FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT	:	CT Asia
EQUIPMENT	:	Mobile Phone
BRAND NAME	:	BLU
MODEL NAME	:	Life One
MARKETING NAME	:	Life One
FCC ID	:	YHLBLULIFEONE
STANDARD	:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 IEEE 1528-2003

The product was completely tested on Aug. 14, 2013. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

Testing Laboratory 2353

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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA380112	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Aug. 20, 2013

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **CT Asia DUT: Mobile Phone, Brand Name: BLU, Model Name: Life One, Marketing Name: Life One** are as follows.

<Highest SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported 1g-SAR (W/kg)
Head	GSM850	**0.22**	PCE	**0.28**
	GSM1900	**0.12**		
	WCDMA Band V	**0.28**		
	WCDMA Band II	**0.22**		
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	**0.05**	DTS	**0.05**
Hotspot (1cm Gap)	GSM850	**0.88**	PCE	**1.18**
	GSM1900	**0.96**		
	WCDMA Band V	**0.65**		
	WCDMA Band II	**1.18**		
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	**0.08**	DTS	**0.08**
Body-worn (1cm Gap)	GSM850	**0.61**	PCE	**0.79**
	GSM1900	**0.44**		
	WCDMA Band V	**0.65**		
	WCDMA Band II	**0.79**		
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	**0.08**	DTS	**0.08**

<Highest Simultaneous transmission SAR>

Frequency Band	Equipment Class	Exposure Position	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1g-SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	PCE	Hotspot (1cm Gap)	1.18
WLAN 2.4GHz Band	DTS		

Frequency Band	Equipment Class	Exposure Position	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1g-SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	PCE	Hotspot (1cm Gap)	1.18
2.4GHz Bluetooth	DSS		

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

2. Administration Data

2.1 Testing Laboratory

Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.
Test Site Location	No. 101, Complex Building C, Guanlong Village, Xili Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R.C. TEL: +86-755-8637-9589 FAX: +86-755-8637-9595

2.2 Applicant

Company Name	CT Asia
Address	Unit 01, 15/F, Seaview Centre, 139-141 Hoi bun road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hongkong

2.3 Manufacturer

Company Name	Tinno mobile
Address	Floor2-2, H-3 Building east industrial zoom, OCT east, Nanshan, Shenzhen

2.4 Application Details

Date of Start during the Test	Aug. 10, 2013
Date of End during the Test	Aug. 14, 2013

3. General Information

3.1 Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Feature & Specification	
DUT	Mobile Phone
Brand Name	BLU
Model Name	Life One
Marketing Name	Life One
FCC ID	YHLBLULIFEONE
IMEI Code	#1: 353919026112310 #2: 353919026112312
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	• GSM/GPRS/EGPRS • WCDMA Rel 99 • HSDPA Rel 8, Cat24 • HSUPA Rel 7, Cat7 • DC-HSDPA Rel 8 Cat24 • HSPA+ Rel 7, Cat 7 • WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 • Bluetooth 3.0 + EDR
Antenna Type	WWAN: IFA Antenna WLAN: IFA Antenna Bluetooth: IFA Antenna
HW Version	V1.0
SW Version	V06
Transfer Mode Category	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
DUT Stage	Production Unit
Remark: The above EUT's information was declared by manufacturer. Please refer to the specifications or user's manual for more detailed description.	

3.2 Maximum RF output power among production units

Band	GSM850 (Burst Average Power) (dBm)	GSM1900 (Burst Average Power) (dBm)
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.5	30
GPRS/EDGE (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.5	30
GPRS/EDGE (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	32	28.5
GPRS/EDGE (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	30	27
GPRS/EDGE (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	29.5	26
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	27.5	26
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	26.5	25
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slot)	24	22.5
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)	23	21.5

Mode	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II
	Average power(dBm)	
AMR 12.2Kbps	24	23.5
RMC 12.2Kbps	24	23.5
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.5	22
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.5	22
HSDPA Subtest-3	22	22
HSDPA Subtest-4	22	22
DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	22	22
DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	22	22
DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	22	22
DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	22	22
HSUPA Subtest-1	21	20.5
HSUPA Subtest-2	20	20
HSUPA Subtest-3	21	21
HSUPA Subtest-4	20	20
HSUPA Subtest-5	21.5	21
HSPA+ (16QAM) Subtest-1	21	21

Average power (dBm)					
Mode / Band	IEEE 802.11				
	a	b	g	n-HT20	n-HT40
WLAN 2.4GHz		13.5	11	11	8

Bluetooth average power(dBm)			
Mode/Band	1Mbps (GMSK)	2Mbps (π/4-DQPSK)	3Mbps (8-DPSK)
Bluetooth	7	5	5

3.3 Applied Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r01
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r01
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02
- FCC KDB 941225 D02 v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01r01
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r01

3.4 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

3.5 Test Conditions

3.5.1 Ambient Condition

Ambient Temperature	20 to 24 ℃
Humidity	< 60 %

3.5.2 Test Configuration

For WWAN SAR testing, the device was controlled by using a base station emulator. Communication between the device and the emulator was established by air link. The distance between the EUT and the antenna of the emulator is larger than 50 cm and the output power radiated from the emulator antenna is at least 30 dB smaller than the output power of EUT.

During WLAN SAR testing EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool, and the transmission duty factor was monitored on the spectrum analyzer with zero-span setting

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the EUT can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

4. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \mathbf{C}\left(\frac{\boldsymbol{\delta}\mathbf{T}}{\boldsymbol{\delta}\mathbf{t}}\right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}|\mathbf{E}|^2}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

5. SAR Measurement System

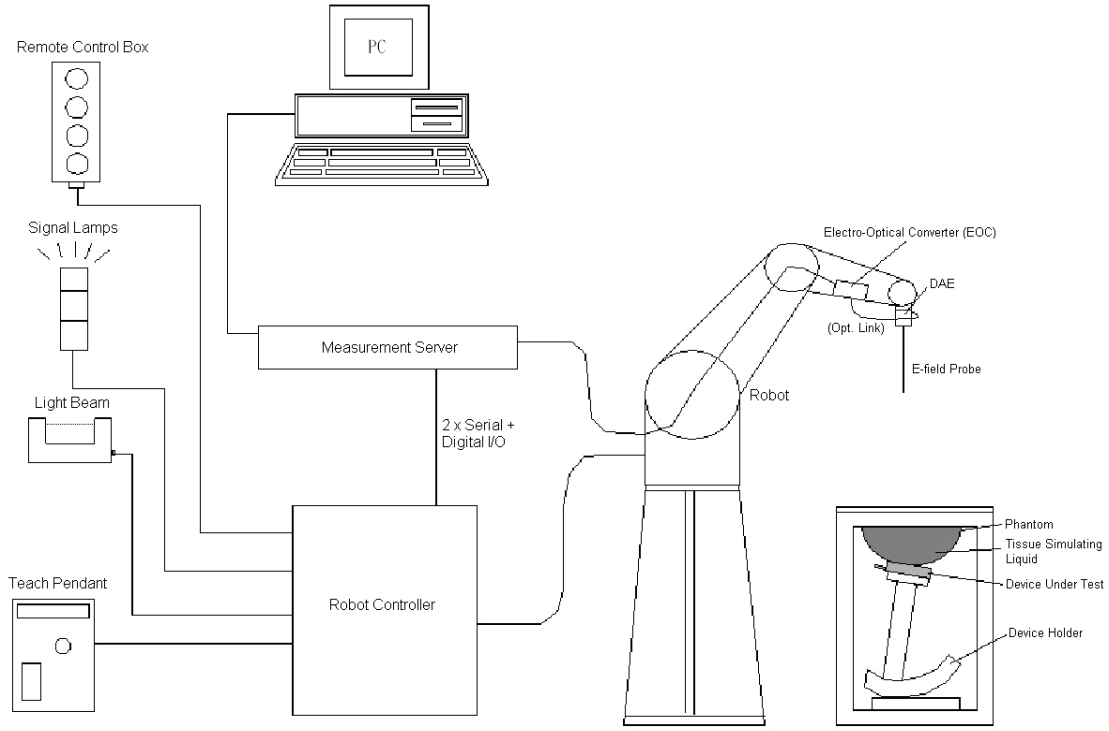


Fig 5.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- Remove control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warming lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Component details are described in in the following sub-sections.

5.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG).The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

5.1.1 E-Field Probe Specification

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm

Fig 5.2 Photo of EX3DV4

5.1.2 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

5.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.
The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

Fig 5.3 Photo of DAE

5.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

Fig 5.4 Photo of DASY5

5.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.

Fig 5.5 Photo of Server for DASY5

5.5 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom

Fig 5.6 Photo of SAM Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

5.6 Device Holder

<Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\varepsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.

Fig 5.7 Device Holder

5.7 Data Storage and Evaluation

5.7.1 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [A/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

5.7.2 Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software：

Probe parameters：	- Sensitivity	$Norm_i$, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}
	- Conversion factor	$ConvF_i$
	- Diode compression point	dcp_i
Device parameters：	- Frequency	f
	- Crest factor	cf
Media parameters：	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as：

$$\mathbf{V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}}$$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated：

E-field Probes：$\mathbf{E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}}$

H-field Probes：$\mathbf{H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0}+a_{i1}f+a_{i2}f^2}{f}}$

with V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
$Norm_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), μV/(V/m)^2 for E-field Probes
ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
f = carrier frequency [GHz]
E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude)：

$$\mathbf{E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$\mathbf{SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}}$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
σ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]
ρ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm^3

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

5.8 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d151	Mar. 25. 2013	Mar. 24. 2014
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d170	Mar. 27. 2013	Mar. 26. 2014
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	840	Mar. 26. 2013	Mar. 25. 2014
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1303	Nov. 22, 2012	Nov. 21, 2013
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3819	Nov. 26, 2012	Nov. 25, 2013
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1670	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1671	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267224	Dec. 29, 2012	Dec. 28, 2013
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515E	MY52112100	Oct. 25, 2012	Oct. 24, 2013
R&S	Network Analyzer	ZVB8	100106	Nov. 20, 2012	Nov. 19, 2013
R&S	Signal Generator	SMR40	100455	Jan. 18, 2013	Jan. 17, 2014
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218010	Mar. 28. 2013	Mar. 27, 2014
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207253	Mar. 28. 2013	Mar. 27, 2014
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note 2	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note 2	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note 2	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note 2	
Agilent	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070D	US01440205	Note 3	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	328767	Note 4	
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	101399	May 23, 2013	May 22, 2014

Table 5.1 Test Equipment List

Note:

1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
2. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
3. The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Agilent.
4. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it
5. Attenuator 1 insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.

6. Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 6.2.

Fig 6.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR

Fig 6.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε_r)
For Head								
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
For Body								
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

Table 6.1 Recipes of Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85070D Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (εr)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (εr) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.6	0.91	42.91	0.9	41.5	1.11	3.40	±5	Aug. 10, 2013
1900	Head	22.5	1.419	40.609	1.4	40	1.36	1.52	±5	Aug. 10, 2013
2450	Head	22.6	1.823	37.953	1.80	39.2	1.28	-3.18	±5	Aug. 13, 2013
835	Body	22.6	0.967	55.405	0.97	55.2	-0.31	0.37	±5	Aug. 10, 2013
1900	Body	22.8	1.533	54.611	1.52	53.3	0.86	2.46	±5	Aug. 12, 2013
2450	Body	22.6	1.936	51.503	1.95	52.7	-0.72	-2.27	±5	Aug. 14, 2013

Table 6.2 Measuring Results for Simulating Liquid

7. System Verification Procedures

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

7.1 Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

7.2 System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

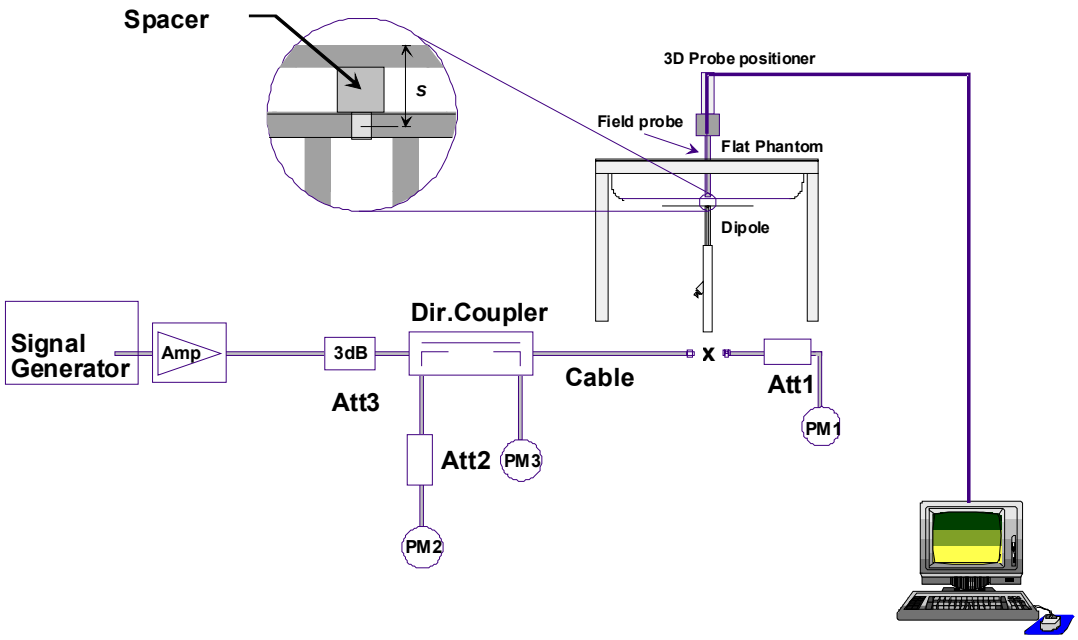


Fig 7.1 System Setup for System Evaluation

1. Signal Generator
2. Amplifier
3. Directional Coupler
4. Power Meter
5. Calibrated Dipole

Fig 7.2 Photo of Dipole Setup

7.3 SAR System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Table 7.1 shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Power fed onto reference dipole (mW)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
Aug. 10, 2013	835	Head	250	9.49	2.53	10.12	6.64
Aug. 10, 2013	1900	Head	250	40.2	9.62	38.48	-4.28
Aug. 13, 2013	2450	Head	250	53.6	12.6	50.4	-5.97
Aug. 10, 2013	835	Body	250	9.43	2.21	8.84	-6.26
Aug. 12, 2013	1900	Body	250	41.2	9.45	37.8	-8.25
Aug. 14, 2013	2450	Body	250	50.4	13.5	54	7.14

Table 7.1 Target and Measurement SAR after Normalized

8. EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in ten different positions. They are right cheek/right tilted/left cheek/left tilted for Head, Front/Back/Right Side/Left Side/Top Side/Bottom Side of the EUT with phantom 1 cm gap, as illustrated below, please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

8.1 Define two imaginary lines on the handset

(a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset - the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.

(b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.

(c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.

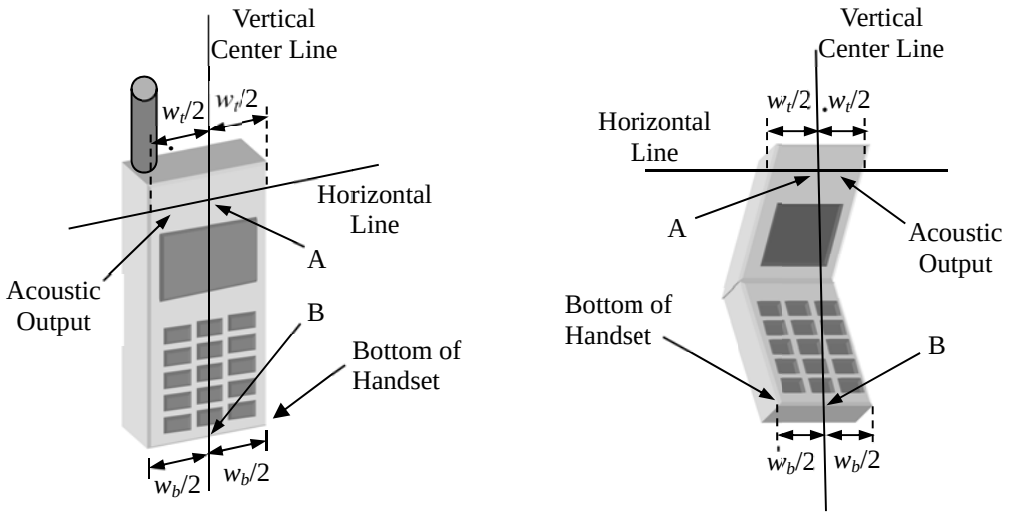


Fig 8.1 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

8.2 Cheek Position

(a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.

(b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 8.2).

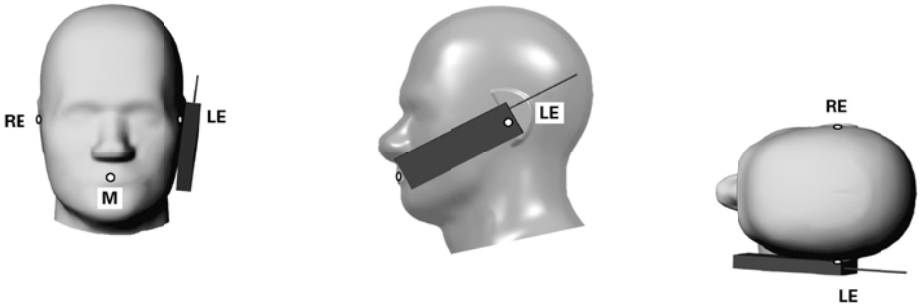


Fig 8.2 Illustration for Cheek Position

8.3 Tilted Position

(a) To position the device in the “cheek” position described above.

(b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see Fig. 8.3).

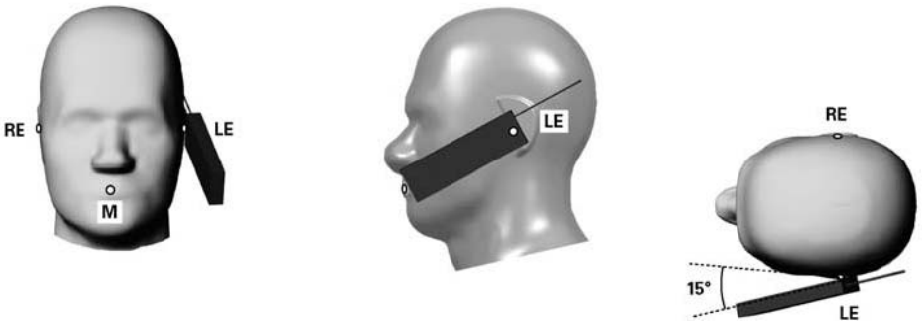


Fig 8.3 Illustration for Tilted Position

8.4 Body Worn Position

(a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
(b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
(c) To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 1 cm.

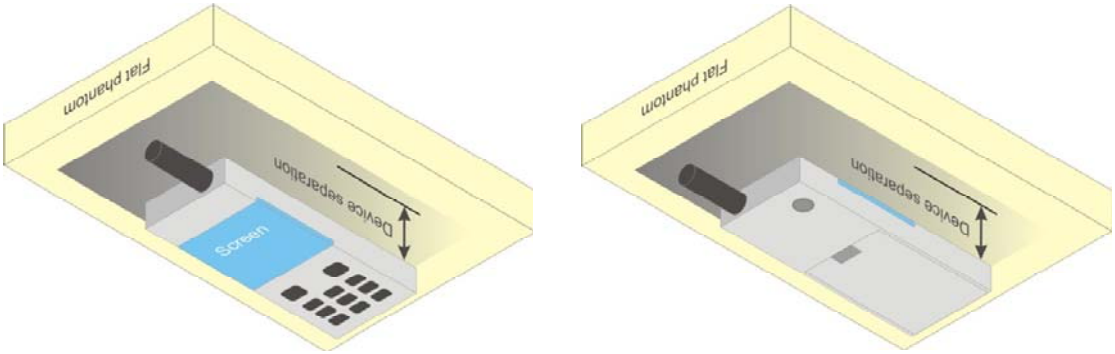


Fig 8.4 Illustration for Body Worn Position

8.5 Hotspot Position

(a) To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with all sides.
(b) To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
(c) To adjust the distance between the device and the flat phantom to 1.0cm.

<EUT Setup Photos>

Please refer to Appendix D for the test setup photos.

9. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
(b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
(c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
(d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

(a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
(b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
(c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
(d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
(e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
(f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

(a) Power reference measurement
(b) Area scan
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

9.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
(c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

9.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

9.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the area scan based *1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

9.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1 g and 10 g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

9.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

10. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. The EUT do not support DTM function.
3. For head SAR testing, GSM should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM Voice for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest frame-average power.
4. For hotspot SAR testing, GPRS and EDGE should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 4 Tx slots for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest frame-average power.
5. For body-worn SAR testing, GSM should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM Voice for GSM850 and GSM1900 due to its highest frame-average power.

For SIM1 Card

Band GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power (dBm)		
TX Channel	128	189	251	128	189	251
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	824.2	836.4	848.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.60	32.67	32.68	23.60	23.67	23.68
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	32.54	32.60	32.61	23.54	23.60	23.61
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	31.67	31.71	31.72	25.67	25.71	25.72
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	29.94	29.98	29.99	25.68	25.72	25.73
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	29.17	29.21	29.22	26.17	26.21	26.22
EDGE (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS1	32.53	32.60	32.60	23.53	23.60	23.60
EDGE (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS1	31.60	31.65	31.65	25.60	25.65	25.65
EDGE (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS1	29.87	29.91	29.92	25.61	25.65	25.66
EDGE (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS1	29.10	29.16	29.16	26.10	26.16	26.16
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	27.25	27.11	27.16	18.25	18.11	18.16
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	26.01	25.82	25.89	20.01	19.82	19.89
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5	23.65	23.47	23.52	19.39	19.21	19.26
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5	22.52	22.41	22.42	19.52	19.41	19.42

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.
The calculated method are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

Band GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power (dBm)		
TX Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.00	28.92	28.96	20.00	19.92	19.96
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	28.97	28.87	28.91	19.97	19.87	19.91
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	28.06	27.99	28.01	22.06	21.99	22.01
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	26.34	26.30	26.31	22.08	22.04	22.05
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	25.55	25.52	25.57	22.55	22.52	22.57
EDGE (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS1	28.95	28.85	28.90	19.95	19.85	19.90
EDGE (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS1	28.01	27.92	27.96	22.01	21.92	21.96
EDGE (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS1	26.30	26.22	26.25	22.04	21.96	21.99
EDGE (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS1	25.51	25.45	25.52	22.51	22.45	22.52
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	25.53	25.74	25.62	16.53	16.74	16.62
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	24.15	24.40	24.28	18.15	18.40	18.28
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5	22.05	22.30	22.18	17.79	18.04	17.92
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5	20.88	21.15	21.02	17.88	18.15	18.02

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.
The calculated method are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

For SIM2 Card

Band GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power (dBm)		
TX Channel	128	189	251	128	189	251
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	824.2	836.4	848.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.61	32.66	32.67	23.61	23.66	23.67
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	32.52	32.60	32.60	23.52	23.60	23.60
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	31.64	31.72	31.71	25.64	25.72	25.71
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	29.93	29.97	29.97	25.67	25.71	25.71
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	29.17	29.20	29.21	26.17	26.20	26.21
EDGE (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS1	32.51	32.57	32.58	23.51	23.57	23.58
EDGE (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS1	31.55	31.64	31.65	25.55	25.64	25.65
EDGE (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS1	29.85	29.89	29.91	25.59	25.63	25.65
EDGE (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS1	29.11	29.15	29.14	26.11	26.15	26.14
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	27.23	27.11	27.17	18.23	18.11	18.17
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	26.01	25.78	25.88	20.01	19.78	19.88
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5	23.63	23.48	23.53	19.37	19.22	19.27
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5	22.51	22.40	22.40	19.51	19.40	19.40

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.
The calculated method are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

Band GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power (dBm)		
TX Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	1850.2	1880	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	28.99	28.91	28.94	19.99	19.91	19.94
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	28.96	28.86	28.90	19.96	19.86	19.90
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	28.04	27.98	27.99	22.04	21.98	21.99
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	26.32	26.28	26.29	22.06	22.02	22.03
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	25.53	25.50	25.56	22.53	22.50	22.56
EDGE (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS1	28.93	28.83	28.88	19.93	19.83	19.88
EDGE (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS1	28.00	27.91	27.95	22.00	21.91	21.95
EDGE (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS1	26.29	26.21	26.23	22.03	21.95	21.97
EDGE (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS1	25.49	25.43	25.50	22.49	22.43	22.50
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	25.51	25.73	25.60	16.51	16.73	16.60
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	24.13	24.38	24.27	18.13	18.38	18.27
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5	22.03	22.29	22.16	17.77	18.03	17.90
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5	20.83	21.14	21.02	17.83	18.14	18.02

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.
The calculated method are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
   i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
   ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
   iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
   vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
   vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
   viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
   ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
   x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
   xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c, and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c.

Note 3: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
   i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
   ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
   v. Set UE Target Power
   vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
   vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
   viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed}1$: 47/15 $\beta_{ed}2$: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .
Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.
Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

HSPA+ 3GPP release 7 (uplink category 7) 16QAM, Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
   i. Call Configs = 5.2E:HSPA+:UL with 16QAM
   ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121-1 s5.2E
   iii. Set Channel Parms
   iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   v. Set Channel Type = HSPA
   vi. Set UE Target Power =21 dBm
   vii. Power Ctrl Mode= All Up Bits
   viii. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc/Bd = Manual
   ix. Set Manual Uplink DPCH Bc and Bd=15,15(for 34.121-1 v8.10.0 table C11.1.4 sub-test 1)
   x. Set HSPA Conn DL Channel Levels
   xi. Set HS-SCCH Configs
   xii. Set RB Test Mode Setup
   xiii. Set Common HSUPA Parameters
   xiv. Set Serving Grant
   xv. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 105 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM

Sub-test	β_c (Note3)	β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (2xSF2) (Note 4)	β_{ed} (2xSF4) (Note 4)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 4)	E-TFCI (Note 5)	E-TFCI (boost)
1	1	0	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed}1$: 30/15 $\beta_{ed}2$: 30/15	$\beta_{ed}3$: 24/15 $\beta_{ed}4$: 24/15	3.5	2.5	14	105	105

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c.
Note 2: CM = 3.5 and the MPR is based on the relative CM difference, MPR = MAX(CM-1,0).
Note 3: DPDCH is not configured, therefore the β_c is set to 1 and β_d = 0 by default
Note 4: β_{ed} can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.
Note 5: All the sub-tests require the UE to transmit 2SF2+2SF4 16QAM EDCH and they apply for UE using E-DPDCH category 7. E-DCH TTI is set to 2ms TTI and E-DCH table index = 2. To support these E-DCH configurations DPDCH is not allocated. The UE is signaled to use the extrapolation algorithm.

Setup Configuration

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515E referred to the Setup Configuration below
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
   i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
   ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
   iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
   iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
   v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
      a). Subtest 1: β_c/β_d=2/15
      b). Subtest 2: β_c/β_d=12/15
      c). Subtest 3: β_c/β_d=15/8
      d). Subtest 4: β_c/β_d=15/4
   vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
   vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
   viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
   ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
   x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.		
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		

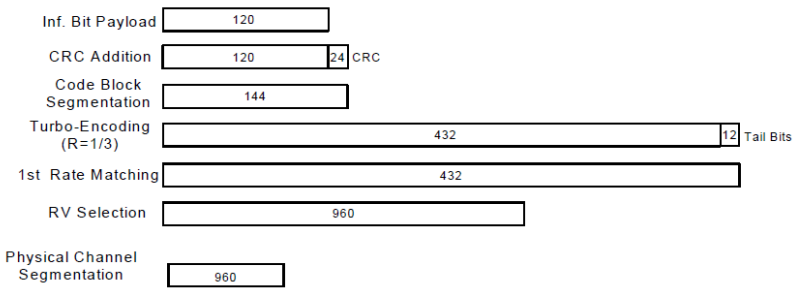


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

Note:

1. Applying the subtest setup in Table C.11.1.3 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 V9.1.0 to Rel. 6 HSPA, and the subtest setup in Table C.11.1.4 to Rel. 7 HSPA+, and Table, C10.1.4 to Rel. 8 DC-HSDPA.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If AMR 12.2kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2kbps can be excluded.
3. By design, AMR, HSDPA/DC-HSDPA/HSUPA and HSPA+ (16QAM in uplink) RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps., detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.
4. It is expected by the manufacturer that MPR for some HSDPA/DC-HSDPA/HSUPA, HSPA+ (16QAM in uplink) subtests may differ from the specification of 3GPP, according to the chipset implementation in this model. The implementation and expected deviation are detailed in tune-up procedure exhibit.

