FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT	:	CT Asia
EQUIPMENT	:	3G Smart Phone
BRAND NAME	:	BLU
MODEL NAME	:	NEO 5.5
FCC ID	:	YHLBLUNEO55
STANDARD	:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 IEEE 1528-2003

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

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Testing Laboratory
2353

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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA552903	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Jul. 28, 2015

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **CT Asia, 3G Smart Phone, NEO 5.5** are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary			
		Head (Separation 0mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Wireless Router (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
PCE	GSM850	0.16	0.32	0.32	1.48
	GSM1900	0.22	0.98	1.28	
	WCDMA Band V	0.16	0.31	0.31	
	WCDMA Band IV	0.20	0.84	0.99	
	WCDMA Band II	**0.26**	**1.11**	**1.48**	
DTS	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	1.48
DSS	Bluetooth	0.12	<0.10	<0.10	1.48
Date of Testing:		Jul. 02, 2015 ~ Jul. 11, 2015			

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary
		Extremity 10g SAR (W/kg) (Gap 0cm)
PCE	GSM1900	2.97
	WCDMA Band II	**3.84**

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue; 4.0W/kg as averaged over any 10 gram of tissue for extremity SAR) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL (SHENZHEN) INC.
Test Site Location	1F & 2F,Building A, Morning Business Center, No. 4003 ShiGu Rd., Xili Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China TEL: +86-755-8637-9589 FAX: +86-755-8637-9595

Applicant	
Company Name	CT Asia
Address	Unit1309-11, 13th Floor 9 Wing Hong Street Cheung Sha Wan Kowloon, Hong Kong

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Fortune Ship Technology (HK) Limited
Address	6th Floor, Kingson Building, New Energy Innovation Industrial Park, No.1 ChuangSheng Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, P.R. China

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	3G Smart Phone
Brand Name	BLU
Model Name	NEO 5.5
FCC ID	YHLBLUNEO55
IMEI Code	SIM1: 352273017386340 SIM2: 352751013744830
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	· GSM/GPRS/EGPRS(Downlink Only) · RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps · HSDPA · HSUPA · HSPA+ (Downlink Only) · 802.11b/g/n HT20 · Bluetooth v2.1+EDR
HW Version	FS040-V2.0
SW Version	v01
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Pre-Production
Remark: 1. This device 2.4GHz supports hotspot operation and 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN. 2. The EUT do not support DTM function. 3. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, WCDMA (e.g. 3rd party VoIP). 4. This device supports GRPS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class 12 and EGPRS downlink only. 5. This device has 2 SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual Standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (Single active). SIM 1 supports WWAN 2G/3G function, SIM 2 supports only WWAN 2G.	

4.2 Maximum Tune-up Limit

Mode	Burst average power(dBm)	
	GSM 850	GSM 1900
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.50	30.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	33.50	30.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	31.50	28.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)	29.50	26.50
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)	27.50	24.50

Mode	Average power (dBm)		
	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band IV
AMR 12.2Kbps	23.00	23.00	23.00
RMC 12.2Kbps	23.00	23.00	23.00
HSDPA Subtest-1	22.00	23.00	23.00
HSDPA Subtest-2	22.00	23.00	23.00
HSDPA Subtest-3	22.00	23.00	23.00
HSDPA Subtest-4	22.00	23.00	23.00
HSUPA Subtest-1	22.00	22.00	22.00
HSUPA Subtest-2	22.00	22.00	22.00
HSUPA Subtest-3	22.00	22.00	22.00
HSUPA Subtest-4	22.00	22.00	22.00
HSUPA Subtest-5	23.00	23.00	23.00

Mode			Maximum Average Power (dBm)
2.4GHz	802.11b	CH 1	7.50
		CH 6	8.50
		CH 11	9.50
	802.11g	CH 1	13.00
		CH 6	14.50
		CH 11	15.50
	802.11n-HT20	CH 1	10.00
		CH 6	11.50
		CH 11	12.50
Bluetooth v2.1+EDR		CH 00	6.50
		CH 39	8.50
		CH 78	10.50

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

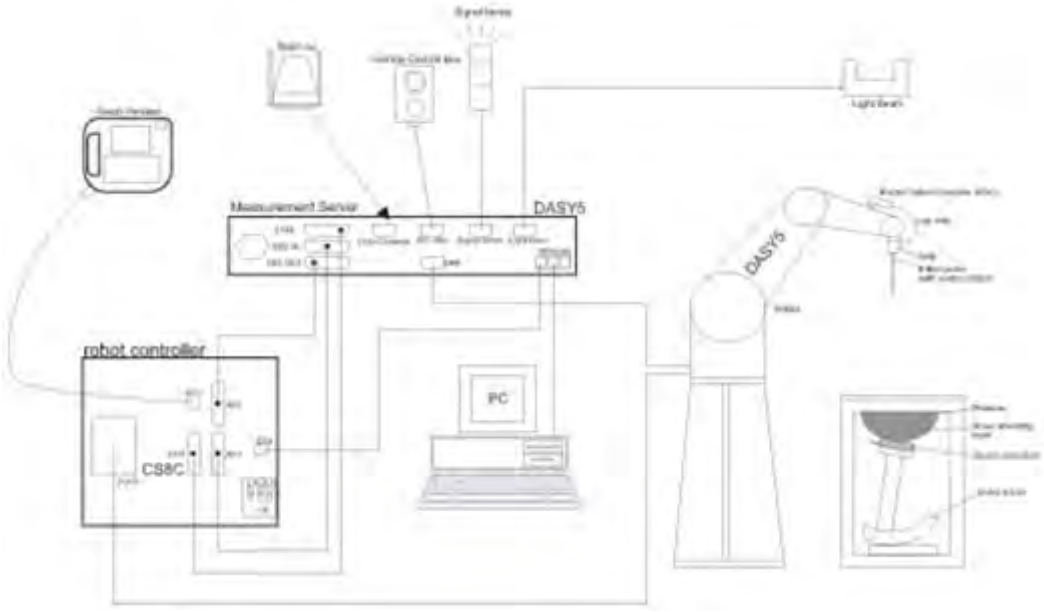
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}|\mathbf{E}|^{\mathbf{2}}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
(b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
(c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
(d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

(a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
(b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
(c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
(d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
(e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
(f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

(a) Power reference measurement
(b) Area scan
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
(c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1069	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	Nov. 21, 2014	Nov. 20, 2015
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	840	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1303	Dec. 11, 2014	Dec. 10, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1386	Feb. 19, 2015	Feb. 18, 2016
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3819	Nov. 13, 2014	Nov. 12, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7346	Jan. 08, 2015	Jan. 07, 2016
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1671	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	ELI4 Phantom	QD OVA 002 AA	TP-1149	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CD	TP-1670	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50267224	Sep. 29, 2014	Sep. 28, 2015
R&S	Network Analyzer	ZVB8	100106	Sep. 29, 2014	Sep. 28, 2015
SPEAG	Dielectric Assessment KIT	DAK-3.5	1032	NCR	NCR
R&S	Signal Generator	SMBV100A	258305	Jan. 23, 2015	Jan. 22, 2016
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1207253	Jan. 28, 2015	Jan. 27, 2016
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1218010	Jan. 28, 2015	Jan. 27, 2016
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	100783	Aug. 11, 2014	Aug. 10, 2015
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	101362	Sep. 29, 2014	Sep. 28, 2015
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note1	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	Note1	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	Note1	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	13440021344	Note1	

General Note:

1. Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
For Head								
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
1750	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.37	40.1
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
For Body								
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
1750	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.49	53.4
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.6	0.916	41.029	0.9	41.5	1.78	-1.13	±5	2015/7/4
1750	Head	22.6	1.378	41.34	1.37	40.1	0.58	3.09	±5	2015/7/9
1900	Head	22.7	1.421	41.283	1.4	40	1.50	3.21	±5	2015/7/9
2450	Head	22.7	1.729	37.311	1.8	39.2	-3.94	-4.82	±5	2015/7/5
2450	Body	22.8	1.823	37.953	1.8	39.2	1.28	-3.18	±5	2015/7/9
835	Body	22.7	0.977	54.442	0.97	55.2	0.72	-1.37	±5	2015/7/4
1750	Body	22.7	1.527	52.02	1.49	53.4	2.48	-2.58	±5	2015/7/2
1900	Body	22.6	1.542	53.532	1.52	53.3	1.45	0.44	±5	2015/7/2
2450	Body	22.8	1.992	52.319	1.95	52.7	2.15	-0.72	±5	2015/7/5
2450	Body	22.7	1.938	51.276	1.95	52.7	-0.62	-2.70	±5	2015/7/11

10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2015/7/4	835	Head	250	4d091	7346	1386	2.13	9.11	8.52	-6.48
2015/7/9	1750	Head	250	1069	3819	1303	9.77	37.10	39.08	5.34
2015/7/9	1900	Head	250	5d118	3819	1303	9.83	40.10	39.32	-1.95
2015/7/5	2450	Head	250	840	7346	1386	12.30	52.30	49.2	-5.93
2015/7/9	2450	Head	250	840	7346	1386	12.35	52.30	49.4	-5.54
2015/7/4	835	Body	250	4d091	7346	1386	2.25	9.60	9	-6.25
2015/7/2	1750	Body	250	1069	7346	1386	9.00	38.10	36	-5.51
2015/7/2	1900	Body	250	5d118	7346	1386	9.54	40.00	38.16	-4.60
2015/7/5	2450	Body	250	840	7346	1386	12.50	51.00	50	-1.96
2015/7/11	2450	Body	250	840	7346	1386	12.20	51.00	48.8	-4.31

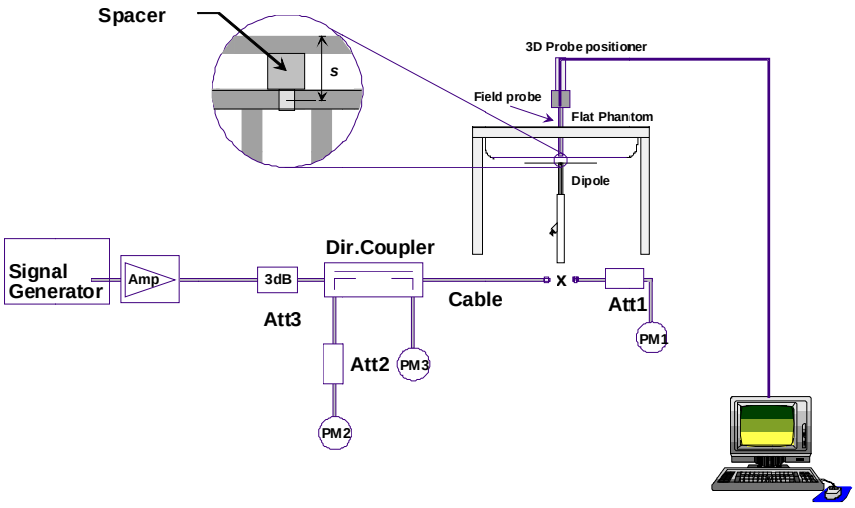


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled “M,” the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked “LE,” and the right ERP is marked “RE.” Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

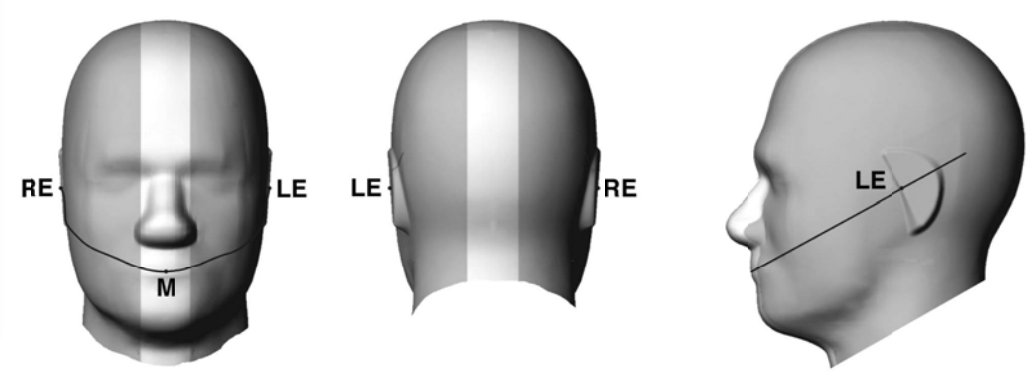


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

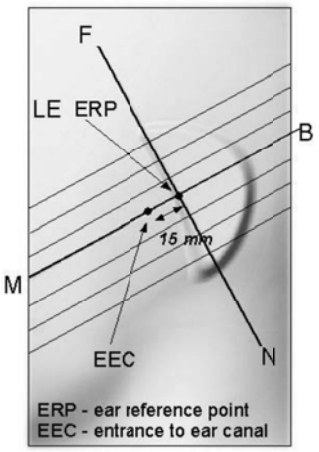


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

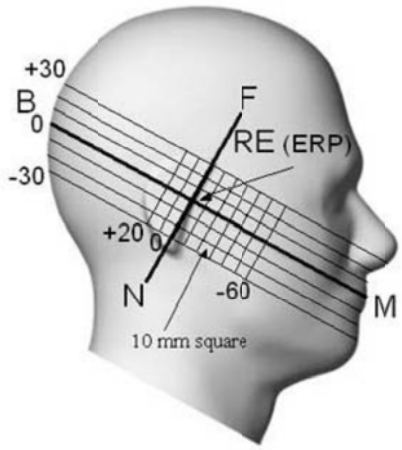


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

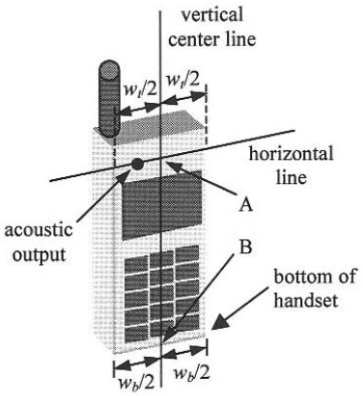


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

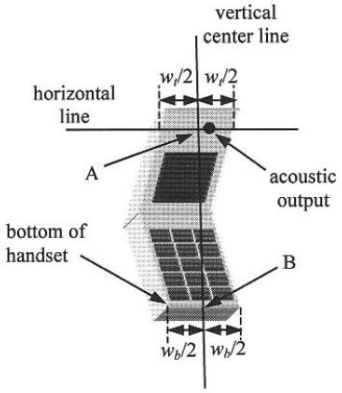


Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

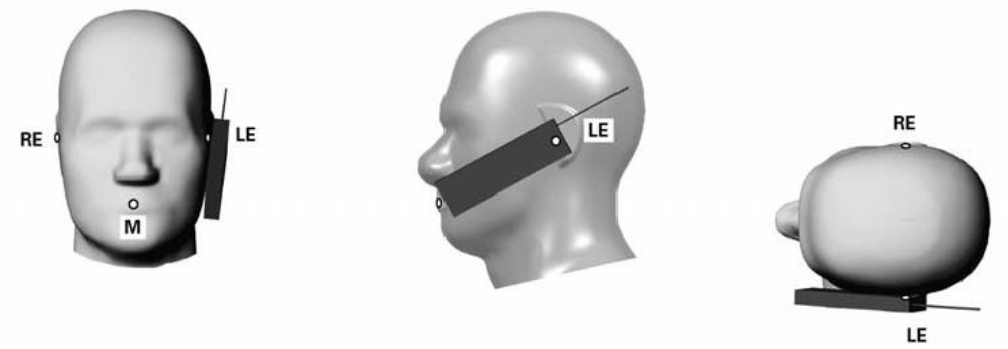


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

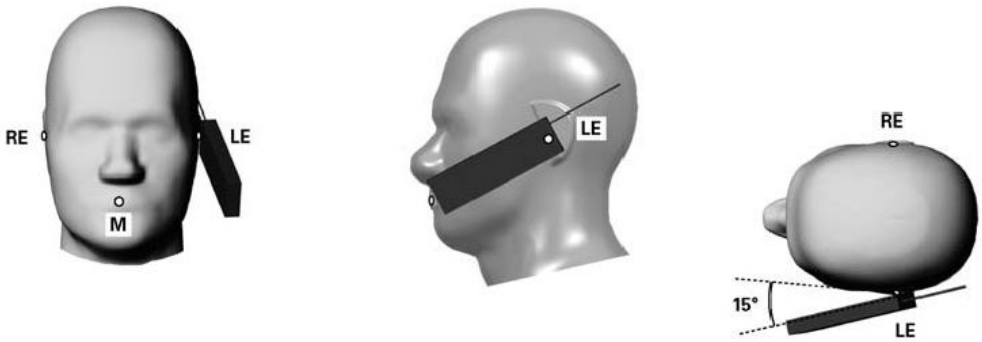


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

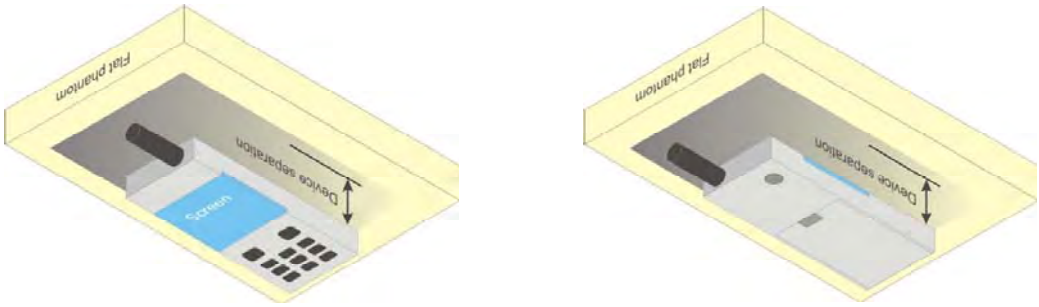


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Extremity Exposure

For smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, According to KDB648474D04v01r02,the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance

1. The normally required head and body-worn accessory SAR test procedures for handsets, including hotspot mode, must be applied.

