HCT CO.,LTD.
74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA
TEL: +82-31-645-6300 FAX: +82-31-645-6401

FCC 2G, 3G REPORT

Certification

Applicant Name:
LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.

Address:
1000 Sylvan Avenue, Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632

Date of Issue:
March 30, 2018

Location:
HCT CO., LTD.,
74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon,
Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA

Report No.: HCT-RF-1803-FC033-R1

FCC ID: **ZNFQ610EA**

APPLICANT: **LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.**

According to the Evaluation report, all of the data contained herein is reused from the reference FCC ID: ZNFQ610FA report.

Model(s): LM-Q610EA
Additional Model(s): LMQ610EA, Q610EA, LM-Q610EM, LMQ610EM, Q610EM, LM-Q610ES, LMQ610ES, Q610ES
EUT Type: GSM/WCDMA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth4.2LE, WIFI802.11 b/g/n, NFC
FCC Classification: Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)
FCC Rule Part(s): §22, §24, §2

Mode	Tx Frequency (MHz)	Rx Frequency (MHz)	Emission Designator	ERP	
				Max. Power (W)	Max. Power (dBm)
GSM850	824.2 – 848.8	869.2 – 893.8	250 KGXW	0.498	26.97
GSM850 EDGE			248 KG7W	0.088	19.43
WCDMA850	826.4 – 846.6	871.4 – 891.6	4M19F9W	0.074	18.68

Mode	Tx Frequency (MHz)	Rx Frequency (MHz)	Emission Designator	EIRP	
				Max. Power (W)	Max. Power (dBm)
GSM1900	1850.2 – 1909.8	1930.2 – 1989.8	247 KGXW	0.766	28.84
GSM1900 EDGE			255 KG7W	0.255	24.07
WCDMA1900	1852.4 – 1907.6	1932.4 – 1987.6	4M17F9W	0.147	21.66

The measurements shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures specified in CFR47 section §2.947. I assume full responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these measurements, and for the qualifications of all persons taking them.

HCT CO., LTD. Certifies that no party to this application has subject to a denial of Federal benefits that includes FCC benefits pursuant to section 5301 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1998,21 U.S. C.853(a)

Report prepared by : Kwon Jeong
Engineer of Telecommunication Testing Center

Report approved by : Jong Seok Lee
Manager of Telecommunication Testing Center

This report only responds to the tested sample and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval of the HCT Co., Ltd.

Version

TEST REPORT NO.	DATE	DESCRIPTION
HCT-RF-1803-FC033	March 27, 2018	- First Approval Report
HCT-RF-1803-FC033-R1	March 30, 2018	- Revised the unit of Antenna Gain [dBi → dBd]

Table of Contents

1. GENERAL INFORMATION 4
2. INTRODUCTION 5
2.1. DESCRIPTION OF EUT 5
2.2. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION 5
2.3. TEST FACILITY 5
3. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS 6
3.1 TEST PROCEDURE 6
3.2 RADIATED POWER 7
3.3 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 8
3.4 PEAK- TO- AVERAGE RATIO 9
3.5 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH. 11
3.6 SPURIOUS AND HARMONIC EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL 12
3.7 BAND EDGE 13
3.8 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 14
4. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT 15
5. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY 16
6. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS 17
7. SAMPLE CALCULATION 18
8. TEST DATA 20
8.1 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER 20
8.2 EQUIVALENT ISOTROPIC RADIATED POWER 20
8.3 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 21
8.4 PEAK-TO-AVERAGE RATIO 25
8.5 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH 26
8.6 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS 27
8.7 BAND EDGE 27
8.8 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE 28
9. TEST PLOTS 32

MEASUREMENT REPORT

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Applicant Name:	LG Electronics MobileComm U.S.A., Inc.
Address:	1000 Sylvan Avenue, Englewood Cliffs NJ 07632
FCC ID:	ZNFQ610EA
Application Type:	Certification
FCC Classification:	Licensed Portable Transmitter Held to Ear (PCE)
FCC Rule Part(s):	§22, §24, §2
EUT Type:	GSM/WCDMA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth4.2LE, WIFI802.11 b/g/n, NFC
Model(s):	LM-Q610EA
Additional Model(s):	LMQ610EA, Q610EA, LM-Q610EM, LMQ610EM, Q610EM, LM-Q610ES, LMQ610ES, Q610ES
Tx Frequency:	824.20 - 848.80 MHz (GSM850) 826.40 - 846.60 MHz (WCDMA850) 1 850.20 - 1 909.80 MHz (GSM1900) 1 852.4 – 1 907.6 MHz (WCDMA1900)
Rx Frequency:	869.20 - 893.80 MHz (GSM850) 871.40 - 891.60 MHz (WCDMA850) 1 930.20 - 1 989.80 MHz (GSM1900) 1 932.4 – 1 987.6 MHz (WCDMA1900)
Date(s) of Tests:	March 05, 2018 ~ March 19, 2018

2. INTRODUCTION

2.1. DESCRIPTION OF EUT

The EUT supports GSM/WCDMA/LTE Phone with Bluetooth4.2LE, WIFI802.11 b/g/n, NFC.

2.2. MEASURING INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipment, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

2.3. TEST FACILITY

The Fully-anechoic chamber and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated data are located at the 74, Seoicheon-ro 578beon-gil, Majang-myeon, Icheon-si, Gyeonggi-do, 17383, Rep. of KOREA.

3. DESCRIPTION OF TESTS

3.1 TEST PROCEDURE

Test Description	Test Procedure Used
Occupied Bandwidth	- KDB 971168 D01 v03 – Section 4.2 - ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.4.4
Band Edge	- KDB 971168 D01 v03 – Section 6.0 - ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.7
Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal	- KDB 971168 D01 v03 – Section 6.0 - ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.7
Conducted Output Power	- N/A (See SAR Report)
Peak- to- Average Ratio	- KDB 971168 D01 v03 – Section 5.7 - ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.2.3.4 - ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.2.6(only GSM)
Frequency stability	- ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.6
Effective Radiated Power/ Effective Isotropic Radiated Power	- KDB 971168 D01 v03 – Section 5.2 - ANSI C63.26-2015 – Section 5.2 - ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 – Section 2.2.17
Radiated Spurious and Harmonic Emissions	- KDB 971168 D01 v03 – Section 5.8 - ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 – Section 2.2.12

3.2 RADIATED POWER

Test Overview

Radiated tests are performed in the Fully-anechoic chamber.

The equipment under test is placed on a non-conductive table 3-meters away from the receive antenna in accordance with ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016 Clause 2.2.17.

Test Settings

1. Radiated power measurements are performed using the signal analyzer's "channel power" measurement capability for signals with continuous operation.
2. RBW = 1 – 5% of the expected OBW, not to exceed 1MHz
3. VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
4. Span = 1.5 times the OBW
5. No. of sweep points > 2 x span / RBW
6. Detector = RMS
7. Trigger is set to "free run" for signals with continuous operation with the sweep times set to "auto".
8. The integration bandwidth was roughly set equal to the measured OBW of the signal for signals with continuous operation.
9. Trace mode = trace averaging (RMS) over 100 sweeps
10. The trace was allowed to stabilize

Test Note

1. The turntable is rotated through 360 degrees, and the receiving antenna scans in order to determine the level of the maximized emission.
2. A half wave dipole is then substituted in place of the EUT. For emissions above 1GHz, a horn antenna is substituted in place of the EUT. The substitute antenna is driven by a signal generator and the previously recorded signal was duplicated.

   The power is calculated by the following formula;

   $$P_{d(dBm)} = Pg_{(dBm)} - \text{cable loss}_{(dB)} + \text{antenna gain}_{(dB)}$$

   Where: P_d is the dipole equivalent power and P_g is the generator output power into the substitution antenna.
3. The maximum value is calculated by adding the forward power to the calibrated source plus its appropriate gain value.

   These steps are repeated with the receiving antenna in both vertical and horizontal polarization. the difference between the gain of the horn and an isotropic antenna are taken into consideration
4. The EUT was tested in three orthogonal planes(X, Y, Z) and in all possible test configurations and positioning.
5. All measurements are performed as RMS average measurements while the EUT is operating at its maximum duty cycle, at maximum power, and at the appropriate frequencies.

3.3 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Test Overview

Radiated tests are performed in the Fully-anechoic chamber.

Radiated Spurious Emission Measurements at 3 meters by Substitution Method according to ANSI/TIA-603-E-2016.

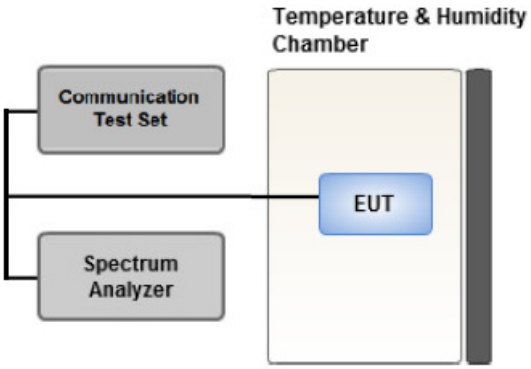
Test Settings

1. RBW = 100kHz for emissions below 1GHz and 1MHz for emissions above 1GHz
2. VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
3. Span = 1.5 times the OBW
4. No. of sweep points > 2 x span / RBW
5. Detector = Peak
6. Trace mode = Max Hold
7. The trace was allowed to stabilize
8. Test channel : Low/ Middle/ High
9. Frequency range : We are performed all frequency to 10th harmonics from 9 kHz.

Test Note

1. Measurements value show only up to 3 maximum emissions noted, or would be lesser if no specific emissions from the EUT are recorded (ie: margin > 20 dB from the applicable limit) and considered that's already beyond the background noise floor.
2. The EUT was tested in three orthogonal planes(X, Y, Z) and in all possible test configurations and positioning.
   The worst case emissions are reported with the EUT positioning, modulations, RB sizes and offsets, and channel bandwidth configurations shown in the test dat

3.4 PEAK- TO- AVERAGE RATIO



Test setup

① **CCDF Procedure for PAPR**

Test Settings

1. Set resolution/measurement bandwidth ≥ signal's occupied bandwidth;
2. Set the number of counts to a value that stabilizes the measured CCDF curve;
3. Set the measurement interval as follows:
   .- for continuous transmissions, set to 1 ms,
   .- or burst transmissions, employ an external trigger that is synchronized with the EUT burst timing sequence, or use the internal burst trigger with a trigger level that allows the burst to stabilize and set the measurement interval to a time that is less than or equal to the burst duration.
4. Record the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1%.

② Alternate Procedure for PAPR

Use one of the procedures presented in 5.2(ANSI C63.26-2015) to measure the total peak power and record as P_{Pk}.

Use one of the applicable procedures presented 5.2(ANSI C63.26-2015) to measure the total average power and record as P_{Avg}. Determine the P.A.R. from:

$$P.A.R_{(dB)} = P_{Pk\ (dBm)} - P_{Avg\ (dBm)}\ (P_{Avg} = \text{Average Power} + \text{Duty cycle Factor})$$

Test Settings(Peak Power)

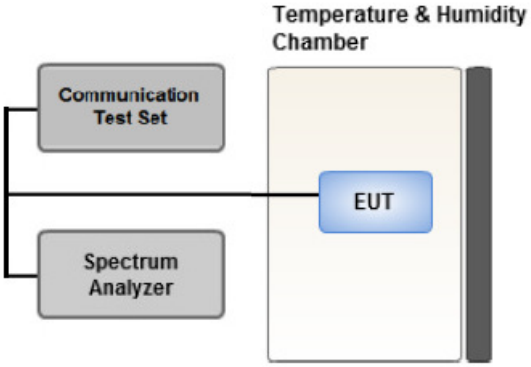
The measurement instrument must have a RBW that is greater than or equal to the OBW of the signal to be measured and a VBW ≥ 3 × RBW.

1. Set the RBW ≥ OBW.
2. Set VBW ≥ 3 × RBW.
3. Set span ≥ 2 × OBW.
4. Sweep time ≥ 10 × (number of points in sweep) × (transmission symbol period).
5. Detector = peak.
6. Trace mode = max hold.
7. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
8. Use the peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

Test Settings(Average Power)

1. Set span to 2 × to 3 × the OBW.
2. Set RBW ≥ OBW.
3. Set VBW ≥ 3 × RBW.
4. Set number of measurement points in sweep ≥ 2 × span / RBW.
5. Sweep time:
   Set ≥ [10 × (number of points in sweep) × (transmission period)] for single sweep (automation-compatible) measurement. The transmission period is the (on + off) time.
6. Detector = power averaging (rms).
7. Set sweep trigger to “free run.”
8. Trace average at least 100 traces in power averaging (rms) mode if sweep is set to auto-couple. (To accurately determine the average power over the on and off period of the transmitter, it can be necessary to increase the number of traces to be averaged above 100 or, if using a manually configured sweep time, increase the sweep time.)
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.
10. Add [10 log (1/duty cycle)] to the measured maximum power level to compute the average power during continuous transmission. For example, add [10 log (1/0.25)] = 6 dB if the duty cycle is a constant 25%.

3.5 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH.



Test setup

The width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to a specified percentage 0.5 % of the total mean power of a given emission.

The EUT makes a call to the communication simulator.

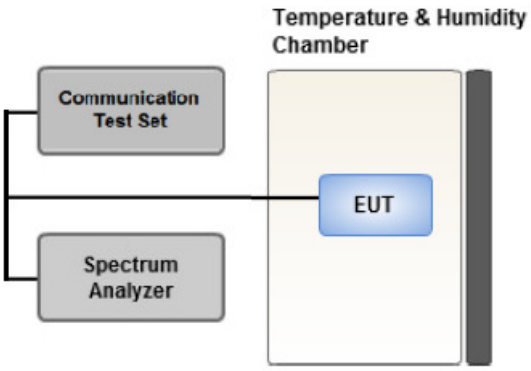
The conducted occupied bandwidth used the power splitter via EUT RF power connector between simulation base station and spectrum analyzer.

The communication simulator station system controlled a EUT to export maximum output power under transmission mode and specific channel frequency. Use OBW measurement function of Spectrum analyzer to measure 99 % occupied bandwidth

Test Settings

1. The signal analyzer's automatic bandwidth measurement capability was used to perform the 99% occupied bandwidth and the 26dB bandwidth. The bandwidth measurement was not influenced by any intermediate power nulls in the fundamental emission.
2. RBW = 1 – 5% of the expected OBW
3. VBW ≥ 3 x RBW
4. Detector = Peak
5. Trace mode = max hold
6. Sweep = auto couple
7. The trace was allowed to stabilize
8. If necessary, steps 2 – 7 were repeated after changing the RBW such that it would be within 1 – 5% of the 99% occupied bandwidth observed in Step 7

3.6 SPURIOUS AND HARMONIC EMISSIONS AT ANTENNA TERMINAL



Test setup

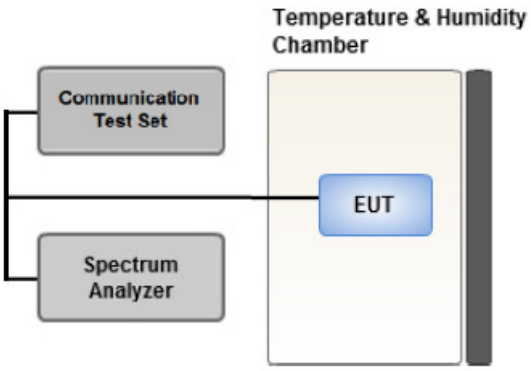
Test Overview

The level of the carrier and the various conducted spurious and harmonic frequencies is measured by means of a calibrated spectrum analyzer. The spectrum is scanned from the lowest frequency generated in the equipment up to a frequency including its 10th harmonic. All out of band emissions are measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal of the EUT while the EUT is operating at its maximum duty cycle, at maximum power, and at the appropriate frequencies. All data rates were investigated to determine the worst case configuration. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported in this section.

Test Settings

1. RBW = 1 MHz
2. VBW ≥ 3 MHz
3. Detector = Peak
4. Trace Mode = max hold
5. Sweep time = auto
6. Number of points in sweep ≥ 2 * Span / RBW

3.7 BAND EDGE



Test setup

Test Overview

All out of band emissions are measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the antenna terminal of the EUT while the EUT is operating at its maximum duty cycle, at maximum power, and at the appropriate frequencies. All data rates were investigated to determine the worst case configuration. All modes of operation were investigated and the worst case configuration results are reported in this section.

Test Settings

1. Start and stop frequency were set such that the band edge would be placed in the center of the plot
2. Span was set large enough so as to capture all out of band emissions near the band edge
3. RBW > 1% of the emission bandwidth
4. VBW > 3 x RBW
5. Detector = RMS
6. Number of sweep points ≥ 2 x Span/RBW
7. Trace mode = trace average
8. Sweep time = auto couple
9. The trace was allowed to stabilize

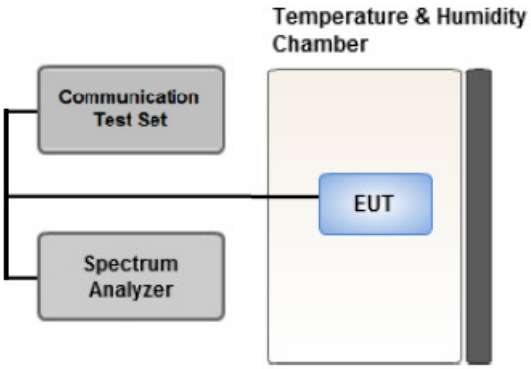
Test Notes

According to FCC 22.917, 24.238, 27.53 specified that power of any emission outside of The authorized operating frequency ranges must be attenuated below the transmitting power (P) by a factor of at least 43 + 10 log(P) dB. In the 1 MHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the frequency block a resolution bandwidth of at least one percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed.

All measurements were done at 2 channels(low and high operational frequency range.)

The band edge measurement used the power splitter via EUT RF power connector between simulation base station and spectrum analyzer.

3.8 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



Test setup

Test Overview

Frequency stability testing is performed in accordance with the guidelines of ANSI C63.26-2015.

The frequency stability of the transmitter is measured by:

1. Temperature:
   The temperature is varied from -30°C to +50°C in 10°C increments using an environmental chamber.
2. Primary Supply Voltage:
   .- Unless otherwise specified, vary primary supply voltage from 85% to 115% of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.
   .- For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce the primary ac or dc supply voltage to the battery operating end point, which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

Test Settings

1. The carrier frequency of the transmitter is measured at room temperature (20°C to provide a reference).
2. The equipment is turned on in a “standby” condition for fifteen minutes before applying power to the transmitter. Measurement of the carrier frequency of the transmitter is made within one minute after applying power to the transmitter.
3. Frequency measurements are made at 10°C intervals ranging from -30°C to +50°C. A period of at least one half-hour is provided to allow stabilization of the equipment at each temperature level.

4. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

Manufacture	Model/ Equipment	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval	Calibration Due
REOHDE & SCHWARZ	SCU 18 / AMPLIFIER	10094	04/24/2017	Annual	04/24/2018
Wainwright	WHK1.2/15G-10EF/H.P.F	4	04/10/2017	Annual	04/10/2018
Wainwright	WHK3.3/18G-10EF/H.P.F	2	04/10/2017	Annual	04/10/2018
Hewlett Packard	11667B / Power Splitter(DC~26.5 GHz)	11275	05/04/2017	Annual	05/04/2018
Agilent	E3632A/DC Power Supply	KR75303243	07/18/2017	Annual	07/18/2018
Schwarzbeck	UHAP/ Dipole Antenna	557	03/31/2017	Biennial	03/31/2019
Schwarzbeck	UHAP/ Dipole Antenna	558	03/31/2017	Biennial	03/31/2019
ESPEC	SU-642 / Chamber	93000718	07/21/2017	Annual	07/21/2018
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D/ Horn Antenna(1~18GHz)	147	09/09/2016	Biennial	09/09/2018
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D/ Horn Antenna(1~18GHz)	9120D-1298	10/14/2016	Biennial	10/14/2018
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170/ Horn Antenna(15~40GHz)	BBHA9170342	04/25/2017	Biennial	04/25/2019
Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170/ Horn Antenna(15~40GHz)	BBHA9170124	04/25/2017	Biennial	04/25/2019
Agilent	N9020A/Signal Analyzer(10Hz~26.5GHz)	MY52090906	06/01/2017	Annual	06/01/2018
Hewlett Packard	8493C/ATTENUATOR(20dB)	17280	06/22/2017	Annual	06/22/2018
REOHDE & SCHWARZ	FSV40/Spectrum Analyzer(10Hz~40GHz)	100931	10/30/2017	Annual	10/30/2018
Agilent	8960 (E5515C)/ Base Station	MY48360800	09/26/2017	Annual	09/26/2018
Schwarzbeck	FMZB1513/ Loop Antenna(9kHz~30MHz)	1513-175	04/19/2017	Biennial	04/19/2019
Schwarzbeck	VULB9160/ Bilog Antenna	3150	09/30/2016	Biennial	09/30/2018
Schwarzbeck	VULB9160/ Bilog Antenna	9360-3368	10/14/2016	Biennial	10/14/2018
Anritsu Corp.	MT8820C/Wideband Radio Communication Tester	6200863156	02/13/2018	Annual	02/13/2019
Anritsu Corp.	MT8820C/Wideband Radio Communication Tester	6201026545	02/08/2018	Annual	02/08/2019
REOHDE & SCHWARZ	SMB100A/ SIGNAL GENERATOR (100kHz~40GHz)	177633	07/18/2017	Annual	07/18/2018
REOHDE & SCHWARZ	FSV40/Spectrum Analyzer	100931	10/30/2017	Annual	10/30/2018
REOHDE & SCHWARZ	ESU40 / EMI TEST RECEIVER	100524	08/16/2017	Annual	08/16/2018
HCT CO., LTD.,	FCC LTE Mobile Conducted RF Automation Test Software	-	-	-	-

5. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The measurement uncertainties shown below were calculated in accordance with the requirements of ANSI C63.4:2014.

All measurement uncertainty values are shown with a coverage factor of k = 2 to indicate a 95 % level of confidence. The measurement data shown herein meets or exceeds the U_{CISPR} measurement uncertainty values specified in CISPR 16-4-2 and, thus, can be compared directly to specified limits to determine compliance.

Parameter	Expanded Uncertainty (±dB)
Conducted Disturbance (150 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	1.82
Radiated Disturbance (9 kHz ~ 30 MHz)	3.40
Radiated Disturbance (30 MHz ~ 1 GHz)	4.80
Radiated Disturbance (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	6.07

6. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

6.1 Test Condition : Conducted Test

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Result
Occupied Bandwidth	§2.1049	N/A	PASS
Band Edge / Spurious and Harmonic Emissions at Antenna Terminal.	§2.1051, §22.917(a), §24.238(a)	< 43 + 10log10 (P[Watts]) at Band Edge and for all out-of-band emissions	PASS
Conducted Output Power	§2.1046	N/A	**See Note1**
Peak- to- Average Ratio	§24.232(d)	< 13 dB	PASS
Frequency stability / variation of ambient temperature	§2.1055, § 22.355	< 2.5 ppm	PASS
	§24.235	Emission must remain in band	PASS

Note:

1. See SAR Report

6.2 Test Condition : Radiated Test

Test Description	FCC Part Section(s)	Test Limit	Test Result
Effective Radiated Power	§22.913(a)(5)	< 7 Watts max. ERP	PASS
Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power	§24.232(c)	< 2 Watts max. EIRP	PASS
Radiated Spurious and Harmonic Emissions	§2.1053, §22.917(a), §24.238(a)	< 43 + 10log10 (P[Watts]) for all out-of band emissions	PASS

7. SAMPLE CALCULATION

7.1 ERP Sample Calculation

Ch./ Freq.		Measured Level(dBm)	Substitute Level(dBm)	Ant. Gain (dBd)	C.L	Pol.	ERP	
channel	Freq.(MHz)						W	dBm
128	824.20	-21.37	38.40	-10.61	0.95	H	0.483	26.84

ERP = Substitute LEVEL(dBm) + Ant. Gain – CL(Cable Loss)

1) The EUT mounted on a non-conductive turntable is 2.5 meter above test site ground level.
2) During the test , the turn table is rotated until the maximum signal is found.
3) Record the field strength meter's level.
4) Replace the EUT with dipole/Horn antenna that is connected to a calibrated signal generator.
5) Increase the signal generator output till the field strength meter's level is equal to the item (3).
6) The signal generator output level with Ant. Gain and cable loss are the rating of effective radiated power.