For SIM1 Card

WCDMA Average power (dBm)							
Band		WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II		
Channel		4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)		826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2K	23.04	23.05	22.96	22.83	22.62	22.51
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2K	23.06	23.08	22.97	22.85	22.64	22.52
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.05	22.07	21.96	21.88	21.68	21.56
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.06	22.09	21.98	21.93	21.72	21.59
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.58	21.61	21.51	21.45	21.25	21.13
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.57	21.60	21.50	21.40	21.19	21.06
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPASubtest-1	21.85	21.79	21.84	21.62	21.70	21.65
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	21.90	21.87	21.86	21.57	21.68	21.65
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	21.39	21.31	21.35	21.15	21.19	21.15
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	21.37	21.30	21.33	21.10	21.19	21.14
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	20.46	20.48	20.37	20.32	20.11	19.99
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	19.56	19.57	19.46	19.30	19.10	18.98
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.49	20.51	20.39	20.35	20.14	20.01
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	19.58	19.60	19.49	19.26	19.05	18.93
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	21.01	21.02	20.90	20.65	20.45	20.32
3GPP Rel 7	HSPA+ (16QAM) Subtest-1	20.27	20.23	20.22	20.11	20.21	20.12

MPR (dB)								
3GPP MPR	Subtest		WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II		
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	-0.01	-0.02	-0.02	-0.05	-0.04	-0.03
≦0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	0.47	0.46	0.45	0.43	0.43	0.43
≦0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	0.48	0.47	0.46	0.48	0.49	0.50
0	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPASubtest-1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	-0.05	-0.08	-0.02	0.05	0.02	0.00
≦0.5	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	0.46	0.48	0.49	0.47	0.51	0.50
≦0.5	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	0.48	0.49	0.51	0.52	0.51	0.51
≦0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	0.55	0.54	0.53	0.33	0.34	0.33
≦2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	1.45	1.45	1.44	1.35	1.35	1.34
≦1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	0.52	0.51	0.51	0.30	0.31	0.31
≦2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	1.43	1.42	1.41	1.39	1.40	1.39
≦0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
≦2.5	3GPP Rel 7	HSPA+ (16QAM) Subtest-1	0.74	0.79	0.68	0.54	0.24	0.20

For SIM2 Card

WCDMA Average power (dBm)							
Band		WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II		
Channel		4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)		826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2K	23.02	23.05	22.95	22.82	22.51	22.49
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2K	23.03	23.06	22.96	22.84	22.52	22.50
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.04	22.06	21.94	21.86	21.67	21.55
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.06	22.08	21.97	21.92	21.70	21.57
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.56	21.59	21.50	21.44	21.25	21.12
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.58	21.59	21.48	21.38	21.18	21.05
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPASubtest-1	21.83	21.77	21.82	21.60	21.68	21.64
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	21.89	21.86	21.85	21.58	21.67	21.63
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	21.38	21.30	21.33	21.13	21.19	21.16
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	21.35	21.28	21.31	21.10	21.15	21.13
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	20.45	20.47	20.35	20.30	20.11	19.95
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	19.54	19.55	19.44	19.28	19.08	18.99
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.47	20.50	20.37	20.33	20.14	20.00
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	19.56	19.58	19.48	19.25	19.04	18.88
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	20.99	21.01	20.88	20.63	20.43	20.31
3GPP Rel 7	HSPA+ (16QAM) Subtest-1	20.25	20.22	20.21	20.10	20.22	20.15

MPR (dB)								
3GPP MPR	Subtest		WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II		
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	-0.02	-0.02	-0.03	-0.06	-0.03	-0.02
≦0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	0.48	0.47	0.44	0.42	0.42	0.43
≦0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	0.46	0.47	0.46	0.48	0.49	0.50
0	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPASubtest-1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	-0.06	-0.09	-0.03	0.02	0.01	0.01
≦0.5	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	0.45	0.47	0.49	0.47	0.49	0.48
≦0.5	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	0.48	0.49	0.51	0.50	0.53	0.51
≦0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	0.54	0.54	0.53	0.33	0.32	0.36
≦2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	1.45	1.46	1.44	1.35	1.35	1.32
≦1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	0.52	0.51	0.51	0.30	0.29	0.31
≦2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	1.43	1.43	1.40	1.38	1.39	1.43
≦0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
≦2.5	3GPP Rel 7	HSPA+ (16QAM) Subtest-1	0.74	0.79	0.67	0.53	0.21	0.16

<WLAN 2.4GHz Conducted Power>

802.11b Average Power (dBm)					
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (bps)			
		1M bps	2M bps	5.5M bps	11M bps
CH 01	2412	11.07	11.01	11.05	11.06
CH 06	2437	12.07	12.03	11.98	12.05
CH 11	2462	13.13	13.09	13.11	13.06

802.11g Average Power (dBm)									
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate (bps)							
		6M bps	9M bps	12M bps	18M bps	24M bps	36M bps	48M bps	54M bps
CH 01	2412	8.48	8.46	8.17	8.18	8.26	8.24	8.41	8.35
CH 06	2437	9.18	9.14	9.14	9.02	8.98	8.96	9.11	9.14
CH 11	2462	10.26	10.20	10.08	10.12	10.06	10.06	10.23	10.19

WLAN 2.4GHz Band 802.11n-HT20 Average Power (dBm)									
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index							
		MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
CH 01	2412	8.29	8.26	8.26	8.15	8.17	8.26	8.21	8.19
CH 06	2437	9.01	8.98	8.96	8.81	8.85	8.92	8.90	8.99
CH 11	2462	10.04	10.02	10.01	9.88	9.88	9.99	9.91	9.93

WLAN 2.4GHz Band 802.11n-HT40 Average Power (dBm)									
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index							
		MCS0	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
CH 03	2422	6.17	6.12	6.16	6.14	6.15	6.15	6.12	6.14
CH 06	2437	6.84	6.71	6.69	6.68	6.79	6.82	6.76	6.74
CH 09	2452	7.33	7.30	7.29	7.27	7.28	7.31	7.25	7.32

Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion
2. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate
3. Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, 11g, 11n-HT20 and 11n-HT40 output power is less than 1/4dB higher than 11b mode, thus the SAR can be excluded.

<Bluetooth Conducted Power>

Bluetooth Average Power (dBm)										
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate								
		DH1	DH3	DH5	2DH1	2DH3	2DH5	3DH1	3DH3	3DH5
CH 00	2402	3.21	2.98	2.93	2.24	1.39	1.67	2.12	1.91	1.72
CH 39	2441	4.33	4.21	4.06	3.19	2.64	2.48	3.24	2.70	2.49
CH 78	2480	**5.96**	5.88	5.85	4.69	4.12	3.96	4.72	4.23	4.03

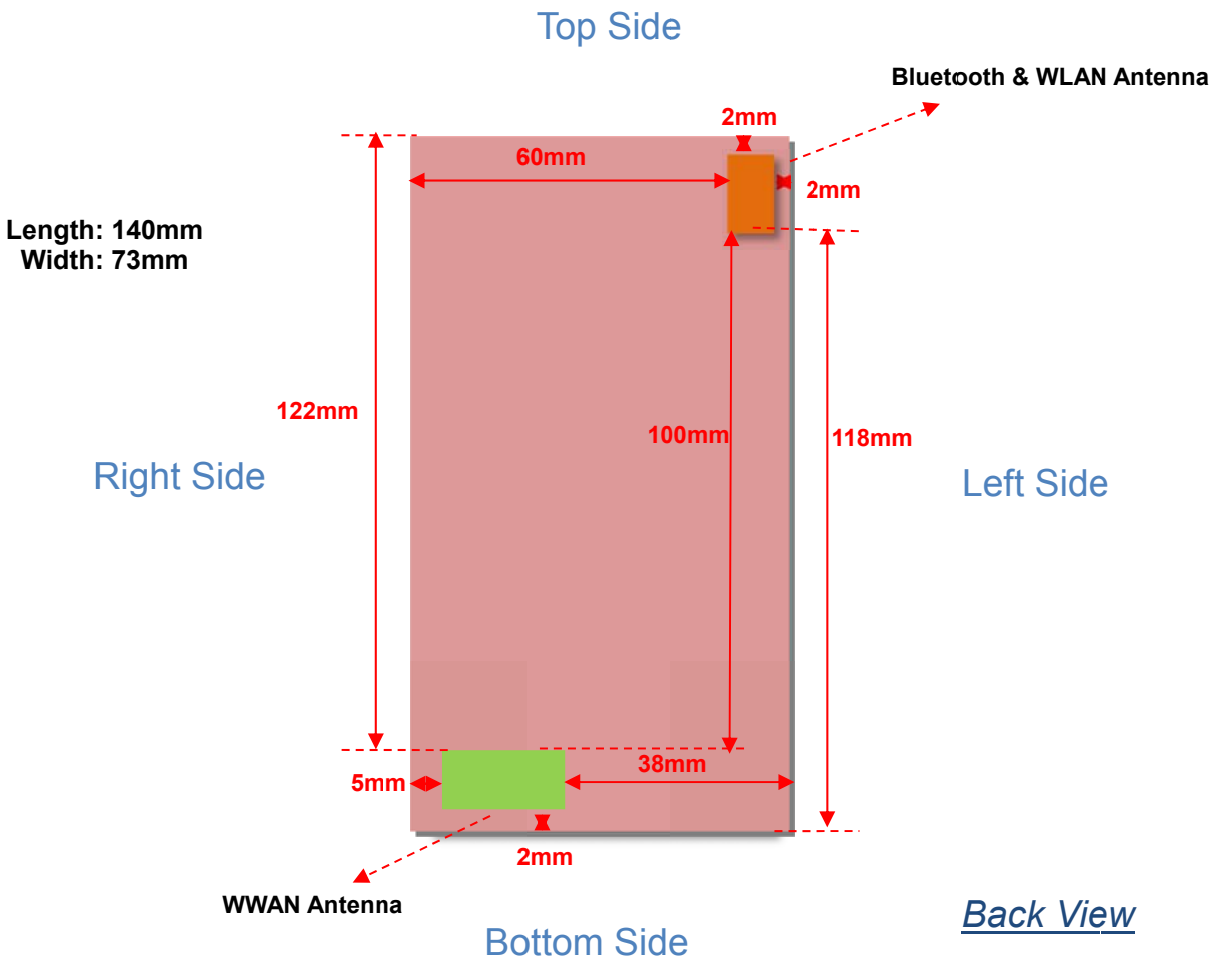
Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
   [(*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance, mm*)] ·[√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR
   - f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
   - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
   - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
   - If the distance of the antenna to the user is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold

Bluetooth Max Power (dBm)	mW	Test Distance (mm)	Frequency (GHz)	exclusion thresholds
7	5.01	0	2.48	1.58
		10	2.48	0.79

2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01 exclusion thresholds is 1.58 < 3, RF exposure evaluation is not required.

11. DUT Antenna Location



Antennas	Wireless Interface
WWAN Antenna	GSM850 GSM1900 WCDMA Band V WCDMA Band II
Bluetooth &WLAN Antenna	WLAN 2.4GHz Bluetooth

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	**Back**	**Front**	**Top Side**	**Bottom Side**	**Right Side**	**Left Side**
WWAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	122mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	38mm
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	118mm	60mm	≤ 25mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode Test distance: 10 mm						
Antennas	**Back**	**Front**	**Top Side**	**Bottom Side**	**Right Side**	**Left Side**
WWAN	Yes	Yes	NO	Yes	Yes	NO
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	NO	NO	Yes

1. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
2. Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge
3. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, for handsets the *test separation distance* is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user; which is 0mm for head SAR, 10mm for hotspot SAR, 10mm for body-worn SAR.

12. SAR Test Results

Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
   Scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
   Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg) Scaling Factor*
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel reported SAR ≤0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
3. For Hotspot SAR testing, per KDB 941225 D06v01r01, for EUT dimension ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 1cm. SAR must be measured for all surfaces and sides with a transmitting antenna located within 2.5cm from that surface or edge.

12.1 Test Records for Head SAR Test

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
1	GSM850	GSM Voice	Right Cheek	251	848.8	32.68	33.5	1.208	-0.11	0.155	0.187
2	GSM850	GSM Voice	Right Tilted	251	848.8	32.68	33.5	1.208	-0.01	0.086	0.104
3	**GSM850**	**GSM Voice**	**Left Cheek**	**251**	**848.8**	**32.68**	**33.5**	**1.208**	**-0.05**	**0.183**	**0.221**
4	GSM850	GSM Voice	Left Tilted	251	848.8	32.68	33.5	1.208	0.08	0.077	0.093
9	**GSM1900**	**GSM Voice**	**Right Cheek**	**512**	**1850.2**	**29**	**30**	**1.259**	**-0.05**	**0.097**	**0.122**
10	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Right Tilted	512	1850.2	29	30	1.259	-0.03	0.041	0.052
11	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	29	30	1.259	0.08	0.090	0.113
12	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Left Tilted	512	1850.2	29	30	1.259	0.01	0.061	0.077

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
5	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	4182	836.4	23.08	24	1.236	-0.01	0.201	0.248
6	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Tilted	4182	836.4	23.08	24	1.236	-0.02	0.126	0.156
7	**WCDMA Band V**	**RMC 12.2K**	**Left Cheek**	**4182**	**836.4**	**23.08**	**24**	**1.236**	**-0.08**	**0.224**	**0.277**
8	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Left Tilted	4182	836.4	23.08	24	1.236	0.04	0.104	0.129
13	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Cheek	9262	1852.4	22.85	23.5	1.161	0.01	0.158	0.184
14	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Tilted	9262	1852.4	22.85	23.5	1.161	-0.05	0.111	0.129
15	**WCDMA Band II**	**RMC 12.2K**	**Left Cheek**	**9262**	**1852.4**	**22.85**	**23.5**	**1.161**	**-0.01**	**0.190**	**0.221**
16	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Left Tilted	9262	1852.4	22.85	23.5	1.161	0.02	0.125	0.145

<WLAN2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Data Rate	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
49	**WLAN 2.4GHz**	**802.11b**	**1M**	**Right Cheek**	**11**	**2462**	**13.13**	**13.5**	**1.089**	**-0.10**	**0.048**	**0.052**
50	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b	1M	Right Tilted	11	2462	13.13	13.5	1.089	-0.09	0.027	0.029
51	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b	1M	Left Cheek	11	2462	13.13	13.5	1.089	0.09	0.00562	0.006
52	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b	1M	Left Tilted	11	2462	13.13	13.5	1.089	0.09	0.00856	0.009

12.2 Test Records for Hotspot SAR Test

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
17	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	251	848.8	29.22	29.5	1.067	-0.1	0.794	0.847
18	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	251	848.8	29.22	29.5	1.067	0.09	0.746	0.796
20	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Side	1	251	848.8	29.22	29.5	1.067	-0.05	0.166	0.177
21	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	251	848.8	29.22	29.5	1.067	0.06	0.539	0.575
24	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	128	824.2	29.17	29.5	1.079	-0.01	0.790	0.852
25	**GSM850**	**GPRS(4 Tx slots)**	**Front**	**1**	**189**	**836.4**	**29.21**	**29.5**	**1.069**	**-0.01**	**0.823**	**0.880**
32	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	810	1909.8	25.57	26	1.104	-0.11	0.508	0.561
33	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Back	1	810	1909.8	25.57	26	1.104	-0.05	0.666	0.735
35	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Right Side	1	810	1909.8	25.57	26	1.104	0.02	0.332	0.367
36	**GSM1900**	**GPRS(4 Tx slots)**	**Bottom Side**	**1**	**810**	**1909.8**	**25.57**	**26**	**1.104**	**0.10**	**0.866**	**0.956**
46	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	512	1850.2	25.55	26	1.109	0.02	0.728	0.807
47	GSM1900	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	661	1880	25.52	26	1.117	-0.01	0.819	0.915

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
26	**WCDMA Band V**	**RMC 12.2K**	**Front**	**1**	**4182**	**836.4**	**23.08**	**24**	**1.236**	**0.02**	**0.529**	**0.654**
27	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4182	836.4	23.08	24	1.236	-0.03	0.524	0.648
29	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	4182	836.4	23.08	24	1.236	-0.01	0.162	0.200
30	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	4182	836.4	23.08	24	1.236	-0.06	0.309	0.382
39	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	9262	1852.4	22.85	23.5	1.161	-0.13	0.534	0.620
40	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	9262	1852.4	22.85	23.5	1.161	-0.04	0.684	0.794
42	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Right Side	1	9262	1852.4	22.85	23.5	1.161	-0.03	0.450	0.523
43	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	9262	1852.4	22.85	23.5	1.161	-0.08	0.860	0.999
44	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	9400	1880	22.64	23.5	1.219	-0.01	0.945	1.152
45	**WCDMA Band II**	**RMC 12.2K**	**Bottom Side**	**1**	**9538**	**1907.6**	**22.52**	**23.5**	**1.253**	**-0.04**	**0.939**	**1.177**

Note: Per KDB 941225 D02v02r02, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA/DC-HSDPA/HSUPA, HSPA+ (16QAM in uplink) output power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC, or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2W/kg, HSDPA/HSUPA and HSPA+ (16QAM in uplink) SAR evaluation can be excluded.

<WLAN2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Data Rate	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
53	**WLAN 2.4GHz**	**802.11b**	**1M**	**Front**	**1**	**11**	**2462**	**13.13**	**13.5**	**1.089**	**-0.01**	**0.00729**	**0.008**
54	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b	1M	Back	1	11	2462	13.13	13.5	1.089	-0.16	0.00564	0.006
55	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b	1M	Left Side	1	11	2462	13.13	13.5	1.089	0.09	0.00595	0.006
56	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b	1M	Top Side	1	11	2462	13.13	13.5	1.089	0.09	0.00445	0.005

12.3 Test Records for Body Worn SAR Test

Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D06v01r01, when the same wireless modes and device transmission configurations are required for testing body-worn accessories and hotspot mode, it is not necessary to test body-worn accessory SAR for the same device orientation if the test separation distance for hotspot mode is more conservative than that used for body-worn accessories..
2. Body-worn exposure conditions are intended to voice call operations, therefore GSM voice call mode is selected to be tested.
3. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r01, when the *reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
22	**GSM850**	**GSM Voice**	**Front**	**1**	**251**	**848.8**	**32.68**	**33.5**	**1.208**	**-0.05**	**0.501**	**0.605**
23	GSM850	GSM Voice	Back	1	251	848.8	32.68	33.5	1.208	0.09	0.435	0.525
37	GSM1900	GSM Voice	Front	1	512	1850.2	29	30	1.259	-0.13	0.290	0.365
38	**GSM1900**	**GSM Voice**	**Back**	**1**	**512**	**1850.2**	**29**	**30**	**1.259**	**-0.12**	**0.352**	**0.443**

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
26	**WCDMA Band V**	**RMC 12.2K**	**Front**	**1**	**4182**	**836.4**	**23.08**	**24**	**1.236**	**0.02**	**0.529**	**0.654**
27	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2K	Back	1	4182	836.4	23.08	24	1.236	-0.03	0.524	0.648
39	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Front	1	9262	1852.4	22.85	23.5	1.161	-0.13	0.534	0.620
40	**WCDMA Band II**	**RMC 12.2K**	**Back**	**1**	**9262**	**1852.4**	**22.85**	**23.5**	**1.161**	**-0.04**	**0.684**	**0.794**

<WLAN2.4GHz SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Data Rate	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
53	**WLAN 2.4GHz**	**802.11b**	**1M**	**Front**	**1**	**11**	**2462**	**13.13**	**13.5**	**1.089**	**-0.01**	**0.00729**	**0.008**
54	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b	1M	Back	1	11	2462	13.13	13.5	1.089	-0.16	0.00564	0.006

12.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR_{1g} (W/kg)	Reported SAR_{1g} (W/kg)
25	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	189	836.4	29.21	29.5	1.069	-0.01	0.823	0.880
31	GSM850	GPRS(4 Tx slots)	Front	1	189	836.4	29.21	29.5	1.069	-0.02	0.753	0.805
44	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	9400	1880	22.64	23.5	1.219	-0.01	0.945	1.152
48	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2K	Bottom Side	1	9400	1880	22.64	23.5	1.219	-0.03	0.937	1.142

Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r01, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r01, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

12.5 Highest SAR Plot

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

25 GSM850_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Front_1cm_Ch189

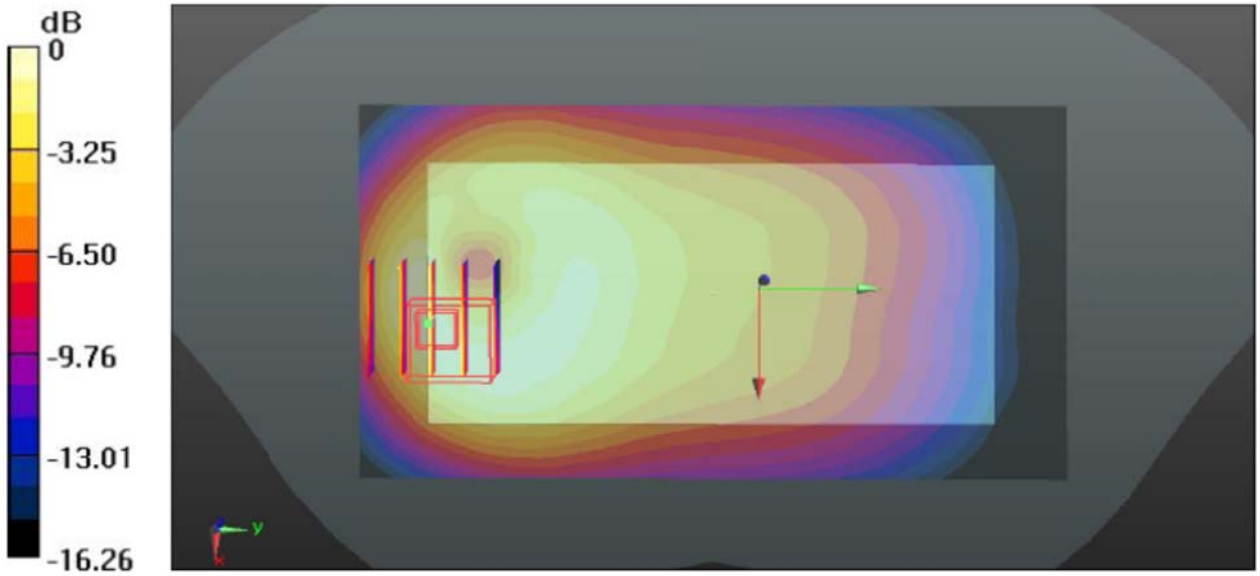
DUT: 380112

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.968 mho/m; ε_r = 55.391; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch189/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 34.390 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.344 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.823 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.495 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 W/kg



0 dB = 1.09 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.08.2013

36 GSM1900_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch810

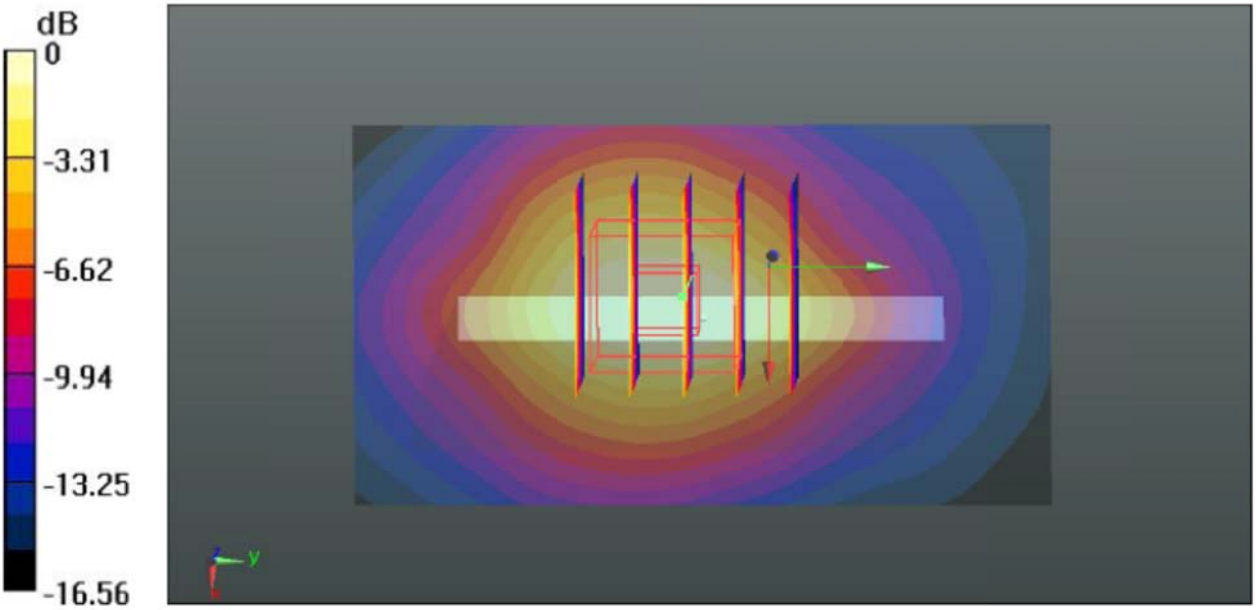
DUT: 380112

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.544 mho/m; ε_r = 54.586; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch810/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.295 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.470 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.866 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.485 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg



0 dB = 1.17 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

26 WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2K_Front_1cm_Ch4182

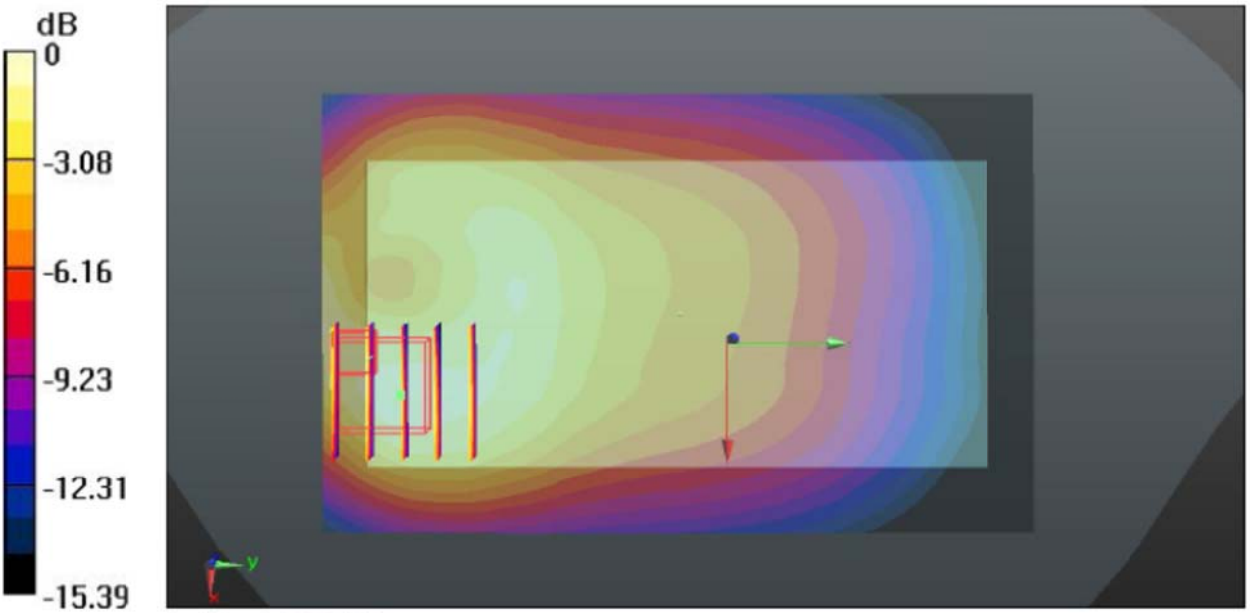
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.968 mho/m; ε_r = 55.391; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4182/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.682 W/kg

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 26.321 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.877 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.529 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.314 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.704 W/kg



0 dB = 0.704 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.08.2013

45 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch9538

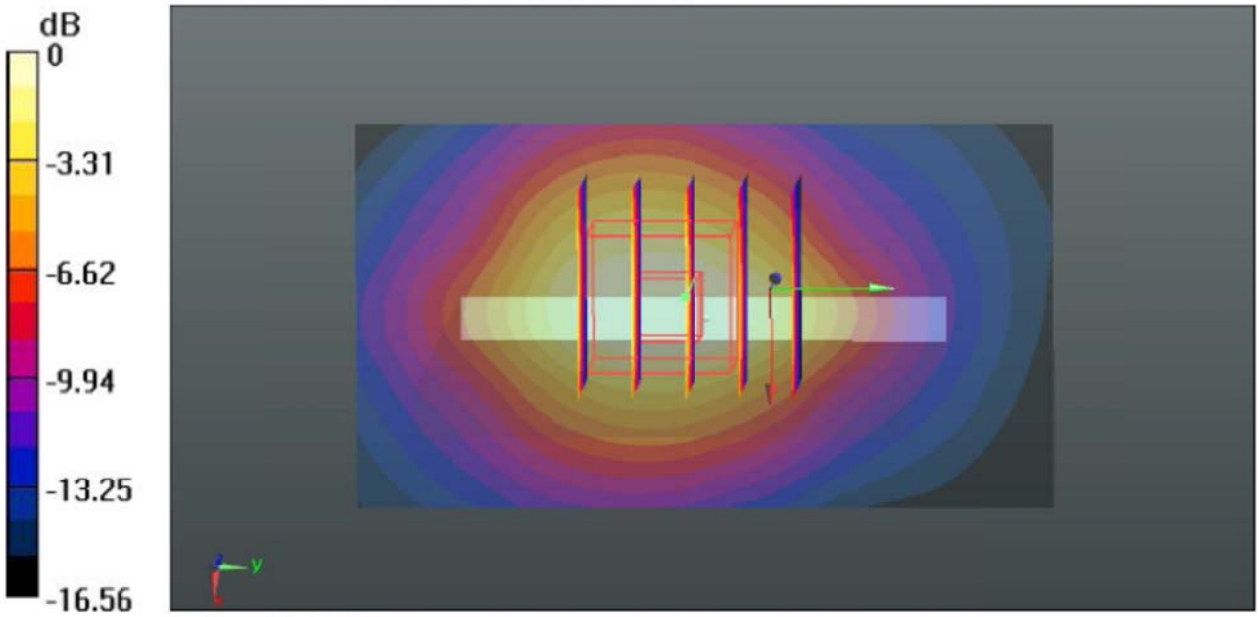
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1908 MHz; σ = 1.542 mho/m; ε_r = 54.591; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9538/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.33 W/kg

Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 29.051 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.590 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.939 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.530 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 W/kg



0 dB = 1.26 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 13.08.2013

49 WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_Right Cheek_Ch11

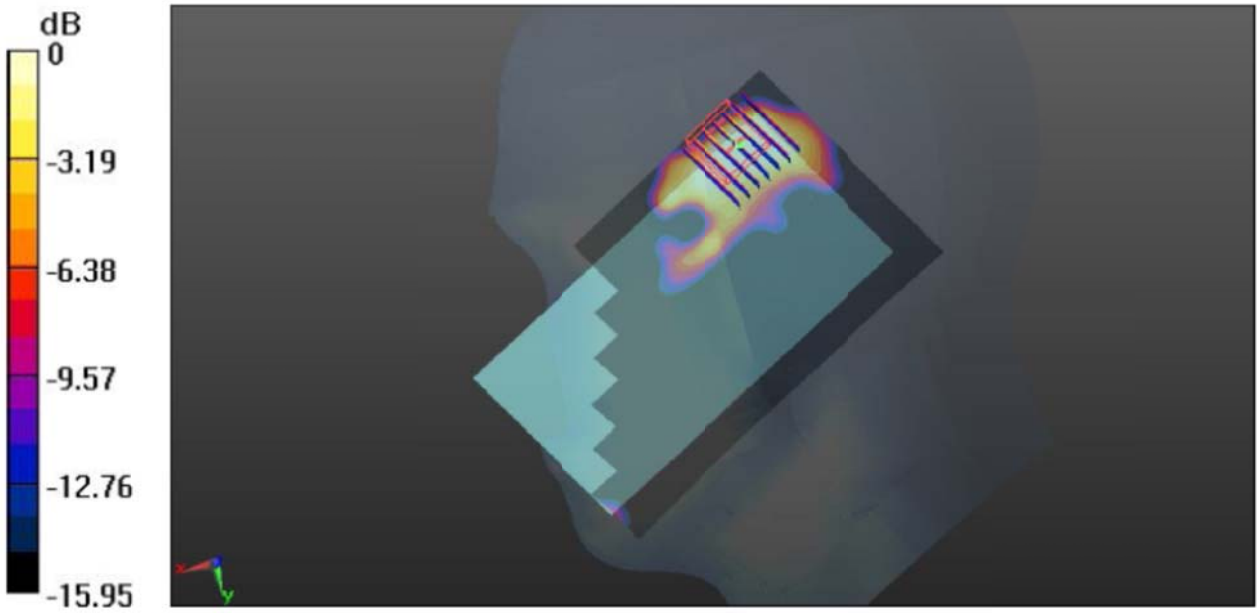
DUT: 380112

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_130813 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.838 mho/m; ε_r = 37.887; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(6.99, 6.99, 6.99); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.269 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.453 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.117 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.048 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0808 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0808 W/kg

13. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Phone			Note
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	
1.	GSM(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	-	
2.	WCDMA(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	-	
3.	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	-	
4.	WCDMA((Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	-	
5.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	-	-	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
6.	WCDMA(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
7.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	-	-	Yes	
8.	WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	

Note:

1. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
2. GSM/WCDMA share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously
3. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
4. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
   i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
   ii) SPLSR = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}$ / (*min. separation distance, mm*), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan
   If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
   iii) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg
5. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v05r01 based on the formula below.
   i) (*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance, mm*)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm; where *x* = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and *x* = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
   ii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the *test separation distances* is > 50 mm.

