FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT	:	CT Asia
EQUIPMENT	:	Smart Phone
BRAND NAME	:	BLU
MODEL NAME	:	VIVO LTE
FCC ID	:	YHLBLUVIVOLTE
STANDARD	:	FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 IEEE 1528-2003

We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by: Eric Huang / Deputy Manager

Approved by: Jones Tsai / Manager

Testing Laboratory
1190

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

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Revision History

REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA531001	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	May 11, 2015

1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for **CT Asia, Smart Phone, VIVO LTE** are as follows.

Equipment Class	Frequency Band	Highest SAR Summary			
		Head (Separation 0mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Wireless Router (Separation 10mm) 1g SAR (W/kg)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)
PCE	GSM850	0.16	0.67	0.67	1.43
	GSM1900	<0.10	0.42	0.98	
	WCDMA Band V	0.12	0.45	0.45	
	WCDMA Band IV	<0.10	0.53	1.03	
	WCDMA Band II	0.13	0.68	1.18	
	LTE Band 4	0.14	0.90	1.10	
	LTE Band 2	0.15	0.70	1.11	
	LTE Band 7	0.14	**1.38**	**1.38**	
DTS	WLAN 2.4GHz Band	**0.56**	<0.10	<0.10	1.43
DSS	Bluetooth	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	1.39
Date of Testing:		Apr. 18, 2015 ~ Apr. 30, 2015			

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2003.

2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory	
Test Site	SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.
Test Site Location	No.52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978

Applicant	
Company Name	CT Asia
Address	Unit 01, 15/F, Seaview Centre, 139-141 Hoi bun road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hongkong

Manufacturer	
Company Name	Longcheer Technology (Shanghai) Co.,Ltd.
Address	Building 1,No.401,Caobao Rd,Xuhui District,Shanghai,P.R.China

3. Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2003
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r01
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 SAR meas for 802 11abg v01r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r03
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

4.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification	
Equipment Name	Smart Phone
Brand Name	BLU
Model Name	VIVO LTE
FCC ID	YHLBLUVIVOLTE
IMEI Code	004400152020002
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 MHz ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	•GSM/GPRS/EGPRS •RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps •HSDPA •HSUPA •DC-HSDPA •HSPA+ (Downlink Only) •LTE: QPSK, 16QAM •802.11b/g/n HT20 •Bluetooth v3.0+EDR, Bluetooth v4.0 LE
HW Version	60
SW Version	BLU_V010Q_V04_GENERIC_150210_03:08
GSM / (E)GPRS Dual Transfer mode	Class A – EUT can support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously.
EUT Stage	Pre-Production

Remark:

1. This device 2.4GHz supports hotspot operation and 802.11n-HT40 is not supported in 2.4GHz WLAN.
2. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
3. This device supports GRPS/EGPRS mode up to multi-slot class12.
4. This device supports DTM operation. The required test configuration for this device is as below:
   1) This EUT is class A device
   2) This EUT supports (E)GPRS multi-slot class 12 (max. uplink : 4, max. downlink : 4, total timeslots : 5)
   3) This EUT supports DTM multi-slot class 11 (max. uplink : 3 for 1 CS & 2 PS, max. downlink : 4, total timeslots : 5)
   4) The measured maximum conducted power can be referred to section 12 of this report
   5) For DTM multi-slot class 11 link mode, the device was linked with system emulator (Agilent E5515C) and transmit maximum power on maximum number of Tx slots (one CS timeslot and two PS timeslots per frame).

4.2 Maximum Tune-up Limit

Mode		Burst average power(dBm)	
		GSM 850	GSM 1900
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)		33.0	31.0
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)		33.0	31.0
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)		32.0	30.0
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots)		30.5	28.5
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots)		29.0	27.0
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)		27.0	27.0
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)		27.0	27.0
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots)		27.0	27.0
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots)		26.0	26.0
DTM 5	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.0	30.0
	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.0	30.0
DTM 9	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.0	30.0
	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.0	30.0
DTM11	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	30.5	28.5
	GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots)	30.5	28.5
DTM 5	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.0	30.0
	EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	27.0	27.0
DTM 9	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	32.0	30.0
	EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot)	27.0	27.0
DTM 11	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	30.5	28.5
	EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots)	27.0	27.0

Mode	Average power (dBm)		
	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band II	WCDMA Band IV
AMR 12.2Kbps	24.0	24.0	24.0
RMC 12.2Kbps	24.0	24.0	24.0
HSDPA Subtest-1	23.0	23.0	22.5
HSDPA Subtest-2	23.0	23.0	22.5
HSDPA Subtest-3	22.5	22.5	22.0
HSDPA Subtest-4	22.5	22.5	22.0
DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	23.0	23.0	22.5
DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	23.0	23.0	22.5
DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	22.5	22.5	22.0
DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	22.5	22.5	22.0
HSUPA Subtest-1	23.0	23.0	22.5
HSUPA Subtest-2	22.0	22.0	21.5
HSUPA Subtest-3	21.5	21.5	21.5
HSUPA Subtest-4	22.0	22.5	22.0
HSUPA Subtest-5	23.0	23.0	22.5

LTE Band 4				
Average Power (dBm)				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power
QPSK	20	≤ 18	0	24.0
QPSK	20	> 18	1	23.0
16QAM	20	≤ 18	1	23.0
16QAM	20	> 18	2	22.0
QPSK	15	≤ 16	0	24.0
QPSK	15	> 16	1	23.0
16QAM	15	≤ 16	1	23.0
16QAM	15	> 16	2	22.0
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	24.0
QPSK	10	> 12	1	23.0
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	23.0
16QAM	10	> 12	2	22.0
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	24.0
QPSK	5	> 8	1	23.0
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	23.0
16QAM	5	> 8	2	22.0
QPSK	3	≤ 4	0	24.0
QPSK	3	> 4	1	23.0
16QAM	3	≤ 4	1	23.0
16QAM	3	> 4	2	22.0
QPSK	1.4	≤ 5	0	24.0
QPSK	1.4	> 5	1	23.0
16QAM	1.4	≤ 5	1	23.0
16QAM	1.4	> 5	2	22.0

LTE Band 2				
Average Power (dBm)				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power
QPSK	20	≤ 18	0	24.0
QPSK	20	> 18	1	23.0
16QAM	20	≤ 18	1	23.0
16QAM	20	> 18	2	22.0
QPSK	15	≤ 16	0	24.0
QPSK	15	> 16	1	23.0
16QAM	15	≤ 16	1	23.0
16QAM	15	> 16	2	22.0
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	24.0
QPSK	10	> 12	1	23.0
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	23.0
16QAM	10	> 12	2	22.0
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	24.0
QPSK	5	> 8	1	23.0
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	23.0
16QAM	5	> 8	2	22.0
QPSK	3	≤ 4	0	24.0
QPSK	3	> 4	1	23.0
16QAM	3	≤ 4	1	23.0
16QAM	3	> 4	2	22.0
QPSK	1.4	≤ 5	0	24.0
QPSK	1.4	> 5	1	23.0
16QAM	1.4	≤ 5	1	23.0
16QAM	1.4	> 5	2	22.0

LTE Band 7				
Average Power (dBm)				
Modulation	BW (MHz)	RB size	MPR	Target Power
QPSK	20	≤ 18	0	23.0
QPSK	20	> 18	1	22.0
16QAM	20	≤ 18	1	22.0
16QAM	20	> 18	2	21.0
QPSK	15	≤ 16	0	23.0
QPSK	15	> 16	1	22.0
16QAM	15	≤ 16	1	22.0
16QAM	15	> 16	2	21.0
QPSK	10	≤ 12	0	23.0
QPSK	10	> 12	1	22.0
16QAM	10	≤ 12	1	22.0
16QAM	10	> 12	2	21.0
QPSK	5	≤ 8	0	23.0
QPSK	5	> 8	1	22.0
16QAM	5	≤ 8	1	22.0
16QAM	5	> 8	2	21.0

Mode			Maximum Average Power (dBm)
2.4GHz	802.11b	CH 1	17.0
		CH 6	15.0
		CH 11	15.0
	802.11g	CH 1	12.0
		CH 6	10.0
		CH 11	9.0
	802.11n-HT20	CH 1	10.0
		CH 6	8.0
		CH 11	7.0
Bluetooth v3.0+EDR		CH 00	9.0
		CH 39	11.0
		CH 78	9.0
Bluetooth v4.0 LE			-1.0

4.3 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r03	
FCC ID	YHLBLUVIVOLTE
Equipment Name	Smart Phone
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 2: 1850.7 MHz ~ 1909.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Band 4: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 2: 1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz
uplink modulations used	QPSK, and 16QAM
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Data only
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design	Table 6.2.3-1: Maximum Power Reduction (MPR) for Power Class 3

Modulation	Channel bandwidth / Transmission bandwidth (RB)						MPR (dB)
	1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz	
QPSK	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1
16 QAM	> 5	> 4	> 8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2

LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.

Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band

LTE Band 4

	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	19957	1710.7	19965	1711.5	19975	1712.5	20000	1715	20025	1717.5	20050	1720
M	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5	20175	1732.5
H	20393	1754.3	20385	1753.5	20375	1752.5	20350	1750	20325	1747.5	20300	1745

LTE Band 2

	Bandwidth 1.4 MHz		Bandwidth 3 MHz		Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	18607	1850.7	18615	1851.5	18625	1852.5	18650	1855	18675	1857.5	18700	1860
M	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880	18900	1880
H	19193	1909.3	19185	1908.5	19175	1907.5	19150	1905	19125	1902.5	19100	1900

LTE Band 7

	Bandwidth 5 MHz		Bandwidth 10 MHz		Bandwidth 15 MHz		Bandwidth 20 MHz	
	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)
L	20775	2502.5	20800	2505	20825	2507.5	20850	2510
M	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535	21100	2535
H	21425	2567.5	21400	2565	21375	2562.5	21350	2560

5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

1. Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\mathbf{dm}}\right) = \frac{\mathbf{d}}{\mathbf{dt}}\left(\frac{\mathbf{dW}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}\mathbf{dv}}\right)$$

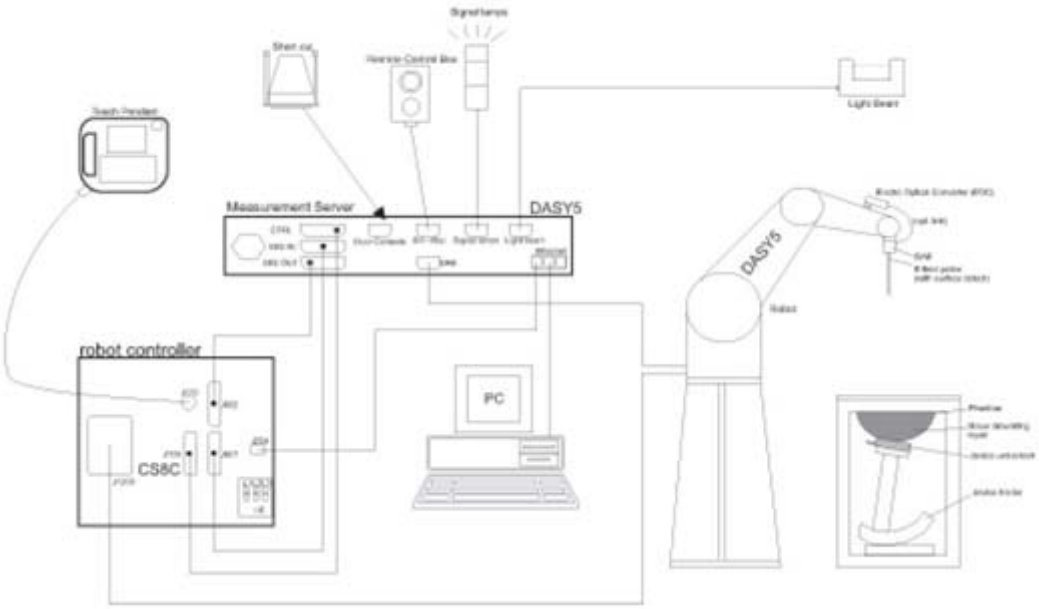
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$\mathbf{SAR} = \frac{\boldsymbol{\sigma}|\mathbf{E}|^{\mathbf{2}}}{\boldsymbol{\rho}}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
(b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
(c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
(d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

(a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
(b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
(c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
(d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
(e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
(f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

(a) Power reference measurement
(b) Area scan
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(b) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
(c) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(d) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(e) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(f) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r03 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	499	Mar. 20, 2015	Mar. 19, 2016
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1068	Nov. 14, 2014	Nov. 13, 2015
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d041	Mar. 24, 2015	Mar. 23, 2016
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	924	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1070	Nov. 19, 2014	Nov. 18, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	778	Aug. 21, 2014	Aug. 20, 2015
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE3	577	Oct. 06, 2014	Oct. 05, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	ES3DV3	3270	Sep. 26, 2014	Sep. 25, 2015
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3931	Sep. 25, 2014	Sep. 24, 2015
Wisewind	Thermometer	ETP-101	TM560	Oct. 21, 2014	Oct. 20, 2015
WonDer	Thermometer	WD-5015	TM685	Oct. 21, 2014	Oct. 20, 2015
Anritsu	Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	6201074414	Feb. 06, 2015	Feb. 05, 2016
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY50266977	May 27, 2014	May 26, 2015
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515E	MY53211040	Jun. 12, 2014	Jun. 11, 2015
R&S	Bluetooth Tester	CBT	100963	Jan. 28, 2015	Jan. 27, 2016
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Agilent	Signal Generator	N5181A	MY50145381	Dec. 11, 2014	Dec. 10, 2015
R&S	Signal Generator	SMF100A	101107	May 23, 2014	May 22, 2015
Agilent	ENA Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46316648	Feb. 11, 2015	Feb. 10, 2016
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1126	Jul. 22, 2014	Jul. 21, 2015
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	DAK-3.5	1138	Nov. 18, 2014	Nov. 17, 2015
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1419002	May 16, 2014	May 15, 2015
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1339124	Jun. 03, 2014	Jun. 02, 2015
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1349001	Dec. 03, 2014	Dec. 02, 2015
Anritsu	Power Sensor	MA2411B	1306099	Dec. 03, 2014	Dec. 02, 2015
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP 7	101131	Jul. 10, 2014	Jul. 09, 2015
Anritsu	Spectrum Analyzer	MS2830A	6201396378	Jun. 03, 2014	Jun. 02, 2015
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	Note1	
Woken	Attenuator 1	WK0602-XX	N/A	Note1	
PE	Attenuator 2	PE7005-10	N/A	Note1	
PE	Attenuator 3	PE7005- 3	N/A	Note1	
AR	Power Amplifier	5S1G4M2	0328767	Note1	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-3W	162601250	Note1	
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	13440021344	Note1	

General Note:

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check source.

10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
For Head								
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1750	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.37	40.1
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0
For Body								
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1750	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.49	53.4
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε_r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε_r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε_r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.3	0.880	42.919	0.90	41.50	-2.22	3.42	±5	Apr. 30, 2015
835	Body	22.5	0.982	55.112	0.97	55.20	1.24	-0.16	±5	Apr. 21, 2015
1750	Head	22.4	1.368	41.147	1.37	40.10	-0.15	2.61	±5	Apr. 26, 2015
1750	Body	22.2	1.477	52.952	1.49	53.40	-0.87	-0.84	±5	Apr. 19, 2015
1750	Body	22.4	1.510	52.005	1.49	53.40	1.34	-2.61	±5	Apr. 20, 2015
1900	Head	22.6	1.432	39.131	1.40	40.00	2.29	-2.17	±5	Apr. 22, 2015
1900	Head	22.3	1.448	38.176	1.40	40.00	3.43	-4.56	±5	Apr. 28, 2015
1900	Body	22.5	1.562	54.760	1.52	53.30	2.76	2.74	±5	Apr. 18, 2015
1900	Body	22.5	1.542	54.917	1.52	53.30	1.45	3.03	±5	Apr. 19, 2015
2450	Head	22.4	1.849	38.514	1.80	39.20	2.72	-1.75	±5	Apr. 30, 2015
2450	Body	22.4	2.001	53.484	1.95	52.70	2.62	1.49	±5	Apr. 29, 2015
2450	Body	22.3	1.973	53.111	1.95	52.70	1.18	0.78	±5	Apr. 30, 2015
2600	Head	22.5	2.049	37.176	1.96	39.00	4.54	-4.68	±5	Apr. 28, 2015
2600	Body	22.3	2.217	53.256	2.16	52.50	2.64	1.44	±5	Apr. 19, 2015
2600	Body	22.3	2.253	52.909	2.16	52.50	4.31	0.78	±5	Apr. 27, 2015

10.2 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
Apr. 30, 2015	835	Head	250	499	3931	577	2.35	9.20	9.4	2.17
Apr. 21, 2015	835	Body	250	499	3270	778	2.40	9.30	9.6	3.23
Apr. 26, 2015	1750	Head	250	1068	3931	577	9.60	36.80	38.4	4.35
Apr. 19, 2015	1750	Body	250	1068	3270	778	10.30	38.00	41.2	8.42
Apr. 20, 2015	1750	Body	250	1068	3931	577	9.07	38.00	36.28	-4.53
Apr. 22, 2015	1900	Head	250	5d041	3270	778	9.74	40.00	38.96	-2.60
Apr. 28, 2015	1900	Head	250	5d041	3931	577	10.00	40.00	40	0.00
Apr. 18, 2015	1900	Body	250	5d041	3270	778	9.70	39.80	38.8	-2.51
Apr. 19, 2015	1900	Body	250	5d041	3270	778	9.55	39.80	38.2	-4.02
Apr. 30, 2015	2450	Head	250	924	3931	577	13.00	51.90	52	0.19
Apr. 29, 2015	2450	Body	250	924	3931	577	13.50	51.40	54	5.06
Apr. 30, 2015	2450	Body	250	924	3931	577	13.30	51.40	53.2	3.50
Apr. 28, 2015	2600	Head	250	1070	3931	577	14.90	56.90	59.6	4.75
Apr. 19, 2015	2600	Body	250	1070	3931	577	14.30	55.30	57.2	3.44
Apr. 27, 2015	2600	Body	250	1070	3931	577	14.60	55.30	58.4	5.61

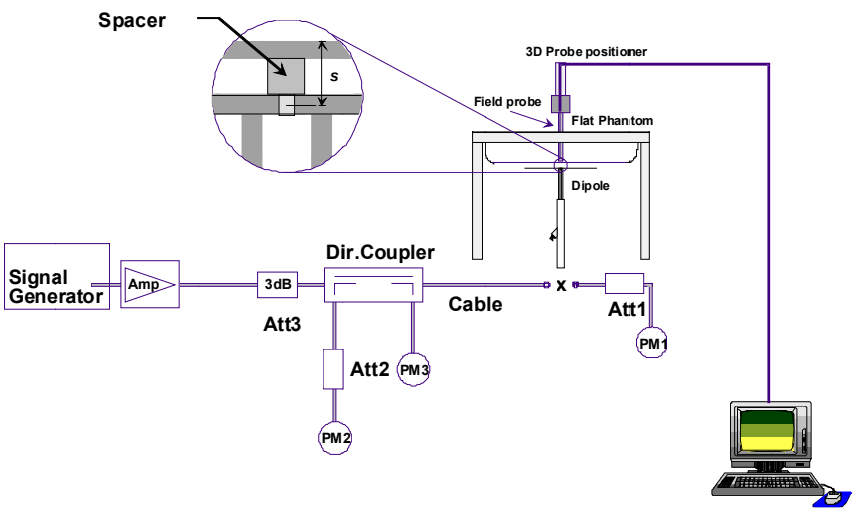


Fig 8.3.1 System Performance Check Setup

Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

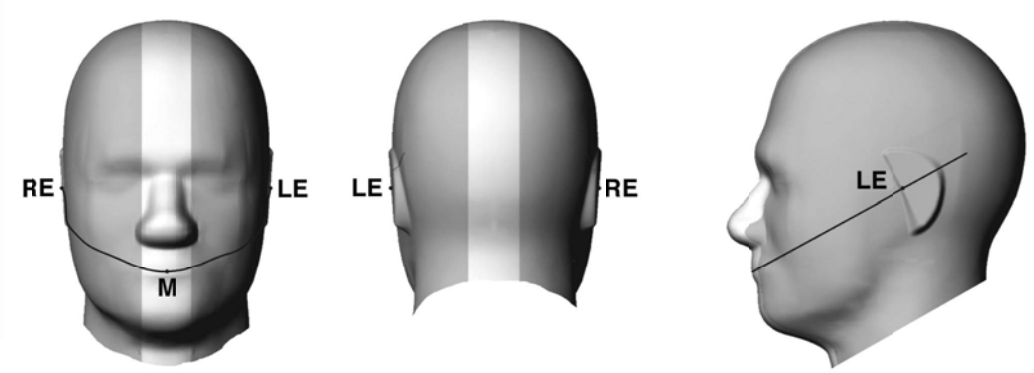


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

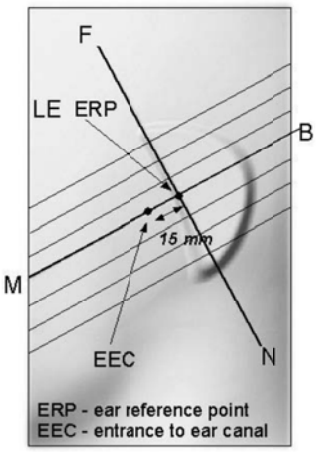


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.

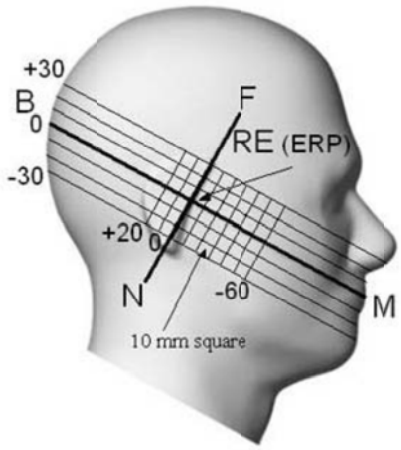


Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

11.2 Definition of the cheek position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
3. Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
4. Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
6. Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line.
7. While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

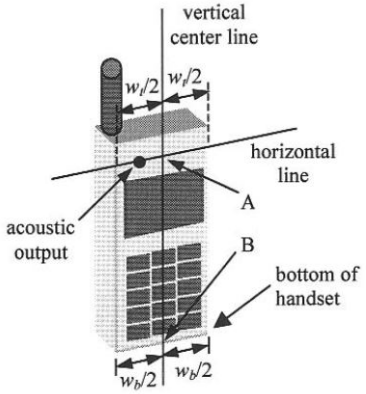


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case

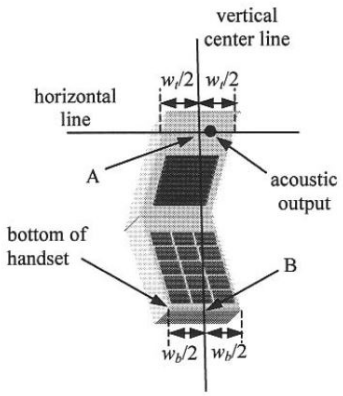


Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"clam-shell case"

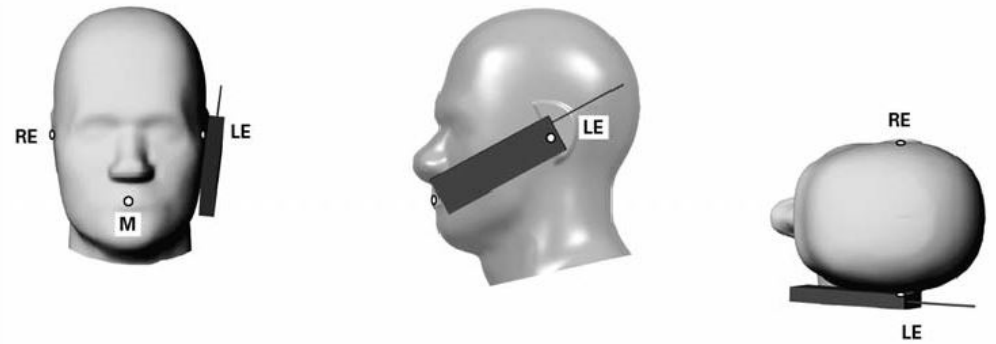


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.3 Definition of the tilt position

1. Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
2. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
3. Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point

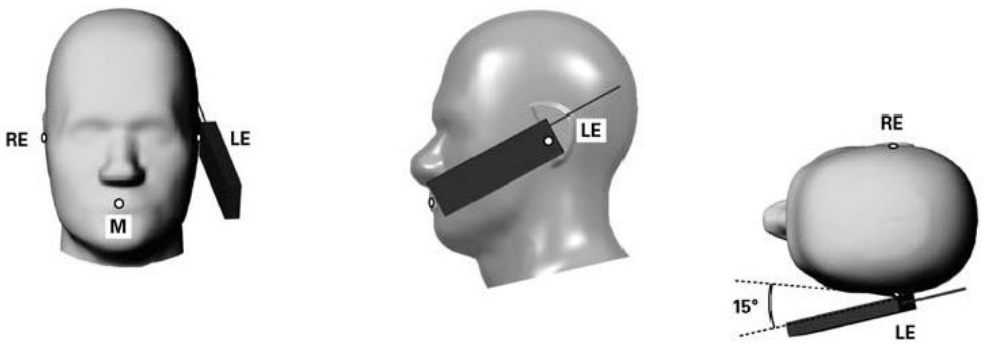


Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB 648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is < 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.

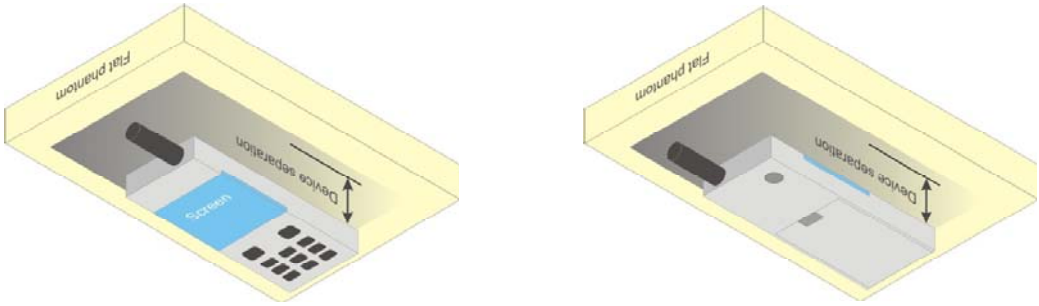


Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC HDB Publication 941225 D06 v02 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02 publication procedures. The “Portable Hotspot” feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. For DTM multi-slot class mode, the device was linked with base station simulator (Agilent E5515C) and transmit maximum power on maximum number of TX slots, i.e. one CS timeslot, and additional PS timeslots (1 for DTM class 5 and 9, 2 for DTM class 11) in one TDMA frame.
2. Agilent E5515C was used to setup the device operated under DTM mode for power measurement and SAR testing. For conducted power, the power of the burst for voice and the power of the bursts for data was reported separately in the table above, and the frame-average power is derived below to determine SAR testing.

   *DTM frame average power (dBm) = 10*log [∑(power of each slot, in mW)/8]*
3. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
4. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM, GPRS, EDGE and DTM modes are determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
5. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS, EDGE and DTM modes are determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.

Band GSM850		Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		128	189	251		128	189	251	
Frequency (MHz)		824.2	836.4	848.8		824.2	836.4	848.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)		32.70	32.66	32.62	33.00	23.70	23.66	23.62	24.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1		**32.74**	32.69	32.64	33.00	23.74	23.69	23.64	24.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1		31.56	31.52	31.46	32.00	25.56	25.52	25.46	26.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1		30.06	30.03	30.01	30.50	**25.80**	25.77	25.75	26.24
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1		28.60	28.54	28.53	29.00	25.60	25.54	25.53	26.00
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5		26.87	26.80	26.79	27.00	17.87	17.80	17.79	18.00
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5		26.73	26.71	26.67	27.00	20.73	20.71	20.67	21.00
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5		26.64	26.55	26.54	27.00	22.38	22.29	22.28	22.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5		25.48	25.45	25.43	26.00	22.48	22.45	22.43	23.00
DTM 5 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.50	31.45	31.39	32.00	25.41	25.35	25.30	25.98
	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	31.35	31.29	31.25	32.00				
DTM 9 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.47	31.39	31.35	32.00	25.36	25.30	25.27	25.98
	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	31.29	31.25	31.23	32.00				
DTM 11 (3Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.90	29.91	29.81	30.50	25.55	25.54	25.46	26.24
	GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	29.77	29.75	29.68	30.50				
DTM 5 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.39	31.28	31.24	32.00	23.64	23.55	23.52	24.16
	EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	26.75	26.73	26.71	27.00				
DTM 9 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	31.51	31.43	31.37	32.00	23.72	23.65	23.61	24.16
	EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	26.69	26.66	26.68	27.00				
DTM 11 (3Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.96	29.90	29.83	30.50	23.73	23.71	23.68	24.24
	EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	26.52	26.54	26.55	27.00				

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.
The calculated method are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

Band GSM1900		Burst Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Frame-Average Power (dBm)			Tune-up Limit (dBm)
TX Channel		512	661	810		512	661	810	
Frequency (MHz)		1850.2	1880	1909.8		1850.2	1880	1909.8	
GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)		30.08	30.18	29.99	31.00	21.08	21.18	20.99	22.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1		30.09	**30.20**	30.02	31.00	21.09	21.20	21.02	22.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1		29.00	28.87	28.74	30.00	23.00	22.87	22.74	24.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3 Tx slots) – CS1		27.66	27.63	27.61	28.50	**23.40**	23.37	23.35	24.24
GPRS (GMSK, 4 Tx slots) – CS1		26.49	26.48	26.45	27.00	23.49	23.48	23.45	24.00
EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5		26.26	26.24	26.31	27.00	17.26	17.24	17.31	18.00
EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5		26.21	26.22	26.24	27.00	20.21	20.22	20.24	21.00
EDGE (8PSK, 3 Tx slots) – MCS5		26.13	26.12	26.11	27.00	21.87	21.86	21.85	22.74
EDGE (8PSK, 4 Tx slots) – MCS5		25.00	24.95	24.99	26.00	22.00	21.95	21.99	23.00
DTM 5 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	29.01	28.87	28.72	30.00	22.95	22.80	22.66	23.98
	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	28.93	28.77	28.64	30.00				
DTM 9 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	28.97	28.82	28.71	30.00	22.90	22.76	22.65	23.98
	GPRS (GMSK, 1 Tx slot) – CS1	28.88	28.74	28.63	30.00				
DTM 11 (3Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	27.64	27.61	27.60	28.50	23.33	23.30	23.33	24.24
	GPRS (GMSK, 2 Tx slots) – CS1	27.57	27.53	27.58	28.50				
DTM 5 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	28.92	28.78	28.74	30.00	21.76	21.67	21.64	22.73
	EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	26.24	26.22	26.21	27.00				
DTM 9 (2Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	28.98	28.85	28.73	30.00	21.73	21.65	21.58	22.73
	EDGE (8PSK, 1 Tx slot) – MCS5	26.03	26.06	26.07	27.00				
DTM 11 (3Tx slots)	GSM (GMSK, 1 Tx slot)	27.61	27.59	27.56	28.50	22.43	22.43	22.39	23.30
	EDGE (8PSK, 2 Tx slots) – MCS5	26.14	26.15	26.11	27.00				

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.
The calculated method are shown as below:
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.
3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
   i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
   ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
   iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
   vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
   vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
   viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
   ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
   x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
   xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c.

Note 2: For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c, and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with β_{hs} = 24/15 * β_c.

Note 3: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

Note 4: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 11/15 and β_d = 15/15.

Setup Configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
   i. Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
   ii. Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
   iii. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
   iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
   v. Set UE Target Power
   vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
   vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
   viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	β_{HS} (Note1)	β_{ec}	β_{ed} (Note 5) (Note 6)	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2)	AG Index (Note 6)	E-TFCI
1	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/225	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed}1$: 47/15 $\beta_{ed}2$: 47/15	4 4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	15/15 (Note 4)	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK}, Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c .
Note 2: CM = 1 for β_c/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 10/15 and β_d = 15/15.
Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to β_c = 14/15 and β_d = 15/15.
Note 5: In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
Note 6: β_{ed} can not be set directly, it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

Setup Configuration

DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
   i. Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
   ii. Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
   iii. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK)
   iv. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
   v. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
      a). Subtest 1: β_c/β_d=2/15
      b). Subtest 2: β_c/β_d=12/15
      c). Subtest 3: β_c/β_d=15/8
      d). Subtest 4: β_c/β_d=15/4
   vi. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
   vii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
   viii. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
   ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
   x. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

Parameter	Unit	Value
Nominal Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60
Inter-TTI Distance	TTI's	1
Number of HARQ Processes	Processes	6
Information Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120
Number Code Blocks	Blocks	1
Binary Channel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960
Total Available SML's in UE	SML's	19200
Number of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200
Coding Rate		0.15
Number of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1
Modulation		QPSK
Note 1: The RMC is intended to be used for DC-HSDPA mode and both cells shall transmit with identical parameters as listed in the table.		
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e., retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and constellation version 0 shall be used.		

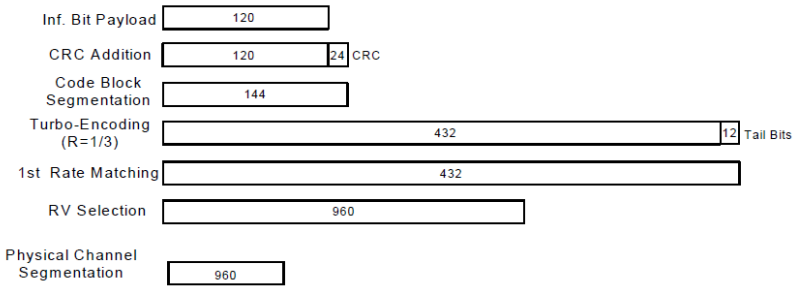


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for Head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

Band			WCDMA Band V			WCDMA Band II			WCDMA Band IV		
TX Channel			4132	4182	4233	9262	9400	9538	1312	1413	1513
Rx Channel			4357	4407	4458	9662	9800	9938	1537	1638	1738
Frequency (MHz)			826.4	836.4	846.6	1852.4	1880	1907.6	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
MPR (dB)	3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	23.19	23.24	23.60	23.47	23.49	23.53	23.24	23.00	23.17
	3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.21	23.25	**23.62**	23.49	23.51	**23.55**	**23.26**	23.01	23.20
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.17	22.24	22.52	22.54	22.60	22.62	22.30	22.03	22.18
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.14	22.20	22.50	22.51	22.57	22.60	22.27	22.00	22.16
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.68	21.72	22.00	21.98	22.10	22.13	21.80	21.52	21.73
0.5	3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.65	21.69	21.96	21.95	22.07	22.11	21.77	21.50	21.71
0	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	22.11	22.20	22.45	22.48	22.55	22.59	22.25	21.95	22.14
0	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	22.08	22.19	22.43	22.47	22.53	22.57	22.23	22.03	22.12
0.5	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	21.60	21.70	21.95	21.95	22.07	22.10	21.73	21.51	21.62
0.5	3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	21.59	21.65	21.91	21.94	22.06	22.09	21.71	21.50	21.58
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	22.00	22.15	22.60	22.55	22.46	22.23	22.10	22.03	22.06
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	21.03	21.16	21.55	21.50	21.40	21.56	21.12	21.00	21.08
1	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	21.00	21.07	21.29	21.04	21.10	21.20	21.19	21.05	21.10
2	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.42	21.61	21.82	21.57	21.58	21.92	21.50	21.32	21.44
0	3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.18	22.25	22.65	22.50	22.65	22.68	22.38	22.01	22.13

<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.
2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.

