

TEST REPORT

Reference No..... : WTX26X06185900W006
FCC ID : YHLBLU96GC
Applicant : BLU Products, Inc.
Address : 8600 NW 36th Street, Suite #300 | Miami, FL 33166, USA
Manufacturer : The same as Applicant
Address : The same as Applicant
Product Name : Smart Phone
Model No..... : G96
Standards : FCC Part 15.247
Date of Receipt sample : 2026-06-26
Date of Test..... : 2026-07-01 to 2026-07-23
Date of Issue : 2026-07-27
Test Report Form No. : WTX_Part 15_247W
Test Result..... : Pass

Remarks:

The results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested, this test report cannot be reproduced, except in full, without prior written permission of the company. The report would be invalid without specific stamp of test institute and the signatures of approver.

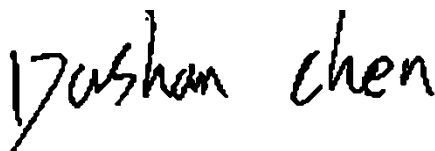
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Approved by:



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Report version

Version No.	Date of issue	Description
Rev.00	2026-07-27	Original
/	/	/

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

General Description of EUT	
Product Name:	Smart Phone
Trade Name:	BLU
Model No.:	G96
Adding Model(s):	/
Rated Voltage:	Battery:DC3.87V Type-C:DC5V
Battery Capacity:	C1016656700P Rated: 6830mAh 26.44Wh, Typical: 7000mAh 27.09Wh
Power Adapter:	US-BJ-1825Q Input:AC100-240V 50/60Hz 0.5A Output:DC5V3A/9V2A/12V1.5A
<i>Note: The sample information is provided by the customer.</i>	

Technical Characteristics of EUT	
Bluetooth Version:	V5.0 (BR/EDR mode)
Frequency Range:	2402-2480MHz
RF Output Power:	7.23dBm (Conducted)
Data Rate:	1Mbps, 2Mbps, 3Mbps
Modulation:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK
Quantity of Channels:	79
Channel Separation:	1MHz
Type of Antenna:	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain:	-1.18dBi
<i>Note: 1: The Antenna Gain is provided by the customer and can affect the validity of results.</i> <i>2: The data provided by the customer and can affect the validity of results.</i>	

1.2 Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

FCC Rules Part 15.247: Frequency Hopping, Direct Spread Spectrum and Hybrid Systems that are in operation within the bands of 902-928MHz, 2400-2483.5MHz, and 5725-5850MHz.

558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02: Guidance for Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission System, Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum System, and Hybrid System Devices Operating under section 15.247 of the FCC rules.

ANSI C63.10-2020: American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product, which result in lowering the emission, should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained.

1.3 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2020, the equipment under test (EUT) was configured to measure its highest possible emission level. The test modes were adapted accordingly in reference to the Operating Instructions.

1.4 Test Facility

Address of the test laboratory

Laboratory: Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F., Room 101, Building 1, Hongwei Industrial Park, Liuxian 2nd Road, Block 70 Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

FCC – Registration No.: 125990

Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. The Designation Number is CN5010, and Test Firm Registration Number is 125990.

Industry Canada (IC) Registration No.: 11464A

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Waltek Testing Group (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 11464A and the CAB identifier is CN0057.

1.5 EUT Setup and Test Mode

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the Tx frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. All testing shall be performed under maximum output power condition, and to measure its highest possible emissions level, more detailed description as follows:

Test Mode List		
Test Mode	Description	Remark
TM1	Low Channel	2402MHz
TM2	Middle Channel	2441MHz
TM3	High Channel	2480MHz
TM4	Hopping	2402-2480MHz

Modulation Configure			
Modulation	Packet	Packet Type	Packet Size
GFSK	DH1	4	27
	DH3	11	183
	DH5	15	339
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	2DH1	20	54
	2DH3	26	367
	2DH5	30	679
8DPSK	3DH1	24	83
	3DH3	27	552
	3DH5	31	1021
Normal mode: the Bluetooth has been tested on the modulation of GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK and 8DPSK, compliance test and record the worst case.			

Test Conditions	
Temperature:	22~25 °C
Relative Humidity:	50~55 %.
ATM Pressure:	1019 mbar

EUT Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
Type-C Cable	1.0	Unshielded	Without Ferrite
Earphone Cable	1.1	Unshielded	Without Ferrite

Special Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
/	/	/	/

Auxiliary Equipment List and Details			
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
Notebook	Lenovo	TianYi 100-14IBD	PF0F4ABV

1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty		
Parameter	Conditions	Uncertainty
RF Output Power	Conducted	$\pm 0.57\text{dB}$
Occupied Bandwidth	Conducted	$\pm 0.015\text{MHz}$
Conducted Spurious Emission	Conducted	$\pm 2.17\text{dB}$
Conducted Emission 1#	Conducted	@9kHz to 150kHz: $\pm 3.74\text{dB}$
		@150kHz to 30MHz: $\pm 3.34\text{dB}$
Conducted Emission 2#	Conducted	@9kHz to 150kHz: $\pm 3.74\text{dB}$
		@150kHz to 30MHz: $\pm 3.34\text{dB}$
Transmitter Spurious Emissions chamber A	Radiated	@9kHz to 30MHz: $\pm 3.0\text{dB}$
		@30MHz to 1GHz: $\pm 5.70\text{dB}$
		@1GHz to 6GHz: $\pm 5.88\text{dB}$
		@6GHz to 18GHz: $\pm 5.96\text{dB}$
		@18GHz to 40GHz: $\pm 6.12\text{dB}$
Transmitter Spurious Emissions chamber B	Radiated	@30MHz to 1GHz: $\pm 5.36\text{dB}$
Transmitter Spurious Emissions chamber C	Radiated	@9kHz to 30MHz: $\pm 3.0\text{dB}$
		@30MHz to 1GHz: $\pm 5.28\text{dB}$
		@1GHz to 6GHz: $\pm 5.56\text{dB}$
		@6GHz to 18GHz: $\pm 5.72\text{dB}$
		@18GHz to 40GHz: $\pm 6.12\text{dB}$

1.7 Test Equipment List and Details

Internal No.	Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due. Date
WTXE1041A 1002	Communication Tester	Rohde & Schwarz	CMW500	1201.0002 k50-14865 0-FB	2026-03-25	2027-03-24
WTXE1005A 1005	MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	US471401 02	2026-03-25	2027-03-24
WTXE1084A 1001	MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY543205 48	2026-02-06	2027-02-05
WTXE1005A 1006	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP40	1164.4391 K38Ser. 100368	2026-04-29	2027-04-28
WTXW1105A 1010	MXA signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY512856 78	2026-02-06	2027-02-05
WTXE1105A 1008	RF Control Unit	Tonscend	JS0806-2	/	2026-02-06	2027-02-05
WTXW1105A 1136	RF ATTENUATOR	FEIYANG	N-JK	/	2026-02-06	2027-02-05
WTXE1003A 1-005	Coaxial Cable	/	0M4RFC	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
☐ Chamber A: Below 1GHz						
WTXE1005A 1003	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP30	836079/03 5	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1001A 1001	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	101611	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1007A 1002	Amplifier	HP	8447F	2805A034 75	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1010A 1007	Loop Antenna	Schwarz beck	FMZB 1516	9773	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1010A 1006	Broadband Antenna	Schwarz beck	VULB9163	9163-333	2026-03-11	2029-03-10
WTXE1104A 1032-1	Coaxial Cable	/	RC_6G-N-M	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
WTXE1104A 1032-2	Coaxial Cable	/	RC_6G-N-M	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
WTXE1104A 1032-3	Coaxial Cable	/	RC_6G-N-M	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
☐ Chamber A: Above 1GHz						
WTXE1005A 1003	Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP30	836079/03 5	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1001A	EMI Test	Rohde &	ESPI	101611	2026-02-05	2027-02-04

1001	Receiver	Schwarz				
WTXE1065A 1001	Amplifier	C&D	PAP-1.0G18	14918	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1010A 1005	Horn Antenna	ETS	3117	00086197	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1010A 1010	DRG Horn Antenna	A.H. SYSTEMS	SAS-574	571	2026-02-10	2027-02-09
WTXE1003A 1001	Pre-amplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9721	9721-031	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1104A 1033-1	Coaxial Cable	/	C16-07-07	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
WTXE1104A 1033-2	Coaxial Cable	/	C16-07-07	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
WTXE1104A 1033-3	Coaxial Cable	/	C16-07-07	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
☐ Chamber B:Below 1GHz						
WTXE1010A 1006	Trilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarz beck	VULB9163(B)	9163-635	2024-03-17	2027-03-16
WTXE1038A 1001	Amplifier	Agilent	8447D	2944A104 57	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1001A 1002	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	101391	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1104A 1031-1	Coaxial Cable	/	1.5MRFC-LWB3	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
WTXE1104A 1031-2	Coaxial Cable	/	RG 316	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
WTXE1104A 1031-3	Coaxial Cable	/	RG 316	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
☒ Chamber C:Below 1GHz						
WTXE1093A 1001	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESIB 26	100401	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1010A 1013-1	Trilog Broadband Antenna	Schwarz beck	VULB 9168	1194	2024-04-18	2027-04-17
WTXE1010A 1007	Loop Antenna	Schwarz beck	FMZB 1516	9773	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1007A 1003	Amplifier	HP	8447F	2944A038 69	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1104A 1034-1	Coaxial Cable	/	RC_6G-N-M	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
WTXE1104A 1034-2	Coaxial Cable	/	RC_6G-N-M	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22

WTXE1104A 1034-3	Coaxial Cable	/	RC_6G-N-M	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
☒ Chamber C: Above 1GHz						
WTXE1093A 1001	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESIB 26	100401	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1103A 1005	Horn Antenna	POAM	RTF-118A	1820	2025-06-13	2027-06-12
WTXE1103A 1006	Amplifier	Tonscend	TAP01018050	AP22E806 235	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1010A 1010	DRG Horn Antenna	A.H. SYSTEMS	SAS-574	571	2026-02-10	2027-02-09
WTXE1003A 1001	Pre-amplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9721	9721-031	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1104A 1035-1	Coaxial Cable	/	RC-18G-N-M	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
WTXE1104A 1035-2	Coaxial Cable	/	RC-18G-N-M	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
WTXE1104A 1035-3	Coaxial Cable	/	RC-18G-N-M	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
☐ Conducted Room 1#						
WTXE1104A 1029	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	100525	2025-11-25	2026-11-24
WTXE1002A 1001	Pulse Limiter	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3-Z2	100911	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1003A 1001	AC LISN	Schwarz beck	NSLK8126	8126-279	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1104A 1036	Coaxial Cable	/	RG 316	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
WTXE1104A 1038	Coaxial Cable	/	6MRFC-DP	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22
☒ Conducted Room 2#						
WTXE1001A 1004	EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	101259	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1003A 1003	LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV 216	100097	2026-02-05	2027-02-04
WTXE1104A 1037	Coaxial Cable	/	RG 316	/	2026-02-23	2027-02-22

Software List			
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Version
EMI Test Software/EZ-EMC (Radiated Emission A)	Farad	RA-03A1	1.1.4.2
EMI Test Software/EZ-EMC (Radiated Emission B)	Farad	RA-03A1	1.1.4.2
EMI Test Software/EZ-EMC (Radiated Emission C)	Farad	RA-03A1-2	1.1.4.2
EMI Test Software/EZ-EMC (Conducted Emission Room 1#)	Farad	3A1*CE-RE	1.1.4.3
EMI Test Software/EZ-EMC (Conducted Emission Room 2#)	Farad	3A1*CE-RE	1.1.4.3
RF Test System	Tonscend	JS1120-3	V3.6.21

*Remark: indicates software version used in the compliance certification testing.

2. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test Item	Result
§15.203; §15.247(b)(4)(i)	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.205	Restricted Band of Operation	Compliant
§15.207(a)	Conducted Emission	Compliant
§15.209(a)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of Hopping Channel	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)	Compliant
§15.247(a)	20dB Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(b)(1)	RF Power Output	Compliant
§15.247(d)	Band Edge (Out of Band Emissions)	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)	Frequency Hopping Sequence	Compliant
§15.247(g), (h)	Frequency Hopping System	Compliant

N/A: Not applicable.

3. Antenna Requirement

3.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

3.2 Evaluation Information

This product has a PIFA antenna, fulfill the requirement of this section.

4. Frequency Hopping System Requirements

4.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), the system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

4.2 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good"

channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used. This device was tested with a Bluetooth system receiver to check that the device maintained hopping synchronization, and the device complied with these requirements for 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02 and FCC Part 15.247 rule.

4.3 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence Table as below:

Channel: 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 56, 72, 09, 01, 09, 33, 41, 33, 41, 65, 73, 53, 69, 06, 22, 04, 20, 36, 52, 38, 46, 70, 78, 68, 76, 21, 29, 10, 26, 42, 58, 44, 60, 76, 13, 03, 11, 35, 43, 37, 45, 69, 77, 55, 71, 08, 24, 08, 24, 40, 56, 40, 48, 72, 01, 72, 01, 25, 33, 12, 28, 44, 60, 42, 58, 74, 11, 05, 13, 37, 45 etc.

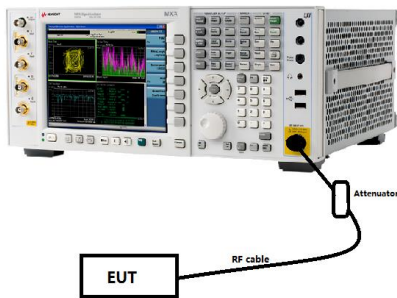
The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

5. Quantity of Hopping Channels and Channel Separation

5.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC 15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, and frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

5.2 Test Setup Block Diagram



5.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 Sub clause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2020 section 7.8.3, the number of hopping frequencies test method as follows.

- a) Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.
- b) RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
- c) VBW $\geq$ RBW.
- d) Sweep: Auto.
- e) Detector function: Peak.
- f) Trace: Max hold.
- g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

According to DA 00-705 Section 15.247(a), the EUT shall have its hopping function enabled, the Carrier frequency separation test method as follows:

Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Resolution (or IF) Bandwidth (RBW) $\geq$ 1% of the span

Video (or Average) Bandwidth (VBW) $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

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Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.

5.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Channel Separation Please refer to Appendix D

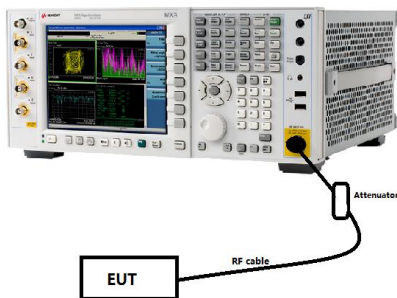
Quantity of Hopping Channels Please refer to Appendix F

6. Dwell Time of Hopping Channel

6.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

6.2 Test Setup Block Diagram



6.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 Sub clause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2020 section 7.8.4, the dwell time of a hopping channel test method as follows.

- a) Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
- b) RBW shall be $\leq$ channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set $\gg 1/T$, where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
- c) Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.
- d) Detector function: Peak.
- e) Trace: Max hold.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

Repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time to determine the number of hops over the period specified in the requirements. The sweep time shall be equal to, or less than, the period specified in the requirements. Determine the number of hops over the sweep time and calculate the total number of hops in the period specified in the requirements, using the following equation:

$$(\text{Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements}) = (\text{number of hops on spectrum analyzer}) \times (\text{period specified in the requirements} / \text{analyzer sweep time})$$

The average time of occupancy is calculated from the transmit time per hop multiplied by the number of hops in the period specified in the requirements. If the number of hops in a specific time varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation.