In this report, 50mm separation is applied to conservatively estimate SAR value for separation distance > 50mm

Bluetooth				
Tune-up Maximum power (dBm)	Exposure Position	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot
	Test separation (mm)	0	10	10
	Antenna to user distance (mm)	0	10	10
7	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.210	0.105	0.105

13.1 Head Exposure Conditions

Position	WWAN-PCE			WLAN 2.4GHz -DTS		Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR ≤ 0.04	Case No
	WWAN Band	Plot No	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)			
Right Cheek	GSM850	1	0.187	49	0.052	**0.24**		
	GSM1900	9	0.122	49	0.052	**0.17**		
	WCDMA Band V	5	0.248	49	0.052	**0.30**		
	WCDMA Band II	13	0.184	49	0.052	**0.24**		
Right Tilted	GSM850	2	0.104	50	0.029	**0.13**		
	GSM1900	10	0.052	50	0.029	**0.08**		
	WCDMA Band V	6	0.156	50	0.029	**0.19**		
	WCDMA Band II	14	0.129	50	0.029	**0.16**		
Left Cheek	GSM850	3	0.221	51	0.006	**0.23**		
	GSM1900	11	0.113	51	0.006	**0.12**		
	WCDMA Band V	7	0.277	51	0.006	**0.28**		
	WCDMA Band II	15	0.221	51	0.006	**0.23**		
Left Tilted	GSM850	4	0.093	52	0.009	**0.10**		
	GSM1900	12	0.077	52	0.009	**0.09**		
	WCDMA Band V	8	0.129	52	0.009	**0.14**		
	WCDMA Band II	16	0.145	52	0.009	**0.15**		

Position	WWAN-PCE			Bluetooth-DSS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR ≤ 0.04	Case No
	WWAN Band	Plot No	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)			
Right Cheek	GSM850	1	0.187	0.210	**0.40**		
	GSM1900	9	0.122	0.210	**0.33**		
	WCDMA Band V	5	0.248	0.210	**0.46**		
	WCDMA Band II	13	0.184	0.210	**0.39**		
Right Tilted	GSM850	2	0.104	0.210	**0.31**		
	GSM1900	10	0.052	0.210	**0.26**		
	WCDMA Band V	6	0.156	0.210	**0.37**		
	WCDMA Band II	14	0.129	0.210	**0.34**		
Left Cheek	GSM850	3	0.221	0.210	**0.43**		
	GSM1900	11	0.113	0.210	**0.32**		
	WCDMA Band V	7	0.277	0.210	**0.49**		
	WCDMA Band II	15	0.221	0.210	**0.43**		
Left Tilted	GSM850	4	0.093	0.210	**0.30**		
	GSM1900	12	0.077	0.210	**0.29**		
	WCDMA Band V	8	0.129	0.210	**0.34**		
	WCDMA Band II	16	0.145	0.210	**0.36**		

13.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

Position	WWAN-PCE			WLAN 2.4GHz -DTS		Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR ≤ 0.04	Case No
	WWAN Band	Plot No	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)			
Front	GSM850	25	0.880	53	0.008	**0.89**		
	GSM1900	32	0.561	53	0.008	**0.57**		
	WCDMA Band V	26	0.654	53	0.008	**0.66**		
	WCDMA Band II	39	0.620	53	0.008	**0.63**		
Back	GSM850	18	0.796	54	0.006	**0.80**		
	GSM1900	33	0.735	54	0.006	**0.74**		
	WCDMA Band V	27	0.648	54	0.006	**0.65**		
	WCDMA Band II	40	0.794	54	0.006	**0.80**		
Left Side	GSM850			55	0.006	**0.01**		
	GSM1900			55	0.006	**0.01**		
	WCDMA Band V			55	0.006	**0.01**		
	WCDMA Band II			55	0.006	**0.01**		
Right Side	GSM850	20	0.177			**0.18**		
	GSM1900	35	0.367			**0.37**		
	WCDMA Band V	29	0.200			**0.20**		
	WCDMA Band II	42	0.523			**0.52**		
Top Side	GSM850			56	0.005	**0.01**		
	GSM1900			56	0.005	**0.01**		
	WCDMA Band V			56	0.005	**0.01**		
	WCDMA Band II			56	0.005	**0.01**		
Bottom Side	GSM850	21	0.575			**0.58**		
	GSM1900	36	0.956			**0.96**		
	WCDMA Band V	30	0.382			**0.38**		
	WCDMA Band II	45	1.177			**1.18**		

Position	WWAN-PCE			Bluetooth-DSS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR ≤ 0.04	Case No
	WWAN Band	Plot No	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)			
Front	GSM850	25	0.880	0.105	**0.99**		
	GSM1900	32	0.561	0.105	**0.67**		
	WCDMA Band V	26	0.654	0.105	**0.76**		
	WCDMA Band II	39	0.620	0.105	**0.73**		
Back	GSM850	18	0.796	0.105	**0.90**		
	GSM1900	33	0.735	0.105	**0.84**		
	WCDMA Band V	27	0.648	0.105	**0.75**		
	WCDMA Band II	40	0.794	0.105	**0.90**		
Left Side	GSM850			0.105	**0.11**		
	GSM1900			0.105	**0.11**		
	WCDMA Band V			0.105	**0.11**		
	WCDMA Band II			0.105	**0.11**		
Right Side	GSM850	20	0.177		**0.18**		
	GSM1900	35	0.367		**0.37**		
	WCDMA Band V	29	0.200		**0.20**		
	WCDMA Band II	42	0.523		**0.52**		
Top Side	GSM850			0.105	**0.11**		
	GSM1900			0.105	**0.11**		
	WCDMA Band V			0.105	**0.11**		
	WCDMA Band II			0.105	**0.11**		
Bottom Side	GSM850	21	0.575		**0.58**		
	GSM1900	36	0.956		**0.96**		
	WCDMA Band V	30	0.382		**0.38**		
	WCDMA Band II	45	1.177		**1.18**		

13.3 Body-Worn Exposure Conditions

Position	WWAN-PCE			WLAN 2.4GHz -DTS		Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR ≤ 0.04	Case No
	WWAN Band	Plot No	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Plot No	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)			
Front	GSM850	22	0.605	53	0.008	**0.61**		
	GSM1900	37	0.365	53	0.008	**0.37**		
	WCDMA Band V	26	0.654	53	0.008	**0.66**		
	WCDMA Band II	39	0.620	53	0.008	**0.63**		
Back	GSM850	23	0.525	54	0.006	**0.53**		
	GSM1900	38	0.443	54	0.006	**0.45**		
	WCDMA Band V	27	0.648	54	0.006	**0.65**		
	WCDMA Band II	40	0.794	54	0.006	**0.80**		

Position	WWAN-PCE			Bluetooth-DSS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR ≤ 0.04	Case No
	WWAN Band	Plot No	Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Estimated SAR (W/kg)			
Front	GSM850	22	0.605	0.105	**0.71**		
	GSM1900	37	0.365	0.105	**0.47**		
	WCDMA Band V	26	0.654	0.105	**0.76**		
	WCDMA Band II	39	0.620	0.105	**0.73**		
Back	GSM850	23	0.525	0.105	**0.63**		
	GSM1900	38	0.443	0.105	**0.55**		
	WCDMA Band V	27	0.648	0.105	**0.75**		
	WCDMA Band II	40	0.794	0.105	**0.90**		

Test Engineer： Alden Liu and Vita Chen

14. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 12.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor[(a)]	1/k[(b)]	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 14.1 Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.0 %	± 10.8 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	
Expanded Uncertainty						**± 22.0 %**	**± 21.5 %**

Table 14.2 Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

15. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”

[2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992

[3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, “Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, December 2003

[4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

[5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, “SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters”, May 2007

[6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r01, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, May 2013

[7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r01, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets”, May 2013

[8] FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, “Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM / GPRS / EDGE”, December 2008

[9] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v02, “SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices – CDMA 2000 / Ev-Do / WCDMA / HSDPA / HSPA”, October 2007

[10] FCC KDB 941225 D02 v02r02, “SAR Guidance for HSPA, HSPA+, DC-HSDPA and 1x-Advanced”, May 2013.

[11] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v01r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", May 2013

Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

System Check_Head_835MHz_130810

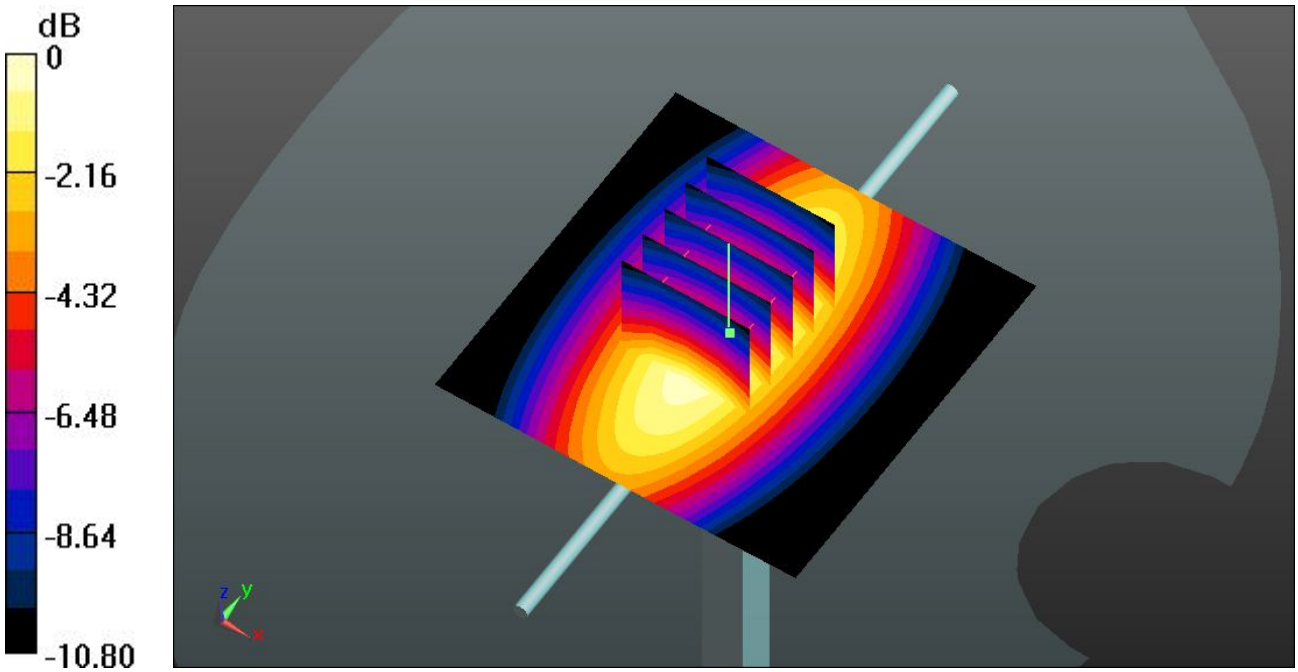
DUT: D835V2-SN:4d151

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.91 mho/m; ε_r = 42.91; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.21 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 60.389 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.810 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 2.53 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.65 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.21 W/kg



0 dB = 3.21 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

System Check_Head_1900MHz_130810

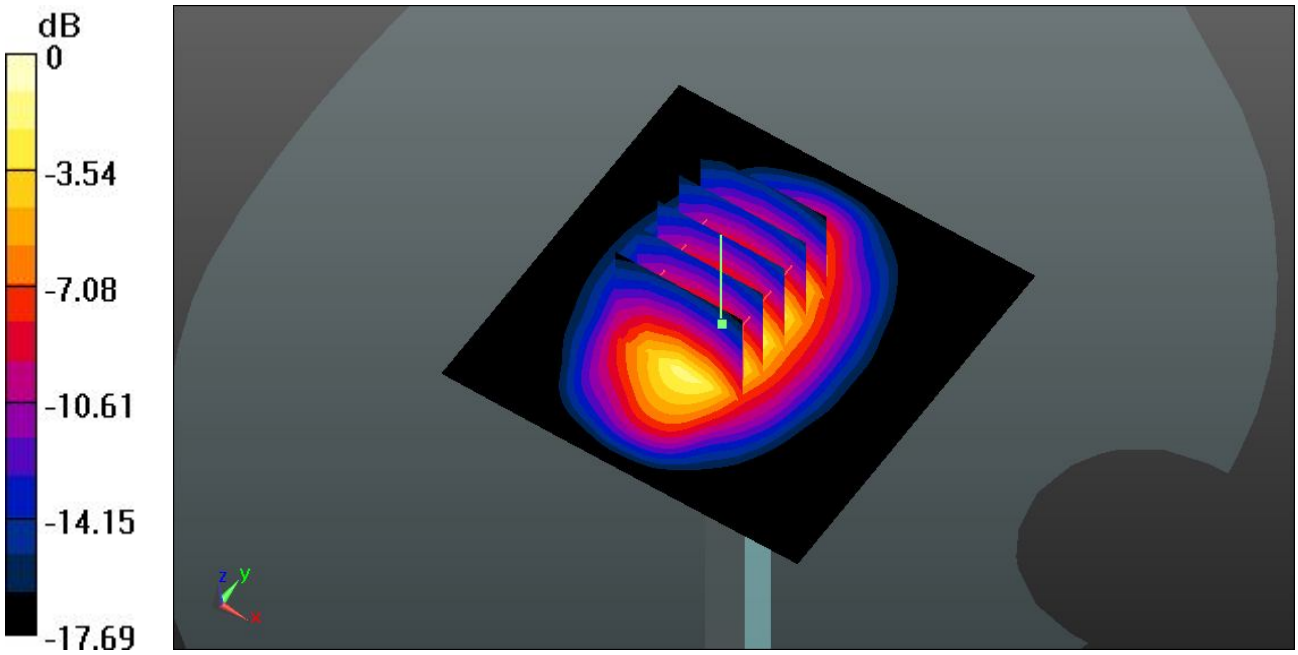
DUT: D1900V2-SN:5d170

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.419 mho/m; ε_r = 40.609; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.8 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 98.041 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.488 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 9.62 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.01 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.6 W/kg



0 dB = 13.6 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 13.08.2013

System Check_Head_2450MHz_130813

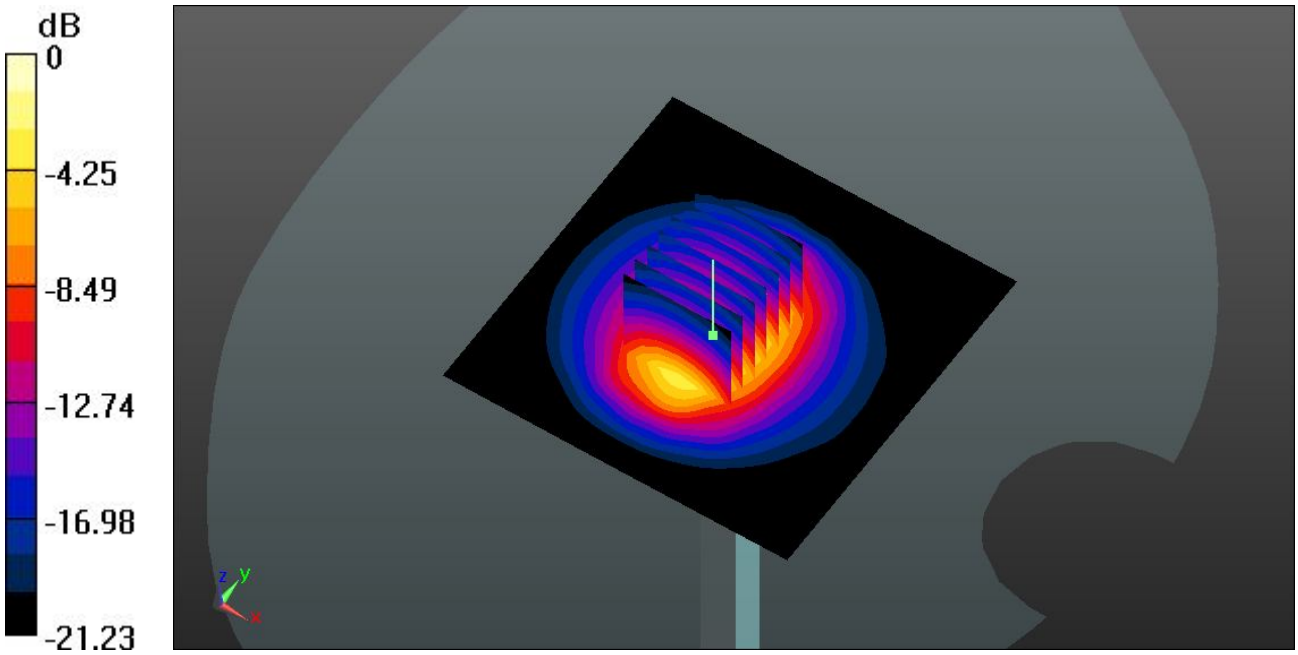
DUT: D2450V2-SN:840

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_130813 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.823 mho/m; ε_r = 37.953; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(6.99, 6.99, 6.99); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.5 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 87.980 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.041 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 12.6 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.87 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg



0 dB = 19.3 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

System Check_Body_835MHz_130810

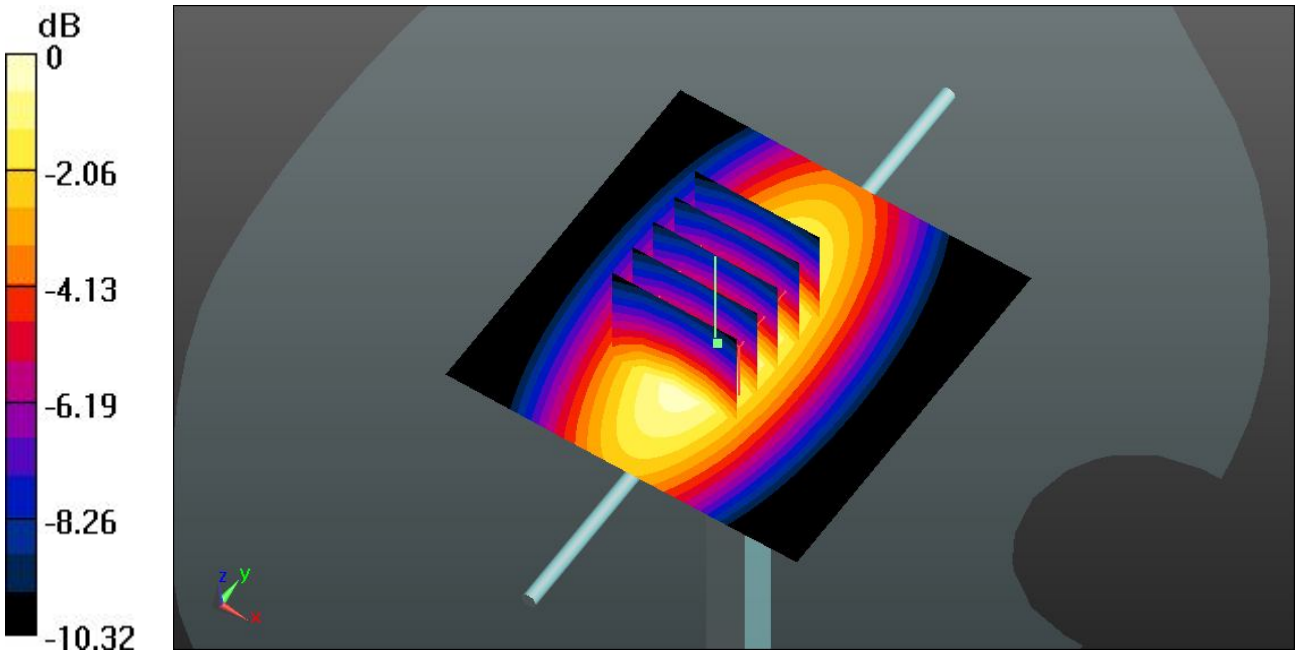
DUT: D835V2-SN:4d151

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.967 mho/m; ε_r = 55.405; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.38 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 49.462 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.243 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 2.21 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.45 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.37 W/kg



0 dB = 2.37 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.08.2013

System Check_Body_1900MHz_130812

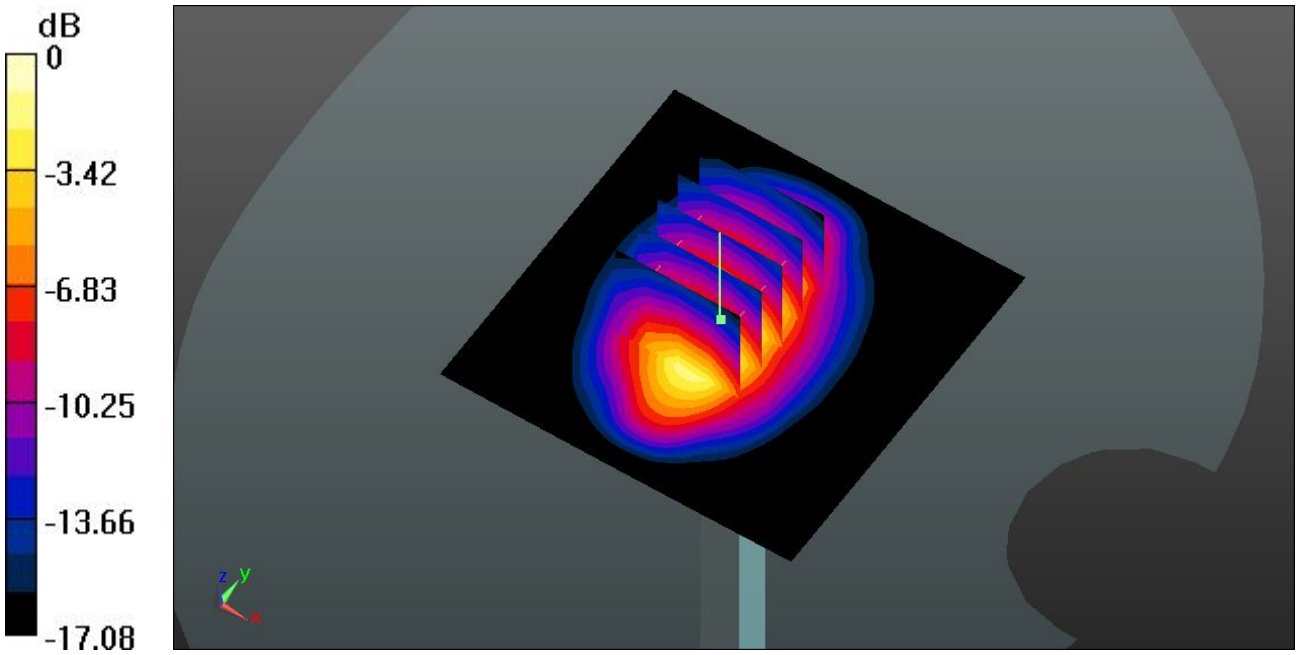
DUT: D1900V2-SN:4d170

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.533 mho/m; ε_r = 54.611; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.2 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 81.896 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.516 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 9.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 4.91 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.1 W/kg



0 dB = 13.1 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 14.08.2013

System Check_Body_2450MHz_130814

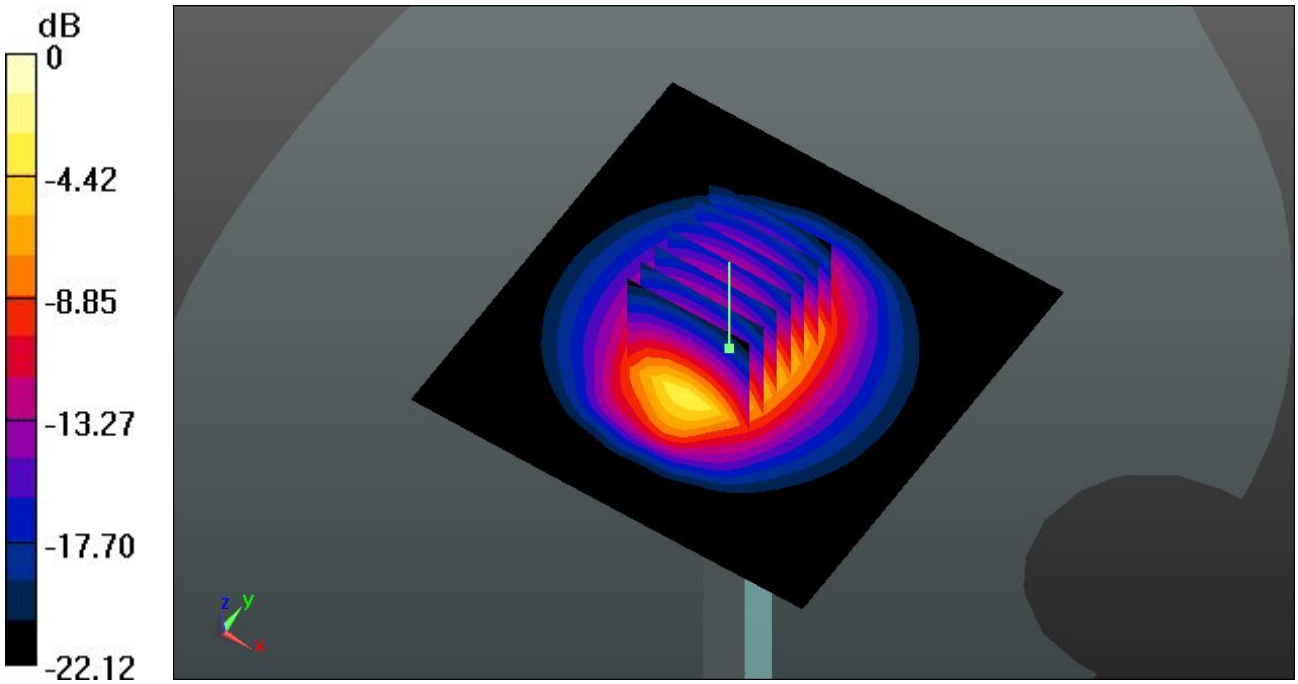
DUT: D2450V2-SN:840

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_130814 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.936 mho/m; ε_r = 51.503; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 20.9 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 88.812 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.435 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 13.5 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.21 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.8 W/kg



0 dB = 20.8 W/kg

Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

01 GSM850_GSM Voice_Right Cheek_Ch251

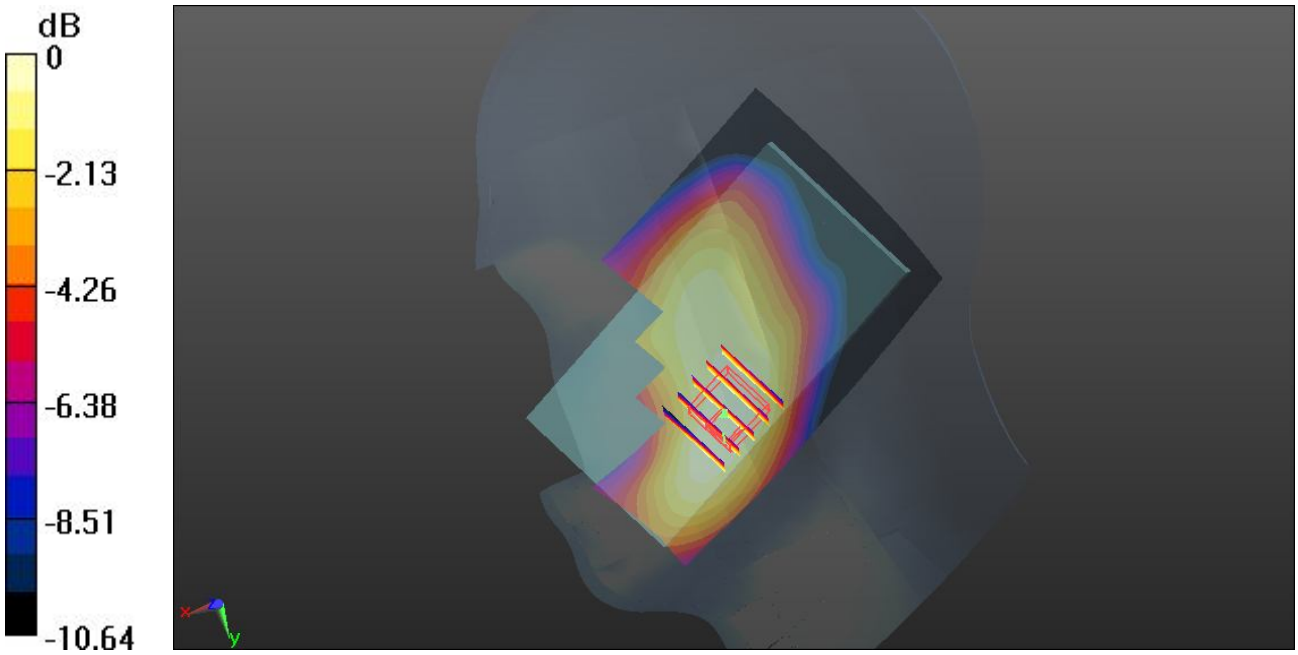
DUT: 380112

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: HSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.925 mho/m; ε_r = 42.729; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.181 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.930 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.200 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.155 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.114 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.178 W/kg



