



Report No.: SZ12020030S01



SAR TEST REPORT

Issued to

Corporativo Lanix S.A. de C.V.

For

GSM Phone

Model Name : W30
Trade Name : Lanix
Brand Name : Lanix
FCC ID : ZC4W30
Standard : FCC Oet65 Supplement C Jun.2001
47CFR 2.1093
ANSI C95.1-1999
IEEE 1528-2003
MAX SAR : Head: 1.155W/kg
Body: 0.719W/kg
Test date : 2012-2-20
Issue date : 2012-2-24

Shenzhen MORLAB Communication Technology Co., Ltd.



Tested by Zhu Zhan

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Date 2012.2.24

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Date 2012.2.24

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Date 2012.2.24



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Change History		
Issue	Date	Reason for change
1.0	Feb. 24, 2012	First edition
2.0	Mar. 1, 2012	Add KDB 447498 to support the SAR evaluation for channel selected in Page 6 and correct information in Page 24 correspondingly, clarify the depth of liquid in Page 28

Testing Laboratory

1.1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

Company Name: Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
 Department: Morlab Laboratory
 Address: 3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China
 Responsible Test Lab Manager: Mr. Shu Luan
 Telephone: +86 755 86130268
 Facsimile: +86 755 86130218

1.2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name: Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
 Morlab Laboratory
 Address: 3/F, Electronic Testing Building, Shahe Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, 518055 P. R. China

1.3. Accreditation Certificate

Accredited Testing Laboratory: No. CNAS L3572

1.4. List of Test Equipments

No.	Instrument	Type	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
1	PC	Dell (Pentium IV 2.4GHz, SN:X10-23533)	(n.a)	(n.a)
2	Network Emulator	Rohde&Schwarz (CMU200, SN:105894)	2011-9-26	1year
3	Voltmeter	Keithley (2000, SN:1000572)	2011-9-24	1year
4	Synthesizer	Rohde&Schwarz (SML_03, SN:101868)	2011-9-24	1year
5	Amplifier	Nucl udes (ALB216, SN:10800)	2011-9-24	1year
6	Power Meter	Rohde&Schwarz (NRVD, SN:101066)	2011-9-24	1year
7	Probe	Satimo (SN:SN_3708_EP80)	2011-9-24	1year
8	Phantom	Satimo (SN:SN_36_08_SAM62)	2011-9-24	1year
9	Liquid	Satimo (Last Calibration: 2012-2-20)	N/A	N.A
10	Dipole 835MHz	Satimo (SN 36/08 DIPC 99)	2011-9-24	1year
11	Dipole 1900MHz	Satimo (SN 36/08 DIPF 102)	2011-9-24	1year

2. Technical Information

Note: the following data is based on the information by the applicant.

2.1. Identification of Applicant

Company Name: Corporativo Lanix S.A. de C.V.
Address: Carretera Internacional Hermosillo-Nogales Km 8.5, Hermosillo
Sonora, Mexico

2.2. Identification of Manufacturer

Company Name: Shenzhen Tinno Mobile Technology Corp..
Address: 4/F, H-3 Building, OCT Eastern industrial Park, No.1 XiangShan East
Road., Nan Shan District, Shenzhen, P.R. China

2.3. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Model Name: W30
Trade Name: Lanix
Brand Name: Lanix
Hardware Version: v1.0
Software Version: V7_01
Frequency Bands: GSM 850MHz / PCS 1900MHz;
Modulation Mode: GSM: GMSK;
Multislot Class: GPRS: N/A; EDGE: N/A
Antenna type: Fixed Internal Antenna
Development Stage: Identical prototype
Battery Model: W30-BAT
Battery specification: 900mAh 3.7V

2.3.1. Photographs of the EUT

Please see for photographs of the EUT.

2.3.2. Identification of all used EUT

The EUT identity consists of numerical and letter characters, the letter character indicates the test sample, and the following two numerical characters indicate the software version of the test sample.

EUT Identity	Hardware Version	Software Version
1#	v1.0	V7_01

2.4. Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR§2.1093	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
2	FCC OET Bulletin 65 (Edition 97-01), Supplement C (Edition 01-01)	Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields
3	ANSI C95.1-1999	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3kHz to 300 GHz
4	IEEE 1528-2003	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) in the Human Body Due to Wireless Communications Devices: Experimental Techniques.
5	KDB447498	Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

2.5. Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

2.6. Test Environment/Conditions

Normal Temperature (NT):	20 ... 25 °C
Relative Humidity:	30 ... 75 %
Air Pressure:	980 ... 1020 hPa
Test frequency:	GSM 850MHz PCS 1900MHz
Operation mode:	Call established
Power Level:	GSM 850 MHz Maximum output power(level 5) PCS 1900 MHz Maximum output power(level 0)

During SAR test, EUT is in Traffic Mode (Channel Allocated) at Normal Voltage Condition. A communication link is set up with a System Simulator (SS) by air link, and a call is established.

The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 125, 190 and 251 respectively in the case of GSM 850 MHz, or to 512, 661 and 810 respectively in the case of PCS 1900 MHz

The EUT shall use its internal transmitter. The antenna(s), battery and accessories shall be those specified by the manufacturer. The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power output. If a wireless link is used, the antenna connected to the output of the base station simulator shall be placed at least 50 cm away from the handset.

The signal transmitted by the simulator to the antenna feeding point shall be lower than the output power level of the handset by at least 35 dB.

3. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

3.1. Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

3.2. SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density. ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = C \frac{\delta T}{\delta t}$$

, where C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$\text{SAR} = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

, where σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the rms electrical field strength.

However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

4. SAR Measurement Setup

4.1. The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Phone holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

4.2. Probe

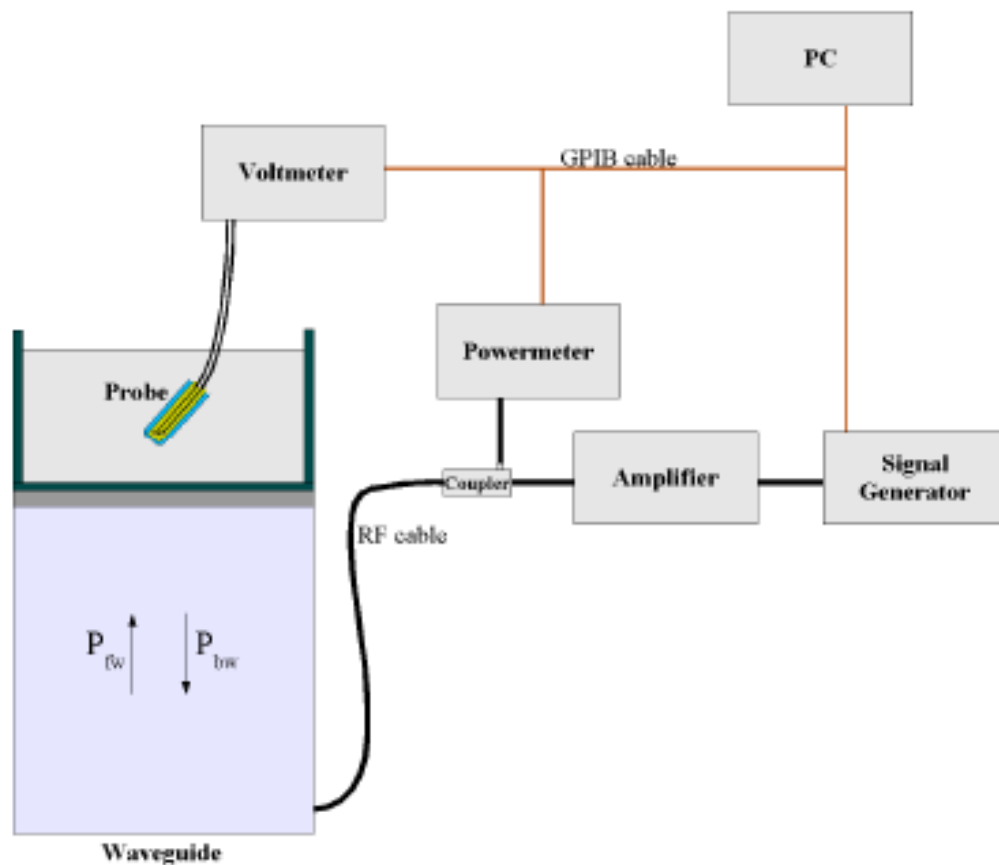
For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 37/08 EP80 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip Diameter : 6.5 mm
- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm
(repeatability better than +/- 1mm)

- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Calibration range: 835to 2500MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30°

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 622091 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\delta} \cos^2\left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) e^{-(2z/\delta)}$$

Where :

P_{fw} = Forward Power

P_{bw} = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

δ = Skin depth

Keithley configuration:

Rate = Medium; Filter =ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO

After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/V_{lin}(N) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

The linearised output voltage $V_{lin}(N)$ is obtained from the displayed output voltage $V(N)$ using

$$V_{lin}(N)=V(N)*(1+V(N)/DCP(N)) \quad (N=1,2,3)$$

where DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

4.3. Probe Calibration Process

4.3.1 Dosimetric Assessment Procedure

Each E-Probe/Probe Amplifier combination has unique calibration parameters. SATIMO Probe calibration procedure is conducted to determine the proper amplifier settings to enter in the probe parameters. The amplifier settings are determined for a given frequency by subjecting the probe to a known E-field density (1 mW/cm²) using an with CALISAR, Antenna proprietary calibration system.

4.3.2 Free Space Assessment Procedure

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This calibration can be performed in a TEM cell if the frequency is below 1 GHz and in a waveguide or other methodologies above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is rotated 360 degrees until the three channels show the maximum reading. The power density readings equates to 1 mW/cm².

4.3.2 Temperature Assessment Procedure

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated head tissue. The E-field in the medium correlates with the temperature rise in the dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.

Where:

$$SAR = C \frac{\Delta T}{\Delta t}$$

Δt = exposure time (30 seconds),

C = heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),

ΔT = temperature increase due to RF exposure.

SAR is proportional to $\Delta T / \Delta t$, the initial rate of tissue heating, before thermal diffusion takes place. The electric field in the simulated tissue can be used to estimate SAR by equating the thermally derived SAR to that with the E- field component.

$$SAR = \frac{|E|^2 \cdot \sigma}{\rho}$$

Where:

σ = simulated tissue conductivity,

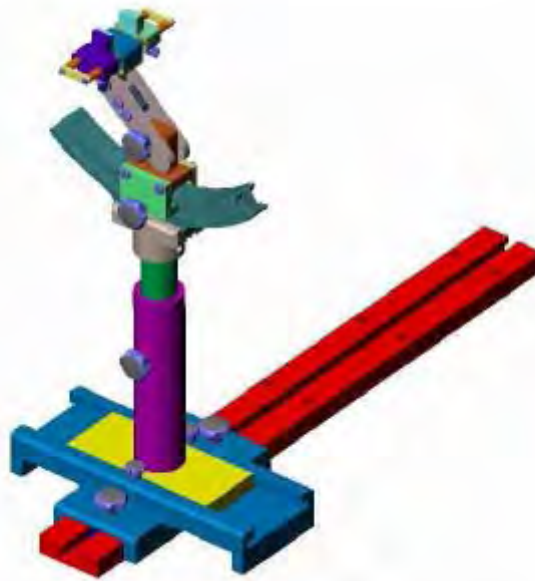
ρ = Tissue density (1.25 g/cm³ for brain tissue)

4.4. Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

4.5. Device Holder

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

5. Tissue Simulating Liquids

Simulant liquids that are used for testing at frequencies of 850, 1900MHz and 2450MHz. which are made mainly of sugar, salt and water solutions may be left in the phantoms. Approximately 20litres are needed for an upright head compared to about 25 litres for a horizontal bath phantom. The liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is (head SAR) or from the flat phantom to the liquid top surface (body SAR) is 15cm.

Following are the recipes for one liter of head and body tissue simulating liquid for frequency band 835 MHz, 1900 MHz and 2450 MHz.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency Band		Frequency Band	
	835MHz		1900MHz	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	41.45	52.4	54.9	40.4
Salt(NaCl)	1.45	1.4	0.18	0.5
Sugar	56.0	45.0	0.0	58.0
HEC	1.0	1.0	0.0	1.0
Bactericide	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
Triton	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0
Acticide SPX	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dielectric Constant	42.45	56.1	39.9	54.0
Conductivity (S/m)	0.91	0.95	1.42	1.45

Recipes for Tissue Simulating Liquid

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an Agilent 85033E Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

Table 1: Dielectric Performance of Head Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 23.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.			
/	Frequency	Permittivity ϵ	Conductivity σ (S/m)
Target value	835 MHZ	41.5	0.90
Validation value (Feb. 20)	835 MHZ	41.675999	0.894409
Target value	1900 MHZ	40	1.40
Validation value (Feb. 20)	1900 MHZ	38.509998	1.436111

For body-worn measurements, the device was tested against flat phantom representing the user body. Under measurement phone was put on in the phone holder.

Table 2: Dielectric Performance of Body Tissue Simulating Liquid

Temperature: 23.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.			
/	Frequency	Permittivity ϵ	Conductivity σ (S/m)
Target value	835 MHz	55.2	0.97
Validation value (Feb. 20)	835 MHz	55.709999	0.9809033
Target value	1900 MHz	53.3	1.52
Validation value (Feb. 20)	1900 MHz	52.548876	1.553978

6. Uncertainty Assessment

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Antennessa.

6.1. UNCERTAINTY EVALUATION FOR HANDSET SAR TEST

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+ - %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	4.76	N	1	1	1	4.76	4.76	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.01	1.01	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.62	1.62	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Test sample Related									
Test sample positioning	E.4.2.1	0.03	N	1	1	1	0.03	0.03	N-1
Device Holder Uncertainty	E.4.1.1	5.00	N	1	1	1	5.00	5.00	N-1
Output power Power drift - SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	4.04	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.33	2.33	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞

Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	4.57	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	∞
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	1	0.64	0.43	3.20	2.15	M
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	3.69	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	∞
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	1	0.6	0.49	6.00	4.90	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				11.55	10.67	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				23.11	21.33	

6.2. UNCERTAINTY FOR SYSTEM PERFORMANCE CHECK

a	b	c	d	e= f(d,k)	f	g	h= c*f/e	i= c*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Sec.	Tol (+ - %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+-%)	10g Ui (+-%)	Vi
Measurement System									
Probe calibration	E.2.1	4.76	N	1	1	1	4.76	4.76	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	2.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.01	1.01	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.62	1.62	∞
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
System detection limits	E.2.5	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	0.02	N	1	1	1	0.02	0.02	∞
Reponse Time	E.2.7	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
RF ambient Conditions	E.6.1	3.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance	E.6.2	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	E.6.3	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	E.5.2	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
Dipole									
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	8,E.4.2	1.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞

Input power and SAR drift measurement	8,6.6.2	4.04	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.33	2.33	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters									
Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	0.05	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.03	0.03	∞
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	4.57	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.69	1.13	∞
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	5.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	M
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target value	E.3.2	3.69	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.28	1.04	∞
Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	10.00	N	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	3.46	2.83	M
Combined Standard Uncertainty			RSS				8.83	8.37	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)			K=2				17.66	16.73	

7. SAR Measurement Evaluation

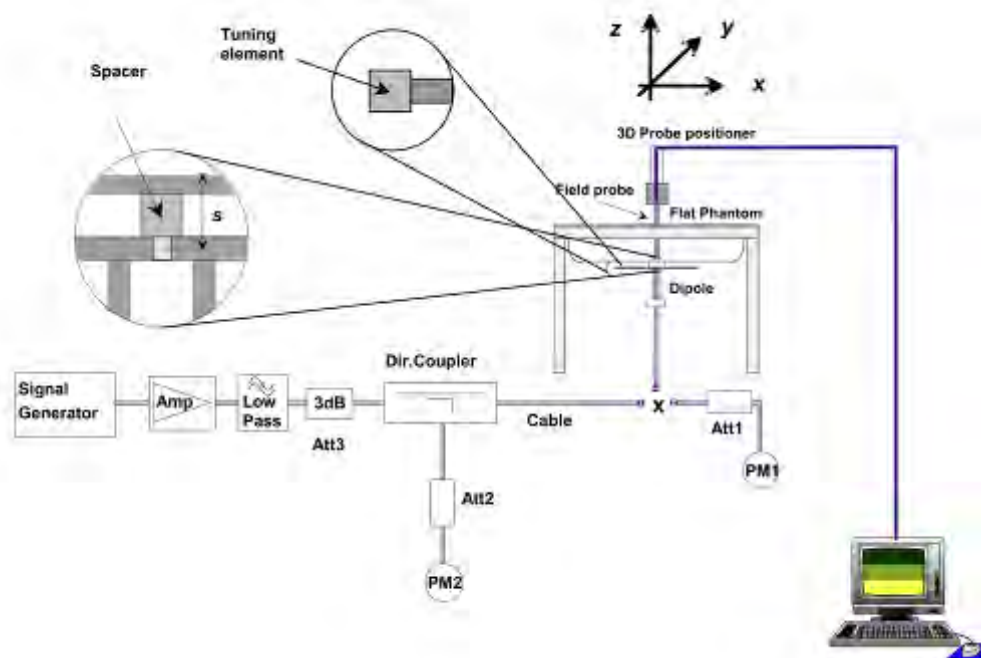
7.1. System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the DUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave which comes from a signal generator at frequency 835 MHz, 1900 MHz and 2450MHz. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom.