2. The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions.6 The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

11.6 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC HDB Publication 941225 D06 v02 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The “Portable Hotspot” feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850 and set in GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM1900.
3. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850 and set in GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM1900.

SIM1:

Band GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	128	189	251		128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8		824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	**32.74**	32.71	32.69	33.50	23.74	23.71	23.69	24.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	32.73	32.68	32.65	33.50	23.73	23.68	23.65	24.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	30.69	30.65	30.61	31.50	**24.69**	24.65	24.61	25.50
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	28.84	28.79	28.77	29.50	24.58	24.53	24.51	25.24
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	26.82	26.79	26.78	27.50	23.82	23.79	23.78	24.50
Band GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	**29.74**	29.64	29.67	30.50	20.74	20.64	20.67	21.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	29.68	29.57	29.61	30.50	20.68	20.57	20.61	21.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	27.47	27.37	27.42	28.00	21.47	21.37	21.42	22.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	25.90	25.79	25.82	26.50	**21.64**	21.53	21.56	22.24
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	23.87	23.74	23.76	24.50	20.87	20.74	20.76	21.50

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.
The calculated method are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

SIM2:

Band GSM850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	128	189	251		128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8		824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	**32.72**	32.69	32.65	33.50	23.72	23.69	23.65	24.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	32.70	32.66	32.63	33.50	23.70	23.66	23.63	24.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	30.67	30.63	30.57	31.50	**24.67**	24.63	24.57	25.50
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	28.81	28.75	28.75	29.50	24.55	24.49	24.49	25.24
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	26.80	26.77	26.76	27.50	23.80	23.77	23.76	24.50
Band GSM1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel	512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	**29.72**	29.60	29.62	30.50	20.72	20.60	20.62	21.50
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	29.66	29.55	29.59	30.50	20.66	20.55	20.59	21.50
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	27.45	27.35	27.40	28.00	21.45	21.35	21.40	22.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1	25.87	25.76	25.81	26.50	**21.61**	21.50	21.55	22.24
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1	23.85	23.72	23.73	24.50	20.85	20.72	20.73	21.50

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.
The calculated method are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
   i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
   ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
   iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
   vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
   vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
   viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
   ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
   x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
   xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c, and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c.

Note 3: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
   i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
   ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
   v. Set UE Target Power
   vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
   vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
   viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	β_{ed}1: 47/15 β_{ed}2: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c.
Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.
Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.

SIM1:

Band			WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II			WCDMA Band IV		
TX Channel			4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	1312	1413	1513
Rx Channel			4357	4407	4458	9662	9800	9938	1537	1638	1738
Frequency (MHz)			826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880	1907.6	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
MPR (dB)	3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	22.56	22.49	22.51	22.67	22.53	22.49	22.67	22.64	22.47
	3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	**22.57**	22.51	22.52	**22.69**	22.55	22.50	**22.68**	22.66	22.48
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	21.62	21.15	21.76	22.50	22.20	22.00	22.06	22.01	22.34
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	21.63	21.23	21.72	22.19	22.13	21.84	21.95	21.95	22.11
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.62	21.31	21.76	22.10	22.19	21.84	21.97	22.00	22.07
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.59	21.26	21.71	22.03	22.15	21.79	21.92	21.95	22.03
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	20.19	19.76	20.45	21.51	20.54	20.49	20.64	20.66	21.04
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	21.07	20.79	21.19	21.09	21.43	21.22	21.44	21.48	21.42
1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	21.07	20.88	21.35	21.46	21.45	21.27	20.97	21.09	21.28
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.40	20.85	21.22	21.52	21.51	21.47	20.97	21.74	21.14
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.30	22.10	22.50	22.50	22.60	22.50	22.50	22.66	22.60

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r01, SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
4. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
   a. When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
   b. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
   c. For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average power (dBm)	Duty Cycle %
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11b	CH 1	2412	1Mbps	6.89	100.00
		CH 6	2437		7.93	
		CH 11	2462		8.79	
	802.11g	CH 1	2412	6Mbps	12.48	96.52
		CH 6	2437		13.82	
		CH 11	2462		14.76	
	802.11n-HT20	CH 1	2412	MCS0	9.62	95.72
		CH 6	2437		11.00	
		CH 11	2462		12.00	

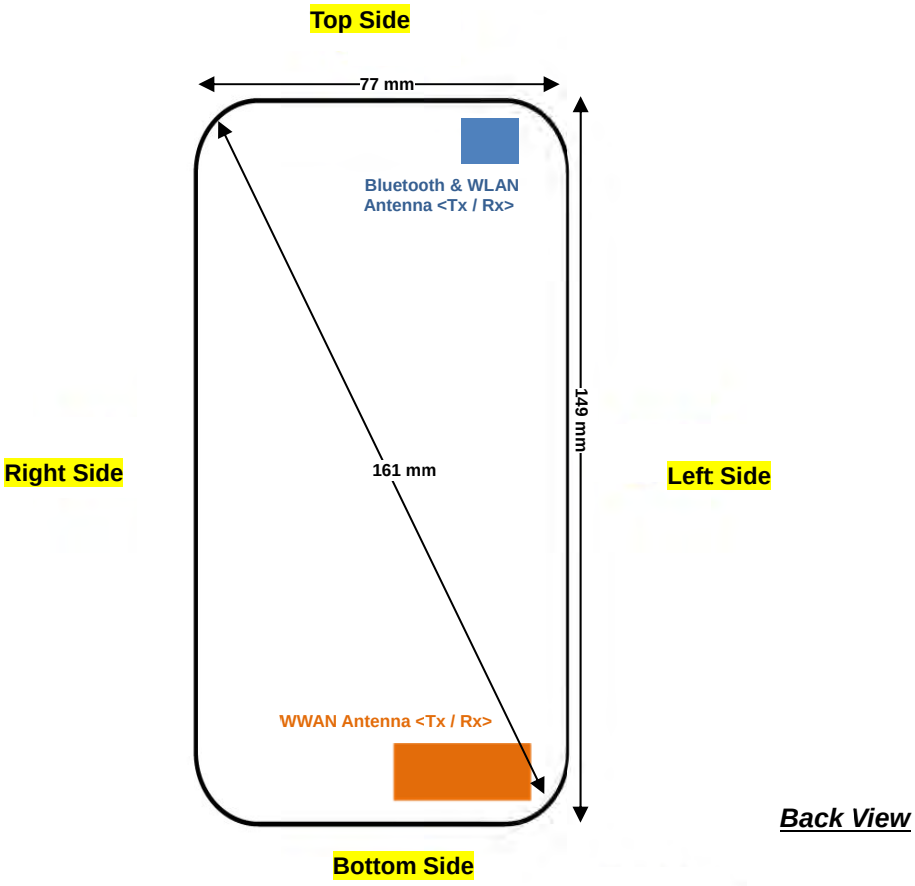
<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
2. The duty factor is selected theoretical 83.3% perform Bluetooth SAR testing.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)		
			1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps
V2.1 with EDR	CH 00	2402	5.74	5.38	5.37
	CH 39	2441	7.98	7.71	7.69
	CH 78	2480	**9.68**	9.36	9.37

13. Antenna Location



Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	128mm	≤ 25mm	35mm	≤ 25mm
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	131mm	56mm	≤ 25mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

General Note:
Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
   a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
   b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
   c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
   d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
   - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
   - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
   - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
4. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850 and set in GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM1900.
5. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850 and set in GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM1900.
6. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for next to the ear head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”.
7. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA.
8. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r01, for 2.4GHz 802.11n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
9. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
10. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
11. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.
12. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g SAR > 1.2 W/kg, and the limit for extremity SAR is 4.0W/kg as averaged over any 10 gram of tissue.

14.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	128	824.2	30.69	31.50	1.205	0.03	0.127	0.153
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	128	824.2	30.69	31.50	1.205	0.02	0.065	0.078
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	128	824.2	30.69	31.50	1.205	-0.09	0.120	0.145
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	128	824.2	30.69	31.50	1.205	-0.05	0.064	0.077
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	189	836.4	30.65	31.50	1.216	0.04	0.110	0.134
01	**GSM850**	**GPRS(2 Tx slots)**	**Right Cheek**	**251**	**848.8**	**30.61**	**31.50**	**1.227**	**0.07**	**0.132**	**0.162**
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	512	1850.2	25.90	26.50	1.148	0.06	0.110	0.126
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	512	1850.2	25.90	26.50	1.148	0.04	0.074	0.085
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	25.90	26.50	1.148	0.01	0.183	0.210
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	512	1850.2	25.90	26.50	1.148	0.07	0.075	0.086
02	**GSM1900**	**GPRS(3 Tx slots)**	**Left Cheek**	**661**	**1880**	**25.79**	**26.50**	**1.178**	**0.08**	**0.189**	**0.223**
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	810	1909.8	25.82	26.50	1.169	-0.1	0.169	0.198

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
03	**WCDMA Band V**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Right Cheek**	**4132**	**826.4**	**22.57**	**23.00**	**1.104**	**0.07**	**0.144**	**0.159**
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	4132	826.4	22.57	23.00	1.104	0.02	0.080	0.088
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4132	826.4	22.57	23.00	1.104	0.07	0.137	0.151
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	4132	826.4	22.57	23.00	1.104	0.06	0.077	0.085
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4182	836.4	22.51	23.00	1.119	0.02	0.114	0.128
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	22.52	23.00	1.117	0.01	0.137	0.153
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1312	1712.4	22.68	23.00	1.076	-0.08	0.126	0.136
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	1312	1712.4	22.68	23.00	1.076	0.09	0.076	0.082
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1312	1712.4	22.68	23.00	1.076	-0.09	0.154	0.166
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	1312	1712.4	22.68	23.00	1.076	0.03	0.080	0.086
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1413	1732.6	22.66	23.00	1.081	-0.05	0.174	0.188
04	**WCDMA Band IV**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Left Cheek**	**1513**	**1752.6**	**22.48**	**23.00**	**1.127**	**0.09**	**0.181**	**0.204**
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9262	1852.4	22.69	23.00	1.074	0.04	0.147	0.158
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	9262	1852.4	22.69	23.00	1.074	0.03	0.089	0.096
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9262	1852.4	22.69	23.00	1.074	0.01	0.233	0.250
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	9262	1852.4	22.69	23.00	1.074	0.02	0.092	0.099
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9400	1880	22.55	23.00	1.109	-0.03	0.219	0.243
05	**WCDMA Band II**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Left Cheek**	**9538**	**1907.6**	**22.50**	**23.00**	**1.122**	**-0.01**	**0.231**	**0.259**

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	11	2462	8.79	9.50	1.178	100.00	1.000	-0.03	0.016	0.019
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	11	2462	8.79	9.50	1.178	100.00	1.000	-0.04	0.000622	0.001
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	11	2462	8.79	9.50	1.178	100.00	1.000	-0.04	0.000864	0.001
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	11	2462	8.79	9.50	1.178	100.00	1.000	-0.09	0.00186	0.002
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	1	2412	6.89	7.50	1.151	100.00	1.000	-0.07	0.034	0.039
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	6	2437	7.93	8.50	1.140	100.00	1.000	-0.08	0.045	0.051
06	**WLAN 2.4GHz**	**802.11g 6Mbps**	**Right Cheek**	**11**	**2462**	**14.76**	**15.50**	**1.185**	**96.52**	**1.036**	**-0.04**	**0.065**	**0.080**
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	Right Tilted	11	2462	14.76	15.50	1.185	96.52	1.036	-0.07	0.034	0.042
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	Left Cheek	11	2462	14.76	15.50	1.185	96.52	1.036	-0.03	0.025	0.031
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	Left Tilted	11	2462	14.76	15.50	1.185	96.52	1.036	0.04	0.016	0.020
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	Right Cheek	1	2412	12.48	13.00	1.126	96.52	1.036	0.05	0.061	0.071
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	Right Cheek	6	2437	13.82	14.50	1.168	96.52	1.036	0.03	0.060	0.073

< Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
07	**Bluetooth**	**1Mbps**	**Right Cheek**	**78**	**2480**	**9.68**	**10.50**	**1.209**	**0.05**	**0.102**	**0.123**
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Tilted	78	2480	9.68	10.50	1.209	0.05	0.054	0.065
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	78	2480	9.68	10.50	1.209	0.08	0.033	0.040
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Tilted	78	2480	9.68	10.50	1.209	0.01	0.023	0.028
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Cheek	0	2402	5.74	6.50	1.192	0.05	0.046	0.055
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Cheek	39	2441	7.98	8.50	1.128	0.04	0.067	0.076

14.2 Hotspot SAR

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	128mm	≤ 25mm	35mm	≤ 25mm
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	131mm	56mm	≤ 25mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

General Note:
Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Front	1	128	824.2	30.69	31.50	1.205	0.06	0.224	0.270
08	**GSM850**	**GPRS(2 Tx slots)**	**Back**	**1**	**128**	**824.2**	**30.69**	**31.50**	**1.205**	**0.03**	**0.263**	**0.317**
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Left Side	1	128	824.2	30.69	31.50	1.205	-0.07	0.191	0.230
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	128	824.2	30.69	31.50	1.205	-0.09	0.111	0.134
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	1	189	836.4	30.65	31.50	1.216	-0.14	0.239	0.291
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	1	251	848.8	30.61	31.50	1.227	0.09	0.250	0.307
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Front	1	512	1850.2	25.90	26.50	1.148	0.06	0.821	0.943
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Back	1	512	1850.2	25.90	26.50	1.148	0.05	0.555	0.637
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Left Side	1	512	1850.2	25.90	26.50	1.148	-0.06	0.207	0.238
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	512	1850.2	25.90	26.50	1.148	-0.14	1.000	1.148
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Front	1	661	1880	25.79	26.50	1.178	-0.01	0.832	0.980
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Front	1	810	1909.8	25.82	26.50	1.169	-0.02	0.746	0.872
09	**GSM1900**	**GPRS(3 Tx slots)**	**Bottom Side**	**1**	**661**	**1880**	**25.79**	**26.50**	**1.178**	**-0.02**	**1.090**	**1.284**
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	810	1909.8	25.82	26.50	1.169	-0.12	0.996	1.165

