

EMC Test Report

Application for Grant of Equipment Authorization

Industry Canada RSS-Gen Issue 3 / RSS 210 Issue 8 FCC Part 15 Subpart C

Model: 01-0001

IC CERTIFICATION #: 10081A-WSI00106
FCC ID: YZO-00105

APPLICANT: Wireless Seismic, Inc.
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Sugar Land, TX 77478

TEST SITE(S): National Technical Systems - Silicon Valley
41039 Boyce Road.
Fremont, CA. 94538-2435

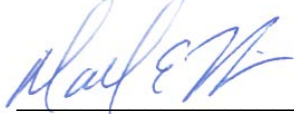
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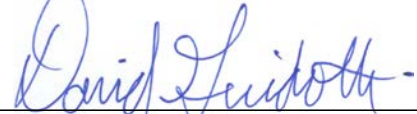
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REVISION HISTORY

Rev#	Date	Comments	Modified By
-	April 16, 2014	First release	

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SCOPE

An electromagnetic emissions test has been performed on the Wireless Seismic, Inc. model 01-0001, pursuant to the following rules:

Industry Canada RSS-Gen Issue 3

RSS 210 Issue 8 “Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment”

FCC Part 15 Subpart C

Conducted and radiated emissions data has been collected, reduced, and analyzed within this report in accordance with measurement guidelines set forth in the following reference standards and as outlined in National Technical Systems - Silicon Valley test procedures:

ANSI C63.10-2009

FHSS test procedure DA 00-0705

The intentional radiator above has been tested in a simulated typical installation to demonstrate compliance with the relevant Industry Canada performance and procedural standards.

Final system data was gathered in a mode that tended to maximize emissions by varying orientation of EUT, orientation of power and I/O cabling, antenna search height, and antenna polarization.

Every practical effort was made to perform an impartial test using appropriate test equipment of known calibration. All pertinent factors have been applied to reach the determination of compliance.

OBJECTIVE

The primary objective of the manufacturer is compliance with the regulations outlined in the previous section.

Prior to marketing in the USA, all unlicensed transmitters and transceivers require certification. Receive-only devices operating between 30 MHz and 960 MHz are subject to either certification or a manufacturer's declaration of conformity, with all other receive-only devices exempt from the technical requirements.

Prior to marketing in Canada, Class I transmitters, receivers and transceivers require certification. Class II devices are required to meet the appropriate technical requirements but are exempt from certification requirements.

Certification is a procedure where the manufacturer submits test data and technical information to a certification body and receives a certificate or grant of equipment authorization upon successful completion of the certification body's review of the submitted documents. Once the equipment authorization has been obtained, the label indicating compliance must be attached to all identical units, which are subsequently manufactured.

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modification of the product which may result in increased emissions should be checked to ensure compliance has been maintained (i.e., printed circuit board layout changes, different line filter, different power supply, harnessing or I/O cable changes, etc.).

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The tested sample of Wireless Seismic, Inc. model 01-0001 complied with the requirements of the following regulations:

Industry Canada RSS-Gen Issue 3

RSS 210 Issue 8 "Low-power Licence-exempt Radiocommunication Devices (All Frequency Bands): Category I Equipment"

FCC Part 15 Subpart C

Maintenance of compliance is the responsibility of the manufacturer. Any modifications to the product should be assessed to determine their potential impact on the compliance status of the device with respect to the standards detailed in this test report.

The test results recorded herein are based on a single type test of Wireless Seismic, Inc. model 01-0001 and therefore apply only to the tested sample. The sample was selected and prepared by Bandele Adepoju of Wireless Seismic, Inc.

DEVIATIONS FROM THE STANDARDS

No deviations were made from the published requirements listed in the scope of this report.

TEST RESULTS SUMMARY**FREQUENCY HOPPING SPREAD SPECTRUM (2400 – 2483.5 MHz, less than 75 channels)**

FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule Part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result
15.247 (a) (1)	RSS 210 A8.1 (1)	20dB Bandwidth	5.3 MHz	Channel spacing > 2/3rds 20dB BW	Complies
		Channel Separation	4.0 MHz		Complies
15.247 (a) (1) (ii)	RSS 210 A8.1 (4)	Number of Channels	19	15 or more	Complies
15.247 (a) (1) (ii)	RSS 210 A8.1 (4)	Channel Dwell Time (average time of occupancy)	150ms in any 7.6 seconds	<0.4 second within a period of 0.4 x number of channels	Complies
15.247 (a) (1)	RSS 210 A8.1 (1)	Channel Utilization	All channels are used equally - refer to the operational description for full explanation	All channels shall, on average, be used equally	Complies
15.247 (b) (3)	RSS 210 A8.4 (2)	Output Power	12.9 dBm (0.019 Watts) EIRP = 0.069 W Note 1	0.125 Watts (EIRP < 500mW)	Complies
15.247(c)	RSS 210 A8.5	Spurious Emissions – 30MHz – 25GHz	All spurious emissions < -20dBc	< -20dBc	Complies
15.247(c) / 15.209	RSS 210 A8.5 Table 2, 3	Radiated Spurious Emissions 30MHz – 25GHz	65.9 dBμV/m @ 2484.9 MHz (-8.1 dB)	15.207 in restricted bands, all others < -20dBc	Complies
15.247 (a) (1)	RSS 210 A8.1(2)	Receiver bandwidth	Refer to operational description	Shall match the channel bandwidth	Complies
Note 1: EIRP calculated using antenna gain of 5.5 dBi					

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ALL BANDS

FCC Rule Part	RSS Rule part	Description	Measured Value / Comments	Limit / Requirement	Result (margin)
15.203	-	RF Connector	Standard N Connector – system professionally installed	Unique or integral antenna required	Complies
15.207	RSS GEN Table 4	AC Conducted Emissions	N/A - EUT is battery powered	Refer to page 17	-
15.247 (b) (5) 15.407 (f)	RSS 102	RF Exposure Requirements	Refer to MPE calculations in separate exhibit, RSS 102 declaration and User Manual statements.	Refer to OET 65, FCC Part 1 and RSS 102	Complies
-	RSP 100 RSS GEN 7.1.3	User Manual		Statement required regarding non-interference	Complies
-	RSP 100 RSS GEN 7.1.2	User Manual		Statement for products with detachable antenna	Complies

MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTIES

ISO/IEC 17025 requires that an estimate of the measurement uncertainties associated with the emissions test results be included in the report. The measurement uncertainties given below are based on a 95% confidence level and were calculated in accordance with UKAS document LAB 34.

Measurement Type	Measurement Unit	Frequency Range	Expanded Uncertainty
RF power, conducted (power meter)	dBm	25 to 7000 MHz	± 0.52 dB
RF power, conducted (Spectrum analyzer)	dBm	25 to 7000 MHz	± 0.7 dB
Conducted emission of transmitter	dBm	25 to 26500 MHz	± 0.7 dB
Conducted emission of receiver	dBm	25 to 26500 MHz	± 0.7 dB
Radiated emission (substitution method)	dBm	25 to 26500 MHz	± 2.5 dB
Radiated emission (field strength)	dBμV/m	25 to 1000 MHz	± 3.6 dB
		1000 to 40000 MHz	± 6.0 dB
Conducted Emissions (AC Power)	dBμV	0.15 to 30 MHz	± 2.4 dB

EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT) DETAILS**GENERAL**

The Wireless Seismic, Inc. model 01-0001 is a frequency hopping spread spectrum radio that is for used for seismic surveys. Since the product could be placed in any location during operation, the EUT was treated as tabletop equipment during testing to simulate the end-user environment. The electrical rating of the EUT is 3.7Vdc supplied from 2 batteries.

The sample was received on March 24, 2014 and tested on March 27 and 28 and April 1, 2014. The EUT consisted of the following component(s):

Company	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
Wireless Seismic, Inc	01-0001	frequency hopping spread spectrum radio	120800000192	YZO-00105

ANTENNA SYSTEM

The antenna system consists of 5.5 dBi omni directional antenna

ENCLOSURE

The EUT enclosure measures approximately 14.5 cm wide by 23 cm deep by 7.2 cm high. It is primarily constructed of metal.

MODIFICATIONS

No modifications were made to the EUT during the time the product was at NTS Silicon Valley.

SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

The following equipment was used as remote support equipment for emissions testing:

Company	Model	Description	Serial Number	FCC ID
NETGEAR	WPN824 V2	Router	001B2F629C7E	PY305300021
Gateway	ZE7	Laptop	LUWZM0D00120208 50B7614	DoC
Wireless Seismic, Inc	LIU 10-0016	Line Interface Unit	0060500001100	YZO-00600

EUT INTERFACE PORTS

The I/O cabling configuration during testing was as follows:

EUT

Port	Connected To	Description	Cable(s)	
			Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)
Data	Sensor	Geophone/Sensor	Unshielded	1.5

Support Equipment

Port	Connected To	Description	Cable(s)	
			Shielded or Unshielded	Length(m)
LIU (Data Port 1)	Router	Data to RJ45 Cable	Unshielded	1.5
Laptop	Router	RJ45 Cable	Unshielded	1.5
Laptop	AC Main	AC/DC power Supply	Unshielded	2
Router	AC Main	AC/DC power Supply	Unshielded	2
LIU (Power Port)	AC Main	AC/DC power Supply	Unshielded	2

EUT OPERATION

During testing, the EUT was set to transmit continuously on the desired frequency at the maximum power setting for all tests except that hopping was enabled for evaluation of the hopping characteristics and the additional band edge check with hopping enabled.

TEST SITE**GENERAL INFORMATION**

Final test measurements were taken at the test sites listed below. Pursuant to section 2.948 of the FCC's Rules and section 3.3 of RSP-100, construction, calibration, and equipment data has been filed with the Commission and with industry Canada.

Site	Designation / Registration Numbers		Location
	FCC	Canada	
Chamber 4	US0027	2845B-4	41039 Boyce Road Fremont, CA 94538-2435

ANSI C63.4 recommends that ambient noise at the test site be at least 6 dB below the allowable limits. Ambient levels are below this requirement. The test site(s) contain separate areas for radiated and conducted emissions testing. Considerable engineering effort has been expended to ensure that the facilities conform to all pertinent requirements of ANSI C63.4.

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

Conducted emissions testing is performed in conformance with ANSI C63.10. Measurements are made with the EUT connected to the public power network through a nominal, standardized RF impedance, which is provided by a line impedance stabilization network, known as a LISN. A LISN is inserted in series with each current-carrying conductor in the EUT power cord.

RADIATED EMISSIONS CONSIDERATIONS

The FCC has determined that radiation measurements made in a shielded enclosure are not suitable for determining levels of radiated emissions. Radiated measurements are performed in an open field environment or in a semi-anechoic chamber. The test sites are maintained free of conductive objects within the CISPR defined elliptical area incorporated in ANSI C63.4 guidelines and meet the Normalized Site Attenuation (NSA) requirements of ANSI C63.4.

MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTATION

RECEIVER SYSTEM

An EMI receiver as specified in CISPR 16-1-1 is used for emissions measurements. The receivers used can measure over the frequency range of 9 kHz up to 2000 MHz. These receivers allow both ease of measurement and high accuracy to be achieved. The receivers have Peak, Average, and CISPR (Quasi-peak) detectors built into their design so no external adapters are necessary. The receiver automatically sets the required bandwidth for the CISPR detector used during measurements. If the repetition frequency of the signal being measured is below 20Hz, peak measurements are made in lieu of Quasi-Peak measurements.

For measurements above the frequency range of the receivers, a spectrum analyzer is utilized because it provides visibility of the entire spectrum along with the precision and versatility required to support engineering analysis. Average measurements above 1000MHz are performed on the spectrum analyzer using the linear-average method with a resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz and a video bandwidth of 10 Hz, unless the signal is pulsed in which case the average (or video) bandwidth of the measuring instrument is reduced to onset of pulse desensitization and then increased.

INSTRUMENT CONTROL COMPUTER

The receivers utilize either a Rohde & Schwarz EZM Spectrum Monitor/Controller or contain an internal Spectrum Monitor/Controller to view and convert the receiver measurements to the field strength at an antenna or voltage developed at the LISN measurement port, which is then compared directly with the appropriate specification limit. This provides faster, more accurate readings by performing the conversions described under Sample Calculations within the Test Procedures section of this report. Results are printed in a graphic and/or tabular format, as appropriate. A personal computer is used to record all measurements made with the receivers.

The Spectrum Monitor provides a visual display of the signal being measured. In addition, the controller or a personal computer run automated data collection programs which control the receivers. This provides added accuracy since all site correction factors, such as cable loss and antenna factors are added automatically.