Equipments:

name	Type and specification
Signal generator	E4433B
Directional coupler	450MHz-3GHz
Amplifier	3W 502(10-2500MHz)
Reference dipole	835MHz:SN 36/08 DIPC 99 1900MHz:SN 36/08 DIPF 102

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



7.2. Validation Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

Frequency	835MHz(Head)	835MHz(Body)	1900MHz(Head)	1900MHz(Body)
Target value (1g)	9.714 W/Kg	9.714 W/Kg	39.89 W/Kg	39.89 W/Kg
250 mW input power	2.478 W/Kg	2.386 W/Kg	9.455 W/Kg	9.740 W/Kg
Test value (1g)	9.912 W/Kg	9.544W/Kg	37.820 W/Kg	38.960 W/Kg

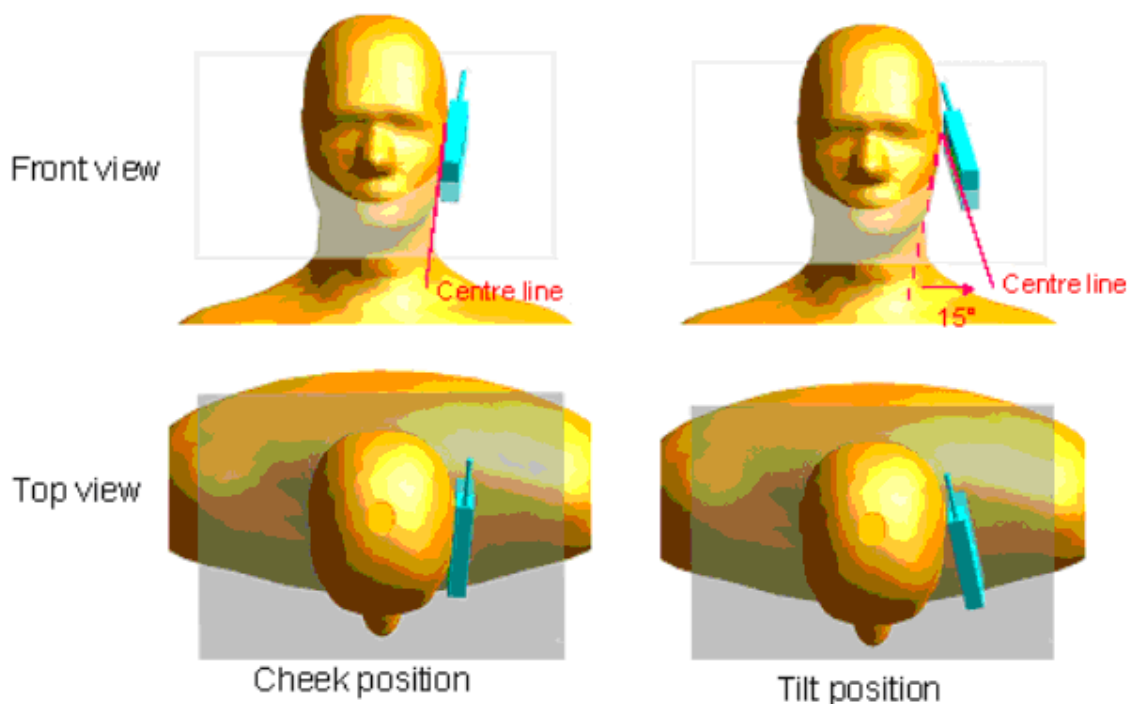
Note: System checks the specific test data please see page 62~69

8. Operational Conditions During Test

8.1. Informations on the testing

The mobile phone antenna and battery are those specified by the manufacturer. The battery is fully charged before each measurement. The output power and frequency are controlled using a base station simulator. The mobile phone is set to transmit at its highest output peak power level.

The mobile phone is test in the “cheek” and “tilted” positions on the left and right sides of the phantom. The mobile phone is placed with the vertical centre line of the body of the mobile phone and the horizontal line crossing the centre of the earpiece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.



Description of the “cheek” position:

The mobile phone is well placed in the reference plane and the earpiece is in contact with the ear. Then the mobile phone is moved until any point on the front side get in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.

Description of the “tilted” position:

The mobile phone is well placed in the “cheek” position as described above. Then the mobile phone is moved outward away from the month by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear lost.

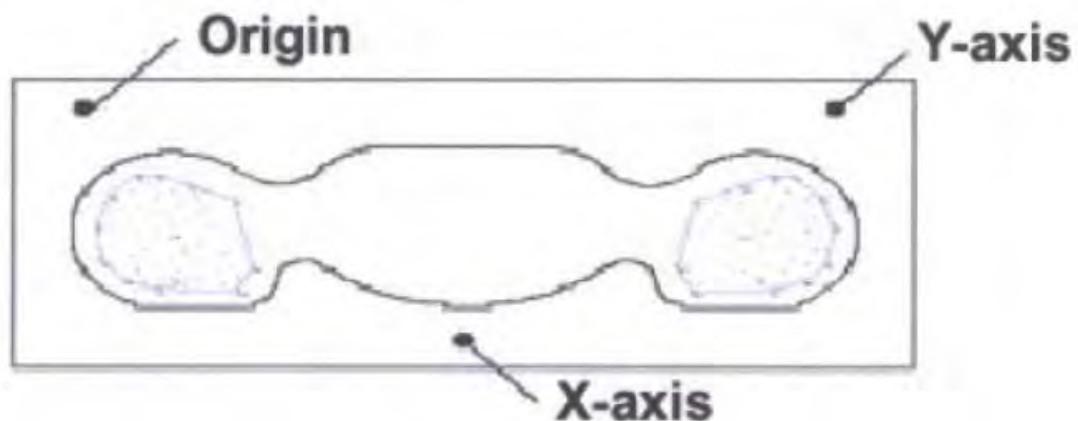
Remark: Please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

8.2. Body-worn Configurations

The body-worn configurations shall be tested with the supplied accessories (belt-clips, holsters, etc.) attached to the device in normal use configuration.

The depth of the body tissue was 15.1cm. The distance between the back of the device and the bottom of the flat phantom is 1.5cm(taking into account of the IEEE 1528 and the place of the antenna)

For body-worn and other configurations a flat phantom shall be used which is comprised of material with electrical properties similar to the corresponding tissues.



SAR Measurement Points in Area Scan

8.3. Measurement procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

8.4. Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimize measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.

An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values. The extrapolation is based on a fourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1mm step.

The measurements have to be performed over a limited time (due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR averaged over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

9. Measurement Of Conducted Peak Output Power.

GSM Conducted peak output power

Band	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Power Drift (%)
GSM 850	128	824.2	33.39	-1.33
	190	836.6	32.78	-0.03
	251	848.8	32.33	-0.33
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	27.53	-1.59
	661	1880.0	27.37	-1.70
	810	1909.8	27.66	-1.08

10. Test Results List

Summary of Measurement Results (GSM 850MHz Band)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.					
Phantom Configurations	Device Test Positions	Antenna Positions	SAR(W/Kg), 1g Peak		
			Device Test channel,		
			Channel 128	Channel 190	Channel 251
Right Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	Internal	1.036	0.935	0.853
	Ear/Tilt	Internal	0.418	/	/
Left Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	Internal	0.756		/
	Ear/Tilt	Internal	0.365		/
Body	Back upward	Internal	0.719		/
	Face Upward	Internal	0.450		/

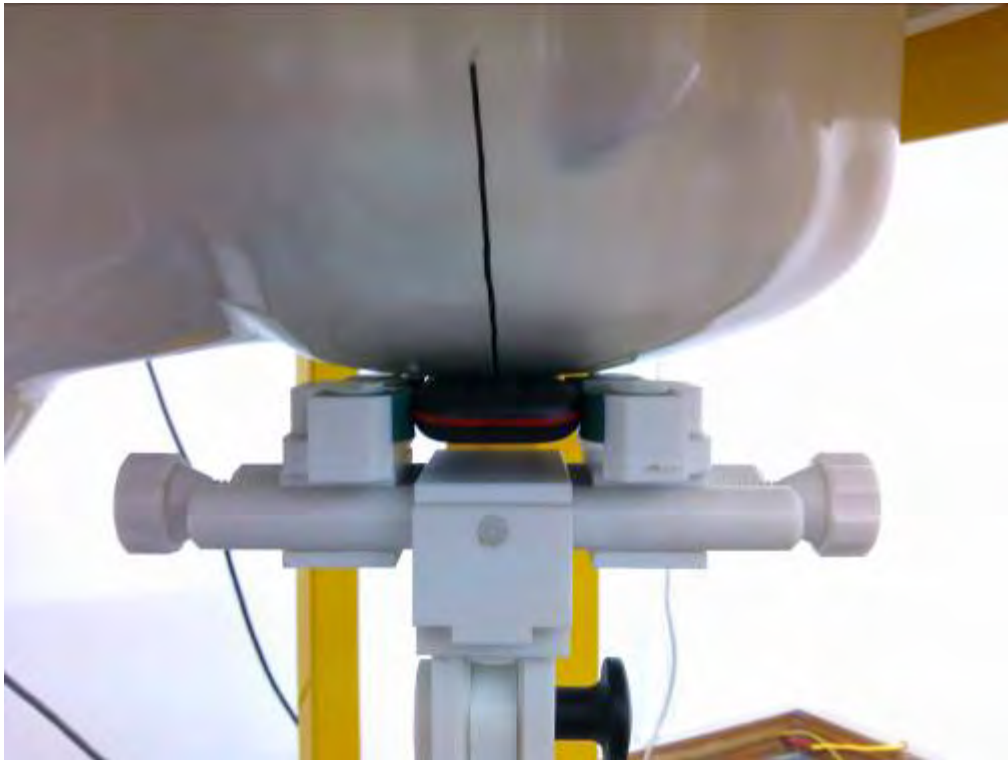
Summary of Measurement Results (GSM 1900MHz Band)

Temperature: 21.0~23.8°C, humidity: 54~60%.					
Phantom Configurations	Device Test Positions	Antenna Positions	SAR(W/Kg), 1g Peak		
			Device Test channel,		
			Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810
Right Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	Internal	/	/	0.791
	Ear/Tilt	Internal	/	/	0.125
Left Side Of Head	Cheek/Touch	Internal	1.119	0.965	1.155
	Ear/Tilt	Internal	/	/	0.256
Body	Back upward	Internal	/	/	0.584
	Face Upward	Internal	/	/	0.290

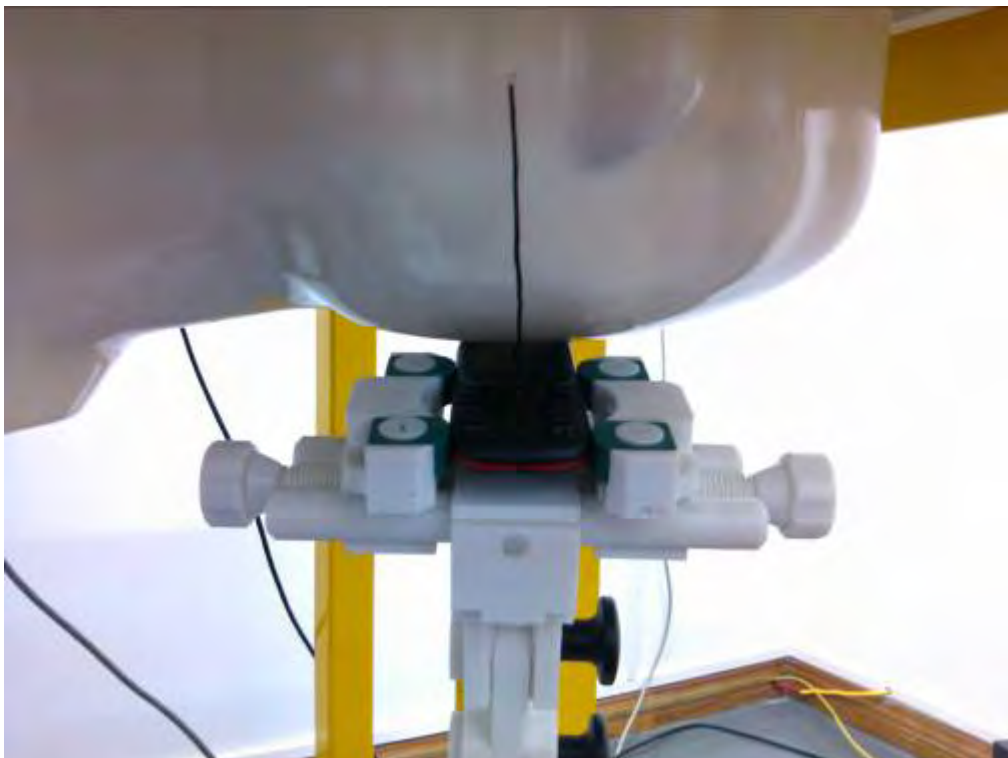
Note :The highest power channel is 128,810 respectively for GSM850/1900, refer to KDB 447498, when the SAR of highest power channel of each configurations is less than 0.8 W/kg, testing for the other channels is not required.