7.2 EIRP Sample Calculation

Ch./ Freq.		Measured Level(dBm)	Substitute Level(dBm)	Ant. Gain (dBi)	C.L	Pol.	EIRP	
channel	Freq.(MHz)						W	dBm
20175	1,732.50	-15.75	18.45	9.90	1.76	H	0.456	26.59

EIRP = Substitute LEVEL(dBm) + Ant. Gain – CL(Cable Loss)

1) The EUT mounted on a non-conductive turntable is 2.5 meter above test site ground level.
2) During the test , the turn table is rotated until the maximum signal is found.
3) Record the field strength meter's level.
4) Replace the EUT with dipole/Horn antenna that is connected to a calibrated signal generator.
5) Increase the signal generator output till the field strength meter's level is equal to the item (3).
6) The signal generator output level with Ant. Gain and cable loss are the rating of equivalent isotropic radiated power.

7.3. Emission Designator

GSM Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 249KGXW

GSM BW = 249 kHz

G = Phase Modulation

X = Cases not otherwise covered

W = Combination (Audio/Data)

EDGE Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 249KG7W

GSM BW = 249 kHz

G = Phase Modulation

7 = Quantized/Digital Info

W = Combination (Audio/Data)

WCDMA Emission Designator

Emission Designator = 4M17F9W

WCDMA BW = 4.17 MHz

F = Frequency Modulation

9 = Composite Digital Info

W = Combination (Audio/Data)

QPSK Modulation

Emission Designator = 4M48G7D

LTE BW = 4.48 MHz

G = Phase Modulation

7 = Quantized/Digital Info

D = Data transmission; telemetry; telecommand

16QAM Modulation

Emission Designator = 4M48W7D

LTE BW = 4.48 MHz

W = Amplitude/Angle Modulated

7 = Quantized/Digital Info

D = Data transmission; telemetry; telecommand

8. TEST DATA

8.1 EFFECTIVE RADIATED POWER

Mode	Ch./ Freq.		Measured Level (dBm)	Substitute LEVEL (dBm)	Ant. Gain (dBd)	C.L	Pol.	Limit	ERP	
	channel	Freq.(MHz)						W	W	dBm
GSM850	128	824.2	-24.05	38.13	-10.59	1.31	V	< 7.00	0.420	26.23
	190	836.6	-23.75	38.83	-10.54	1.32	V		0.498	26.97
	251	848.8	-23.54	38.53	-10.49	1.33	V		0.469	26.71
EDGE	190	836.6	-31.29	31.29	-10.54	1.32	V		0.088	19.43

Mode	Ch./ Freq.		Measured Level (dBm)	Substitute LEVEL (dBm)	Ant. Gain (dBd)	C.L	Pol.	Limit	ERP	
	channel	Freq.(MHz)						W	W	dBm
WCDMA850	4132	826.4	-32.92	30.03	-10.58	1.31	V	< 7.00	0.065	18.14
	4183	836.6	-32.90	30.54	-10.54	1.32	V		0.074	18.68
	4233	846.6	-32.93	30.30	-10.50	1.33	V		0.070	18.47

8.2 EQUIVALENT ISOTROPIC RADIATED POWER

Mode	Ch./ Freq.		Measured Level (dBm)	Substitute LEVEL (dBm)	Ant. Gain (dBi)	C.L	Pol.	Limit	EIRP	
	channel	Freq.(MHz)						W	W	dBm
GSM1900	512	1850.2	-12.39	20.54	9.82	2.00	H	< 2.00	0.685	28.36
	661	1880.0	-12.03	20.95	9.91	2.02	H		0.766	28.84
	810	1909.8	-13.39	20.00	10.00	2.04	H		0.625	27.96
EDGE	661	1880.0	-16.80	16.18	9.91	2.02	H		0.255	24.07

Mode	Ch./ Freq.		Measured Level (dBm)	Substitute LEVEL (dBm)	Ant. Gain (dBi)	C.L	Pol.	Limit	EIRP	
	channel	Freq.(MHz)						W	W	dBm
WCDMA1900	9262	1852.4	-19.73	13.20	9.82	2.00	H	< 2.00	0.126	21.02
	9400	1880.0	-19.21	13.77	9.91	2.02	H		0.147	21.66
	9538	1907.6	-20.20	13.14	10.00	2.04	H		0.129	21.10

8.3 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

▣ MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 26.97 dBm = 0.498 W

▣ MODULATION SIGNAL: GSM850

▣ DISTANCE: 3 meters

▣ LIMIT: 43 + 10 $\log_{10}$ (W) = 39.97 dBc

Ch.	Freq.(MHz)	Measured Level [dBm]	Ant. Gain (dBd)	Substitute Level [dBm]	C.L	Pol.	Result (dBm)	dBc
128 (824.2)	1,648.40	-50.46	9.15	-62.88	1.88	H	-55.61	82.58
	2,472.60	-41.86	10.92	-50.76	2.33	H	-42.17	69.14
	3,296.80	-56.94	11.93	-66.18	2.72	H	-56.97	83.94
190 (836.6)	1,673.20	-50.31	9.23	-62.78	1.90	H	-55.45	82.42
	2,509.80	-42.57	10.96	-51.83	2.36	H	-43.23	70.20
	3,346.40	-57.55	12.04	-67.11	2.74	H	-57.81	84.78
251 (848.8)	1,697.60	-51.62	9.33	-64.06	1.92	H	-56.65	83.62
	2,546.40	-41.74	10.98	-50.79	2.39	H	-42.20	69.17
	3,395.20	-56.37	12.14	-65.79	2.77	V	-56.42	83.39

▣ MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 28.84 dBm = 0.766 W

▣ MODULATION SIGNAL: GSM1900

▣ DISTANCE: 3 meters

▣ LIMIT: 43 + 10 $\log_{10}$ (W) = 41.84 dBc

Ch.	Freq.(MHz)	Measured Level [dBm]	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Substitute Level [dBm]	C.L	Pol.	Result (dBm)	dBc
512 (1850.2)	3,700.40	-40.32	12.52	-46.12	2.92	H	-36.52	65.36
	5,550.60	-46.13	13.29	-46.37	3.60	V	-36.68	65.52
	7,400.80	-57.36	11.72	-52.60	4.26	H	-45.14	73.98
	9,251.00	-45.92	11.49	-36.35	4.78	V	-29.64	58.48
661 (1880.0)	3,760.00	-43.06	12.56	-48.56	2.91	H	-38.91	67.75
	5,640.00	-49.76	13.30	-49.64	3.64	V	-39.98	68.82
	7,520.00	-57.28	11.70	-52.31	4.09	H	-44.70	73.54
	9,400.00	-46.65	11.43	-36.72	4.77	V	-30.06	58.90
810 (1909.8)	3,819.60	-42.56	12.60	-47.86	2.98	H	-38.24	67.08
	5,729.40	-51.49	13.31	-50.40	3.66	V	-40.75	69.59
	7,639.20	-55.11	11.61	-50.59	4.27	H	-43.25	72.09
	9,549.00	-47.19	11.35	-38.47	4.87	V	-31.99	60.83

▣ MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 18.68 dBm = 0.074 W

▣ MODULATION SIGNAL: WCDMA850

▣ DISTANCE: 3 meters

▣ LIMIT: 43 + 10 $\log_{10}$ (W) = 31.68 dBc

Ch.	Freq.(MHz)	Measured Level [dBm]	Ant. Gain (dBd)	Substitute Level [dBm]	C.L	Pol.	Result (dBm)	dBc
4,132 (826.4)	1,652.80	-55.33	9.17	-67.79	1.88	H	-60.50	79.18
	2,479.20	-53.57	10.93	-62.85	2.34	V	-54.26	72.94
	3,305.60	-57.23	11.95	-66.46	2.72	V	-57.23	75.91
4,183 (836.6)	1,673.20	-55.82	9.24	-68.30	1.90	H	-60.96	79.64
	2,509.80	-54.21	10.96	-63.47	2.36	V	-54.87	73.55
	3,346.40	-56.23	12.04	-65.79	2.74	V	-56.49	75.17
4,233 (846.6)	1,693.20	-55.68	9.30	-68.15	1.91	V	-60.76	79.44
	2,539.80	-53.97	10.98	-62.72	2.39	V	-54.13	72.81
	3,386.40	-55.63	12.12	-65.18	2.77	V	-55.83	74.51

▣ MEASURED OUTPUT POWER: 21.66 dBm = 0.147 W

▣ MODULATION SIGNAL: WCDMA1900

▣ DISTANCE: 3 meters

▣ LIMIT: 43 + 10 $\log_{10}$ (W) = 34.66 dBc

Ch.	Freq.(MHz)	Measured Level [dBm]	Ant. Gain (dBi)	Substitute Level [dBm]	C.L	Pol.	Result (dBm)	dBc
9262 (1852.4)	3,704.80	-47.96	12.52	-53.61	2.91	H	-44.00	65.66
	5,557.20	-54.24	13.29	-54.46	3.60	V	-44.77	66.43
	7,409.60	-56.32	11.72	-51.18	4.26	H	-43.72	65.38
9400 (1880.0)	3,760.00	-56.69	12.56	-62.19	2.91	H	-52.54	74.20
	5,640.00	-55.86	13.30	-55.74	3.64	V	-46.08	67.74
	7,520.00	-57.48	11.70	-52.51	4.09	H	-44.90	66.56
9538 (1907.6)	3,815.20	-55.51	12.60	-60.96	2.97	V	-51.33	72.99
	5,722.80	-56.34	13.31	-55.10	3.66	V	-45.45	67.11
	7,630.40	-56.97	11.62	-52.39	4.29	V	-45.06	66.72

8.4 PEAK-TO-AVERAGE RATIO

Band	Ch.	Measured P_{Pk} (dBm)	Measured P_{Avg} (dBm)	P_{Avg} (Duty Cycle)			P.A.R. = P_{Pk} - P_{Avg} (dB)	Limit (dB)	Pass / Fail
				Tx_{Total} (ms)	Tx_{On} (ms)	Factor (dB)			
GSM1900	661	31.105	21.18	4.616	0.5475	9.26	0.666	13	Pass
GSM1900 EDGE	661	29.617	16.78	4.616	0.5475	9.26	3.577		
WCDMA1900	9400	CCDF Procedure					3.03		

Note:

1. Plots of the EUT's Peak- to- Average Ratio are shown Page 40 ~ 43.

2. Only GSM(include EDGE) Mode was tested by alternate procedure for PAPR

   $P.A.R_{(dB)} = P_{Pk\ (dBm)} – P_{Avg\ (dBm)}$ (P_{Avg} = Average Power + Duty cycle Factor)

   Duty cycle Factor = 10 log (1/x), x = Tx_{On} / Tx_{Total}

8.5 OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

Band	Channel	Frequency(MHz)	Data (GSM: kHz / WCDMA : MHz)
GSM850	128	824.20	241.33
	190	836.60	249.86
	251	848.80	245.73
GSM850 EDGE	190	836.60	248.43
GSM1900	512	1,850.20	244.76
	661	1,880.00	246.50
	810	1,909.80	246.23
GSM1900 EDGE	661	1,880.00	254.67
WCDMA850	4132	826.40	4.1698
	4183	836.60	4.1852
	4233	846.60	4.1748
WCDMA1900	9262	1852.40	4.1710
	9400	1880.00	4.1580
	9538	1907.60	4.1648

Note:

1. Plots of the EUT's Occupied Bandwidth are shown Page 33 ~ 39.

8.6 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSIONS

Band	Channel	Frequency of Maximum Harmonic (GHz)	Factor (dB)	Measurement Maximum Data (dBm)	Result	(dBm)
GSM850	128	3.7114	27.976	-57.522	-29.546	-13.00
	190	3.6681	27.976	-57.749	-29.773	
	251	3.6755	27.976	-57.705	-29.729	
GSM1900	512	18.78497	29.489	-52.618	-23.129	
	661	18.92472	29.489	-52.578	-23.089	
	810	16.50991	29.489	-52.974	-23.485	
WCDMA850	4132	2.4831	27.976	-76.327	-48.351	
	4183	1.6721	27.976	-75.832	-47.856	
	4233	2.5365	27.976	-75.847	-47.871	
WCDMA1900	9262	18.91972	29.489	-72.488	-42.999	
	9400	18.90872	29.489	-72.622	-43.133	
	9538	18.94947	29.489	-72.321	-42.832	

Note:

1. Plots of the EUT's Conducted Spurious Emissions are shown Page 59 ~ 68.
2. Result (dBm) = Measurement Maximum Data (dBm) + Factor (dB)
3. Factor(dB) = Cable Loss + Attenuator + Power Splitter

Frequency Range (GHz)	Factor [dB]
0.03 – 1	25.270
1 – 5	27.976
5 – 10	28.591
10 – 15	29.116
15 – 20	29.489
Above 20	30.131

8.7 BAND EDGE

- Plots of the EUT's Band Edge are shown Page 43 ~ 59.

8.8 FREQUENCY STABILITY / VARIATION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

▣ MODE: GSM850

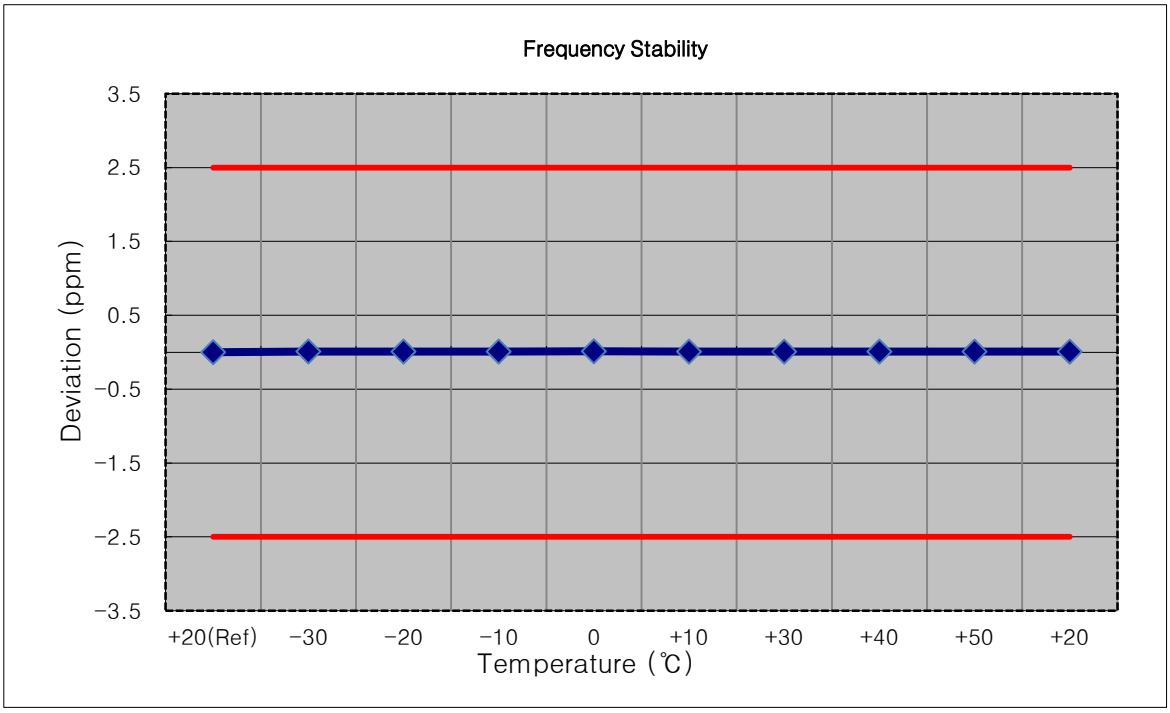
▣ OPERATING FREQUENCY: 836,600,000 Hz

▣ CHANNEL: 190

▣ REFERENCE VOLTAGE: 4.00 VDC

▣ DEVIATION LIMIT: ± 0.000 25 % or 2.5 ppm

Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp. (℃)	Frequency (Hz)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Deviation (%)	ppm
100%	4.00	+20(Ref)	836 600 011	0.0	0.000 000	0.0000
100%		-30	836 600 020	8.7	0.000 001	0.0104
100%		-20	836 600 018	7.1	0.000 001	0.0085
100%		-10	836 600 018	7.1	0.000 001	0.0085
100%		0	836 600 021	10.2	0.000 001	0.0122
100%		+10	836 600 018	6.9	0.000 001	0.0082
100%		+30	836 600 018	6.3	0.000 001	0.0075
100%		+40	836 600 018	7.0	0.000 001	0.0083
100%		+50	836 600 018	6.7	0.000 001	0.0080
Batt. Endpoint	3.70	+20	836 600 018	6.5	0.000 001	0.0077



▣ Mode: GSM1900

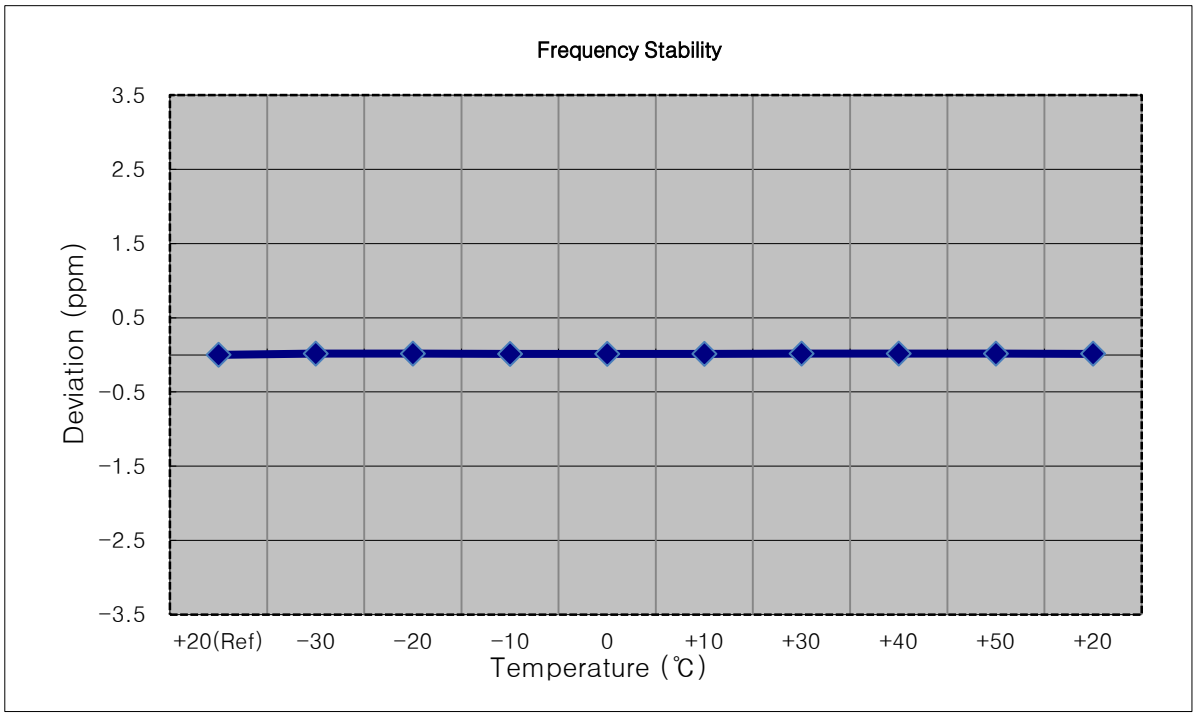
▣ OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1880,000,000 Hz

▣ CHANNEL: 661

▣ REFERENCE VOLTAGE: 4.00 VDC

▣ DEVIATION LIMIT: Emission must remain in band

Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp. (℃)	Frequency (Hz)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Deviation (%)	ppm
100%	4.00	+20(Ref)	1880 000 031	0.0	0.000 000	0.0000
100%		-30	1880 000 060	28.8	0.000 002	0.0153
100%		-20	1880 000 060	29.0	0.000 002	0.0154
100%		-10	1880 000 052	20.8	0.000 001	0.0111
100%		0	1880 000 053	22.5	0.000 001	0.0120
100%		+10	1880 000 053	22.5	0.000 001	0.0120
100%		+30	1880 000 060	29.4	0.000 002	0.0157
100%		+40	1880 000 061	29.8	0.000 002	0.0159
100%		+50	1880 000 059	28.6	0.000 002	0.0152
Batt. Endpoint	3.70	+20	1880 000 059	27.9	0.000 001	0.0148



▣ Mode: WCDMA850

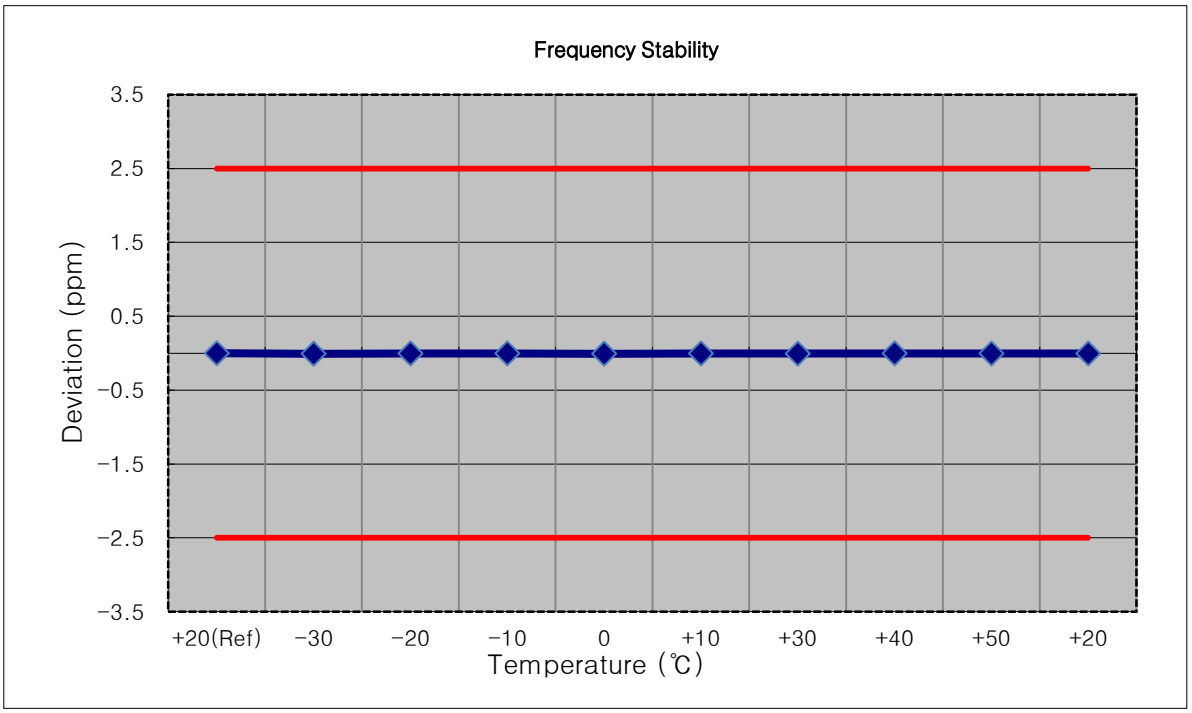
▣ OPERATING FREQUENCY: 836,600,000 Hz

▣ CHANNEL: 4183

▣ REFERENCE VOLTAGE: 4.00 VDC

▣ DEVIATION LIMIT: ± 0.000 25 % or 2.5 ppm

Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp. (℃)	Frequency (Hz)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Deviation (%)	ppm
100%	4.00	+20(Ref)	836 599 997	0.0	0.000 000	0.0000
100%		-30	836 599 991	-6.2	-0.000 001	-0.0074
100%		-20	836 599 995	-2.3	0.000 000	-0.0028
100%		-10	836 599 995	-1.7	0.000 000	-0.0021
100%		0	836 599 992	-5.5	-0.000 001	-0.0066
100%		+10	836 599 995	-2.7	0.000 000	-0.0032
100%		+30	836 599 993	-4.7	-0.000 001	-0.0056
100%		+40	836 599 995	-1.9	0.000 000	-0.0022
100%		+50	836 599 994	-3.0	0.000 000	-0.0036
Batt. Endpoint	3.70	+20	836 599 994	-3.3	0.000 000	-0.0039