<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20050	20175	20300		
Frequency (MHz)				1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.96	22.88	22.87	24.0	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.89	22.79	22.83		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.76	22.75	22.83		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.89	21.79	21.82	23.0	0-1
20	QPSK	50	24	21.78	21.74	21.74		
20	QPSK	50	49	21.76	21.64	21.80		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.90	21.89	21.78		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.01	21.88	21.89	23.0	0-1
20	16QAM	1	49	21.89	21.93	21.92		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.86	21.82	21.89		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.07	21.10	21.01	22.0	0-2
20	16QAM	50	24	21.02	20.95	20.80		
20	16QAM	50	49	20.88	20.86	20.90		
20	16QAM	100	0	21.00	20.87	20.93		
Channel				20025	20175	20325	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1717.5	1732.5	1747.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.94	22.84	22.79	24.0	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.88	22.91	22.77		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.74	22.80	22.86		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.99	21.99	21.95	23.0	0-1
15	QPSK	36	18	21.92	21.84	21.97		
15	QPSK	36	37	21.86	21.90	21.93		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.91	21.93	21.98		
15	16QAM	1	0	22.02	22.01	21.91	23.0	0-1
15	16QAM	1	37	21.84	21.93	21.88		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.71	21.77	21.90		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.91	20.90	20.95	22.0	0-2
15	16QAM	36	18	20.97	20.96	20.97		
15	16QAM	36	37	20.86	20.90	20.95		
15	16QAM	75	0	20.98	20.94	20.99		
Channel				20000	20175	20350	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1715	1732.5	1750		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.84	22.85	22.77	24.0	0
10	QPSK	1	24	22.89	22.90	22.87		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.80	22.82	22.80		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.06	22.05	22.08	23.0	0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.98	21.90	21.90		
10	QPSK	25	24	21.84	21.97	21.97		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.90	21.90	21.90		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.89	21.96	21.80	23.0	0-1
10	16QAM	1	24	21.83	21.90	21.90		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.66	21.85	22.01		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.11	21.05	20.99	22.0	0-2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.00	20.97	20.91		
10	16QAM	25	24	21.01	20.97	20.99		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.11	20.92	20.97		

Channel				19975	20175	20375	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1712.5	1732.5	1752.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.90	22.71	22.69	24.0	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.80	22.90	22.61		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.63	22.68	22.62		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.84	21.79	21.88	23.0	0-1
5	QPSK	12	6	21.79	21.65	21.88		
5	QPSK	12	11	21.71	21.79	21.79		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.71	21.74	21.91		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.93	21.93	21.88	23.0	0-1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.71	21.93	21.80		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.58	21.62	21.89		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.71	20.81	20.90	22.0	0-2
5	16QAM	12	6	20.82	20.76	20.91		
5	16QAM	12	11	20.83	20.78	20.90		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.81	20.76	20.84		
Channel				19965	20175	20385	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1711.5	1732.5	1753.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	22.69	22.74	22.89	24.0	0
3	QPSK	1	7	22.79	22.89	22.85		
3	QPSK	1	14	22.65	22.74	22.67		
3	QPSK	8	0	21.95	21.95	22.01	23.0	0-1
3	QPSK	8	4	21.82	21.90	21.79		
3	QPSK	8	7	21.73	21.79	21.92		
3	QPSK	15	0	21.90	21.89	21.83		
3	16QAM	1	0	21.76	21.83	21.73	23.0	0-1
3	16QAM	1	7	21.65	21.81	21.73		
3	16QAM	1	14	21.66	21.68	21.92		
3	16QAM	8	0	20.95	20.97	20.82	22.0	0-2
3	16QAM	8	4	20.82	20.81	20.81		
3	16QAM	8	7	21.01	20.80	20.82		
3	16QAM	15	0	20.93	20.85	20.78		
Channel				19957	20175	20393	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1710.7	1732.5	1754.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.91	22.69	22.94	24.0	0
1.4	QPSK	1	2	22.89	22.83	22.88		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	22.90	22.90	22.93		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	22.88	22.75	22.87		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	22.90	22.79	22.84		
1.4	QPSK	3	2	22.84	22.78	22.80		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.00	21.97	22.18	23.0	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.96	21.91	22.04	23.0	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	2	21.93	21.89	22.05		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.90	21.91	22.04		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	21.93	21.81	22.04		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	21.85	21.83	22.06		
1.4	16QAM	3	2	22.07	21.92	22.00		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.03	20.96	21.14	22.0	0-2

<LTE Band 2>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				18700	18900	19100		
Frequency (MHz)				1860	1880	1900		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.39	23.26	23.69	24.0	0
20	QPSK	1	49	23.35	23.19	23.61		
20	QPSK	1	99	23.17	23.25	23.54		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.39	22.41	22.56	23.0	0-1
20	QPSK	50	24	22.33	22.40	22.75		
20	QPSK	50	49	22.25	22.37	22.63		
20	QPSK	100	0	22.32	22.50	22.58		
20	16QAM	1	0	22.30	22.37	22.63	23.0	0-1
20	16QAM	1	49	22.33	22.28	22.76		
20	16QAM	1	99	22.32	22.55	22.73		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.73	21.62	21.82	22.0	0-2
20	16QAM	50	24	21.69	21.54	21.83		
20	16QAM	50	49	21.61	21.55	21.70		
20	16QAM	100	0	21.67	21.63	21.85		
Channel				18675	18900	19125	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1857.5	1880	1902.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	23.39	23.26	23.59	24.0	0
15	QPSK	1	37	23.35	23.08	23.56		
15	QPSK	1	74	23.17	23.18	23.49		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.50	22.44	22.66	23.0	0-1
15	QPSK	36	18	22.55	22.32	22.65		
15	QPSK	36	37	22.47	22.42	22.69		
15	QPSK	75	0	22.45	22.50	22.69		
15	16QAM	1	0	22.47	22.40	22.61	23.0	0-1
15	16QAM	1	37	22.44	22.19	22.65		
15	16QAM	1	74	22.26	22.44	22.74		
15	16QAM	36	0	21.74	21.56	21.89	22.0	0-2
15	16QAM	36	18	21.80	21.49	21.95		
15	16QAM	36	37	21.69	21.51	21.84		
15	16QAM	75	0	21.65	21.61	21.86		
Channel				18650	18900	19150	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1855	1880	1905		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.39	23.32	23.56	24.0	0
10	QPSK	1	24	23.29	23.19	23.59		
10	QPSK	1	49	23.22	23.22	23.58		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.70	22.45	22.70	23.0	0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	22.49	22.29	22.78		
10	QPSK	25	24	22.52	22.50	22.73		
10	QPSK	50	0	22.59	22.42	22.79		
10	16QAM	1	0	22.39	22.46	22.63	23.0	0-1
10	16QAM	1	24	22.54	22.31	22.66		
10	16QAM	1	49	22.41	22.50	22.83		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.84	21.58	21.83	22.0	0-2
10	16QAM	25	12	21.70	21.42	21.89		
10	16QAM	25	24	21.70	21.57	21.91		
10	16QAM	50	0	21.68	21.58	21.97		

Channel				18625	18900	19175	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1852.5	1880	1907.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	23.31	23.20	23.54	24.0	0
5	QPSK	1	12	23.30	23.08	23.54		
5	QPSK	1	24	23.27	23.16	23.58		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.60	22.39	22.72	23.0	0-1
5	QPSK	12	6	22.62	22.34	22.70		
5	QPSK	12	11	22.58	22.38	22.76		
5	QPSK	25	0	22.73	22.33	22.67		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.37	22.42	22.65	23.0	0-1
5	16QAM	1	12	22.50	22.35	22.68		
5	16QAM	1	24	22.42	22.47	22.90		
5	16QAM	12	0	21.76	21.52	21.82	22.0	0-2
5	16QAM	12	6	21.82	21.42	21.85		
5	16QAM	12	11	21.73	21.44	21.89		
5	16QAM	25	0	21.76	21.40	21.85		
Channel				18615	18900	19185	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1851.5	1880	1908.5		
3	QPSK	1	0	23.26	23.29	23.56	24.0	0
3	QPSK	1	7	23.20	23.13	23.58		
3	QPSK	1	14	23.21	23.20	23.57		
3	QPSK	8	0	22.52	22.42	22.71	23.0	0-1
3	QPSK	8	4	22.56	22.27	22.76		
3	QPSK	8	7	22.60	22.36	22.82		
3	QPSK	15	0	22.59	22.39	22.81		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.52	22.36	22.73	23.0	0-1
3	16QAM	1	7	22.55	22.33	22.83		
3	16QAM	1	14	22.51	22.35	22.81		
3	16QAM	8	0	21.68	21.44	21.82	22.0	0-2
3	16QAM	8	4	21.75	21.38	21.85		
3	16QAM	8	7	21.70	21.40	21.86		
3	16QAM	15	0	21.70	21.38	21.87		
Channel				18607	18900	19193	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				1850.7	1880	1909.3		
1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.41	23.20	23.64	24.0	0
1.4	QPSK	1	2	23.28	23.18	23.57		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.31	23.22	23.58		
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.36	23.11	23.58		
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.30	23.17	23.66		
1.4	QPSK	3	2	23.28	23.14	23.62		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.57	22.36	22.80	23.0	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	22.40	22.21	22.64	23.0	0-1
1.4	16QAM	1	2	22.37	22.22	22.71		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	22.41	22.30	22.74		
1.4	16QAM	3	0	22.49	22.25	22.66		
1.4	16QAM	3	1	22.52	22.25	22.69		
1.4	16QAM	3	2	22.45	22.32	22.76		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.71	21.51	21.95	22.0	0-2

<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Channel				20850	21100	21350		
Frequency (MHz)				2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	22.17	**22.39**	22.18	23.0	0
20	QPSK	1	49	22.16	22.31	22.08		
20	QPSK	1	99	22.15	22.14	22.02		
20	QPSK	50	0	21.39	21.42	21.28	22.0	0-1
20	QPSK	50	24	21.31	21.35	21.29		
20	QPSK	50	49	21.29	21.35	21.12		
20	QPSK	100	0	21.27	21.39	21.10		
20	16QAM	1	0	21.33	21.20	21.24	22.0	0-1
20	16QAM	1	49	21.41	21.24	21.17		
20	16QAM	1	99	21.31	21.11	21.02		
20	16QAM	50	0	20.69	20.67	20.40	21.0	0-2
20	16QAM	50	24	20.55	20.63	20.45		
20	16QAM	50	49	20.42	20.61	20.41		
20	16QAM	100	0	20.38	20.66	20.57		
Channel				20825	21100	21375	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2507.5	2535	2562.5		
15	QPSK	1	0	22.14	22.11	22.13	23.0	0
15	QPSK	1	37	22.34	22.38	22.29		
15	QPSK	1	74	22.25	22.31	22.09		
15	QPSK	36	0	21.35	21.46	21.37	22.0	0-1
15	QPSK	36	18	21.47	21.35	21.28		
15	QPSK	36	37	21.54	21.40	21.04		
15	QPSK	75	0	21.48	21.45	21.13		
15	16QAM	1	0	21.28	21.19	21.10	22.0	0-1
15	16QAM	1	37	21.52	21.39	21.25		
15	16QAM	1	74	21.37	21.33	21.06		
15	16QAM	36	0	20.68	20.76	20.57	21.0	0-2
15	16QAM	36	18	20.71	20.63	20.57		
15	16QAM	36	37	20.60	20.56	20.31		
15	16QAM	75	0	20.55	20.50	20.39		
Channel				20800	21100	21400	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2505	2535	2565		
10	QPSK	1	0	22.07	22.12	22.18	23.0	0
10	QPSK	1	24	22.19	22.27	22.20		
10	QPSK	1	49	22.36	22.29	22.19		
10	QPSK	25	0	21.26	21.55	21.60	22.0	0-1
10	QPSK	25	12	21.50	21.32	21.28		
10	QPSK	25	24	21.66	21.42	21.24		
10	QPSK	50	0	21.54	21.46	21.30		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.31	21.38	21.30	22.0	0-1
10	16QAM	1	24	21.30	21.45	21.19		
10	16QAM	1	49	21.44	21.42	21.15		
10	16QAM	25	0	20.55	20.78	20.73	21.0	0-2
10	16QAM	25	12	20.71	20.49	20.44		
10	16QAM	25	24	20.76	20.56	20.43		
10	16QAM	50	0	20.52	20.58	20.49		

Channel				20775	21100	21425	Tune up Limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
Frequency (MHz)				2502.5	2535	2567.5		
5	QPSK	1	0	22.13	22.20	22.03	23.0	0
5	QPSK	1	12	22.26	22.32	22.12		
5	QPSK	1	24	22.26	22.32	22.10		
5	QPSK	12	0	21.32	21.48	21.17	22.0	0-1
5	QPSK	12	6	21.36	21.48	21.19		
5	QPSK	12	11	21.39	21.45	21.24		
5	QPSK	25	0	21.35	21.39	21.34		
5	16QAM	1	0	21.39	21.47	21.30	22.0	0-1
5	16QAM	1	12	21.52	21.42	21.29		
5	16QAM	1	24	21.52	21.43	21.31		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.66	20.65	20.62	21.0	0-2
5	16QAM	12	6	20.59	20.63	20.57		
5	16QAM	12	11	20.63	20.88	20.49		
5	16QAM	25	0	20.60	20.67	20.49		

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

For 2.4GHz WLAN SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were selected for SAR evaluation. 802.11g/n HT20 were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25 dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11b Average Power (dBm)						
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. Data Rate			
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate 1Mbps	Channel	2Mbps	5.5Mbps	11Mbps
CH 01	2412	**16.49**	CH 01	16.23	16.36	16.48
CH 06	2437	14.87				
CH 11	2462	13.85				

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11g Average Power (dBm)										
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. Data Rate							
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate 6Mbps	Channel	9Mbps	12Mbps	18Mbps	24Mbps	36Mbps	48Mbps	54Mbps
CH 01	2412	**11.65**	CH 01	11.46	11.62	11.60	11.54	11.59	11.64	11.61
CH 06	2437	9.87								
CH 11	2462	8.83								

WLAN 2.4GHz 802.11n HT20 Average Power (dBm)										
Power vs. Channel			Power vs. MCS Index							
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	MCS Index MCS0	Channel	MCS1	MCS2	MCS3	MCS4	MCS5	MCS6	MCS7
CH 01	2412	**9.77**	CH 01	9.54	9.65	9.73	9.71	9.72	9.60	9.66
CH 06	2437	7.91								
CH 11	2462	6.80								

<2.4GHz Bluetooth>

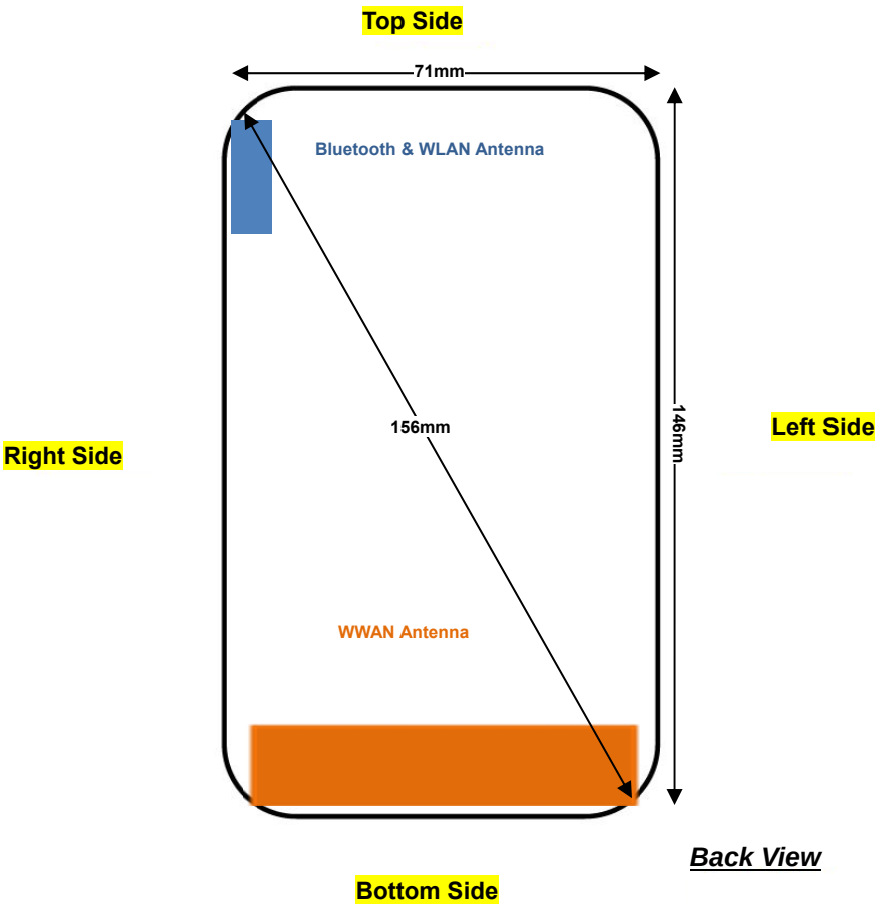
General Note:

1. For 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing was selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.
2. The duty factor is selected theoretical 83.3% perform Bluetooth SAR testing.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)		
			1Mbps	2Mbps	3Mbps
v3.0 with EDR	CH 00	2402	7.94	6.15	5.46
	CH 39	2441	**9.72**	7.79	7.82
	CH 78	2480	7.31	5.05	4.88

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)
			GFSK
v4.0 with LE	CH 00	2402	-1.94
	CH 19	2440	**-1.10**
	CH 39	2480	-2.98

13. Antenna Location



Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	128mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	121mm	≤ 25mm	61.mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

General Note:
Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

14. SAR Test Results

General Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
   a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
   b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
   c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
   d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
   - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
   - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
   - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
3. Pre KDB648474 D04v01r02, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.
4. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM, GPRS, EDGE and DTM modes are determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
5. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, for Hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS, EDGE and DTM modes are determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, for modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested, therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (3Tx slots) for GSM850/GSM1900.
6. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, SAR for next to the ear head / Hotspot / Body-worn exposure is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all “1’s”.
7. Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.
8. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
9. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
10. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
11. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
12. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r03, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
13. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports Hotspot operation.
14. Additional WLAN SAR with headset testing was performed for simultaneous transmission analysis.

14.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	128	824.2	30.06	30.50	1.107	-0.02	0.138	0.153
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	189	836.4	30.03	30.50	1.114	-0.06	0.122	0.136
#01	**GSM850**	**GPRS (3 Tx slots)**	**Right Cheek**	**251**	**848.8**	**30.01**	**30.50**	**1.119**	**-0.04**	**0.139**	**0.156**
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	128	824.2	30.06	30.50	1.107	-0.05	0.043	0.048
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	128	824.2	30.06	30.50	1.107	-0.1	0.135	0.149
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	128	824.2	30.06	30.50	1.107	-0.11	0.026	0.029
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	512	1850.2	27.66	28.50	1.213	0.08	0.055	0.067
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Cheek	661	1880	27.63	28.50	1.222	0	0.055	0.067
#02	**GSM1900**	**GPRS (3 Tx slots)**	**Right Cheek**	**810**	**1909.8**	**27.61**	**28.50**	**1.227**	**0.04**	**0.065**	**0.080**
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Tilted	512	1850.2	27.66	28.50	1.213	0.11	0.017	0.021
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	27.66	28.50	1.213	0.07	0.044	0.053
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Tilted	512	1850.2	27.66	28.50	1.213	0.12	0.017	0.021

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	23.62	24.00	1.091	0.01	0.109	0.119
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4132	826.4	23.21	24.00	1.199	-0.14	0.095	0.114
#03	**WCDMA Band V**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Right Cheek**	**4182**	**836.4**	**23.25**	**24.00**	**1.189**	**0.03**	**0.104**	**0.124**
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	23.62	24.00	1.091	0.14	0.016	0.017
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	23.62	24.00	1.091	-0.13	0.037	0.040
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	4233	846.6	23.62	24.00	1.091	0.07	0.007	0.008
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1312	1712.4	23.26	24.00	1.186	0.13	0.048	0.057
#04	**WCDMA Band IV**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Right Cheek**	**1413**	**1732.6**	**23.01**	**24.00**	**1.256**	**-0.04**	**0.057**	**0.072**
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	1513	1752.6	23.20	24.00	1.202	0	0.048	0.058
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	1312	1712.4	23.26	24.00	1.186	0.17	0.013	0.015
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	1312	1712.4	23.26	24.00	1.186	0.01	0.027	0.032
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	1312	1712.4	23.26	24.00	1.186	0.14	0.015	0.018
#05	**WCDMA Band II**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Right Cheek**	**9538**	**1907.6**	**23.55**	**24.00**	**1.109**	**-0.06**	**0.115**	**0.128**
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9262	1852.4	23.49	24.00	1.125	0	0.069	0.078
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9400	1880	23.51	24.00	1.119	0.05	0.090	0.101
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	9538	1907.6	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.17	0.044	0.049
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9538	1907.6	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.19	0.064	0.071
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	9538	1907.6	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.15	0.046	0.051

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offest	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
#06	**LTE Band 4**	**20M**	**QPSK**	**1**	**0**	**Right Cheek**	**20050**	**1720**	**22.96**	**24.00**	**1.271**	**-0.02**	**0.107**	**0.136**
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.88	24.00	1.294	-0.07	0.074	0.096
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	20300	1745	22.87	24.00	1.297	0.03	0.075	0.097
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	20050	1720	21.89	23.00	1.291	0.03	0.082	0.106
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	20050	1720	22.96	24.00	1.271	0.13	0.033	0.042
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	20050	1720	21.89	23.00	1.291	0.03	0.024	0.031
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	20050	1720	22.96	24.00	1.271	-0.14	0.063	0.080
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	20050	1720	21.89	23.00	1.291	-0.17	0.050	0.065
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	20050	1720	22.96	24.00	1.271	-0.01	0.034	0.043
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	20050	1720	21.89	23.00	1.291	0.16	0.024	0.031
#07	**LTE Band 2**	**20M**	**QPSK**	**1**	**0**	**Right Cheek**	**19100**	**1900**	**23.69**	**24.00**	**1.074**	**0.09**	**0.137**	**0.147**
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	18700	1860	23.39	23.00	0.914	0.05	0.107	0.098
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	18900	1880	23.26	23.00	0.942	-0.09	0.123	0.116
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Cheek	19100	1900	22.75	23.00	1.059	0.12	0.113	0.120
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	19100	1900	23.69	24.00	1.074	0.19	0.040	0.043
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Tilted	19100	1900	22.75	23.00	1.059	0.09	0.033	0.035
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	19100	1900	23.69	24.00	1.074	-0.09	0.071	0.076
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Cheek	19100	1900	22.75	23.00	1.059	-0.04	0.059	0.062
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	19100	1900	23.69	24.00	1.074	0.05	0.052	0.056
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Tilted	19100	1900	22.75	23.00	1.059	0.11	0.045	0.048
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Cheek	21100	2535	22.39	23.00	1.151	0.14	0.069	0.079
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	21100	2535	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.03	0.054	0.062
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Tilted	21100	2535	22.39	23.00	1.151	0.18	0.051	0.059
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	21100	2535	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.07	0.043	0.049
#08	**LTE Band 7**	**20M**	**QPSK**	**1**	**0**	**Left Cheek**	**21100**	**2535**	**22.39**	**23.00**	**1.151**	**0**	**0.121**	**0.139**
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	20850	2510	22.17	23.00	1.211	-0.17	0.093	0.113
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Cheek	21350	2560	22.18	23.00	1.208	-0.07	0.099	0.120
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	21100	2535	21.42	22.00	1.143	-0.11	0.062	0.071
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Tilted	21100	2535	22.39	23.00	1.151	-0.16	0.010	0.011
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	21100	2535	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.15	0.008	0.009

<DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	1	2412	16.49	17.00	1.123	97.62	1.024	-0.02	0.110	0.127
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	1	2412	16.49	17.00	1.123	97.62	1.024	-0.06	0.090	0.104
#09	**WLAN 2.4GHz**	**802.11b 1Mbps**	**Left Cheek**	**1**	**2412**	**16.49**	**17.00**	**1.123**	**97.62**	**1.024**	**-0.02**	**0.490**	**0.564**
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	6	2437	14.87	15.00	1.029	97.62	1.024	0.09	0.365	0.385
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	11	2462	13.85	15.00	1.302	97.62	1.024	-0.11	0.262	0.349
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	1	2412	16.49	17.00	1.123	97.62	1.024	0.01	0.372	0.428

< Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Cheek	39	2441	9.72	11.00	1.342	0.01	0.017	0.023
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Tilted	39	2441	9.72	11.00	1.342	-0.04	0.015	0.020
#10	**Bluetooth**	**1Mbps**	**Left Cheek**	**39**	**2441**	**9.72**	**11.00**	**1.342**	**-0.02**	**0.054**	**0.072**
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	0	2402	7.94	9.00	1.275	0.02	0.042	0.054
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Cheek	78	2480	7.31	9.00	1.475	-0.07	0.042	0.062
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Left Tilted	39	2441	9.72	11.00	1.342	0.03	0.042	0.056

14.2 Hotspot SAR

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	128mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm
BT&WLAN	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	121mm	≤ 25mm	61.mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
WWAN Main	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
BT&WLAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No

General Note:
Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	1	128	824.2	30.06	30.50	1.107	-0.03	0.485	0.537
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	1	189	836.4	30.03	30.50	1.114	0.02	0.534	0.595
#11	**GSM850**	**GPRS (3 Tx slots)**	**Front**	**1**	**251**	**848.8**	**30.01**	**30.50**	**1.119**	**0**	**0.594**	**0.665**
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	1	128	824.2	30.06	30.50	1.107	-0.08	0.484	0.536
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Side	1	128	824.2	30.06	30.50	1.107	-0.03	0.095	0.105
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Side	1	128	824.2	30.06	30.50	1.107	0	0.160	0.177
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	128	824.2	30.06	30.50	1.107	-0.02	0.316	0.350
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	1	512	1850.2	27.66	28.50	1.213	-0.11	0.334	0.405
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	1	512	1850.2	27.66	28.50	1.213	0.03	0.347	0.421
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Left Side	1	512	1850.2	27.66	28.50	1.213	0.01	0.033	0.040
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Right Side	1	512	1850.2	27.66	28.50	1.213	0.16	0.019	0.023
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	512	1850.2	27.66	28.50	1.213	0.02	0.656	0.796
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Bottom Side	1	661	1880	27.63	28.50	1.222	0.04	0.686	0.838
#12	**GSM1900**	**GPRS (3 Tx slots)**	**Bottom Side**	**1**	**810**	**1909.8**	**27.61**	**28.50**	**1.227**	**-0.05**	**0.795**	**0.976**
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	1	661	1880	27.63	28.50	1.222	0.03	0.241	0.294
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	1	810	1909.8	27.61	28.50	1.227	0.08	0.234	0.287

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	4233	846.6	23.62	24.00	1.091	-0.02	0.383	0.418
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	4132	826.4	23.21	24.00	1.199	-0.05	0.341	0.409
#13	**WCDMA Band V**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Front**	**1**	**4182**	**836.4**	**23.25**	**24.00**	**1.189**	**-0.03**	**0.381**	**0.453**
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	4233	846.6	23.62	24.00	1.091	-0.05	0.365	0.398
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	4233	846.6	23.62	24.00	1.091	0.07	0.263	0.287
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1	4233	846.6	23.62	24.00	1.091	0.02	0.041	0.045
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	4233	846.6	23.62	24.00	1.091	-0.09	0.269	0.294
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	1312	1712.4	23.26	24.00	1.186	-0.05	0.416	0.493
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	1312	1712.4	23.26	24.00	1.186	0.07	0.443	0.525
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	1312	1712.4	23.26	24.00	1.186	-0.08	0.043	0.051
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1	1312	1712.4	23.26	24.00	1.186	-0.02	0.099	0.117
#14	**WCDMA Band IV**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Bottom Side**	**1**	**1312**	**1712.4**	**23.26**	**24.00**	**1.186**	**0.06**	**0.869**	**1.030**
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	1413	1732.6	23.01	24.00	1.256	0.06	0.692	0.869
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	1513	1752.6	23.20	24.00	1.202	-0.02	0.647	0.778
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	1413	1732.6	23.01	24.00	1.256	0.06	0.352	0.442
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	1513	1752.6	23.20	24.00	1.202	-0.12	0.376	0.452
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9538	1907.6	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.11	0.519	0.576
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	9538	1907.6	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.04	0.485	0.538
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	1	9538	1907.6	23.55	24.00	1.109	-0.03	0.074	0.082
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	1	9538	1907.6	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.03	0.052	0.058
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	9538	1907.6	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.07	1.000	1.109
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	1	9262	1852.4	23.49	24.00	1.125	0.06	0.853	0.959
#15	**WCDMA Band II**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Bottom Side**	**1**	**9400**	**1880**	**23.51**	**24.00**	**1.119**	**-0.16**	**1.050**	**1.175**
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9262	1852.4	23.49	24.00	1.125	0.04	0.499	0.561
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9400	1880	23.51	24.00	1.119	0.14	0.609	0.682

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1	20050	1720	22.96	24.00	1.271	0.09	0.675	0.858
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1	20175	1732.5	22.88	24.00	1.294	0.09	0.684	0.885
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1	20300	1745	22.87	24.00	1.297	0.09	0.695	0.902
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	1	20050	1720	21.89	23.00	1.291	-0.02	0.420	0.542
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	1	20050	1720	21.90	23.00	1.288	-0.11	0.340	0.438
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1	20050	1720	22.96	24.00	1.271	0.11	0.608	0.773
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	1	20050	1720	21.89	23.00	1.291	0.03	0.434	0.560
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	1	20050	1720	22.96	24.00	1.271	-0.11	0.045	0.057
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	1	20050	1720	21.89	23.00	1.291	-0.12	0.030	0.039
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	1	20050	1720	22.96	24.00	1.271	0.04	0.208	0.264
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	1	20050	1720	21.89	23.00	1.291	0.04	0.120	0.155
#16	**LTE Band 4**	**20M**	**QPSK**	**1**	**0**	**Bottom Side**	**1**	**20050**	**1720**	**22.96**	**24.00**	**1.271**	**-0.07**	**0.868**	**1.103**
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	1	20175	1732.5	22.88	24.00	1.294	0.06	0.725	0.938
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	1	20300	1745	22.87	24.00	1.297	0.04	0.647	0.839
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	1	20050	1720	21.89	23.00	1.291	0.03	0.632	0.816
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	1	20175	1732.5	21.79	23.00	1.321	0.03	0.640	0.846
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	1	20300	1745	21.82	23.00	1.312	0.03	0.650	0.853
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	1	20050	1720	21.90	23.00	1.288	-0.04	0.621	0.800
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1	19100	1900	23.69	24.00	1.074	0	0.474	0.509
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	1	19100	1900	22.75	23.00	1.059	0	0.414	0.439
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1	19100	1900	23.69	24.00	1.074	0	0.654	0.702
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	1	19100	1900	22.75	23.00	1.059	0.04	0.571	0.605
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	1	19100	1900	23.69	24.00	1.074	0	0.068	0.073
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Left Side	1	19100	1900	22.75	23.00	1.059	0.05	0.058	0.061
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	1	19100	1900	23.69	24.00	1.074	-0.11	0.052	0.056
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Right Side	1	19100	1900	22.75	23.00	1.059	-0.09	0.047	0.050
#17	**LTE Band 2**	**20M**	**QPSK**	**1**	**0**	**Bottom Side**	**1**	**19100**	**1900**	**23.69**	**24.00**	**1.074**	**-0.01**	**1.030**	**1.106**
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	1	18700	1860	23.39	24.00	1.151	-0.09	0.806	0.928
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	1	18900	1880	23.26	24.00	1.186	0.07	0.880	1.043
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	1	19100	1900	22.75	23.00	1.059	0.01	0.935	0.990
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	1	18700	1860	22.33	23.00	1.167	-0.01	0.897	1.047
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Bottom Side	1	18900	1880	22.40	23.00	1.148	0.11	0.916	1.052
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	1	19100	1900	22.58	23.00	1.102	0.04	0.930	1.024
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1	18700	1860	23.39	24.00	1.151	0.06	0.519	0.597
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1	18900	1880	23.26	24.00	1.186	-0.09	0.581	0.689

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1	21100	2535	22.39	23.00	1.151	0.08	0.961	1.106
#18	**LTE Band 7**	**20M**	**QPSK**	**1**	**0**	**Front**	**1**	**20850**	**2510**	**22.17**	**23.00**	**1.211**	**0.04**	**1.140**	**1.380**
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1	21350	2560	22.18	23.00	1.208	-0.12	1.100	1.329
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	1	21100	2535	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.03	0.904	1.033
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	1	20850	2510	21.39	22.00	1.151	0.1	1.020	1.174
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	1	21350	2560	21.28	22.00	1.180	0.07	0.871	1.028
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	1	21100	2535	21.39	22.00	1.151	-0.08	0.688	0.792
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1	21100	2535	22.39	23.00	1.151	-0.05	0.552	0.635
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	1	21100	2535	21.42	22.00	1.143	-0.04	0.437	0.499
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Left Side	1	21100	2535	22.39	23.00	1.151	-0.09	0.028	0.032
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	1	21100	2535	21.42	22.00	1.143	-0.04	0.011	0.013
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Right Side	1	21100	2535	22.39	23.00	1.151	0.13	0.016	0.018
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	1	21100	2535	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.03	0.014	0.016
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	1	21100	2535	22.39	23.00	1.151	0.1	0.808	0.930
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	1	20850	2510	22.17	23.00	1.211	-0.06	1.100	1.332
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Bottom Side	1	21350	2560	22.18	23.00	1.208	0.01	0.715	0.864
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	1	21100	2535	21.42	22.00	1.143	-0.01	0.831	0.950
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	1	20850	2510	21.39	22.00	1.151	-0.17	0.973	1.120
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	1	21350	2560	21.28	22.00	1.180	0.07	0.757	0.894
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	1	21100	2535	21.39	22.00	1.151	-0.06	0.880	1.013

<DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1	1	2412	16.49	17.00	1.123	97.62	1.024	-0.13	0.039	0.045
#19	**WLAN 2.4GHz**	**802.11b 1Mbps**	**Back**	**1**	**1**	**2412**	**16.49**	**17.00**	**1.123**	**97.62**	**1.024**	**0.12**	**0.057**	**0.066**
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1	6	2437	14.87	15.00	1.029	97.62	1.024	-0.07	0.038	0.040
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1	11	2462	13.85	15.00	1.302	97.62	1.024	-0.09	0.027	0.036
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	1	1	2412	16.49	17.00	1.123	97.62	1.024	0.02	0.029	0.033
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	1	1	2412	16.49	17.00	1.123	97.62	1.024	0.12	0.031	0.036

< Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	1	39	2441	9.72	11.00	1.342	-0.06	0.006	0.008
#20	**Bluetooth**	**1Mbps**	**Back**	**1**	**39**	**2441**	**9.72**	**11.00**	**1.342**	**-0.08**	**0.00662**	**0.009**
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	1	0	2402	7.94	9.00	1.275	0	0.001	0.001
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	1	78	2480	7.31	9.00	1.475	0	0.002	0.002
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Right Side	1	39	2441	9.72	11.00	1.342	-0.01	0.002	0.003
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Top Side	1	39	2441	9.72	11.00	1.342	-0.07	0.004	0.006

