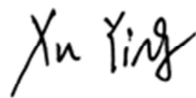


RF TEST REPORT

Applicant IDEMIA PUBLIC SECURITY France
FCC ID ZBW-MPHMB005A
Product ID Screen V2
Brand IDEMIA
Model MPH-MB005A
Report No. EFTA26020037-IE-02-R4
Issue Date May 21, 2026

Eurofins TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **FCC CFR47 Part 15E**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.



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Summary of measurement results

Number	Test Case	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict
1	Average output power	15.407(a)	PASS
2	Occupied bandwidth	15.407(e)	PASS
3	Frequency stability	15.407(g)	PASS
4	Power spectral density	15.407(a)	PASS
5	Unwanted Emissions	15.407(b), 15.205, 15.209	PASS
6	Conducted Emissions	15.207	PASS
Date of Testing: February 3, 2026 ~ April 14, 2026			
Date of Sample Received: February 3, 2026			
Note: PASS: The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard. FAIL: The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by Eurofins TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only.			

1. Test Laboratory

1.1. Notes of the test report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **Eurofins TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

1.2. Test facility

FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

Eurofins TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

Eurofins TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

1.3. Testing Location

Company: Eurofins TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
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E-mail: Kain.Xu@cpt.eurofinscn.com

2. General Description of Equipment under Test

2.1. Applicant and Manufacturer Information

Applicant	IDEMIA PUBLIC SECURITY France
Applicant address	2, place samuel de champlain 92400 Courbevoie, France
Manufacturer	IDEMIA PUBLIC SECURITY France
Manufacturer address	2, place samuel de champlain 92400 Courbevoie, France

2.2. General information

EUT Description		
Model	MPH-MB005A	
IMEI	Conducted	IMEI 1: 355865520009009 IMEI 2: 355865520009017
	Radiated	IMEI 1: 355865520007581 IMEI 2: 355865520007599
Hardware Version	V01	
Software Version	IDEMIA_WM28P_V01_260122	
Power Supply	Battery / AC adapter	
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna	
Antenna Connector	A permanently attached antenna (meet with the standard FCC Part 15.203 requirement)	
Antenna Gain	U-NII-1: -0.23 dBi U-NII-2A: -0.23 dBi U-NII-2C: -0.63 dBi U-NII-3: -1.73 dBi	
Operating Frequency Range(s)	U-NII-1: 5150MHz-5250MHz U-NII-2A: 5250MHz -5350MHz U-NII-2C: 5470MHz-5725MHz U-NII-3: 5725MHz -5850MHz	
Modulation Type	802.11a: OFDM 802.11n (HT20/HT40): OFDM 802.11ac (VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160): OFDM 802.11ax SU(HE20/ HE40/ HE80/HE160): OFDMA	
Max. Output Power	17.50 dBm	
Operating temperature range	-10 ° C to 55 ° C	
Operating voltage range	3.6 VDC to 4.4 VDC	
Testing temperature range	-30 ° C to 50° C	
Testing voltage range	3.6 VDC – 3.85 VDC – 4.4 VDC	
State voltage	3.85 VDC	
EUT Accessory		

Adapter	Manufacturer: Shenzhen Sorghum red Electronics Technology Co.,Ltd. Model: GLH-PD20W-D Input: 100-240V 0.5A Output: 9.0V $\overline{\text{---}}$ 2.22A
Battery	Manufacturer: Guangdong Fenghua New Energy Co.,Ltd. Model: GF-LIP-100385A-N01 DC 3.85V, 9800mAh
Cable	Manufacturer: Huizhou juwei electronics co. Ltd Model: JWUB2095-M01H 150cm Cable
Note: 1. The EUT is sent from the applicant to Eurofins TA and the information of the EUT is declared by the applicant. 2. This device support automatically discontinue transmission, while the device is not transmitting any information, the device can automatically discontinue transmission and become standby mode for power saving. The device can detect the controlling signal of ACK message transmitting from remote device and verify whether it shall resend or discontinue transmission. 3. (a) Manufacturers implements security features in any digitally modulated devices capable of operating in any of the U-NII bands, so that third parties are not able to reprogram the device to operate outside the parameters for which the device was certified. The software prevents the user from operating the transmitter with operating frequencies, output power, modulation types or other radio frequency parameters outside those that were approved for the device. Manufacturers uses means including, but not limited to the use of a private network that allows only authenticated users to download software, electronic signatures in software or coding in hardware that is decoded by software to verify that new software can be legally loaded into a device to meet these requirements and must describe the methods in their application for equipment authorization. (b) Manufacturers take steps to ensure that DFS functionality cannot be disabled by the operator of the U-NII device.	