▣ Mode: WCDMA1900

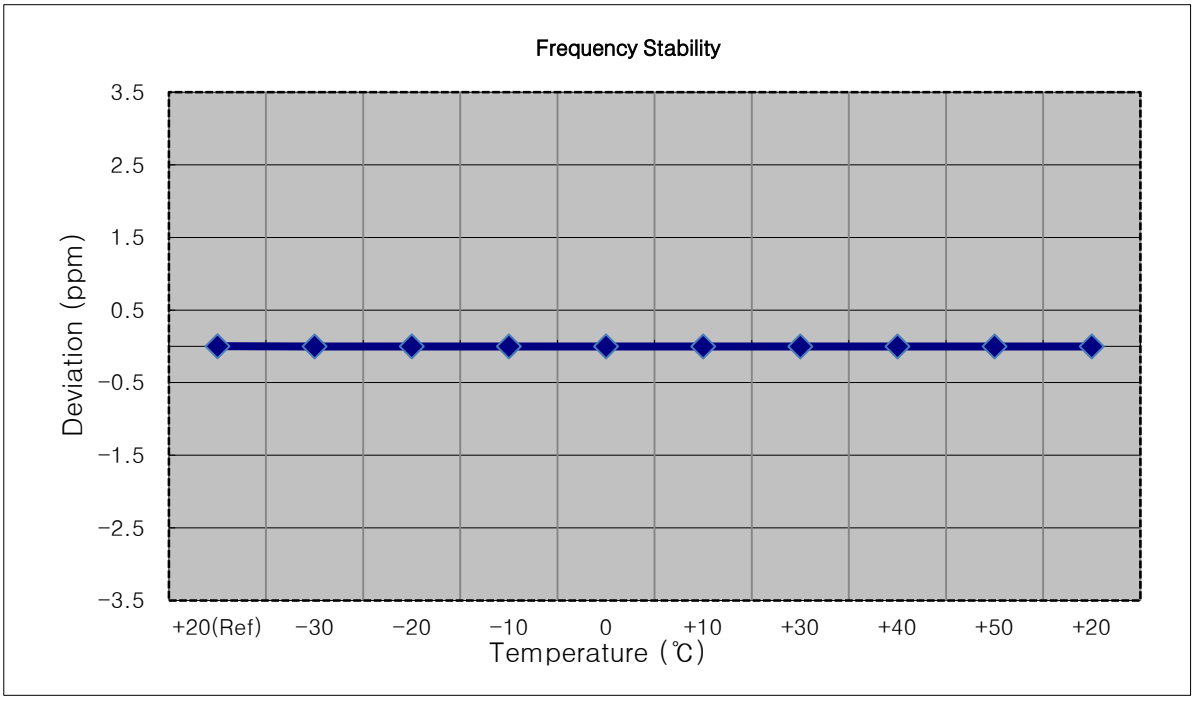
▣ OPERATING FREQUENCY: 1,880,000,000 Hz

▣ CHANNEL: 9400

▣ REFERENCE VOLTAGE: 4.00 VDC

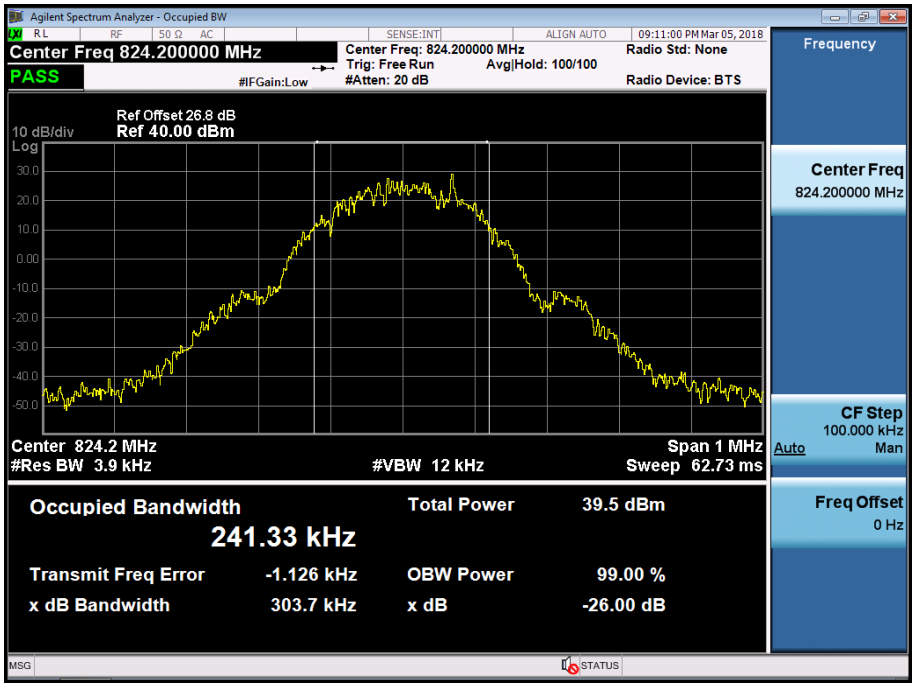
▣ DEVIATION LIMIT: Emission must remain in band

Voltage (%)	Power (VDC)	Temp. (℃)	Frequency (Hz)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Deviation (%)	ppm
100%	4.00	+20(Ref)	1879 999 995	0.0	0.000 000	0.0000
100%		-30	1879 999 990	-4.9	0.000 000	-0.0026
100%		-20	1879 999 992	-3.3	0.000 000	-0.0017
100%		-10	1879 999 991	-4.3	0.000 000	-0.0023
100%		0	1879 999 990	-4.5	0.000 000	-0.0024
100%		+10	1879 999 990	-5.4	0.000 000	-0.0029
100%		+30	1879 999 988	-6.4	0.000 000	-0.0034
100%		+40	1879 999 990	-5.3	0.000 000	-0.0028
100%		+50	1879 999 989	-5.5	0.000 000	-0.0029
Batt. Endpoint	3.70	+20	1879 999 989	-5.6	0.000 000	-0.0030

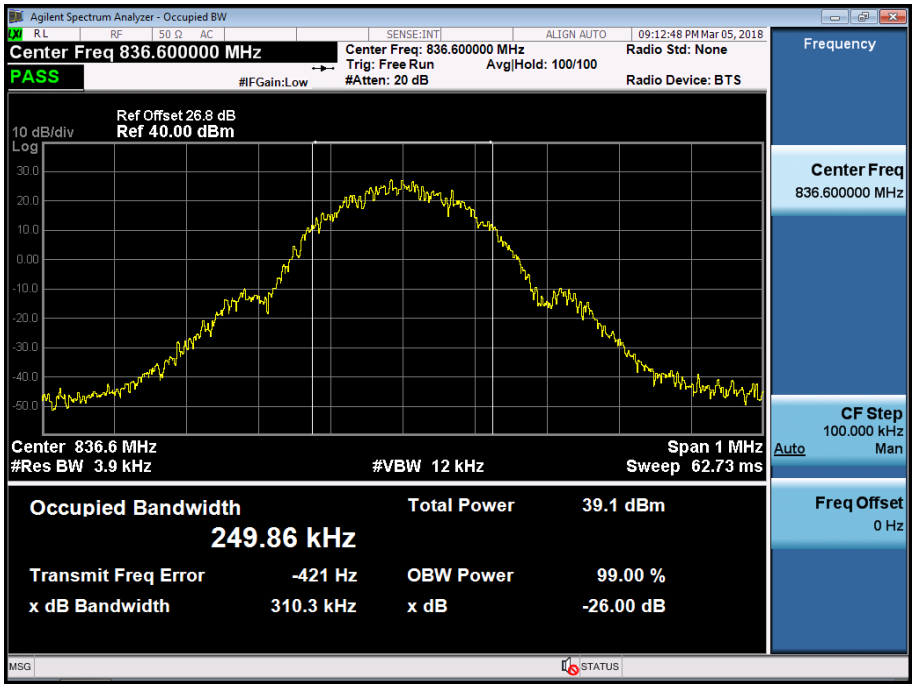


9. TEST PLOTS

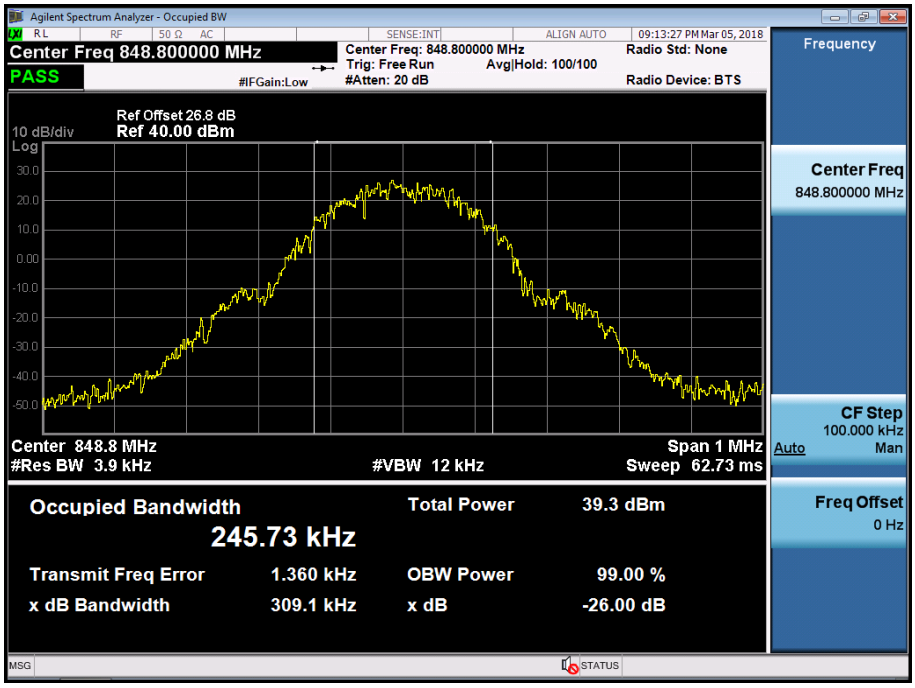
■ GSM850 MODE (128 CH.) Occupied Bandwidth



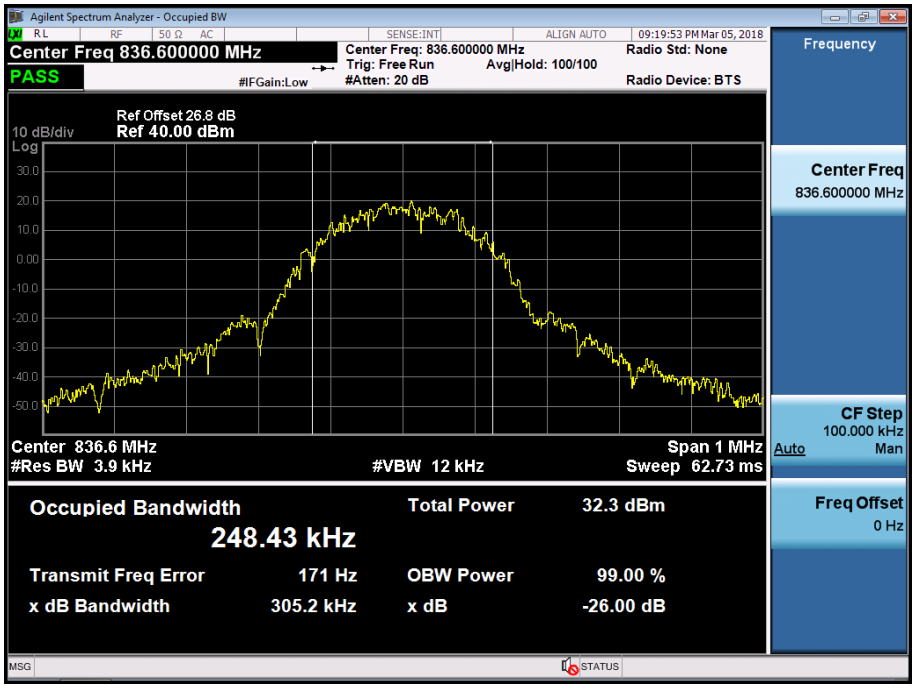
■ GSM850 MODE (190 CH.) Occupied Bandwidth



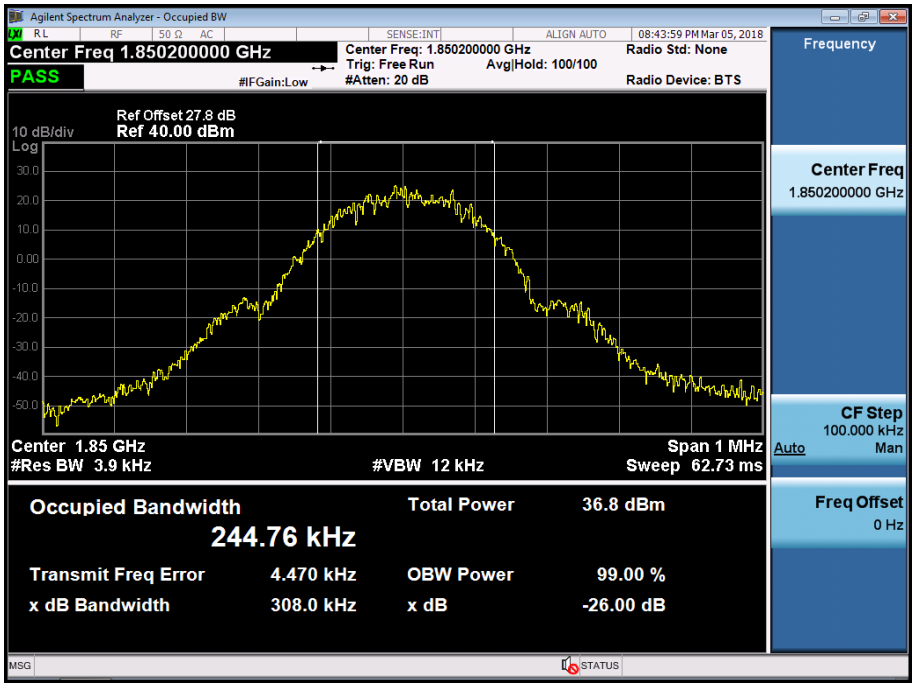
■ GSM850 MODE (251 CH.) Occupied Bandwidth



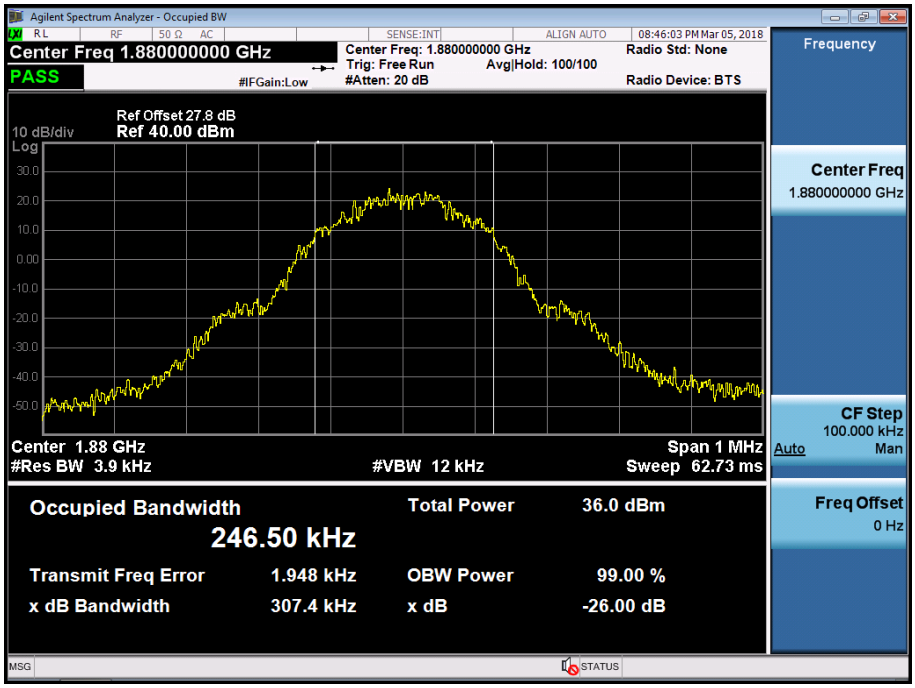
■ GSM850 EDGE (190 CH.) Occupied Bandwidth



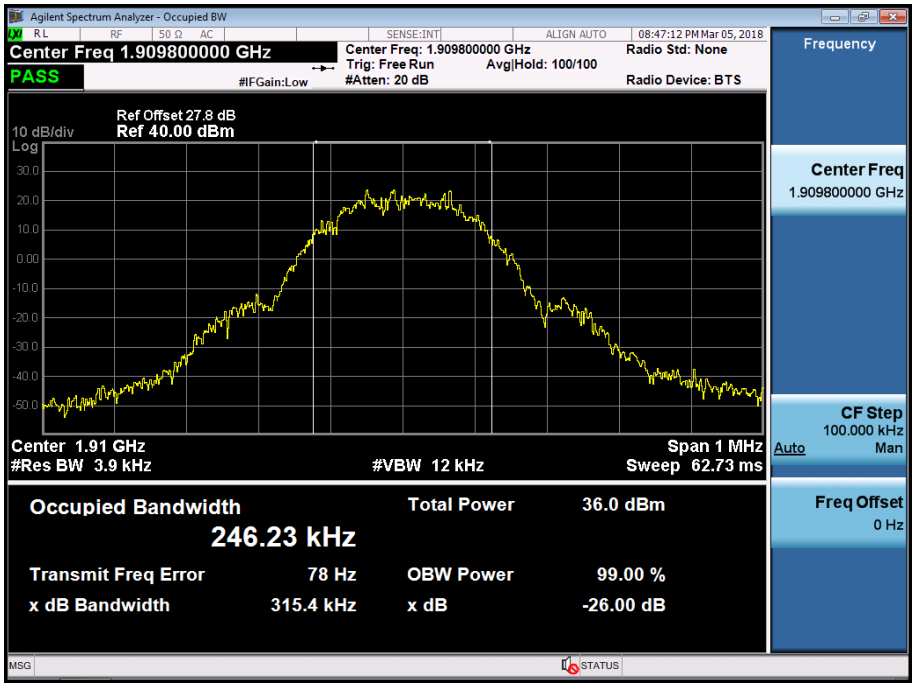
■ GSM1900 MODE (512 CH.) Occupied Bandwidth



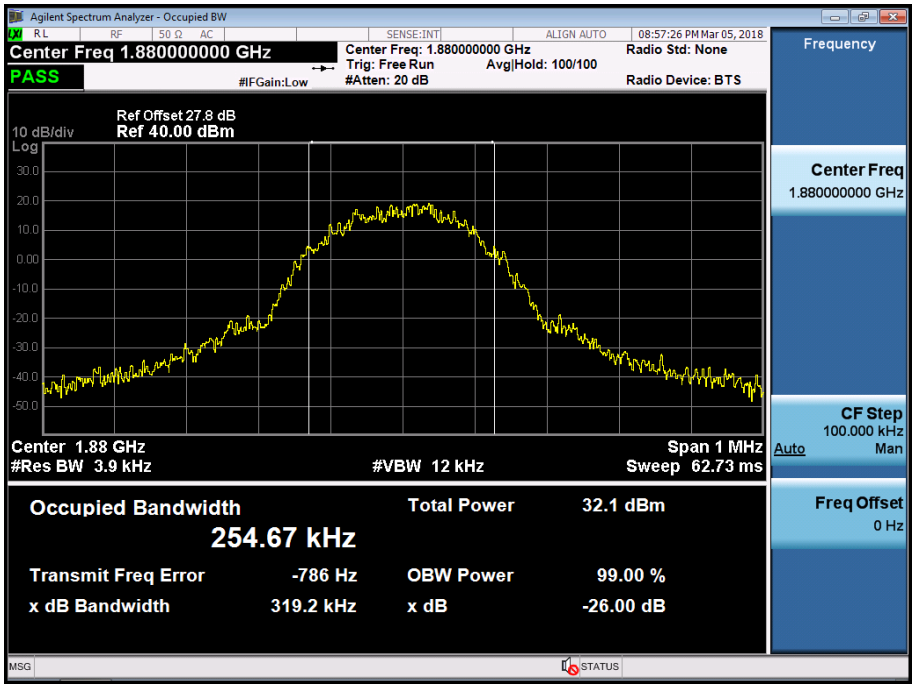
■ GSM1900 MODE (661 CH.) Occupied Bandwidth



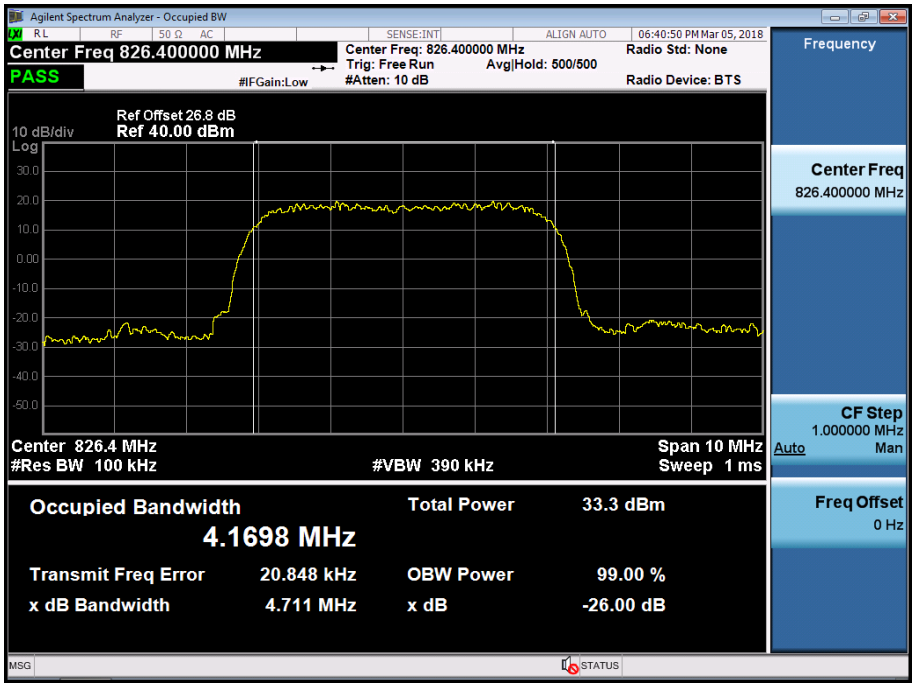
■ GSM1900 MODE (810 CH.) Occupied Bandwidth