Annex A EUT Setup Photos

1 EUT Left Head Touch Cheek Position



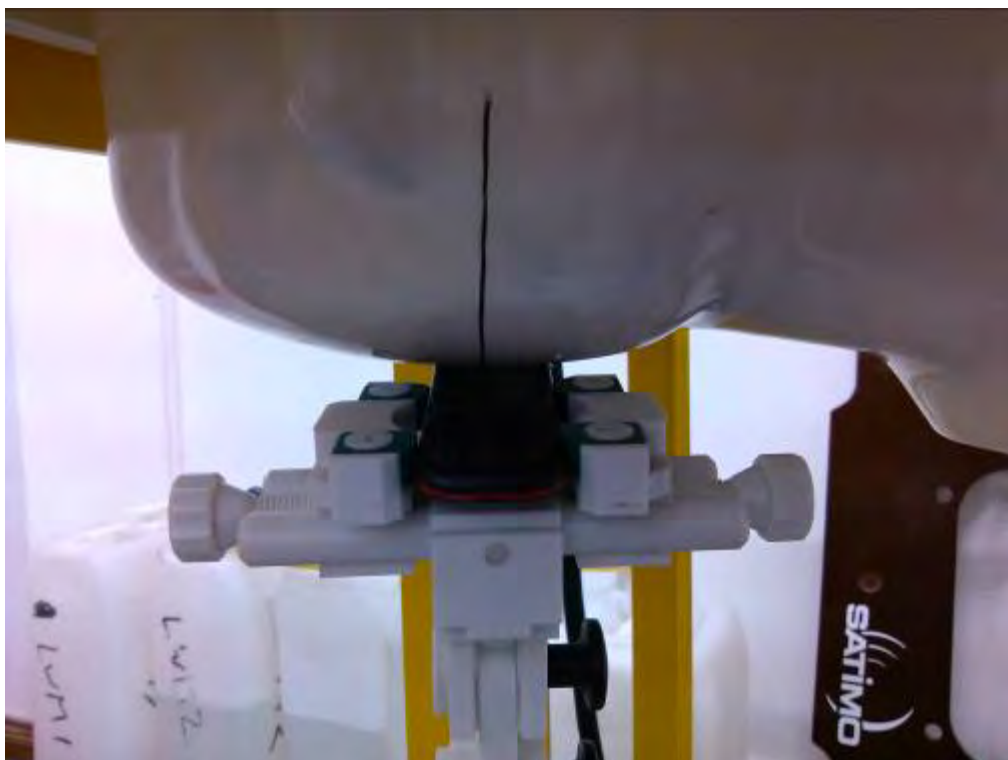
2 EUT Left Head Tilt15 Position



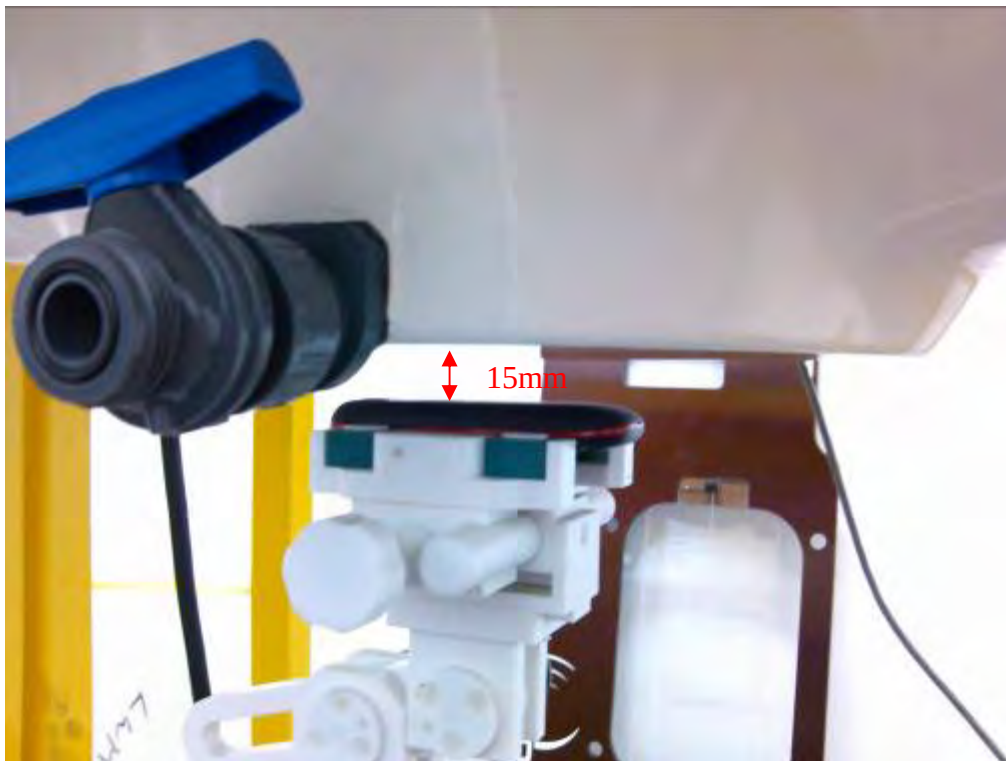
3 EUT Right Head Touch Cheek Position



4 EUT Right Head Tilt15 Position



5 Side Position



6 Side Position (with earphone)



Liquid Level Photo



Annex B Graph Test Results

BAND	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
<u>GSM850</u>	<u>Measurement 1:</u> Right Head with Cheek device position on High Channel in GSM mode <u>Measurement 2:</u> Right Head with Tilt device position on High Channel in GSM mode <u>Measurement 3:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on High Channel in GSM mode <u>Measurement 4:</u> Left Head with Tilt device position on High Channel in GSM mode <u>Measurement 5:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on High Channel in GSM mode <u>Measurement 6:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on High Channel in GSM mode
<u>GSM1900</u>	<u>Measurement 7:</u> Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode <u>Measurement 8:</u> Right Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode <u>Measurement 9:</u> Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode <u>Measurement 10:</u> Left Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode <u>Measurement 11:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode <u>Measurement 12:</u> Validation Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode

MEASUREMENT 1

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 45 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

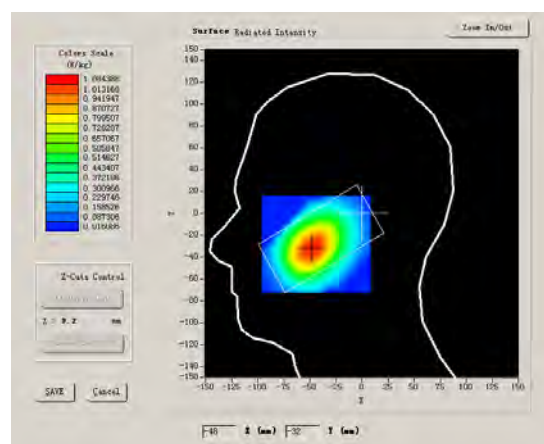
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

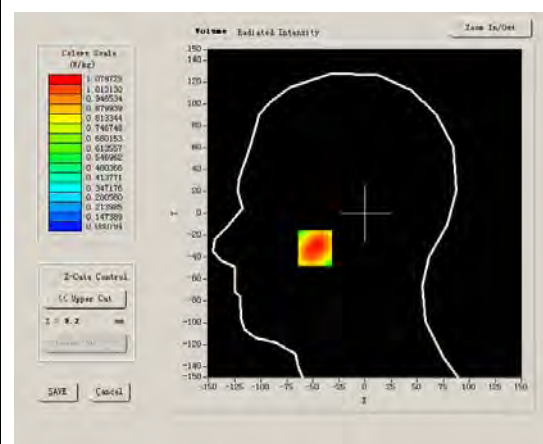
Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.790001
Relative permittivity	18.926250
Conductivity (S/m)	0.866612
Power drift (%)	0.800000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.479, 25.214, 27.196
Crest factor:	1:8

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



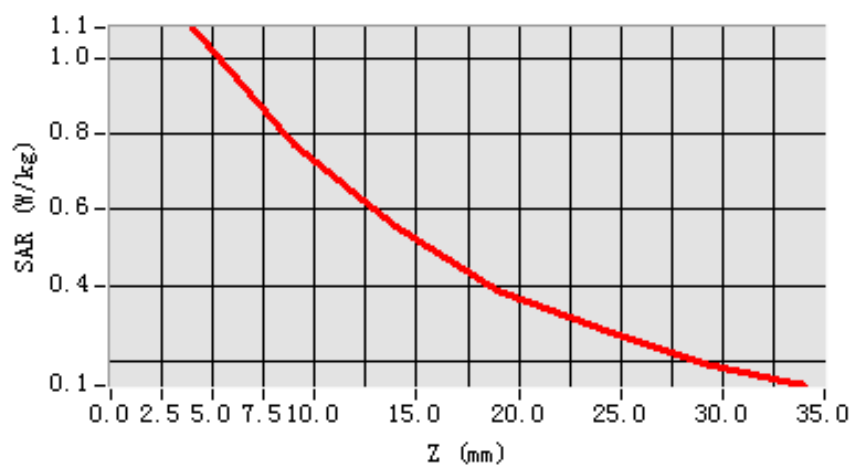
Maximum location: X=-48.00, Y=-32.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.699925
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.036492

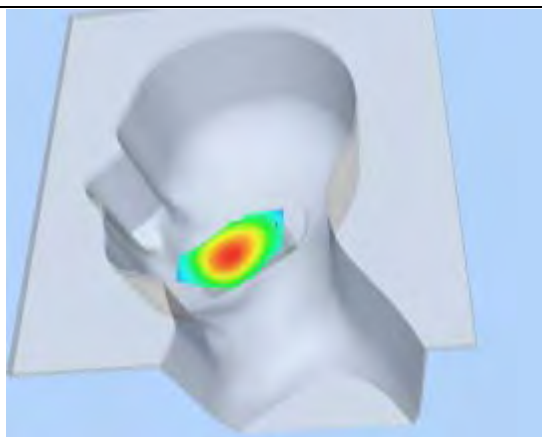
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	1.0797	0.7714	0.5560	0.3885	0.2846	0.1963

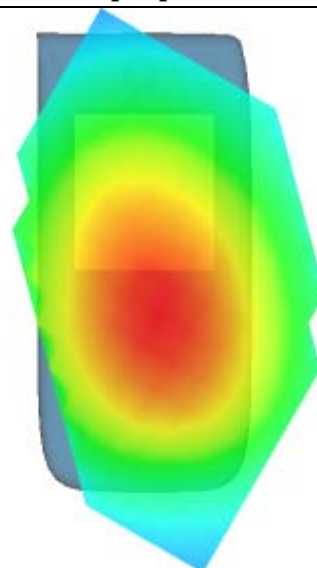
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -48, Y = -32)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 2

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 50 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

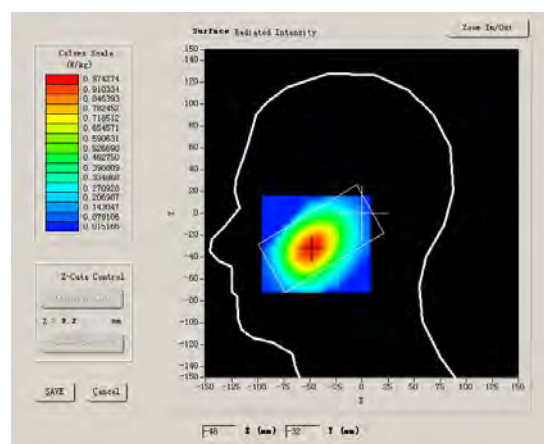
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Middle
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

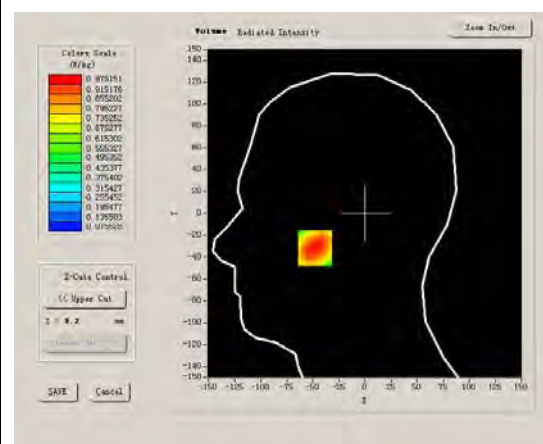
Middle Band SAR (Channel 190):

Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.669998
Relative permittivity	19.120001
Conductivity (S/m)	0.888655
Power drift (%)	-0.030000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.479, 25.214, 27.196
Crest factor:	1:8

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



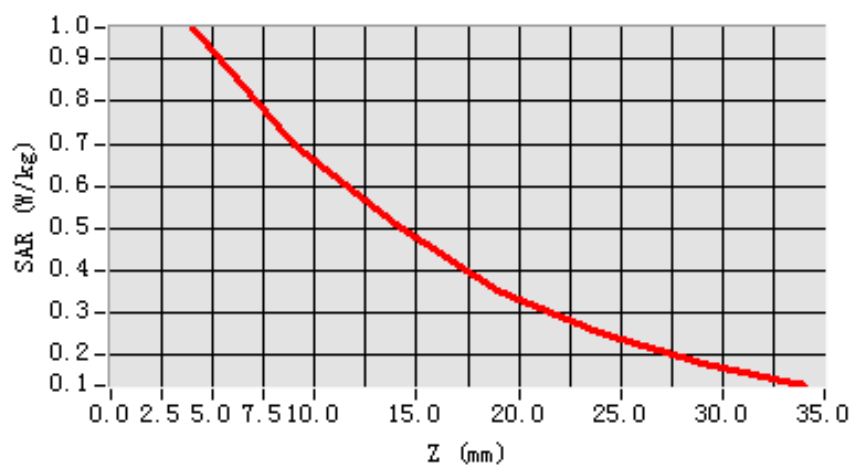
Maximum location: X=-48.00, Y=-32.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.632727
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.935174

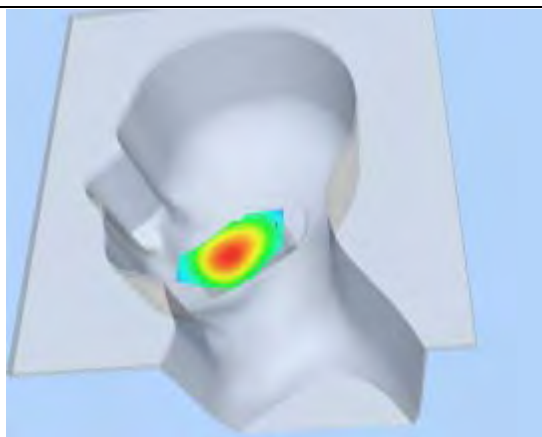
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.9752	0.6994	0.5090	0.3525	0.2524	0.1808

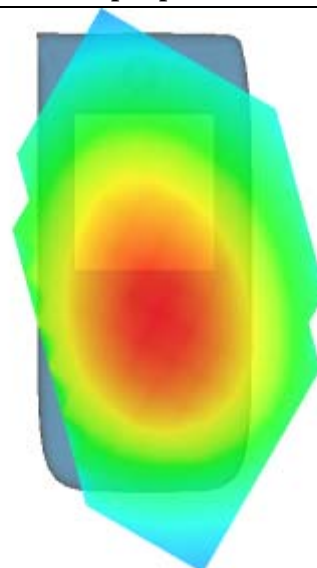
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -48, Y = -32)



3D sceen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 3

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 53 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

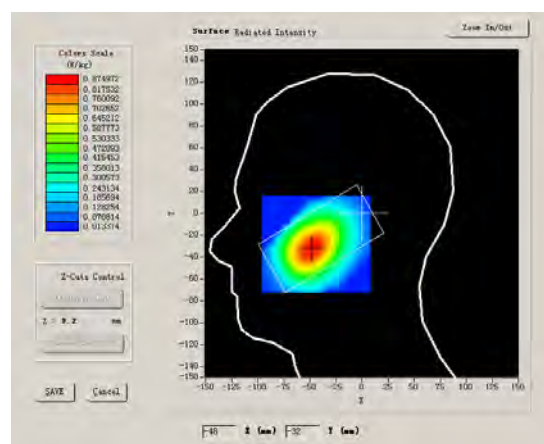
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	High
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

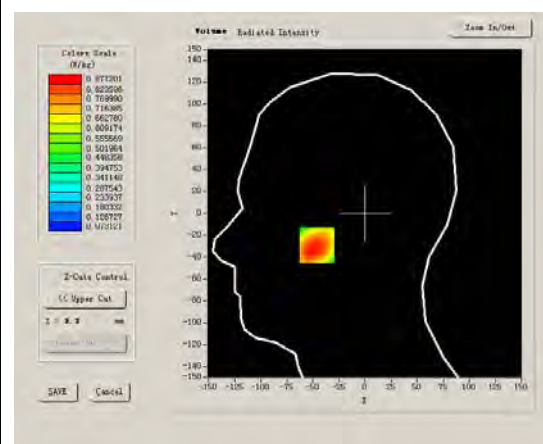
Higher Band SAR (Channel 251):

Frequency (MHz)	848.799988
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.675999
Relative permittivity	18.967199
Conductivity (S/m)	0.894409
Power drift (%)	-0.330000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.479, 25.214, 27.196
Crest factor:	1:8

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



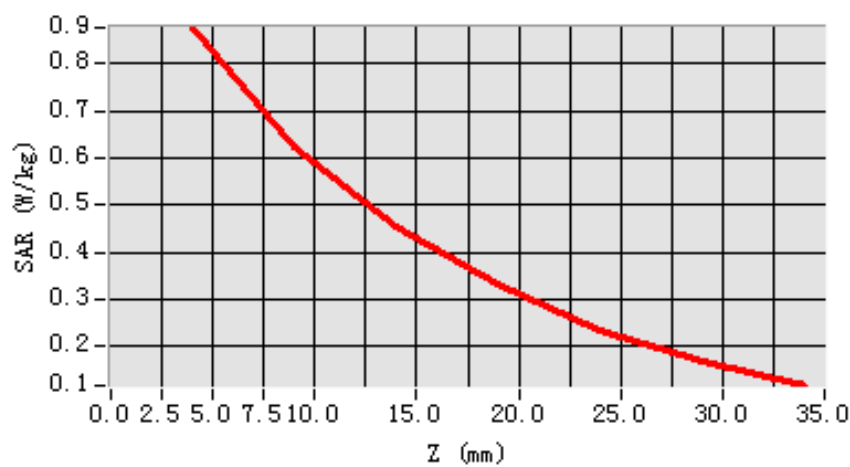
Maximum location: X=-46.00, Y=-29.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.574599
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.852629

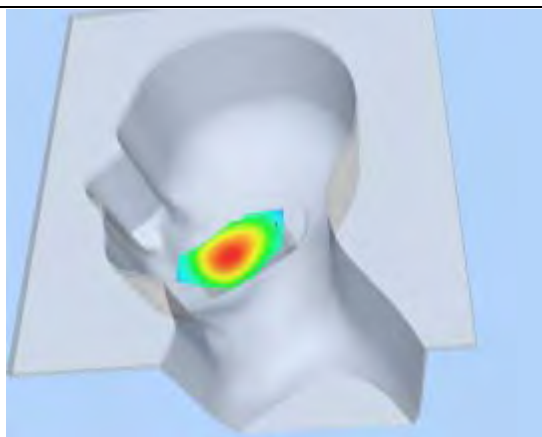
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.8772	0.6232	0.4532	0.3310	0.2348	0.1683

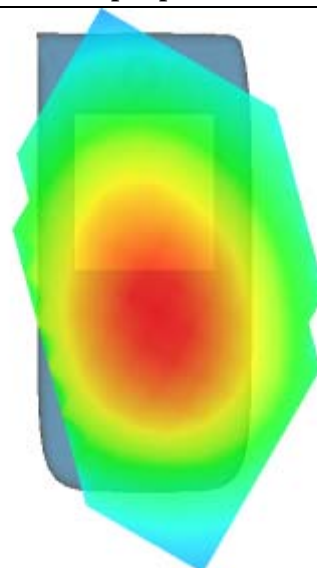
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -46, Y = -29)