The measured transmit time and time between hops shall be consistent with the values described in the operational description for the EUT.

6.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

The dwell time within a period in data mode is independent from the packet type (packet length).

The test period: $T = 0.4 \text{ Second} * 79 \text{ Channel} = 31.6 \text{ s}$

Dwell time = time slot length * (Hopping rate / Number of hopping channels) * Period

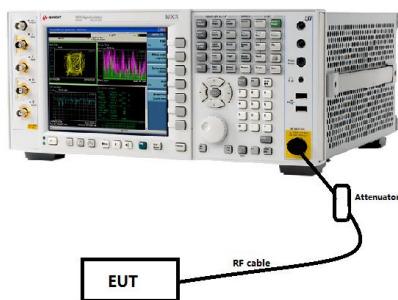
Please refer to Appendix E

7. 20dB Bandwidth

7.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(a) and 15.215(c), 20dB bandwidth is recommended that the fundamental emission be kept within at least the central 80% of the permitted band in order to minimize the possibility of out-of-band operation.

7.2 Test Setup Block Diagram



7.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 Sub clause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2020 section 6.9.2, the 20dB bandwidth test method as follows.

- The spectrum analyzer center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The span range for the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer shall be between two times and five times the OBW.
- The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately three times RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
- Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than $[10 \log (\text{OBW}/\text{RBW})]$ below the reference level.
- Steps a) through c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified tolerances.
- The dynamic range of the instrument at the selected RBW shall be more than 10 dB below the target “-xx dB down” requirement; that is, if the requirement calls for measuring the -20 dB OBW, the instrument noise floor at the selected RBW shall be at least 30dB below the reference value.
- Set detection mode to peak and trace mode to max hold.
- Determine the reference value: Set the EUT to transmit an unmodulated carrier or modulated signal, as applicable. Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the spectrum analyzer marker to the highest level of the displayed trace (this is the reference value).
- Determine the “-xx dB down amplitude” using $[(\text{reference value}) - \text{xx}]$. Alternatively, this calculation may be made by using the marker-delta function of the instrument.
- If the reference value is determined by an unmodulated carrier, then turn the EUT modulation ON, and either clear the existing trace or start a new trace on the spectrum analyzer and allow the new trace to

stabilize. Otherwise, the trace from step g) shall be used for step j).

j) Place two markers, one at the lowest frequency and the other at the highest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that each marker is at or slightly below the “-xx dB down amplitude” determined in step h). If a marker is below this “-xx dB down amplitude” value, then it shall be as close as possible to this value. The occupied bandwidth is the frequency difference between the two markers. Alternatively, set a marker at the lowest frequency of the envelope of the spectral display, such that the marker is at or slightly below the “-xx dB down amplitude” determined in step h). Reset the marker-delta function and move the marker to the other side of the emission until the delta marker amplitude is at the same level as the reference marker amplitude. The marker-delta frequency reading at this point is the specified emission bandwidth.

k) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

7.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

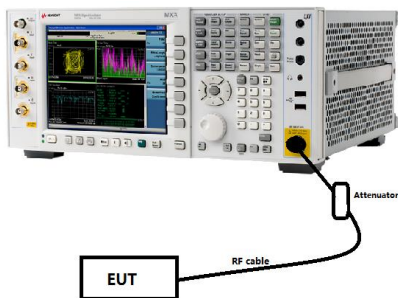
Please refer to Appendix A&B

8. RF Output Power

8.1 Standard Applicable

According to 15.247(b)(1), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725–5850MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5MHz band: 0.125 watts.

8.2 Test Setup Block Diagram



8.3 Test Procedure

According to KDB 558074 D01 v05r02 Subclause 9 and ANSI C63.10-2020 section 7.8.5, the output power test method as follows.

Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

This is an RF-conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the spectrum analyzer, through suitable attenuation. The hopping shall be disabled for this test:

a) Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

- 1) Span: Approximately five times the 20dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.
- 2) RBW > 20dB bandwidth of the emission being measured.
- 3) VBW $\geq$ RBW.
- 4) Sweep: Auto.
- 5) Detector function: Peak.
- 6) Trace: Max hold.

b) Allow trace to stabilize.

c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.

d) The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables.

e) A plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report.

8.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Please refer to Appendix C

9. Field Strength of Spurious Emissions

9.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(d), in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30dB instead of 20dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

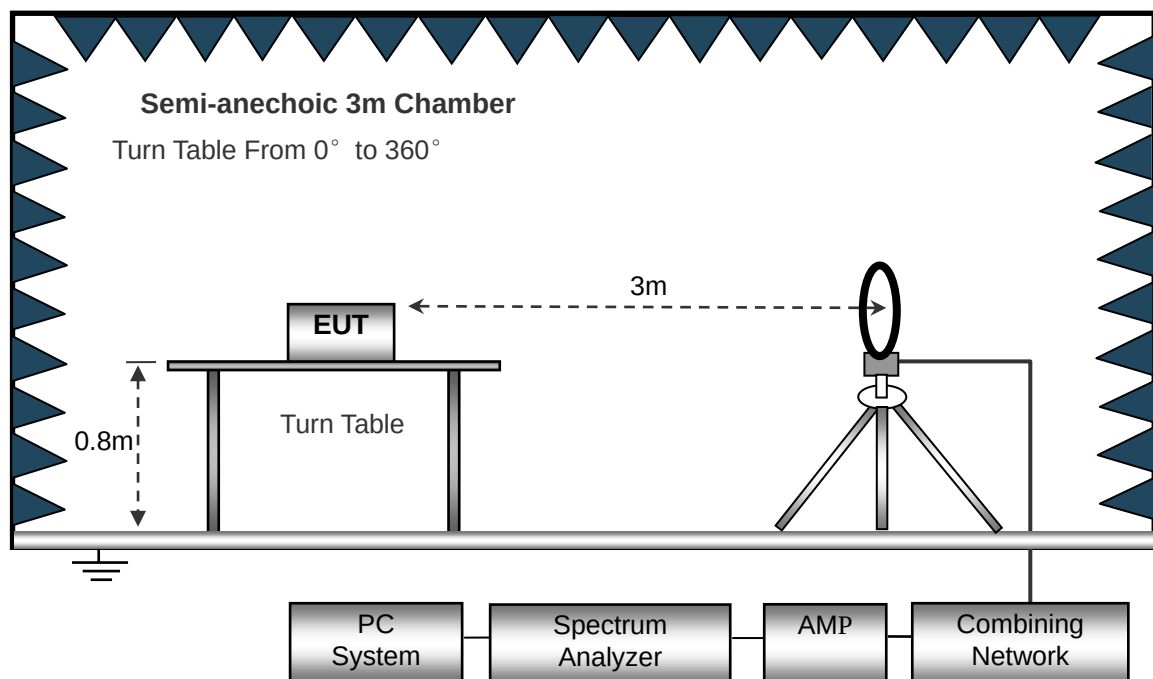
The emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector. The provisions in §15.35 for limiting peak emissions apply. Spurious Radiated Emissions measurements starting below or at the lowest crystal frequency.

9.2 Test Procedure

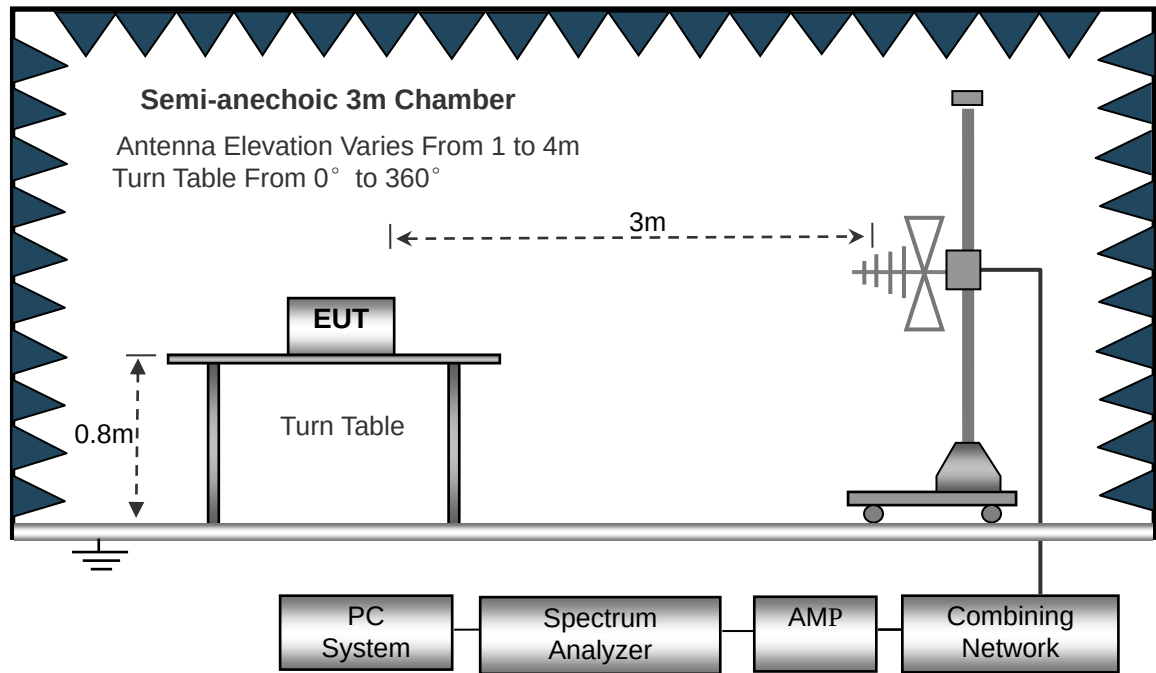
The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2020 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.205 15.247(a) and FCC Part 15.209 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10cm.

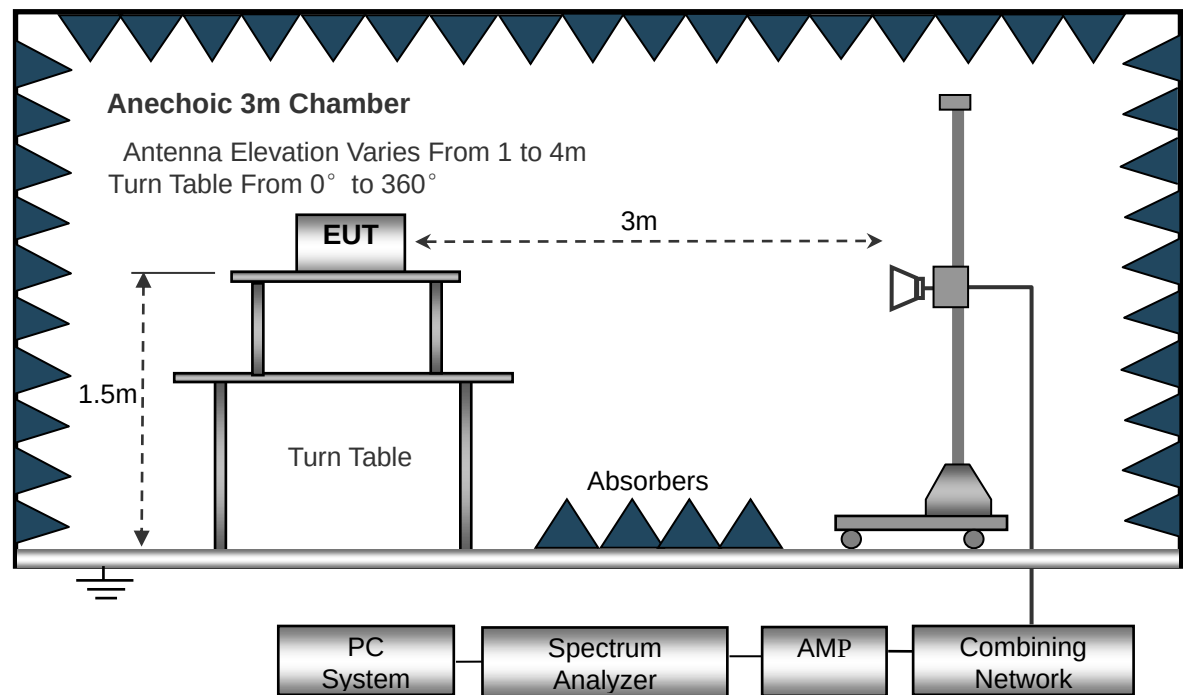
The test setup for emission measurement below 30MHz.



The test setup for emission measurement from 30MHz to 1GHz.



The test setup for emission measurement above 1GHz.



Frequency :9kHz-30MHz	Frequency :30MHz-1GHz	Frequency :Above 1GHz
RBW=10kHz,	RBW=120kHz,	RBW=1MHz,
VBW =30kHz	VBW=300kHz	VBW=3MHz(Peak), 10Hz(AV)
Sweep time= Auto	Sweep time= Auto	Sweep time= Auto
Trace = max hold	Trace = max hold	Trace = max hold
Detector function = peak	Detector function = peak, QP	Detector function = peak, AV

9.3 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and the Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Corr. Ampl.} &= \text{Indicated Reading} + \text{Correct} \\ \text{Correct} &= \text{Ant. Factor} + \text{Cable Loss} - \text{Ampl. Gain}\end{aligned}$$

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -6dB μ V means the emission is 6dB μ V below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

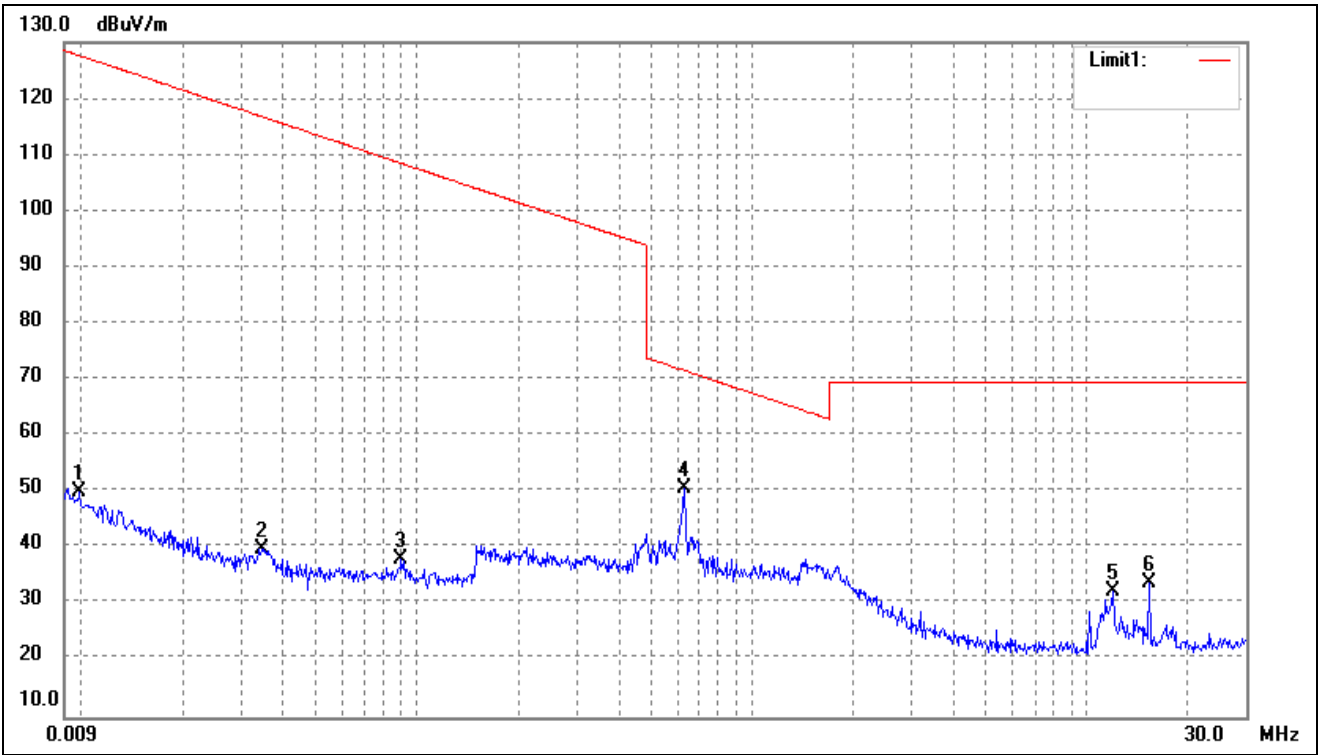
$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corr. Ampl.} - \text{FCC Part 15 Limit}$$

9.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Note: this EUT was tested in 3 orthogonal positions and the worst case position data was reported. All test modes (different data rate and different modulation) are performed, but only the worst case (GFSK) is recorded in this report.