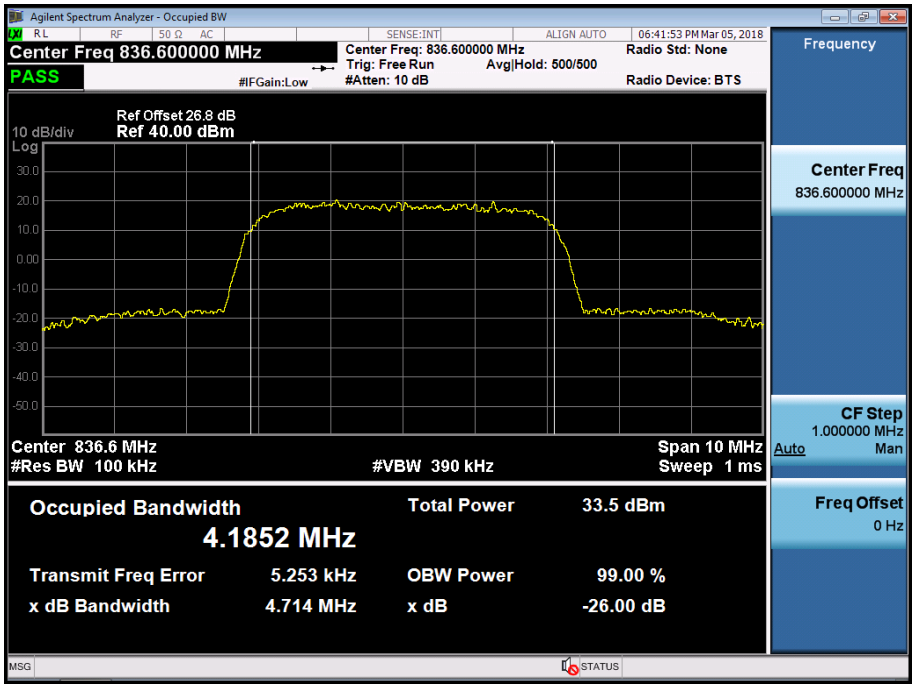
■ GSM1900 EDGE (661 CH.) Occupied Bandwidth



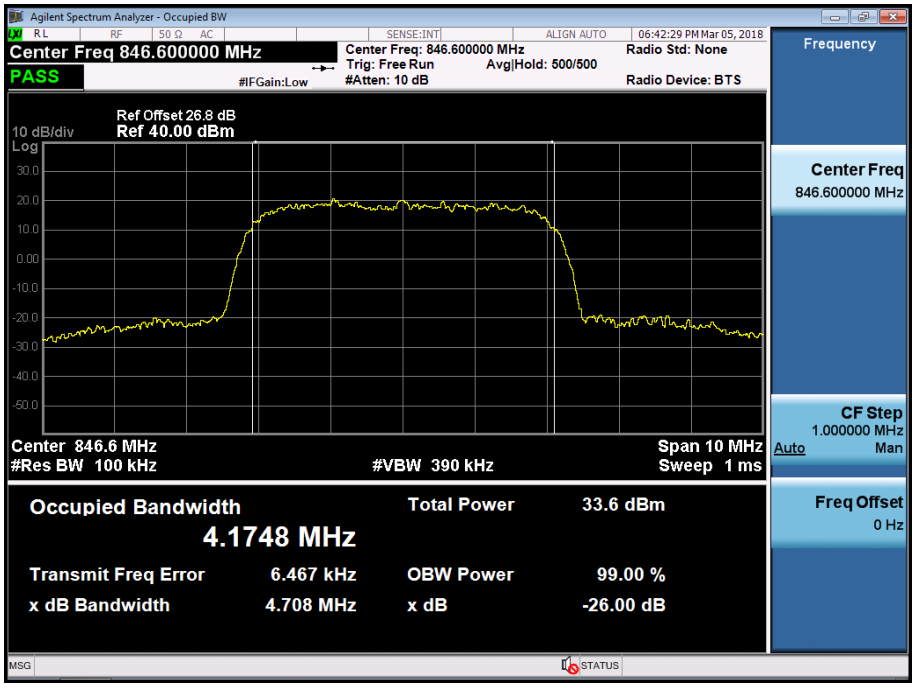
■ WCDMA850 MODE (4132 CH.) Occupied Bandwidth



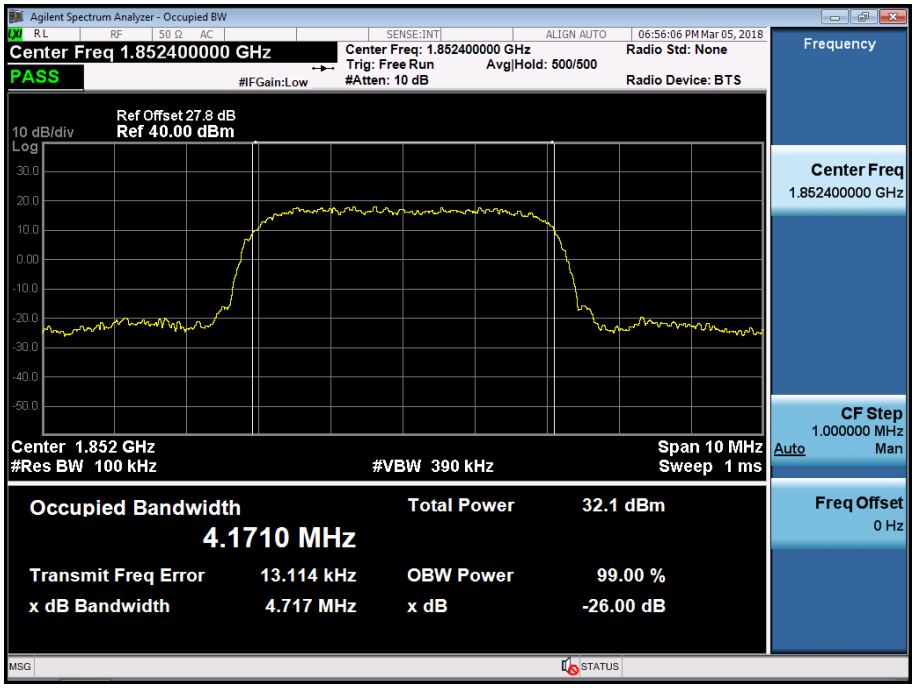
■ WCDMA850 MODE (4183 CH.) Occupied Bandwidth



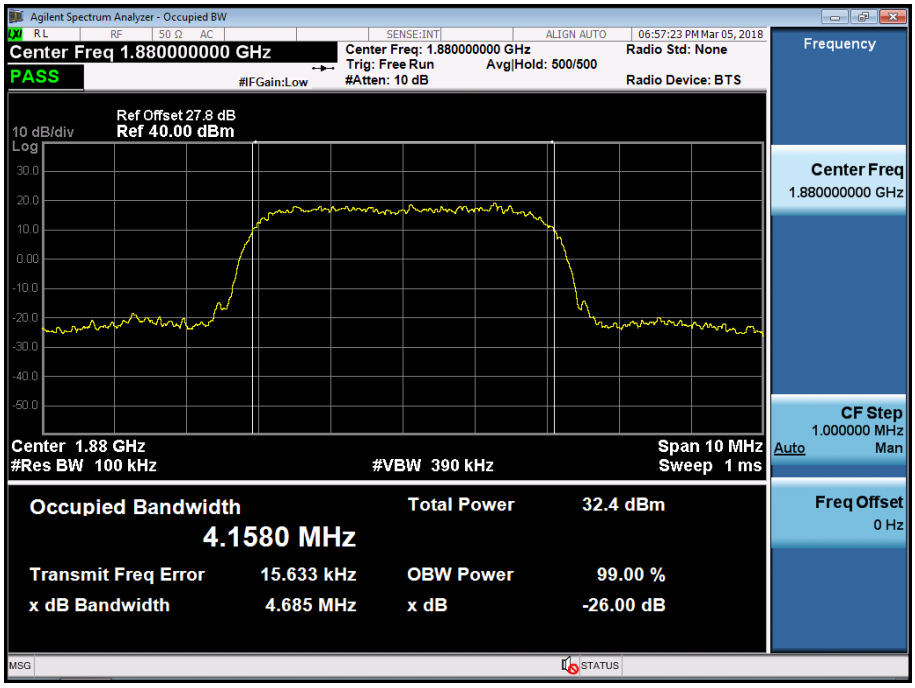
■ WCDMA850MODE (4233 CH.) Occupied Bandwidth



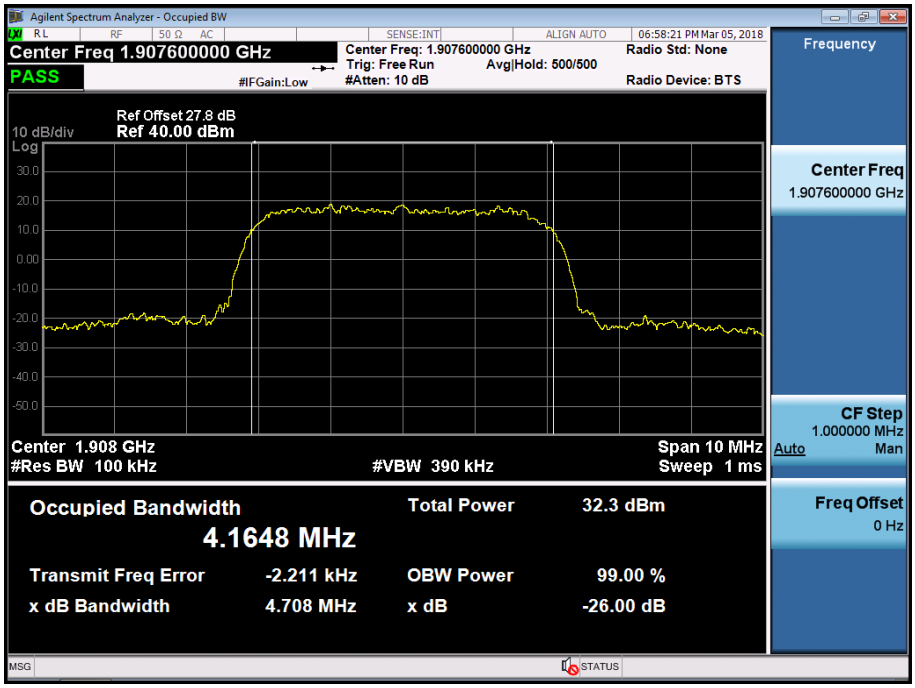
■ WCDMA1900 MODE (9262 CH.) Occupied Bandwidth



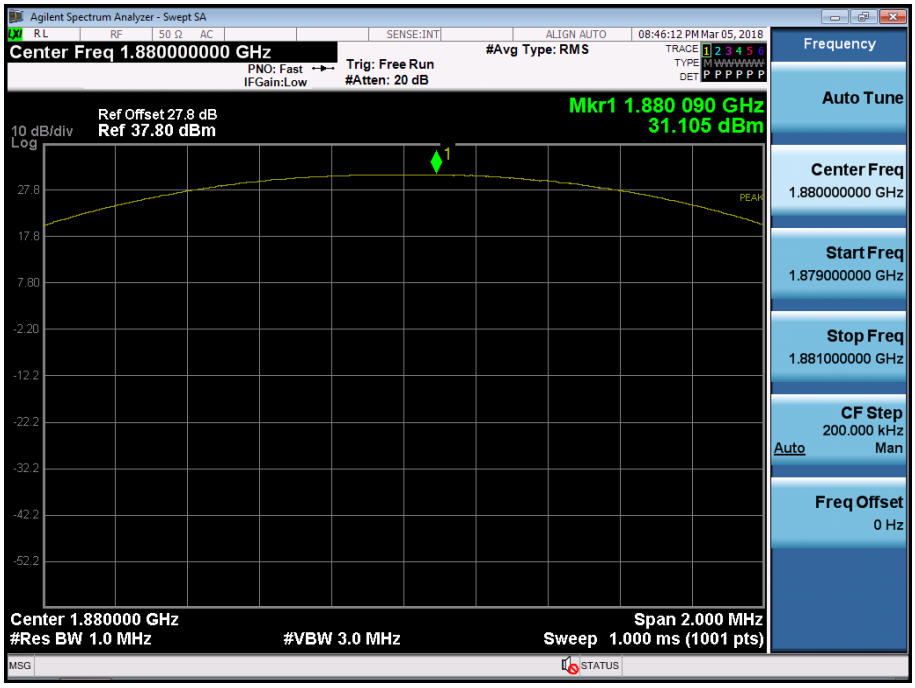
■ WCDMA1900 MODE (9400 CH.) Occupied Bandwidth



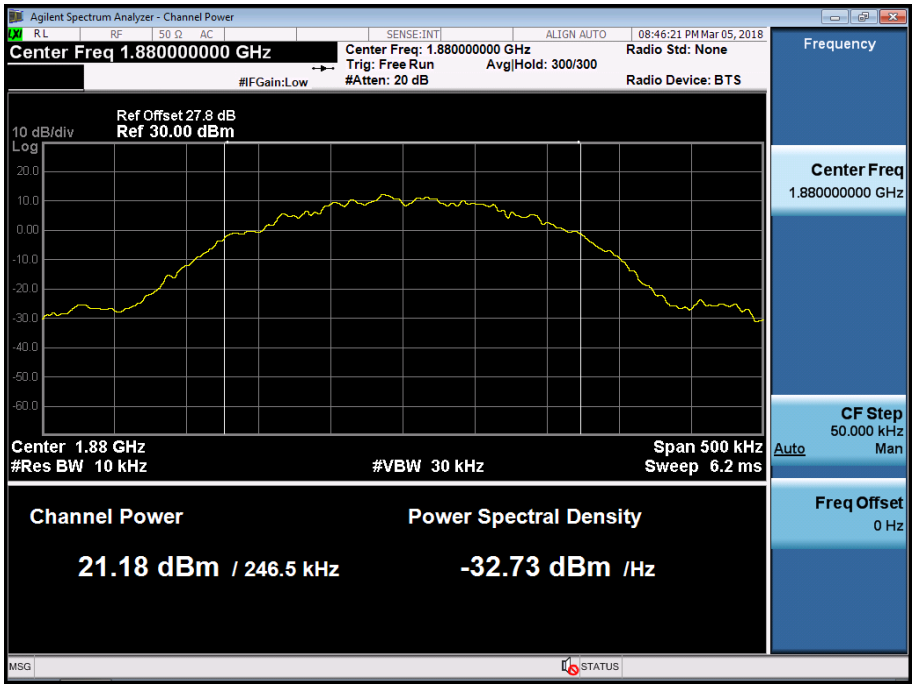
■ WCDMA1900 MODE (9538 CH.) Occupied Bandwidth



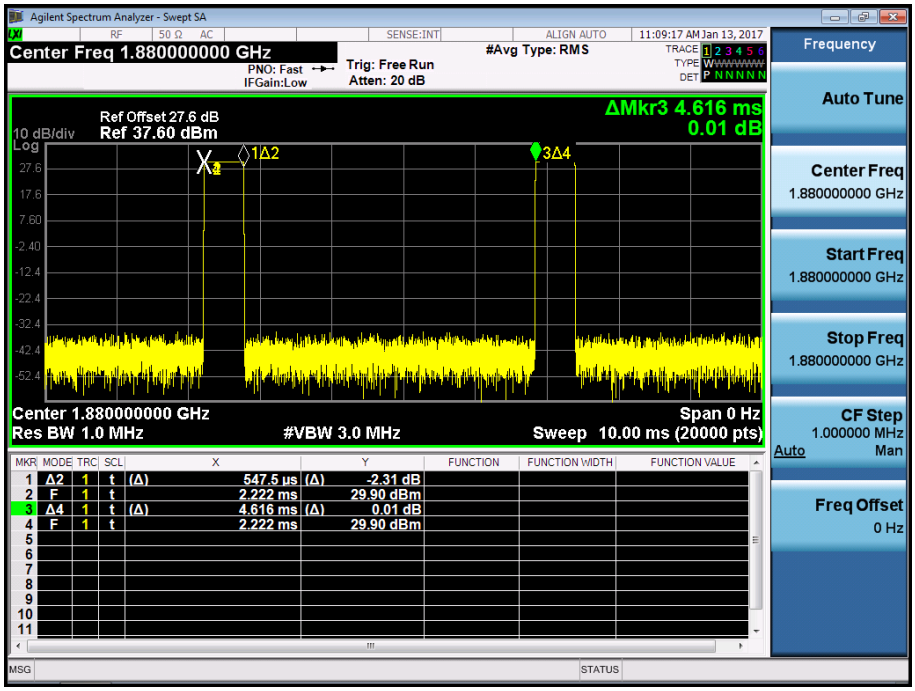
■ GSM1900 MODE (661 CH.) Peak-to-Average Ratio P_{Pk}



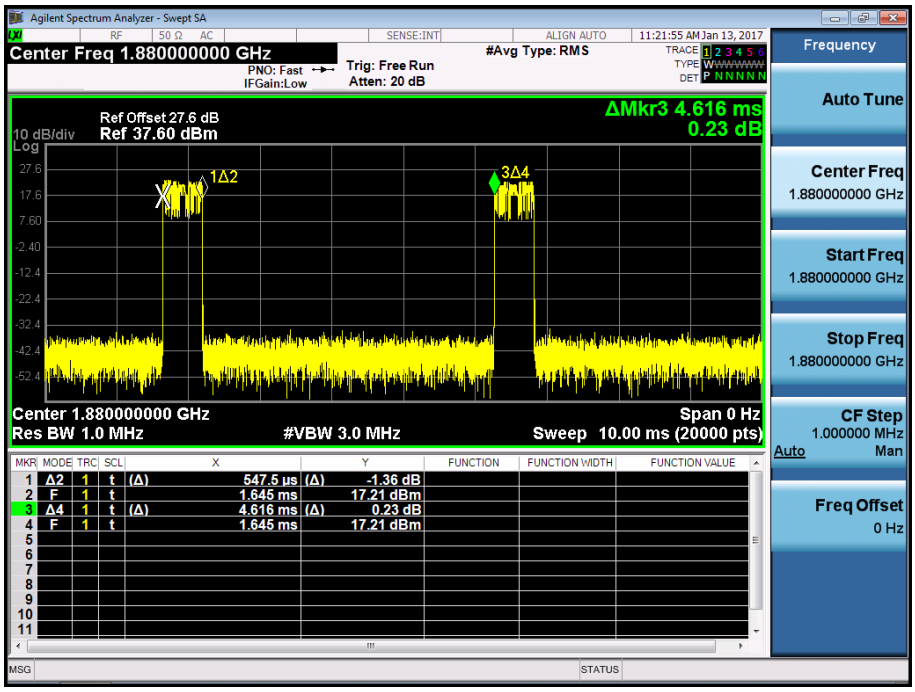
■ GSM1900 MODE (661 CH.) Peak-to-Average Ratio P_{Avg}



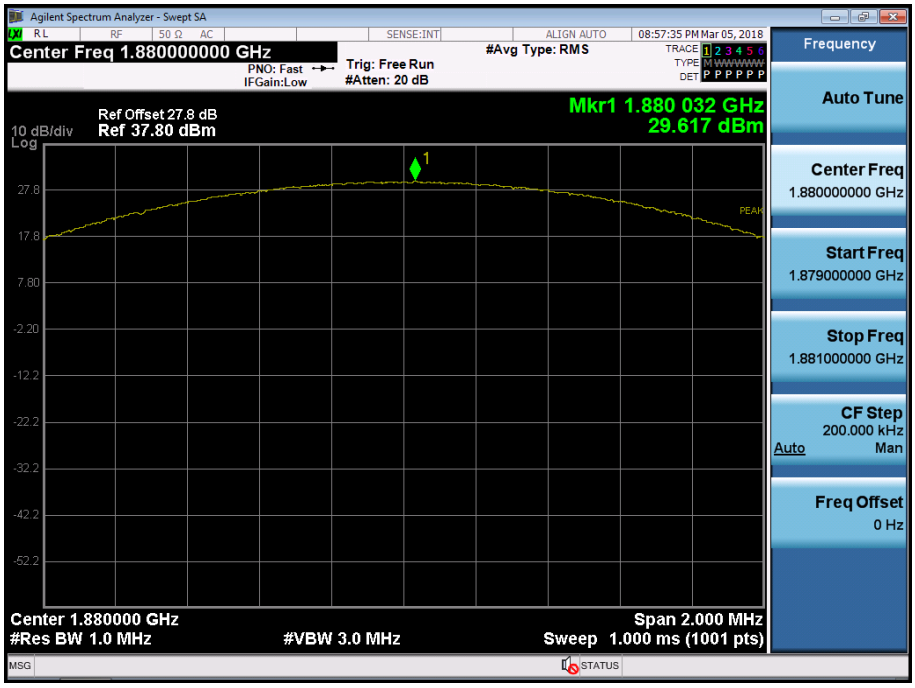
■ GSM1900 MODE (661 CH.) Peak-to-Average Ratio Duty