14.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	1	128	824.2	30.06	30.50	1.107	-0.03	0.485	0.537
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	1	189	836.4	30.03	30.50	1.114	0.02	0.534	0.595
#11	**GSM850**	**GPRS (3 Tx slots)**	**Front**	**1**	**251**	**848.8**	**30.01**	**30.50**	**1.119**	**0**	**0.594**	**0.665**
	GSM850	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	1	128	824.2	30.06	30.50	1.107	-0.08	0.484	0.536
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Front	1	512	1850.2	27.66	28.50	1.213	-0.11	0.334	0.405
#21	**GSM1900**	**GPRS (3 Tx slots)**	**Back**	**1**	**512**	**1850.2**	**27.66**	**28.50**	**1.213**	**0.03**	**0.347**	**0.421**
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	1	661	1880	27.63	28.50	1.222	0.03	0.241	0.294
	GSM1900	GPRS (3 Tx slots)	Back	1	810	1909.8	27.61	28.50	1.227	0.08	0.234	0.287

<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	4233	846.6	23.62	24.00	1.091	-0.02	0.383	0.418
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	4132	826.4	23.21	24.00	1.199	-0.05	0.341	0.409
#13	**WCDMA Band V**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Front**	**1**	**4182**	**836.4**	**23.25**	**24.00**	**1.189**	**-0.03**	**0.381**	**0.453**
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	4233	846.6	23.62	24.00	1.091	-0.05	0.365	0.398
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	1312	1712.4	23.26	24.00	1.186	-0.05	0.416	0.493
#22	**WCDMA Band IV**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Back**	**1**	**1312**	**1712.4**	**23.26**	**24.00**	**1.186**	**0.07**	**0.443**	**0.525**
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	1413	1732.6	23.01	24.00	1.256	0.06	0.352	0.442
	WCDMA Band IV	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	1513	1752.6	23.20	24.00	1.202	-0.12	0.376	0.452
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9538	1907.6	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.11	0.519	0.576
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	1	9538	1907.6	23.55	24.00	1.109	0.04	0.485	0.538
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	1	9262	1852.4	23.49	24.00	1.125	0.04	0.499	0.561
#23	**WCDMA Band II**	**RMC 12.2Kbps**	**Front**	**1**	**9400**	**1880**	**23.51**	**24.00**	**1.119**	**0.14**	**0.609**	**0.682**

<LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1	20050	1720	22.96	24.00	1.271	0.09	0.675	0.858
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1	20175	1732.5	22.88	24.00	1.294	0.09	0.684	0.885
#24	**LTE Band 4**	**20M**	**QPSK**	**1**	**0**	**Front**	**1**	**20300**	**1745**	**22.87**	**24.00**	**1.297**	**0.09**	**0.695**	**0.902**
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	1	20050	1720	21.89	23.00	1.291	-0.02	0.420	0.542
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	1	20050	1720	21.90	23.00	1.288	-0.11	0.340	0.438
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1	20050	1720	22.96	24.00	1.271	0.11	0.608	0.773
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	1	20050	1720	21.89	23.00	1.291	0.03	0.434	0.560
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1	19100	1900	23.69	24.00	1.074	0	0.474	0.509
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Front	1	19100	1900	22.75	23.00	1.059	0	0.414	0.439
#25	**LTE Band 2**	**20M**	**QPSK**	**1**	**0**	**Back**	**1**	**19100**	**1900**	**23.69**	**24.00**	**1.074**	**0**	**0.654**	**0.702**
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	50	24	Back	1	19100	1900	22.75	23.00	1.059	0.04	0.571	0.605
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1	18700	1860	23.39	24.00	1.151	0.06	0.519	0.597
	LTE Band 2	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1	18900	1880	23.26	24.00	1.186	-0.09	0.581	0.689
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1	21100	2535	22.39	23.00	1.151	0.08	0.961	1.106
#18	**LTE Band 7**	**20M**	**QPSK**	**1**	**0**	**Front**	**1**	**20850**	**2510**	**22.17**	**23.00**	**1.211**	**0.04**	**1.140**	**1.380**
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1	21350	2560	22.18	23.00	1.208	-0.12	1.100	1.329
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	1	21100	2535	21.42	22.00	1.143	0.03	0.904	1.033
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	1	20850	2510	21.39	22.00	1.151	0.1	1.020	1.174
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	1	21350	2560	21.28	22.00	1.180	0.07	0.871	1.028
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	100	0	Front	1	21100	2535	21.39	22.00	1.151	-0.08	0.688	0.792
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Back	1	21100	2535	22.39	23.00	1.151	-0.05	0.552	0.635
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	1	21100	2535	21.42	22.00	1.143	-0.04	0.437	0.499
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front with headset	1	20850	2510	22.17	23.00	1.211	0	1.100	1.332
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front with headset	1	21100	2535	22.39	23.00	1.151	-0.02	0.942	1.084
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front with headset	1	21350	2560	22.18	23.00	1.208	0.03	0.926	1.118

<DTS WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1	1	2412	16.49	17.00	1.123	97.62	1.024	-0.13	0.039	0.045
#19	**WLAN 2.4GHz**	**802.11b 1Mbps**	**Back**	**1**	**1**	**2412**	**16.49**	**17.00**	**1.123**	**97.62**	**1.024**	**0.12**	**0.057**	**0.066**
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1	6	2437	14.87	15.00	1.029	97.62	1.024	-0.07	0.038	0.040
	WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	1	11	2462	13.85	15.00	1.302	97.62	1.024	-0.09	0.027	0.036

< Bluetooth SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Front	1	39	2441	9.72	11.00	1.342	-0.06	0.006	0.008
#20	**Bluetooth**	**1Mbps**	**Back**	**1**	**39**	**2441**	**9.72**	**11.00**	**1.342**	**-0.08**	**0.007**	**0.009**
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	1	0	2402	7.94	9.00	1.275	0	0.001	0.001
	Bluetooth	1Mbps	Back	1	78	2480	7.31	9.00	1.475	0	0.002	0.002

14.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	WCDMA Band IV	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	-	-	Bottom Side	1	1312	1712.4	23.26	24.00	1.186	0.06	0.869	1	1.030
2nd	WCDMA Band IV	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	-	-	Bottom Side	1	1312	1712.4	23.26	24.00	1.186	0.05	0.855	1.016	1.014
1st	WCDMA Band II	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	-	-	Bottom Side	1	9400	1880	23.51	24.00	1.119	-0.16	1.050	1	1.175
2nd	WCDMA Band II	-	RMC 12.2Kbps	-	-	Bottom Side	1	9400	1880	23.51	24.00	1.119	-0.12	1.030	1.019	1.153
1st	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1	20850	2510	22.17	23.00	1.211	0.04	1.140	1	1.380
2nd	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	Front	1	20850	2510	22.17	23.00	1.211	-0.12	1.050	1.086	1.271

General Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r03, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated *measured SAR*.
4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

15. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Portable Handset			Note
		Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	
1.	GSM(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
2.	WCDMA(Voice) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes		
3.	GSM(Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
4.	WCDMA((Voice) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes		
5.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
6.	WCDMA(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
7.	LTE(Data) + WLAN2.4GHz(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	2.4GHz Hotspot
8.	GPRS/EDGE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
9.	WCDMA(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering
10.	LTE(Data) + Bluetooth(data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Bluetooth Tethering

General Note:

1. This device supported VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. 3rd party VoIP).
2. This device 2.4GHz WLAN supports hotspot operation.
3. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
4. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
5. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
6. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
   i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
   ii) SPLSR = $(SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5}$ / (*min. separation distance, mm*), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1-x_2)^2 + (y_1-y_2)^2 + (z_1-z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
   iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
   iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.

15.1 Head Exposure Conditions

<WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	WLAN DTS Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.156	0.127	0.28		
		Right Tilted	0.048	0.104	0.15		
		Left Cheek	0.149	0.564	0.71		
		Left Tilted	0.029	0.428	0.46		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.080	0.127	0.21		
		Right Tilted	0.021	0.104	0.13		
		Left Cheek	0.053	0.564	0.62		
		Left Tilted	0.021	0.428	0.45		
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.124	0.127	0.25		
		Right Tilted	0.017	0.104	0.12		
		Left Cheek	0.040	0.564	0.60		
		Left Tilted	0.008	0.428	0.44		
	Band IV	Right Cheek	0.072	0.127	0.20		
		Right Tilted	0.015	0.104	0.12		
		Left Cheek	0.032	0.564	0.60		
		Left Tilted	0.018	0.428	0.45		
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.128	0.127	0.26		
		Right Tilted	0.049	0.104	0.15		
		Left Cheek	0.071	0.564	0.64		
		Left Tilted	0.051	0.428	0.48		
LTE	Band 4	Right Cheek	0.136	0.127	0.26		
		Right Tilted	0.042	0.104	0.15		
		Left Cheek	0.080	0.564	0.64		
		Left Tilted	0.043	0.428	0.47		
	Band 2	Right Cheek	0.147	0.127	0.27		
		Right Tilted	0.043	0.104	0.15		
		Left Cheek	0.076	0.564	0.64		
		Left Tilted	0.056	0.428	0.48		
	Band 7	Right Cheek	0.079	0.127	0.21		
		Right Tilted	0.059	0.104	0.16		
		Left Cheek	0.139	0.564	0.70		
		Left Tilted	0.011	0.428	0.44		

<WWAN PCE + Bluetooth DSS>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth DSS Max. Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Right Cheek	0.156	0.023	0.18		
		Right Tilted	0.048	0.020	0.07		
		Left Cheek	0.149	0.072	0.22		
		Left Tilted	0.029	0.056	0.09		
	GSM1900	Right Cheek	0.080	0.023	0.10		
		Right Tilted	0.021	0.020	0.04		
		Left Cheek	0.053	0.072	0.13		
		Left Tilted	0.021	0.056	0.08		
WCDMA	Band V	Right Cheek	0.124	0.023	0.15		
		Right Tilted	0.017	0.020	0.04		
		Left Cheek	0.040	0.072	0.11		
		Left Tilted	0.008	0.056	0.06		
	Band IV	Right Cheek	0.072	0.023	0.10		
		Right Tilted	0.015	0.020	0.04		
		Left Cheek	0.032	0.072	0.10		
		Left Tilted	0.018	0.056	0.07		
	Band II	Right Cheek	0.128	0.023	0.15		
		Right Tilted	0.049	0.020	0.07		
		Left Cheek	0.071	0.072	0.14		
		Left Tilted	0.051	0.056	0.11		
LTE	Band 4	Right Cheek	0.136	0.023	0.16		
		Right Tilted	0.042	0.020	0.06		
		Left Cheek	0.080	0.072	0.15		
		Left Tilted	0.043	0.056	0.10		
	Band 2	Right Cheek	0.147	0.023	0.17		
		Right Tilted	0.043	0.020	0.06		
		Left Cheek	0.076	0.072	0.15		
		Left Tilted	0.056	0.056	0.11		
	Band 7	Right Cheek	0.079	0.023	0.10		
		Right Tilted	0.059	0.020	0.08		
		Left Cheek	0.139	0.072	0.21		
		Left Tilted	0.011	0.056	0.07		

15.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

<WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	WLAN DTS Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.665	0.045	0.71		
		Back	0.536	0.066	0.60		
		Left side	0.105		0.11		
		Right side	0.177	0.033	0.21		
		Top side		0.036	0.04		
		Bottom side	0.350		0.35		
	GSM1900	Front	0.405	0.045	0.45		
		Back	0.421	0.066	0.49		
		Left side	0.040		0.04		
		Right side	0.023	0.033	0.06		
		Top side		0.036	0.04		
		Bottom side	0.976		0.98		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.453	0.045	0.50		
		Back	0.398	0.066	0.46		
		Left side	0.287		0.29		
		Right side	0.045	0.033	0.08		
		Top side		0.036	0.04		
		Bottom side	0.294		0.29		
	Band IV	Front	0.493	0.045	0.54		
		Back	0.525	0.066	0.59		
		Left side	0.051		0.05		
		Right side	0.117	0.033	0.15		
		Top side		0.036	0.04		
		Bottom side	1.030		1.03		
	Band II	Front	0.682	0.045	0.73		
		Back	0.538	0.066	0.60		
		Left side	0.082		0.08		
		Right side	0.058	0.033	0.09		
		Top side		0.036	0.04		
		Bottom side	1.175		1.18		

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	WLAN DTS Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
LTE	Band 4	Front	0.902	0.045	0.95		
		Back	0.773	0.066	0.84		
		Left side	0.057		0.06		
		Right side	0.264	0.033	0.30		
		Top side		0.036	0.04		
		Bottom side	1.103		1.10		
	Band 2	Front	0.509	0.045	0.55		
		Back	0.702	0.066	0.77		
		Left side	0.073		0.07		
		Right side	0.056	0.033	0.09		
		Top side		0.036	0.04		
		Bottom side	1.106		1.11		
	Band 7	Front	1.380	0.045	**1.43**		
		Back	0.635	0.066	0.70		
		Left side	0.032		0.03		
		Right side	0.018	0.033	0.05		
		Top side		0.036	0.04		
		Bottom side	1.332		1.33		

<WWAN PCE + Bluetooth DSS>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth DSS Max. Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.665	0.008	0.67		
		Back	0.536	0.009	0.55		
		Left side	0.105		0.11		
		Right side	0.177	0.003	0.18		
		Top side		0.006	0.01		
		Bottom side	0.350		0.35		
	GSM1900	Front	0.405	0.008	0.41		
		Back	0.421	0.009	0.43		
		Left side	0.040		0.04		
		Right side	0.023	0.003	0.03		
		Top side		0.006	0.01		
		Bottom side	0.976		0.98		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.453	0.008	0.46		
		Back	0.398	0.009	0.41		
		Left side	0.287		0.29		
		Right side	0.045	0.003	0.05		
		Top side		0.006	0.01		
		Bottom side	0.294		0.29		
	Band IV	Front	0.493	0.008	0.50		
		Back	0.525	0.009	0.53		
		Left side	0.051		0.05		
		Right side	0.117	0.003	0.12		
		Top side		0.006	0.01		
		Bottom side	1.030		1.03		
	Band II	Front	0.682	0.008	0.69		
		Back	0.538	0.009	0.55		
		Left side	0.082		0.08		
		Right side	0.058	0.003	0.06		
		Top side		0.006	0.01		
		Bottom side	1.175		1.18		

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth DSS Max. Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
LTE	Band 4	Front	0.902	0.008	0.91		
		Back	0.773	0.009	0.78		
		Left side	0.057		0.06		
		Right side	0.264	0.003	0.27		
		Top side		0.006	0.01		
		Bottom side	1.103		1.10		
	Band 2	Front	0.509	0.008	0.52		
		Back	0.702	0.009	0.71		
		Left side	0.073		0.07		
		Right side	0.056	0.003	0.06		
		Top side		0.006	0.01		
		Bottom side	1.106		1.11		
	Band 7	Front	1.380	0.008	**1.39**		
		Back	0.635	0.009	0.64		
		Left side	0.032		0.03		
		Right side	0.018	0.003	0.02		
		Top side		0.006	0.01		
		Bottom side	1.332		1.33		

15.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

<WWAN PCE + WLAN DTS>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	WLAN DTS Max. WLAN SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.665	0.045	0.71		
		Back	0.536	0.066	0.60		
	GSM1900	Front	0.405	0.045	0.45		
		Back	0.421	0.066	0.49		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.453	0.045	0.50		
		Back	0.398	0.066	0.46		
	Band IV	Front	0.493	0.045	0.54		
		Back	0.525	0.066	0.59		
	Band II	Front	0.682	0.045	0.73		
		Back	0.538	0.066	0.60		
LTE	Band 4	Front	0.902	0.045	0.95		
		Back	0.773	0.066	0.84		
	Band 2	Front	0.509	0.045	0.55		
		Back	0.702	0.066	0.77		
	Band 7	Front	1.380	0.045	1.43		
		Back	0.635	0.066	0.70		
		Front with headset	1.332		1.33		

<WWAN PCE + Bluetooth DSS>

WWAN Band		Exposure Position	WWAN PCE Max. WWAN SAR (W/kg)	Bluetooth DSS Max. Bluetooth SAR (W/kg)	Summed SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Case No
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.665	0.008	0.67		
		Back	0.536	0.009	0.55		
	GSM1900	Front	0.405	0.008	0.41		
		Back	0.421	0.009	0.43		
WCDMA	Band V	Front	0.453	0.008	0.46		
		Back	0.398	0.009	0.41		
	Band IV	Front	0.493	0.008	0.50		
		Back	0.525	0.009	0.53		
	Band II	Front	0.682	0.008	0.69		
		Back	0.538	0.009	0.55		
LTE	Band 4	Front	0.902	0.008	0.91		
		Back	0.773	0.009	0.78		
	Band 2	Front	0.509	0.008	0.52		
		Back	0.702	0.009	0.71		
	Band 7	Front	1.380	0.008	1.39		
		Back	0.635	0.009	0.64		
		Front with headset	1.332		1.33		

Test Engineer： Ken Li

16. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor[(a)]	1/k[(b)]	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 16.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	Standard Uncertainty (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (10g)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 6.0 %	± 6.0 %
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 1.9 %	± 1.9 %
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	0.7	± 3.9 %	± 3.9 %
Boundary Effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.7 %	± 2.7 %
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1	1	1	± 0.3 %	± 0.3 %
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.5 %	± 1.5 %
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.7 %	± 1.7 %
Max. SAR Eval.	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.6 %	± 3.6 %
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.9 %	± 2.9 %
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 2.3 %	± 2.3 %
Liquid Conductivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.64	0.43	± 1.8 %	± 1.2 %
Liquid Conductivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.64	0.43	± 1.6 %	± 1.1 %
Liquid Permittivity (Target)	5.0	Rectangular	√3	0.6	0.49	± 1.7 %	± 1.4 %
Liquid Permittivity (Meas.)	2.5	Normal	1	0.6	0.49	± 1.5 %	± 1.2 %
Combined Standard Uncertainty						± 11.0 %	± 10.8 %
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	
Expanded Uncertainty						**± 22.0 %**	**± 21.5 %**

Table 16.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

17. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 “Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations”

[2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, “IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz”, September 1992

[3] IEEE Std. 1528-2003, “Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques”, December 2003

[4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

[5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, “SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters”, May 2007

[6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, “Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies”, Feb 2014

[7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets”, Dec 2013.

[8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03, “3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES”, Oct 2014

[9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r03, “SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices”, Dec 2013

[10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2014.

[11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Feb 2014.

[12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, “RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations” May 2013.

Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

The plots are shown as follows.

System Check_Head_835MHz_150430

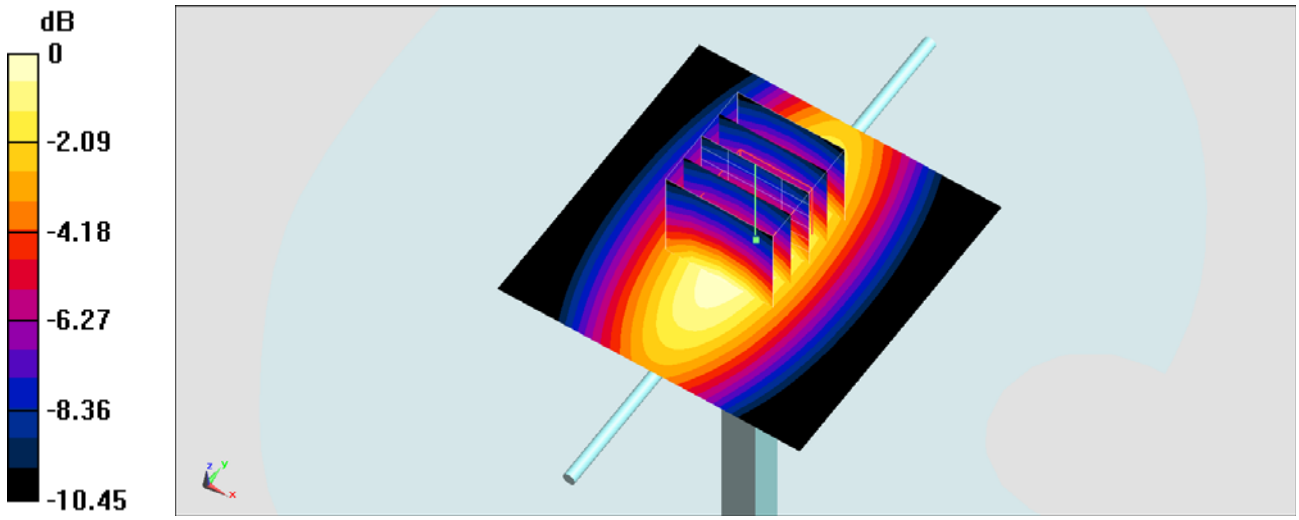
DUT: D835V2_SN:499

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_850_150430 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.88 S/m; ε_r = 42.919; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(10.32, 10.32, 10.32); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1478
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.01 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 59.62 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.49 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.55 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.95 W/kg



0 dB = 2.95 W/kg = 4.70 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/4/21

System Check_Body_835MHz_150421

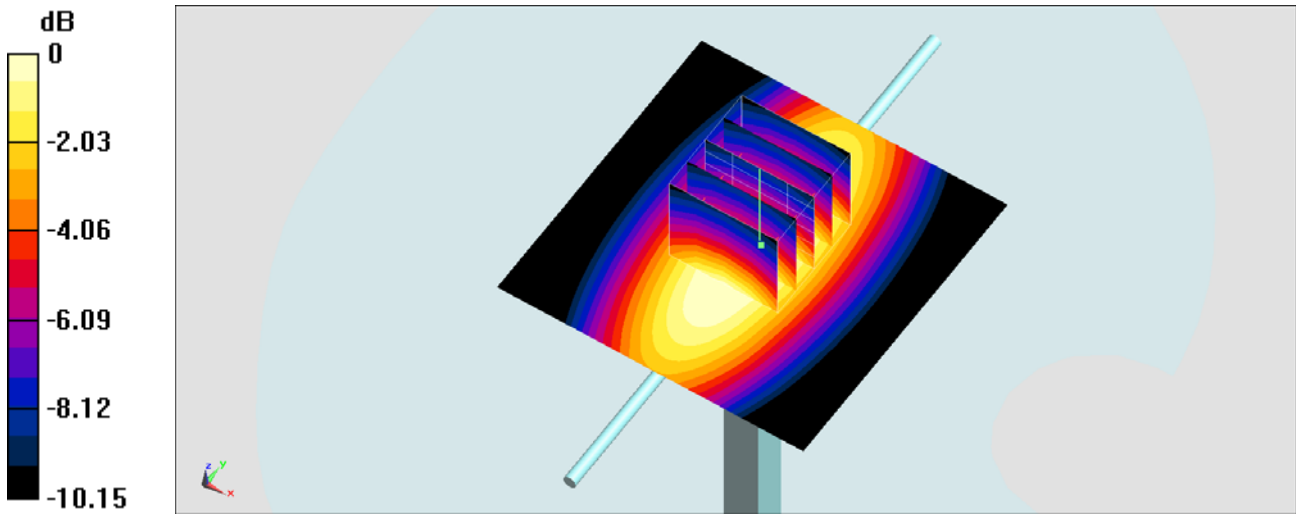
DUT: D835V2_SN:499

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_850_150421 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.982 S/m; ε_r = 55.112; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.15, 6.15, 6.15); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1478
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.14 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 58.30 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.54 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.59 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.80 W/kg



0 dB = 2.80 W/kg = 4.47 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1750MHz_150426

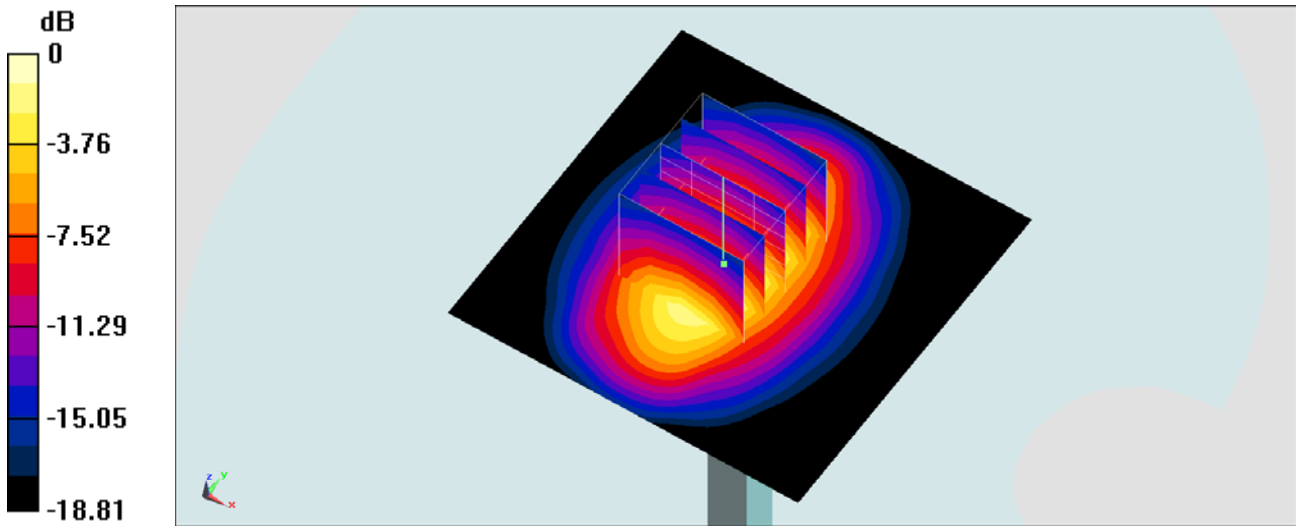
DUT: D1750V2-SN:1068

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750_150426 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.368 S/m; ε_r = 41.147; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.48, 8.48, 8.48); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.5 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 104.8 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.14 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 W/kg



0 dB = 14.6 W/kg = 11.64 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/4/19

System Check_Body_1750MHz_150419

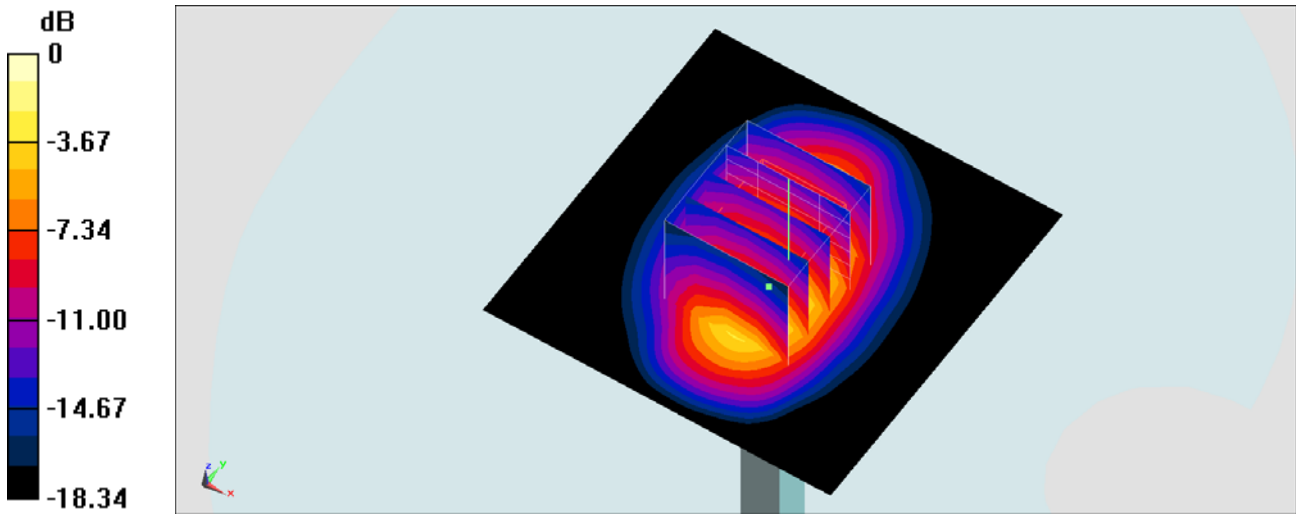
DUT: D1750V2-SN:1068

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_150419 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.477 S/m; ε_r = 52.952; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.8 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 106.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 19.0 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.5 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.4 W/kg



0 dB = 14.4 W/kg = 11.58 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/4/20

System Check_Body_1750MHz_150420

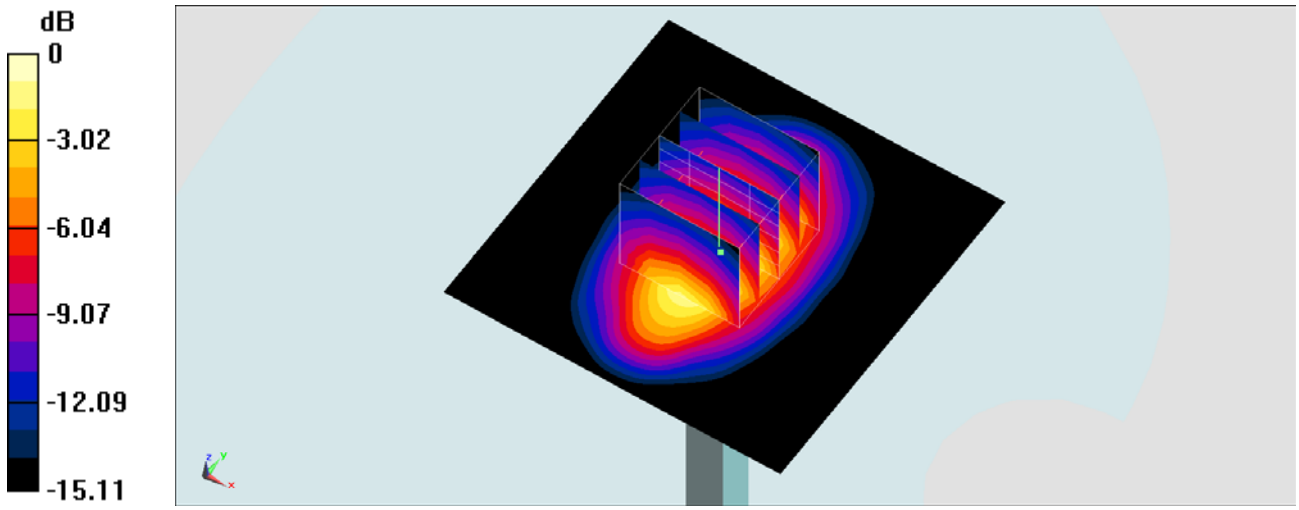
DUT: D1750V2-SN:1068

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_150420 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.51 S/m; ε_r = 52.005; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.3 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 91.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 14.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.03 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.1 W/kg



0 dB = 12.1 W/kg = 10.83 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz_150422

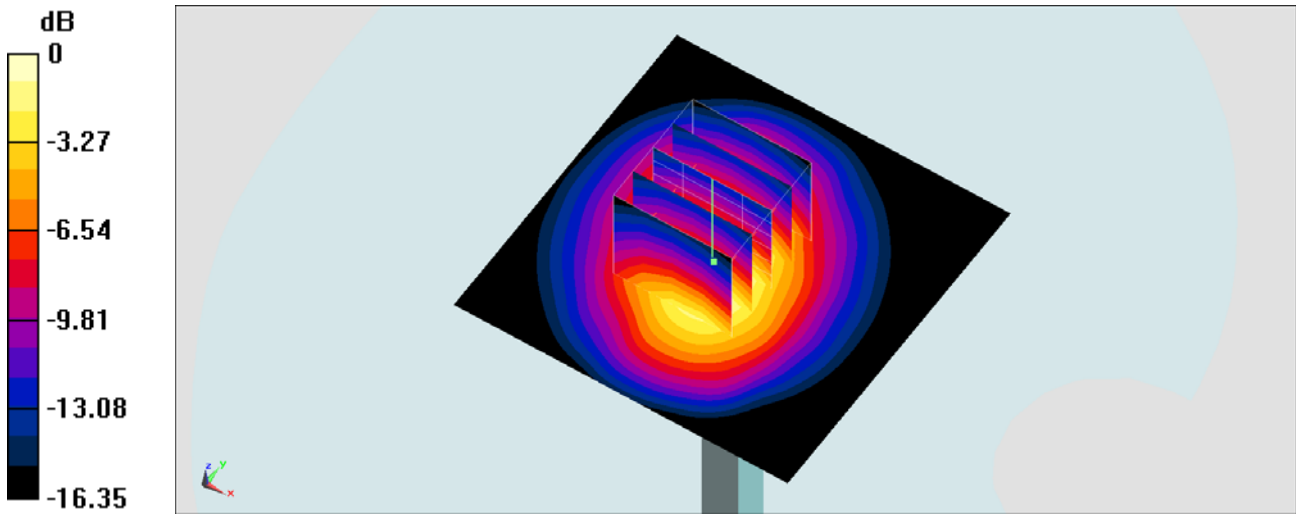
DUT: D1900V2_SN:5d041

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_150422 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.432 S/m; ε_r = 39.131; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(5.05, 5.05, 5.05); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.1 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 91.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 15.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.74 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.46 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.9 W/kg



0 dB = 11.9 W/kg = 10.76 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz_150428

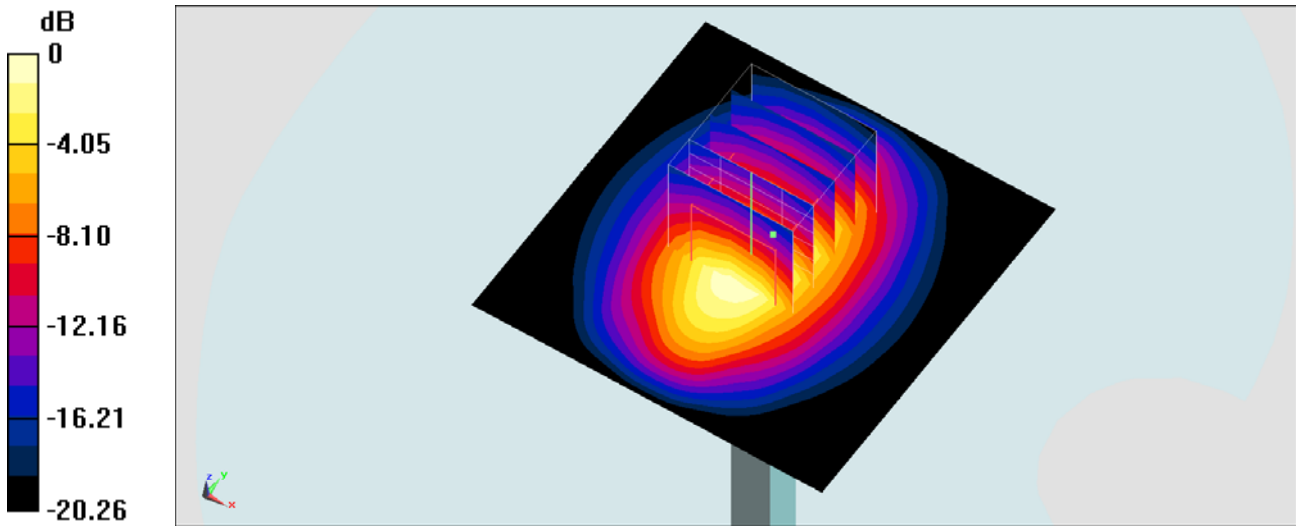
DUT: D1900V2_SN:5d041

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_150428 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.448 S/m; ε_r = 38.176; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 16.0 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 108.2 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.14 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.6 W/kg



0 dB = 15.6 W/kg = 11.93 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_1900MHz_150418

