

## RF exposure

According to FCC part 1.1310 : The criteria listed in the following table shall be used to evaluate the environment impact of human exposure to radio frequency (RF) radiation as specified in § 1.1307(b)

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

| Frequency range (MHz)                                   | Electric field strength (V/m) | Magnetic field strength (A/m) | Power density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Average time |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| (A) Limits for Occupational / Control Exposures         |                               |                               |                                     |              |
| 300 – 1 500                                             | --                            | --                            | f/300                               | 6            |
| 1 500 - 100000                                          | --                            | --                            | 5                                   | 6            |
| (B) Limits for General Population / Uncontrol Exposures |                               |                               |                                     |              |
| 300 – 1 500                                             | --                            | --                            | f/1500                              | 6            |
| 1 500 – 100 000                                         | --                            | --                            | 1                                   | 30           |

f= frequency in MHz

Friis transmission formula:  $P_d = (P_{out} \times G) / (4 \times \pi \times R^2)$

Where,

$P_d$  = power density in mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

$P_{out}$  = output power to antenna in mW

G = gain of antenna in linear scale

$\pi$  = 3.1416

R = distance between observation point and center of the radiator in cm

$P_d$  the limit of MPE, f/1500 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>. If we know the maximum gain of the antenna and the total power input to the antenna, through the calculation, we will know the distance where the MPE limit is reached.

## Results

- 15.247C

| Operation mode / Data Rate | Frequency (MHz) | Peak output power (dBm) | Antenna gain (dBi) | Power density at 20 cm (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) |
|----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 802.11n(HT40) / MCS0       | 5 755           | 25.20                   | 7.23               | 0.330 715                                    | 1                           |
| 802.11n(HT40) / MCS0       | 5 795           | 25.40                   | 7.23               | 0.346 301                                    | 1                           |

- 15.407E

| Operation mode / Data Rate | Frequency (MHz) | output power (dBm) | Antenna gain (dBi) | Power density at 20 cm (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Limit (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ) |
|----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 802.11n(HT40) / MCS0       | 5 190           | 16.20              | 5.62               | 0.028 738                                    | 1                           |
| 802.11n(HT40) / MCS0       | 5 230           | 16.37              | 5.62               | 0.029 885                                    | 1                           |

**Result: The power density does NOT exceed the limit**