3D sceen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 4

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 37 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

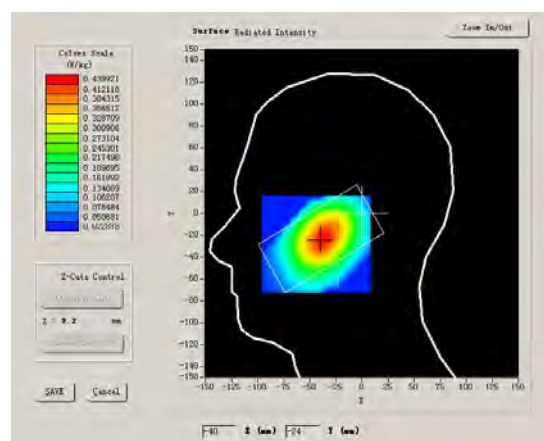
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

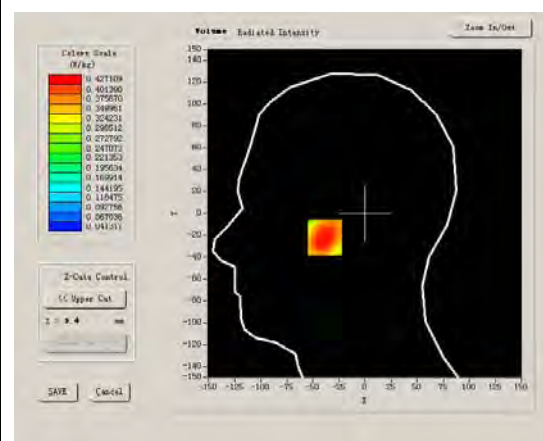
Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.669998
Relative permittivity	19.120001
Conductivity (S/m)	0.888655
Power drift (%)	0.120000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.479, 25.214, 27.196
Crest factor:	1:8

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



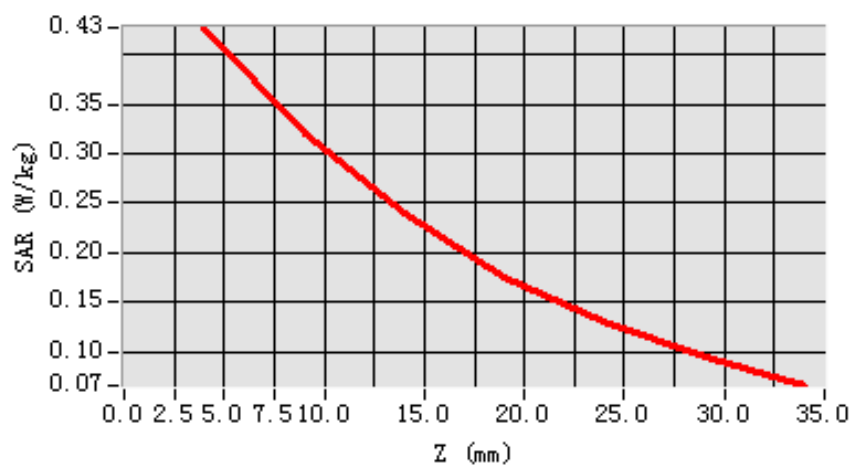
Maximum location: X=-36.00, Y=-22.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.292691
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.417922

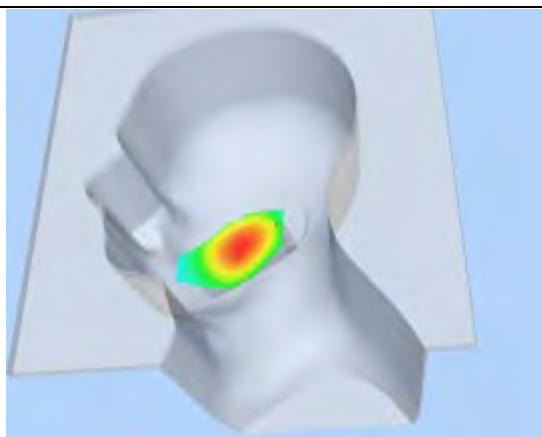
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.4271	0.3194	0.2399	0.1760	0.1304	0.0945

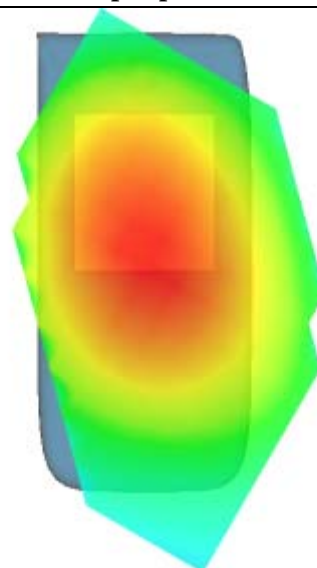
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -36, Y = -22)



3D sceen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 5

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 46 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

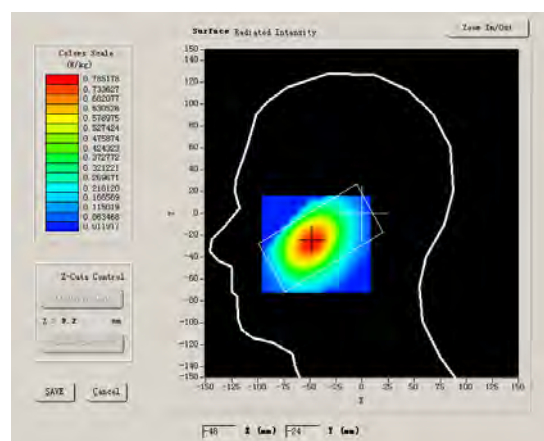
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

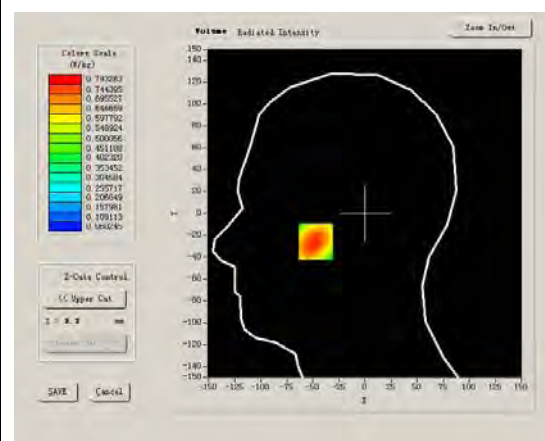
Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.669998
Relative permittivity	19.120001
Conductivity (S/m)	0.888655
Power drift (%)	-1.330000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.479, 25.214, 27.196
Crest factor:	1:8

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



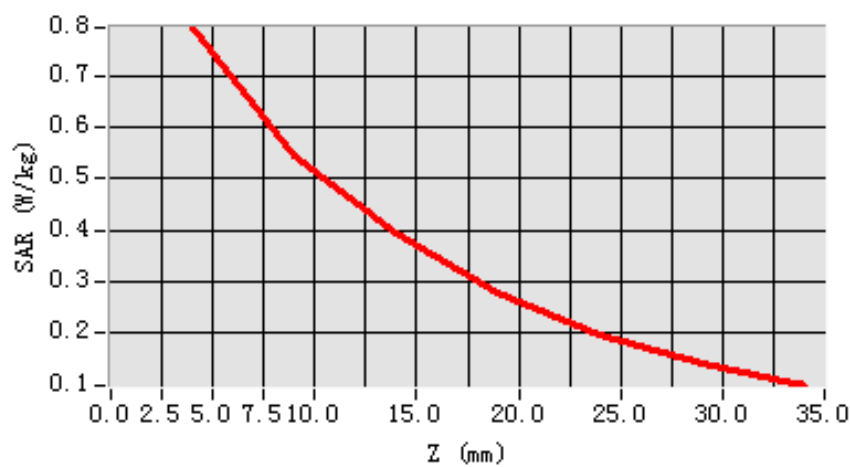
Maximum location: X=-47.00, Y=-26.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.506227
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.755989

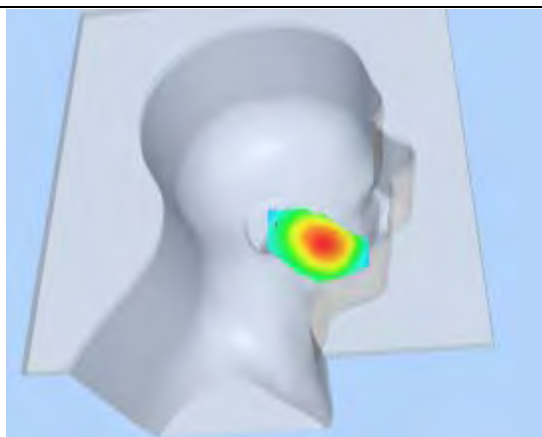
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.7933	0.5464	0.3937	0.2789	0.1962	0.1394

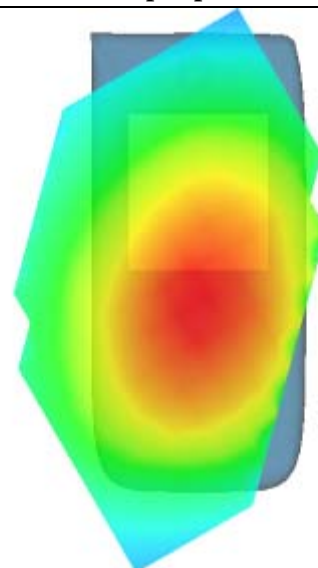
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -47, Y = -26)



3D sceen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 6

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 33 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

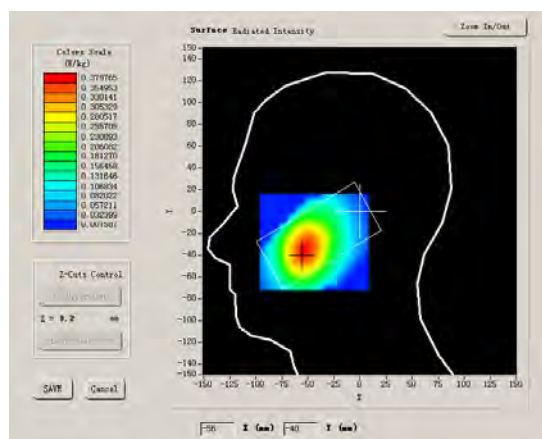
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

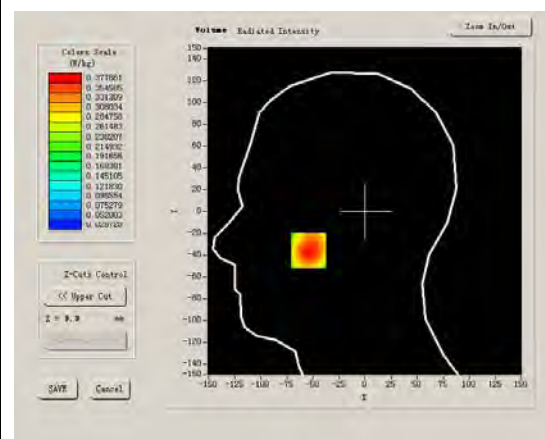
Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.669998
Relative permittivity	19.120001
Conductivity (S/m)	0.888655
Power drift (%)	-0.070000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.479, 25.214, 27.196
Crest factor:	1:8

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



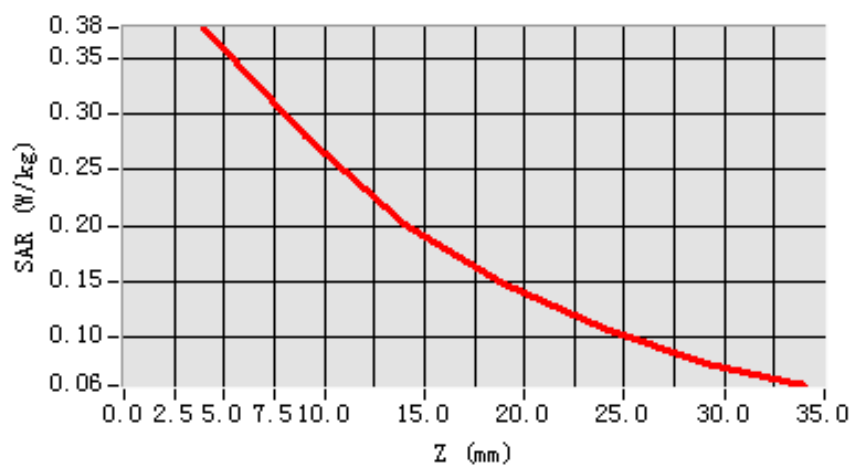
Maximum location: X=-54.00, Y=-36.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.250122
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.365347

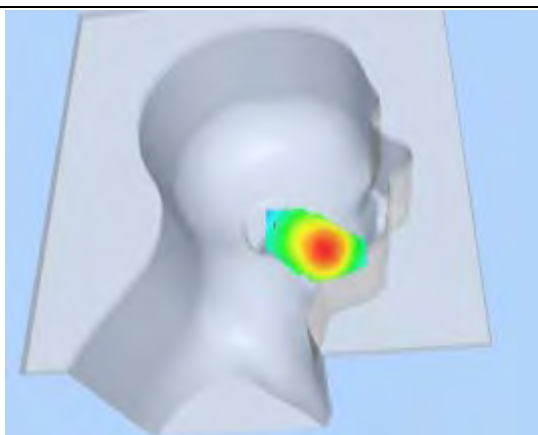
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.3779	0.2809	0.2009	0.1478	0.1082	0.0766

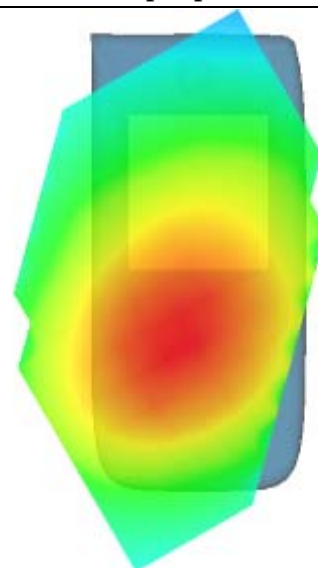
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -54, Y = -36)



3D sceen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 7

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 9 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

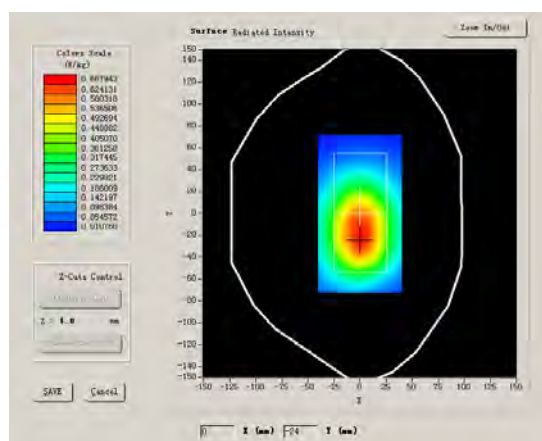
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

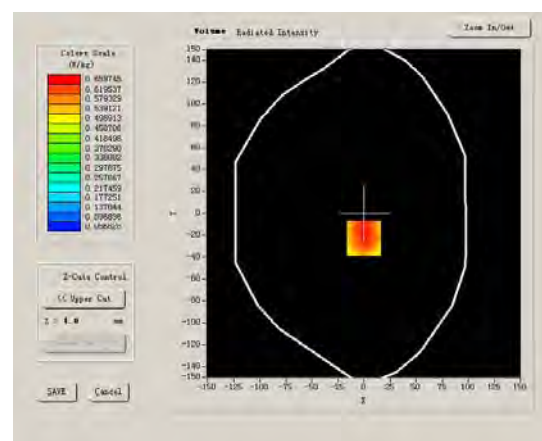
Lower Band SAR (Channel 128):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.709999
Relative permittivity	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	1.009033
Power drift (%)	-0.850000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559, 25.681, 27.588
Crest factor:	1:8

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



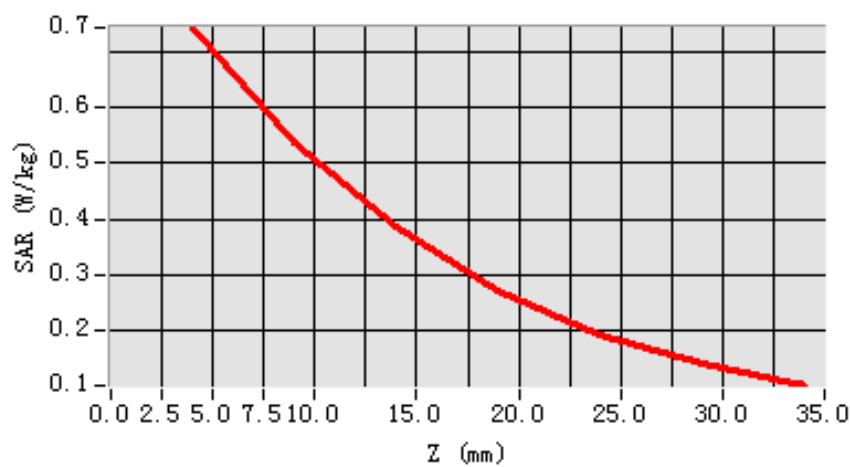
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-23.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.499650
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.719339

