

TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-9154/19-01-07

Testing laboratory

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Accredited Testing Laboratory:

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate starting with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01.

Applicant

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Manufacturer

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31139 Hildesheim / GERMANY

Test standard/s

FCC - Title 47 CFR Part 15 FCC - Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices

RSS - 247 Issue 2 Digital Transmission Systems (DTSs), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item: **Radio-Navigation-System**

Model name: **AIVIH61L2**

FCC ID: **YBN-AIVIH61L2**

IC: **9595A-AIVIH61L2**

Frequency: UNII bands 5150 MHz – 5850 MHz

Technology tested: **WLAN**

Antenna: **Integrated antenna**

Power supply: **13.5 V DC by vehicle battery**

Temperature range: **-30°C to +70°C**

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwritten signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorized:

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2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2019-11-22
Date of receipt of test item:	2019-11-22
Start of test:	2019-11-25
End of test:	2019-12-06
Person(s) present during the test:	-/-

2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

3 Test standard/s, references and accreditations

Test standard	Date	Description
FCC - Title 47 CFR Part 15		FCC - Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 2	February 2017	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSS) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices
RSS - Gen Issue 5	April 2018	Spectrum Management and Telecommunications Radio Standards Specification - General Requirements for Compliance of Radio Apparatus

Guidance	Version	Description
KDB 789033 D02	v02r01	Guidelines for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure (U-NII) Devices - Part 15, Subpart E
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices

Accreditation	Description
D-PL-12076-01-04	Telecommunication and EMC Canada https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-04.pdf
D-PL-12076-01-05	Telecommunication FCC requirements https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-05.pdf



4 Test environment

Temperature :	T_{nom} T_{max} T_{min}	+24 °C during room temperature tests No tests under extreme temperature conditions required. No tests under extreme temperature conditions required.
Relative humidity content :		55 %
Barometric pressure :		1021 hpa
Power supply :	V_{nom} V_{max} V_{min}	13.5 V DC by vehicle battery No tests under extreme voltage conditions required. No tests under extreme voltage conditions required.

5 Test item

5.1 General description

Kind of test item :	Radio-Navigation-System
Model name :	AIVIH61L2
HMN :	-/-
PMN :	AIVIH61L2
HVIN :	AIVIH61L2
FVIN :	-/-
S/N serial number :	Rad. 2656323 2591A9FV0C A 283C33692E 001 001 40K Conducted unit #1 (all bandwidth measurements): 2656329 2591A9FV0C A 283C33692E 001 001 42K Conducted unit #2 (all other measurements): 2656321 2591A9FV0C A 283C33692E 001 001 40K
Hardware status :	001
Software status :	2011 (283C33692E)
Frequency band :	UNII bands 5150 MHz – 5850 MHz
Type of radio transmission : Use of frequency spectrum :	OFDM
Type of modulation :	(D)BPSK, (D)QPSK, 16 – QAM, 64 – QAM
Number of channels :	24 with 20 MHz channel bandwidth 11 with 40 MHz channel bandwidth 5 with 80 MHz channel bandwidth
Antenna :	Integrated antenna
Power supply :	13.5 V DC by vehicle battery
Temperature range :	-30°C to +70°C

6 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

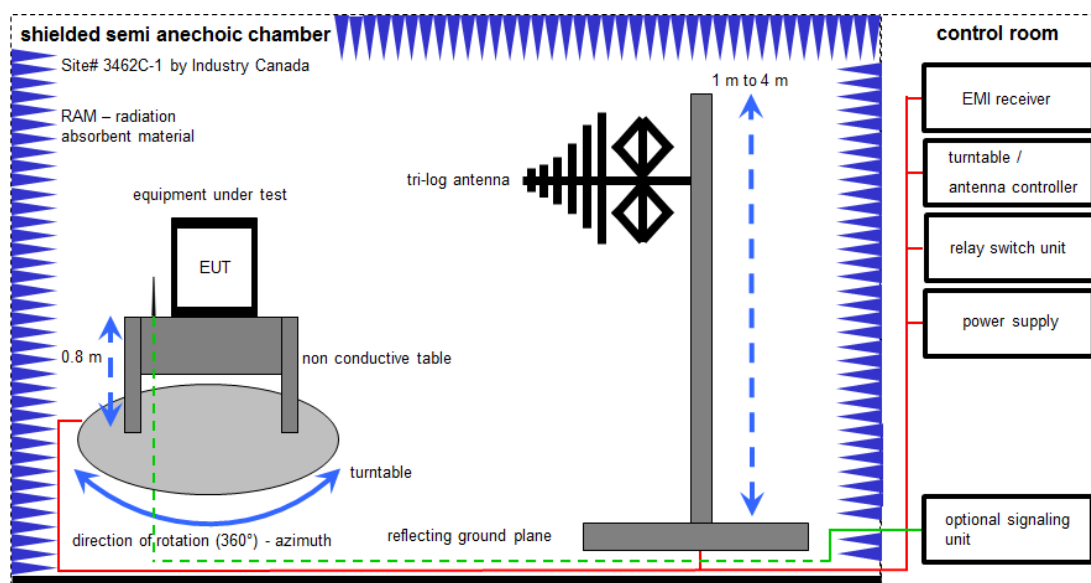
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vlk!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

6.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are conform to specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter; EMC32 software version: 10.30.0

FS = UR + CL + AF (FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

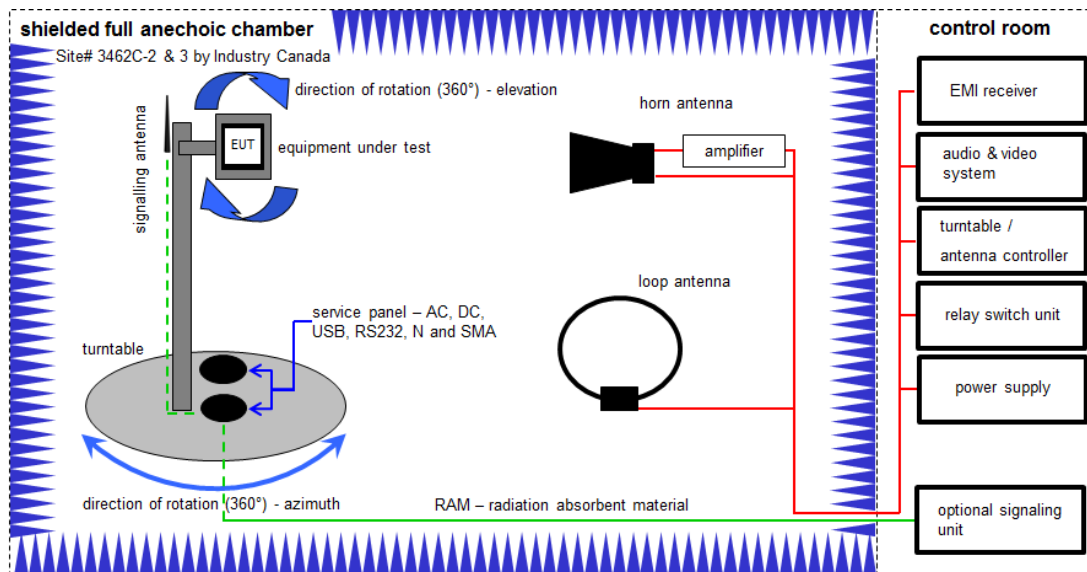
Example calculation:

FS [dBμV/m] = 12.35 [dBμV/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dBμV/m] (35.69 μV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	DC power supply, 60Vdc, 50A, 1200 W	6032A	HP	2920A04466	300000580	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A	Meßkabine 1	HF-Absorberhalle	MWB AG 300023	-/-	300000551	ne	-/-	-/-
4	A	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
5	A	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
6	A	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
7	A	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck Mess-Elektronik	371	300003854	vIKI!	24.11.2017	23.11.2020
8	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESR3	Rohde & Schwarz	102587	300005771	k	21.05.2019	20.05.2020

6.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter / 1 meter

FS = UR + CA + AF (FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

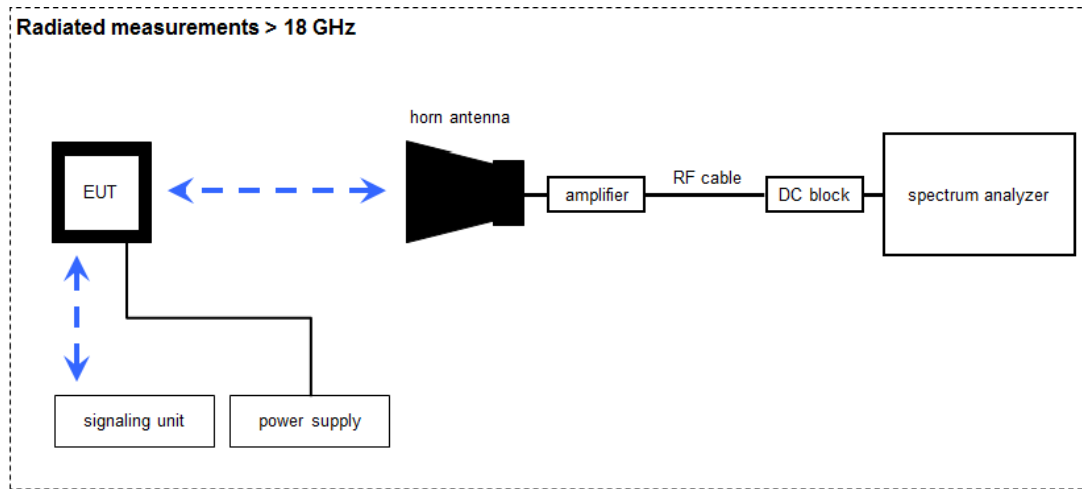
Example calculation:

FS [dBμV/m] = 40.0 [dBμV/m] + (-35.8) [dB] + 32.9 [dB/m] = 37.1 [dBμV/m] (71.61 μV/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	C	Active Loop Antenna 9 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO	2210	300001015	vIKI!	13.06.2019	12.06.2021
2	A+B	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	9107-3696	300001604	vIKI!	27.02.2019	26.02.2021
3	A+B+C	DC power supply, 60Vdc, 50A, 1200 W	6032A	HP	2920A04590	300001041	vIKI!	14.12.2017	13.12.2020
4	A+B	Highpass Filter	WHK1.1/15G-10SS	Wainwright	37	400000148	ne	-/-	-/-
5	A+B	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright	18	300003789	ne	-/-	-/-
6	A+B	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22051	300004483	ev	-/-	-/-
7	A+B+C	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000032	300004510	ne	-/-	-/-
8	A+B+C	Computer	Intel Core i3 3220/3,3 GHz, Prozessor		2V2403033A54 21	300004591	ne	-/-	-/-
9	A+B+C	NEXIO EMV-Software	BAT EMC V3.19.1.9	EMCO		300004682	ne	-/-	-/-
10	A+B+C	Anechoic chamber		TDK		300003726	ne	-/-	-/-
11	A+B+C	EMI Test Receiver 9kHz-26,5GHz	ESR26	R&S	101376	300005063	k	19.12.2018	18.12.2019
12	A	Band Reject Filter	WRCJV12-5120-5150-5350-5380-40SS	Wainwright	5	300005168	ev	-/-	-/-
13	A	Band Reject Filter	WRCJV12-5695-5725-5850-5880-40SS	Wainwright	5	300005169	ev	-/-	-/-
14	A	Band Reject Filter	WRCJV16-5440-5470-5725-5755-40SS	Wainwright	9	300005170	ev	-/-	-/-
15	A+B	RF Amplifier	AFS4-00100800-28-20P-4-R	MITEQ	2008992	300005204	ne	-/-	-/-

6.3 Radiated measurements > 18 GHz



Measurement distance: horn antenna 50 cm

FS = UR + CA + AF

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss signal path & distance correction; AF-antenna factor)

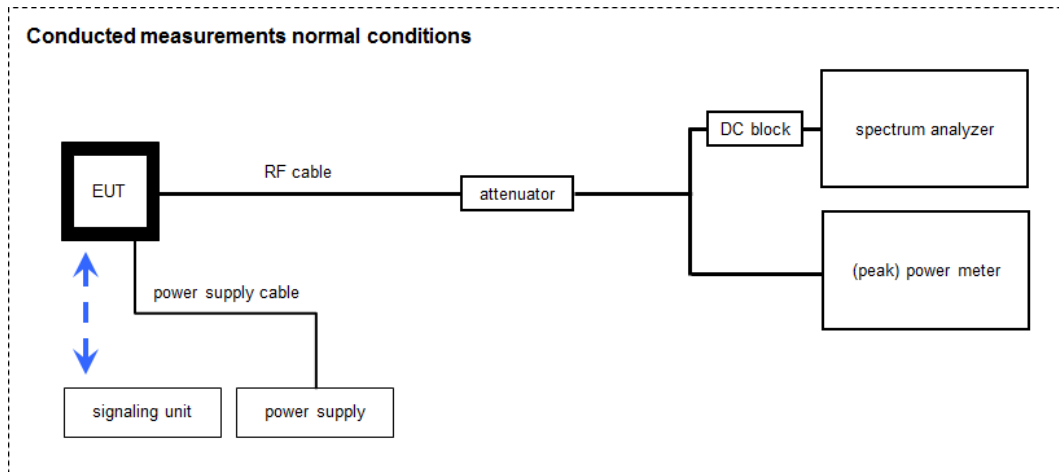
Example calculation:

FS [dB μ V/m] = 40.0 [dB μ V/m] + (-60.1) [dB] + 36.74 [dB/m] = 16.64 [dB μ V/m] (6.79 μ V/m)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Microwave System Amplifier, 0.5-26.5 GHz	83017A	HP	00419	300002268	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0-26.5 GHz	638	Narda	01096	300000486	vIKI!	13.12.2017	12.12.2019
3	B	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 26.5-40.0 GHz	V637	Narda	82-16	300000510	vIKI!	13.12.2017	12.12.2019
4	A+B	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	17.12.2018	16.12.2019
5	B	Broadband Low Noise Amplifier 18-50 GHz	CBL18503070-XX	CERNEX	19338	300004273	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A+B	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAM/SMAM/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 600918	400001182	ev	-/-	-/-
7	A+B	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet		400001185	ev	-/-	-/-

6.4 Conducted measurements with peak power meter & spectrum analyzer



WLAN tester version: 1.1.13; LabView2015

OP = AV + CA
 (OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

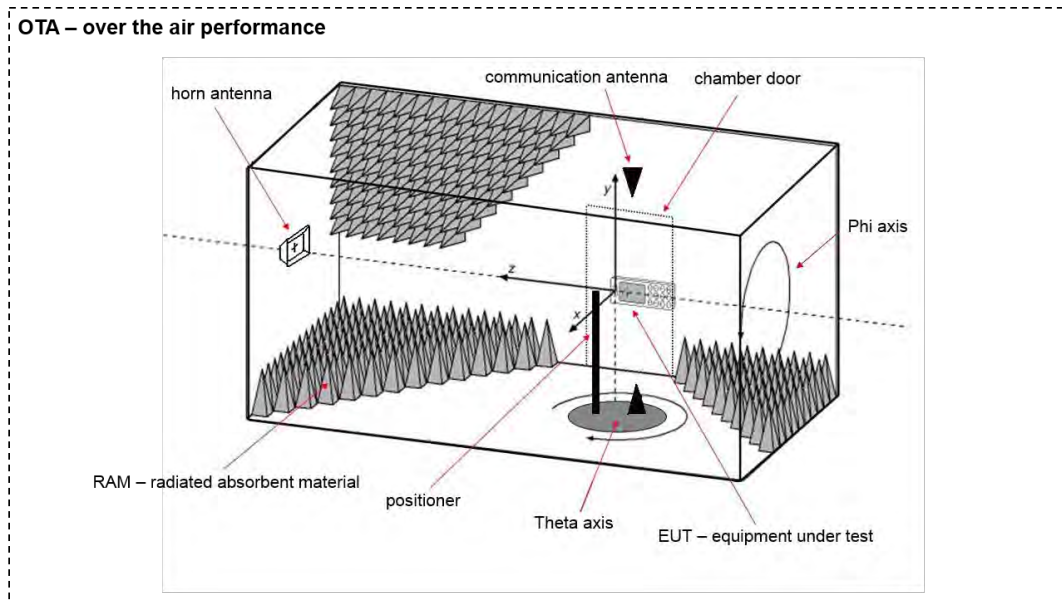
Example calculation:

OP [dBm] = 6.0 [dBm] + 11.7 [dB] = 17.7 [dBm] (58.88 mW)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	17.12.2018	16.12.2019
2	A+B	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAM/SMAM /48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 600918	400001182	ev	-/-	-/-
3	A+B	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet		400001185	ev	-/-	-/-
4	A+B	PC Tester R005	Intel Core i3 3220/3,3 GHz, Prozessor		2V2403033A45 23	300004589	ne	-/-	-/-
5	A+B	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAM/SMAM /60	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 606844	400001181	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A+B	Coax Attenuator 10 dB 2W 0-40 GHz	MCL BW-K10-2W44+	Mini Circuits		400001186	ev	-/-	-/-
7	A+B	Synchron Power Meter	SPM-4	CTC	1	300005580	ev	-/-	-/-
8	A+B	DC Power Supply	HMP2020	Rohde & Schwarz	102850	300005517	vKI!	14.12.2017	13.12.2019
9	B	USB Wideband Power Sensor (50MHz - 18GHz)	U2021XA	Keysight	MY591900010	300005802	k	11.06.2019	10.06.2020

6.5 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



EM Quest software version: 1.0.7.0

$$OP = AV + D - G + CA$$

(OP-radiated output power; AV-analyzer value; D-free field attenuation of measurement distance;
G-antenna gain+amplifier gain; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:

$$OP \text{ [dBm]} = -40.0 \text{ [dBm]} + 49.9 \text{ [dB]} - 12.4 \text{ [dBi]} + 9 \text{ [dB]} = 6.5 \text{ [dBm]} \text{ (4.47 mW)}$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch Unit	TS-RSP	R&S	100155	300003281	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	CTIA-Chamber	CTIA-Chamber AMS 8500	ETS-Lindgren Finland	-/-	300003327	ne	-/-	-/-
3	A	CTIA-Chamber - Positioning Equipment	CTIA-Chamber - Positioning Equipment	EMCO/2	-/-	300003328	ne	-/-	-/-
4	A	CTIA-Chamber - Software	CTIA-Chamber - Software	EMCO/2	-/-	300003328	ne	-/-	-/-
5	A	CTIA-Chamber - Antenna	3164-04	EMCO/2	00041915	300003328	ne	-/-	-/-
6	A	Spectrum Analyzer 9kHz - 30 GHz	FSP30	R&S	100623	300003464	vIKI!	13.12.2018	12.12.2020

7 Sequence of testing

7.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, it is placed on a table with 0.8 m height.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement*

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the pre-measurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°.
- Loop antenna is rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. (For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT)
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

^{*)}Note: The sequence will be repeated three times with different EUT orientations.

7.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position $\pm 45^\circ$ and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

7.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

7.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

8 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty		
Test case	Uncertainty	
Antenna gain	± 3 dB	
Power spectral density	± 1.15 dB	
Spectrum bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)	
Occupied bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)	
Maximum output power	± 1.15 dB conducted ± 3 dB radiated	
Minimum emissions bandwidth	± 100 kHz (depends on the used RBW)	
Band edge compliance radiated	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions conducted	> 3.6 GHz	± 1.15 dB
	> 7 GHz	± 1.15 dB
	> 18 GHz	± 1.89 dB
	≥ 40 GHz	± 3.12 dB
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB	
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB	

9 Summary of measurement results

☐	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
☐	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
☒	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Title 47 Part 15 RSS 247, Issue 2	See table	2019-12-17	-/-

Test specification clause	Test case	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
-/-	Output power verification (cond.)	-/-				Declared
-/-	Antenna gain	-/-				See section 11.1
U-NII Part 15	Duty cycle	-/-				-/-
§15.407(a) RSS - 247 (6.2.x.1)	Maximum output power (conducted & radiated)	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.407(a) RSS - 247 (6.2.x.1)	Power spectral density	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
RSS - 247 (6.2.4.1)	Spectrum bandwidth 6dB bandwidth	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.407(a) RSS - 247 (6.2.x.2)	Spectrum bandwidth 26dB bandwidth	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
RSS Gen clause 6.6	Spectrum bandwidth 99% bandwidth	-/-				-/-
§15.205 RSS - 247 (6.2.x.2)	Band edge compliance radiated	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.407(b) RSS - 247 (6.2.x.2)	TX spurious emissions radiated	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.109 RSS-Gen	RX spurious emissions radiated	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.209(a) RSS-Gen	Spurious emissions radiated < 30 MHz	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.107(a) §15.207	Spurious emissions conducted emissions < 30 MHz	☐	☐	☒	☐	Vehicular use only!
§15.407 RSS - 247 (6.3)	DFS	-/-				See report 1-9154/19-01-08

Notes:

C:	Compliant	NC:	Not compliant	NA:	Not applicable	NP:	Not performed
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10 Additional comments

Reference documents: AIVIH61L2_External_Pictures_v1.pdf
AIVIH61L2_Internal_Pictures_v1.pdf

Additional applicable documents: 1-9154_19-01-07_log1_conducted.pdf a-mode
1-9154_19-01-07_log2_conducted.pdf nHT20-mode
1-9154_19-01-07_log3_conducted.pdf nHT40-mode
1-9154_19-01-07_log4_conducted.pdf VHT80-mode

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup and EUT photos are included in test report: 1-9152/19-01-01_AnnexD

Special test descriptions: None

Configuration descriptions: Labtool was provided by the customer to configure the devices for testing.
Used power settings and data rate: a-mode: 10 (6Mbit/s)
nHT20-mode: 10 (MCS0)
nHT40-mode: 10 (MCS0)
VHT80-mode: 6 (MCS0)

Example for settings resulting in continuous transmission (duty cycle >98%):

30 1
112 4
22 116 6 1
17 1 101

Example for settings resulting low duty cycle transmission test mode:

30 1
112 4
22 116 6 1
25 1 101

Provided channels:

Channels with 20 MHz channel bandwidth:

U-NII-1 & U-NII-2A (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz & 5250 MHz to 5350 MHz) channel number & center frequency								
channel	36	40	44	48	52	56	60	64
f _c / MHz	5180	5200	5220	5240	5260	5280	5300	5320

U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz) channel number & center frequency											
channel	100	104	108	112	116	120	124	128	132	136	140
f _c / MHz	5500	5520	5540	5560	5580	5600	5620	5640	5660	5680	5700

U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz) channel number & center frequency					
channel	149	153	157	161	165
f _c / MHz	5745	5765	5785	5805	5825

Channels with 40 MHz channel bandwidth:

U-NII-1 & U-NII-2A (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz & 5250 MHz to 5350 MHz) channel number & center frequency				
channel	38	46	54	62
f _c / MHz	5190	5230	5270	5310

U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz) channel number & center frequency				
channel	102	110	118	134
f _c / MHz	5510	5550	5590	5670

U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz) channel number & center frequency	
channel	151 159
f _c / MHz	5755 5795

Channels with 80 MHz channel bandwidth:

U-NII-1 & U-NII-2A (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz & 5250 MHz to 5350 MHz) channel number & center frequency		
channel	42	58
f _c / MHz	5210	5290

U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz) channel number & center frequency		
channel	106	122
f _c / MHz	5530	5610

U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz) channel number & center frequency		
channel	155	
f _c / MHz	5775	

Note: The channels used for the tests were marked in bold in the list.

Test mode:

- ☐ No test mode available.
 Iperf is used to transmit data to a companion device
- ☒ Special software is used.
 EUT is transmitting pseudo random data by itself

Antennas and transmit operating modes:

- ☒ Operating mode 1 (single antenna)
- Equipment with 1 antenna,
 - Equipment with 2 diversity antennas operating in switched diversity mode by which at any moment in time only 1 antenna is used,
 - Smart antenna system with 2 or more transmit/receive chains, but operating in a mode where only 1 transmit/receive chain is used)
- ☐ Operating mode 2 (multiple antennas, no beamforming)
- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously but without beamforming.
- ☐ Operating mode 3 (multiple antennas, with beamforming)
- Equipment operating in this mode contains a smart antenna system using two or more transmit/receive chains simultaneously with beamforming.
 In addition to the antenna assembly gain (G), the beamforming gain (Y) may have to be taken into account when performing the measurements.

11 Measurement results

11.1 Antenna gain

Description:

The antenna gain of the complete system is calculated by the difference of radiated power in EIRP and the conducted power of the module.

Measurement parameters:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	3 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Trace mode:	Max. hold
External result file(s)	1-9154_19-01-07_log1_conducted.pdf
Test setup:	See chapter 6.5 – A (radiated) See chapter 6.4 – A (conducted)
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

Antenna Gain
6 dBi / > 6 dBi output power and power density reduction required

Results:

U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)	Antenna gain		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
Conducted power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	13.2	-/-	12.3
Radiated power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	18.4	-/-	19.4
Gain / dBi (calculated or declared)	5.2	-/-	7.1

U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)	Antenna gain		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
Conducted power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	12.5	-/-	11.3
Radiated power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	19.7	-/-	18.7
Gain / dBi (calculated or declared)	7.2	-/-	7.4

U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)	Antenna gain		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
Conducted power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	13.5	13.5	13.7
Radiated power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	18.1	17.5	16.3
Gain / dBi (calculated or declared)	4.6	4.0	2.6

U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	Antenna gain		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
Conducted power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	15.0	14.9	14.4
Radiated power / dBm @ 3 MHz RBW	15.9	15.5	15.7
Gain / dBi (calculated or declared)	0.9	0.6	1.3

Note: The conducted output power and power spectral density limits will be reduced by 1.2 dB for all frequency bands to compensate for the maximum amount the antenna gain exceeds 6dBi.

11.2 Duty cycle

Description:

The duty cycle is necessary to compute the maximum power during an actual transmission. The shown plots and values are to show an example of the measurement procedure. The real value is measured direct during the power measurement or power density measurement. The correction value is shown in each plot of these measurements.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, B.	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	10 MHz
Video bandwidth:	10 MHz
Span:	Zero
Trace mode:	Video trigger / view / single sweep
External result file(s)	1-9154_19-01-07_log1_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log2_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log3_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log4_conducted.pdf
Used test setup:	See chapter 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Results:

Duty cycle and correction factor:

OFDM – mode	Calculation method			
	$T_{on} (D2_{plot}) * 100 / T_{complete} (D3_{plot}) = \text{duty cycle}$ $10 * \log(\text{duty cycle}) = \text{correction factor}$			
	$T_{on} (D2_{plot})$	$T_{complete} (D3_{plot})$	Duty cycle	Correction factor
a – mode	-/-	-/-	100%	0dB
n/ac HT20 – mode	-/-	-/-	100%	0dB
n/ac HT40 – mode	-/-	-/-	100%	0dB
ac HT80 – mode	-/-	-/-	100%	0dB
ac HT80 – mode*	0.465 ms	4.68 ms	9.04%	10.4dB

* Some measurements at 5610 MHz and 5755 MHz center frequency were performed with a reduce duty cycle as indicated in 1-9154_19-01-07_log4_conducted.pdf

11.3 Maximum output power

11.3.1 Maximum output power according to FCC requirements

Description:

Measurement of the maximum output power conducted

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, E.2.e.	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	$\geq 10 \cdot (\text{swp points}) \cdot (\text{total on/off time})$
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Span:	> EBW
Trace mode:	Max hold
External result file(s)	1-9154_19-01-07_log1_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log2_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log3_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log4_conducted.pdf
Analyzer function	Band power / channel power Interval > 26 dB EBW
Used test setup:	See chapter 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

Radiated output power	Conducted output power for mobile equipment
Conducted power + 6 dBi antenna gain	250mW 5.150-5.250 GHz The lesser one of 250mW or 11 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.250-5.350 GHz 250mW or 11 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.470-5.725 GHz (where Bandwidth is the 26dB Bandwidth [MHz]) 1W 5.725-5.85 GHz

Note: The output power limits are reduced by 1.2 dB for all frequency bands to compensate for the maximum amount the antenna gain exceeds 6dBi (see section 11.1).

Results:

a	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	3.6	3.5	2.9
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	3.1	2.5	1.8
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	3.6	4.2	5.1
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	8.1	8.0	7.4

Results:

n/ac HT20	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	3.4	3.6	3.0
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	3.1	2.6	1.9
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	3.6	4.7	5.3
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	8.3	8.2	7.6

Results:

n/ac HT40	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	2.7		2.1
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	2.1		1.1
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	3.0	3.7	4.2
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	7.6		7.5

Results:

ac VHT80	Maximum output power conducted [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	2.5		
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	1.7		
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	3.6		2.5
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	2.4		

11.3.2 Maximum output power according to IC requirements

Description:

Measurement of the maximum output power conducted + radiated

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	$\geq 10 * (\text{swp points}) * (\text{total on/off time})$
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	≥ 3 MHz
Span:	> EBW
Trace mode:	Max hold
External result file(s)	1-9154_19-01-07_log1_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log2_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log3_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log4_conducted.pdf
Analyzer function	Band power / channel power Interval > 99% OBW
Used test setup:	See chapter 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

Radiated output power	Conducted output power for mobile equipment
The lesser one of 200 mW or 10 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.150-5.250 GHz 1 W or 17 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.250-5.350 GHz 1 W or 17 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.470-5.725 GHz (where Bandwidth is the 99% Bandwidth [MHz]) Conducted power + 6dBi antenna gain 5.725-5.825 GHz	The lesser one of 250mW or 11 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.250-5.350 GHz 250mW or 11 dBm + 10 log Bandwidth 5.470-5.725 GHz (where Bandwidth is the 99% Bandwidth [MHz]) 1W 5.725-5.825 GHz

Note: The output power limits are reduced by 1.2 dB for all frequency bands to compensate for the maximum amount the antenna gain exceeds 6dBi (see section 11.1).

Results:

a	Maximum output power [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	3.5	3.4	2.8
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	8.7	10.5	9.9
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	3.1	2.4	1.7
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	10.3	9.8	9.1
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	3.5	4.1	5.1
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	8.1	8.1	7.7
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	8.0	8.0	7.3
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	8.9	8.6	8.6

Results:

n/ac HT20	Maximum output power [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	3.2	3.5	2.9
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	8.4	10.6	10.0
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	3.1	2.5	1.8
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	10.3	9.9	9.2
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	3.5	4.2	5.2
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	8.1	8.2	7.8
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	8.2	8.1	7.5
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	9.1	8.7	8.8

Results:

n/ac HT40	Maximum output power [dBm]		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	Conducted		
	2.7		2.1
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	7.9		9.2
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	Conducted		
	2.1		1.0
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	9.3		8.4
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	3.0	3.7	4.2
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	7.6	7.7	6.8
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	Conducted		
	7.6		7.5
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	8.5		8.8

Results:

ac VHT80	Maximum output power [dBm]	
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)	
	Middle channel	
	Conducted	
	2.5	
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)	
	8.7	
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)	
	Middle channel	
	Conducted	
	1.7	
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)	
	9.0	
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	Conducted	
	3.5	4.1
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)	
	8.1	6.7
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	
	Middle channel	
	Conducted	
	2.4	
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)	
	3.0	

11.4 Power spectral density

11.4.1 Power spectral density according to FCC requirements

Description:

Measurement of the power spectral density of a digital modulated system. The measurement is repeated at the lowest, middle and highest channel.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, F.	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	$\geq 10 \cdot (\text{swp points}) \cdot (\text{total on/off time})$
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz for U-NII-1/2A & 2C 500 kHz for U-NII-3
Video bandwidth:	$\geq 3 \cdot \text{RBW}$
Span:	$> \text{EBW}$
Trace mode:	Max hold
External result file(s)	1-9154_19-01-07_log1_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log2_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log3_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log4_conducted.pdf
Used test setup:	See chapter 7.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

Power Spectral Density
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5150 – 5250 MHz)
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5250 – 5350 MHz)
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5470 – 5725 MHz)
power spectral density conducted ≤ 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band (band 5725 – 5850 MHz)

Note: The power spectral density limits are reduced by 1.2 dB for all frequency bands to compensate for the maximum amount the antenna gain exceeds 6dBi (see section 11.1).

Results:

a	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-7.5	-7.6	-8.1
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-8.0	-8.6	-9.3
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-7.5	-6.9	-6.0
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-6.0	-6.0	-6.6

Results:

n/ac HT20	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-8.0	-7.8	-8.4
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-8.2	-8.8	-9.5
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-7.8	-7.0	-6.1
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-6.0	-6.1	-6.8

Results:

n/ac HT40	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-11.6		-12.4
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-12.1		-13.4
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-11.3	-9.8	-10.3
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-9.7		-9.8

Results:

ac VHT80	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	-15.1		
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	-15.9		
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-14.1		-15.1
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	-18.5		

11.4.2 Power spectral density according to IC requirements

Description:

Measurement of the power spectral density of a digital modulated system. The measurement is repeated at the lowest, middle and highest channel.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	RMS
Sweep time:	$\geq 10 * (\text{swp points}) * (\text{total on/off time})$
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz for U-NII-1/2A & 2C 500 kHz for U-NII-3
Video bandwidth:	$\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$
Span:	$> \text{EBW}$
Trace mode:	Max hold
External result file(s)	1-9154_19-01-07_log1_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log2_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log3_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log4_conducted.pdf
Used test setup:	See chapter 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

Power Spectral Density
power spectral density e.i.r.p. ≤ 10 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5150 – 5250 MHz)
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5250 – 5350 MHz)
power spectral density conducted ≤ 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band (band 5470 – 5725 MHz)
power spectral density conducted ≤ 30 dBm in any 500 kHz band (band 5725 – 5850 MHz)

Note: The power spectral density limits are reduced by 1.2 dB for all frequency bands to compensate for the maximum amount the antenna gain exceeds 6dBi (see section 11.1).

Results:

a	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-7.5	-7.6	-8.2
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	-2.3	-1.4	-1.1
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-8.0	-8.6	-9.3
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-7.5	-6.9	-6.0
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-5.9	-6.0	-6.6

Results:

n/ac HT20	Power spectral density (dBm/1MHz or dBm/500kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-7.9	-7.8	-8.4
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	-2.7	-0.7	-1.3
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-8.2	-8.8	-9.5
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-7.8	-7.0	-6.1
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-6.0	-6.1	-6.8

Results:

n/ac HT40	Power spectral density (dBm/1 MHz or dBm/500 kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	Conducted		
	-11.6		-12.4
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	-6.4		-5.3
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-12.1		-13.3
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	-11.3	-10.8	-10.2
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-9.7		-9.8

Results:

ac VHT80	Power spectral density (dBm/1 MHz or dBm/500 kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	Conducted		
	-15.3		
	Radiated (calculated – see chapter antenna gain)		
	-8.9		
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	-15.9		
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	-14.0		-13.5
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	-18.5		

11.5 Minimum emission bandwidth for the band 5.725-5.85 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the 6 dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, C.2.	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	100 kHz
Video bandwidth:	300 kHz
Span:	40 MHz
Measurement procedure:	Using marker to find -6dBc frequencies
Trace mode:	Max hold (allow trace to stabilize)
External result file(s)	1-9154_19-01-07_log1_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log2_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log3_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log4_conducted.pdf
Used test setup:	See chapter 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz.	

Results:

a	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16.6	16.6	16.6

Results:

n/ac HT20	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17.6	17.7	17.6

Results:

n/ac HT40	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)	
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	36.4	36.4

Results:

ac VHT80	6 dB emission bandwidth (MHz)	
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	
	Middle channel	
	76.6	

11.6 Spectrum bandwidth / 26 dB bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 26 dB bandwidth of the modulated signal.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
According to: KDB789033 D02, C.1.	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1% EBW
Video bandwidth:	≥ RBW
Span:	> Complete signal
Trace mode:	Max hold
External result file(s)	1-9154_19-01-07_log1_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log2_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log3_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log4_conducted.pdf
Used test setup:	see chapter 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

Spectrum Bandwidth – 26 dB Bandwidth
IC: Any unwanted emissions that fall into the band 5250-5350 MHz shall be attenuated below the channel power by at least 26 dB, when measured using a resolution bandwidth between 1 and 5% of the occupied bandwidth (i.e. 99% bandwidth), above 5250 MHz. The 26 dB bandwidth may fall into the 5250-5350 MHz band; however, if the occupied bandwidth also falls within the 5250-5350 MHz band, the transmission is considered as intentional and the devices shall comply with all requirements in the band 5250-5350 MHz including implementing dynamic frequency selection (DFS) and TPC, on the portion of the emission that resides in the 5250-5350 MHz band. FCC: Radar Detection Function of Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS). U-NII devices operating with any part of its 26 dB emission bandwidth in the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands shall employ a DFS radar detection mechanism to detect the presence of radar systems and to avoid co-channel operation with radar systems.

Results:

a	26 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	19.9	19.9	19.9
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5170.1		5250.0*
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	19.9	19.8	19.9
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.0	19.9	20.4
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.2	20.0	20.2
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5735.0		5835.2

* As per KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 the 99% bandwidth can be used in lieu of the 26dB bandwidth. The highest frequency measured with 99% measurement function is 5248.4 MHz and falls completely within the U-NII-1 band.

Results:

n/ac HT20	26 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.4	20.4	20.4
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5169.9		5250.3*
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.4	20.5	20.4
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.4	20.5	20.4
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	20.5	20.4	20.5
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5734.8		5835.2

* As per KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 the 99% bandwidth can be used in lieu of the 26dB bandwidth. The highest frequency measured with 99% measurement function is 5248.9 MHz and falls completely within the U-NII-1 band.

Results:

n/ac HT40	26 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	40.9		40.7
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5169.6		5250.4*
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	40.6		40.7
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	40.6	40.6	40.8
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	40.9		40.7
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5734.8		5815.4

* As per KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 the 99% bandwidth can be used in lieu of the 26dB bandwidth. The highest frequency measured with 99% measurement function is 5248.2 MHz and falls completely within the U-NII-1 band.

Results:

ac VHT80	26 dB bandwidth (MHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	82.0		
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5169.2		5251.2*
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	81.8		
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	81.8		82.0
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Middle channel		
	82.0		
	Lowest frequency		Highest frequency
	5734.2		5816.0

* As per KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 the 99% bandwidth can be used in lieu of the 26dB bandwidth. The highest frequency measured with 99% measurement function is 5248.4 MHz and falls completely within the U-NII-1 band.

11.7 Occupied bandwidth / 99% emission bandwidth

Description:

Measurement of the 99% bandwidth of the modulated signal acc. RSS-GEN.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	300 kHz / 500 kHz
Video bandwidth:	1 MHz / 3 MHz
Span:	50 MHz / 100 MHz
Measurement procedure:	Measurement of the 99% bandwidth using the integration function of the analyzer
Trace mode:	Max hold (allow trace to stabilize)
External result file(s)	1-9154_19-01-07_log1_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log2_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log3_conducted.pdf 1-9154_19-01-07_log4_conducted.pdf
Test setup:	See sub clause 6.4 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Usage:

-/-	IC
OBW is necessary for Emission Designator	

Results:

a	99% bandwidth (kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16783	16733	16783
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16733	16733	16733
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16733	16783	16833
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	16833	16833	16833

Results:

n/ac HT20	99% bandwidth (kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17682	17732	17682
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17732	17682	17732
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17732	17732	17732
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	17682	17732	17732

Results:

n/ac HT40	99% bandwidth (kHz)		
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	36264		36164
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	36264		36164
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)		
	Lowest channel	Middle channel	Highest channel
	36264	36264	36364
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
	Lowest channel		Highest channel
	36364		36264

Results:

ac VHT80	99% bandwidth (kHz)	
	U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)	
	Middle channel	
	76324	
	U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)	
	Middle channel	
	76523	
	U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)	
	Lowest channel	Highest channel
	76523	76324
	U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)	
	Middle channel	
	76124	

11.8 Band edge compliance radiated

Description:

Measurement of the radiated band edge compliance. The EUT is turned in the position that results in the maximum level at the band edge. Then a sweep over the corresponding restricted band is performed. The EUT is set to the lowest channel for the lower restricted band and to the highest channel for the upper restricted band. Measurement distance is 3m.

