



Radio Frequency Exposure

LIMIT

According to §15.247(i), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines. See § 1.1307(b)(1) of this chapter.

EUT Specification

EUT	Wireless Smart Gateway
Frequency band (Operating)	☒ WLAN: 2.412GHz ~ 2.462GHz ☐ WLAN: 5.150GHz ~ 5.250GHz ☐ WLAN: 5.725GHz ~ 5.850GHz ☐ Bluetooth: 2.402GHz ~ 2.480 GHz ☒ Zigbee: 2.405GHz ~ 2.480 GHz
Device category	☐ Portable (<20cm separation) ☒ Mobile (>20cm separation)
Exposure classification	☐ Occupational/Controlled exposure (S = 5mW/cm ²) ☒ General Population/Uncontrolled exposure (S=1mW/cm ²)
Antenna diversity	☐ Single antenna ☒ Multiple antennas ☐ Tx diversity ☐ Rx diversity ☒ Tx/Rx diversity
Max. output power	802.11b: 19.71dBm(93.563mW) 802.11g: 23.27dBm(212.085mW) 802.11n HT20: 24.19dBm(262.601mW) 802.11n HT40: 23.88dBm(244.116mW) O-QPSK: 1.91dBm(1.552mW)
Antenna gain (Max)	WLAN Antenna 0: 2.37 dBi Antenna 1: 2.15 dBi Directional gain: 5.27 dBi Zigbee Antenna: 3.74 dBi
Evaluation applied	☒ MPE Evaluation* ☐ SAR Evaluation ☐ N/A

Remark:

1. The maximum output power is 24.19 dBm (262.601mW) at 2437MHz (with numeric 5.27 antenna gain.)
2. DTS device is not subject to routine RF evaluation; MPE estimate is used to justify the compliance.
3. For mobile or fixed location transmitters, no SAR consideration applied. The maximum power density is 1.0 mW/cm² even if the calculation indicates that the power density would be larger.

*Note: Simultaneous transmission is not applicable for this EUT.

**TEST RESULTS**

No non-compliance noted.

Calculation

Given $E = \frac{\sqrt{30 \times P \times G}}{d}$ & $S = \frac{E^2}{3770}$

Where E = Field strength in Volts / meter

P = Power in Watts

G = Numeric antenna gain

d = Distance in meters

S = Power density in milliwatts / square centimeter

Combining equations and re-arranging the terms to express the distance as a function of the remaining variables yields:

$$S = \frac{30 \times P \times G}{3770 d^2}$$

Changing to units of mW and cm, using:

$$P \text{ (mW)} = P \text{ (W)} / 1000 \text{ and}$$

$$d \text{ (cm)} = d \text{ (m)} / 100$$

Yields

$$S = \frac{30 \times (P/1000) \times G}{3770 \times (d/100)^2} = 0.0796 \times \frac{P \times G}{d^2} \quad \textbf{Equation 1}$$

Where d = Distance in cm

P = Power in mW

G = Numeric antenna gain

S = Power density in mW / cm²

**Maximum Permissible Exposure****WLAN**

Modulation Mode	Frequency band (MHz)	Max. Conducted output power(dBm)	Antenna gain (dBi)	Distance (cm)	Power density (mW/cm2)	Limit (mW/cm2)
		ANT A+B			ANT A+B	
802.11b	2412-2462	19.71	5.27	20	0.0311	1
802.11g	2412-2462	23.27	5.27	20	0.0622	1
802.11n HT20	2412-2462	24.19	5.27	20	0.0872	1
802.11n HT40	2422-2452	23.88	5.27	20	0.0716	1

Zigbee:

Modulation Mode	Frequency band (MHz)	Max. Conducted output power(dBm)	Antenna gain (dBi)	Distance (cm)	Power density (mW/cm2)	Limit (mW/cm2)
O-QPSK	2405-2480	1.91	3.74	20	0.00073	1

NOTE:

Total (Chain0+Chain1) , the formula of calculated the MPE is:

$CPD1 / LPD1 + CPD2 / LPD2 + \dots \text{etc.} < 1$

CPD = Calculation power density

LPD = Limit of power density