■ GSM1900 EDGE (661 CH.) Peak-to-Average Ratio Duty

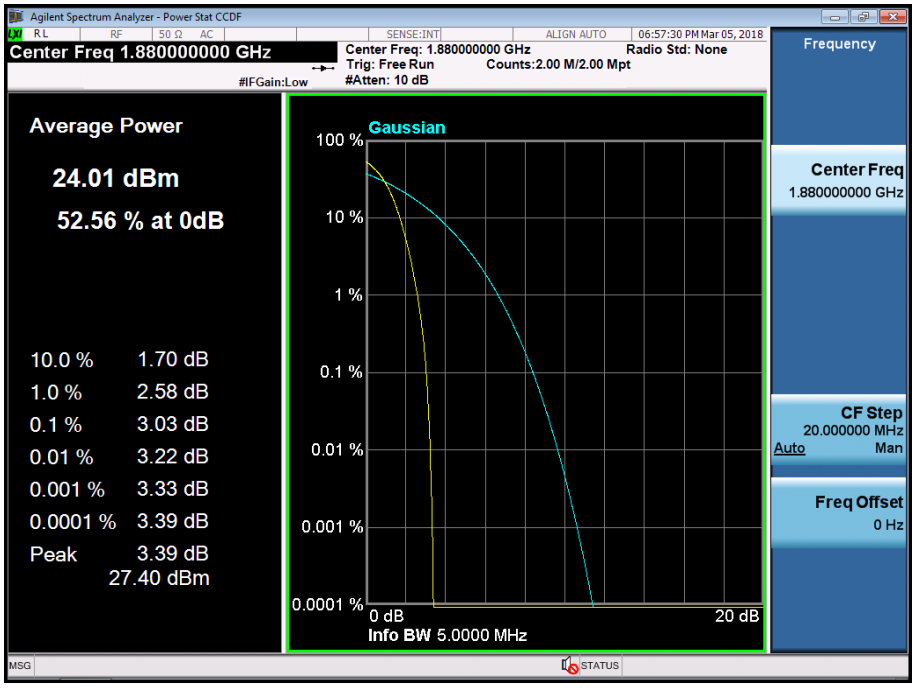


■ GSM1900 EDGE (661 CH.) Peak-to-Average Ratio P_{Pk}

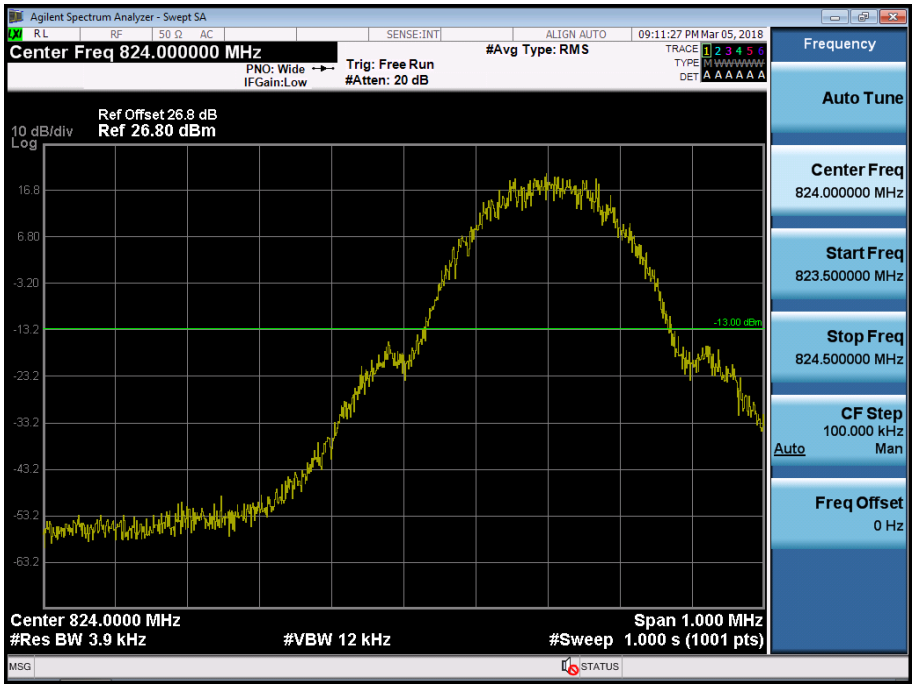


■ GSM1900 EDGE (661 CH.) Peak-to-Average Ratio P_{Avg}

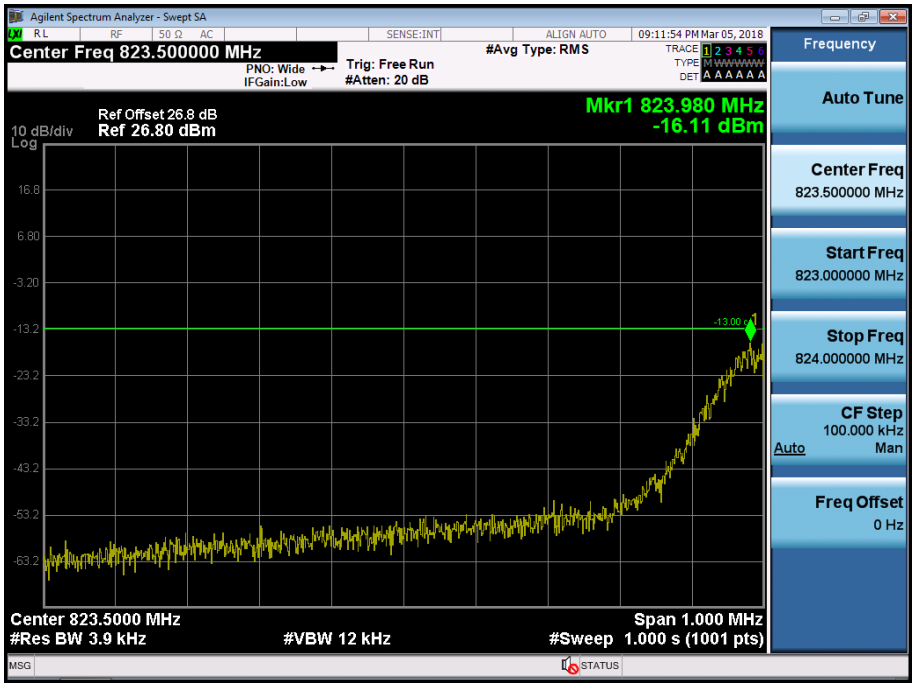
■ WCDMA1900 MODE (9400 CH.) Peak-to-Average Ratio