➤ Spurious Emissions Below 30MHz

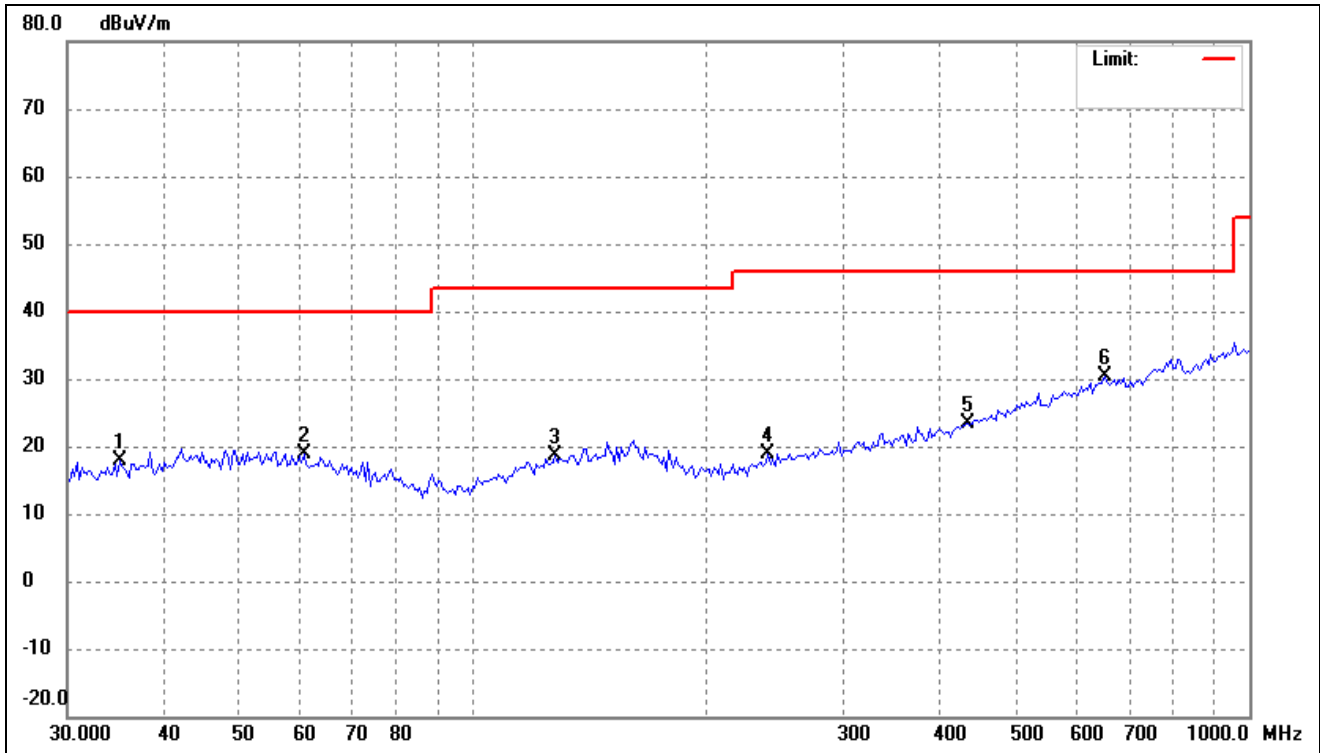
Test Channel	Low(worst case)	Polarity:	Horizontal
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No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct (dB/m)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	0.0099	57.15	-7.20	49.95	127.67	-77.72	-	-	peak
2	0.0343	47.22	-7.45	39.77	116.89	-77.12	-	-	peak
3	0.0901	45.96	-7.80	38.16	108.50	-70.34	-	-	peak
4	0.6271	58.58	-8.03	50.55	71.66	-21.11	-	-	peak
5	11.9328	40.25	-7.91	32.34	69.50	-37.16	-	-	peak
6	15.3070	41.87	-7.89	33.98	69.50	-35.52	-	-	peak

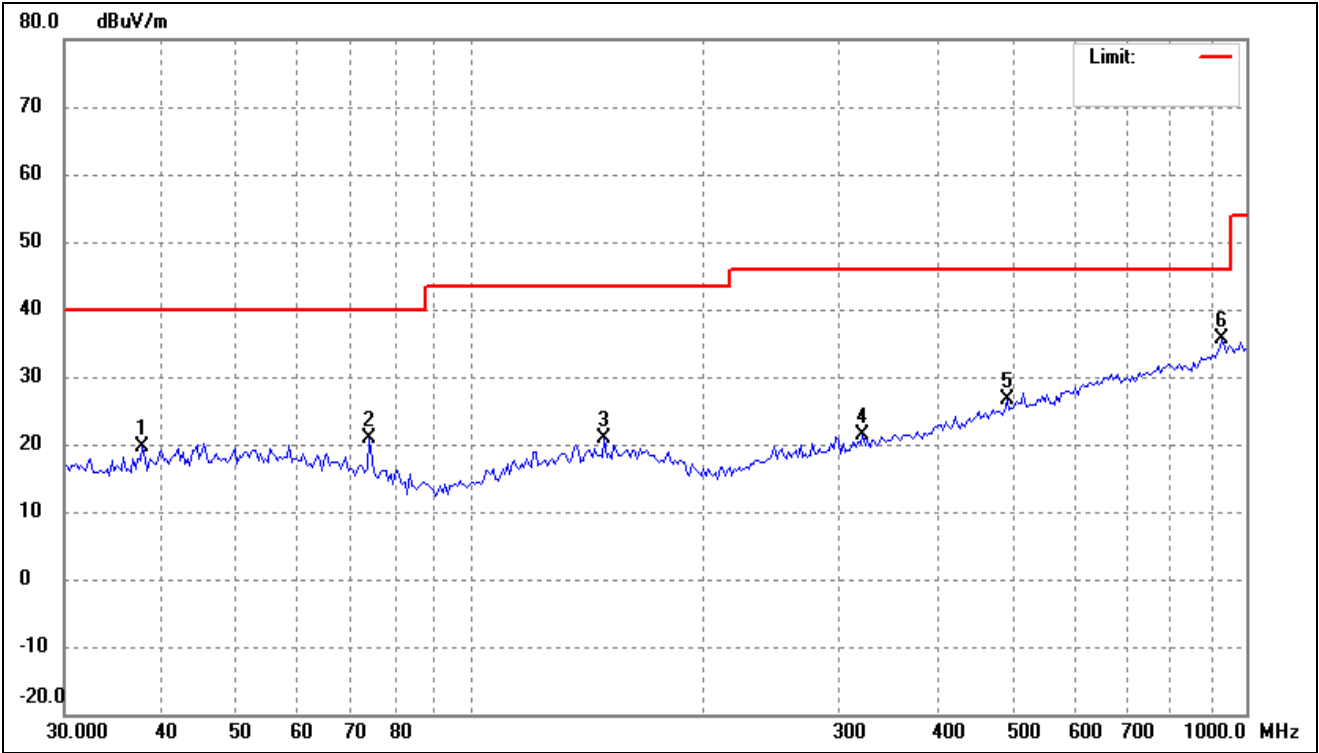
➤ Spurious Emissions Below 1GHz

Test Channel	Low(worst case)	Polarity:	Horizontal
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No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	35.0156	27.34	-9.52	17.82	40.00	-22.18	-	-	peak
2	60.5769	27.87	-8.92	18.95	40.00	-21.05	-	-	peak
3	127.5864	28.31	-9.68	18.63	43.50	-24.87	-	-	peak
4	240.1442	29.26	-10.32	18.94	46.00	-27.06	-	-	peak
5	433.3397	28.72	-5.34	23.38	46.00	-22.62	-	-	peak
6	651.3830	30.59	-0.13	30.46	46.00	-15.54	-	-	peak

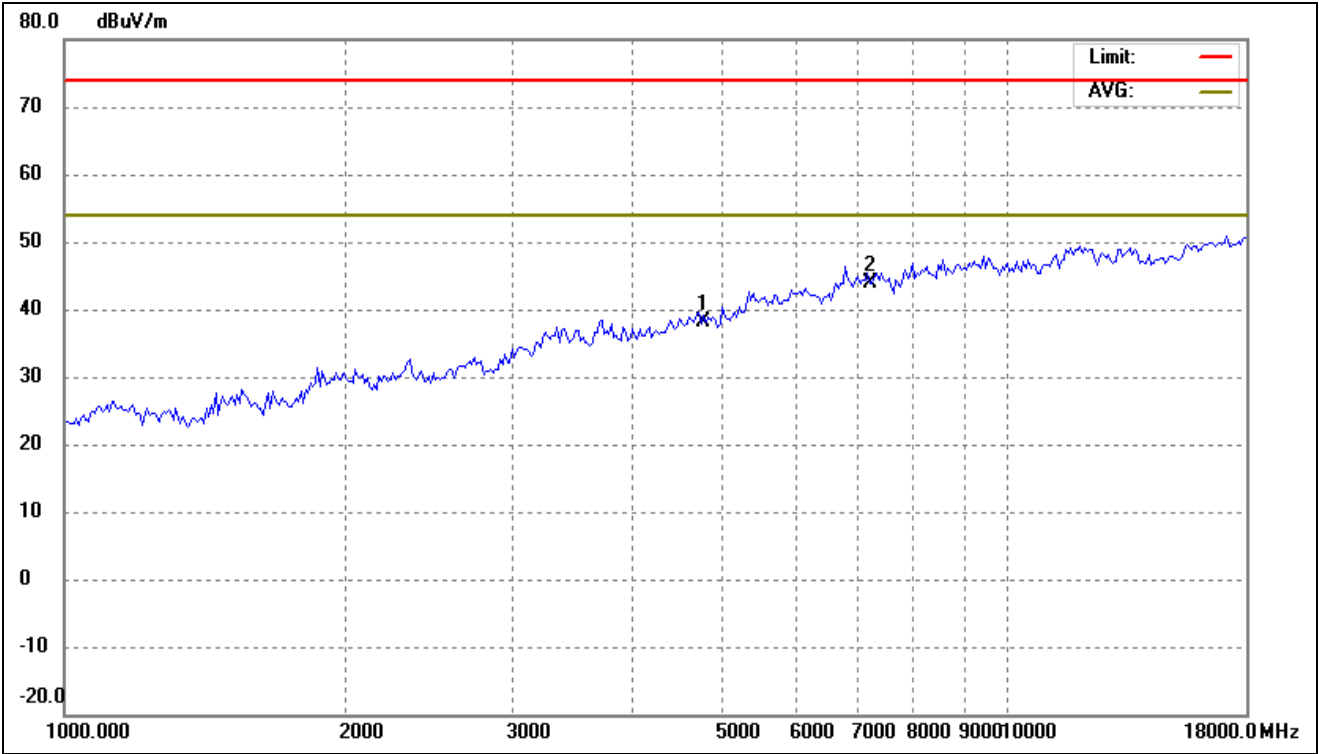
Test Channel	Low	Polarity:	Vertical
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No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	37.8296	28.67	-9.10	19.57	40.00	-20.43	-	-	peak
2	74.2696	32.09	-11.20	20.89	40.00	-19.11	-	-	peak
3	148.9173	29.48	-8.54	20.94	43.50	-22.56	-	-	peak
4	320.3306	29.15	-7.76	21.39	46.00	-24.61	-	-	peak
5	491.7699	30.46	-3.77	26.69	46.00	-19.31	-	-	peak
6	932.1405	32.31	3.28	35.59	46.00	-10.41	-	-	peak