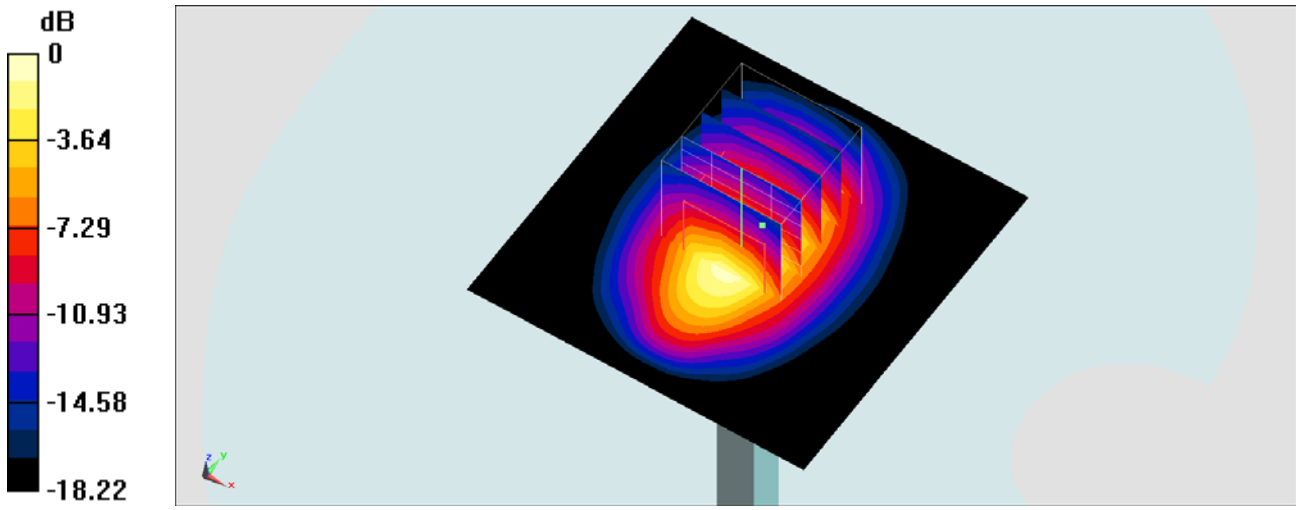
DUT: D1900V2_SN:5d041

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_150418 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.562 S/m; ε_r = 54.76; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 12.4 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 103.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.08 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.5 W/kg



0 dB = 13.5 W/kg = 11.30 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_1900MHz_150419

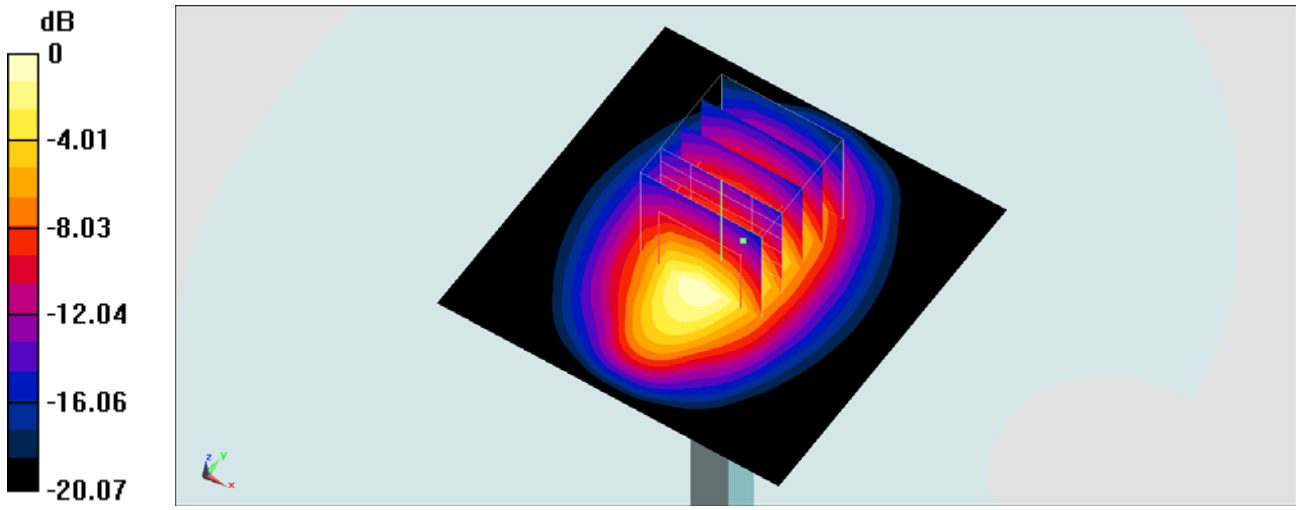
DUT: D1900V2_SN:5d041

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_150419 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.542 S/m; ε_r = 54.917; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.0 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 102.1 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.55 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.6 W/kg



0 dB = 13.6 W/kg = 11.34 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2450MHz_150430

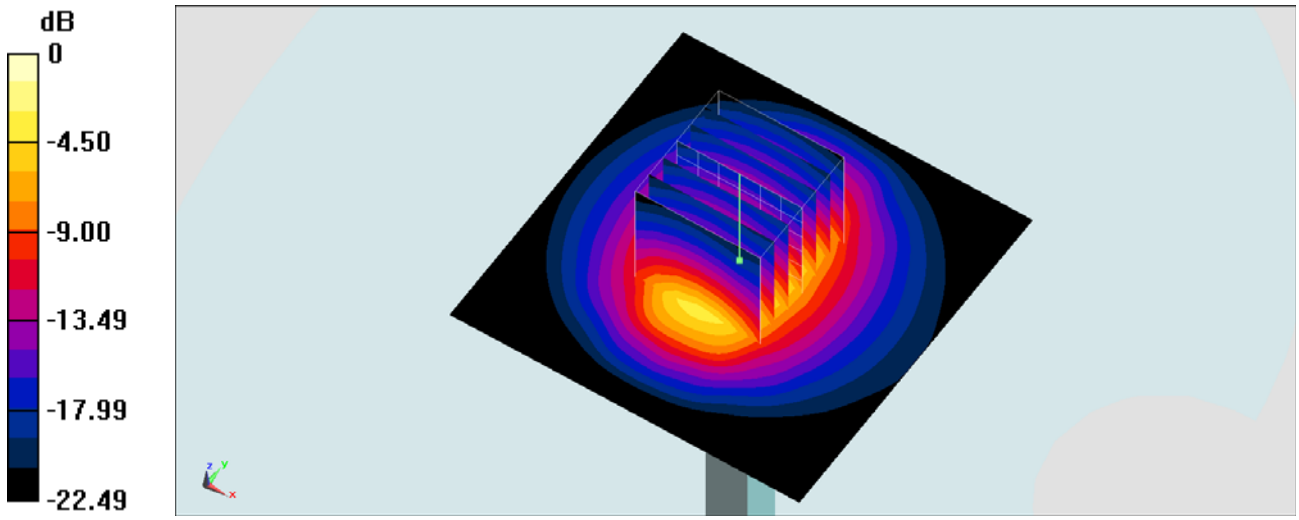
DUT: D2450V2-SN:924

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2450_150430 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.849 S/m; ε_r = 38.514; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.5 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 111.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.92 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.5 W/kg



0 dB = 22.5 W/kg = 13.52 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/4/29

System Check_Body_2450MHz_150429

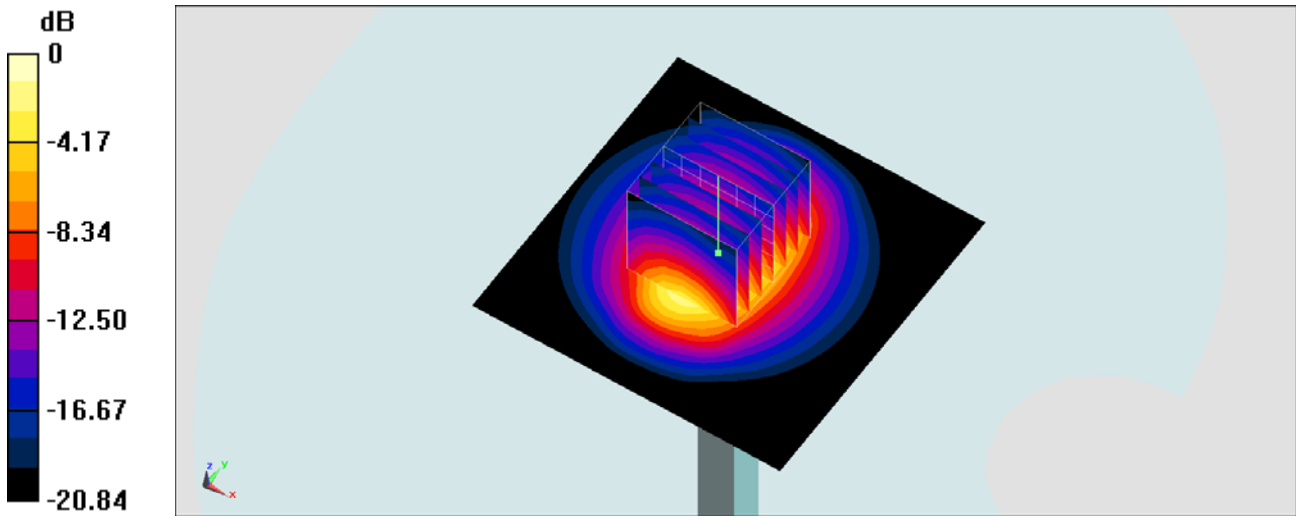
DUT: D2450V2-SN:924

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_150429 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.001 S/m; ε_r = 53.484; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.36, 7.36, 7.36); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1478
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 28.3 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 117.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.27 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.2 W/kg



0 dB = 22.2 W/kg = 13.46 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/4/30

System Check_Body_2450MHz_150430

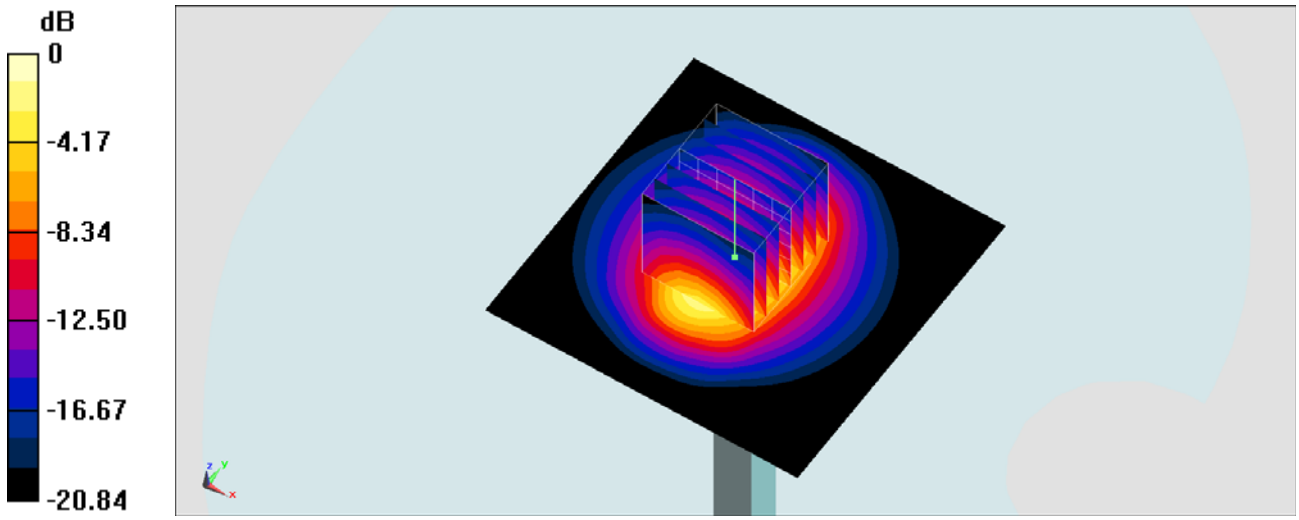
DUT: D2450V2-SN:924

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2450_150430 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.973 S/m; ε_r = 53.111; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.36, 7.36, 7.36); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1478
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 27.9 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 117.9 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.19 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 W/kg



0 dB = 21.9 W/kg = 13.40 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2600MHz_150428

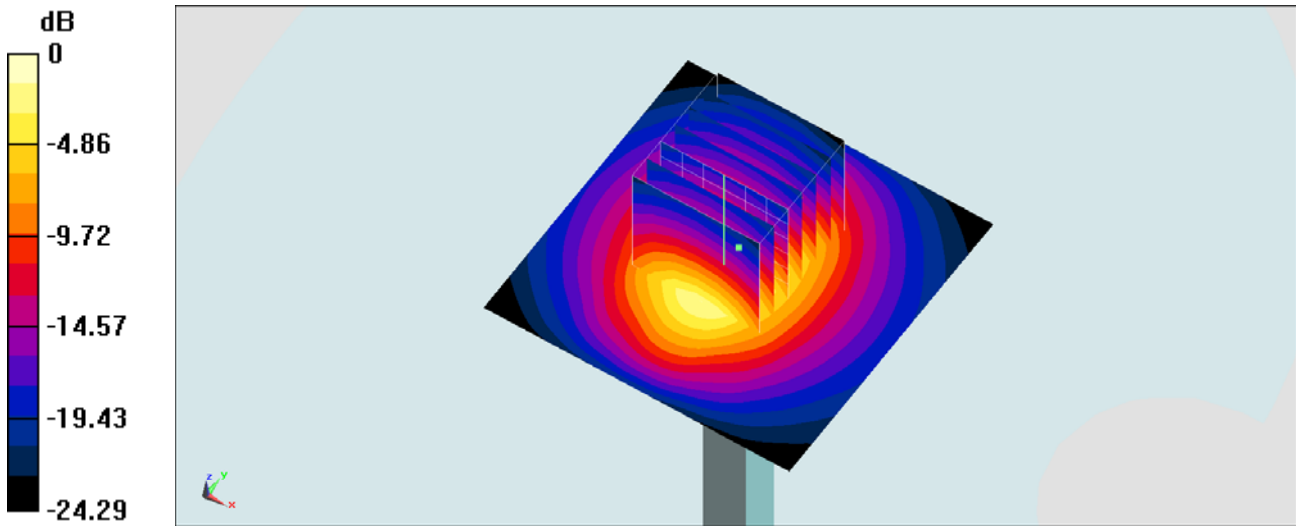
DUT: D2600V2-SN:1070

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2600_150428 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.049 S/m; ε_r = 37.176; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.09, 7.09, 7.09); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 26.1 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 115.3 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 14.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.64 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 25.7 W/kg



0 dB = 25.7 W/kg = 14.10 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_2600MHz_150419

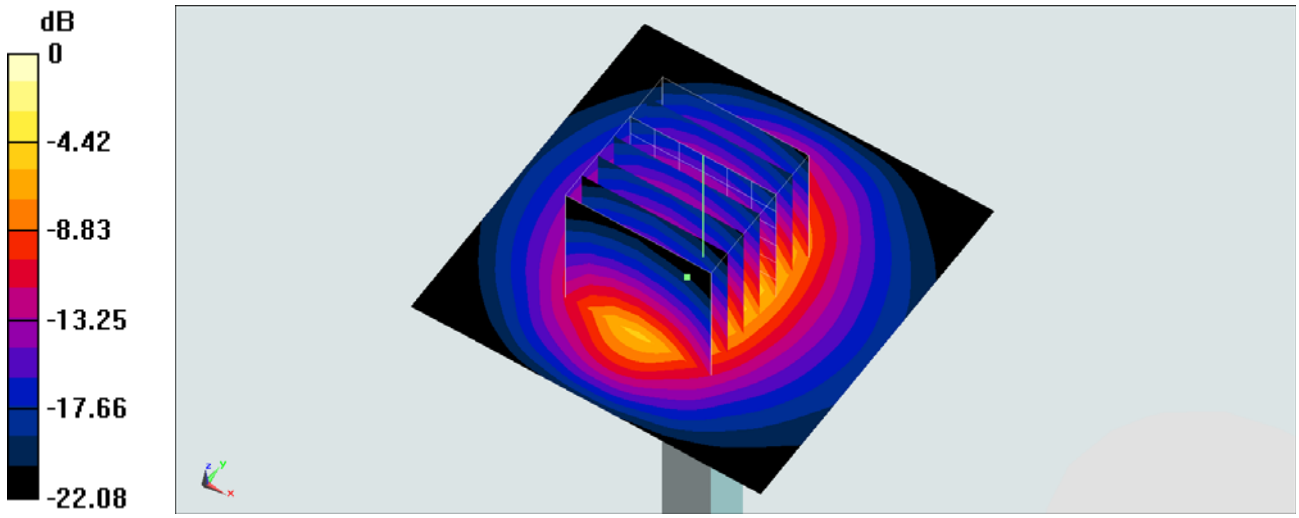
DUT: D2600V2-SN:1070

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2600_150419 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.217 S/m; ε_r = 53.256; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.2, 7.2, 7.2); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.5 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 99.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 14.3 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.4 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.3 W/kg



0 dB = 22.3 W/kg = 13.48 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR/HAC Testing Lab Date: 2015/4/27

System Check_Body_2600MHz_150427

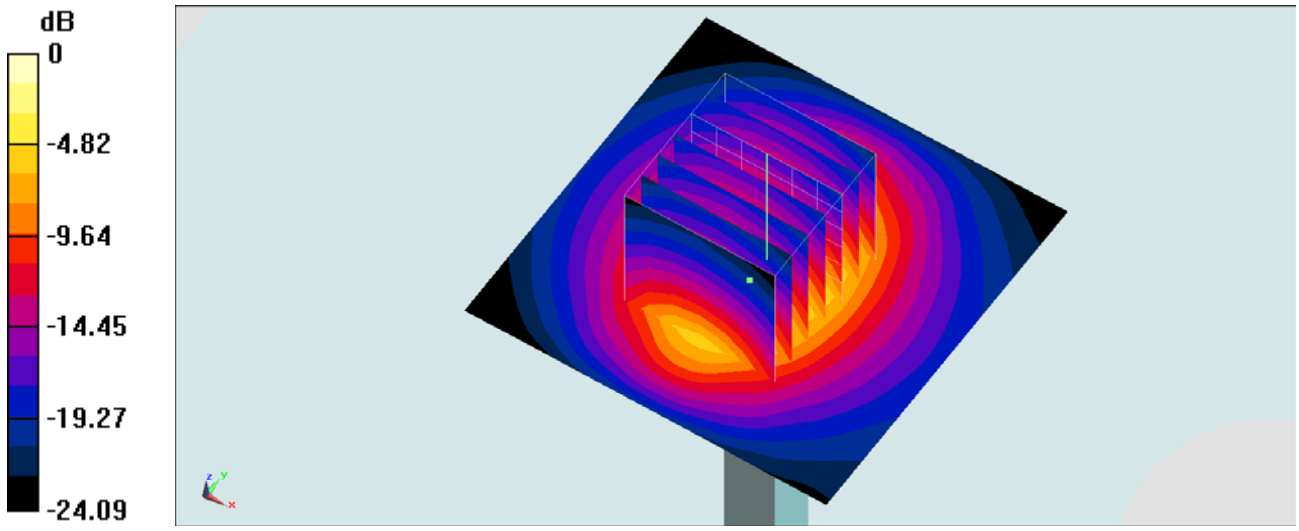
DUT: D2600V2-SN:1070

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2600_150427 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.253 S/m; ε_r = 52.909; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.2, 7.2, 7.2); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1478
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.9 W/kg

Configuration/Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 99.94 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 14.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.5 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.7 W/kg



0 dB = 22.7 W/kg = 13.56 dBW/kg

Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

The plots are shown as follows.

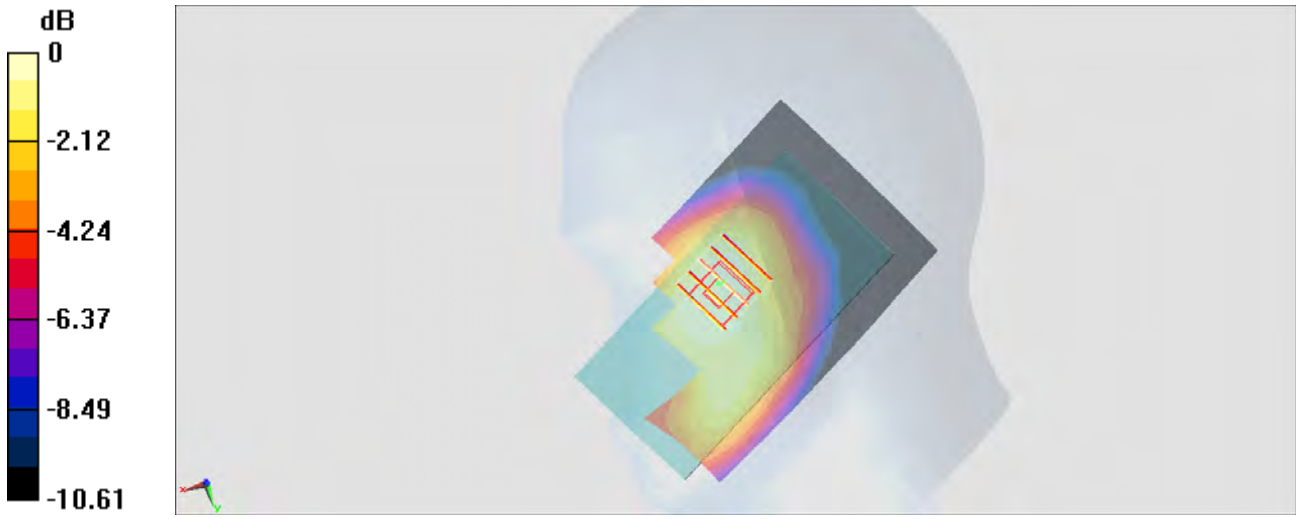
#01_GSM850_GPRS (3 Tx slots)_Right Cheek_Ch251

Communication System: GSM850; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium: HSL_850_150430 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.894 S/m; ε_r = 42.765; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(10.32, 10.32, 10.32); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1478
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.161 W/kg

Configuration/Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 13.87 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.173 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.139 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.162 W/kg



0 dB = 0.162 W/kg = -7.90 dBW/kg

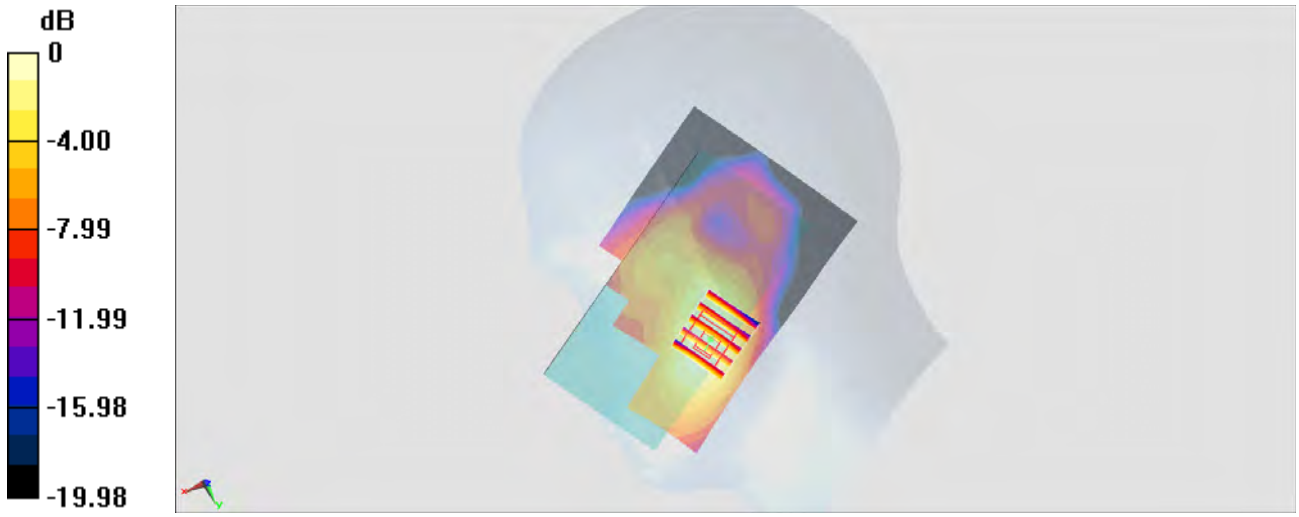
#02_GSM1900_GPRS (3 Tx slots)_Right Cheek_Ch810

Communication System: PCS ; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium: HSL_1900_150422 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.442 S/m; ε_r = 39.075; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(5.05, 5.05, 5.05); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch810/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0845 W/kg

Configuration/Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 8.249 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.108 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.065 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.040 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0852 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0852 W/kg = -10.70 dBW/kg

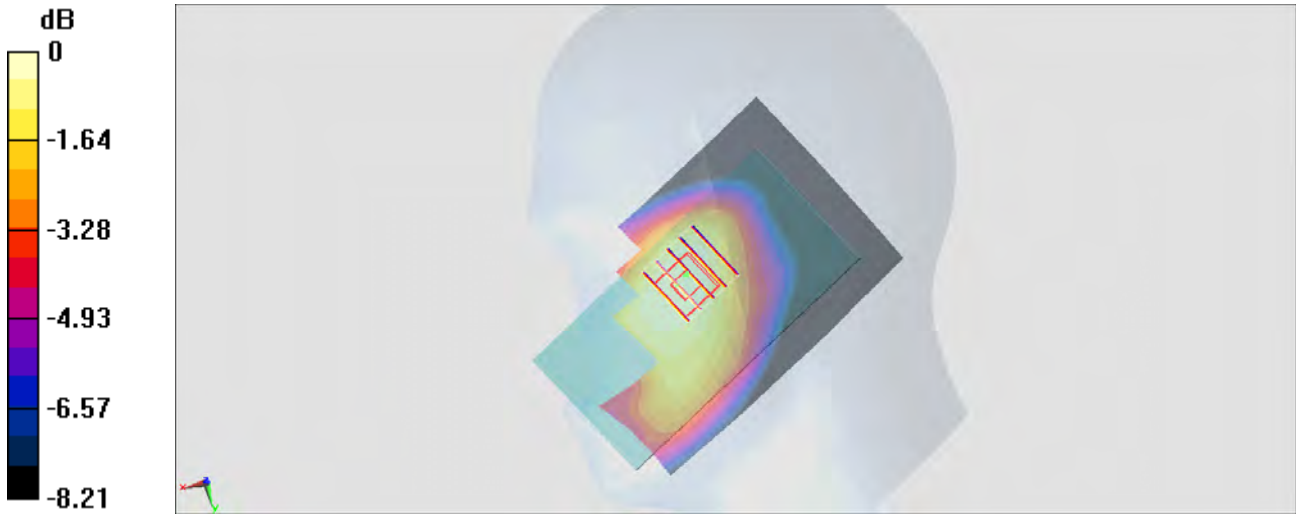
#03_WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch4182

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_850_150430 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.882 S/m; ε_r = 42.902; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(10.32, 10.32, 10.32); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1478
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch4182/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.123 W/kg

Configuration/Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 12.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.131 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.104 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.083 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.120 W/kg



0 dB = 0.120 W/kg = -9.21 dBW/kg

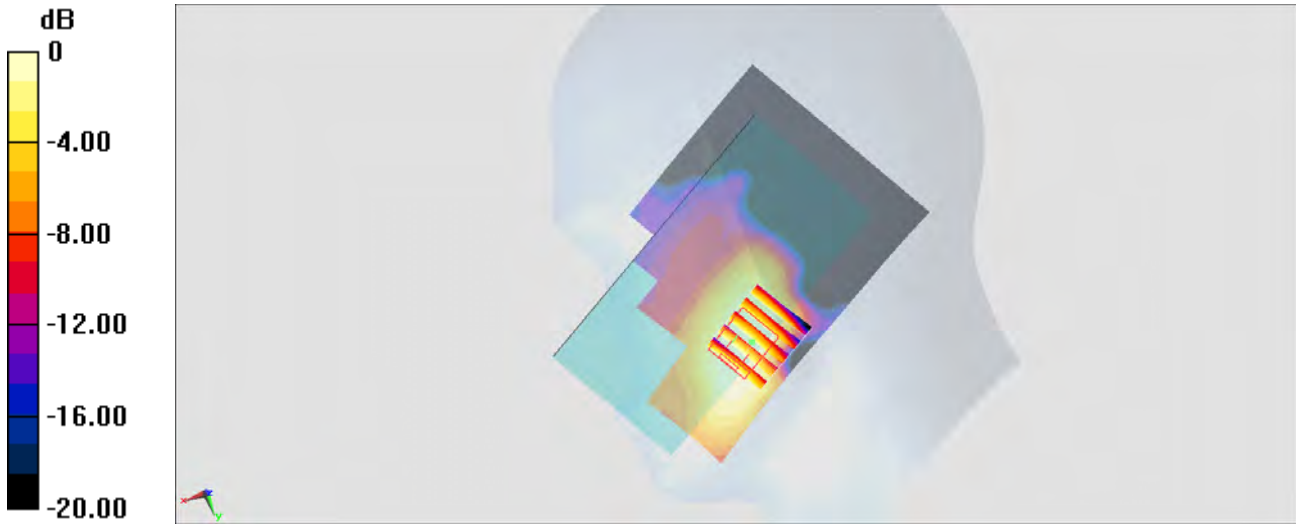
#04_WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch1413

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1732.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750_150426 Medium parameters used: f = 1732.6 MHz; σ = 1.349 S/m; ε_r = 41.245; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.48, 8.48, 8.48); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch1413/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0845 W/kg

Configuration/Ch1413/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.479 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0840 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.057 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.036 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0714 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0714 W/kg = -11.46 dBW/kg

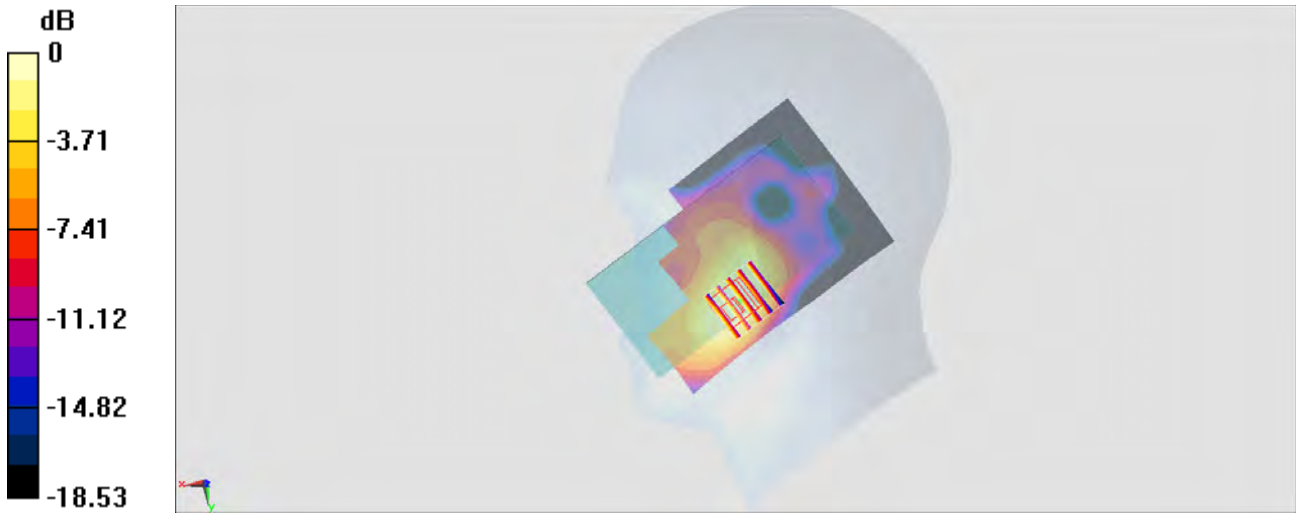
#05_WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Right Cheek_Ch9538

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1907.6 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_150422 Medium parameters used: f = 1907.6 MHz; σ = 1.44 S/m; ε_r = 39.088; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.6 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.6 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(5.05, 5.05, 5.05); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch9538/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.147 W/kg

Configuration/Ch9538/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.10 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.194 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.115 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.156 W/kg



0 dB = 0.156 W/kg = -8.07 dBW/kg

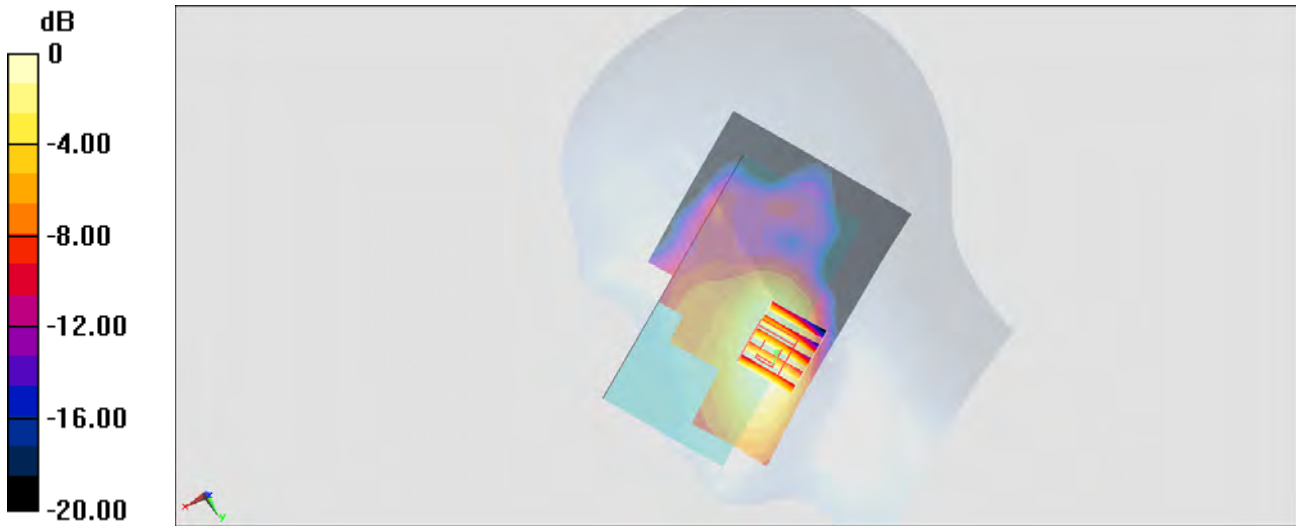
#06_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Right Cheek_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1750_150426 Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz; σ = 1.337 S/m; ε_r = 41.327; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.48, 8.48, 8.48); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch20050/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.141 W/kg

Configuration/Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.38 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.153 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.107 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.072 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.133 W/kg