LINE IMPEDANCE STABILIZATION NETWORK (LISN)

Line conducted measurements utilize a fifty microhenry Line Impedance Stabilization Network as the monitoring point. The LISN used also contains a 250 uH CISPR adapter. This network provides for calibrated radio frequency noise measurements by the design of the internal low pass and high pass filters on the EUT and measurement ports, respectively.

FILTERS/ATTENUATORS

External filters and precision attenuators are often connected between the receiving antenna or LISN and the receiver. This eliminates saturation effects and non-linear operation due to high amplitude transient events.

ANTENNAS

A loop antenna is used below 30 MHz. For the measurement range 30 MHz to 1000 MHz either a combination of a biconical antenna and a log periodic or a bi-log antenna is used. Above 1000 MHz, horn antennas are used. The antenna calibration factors to convert the received voltage to an electric field strength are included with appropriate cable loss and amplifier gain factors to determine an overall site factor, which is then programmed into the test receivers or incorporated into the test software.

ANTENNA MAST AND EQUIPMENT TURNTABLE

The antennas used to measure the radiated electric field strength are mounted on a non-conductive antenna mast equipped with a motor-drive to vary the antenna height. Measurements below 30 MHz are made with the loop antenna at a fixed height of 1m above the ground plane.

ANSI C63.10 specifies that the test height above ground for table mounted devices shall be 80 centimeters. Floor mounted equipment shall be placed on the ground plane if the device is normally used on a conductive floor or separated from the ground plane by insulating material from 3 to 12 mm if the device is normally used on a non-conductive floor as specified in ANSI C63.4. During radiated measurements, the EUT is positioned on a motorized turntable in conformance with this requirement.

INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

All test equipment is regularly checked to ensure that performance is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications. All antennas are calibrated at regular intervals with respect to tuned half-wave dipoles. An exhibit of this report contains the list of test equipment used and calibration information.

TEST PROCEDURES

EUT AND CABLE PLACEMENT

The regulations require that interconnecting cables be connected to the available ports of the unit and that the placement of the unit and the attached cables simulate the worst case orientation that can be expected from a typical installation, so far as practicable. To this end, the position of the unit and associated cabling is varied within the guidelines of ANSI C63.10, and the worst-case orientation is used for final measurements.

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Conducted emissions are measured at the plug end of the power cord supplied with the EUT. Excess power cord length is wrapped in a bundle between 30 and 40 centimeters in length near the center of the cord. Preliminary measurements are made to determine the highest amplitude emission relative to the specification limit for all the modes of operation. Placement of system components and varying of cable positions are performed in each mode. A final peak mode scan is then performed in the position and mode for which the highest emission was noted on all current carrying conductors of the power cord.

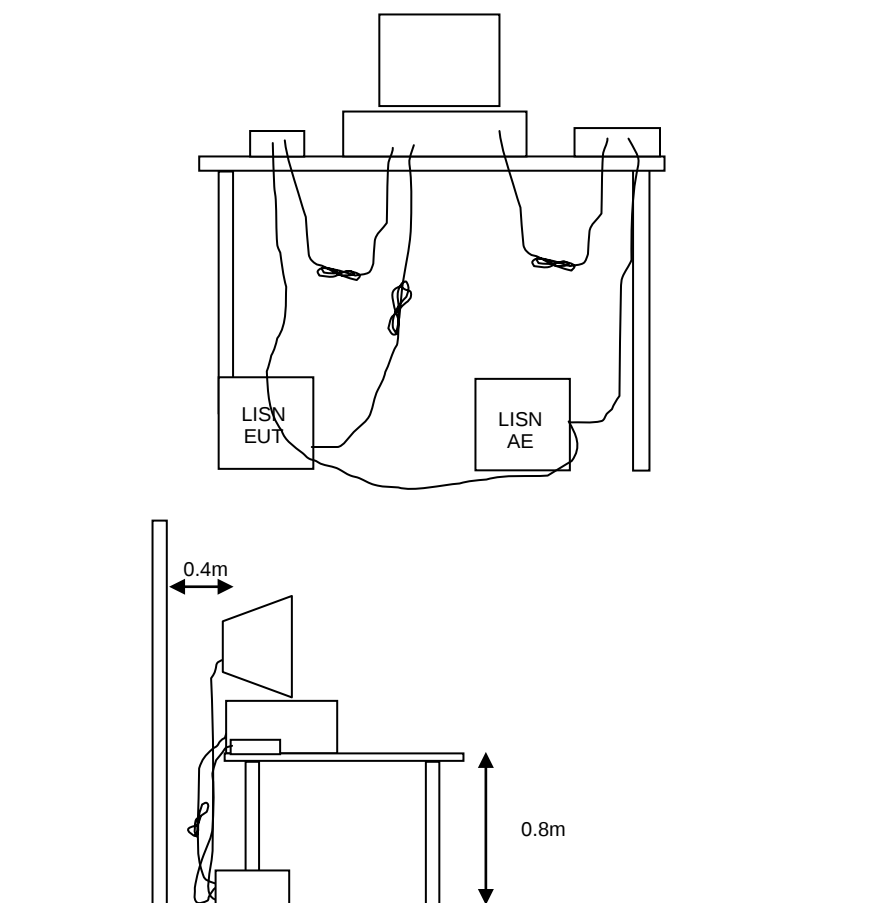


Figure 1 Typical Conducted Emissions Test Configuration

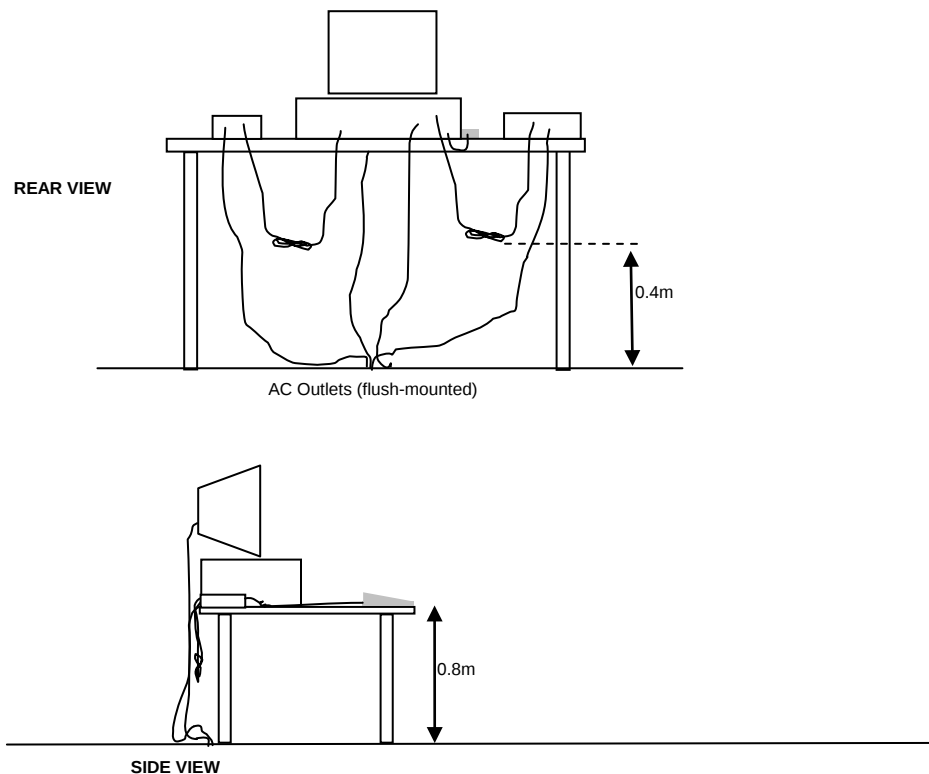
RADIATED EMISSIONS

A preliminary scan of the radiated emissions is performed in which all significant EUT frequencies are identified with the system in a nominal configuration. At least two scans are performed, one scan for each antenna polarization (horizontal and vertical; loop parallel and perpendicular to the EUT). During the preliminary scans, the EUT is rotated through 360°, the antenna height is varied (for measurements above 30 MHz) and cable positions are varied to determine the highest emission relative to the limit. Preliminary scans may be performed in a fully anechoic chamber for the purposes of identifying the frequencies of the highest emissions from the EUT.

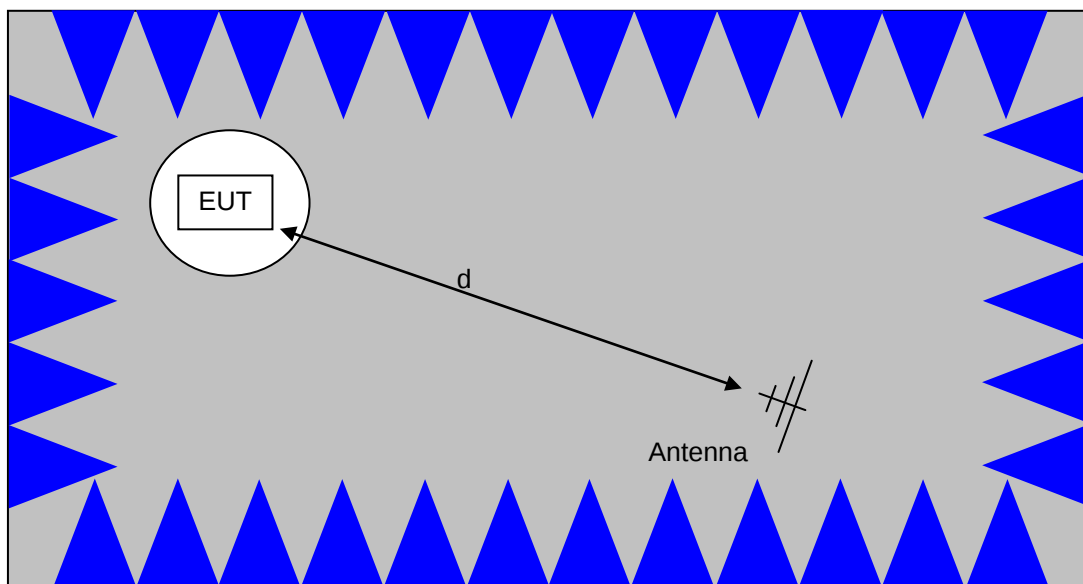
A speaker is provided in the receiver to aid in discriminating between EUT and ambient emissions. Other methods used during the preliminary scan for EUT emissions involve scanning with near field magnetic loops, monitoring I/O cables with RF current clamps, and cycling power to the EUT.

Final maximization is a phase in which the highest amplitude emissions identified in the spectral search are viewed while the EUT azimuth angle is varied from 0 to 360 degrees relative to the receiving antenna. The azimuth, which results in the highest emission is then maintained while varying the antenna height from one to four meters (for measurements above 30 MHz, measurements below 30 MHz are made with the loop antenna at a fixed height of 1m). The result is the identification of the highest amplitude for each of the highest peaks. Each recorded level is corrected in the receiver using appropriate factors for cables, connectors, antennas, and preamplifier gain.

When testing above 18 GHz, the receive antenna is located at 1 meter from the EUT and the antenna height is restricted to a maximum of 2.5 meters.

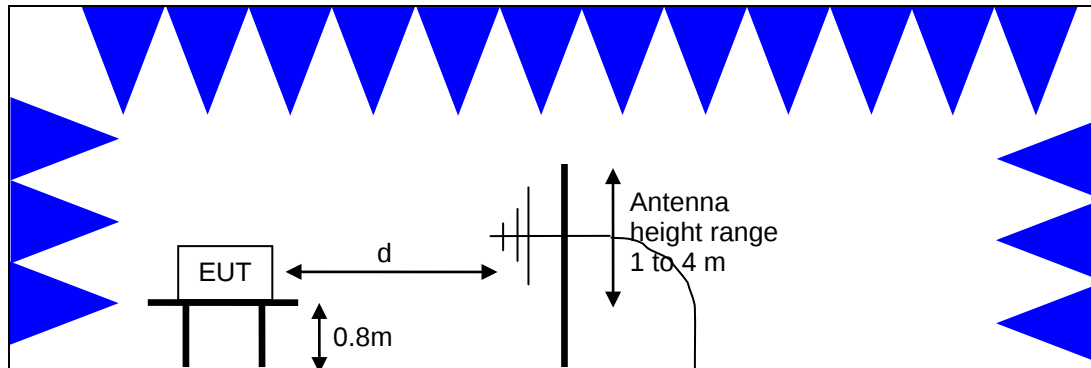


Typical Test Configuration for Radiated Field Strength Measurements



The anechoic materials on the walls and ceiling ensure compliance with the normalized site attenuation requirements of CISPR 16 / CISPR 22 / ANSI C63.4 for an alternate test site at the measurement distances used.