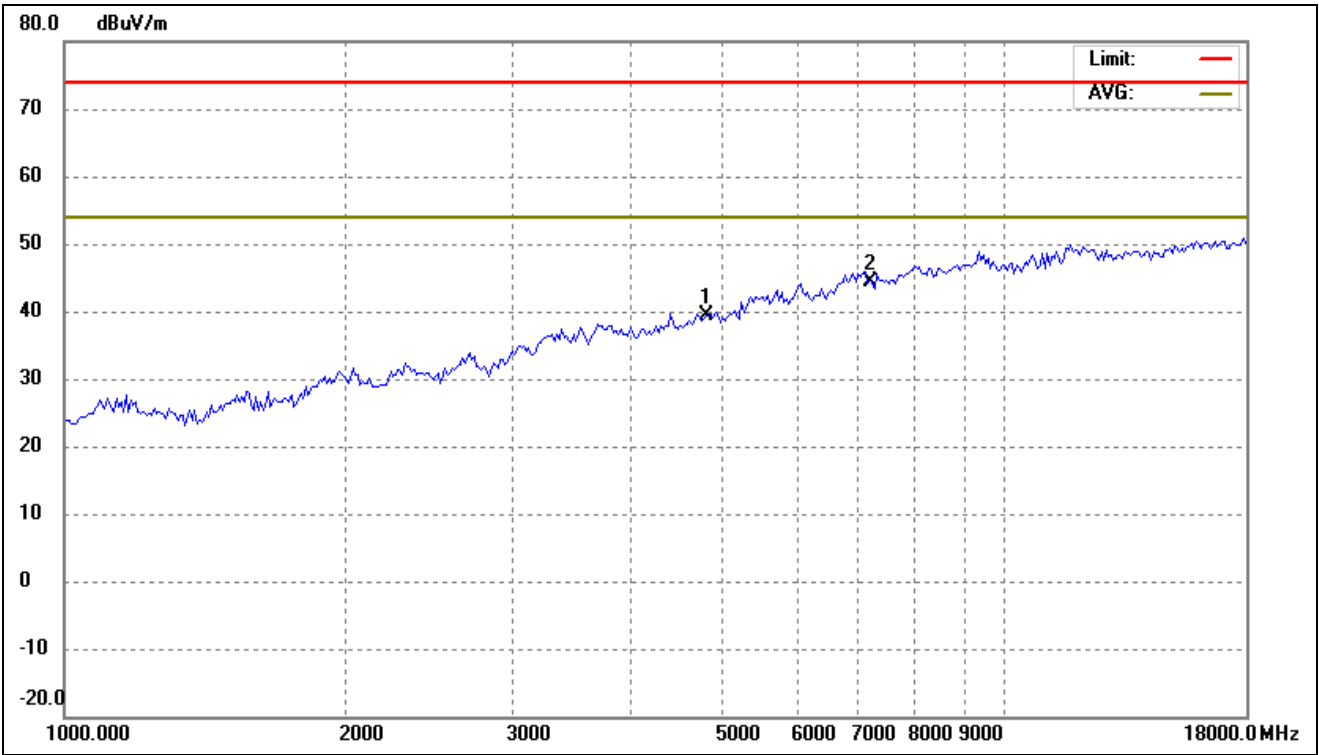
➤ Spurious Emissions Above 1GHz

Test Channel	Low	Polarity:	Horizontal
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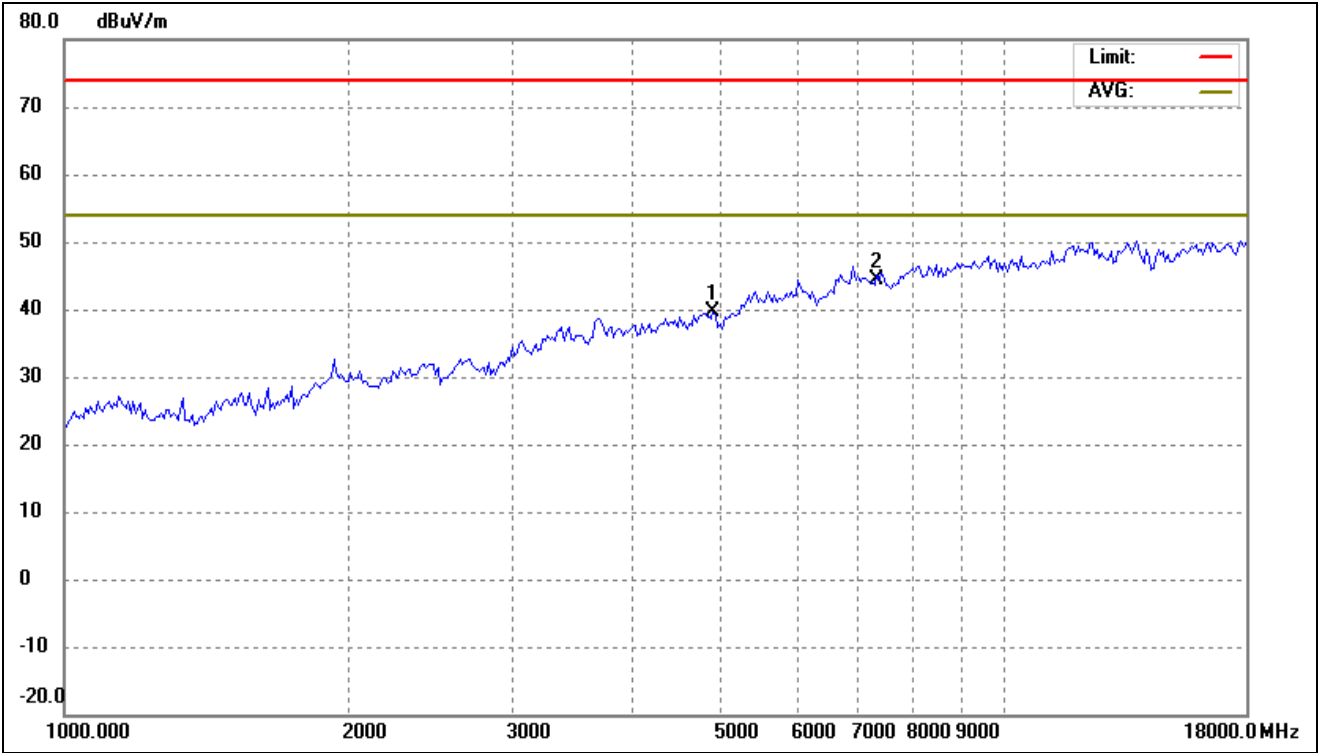
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	4804.000	50.31	-12.21	38.10	74.00	-35.90	-	-	peak
2	7206.000	49.67	-5.88	43.79	74.00	-30.21	-	-	peak

Test Channel	Low	Polarity:	Vertical
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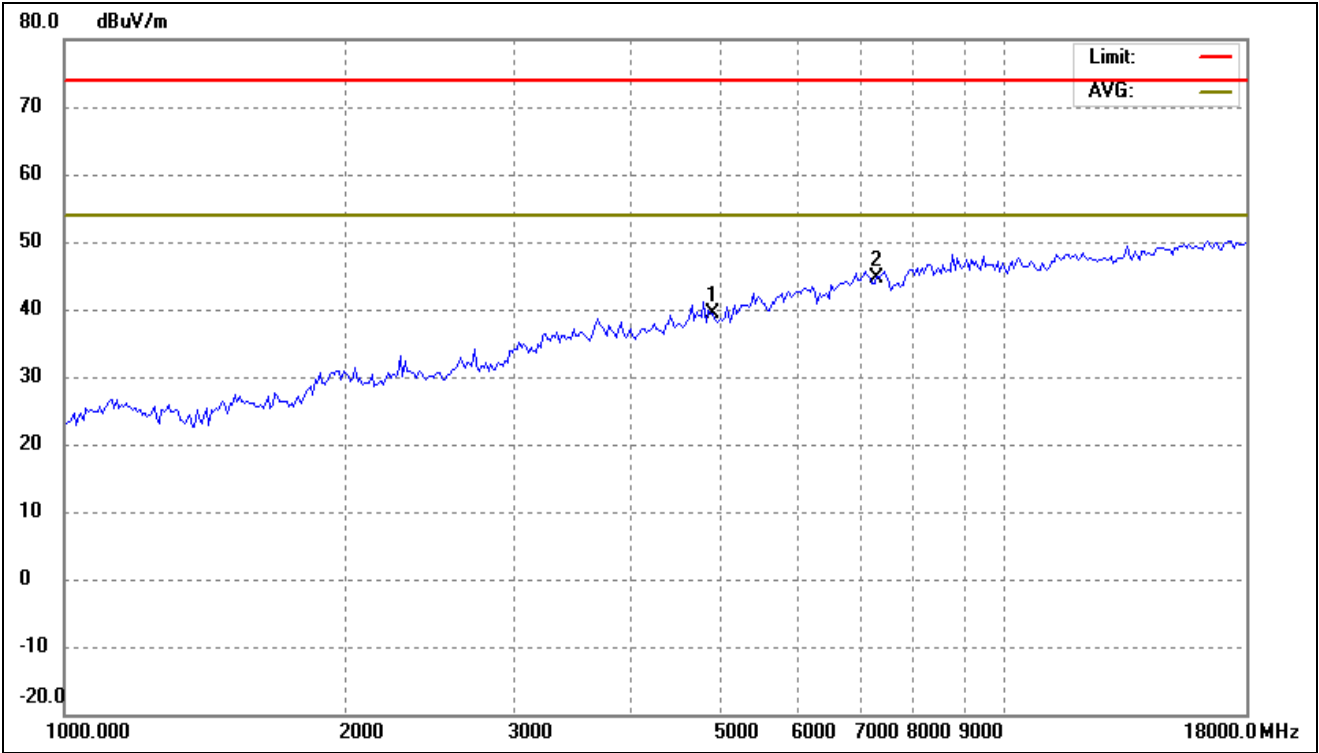
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	4804.000	51.70	-12.21	39.49	74.00	-34.51	-	-	peak
2	7206.000	50.37	-5.88	44.49	74.00	-29.51	-	-	peak

Test Channel	Middle	Polarity:	Horizontal
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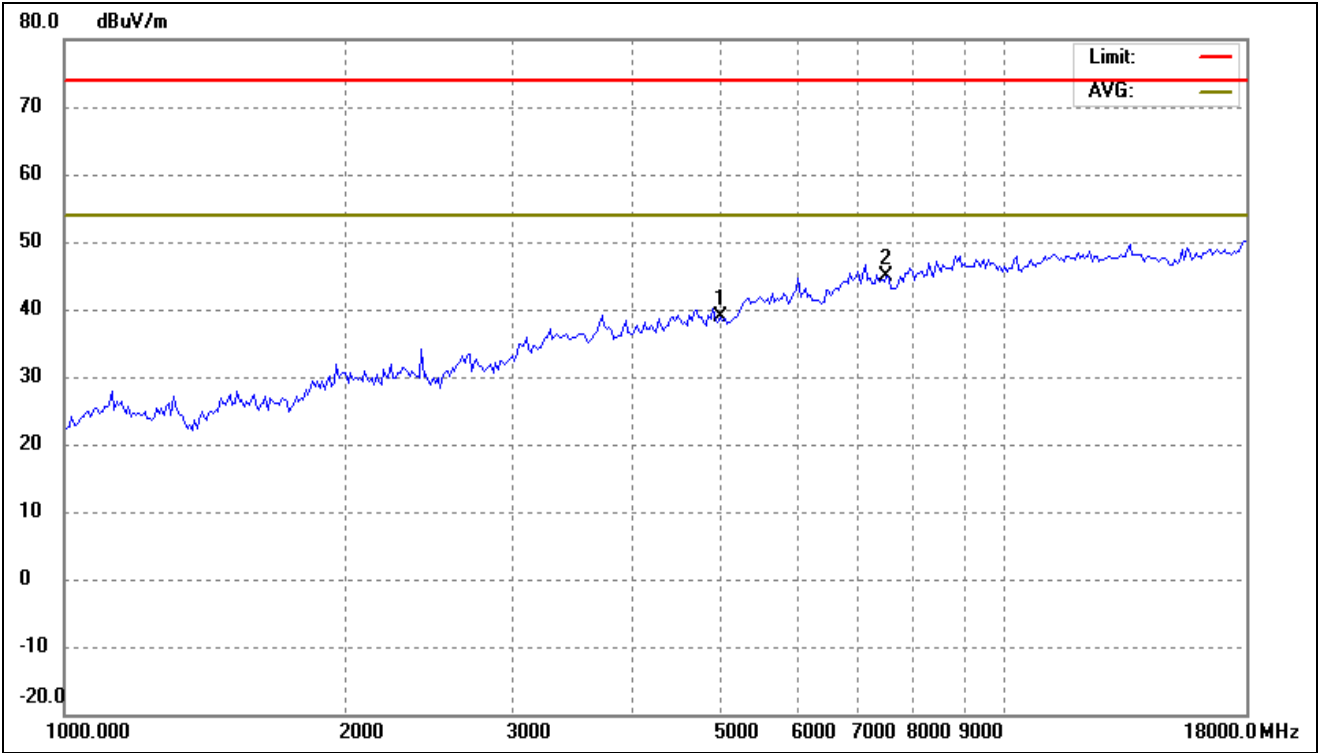
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	4882.000	51.56	-11.93	39.63	74.00	-34.37	-	-	peak
2	7323.000	49.57	-5.14	44.43	74.00	-29.57	-	-	peak

Test Channel	Middle	Polarity:	Vertical
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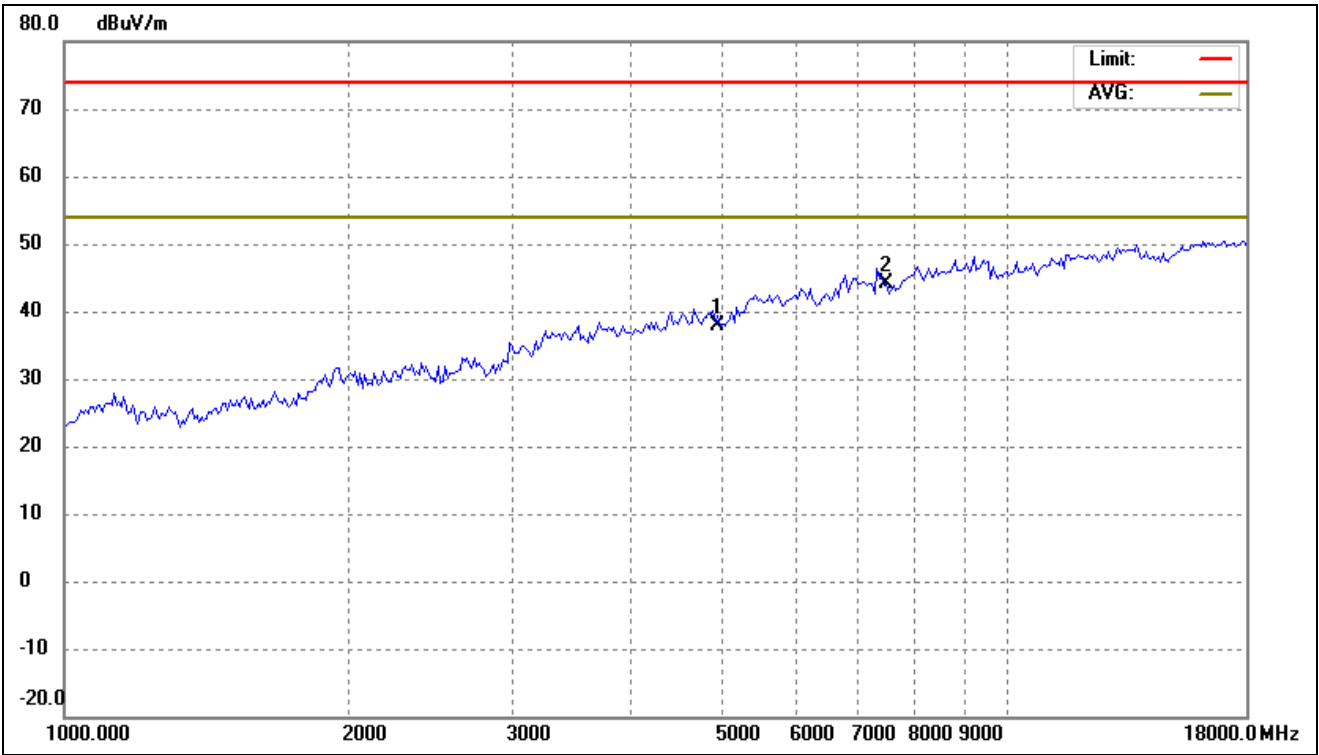
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	4882.000	51.26	-11.93	39.33	74.00	-34.67	-	-	peak
2	7323.000	49.67	-5.14	44.53	74.00	-29.47	-	-	peak

Test Channel	High	Polarity:	Horizontal
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No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	4960.000	51.75	-12.80	38.95	74.00	-35.05	-	-	peak
2	7440.000	50.83	-6.05	44.78	74.00	-29.22	-	-	peak

Test Channel	High	Polarity:	Vertical
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No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct dB/m	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Degree ()	Height (cm)	Remark
1	4960.000	50.58	-12.80	37.78	74.00	-36.22	-	-	peak
2	7440.000	50.15	-6.05	44.10	74.00	-29.90	-	-	peak

Remark: ‘-’Means’ the test Degree and Height are not recorded by the test software and only show the worst case in the test report.

Note: 1. Testing is carried out with frequency rang 9kHz to the tenth harmonics, other than listed in the table above are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
2. Average measurement was not performed if peak level is lower than average limit(54 dBuV/m) for above 1GHz.

Conducted Spurious Emission Please refer to Appendix I

10. Out of Band Emissions

10.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247 (d), in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30dB instead of 20dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a).