0 dB = 0.133 W/kg = -8.76 dBW/kg

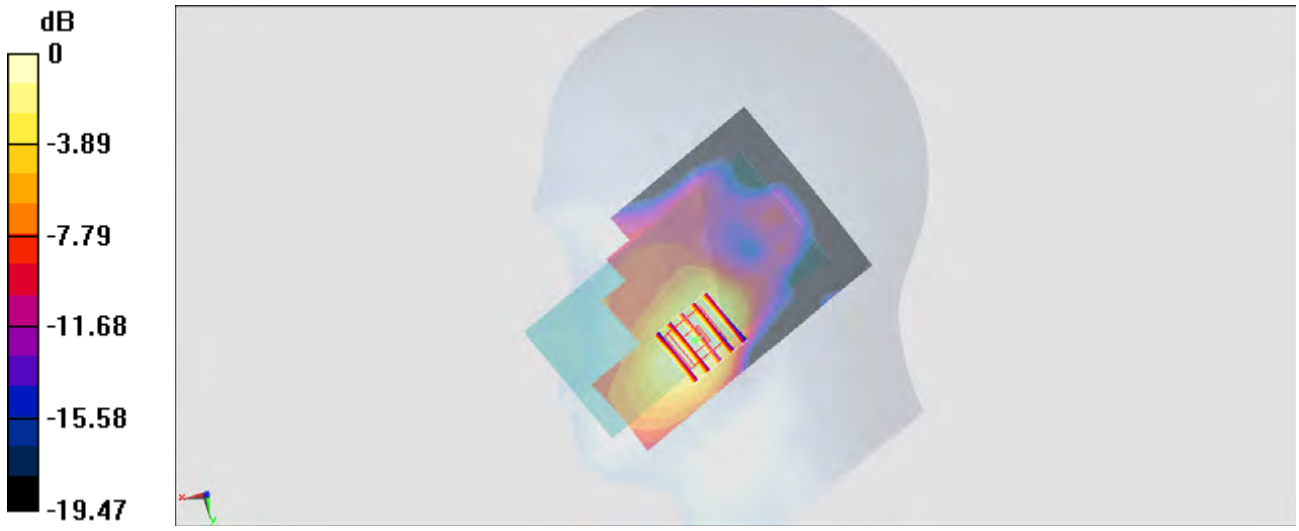
#07_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Right Cheek_Ch19100

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_1900_150428 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.448 S/m; ε_r = 38.176; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch19100/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.187 W/kg

Configuration/Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 11.71 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.221 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.137 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.082 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.192 W/kg



0 dB = 0.192 W/kg = -7.17 dBW/kg

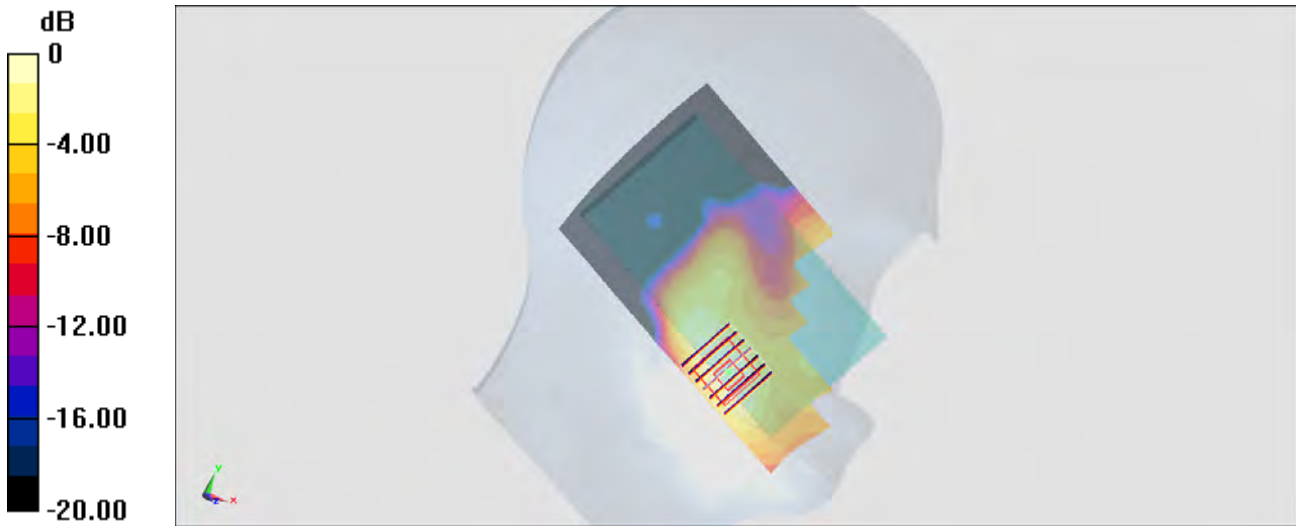
#08_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Left Cheek_Ch21100

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 2535 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: HSL_2600_150428 Medium parameters used: f = 2535 MHz; σ = 1.973 S/m; ε_r = 37.422; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.09, 7.09, 7.09); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch21100/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.176 W/kg

Configuration/Ch21100/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 10.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.223 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.121 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.064 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.184 W/kg



0 dB = 0.184 W/kg = -7.35 dBW/kg

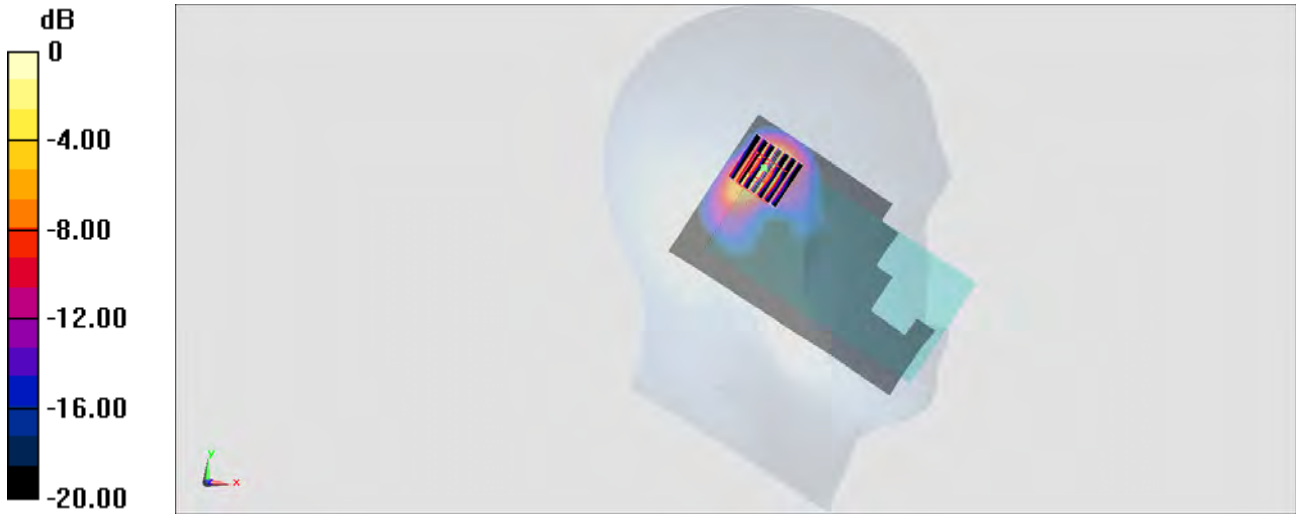
#09_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Left Cheek_Ch1

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.024
Medium: HSL_2450_150430 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.809 S/m; ε_r = 38.669; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch1/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.681 W/kg

Configuration/Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 26.52 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.79 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.490 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.152 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 W/kg



0 dB = 1.20 W/kg = 0.79 dBW/kg

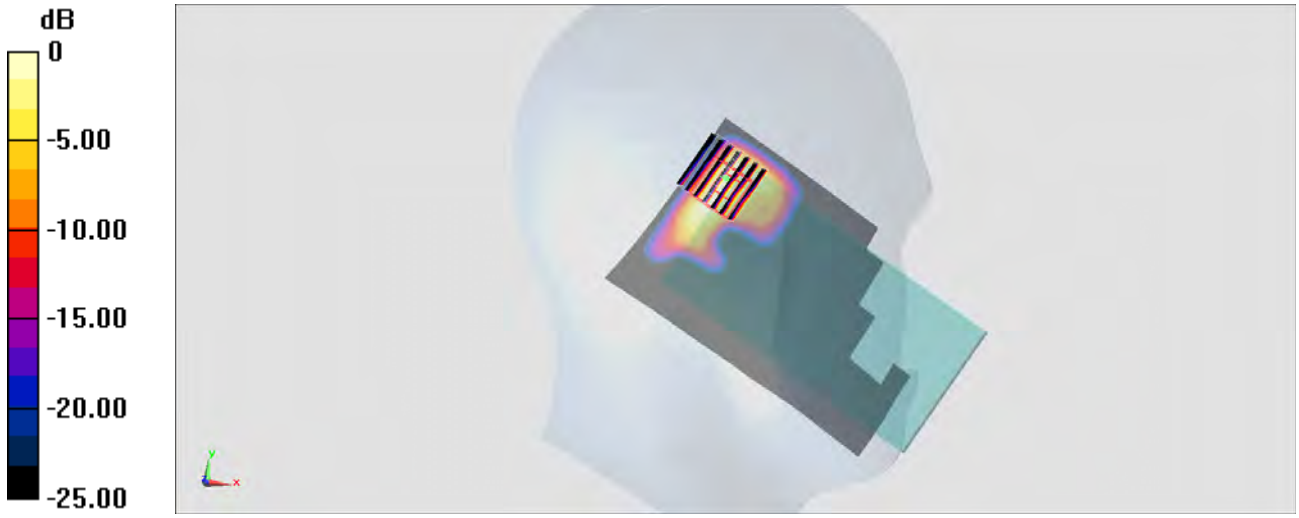
#10_Bluetooth_1Mbps_Left Cheek_Ch39

Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2441 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.2
Medium: HSL_2450_150430 Medium parameters used: f = 2441 MHz; σ = 1.839 S/m; ε_r = 38.547; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.29, 7.29, 7.29); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch39/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.106 W/kg

Configuration/Ch39/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.869 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.173 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.054 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.017 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.109 W/kg



0 dB = 0.109 W/kg = -9.63 dBW/kg

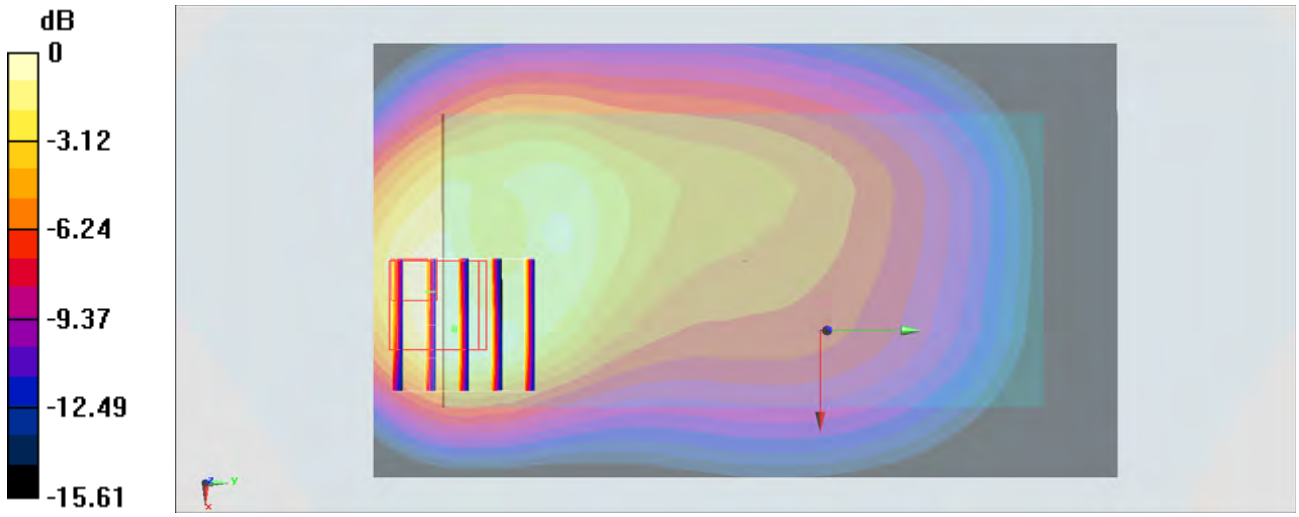
#11_GSM850_GPRS (3 Tx slots)_Front_10mm_Ch251

Communication System: GSM850 ; Frequency: 848.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium: MSL_850_150421 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; σ = 0.996 S/m; ε_r = 54.983; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.15, 6.15, 6.15); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1478
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.894 W/kg

Configuration/Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 30.29 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.15 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.594 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.323 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.858 W/kg



0 dB = 0.858 W/kg = -0.67 dBW/kg

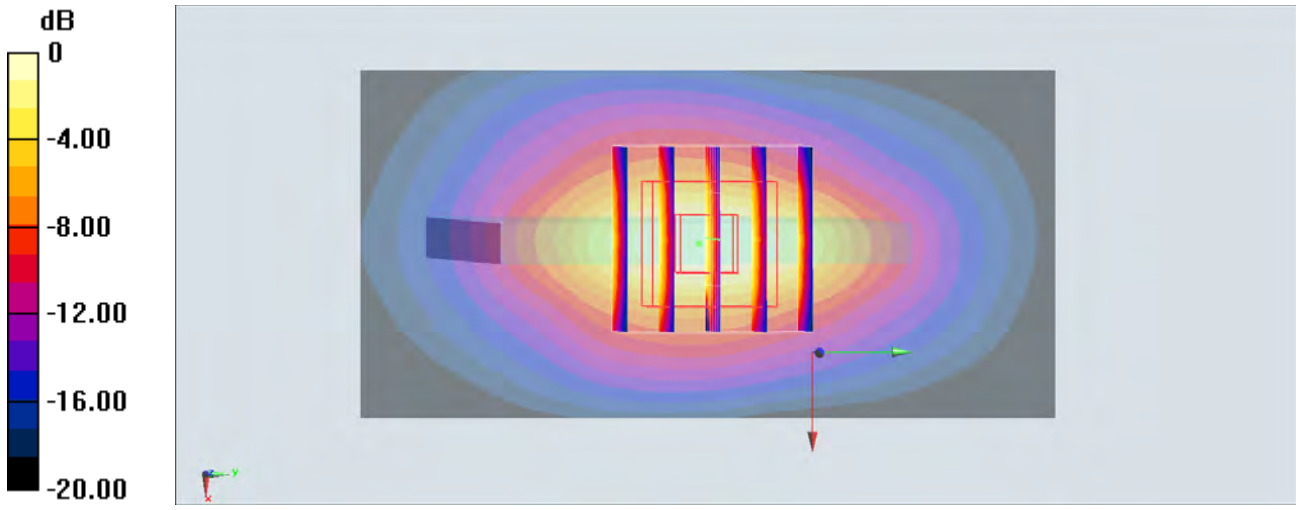
#12_GSM1900_GPRS (3 Tx slots)_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch810

Communication System: PCS ; Frequency: 1909.8 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium: MSL_1900_150418 Medium parameters used: f = 1909.8 MHz; σ = 1.573 S/m; ε_r = 54.725; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch810/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.16 W/kg

Configuration/Ch810/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 29.26 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.48 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.795 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.396 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.11 W/kg



0 dB = 1.11 W/kg = 0.45 dBW/kg

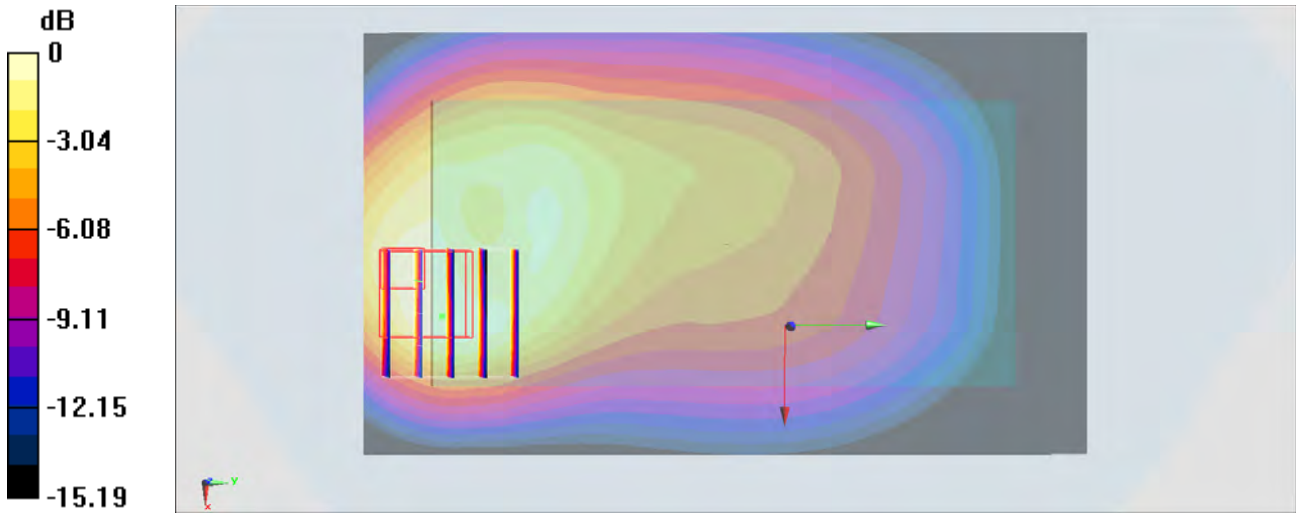
#13_WCDMA Band V_RMC 12.2Kbps_Front_10mm_Ch4182

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 836.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_850_150421 Medium parameters used: f = 836.4 MHz; σ = 0.983 S/m; ε_r = 55.099; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(6.15, 6.15, 6.15); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1478
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch4182/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.571 W/kg

Configuration/Ch4182/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 24.68 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.731 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.381 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.208 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.543 W/kg



0 dB = 0.543 W/kg = -2.65 dBW/kg

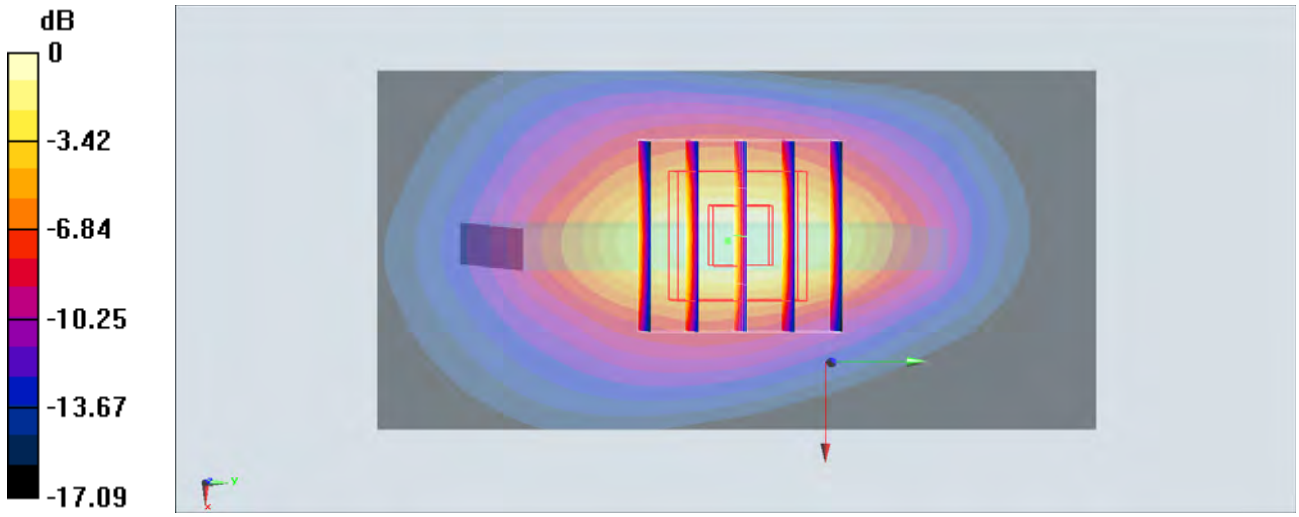
#14_WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch1312

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1712.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_150420 Medium parameters used: f = 1712.4 MHz; σ = 1.469 S/m; ε_r = 52.132; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch1312/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.29 W/kg

Configuration/Ch1312/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 30.51 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.869 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.458 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.27 W/kg



0 dB = 1.27 W/kg = 1.04 dBW/kg

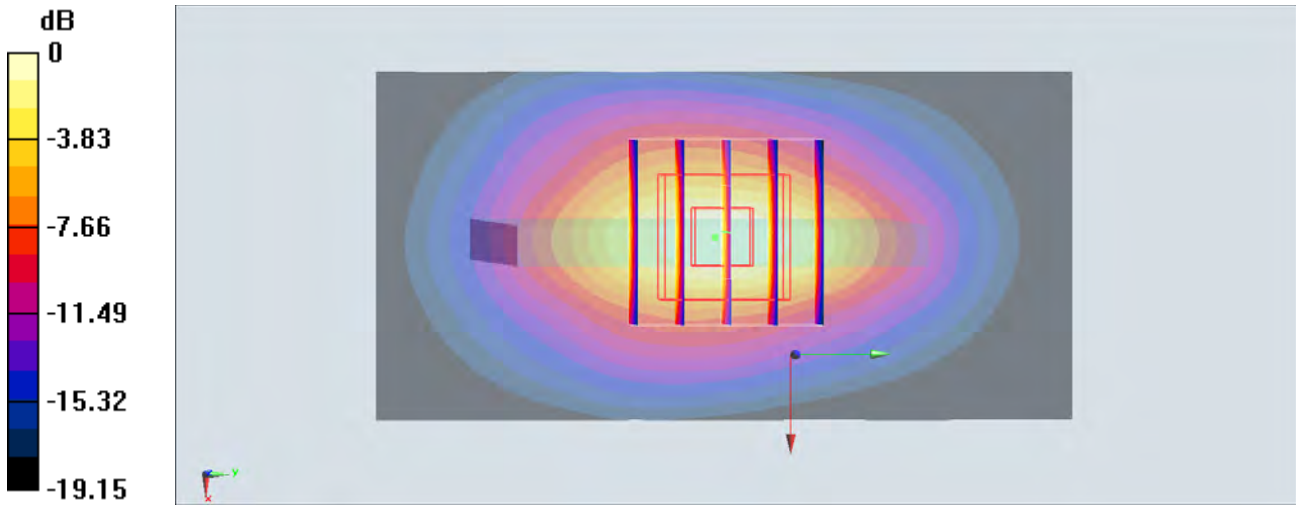
#15_WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch9400

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_150418 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.54 S/m; ε_r = 54.839; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch9400/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.51 W/kg

Configuration/Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 33.98 V/m; Power Drift = -0.16 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.87 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.05 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.530 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.49 W/kg



0 dB = 1.49 W/kg = 1.73 dBW/kg

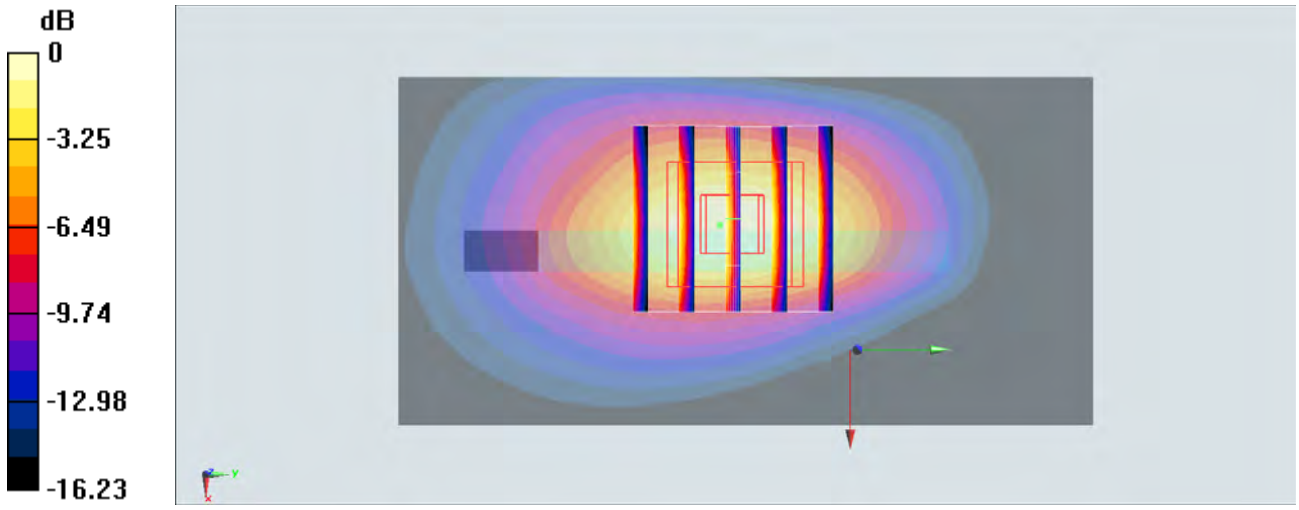
#16_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch20050

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1720 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_150419 Medium parameters used: f = 1720 MHz; σ = 1.442 S/m; ε_r = 53.104; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch20050/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.22 W/kg

Configuration/Ch20050/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 31.46 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.55 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.868 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.455 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg



0 dB = 1.21 W/kg = 0.83 dBW/kg

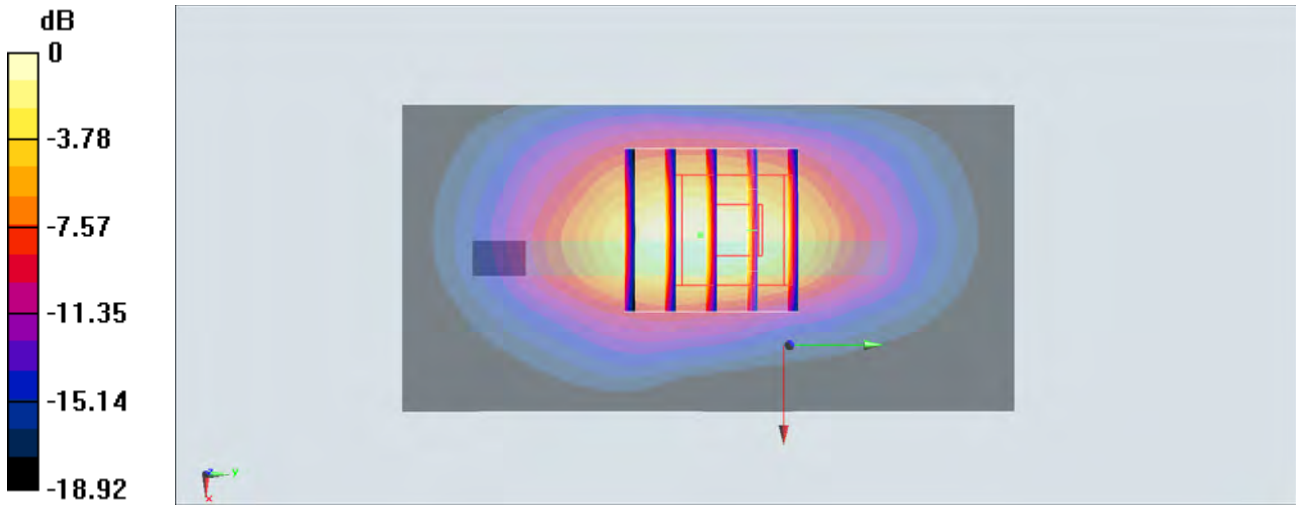
#17_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch19100

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_150419 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.542 S/m; ε_r = 54.917; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch19100/Area Scan (41x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.62 W/kg

Configuration/Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 35.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.88 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.03 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.515 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.47 W/kg



0 dB = 1.47 W/kg = 1.67 dBW/kg

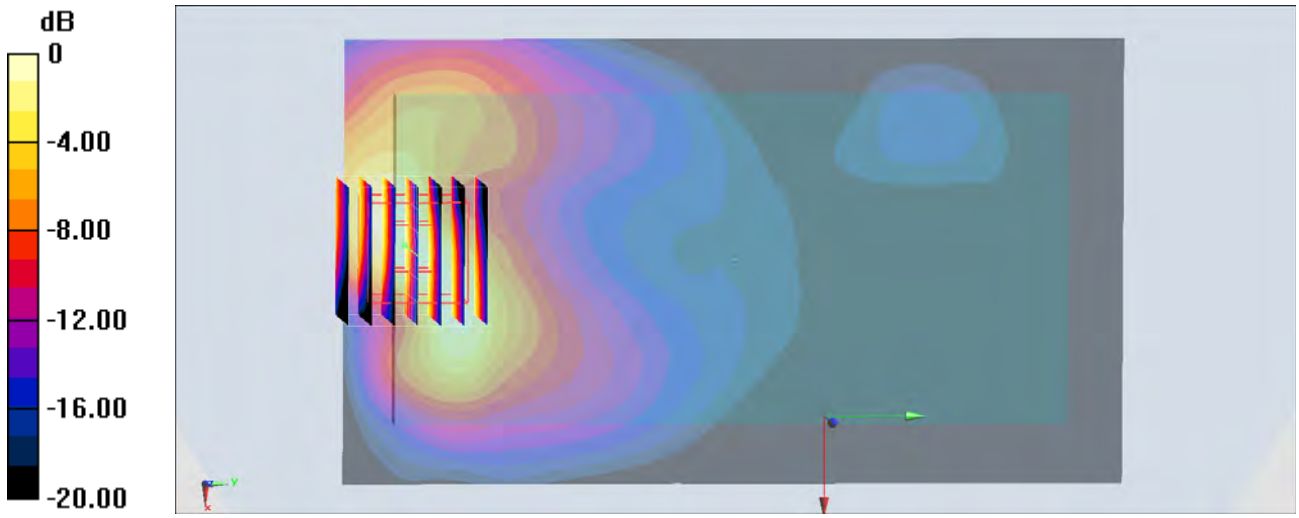
#18_LTE Band 7_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Front_10mm_Ch20850

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 2510 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_2600_150419 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; σ = 2.096 S/m; ε_r = 53.609; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.2, 7.2, 7.2); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch20850/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.77 W/kg

Configuration/Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 31.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.38 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.14 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.514 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.91 W/kg



0 dB = 1.91 W/kg = 2.81 dBW/kg

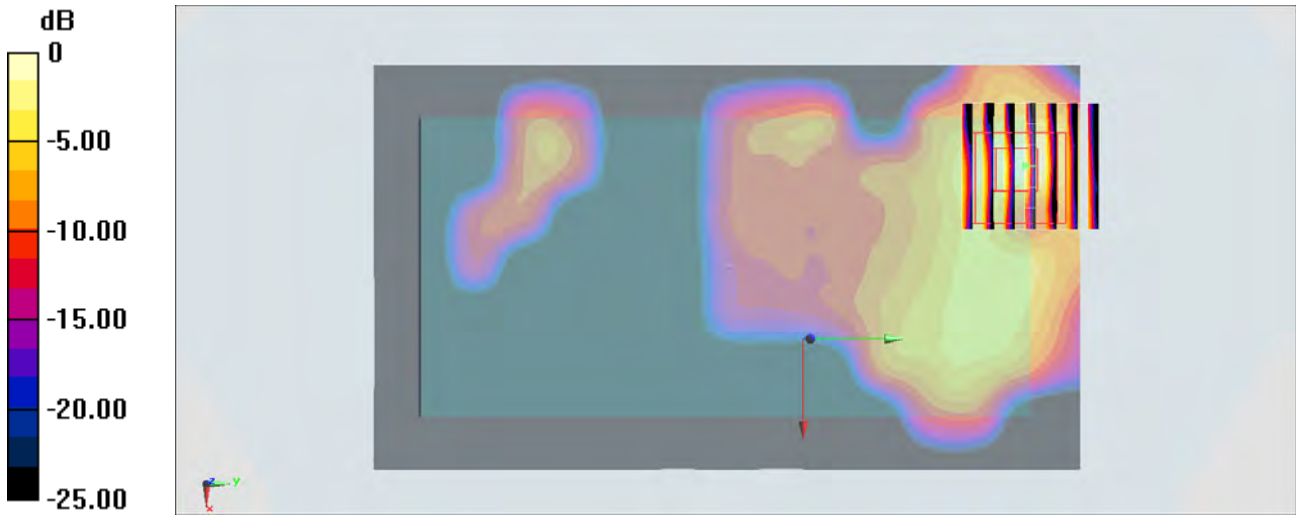
#19_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch1

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.024
Medium: MSL_2450_150430 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.919 S/m; ε_r = 53.264; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.3 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.36, 7.36, 7.36); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1478
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch1/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.100 W/kg

Configuration/Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 7.460 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.139 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.057 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.021 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.106 W/kg



0 dB = 0.106 W/kg = -9.75 dBW/kg

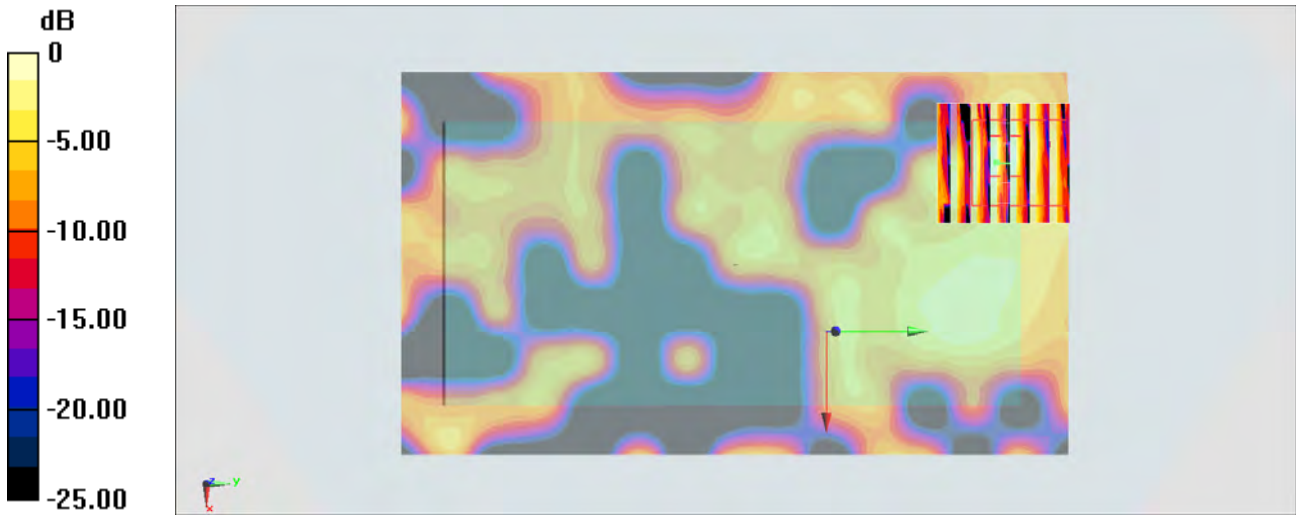
#20_Bluetooth_1Mbps_Back_10mm_Ch39

Communication System: Bluetooth; Frequency: 2441 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1.2
Medium: MSL_2450_150429 Medium parameters used: f = 2441 MHz; σ = 1.988 S/m; ε_r = 53.511; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(7.36, 7.36, 7.36); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Left; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1478
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch39/Area Scan (81x141x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0104 W/kg

Configuration/Ch39/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 2.488 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0160 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.00662 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.00158 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0131 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0131 W/kg = -18.83 dBW/kg