0 dB = 0.178 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

02 GSM850_GSM Voice_Right Tilted_Ch251

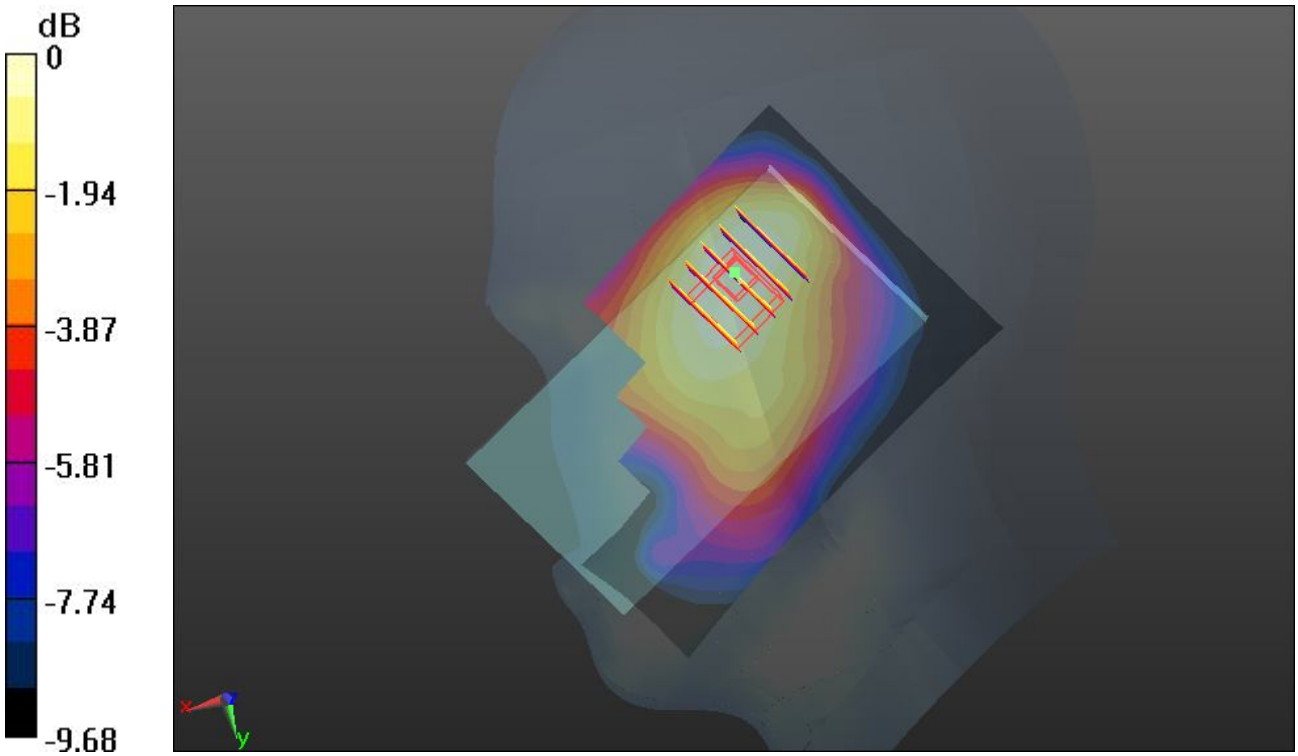
DUT: 380112

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: HSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.925 mho/m; ε_r = 42.729; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.100 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.430 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.109 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.086 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.067 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0992 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0992 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

03 GSM850_GSM Voice_Left Cheek_Ch251

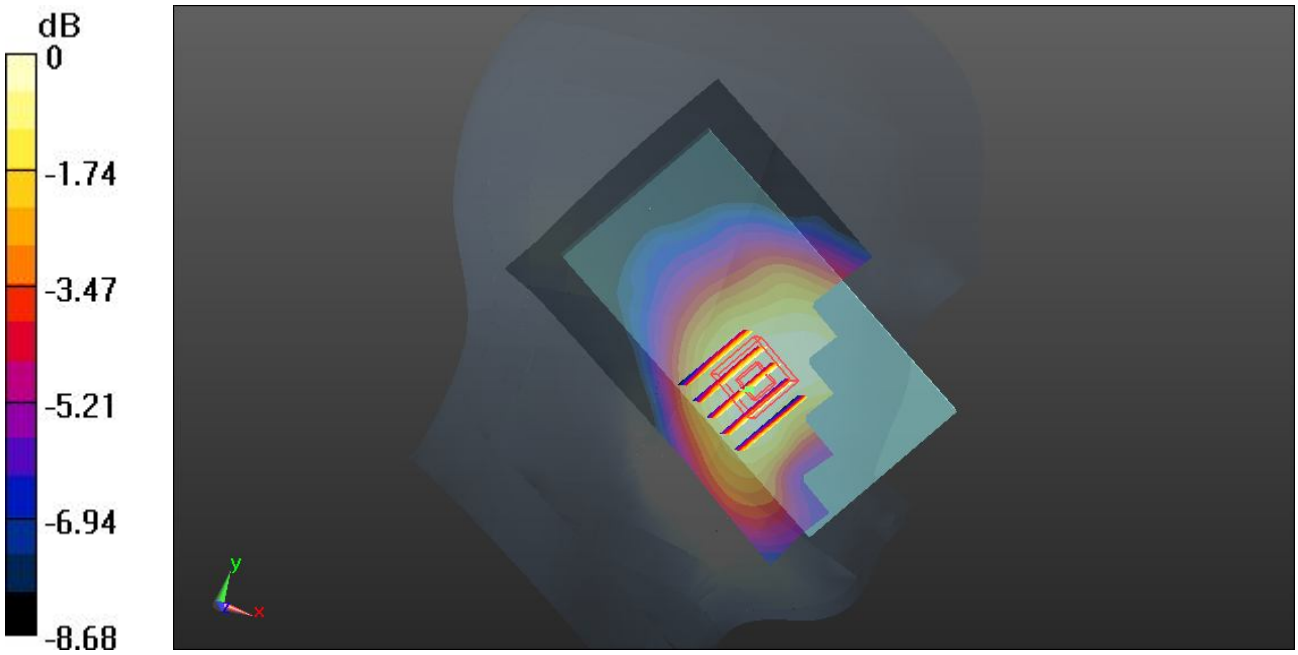
DUT: 380112

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: HSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.925 mho/m; ε_r = 42.729; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.207 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.936 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.217 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.183 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.146 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.202 W/kg



0 dB = 0.202 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

04 GSM850_GSM Voice_Left Tilted_Ch251

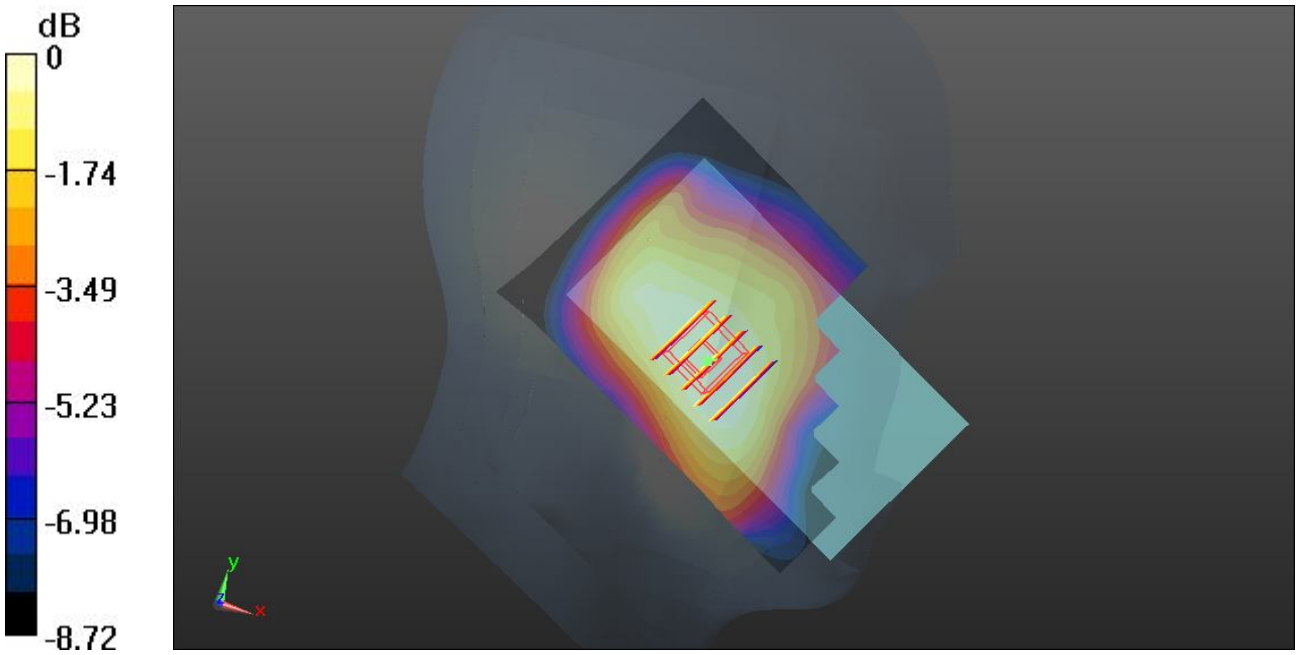
DUT: 380112

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: HSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.925 mho/m; ε_r = 42.729; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0879 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 9.784 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.094 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.077 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.061 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0868 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0868 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

09 GSM1900_GSM Voice_Right Cheek_Ch512

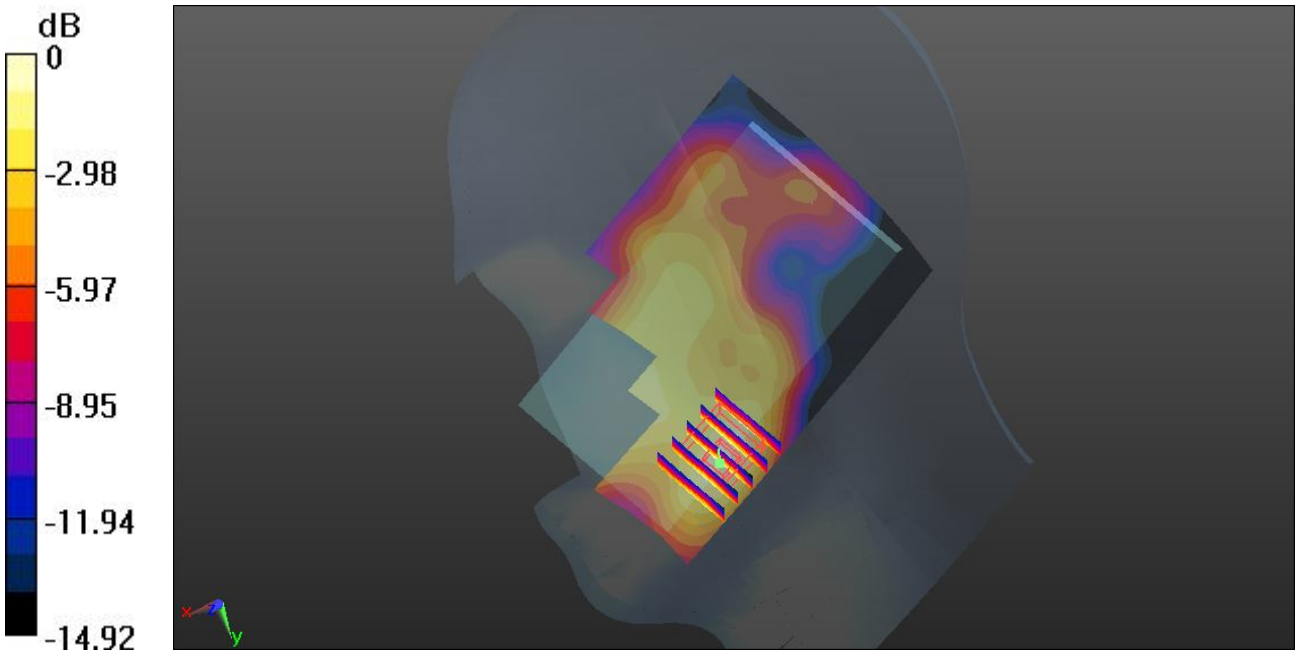
DUT: 380112

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: HSL_1900_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.362 mho/m; ε_r = 40.819; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.134 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.403 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.169 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.097 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.055 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.136 W/kg



0 dB = 0.136 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

10 GSM1900_GSM Voice_Right Tilted_Ch512

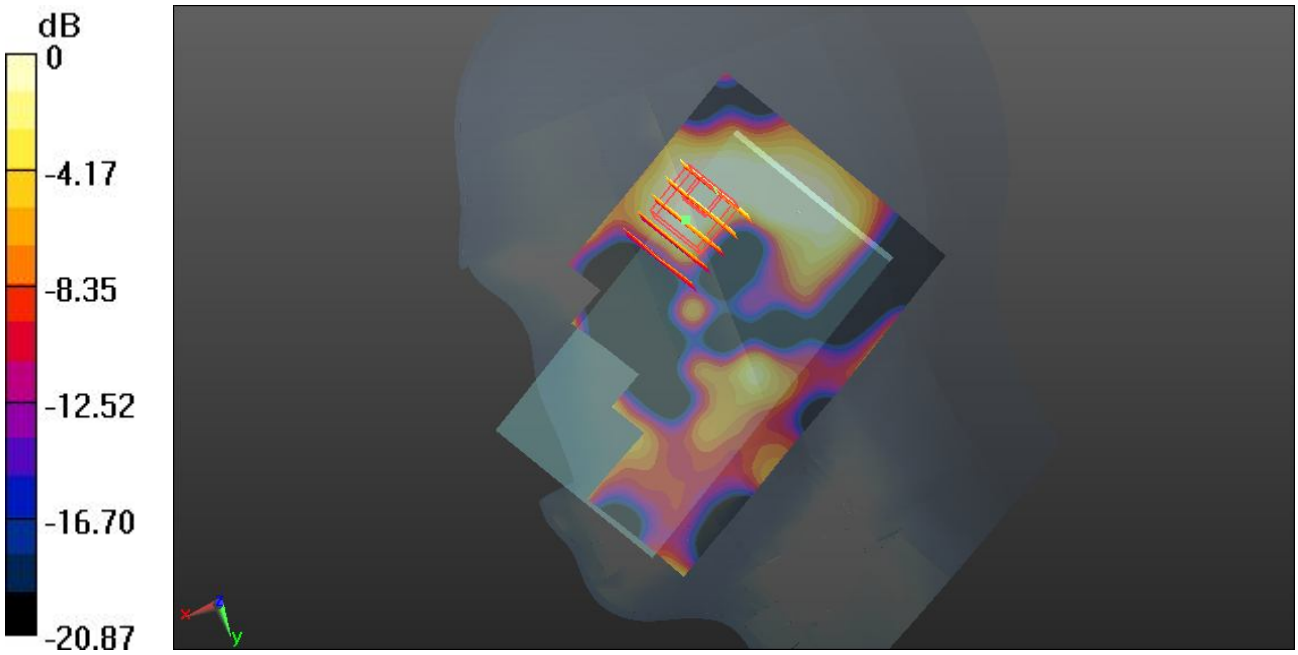
DUT: 380112

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: HSL_1900_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.362 mho/m; ε_r = 40.819; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0892 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.971 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.165 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.041 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0563 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0563 W/kg

11 GSM1900_GSM Voice_Left Cheek_Ch512

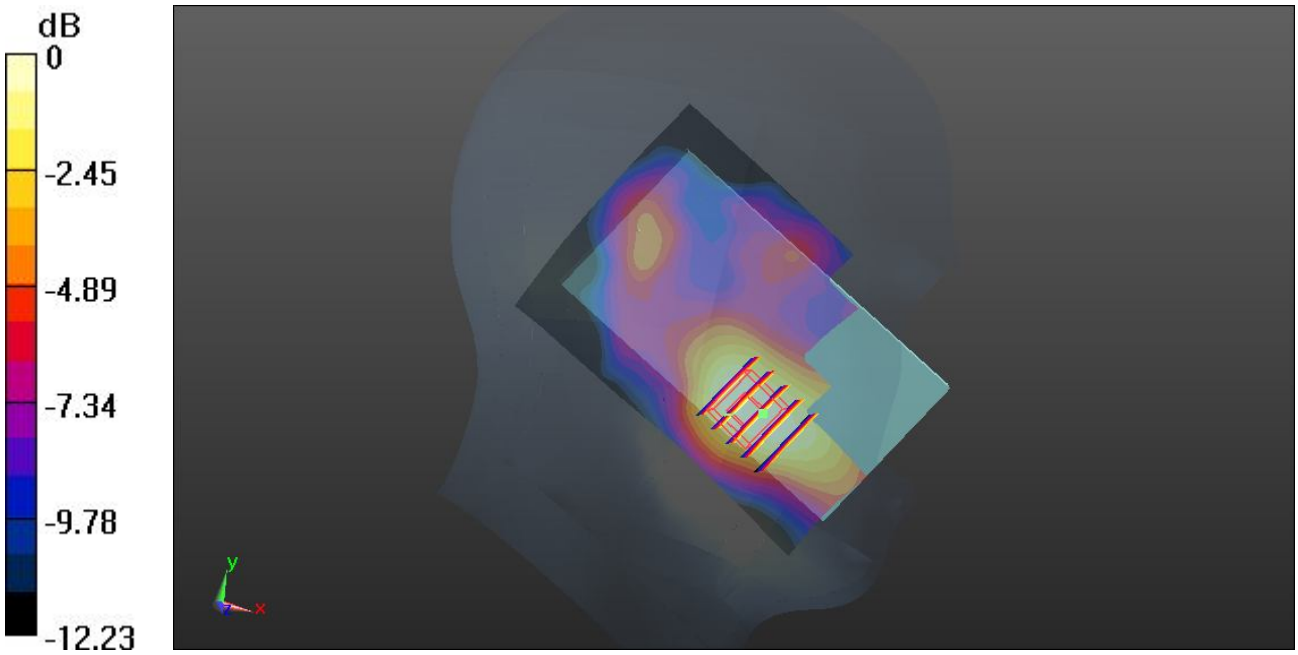
DUT: 380112

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: HSL_1900_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.362 mho/m; ε_r = 40.819; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.110 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.901 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.127 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.090 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.059 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.108 W/kg



0 dB = 0.108 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

12 GSM1900_GSM Voice_Left Tilted_Ch512

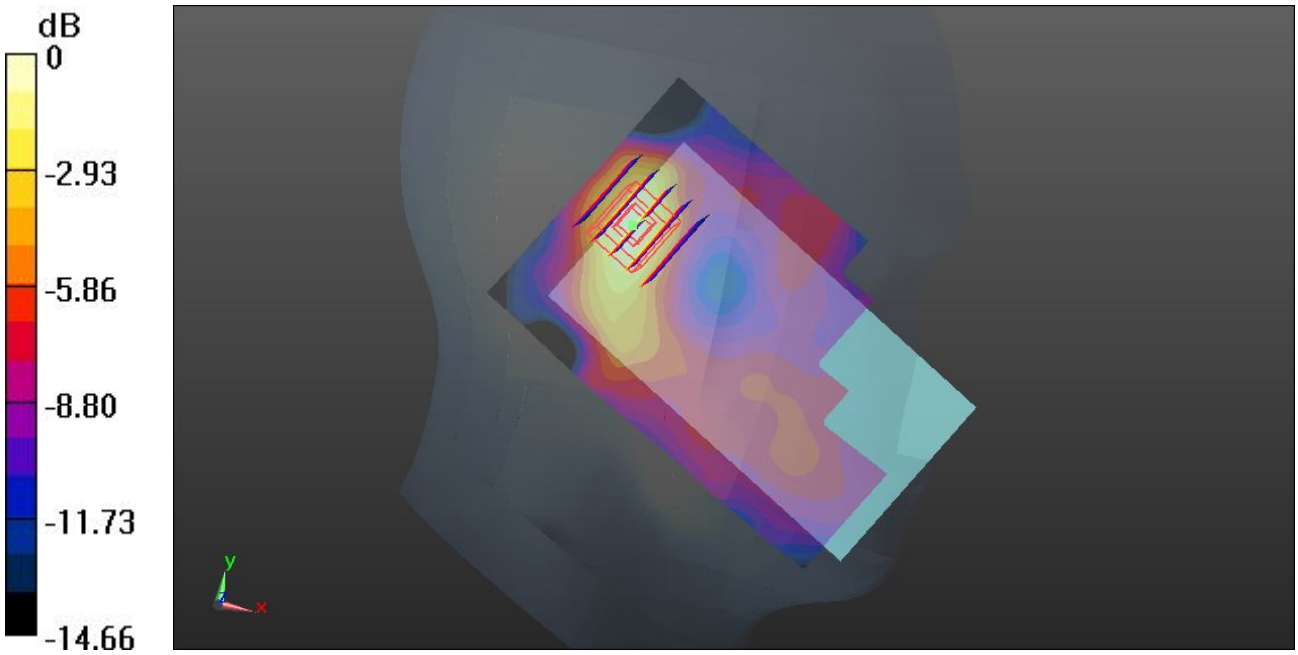
DUT: 380112

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: HSL_1900_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.362 mho/m; ε_r = 40.819; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0750 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.821 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.101 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.061 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.034 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0831 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0831 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

05 WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2K_Right Cheek_Ch4182

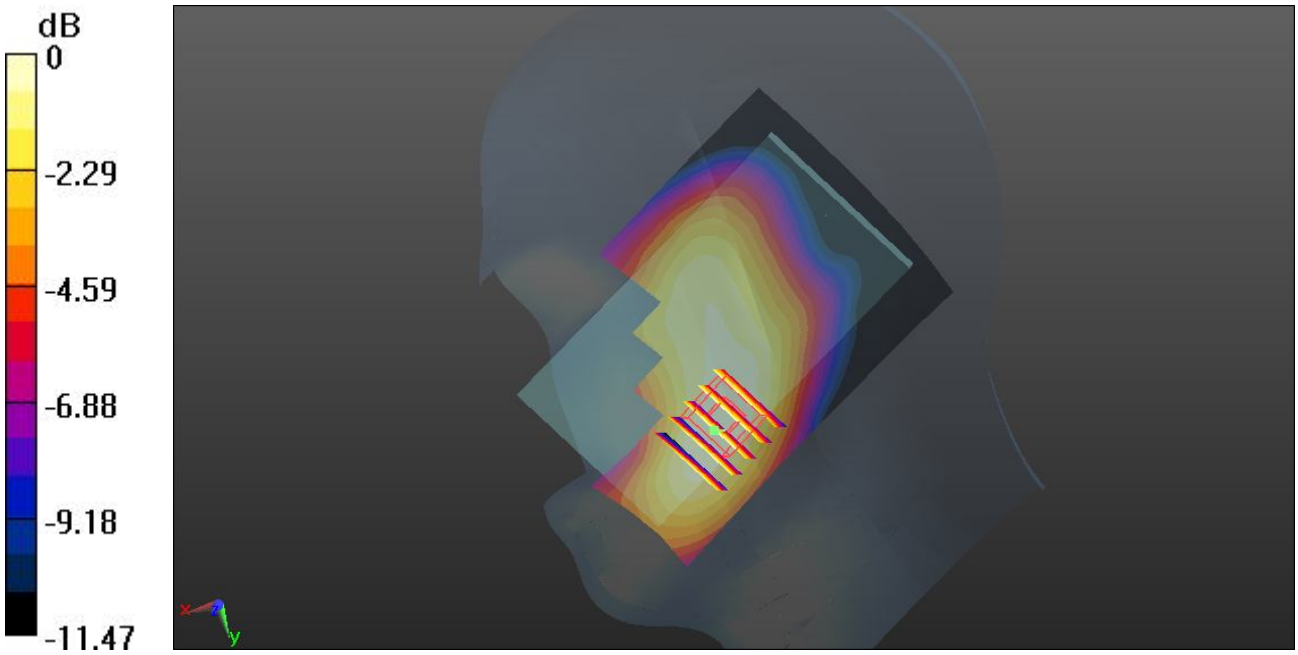
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.912 mho/m; ε_r = 42.893; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4182/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.236 W/kg

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 16.133 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.258 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.201 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.147 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.233 W/kg



0 dB = 0.233 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

06 WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2K_Right Tilted_Ch4182

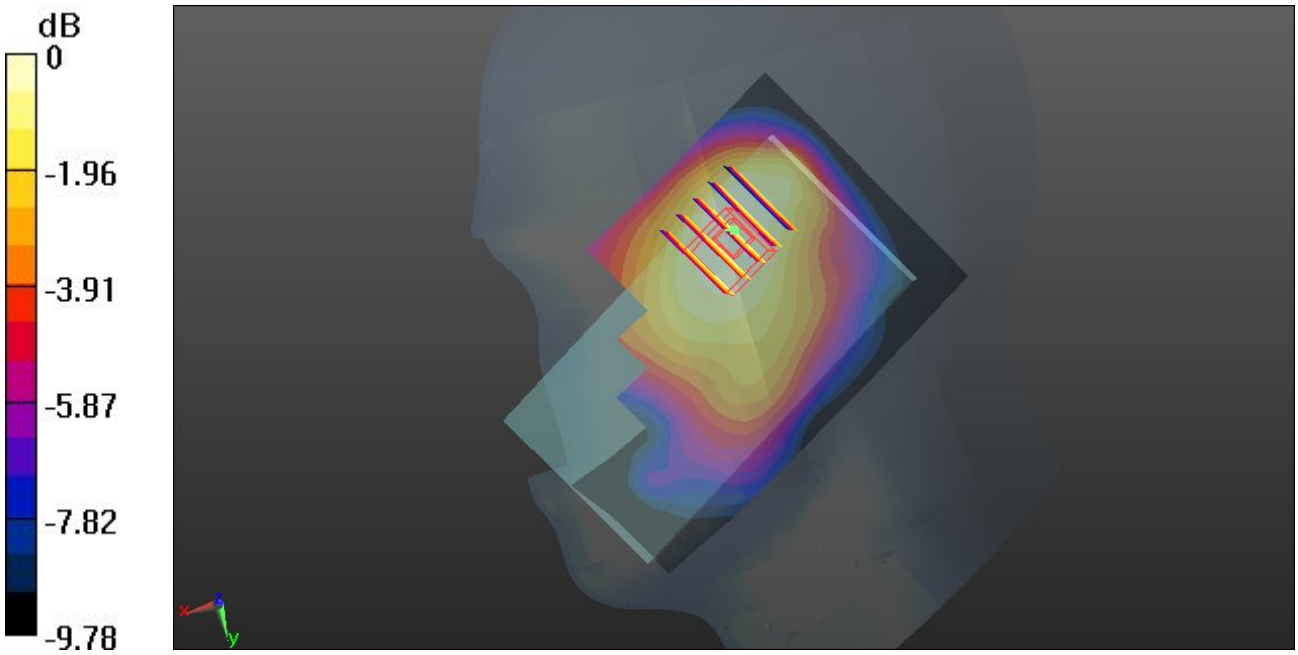
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.912 mho/m; ε_r = 42.893; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4182/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.148 W/kg

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 12.670 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.162 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.126 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.098 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.146 W/kg



0 dB = 0.146 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

07 WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2K_Left Cheek_Ch4182

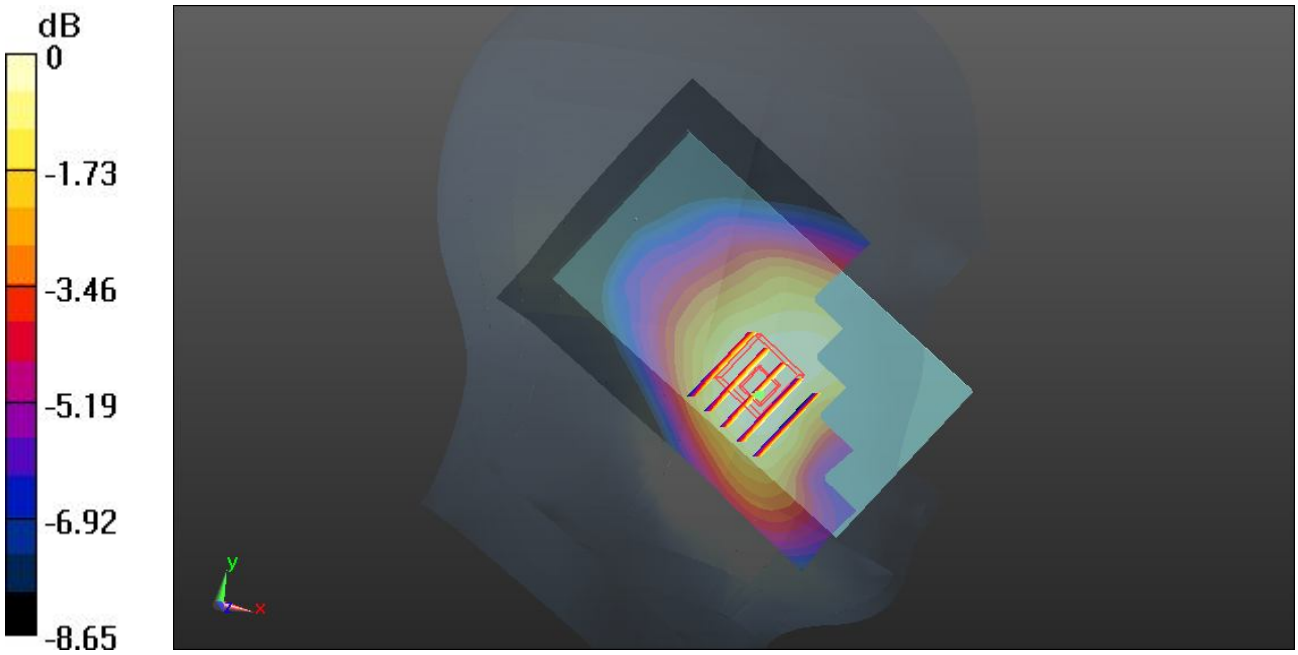
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.912 mho/m; ε_r = 42.893; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4182/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.253 W/kg

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 16.715 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.263 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.224 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.178 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.247 W/kg