10.2 Test Procedure

According to ANSI C63.10-2020 section 7.8.6, the Band-edge measurements for RF conducted emissions test method as follows.

- a) Connect the EMI receiver or spectrum analyzer to the EUT using an appropriate RF cable connected to the EUT output. Configure the spectrum analyzer settings as described in step e) (be sure to enter all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer).
- b) Set the EUT to the lowest frequency channel (for the hopping on test, the hopping sequence shall include the lowest frequency channel).
- c) Set the EUT to operate at maximum output power and 100% duty cycle, or equivalent “normal mode of operation” as specified in 6.10.3.
- d) If using the radiated method, then use the applicable procedure(s) of 6.4, 6.5, or 6.6, and orient the EUT and measurement antenna positions to produce the highest emission level.
- e) Perform the test as follows:
 - 1) Span: Wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band edge, as well as any modulation products that fall outside of the authorized band of operation.
 - 2) Reference level: As required to keep the signal from exceeding the maximum instrument input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than [10 log (OBW/RBW)] below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
 - 3) Attenuation: Auto (at least 10dB preferred).
 - 4) Sweep time: Coupled.
 - 5) Resolution bandwidth: 100kHz.
 - 6) Video bandwidth: 300kHz.
 - 7) Detector: Peak.
 - 8) Trace: Max hold.
- f) Allow the trace to stabilize. For the test with the hopping function turned ON, this can take several minutes

to achieve a reasonable probability of intercepting any emissions due to oscillator overshoot.

g) Set the marker on the emission at the band edge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the band edge. Enable the marker-delta function, and then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission.

h) Repeat step c) through step e) for every applicable modulation.

i) Set the EUT to the highest frequency channel (for the hopping on test, the hopping sequence shall include the highest frequency channel) and repeat step c) through step d).

j) The band-edge measurement shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled. Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

Restricted-band band-edge test method please refers to ANSI C63.10-2020 section 6.10.5. The emission must comply with the 15.209 limit for fall in the restricted bands listed in section 15.205. Note that the method of measurement KDB publication number: 913591 may be used for the radiated band-edge measurements.

According to ANSI C63.10-2020 section 7.8.8, Conducted spurious emissions shall be measured for the transmit frequency, per 5.5 and 5.6, and at the maximum transmit powers.

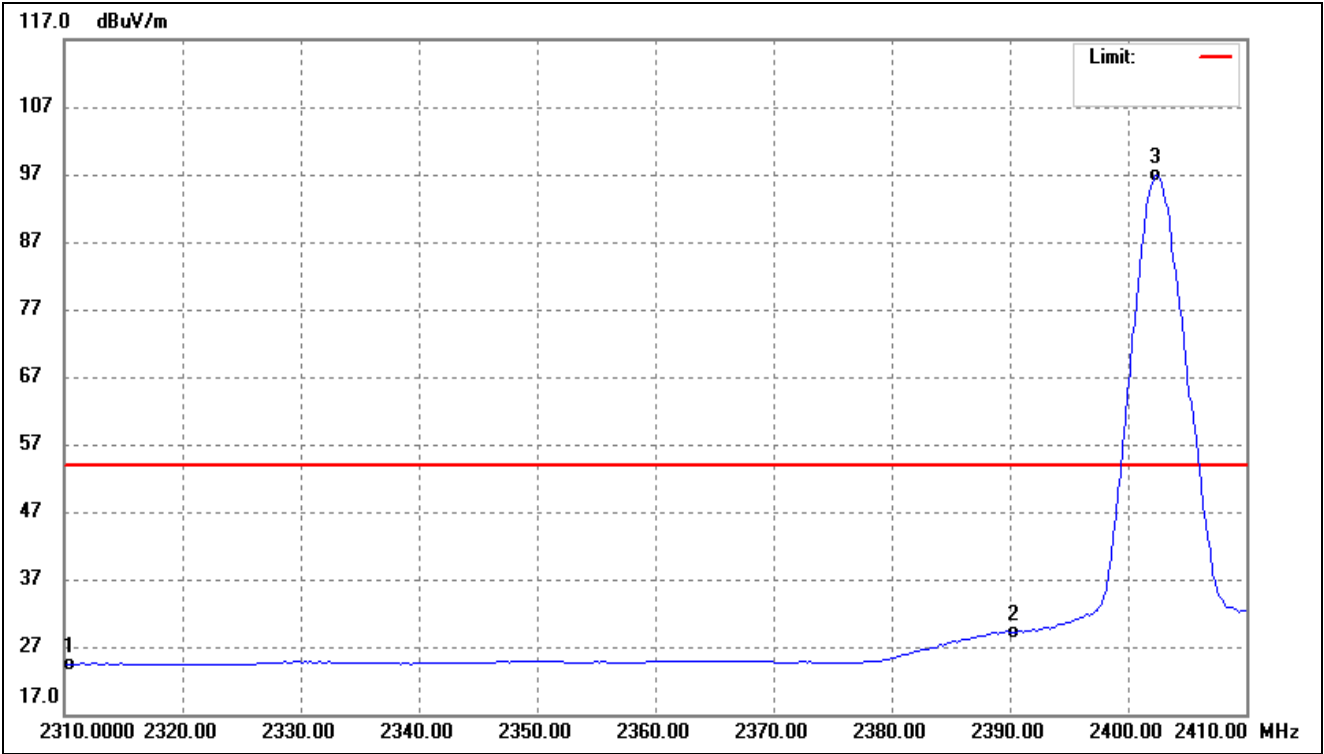
Connect the primary antenna port through an attenuator to the spectrum analyzer input; in the results, account for all losses between the unlicensed wireless device output and the spectrum analyzer. The instrument shall span 30 MHz to 10 times the operating frequency in GHz, with a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz, video bandwidth of 300 kHz, and a coupled sweep time with a peak detector. The band 30 MHz to the highest frequency may be split into smaller spans, as long as the entire spectrum is covered.

10.3 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Note: All test modes (different data rate and different modulation) are performed, but only the worst case (GFSK) is recorded in this report.

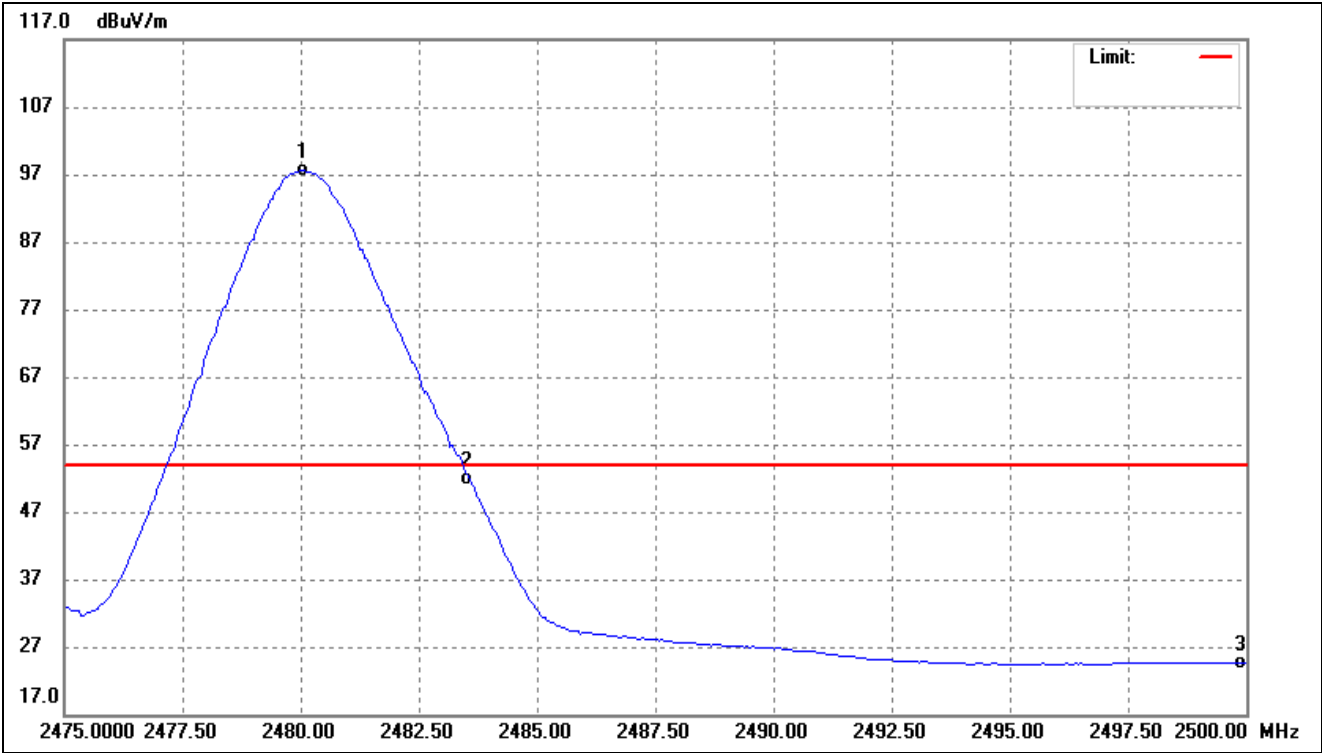
➤ Radiated test

Test Channel	Low	Polarity:	Vertical(worst case)
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No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2310.000	43.40	-18.90	24.50	54.00	-29.50	Average Detector
	2310.000	56.13	-18.90	37.23	74.00	-36.77	Peak Detector
2	2390.000	48.00	-18.82	29.18	54.00	-24.82	Average Detector
	2390.000	61.05	-18.82	42.23	74.00	-31.77	Peak Detector
3	2402.235	115.70	-18.84	96.86	/	/	Average Detector
	2402.031	123.92	-18.84	105.08	/	/	Peak Detector

Test Channel	High	Polarity:	Vertical(worst case)
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No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV/m)	Correct Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)	Remark
1	2480.040	116.15	-18.63	97.52	/	/	Average Detector
	2479.890	122.63	-18.63	104.00	/	/	Peak Detector
2	2483.500	70.65	-18.65	52.00	54.00	-2.00	Average Detector
	2483.500	74.98	-18.65	56.33	74.00	-17.67	Peak Detector
3	2500.000	43.45	-18.75	24.70	54.00	-29.30	Average Detector
	2500.000	56.61	-18.75	37.86	74.00	-36.14	Peak Detector

Note: Average measurement was not performed if peak level is lower than average limit(54dBuV/m) for above 1GHz.

➤ Conducted test
Please refer to Appendix G&H

11. Conducted Emissions

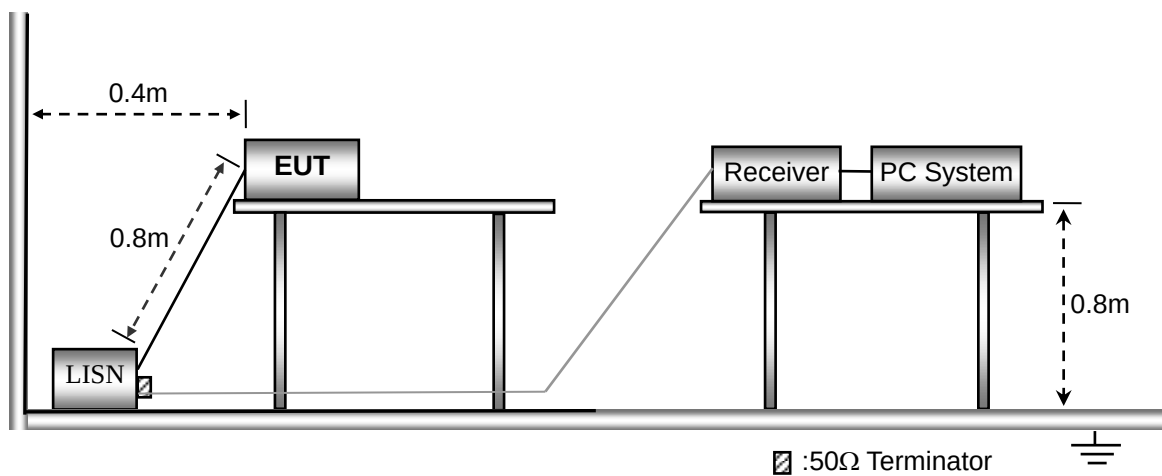
11.1 Test Procedure

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2020 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC Part 15.207 Limit.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40cm long in the middle. The spacing between the peripherals was 10cm.

11.2 Basic Test Setup Block Diagram

The conducted emission tests were performed using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10:2020.



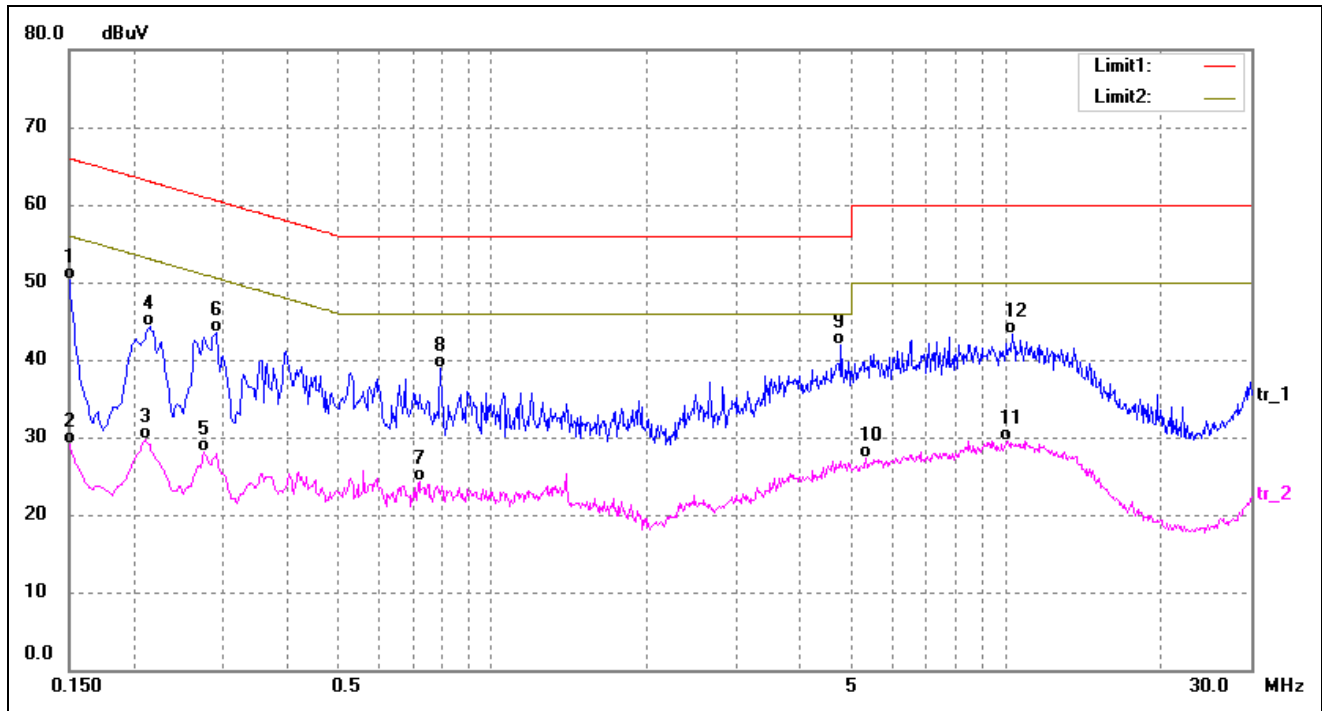
11.3 Test Receiver Setup

During the conducted emission test, the test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Start Frequency	150kHz
Stop Frequency	30MHz
Sweep Speed	Auto
IF Bandwidth.....	10kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Bandwidth	9kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Mode	Normal