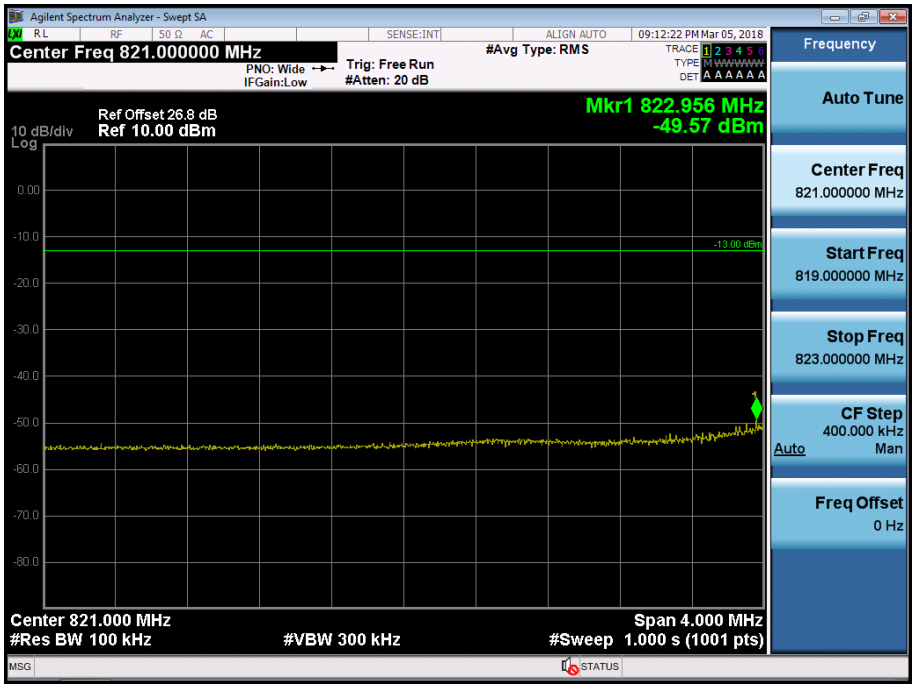
■ GSM850 MODE (128 CH.) Block Edge 1



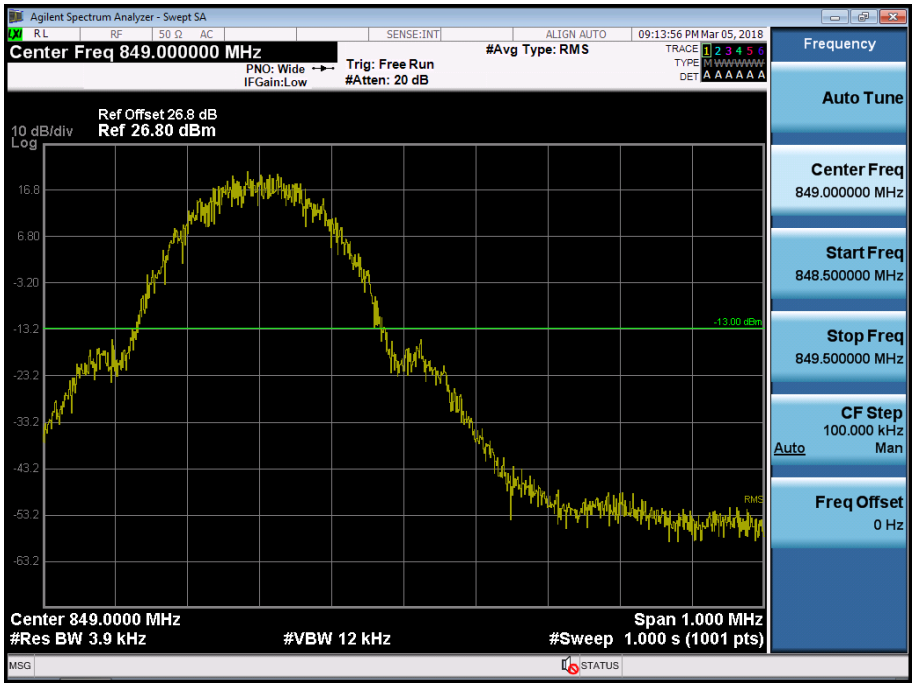
■ GSM850 MODE (128 CH.) Block Edge 2



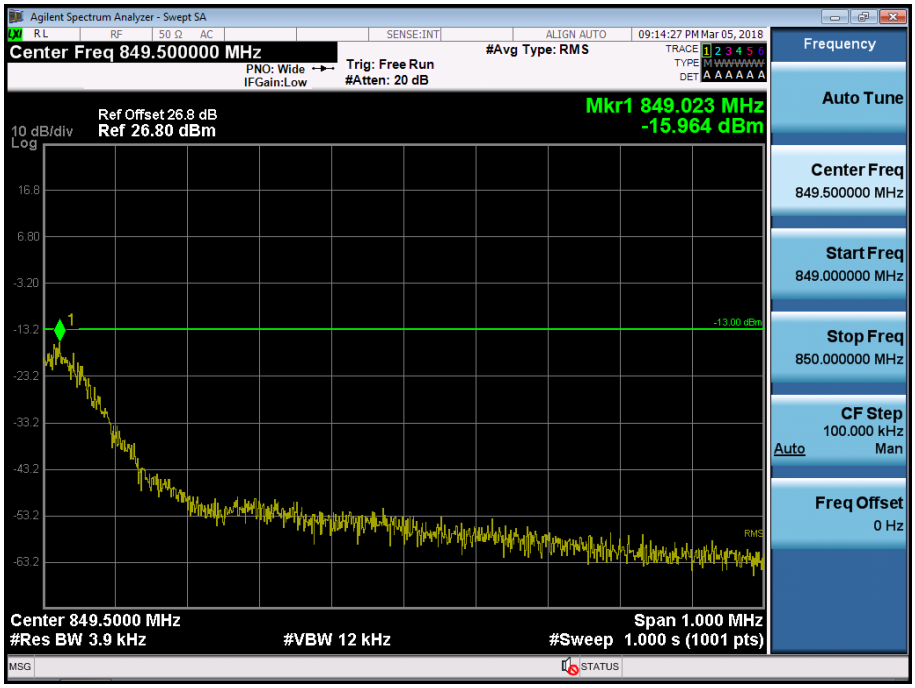
■ GSM850 MODE (128 CH.) Block Edge 3



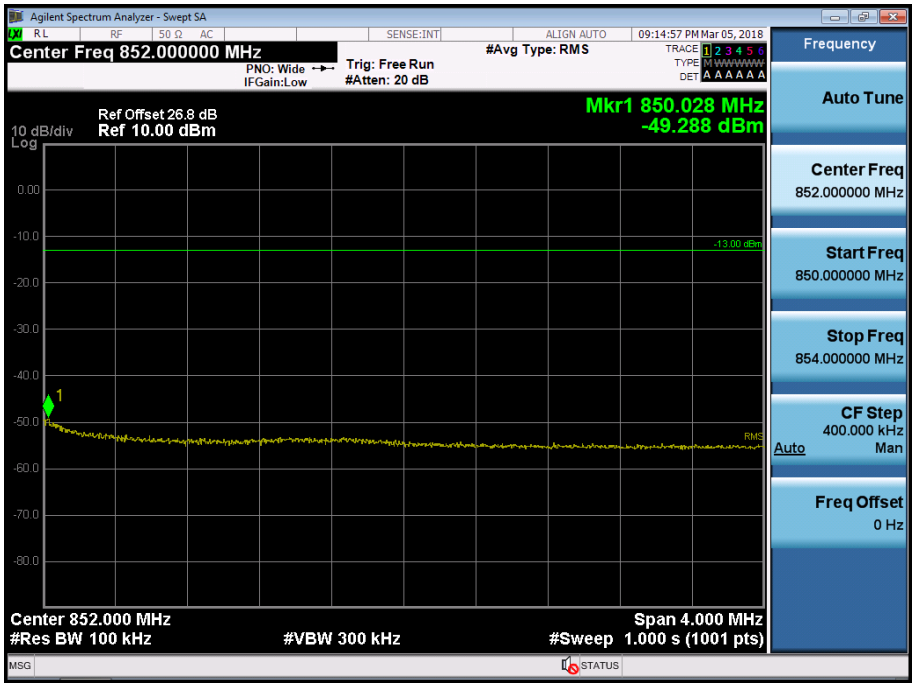
■ GSM850 MODE (251 CH.) Block Edge 1



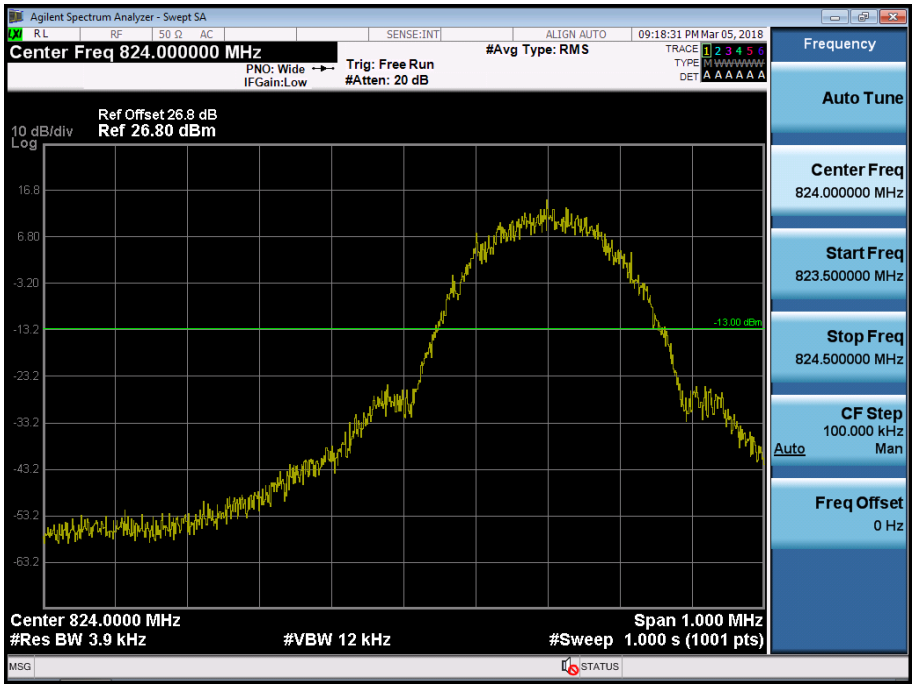
■ GSM850 MODE (251 CH.) Block Edge 2



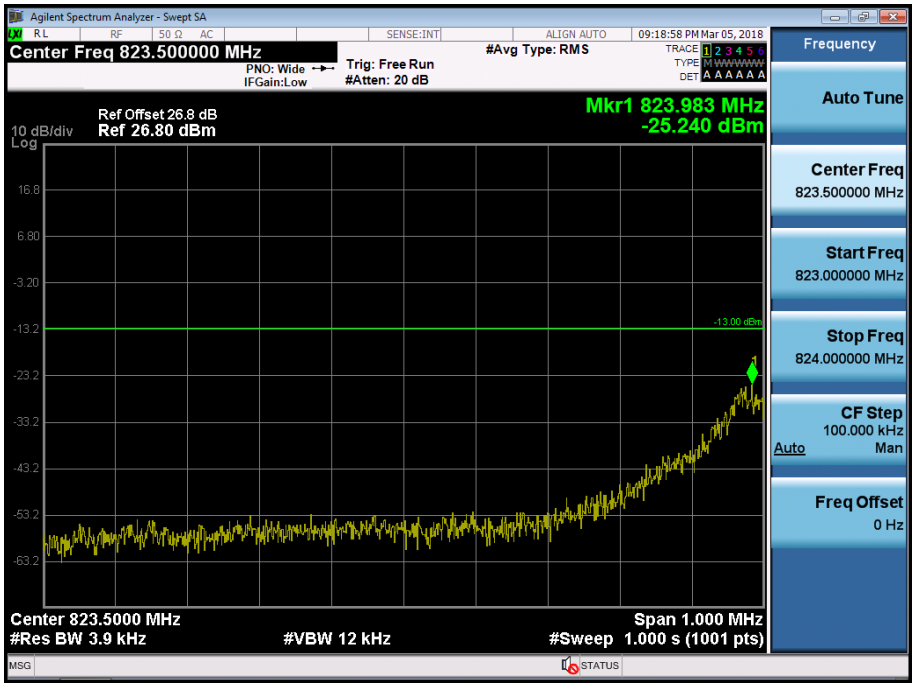
■ GSM850 MODE (251 CH.) Block Edge 3



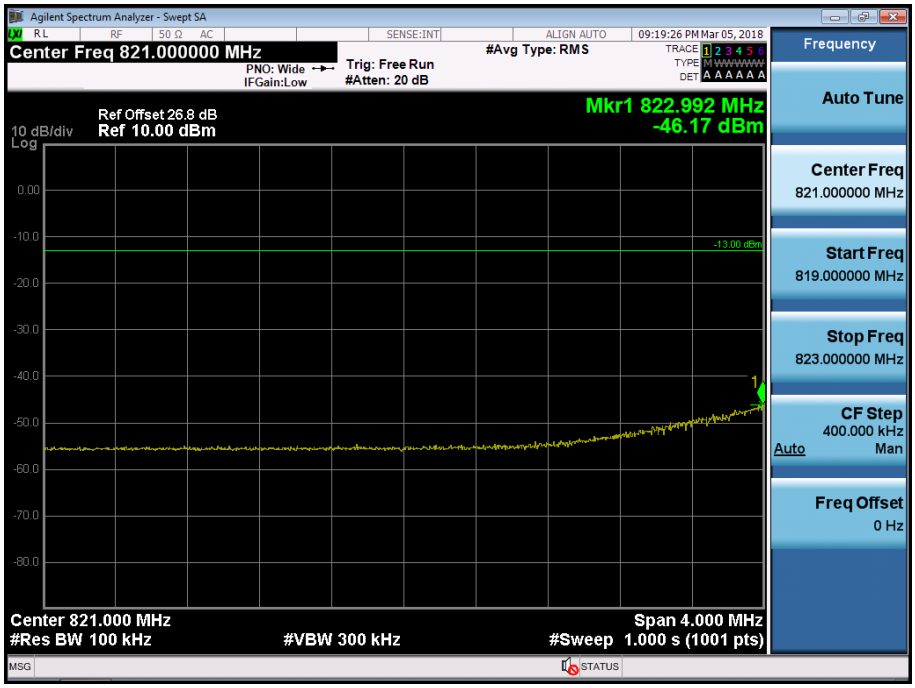
■ EDGE MODE (128 CH.) Block Edge 1



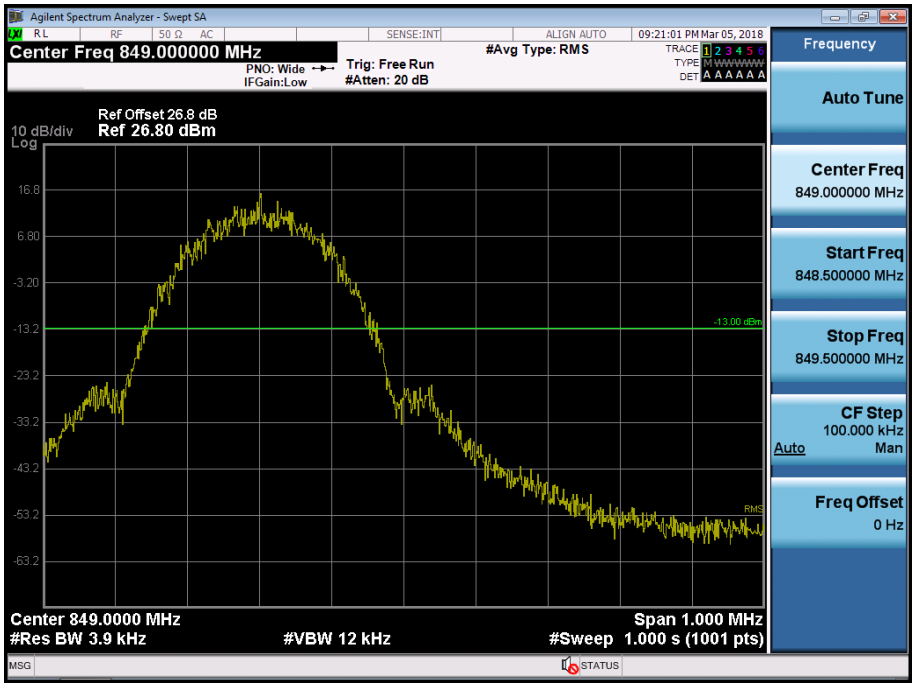
■ EDGE MODE (128 CH.) Block Edge 2



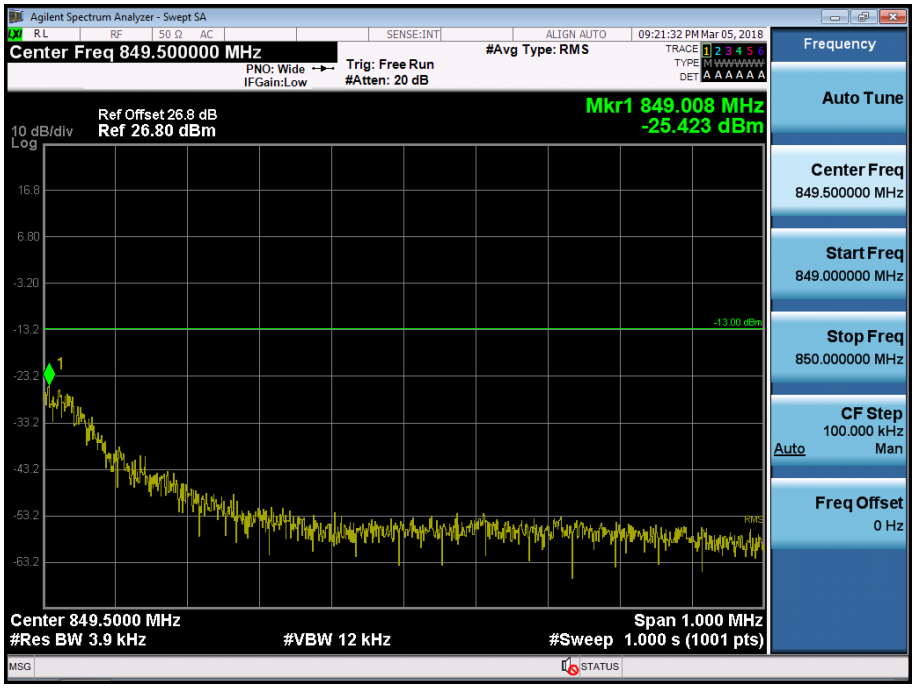
■ EDGE MODE (128 CH.) Block Edge 3



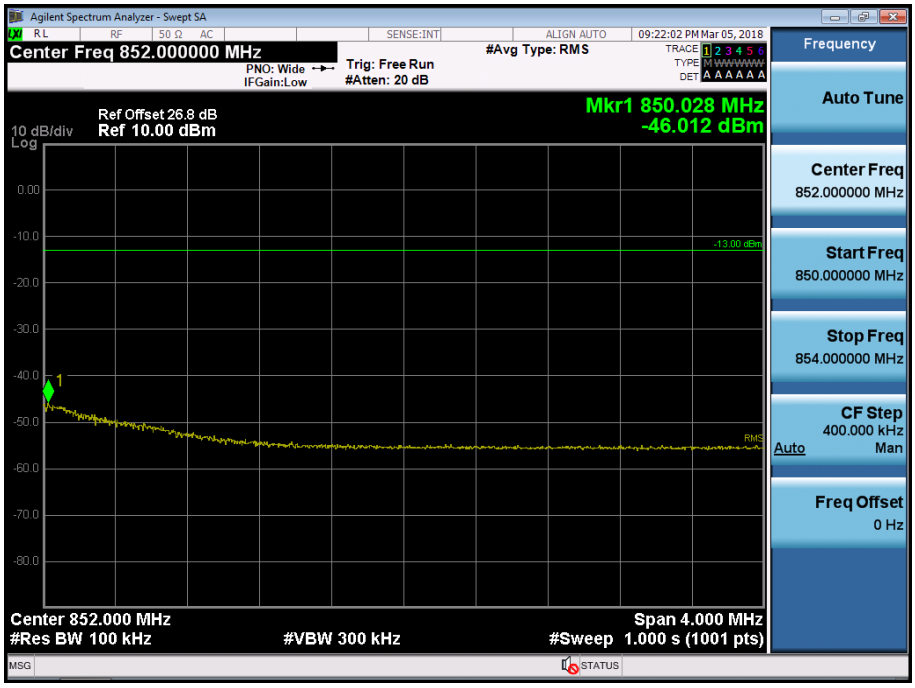
■ EDGE MODE (251 CH.) Block Edge 1



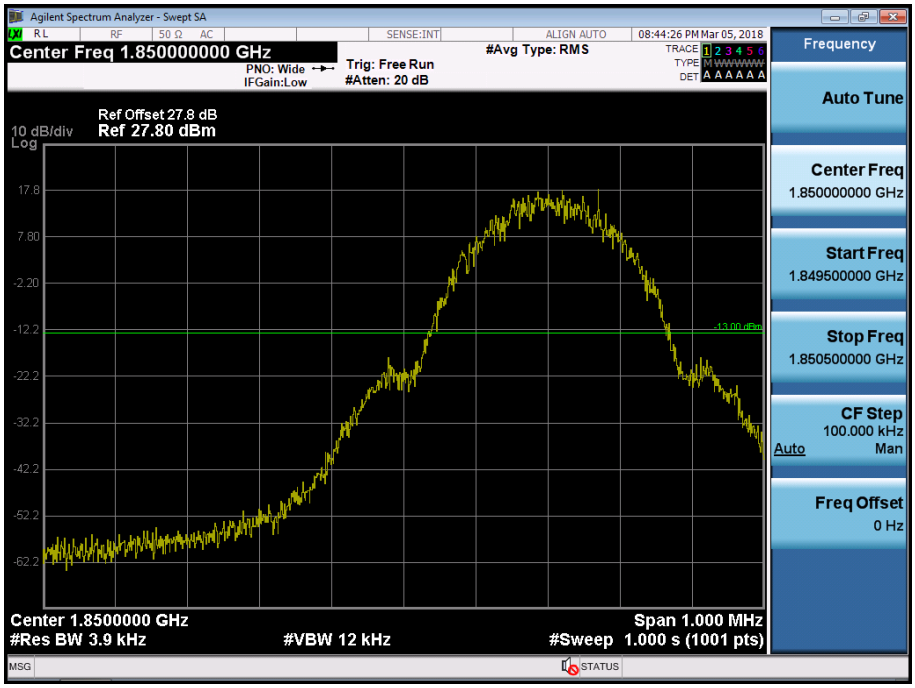
■ EDGE MODE (251 CH.) Block Edge 2



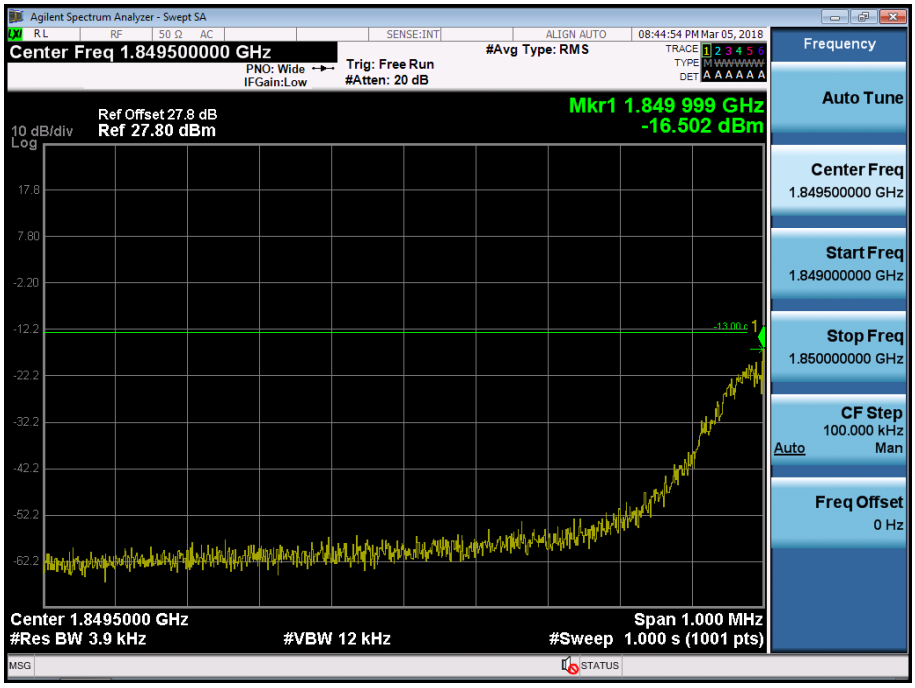
■ EDGE MODE (251 CH.) Block Edge 3



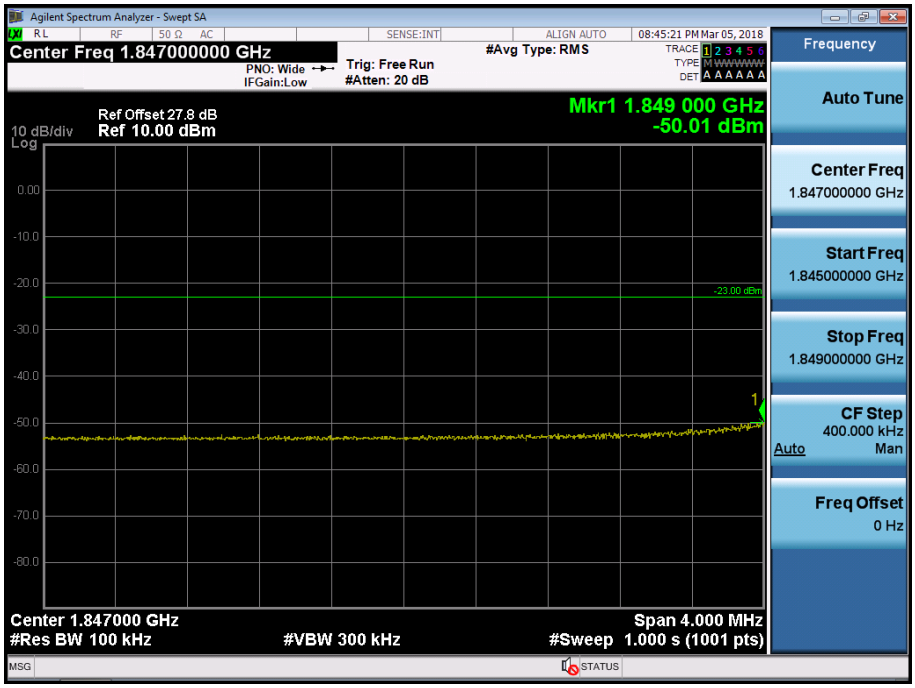
■ GSM1900 MODE (512 CH.) Block Edge 1



■ GSM1900 MODE (512 CH.) Block Edge 2



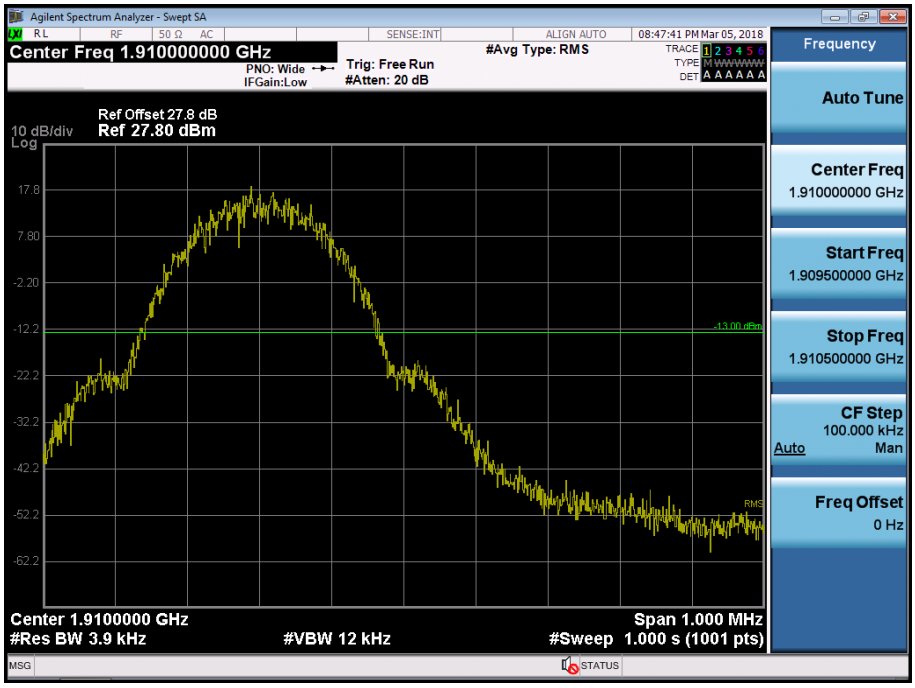
■ GSM1900 MODE (512 CH.) Block Edge 3



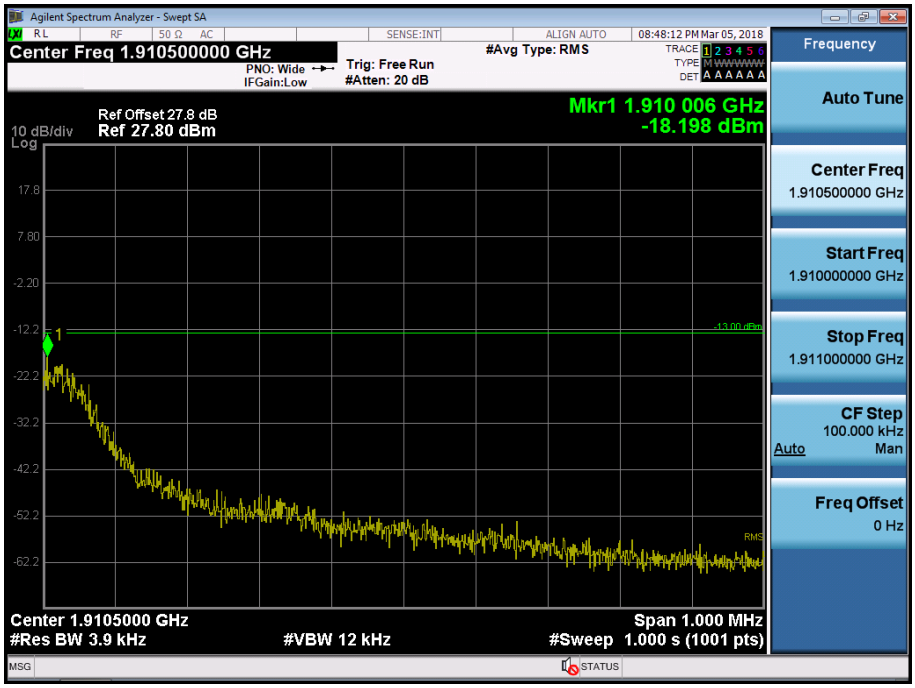
Note : We used a narrower RBW in order to increase accuracy.

Calculation = Reading Value + 10*log(1 MHz/100 kHz) dB = -50.01 dBm + 10 dB = **-40.01 dBm**

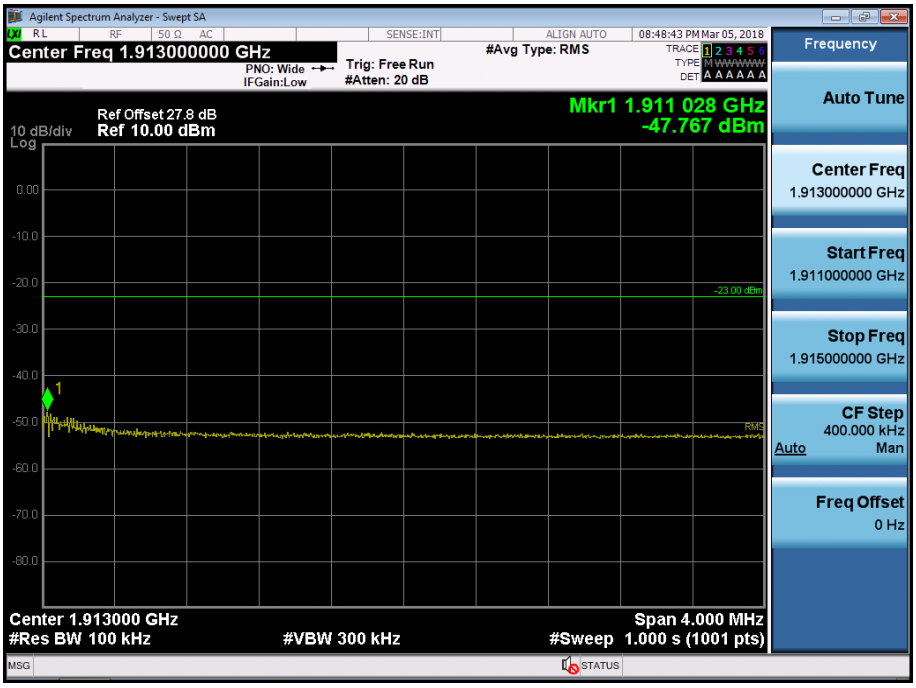
■ GSM1900 MODE (810 CH.) Block Edge 1



■ GSM1900 MODE (810 CH.) Block Edge 2



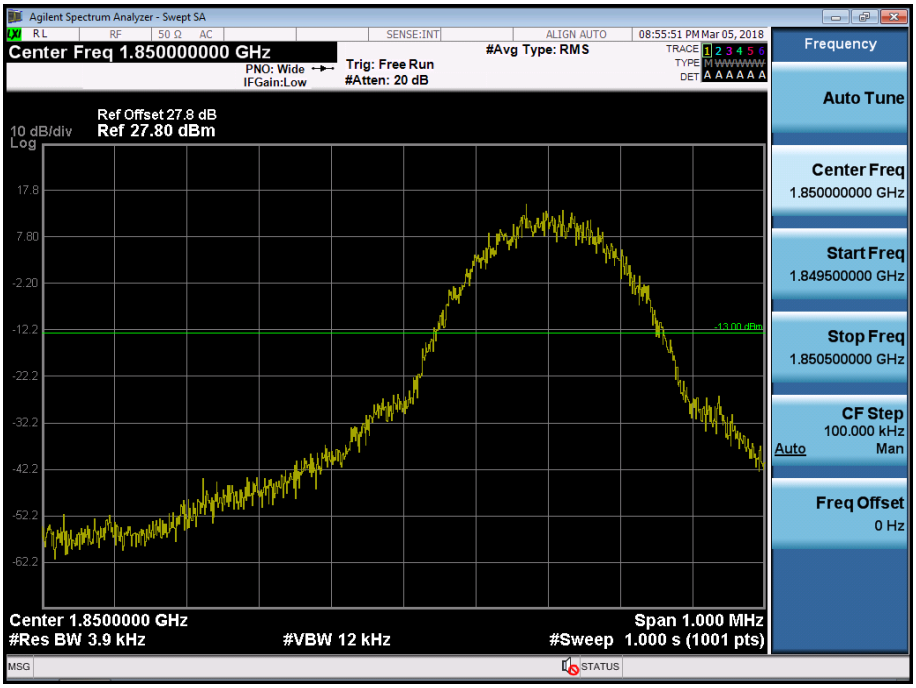
■ GSM1900 MODE (810 CH.) Block Edge 3



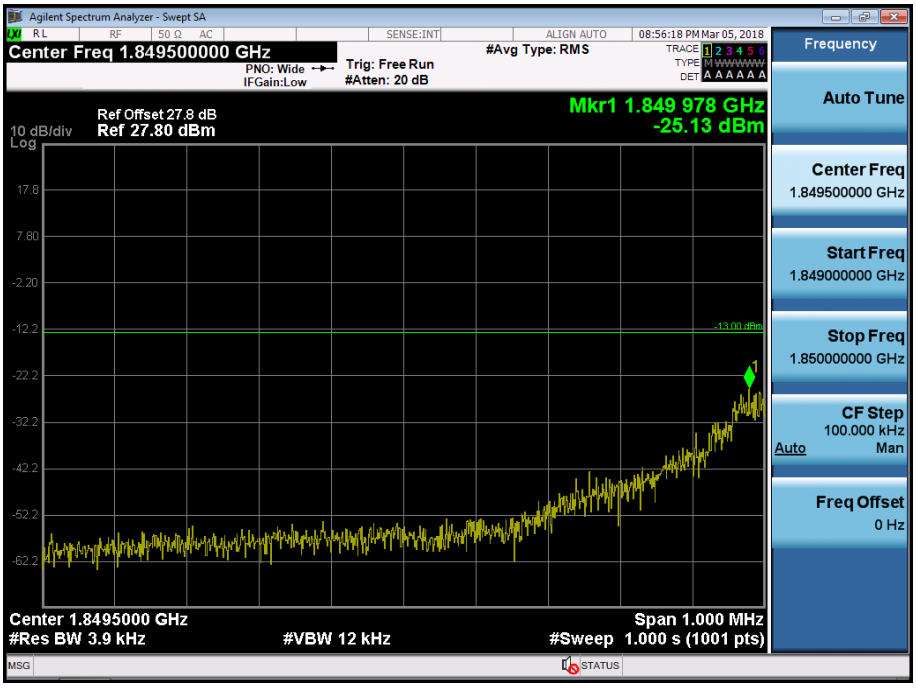
Note : We used a narrower RBW in order to increase accuracy.

Calculation = Reading Value + 10*log(1 MHz/100 kHz) dB = -47.767 dBm + 10 dB = **-37.767 dBm**

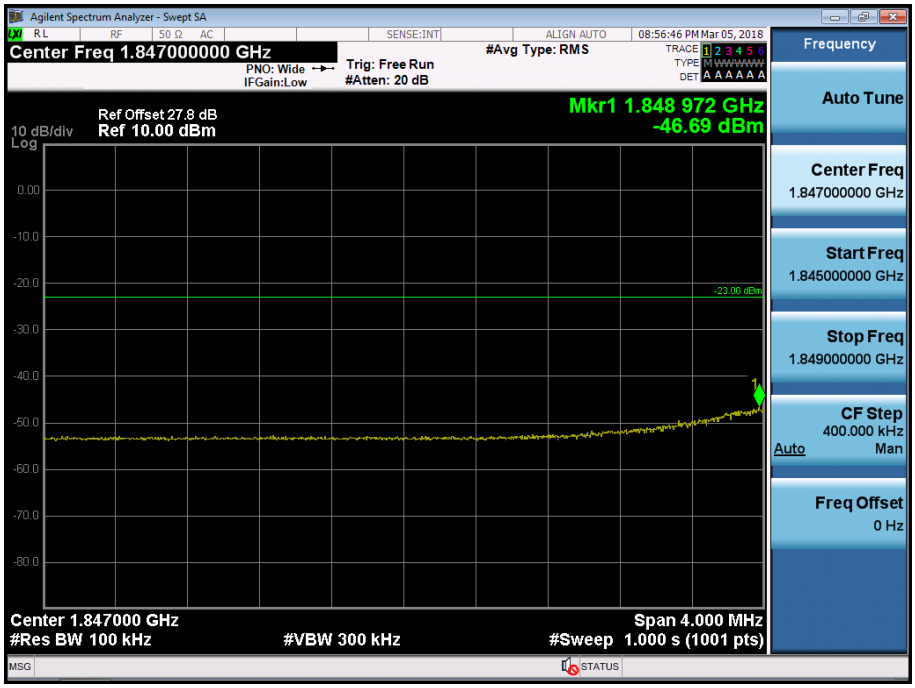
■ EDGE MODE (512 CH.) Block Edge 1



■ EDGE MODE (512 CH.) Block Edge 2



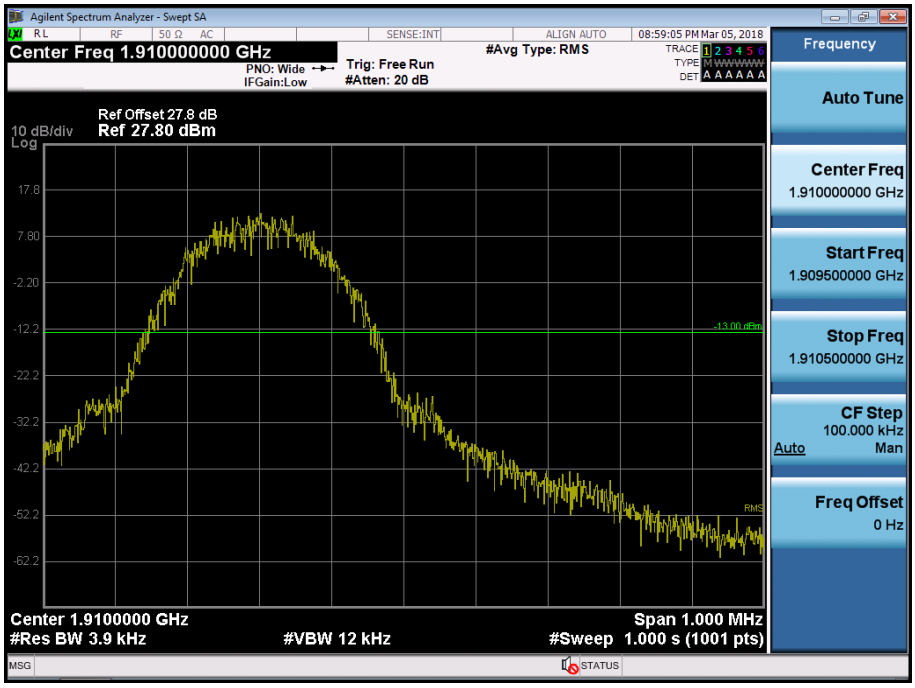
■ EDGE MODE (512 CH.) Block Edge 3



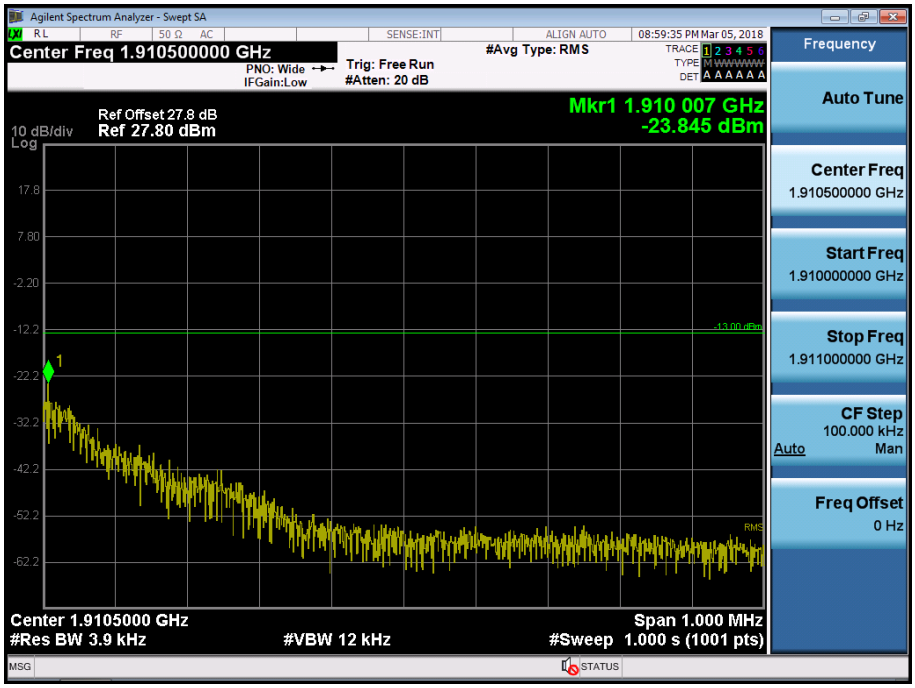
Note : We used a narrower RBW in order to increase accuracy.