The Product has two (2) SKUs, The customer declares they are identical on software/ hardware edition/ PCB layout/Schematic diagram/Frequency band/battery/charger.

Only the TOF and IRIS camera are different.

SKU	Marketing Name	Configuration
SKU1	IDScreen ONE	No TOF and IRIS camera
SKU2	IDScreen ONE-i	TOF and IRIS camera

3. Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

Test standards:

FCC CFR47 Part 15E Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure Devices
ANSI C63.10-2020

Reference standard:

KDB 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v02r01

4. Test Configuration

Test Mode

The EUT has been associated with peripherals and configuration operated in a manner tended to maximize its emission characteristics in a typical application.

In order to find the worst case condition, Pre-tests are needed at the presence of different data rate. Preliminary tests have been done on all the configuration for confirming worst case. Data rate below means worst-case rate of each test item.

The test software is used adb.

Worst-case data rates are shown as following table.

Mode	Data Rate
802.11a	6 Mbps
802.11n HT20	MCS0
802.11n HT40	MCS0
802.11ac VHT20	MCS0
802.11ac VHT40	MCS0
802.11ac VHT80	MCS0
802.11ac VHT160	MCS0
802.11ax HE20	MCS0
802.11ax HE40	MCS0
802.11ax HE80	MCS0
802.11ax HE160	MCS0

Wireless Technology and Frequency Range

Wireless Technology		Bandwidth	Channel	Frequency
Wi-Fi	U-NII-1	20 MHz	36	5180MHz
			40	5200MHz
			44	5220MHz
			48	5240MHz
		40 MHz	38	5190MHz
			46	5230MHz
		80 MHz	42	5210MHz
	U-NII-2A	160 MHz	50	5250MHz
		20 MHz	52	5260MHz
			56	5280MHz
			60	5300MHz
			64	5320MHz
		40 MHz	54	5270MHz
			62	5310MHz
		80 MHz	58	5290MHz
	U-NII-2C	20 MHz	100	5500MHz
			104	5520MHz
			108	5540MHz
			112	5560MHz
			116	5580MHz
			120	5600MHz
			124	5620MHz
			128	5640MHz
			132	5660MHz
			136	5680MHz
			140	5700MHz
			144	5720MHz
		40 MHz	102	5510MHz
			110	5550MHz
			118	5590MHz
			126	5630MHz
			134	5670MHz
			142	5710MHz
		80 MHz	106	5530MHz
			122	5610MHz
			138	5690MHz

	U-NII-3	160 MHz	114	5570MHz
		20 MHz	149	5745MHz
			153	5765MHz
			157	5785MHz
			161	5805MHz
			165	5825MHz
		40 MHz	151	5755MHz
			159	5795MHz
		80 MHz	155	5775MHz
		Does this device support TPC Function? ☐ Yes ☒ No		
		Does this device support TDWR Band? ☒ Yes ☐ No		

5. Test Case

5.1. Occupied Bandwidth

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
25°C	57%	101.3 kPa

Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an external attenuator and a known loss cable.

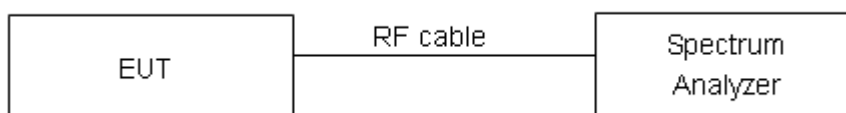
For U-NII-1/U-NII-2A/U-NII-2C, set RBW = 1% to 5% of the emission bandwidth, VBW > RBW, Detector = peak, Trace mode = max hold, measure the maximum width of the emission that is 26 dB down from the peak of emission. Compare this with the RBW setting of the instrument. Readjust RBW and repeat measurement as needed until the RBW/EBW ratio is in the range of 1% to 5%.

For U-NII-3, Set RBW = 100 kHz, $VBW \geq 3 \times RBW$, Detector = peak, Trace mode = max hold, measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

Note: The automatic bandwidth measurement capability of a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver may be employed if it implements the functionality described above.

Use the 99 % power bandwidth function of the instrument.

Test Setup



Limits

For U-NII-1/U-NII-2A/U-NII-2C

No specific occupied bandwidth requirements in Part 15.407.