0 dB = 0.247 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

08 WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2K_Left Tilted_Ch4182

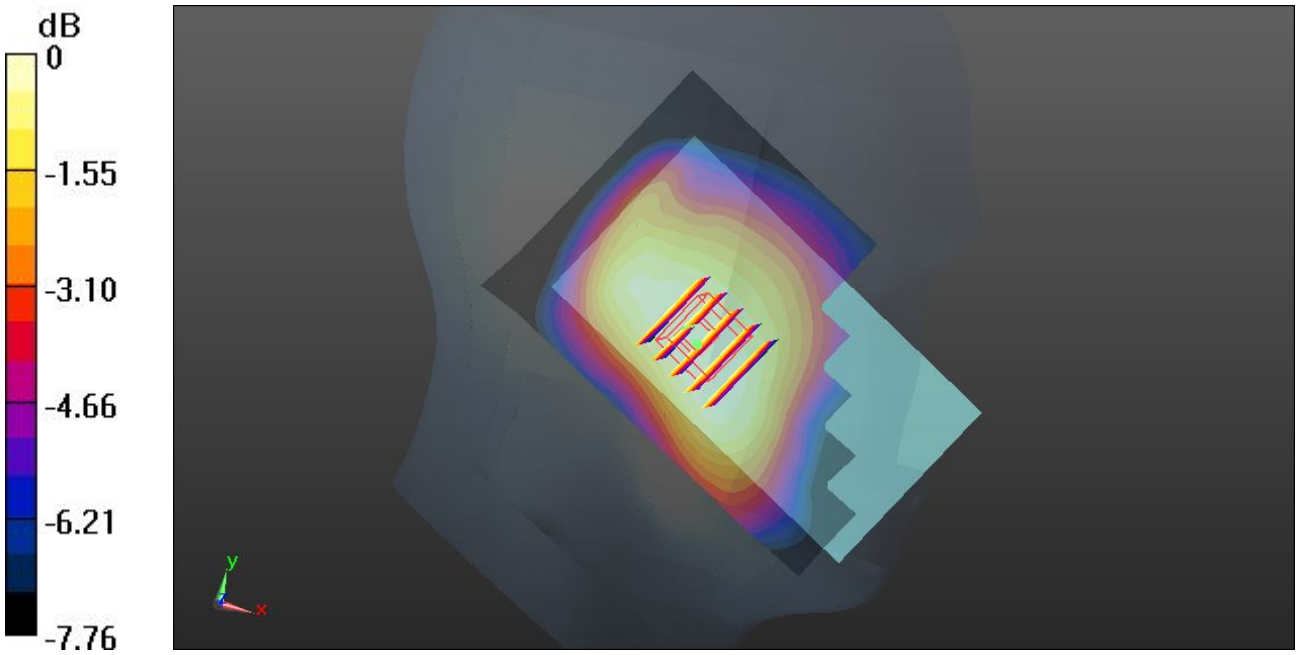
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.912 mho/m; ε_r = 42.893; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.56, 9.56, 9.56); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4182/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.119 W/kg

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.433 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.127 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.104 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.083 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.117 W/kg



0 dB = 0.117 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

13 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Right Cheek_Ch9262

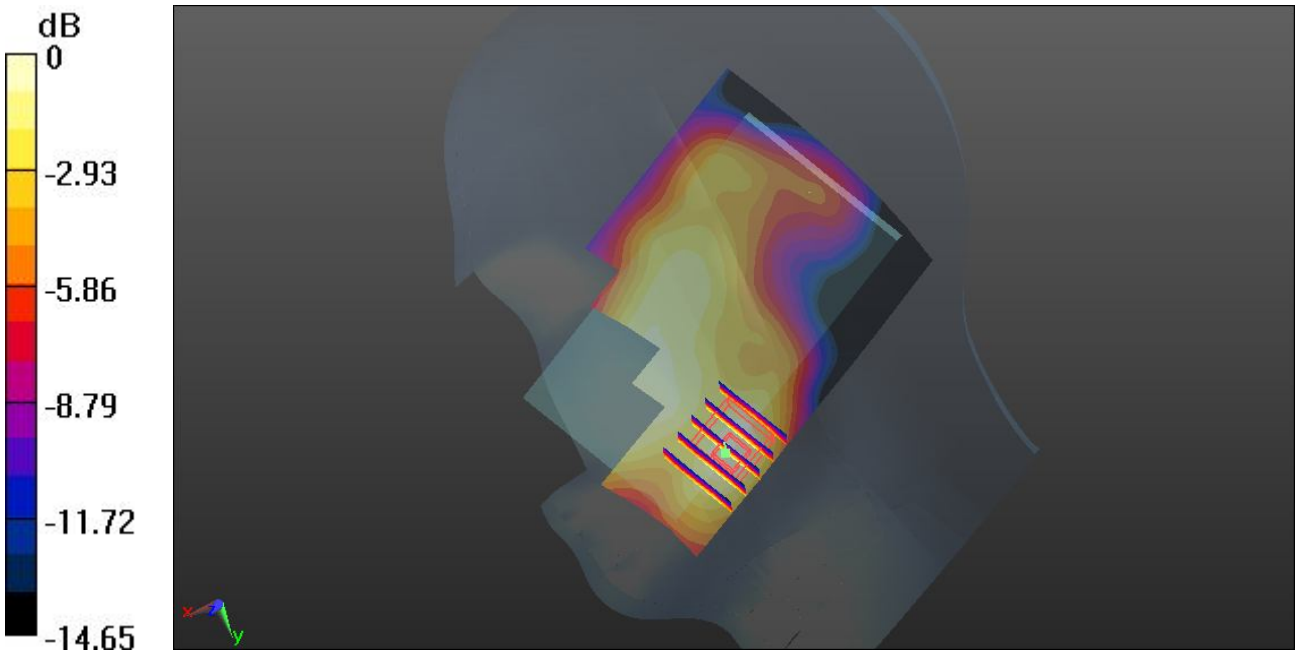
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.364 mho/m; ε_r = 40.803; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.222 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 3.657 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.270 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.158 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.216 W/kg



0 dB = 0.216 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

14 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Right Tilted_Ch9262

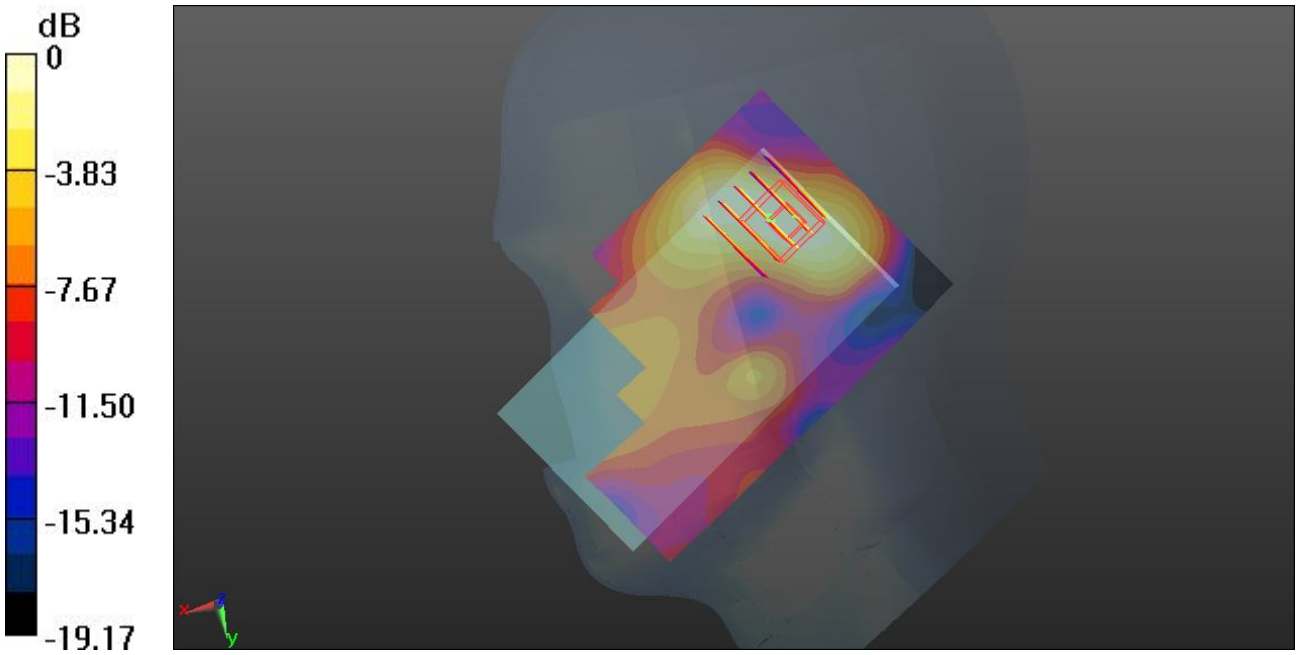
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.364 mho/m; ε_r = 40.803; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.148 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.863 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.177 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.111 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.136 W/kg



0 dB = 0.136 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

15 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Left Cheek_Ch9262

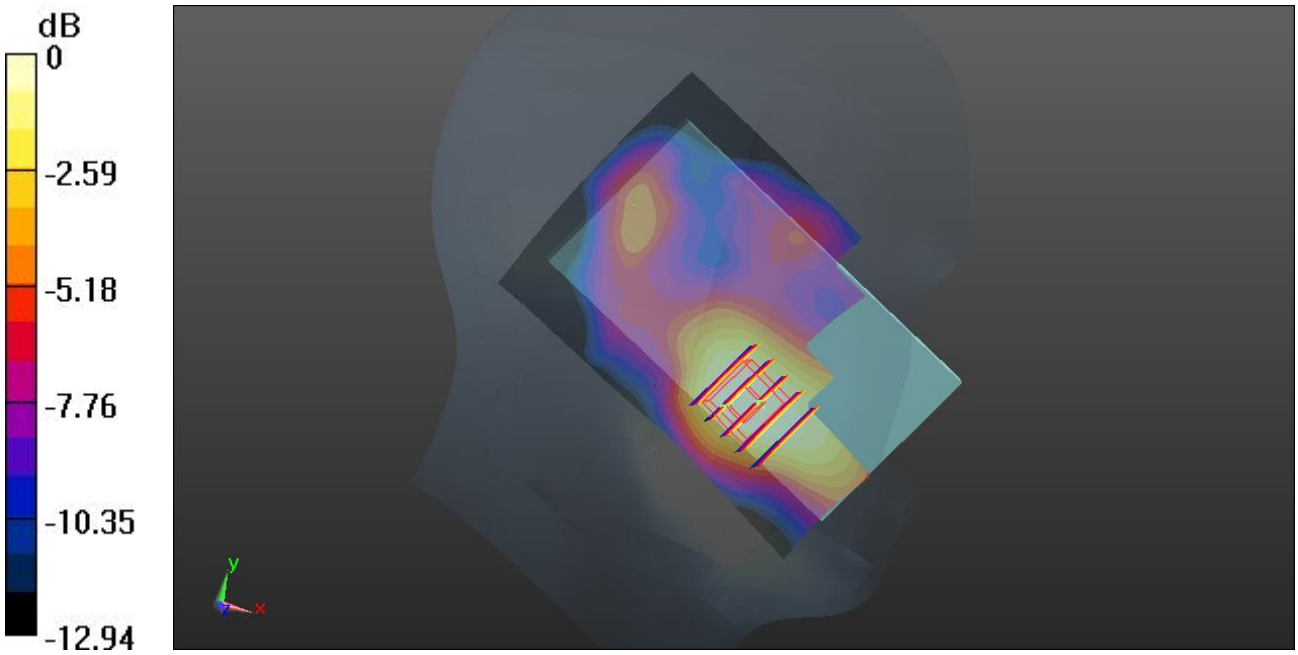
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.364 mho/m; ε_r = 40.803; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.234 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 12.920 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.271 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.190 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.124 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.227 W/kg



0 dB = 0.227 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

16 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Left Tilted_Ch9262

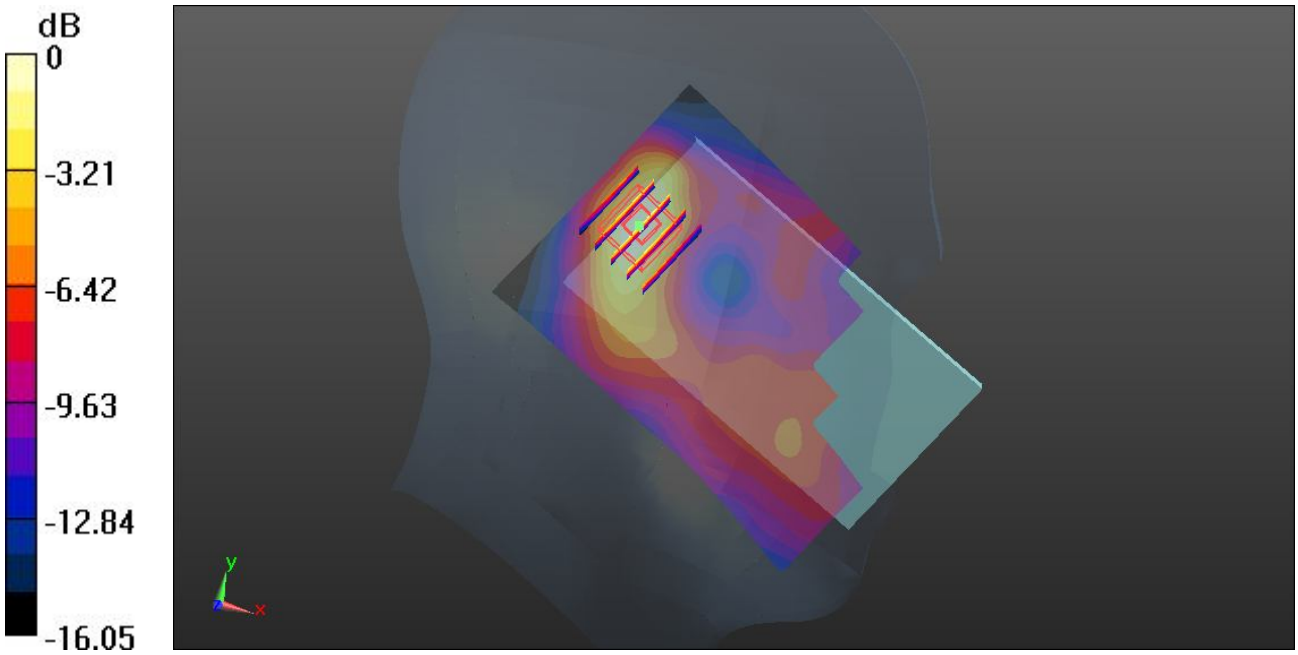
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.364 mho/m; ε_r = 40.803; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.84, 7.84, 7.84); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.173 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.125 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.205 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.125 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.168 W/kg



0 dB = 0.168 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 13.08.2013

49 WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_Right Cheek_Ch11

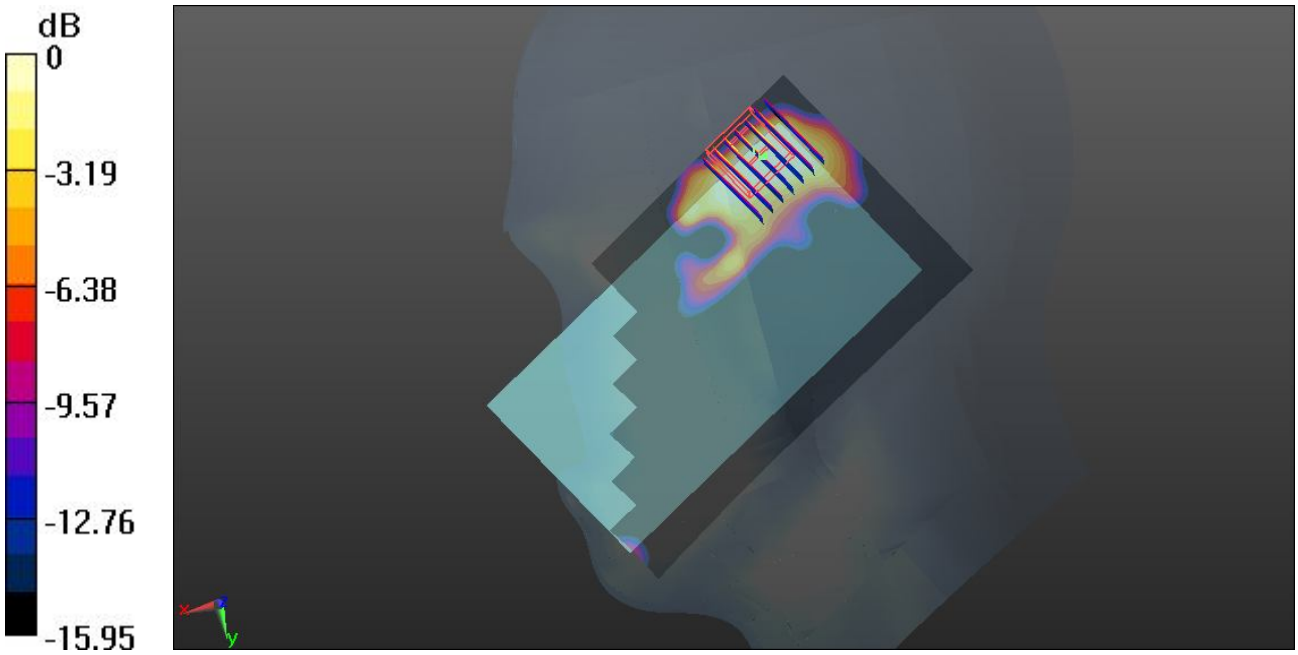
DUT: 380112

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_130813 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.838 mho/m; ε_r = 37.887; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(6.99, 6.99, 6.99); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.269 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.453 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.117 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.048 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0808 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0808 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 13.08.2013

50 WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_Right Tilted_Ch11

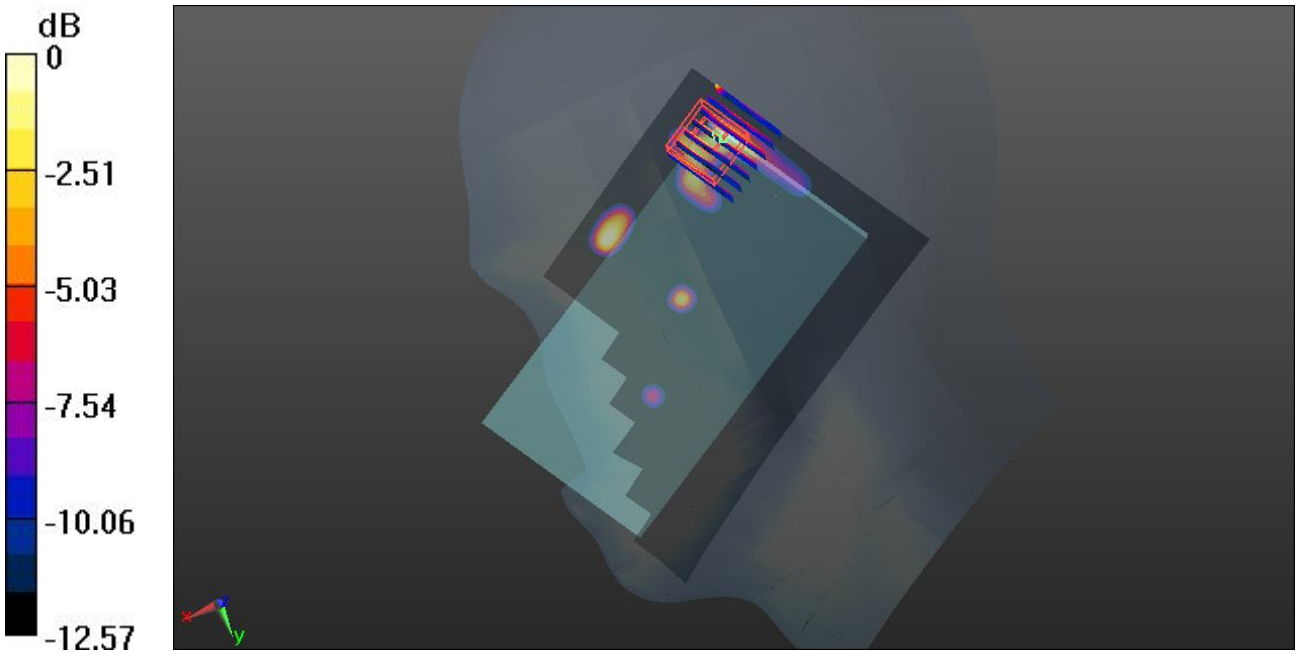
DUT: 380112

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_130813 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.838 mho/m; ε_r = 37.887; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(6.99, 6.99, 6.99); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch11/Area Scan (91x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0527 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 0.854 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.078 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.027 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0460 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0460 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 13.08.2013

51 WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_Left Cheek_Ch11

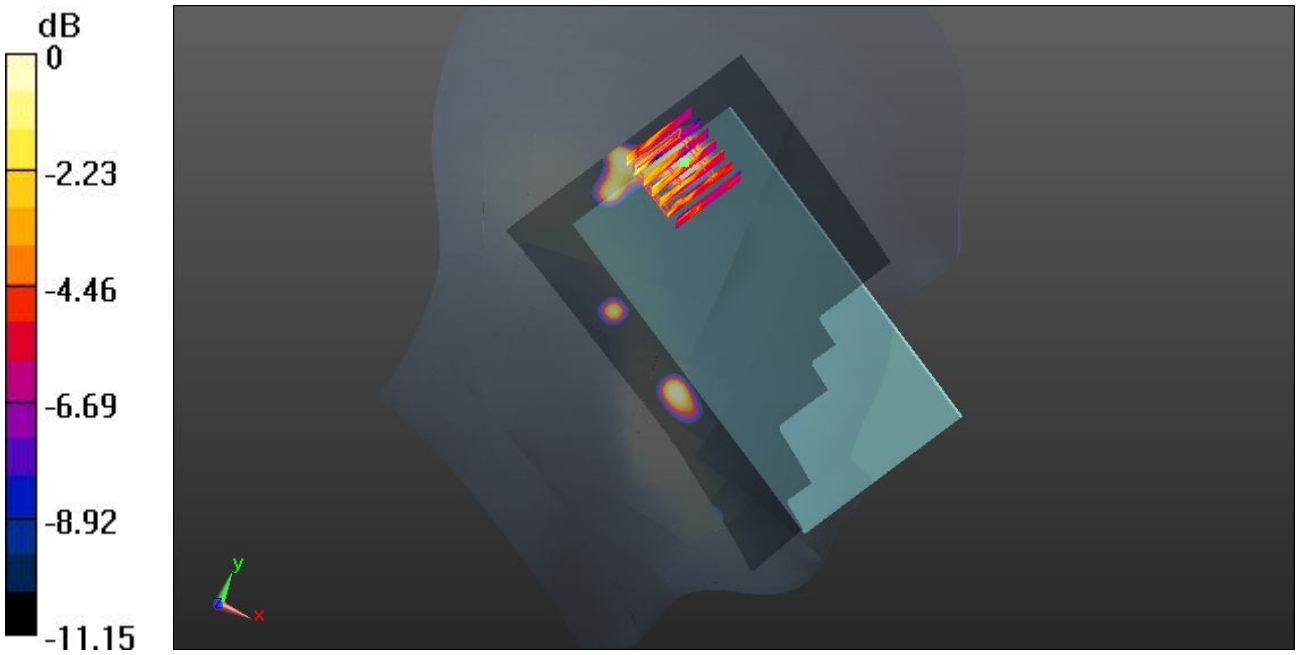
DUT: 380112

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_130813 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.838 mho/m; ε_r = 37.887; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(6.99, 6.99, 6.99); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch11/Area Scan (91x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0305 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.955 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.012 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.00562 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00424 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0112 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0112 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 13.08.2013

52 WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_Left Tilted_Ch11

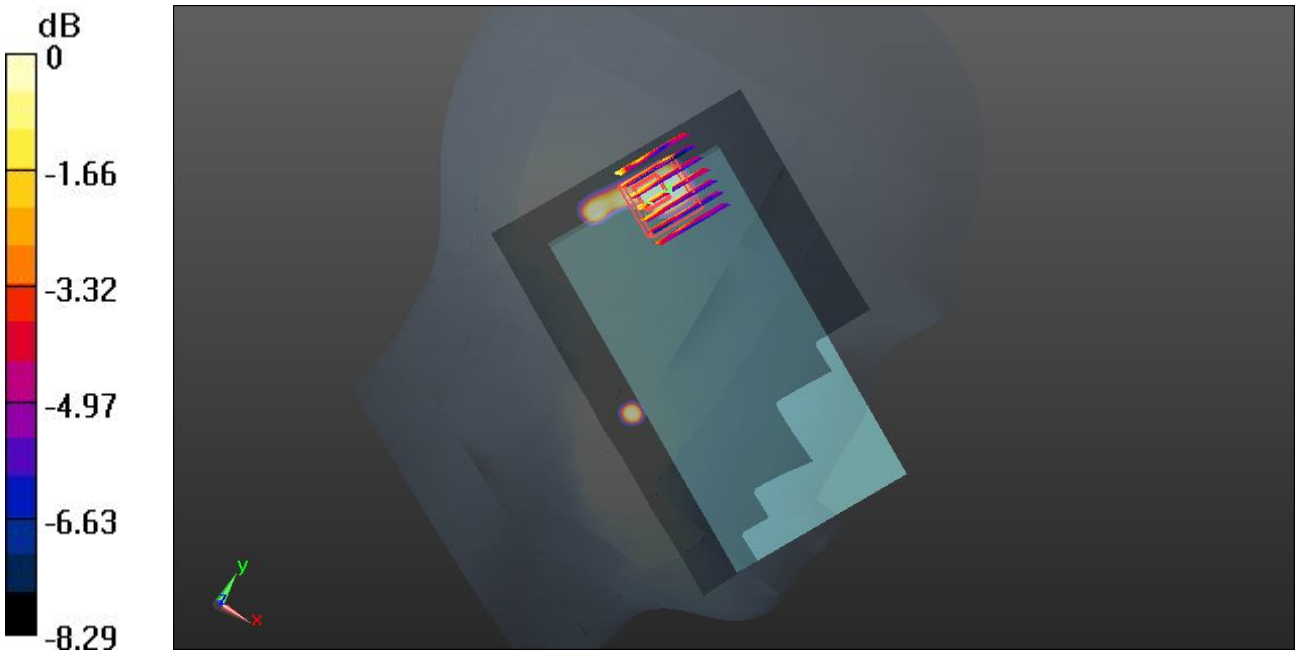
DUT: 380112

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_130813 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.838 mho/m; ε_r = 37.887; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(6.99, 6.99, 6.99); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch11/Area Scan (91x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0357 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.299 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.022 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.00856 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00494 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0114 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0114 W/kg

17 GSM850_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Front_1cm_Ch251

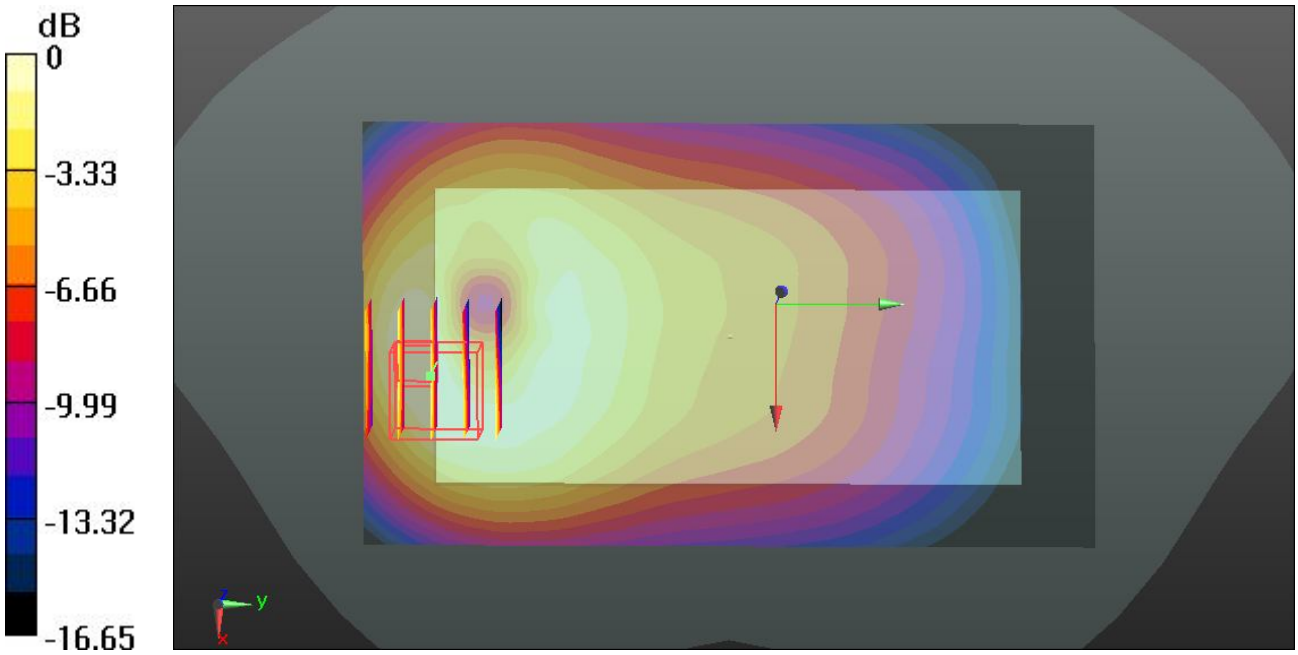
DUT: 380112

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.981 mho/m; ε_r = 55.275; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 33.584 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.296 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.794 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.468 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.04 W/kg



0 dB = 1.04 W/kg

18 GSM850_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Back_1cm_Ch251

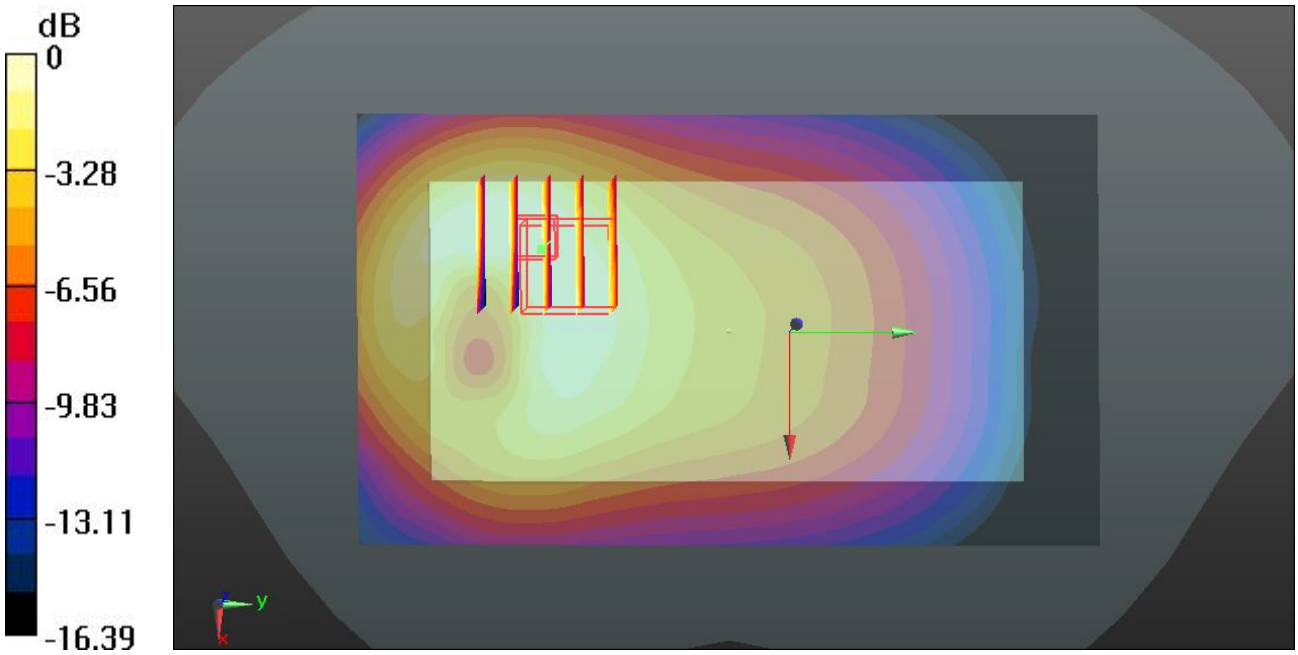
DUT: 380112

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.981 mho/m; ε_r = 55.275; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.939 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 31.542 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.142 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.746 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.499 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.945 W/kg