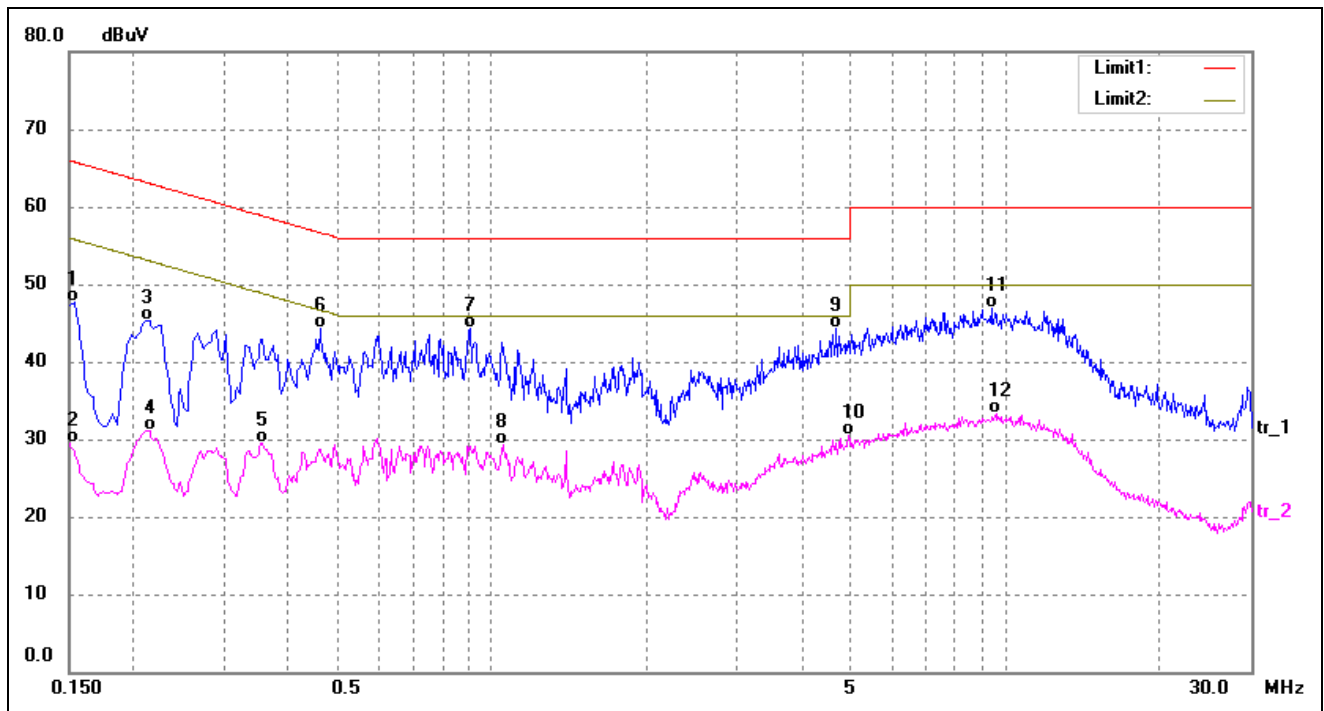
11.4 Summary of Test Results/Plots

Test Mode	Communication	AC120V 60Hz	Polarity:	Neutral
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No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.1500	40.79	9.43	50.22	65.99	-15.77	QP
2	0.1500	19.72	9.43	29.15	55.99	-26.84	AVG
3	0.2100	20.10	9.63	29.73	53.20	-23.47	AVG
4	0.2140	34.59	9.63	44.22	63.04	-18.82	QP
5	0.2740	18.39	9.63	28.02	50.99	-22.97	AVG
6	0.2900	33.93	9.63	43.56	60.52	-16.96	QP
7	0.7220	14.60	9.74	24.34	46.00	-21.66	AVG
8	0.7940	29.14	9.75	38.89	56.00	-17.11	QP
9*	4.7860	32.41	9.55	41.96	56.00	-14.04	QP
10	5.3380	17.75	9.60	27.35	50.00	-22.65	AVG
11	10.1059	19.75	9.80	29.55	50.00	-20.45	AVG
12	10.3420	33.59	9.79	43.38	60.00	-16.62	QP

Test Mode	Communication	AC120V 60Hz	Polarity:	Line
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No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dBuV)	Correct (dB)	Result (dBuV)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1	0.1539	38.18	9.45	47.63	65.78	-18.15	QP
2	0.1539	20.10	9.45	29.55	55.78	-26.23	AVG
3	0.2100	35.75	9.63	45.38	63.20	-17.82	QP
4	0.2140	21.40	9.63	31.03	53.04	-22.01	AVG
5	0.3540	19.89	9.64	29.53	48.87	-19.34	AVG
6	0.4620	34.59	9.65	44.24	56.66	-12.42	QP
7	0.9060	34.46	9.75	44.21	56.00	-11.79	QP
8	1.0540	19.49	9.74	29.23	46.00	-16.77	AVG
9*	4.6940	34.85	9.54	44.39	56.00	-11.61	QP
10	4.9340	20.94	9.56	30.50	46.00	-15.50	AVG
11	9.3700	37.12	9.81	46.93	60.00	-13.07	QP
12	9.5900	23.42	9.81	33.23	50.00	-16.77	AVG

APPENDIX SUMMARY

Project No.	WTX26X06185900W006	Test Engineer	BAldi
Start date	2026/7/13	Finish date	2026/7/20
Temperature	22.6℃	Humiditdy	57%
RF specifications	Bluetooth-EDR		

APPENDIX	Description of Test Item	Result
A	20dB Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
B	Occupied Channel Bandwidth	Compliant
C	Maximum conducted output power	Compliant
D	Carrier frequency separation	Compliant
E	Time of occupancy	Compliant
F	Number of hopping channels	Compliant
G	Reference level measurement	Compliant
H	Band edge measurements	Compliant
I	Conducted Spurious Emission	Compliant
J	Duty Cycle	Compliant

Appendix A: 20dB Emission Bandwidth**Test Result**

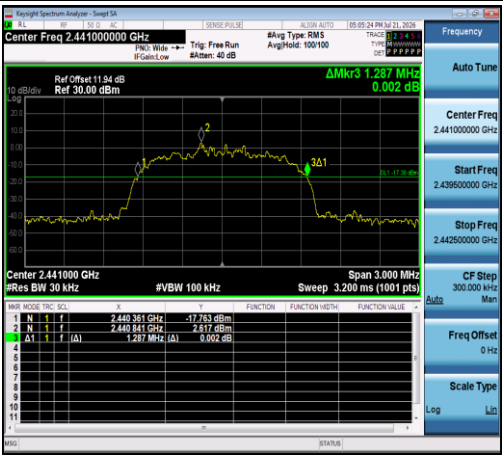
TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	20db EBW[MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	2402	0.825	2401.589	2402.414	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2441	0.843	2440.565	2441.408	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2480	0.834	2479.571	2480.405	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2402	1.263	2401.376	2402.639	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2441	1.287	2440.361	2441.648	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2480	1.287	2479.361	2480.648	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2402	1.284	2401.352	2402.636	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2441	1.302	2440.346	2441.648	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2480	1.266	2479.355	2480.621	---	---

Test Graphs

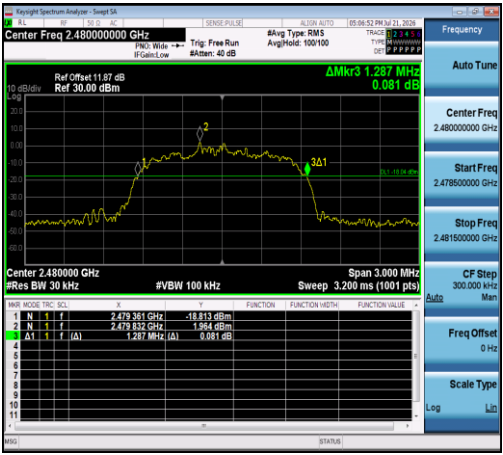




2DH5-Ant1-2402



2DH5-Ant1-2441



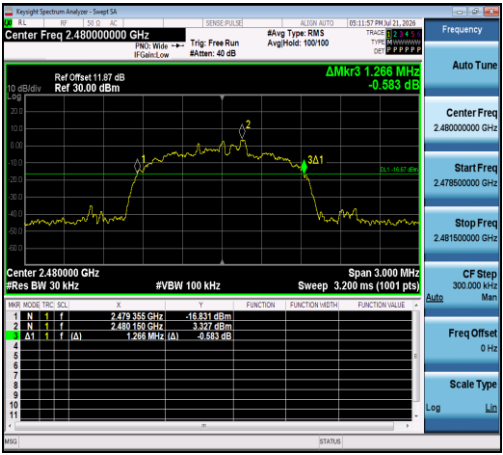
2DH5-Ant1-2480



3DH5-Ant1-2402



3DH5-Ant1-2441



3DH5-Ant1-2480

Appendix B: Occupied Channel Bandwidth**Test Result**

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	OCB [MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	2402	0.75612	2401.6215	2402.3776	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2441	0.75963	2440.6205	2441.3802	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2480	0.75048	2479.6251	2480.3755	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2402	1.1673	2401.4118	2402.5791	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2441	1.1690	2440.4087	2441.5777	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2480	1.1688	2479.4086	2480.5774	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2402	1.1780	2401.4107	2402.5887	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2441	1.1696	2440.4135	2441.5831	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2480	1.1687	2479.4126	2480.5813	---	---

Test Graphs

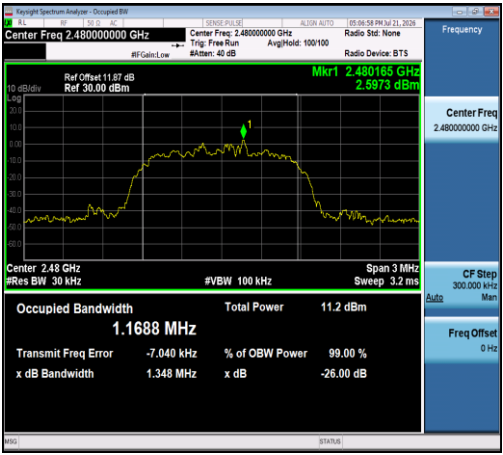




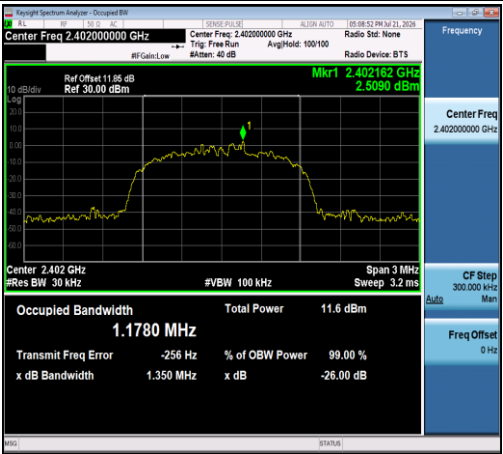
2DH5-Ant1-2402



2DH5-Ant1-2441



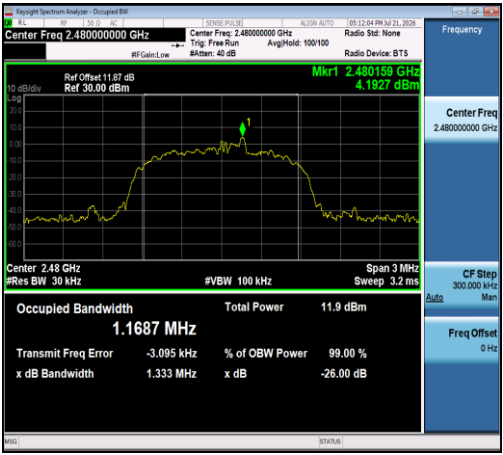
2DH5-Ant1-2480



3DH5-Ant1-2402



3DH5-Ant1-2441



3DH5-Ant1-2480

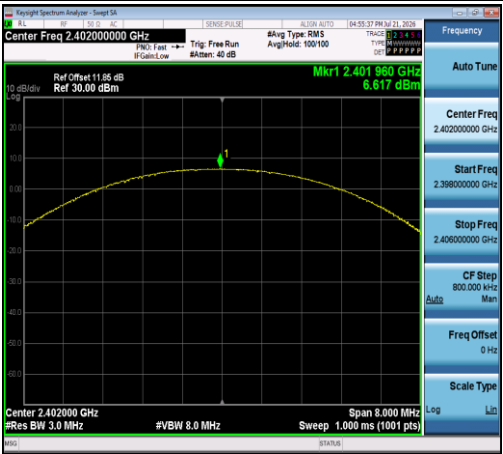
Appendix C: Maximum conducted output power

Test Result Peak

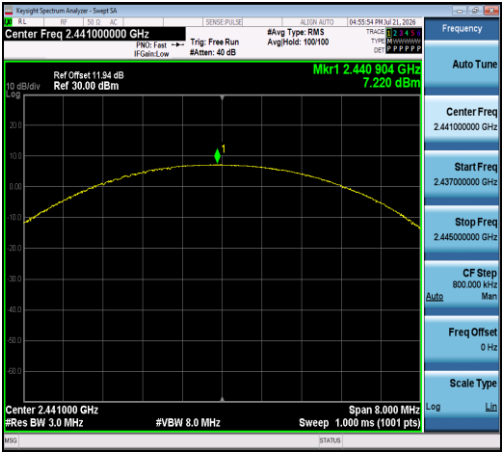
Test Mode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Conducted Peak Power[dBm]	Conducted Limit[dBm]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	2402	6.57	≤30	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2441	7.07	≤30	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2480	7.12	≤30	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2402	6.62	≤30	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2441	7.22	≤30	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2480	6.36	≤30	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2402	6.63	≤30	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2441	7.23	≤30	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2480	6.40	≤30	PASS