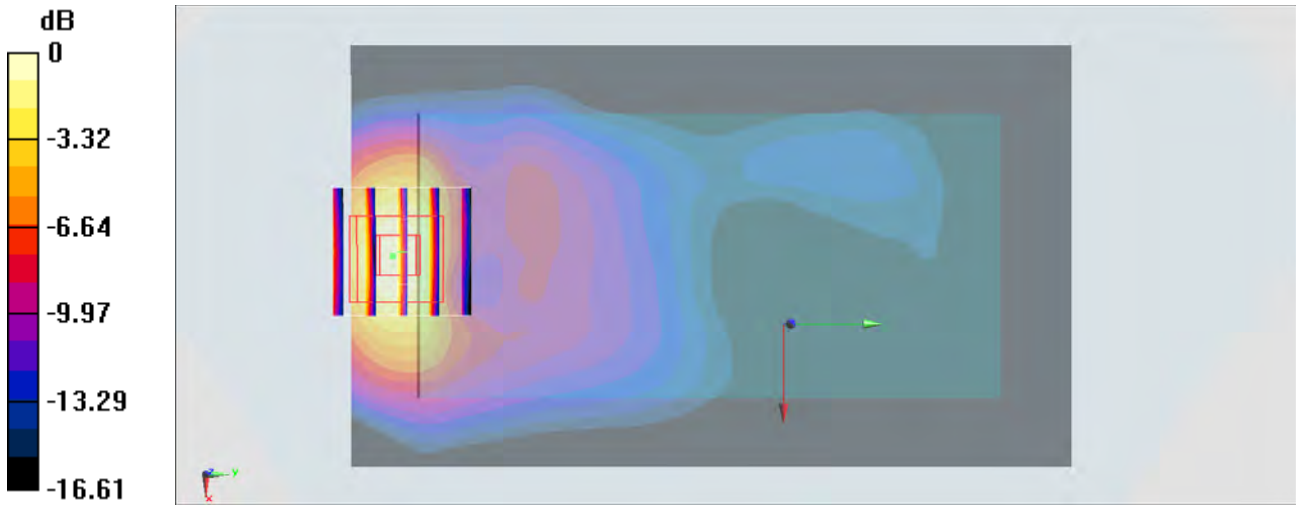
#21_GSM1900_GPRS (3 Tx slots)_Back_10mm_Ch512

Communication System: PCS; Frequency: 1850.2 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:2.77
Medium: MSL_1900_150418 Medium parameters used: f = 1850.2 MHz; σ = 1.509 S/m; ε_r = 54.961; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch512/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.473 W/kg

Configuration/Ch512/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 19.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.600 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.347 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.184 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.480 W/kg



0 dB = 0.480 W/kg = -3.19 dBW/kg

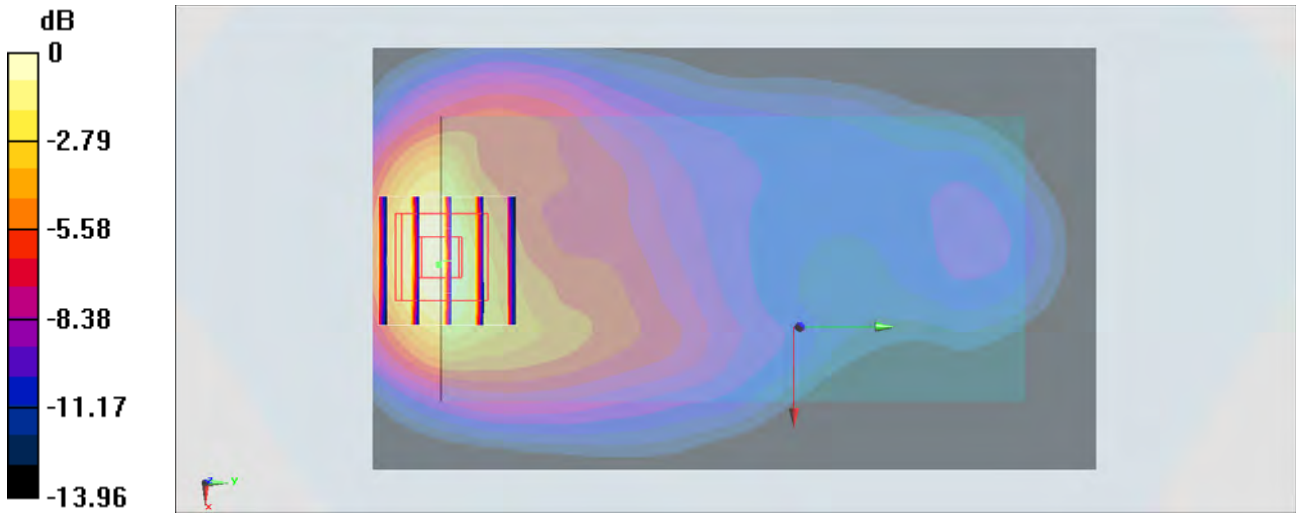
#22_WCDMA Band IV_RMC 12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch1312

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1712.4 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_150420 Medium parameters used: f = 1712.4 MHz; σ = 1.469 S/m; ε_r = 52.132; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.4 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3931; ConvF(8.26, 8.26, 8.26); Calibrated: 2014/9/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn577; Calibrated: 2014/10/6
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch1312/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.605 W/kg

Configuration/Ch1312/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 21.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.698 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.443 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.258 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.616 W/kg



0 dB = 0.616 W/kg = -2.10 dBW/kg

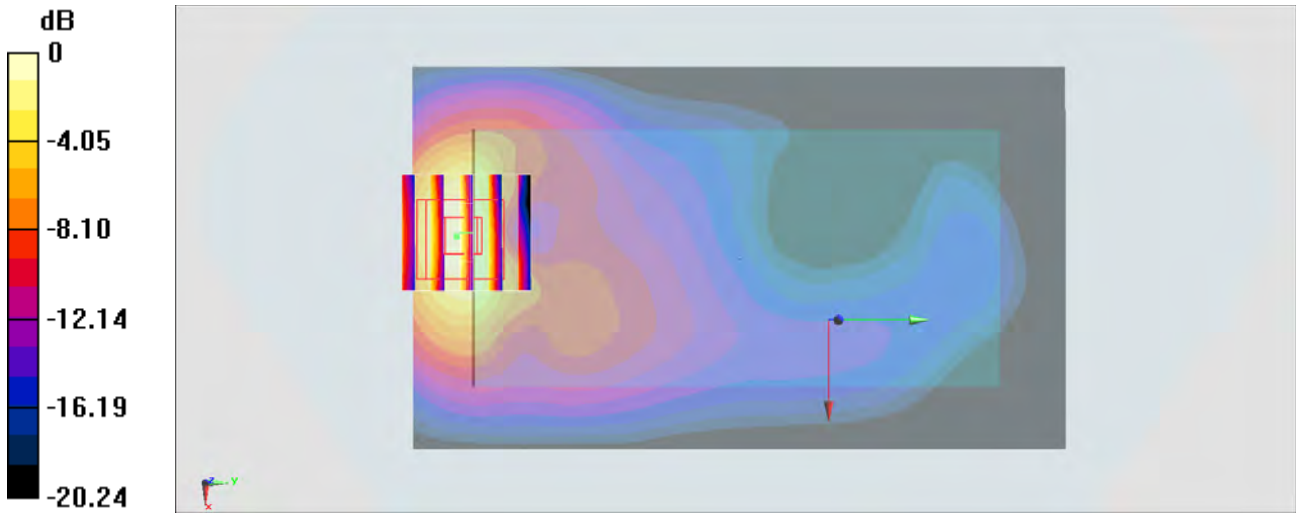
#23_WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Front_10mm_Ch9400

Communication System: WCDMA; Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_150418 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; σ = 1.54 S/m; ε_r = 54.839; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch9400/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.895 W/kg

Configuration/Ch9400/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 25.75 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.10 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.609 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.310 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.871 W/kg



0 dB = 0.871 W/kg = -0.60 dBW/kg

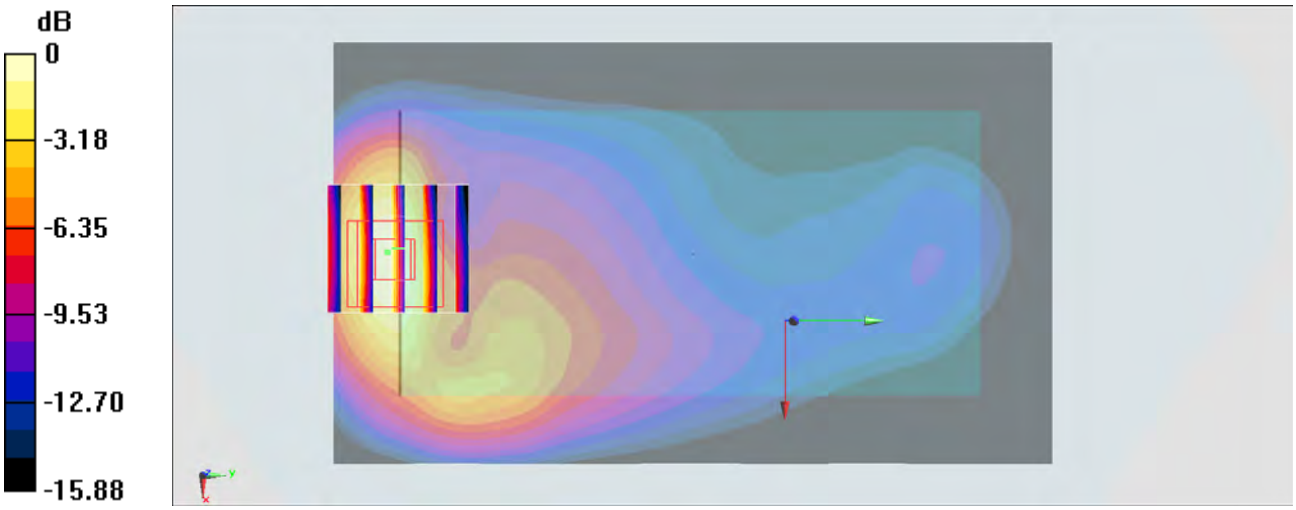
#24_LTE Band 4_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Front_10mm_Ch20300

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1745 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1750_150419 Medium parameters used: f = 1745 MHz; σ = 1.472 S/m; ε_r = 52.976; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.2 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.95, 4.95, 4.95); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch20300/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.937 W/kg

Configuration/Ch20300/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 27.35 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.695 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.382 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.968 W/kg



0 dB = 0.968 W/kg = -0.14 dBW/kg

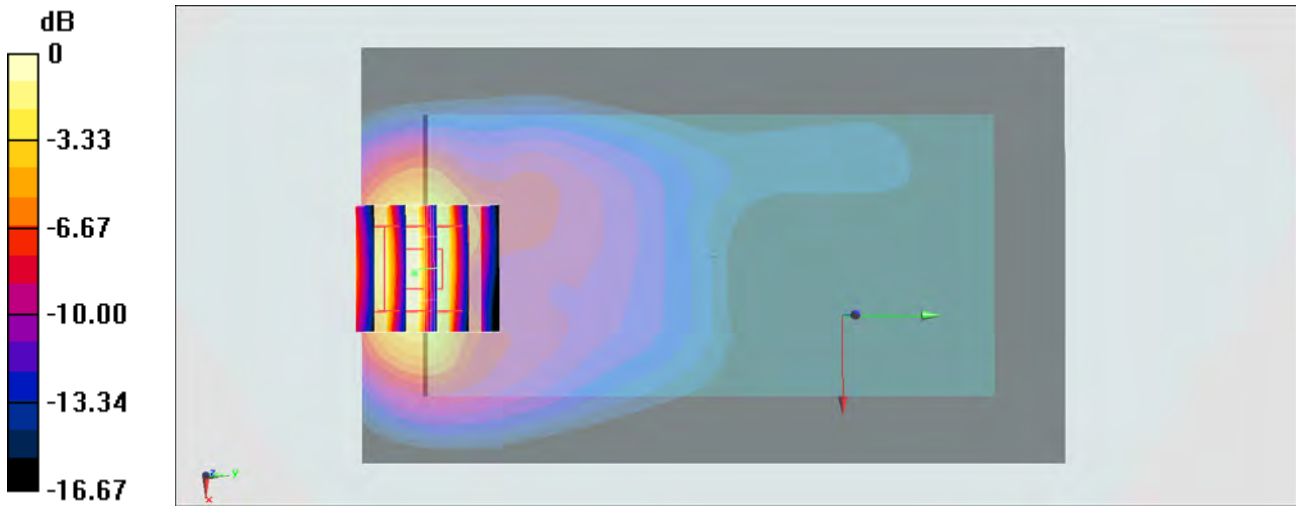
#25_LTE Band 2_20M_QPSK_1RB_0offset_Back_10mm_Ch19100

Communication System: LTE; Frequency: 1900 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: MSL_1900_150419 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.542 S/m; ε_r = 54.917; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：23.5 ℃； Liquid Temperature：22.5 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3270; ConvF(4.7, 4.7, 4.7); Calibrated: 2014/9/26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn778; Calibrated: 2014/8/21
- Phantom: SAM-Right; Type: QD 000 P40 C; Serial: TP-1446
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8);SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Configuration/Ch19100/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.919 W/kg

Configuration/Ch19100/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 26.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.16 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.654 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.341 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.914 W/kg



0 dB = 0.914 W/kg = -0.39 dBW/kg

Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **Sporton-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: D835V2-499_Mar15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D835V2 - SN:499
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	March 20, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Israe Elnaouq	Laboratory Technician	Israe Elnaouq
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: March 20, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	40.6 ± 6 %	0.92 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.35 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.20 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.53 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.02 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.6 ± 6 %	1.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**9.30 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.58 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**6.12 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.3 Ω - 3.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.6 Ω - 5.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.390 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 10, 2003

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 19.03.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:499

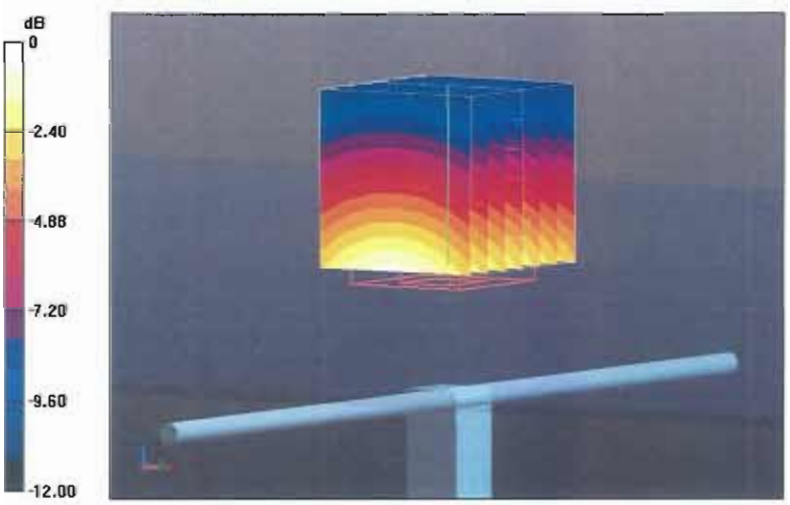
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 0.92 S/m; ε_r = 40.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.2, 6.2, 6.2); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

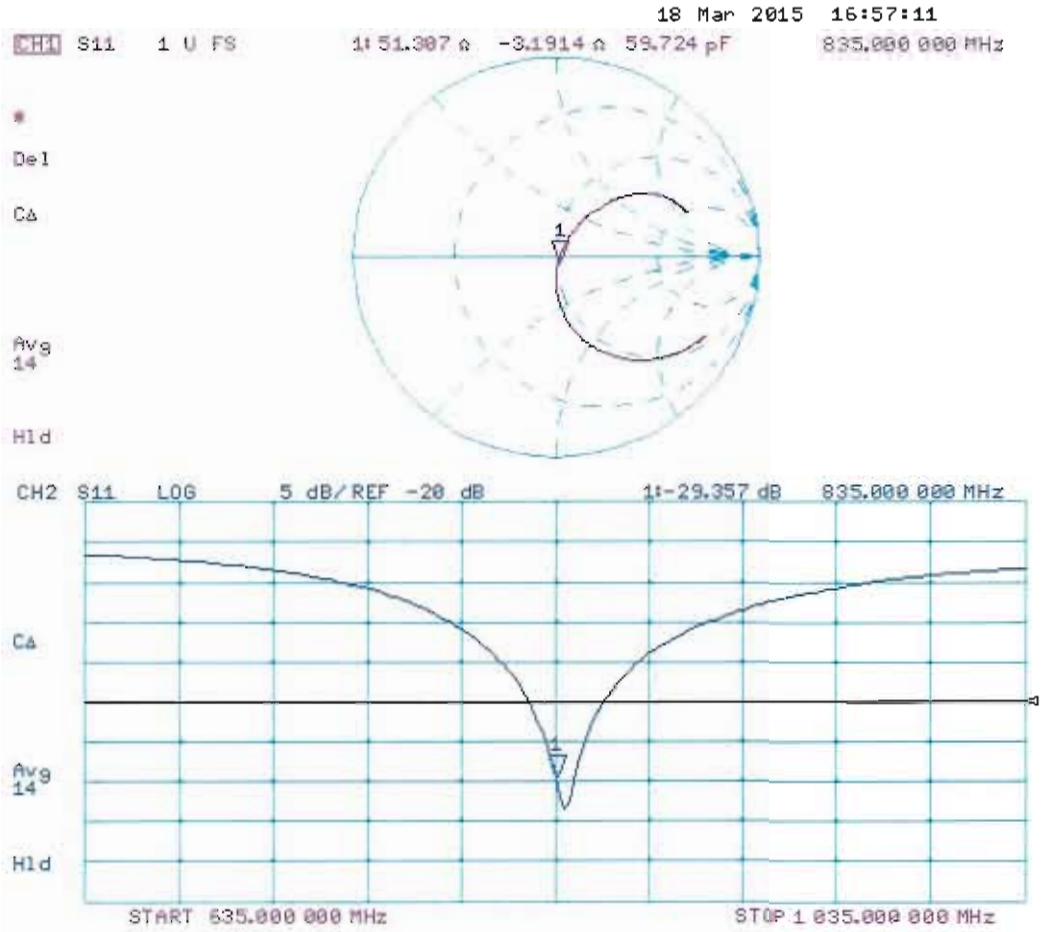
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 56.43 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.52 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.53 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.75 W/kg



0 dB = 2.75 W/kg = 4.39 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 20.03.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:499

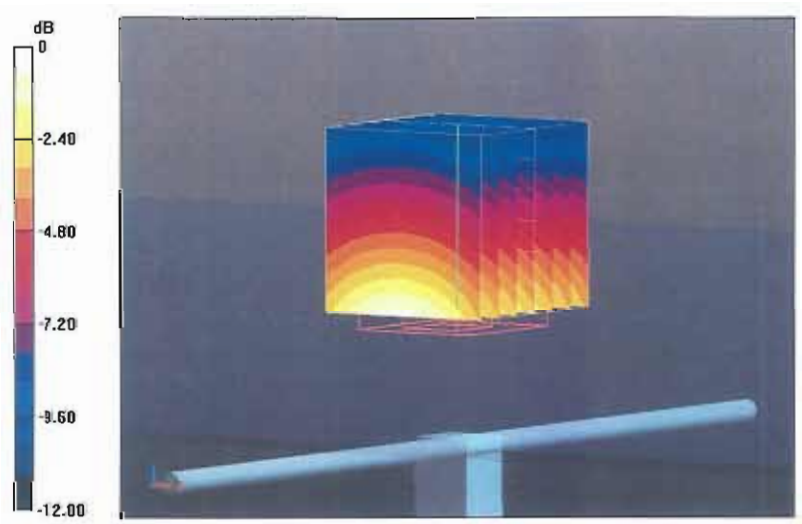
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; σ = 1.02 S/m; ε_r = 54.6; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(6.17, 6.17, 6.17); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9L; Type: QD000P49AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

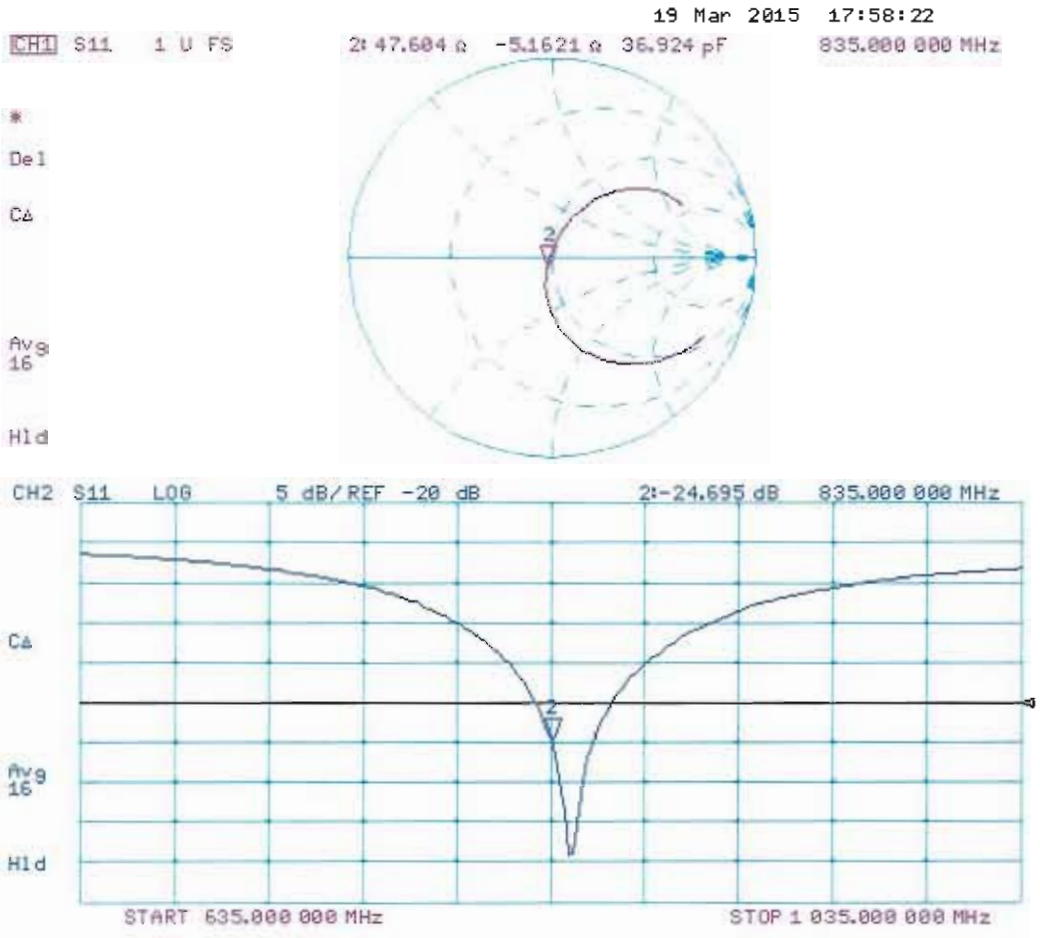
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 54.57 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.57 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.82 W/kg



0 dB = 2.82 W/kg = 4.50 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Sporton-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: D1750V2-1068_Nov14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1750V2 - SN: 1068
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	November 14, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 14, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.4 ± 6 %	1.38 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.27 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**36.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.90 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**19.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.2 ± 6 %	1.50 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.59 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**38.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.14 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**20.4 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.8 Ω - 0.9 jΩ
Return Loss	- 41.0 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	45.7 Ω - 0.7 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.9 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.221 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	June 15, 2010

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 14.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1068

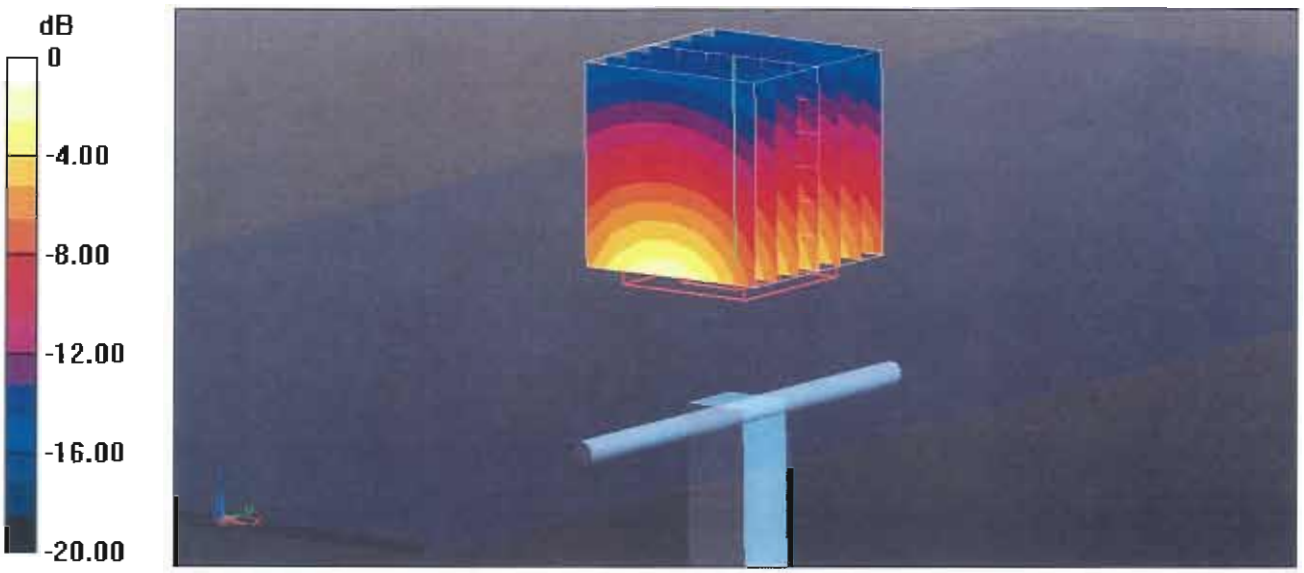
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.38 S/m; ε_r = 39.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5.23, 5.23, 5.23); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

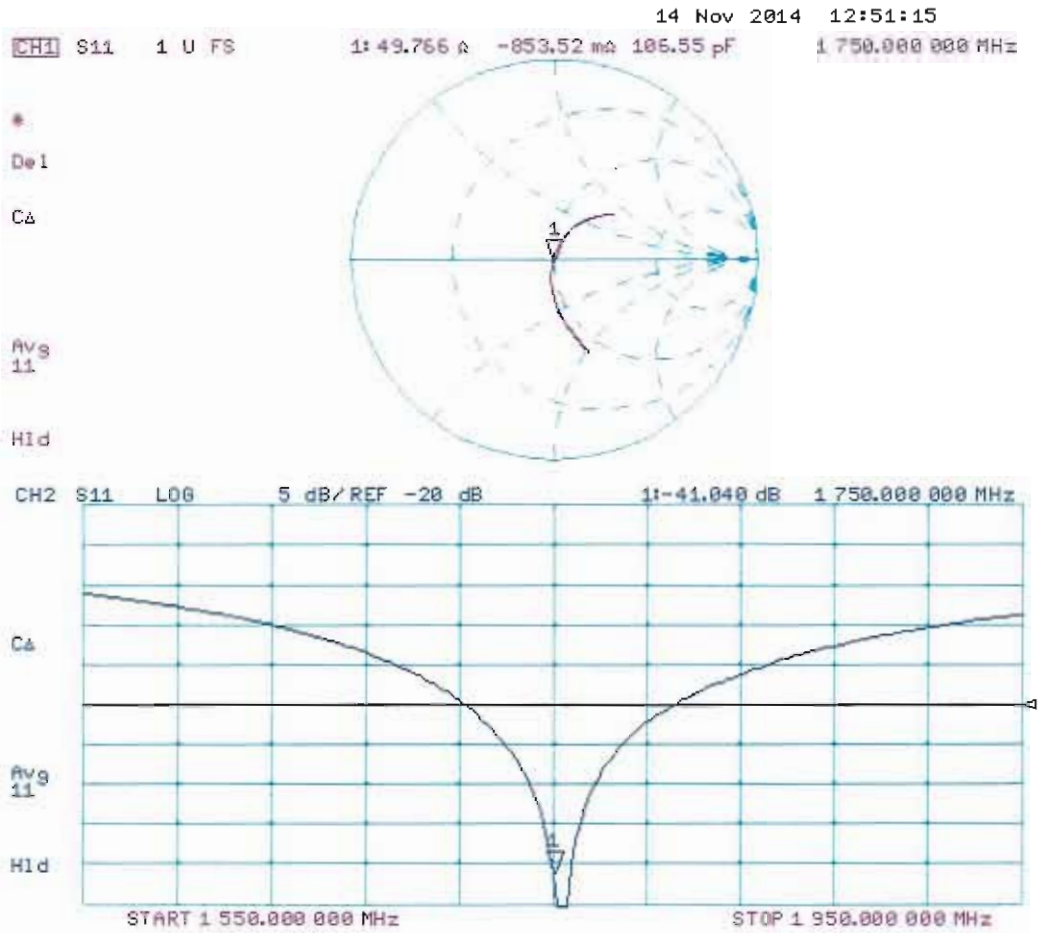
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 95.05 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.27 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 11.7 W/kg



0 dB = 11.7 W/kg = 10.68 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 14.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1068

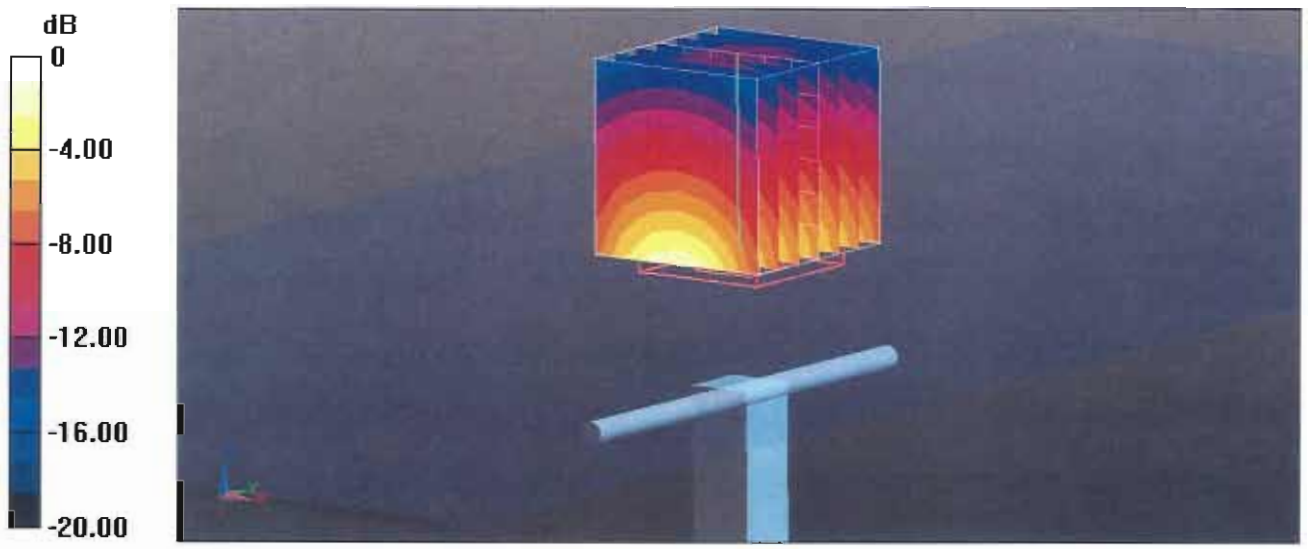
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; σ = 1.5 S/m; ε_r = 52.2; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.89, 4.89, 4.89); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

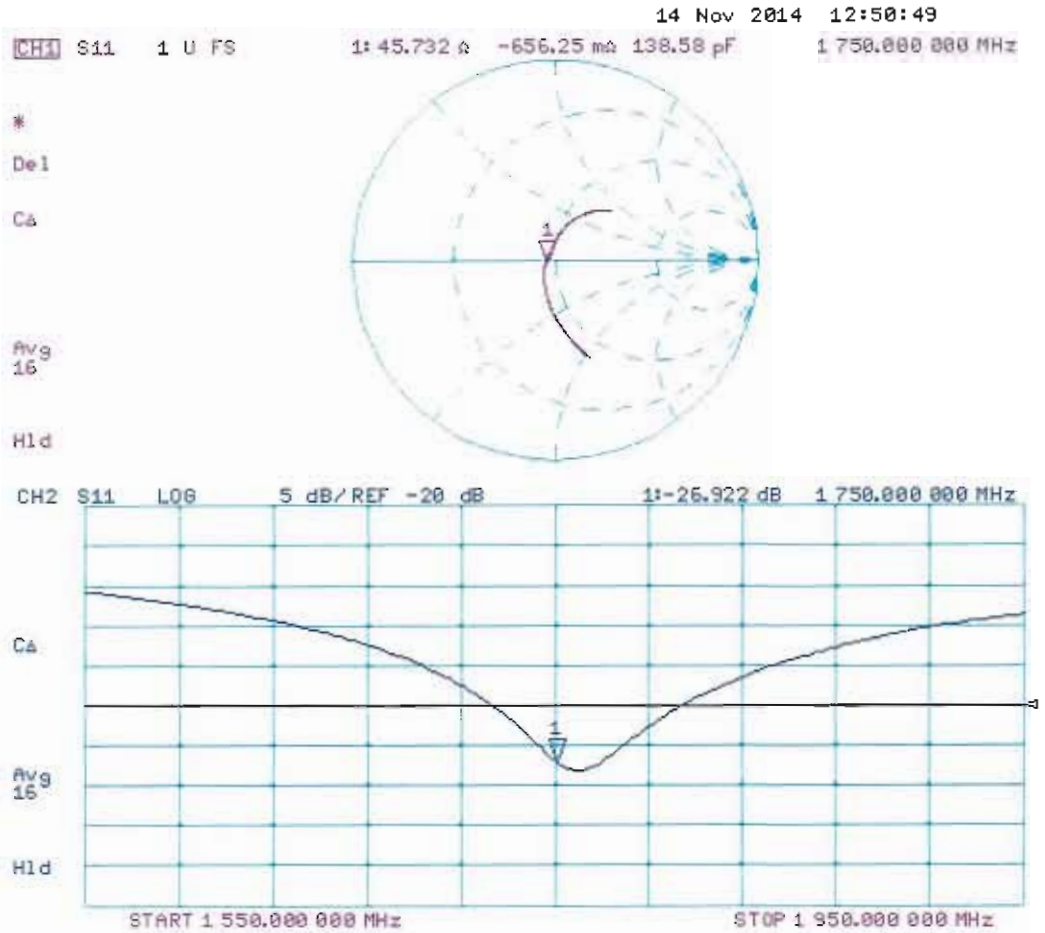
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 93.73 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.6 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.59 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.14 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.1 W/kg



0 dB = 12.1 W/kg = 10.83 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **Sporton-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: D1900V2-5d041_Mar15

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D1900V2 - SN:5d041
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	March 24, 2015

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-14 (No. ES3-3205_Dec14)	Dec-15
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Leif Klysner	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: March 25, 2015

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.0 ± 6 %	1.38 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.98 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**40.0 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.22 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**20.9 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.8 ± 6 %	1.50 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.90 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**39.8 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.28 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**21.2 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	53.2 Ω + 6.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 23.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.7 Ω + 7.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 22.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.201 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 04, 2003

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 24.03.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d041