0 dB = 0.945 W/kg

20 GSM850_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Right Side_1cm_Ch251

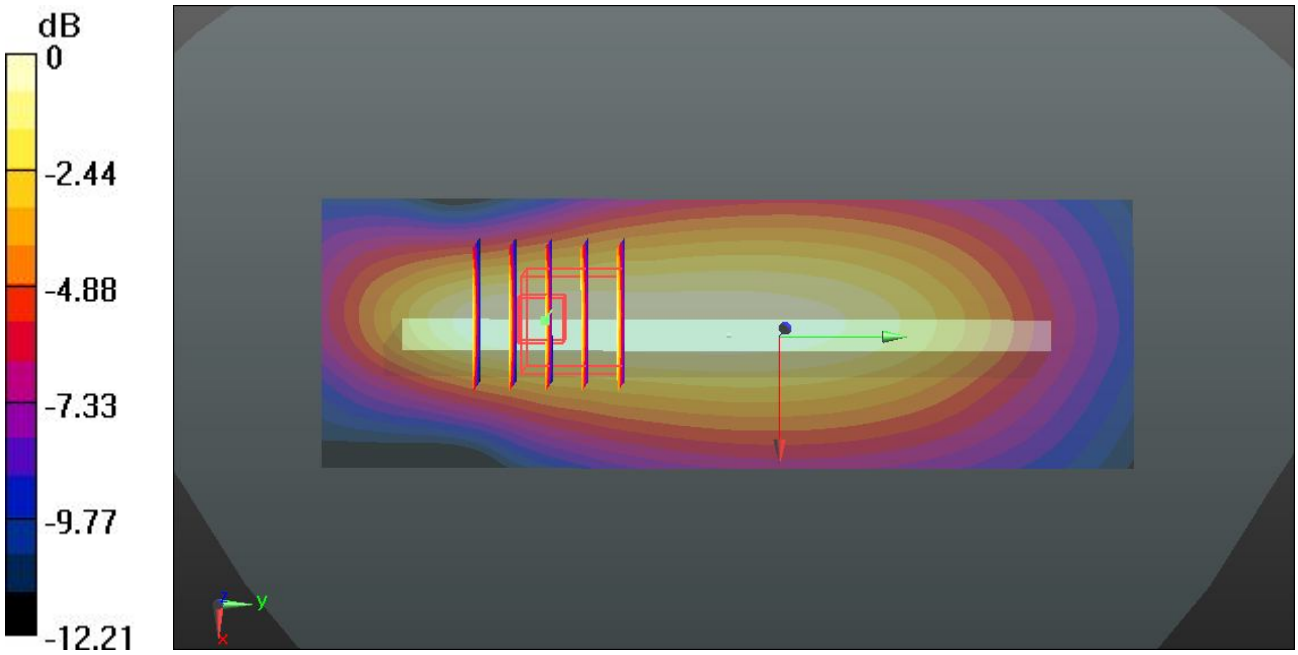
DUT: 380112

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.981 mho/m; ε_r = 55.275; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch251/Area Scan (41x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.217 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.085 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.250 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.166 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.109 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.212 W/kg



0 dB = 0.212 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

21 GSM850_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch251

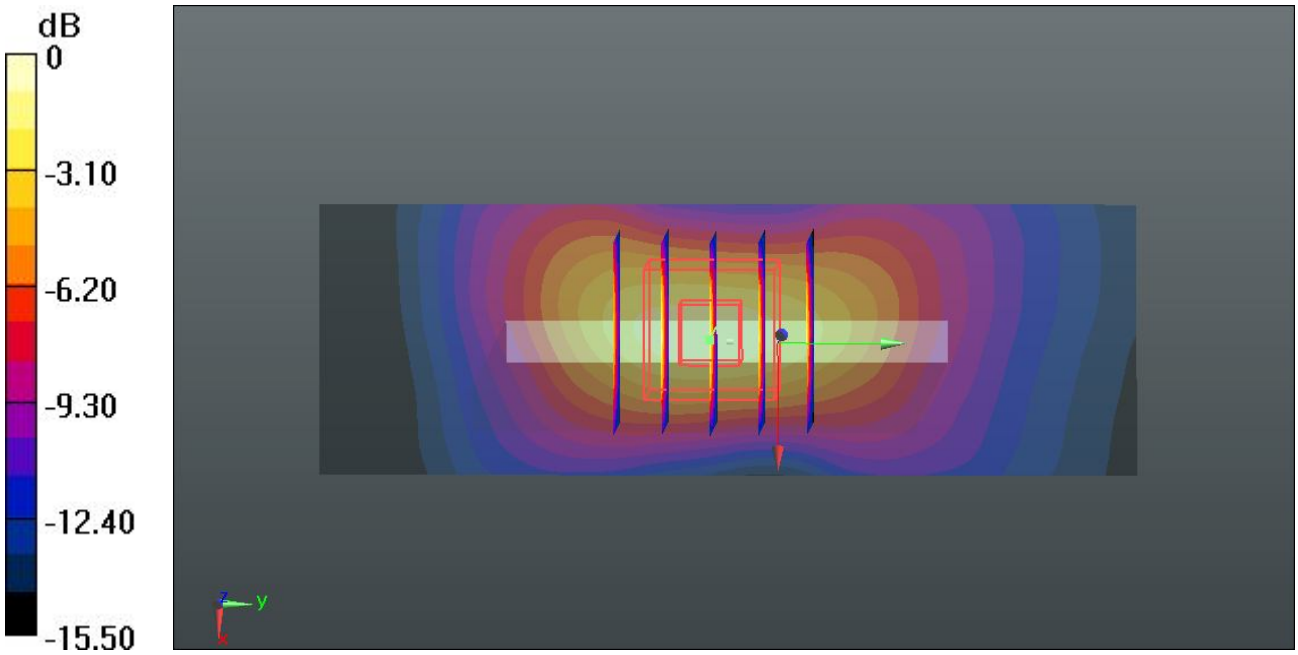
DUT: 380112

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.981 mho/m; ε_r = 55.275; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch251/Area Scan (31x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.582 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 28.147 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.969 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.539 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.273 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.747 W/kg



0 dB = 0.747 W/kg

24 GSM850_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Front_1cm_Ch128

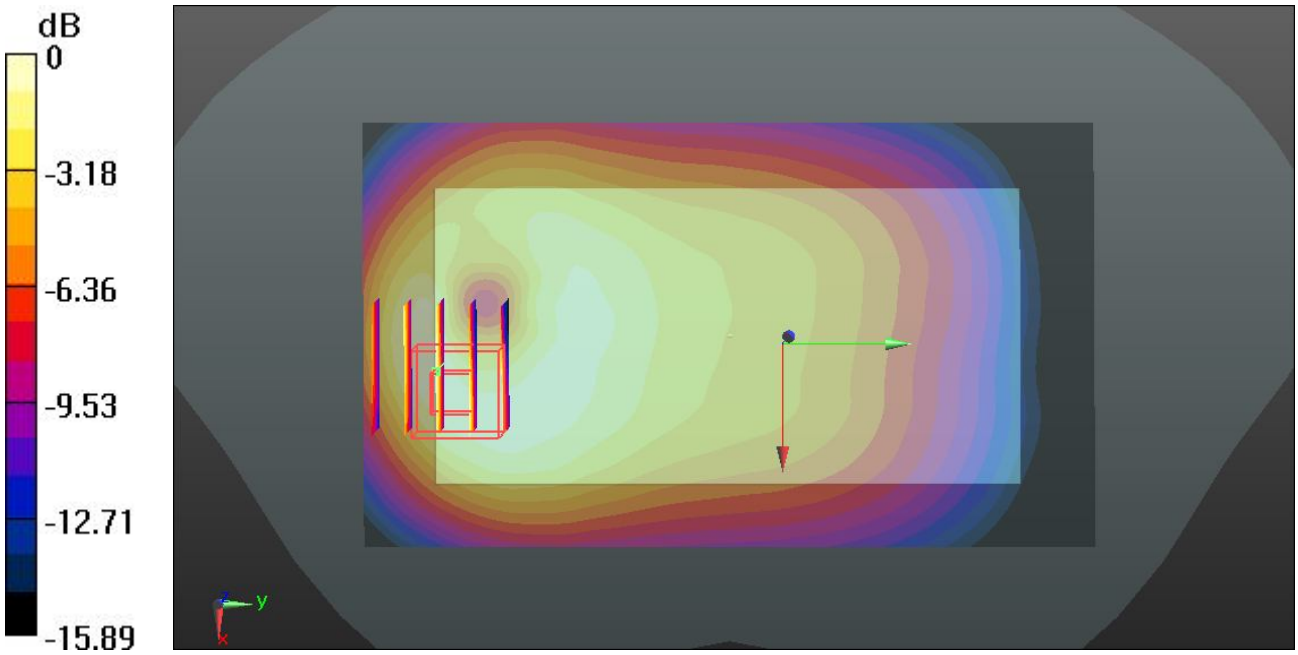
DUT: 380112

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.956 mho/m; ε_r = 55.497; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch128/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.04 W/kg

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 34.191 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.301 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.790 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.479 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg



0 dB = 1.06 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

25 GSM850_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Front_1cm_Ch189

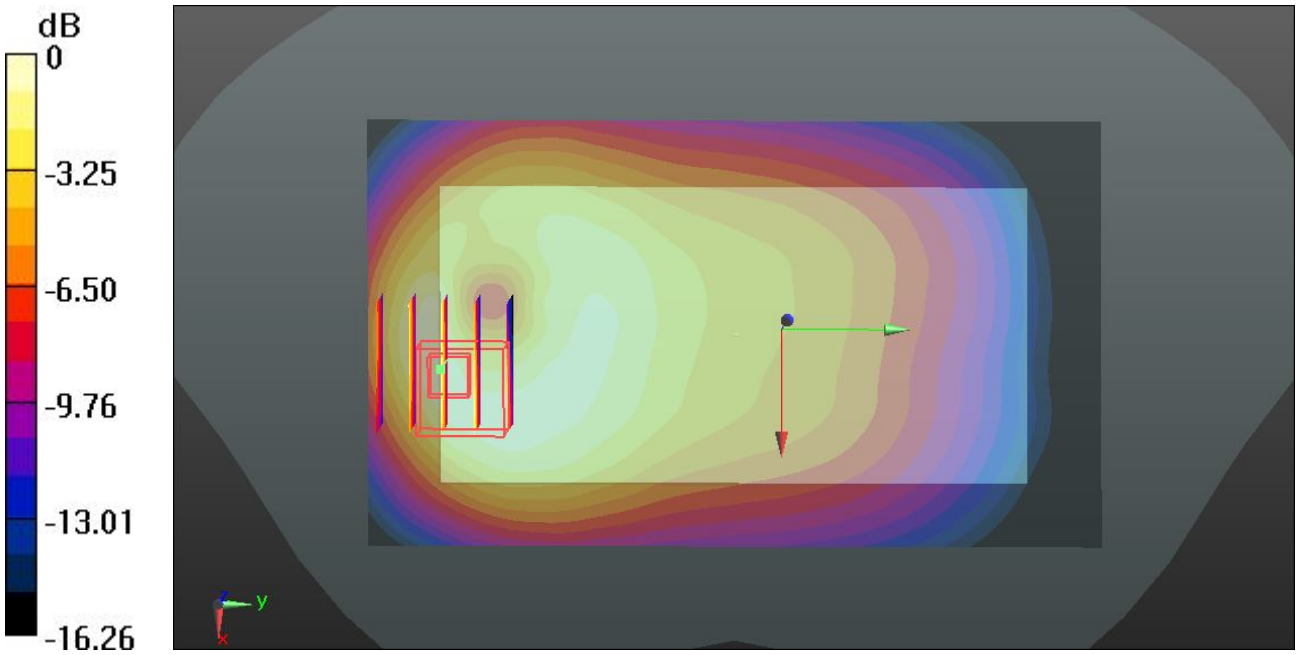
DUT: 380112

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.968 mho/m; ε_r = 55.391; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch189/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.06 W/kg

Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 34.390 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.344 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.823 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.495 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 W/kg



0 dB = 1.09 W/kg

31 GSM850_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Front_1cm_Ch189_Repeat

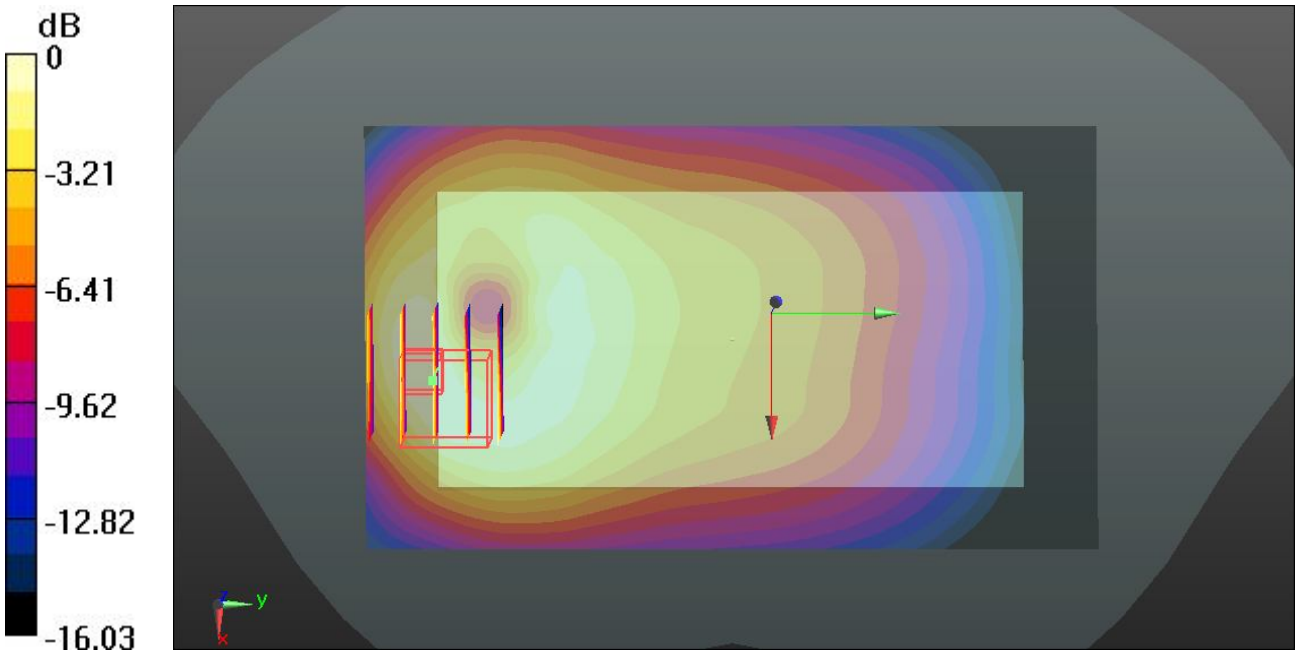
DUT: 380112

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.968 mho/m; ε_r = 55.391; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch189/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 W/kg

Ch189/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 32.974 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.224 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.753 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.447 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 W/kg



0 dB = 1.00 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

22 GSM850_GSM Voice_Front_1cm_Ch251

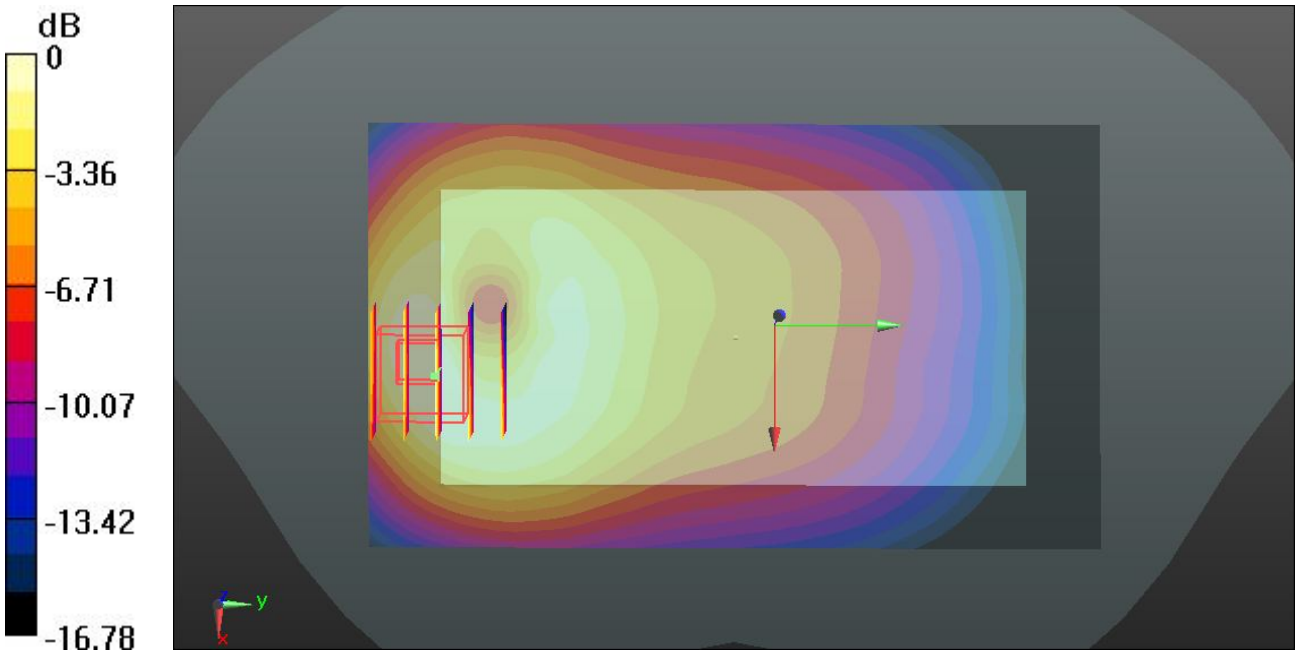
DUT: 380112

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: MSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.981 mho/m; ε_r = 55.275; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.666 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 26.270 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.829 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.501 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.291 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.646 W/kg



0 dB = 0.646 W/kg

23 GSM850_GSM Voice_Back_1cm_Ch251

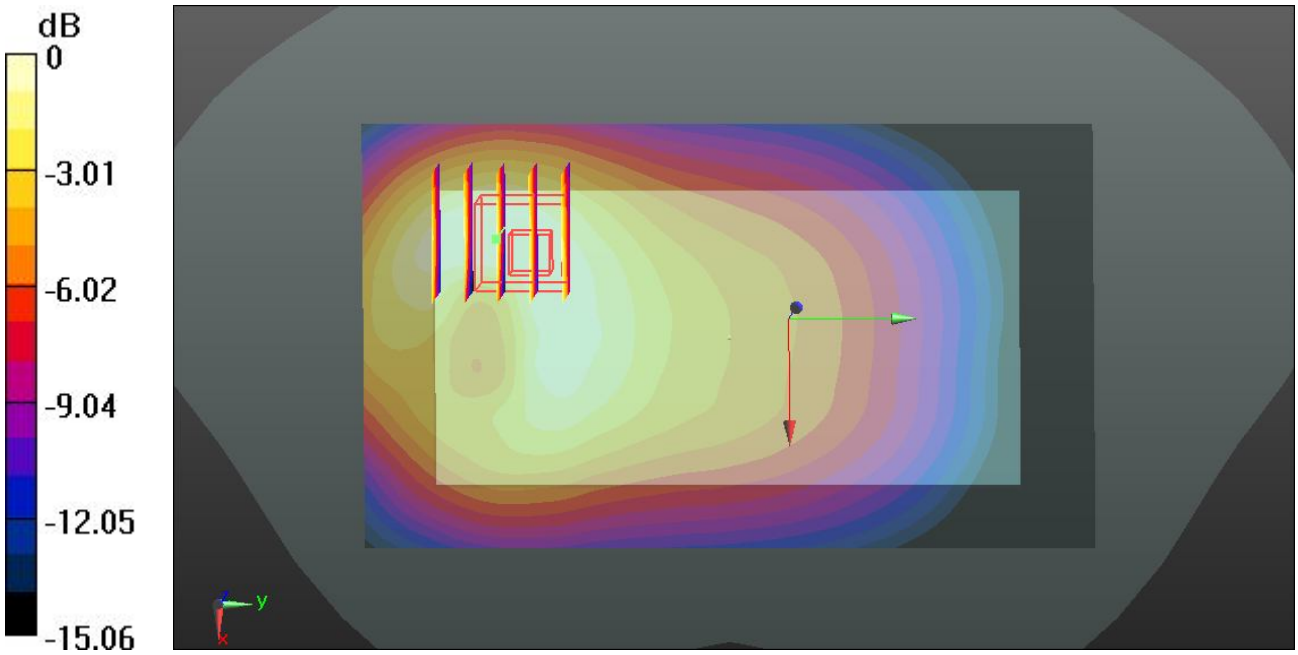
DUT: 380112

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: MSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 849 MHz; σ = 0.981 mho/m; ε_r = 55.275; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.551 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 24.254 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.669 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.435 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.277 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.551 W/kg



0 dB = 0.551 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.08.2013

32 GSM1900_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Front_1cm_Ch810

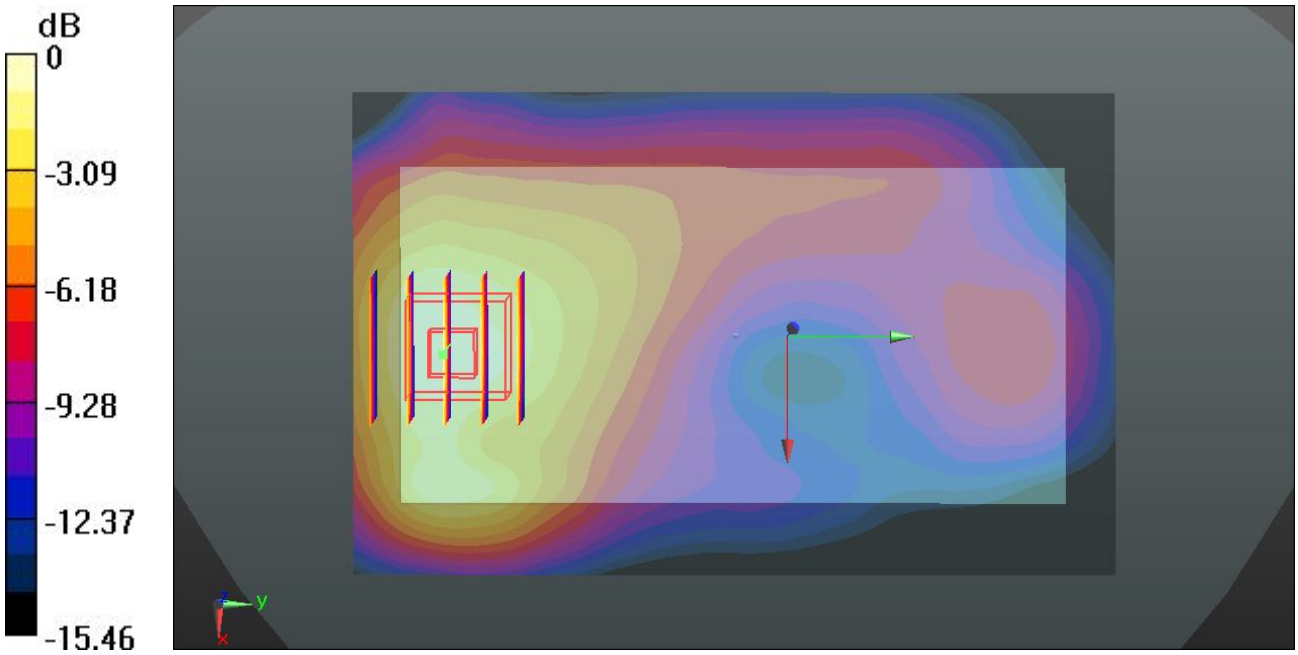
DUT: 380112

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.544 mho/m; ε_r = 54.586; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch810/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.645 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 20.949 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.782 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.508 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.311 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.651 W/kg



0 dB = 0.651 W/kg

33 GSM1900_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Back_1cm_Ch810

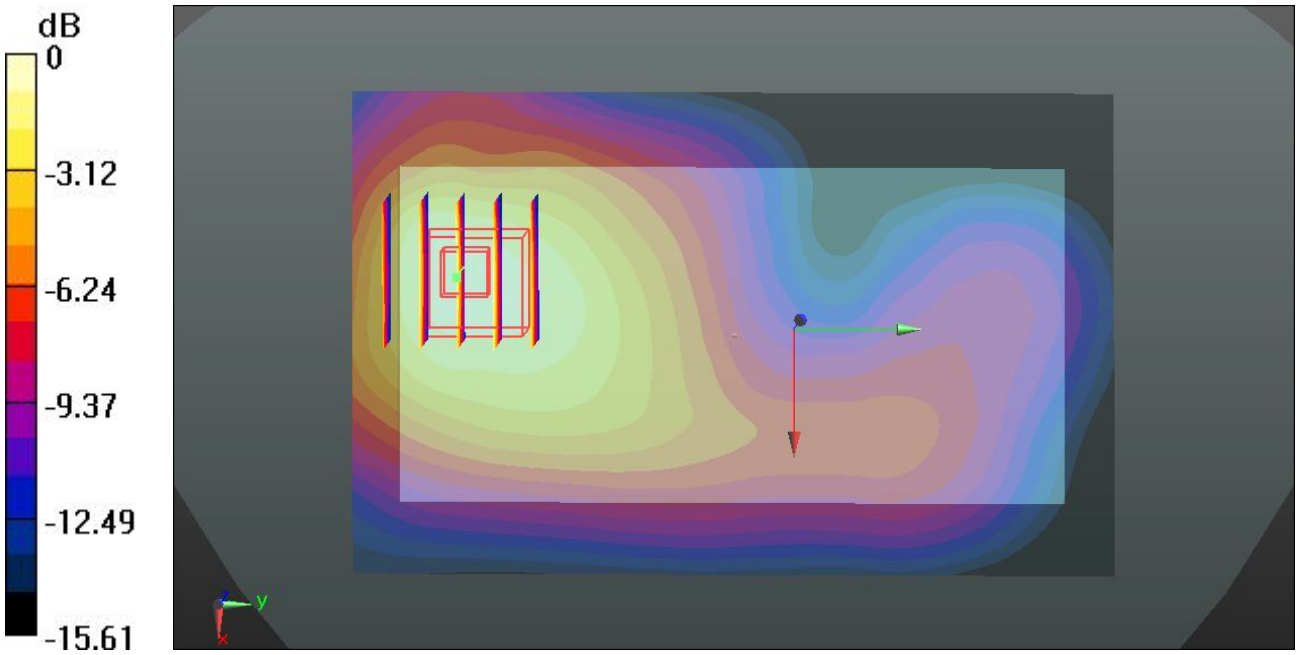
DUT: 380112

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.544 mho/m; ε_r = 54.586; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch810/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.814 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 24.058 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.033 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.666 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.407 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.857 W/kg



0 dB = 0.857 W/kg

35 GSM1900_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Right Side_1cm_Ch810

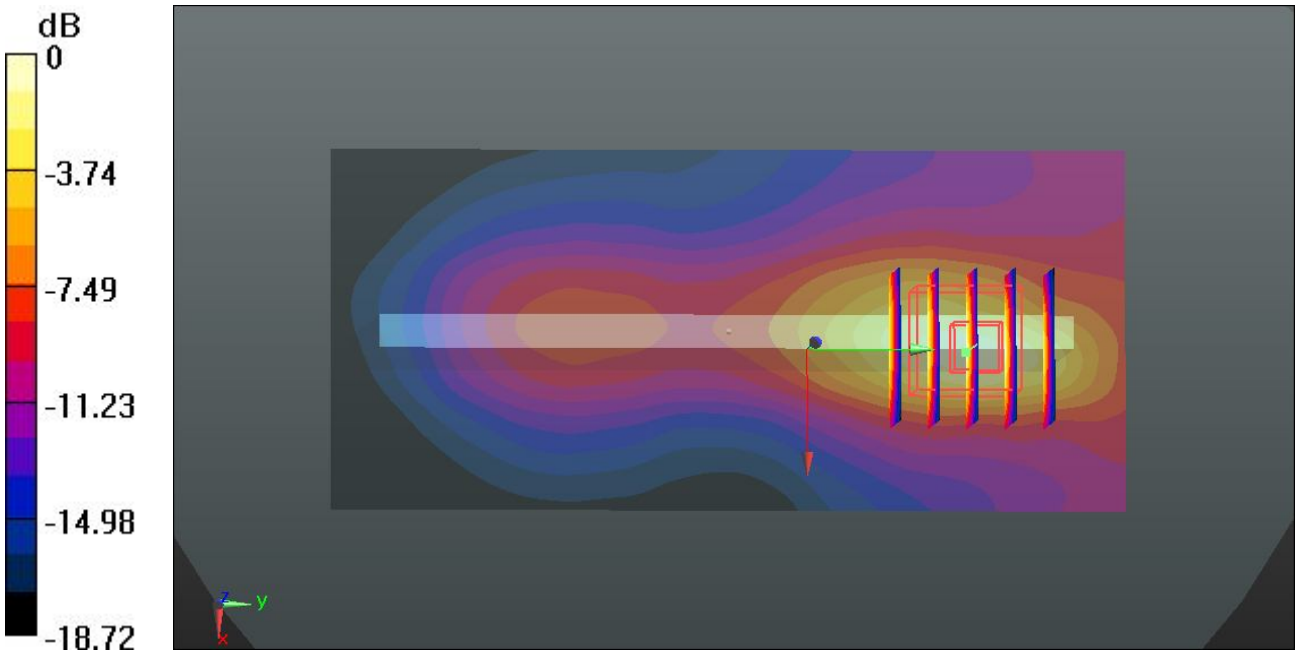
DUT: 380112

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.544 mho/m; ε_r = 54.586; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch810/Area Scan (51x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.451 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.162 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.657 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.332 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.160 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.490 W/kg