Test Graphs

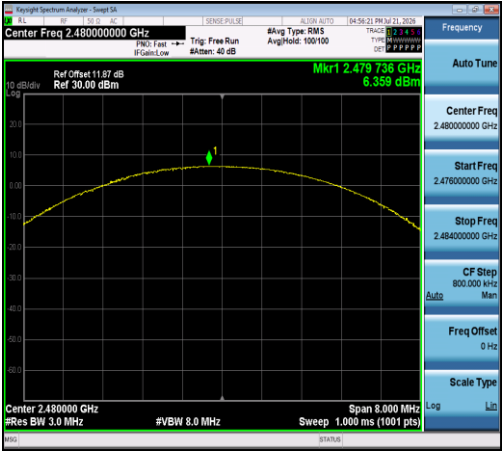




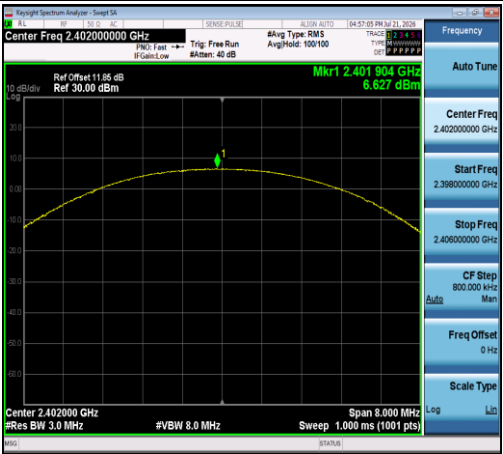
2DH5-Ant1-2402-PASS



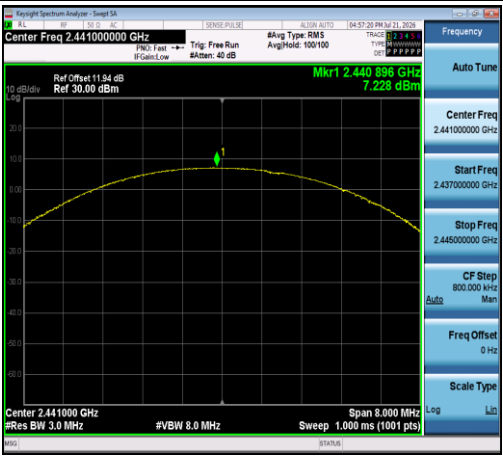
2DH5-Ant1-2441-PASS



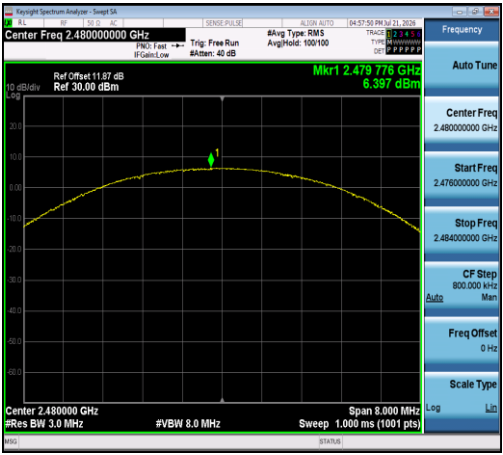
2DH5-Ant1-2480-PASS



3DH5-Ant1-2402-PASS



3DH5-Ant1-2441-PASS



3DH5-Ant1-2480-PASS

Appendix D: Carrier frequency separation

Test Result

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Result[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	Hop	1.006	≥ 0.843	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Hop	1.528	≥ 1.287	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop	1.006	≥ 0.868	PASS

Test Graphs

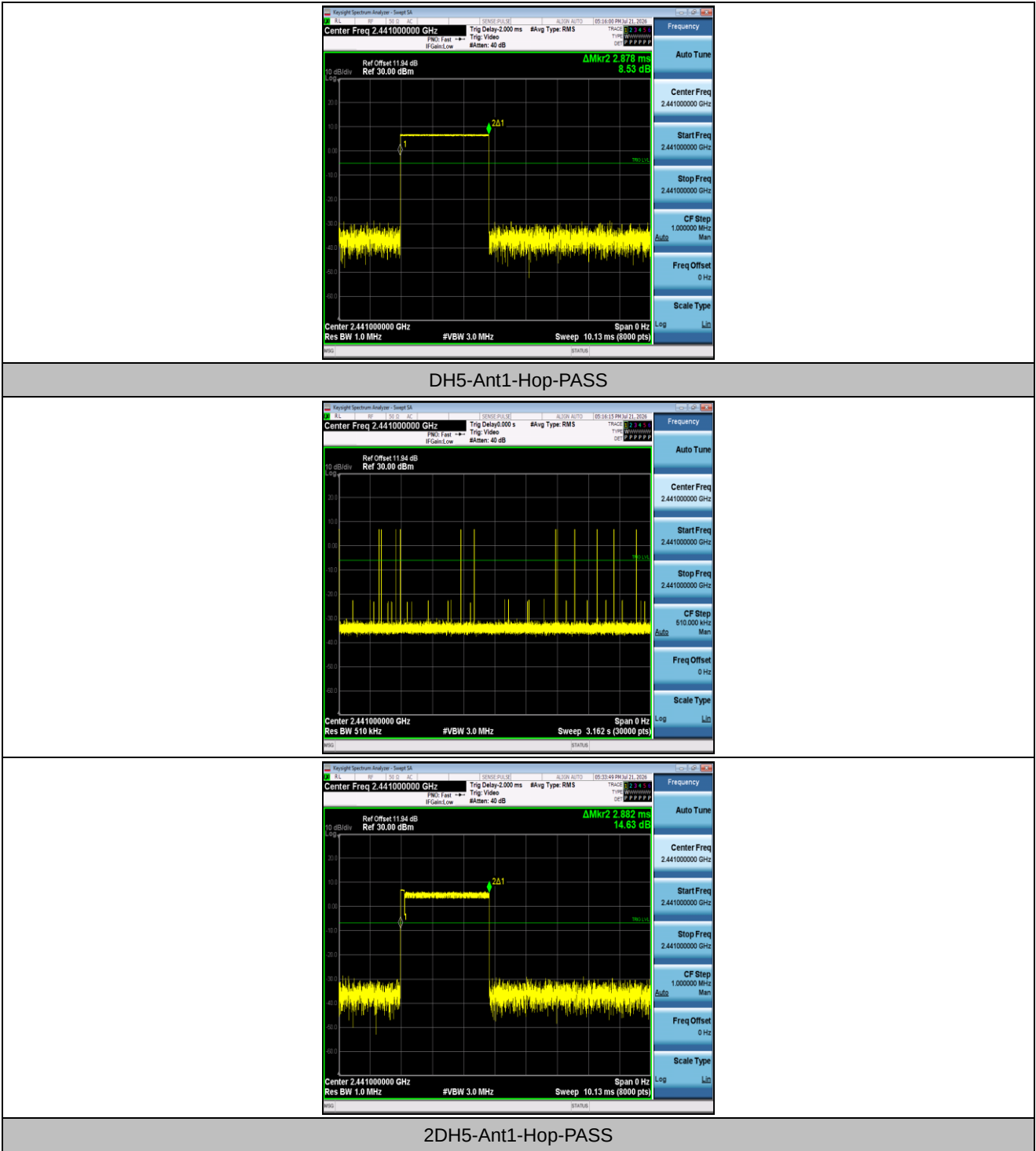


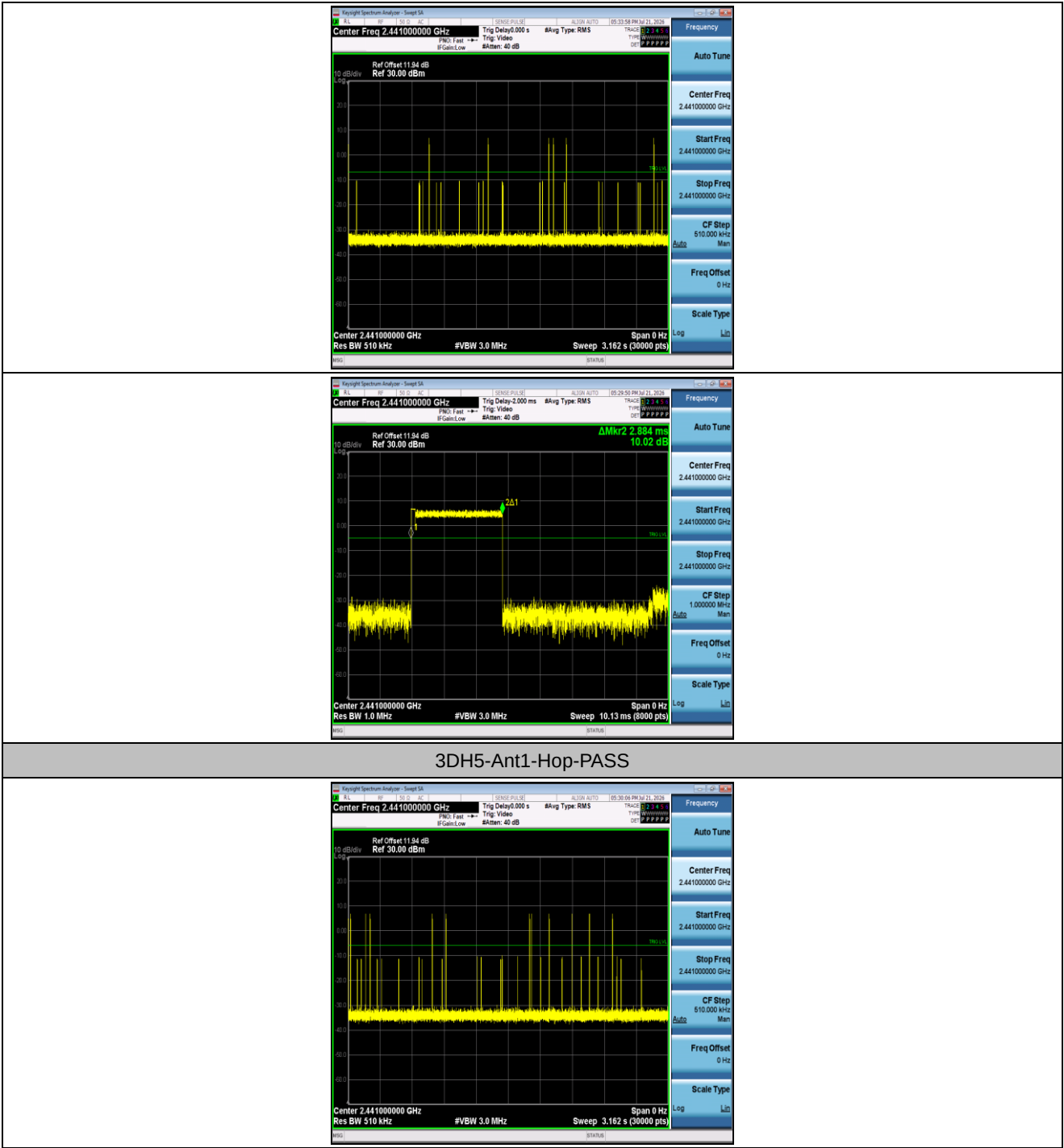
Appendix E: Time of occupancy

Test Result

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	BurstWidth [ms]	TotalHops [Num]	Result[s]	Limit[s]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.878	130	0.374	≤0.4	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.882	70	0.202	≤0.4	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.884	120	0.346	≤0.4	PASS

Test Graphs



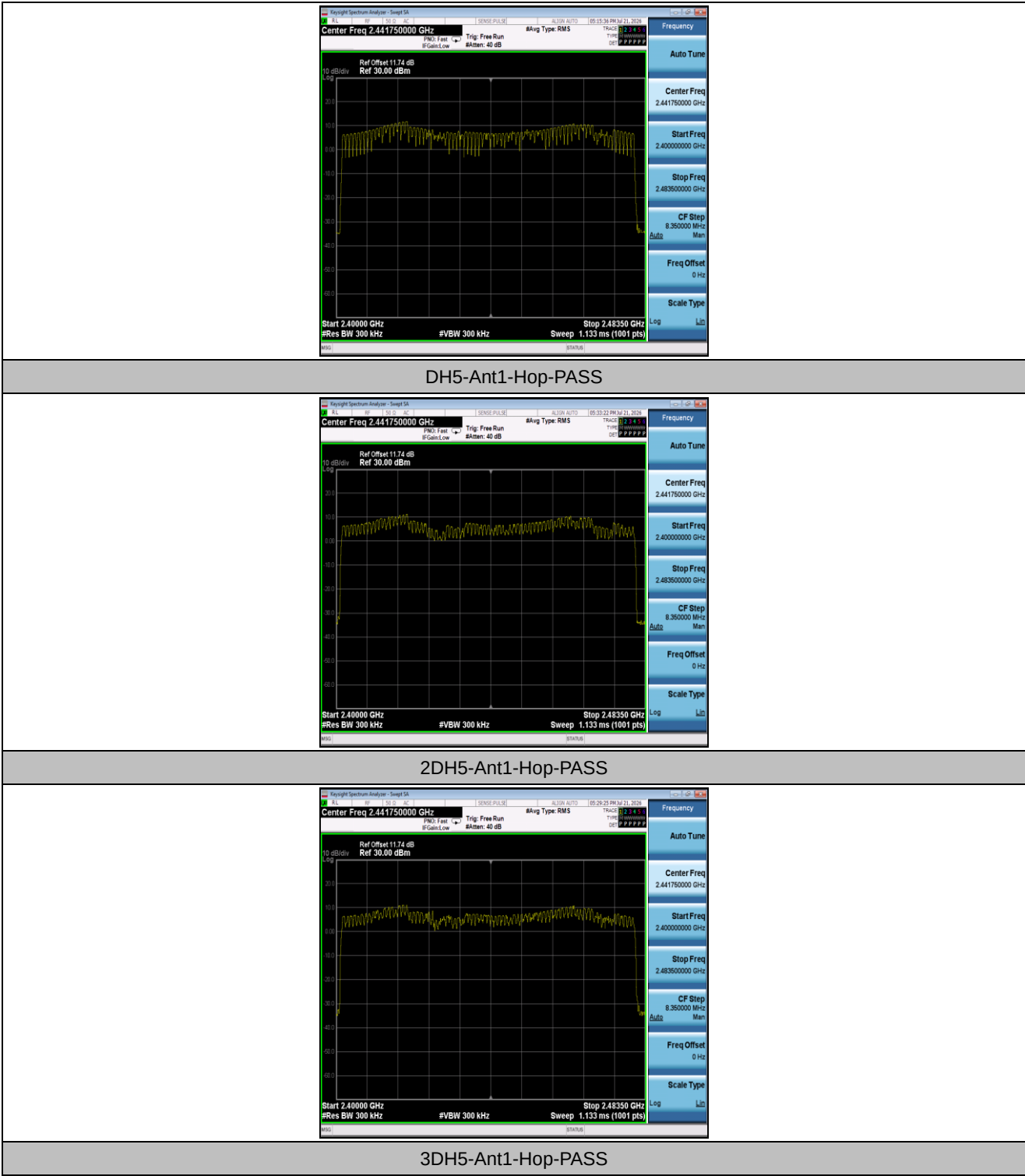


Appendix F: Number of hopping channels

Test Result

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Result[Num]	Limit[Num]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	Hop	79	≥15	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Hop	79	≥15	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop	79	≥15	PASS