For U-NII-3

Rule FCC Part §15.407(e)

Within the 5.725-5.85 GHz band, the minimum 6 dB bandwidth of U-NII devices shall be at least 500 kHz.

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 936$ Hz.

5.2. Average Power Output

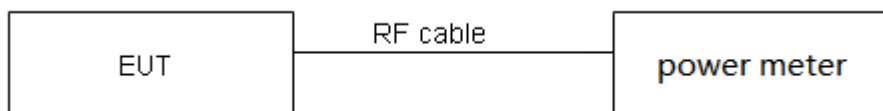
Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
25°C	57%	101.3 kPa

Methods of Measurement

During the process of the testing, The EUT was connected to the average power meter through an external attenuator and a known loss cable. The EUT is max power transmission with proper modulation. We use Maximum average Conducted Output Power Level Method in KDB789033 for this test

Test Setup



Limits

Rule FCC Part 15.407(a)(1) / FCC Part 15.407(a) (2) / FCC Part 15.407(a) (3)

(1) For the band 5.15-5.25 GHz.

(i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).

(ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power or maximum power spectral density. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum conducted output power and maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude

the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.

(iv) For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(2) For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$, where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

(3) For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500-kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 0.44 \text{ dB}$.

5.3. Frequency Stability

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
25°C	57%	101.3 kPa

Method of Measurement

1. Frequency stability with respect to ambient temperature

- a) Supply the EUT with a nominal ac voltage or install a new or fully charged battery in the EUT. If possible, a dummy load shall be connected to the EUT because an antenna near the metallic walls of an environmental test chamber could affect the output frequency of the EUT. If the EUT is equipped with a permanently attached, adjustable-length antenna, then the EUT shall be placed in the center of the chamber with the antenna adjusted to the shortest length possible. Turn ON the EUT and tune it to one of the number of frequencies shown in 5.6.
- b) Couple the unlicensed wireless device output to the measuring instrument by connecting an antenna to the measuring instrument with a suitable length of coaxial cable and placing the measuring antenna near the EUT (e.g., 15 cm away), or by connecting a dummy load to the measuring instrument, through an attenuator if necessary.
- c) Adjust the location of the measurement antenna and the controls on the measurement instrument to obtain a suitable signal level (i.e., a level that will not overload the measurement instrument but is strong enough to allow measurement of the operating or fundamental frequency of the EUT).
- d) Turn the EUT OFF and place it inside the environmental temperature chamber. For devices that have oscillator heaters, energize only the heater circuit.
- e) Set the temperature control on the chamber to the highest specified in the regulatory requirements for the type of device and allow the oscillator heater and the chamber temperature to stabilize.
- f) While maintaining a constant temperature inside the environmental chamber, turn the EUT ON and record the operating frequency at startup, and at 2 minutes, 5 minutes, and 10 minutes after the EUT is energized. Four measurements in total are made.
- g) Measure the frequency at each of frequencies specified in 5.6.
- h) Switch OFF the EUT but do not switch OFF the oscillator heater.
- i) Lower the chamber temperature by not more than 10°C, and allow the temperature inside the chamber to stabilize.
- j) Repeat step f) through step i) down to the lowest specified temperature.

2. Frequency stability when varying supply voltage

Unless otherwise specified, these tests shall be made at ambient room temperature (+15°C to +25 °C). An antenna shall be connected to the antenna output terminals of the EUT if possible. If the EUT is equipped with or uses an adjustable-length antenna, then it shall be fully extended.

- a) Supply the EUT with nominal voltage or install a new or fully charged battery in the EUT. Turn ON the EUT and couple its output to a frequency counter or other frequency-measuring instrument.
- b) Tune the EUT to one of the number of frequencies required in 5.6. Adjust the location of the measurement antenna and the controls on the measurement instrument to obtain a suitable signal

level (i.e., a level that will not overload the measurement instrument but is strong enough to allow measurement of the operating or fundamental frequency of the EUT).

c) Measure the frequency at each of the frequencies specified in 5.6.

d) Repeat the above procedure at 85% and 115% of the nominal supply voltage.

Limit

Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the users manual.

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 936\text{Hz}$

5.4. Power Spectral Density

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
25°C	57%	101.3 kPa

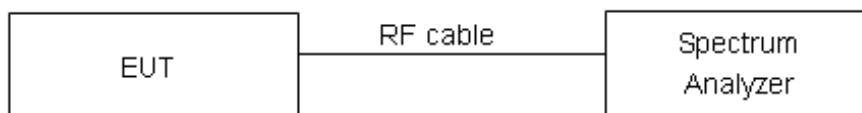
Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an external attenuator (20dB) and a known loss cable.