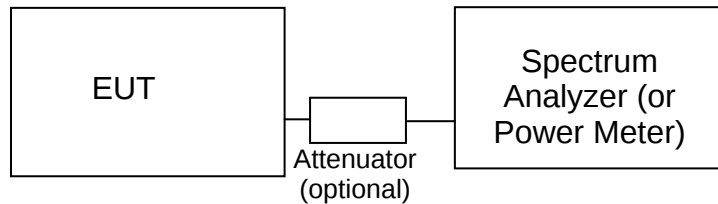
Floor-standing equipment is placed on the floor with insulating supports between the unit and the ground plane.



Test Configuration for Radiated Field Strength Measurements
Semi-Anechoic Chamber, Plan and Side Views

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS FROM ANTENNA PORT

Direct measurements of power, bandwidth and power spectral density are performed, where possible, with the antenna port of the EUT connected to either the power meter or spectrum analyzer via a suitable attenuator and/or filter. These are used to ensure that the front end of the measurement instrument is not overloaded by the fundamental transmission.

**Test Configuration for Antenna Port Measurements**

Measurement bandwidths (video and resolution) are set in accordance with the relevant standards and NTS Silicon Valley's test procedures for the type of radio being tested. When power measurements are made using a resolution bandwidth less than the signal bandwidth the power is calculated by summing the power across the signal bandwidth using either the analyzer channel power function or by capturing the trace data and calculating the power using software. In both cases the summed power is corrected to account for the equivalent noise bandwidth (ENBW) of the resolution bandwidth used.

If power averaging is used (typically for certain digital modulation techniques), the EUT is configured to transmit continuously. Power averaging is performed using either the built-in function of the analyzer or, if the analyzer does not feature power averaging, using external software. In both cases the average power is calculated over a number of sweeps (typically 100). When the EUT cannot be configured to continuously transmit then either the analyzer is configured to perform a gated sweep to ensure that the power is averaged over periods that the device is transmitting or power averaging is disabled and a max-hold feature is used.

If a power meter is used to make output power measurements the sensor head type (peak or average) is stated in the test data table.

BANDWIDTH MEASUREMENTS

The 6dB, 20dB, 26dB and/or 99% signal bandwidth are measured using the bandwidths recommended by ANSI C63.10 and RSS GEN.

SPECIFICATION LIMITS AND SAMPLE CALCULATIONS

The limits for conducted emissions are given in units of microvolts, and the limits for radiated emissions are given in units of microvolts per meter at a specified test distance. Data is measured in the logarithmic form of decibels relative to one microvolt, or dB microvolts (dBuV). For radiated emissions, the measured data is converted to the field strength at the antenna in dB microvolts per meter (dBuV/m). The results are then converted to the linear forms of uV and uV/m for comparison to published specifications.

For reference, converting the specification limits from linear to decibel form is accomplished by taking the base ten logarithm, then multiplying by 20. These limits in both linear and logarithmic form are as follows:

CONDUCTED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS: FCC 15.207; FCC 15.107(a), RSS GEN

The table below shows the limits for the emissions on the AC power line from an intentional radiator and a receiver.

Frequency (MHz)	Average Limit (dBuV)	Quasi Peak Limit (dBuV)
0.150 to 0.500	Linear decrease on logarithmic frequency axis between 56.0 and 46.0	Linear decrease on logarithmic frequency axis between 66.0 and 56.0
0.500 to 5.000	46.0	56.0
5.000 to 30.000	50.0	60.0

GENERAL TRANSMITTER RADIATED EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS

The table below shows the limits for the spurious emissions from transmitters that fall in restricted bands¹ (with the exception of transmitters operating under FCC Part 15 Subpart D and RSS 210 Annex 9), the limits for all emissions from a low power device operating under the general rules of RSS 310 (tables 3 and 4), RSS 210 (table 2) and FCC Part 15 Subpart C section 15.209.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m @ 3m)
0.009-0.490	$2400/F_{\text{KHz}} @ 300\text{m}$	$67.6-20*\log_{10}(F_{\text{KHz}}) @ 300\text{m}$
0.490-1.705	$24000/F_{\text{KHz}} @ 30\text{m}$	$87.6-20*\log_{10}(F_{\text{KHz}}) @ 30\text{m}$
1.705 to 30	30 @ 30m	29.5 @ 30m
30 to 88	100 @ 3m	40 @ 3m
88 to 216	150 @ 3m	43.5 @ 3m
216 to 960	200 @ 3m	46.0 @ 3m
Above 960	500 @ 3m	54.0 @ 3m

RECEIVER RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS SPECIFICATION LIMITS

The table below shows the limits for the spurious emissions from receivers as detailed in FCC Part 15.109, RSS 210 Table 2, RSS GEN Table 1 and RSS 310 Table 3. Note that receivers operating outside of the frequency range 30 MHz – 960 MHz are exempt from the requirements of 15.109.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limit (uV/m @ 3m)	Limit (dBuV/m @ 3m)
30 to 88	100	40
88 to 216	150	43.5
216 to 960	200	46.0
Above 960	500	54.0

¹ The restricted bands are detailed in FCC 15.203, RSS 210 Table 1 and RSS 310 Table 2

OUTPUT POWER LIMITS – FHSS SYSTEMS

The table below shows the limits for output power based on the number of channels available for the hopping system.

Operating Frequency (MHz)	Number of Channels	Output Power
902 – 928	≥ 50	1 Watt (30 dBm)
902 – 928	25 to 49	0.25 Watts (24 dBm)
2400 – 2483.5	≥ 75	1 Watt (30 dBm)
2400 – 2483.5	< 75	0.125 Watts (21 dBm)
5725 – 5850	75	1 Watt (30 dBm)

The maximum permitted output power is reduced by 1dB for every dB the antenna gain exceeds 6dBi. Fixed point-to-point applications using the 5725 – 5850 MHz band are not subject to this restriction.

TRANSMIT MODE SPURIOUS RADIATED EMISSIONS LIMITS – FHSS and DTS SYSTEMS

The limits for unwanted (spurious) emissions from the transmitter falling in the restricted bands are those specified in the general limits sections of FCC Part 15 and RSS 210. All other unwanted (spurious) emissions shall be at least 20dB below the level of the highest in-band signal level (30dB if the power is measured using the sample detector/power averaging method).

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Receiver readings are compared directly to the conducted emissions specification limit (decibel form) as follows:

$$R_T - S = M$$

where:

R_T = Receiver Reading in dBuV

S = Specification Limit in dBuV

M = Margin to Specification in +/- dB

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - FIELD STRENGTH TO EIRP CONVERSION

Where the radiated electric field strength is expressed in terms of the equivalent isotropic radiated power (eirp), or where a field strength measurement of output power is made in lieu of a direct measurement, the following formula is used to convert between eirp and field strength at a distance of d (meters) from the equipment under test:

$$E = \frac{1000000 \sqrt{30 P}}{d} \quad \text{microvolts per meter}$$

where P is the eirp (Watts)

For a measurement at 3m the conversion from a logarithmic value for field strength (dBuV/m) to an eirp power (dBm) is -95.3dB.

SAMPLE CALCULATIONS - RADIATED EMISSIONS

Receiver readings are compared directly to the specification limit (decibel form). The receiver internally corrects for cable loss, preamplifier gain, and antenna factor. The calculations are in the reverse direction of the actual signal flow, thus cable loss is added and the amplifier gain is subtracted. The Antenna Factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements.

A distance factor, when used for electric field measurements above 30MHz, is calculated by using the following formula:

$$F_d = 20 * \text{LOG}_{10} (D_m/D_s)$$

where:

$$F_d = \text{Distance Factor in dB}$$

$$D_m = \text{Measurement Distance in meters}$$

$$D_s = \text{Specification Distance in meters}$$

For electric field measurements below 30MHz the extrapolation factor is either determined by making measurements at multiple distances or a theoretical value is calculated using the formula:

$$F_d = 40 * \text{LOG}_{10} (D_m/D_s)$$

Measurement Distance is the distance at which the measurements were taken and Specification Distance is the distance at which the specification limits are based. The antenna factor converts the voltage at the antenna coaxial connector to the field strength at the antenna elements.

The margin of a given emission peak relative to the limit is calculated as follows:

$$R_c = R_r + F_d$$

and

$$M = R_c - L_s$$

where:

$$R_r = \text{Receiver Reading in dBuV/m}$$

$$F_d = \text{Distance Factor in dB}$$

$$R_c = \text{Corrected Reading in dBuV/m}$$

$$L_s = \text{Specification Limit in dBuV/m}$$

$$M = \text{Margin in dB Relative to Spec}$$

Appendix A Test Equipment Calibration Data

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Asset #</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
Radiated Emissions, 1,000 - 18,000 MHz, 24-Mar-14				
EMCO	Antenna, Horn, 1-18GHz	3115	868	6/19/2014
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	ESIB7	1630	6/22/2014
Hewlett Packard	Microwave Preamplifier, 1-26.5GHz	8449B	2199	2/20/2015
Micro-Tronics	Band Reject Filter, 2400-2500 MHz	BRM50702-02	2238	9/18/2014
Hewlett Packard	SpecAn 9 kHz - 40 GHz, (SA40) Purple	8564E (84125C)	2415	2/27/2015
Radiated Emissions, 1,000 - 18,000 MHz, 24-Mar-14				
EMCO	Antenna, Horn, 1-18GHz	3115	868	6/19/2014
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	ESIB7	1630	6/22/2014
Hewlett Packard	Microwave Preamplifier, 1-26.5GHz	8449B	2199	2/20/2015
Micro-Tronics	Band Reject Filter, 2400-2500 MHz	BRM50702-02	2238	9/18/2014
Hewlett Packard	SpecAn 9 kHz - 40 GHz, (SA40) Purple	8564E (84125C)	2415	2/27/2015
Hewlett Packard	High Pass filter, 8.2 GHz (Red System)	P/N 84300-80039 (84125C)	1152	8/2/2014
Radiated Emissions, 30 - 1,000 MHz, 24-Mar-14				
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	ESIB7	1630	6/22/2014
Sunol Sciences	Biconilog, 30-3000 MHz	JB3	2237	8/23/2014
Micro-Tronics	Band Reject Filter, 2400-2500 MHz	BRM50702-02	2238	9/18/2014
Hewlett Packard	9KHz-1300MHz pre-amp	8447F	2777	3/5/2015
Radiated Emissions, 30 - 1,000 MHz, 25-Mar-14				
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	ESIB7	1630	6/22/2014
Sunol Sciences	Biconilog, 30-3000 MHz	JB3	2237	8/23/2014
Micro-Tronics	Band Reject Filter, 2400-2500 MHz	BRM50702-02	2238	9/18/2014
Hewlett Packard	9KHz-1300MHz pre-amp	8447F	2777	3/5/2015
Radiated Emissions, 30 - 26,500 MHz, 27-Mar-14				
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Meter, Single Channel	NRVS	1422	1/24/2015
Rohde & Schwarz	Power Sensor 100 uW - 2 Watts use with 20dB attenuator sn:1031.6959.00 only	NRV-Z32	1423	9/17/2014
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer 20 Hz - 26.5 GHz	FSQ26	2327	4/25/2014
Radiated Emissions, 30 - 18,000 MHz, 28-Mar-14				
EMCO	Antenna, Horn, 1-18 GHz	3115	487	7/19/2014
Sunol Sciences	Biconilog, 30-3000 MHz	JB3	1548	8/9/2014
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	ESIB7	1756	6/8/2014
Hewlett Packard	Microwave Preamplifier, 1-26.5GHz	8449B	2199	2/20/2015
Micro-Tronics	Band Reject Filter, 2400-2500 MHz	BRM50702-02	2249	10/3/2014
Hewlett Packard	SpecAn 9 kHz - 40 GHz, (SA40) Purple	8564E (84125C)	2415	2/27/2015
Com-Power	Preamplifier, 1-1000 MHz	PAM-103	2885	11/1/2014

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Asset #</u>	<u>Cal Due</u>
Radiated Emissions, 30 - 6,500 MHz, 01-Apr-14				
EMCO	Antenna, Horn, 1-18 GHz (SA40-Red)	3115	1142	8/23/2014
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver, 20 Hz-7 GHz	ESIB7	1756	6/8/2014

Appendix B Test Data

T94651 Pages 24 to 43



EMC Test Data

Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Product	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
		Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Contact:	Bande Adepou	Project Coordinator:	-
Emissions Standard(s):	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Class:	-
Immunity Standard(s):	-	Environment:	-

EMC Test Data

For The

Wireless Seismic, Inc.