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	4132	826.4	22.57	23.00	1.104	0.09	0.246	0.272
10	**WCDMA Band V**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Back**	**1**	**4132**	**826.4**	**22.57**	**23.00**	**1.104**	**-0.07**	**0.278**	**0.307**
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	4132	826.4	22.57	23.00	1.104	-0.1	0.213	0.235
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	4132	826.4	22.57	23.00	1.104	-0.08	0.129	0.142
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	4182	836.4	22.51	23.00	1.119	0.05	0.224	0.251
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	4233	846.6	22.52	23.00	1.117	0.08	0.239	0.267
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	1312	1712.4	22.68	23.00	1.076	0.04	0.661	0.712
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	1312	1712.4	22.68	23.00	1.076	0.15	0.403	0.434
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	1312	1712.4	22.68	23.00	1.076	-0.01	0.103	0.111
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	1312	1712.4	22.68	23.00	1.076	-0.07	0.787	0.847
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	1413	1732.6	22.66	23.00	1.081	-0.15	0.85	0.919
11	**WCDMA Band IV**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Bottom Side**	**1**	**1513**	**1752.6**	**22.48**	**23.00**	**1.127**	**-0.06**	**0.874**	**0.985**
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	1413	1732.6	22.66	23.00	1.081	-0.02	0.718	0.776
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	1513	1752.6	22.48	23.00	1.127	0.01	0.748	0.843
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9262	1852.4	22.69	23.00	1.074	0.05	1.030	1.106
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	9262	1852.4	22.69	23.00	1.074	0.01	0.695	0.746
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	9262	1852.4	22.69	23.00	1.074	-0.07	0.258	0.277
12	**WCDMA Band II**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Bottom Side**	**1**	**9262**	**1852.4**	**22.69**	**23.00**	**1.074**	**-0.09**	**1.380**	**1.482**
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9400	1880	22.55	23.00	1.109	-0.07	0.886	0.983
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9538	1907.6	22.50	23.00	1.122	-0.03	0.952	1.068
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	9400	1880	22.55	23.00	1.109	-0.02	1.200	1.331
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side		9538	1907.6	22.50	23.00	1.122	-0.03	1.250	1.403

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1	11	2462	8.79	9.50	1.178	100.00	1.000	-0.09	0.00469	0.006
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1	11	2462	8.79	9.50	1.178	100.00	1.000	-0.02	0.00372	0.004
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Side	1	11	2462	8.79	9.50	1.178	100.00	1.000	-0.07	0.0017	0.002
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	1	11	2462	8.79	9.50	1.178	100.00	1.000	0.05	0.00233	0.003
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1	1	2412	6.89	7.50	1.151	100.00	1.000	-0.08	0.00791	0.009
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1	6	2437	7.93	8.50	1.140	100.00	1.000	-0.05	0.00822	0.009
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	Front	1	11	2462	14.76	15.50	1.185	96.52	1.036	-0.09	0.014	0.017
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	Back	1	11	2462	14.76	15.50	1.185	96.52	1.036	-0.04	0.013	0.016
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	Left Side	1	11	2462	14.76	15.50	1.185	96.52	1.036	-0.03	0.00769	0.009
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	Top Side	1	11	2462	14.76	15.50	1.185	96.52	1.036	-0.06	0.00547	0.007
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	Front	1	1	2412	12.48	13.00	1.126	96.52	1.036	-0.05	0.014	0.016
13	**WLAN 2.4GHz**	**802.11g 6Mbps**	**Front**	**1**	**6**	**2437**	**13.82**	**14.50**	**1.168**	**96.52**	**1.036**	**0.04**	**0.017**	**0.021**

< Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
14	**Bluetooth**	**1Mbps**	**Front**	**1**	**78**	**2480**	**9.68**	**10.50**	**1.209**	**-0.07**	**0.019**	**0.023**
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	1	78	2480	9.68	10.50	1.209	0.08	0.016	0.019
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Side	1	78	2480	9.68	10.50	1.209	-0.07	0.013	0.016
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Top Side	1	78	2480	9.68	10.50	1.209	-0.11	0.0051	0.006
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	1	0	2402	5.74	6.50	1.192	-0.09	0.000694	0.001
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	1	39	2441	7.98	8.50	1.128	0.06	0.016	0.018

14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Front	1	128	824.2	30.69	31.50	1.205	0.06	0.224	0.270
08	**GSM850**	**GPRS(2 Tx slots)**	**Back**	**1**	**128**	**824.2**	**30.69**	**31.50**	**1.205**	**0.03**	**0.263**	**0.317**
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	1	189	836.4	30.65	31.50	1.216	-0.14	0.239	0.291
	GSM850	GPRS(2 Tx slots)	Back	1	251	848.8	30.61	31.50	1.227	0.09	0.250	0.307
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Front	1	512	1850.2	25.90	26.50	1.148	0.06	0.821	0.943
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Back	1	512	1850.2	25.90	26.50	1.148	0.05	0.555	0.637
15	**GSM1900**	**GPRS(3 Tx slots)**	**Front**	**1**	**661**	**1880**	**25.79**	**26.50**	**1.178**	**-0.01**	**0.832**	**0.980**
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Front	1	810	1909.8	25.82	26.50	1.169	-0.02	0.746	0.872

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	4132	826.4	22.57	23.00	1.104	0.09	0.246	0.272
10	**WCDMA Band V**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Back**	**1**	**4132**	**826.4**	**22.57**	**23.00**	**1.104**	**-0.07**	**0.278**	**0.307**
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	4182	836.4	22.51	23.00	1.119	0.05	0.224	0.251
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	4233	846.6	22.52	23.00	1.117	0.08	0.239	0.267
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	1312	1712.4	22.68	23.00	1.076	0.04	0.661	0.712
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	1312	1712.4	22.68	23.00	1.076	0.15	0.403	0.434
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	1413	1732.6	22.66	23.00	1.081	-0.02	0.718	0.776
16	**WCDMA Band IV**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Front**	**1**	**1513**	**1752.6**	**22.48**	**23.00**	**1.127**	**0.01**	**0.748**	**0.843**
17	**WCDMA Band II**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Front**	**1**	**9262**	**1852.4**	**22.69**	**23.00**	**1.074**	**0.05**	**1.030**	**1.106**
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	9262	1852.4	22.69	23.00	1.074	0.01	0.695	0.746
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9400	1880	22.55	23.00	1.109	-0.07	0.886	0.983
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9538	1907.6	22.50	23.00	1.122	-0.03	0.952	1.068

<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1	11	2462	8.79	9.50	1.178	100.00	1.000	-0.09	0.00469	0.006
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1	11	2462	8.79	9.50	1.178	100.00	1.000	-0.02	0.00372	0.004
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1	1	2412	6.89	7.50	1.151	100.00	1.000	-0.08	0.00791	0.009
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1	6	2437	7.93	8.50	1.140	100.00	1.000	-0.05	0.00822	0.009
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	Front	1	11	2462	14.76	15.50	1.185	96.52	1.036	-0.09	0.014	0.017
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	Back	1	11	2462	14.76	15.50	1.185	96.52	1.036	-0.04	0.013	0.016
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11g 6Mbps	Front	1	1	2412	12.48	13.00	1.126	96.52	1.036	-0.05	0.014	0.016
13	**WLAN 2.4GHz**	**802.11g 6Mbps**	**Front**	**1**	**6**	**2437**	**13.82**	**14.50**	**1.168**	**96.52**	**1.036**	**0.04**	**0.017**	**0.021**

< Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
14	**Bluetooth**	**1Mbps**	**Front**	**1**	**78**	**2480**	**9.68**	**10.50**	**1.209**	**-0.07**	**0.019**	**0.023**
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	1	78	2480	9.68	10.50	1.209	0.08	0.016	0.019
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	1	0	2402	5.74	6.50	1.192	-0.09	0.000694	0.001
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	1	39	2441	7.98	8.50	1.128	0.06	0.016	0.018

14.4 Extremity SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
18	**GSM1900**	**GPRS(3 Tx slots)**	**Bottom Side**	**0**	**661**	**1880**	**25.79**	**26.50**	**1.178**	**-0.05**	**2.520**	**2.968**
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0	512	1850.2	25.90	26.50	1.148	0.03	2.540	2.916
	GSM1900	GPRS(3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	0	810	1909.8	25.82	26.50	1.169	0.02	2.490	2.912

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0	9262	1852.4	22.69	23.00	1.074	0.09	3.550	3.813
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0	9400	1880	22.55	23.00	1.109	-0.06	3.390	3.760
19	**WCDMA Band II**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Bottom Side**	**0**	**9538**	**1907.6**	**22.50**	**23.00**	**1.122**	**-0.02**	**3.420**	**3.837**

14.5 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	1513	1752.6	22.48	23.00	1.127	-0.06	0.874	1	0.985
2nd	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	1513	1752.6	22.48	23.00	1.127	-0.09	0.811	1.072	0.914
1st	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	9262	1852.4	22.69	23.00	1.074	-0.09	1.380	1	1.482
2nd	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	9262	1852.4	22.69	23.00	1.074	-0.08	1.180	1.145	1.267

No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 10g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 10g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0	9262	1852.4	22.69	23.00	1.074	0.09	3.550	1	3.813
2nd	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	0	9262	1852.4	22.69	23.00	1.074	0.09	3.450	1.028	3.705

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg for 1g SAR and ≥2.0W/kg for 10g SAR.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg for 1g SAR, <3.625W/kg for 10g SAR, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset			Note
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	
1.	GSM(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
2.	WCDMA(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
3.	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
4.	WCDMA((Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
5.	GPRS(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
6.	WCDMA(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
7.	GPRS(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
8.	WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering

General Note:

1. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, WCDMA (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports hotspot operation.
3. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
4. EUT will choose each GSM and WCDMA according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
5. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
6. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
   i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
   ii) SPLSR = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}$ / (*min. separation distance, mm*), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
   iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
   iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	WLAN DTS Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.162	0.080	0.24		
		Right Tilted	0.078	0.042	0.12		
		Left Cheek	0.145	0.031	0.18		
		Left Tilted	0.077	0.020	0.10		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.126	0.080	0.21		
		Right Tilted	0.085	0.042	0.13		
		Left Cheek	0.223	0.031	0.25		
		Left Tilted	0.086	0.020	0.11		
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.159	0.080	0.24		
		Right Tilted	0.088	0.042	0.13		
		Left Cheek	0.151	0.031	0.18		
		Left Tilted	0.085	0.020	0.11		
	Band IV	Right Cheek	0.136	0.080	0.22		
		Right Tilted	0.082	0.042	0.12		
		Left Cheek	0.204	0.031	0.24		
		Left Tilted	0.086	0.020	0.11		
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.158	0.080	0.24		
		Right Tilted	0.096	0.042	0.14		
		Left Cheek	0.259	0.031	0.29		
		Left Tilted	0.099	0.020	0.12		

<WWAN + Bluetooth>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE	Bluetooth DSS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.162	0.123	0.29		
		Right Tilted	0.078	0.065	0.14		
		Left Cheek	0.145	0.040	0.19		
		Left Tilted	0.077	0.028	0.11		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.126	0.123	0.25		
		Right Tilted	0.085	0.065	0.15		
		Left Cheek	0.223	0.040	0.26		
		Left Tilted	0.086	0.028	0.11		
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.159	0.123	0.28		
		Right Tilted	0.088	0.065	0.15		
		Left Cheek	0.151	0.040	0.19		
		Left Tilted	0.085	0.028	0.11		
	Band IV	Right Cheek	0.136	0.123	0.26		
		Right Tilted	0.082	0.065	0.15		
		Left Cheek	0.204	0.040	0.24		
		Left Tilted	0.086	0.028	0.11		
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.158	0.123	0.28		
		Right Tilted	0.096	0.065	0.16		
		Left Cheek	0.259	0.040	0.30		
		Left Tilted	0.099	0.028	0.13		

15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	WLAN DTS Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.270	0.021	0.29		
		Back	0.317	0.016	0.33		
		Left side	0.230	0.009	0.24		
		Top side		0.007	0.01		
		Bottom side	0.134		0.13		
	GSM1900	Front	0.980	0.021	1.00		
		Back	0.637	0.016	0.65		
		Left side	0.238	0.009	0.25		
		Top side		0.007	0.01		
		Bottom side	1.284		1.28		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.272	0.021	0.29		
		Back	0.307	0.016	0.32		
		Left side	0.235	0.009	0.24		
		Top side		0.007	0.01		
		Bottom side	0.142		0.14		
	Band IV	Front	0.843	0.021	0.86		
		Back	0.434	0.016	0.45		
		Left side	0.111	0.009	0.12		
		Top side		0.007	0.01		
		Bottom side	0.985		0.99		
	Band II	Front	1.106	0.021	1.13		
		Back	0.746	0.016	0.76		
		Left side	0.277	0.009	0.29		
		Top side		0.007	0.01		
		Bottom side	1.482		**1.48**		

<WWAN + Bluetooth>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth DSS Max. Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.270	0.023	0.29		
		Back	0.317	0.019	0.34		
		Left side	0.230	0.016	0.25		
		Top side		0.006	0.01		
		Bottom side	0.134		0.13		
	GSM1900	Front	0.980	0.023	1.00		
		Back	0.637	0.019	0.66		
		Left side	0.238	0.016	0.25		
		Top side		0.006	0.01		
		Bottom side	1.284		1.28		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.272	0.023	0.30		
		Back	0.307	0.019	0.33		
		Left side	0.235	0.016	0.25		
		Top side		0.006	0.01		
		Bottom side	0.142		0.14		
	Band IV	Front	0.843	0.023	0.87		
		Back	0.434	0.019	0.45		
		Left side	0.111	0.016	0.13		
		Top side		0.006	0.01		
		Bottom side	0.985		0.99		
	Band II	Front	1.106	0.023	1.13		
		Back	0.746	0.019	0.77		
		Left side	0.277	0.016	0.29		
		Top side		0.006	0.01		
		Bottom side	1.482		**1.48**		

15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

<WWAN + WLAN>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE	WLAN DTS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.270	0.021	0.29		
		Back	0.317	0.016	0.33		
	GSM1900	Front	0.980	0.021	1.00		
		Back	0.637	0.016	0.65		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.272	0.021	0.29		
		Back	0.307	0.016	0.32		
	Band IV	Front	0.843	0.021	0.86		
		Back	0.434	0.016	0.45		
	Band II	Front	1.106	0.021	1.13		
		Back	0.746	0.016	0.76		

<WWAN + Bluetooth>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE	Bluetooth DSS	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
			Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Max. Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)			
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.270	0.023	0.29		
		Back	0.317	0.019	0.34		
	GSM1900	Front	0.980	0.023	1.00		
		Back	0.637	0.019	0.66		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.272	0.023	0.30		
		Back	0.307	0.019	0.33		
	Band IV	Front	0.843	0.023	0.87		
		Back	0.434	0.019	0.45		
	Band II	Front	1.106	0.023	1.13		
		Back	0.746	0.019	0.77		

Test Engineer： Luke Lu

16. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor[a]	1/k[b]	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 17.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.0 %	± 10.8 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	
Expanded Uncertainty						**± 22.0 %**	**± 21.5 %**

Table 17.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

17. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”

[2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992

[3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, “Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, December 2003

[4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

[5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r01, “SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters”, Jun 2015.

[6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, Feb 2014

[7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets”, Dec 2013.

[8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03, “3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES”, Oct 2014

[9] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2014.

[10] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Feb 2014.

[11] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, “RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations” May 2013.

Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

Test Laboratory:Sporton International Inc SAR Testing Lab Date: 2015.07.04

System Check_Head_835MHz_150704

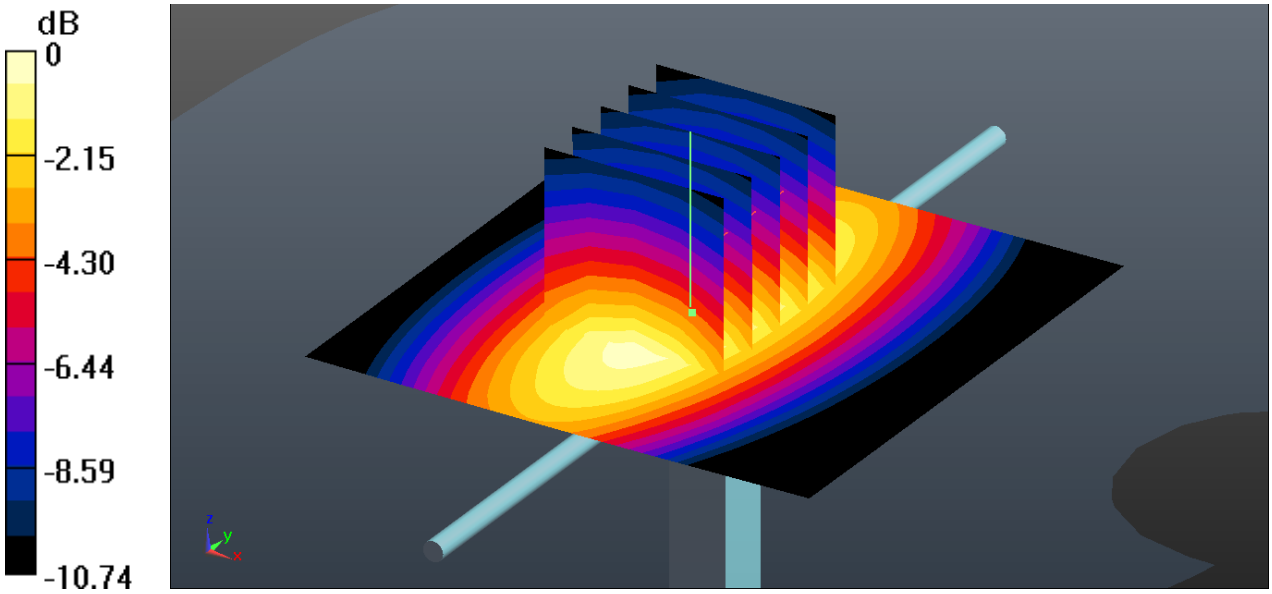
DUT: D835V2-SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_150704 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.916 S/m; ε_r = 41.029; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(9.78, 9.78, 9.78); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.57 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 53.53 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.03 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.43 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.57 W/kg



0 dB = 2.57 W/kg

Test Laboratory:Sporton International Inc SAR Testing Lab Date: 2015.07.09

System Check_Head_1750MHz_150709

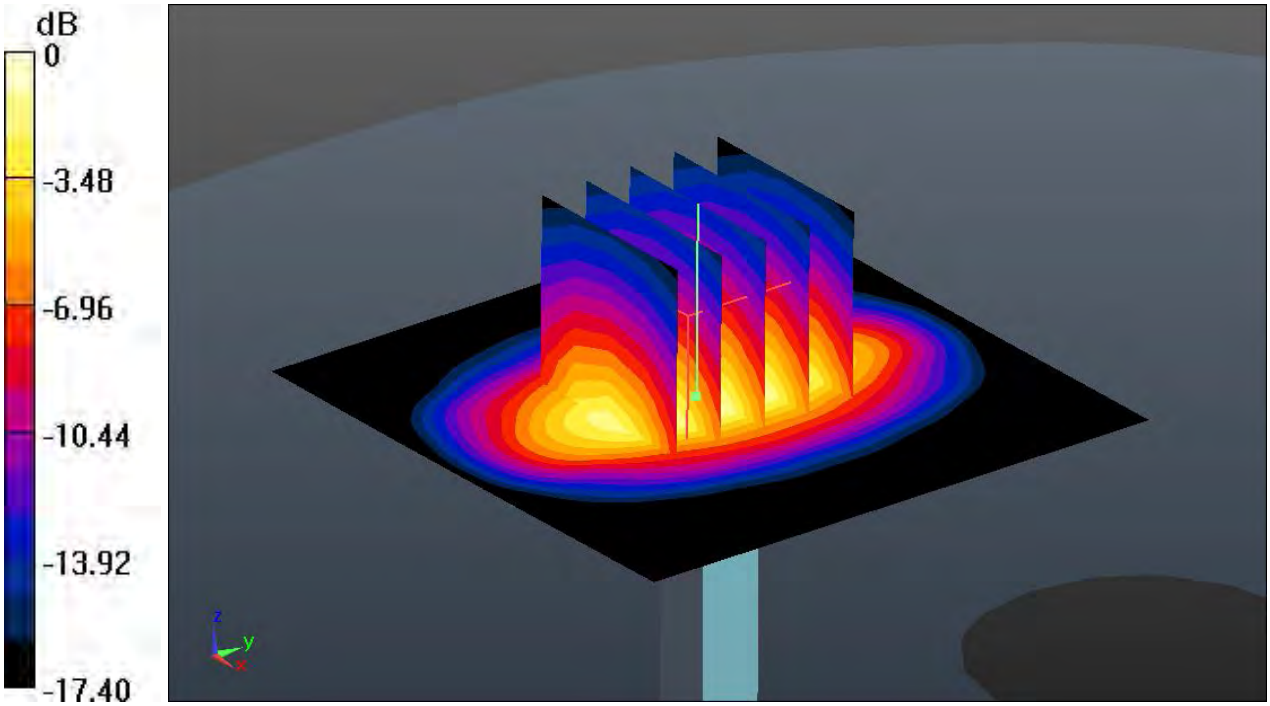
DUT: D1750V2-SN:1069

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1800_150709 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.378 S/m; ε_r = 41.34; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.9 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 101.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.16 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.0 W/kg



0 dB = 13.9 W/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz_150709

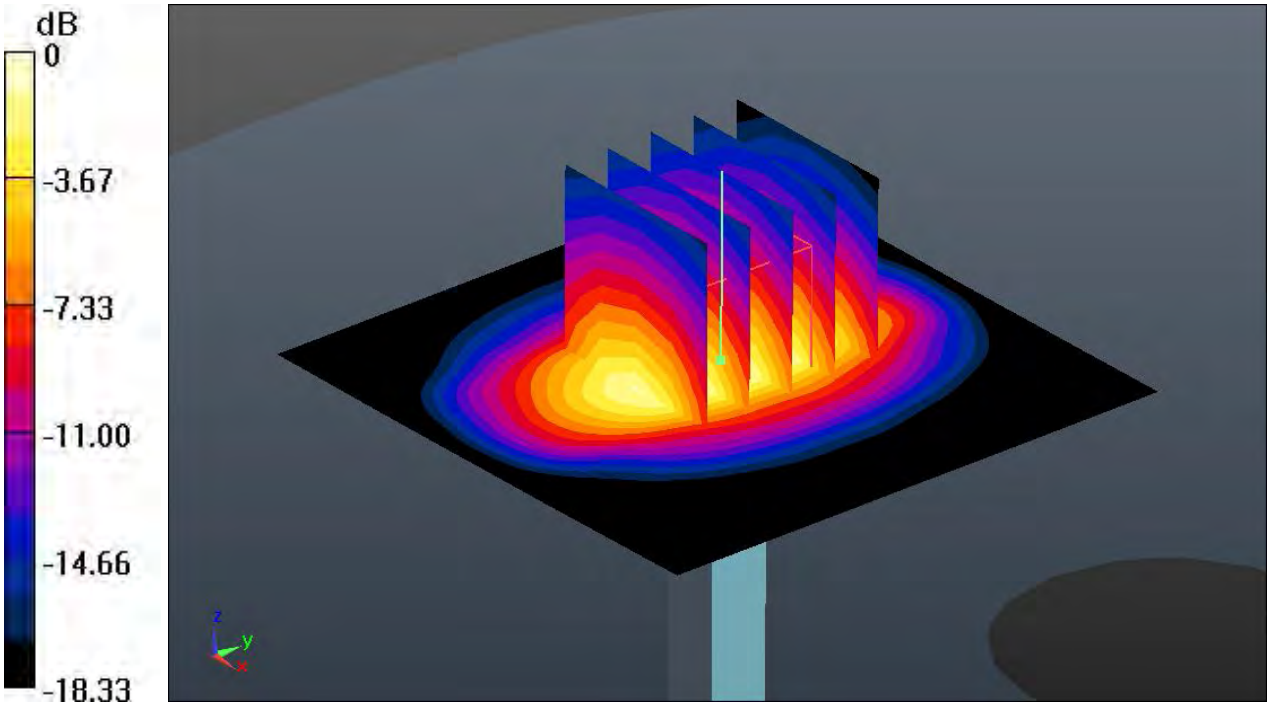
DUT: D1900V2-SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_150709 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.421 S/m; ε_r = 41.283; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 98.112 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.83 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.12 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.9 W/kg



0 dB = 14.1 W/kg

System Check_Head_2450MHz_150705

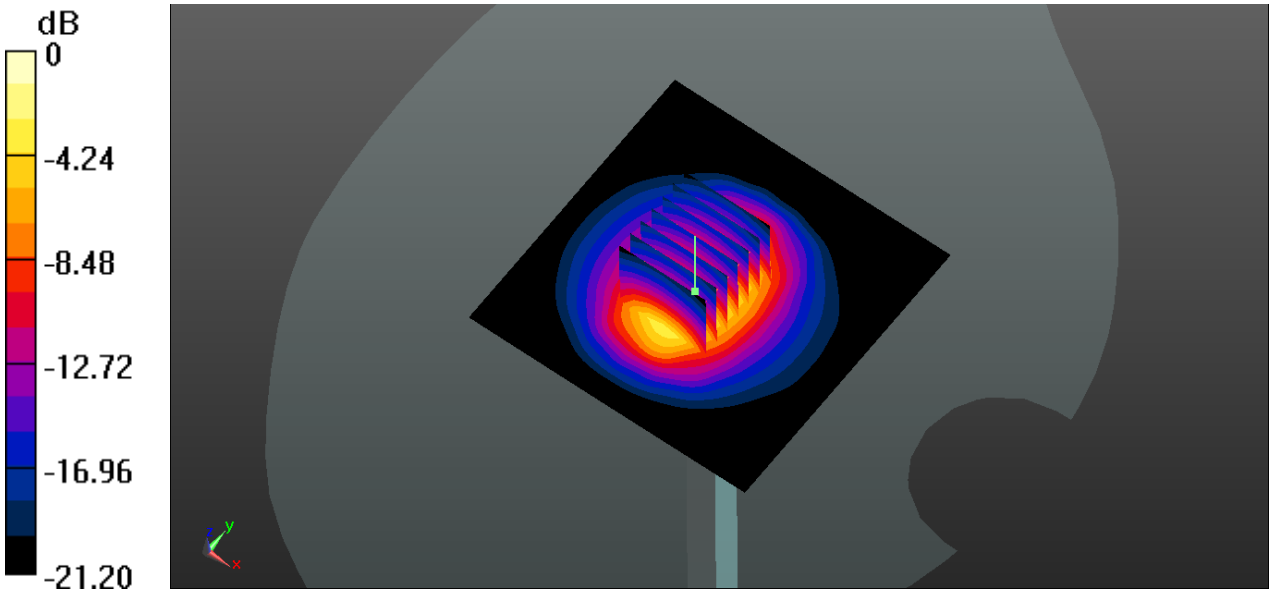
DUT: D2450V2-SN:840

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_150705 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.729 S/m; ε_r = 37.311; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.9 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 81.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 21.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.41 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.8 W/kg



0 dB = 15.9 W/kg

Test Laboratory:Sporton International Inc SAR Testing Lab Date: 2015.07.09

System Check_Head_2450MHz_150709

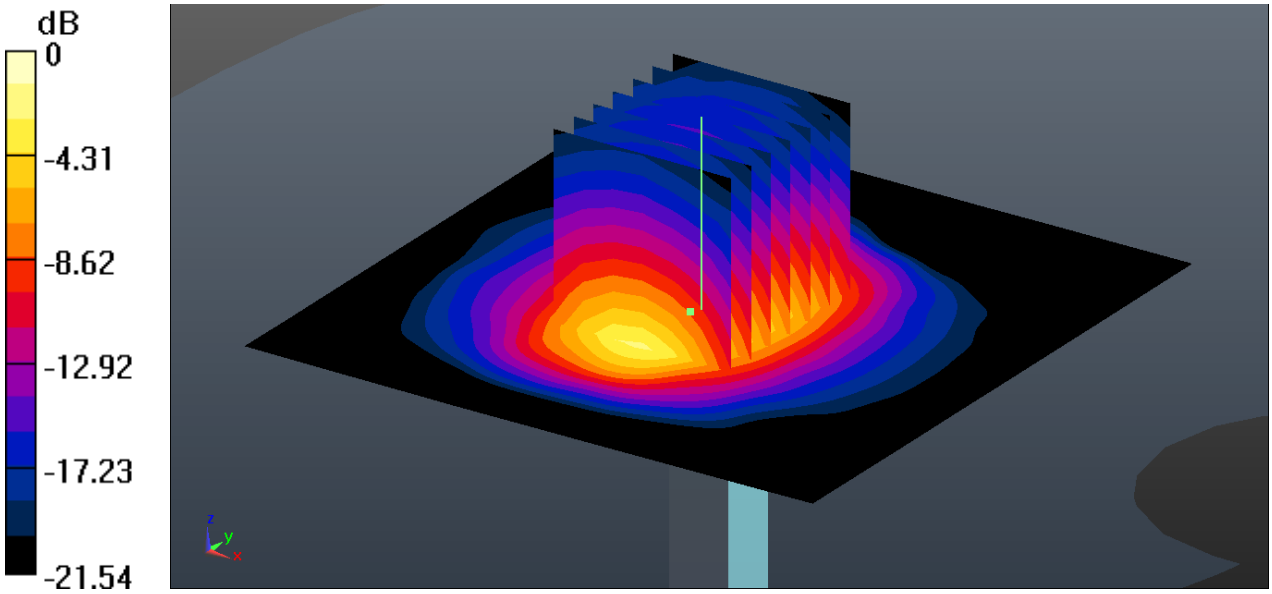
DUT: D2450V2-SN:840

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_150709 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.823 S/m; ε_r = 37.953; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.6 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.8 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 81.85 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 22.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.43 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.7 W/kg



0 dB = 16.7 W/kg

System Check_Body_835MHz_150704

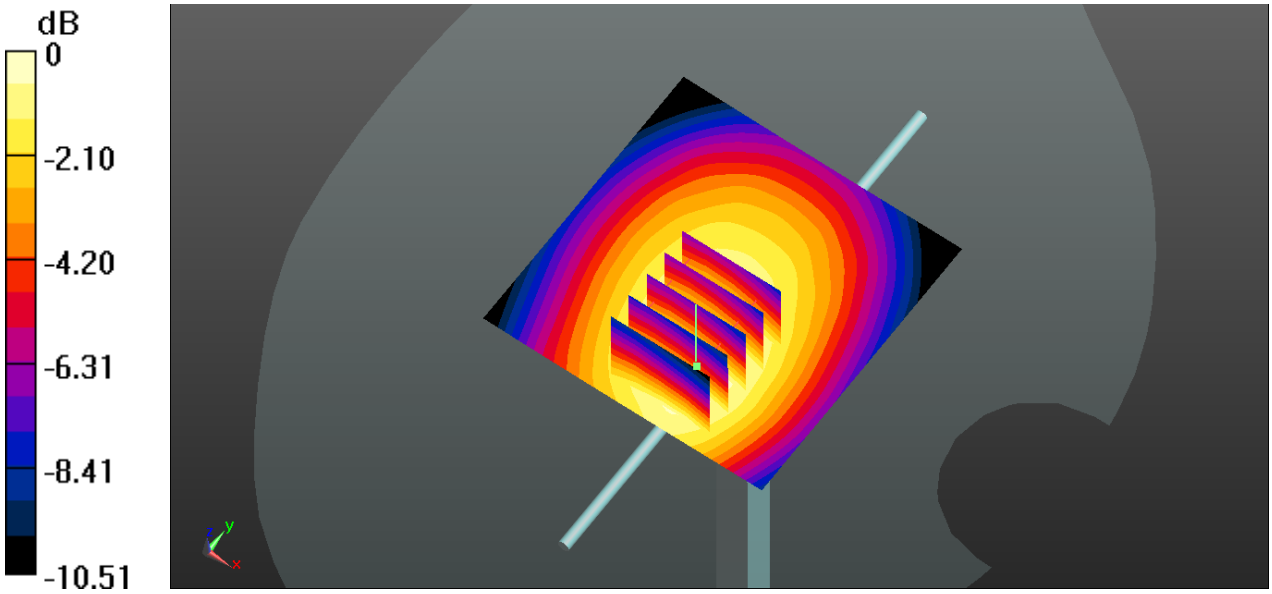
DUT: D835V2-SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_835_150704 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.977 S/m; ε_r = 54.442; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.457 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 20.08 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.563 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.25 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.5 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.461 W/kg