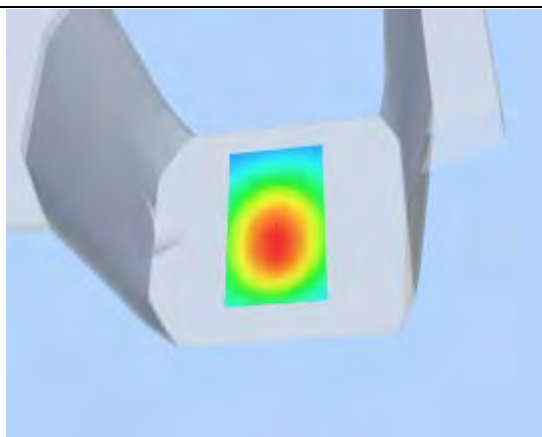
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.7439	0.5375	0.3885	0.2727	0.1914	0.1392

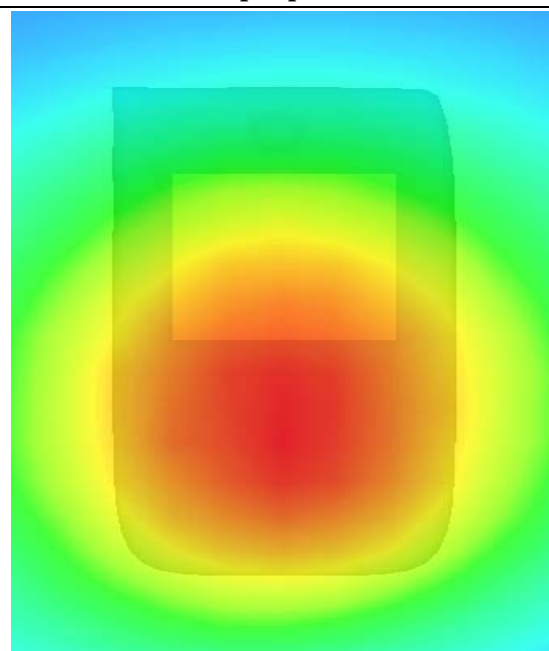
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 0, Y = -23)



3D sceen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 8

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

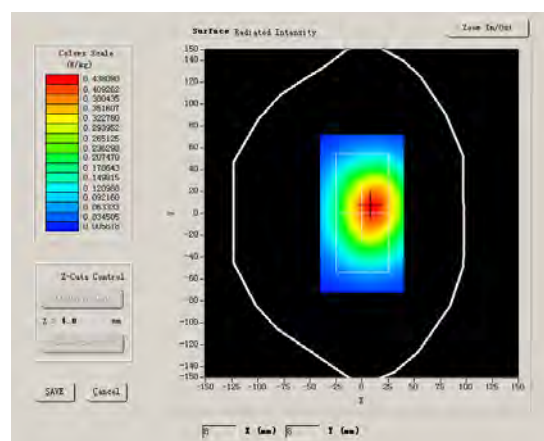
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM850
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

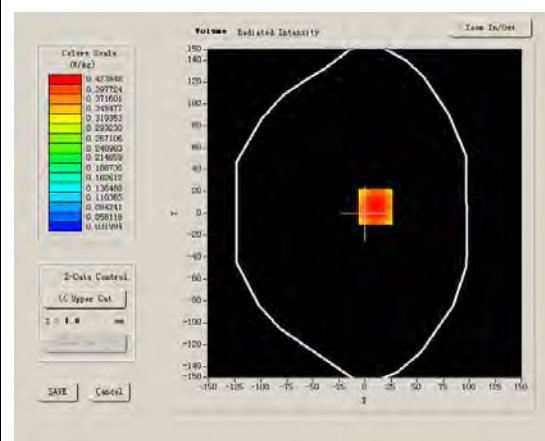
Lower Band SAR (Channel 190):

Frequency (MHz)	824.200012
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.709999
Relative permittivity	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	1.009033
Power drift (%)	-0.540000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	28.559, 25.681, 27.588
Crest factor:	1:8

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



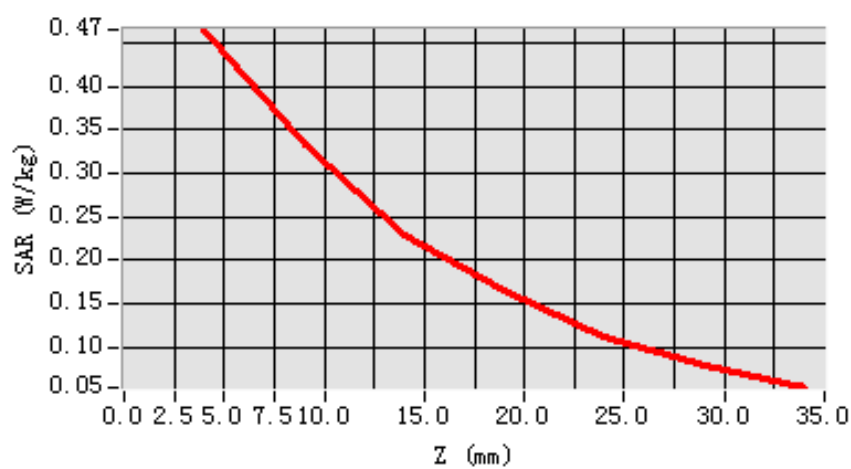
Maximum location: X=10.00, Y=6.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.309246
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.450070

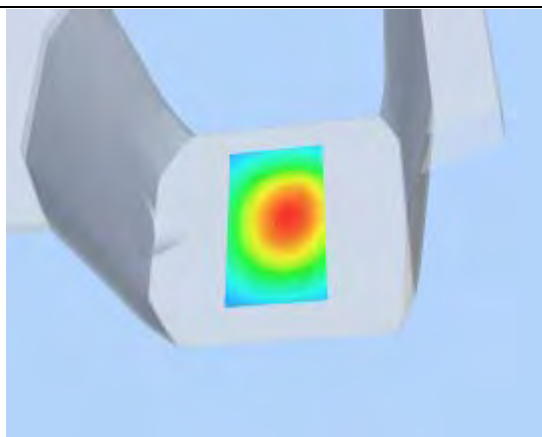
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.4653	0.3334	0.2298	0.1642	0.1133	0.0786

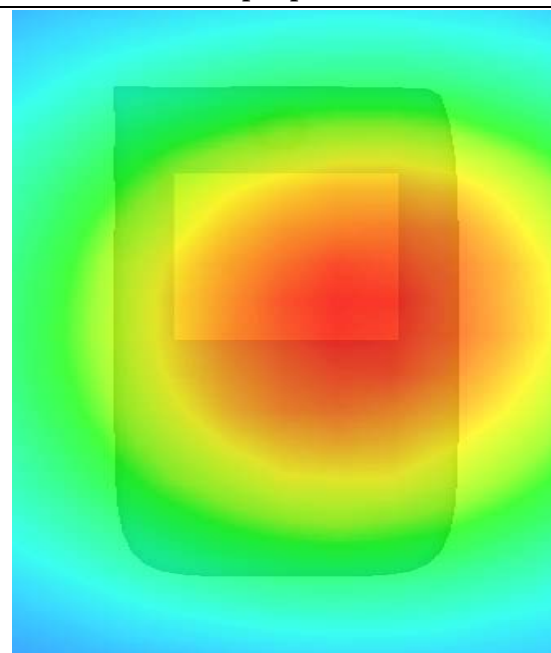
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 10, Y = 6)



3D sceen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 9

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 9 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

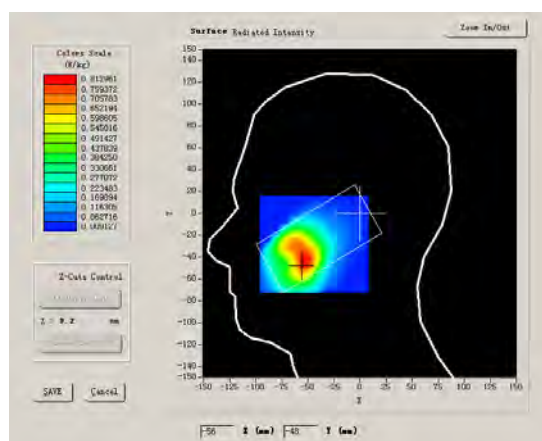
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	High
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

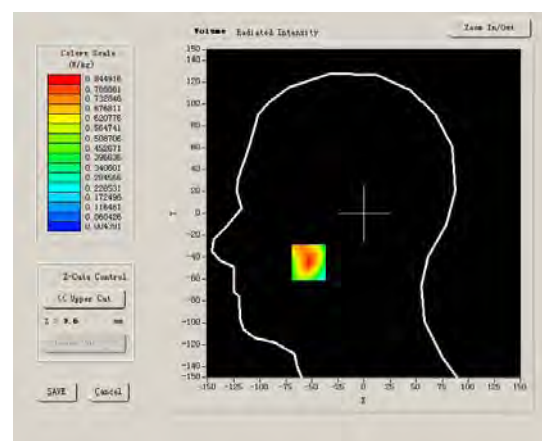
Higher Band SAR (Channel 810):

Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.509998
Relative permittivity	13.750000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power drift (%)	-0.330000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:8

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



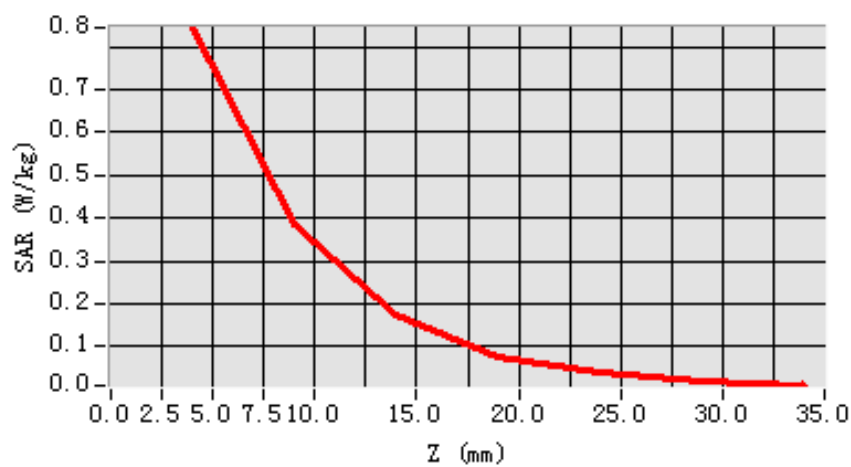
Maximum location: X=-53.00, Y=-45.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.394214
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.791283

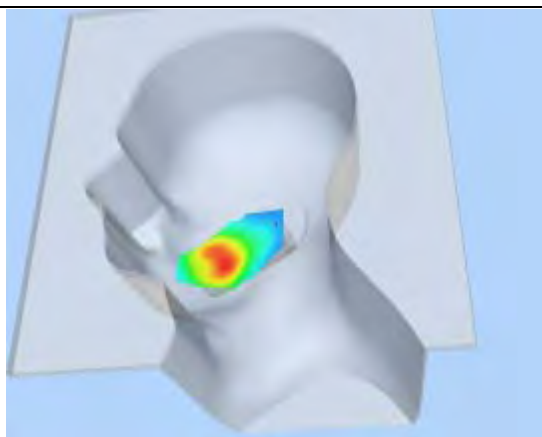
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.8449	0.3850	0.1738	0.0777	0.0381	0.0186

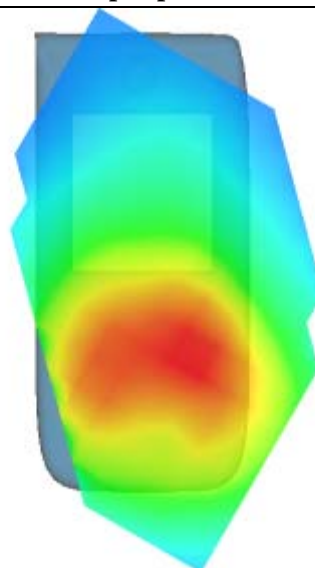
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -53, Y = -45)



3D sceen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 10

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 49 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

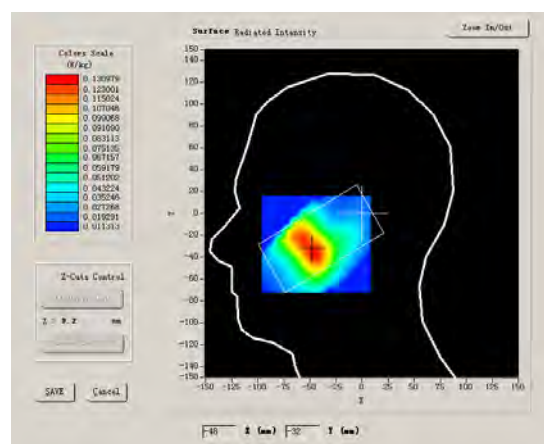
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Right head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM1900
Channels	High
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

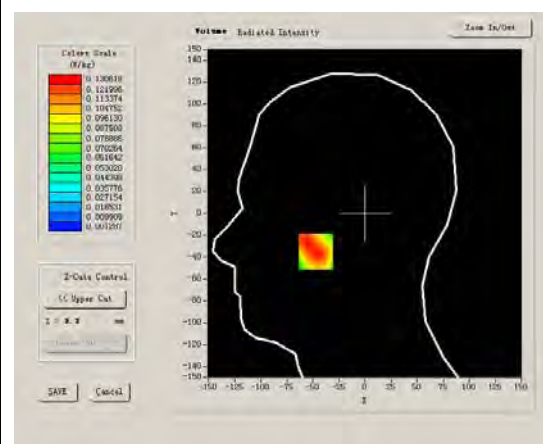
Higher Band SAR (Channel 810):

Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.509998
Relative permittivity	13.750000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power drift (%)	-0.260000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:8

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



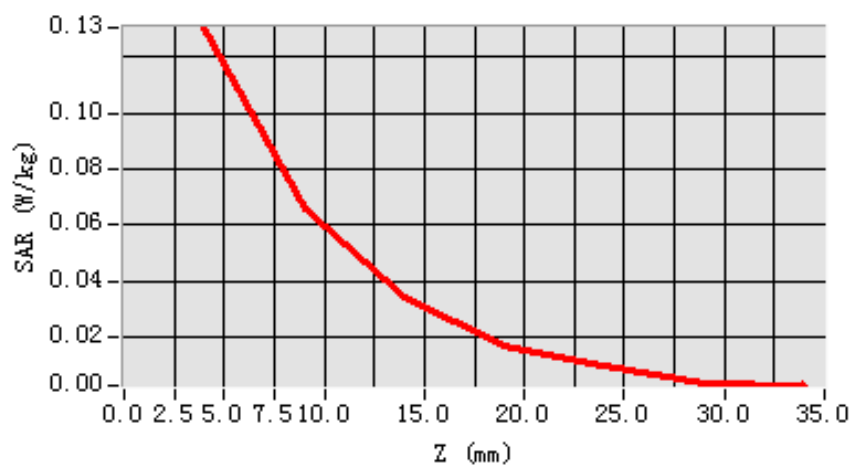
Maximum location: X=-47.00, Y=-35.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.067238
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.125238

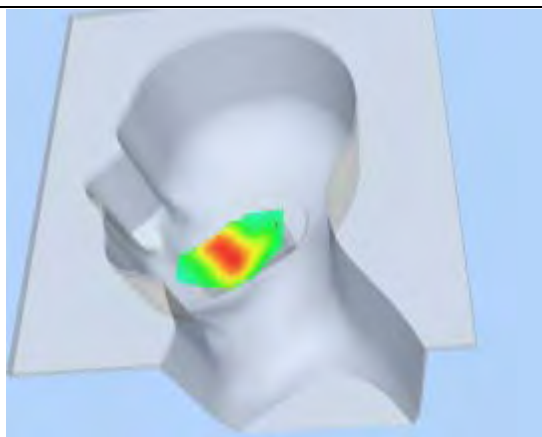
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.1306	0.0660	0.0340	0.0169	0.0098	0.0033