Measurement:

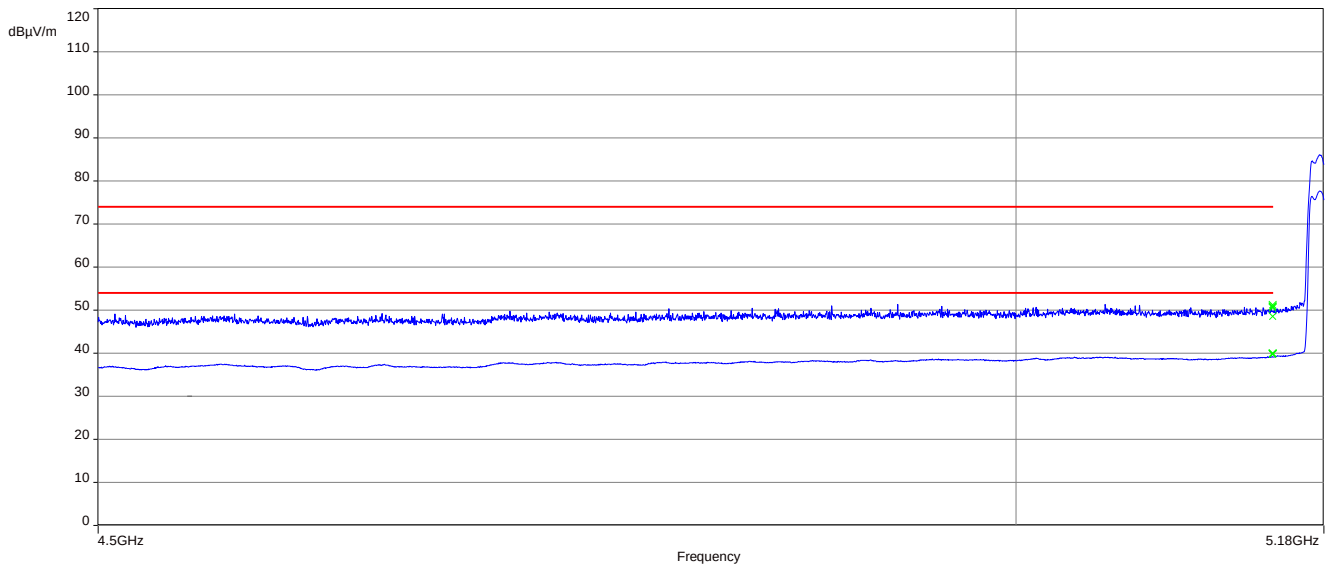
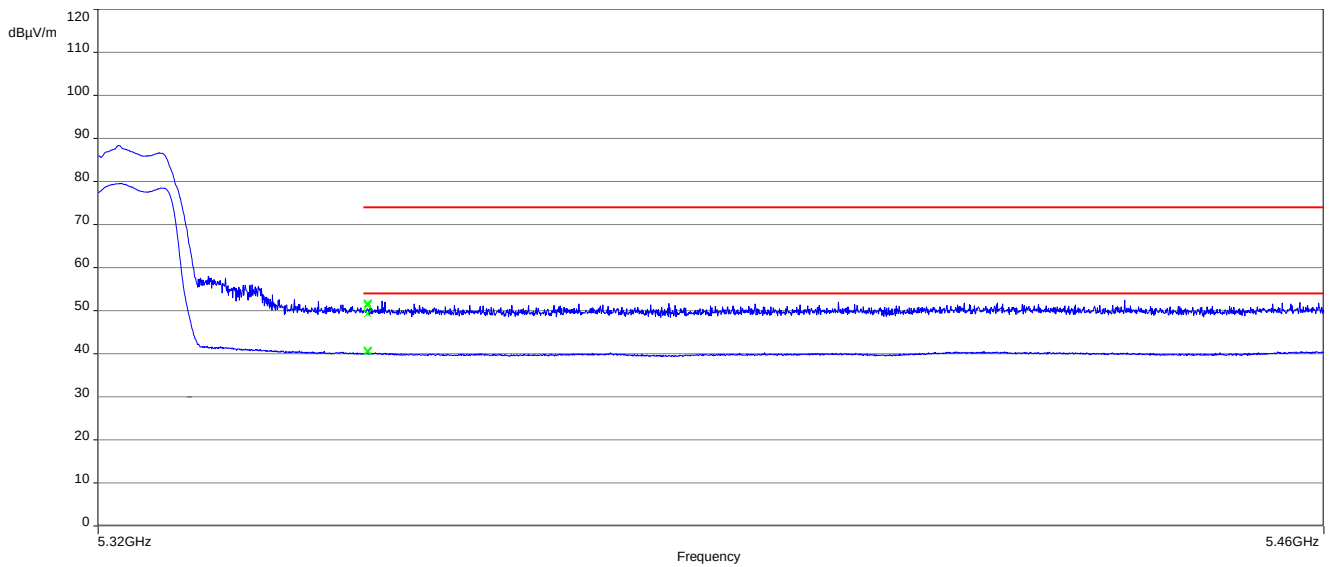
Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak / RMS
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	$\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$
Span:	See plots!
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 6.2 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

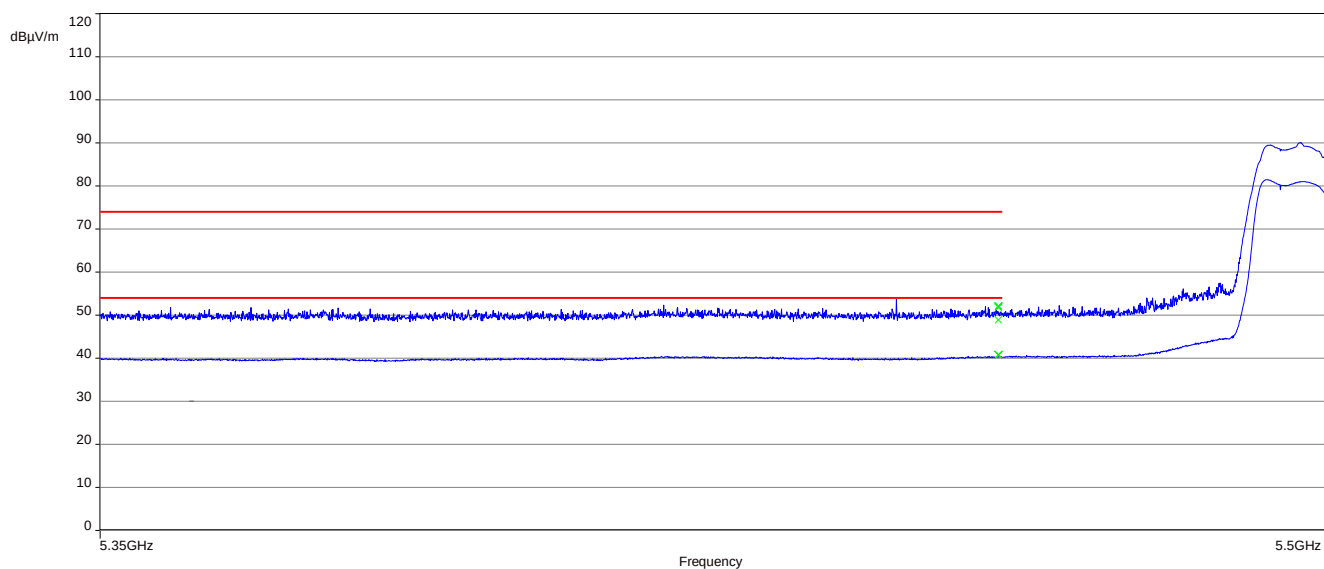
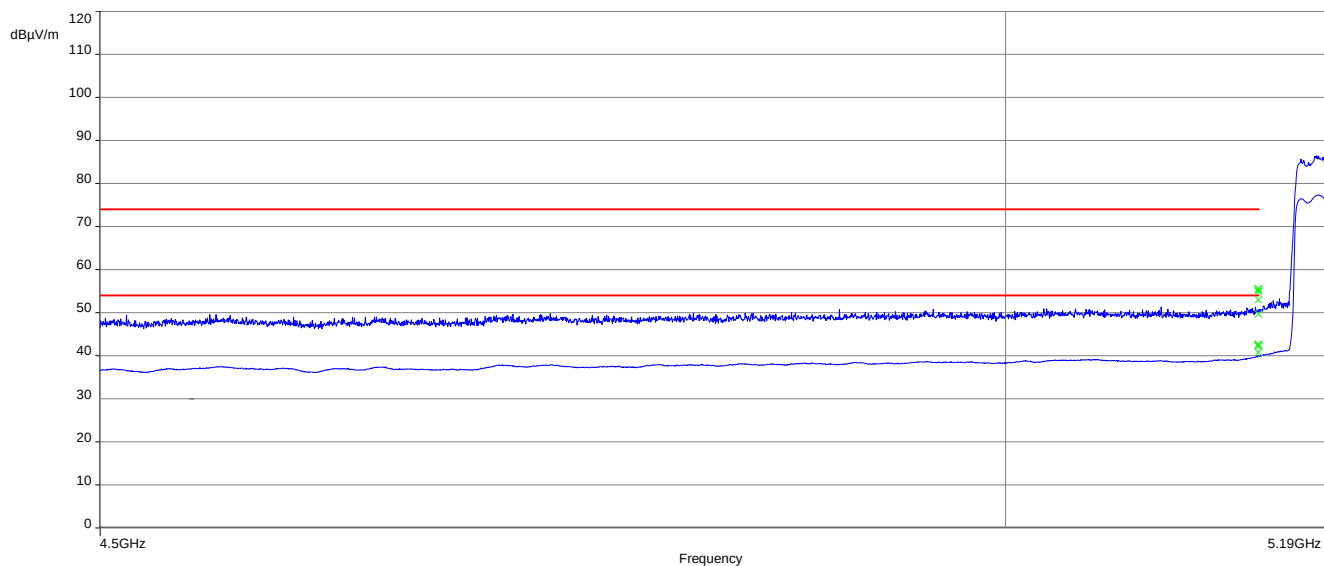
Limits:

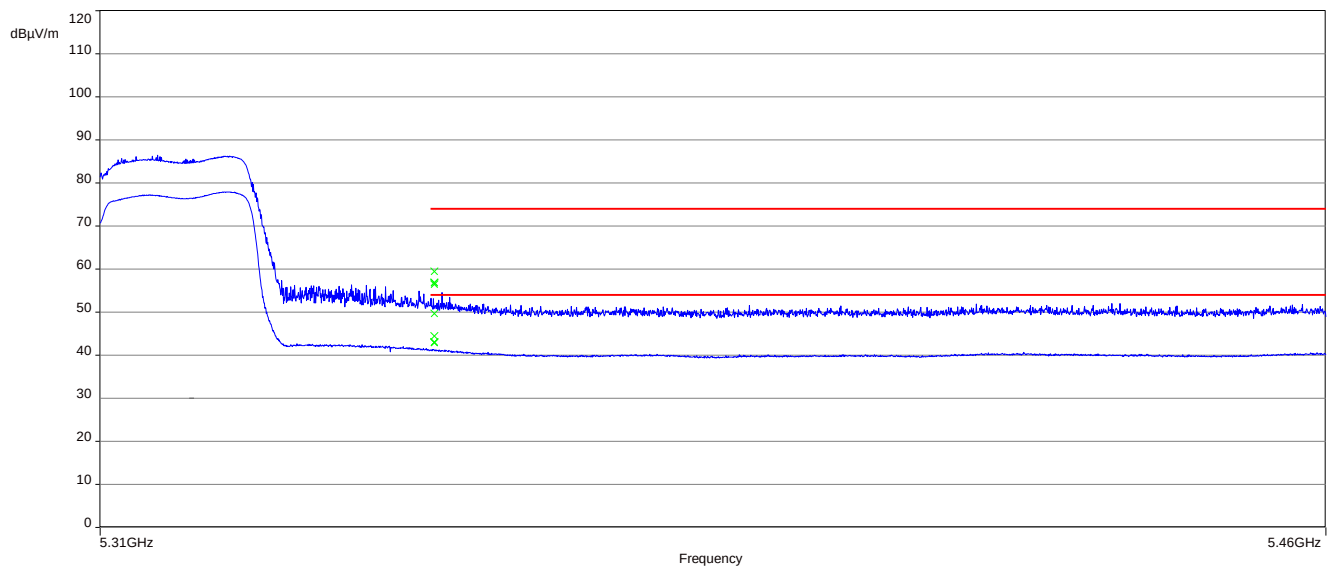
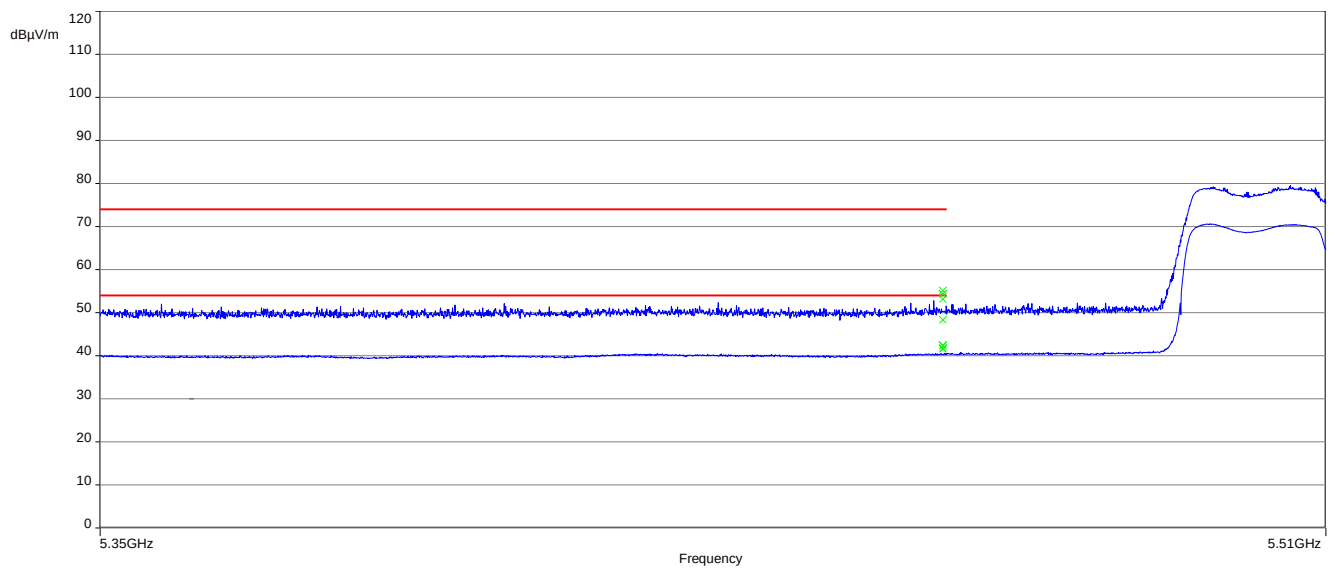
Band Edge Compliance Radiated
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 5.205(c)).
74 dB μ V/m (peak) 54 dB μ V/m (average)

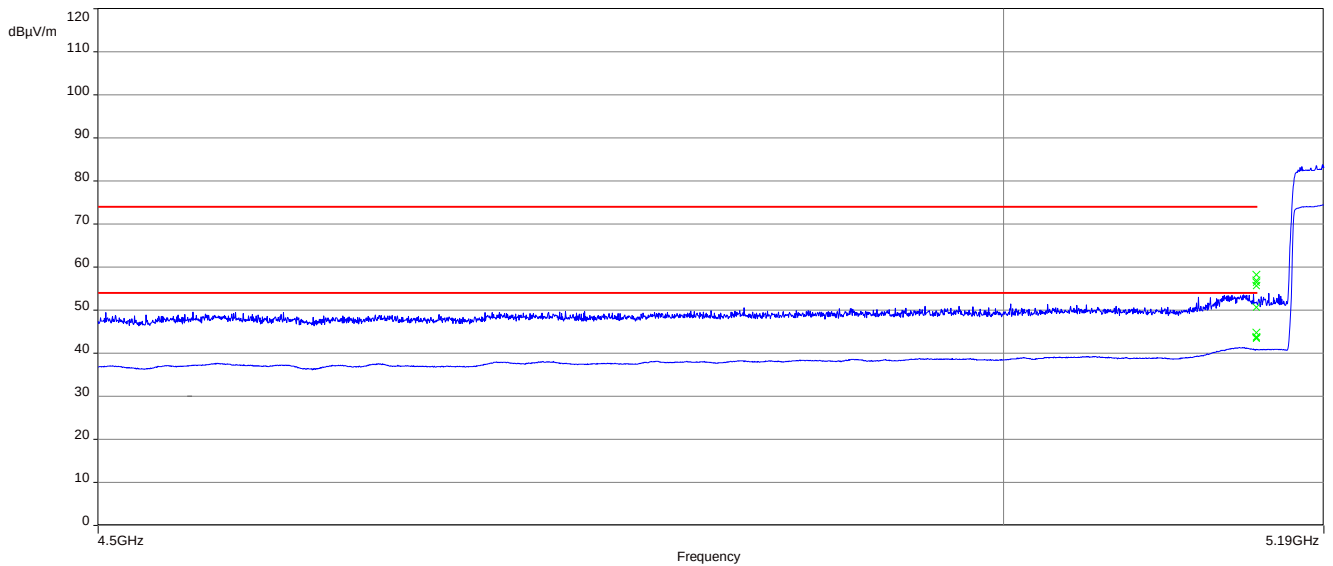
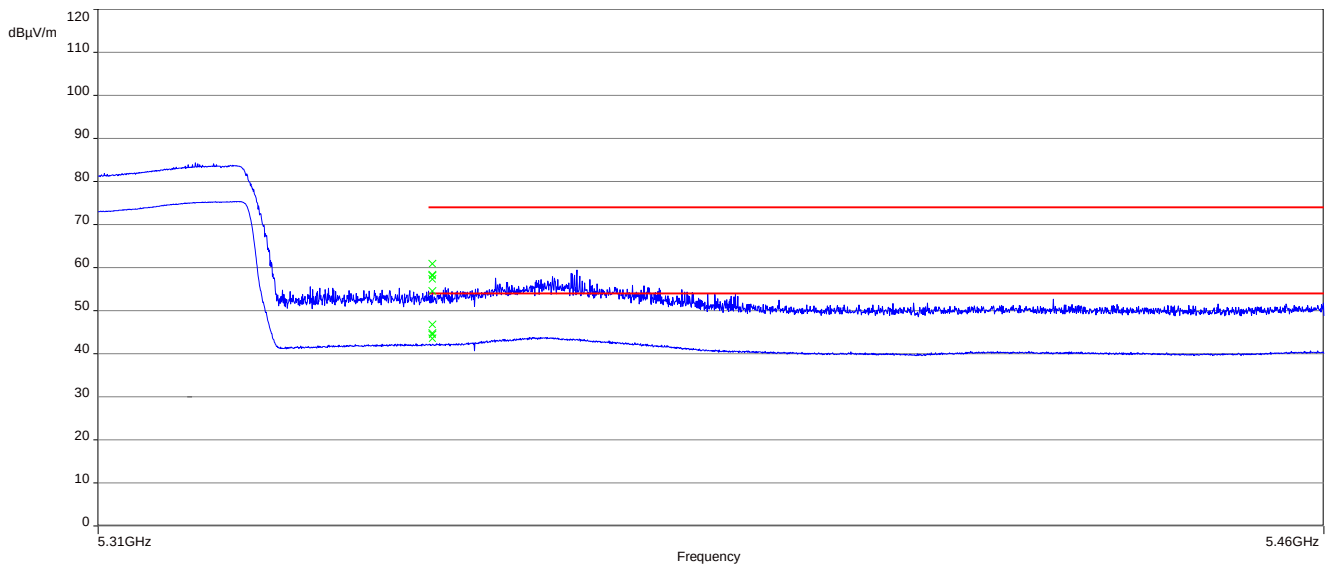
Result:

Scenario	Band Edge Compliance Radiated [dB μ V/m]
band edge	< 74 dB μ V/m (peak) < 54 dB μ V/m (average)

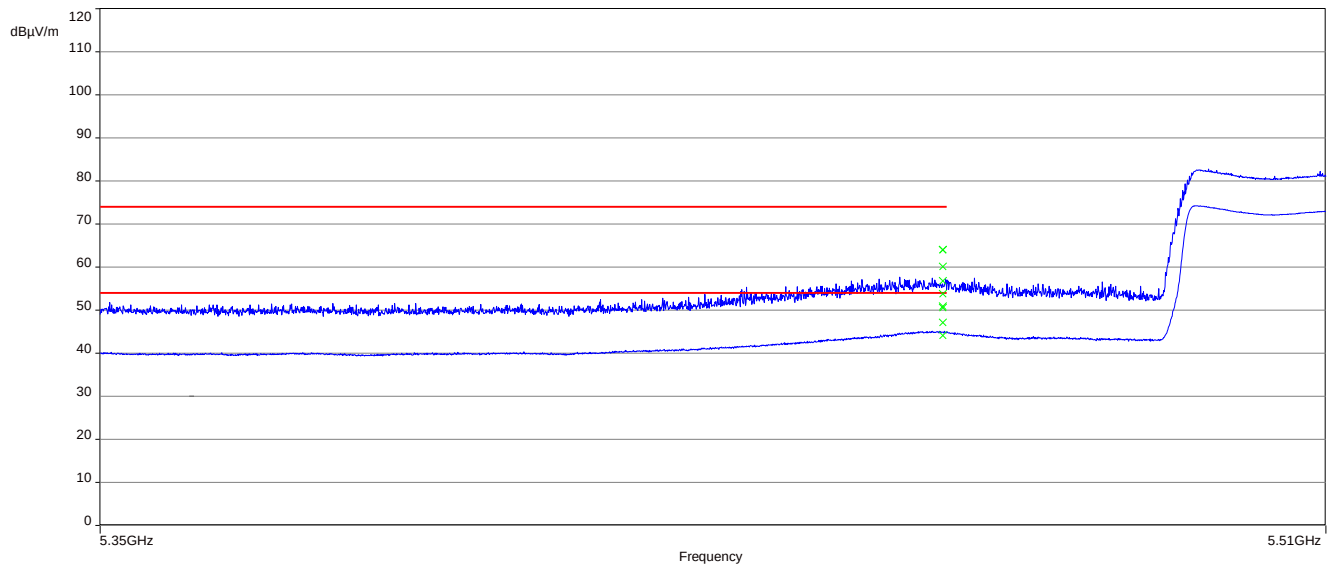
Plots:**Plot 1:** lower band edge; U-NII-1; lowest channel; 20 MHz channel bandwidth**Plot 2:** upper band edge; U-NII-2A; highest channel; 20 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 3: lower band edge; U-NII-2C; lowest channel; 20 MHz channel bandwidth**Plot 4:** lower band edge; U-NII-1; lowest channel; 40 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 5: upper band edge; U-NII-2A; highest channel; 40 MHz channel bandwidth**Plot 6:** lower band edge; U-NII-2C; lowest channel; 40 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 7: lower band edge; U-NII-1; middle channel; 80 MHz channel bandwidth**Plot 8:** upper band edge; U-NII-2A; middle channel; 80 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 9: lower band edge; U-NII-2C; lowest channel; 80 MHz channel bandwidth



11.9 Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The limits are re-calculated to a measurement distance of 3 m with 40 dB/decade according CFR Part 2.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz
Span:	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 6.2 – C
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

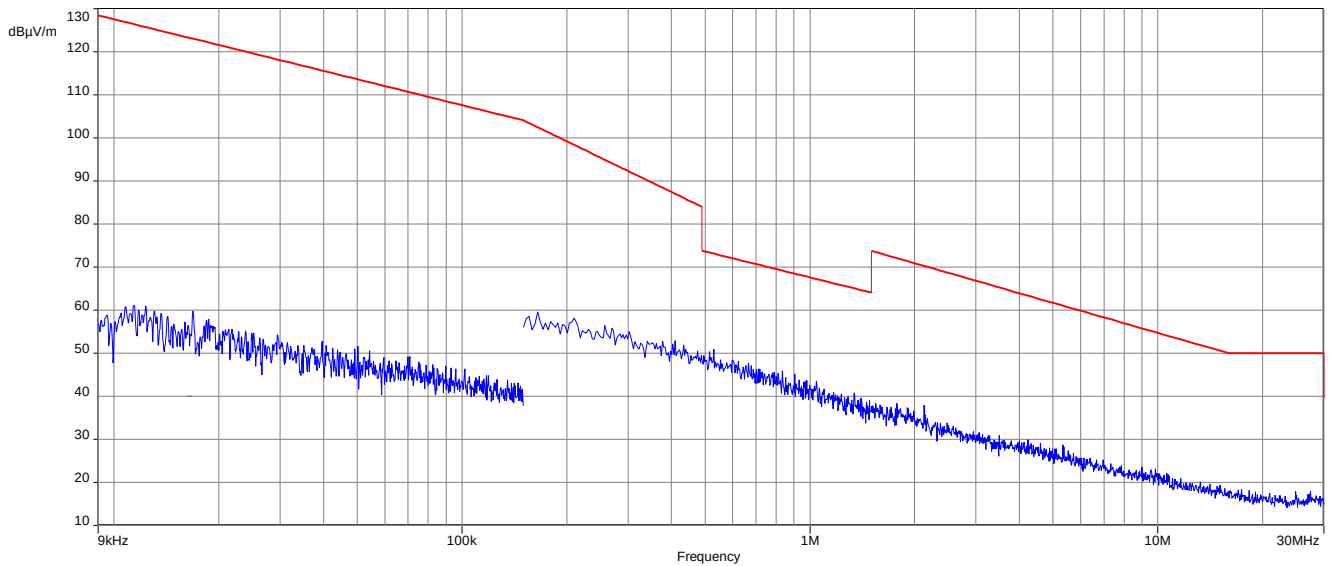
Spurious Emissions Radiated < 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Results:

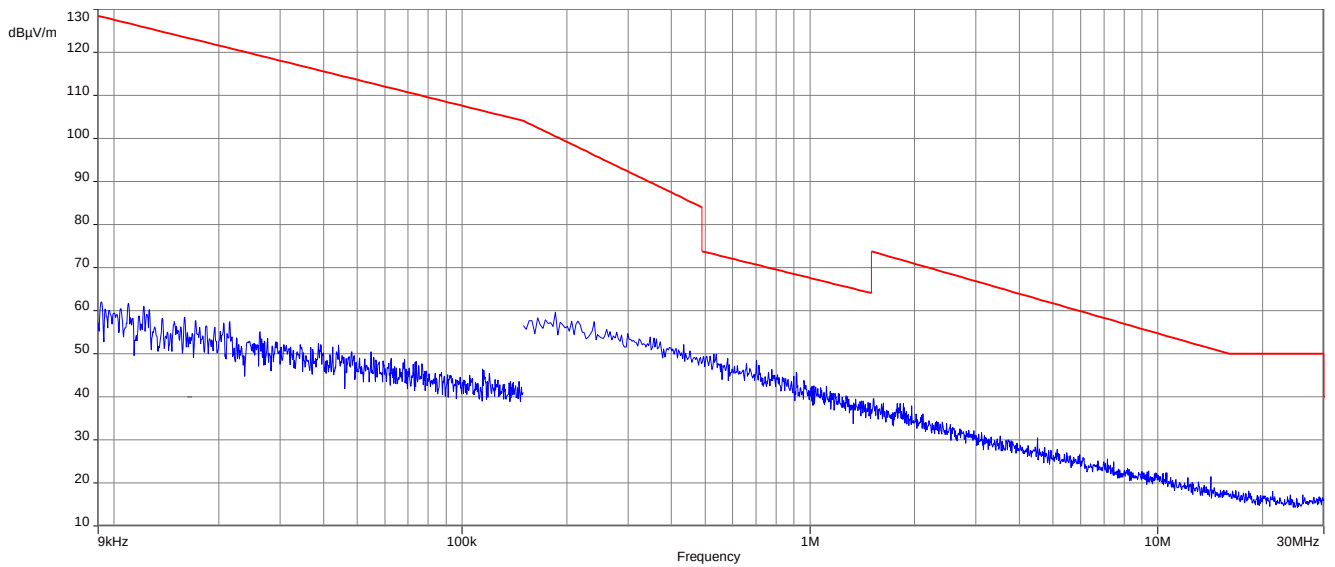
Spurious Emissions Radiated < 30 MHz [dBµV/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
All detected emissions are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Plots: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

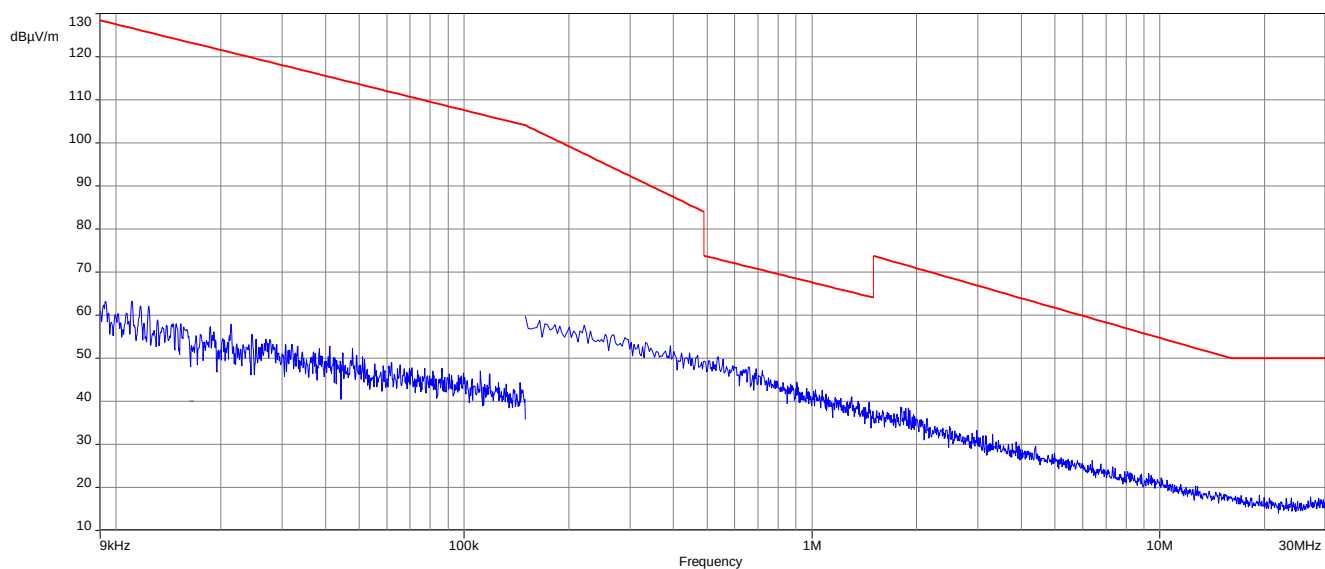
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; lowest channel



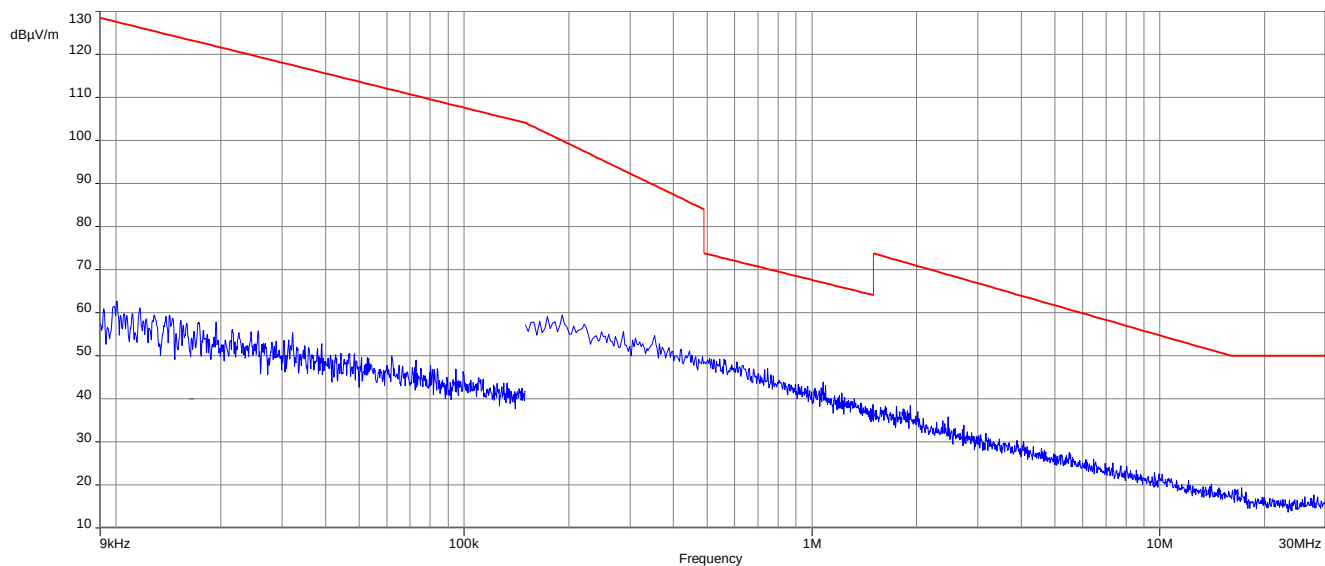
Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; highest channel

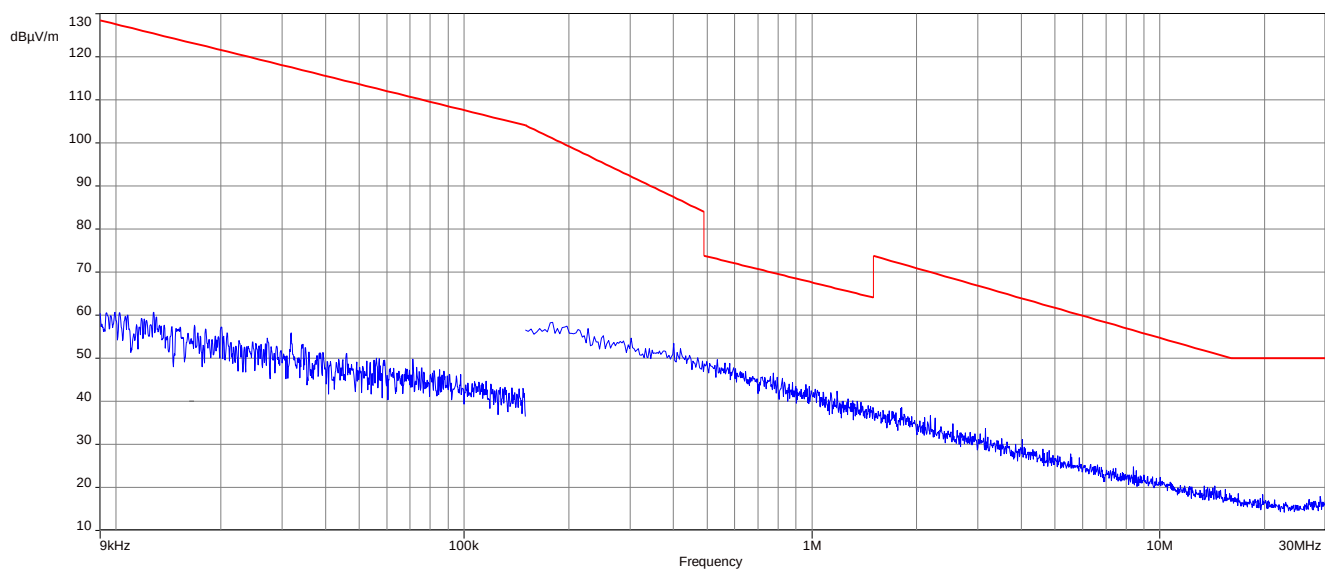
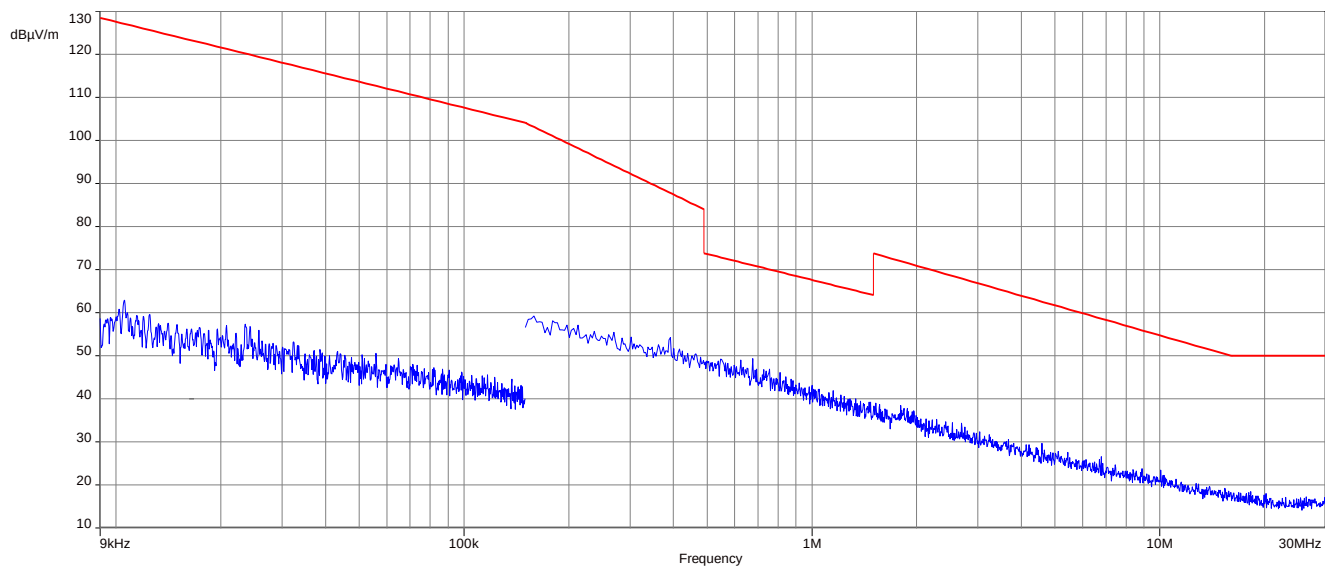


Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; lowest channel

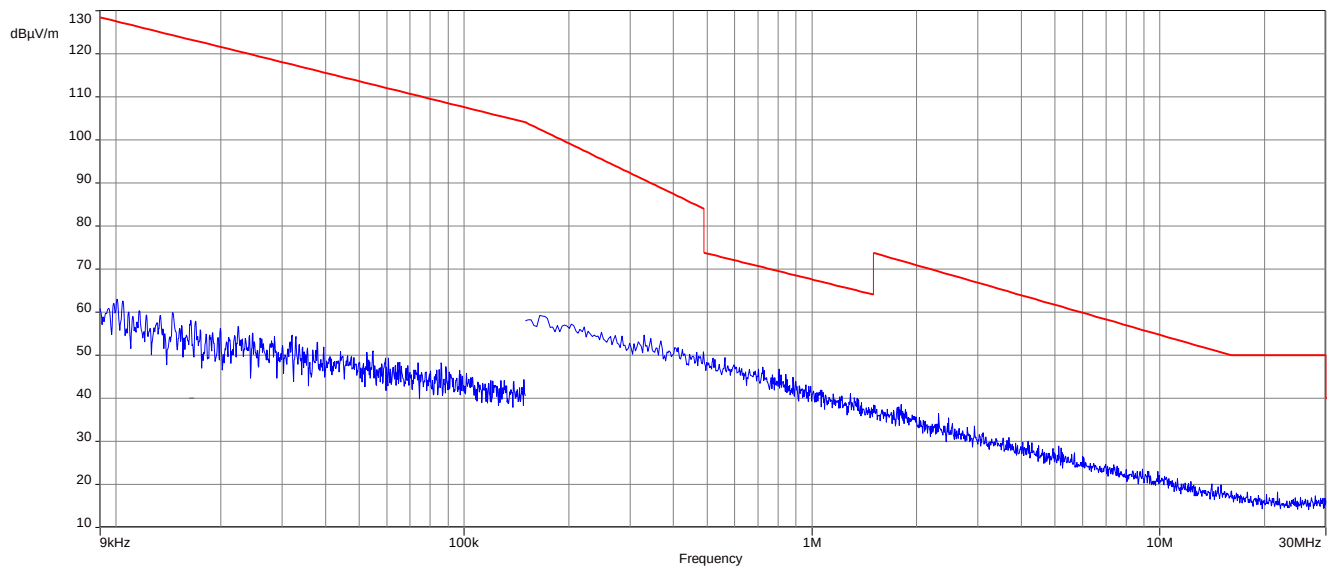


Plot 4: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; highest channel

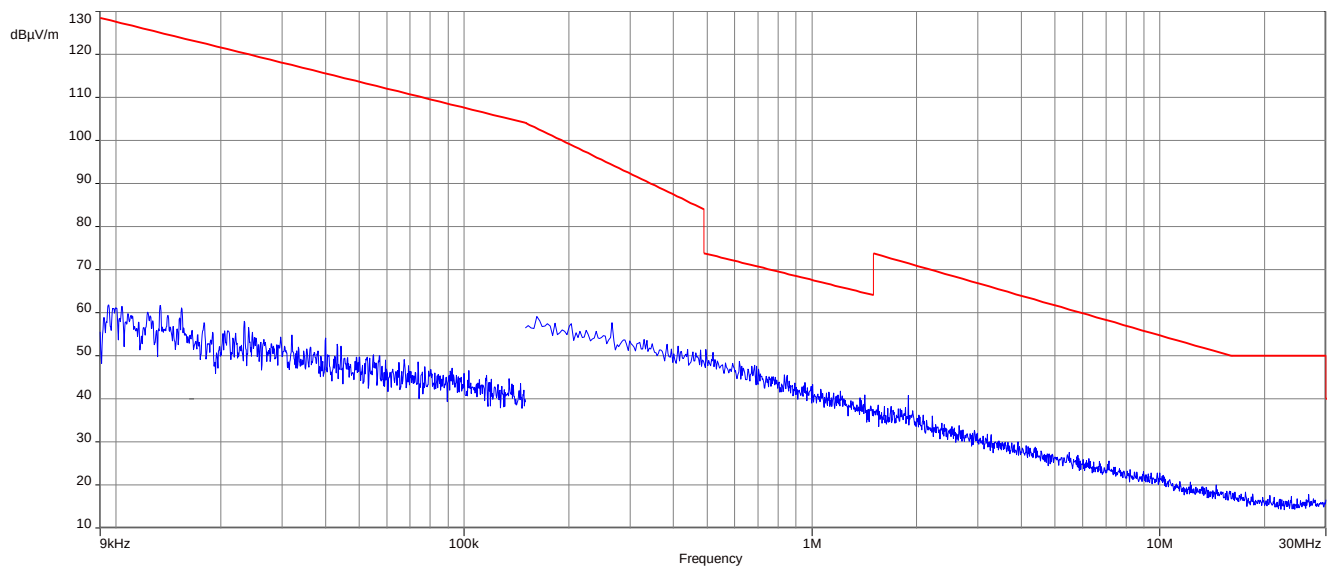


Plot 5: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; lowest channel**Plot 6:** 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; middle channel

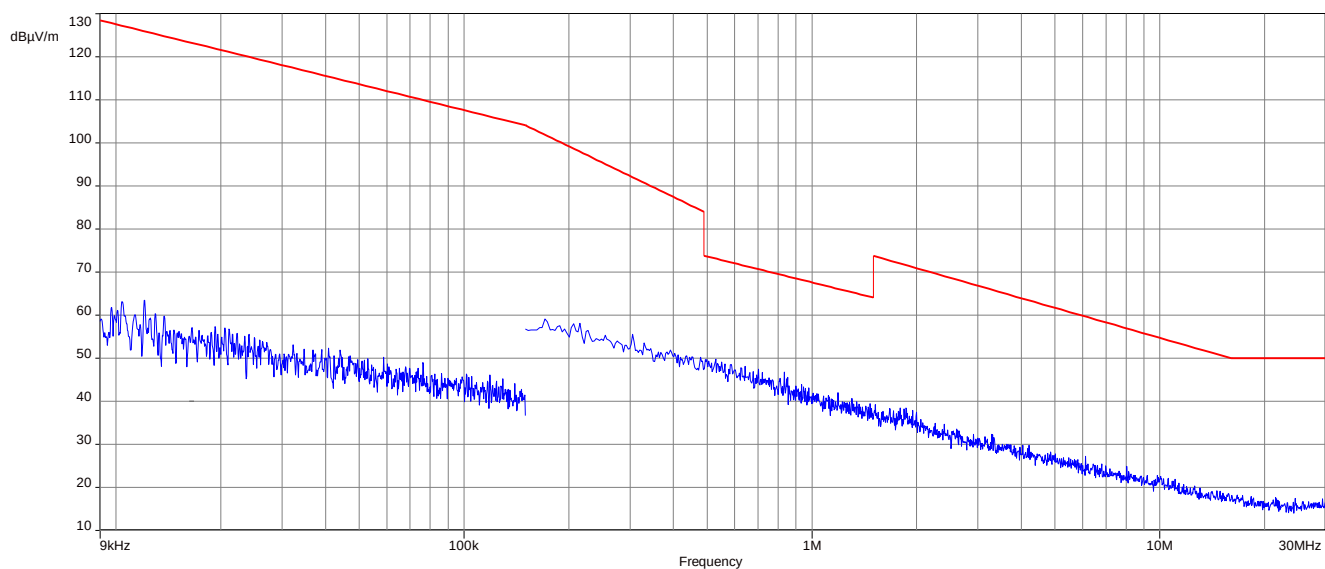
Plot 7: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; highest channel



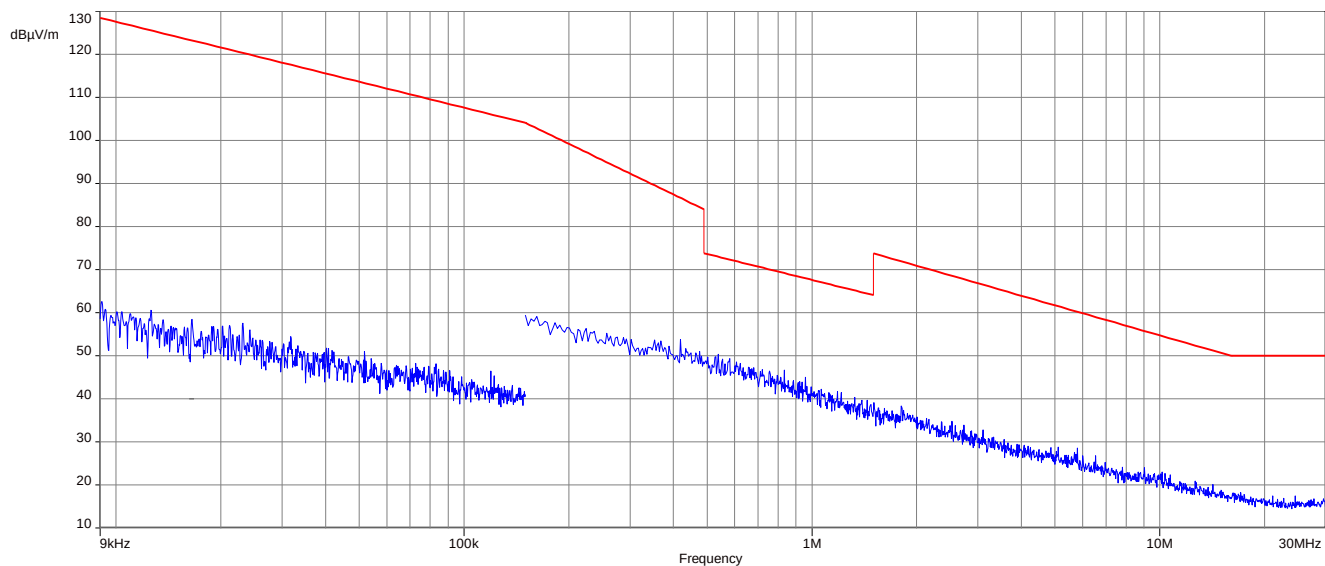
Plot 8: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; lowest channel