Product

01-0001

Date of Last Test: 3/28/2014

Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Model:	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
Contact:	Bandeled Adepoju	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator:	-
		Class:	N/A

Duty Cycle

Date of Test: 3/27/2014
 Test Engineer: M. Birgani
 Test Location: Femont Lab 4A

Duty cycle measurements performed on the worse case data rate for power.

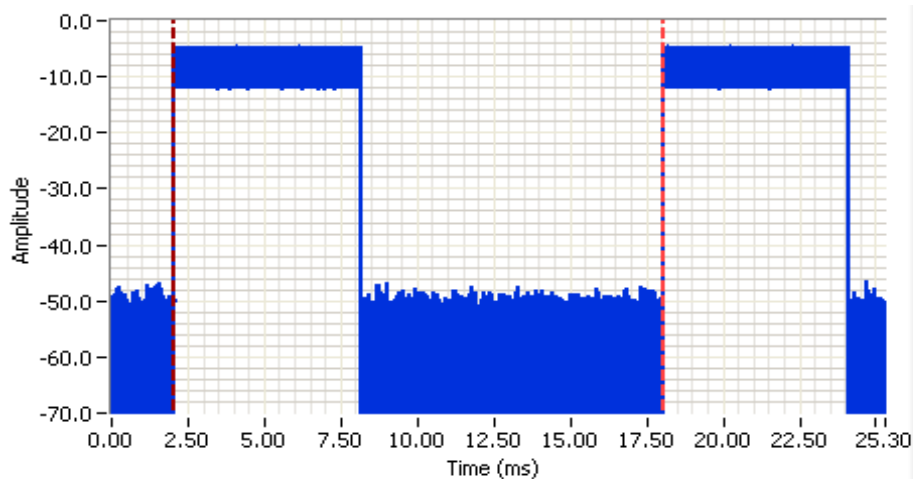
Notes: Measurements taken with maximum RBW/VBW settings allowed.

Mode	Data Rate	Duty Cycle (x)	Constant DC?	T (ms)	Pwr Cor Factor*	Lin Volt Cor Factor**	Min VBW for FS (Hz)
-	-	0.38	Yes	6.09	4.2	8.4	164

* Correction factor when using RMS/Power averaging - $10 \cdot \log(1/x)$

** Correction factor when using linear voltage average - $20 \cdot \log(1/x)$

T = Minimum transmission duration



Analyzer Settings

Agilent Technologies, E4446A
 CF: 2403.833 MHz
 SPAN: 0.000 MHz
 RB: 3.000 MHz
 VB: 3.000 MHz
 Detector: Normal
 Attn: 30 DB
 RL Offset: 0.0 DB
 Sweep Time: 25.3ms
 Ref Lvl: 17.0 DBM

Comments

Duty cycle: 38.1%
 On time: 6.09ms
 Cycle time: 16.00ms

Cursor 1	18.0526	5.00		Delta Time (ms)	16.00
Cursor 2	2.0573	5.00		Delta Amplitude	0.00

Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Model:	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
Contact:	Bande Adepou	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator:	-
		Class:	N/A

RSS 210 and FCC 15.247 (DTS) Radiated Spurious Emissions

Test Specific Details

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

General Test Configuration

The EUT and all local support equipment were located on the turntable for radiated spurious emissions testing.
For radiated emissions testing the measurement antenna was located 3 meters from the EUT, unless otherwise noted.

Ambient Conditions:		3/28/2014	4/1/2014
	Temperature:	24 °C	20 °C
	Rel. Humidity:	43 %	41 %

Summary of Results - Device Operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz Band

Run #	Mode	Channel	Power Setting	Measured Power	Test Performed	Limit	Result / Margin
1a	-	2403 MHz	9	12.5	Restricted Band Edge (2390 MHz)	FCC Part 15.209 / 15.247(c)	60.7 dBμV/m @ 2364.9 MHz (-13.3 dB)
			9	12.5	Radiated Emissions, 1 - 26 GHz	FCC Part 15.209 / 15.247(c)	44.6 dBμV/m @ 10624.1 MHz (-9.4 dB)
1b	-	2439 MHz	9	12.9	Radiated Emissions, 30-26000MHz	FCC Part 15.209 / 15.247(c)	44.8 dBμV/m @ 10741.0 MHz (-9.2 dB)
1c	-	2475 MHz	9	12.8	Restricted Band Edge (2483.5 MHz)	FCC Part 15.209 / 15.247(c)	65.9 dBμV/m @ 2484.9 MHz (-8.1 dB)
			9	12.8	Radiated Emissions, 1 - 26 GHz	FCC Part 15.209 / 15.247(c)	44.8 dBμV/m @ 10673.7 MHz (-9.2 dB)

Modifications Made During Testing

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.

Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Model:	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
Contact:	Bandele Adepoju	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator:	-
		Class:	N/A

Procedure Comments:

Measurements performed in accordance with FCC KDB 558074

Peak measurements performed with: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, peak detector, max hold, auto sweep time

Unless otherwise stated/noted, emission has duty cycle $\geq 98\%$ and was measured using RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz, peak detector, linear average mode, auto sweep time, max hold.

Mode	Data Rate	Duty Cycle (x)	Constant DC?	T (ms)	Pwr Cor Factor*	Lin Volt Cor Factor**	Min VBW for FS (Hz)
-	-	0.38	Yes	6.09	4.2	8.4	164

Sample Notes

Sample S/N: 0120800000154 - w/o Ferrite

Driver: 2.40 b16

Antenna: 5.5dBi omni

Measurement Specific Notes:

Note 1:	Emission in non-restricted band, but limit of 15.209 used.
Note 2:	Emission in non-restricted band, the limit was set 30dB below the level of the fundamental and measured in 100kHz.
Note 2:	Emission has duty cycle $\geq 98\%$, average measurement performed: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, RMS, Power averaging, auto sweep, trace average 100 traces
Note 3:	Emission has duty cycle $< 98\%$, but constant, average measurement performed: RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz, peak detector, linear averaging, auto sweep, trace average 100 traces, measurement corrected by Linear Voltage correction factor. The hopping sequence allows a 24.4 dB reduction in the average value ($20 \cdot \log(6/100)$).
Note 4:	Emission has duty cycle $< 98\%$ and is NOT constant, average measurement performed: RBW=1MHz, VBW $> 1/T$, peak detector, linear average mode, sweep time auto, max hold. Max hold for $50 \cdot (1/DC)$ traces
Note 5:	Emission has duty cycle $< 98\%$, but constant, average measurement performed: RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, RMS, Power averaging, auto sweep, trace average 100 traces, measurement corrected by Pwr correction factor
Note 6:	Plots of the average and peak bandedge do not account for any duty cycle correction. Refer to the tabluar results for final measurements.
Note:	Scans made between 18 - 26 GHz with the measurement antenna moved around the card and its antennas 20-50cm from the device indicated there were no significant emissions in this frequency range

Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Model:	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
Contact:	Bandele Adepoju	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator:	-
		Class:	N/A

Run #1: Radiated Spurious Emissions, 30 - 25000 MHz. Operating Mode:

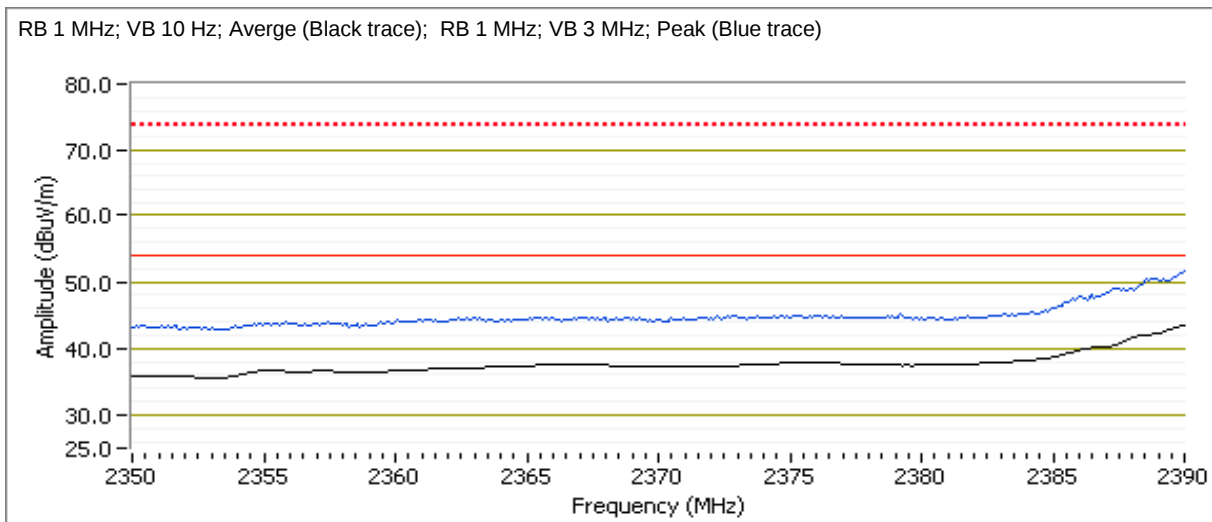
Date of Test: 4/1/2014
 Test Engineer: M. Birgani
 Test Location: Fremont Chamber #4

Config. Used: 1
 Config Change: None
 EUT Voltage: Battery

Run #1a: Low Channel @ 2403 MHz

Band Edge Signal Field Strength - Direct measurement of field strength

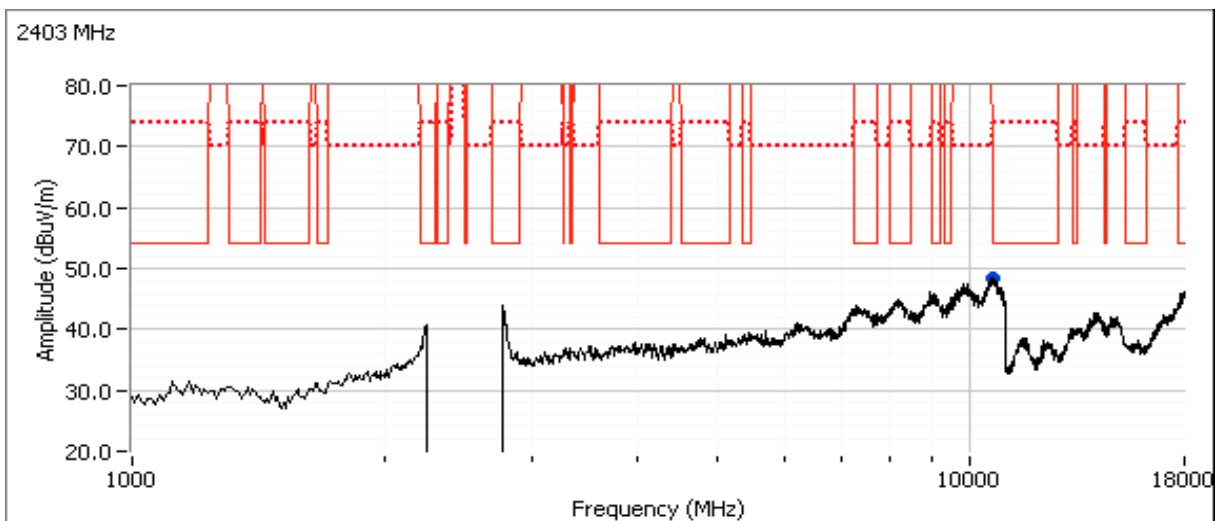
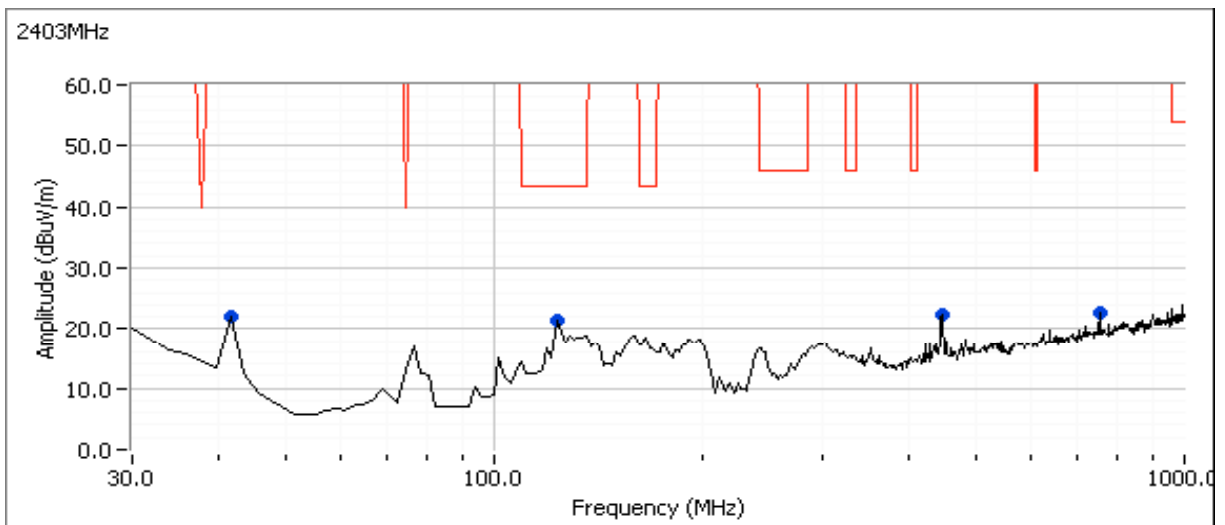
Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209 / 15.247		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB μ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
2364.910	60.7	V	74.0	-13.3	PK	17	1.6	POS; RB 1 MHz; VB: 3 MHz
2386.710	45.7	H	74.0	-28.3	PK	122	1.6	POS; RB 1 MHz; VB: 3 MHz
2390.000	30.2	V	54.0	-23.8	AVG	17	1.6	Note 3
2390.000	16.8	H	54.0	-37.2	AVG	122	1.6	Note 3



Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Model:	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
Contact:	Bandle Adepoju	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator:	-
		Class:	N/A

Other Spurious Emissions

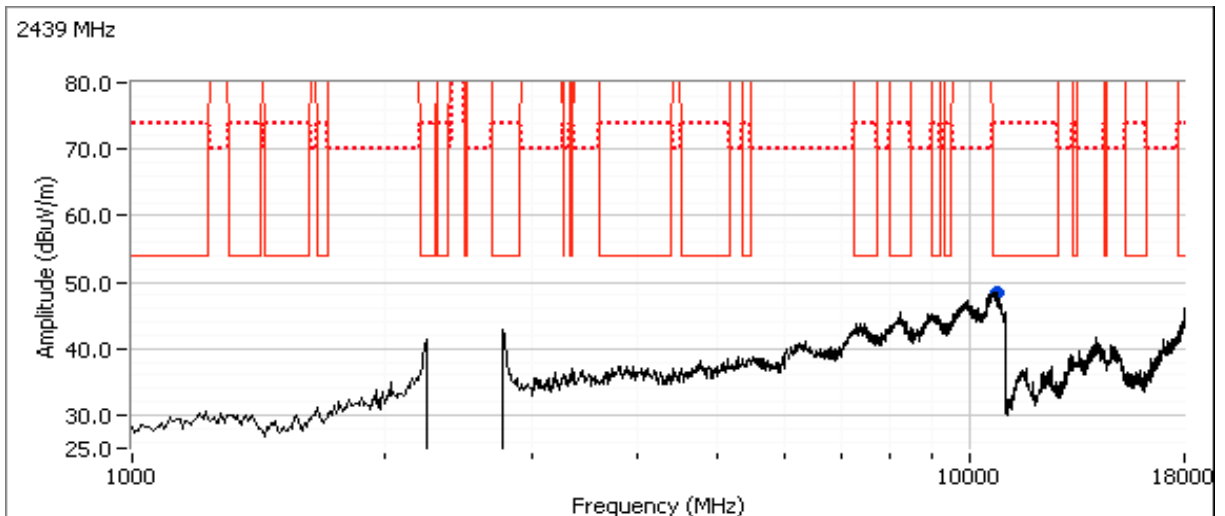
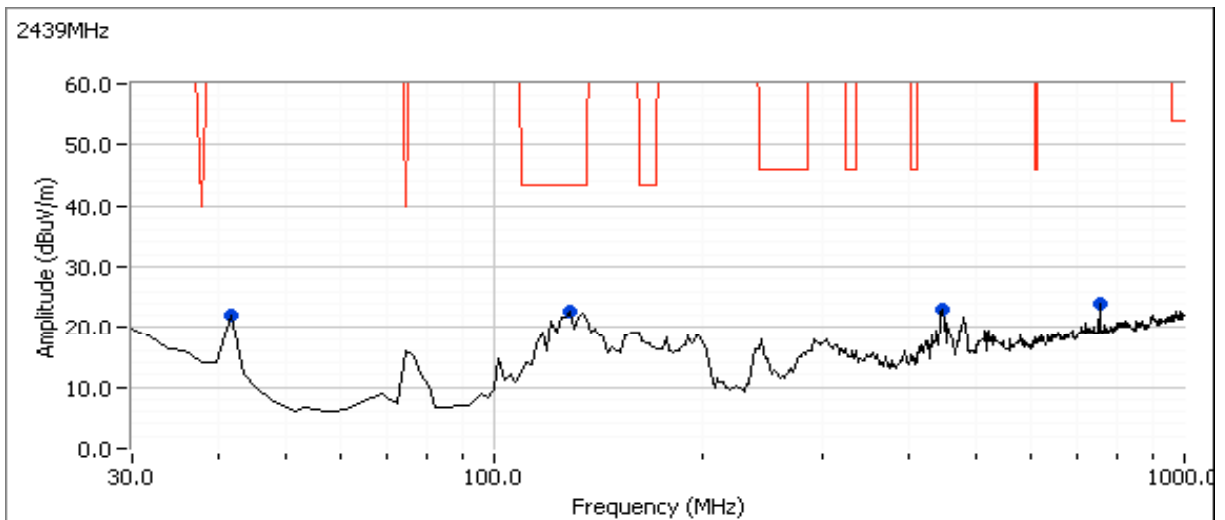
Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209 / 15.247		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dBμV/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
10624.110	44.6	V	54.0	-9.4	AVG	0	1.0	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
10623.750	55.7	V	74.0	-18.3	PK	0	1.0	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
751.995	24.0	H	46.0	-22.0	QP	138	1.0	Note 1
42.257	16.5	V	40.0	-23.5	QP	101	1.3	Note 1
124.245	17.6	H	43.5	-25.9	QP	256	1.6	QP (1.00s)
448.010	18.4	V	46.0	-27.6	QP	292	1.5	Note 1



Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Model:	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
Contact:	Bandle Adepoju	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator:	-
		Class:	N/A

Run #1b: Center Channel @ 2439 MHz

Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209 / 15.247		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB μ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
10740.950	44.8	H	54.0	-9.2	AVG	59	1.3	RB 1 MHz;VB 10 Hz;Peak
10740.620	55.6	H	74.0	-18.4	PK	59	1.3	RB 1 MHz;VB 3 MHz;Peak
751.995	24.2	H	46.0	-21.8	QP	143	1.0	Note 1
42.400	16.6	V	40.0	-23.4	QP	168	1.0	Note 1
448.010	22.1	V	46.0	-23.9	QP	11	1.5	Note 1
128.998	16.2	H	43.5	-27.3	QP	276	2.0	QP (1.00s)

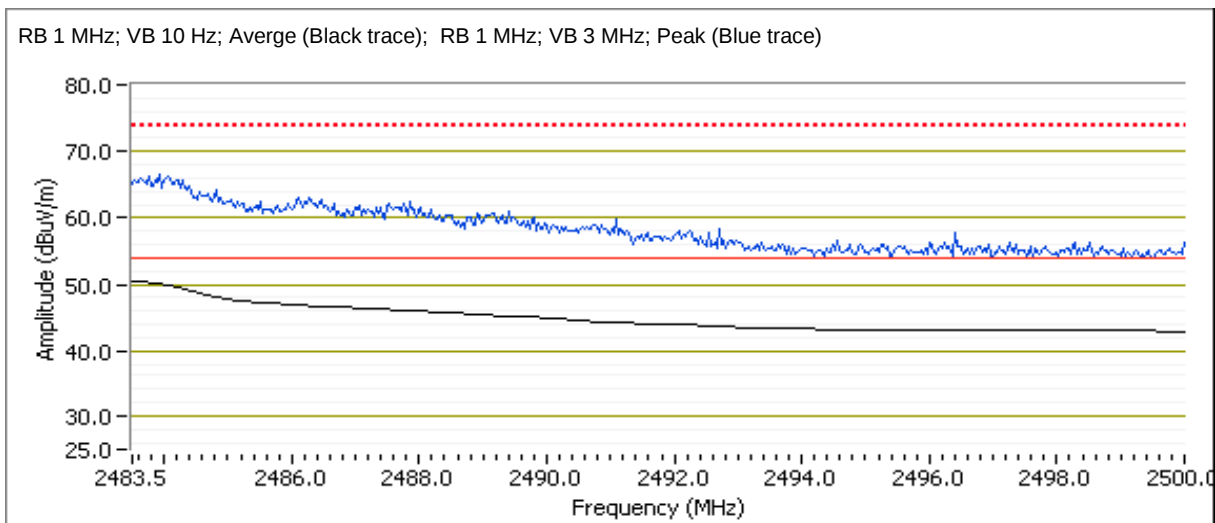


Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Model:	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
Contact:	Bandle Adepoju	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator:	-
		Class:	N/A

Run #1c: High Channel @ 2475 MHz

Band Edge Signal Field Strength - Direct measurement of field strength

Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209 / 15.247		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB μ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
2484.920	65.9	V	74.0	-8.1	PK	148	1.5	POS; RB 1 MHz; VB: 3 MHz
2490.210	48.3	H	74.0	-25.7	PK	139	1.4	POS; RB 1 MHz; VB: 3 MHz
2483.530	34.4	V	54.0	-19.6	AVG	148	1.5	Note 3
2483.530	18.7	H	54.0	-35.3	AVG	139	1.4	Note 3

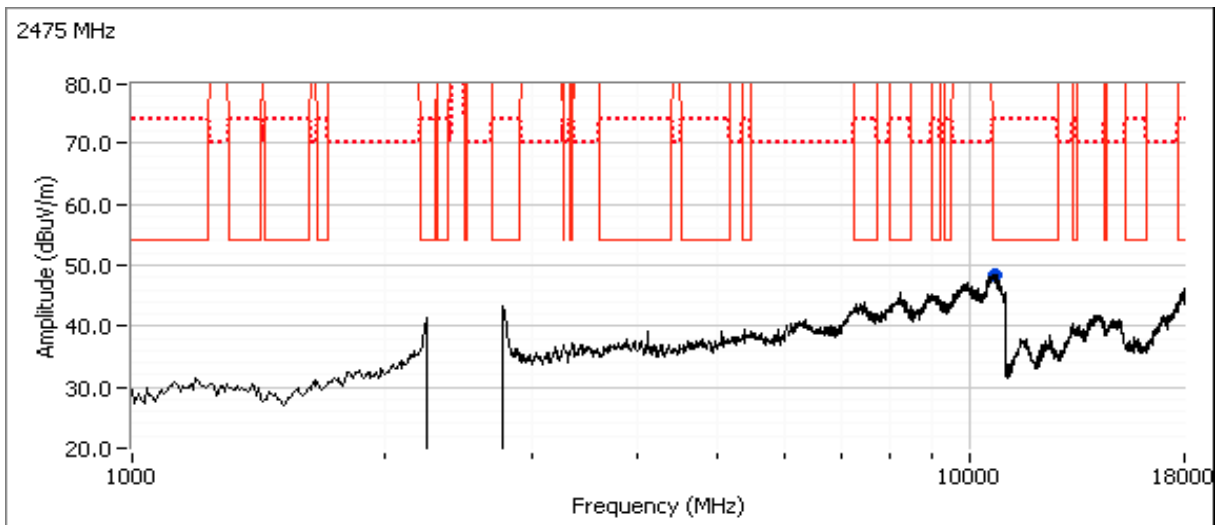
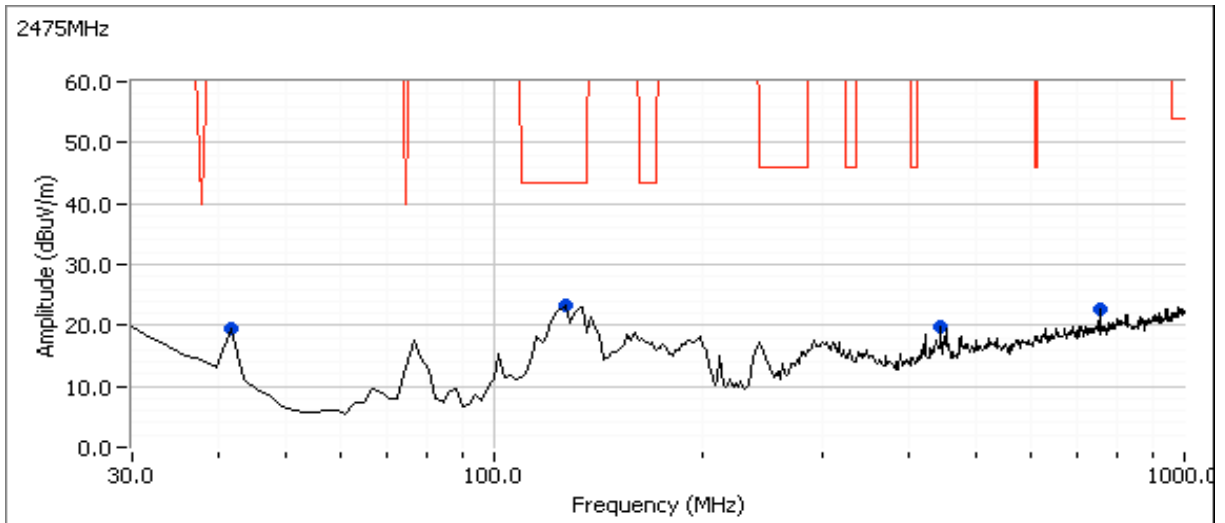