0 dB = 0.457 W/kg

Test Laboratory:Sporton International Inc SAR Testing Lab Date: 2015.07.02

System Check_Body_1750MHz_150702

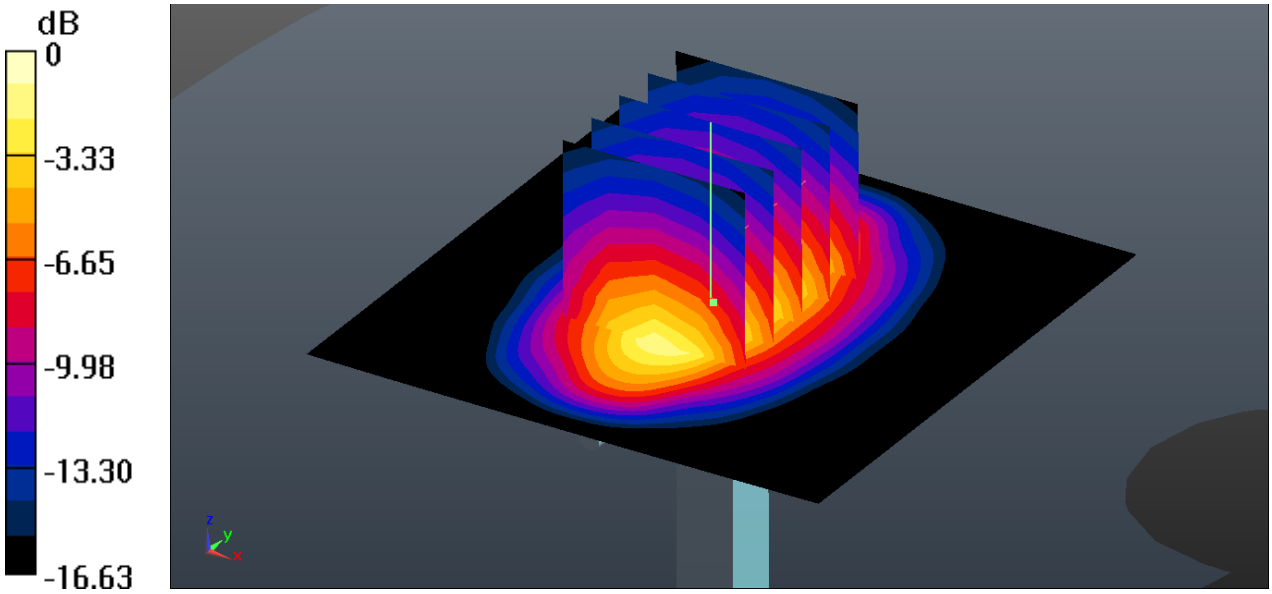
DUT: D1750V2-SN:1069

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1800_150702 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.527 S/m; ε_r = 52.02; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.7 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 92.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.81 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.5 W/kg



0 dB = 12.5 W/kg

Test Laboratory:Sporton International Inc SAR Testing Lab Date: 2015.07.02

System Check_Body_1900MHz_150702

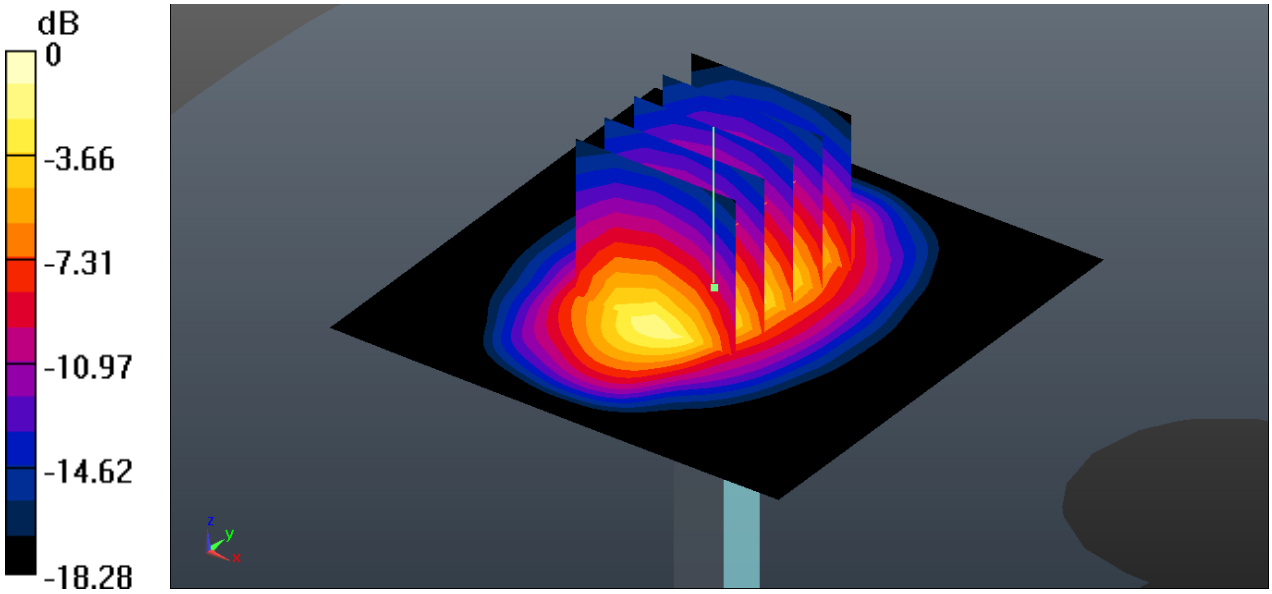
DUT: D1900V2-SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_150702 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.542 S/m; ε_r = 53.532; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.5 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 83.24 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.54 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.95 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.6 W/kg



0 dB = 13.6 W/kg

Test Laboratory:Sporton International Inc SAR Testing Lab Date: 2015.07.05

System Check_Body_2450MHz_150705

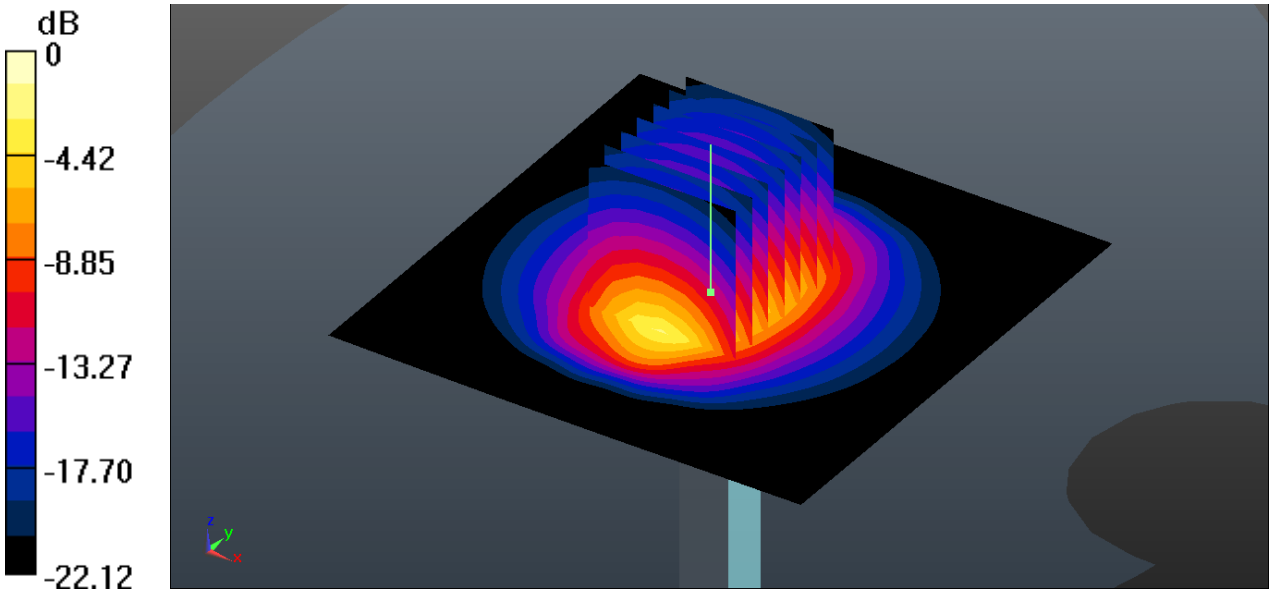
DUT: D2450V2-SN:840

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_150705 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.992 S/m; ε_r = 52.319; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.23, 7.23, 7.23); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.1 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 84.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.74 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



0 dB = 19.1 W/kg

Test Laboratory:Sporton International Inc SAR Testing Lab Date: 2015.07.11

System Check_Body_2450MHz_150711

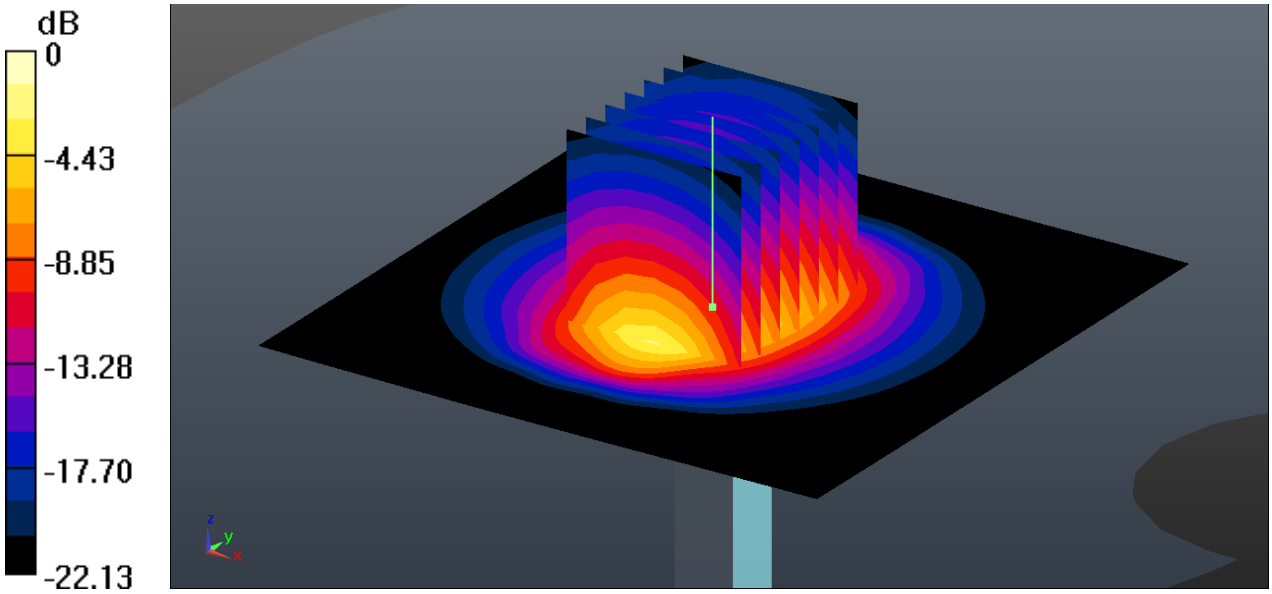
DUT: D2450V2-SN:840

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_150711 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.938 S/m; ε_r = 51.276; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.23, 7.23, 7.23); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 84.37 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.58 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.6 W/kg



0 dB = 18.6 W/kg

Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

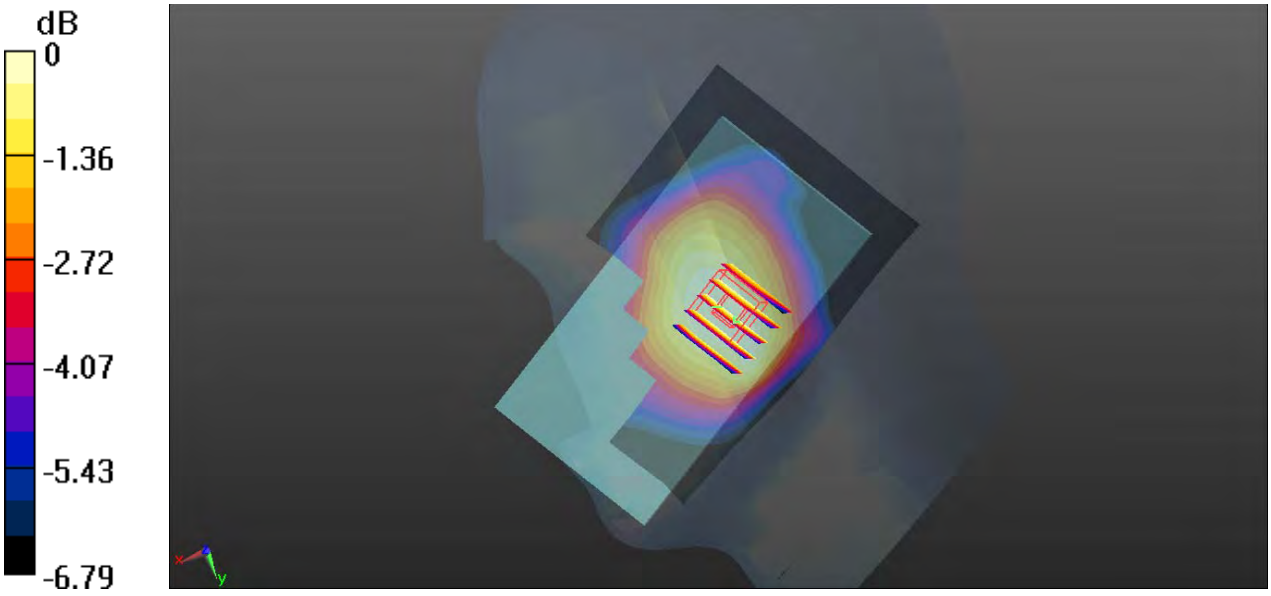
01_GSM850_GPRS(2 Tx slots)_Right Cheek_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE10 (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium: HSL_835_150704 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.928 S/m; ε_r = 40.874; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(9.78, 9.78, 9.78); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.153 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.071 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.158 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.132 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.110 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.145 W/kg



0 dB = 0.145 W/kg

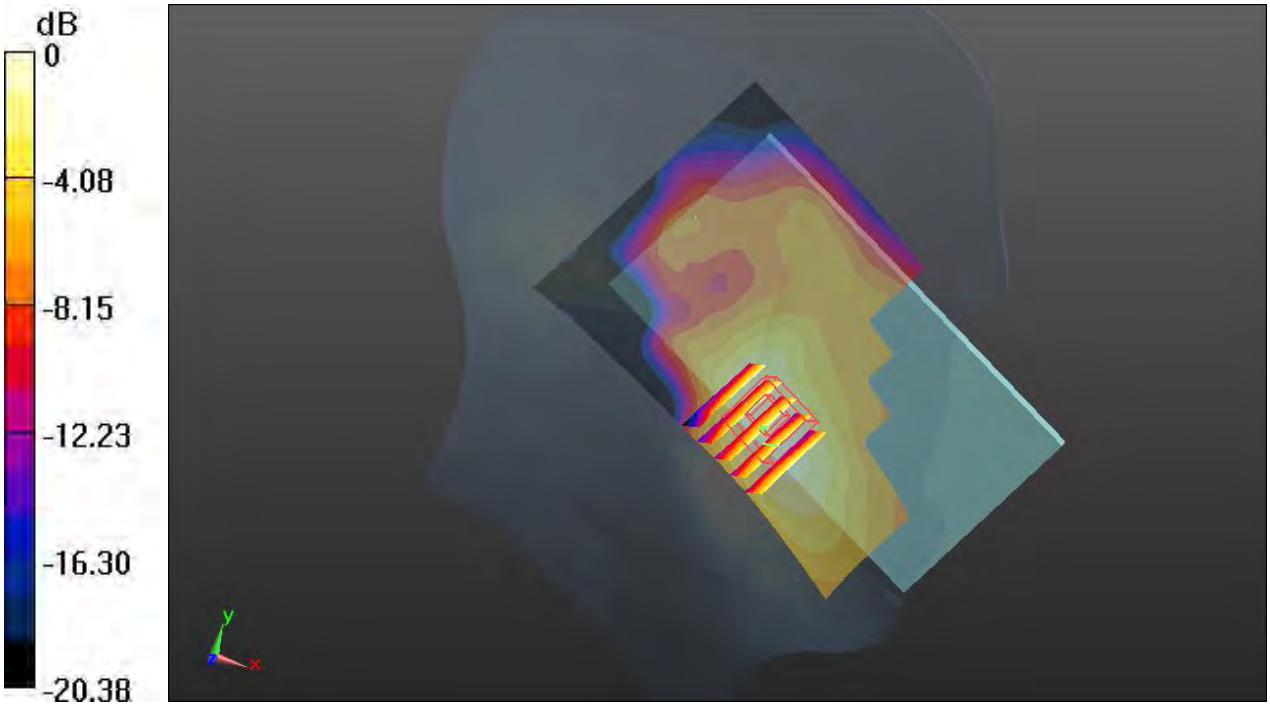
02_GSM1900_GPRS(3 Tx slots)_Left Cheek_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE11 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium: HSL_1900_150709 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.401 S/m; ε_r = 41.376; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch661/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.261 W/kg