Plot 9: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; middle channel

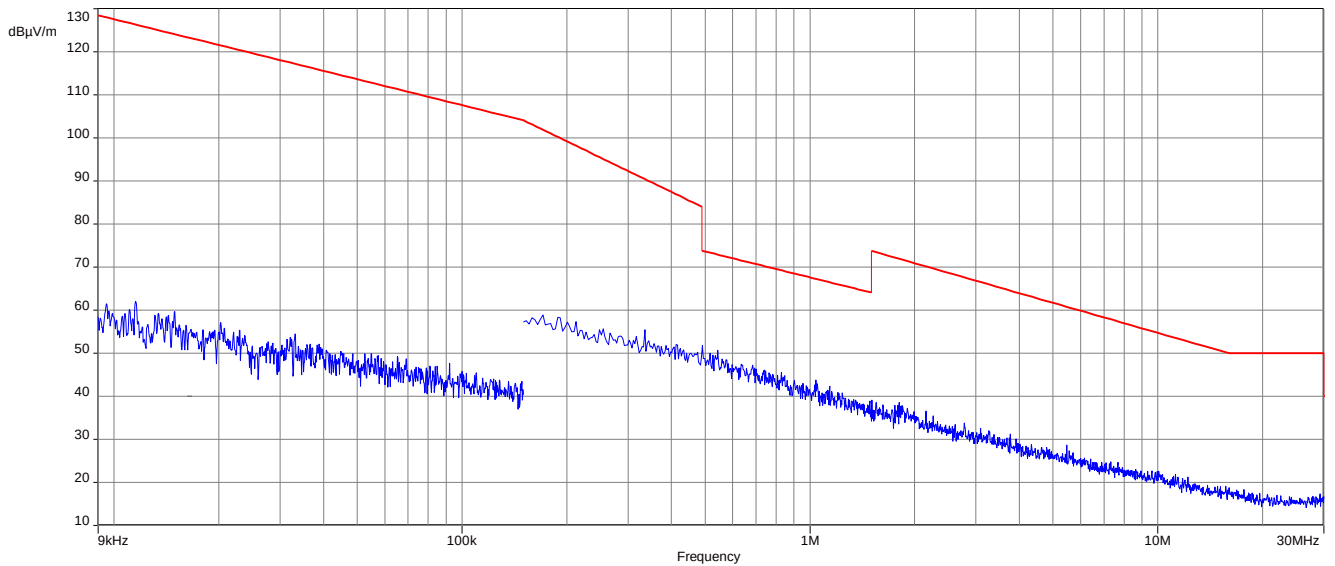


Plot 10: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; highest channel

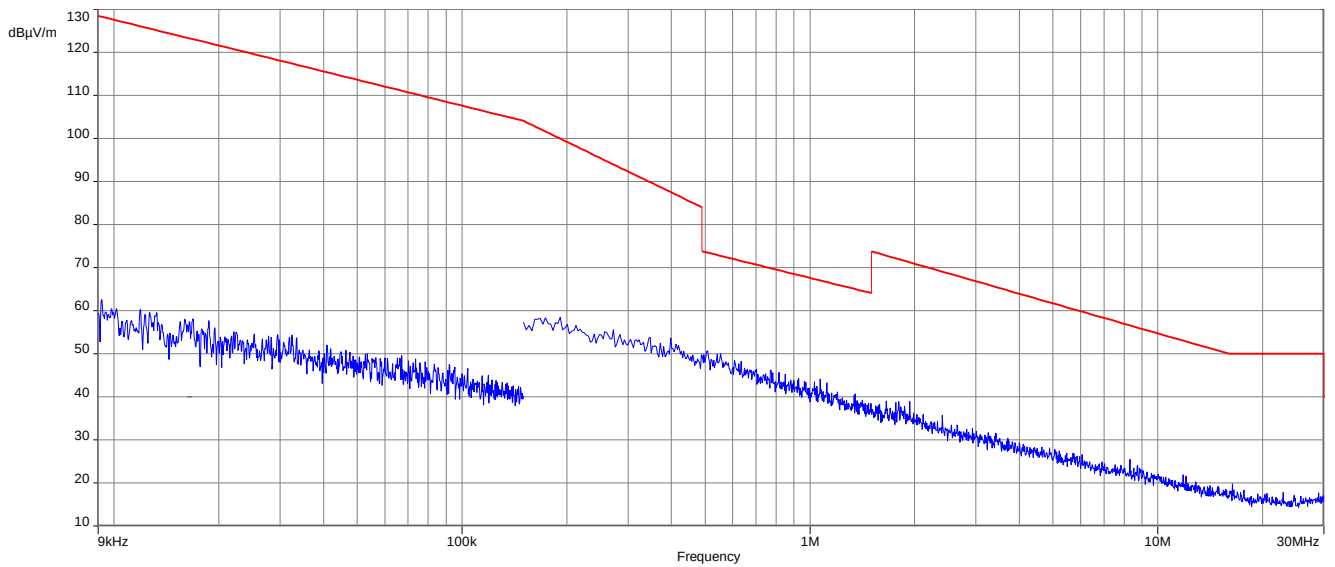


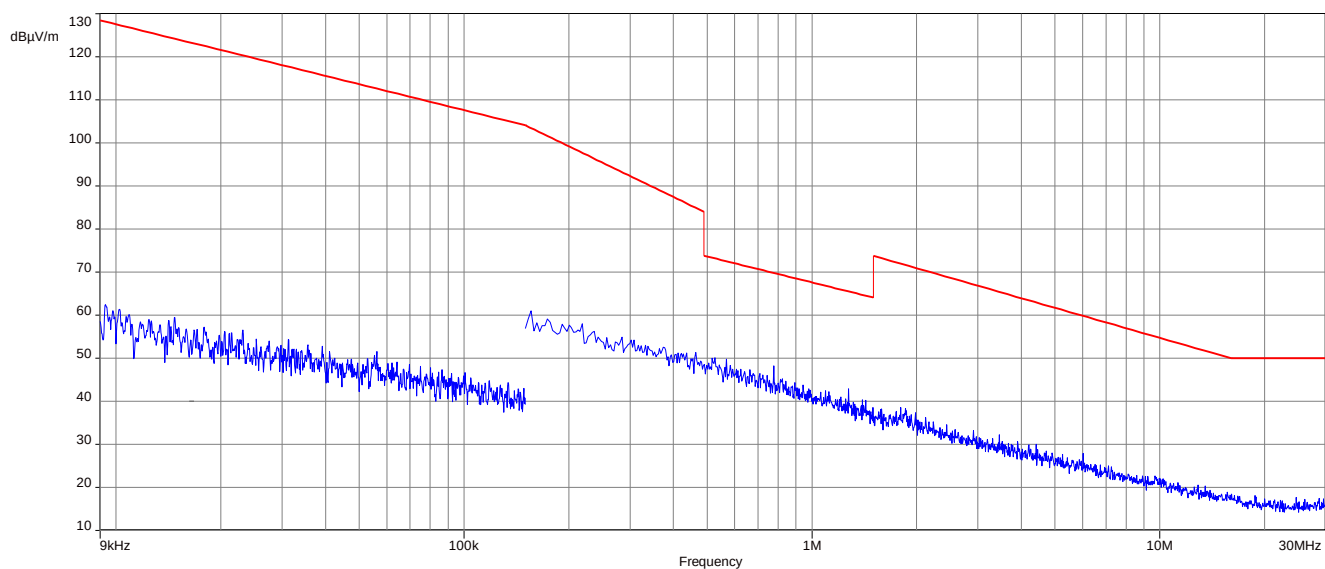
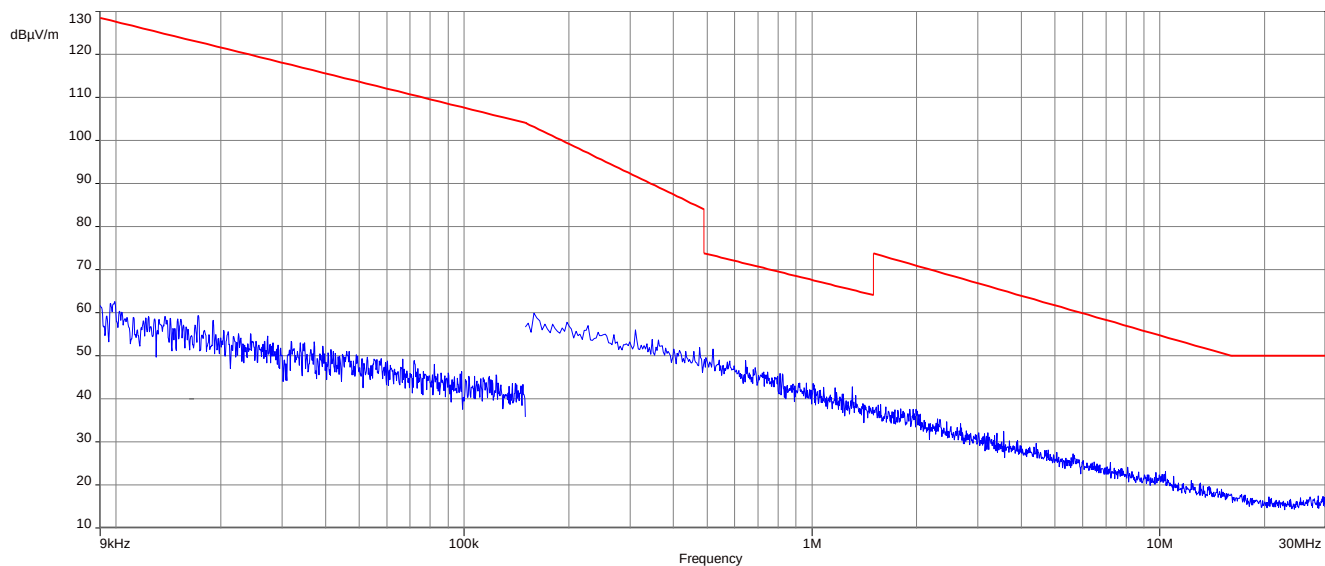
Plots: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; lowest channel

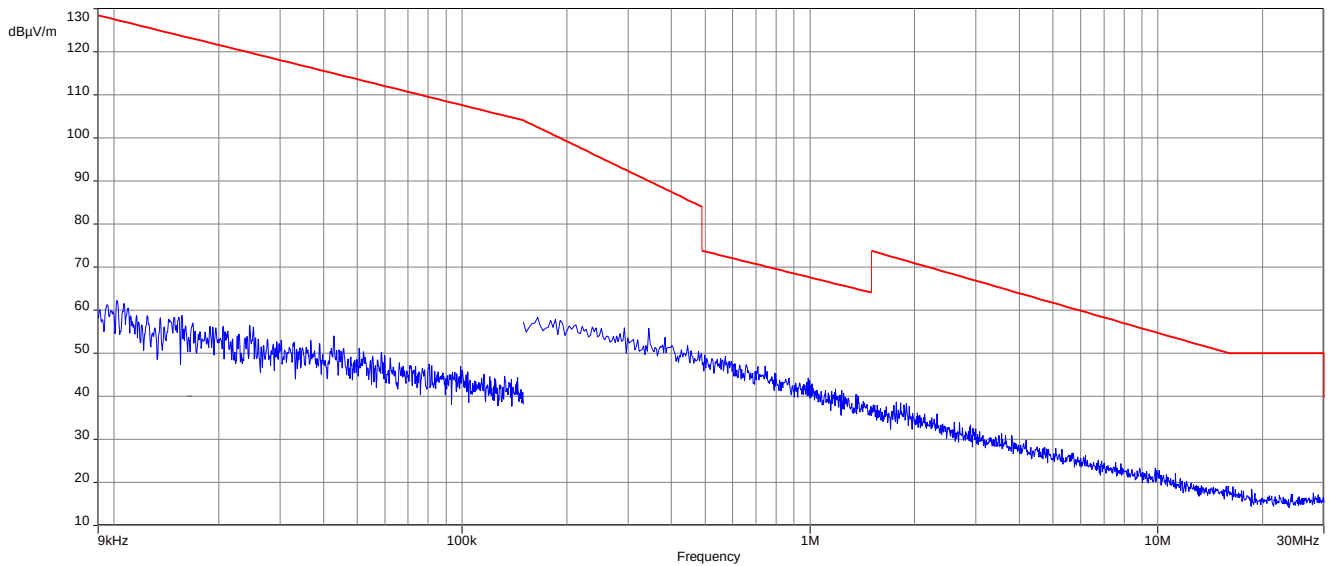


Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; highest channel

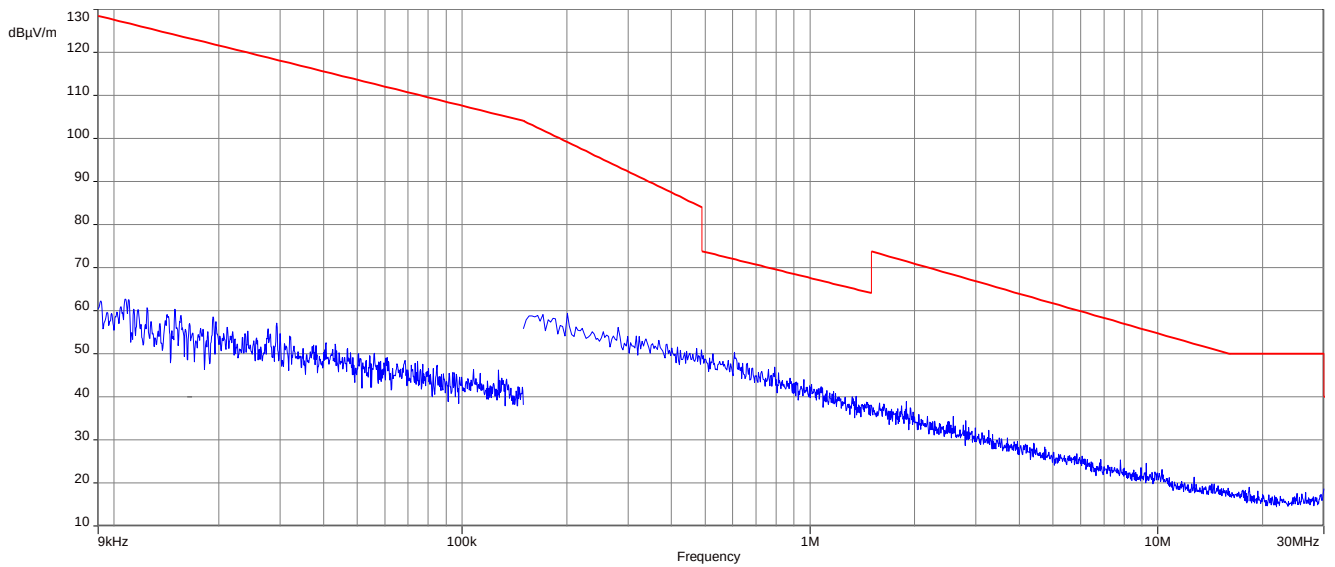


Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; lowest channel**Plot 4:** 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; highest channel

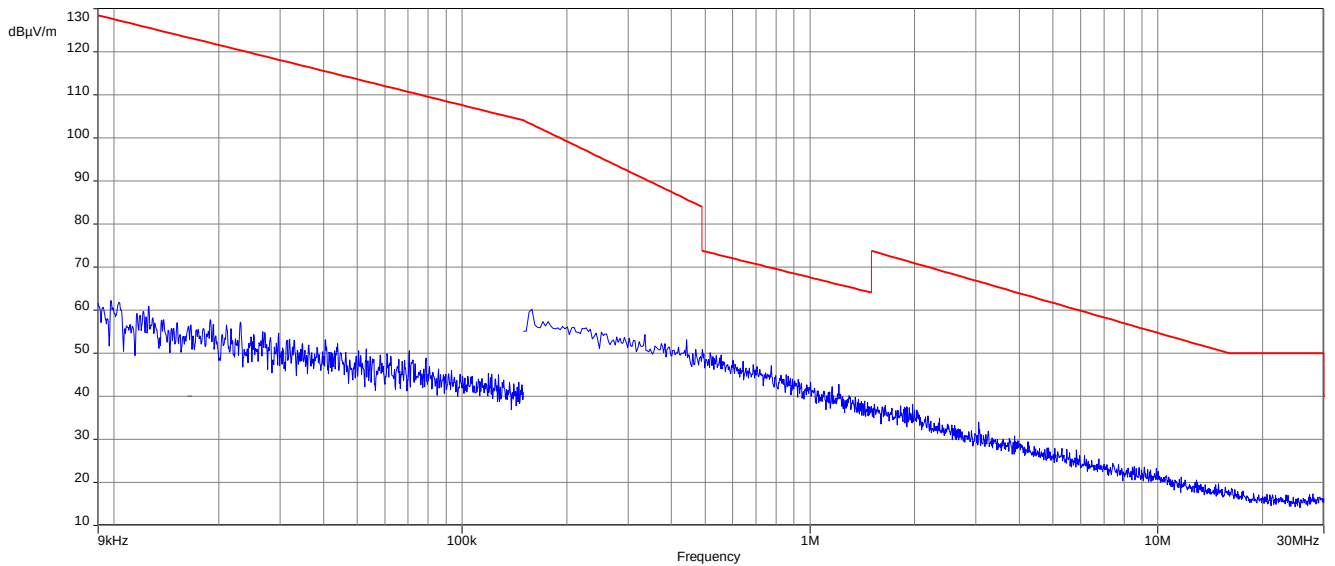
Plot 5: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; lowest channel



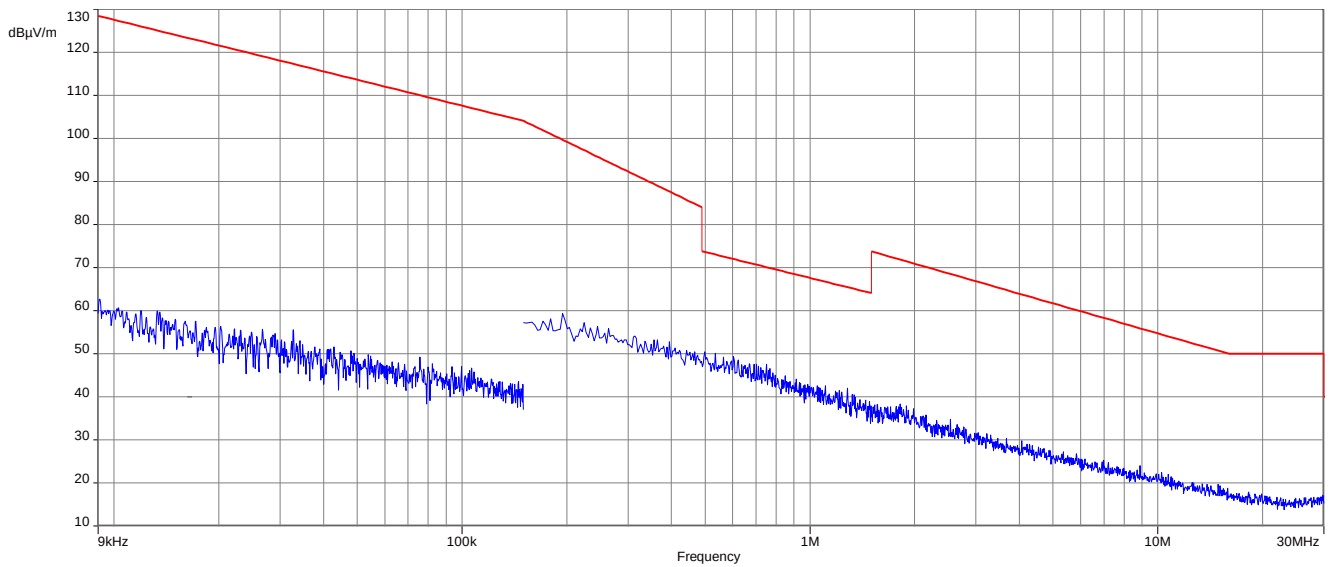
Plot 6: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; middle channel



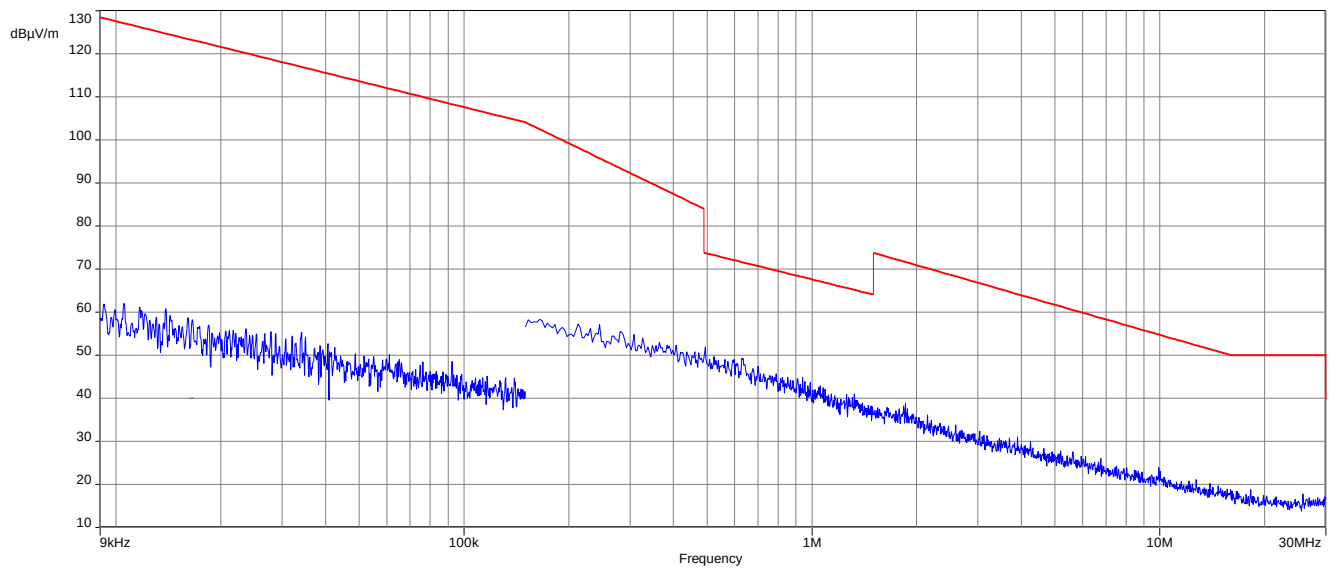
Plot 7: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; highest channel



Plot 8: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; lowest channel

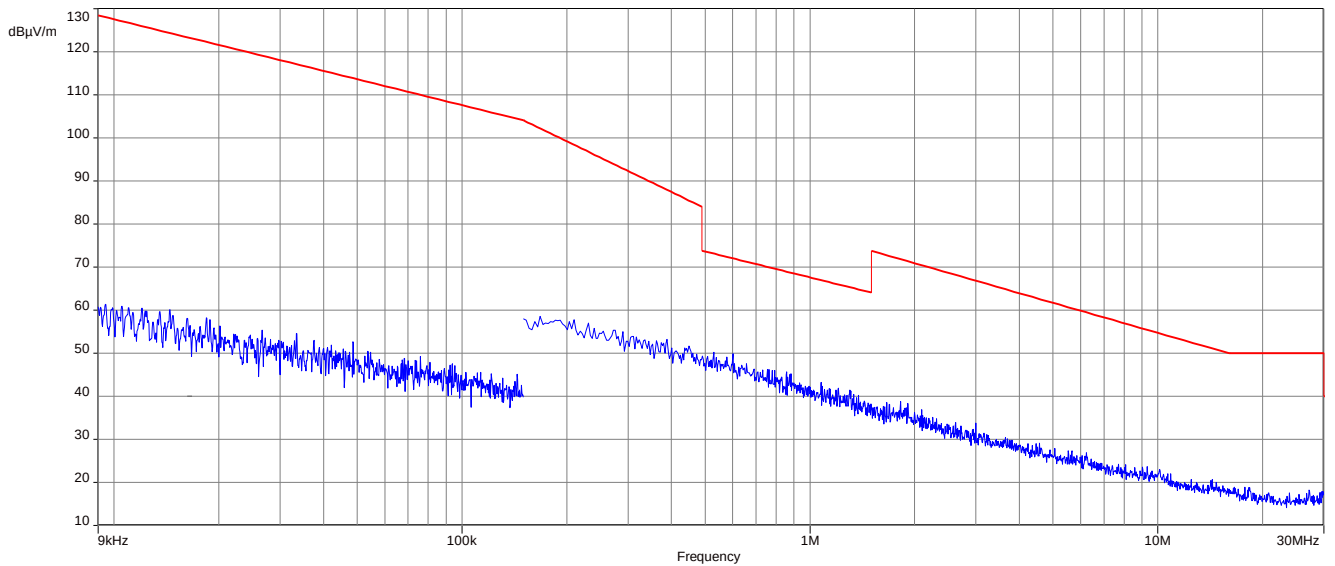


Plot 9: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; highest channel

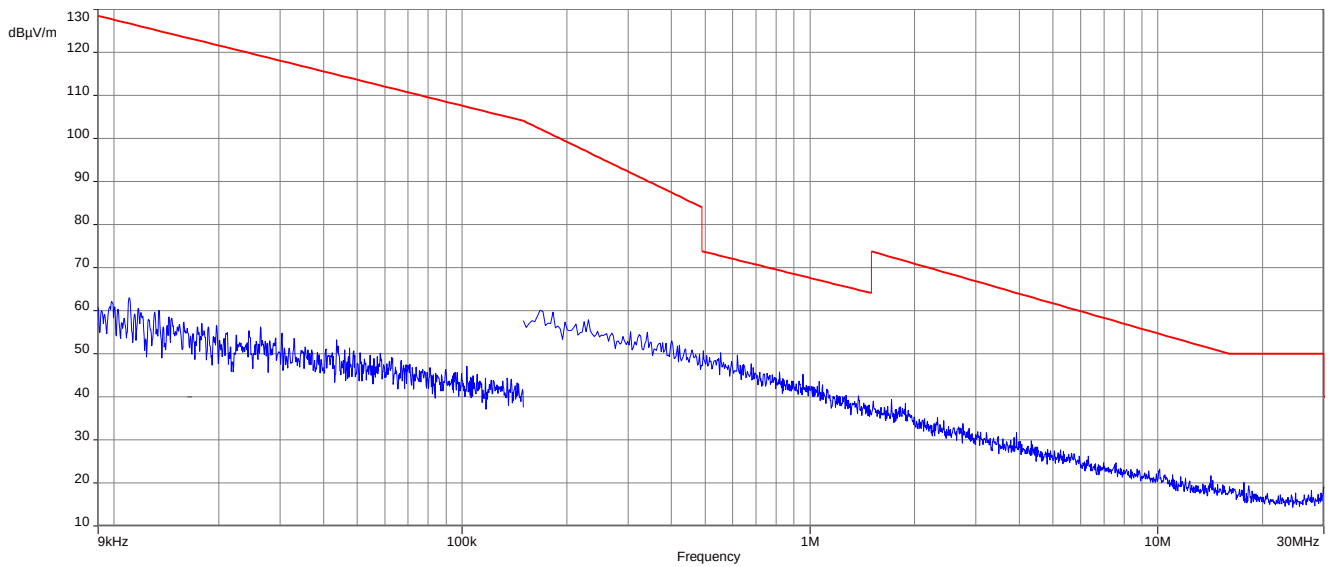


Plots: 80 MHz channel bandwidth

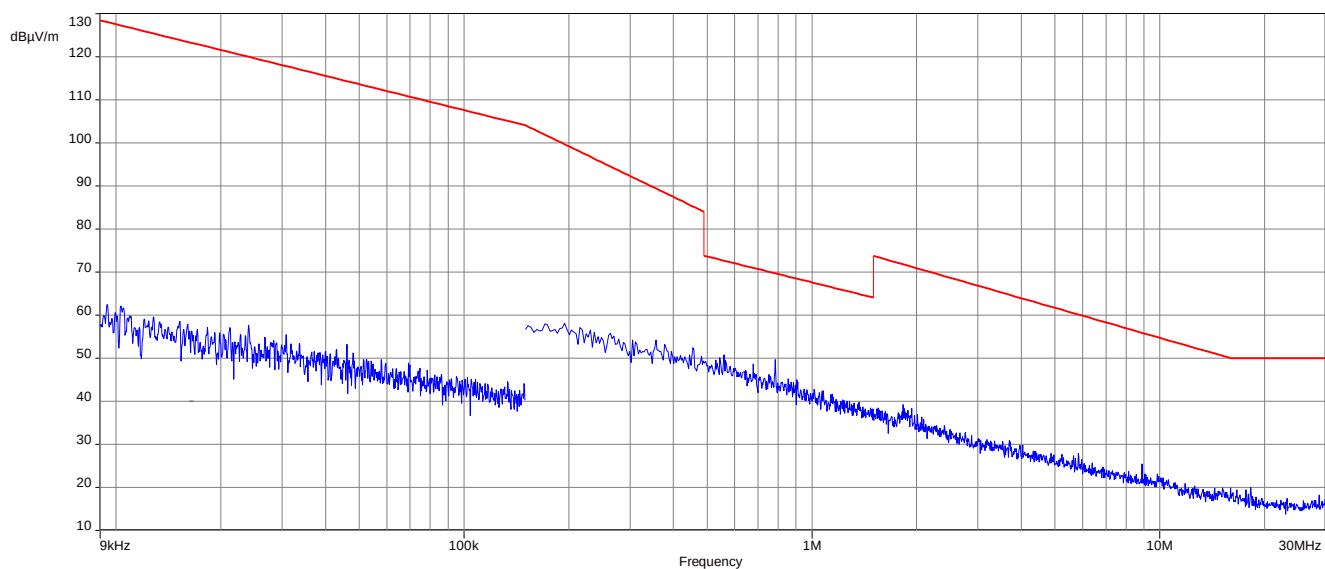
Plot 1: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-1; middle channel



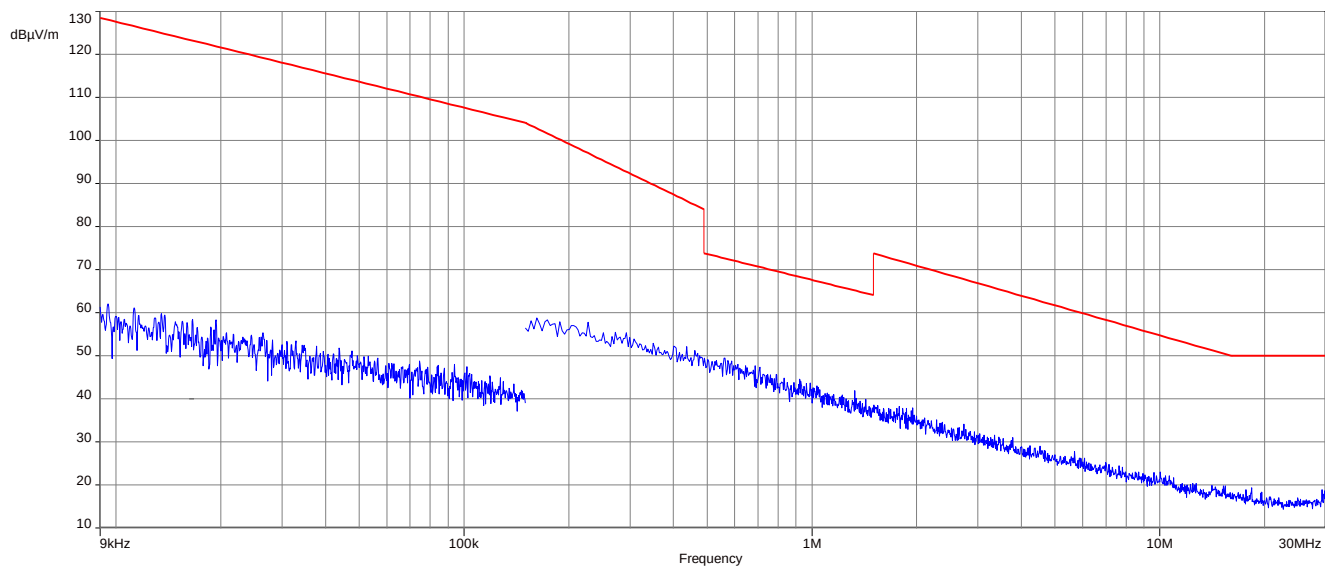
Plot 2: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2A; middle channel



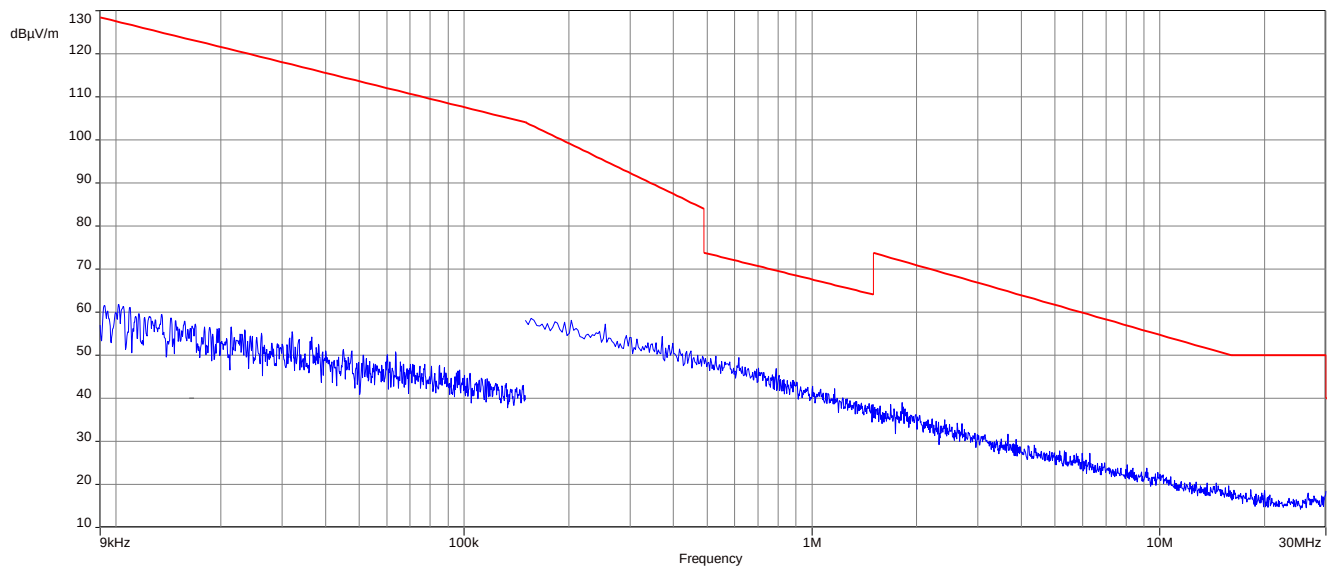
Plot 3: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; lowest channel



Plot 4: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-2C; highest channel



Plot 5: 9 kHz to 30 MHz, U-NII-3; middle channel



11.10 Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions and cabinet radiations below 1 GHz.

Measurement:

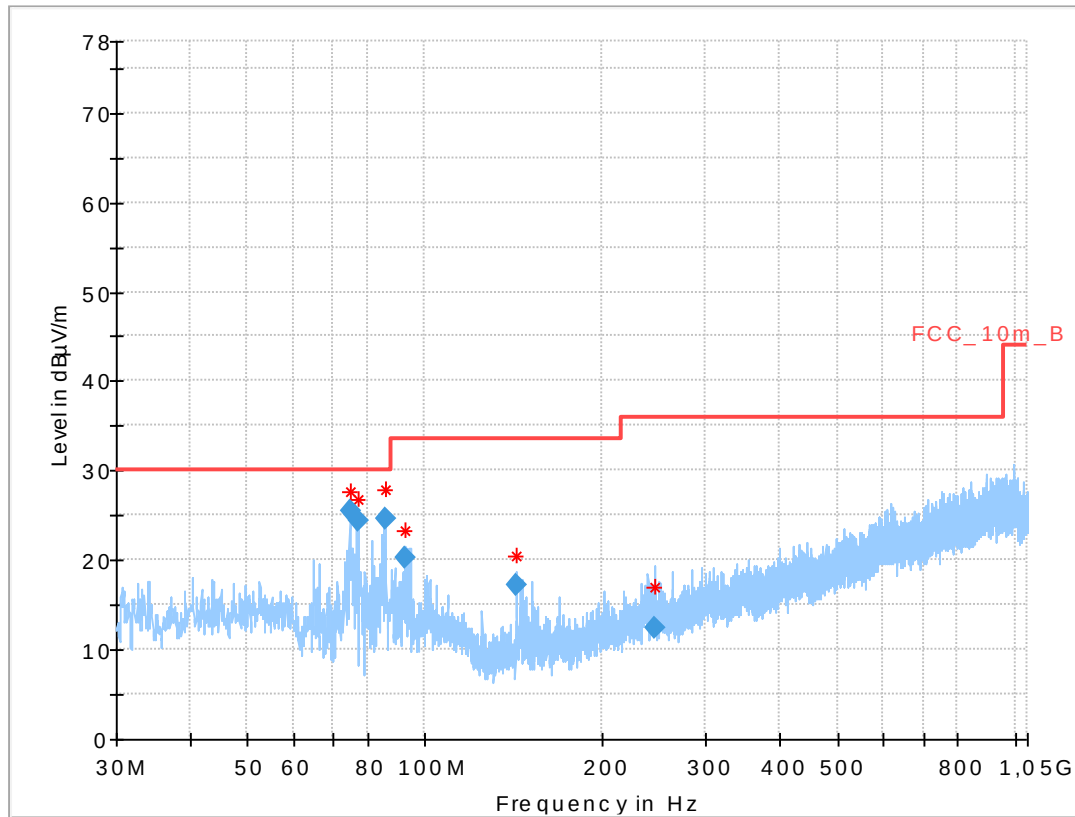
Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Quasi Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	120 kHz
Video bandwidth:	500 kHz
Span:	30 MHz to 1 GHz
Test setup:	See sub clause 6.1 – A See sub clause 6.2 – B See sub clause 6.3 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated		
§15.209		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
30 - 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10
Above 960	54.0	3
§15.407		
Outside the restricted bands!	-27 dBm / MHz	

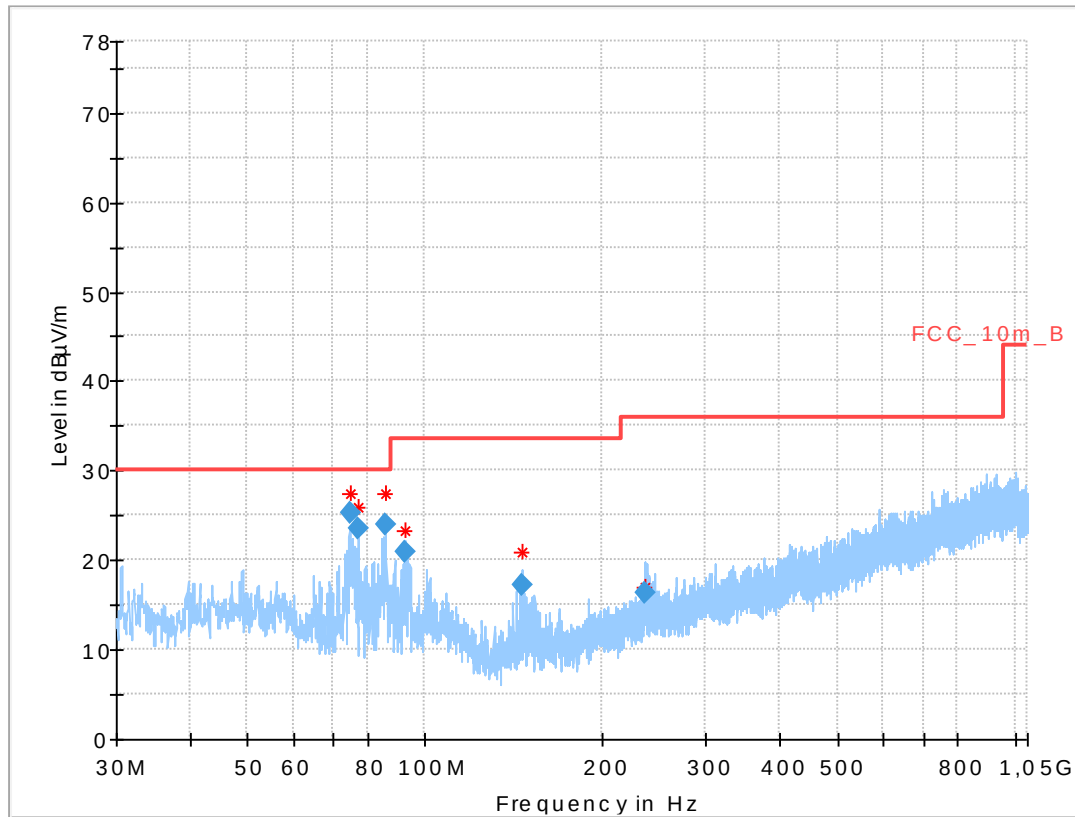
Plots: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel

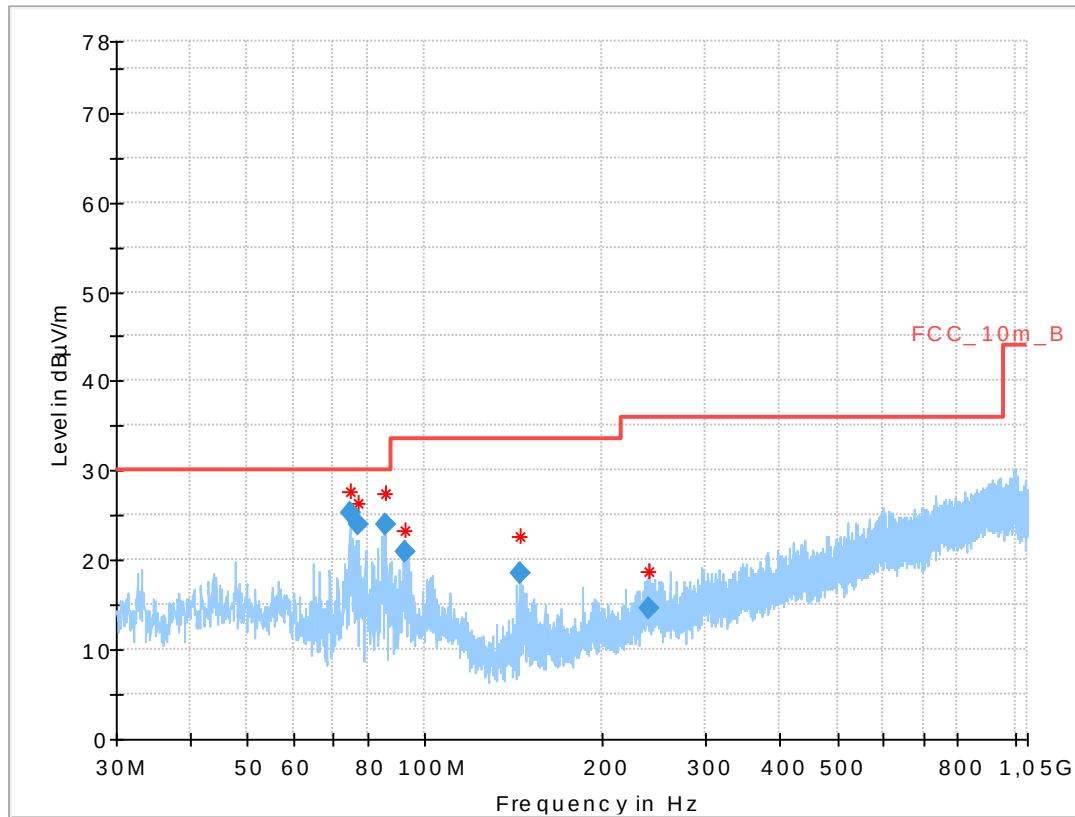


Results:

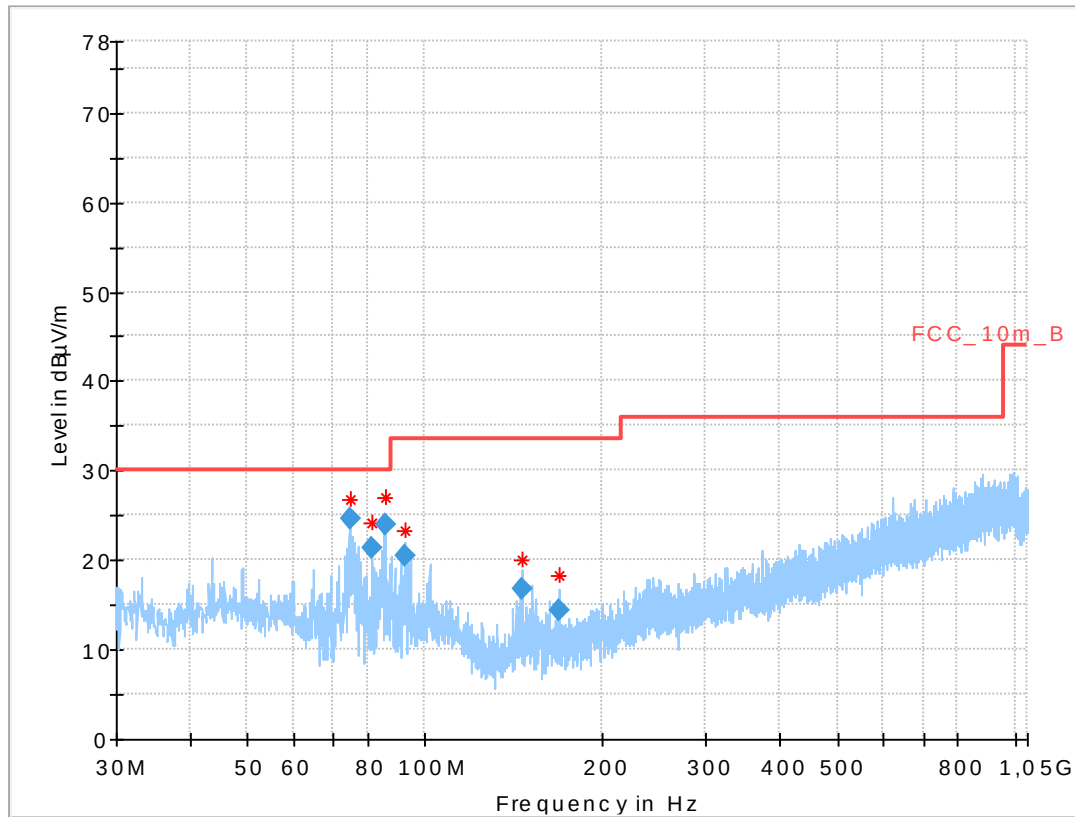
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
74.557	25.48	30.0	4.52	1000	120	170.0	V	281.0	8
77.189	24.30	30.0	5.70	1000	120	170.0	V	247.0	7
85.528	24.64	30.0	5.36	1000	120	147.0	V	170.0	9
92.418	20.20	33.5	13.30	1000	120	98.0	V	157.0	11
143.288	17.17	33.5	16.33	1000	120	170.0	V	258.0	9
245.038	12.38	36.0	23.62	1000	120	102.0	V	-22.0	13

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel**Results:**

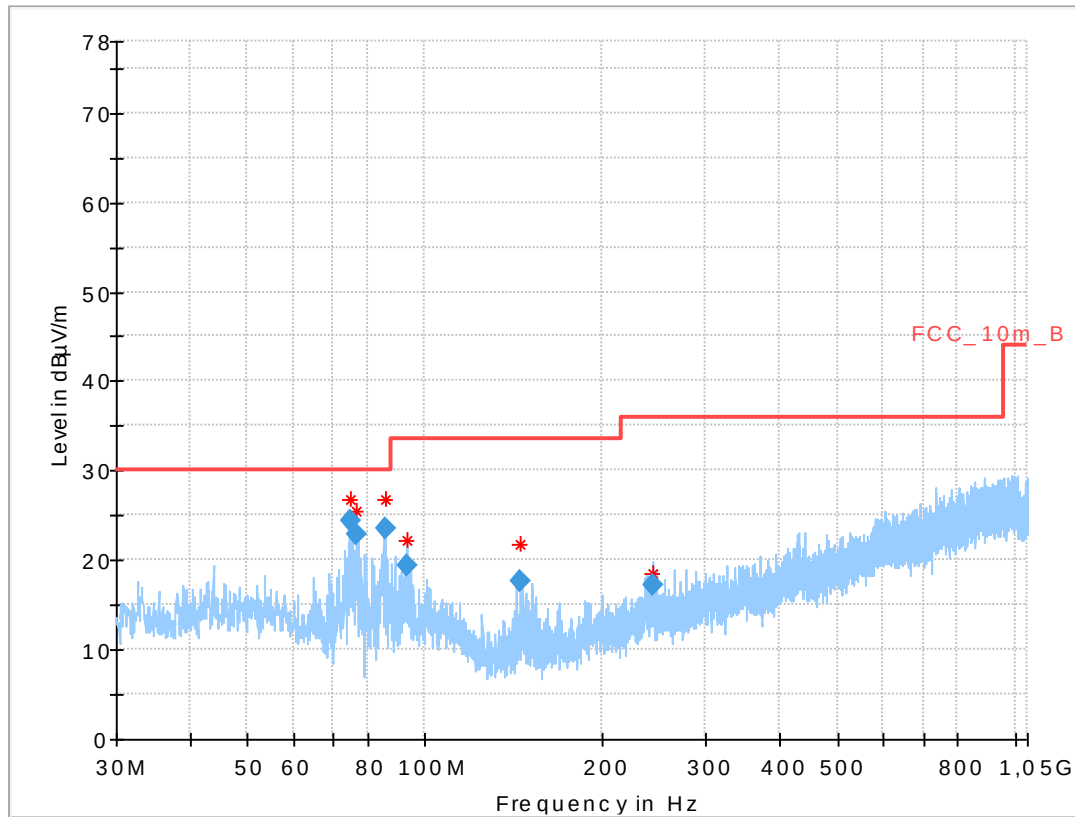
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
74.571	25.37	30.0	4.63	1000	120	170.0	V	112.0	8
77.209	23.43	30.0	6.57	1000	120	170.0	V	112.0	7
85.507	23.93	30.0	6.07	1000	120	170.0	V	160.0	9
92.404	21.00	33.5	12.50	1000	120	114.0	V	157.0	11
146.675	17.19	33.5	16.31	1000	120	170.0	V	269.0	9
236.873	16.33	36.0	19.67	1000	120	170.0	V	106.0	13

Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel**Results:**

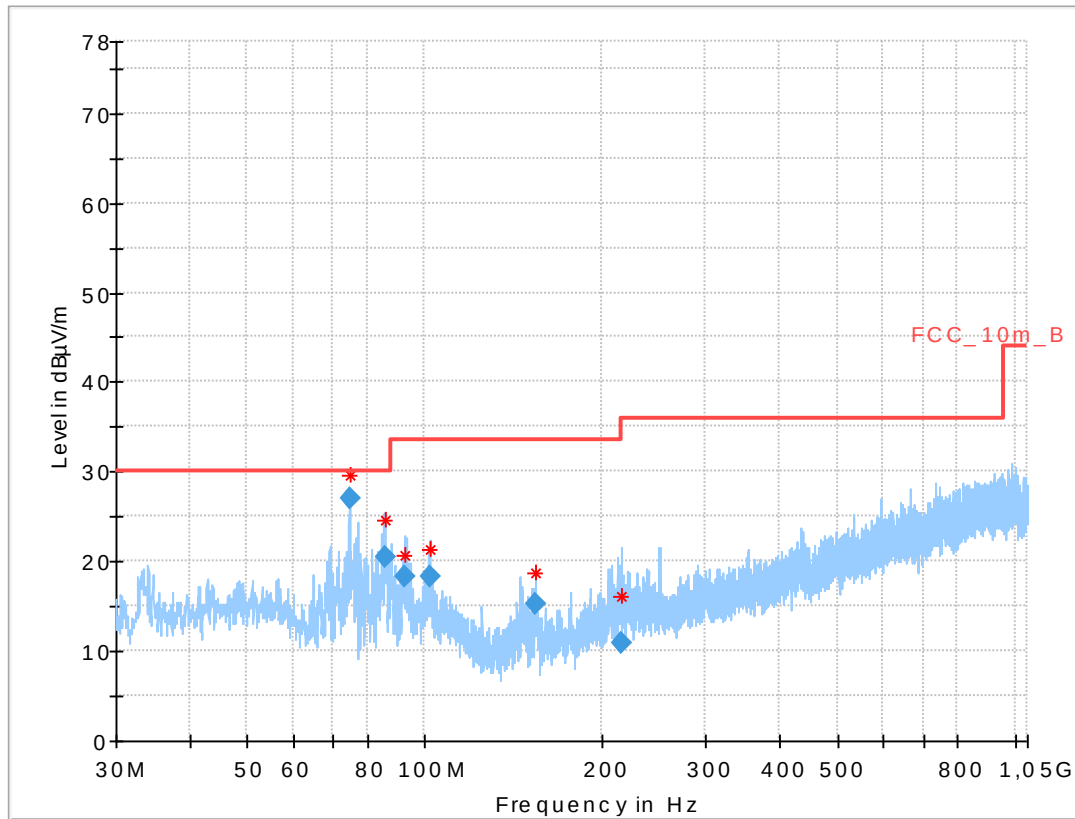
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
74.561	25.36	30.0	4.64	1000	120	170.0	V	112.0	8
77.206	24.06	30.0	5.94	1000	120	170.0	V	292.0	7
85.522	23.96	30.0	6.04	1000	120	153.0	V	165.0	9
92.393	20.91	33.5	12.59	1000	120	108.0	V	186.0	11
145.270	18.60	33.5	14.90	1000	120	106.0	V	255.0	9
239.996	14.63	36.0	21.37	1000	120	106.0	V	247.0	13

Plot 4: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel**Results:**

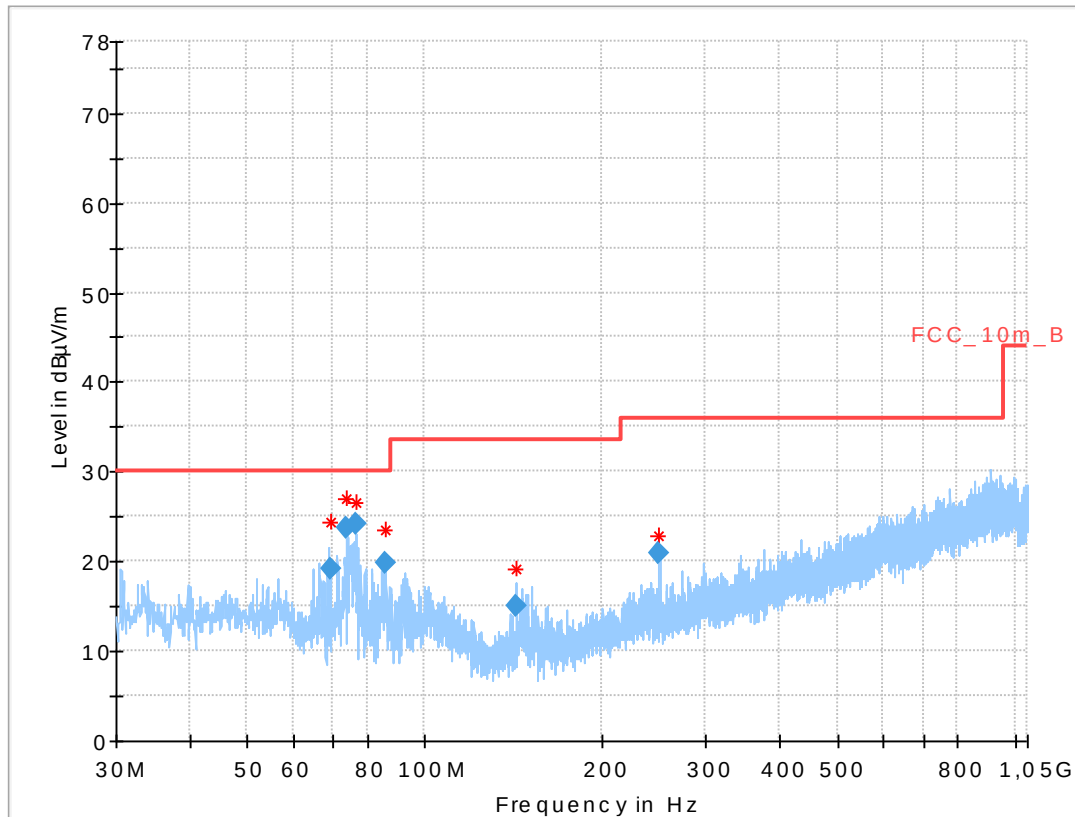
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
74.554	24.52	30.0	5.48	1000	120	170.0	V	272.0	8
81.182	21.30	30.0	8.70	1000	120	170.0	V	157.0	8
85.473	23.86	30.0	6.14	1000	120	163.0	V	174.0	9
92.405	20.48	33.5	13.02	1000	120	121.0	V	157.0	11
146.641	16.83	33.5	16.67	1000	120	170.0	V	272.0	9
168.802	14.43	33.5	19.07	1000	120	104.0	V	157.0	10

Plot 5: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel**Results:**

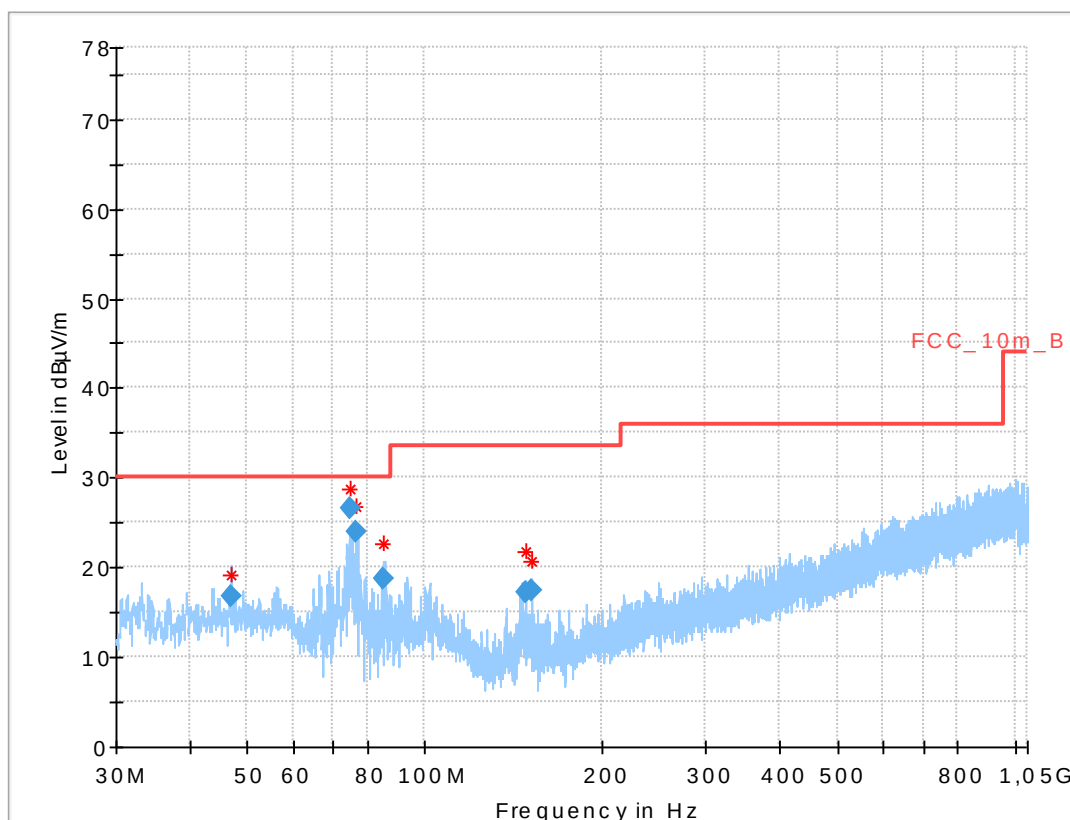
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
74.559	24.47	30.0	5.53	1000	120	170.0	V	13.0	8
76.548	22.78	30.0	7.22	1000	120	170.0	V	-22.0	8
85.506	23.44	30.0	6.56	1000	120	138.0	V	170.0	9
93.558	19.41	33.5	14.09	1000	120	133.0	V	191.0	11
145.254	17.64	33.5	15.86	1000	120	170.0	V	292.0	9
242.978	17.22	36.0	18.78	1000	120	98.0	V	285.0	13

Plot 6: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; middle channel**Results:**

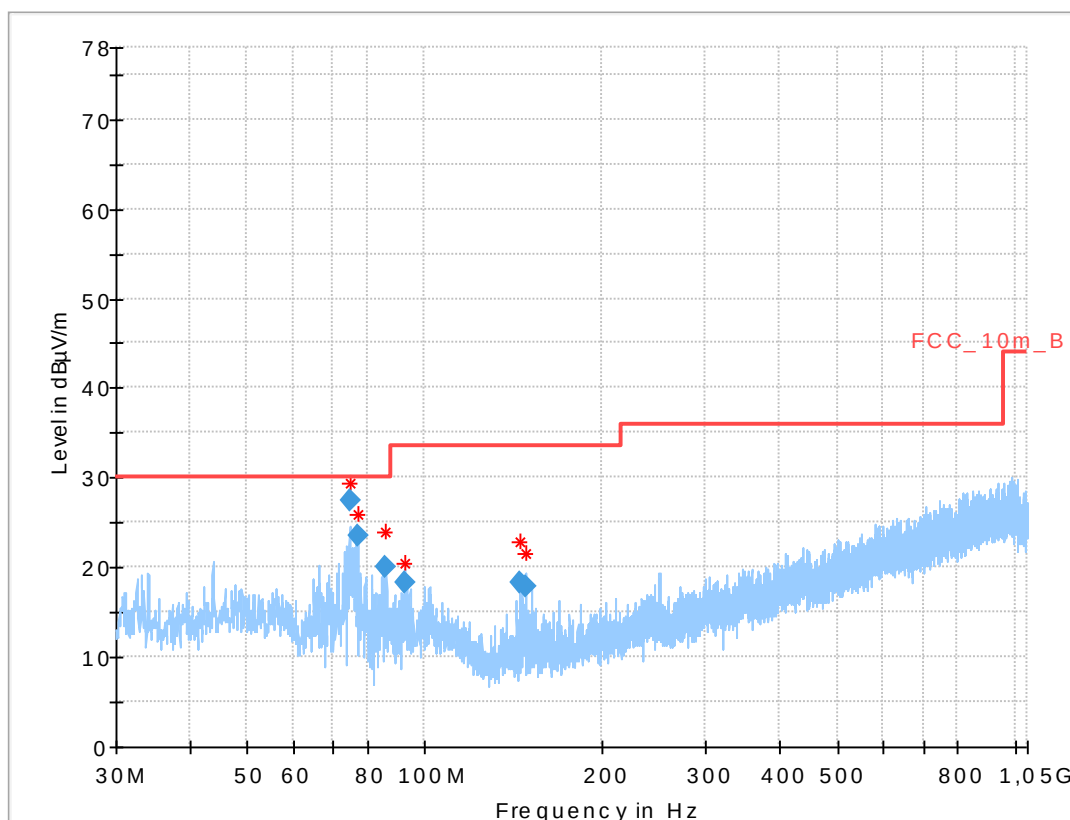
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
74.561	27.08	30.0	2.92	1000	120	170.0	V	92.0	8
85.542	20.40	30.0	9.60	1000	120	129.0	V	263.0	9
92.379	18.23	33.5	15.27	1000	120	115.0	V	271.0	11
101.897	18.29	33.5	15.21	1000	120	110.0	V	255.0	13
153.655	15.28	33.5	18.22	1000	120	131.0	V	267.0	9
215.430	10.94	33.5	22.56	1000	120	170.0	V	157.0	12

Plot 7: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel**Results:**

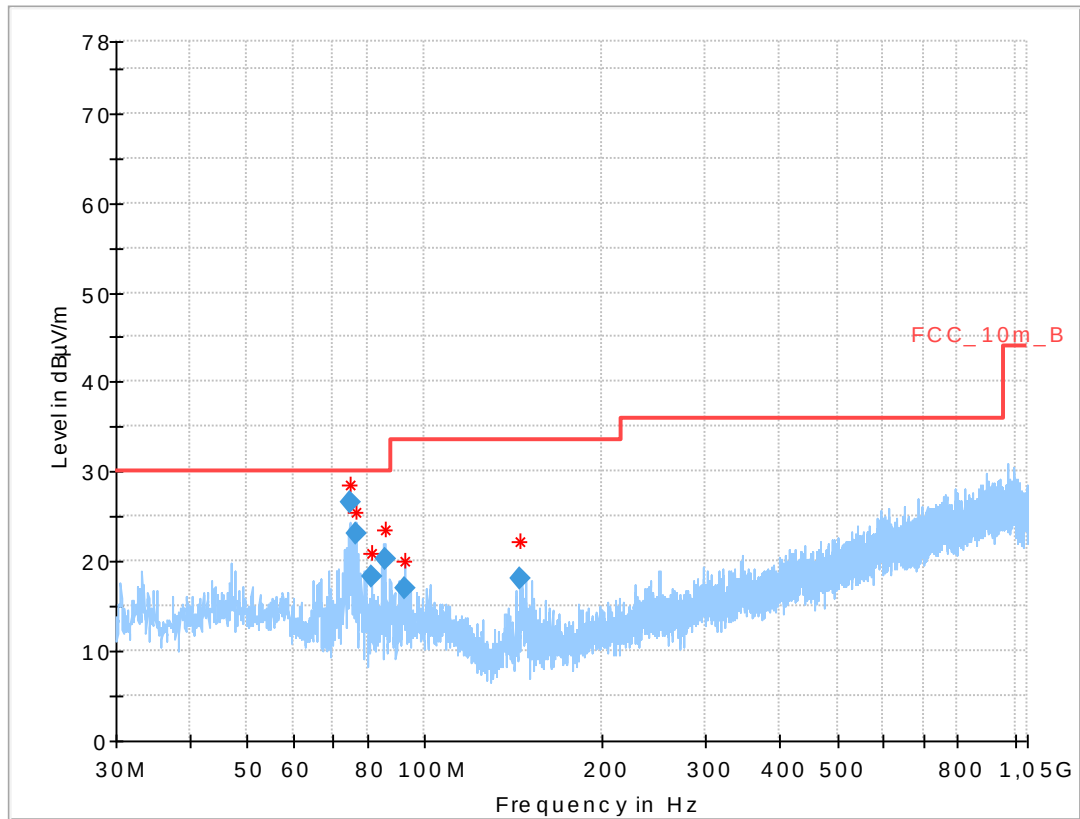
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
69.126	19.24	30.0	10.76	1000	120	121.0	V	292.0	10
73.925	23.81	30.0	6.19	1000	120	170.0	V	98.0	8
76.548	24.14	30.0	5.86	1000	120	170.0	V	112.0	8
85.512	19.89	30.0	10.11	1000	120	170.0	V	196.0	9
143.285	15.03	33.5	18.47	1000	120	152.0	V	169.0	9
249.983	20.89	36.0	15.11	1000	120	101.0	V	112.0	13

Plot 8: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel**Results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
47.056	16.68	30.0	13.32	1000	120	170.0	V	-22.0	14
74.554	26.52	30.0	3.48	1000	120	170.0	V	249.0	8
76.561	24.01	30.0	5.99	1000	120	170.0	V	191.0	8
85.347	18.63	30.0	11.37	1000	120	170.0	V	85.0	9
148.107	17.18	33.5	16.32	1000	120	170.0	V	274.0	9
151.583	17.51	33.5	15.99	1000	120	114.0	V	247.0	9

Plot 9: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel**Results:**

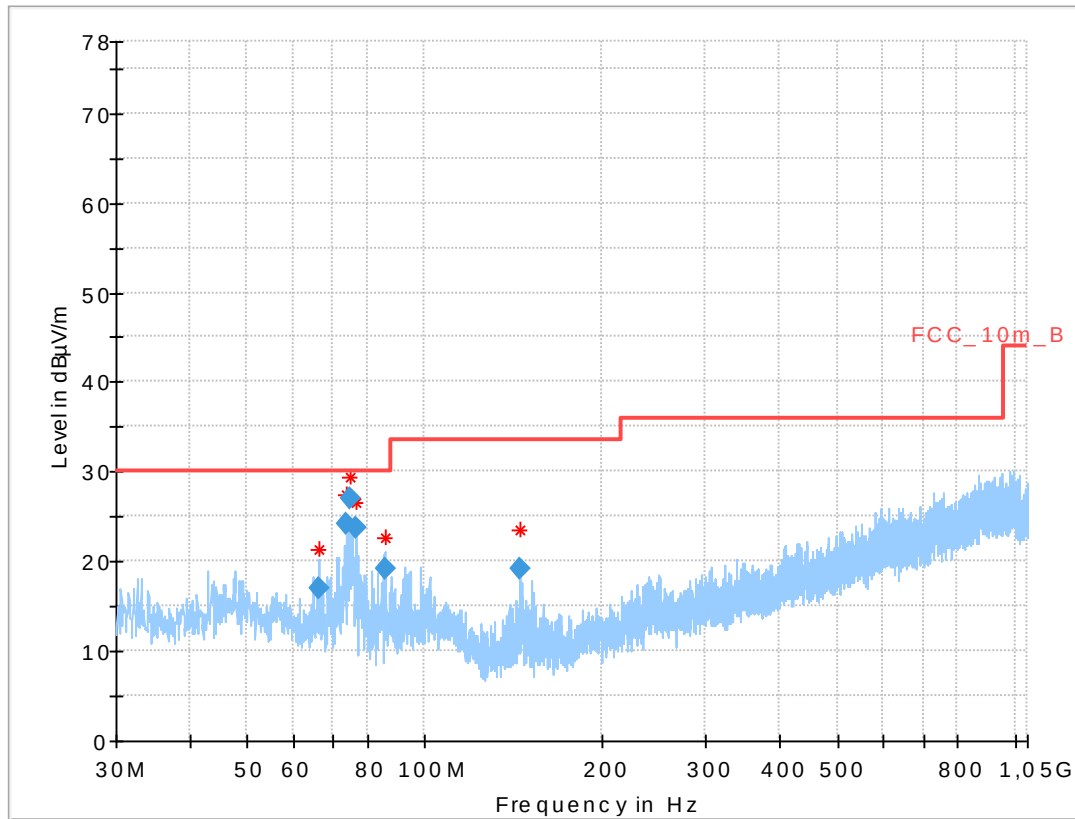
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
74.561	27.38	30.0	2.62	1000	120	170.0	V	169.0	8
77.203	23.43	30.0	6.57	1000	120	170.0	V	91.0	7
85.525	20.15	30.0	9.85	1000	120	170.0	V	202.0	9
92.414	18.21	33.5	15.29	1000	120	126.0	V	67.0	11
145.244	18.36	33.5	15.14	1000	120	106.0	V	202.0	9
148.101	17.81	33.5	15.69	1000	120	170.0	V	269.0	9

Plot 10: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel**Results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
74.570	26.59	30.0	3.41	1000	120	170.0	V	262.0	8
76.548	23.03	30.0	6.97	1000	120	170.0	V	247.0	8
81.187	18.21	30.0	11.79	1000	120	170.0	V	157.0	8
85.519	20.33	30.0	9.67	1000	120	132.0	V	202.0	9
92.386	16.94	33.5	16.56	1000	120	126.0	V	247.0	11
145.280	18.13	33.5	15.37	1000	120	119.0	V	160.0	9

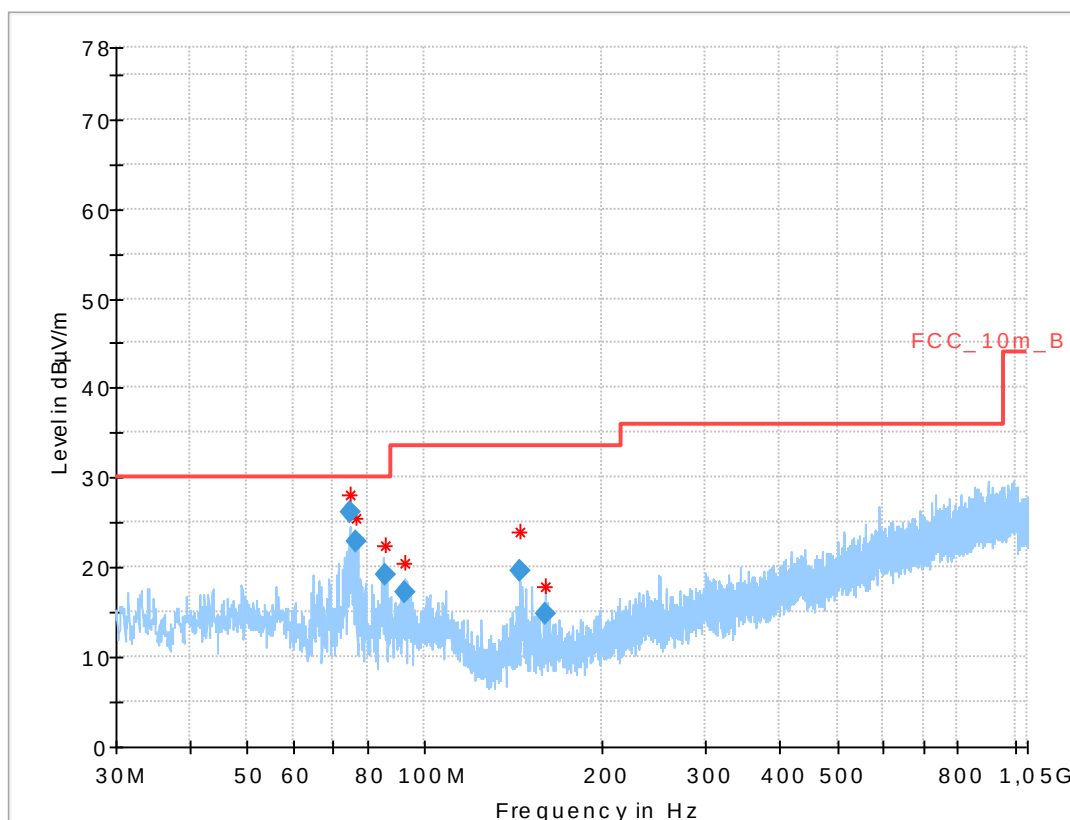
Plots: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel

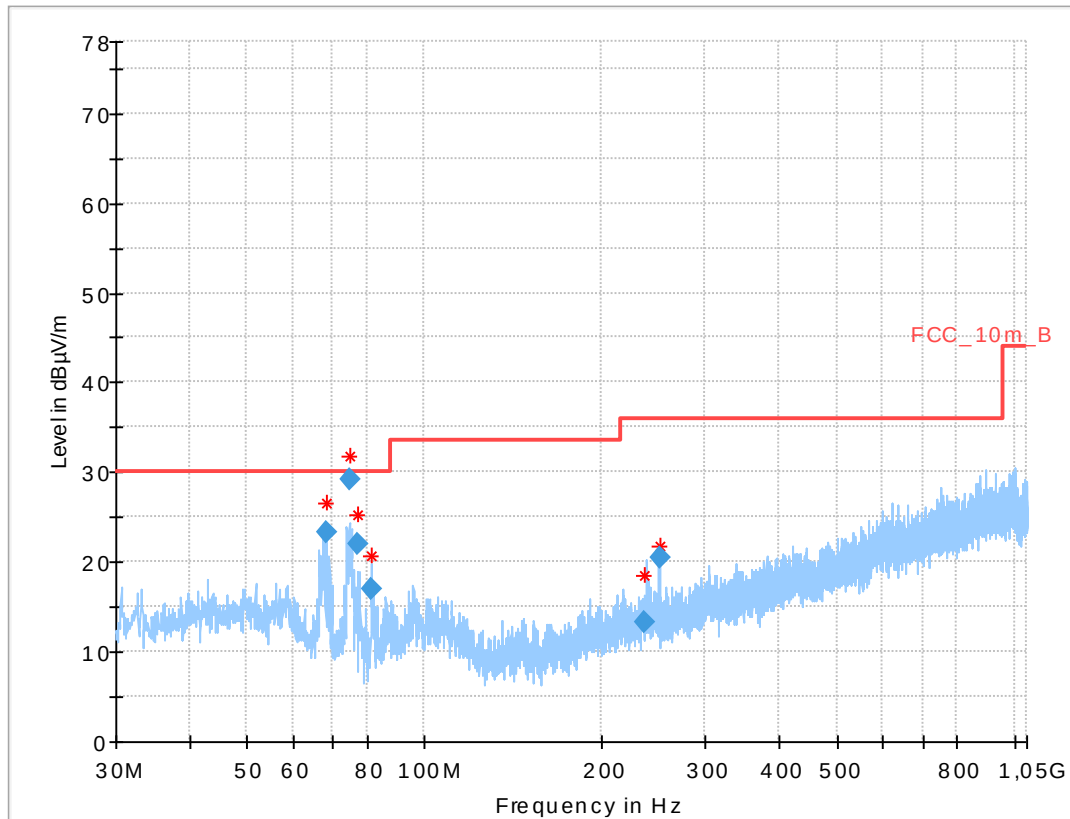


Results:

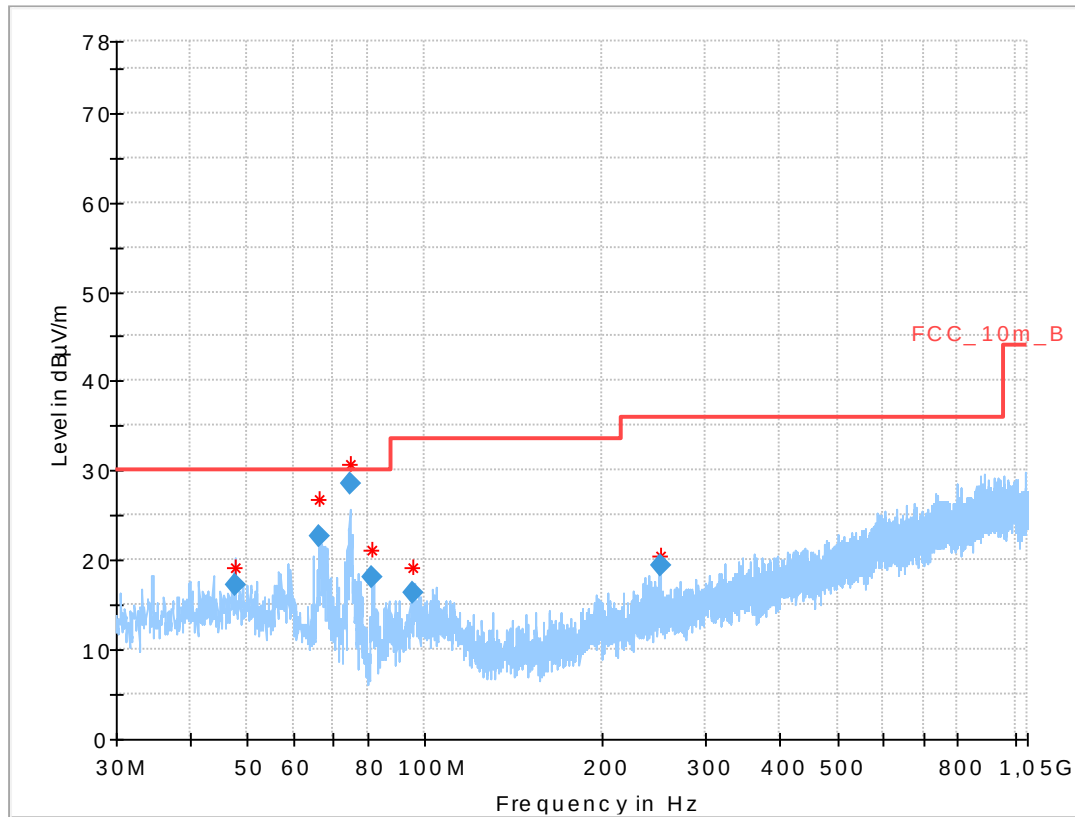
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
66.285	16.94	30.0	13.06	1000	120	102.0	V	202.0	11
73.921	24.27	30.0	5.73	1000	120	170.0	V	87.0	8
74.563	27.07	30.0	2.93	1000	120	170.0	V	292.0	8
76.554	23.79	30.0	6.21	1000	120	170.0	V	161.0	8
85.497	19.28	30.0	10.72	1000	120	131.0	V	255.0	9
145.245	19.24	33.5	14.26	1000	120	104.0	V	195.0	9

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel**Results:**

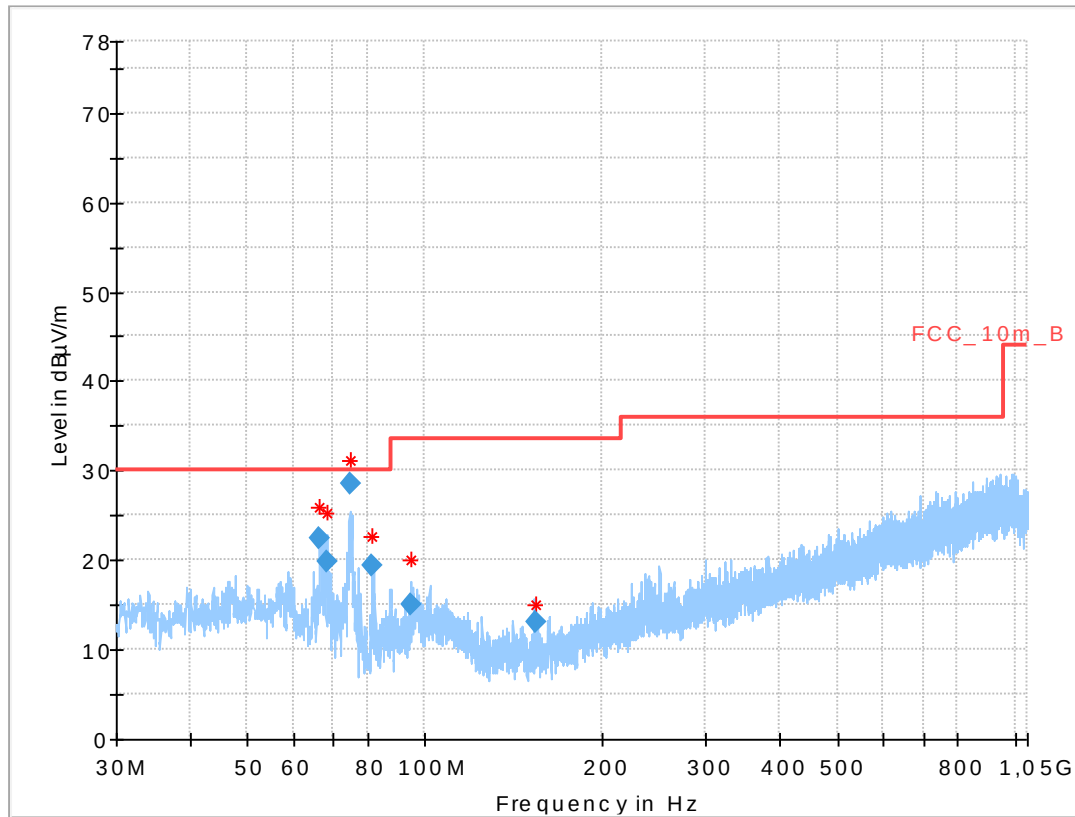
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
74.557	26.16	30.0	3.84	1000	120	170.0	V	249.0	8
76.552	22.78	30.0	7.22	1000	120	170.0	V	262.0	8
85.460	19.08	30.0	10.92	1000	120	170.0	V	67.0	9
92.394	17.21	33.5	16.29	1000	120	107.0	V	254.0	11
145.263	19.57	33.5	13.93	1000	120	106.0	V	249.0	9
159.635	14.83	33.5	18.67	1000	120	170.0	V	-22.0	9

Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel**Results:**

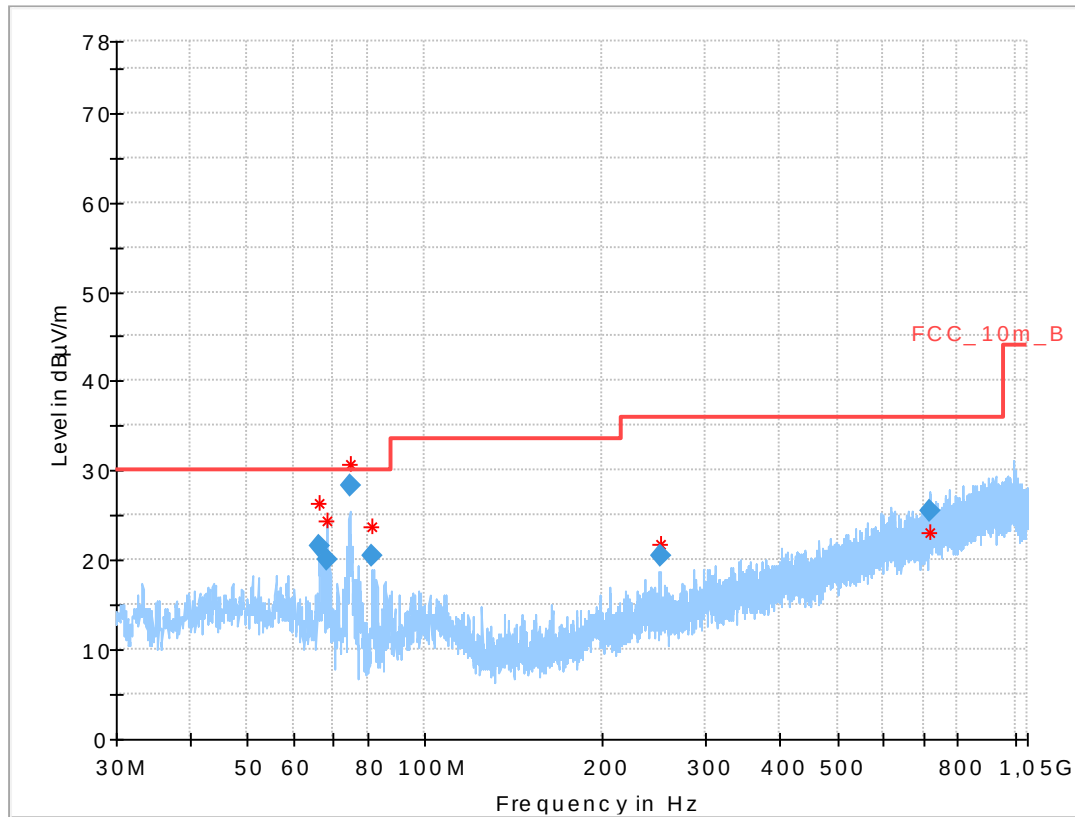
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
68.239	23.22	30.0	6.78	1000	120	118.0	V	181.0	10
74.560	29.11	30.0	0.89	1000	120	170.0	V	158.0	8
77.224	22.04	30.0	7.96	1000	120	170.0	V	-18.0	7
81.505	16.91	30.0	13.09	1000	120	170.0	V	249.0	8
236.891	13.32	36.0	22.68	1000	120	170.0	V	-6.0	13
250.011	20.52	36.0	15.48	1000	120	101.0	V	-22.0	13

Plot 4: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel**Results:**

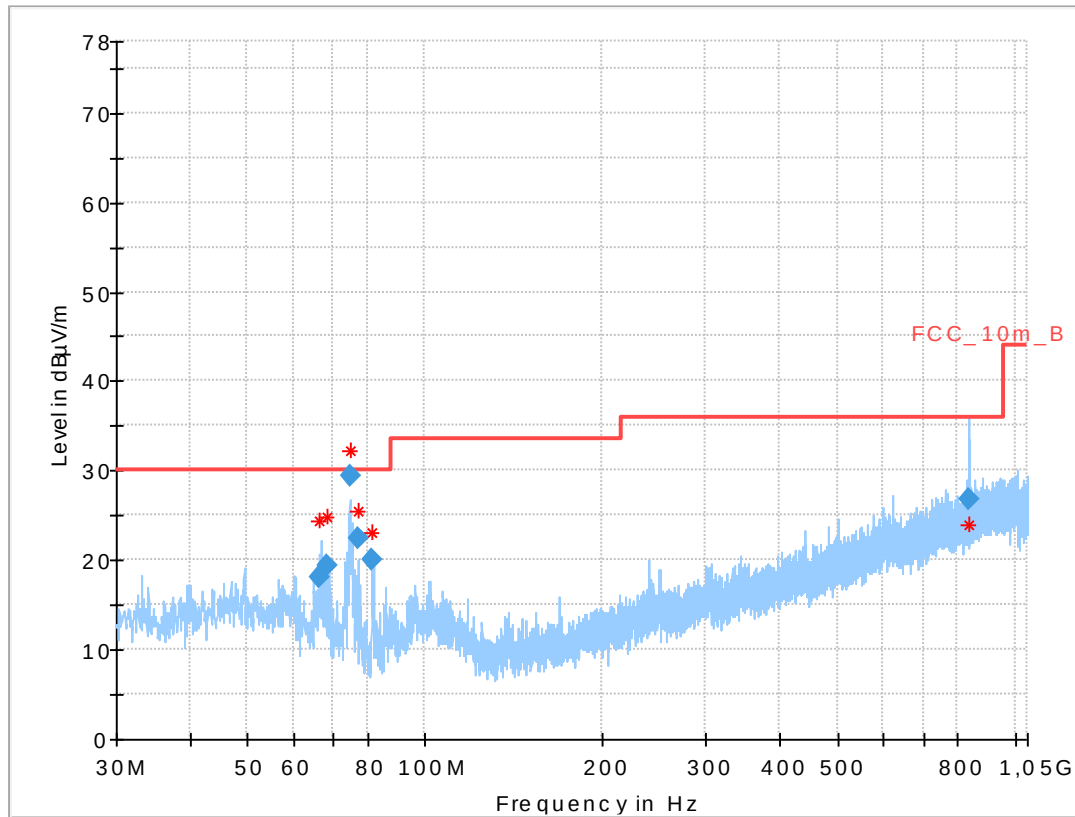
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
47.787	17.30	30.0	12.70	1000	120	102.0	V	269.0	14
66.284	22.63	30.0	7.37	1000	120	98.0	V	268.0	11
74.561	28.44	30.0	1.56	1000	120	170.0	V	86.0	8
81.192	18.06	30.0	11.94	1000	120	170.0	V	-2.0	8
95.785	16.41	33.5	17.09	1000	120	102.0	V	260.0	12
250.008	19.44	36.0	16.56	1000	120	98.0	V	247.0	13

Plot 5: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel**Results:**

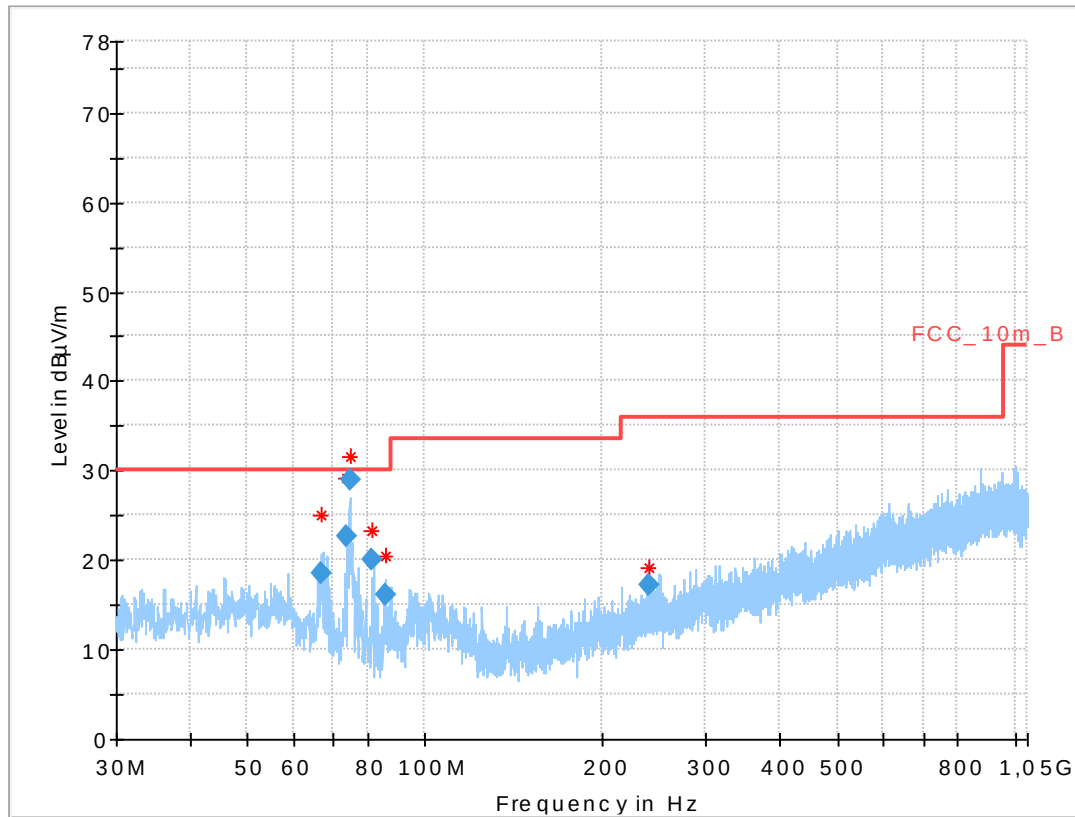
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
66.280	22.35	30.0	7.65	1000	120	107.0	V	268.0	11
68.233	19.77	30.0	10.23	1000	120	114.0	V	9.0	10
74.562	28.57	30.0	1.43	1000	120	170.0	V	75.0	8
81.497	19.32	30.0	10.68	1000	120	170.0	V	180.0	8
94.381	15.01	33.5	18.49	1000	120	170.0	V	176.0	12
153.679	13.14	33.5	20.36	1000	120	121.0	V	247.0	9

Plot 6: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; middle channel**Results:**