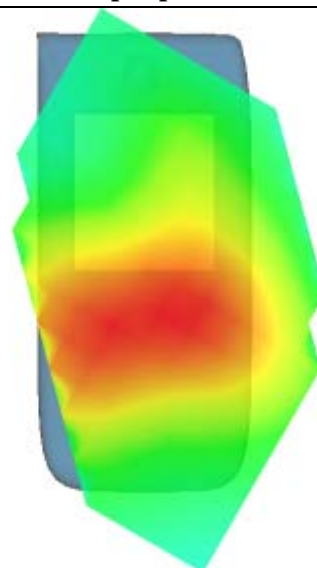
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -47, Y = -35)



3D sceen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 11

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 6 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

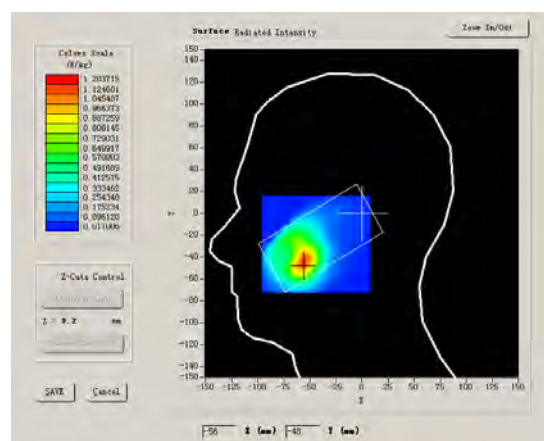
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Low
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

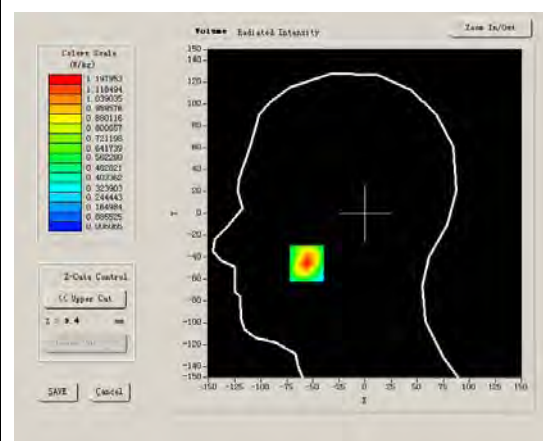
Lower Band SAR (Channel 512):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.993999
Relative permittivity	12.991650
Conductivity (S/m)	1.335397
Power drift (%)	-1.590000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:8

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



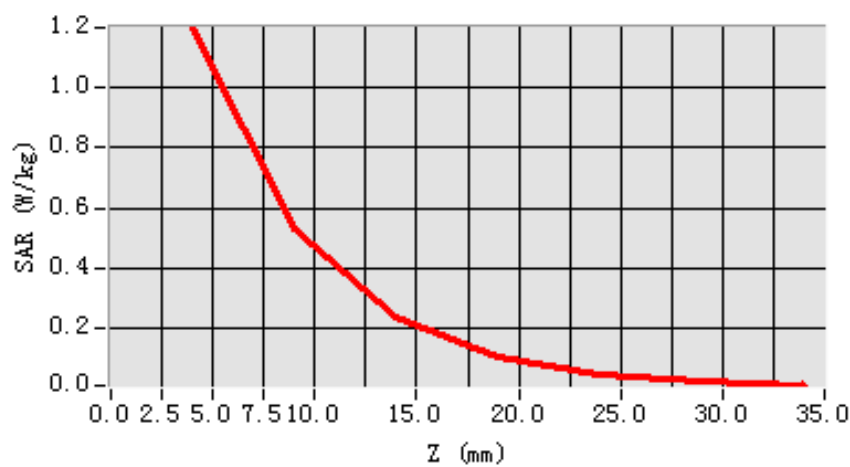
Maximum location: X=-56.00, Y=-46.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.528406
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.119464

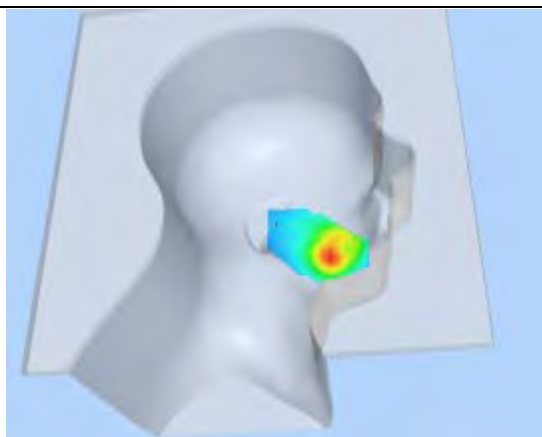
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	1.1980	0.5336	0.2365	0.1046	0.0489	0.0235

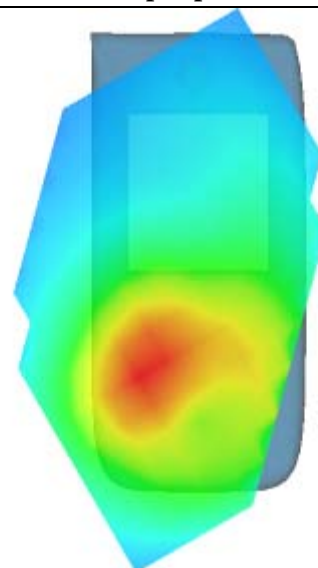
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -56, Y = -46)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 12

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 1 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

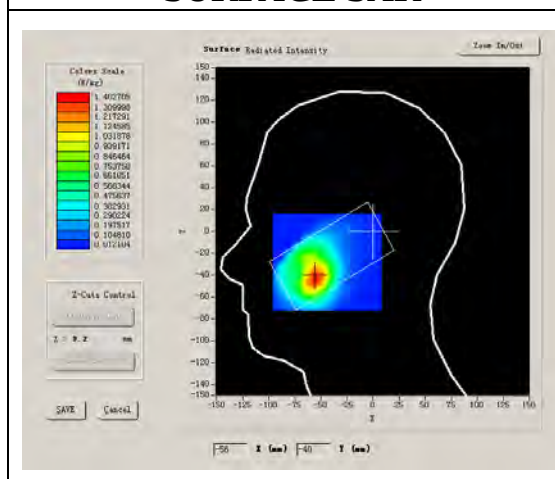
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Middle
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

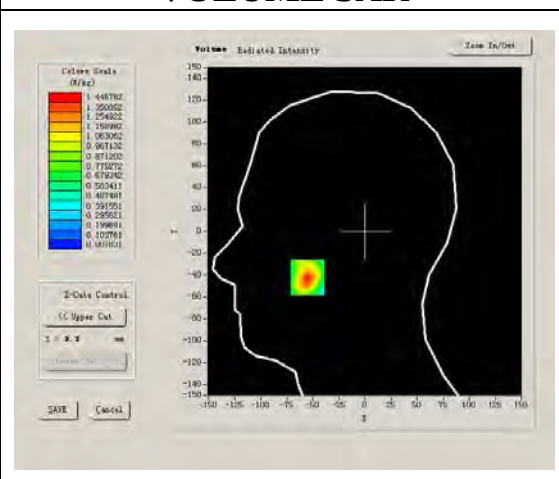
Middle Band SAR (Channel 661):

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.509998
Relative permittivity	13.750000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power drift (%)	-1.700000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:8

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



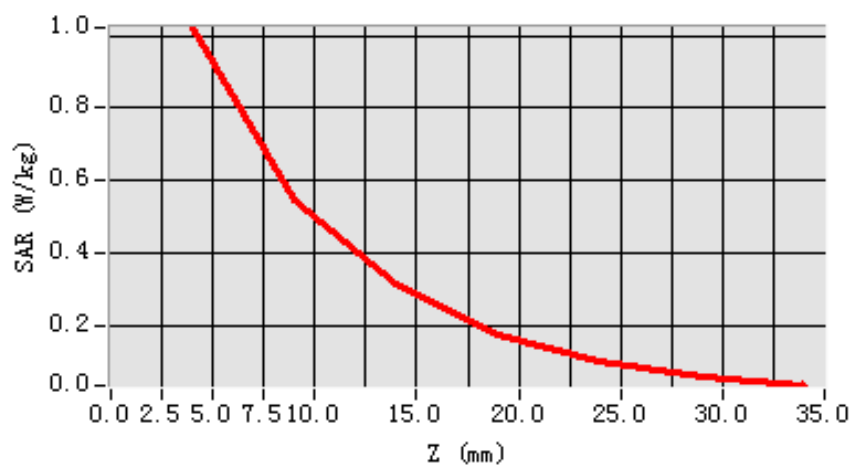
Maximum location: X=-24.00, Y=8.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.481924
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.965300

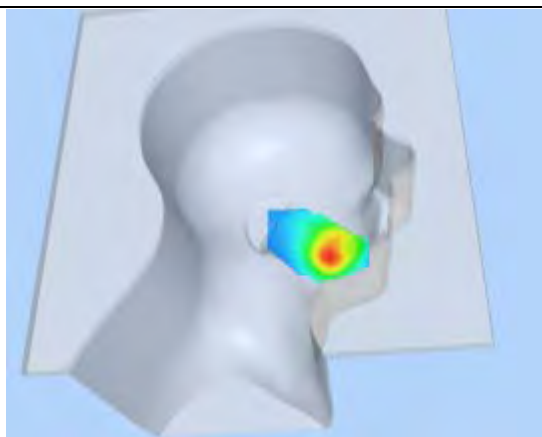
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	1.0505	0.7436	0.5607	0.4101	0.3251	0.2626

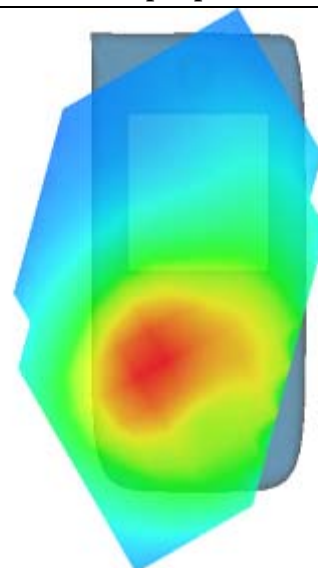
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -24, Y = 8)



3D sceen shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 13

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 3 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

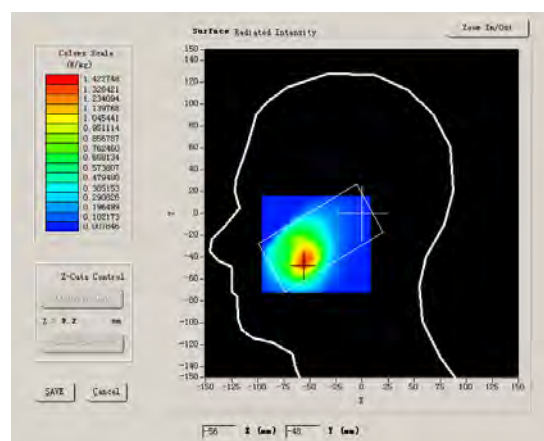
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Cheek
Band	GSM1900
Channels	High
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

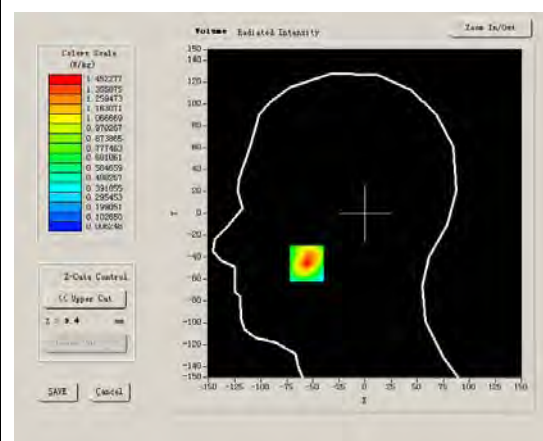
Higher Band SAR (Channel 810):

Frequency (MHz)	1909.800049
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.929001
Relative permittivity	13.156500
Conductivity (S/m)	1.395905
Power drift (%)	-1.080000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:8

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



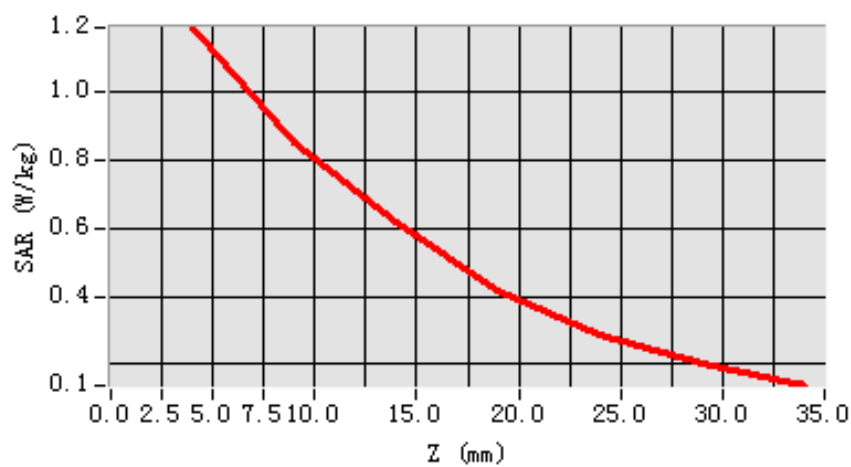
Maximum location: X=-31.00, Y=-14.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.775835
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.154613

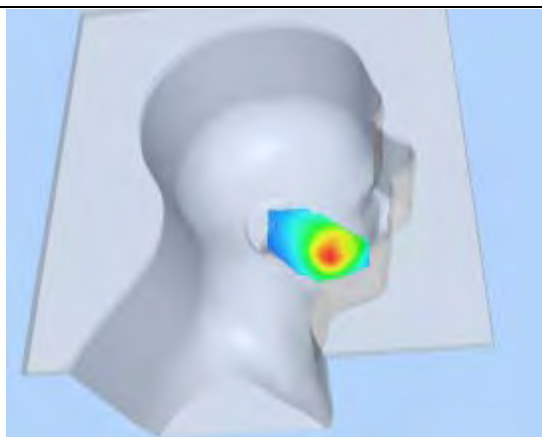
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	1.1848	0.8510	0.6147	0.4174	0.2901	0.2039

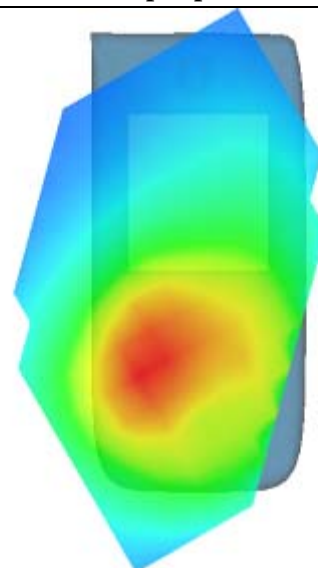
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -31, Y = -14)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 14

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 54 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

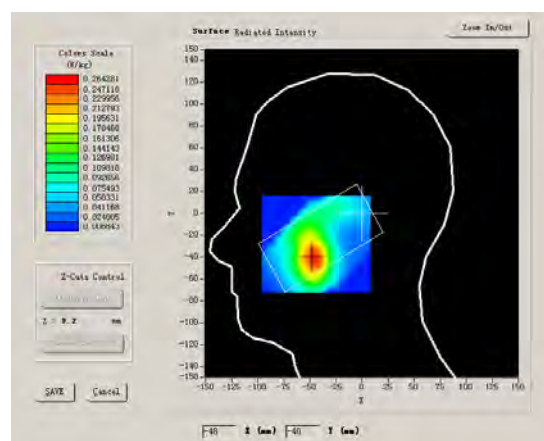
Phantom File	sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt
Phantom	Left head
Device Position	Tilt
Band	GSM1900
Channels	High
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

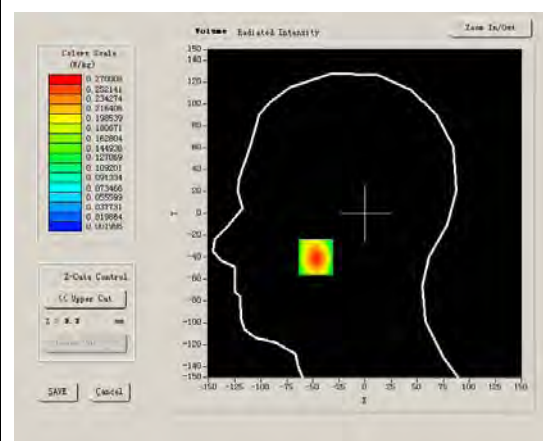
Higher Band SAR (Channel 810):

Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.509998
Relative permittivity	13.750000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power drift (%)	-0.030000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:8

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



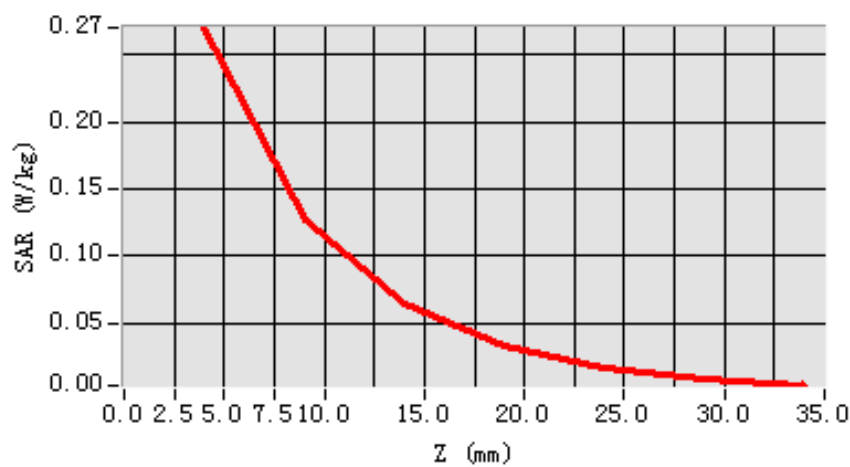
Maximum location: X=-47.00, Y=-40.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.130740
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.255825

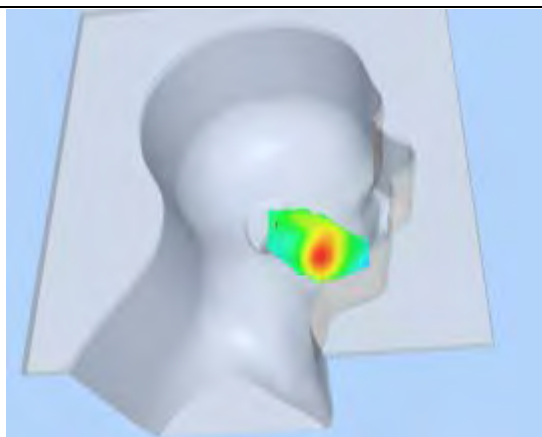
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2700	0.1274	0.0638	0.0325	0.0161	0.0089

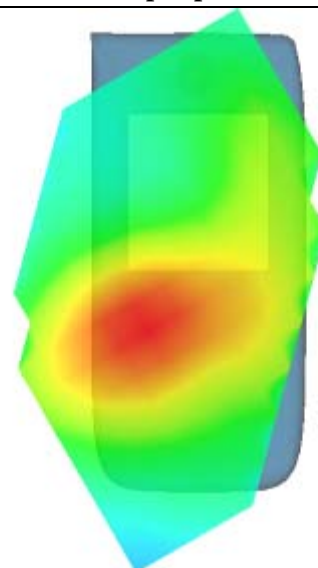
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -47, Y = -40)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 15

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 7 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

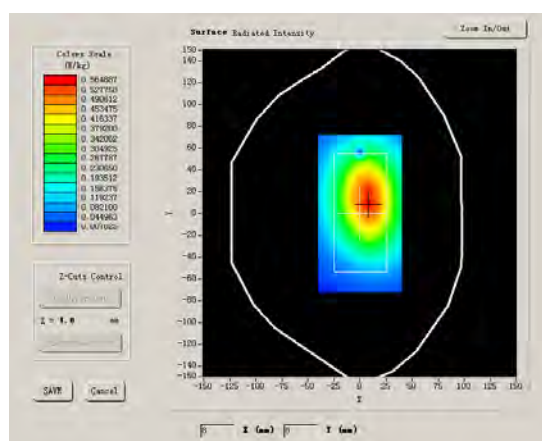
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM1900
Channels	High
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

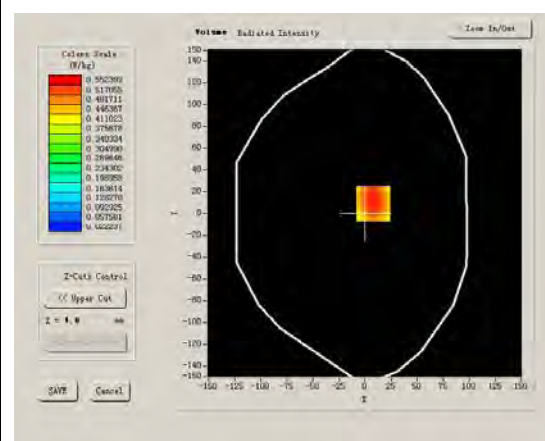
Higher Band SAR (Channel 512):

Frequency (MHz)	1909.800000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.540001
Relative permittivity	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.469533
Power drift (%)	-0.780000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:8

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



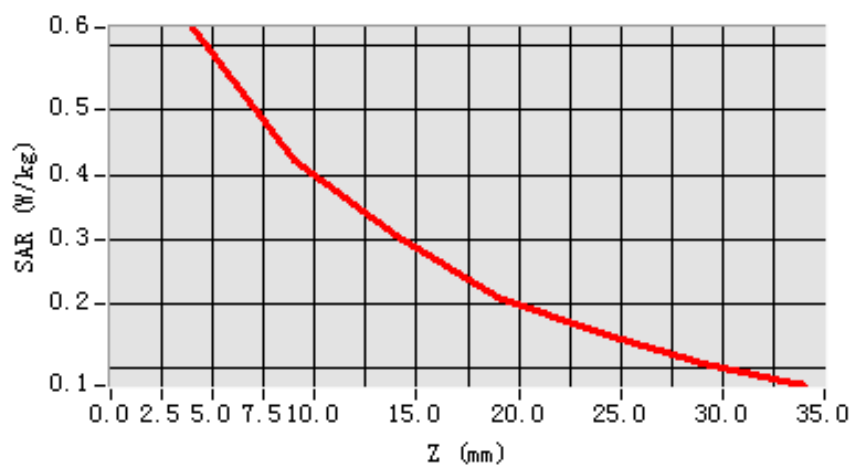
Maximum location: X=8.00, Y=9.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.396454
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.584059

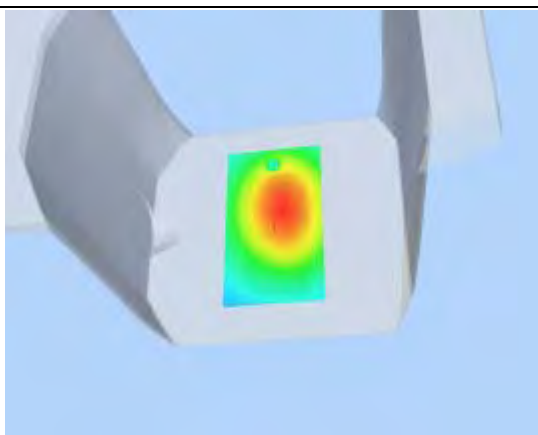
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.6272	0.4240	0.3047	0.2111	0.1572	0.1066

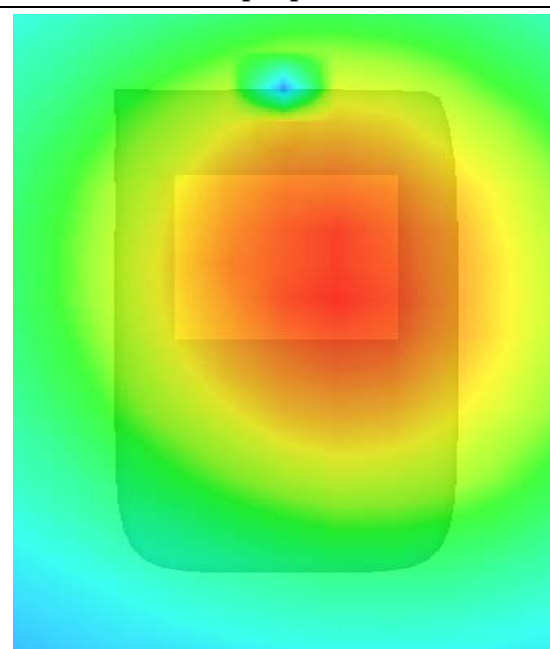
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 8, Y = 9)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



MEASUREMENT 16

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 8 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

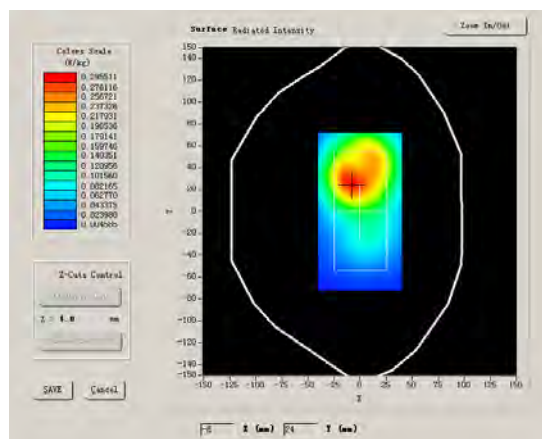
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM1900
Channels	High
Signal	GSM

B. SAR Measurement Results

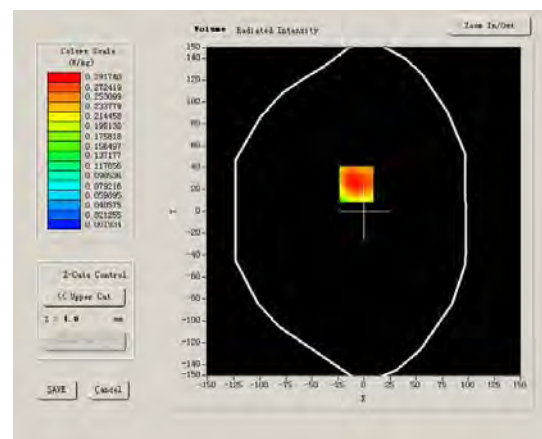
Higher Band SAR (Channel 810):

Frequency (MHz)	1850.200000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.540001
Relative permittivity	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.469533
Power drift (%)	0.180000
Ambient Temperature:	22.6°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.7°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:8

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



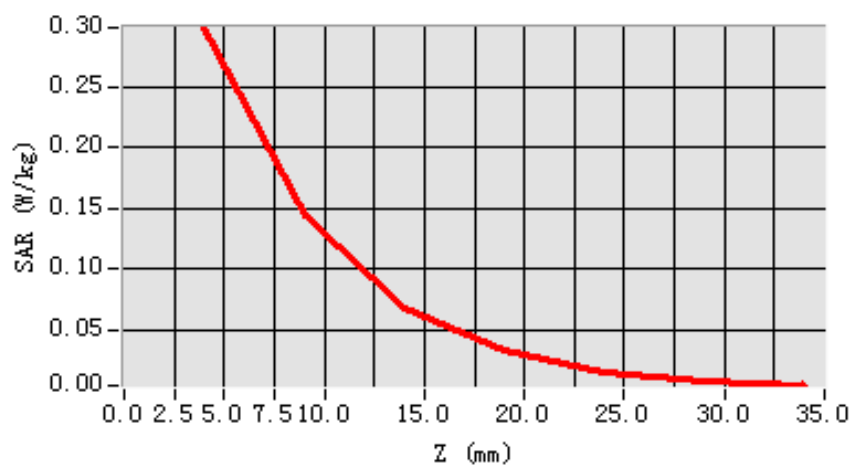
Maximum location: X=-7.00, Y=25.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.155385
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.290442

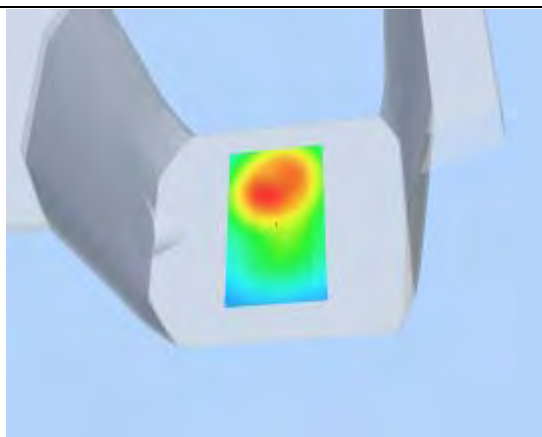
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	0.2985	0.1444	0.0682	0.0329	0.0156	0.0080

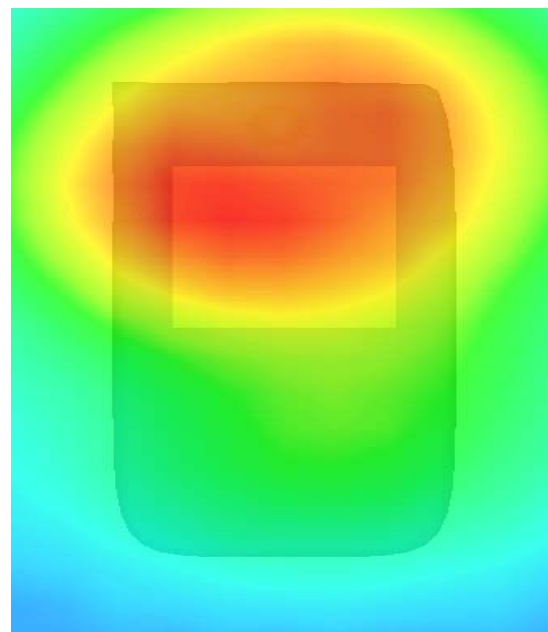
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -7, Y = 25)



3D sceen shot



Hot spot position



System Performance Check Data(Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

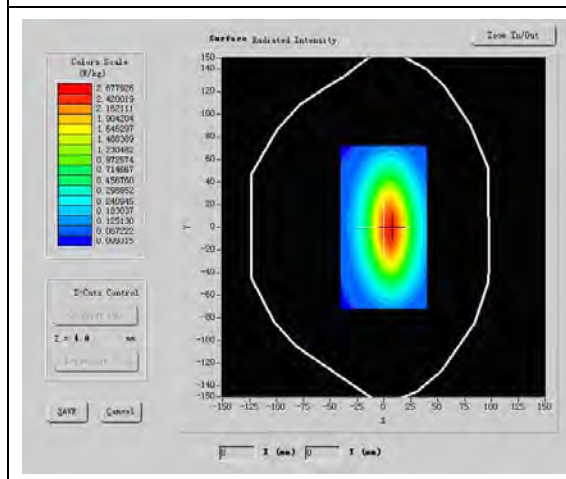
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	
Band	835MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

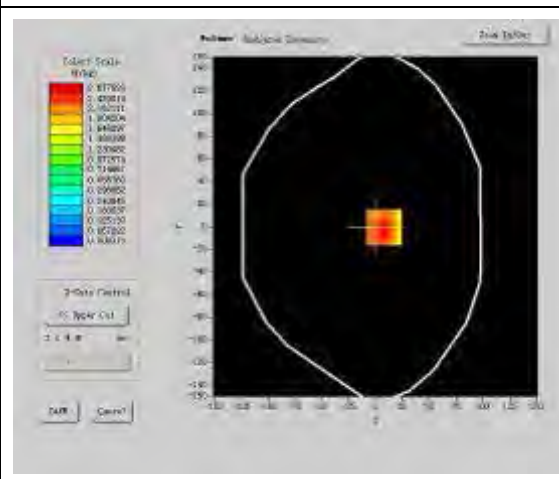
Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.675999
Relative permittivity	15.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	0.894409
Power drift (%)	-0.050000
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	28.479,25.214,27.196
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



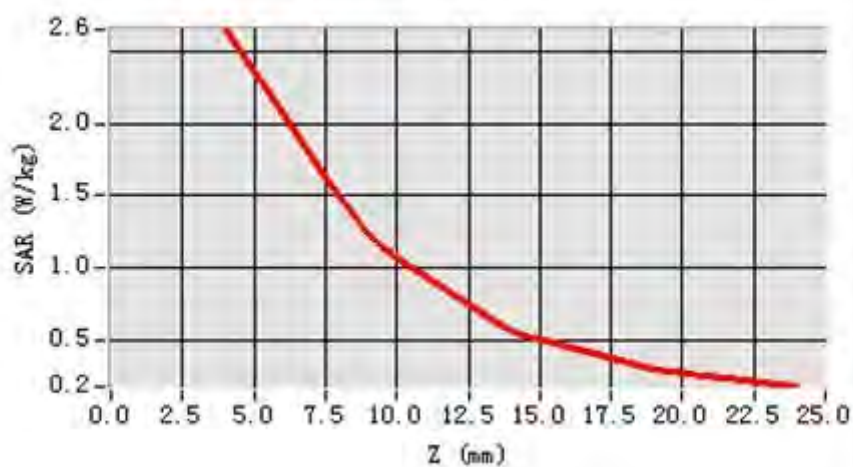
Maximum location: X=5.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.685732
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.478462

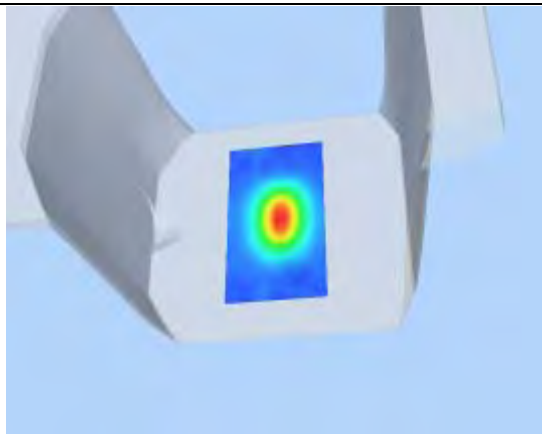
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.4754	1.2251	0.5257	0.2114

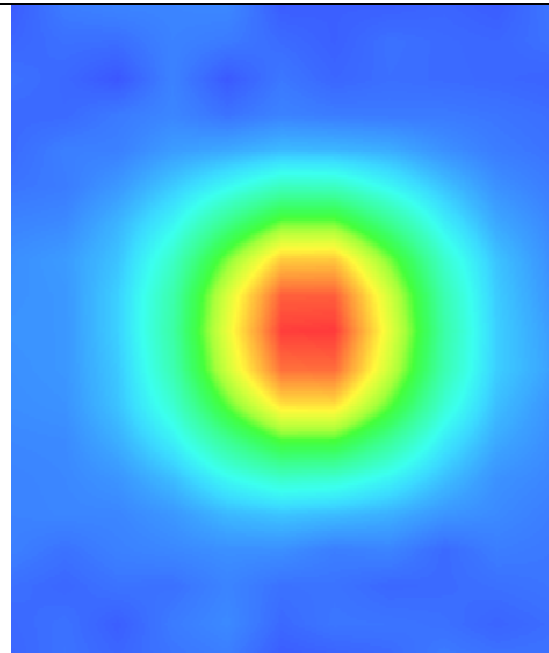
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 5, Y = 1)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



System Performance Check Data(Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

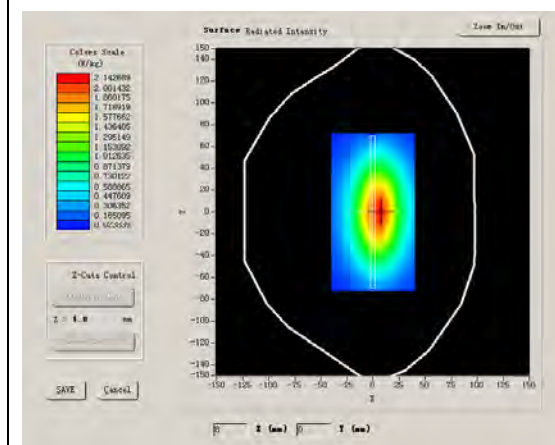
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	
Band	835MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

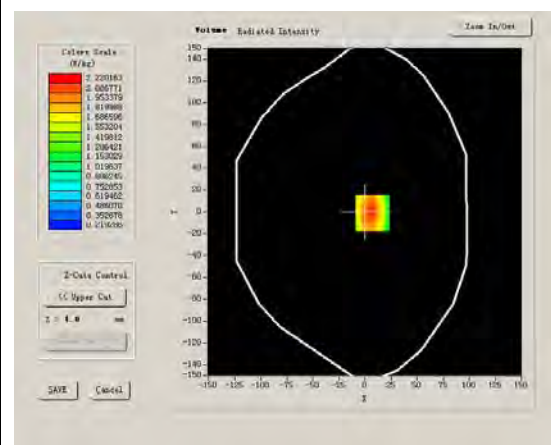
Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.709999
Relative permittivity	21.709999
Conductivity (S/m)	0.9809033
Power drift (%)	-0.170000
Ambient Temperature:	22.4°C
Liquid Temperature:	21.5°C
ConvF:	28.559,25.681,27.588
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



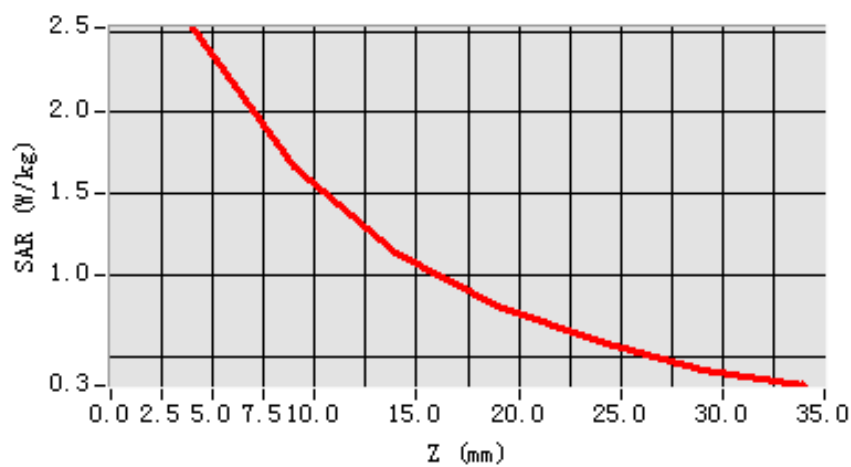
Maximum location: X=7.00, Y=-1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	1.539476
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	2.385979

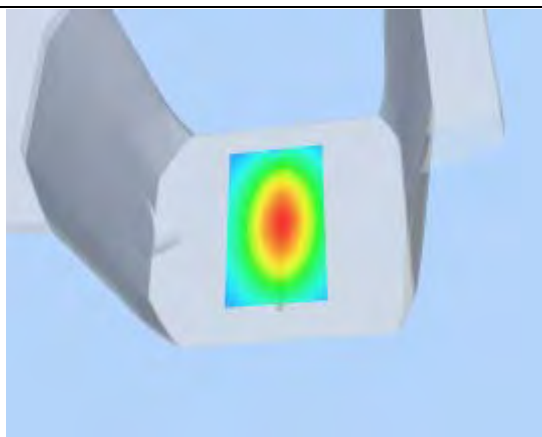
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	2.5209	1.6629	1.1437	0.8075	0.5889	0.4143

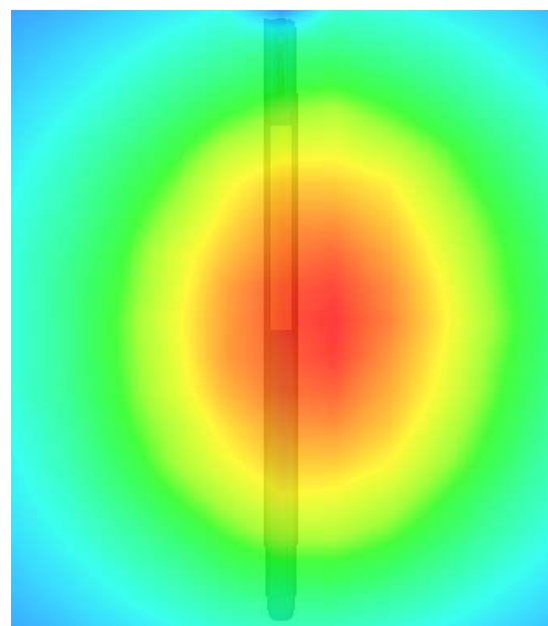
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 7, Y = -1)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



System Performance Check Data(Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

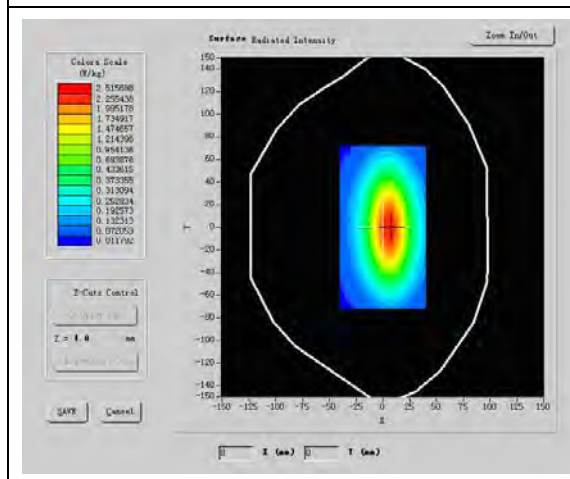
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	
Band	1900MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

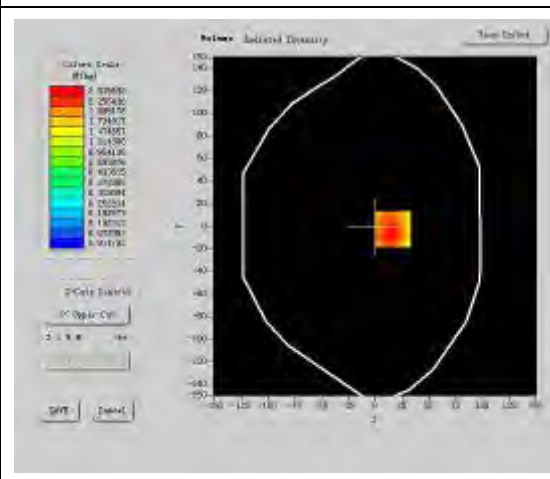
Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.509998
Relative permittivity	15.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.436111
Power drift (%)	-0.140000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.136,34.843,38.721
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



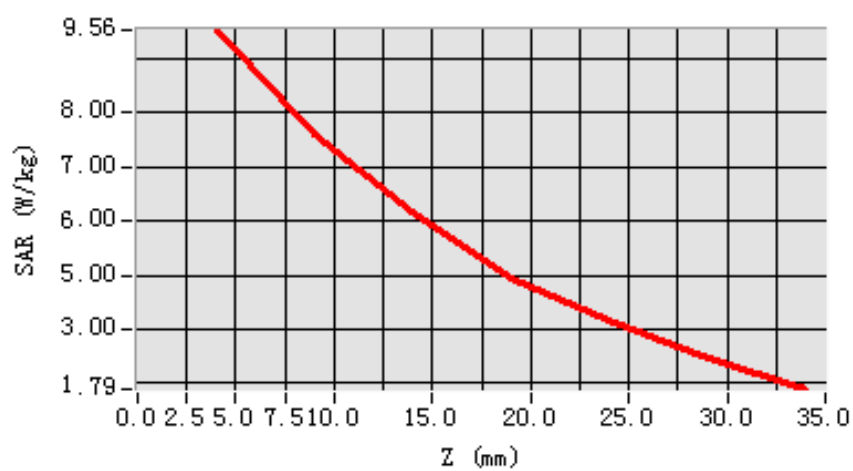
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-50.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	4.884149
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.454628

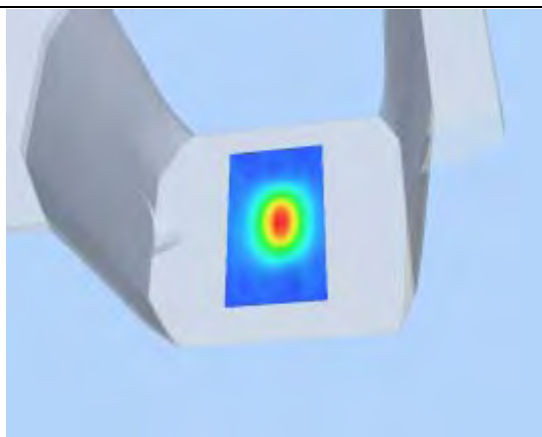
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	9.4148	7.3955	6.3646	4.3955

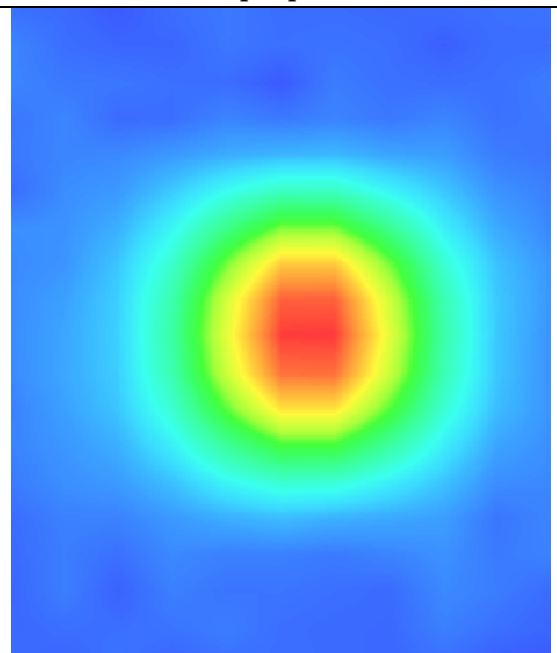
SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = -1, Y = -50)



3D scene shot



Hot spot position



System Performance Check Data(Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 20/2/2012

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 26 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

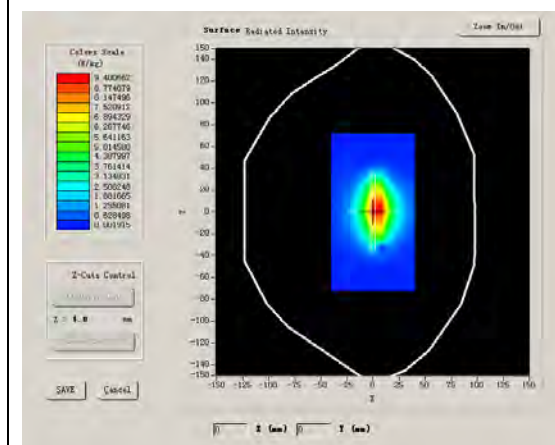
Phantom File	surf_sam_plan.txt
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	
Band	1900MHz
Channels	
Signal	CW

B. SAR Measurement Results

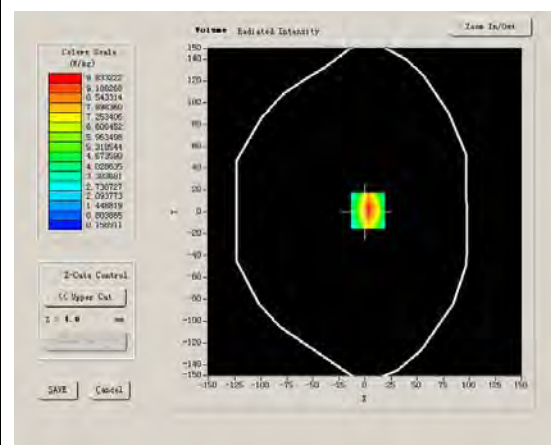
Band SAR

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	52.548876
Relative permittivity	14.070000
Conductivity (S/m)	1.553978
Power drift (%)	-0.030000
Ambient Temperature:	22.3°C
Liquid Temperature:	22.6°C
ConvF:	40.625,34.773,38.535
Crest factor:	1:1

SURFACE SAR



VOLUME SAR



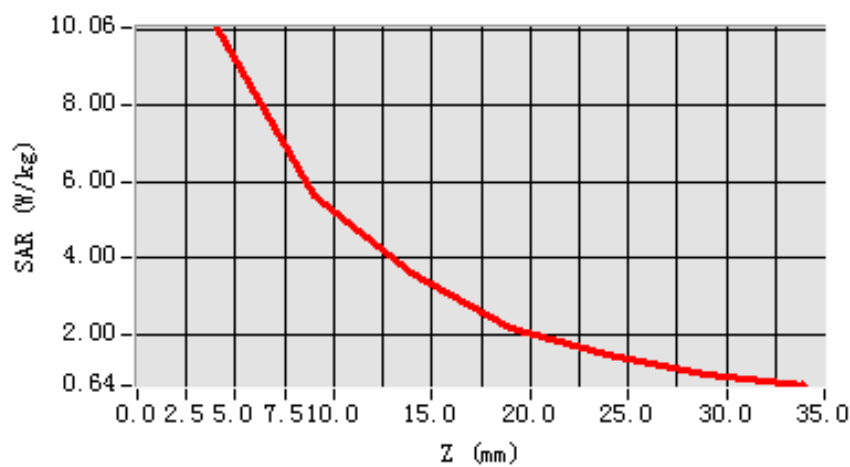
Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=1.00

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	4.981611
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	9.740177

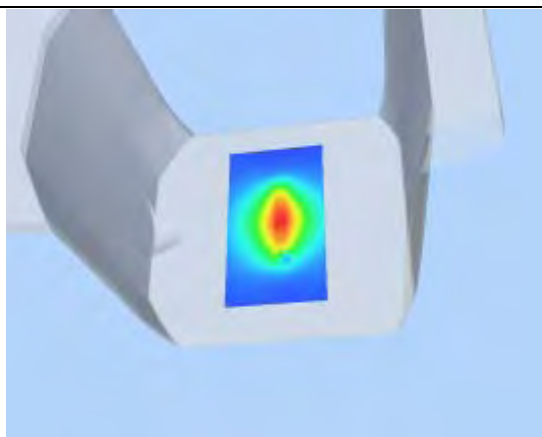
Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.0000	10.0621	5.6445	3.6226	2.1642	1.4521	0.9078

SAR, Z Axis Scan (X = 3, Y = 1)



3D sceen shot



Hot spot position