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.693 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.286 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.189 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.239 W/kg



0 dB = 0.261 W/kg

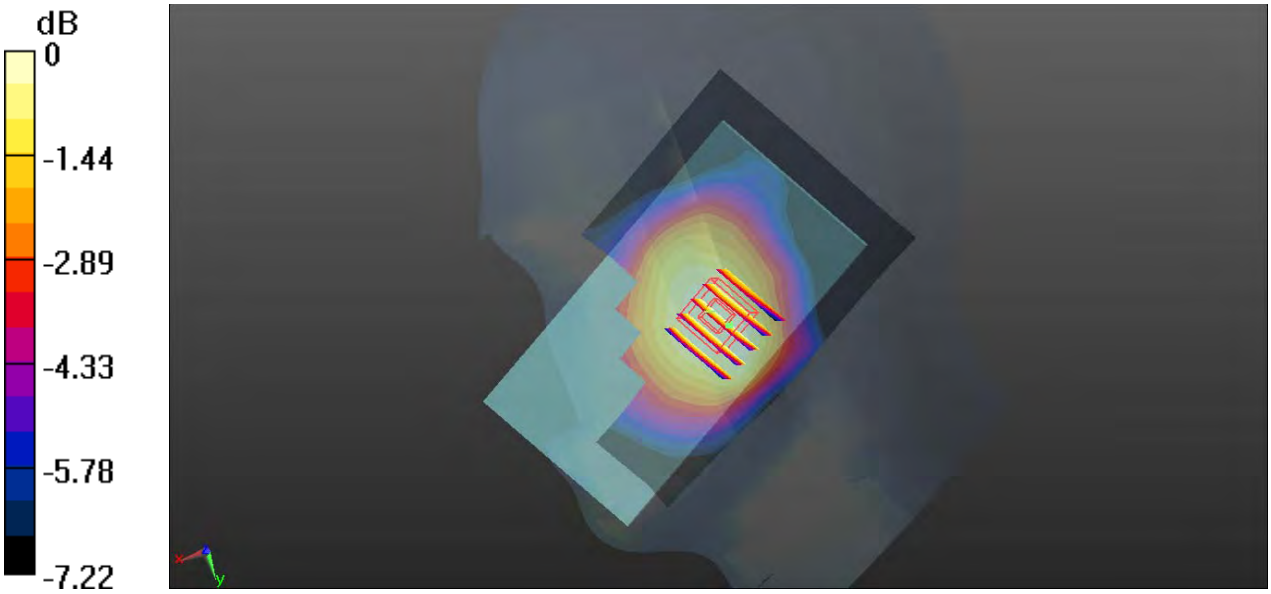
03_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch4132

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_835_150704 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz; σ = 0.908 S/m; ε_r = 41.122; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(9.78, 9.78, 9.78); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4132/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.169 W/kg

Ch4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 0.7000 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.174 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.144 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.160 W/kg



0 dB = 0.160 W/kg

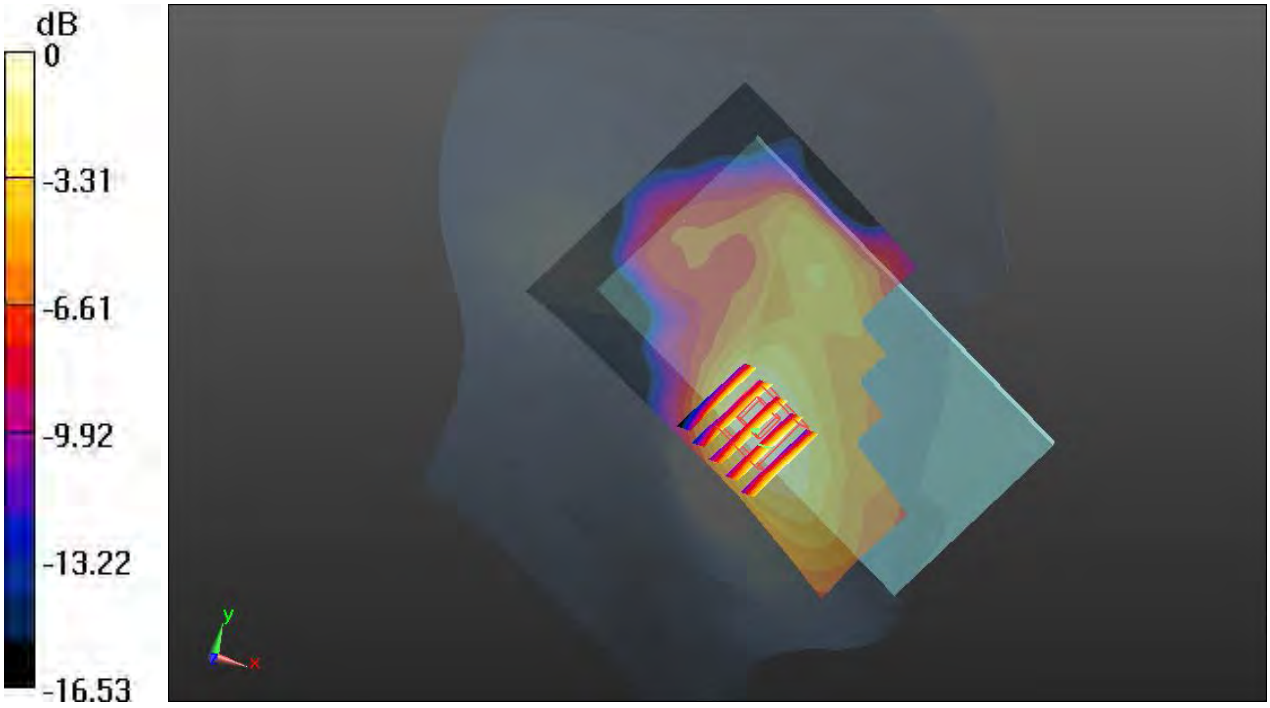
04_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_Ch1513

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1800_150709 Medium parameters used: f = 1752.6 MHz; σ = 1.382 S/m; ε_r = 41.323; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch1513/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.246 W/kg

Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.270 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.181 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.118 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.221 W/kg



0 dB = 0.246 W/kg

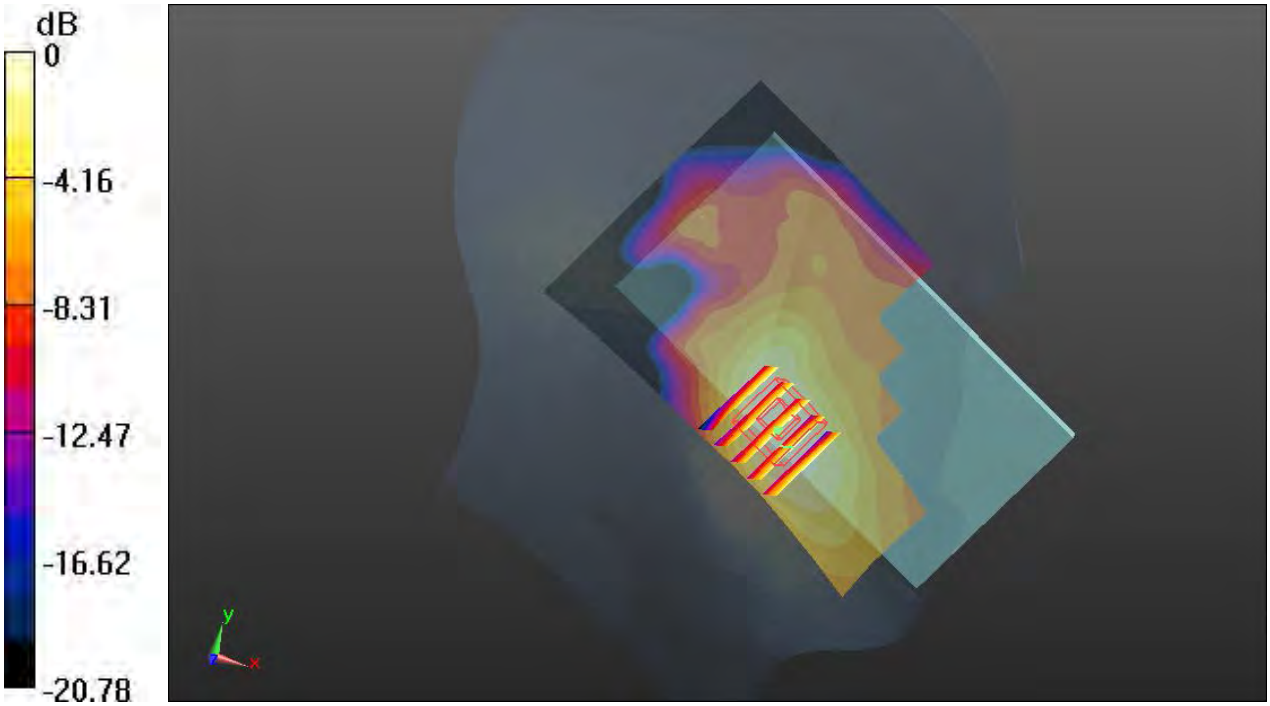
05_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_Ch9538

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_150709 Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz; σ = 1.429 S/m; ε_r = 41.247; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.5 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3819; ConvF(7.66, 7.66, 7.66); Calibrated: 2014.11.13;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1303; Calibrated: 2014.12.11
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1671
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (7);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7164)

Ch9538/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.326 W/kg

Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.241 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.357 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.231 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.145 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.295 W/kg



0 dB = 0.326 W/kg

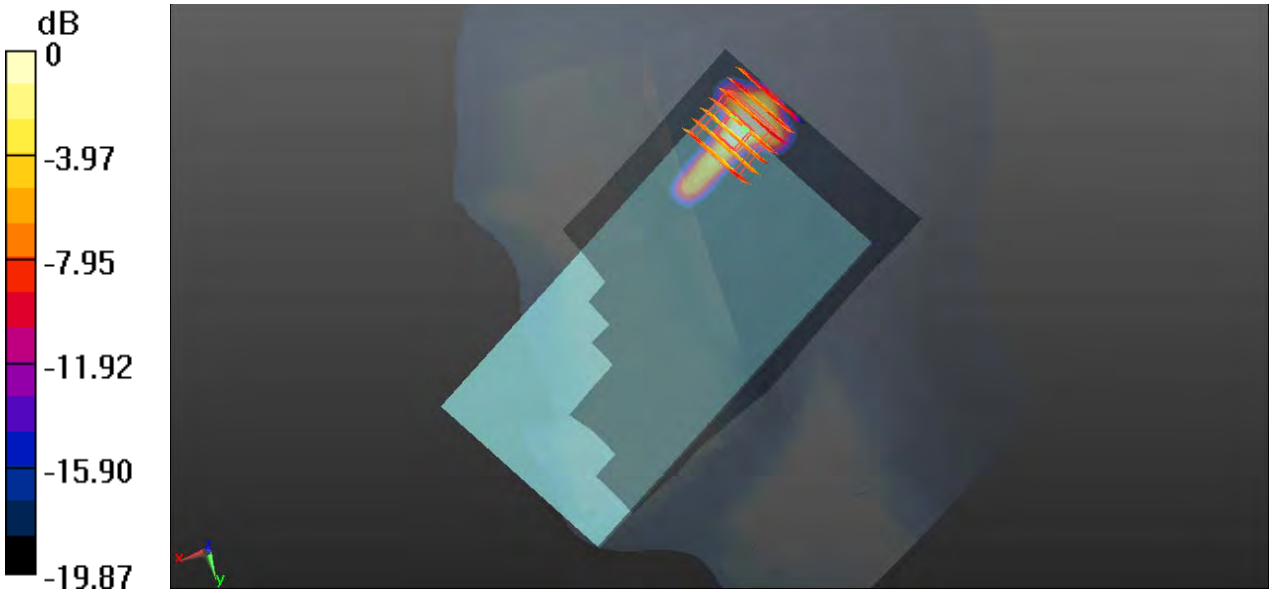
06_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11g 6Mbps_Right Cheek_Ch11

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.036
Medium: HSL_2450_150709 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.838 S/m; ε_r = 37.887; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.6 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.116 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 4.794 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.159 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.065 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.027 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.101 W/kg



0 dB = 0.101 W/kg

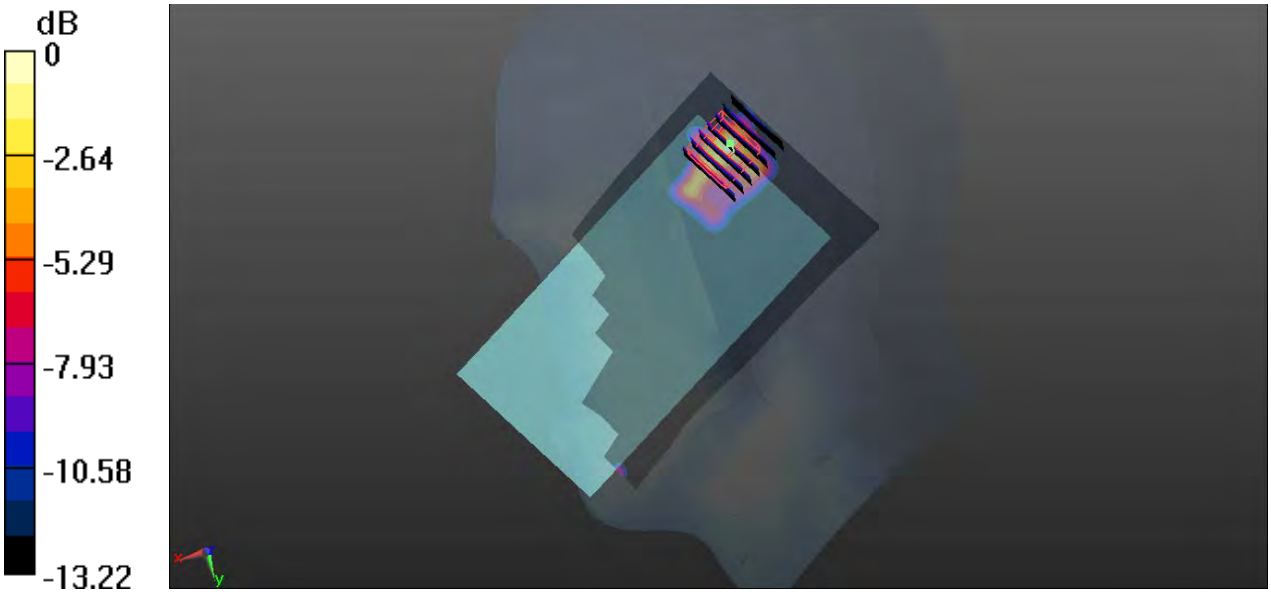
07_Bluetooth_DH5_Right Cheek_Ch78

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.2
Medium: HSL_2450_150705 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; σ = 1.872 S/m; ε_r = 37.549; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.48, 7.48, 7.48); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch78/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.267 W/kg

Ch78/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.207 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.102 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.049 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.149 W/kg