Set RBW = 1MHz, VBW =3MHz for the band 5.150-5.250GHz, 5.250-5.350GHz, 5.470-5.725GHz.
Set RBW = 500kHz, VBW =2MHz for the band 5.725-5.850GHz

The conducted PSD is measured at each antenna port. The measured results at the various antenna ports are then summed mathematically.

Test setup



Limits

Rule FCC Part 15.407(a)(1)/ FCC Part 15.407(a)(2) / FCC Part 15.407(a)(3)

For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

For client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. In addition, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

For the 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz bands, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

For the band 5.725-5.85 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 30 dBm in any 500kHz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the

amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

Frequency Bands/GHz	Limits
5.15-5.25	11dBm/MHz
5.25-5.35 and 5.47-5.725	11dBm/MHz
5.725-5.85	30dBm/500kHz

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 0.75\text{dB}$.

5.5. Unwanted Emission

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
25°C	57%	101.3 kPa

Method of Measurement

The test set-up was made in accordance to the general provisions of ANSI C63.10. The Equipment Under Test (EUT) was set up on a non-conductive table in the semi-anechoic chamber. The test was performed at the distance of 3 m/10m below 1GHz, 3m above 1GHz between the EUT and the receiving antenna. The radiated emissions measurements were made in a typical installation configuration.

Sweep the whole frequency band range from 9kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier, and the emissions less than 20 dB below the permissible value are reported.

During the test, the height of receive antenna shall be moved from 1 to 4 meters, and the antenna shall be performed under horizontal and vertical polarization. The turntable shall be rotated from 0 to 360 degrees for detecting the maximum of radiated spurious signal level. The measurements shall be repeated with orthogonal polarization of the test antenna. The data of cable loss and antenna factor has been calibrated in full testing frequency range before the testing.

Set the spectrum analyzer in the following:

9kHz~150 kHz

RBW=200Hz, VBW=1kHz/ Sweep=AUTO

150 kHz~30MHz

RBW=9kHz, VBW=30kHz,/ Sweep=AUTO

Below 1GHz

RBW=100kHz / VBW=300kHz / Sweep=AUTO

a) Peak emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

Above 1GHz

PEAK: RBW=1MHz VBW=3MHz/ Sweep=AUTO

b) Average emission levels are measured by setting the instrument as follows:

Above 1GHz

AVERAGE: RBW=1MHz / VBW=3MHz / Sweep=AUTO

c) Detector: The measurements employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector except for the frequency bands 9-90 kHz, 110-490 kHz and above 1000 MHz. Radiated emission limits in these three bands are based on measurements employing an average detector.

d) Averaging type = power (i.e., rms) (As an alternative, the detector and averaging type may be set for linear voltage averaging. Some instruments require linear display mode to use linear voltage averaging. Log or dB averaging shall not be used.)

e) Sweep time = auto.

f) Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces if the transmission is continuous. If the transmission is not continuous, then the number of traces shall be increased by a factor of 1 / D, where D is the duty cycle. For example, with 50% duty cycle, at least 200 traces shall be averaged. (If a specific

emission is demonstrated to be continuous—i.e., 100% duty cycle—then rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, at least 100 traces shall be averaged.)

g) If tests are performed with the EUT transmitting at a duty cycle less than 98%, then a correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing with the emission limit, to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100% duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:

1) If power averaging (rms) mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is $[10 \log (1 / D)]$, where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 3 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.

2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in the preceding step e), then the correction factor is $[20 \log (1 / D)]$, where D is the duty cycle. For example, if the transmit duty cycle was 50%, then 6 dB shall be added to the measured emission levels.

3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous (100% duty cycle) rather than turning ON and OFF with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