Calculation = Reading Value + 10*log(1 MHz/100 kHz) dB = -46.69 dBm + 10 dB = **-36.69 dBm**

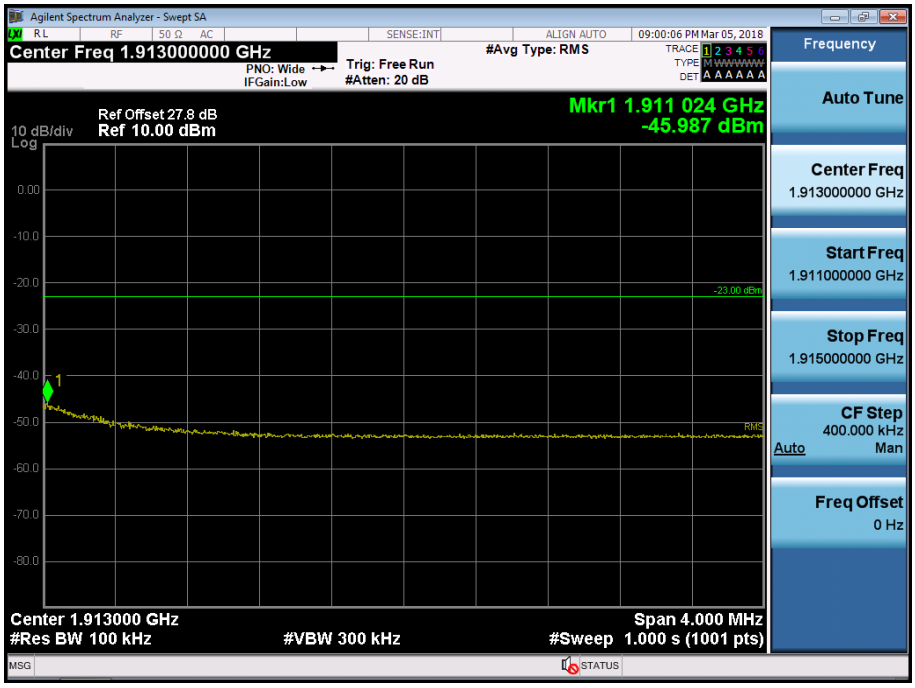
■ EDGE MODE (810 CH.) Block Edge 1



■ EDGE MODE (810 CH.) Block Edge 2



■ EDGE MODE (810 CH.) Block Edge 3



Note : We used a narrower RBW in order to increase accuracy.

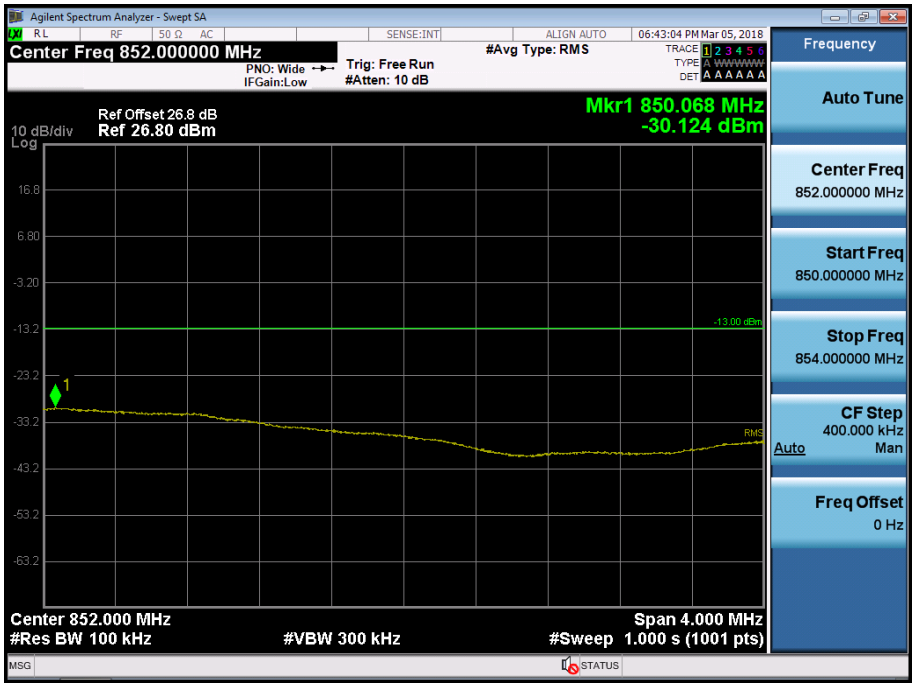
Calculation = Reading Value + 10*log(1 MHz/100 kHz) dB = -45.987 dBm + 10 dB = **-35.987 dBm**

■ WCDMA850 MODE (4132 CH.) Block Edge

■ WCDMA850 MODE (4132 CH.) – 4 MHz Span

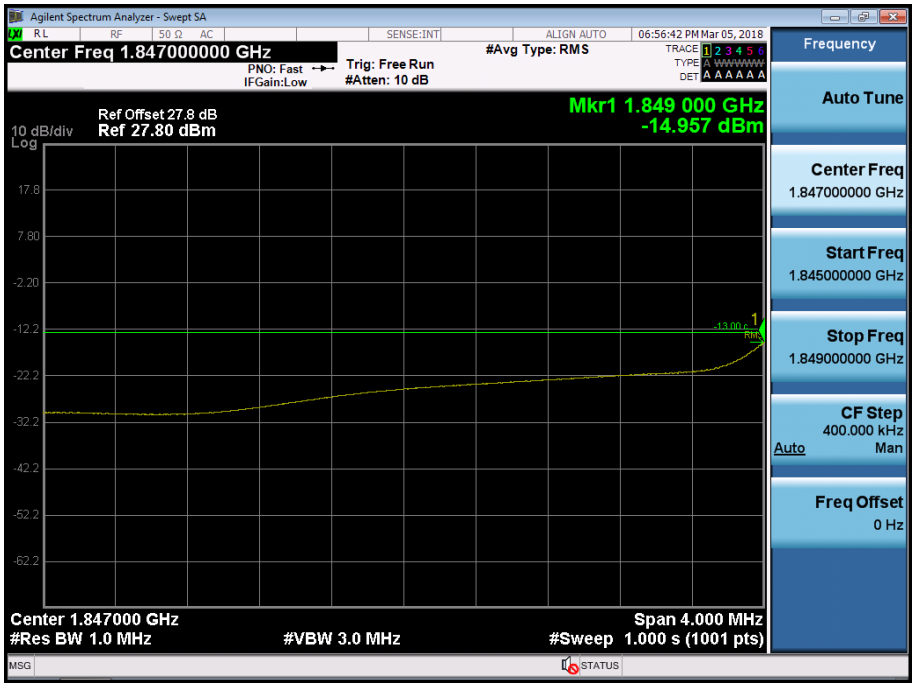
■ WCDMA850MODE (4233 CH.) Block Edge

■ WCDMA850MODE (4233 CH.) – 4 MHz Span



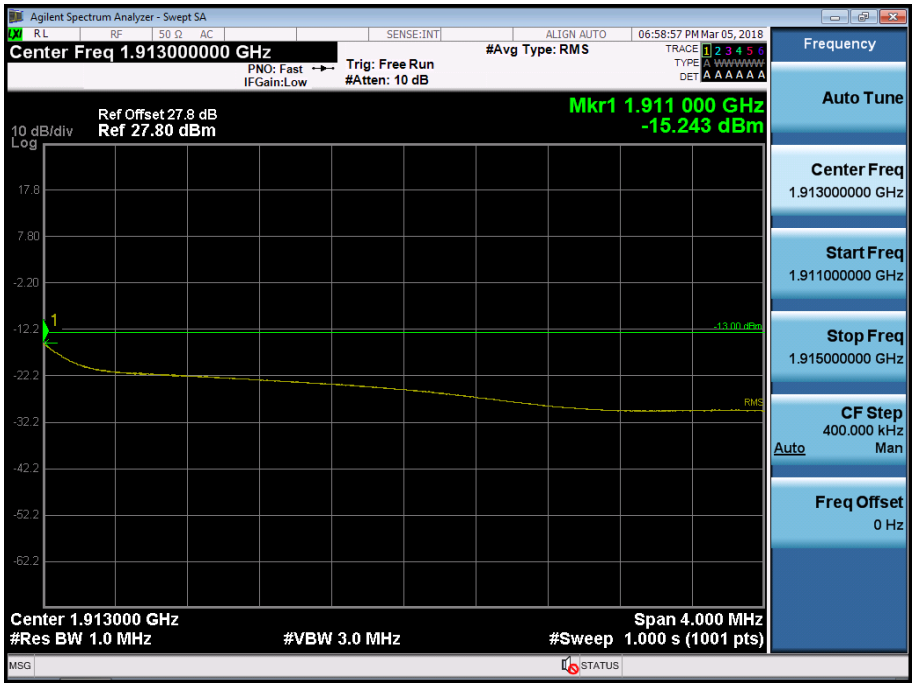
■ WCDMA1900 MODE (9262 CH.) Block Edge

■ WCDMA1900 MODE (9262 CH.) – 4 MHz Span

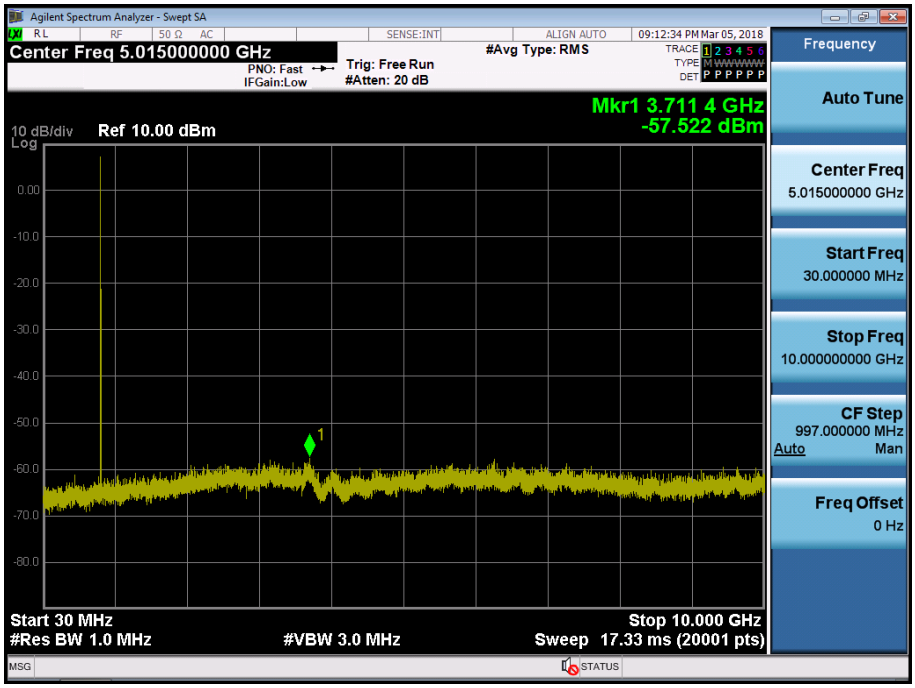


■ WCDMA1900 MODE (9538 CH.) Block Edge

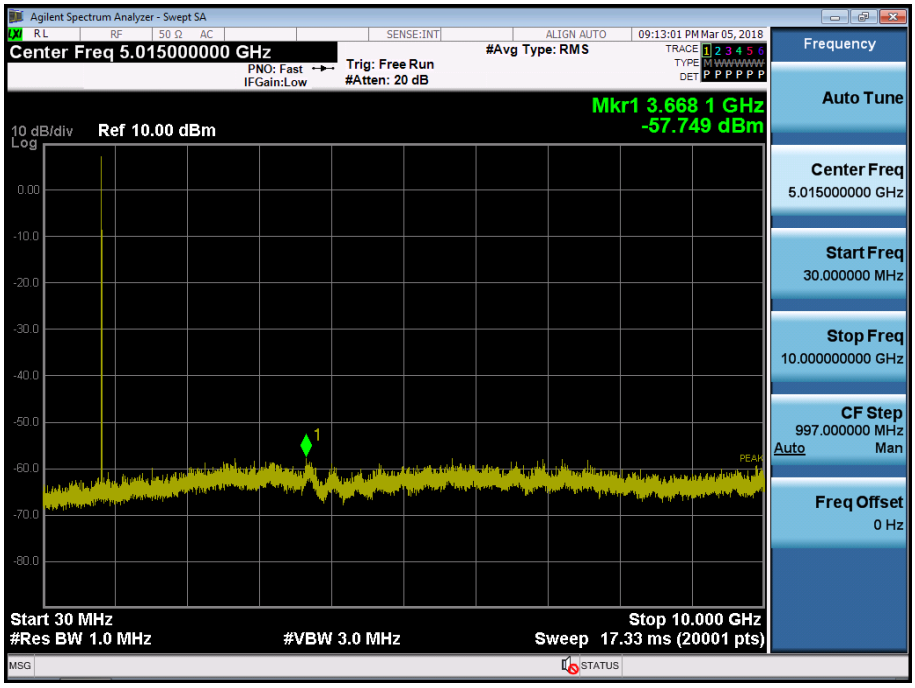
■ WCDMA1900 MODE (9538 CH.) – 4 MHz Span



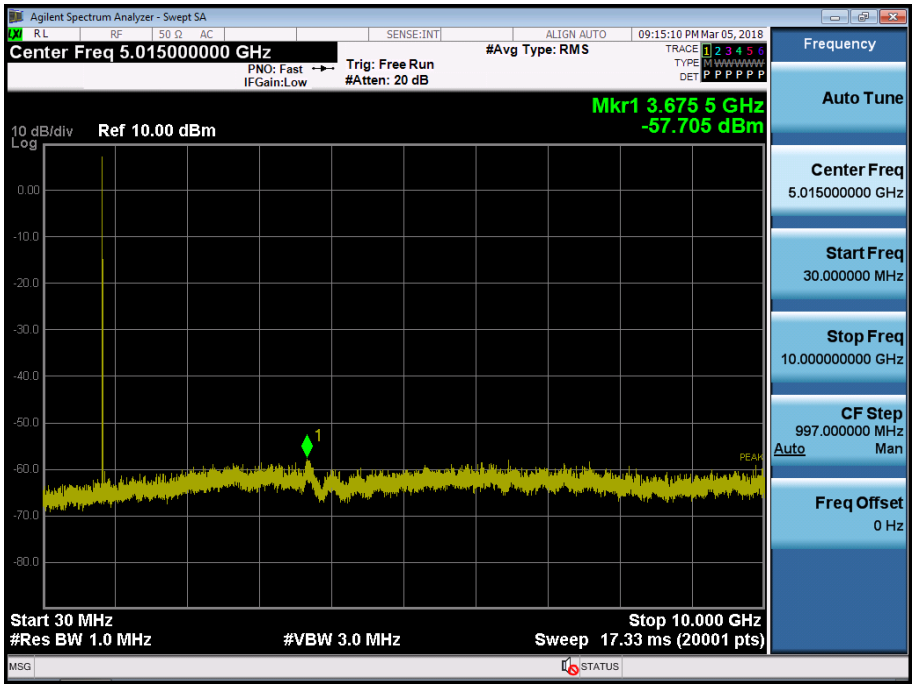
■ GSM850 MODE (128 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions



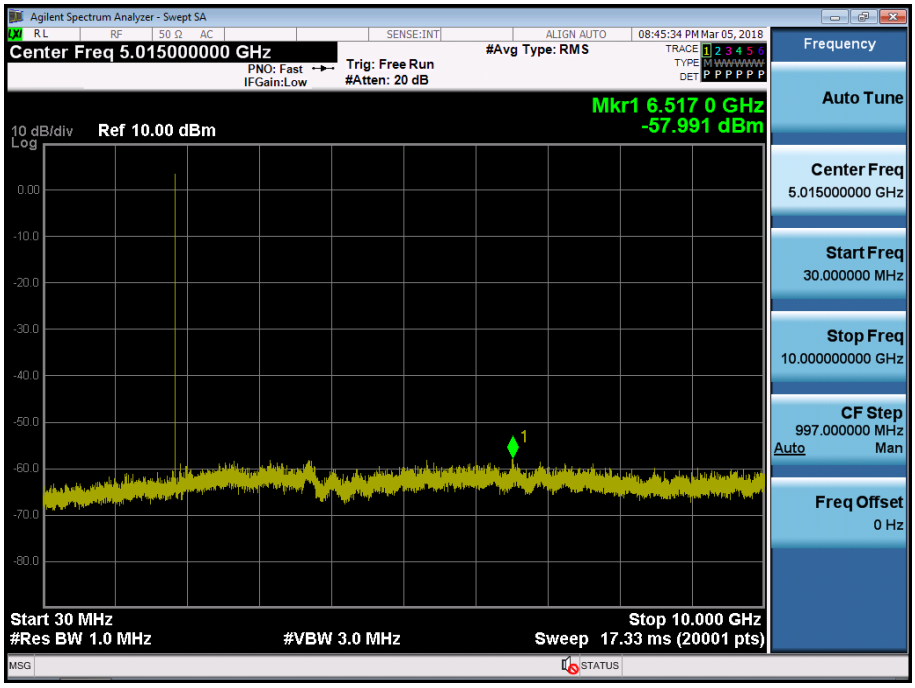
■ GSM850 MODE (190 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions



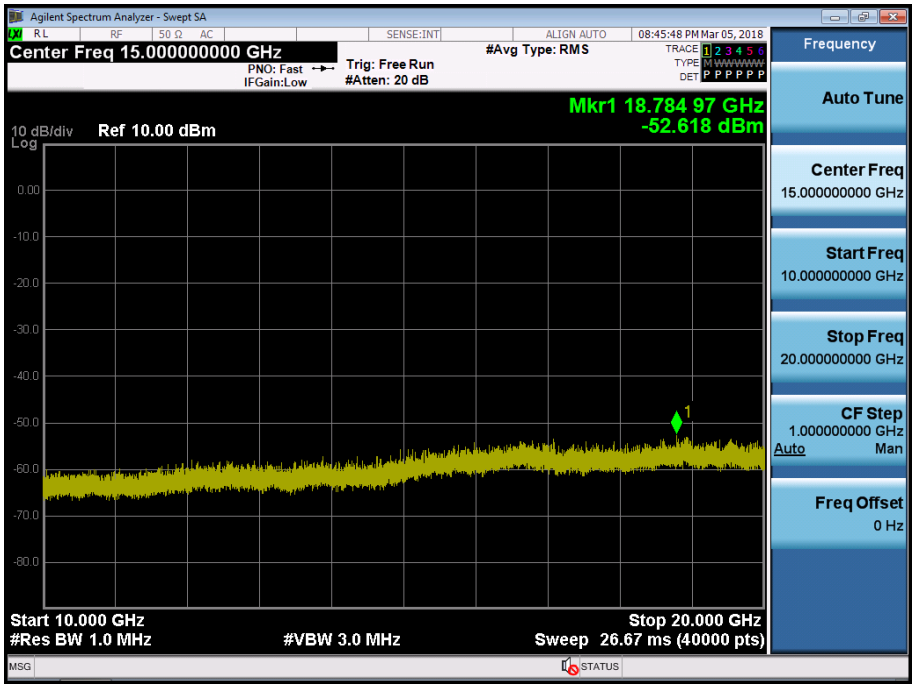
■ GSM850 MODE (251 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions



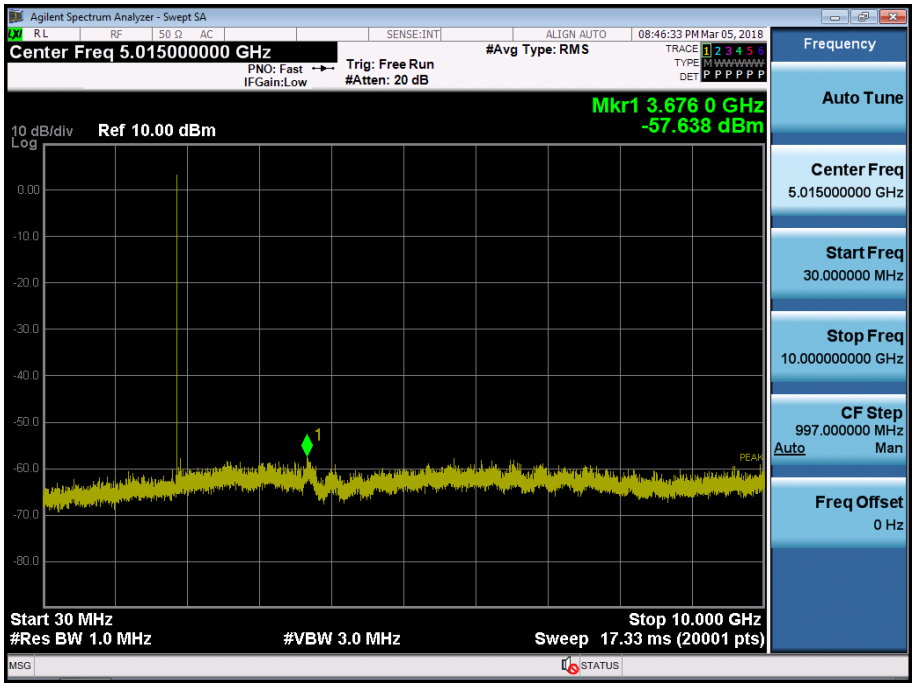
■ GSM1900 MODE (512 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions1



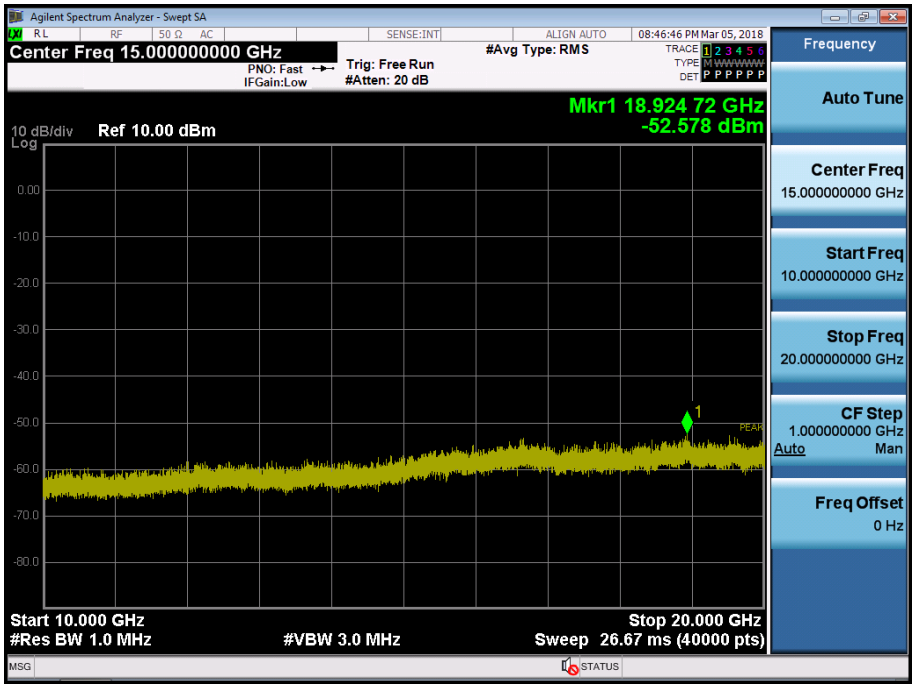
■ GSM1900 MODE (512 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions2