Other Spurious Emissions

Frequency	Level	Pol	15.209 / 15.247		Detector	Azimuth	Height	Comments
MHz	dB μ V/m	v/h	Limit	Margin	Pk/QP/Avg	degrees	meters	
10673.710	44.8	V	54.0	-9.2	AVG	312	2.5	RB 1 MHz; VB 10 Hz; Peak
10673.730	55.9	V	74.0	-18.1	PK	312	2.5	RB 1 MHz; VB 3 MHz; Peak
42.257	16.7	V	40.0	-23.3	QP	92	2.3	Note 1
751.995	22.3	H	46.0	-23.7	QP	0	1.1	Note 1
127.256	16.1	H	43.5	-27.4	QP	300	1.2	QP (1.00s)
444.013	18.5	V	46.0	-27.5	QP	116	1.5	Note 1

Note: Scans made between 18 - 26 GHz with the measurement antenna moved around the card and its antennas 20-50cm from the device indicated there were no significant emissions in this frequency range

Client: Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number: J94578
Model: 01-0001	T-Log Number: T94651
Contact: Bandele Adepoju	Project Manager: Deepa Shetty
Standard: FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator: -
	Class: N/A



Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Model:	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
Contact:	Bandele Adepoju	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator:	-
		Class:	N/A

FCC 15.247 FHSS - Power, Bandwidth and Spurious Emissions

Test Specific Details

Objective: The objective of this test session is to perform final qualification testing of the EUT with respect to the specification listed above.

Date of Test: 3/27/2014
 Test Engineer: M. Birgani
 Test Location: Femont Lab 4A

Config. Used: 1
 Config Change: 1
 EUT Voltage: 3.7V

General Test Configuration

The EUT and all local support equipment were located on the turntable for radiated spurious emissions testing.

For radiated emissions testing the measurement antenna was located 3 meters from the EUT.

When measuring the conducted emissions from the EUT's antenna port, the antenna port of the EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer or power meter via a suitable attenuator to prevent overloading the measurement system. All measurements are corrected to allow for the external attenuators used. (See block diagram below)

Unless stated otherwise the EUT was operating such that it constantly hopped on either the low, center or high channels.

Ambient Conditions:

Temperature: 18-20 °C
 Rel. Humidity: 30-35 %

Summary of Results

Run #	Test Performed	Limit	Pass / Fail	Result / Margin
1	30 - 25000 MHz - Transmitter Conducted Spurious Emissions	FCC Part 15.247(c)	Pass	All signals were below 20dBc margin
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	Pass	12.9 dBm (0.019 W)
3	20dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)	Pass	5.3 MHz
3	Channel Occupancy	15.247(a)	Pass	150 ms in any 7.6 s period
3	Number of Channels	15.247(a)	Pass	19

Modifications Made During Testing:

No modifications were made to the EUT during testing

Deviations From The Standard

No deviations were made from the requirements of the standard.

Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Model:	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
Contact:	Bandle Adepoju	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator:	-
		Class:	N/A

Sample Notes

Sample S/N: 0120800000157

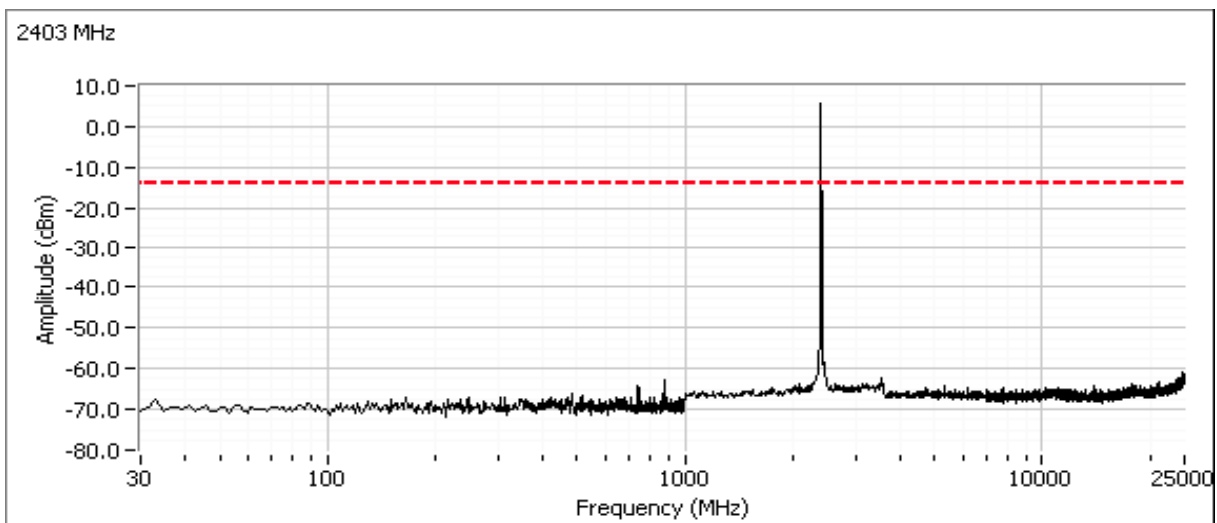
Driver: 2.40 b16

Antenna: 5.5 dBi

Run #1: Antenna Conducted Spurious Emissions, 30 - 25000 MHz.

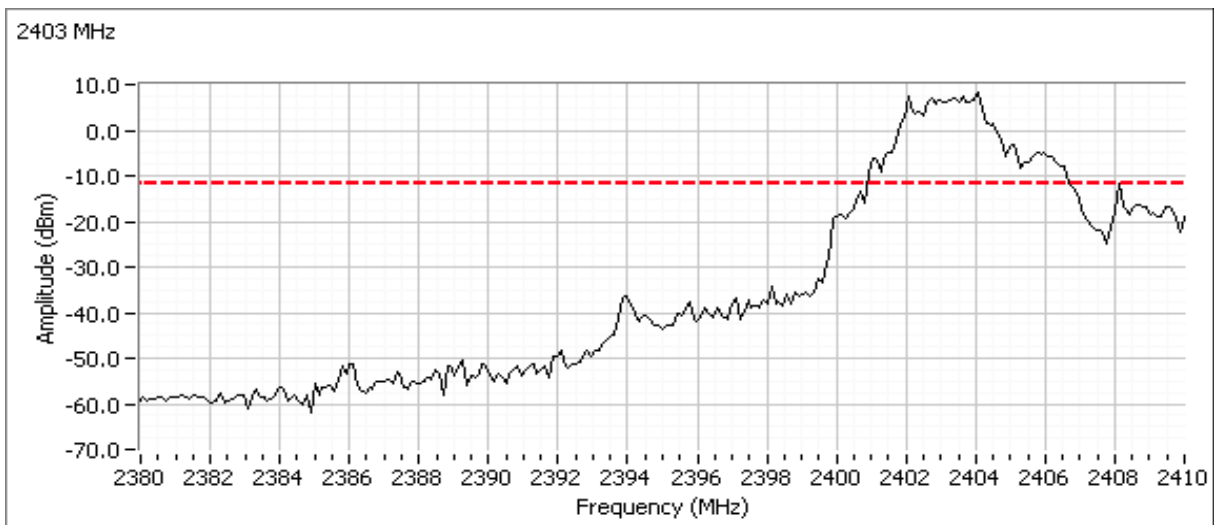
Refer to plots below. Scans made using RBW=100kHz/VBW=300kHz with the limit line set at 20dB below the highest in-band signal level with the **hopping feature disabled**.

Low channel

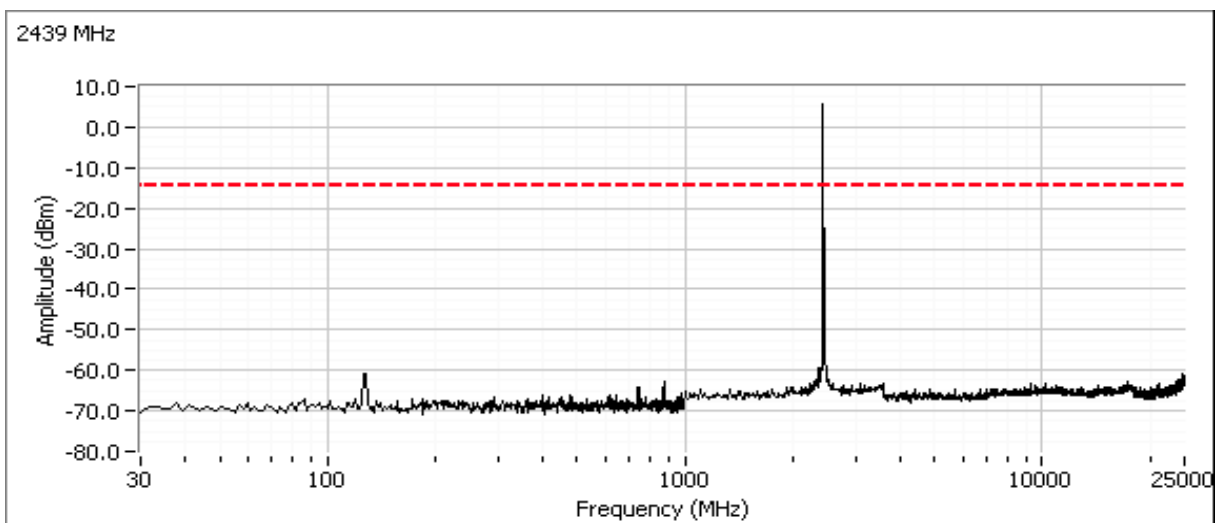


Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Model:	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
Contact:	Bandle Adepoju	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator:	-
		Class:	N/A

Plot showing -20dBc at the lower band edge

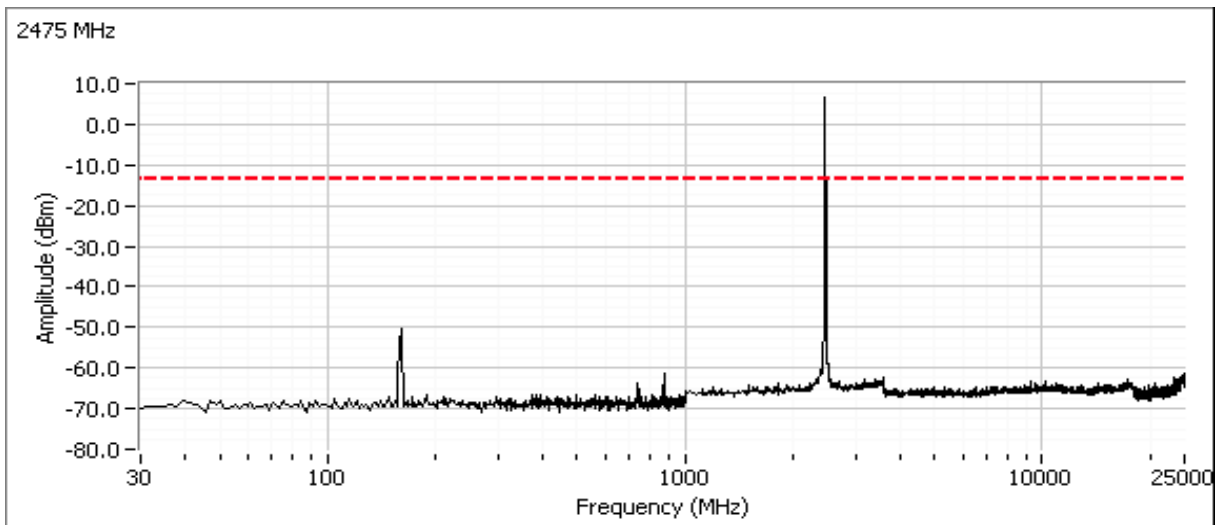


Center channel

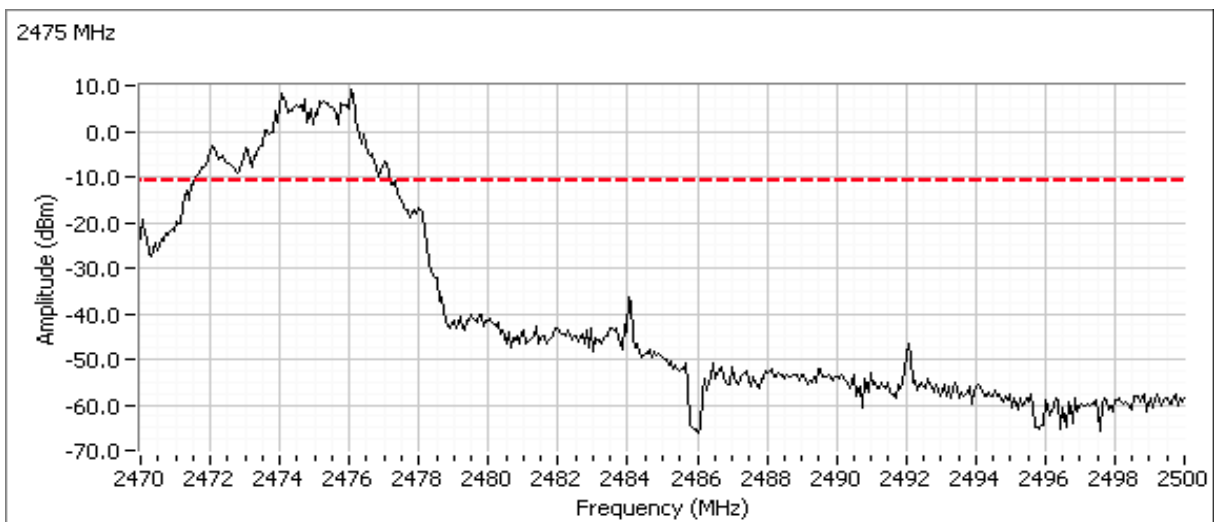


Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Model:	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
Contact:	Bandle Adepoju	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator:	-
		Class:	N/A

High channel



Plot showing -20dBc at the upper band edge

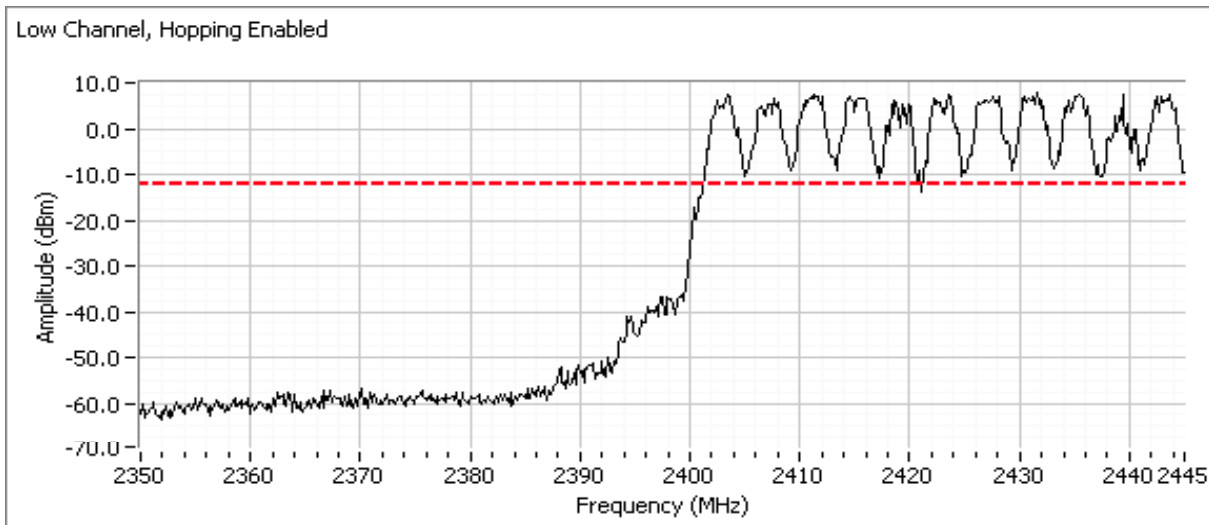


Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Model:	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
Contact:	Bandle Adepoju	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator:	-
		Class:	N/A

Refer to plots below. Scans made using RBW=100kHz/VBW=300kHz with the limit line set at 20dB below the highest in-band signal level with the **hopping feature enabled** to show compliance with the -20dBc requirement at the allocated band edge. The spectrum analyzer is left in max hold mode until the trace stabilizes.

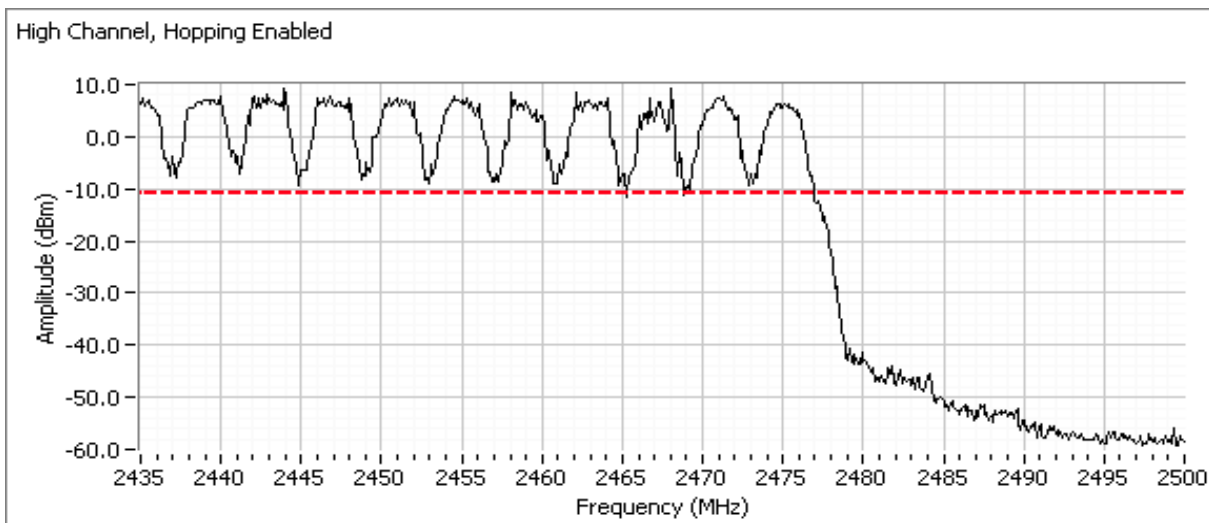
Low channel, hopping enabled

Plot showing -20dBc at the lower band edge



High channel, hopping enabled

Plot showing -20dBc at the upper band edge



Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Model:	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
Contact:	Bande Adepou	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator:	-
		Class:	N/A

Run #4: Output Power (Power setting: 9)

For frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band, using less than 75 non-overlapping channels: 0.125 watts.

Maximum antenna gain: 5.5 dBi

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Res BW	Output Power (dBm)	Output Power (W)	EIRP (W)
Low	2403	-	12.5	0.018	0.063
Mid	2439	-	12.9	0.019	0.069
High	2475	-	12.8	0.019	0.068

Note 1: Power measured using wideband Peak Power meter.

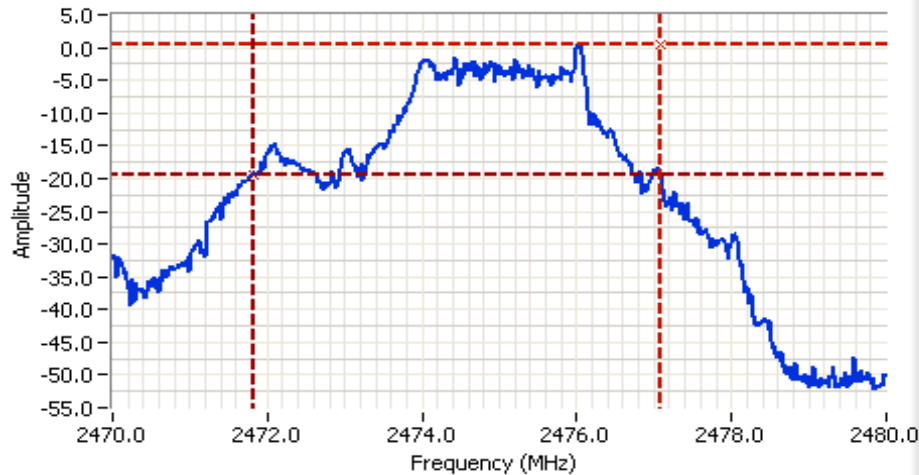
Run #3: Bandwidth, Channel Occupancy, Spacing and Number of Channels

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Resolution Bandwidth	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Resolution Bandwidth	99% Bandwidth (MHz)
Low	2403	100kHz	5.2	1MHz	7.3
Mid	2439	100kHz	5.2	1MHz	7.3
High	2475	100kHz	5.3	1MHz	7.0

Note 1: 20dB bandwidth measured using RB = 100kHz, VB = 300kHz (VB > RB)

Note 2: 99% bandwidth measured using RB = 1MHz, VB = 3MHz (VB >= 3RB)

Client: Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number: J94578
Model: 01-0001	T-Log Number: T94651
Contact: Bandele Adepoju	Project Manager: Deepa Shetty
Standard: FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator: -
	Class: N/A



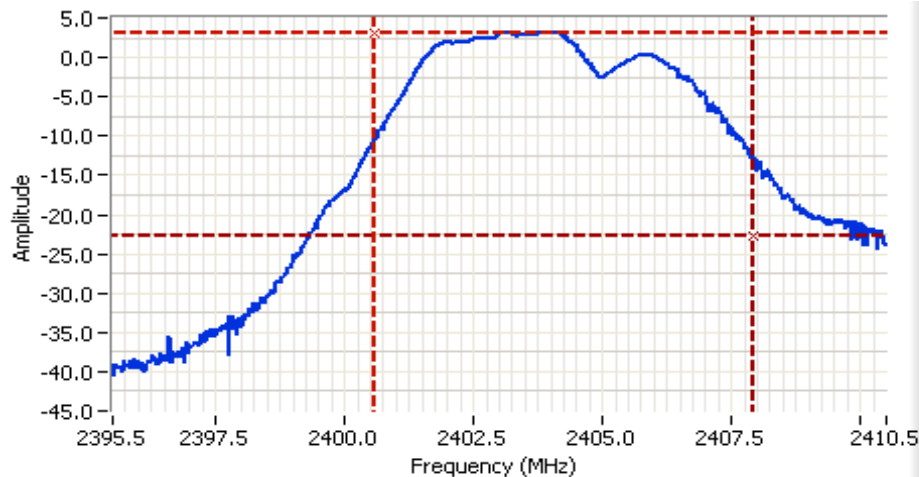
Analyzer Settings
 Rohde&SchwaCF: 2475.000 MHz
 SPAN: 10.000 MHz
 RB: 100 kHz
 VB: 300 kHz
 Detector: POS
 Attn: 35 DB
 RL Offset: 0.0 DB
 Sweep Time: 50.0ms
 Ref Lvl: 10.0 DBM

Comments

20dB BW: 5.3 MHz

Cursor 1 2477.0833 0.50
 Cursor 2 2471.8109 -19.50

Delta Freq. 5.272
 Delta Amplitude 20.00



Analyzer Settings
 Rohde&SchwaCF: 2403.000 MHz
 SPAN: 15.000 MHz
 RB: 1.000 MHz
 VB: 3.000 MHz
 Detector: POS
 Attn: 35 DB
 RL Offset: 0.0 DB
 Sweep Time: 50.0ms
 Ref Lvl: 10.0 DBM

Comments

99% BW: 7.3 MHz

Cursor 1 2400.5880 3.17
 Cursor 2 2407.9080 -22.83

Delta Freq. 7.320
 Delta Amplitude 26.00



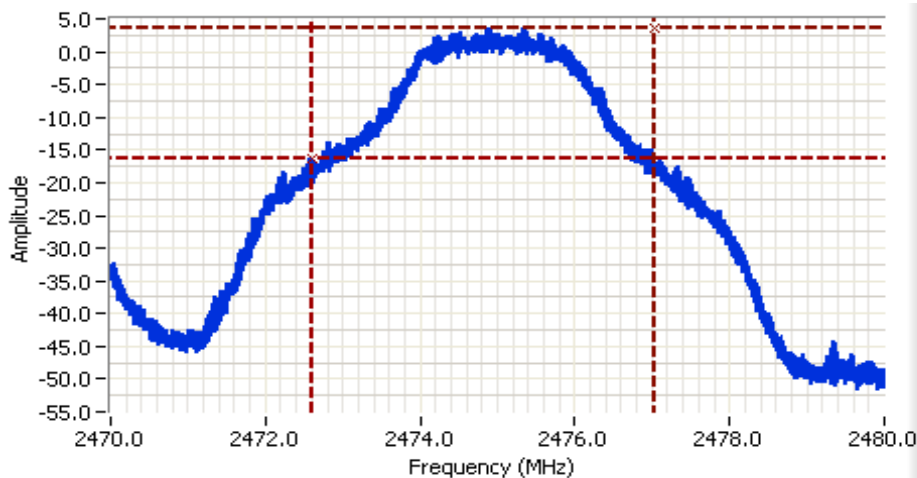
Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Model:	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
Contact:	Bande Adepou	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator:	-
		Class:	N/A

Frequency hopping systems in the **2400-2483.5 MHz** band shall use at least 15 channels.