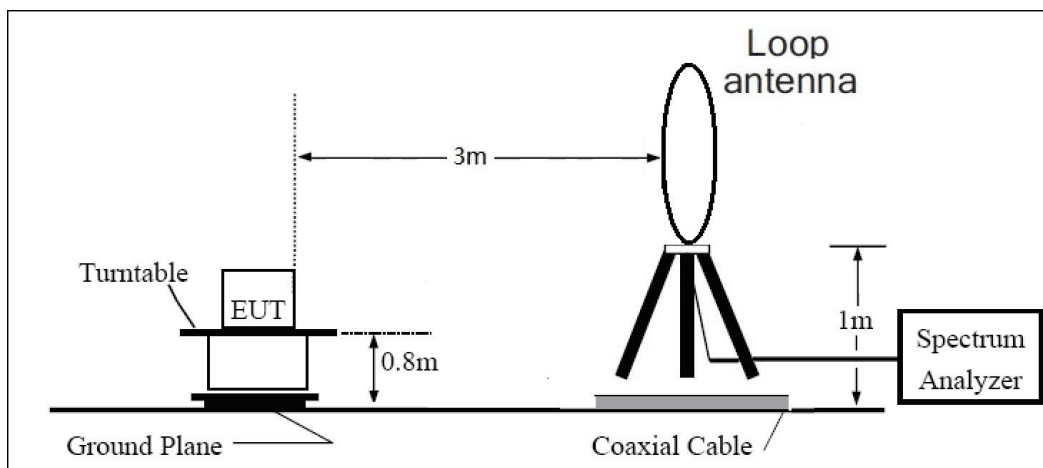
Reduce the video bandwidth until no significant variations in the displayed signal are observed in subsequent traces, provided the video bandwidth is no less than 1 Hz. For regulatory requirements that specify averaging only over the transmit duration (e.g., digital transmission system [DTS] and Unlicensed National Information Infrastructure [U-NII]), the video bandwidth shall be greater than $[1 / (\text{minimum transmitter on time})]$ and no less than 1 Hz.

The field strength of spurious emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). The worst emission was found in stand-up position (Z axis) and the loop antenna is vertical, others antenna are vertical and horizontal.

The test is in transmitting mode.

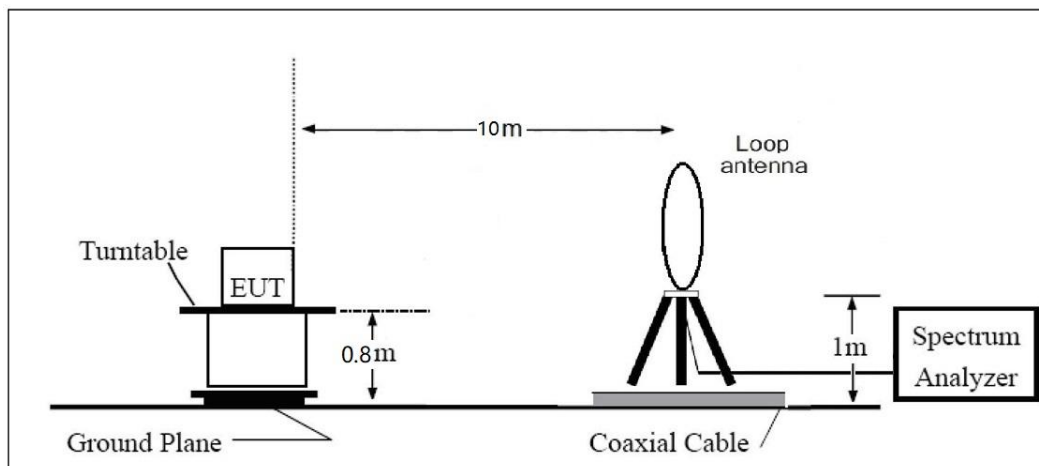
Test setup

9kHz~ 30MHz



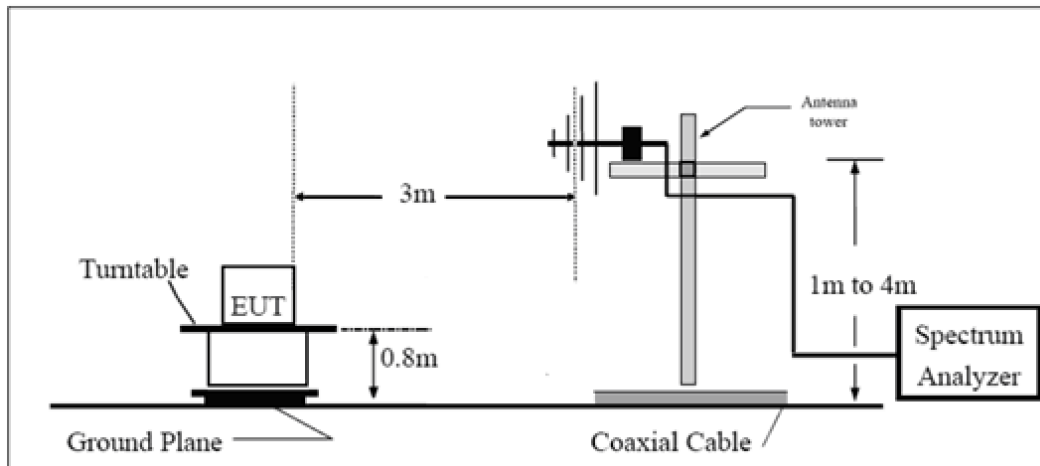
Note: Area side:2.4mX3.6m

Distance 10m



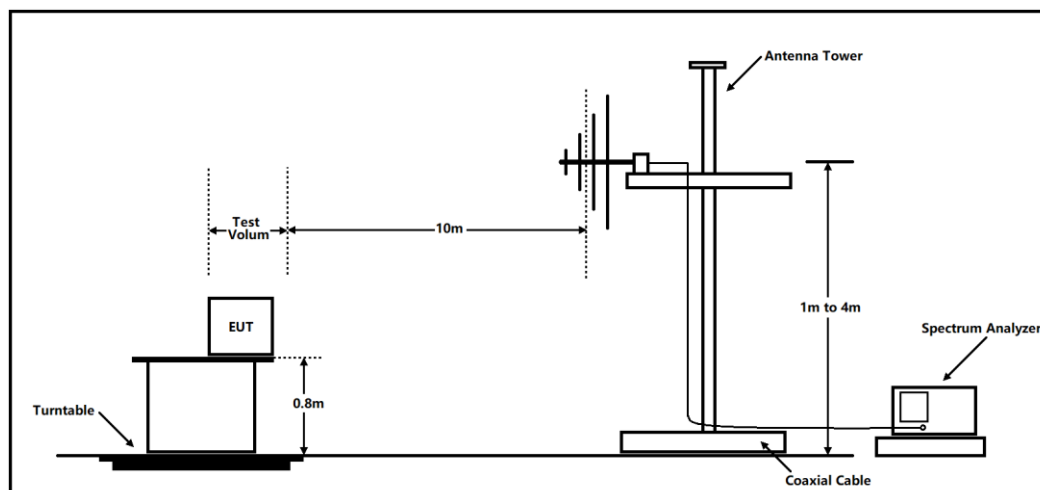
Note: Area side: 21m x 12m

30MHz~ 1GHz



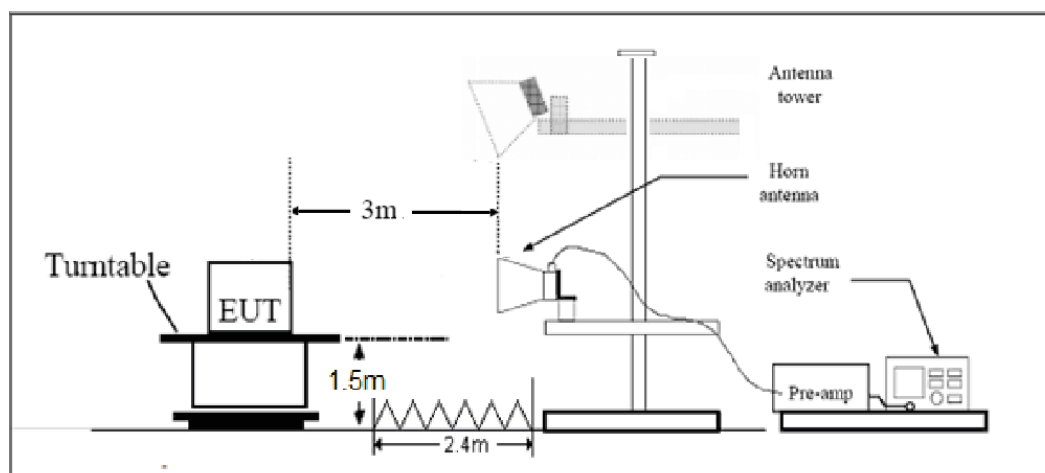
Note: Area side:2.4mX3.6m

Distance 10m



Note: Area side: 21m x 12m

Above 1GHz



Note: Area side:2.4mX3.6m

Limits

- (1) For transmitters operating in the 5725-5850 MHz band: All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
- (2) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz(68.2dBμV/m).
- (3) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz(68.2dBμV/m).
- (4) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz(68.2dBμV/m).

Note: the following formula is used to convert the EIRP to field strength

§1、 $E[\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] - 20 \log(d[\text{meters}]) + 104.77$, where E = field strength and

d = distance at which field strength limit is specified in the rules;

§2、 $E[\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2$, for d = 3 meters

- (5) Unwanted spurious emissions fallen in restricted bands per FCC Part15.205 shall comply with the general field strength limits set forth in § 15.209 as below table.

Frequency of emission (MHz)	Field strength(μV/m)	Field strength(dBμV/m)
0.009–0.490	2400/F(kHz)	/
0.490–1.705	24000/F(kHz)	/
1.705–30.0	30	/
30-88	100	40
88-216	150	43.5
216-960	200	46
Above960	500	54

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	(²)
13.36 - 13.41			

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 1.96$.

Frequency	Uncertainty for 3m
9kHz-30MHz	3.55 dB
30MHz-200MHz	4.17 dB
200MHz-1GHz	4.84 dB
1-18GHz	4.35 dB
18-26.5GHz	5.90 dB
26.5GHz~40GHz	5.92 dB
Frequency	Uncertainty for 10m
30MHz – 200MHz	3.39 dB
200MHz – 1GHz	3.82 dB
1GHz – 18GHz	6.51 dB
18GHz – 40GHz	6.31 dB

5.6. Conducted Emission

Ambient condition

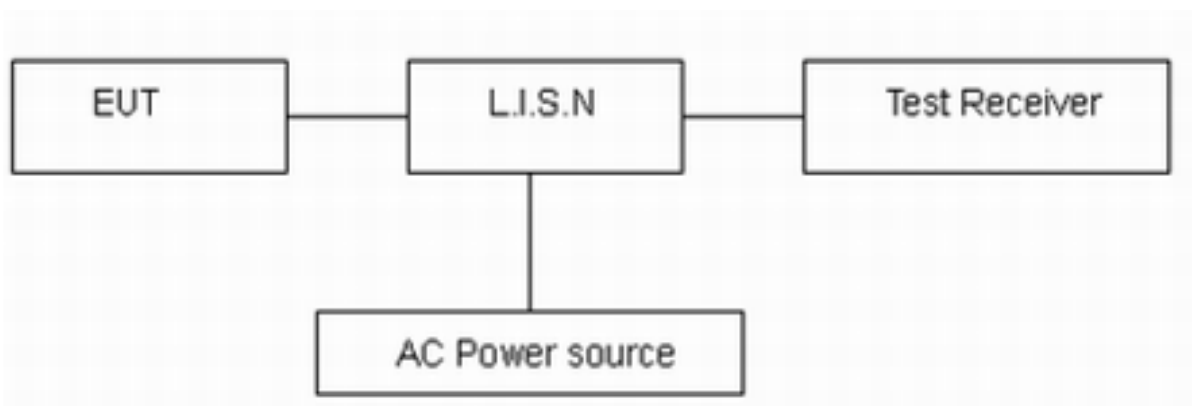
Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
25°C	57%	101.3 kPa

Methods of Measurement

The EUT IS placed on a non-metallic table of 80cm height above the horizontal metal reference ground plane. During the test, the EUT was operating in its typical mode. The test method is according to ANSI C63.10. Connect the AC power line of the EUT to the LISN Use EMI receiver to detect the average and Quasi-peak value. RBW is set to 9kHz, VBW is set to 30kHz The measurement result should include both L line and N line.

The test is in transmitting mode.

Test Setup



Note: AC Power source is used to change the voltage 110V/60Hz.

Limits

Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Limits(dBμV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46*
0.5 - 5	56	46
5 - 30	60	50

*: Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 1.96$, $U = 2.69$ dB.

6. Test Results

6.1. Occupied Bandwidth

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Mode	Frequency (MHz)	99% bandwidth (MHz)	Minimum 26 dB bandwidth (MHz)	Conclusion
a	5180	16.786	27.256	PASS
a	5200	16.806	29.772	PASS
a	5240	16.546	20.236	PASS
a	5260	16.522	21.628	PASS
a	5300	16.846	29.86	PASS
a	5320	16.806	28.992	PASS
a	5500	16.822	29.756	PASS
a	5580	16.498	21.476	PASS
a	5700	16.734	27.48	PASS
a	5720	16.546	21.44	PASS
n20	5180	17.846	31.124	PASS
n20	5200	17.858	32.404	PASS
n20	5240	17.614	20.616	PASS
n20	5260	17.59	22.184	PASS
n20	5300	17.854	32.016	PASS
n20	5320	17.81	31.18	PASS
n20	5500	17.854	31.204	PASS
n20	5580	17.582	21.816	PASS
n20	5700	17.766	30.852	PASS
n20	5720	17.582	21.988	PASS
n40	5190	36.572	61.408	PASS
n40	5230	36.196	41.072	PASS
n40	5270	36.204	41.28	PASS
n40	5310	36.652	63.048	PASS
n40	5510	36.676	64.728	PASS
n40	5590	36.22	41.032	PASS
n40	5670	36.844	69.904	PASS
n40	5710	36.26	41.496	PASS
ac20	5180	17.834	31.684	PASS
ac20	5200	17.846	32.672	PASS
ac20	5240	17.614	20.604	PASS
ac20	5260	17.594	22.124	PASS
ac20	5300	17.858	33.092	PASS
ac20	5320	17.802	30.944	PASS
ac20	5500	17.838	31.696	PASS
ac20	5580	17.582	22.132	PASS