Test Graphs

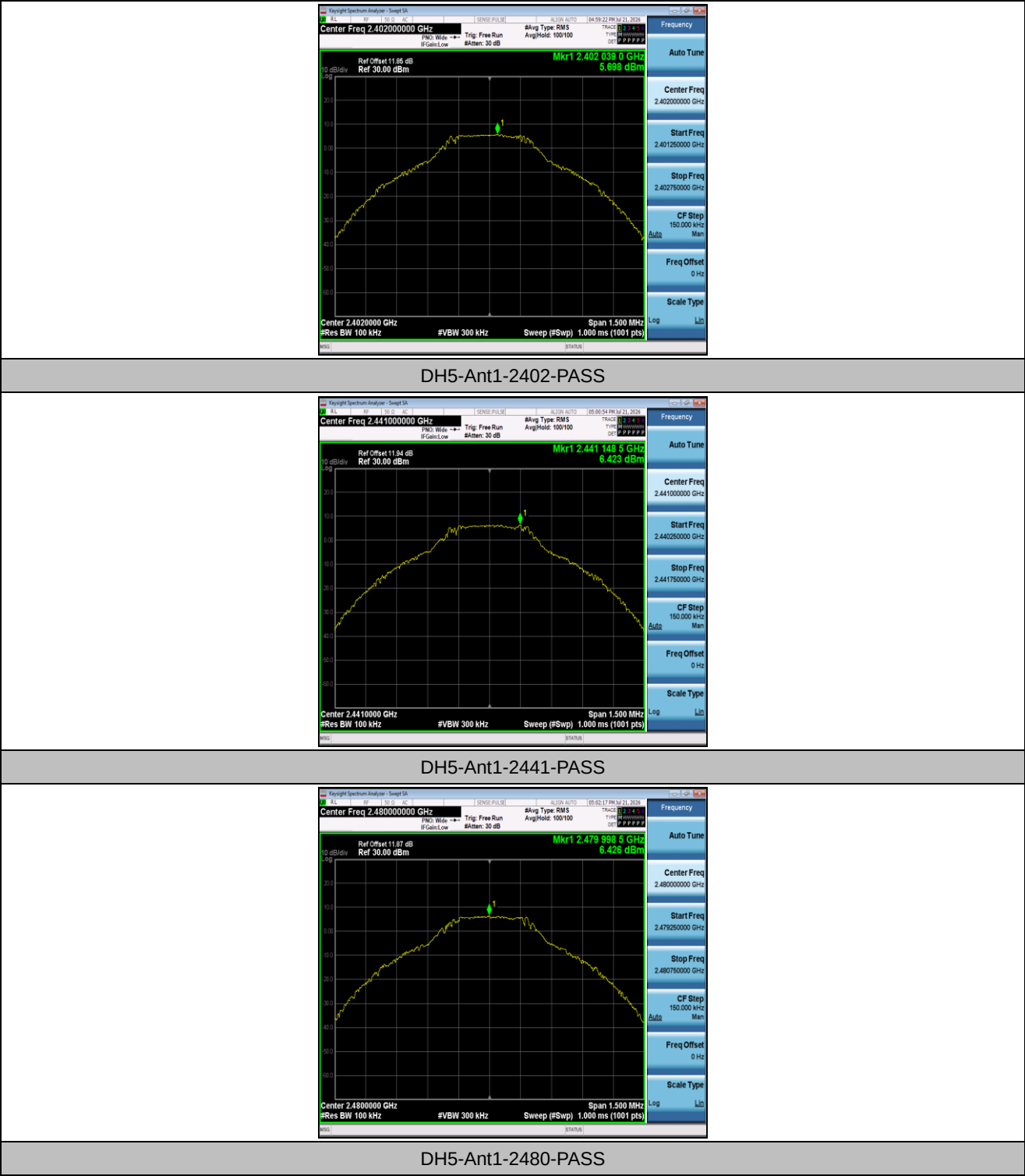


Appendix G: Reference level measurement

Test Result

TestMode	Antenna	Freq(MHz)	Max.Point[MHz]	Result[dBm]
DH5	Ant1	2402	2402.04	5.70
DH5	Ant1	2441	2441.15	6.42
DH5	Ant1	2480	2480.00	6.43
2DH5	Ant1	2402	2401.84	6.27
2DH5	Ant1	2441	2441.15	6.65
2DH5	Ant1	2480	2479.85	5.89
3DH5	Ant1	2402	2402.18	5.91
3DH5	Ant1	2441	2441.16	6.84
3DH5	Ant1	2480	2480.00	5.90

Test Graphs





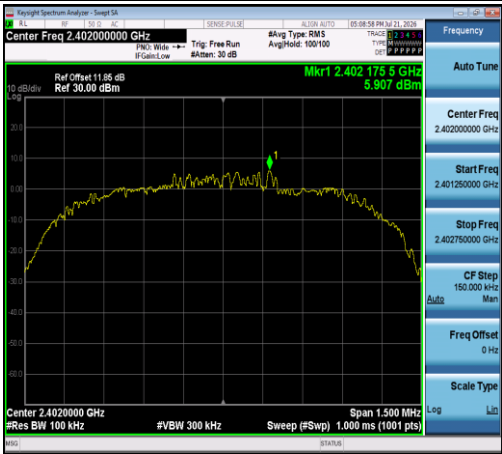
2DH5-Ant1-2402-PASS



2DH5-Ant1-2441-PASS



2DH5-Ant1-2480-PASS



3DH5-Ant1-2402-PASS



3DH5-Ant1-2441-PASS

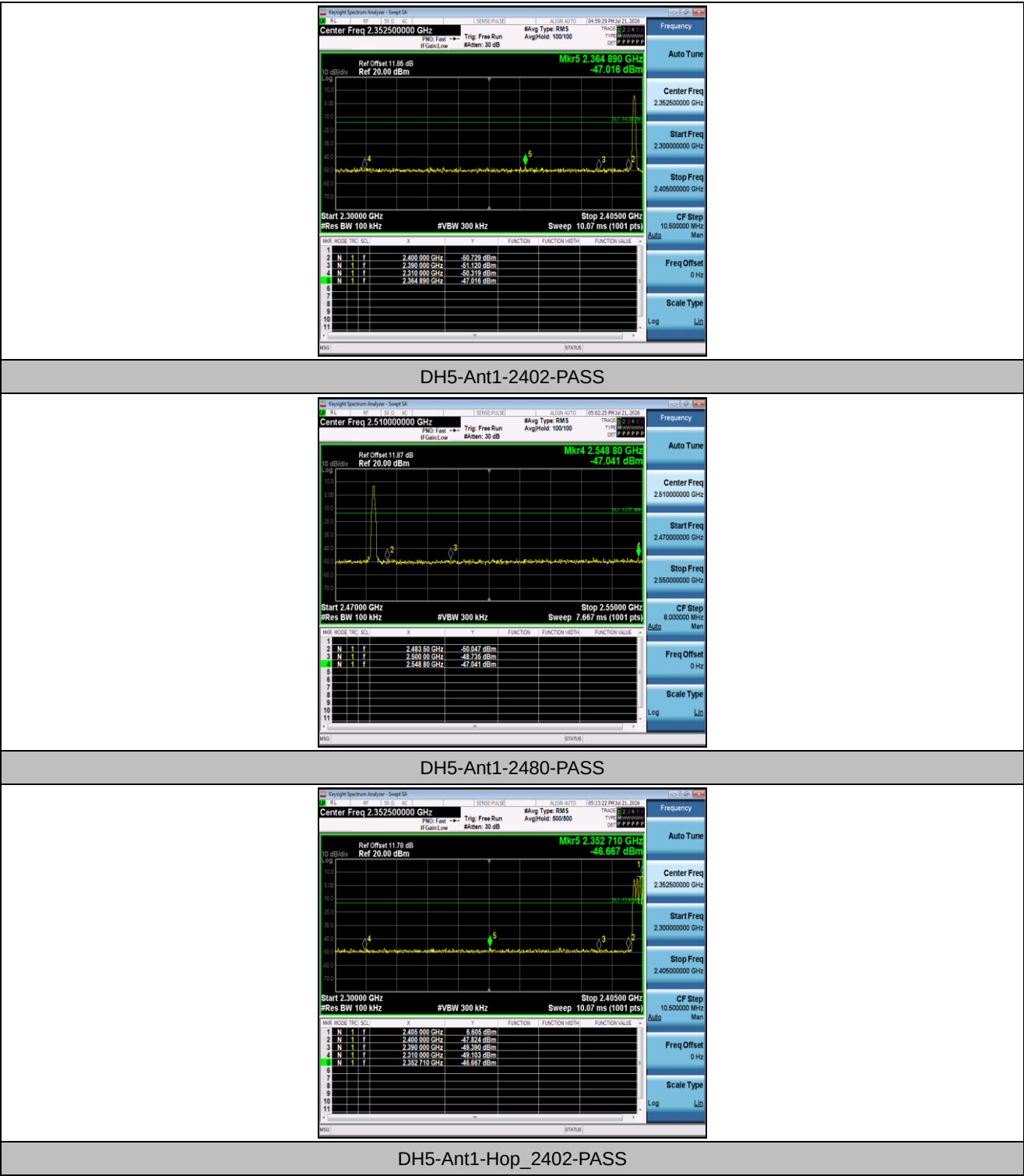


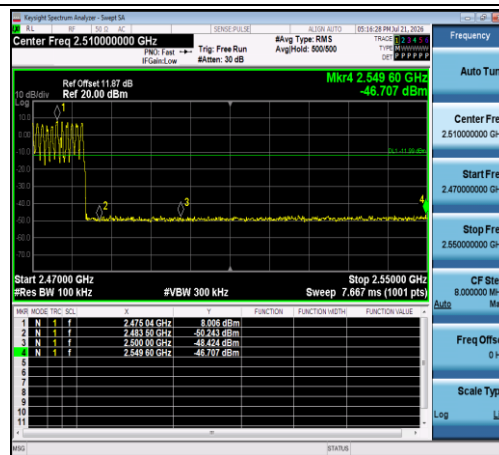
3DH5-Ant1-2480-PASS

Appendix H: Band edge measurements**Test Result**

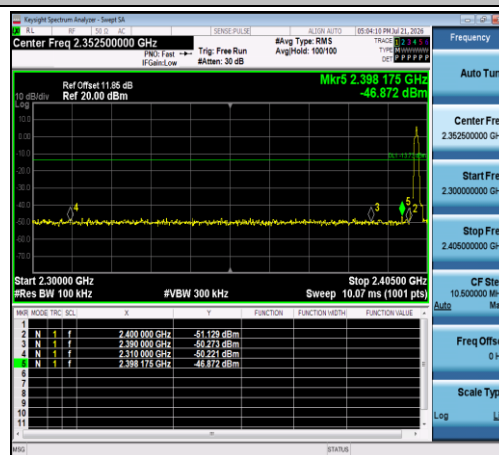
TestMode	Antenna	ChName	Frequency[MHz]	RefLevel [dBm]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	Low	2402	5.70	-47.02	≤ -14.3	PASS
DH5	Ant1	High	2480	6.43	-47.04	≤ -13.57	PASS
DH5	Ant1	Low	Hop_2402	6.61	-46.67	≤ -13.4	PASS
DH5	Ant1	High	Hop_2480	8.01	-46.71	≤ -11.99	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Low	2402	6.27	-46.87	≤ -13.73	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	High	2480	5.89	-46.1	≤ -14.11	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Low	Hop_2402	1.28	-46.65	≤ -18.72	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	High	Hop_2480	6.60	-46.42	≤ -13.4	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Low	2402	5.91	-47.29	≤ -14.09	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	High	2480	5.90	-47.33	≤ -14.1	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Low	Hop_2402	5.95	-46.59	≤ -14.05	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	High	Hop_2480	5.15	-46.06	≤ -14.85	PASS

Test Graphs

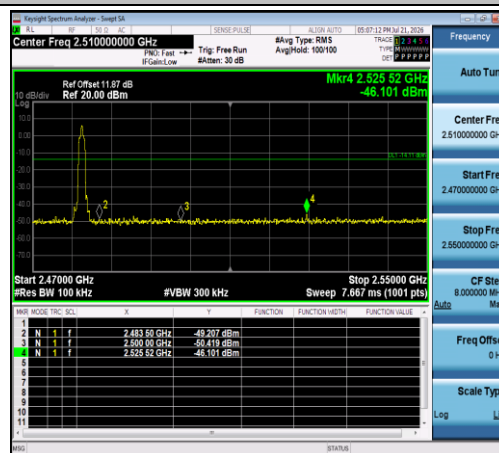




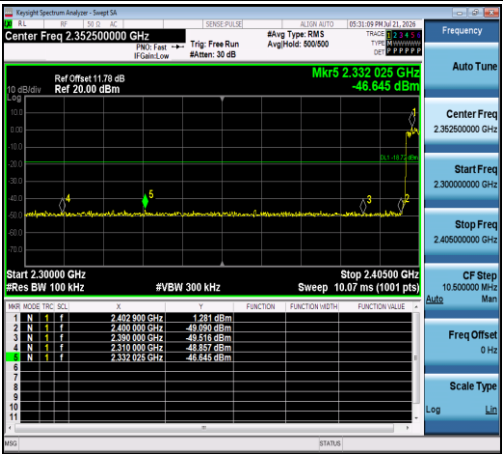
DH5-Ant1-Hop_2480-PASS



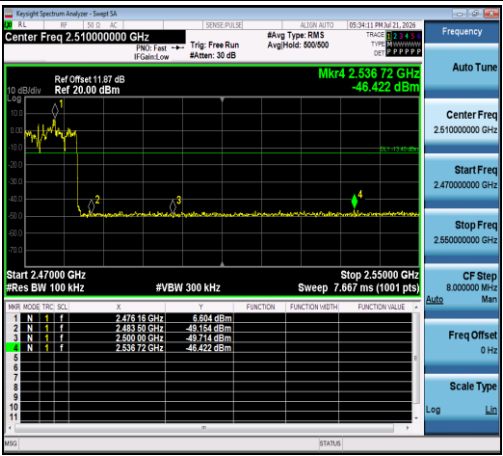
2DH5-Ant1-2402-PASS



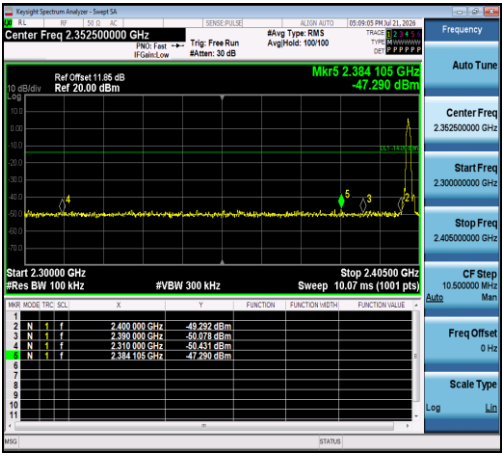
2DH5-Ant1-2480-PASS



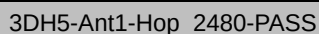
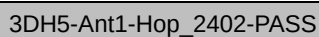
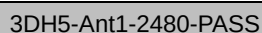
2DH5-Ant1-Hop_2402-PASS



2DH5-Ant1-Hop_2480-PASS



3DH5-Ant1-2402-PASS



Appendix I: Conducted Spurious Emission**Test Result**

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	FreqRange [MHz]	RefLevel [dBm]	Result [dBm]	Limit [dBm]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	2402	30~1000	5.70	-48.85	≤-14.3	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2402	1000~26500	5.70	-34.02	≤-14.3	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2441	30~1000	6.42	-49.02	≤-13.58	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2441	1000~26500	6.42	-34.11	≤-13.58	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2480	30~1000	6.43	-47.97	≤-13.57	PASS
DH5	Ant1	2480	1000~26500	6.43	-33.26	≤-13.57	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2402	30~1000	6.27	-48.41	≤-13.73	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2402	1000~26500	6.27	-34.28	≤-13.73	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2441	30~1000	6.65	-49.59	≤-13.35	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2441	1000~26500	6.65	-33.49	≤-13.35	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2480	30~1000	5.89	-48.89	≤-14.11	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	2480	1000~26500	5.89	-34.22	≤-14.11	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2402	30~1000	5.91	-48.42	≤-14.09	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2402	1000~26500	5.91	-33.28	≤-14.09	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2441	30~1000	6.84	-49.4	≤-13.16	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2441	1000~26500	6.84	-34.35	≤-13.16	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2480	30~1000	5.90	-49.46	≤-14.1	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	2480	1000~26500	5.90	-33.19	≤-14.1	PASS

Test Graphs