0 dB = 0.490 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.08.2013

36 GSM1900_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch810

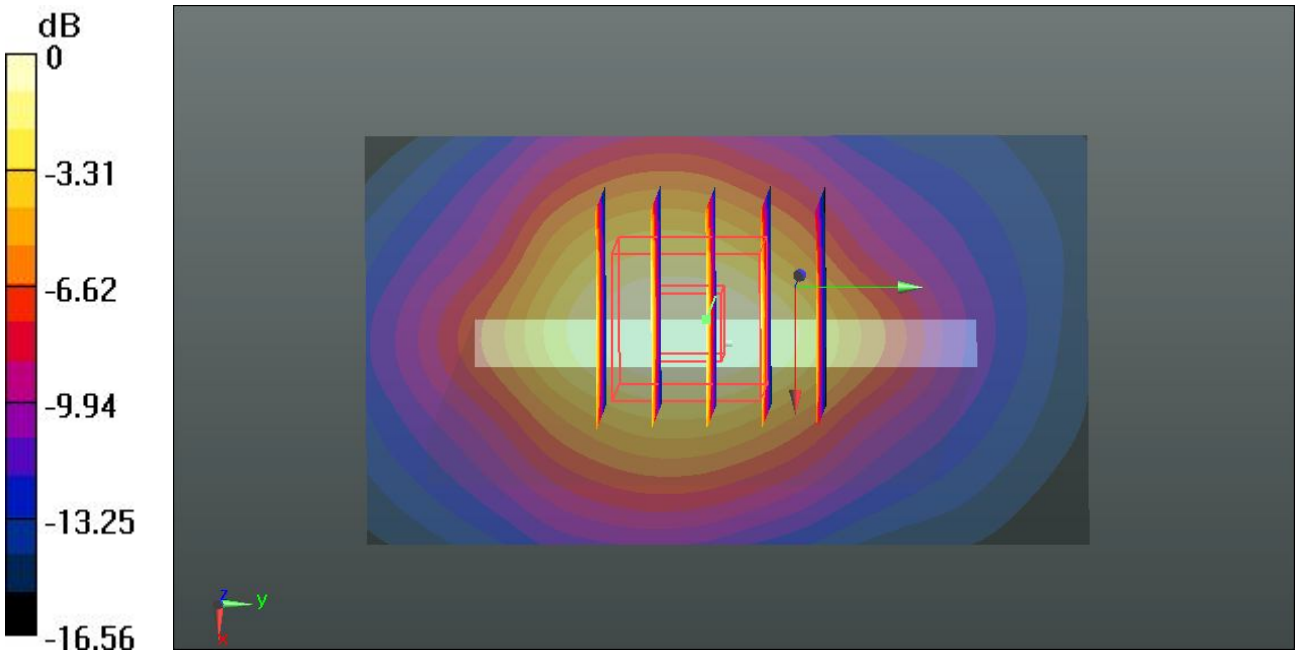
DUT: 380112

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1910 MHz; σ = 1.544 mho/m; ε_r = 54.586; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch810/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.17 W/kg

Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.295 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.470 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.866 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.485 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.17 W/kg



0 dB = 1.17 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.08.2013

46 GSM1900_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch512

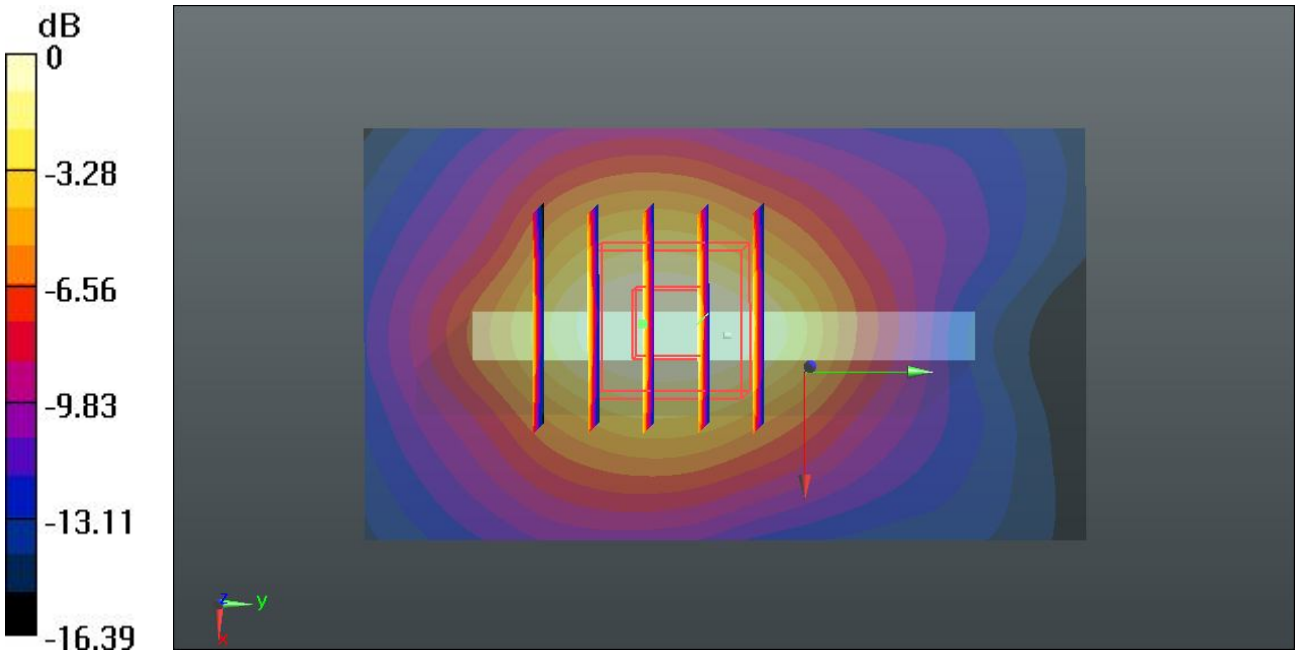
DUT: 380112

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.468 mho/m; ε_r = 54.843; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.02 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 25.867 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.206 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.728 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.414 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.962 W/kg



0 dB = 0.962 W/kg

47 GSM1900_GPRS(4 Tx slots)_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch661

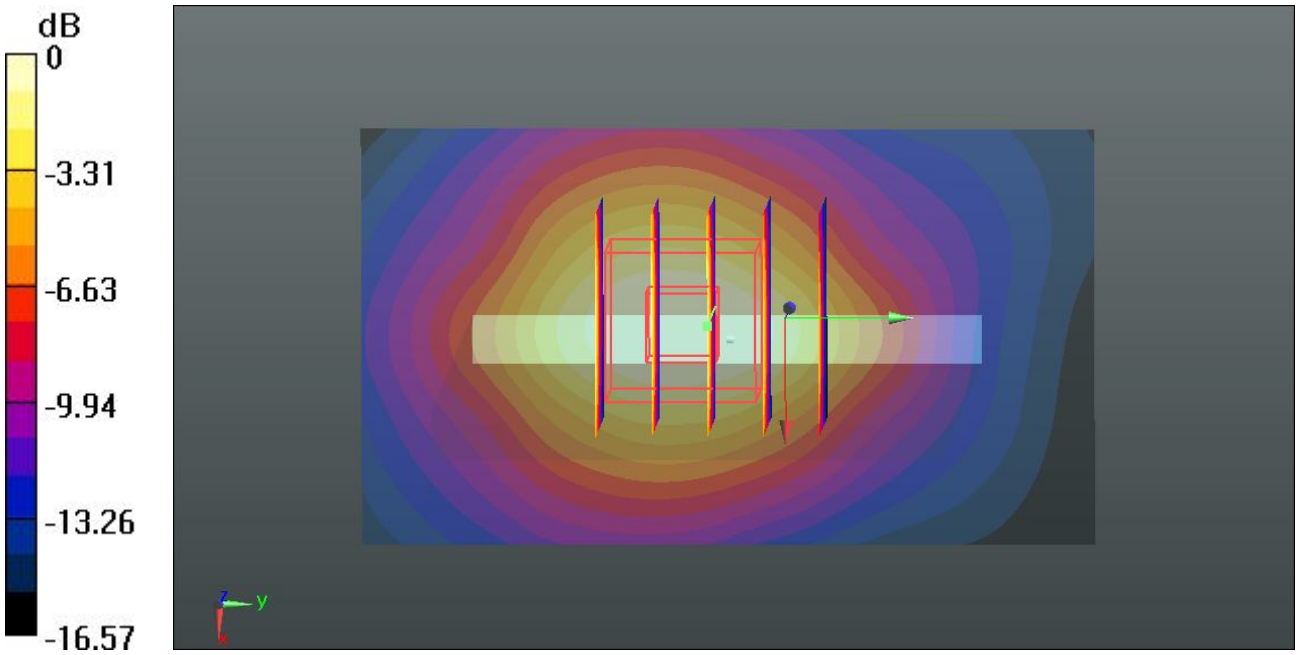
DUT: 380112

Communication System: GPRS/EDGE12; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.507 mho/m; ε_r = 54.733; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch661/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.13 W/kg

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.386 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.369 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.819 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.465 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.09 W/kg



0 dB = 1.09 W/kg

37 GSM1900_GSM Voice_Front_1cm_Ch512

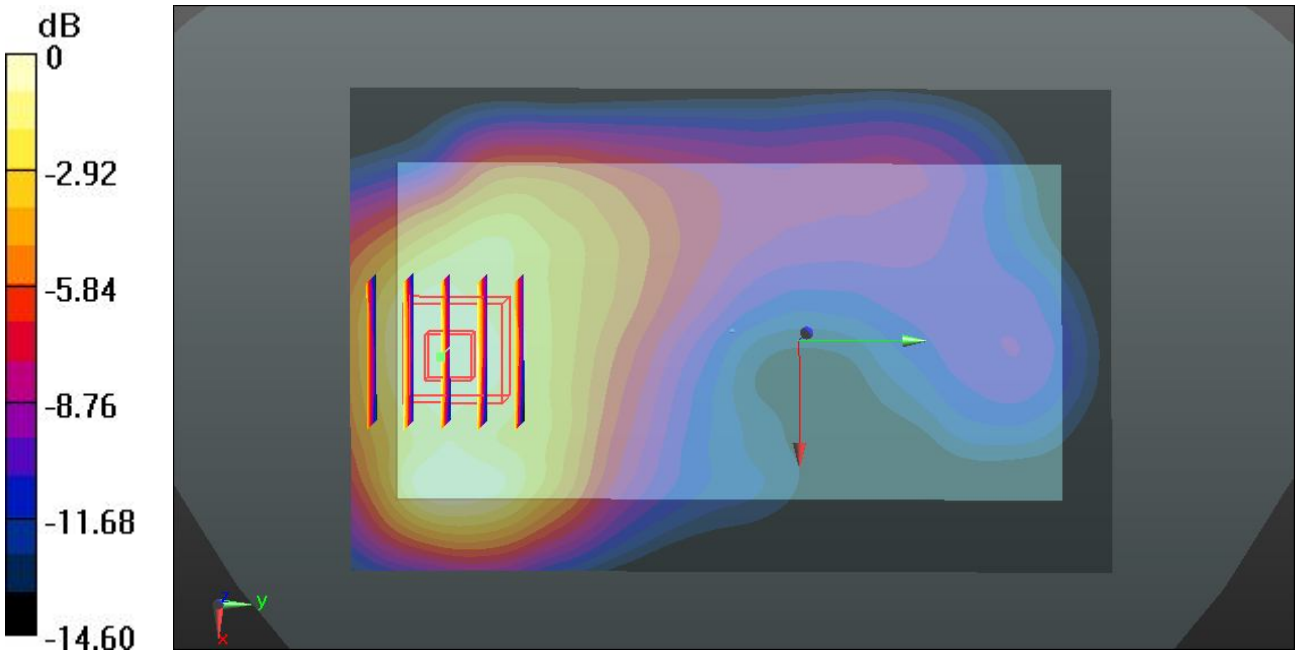
DUT: 380112

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.468 mho/m; ε_r = 54.843; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.375 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 16.110 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.435 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.290 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.182 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.367 W/kg



0 dB = 0.367 W/kg

38 GSM1900_GSM Voice_Back_1cm_Ch512

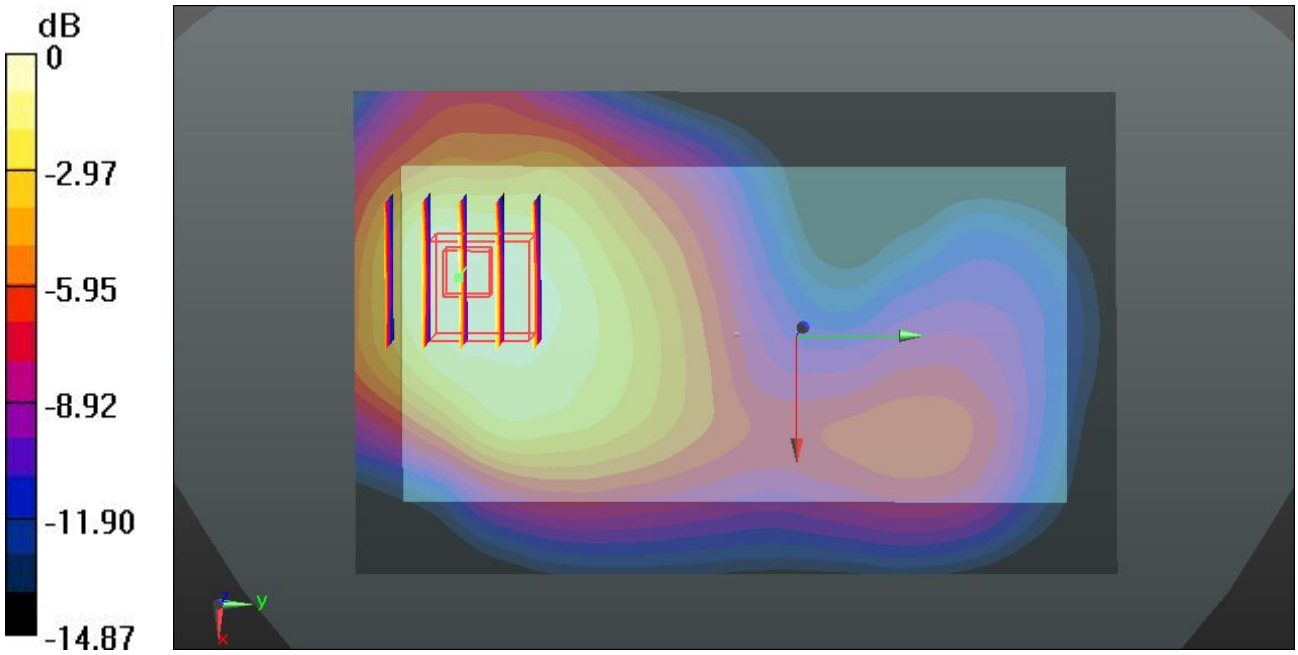
DUT: 380112

Communication System: Generic GSM; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:8
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.468 mho/m; ε_r = 54.843; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch512/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.426 W/kg

Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 17.697 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.527 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.352 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.222 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.444 W/kg



0 dB = 0.444 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

26 WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2K_Front_1cm_Ch4182

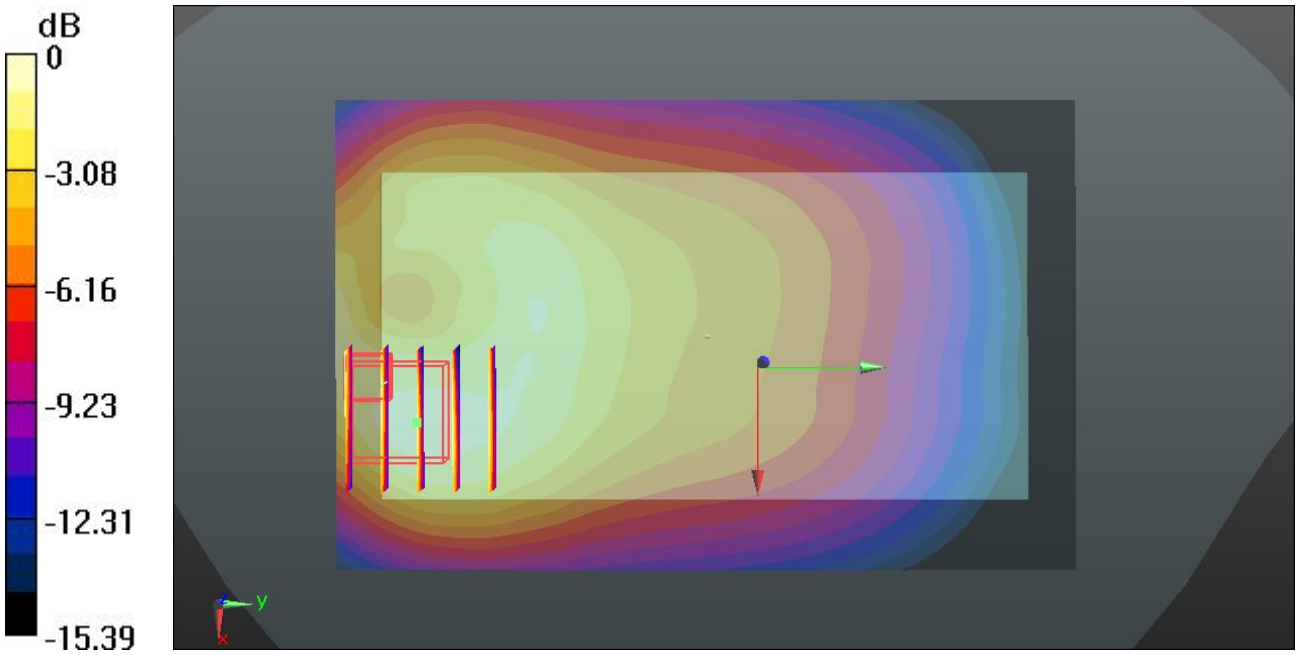
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.968 mho/m; ε_r = 55.391; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4182/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.682 W/kg

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 26.321 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.877 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.529 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.314 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.704 W/kg



0 dB = 0.704 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

27 WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch4182

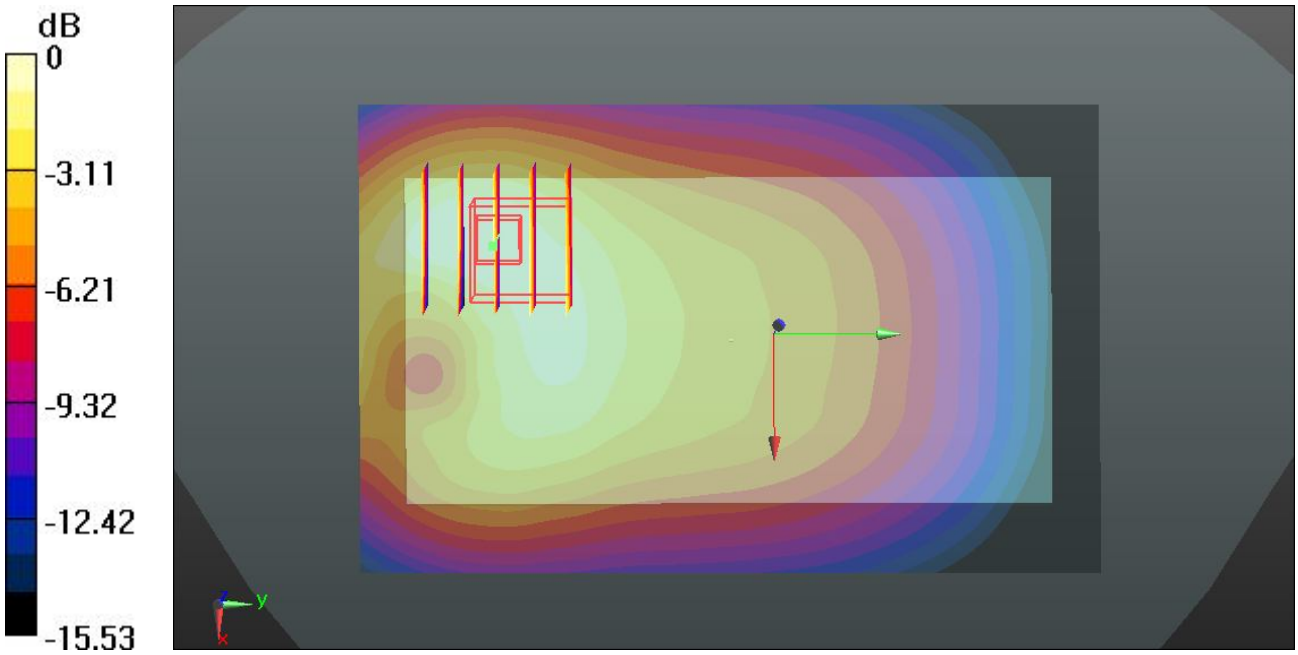
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.968 mho/m; ε_r = 55.391; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4182/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.682 W/kg

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.013 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.812 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.524 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.341 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.674 W/kg



0 dB = 0.674 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

29 WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2K_Right Side_1cm_Ch4182

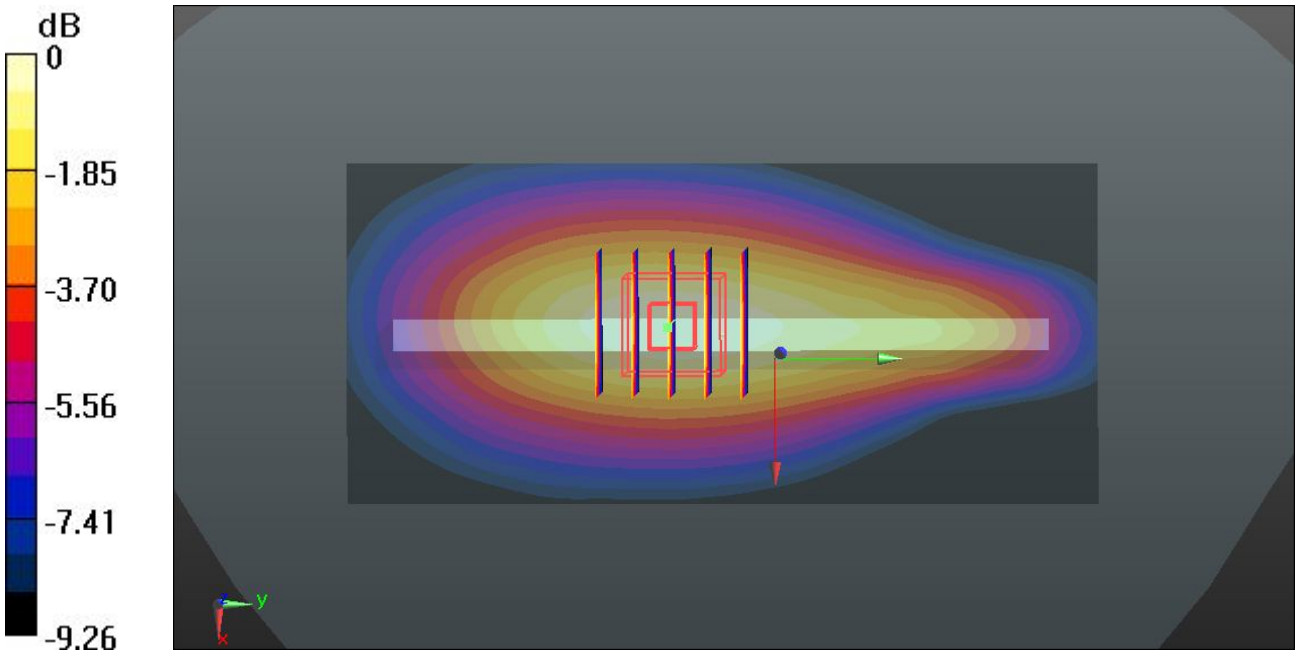
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.968 mho/m; ε_r = 55.391; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4182/Area Scan (51x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.197 W/kg

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 14.710 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.230 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.162 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.112 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.200 W/kg



0 dB = 0.200 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 10.08.2013

30 WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2K_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch4182

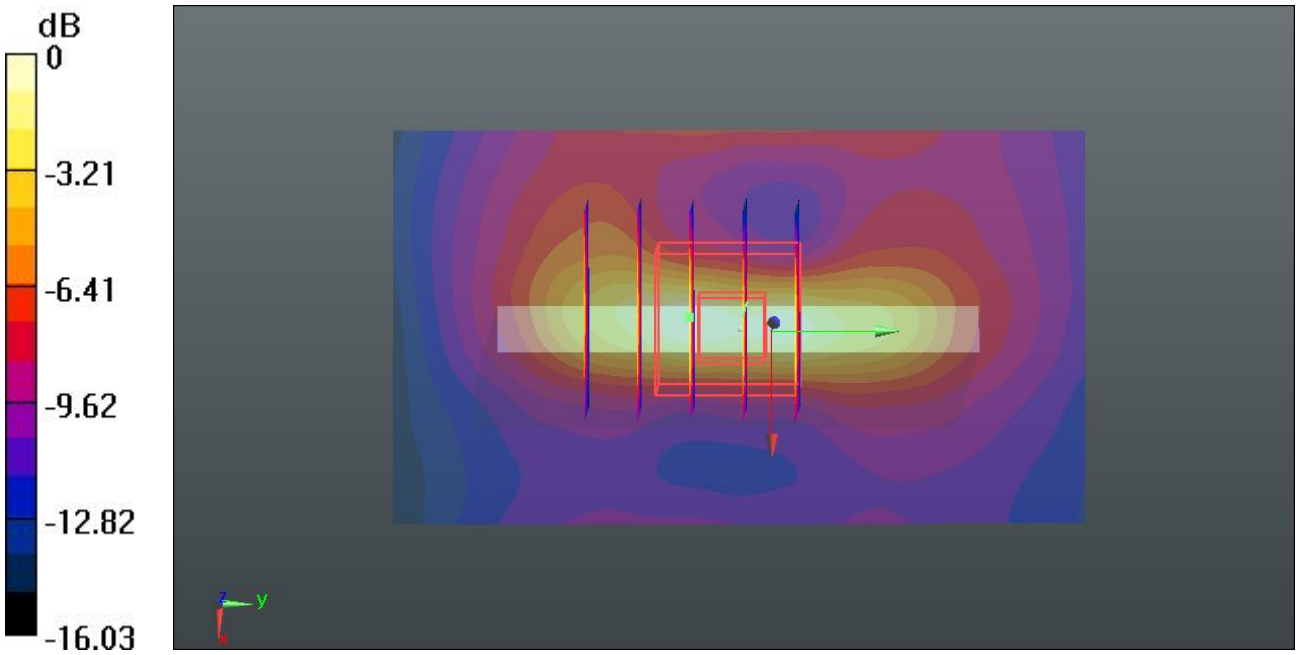
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_835_130810 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.968 mho/m; ε_r = 55.391; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(9.5, 9.5, 9.5); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch4182/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.410 W/kg

Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 21.049 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.561 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.309 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.158 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.427 W/kg



0 dB = 0.427 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.08.2013

39 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Front_1cm_Ch9262

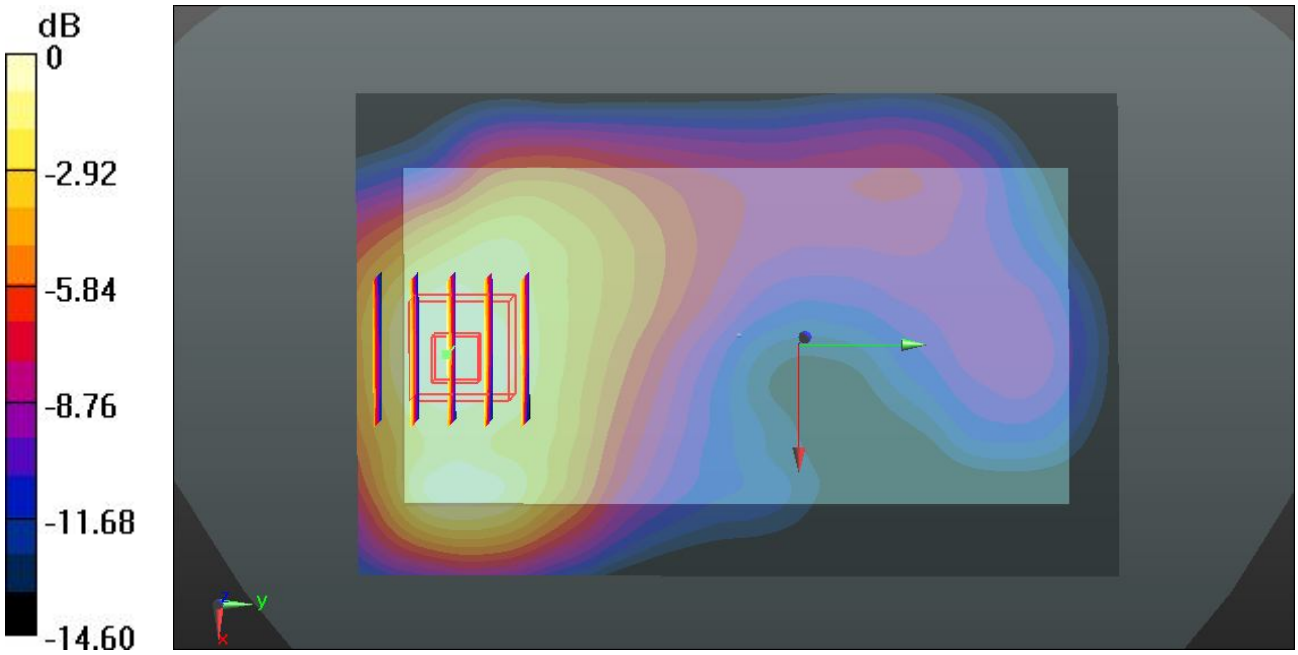
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.471 mho/m; ε_r = 54.836; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.697 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 21.845 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.806 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.534 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.335 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.675 W/kg



0 dB = 0.675 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.08.2013

40 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Back_1cm_Ch9262

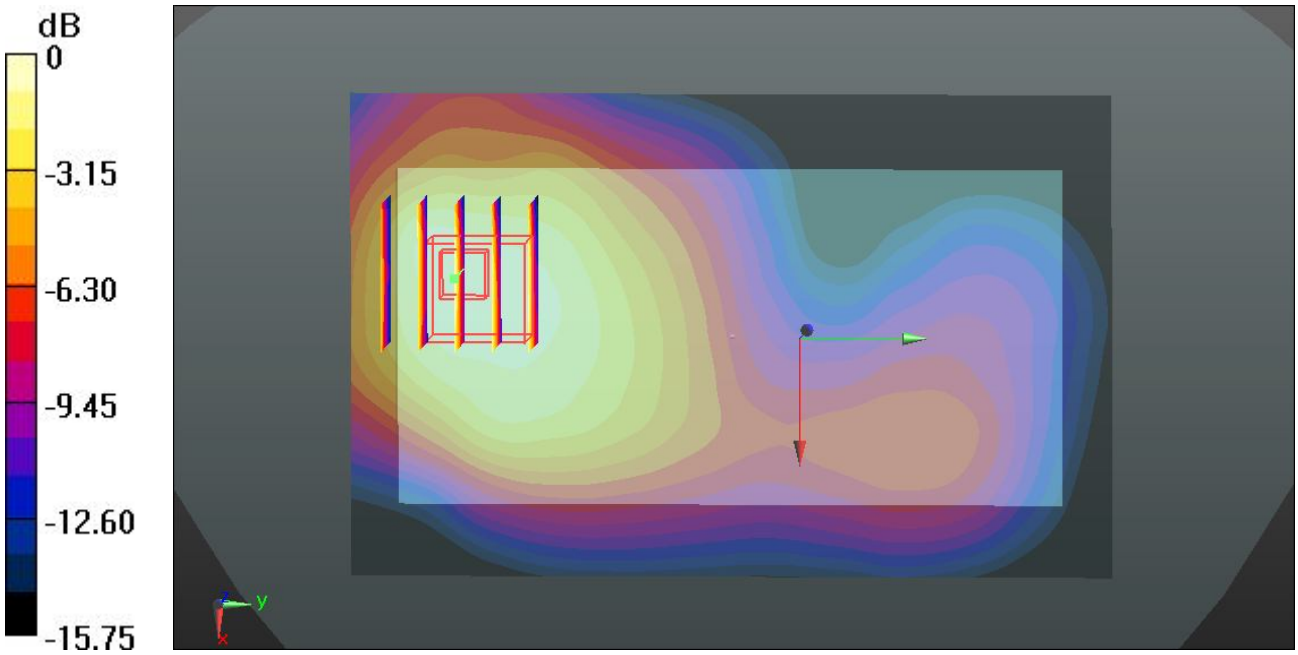
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.471 mho/m; ε_r = 54.836; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (71x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.829 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 24.615 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.033 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.684 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.432 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.866 W/kg



0 dB = 0.866 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.08.2013

42 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Right Side_1cm_Ch9262

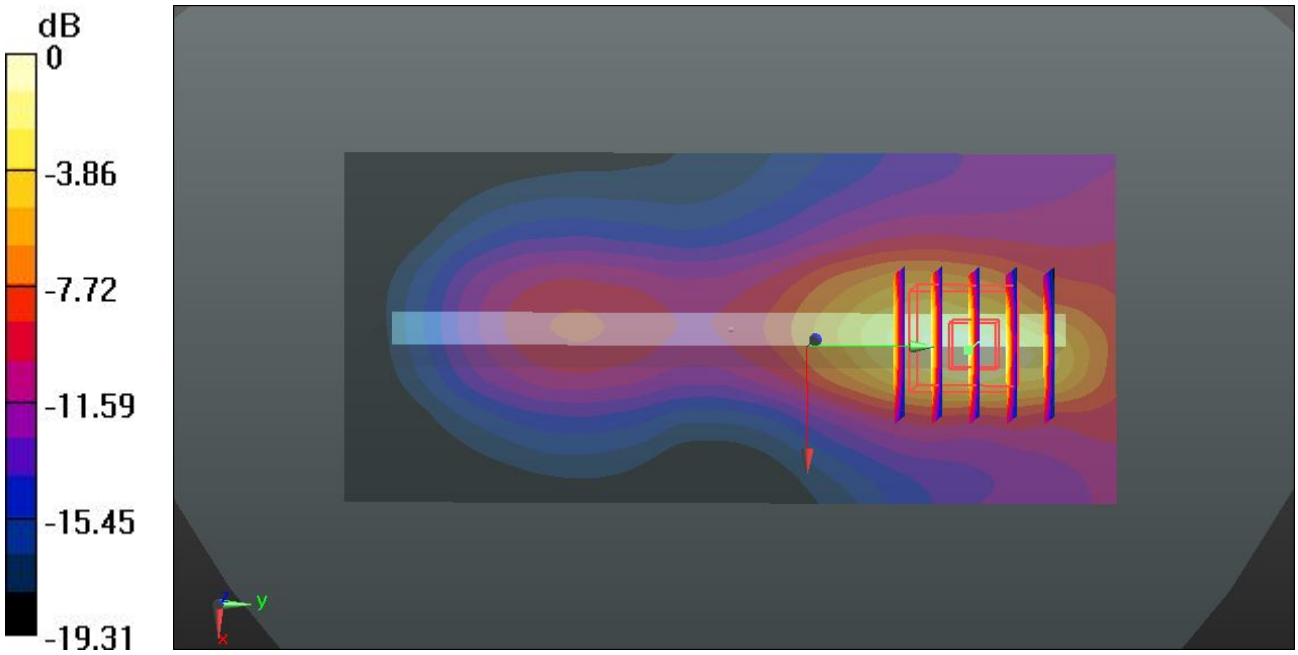
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.471 mho/m; ε_r = 54.836; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (51x111x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.618 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 21.795 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.883 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.450 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.214 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.669 W/kg



0 dB = 0.669 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.08.2013

43 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch9262

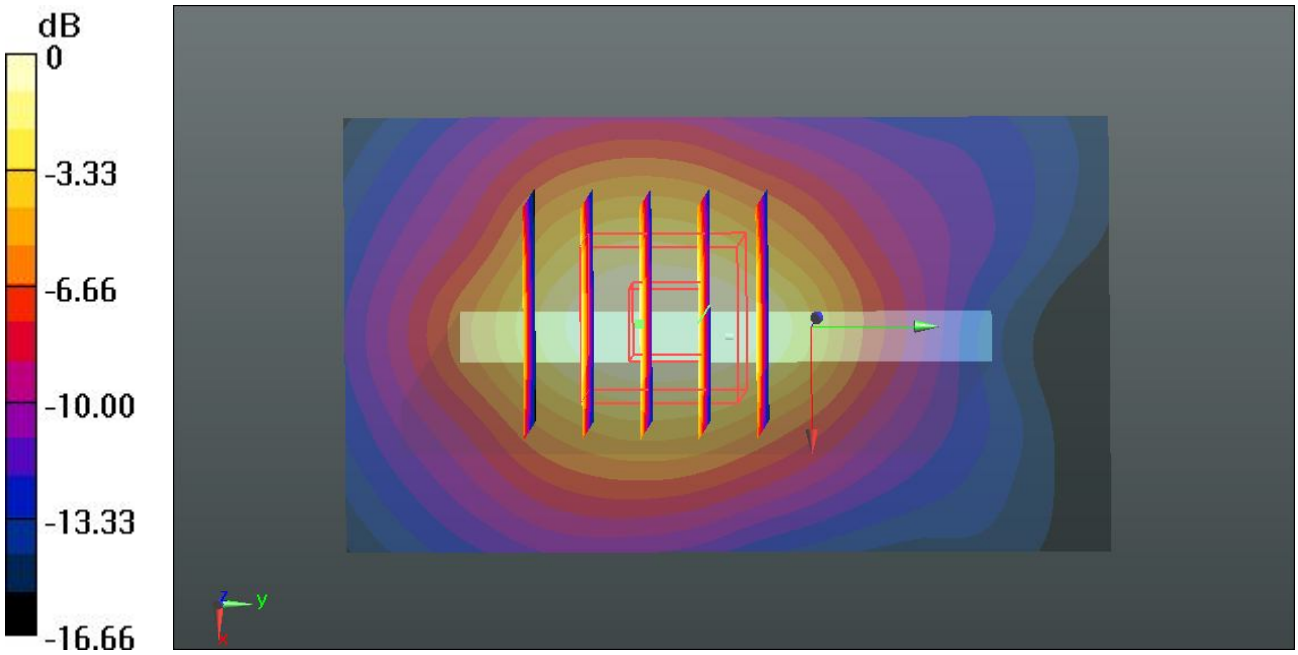
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.471 mho/m; ε_r = 54.836; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9262/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 28.388 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.432 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.860 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.487 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.14 W/kg



0 dB = 1.14 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.08.2013

44 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch9400

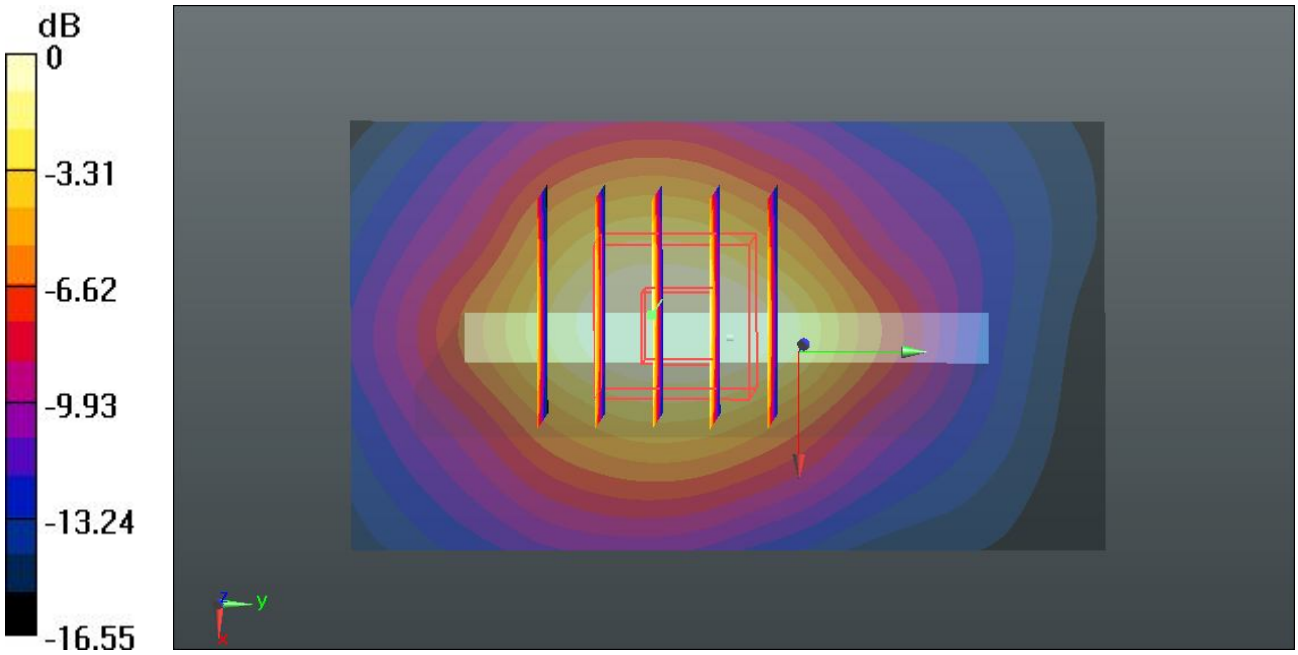
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.507 mho/m; ε_r = 54.733; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9400/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.31 W/kg

Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 29.173 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.584 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.945 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.535 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.24 W/kg



0 dB = 1.24 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.08.2013

48 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch9400_Repeat

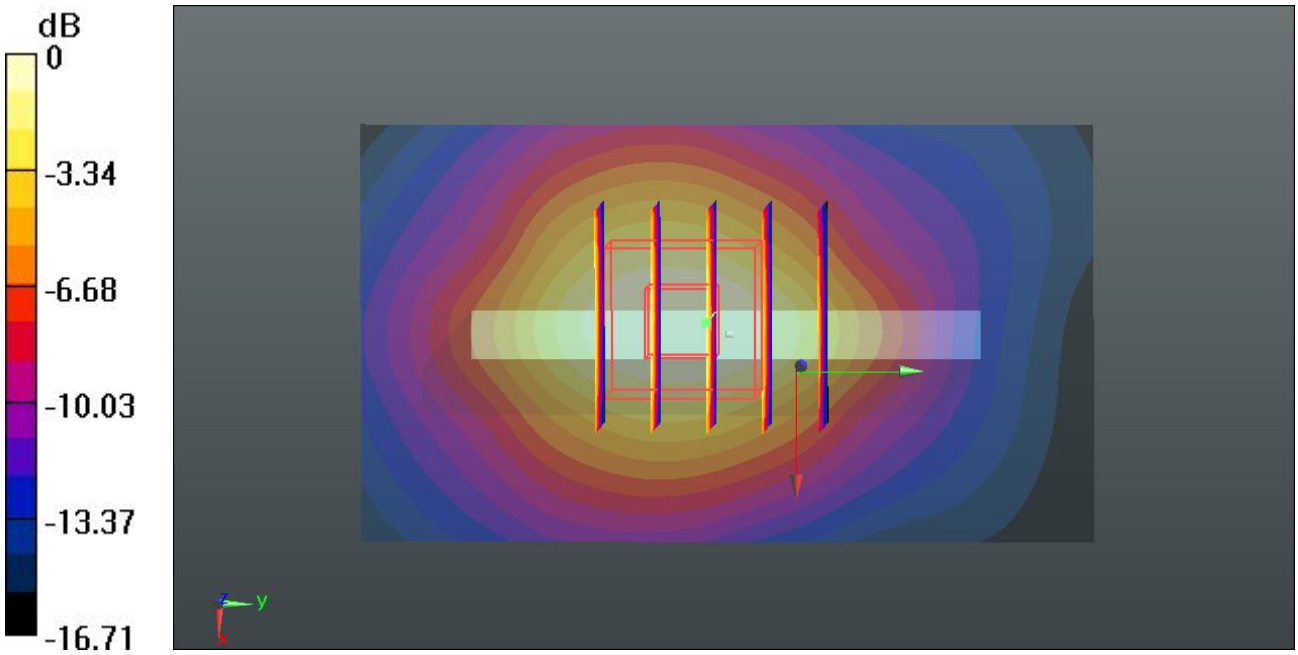
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.507 mho/m; ε_r = 54.733; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9400/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.29 W/kg

Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 29.364 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.569 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.937 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.530 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.25 W/kg



0 dB = 1.25 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 12.08.2013

45 WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2K_Bottom Side_1cm_Ch9538

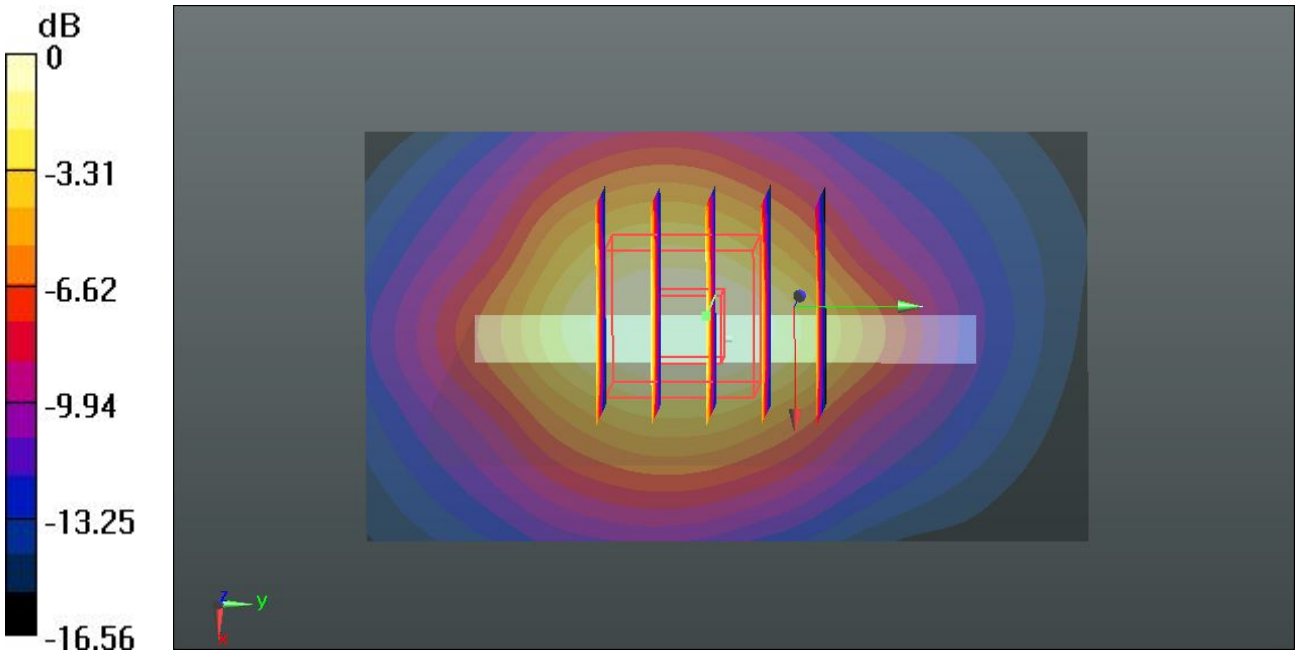
DUT: 380112

Communication System: UMTS; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_130812 Medium parameters used: f = 1908 MHz; σ = 1.542 mho/m; ε_r = 54.591; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.67, 7.67, 7.67); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch9538/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.33 W/kg

Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 29.051 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.590 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.939 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.530 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 W/kg



0 dB = 1.26 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 14.08.2013

53 WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_Front_1cm_Ch11

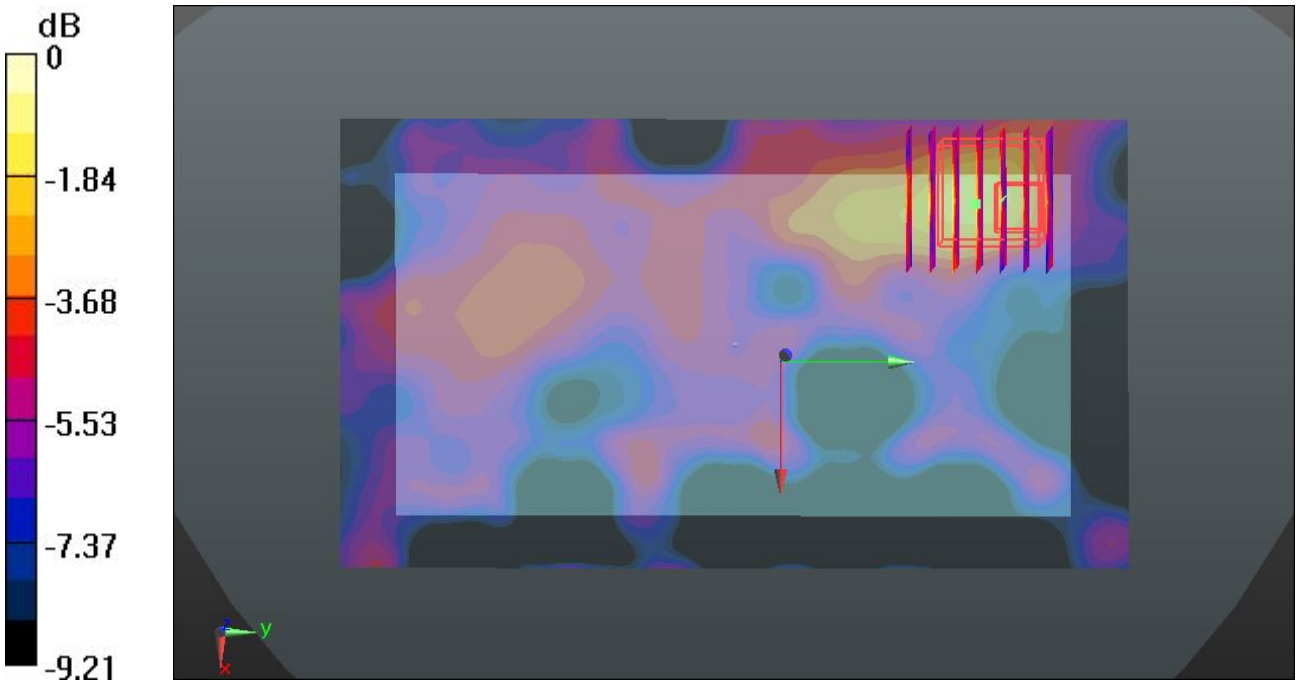
DUT: 380112

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_130814 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.948 mho/m; ε_r = 51.438; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0101 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.725 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.033 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.00729 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00515 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0137 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0137 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 14.08.2013

54 WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_Back_1cm_Ch11

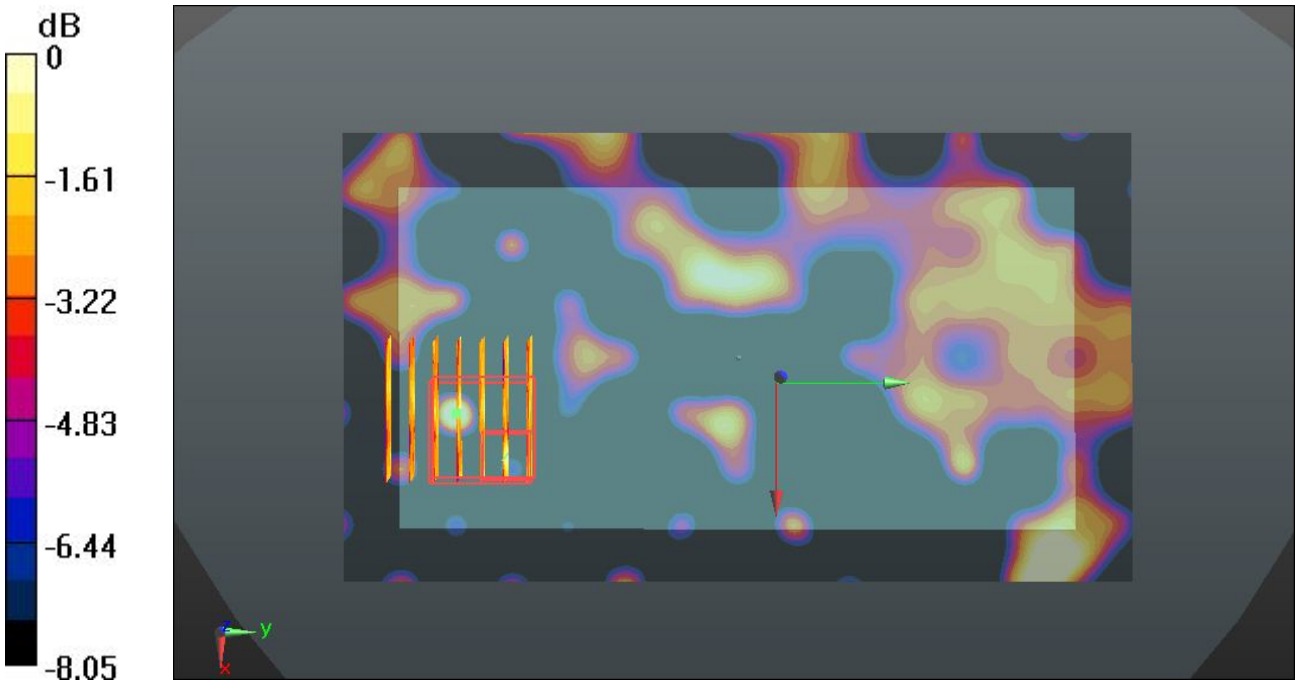
DUT: 380112

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_130814 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.948 mho/m; ε_r = 51.438; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0126 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.505 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.00807 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.00564 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00497 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00807 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00807 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 14.08.2013

55 WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_Left Side_1cm_Ch11

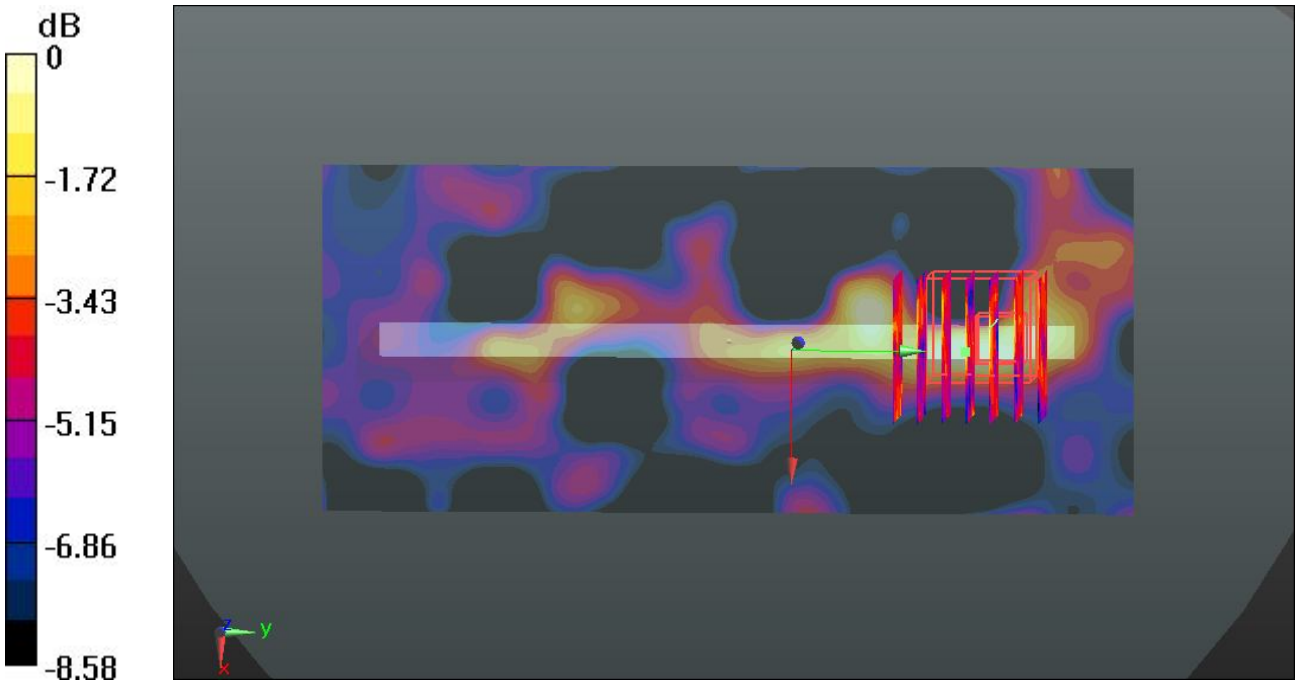
DUT: 380112

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_130814 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.948 mho/m; ε_r = 51.438; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch11/Area Scan (61x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0111 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.068 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.015 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.00595 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.004 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00992 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00992 W/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 14.08.2013

56 WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b_Top Side_1cm_Ch11

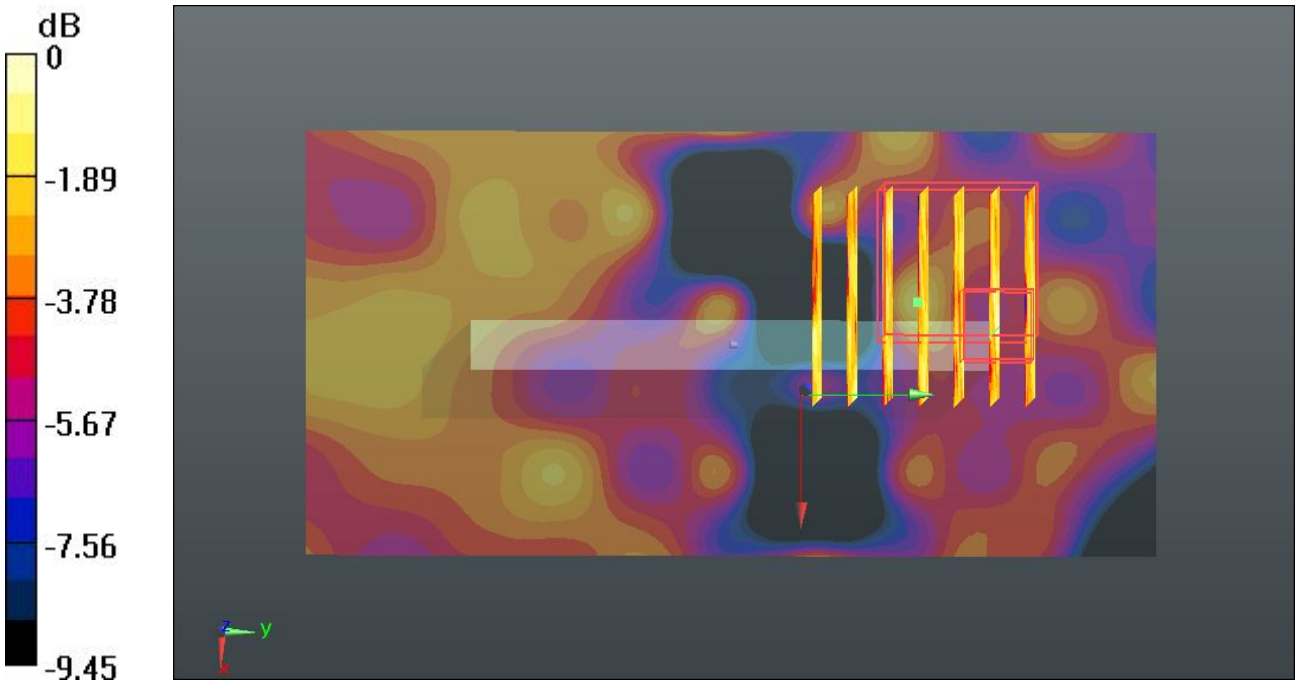
DUT: 380112

Communication System: WIFI; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_130814 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.948 mho/m; ε_r = 51.438; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃; Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.21, 7.21, 7.21); Calibrated: 26.11.2012;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 22.11.2012
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Ch11/Area Scan (51x101x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00442 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.029 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.013 mW/g
SAR(1 g) = 0.00445 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.00374 mW/g
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.00582 W/kg



0 dB = 0.00582 W/kg