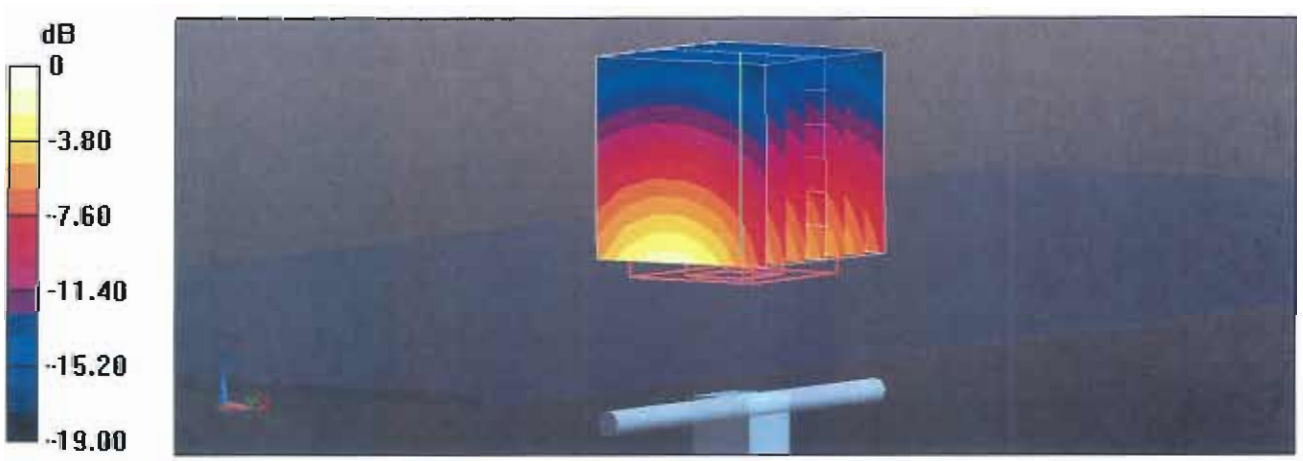
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.38 S/m; ε_r = 39; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(5, 5, 5); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

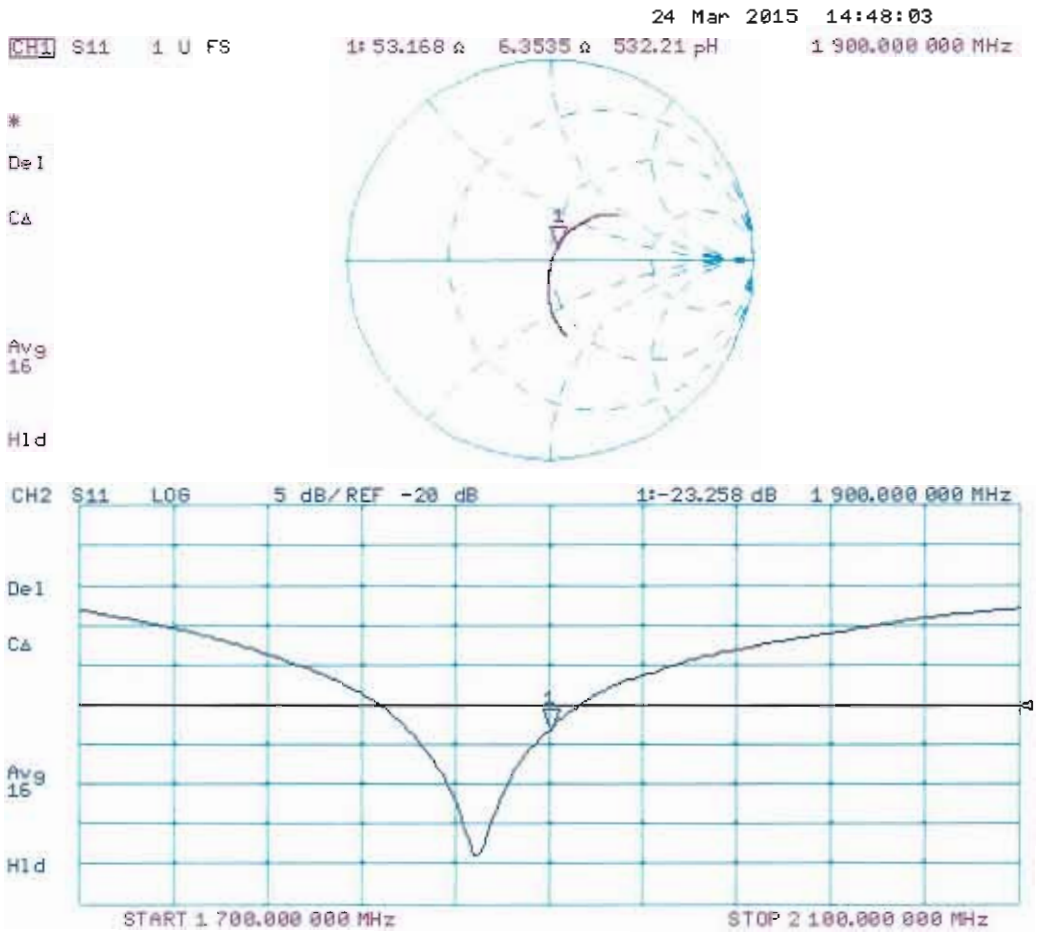
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 97.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.22 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 W/kg



0 dB = 12.3 W/kg = 10.90 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 24.03.2015

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d041

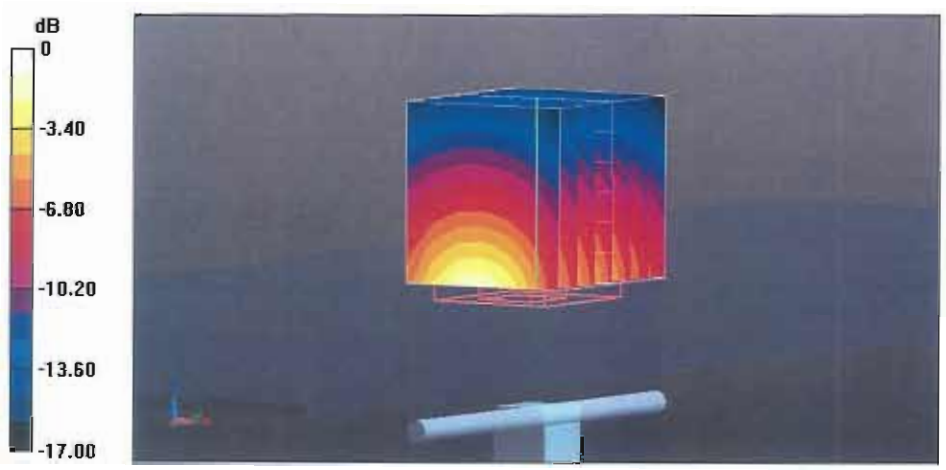
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; σ = 1.5 S/m; ε_r = 52.8; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.65, 4.65, 4.65); Calibrated: 30.12.2014;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

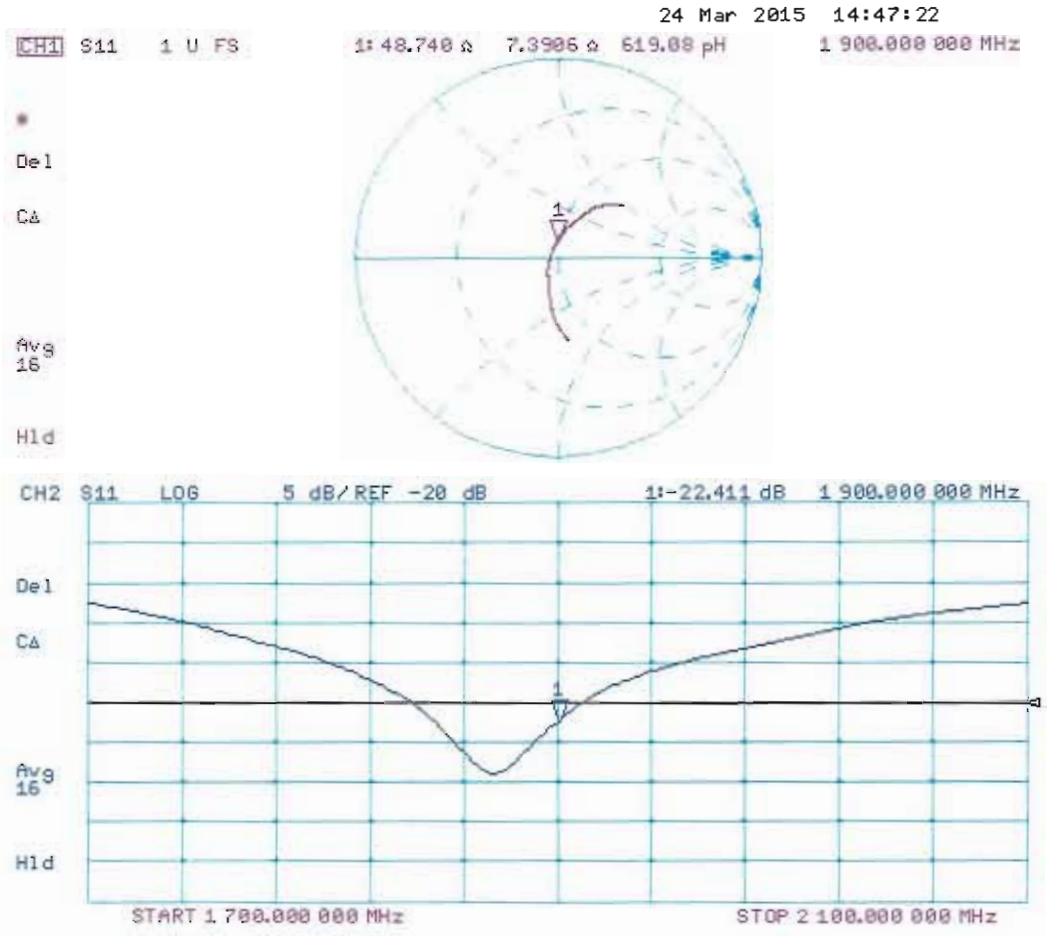
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 95.15 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 9.9 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.28 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.3 W/kg



0 dB = 12.3 W/kg = 10.90 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Sporton-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: D2450V2-924_Nov14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2450V2 - SN: 924
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	November 19, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M.Weber
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 20, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.0 ± 6 %	1.86 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**51.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.14 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**24.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.9 ± 6 %	2.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**51.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.05 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**23.8 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.8 Ω + 3.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.3 Ω + 4.6 jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.8 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.153 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	September 26, 2013

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 18.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 924

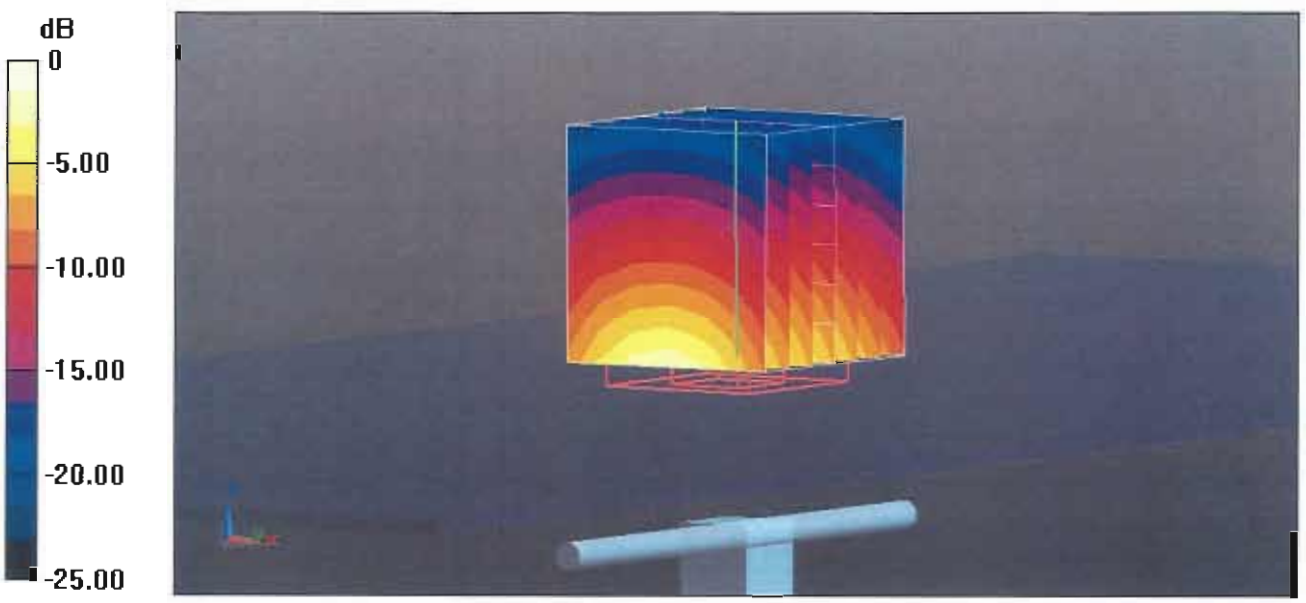
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.86 S/m; ε_r = 39; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.53, 4.53, 4.53); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

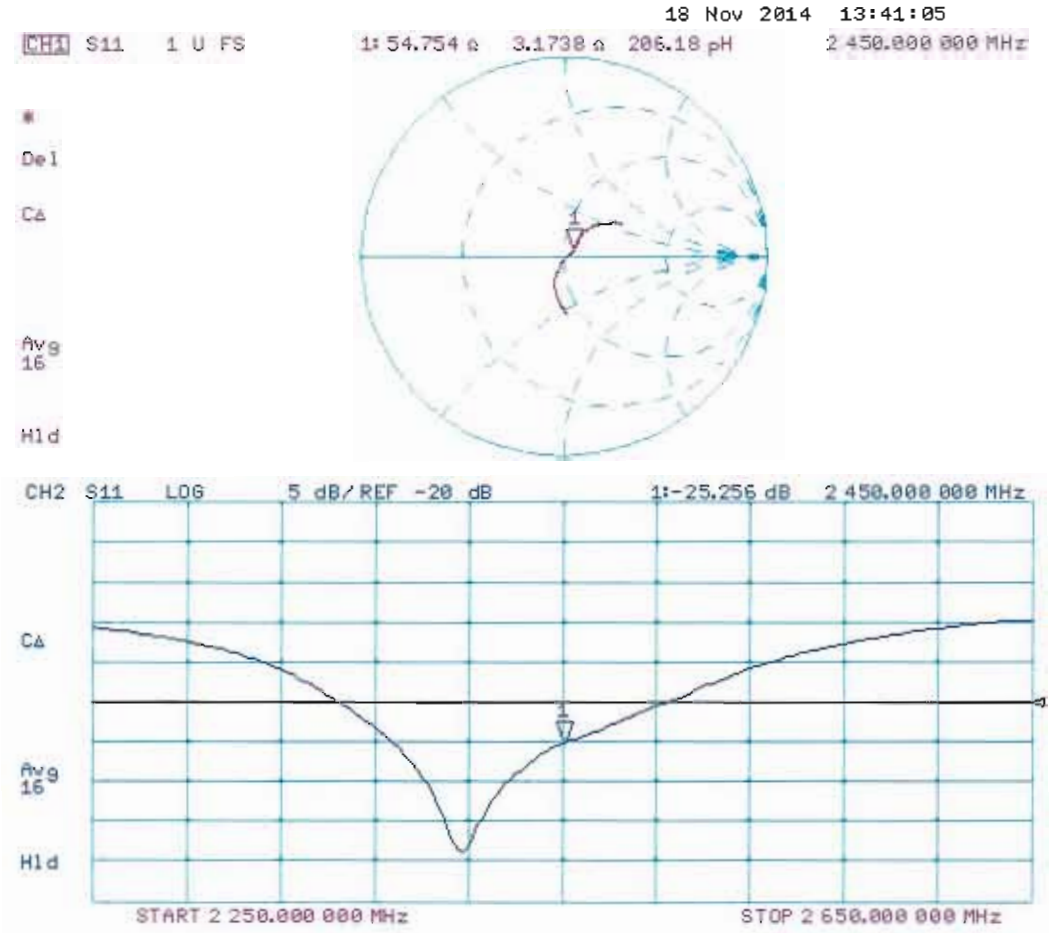
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 100.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.14 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 W/kg



0 dB = 17.4 W/kg = 12.41 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 19.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 924

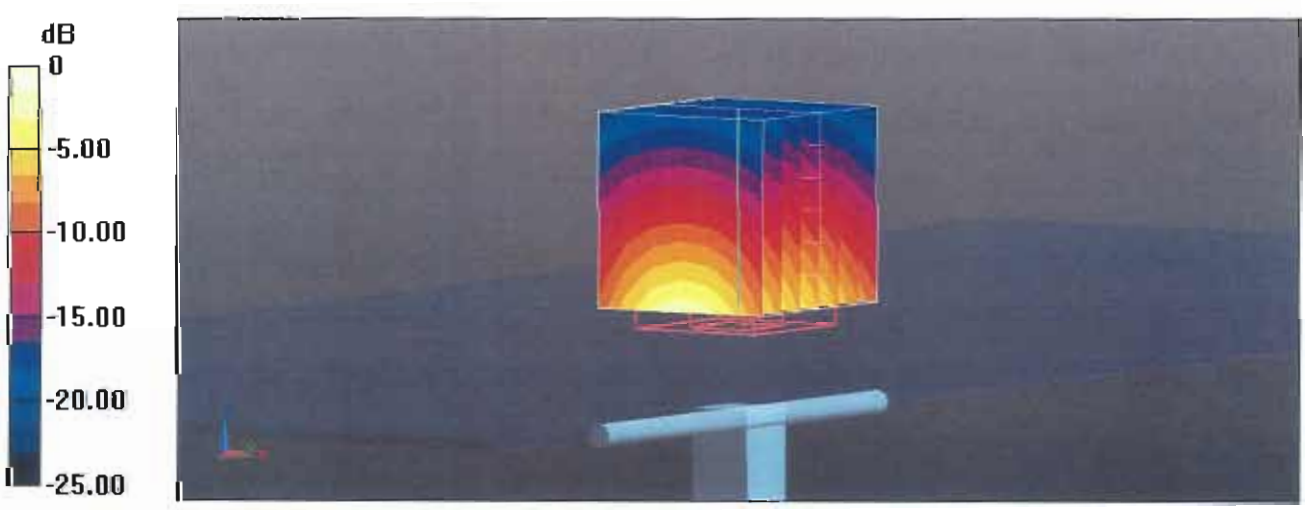
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 2.03 S/m; ε_r = 50.9; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.35, 4.35, 4.35); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

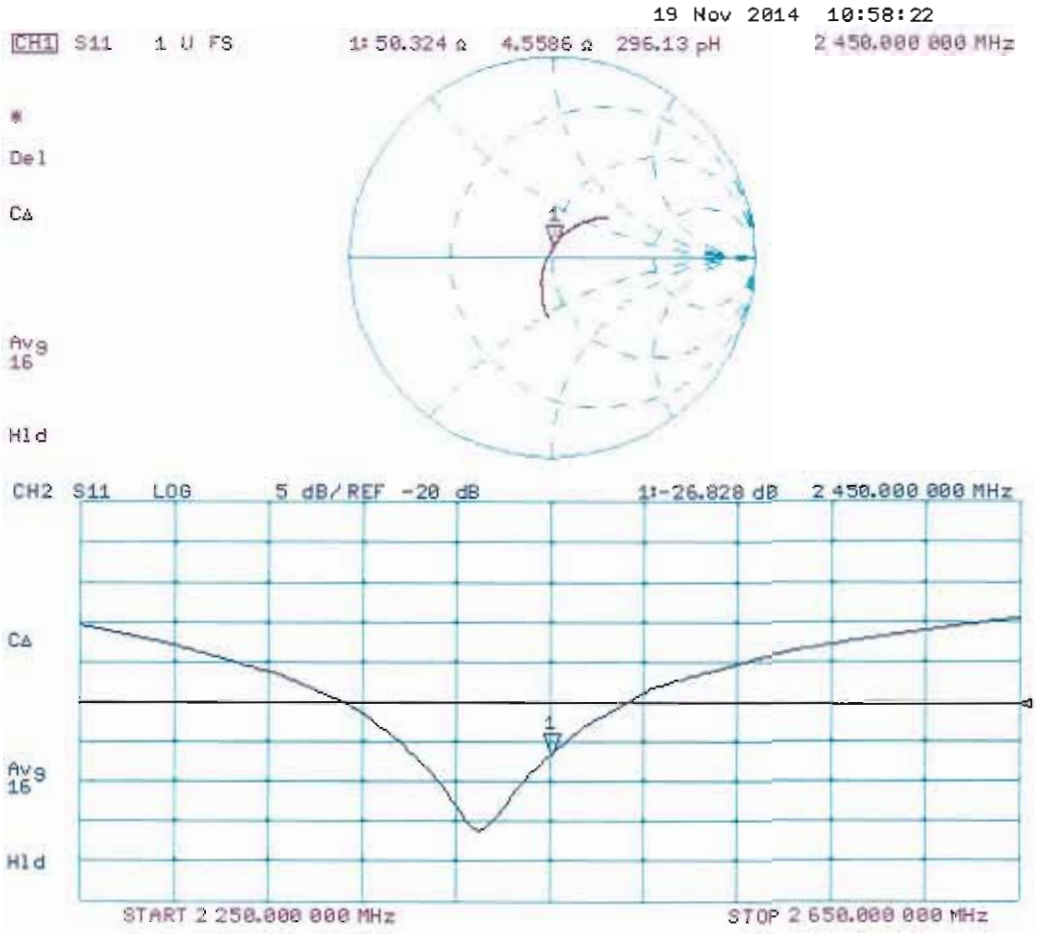
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 95.44 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.9 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.05 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 W/kg



0 dB = 17.4 W/kg = 12.41 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Sporton-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: D2600V2-1070_Nov14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	D2600V2 - SN: 1070
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-05.v9 Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz
Calibration date:	November 19, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02020)	Oct-15
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	07-Oct-14 (No. 217-02021)	Oct-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01918)	Apr-15
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01921)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3205_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 601	18-Aug-14 (No. DAE4-601_Aug14)	Aug-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-14)	In house check: Oct-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Michael Weber	Laboratory Technician	M.Weber
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: November 20, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.8
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2600 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.0	1.96 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	38.4 ± 6 %	2.03 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.5 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**56.9 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.47 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**25.6 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	**Permittivity**	**Conductivity**
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.5	2.16 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	50.5 ± 6 %	2.21 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm^3 (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	14.1 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**55.3 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)**

SAR averaged over 10 cm^3 (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	**24.5 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)**

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.9 Ω - 5.2 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.2 Ω - 4.4 jΩ
Return Loss	- 24.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.146 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
Manufactured on	July 17, 2013

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 18.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1070

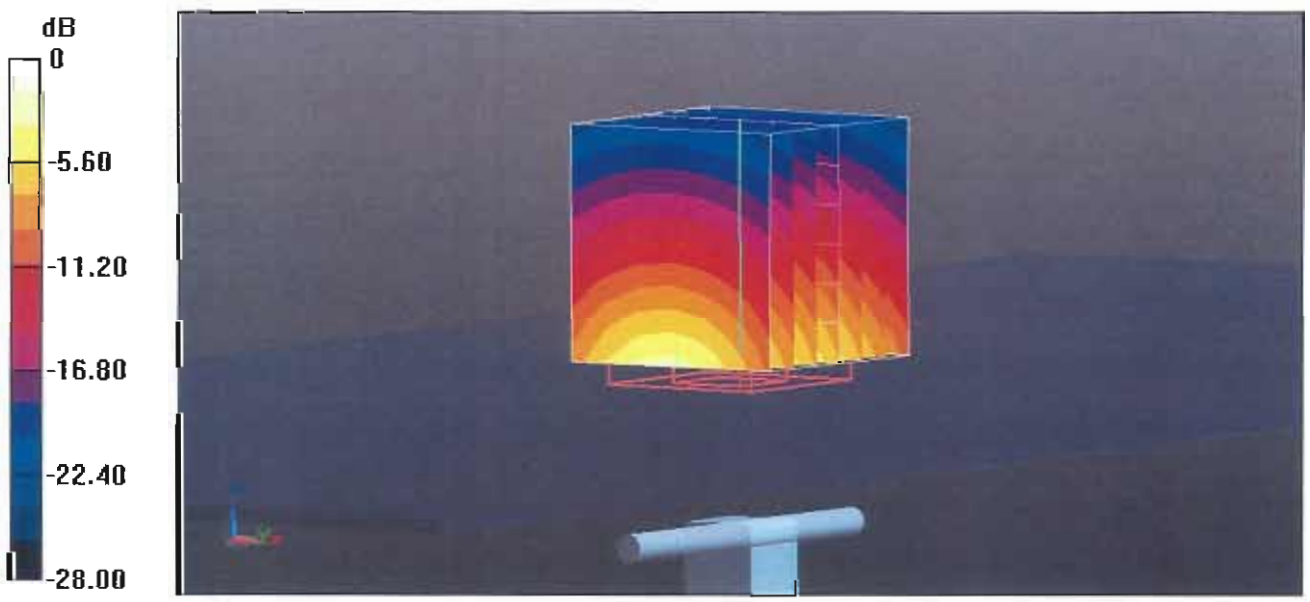
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.03 S/m; ε_r = 38.4; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.46, 4.46, 4.46); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

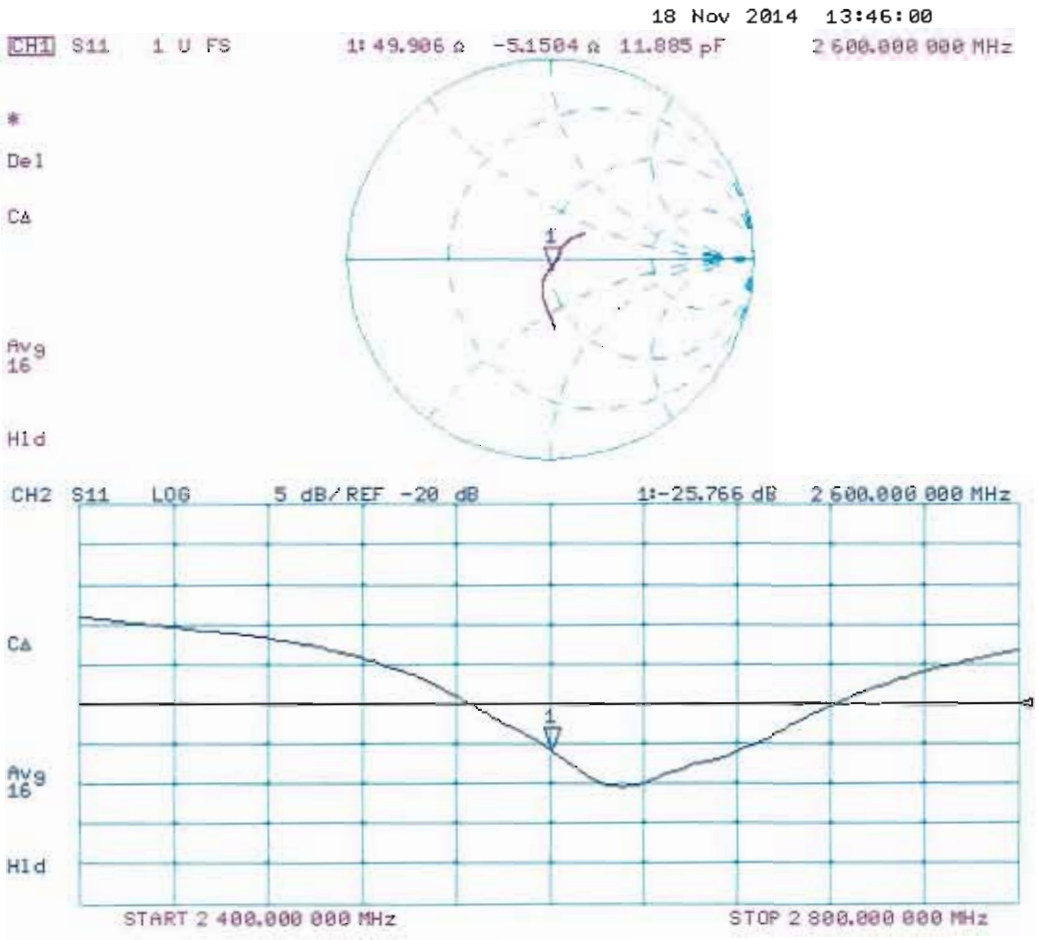
Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 102.6 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 14.5 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.47 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg



0 dB = 19.5 W/kg = 12.90 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 19.11.2014

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: D2600V2 - SN: 1070

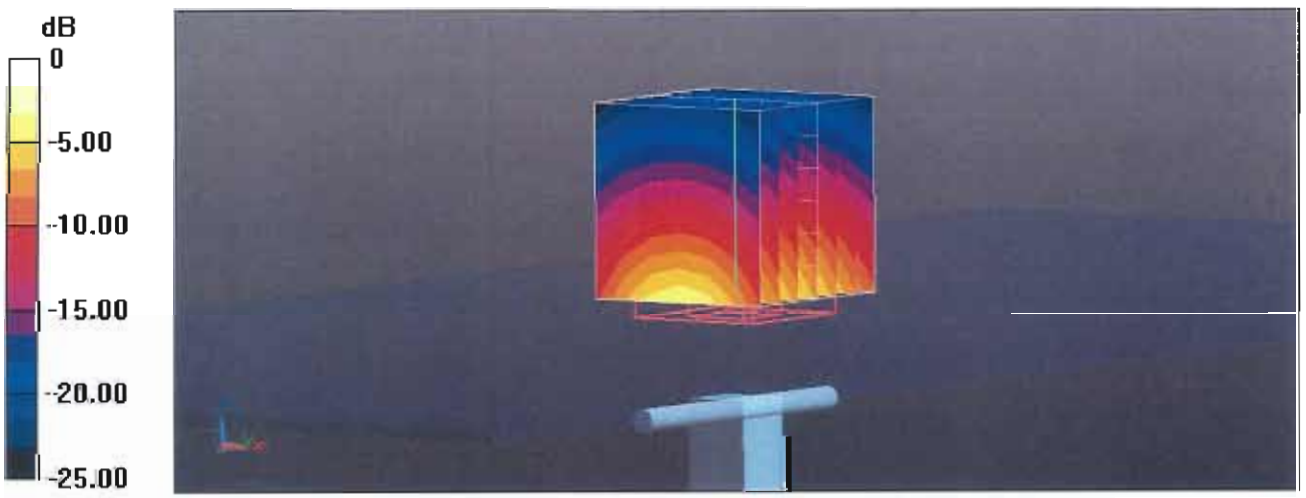
Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz
Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; σ = 2.21 S/m; ε_r = 50.5; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Phantom section: Flat Section
Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.24, 4.24, 4.24); Calibrated: 30.12.2013;
- Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 18.08.2014
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

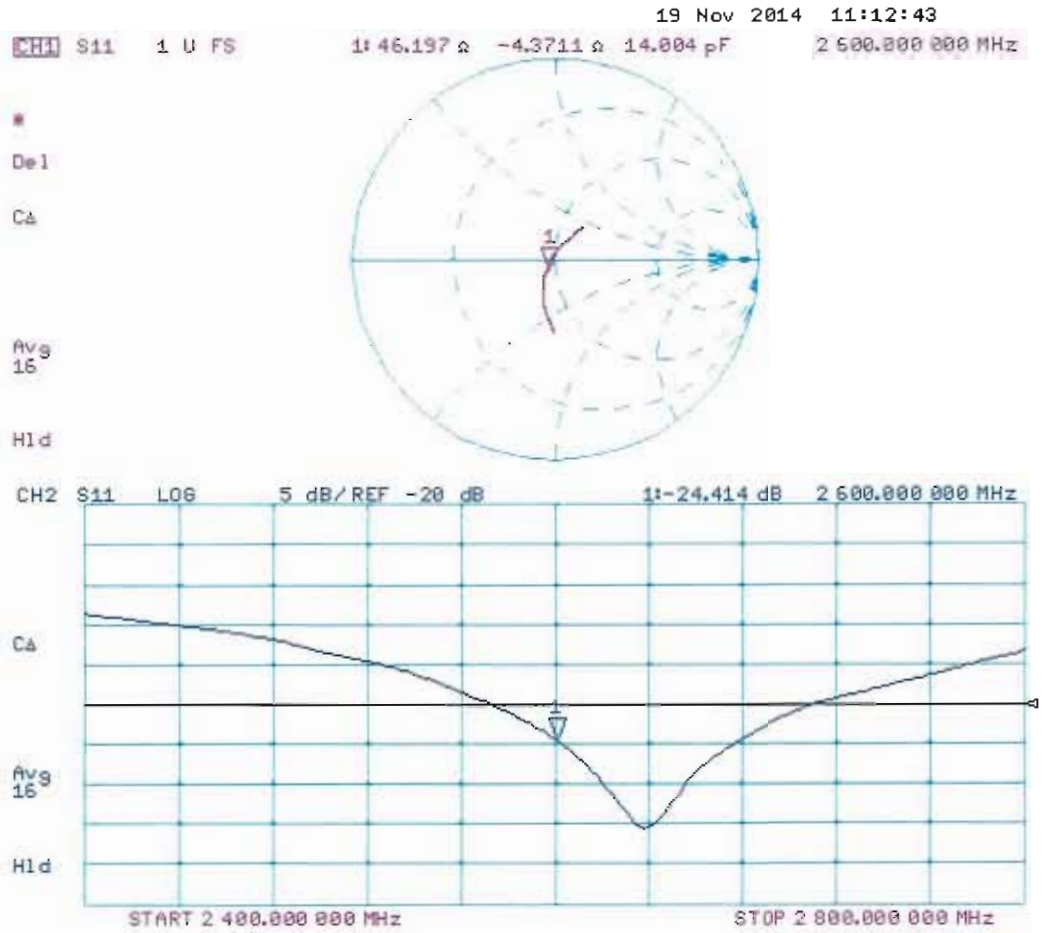
Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 96.43 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 14.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.2 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.1 W/kg



0 dB = 19.1 W/kg = 12.81 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Sporton-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: DAE4-778_Aug14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE4 - SD 000 D04 BM - SN: 778
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v26 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	August 21, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	01-Oct-13 (No:13976)	Oct-14
Secondary Standards	**ID #**	**Check Date (in house)**	**Scheduled Check**
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	R.Mayoraz	Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	i.V.