The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. (Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.)

The channel dwell time is calculated from the transmit time on a channel multiplied by the number of times a channel could be used in a period of 0.4 times the number of channels, N (i.e. $0.4N$ divided by the time between successive hops, rounded up to the closest integer), unless the time between successive hops exceeds $0.4N$, in which case the channel dwell time is the transmit time on a channel.

Maximum 20dB bandwidth:	5300 kHz	
Channel spacing:	4000 kHz	Pass
Number of channels (N):	19	Pass
Transmission time per hop:	6 ms	
# of times hops on one channel in 7.6 seconds:	25	
Channel dwell time in 7.6 seconds:	150 ms	Pass



Analyzer Settings

Agilent Technologies, E4446A
 CF: 2475.000 MHz
 SPAN: 10.000 MHz
 RB: 100 kHz
 VB: 300 kHz
 Detector: POS
 Attn: 10 DB
 RL Offset: 11.8 DB
 Sweep Time: 5.0s
 Ref Lvl: 11.8 DBM

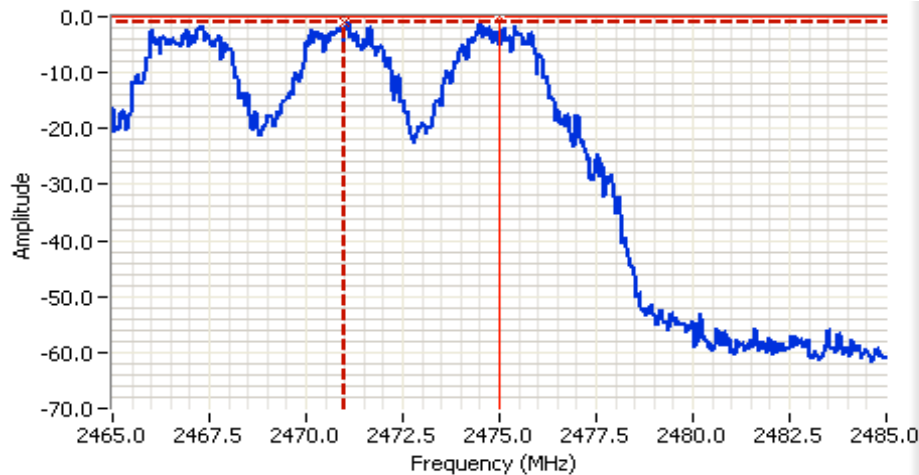
Comments

20dB BW: 4.4 MHz

Cursor 1	2477.0234	3.67	
Cursor 2	2472.5945	-16.33	

Delta Freq. 4.429
 Delta Amplitude 20.00

Client: Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number: J94578
Model: 01-0001	T-Log Number: T94651
Contact: Bandele Adepoju	Project Manager: Deepa Shetty
Standard: FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator: -
	Class: N/A



Analyzer Settings

Agilent Technologies, E4446A
 CF: 2475.000 MHz
 SPAN: 20.000 MHz
 RB: 100 kHz
 VB: 300 kHz
 Detector: POS
 Attn: 20 DB
 RL Offset: 11.8 DB
 Sweep Time: 1.9ms
 Ref Lvl: 16.0 DBM

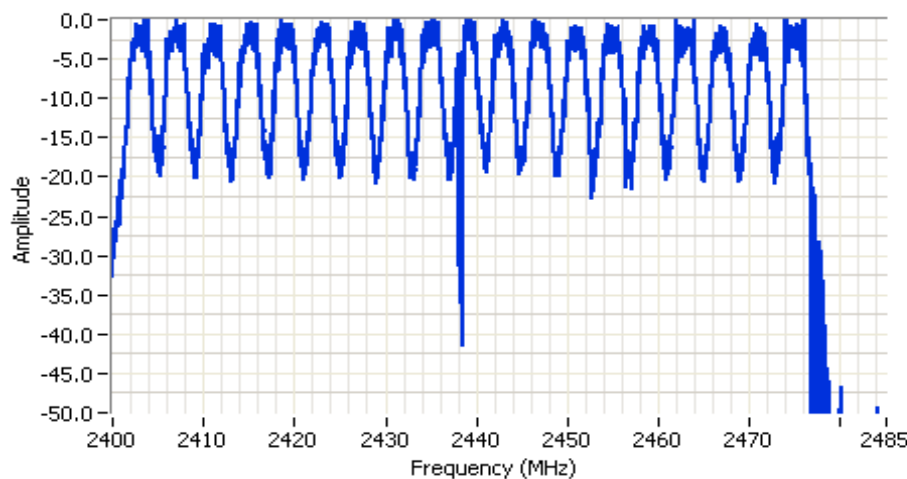
Comments

Channel Separation = 4MHz

Cursor 1 2471.0000 -1.09
 Cursor 1 2475.0000 0.00

Delta Freq. 4.000

Delta Amplitude 1.09



Analyzer Settings

Agilent Technologies, E4446A
 CF: 2442.500 MHz
 SPAN: 85.000 MHz
 RB: 43.0 kHz
 VB: 130 kHz
 Detector: POS
 Attn: 10 DB
 RL Offset: 11.8 DB
 Sweep Time: 1.5s
 Ref Lvl: 11.8 DBM

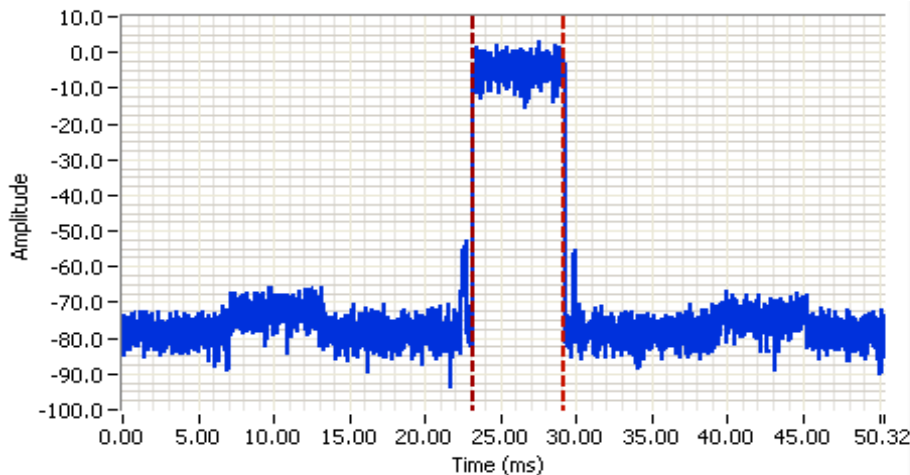
Comments

Number of channels

Cursor 1 2394.6875 24.89
 0.0000 0.00



Client: Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number: J94578
Model: 01-0001	T-Log Number: T94651
Contact: Bandele Adepoju	Project Manager: Deepa Shetty
Standard: FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator: -
	Class: N/A



Analyzer Settings

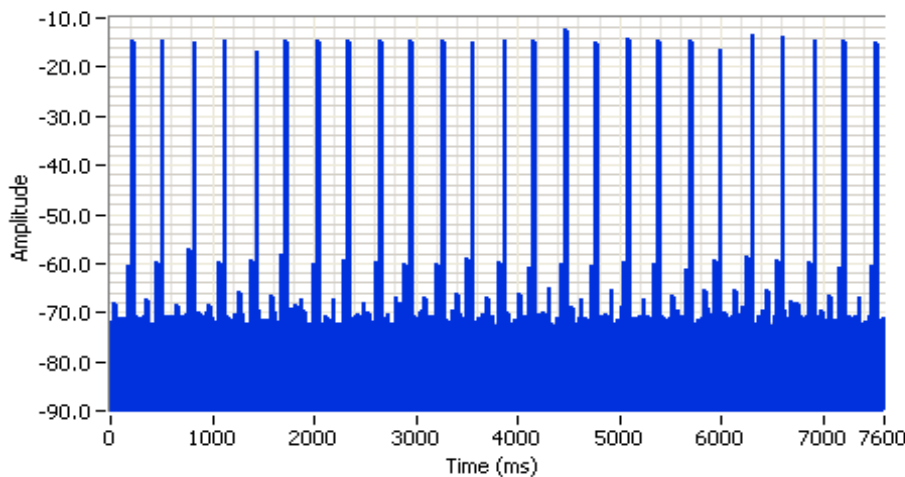
Agilent Technologies, E4446A
 CF: 2403.000 MHz
 SPAN: 0.000 MHz
 RB: 100 kHz
 VB: 300 kHz
 Detector: POS
 Attn: 10 DB
 RL Offset: 11.8 DB
 Sweep Time: 50.3ms
 Ref Lvl: 11.8 DBM

Comments

Dwell time: 6.0ms

Cursor 1 29.2135 15.00    Delta Time (ms) 6.03

Cursor 2 23.1835 15.00    Delta Amplitude 0.00



Analyzer Settings

Rohde&SchwaCF: 2403.000 MHz
 SPAN: 0.000 MHz
 RB: 3.00 kHz
 VB: 10.0 kHz
 Detector: Normal
 Attn: 35 DB
 RL Offset: 0.0 DB
 Sweep Time: 7.6s
 Ref Lvl: 10.0 DBM

Comments

25hops/7.6sec

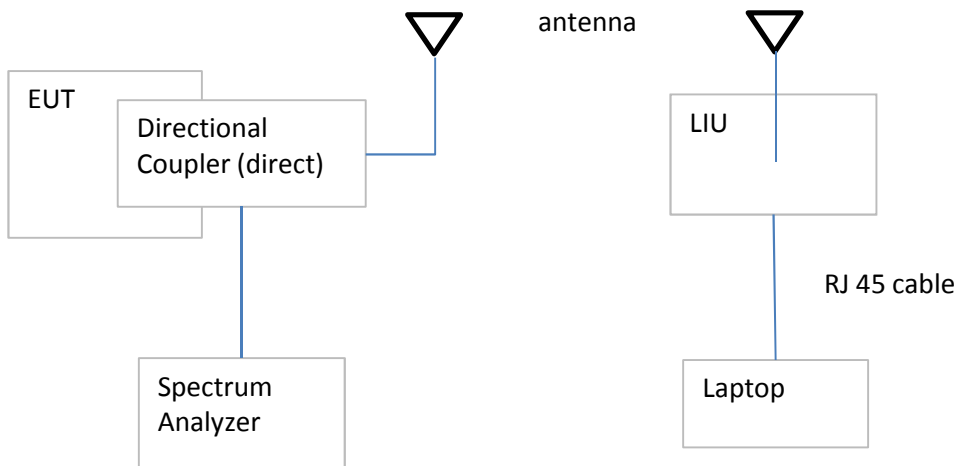
Cursor 1 -79.1667 -5.83   

0.0000 0.00   



Client:	Wireless Seismic, Inc.	Job Number:	J94578
Model:	01-0001	T-Log Number:	T94651
Contact:	Bandeled Adepoju	Project Manager:	Deepa Shetty
Standard:	FCC 15.247 / RSS-210	Project Coordinator:	-
		Class:	N/A

Antenna Port Measurements Setup Diagram



Note: Loss of coupler and cable accounted for in all measurements

End of Report

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