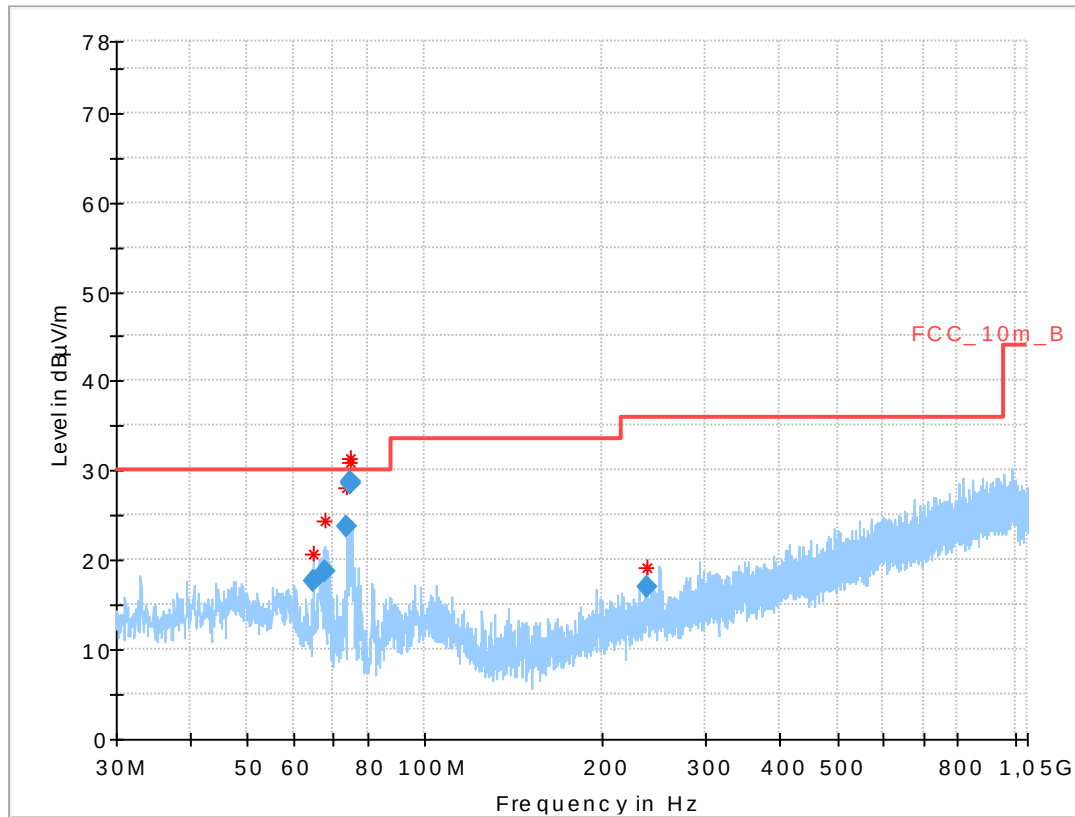
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
66.287	21.48	30.0	8.52	1000	120	105.0	V	-12.0	11
68.227	19.96	30.0	10.04	1000	120	119.0	V	-8.0	10
74.565	28.31	30.0	1.69	1000	120	170.0	V	161.0	8
81.496	20.45	30.0	9.55	1000	120	170.0	V	172.0	8
250.016	20.38	36.0	15.62	1000	120	118.0	V	112.0	13
715.386	25.48	36.0	10.52	1000	120	170.0	H	67.0	21

Plot 7: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel**Results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
66.287	18.10	30.0	11.90	1000	120	113.0	V	-11.0	11
68.230	19.39	30.0	10.61	1000	120	119.0	V	101.0	10
74.550	29.34	30.0	0.66	1000	120	170.0	V	75.0	8
77.211	22.47	30.0	7.53	1000	120	170.0	V	260.0	7
81.500	20.04	30.0	9.96	1000	120	170.0	V	179.0	8
834.078	26.88	36.0	9.12	1000	120	114.0	H	67.0	23

Plot 8: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel**Results:**

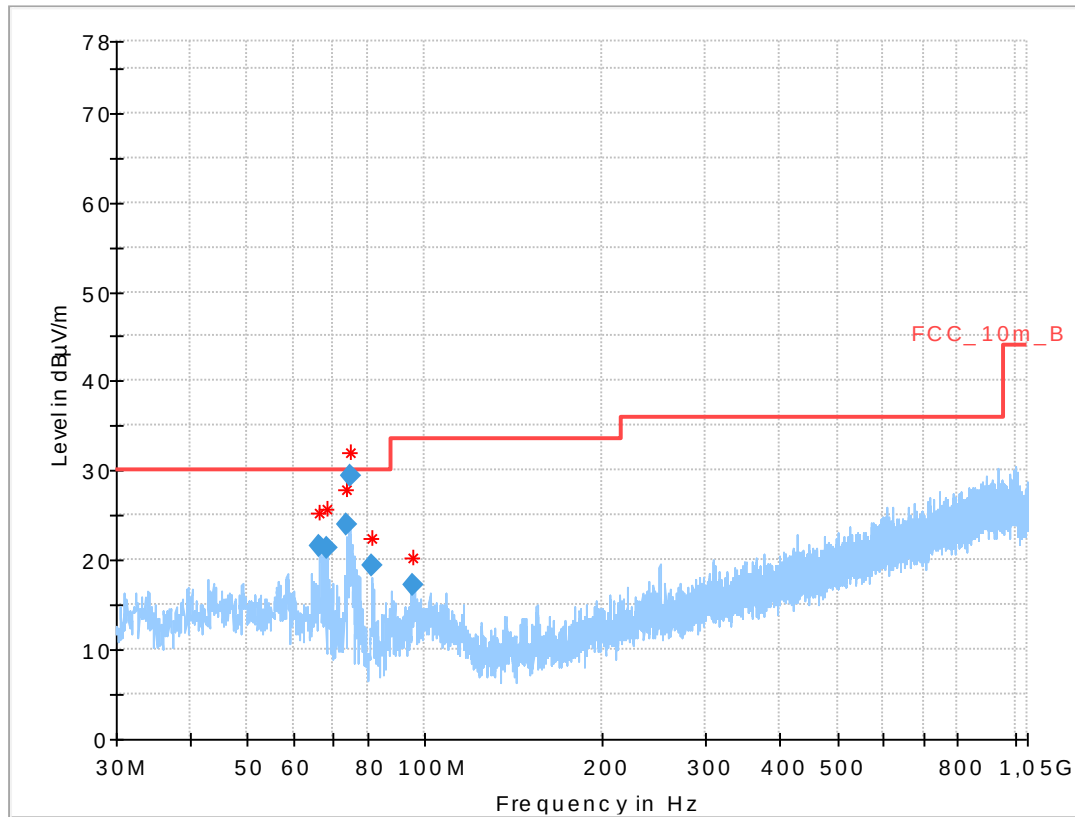
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
66.616	18.55	30.0	11.45	1000	120	113.0	V	263.0	11
73.941	22.61	30.0	7.39	1000	120	130.0	V	-15.0	8
74.559	28.91	30.0	1.09	1000	120	170.0	V	-18.0	8
81.485	20.05	30.0	9.95	1000	120	170.0	V	174.0	8
86.045	16.20	30.0	13.80	1000	120	111.0	V	173.0	9
239.209	17.21	36.0	18.79	1000	120	109.0	V	-22.0	13

Plot 9: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel**Results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
64.780	17.67	30.0	12.33	1000	120	106.0	V	263.0	11
67.526	18.72	30.0	11.28	1000	120	117.0	V	264.0	11
73.922	23.85	30.0	6.15	1000	120	170.0	V	70.0	8
74.564	28.85	30.0	1.15	1000	120	170.0	V	-17.0	8
74.566	28.53	30.0	1.47	1000	120	170.0	V	-21.0	8
238.128	16.97	36.0	19.03	1000	120	110.0	V	99.0	13

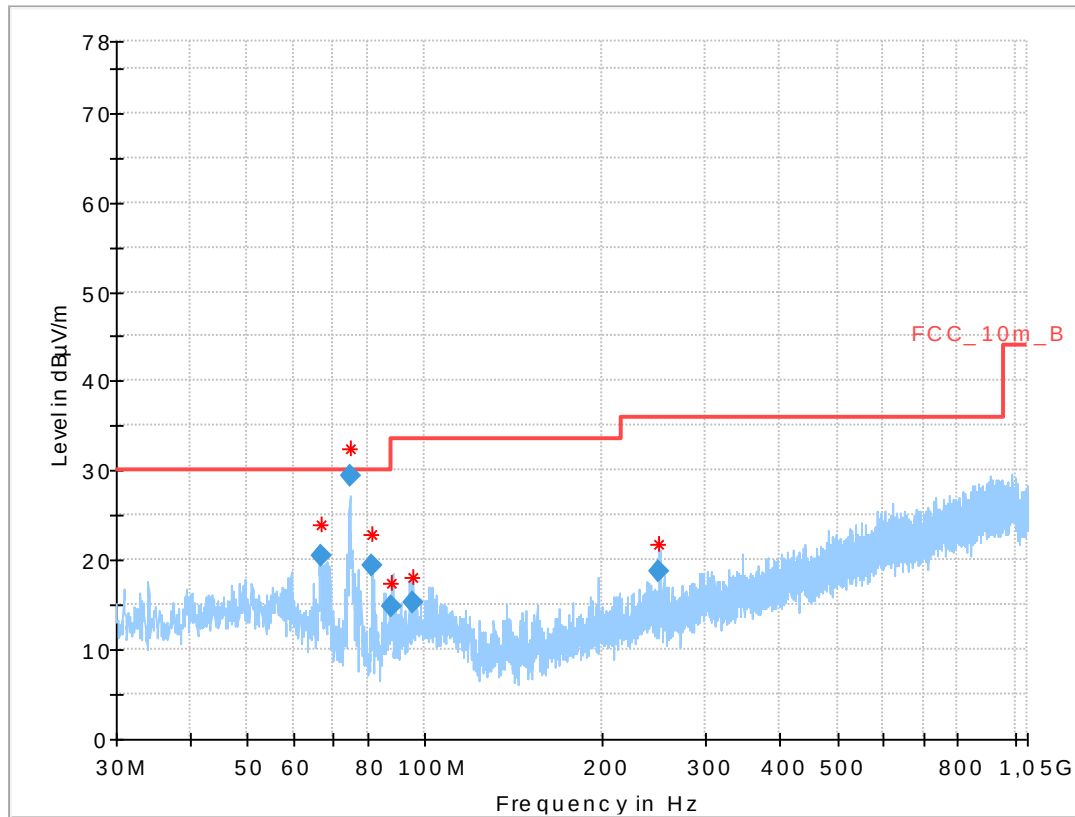
Plots: 80 MHz channel bandwidth

Plot 1: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; middle channel

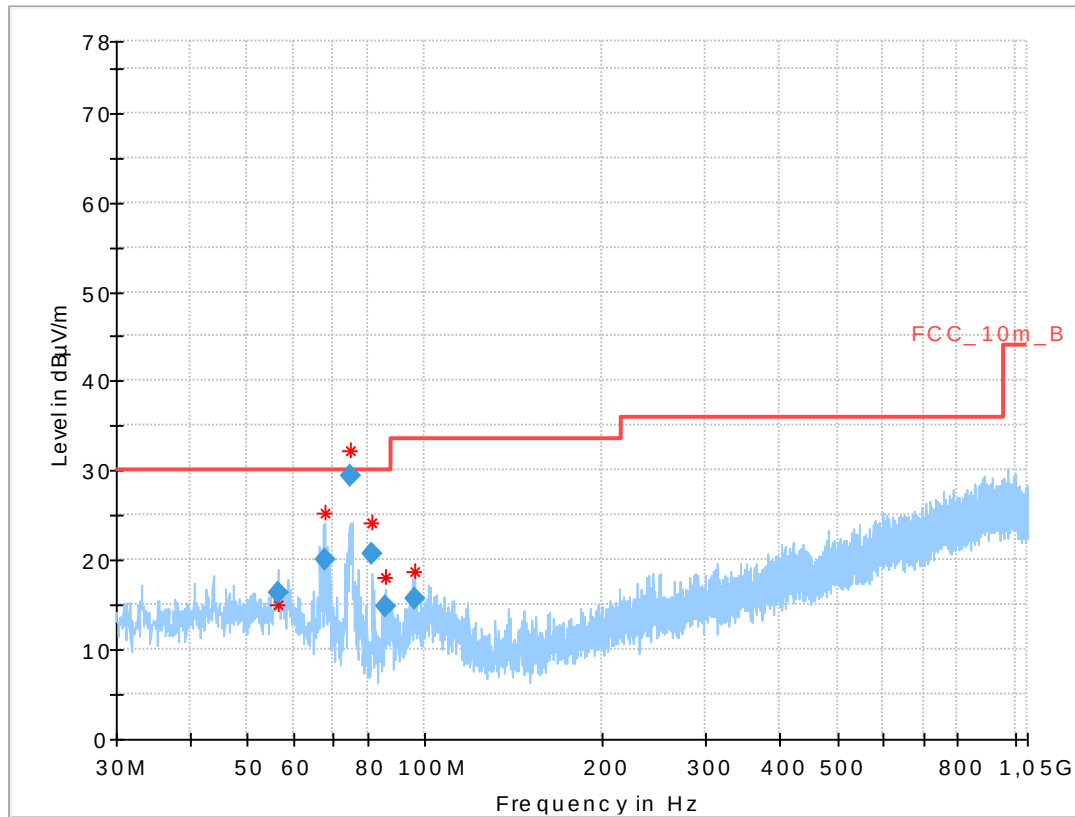


Results:

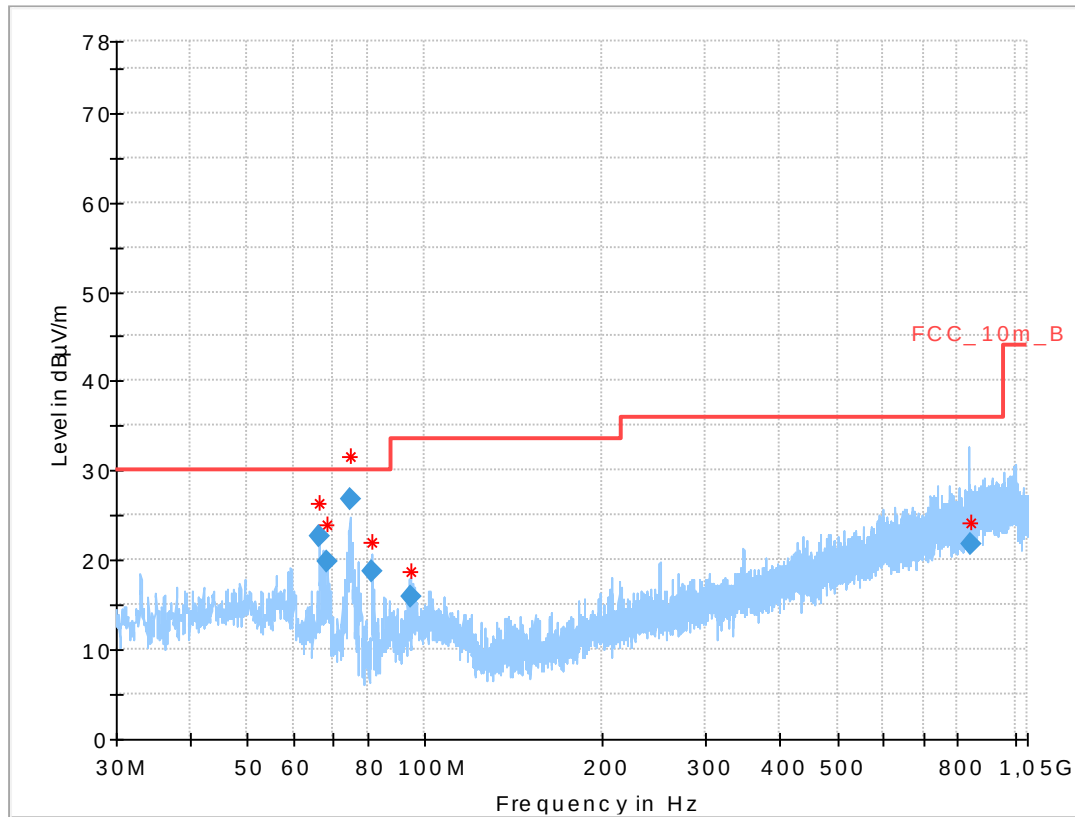
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
66.302	21.48	30.0	8.52	1000	120	98.0	V	-12.0	11
68.238	21.37	30.0	8.63	1000	120	121.0	V	70.0	10
73.939	23.96	30.0	6.04	1000	120	170.0	V	292.0	8
74.571	29.35	30.0	0.65	1000	120	170.0	V	22.0	8
81.209	19.45	30.0	10.55	1000	120	170.0	V	179.0	8
95.786	17.23	33.5	16.27	1000	120	108.0	V	247.0	12

Plot 2: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; middle channel**Results:**

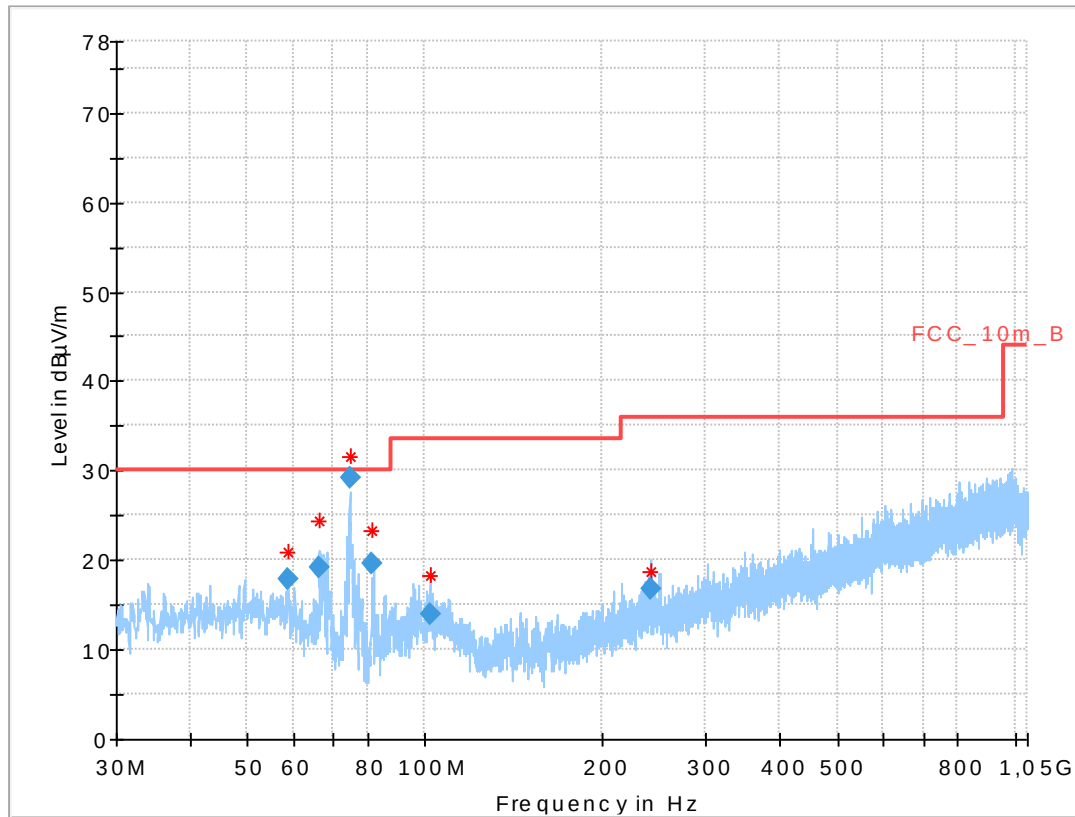
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
66.725	20.57	30.0	9.43	1000	120	98.0	V	-18.0	11
74.566	29.43	30.0	0.57	1000	120	170.0	V	-11.0	8
81.507	19.42	30.0	10.58	1000	120	170.0	V	178.0	8
87.617	14.75	30.0	15.25	1000	120	126.0	V	176.0	10
95.216	15.35	33.5	18.15	1000	120	102.0	V	67.0	12
249.996	18.74	36.0	17.26	1000	120	102.0	V	-22.0	13

Plot 3: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel**Results:**

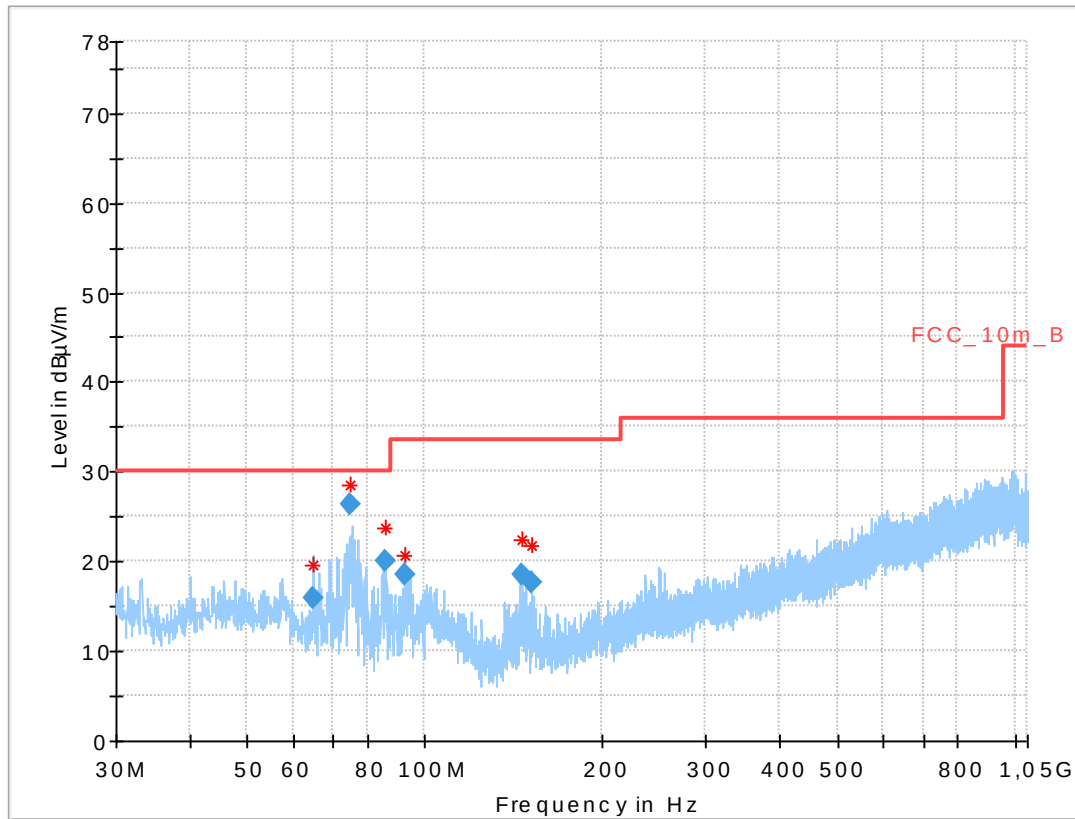
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
56.548	16.29	30.0	13.71	1000	120	170.0	H	-22.0	15
67.554	20.06	30.0	9.94	1000	120	101.0	V	-10.0	11
74.556	29.39	30.0	0.61	1000	120	170.0	V	0.0	8
81.488	20.79	30.0	9.21	1000	120	170.0	V	247.0	8
86.067	14.87	30.0	15.13	1000	120	127.0	V	184.0	9
95.841	15.74	33.5	17.76	1000	120	117.0	V	157.0	12

Plot 4: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel**Results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
66.273	22.60	30.0	7.40	1000	120	102.0	V	84.0	11
68.243	19.72	30.0	10.28	1000	120	121.0	V	-22.0	10
74.562	26.74	30.0	3.26	1000	120	134.0	V	71.0	8
81.188	18.67	30.0	11.33	1000	120	170.0	V	180.0	8
94.370	15.84	33.5	17.66	1000	120	110.0	V	190.0	12
838.865	21.82	36.0	14.18	1000	120	170.0	V	157.0	23

Plot 5: 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel**Results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
58.706	17.80	30.0	12.20	1000	120	170.0	V	-22.0	14
66.280	19.20	30.0	10.80	1000	120	116.0	V	-12.0	11
74.557	29.20	30.0	0.80	1000	120	170.0	V	157.0	8
81.507	19.70	30.0	10.30	1000	120	170.0	V	177.0	8
101.871	13.92	33.5	19.58	1000	120	123.0	V	157.0	13
241.965	16.69	36.0	19.31	1000	120	170.0	V	-22.0	13

Plots: Rx/ Idle - Mode**Plot 6:** 30 MHz to 1 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; middle channel**Results:**

Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB/m)
64.769	15.86	30.0	14.14	1000	120	106.0	V	8.0	11
74.565	26.42	30.0	3.58	1000	120	170.0	V	167.0	8
85.513	20.02	30.0	9.98	1000	120	139.0	V	191.0	9
92.400	18.46	33.5	15.04	1000	120	101.0	V	157.0	11
146.676	18.49	33.5	15.01	1000	120	102.0	V	247.0	9
151.563	17.65	33.5	15.85	1000	120	117.0	V	292.0	9

11.11 Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 40 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions and cabinet radiations from 1 GHz to 40 GHz.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Quasi Peak below 1 GHz (alternative Peak) Peak above 1 GHz / RMS
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Span:	1 GHz to 40 GHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold / Average with 100 counts + 20 log (1 / X) for duty cycle lower than 100 %
Test setup:	See sub clause 6.1 – A See sub clause 6.2 – B (Rx-Mode), 6.2 – A (Tx-Mode) 6.3 – A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated		
§15.209		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBµV/m)	Measurement distance
Above 960	54.0	3
§15.407		
Outside the restricted bands!	-27 dBm / MHz	

Results: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)								
Lowest channel			-/-			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.			-/-			All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.		
	Peak						Peak	
	AVG						AVG	
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.						For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)								
Lowest channel			-/-			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.			-/-			All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.		
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.						For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)								
Lowest channel			-/-			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.			All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.			3799	Peak	48.7
							AVG	38.2
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.			All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.			All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.		
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

Results: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)								
Lowest channel			-/-			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.			-/-			All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.		
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			-/-			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)								
Lowest channel			-/-			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.			-/-			All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.		
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			-/-			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.			All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.			All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.		
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dBµV/m] / dBm								
U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)								
Lowest channel			-/-			Highest channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBµV/m]
All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.			-/-			All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.		
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.			-/-			For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

Results: 80 MHz channel bandwidth

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m] / dBm		
U-NII-1 (5150 MHz to 5250 MHz)		
Middle channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.		
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

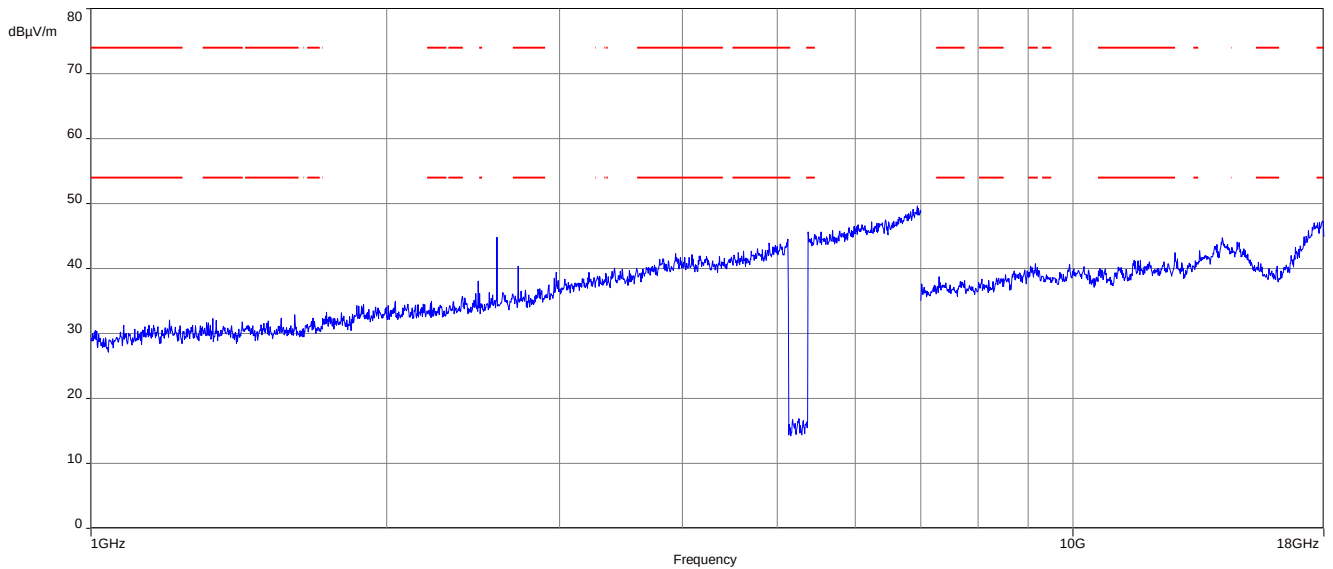
TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m] / dBm		
U-NII-2A (5250 MHz to 5350 MHz)		
Middle channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.		
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m] / dBm	
U-NII-2C (5470 MHz to 5725 MHz)	
Lowest channel	Highest channel
All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.	All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.	For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.

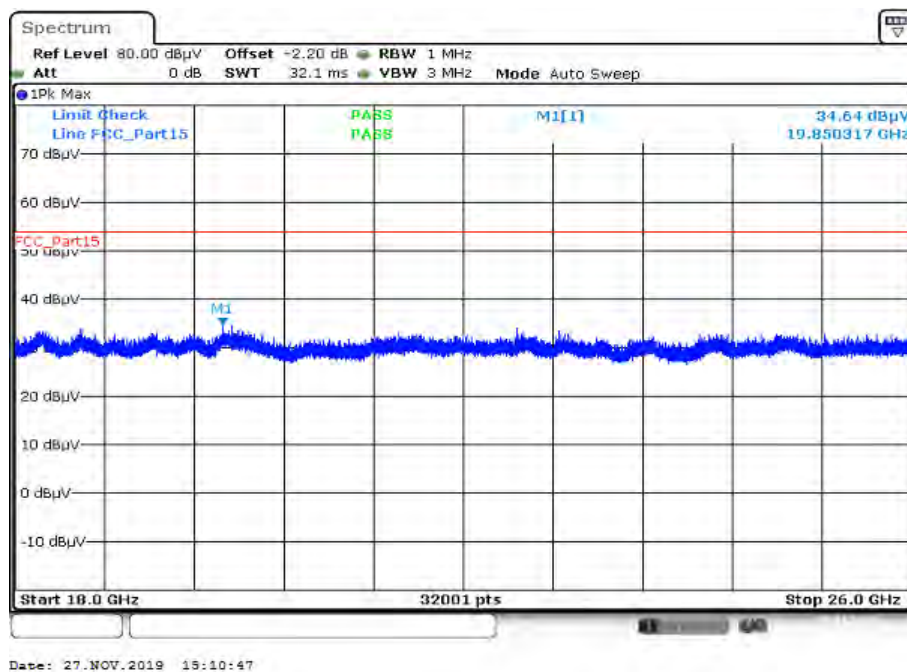
TX Spurious Emissions Radiated [dB μ V/m] / dBm		
U-NII-3 (5725 MHz to 5850 MHz)		
Middle channel		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
All peak emissions > 6dB below limit.		
For emissions above 18 GHz please take look at the plots.		

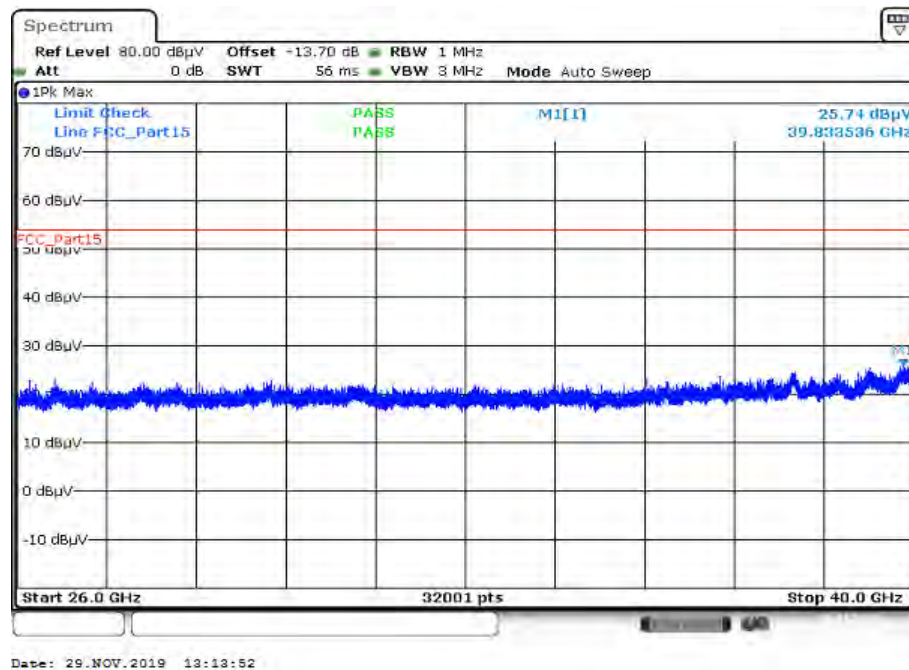
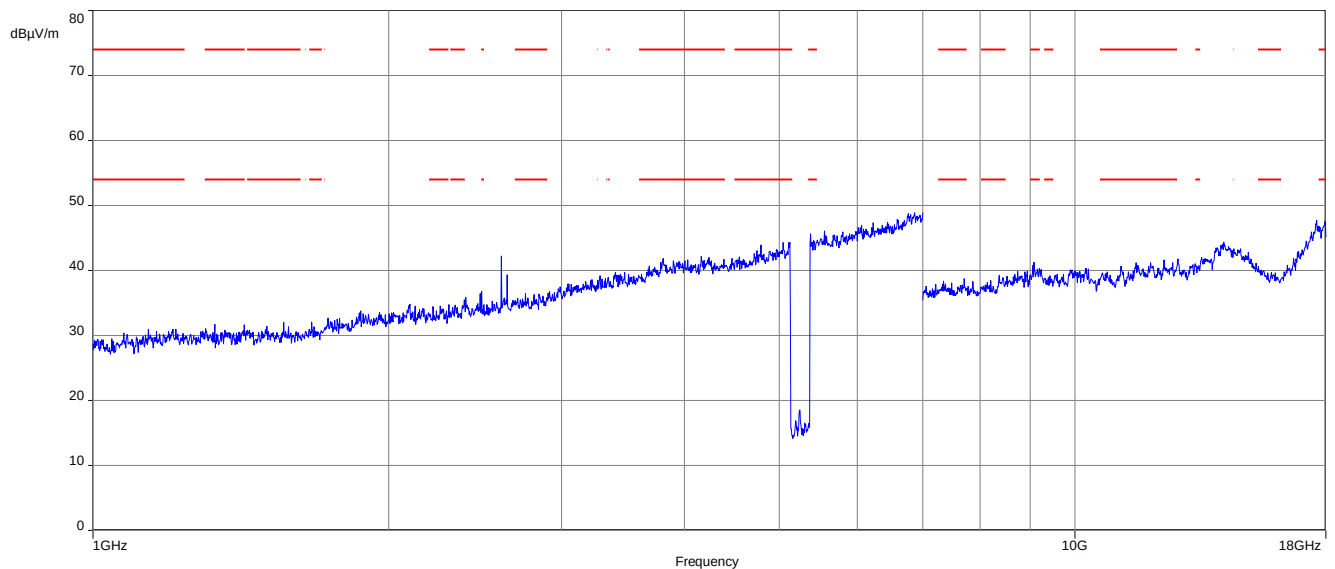
Plots: 20 MHz channel bandwidth

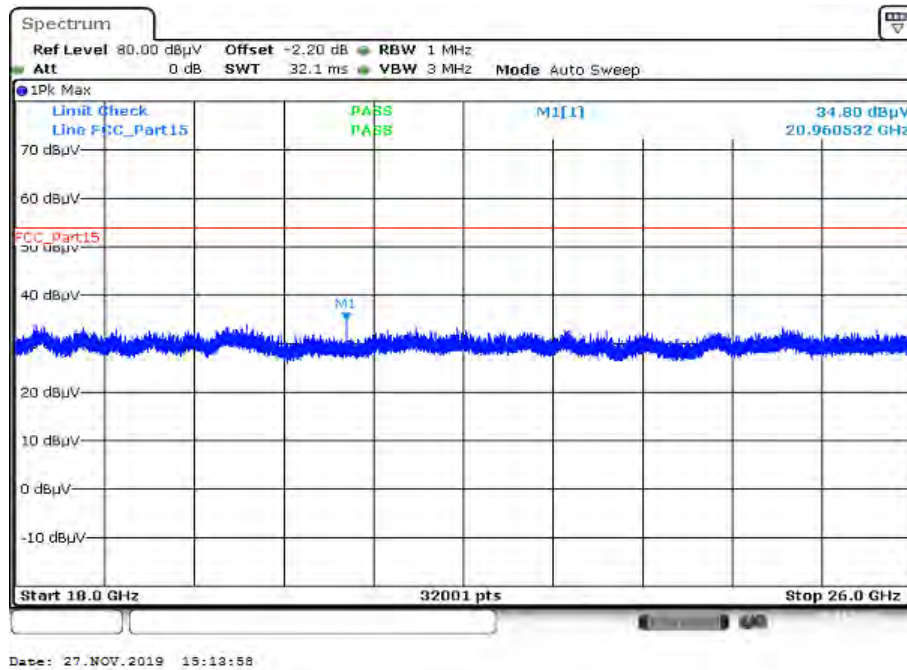
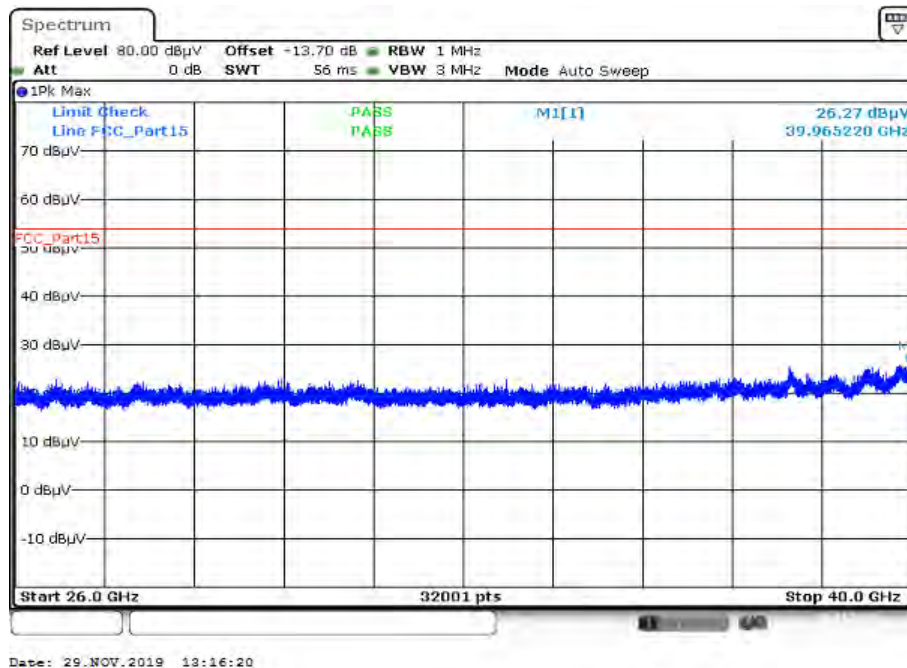
Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel

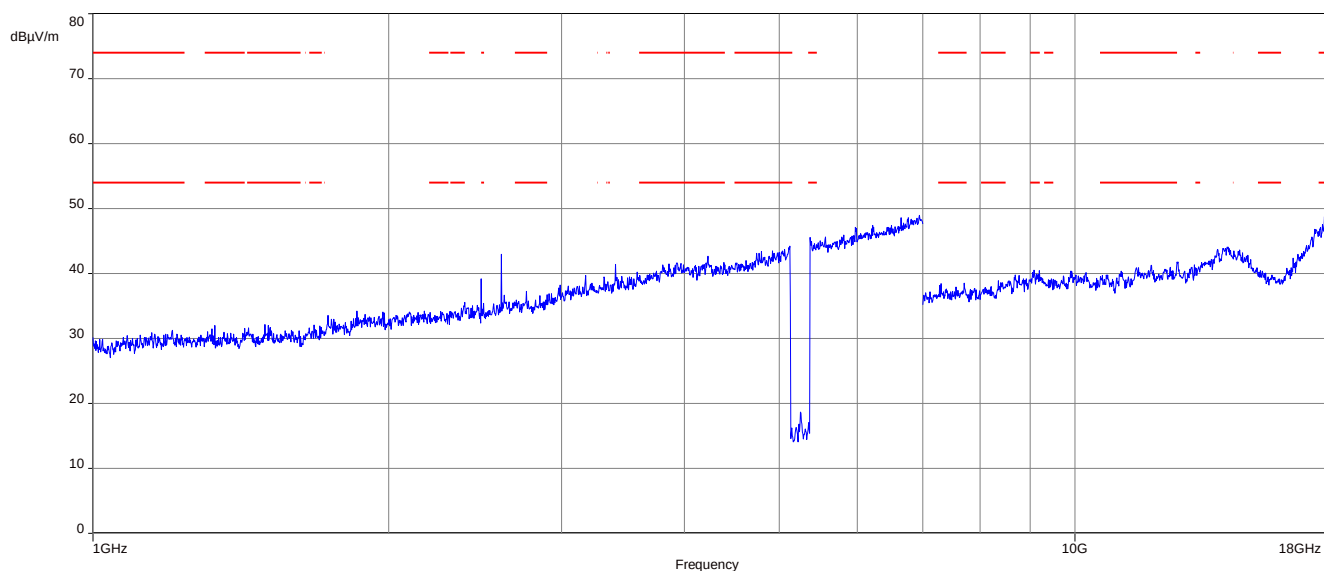
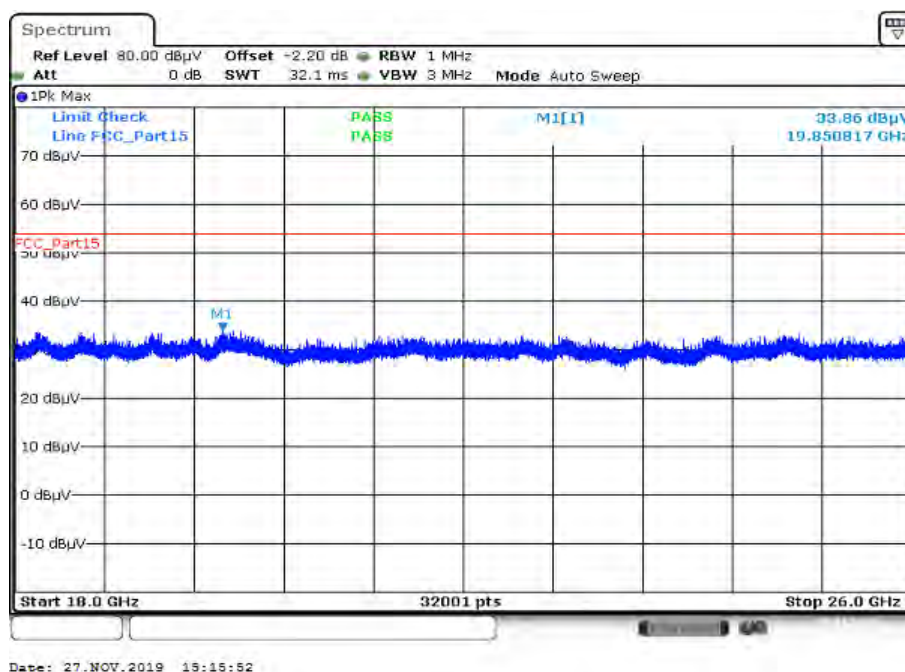


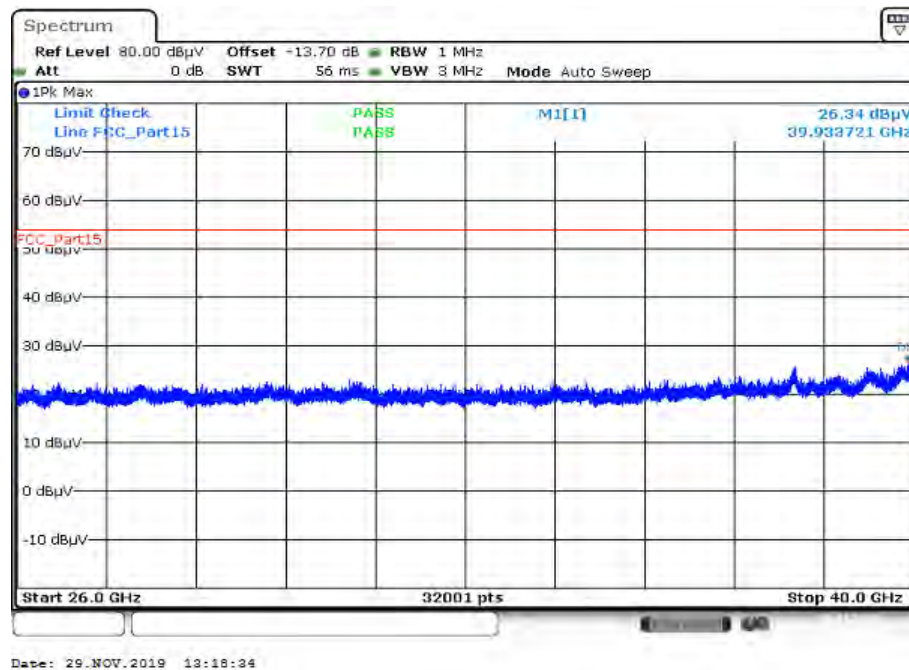
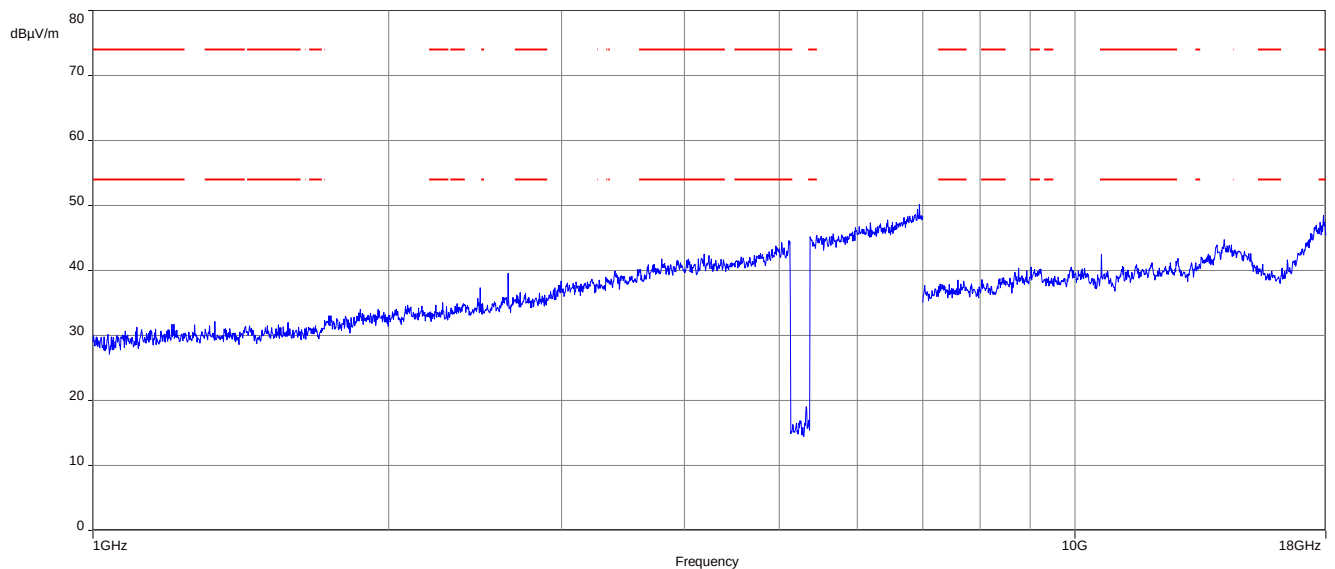
Plot 2: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel

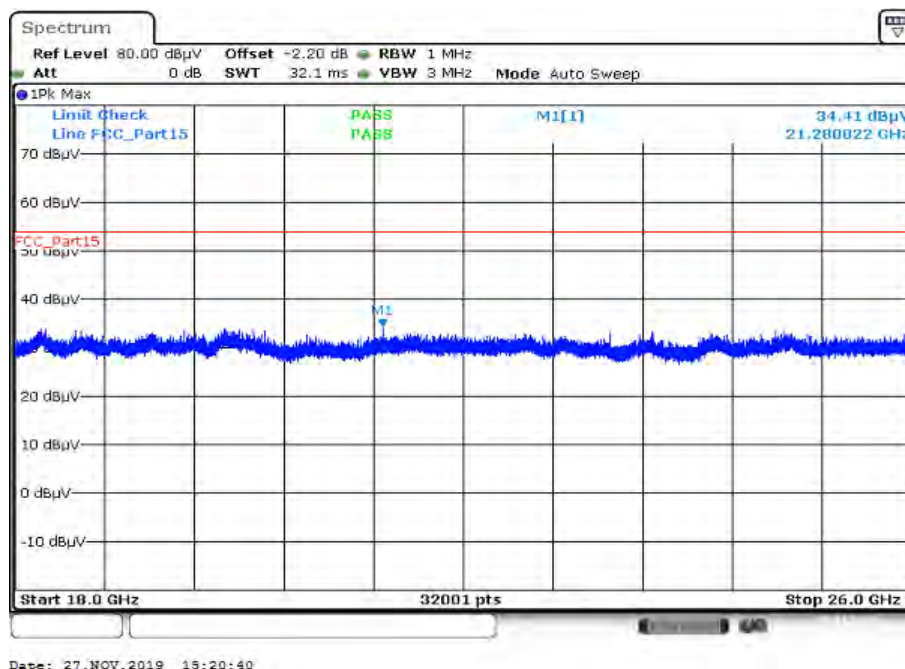
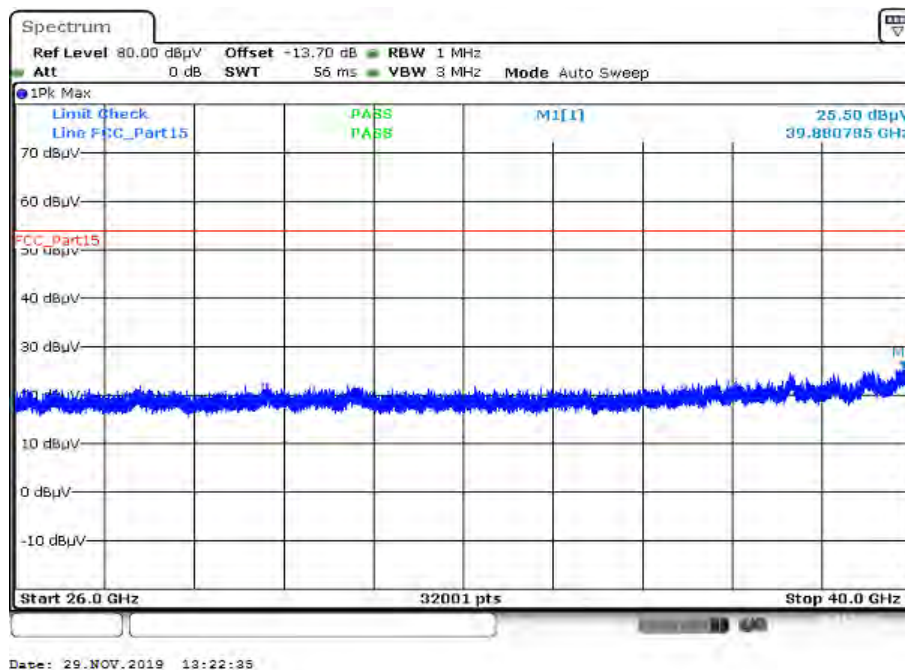


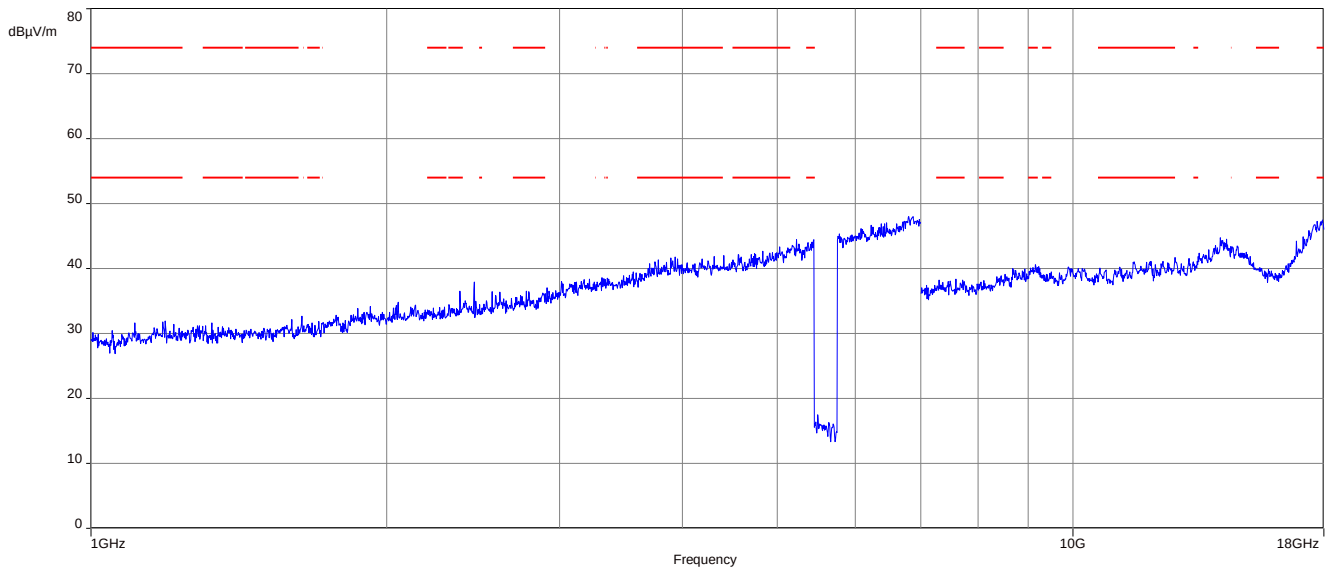
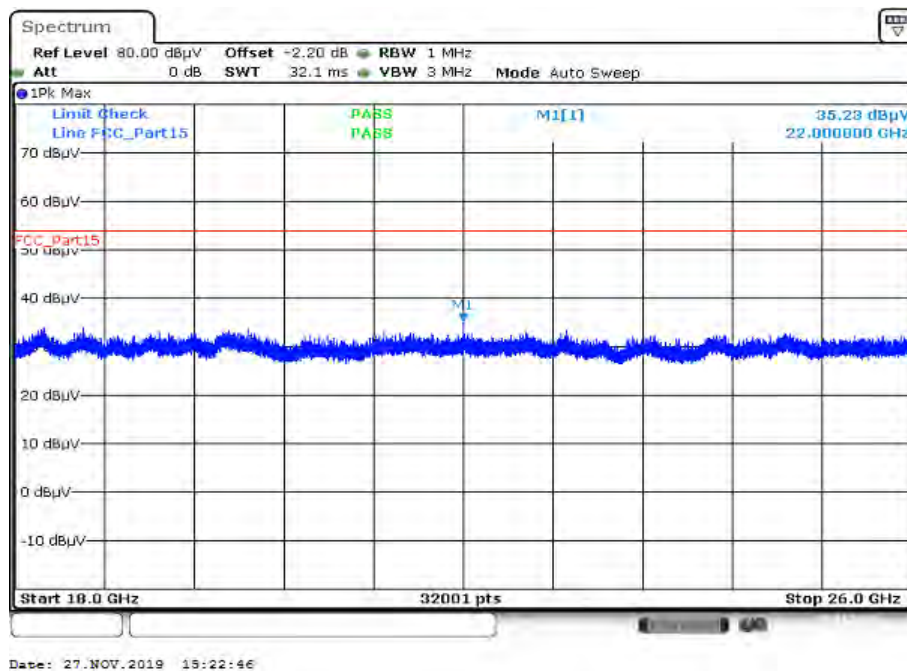
Plot 3: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel**Plot 4:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel

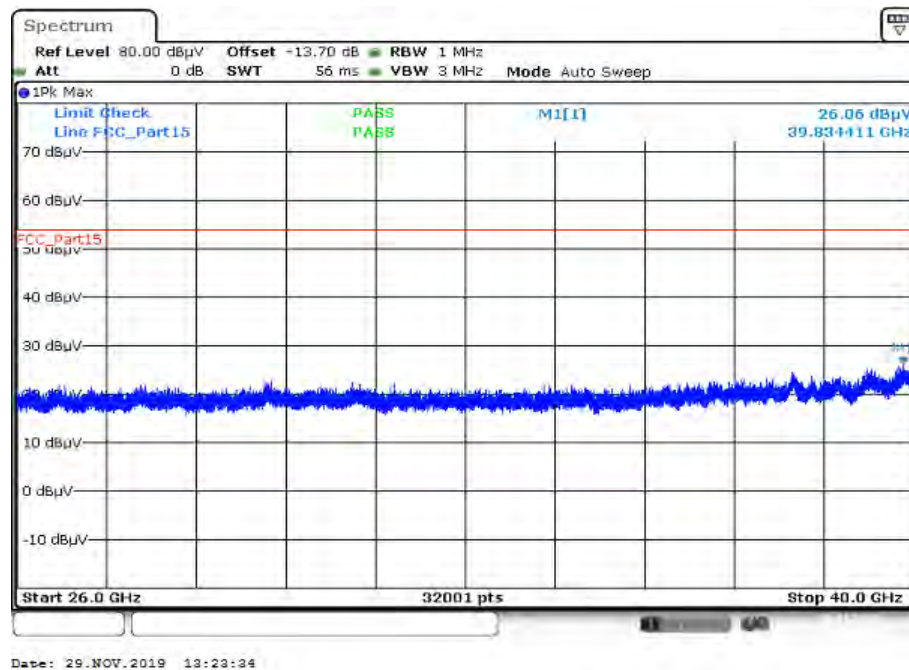
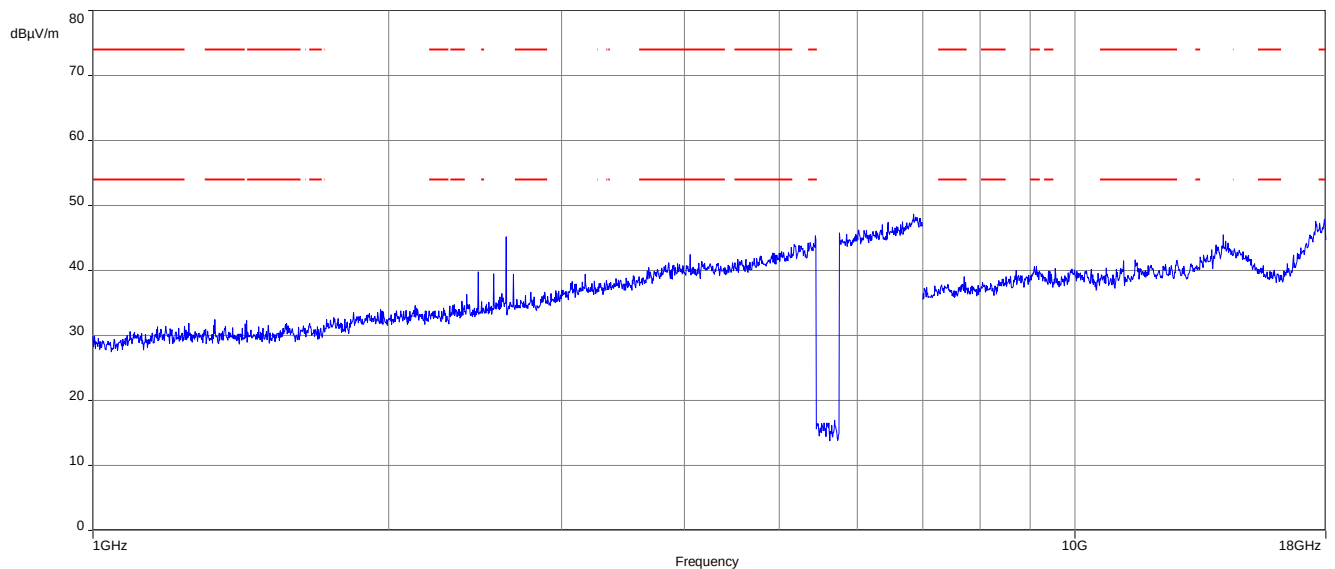
Plot 5: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel**Plot 6:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel

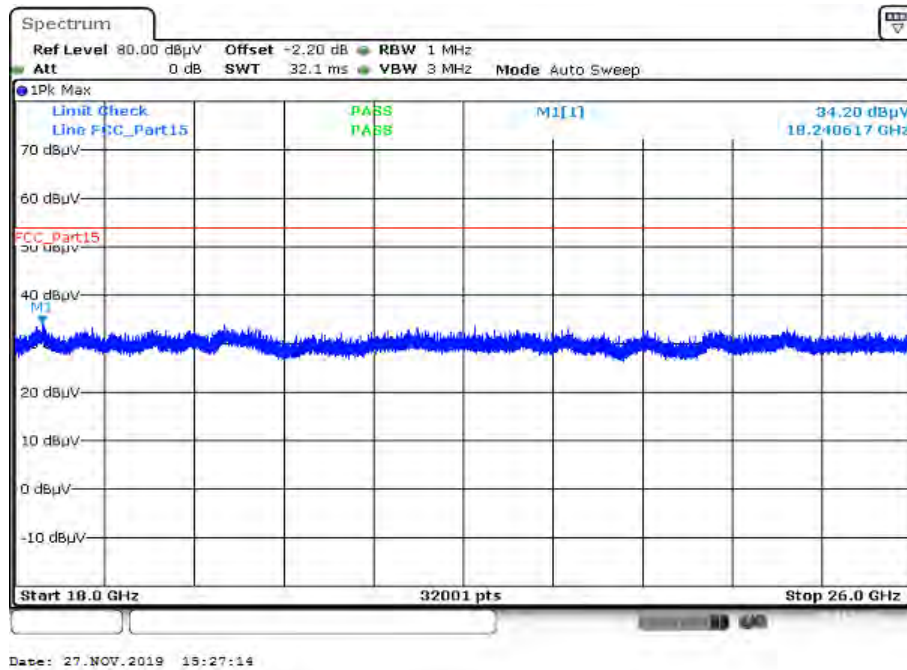
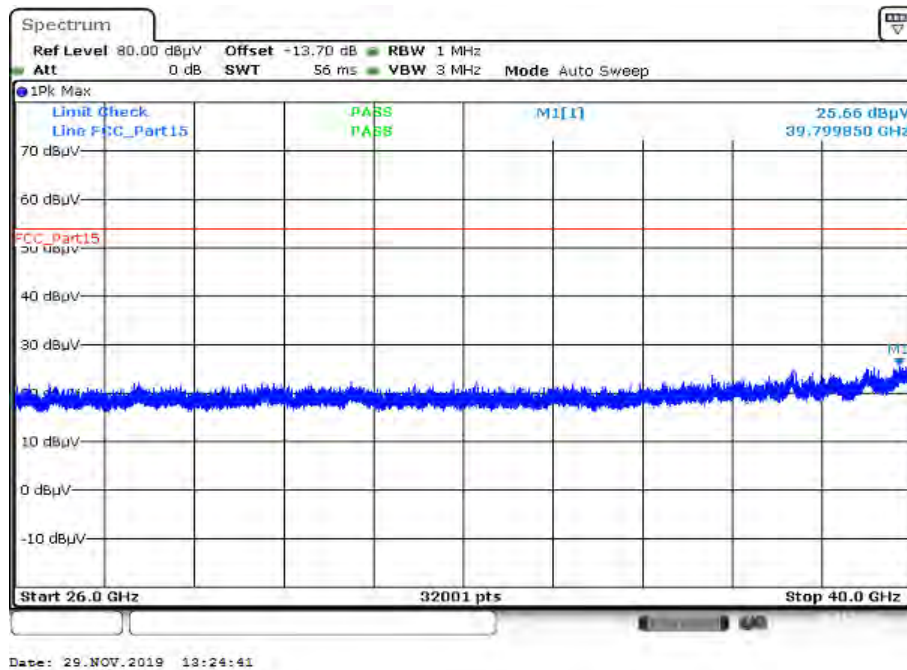
Plot 7: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel**Plot 8:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel

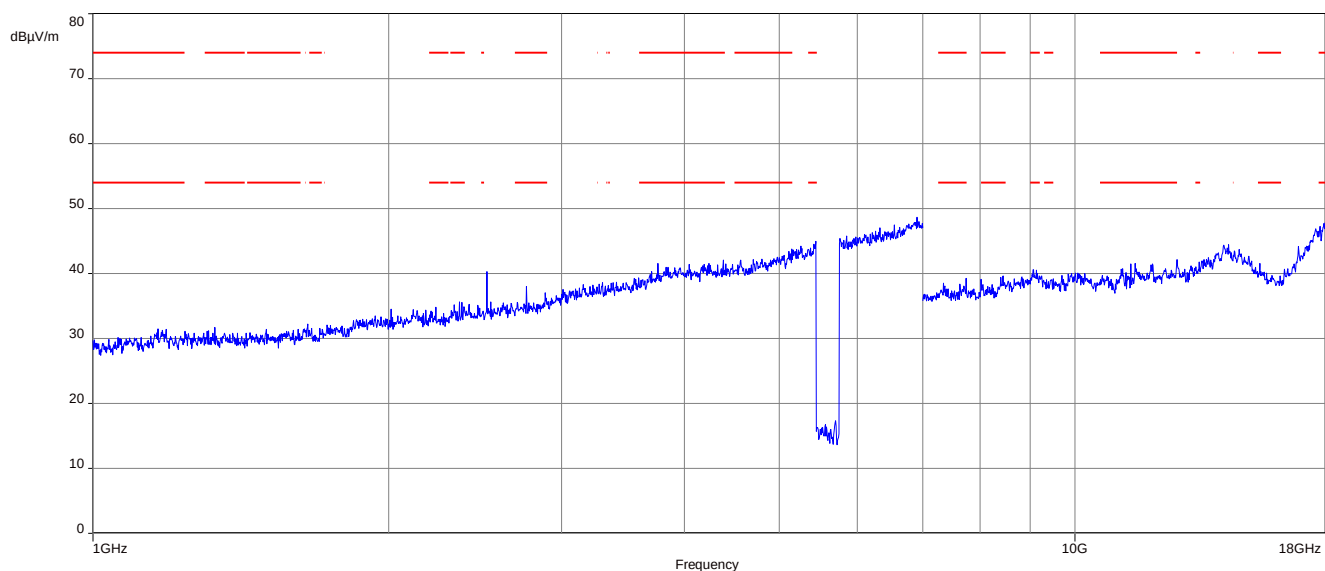
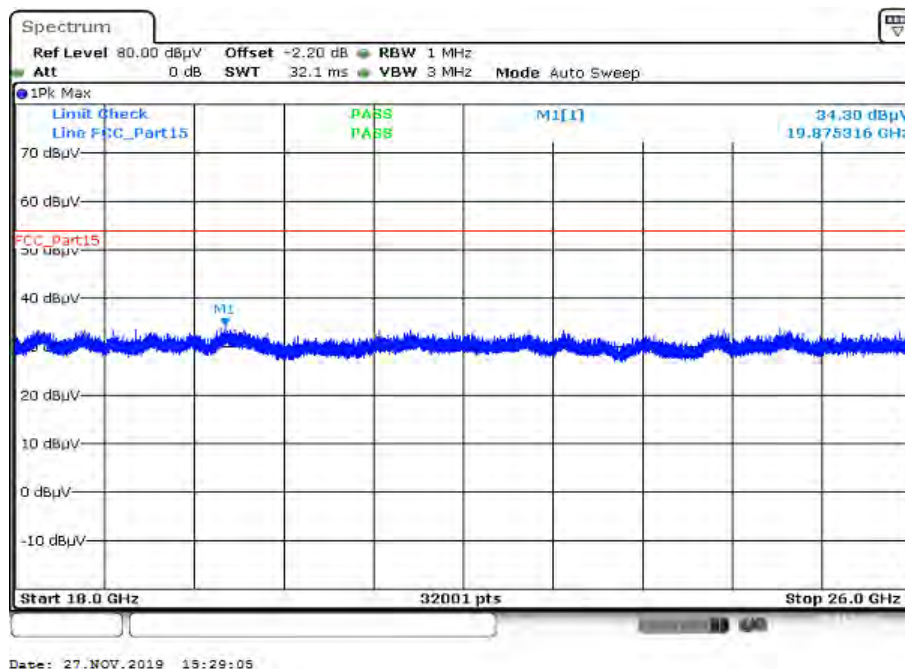
Plot 9: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel**Plot 10:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel

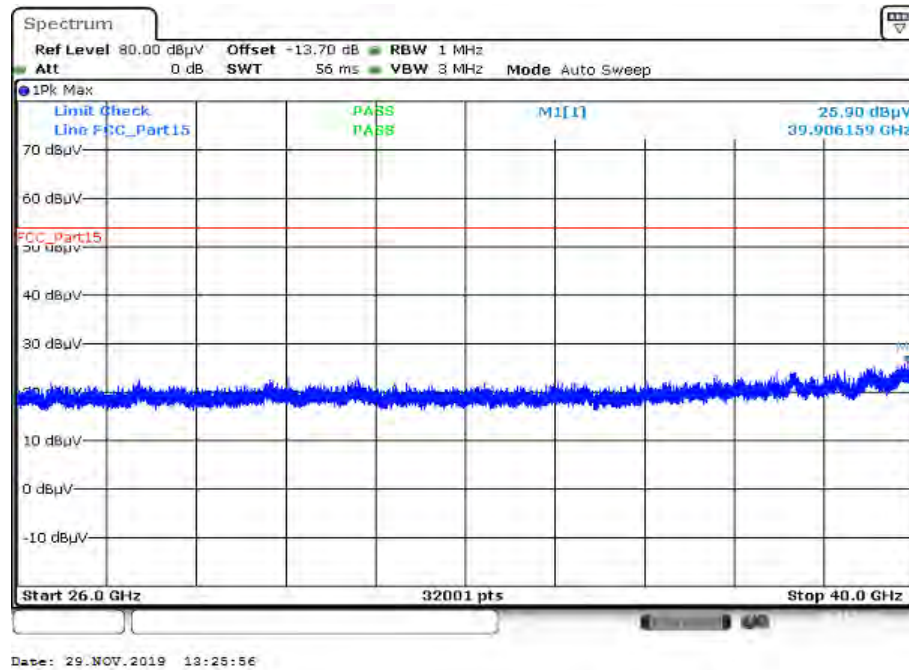
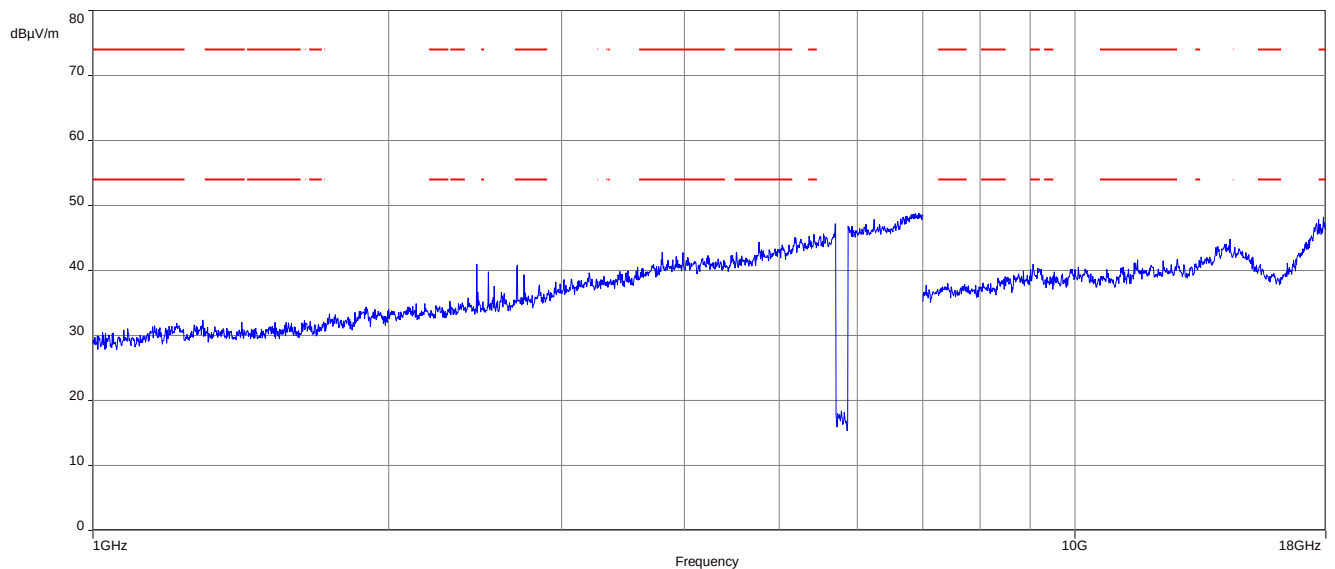
Plot 11: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel**Plot 12:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel

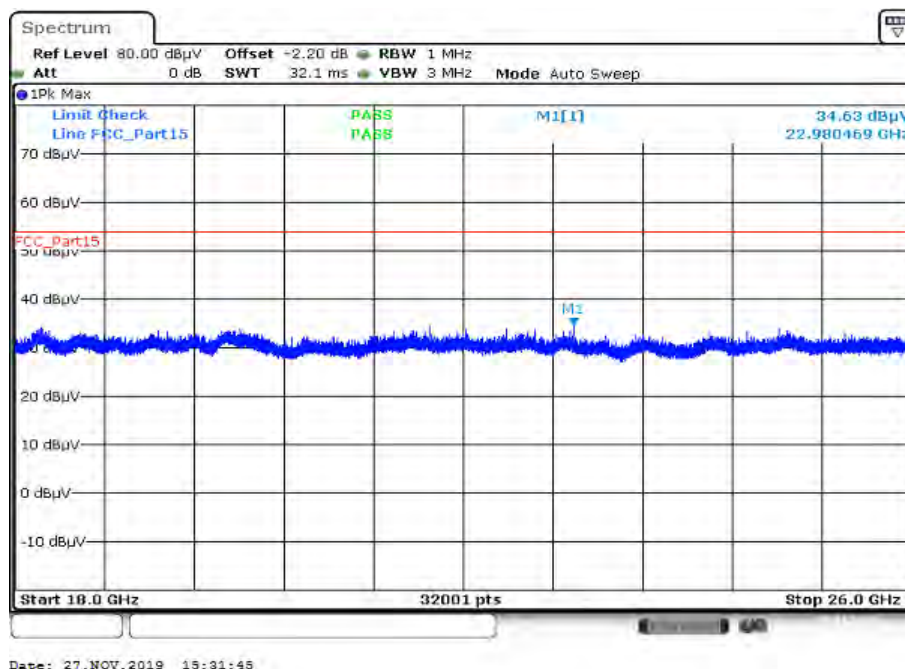
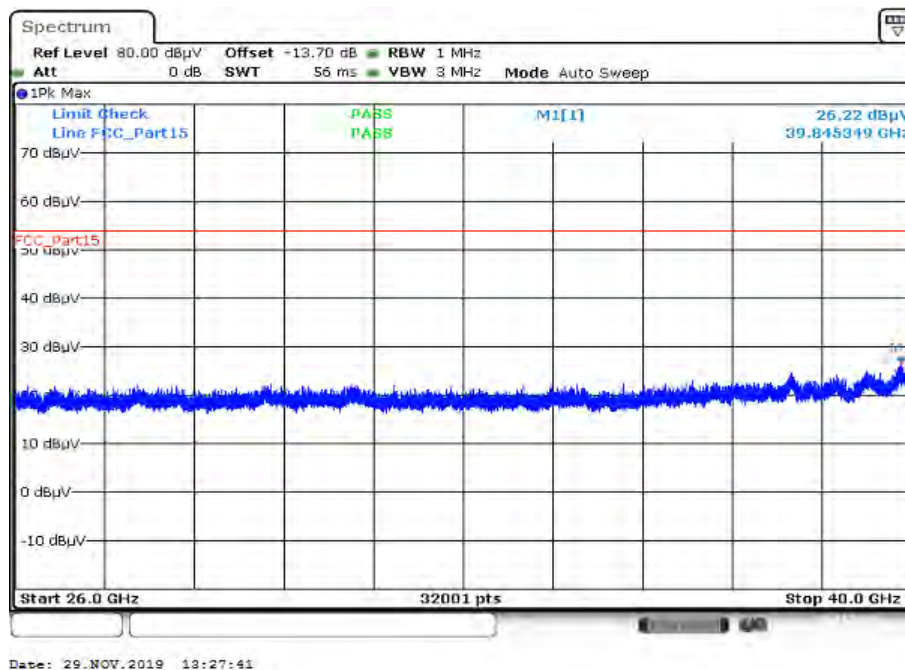
Plot 13: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel**Plot 14:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel

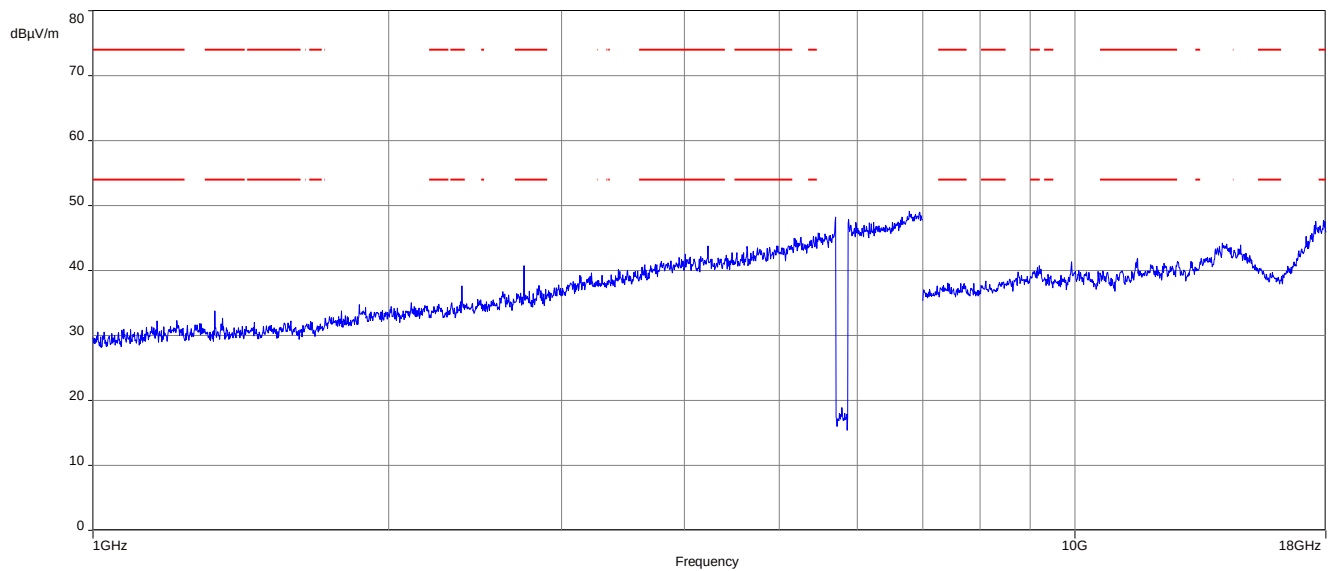
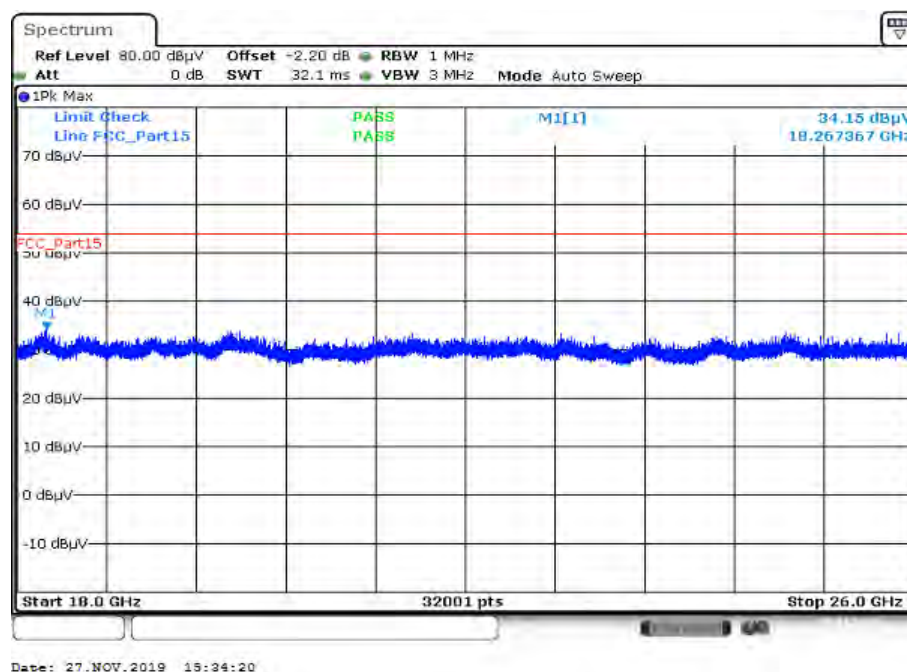
Plot 15: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel**Plot 16:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; middle channel

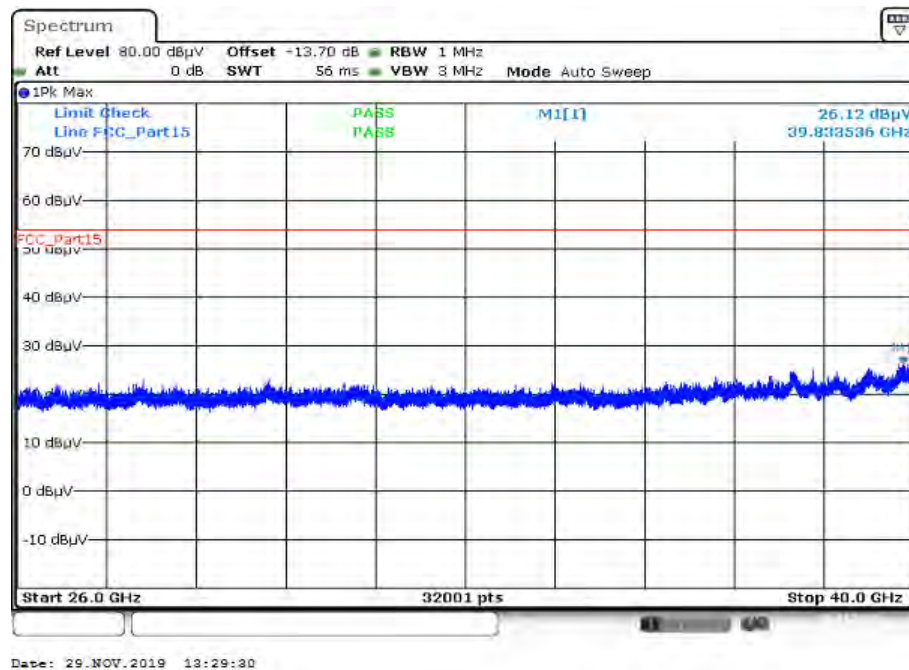
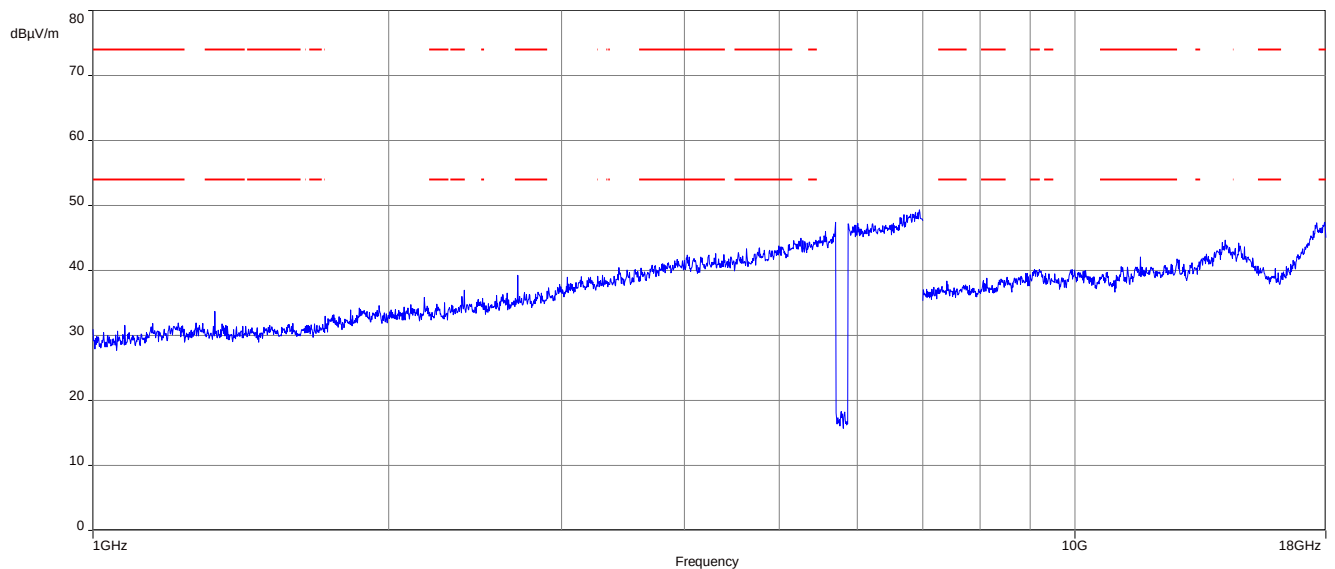
Plot 17: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; middle channel**Plot 18:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; middle channel

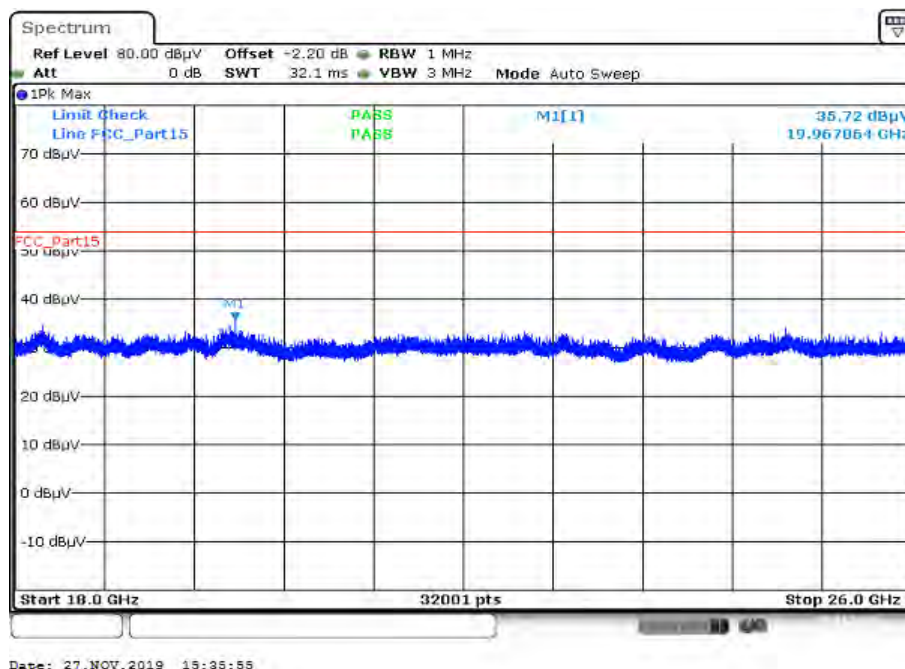
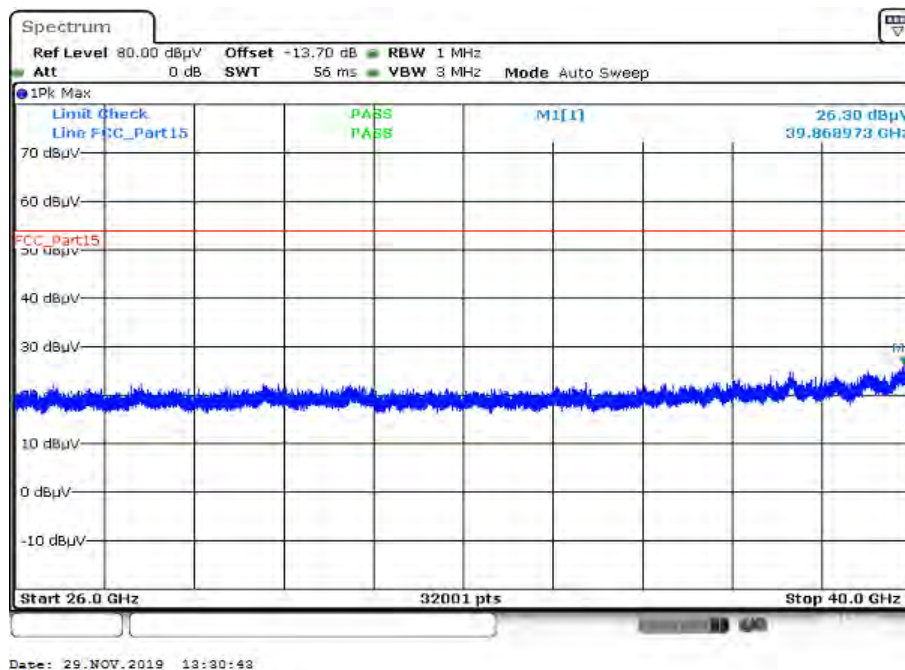
Plot 19: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel**Plot 20:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel

Plot 21: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel**Plot 22:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel

Plot 23: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel**Plot 24:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel

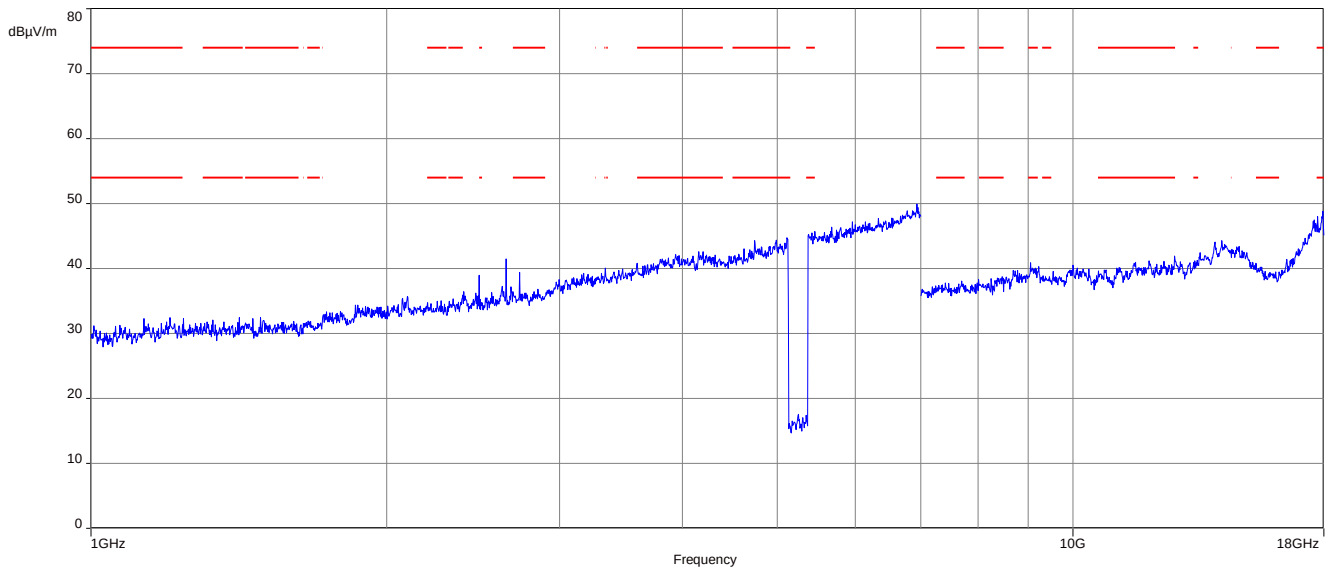
Plot 25: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel**Plot 26:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel

Plot 27: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel**Plot 28:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

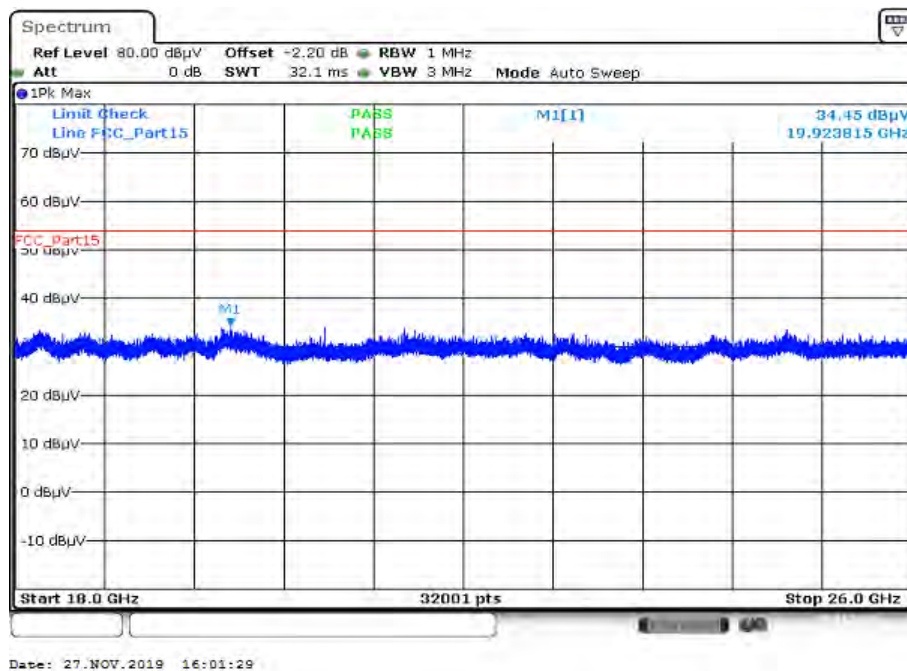
Plot 29: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel**Plot 30:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

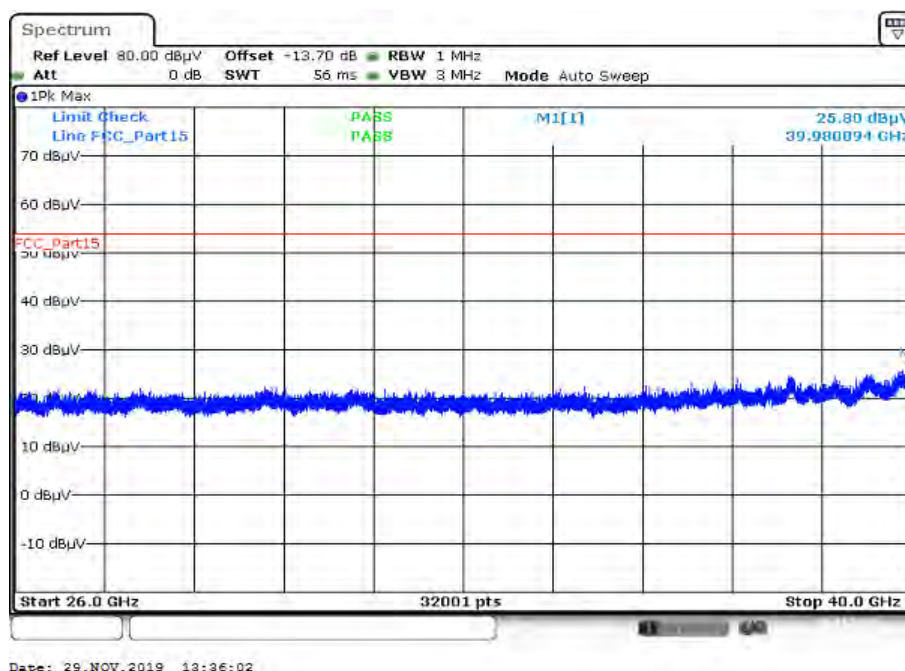
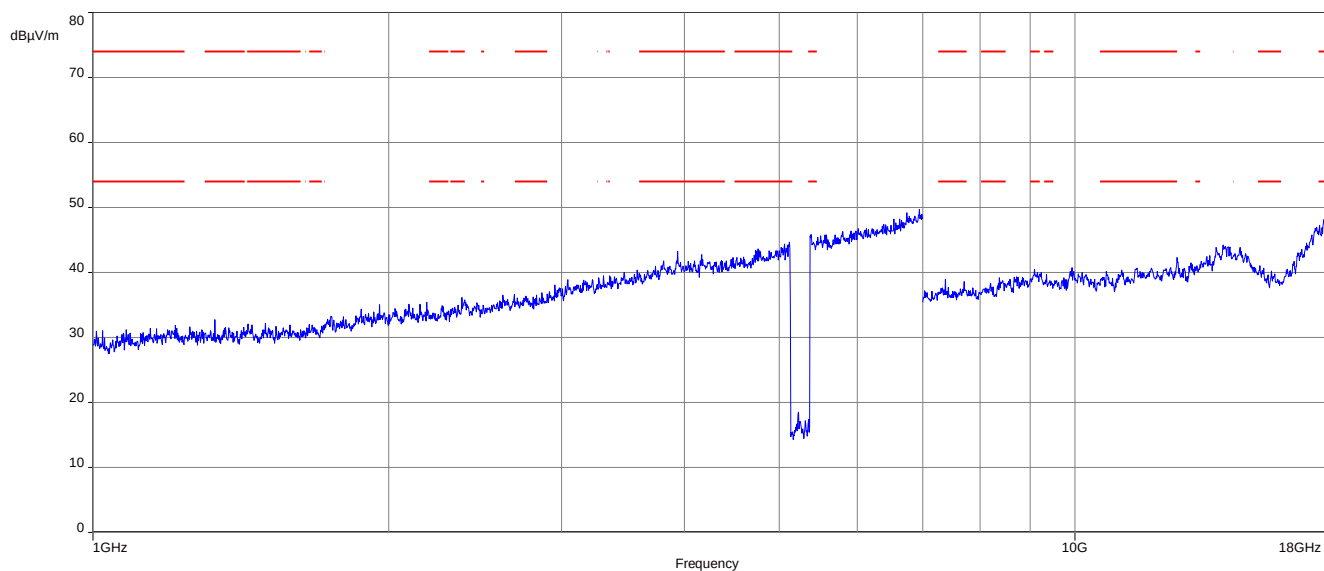
Plots: 40 MHz channel bandwidth

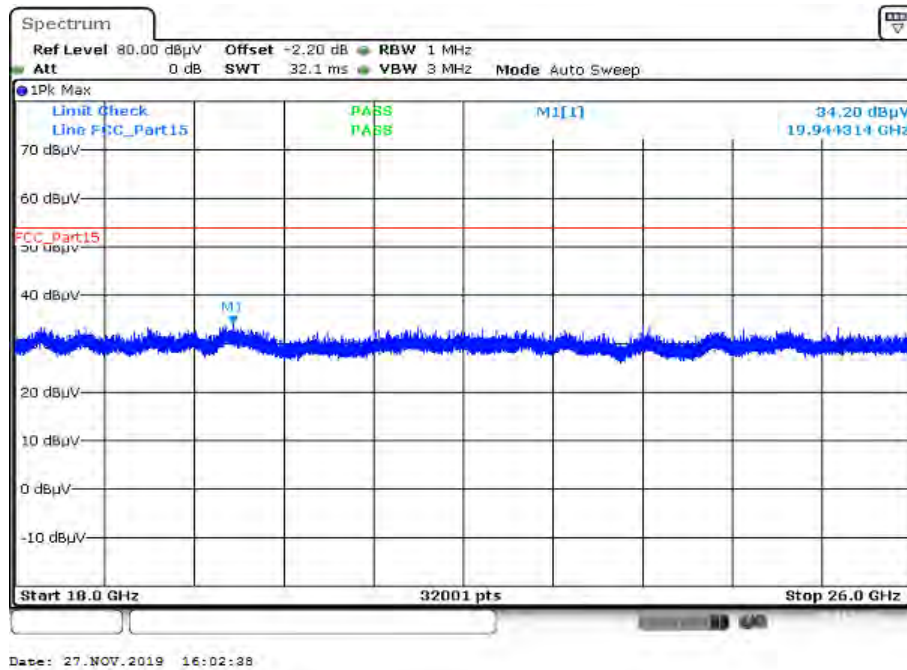
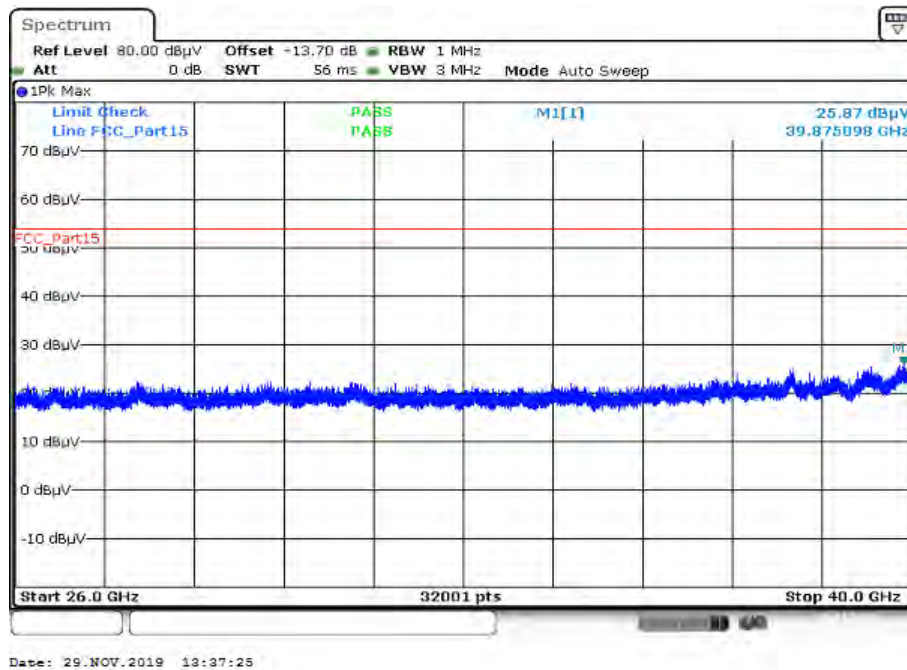
Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel

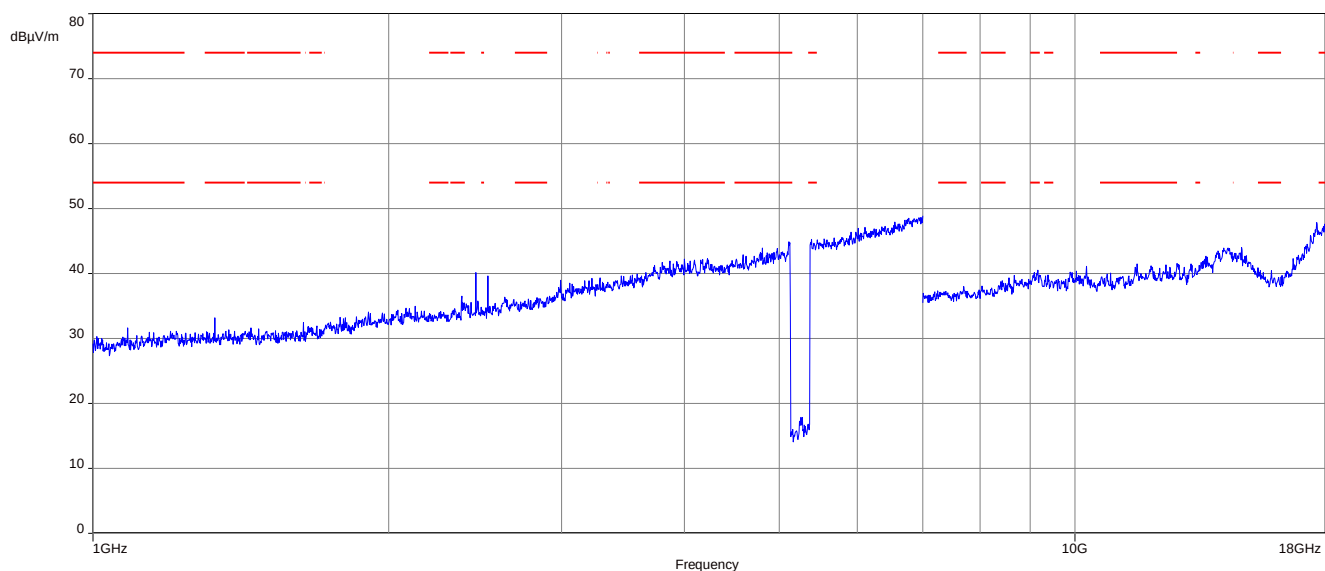
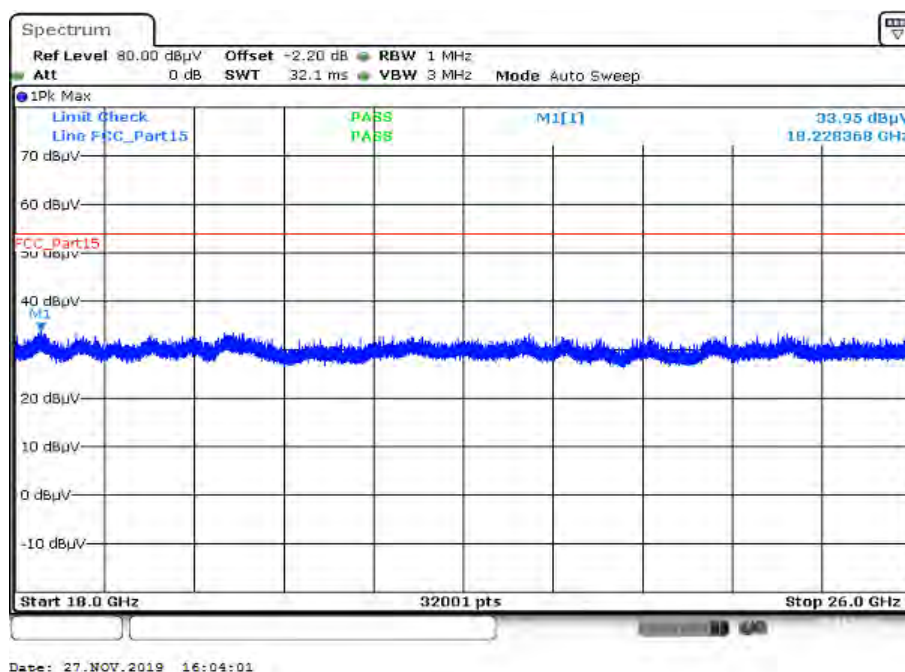


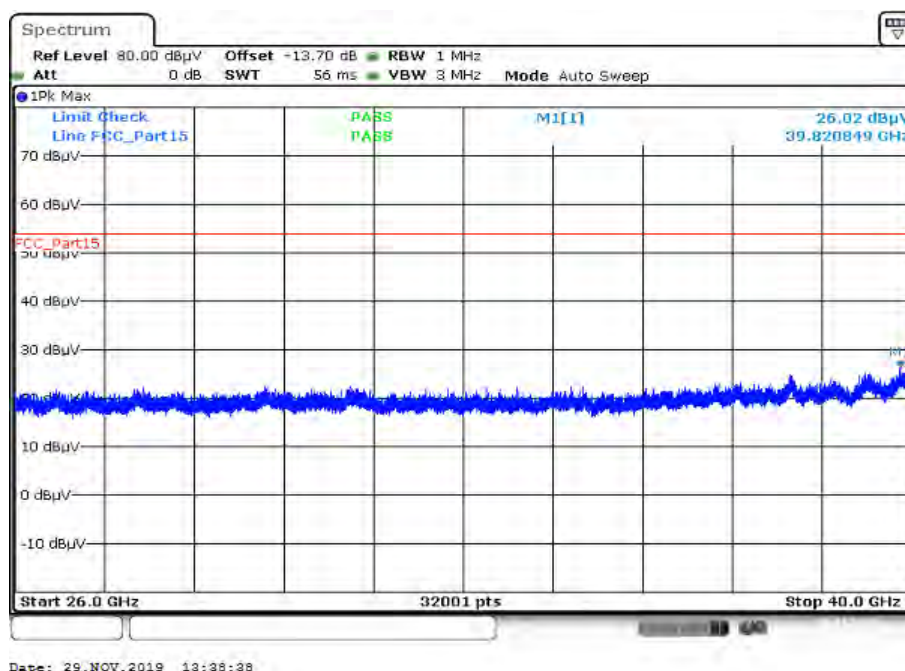
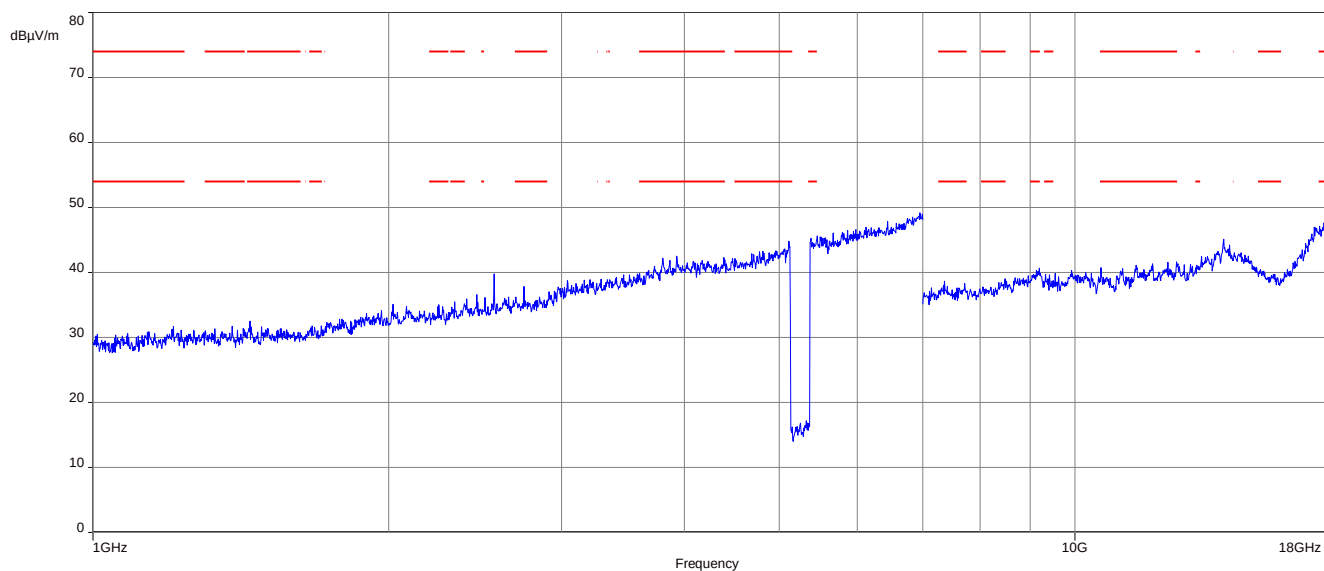
Plot 2: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel

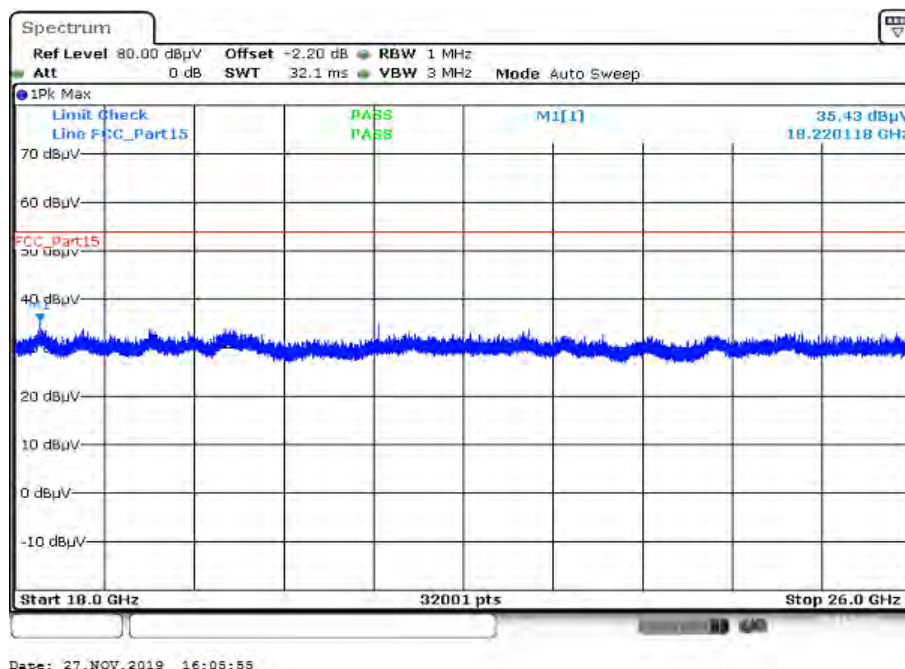
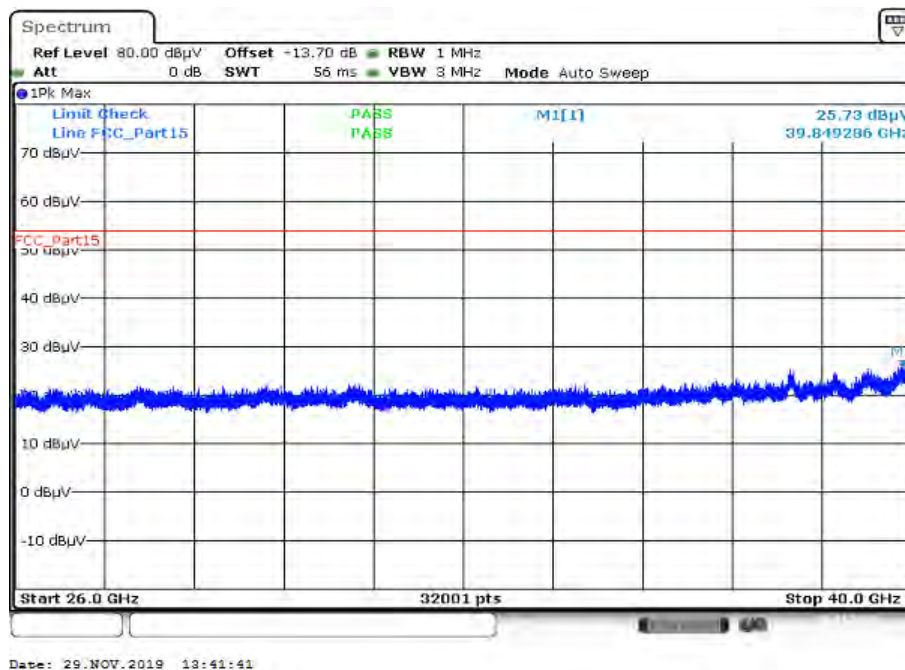


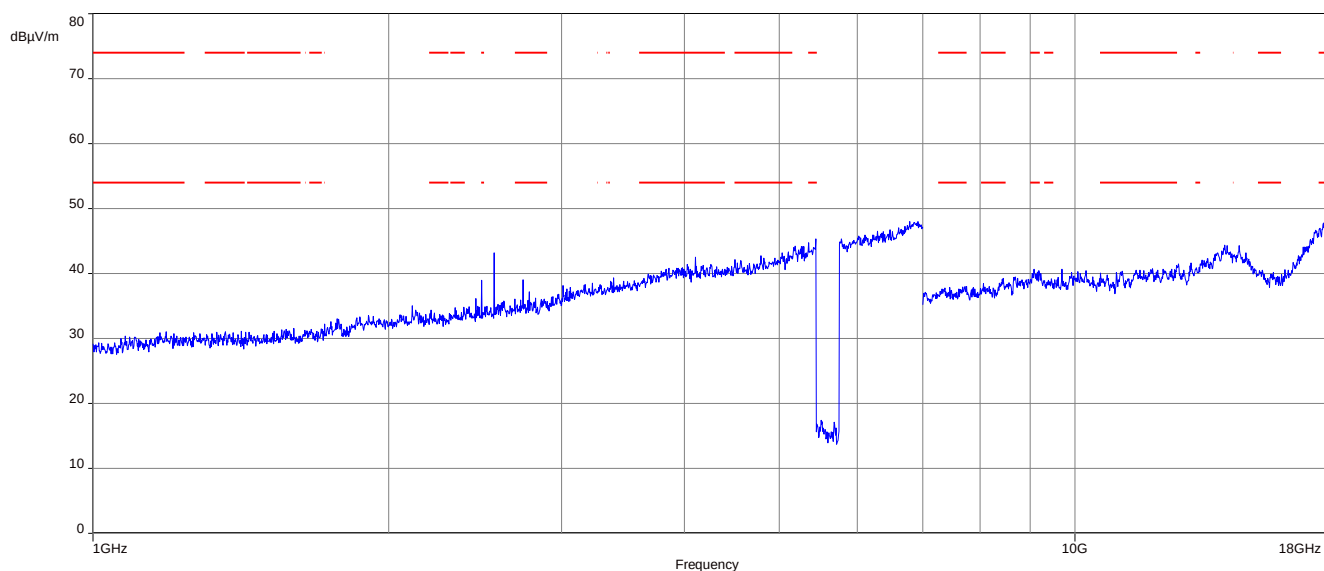
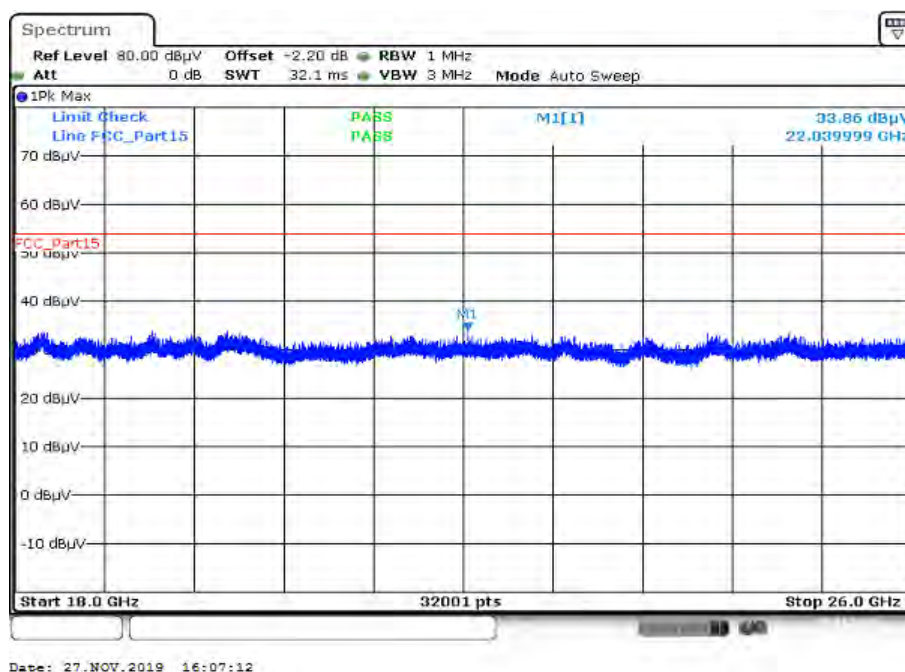
Plot 3: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; lowest channel**Plot 4:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel

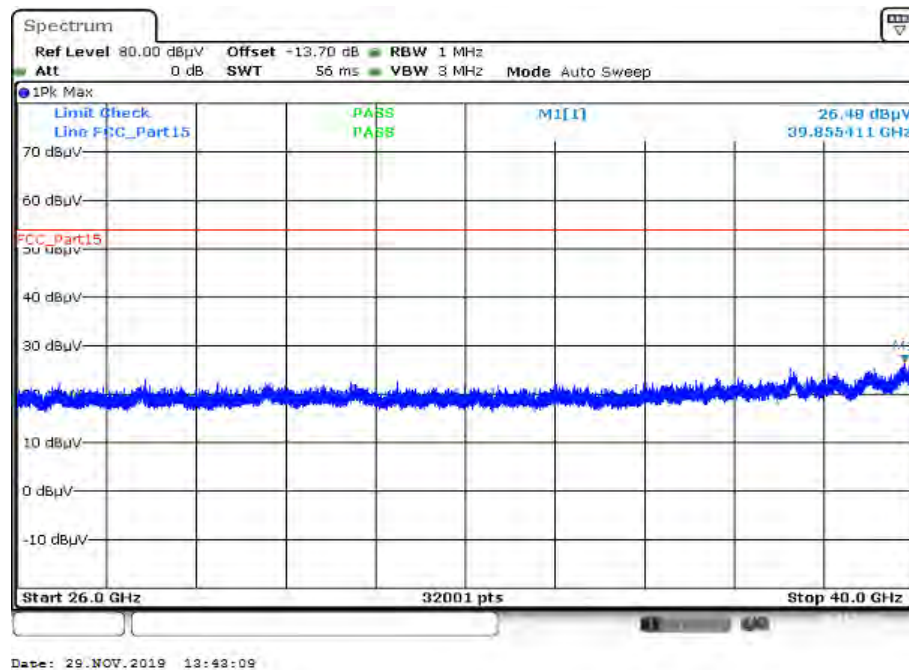
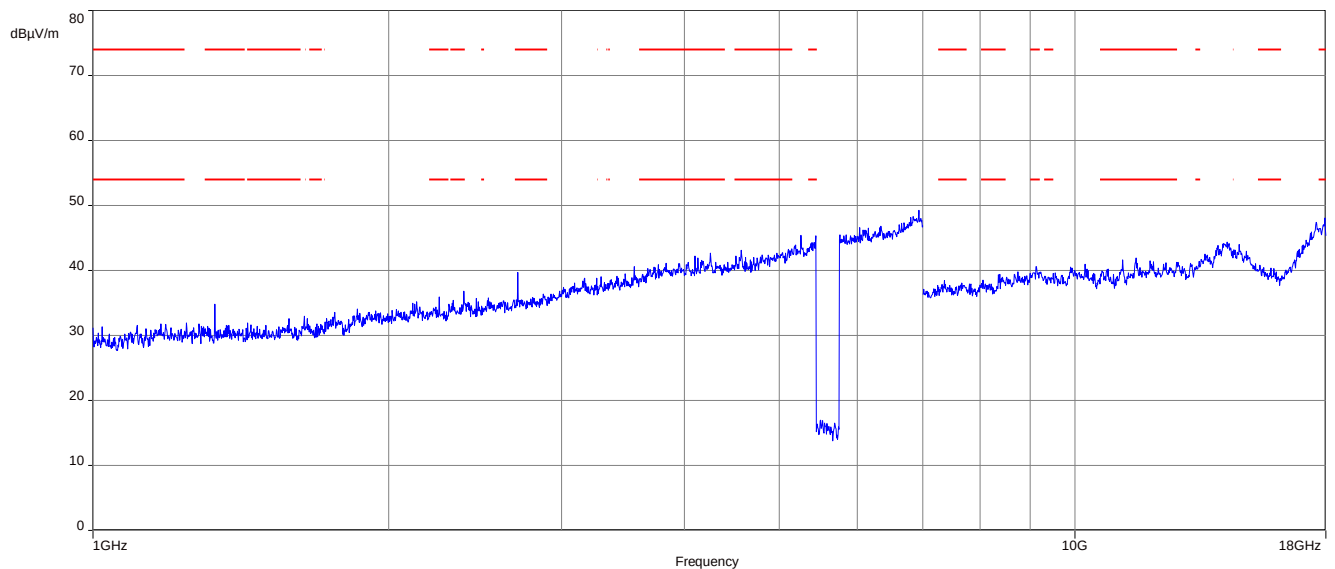
Plot 5: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel**Plot 6:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; highest channel

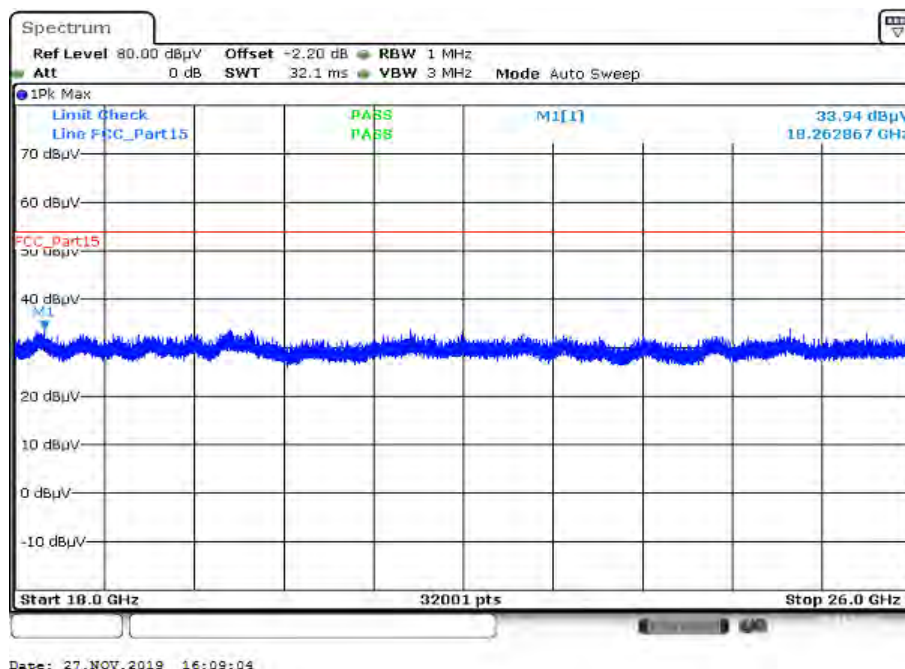
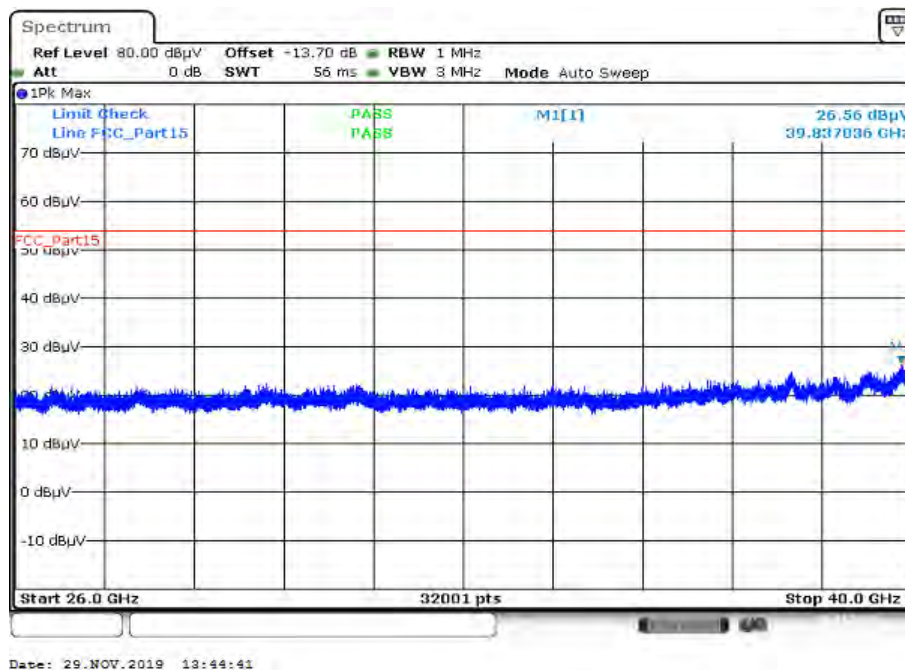
Plot 7: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel**Plot 8:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel

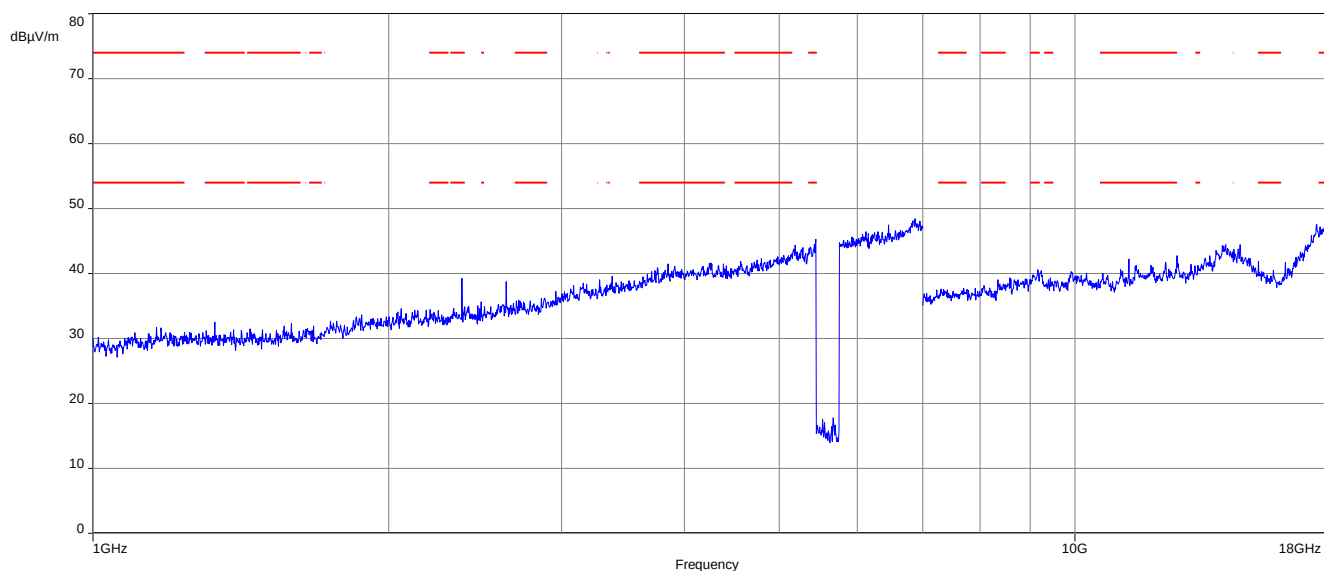
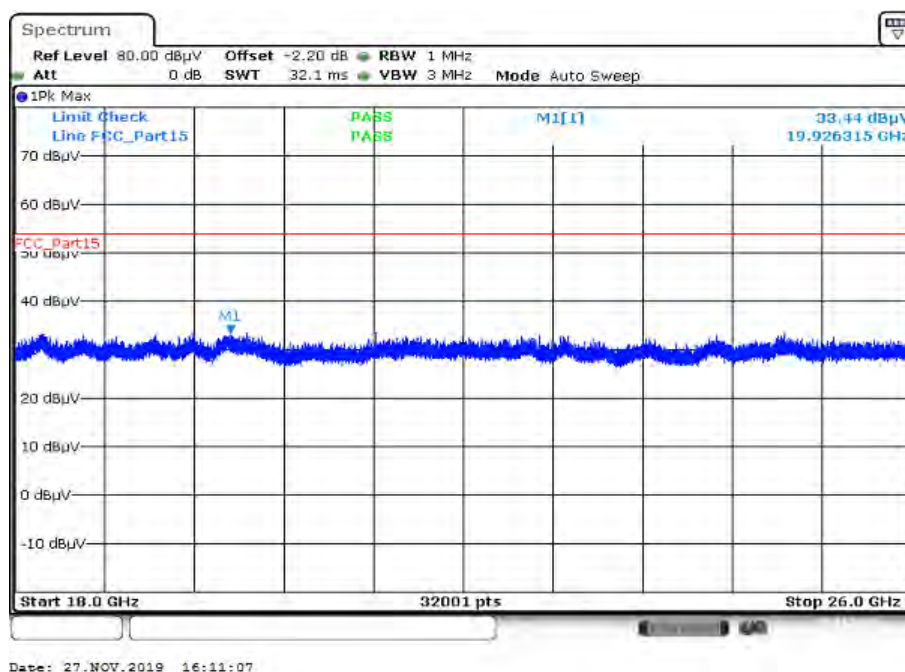
Plot 9: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; lowest channel**Plot 10:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; highest channel

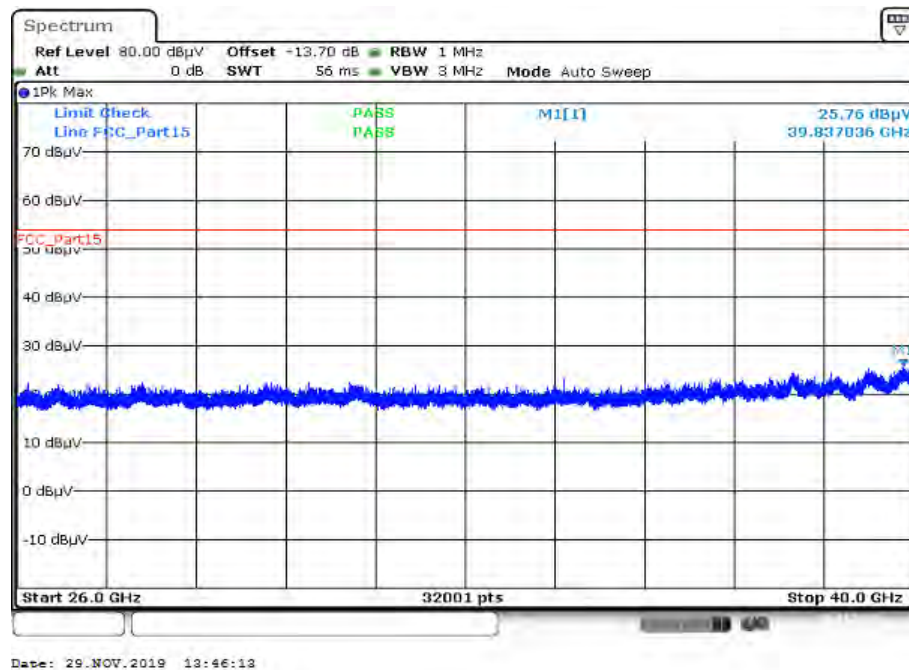
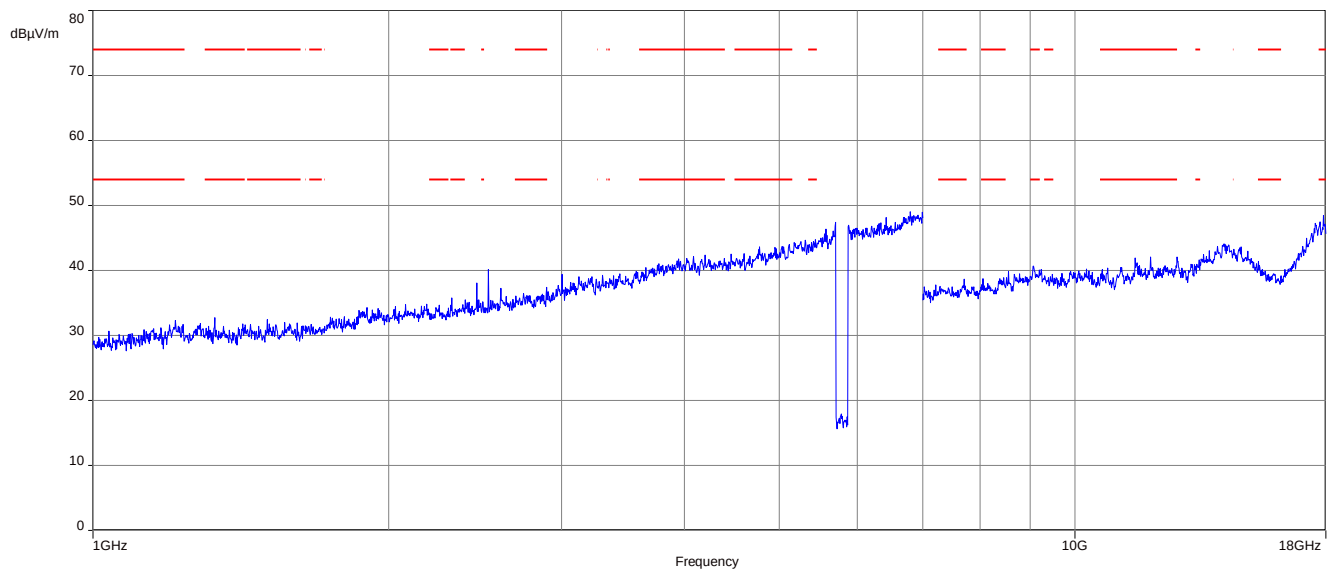
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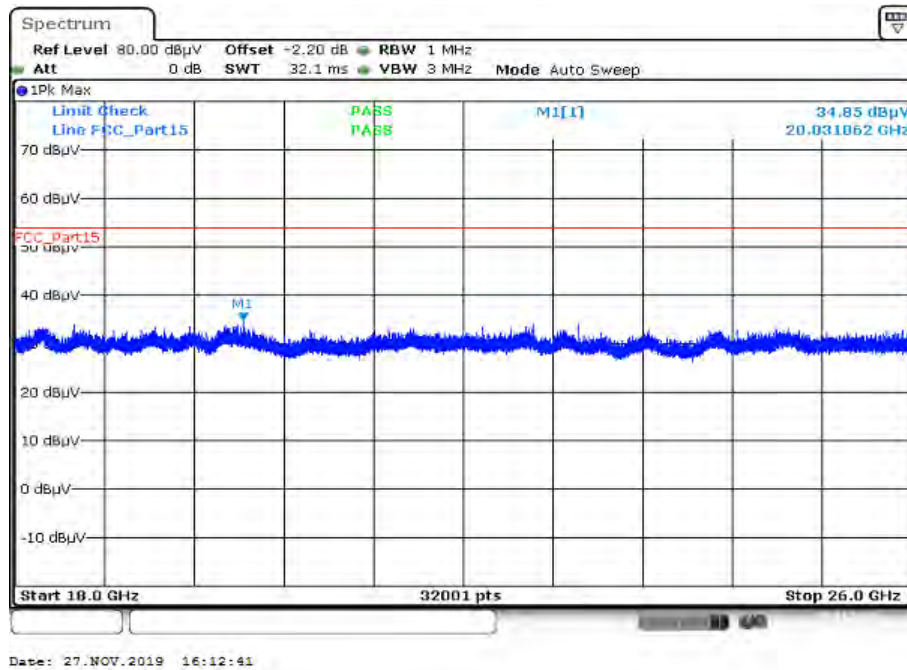
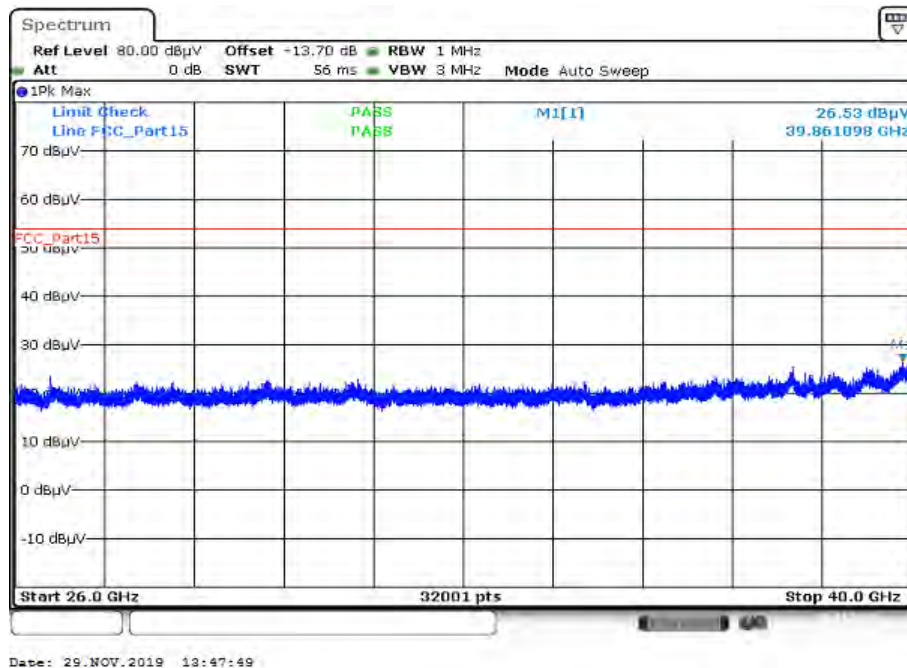
Plot 13: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel**Plot 14:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel

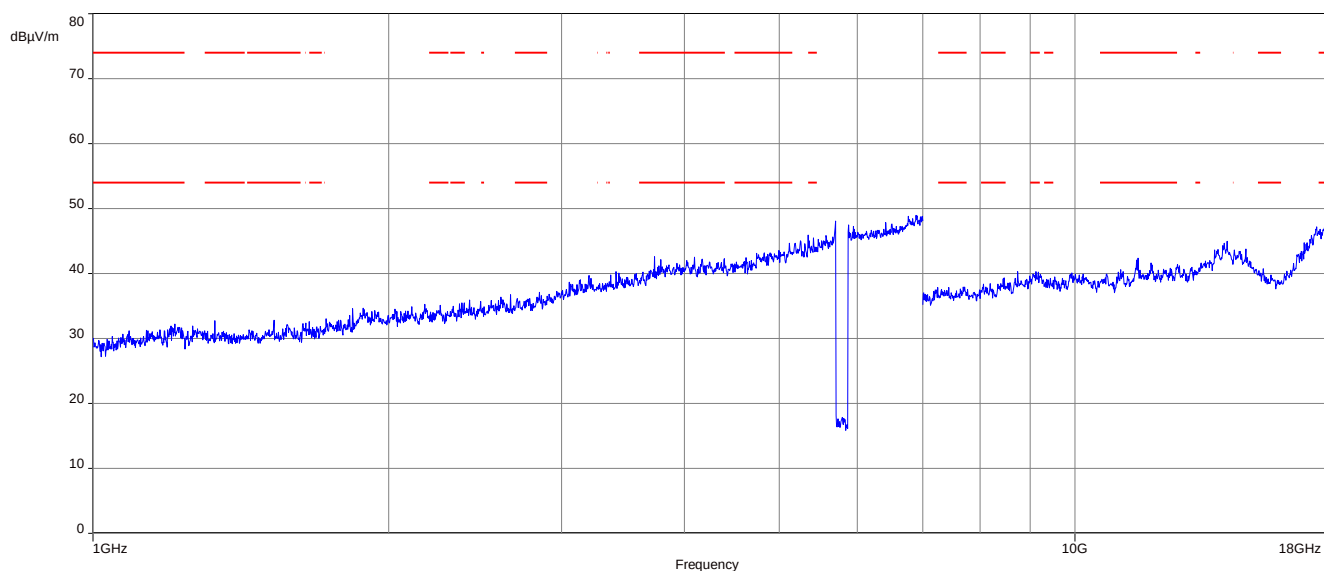
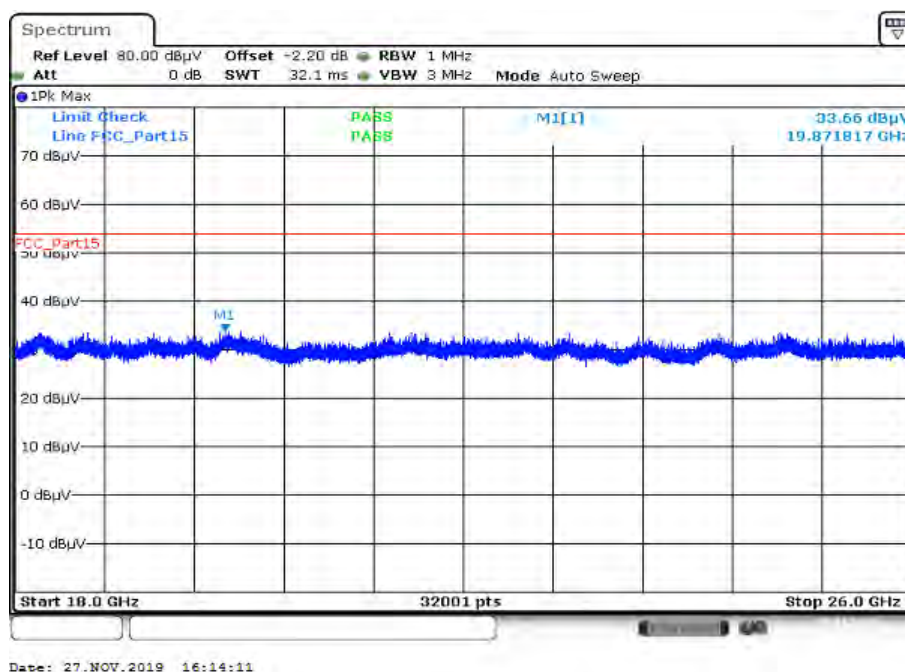
Plot 15: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel**Plot 16:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; middle channel

Plot 17: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; middle channel**Plot 18:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; middle channel

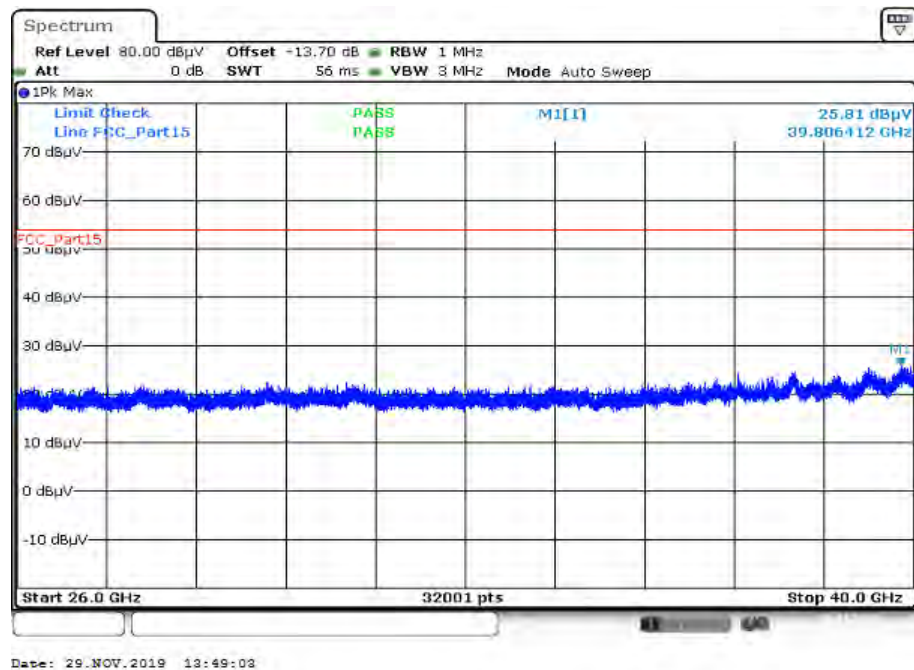
Plot 19: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel**Plot 20:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel

Plot 21: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel**Plot 22:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel

Plot 23: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel**Plot 24:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; lowest channel

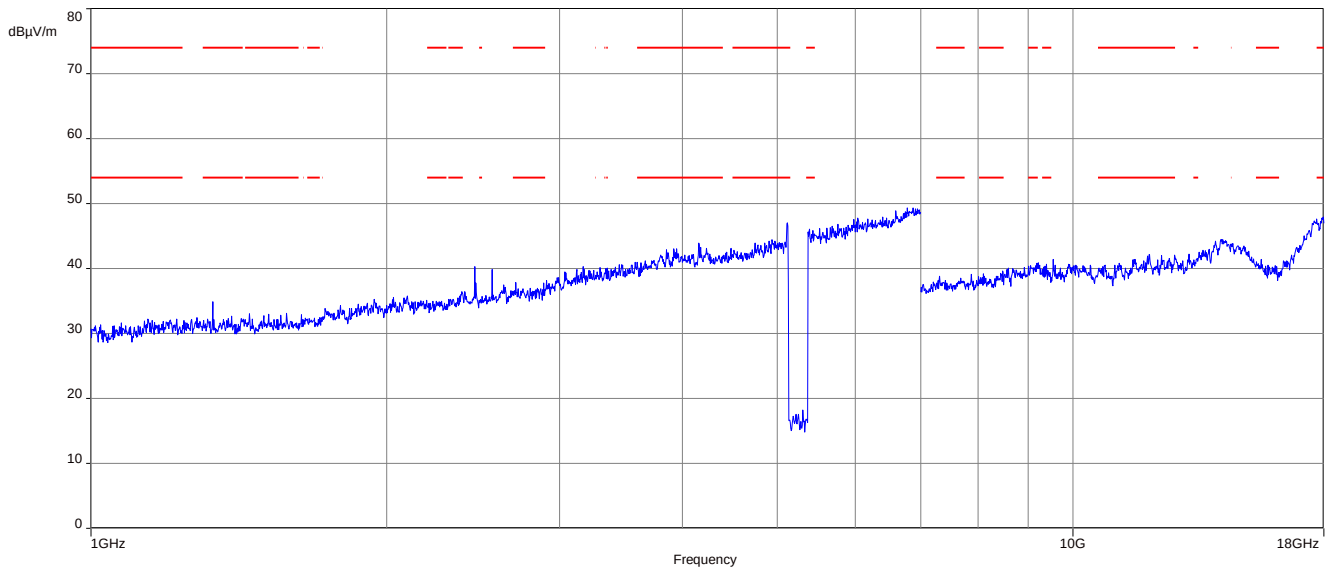
Plot 25: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel**Plot 26:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

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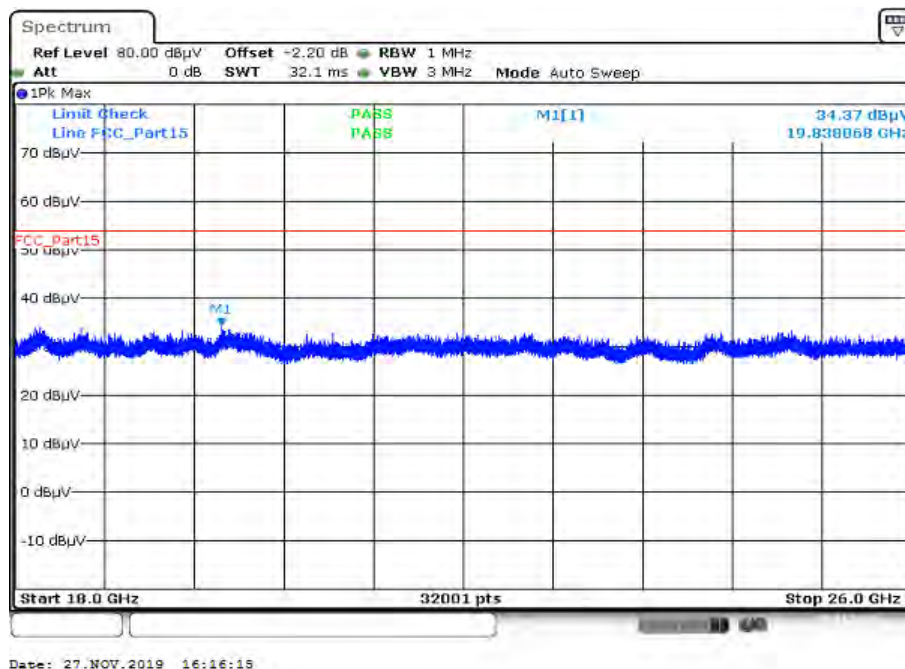
Plot 27: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; highest channel

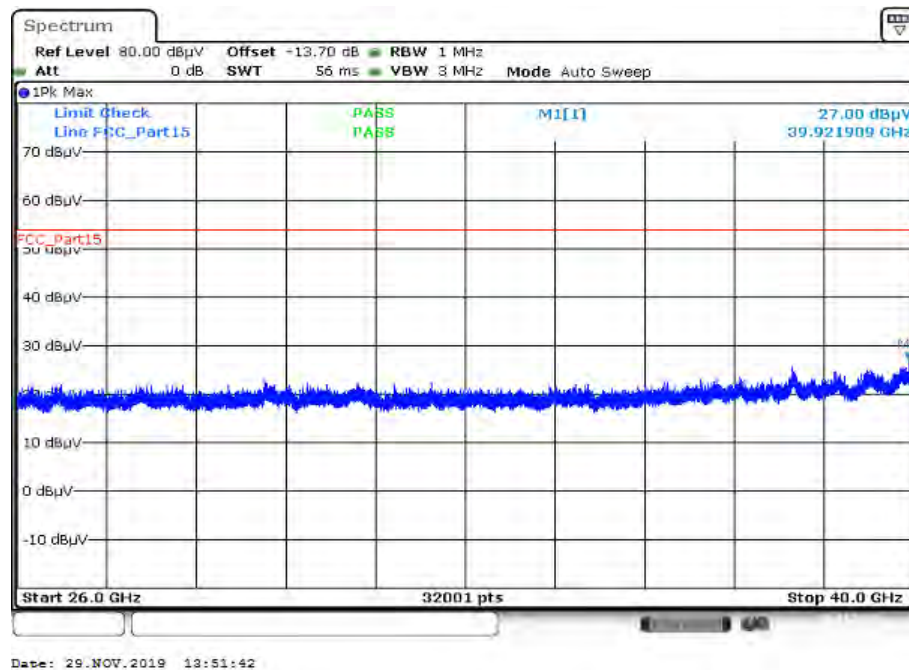
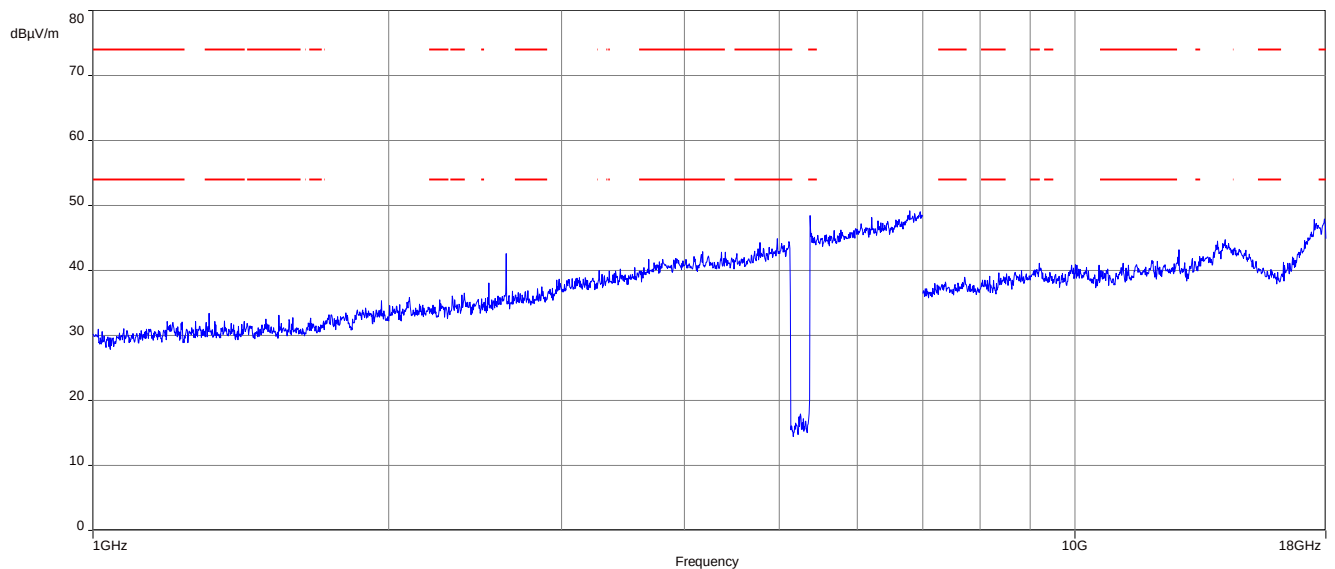
Plots: 80 MHz channel bandwidth

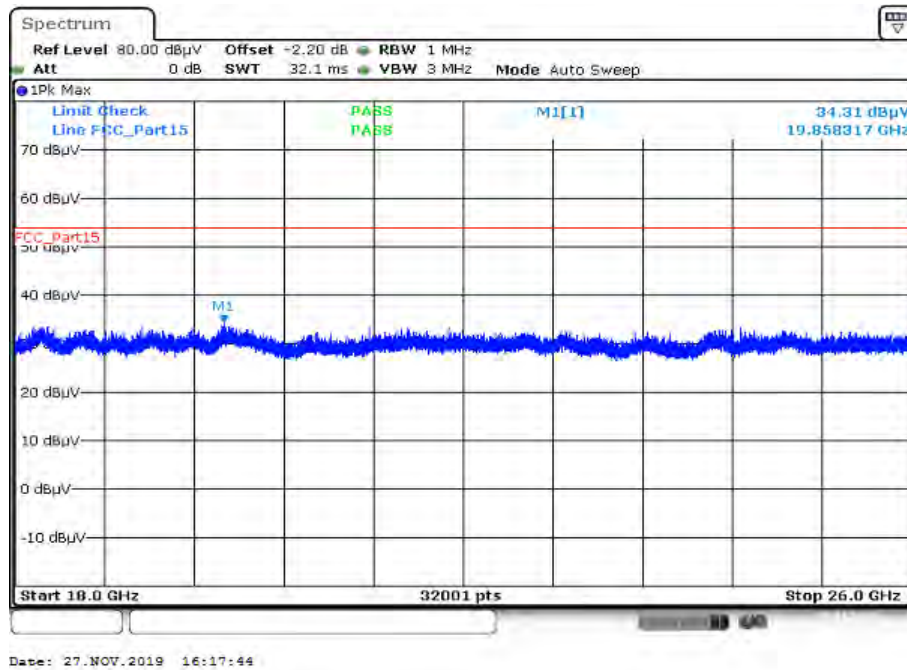
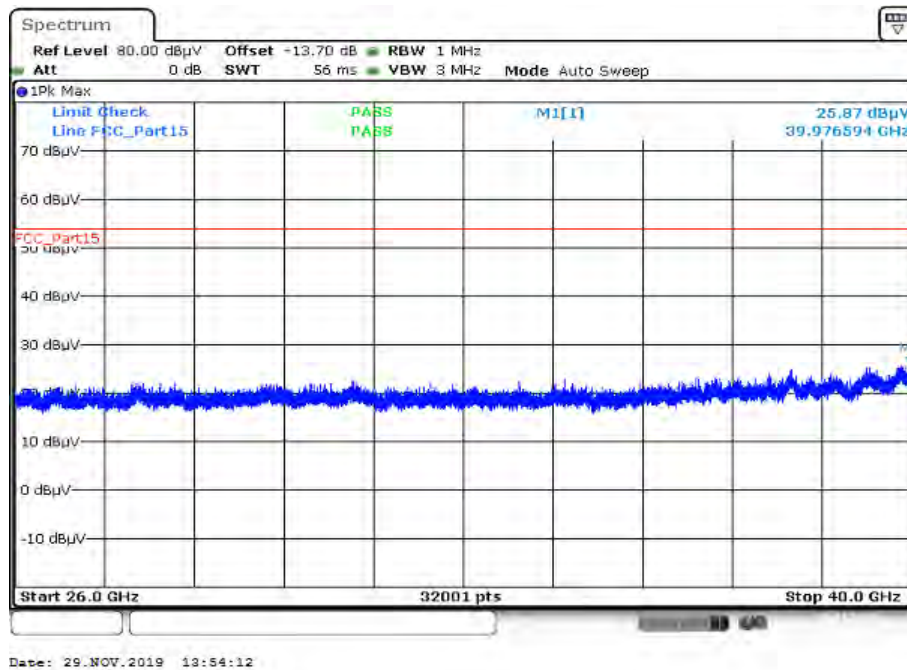
Plot 1: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; middle channel

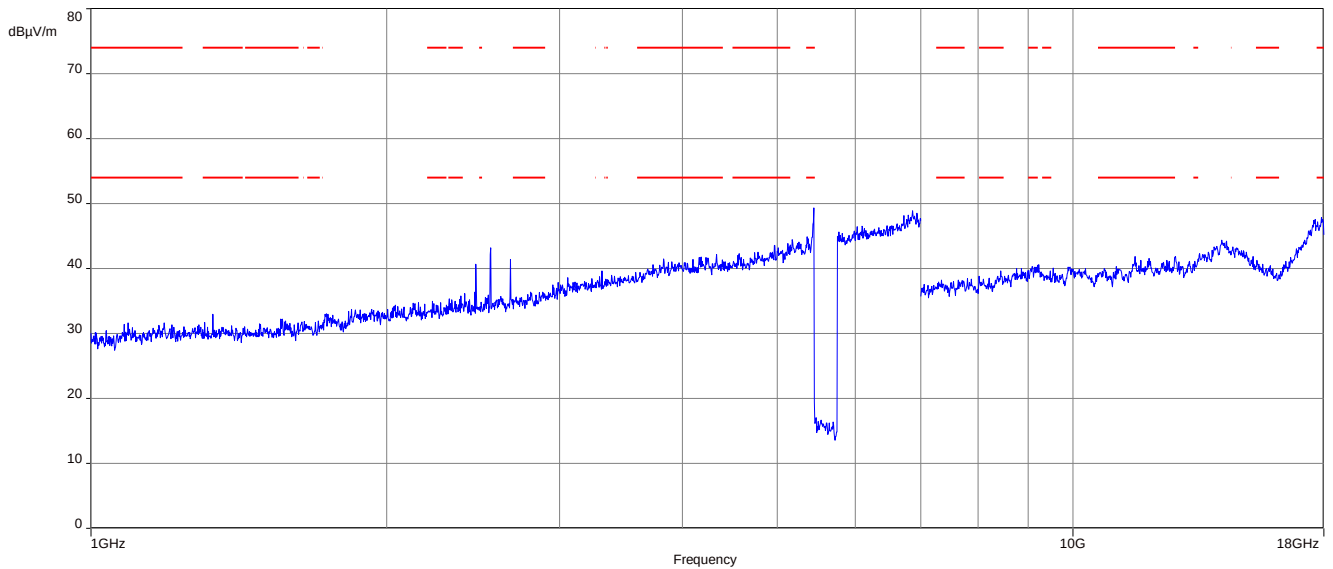
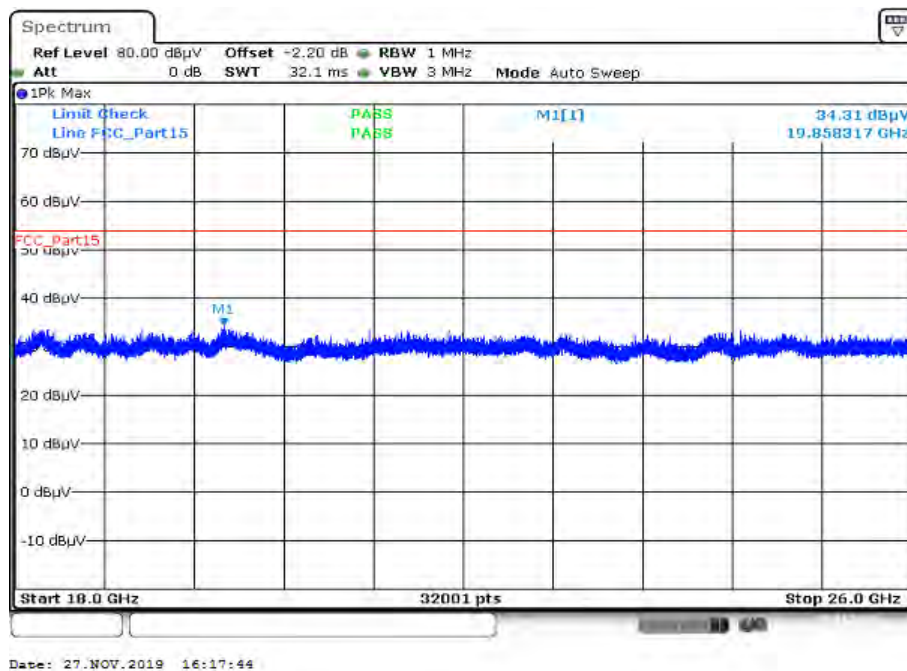


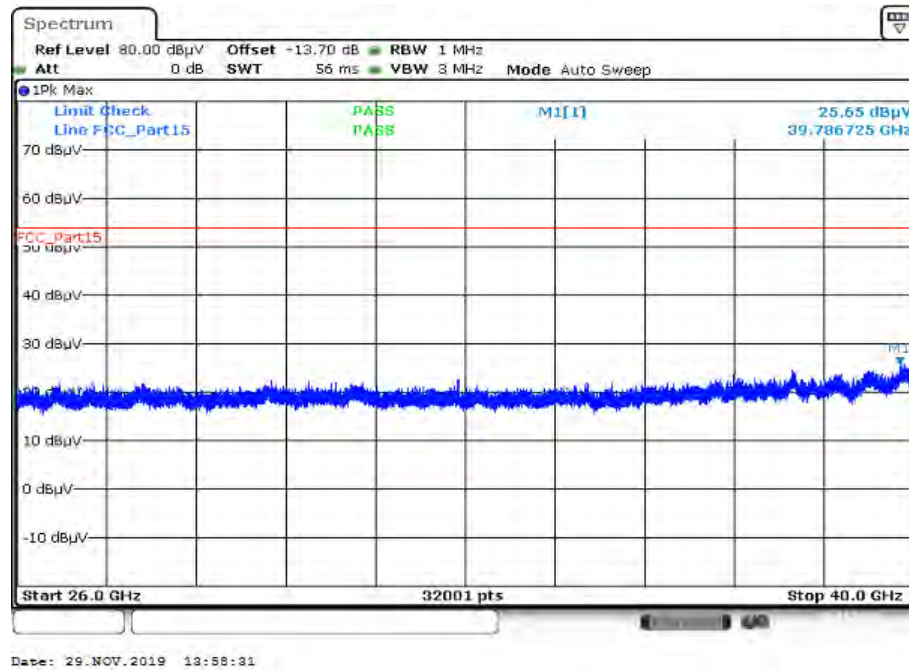
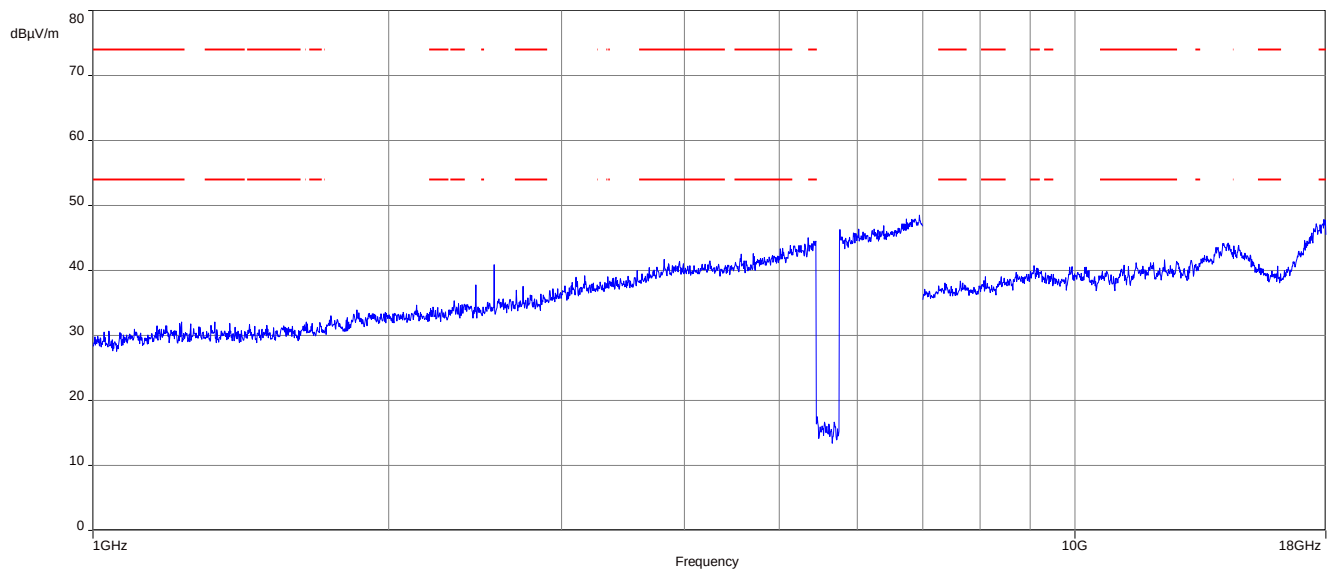
Plot 2: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; middle channel

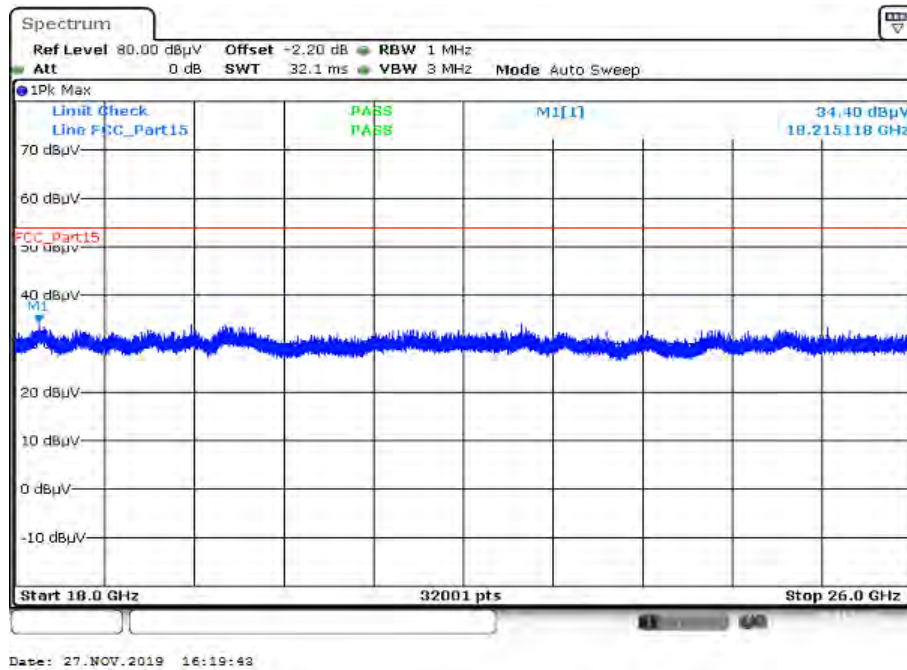
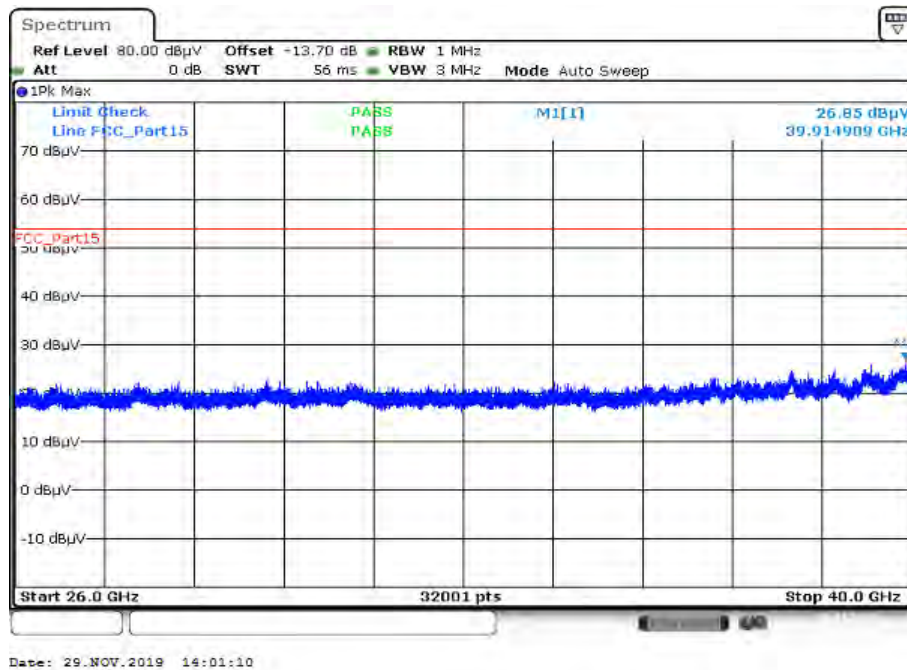


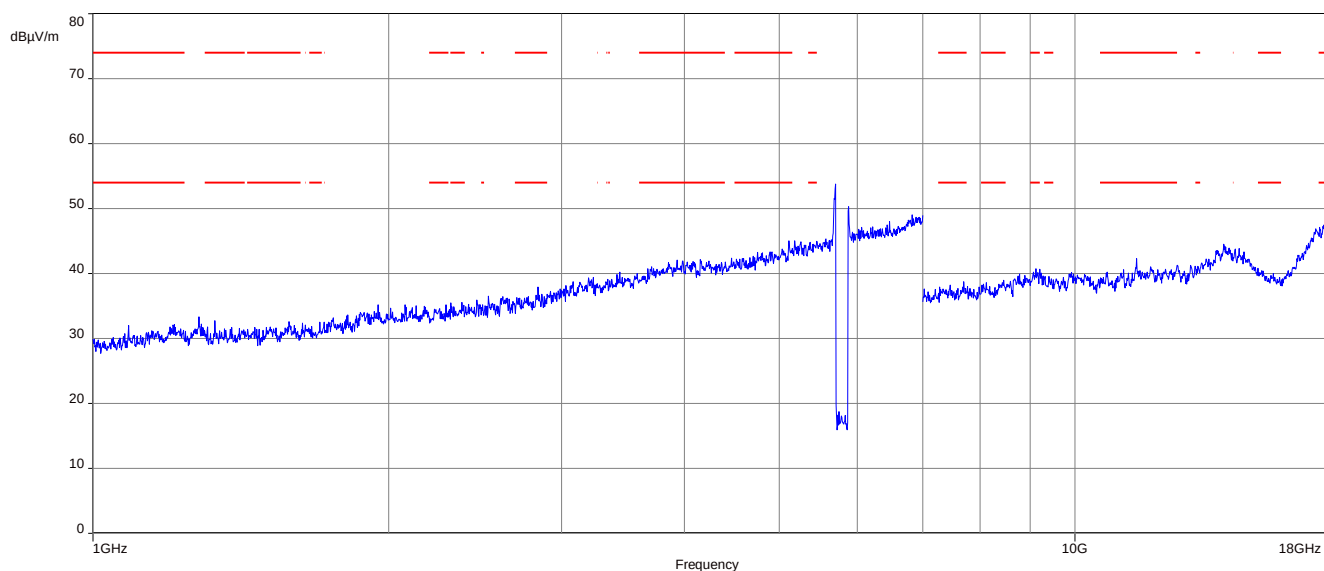
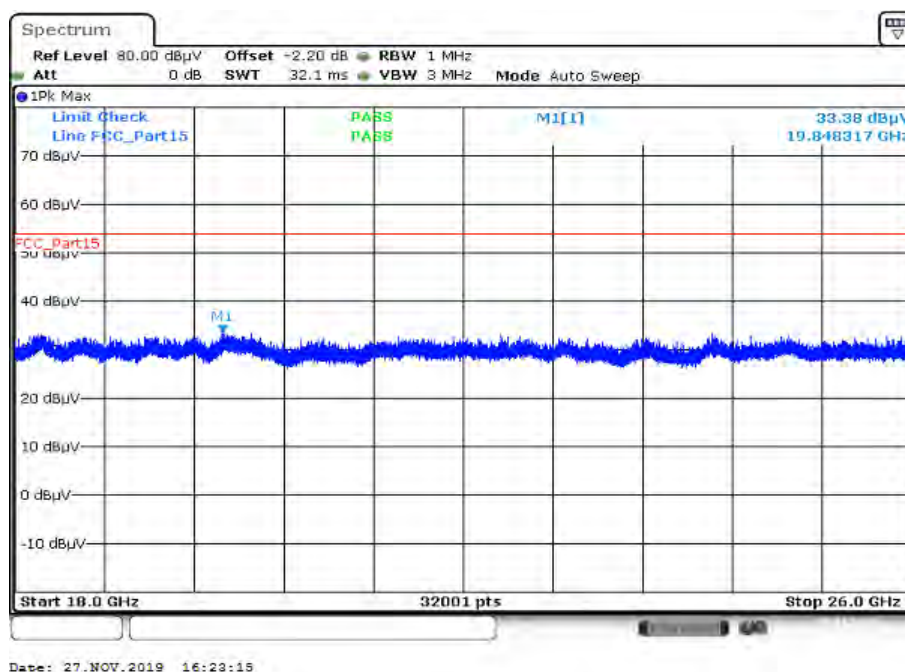
Plot 3: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-1; middle channel**Plot 4:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; middle channel

Plot 5: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; middle channel**Plot 6:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2A; middle channel

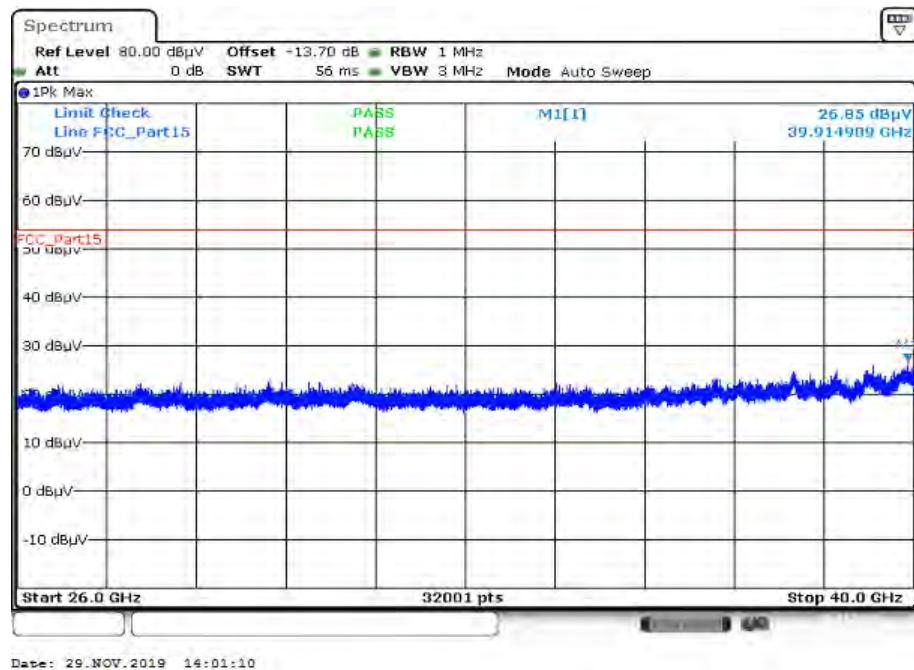
Plot 7: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel**Plot 8:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel

Plot 9: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; lowest channel**Plot 10:** 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel

Plot 11: 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel**Plot 12:** 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-2C; highest channel

Plot 13: 1 GHz to 18 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel**Plot 14:** 18 GHz to 26 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel

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Plot 15: 26 GHz to 40 GHz; vertical & horizontal polarization; U-NII-3; middle channel

12 Observations

No observations except those reported with the single test cases have been made.

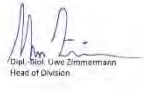
Annex A Glossary

EUT	Equipment under test
DUT	Device under test
UUT	Unit under test
GUE	GNSS User Equipment
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
EN	European Standard
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FCC ID	Company Identifier at FCC
IC	Industry Canada
PMN	Product marketing name
HMN	Host marketing name
HVIN	Hardware version identification number
FVIN	Firmware version identification number
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
HW	Hardware
SW	Software
Inv. No.	Inventory number
S/N or SN	Serial number
C	Compliant
NC	Not compliant
NA	Not applicable
NP	Not performed
PP	Positive peak
QP	Quasi peak
AVG	Average
OC	Operating channel
OCW	Operating channel bandwidth
OBW	Occupied bandwidth
OOB	Out of band
DFS	Dynamic frequency selection
CAC	Channel availability check
OP	Occupancy period
NOP	Non occupancy period
DC	Duty cycle
PER	Packet error rate
CW	Clean wave
MC	Modulated carrier
WLAN	Wireless local area network
RLAN	Radio local area network
DSSS	Dynamic sequence spread spectrum
OFDM	Orthogonal frequency division multiplexing
FHSS	Frequency hopping spread spectrum
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System
C/N₀	Carrier to noise-density ratio, expressed in dB-Hz

Annex B Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
-/-	Initial release	2019-12-17

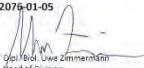
Annex C Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-04

first page	last page
 Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection 1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition Accreditation  The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH attests that the testing laboratory CTC advanced GmbH Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 to carry out tests in the following fields: Telecommunication (TC) and Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) for Canadian Standards The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 11.01.2019 with the accreditation number D-PL-12076-01 and is valid until 21.04.2021. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 7 pages. Registration number of the certificate: D-PL-12076-01-04 Frankfurt am Main, 11.01.2019  Dipl.-Ing. Uwe Zimmermann Head of Division	Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Office Berlin Spittelmarkt 10 10117 Berlin Office Frankfurt am Main Europa-Allee 52 60327 Frankfurt am Main Office Braunschweig Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkKS). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf. No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAkKS. The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 2625) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European Union L 218 of 9 July 2008, p. 30). DAkKS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations. The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites: EA: www.european-accreditation.org ILAC: www.ilac.org IAF: www.iaf.eu

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<https://www.dakks.de/as/ast/d/D-PL-12076-01-04.pdf>

Annex D Accreditation Certificate – D-PL-12076-01-05

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 Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Entrusted according to Section 8 subsection 1 AkkStelleG in connection with Section 1 subsection 1 AkkStelleGBV Signatory to the Multilateral Agreements of EA, ILAC and IAF for Mutual Recognition Accreditation  The Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH attests that the testing laboratory CTC advanced GmbH Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken is competent under the terms of DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 to carry out tests in the following fields: Telecommunication (FCC Requirements) The accreditation certificate shall only apply in connection with the notice of accreditation of 11.01.2019 with the accreditation number D-PL-12076-01 and is valid until 21.04.2021. It comprises the cover sheet, the reverse side of the cover sheet and the following annex with a total of 5 pages. Registration number of the certificate: D-PL-12076-01-05 Frankfurt am Main, 11.01.2019  Gert Bied, Uwe Zimmermann Head of Division	Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH Office Berlin Spittelmarkt 10 10117 Berlin Office Frankfurt am Main Europa-Allee 52 60327 Frankfurt am Main Office Braunschweig Bundesallee 100 38116 Braunschweig The publication of extracts of the accreditation certificate is subject to the prior written approval by Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkKS). Exempted is the unchanged form of separate disseminations of the cover sheet by the conformity assessment body mentioned overleaf. No impression shall be made that the accreditation also extends to fields beyond the scope of accreditation attested by DAkKS. The accreditation was granted pursuant to the Act on the Accreditation Body (AkkStelleG) of 31 July 2009 (Federal Law Gazette I p. 2625) and the Regulation (EC) No 765/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 July 2008 setting out the requirements for accreditation and market surveillance relating to the marketing of products (Official Journal of the European Union L 218 of 9 July 2008, p. 30). DAkKS is a signatory to the Multilateral Agreements for Mutual Recognition of the European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), International Accreditation Forum (IAF) and International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). The signatories to these agreements recognise each other's accreditations. The up-to-date state of membership can be retrieved from the following websites: EA: www.european-accreditation.org ILAC: www.ilac.org IAF: www.iaf.nu

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END OF TEST REPORT