Issued: August 21, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:	1LSB =	6.1μV ,	full range =	-100...+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV ,	full range =	-1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	404.660 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.462 ± 0.02% (k=2)	405.008 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.98608 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96528 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.99925 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	283.5 ° ± 1 °

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	199995.84	-1.56	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20003.72	2.74	0.01
Channel X	- Input	-19999.08	1.97	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199996.07	-1.42	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20001.31	0.31	0.00
Channel Y	- Input	-20000.87	0.11	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199998.93	0.77	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	19999.69	-1.30	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20003.57	-2.56	0.01

Low Range		Reading (µV)	Difference (µV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2001.21	0.06	0.00
Channel X	+ Input	202.70	1.25	0.62
Channel X	- Input	-197.74	0.80	-0.40
Channel Y	+ Input	2001.16	0.12	0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	201.92	0.49	0.24
Channel Y	- Input	-200.16	-1.65	0.83
Channel Z	+ Input	2000.68	-0.34	-0.02
Channel Z	+ Input	200.74	-0.52	-0.26
Channel Z	- Input	-200.20	-1.64	0.82

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (µV)	Low Range Average Reading (µV)
Channel X	200	-4.66	-5.89
	- 200	7.17	5.70
Channel Y	200	-2.41	-2.68
	- 200	-1.01	-0.40
Channel Z	200	-9.89	-9.65
	- 200	7.53	7.85

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (µV)	Channel Y (µV)	Channel Z (µV)
Channel X	200	-	-1.80	-2.22
Channel Y	200	9.60	-	0.93
Channel Z	200	3.92	6.62	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16054	16785
Channel Y	16177	16252
Channel Z	16434	15484

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.87	-0.07	1.83	0.47
Channel Y	-0.91	-2.65	0.63	0.61
Channel Z	-0.54	-1.74	0.70	0.54

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	–0.01	-8	-9

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Sporton-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: DAE3-577_Oct14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 577
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-06.v28 Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)
Calibration date:	October 06, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	03-Oct-14 (No:15573)	Oct-15

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Dominique Steffen	Technician	
Approved by:	Fin Bomholt	Deputy Technical Manager	

Issued: October 6, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary

DAE	data acquisition electronics
Connector angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle*: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
  - *DC Voltage Measurement Linearity:* Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
  - *Common mode sensitivity:* Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
  - *Channel separation:* Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
  - *AD Converter Values with inputs shorted:* Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
  - *Input Offset Measurement*: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
  - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
  - *Input resistance:* Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
  - *Low Battery Alarm Voltage:* Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
  - *Power consumption:* Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range:	1LSB =	6.1μV ,	full range =	-100...+300 mV
Low Range:	1LSB =	61nV ,	full range =	-1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	403.482 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.471 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.779 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.91221 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.94944 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96413 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	190.0 ° ± 1 °

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200032.88	-1.99	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20008.32	4.67	0.02
Channel X	- Input	-20001.95	3.91	-0.02
Channel Y	+ Input	200034.36	-0.48	-0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20004.96	1.49	0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20005.18	0.80	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	200033.48	-1.14	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20005.14	1.72	0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20006.62	-0.60	0.00

Low Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	2000.31	0.11	0.01
Channel X	+ Input	200.48	0.24	0.12
Channel X	- Input	-199.49	0.14	-0.07
Channel Y	+ Input	1999.98	-0.10	-0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	199.48	-0.67	-0.34
Channel Y	- Input	-200.14	-0.32	0.16
Channel Z	+ Input	1999.95	-0.08	-0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	199.09	-0.96	-0.48
Channel Z	- Input	-201.17	-1.27	0.64

2. Common mode sensitivity

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-1.95	-3.98
	- 200	5.57	3.77
Channel Y	200	-13.96	-14.08
	- 200	13.30	13.19
Channel Z	200	2.29	2.64
	- 200	-5.81	-5.27

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Y (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	-	0.37	-3.20
Channel Y	200	9.80	-	0.72
Channel Z	200	6.30	6.84	-

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16130	15294
Channel Y	16097	15352
Channel Z	16126	12399

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec
Input 10MΩ

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	0.41	-0.20	1.04	0.30
Channel Y	-0.55	-1.63	1.48	0.44
Channel Z	-0.30	-1.93	0.42	0.40

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	–0.01	-8	-9

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
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Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

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Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Sporton-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: ES3-3270_Sep14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	ES3DV3 - SN:3270
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	September 26, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: September 27, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

Probe ES3DV3

SN:3270

Manufactured: February 25, 2010
Calibrated: September 26, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3270

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)[A]	1.11	1.20	1.22	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	101.5	103.0	103.0	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB$\sqrt{\mu V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	197.5	±3.5 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		208.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		208.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3270

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	6.62	6.62	6.62	0.25	2.10	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	6.43	6.43	6.43	0.45	1.43	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	6.27	6.27	6.27	0.23	2.15	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	5.25	5.25	5.25	0.66	1.26	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	5.05	5.05	5.05	0.65	1.29	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	5.05	5.05	5.05	0.57	1.40	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	4.52	4.52	4.52	0.80	1.24	± 12.0 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3270

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	6.17	6.17	6.17	0.43	1.56	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	6.15	6.15	6.15	0.80	1.17	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.41	1.78	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	4.70	4.70	4.70	0.61	1.47	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	4.29	4.29	4.29	0.79	1.08	± 12.0 %

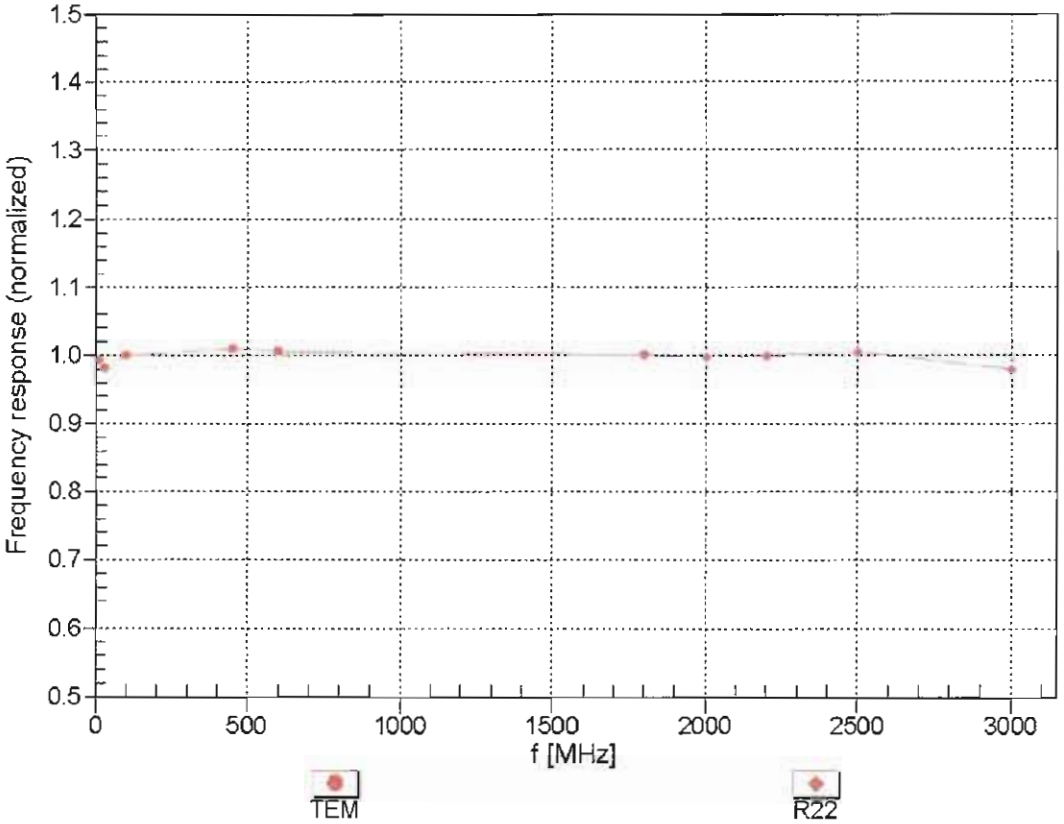
[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field

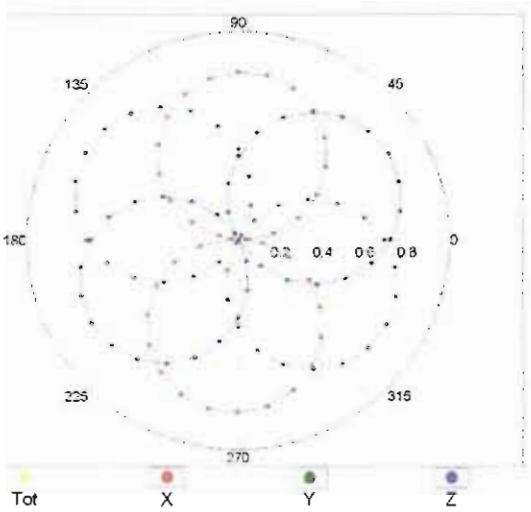
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



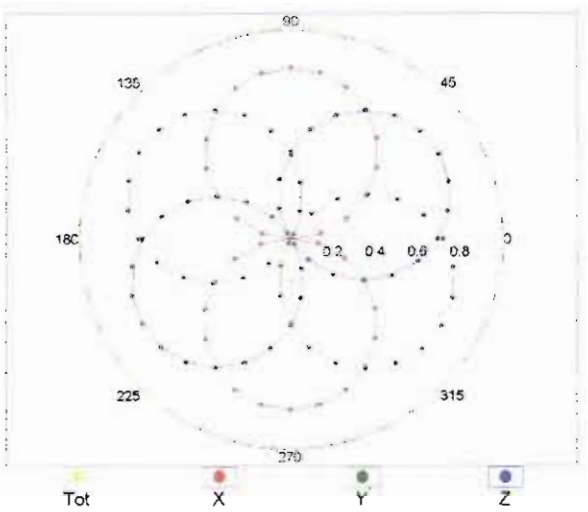
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

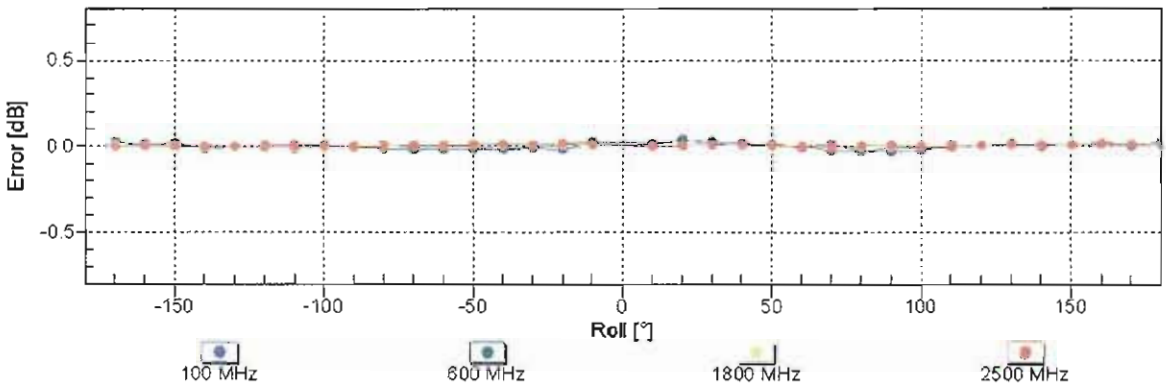
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

f=600 MHz,TEM



f=1800 MHz,R22

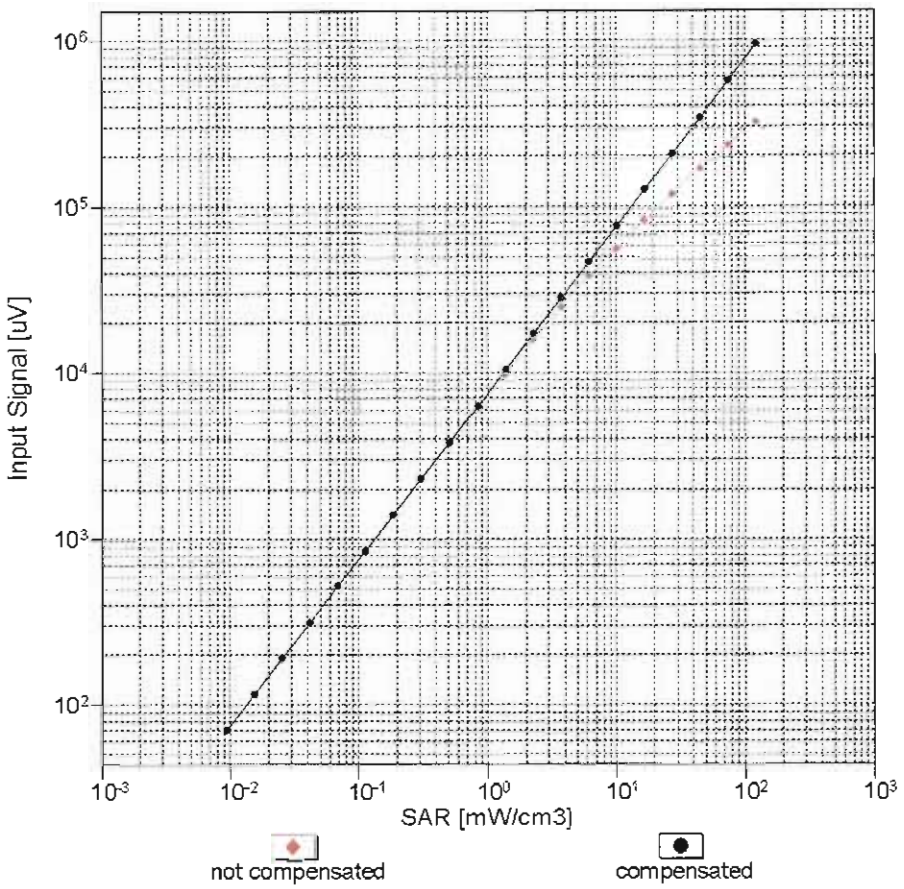


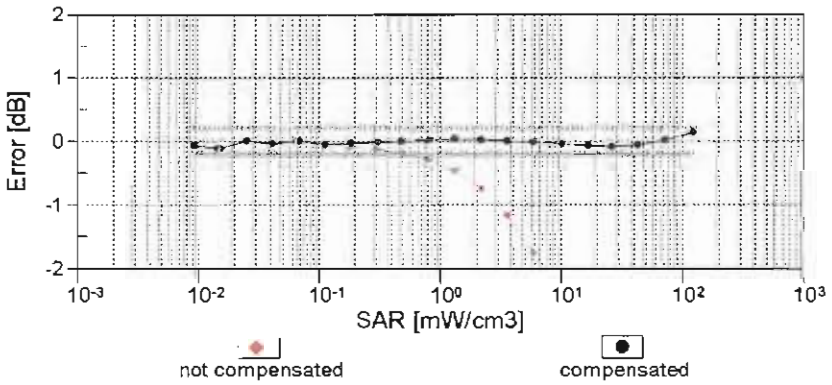


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

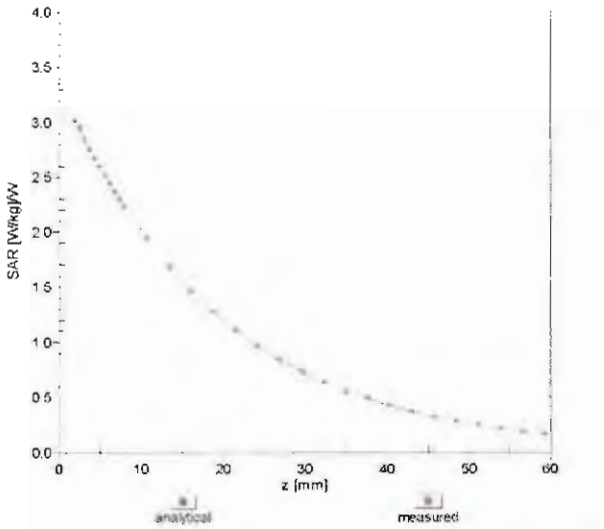




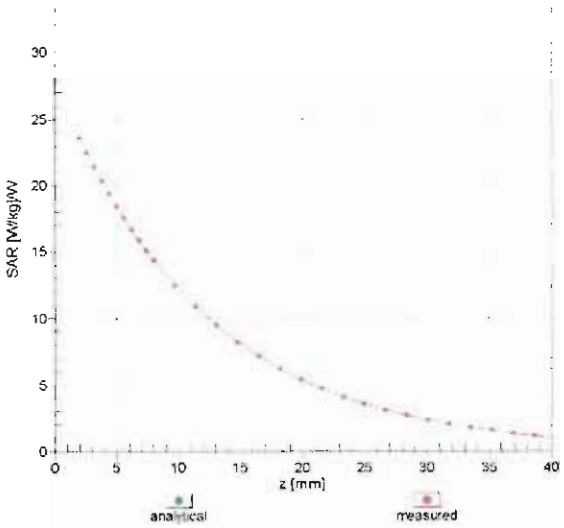
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment

f = 835 MHz,WGLS R9 (H_convF)

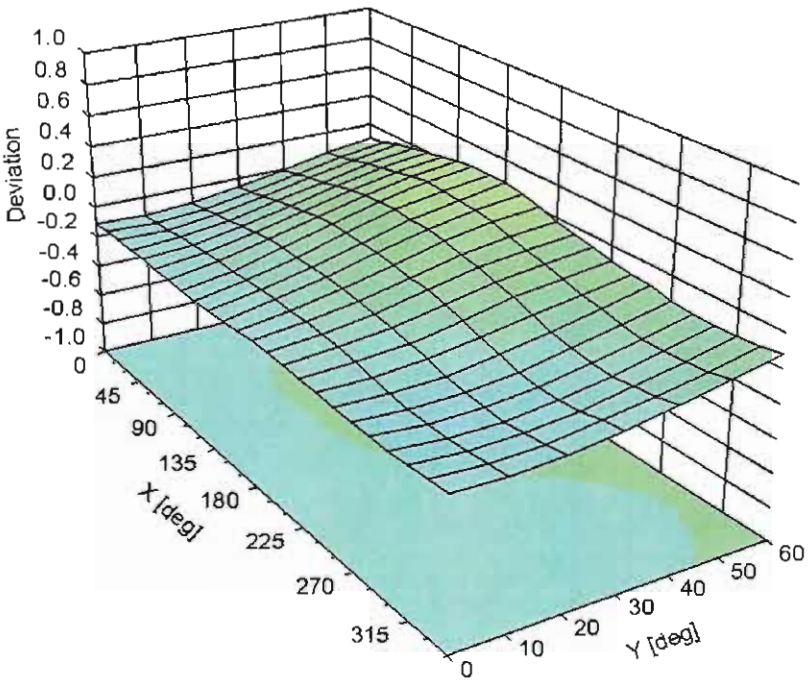


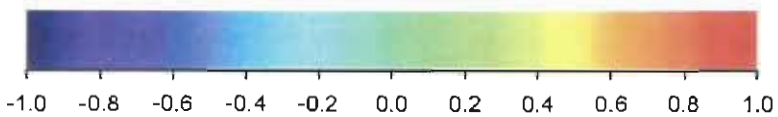
f = 1900 MHz,WGLS R22 (H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: ES3DV3 - SN:3270

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-20
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	10 mm
Tip Diameter	4 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	2 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	2 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	2 mm

Calibration Laboratory of
Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland

S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
S Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Client **Sporton-TW (Auden)**

Certificate No: EX3-3931_Sep14

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object	EX3DV4 - SN:3931
Calibration procedure(s)	QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v6 Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes
Calibration date:	September 25, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter E4419B	GB41293874	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Power sensor E4412A	MY41498087	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01911)	Apr-15
Reference 3 dB Attenuator	SN: S5054 (3c)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01915)	Apr-15
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: S5277 (20x)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01919)	Apr-15
Reference 30 dB Attenuator	SN: S5129 (30b)	03-Apr-14 (No. 217-01920)	Apr-15
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-13 (No. ES3-3013_Dec13)	Dec-14
DAE4	SN: 660	13-Dec-13 (No. DAE4-660_Dec13)	Dec-14
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator HP 8648C	US3642U01700	4-Aug-99 (in house check Apr-13)	In house check: Apr-16
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jeton Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	

Issued: September 25, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORMx,y,z	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization φ	φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization ϑ	ϑ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., ϑ = 0 is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *NORMx,y,z:* Assessed for E-field polarization ϑ = 0 (f ≤ 900 MHz in TEM-cell; f > 1800 MHz: R22 waveguide). NORMx,y,z are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORMx,y,z does not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see below *ConvF*).
- *NORM(f)x,y,z = NORMx,y,z * frequency_response* (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of *ConvF*.
- *DCPx,y,z:* DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- *PAR:* PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- *Ax,y,z; Bx,y,z; Cx,y,z; Dx,y,z; VRx,y,z: A, B, C, D* are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. *VR* is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- *ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:* Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for f ≤ 800 MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for f > 800 MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to *NORMx,y,z * ConvF* whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for *ConvF*. A frequency dependent *ConvF* is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from ± 50 MHz to ± 100 MHz.
- *Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy)*: in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- *Sensor Offset*: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- *Connector Angle*: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the *NORMx* (no uncertainty required).

Probe EX3DV4

SN:3931

Manufactured: July 24, 2013
Calibrated: September 25, 2014

Calibrated for DASY/EASY Systems
(Note: non-compatible with DASY2 system!)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3931

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ($\mu V/(V/m)^2$)[A]	0.42	0.58	0.49	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV)[B]	99.9	96.9	99.9	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB$\sqrt{\mu V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc[E] (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	149.1	±3.8 %
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		132.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		145.1	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

[A] The uncertainties of NormX,Y,Z do not affect the E^2-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).
[B] Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.
[E] Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3931

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.75	10.75	10.75	0.41	0.79	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.32	10.32	10.32	0.20	1.13	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	10.07	10.07	10.07	0.52	0.72	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	8.74	8.74	8.74	0.20	1.48	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.48	8.48	8.48	0.57	0.69	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.17	8.17	8.17	0.31	0.96	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.10	8.10	8.10	0.43	0.77	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	7.29	7.29	7.29	0.33	0.88	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.09	7.09	7.09	0.37	0.86	± 12.0 %

[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3931

Calibration Parameter Determined in Body Tissue Simulating Media

f (MHz) [C]	Relative Permittivity [F]	Conductivity (S/m) [F]	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha [G]	Depth [G] (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	55.5	0.96	10.10	10.10	10.10	0.27	1.14	± 12.0 %
835	55.2	0.97	10.13	10.13	10.13	0.40	0.93	± 12.0 %
1450	54.0	1.30	8.72	8.72	8.72	0.24	1.22	± 12.0 %
1750	53.4	1.49	8.26	8.26	8.26	0.48	0.80	± 12.0 %
1900	53.3	1.52	7.80	7.80	7.80	0.38	0.89	± 12.0 %
2450	52.7	1.95	7.36	7.36	7.36	0.80	0.56	± 12.0 %
2600	52.5	2.16	7.20	7.20	7.20	0.76	0.58	± 12.0 %

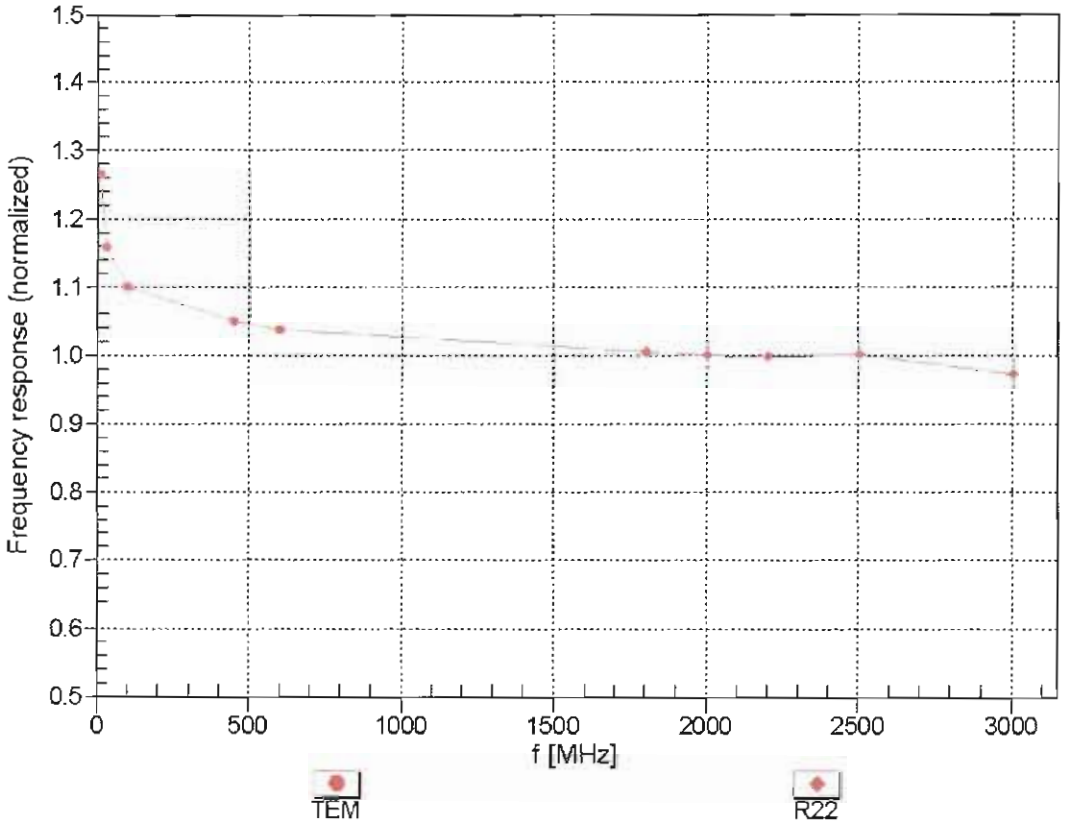
[C] Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

[F] At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ε and σ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

[G] Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

Frequency Response of E-Field

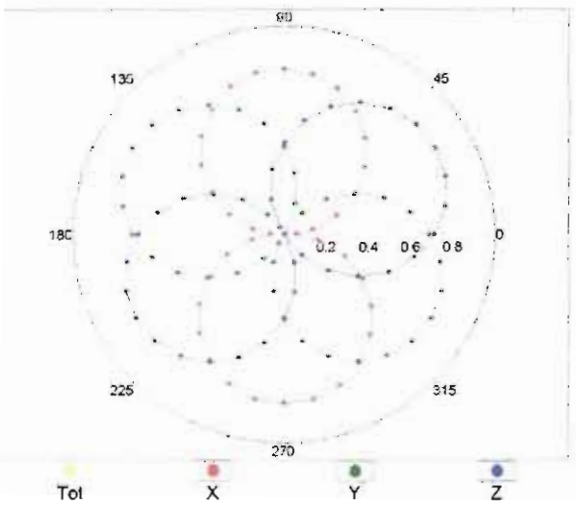
(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



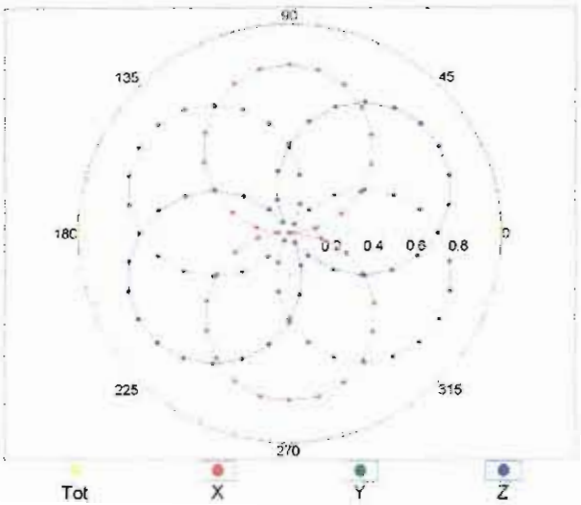
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: ± 6.3% (k=2)

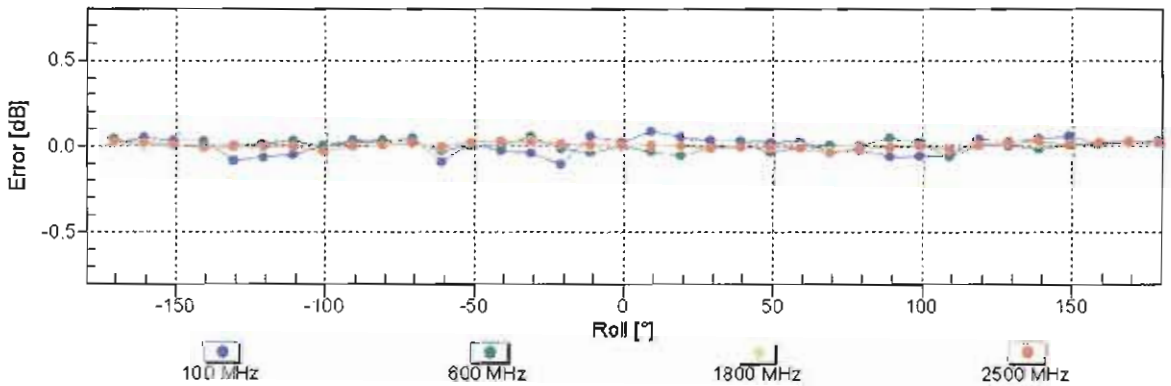
Receiving Pattern (ϕ), ϑ = 0°

f=600 MHz,TEM



f=1800 MHz,R22

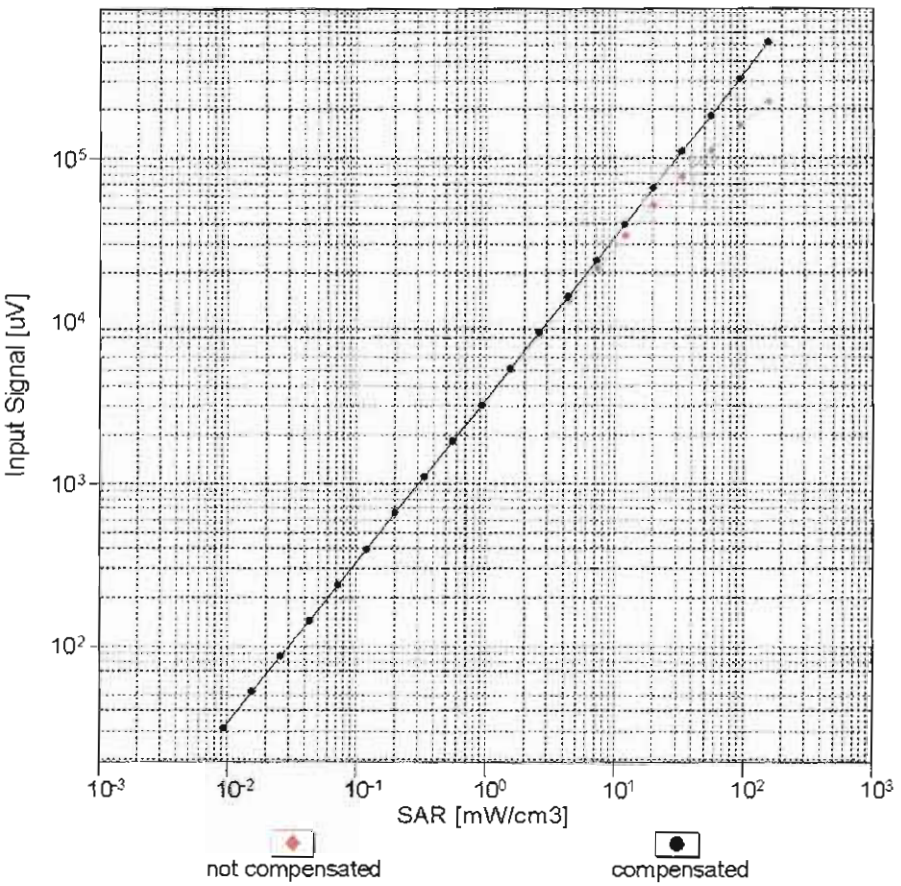


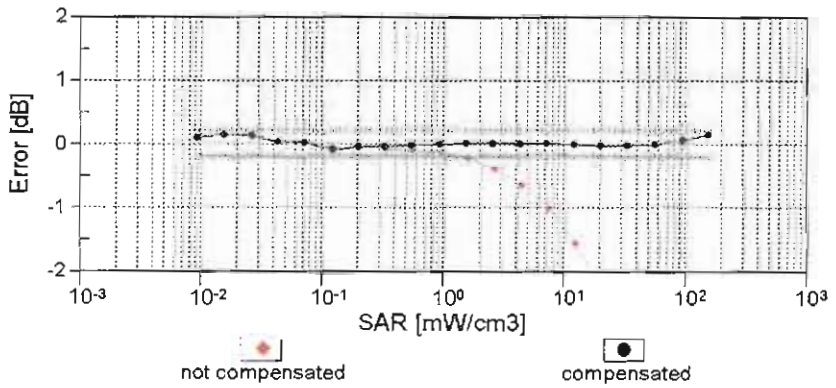


Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: ± 0.5% (k=2)

Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head})

(TEM cell , f_{eval}= 1900 MHz)

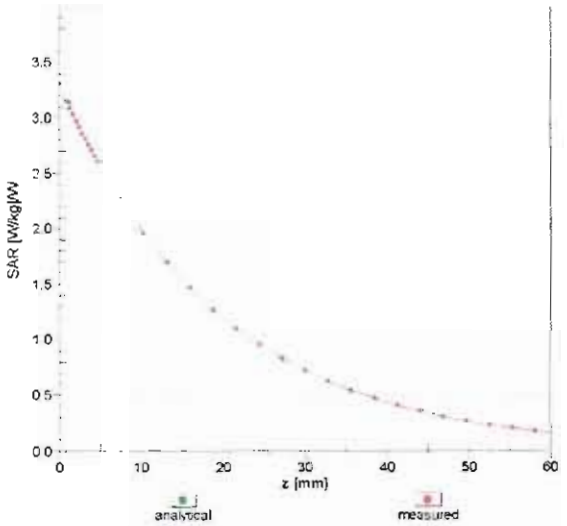




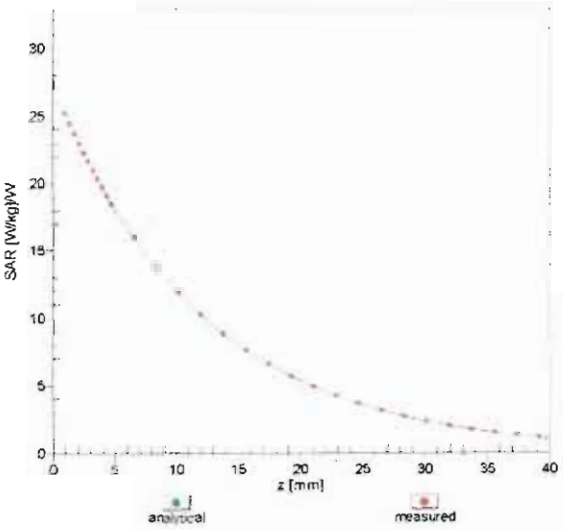
Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: ± 0.6% (k=2)

Conversion Factor Assessment

f = 835 MHz,WGLS R9 (H_convF)

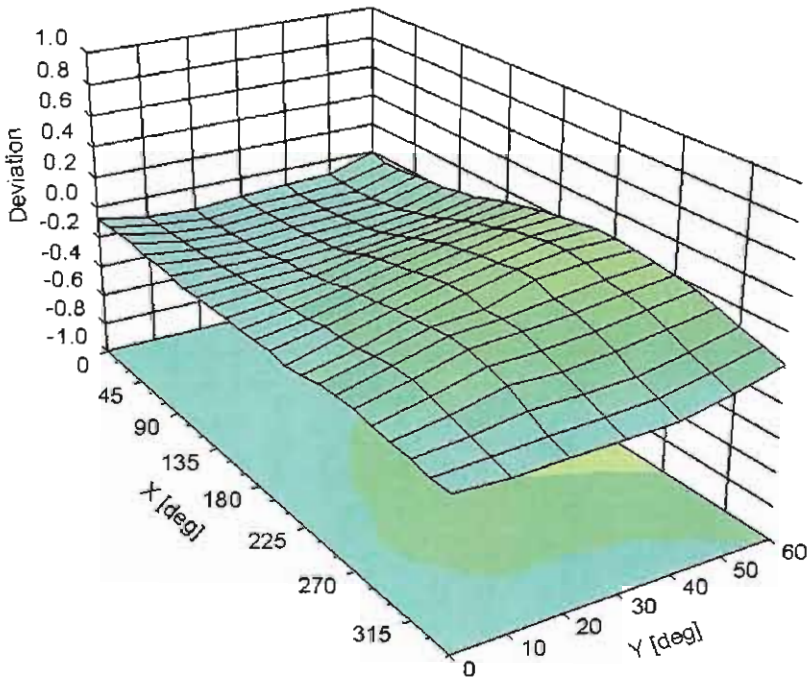


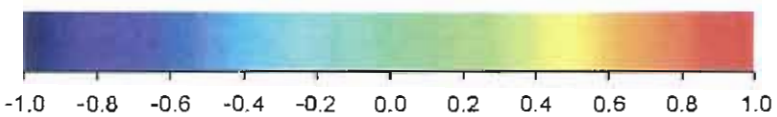
f = 1900 MHz,WGLS R22 (H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid

Error (ϕ, ϑ), f = 900 MHz





Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: ± 2.6% (k=2)

DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:3931

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-11.5
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm