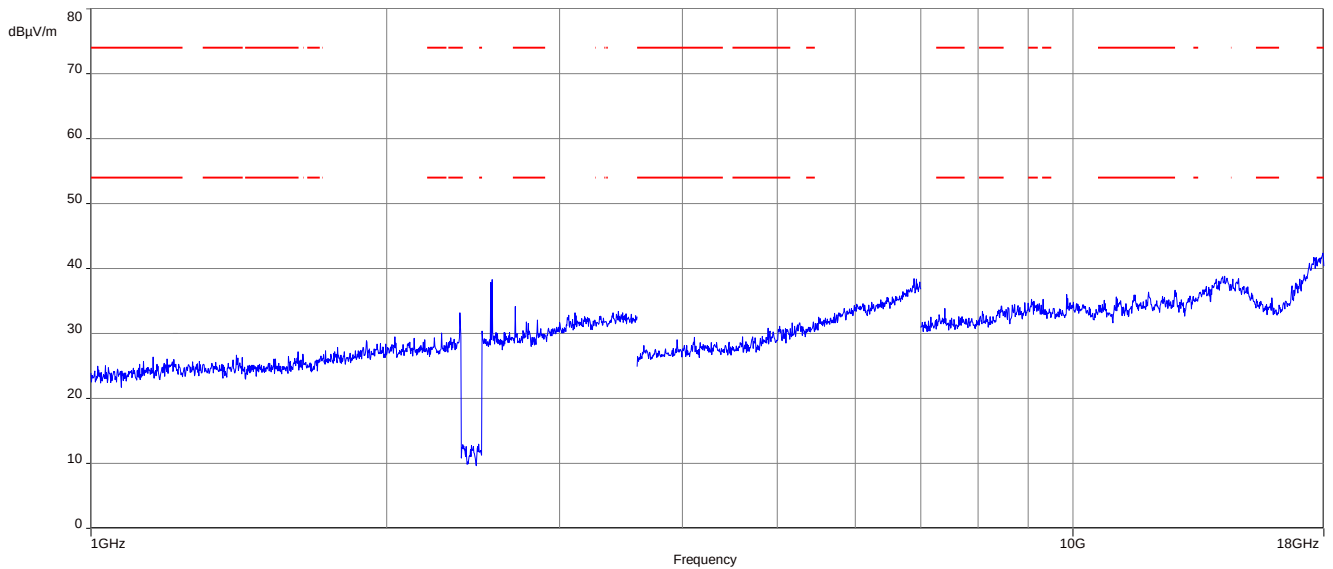
Plot 3: Lowest channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization



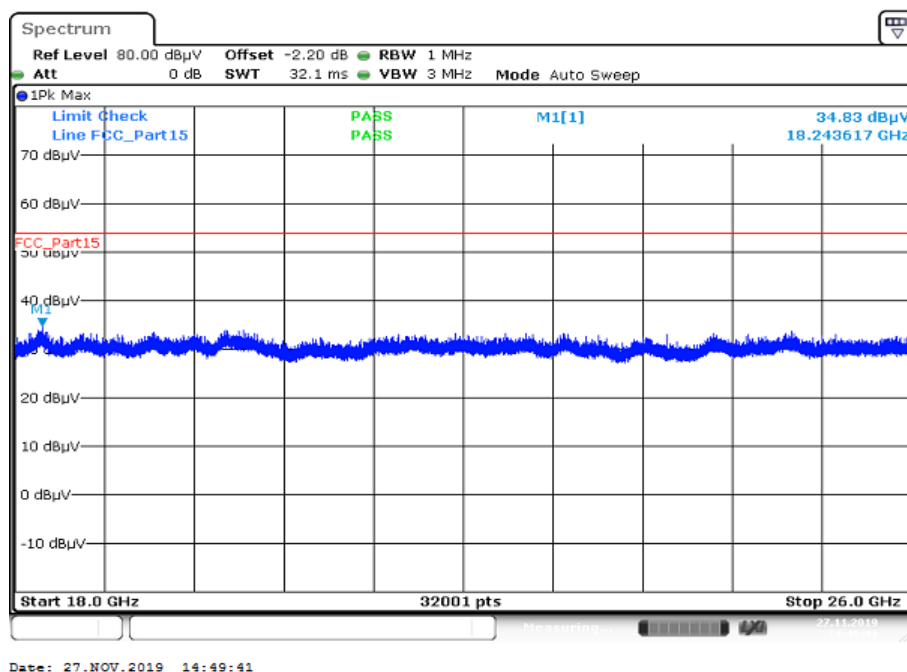
Plot 4: Middle channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 6: Middle channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

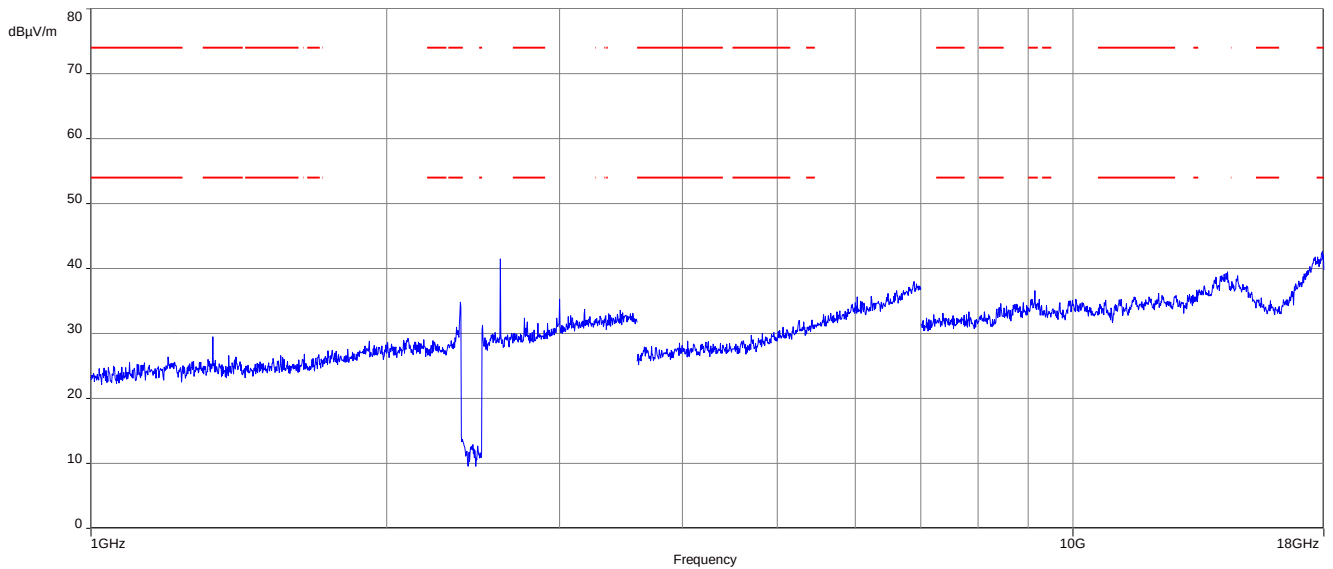
Plot 7: Highest channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 9: Highest channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

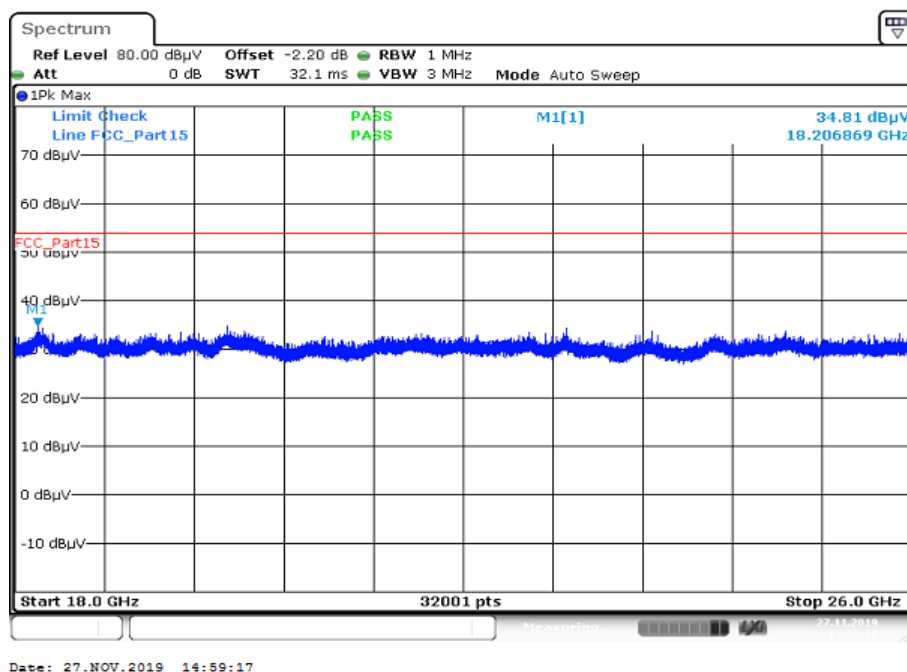
Plots: OFDM (40 MHz bandwidth)

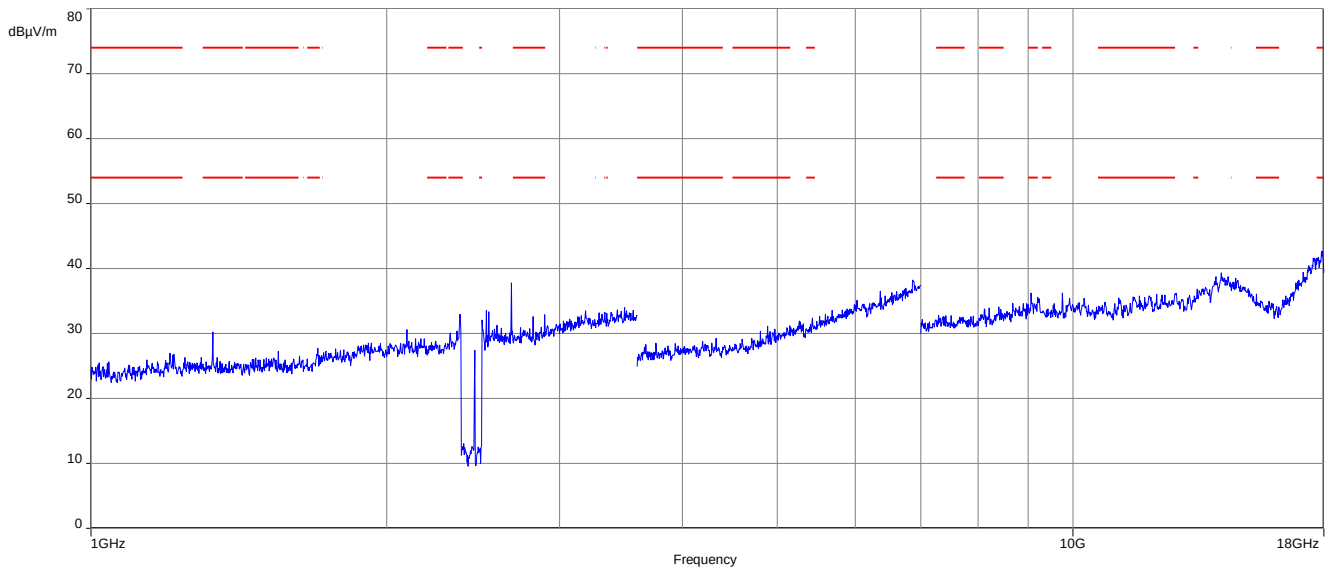
Plot 1: Lowest channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization



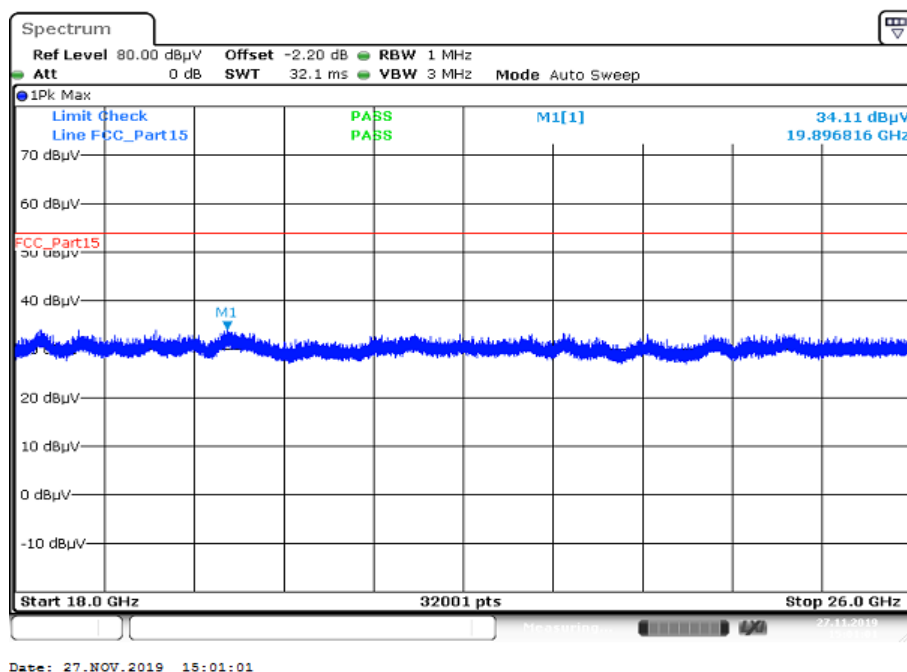
The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

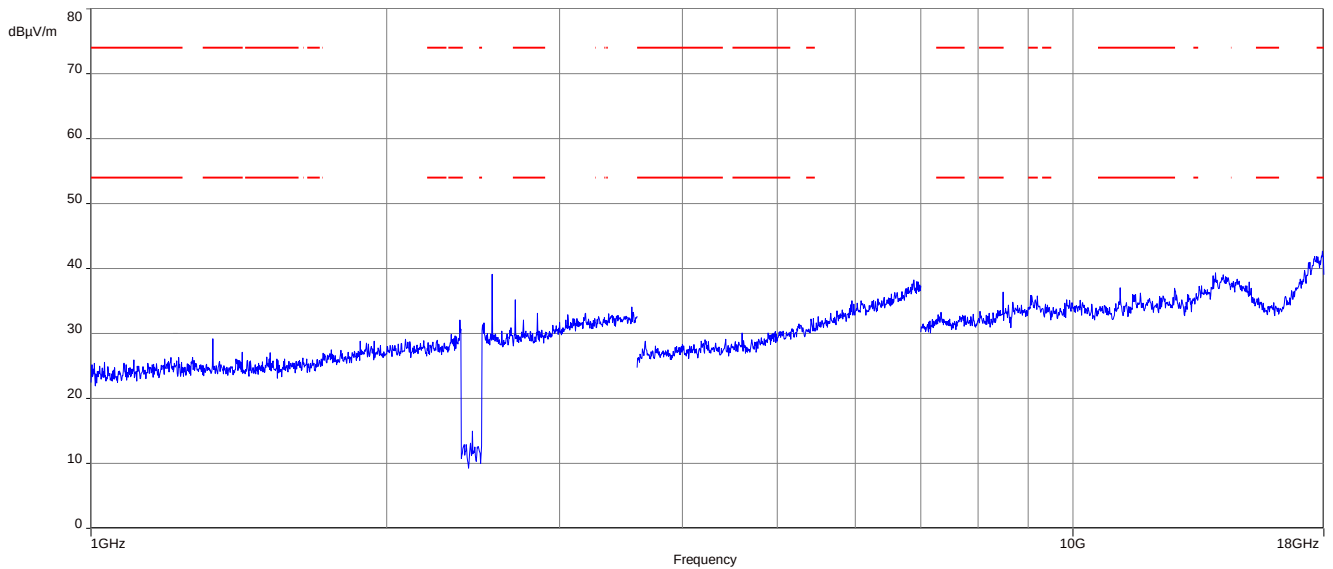
Plot 3: Lowest channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization



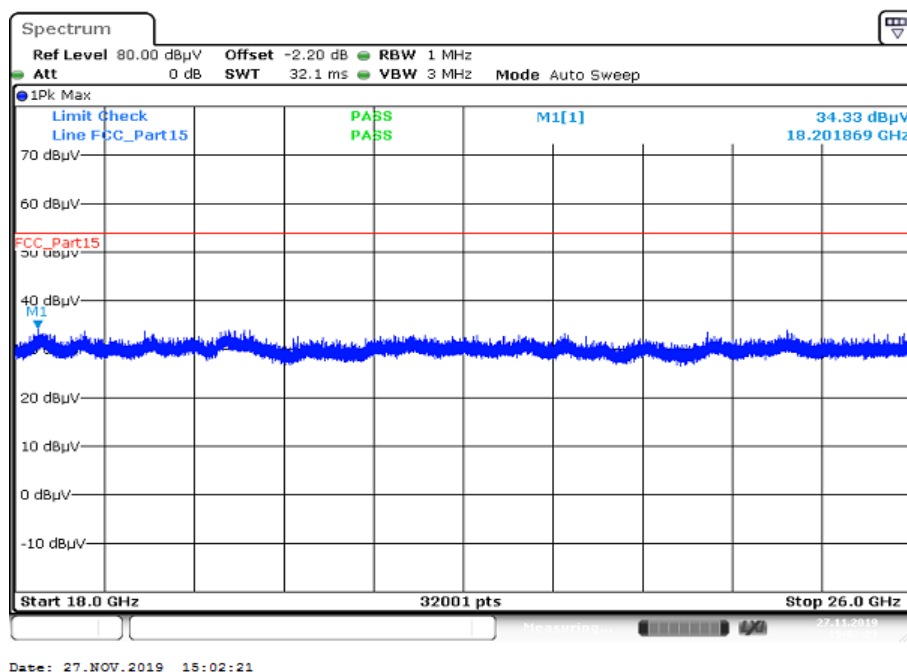
Plot 4: Middle channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

Plot 6: Middle channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

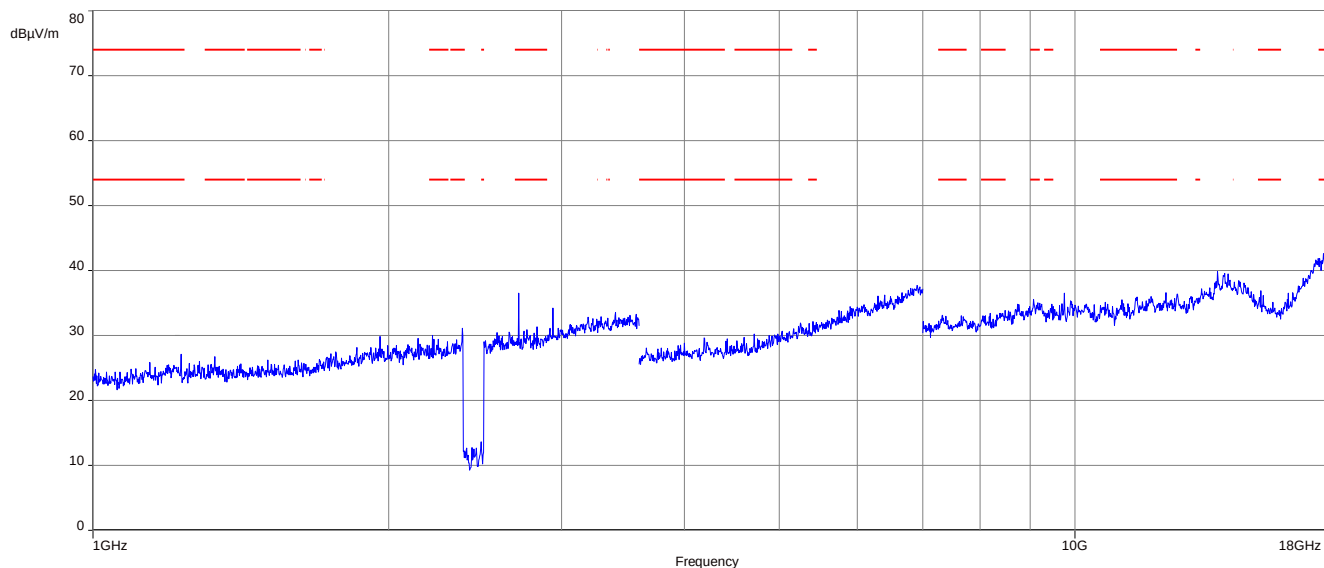
Plot 7: Highest channel, 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

The carrier signal is notched with a 2.4 GHz band rejection filter.

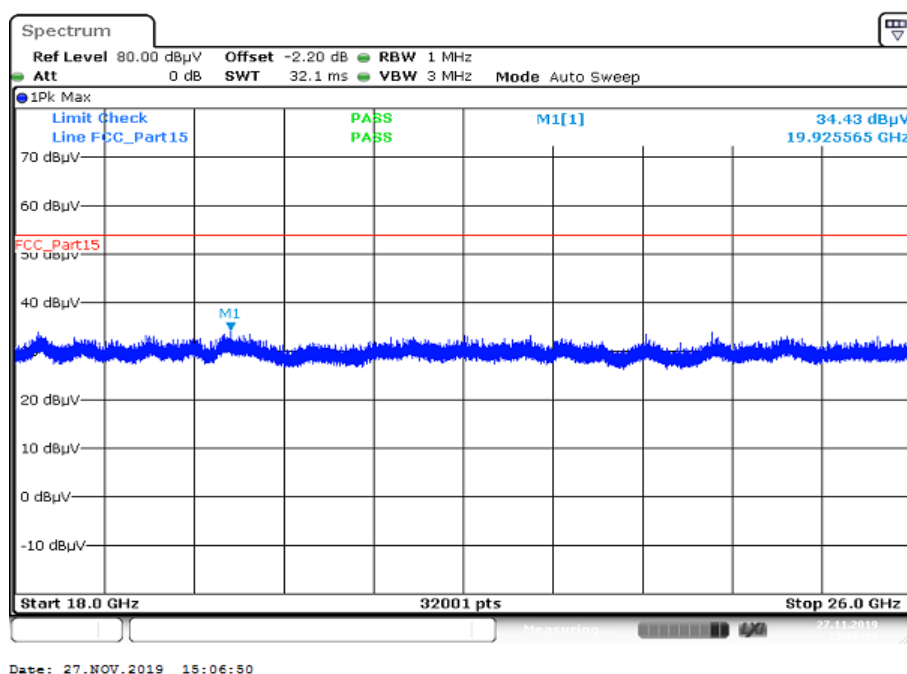
Plot 9: Highest channel, 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization

Plots: RX / idle mode

Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization



Plot 3: 18 GHz to 26 GHz, vertical & horizontal polarization



13 Observations

No observations except those reported with the single test cases have been made.

Annex A Glossary

EUT	Equipment under test
DUT	Device under test
UUT	Unit under test
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FCC ID	Company Identifier at FCC
IC	Industry Canada
PMN	Product marketing name
HMN	Host marketing name
HVIN	Hardware version identification number
FVIN	Firmware version identification number
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
HW	Hardware
SW	Software
Inv. No.	Inventory number
S/N or SN	Serial number
C	Compliant
NC	Not compliant
NA	Not applicable
NP	Not performed
PP	Positive peak
QP	Quasi peak
AVG	Average
OC	Operating channel
OCW	Operating channel bandwidth
OBW	Occupied bandwidth
OOB	Out of band
DFS	Dynamic frequency selection
CAC	Channel availability check
OP	Occupancy period
NOP	Non occupancy period
DC	Duty cycle
PER	Packet error rate
CW	Clean wave
MC	Modulated carrier
WLAN	Wireless local area network
RLAN	Radio local area network
DSSS	Dynamic sequence spread spectrum
OFDM	Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
FHSS	Frequency hopping spread spectrum

Annex B Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
-/-	Initial release	2019-12-17

Annex C Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-04

first page	last page
 Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection 1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition Accreditation  The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH attests that the testing laboratory CTC advanced GmbH Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 to carry out tests in the following fields: Telecommunication (TC) and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) for Canadian Standards The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 11.01.2019 with the accreditation number D-PL-12076-01 and is valid until 21.04.2021. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 7 pages. Registration number of the certificate: D-PL-12076-01-04 Frankfurt am Main, 11.01.2019  Dipl.-Ing. Uwe Zimmermann Head of Division	Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Office Berlin Spittelmarkt 10 10117 Berlin Office Frankfurt am Main Europa-Allee 52 60327 Frankfurt am Main Office Braunschweig Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkKS). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf. No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAkKS. The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 2625) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European Union L 218 of 9 July 2008, p. 30). DAkKS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations. The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites: EA: www.european-accreditation.org ILAC: www.ilac.org IAF: www.iaf.nu

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<https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-04.pdf>

Annex D Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-05

first page	last page
 Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection 1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition Accreditation  The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH attests that the testing laboratory CTC advanced GmbH Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 to carry out tests in the following fields: Telecommunication (FCC Requirements) The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 11.01.2019 with the accreditation number D-PL-12076-01 and is valid until 21.04.2021. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 5 pages. Registration number of the certificate: D-PL-12076-01-05 Frankfurt am Main, 11.01.2019  Dipl.-Biol. Uwe Zimmermann Head of Division See notes (optional)	Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Office Berlin Spittelmarkt 10 10117 Berlin Office Frankfurt am Main Europa-Allee 52 60327 Frankfurt am Main Office Braunschweig Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkKS). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf. No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAkKS. The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 2625) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European Union L 218 of 9 July 2008, p. 30). DAkKS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations. The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites: EA: www.european-accreditation.org ILAC: www.ilac.org IAF: www.iaf.nu

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<https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-05.pdf>

END OF TEST REPORT