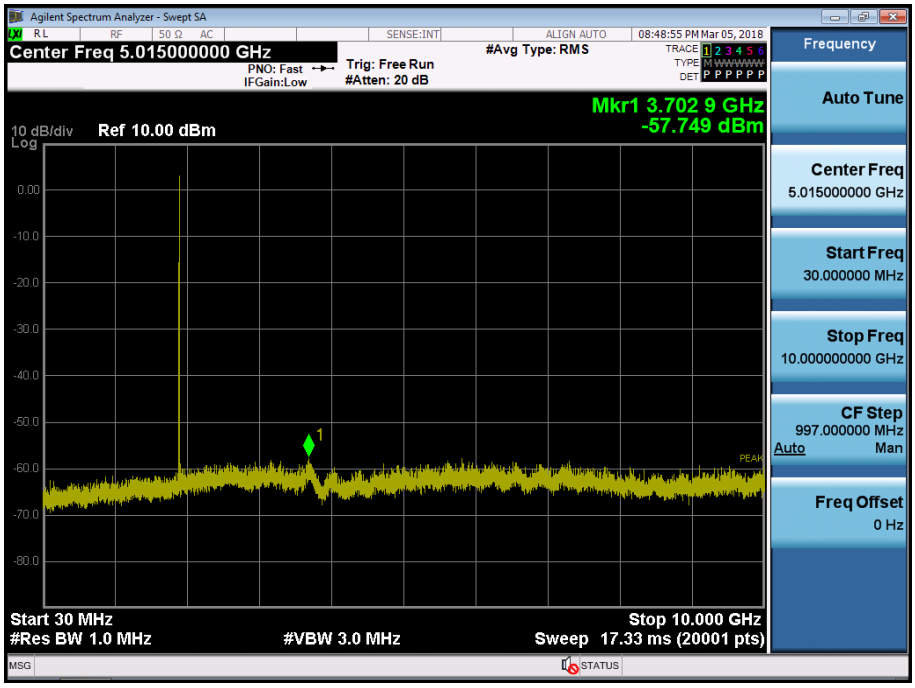
■ GSM1900 MODE (661 CH) Conducted Spurious Emissions1



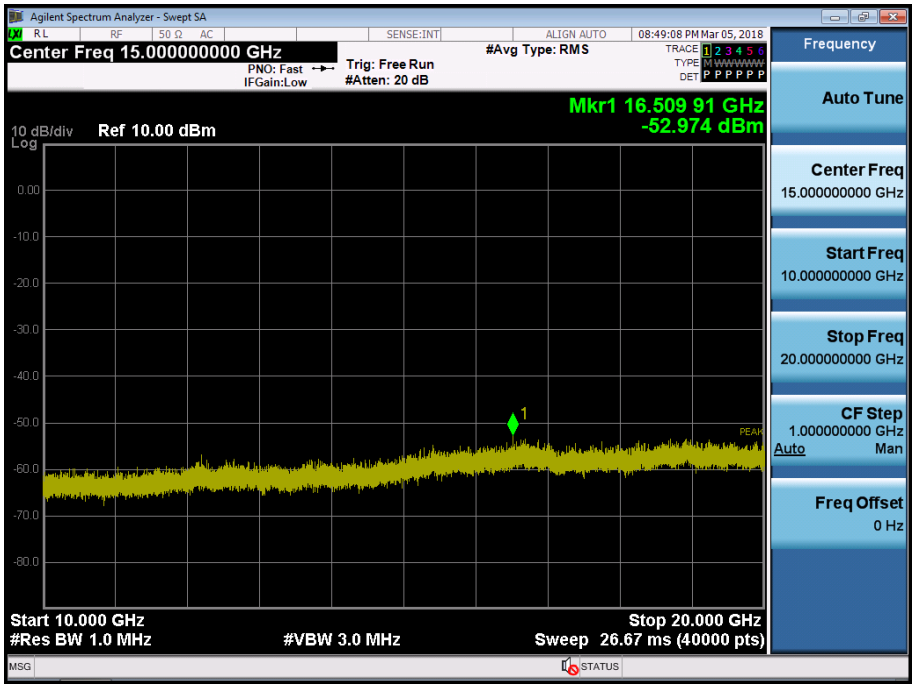
■ GSM1900 MODE (661 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions2



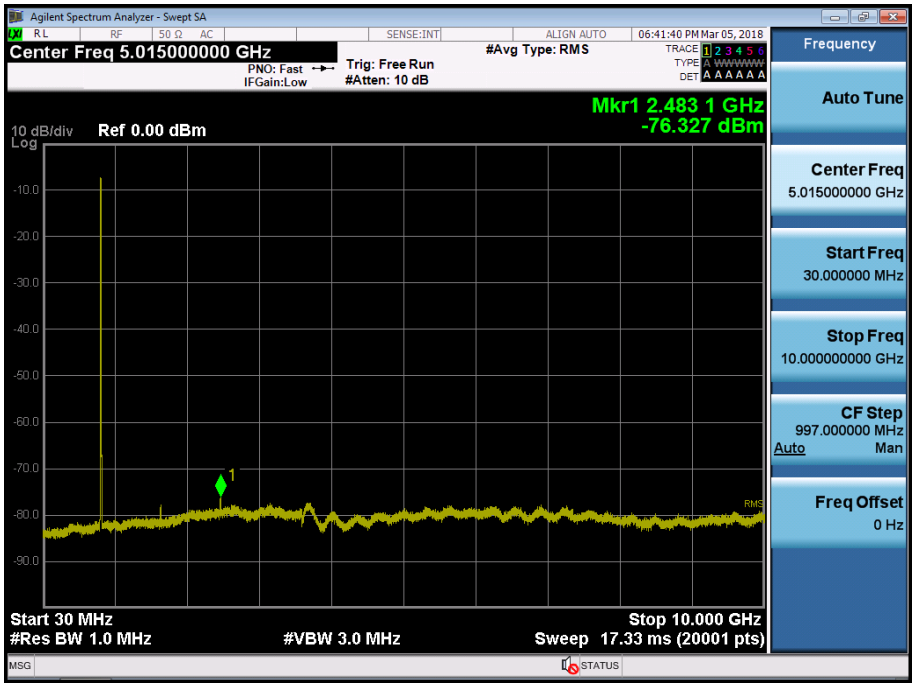
■ GSM1900 MODE (810 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions1



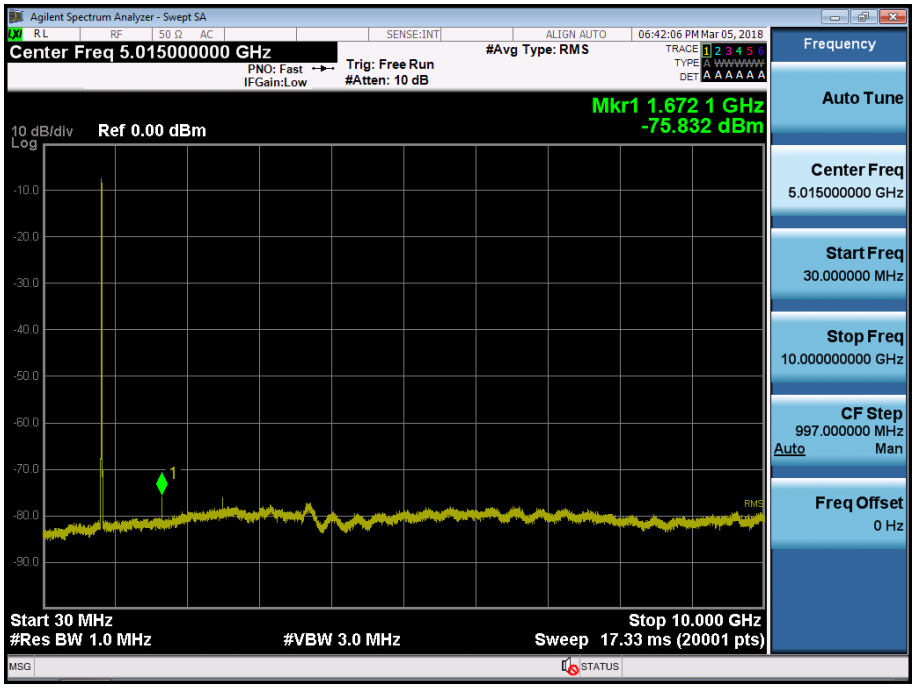
■ GSM1900 MODE (810 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions2



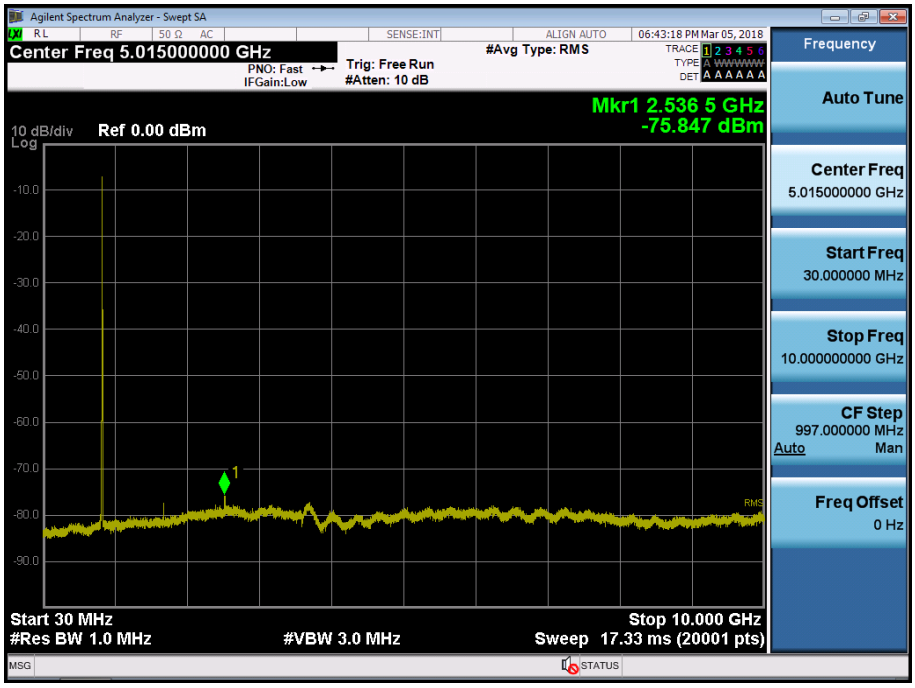
■ WCDMA850 MODE (4132 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions



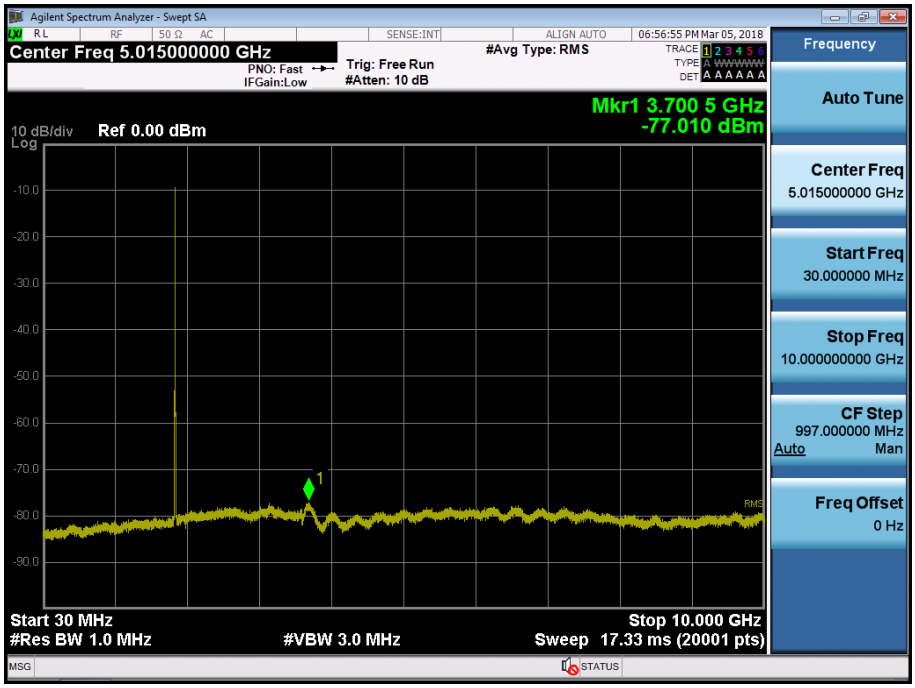
■ WCDMA850 MODE (4183 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions



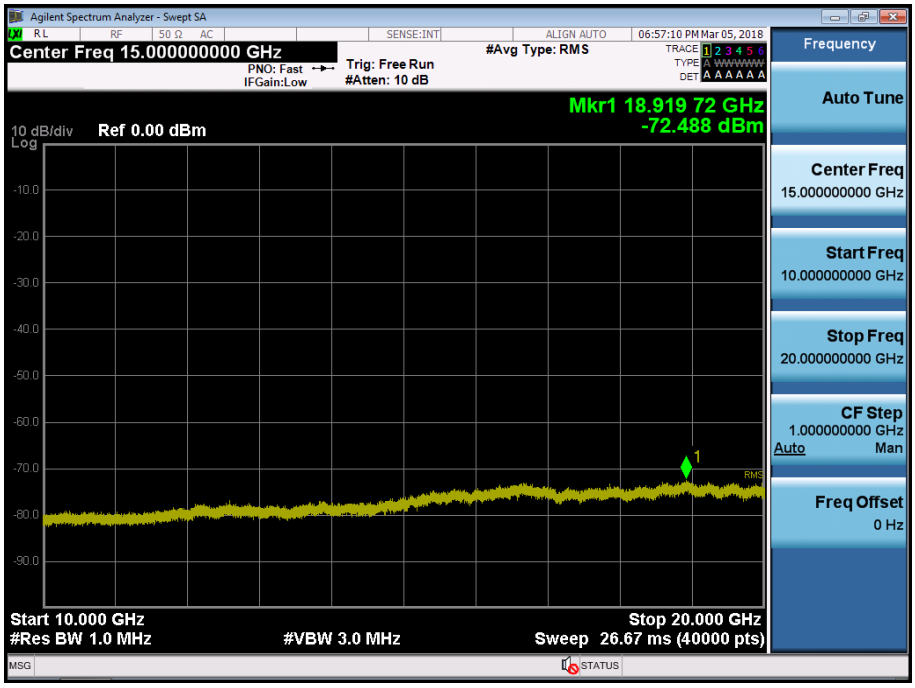
■ WCDMA850MODE (4233 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions



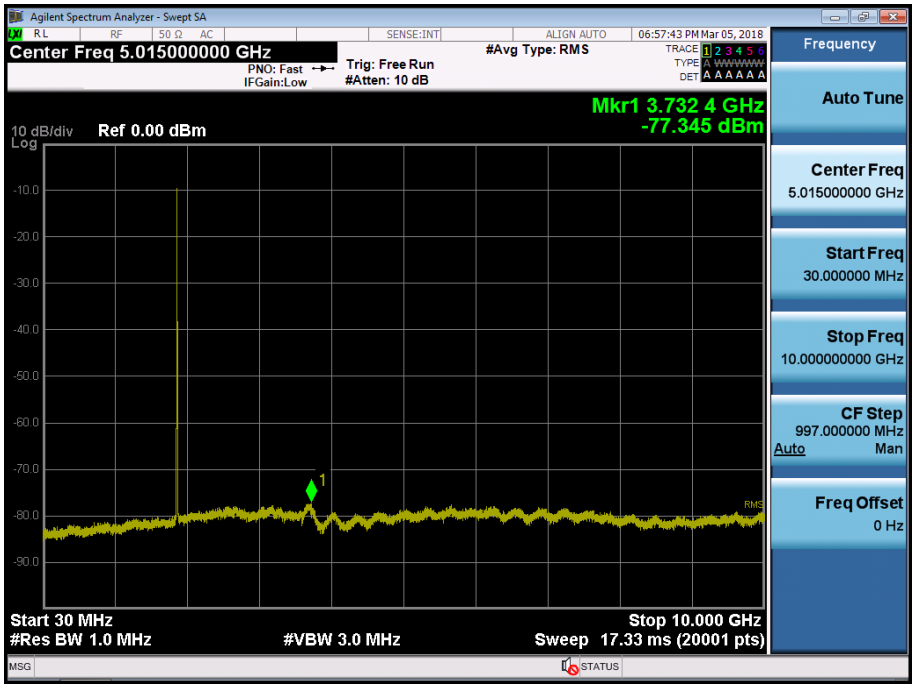
■ WCDMA1900 MODE (9262 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions1



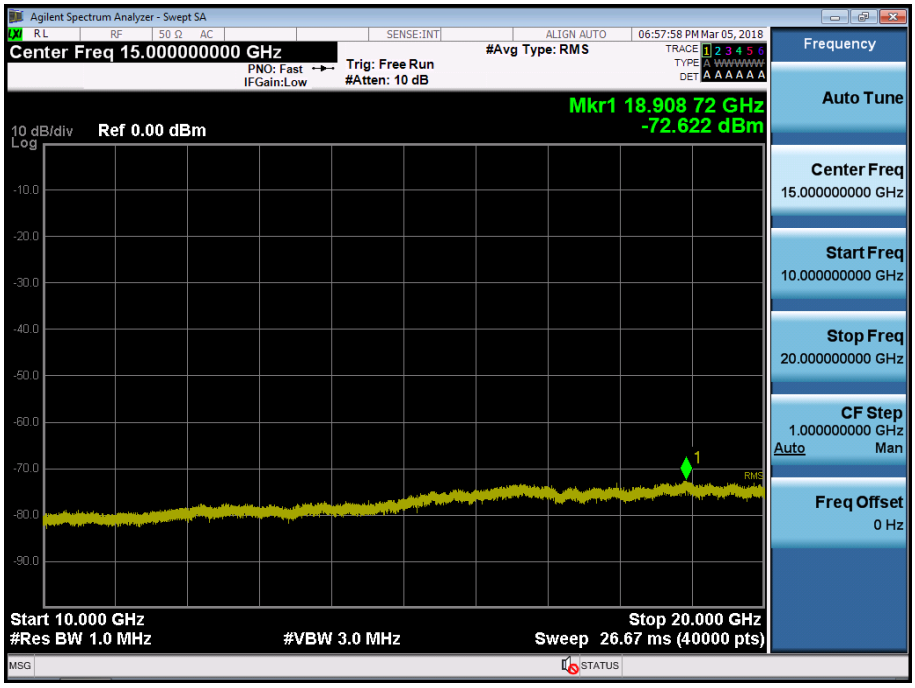
■ WCDMA1900 MODE (9262 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions2



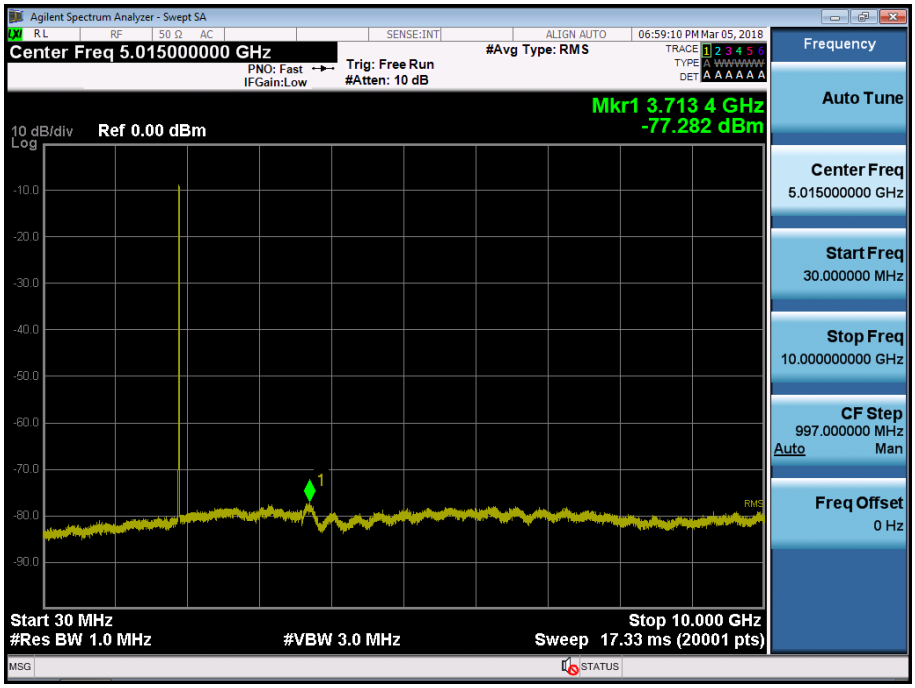
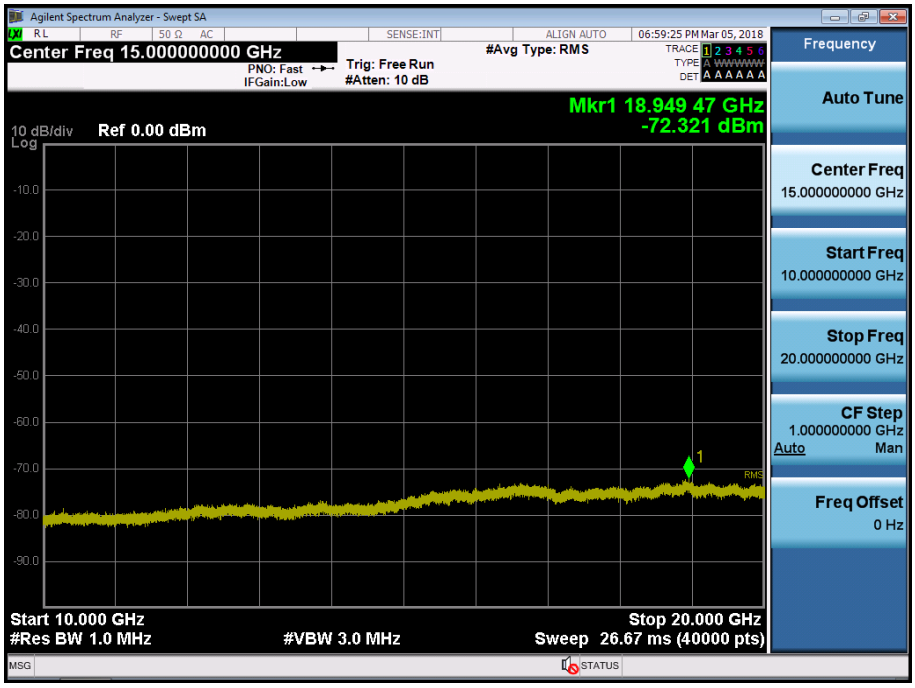
■ WCDMA1900 MODE (9400 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions1



■ WCDMA1900 MODE (9400 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions2



■ WCDMA1900 MODE (9538 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions1



■ WCDMA1900 MODE (9538 CH.) Conducted Spurious Emissions2