ac20	5700	17.766	28.36	PASS
ac20	5720	17.586	22.064	PASS
ac40	5190	36.532	59.32	PASS
ac40	5230	36.196	40.936	PASS
ac40	5270	36.172	41.024	PASS
ac40	5310	36.572	61.888	PASS
ac40	5510	36.628	62.904	PASS
ac40	5590	36.212	41.048	PASS
ac40	5670	36.796	70.264	PASS
ac40	5710	36.236	41.656	PASS
ac80	5210	75.896	117.872	PASS
ac80	5290	75.864	115.664	PASS
ac80	5530	75.848	117.36	PASS
ac80	5610	75.432	80.432	PASS
ac80	5690	75.48	80.592	PASS
ac160	5250	154.417	178.464	PASS
ac160	5570	154.513	178.112	PASS
ax20	5180	18.87	22.016	PASS
ax20	5200	18.878	21.448	PASS
ax20	5240	18.778	19.992	PASS
ax20	5260	18.874	21.584	PASS
ax20	5300	18.87	22.444	PASS
ax20	5320	18.878	21.968	PASS
ax20	5500	18.882	22.052	PASS
ax20	5580	18.878	21.82	PASS
ax20	5700	18.874	22.168	PASS
ax20	5720	18.858	21.904	PASS
ax40	5190	37.596	42.344	PASS
ax40	5230	37.62	39.672	PASS
ax40	5270	37.596	39.544	PASS
ax40	5310	37.604	39.712	PASS
ax40	5510	37.668	39.736	PASS
ax40	5590	37.596	39.568	PASS
ax40	5670	37.66	39.776	PASS
ax40	5710	37.62	39.664	PASS
ax80	5210	77.048	80.576	PASS
ax80	5290	77.016	80.544	PASS
ax80	5530	77.016	80.464	PASS
ax80	5610	77.016	80.352	PASS
ax80	5690	77.064	80.384	PASS
ax160	5250	155.6	163.936	PASS
ax160	5570	155.6	162.24	PASS

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Mode	Carrier frequency (MHz)	99% bandwidth (MHz)	Minimum 6 dB bandwidth (MHz)	Limit (kHz)	Conclusion
a	5720	16.546	15.1	500	PASS
a	5745	16.686	14.928	500	PASS
a	5785	16.51	15.104	500	PASS
a	5825	16.746	15.056	500	PASS
n20	5720	17.582	15.06	500	PASS
n20	5745	17.746	15.096	500	PASS
n20	5785	17.578	15.092	500	PASS
n20	5825	17.782	15.12	500	PASS
n40	5710	36.26	35.072	500	PASS
n40	5755	36.58	35.064	500	PASS
n40	5795	36.244	35.104	500	PASS
ac20	5720	17.586	15.108	500	PASS
ac20	5745	17.75	15.112	500	PASS
ac20	5785	17.594	15.104	500	PASS
ac20	5825	17.762	15.116	500	PASS
ac40	5710	36.236	36.072	500	PASS
ac40	5755	36.572	35.048	500	PASS
ac40	5795	36.228	35.112	500	PASS
ac80	5690	75.48	75.056	500	PASS
ac80	5775	75.56	75.088	500	PASS
ax20	5720	18.858	16.012	500	PASS
ax20	5745	18.882	16.116	500	PASS
ax20	5785	18.866	15.724	500	PASS
ax20	5825	18.894	15.984	500	PASS
ax40	5710	37.62	36.016	500	PASS
ax40	5755	37.628	36.992	500	PASS
ax40	5795	37.62	36.04	500	PASS
ax80	5690	77.064	75.504	500	PASS
ax80	5775	77.128	75.104	500	PASS

99% bandwidth

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