0 dB = 0.267 W/kg

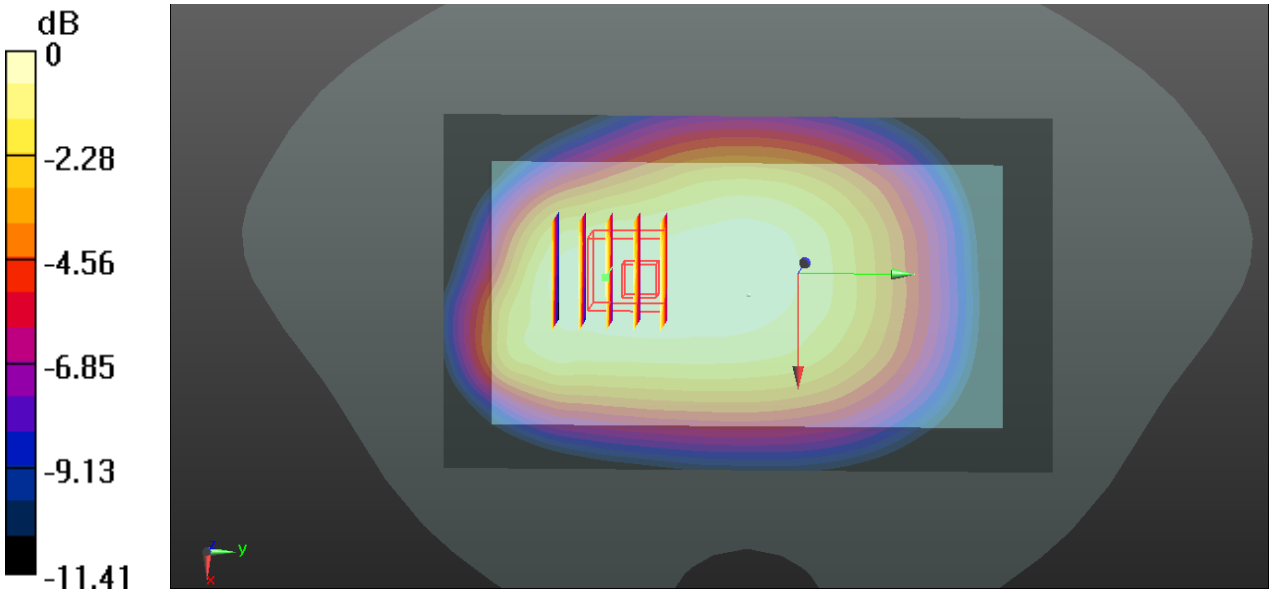
08_GSM850_GPRS(2 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch128

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE10 (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:4.15
Medium: MSL_835_150704 Medium parameters used: f = 824.2 MHz; σ = 0.965 S/m; ε_r = 54.56; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch128/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.311 W/kg

Ch128/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.223 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.336 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.263 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.198 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.302 W/kg



0 dB = 0.311 W/kg

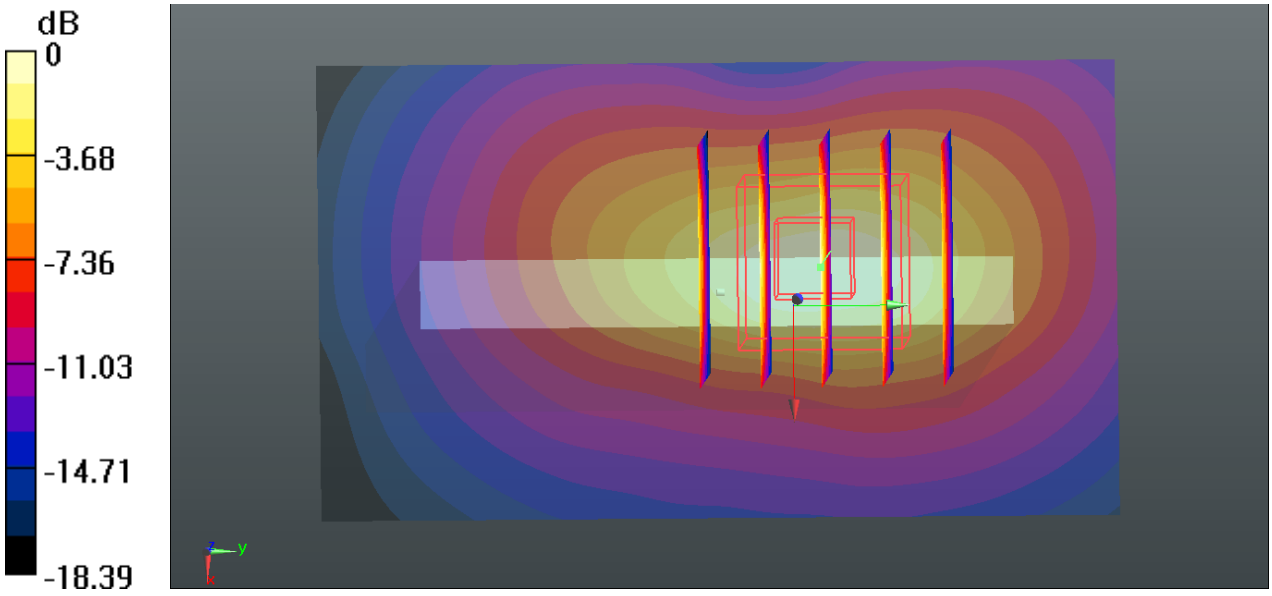
09_GSM1900_GPRS(3 Tx slots)_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE11 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium: MSL_1900_150702 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.517 S/m; ε_r = 53.569; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch661/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.40 W/kg

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.680 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.88 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.090 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.553 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.56 W/kg



0 dB = 1.40 W/kg

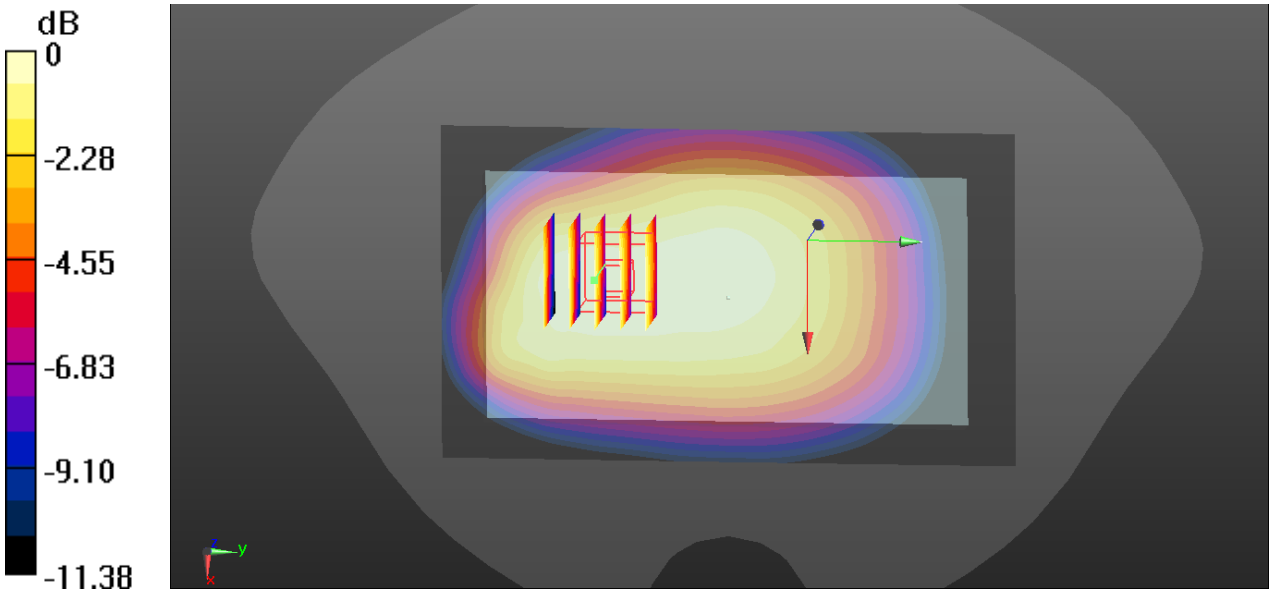
10_WCDMA V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4132

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 826.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_835_150704 Medium parameters used: f = 826.4 MHz; σ = 0.967 S/m; ε_r = 54.537; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(9.8, 9.8, 9.8); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch4132/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.330 W/kg

Ch4132/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 1.622 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.363 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.278 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.209 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.321 W/kg



0 dB = 0.330 W/kg

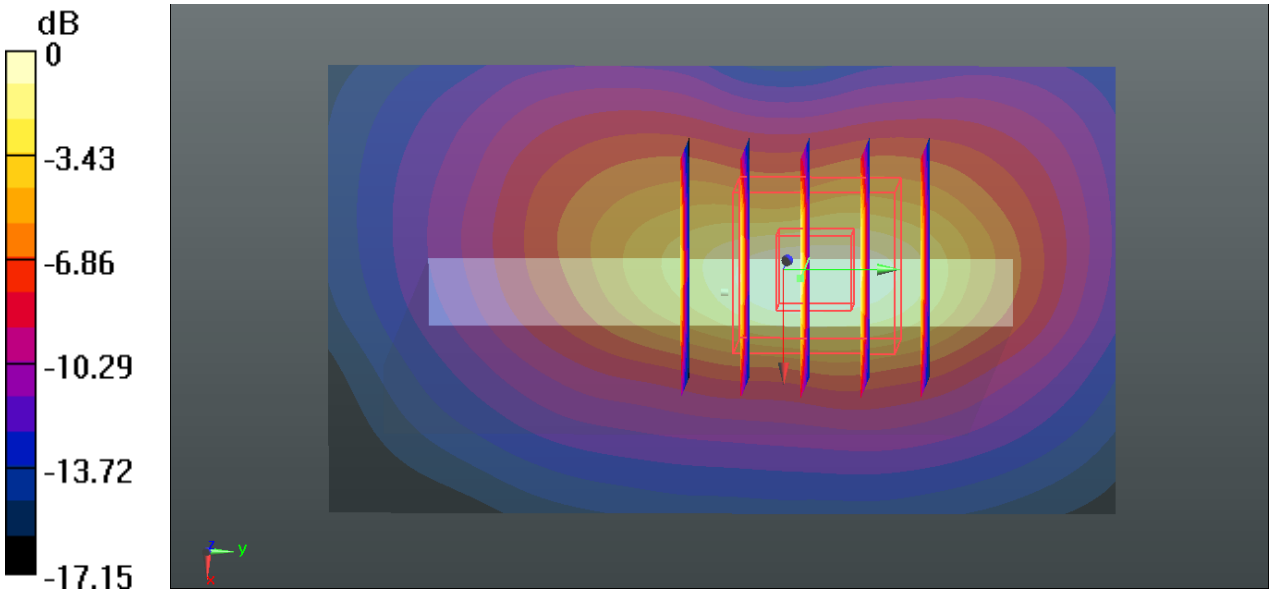
11_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch1513

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1800_150702 Medium parameters used: f = 1752.6 MHz; σ = 1.531 S/m; ε_r = 52.013; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1513/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.16 W/kg

Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.887 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.50 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.874 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.447 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg



0 dB = 1.16 W/kg

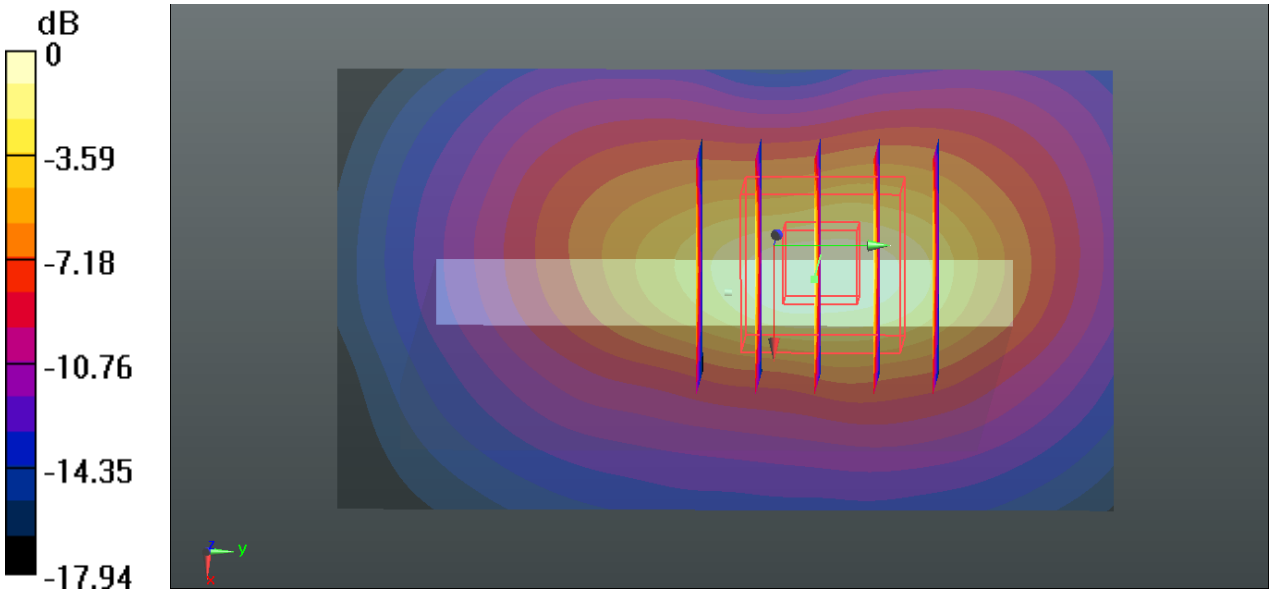
12_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch9262

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_150702 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.486 S/m; ε_r = 53.622; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9262/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.79 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.259 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.39 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.380 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.696 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.91 W/kg



0 dB = 1.79 W/kg

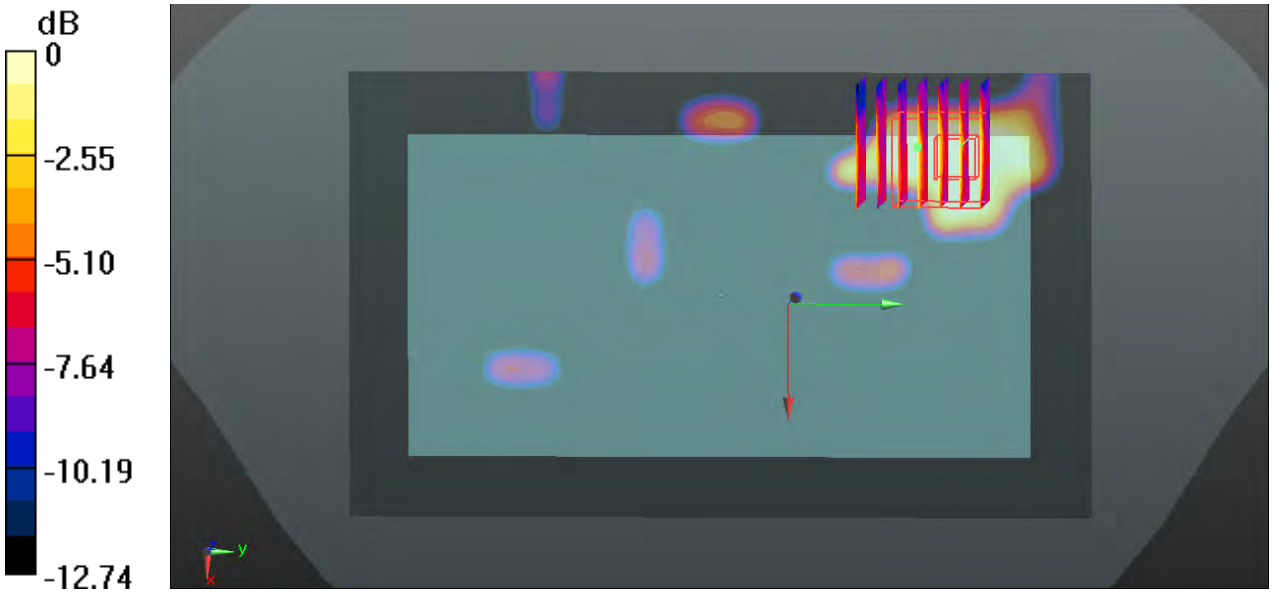
13_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11g 6Mbps_Front_10mm_Ch6

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.036
Medium: MSL_2450_150711 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.922 S/m; ε_r = 51.32; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.23, 7.23, 7.23); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch6/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0495 W/kg

Ch6/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 0.5710 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0340 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.017 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00946 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0232 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0232 W/kg

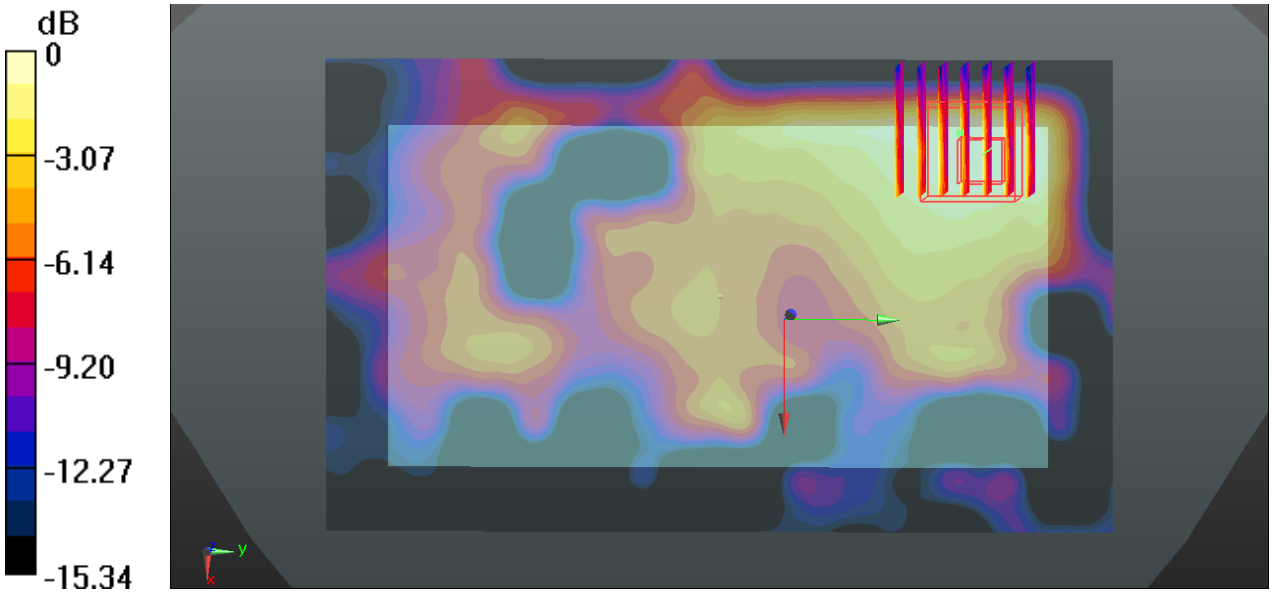
14_Bluetooth_DH5_Front_10mm_Ch78

Communication System: UID 0, Bluetooth (0); Frequency: 2480 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.2
Medium: MSL_2450_150705 Medium parameters used: f = 2480 MHz; σ = 2.043 S/m; ε_r = 52.158; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.8 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.23, 7.23, 7.23); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch78/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0331 W/kg

Ch78/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 0.4000 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0360 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.019 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.010 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0262 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0262 W/kg

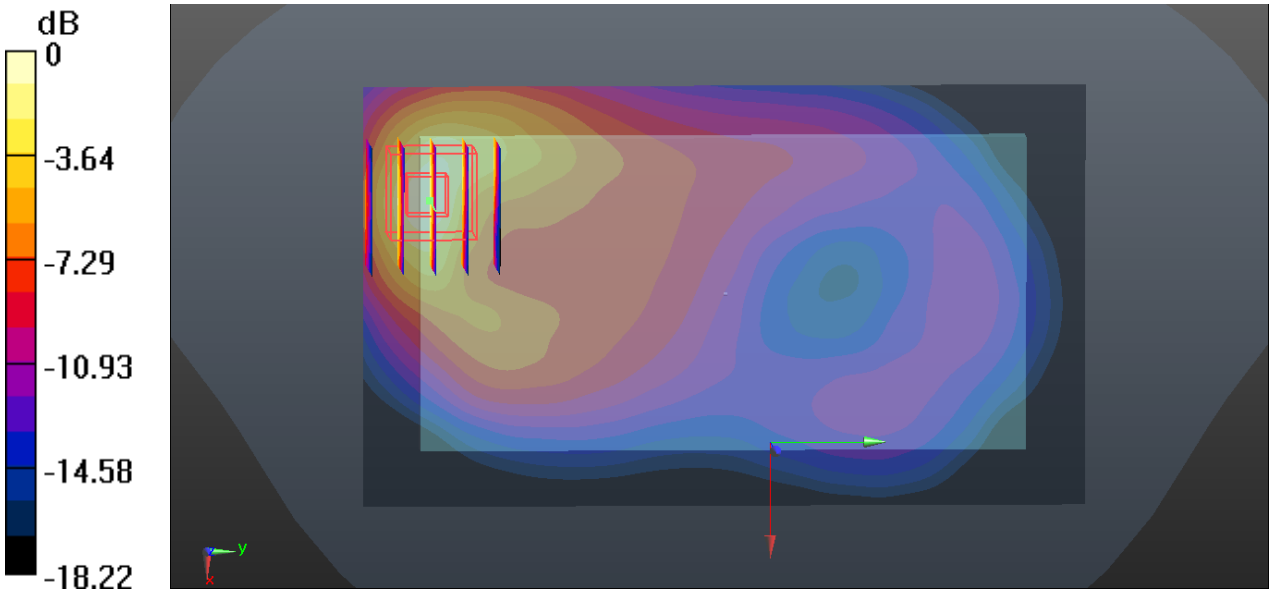
15_GSM1900_GPRS(3 Tx slots)_Front_10mm_Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE11 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium: MSL_1900_150702 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.517 S/m; ε_r = 53.569; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch661/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.18 W/kg

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.165 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.44 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.832 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.430 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 W/kg



0 dB = 1.18 W/kg5

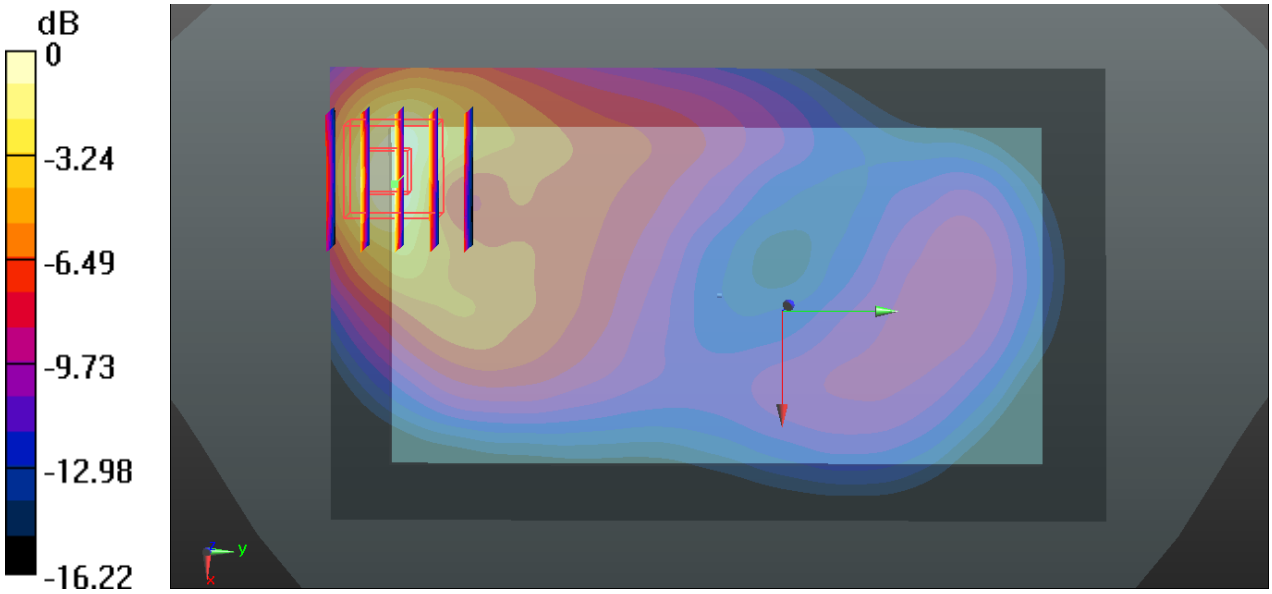
16_WCDMA IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Front_10mm_Ch1513

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1752.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1800_150702 Medium parameters used: f = 1752.6 MHz; σ = 1.531 S/m; ε_r = 52.013; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.7 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.99, 7.99, 7.99); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1513/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.984 W/kg

Ch1513/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.086 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.27 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.748 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.390 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



0 dB = 1.02 W/kg

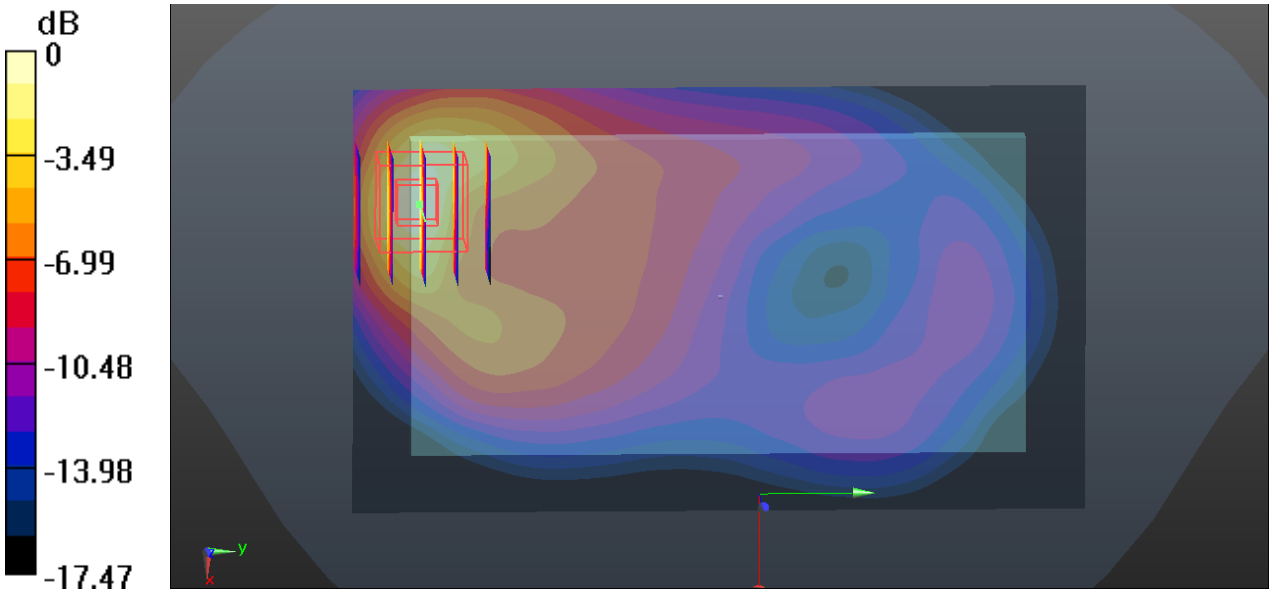
17_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Front_10mm_Ch9262

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_150702 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; σ = 1.486 S/m; ε_r = 53.622; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9262/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.48 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.789 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.75 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.030 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.536 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.45 W/kg



0 dB = 1.48 W/kg

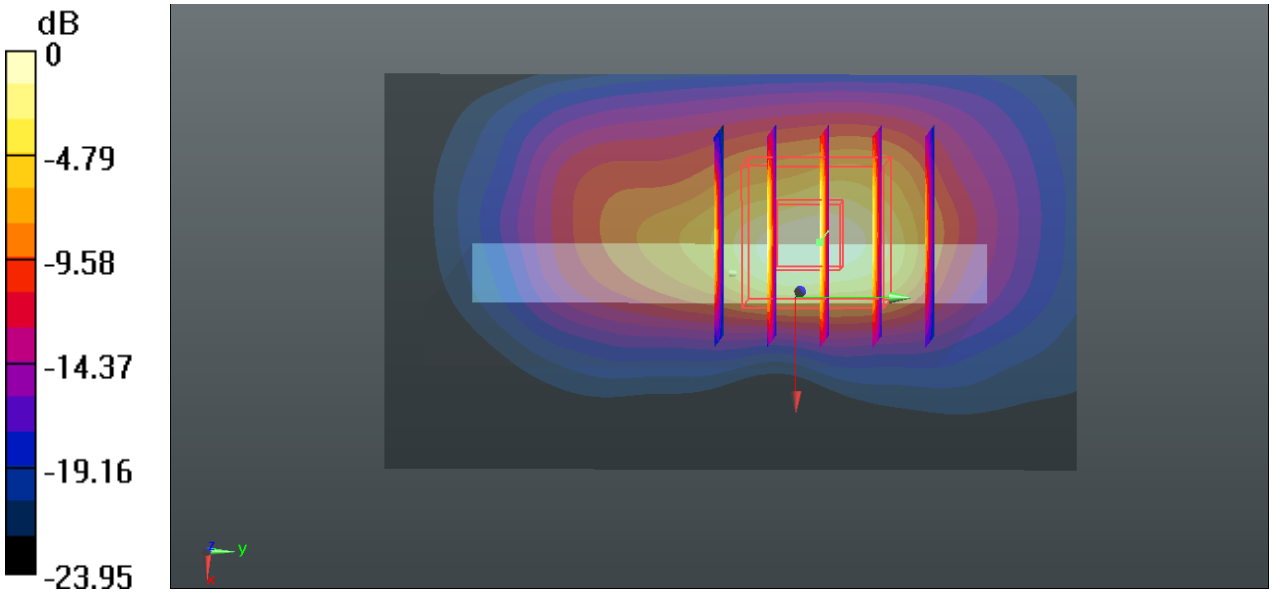
18_GSM1900_GPRS(3 Tx slots)_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch661_Extremity SAR

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE11 (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium: MSL_1900_150702 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.517 S/m; ε_r = 53.569; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch661/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 7.45 W/kg

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 5.958 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 6.54 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.520 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.5 W/kg



0 dB = 7.45 W/kg

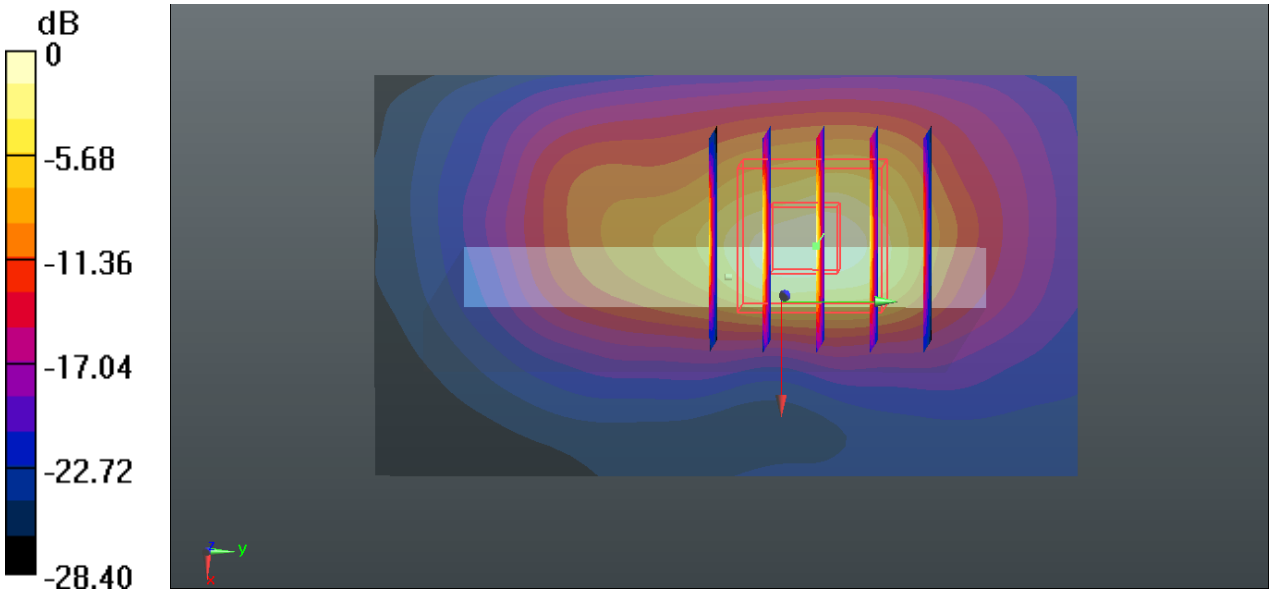
19_WCDMA II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Bottom Side_0mm_Ch9538_Extremity SAR

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_150702 Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz; σ = 1.551 S/m; ε_r = 53.514; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 ℃ ; **Liquid Temperature**: 22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7346; ConvF(7.57, 7.57, 7.57); Calibrated: 2015.01.08;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1386; Calibrated: 2015.02.19
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1670
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch9538/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.6 W/kg

Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 6.589 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 21.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 3.42 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.4 W/kg



0 dB = 10.6 W/kg